

van Emde Boas Trees

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Abstract

The *van Emde Boas tree* or *van Emde Boas priority queue* [1, 2] is a data structure supporting membership test, insertion, predecessor and successor search, minimum and maximum determination and deletion in $\mathcal{O}(\log \log |\mathcal{U}|)$ time, where $\mathcal{U} = \{0, \dots, 2^n - 1\}$ is the overall range to be considered. The presented formalization follows Chapter 20 of the popular *Introduction to Algorithms (3rd ed.)* [3] by Cormen, Leiserson, Rivest and Stein (CLRS), extending the list of formally verified CLRS algorithms [4]. Our current formalization is based on the first author's bachelor's thesis.

First, we prove correct a *functional* implementation, w.r.t. an abstract data type for sets. Apart from functional correctness, we show a resource bound, and runtime bounds w.r.t. manually defined timing functions [5] for the operations.

Next, we refine the operations to Imperative HOL [6, 7] with time [8], and show correctness and complexity. This yields a practically more efficient implementation, and eliminates the manually defined timing functions from the trusted base of the proof.

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```

theory VEBT-Definitions imports
  Main
  HOL-Library.Extended-Nat
  HOL-Library.Code-Target-Numeral
  HOL-Library.Code-Target-Nat

```

```
begin
```

1 Preliminaries and Preparations

1.1 Data Type Definition

```

datatype VEBT = is-Node: Node (info:(nat*nat) option)(deg: nat)(treeList: VEBT list) (summary:VEBT)
| is-Leaf: Leaf  bool   bool
hide-const (open) info deg treeList summary

```

```
locale VEBT-internal begin
```

1.2 Functions for obtaining high and low bits of an input number.

```

definition high :: nat ⇒ nat ⇒ nat where
  high x n = (x div (2^n))

```

```

definition low :: nat ⇒ nat ⇒ nat where
  low x n = (x mod (2^n))

```

1.3 Some auxiliary lemmata

```

lemma inthall[termination-simp]: ( $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{set } xs \implies P x$ )  $\implies n < \text{length } xs \implies P (xs ! n)$ 
  apply(induction xs arbitrary: n)
  apply auto
  using less-Suc-eq-0-disj
  apply auto
  done

```

```

lemma intind:  $i < n \implies P x \implies P (\text{replicate } n x ! i)$ 
  by (metis in-set-replicate inthall length-replicate)

```

```

lemma concat-inth:( $xs @ [x] @ ys$ )! ( $\text{length } xs$ ) =  $x$ 
  by simp

```

```

lemma pos-n-replace:  $n < \text{length } xs \implies \text{length } xs = \text{length} (\text{take } n xs @ [y] @ \text{drop} (\text{Suc } n) xs)$ 
  by simp

```

```

lemma inthrepl:  $i < n \implies (\text{replicate } n x) ! i = x$  by simp

```

```

lemma nth-repl:  $m < \text{length } xs \Rightarrow n < \text{length } xs \Rightarrow m \neq n \Rightarrow (\text{take } n \text{ } xs @ [x] @ \text{drop } (n+1) \text{ } xs) !$   

 $m = xs ! m$   

by (metis Suc-eq-plus1 append-Cons append-Nil nth-list-update-neq upd-conv-take-nth-drop)

lemma [termination-simp]:assumes high x deg < length treeList  

shows size (treeList ! high x deg) < Suc (size-list size treeList + size s)  

proof –  

have treeList ! high x deg ∈ set treeList  

using assms by auto  

then show ?thesis  

using not-less-eq size-list-estimation by fastforce  

qed

```

1.4 Auxiliary functions for defining valid Van Emde Boas Trees

This function checks whether an element occurs in a Leaf

```

fun naive-member :: VEBT ⇒ nat ⇒ bool where  

naive-member (Leaf a b) x = (if x = 0 then a else if x = 1 then b else False)|  

naive-member (Node - 0 - -) - = False|  

naive-member (Node - deg treeList s) x = (let pos = high x (deg div 2) in  

(if pos < length treeList then naive-member (treeList ! pos) (low x (deg div 2)) else False))

```

Test for elements stored by using the provide min-max-fields

```

fun membermima :: VEBT ⇒ nat ⇒ bool where  

membermima (Leaf - -) - = False|  

membermima (Node None 0 - -) - = False|  

membermima (Node (Some (mi,ma)) 0 - -) x = (x = mi ∨ x = ma)|  

membermima (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList -) x = (x = mi ∨ x = ma ∨ (  

let pos = high x (deg div 2) in (if pos < length treeList  

then membermima (treeList ! pos) (low x (deg div 2)) else False)))|  

membermima (Node None (deg) treeList -) x = (let pos = high x (deg div 2) in  

(if pos < length treeList then membermima (treeList ! pos) (low x (deg div 2)) else False))

```

```

lemma length-mul-elem:( $\forall x \in \text{set } xs. \text{length } x = n \Rightarrow \text{length } (\text{concat } xs) = (\text{length } xs) * n$ )  

apply(induction xs)  

apply auto  

done

```

We combine both auxiliary functions: The following test returns true if and only if an element occurs in the tree with respect to our interpretation no matter where it is stored.

```

definition both-member-options :: VEBT ⇒ nat ⇒ bool where  

both-member-options t x = (naive-member t x ∨ membermima t x)

```

```

end  

context begin  

interpretation VEBT-internal .

```

```

definition set-vebt :: VEBT ⇒ nat set where

```

```

set-vebt t = {x. both-member-options t x}
end

```

1.5 Inductive Definition of semantically valid Vam Emde Boas Trees

Invariant for verification proofs

```

context begin
  interpretation VEBT-internal .

```

```

inductive invar-vebt::VEBT  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  invar-vebt (Leaf a b) (Suc 0) |
    ( $\forall$  t  $\in$  set treeList. invar-vebt t n)  $\implies$  invar-vebt summary m  $\implies$  length treeList =  $2^m$ 
     $\implies$  m = n  $\implies$  deg = n + m  $\implies$  ( $\nexists$  i. both-member-options summary i)
     $\implies$  ( $\forall$  t  $\in$  set treeList.  $\nexists$  x. both-member-options t x)
     $\implies$  invar-vebt (Node None deg treeList summary) deg|
    ( $\forall$  t  $\in$  set treeList. invar-vebt t n)  $\implies$  invar-vebt summary m
     $\implies$  length treeList =  $2^m$   $\implies$  m = Suc n  $\implies$  deg = n + m  $\implies$  ( $\nexists$  i. both-member-options summary i)
     $\implies$  ( $\forall$  t  $\in$  set treeList.  $\nexists$  x. both-member-options t x)
     $\implies$  invar-vebt (Node None deg treeList summary) deg|
    ( $\forall$  t  $\in$  set treeList. invar-vebt t n)  $\implies$  invar-vebt summary m  $\implies$  length treeList =  $2^m$   $\implies$  m =
    n
     $\implies$  deg = n + m  $\implies$  ( $\forall$  i  $<$   $2^m$ . ( $\exists$  x. both-member-options (treeList ! i) x)  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( both-member-options summary i))  $\implies$ 
      (mi = ma  $\longrightarrow$  ( $\forall$  t  $\in$  set treeList.  $\nexists$  x. both-member-options t x))  $\implies$ 
        mi  $\leq$  ma  $\implies$  ma <  $2^{\text{deg}}$   $\implies$ 
        (mi  $\neq$  ma  $\longrightarrow$ 
          ( $\forall$  i  $<$   $2^m$ .
            (high ma n = i  $\longrightarrow$  both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low ma n))  $\wedge$ 
            ( $\forall$  x. (high x n = i  $\wedge$  both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low x n))
          )  $\longrightarrow$  mi < x  $\wedge$  x  $\leq$  ma) )
       $\implies$  invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) deg|
      ( $\forall$  t  $\in$  set treeList. invar-vebt t n)  $\implies$  invar-vebt summary m  $\implies$  length treeList =  $2^m$ 
       $\implies$  m = Suc n  $\implies$  deg = n + m  $\implies$  ( $\forall$  i  $<$   $2^m$ . ( $\exists$  x. both-member-options (treeList ! i) x)  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( both-member-options summary i))  $\implies$ 
        (mi = ma  $\longrightarrow$  ( $\forall$  t  $\in$  set treeList.  $\nexists$  x. both-member-options t x))  $\implies$ 
        mi  $\leq$  ma  $\implies$  ma <  $2^{\text{deg}}$   $\implies$ 
        (mi  $\neq$  ma  $\longrightarrow$ 
          ( $\forall$  i  $<$   $2^m$ .
            (high ma n = i  $\longrightarrow$  both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low ma n))  $\wedge$ 
            ( $\forall$  x. (high x n = i  $\wedge$  both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low x n))
          )  $\longrightarrow$  mi < x  $\wedge$  x  $\leq$  ma)))
       $\implies$  invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) deg

```

```
end
```

```
context VEBT-internal begin
```

```
definition in-children n treeList x  $\equiv$  both-member-options (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)
```

functional validness definition

```
fun valid' :: VEBT ⇒ nat ⇒ bool where
  valid' (Leaf - -) d ⟷ d=1
  | valid' (Node mima deg treeList summary) deg' ⟷
    (
      deg=deg' ∧ (
        let n = deg div 2; m = deg - n in
          ( ∀ t ∈ set treeList. valid' t n )
        ∧ valid' summary m
        ∧ length treeList = 2^m
        ∧ (
          case mima of
            None ⇒ ( ∉ i. both-member-options summary i) ∧ ( ∀ t ∈ set treeList. ∉ x. both-member-options t x)
            | Some (mi,ma) ⇒
              mi ≤ ma ∧ ma < 2^deg
              ∧ ( ∀ i < 2^m. ( ∃ x. both-member-options (treeList ! i) x) ⟷ ( both-member-options summary i))
              ∧ (if mi=ma then ( ∀ t ∈ set treeList. ∉ x. both-member-options t x)
                  else
                    in-children n treeList ma
                    ∧ ( ∀ x < 2^deg. in-children n treeList x → mi < x ∧ x ≤ ma)
                  )
            )
        )
      )
    )
```

equivalence proofs

```
lemma high-bound-aux: ma < 2^(n+m) ⟹ high ma n < 2^m
  unfolding high-def
  by (simp add: add.commute less-mult-imp-div-less power-add)
```

```
lemma valid-eq1:
  assumes invar-vebt t d
  shows valid' t d
  using assms apply induction
  apply simp-all
  apply (auto simp: in-children-def dest: high-bound-aux) []
  subgoal for treeList n summary m deg mi ma
    apply (intro allI impI conjI)
    apply (auto simp: in-children-def dest: high-bound-aux) []
    apply (metis add-Suc-right high-bound-aux power-Suc)
    apply (auto simp: in-children-def dest: high-bound-aux) []
    apply (metis add-Suc-right high-bound-aux power-Suc)
    apply (auto simp: in-children-def dest: high-bound-aux) []
    apply (metis add-Suc-right high-bound-aux power-Suc)
  done
done
```

```

lemma even-odd-cases:
  fixes x :: nat
  obtains n where x=n+n | n where x = n + Suc n
  apply (cases even x; simp)
  apply (metis add-self-div-2 div-add)
  by (metis add.commute mult-2 oddE plus-1-eq-Suc)

lemma valid-eq2: valid' t d ==> invar-vebt t d
  apply (induction t d rule: valid'.induct)
  apply (auto intro: invar-vebt.intros simp: Let-def split: option.splits)
  subgoal for deg treeList summary
    apply (rule even-odd-cases[of deg]; simp)
    apply (rule invar-vebt.intros(2); simp)
    apply (rule invar-vebt.intros(3); simp add: algebra-simps) by presburger
  subgoal for deg treeList summary mi ma
    apply (rule even-odd-cases[of deg]; simp)
  subgoal
    apply (rule invar-vebt.intros(4); simp?)
    apply (auto simp: in-children-def) []
    apply (meson le-less-linear le-less-trans)
    apply (metis div-eq-0-iff div-exp-eq gr-implies-not0 high-def)
    done
  subgoal
    apply (rule invar-vebt.intros(5); simp?)
    apply (auto) []
    apply (auto) []
    apply (auto simp: in-children-def) []
    apply (meson le-less-linear le-less-trans)
    apply (metis div-eq-0-iff add-Suc-right div-exp-eq high-def power-Suc power-eq-0-iff zero-neq-numeral)
    done
  done
done

lemma valid-eq: valid' t d <--> invar-vebt t d
  using valid-eq1 valid-eq2 by auto

lemma [termination-simp]: assumes odd (v::nat) shows v div 2 < v
  by (simp add: assms odd-pos)

lemma [termination-simp]: assumes n > 1 and odd n shows Suc (n div 2) < n
  by (metis Suc-lessI add-diff-cancel-left' assms(1) assms(2) div-eq-dividend-iff div-less-dividend even-Suc even-Suc-div-two odd-pos one-less-numeral-iff plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(76) zero-less-diff)

end

```

1.6 Function for generating an empty tree of arbitrary degree respectively order

```

context begin
interpretation VEBT-internal .

fun vebt-buildup :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  VEBT where
  vebt-buildup 0 = Leaf False False|
  vebt-buildup (Suc 0) = Leaf False False|
  vebt-buildup n = (if even n then (let half = n div 2 in
    Node None n (replicate (2^half) (vebt-buildup half)) (vebt-buildup half))
    else (let half = n div 2 in
      Node None n ( replicate (2^(Suc half)) (vebt-buildup half)) (vebt-buildup (Suc half))))))

end

context VEBT-internal begin

lemma buildup-nothing-in-leaf:  $\neg$  naive-member (vebt-buildup n) x
proof(induction arbitrary: x rule: vebt-buildup.induct)
  case 1
  then show ?case by simp
  next
    case (2 v)
    then show ?case
      by simp
  next
    case (3 n)
    let ?n = Suc(Suc n)
    show ?case proof(cases even ?n)
      case True
      let ?half = ?n div 2
      have  $\neg$  naive-member (vebt-buildup ?half) y for y
        using 3.IH(1) True by blast
      hence 0: $\forall$  t  $\in$  set (replicate (2^?half) (vebt-buildup ?half)) .  $\neg$  naive-member t x
        by simp
      have naive-member (vebt-buildup ?n) x  $\Longrightarrow$  False
      proof-
        assume naive-member (vebt-buildup ?n) x
        hence high x ?half < 2^?half  $\wedge$ 
          naive-member ((replicate (2^?half) (vebt-buildup ?half)) ! (high x ?half)) (low x ?half)
          by (metis True vebt-buildup.simps(3) length-replicate naive-member.simps(3))
        hence  $\exists$  t  $\in$  set (replicate (2^?half) (vebt-buildup ?half)) . naive-member t x
          by (metis 'A y.  $\neg$  naive-member (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2)) y nth-replicate)
        then show False using 0 by simp
      qed
      then show ?thesis
        by blast
    next
      case False

```

```

let ?half = ?n div 2
have  $\neg$  naive-member (vebt-buildup ?half) y for y
  using 3.IH False by blast
hence  $\exists t \in \text{set} (\text{replicate}(2^\gamma(\text{Suc } ?half)) (\text{vebt-buildup } ?half)) . \neg \text{naive-member } t \ x$ 
  by simp
have naive-member (vebt-buildup ?n) x  $\implies$  False
proof-
  assume naive-member (vebt-buildup ?n) x
  hence high x ?half <  $2^\gamma(\text{Suc } ?half)$   $\wedge$ 
    naive-member ((replicate (2 $^\gamma$ (Suc ?half)) (vebt-buildup ?half)) ! (high x ?half)) (low x
?half)
    by (metis False vebt-buildup.simps(3) length-replicate naive-member.simps(3))
  hence  $\exists t \in \text{set} (\text{replicate}(2^\gamma(\text{Suc } ?half)) (\text{vebt-buildup } ?half)) . \text{naive-member } t \ x$ 
    by (metis  $\wedge y. \neg \text{naive-member } (\text{vebt-buildup } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n) \text{ div } 2)) y$  nth-replicate)
  then show False using 0 by simp
qed
then show ?thesis by force
qed
qed

```

```

lemma buildup-nothing-in-min-max: $\neg$  membermima (vebt-buildup n) x
proof(induction arbitrary: x rule: vebt-buildup.induct)
  case 1
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case 2
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (? va)
  let ?n = Suc (Suc va)
  let ?half = ?n div 2
  show ?case proof(cases even ?n)
    case True
    have  $\neg$  membermima (vebt-buildup ?half) y for y
      using 3.IH(1) True by blast
    hence  $\exists t \in \text{set} (\text{replicate}(2^\gamma ?half) (\text{vebt-buildup } ?half)) . \neg \text{membermima } t \ x$ 
      by simp
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis 3.IH(1) True vebt-buildup.simps(3) inthrepl length-replicate membermima.simps(5))
  next
    case False
    have  $\neg$  membermima (vebt-buildup ?half) y for y
      using 3.IH False by blast
    moreover hence  $\exists t \in \text{set} (\text{replicate}(2^\gamma(\text{Suc } ?half)) (\text{vebt-buildup } ?half)) . \neg \text{membermima } t \ x$ 
      by simp
    ultimately show ?thesis
      by (metis vebt-buildup.simps(3) inthrepl length-replicate membermima.simps(5))

```

qed
qed

The empty tree generated by *vebt-buildup* is indeed a valid tree.

```
lemma buildup-gives-valid: n>0 ==> invar-vebt (vebt-buildup n) n
proof( induction n rule: vebt-buildup.induct)
  case 1
    then show ?case by simp
  next
    case 2
      then show ?case
        by (simp add: invar-vebt.intros(1))
  next
    case (? va)
      let ?n = Suc (Suc va)
      let ?half = ?n div 2
      show ?case proof(cases even ?n)
        case True
          hence a:vebt-buildup ?n = Node None ?n (replicate (2^?half) (vebt-buildup ?half)) (vebt-buildup ?half) by simp
          moreover hence invar-vebt (vebt-buildup ?half) ?half
            using 3.IH(1) True by auto
          moreover hence ( ∀ t ∈ set (replicate (2^?half) (vebt-buildup ?half)). invar-vebt t ?half) by simp
          moreover have length (replicate (2^?half) (vebt-buildup ?half)) = 2^?half by auto
          moreover have ?half+?half = ?n
            using True by auto
          moreover have ∀ t ∈ set (replicate (2^?half) (vebt-buildup ?half)). (¬ x. both-member-options t x)
            proof
              fix t
              assume t ∈ set (replicate (2^?half) (vebt-buildup ?half))
              hence t = (vebt-buildup ?half) by simp
              thus ¬ x. both-member-options t x
                by (simp add: both-member-options-def buildup-nothing-in-leaf buildup-nothing-in-min-max)
            qed
          moreover have (¬ i. both-member-options (vebt-buildup ?half) i)
            using both-member-options-def buildup-nothing-in-leaf buildup-nothing-in-min-max by blast
          ultimately have invar-vebt (Node None ?n (replicate (2^?half) (vebt-buildup ?half)) (vebt-buildup ?half)) ?n
            using invar-vebt.intros(2)[of replicate (2^?half) (vebt-buildup ?half) ?half vebt-buildup ?half ?half ?n]
            by simp
          then show ?thesis using a by auto
        next
        case False
          hence a:vebt-buildup ?n = Node None ?n (replicate (2^(Suc ?half)) (vebt-buildup ?half)) (vebt-buildup (Suc ?half)) by simp
          moreover hence invar-vebt (vebt-buildup (Suc ?half)) (Suc ?half)
            using 3.IH False by auto
```

```

moreover have invar-vebt (vebt-buildup ?half) ?half
  using 3.IH(3) False by auto
moreover hence ( ∀ t ∈ set (replicate (2^(Suc ?half)) (vebt-buildup ?half)). invar-vebt t ?half)
by simp
moreover have length (replicate (2^(Suc ?half)) (vebt-buildup ?half)) = 2^(Suc ?half) by auto
moreover have (Suc ?half)+?half = ?n
  using False by presburger
moreover have ∀ t ∈ set (replicate (2^(Suc ?half)) (vebt-buildup ?half)). (¬ x. both-member-options t x)
proof
fix t
assume t ∈ set (replicate (2^(Suc ?half)) (vebt-buildup ?half))
hence t = (vebt-buildup ?half) by simp
thus ¬ x. both-member-options t x
  by (simp add: both-member-options-def buildup-nothing-in-leaf buildup-nothing-in-min-max)
qed
moreover have (¬ i. both-member-options (vebt-buildup (Suc ?half)) i)
  using both-member-options-def buildup-nothing-in-leaf buildup-nothing-in-min-max by blast
moreover have ?half + Suc ?half = ?n
  using calculation(6) by auto
ultimately have invar-vebt (Node None ?n (replicate (2^(Suc ?half)) (vebt-buildup ?half)) (vebt-buildup (Suc ?half))) ?n
  using invar-vebt.intros(3)[of replicate (2^(Suc ?half)) (vebt-buildup ?half) ?half vebt-buildup (Suc ?half) Suc ?half ?n ]
  by simp
then show ?thesis using a by auto
qed
qed

lemma mi-ma-2-deg: assumes invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) n shows
mi ≤ ma ∧ ma < 2^deg
proof-
from assms show ?thesis proof cases qed blast+
qed

lemma deg-not-0: invar-vebt t n ==> n > 0
apply(induction t n rule: invar-vebt.induct)
  apply auto
done

lemma set-n-deg-not-0:assumes ∀ t∈set treeList. invar-vebt t n and length treeList = 2^m shows n
≥ 1
proof-
have length treeList > 0
  by (simp add: assms(2))
then obtain t ts where treeList = t#ts
  by (metis list.size(3) neq-Nil-conv not-less0)
hence invar-vebt t n
  by (simp add: assms(1))

```

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hence  $n \geq 1$ 
  using deg-not-0 by force
  thus ?thesis by simp
qed

lemma both-member-options-ding: assumes invar-vebt (Node info deg treeList summary) n and  $x < 2^{\hat{deg}}$  and
  both-member-options (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2)) shows both-member-options
  (Node info deg treeList summary) x
proof-
  from assms(1) show ?thesis proof(induction (Node info deg treeList summary) n rule: invar-vebt.induct)
    case (2 n m)
    hence membermima (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2)) ∨
      naive-member (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))
    using assms(3) both-member-options-def by auto
    moreover hence deg > 1
      using 2.hyps(2) 2.hyps(5) 2.hyps(6) deg-not-0 by force
    moreover have high x (deg div 2) <  $2^{\hat{m}}$ 
      by (metis 2.hyps(5) 2.hyps(6) div-eq-0-iff add-self-div-2 assms(2) div-exp-eq high-def power-not-zero)
    moreover have membermima (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))
      ==> membermima (Node info deg treeList summary) x using membermima.simps(5)[of
deg-1 treeList summary x]
      using 2.hyps(4) 2.hyps(9) ‹1 < deg› ‹high x (deg div 2) < 2^m› zero-le-one by fastforce
    moreover have naive-member (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))
      ==> naive-member (Node info deg treeList summary) x
      by (smt 2.hyps(4) Suc-diff-Suc ‹1 < deg› ‹high x (deg div 2) < 2^m› diff-zero le-less-trans
naive-member.simps(3) zero-le-one)
    ultimately show ?case
    using both-member-options-def by blast
  next
    case (3 n m)
    hence membermima (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2)) ∨
      naive-member (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))
    using assms(3) both-member-options-def by auto
    moreover hence deg > 1
      by (metis 3.hyps(1) 3.hyps(2) 3.hyps(4) 3.hyps(5) 3.hyps(6) One-nat-def Suc-lessI add-Suc
add-gr-0 add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 le-imp-less-Suc plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
    moreover have high x (deg div 2) <  $2^{\hat{m}}$ 
      by (smt 3.hyps(5) 3.hyps(6) div-eq-0-iff add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 assms(2) diff-Suc-1 div-exp-eq
div-mult-self1-is-m even-Suc high-def odd-add odd-two-times-div-two-nat one-add-one plus-1-eq-Suc power-not-zero
zero-less-Suc)
    moreover have membermima (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))
      ==> membermima (Node info deg treeList summary) x using membermima.simps(5)[of
deg-1 treeList summary x]
      using 3.hyps(4) 3.hyps(9) ‹1 < deg› ‹high x (deg div 2) < 2^m› zero-le-one by fastforce
    moreover have naive-member (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))
      ==> naive-member (Node info deg treeList summary) x
      by (smt 3.hyps(4) Suc-diff-Suc ‹1 < deg› ‹high x (deg div 2) < 2^m› diff-zero le-less-trans
naive-member.simps(3) zero-le-one)
    ultimately show ?case

```

```

using both-member-options-def by blast
next
case (4 n m mi ma)
hence membermima (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2)) ∨
naive-member (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))
using assms(3) both-member-options-def by auto
moreover hence deg > 1
using 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(5) 4.hyps(6) deg-not-0 by force
moreover have high x (deg div 2) < 2^m
by (metis 4.hyps(5) 4.hyps(6) div-eq-0-iff add-self-div-2 assms(2) div-exp-eq high-def power-not-zero)
moreover have membermima (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))
    ==> membermima (Node info deg treeList summary) x using membermima.simps(5)[of
deg-1 treeList summary x]
by (smt 4.hyps(12) 4.hyps(4) Suc-diff-Suc calculation(2) calculation(3) diff-zero le-less-trans
membermima.simps(4) zero-le-one)
moreover have naive-member (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))
    ==> naive-member (Node info deg treeList summary) x
by (metis 4.hyps(4) calculation(2) calculation(3) gr-implies-not0 naive-member.simps(3) old.nat.exhaust)
ultimately show ?case
using both-member-options-def by blast
next
case (5 n m mi ma)
hence membermima (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2)) ∨
naive-member (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))
using assms(3) both-member-options-def by auto
moreover hence deg > 1
by (metis 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(2) 5.hyps(4) 5.hyps(5) 5.hyps(6) One-nat-def Suc-lessI add-Suc
add-gr-0 add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 le-imp-less-Suc plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
moreover have high x (deg div 2) < 2^m
by (metis 5.hyps(5) 5.hyps(6) div-eq-0-iff add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 assms(2) div-exp-eq
even-Suc-div-two even-add high-def nat.simps(3) power-not-zero)
moreover have membermima (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))
    ==> membermima (Node info deg treeList summary) x using membermima.simps(5)[of
deg-1 treeList summary x]
by (smt 5.hyps(12) 5.hyps(4) Suc-diff-Suc calculation(2) calculation(3) diff-zero le-less-trans
membermima.simps(4) zero-le-one)
moreover have naive-member (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))
    ==> naive-member (Node info deg treeList summary) x
using 5.hyps(4) 5.hyps(5) 5.hyps(6) calculation(3) by auto
ultimately show ?case
using both-member-options-def by blast
qed
qed

```

lemma exp-split-high-low: **assumes** $x < 2^{n+m}$ **and** $n > 0$ **and** $m > 0$
shows $high\ x\ n < 2^m$ **and** $low\ x\ n < 2^n$
using assms **by** (simp-all add: high-bound-aux low-def)

lemma low-inv: **assumes** $x < 2^n$ **shows** $low(y * 2^n + x) = x$ **unfolding** low-def

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by (simp add: assms)

lemma high-inv: assumes  $x < 2^n$  shows  $high(y * 2^n + x) = y$  unfolding high-def
  by (simp add: assms)

lemma both-member-options-from-child-to-complete-tree:
  assumes  $high x (\deg \text{div} 2) < \text{length } \text{treeList}$  and  $\deg \geq 1$  and  $\text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! (high x (\deg \text{div} 2))) (\text{low } x (\deg \text{div} 2))$ 
  shows  $\text{both-member-options}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x$ 
proof-
  have membermima (treeList ! (high x (\deg \text{div} 2))) (\text{low } x (\deg \text{div} 2)) ∨
    naive-member (treeList ! (high x (\deg \text{div} 2))) (\text{low } x (\deg \text{div} 2)) using assms
  using both-member-options-def by blast
  moreover have membermima (treeList ! (high x (\deg \text{div} 2))) (\text{low } x (\deg \text{div} 2)) ==>
    membermima (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x
  using membermima.simps(4)[of mi ma deg-1 treeList summary x]
  by (metis Suc-1 Suc-leD assms(1) assms(2) le-add-diff-inverse plus-1-eq-Suc)
  moreover have naive-member (treeList ! (high x (\deg \text{div} 2))) (\text{low } x (\deg \text{div} 2)) ==>
    naive-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x
  using naive-member.simps(3)[of Some (mi, ma) deg-1 treeList summary x]
  by (metis Suc-1 Suc-leD assms(1) assms(2) le-add-diff-inverse plus-1-eq-Suc)
  ultimately show ?thesis
  using both-member-options-def by blast
qed

lemma both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child:
  assumes  $\deg \geq 1$  and  $\text{both-member-options}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x$ 
  shows  $\text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! (high x (\deg \text{div} 2))) (\text{low } x (\deg \text{div} 2)) \vee x = mi \vee x = ma$ 
proof-
  have naive-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ∨
    membermima (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x
  using assms(2) both-member-options-def by auto
  moreover have naive-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x
    ==> naive-member (treeList ! (high x (\deg \text{div} 2))) (\text{low } x (\deg \text{div} 2))
  using naive-member.simps(3)[of Some (mi, ma) deg-1 treeList summary x]
  by (metis assms(1) le-add-diff-inverse plus-1-eq-Suc)
  moreover have membermima (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x
    ==> membermima (treeList ! (high x (\deg \text{div} 2))) (\text{low } x (\deg \text{div} 2)) ∨ x = mi ∨ x = ma
  by (smt (z3) assms(1) le-add-diff-inverse membermima.simps(4) plus-1-eq-Suc)
  ultimately show ?thesis
  using both-member-options-def by presburger
qed

lemma pow-sum: ( $\text{divide}::\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$ )  $((2::\text{nat}) \wedge ((a::\text{nat}) + (b::\text{nat}))) (2^a) = 2^b$ 
  by (induction a) simp+

fun elim-dead::VEBT ⇒ enat ⇒ VEBT where

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elim-dead (Leaf a b) - = Leaf a b |
elim-dead (Node info deg treeList summary)  $\infty$  =
(Node info deg (map ( $\lambda t.$  elim-dead  $t$  (enat ( $2^{\lceil \deg \div 2 \rceil}$ )))) treeList)
(elim-dead summary  $\infty$ )|
elim-dead (Node info deg treeList summary) (enat  $l$ ) =
(Node info deg (take ( $l$  div ( $2^{\lceil \deg \div 2 \rceil}$ ))) (map ( $\lambda t.$  elim-dead  $t$  (enat ( $2^{\lceil \deg \div 2 \rceil}$ ))))treeList))
(elim-dead summary ((enat ( $l$  div ( $2^{\lceil \deg \div 2 \rceil}$ )))))

lemma elimnum: invar-vbvt (Node info deg treeList summary)  $n \implies$ 
    elim-dead (Node info deg treeList summary) (enat (( $2::nat$ ) $^n$ )) = (Node info deg treeList summary)

proof(induction rule: invar-vbvt.induct)
  case (1 a b)
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
  case ( $2$  treeList  $n$  summary  $m$  deg)
  have  $a:i < 2^m \implies (\text{elim-dead } (\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{enat } (2^n)) = \text{treeList} ! i)$  for  $i$ 
  proof
    assume  $i < 2^m$ 
    hence  $\text{treeList} ! i \in \text{set treeList}$ 
      by (simp add: 2.hyps(2))
    thus  $\text{elim-dead } (\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{enat } (2^n)) = \text{treeList} ! i$ 
      using 2.IH(1) by blast
  qed
  hence  $b:\text{map } (\lambda t. \text{elim-dead } t (\text{enat } (2^n))) \text{ treeList} = \text{treeList}$ 
    by (simp add: 2.IH(1) map-idI)
  have  $\deg \div 2 = n$ 
    by (simp add: 2.hyps(3) 2.hyps(4))
  hence  $(2^m :: \text{nat}) = ((2^{\lceil \deg \div 2 \rceil}) :: \text{nat})$ 
    using 2.hyps(4) pow-sum by metis
  hence  $\text{take } (2^{\lceil \deg \div 2 \rceil}) (\text{map } (\lambda t. \text{elim-dead } t (\text{enat } (2^n))) \text{ treeList}) = \text{treeList}$ 
    using b 2(4) by simp
  moreover hence  $(\text{elim-dead summary } ((\text{enat } ((2^{\lceil \deg \div 2 \rceil}) \div (2^{\lceil \deg \div 2 \rceil})))) = \text{summary}$ 
    using 2.IH(2)
    by (metis ‹ $2^m = 2^{\lceil \deg \div 2 \rceil}$ ›)
  ultimately show ?case using elim-dead.simps(3)[of None deg treeList summary  $2^{\lceil \deg \div 2 \rceil}$ ]
    using ‹ $\deg \div 2 = n$ › by metis
next
  case ( $3$  treeList  $n$  summary  $m$  deg)
  have  $a:i < 2^m \implies (\text{elim-dead } (\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{enat } (2^n)) = \text{treeList} ! i)$  for  $i$ 
  proof
    assume  $i < 2^m$ 
    hence  $\text{treeList} ! i \in \text{set treeList}$ 
      by (simp add: 3.hyps(2))
    thus  $\text{elim-dead } (\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{enat } (2^n)) = \text{treeList} ! i$ 
      using 3.IH(1) by blast
  qed
  hence  $b:\text{map } (\lambda t. \text{elim-dead } t (\text{enat } (2^n))) \text{ treeList} = \text{treeList}$ 
    by (simp add: 3.IH(1) map-idI)

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have deg div 2 = n
  by (simp add: 3.hyps(3) 3.hyps(4))
hence (2^m ::nat) = ( (2^deg) div (2^(deg div 2))::nat)
  using 3.hyps(4) pow-sum by metis
hence take (2^deg div (2^(deg div 2)))(map (λ t. elim-dead t (enat (2 ^ n))) treeList) = treeList
  using b 3(4) by simp
moreover hence ( elim-dead summary ((enat ((2^deg) div (2^(deg div 2)))))) = summary using
3.IH(2)
  by (metis ‹2 ^ m = 2 ^ deg div 2 ^ (deg div 2)›)
ultimately show ?case using elim-dead.simps(3)[of None deg treeList summary 2^deg]
  using ‹deg div 2 = n› by metis
next
  case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  have a:i < 2^m —> (elim-dead (treeList ! i) (enat( 2^n)) = treeList ! i) for i
  proof
    assume i < 2^m
    hence treeList ! i ∈ set treeList
      by (simp add: 4.hyps(2))
    thus elim-dead (treeList ! i) (enat (2 ^ n)) = treeList ! i
      using 4.IH(1) by blast
  qed
  hence b:map (λ t. elim-dead t (enat (2 ^ n))) treeList = treeList
    by (simp add: 4.IH(1) map-idI)
  have deg div 2 = n
    by (simp add: 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4))
  hence (2^m ::nat) = ( (2^deg) div (2^(deg div 2))::nat)
    using 4.hyps(4) pow-sum by metis
  hence take (2^deg div (2^(deg div 2)))(map (λ t. elim-dead t (enat (2 ^ n))) treeList) = treeList
    using b 4(4) by simp
  moreover hence ( elim-dead summary ((enat ((2^deg) div (2^(deg div 2)))))) = summary using
4.IH(2)
    by (metis ‹2 ^ m = 2 ^ deg div 2 ^ (deg div 2)›)
  ultimately show ?case using elim-dead.simps(3)[of Some (mi, ma) deg treeList summary 2^deg]
    using ‹deg div 2 = n› by metis
next
  case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  have a:i < 2^m —> (elim-dead (treeList ! i) (enat( 2^n)) = treeList ! i) for i
  proof
    assume i < 2^m
    hence treeList ! i ∈ set treeList
      by (simp add: 5.hyps(2))
    thus elim-dead (treeList ! i) (enat (2 ^ n)) = treeList ! i
      using 5.IH(1) by blast
  qed
  hence b:map (λ t. elim-dead t (enat (2 ^ n))) treeList = treeList
    by (simp add: 5.IH(1) map-idI)
  have deg div 2 = n
    by (simp add: 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4))
  hence (2^m ::nat) = ( (2^deg) div (2^(deg div 2))::nat)

```

```

using 5.hyps(4) pow-sum by metis
hence take (2deg div (2(deg div 2)))(map (λ t. elim-dead t (enat (2n))) treeList) = treeList
using b 5(4) by simp
moreover hence ( elim-dead summary ((enat ((2deg) div (2(deg div 2))))) = summary using
5.IH(2)
by (metis ‹2m = 2deg div 2(deg div 2)›)
ultimately show ?case using elim-dead.simps(3)[of Some (mi, ma) deg treeList summary 2deg]
using ‹deg div 2 = n› by metis
qed

lemma elimcomplete: invar-vbvt (Node info deg treeList summary) n ==>
elim-dead (Node info deg treeList summary) ∞ = (Node info deg treeList summary)
proof (induction rule: invar-vbvt.induct)
case (1 a b)
then show ?case
by simp
next
case (2 treeList n summary m deg)
have a:i < 2m —> (elim-dead (treeList ! i) (enat( 2n)) = treeList ! i) for i
proof
assume i < 2m
hence treeList ! i ∈ set treeList
by (simp add: 2.hyps(2))
thus elim-dead (treeList ! i) (enat (2n)) = treeList ! i
apply(cases (treeList ! i))
apply (smt (z3) 2.IH(1) ‹treeList ! i ∈ set treeList› elim-dead.simps(1) elimnum invar-vbvt.cases) +
done
qed
hence b:map (λ t. elim-dead t (enat (2n))) treeList = treeList
by (metis 2.hyps(2) in-set-conv-nth map-idI)
have deg div 2 = n
by (simp add: 2.hyps(3) 2.hyps(4))
hence (2m::nat) = ( (2deg) div (2(deg div 2))::nat)
using 2.hyps(4) pow-sum by metis
hence take (2deg div (2(deg div 2)))(map (λ t. elim-dead t (enat (2n))) treeList) = treeList
using b 2(4) by simp
moreover hence ( elim-dead summary ∞) = summary using 2.IH(2)
by (metis ‹2m = 2deg div 2(deg div 2)›)
ultimately show ?case using elim-dead.simps(2)[of None deg treeList summary]
using ‹deg div 2 = n› b by presburger
next
case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
have a:i < 2m —> (elim-dead (treeList ! i) (enat( 2n)) = treeList ! i) for i
proof
assume i < 2m
hence treeList ! i ∈ set treeList
by (simp add: 3.hyps(2))
thus elim-dead (treeList ! i) (enat (2n)) = treeList ! i
apply(cases (treeList ! i))

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```

apply (smt (z3) 3.IH(1) ⟨treeList ! i ∈ set treeList⟩ elim-dead.simps(1) elimnum invar-vebt.cases)+
done
qed
hence b:map (λ t. elim-dead t (enat (2 ^ n))) treeList = treeList
  by (metis 3.hyps(2) in-set-conv-nth map-idI)
have deg div 2 = n
  by (simp add: 3.hyps(3) 3.hyps(4))
hence (2^m ::nat) = ( (2^deg) div (2^(deg div 2))):nat)
  using 3.hyps(4) pow-sum by metis
hence take (2^deg div (2^(deg div 2)))(map (λ t. elim-dead t (enat (2 ^ n))) treeList) = treeList
  using b 3(4) by simp
moreover hence ( elim-dead summary ∞) = summary using 3.IH(2)
  by (metis <2 ^ m = 2 ^ deg div 2 ^ (deg div 2)>)
ultimately show ?case using elim-dead.simps(2)[of None deg treeList summary]
  using <deg div 2 = n> b by presburger
next
case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
have a:i < 2^m → (elim-dead (treeList ! i) (enat( 2^n)) = treeList ! i) for i
proof
  assume i < 2^m
  hence treeList ! i ∈ set treeList
    by (simp add: 4.hyps(2))
  thus elim-dead (treeList ! i) (enat (2 ^ n)) = treeList ! i
    apply(cases (treeList ! i))
    apply (smt (z3) 4.IH(1) ⟨treeList ! i ∈ set treeList⟩ elim-dead.simps(1) elimnum invar-vebt.cases)+
done
qed
hence b:map (λ t. elim-dead t (enat (2 ^ n))) treeList = treeList
  by (metis 4.hyps(2) in-set-conv-nth map-idI)
have deg div 2 = n
  by (simp add: 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4))
hence (2^m ::nat) = ( (2^deg) div (2^(deg div 2))):nat)
  using 4.hyps(4) pow-sum by metis
hence take (2^deg div (2^(deg div 2)))(map (λ t. elim-dead t (enat (2 ^ n))) treeList) = treeList
  using b 4(4) by simp
moreover hence ( elim-dead summary ∞) = summary using 4.IH(2)
  by (metis <2 ^ m = 2 ^ deg div 2 ^ (deg div 2)>)
ultimately show ?case using elim-dead.simps(2)[of Some (mi, ma) deg treeList summary]
  using <deg div 2 = n> b by presburger
next
case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
have a:i < 2^m → (elim-dead (treeList ! i) (enat( 2^n)) = treeList ! i) for i
proof
  assume i < 2^m
  hence treeList ! i ∈ set treeList
    by (simp add: 5.hyps(2))
  thus elim-dead (treeList ! i) (enat (2 ^ n)) = treeList ! i
    apply(cases (treeList ! i))
    apply (smt (z3) 5.IH(1) ⟨treeList ! i ∈ set treeList⟩ elim-dead.simps(1) elimnum invar-vebt.cases)+
```

```

done
qed
hence  $b:\text{map } (\lambda t. \text{elim-dead } t (\text{enat } (2^{\wedge} n))) \text{ treeList} = \text{treeList}$ 
  by (metis 5.hyps(2) in-set-conv-nth map-idI)
have  $\deg \text{div } 2 = n$ 
  by (simp add: 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4))
hence  $(2^{\wedge} m :: \text{nat}) = ((2^{\wedge} \deg) \text{div } (2^{\wedge} (\deg \text{div } 2)) :: \text{nat})$ 
  using 5.hyps(4) pow-sum by metis
hence  $\text{take } (2^{\wedge} \deg \text{div } (2^{\wedge} (\deg \text{div } 2))) (\text{map } (\lambda t. \text{elim-dead } t (\text{enat } (2^{\wedge} n))) \text{ treeList}) = \text{treeList}$ 
  using b 5(4) by simp
moreover hence  $(\text{elim-dead summary } \infty) = \text{summary}$  using 5.IH(2)
  by (metis <math>\langle 2^{\wedge} m = 2^{\wedge} \deg \text{div } 2^{\wedge} (\deg \text{div } 2) \rangle</math>)
ultimately show ?case using elim-dead.simps(2)[of Some (mi, ma)  $\deg \text{treeList}$  summary]
  using <math>\langle \deg \text{div } 2 = n \rangle</math> b by presburger
qed

end
end

```

```

theory VEBT-Member imports VEBT-Definitions
begin

```

2 Member Function

```

context begin
interpretation VEBT-internal .

```

```

fun vebt-member :: VEBT  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  vebt-member (Leaf a b) x = (if x = 0 then a else if x = 1 then b else False)|
  vebt-member (Node None - - -) x = False|
  vebt-member (Node - 0 - -) x = False|
  vebt-member (Node - (Suc 0) - -) x = False|
  vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (
    if x = mi then True else
    if x = ma then True else
    if x < mi then False else
    if x > ma then False else (
      let h = high x (deg div 2);
      l = low x (deg div 2) in(
        if h < length treeList
        then vebt-member (treeList ! h) l
        else False)))

```

```

end

```

```

context VEBT-internal begin

```

```

lemma member-inv:
  assumes vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x

```

```

shows deg ≥ 2 ∧
  (x = mi ∨ x = ma ∨ (x < ma ∧ x > mi ∧ high x (deg div 2) < length treeList ∧
   vebt-member (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))))
proof(cases deg)
  case 0
  then show ?thesis using vebt-member.simps(3)[of (mi, ma) treeList summary x]
    using assms by blast
  next
  case (Suc nat)
  hence deg = Suc nat by simp
  then show ?thesis proof(cases nat)
    case 0
    then show ?thesis
      using Suc assms by auto
    next
    case (Suc nata)
    hence deg ≥ 2
      by (simp add: ‹deg = Suc nat›)
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis vebt-member.simps(5) Suc ‹deg = Suc nat› assms linorder-neqE-nat)
  qed
qed

```

```

definition bit-concat::nat ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ nat where
bit-concat h l d = h * 2 ^ d + l

lemma bit-split-inv: bit-concat (high x d) (low x d) d = x
  unfolding bit-concat-def high-def low-def
  by presburger

definition set-vebt'::VEBT ⇒ nat set where
set-vebt' t = {x. vebt-member t x}

lemma Leaf-0-not: assumes invar-vebt (Leaf a b) 0 shows False
proof-
  from assms show ?thesis
  proof(cases)
  qed
qed

lemma valid-0-not: invar-vebt t 0 ⇒ False
proof(induction t)
  case (Node info deg treeList summary)
  from this(3) have length treeList > 0
    apply cases
    apply auto
    done
  then obtain t where t ∈ set treeList by fastforce

```

```

from Node(3) obtain n where invar-vebt t n
  apply cases
  using Node.IH(2) apply auto
  done
from Node(3) have n ≤ 0
  apply cases
  using Node.IH(2) apply auto
  done
hence n = 0 by blast
then show ?case
  using Node.IH(1) ⟨t ∈ set treeList⟩ ⟨invar-vebt t n⟩ by blast
next
  case (Leaf x1 x2)
  then show ?case
    using Leaf-0-not by blast
qed

theorem valid-tree-deg-neq-0: (¬ invar-vebt t 0)
  using valid-0-not by blast

lemma deg-1-Leafy: invar-vebt t n ==> n = 1 ==> ∃ a b. t = Leaf a b
  apply(induction rule: invar-vebt.induct)
  apply simp
  apply presburger
  apply (metis (full-types) Suc-eq-plus1 add-cancel-right-left in-set-replicate list.map-cong0 map-replicate-const
  nat-neq-iff not-add-less2 numeral-1-eq-Suc-0 numeral-2-eq-2 numerals(1) order-less-irrefl power-eq-0-iff
  valid-tree-deg-neq-0 zero-less-numeral)
  apply (metis odd-add odd-one)
  by (metis Suc-eq-plus1 add-cancel-right-left in-set-replicate list.map-cong0 map-replicate-const nat-neq-iff
  not-add-less2 numeral-2-eq-2 power-eq-0-iff valid-tree-deg-neq-0)

lemma deg-1-Leaf: invar-vebt t 1 ==> ∃ a b. t = Leaf a b
  using deg-1-Leafy by blast

corollary deg1Leaf: invar-vebt t 1 <=> (∃ a b. t = Leaf a b)
  using deg-1-Leaf invar-vebt.intros(1) by auto

lemma deg-SUcn-Node: assumes invar-vebt tree (Suc (Suc n)) shows
  ∃ info treeList s. tree = Node info (Suc (Suc n)) treeList s
proof-
  from assms show ?thesis apply(cases)
  apply blast+
  done
qed

lemma invar-vebt (Node info deg treeList summary) deg ==> deg > 1
  by (metis VEBT.simps(4) deg-1-Leafy less-one linorder-neqE-nat valid-tree-deg-neq-0)

lemma deg-deg-n: assumes invar-vebt (Node info deg treeList summary) n shows deg = n

```

```

proof-
  from assms show ?thesis proof(cases)
    qed blast+
qed

lemma member-valid-both-member-options:
  invar-vebt tree n  $\implies$  vebt-member tree x  $\implies$  (naive-member tree x  $\vee$  membermima tree x)
proof(induction tree n arbitrary: x rule: invar-vebt.induct)
  case (1 a b)
  then show ?case
    using vebt-member.simps(1) naive-member.simps(1) by blast
next
  case (2 treeList n summary m deg)
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
  then show ?case
    using vebt-member.simps(2) by blast
next
  case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence deg  $\geq$  2
  using member-inv by blast
  then show ?case proof(cases x = mi  $\vee$  x = ma)
    case True
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis (full-types) 4(12) vebt-member.simps(3) membermima.simps(4) old.nat.exhaust)
next
  case False
  hence 1:mi < x  $\wedge$  x < ma  $\wedge$  (high x (deg div 2)) < length treeList  $\wedge$  vebt-member (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))
  using member-inv[of mi ma deg treeList summary x] 4(12) by blast
  hence (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2)))  $\in$  set treeList
    by (metis in-set-member inthall)
  hence both-member-options (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))
    using 1 4.IH(1) both-member-options-def by blast
  then show ?thesis
    by (smt 1 4(1) 4(6) <treeList ! high x (deg div 2)  $\in$  set treeList> membermima.simps(4)
      naive-member.simps(3) old.nat.exhaust valid-tree-deg-neq-0 zero-eq-add-iff-both-eq-0)
  qed
next
  case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence deg  $\geq$  2
  using member-inv by presburger
  then show ?case proof(cases x = mi  $\vee$  x = ma)
    case True
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis (full-types) 5(12) vebt-member.simps(3) membermima.simps(4) old.nat.exhaust)
next
  case False

```

```

hence 1:mi < x ∧ x < ma ∧ (high x (deg div 2)) < length treeList ∧ vebt-member (treeList !
(high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))
  using member-inv[of mi ma deg treeList summary x] 5(12) by blast
hence (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) ∈ set treeList
  by (metis in-set-member inthall)
hence both-member-options (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))
  using 1 5.IH(1) both-member-options-def by blast
then show ?thesis
  by (smt 1 5(1) 5(6) ‹treeList ! high x (deg div 2) ∈ set treeList› membermima.simps(4)
naive-member.simps(3) old.nat.exhaust valid-tree-deg-neq-0 zero-eq-add-iff-both-eq-0)
qed
qed

lemma member-bound: vebt-member tree x ==> invar-vebt tree n ==> x < 2^n
proof(induction tree x arbitrary: n rule: vebt-member.induct)
  case (1 a b x)
  then show ?case by (metis vebt-member.simps(1) One-nat-def le-neq-implies-less nat-power-eq-Suc-0-iff
numeral-eq-iff numerals(1) one-le-numeral one-le-power semiring-norm(85)
valid-tree-deg-neq-0
  zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
next
  case (2 uu uv uw x)
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (3 v uy uz x)
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (4 v vb vc x)
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (5 mi ma va treeList summary x)
  hence 111: n = Suc (Suc va)
    using deg-deg-n by fastforce
  hence ma < 2^n
    using 5.prem(2) mi-ma-2-deg by blast
  then show ?case
    by (metis 5.prem(1) 5.prem(2) le-less-trans less-imp-le-nat member-inv mi-ma-2-deg)
qed

theorem inrange: assumes invar-vebt t n shows set-vebt' t ⊆ {0..2^n-1}
proof
  fix x
  assume x ∈ set-vebt' t
  hence vebt-member t x
    using set-vebt'-def by auto
  hence x < 2^n
    using assms member-bound by blast
  then show x ∈ {0..2^n-1} by simp

```

qed

```
theorem buildup-gives-empty: set-vebt' (vebt-buildup n) = {}
  unfolding set-vebt'-def
  by (metis Collect-empty-eq vebt-member.simps(1) vebt-member.simps(2) vebt-buildup.elims)

fun minNull::VEBT ⇒ bool where
minNull (Leaf False False) = True|
minNull (Leaf - - ) = False|
minNull (Node None - - -) = True|
minNull (Node (Some -) - - -) = False

lemma min-Null-member: minNull t ⇒ ¬ vebt-member t x
  apply(induction t)
  using vebt-member.simps(2) minNull.elims(2) apply blast
  apply auto
  done

lemma not-min-Null-member: ¬ minNull t ⇒ ∃ y. both-member-options t y
proof(induction t)
  case (Node info deg treeList summary)
  obtain mi ma where info = Some(mi , ma)
    by (metis Node.preds minNull.simps(4) not-None-eq surj-pair)
  then show ?case
    by (metis (full-types) both-member-options-def membermima.simps(3) membermima.simps(4) not0-implies-Suc)
next
  case (Leaf x1 x2)
  then show ?case
    by (metis (full-types) both-member-options-def minNull.simps(1) naive-member.simps(1) zero-neq-one)
qed

lemma valid-member-both-member-options: invar-vebt t n ⇒ both-member-options t x ⇒ vebt-member t x
proof(induction t n arbitrary: x rule: invar-vebt.induct)
  case (1 a b)
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: both-member-options-def)
next
  case (2 treeList n summary m deg)
  hence 0: ( ∀ t ∈ set treeList. invar-vebt t n) and 1: invar-vebt summary n and 2: length treeList = 2^n and
    3: deg = 2*n and 4: ( ∉ i. both-member-options summary i) and 5: ( ∀ t ∈ set treeList. ∉ y. both-member-options t y) and 6: n > 0
    apply blast+
    apply (auto simp add: 2.hyps(3) 2.hyps)
    using 2.hyps(1) 2.hyps(3) neq0-conv valid-tree-deg-neq-0 by blast
    have both-member-options (Node None deg treeList summary) x ⇒ False
  proof-
    assume both-member-options (Node None deg treeList summary) x
    ...
```

```

hence naive-member (Node None deg treeList summary) x  $\vee$  membermima (Node None deg treeList summary) x unfolding both-member-options-def by simp
then show False
proof(cases naive-member (Node None deg treeList summary) x)
case True
hence high x n < length treeList  $\wedge$  naive-member (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)
by (metis 1 2.hyps(3) 2.hyps(4) add-cancel-right-left add-self-div-2 naive-member.simps(3)
old.nat.exhaust valid-tree-deg-neq-0)
then show ?thesis
by (metis 5 both-member-options-def in-set-member inthall)
next
case False
hence membermima (Node None deg treeList summary) x
using <naive-member (Node None deg treeList summary) x  $\vee$  membermima (Node None deg treeList summary) x by blast
moreover have Suc (deg - 1) = deg
by (simp add: 2.hyps(4) 6)
moreover hence (let pos = high x (deg div 2) in if pos < length treeList then membermima
(treeList ! pos) (low x (Suc (deg - 1) div 2)) else False)
using calculation(1) membermima.simps(5) by metis
moreover hence if high x (deg div 2) < length treeList then membermima (treeList ! ( high x
(deg div 2))) (low x(deg div 2)) else False
using calculation(2) by metis
ultimately
have high x (deg div 2) < length treeList  $\wedge$  membermima (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)
by (metis 2.hyps(3) 2.hyps(4) add-self-div-2)
then show ?thesis using 2.IH 5 both-member-options-def in-set-member inthall
by (metis 2.hyps(3) 2.hyps(4) add-self-div-2)
qed
qed
then show ?case
by (simp add: 2.prem)
next
case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
hence 0: ( $\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \text{invar-verb} t n$ ) and 1:  $\text{invar-verb} \text{summary} m$  and 2:  $\text{length treeList} = 2^{\wedge} m$  and
3:  $\text{deg} = n+m$  and 4: ( $\nexists i. \text{both-member-options} \text{summary} i$ ) and 5: ( $\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \nexists y. \text{both-member-options} t y$ ) and 6:  $n > 0$  and 7:  $m > 0$ 
and 8:  $n+1 = m$ 
apply blast+
apply (metis (full-types) 3.IH(1) 3.hyps(2) in-set-member inthall neq0-conv power-eq-0-iff
valid-tree-deg-neq-0 zero-neq-numeral)
apply (simp add: 3.hyps(3))
by (simp add: 3.hyps(3))
have both-member-options (Node None deg treeList summary) x  $\Longrightarrow$  False
proof-
assume both-member-options (Node None deg treeList summary) x
hence naive-member (Node None deg treeList summary) x  $\vee$  membermima (Node None deg treeList summary) x unfolding both-member-options-def by simp

```

```

then show False
proof(cases naive-member (Node None deg treeList summary) x)
  case True
    hence high x n < length treeList ∧ naive-member (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)
      by (metis 3 3.hyps(3) add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 even-Suc-div-two naive-member.simps(3)
odd-add)
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis 5 both-member-options-def in-set-member inthall)
  next
    case False
      hence membermima (Node None deg treeList summary) x
        using ⟨naive-member (Node None deg treeList summary) x ∨ membermima (Node None deg
treeList summary) x⟩ by blast
      moreover have Suc (deg-1) =deg
        by (simp add: 3 3.hyps(3))
      moreover hence (let pos = high x (deg div 2) in if pos < length treeList then membermima
(treeList ! pos) (low x (Suc (deg - 1) div 2)) else False)
        using calculation(1) membermima.simps(5) by metis
      moreover hence 11: if high x (deg div 2) < length treeList then membermima (treeList ! ( high
x (deg div 2))) (low x(deg div 2)) else False
        using calculation(2) by metis
      ultimately
        have high x (deg div 2) < length treeList ∧ membermima (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)
          by (metis 3 3.hyps(3) add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 even-Suc-div-two odd-add)
        then show ?thesis using 3.IH 5 both-member-options-def in-set-member inthall 11 by metis
      qed
    qed
    then show ?case
      using 3.prem by blast
  next
    case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
    hence 0: ( ∀ t ∈ set treeList. invar-vebt t n) and 1: invar-vebt summary n and 2:length treeList
= 2^n and 3: deg = n+m and n=m and
  4: ( ∀ i < 2^n. ( ∃ y. both-member-options (treeList ! i) y) ←→ ( both-member-options summary
i)) and
  5: (mi = ma → ( ∀ t ∈ set treeList. ∉ y. both-member-options t y)) and 6:mi ≤ ma ∧ ma <
2^deg and
  7: (mi ≠ ma → ( ∀ i < 2^m. (high ma n = i → both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low ma n)))
∧
    ( ∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n) ) → mi < y ∧ y ≤ ma))
      using 4.prem by auto
    hence n>0
      by (metis neq0-conv valid-tree-deg-neq-0)
    then show ?case proof(cases x = mi ∨ x = ma)
      case True
      hence xmimastmt: x = mi ∨ x=ma by simp
      then show ?thesis using vebt-member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x]
        by (metis 3 4.hyps(3) ⟨0 < n⟩ add-diff-inverse-nat add-numeral-left add-self-div-2 div-if nat-neq-iff

```

```

numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2))
next
  case False
  hence xmimastmt:  $x \neq mi \wedge x \neq ma$  by simp
  hence  $mi = ma \implies False$ 
proof-
  assume  $mi = ma$ 
  hence astmt:  $(\forall t \in set treeList. \nexists y. both-member-options t y)$  using 5 by simp
  have bstmt:  $both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x$ 
    by (simp add: 4.prems)
  then show False
  proof(cases naive-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x)
    case True
    hence  $high x n < length treeList \wedge naive-member (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)$ 
      by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) 3 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(3) add-self-div-2 naive-member.simps(3)
old.nat.exhaust valid-0-not zero-eq-add-iff-both-eq-0)
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis 5 `mi = ma` both-member-options-def in-set-member inthall)
  next
    case False
    hence membermima (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x using bstmt unfolding
both-member-options-def by blast
    hence  $x = mi \vee x = ma \vee (if high x n < length treeList then membermima (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n) else False)$ 
      using membermima.simps(4)[of mi ma deg-1 treeList summary x]
      by (metis 3 4.hyps(3) One-nat-def Suc-diff-Suc <0 < n> add-gr-0 add-self-div-2 diff-zero)
    hence  $high x n < length treeList \wedge membermima (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)$  using
xmimastmt
      by presburger
    then show ?thesis using both-member-options-def in-set-member inthall membermima.simps(4)[of
mi ma n treeList summary x] astmt
      by metis
    qed
  qed
  hence  $mi \neq ma$  by blast
  hence followstmt:  $(\forall i < 2^{\hat{m}}. (high ma n = i \longrightarrow both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low ma n))$ 
 $\wedge$ 
 $(\forall y. (high y n = i \wedge both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n)) \rightarrow mi < y \wedge y \leq ma)$ 
  using 7 by simp
  have 10:  $high x n < length treeList \wedge$ 
 $(naive-member (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n) \vee membermima (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n))$ 
  by (smt 3 4.hyps(3) 4.prems False One-nat-def Suc-leI <0 < n> add-gr-0 add-self-div-2 both-member-options-def
le-add-diff-inverse membermima.simps(4) naive-member.simps(3) plus-1-eq-Suc)
  hence 11:  $both-member-options (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)$ 
  by (simp add: both-member-options-def)
  have 12:  $high x n < 2^{\hat{m}}$ 
  using 10 4.hyps(2) by auto
  hence  $mi < x \wedge x < ma$  proof-

```

```

have (forall y. (high y n = (high x n) ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)) →
mi < y ∧ y ≤ ma)
  using 12 followstmt by auto
  then show ?thesis
    using 11 False order.not-eq-order-implies-strict by blast
qed
have vebt-member (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)
  by (metis10 11 4.IH(1) in-set-member inthall)
  then show ?thesis
    by (smt 10 11 12 3 4.hyps(3) vebt-member.simps(5) One-nat-def Suc-leI ‹0 < n› add-Suc-right
add-self-div-2 followstmt le-add-diff-inverse le-imp-less-Suc not-less-eq not-less-iff-gr-or-eq plus-1-eq-Suc)
qed
next
  case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence 0: ( ∀ t ∈ set treeList. invar-vebt t n) and 1: invar-vebt summary m and 2:length treeList
= 2^m and 3: deg = n+m and Suc n=m and
  4: ( ∀ i < 2^m. ( ∃ y. both-member-options (treeList ! i) y) ↔ ( both-member-options summary
i)) and
  5: (mi = ma → ( ∀ t ∈ set treeList. ∉ y. both-member-options t y)) and 6:mi ≤ ma ∧ ma <
2^deg and
  7: (mi ≠ ma → ( ∀ i < 2^m. (high ma n = i → both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low ma n))
∧
  ( ∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n)) →
mi < y ∧ y ≤ ma)))
  using 5.prems by auto
  hence n>0
    by (metis 5.hyps(3) in-set-member inthall neq0-conv power-Suc0-right valid-tree-deg-neq-0 zero-neq-numeral)
  then show ?case proof(cases x = mi ∨ x = ma)
    case True
      hence xmimastmt: x = mi ∨ x=ma by simp
      then show ?thesis using vebt-member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x]
        using 3 5.hyps(3) ‹0 < n› by auto
  next
    case False
      hence xmimastmt: x ≠ mi ∧ x≠ma by simp
      hence mi = ma ==> False
      proof-
        assume mi = ma
        hence astmt: ( ∀ t ∈ set treeList. ∉ y. both-member-options t y) using 5 by simp
        have bstmt: both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x
          by (simp add: 5.prems)
        then show False
      proof(cases naive-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x)
        case True
          hence high x n < length treeList ∧ naive-member (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)
            by (metis 3 5.hyps(3) add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 even-Suc-div-two naive-member.simps(3)
odd-add)
          then show ?thesis
            by (metis 5 ‹mi = ma› both-member-options-def in-set-member inthall)
      qed
    qed
  qed

```

```

next
  case False
    hence membermima (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x using bstmt unfolding
both-member-options-def by blast
      hence x = mi ∨ x = ma ∨ (if high x n < length treeList then membermima (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n) else False)
        using membermima.simps(4)[of mi ma deg-1 treeList summary x]
        using 3 5.hyps(3) by auto
        hence high x n < length treeList ∧ membermima (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n) using
xmimastmt
        by presburger
      then show ?thesis using both-member-options-def in-set-member inthall membermima.simps(4)[of
mi ma n treeList summary x] astmt
        by metis
      qed
      qed
      hence mi ≠ ma by blast
      hence followstmt: (∀ i < 2m. (high ma n = i → both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low ma n))
      ∧
      ( ∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n)))
      → mi < y ∧ y ≤ ma)
        using 7 by simp
      have 10:high x n < length treeList ∧
        (naive-member (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n) ∨ membermima (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n))
      by (smt 3 5.hyps(3) 5.prems False add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 both-member-options-def even-Suc-div-two
membermima.simps(4) naive-member.simps(3) odd-add)
      hence 11:both-member-options (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)
        by (simp add: both-member-options-def)
      have 12:high x n < 2m
        using 10 5.hyps(2) by auto
      hence mi < x ∧ x < ma proof-
        have (∀ y. (high y n = (high x n) ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)) →
          mi < y ∧ y ≤ ma)
          using 12 followstmt by auto
        then show ?thesis
          using 11 False order.not-eq-order-implies-strict by blast
        qed
      have vbt-member (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)
        by (metis 10 11 5.IH(1) in-set-member inthall)
      then show ?thesis
        by (smt 10 11 12 3 5.hyps(3) vbt-member.simps(5) Suc-pred <0 < n add-Suc-right add-self-div-2
even-Suc-div-two followstmt le-neq-implies-less not-less-iff-gr-or-eq odd-add)
        qed
      qed
    corollary both-member-options-equiv-member: assumes invar-vbt t n
      shows both-member-options t x ↔ vbt-member t x
      using assms both-member-options-def member-valid-both-member-options valid-member-both-member-options
      by blast

```

```

lemma member-correct: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  vebt-member t x  $\longleftrightarrow$   $x \in \text{set-vebt } t$ 
  using both-member-options-equiv-member set-vebt-def by auto

corollary set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid: assumes invar-vebt t n shows set-vebt t =set-vebt' t
  unfolding set-vebt-def set-vebt'-def
  apply auto
  using assms valid-member-both-member-options apply auto[1]
  using assms both-member-options-equiv-member by auto

lemma set-vebt-finite: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  finite (set-vebt' t)
  using finite-subset inrange by blast

lemma mi-eq-ma-no-ch:assumes invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) deg and
mi = ma
  shows  $(\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \nexists x. \text{both-member-options } t x) \wedge (\nexists x. \text{both-member-options summary } x)$ 
proof-
  from assms(1) show ?thesis
  proof(cases)
    case (4 n m)
    have 0: $\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \neg \exists x. \text{both-member-options } t$ 
      by (simp add: 4(7) assms(2))
    moreover have both-member-options summary x  $\implies$  False for x
  proof-
    assume both-member-options summary x
    hence vebt-member summary x
    using 4(2) valid-member-both-member-options by auto
    moreover hence x <  $2^m$ 
      using 4(2) member-bound by auto
    ultimately have  $\exists y. \text{both-member-options } (\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } x n)) y$ 
      using 0 4(3) 4(4) 4(6) both-member-options summary x inthall
      by (metis nth-mem)
    then show ?thesis
    by (metis 0 4(3) 4(4) div-eq-0-iff x <  $2^m$  high-def nth-mem zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
  qed
  then show ?thesis
    using calculation by blast
next
  case (5 n m)
  have 0: $\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \neg \exists x. \text{both-member-options } t$ 
    using 5(7) assms(2) by blast
  moreover have both-member-options summary x  $\implies$  False for x
  proof-
    assume both-member-options summary x
    hence vebt-member summary x
    using 5(2) valid-member-both-member-options by auto
    moreover hence x <  $2^m$ 
      using 5(2) member-bound by auto

```

```

ultimately have  $\exists y. \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } x n)) y$ 
  using 0 5(3) 5(4) 5(6) ⟨both-member-options summary x⟩ in thall
  by (metis nth-mem)
then show ?thesis
  by (metis 0 5(3) 5(6) ⟨both-member-options summary x⟩ ⟨x < 2 ^ m⟩ nth-mem)
qed
then show ?thesis
  using calculation by blast
qed
qed

end
end

```

theory VEBT-Insert imports VEBT-Member

begin

3 Insert Function

```

context begin
  interpretation VEBT-internal .

fun vebt-insert :: VEBT  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  VEBT where
  vebt-insert (Leaf a b) x = (if x=0 then Leaf True b else if x = 1 then Leaf a True else Leaf a b)|
  vebt-insert (Node info 0 ts s) x = (Node info 0 ts s)|
  vebt-insert (Node info (Suc 0) ts s) x = (Node info (Suc 0) ts s)|
  vebt-insert (Node None (Suc deg) treeList summary) x =
    (Node (Some (x,x)) (Suc deg) treeList summary)|
  vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (
    let xn = (if x < mi then mi else x);
    minn = (if x < mi then x else mi);
    l = low xn (deg div 2);
    h = high xn (deg div 2) in (
      if h < length treeList  $\wedge$   $\neg$  (x = mi  $\vee$  x = ma) then
        Node (Some (minn, max xn ma)) deg (treeList[h:= vebt-insert (treeList ! h) l])
        (if minNull (treeList ! h) then vebt-insert summary h else summary)
      else (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)))
  end

context VEBT-internal begin

lemma insert-simp-norm:
  assumes high x (deg div 2) < length treeList and (mi::nat) < x and deg  $\geq$  2 and x  $\neq$  ma
  shows vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
    Node (Some (mi, max x ma)) deg (treeList [(high x (deg div 2)):= vebt-insert (treeList !
    (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))])
    (if minNull (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2)))) then vebt-insert summary (high x (deg
    div 2)) else summary)

```

proof-

```

have 11:vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
  (let xn = (if x < mi then mi else x); minn = (if x < mi then x else mi);
   l= low xn (deg div 2); h = high xn (deg div 2)
   in
   ( if h < length treeList ∧ ¬(x = mi ∨ x = ma)then
     Node (Some (minn, max xn ma)) deg (treeList [h:= vebt-insert (treeList ! h) l])
     (if minNull (treeList ! h) then vebt-insert summary h else summary)
     else (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)))
using assms(3) vebt-insert.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x]
by (smt add-numeral-left le-add-diff-inverse numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2))
have 14:vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
  Node (Some (mi, max x ma)) deg (treeList[(high x (deg div 2)) := vebt-insert (treeList !
  (high x (deg div 2))) (low x (deg div 2))])
  (if minNull (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) then vebt-insert summary (high
  x (deg div 2)) else summary)
  using 11 apply (simp add: Let-def)
  apply (auto simp add: If-def)
  using assms not-less-iff-gr-or-eq apply blast+
  done
then show ?thesis by blast
qed

```

lemma insert-simp-excp:

```

assumes high mi (deg div 2) < length treeList and (x::nat) < mi and deg ≥ 2 and x ≠ ma
shows vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
  Node (Some (x, max mi ma)) deg (treeList[(high mi (deg div 2)) := vebt-insert (treeList !
  (high mi (deg div 2))) (low mi (deg div 2))])
  (if minNull (treeList ! (high mi (deg div 2))) then vebt-insert summary (high mi (deg
  div 2)) else summary)
proof-
have 11:vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
  (let xn = (if x < mi then mi else x); minn = (if x < mi then x else mi);
   l= low xn (deg div 2); h = high xn (deg div 2)
   in
   ( if h < length treeList ∧ ¬(x = mi ∨ x = ma)then
     Node (Some (minn, max xn ma)) deg (treeList[h:=vebt-insert (treeList ! h) l])
     (if minNull (treeList ! h) then vebt-insert summary h else summary)
     else (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)))
using assms(3) vebt-insert.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x]
by (smt add-numeral-left le-add-diff-inverse numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2))
have 14:vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
  Node (Some (x, max mi ma)) deg (treeList[(high mi (deg div 2)) := vebt-insert (treeList !
  (high mi (deg div 2))) (low mi (deg div 2))])
  (if minNull (treeList ! (high mi (deg div 2))) then vebt-insert summary (high
  mi (deg div 2)) else summary)
  using 11 apply (simp add: Let-def)
  apply (auto simp add: If-def)
  using assms not-less-iff-gr-or-eq apply blast+

```

```

done
then show ?thesis by blast
qed

lemma insert-simp-mima: assumes  $x = mi \vee x = ma$  and  $\deg \geq 2$ 
shows vebt-insert ( $\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi,ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}$ )  $x = (\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi,ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary})$ 
proof –
  have 11: vebt-insert ( $\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi,ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}$ )  $x =$ 
    ( let  $xn = (\text{if } x < mi \text{ then } mi \text{ else } x)$ ;  $minn = (\text{if } x < mi \text{ then } x \text{ else } mi)$ ;
       $l = \text{low } xn (\deg \text{ div } 2)$ ;  $h = \text{high } xn (\deg \text{ div } 2)$ 
      in
      ( if  $h < \text{length treeList} \wedge \neg (x = mi \vee x = ma)$  then
         $\text{Node}(\text{Some}(minn, \max xn ma)) \deg (\text{treeList}[h := \text{vebt-insert}(\text{treeList} ! h) l])$ 
        ( if  $\text{minNull}(\text{treeList} ! h)$  then  $\text{vebt-insert summary } h$  else  $\text{summary}$ )
      else ( $\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}$ )))
    using assms vebt-insert.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x]
    by (smt add-numeral-left le-add-diff-inverse numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2))
  then show ?thesis
  using assms(1) by auto
qed

lemma valid-insert-both-member-options-add: invar-vebt  $t n \implies x < \hat{2^n} \implies \text{both-member-options}$ 
  (vebt-insert  $t x$ )  $x$ 
proof(induction  $t n$  arbitrary:  $x$  rule: invar-vebt.induct)
  case (1 a b)
  then show ?case apply(cases x)
  by (auto simp add: both-member-options-def)
next
  case (2 treeList  $n$  summary  $m$  deg)
  hence  $\deg > 1$ 
  using valid-tree-deg-neq-0
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-lessI add-gr-0 add-self-div-2 neq0-conv one-div-two-eq-zero)
  then show ?case using vebt-insert.simps(4)[of deg-2 treeList summary x]
  by (smt Suc-1 Suc-leI add-numeral-left both-member-options-def le-add-diff-inverse membermima.simps(4)
    numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2))
next
  case (3 treeList  $n$  summary  $m$  deg)
  hence  $\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \text{invar-vebt } t n$  by blast
  hence  $n > 0$  using set-n-deg-not-0[of treeList n m] 3(4)
  by linarith
  hence  $\deg \geq 2$ 
  by (simp add: 3.hyps(3) 3.hyps(4) Suc-leI)
  then show ?case using vebt-insert.simps(4)[of deg-2 treeList summary x]
  by (smt Suc-1 Suc-leI add-numeral-left both-member-options-def le-add-diff-inverse membermima.simps(4)
    numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2))

```

```

numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2))
next
  case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence length treeList = $2^n$  by blast
  hence high x n < length treeList
    using 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) 4.prems deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) by auto
  hence mi <  $2^{\text{deg}}$ 
    using 4.hyps(7) 4.hyps(8) le-less-trans by blast
  then show ?case
  proof(cases x = mi ∨ x = ma)
    case True
      then show ?thesis using vebt-insert.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x]
        by (smt 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) add-diff-inverse-nat add-numeral-left add-self-div-2
both-member-options-def div-if membermima.simps(4) numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2)
valid-tree-deg-neq-0)
    next
      case False
      hence  $\neg(x = mi \vee x = ma)$  by simp
      then show ?thesis
      proof(cases x < mi)
        case True
        hence high mi n < length treeList
          using 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) <mi <  $2^{\text{deg}}$  deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1)
by auto
        hence vebt-insert ( Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
          Node (Some (x, max mi ma)) deg ( treeList[(high mi n):= vebt-insert (treeList !
(high mi n)) (low mi n)] )
          (if minNull (treeList ! high mi n) then vebt-insert summary (high mi n) else
summary)
          by (metis 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) False True add-self-div-2 div-if insert-simp-excp
not-less valid-tree-deg-neq-0)
        then show ?thesis
          by (smt 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(4) Suc-pred add-diff-inverse-nat both-member-options-def member-
mima.simps(4) valid-tree-deg-neq-0 zero-eq-add-iff-both-eq-0)
      next
        case False
        hence vebt-insert ( Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
          Node (Some (mi, max x ma)) deg (treeList[ (high x n):= vebt-insert (treeList ! (high
x n)) (low x n)])
          (if minNull (treeList ! high x n) then vebt-insert summary (high x n) else summary)
          by (metis 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4)  $\neg(x = mi \vee x = ma)$  <high x n < length treeList>
add-self-div-2 div-if insert-simp-norm linorder-neqE-nat not-less valid-tree-deg-neq-0)
        have low x n <  $2^n$  ∧ high x n <  $2^n$ 
          using 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(3) <high x n < length treeList> low-def by auto
        have invar-vebt (treeList ! (high x n)) n
          by (metis 4.IH(1) <high x n < length treeList> inthall member-def)
        hence both-member-options (vebt-insert (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)) (low x n)
          by (simp add: 4.IH(1) <high x n < length treeList> low-def)
        have (treeList[ (high x n):= vebt-insert (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)]) ! (high x n) = vebt-insert

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```

(treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)
  by (simp add: <high x n < length treeList)
  then show ?thesis
    using both-member-options-ding[of Some (mi, max x ma) deg
      (take (high x n) treeList @ [vebt-insert (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)] @ drop (high x n +1)
      treeList)
      if minNull (treeList ! high x n) then vebt-insert summary (high x n) else summary n x]
    by (metis 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) Suc-1 Suc-leD
      vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = Node (Some (mi, max x
      ma)) deg (treeList[high x n := vebt-insert (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)]) (if minNull (treeList ! high x
      n) then vebt-insert summary (high x n) else summary) <both-member-options (vebt-insert (treeList !
      high x n) (low x n))> <low x n < 2 ^ n & high x n < 2 ^ n> <invar-vebt (treeList ! high x n) n>
      add-self-div-2 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff length-list-update)
    qed
  qed
next
  case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence length treeList = 2 ^ m by blast
  hence high x n < length treeList
    by (metis 5.hyps(4) 5.prems div-eq-0-iff div-exp-eq high-def length-0-conv length-greater-0-conv
      zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
  hence mi < 2 ^ deg
    using 5.hyps(7) 5.hyps(8) le-less-trans by blast
  then show ?case
  proof(cases x = mi ∨ x = ma)
    case True
    then show ?thesis using vebt-insert.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x]
      by (smt 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4) Suc-leI add-Suc-right add-diff-inverse-nat add-numeral-left both-member-options-def
        diff-is-0-eq' vebt-insert.simps(3) membermima.simps(4) not-add-less1 numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2))
    next
    case False
    hence ¬(x = mi ∨ x = ma) by simp
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases x < mi)
      case True
      hence high mi n < length treeList
        by (metis 5.hyps(2) 5.hyps(4) div-eq-0-iff <mi < 2 ^ deg> div-exp-eq high-def length-0-conv
          length-greater-0-conv zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
      hence vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
        Node (Some (x, max mi ma)) deg (treeList[ (high mi n):=vebt-insert (treeList !
        (high mi n)) (low mi n)] )
        (if minNull (treeList ! high mi n) then vebt-insert summary (high mi n) else
        summary)
      using insert-simp-excp[of mi deg treeList x ma summary]
        5(1) 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4) False True add-Suc-right add-self-div-2
        append-Cons div-less even-Suc-div-two in-set-conv-decomp not-less odd-add valid-tree-deg-neq-0
      by (smt (z3) nth-mem)
    then show ?thesis

```

```

by (simp add: 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4) both-member-options-def)
next
  case False
    hence vebt-insert ( Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
      Node (Some (mi, max x ma)) deg (treeList[(high x n):= vebt-insert (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)])
        (if minNull (treeList ! high x n) then vebt-insert summary (high x n) else summary)
        by (smt (z3) 5.IH(1) 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4) ⊢ (x = mi ∨ x = ma) ∧ high x n < length treeList ∧ add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff even-Suc-div-two insert-simp-norm linorder-neqE-nat nth-mem odd-add)
        have low x n < 2^n ∧ high x n < 2^m
        using 5.hyps(2) 5.hyps(3) high x n < length treeList low-def by auto
        have invar-vebt (treeList ! (high x n)) n
          by (metis 5.IH(1) high x n < length treeList inthall member-def)
        hence both-member-options (vebt-insert (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)) (low x n)
          by (metis 5.IH(1) high x n < length treeList low x n < 2^n ∧ high x n < 2^m inthall member-def)
        have (treeList[ (high x n):=vebt-insert (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)] ! (high x n) = vebt-insert (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)
          by (meson high x n < length treeList nth-list-update-eq)
        then show ?thesis
        using both-member-options-ding[of Some (mi, max x ma) deg
          (treeList[ (high x n):=vebt-insert (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)] ! minNull (treeList ! high x n) then vebt-insert summary (high x n) else summary n x]
          if minNull (treeList ! high x n) then vebt-insert summary (high x n) else summary)
        using 5.hyps(2) 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4) vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
        x = Node (Some (mi, max x ma)) deg (treeList[high x n := vebt-insert (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)]) (if minNull (treeList ! high x n) then vebt-insert summary (high x n) else summary) ∧ both-member-options (vebt-insert (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)) (low x n) ∧ low x n < 2^n ∧ high x n < 2^m
        both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree by auto
      qed
      qed
qed

```

```

lemma valid-insert-both-member-options-pres: invar-vebt t n ==> x < 2^n ==> y < 2^n ==> both-member-options t x
  ==> both-member-options (vebt-insert t y) x
proof(induction t n arbitrary: x y rule: invar-vebt.induct)
  case (1 a b)
  then show ?case by (simp add: both-member-options-def)
next
  case (2 treeList n summary m deg)
  then show ?case
  using vebt-member.simps(2) invar-vebt.intros(2) valid-member-both-member-options by blast
next
  case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
  then show ?case
  using vebt-member.simps(2) invar-vebt.intros(3) valid-member-both-member-options by blast
next

```

```

case ( $\lambda$  treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
hence  $00:\deg = n + m \wedge \text{length } \text{treeList} = 2^n \wedge n = m \wedge n \geq 1 \wedge \deg \geq 2$ 
    by (metis One-nat-def Suc-leI add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) deg-not-0 one-add-one)
hence  $x \text{prop}: \text{high } x n < 2^m \wedge \text{high } y n < 2^m$ 
    by (metis 4.prems(1) 4.prems(2) high-def-less-mult-imp-div-less mult-2 power2-eq-square power-even-eq)
have  $\text{low } x n < 2^n \wedge \text{low } y n < 2^n$ 
    by (simp add: low-def)
hence  $x = mi \vee x = ma \vee \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } x n)) (\text{low } x n)$ 
    by (smt 00 4.prems(3) add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 both-member-options-def le-add-diff-inverse
membermima.simps(4) naive-member.simps(3) plus-1-eq-Suc)
have  $001:\text{invar-vebt}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) \deg \text{using} \text{invar-vebt.intros}(4)[\text{of}$ 
 $\text{treeList} n \text{summary} m \deg mi ma]$  4 by simp
then show ?case
proof(cases  $x = y$ )
case True
hence  $\text{both-member-options}(\text{vebt-insert}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) y) y$ 
using 001 valid-insert-both-member-options-add[of  $(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary})$ 
 $\deg y$ ]
    using 4.prems(2) by blast
then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: True)
next
case False
then show ?thesis
proof(cases  $y = mi \vee y = ma$ )
case True
have  $Suc(Suc(\deg - 2)) = \deg$ 
using 00 by linarith
hence  $\text{vebt-insert}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) y = \text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg$ 
 $\text{treeList} \text{summary}$ 
using vebt-insert.simps(5)[of  $mi ma \deg - 2 \text{treeList} \text{summary} x$ ] 00 True insert-simp-mima by
blast
then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: 4.prems(3))
next
case False
hence  $0:y \neq mi \wedge y \neq ma$  by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases  $x = mi$ )
case True
hence  $1:x = mi$  by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases  $x < y$ )
case True
have  $14:\text{vebt-insert}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) y =$ 
 $\text{Node}(\text{Some}(x, \max y ma)) \deg (\text{treeList} [(\text{high } y n) := \text{vebt-insert}(\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } y n))$ 
 $(\text{low } y n)])$ 
    (if minNull  $(\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } y n))$  then  $\text{vebt-insert} \text{summary} (\text{high } y n)$  else
 $\text{summary})$ 

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using 00 1 False True insert-simp-norm xyprop by auto
then show ?thesis
  by (metis 001 Suc-pred both-member-options-def deg-not-0 membermima.simps(4))
next
  case False
    have 14:vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) y =
      Node (Some (y, max x ma)) deg (treeList [ (high x n) :=vebt-insert (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)])
        (if minNull (treeList ! (high x n)) then vebt-insert summary (high x n) else
summary)
      by (metis 0 00 False True add-self-div-2 insert-simp-excp linorder-neqE-nat xyprop)
      have 15: invar-vebt (treeList ! (high x n)) n
        by (metis 4(1) 4.hyps(2) in-set-member inthall xyprop)
      hence 16: both-member-options (vebt-insert (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)) (low x n)
        using <low x n < 2^n ∧ low y n < 2^n> valid-insert-both-member-options-add by blast
      then show ?thesis
      by (metis 00 14 Suc-1 add-leD1 add-self-div-2 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree
length-list-update nth-list-update-eq plus-1-eq-Suc xyprop)

qed
next
  case False
  hence mi ≠ ma
    using 001 4.prem(3) less-irrefl member-inv valid-member-both-member-options by fastforce
    hence both-member-options (treeList !(high x n)) (low x n) ∨ x = ma
    using False <x = mi ∨ x = ma ∨ both-member-options (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)> by blast
    have high ma n < 2^n
    by (metis 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(8) high-def less-mult-imp-div-less mult-2 power2-eq-square
power-even-eq)
    hence both-member-options (treeList !(high ma n)) (low ma n)
    using 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(9) <mi ≠ ma> by blast
    hence both-member-options (treeList !(high x n)) (low x n)
    using <both-member-options (treeList ! high x n) (low x n) ∨ x = ma> by blast
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases mi < y)
    case True
      have 14:vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) y =
        Node (Some (mi, max y ma)) deg (treeList[(high y n):=vebt-insert (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)])
          (if minNull (treeList ! (high y n)) then vebt-insert summary (high y n) else
summary)
        using 0 00 True insert-simp-norm xyprop by auto
        have invar-vebt (treeList ! (high x n)) n
          by (metis 4.IH(1) 4.hyps(2) in-set-member inthall xyprop)
        then show ?thesis
      proof(cases high x n = high y n)
        case True
          have both-member-options (vebt-insert (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)) (low x n)
            using 4.IH(1) 4.hyps(2) True <both-member-options (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)> <low

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 $x \in \mathbb{N} \wedge low y \in \mathbb{N} \wedge xyprop$  by auto
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis 00 14 Suc-1 True add-leD1 add-self-div-2 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree
length-list-update nth-list-update-eq plus-1-eq-Suc xyprop)
  next
    case False
      have (treeList[ (high y n):=vbt-insert (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)]) ! (high x n) =
treeList ! (high x n)
        using False by auto
        then show ?thesis
          by (metis 00 14 One-nat-def Suc-leD <both-member-options (treeList ! high x n) (low
x n) add-self-div-2 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree length-list-update numeral-2-eq-2
xyprop)
        qed
      next
        case False
          have 14:vbt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) y =
Node (Some (y, max mi ma)) deg (treeList[ (high mi n):=vbt-insert (treeList ! (high mi
n)) (low mi n)]) (if minNull (treeList ! (high mi n)) then vbt-insert summary (high mi n)
else summary)
            using insert-simp-excp[of mi deg treeList y ma summary]
            by (smt 0 00 4.hyps(7) 4.hyps(8) False add-self-div-2 antisym-conv3 high-def le-less-trans
less-mult-imp-div-less mult-2 power2-eq-square power-even-eq)
            have mimaprop: high mi n < 2^n ∧ low mi n < 2^n
              by (metis 00 4.hyps(7) 4.hyps(8) div-eq-0-iff div-exp-eq high-def le-less-trans low-def
mod-less-divisor zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
            have invar-vbt (treeList ! (high x n)) n
              by (metis 4.IH(1) 4.hyps(2) in-set-member inthall xyprop)
            then show ?thesis
            proof(cases high x n = high mi n)
              case True
                have both-member-options (vbt-insert (treeList ! (high mi n)) (low mi n)) (low x n)
                  by (metis 4.IH(1) 4.hyps(2) True <both-member-options (treeList ! high x n) (low x n) >
low x n < 2^n ∧ low y n < 2^n) mimaprop nth-mem xyprop
                  then show ?thesis
                    by (metis 00 14 Suc-1 Suc-leD True add-self-div-2 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree
length-list-update nth-list-update-eq xyprop)
              next
                case False
                  have (treeList[(high mi n):=vbt-insert (treeList ! (high mi n)) (low mi n)]) ! (high x n) =
treeList ! (high x n)
                    using False by force
                    then show ?thesis
                      by (metis 00 14 One-nat-def Suc-leD <both-member-options (treeList ! high x n) (low
x n) add-self-div-2 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree length-list-update numeral-2-eq-2
xyprop)
                    qed
                  qed
            qed

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qed
qed
qed
next
  case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence 00:deg = n + m ∧ length treeList = 2^m ∧ Suc n = m ∧ n ≥ 1 ∧ deg ≥ 2 ∧ n = deg div 2
    by (metis Suc-1 add-Suc-right add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) add-self-div-2 even-Suc-div-two
le-add1 odd-add plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
  hence xyprop: high x n < 2^m ∧ high y n < 2^m
    by (metis 5.prems(1) 5.prems(2) Suc-1 div-exp-eq div-if high-def nat.discI power-not-zero)
  have low x n < 2^n ∧ low y n < 2^n
    by (simp add: low-def)
  hence x = mi ∨ x = ma ∨ both-member-options (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)
    by (smt 00 5.prems(3) add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 both-member-options-def le-add-diff-inverse
membermima.simps(4) naive-member.simps(3) plus-1-eq-Suc)
  have 001:invar-vb (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) deg
    using invar-vb.intros(5)[of treeList n summary m deg mi ma] 5 by simp
  then show ?case
  proof(cases x = y)
    case True
    hence both-member-options (vrbt-insert (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y) y
      using 001 valid-insert-both-member-options-add[of (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
deg y ]
      using 5.prems(2) by blast
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: True)
  next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases y = mi ∨ y = ma)
      case True
      have Suc (Suc (deg - 2)) = deg
        using 00 by linarith
      hence vrbt-insert (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y = Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg
treeList summary
        using vrbt-insert.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x] 00 True insert-simp-mima by
blast
      then show ?thesis
        by (simp add: 5.prems(3))
    next
      case False
      hence 0:y ≠ mi ∧ y ≠ ma by simp
      then show ?thesis
      proof(cases x = mi)
        case True
        hence 1:x = mi by simp
        then show ?thesis
        proof(cases x < y)
          case True

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have 14:vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) y =
  Node (Some (x, max y ma)) deg (treeList[ (high y n):=vebt-insert (treeList ! (high y n))
  (low y n)] )
    (if minNull (treeList ! (high y n)) then vebt-insert summary (high y n) else
summary)
  using 00 1 False True insert-simp-norm xyprop by metis
  then show ?thesis
  by (metis 001 Suc-pred both-member-options-def deg-not-0 membermima.simps(4))
next
  case False
  have 14:vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) y =
  Node (Some (y, max x ma)) deg (treeList[ (high x n):=vebt-insert (treeList ! (high x n))
  (low x n)] )
    (if minNull (treeList ! (high x n)) then vebt-insert summary (high x n) else
summary)
    by (metis 0 00 False True add-self-div-2 insert-simp-excp linorder-neqE-nat xyprop)
  have 15: invar-vebt (treeList ! (high x n)) n
    by (metis 5(1) 5.hyps(2) in-set-member inthall xyprop)
  hence 16: both-member-options (vebt-insert (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)) (low x n)
    using <low x n < 2 ^ n ∧ low y n < 2 ^ n> valid-insert-both-member-options-add by blast
  then show ?thesis
  by (metis 00 14 Suc-1 add-leD1 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree length-list-update
nth-list-update-eq plus-1-eq-Suc xyprop)
qed
next
  case False
  hence mi ≠ ma
    using 001 5.prem(3) less-irrefl member-inv valid-member-both-member-options by fastforce
  hence both-member-options (treeList !(high x n)) (low x n) ∨ x = ma
    using False <x = mi ∨ x = ma ∨ both-member-options (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)> by blast
  have high ma n < 2^m
    by (metis 00 5.hyps(8) div-eq-0-iff div-exp-eq high-def nat-zero-less-power-iff power-not-zero
zero-power2)
  hence both-member-options (treeList !(high ma n)) (low ma n)
    using 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(9) <mi ≠ ma> by blast
  hence both-member-options (treeList !(high x n)) (low x n)
    using <both-member-options (treeList ! high x n) (low x n) ∨ x = ma> by blast
  then show ?thesis
proof(cases mi < y)
  case True
  have 14:vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) y =
  Node (Some (mi, max y ma)) deg (treeList[(high y n):= vebt-insert (treeList ! (high y
n)) (low y n)])
    (if minNull (treeList ! (high y n)) then vebt-insert summary (high y n) else
summary)
    by (metis 0 00 True insert-simp-norm xyprop)
  have invar-vebt (treeList ! (high x n)) n
    by (metis 5.IH(1) 5.hyps(2) in-set-member inthall xyprop)
  then show ?thesis

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proof(cases  $high\ x\ n = high\ y\ n$ )
  case True
    have both-member-options (vebt-insert (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)) (low x n)
      by (metis 5.IH(1) 5.hyps(2) True ⟨both-member-options (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)⟩
        ⟨low x n < 2^n ∧ low y n < 2^n⟩ nth-mem xyprop)
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis 00 14 Suc-1 True add-leD1 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree
        length-list-update nth-list-update-eq plus-1-eq-Suc xyprop)
  next
    case False
      have (treeList[ (high y n):=vebt-insert (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)] ) ! (high x n) =
        treeList ! (high x n)
      using False by force
      then show ?thesis
        by (metis 00 14 One-nat-def Suc-leD ⟨both-member-options (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)⟩
          both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree length-list-update numeral-2-eq-2 xyprop)
  qed
  next
    case False
      have 14:vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) y =
        Node (Some (y, max mi ma)) deg (treeList[(high mi n):= vebt-insert (treeList ! (high mi
        n)) (low mi n)])]
        (if minNull (treeList ! (high mi n)) then vebt-insert summary (high mi n)
        else summary)
      using insert-simp-excp[of mi deg treeList y ma summary]
      by (metis 0 00 5.hyps(7) 5.hyps(8) div-eq-0-iff False antisym-conv3 div-exp-eq high-def
        le-less-trans power-not-zero zero-neq-numeral)
      have mimaprop: high mi n < 2^m ∧ low mi n < 2^n using exp-split-high-low[of mi n m] 00
        5(9,10) by force
      have invar-vebt (treeList ! (high x n)) n
      by (metis 5.IH(1) 5.hyps(2) in-set-member inthall xyprop)
      then show ?thesis
    proof(cases  $high\ x\ n = high\ mi\ n$ )
      case True
        have both-member-options (vebt-insert (treeList ! (high mi n)) (low mi n)) (low x n)
        by (metis 5.IH(1) 5.hyps(2) True ⟨both-member-options (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)⟩
          ⟨low x n < 2^n ∧ low y n < 2^n⟩ mimaprop nth-mem)
        then show ?thesis
          by (metis 00 14 Suc-1 True add-leD1 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree
            length-list-update nth-list-update-eq plus-1-eq-Suc xyprop)
      next
        case False
        have (treeList[ (high mi n):=vebt-insert (treeList ! (high mi n)) (low mi n)] ) ! (high x n) =
          treeList ! (high x n)
        by (metis False nth-list-update-neq)
        then show ?thesis
          by (metis 00 14 One-nat-def Suc-leD ⟨both-member-options (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)⟩
            both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree length-list-update numeral-2-eq-2 xyprop)
  qed

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qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed

lemma post-member-pre-member:invar-vebt t n ==> x < 2^n ==> y < 2^n ==> vebt-member (vebt-insert t x) y ==> vebt-member t y ∨ x = y
proof(induction t n arbitrary: x y rule: invar-vebt.induct)
  case (1 a b) then show ?case by auto
next
  case (2 treeList n summary m deg)
    hence deg ≥ 2
      using deg-not-0 by fastforce
    then show ?case using vebt-insert.simps(4)[of deg-2 treeList summary x]
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) 2.prems(3) vebt-member.simps(5) add-numeral-left le-add-diff-inverse
member-inv numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2))
next
  case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
    hence deg ≥ 2
      by (metis vebt-member.simps(2) One-nat-def Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1)
vebt-insert.simps(3) le-Suc-eq le-add1 plus-1-eq-Suc)
    then show ?case using vebt-insert.simps(4)[of deg-2 treeList summary x]
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) 3.prems(3) vebt-member.simps(5) add-numeral-left le-add-diff-inverse
member-inv numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2))
next
  case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
    hence 00:deg = n+m ∧ n ≥ 0 ∧ n = m ∧ deg ≥ 2 ∧ length treeList = 2^n
      by (metis div-eq-0-iff add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 not-less zero-le)
    hence xyprop: high x n < 2^n ∧ high y n < 2^n
      using 4.hyps(1) 4.prems(1) 4.prems(2) deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) by blast
    have low x n < 2^n ∧ low y n < 2^n
      by (simp add: low-def)
    then show ?case
  proof(cases x = mi ∨ x = ma)
    case True
    then show ?thesis
      using 00 4.prems(3) insert-simp-mima by auto
  next
    case False
    hence mimaxyprop: ¬ (x = mi ∨ x = ma) ∧ high x n < 2^n ∧ high mi n < 2^n ∧ low x n < 2^n
      ∧ low mi n < 2^n ∧ length treeList = 2^n
      using 00 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(7) 4.hyps(8) <low x n < 2^n ∧ low y n < 2^n> deg-not-0
exp-split-high-low(1) exp-split-high-low(2) le-less-trans xyprop by blast
    then show ?thesis
  proof(cases mi < x)
    case True
    hence vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
      Node (Some (mi, max x ma)) deg (treeList[(high x n) := vebt-insert (treeList ! (high x

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n)) (low x n)])
      (if minNull (treeList ! (high x n)) then vebt-insert summary (high x n) else
summary)
      using insert-simp-norm[of x n treeList mi ma summary] mimaxyprop 00 add-self-div-2 in-
sert-simp-norm by metis
      then show ?thesis
      proof(cases y = mi ∨ y = max x ma)
        case True
        then show ?thesis
        proof(cases y = mi)
          case True
          then show ?thesis
          by (metis 00 vebt-member.simps(5) le0 not-less-eq-eq numeral-2-eq-2 old.nat.exhaust)
next
      case False
      hence y = max x ma
      using True by blast
      then show ?thesis
      proof(cases x < ma)
        case True
        then show ?thesis
        by (metis (no-types, lifting) 00 vebt-member.simps(5) ‹y = max x ma› add-numeral-left
le-add-diff-inverse max-less-iff-conj not-less-iff-gr-or-eq numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2))
next
      case False
      then show ?thesis
      using ‹y = max x ma› by linarith
qed
qed
next
      case False
      hence vebt-member ((treeList[(high x n):= vebt-insert (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)]) ! (high
y n)) (low y n)
      by (metis 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) 4.prem(3) ‹vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList
summary) x = Node (Some (mi, max x ma)) deg (treeList[high x n := vebt-insert (treeList ! high x
n) (low x n)]) (if minNull (treeList ! high x n) then vebt-insert summary (high x n) else summary)›
add-self-div-2 member-inv)
      then show ?thesis
      proof(cases high x n = high y n)
        case True
        hence 000:vebt-member (vebt-insert (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)) (low y n)
        using ‹vebt-member (treeList[high x n := vebt-insert (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! high y
n) (low y n)› mimaxyprop by auto
        have 001:invar-vebt (treeList ! (high x n)) n ∧ treeList ! (high x n) ∈ set treeList
        by (simp add: 4.IH(1) mimaxyprop)
        hence 002:vebt-member (treeList ! (high x n)) (low y n) ∨ low y n = low x n
        using 000 4.IH(1) ‹low x n < 2 ^ n ∧ low y n < 2 ^ n› by fastforce
        hence 003:both-member-options (treeList ! (high x n)) (low y n) ∨ low y n = low x n
        using ‹invar-vebt (treeList ! high x n) n ∧ treeList ! high x n ∈ set treeList› both-member-options-equiv-member

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by blast
have 004:naive-member (treeList ! (high x n)) (low y n) ==>
  naive-member (Node (Some (mi , ma)) deg treeList summary) y
  by (metis 00 Suc-le-D True add-self-div-2 mimaxyprop naive-member.simps(3) one-add-one
plus-1-eq-Suc)
hence 005:both-member-options (Node (Some (mi , ma)) deg treeList summary) y ∨ x = y
  by (metis 00 001 002 Suc-le-D True add-self-div-2 bit-split-inv both-member-options-def
member-valid-both-member-options membermima.simps(4) mimaxyprop one-add-one plus-1-eq-Suc)
  then show ?thesis
  by (smt 00 001 002 003 4(11) 4(8) vebt-member.simps(5) True add-numeral-left add-self-div-2
bit-split-inv le-add-diff-inverse mimaxyprop not-less not-less-iff-gr-or-eq numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semir-
ing-norm(2))
next
case False
hence 000:vebt-member (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)
  using <vebt-member (treeList[high x n := vebt-insert (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! high y
n) (low y n)> by auto
moreover have 004:naive-member (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n) ==>
  naive-member (Node (Some (mi , ma)) deg treeList summary) y
  by (metis 00 Suc-le-D add-self-div-2 naive-member.simps(3) one-add-one plus-1-eq-Suc
xyprop)
moreover have 001:invar-vebt (treeList ! (high y n)) n ∧ treeList ! (high y n) ∈ set treeList
  by (metis (full-types) 4.IH(1) 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(3) inthall member-def xyprop)
moreover have both-member-options (Node (Some (mi , ma)) deg treeList summary) y
  by (metis 00 000 001 004 Suc-le-D add-self-div-2 both-member-options-def member-valid-both-member-options
membermima.simps(4) one-add-one plus-1-eq-Suc xyprop)
moreover have vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y
  using both-member-options-equiv-member[of (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
deg y]
  invar-vebt.intros(4)[of treeList n summary m deg mi ma]
  using 4 calculation(4) by blast
  then show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed
next
case False
hence x < mi
  using mimaxyprop nat-neq-iff by blast
hence vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
  Node (Some (x, max mi ma)) deg (treeList[ (high mi n):=vebt-insert (treeList ! (high mi
n)) (low mi n)])]
  (if minNull (treeList ! (high mi n)) then vebt-insert summary (high mi n) else
summary)
  using insert-simp-excp[of mi n treeList x ma summary] mimaxyprop 00 add-self-div-2 in-
sert-simp-excp by metis
  then show ?thesis
proof(cases y = x ∨ y = max mi ma)
  case True
  then show ?thesis

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proof(cases y = x)
  case True
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: 00)
next
  case False
  hence y = max mi ma
    using True by blast
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases mi < ma)
    case True
      then show ?thesis using 00 vebt-member.simps(5) {y = max mi ma} add-numeral-left
        le-add-diff-inverse max-less-iff-conj not-less-iff-gr-or-eq numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc
        semiring-norm(2)
        by (metis (no-types, lifting))
    next
    case False
      then show ?thesis
        by (metis 00 4.hyps(7) vebt-member.simps(5) {y = max mi ma} add-numeral-left
          le-add-diff-inverse max.absorb2 numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2))
      qed
  qed
next
  case False
  hence vebt-member ((treeList[(high mi n) := vebt-insert (treeList ! (high mi n)) (low mi n)]) !
    (high y n)) (low y n)
    by (metis 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) 4.prem(3) {vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList
      summary) x = Node (Some (x, max mi ma)) deg (treeList[high mi n := vebt-insert (treeList ! high mi
      n) (low mi n)])} (if minNull (treeList ! high mi n) then vebt-insert summary (high mi n) else summary) add-self-div-2 member-inv)
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases high mi n = high y n)
      case True
        hence 000:vebt-member (vebt-insert (treeList ! (high mi n)) (low mi n)) (low y n)
          by (metis {vebt-member (treeList[high mi n := vebt-insert (treeList ! high mi n) (low mi n)] !
            high y n) (low y n)} mimaxyprop nth-list-update-eq)
        have 001:invar-vebt (treeList ! (high mi n)) n ∧ treeList ! (high mi n) ∈ set treeList
          by (simp add: 4.IH(1) mimaxyprop)
        hence 002:vebt-member (treeList ! (high mi n)) (low y n) ∨ low y n = low mi n
          using 000 4.IH(1) {low x n < 2 ^ n ∧ low y n < 2 ^ n} mimaxyprop by fastforce
        hence 003:both-member-options (treeList ! (high mi n)) (low y n) ∨ low y n = low mi n
          using {invar-vebt (treeList ! high mi n) n ∧ treeList ! high mi n ∈ set treeList}
          both-member-options-equiv-member by blast
        have 004:naive-member (treeList ! (high mi n)) (low y n) ==>
          naive-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y using naive-member.simps(3)[of
          Some (mi, ma) deg-1 treeList summary y]
          using 00 True mimaxyprop by fastforce
        hence 005:both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y ∨ x = y
          by (metis 00 001 002 Suc-le-D True add-self-div-2 bit-split-inv both-member-options-def

```

```

member-valid-both-member-options membermima.simps(4) mimaxyprop one-add-one plus-1-eq-Suc)
  then show ?thesis
    by (smt 00 001 002 003 4.hyps(6) 4.hyps(9) vebt-member.simps(5) True add-numeral-left
add-self-div-2 bit-split-inv le-add-diff-inverse mimaxyprop not-less not-less-iff-gr-or-eq numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc
semiring-norm(2))
  next
  case False
  hence 000:vebt-member (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)
    using <vebt-member (treeList[high mi n := vebt-insert (treeList ! high mi n) (low mi n)] !
high y n) (low y n)> by auto
    moreover have 004:naive-member (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n) ==>
      naive-member (Node (Some (mi , ma)) deg treeList summary) y
      by (metis 00 Suc-le-D add-self-div-2 naive-member.simps(3) one-add-one plus-1-eq-Suc
xyprop)
    moreover have 001:invar-vebt (treeList ! (high y n)) n ∧ treeList ! (high y n) ∈ set treeList
      by (metis (full-types) 4.IH(1) 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(3) inthall member-def xyprop)
    moreover have both-member-options (Node (Some (mi , ma)) deg treeList summary) y
      by (metis 00 000 001 004 Suc-le-D add-self-div-2 both-member-options-def member-valid-both-member-options
membermima.simps(4) one-add-one plus-1-eq-Suc xyprop)
    then show ?thesis using both-member-options-equiv-member[of (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg
treeList summary) deg y]
      invar-vebt.intros(4)[of treeList n summary m deg mi ma] 4 by blast
  qed
  qed
  qed
  qed
next
case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
hence 00:deg = n+m ∧ n ≥ 0 ∧ Suc n = m ∧ deg ≥ 2 ∧ length treeList = 2^m ∧ n ≥ 1
  by (metis Suc-1 add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) le-add1 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0 zero-le)
hence xyprop: high x n < 2^m ∧ high y n < 2^m
  using 5.prem(1) 5.prem(2) exp-split-high-low(1) by auto
have low x n < 2^n ∧ low y n < 2^n
  by (simp add: low-def)
then show ?case
proof(cases x = mi ∨ x = ma)
  case True
  then show ?thesis
    using 00 5.prem(3) insert-simp-mima by auto
next
case False
hence mimaxyprop: ¬ (x = mi ∨ x = ma) ∧ high x n < 2^m ∧ high mi n < 2^m ∧ low x n < 2^n
  ∧ low mi n < 2^n ∧ length treeList = 2^m
  using 00 5 <low x n < 2^n ∧ low y n < 2^n> deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) exp-split-high-low(2)
le-less-trans xyprop
  by (smt less-le-trans less-numeral-extra(1))
then show ?thesis
proof(cases mi < x)
  case True

```

```

hence vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
  Node (Some (mi, max x ma)) deg (treeList[ (high x n):=vebt-insert (treeList ! (high x
n)) (low x n)])]
    (if minNull (treeList ! (high x n)) then vebt-insert summary (high x n) else
summary)
      using insert-simp-norm[of x deg treeList mi ma summary]
      by (smt 00 False add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 even-Suc-div-two odd-add xyprop)
      then show ?thesis
      proof(cases y = mi ∨ y = max x ma)
        case True
        then show ?thesis
        proof(cases y = mi)
          case True
          then show ?thesis
          by (metis 00 vebt-member.simps(5) le0 not-less-eq-eq numeral-2-eq-2 old.nat.exhaust)
        next
          case False
          hence y = max x ma
            using True by blast
          then show ?thesis
          proof(cases x < ma)
            case True
            then show ?thesis
            by (metis (no-types, lifting) 00 vebt-member.simps(5) ‹y = max x ma› add-numeral-left
le-add-diff-inverse max-less-iff-conj not-less-iff-gr-or-eq numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2))
          next
            case False
            then show ?thesis
              using ‹y = max x ma› by linarith
            qed
          qed
        next
          case False
          hence vebt-member ((treeList[ (high x n):=vebt-insert (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)]) ! (high
y n)) (low y n)
            using 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4) 5.preds(3) ‹vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList
summary) x = Node (Some (mi, max x ma)) deg (treeList[high x n := vebt-insert (treeList ! high x
n) (low x n)]) (if minNull (treeList ! high x n) then vebt-insert summary (high x n) else summary)›
            add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 member-inv by force
            then show ?thesis
            proof(cases high x n = high y n)
              case True
              hence 000:vebt-member (vebt-insert (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)) (low y n)
                by (metis 5.hyps(2) ‹vebt-member (treeList[high x n := vebt-insert (treeList ! high x n) (low
x n)] ! high y n) (low y n)› nth-list-update-eq xyprop)
              have 001:invar-vebt (treeList ! (high x n)) n ∧ treeList ! (high x n) ∈ set treeList
                by (simp add: 5.IH(1) 5.hyps(2) xyprop)
              hence 002:vebt-member (treeList ! (high x n)) (low y n) ∨ low y n = low x n
                using 000 5.IH(1) ‹low x n < 2 ^ n ∧ low y n < 2 ^ n› by fastforce

```

```

hence 003:both-member-options (treeList ! (high x n)) (low y n)  $\vee$  low y n = low x n
using <invar-vebt (treeList ! high x n) n  $\wedge$  treeList ! high x n  $\in$  set treeList> both-member-options-equiv-member
by blast
have 004:naive-member (treeList ! (high x n)) (low y n)  $\implies$ 
    naive-member (Node (Some (mi , ma)) deg treeList summary) y
using 00 True xyprop by auto
hence 005:both-member-options (Node (Some (mi , ma)) deg treeList summary) y  $\vee$  x = y
by (smt 00 001 002 True add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 bit-split-inv both-member-options-def
even-Suc-div-two member-valid-both-member-options membermima.simps(4) odd-add xyprop)
then show ?thesis
using both-member-options-equiv-member[of (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
deg y]
    invar-vebt.intros(5)[of treeList n summary m deg mi ma] 5 by blast
next
case False
hence 000:vebt-member (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)
using <vebt-member (treeList[high x n := vebt-insert (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! high y
n) (low y n)> by fastforce
moreover have 004:naive-member (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)  $\implies$ 
    naive-member (Node (Some (mi , ma)) deg treeList summary) y
using 00 xyprop by auto
moreover have 001:invar-vebt (treeList ! (high y n)) n  $\wedge$  treeList ! (high y n)  $\in$  set treeList
by (metis (full-types) 5inthall member-def xyprop)
moreover have both-member-options (Node (Some (mi , ma)) deg treeList summary) y
using 00 000 001 both-member-options-def member-valid-both-member-options xyprop by
fastforce
moreover have vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y
using both-member-options-equiv-member[of (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
deg y]
    invar-vebt.intros(5)[of treeList n summary m deg mi ma] 5 calculation(4) by blast
then show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed
next
case False
hence x < mi
using mimaxyprop nat-neq-iff by blast
hence vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
    Node (Some (x, max mi ma)) deg (treeList[ (high mi n):=vebt-insert (treeList ! (high mi
n)) (low mi n)])  

        (if minNull (treeList ! (high mi n)) then vebt-insert summary (high mi n)
else summary)
using insert-simp-excp[of mi n treeList x ma summary] mimaxyprop 00 add-self-div-2 in-
sert-simp-excp
by (smt add-Suc-right even-Suc-div-two odd-add)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases y = x  $\vee$  y = max mi ma)
case True
then show ?thesis

```

```

proof(cases y = x)
  case True
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: 00)
next
  case False
  hence y = max mi ma
    using True by blast
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases mi < ma)
    case True
      then show ?thesis using 00 vebt-member.simps(5) {y = max mi ma} add-numeral-left
        le-add-diff-inverse max-less-iff-conj not-less-iff-gr-or-eq numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc
        semiring-norm(2)
        by (metis (no-types, lifting))
    next
    case False
      then show ?thesis
        by (metis 00 5.hyps(7) vebt-member.simps(5) {y = max mi ma} add-numeral-left
          le-add-diff-inverse max.absorb2 numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2))
      qed
  qed
next
  case False
  hence vebt-member ((treeList[(high mi n):=vebt-insert (treeList ! (high mi n)) (low mi n)]) !
    (high y n)) (low y n)
    using 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4) 5.prems(3) {vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList
      summary) x = Node (Some (x, max mi ma)) deg (treeList[high mi n := vebt-insert (treeList ! high mi
      n) (low mi n)]) (if minNull (treeList ! high mi n) then vebt-insert summary (high mi n) else summary)}>
    member-inv by force
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases high mi n = high y n)
      case True
        hence 000:vebt-member (vebt-insert (treeList ! (high mi n)) (low mi n)) (low y n)
          by (metis {vebt-member (treeList[high mi n := vebt-insert (treeList ! high mi n) (low mi n)] !
            high y n) (low y n)} mimaxyprop nth-list-update-eq)
        have 001:invar-vebt (treeList ! (high mi n)) n ∧ treeList ! (high mi n) ∈ set treeList
          by (simp add: 5.IH(1) mimaxyprop)
        hence 002:vebt-member (treeList ! (high mi n)) (low y n) ∨ low y n = low mi n
          using 000 5.IH(1) {low x n < 2 ^ n ∧ low y n < 2 ^ n} mimaxyprop by fastforce
        hence 003:both-member-options (treeList ! (high mi n)) (low y n) ∨ low y n = low mi n
          using {invar-vebt (treeList ! high mi n) n ∧ treeList ! high mi n ∈ set treeList}
          both-member-options-equiv-member by blast
        have 004:naive-member (treeList ! (high mi n)) (low y n) ==>
          naive-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y using naive-member.simps(3)[of
          Some (mi, ma) deg-1 treeList summary y]
          using 00 True mimaxyprop by fastforce
        hence 005:both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y ∨ x = y
          by (smt 00 001 002 True add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 bit-split-inv both-member-options-def)

```

```

even-Suc-div-two member-valid-both-member-options membermima.simps(4) odd-add xyprop)
  then show ?thesis using 00 001 002 003 5(14) 5.hyps(6) 5.hyps(7) 5.hyps(9) vebt-member.simps(5)
True
  add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 bit-split-inv even-Suc-div-two le-add-diff-inverse max.absorb2
  mimaxyprop not-less-iff-gr-or-eq odd-add plus-1-eq-Suc
  by (smt (z3) <vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = Node (Some
(x, max mi ma)) deg (treeList[high mi n := vebt-insert (treeList ! high mi n) (low mi n)]) (if minNull
(treeList ! high mi n) then vebt-insert summary (high mi n) else summary)>)
next
  case False
  hence 000:vebt-member (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)
    using <vebt-member (treeList[high mi n := vebt-insert (treeList ! high mi n) (low mi n)] !
high y n) (low y n)> by auto
  moreover have 004:naive-member (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n) ==>
    naive-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y
    using 00 xyprop by auto
  moreover have 001:invar-vebt (treeList ! (high y n)) n ∧ treeList ! (high y n) ∈ set treeList
    by (metis (full-types) 5.IH(1) 5.hyps(2) 5.hyps(3) inthall member-def xyprop)
  moreover have both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y
    using 00 000 001 both-member-options-def member-valid-both-member-options xyprop by
fastforce
  then show ?thesis using both-member-options-equiv-member[of (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg
treeList summary) deg y]
    invar-vebt.intros(5)[of treeList n summary m deg mi ma] 5 by simp
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
end
end

```

```

theory VEBT-InsertCorrectness imports VEBT-Member VEBT-Insert
begin

```

```

context VEBT-internal begin

```

4 Correctness of the Insert Operation

4.1 Validness Preservation

```

theorem valid-pres-insert: invar-vebt t n ==> x < 2^n ==> invar-vebt (vebt-insert t x) n
proof(induction t n arbitrary: x rule: invar-vebt.induct)
  case (1 a b)
  then show ?case using vebt-insert.simps(1)[of a b x]
    by (simp add: invar-vebt.intros(1))
next
  case (2 treeList n summary m deg)

```

hence 0: ($\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \text{invar-vebt } t n$) **and** 1: *invar-vebt summary n* **and** 2: *length treeList = $2^{\wedge}n$* **and**
 3: $\text{deg} = 2*n$ **and** 4: ($\nexists i. \text{both-member-options summary } i$) **and** 5: ($\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \nexists x. \text{both-member-options } t x$) **and** 6: $n \geq 1$
using 2.*prems* **by** (auto simp add: Suc-leI deg-not-0)
let ?t = Node None deg treeList summary
let ?tnew = vebt-insert ?t x
have 6:?tnew = (Node (Some (x,x)) deg treeList summary) **using** vebt-insert.simps(4)[of deg-2 treeList summary x]
by (metis 1 2.hyps(3) 2.hyps(4) add-2-eq-Suc add-diff-inverse-nat add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-less gr-implies-not0)
have 7:($x = x \longrightarrow (\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \nexists x. \text{both-member-options } t x)$)
using $\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \nexists x. \text{both-member-options } t x$ **by** blast
have 8: $x \leq x$ **by** simp
have 9: $x < 2^{\wedge}\text{deg}$
by (simp add: 2.*prems*)
have 10:($x \neq x \longrightarrow (\forall i < 2^{\wedge}(2^{\wedge}n). (\text{high } x \text{ deg} = i \longrightarrow \text{both-member-options } (\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{low } x \text{ deg})) \wedge$
 $(\forall y. (\text{high } y \text{ deg} = i \wedge \text{both-member-options } (\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{low } y \text{ deg})) \longrightarrow x < y \wedge y \leq x))$
by simp
then show ?case **using** 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 invar-vebt.intros(4)[of treeList n summary m deg x x]
by (metis 2.hyps(3) 2.hyps(4) nth-mem)
next
case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
hence 0: ($\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \text{invar-vebt } t n$) **and** 1: *invar-vebt summary m* **and** 2: *length treeList = $2^{\wedge}m$* **and**
 3: $\text{deg} = n+m$ **and** 4: ($\nexists i. \text{both-member-options summary } i$) **and** 5: ($\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \nexists x. \text{both-member-options } t x$) **and** 6: $n \geq 1$
and 7: $\text{Suc } n = m$ **using** 3.*prems* **apply** auto
by (metis 3.hyps(2) One-nat-def set-n-deg-not-0)
let ?t = Node None deg treeList summary
let ?tnew = vebt-insert ?t x
have 6:?tnew = (Node (Some (x,x)) deg treeList summary) **using** vebt-insert.simps(4)[of deg-2 treeList summary x]
by (smt 3 3.hyps(3) 6 Nat.add-diff-assoc One-nat-def Suc-le-mono add-diff-inverse-nat add-gr-0 add-numeral-left diff-is-0-eq' not-less not-less-iff-gr-or-eq numeral-2-eq-2 numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2))
have 7:($x = x \longrightarrow (\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \nexists x. \text{both-member-options } t x)$)
using $\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \nexists x. \text{both-member-options } t x$ **by** blast
have 8: $x \leq x$ **by** simp
have 9: $x < 2^{\wedge}\text{deg}$
by (simp add: 3.*prems*)
have 10:($x \neq x \longrightarrow (\forall i < 2^{\wedge}(2^{\wedge}n). (\text{high } x \text{ deg} = i \longrightarrow \text{both-member-options } (\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{low } x \text{ deg})) \wedge$
 $(\forall y. (\text{high } y \text{ deg} = i \wedge \text{both-member-options } (\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{low } y \text{ deg})) \longrightarrow x < y \wedge y \leq x))$
by simp

```

then show ?case using 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 invar-vebt.intros(5)[of treeList n summary m deg x
x] 3.hyps(3) nth-mem by force
next
  case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence myIHs:  $x \in \text{set treeList} \implies \text{invar-vebt } x \ n \implies xa < 2^m \implies \text{invar-vebt } (\text{vebt-insert } x \ xa)$ 
  n for x xa by simp
  hence 0: ( $\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \text{invar-vebt } t \ n$ ) and 1:  $\text{invar-vebt } \text{summary } m \text{ and } 2:\text{length treeList} = 2^m \text{ and } 3: \deg = n+m \text{ and }$ 
    4: ( $\forall i < 2^m. (\exists y. \text{both-member-options } (\text{treeList} ! i) \ y) \longleftrightarrow (\text{both-member-options } \text{summary } i)$ ) and
    5: ( $mi = ma \longrightarrow (\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \nexists y. \text{both-member-options } t \ y)$ ) and 6:  $mi \leq ma \wedge ma < 2^{\deg}$  and
    7: ( $mi \neq ma \longrightarrow (\forall i < 2^m. (\text{high } ma \ n = i \longrightarrow \text{both-member-options } (\text{treeList} ! i) \ (\text{low } ma \ n)) \wedge$ 
       $(\forall y. (\text{high } y \ n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options } (\text{treeList} ! i) \ (\text{low } y \ n)) \longrightarrow mi < y \wedge y \leq ma))$ )
    and 8:  $n = m$  and 9:  $\deg \text{ div } 2 = n$  using 4 add-self-div-2 by blast+
  then show ?case
  proof(cases x = mi ∨ x = ma)
    case True
    then show ?thesis using insert-simp-mima[of x mi ma deg treeList summary]
      invar-vebt.intros(4)[of treeList n summary m deg mi ma]
      by (smt 0 1 2 3 4 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(7) 4.hyps(8) 5 7 9 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff)
  next
  case False
  hence mimaxrel:  $x \neq mi \wedge x \neq ma$  by simp
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases mi < x)
    case True
    hence abcdef:  $mi < x$  by simp
    let ?h = high x n and ?l = low x n
    have highlowprop:  $\text{high } x \ n < 2^m \wedge \text{low } x \ n < 2^n$ 
      using 1 3 4.hyps(3) 4.prems deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) exp-split-high-low(2) by blast
    have 10: vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
      Node (Some (mi, max x ma)) deg (treeList[?h:=vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l])
      (if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then vebt-insert summary ?h else summary)
    using 2 3 False True <high x n < 2^m ∧ low x n < 2^n> insert-simp-norm by (metis 1
    4.hyps(3) 9 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff)
    let ?maxnew = max x ma and ?nextTreeList = (take ?h treeList @ [vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h)
    ?l] @ drop (?h+1) treeList) and
      ?nextSummary = (if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then vebt-insert summary ?h else summary)
    have 11: ( $\forall t \in \text{set } ?\text{nextTreeList}. \text{invar-vebt } t \ n$ ) proof
      fix t
      assume t ∈ set ?nextTreeList
      hence 11:t ∈ set (take ?h treeList) ∨ t ∈ set ([vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l] @ drop (?h+1)
      treeList) by auto
      show invar-vebt t n
      proof(cases t ∈ set (take ?h treeList) )
        case True

```

```

then show ?thesis
  by (meson 0 in-set-takeD)
next
  case False
  hence 1110:  $t = \text{vebt-insert}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l \vee t \in \text{set}(\text{drop}(\text{?h+1}) \text{treeList})$ 
    using 111 by auto
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases  $t = \text{vebt-insert}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l$ )
    case True
    have 11110:  $\text{invar-vebt}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) n$ 
      by (simp add: 2 4.IH(1) highlowprop)
    have 11111:  $?l < 2^n$ 
      by (simp add: low-def)
    then show ?thesis using myIHs[of treeList ! ?h]
      by (simp add: 11110 2 True highlowprop)
  next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis 0 1110 append-assoc append-take-drop-id in-set-conv-decomp)
  qed
  qed
  qed
  have 12:  $\text{invar-vebt} ?nextSummary n$ 
  proof(cases  $\text{minNull}(\text{treeList} ! \text{high } x n)$ )
    case True
    then show ?thesis
      using 4.IH(2) 8 highlowprop by auto
  next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: 1 8)
  qed
  have 13:  $\forall i < 2^m. (\exists y. \text{both-member-options}(\text{?nextTreeList} ! i) y) \longleftrightarrow (\text{both-member-options}(\text{?nextSummary} i))$ 
  proof
    fix i
    show  $i < 2^m \longrightarrow (\exists y. \text{both-member-options}((\text{?nextTreeList} ! i) y) = \text{both-member-options}(\text{?nextSummary} i))$ 
    proof
      assume  $i < 2^m$ 
      show  $(\exists y. \text{both-member-options}((\text{?nextTreeList} ! i) y) = \text{both-member-options}(\text{?nextSummary} i))$ 
      proof(cases  $\text{minNull}(\text{treeList} ! \text{high } x n)$ )
        case True
        hence tc:  $\text{minNull}(\text{treeList} ! \text{high } x n)$  by simp
        hence nsprop:  $\text{?nextSummary} = \text{vebt-insert summary} ?h$  by simp
        have insprop:  $\text{?nextTreeList} ! ?h = \text{vebt-insert}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l$ 
          by (metis 2 Suc-eq-plus1 append-Cons highlowprop nth-list-update-eq self-append-conv2 upd-conv-take-nth-drop)

```

```

then show ?thesis
proof(cases i = ?h)
  case True
    have 161:¬ y. vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) y
      by (simp add: min-Null-member tc)
    hence 162:¬ y. both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) y
      by (metis 2 4.IH(1) highlowprop nth-mem valid-member-both-member-options)
    hence 163:¬ both-member-options summary i
      using 11 2 4 True ⟨i < 2 ^ m⟩ by blast
    have 164:?nextTreeList ! i = vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l
      using True insprop by simp
    have 165:invar-vebt (vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l) n
      by (simp add: 11)
    have 166:both-member-options (vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l) ?l using myIHs[of treeList !
      ?h ?l]
      by (metis 0 2 highlowprop nth-mem valid-insert-both-member-options-add)
    have 167:∃ y. both-member-options ((?nextTreeList) ! i) y
      using 164 166 by auto
  then show ?thesis
    using 1 11 2 True nsprop valid-insert-both-member-options-add highlowprop by auto
next
  case False
    have ?nextTreeList ! i = treeList ! i
      by (metis 2 False ⟨i < 2 ^ m⟩ highlowprop nth-repl)
      have fstprop:both-member-options ((?nextTreeList) ! i) y ==> both-member-options
        (?nextSummary) i for y
        using 1 4 ⟨(take (high x n) treeList @ [VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList ! high
          x n) (low x n)] @ drop (high x n + 1) treeList) ! i = treeList ! i⟩ ⟨i < 2 ^ m⟩ highlowprop
        valid-insert-both-member-options-pres by auto
      moreover have both-member-options (?nextSummary) i ==> ∃ y . both-member-options
        ((?nextTreeList) ! i) y
      proof-
        assume both-member-options (?nextSummary) i
        have i ≠ high x n
          by (simp add: False)
        hence both-member-options summary i
          by (smt (z3) 1 12 ⟨both-member-options (if minNull (treeList ! high x n) then
            VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert summary (high x n) else summary) i⟩ ⟨i < 2 ^ m⟩ both-member-options-equiv-member
            highlowprop post-member-pre-member)
        hence ∃ y. both-member-options (treeList ! i) y
          by (simp add: 4 ⟨i < 2 ^ m⟩)
        then show ?thesis
          using ⟨(take (high x n) treeList @ [VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList ! high x n) (low x
            n)] @ drop (high x n + 1) treeList) ! i = treeList ! i⟩ by presburger
        qed
        ultimately show ?thesis by auto
      qed
    next
    case False

```

```

hence ?nextSummary = summary by simp
hence  $\exists y. \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! \text{high } x n) y$ 
  using not-min-Null-member False by blast
hence both-member-options summary (high x n)
  using 4 highlowprop by blast
hence both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! high x n) ?l
  by (metis 0 2 Suc-eq-plus1 append-Cons append-Nil highlowprop nth-list-update-eq nth-mem
upd-conv-take-nth-drop valid-insert-both-member-options-add)
then show ?thesis
  by (smt (verit, best) 2 4 False <both-member-options summary (high x n)> <i < 2 ^ m>
highlowprop nth-repl)
qed
qed
qed
have 14: ( $mi = \max ma x \longrightarrow (\forall t \in set ?\text{nextTreeList}. \nexists y. \text{both-member-options} t y)$ )
  using True max-less-iff-conj by blast
have 15:  $mi \leq \max ma x \wedge \max ma x < 2^{\text{deg}}$ 
  using 4.hyps(8) 4.prems abcdef by auto
have 16: ( $mi \neq \max ma x \longrightarrow (\forall i < 2^m. (\text{high}(\max ma x) n = i \longrightarrow \text{both-member-options} (?\text{nextTreeList} ! i) (\text{low}(\max ma x) n)) \wedge$ 
 $(\forall y. (\text{high } y n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options} (?\text{nextTreeList} ! i) (\text{low } y n)) \longrightarrow mi < y \wedge y \leq \max ma x))$ 
proof
  assume  $mi \neq \max ma x$ 
  show  $(\forall i < 2^m. (\text{high}(\max ma x) n = i \longrightarrow \text{both-member-options} (?\text{nextTreeList} ! i) (\text{low}(\max ma x) n)) \wedge$ 
 $(\forall y. (\text{high } y n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options} (?\text{nextTreeList} ! i) (\text{low } y n)) \longrightarrow mi < y \wedge y \leq \max ma x))$ 
  proof
    fix  $i :: \text{nat}$ 
    show  $i < 2^m \longrightarrow$ 
       $(\text{high}(\max ma x) n = i \longrightarrow \text{both-member-options} (?\text{nextTreeList} ! i) (\text{low}(\max ma x) n)) \wedge$ 
       $(\forall y. \text{high } y n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options} (?\text{nextTreeList} ! i) (\text{low } y n) \longrightarrow mi < y \wedge y \leq \max ma x)$ 
    proof
      assume  $i < 2^m$ 
      show  $(\text{high}(\max ma x) n = i \longrightarrow \text{both-member-options} (?\text{nextTreeList} ! i) (\text{low}(\max ma x) n)) \wedge$ 
 $(\forall y. \text{high } y n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options} (?\text{nextTreeList} ! i) (\text{low } y n) \longrightarrow mi < y \wedge y \leq \max ma x)$ 
      proof
        show  $(\text{high}(\max ma x) n = i \longrightarrow \text{both-member-options} (?\text{nextTreeList} ! i) (\text{low}(\max ma x) n))$ 
      proof
        assume  $high(\max ma x) n = i$ 
        show both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low (max ma x) n)
        proof(cases high x n = high ma n)
          case True
          have invar-verb (treeList ! i) n
        qed
      qed
    qed
  qed
qed

```

```

by (metis 0 2 ⟨i < 2 ^ m⟩ in-set-member inthall)
have length ?nextTreeList = 2^m
  using 2 highlowprop by auto
hence ?nextTreeList ! i = vebt-insert (treeList ! i) (low x n)
  using concat-inth[of take (high x n) treeList vebt-insert (treeList ! i) (low x n) drop
(high x n + 1) treeList]
  2 True ⟨high (max ma x) n = i⟩ ⟨i < 2 ^ m⟩ concat-inth length-take max-def
by (metis Suc-eq-plus1 append-Cons append-Nil nth-list-update-eq upd-conv-take-nth-drop)
hence vebt-member (?nextTreeList ! i) (low x n) using Un-iff ⟨i < 2 ^ m⟩
⟨invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n⟩ both-member-options-equiv-member highlowprop
list.set-intros(1) set-append valid-insert-both-member-options-add
by (metis 11 True ⟨high (max ma x) n = i⟩ max-def)
then show ?thesis proof(cases mi = ma)
  case True
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis ⟨(take (high x n) treeList @ [VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList ! high x n)
(low x n)] @ drop (high x n + 1) treeList) ! i = VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList ! i) (low x n)⟩ ⟨mi
≠ max ma x⟩ ⟨invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n⟩ highlowprop max-def valid-insert-both-member-options-add)
  next
  case False
  hence vebt-member (treeList ! i) (low ma n)
    by (metis 7 True ⟨high (max ma x) n = i⟩ ⟨invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n⟩
both-member-options-equiv-member highlowprop linorder-cases max.absorb3 max.absorb4 mimaxrel)
  hence vebt-member (?nextTreeList ! i) (low ma n) ∨ (low ma n = low x n)
    using post-member-pre-member[of (treeList ! i) n low x n low ma n]
    by (metis 2 4.IH(1) ⟨(take (high x n) treeList @ [VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert
(treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] @ drop (high x n + 1) treeList) ! i = VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList
! i) (low x n)⟩ ⟨i < 2 ^ m⟩ both-member-options-equiv-member highlowprop member-bound nth-mem
valid-insert-both-member-options-pres)
    then show ?thesis
    by (metis 2 4.IH(1) True ⟨(take (high x n) treeList @ [VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList
! high x n) (low x n)] @ drop (high x n + 1) treeList) ! i = VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList ! i)
(low x n)⟩ ⟨high (max ma x) n = i⟩ both-member-options-equiv-member highlowprop max-def nth-mem
valid-insert-both-member-options-add)
qed
next
case False
then show ?thesis
proof(cases x < ma)
  case True
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis 2 7 False ⟨high (max ma x) n = i⟩ ⟨i < 2 ^ m⟩ abcdef highlowprop
less-trans max.strict-order-iff nth-repl)
  next
  case False
  hence x > ma
    using mimaxrel nat-neq-iff by blast
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis 2 4.IH(1) One-nat-def ⟨high (max ma x) n = i⟩ add.right-neutral

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add-Suc-right append-Cons highlowprop max.commute max.strict-order-iff nth-list-update-eq nth-mem
self-append-conv2 upd-conv-take-nth-drop valid-insert-both-member-options-add)
qed
qed
qed
show ( $\forall y. \text{high } y n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options} (\text{?nextTreeList} ! i) (\text{low } y n) \rightarrow mi < y$ 
 $\wedge y \leq \text{max ma } x)$ 
proof
fix y
show high y n = i  $\wedge$  both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y n)  $\rightarrow$  mi < y  $\wedge$  y
 $\leq \text{max ma } x$ 
proof
assume bb:high y n = i  $\wedge$  both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y n)
show mi < y  $\wedge$  y  $\leq \text{max ma } x$ 
proof(cases i = high x n)
case True
hence cc: i = high x n by simp
have invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n
by (metis 0 2 <i < 2 ^m> in-set-member inthall)
have length ?nextTreeList = 2 ^m
using 2 highlowprop by auto
hence aa:?nextTreeList ! i = vebt-insert (treeList ! i) (low x n)
using concat-inth[of take (high x n) treeList vebt-insert (treeList ! i) (low x n) drop
(high x n + 1) treeList]
by (metis 2 Suc-eq-plus1 append-Cons append-self-conv2 cc highlowprop nth-list-update-eq
upd-conv-take-nth-drop)
hence invar-vebt (?nextTreeList ! i) n
by (simp add: 11 True)
hence vebt-member (treeList ! i) (low y n)  $\vee$  (low y n) = (low x n)
by (metis <invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n> aa bb highlowprop member-bound
post-member-pre-member valid-member-both-member-options)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases low y n = low x n)
case True
hence high x n = high y n  $\wedge$  low y n = low x n
by (simp add: bb cc)
hence x = y
by (metis bit-split-inv)
then show ?thesis
using abcdef by auto
next
case False
hence vebt-member (treeList ! i) (low y n)
using <vebt-member (treeList ! i) (low y n)  $\vee$  low y n = low x n> by blast
hence mi  $\neq$  ma using 5 inthall
by (metis 2 <i < 2 ^m> min-Null-member not-min-Null-member)
then show ?thesis
using 7 <i < 2 ^m> <vebt-member (treeList ! i) (low y n)> <invar-vebt (treeList !
i) n> bb both-member-options-equiv-member max.coboundedI1 by blast

```

```

qed
next
  case False
  have invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n
    by (metis 0 2 <i < 2 ^ m> in-set-member inthall)
  have length ?nextTreeList = 2 ^ m
    using 2 highlowprop by auto
  hence aa: ?nextTreeList ! i = (treeList ! i)
    by (metis 2 False <i < 2 ^ m> highlowprop nth-repl)
  hence both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n)
    using bb by auto
  hence mi ≠ ma using 5 2 <i < 2 ^ m> by force
  then show ?thesis using 7
    using <both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n)> <i < 2 ^ m> bb max.coboundedI1
  by blast
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
then show ?thesis using invar-vebt.intros(4)[of ?nextTreeList n ?nextSummary m deg mi max
ma x]
  by (smt (z3) 10 11 12 13 15 2 3 8 One-nat-def abcdef add.right-neutral add-Suc-right append-Cons
highlowprop led max.cobounded2 max.commute pos-n-replace self-append-conv2 upd-conv-take-nth-drop)
next
  case False
  hence abcdef: x < mi
    using antisym-conv3 mimaxrel by blast
  let ?h = high mi n and ?l = low mi n
  have highlowprop: high mi n < 2 ^ m ∧ low mi n < 2 ^ n
    using 1 3 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(7) 4.hyps(8) deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) exp-split-high-low(2)
le-less-trans by blast
  have 10:vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
    Node (Some (x, max mi ma)) deg (treeList[?h:=vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l])
      (if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then vebt-insert summary ?h else summary)
  by (metis 1 2 4.hyps(3) 9 abcdef deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff highlowprop insert-simp-excp
mimaxrel)
  let ?maxnew = max mi ma and ?nextTreeList = (treeList[?h := vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l])
and
  ?nextSummary = (if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then vebt-insert summary ?h else summary)
have 11: ( ∀ t ∈ set ?nextTreeList. invar-vebt t n) proof
  fix t
  assume t ∈ set ?nextTreeList
  then obtain i where ?nextTreeList ! i = t ∧ i < 2 ^ m
    by (metis 2 in-set-conv-nth length-list-update)
  show invar-vebt t n
    by (metis 2 4.IH(1) <treeList[high mi n := VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList ! high mi n)
```

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(low mi n)] ! i = t ∧ i < 2 ^ m) highlowprop nth-list-update-eq nth-list-update-neq nth-mem)
qed
have 12: invar-vebt ?nextSummary n
  using 1 4.IH(2) 8 highlowprop by presburger
have 13: ∀ i < 2^m. (exists y. both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) y) ←→ ( both-member-options
?nextSummary i)
proof
fix i
show i < 2 ^ m → (exists y. both-member-options ((?nextTreeList) ! i) y) = both-member-options
(?nextSummary) i
proof
assume i < 2^m
show (exists y. both-member-options ((?nextTreeList) ! i) y) = both-member-options (?nextSummary)
i
proof(cases minNull (treeList ! high mi n))
case True
hence tc: minNull (treeList ! high mi n) by simp
hence nsprop: ?nextSummary = vebt-insert summary ?h by simp
have insprop: ?nextTreeList ! ?h = vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l
  by (simp add: 2 highlowprop)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases i = ?h)
case True
have 161:¬ y. vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) y
  by (simp add: min-Null-member tc)
hence 162:¬ y. both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) y
  by (metis 2 4.IH(1) highlowprop nth-mem valid-member-both-member-options)
hence 163:¬ both-member-options summary i
  using 11 2 4 True <i < 2 ^ m> by blast
have 164: ?nextTreeList ! i = vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l
  using True insprop by simp
have 165: invar-vebt (vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l) n
  by (simp add: 2 4.IH(1) highlowprop)
have 166: both-member-options (vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l) ?l using myIHs[of treeList !
?h ?l]
  by (metis 0 2 highlowprop in-set-member inthall valid-insert-both-member-options-add)
have 167: ∃ y. both-member-options ((?nextTreeList) ! i) y
  using 164 166 by auto
then show ?thesis
  using 1 11 2 True nsprop valid-insert-both-member-options-add highlowprop by auto
next
case False
have ?nextTreeList ! i = treeList ! i
using False by fastforce
have fstprop: both-member-options ((?nextTreeList) ! i) y ⇒ both-member-options
(?nextSummary) i for y
  using 1 4 <i < 2 ^ m> <treeList[high mi n := VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList ! high
mi n) (low mi n)] ! i = treeList ! i> highlowprop valid-insert-both-member-options-pres by auto
moreover have both-member-options (?nextSummary) i ⇒ ∃ y . both-member-options

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```

((?nextTreeList ! i) y
proof-
  assume both-member-options (?nextSummary) i
  have i ≠ high mi n
    by (simp add: False)
  hence both-member-options summary i
    by (smt (z3) 1 12 ‹both-member-options (if minNull (treeList ! high mi n) then
VEBT-Insert.vbvt-insert summary (high mi n) else summary) i› ‹i < 2 ^ m› both-member-options-equiv-member
highlowprop post-member-pre-member)
  hence ∃ y. both-member-options (treeList ! i) y
    by (simp add: 4 ‹i < 2 ^ m›)
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: ‹treeList[high mi n := VEBT-Insert.vbvt-insert (treeList ! high mi n)
(low mi n)] ! i = treeList ! i›)
qed
ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
next
case False
hence ?nextSummary = summary by simp
hence ∃ y. both-member-options (treeList ! high mi n) y
  using not-min-Null-member False by blast
hence both-member-options summary (high mi n)
  using 4 highlowprop by blast
hence both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! high mi n) ?l
  by (metis 0 2 highlowprop nth-list-update-eq nth-mem valid-insert-both-member-options-add)
then show ?thesis
  by (metis (full-types, opaque-lifting) 4 False ‹both-member-options summary (high mi n)›
    ‹i < 2 ^ m› nth-list-update-neq)
qed
qed
qed
have 14: (x = max ma mi → (∀ t ∈ set ?nextTreeList. ∄ y. both-member-options t y))
  using mimaxrel by linarith
have 15: x ≤ max ma mi ∧ max ma mi < 2 ^ deg
  using 6 abcdef by linarith
have 16: (x ≠ max ma mi → (∀ i < 2 ^ m. (high (max ma mi) n = i → both-member-options
(?nextTreeList ! i) (low (max ma mi) n)) ∧
  (∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y
n) ) → x < y ∧ y ≤ max ma mi)))
proof
  assume x ≠ max ma mi
  show (∀ i < 2 ^ m. (high (max ma mi) n = i → both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low
(max ma mi) n)) ∧
    (∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y
n) ) → x < y ∧ y ≤ max ma mi))
  proof
    fix i::nat
    show i < 2 ^ m →

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```


$$(high (max ma mi) n = i \rightarrow both\text{-}member\text{-}options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low (max ma mi) n))$$


$$\wedge$$


$$(\forall y. high y n = i \wedge both\text{-}member\text{-}options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y n) \rightarrow x < y \wedge y \leq max ma mi)$$


proof



assume  $i < 2^m$



show  $(high (max ma mi) n = i \rightarrow both\text{-}member\text{-}options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low (max ma mi) n)) \wedge$


$$(\forall y. high y n = i \wedge both\text{-}member\text{-}options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y n) \rightarrow x < y \wedge y \leq max ma mi)$$


proof



show  $(high (max ma mi) n = i \rightarrow both\text{-}member\text{-}options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low (max ma mi) n))$



proof



assume  $high (max ma mi) n = i$



show  $both\text{-}member\text{-}options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low (max ma mi) n)$



proof(cases  $high mi n = high ma n)$



case  $True$



have  $invar\text{-}vebt (treeList ! i) n$



by (metis 0 2  $\langle i < 2^m \rangle$  in-set-member inthall)



have  $length ?nextTreeList = 2^m$



using 2 highlowprop by auto



hence  $?nextTreeList ! i = vebt\text{-}insert (treeList ! i) (low mi n)$



using concat-inth[of take (high x n) treeList vebt-insert (treeList ! i) (low x n) drop (high x n + 1) treeList]



by (metis 2 True  $\langle high (max ma mi) n = i \rangle$  highlowprop max-def nth-list-update-eq)



hence  $vebt\text{-}member (?nextTreeList ! i) (low mi n)$



by (metis 11 2 True  $\langle high (max ma mi) n = i \rangle$  invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n highlowprop max-def set-update-memI valid-insert-both-member-options-add valid-member-both-member-options)



then show ?thesis



proof(cases  $mi = ma)$



case  $True$



then show ?thesis



using  $\langle treeList[high mi n := VEBT\text{-}Insert.vebt\text{-}insert (treeList ! high mi n) (low mi n)] ! i = VEBT\text{-}Insert.vebt\text{-}insert (treeList ! i) (low mi n) \rangle$  invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n highlowprop valid-insert-both-member-options-add by force



next



case  $False$



hence  $vebt\text{-}member (treeList ! i) (low ma n)$



using 6 7  $\langle high (max ma mi) n = i \rangle$   $\langle i < 2^m \rangle$  invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n both-member-options-equiv-member by auto



hence  $vebt\text{-}member (?nextTreeList ! i) (low ma n) \vee (low ma n = low mi n)$



using post-member-pre-member[of (treeList ! i) n low mi n low ma n ]



by (metis 11 2 7 True  $\langle high (max ma mi) n = i \rangle$   $\langle treeList[high mi n := VEBT\text{-}Insert.vebt\text{-}insert (treeList ! high mi n) (low mi n)] ! i = VEBT\text{-}Insert.vebt\text{-}insert (treeList ! i) (low mi n) \rangle$  invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n highlowprop max-def member-bound set-update-memI valid-insert-both-member-options-pres valid-member-both-member-options)



then show ?thesis



by (metis 11 2 4.hyps(7) 7 False True  $\langle high (max ma mi) n = i \rangle$  treeList[high


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 $mi\ n := VEBT\text{-}Insert.\text{vebt}\text{-}insert\ (treeList\ !\ high\ mi\ n)\ (low\ mi\ n)]\ !\ i = VEBT\text{-}Insert.\text{vebt}\text{-}insert\ (treeList\ !\ i)\ (low\ mi\ n)$  both-member-options-equiv-member highlowprop less-irrefl max.commute max-def set-update-memI)
qed
next
case False
hence ?nextTreeList ! i = treeList ! i
by (metis 4.hyps(7) <high (max ma mi) n = i> max.commute max-def nth-list-update-neq)
then show ?thesis
  by (metis 4.hyps(7) 7 False <high (max ma mi) n = i> <i < 2 ^ m> max.orderE)
qed
qed
show ( $\forall y. high\ y\ n = i \wedge both\text{-}member\text{-}options\ (?nextTreeList\ !\ i)\ (low\ y\ n) \longrightarrow x < y \wedge y \leq max\ ma\ mi$ )
proof
fix y
show high y n = i  $\wedge$  both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y n)  $\longrightarrow$  x < y  $\wedge$  y  $\leq$  max ma mi
proof
assume bb:high y n = i  $\wedge$  both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y n)
show x < y  $\wedge$  y  $\leq$  max ma mi
proof(cases i = high mi n)
case True
hence cc: i = high mi n by simp
have invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n
  by (metis 0 2 <i < 2 ^ m> in-set-member inthall)
have length ?nextTreeList = 2 ^ m
  using 2 highlowprop by auto
hence aa: ?nextTreeList ! i = vebt-insert (treeList ! i) (low mi n)
  using concat-inth[of take (high x n) treeList vebt-insert (treeList ! i) (low x n) drop (high x n + 1) treeList]
    by (simp add: cc highlowprop)
hence invar-vebt (?nextTreeList ! i) n
  by (simp add: 2 4.IH(1) cc highlowprop)
hence vebt-member (treeList ! i) (low y n)  $\vee$  (low y n) = (low mi n)
  by (metis <invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n> aa bb both-member-options-equiv-member highlowprop member-bound post-member-pre-member)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases low y n = low mi n)
case True
hence high mi n = high y n  $\wedge$  low y n = low mi n
  by (simp add: bb cc)
hence mi = y
  by (metis bit-split-inv)
then show ?thesis
  using abcdef by auto
next
case False
hence vebt-member (treeList ! i) (low y n)

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        using <vebt-member (treeList ! i) (low y n) ∨ low y n = low mi n> by blast
        hence mi ≠ ma using 5 inthall
            by (metis 2 <i < 2 ^ m> min-Null-member not-min-Null-member)
        then show ?thesis
            using 7
            by (metis <i < 2 ^ m> <vebt-member (treeList ! i) (low y n)> <invar-vebt (treeList !
i) n> abcdef bb both-member-options-equiv-member max.absorb1 max.strict-order-iff max-less-iff-conj)
        qed
    next
        case False
        have invar-vebt (treeList ! i ) n
            by (metis 0 2 <i < 2 ^ m> in-set-member inthall)
        have length ?nextTreeList = 2^m
            using 2 highlowprop by auto
        hence aa:>?nextTreeList ! i = (treeList ! i)
            using False by auto
        hence both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n)
            using bb by auto
        hence mi ≠ ma using 5 2 <i < 2 ^ m> by force
        then show ?thesis using 7
            by (metis <both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n)> <i < 2 ^ m> abcdef bb
max.absorb1 max.strict-order-iff max-less-iff-conj)
        qed
        qed
        qed
        qed
        qed
        qed
        qed
        qed
        then show ?thesis using invar-vebt.intros(4)[of ?nextTreeList n ?nextSummary m deg x max ma
mi]
            by (smt (z3) 10 11 12 13 14 15 2 3 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(7) length-list-update max.absorb1
max.absorb2)
        qed
        qed
    next
        case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
        hence myIHs: x ∈ set treeList ⇒ invar-vebt x n ⇒ xa < 2 ^ n ⇒ invar-vebt (vebt-insert x xa)
n for xa by simp
        hence 0: ( ∀ t ∈ set treeList. invar-vebt t n) and 1: invar-vebt summary m and 2:length treeList
= 2^m and 3: deg = n+m and
        4: ( ∀ i < 2^m. ( ∃ y. both-member-options (treeList ! i) y) ←→ ( both-member-options summary
i)) and
        5: ( mi = ma → ( ∀ t ∈ set treeList. ∉ y. both-member-options t y)) and 6: mi ≤ ma ∧ ma <
2^deg and
        7: ( mi ≠ ma → ( ∀ i < 2^m. ( high ma n = i → both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low ma n))
∧
          ( ∀ y. ( high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n) )
→ mi < y ∧ y ≤ ma)))

```

```

and 8: Suc n = m and 9: deg div 2 = n
  using 5 add-self-div-2 apply blast+ by (simp add: 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4))
then show ?case
proof(cases x = mi ∨ x = ma)
  case True
  then show ?thesis using insert-simp-mima[of x mi ma deg treeList summary]
    invar-vebt.intros(5)[of treeList n summary m deg mi ma]
    by (smt 0 1 2 3 4 5 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(7) 5.hyps(8) 7 9 div-less not-less not-one-le-zero
set-n-deg-not-0)
  next
  case False
  hence mimaxrel: x ≠ mi ∧ x ≠ ma by simp
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases mi < x)
    case True
    hence abcdef: mi < x by simp
    let ?h = high x n and ?l=low x n
    have highlowprop: high x n < 2^m ∧ low x n < 2^n
    by (metis 1 2 3 5.IH(1) 5.prems div-eq-0-iff add-nonneg-eq-0-iff deg-not-0 div-exp-eq exp-split-high-low(2)
high-def not-one-le-zero one-add-one power-not-zero set-n-deg-not-0 zero-le-one zero-neq-one)
    have 10:vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
      Node (Some (mi, max x ma)) deg (treeList[?h := vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l])
      (if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then vebt-insert summary ?h else summary)
    using 2 3 False True <high x n < 2^m ∧ low x n < 2^n> insert-simp-norm
    by (smt 5.IH(1) 9 div-greater-zero-iff div-if less-Suc-eq-0-disj not-one-le-zero set-n-deg-not-0)
    let ?maxnew = max x ma and ?nextTreeList = (treeList[ ?h := vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l])
and
  ?nextSummary = (if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then vebt-insert summary ?h else summary)
have 11: ( ∀ t ∈ set ?nextTreeList. invar-vebt t n)
proof
  fix t
  assume t ∈ set ?nextTreeList
  then obtain i where i < 2^m ∧ ?nextTreeList ! i = t
    by (metis 2 in-set-conv-nth length-list-update)
  show invar-vebt t n
    by (metis 2 5.IH(1) <i < 2^m ∧ treeList[high x n := VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList !
high x n) (low x n)] ! i = t> highlowprop nth-list-update-eq nth-list-update-neq nth-mem)
qed
have 12: invar-vebt ?nextSummary m
  by (simp add: 1 5.IH(2) highlowprop)
have 13: ∀ i < 2^m. (exists y. both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) y) ←→ ( both-member-options
?nextSummary i)
proof
  fix i
  show i < 2^m → (exists y. both-member-options ((?nextTreeList) ! i) y) = both-member-options
(?nextSummary) i
  proof
    assume i < 2^m
    show (exists y. both-member-options ((?nextTreeList) ! i) y) = both-member-options (?nextSummary)

```

```

 $i$ 
proof(cases minNull (treeList ! high x n))
  case True
    hence tc: minNull (treeList ! high x n) by simp
    hence nsprop: ?nextSummary = vebt-insert summary ?h by simp
    have insprop: ?nextTreeList ! ?h = vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l
      by (simp add: 2 highlowprop)
    then show ?thesis
  proof(cases i = ?h)
    case True
      have 161:¬ y. vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) y
        by (simp add: min-Null-member tc)
      hence 162:¬ y. both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) y
        by (metis 0 2 highlowprop nth-mem valid-member-both-member-options)
      hence 163:¬ both-member-options summary i
        using 11 2 4 True ⟨i < 2 ^ m⟩ by blast
      have 164: ?nextTreeList ! i = vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l
        using True insprop by simp
      have 165:invar-vebt (vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l) n
        by (simp add: 11 2 highlowprop set-update-memI)
      have 166:both-member-options (vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l) ?l using myIHs[of treeList !
        ?h ?l]
        by (metis 0 2 highlowprop in-set-member inthall valid-insert-both-member-options-add)
      have 167:∃ y. both-member-options ((?nextTreeList) ! i) y
        using 164 166 by auto
      then show ?thesis
        using 1 11 2 True nsprop valid-insert-both-member-options-add highlowprop by auto
    next
      case False
      have ?nextTreeList ! i = treeList ! i
        using False by auto
        have fstprop:both-member-options ((?nextTreeList) ! i) y ⟹ both-member-options
          (?nextSummary) i for y
          using 1 4 ⟨i < 2 ^ m⟩ ⟨treeList[high x n := VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList ! high x
            n) (low x n)] ! i = treeList ! i⟩ highlowprop valid-insert-both-member-options-pres by auto
          moreover have both-member-options (?nextSummary) i ⟹ ∃ y . both-member-options
            ((?nextTreeList) ! i) y
        proof-
          assume both-member-options (?nextSummary) i
          have i ≠ high x n
            by (simp add: False)
          hence both-member-options summary i
            by (smt 1 12 ⟨both-member-options (if minNull (treeList ! high x n) then vebt-insert
              summary (high x n) else summary) i⟩ ⟨i < 2 ^ m⟩ both-member-options-equiv-member highlowprop
              post-member-pre-member)
          hence ∃ y. both-member-options (treeList ! i) y
            by (simp add: 4 ⟨i < 2 ^ m⟩)
          then show ?thesis
            by (simp add: ⟨treeList[high x n := VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList ! high x n) (low
              x n)] ! i = treeList ! i⟩ highlowprop valid-insert-both-member-options-add)
        qed
    qed
  qed
qed

```

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 $x n)] ! i = treeList ! i \rangle)$ 
qed
ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
next
case False
hence ?nextSummary = summary by simp
hence  $\exists y. both\text{-member}\text{-options} (treeList ! high x n) y$ 
using not-min-Null-member False by blast
hence both-member-options summary (high x n)
using 4 highlowprop by blast
hence both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! high x n) ?l
by (metis 0 2 highlowprop nth-list-update-eq nth-mem valid-insert-both-member-options-add)
then show ?thesis
by (metis (full-types) 4 False <both-member-options summary (high x n)> <i < 2 ^ m>
nth-list-update-neq)
qed
qed
qed
have 14: ( $mi = max ma x \longrightarrow (\forall t \in set ?nextTreeList. \nexists y. both\text{-member}\text{-options} t y)$ )
using True max-less-iff-conj by blast
have 15:  $mi \leq max ma x \wedge max ma x < 2^{\text{deg}}$ 
using 5.hyps(8) 5.prem 5.abcdef by auto
have 16: ( $mi \neq max ma x \longrightarrow (\forall i < 2^m. (high (max ma x) n = i \longrightarrow both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?nextTreeList ! i) (low (max ma x) n)) \wedge$ 
 $(\forall y. (high y n = i \wedge both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y n)) \longrightarrow mi < y \wedge y \leq max ma x))$ 
proof
assume  $mi \neq max ma x$ 
show ( $\forall i < 2^m. (high (max ma x) n = i \longrightarrow both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?nextTreeList ! i) (low (max ma x) n)) \wedge$ 
 $(\forall y. (high y n = i \wedge both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y n)) \longrightarrow mi < y \wedge y \leq max ma x))$ 
proof
fix i::nat
show  $i < 2^m \longrightarrow$ 
 $(high (max ma x) n = i \longrightarrow both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?nextTreeList ! i) (low (max ma x) n)) \wedge$ 
 $(\forall y. high y n = i \wedge both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y n) \longrightarrow mi < y \wedge y \leq max ma x)$ 
proof
assume  $i < 2^m$ 
show ( $high (max ma x) n = i \longrightarrow both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?nextTreeList ! i) (low (max ma x) n)) \wedge$ 
 $(\forall y. high y n = i \wedge both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y n) \longrightarrow mi < y \wedge y \leq max ma x)$ 
proof
show ( $high (max ma x) n = i \longrightarrow both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?nextTreeList ! i) (low (max ma x) n))$ 

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proof
  assume high (max ma x) n = i
  show both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low (max ma x) n)
  proof(cases high x n = high ma n)
    case True
      have invar-vebt (treeList ! i ) n
      by (metis 0 2 <i < 2 ^ m> in-set-member inthall)
      have length ?nextTreeList = 2 ^ m
      using 2 highlowprop by auto
      hence ?nextTreeList ! i = vebt-insert (treeList ! i) (low x n)
      using concat-inth[of take (high x n) treeList vebt-insert (treeList ! i) (low x n) drop
      (high x n + 1) treeList]
      by (metis 2 False True <high (max ma x) n = i> highlowprop linorder-neqE-nat
      max.commute max.strict-order-iff nth-list-update-eq)
      hence vebt-member (?nextTreeList ! i) (low x n)
      by (metis 11 2 True <high (max ma x) n = i> <invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n> highlowprop
      max-def set-update-memI valid-insert-both-member-options-add valid-member-both-member-options)
      then show ?thesis
      proof(cases mi = ma)
        case True
        then show ?thesis
        by (metis <treeList[high x n := VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] !
        i = VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList ! i) (low x n)> <invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n> abcdef highlowprop
        max.commute max.strict-order-iff valid-insert-both-member-options-add)
      next
        case False
        hence vebt-member (treeList ! i) (low ma n)
        by (metis 7 True <high (max ma x) n = i> <invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n> highlowprop
        max-def valid-member-both-member-options)
        hence vebt-member (?nextTreeList ! i) (low ma n) ∨ (low ma n = low x n)
        using post-member-pre-member[of (treeList ! i) n low x n low ma n]
        by (metis 1 11 2 3 5.hyps(8) 7 False True <treeList[high x n := VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert
        (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! i = VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList ! i) (low x n)> <invar-vebt
        (treeList ! i) n> deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(2) highlowprop nth-list-update-neq set-update-memI valid-insert-both-member
        valid-member-both-member-options)
        then show ?thesis
        by (metis 11 2 True <high (max ma x) n = i> <treeList[high x n :=
        VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! i = VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList !
        i) (low x n)> <invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n> both-member-options-equiv-member highlowprop max-def
        set-update-memI valid-insert-both-member-options-add)
      qed
      next
        case False
        then show ?thesis
        by (metis 0 2 7 <high (max ma x) n = i> <i < 2 ^ m> <mi ≠ max ma x> highlowprop max-def
        nth-list-update-eq nth-list-update-neq nth-mem valid-insert-both-member-options-add)
      qed
      qed
      show (∀ y. high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y n) → mi < y

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 $\wedge y \leq \max ma x$ 
proof
  fix  $y$ 
  show  $\text{high } y n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options } (\text{?nextTreeList} ! i) (\text{low } y n) \longrightarrow mi < y \wedge y \leq \max ma x$ 
proof
  assume  $bb:\text{high } y n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options } (\text{?nextTreeList} ! i) (\text{low } y n)$ 
  show  $mi < y \wedge y \leq \max ma x$ 
  proof(cases  $i = \text{high } x n$ )
    case  $\text{True}$ 
    hence  $cc: i = \text{high } x n$  by simp
    have  $\text{invar-vebt } (\text{treeList} ! i) n$ 
      by (metis 0 2  $\langle i < 2^m \rangle$  in-set-member inthall)
    have  $\text{length } \text{?nextTreeList} = 2^m$ 
      using 2 highlowprop by auto
    hence  $aa:\text{?nextTreeList} ! i = \text{vebt-insert } (\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{low } x n)$ 
      using concat-inth[of take ( $\text{high } x n$ ) treeList vebt-insert ( $\text{treeList} ! i$ ) ( $\text{low } x n$ ) drop ( $\text{high } x n + 1$ ) treeList]
        by (simp add: cc highlowprop)
      hence  $\text{invar-vebt } (\text{?nextTreeList} ! i) n$ 
        by (simp add: 2 5.IH(1) cc highlowprop)
      hence  $\text{vebt-member } (\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{low } y n) \vee (\text{low } y n) = (\text{low } x n)$ 
        by (metis  $\langle \text{high } y n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options } ((\text{treeList}[?h:=\text{vebt-insert } (\text{treeList} !$ 
 $\text{high } x n) (\text{low } x n)]) ! i \rangle (\text{low } y n)$ 
           $\langle \text{invar-vebt } (\text{treeList} ! i) n \rangle aa \text{ highlowprop member-bound post-member-pre-member}$ 
 $\text{valid-member-both-member-options})$ 
        then show ?thesis
      proof(cases  $\text{low } y n = \text{low } x n$ )
        case  $\text{True}$ 
        hence  $\text{high } x n = \text{high } y n \wedge \text{low } y n = \text{low } x n$ 
          by (simp add: bb cc)
        hence  $x = y$ 
          by (metis bit-split-inv)
        then show ?thesis
          using abcdef by auto
      next
        case  $\text{False}$ 
        hence  $\text{vebt-member } (\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{low } y n)$ 
          using  $\langle \text{vebt-member } (\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{low } y n) \vee \text{low } y n = \text{low } x n \rangle$  by blast
        hence  $mi \neq ma$  using 5 inthall
          by (metis 2  $\langle i < 2^m \rangle$  min-Null-member not-min-Null-member)
        then show ?thesis
          using 7  $\langle i < 2^m \rangle$   $\langle \text{vebt-member } (\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{low } y n) \rangle$   $\langle \text{invar-vebt } (\text{treeList} !$ 
 $i) n \rangle$  bb both-member-options-equiv-member max.coboundedI1 by blast
      qed
      next
        case  $\text{False}$ 
        have  $\text{invar-vebt } (\text{treeList} ! i) n$ 
          by (metis 0 2  $\langle i < 2^m \rangle$  in-set-member inthall)

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```

have length ?nextTreeList =  $2^m$ 
  using 2 highlowprop by auto
hence aa: ?nextTreeList ! i = (treeList ! i)
  using False by auto
hence both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n)
  using bb by auto
hence mi ≠ ma using 5
  using 2 ‹i < 2^m› by fastforce
then show ?thesis using 7
  using ‹both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n)› ‹i < 2^m› bb max.coboundedII
by blast
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
then show ?thesis using invar-vebt.intros(5)[of ?nextTreeList n ?nextSummary m deg mi max
ma x]
  by (smt (z3) 10 11 12 13 14 15 2 3 8 length-list-update max.commute)
next
case False
hence abcdef:  $x < mi$ 
  using antisym-conv3 mimaxrel by blast
let ?h = high mi n and ?l=low mi n
have highlowprop: high mi n <  $2^m \wedge$  low mi n <  $2^n$ 
  by (metis (full-types) 1 2 3 5.IH(1) 5.hyps(7) 5.hyps(8) deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1)
exp-split-high-low(2) le-less-trans not-one-le-zero set-n-deg-not-0)
have 10:vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
  Node (Some (x, max mi ma)) deg (treeList[ ?h := vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l])
    (if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then vebt-insert summary ?h else summary)
  by (metis 0 2 9 abcdef div-less highlowprop insert-simp-excp mimaxrel not-less not-one-le-zero
set-n-deg-not-0)
let ?maxnew = max mi ma and ?nextTreeList = (treeList[ ?h:= vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l])
and
?nextSummary = (if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then vebt-insert summary ?h else summary)
have 11: ( ∀ t ∈ set ?nextTreeList. invar-vebt t n)
proof
fix t
assume t ∈ set ?nextTreeList
then obtain i where i <  $2^m \wedge$  ?nextTreeList ! i = t
  by (metis 2 in-set-conv-nth length-list-update)
thus invar-vebt t n
  by (metis 2 5.IH(1) highlowprop nth-list-update-eq nth-list-update-neq nth-mem)
qed
have 12: invar-vebt ?nextSummary m
  by (simp add: 1 5.IH(2) highlowprop)
have 13: ∀ i <  $2^m$ . ( ∃ y. both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) y) ←→ ( both-member-options

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?nextSummary i)
  proof
    fix i
    show  $i < 2^m \rightarrow (\exists y. \text{both-member-options } ((\text{?nextTreeList}) ! i) y) = \text{both-member-options } (\text{?nextSummary}) i$ 
      proof
        assume  $i < 2^m$ 
        show  $(\exists y. \text{both-member-options } ((\text{?nextTreeList}) ! i) y) = \text{both-member-options } (\text{?nextSummary}) i$ 
          proof(cases minNull (treeList ! high mi n))
            case True
              hence tc: minNull (treeList ! high mi n) by simp
              hence nsprop: ?nextSummary = vebt-insert summary ?h by simp
              have insprop: ?nextTreeList ! ?h = vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l
                by (simp add: 2 highlowprop)
              then show ?thesis
              proof(cases i = ?h)
                case True
                  have 161:¬ y. vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) y
                    by (simp add: min-Null-member tc)
                  hence 162:¬ y. both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) y
                    by (metis 0 2 highlowprop nth-mem valid-member-both-member-options)
                  hence 163:¬ both-member-options summary i
                    using 11 2 4 True ⟨i < 2^m⟩ by blast
                  have 164: ?nextTreeList ! i = vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l
                    using True insprop by simp
                  have 165: invar-vebt (vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l) n
                    by (simp add: 11 2 highlowprop set-update-memI)
                  have 166: both-member-options (vebt-insert (treeList ! ?h) ?l) ?l using myIHs[of treeList !
                    ?h ?l]
                    by (metis 0 2 highlowprop in-set-member inthall valid-insert-both-member-options-add)
                  have 167: ∃ y. both-member-options ((?nextTreeList) ! i) y
                    using 164 166 by auto
                  then show ?thesis
                    using 1 11 2 True nsprop valid-insert-both-member-options-add highlowprop by auto
                next
                  case False
                  have ?nextTreeList ! i = treeList ! i
                    by (metis False nth-list-update-neq)
                    have fstprop: both-member-options ((?nextTreeList) ! i) y ==> both-member-options
                      (?nextSummary) i for y
                      using 1 4 ⟨i < 2^m⟩ ⟨treeList[high mi n := VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList ! high
                        mi n) (low mi n)] ! i = treeList ! i⟩ highlowprop valid-insert-both-member-options-pres by auto
                    moreover have both-member-options (?nextSummary) i ==> ∃ y . both-member-options
                      ((?nextTreeList) ! i) y
                    proof-
                      assume both-member-options (?nextSummary) i
                      have i ≠ high mi n
                        by (simp add: False)

```

```

hence both-member-options summary i
  by (smt (z3) 1 12 <both-member-options (if minNull (treeList ! high mi n) then
    VEBT-Insert.vbft-insert summary (high mi n) else summary) i> <i < 2 ^ m> both-member-options-equiv-member
    highlowprop post-member-pre-member)
    hence  $\exists y. \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! i) y$ 
      by (simp add: 4 <i < 2 ^ m>)
      then show ?thesis
        by (simp add: <treeList[high mi n := VEBT-Insert.vbft-insert (treeList ! high mi n)
        (low mi n)] ! i = treeList ! i>)
        qed
        ultimately show ?thesis by auto
      qed
    next
    case False
    hence ?nextSummary = summary by simp
    hence  $\exists y. \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! \text{high mi n}) y$ 
      using not-min-Null-member False by blast
    hence both-member-options summary (high mi n)
      using 4 highlowprop by blast
    hence both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! high mi n) ?l
      by (metis 0 2 highlowprop nth-list-update-eq nth-mem valid-insert-both-member-options-add)
      then show ?thesis
        by (metis (full-types) 4 False <both-member-options summary (high mi n), <i < 2 ^ m>
        nth-list-update-neq)
        qed
      qed
    qed
    have 14: (x = max ma mi → (forall t ∈ set ?nextTreeList. ∄ y. both-member-options t y))
      using mimaxrel by linarith
    have 15: x ≤ max ma mi ∧ max ma mi < 2 ^ deg
      using 6 abcdef by linarith
    have 16: (x ≠ max ma mi → (forall i < 2 ^ m. (high (max ma mi) n = i → both-member-options
    (?nextTreeList ! i) (low (max ma mi) n)) ∧
      (forall y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y
      n)) → x < y ∧ y ≤ max ma mi))
    proof
      assume x ≠ max ma mi
      show (forall i < 2 ^ m. (high (max ma mi) n = i → both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low
      (max ma mi) n)) ∧
        (forall y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y
        n)) → x < y ∧ y ≤ max ma mi))
      proof
        fix i::nat
        show i < 2 ^ m →
          (high (max ma mi) n = i → both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low (max ma mi)
          n)) ∧
            (forall y. high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y n) → x < y ∧ y ≤
            max ma mi))
        proof

```

```

assume  $i < 2^m$ 
show ( $\text{high}(\max ma mi) n = i \rightarrow \text{both-member-options}(\text{?nextTreeList ! } i)$ ) ( $\text{low}(\max ma mi) n$ )  $\wedge$ 
 $(\forall y. \text{high } y n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options}(\text{?nextTreeList ! } i) (\text{low } y n) \rightarrow x < y \wedge y \leq \max ma mi)$ 
proof
show ( $\text{high}(\max ma mi) n = i \rightarrow \text{both-member-options}(\text{?nextTreeList ! } i)$ ) ( $\text{low}(\max ma mi) n$ )
proof
assume  $\text{high}(\max ma mi) n = i$ 
show  $\text{both-member-options}(\text{?nextTreeList ! } i)$  ( $\text{low}(\max ma mi) n$ )
proof ( $\text{cases high } mi n = \text{high } ma n$ )
case True
have  $\text{invar-vebt}(\text{treeList ! } i) n$ 
by (metis 0 2  $\langle i < 2^m \rangle$  in-set-member inthall)
have  $\text{length } \text{?nextTreeList} = 2^m$ 
using 2 highlowprop by auto
hence  $\text{?nextTreeList ! } i = \text{vebt-insert}(\text{treeList ! } i)$  ( $\text{low } mi n$ )
using concat-inth[ $\text{of take}(\text{high } x n)$   $\text{treeList vebt-insert}(\text{treeList ! } i)$  ( $\text{low } x n$ )  $\text{drop}(\text{high } x n + 1)$   $\text{treeList}$ ]
by (metis 2 5.hyps(7) True  $\langle \text{high}(\max ma mi) n = i \rangle$  highlowprop max.orderE nth-list-update-eq)
hence  $\text{vebt-member}(\text{?nextTreeList ! } i)$  ( $\text{low } mi n$ )
by (metis 11 2 True  $\langle \text{high}(\max ma mi) n = i \rangle$   $\langle \text{invar-vebt}(\text{treeList ! } i) n \rangle$  highlowprop max-def set-update-memI valid-insert-both-member-options-add valid-member-both-member-options)
then show ?thesis
proof ( $\text{cases } mi = ma$ )
case True
then show ?thesis
using  $\langle \text{treeList}[high mi n := \text{VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert}(\text{treeList ! } high mi n)] (\text{low } mi n) \rangle ! i = \text{VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert}(\text{treeList ! } i)$  ( $\text{low } mi n$ )  $\langle \text{invar-vebt}(\text{treeList ! } i) n \rangle$  highlowprop valid-insert-both-member-options-add by auto
next
case False
hence  $\text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList ! } i)$  ( $\text{low } ma n$ )
using 6 7  $\langle \text{high}(\max ma mi) n = i \rangle$   $\langle i < 2^m \rangle$   $\langle \text{invar-vebt}(\text{treeList ! } i) n \rangle$  both-member-options-equiv-member by auto
hence  $\text{vebt-member}(\text{?nextTreeList ! } i)$  ( $\text{low } ma n$ )  $\vee$  ( $\text{low } ma n = \text{low } mi n$ )
using post-member-pre-member[ $\text{of } (\text{treeList ! } i) n$   $\text{low } mi n$   $\text{low } ma n$ ]
by (metis 1 11 2 3 5.hyps(8) 7 True  $\langle \text{high}(\max ma mi) n = i \rangle$   $\langle \text{treeList}[high mi n := \text{VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert}(\text{treeList ! } high mi n)] (\text{low } mi n) \rangle ! i = \text{VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert}(\text{treeList ! } i)$  ( $\text{low } mi n$ )  $\langle \text{invar-vebt}(\text{treeList ! } i) n \rangle$  deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(2) highlowprop max-def set-update-memI valid-insert-both-member-options-pres valid-member-both-member-options)
then show ?thesis
by (metis 5.hyps(7) 7 False  $\langle \text{high}(\max ma mi) n = i \rangle$   $\langle i < 2^m \rangle$   $\langle \text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList ! } i) (\text{low } ma n) \rangle$   $\langle \text{treeList}[high mi n := \text{VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert}(\text{treeList ! } high mi n)] (\text{low } mi n) \rangle ! i = \text{VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert}(\text{treeList ! } i)$  ( $\text{low } mi n$ )  $\langle \text{invar-vebt}(\text{treeList ! } i) n \rangle$  highlowprop max.absorb1 member-bound valid-insert-both-member-options-pres)
qed

```

```

next
  case False
    hence ?nextTreeList ! i = treeList ! i
  by (metis 5.hyps(7) ‹high (max ma mi) n = i› max.commute max-def nth-list-update-neq)
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases mi < ma)
      case True
      then show ?thesis
        by (metis 5.hyps(7) 7 False ‹high (max ma mi) n = i› ‹i < 2 ^ m› ‹treeList[high mi n := VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList ! high mi n) (low mi n)] ! i = treeList ! i› max.commute max-def)
      next
        case False
          hence mi ≥ ma by simp
          hence mi = ma
            by (simp add: 6 eq-iff)
          hence ¬both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low (max ma mi) n) using 5 2 ‹i < 2 ^ m› by auto
          then show ?thesis
            by (metis 11 2 ‹high (max ma mi) n = i› ‹mi = ma› ‹treeList[high mi n := VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (treeList ! high mi n) (low mi n)] ! i = treeList ! i› highlowprop max.idem nth-list-update-eq set-update-memI valid-insert-both-member-options-add)
            qed
            qed
            qed
          show (forall y. high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y n) → x < y ∧ y ≤ max ma mi)
            proof
              fix y
              show high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y n) → x < y ∧ y ≤ max ma mi
            proof
              assume bb: high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?nextTreeList ! i) (low y n)
              show x < y ∧ y ≤ max ma mi
              proof(cases i = high mi n)
                case True
                hence cc: i = high mi n by simp
                have invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n
                  by (metis 0 2 ‹i < 2 ^ m› in-set-member inthall)
                have length ?nextTreeList = 2 ^ m
                  using 2 highlowprop by auto
                hence aa: ?nextTreeList ! i = vebt-insert (treeList ! i) (low mi n)
                  using concat-inth[of take (high x n) treeList vebt-insert (treeList ! i) (low x n) drop (high x n + 1) treeList]
                    by (simp add: cc highlowprop)
                    hence invar-vebt (?nextTreeList ! i) n
                      by (simp add: 2 5.IH(1) ‹i < 2 ^ m› highlowprop)
                    hence vebt-member (treeList ! i) (low y n) ∨ (low y n) = (low mi n)
                      by (metis ‹invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n› aa bb both-member-options-equiv-member)

```

```

highlowprop member-bound post-member-pre-member)
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases low y n = low mi n)
    case True
      hence high mi n = high y n ∧ low y n = low mi n
        by (simp add: bb cc)
      hence mi = y
        by (metis bit-split-inv)
    then show ?thesis
      using abcdef by auto
  next
    case False
      hence vebt-member (treeList ! i) (low y n)
        using ‹vebt-member (treeList ! i) (low y n) ∨ low y n = low mi n› by blast
      hence mi ≠ ma using 5 inthall
        by (metis 2 ‹i < 2 ^ m› min-Null-member not-min-Null-member)
    then show ?thesis
      using 7
      by (metis ‹i < 2 ^ m› ‹vebt-member (treeList ! i) (low y n)› ‹invar-vebt (treeList !
i) n› abcdef bb both-member-options-equiv-member max.absorb1 max.strict-order-iff max-less-iff-conj)
  qed
  next
    case False
      have invar-vebt (treeList ! i) n
        by (metis 0 2 ‹i < 2 ^ m› in-set-member inthall)
      have length ?nextTreeList = 2^m
        using 2 highlowprop by auto
      hence aa: ?nextTreeList ! i = (treeList ! i)
        using False by auto
      hence both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n)
        using bb by auto
      hence mi ≠ ma using 5 2 ‹i < 2 ^ m› by fastforce
      then show ?thesis using 7
        by (metis ‹both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n)› ‹i < 2 ^ m› abcdef bb
max.absorb1 max.strict-order-iff max-less-iff-conj)
    qed
    qed
    qed
    qed
    qed
    qed
    qed
    qed
    qed
    then show ?thesis using invar-vebt.intros(5)[of ?nextTreeList n ?nextSummary m deg x max ma
mi]
      by (smt (z3) 10 11 12 13 14 15 2 3 5.hyps(7) 8 length-list-update max.absorb2 max.orderE)
    qed
    qed
  qed

```

4.2 Correctness with Respect to Set Interpretation

```

theorem insert-corr:
  assumes invar-vebt t n and x < 2^n
  shows set-vebt' t ∪ {x} = set-vebt' (vebt-insert t x)
proof
  show set-vebt' t ∪ {x} ⊆ set-vebt' (vebt-insert t x)
  proof
    fix y
    assume y ∈ set-vebt' t ∪ {x}
    show y ∈ set-vebt' (vebt-insert t x)
    proof(cases x=y)
      case True
      then show ?thesis
        by (metis (full-types) assms(1) assms(2) both-member-options-equiv-member mem-Collect-eq
set-vebt'-def valid-insert-both-member-options-add valid-pres-insert)
      next
      case False
      have vebt-member t y
        using False ⟨y ∈ set-vebt' t ∪ {x}⟩ set-vebt'-def by auto
        hence vebt-member (vebt-insert t x) y
        by (meson assms(1) assms(2) both-member-options-equiv-member member-bound valid-insert-both-member-options-
valid-pres-insert)
      then show ?thesis
        by (simp add: set-vebt'-def)
    qed
  qed
  show set-vebt' (vebt-insert t x) ⊆ set-vebt' t ∪ {x}
  proof
    fix y
    assume y ∈ set-vebt' (vebt-insert t x)
    show y ∈ set-vebt' t ∪ {x}
    proof(cases x=y)
      case True
      then show ?thesis by simp
    next
      case False
        hence vebt-member t y ∨ x=y using post-member-pre-member
        using ⟨y ∈ set-vebt' (vebt-insert t x)⟩ assms(1) assms(2) set-vebt'-def member-bound valid-pres-insert
      by fastforce
        hence vebt-member t y
          by (simp add: False)
        hence y ∈ set-vebt' t
          by (simp add: set-vebt'-def)
        then show ?thesis by simp
    qed
  qed
qed

```

corollary insert-correct: **assumes** invar-vebt t n **and** x < 2^n **shows**

```

set-vebt t ∪ {x} = set-vebt (vebt-insert t x)
using assms(1) assms(2) insert-corr set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid valid-pres-insert by blast

fun insert':VEBT ⇒ nat ⇒ VEBT where
  insert' (Leaf a b) x = vebt-insert (Leaf a b) x|
  insert' (Node info deg treeList summary) x =
    (if x ≥ 2^deg then (Node info deg treeList summary) )
      else vebt-insert (Node info deg treeList summary) x)

theorem insert'-pres-valid: assumes invar-vebt t n shows invar-vebt (insert' t x) n
using assms
apply cases
apply (metis One-nat-def deg1Leaf insert'.simp(1) vebt-insert.simps(1))
apply (metis assms insert'.simp(2) leI valid-pres-insert)++
done

theorem insert'-correct: assumes invar-vebt t n
shows set-vebt (insert' t x) = (set-vebt t ∪ {x}) ∩ {0..2^n-1}
proof(cases t)
  case (Node x11 x12 x13 x14)
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases x < 2^n)
    case True
    hence set-vebt (insert' t x) = set-vebt(vebt-insert t x)
      by (metis Node assms deg-deg-n insert'.simp(2) leD)
    moreover hence set-vebt(vebt-insert t x) = set-vebt t ∪ {x}
      using True assms insert-correct by auto
    moreover hence set-vebt t ∪ {x} = (set-vebt t ∪ {x}) ∩ {0..2^n-1}
      by (metis Diff-Diff-Int True assms calculation(1) inf-le1 inrange le-inf-iff order-refl subset-antisym
set-vebt'-def set-vebt-def set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid valid-pres-insert)
    ultimately show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case False
    hence set-vebt (insert' t x) = set-vebt t
      by (metis Node assms deg-deg-n insert'.simp(2) leI)
    moreover hence set-vebt t = (set-vebt t ∪ {x}) ∩ {0..2^n-1}
      by (smt (z3) False Int-commute Int-insert-right-if0 Un-Int-assoc-eq assms atLeastAtMost-iff
boolean-algebra-cancel.sup0 inf-bot-right inrange le-add-diff-inverse le-imp-less-Suc one-le-numeral one-le-power
plus-1-eq-Suc sup-commute set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid)
    ultimately show ?thesis by simp
  qed
next
  case (Leaf x21 x22)
  then show ?thesis
  apply(auto simp add: insert'.simp(1) vebt-insert.simps(1) set-vebt-def both-member-options-def)
  using assms
    apply cases
    apply simp+
  using assms

```

```

apply cases
apply simp+
using assms
apply cases
apply simp+
using assms
apply cases
apply simp+
done
qed

end
end

theory VEBT-MinMax imports VEBT-Member
begin

```

5 The Minimum and Maximum Operation

```

fun vebt-mint :: VEBT ⇒ nat option where
  vebt-mint (Leaf a b) = (if a then Some 0 else if b then Some 1 else None)|
  vebt-mint (Node None - - -) = None|
  vebt-mint (Node (Some (mi,ma)) - - -) = Some mi

fun vebt-maxt :: VEBT ⇒ nat option where
  vebt-maxt (Leaf a b) = (if b then Some 1 else if a then Some 0 else None)|
  vebt-maxt (Node None - - -) = None|
  vebt-maxt (Node (Some (mi,ma)) - - -) = Some ma

```

```

context VEBT-internal begin

fun option-shift::('a⇒'a⇒'a) ⇒ 'a option ⇒ 'a option ⇒ 'a option where
  option-shift - None - = None|
  option-shift - - None = None|
  option-shift f (Some a) (Some b) = Some (f a b)

definition power::nat option ⇒ nat option ⇒ nat option (infixl ^_o_ 81) where
  power= option-shift (^)

definition add::nat option ⇒ nat option ⇒ nat option (infixl +_o_ 79) where
  add= option-shift (+)

definition mul::nat option ⇒ nat option ⇒ nat option (infixl *_o_ 80) where
  mul = option-shift (*)

fun option-comp-shift::('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool) ⇒ 'a option ⇒ 'a option ⇒ bool where
  option-comp-shift - None - = False|

```

```

option-comp-shift - - None = False|
option-comp-shift f (Some x) (Some y) = f x y

fun less::nat option ⇒ nat option ⇒ bool (infixl<_o_> 80) where
less x y = option-comp-shift (<) x y

fun lesseq::nat option ⇒ nat option ⇒ bool (infixl≤_o_> 80) where
lesseq x y = option-comp-shift (≤) x y

fun greater::nat option ⇒ nat option ⇒ bool (infixl>_o_> 80) where
greater x y = option-comp-shift (>) x y

lemma add-shift:x+y = z ↔ Some x +_o Some y = Some z
  by (simp add: add-def)

lemma mul-shift:x*y = z ↔ Some x *_o Some y = Some z by (simp add: mul-def)

lemma power-shift:x^y = z ↔ Some x ^_o Some y = Some z by (simp add: power-def)

lemma less-shift: x < y ↔ Some x <_o Some y by simp

lemma lesseq-shift: x ≤ y ↔ Some x ≤_o Some y by simp

lemma greater-shift: x > y ↔ Some x >_o Some y by simp

definition max-in-set :: nat set ⇒ nat ⇒ bool where
max-in-set xs x ↔ (x ∈ xs ∧ (∀ y ∈ xs. y ≤ x))

lemma maxt-member: invar-vebt t n ==> vebt-maxt t = Some maxi ==> vebt-member t maxi
proof(induction t n arbitrary: maxi rule: invar-vebt.induct)
case (1 a b)
  then show ?case
    by (metis VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(1) vebt-maxt.simps(1) option.distinct(1) option.inject zero-neq-one)
next
case (2 treeList n summary m deg)
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence deg ≥ 2
    by (metis One-nat-def Suc-le-eq add-mono deg-not-0 numeral-2-eq-2 plus-1-eq-Suc)
  then show ?case
    by (metis 4.prems VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(5) Suc-diff-Suc Suc-pred lessI less-le-trans vebt-maxt.simps(3) numeral-2-eq-2 option.inject zero-less-Suc)

```

```

next
  case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
    hence deg  $\geq 2$ 
      by (metis Suc-leI le-add2 less-add-same-cancel2 less-le-trans not-less-iff-gr-or-eq not-one-le-zero numeral-2-eq-2 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
    then show ?case
      by (metis 5.prems VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(5) add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse vebt-maxt.simps(3) option.inject)
  qed

lemma maxt-corr-help: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  vebt-maxt t = Some maxi  $\implies$  vebt-member t x  $\implies$  maxi  $\geq x$ 
  by (smt VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(1) le-less vebt-maxt.elims member-inv mi-ma-2-deg option.simps(1) option.simps(3) zero-le-one)

lemma maxt-corr-help-empty: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  vebt-maxt t = None  $\implies$  set-vebt' t = {}
  by (metis (full-types) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(1) empty-Collect-eq vebt-maxt.elims min-Null.simps(4) min-Null-member option.distinct(1) set-vebt'-def)

theorem maxt-corr:assumes invar-vebt t n and vebt-maxt t = Some x shows max-in-set (set-vebt' t) x
  unfolding set-vebt'-def Max-def max-in-set-def
  using assms(1) assms(2) maxt-corr-help maxt-member by blast

theorem maxt-sound:assumes invar-vebt t n and max-in-set (set-vebt' t) x shows vebt-maxt t = Some x
  by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) assms(1) assms(2) empty-Collect-eq le-less max-in-set-def maxt-corr-help maxt-corr-help-empty maxt-member mem-Collect-eq not-le option.exhaust set-vebt'-def)

definition min-in-set :: nat set  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  min-in-set xs x  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $x \in xs \wedge (\forall y \in xs. y \geq x)$ )

lemma mint-member: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  vebt-mint t = Some maxi  $\implies$  vebt-member t maxi
proof(induction t n arbitrary: maxi rule: invar-vebt.induct)
  case (1 a b)
    then show ?case
      by (metis VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(1) vebt-mint.simps(1) option.distinct(1) option.inject zero-neq-one)
  next
  case (2 treeList n summary m deg)
    then show ?case
      by simp
  next
  case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
    then show ?case
      by simp

```

```

next
  case ( $\lambda$  treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
    hence deg  $\geq 2$ 
      by (metis One-nat-def Suc-le-eq add-mono deg-not-0 numeral-2-eq-2 plus-1-eq-Suc)
    then show ?case
      by (metis 4.prems VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(5) One-nat-def Suc-diff-Suc Suc-pred dual-order.strict-trans1 le-imp-less-Suc le-numeral-extra(4) vebt-mint.simps(3) numeral-2-eq-2 option.inject zero-le-one)
  next
    case ( $\lambda$  treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
      hence deg  $\geq 2$ 
        by (metis Suc-leI le-add2 less-add-same-cancel2 less-le-trans not-less-iff-gr-or-eq not-one-le-zero numeral-2-eq-2 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
      then show ?case using 5.prems VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(5) add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse vebt-mint.simps(3)
        by (metis option.inject)
  qed

lemma mint-corr-help: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  vebt-mint t = Some mini  $\implies$  vebt-member t x  $\implies$  mini  $\leq$  x
  by (smt VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(1) eq-iff option.inject less-imp-le-nat member-inv mi-ma-2-deg vebt-mint.elims of-nat-0 of-nat-0-le-iff of-nat-le-iff option.simps(3))

lemma mint-corr-help-empty: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  vebt-mint t = None  $\implies$  set-vebt' t = {}
  by (metis VEBT-internal.maxt-corr-help-empty option.distinct(1) vebt-maxt.simps(1) vebt-maxt.simps(2) vebt-mint.elims)

theorem mint-corr:assumes invar-vebt t n and vebt-mint t = Some x shows min-in-set (set-vebt' t) x
  using assms(1) assms(2) min-in-set-def mint-corr-help mint-member set-vebt'-def by auto

theorem mint-sound:assumes invar-vebt t n and min-in-set (set-vebt' t) x shows vebt-mint t = Some x
  by (metis assms(1) assms(2) empty-Collect-eq eq-iff mem-Collect-eq min-in-set-def mint-corr-help mint-corr-help-empty mint-member option.exhaust set-vebt'-def)

lemma summaxma:assumes invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) deg and mi  $\neq$  ma
  shows the (vebt-maxt summary) = high ma (deg div 2)
proof-
  from assms(1) show ?thesis
  proof(cases)
    case ( $\lambda$  n m)
    have both-member-options summary (high ma n)
    using 4(10) 4(2) 4(4) 4(5) 4(6) 4(9) assms(2) deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) by blast
    have high ma n  $\leq$  the (vebt-maxt summary) using 4(2) both-member-options summary (high ma n) empty-Collect-eq option.inject maxt-corr-help maxt-corr-help-empty not-None-eq set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options
    by (metis option.exhaust-sel)

```

have $high\ ma\ n < the\ (vebt-maxt\ summary) \implies False$
proof–
assume $high\ ma\ n < the\ (vebt-maxt\ summary)$
obtain \maxs **where** $Some\ \maxs = vebt-maxt\ summary$
by (metis 4(2) ⟨both-member-options summary (high ma n)⟩ empty-Collect-eq maxt-corr-help-empty
 not-None-eq set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
hence $\exists\ x.\ both-member-options\ (treeList\ !\ \maxs)\ x$
by (metis 4(2) 4(6) both-member-options-equiv-member maxt-member member-bound)
then obtain x **where** $both-member-options\ (treeList\ !\ \maxs)\ x$
by auto
hence $vebt-member\ (treeList\ !\ \maxs)\ x$
by (metis 4(1) 4(2) 4(3) ⟨Some maxs = vebt-maxt summary⟩ maxt-member member-bound
 nth-mem valid-member-both-member-options)
have $\maxs < 2^m$
by (metis 4(2) ⟨Some maxs = vebt-maxt summary⟩ maxt-member member-bound)
have $invar-vebt\ (treeList\ !\ \maxs)\ n$
by (metis 4(1) 4(3) ⟨maxs < 2^m ⟩ inthall member-def)
hence $x < 2^n$
using ⟨vebt-member (treeList ! maxs) x⟩ member-bound **by** auto
let $?X = 2^{n*\maxs} + x$
have $high\ ?X\ n = \maxs$
by (simp add: ⟨ $x < 2^n$ ⟩ high-inv mult.commute)
hence $both-member-options\ (Node\ (Some\ (mi,\ ma))\ deg\ treeList\ summary)\ (2^{n*\maxs} + x)$
by (metis 4(3) 4(4) 4(5) One-nat-def Suc-leI ⟨both-member-options (treeList ! maxs) x⟩
 ⟨ $\maxs < 2^m$ ⟩ ⟨ $x < 2^n$ ⟩ add-self-div-2 assms(1) both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree
 deg-not-0 low-inv mult.commute)
hence $vebt-member\ (Node\ (Some\ (mi,\ ma))\ deg\ treeList\ summary)\ ?X$
using assms(1) both-member-options-equiv-member **by** auto
have $high\ ?X\ n > high\ ma\ n$
by (metis ⟨Some maxs = vebt-maxt summary⟩ ⟨high ($2^n * \maxs + x$) n = maxs⟩ ⟨high ma
 n < the (vebt-maxt summary)⟩ option.exhaust-sel option.inject option.simps(3))
hence $?X > ma$
by (metis div-le-mono high-def not-le)
then show ?thesis
by (metis 4(8) ⟨vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ($2^n * \maxs + x$)⟩
 leD member-inv not-less-iff-gr-or-eq)
qed
then show ?thesis
using 4(4) 4(5) ⟨high ma n ≤ the (vebt-maxt summary)⟩ **by** fastforce
next
case (5 n m)
have $both-member-options\ summary\ (high\ ma\ n)$
by (metis 5(10) 5(5) 5(6) 5(9) div-eq-0-iff assms(2) div-exp-eq high-def nat.simps(3) numerals(2)
 power-not-zero)
have $high\ ma\ n \leq the\ (vebt-maxt\ summary)$
by (metis 5(2) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(2) ⟨both-member-options summary (high ma
 n)⟩ vebt-maxt.elims maxt-corr-help minNull.simps(1) min-Null-member option.exhaust-sel option.simps(3)
 valid-member-both-member-options)
have $high\ ma\ n < the\ (vebt-maxt\ summary) \implies False$

proof –

```

assume high ma n < the (vebt-maxt summary)
obtain maxs where Some maxs = vebt-maxt summary
by (metis 5(2) ‹both-member-options summary (high ma n)› empty-Collect-eq maxt-corr-help-empty
      not-None-eq set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
hence  $\exists x. \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! \text{maxs}) x$ 
by (metis 5(2) 5(6) both-member-options-equiv-member maxt-member member-bound)
then obtain x where both-member-options (treeList ! maxs) x
by auto
hence vebt-member (treeList ! maxs) x
by (metis 5(1) 5(2) 5(3) ‹Some maxs = vebt-maxt summary› both-member-options-equiv-member
      maxt-member member-bound nth-mem)
have maxs < 2^n
by (metis 5(2) ‹Some maxs = vebt-maxt summary› maxt-member member-bound)
have invar-vebt (treeList ! maxs) n
by (metis 5(1) 5(3) ‹maxs < 2^n› inthall member-def)
hence x < 2^n
using ‹vebt-member (treeList ! maxs) x› member-bound by auto
let ?X =  $2^{n*maxs} + x$ 
have high ?X n = maxs
by (simp add: ‹x < 2^n› high-inv mult.commute)
hence both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) (2^{n*maxs} + x)
by (smt (z3) 5(3) 5(4) 5(5) ‹both-member-options (treeList ! maxs) x› ‹maxs < 2^n› ‹x <
      2^n› add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 both-member-options-from-chifl-to-complete-tree even-Suc-div-two
      le-add1 low-inv mult.commute odd-add plus-1-eq-Suc)
hence vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ?X
using assms(1) both-member-options-equiv-member by auto
have high ?X n > high ma n
by (metis ‹Some maxs = vebt-maxt summary› ‹high (2^n * maxs + x) n = maxs› ‹high ma
      n < the (vebt-maxt summary)› option.sel)
hence ?X > ma
by (metis div-le-mono high-def not-le)
then show ?thesis
by (metis 5(8) ‹vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) (2^n * maxs +
      x)› leD member-inv not-less-iff-gr-or-eq)
qed
then show ?thesis
using 5(4) 5(5) ‹high ma n ≤ the(vebt-maxt summary)› by fastforce
qed
qed

```

lemma *maxbmo: vebt-maxt t = Some x ==> both-member-options t x*

apply(induction t rule: vebt-maxt.induct)

apply auto

apply (metis both-member-options-def naive-member.simps(1) option.distinct(1) option.sel zero-neq-one)
by (metis One-nat-def Suc-le-D both-member-options-def div-by-1 div-greater-zero-iff membermima.simps(3)
 membermima.simps(4) not-gr0)

lemma *misiz:invar-vebt t n ==> Some m = vebt-mint t ==> m < 2^n*

by (*metis member-bound mint-member*)

```

lemma mintlistlength: assumes invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) n
    mi ≠ ma shows ma > mi ∧ (∃ m. Some m = vebt-mint summary ∧ m < 2^(n - n div 2))
    using assms(1)
proof cases
  case (4 n m)
    hence both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low ma n)
      by (metis assms(2) high-bound-aux)
    moreover hence both-member-options summary (high ma n)
      using 4(10) 4(6) 4(7) high-bound-aux by blast
    moreover then obtain mini where Some mini = vebt-mint summary
      by (metis 4(3) empty-Collect-eq mint-corr-help-empty option.exhaust-sel set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-opti
    moreover hence mini < 2^m
      by (metis 4(3) mint-member member-bound)
    moreover have m = (deg - deg div 2) using 4(6) 4(5)
      by auto
    ultimately show ?thesis using 4(1) assms 4(9) by auto
next
  case (5 n m)
    hence both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low ma n)
      by (metis assms(2) high-bound-aux)
    moreover hence both-member-options summary (high ma n)
      using 5(10) 5(6) 5(7) high-bound-aux by blast
    moreover then obtain mini where Some mini = vebt-mint summary
      by (metis 5(3) empty-Collect-eq mint-corr-help-empty option.exhaust-sel set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-opti
    moreover hence mini < 2^m
      by (metis 5(3) mint-member member-bound)
    moreover have m = (deg - deg div 2) using 5(6) 5(5)
      by auto
    ultimately show ?thesis using 5(1) assms 5(9) by auto
qed

```

lemma power-minus-is-div:

```

  b ≤ a  $\implies$  (2 :: nat) ^ (a - b) = 2 ^ a div 2 ^ b
  apply (induct a arbitrary: b)
  apply simp
  apply (erule le-SucE)
  apply (clarify simp:Suc-diff-le le-iff-add power-add)
  apply simp
  done

```

```

lemma nested-mint:assumes invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) n n = Suc
  (Suc va)
   $\neg$  ma < mi ma ≠ mi shows
    high (the (vebt-mint summary) * (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2))) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint
  summary)))) (Suc (va div 2))
    < length treeList
proof-

```

```

have setprop:  $t \in set \ treeList \implies invar\_vebt \ t \ (n \ div \ 2) \text{ for } t \text{ using } assms(1)$ 
  by (cases) simp+
have listlength:  $length \ treeList = 2^{\lceil n - n \ div \ 2 \rceil}$  using assms(1)
  by (cases) simp+
have sumprop:  $invar\_vebt \ summary \ (n - n \ div \ 2)$  using assms(1)
  by (cases) simp+
have mimaxprop:  $mi \leq ma \wedge ma \leq 2^{\lceil n \rceil}$  using assms(1)
  by cases simp+
hence xbound:  $mi \leq x \implies x \leq ma \implies high \ x \ (n \ div \ 2) \leq length \ treeList \text{ for } x$ 
  using div-le-dividend div-le-mono high-def listlength power-minus-is-div by auto
have contcong:  $i < length \ treeList \implies \exists x. both\text{-member}\text{-options} \ (treeList ! i) \ x \longleftrightarrow both\text{-member}\text{-options} \ summary \ i \text{ for } i$ 
  using assms(1) by cases auto+
obtain m where  $Some \ m = vebt\text{-mint} \ summary \wedge m < 2^{\lceil n - n \ div \ 2 \rceil}$ 
  using assms(1) assms(4) mintlistlength by blast
then obtain miny where  $(vebt\text{-mint} \ (treeList ! the \ (vebt\text{-mint} \ summary))) = Some \ miny$ 
  by (metis both-member-options-equiv-member contcong empty-Collect-eq listlength mint-corr-help-empty
  mint-member nth-mem option.exhaust-sel option.sel setprop sumprop set-vebt'-def)
hence miny <  $2^{\lceil n \ div \ 2 \rceil}$ 
  by (metis <\A thesis. (&\m. Some \ m = vebt\text{-mint} \ summary \wedge m < 2^{\lceil n - n \ div \ 2 \rceil}) \implies thesis)
\implies thesis> listlength misiz nth-mem option.sel setprop)
then show ?thesis
  by (metis <\A thesis. (&\m. Some \ m = vebt\text{-mint} \ summary \wedge m < 2^{\lceil n - n \ div \ 2 \rceil}) \implies thesis) \implies
thesis> <\vebt\text{-mint} \ (treeList ! the \ (vebt\text{-mint} \ summary)) = Some \ miny> assms(2) div2-Suc-Suc high-inv
listlength option.sel power-Suc)
qed

lemma minminNull:  $vebt\text{-mint} \ t = None \implies minNull \ t$ 
  by (metis minNull.simps(1) minNull.simps(4) vebt-mint.elims option.distinct(1))

lemma minNullmin:  $minNull \ t \implies vebt\text{-mint} \ t = None$ 
  by (metis minNull.elims(2) vebt-mint.simps(1) vebt-mint.simps(2))

end
end

theory VEBT-Succ imports VEBT-Insert VEBT-MinMax
begin

```

6 The Successor Operation

```

definition is-succ-in-set :: nat set  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  is-succ-in-set xs x y =  $(y \in xs \wedge y > x \wedge (\forall z \in xs. (z > x \longrightarrow z \geq y)))$ 

context VEBT-internal begin

corollary succ-member:  $is\text{-succ}\text{-in}\text{-set} \ (set\text{-vebt}' \ t) \ x \ y = (vebt\text{-member} \ t \ y \wedge y > x \wedge (\forall z. vebt\text{-member} \ t \ z \wedge z > x \longrightarrow z \geq y))$ 

```

```
using is-succ-in-set-def set-vebt'-def by auto
```

6.1 Auxiliary Lemmas on Sets and Successorship

```
lemma finite (A:: nat set) ==> A ≠ {} ==> Min A ∈ A
  by(induction A rule: finite.induct)(blast | meson Min-in finite-insert)+

lemma obtain-set-succ: assumes (x::nat) < z and max-in-set A z and finite B and A=B shows
  ∃ y. is-succ-in-set A x y
proof-
  have {y ∈ A. y > x} ≠ {}
    using assms(1) assms(2) max-in-set-def by auto
  have Min {y ∈ A. y > x} ∈ {y ∈ A. y > x}
    by (metis (full-types) Collect-mem-eq ‹{y ∈ A. x < y} ≠ {}› assms(3) assms(4) eq-Min-iff
finite-Collect-conjI)
  have i ∈ A ==> i > x ==> i ≥ Min {y ∈ A. y > x} for i
    by (simp add: assms(3) assms(4))
  have is-succ-in-set A x (Min {y ∈ A. y > x})
    using is-succ-in-set-def ‹Min {y ∈ A. x < y} ∈ {y ∈ A. x < y}› ‹∀i. [i ∈ A; x < i] ==> Min {y
    ∈ A. x < y} ≤ i› by blast
    then show ?thesis by auto
qed

lemma succ-none-empty: assumes (∄ x. is-succ-in-set (xs) a x) and finite xs shows ¬ (∃ x ∈ xs.
ord-class.greater x a)
proof-
  have ∃ x ∈ xs. ord-class.greater x a ==> False
  proof-
    assume ∃ x ∈ xs. ord-class.greater x a
    hence {x ∈ xs. ord-class.greater x a} ≠ {} by auto
    have Min {y ∈ xs. y > a} ∈ {y ∈ xs. y > a}
      by (metis (full-types) Collect-mem-eq Min-in ‹{x ∈ xs. a < x} ≠ {}› assms(2) finite-Collect-conjI)
    have i ∈ xs ==> ord-class.greater i a ==
      ord-class.greater-eq i (Min {y ∈ xs. ord-class.greater y a}) for i
      by (simp add: assms(2))
    have is-succ-in-set xs a (Min {y ∈ xs. y > a})
      using is-succ-in-set-def ‹Min {y ∈ xs. a < y} ∈ {y ∈ xs. a < y}› ‹∀i. [i ∈ xs; a < i] ==> Min
      {y ∈ xs. a < y} ≤ i› by blast
      then show False
        using assms(1) by blast
    qed
    then show ?thesis by blast
  qed

end
```

6.2 The actual Function

```
context begin
  interpretation VEBT-internal .
```

```

fun vebt-succ :: VEBT  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat option where
  vebt-succ (Leaf - b) 0 = (if b then Some 1 else None)|
  vebt-succ (Leaf - -) (Suc n) = None|
  vebt-succ (Node None - - -) - = None|
  vebt-succ (Node - 0 - -) - = None|
  vebt-succ (Node - (Suc 0) - -) - = None|
  vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (
    if x < mi then (Some mi)
    else (let l = low x (deg div 2); h = high x (deg div 2) in
      if h < length treeList then
        let maxlow = vebt-maxt (treeList ! h) in (
          if maxlow  $\neq$  None  $\wedge$  (Some l <o maxlow) then
            Some (2 $\hat{\wedge}$ (deg div 2)) *o Some h +o vebt-succ (treeList ! h) l
          else let sc = vebt-succ summary h in
            if sc = None then None
            else Some (2 $\hat{\wedge}$ (deg div 2)) *o sc +o vebt-mint (treeList ! the sc) )
        else None))
  )

```

end

6.3 Lemmas for Term Decomposition

context VEBT-internal **begin**

```

lemma succ-min: assumes deg  $\geq$  2 and (x::nat) < mi shows
  vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = Some mi
  by (metis add-2-eq-Suc assms(1) assms(2) le-add-diff-inverse vebt-succ.simps(6))

lemma succ-greatereq-min: assumes deg  $\geq$  2 and (x::nat)  $\geq$  mi shows
  vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (let l = low x (deg div 2); h = high x
  (deg div 2) in
    if h < length treeList then
      let maxlow = vebt-maxt (treeList ! h) in
      (if maxlow  $\neq$  None  $\wedge$  (Some l <o maxlow) then
        Some (2 $\hat{\wedge}$ (deg div 2)) *o Some h +o vebt-succ (treeList ! h) l
      else let sc = vebt-succ summary h in
        if sc = None then None
        else Some (2 $\hat{\wedge}$ (deg div 2)) *o sc +o vebt-mint (treeList ! the sc) )
    else None)
  by (smt add-numeral-left arith-simps(1) assms(1) assms(2) le-add-diff-inverse not-less numerals(1)
  plus-1-eq-Suc vebt-succ.simps(6))

lemma succ-list-to-short: assumes deg  $\geq$  2 and x  $\geq$  mi and high x (deg div 2)  $\geq$  length treeList
shows
  vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = None
  using assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) succ-greatereq-min by auto

```

```

lemma succ-less-length-list: assumes deg ≥ 2 and x ≥ mi and high x (deg div 2) < length treeList
shows
  vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
    (let l = low x (deg div 2); h = high x (deg div 2) ; maxlow = vebt-maxt (treeList ! h) in
      (if maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some l < o maxlow) then
        Some (2^(deg div 2)) * o Some h + o vebt-succ (treeList ! h) l
      else let sc = vebt-succ summary h in
        if sc = None then None
        else Some (2^(deg div 2)) * o sc + o vebt-mint (treeList !the sc)))
  by (simp add: assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) succ-greatereq-min)

```

6.4 Correctness Proof

```

theorem succ-corr: invar-vebt t n ==> vebt-succ t x = Some sx == is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' t) x sx
proof(induction t n arbitrary: x sx rule: invar-vebt.induct)
  case (1 a b)
  then show ?case proof(cases x)
    case 0
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: succ-member)
  next
    case (Suc nat)
    then show ?thesis proof(cases nat)
      case 0
      then show ?thesis
        by (simp add: Suc succ-member)
    next
      case (Suc nat)
      then show ?thesis by (metis (no-types) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(1) Suc-eq-plus1
        add-cancel-right-left le-add2 le-imp-less-Suc not-add-less2 not-less0 old.nat.exhaust option.distinct(1)
        option.simps(1) vebt-succ.simps(1) vebt-succ.simps(2) succ-member)
      qed
    qed
  next
  case (2 treeList n summary m deg)
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: succ-member)
  next
  case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: succ-member)
  next
  case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence n = m and n ≥ 1 and deg ≥ 2 and deg = n + m
    apply blast+
  using 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(5) Suc-le-eq deg-not-0 apply auto[1]
  using 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(5) 4.hyps(6) deg-not-0 apply fastforce
  by (simp add: 4.hyps(6))

```

```

hence deg div 2 = n and length treeList = 2^n
  using add-self-div-2 apply blast by (simp add: 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(5))
then show ?case proof(cases x < mi)
  case True
    hence 0: vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = Some mi
      by (simp add: <2 ≤ deg> succ-min)
    have 1:mi = the (vebt-mint (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) by simp
    hence mi ∈ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
      by (metis VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(5) <2 ≤ deg> add-numeral-left arith-simps(1)
le-add-diff-inverse mem-Collect-eq numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc set-vebt'-def)
    hence 2:y ∈ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ==> y ≥ x for y
      using 4.hyps(9) True member-inv set-vebt'-def by fastforce
    hence 3: y ∈ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ==> (y > mi ==> y ≥ x)
for y by blast
    hence 4: ∀ y ∈ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary). y > mi —> y ≥ x by
blast
    hence is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) x mi
      by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) 4.hyps(9) True <mi ∈ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList
summary)> eq-iff less-imp-le-nat mem-Collect-eq member-inv succ-member set-vebt'-def)
    then show ?thesis using 0
      by (metis is-succ-in-set-def antisym-conv option.inject)
next
  case False
    hence x ≥ mi by simp
  then show ?thesis
proof(cases high x (deg div 2) < length treeList )
  case True
    hence high x n < 2^n ∧ low x n < 2^n
      by (simp add: <deg div 2 = n> <length treeList = 2^n> low-def)
    let ?l = low x (deg div 2)
    let ?h = high x (deg div 2)
    let ?maxlow = vebt-maxt (treeList ! ?h)
    let ?sc = vebt-succ summary ?h
    have 1:vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
      (if ?maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l < o ?maxlow) then
        Some (2^(deg div 2)) * o Some ?h + o vebt-succ (treeList !
?h) ?l
      else if ?sc = None then None
      else Some (2^(deg div 2)) * o ?sc + o vebt-mint (treeList ! the ?sc))
      by (smt True <2 ≤ deg> <mi ≤ x> succ-less-length-list)
  then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l < o ?maxlow))
  case True
    then obtain maxl where 00:Some maxl = ?maxlow ∧ ?l < maxl by auto
    have 01:invar-vebt ((treeList ! ?h)) n ∧ (treeList ! ?h) ∈ set treeList
      by (simp add: 4.hyps(1) <deg div 2 = n> <high x n < 2^n ∧ low x n < 2^n> <length treeList
= 2^n>)
    have 02:vebt-member ((treeList ! ?h)) maxl
      using 00 01 maxt-member by auto

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hence 03:  $\exists y. y > ?l \wedge \text{vebt-member}((\text{treeList} ! ?h)) y$ 
  using 00 by blast
hence afinite: finite (set-vebt' (treeList ! ?h))
  using 01 set-vebt-finite by blast
then obtain succy where 04:is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' (treeList ! ?h)) ?l succy
  using 00 01 maxt-corr obtain-set-succ by fastforce
hence 05:Some succy = vebt-succ (treeList ! ?h) ?l using 4(1) 01 by force
hence vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = Some ( $2^{\lceil \deg(\deg \text{div } 2) * ?h \rceil}$ )
+ succy)
  by (metis 1 True add-def mul-def option-shift.simps(3))
hence 06: succy  $\in$  set-vebt' (treeList ! ?h)
  using 04 is-succ-in-set-def by blast
hence 07: succy  $< 2^{\lceil \deg(\deg \text{div } 2) \rceil} \wedge ?h < 2^{\lceil \deg(\deg \text{div } 2) \rceil} \wedge \deg \text{div } 2 + \deg \text{div } 2 = \deg$ 
  using 01 04 4.hyps(5) 4.hyps(6) ‹high x n <  $2^{\lceil \deg \text{div } 2 \rceil} \wedge \text{low } x n < 2^{\lceil \deg \text{div } 2 \rceil}$  member-bound
succ-member by auto
let ?y =  $2^{\lceil \deg(\deg \text{div } 2) * ?h \rceil}$  + succy
have 08: vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) succy
  using 06 set-vebt'-def by auto
hence 09: both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) succy
  using 01 both-member-options-equiv-member by blast
have 10: high ?y ( $\deg \text{div } 2$ ) = ?h  $\wedge$  low ?y ( $\deg \text{div } 2$ ) = succy
  by (simp add: 07 high-inv low-inv mult.commute)
hence 11: naive-member (treeList ! ?h) succy
   $\implies$  naive-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ?y
  using naive-member.simps(3)[of Some (mi, ma) deg-1 treeList summary ?y]
  by (metis 07 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(5) One-nat-def Suc-pred ‹ $2 \leq \deg \wedge \deg \text{div } 2 = n$ › add-gr-0
div-greater-zero-iff zero-less-numeral)
have 12: ?y  $\geq mi \wedge ?y \leq ma$ 
  by (metis 01 07 09 10 4.hyps(11) 4.hyps(5) 4.hyps(8) ‹ $\deg \text{div } 2 = n$ › less-imp-le-nat)
hence 13: membermima (treeList ! ?h) succy
   $\implies$  membermima (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ?y
  using membermima.simps(4)[of mi ma deg -1 treeList summary ?y]
  apply(cases ?y = mi  $\vee$  ?y = ma)
  apply (metis 07 One-nat-def Suc-pred ‹ $2 \leq \deg \wedge \text{add-gr-0 div-greater-zero-iff zero-less-numeral}$ ›)
  by (metis 07 10 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(5) One-nat-def Suc-pred ‹ $2 \leq \deg \wedge \deg \text{div } 2 = n$ › add-gr-0
div-greater-zero-iff zero-less-numeral)
hence 14:both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ?y
  using 09 11 both-member-options-def by blast
have 15: vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ?y
  by (smt 07 08 10 12 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(5) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(5) One-nat-def
Suc-1 Suc-le-eq Suc-pred ‹ $2 \leq \deg \wedge \deg \text{div } 2 = n$ › add-gr-0 div-greater-zero-iff not-less zero-less-numeral)
have 16: Some ?y = vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x
  by (simp add: ‹vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = Some ( $2^{\lceil \deg(\deg \text{div } 2) * \text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2) + \text{succy} \rceil}$ )›)
have 17: x = ?h *  $2^{\lceil \deg(\deg \text{div } 2) \rceil} + ?l$ 
  using bit-concat-def bit-split-inv by auto
have 18: ?y - x = ?h *  $2^{\lceil \deg(\deg \text{div } 2) \rceil}$  + succy - ?h *  $2^{\lceil \deg(\deg \text{div } 2) \rceil} - ?l$ 
  by (metis 17 diff-diff-add mult.commute)
hence ?y - x  $> 0$ 

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using 04 is-succ-in-set-def by auto
hence 19: ?y > x
  using zero-less-diff by blast
have 20:  $z > x \implies \text{vebt-member}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) z \implies z \geq ?y$ 
for z
proof-
  assume  $z > x$  and  $\text{vebt-member}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) z$ 
  hence  $\text{high } z (\text{deg div } 2) \geq \text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2)$ 
    by (simp add: div-le-mono high-def)
  then show ?thesis proof(cases  $\text{high } z (\text{deg div } 2) = \text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2)$ )
    case True
      hence  $\text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) (\text{low } z (\text{deg div } 2))$ 
        using  $\text{vebt-member.simps}(5)[\text{of } mi \text{ ma deg-2 treeList summary } z]$ 
        by (metis 01 07 4.hyps(11) 4.hyps(5) False <deg div 2 = n> <vebt-member(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) z> <x < z> \text{both-member-options-equiv-member member-inv})
      hence  $\text{succy} \leq \text{low } z (\text{deg div } 2)$  using 04 unfolding is-succ-in-set-def
        by (metis True <x < z> add-diff-cancel-left' bit-concat-def bit-split-inv diff-diff-left mem-Collect-eq set-vebt'-def zero-less-diff)
      hence  $?y \leq z$ 
      by (smt True bit-concat-def bit-split-inv diff-add-inverse diff-diff-add diff-is-0-eq mult.commute)
      then show ?thesis by blast
    next
      case False
      hence  $\text{high } z (\text{deg div } 2) > \text{high } ?y (\text{deg div } 2)$ 
        using 10 <high x (deg div 2)>  $\leq \text{high } z (\text{deg div } 2)$  by linarith
      then show ?thesis
        by (metis div-le-mono high-def nat-le-linear not-le)
    qed
  qed
  hence is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) x ?y
    by (simp add: 15 19 succ-member)
  then show ?thesis using 16
    by (metis eq-iff option.inject succ-member)
next
  case False
  hence i1:  $\text{maxlow} = \text{None} \vee \neg (\text{Some } ?l <_o \text{maxlow})$  by simp
  hence 2:  $\text{vebt-succ}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x = (\text{if } ?sc = \text{None} \text{ then }$ 
None
  else  $\text{Some}(\text{2}^{\text{deg div } 2}) *_o ?sc +_o \text{vebt-mint}(\text{treeList} ! \text{the } ?sc))$ 
  using 1 by auto
have invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n
  by (metis 4(1) True inthall member-def)
hence 33:  $\nexists u. \text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) u \wedge u > ?l$ 
proof(cases  $\text{maxlow} = \text{None}$ )
  case True
  then show ?thesis using maxt-corr-help-empty[of treeList ! ?h n]
    by (simp add: <invar-vebt(treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) n> set-vebt'-def)
next
  case False

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obtain maxilow where ?maxilow =Some maxilow
  using False by blast
hence maxilow ≤ ?l
  using i1 by auto
then show ?thesis
  by (meson <vebt-maxt (treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) = Some maxilow> <invar-vebt (treeList
! high x (deg div 2)) n> le-imp-less-Suc le-less-trans maxt-corr-help not-less-eq)
qed
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?sc = None)
  case True
    hence vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = None
      by (simp add: 2)
    hence ∉ i. is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' summary) ?h i
      using 4.hyps(3) True by force
    hence ∉ i. i > ?h ∧ vebt-member summary i using succ-none-empty[of set-vebt' summary
?h]
  proof -
    { fix nn :: nat
      have ∀ n. ((is-succ-in-set (Collect (vebt-member summary)) (high x (deg div 2)) esk1-0 ∨
      infinite (Collect (vebt-member summary))) ∨ n ∉ Collect (vebt-member summary)) ∨ ¬ high x (deg
      div 2) < n
        using <≠ i. is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' summary) (high x (deg div 2)) i> succ-none-empty
      set-vebt'-def by auto
        then have ¬ high x (deg div 2) < nn ∨ ¬ vebt-member summary nn
        using 4.hyps(2) <≠ i. is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' summary) (high x (deg div 2)) i> set-vebt'-def
      set-vebt-finite by auto }
    then show ?thesis
      by blast
  qed
  hence (i > x ∧ vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) i) ==> False for
  i
  proof-
    fix i
    assume i > x ∧ vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) i
    hence 20: i = mi ∨ i = ma ∨ (high i (deg div 2) < length treeList
      ∧ vebt-member (treeList ! (high i (deg div 2))) (low i (deg div 2))) using
    vebt-member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary i]
    using member-inv by blast
    have i ≠ mi
      using <mi ≤ x> <x < i ∧ vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) i>
    not-le by blast
    hence mi ≠ ma
      using <x < i ∧ vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) i> member-inv
    not-less-iff-gr-or-eq by blast
    hence i < 2^deg
      using 4.hyps(10) <i ≠ mi> <x < i ∧ vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList
    summary) i> member-inv by fastforce
    hence aa:i = ma ==> both-member-options( treeList ! (high i (deg div 2))) (low i (deg div

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2))
  using 4.hyps(11) 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(5) 4.hyps(6) <mi ≠ ma> deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1)
by auto
  hence abc:invar-vebt (treeList ! (high i (deg div 2))) n
    by (metis 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(5) 4.hyps(6) <deg div 2 = n> <i < 2 ∧ deg> <length
treeList = 2 ^ n> deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) in-set-member inthall)
  hence abd:i = ma ==> vebt-member( treeList ! (high i (deg div 2))) (low i (deg div 2))
    using aa valid-member-both-member-options by blast
  hence abe:vebt-member( treeList ! (high i (deg div 2))) (low i (deg div 2))
    using 20 <i ≠ mi> by blast
  hence abf:both-member-options( treeList ! (high i (deg div 2))) (low i (deg div 2))
    using <invar-vebt (treeList ! high i (deg div 2)) n> both-member-options-equiv-member by
blast
  hence abg:both-member-options summary (high i (deg div 2))
    by (metis 20 4.hyps(10) 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(6) 4.hyps(7) <2 ≤ deg> <deg div 2
= n> <i ≠ mi> deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff exp-split-high-low(1) zero-less-numeral)
  hence abh:vebt-member summary (high i (deg div 2))
    using 4.hyps(2) valid-member-both-member-options by blast
  have aaa:(high i (deg div 2)) = (high x (deg div 2)) ==> vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) (low i
(deg div 2))
    using <vebt-member (treeList ! high i (deg div 2)) (low i (deg div 2))> by auto
  have abi:(high i (deg div 2)) = (high x (deg div 2)) ==> low i (deg div 2) > ?l
    by (metis <x < i ∧ vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) i>
add-le-cancel-left bit-concat-def bit-split-inv le-neq-implies-less less-imp-le-nat nat-neq-iff)
  hence abj:(high i (deg div 2)) = (high x (deg div 2)) ==> False using 33 aaa by blast
  hence abk: (high i (deg div 2)) ∈ (set-vebt' summary) ∧ (high i (deg div 2)) > (high x
(deg div 2))
    by (metis (full-types) <vebt-member summary (high i (deg div 2))> <x < i ∧ vebt-member (Node
(Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) i> div-le-mono high-def le-less mem-Collect-eq set-vebt'-def)

  then show ?thesis
    using <¬ (Ǝ i > high x (deg div 2). vebt-member summary i)> abh by blast
qed
  then show ?thesis
    using <vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = None> succ-member by
auto
next
  case False
  hence vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
    Some (2 ^ (deg div 2)) *o ?sc +o vebt-mint (treeList ! the ?sc)
    by (simp add: False 2)
  obtain sc where ?sc = Some sc
    using False by blast
  hence is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' summary) ?h sc
    using 4.hyps(3) by blast
  hence vebt-member summary sc
    using succ-member by blast
  hence both-member-options summary sc
    using 4.hyps(2) both-member-options-equiv-member by auto

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hence  $sc < 2^m$ 
  using 4.hyps(2)  $\langle$ vebt-member summary  $sc$  $\rangle$  member-bound by blast
hence  $\exists miny. both\text{-member}\text{-options} (treeList ! sc) miny$ 
  using 4.hyps(7)  $\langle$ both-member-options summary  $sc$  $\rangle$  by blast
hence fgh:set-vebt' (treeList ! sc)  $\neq \{\}$ 
  by (metis 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(5) Collect-empty-eq-bot  $\langle$ deg div 2 = n $\rangle$   $\langle$ sc < 2 ^ m $\rangle$  bot-empty-eq empty-iff nth-mem set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
hence invar-vebt (treeList ! the ?sc) n
  by (simp add: 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(4)  $\langle$ sc < 2 ^ m $\rangle$   $\langle$ vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)) = Some sc $\rangle$ )
then obtain miny where Some miny = vebt-mint (treeList ! sc)
  by (metis fgh Collect-empty-eq VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(2) vebt-buildup.simps(2)
buildup-gives-empty vebt-mint.elims set-vebt'-def)
hence Some miny = vebt-mint (treeList ! the ?sc)
  by (simp add:  $\langle$ vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)) = Some sc $\rangle$ )
hence min-in-set (set-vebt' (treeList ! the ?sc)) miny
  using  $\langle$ invar-vebt (treeList ! the (vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)))) n $\rangle$  mint-corr by
auto
hence scmem:vebt-member (treeList ! the ?sc) miny
  using  $\langle$ Some miny = vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)))) $\rangle$ 
 $\langle$ invar-vebt (treeList ! the(vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)))) n $\rangle$  mint-member by auto
let ?res = Some (2^(deg div 2)) *o ?sc +o vebt-mint (treeList ! the ?sc)
obtain res where res = the ?res by blast
hence res = 2^(deg div 2) * sc + miny
  by (metis  $\langle$ Some miny = vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)))) $\rangle$ 
vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)) = Some sc add-def mul-def option.sel option-shift.simps(3))
have high res (deg div 2) = sc
  by (metis  $\langle$ deg div 2 = n $\rangle$   $\langle$ res = 2 ^ (deg div 2) * sc + miny $\rangle$   $\langle$ invar-vebt (treeList ! the
?sc) n $\rangle$  high-inv member-bound mult.commute scmem)
hence res > x
  by (metis is-succ-in-set-def is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' summary) (high x (deg div 2)) sc
div-le-mono high-def not-le)
hence res > mi
  using  $\langle$ mi ≤ x $\rangle$  le-less-trans by blast
hence res ≤ ma
proof(cases high res n < high ma n)
  case True
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis div-le-mono high-def leD nat-le-linear)
next
  case False
  hence mi ≠ ma
    by (metis 4.hyps(5) 4.hyps(8)  $\langle$ ∃ miny. both\text{-member}\text{-options} (treeList ! sc) miny $\rangle$   $\langle$ length
treeList = 2 ^ n $\rangle$   $\langle$ sc < 2 ^ m $\rangle$  nth-mem)
    have high res n < 2^m
      using  $\langle$ deg div 2 = n $\rangle$   $\langle$ high res (deg div 2) = sc $\rangle$   $\langle$ sc < 2 ^ m $\rangle$  by blast
      hence ( $\forall x. high\ x\ n = high\ res\ n \wedge both\text{-member}\text{-options} (treeList ! (high\ res\ n))$ ) (low x n)
→ mi < x ∧ x ≤ ma) using 4(11)
      using  $\langle$ mi ≠ ma $\rangle$  by blast

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have high res n = high res n  $\wedge$  both-member-options (treeList ! (high res n)) (low res n)
  by (metis <deg div 2 = n> <high res (deg div 2) = sc> <res = 2 ^ (deg div 2) * sc + miny>
<vbt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)) = Some sc> <invar-vbt (treeList ! the (vbt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)))) n> both-member-options-equiv-member low-inv member-bound mult.commute option.sel scmem)
  then show ?thesis
  using < $\forall x.$  high x n = high res n  $\wedge$  both-member-options (treeList ! high res n) (low x n)
 $\rightarrow mi < x \wedge x \leq ma$  by blast
  qed
  hence vbt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) (the ?res) using
vbt-member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary res]
  by (metis 4.hyp(4) < $2 \leq \deg$ > <deg div 2 = n> <high res (deg div 2) = sc> <mi < res>
<res = 2 ^ (deg div 2) * sc + miny> <res = the (Some (2 ^ (deg div 2)) *o vbt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)) +o vbt-mint (treeList ! the (vbt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)))))> <sc < 2 ^ m>
<vbt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)) = Some sc> <invar-vbt (treeList ! the (vbt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)))) n> add-2-eq-Suc leD le-add-diff-inverse low-inv member-bound mult.commute not-less-iff-gr-or-eq option.sel scmem)
  have (vbt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z  $\wedge$  z > x)  $\implies z \geq res$ 
for z
  proof-
    fix z
    assume vbt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z  $\wedge$  z > x
    hence 20: z = mi  $\vee$  z = ma  $\vee$  (high z (deg div 2) < length treeList
       $\wedge$  vbt-member (treeList ! (high z (deg div 2))) (low z (deg div 2))) using
vbt-member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary z]
    using member-inv by blast
    have z ≠ mi
    using <vbt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z  $\wedge$  x < z> <mi ≤ x>
not-le by blast
    hence mi ≠ ma
    using <mi < res> <res ≤ ma> not-le by blast
    hence z < 2 ^ deg
    using 4.hyp(10) <vbt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z  $\wedge$  x < z> <z ≠ mi> member-inv by fastforce
    hence aa:z = ma  $\implies$  both-member-options(treeList ! (high z (deg div 2))) (low z (deg div 2))
    using 4.hyp(11) 4.hyp(2) 4.hyp(5) 4.hyp(6) <mi ≠ ma> deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1)
by auto
    hence abc:invar-vbt (treeList ! (high z (deg div 2))) n
    by (metis 4.hyp(1) 4.hyp(2) 4.hyp(5) 4.hyp(6) <deg div 2 = n> <z < 2 ^ deg> <length treeList = 2 ^ n> deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) in-set-member inthall)
    hence abd:z = ma  $\implies$  vbt-member(treeList ! (high z (deg div 2))) (low z (deg div 2))
    using aa valid-member-both-member-options by blast
    hence abe:vbt-member(treeList ! (high z (deg div 2))) (low z (deg div 2))
    using 20 <z ≠ mi> by blast
    hence abf:both-member-options(treeList ! (high z (deg div 2))) (low z (deg div 2))
    using <invar-vbt (treeList ! high z (deg div 2)) n> both-member-options-equiv-member by
blast
    hence abg:both-member-options summary (high z (deg div 2))

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by (metis (full-types) 4.hyps(5) 4.hyps(6) 4.hyps(7) ‹deg div 2 = n› ‹invar-vebt (treeList
! the (vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)))) n› ‹z < 2 ^ deg› deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1))
  hence abh:vebt-member summary (high z (deg div 2))
    using 4.hyps(2) valid-member-both-member-options by blast
    have aaa:(high z (deg div 2)) = (high x (deg div 2))  $\implies$  vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) (low z
(deg div 2))
      using abe by auto
      have high z(deg div 2) < sc  $\implies$  False
      proof-
        assume high z(deg div 2) < sc
        hence vebt-member summary (high z(deg div 2))
          using abh by blast
          have aaaa:?h  $\leq$  high z(deg div 2)
            by (simp add: ‹vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ∧ x < z›
div-le-mono high-def less-imp-le-nat)
            have bbbb:?h  $\geq$  high z(deg div 2)
              using ‹is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' summary) (high x (deg div 2)) sc› ‹high z (deg div 2) <
sc› abh leD succ-member by auto
              hence ?h = high z (deg div 2)
              using aaaa eq-iff by blast
              hence vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) (low z (deg div 2))
                using aaa by linarith
                then show False
                  by (metis 33 ‹high x (deg div 2) = high z (deg div 2)› ‹vebt-member (Node (Some
(mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ∧ x < z› add-diff-cancel-left' bit-concat-def bit-split-inv diff-diff-left
zero-less-diff)
                  qed
                  hence high z(deg div 2)  $\geq$  sc
                  using not-less by blast
                  then show z  $\geq$  res
                  proof(cases high z(deg div 2) = sc)
                    case True
                      hence vebt-member (treeList ! (high z(deg div 2))) (low z (deg div 2))
                        using abe by blast
                        have low z (deg div 2)  $\geq$  miny
                          using True ‹min-in-set (set-vebt' (treeList ! the (vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div
2)))))) miny› ‹vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)) = Some sc› abe min-in-set-def set-vebt'-def by
auto
                          hence z  $\geq$  res
                          by (metis (full-types) True ‹res = 2 ^ (deg div 2) * sc + miny› add-le-cancel-left
bit-concat-def bit-split-inv mult.commute)
                          then show ?thesis by simp
                    next
                      case False
                      hence high z(deg div 2) > sc
                        using ‹sc  $\leq$  high z (deg div 2)› le-less by blast
                        then show ?thesis
                          by (metis ‹high res (deg div 2) = sc› div-le-mono high-def leD linear)
                    qed

```

```

qed
hence is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) x res
  using <vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) (the (Some (2 ^ (deg
div 2)) *o vebt-succ summary ?h +o vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-succ summary ?h))))>
    <res = the (Some (2 ^ (deg div 2)) *o vebt-succ summary ?h +o vebt-mint (treeList ! the
(vebt-succ summary ?h)))> <x < res> succ-member by blast
  moreover have Some res = Some (2 ^ (deg div 2)) *o ?sc +o vebt-mint (treeList ! the ?sc)
    by (metis <Some miny = vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2))))>
      <res = 2 ^ (deg div 2) * sc + miny> <vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)) = Some sc> add-def
      mul-def option-shift.simps(3))
    ultimately show ?thesis
      by (metis (mono-tags) is-succ-in-set-def <vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList
summary) x = Some (2 ^ (deg div 2)) *o vebt-succ summary ?h +o vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-succ
summary ?h))> eq-iff option.inject)
qed
qed
next
case False
hence 0:vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = None
  by (simp add: <2 ≤ deg> <mi ≤ x> succ-greatereq-min)
have 1:x ≥ 2^deg
  by (metis 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(5) 4.hyps(6) False <deg div 2 = n> high-def le-less-linear less-mult-imp-div-less
mult-2 power2-eq-square power-even-eq)
hence x ∉ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
  using 4.hyps(10) 4.hyps(9) member-inv set-vebt'-def by fastforce
hence ∄ ss. is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) x ss
  using 4.hyps(10) 1 <mi ≤ x> member-inv succ-member by fastforce
then show ?thesis using 0 by auto
qed
qed
next
case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
hence Suc n = m and deg = n + m and length treeList = 2^m ∧ invar-vebt summary m
  by blast +
hence n ≥ 1
  using 5.hyps(1) set-n-deg-not-0 by blast
hence deg ≥ 2
  by (simp add: 5.hyps(5) 5.hyps(6))
hence deg div 2 = n
  by (simp add: 5.hyps(5) 5.hyps(6))
then show ?case proof(cases x < mi)
  case True
  hence 0: vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = Some mi
    by (simp add: <2 ≤ deg> succ-min)
  have 1:mi = the (vebt-mint (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) by simp
  hence mi ∈ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
    by (metis VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(5) <2 ≤ deg> add-numeral-left arith-simps(1)
le-add-diff-inverse mem-Collect-eq numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc set-vebt'-def)
  hence 2:y ∈ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ==> y ≥ x for y

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using 5.hyps(9) True member-inv set-vebt'-def by fastforce
hence 3:  $y \in \text{set-vebt}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) \implies (y > mi \implies y \geq x)$ 
for  $y$  by blast
hence 4:  $\forall y \in \text{set-vebt}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}). y > mi \longrightarrow y \geq x$  by
blast
hence is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) x mi
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) 5.hyps(9) True ‹mi ∈ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList
summary)› eq-iff less-imp-le-nat mem-Collect-eq member-inv succ-member set-vebt'-def)
then show ?thesis using 0
by (metis is-succ-in-set-def antisym-conv option.inject)
next
case False
hence  $x \geq mi$  by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases high x (deg div 2) < length treeList )
case True
hence  $high x n < 2^{\lceil m \rceil} \wedge low x n < 2^{\lceil n \rceil}$ 
by (simp add: 5.hyps(4) ‹deg div 2 = n› low-def)
let ?l = low x (deg div 2)
let ?h = high x (deg div 2)
let ?maxlow = vebt-maxxt (treeList ! ?h)
let ?sc = vebt-succ summary ?h
have 1:vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
(if ?maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l < o ?maxlow) then
Some (2^(deg div 2)) * o Some ?h + o vebt-succ (treeList !
?h) ?l
else if ?sc = None then None
else Some (2^(deg div 2)) * o ?sc + o vebt-mint (treeList ! the ?sc))
by (smt True ‹2 ≤ deg› ‹mi ≤ x› succ-less-length-list)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l < o ?maxlow))
case True
then obtain maxl where 00:Some maxl = ?maxlow ∧ ?l < maxl by auto
have 01:invar-vebt ((treeList ! ?h)) n ∧ (treeList ! ?h) ∈ set treeList
by (metis (full-types) 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(4) ‹deg div 2 = n› ‹high x n < 2 ^ m ∧ low x n < 2
^ n› inthall member-def)
have 02:vebt-member ((treeList ! ?h)) maxl
using 00 01 maxt-member by auto
hence 03:  $\exists y. y > ?l \wedge \text{vebt-member}((\text{treeList} ! ?h)) y$ 
using 00 by blast
hence afinite: finite (set-vebt' (treeList ! ?h))
using 01 set-vebt-finite by blast
then obtain succy where 04:is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' (treeList ! ?h)) ?l succy
using 00 01 maxt-corr obtain-set-succ by fastforce
hence 05:Some succy = vebt-succ (treeList ! ?h) ?l using 5(1) 01 by force
hence vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = Some (2^(deg div 2)) * ?h
+ succy)
by (metis 1 True add-def mul-def option-shift.simps(3))
hence 06: succy ∈ set-vebt' (treeList ! ?h)

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using 04 is-succ-in-set-def by blast
hence 07: succy < 2^(deg div 2) ∧ ?h < 2^m ∧ Suc (deg div 2 + deg div 2) = deg
    using 01 04 5.hyps(5) 5.hyps(6) ‹high x n < 2^m ∧ low x n < 2^n› member-bound
succ-member by auto
let ?y = 2^(deg div 2)* ?h + succy
have 08: vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) succy
    using 06 set-vebt'-def by auto
hence 09: both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) succy
    using 01 both-member-options-equiv-member by blast
have 10: high ?y (deg div 2) = ?h ∧ low ?y (deg div 2) = succy
        by (simp add: 07 high-inv low-inv mult.commute)
hence 11: naive-member (treeList ! ?h) succy
        ⇒ naive-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ?y
    using naive-member.simps(3)[of Some (mi, ma) deg-1 treeList summary ?y]
    using 07 5.hyps(4) by auto
have 12: ?y ≥ mi ∧ ?y ≤ ma
        by (metis 01 07 09 10 5.hyps(11) 5.hyps(5) 5.hyps(8) ‹deg div 2 = n› less-imp-le-nat)
hence 13: membermima (treeList ! ?h) succy
        ⇒ membermima (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ?y
    using membermima.simps(4)[of mi ma deg - 1 treeList summary ?y]
    apply(cases ?y = mi ∨ ?y = ma)
    using 07 apply auto[1]
    using 07 10 5.hyps(4) by auto
hence 14: both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ?y
    using 09 11 both-member-options-def by blast
have 15: vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ?y
        by (smt 07 08 10 12 5.hyps(4) 5.hyps(5) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(5) One-nat-def
Suc-1 Suc-le-eq Suc-pred ‹2 ≤ deg› ‹deg div 2 = n› add-gr-0 div-greater-zero-iff not-less zero-less-numeral)
have 16: Some ?y = vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x
        by (simp add: ‹vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = Some (2^(deg
div 2) * high x (deg div 2) + succy)›)
have 17: x = ?h * 2^(deg div 2) + ?l
    using bit-concat-def bit-split-inv by auto
have 18: ?y - x = ?h * 2^(deg div 2) + succy - ?h * 2^(deg div 2) - ?l
        by (metis 17 diff-diff-add mult.commute)
hence ?y - x > 0
    using 04 is-succ-in-set-def by auto
hence 19: ?y > x
    using zero-less-diff by blast
have 20: z > x ⇒ vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ⇒ z ≥ ?y
for z
proof-
assume z > x and vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z
hence high z (deg div 2) ≥ high x (deg div 2)
    by (simp add: div-le-mono high-def)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases high z (deg div 2) = high x (deg div 2))
    case True
    hence vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) (low z (deg div 2))

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using vebt-member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary z]
  by (metis 01 07 5.hyps(11) 5.hyps(5) False <deg div 2 = n> <vebt-member (Node (Some
(mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z> <x < z> both-member-options-equiv-member member-inv)
  hence succy ≤ low z (deg div 2) using 04 unfolding is-succ-in-set-def
    by (metis True <x < z> add-diff-cancel-left' bit-concat-def bit-split-inv diff-diff-left
mem-Collect-eq set-vebt'-def zero-less-diff)
  hence ?y ≤ z
  by (smt True bit-concat-def bit-split-inv diff-add-inverse diff-diff-add diff-is-0-eq mult.commute)
    then show ?thesis by blast
next
  case False
  hence high z (deg div 2) > high ?y (deg div 2)
    using 10 <high x (deg div 2) ≤ high z (deg div 2)> by linarith
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis div-le-mono high-def nat-le-linear not-le)
qed
qed
hence is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) x ?y
  by (simp add: 15 19 succ-member)
then show ?thesis using 16
  by (metis eq-iff option.inject succ-member)
next
  case False
  hence i1:?maxlow = None ∨ ¬ (Some ?l <o ?maxlow) by simp
  hence 2: vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (if ?sc = None then
None
  else Some (2^(deg div 2)) *o ?sc +o vebt-mint (treeList ! the ?sc))
  using 1 by auto
have invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n
  by (metis 5(1) True inthall member-def)
hence 33:‡ u. vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) u ∧ u > ?l
proof(cases ?maxlow = None)
  case True
  then show ?thesis using maxt-corr-help-empty[of treeList ! ?h n]
    by (simp add: <invar-vebt (treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) n> set-vebt'-def)
next
  case False
  obtain maxilow where ?maxlow = Some maxilow
    using False by blast
  hence maxilow ≤ ?l
    using i1 by auto
  then show ?thesis
    by (meson <vebt-maxt (treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) = Some maxilow> <invar-vebt (treeList
! high x (deg div 2)) n> le-imp-less-Suc le-less-trans maxt-corr-help not-less-eq)
qed
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?sc = None)
  case True
  hence vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = None

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    by (simp add: 2)
  hence  $\nexists i. \text{is-succ-in-set}(\text{set-vebt}' \text{summary}) ?h i$ 
    using 5.hyps(3) True by force
  hence  $\nexists i. i > ?h \wedge \text{vebt-member summary} i$  using succ-none-empty[of set-vebt' summary
?h]
  proof -
    { fix nn :: nat
      have  $\forall n. ((\text{is-succ-in-set}(\text{Collect}(\text{vebt-member summary})) (\text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2)) \text{esk1-0} \vee$ 
 $\text{infinite}(\text{Collect}(\text{vebt-member summary}))) \vee n \notin \text{Collect}(\text{vebt-member summary})) \vee \neg \text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2) < n$ 
        using  $\nexists i. \text{is-succ-in-set}(\text{set-vebt}' \text{summary}) (\text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2)) i \triangleright \text{succ-none-empty}$ 
set-vebt'-def by auto
        then have  $\neg \text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2) < nn \vee \neg \text{vebt-member summary} nn$ 
        using 5.hyps(2)  $\nexists i. \text{is-succ-in-set}(\text{set-vebt}' \text{summary}) (\text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2)) i \triangleright \text{set-vebt}'\text{-def}$ 
set-vebt-finite by auto }
        then show ?thesis
        by blast
      qed
      hence  $(i > x \wedge \text{vebt-member}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) i) \implies \text{False}$  for
i
      proof-
        fix i
        assume  $i > x \wedge \text{vebt-member}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) i$ 
        hence 20:  $i = mi \vee i = ma \vee (\text{high } i (\deg \text{div } 2) < \text{length treeList}$ 
 $\wedge \text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } i (\deg \text{div } 2))) (\text{low } i (\deg \text{div } 2)))$  using
vebt-member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary i]
        using member-inv by blast
        have  $i \neq mi$ 
        using  $\langle mi \leq x \rangle \langle x < i \wedge \text{vebt-member}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) i \rangle$ 
not-le by blast
        hence  $mi \neq ma$ 
        using  $\langle x < i \wedge \text{vebt-member}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) i \rangle$  member-inv
not-less-iff-gr-or-eq by blast
        hence  $i < 2^{\text{deg}}$ 
        using 5.hyps(10)  $\langle i \neq mi \rangle \langle x < i \wedge \text{vebt-member}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList}$ 
summary)  $i \rangle$  member-inv by fastforce
        hence aa:i = ma  $\implies \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } i (\deg \text{div } 2))) (\text{low } i (\deg \text{div } 2))$ 
        using 5.hyps(11) 5.hyps(2) 5.hyps(6)  $\langle \deg \text{div } 2 = n \rangle \langle i \neq mi \rangle \langle \text{invar-vebt}(\text{treeList} !$ 
 $\text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2)) n \rangle$  deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) by auto
        hence abc:invar-vebt (treeList ! (high i (deg div 2))) n
        by (metis 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(4) 5.hyps(5) 5.hyps(6)  $\langle \deg \text{div } 2 = n \rangle \langle i < 2^{\text{deg}} \rangle$  invar-vebt
(treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) n) deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) in-set-member inthall zero-less-Suc
        hence abd:i = ma  $\implies \text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } i (\deg \text{div } 2))) (\text{low } i (\deg \text{div } 2))$ 
        using aa valid-member-both-member-options by blast
        hence abc:vebt-member (treeList ! (high i (deg div 2))) (low i (deg div 2))
        using 20  $\langle i \neq mi \rangle$  by blast
        hence abf:both-member-options (treeList ! (high i (deg div 2))) (low i (deg div 2))
        using invar-vebt (treeList ! high i (deg div 2)) n both-member-options-equiv-member by

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blast
  hence abg:both-member-options summary (high i (deg div 2))
    by (metis (full-types) 5.hyps(5) 5.hyps(6) 5.hyps(7) <deg div 2 = n> <i < 2 ^ deg> abc
      deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) zero-less-Suc)
    hence abh:vebt-member summary (high i (deg div 2))
      using 5.hyps(2) valid-member-both-member-options by blast
      have aaa:(high i (deg div 2)) = (high x (deg div 2)) ==> vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) (low i
        (deg div 2))
        using <vebt-member (treeList ! high i (deg div 2)) (low i (deg div 2))> by auto
        have abi:(high i (deg div 2)) = (high x (deg div 2)) ==> low i (deg div 2) > ?l
          by (metis <x < i ^ vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) i>
            add-le-cancel-left bit-concat-def bit-split-inv le-neq-implies-less less-imp-le-nat nat-neq-iff)
        hence abj:(high i (deg div 2)) = (high x (deg div 2)) ==> False using 33 aaa by blast
        hence abk: (high i (deg div 2)) ∈ (set-vebt' summary) ∧ (high i (deg div 2)) > (high x
          (deg div 2))
          by (metis (full-types) <vebt-member summary (high i (deg div 2))> <x < i ^ vebt-member (Node
            (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) i> div-le-mono high-def le-less mem-Collect-eq set-vebt'-def)

        then show ?thesis
          using <¬ (Ǝ i > high x (deg div 2). vebt-member summary i)> abh by blast
qed
then show ?thesis
  using <vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = None> succ-member by
auto
next
  case False
    hence vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
      Some (2^(deg div 2)) *o ?sc +o vebt-mint (treeList ! the ?sc)
      by (simp add: False 2)
    obtain sc where ?sc = Some sc
      using False by blast
    hence is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' summary) ?h sc
      using 5.hyps(3) by blast
    hence vebt-member summary sc
      using succ-member by blast
    hence both-member-options summary sc
      using 5.hyps(2) both-member-options-equiv-member by auto
    hence sc < 2^m
      using 5.hyps(2) <vebt-member summary sc> member-bound by blast
    hence ∃ miny. both-member-options (treeList ! sc) miny
      using 5.hyps(7) <both-member-options summary sc> by blast
    hence fgh:set-vebt' (treeList ! sc) ≠ {}
      by (metis 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(4) <sc < 2 ^ m> empty-Collect-eq inthall member-def set-vebt'-def
        valid-member-both-member-options)
    hence invar-vebt (treeList ! the ?sc) n
      by (simp add: 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(4) <sc < 2 ^ m> <vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)) =
        Some sc>)
    then obtain miny where Some miny = vebt-mint (treeList ! sc)
      by (metis fgh Collect-empty-eq VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(2) vebt-buildup.simps(2))

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buildup-gives-empty vebt-mint.elims set-vebt'-def)
  hence Some miny = vebt-mint (treeList ! the ?sc)
    by (simp add: <vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)) = Some sc>)
  hence min-in-set (set-vebt' (treeList ! the ?sc)) miny
    using <invar-vebt (treeList ! the (vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)))) n> mint-corr by
auto
  hence scmem:vebt-member (treeList ! the ?sc) miny
    using <Some miny = vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2))))>
      <invar-vebt (treeList ! the (vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)))) n> mint-member by
auto
  let ?res = Some (2^(deg div 2)) *o ?sc +o vebt-mint (treeList ! the ?sc)
  obtain res where res = the ?res by blast
  hence res = 2^(deg div 2) * sc + miny
    by (metis <Some miny = vebt-mint (treeList ! sc)> <vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)) = Some sc> add-shift mul-shift option.sel)
    have high res (deg div 2) = sc
      by (metis <deg div 2 = n> <res = 2^(deg div 2) * sc + miny> <invar-vebt (treeList ! the ?sc) n> high-inv member-bound mult.commute scmem)
    hence res > x
      by (metis is-succ-in-set-def <is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' summary) (high x (deg div 2)) sc> div-le-mono high-def not-le)
    hence res > mi
      using <mi ≤ x> le-less-trans by blast
    hence res ≤ ma
    proof(cases high res n < high ma n)
      case True
      then show ?thesis
        by (metis div-le-mono high-def leD nat-le-linear)
    next
      case False
      hence mi ≠ ma
        by (metis 5.hyps(4) 5.hyps(8) <∃ miny. both-member-options (treeList ! sc) miny> <sc < 2^(m)> nth-mem)
        have high res n < 2^m
          using <deg div 2 = n> <high res (deg div 2) = sc> <sc < 2^(deg div 2) * sc + miny> by blast
        hence (∀ x. high x n = high res n ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! (high res n))) (low x n)
          → mi < x ∧ x ≤ ma using 5(11)
          using <mi ≠ ma> by blast
          have high res n = high res n ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! (high res n)) (low res n)
            by (metis <deg div 2 = n> <high res (deg div 2) = sc> <res = 2^(deg div 2) * sc + miny> <vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)) = Some sc> <invar-vebt (treeList ! the (vebt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)))) n> both-member-options-equiv-member low-inv member-bound mult.commute option.sel scmem)
          then show ?thesis
            using <∀ x. high x n = high res n ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! high res n) (low x n)>
              → mi < x ∧ x ≤ ma by blast
    qed
    hence vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) (the ?res) using
      vebt-member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary res]

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by (metis 5.hyps(4) ⟨ $2 \leq \deg$ ⟩ ⟨ $\deg \text{ div } 2 = n$ ⟩ ⟨ $\text{high res} (\deg \text{ div } 2) = sc$ ⟩ ⟨ $mi < res$ ⟩ ⟨ $res = 2 \wedge (\deg \text{ div } 2) * sc + miny$ ⟩ ⟨ $res = \text{the} (\text{Some} (2 \wedge (\deg \text{ div } 2)) *_{\circ} \text{vebt-succ summary} (\text{high } x (\deg \text{ div } 2)) +_{\circ} \text{vebt-mint} (\text{treeList} ! \text{the} (\text{vebt-succ summary} (\text{high } x (\deg \text{ div } 2))))))$ ⟩ ⟨ $sc < 2 \wedge m$ ⟩ ⟨ $\text{vebt-succ summary} (\text{high } x (\deg \text{ div } 2)) = \text{Some } sc$ ⟩ ⟨ $\text{invar-vebt} (\text{treeList} ! \text{the} (\text{vebt-succ summary} (\text{high } x (\deg \text{ div } 2))))$ ⟩ $n \rangle \text{add-2-eq-Suc' le-add-diff-inverse2 less-imp-le low-inv member-bound mult.commute not-less option.sel scmem}
have (vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ∧ z > x) $\implies z \geq res$
for z
proof –
fix z
assume vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ∧ z > x
hence 20: $z = mi \vee z = ma \vee (\text{high } z (\deg \text{ div } 2) < \text{length treeList} \wedge \text{vebt-member} (\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } z (\deg \text{ div } 2))) (\text{low } z (\deg \text{ div } 2)))$ **using** vebt-member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary z]
using member-inv **by** blast
have $z \neq mi$
using ⟨vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ∧ x < z⟩ ⟨ $mi \leq x$ ⟩ **not-le** **by** blast
hence $mi \neq ma$
using ⟨ $mi < res \wedge res \leq ma$ ⟩ **not-le** **by** blast
hence $z < 2^{\deg}$
using 5.hyps(10) ⟨vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ∧ x < z⟩ ⟨ $z \neq mi$ ⟩ member-inv **by** fastforce
hence aa:z = ma \implies both-member-options(treeList ! (high z (deg div 2))) (low z (deg div 2))
using 5.hyps(11) 5.hyps(2) 5.hyps(6) ⟨ $\deg \text{ div } 2 = n \wedge mi \neq ma$ ⟩ ⟨invar-vebt (treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) n⟩ deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) **by** auto
hence abc:invar-vebt (treeList ! (high z (deg div 2))) n
by (metis 20 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(10) 5.hyps(4) 5.hyps(5) 5.hyps(6) ⟨ $\deg \text{ div } 2 = n \wedge \text{invar-vebt} (\text{treeList} ! \text{the} (\text{vebt-succ summary} (\text{high } x (\deg \text{ div } 2))))$ ⟩ n ⟨ $z \neq mi$ ⟩ deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) nth-mem zero-less-Suc)
hence abd:z = ma \implies vebt-member(treeList ! (high z (deg div 2))) (low z (deg div 2))
using aa valid-member-both-member-options **by** blast
hence abe:vebt-member(treeList ! (high z (deg div 2))) (low z (deg div 2))
using 20 ⟨ $z \neq mi$ ⟩ **by** blast
hence abf:both-member-options(treeList ! (high z (deg div 2))) (low z (deg div 2))
using ⟨invar-vebt (treeList ! high z (deg div 2)) n⟩ both-member-options-equiv-member **by** blast
hence abg:both-member-options summary (high z (deg div 2))
by (metis (full-types) 5.hyps(5) 5.hyps(6) 5.hyps(7) ⟨ $\deg \text{ div } 2 = n \wedge \text{invar-vebt} (\text{treeList} ! \text{the} (\text{vebt-succ summary} (\text{high } x (\deg \text{ div } 2))))$ ⟩ n ⟨ $z < 2^{\deg} \wedge \deg \neq \text{not-0}$ ⟩ deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) zero-less-Suc)
hence abh:vebt-member summary (high z (deg div 2))
using 5.hyps(2) valid-member-both-member-options **by** blast
have aaa:(high z (deg div 2)) = (high x (deg div 2)) \implies vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) (low z (deg div 2))
using abe **by** auto
have high z(deg div 2) < sc \implies False
proof –$

```

assume high z(deg div 2) < sc
hence vbt-member summary (high z(deg div 2))
    using abh by blast
    have aaaa: ?h ≤ high z(deg div 2)
        by (simp add: <vbt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ∧ x < z>
div-le-mono high-def less-imp-le-nat)
    have bbbb: ?h ≥ high z(deg div 2)
        using <is-succ-in-set (set-vbt' summary) (high x (deg div 2)) sc > <high z (deg div 2) < sc>
abD succ-member by auto
        hence ?h = high z (deg div 2)
        using aaaa eq-iff by blast
    hence vbt-member (treeList ! ?h) (low z (deg div 2))
        using aaa by linarith
    then show False
        by (metis 33 <high x (deg div 2) = high z (deg div 2)> <vbt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ∧ x < z> add-diff-cancel-left' bit-concat-def bit-split-inv diff-diff-left zero-less-diff)
    qed
    hence high z(deg div 2) ≥ sc
        using not-less by blast
    then show z ≥ res
    proof(cases high z(deg div 2) = sc)
        case True
            hence vbt-member (treeList ! (high z(deg div 2))) (low z (deg div 2))
            using abe by blast
            have low z (deg div 2) ≥ miny
                using True <min-in-set (set-vbt' (treeList ! the (vbt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)))))) miny > vbt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)) = Some sc > abe min-in-set-def set-vbt'-def by auto
            hence z ≥ res
                by (metis (full-types) True <res = 2 ^ (deg div 2) * sc + miny> add-le-cancel-left bit-concat-def bit-split-inv mult.commute)
            then show ?thesis by simp
        next
            case False
            hence high z(deg div 2) > sc
            using <sc ≤ high z (deg div 2)> le-less by blast
            then show ?thesis
                by (metis <high res (deg div 2) = sc> div-le-mono high-def leD linear)
        qed
    qed
    hence is-succ-in-set (set-vbt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) x res
        using <vbt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) (the (Some (2 ^ (deg div 2)) *o vbt-succ summary ?h +o vbt-mint (treeList ! the (vbt-succ summary ?h))))>
        <res = the (Some (2 ^ (deg div 2)) *o vbt-succ summary ?h +o vbt-mint (treeList ! the (vbt-succ summary ?h)))> <x < res> succ-member by blast
    moreover have Some res = Some (2 ^ (deg div 2)) *o ?sc +o vbt-mint (treeList ! the ?sc)
        by (metis <Some miny = vbt-mint (treeList ! the (vbt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2))))>
<res = 2 ^ (deg div 2) * sc + miny > vbt-succ summary (high x (deg div 2)) = Some sc > add-def

```

```

mul-def option-shift.simps(3))
ultimately show ?thesis
  by (metis (mono-tags) is-succ-in-set-def `vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList
summary) x = Some (2 ^ (deg div 2)) *o vebt-succ summary ?h +o vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-succ
summary ?h)))` eq-iff option.inject)
qed
qed
next
  case False
  hence 0:vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = None
    by (simp add: `2 ≤ deg` `mi ≤ x` succ-greatereq-min)
  have 1:x ≥ 2^deg
    by (metis 5.hyps(4) 5.hyps(5) 5.hyps(6) False One-nat-def Suc-le-eq `1 ≤ n` `deg div 2 = n`
exp-split-high-low(1) leI zero-less-Suc)
  hence x ∉ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
    using 5.hyps(10) 5.hyps(9) member-inv set-vebt'-def by fastforce
  hence ∄ ss. is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) x ss
    using 5.hyps(10) 1 `mi ≤ x` member-inv succ-member by fastforce
  then show ?thesis using 0 by auto
qed
qed
qed
corollary succ-empty: assumes invar-vebt t n
  shows (vebt-succ t x = None) = ({y. vebt-member t y ∧ y > x} = {})
proof
  show vebt-succ t x = None ⟹ {y. vebt-member t y ∧ x < y} = {}
  proof
    show vebt-succ t x = None ⟹ {y. vebt-member t y ∧ x < y} ⊆ {}
  proof-
    assume vebt-succ t x = None
    hence ∄ y. is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' t) x y
      using assms succ-corr by force
    moreover hence is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' t) x y ⟹ vebt-member t y ∧ x < y for y by auto
    ultimately show {y. vebt-member t y ∧ x < y} ⊆ {}
      using assms succ-none-empty set-vebt'-def set-vebt-finite by auto
  qed
  show vebt-succ t x = None ⟹ {} ⊆ {y. vebt-member t y ∧ x < y} by simp
qed
show {y. vebt-member t y ∧ x < y} = {} ⟹ vebt-succ t x = None
proof-
  assume {y. vebt-member t y ∧ x < y} = {}
  hence is-succ-in-set (set-vebt' t) x y ⟹ False for y
    using succ-member by auto
  thus vebt-succ t x = None
    by (meson assms not-Some-eq succ-corr)
qed
qed

```

```

theorem succ-correct: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  vebt-succ t x = Some sx  $\longleftrightarrow$  is-succ-in-set (set-vebt t) x sx
  by (simp add: succ-corr set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid)

lemma is-succ-in-set S x y  $\longleftrightarrow$  min-in-set {s . s  $\in$  S  $\wedge$  s > x} y
  using is-succ-in-set-def min-in-set-def by fastforce

lemma helpd:invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  vebt-succ t x = Some y  $\implies$  y <  $2^n$ 
  using member-bound succ-corr succ-member by blast

lemma geqmaxNone:
  assumes invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) n x  $\geq$  ma
  shows vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = None
  proof(rule ccontr)
    assume vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x  $\neq$  None
    then obtain y where vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = Some y by
    auto
    hence y > ma  $\wedge$  y  $\in$  set-vebt' ((Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary))
    by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) assms(1) assms(2) dual-order.strict-trans2 member-inv min-in-set-def
    vebt-mint.simps(3) mint-corr not-less-iff-gr-or-eq succ-corr succ-member)
    then show False
    by (metis assms(1) leD vebt-maxt.simps(3) maxt-corr-help mem-Collect-eq set-vebt'-def)
  qed

end
end

```

```

theory VEBT-Pred imports VEBT-MinMax VEBT-Insert
begin

```

7 The Predecessor Operation

```

definition is-pred-in-set :: nat set  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  is-pred-in-set xs x y = (y  $\in$  xs  $\wedge$  y < x  $\wedge$  ( $\forall$  z  $\in$  xs. (z < x  $\longrightarrow$  z  $\leq$  y)))

context VEBT-internal begin

```

7.1 Lemmas on Sets and Predecessorship

```

corollary pred-member: is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' t) x y = (vebt-member t y  $\wedge$  y < x  $\wedge$  ( $\forall$  z. vebt-member
  t z  $\wedge$  z < x  $\longrightarrow$  z  $\leq$  y))
  using is-pred-in-set-def set-vebt'-def by auto

```

```

lemma finite (A:: nat set)  $\implies$  A  $\neq$  {}  $\implies$  Max A  $\in$  A
  proof(induction A rule: finite.induct)
    case emptyI
    then show ?case by blast
  next
    case (insertI A a)
    then show ?case

```

```

    by (meson Max-in finite-insert)
qed

lemma obtain-set-pred: assumes (x::nat) > z and min-in-set A z and finite A shows ∃ y.
is-pred-in-set A x y
proof-
  have {y ∈ A. y < x} ≠ {}
  using assms(1) assms(2) min-in-set-def by auto
  hence Max {y ∈ A. y < x} ∈ {y ∈ A. y < x}
    by (metis (full-types) Max-eq-iff finite-M-bounded-by-nat)
  moreover have i ∈ A ==> i < x ==> i ≤ Max {y ∈ A. y < x} for i by simp
  ultimately have is-pred-in-set A x (Max {y ∈ A. y < x})
    using is-pred-in-set-def by auto
  then show ?thesis by auto
qed

lemma pred-none-empty: assumes (∄ x. is-pred-in-set (xs) a x) and finite xs shows ¬ (∃ x ∈ xs.
ord-class.less x a)
proof-
  have ∃ x ∈ xs. ord-class.less x a ==> False
  proof-
    assume ∃ x ∈ xs. ord-class.less x a
    hence {x ∈ xs. ord-class.less x a} ≠ {} by auto
    hence Max {y ∈ xs. y < a} ∈ {y ∈ xs. y < a}
      by (metis (full-types) Max-eq-iff finite-M-bounded-by-nat)
    moreover hence i ∈ xs ==> ord-class.less i a ==>
      ord-class.less-eq i (Max {y ∈ xs. ord-class.less y a}) for i
      by (simp add: assms(2))
    ultimately have is-pred-in-set xs a (Max {y ∈ xs. y < a})
      using is-pred-in-set-def by auto
    then show False
      using assms(1) by blast
  qed
  then show ?thesis by blast
qed

end

```

7.2 The actual Function for Predecessor Search

```

context begin
  interpretation VEBT-internal .

fun vebt-pred :: VEBT ⇒ nat ⇒ nat option where
  vebt-pred (Leaf - -) 0 = None|
  vebt-pred (Leaf a -) (Suc 0) = (if a then Some 0 else None)| 
  vebt-pred (Leaf a b) - = (if b then Some 1 else if a then Some 0 else None)| 
  vebt-pred (Node None - - -) - = None|
  vebt-pred (Node - 0 - -) - = None|

```

```

vebt-pred (Node - (Suc 0) - -) - = None|
vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (
  if x > ma then Some ma
  else (let l = low x (deg div 2); h = high x (deg div 2) in
    if h < length treeList then
      let minlow = vebt-mint (treeList ! h) in
        if minlow ≠ None ∧ (Some l >o minlow) then
          Some (2~(deg div 2)) *o Some h +o vebt-pred (treeList ! h) l
        else let pr = vebt-pred summary h in
          if pr = None then (
            if x > mi then Some mi
            else None)
          else Some (2~(deg div 2)) *o pr +o vebt-maxt (treeList ! the pr) )
      else None))
  else None))

end

```

context VEBT-internal **begin**

7.3 Auxiliary Lemmas

lemma pred-max:

assumes deg ≥ 2 **and** (x::nat) > ma
shows vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = Some ma
by (metis VEBT-Pred.vebt-pred.simps(7) add-2-eq-Suc assms(1) assms(2) le-add-diff-inverse)

lemma pred-lesseq-max:

assumes deg ≥ 2 **and** (x::nat) ≤ ma
shows vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (let l = low x (deg div 2); h = high x (deg div 2) in
 if h < length treeList then

```

    let minlow = vebt-mint (treeList ! h) in
    (if minlow ≠ None ∧ (Some l >o minlow) then
      Some (2~(deg div 2)) *o Some h +o vebt-pred (treeList ! h) l
    else let pr = vebt-pred summary h in
      if pr = None then (if x > mi then Some mi else None)
      else Some (2~(deg div 2)) *o pr +o vebt-maxt (treeList ! the pr) )
  else None)

```

by (smt VEBT-Pred.vebt-pred.simps(7) add-numeral-left assms(1) assms(2) leD le-add-diff-inverse numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2))

lemma pred-list-to-short:

assumes deg ≥ 2 **and** ord-class.less-eq x ma **and** high x (deg div 2) ≥ length treeList
shows vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = None
by (simp add: assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) leD pred-lesseq-max)

```

lemma pred-less-length-list:
  assumes deg ≥ 2 and ord-class.less-eq x ma and high x (deg div 2) < length treeList
  shows
    vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (let l = low x (deg div 2); h = high x
    (deg div 2); minlow = vebt-mint (treeList ! h) in
      (if minlow ≠ None ∧ (Some l >_o minlow) then
        Some (2^(deg div 2)) *_o Some h +_o vebt-pred (treeList ! h) l
      else let pr = vebt-pred summary h in
        if pr = None then (if x > mi then Some mi else None)
        else Some (2^(deg div 2)) *_o pr +_o vebt-maxt (treeList ! the pr) ))
  by (simp add: assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) pred-lesseq-max)

```

7.4 Correctness Proof

```

theorem pred-corr: invar-vebt t n ==> vebt-pred t x = Some px ==> is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' t) x px
proof(induction t n arbitrary: x px rule: invar-vebt.induct)
  case (1 a b)
  then show ?case
  proof(cases x)
    case 0
    then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: is-pred-in-set-def)
  next
    case (Suc sucX)
    hence x ≥ 0 ∧ x = Suc sucX by auto
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases sucX)
      case 0
      then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: Suc pred-member)
    next
      case (Suc nat)
      hence x ≥ 2
      by (simp add: 0 ≤ x ∧ x = Suc sucX)
      then show ?thesis
      proof(cases b)
        case True
        hence vebt-pred (Leaf a b) x = Some 1
        by (simp add: Suc 0 ≤ x ∧ x = Suc sucX)
        moreover have is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' (Leaf a b)) x 1
        by (simp add: Suc True 0 ≤ x ∧ x = Suc sucX pred-member)
        ultimately show ?thesis
        using pred-member by auto
      next
        case False
        hence b = False by simp
        then show ?thesis
        proof(cases a)
          case True

```

```

hence vebt-pred (Leaf a b) x = Some 0
  by (simp add: False Suc ‹0 ≤ x ∧ x = Suc sucX›)
moreover have is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' (Leaf a b)) x 0
  by (simp add: False True ‹0 ≤ x ∧ x = Suc sucX› pred-member)
ultimately show ?thesis
  by (metis False VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(1) option.sel pred-member)
next
  case False
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: Suc ‹0 ≤ x ∧ x = Suc sucX› pred-member)
  qed
  qed
  qed
  qed
next
  case (2 treeList n summary m deg)
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: pred-member)
next
  case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: pred-member)
next
  case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence n = m and n ≥ 1 and deg ≥ 2 and deg = n + m
    apply blast+
  using 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(5) Suc-le-eq deg-not-0 apply auto[1]
  using 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(5) 4.hyps(6) deg-not-0 apply fastforce
  by (simp add: 4.hyps(6))
moreover hence thisvalid:invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) deg
  using 4.invar-vebt.intros(4)[of treeList n summary m] by blast
ultimately have deg div 2 = n and length treeList = 2^n
  using add-self-div-2 apply blast by (simp add: 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(5))
then show ?case
proof(cases x > ma)
  case True
  hence 0: vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = Some ma
    by (simp add: ‹2 ≤ deg› pred-max)
  have 1:ma = the (vebt-maxt (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) by simp
  hence ma ∈ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
    by (metis VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(5) ‹2 ≤ deg› add-numeral-left arith-simps(1)
le-add-diff-inverse mem-Collect-eq numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc set-vebt'-def)
  hence 2:y ∈ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ==> y ≤ x for y
    using 4.hyps(9) True member-inv set-vebt'-def by fastforce
  hence 3: y ∈ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ==> (y < ma ==> y ≤ x)
for y by blast
  hence 4: ∀ y ∈ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary). y < ma —> y ≤ x by
blast
  hence is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) x ma

```

```

by (metis 4.hyps(9) True ‹ma ∈ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)›
less-or-eq-imp-le mem-Collect-eq member-inv pred-member set-vebt'-def)
then show ?thesis
  by (metis 0 option.sel leD le-less-Suc-eq not-less-eq pred-member)
next
  case False
  hence x ≤ maby simp
  then show ?thesis
proof(cases high x (deg div 2) < length treeList )
  case True
  hence high x n < 2^n ∧ low x n < 2^n
    by (simp add: ‹deg div 2 = n› ‹length treeList = 2^n› low-def)
  let ?l = low x (deg div 2)
  let ?h = high x (deg div 2)
  let ?minlow = vebt-mint (treeList ! ?h)
  let ?pr = vebt-pred summary ?h
  have 1:vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
    (if ?minlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l >_o ?minlow) then
      Some (2^(deg div 2)) *_o Some ?h +_o vebt-pred (treeList !
      ?h) ?l
    else let pr = vebt-pred summary ?h in
      if pr = None then (if x > mi then Some mi else None)
      else Some (2^(deg div 2)) *_o pr +_o vebt-maxt (treeList ! the pr) )
  by (smt True ‹2 ≤ deg› ‹x ≤ ma› pred-less-length-list)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?minlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l >_o ?minlow))
  case True
  then obtain minl where 00:(Some minl = ?minlow) ∧ ?l > minl by auto
  have 01:invar-vebt ((treeList ! ?h)) n ∧ (treeList ! ?h) ∈ set treeList
    by (simp add: 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(5) ‹deg div 2 = n› ‹high x n < 2^n ∧ low x n <
    2^n›)
  have 02:vebt-member ((treeList ! ?h)) minl
    using 00 01 mint-member by auto
  hence 03: ∃ y. y < ?l ∧ vebt-member ((treeList ! ?h)) y
    using 00 by blast
  hence afinite: finite (set-vebt' (treeList ! ?h))
    using 01 set-vebt-finite by blast
  then obtain predy where 04:is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' (treeList ! ?h)) ?l predy
    using 00 01 mint-corr obtain-set-pred by fastforce
  hence 05:Some predy = vebt-pred (treeList ! ?h) ?l using 4(1) 01 by force
  hence vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = Some (2^(deg div 2)* ?h
  + predy)
    using 1 True add-def mul-def option-shift.simps(3) by metis
  hence 06: predy ∈ set-vebt' (treeList ! ?h)
    using 04 is-pred-in-set-def by blast
  hence 07: predy < 2^(deg div 2) ∧ ?h < 2^(deg div 2) ∧ deg div 2 + deg div 2 = deg
    using 01 04 4.hyps(5) 4.hyps(6) ‹high x n < 2^n ∧ low x n < 2^n› member-bound
pred-member by auto
  let ?y = 2^(deg div 2)* ?h + predy

```

```

have 08: vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) predy
  using 06 set-vebt'-def by auto
hence 09: both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) predy
  using 01 both-member-options-equiv-member by blast
have 10: high ?y (deg div 2) = ?h ∧ low ?y (deg div 2) = predy
  by (simp add: 07 high-inv low-inv mult.commute)
hence 14: both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ?y
  by (metis 07 09 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(5) Suc-1 ‹2 ≤ deg› ‹deg div 2 = n› add-leD1 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-o
plus-1-eq-Suc)
have 15: vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ?y
  using 14 thisvalid valid-member-both-member-options by blast
have 16: Some ?y = vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x
  by (simp add: ‹vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = Some (2 ^ (deg
div 2) * high x (deg div 2) + predy)›)
have 17: x = ?h * 2^(deg div 2) + ?l
  using bit-concat-def bit-split-inv by auto
have 18: x - ?y = ?h * 2^(deg div 2) + ?l - ?h * 2^(deg div 2) - predy
  by (metis 17 diff-diff-add mult.commute)
hence 19: ?y < x
  using 04 17 mult.commute nat-add-left-cancel-less pred-member by fastforce
have 20: z < x ⟹ vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ⟹ z ≤ ?y
for z
proof-
  assume z < x and vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z
  hence high z (deg div 2) ≤ high x (deg div 2)
    by (simp add: div-le-mono high-def)
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases high z (deg div 2) = high x (deg div 2))
    case True
    hence 0000: high z (deg div 2) = high x (deg div 2) by simp
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases z = mi)
      case True
      then show ?thesis
        using 15 vebt-mint.simps(3) mint-corr-help thisvalid by blast
    next
      case False
      hence ad: vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) (low z (deg div 2))
        using vebt-member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary z]
        by (metis True ‹vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z› ‹x ≤
ma› ‹z < x› leD member-inv)
      have is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' (treeList ! ?h)) ?l predy
        using 04 by blast
      have low z (deg div 2) < ?l
        by (metis (full-types) True ‹z < x› bit-concat-def bit-split-inv nat-add-left-cancel-less)
      hence predy ≥ low z (deg div 2) using 04 ad unfolding is-pred-in-set-def
        by (simp add: set-vebt'-def)
      hence ?y ≥ z
        by (smt True bit-concat-def bit-split-inv diff-add-inverse diff-diff-add diff-is-0-eq

```

```

mult.commute)
    then show ?thesis by blast
qed
next
case False
hence high z (deg div 2) < high ?y (deg div 2)
    using 10 <high z (deg div 2) ≤ high x (deg div 2)> by linarith
then show ?thesis
    by (metis div-le-mono high-def nat-le-linear not-le)
qed
qed
hence is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) x ?y
    by (simp add: 15 19 pred-member)
then show ?thesis using 16
    by (metis eq-iff option.inject pred-member)
next
case False
hence i1: ?minlow = None ∨ ¬ (Some ?l >_o ?minlow) by simp
hence 2: vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (
    if ?pr = None then (if x > mi
        then Some mi
        else None)
    else Some (2^(deg div 2)) *_o ?pr +_o vebt-maxt (treeList ! the ?pr))
using 1 by auto
have invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n
    by (metis 4(1) True inthall member-def)
hence 33: ∄ u. vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) u ∧ u < ?l
proof(cases ?minlow = None)
case True
then show ?thesis using mint-corr-help-empty[of treeList ! ?h n]
    by (simp add: <invar-vebt (treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) n> set-vebt'-def)
next
case False
obtain minilow where ?minlow = Some minilow
    using False by blast
hence minilow ≥ ?l
    using i1 by auto
then show ?thesis
    by (meson <vebt-mint (treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) = Some minilow> <invar-vebt (treeList
! high x (deg div 2)) n> leD less-le-trans mint-corr-help)
qed
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?pr = None)
case True
hence vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (if x > mi then Some
mi else None)
    by (simp add: 2)
hence ∄ i. is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' summary) ?h i
    using 4.hyps(3) True by force

```

hence $\nexists i. i < ?h \wedge \text{vebt-member summary } i$ **using** *pred-none-empty*[of *set-vebt'* summary $?h$]

proof –

{ **fix** $nn :: \text{nat}$
have $\forall n. ((\text{is-pred-in-set} (\text{Collect} (\text{vebt-member summary})) (\text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2)) \text{ esk1-0}) \vee \text{infinite} (\text{Collect} (\text{vebt-member summary}))) \vee n \notin \text{Collect} (\text{vebt-member summary})) \vee \neg n < \text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2)$
using $\nexists i. \text{is-pred-in-set} (\text{set-vebt}' \text{ summary}) (\text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2)) i \text{ } \text{pred-none-empty}$
set-vebt'-def **by** *auto*
then have $\neg nn < \text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2) \vee \neg \text{vebt-member summary } nn$
by (*metis* (*no-types*) 4.*hyp*(2) $\nexists i. \text{is-pred-in-set} (\text{set-vebt}' \text{ summary}) (\text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2)) i \text{ } \text{mem-Collect-eq set-vebt'-def set-vebt-finite}$) }
then show $?thesis$
by *blast*
qed
then show $?thesis$
proof(*cases* $x > mi$)
case *True*
hence *vebt-pred* (*Node* (*Some* (mi, ma)) $\deg \text{treeList summary}$) $x = \text{Some } mi$
by (*simp add*: $\langle \text{vebt-pred} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x = (\text{if } mi < x \text{ then Some } mi \text{ else None}) \rangle$)
have (*vebt-member* (*Node* (*Some* (mi, ma)) $\deg \text{treeList summary}$) $z \wedge z < x \wedge z > mi$)
 $\Rightarrow \text{False for } z$
proof–
assume *vebt-member* (*Node* (*Some* (mi, ma)) $\deg \text{treeList summary}$) $z \wedge z < x \wedge z > mi$
hence *vebt-member* ($\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } z (\deg \text{div } 2))$) ($\text{low } z (\deg \text{div } 2)$)
using $\langle x \leq ma \rangle \text{member-inv not-le}$ **by** *blast*
moreover hence $\text{high } z (\deg \text{div } 2) < 2^m$
using 4.*hyp*(4) $\langle \text{vebt-member} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) z \wedge z < x \wedge mi < z \rangle \langle x \leq ma \rangle \text{member-inv}$ **by** *fastforce*
moreover hence *invar-vebt* (*treeList* ! ($\text{high } z (\deg \text{div } 2)$)) n **using** 4(1)
by (*simp add*: 4.*hyp*(4))
ultimately have *vebt-member summary* ($\text{high } z (\deg \text{div } 2)$) **using** 4(7)
using 4.*hyp*(2) *both-member-options-equiv-member* **by** *blast*
have ($\text{high } z (\deg \text{div } 2) \leq ?h$)
by (*simp add*: $\langle \text{vebt-member} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) z \wedge z < x \wedge mi < z \rangle \text{div-le-mono high-def less-or-eq-imp-le}$)
then show *False*
by (*metis* 33 $\neg (\exists i < \text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2). \text{vebt-member summary } i) \langle \text{vebt-member} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) z \wedge z < x \wedge mi < z \rangle \langle \text{vebt-member} (\text{treeList} ! \text{high } z (\deg \text{div } 2)) (\text{low } z (\deg \text{div } 2)) \rangle \langle \text{vebt-member summary} (\text{high } z (\deg \text{div } 2)) \rangle \text{bit-concat-def bit-split-inv le-neq-implies-less nat-add-left-cancel-less}$)
qed
hence *is-pred-in-set* (*set-vebt'* (*(Node* (*Some* (mi, ma)) $\deg \text{treeList summary}$))) $x mi$
by (*metis* *VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps*(5) *True* $\langle 2 \leq \deg \rangle \text{add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse le-less-linear pred-member}$)
then show $?thesis$
by (*metis* $\langle \text{vebt-pred} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x = \text{Some } mi \rangle \langle x \leq ma \rangle \text{option.sel leD member-inv pred-member}$)

```

next
  case False
    hence vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = None
      by (simp add: 2 True)
    then show ?thesis
    by (metis (full-types) False less-trans member-inv option.distinct(1) pred-max pred-member)
  qed
next
  case False
    hence fst:vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
      Some (2^(deg div 2)) *_o ?pr +_o vebt-maxt (treeList ! the ?pr)
      using 2 by presburger
    obtain pr where ?pr = Some pr
      using False by blast
    hence is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' summary) ?h pr
      using 4.hyps(3) by blast
    hence vebt-member summary pr
      using pred-member by blast
    hence both-member-options summary pr
      using 4.hyps(2) both-member-options-equiv-member by auto
    hence pr < 2^m
      using 4.hyps(2) <vebt-member summary pr> member-bound by blast
    hence  $\exists$  maxy. both-member-options (treeList ! pr) maxy
      using 4.hyps(7) <both-member-options summary pr> by blast
    hence fgh:set-vebt' (treeList ! pr)  $\neq \{\}$ 
      by (metis 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(4) <vebt-member summary pr> empty-Collect-eq
member-bound nth-mem set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
    hence invar-vebt (treeList ! the ?pr) n
      by (simp add: 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(4) <pr < 2 ^ m> <vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2)) =
Some pr>)
    then obtain maxy where Some maxy = vebt-maxt (treeList ! pr)
      by (metis <vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2)) = Some pr> fgh option.sel vebt-maxt.elims
maxt-corr-help-empty)
    hence Some maxy = vebt-maxt (treeList ! the ?pr)
      by (simp add: <vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2)) = Some pr>)
    hence max-in-set (set-vebt' (treeList ! the ?pr)) maxy
      using <invar-vebt (treeList ! the (vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2))))> n > maxt-corr by
auto
    hence scmem:vebt-member (treeList ! the ?pr) maxy
      using <Some maxy = vebt-maxt (treeList ! the (vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2))))>
<invar-vebt (treeList ! the (vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2))))> n > maxt-member by force
      let ?res = Some (2^(deg div 2)) *_o ?pr +_o vebt-maxt (treeList ! the ?pr)
      obtain res where snd: res = the ?res by blast
      hence res = 2^(deg div 2) * pr + maxy
        by (metis <Some maxy = vebt-maxt (treeList ! pr)> <vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2)) =
Some pr> add-def option.sel mul-def option-shift.simps(3))
      have high res (deg div 2) = pr
        by (metis <deg div 2 = n> <res = 2 ^ (deg div 2) * pr + maxy> <invar-vebt (treeList ! the
?pr)> n > high-inv member-bound mult.commute scmem)

```

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hence res < x
  by (metis `is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' summary) (high x (deg div 2)) pr` div-le-mono high-def
pred-member verit-comp-simplify1(3))
  have both-member-options (treeList ! (high res (deg div 2))) (low res (deg div 2))
    by (metis `deg div 2 = n` `high res (deg div 2) = pr` `vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2))
= Some pr` `res = 2 ^ (deg div 2) * pr + maxy` `invar-vebt (treeList ! the (vebt-pred summary (high
x (deg div 2)))) n` both-member-options-equiv-member option.sel low-inv member-bound mult.commute
scmem)
  have both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) res
    by (metis 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(6) `1 ≤ n` both-member-options (treeList !
high res (deg div 2)) (low res (deg div 2)) `high res (deg div 2) = pr` `vebt-member summary pr` both-member-options-from-chifl-to-complete-tree member-bound trans-le-add1)
  hence vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) res
  using thisvalid valid-member-both-member-options by auto
  hence res > mi
    by (metis 4.hyps(11) both-member-options (treeList ! high res (deg div 2)) (low res (deg
div 2)) `deg div 2 = n` `high res (deg div 2) = pr` `pr < 2 ^ m` `res < x` `x ≤ ma` less-le-trans
member-inv)
    hence res < ma
      using `res < x` `x ≤ ma` less-le-trans by blast
      have (vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ∧ z < x) ==> z ≤ res
for z
  proof-
    fix z
    assume vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ∧ z < x
    hence 20: z = mi ∨ z = ma ∨ (high z (deg div 2) < length treeList
      ∧ vebt-member (treeList ! (high z (deg div 2))) (low z (deg div 2))) using
      vebt-member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary z]
      using member-inv by blast
    have z ≠ ma
      using `vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ∧ z < x` `x ≤ ma` leD by blast
      hence mi ≠ ma
        by (metis `mi < res` `res < x` `x ≤ ma` leD less-trans)
      hence z < 2^deg
        using `vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ∧ z < x` member-bound
thisvalid by blast
      hence abc:invar-vebt (treeList ! (high z (deg div 2))) n
        by (metis 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(5) 4.hyps(6) `deg div 2 = n` `z < 2 ^ deg` `length
treeList = 2 ^ n` deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) in-set-member inthall)
        then show z ≤ res
        proof(cases z = mi)
          case True
          then show ?thesis
            using `mi < res` by auto
        next
          case False
          hence abe:vebt-member( treeList ! (high z (deg div 2))) (low z (deg div 2))
            using 20 `z ≠ ma` by blast

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hence abh:vbt-member summary (high z (deg div 2))
  by (metis 20 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(7) False ‹vbt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma))
  deg treeList summary) z ∧ z < x› ‹x ≤ ma› abc both-member-options-equiv-member not-le)
    have aaa:(high z (deg div 2)) = (high x (deg div 2)) ==> vbt-member (treeList ! ?h) (low
  z (deg div 2))
      using abe by auto
      have high z(deg div 2) > pr ==> False
      proof-
        assume high z(deg div 2) > pr
        hence vbt-member summary (high z(deg div 2))
          using abh by blast
          have aaaa:?h ≤ high z(deg div 2)
            by (meson ‹is-pred-in-set (set-vbt' summary) (high x (deg div 2)) pr› ‹pr < high z
  (deg div 2)› abh leD not-le-imp-less pred-member)
          have bbbb:?h ≥ high z(deg div 2)
            by (simp add: ‹vbt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma))) deg treeList summary) z ∧ z < x›
  div-le-mono dual-order.strict-implies-order high-def)
          hence ?h = high z (deg div 2)
            using aaaa eq-iff by blast
          hence vbt-member (treeList ! ?h) (low z (deg div 2))
            using aaa by linarith
          hence (low z (deg div 2)) < ?l
            by (metis ‹high x (deg div 2) = high z (deg div 2)› ‹vbt-member (Node (Some (mi,
  ma))) deg treeList summary) z ∧ z < x› add-le-cancel-left div-mult-mod-eq high-def less-le low-def)
            then show False
            using 33 ‹vbt-member (treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) (low z (deg div 2))› by blast
          qed
          hence high z(deg div 2) ≤ pr
            using not-less by blast
          then show z ≤ res
          proof(cases high z(deg div 2) = pr)
            case True
            hence vbt-member (treeList ! (high z(deg div 2))) (low z (deg div 2))
              using abe by blast
              have low z (deg div 2) ≤ maxy
                using True ‹Some maxy = vbt-maxt (treeList ! pr)› abc abe maxt-corr-help by auto
              hence z ≤ res
                by (metis True ‹res = 2 ^ (deg div 2) * pr + maxy› add-le-cancel-left div-mult-mod-eq
  high-def low-def mult.commute)
                then show ?thesis by simp
            next
              case False
              hence high z(deg div 2) < pr
                by (simp add: ‹high z (deg div 2) ≤ pr› less-le)
              then show ?thesis
                by (metis ‹high res (deg div 2) = pr› div-le-mono high-def leD linear)
            qed
          qed
        qed

```

```

hence is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) x res
using <vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) res> <res < x> pred-member
by presburger
    then show ?thesis using fst snd
        by (metis <Some maxy = vebt-maxt (treeList ! the (vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2))))>
<vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2))) = Some pr> <res = 2 ^ (deg div 2) * pr + maxy> add-shift
dual-order.eq-iff mul-shift pred-member)
        qed
    qed
next
    case False
        then show ?thesis
            by (metis 4.hyp(10) 4.hyp(5) 4.hyp(6) <1 ≤ n> <deg div 2 = n> <length treeList = 2 ^ n>
<x ≤ ma> exp-split-high-low(1) le-less-trans le-neq-implies-less not-less not-less-zero zero-neq-one)
            qed
        qed
next
    case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
    hence Suc n = m and deg = n + m and length treeList = 2 ^ m and invar-vebt summary m
        by blast +
    hence n ≥ 1
        using 5.hyp(1) set-n-deg-not-0 by blast
    hence deg ≥ 2
        by (simp add: 5.hyp(5) 5.hyp(6))
    hence deg div 2 = n
        by (simp add: 5.hyp(5) 5.hyp(6))
    moreover hence thisvalid:invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) deg
        using 5 invar-vebt.intros(5)[of treeList n summary m] by blast
    ultimately have deg div 2 = n by simp
    then show ?case
    proof(cases x > ma)
        case True
        hence 0: vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = Some ma
            by (simp add: <2 ≤ deg> pred-max)
        have 1:ma = the (vebt-maxt (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) by simp
        hence ma ∈ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
            by (metis VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(5) <2 ≤ deg> add-numeral-left arith-simps(1)
le-add-diff-inverse mem-Collect-eq numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc set-vebt'-def)
        hence 2:y ∈ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ⇒ y ≤ x for y
            using 5.hyp(9) True member-inv set-vebt'-def by fastforce
        hence 3: y ∈ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ⇒ (y < ma ⇒ y ≤ x)
    for y by blast
        hence 4: ∀ y ∈ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary). y < ma → y ≤ x by
blast
        hence is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) x ma
            by (metis 5.hyp(9) True <ma ∈ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)>
less-or-eq-imp-le mem-Collect-eq member-inv pred-member set-vebt'-def)
        then show ?thesis
            by (metis 0 option.sel leD le-less-Suc-eq not-less-eq pred-member)

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next
  case False
    hence  $x \leq m$  by simp
    then show ?thesis
  proof(cases high x (deg div 2) < length treeList )
    case True
      hence high x n <  $2^m$   $\wedge$  low x n <  $2^n$ 
      by (simp add: deg div 2 = n length treeList =  $2^m$  low-def)
      let ?l = low x (deg div 2)
      let ?h = high x (deg div 2)
      let ?minlow = vebt-mint (treeList ! ?h)
      let ?pr = vebt-pred summary ?h
      have 1: vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
        (if ?minlow ≠ None  $\wedge$  (Some ?l >  $_o$  ?minlow) then
          Some ( $2^{(deg div 2)}$ ) * $_o$  Some ?h + $_o$  vebt-pred (treeList !
        ?h) ?l
        else let pr = vebt-pred summary ?h in
          if pr = None then (if x > mi then Some mi else None)
          else Some ( $2^{(deg div 2)}$ ) * $_o$  pr + $_o$  vebt-maxt (treeList ! the pr) )
      by (smt True < 2 ≤ deg < x ≤ ma pred-less-length-list)
    then show ?thesis
  proof(cases ?minlow ≠ None  $\wedge$  (Some ?l >  $_o$  ?minlow))
    case True
      then obtain minl where 00:(Some minl = ?minlow)  $\wedge$  ?l > minl by auto
      have 01:invar-vebt ((treeList ! ?h)) n  $\wedge$  (treeList ! ?h) ∈ set treeList
        by (metis 5.hyps(1) deg div 2 = n high x n <  $2^m$   $\wedge$  low x n <  $2^n$  length treeList
        =  $2^m$   $\wedge$  invar-vebt summary m inthall member-def)
      have 02:vebt-member ((treeList ! ?h)) minl
        using 00 01 mint-member by auto
      hence 03:  $\exists y. y < ?l \wedge$  vebt-member ((treeList ! ?h)) y
        using 00 by blast
      hence afinite: finite (set-vebt' (treeList ! ?h))
        using 01 set-vebt-finite by blast
      then obtain predy where 04:is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' (treeList ! ?h)) ?l predy
        using 00 01 mint-corr obtain-set-pred by fastforce
      hence 05:Some predy = vebt-pred (treeList ! ?h) ?l using 5(1) 01 by force
      hence vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = Some ( $2^{(deg div 2)} * ?h$ 
      + predy)
        by (metis 1 True add-def mul-def option-shift.simps(3))
      hence 06: predy ∈ set-vebt' (treeList ! ?h)
        using 04 is-pred-in-set-def by blast
      hence 07: predy <  $2^{(deg div 2)}$   $\wedge$  ?h <  $2^{(deg div 2) + 1}$   $\wedge$  deg div 2 + deg div 2 + 1 = deg
        using 04 5.hyps(5) 5.hyps(6) high x n <  $2^m$   $\wedge$  low x n <  $2^n$  pred-member by force
      let ?y =  $2^{(deg div 2)} * ?h +$  predy
      have 08: vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) predy
        using 06 set-vebt'-def by auto
      hence 09: both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) predy
        using 01 both-member-options-equiv-member by blast
      have 10: high ?y (deg div 2) = ?h  $\wedge$  low ?y (deg div 2) = predy

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    by (simp add: 07 high-inv low-inv mult.commute)
  hence 14:both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ?y
    using 07 09 5.hyps(4) <deg div 2 = n> <high x n < 2 ^ m ∧ low x n < 2 ^ n>
  both-member-options-from-chif-to-complete-tree by auto
  have 15: vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ?y
    using 14 thisvalid valid-member-both-member-options by blast
  have 16: Some ?y = vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x
    by (simp add: <vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = Some (2 ^ (deg
  div 2) * high x (deg div 2) + predy)>)
  have 17: x = ?h * 2^(deg div 2) + ?l
    using bit-concat-def bit-split-inv by auto
  have 18: x - ?y = ?h * 2^(deg div 2) + ?l - ?h * 2^(deg div 2) - predy
    by (metis 17 diff-diff-add mult.commute)
  hence 19: ?y < x
    using 04 17 mult.commute nat-add-left-cancel-less pred-member by fastforce
  have 20: z < x ==> vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ==> z ≤ ?y
for z
proof-
  assume z < x and vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z
  hence high z (deg div 2) ≤ high x (deg div 2)
    by (simp add: div-le-mono high-def)
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases high z (deg div 2) = high x (deg div 2))
    case True
    hence 0000: high z (deg div 2) = high x (deg div 2) by simp
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases z = mi)
      case True
      then show ?thesis
        by (metis 15 5.hyps(9) add.left-neutral le-add2 less-imp-le-nat member-inv)
    next
      case False
      hence ad: vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) (low z (deg div 2))
        using vebt-member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary z]
        by (metis True <vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z> <x ≤
  ma> <z < x> leD member-inv)
      have is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' (treeList ! ?h)) ?l predy
        using 04 by blast
      have low z (deg div 2) < ?l
        by (metis (full-types) True <z < x> bit-concat-def bit-split-inv nat-add-left-cancel-less)
      hence predy ≥ low z (deg div 2) using 04 ad unfolding is-pred-in-set-def
        by (simp add: set-vebt'-def)
      hence ?y ≥ z
        by (smt True bit-concat-def bit-split-inv diff-add-inverse diff-diff-add diff-is-0-eq
  mult.commute)
        then show ?thesis by blast
    qed
  next
  case False

```

```

hence  $\text{high } z (\deg \text{ div } 2) < \text{high } ?y (\deg \text{ div } 2)$ 
  using 10 ‹ $\text{high } z (\deg \text{ div } 2) \leq \text{high } x (\deg \text{ div } 2)$ › by linarith
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis div-le-mono high-def nat-le-linear not-le)
qed
qed
hence  $\text{is-pred-in-set} (\text{set-vebt}'(\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary})) x ?y$ 
  by (simp add: 15 19 pred-member)
  then show ?thesis using 16
    by (metis eq-iff option.inject pred-member)
next
  case False
  hence i1:  $?minlow = \text{None} \vee \neg (\text{Some} ?l >_o ?minlow)$  by simp
  hence 2:  $\text{vebt-pred} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x =$  (
    if  $?pr = \text{None}$  then (if  $x > mi$ 
      then  $\text{Some} mi$ 
      else  $\text{None}$ )
    else  $\text{Some} (2^{\wedge}(\deg \text{ div } 2)) *_o ?pr +_o \text{vebt-maxt} (\text{treeList} ! \text{the} ?pr))$ 
  using 1 by auto
  have  $\text{invar-vebt} (\text{treeList} ! ?h) n$ 
    by (metis 5(1) True inthall member-def)
  hence 33:  $\nexists u. \text{vebt-member} (\text{treeList} ! ?h) u \wedge u < ?l$ 
  proof(cases ?minlow = None)
    case True
    then show ?thesis using mint-corr-help-empty[of treeList ! ?h n]
      by (simp add: ‹invar-vebt (treeList ! high x (\deg \text{ div } 2)) n› set-vebt'-def)
  next
    case False
    obtain minilow where ?minlow = Some minilow
      using False by blast
    hence minilow  $\geq ?l$ 
      using i1 by auto
    then show ?thesis
      by (meson ‹vebt-mint (treeList ! high x (\deg \text{ div } 2)) = \text{Some} minilow› ‹invar-vebt (treeList ! high x (\deg \text{ div } 2)) n› leD less-le-trans mint-corr-help)
  qed
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases ?pr = None)
    case True
    hence vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (if x > mi then Some mi else None)
      by (simp add: 2)
    hence  $\nexists i. \text{is-pred-in-set} (\text{set-vebt}' \text{ summary}) ?h i$ 
      using 5.hyps(3) True by force
    hence  $\nexists i. i < ?h \wedge \text{vebt-member} \text{ summary} i$  using pred-none-empty[of set-vebt' summary ?h]
  proof -
    { fix nn :: nat
      have  $\forall n. ((\text{is-pred-in-set} (\text{Collect} (\text{vebt-member} \text{ summary}))) (\text{high } x (\deg \text{ div } 2)) \text{ eskl-0}$ 

```

```

 $\vee \text{infinite}(\text{Collect}(\text{vebt-member summary})) \vee n \notin \text{Collect}(\text{vebt-member summary}) \vee \neg n < \text{high } x$ 
 $(\deg \text{div } 2)$ 
  using  $\nexists i. \text{is-pred-in-set}(\text{set-vebt' summary}) (\text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2)) i \triangleright \text{pred-none-empty}$ 
  set-vebt'-def by auto
  then have  $\neg nn < \text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2) \vee \neg \text{vebt-member summary } nn$ 
    by (metis (no-types) 5.hyps(2)  $\nexists i. \text{is-pred-in-set}(\text{set-vebt' summary}) (\text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2)) i \triangleright \text{mem-Collect-eq set-vebt'-def set-vebt-finite}$ )
  then show ?thesis
    by blast
  qed
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases  $x > mi$ )
    case True
    hence  $\text{vebt-pred}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x = \text{Some } mi$ 
      by (simp add:  $\text{vebt-pred}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x = (\text{if } mi < x \text{ then Some } mi \text{ else None})$ )
    have ( $\text{vebt-member}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) z \wedge z < x \wedge z > mi$ )
     $\Rightarrow \text{False}$  for  $z$ 
    proof-
      assume  $\text{vebt-member}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) z \wedge z < x \wedge z > mi$ 
      hence  $\text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } z (\deg \text{div } 2))) (\text{low } z (\deg \text{div } 2))$ 
        using  $\langle x \leq ma \rangle \text{member-inv not-le}$  by blast
        moreover hence  $\text{high } z (\deg \text{div } 2) < 2^m$ 
        using 5.hyps(4)  $\langle \text{vebt-member}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) z \wedge z < x \wedge mi < z \rangle \langle x \leq ma \rangle \text{member-inv}$  by fastforce
        moreover hence  $\text{invar-vebt}(\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } z (\deg \text{div } 2))) n$  using 5(1)
          by (simp add: 5.hyps(4))
        ultimately have  $\text{vebt-member summary}(\text{high } z (\deg \text{div } 2))$  using 5(7)
          using 5.hyps(2)  $\text{both-member-options-equiv-member}$  by blast
        have ( $\text{high } z (\deg \text{div } 2) \leq ?h$ )
          by (simp add:  $\langle \text{vebt-member}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) z \wedge z < x \wedge mi < z \rangle \text{div-le-mono high-def less-or-eq-imp-le}$ )
        then show False
          by (metis 33  $\neg (\exists i < \text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2). \text{vebt-member summary } i) \triangleright \langle \text{vebt-member}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) z \wedge z < x \wedge mi < z \rangle \langle \text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList} ! \text{high } z (\deg \text{div } 2)) (\text{low } z (\deg \text{div } 2)) \rangle \langle \text{vebt-member summary}(\text{high } z (\deg \text{div } 2)) \rangle \text{bit-concat-def bit-split-inv le-neq-implies-less nat-add-left-cancel-less}$ )
        qed
        hence  $\text{is-pred-in-set}(\text{set-vebt'}((\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}))) x mi$ 
        by (metis VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(5) True  $\langle 2 \leq \deg \rangle \text{add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse le-less-linear pred-member}$ )
        then show ?thesis
        by (metis  $\langle \text{vebt-pred}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x = \text{Some } mi \rangle \langle x \leq ma \rangle \text{option.sel leD member-inv pred-member}$ )
      next
        case False
        hence  $\text{vebt-pred}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x = \text{None}$ 
          by (simp add: 2 True)
        then show ?thesis

```

```

by (metis (full-types) False less-trans member-inv option.distinct(1) pred-max pred-member)
qed
next
case False
hence fst:vebt-pred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
    Some (2^(deg div 2)) *_o ?pr +_o vebt-maxt (treeList ! the ?pr)
using 2 by presburger
obtain pr where ?pr = Some pr
using False by blast
hence is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' summary) ?h pr
using 5.hyps(3) by blast
hence vebt-member summary pr
using pred-member by blast
hence both-member-options summary pr
using 5.hyps(2) both-member-options-equiv-member by auto
hence pr < 2^m
using 5.hyps(2) <vebt-member summary pr> member-bound by blast
hence ∃ maxy. both-member-options (treeList ! pr) maxy
using 5.hyps(7) <both-member-options summary pr> by blast
hence fgh:set-vebt' (treeList ! pr) ≠ {}
by (metis 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(4) Collect-empty-eq <pr < 2 ^ m> nth-mem set-vebt'-def
valid-member-both-member-options)
hence invar-vebt (treeList ! the ?pr) n
by (simp add: 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(4) <pr < 2 ^ m> <vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2))
= Some pr>)
then obtain maxy where Some maxy = vebt-maxt (treeList ! pr)
by (metis <vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2)) = Some pr> fgh option.sel vebt-maxt.elims
maxt-corr-help-empty)
hence Some maxy = vebt-maxt (treeList ! the ?pr)
by (simp add: <vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2)) = Some pr>)
hence max-in-set (set-vebt' (treeList ! the ?pr)) maxy
using <invar-vebt (treeList ! the (vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2)))) n> maxt-corr by
auto
hence scmem:vebt-member (treeList ! the ?pr) maxy
using <Some maxy = vebt-maxt (treeList ! the (vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2))))>
<invar-vebt (treeList ! the (vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2)))) n> maxt-member by force
let ?res = Some (2^(deg div 2)) *_o ?pr +_o vebt-maxt (treeList ! the ?pr)
obtain res where snd: res = the ?res by blast
hence res = 2^(deg div 2) * pr + maxy
by (metis <Some maxy = vebt-maxt (treeList ! pr)> <vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2))
= Some pr> add-def option.sel mul-def option-shift.simps(3))
have high res (deg div 2) = pr
by (metis <deg div 2 = n> <res = 2 ^ (deg div 2) * pr + maxy> <invar-vebt (treeList ! the
?pr) n> high-inv member-bound mult.commute scmem)
hence res < x
by (metis <is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' summary) (high x (deg div 2)) pr> div-le-mono high-def
pred-member verit-comp-simplify1(3))
have both-member-options (treeList ! (high res (deg div 2))) (low res (deg div 2))
by (metis <deg div 2 = n> <high res (deg div 2) = pr> <vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2))>

```

```

= Some pr <res = 2 ^ (deg div 2) * pr + maxy> <invar-vebt (treeList ! the (vebt-pred summary (high
x (deg div 2)))) n> both-member-options-equiv-member option.sel low-inv member-bound mult.commute
scmem)
  have both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) res
    by (metis 5.hyps(2) 5.hyps(4) 5.hyps(6) <1 ≤ n> both-member-options (treeList !
high res (deg div 2)) (low res (deg div 2))> <high res (deg div 2) = pr> <vebt-member summary pr>
both-member-options-from-chifl-to-complete-tree member-bound trans-le-add1)
  hence vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) res
    using thisvalid valid-member-both-member-options by auto
  hence res > mi
    by (metis 5.hyps(11) both-member-options (treeList ! high res (deg div 2)) (low res (deg
div 2))> <deg div 2 = n> <high res (deg div 2) = pr> <pr < 2 ^ m> <res < x> <x ≤ ma> less-le-trans
member-inv)
  hence res < ma
    using <res < x> <x ≤ ma> less-le-trans by blast
  have (vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ∧ z < x) ==> z ≤ res
for z
proof-
  fix z
  assume vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ∧ z < x
  hence 20: z = mi ∨ z = ma ∨ (high z (deg div 2) < length treeList
    ∧ vebt-member (treeList ! (high z (deg div 2))) (low z (deg div 2))) using
    vebt-member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary z]
    using member-inv by blast
  have z ≠ ma
    using <vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ∧ z < x> <x ≤ ma>
leD by blast
  hence mi ≠ ma
    by (metis <mi < res> <res < x> <x ≤ ma> leD less-trans)
  hence z < 2 ^ deg
    using <vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ∧ z < x> member-bound
thisvalid by blast
  hence (high z (deg div 2)) < 2 ^ m
    by (metis 5.hyps(5) 5.hyps(6) <1 ≤ n> <deg div 2 = n> exp-split-high-low(1) less-le-trans
numeral-One zero-less-Suc zero-less-numeral)
  hence abc:invar-vebt (treeList ! (high z (deg div 2))) n
    by (simp add: 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(4))
  then show z ≤ res
  proof(cases z = mi)
    case True
    then show ?thesis
      using <mi < res> by auto
  next
    case False
    hence abe:vebt-member( treeList ! (high z (deg div 2))) (low z (deg div 2))
      using 20 <z ≠ ma> by blast
    hence abh:vebt-member summary (high z (deg div 2))
      using 5.hyps(7) <high z (deg div 2) < 2 ^ m> <length treeList = 2 ^ m ∧ invar-vebt
summary m> abc both-member-options-equiv-member by blast

```

```

have aaa:(high z (deg div 2)) = (high x (deg div 2)) ==> vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) (low
z (deg div 2))
  using abe by auto
have high z(deg div 2) > pr ==> False
proof-
  assume high z(deg div 2) > pr
  hence vebt-member summary (high z(deg div 2))
    using abh by blast
  have aaaa:?h ≤ high z(deg div 2)
    by (meson ‹is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' summary) (high x (deg div 2)) pr› ‹pr < high z
(deg div 2)› abh leD not-le-imp-less pred-member)
  have bbbb:?h ≥ high z(deg div 2)
    by (simp add: ‹vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) z ∧ z < x›
div-le-mono dual-order.strict-implies-order high-def)
  hence ?h = high z (deg div 2)
    using aaaa eq-iff by blast
  hence vebt-member (treeList ! ?h) (low z (deg div 2))
    using aaa by linarith
  hence (low z (deg div 2)) < ?l
    by (metis ‹high x (deg div 2) = high z (deg div 2)› ‹vebt-member (Node (Some (mi,
ma)) deg treeList summary) z ∧ z < x› add-le-cancel-left div-mult-mod-eq high-def less-le low-def)
  then show False
    using 33 ‹vebt-member (treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) (low z (deg div 2))› by blast
qed
hence high z(deg div 2) ≤ pr
  using not-less by blast
then show z ≤ res
proof(cases high z(deg div 2) = pr)
  case True
  hence vebt-member (treeList ! (high z(deg div 2))) (low z (deg div 2))
    using abe by blast
  have low z (deg div 2) ≤ maxy
    using True ‹Some maxy = vebt-maxt (treeList ! pr)› abc abe maxt-corr-help by auto
  hence z ≤ res
    by (metis True ‹res = 2 ^ (deg div 2) * pr + maxy› add-le-cancel-left div-mult-mod-eq
high-def low-def mult.commute)
  then show ?thesis by simp
next
  case False
  hence high z(deg div 2) < pr
    by (simp add: ‹high z (deg div 2) ≤ pr› less-le)
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis ‹high res (deg div 2) = pr› div-le-mono high-def leD linear)
qed
qed
hence is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) x res
using ‹vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) res› ‹res < x› pred-member
by presburger

```

```

then show ?thesis using fst snd
  by (metis ‹Some maxy = vebt-maxt (treeList ! the (vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2))))›
  ‹vebt-pred summary (high x (deg div 2)) = Some pr› ‹res = 2 ^ (deg div 2) * pr + maxy› add-shift
  dual-order.eq-iff mul-shift pred-member)
    qed
  qed
next
case False
then show ?thesis
  by (metis 5.hyps(10) 5.hyps(4) 5.hyps(5) 5.hyps(6) ‹1 ≤ n› ‹deg div 2 = n› ‹x ≤ ma›
  exp-split-high-low(1) le-0-eq le-less-trans verit-comp-simplify1(3) zero-less-Suc zero-neq-one)
    qed
  qed
qed

corollary pred-empty: assumes invar-vebt t n
  shows (vebt-pred t x = None) = ({y. vebt-member t y ∧ y < x} = {})
proof
  show vebt-pred t x = None  $\implies$  {y. vebt-member t y ∧ x > y} = {}
  proof
    show vebt-pred t x = None  $\implies$  {y. vebt-member t y ∧ x > y}  $\subseteq$  {}
  proof-
    assume vebt-pred t x = None
    hence  $\nexists y. \text{is-pred-in-set}(\text{set-vebt}' t) x y$ 
    using assms pred-corr by force
    moreover hence is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' t) x y  $\implies$  vebt-member t y ∧ x < y for y by auto
    ultimately show {y. vebt-member t y ∧ x > y}  $\subseteq$  {}
    using assms pred-none-empty set-vebt'-def set-vebt-finite by auto
  qed
  show vebt-pred t x = None  $\implies$  {}  $\subseteq$  {y. vebt-member t y ∧ x > y} by simp
  qed
  show {y. vebt-member t y ∧ x > y} = {}  $\implies$  vebt-pred t x = None
  proof-
    assume {y. vebt-member t y ∧ x > y} = {}
    hence is-pred-in-set (set-vebt' t) x y  $\implies$  False for y
    using pred-member by auto
    thus vebt-pred t x = None
    by (meson assms option-shift.elims pred-corr)
  qed
qed

```

theorem pred-correct: invar-vebt t n \implies vebt-pred t x = Some sx \longleftrightarrow is-pred-in-set (set-vebt t) x sx
by (simp add: pred-corr set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid)

lemma helpypredd:invar-vebt t n \implies vebt-pred t x = Some y \implies y < 2^n
using member-bound pred-corr pred-member **by** blast

lemma invar-vebt t n \implies vebt-pred t x = Some y \implies y < x
by (simp add: pred-corr pred-member)

```

end
end

theory VEBT-Delete imports VEBT-Pred VEBT-Succ
begin

```

8 Deletion

8.1 Function Definition

```

context begin
  interpretation VEBT-internal .

fun vebt-delete :: VEBT ⇒ nat ⇒ VEBT where
  vebt-delete (Leaf a b) 0 = Leaf False b|
  vebt-delete (Leaf a b) (Suc 0) = Leaf a False|
  vebt-delete (Leaf a b) (Suc (Suc n)) = Leaf a b|
  vebt-delete (Node None deg treeList summary) - = (Node None deg treeList summary)||
  vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) 0 trLst smry) x = (Node (Some (mi, ma)) 0 trLst smry) |
  vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) (Suc 0) tr sm) x = (Node (Some (mi, ma)) (Suc 0) tr sm) |
  vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =(
    if (x < mi ∨ x > ma) then (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
    else if (x = mi ∧ x = ma) then (Node None deg treeList summary)
    else let xn = (if x = mi
      then the (vebt-mint summary) * 2^(deg div 2)
      + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))))
      else x);
    minn = (if x = mi then xn else mi);
    l = low xn (deg div 2);
    h = high xn (deg div 2) in
    if h < length treeList
    then(
      let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l;
      newlist = treeList[h := newnode]in
      if minNull newnode
      then( let sn = vebt-delete summary h in(
        Node (Some (minn, if xn = ma then
          (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in (
            if maxs = None
            then minn
            else 2^(deg div 2) * the maxs
            + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))))
            else ma)) deg newlist sn)))
      else (Node (Some (minn, (if xn = ma
        then h * 2^(deg div 2) + the( vebt-maxt (newlist ! h))
        else ma))) deg newlist summary ))
      else (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)))
    )
  )

```

end

8.2 Auxiliary Lemmas

context *VEBT-internal* **begin**

context **begin**

lemma *delt-out-of-range*:

assumes $x < mi \vee x > ma$ **and** $\deg \geq 2$
 shows

vbt-delete (*Node* (*Some* (mi, ma))) *deg* *treeList* *summary*) $x = (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary})$

using *vbt-delete.simps(7)*[*of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x*]
 by (*metis add-2-eq-Suc assms(1) assms(2) le-add-diff-inverse*)

lemma *del-single-cont*:

assumes $x = mi \wedge x = ma$ **and** $\deg \geq 2$
 shows *vbt-delete* (*Node* (*Some* (mi, ma))) *deg* *treeList* *summary*) $x = (\text{Node} \text{ None } \text{deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary})$
 using *vbt-delete.simps(7)*[*of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x*]
 by (*metis add-2-eq-Suc assms(1) assms(2) le-add-diff-inverse nat-less-le*)

lemma *del-in-range*:

assumes $x \geq mi \wedge x \leq ma$ **and** $mi \neq ma$ **and** $\deg \geq 2$
 shows
 vbt-delete (*Node* (*Some* (mi, ma))) *deg* *treeList* *summary*) $x = (\text{let } xn = (\text{if } x = mi$
 $\text{then the (vbt-mint summary)} * 2^{\lceil \deg / 2 \rceil}$
 $\text{+ the (vbt-mint (treeList ! the (vbt-mint summary)))})$
 $\text{else } x);$
 $minn = (\text{if } x = mi \text{ then } xn \text{ else } mi);$
 $l = \text{low } xn \text{ (deg div 2);}$
 $h = \text{high } xn \text{ (deg div 2) in}$
 $\text{if } h < \text{length treeList}$
 then (
 $\text{let newnode} = \text{vbt-delete (treeList ! h) l};$
 $\text{newlist} = \text{treeList}[h := \text{newnode}] \text{ in}$
 $\text{if minNull newnode}$
 then (
 $\text{let sn} = \text{vbt-delete summary h in}$
 $(\text{Node} (\text{Some} (minn, \text{if } xn = ma \text{ then (\text{let maxs} = \text{vbt-maxt sn} \text{ in}$
 $(\text{if } maxs = \text{None}$
 then minn
 $\text{else } 2^{\lceil \deg / 2 \rceil} * \text{the maxs}$
 $\text{+ the (vbt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))})$
 $)$
 $)$
 $\text{else ma}))$
 $\text{deg newlist sn})$

```

)else
  (Node (Some (minn, (if xn = ma then
    h * 2^(deg div 2) + the( vebt-maxt (newlist ! h))
    else ma)))
    deg newlist summary )
)else
  (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary))
using vebt-delete.simps(7)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x]
by (smt (z3) add-2-eq-Suc assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) leD le-add-diff-inverse)

lemma del-x-not-mia:
assumes x > mi ∧ x ≤ ma and mi ≠ ma and deg ≥ 2 and high x (deg div 2) = h and
low x (deg div 2) = l and high x (deg div 2) < length treeList
shows
  vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (
    let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l;
      newlist = treeList[h:= newnode] in
      if minNull newnode
        then(
          let sn = vebt-delete summary h in
            (Node (Some (mi, if x = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
              (if maxs = None
                then mi
                else 2^(deg div 2) * the maxs
                  + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs)))
              )
            )
            else ma)))
          deg newlist sn)
        )else
          (Node (Some (mi, (if x = ma then
            h * 2^(deg div 2) + the( vebt-maxt (newlist ! h))
            else ma)))
          deg newlist summary )
    )
using del-in-range[of mi x ma deg treeList summary] unfolding Let-def
using assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) assms(4) assms(5) assms(6) nat-less-le by fastforce

lemma del-x-not-mi:
assumes x > mi ∧ x ≤ ma and mi ≠ ma and deg ≥ 2 and high x (deg div 2) = h and
low x (deg div 2) = l and newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l
and newlist = treeList[h:= newnode] and high x (deg div 2) < length treeList
shows
  vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (
    if minNull newnode
      then(
        let sn = vebt-delete summary h in
          (Node (Some (mi, if x = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
            (if maxs = None
              then mi
              else 2^(deg div 2) * the maxs
                + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs)))
            )
          )
          else ma)))
        deg newlist sn)
      )else
        (Node (Some (mi, (if x = ma then
          h * 2^(deg div 2) + the( vebt-maxt (newlist ! h))
          else ma)))
        deg newlist summary )
    )

```

```

        then mi
        else  $2^{\lceil \deg / 2 \rceil} * \text{the maxs}$ 
              + the (vbt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))
      )
    )
else ma))
deg newlist sn)
) else
  (Node (Some (mi, (if x = ma then
    h *  $2^{\lceil \deg / 2 \rceil} + \text{the( vbt-maxt (newlist ! h))}$ 
    else ma)))
deg newlist summary )
) using del-x-not-mia[of mi x ma deg h l treeList summary]
by (smt (z3) assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) assms(4) assms(5) assms(6) assms(7) assms(8))

```

lemma del-x-not-mi-new-node-nil:

assumes $x > mi \wedge x \leq ma$ **and** $mi \neq ma$ **and** $\deg \geq 2$ **and** $high x (\deg / 2) = h$ **and**
 $low x (\deg / 2) = l$ **and** $newnode = vbt-delete (treeList ! h) l$ **and** $minNull newnode$ **and**
 $sn = vbt-delete summary h$ **and** $newlist = treeList[h := newnode]$ **and** $high x (\deg / 2) < length treeList$

shows

$vbt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) \deg treeList summary) x = (Node (Some (mi, if x = ma then$
 $(let maxs = vbt-maxt sn in$
 $(if maxs = None$
 $then mi$
 $else $2^{\lceil \deg / 2 \rceil} * \text{the maxs}$$
 $+ \text{the(vbt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))}$
 $)$
 $)$
 $else ma)) \deg newlist sn)$

using del-x-not-mi[of mi x ma deg h l newnode treeList]
by (metis assms(1) assms(10) assms(2) assms(3) assms(4) assms(5) assms(6) assms(7) assms(8)
assms(9))

lemma del-x-not-mi-newnode-not-nil:

assumes $x > mi \wedge x \leq ma$ **and** $mi \neq ma$ **and** $\deg \geq 2$ **and** $high x (\deg / 2) = h$ **and**
 $low x (\deg / 2) = l$ **and** $newnode = vbt-delete (treeList ! h) l$ **and** $\neg minNull newnode$ **and**
 $newlist = treeList[h := newnode]$ **and** $high x (\deg / 2) < length treeList$

shows

$vbt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) \deg treeList summary) x =$
 $(Node (Some (mi, (if x = ma then$
 $h * $2^{\lceil \deg / 2 \rceil} + \text{the(vbt-maxt (newlist ! h))}$$
 $else ma)))$
 $deg newlist summary)$

using del-x-not-mi[of mi x ma deg h l newnode treeList newlist summary]
using assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) assms(4) assms(5) assms(6) assms(7) assms(8) assms(9) **by**
auto

lemma del-x-mia: **assumes** $x = mi \wedge x < ma$ **and** $mi \neq ma$ **and** $\deg \geq 2$

```

shows vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =(
    let xn = the (vebt-mint summary) * 2^(deg div 2)
        + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)));
    minn = xn;
    l = low xn (deg div 2);
    h = high xn (deg div 2) in
    if h < length treeList
    then(
        let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l;
        newlist = treeList[h:= newnode]in
        if minNull newnode
        then(
            let sn = vebt-delete summary h in
            (Node (Some (minn, if xn = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
                (if maxs = None
                    then minn
                    else 2^(deg div 2) * the maxs
                        + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))
                )
            )
            else ma)))
            deg newlist sn)
        )else
            (Node (Some (minn, (if xn = ma then
                h * 2^(deg div 2) + the( vebt-maxt (newlist ! h))
                else ma)))
            deg newlist summary )
        )else
            (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
    )
using del-in-range[of mi x ma deg treeList summary]
using assms(1) assms(3) nat-less-le order-refl by fastforce

```

lemma del-x-mi:

```

assumes x = mi  $\wedge$  x < ma and mi  $\neq$  ma and deg  $\geq$  2 and high xn (deg div 2) = h and
    xn = the (vebt-mint summary) * 2^(deg div 2) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)))
    low xn (deg div 2) = land high xn (deg div 2) < length treeList
shows
    vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =(
        let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l;
        newlist = treeList[h:= newnode]in
        if minNull newnode
        then(
            let sn = vebt-delete summary h in
            (Node (Some (xn, if xn = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
                (if maxs = None
                    then xn
                    else 2^(deg div 2) * the maxs
                )
            )
            else ma)))
            deg newlist sn)
        )else
            (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
    )

```

```

+ the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))
)
)
else ma))
deg newlist sn)
)else
(Node (Some (xn, (if xn = ma then
h * 2^(deg div 2) + the( vebt-maxt (newlist ! h))
else ma)))
deg newlist summary ))

```

using del-x-mia[of x mi ma deg treeList summary]
by (smt (z3) assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) assms(4) assms(5) assms(6) assms(7))

lemma del-x-mi-lets-in:

assumes $x = mi \wedge x < ma$ **and** $mi \neq ma$ **and** $\text{deg} \geq 2$ **and** $\text{high } xn (\text{deg div } 2) = h$ **and**
 $xn = \text{the (vebt-mint summary)} * 2^{(\text{deg div } 2)} + \text{the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)))}$
 $\text{low } xn (\text{deg div } 2) = l$ **and** $\text{high } xn (\text{deg div } 2) < \text{length treeList}$ **and**
 $\text{newnode} = \text{vebt-delete (treeList ! h)} l$ **and** $\text{newlist} = \text{treeList}[h := \text{newnode}]$
shows $\text{vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)} x = ($ **if** minNull newnode
then(
let $sn = \text{vebt-delete summary h in}$
(Node (Some (xn, **if** $xn = ma$ **then** (**let** $\text{maxs} = \text{vebt-maxt sn in}$
(**if** $\text{maxs} = \text{None}$
then xn
else $2^{(\text{deg div } 2)} * \text{the maxs}$
+ the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))
)
)
)
else ma))
deg newlist sn)
)else
(Node (Some (xn, **if** $xn = ma$ **then**
h * 2^(deg div 2) + the(vebt-maxt (newlist ! h))
else ma)))
deg newlist summary))

using del-x-mi[of x mi ma deg xn h summary treeList l]
by (smt (z3) assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) assms(4) assms(5) assms(6) assms(7) assms(8) assms(9))

lemma del-x-mi-lets-in-minNull:

assumes $x = mi \wedge x < ma$ **and** $mi \neq ma$ **and** $\text{deg} \geq 2$ **and** $\text{high } xn (\text{deg div } 2) = h$ **and**
 $xn = \text{the (vebt-mint summary)} * 2^{(\text{deg div } 2)} + \text{the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)))}$
 $\text{low } xn (\text{deg div } 2) = l$ **and** $\text{high } xn (\text{deg div } 2) < \text{length treeList}$ **and**
 $\text{newnode} = \text{vebt-delete (treeList ! h)} l$ **and** $\text{newlist} = \text{treeList}[h := \text{newnode}]$ **and**
 minNull newnode **and** $sn = \text{vebt-delete summary h}$
shows $\text{vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)} x =$

```

(Node (Some (xn, if xn = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
(if maxs = None
then xn
else 2^(deg div 2) * the maxs
+ the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))
)
)
else ma)) deg newlist sn)
using del-x-mi-lets-in[of x mi ma deg xn h summary treeList l newnode newlist]
by (metis assms(1) assms(10) assms(11) assms(2) assms(3) assms(4) assms(5) assms(6) assms(7)
assms(8) assms(9))

```

lemma *del-x-mi-lets-in-not-minNull*:

assumes $x = mi \wedge x < ma$ **and** $mi \neq ma$ **and** $deg \geq 2$ **and** $high\ xn\ (deg\ div\ 2) = h$ **and**
 $xn = the\ (vebt-mint\ summary) * 2^{(deg\ div\ 2)} + the\ (vebt-mint\ (treeList\ !\ the\ (vebt-mint\ summary)))$
 $low\ xn\ (deg\ div\ 2) = land\ high\ xn\ (deg\ div\ 2) < length\ treeList$ **and**
 $newnode = vebt-delete\ (treeList\ !\ h)\ l$ **and** $newlist = treeList[h := newnode]$ **and**
 $\neg minNull\ newnode$

shows

$vebt-delete\ (Node\ (Some\ (mi,\ ma))\ deg\ treeList\ summary)\ x =$
 $(Node\ (Some\ (xn,\ (if\ xn = ma\ then\$
 $h * 2^{(deg\ div\ 2)} + the\ (vebt-maxt\ (newlist\ !\ h))$
 $else\ ma)))\ deg\ newlist\ summary)$

```

using del-x-mi-lets-in[of x mi ma deg xn h summary treeList l newnode newlist]
by (meson assms(1) assms(10) assms(2) assms(3) assms(4) assms(5) assms(6) assms(7) assms(8)
assms(9))

```

theorem *dele-bmo-cont-corr:invar-vebt t n \implies (both-member-options (vebt-delete t x) y \longleftrightarrow x \neq y \wedge both-member-options t y)*

proof (*induction t n arbitrary: x y rule: invar-vebt.induct*)

case (1 a b)

have (*both-member-options (vebt-delete (Leaf a b) x) y \implies (x \neq y \wedge both-member-options (Leaf a b) y)*)

by (metis One-nat-def both-member-options-def vebt-buildup.cases vebt-delete.simps(1) vebt-delete.simps(2) vebt-delete.simps(3) membermima.simps(1) naive-member.simps(1))

moreover have (x \neq y \wedge both-member-options (Leaf a b) y) \implies (*both-member-options (vebt-delete (Leaf a b) x) y*)

by (metis One-nat-def both-member-options-def vebt-buildup.cases vebt-delete.simps(1) vebt-delete.simps(2) vebt-delete.simps(3) membermima.simps(1) naive-member.simps(1))

ultimately show ?case **by** blast

next

case (2 treeList n summary m deg)

hence $deg \geq 2$

by (metis Suc-leI deg-not-0 dual-order.strict-trans2 less-add-same-cancel1 numerals(2))

hence (*vebt-delete (Node None deg treeList summary) x = (Node None deg treeList summary)*) **by** simp

moreover have $\neg vebt-member\ (Node\ None\ deg\ treeList\ summary)\ y$ **by** simp

```

moreover hence  $\neg$ both-member-options (Node None deg treeList summary) y
  using invar-vbt.intros(2)[of treeList n summary m deg] 2
  by (metis valid-member-both-member-options)
moreover hence  $\neg$ both-member-options (vbt-delete (Node None deg treeList summary) x) y by
simp
ultimately show ?case
  by force
next
  case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
    hence deg  $\geq$  2
      by (metis One-nat-def add-mono le-add1 numeral-2-eq-2 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
    hence (vbt-delete (Node None deg treeList summary) x) = (Node None deg treeList summary) by
simp
    moreover have  $\neg$ vbt-member (Node None deg treeList summary) y by simp
    moreover hence  $\neg$ both-member-options (Node None deg treeList summary) y
      using invar-vbt.intros(3)[of treeList n summary m deg] 3
      by (metis valid-member-both-member-options)
    moreover hence  $\neg$ both-member-options (vbt-delete (Node None deg treeList summary) x) y by
simp
      ultimately show ?case
        by force
    next
      case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
        hence tvalid: invar-vbt (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) deg
          using invar-vbt.intros(4)[of treeList n summary m deg mi ma] by simp
        hence mi  $\leq$  ma and deg div 2 = n and ma  $\leq$  2deg using 4
          by (auto simp add: 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4))
        hence dp:deg  $\geq$  2
          using 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(3) deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff by blast
        then show ?case proof(cases x < mi  $\vee$  x > ma)
          case True
            hence vbt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg
treeList summary)
              using delt-out-of-range[of x mi ma deg treeList summary] <math>\lhd 2 \leq \text{deg} \lhd</math> by blast
            then show ?thesis
              by (metis 4.hyps(7) True tvalid leD member-inv not-less-iff-gr-or-eq valid-member-both-member-options)
        next
          case False
            hence mi  $\leq$  x  $\wedge$  x  $\leq$  ma by simp
            hence x < 2deg
              using 4.hyps(8) order.strict-trans1 by blast
            then show ?thesis
            proof(cases x = mi  $\wedge$  x = ma)
              case True
                hence vbt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (Node None deg treeList
summary)
                  using del-single-cont[of x mi ma deg treeList summary] <math>\lhd 2 \leq \text{deg} \lhd</math> by blast
                moreover hence invar-vbt (Node None deg treeList summary) deg
                  using 4(4) 4.IH(1) 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) True mi-eq-ma-no-ch tvalid invar-vbt.intros(2)

```

```

by force
  moreover hence  $\neg$  vebt-member (Node None deg treeList summary) y by simp
  moreover hence  $\neg$  both-member-options (Node None deg treeList summary) y
    using calculation(2) valid-member-both-member-options by blast
  then show ?thesis
  by (metis True calculation(1) member-inv not-less-iff-gr-or-eq tvalid valid-member-both-member-options)
next
  case False
  hence mimapr:mi < ma
    by (metis 4.hyps(7) ‹mi ≤ x ∧ x ≤ ma› le-antisym nat-less-le)
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases x ≠ mi)
    case True
    hence xmi:x ≠ mi by simp
    let ?h = high x n
    let ?l = low x n
    have ?h < length treeList
    using 4(10) 4(4) 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) ‹mi ≤ x ∧ x ≤ ma› deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1)
  by auto
    let ?newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l
    let ?newlist = treeList[?h:= ?newnode]
    have length treeList = length ?newlist by simp
    hence hprolist: ?newlist ! ?h = ?newnode
      by (meson ‹high x n < length treeList› nth-list-update-eq)
    have nothprolist: i ≠ ?h ∧ i < 2^m ==> ?newlist ! i = treeList ! i for i by auto
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases minNull ?newnode)
      case True
      let ?sn = vebt-delete summary ?h
      let ?newma= (if x = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn in (if maxs = None
        then mi
        else 2^(deg div 2) * the maxs
          + the (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the maxs))
        )
      )
      else ma)
      let ?delsimp = (Node (Some (mi, ?newma)) deg ?newlist ?sn)
      have vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = ?delsimp
        using del-x-not-mi-new-node-nil[of mi x ma deg ?h ?l ?newnode treeList ?sn summary
      ?newlist]
        by (metis True ‹2 ≤ deg› ‹deg div 2 = n› ‹high x n < length treeList› ‹mi < ma› ‹mi ≤ x
      ∧ x ≤ ma› ‹x ≠ mi› less-not-refl3 order.not-eq-order-implies-strict)
      moreover have both-member-options (?delsimp) y ==> (x ≠ y ∧ both-member-options (Node
      (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y)
      proof-
        assume both-member-options (?delsimp) y
        hence y = mi ∨ y = ?newma ∨
          (both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y (deg div 2))) (low y (deg div 2)) ∧ (high y (deg
        div 2)) < length ?newlist)

```

```

using both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child[of deg mi ?newma ?newlist ?sn y]
dp
by (smt (z3) Suc-1 Suc-le-D both-member-options-def membermima.simps(4) naive-member.simps(3))
moreover have y = mi ==> ?thesis
  by (meson <x ≠ mi> both-member-options-equiv-member vebt-mint.simps(3) mint-member
tvalid)
moreover have y = ?newma ==> ?thesis
proof-
  assume y = ?newma
  show ?thesis
  proof(cases x = ma)
    case True
    let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
    have ?newma = (if ?maxs = None then mi
      else 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the ?maxs + the (vebt-maxt
      ((treeList[(high x n):= vebt-delete (treeList ! (high x n)) (low x n)]) !
      the ?maxs))) using True by force
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases ?maxs = None )
      case True
      then show ?thesis
      using <(if x = ma then let maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x n)) in if maxs
      = None then mi else 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the maxs + the (vebt-maxt (treeList [high x n := vebt-delete
      (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! the maxs)) else ma) = (if vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x
      n)) = None then mi else 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the (vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x n))) + the
      (vebt-maxt (treeList[high x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! the (vebt-maxt (vebt-delete
      summary (high x n))))))> <y = (if x = ma then let maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x n))
      in if maxs = None then mi else 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the maxs + the (vebt-maxt (treeList [high x n :=
      vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! the maxs)) else ma)> calculation(2) by presburger
    next
      case False
      then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs by force
      hence both-member-options ?sn maxs
        by (simp add: maxbmo)
      hence both-member-options summary maxs ∧ maxs ≠ ?h
        using 4.IH(2) by blast
      hence ?newlist ! the ?maxs = treeList ! maxs
        by (metis 4.hyps(1) <Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x n))>
        option.sel member-bound nothprol list valid-member-both-member-options)
      have maxs < 2^m
      using 4.hyps(1) <both-member-options summary maxs ∧ maxs ≠ high x n> member-bound
      valid-member-both-member-options by blast
      hence the (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the ?maxs)) = the (vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs))
        by (simp add: <treeList[high x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! the
        (vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x n))) = treeList ! maxs>)
      have ∃ z. both-member-options(treeList ! maxs) z
        by (simp add: 4.hyps(5) <both-member-options summary maxs ∧ maxs ≠ high x n>
        <maxs < 2 ^ m>)
      moreover have invar-vebt (treeList ! maxs) n using 4

```

```

    by (metis ⟨maxs < 2 ^ m⟩ inthall member-def)
  ultimately obtain maxi where Some maxi = (vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs))
    by (metis empty-Collect-eq maxt-corr-help-empty not-None-eq set-vebt'-def
valid-member-both-member-options)
  hence maxi < 2 ^ n
    by (metis ⟨invar-vebt (treeList ! maxs) n⟩ maxt-member member-bound)
  hence both-member-options (treeList ! maxs) maxi
    using ⟨Some maxi = vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs), maxbmo by presburger
  hence 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the ?maxs + the
    (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the ?maxs)) = 2 ^ n * maxs + maxi
      by (metis ⟨Some maxi = vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs), ⟨Some maxs = vebt-maxt
(vebt-delete summary (high x n)), ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ ⟨the (vebt-maxt (treeList[high x n := vebt-delete
(treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! the (vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x n)))) = the (vebt-maxt
(treeList ! maxs))⟩ option.sel)
  hence y = 2 ^ n * maxs + maxi
    using False True ⟨y = (if x = ma then let maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary
(high x n)) in if maxs = None then mi else 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the maxs + the (vebt-maxt (treeList [high
x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! the maxs)) else ma)⟩ by fastforce
    hence both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y
      by (metis 4.hyps(2) Suc-1 ⟨both-member-options (treeList ! maxs) maxi⟩ ⟨deg div
2 = n⟩ ⟨maxi < 2 ^ n⟩ ⟨maxs < 2 ^ m⟩ add-leD1 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp
high-inv low-inv mult.commute plus-1-eq-Suc)
  moreover hence y ≠ x
    by (metis ⟨both-member-options summary maxs ∧ maxs ≠ high x n⟩ ⟨maxi < 2 ^ n⟩
⟨y = 2 ^ n * maxs + maxi⟩ high-inv mult.commute)
    ultimately show ?thesis by force
  qed
  next
  case False
  hence ?newma = ma by simp
  moreover hence y ≠ x
    using False ⟨y = ?newma⟩ by presburger
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis False ⟨y = ?newma⟩ both-member-options-equiv-member vebt-maxt.simps(3)
maxt-member tvalid)
  qed
  qed
  moreover have (both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y (deg div 2))) (low y (deg div 2))
∧ (high y (deg div 2)) < length ?newlist) ==> ?thesis
  proof-
    assume assm:both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y (deg div 2))) (low y (deg div 2)) ∧
(high y (deg div 2)) < length ?newlist
    show ?thesis
    proof(cases (high y (deg div 2)) = ?h)
      case True
        hence both-member-options ?newnode (low y (deg div 2)) using hprolist by (metis
assm)
      moreover hence invar-vebt (treeList ! (high y (deg div 2))) n
        by (metis 4.IH(1) True ⟨high x n < length treeList⟩ inthall member-def)
    qed
  qed

```

```

ultimately have both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) (low y (deg div 2)) ∧ (low y (deg
div 2)) ≠ (low x (deg div 2))
    by (metis 4.IH(1) ‹deg div 2 = n› ‹high x n < length treeList› inthall member-def)
    then show ?thesis
        by (metis Suc-1 True ‹high x n < length treeList› add-leD1 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree
dp plus-1-eq-Suc)
    next
        case False
        hence x ≠ y
            using ‹deg div 2 = n› by blast
            moreover hence (?newlist ! (high y (deg div 2))) = treeList ! (high y (deg div 2)) using
nothprolist
            using 4.hyps(2) False ‹length treeList = length ?newlist› assm by presburger
            moreover hence both-member-options (treeList ! (high y (deg div 2))) (low y (deg div
2))
                using assm by presburger
                moreover hence both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y
                by (metis One-nat-def Suc-leD ‹length treeList = length ?newlist› assm both-member-options-from-chilf-to-com
dp numeral-2-eq-2)
                ultimately show ?thesis by blast
            qed
        qed
        ultimately show ?thesis by fastforce
    qed
    moreover have (x ≠ y ∧ both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary))
y  $\implies$  both-member-options (?delsimp) y
    proof-
        assume (x ≠ y ∧ both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y)
        hence aa:x ≠ y and bb:y = mi ∨ y = ma ∨ (both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n))
(low y n) ∧ high y n < length treeList)
        apply auto[1] by (metis Suc-1 ‹deg div 2 = n› ‹x ≠ y ∧ both-member-options (Node
(Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y› add-leD1 both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child
member-inv plus-1-eq-Suc tvalid valid-member-both-member-options)
        show both-member-options (?delsimp) y
    proof-
        have y = mi  $\implies$  both-member-options (?delsimp) y
        by (metis Suc-1 Suc-le-D both-member-options-def dp membertima.simps(4))
        moreover have y = ma  $\implies$  both-member-options (?delsimp) y
            using aa maxbmo vebt-maxt.simps(3) by presburger
        moreover have both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)  $\implies$  both-member-options
(?delsimp) y
    proof-
        assume assmy: both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)
        then show both-member-options (?delsimp) y
        proof(cases high y n = ?h)
            case True
            moreover hence ?newlist ! (high y n) = ?newnode
                using hprolist by auto
                hence 0:invar-vebt (treeList !(high y n)) n using 4

```

```

    by (metis True <high x n < length treeList> inthall member-def)
  moreover have 1:low y n ≠ low x n
    by (metis True aa bit-split-inv)
  moreover have 11: (treeList !(high y n)) ∈ set treeList
    by (metis True <high x n < length treeList> inthall member-def)
  ultimately have (forall xa. both-member-options ?newnode xa =
    ((low x n) ≠ xa ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) xa))
    by (simp add: 4.IH(1))
  hence ((low x n) ≠ xa ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) xa) ==> both-member-options
?newnode xa for xa by blast
  moreover have ((low x n) ≠ (low y n) ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) (low y
n)) using 1
    using True assmy by presburger
  ultimately have both-member-options ?newnode (low y n) by blast
  then show ?thesis
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-leD True <deg div 2 = n> <high x n < length treeList> <length
treeList = length ?newlist> both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp hprolist numerals(2))
next
  case False
  hence ?newlist !(high y n) = treeList !(high y n) by auto
  hence both-member-options (?newlist !(high y n)) (low y n)
    using assmy by presburger
  then show ?thesis
  by (smt (z3) Suc-1 Suc-le-D <deg div 2 = n> <length treeList = length ?newlist> aa add-leD1
bb both-member-options-def both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp membermima.simps(4)
plus-1-eq-Suc)
    qed
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis using bb by fastforce
  qed
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis by metis
next
  case False
  hence notemp: ∃ z. both-member-options ?newnode z
    using not-min-Null-member by auto
  let ?newma = (if x = ma then
    ?h * 2^(deg div 2) + the( vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h))
    else ma)
  let ?delsimp = (Node (Some (mi, ?newma)) deg ?newlist summary)
  have vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = ?delsimp
  using del-x-not-mi-newnode-not-nil[of mi x ma deg ?h ?l ?newnode treeList ?newlist summary]
False xmi mimapr
  using <deg div 2 = n> <high x n < length treeList> <mi ≤ x ∧ x ≤ ma> dp nat-less-le
plus-1-eq-Suc by fastforce
  moreover have both-member-options ?delsimp y
    ==> x ≠ y ∧ both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y
proof-
  assume ssms: both-member-options ?delsimp y

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```

  hence aaaa:  $y = mi \vee y = ?newma \vee (\text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! (high y n)) (\text{low } y n) \wedge \text{high } y n < \text{length } ?newlist)$ 
    by (smt (z3) Suc-1 Suc-le-D <deg div 2 = n> both-member-options-def dp membermima.simps(4) naive-member.simps(3))
    show  $x \neq y \wedge \text{both-member-options} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) y$ 
    proof-
      have  $y = mi \implies ?thesis$ 
        by (metis Suc-1 Suc-le-D both-member-options-def dp membermima.simps(4) xmi)
      moreover have  $y = ?newma \implies ?thesis$ 
      proof-
        assume  $y = ?newma$ 
        show ?thesis
        proof(cases  $x = ma$ )
          case True
          hence  $?newma = ?h * 2^{\lceil \text{deg div } 2 \rceil} + \text{the}(\text{vebt-maxt} (?newlist ! ?h))$ 
            by metis
          have  $?newlist ! ?h = ?newnode$  using hprolist by blast
          obtain maxi where maxidef:  $\text{Some } maxi = \text{vebt-maxt} (?newlist ! ?h)$ 
            by (metis False hprolist vebt-maxt.elims minNull.simps(1) minNull.simps(4))
          have aa:invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n
            by (metis 4.IH(1) <high x n < length treeList> inthall member-def)
          moreover hence ab:maxi  $\neq ?l \wedge \text{both-member-options} ?newnode maxi$ 
            by (metis 4.IH(1) <high x n < length treeList> hprolist inthall maxbmo maxidef
                member-def)
          ultimately have ac:maxi  $\neq ?l \wedge \text{both-member-options} (\text{treeList} ! ?h) maxi$ 
            by (metis 4.IH(1) <high x n < length treeList> inthall member-def)
          hence ad:maxi  $< 2^{\lceil n \rceil}$ 
        using <invar-vebt (treeList ! high x n) n> member-bound valid-member-both-member-options
        by blast
        then show ?thesis
        by (metis Suc-1 <(if  $x = ma$  then  $\text{high } x n * 2^{\lceil \text{deg div } 2 \rceil} + \text{the} (\text{vebt-maxt} (\text{treeList}[\text{high } x n := \text{vebt-delete} (\text{treeList} ! \text{high } x n) (\text{low } x n)] ! \text{high } x n)) \neq ma$ ) =  $\text{high } x n * 2^{\lceil \text{deg div } 2 \rceil} + \text{the} (\text{vebt-maxt} (\text{treeList}[\text{high } x n := \text{vebt-delete} (\text{treeList} ! \text{high } x n) (\text{low } x n)] ! \text{high } x n))\right> <\text{deg div } 2 = n> <\text{high } x n < \text{length treeList}> <y = (\text{if } x = ma \text{ then } \text{high } x n * 2^{\lceil \text{deg div } 2 \rceil} + \text{the} (\text{vebt-maxt} (\text{treeList}[\text{high } x n := \text{vebt-delete} (\text{treeList} ! \text{high } x n) (\text{low } x n)] ! \text{high } x n)) \neq ma)\right> ac add-leD1 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp option.sel high-inv low-inv maxidef plus-1-eq-Suc)
      next
        case False
        then show ?thesis
        by (simp add: < $y = ?newma$ > maxbmo)
      qed
      qed
      moreover have both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y n)) (low y n)  $\implies ?thesis$ 
      proof-
        assume assmy:both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y n)) (low y n)
        then show ?thesis
        proof(cases high y n = ?h)
          case True$ 
```

```

hence ?newlist ! (high y n) = ?newnode
  using hprolist by presburger
have invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n
  by (metis 4.IH(1) <high x n < length treeList> inthall member-def)
hence low y n ≠ ?l ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) (low y n)
  by (metis 4.IH(1) True <high x n < length treeList> assmy hprolist inthall member-def)
then show ?thesis
  by (metis Suc-1 True <deg div 2 = n> <high x n < length treeList> add-leD1
both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp plus-1-eq-Suc)
next
  case False
  hence ?newlist ! (high y n) = treeList !(high y n) by auto
  then show ?thesis
  by (metis False Suc-1 <deg div 2 = n> <length treeList = length ?newlist> aaaa add-leD1
both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree calculation(1) calculation(2) dp plus-1-eq-Suc)
  qed
qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
  using aaaa by fastforce
qed
qed

moreover have (x ≠ y ∧ both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
y) ==>
  both-member-options ?delsimp y
proof-
  assume assm: x ≠ y ∧ both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
y
  hence abcv:y = mi ∨ y = ma ∨ ( high y n < length treeList ∧ both-member-options (treeList
! (high y n)) (low y n))
  by (metis Suc-1 <deg div 2 = n> add-leD1 both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child
member-inv plus-1-eq-Suc tvalid valid-member-both-member-options)
  thus both-member-options ?delsimp y
proof-
  have y = mi ==> ?thesis
  by (metis Suc-1 Suc-le-D both-member-options-def dp membermima.simps(4))
moreover have y = ma ==> ?thesis
  using assm maxbmo vebt-maxt.simps(3) by presburger
moreover have both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n) ==> ?thesis
proof-
  assume myass: both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)
  thus ?thesis
proof(cases high y n = ?h)
  case True
  hence low y n ≠ ?l
  by (metis assm bit-split-inv)
  hence pp:?newlist ! ?h = ?newnode
  using hprolist by blast
  hence invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n

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    by (metis 4.IH(1) ⟨high x n < length treeList⟩ inthall member-def)
    hence both-member-options ?newnode (low y n)
    by (metis 4.IH(1) True ⟨high x n < length treeList⟩ ⟨low y n ≠ low x n⟩ in-set-member
inthall myass)
        then show ?thesis
    by (metis One-nat-def Suc-leD True ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ ⟨high x n < length treeList⟩ ⟨length
treeList = length ?newlist⟩ both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp numerals(2) pp)
        next
            case False
            hence pp: ?newlist ! (high y n) = treeList ! (high y n) using nothprolist by auto
            then show ?thesis
            by (metis Suc-1 ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ ⟨length treeList = length (treeList[high x n := vebt-delete
(treeList ! high x n) (low x n)])⟩ add-leD1 assm both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree calcu-
lation(1) calculation(2) member-inv myass plus-1-eq-Suc tvalid valid-member-both-member-options)
                qed
            qed
            then show ?thesis
            by (metis Suc-1 Suc-leD ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ assm both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child
calculation(1) calculation(2) dp)
                qed
            qed
            ultimately show ?thesis by metis
        qed
    next
        case False
        hence x = mi by simp
        have both-member-options summary (high ma n)
            by (metis 4(10) 4(11) 4(7) 4.hyps(4) div-eq-0-iff Suc-leI Suc-le-D div-exp-eq dual-order.irrefl
high-def mimapr nat.simps(3))
        hence vebt-member summary (high ma n)
            using 4.hyps(1) valid-member-both-member-options by blast
            obtain summin where Some summin = vebt-mint summary
            by (metis 4.hyps(1) ⟨vebt-member summary (high ma n)⟩ empty-Collect-eq mint-corr-help-empty
not-None-eq set-vebt'-def)
            hence ∃ z . both-member-options (treeList ! summin) z
            by (metis 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(5) both-member-options-equiv-member member-bound mint-member)
            moreover have invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n
                by (metis 4(4) 4.IH(1) 4.hyps(1) ⟨Some summin = vebt-mint summary⟩ member-bound
mint-member nth-mem)
            ultimately obtain lx where Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)
            by (metis empty-Collect-eq mint-corr-help-empty not-None-eq set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
            let ?xn = summin*2^n + lx
            have ?xn = (if x = mi
                then the (vebt-mint summary) * 2^(deg div 2)
                + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))))
                else x)
            by (metis False ⟨Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)⟩ ⟨Some summin = vebt-mint
summary⟩ ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ option.sel)
            have vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx

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using <Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n>
mint-member by auto
moreover have summin <  $2^m$ 
by (metis 4.hyps(1) <Some summin = vebt-mint summary> member-bound mint-member)
ultimately have xnin: both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
?xn
by (metis 4.hyps(2) Suc-1 <deg div 2 = n> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> add-leD1
both-member-options-equiv-member both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp high-inv low-inv
member-bound plus-1-eq-Suc)
let ?h = high ?xn n
let ?l = low ?xn n
have ?xn <  $2^{\text{deg}}$ 
by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(4) div-eq-0-iff <Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList !
summin)> <Some summin = vebt-mint summary> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> div-exp-eq high-def
high-inv le-0-eq member-bound mint-member not-numeral-le-zero power-not-zero)
hence ?h < length treeList
using 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1)
by metis
let ?newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l
let ?newlist = treeList[?h:= ?newnode]
have length treeList = length ?newlist by simp
hence hprolist: ?newlist ! ?h = ?newnode
by (meson <high (summin *  $2^n + lx$ ) n < length treeList> nth-list-update)
have nothprolist: i ≠ ?h ∧ i <  $2^m$  ⇒ ?newlist ! i = treeList ! i for i by simp
have firstsimp: vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =(
    let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l;
    newlist = (take ?h treeList @ [ newnode]@drop (?h+1) treeList) in
    if minNull newnode
    then
        let sn = vebt-delete summary ?h in
        (Node (Some (?xn, if ?xn = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
            (if maxs = None
                then ?xn
                else  $2^{\text{deg}} \cdot (\text{deg} \cdot \text{div} \cdot 2) * \text{the maxs}$ 
                    + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))
            )
        )
        else ma)))
        deg newlist sn)
    )else
        (Node (Some (?xn, (if ?xn = ma then
            ?h *  $2^{\text{deg}} \cdot (\text{deg} \cdot \text{div} \cdot 2)$  + the( vebt-maxt (newlist ! ?h))
            else ma)))
        deg newlist summary ))
using del-x-mi[of x mi ma deg ?xn ?h summary treeList ?l]
by (smt (z3) <deg div 2 = n> <high (summin *  $2^n + lx$ ) n < length treeList> <summin *  $2^n + lx$  = (if x = mi then the (vebt-mint summary) *  $2^{\text{deg}} \cdot (\text{deg} \cdot \text{div} \cdot 2)$  + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)))) else x> <x = mi> add.commute append-Cons append-Nil dp mimapr nat-less-le
plus-1-eq-Suc upd-conv-take-nth-drop)

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have minxnrel: ?xn ≠ mi
  by (metis 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(9) ‹high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList› ‹vebt-member
(treeList ! summin) lx› ‹invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n› both-member-options-equiv-member high-inv
less-not-refl low-inv member-bound mimapr)
  then show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull ?newnode)
  case True
  let ?sn = vebt-delete summary ?h
  let ?newma= (if ?xn= ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn in
    (if maxs = None
      then ?xn
      else 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the maxs
        + the (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the maxs))
    )
  )
  else ma)
  let ?delsimp = (Node (Some (?xn, ?newma)) deg ?newlist ?sn)
  have vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = ?delsimp
  using del-x-mi-lets-in-minNull[of x mi ma deg ?xn ?h summary treeList ?l ?newnode ?newlist
?sn] False True ‹deg div 2 = n› ‹?h < length treeList› ‹summin * 2 ^ n + lx = (if x = mi then the
(vebt-mint summary) * 2 ^ (deg div 2) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))) else
x)› dp less-not-refl3 mimapr by fastforce
  moreover have both-member-options (?delsimp) y  $\implies$  (x ≠ y  $\wedge$  both-member-options (Node
(Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y)
  proof–
    assume both-member-options (?delsimp) y
    hence y = ?xn  $\vee$  y = ?newma  $\vee$ 
      (both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y (deg div 2))) (low y (deg div 2))  $\wedge$  (high y (deg
div 2)) < length ?newlist)
    using both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child[of deg mi ?newma ?newlist ?sn y]
dp
  by (smt (z3) Suc-1 Suc-le-D both-member-options-def membermima.simps(4) naive-member.simps(3))
  moreover have y = ?xn  $\implies$  ?thesis
  by (metis 4.hyps(9) False ‹vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx› ‹summin < 2 ^ m›
‹invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n› both-member-options-equiv-member high-inv less-not-refl low-inv
member-bound mimapr xnin)
  moreover have y = ?newma  $\implies$  ?thesis
  proof–
    assume asmt: y = ?newma
    show ?thesis
    proof(cases ?xn = ma)
      case True
      let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
      have newmaext: ?newma = (if ?maxs = None then ?xn
        else 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the ?maxs + the (vebt-maxt
        (?newlist ! the ?maxs))) using True by force
      then show ?thesis
      proof(cases ?maxs = None )
        case True

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hence aa: ?newma = ?xn using newmaext by auto
hence bb: ?newma ≠ x
  using False minxnrel by presburger
hence both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ?xn
  using xnin newmaext minxnrel asmt by simp
moreover have ?xn = y using aa asmt by simp
ultimately have both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
y by simp
then show ?thesis using bb
  using <summin * 2 ^ n + lx = y > y = ?xn ==> x ≠ y ∧ both-member-options (Node
(Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y by blast
next
case False
then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs by force
hence both-member-options ?sn maxs
  by (simp add: maxbmo)
hence both-member-options summary maxs ∧ maxs ≠ ?h
  using 4.IH(2) by blast
hence ?newlist ! the ?maxs = treeList ! maxs
  by (metis 4.hyps(1) <Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high (summin *
2 ^ n + lx) n))> option.sel member-bound nothprolist valid-member-both-member-options)
have maxs < 2 ^ m
  using 4.hyps(1) <both-member-options summary maxs ∧ maxs ≠ high (summin * 2 ^
n + lx) n> member-bound valid-member-both-member-options by blast
hence the (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the ?maxs)) = the (vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs))
  using <?newlist ! the (vebt-maxt ?sn) = treeList ! maxs> by presburger
have ∃ z. both-member-options(treeList ! maxs) z
  using 4.hyps(5) <both-member-options summary maxs ∧ maxs ≠ ?h > maxs < 2 ^ m
by blast
moreover have invar-vebt (treeList ! maxs) n using 4
  by (metis <maxs < 2 ^ m> inthall member-def)
ultimately obtain maxi where Some maxi = (vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs))
  by (metis empty-Collect-eq maxt-corr-help-empty not-None-eq set-vebt'-def
valid-member-both-member-options)
hence maxi < 2 ^ n
  by (metis <invar-vebt (treeList ! maxs) n> maxt-member member-bound)
hence both-member-options (treeList ! maxs) maxi
  using <Some maxi = vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs)> maxbmo by presburger
hence 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the ?maxs + the
  (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the ?maxs)) = 2 ^ n * maxs + maxi
  by (metis <Some maxi = vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs)> <Some maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn>
<deg div 2 = n> <the (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the (vebt-maxt ?sn))) = the (vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs))>
option.sel)
hence ?newma = 2 ^ n * maxs + maxi
  using False True by auto
hence y = 2 ^ n * maxs + maxi using asmt by simp
hence both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y
  by (metis 4.hyps(2) Suc-1 <both-member-options (treeList ! maxs) maxi> <deg div
2 = n> <maxi < 2 ^ n> <maxs < 2 ^ m> add-leD1 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp

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```

high-inv low-inv mult.commute plus-1-eq-Suc)
  moreover hence  $y \neq x$ 
    by (metis 4.hyps(9) True ⟨Some maxi = vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs)⟩ ⟨maxi < 2 ^ n⟩
⟨maxs < 2 ^ m⟩ ⟨x = mi⟩ ⟨y = 2 ^ n * maxs + maxi⟩ high-inv less-not-refl low-inv maxbmo minxnrel
mult.commute)
    ultimately show ?thesis by force
  qed
next
  case False
  hence ?newma = ma by simp
  moreover hence mi ≠ ma
    using mimapr by blast
  moreover hence  $y \neq x$ 
    using False ⟨y = ?newma⟩ ⟨x = mi⟩ by auto
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis False ⟨y = ?newma⟩ both-member-options-equiv-member vebt-maxt.simps(3)
maxt-member tvalid)
  qed
  qed
  moreover have (both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y (deg div 2))) (low y (deg div 2))
 $\wedge$  (high y (deg div 2)) < length ?newlist)  $\implies$  ?thesis
  proof-
    assume assm:both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y (deg div 2))) (low y (deg div 2))  $\wedge$ 
(high y (deg div 2)) < length ?newlist
    show ?thesis
    proof(cases (high y (deg div 2)) = ?h)
      case True
      hence 000:both-member-options ?newnode (low y (deg div 2)) using hprolist by (metis
assm)
      hence 001:invar-vebt (treeList ! (high y (deg div 2))) n
        using True ⟨vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx⟩ ⟨invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n⟩
high-inv member-bound by presburger
        then show ?thesis
        proof(cases low y n = ?l)
          case True
          hence y = ?xn
            by (metis 000 4.IH(1) ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ ⟨high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length
treeList⟩ inthall member-def)
          then show ?thesis
          using calculation(2) by blast
        next
        case False
        hence both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) (low y (deg div 2))  $\wedge$  (low y (deg div 2)) ≠
(low ?xn (deg div 2))
          using 4.IH(1) ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ ⟨high ?xn n < length treeList⟩ inthall member-def
          by (metis 000)
          then show ?thesis
          by (metis 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(9) Suc-1 Suc-leD True ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ ⟨length treeList = length
?newlist⟩ ⟨x = mi⟩ assm both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp less-not-refl mimapr)
    qed
  qed

```

```

qed
next
  case False
    hence  $x \neq y$ 
      by (metis 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(9) <deg div 2 = n> <length treeList = length ?newlist> <x = mi> assm less-not-refl mimapr nothprolist)
    moreover hence (?newlist ! (high y (deg div 2))) = treeList ! (high y (deg div 2)) using
      nothprolist
        using 4.hyps(2) False <length treeList = length ?newlist> assm by presburger
        moreover hence both-member-options (treeList ! (high y (deg div 2))) (low y (deg div
          2))
          using assm by presburger
          moreover hence both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y
            by (metis One-nat-def Suc-leD <length treeList = length ?newlist> assm both-member-options-from-chilf-to-com-
              dp numeral-2-eq-2)
            ultimately show ?thesis by blast
          qed
        qed
        ultimately show ?thesis by fastforce
      qed
    moreover have ( $x \neq y \wedge$  both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
       $y \Rightarrow$  both-member-options ?delsimp y
      proof-
        assume assm:  $x \neq y \wedge$  both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
        y
        hence abcv:y = mi  $\vee$  y = ma  $\vee$  ( high y n < length treeList  $\wedge$  both-member-options (treeList
        ! (high y n)) (low y n))
          by (metis Suc-1 <deg div 2 = n> add-leD1 both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child
            member-inv plus-1-eq-Suc tvalid valid-member-both-member-options)
        thus both-member-options ?delsimp y
      proof-
        have y = mi  $\Rightarrow$  ?thesis
        using False assm by force
        moreover have y = ma  $\Rightarrow$  ?thesis
          by (smt (z3) Suc-le-D both-member-options-def dp membertima.simps(4) nat-1-add-1
            plus-1-eq-Suc)
        moreover have both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)  $\Rightarrow$  ?thesis
      proof-
        assume myass: both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)
        thus ?thesis
        proof(cases high y n = ?h)
          case True
          hence high y n = ?h by simp
          then show ?thesis
        proof(cases low y n = ?l)
          case True
          hence y = ?xn
            by (metis <high y n = high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx)> bit-split-inv)

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```

then show ?thesis
  by (metis Suc-le-D both-member-options-def dp membermima.simps(4) nat-1-add-1
plus-1-eq-Suc)
next
  case False
  hence low y n ≠ ?l
    by (metis assm bit-split-inv)
  hence pp: ?newlist ! ?h = ?newnode
    using hprolist by blast
  hence invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n
    using <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx > <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n>
high-inv member-bound by presburger
  hence both-member-options ?newnode (low y n)
    using 4.IH(1) False True <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList> myass
by auto
then show ?thesis
  by (metis True <deg div 2 = n> <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length
treeList> <length treeList = length ?newlist> add-leD1 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree
dp nat-1-add-1 pp)
  qed
next
  case False
  hence pp: ?newlist ! (high y n) = treeList ! (high y n) using nothprolist abcv
    by (metis 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) assm deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1)
member-bound tvalid valid-member-both-member-options)
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis One-nat-def Suc-leD <deg div 2 = n> <length treeList = length ?newlist>
abcv both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree calculation(1) calculation(2) dp numerals(2))
    qed
  qed
  then show ?thesis
    using abcv calculation(1) calculation(2) by fastforce
  qed
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis by metis
next
  case False
  hence notemp: ∃ z. both-member-options ?newnode z
    using not-min-Null-member by auto
  let ?newma = (if ?xn = ma then
    ?h * 2^(deg div 2) + the( vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h))
    else ma)
  let ?delsimp = (Node (Some (?xn, ?newma)) deg ?newlist summary)
  have vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = ?delsimp
    using del-x-mi-lets-in-not-minNull[of x mi ma deg ?xn ?h summary treeList ?l ?newnode
?newlist]
    by (metis 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) False <Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)> <Some summin
= vebt-mint summary> <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList> <x = mi> add-self-div-2 dp
option.sel less-not-refl mimapr)

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moreover have both-member-options ?delsimp y
   $\implies x \neq y \wedge \text{both-member-options}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) y$ 
proof-
  assume ssms: both-member-options ?delsimp y
  hence aaaa:  $y = ?xn \vee y = ?newma \vee (\text{both-member-options}(\text{?newlist} ! (\text{high } y n)) (\text{low } y n) \wedge \text{high } y n < \text{length } \text{?newlist})$ 
    by (smt (z3) Suc-1 Suc-le-D <deg div 2 = n> both-member-options-def dp member-mima.simps(4) naive-member.simps(3))
  show  $x \neq y \wedge \text{both-member-options}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) y$ 
proof-
  have  $y = ?xn \implies \text{?thesis}$ 
  using <x = mi> minxnrel xnin by blast
  moreover have  $y = ?newma \implies \text{?thesis}$ 
proof-
  assume  $y = ?newma$ 
  show  $\text{?thesis}$ 
  proof(cases ?xn = ma)
    case True
    hence aaa:  $?newma = ?h * 2^{\lceil \text{deg div } 2 \rceil} + \text{the}(\text{vbt-maxt}(\text{?newlist} ! ?h))$ 
      by metis
    have ?newlist ! ?h = ?newnode using hprolist by blast
    obtain maxi where maxidef: Some maxi = vbt-maxt(?newlist ! ?h)
      by (metis False hprolist vbt-maxt.elims minNull.simps(1) minNull.simps(4))
    have aa:invar-vbt (treeList ! ?h) n
      by (metis 4.IH(1) <high ?xn n < length treeList> inthall member-def)
    moreover hence ab:maxi  $\neq ?l \wedge \text{both-member-options}(\text{?newnode}) \text{ maxi}$ 
      by (metis 4.IH(1) <high ?xn n < length treeList> hprolist inthall maxbmo maxidef
member-def)
  ultimately have ac:maxi  $\neq ?l \wedge \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) \text{ maxi}$ 
    by (metis 4.IH(1) <high ?xn n < length treeList> inthall member-def)
  hence ad:maxi  $< 2^n$ 
    by (meson aa member-bound valid-member-both-member-options)
  then show  $\text{?thesis}$  using Suc-1 aaa <y = ?newma> ac add-leD1
    by (metis 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(9) Suc-leD <deg div 2 = n> <high (summin * 2^{\lceil n + lx }) n < length treeList> <x = mi> both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp option.sel high-inv less-not-refl low-inv maxidef mimapr)
next
  case False
  then show  $\text{?thesis}$ 
  by (metis <mi ≤ x ∧ x ≤ ma> <x = mi> <y = ?newma> both-member-options-equiv-member leD vbt-maxt.simps(3) maxt-member mimapr tvalid)
  qed
  qed
  moreover have (both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y n)) (low y n) ∧ high y n < length ?newlist)  $\implies \text{?thesis}$ 
proof-
  assume assmy:(both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y n)) (low y n) ∧ high y n < length ?newlist)
  then show  $\text{?thesis}$ 

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```

proof(cases high y n = ?h)
  case True
    hence ?newlist ! (high y n) = ?newnode
      using hprolist by presburger
    have invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n
      by (metis 4.IH(1) <high ?xn n < length treeList> inthall member-def)
  then show ?thesis
proof(cases low y n= ?l)
  case True
    hence y = ?xn
      using 4.IH(1) <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList> <treeList [high
      (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) (low (summin * 2 ^
      ^ n + lx) n)] ! high y n = vebt-delete (treeList ! high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) (low (summin * 2 ^
      n + lx) n)> assmy by force
      then show ?thesis
        using calculation(1) by blast
  next
  case False
    hence low y n ≠ ?l ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! ?h ) (low y n) using assmy
      by (metis 4.IH(1) 4.hyps(2) <?newlist ! high y n = vebt-delete (treeList ! high
      (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) (low (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n)> <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx>
      <summin < 2 ^ m> high-inv inthall member-bound member-def)
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(9) Suc-1 Suc-leD True <deg div 2 = n> <high (summin * 2 ^ n
      + lx) n < length treeList> <mi ≤ x ∧ x ≤ ma> <x = mi> both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree
      dp leD mimapr)
      qed
  next
  case False
    hence ?newlist ! (high y n) = treeList !(high y n)
      by (smt (z3) 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(8) <length treeList
      = length ?newlist> <ma ≤ 2 ^ deg> aaaa calculation(2) deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) less-le-trans
      member-inv mimapr nothprolist tvalid valid-member-both-member-options)
    hence both-member-options (treeList !(high y n)) (low y n)
      using assmy by presburger
    moreover have x ≠ y
      by (metis 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(9) <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> <x < 2 ^
      deg> <x = mi> calculation deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) mimapr not-less-iff-gr-or-eq)
    moreover have high y n < length ?newlist using assmy by blast
    moreover hence high y n < length treeList
      using <length treeList = length ?newlist> by presburger
    ultimately show ?thesis
      by (metis One-nat-def Suc-leD <deg div 2 = n> both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree
      dp numerals(2))
      qed
    qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using aaaa by fastforce
qed

```

qed

moreover have ($x \neq y \wedge \text{both-member-options}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary})$)
 $y) \implies$
 $\text{both-member-options} ?\text{delsimp } y$
 proof-
 assume $\text{assm}: x \neq y \wedge \text{both-member-options}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary})$
 y
 hence $\text{abcv}: y = mi \vee y = ma \vee (\text{high } y \text{ } n < \text{length } \text{treeList} \wedge \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } y \text{ } n)) (\text{low } y \text{ } n))$
 by (metis Suc-1 ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ add-leD1 both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child member-inv plus-1-eq-Suc tvalid valid-member-both-member-options)
 thus $\text{both-member-options} ?\text{delsimp } y$
 proof-
 have $y = mi \implies ?\text{thesis}$
 using ⟨ $x = mi$ ⟩ **assm** **by** blast
 moreover have $y = ma \implies ?\text{thesis}$
 by (smt (z3) Suc-1 Suc-le-D both-member-options-def dp membermima.simps(4))
 moreover have ($\text{high } y \text{ } n < \text{length } \text{treeList} \wedge \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } y \text{ } n)) (\text{low } y \text{ } n)$)
 $\implies ?\text{thesis}$
 proof-
 assume $\text{myass}: (\text{high } y \text{ } n < \text{length } \text{treeList} \wedge \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } y \text{ } n)) (\text{low } y \text{ } n))$
 thus $??\text{thesis}$
 proof(cases $\text{high } y \text{ } n = ?h$ **)**
 case True
 then show $??\text{thesis}$
 proof(cases $\text{low } y \text{ } n = ?l$ **)**
 case True
 then show $??\text{thesis}$
 by (smt (z3) Suc-1 Suc-le-D ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ ⟨length treeList = length (treeList [high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) (low (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n)])⟩ add-leD1 bit-split-inv both-member-options-def both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp membermima.simps(4) myass nth-list-update-neq plus-1-eq-Suc)
 next
 case False
 hence $\text{low } y \text{ } n \neq ?l$ **by** simp
 hence $\text{pp}: ?\text{newlist} ! ?h = ?\text{newnode}$
 using hprolist **by** blast
 hence invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n
 by (metis 4.IH(1) ⟨high ?xn n < length treeList⟩ inthall member-def)
 hence both-member-options ?newnode (low y n)
 by (metis 4.IH(1) True ⟨high ?xn n < length treeList⟩ ⟨low y n ≠ low ?xn n⟩ in-set-member inthall myass)
 then show $??\text{thesis}$
 by (metis One-nat-def Suc-leD True ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ ⟨high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList⟩ ⟨length treeList = length ?newlist⟩ both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp numerals(2) pp)

```

qed
next
  case False
  have pp:?newlist ! (high y n) = treeList ! (high y n)
    using nothprolist[of high y n] False
    by (metis 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) assm deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1)
member-bound tvalid valid-member-both-member-options)
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis One-nat-def Suc-leD <deg div 2 = n> <length treeList = length ?newlist>
abcv both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree calculation(1) calculation(2) dp numerals(2))
  qed
qed
then show ?thesis
  using abcv calculation(1) calculation(2) by fastforce
qed
qed
ultimately show ?thesis by metis
qed
qed
qed
qed
next
  case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence tvalid: invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) deg
    using invar-vebt.intros(5)[of treeList n summary m deg mi ma] by simp
  hence mi ≤ ma and deg div 2 = n and ma ≤ 2^deg using 5
    by (auto simp add: 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4))
  hence dp:deg ≥ 2
    by (meson vebt-maxt.simps(3) maxt-member member-inv tvalid)
  hence nmpr:n≥ 1 ∧ m = Suc n
    using 5.hyps(3) <deg div 2 = n> by linarith
  then show ?case proof(cases x <mi ∨ x > ma)
    case True
    hence vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg
treeList summary)
      using delt-out-of-range[of x mi ma deg treeList summary] <2 ≤ deg> by blast
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis 5.hyps(7) True tvalid leD member-inv not-less-iff-gr-or-eq valid-member-both-member-options)
  next
    case False
    hence mi ≤ x ∧ x ≤ ma by simp
    hence xdegrle:x < 2^deg
      using 5.hyps(8) order.strict-trans1 by blast
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases x = mi ∧ x = ma)
      case True
      hence vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (Node None deg treeList
summary)
        using del-single-cont[of x mi ma deg treeList summary] <2 ≤ deg> by blast

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moreover hence invar-vbvt (Node None deg treeList summary) deg
  using 5(4) 5.IH(1) 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4) True mi-eq-ma-no-ch
    tvalid invar-vbvt.intros(3) by force
moreover hence  $\neg$  vebt-member (Node None deg treeList summary) y by simp
moreover hence  $\neg$  both-member-options (Node None deg treeList summary) y
  using calculation(2) valid-member-both-member-options by blast
then show ?thesis
by (metis True calculation(1) member-inv not-less-iff-gr-or-eq tvalid valid-member-both-member-options)
next
case False
hence mimapr:mi < ma
  by (metis 5.hyps(7)  $\langle$  mi  $\leq$  x  $\wedge$  x  $\leq$  ma  $\rangle$  le-antisym nat-less-le)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases x  $\neq$  mi)
  case True
  hence xmi:x  $\neq$  mi by simp
  let ?h = high x n
  let ?l = low x n
  have ?h < length treeList using xdegrele 5
  by (metis  $\langle$  deg div 2 = n  $\rangle$  deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff dp exp-split-high-low(1) zero-less-numeral)
  let ?newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l
  let ?newlist = treeList[?h:=?newnode]
  have length treeList = length ?newlist by simp
  hence hprolist: ?newlist ! ?h = ?newnode
    by (meson  $\langle$  high x n < length treeList  $\rangle$  nth-list-update-eq)
  have nothprolist: i  $\neq$  ?h  $\wedge$  i < 2^m  $\implies$  ?newlist ! i = treeList ! i for i by simp
  then show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull ?newnode)
  case True
  let ?sn = vebt-delete summary ?h
  let ?newma = (if x = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn in
    (if maxs = None
      then mi
      else  $2^{\lceil \text{deg div } 2 \rceil} * \text{the maxs}$ 
        + the (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the maxs)))
    )
  )
  else ma)
  let ?delsimp = (Node (Some (mi, ?newma)) deg ?newlist ?sn)
  have vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = ?delsimp
    using del-x-not-mi-new-node-nil[of mi x ma deg ?h ?l ?newnode treeList ?sn summary
?newlist]
    by (metis True  $\langle$  2  $\leq$  deg  $\rangle$   $\langle$  deg div 2 = n  $\rangle$   $\langle$  high x n < length treeList  $\rangle$   $\langle$  mi < ma  $\rangle$   $\langle$  mi  $\leq$  x
 $\wedge$  x  $\leq$  ma  $\rangle$   $\langle$  x  $\neq$  mi  $\rangle$  less-not-refl3 order.not-eq-order-implies-strict)
    moreover have both-member-options (?delsimp) y  $\implies$  (x  $\neq$  y  $\wedge$  both-member-options (Node
(Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y)
proof-
  assume both-member-options (?delsimp) y
  hence y = mi  $\vee$  y = ?newma  $\vee$ 

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(both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y (deg div 2))) (low y (deg div 2)) ∧ (high y (deg
div 2)) < length ?newlist)
    using both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child[of deg mi ?newma ?newlist ?sn y]
dp
by (smt (z3) Suc-1 Suc-le-D both-member-options-def membermima.simps(4) naive-member.simps(3))
moreover have y = mi ==> ?thesis
  by (meson <x ≠ mi> both-member-options-equiv-member vebt-mint.simps(3) mint-member
tvalid)
moreover have y = ?newma ==> ?thesis
proof-
  assume y = ?newma
  show ?thesis
  proof(cases x = ma)
    case True
    let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
    have newmaprop: ?newma = (if ?maxs = None then mi
      else 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the ?maxs + the (vebt-maxt
      (?newlist !
      the ?maxs))) using True by force
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases ?maxs = None )
      case True
      then show ?thesis
        using <y = (if x = ma then let maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x
n)) in if maxs = None then mi else 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the maxs + the (vebt-maxt (treeList [high x n
:= vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! the maxs)) else ma)> calculation(2) newmaprop by
presburger
      next
      case False
      then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs by force
      hence both-member-options ?sn maxs
        by (simp add: maxbmo)
      hence both-member-options summary maxs ∧ maxs ≠ ?h
        using 5.IH(2) by blast
      hence ?newlist ! the ?maxs = treeList ! maxs
        by (metis 5.hyps(1) <Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x n))>
option.sel member-bound nothprolist valid-member-both-member-options)
      have maxs < 2^m
      using 5.hyps(1) <both-member-options summary maxs ∧ maxs ≠ high x n> member-bound
valid-member-both-member-options by blast
        hence the (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the ?maxs)) = the (vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs))
        by (metis <Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x n))> <both-member-options
summary maxs ∧ maxs ≠ high x n> option.sel nth-list-update-neq)
        have ∃ z. both-member-options(treeList ! maxs) z
          by (simp add: 5.hyps(5) <both-member-options summary maxs ∧ maxs ≠ high x n>
<maxs < 2 ^ m>)
        moreover have invar-vebt (treeList ! maxs) n using 5
          by (metis <maxs < 2 ^ m> inthall member-def)
        ultimately obtain maxi where Some maxi = (vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs))

```

```

    by (metis empty-Collect-eq maxt-corr-help-empty not-None-eq set-vebt'-def
valid-member-both-member-options)
  hence maxi < 2^n
    by (metis <invar-vebt (treeList ! maxs) n> maxt-member member-bound)
  hence both-member-options (treeList ! maxs) maxi
    using <Some maxi = vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs)> maxbmo by presburger
  hence 2^(deg div 2) * the ?maxs + the
    (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the ?maxs)) = 2^n * maxs + maxi
      by (metis <Some maxi = vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs)> <Some maxs = vebt-maxt
(vebt-delete summary (high x n))> <deg div 2 = n> <the (vebt-maxt (treeList[high x n := vebt-delete
(treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! the (vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x n)))) = the (vebt-maxt
(treeList ! maxs))> option.sel)
      hence y = 2^n * maxs + maxi
        using False <y = (if x = ma then let maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high
x n)) in if maxs = None then mi else 2^(deg div 2) * the maxs + the (vebt-maxt (treeList [high x n
:= vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! the maxs)) else ma)> newmaprop by presburger
        hence both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y
          by (metis 5.hyps(2) Suc-1 <both-member-options (treeList ! maxs) maxi> <deg div
2 = n> <maxi < 2^n> <maxs < 2^m> add-leD1 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp
high-inv low-inv mult.commute plus-1-eq-Suc)
        moreover hence y ≠ x
          by (metis <both-member-options summary maxs ∧ maxs ≠ high x n> <maxi < 2^n>
<y = 2^n * maxs + maxi> high-inv mult.commute)
        ultimately show ?thesis by force
      qed
    next
      case False
        hence ?newma = ma by simp
        moreover hence y ≠ x
          using False <y = ?newma> by presburger
        then show ?thesis
          by (metis False <y = ?newma> both-member-options-equiv-member vebt-maxt.simps(3)
maxt-member tvalid)
        qed
      qed
      moreover have (both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y (deg div 2))) (low y (deg div 2))
∧ (high y (deg div 2)) < length ?newlist) ==> ?thesis
      proof-
        assume assm:both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y (deg div 2))) (low y (deg div 2)) ∧
(high y (deg div 2)) < length ?newlist
        show ?thesis
        proof(cases (high y (deg div 2)) = ?h)
          case True
            hence both-member-options ?newnode (low y (deg div 2)) using hprolist by (metis
assm)
            moreover hence invar-vebt (treeList ! (high y (deg div 2))) n
              by (metis 5.IH(1) True <high x n < length treeList> inthall member-def)
            ultimately have both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) (low y (deg div 2)) ∧ (low y (deg
div 2)) ≠ (low x (deg div 2))

```

```

    by (metis 5.IH(1) `deg div 2 = n` `high x n < length treeList` inthall member-def)
    then show ?thesis
  by (metis Suc-1 True `high x n < length treeList` add-leD1 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree
dp plus-1-eq-Suc)
  next
    case False
    hence x ≠ y
    using `deg div 2 = n` by blast
    moreover hence (?newlist ! (high y (deg div 2))) = treeList ! (high y (deg div 2)) using
nothprolist
    using 5.hyps(2) False `length treeList = length ?newlist` assm by presburger
    moreover hence both-member-options (treeList ! (high y (deg div 2))) (low y (deg div
2))
    using assm by presburger
    moreover hence both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y
    by (metis One-nat-def Suc-leD `length treeList = length ?newlist` assm both-member-options-from-chilf-to-com
dp numeral-2-eq-2)
    ultimately show ?thesis by blast
  qed
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis by fastforce
  qed
  moreover have (x ≠ y ∧ both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
y) ==> both-member-options (?delsimp) y
  proof-
    assume (x ≠ y ∧ both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y)
    hence aa:x ≠ y and bb:y = mi ∨ y = ma ∨ (both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n))
(low y n) ∧ high y n < length treeList)
    apply auto[1] by (metis Suc-1 `deg div 2 = n` `x ≠ y ∧ both-member-options (Node
(Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)` y add-leD1 both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child
member-inv plus-1-eq-Suc tvalid valid-member-both-member-options)
    show both-member-options (?delsimp) y
  proof-
    have y = mi ==> both-member-options (?delsimp) y
    by (metis Suc-1 Suc-le-D both-member-options-def dp membertmima.simps(4))
    moreover have y = ma ==> both-member-options (?delsimp) y
    using aa maxbmo vebt-maxt.simps(3) by presburger
    moreover have both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n) ==> both-member-options
(?delsimp) y
  proof-
    assume assmy: both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)
    then show both-member-options (?delsimp) y
    proof(cases high y n = ?h)
      case True
      moreover hence ?newlist ! (high y n) = ?newnode
        using hprolist by auto
      hence 0:invar-vebt (treeList !(high y n)) n using 5
        by (metis True `high x n < length treeList` inthall member-def)
      moreover have 1:low y n ≠ low x n

```

```

    by (metis True aa bit-split-inv)
  moreover have 11: (treeList !(high y n)) ∈ set treeList
    by (metis True <high x n < length treeList> inthall member-def)
  ultimately have ( ∀ xa. both-member-options ?newnode xa =
    ((low x n) ≠ xa ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) xa))
    by (simp add: 5.IH(1))
  hence ((low x n) ≠ xa ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) xa) ==> both-member-options
?newnode xa for xa by blast
  moreover have ((low x n) ≠ (low y n) ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) (low y
n)) using 1
    using True assmy by presburger
  ultimately have both-member-options ?newnode (low y n) by blast
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis One-nat-def Suc-leD True <deg div 2 = n> <high x n < length treeList> <length
treeList = length ?newlist> both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp hprolist numerals(2))
  next
    case False
    hence ?newlist ! (high y n) = treeList ! (high y n) by auto
    hence both-member-options (?newlist !(high y n)) (low y n)
      using assmy by presburger
    then show ?thesis
      by (smt (z3) Suc-1 Suc-le-D <deg div 2 = n> <length treeList = length ?newlist> aa add-leD1
bb both-member-options-def both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp mempermima.simps(4)
plus-1-eq-Suc)
    qed
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis using bb by fastforce
  qed
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis by metis
next
  case False
  hence notemp: ∃ z. both-member-options ?newnode z
    using not-min-Null-member by auto
  let ?newma = (if x = ma then
    ?h * 2^(deg div 2) + the( vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h))
    else ma)
  let ?delsimp = (Node (Some (mi, ?newma)) deg ?newlist summary)
  have vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = ?delsimp
  using del-x-not-mi-newnode-not-nil[of mi x ma deg ?h ?l ?newnode treeList ?newlist summary]
False xmi mimapr
  using <deg div 2 = n> <high x n < length treeList> <mi ≤ x ∧ x ≤ ma> dp nat-less-le
plus-1-eq-Suc by fastforce
  moreover have both-member-options ?delsimp y
    ==> x ≠ y ∧ both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y
  proof-
    assume ssms: both-member-options ?delsimp y
    hence aaaa: y = mi ∨ y = ?newma ∨ (both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y n)) (low y
n) ∧ high y n < length ?newlist)

```

```

    by (smt (z3) Suc-1 Suc-le-D <deg div 2 = n> both-member-options-def dp member-
mima.simps(4) naive-member.simps(3))
    show x ≠ y ∧ both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y
proof-
  have y = mi ==> ?thesis
    by (metis Suc-1 Suc-le-D both-member-options-def dp membermima.simps(4) xmi)
  moreover have y = ?newma ==> ?thesis
proof-
  assume y = ?newma
  show ?thesis
  proof(cases x = ma)
    case True
    hence ?newma = ?h * 2 ^ (deg div 2) + the(vbtx-maxt(?newlist ! ?h))
      by metis
    have ?newlist ! ?h = ?newnode using hprolist by blast
    obtain maxi where maxidef:Some maxi = vbtx-maxt(?newlist ! ?h)
      by (metis False hprolist vbtx-maxt.elims minNull.simps(1) minNull.simps(4))
    have aa:invar-vbtx (treeList ! ?h) n
      by (metis 5.IH(1) <high x n < length treeList> inthall member-def)
    moreover hence ab:maxi ≠ ?l ∧ both-member-options ?newnode maxi
      by (metis 5.IH(1) <high x n < length treeList> hprolist inthall maxbmo maxidef
member-def)
    ultimately have ac:maxi ≠ ?l ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) maxi
      by (metis 5.IH(1) <high x n < length treeList> inthall member-def)
    hence ad:maxi < 2^n
    using <invar-vbtx (treeList ! high x n) n> member-bound valid-member-both-member-options
by blast
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis Suc-1 <(if x = ma then high x n * 2 ^ (deg div 2) + the (vbtx-maxt
(treeList[high x n := vbtx-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! high x n)) else ma) = high x n * 2 ^ (deg div 2) + the (vbtx-maxt (treeList[high x n := vbtx-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! high x n))> <deg div 2 = n> <high x n < length treeList> <y = (if x = ma then high x n * 2 ^ (deg
div 2) + the (vbtx-maxt (treeList[high x n := vbtx-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! high x n)) else ma)> ac add-leD1 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp option.sel high-inv low-inv
maxidef plus-1-eq-Suc)
    next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: <y = ?newma> maxbmo)
qed
qed
moreover have both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y n)) (low y n) ==> ?thesis
proof-
  assume assmy:both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y n)) (low y n)
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases high y n = ?h)
    case True
    hence ?newlist ! (high y n) = ?newnode
      using hprolist by presburger

```

```

have invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n
  by (metis 5.IH(1) <high x n < length treeList> inthall member-def)
  hence low y n ≠ ?l ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) (low y n)
  by (metis 5.IH(1) True <high x n < length treeList> assmy hprolist inthall member-def)
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis Suc-1 True <deg div 2 = n> <high x n < length treeList> add-leD1
        both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp plus-1-eq-Suc)
  next
    case False
    hence ?newlist ! (high y n) = treeList !(high y n) by auto
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis False Suc-1 <deg div 2 = n> <length treeList = length ?newlist> aaaa add-leD1
          both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree calculation(1) calculation(2) dp plus-1-eq-Suc)
    qed
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using aaaa by fastforce
  qed
  qed
  moreover have (x ≠ y ∧ both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
y) ==>
  both-member-options ?delsimp y
  proof-
    assume assm: x ≠ y ∧ both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
    hence abcv:y = mi ∨ y = ma ∨ ( high y n < length treeList ∧ both-member-options (treeList
    ! (high y n)) (low y n))
      by (metis Suc-1 <deg div 2 = n> add-leD1 both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child
          member-inv plus-1-eq-Suc tvalid valid-member-both-member-options)
    thus both-member-options ?delsimp y
  proof-
    have y = mi ==> ?thesis
      by (metis Suc-1 Suc-le-D both-member-options-def dp membermima.simps(4))
    moreover have y = ma ==> ?thesis
      using assm maxbmo vebt-maxt.simps(3) by presburger
    moreover have both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n) ==> ?thesis
  proof-
    assume myass: both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)
    thus ?thesis
  proof(cases high y n = ?h)
    case True
    hence low y n ≠ ?l
      by (metis assm bit-split-inv)
    hence pp:?newlist ! ?h = ?newnode
      using hprolist by blast
    hence invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n
      by (metis 5.IH(1) <high x n < length treeList> inthall member-def)
    hence both-member-options ?newnode (low y n)
      by (metis 5.IH(1) True <high x n < length treeList> <low y n ≠ low x n> in-set-member

```

```

inthall myass)
  then show ?thesis
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-leD True <deg div 2 = n> <high x n < length treeList> <length
treeList = length ?newlist> both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp numerals(2) pp)
  next
    case False
    hence pp: ?newlist ! (high y n) = treeList ! (high y n) using nothprolist abcv by auto
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis One-nat-def Suc-leD <deg div 2 = n> <length treeList = length ?newlist>
abcv both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree calculation(1) calculation(2) dp numerals(2))
      qed
    qed
    then show ?thesis
      using abcv calculation(1) calculation(2) by fastforce
    qed
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis by metis
qed
next
  case False
  hence x = mi by simp
  have both-member-options summary (high ma n)
  by (metis 5(10) 5(11) 5(7) 5.hyps(4) div-eq-0-iff Suc-leI Suc-le-D div-exp-eq dual-order.irrefl
high-def mimapr nat.simps(3))
  hence vebt-member summary (high ma n)
  using 5.hyps(1) valid-member-both-member-options by blast
  obtain summin where Some summin = vebt-mint summary
  by (metis 5.hyps(1) <vebt-member summary (high ma n)> empty-Collect-eq mint-corr-help-empty
not-None-eq set-vebt'-def)
  hence  $\exists z . \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! \text{summin}) z$ 
  by (metis 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(5) both-member-options-equiv-member member-bound mint-member)
  moreover have invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n
  by (metis 5.IH(1) 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(2) <Some summin = vebt-mint summary> member-bound
mint-member nth-mem)
  ultimately obtain lx where Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)
  by (metis empty-Collect-eq mint-corr-help-empty not-None-eq set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
  let ?xn = summin * 2^n + lx
  have ?xn = (if x = mi
    then the (vebt-mint summary) * 2^(deg div 2)
    + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))))
    else x)
  by (metis False <Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)> <Some summin = vebt-mint
summary> <deg div 2 = n> option.sel)
  have vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx
  using <Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n>
mint-member by auto
  moreover have summin < 2^m
  by (metis 5.hyps(1) <Some summin = vebt-mint summary> member-bound mint-member)
  ultimately have xnin: both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)

```

```

?xn
  by (metis 5.hyps(2) Suc-1 <deg div 2 = n> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> add-leD1
both-member-options-equiv-member both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp high-inv low-inv
member-bound plus-1-eq-Suc)
  let ?h =high ?xn n
  let ?l = low ?xn n
  have ?xn < 2^deg
    by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(4) div-eq-0-iff <Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList !
summin)> <Some summin = vebt-mint summary> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> div-exp-eq high-def
high-inv le-0-eq member-bound mint-member not-numeral-le-zero power-not-zero)
    hence ?h < length treeList
    using 5.hyps(2) <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <summin < 2 ^ m> <invar-vebt (treeList !
! summin) n> high-inv member-bound by presburger
    let ?newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l
    let ?newlist = treeList[?h:= ?newnode]
    have length treeList = length ?newlist by simp
    hence hprolist: ?newlist ! ?h = ?newnode
      by (meson <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList> nth-list-update)
    have nothprolist: i ≠ ?h ∧ i < 2^m ⇒ ?newlist ! i = treeList ! i for i by simp
    have firstsimp: vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =(
      let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l;
      newlist = treeList[?h:= ?newnode] in
      if minNull newnode
      then(
        let sn = vebt-delete summary ?h in
        (Node (Some (?xn, if ?xn = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
          (if maxs = None
            then ?xn
            else 2^(deg div 2) * the maxs
              + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs)))
          )
        )
        else ma)))
        deg newlist sn)
      )else
        (Node (Some (?xn, (if ?xn = ma then
          ?h * 2^(deg div 2) + the( vebt-maxt (newlist ! ?h))
          else ma)))
        deg newlist summary ))
    using del-x-mi[of x mi ma deg ?xn ?h summary treeList ?l]
      <deg div 2 = n> <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList>
      <summin * 2 ^ n + lx = (if x = mi then the (vebt-mint summary) * 2 ^ (deg div 2) +
        the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)))) else x>> <x = mi> dp mimapr nat-less-le
by smt
  have minxnrel: ?xn ≠ mi
    by (metis 5.hyps(2) 5.hyps(9) <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList> <vebt-member
(treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> both-member-options-equiv-member high-inv
less-not-refl low-inv member-bound mimapr)
    then show ?thesis

```

```

proof(cases minNull ?newnode)
  case True
    let ?sn = vebt-delete summary ?h
    let ?newma= (if ?xn= ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn in
      (if maxs = None
       then ?xn
       else  $2^{\lceil \deg / 2 \rceil} * \text{the maxs}$ 
          + the (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the maxs))
      )
    )
  else ma)
  let ?delsimp = (Node (Some (?xn, ?newma)) deg ?newlist ?sn)
  have vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = ?delsimp
  using del-x-mi-lets-in-minNull[of x mi ma deg ?xn ?h summary treeList ?l ?newnode ?newlist
?sn] False True <math>\langle ?h < \text{length treeList} \rangle \langle \text{summin} * 2^{\lceil \deg / 2 \rceil} n + lx = (\text{if } x = mi \text{ then the} \\
(\text{vebt-mint summary}) * 2^{\lceil \deg / 2 \rceil} + \text{the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))) else} \\
x) \rangle \text{dp less-not-refl3 mimapr by fastforce}
  moreover have both-member-options (?delsimp) y  $\implies$  ( $x \neq y \wedge \text{both-member-options}(\text{Node} \\
(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) y)$ 
  proof-
    assume both-member-options (?delsimp) y
    hence y = ?xn  $\vee$  y = ?newma  $\vee$ 
      (both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y (deg div 2))) (low y (deg div 2))  $\wedge$  (high y (deg
      div 2)) < length ?newlist)
    using both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child[of deg mi ?newma ?newlist ?sn y]
    dp
    by (smt (z3) Suc-1 Suc-le-D both-member-options-def membermima.simps(4) naive-member.simps(3))
    moreover have y = ?xn  $\implies$  ?thesis
    by (metis 5.hyps(9) False <math>\langle \text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList} ! \text{summin}) lx \rangle \langle \text{summin} < 2^{\lceil \deg / 2 \rceil} m \rangle \\
\langle \text{invar-vebt}(\text{treeList} ! \text{summin}) n \rangle \text{ both-member-options-equiv-member high-inv less-not-refl low-inv} \\
\text{member-bound mimapr xnin})
    moreover have y = ?newma  $\implies$  ?thesis
    proof-
      assume asmt: y = ?newma
      show ?thesis
      proof(cases ?xn = ma)
        case True
        let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
        have newmaext: ?newma = (if ?maxs = None then ?xn
          else  $2^{\lceil \deg / 2 \rceil} * \text{the ?maxs} + \text{the (vebt-maxt} \\
          (?newlist ! the ?maxs)))$  using True by force
        then show ?thesis
      proof(cases ?maxs = None )
        case True
        hence aa: ?newma = ?xn using newmaext by auto
        hence bb: ?newma  $\neq$  x
          using False minxnrel by presburger
        hence both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ?xn
          using xnin newmaext minxnrel asmt by simp

```

moreover have $?xn = y$ using aa asmt by simp
 ultimately have both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
 y by simp
 then show ?thesis using bb
 using <summin * $2^{\wedge}n + lx = y$ > $y = ?xn \implies x \neq y \wedge$ both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y by blast
 next
 case False
 then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs by force
 hence both-member-options ?sn maxs
 by (simp add: maxbmo)
 hence both-member-options summary maxs \wedge maxs $\neq ?h$
 using 5.IH(2) by blast
 hence ?newlist ! the ?maxs = treeList ! maxs
 by (metis 5.hyps(1) <Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high (summin * $2^{\wedge}n + lx$) n))> option.sel member-bound nothprolist valid-member-both-member-options)
 have maxs $< 2^{\wedge}m$
 using 5.hyps(1) <both-member-options summary maxs \wedge maxs \neq high (summin * $2^{\wedge}n + lx$) n> member-bound valid-member-both-member-options by blast
 hence the (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the ?maxs)) = the (vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs))
 using <?newlist ! the (vebt-maxt ?sn) = treeList ! maxs> by presburger
 have $\exists z.$ both-member-options(treeList ! maxs) z
 using 5.hyps(5) <both-member-options summary maxs \wedge maxs $\neq ?h$ > $maxs < 2^{\wedge}m$
 by blast
 moreover have invar-vebt (treeList ! maxs) n using 5
 by (metis <maxs < $2^{\wedge}m$ > inthall member-def)
 ultimately obtain maxi where Some maxi = (vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs))
 by (metis empty-Collect-eq maxt-corr-help-empty not-None-eq set-vebt'-def
 valid-member-both-member-options)
 hence maxi $< 2^{\wedge}n$
 by (metis <invar-vebt (treeList ! maxs) n> maxt-member member-bound)
 hence both-member-options (treeList ! maxs) maxi
 using <Some maxi = vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs)> maxbmo by presburger
 hence $2^{\wedge}(deg \ div 2) * the ?maxs + the$
 $(vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the ?maxs)) = 2^{\wedge}n * maxs + maxi$
 by (metis <Some maxi = vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs)> <Some maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn>
 $\langle deg \ div 2 = n \rangle \langle the (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the (vebt-maxt ?sn))) = the (vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs))\rangle$
 option.sel)
 hence ?newma = $2^{\wedge}n * maxs + maxi$
 using False True by auto
 hence $y = 2^{\wedge}n * maxs + maxi$ using asmt by simp
 hence both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y
 by (metis 5.hyps(2) Suc-1 <both-member-options (treeList ! maxs) maxi> <deg div
 $2 = n \rangle \langle maxi < 2^{\wedge}n \rangle \langle maxs < 2^{\wedge}m \rangle$ add-leD1 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp
 high-inv low-inv mult.commute plus-1-eq-Suc)
 moreover hence $y \neq x$
 by (metis 5.hyps(9) True <Some maxi = vebt-maxt (treeList ! maxs)> <maxi < 2^{\wedge}n>
 $\langle maxs < 2^{\wedge}m \rangle \langle x = mi \rangle \langle y = 2^{\wedge}n * maxs + maxi \rangle$ high-inv less-not-refl low-inv maxbmo minxnrel
 mult.commute)

```

ultimately show ?thesis by force
qed
next
case False
hence ?newma = ma by simp
moreover hence mi ≠ ma
using mimapr by blast
moreover hence y ≠ x
using False ⟨y = ?newma⟩ ⟨x = mi⟩ by auto
then show ?thesis
by (metis False ⟨y = ?newma⟩ both-member-options-equiv-member vebt-maxt.simps(3)
maxt-member tvalid)
qed
qed
moreover have (both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y (deg div 2))) (low y (deg div 2))
∧ (high y (deg div 2)) < length ?newlist) ==> ?thesis
proof-
assume assm:both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y (deg div 2))) (low y (deg div 2)) ∧
(high y (deg div 2)) < length ?newlist
show ?thesis
proof(cases (high y (deg div 2)) = ?h)
case True
hence 000:both-member-options ?newnode (low y (deg div 2)) using hprolist by (metis
assm)
hence 001:invar-vebt (treeList ! (high y (deg div 2))) n
using True ⟨vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx⟩ ⟨invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n⟩
high-inv member-bound by presburger
then show ?thesis
proof(cases low y n = ?l)
case True
hence y = ?xn
by (metis 000 5.IH(1) ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ ⟨high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length
treeList⟩ inthall member-def)
then show ?thesis
using calculation(2) by blast
next
case False
hence both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) (low y (deg div 2)) ∧ (low y (deg div 2)) ≠
(low ?xn (deg div 2))
using 5.IH(1) ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ ⟨high ?xn n < length treeList⟩ inthall member-def
by (metis 000)
then show ?thesis
by (metis 5.hyps(2) 5.hyps(9) Suc-1 Suc-leD True ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ ⟨length treeList = length
?newlist⟩ ⟨x = mi⟩ assm both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp less-not-refl mimapr)
qed
next
case False
hence x ≠ y
by (metis 5.hyps(2) 5.hyps(9) ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ ⟨length treeList = length ?newlist⟩ ⟨x

```

```

= mi> assm less-not-refl mimapr nothprolist)
  moreover hence (?newlist ! (high y (deg div 2))) = treeList ! (high y (deg div 2)) using
  nothprolist
    using 5.hyps(2) False <length treeList = length ?newlist> assm by presburger
    moreover hence both-member-options (treeList ! (high y (deg div 2)) ) (low y (deg div
2))
      using assm by presburger
      moreover hence both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) y
        by (metis One-nat-def Suc-leD <length treeList = length ?newlist> assm both-member-options-from-chilf-to-com
dp numeral-2-eq-2)
          ultimately show ?thesis by blast
        qed
      qed
      ultimately show ?thesis by fastforce
    qed
  moreover have (x ≠ y ∧ both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
y)⇒
  both-member-options ?delsimp y
  proof-
    assume assm: x ≠ y ∧ both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
y
    hence abcv:y = mi ∨ y = ma ∨ ( high y n < length treeList ∧ both-member-options (treeList
! (high y n)) (low y n))
      by (metis Suc-1 <deg div 2 = n> add-leD1 both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child
member-inv plus-1-eq-Suc tvalid valid-member-both-member-options)
      thus both-member-options ?delsimp y
    proof-
      have y = mi ⇒ ?thesis
      using False assm by force
      moreover have y = ma ⇒ ?thesis
        by (smt (z3) Suc-le-D both-member-options-def dp membermima.simps(4) nat-1-add-1
plus-1-eq-Suc)
      moreover have both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n) ⇒ ?thesis
      proof-
        assume myass: both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)
        thus ?thesis
        proof(cases high y n = ?h)
          case True
          hence high y n = ?h by simp
          then show ?thesis
        proof(cases low y n = ?l)
          case True
          hence y = ?xn
            by (metis <high y n = high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n> bit-split-inv)
          then show ?thesis
            by (metis Suc-le-D both-member-options-def dp membermima.simps(4) nat-1-add-1
plus-1-eq-Suc)
        next
        case False
      qed
    qed
  qed
qed

```

```

hence low y n ≠ ?l
  by (metis assms bit-split-inv)
hence pp:?newlist ! ?h = ?newnode
  using hprolist by blast
hence invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n
  using <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n>
high-inv member-bound by presburger
hence both-member-options ?newnode (low y n)
  using 5.IH(1) False True <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList> myass
by force
then show ?thesis
  by (metis True <deg div 2 = n> <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length
treeList> <length treeList = length ?newlist> add-leD1 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree
dp nat-1-add-1 pp)
  qed
next
  case False
  hence pp:?newlist ! (high y n) = treeList ! (high y n) using nothprolist abcv by auto
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis One-nat-def Suc-leD <deg div 2 = n> <length treeList = length ?newlist>
abcv both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree calculation(1) calculation(2) dp numerals(2))
  qed
  qed
  then show ?thesis
    using abcv calculation(1) calculation(2) by fastforce
  qed
  qed
ultimately show ?thesis by metis
next
  case False
  hence notemp:∃ z. both-member-options ?newnode z
    using not-min-Null-member by auto
  let ?newma = (if ?xn = ma then
    ?h * 2^(deg div 2) + the( vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h))
    else ma)
  let ?delsimp = (Node (Some (?xn, ?newma)) deg ?newlist summary)
  have vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = ?delsimp
    using del-x-mi-lets-in-not-minNull[of x mi ma deg ?xn ?h summary treeList ?l ?newnode
?newlist] by fastforce
  using False <deg div 2 = n> <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList> <summin *
2 ^ n + lx = (if x = mi then the (vebt-mint summary) * 2 ^ (deg div 2) + the (vebt-mint (treeList !
the (vebt-mint summary))) else x)> <x = mi> dp mimapr nat-less-le by fastforce
  moreover have both-member-options ?delsimp y
     $\implies x \neq y \wedge \text{both-member-options} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) y$ 
proof-
  assume ssms: both-member-options ?delsimp y
  hence aaaa: y = ?xn ∨ y = ?newma ∨ (both-member-options (?newlist ! (high y n)) (low y
n) ∧ high y n < length ?newlist)
  by (smt (z3) Suc-1 Suc-le-D <deg div 2 = n> both-member-options-def dp member-

```

```

mima.simps(4) naive-member.simps(3))
  show  $x \neq y \wedge \text{both-member-options}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) y$ 
  proof-
    have  $y = ?xn \implies ?thesis$ 
      using ⟨ $x = mi$ ⟩ minxnrel xnin by blast
    moreover have  $y = ?newma \implies ?thesis$ 
    proof-
      assume  $y = ?newma$ 
      show ?thesis
      proof(cases ?xn = ma)
        case True
        hence aaa:? $newma = ?h * 2^{\lceil \deg \text{div } 2 \rceil} + \text{the}(\text{vebt-maxt}(\text{?newlist} ! ?h))$ 
          by metis
        have ?newlist ! ?h = ?newnode using hprolist by blast
        obtain maxi where maxidef:Some maxi = vebt-maxt(?newlist ! ?h)
          by (metis False hprolist vebt-maxt.elims minNull.simps(1) minNull.simps(4))
        have aa:invar-vebt(treeList ! ?h) n
          by (metis 5.IH(1) ⟨high ?xn n < length treeList⟩ inthall member-def)
        moreover hence ab:maxi ≠ ?l ∧ both-member-options ?newnode maxi
          by (metis 5.IH(1) ⟨high ?xn n < length treeList⟩ hprolist inthall maxbmo maxidef
member-def)
        ultimately have ac:maxi ≠ ?l ∧ both-member-options(treeList ! ?h) maxi
          by (metis 5.IH(1) ⟨high ?xn n < length treeList⟩ inthall member-def)
        hence ad:maxi <  $2^n$ 
        using ⟨invar-vebt(treeList ! high ?xn n) n⟩ member-bound valid-member-both-member-options
by blast
      then show ?thesis using Suc-1 aaa ⟨y = ?newma⟩ ac add-leD1
        both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp option.sel high-inv low-inv maxidef
plus-1-eq-Suc
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) True ⟨Some lx = vebt-mint(treeList ! summin)⟩
        ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ ⟨high (summin *  $2^{\lceil \deg \text{div } 2 \rceil} + lx$ ) n < length treeList⟩
        ⟨vebt-member(treeList ! summin) lx⟩ ⟨invar-vebt(treeList ! summin) n⟩
        ⟨x = mi⟩ leD member-bound mimapr mint-corr-help nat-add-left-cancel-le
        valid-member-both-member-options)
    next
      case False
      then show ?thesis
      by (metis ⟨mi ≤ x ∧ x ≤ ma⟩ ⟨x = mi⟩ ⟨y = ?newma⟩ both-member-options-equiv-member
leD vebt-maxt.simps(3) maxt-member mimapr tvalid)
        qed
      qed
      moreover have (both-member-options(?newlist ! (high y n)) (low y n) ∧ high y n < length
?newlist) ⟹ ?thesis
      proof-
        assume assmy:(both-member-options(?newlist ! (high y n)) (low y n) ∧ high y n < length
?newlist)
        then show ?thesis
        proof(cases high y n = ?h)
          case True

```

```

hence ?newlist ! (high y n) = ?newnode
  using hprolist by presburger
have invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n
  by (metis 5.IH(1) <high ?xn n < length treeList> inthall member-def)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases low y n= ?l)
  case True
  hence y = ?xn
    using 5.IH(1) <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList> <treeList [high
  (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) (low (summin * 2 ^
  ^ n + lx) n)] ! high y n = vebt-delete (treeList ! high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) (low (summin * 2 ^
  n + lx) n)> assmy by force
    then show ?thesis
    using calculation(1) by blast
next
  case False
  hence low y n ≠ ?l ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) (low y n) using assmy
    by (metis 5.IH(1) 5.hyps(2) <?newlist ! high y n = vebt-delete (treeList ! high
  (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) (low (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n)> <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx>
  <summin < 2 ^ m> high-inv inthall member-bound member-def)
    then show ?thesis
    by (metis 5.hyps(2) 5.hyps(9) Suc-1 Suc-leD True <deg div 2 = n> <high (summin * 2 ^ n
  + lx) n < length treeList> <mi ≤ x ∧ x ≤ ma> <x = mi> both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree
  dp leD mimapr)
    qed
next
  case False
  hence ?newlist ! (high y n) = treeList !(high y n)
    using 5.hyps(2) <length treeList = length ?newlist> assmy nothprolist by presburger

  hence both-member-options (treeList !(high y n)) (low y n)
    using assmy by presburger
  moreover have x ≠ y
    by (metis 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(4) 5.hyps(9) <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> <x < 2 ^
  deg> <x = mi> calculation deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) mimapr not-less-iff-gr-or-eq)
  moreover have high y n < length ?newlist using assmy by blast
  moreover hence high y n < length treeList
    using <length treeList = length ?newlist> by presburger
  ultimately show ?thesis
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-leD <deg div 2 = n> both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree
  dp numerals(2))
    qed
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
  using aaaa by fastforce
  qed
  qed
  moreover have (x ≠ y ∧ both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary))
  y)====>
```

```

both-member-options ?delsimp y
proof-
assume assm:  $x \neq y \wedge \text{both-member-options}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary})$ 
 $y$ 
hence abcv: $y = mi \vee y = ma \vee (\text{high } y \text{ } n < \text{length } \text{treeList} \wedge \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } y \text{ } n)) (\text{low } y \text{ } n))$ 
by (metis Suc-1 ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ add-leD1 both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child member-inv plus-1-eq-Suc tvalid valid-member-both-member-options)
thus both-member-options ?delsimp y
proof-
have  $y = mi \implies \text{?thesis}$ 
using ⟨ $x = mi$ ⟩ assm by blast
moreover have  $y = ma \implies \text{?thesis}$ 
by (smt (z3) Suc-1 Suc-le-D both-member-options-def dp membertima.simps(4))
moreover have  $(\text{high } y \text{ } n < \text{length } \text{treeList} \wedge \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } y \text{ } n)) (\text{low } y \text{ } n)) \implies \text{?thesis}$ 
proof-
assume myass:  $(\text{high } y \text{ } n < \text{length } \text{treeList} \wedge \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } y \text{ } n)) (\text{low } y \text{ } n))$ 
thus ?thesis
proof(cases  $\text{high } y \text{ } n = ?h$ )
case True
then show ?thesis
proof(cases  $\text{low } y \text{ } n = ?l$ )
case True
then show ?thesis
by (smt (z3) 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4) Suc-1 ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ ⟨length treeList = length (treeList [high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) (low (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n)])⟩ add-Suc-right add-leD1 bit-split-inv both-member-options-def both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp membertima.simps(4) myass nth-list-update-neq plus-1-eq-Suc)
next
case False
hence  $\text{low } y \text{ } n \neq ?l$  by simp
hence pp:? $\text{newlist} ! ?h = ?\text{newnode}$ 
using hprolist by blast
hence invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n
by (metis 5.IH(1) ⟨high ?xn n < length treeList⟩ inthall member-def)
hence both-member-options ?newnode ( $\text{low } y \text{ } n$ )
by (metis 5.IH(1) True ⟨high ?xn n < length treeList⟩ ⟨ $\text{low } y \text{ } n \neq \text{low } ?xn \text{ } n$ ⟩ in-set-member inthall myass)
then show ?thesis
by (metis One-nat-def Suc-leD True ⟨deg div 2 = n⟩ ⟨high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList⟩ ⟨length treeList = length ?newlist⟩ both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree dp numerals(2) pp)
qed
next
case False

```

```

have pp: ?newlist ! (high y n) = treeList ! (high y n)
  using nothprolist[of high y n] False 5.hyps(2) myass by presburger
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis One-nat-def Suc-leD `deg div 2 = n` `length treeList = length ?newlist`
      abcv both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree calculation(1) calculation(2) dp numerals(2))
    qed
  qed
  then show ?thesis
    using abcv calculation(1) calculation(2) by fastforce
  qed
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis by metis
  qed
  qed
  qed
  qed
  qed
end

corollary invar-vebt t n ==> both-member-options t x ==> x ≠ y ==> both-member-options (vebt-delete t y) x
  using dele-bmo-cont-corr by blast

corollary invar-vebt t n ==> both-member-options t x ==> ¬ both-member-options (vebt-delete t x) x
  by (simp add: dele-bmo-cont-corr)

corollary invar-vebt t n ==> both-member-options (vebt-delete t y) x ==> both-member-options t x ∧
  x ≠ y
  using dele-bmo-cont-corr by blast

end
end

```

```

theory VEBT-DeleteCorrectness imports VEBT-Delete
begin

```

```

context VEBT-internal begin

```

8.3 Validness Preservation

```

theorem delete-pres-valid: invar-vebt t n ==> invar-vebt (vebt-delete t x) n
proof(induction t n arbitrary: x rule: invar-vebt.induct)
  case (1 a b)
  then show ?case
  proof(cases x)
    case 0
    then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: invar-vebt.intros(1))
  
```

```

next
  case (Suc prev)
    hence x = Suc prev by simp
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases prev)
      case 0
      then show ?thesis
        by (simp add: Suc invar-vebt.intros(1))
    next
      case (Suc preprev)
        then show ?thesis
          by (simp add: x = Suc prev invar-vebt.intros(1))
      qed
    qed
  next
    case (2 treeList n summary m deg)
    then show ?case
      using invar-vebt.intros(2) by force
  next
    case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
    then show ?case
      using invar-vebt.intros(3) by auto
  next
    case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
    hence 0: ( $\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \text{invar-vebt } t \ n$ ) and 1: invar-vebt summary m and 2:length treeList =  $2^m$  and 3: deg = n+m and
      4: ( $\forall i < 2^m. (\exists y. \text{both-member-options } (\text{treeList} ! \ i) \ y) \longleftrightarrow (\text{both-member-options summary } i)$ ) and
      5: (mi = ma  $\longrightarrow (\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \nexists y. \text{both-member-options } t \ y)$ ) and 6: $mi \leq ma \wedge ma < 2^{deg}$  and
      7: (mi ≠ ma  $\longrightarrow (\forall i < 2^m. (\text{high } ma \ n = i \longrightarrow \text{both-member-options } (\text{treeList} ! \ i) \ (\text{low } ma \ n)) \wedge$ 
       $(\forall y. (\text{high } y \ n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options } (\text{treeList} ! \ i) \ (\text{low } y \ n)) \longrightarrow mi < y \wedge y \leq ma))$ 
      and 8: n = m and 9: deg div 2 = n using 4 add-self-div-2 by auto
    hence 10: invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) deg
      using invar-vebt.intros(4)[of treeList n summary m deg mi ma] by blast
    hence 11:n ≥ 1 and 12: deg ≥ 2
      by (metis 1 8 9 One-nat-def Suc-leI deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff)+
    then show ?case
    proof(cases (x < mi ∨ x > ma))
      case True
      hence vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
        using delt-out-of-range[of x mi ma deg treeList summary]
        using 1 4.hyps(3) 9 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff by blast
      then show ?thesis
        by (simp add: 10)
  next

```

```

case False
hence inrg:  $mi \leq x \wedge x \leq ma$  by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases x = mi ∧ x = ma)
  case True
  hence (∀ t ∈ set treeList. ∉ y. both-member-options t y)
    using 5 by blast
  moreover have vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (Node None deg treeList summary)
    using del-single-cont[of x mi ma deg treeList summary] 1 8 9 True deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff
  by blast
  moreover have (∉ i. both-member-options summary i)
    using 10 True mi-eq-ma-no-ch by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using 0 1 2 3 4.hyps(3) invar-vebt.intros(2) by force
next
  case False
  hence x ≠ mi ∨ x ≠ ma by simp
  hence mi ≠ ma ∧ x < 2^deg
    by (metis 6 inrg le-antisym le-less-trans)
  hence 7b: (∀ i < 2^m. (high ma n = i → both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low ma n)) ∧
    (∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n)) → mi < y ∧ y ≤ ma))
    using 7 by fastforce
  hence both-member-options (treeList ! (high ma n)) (low ma n)
    using 1 3 6 8 deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) by blast
  hence yhelper:both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)
    ⇒ high y n < 2^m ⇒ mi < y ∧ y ≤ ma ∧ low y n < 2^n for y
    by (simp add: 7b low-def)
  then show ?thesis
proof(cases x ≠ mi)
  case True
  hence xnotmi: x ≠ mi by simp
  let ?h = high x n
  let ?l = low x n
  have hlbound: ?h < 2^m ∧ ?l < 2^n
    using 1 3 8 ‹mi ≠ ma ∧ x < 2 ^ deg› deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1) exp-split-high-low(2)
  by blast
  let ?newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l
  have treeList ! ?h ∈ set treeList
    by (metis 2 hlbound in-set-member inthall)
  hence nnvalid: invar-vebt ?newnode n
    by (simp add: 4.IH(1))
  let ?newlist = treeList[?h:= ?newnode]
  have hlist:?newlist ! ?h = ?newnode
    by (simp add: 2 hlbound)
  have nothlist:i ≠ ?h ⇒ i < 2^m ⇒ ?newlist ! i = treeList ! i for i by simp
  have allvalidinlist: ∀ t ∈ set ?newlist. invar-vebt t n
  proof

```

```

fix t
assume t ∈ set ?newlist
then obtain i where i < 2^m ∧ ?newlist ! i = t
  by (metis 2 in-set-conv-nth length-list-update)
show invar-vebt t n
  by (metis 0 2 <i < 2 ^ m ∧ treeList[high x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] !
i = t) hlist nnvalid nth-list-update-neq nth-mem)
qed
have newlistlength: length ?newlist = 2^m using 2 by auto
then show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull ?newnode)
  case True
  hence ninNullc: minNull ?newnode by simp
  let ?sn = vebt-delete summary ?h
  let ?newma= (if x = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn in
    (if maxs = None
      then mi
      else 2^(deg div 2) * the maxs
        + the (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the maxs)))
    )
  )
  else ma)
  let ?delsimp = (Node (Some (mi, ?newma)) deg ?newlist ?sn)
  have dsimp: vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = ?delsimp
    using del-x-not-mi-new-node-nil[of mi x ma deg ?h ?l ?newnode treeList ?sn summary
?newlist]
    hlbound 9 11 12 True 2 inrg xnotmi by simp
  have newsummvalid: invar-vebt ?sn m
    by (simp add: 4.IH(2))
  have 111: (∀ i < 2^m. (∃ x. both-member-options (?newlist ! i) x) ↔ ( both-member-options
?sn i))
    proof
      fix i
      show i < 2^m → ((∃ x. both-member-options (?newlist ! i) x) = ( both-member-options
?sn i))
    proof
      assume i < 2^m
      show (∃ x. both-member-options (?newlist ! i) x) = ( both-member-options ?sn i)
        proof(cases i = ?h)
          case True
          hence 1000: ?newlist ! i = ?newnode
            using hlist by blast
          hence 1001: ∄ x. vebt-member (?newlist ! i) x
            by (simp add: min-Null-member ninNullc)
          hence 1002: ∄ x. both-member-options (?newlist ! i) x
            using 1000 nnvalid valid-member-both-member-options by auto
          have 1003: ¬ both-member-options ?sn i
            using 1 True dele-bmo-cont-corr by auto
          then show ?thesis
        qed
      qed
    qed
  qed
qed

```

```

    using 1002 by blast
next
  case False
  hence 1000:?newlist ! i = treeList ! i
    using <i < 2 ^ m> nothlist by blast
  hence both-member-options (?newlist ! i) y ==> both-member-options ?sn i for y
proof-
  assume both-member-options (?newlist ! i) y
  hence both-member-options summary i
    using 1000 4 <i < 2 ^ m> by auto
  thus both-member-options ?sn i
    using 1 False dele-bmo-cont-corr by blast
qed
moreover have both-member-options ?sn i ==> ∃ y. both-member-options (?newlist ! i)
y
proof-
  assume both-member-options ?sn i
  hence both-member-options summary i
    using 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr by auto
  thus ∃ y. both-member-options (?newlist ! i) y
    using 1000 4 <i < 2 ^ m> by presburger
qed
then show ?thesis
  using calculation by blast
qed
qed
have 112: (mi = ?newma —> (∀ t ∈ set ?newlist. ∉ x. both-member-options t x))
proof
  assume aampt:mi = ?newma
  show (∀ t ∈ set ?newlist. ∉ y. both-member-options t y)
  proof(cases x = ma)
    case True
    let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
    show ?thesis
    proof(cases ?maxs = None)
      case True
      hence aa:∉ y. vebt-member ?sn y
        using maxt-corr-help-empty newsummvald set-vebt'-def by auto
      hence ∉ y. both-member-options ?sn y
        using newsummvald valid-member-both-member-options by blast
      hence t ∈ set ?newlist ==> ∉ y. both-member-options t y for t
    proof-
      assume t ∈ set ?newlist
      then obtain i where ?newlist ! i = t ∧ i < 2 ^ m
        by (metis in-set-conv-nth newlistlength)
      thus ∉ y. both-member-options t y
        using 111 <∉ y. both-member-options (vebt-delete summary (high x n)) y> by blast
    qed
  qed

```

```

then show ?thesis by blast
next
  case False
  then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs
    by fastforce
  hence both-member-options summary maxs
    by (metis 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo)
  have bb:maxs ≠ ?h ∧ maxs < 2^m
    by (metis 1 ‹Some maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn› dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo member-bound
valid-member-both-member-options)
  hence invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) nusing 0 2 by auto
  hence ∃ y. both-member-options (?newlist ! maxs) y
    using 4 bb ‹both-member-options summary maxs› nothlist by presburger
  then obtain maxi where Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs) using
    ‹invar-vebt (treeList[high x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! maxs) n›
empty-Collect-eq option.sel maxt-corr-help-empty set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options
by fastforce
  hence maxs = high mi n ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! maxs) (low mi n)
  by (smt (z3) 9 True ‹Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x n))› ‹invar-vebt
(treeList[high x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! maxs) n› aampt option.sel high-inv
low-inv maxbmo member-bound mult.commute option.distinct(1) valid-member-both-member-options)
  hence False
  by (metis bb nat-less-le nothlist yhelper)
  then show ?thesis by simp
qed
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
    using ‹mi ≠ ma ∧ x < 2 ^ deg› aampt by presburger
qed
have 114: ?newma < 2 ^ deg ∧ mi ≤ ?newma
proof(cases x = ma)
  case True
  hence x = ma by simp
  let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
  show ?thesis
  proof(cases ?maxs = None)
    case True
    then show ?thesis
      using 6 by fastforce
  next
  case False
  then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs
    by fastforce
  hence both-member-options summary maxs
    by (metis 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo)
  have bb:maxs ≠ ?h ∧ maxs < 2^m
    by (metis 1 ‹Some maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn› dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo member-bound
)

```

```

valid-member-both-member-options)
  hence invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) nusing 0 2 by auto
  hence  $\exists y$ . both-member-options (?newlist ! maxs) y
    using 4 bb <both-member-options summary maxs> nothlist by presburger
    then obtain maxi where Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)
    by (metis <invar-vebt (treeList[high x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! maxs)
n> empty-Collect-eq maxt-corr-help-empty option-shift.elims set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
    then show ?thesis
    by (smt (verit, best) 6 9 <Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x
n))> <invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) n> bb option.sel high-inv less-le-trans low-inv maxbmo maxt-member
member-bound mult.commute not-less-iff-gr-or-eq nothlist verit-comp-simplify1(3) yhelper)
qed
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
  using 6 by auto
qed
have 115:  $mi \neq ?newma \rightarrow$ 
   $(\forall i < 2^m.$ 
   $(high ?newma n = i \rightarrow \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) (\text{low } ?newma n)) \wedge$ 
   $(\forall y. (high y n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) (\text{low } y n)) \rightarrow mi < y \wedge y$ 
 $\leq ?newma))$ 
  proof
    assume  $mi \neq ?newma$ 
    show  $(\forall i < 2^m.$ 
       $(high ?newma n = i \rightarrow \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) (\text{low } ?newma n)) \wedge$ 
       $(\forall y. (high y n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) (\text{low } y n)) \rightarrow mi < y \wedge y$ 
 $\leq ?newma))$ 
    proof
      fix i
      show  $i < 2^m \rightarrow$ 
         $(high ?newma n = i \rightarrow \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) (\text{low } ?newma n)) \wedge$ 
         $(\forall y. (high y n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) (\text{low } y n)) \rightarrow mi < y \wedge y$ 
 $\leq ?newma)$ 
      proof
        assume assumption: $i < 2^m$ 
        show  $(high ?newma n = i \rightarrow \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) (\text{low } ?newma n)) \wedge$ 
           $(\forall y. (high y n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) (\text{low } y n)) \rightarrow mi < y \wedge y$ 
 $\leq ?newma)$ 
      proof-
        have  $(high ?newma n = i \rightarrow \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) (\text{low } ?newma n))$ 
        proof
          assume newmaassm:  $high ?newma n = i$ 
          thus both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)
          proof(cases x = ma )
            case True
            let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
            show ?thesis
            proof(cases ?maxs = None)

```

```

case True
then show ?thesis
by (smt (z3) 0 <both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low ma n)> <mi ≠
(if x = ma then let maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x n)) in if maxs = None then mi
else 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the maxs + the (vebt-maxt (treeList [high x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x
n) (low x n)] ! the maxs)) else ma> <treeList ! high x n ∈ set treeList> bit-split-inv dele-bmo-cont-corr
hlist newmaassm nth-list-update-neq)
next
case False
then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs
by fastforce
hence both-member-options summary maxs
by (metis 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo)
have bb:maxs ≠ ?h ∧ maxs < 2^m
by (metis 1 <Some maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn> dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo
member-bound valid-member-both-member-options)
hence invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) nusing 0 2 by auto
hence ∃ y. both-member-options (?newlist ! maxs) y
using 4 bb <both-member-options summary maxs> nothlist by presburger
then obtain maxi where Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs) using
<invar-vebt (treeList[high x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] !
maxs) n>
empty-Collect-eq maxt-corr-help-empty set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options

by (smt (z3) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(2) <invar-vebt (treeList[high
x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! maxs) n> vebt-maxt.elims minNull.simps(1)
min-Null-member valid-member-both-member-options)
then show ?thesis
by (smt (z3) 9 False True <Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x
n))> <invar-vebt (treeList[high x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! maxs) n> option.sel
high-inv low-inv maxbmo maxt-member member-bound mult.commute newmaassm)
qed
next
case False
then show ?thesis
by (smt (z3) 0 <both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low ma n)> <treeList
! high x n ∈ set treeList> assumption bit-split-inv dele-bmo-cont-corr hlist newmaassm nothlist)
qed
qed
moreover have (∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n) )
→ mi < y ∧ y ≤ ?newma)
proof
fix y
show (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n) ) → mi < y ∧
y ≤ ?newma
proof
assume yassm: (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n) )
hence mi < y
proof(cases i = ?h)

```

```

case True
hence both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n)
using 0 <treeList ! high x n ∈ set treeList> dele-bmo-cont-corr hlist yassm by auto
then show ?thesis
by (simp add: assumption yassm yhelper)
next
case False
then show ?thesis
using assumption nothlist yassm yhelper by presburger
qed
moreover have y ≤ ?newma
proof(cases x = ma)
case True
hence x = ma by simp
let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
show ?thesis
proof(cases ?maxs = None)
case True
then show ?thesis
using <mi ≠ ?newma> <x = ma> by presburger
next
case False
then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs
by fastforce
hence both-member-options summary maxs
by (metis 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo)
have bb:maxs ≠ ?h ∧ maxs < 2^m
by (metis 1 <Some maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn> dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo
member-bound valid-member-both-member-options)
hence invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) nusing 0 2 by auto
hence ∃ y. both-member-options (?newlist ! maxs) y
using 4 bb <both-member-options summary maxs> nothlist by presburger
then obtain maxi where Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)
by (metis 2 4.IH(1) Collect-empty-eq bb both-member-options-equiv-member
maxt-corr-help-empty nth-list-update-neq nth-mem option.exhaust set-vebt'-def)
hence maxs < 2^m ∧ maxi < 2^n
by (metis <invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) n> bb maxt-member member-bound)
hence ?newma = 2^n * maxs + maxi
by (smt (z3) 9 False True <Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)> <Some
maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x n))> option.sel)
hence low ?newma n = maxi ∧ high ?newma n = maxs
by (simp add: <maxs < 2^m ∧ maxi < 2^n> high-inv low-inv mult.commute)
hence both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)
by (metis 0 <treeList ! high x n ∈ set treeList> assumption dele-bmo-cont-corr
hlist nothlist yassm)
hence hleqdraft:high y n > maxs ==> False
proof-
assume high y n > maxs
have both-member-options summary (high y n)

```

```

        using 1 111 assumption dele-bmo-cont-corr yassm by blast
moreover have both-member-options ?sn (high y n)
        using 111 assumption yassm by blast
ultimately show False
by (metis ‹Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x n))› ‹maxs
< high y n› leD maxt-corr-help newsummvalid valid-member-both-member-options)
qed
hence hleqmaxs: high y n ≤ maxs by presburger
then show ?thesis
proof(cases high y n = maxs)
case True
hence low y n ≤ maxi
by (metis ‹Some maxi = vebt-maxt (treeList[high x n := vebt-delete (treeList
! high x n) (low x n)] ! maxs)› ‹invar-vebt (treeList[high x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x
n)] ! maxs) n› maxt-corr-help valid-member-both-member-options yassm)
then show ?thesis
by (smt (z3) True ‹(if x = ma then let maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete
summary (high x n)) in if maxs = None then mi else 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the maxs + the (vebt-maxt
((?newlist) ! the maxs)) else ma) = 2 ^ n * maxs + maxi› add-le-cancel-left bit-concat-def bit-split-inv
mult.commute)
next
case False
then show ?thesis
by (metis ‹low (if x = ma then let maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary
(high x n)) in if maxs = None then mi else 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the maxs + the (vebt-maxt ((?newlist)
! the maxs)) else ma) n = maxi ∧ high (if x = ma then let maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary
(high x n)) in if maxs = None then mi else 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the maxs + the (vebt-maxt ((?newlist) !
the maxs)) else ma) n = maxs› div-le-mono high-def hleqdraft le-neq-implies-less nat-le-linear)
qed
qed
next
case False
then show ?thesis
by (smt (z3) 0 ‹treeList ! high x n ∈ set treeList› assumption dele-bmo-cont-corr
hlist nothlist yassm yhelper)
qed
ultimately show mi < y ∧ y ≤ ?newma by simp
qed
qed
ultimately show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed
qed
qed
hence 117: ?newma < 2 ^ deg and 118: mi ≤ ?newma using 114 by auto
have 116: invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ?newma)) deg ?newlist ?sn) deg
using invar-vebt.intros(4)[of ?newlist n ?sn m deg mi ?newma]
using 3 allvalidinlist newlistlength newsummvalid 4.hyps(3) 111 112 118 117 115 by
fastforce

```

```

show ?thesis
  using 116 dsimp by presburger
next
  case False
  hence notemp: $\exists z. \text{both-member-options } ?newnode z$ 
    using not-min-Null-member by auto
  let ?newma = (if  $x = ma$  then
     $?h * 2^{\lceil \deg / 2 \rceil} + \text{the( vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h))}$ 
    else  $ma$ )
  let ?delsimp = (Node (Some (mi, ?newma)) deg ?newlist summary)
  have dsimp:vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)  $x = ?delsimp$ 
  using del-x-not-mi-newnode-not-nil[of mi x ma deg ?h ?l ?newnode treeList ?newlist summary]
    by (metis 12 2 9 False dual-order.eq-iff hbound inrg order.not-eq-order-implies-strict xnotmi)
  have 111: ( $\forall i < 2^m. (\exists x. \text{both-member-options } (?newlist ! i) x) \longleftrightarrow (\text{both-member-options } \text{summary } i)$ )
  proof
    fix i
    show  $i < 2^m \rightarrow ((\exists x. \text{both-member-options } (?newlist ! i) x) = (\text{both-member-options } \text{summary } i))$ 
    proof(cases i = ?h)
      case True
      hence 1000: $?newlist ! i = ?newnode$ 
        using hlist by blast
      hence 1001: $\exists x. \text{vebt-member } (?newlist ! i) x$ 
        using nnvalid notemp valid-member-both-member-options by auto
      hence 1002:  $\exists x. \text{both-member-options } (?newlist ! i) x$ 
        using 1000 notemp by presburger
      have 1003: both-member-options summary i
      using 0 1000 1002 4 True <i < 2^m> treeList ! high x n ∈ set treeList, dele-bmo-cont-corr
    by fastforce
    then show ?thesis
      using 1002 by blast
  next
  case False
  hence 1000: $?newlist ! i = treeList ! i$ 
    using <i < 2^m> nothlist by blast
  then show ?thesis
    using 4 <i < 2^m> by presburger
  qed
  qed
  qed
  have 112: ( $mi = ?newma \rightarrow (\forall t \in \text{set } ?newlist. \nexists x. \text{both-member-options } t x)$ )
  proof
    assume aampt:mi = ?newma
    show ( $\forall t \in \text{set } ?newlist. \nexists y. \text{both-member-options } t y$ )
    proof(cases x = ma)

```

```

case True
obtain maxi where vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h) = Some maxi
    by (metis False VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(2) hlist vebt-maxt.elims min-
Null.simps(1) nnvalid notemp valid-member-both-member-options)
hence both-member-options ?newnode maxi
using hlist maxbmo by auto
hence both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) maxi
using 0 < treeList ! high x n ∈ set treeList > dele-bmo-cont-corr by blast
hence False
by (metis 9 True <both-member-options ?newnode maxi> <vebt-maxt (?newlist ! high x n) =
= Some maxi> aampt option.sel high-inv hlbound low-inv member-bound nnvalid not-less-iff-gr-or-eq
valid-member-both-member-options yhelper)
then show ?thesis by blast
next
case False
then show ?thesis
using <mi ≠ ma ∧ x < 2 ^ deg> aampt by presburger
qed
qed
have 114: ?newma < 2 ^ deg ∧ mi ≤ ?newma
proof(cases x = ma)
case True
hence x = ma by simp
obtain maxi where vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h) = Some maxi
    by (metis empty-Collect-eq hlist maxt-corr-help-empty nnvalid notemp option.exhaust
set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
hence both-member-options ?newnode maxi
using hlist maxbmo by auto
hence both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) maxi
using 0 < treeList ! high x n ∈ set treeList > dele-bmo-cont-corr by blast
hence maxi < 2 ^ n
using <both-member-options ?newnode maxi> member-bound nnvalid valid-member-both-member-options
by blast
show ?thesis
by (smt (z3) 3 9 div-eq-0-iff True <both-member-options (treeList ! high x n) maxi> <maxi
< 2 ^ n> <vebt-maxt (?newlist ! high x n) = Some maxi> add.right-neutral div-exp-eq div-mult-self3
option.sel high-inv hlbound le-0-eq less-imp-le-nat low-inv power-not-zero rel-simps(28) yhelper)
next
case False
then show ?thesis
using 6 by auto
qed
have 115: mi ≠ ?newma →
    ( ∀ i < 2 ^ m.
      (high ?newma n = i → both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
      ( ∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) → mi < y ∧ y
≤ ?newma))
proof
assume mi ≠ ?newma

```

```

show ( $\forall i < 2^m.$ 
      ( $high \ ?newma\ n = i \rightarrow both\text{-member}\text{-options} (\ ?newlist ! i) (low \ ?newma\ n)$ )  $\wedge$ 
      ( $\forall y. (high \ y\ n = i \wedge both\text{-member}\text{-options} (\ ?newlist ! i) (low \ y\ n)) \rightarrow mi < y \wedge y$ 
 $\leq \ ?newma)$ )
proof
  fix  $i$ 
  show  $i < 2^m \rightarrow$ 
    ( $high \ ?newma\ n = i \rightarrow both\text{-member}\text{-options} (\ ?newlist ! i) (low \ ?newma\ n)$ )  $\wedge$ 
    ( $\forall y. (high \ y\ n = i \wedge both\text{-member}\text{-options} (\ ?newlist ! i) (low \ y\ n)) \rightarrow mi < y \wedge y$ 
 $\leq \ ?newma)$ 
proof
  assume assumption:  $i < 2^m$ 
  show ( $high \ ?newma\ n = i \rightarrow both\text{-member}\text{-options} (\ ?newlist ! i) (low \ ?newma\ n)$ )  $\wedge$ 
    ( $\forall y. (high \ y\ n = i \wedge both\text{-member}\text{-options} (\ ?newlist ! i) (low \ y\ n)) \rightarrow mi < y \wedge y$ 
 $\leq \ ?newma)$ 
proof-
  have ( $high \ ?newma\ n = i \rightarrow both\text{-member}\text{-options} (\ ?newlist ! i) (low \ ?newma\ n)$ )
  proof
    assume newmaassm:  $high \ ?newma\ n = i$ 
    thus  $both\text{-member}\text{-options} (\ ?newlist ! i) (low \ ?newma\ n)$ 
    proof(cases  $x = ma$ )
      case True
      obtain maxi where vebt-maxt ( $?newlist ! ?h$ ) = Some maxi
      by (metis Collect-empty-eq both-member-options-equiv-member hlist maxt-corr-help-empty nnvalid not-Some-eq nottemp set-vebt'-def)
        hence  $both\text{-member}\text{-options} (\ ?newlist ! ?h) maxi$ 
        using maxbmo by blast
        then show ?thesis
        by (smt (z3) 9 True <vebt-maxt (?newlist ! high x n) = Some maxi> option.sel high-inv hlist low-inv maxt-member member-bound newmaassm nnvalid)
      next
        case False
        then show ?thesis
        by (smt (z3) 0 <both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low ma n)> <treeList ! high x n ∈ set treeList> assumption bit-split-inv dele-bmo-cont-corr hlist newmaassm nothlist)
        qed
      qed
      moreover have ( $\forall y. (high \ y\ n = i \wedge both\text{-member}\text{-options} (\ ?newlist ! i) (low \ y\ n)) \rightarrow mi < y \wedge y \leq \ ?newma)$ 
      proof
        fix  $y$ 
        show ( $high \ y\ n = i \wedge both\text{-member}\text{-options} (\ ?newlist ! i) (low \ y\ n) \rightarrow mi < y \wedge y$ 
 $\leq \ ?newma$ )
      proof
        assume yassm: ( $high \ y\ n = i \wedge both\text{-member}\text{-options} (\ ?newlist ! i) (low \ y\ n)$ )
        hence  $mi < y$ 
        proof(cases  $i = ?h$ )
          case True
          hence  $both\text{-member}\text{-options} (treeList ! i) (low \ y\ n)$ 

```

```

using 0 <treeList ! high x n ∈ set treeList> dele-bmo-cont-corr hlist yassm by auto
then show ?thesis
  by (simp add: assumption yassm yhelper)
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
    using assumption nothlist yassm yhelper by presburger
qed
moreover have y ≤ ?newma
proof(cases x = ma)
  case True
  hence x= ma by simp
  obtain maxi where vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h) = Some maxi
    by (metis Collect-empty-eq both-member-options-equiv-member hlist
maxt-corr-help-empty nnvalid not-Some-eq notemp set-vebt'-def)
  hence both-member-options (?newlist ! ?h) maxi
    using maxbmo by blast
  have high y n ≤ ?h
    by (metis ?b True assumption div-le-mono high-def nothlist yassm)
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases high y n = ?h)
    case True
    have low y n > maxi ==> False
    by (metis True <vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h) = Some maxi> hlist leD maxt-corr-help
nnvalid valid-member-both-member-options yassm)
    then show ?thesis
      by (smt (z3) 9 True <vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h) = Some maxi> <x = ma>
add-le-cancel-left div-mult-mod-eq option.sel high-def low-def nat-le-linear nat-less-le)
  next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
      by (smt (z3) 9 True <both-member-options (?newlist ! high x n) maxi> <high y
n ≤ high x n> <vebt-maxt (?newlist ! high x n) = Some maxi> div-le-mono option.sel high-def high-inv
hlist le-antisym member-bound nat-le-linear nnvalid valid-member-both-member-options)
    qed
  next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
      by (smt (z3) 0 <treeList ! high x n ∈ set treeList> assumption dele-bmo-cont-corr
hlist nothlist yassm yhelper)
    qed
    ultimately show mi < y ∧ y ≤ ?newma by simp
    qed
    qed
    ultimately show ?thesis by simp
    qed
    qed
    qed
    qed
    qed

```

```

hence 117: ?newma < 2deg and 118: mi ≤ ?newma using 114 by auto
have 116: invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ?newma)) deg ?newlist summary) deg
    using invar-vebt.intros(4)[of ?newlist n summary m deg mi ?newma] allvalidinlist
        1 newlistlength 8 3 111 112 117 118 115 by fastforce
then show ?thesis
    using dsimp by presburger
qed
next
    case False
    hence xmi:x = mi by simp
    have both-member-options summary (high ma n)
        using 1 3 4 4.hyps(3) 6 ‹both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low ma n)› deg-not-0
        exp-split-high-low(1) by blast
        hence vebt-member summary (high ma n)
            using 4.hyps(1) valid-member-both-member-options by blast
            obtain summin where Some summin = vebt-mint summary
                by (metis 4.hyps(1) ‹vebt-member summary (high ma n)› empty-Collect-eq mint-corr-help-empty
                not-None-eq set-vebt'-def)
                hence ∃ z . both-member-options (treeList ! summin) z
                by (metis 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(5) both-member-options-equiv-member member-bound mint-member)
                moreover have invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n
                    by (metis 0 1 2 ‹Some summin = vebt-mint summary› member-bound mint-member nth-mem)
                ultimately obtain lx where Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)
                by (metis empty-Collect-eq mint-corr-help-empty not-None-eq set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
                let ?xn = summin*2n + lx
                have ?xn = (if x = mi
                    then the (vebt-mint summary) * 2^(deg div 2)
                    + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))))
                    else x)
                    by (metis False ‹Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)› ‹Some summin = vebt-mint
                    summary› ‹deg div 2 = n› option.sel)
                have vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx
                    using ‹Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)› ‹invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n›
                    mint-member by auto
                moreover have summin < 2m
                    by (metis 4.hyps(1) ‹Some summin = vebt-mint summary› member-bound mint-member)
                ultimately have xnin: both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
?xn
                    by (metis 12 2 9 ‹invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n› add-leD1 both-member-options-equiv-member
                    both-member-options-from-chif-to-complete-tree high-inv low-inv member-bound numeral-2-eq-2 plus-1-eq-Suc)
                    let ?h = high ?xn n
                    let ?l = low ?xn n
                    have ?xn < 2deg
                        by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(4) div-eq-0-iff ‹Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList !
                        summin)› ‹Some summin = vebt-mint summary› ‹invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n› div-exp-eq high-def
                        high-inv le-0-eq member-bound mint-member not-numeral-le-zero power-not-zero)
                        hence ?h < length treeList
                        using 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) ‹invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n› deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1)
by metis

```

```

let ?newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l
let ?newlist = treeList[?h:= ?newnode]
have length treeList = length ?newlist by simp
hence hprolist: ?newlist ! ?h = ?newnode
  by (meson <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList> nth-list-update-eq)
have nothprolist: i ≠ ?h ∧ i < 2^m ⇒ ?newlist ! i = treeList ! i for i by simp
have hlbound: ?h < 2^m ∧ ?l < 2^n
  using 1 2 3 8 <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList> <summin * 2 ^ n + lx < 2 ^
deg> deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(2) by presburger
hence nnvalid: invar-vebt ?newnode n
  by (metis 4.IH(1) <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList> inthall member-def)
have allvalidinlist: ∀ t ∈ set ?newlist. invar-vebt t n
proof
fix t
assume t ∈ set ?newlist
then obtain i where i < 2^m ∧ ?newlist ! i = t
  by (metis 2 <length treeList = length (treeList [high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n := vebt-delete
(treeList ! high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) (low (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n)])> in-set-conv-nth)
then show invar-vebt t n
  by (metis 0 2 hprolist nnvalid nth-list-update-neq nth-mem)
qed
have newlistlength: length ?newlist = 2^m
  by (simp add: 2)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull ?newnode)
case True
hence ninNullc: minNull ?newnode by simp
let ?sn = vebt-delete summary ?h
let ?newma= (if ?xn = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn in
  (if maxs = None
    then ?xn
    else 2^(deg div 2) * the maxs
      + the (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the maxs)))
  )
  )
else ma)
let ?delsimp = (Node (Some (?xn, ?newma)) deg ?newlist ?sn)
have dsimp: vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = ?delsimp
using del-x-mi-lets-in-minNull[of x mi ma deg ?xn ?h summary treeList ?l ?newnode ?newlist
?sn]
  by (metis 12 9 <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList> <summin * 2 ^ n + lx =
(if x = mi then the (vebt-mint summary) * 2 ^ (deg div 2) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint
summary))) else x)> <x = mi> <x ≠ mi ∨ x ≠ ma> inrg nat-less-le ninNullc)
have newsummval: invar-vebt ?sn m
  by (simp add: 4.IH(2))
have 111: (∀ i < 2^m. (∃ x. both-member-options (?newlist ! i) x) ←→ ( both-member-options
?sn i))
proof
fix i

```

```

show i < 2^m —> (( $\exists$  x. both-member-options (?newlist ! i) x) = ( both-member-options ?sn i))
proof
  assume i < 2^m
  show ( $\exists$  x. both-member-options (?newlist ! i) x) = ( both-member-options ?sn i)
  proof(cases i = ?h)
    case True
    hence 1000:?newlist ! i = ?newnode
    using hprolist by fastforce
    hence 1001: $\nexists$  x. vebt-member (?newlist ! i) x
      by (simp add: min-Null-member ninNullc)
    hence 1002:  $\nexists$  x. both-member-options (?newlist ! i) x
      using 1000 nnvalid valid-member-both-member-options by auto
    have 1003:  $\neg$  both-member-options ?sn i
      using 1 True dele-bmo-cont-corr by auto
    then show ?thesis
      using 1002 by blast
  next
    case False
    hence 1000:?newlist ! i = treeList ! i
    using <i < 2 ^ m> nothprolist by blast
    hence both-member-options (?newlist ! i) y  $\implies$  both-member-options ?sn i for y
    proof-
      assume both-member-options (?newlist ! i) y
      hence both-member-options summary i
        using 1000 4 <i < 2 ^ m> by auto
      thus both-member-options ?sn i
        using 1 False dele-bmo-cont-corr by blast
    qed
    moreover have both-member-options ?sn i  $\implies$   $\exists$  y. both-member-options (?newlist ! i)
  y
  proof-
    assume both-member-options ?sn i
    hence both-member-options summary i
      using 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr by auto
    thus  $\exists$  y. both-member-options (?newlist ! i) y
      using 1000 4 <i < 2 ^ m> by presburger
    qed
    then show ?thesis
      using calculation by blast
  qed
  qed
qed
have 112: (?xn = ?newma  $\longrightarrow$  ( $\forall$  t  $\in$  set ?newlist.  $\nexists$  x. both-member-options t x))
proof
  assume aamp:t:?xn = ?newma
  show ( $\forall$  t  $\in$  set ?newlist.  $\nexists$  y. both-member-options t y)
  proof(cases ?xn = ma)
    case True

```

```

let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
show ?thesis
proof(cases ?maxs = None)
  case True
    hence aa:@ y. vebt-member ?sn y
      using maxt-corr-help-empty newsummvalid set-vebt'-def by auto
    hence @ y. both-member-options ?sn y
      using newsummvalid valid-member-both-member-options by blast
    hence t ∈ set ?newlist ==> @ y. both-member-options t y for t
  proof-
    assume t ∈ set ?newlist
    then obtain i where ?newlist ! i = t ∧ i < 2^m
      by (metis 2 <length treeList = length (treeList [high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) (low (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n)])) in-set-conv-nth)
      thus @ y. both-member-options t y
        using 111 <@ y. both-member-options (vebt-delete summary (high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n)) y by blast
    qed
    then show ?thesis by blast
  next
    case False
    then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs
      by fastforce
    hence both-member-options summary maxs
      by (metis 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo)
    have bb:maxs ≠ ?h ∧ maxs < 2^m
      by (metis 1 <Some maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn> dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo member-bound valid-member-both-member-options)
    hence invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) nusing 0
      by (simp add: 2 allvalidinlist)
    hence ∃ y. both-member-options (?newlist ! maxs) y
      using 4 bb <both-member-options summary maxs> nothprolist by presburger
    then obtain maxi where Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)
      using <invar-vebt (treeList [high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) (low (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n)] ! maxs) n> maxt-corr-help-empty set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options by fastforce
      hence maxs = high ?xn n ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! maxs) (low ?xn n)
        by (smt (z3) 9 False True <Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary ?h)> <invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) n> aampt option.sel high-inv low-inv maxbmo maxt-member member-bound mult.commute)
      hence False
        using bb by blast
      then show ?thesis by simp
    qed
  next
    case False
    hence ?xn ≠ ?newma by simp
    hence False using aampt by simp
    then show ?thesis by blast

```

```

qed
qed
have 114: ?newma < 2^deg ∧ ?xn ≤ ?newma
proof(cases ?xn = ma)
  case True
    hence ?xn = ma by simp
    let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
    show ?thesis
  proof(cases ?maxs = None)
    case True
      then show ?thesis
      using 4.hyps(8) ‹?xn = ma› by force
  next
  case False
  then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs
    by fastforce
  hence both-member-options summary maxs
    by (metis 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo)
  have bb:maxs ≠ ?h ∧ maxs < 2^m
    by (metis 1 ‹Some maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn› dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo member-bound
valid-member-both-member-options)
  hence invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) nusing 0 by (simp add: 2 allvalidinlist)
  hence ∃ y. both-member-options (?newlist ! maxs) y
    using 4 ‹both-member-options summary maxs› bb nothprolist by presburger
  then obtain maxi where Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)
    using ‹invar-vebt (treeList [high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n := vebt-delete (treeList
! high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) (low (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n)] ! maxs) n› empty-Collect-eq
maxt-corr-help-empty not-Some-eq set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options by fastforce
  hence abc:?newma = 2^n * maxs + maxi
    by (smt (z3) 9 True ‹Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high (summin * 2
^ n + lx) n))› option.sel not-None-eq)
  have abd:maxi < 2^n
    by (metis ‹Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)› ‹invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) n›
maxt-member member-bound)
  have high ?xn n ≤ maxs
    using 1 ‹Some summin = vebt-mint summary› ‹both-member-options summary
maxs› ‹vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx› ‹invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n› high-inv member-bound
mint-corr-help valid-member-both-member-options by force
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases high ?xn n = maxs)
    case True
      then show ?thesis
      using bb by fastforce
  next
  case False
  hence high ?xn n < maxs
    by (simp add: ‹high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n ≤ maxs› order.not-eq-order-implies-strict)
  hence ?newma < 2^deg using
    1 10 9 True ‹both-member-options summary maxs› ‹mi ≠ ma ∧ x < 2 ^ deg›

```

```

equals0D  leD maxt-corr-help maxt-corr-help-empty mem-Collect-eq summaxma
set-vb7'-def
  valid-member-both-member-options
  by (metis option.exhaust-sel)
  moreover have high ?xn n < high ?newma n
    by (smt (z3) 9 True ‹Some maxi = vebt-maxt (treeList [high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx)
n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) (low (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n)] ! maxs)›
‹Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n))› ‹high (summin * 2
^ n + lx) n < maxs› abd option.sel high-inv mult.commute option.discI)
    ultimately show ?thesis
    by (metis div-le-mono high-def linear not-less)
qed
qed
next
case False
then show ?thesis
  by (smt (z3) 12 4.hyps(7) 4.hyps(8) 9 both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child
dual-order.trans hbounds one-le-numeral xnin yhelper)
qed
have 115: ?xn ≠ ?newma —→
  (forall i < 2^m.
  (high ?newma n = i —→ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
  (forall y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) —→ ?xn < y ∧
y ≤ ?newma))
proof
  assume assumption0: ?xn ≠ ?newma
  show (forall i < 2^m.
  (high ?newma n = i —→ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
  (forall y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) —→ ?xn < y ∧
y ≤ ?newma))
  proof
    fix i
    show i < 2^m —→
      (high ?newma n = i —→ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
      (forall y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) —→ ?xn < y ∧
y ≤ ?newma)
    proof
      assume assumption:i < 2^m
      show (high ?newma n = i —→ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
        (forall y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) —→ ?xn < y ∧
y ≤ ?newma)
      proof—
        have (high ?newma n = i —→ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n))
        proof
          assume newmaassm: high ?newma n = i
          thus both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)
            proof(cases ?xn = ma )
              case True
              hence bb: ?xn = ma by simp

```

```

let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
show ?thesis
proof(cases ?maxs = None)
  case True
    hence ?newma = ?xn using assumption Let-def bb by simp
    hence False using assumption0 by simp
    then show ?thesis by simp
next
  case False
    then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs
      by fastforce
    hence both-member-options summary maxs
      by (metis 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo)
    have bb:maxs ≠ ?h ∧ maxs < 2^m
      by (metis 1 ‹Some maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn› dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo
member-bound valid-member-both-member-options)
    hence invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) nusing 0 by (simp add: 2 allvalidinlist)
    hence ∃ y. both-member-options (?newlist ! maxs) y
      using 4 ‹both-member-options summary maxs› bb nothprolist by presburger
    then obtain maxi where Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs) using
      ‹invar-vebt (treeList [high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) (low (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n)] ! maxs) n›
        equals0D maxt-corr-help-empty mem-Collect-eq set-vebt'-def
        valid-member-both-member-options
      by (metis option.collapse)
    then show ?thesis using 1 10 9 True ‹Some summin = vebt-mint summary›
      ‹both-member-options summary maxs› ‹vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx› ‹mi
      ≠ ma ∧ x < 2 ^ deg›
      ‹invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n› bb equals0D high-inv maxt-corr-help
      maxt-corr-help-empty
        mem-Collect-eq member-bound mint-corr-help nat-less-le summaxma set-vebt'-def
        valid-member-both-member-options verit-comp-simplify1(3)
      by (metis option.collapse)
qed
next
  case False
    hence ccc: ?newma = ma by simp
    then show ?thesis
  proof(cases ?xn = ma)
    case True
      hence ?xn = ?newma
        using False by blast
      hence False
        using False by auto
      then show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case False
      hence both-member-options (?newlist ! high ma n) (low ma n)

```

```

    by (metis 1 <both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low ma n)>
        <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <vebt-member summary (high ma n)> <invar-vebt (treeList !
        summin) n> bit-split-inv dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv hprolist member-bound nothprolist)
    moreover have high ma n = i ∧ low ma n = low ?newma n using ecc newmaassm
by simp
    ultimately show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed
qed
moreover have (∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n) )
→ ?xn < y ∧ y ≤ ?newma)
proof
fix y
show (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n) ) → ?xn < y ∧
y ≤ ?newma
proof
assume yassm: (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n) )
hence ?xn < y
proof(cases i = ?h)
case True
hence both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n)
using <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n>
dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv hprolist member-bound yassm by auto
then show ?thesis
using True hprolist min-Null-member ninNullc nnvalid valid-member-both-member-options
yassm by fastforce
next
case False
hence i ≤ ?h ==> False
by (metis 1 111 <Some summin = vebt-mint summary> <vebt-member (treeList !
summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> assumption dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv le-antisym
member-bound mint-corr-help valid-member-both-member-options yassm)
hence i > ?h
using leI by blast
then show ?thesis
by (metis div-le-mono high-def not-less yassm)
qed
moreover have y ≤ ?newma
proof(cases ?xn = ma)
case True
hence ?xn= ma by simp
let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
show ?thesis
proof(cases ?maxs = None)
case True
then show ?thesis
using 1 111 assumption dele-bmo-cont-corr nothprolist yassm yhelper by auto
next
case False

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then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs
  by fastforce
hence both-member-options summary maxs
  by (metis 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo)
have bb:maxs ≠ ?h ∧ maxs < 2^m
  by (metis 1 ‹Some maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn› dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo
member-bound valid-member-both-member-options)
hence invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) nusing 0
  by (simp add: 2 allvalidinlist)
hence ∃ y. both-member-options (?newlist ! maxs) y
  using 4 ‹both-member-options summary maxs› bb nothprolist by presburger
then obtain maxi where Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)
  by (metis True ‹vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx› ‹invar-vebt (treeList ! summin)
n› assumption calculation dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv hprolist leD member-bound nth-list-update-neq
yassm yhelper)
hence maxs < 2^m ∧ maxi < 2^n
  by (metis ‹invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) n› bb maxt-member member-bound)
hence ?newma = 2^n * maxs + maxi
  by (smt (z3) 9 False True ‹Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)› ‹Some
maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high ?xn n))› option.sel)
hence low ?newma n = maxi ∧ high ?newma n = maxs
  by (simp add: ‹maxs < 2 ^ m ∧ maxi < 2 ^ n› high-inv low-inv mult.commute)
hence both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)
  by (metis 1 111 assumption dele-bmo-cont-corr nothprolist yassm)
hence hleqdraft:high y n > maxs ==> False
proof-
  assume high y n > maxs
  have both-member-options summary (high y n)
    using 1 111 assumption dele-bmo-cont-corr yassm by blast
  moreover have both-member-options ?sn (high y n)
    using 111 assumption yassm by blast
  ultimately show False
    using True ‹both-member-options (treeList ! high y n) (low y n)› ‹summin *
2 ^ n + lx < y› assumption leD yassm yhelper by blast
  qed
  hence hleqmaxs: high y n ≤ maxs by presburger
  then show ?thesis
  using ‹both-member-options (treeList ! high y n) (low y n)› assumption calculation
dual-order.strict-trans1 yassm yhelper by auto
  qed
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
  by (smt (z3) ‹vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx› ‹invar-vebt (treeList ! summin)
n› assumption dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv hprolist member-bound nothprolist yassm yhelper)
  qed
  ultimately show ?xn < y ∧ y ≤ ?newma by simp
  qed
qed

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ultimately show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed
qed
qed
hence 117: ?newma < 2^deg and 118: ?xn ≤ ?newma using 114 by auto
have 116: invar-vb (Node (Some (?xn, ?newma)) deg ?newlist ?sn) deg
using invar-vb.intros(4)[of ?newlist n ?sn m deg ?xn ?newma]
using 3 allvalidinlist newlistlength newsummvalid 4.hyps(3) 111 112 118 117 115 by
fastforce
show ?thesis
using 116 dsimp by presburger
next
case False
hence notemp: ∃ z. both-member-options ?newnode z
using not-min-Null-member by auto
let ?newma = (if ?xn = ma then
                ?h * 2^(deg div 2) + the( vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h))
                else ma)
let ?delsimp = (Node (Some (?xn, ?newma)) deg ?newlist summary)
have dsimp: vebt-delete (Node (Some (x, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = ?delsimp
using del-x-mi-lets-in-not-minNull[of x mi ma deg ?xn ?h summary treeList ?l ?newnode
?newlist]
12 2 9 False dual-order.eq-iff hlbound inrg order.not-eq-order-implies-strict xmi
by (metis <summin * 2 ^ n + lx = (if x = mi then the (vebt-mint summary) * 2 ^ (deg div
2) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))) else x) <x ≠ mi ∨ x ≠ ma>)
have 111: (∀ i < 2^m. (∃ x. both-member-options (?newlist ! i) x) ↔ ( both-member-options
summary i))
proof
fix i
show i < 2^m → ((∃ x. both-member-options (?newlist ! i) x) = ( both-member-options
summary i))
proof
assume i < 2^m
show (∃ x. both-member-options (?newlist ! i) x) = ( both-member-options summary i)
proof(cases i = ?h)
case True
hence 1000: ?newlist ! i = ?newnode
using hprolist by blast
hence 1001: ∃ x. vebt-member (?newlist ! i) x
using nnvalid notemp valid-member-both-member-options by auto
hence 1002: ∃ x. both-member-options (?newlist ! i) x
using 1000 notemp by presburger
have 1003: both-member-options summary i
using 4 True <exists z. both-member-options (treeList ! summin) z> <vebt-member (treeList
! summin) lx> <summin < 2 ^ m> <invar-vb (treeList ! summin) n> high-inv member-bound by auto
then show ?thesis
using 1002 by blast
next

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case False
hence 1000:?newlist ! i = treeList ! i
    using  $\langle i < 2^{\wedge} m \rangle$  nothprolist by blast
then show ?thesis
    using 4  $\langle i < 2^{\wedge} m \rangle$  by presburger
qed
qed
qed
have 112: ( $?xn = ?newma \longrightarrow (\forall t \in set ?newlist. \nexists x. both\text{-member}\text{-options} t x)$ )
proof
    assume aampt: $?xn = ?newma$ 
    show ( $\forall t \in set ?newlist. \nexists y. both\text{-member}\text{-options} t y$ )
    proof(cases ?xn = ma)
        case True
        obtain maxi where vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h) = Some maxi
            by (metis Collect-empty-eq False hprolist maxt-corr-help-empty nnvalid not-None-eq
not-min-Null-member set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
        hence both-member-options ?newnode maxi
            using hprolist maxbmo by auto
        hence both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) maxi
            using <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx > invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n>
dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv member-bound by force
        hence False
            by (metis 9 <both-member-options (vebt-delete (treeList ! high (summin * 2^{\wedge} n + lx) n)) (low
(summin * 2^{\wedge} n + lx) n)) maxi > <vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h) = Some maxi> <vebt-member (treeList
! summin) lx > invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> aampt add-diff-cancel-left' dele-bmo-cont-corr op-
tion.sel high-inv low-inv member-bound)
        then show ?thesis by blast
    next
        case False
        then show ?thesis
            using  $\langle mi \neq ma \wedge x < 2^{\wedge} deg \rangle$  aampt by presburger
    qed
qed
have 114:  $?newma < 2^{\wedge} deg \wedge ?xn \leq ?newma$ 
proof(cases ?xn = ma)
    case True
    hence ?xn = ma by simp
    obtain maxi where vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h) = Some maxi
        by (metis 111 2 4 Collect-empty-eq True <both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n)
(low ma n) > <high (summin * 2^{\wedge} n + lx) n < length treeList> hprolist maxt-corr-help-empty nnvalid
not-None-eq set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
        hence both-member-options ?newnode maxi
        using hprolist maxbmo by auto
        hence both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) maxi
            using <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx > invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n>
dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv member-bound by force
        hence maxi < 2^{\wedge} n
    using <both-member-options?newnode maxi> member-bound nnvalid valid-member-both-member-options

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by blast
  show ?thesis
  by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) 3 9 div-eq-0-iff True <Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)>
    <both-member-options (treeList ! high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) maxi> <vebt-maxt (?newlist ! high
    (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) = Some maxi> <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList
    ! summin) n> add.right-neutral add-left-mono div-mult2-eq div-mult-self3 option.sel high-inv hbound
    le-0-eq member-bound mint-corr-help power-add power-not-zero rel-simps(28) valid-member-both-member-options)
  next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
      using 10 4.hyps(8) maxt-corr-help valid-member-both-member-options xnin by force

qed
have 115: ?xn ≠ ?newma →
  ( ∀ i < 2^m.
    (high ?newma n = i → both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
    ( ∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) → ?xn < y ∧
    y ≤ ?newma))
proof
  assume xnmassm: ?xn ≠ ?newma
  show ( ∀ i < 2^m.
    (high ?newma n = i → both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
    ( ∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) → ?xn < y ∧
    y ≤ ?newma))
  proof
    fix i
    show i < 2^m →
      (high ?newma n = i → both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
      ( ∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) → ?xn < y ∧
      y ≤ ?newma)
    proof
      assume assumption:i < 2^m
      show (high ?newma n = i → both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
        ( ∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) → ?xn < y ∧
        y ≤ ?newma)
      proof-
        have (high ?newma n = i → both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n))
        proof
          assume newmaassm: high ?newma n = i
          thus both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)
            proof(cases ?xn = ma)
              case True
                obtain maxi where vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h) = Some maxi
                  by (metis Collect-empty-eq both-member-options-equiv-member hprolist
                    maxt-corr-help-empty nnvalid not-Some-eq notemp set-vebt'-def)
                hence both-member-options (?newlist ! ?h) maxi
                  using maxbmo by blast
            then show ?thesis
              by (smt (z3) 2 9 True <Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)> <high (summin

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* 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList > <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> add-left-mono dele-bmo-cont-corr eq-iff high-inv hprolist low-inv member-bound mint-corr-help
valid-member-both-member-options yhelper)
next
  case False
  hence abcd:?newma = ma by simp
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases high ma n = ?h)
    case True
    hence ?newlist ! high ma n = ?newnode
      using hprolist by presburger
    then show ?thesis
      by (smt (z3) False True <both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n)
      (low ma n)> <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> bit-split-inv
      dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv member-bound newmaassm)
  next
    case False
    hence ?newlist ! high ma n = treeList ! high ma n
      using 1 <vebt-member summary (high ma n)> member-bound nothprolist by blast
    moreover hence both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low ma n)
      using <both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low ma n)> by blast
    ultimately show ?thesis using abcd newmaassm by simp
  qed
  qed
  qed
  moreover have (∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n) )
  → ?xn < y ∧ y ≤ ?newma)
  proof
    fix y
    show (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n) ) → ?xn < y ∧
    y ≤ ?newma
  proof
    assume yassm: (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n) )
    hence ?xn < y
    proof(cases i = ?h)
      case True
      hence both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n)
        using <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n>
        dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv hprolist member-bound yassm by force
      moreover have vebt-mint (treeList ! i) = Some (low ?xn n)
        using True <Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)> <vebt-member (treeList !
        summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> high-inv low-inv member-bound by presburger
      moreover hence low y n ≥ low ?xn n
        using True <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin)
        n> calculation(1) high-inv member-bound mint-corr-help valid-member-both-member-options by auto
      moreover have low y n ≠ low ?xn n
        using True <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin)
        n> dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv hprolist member-bound yassm by auto
      ultimately have low y n > low ?xn n by simp
    qed
  qed
  qed

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show ?thesis
by (metis True <low (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n ≤ low y n> <low y n ≠ low (summin
* 2 ^ n + lx) n> bit-concat-def bit-split-inv leD linorder-neqE-nat nat-add-left-cancel-less yassm)
next
case False
have Some (high ?xn n) = vebt-mint summary
using <Some summin = vebt-mint summary> <vebt-member (treeList ! summin)
lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> high-inv member-bound by presburger
moreover hence high y n ≥ high ?xn n
by (metis 1 111 assumption mint-corr-help valid-member-both-member-options
yassm)
ultimately show ?thesis
by (metis False div-le-mono high-def leI le-antisym yassm)
qed
moreover have y ≤ ?newma
by (smt (z3) <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList !
summin) n> assumption calculation dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv hprolist leD member-bound nothprolist
yassm yhelper)
ultimately show ?xn < y ∧ y ≤ ?newma by simp
qed
qed
ultimately show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed
qed
qed
hence 117: ?newma < 2^deg and 118: ?xn ≤ ?newma using 114 by auto
have 116: invar-vebt (Node (Some (?xn, ?newma)) deg ?newlist summary) deg
using invar-vebt.intros(4)[of ?newlist n summary m deg ?xn ?newma] allvalidinlist
1 newlistlength 8 3 111 112 117 118 115 by fastforce
hence invar-vebt (?delsimp) deg by simp
moreover obtain delsimp where 118:delsimp = ?delsimp by simp
ultimately have 119:invar-vebt delsimp deg by simp
have vebt-delete (Node (Some (x, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = delsimp using dsimp 118
by simp
hence delsimp = vebt-delete (Node (Some (x, ma)) deg treeList summary) x by simp
then show ?thesis using 119
using xmi by auto
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
next
case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
hence 0: ( ∀ t ∈ set treeList. invar-vebt t n) and 1: invar-vebt summary m and 2:length treeList
= 2^m and 3: deg = n+m and
4: ( ∀ i < 2^m. ( ∃ y. both-member-options (treeList ! i) y) ←→ ( both-member-options summary
i)) and
5: (mi = ma → ( ∀ t ∈ set treeList. ∉ y. both-member-options t y)) and 6:mi ≤ ma ∧ ma <

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2^{deg} **and**
 7: ($mi \neq ma \rightarrow (\forall i < 2^{\text{deg}}. (\text{high } ma n = i \rightarrow \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{low } ma n))$)
 \wedge
 $(\forall y. (\text{high } y n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{low } y n)) \rightarrow mi < y \wedge y \leq ma))$
and 8: $Suc n = m$ **and** 9: $\text{deg } div 2 = n$ **using** 5 *add-self-div-2* **by** auto
hence 10: *invar-vebt* ($\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}$) deg
using *invar-vebt.intros(5)[of treeList n summary m deg mi ma]* **by** blast
hence 11: $n \geq 1$ **and** 12: $\text{deg} \geq 2$
by (metis 0 2 9 *One-nat-def* *deg-not-0* *div-greater-zero-iff* *le-0-eq* *numeral-2-eq-2* *set-n-deg-not-0*) +
then show ?case
proof(cases $(x < mi \vee x > ma)$)
case True
hence *vebt-delete* ($\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}$) $x = (\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary})$
using *delt-out-of-range[of x mi ma deg treeList summary]*
using 12 **by** fastforce
then show ?thesis
by (simp add: 10)
next
case False
hence *inrg*: $mi \leq x \wedge x \leq ma$ **by** simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases $x = mi \wedge x = ma$)
case True
hence $(\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \nexists y. \text{both-member-options } t y)$
using 5 **by** blast
moreover have *vebt-delete* ($\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}$) $x = (\text{Node}(\text{None}) \text{ deg treeList summary})$
using *del-single-cont[of x mi ma deg treeList summary]* 1 8 9 *True* *deg-not-0* *div-greater-zero-iff*
12 **by** fastforce
moreover have $(\nexists i. \text{both-member-options } \text{summary } i)$
using 10 *True mi-eq-ma-no-ch* **by** blast
ultimately show ?thesis
using 0 1 2 3 8 *invar-vebt.intros(3)* **by** force
next
case False
hence $x \neq mi \vee x \neq ma$ **by** simp
hence $mi \neq ma \wedge x < 2^{\text{deg}}$
by (metis 6 *inrg le-antisym le-less-trans*)
hence 7b: $(\forall i < 2^{\text{deg}}. (\text{high } ma n = i \rightarrow \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{low } ma n)) \wedge$
 $(\forall y. (\text{high } y n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{low } y n)) \rightarrow mi < y \wedge y \leq ma))$
using 7 **by** fastforce
hence *both-member-options* ($\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } ma n)$) ($\text{low } ma n$)
by (metis 1 12 3 6 9 *deg-not-0* *div-greater-zero-iff* *exp-split-high-low(1)* *zero-less-numeral*)
hence *yhelper:both-member-options* ($\text{treeList} ! (\text{high } y n)$) ($\text{low } y n$)
 $\Rightarrow \text{high } y n < 2^{\text{deg}} \Rightarrow mi < y \wedge y \leq ma \wedge \text{low } y n < 2^{\text{deg}}$ **for** y
by (simp add: 7b *low-def*)

```

then show ?thesis
proof(cases x ≠ mi)
  case True
  hence xnotmi: x ≠ mi by simp
  let ?h = high x n
  let ?l = low x n
  have hbound: ?h < 2^m ∧ ?l < 2^n
    by (metis 1 11 3 One-nat-def ⟨mi ≠ ma ∧ x < 2 ^ deg⟩ deg-not-0 dual-order.strict-trans1
exp-split-high-low(1) exp-split-high-low(2) zero-less-Suc)
  let ?newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l
  have treeList ! ?h ∈ set treeList
    by (metis 2 hbound in-set-member inthall)
  hence nnvalid: invar-vebt ?newnode n
    by (simp add: 5.IH(1))
  let ?newlist = treeList[?h:= ?newnode]
  have hlist: ?newlist ! ?h = ?newnode
    by (simp add: 2 hbound)
  have nothlist: i ≠ ?h ⇒ i < 2^m ⇒ ?newlist ! i = treeList ! i for i by simp
  have allvalidinlist: ∀ t ∈ set ?newlist. invar-vebt t n
  proof
    fix t
    assume t ∈ set ?newlist
    then obtain i where i < 2^m ∧ ?newlist ! i = t
      by (metis 2 in-set-conv-nth length-list-update)
    then show invar-vebt t n
      by (metis 0 2 hlist nnvalid nth-list-update-neq nth-mem)
  qed
  have newlistlength: length ?newlist = 2^m
    by (simp add: 2)
  then show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull ?newnode)
  case True
  hence ninNullc: minNull ?newnode by simp
  let ?sn = vebt-delete summary ?h
  let ?newma = (if x = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn in
    (if maxs = None
      then mi
      else 2^(deg div 2) * the maxs
        + the (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the maxs)))
    )
    )
  else ma)
  let ?delsimp = (Node (Some (mi, ?newma)) deg ?newlist ?sn)
  have dsimp: vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = ?delsimp
    using del-x-not-mi-new-node-nil[of mi x ma deg ?h ?l ?newnode treeList ?sn summary
?newlist]
    hbound 9 11 12 True 2 inrg xnotmi by simp
  have newsummvalid: invar-vebt ?sn m
    by (simp add: 5.IH(2))

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have 111: ( $\forall i < 2^m. (\exists x. \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) x) \longleftrightarrow (\text{both-member-options} ?sn i))$ )
  proof
    fix i
    show  $i < 2^m \longrightarrow ((\exists x. \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) x) = (\text{both-member-options} ?sn i))$ 
      proof
        assume  $i < 2^m$ 
        show  $(\exists x. \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) x) = (\text{both-member-options} ?sn i)$ 
          proof(cases i = ?h)
            case True
            hence 1000: ?newlist ! i = ?newnode
              using hlist by blast
            hence 1001:  $\nexists x. \text{vebt-member} (?newlist ! i) x$ 
              by (simp add: min-Null-member ninNullc)
            hence 1002:  $\nexists x. \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) x$ 
              using 1000 nnvalid valid-member-both-member-options by auto
            have 1003:  $\neg \text{both-member-options} ?sn i$ 
              using 1 True dele-bmo-cont-corr by auto
            then show ?thesis
              using 1002 by blast
          next
            case False
            hence 1000: ?newlist ! i = treeList ! i
              using < $i < 2^m$ > nothlist by blast
            hence both-member-options (?newlist ! i) y  $\implies \text{both-member-options} ?sn i$  for y
              by (metis 1 4 False < $i < 2^m$ > dele-bmo-cont-corr)
            moreover have both-member-options ?sn i  $\implies \exists y. \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i)$ 
              y
              using 1 4 < $i < 2^m$ > dele-bmo-cont-corr by force
            then show ?thesis
              using calculation by blast
          qed
        qed
      qed
    have 112: ( $mi = ?newma \longrightarrow (\forall t \in \text{set} ?newlist. \nexists x. \text{both-member-options} t x)$ )
      proof
        assume aampt:  $mi = ?newma$ 
        show  $(\forall t \in \text{set} ?newlist. \nexists y. \text{both-member-options} t y)$ 
          proof(cases x = ma)
            case True
            let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
            show ?thesis
            proof(cases ?maxs = None)
              case True
              hence aa:  $\nexists y. \text{vebt-member} ?sn y$ 
                using maxt-corr-help-empty newsummvald set-vebt'-def by auto
              hence  $\nexists y. \text{both-member-options} ?sn y$ 
                using newsummvald valid-member-both-member-options by blast
            qed
          qed
        qed
      qed
    
```

```

hence  $t \in \text{set } ?\text{newlist} \implies \nexists y. \text{both-member-options } t y$  for  $t$ 
proof-
  assume  $t \in \text{set } ?\text{newlist}$ 
  then obtain  $i$  where  $??\text{newlist} ! i = t \wedge i < 2^m$ 
    by (metis in-set-conv-nth newlistlength)
  thus  $\nexists y. \text{both-member-options } t y$ 
    using 111  $\langle \nexists y. \text{both-member-options } (\text{vebt-delete summary } (\text{high } x n)) y \rangle$  by blast
  qed
  then show ?thesis by blast
next
  case False
  then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs
    by fastforce
  hence both-member-options summary maxs
    by (metis 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo)
  have bb:maxs ≠ ?h  $\wedge$  maxs < 2 $^m$ 
    by (metis 1 ⟨Some maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn⟩ dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo member-bound
valid-member-both-member-options)
  hence invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) nusing 0
    by (metis allvalidinlist newlistlength nth-mem)
  hence  $\exists y. \text{both-member-options } (?\text{newlist} ! \text{maxs}) y$ 
    using 4 bb ⟨both-member-options summary maxs⟩ nothlist by presburger
  then obtain maxi where Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)
    by (metis Collect-empty-eq-bot ⟨invar-vebt (treeList[high x n := vebt-delete (treeList
! high x n) (low x n)] ! maxs) n⟩ bb bot-empty-eq equalsOD maxt-corr-help-empty nth-list-update-neq
option-shift.elims set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
  hence maxs = high mi n  $\wedge$  both-member-options (?newlist ! maxs) (low mi n)
    by (smt (z3) 9 False True ⟨Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x n))⟩ ⟨in-
var-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) n⟩ aampt option.sel high-inv low-inv maxbmo maxt-member member-bound
mult.commute)
  hence False
    by (metis bb nat-less-le nothlist yhelper)
  then show ?thesis by simp
  qed
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
    using ⟨mi ≠ ma  $\wedge$  x < 2 $^{\wedge} \text{deg}$ ⟩ aampt by presburger
  qed
qed
have 114: ?newma < 2 $^{\wedge} \text{deg}$   $\wedge$  mi ≤ ?newma
proof(cases x = ma)
  case True
  hence x = ma by simp
  let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
  show ?thesis
proof(cases ?maxs = None)
  case True
  then show ?thesis

```

```

using 6 by fastforce
next
  case False
  then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs
    by fastforce
  hence both-member-options summary maxs
    by (metis 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo)
  have bb:maxs ≠ ?h ∧ maxs < 2^m
    by (metis 1 ⟨Some maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn⟩ dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo member-bound
valid-member-both-member-options)
  hence invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) nusing 0
    by (metis allvalidinlist newlistlength nth-mem)
  hence ∃ y. both-member-options (?newlist ! maxs) y
    using 4 bb ⟨both-member-options summary maxs⟩ nothlist by presburger
  then obtain maxi where Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)
    by (smt (z3) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(2) ⟨invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) n⟩
vebt-maxt.elims minNull.simps(1) min-Null-member valid-member-both-member-options)
  then show ?thesis
    by (smt (verit, best) 6 9 ⟨Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x
n))⟩ ⟨invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) n⟩ bb option.sel high-inv less-le-trans low-inv maxbmo maxt-member
member-bound mult.commute not-less-iff-gr-or-eq nothlist verit-comp-simplify1(3) yhelper)
qed
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
    using 6 by auto
qed
have 115: mi ≠ ?newma →
  (∀ i < 2^m.
   (high ?newma n = i → both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
   (∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) → mi < y ∧ y
≤ ?newma))
proof
  assume mi ≠ ?newma
  show (∀ i < 2^m.
    (high ?newma n = i → both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
    (∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) → mi < y ∧ y
≤ ?newma))
proof
  fix i
  show i < 2^m →
    (high ?newma n = i → both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
    (∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) → mi < y ∧ y
≤ ?newma)
  proof
    assume assumption:i < 2^m
    show (high ?newma n = i → both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
      (∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) → mi < y ∧ y
≤ ?newma)

```

```

proof-
  have (high ?newma n = i —> both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n))
proof
  assume newmaassm: high ?newma n = i
  thus both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)
proof(cases x = ma )
  case True
  let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
  show ?thesis
  proof(cases ?maxs = None)
    case True
    then show ?thesis
      by (smt (z3) 0 <both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low ma n)> <mi ≠
        (if x = ma then let maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x n)) in if maxs = None then mi
        else 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the maxs + the (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the maxs)) else ma)> <treeList ! high x n
        ∈ set treeList> assumption bit-split-inv dele-bmo-cont-corr hlist newmaassm nothlist)
  next
  case False
  then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs
    by fastforce
  hence both-member-options summary maxs
    by (metis 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo)
  have bb:maxs ≠ ?h ∧ maxs < 2^m
    by (metis 1 <Some maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn> dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo
member-bound valid-member-both-member-options)
  hence invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) nusing 0 2 by auto
  hence ∃ y. both-member-options (?newlist ! maxs) y
    using 4 bb <both-member-options summary maxs> nothlist by presburger
  then obtain maxi where Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)
    by (smt (z3) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(2) <invar-vebt (treeList[high
      x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! maxs) n> vebt-maxt.elims minNull.simps(1)
      min-Null-member valid-member-both-member-options)
  then show ?thesis
    by (smt (z3) 9 True <Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x
      n))> <invar-vebt (treeList[high x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! maxs) n> option.sel
      high-inv low-inv maxbmo maxt-member member-bound mult.commute newmaassm option.distinct(1))
  qed
  next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
    by (smt (z3) 0 <both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low ma n)> <treeList
      ! high x n ∈ set treeList> assumption bit-split-inv dele-bmo-cont-corr hlist newmaassm nothlist)
  qed
  qed
  moreover have (∀ y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n) ) →
  mi < y ∧ y ≤ ?newma)
proof
  fix y
  show (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n) ) → mi < y ∧

```

```

 $y \leq ?newma$ 
proof
  assume yassm: (high  $y$   $n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) (\text{low } y n)$ )
  hence  $mi < y$ 
  proof(cases  $i = ?h$ )
    case True
    hence both-member-options (treeList !  $i$ ) (low  $y n$ )
    using 0 ⟨treeList ! high  $x n \in \text{set treeList}$ ⟩ dele-bmo-cont-corr hlist yassm by auto
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: assumption yassm yhelper)
  next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
      using assumption nothlist yassm yhelper by presburger
  qed
  moreover have  $y \leq ?newma$ 
  proof(cases  $x = ma$ )
    case True
    hence  $x = ma$  by simp
    let  $?maxs = \text{vebt-maxt } ?sn$ 
    show ?thesis
    proof(cases  $?maxs = \text{None}$ )
      case True
      then show ?thesis
        using ⟨ $mi \neq ?newma$ ⟩ ⟨ $x = ma$ ⟩ by presburger
    next
      case False
      then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs
        by fastforce
      hence both-member-options summary maxs
        by (metis 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo)
      have  $bb:\maxs \neq ?h \wedge \maxs < 2^m$ 
        by (metis 1 ⟨Some maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn⟩ dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo
          member-bound valid-member-both-member-options)
      hence invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) using 0 2 by fastforce
      hence  $\exists y. \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! maxs) y$ 
        using 4  $bb \langle \text{both-member-options summary maxs} \rangle \text{nothlist}$  by presburger
      then obtain maxi where Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)
        by (metis ⟨invar-vebt (treeList[high x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n)] ! maxs) n⟩ equalsOD maxt-corr-help-empty mem-Collect-eq option-shift.elims set-vebt'-def
          valid-member-both-member-options)
        hence  $\maxs < 2^m \wedge \maxi < 2^n$ 
        by (metis ⟨invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) n⟩ bb maxt-member member-bound)
        hence  $?newma = 2^{n*} \maxs + \maxi$ 
        by (smt (z3) 9 False True ⟨Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)⟩ ⟨Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x n)) option.sel⟩
          hence  $low ?newma n = \maxi \wedge high ?newma n = \maxs$ 
          by (simp add: ⟨maxs < 2^m \wedge maxi < 2^n⟩ high-inv low-inv mult.commute)
          hence both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)

```

```

by (metis 0 <treeList ! high x n ∈ set treeList> assumption dele-bmo-cont-corr
hlist nothlist yassm)
  hence hleqdraft:high y n > maxs ==> False
  proof-
    assume high y n > maxs
    have both-member-options summary (high y n)
      using 1 111 assumption dele-bmo-cont-corr yassm by blast
    moreover have both-member-options ?sn (high y n)
      using 111 assumption yassm by blast
    ultimately show False
    by (metis <Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x n))> <maxs
< high y n> leD maxt-corr-help newsummval valid-member-both-member-options)
    qed
    hence hleqmaxs: high y n ≤ maxs by presburger
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases high y n = maxs)
      case True
      hence low y n ≤ maxi
      by (metis <Some maxi = vebt-maxt (treeList[high x n := vebt-delete (treeList
! high x n) (low x n)] ! maxs)> <invar-vebt (treeList[high x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x
n)] ! maxs) n> maxt-corr-help valid-member-both-member-options yassm)
      then show ?thesis
      by (smt (z3) True <(if x = ma then let maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete
summary (high x n)) in if maxs = None then mi else 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the maxs + the (vebt-maxt
(treeList [high x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! the maxs)) else ma) = 2 ^ n * maxs
+ maxi> add-le-cancel-left bit-concat-def bit-split-inv mult.commute)
      next
      case False
      then show ?thesis
      by (smt (z3) <low (if x = ma then let maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary
(high x n)) in if maxs = None then mi else 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the maxs + the (vebt-maxt (treeList [high
x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] ! the maxs)) else ma) n = maxi ∧ high (if x = ma
then let maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high x n)) in if maxs = None then mi else 2 ^ (deg
div 2) * the maxs + the (vebt-maxt (treeList [high x n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x n) (low x n)] !
the maxs)) else ma) n = maxs> div-le-mono high-def hleqmaxs le-antisym nat-le-linear)
      qed
      qed
    next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
    by (smt (z3) 0 <treeList ! high x n ∈ set treeList> assumption dele-bmo-cont-corr
hlist nothlist yassm yhelper)
    qed
    ultimately show mi < y ∧ y ≤ ?newma by simp
    qed
    qed
    ultimately show ?thesis by simp
    qed
    qed

```

```

qed
qed
hence 117: ?newma < 2^deg and 118: mi ≤ ?newma using 114 by auto
have 116: invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ?newma)) deg ?newlist ?sn) deg
  using invar-vebt.intros(5)[of ?newlist n ?sn m deg mi ?newma]
  using 3 allvalidinlist newlistlength newsummvalid 5.hyps(3) 111 112 118 117 115 by
fastforce
show ?thesis
  using 116 dsimp by presburger
next
case False
hence notemp:∃ z. both-member-options ?newnode z
  using not-min-Null-member by auto
let ?newma = (if x = ma then
  ?h * 2^(deg div 2) + the( vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h))
  else ma)
let ?delsimp = (Node (Some (mi, ?newma)) deg ?newlist summary)
have dsimp:vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = ?delsimp
  using del-x-not-mi-newnode-not-nil[of mi x ma deg ?h ?l ?newnode treeList ?newlist summary]
  by (metis 12 2 9 False dual-order.eq-iff hbound inrg order.not-eq-order-implies-strict xnotmi)
have 111: (∀ i < 2^m. (∃ x. both-member-options (?newlist ! i) x) ↔ ( both-member-options
summary i))
proof
fix i
show i < 2^m → ((∃ x. both-member-options (?newlist ! i) x) = ( both-member-options
summary i))
proof
assume i < 2^m
show (∃ x. both-member-options (?newlist ! i) x) = ( both-member-options summary i)
proof(cases i = ?h)
case True
hence 1000: ?newlist ! i = ?newnode
  using hlist by blast
hence 1001: ∃ x. vebt-member (?newlist ! i) x
  using nnvalid notemp valid-member-both-member-options by auto
hence 1002: ∃ x. both-member-options (?newlist ! i) x
  using 1000 notemp by presburger
have 1003: both-member-options summary i
using 0 1000 1002 4 True ⟨i < 2^m⟩ ⟨treeList ! high x n ∈ set treeList⟩ dele-bmo-cont-corr
by fastforce
then show ?thesis
  using 1002 by blast
next
case False
hence 1000: ?newlist ! i = treeList ! i
  using ⟨i < 2^m⟩ nothlist by blast
then show ?thesis
  using 4 ⟨i < 2^m⟩ by presburger
qed

```

```

qed
qed
have 112: ( $mi = ?newma \rightarrow (\forall t \in set ?newlist. \nexists x. both\text{-member}\text{-options} t x))$ )
proof
  assume aampt:  $mi = ?newma$ 
  show ( $\forall t \in set ?newlist. \nexists y. both\text{-member}\text{-options} t y)$ )
  proof(cases  $x = ma$ )
    case True
    obtain maxi where vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h) = Some maxi
      by (metis False VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(2) hlist vebt-maxt.elims min-
Null.simps(1) nnvalid notemp valid-member-both-member-options)
    hence both-member-options ?newnode maxi
      using hlist maxbmo by auto
    hence both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) maxi
      using 0 < treeList ! high x n ∈ set treeList > dele-bmo-cont-corr by blast
    hence False
      by (metis 9 True <both-member-options ?newnode maxi> <vebt-maxt ( ?newlist ! high x n ) =
= Some maxi> aampt option.sel high-inv hlbound low-inv member-bound nnvalid not-less-iff-gr-or-eq
valid-member-both-member-options yhelper)
    then show ?thesis by blast
  next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
      using < $mi \neq ma \wedge x < 2^{\wedge} deg$ > aampt by presburger
  qed
  qed
have 114:  $?newma < 2^{\wedge} deg \wedge mi \leq ?newma$ 
proof(cases  $x = ma$ )
  case True
  hence  $x = ma$  by simp
  obtain maxi where vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h) = Some maxi
    by (metis False VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(2) hlist vebt-maxt.elims minNull.simps(1)
nnvalid notemp valid-member-both-member-options)
  hence both-member-options ?newnode maxi
    using hlist maxbmo by auto
  hence both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) maxi
    using 0 < treeList ! high x n ∈ set treeList > dele-bmo-cont-corr by blast
  hence  $maxi < 2^{\wedge} n$ 
    using <both-member-options ?newnode maxi> member-bound nnvalid valid-member-both-member-options
by blast
  show ?thesis
    by (smt (z3) 3 9 div-eq-0-iff True <both-member-options (treeList ! high x n) maxi> <maxi
<math>< 2^{\wedge} n> <vebt-maxt ( ?newlist ! high x n ) = Some maxi> add.right-neutral div-exp-eq div-mult-self3
option.sel high-inv hlbound le-0-eq less-imp-le-nat low-inv power-not-zero rel-simps(28) yhelper)
  next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
      using 6 by auto
  qed

```

```

have 115:  $mi \neq ?newma \rightarrow$ 
   $(\forall i < 2^m.$ 
     $(high ?newma n = i \rightarrow both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) \wedge$ 
     $(\forall y. (high y n = i \wedge both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) \rightarrow mi < y \wedge y$ 
 $\leq ?newma))$ 
  proof
    assume  $mi \neq ?newma$ 
    show  $(\forall i < 2^m.$ 
       $(high ?newma n = i \rightarrow both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) \wedge$ 
       $(\forall y. (high y n = i \wedge both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) \rightarrow mi < y \wedge y$ 
 $\leq ?newma))$ 
    proof
      fix  $i$ 
      show  $i < 2^m \rightarrow$ 
         $(high ?newma n = i \rightarrow both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) \wedge$ 
         $(\forall y. (high y n = i \wedge both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) \rightarrow mi < y \wedge y$ 
 $\leq ?newma)$ 
      proof
        assume assumption: $i < 2^m$ 
        show  $(high ?newma n = i \rightarrow both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) \wedge$ 
           $(\forall y. (high y n = i \wedge both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) \rightarrow mi < y \wedge y$ 
 $\leq ?newma)$ 
      proof-
        have  $(high ?newma n = i \rightarrow both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n))$ 
        proof
          assume newmaassm:  $high ?newma n = i$ 
          thus  $both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)$ 
          proof(cases  $x = ma$ )
            case True
            obtain maxi where vebt-maxt ( $?newlist ! ?h$ ) = Some maxi
            by (metis Collect-empty-eq both-member-options-equiv-member hlist maxt-corr-help-empty
            nnvalid not-Some-eq notemp set-vebt'-def)
            hence  $both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?newlist ! ?h) maxi$ 
            using maxbmo by blast
            then show ?thesis
            by (smt (z3) 9 True <vebt-maxt ( $?newlist ! high x n$ ) = Some maxi> option.sel
            high-inv hlist low-inv maxt-member member-bound newmaassm nnvalid)
          next
          case False
          then show ?thesis
          by (smt (z3) 0 <both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low ma n)> <treeList
          ! high x n ∈ set treeList> assumption bit-split-inv dele-bmo-cont-corr hlist newmaassm nothlist)
          qed
          qed
          moreover have  $(\forall y. (high y n = i \wedge both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) \rightarrow mi < y \wedge y \leq ?newma)$ 
          proof
            fix  $y$ 
            show  $(high y n = i \wedge both\text{-member}\text{-options} (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) \rightarrow mi < y \wedge$ 

```

```

 $y \leq ?newma$ 
proof
  assume yassm: (high  $y$   $n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) (\text{low } y n)$ )
  hence  $mi < y$ 
  proof(cases  $i = ?h$ )
    case True
    hence both-member-options (treeList !  $i$ ) (low  $y n$ )
    using 0 <treeList ! high  $x n \in \text{set treeList} dele-bmo-cont-corr hlist yassm by auto
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: assumption yassm yhelper)
  next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
      using assumption nothlist yassm yhelper by presburger
  qed
  moreover have  $y \leq ?newma$ 
  proof(cases  $x = ma$ )
    case True
    hence  $x = ma$  by simp
    obtain maxi where vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h) = Some maxi
      by (metis Collect-empty-eq both-member-options-equiv-member hlist maxt-corr-help-empty nnvalid not-Some-eq notemp set-vebt'-def)
    hence both-member-options (?newlist ! ?h) maxi
      using maxbmo by blast
    have high y n  $\leq ?h$ 
      by (metis ?b True assumption div-le-mono high-def nothlist yassm)
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases high y n = ?h)
      case True
      have low y n > maxi  $\implies False$ 
      by (metis True <vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h) = Some maxi> hlist leD maxt-corr-help nnvalid valid-member-both-member-options yassm)
      then show ?thesis
        by (smt (z3) 9 True <vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h) = Some maxi> <x = ma> add-le-cancel-left div-mult-mod-eq option.sel high-def low-def nat-le-linear nat-less-le)
    next
      case False
      then show ?thesis
        by (smt (z3) 9 True <both-member-options (?newlist ! high x n) maxi> <high y n \leq high x n> <vebt-maxt (?newlist ! high x n) = Some maxi> div-le-mono option.sel high-def high-inv hlist le-antisym member-bound nat-le-linear nnvalid valid-member-both-member-options)
    qed
  next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
      by (smt (z3) 0 <treeList ! high x n \in set treeList> assumption dele-bmo-cont-corr hlist nothlist yassm yhelper)
    qed
    ultimately show  $mi < y \wedge y \leq ?newma$  by simp$ 
```

```

qed
qed
ultimately show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed
qed
qed
hence 117: ?newma < 2^deg and 118: mi ≤ ?newma using 114 by auto
have 116: invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ?newma)) deg ?newlist summary) deg
using invar-vebt.intros(5)[of ?newlist n summary m deg mi ?newma] allvalidinlist
1 newlistlength 8 3 111 112 117 118 115 by fastforce
then show ?thesis
using dsimp by presburger
qed
next
case False
hence xmi:x = mi by simp
have both-member-options summary (high ma n)
by (metis 1 11 3 4 6 One-nat-def Suc-le-eq ‹both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low
ma n)› deg-not-0 exp-split-high-low(1))
hence vebt-member summary (high ma n)
using 5.hyps(1) valid-member-both-member-options by blast
obtain summin where Some summin = vebt-mint summary
by (metis 5.hyps(1) ‹vebt-member summary (high ma n)› empty-Collect-eq mint-corr-help-empty
not-None-eq set-vebt'-def)
hence ∃ z . both-member-options (treeList ! summin) z
by (metis 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(5) both-member-options-equiv-member member-bound mint-member)
moreover have invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n
by (metis 0 1 2 ‹Some summin = vebt-mint summary› member-bound mint-member nth-mem)
ultimately obtain lx where Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)
by (metis empty-Collect-eq mint-corr-help-empty not-None-eq set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
let ?xn = summin*2^n + lx
have ?xn = (if x = mi
then the (vebt-mint summary) * 2^(deg div 2)
+ the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))))
else x)
by (metis False ‹Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)› ‹Some summin = vebt-mint
summary› ‹deg div 2 = n› option.sel)
have vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx
using ‹Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)› ‹invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n›
mint-member by auto
moreover have summin < 2^m
by (metis 5.hyps(1) ‹Some summin = vebt-mint summary› member-bound mint-member)
ultimately have xnin: both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
?xn
by (metis 12 2 9 ‹invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n› add-leD1 both-member-options-equiv-member
both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree high-inv low-inv member-bound numeral-2-eq-2 plus-1-eq-Suc)
let ?h =high ?xn n
let ?l = low ?xn n

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```

have ?xn < 2^deg
  by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(4) div-eq-0-iff <Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList !
summin)> <Some summin = vebt-mint summary> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> div-exp-eq high-def
high-inv le-0-eq member-bound mint-member not-numeral-le-zero power-not-zero)
hence ?h < length treeList
  using 2 <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <summin < 2 ^ m> <invar-vebt (treeList !
summin) n> high-inv member-bound by presburger
let ?newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l
let ?newlist = treeList[?h:= ?newnode]
have length treeList = length ?newlist by auto
hence hprolist: ?newlist ! ?h = ?newnode
  by (meson <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList> nth-list-update-eq)
have nothprolist: i ≠ ?h ∧ i < 2^m ⇒ ?newlist ! i = treeList ! i for i by auto
have hlbound: ?h < 2^m ∧ ?l < 2^n
  using 2 <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList> <vebt-member (treeList ! summin)
lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> low-inv member-bound by presburger
hence nnvalid: invar-vebt ?newnode n
  by (metis 5.IH(1) <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList> inthall member-def)
have allvalidinlist: ∀ t ∈ set ?newlist. invar-vebt t n
proof
fix t
assume t ∈ set ?newlist
then obtain i where i < 2^m ∧ ?newlist ! i = t
  by (metis 2 in-set-conv-nth length-list-update)
then show invar-vebt t n
  by (metis 0 2 hprolist nnvalid nth-list-update-neq nth-mem)
qed
have newlistlength: length ?newlist = 2^m
  by (simp add: 2)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull ?newnode)
case True
hence ninNulc: minNull ?newnode by simp
let ?sn = vebt-delete summary ?h
let ?newma = (if ?xn = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn in
  (if maxs = None
    then ?xn
    else 2^(deg div 2) * the maxs
      + the (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the maxs)))
  )
  )
else ma)
let ?delsimp = (Node (Some (?xn, ?newma)) deg ?newlist ?sn)
have dsimp: vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = ?delsimp
using del-x-mi-lets-in-minNull[of x mi ma deg ?xn ?h summary treeList ?l ?newnode ?newlist
?sn]
  by (metis 12 9 <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList> <summin * 2 ^ n + lx =
(if x = mi then the (vebt-mint summary) * 2 ^ (deg div 2) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint
summary))) else x)> <x = mi> <x ≠ mi ∨ x ≠ ma> inrg nat-less-le ninNulc)

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have newsummval: invar-vebt ?sn m
  by (simp add: 5.IH(2))
have 111: ( $\forall i < 2^m. (\exists x. \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) x) \longleftrightarrow (\text{both-member-options} ?sn i)$ )
proof
  fix i
  show  $i < 2^m \longrightarrow ((\exists x. \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) x) = (\text{both-member-options} ?sn i))$ 
proof
  assume  $i < 2^m$ 
  show  $(\exists x. \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) x) = (\text{both-member-options} ?sn i)$ 
  proof(cases i = ?h)
    case True
    hence 1000: ?newlist ! i = ?newnode
      using hprolist by fastforce
    hence 1001:  $\nexists x. \text{vebt-member} (?newlist ! i) x$ 
      by (simp add: min-Null-member ninNullc)
    hence 1002:  $\nexists x. \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) x$ 
      using 1000 nnvalid valid-member-both-member-options by auto
    have 1003:  $\neg \text{both-member-options} ?sn i$ 
      using 1 True dele-bmo-cont-corr by auto
    then show ?thesis
      using 1002 by blast
  next
  case False
  hence 1000: ?newlist ! i = treeList ! i
    using < $i < 2^m$ > nothprolist by blast
  hence both-member-options (?newlist ! i) y  $\implies \text{both-member-options} ?sn i \text{ for } y$ 
    using 1 4 False < $i < 2^m$ > dele-bmo-cont-corr by auto
  moreover have both-member-options ?sn i  $\implies \exists y. \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i)$ 
y
  proof-
    assume both-member-options ?sn i
    hence both-member-options summary i
      using 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr by auto
    thus  $\exists y. \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) y$ 
      using 1000 4 < $i < 2^m$ > by presburger
  qed
  then show ?thesis
    using calculation by blast
  qed
qed
have 112: (?xn = ?newma  $\longrightarrow (\forall t \in \text{set} ?newlist. \nexists x. \text{both-member-options} t x))$ )
proof
  assume aamp: ?xn = ?newma
  show ( $\forall t \in \text{set} ?newlist. \nexists y. \text{both-member-options} t y$ )
  proof(cases ?xn = ma)
    case True

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let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
show ?thesis
proof(cases ?maxs = None)
  case True
    hence aa:@ y. vebt-member ?sn y
      using maxt-corr-help-empty newsummvalid set-vebt'-def by auto
    hence @ y. both-member-options ?sn y
      using newsummvalid valid-member-both-member-options by blast
    hence t ∈ set ?newlist ==> @ y. both-member-options t y for t
  proof-
    assume t ∈ set ?newlist
    then obtain i where ?newlist ! i = t ∧ i < 2^m
      by (metis 2 <length treeList = length (treeList [high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n := vebt-delete (treeList ! high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) (low (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n)])) in-set-conv-nth)
      thus @ y. both-member-options t y
        using 111 <@ y. both-member-options (vebt-delete summary (high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n)) y by blast
    qed
    then show ?thesis by blast
  next
    case False
    then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs
      by fastforce
    hence both-member-options summary maxs
      by (metis 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo)
    have bb:maxs ≠ ?h ∧ maxs < 2^m
      by (metis 1 <(Some maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn) dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo member-bound valid-member-both-member-options)
    hence invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) nusing 0
      by (simp add: 2 allvalidinlist)
    hence ∃ y. both-member-options (?newlist ! maxs) y
      using 4 bb <both-member-options summary maxs> nothprolist by presburger
    then obtain maxi where Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)
      by (smt (z3) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(2) <invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) n> vebt-maxt.elims minNull.simps(1) min-Null-member valid-member-both-member-options)
      hence maxs = high ?xn n ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! maxs) (low ?xn n)
        by (smt (z3) 9 False True <Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary ?h)> <invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) n> aampt option.sel high-inv low-inv maxbmo maxt-member member-bound mult.commute)
      hence False
        using bb by blast
      then show ?thesis by simp
    qed
  next
    case False
    hence ?xn ≠ ?newma by simp
    hence False using aampt by simp
    then show ?thesis by blast
  qed

```

```

qed
have 114: ?newma < 2^deg ∧ ?xn ≤ ?newma
proof(cases ?xn = ma)
  case True
    hence ?xn = ma by simp
    let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
    show ?thesis
  proof(cases ?maxs = None)
    case True
      then show ?thesis
      using 5.hyps(8) ‹?xn = ma› by force
  next
    case False
      then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs
        by fastforce
      hence both-member-options summary maxs
        by (metis 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo)
      have bb:maxs ≠ ?h ∧ maxs < 2^m
        by (metis 1 ‹Some maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn› dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo member-bound
valid-member-both-member-options)
      hence invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) nusing 0 by (simp add: 2 allvalidinlist)
      hence ∃ y. both-member-options (?newlist ! maxs) y
        using 4 ‹both-member-options summary maxs› bb nothproplist by presburger
      then obtain maxi where Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)
        using ‹invar-vebt (treeList [high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n := vebt-delete (treeList !
high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) (low (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n)] ! maxs) n› maxt-corr-help-empty
set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options by fastforce
      hence abc:?newma = 2^n * maxs + maxi
        by (smt (z3) 9 True ‹Some maxs = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high (summin * 2
^ n + lx) n))› option.sel not-None-eq)
      have abd:maxi < 2^n
        by (metis ‹Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)› ‹invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) n›
maxt-member member-bound)
      have high ?xn n ≤ maxs
        using 1 ‹Some summin = vebt-mint summary› ‹both-member-options summary
maxs› ‹vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx› ‹invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n› high-inv member-bound
mint-corr-help valid-member-both-member-options by force
      then show ?thesis
    proof(cases high ?xn n = maxs)
      case True
        then show ?thesis
        using bb by fastforce
    next
    case False
      hence high ?xn n < maxs
        by (simp add: ‹high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n ≤ maxs› order.not-eq-order-implies-strict)
      hence ?newma < 2^deg
        by (smt (z3) 5.hyps(8) 9 ‹Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)› ‹Some maxs =
vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n))› ‹invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs)

```

```

n> abd bb both-member-options-equiv-member option.sel high-inv less-le-trans low-inv maxt-member
mult.commute nothprolist verit-comp-simplify1(3) yhelper)
  moreover have high ?xn n < high ?newma n
    by (smt (z3) 9 True ⟨Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)⟩ ⟨Some maxs =
vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n))⟩ ⟨high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n <
maxs⟩ abd option.sel high-inv mult.commute option.discI)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by (metis div-le-mono high-def linear not-less)
qed
qed
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
    by (smt (z3) 12 5.hyps(7) 5.hyps(8) 9 both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child
dual-order.trans hlbound one-le-numeral xnin yhelper)
qed
have 115: ?xn ≠ ?newma —>
  (forall i < 2^m.
   (high ?newma n = i —> both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
   (forall y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) —> ?xn < y ∧
y ≤ ?newma))
proof
  assume assumption0: ?xn ≠ ?newma
  show (forall i < 2^m.
         (high ?newma n = i —> both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
         (forall y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) —> ?xn < y ∧
y ≤ ?newma))
  proof
    fix i
    show i < 2^m —>
      (high ?newma n = i —> both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
      (forall y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) —> ?xn < y ∧
y ≤ ?newma)
    proof
      assume assumption:i < 2^m
      show (high ?newma n = i —> both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
            (forall y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) —> ?xn < y ∧
y ≤ ?newma)
      proof—
        have (high ?newma n = i —> both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n))
        proof
          assume newmaassm: high ?newma n = i
          thus both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)
          proof(cases ?xn = ma )
            case True
            hence bb: ?xn = ma by simp
            let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
            show ?thesis
            proof(cases ?maxs = None)

```

```

case True
hence ?newma = ?xn using assumption Let-def bb by simp
hence False using assumption0 by simp
then show ?thesis by simp
next
case False
then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs
by fastforce
hence both-member-options summary maxs
by (metis 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo)
have bb:maxs ≠ ?h ∧ maxs < 2^m
by (metis 1 ‹Some maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn› dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo
member-bound valid-member-both-member-options)
hence invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) nusing 0 by (simp add: 2 allvalidinlist)
hence ∃ y. both-member-options (?newlist ! maxs) y
using 4 ‹both-member-options summary maxs› bb nothprolist by presburger
then obtain maxi where Some maxi = vebt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)
using ‹invar-vebt (treeList [high (summin * 2^n + lx) n := vebt-delete (treeList
! high (summin * 2^n + lx) n) (low (summin * 2^n + lx) n)] ! maxs) n› maxt-corr-help-empty
set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options by fastforce
then show ?thesis
by (metis 1 10 9 True ‹Some summin = vebt-mint summary› ‹both-member-options
summary maxs› ‹vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx› ‹mi ≠ ma ∧ x < 2^deg› ‹invar-vebt (treeList
! summin) n› bb equals0D high-inv le-antisym maxt-corr-help maxt-corr-help-empty mem-Collect-eq
member-bound mint-corr-help option.collapse summaxma set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)

qed
next
case False
hence ccc: ?newma = ma by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?xn = ma)
case True
hence ?xn = ?newma
using False by blast
hence False
using False by auto
then show ?thesis by simp
next
case False
hence both-member-options (?newlist ! high ma n) (low ma n)
by (metis 1 ‹both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low ma n)›
‹vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx› ‹vebt-member summary (high ma n)› ‹invar-vebt (treeList !
summin) n› bit-split-inv dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv hprolist member-bound nothprolist)
moreover have high ma n = i ∧ low ma n = low ?newma n using ccc newmaassm
by simp
ultimately show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed

```

```

qed
moreover have (forall y. (high y n = i) ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n) )
→ ?xn < y ∧ y ≤ ?newma)
proof
fix y
show (high y n = i) ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n) ) → ?xn < y ∧
y ≤ ?newma
proof
assume yassm: (high y n = i) ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n) )
hence ?xn < y
proof(cases i = ?h)
case True
hence both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n)
using <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n>
dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv hprolist member-bound yassm by auto
then show ?thesis
using True hprolist min-Null-member ninNullc nnvalid valid-member-both-member-options
yassm by fastforce
next
case False
hence i ≤ ?h ==> False
by (metis 1 111 <Some summin = vebt-mint summary> <vebt-member (treeList
! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> assumption dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv le-antisym
member-bound mint-corr-help valid-member-both-member-options yassm)
hence i > ?h
using leI by blast
then show ?thesis
by (metis div-le-mono high-def not-less yassm)
qed
moreover have y ≤ ?newma
proof(cases ?xn = ma)
case True
hence ?xn= ma by simp
let ?maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn
show ?thesis
proof(cases ?maxs = None)
case True
then show ?thesis
using 1 111 assumption dele-bmo-cont-corr nothprolist yassm yhelper by auto
next
case False
then obtain maxs where Some maxs = ?maxs
by fastforce
hence both-member-options summary maxs
by (metis 1 dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo)
have bb:maxs ≠ ?h ∧ maxs < 2^m
by (metis 1 <Some maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn> dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo
member-bound valid-member-both-member-options)
hence invar-vebt (?newlist ! maxs) nusing 0 by (simp add: 2 allvalidinlist)

```

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hence  $\exists y. \text{both-member-options}(\text{?newlist} ! \text{maxs}) y$ 
      using 4 <both-member-options summary maxs> bb nothprolist by presburger
      then obtain  $\text{maxi}$  where  $\text{Some maxi} = \text{vbt-maxt}(\text{?newlist} ! \text{maxs})$ 
      by (metis True <vbt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vbt (treeList ! summin)
n> assumption calculation dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv hprolist leD member-bound nth-list-update-neq
yassm yhelper)
      hence  $\text{maxs} < 2^{\wedge}m \wedge \text{maxi} < 2^{\wedge}n$ 
      by (metis <invar-vbt (?newlist ! maxs) n> bb maxt-member member-bound)
      hence  $\text{?newma} = 2^{\wedge}n * \text{maxs} + \text{maxi}$ 
      by (smt (z3) 9 False True <Some maxi = vbt-maxt (?newlist ! maxs)> <Some
maxs = vbt-maxt (vbt-delete summary (high ?xn n))> option.sel)
      hence  $\text{low } \text{?newma } n = \text{maxi} \wedge \text{high } \text{?newma } n = \text{maxs}$ 
      by (simp add: <maxs < 2 ^ m \wedge maxi < 2 ^ n> high-inv low-inv mult.commute)
      hence both-member-options (treeList ! (high y n)) (low y n)
      by (metis 1 111 assumption dele-bmo-cont-corr nothprolist yassm)
      hence hleqdraft:high y n > maxs  $\implies \text{False}$ 
      proof-
        assume high y n > maxs
        have both-member-options summary (high y n)
        using 1 111 assumption dele-bmo-cont-corr yassm by blast
        moreover have both-member-options ?sn (high y n)
        using 111 assumption yassm by blast
        ultimately show False
        using True <both-member-options (treeList ! high y n) (low y n)> <summin *
 $2^{\wedge}n + lx < y>$  assumption leD yassm yhelper by blast
        qed
        hence hleqmaxs: high y n ≤ maxs by presburger
        then show ?thesis
        using <both-member-options (treeList ! high y n) (low y n)> assumption calculation
dual-order.strict-trans1 yassm yhelper by auto
        qed
      next
        case False
        then show ?thesis
        by (smt (z3) <vbt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vbt (treeList ! summin)
n> assumption dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv hprolist member-bound nothprolist yassm yhelper)
        qed
        ultimately show ?xn < y ∧ y ≤ ?newma by simp
        qed
      qed
      ultimately show ?thesis by simp
      qed
      qed
      qed
      qed
      qed
      qed
      qed
      hence 117:  $\text{?newma} < 2^{\wedge}\text{deg}$  and 118:  $\text{?xn} \leq \text{?newma}$  using 114 by auto
      have 116: invar-vbt (Node (Some (?xn, ?newma)) deg ?newlist ?sn) deg
      using invar-vbt.intros(5)[of ?newlist n ?sn m deg ?xn ?newma]
      using 3 allvalidinlist newlistlength newsummvalid 5.hyps(3) 111 112 118 117 115 by

```

```

fastforce
  show ?thesis
    using 116 dsimp by presburger
next
  case False
  hence notemp: $\exists z. \text{both-member-options } ?newnode z$ 
    using not-min-Null-member by auto
  let ?newma = (if ?xn = ma then
    ?h *  $2^{\lceil \deg \text{div } 2 \rceil} + \text{the( vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h))}$ 
    else ma)
  let ?delsimp = (Node (Some (?xn, ?newma)) deg ?newlist summary)
  have dsimp: vebt-delete (Node (Some (x, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = ?delsimp
    using del-x-mi-lets-in-not-minNull[of x mi ma deg ?xn ?h summary treeList ?l ?newnode
?newlist]
  12 2 9 False dual-order.eq-iff hlbound inrg order.not-eq-order-implies-strict xmi
  by (metis <summin *  $2^{\lceil n + \deg \text{div } 2 \rceil}$  = (if x = mi then the (vebt-mint summary) *  $2^{\lceil \deg \text{div } 2 \rceil}$  + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))) else x) <x ≠ mi ∨ x ≠ ma>)
  have 111: ( $\forall i < 2^m. (\exists x. \text{both-member-options } (?newlist ! i) x) \longleftrightarrow (\text{both-member-options summary } i)$ )
    proof
      fix i
      show  $i < 2^m \longrightarrow ((\exists x. \text{both-member-options } (?newlist ! i) x) = (\text{both-member-options summary } i))$ 
        proof(cases i = ?h)
          case True
          hence 1000: ?newlist ! i = ?newnode
            using hprolist by blast
          hence 1001: $\exists x. \text{vebt-member } (?newlist ! i) x$ 
            using nninvalid notemp valid-member-both-member-options by auto
          hence 1002:  $\exists x. \text{both-member-options } (?newlist ! i) x$ 
            using 1000 notemp by presburger
          have 1003: both-member-options summary i
            using 4 True < $\exists z. \text{both-member-options } (\text{treeList ! summin}) z \wedge \text{vebt-member } (\text{treeList ! summin})$ > < $i < 2^m \wedge \text{invar-vebt } (\text{treeList ! summin}) n \wedge \text{high-inv member-bound}$  by auto
            then show ?thesis
            using 1002 by blast
        next
        case False
        hence 1000: ?newlist ! i = treeList ! i
          using < $i < 2^m \wedge \text{not hprolist}$ > by blast
        then show ?thesis
          using 4 < $i < 2^m$ > by presburger
      qed
    qed
  qed
  have 112: (?xn = ?newma  $\longrightarrow (\forall t \in \text{set } ?newlist. \nexists x. \text{both-member-options } t x))$ 

```

```

proof
  assume aampt: ?xn = ?newma
  show (forall t in set ?newlist. not y. both-member-options t y)
  proof(cases ?xn = ma)
    case True
      obtain maxi where vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h) = Some maxi
      by (metis Collect-empty-eq False hprolist maxt-corr-help-empty nnvalid not-None-eq
          not-min-Null-member set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
      hence both-member-options ?newnode maxi
      using hprolist maxbmo by auto
      hence both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) maxi
      using <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n>
      dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv member-bound by force
      hence False
      by (metis 9 <both-member-options (vebt-delete (treeList ! high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n)) (low
          (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n)) maxi> <vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h) = Some maxi> <vebt-member (treeList
          ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> aampt add-diff-cancel-left' dele-bmo-cont-corr op-
          tion.sel high-inv low-inv member-bound)
      then show ?thesis by blast
    next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
    using <mi ≠ ma ∧ x < 2 ^ deg> aampt by presburger
  qed
  qed
  have 114: ?newma < 2 ^ deg ∧ ?xn ≤ ?newma
  proof(cases ?xn = ma)
    case True
      hence ?xn = ma by simp
      obtain maxi where vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h) = Some maxi
      by (metis 111 2 4 Collect-empty-eq True <both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n)
          (low ma n) <high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList> hprolist maxt-corr-help-empty nnvalid
          not-None-eq set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
      hence both-member-options ?newnode maxi
      using hprolist maxbmo by auto
      hence both-member-options (treeList ! ?h) maxi
      using <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n>
      dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv member-bound by force
      hence maxi < 2 ^ n
      using <both-member-options ?newnode maxi> member-bound nnvalid valid-member-both-member-options
    by blast
    show ?thesis
    by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) 3 9 div-eq-0-iff True <Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)>
        <both-member-options (treeList ! high (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) maxi> <vebt-maxt (?newlist ! high
        (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n) = Some maxi> <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList
        ! summin) n> add.right-neutral add-left-mono div-mult2-eq div-mult-self3 option.sel high-inv hboun-
        d le-0-eq member-bound mint-corr-help power-add power-not-zero rel-simps(28) valid-member-both-member-options)
  next
  case False

```

```

then show ?thesis
using 10 5.hyps(8) maxt-corr-help valid-member-both-member-options xnin by force

qed
have 115: ?xn ≠ ?newma →
  (forall i < 2^m.
   (high ?newma n = i → both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
   (forall y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) → ?xn < y ∧
   y ≤ ?newma))
proof
  assume xnmassm: ?xn ≠ ?newma
  show (forall i < 2^m.
   (high ?newma n = i → both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
   (forall y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) → ?xn < y ∧
   y ≤ ?newma))
proof
  fix i
  show i < 2^m →
    (high ?newma n = i → both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
    (forall y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) → ?xn < y ∧
    y ≤ ?newma)
proof
  assume assumption:i < 2^m
  show (high ?newma n = i → both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)) ∧
  (forall y. (high y n = i ∧ both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n)) → ?xn < y ∧
  y ≤ ?newma)
proof-
  have (high ?newma n = i → both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n))
proof
  assume newmaassm: high ?newma n = i
  thus both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low ?newma n)
  proof(cases ?xn = ma)
    case True
    obtain maxi where vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h) = Some maxi
      by (metis Collect-empty-eq both-member-options-equiv-member hprolist
maxt-corr-help-empty nnvalid not-Some-eq notemp set-vebt'-def)
    hence both-member-options (?newlist ! ?h) maxi
    using maxbmo by blast
  then show ?thesis
    by (smt (z3) 2 9 True ‹Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)› ‹high (summin
* 2 ^ n + lx) n < length treeList› ‹vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx› ‹invar-vebt (treeList ! summin)
n› add-left-mono dele-bmo-cont-corr eq-iff high-inv hprolist low-inv member-bound mint-corr-help
valid-member-both-member-options yhelper)
next
  case False
  hence abcd: ?newma = ma by simp
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases high ma n = ?h)
    case True

```

```

hence ?newlist ! high ma n = ?newnode
  using hprolist by presburger
then show ?thesis
proof(cases low ma n = ?l)
  case True
  hence ?newma = ?xn
  by (metis 1 False <?newlist ! high ma n = vebt-delete (treeList ! high (summin *
  2 ^ n + lx) n) (low (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n)> <both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low ma
  n)>
    <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <vebt-member summary (high ma n)>
  <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> bit-split-inv dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv member-bound nothprolist)
  hence False
  using False by presburger
then show ?thesis by simp
next
  case False
  have both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low ma n)
    by (simp add: <both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low ma n)>)
  hence both-member-options ?newnode (low ma n)
    using False True <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList !
  summin) n> dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv member-bound by force
  hence both-member-options (?newlist ! high ma n) (low ma n)
    using True hprolist by presburger
then show ?thesis using abed newmaassm by simp
qed
next
  case False
  hence ?newlist ! high ma n = treeList ! high ma n
  using 1 <vebt-member summary (high ma n)> member-bound nothprolist by blast
  moreover hence both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low ma n)
    using <both-member-options (treeList ! high ma n) (low ma n)> by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis using abcd newmaassm by simp
qed
qed
qed
moreover have ( $\forall y. (\text{high } y n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options} (?newlist ! i) (\text{low } y n))$ )
 $\longrightarrow ?xn < y \wedge y \leq ?newma$ 
proof
  fix y
  show (high y n = i  $\wedge$  both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n))  $\longrightarrow ?xn < y \wedge$ 
 $y \leq ?newma$ 
proof
  assume yassm: (high y n = i  $\wedge$  both-member-options (?newlist ! i) (low y n))
  hence ?xn < y
  proof(cases i = ?h)
    case True
    hence both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low y n)
    using <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n>
  dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv hprolist member-bound yassm by force

```

```

moreover have vebt-mint (treeList ! i) = Some (low ?xn n)
  using True <Some lx = vebt-mint (treeList ! summin)> <vebt-member (treeList !
summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> high-inv low-inv member-bound by presburger
  moreover hence low y n ≥ low ?xn n
    using True <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin)
n> calculation(1) high-inv member-bound mint-corr-help valid-member-both-member-options by auto
  moreover have low y n ≠ low ?xn n
    using True <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin)
n> dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv hprolist member-bound yassm by auto
    ultimately have low y n > low ?xn n by simp
    show ?thesis
      by (metis True <low (summin * 2 ^ n + lx) n ≤ low y n> <low y n ≠ low (summin
* 2 ^ n + lx) n> bit-concat-def bit-split-inv leD linorder-neqE-nat nat-add-left-cancel-less yassm)
  next
  case False
    have Some (high ?xn n) = vebt-mint summary
      using <Some summin = vebt-mint summary> <vebt-member (treeList ! summin)
lx> <invar-vebt (treeList ! summin) n> high-inv member-bound by presburger
    moreover hence high y n ≥ high ?xn n
      by (metis 1 111 assumption mint-corr-help valid-member-both-member-options
yassm)
    ultimately show ?thesis
      by (metis False div-le-mono high-def leI le-antisym yassm)
  qed
  moreover have y ≤ ?newma
    by (smt (z3) <vebt-member (treeList ! summin) lx> <invar-vebt (treeList !
summin) n> assumption calculation dele-bmo-cont-corr high-inv hprolist leD member-bound nothprolist
yassm yhelper)
    ultimately show ?xn < y ∧ y ≤ ?newma by simp
  qed
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis by simp
  qed
  qed
  qed
  qed
and 118: ?xn ≤ ?newma using 114 by auto
have 116: invar-vebt (Node (Some (?xn, ?newma)) deg ?newlist summary) deg
  using invar-vebt.intros(5)[of ?newlist n summary m deg ?xn ?newma] allvalidinlist
  1 newlistlength 8 3 111 112 117 118 115 by fastforce
hence invar-vebt (?delsimp) deg by simp
moreover obtain delsimp where 118:delsimp = ?delsimp by simp
ultimately have 119:invar-vebt delsimp deg by simp
have vebt-delete (Node (Some (x, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = delsimp using dsimp 118
by simp
hence delsimp = vebt-delete (Node (Some (x, ma)) deg treeList summary) x by simp
then show ?thesis using 119
  using xmi by auto
qed
```

```

qed
qed
qed
qed

corollary dele-member-cont-corr:invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  (vebt-member (vebt-delete t x) y  $\longleftrightarrow$  x  $\neq$  y  $\wedge$ 
vebt-member t y)
by (meson both-member-options-equiv-member dele-bmo-cont-corr delete-pres-valid)

```

8.4 Correctness with Respect to Set Interpretation

```

theorem delete-correct': assumes invar-vebt t n
shows set-vebt' (vebt-delete t x) = set-vebt' t - {x}
using assms by(auto simp add: set-vebt'-def dele-member-cont-corr)

```

```

corollary delete-correct: assumes invar-vebt t n
shows set-vebt' (vebt-delete t x) = set-vebt t - {x}
using assms delete-correct' set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid by auto

```

```

end
end

```

```

theory VEBT-Uniqueness imports VEBT-InsertCorrectness VEBT-Succ VEBT-Pred VEBT-DeleteCorrectness
begin

```

```

context VEBT-internal begin

```

9 Uniqueness Property of valid Trees

Two valid van Emde Boas trees having equal degree number and representing the same integer set are equal.

```

theorem unquietree: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  invar-vebt s n  $\implies$  set-vebt' t = set-vebt' s  $\implies$  s = t
proof(induction t n arbitrary: s rule: invar-vebt.induct)
  case (1 a b)
  then show ?case
    apply(cases vebt-member t 0)
    apply(cases vebt-member t 1)
    apply(cases vebt-member t 1)
      apply (smt (z3) 1.prems(1) 1.prems(2) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(1) One-nat-def
deg-1-Leafy deg-not-0 less-not-refl mem-Collect-eq set-vebt'-def) +
    done
  next
    case (? treeList n summary m deg)
      from ?(9) obtain treeList' summary' where sprop:s = Node None deg treeList' summary'  $\wedge$  deg
      = n+m
         $\wedge$  length treeList' = 2^m  $\wedge$  invar-vebt summary' m  $\wedge$  ( $\forall$  t  $\in$  set treeList'. invar-vebt t n)
         $\wedge$ 

```

```

( $\nexists i. \text{both-member-options summary}' i$ )
apply(cases)
using 2.hyps(3) 2.hyps(4) one-is-add apply force
apply (metis 2.hyps(3) 2.hyps(4) add-self-div-2)
apply (metis 2.hyps(3) 2.hyps(4) One-nat-def add-self-div-2 div-greater-zero-iff even-Suc-div-two
not-numeral-le-zero odd-add order.not-eq-order-implies-strict plus-1-eq-Suc zero-le-one zero-neq-one)
apply (metis 2.prems(1) 2.prems(2) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(2) Suc-1 add-leD1 add-self-div-2
both-member-options-def deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff empty-Collect-eq membermima.simps(4) nat-le-iff-add
plus-1-eq-Suc set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
apply (metis 2.hyps(3) 2.hyps(4) add-self-div-2 div2-Suc-Suc even-Suc-div-two odd-add one-is-add
plus-1-eq-Suc zero-neq-one)
done
from 2(9) have aa: $\forall t \in \text{set treeList}'. \text{invar-vebt } t n$  using sprop by simp
have ac:deg  $\geq 2$ 
by (metis 2.hyps(3) add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff sprop)
hence ab: $\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \text{set-vebt}' t = \{\}$ 
by (metis 2.hyps(6) empty-Collect-eq min-Null-member not-min-Null-member set-vebt'-def)
hence ac:length treeList' =length treeList
by (simp add: 2.hyps(2) sprop)
hence membercongy:i <  $2^m \implies \text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList}! i) x \longleftrightarrow \text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList}'! i) x$  for
i x
proof-
assume i <  $2^m$ 
show vebt-member (treeList! i) x  $\longleftrightarrow$  vebt-member (treeList'! i) x
proof
show vebt-member (treeList ! i) x  $\implies$  vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x
by (metis 2.hyps(6) <i <  $2^m> ac \text{ min-Null-member not-min-Null-member nth-mem sprop}$ )
show vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x  $\implies$  vebt-member (treeList ! i) x
proof-
assume vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x
hence both-member-options (treeList' ! i) x
by (metis <i <  $2^m> \text{ both-member-options-equiv-member nth-mem sprop}$ )
hence membermima (treeList' ! i) x  $\vee$  naive-member (treeList' ! i) x unfolding both-member-options-def
by auto
moreover have membermima (treeList' ! i) x  $\implies$  membermima s ( $2^{m*i+x}$ )
using membermima.simps(5)[of deg-1 treeList' summary' ( $2^{m*i+x}$ )] sprop ac
apply auto
apply (metis One-nat-def Suc-diff-1 <membermima (Node None (Suc (deg - 1)) treeList'
summary') ( $2^m * i + x$ ) = (let pos = high ( $2^m * i + x$ ) (Suc (deg - 1) div 2) in if pos < length
treeList' then membermima (treeList' ! pos) (low ( $2^m * i + x$ ) (Suc (deg - 1) div 2)) else False)>
add.commute deg-not-0 neq0-conv not-add-less1)
by (smt (z3) 2.hyps(3) Nat.add-0-right Suc-pred <i <  $2^m> \text{ vebt-member}(\text{treeList}' ! i) x$ 
add-gr-0 add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-less div-mult-self4 high-def low-inv member-bound mult.commute
nth-mem power-not-zero zero-neq-numeral)
moreover have naive-member (treeList' ! i) x  $\implies$  naive-member s ( $2^{m*i+x}$ )
using naive-member.simps(3)[of None deg-1 treeList' summary' ( $2^{m*i+x}$ )] sprop ac
apply auto
apply (metis One-nat-def Suc-pred' <naive-member (Node None (Suc (deg - 1)) treeList'
summary') ( $2^m * i + x$ ) = (let pos = high ( $2^m * i + x$ ) (Suc (deg - 1) div 2) in if pos <
```

$\text{length } \text{treeList}' \text{ then } \text{naive-member}(\text{treeList}' ! \text{pos}) (\text{low}(2^{\wedge}m * i + x) (\text{Suc}(\text{deg} - 1) \text{div} 2)) \text{ else False} \rangle$
 $\text{add-gr-0 deg-not-0}$
by (smt (z3) 2.hyps(3) Nat.add-0-right Suc-pred $\langle i < 2^{\wedge}m \rangle$ vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x
 $\text{add-gr-0 add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-less div-mult-self4 high-def low-inv member-bound mult.commute}$
 $\text{nth-mem power-not-zero zero-neq-numeral}$)
ultimately have both-member-options s ($2^{\wedge}m * i + x$) **unfolding** both-member-options-def **by**
auto
hence False
using 2.prems(1) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(2) sprop valid-member-both-member-options
by blast
then show ?thesis **by** simp
qed
qed
qed
hence $\text{ad}:i < 2^{\wedge}m \implies \text{set-vebt}'(\text{treeList}' ! i) = \{\}$ **for** i
proof–
assume $\text{assm}:i < 2^{\wedge}m$
show $\text{set-vebt}'(\text{treeList}' ! i) = \{\}$
proof(rule ccontr)
assume $\text{set-vebt}'(\text{treeList}' ! i) \neq \{\}$
then obtain y **where** vebt-member (treeList' ! i) y
using set-vebt'-def **by** fastforce
thus False
using ab ac assm membercong sprop set-vebt'-def **by** force
qed
qed
hence $\text{ae}:i < 2^{\wedge}m \implies \text{treeList}' ! i = \text{treeList} ! i$ **for** i
by (simp add: 2.IH(1) 2.hyps(2) ab sprop)
then show ?case
by (metis 2.IH(2) 2.hyps(1) 2.hyps(5) ac both-member-options-equiv-member empty-Collect-eq
list-eq-iff-nth-eq sprop set-vebt'-def)
next
case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
from 3(9) **obtain** treeList' summary' **where** sprop:s = Node None deg treeList' summary' \wedge deg
 $= n+m$
 \wedge length treeList' = $2^{\wedge}m$ \wedge invar-vebt summary' m \wedge ($\forall t \in \text{set treeList}'. \text{invar-vebt}$
t n) \wedge
 $(\nexists i. \text{both-member-options summary'} i)$
apply(cases)
apply (metis 3.IH(1) 3.hyps(2) 3.hyps(3) 3.hyps(4) One-nat-def Suc-1 not-one-le-zero one-is-add
set-n-deg-not-0 zero-neq-numeral)
apply (metis 3.hyps(3) 3.hyps(4) add-self-div-2 div2-Suc-Suc even-Suc-div-two odd-add plus-1-eq-Suc)
apply (metis 3.hyps(3) 3.hyps(4) Suc-inject add-Suc-right add-self-div-2)
apply (metis 3.hyps(3) 3.hyps(4) add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 even-Suc-div-two le-add2 le-less-Suc-eq
odd-add order.strict-iff-order plus-1-eq-Suc)
apply (metis 3.prems(1) 3.prems(2) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(2) Suc-pred' both-member-options-def
deg-not-0 mem-Collect-eq membermima.simps(4) set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
done
have ac:deg ≥ 2

```

by (metis 3.hyps(3) One-nat-def add-le-mono le-add1 numeral-2-eq-2 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0 sprop)
hence ab: $\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \text{set-vebt}' t = \{\}$ 
by (metis 3.hyps(6) empty-Collect-eq min-Null-member not-min-Null-member set-vebt'-def)
hence ac:length treeList' =length treeList
by (simp add: 3.hyps(2) sprop)
hence membercong:i < 2^m ==> vebt-member (treeList! i) x  $\longleftrightarrow$  vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x for
i x
proof-
assume i < 2^m
show vebt-member (treeList! i) x  $\longleftrightarrow$  vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x
proof
show vebt-member (treeList ! i) x ==> vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x
by (metis 3.hyps(6) <i < 2 ^ m> ac min-Null-member not-min-Null-member nth-mem sprop)
show vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x ==> vebt-member (treeList ! i) x
proof-
assume vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x
hence both-member-options (treeList' ! i) x
by (metis <i < 2 ^ m> both-member-options-equiv-member nth-mem sprop)
hence membermima (treeList' ! i) x  $\vee$  naive-member (treeList' ! i) x
unfolding both-member-options-def by auto
moreover have membermima (treeList' ! i) x ==> membermima s (2^n*i+x)
using membermima.simps(5)[of deg-1 treeList' summary' (2^n*i+x)] sprop ac
by (smt (z3) 3.hyps(3) 3.prems(1) Nat.add-diff-assoc Suc-pred <i < 2 ^ m> <vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x> add-diff-cancel-left' add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 even-Suc high-inv le-add1 low-inv member-bound mult.commute mult-2 nth-mem odd-two-times-div-two-nat plus-1-eq-Suc)
moreover have naive-member (treeList' ! i) x ==> naive-member s (2^n*i+x)
using naive-member.simps(3)[of None deg-1 treeList' summary' (2^n*i+x)] sprop ac
by (smt (z3) 3.hyps(3) 3.prems(1) Nat.add-0-right Nat.add-diff-assoc Suc-pred <i < 2 ^ m> <vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x> add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-less div-mult-self4 even-Suc-div-two high-def le-add1 low-inv member-bound mult.commute nth-mem odd-add plus-1-eq-Suc power-not-zero zero-neg-numeral)
ultimately have both-member-options s (2^n*i +x) unfolding both-member-options-def
by auto
hence False
using 3.prems(1) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(2) sprop valid-member-both-member-options
by blast
then show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed
qed
hence ad:i<2^m ==> set-vebt' (treeList' ! i ) = {} for i
proof-
assume assm:i < 2^m
show set-vebt' (treeList' ! i ) = {}
proof(rule ccontr)
assume set-vebt' (treeList' ! i )  $\neq$  {}
then obtain y where vebt-member (treeList' ! i) y

```

```

using set-vebt'-def by fastforce
thus False
  using ab ac assm membercong sprop set-vebt'-def by force
qed
qed
hence ae:i< 2^m ==> treeList' ! i = treeList ! i for i
  by (simp add: 3.IH(1) 3.hyps(2) ab sprop)
then show ?case
  by (metis 3.IH(2) 3.hyps(1) 3.hyps(5) Collect-empty-eq ac both-member-options-equiv-member
list-eq-iff-nth-eq sprop set-vebt'-def)
next
  case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  note case4= this
  hence set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) = set-vebt' s by simp
  hence a0:deg ≥ 2 using 4
    by (metis add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff)
  hence aa:{mi, ma} ⊆ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
    apply auto using vebt-member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary mi]
    apply (metis add-2-eq-Suc' le-add-diff-inverse2 mem-Collect-eq set-vebt'-def)
    using vebt-member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary ma]
    apply (metis add-2-eq-Suc' le-add-diff-inverse2 mem-Collect-eq set-vebt'-def)
    done
  from 4(12) obtain treeList' summary' info where sprop1:s = Node info deg treeList' summary' ∧
deg = n+m
    ∧ length treeList' = 2^m ∧ invar-vebt summary' m ∧ (∀ t ∈ set treeList'. invar-vebt
t n)
    apply cases
    using 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) one-is-add apply force
    apply (metis 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) add-self-div-2)
    apply (metis 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) even-Suc odd-add)
    apply (metis 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) add-self-div-2)
    apply (metis 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) even-Suc odd-add)
    done
  have ac:invar-vebt t h ==> invar-vebt k h ==> set-vebt' t = set-vebt' k ==> vebt-mint t = vebt-mint
k for t k h
proof-
  assume assms: invar-vebt t h invar-vebt k h set-vebt' t = set-vebt' k
  have ¬ vebt-mint t = vebt-mint k ==> False
proof-
  assume vebt-mint t ≠ vebt-mint k
  then obtain a b where abdef:vebt-mint t = None ∧ vebt-mint k = Some b ∨
    vebt-mint t = Some a ∧ vebt-mint k = None ∨
    a < b ∧ Some a = vebt-mint t ∧ Some b = vebt-mint k ∨
    b < a ∧ Some a = vebt-mint t ∧ Some b = vebt-mint k
  by (metis linorder-neqE-nat option.exhaust)
show False
  apply(cases vebt-mint t = None ∧ vebt-mint k = Some b)
  apply (metis vebt-mint t ≠ vebt-mint k assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) mint-corr mint-sound)
  apply(cases vebt-mint t = Some a ∧ vebt-mint k = None)

```

```

apply (metis `vebt-mint t ≠ vebt-mint k` assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) mint-corr mint-sound)
apply (cases a < b ∧ Some a = vebt-mint t ∧ Some b = vebt-mint k)
apply (metis `vebt-mint t ≠ vebt-mint k` assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) mint-corr mint-sound)
apply (metis `vebt-mint t ≠ vebt-mint k` abdef assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) mint-corr
mint-sound)
done
qed
thus vebt-mint t = vebt-mint k by auto
qed
have ad:invar-vebt t h ==> invar-vebt k h ==> set-vebt' t = set-vebt' k ==> vebt-maxt t = vebt-maxt
k for t k h
proof-
assume assms: invar-vebt t h invar-vebt k h set-vebt' t = set-vebt' k
have ¬ vebt-maxt t = vebt-maxt k ==> False
proof-
assume vebt-maxt t ≠ vebt-maxt k
then obtain a b where abdef:vebt-maxt t = None ∧ vebt-maxt k = Some b ∨
vebt-maxt t = Some a ∧ vebt-maxt k = None ∨
a < b ∧ Some a = vebt-maxt t ∧ Some b = vebt-maxt k ∨
b < a ∧ Some a = vebt-maxt t ∧ Some b = vebt-maxt k
by (metis linorder-neqE-nat option.exhaust)
show False apply(cases vebt-maxt t = None ∧ vebt-maxt k = Some b)
apply (metis `vebt-maxt t ≠ vebt-maxt k` assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) maxt-corr maxt-sound)
apply(cases vebt-maxt t = Some a ∧ vebt-maxt k = None)
apply (metis `vebt-maxt t ≠ vebt-maxt k` assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) maxt-corr maxt-sound)
apply (cases a < b ∧ Some a = vebt-maxt t ∧ Some b = vebt-maxt k)
apply (metis `vebt-maxt t ≠ vebt-maxt k` assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) maxt-corr maxt-sound)
by (metis `vebt-maxt t ≠ vebt-maxt k` abdef assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) maxt-corr maxt-sound)
qed
thus vebt-maxt t = vebt-maxt k by auto
qed
have infsplit: info = Some (mi ,ma) using 4(12)
proof cases
case (1 a b)
then show ?thesis
using sprop1 by blast
next
case (2 treeList n summary m)
then show ?thesis
by (metis 4.prems(2) Collect-empty-eq VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(2) aa empty-iff in-
sert-subset set-vebt'-def)
next
case (3 treeList n summary m)
then show ?thesis
by (metis 4.prems(2) Collect-empty-eq VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(2) aa empty-iff in-
sert-subset set-vebt'-def)
next
case (4 treeList' n' summary' m' mi' ma')
have vebt-mint s = Some mi'

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    by (simp add: 4(1))
  hence  $mi' = mi$ 
    by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) 4.hyps(7) 4.prems(1) 4.prems(2) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(5)
One-nat-def a0 aa add.assoc eq-iff insert-subset leI le-add-diff-inverse less-imp-le-nat mem-Collect-eq
min-in-set-def mint-sound numeral-2-eq-2 option.sel order.not-eq-order-implies-strict plus-1-eq-Suc set-vebt'-def)
  have  $vebt\text{-maxt } s = Some\ ma'$ 
    by (simp add: 4(1))
  hence  $ma' < ma \Rightarrow ma \notin set\text{-vebt}'\ s$ 
    by (meson 4.prems(1) leD max-in-set-def maxt-corr)
  moreover have  $ma < ma' \Rightarrow ma' \notin set\text{-vebt}'\ (Node\ (Some\ (mi,\ ma))\ deg\ treeList\ summary)$ 
using case4
  by (metis dual-order.strict-trans2 mem-Collect-eq member-inv not-less-iff-gr-or-eq set-vebt'-def)
  ultimately have  $ma' = ma$ 
  by (metis ‹vebt\text{-maxt } s = Some\ ma'› aa case4(12) case4(13) insert-subset max-in-set-def maxt-corr
not-less-iff-gr-or-eq)
  then show ?thesis
  using 4(1) ‹mi' = mi› sprop1 by force
next
  case (5 treeList n summary m mi' ma')
  have  $vebt\text{-mint } s = Some\ mi'$ 
    by (simp add: 5(1))
  hence  $mi' = mi$ 
    by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) 4.hyps(7) 4.prems(1) 4.prems(2) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(5)
One-nat-def a0 aa add.assoc eq-iff insert-subset leI le-add-diff-inverse less-imp-le-nat mem-Collect-eq
min-in-set-def mint-sound numeral-2-eq-2 option.sel order.not-eq-order-implies-strict plus-1-eq-Suc set-vebt'-def)
  have  $vebt\text{-maxt } s = Some\ ma'$ 
    by (simp add: 5(1))
  hence  $ma' < ma \Rightarrow ma \notin set\text{-vebt}'\ s$ 
    by (meson 4.prems(1) leD max-in-set-def maxt-corr)
  moreover have  $ma < ma' \Rightarrow ma' \notin set\text{-vebt}'\ (Node\ (Some\ (mi,\ ma))\ deg\ treeList\ summary)$ 
using case4
  by (metis dual-order.strict-trans2 mem-Collect-eq member-inv not-less-iff-gr-or-eq set-vebt'-def)
  ultimately have  $ma' = ma$ 
  by (metis 5(5) 5(6) case4(5) case4(6) even-Suc odd-add)
  then show ?thesis
  using 5(1) ‹mi' = mi› sprop1 by force
qed
from 4(12) have acd:  $mi \neq ma \rightarrow (\forall i < 2 \wedge m.$ 
 $(high\ ma\ n = i \rightarrow both\text{-member}\text{-options}\ (treeList' ! i)\ (low\ ma\ n)) \wedge$ 
 $(\forall x.\ high\ x\ n = i \wedge both\text{-member}\text{-options}\ (treeList' ! i)\ (low\ x\ n) \rightarrow mi < x \wedge x \leq ma))$ 
apply cases using sprop1 apply simp
using sprop1 infsplit apply simp
using sprop1 infsplit apply simp
apply (metis VEBT.inject(1) add-self-div-2 case4(5) infsplit option.inject prod.inject sprop1)
by (metis case4(5) case4(6) even-Suc odd-add)
hence length treeList' =  $2^m$ 
  using sprop1 by fastforce
hence aca:length treeList' = length treeList using 4.hyps(2)

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by (simp add: 4.hyps(2) sprop1)
from 4(12) have sumtreelistcong:  $\forall i < 2^m. (\exists x. \text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList}' ! i) x) =$ 
 $\text{both-member-options}(\text{summary}' i)$ 
apply cases
using a0 apply linarith
apply (metis VEBT.inject(1) nth-mem sprop1)
using insplit sprop1 apply force
apply (metis VEBT.inject(1) sprop1)
using sprop1 by auto
hence membercong:  $i < 2^m \implies \text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList}! i) x \longleftrightarrow \text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList}' ! i) x$  for
i x
proof-
assume  $i < 2^m$ 
show  $\text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList}! i) x \longleftrightarrow \text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList}' ! i) x$ 
proof
show  $\text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList} ! i) x \implies \text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList}' ! i) x$ 
proof-
assume  $\text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList} ! i) x$ 
hence aaa:  $\text{both-member-options}(\text{treeList} ! i) x$ 
by (metis ‹i < 2^m› both-member-options-equiv-member case4(1) case4(4) nth-mem)
have  $x < 2^n$ 
by (metis ‹i < 2^m› ‹vebt-member(\text{treeList} ! i) x› case4(1) case4(4) member-bound
nth-mem)
hence  $\text{vebt-member}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) (2^{n*i+x})$ 
using both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree
[of  $(2^{n*i+x}) \deg \text{treeList} mi ma \text{summary}$ ] aaa high-inv[of x n i]
by (smt (z3) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(5) Suc-diff-Suc Suc-ledD ‹i < 2^m›
vebt-member(\text{treeList} ! i) x] a0 add-self-div-2 case4(11) case4(4) case4(5) case4(8) le-add-diff-inverse
le-less-Suc-eq le-neq-implies-less low-inv mult.commute nat-1-add-1 not-less-iff-gr-or-eq nth-mem plus-1-eq-Suc
sprop1)
have  $mi < (2^{n*i+x}) \wedge (2^{n*i+x}) \leq ma$  using vebt-mint.simps(3)[of mi ma deg treeList
summary]
by (metis ‹i < 2^m› ‹x < 2^n› aaa case4(11) case4(4) case4(8) high-inv low-inv
mult.commute nth-mem)
moreover have both-member-options s  $(2^{m*i+x})$ 
using ‹vebt-member(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) (2^{n*i+x})›
both-member-options-equiv-member case4(12) case4(13) case4(5) set-vebt'-def by auto
hence both-member-options(\text{treeList}' ! i) x
by (smt (z3) ‹i < 2^m› acd ‹x < 2^n› a0 add-led1 add-self-div-2 both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-chilf
calculation case4(5) high-inv insplit low-inv mult.commute nat-neq-iff numeral-2-eq-2 plus-1-eq-Suc
sprop1)
then show ?thesis
by (metis ‹i < 2^m› nth-mem sprop1 valid-member-both-member-options)
qed
show  $\text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList}' ! i) x \implies \text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList} ! i) x$ 
proof-
assume  $\text{vebt-member}(\text{treeList}' ! i) x$ 
hence  $\text{vebt-member} s (2^{n*i+x})$  using sprop1 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree
[of  $(2^{n*i+x}) \deg \text{treeList}' mi ma \text{summary}$ ]

```

```

by (smt (z3) Nat.add-0-right ‹i < 2 ^ m› a0 add-leD1 add-self-div-2 both-member-options-equiv-member
case4(12) case4(5) div-less div-mult-self4 high-def infsplit low-inv member-bound mult.commute nat-1-add-1
nth-mem power-not-zero zero-neq-numeral)
  hence mi < (2 ^ n*i + x) ∧ (2 ^ n*i + x) ≤ ma
  using vebt-mint.simps(3)[of mi ma deg treeList' summary] vebt-maxt.simps(3)[of mi ma deg
treeList' summary]
    by (metis ‹i < 2 ^ m› ‹vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x› acd both-member-options-equiv-member
case4(12) high-inv infsplit low-inv member-bound mi-eq-ma-no-ch mult.commute nth-mem sprop1)
    moreover have both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) (2 ^ m*i
+x)
      by (metis ‹vebt-member s (2 ^ n * i + x)› add-leD1 both-member-options-equiv-member
both-member-options-from-child-to-complete-tree calculation case4(1) case4(13) case4(5) maxbmo vebt-maxt.simps(3)
mem-Collect-eq member-inv nat-neq-iff nth-mem one-add-one set-vebt'-def)
      hence both-member-options (treeList ! i) x
      using both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child[of deg mi ma treeList summary (2 ^ n*i
+x)]
        by (smt (z3) Nat.add-0-right Suc-leD ‹i < 2 ^ m› ‹vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x› a0
add-self-div-2 calculation case4(11) case4(5) div-less div-mult-self4 high-def low-inv member-bound
mult.commute nat-1-add-1 nat-neq-iff nth-mem plus-1-eq-Suc power-not-zero sprop1 zero-neq-numeral)
        then show ?thesis
        by (metis ‹i < 2 ^ m› aca case4(1) nth-mem sprop1 valid-member-both-member-options)
      qed
      qed
      qed
  hence setcong: i < 2 ^ m ⇒ set-vebt' (treeList ! i) = set-vebt' (treeList' ! i) for i unfolding
set-vebt'-def by presburger
  hence treecong: i < 2 ^ m ⇒ treeList ! i = treeList' ! i for i
  by (metis case4(1) case4(4) nth-mem sprop1)
  hence treeList = treeList'
  by (metis aca case4(4) nth-equalityI)
  have vebt-member summary x ↔ vebt-member summary' x for x
  by (metis ‹treeList = treeList'› both-member-options-equiv-member case4(3) case4(7) member-bound
sprop1 sumtreelistcong)
  hence set-vebt' summary = set-vebt' summary' unfolding set-vebt'-def by auto
  hence summary = summary'
  using case4(2) sprop1 by blast
  then show ?case
  using ‹treeList = treeList'› infsplit sprop1 by fastforce
next
  case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  note case4= this
  hence set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) = set-vebt' s by simp
  hence a0:deg ≥ 2 using 5
  by (metis Suc-leI add-le-mono diff-Suc-1 less-add-same-cancel1 not-add-less1 not-less-iff-gr-or-eq
numeral-2-eq-2 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
  hence aa:{mi, ma} ⊆ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
  apply auto using vebt-member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary mi]
  apply (metis add-2-eq-Suc' le-add-diff-inverse2 mem-Collect-eq set-vebt'-def)
  using vebt-member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary ma]

```

```

apply (metis add-2-eq-Suc' le-add-diff-inverse2 mem-Collect-eq set-vebt'-def)
done
from 5(12) obtain treeList' summary' info where sprop1:s = Node info deg treeList' summary' ∧
deg = n+m
      ∧ length treeList' = 2^m ∧ invar-vebt summary' m ∧ (∀ t ∈ set treeList'. invar-vebt t
n)
apply cases
using a0 apply linarith
apply (metis case4(5) case4(6) even-Suc odd-add add-self-div-2)
apply (metis Suc-inject add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 case4(5) case4(6))
apply (metis case4(5) case4(6) even-Suc odd-add)
apply (metis Suc-inject add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 case4(5) case4(6))
done
have ac:invar-vebt t h ⇒ invar-vebt k h ⇒ set-vebt' t = set-vebt' k ⇒ vebt-mint t = vebt-mint
k for t k h
proof-
  assume assms: invar-vebt t h invar-vebt k h set-vebt' t = set-vebt' k
  have ¬ vebt-mint t = vebt-mint k ⇒ False
  proof-
    assume vebt-mint t ≠ vebt-mint k
    then obtain a b where abdef:vebt-mint t = None ∧ vebt-mint k = Some b ∨
      vebt-mint t = Some a ∧ vebt-mint k = None ∨
      a < b ∧ Some a = vebt-mint t ∧ Some b = vebt-mint k ∨
      b < a ∧ Some a = vebt-mint t ∧ Some b = vebt-mint k
    by (metis linorder-neqE-nat option.exhaust)
    show False apply(cases vebt-mint t = None ∧ vebt-mint k = Some b)
      apply (metis `vebt-mint t ≠ vebt-mint k` assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) mint-corr mint-sound)
      apply(cases vebt-mint t = Some a ∧ vebt-mint k = None)
      apply (metis `vebt-mint t ≠ vebt-mint k` assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) mint-corr mint-sound)
      apply (cases a < b ∧ Some a = vebt-mint t ∧ Some b = vebt-mint k)
      apply (metis `vebt-mint t ≠ vebt-mint k` assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) mint-corr mint-sound)
      by (metis `vebt-mint t ≠ vebt-mint k` abdef assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) mint-corr mint-sound)
    qed
    thus vebt-mint t = vebt-mint k by auto
  qed
  have ad:invar-vebt t h ⇒ invar-vebt k h ⇒ set-vebt' t = set-vebt' k ⇒ vebt-maxt t = vebt-maxt
k for t k h
  proof-
    assume assms: invar-vebt t h invar-vebt k h set-vebt' t = set-vebt' k
    have ¬ vebt-maxt t = vebt-maxt k ⇒ False
    proof-
      assume vebt-maxt t ≠ vebt-maxt k
      then obtain a b where abdef:vebt-maxt t = None ∧ vebt-maxt k = Some b ∨
        vebt-maxt t = Some a ∧ vebt-maxt k = None ∨
        a < b ∧ Some a = vebt-maxt t ∧ Some b = vebt-maxt k ∨
        b < a ∧ Some a = vebt-maxt t ∧ Some b = vebt-maxt k
      by (metis linorder-neqE-nat option.exhaust)
      show False apply(cases vebt-maxt t = None ∧ vebt-maxt k = Some b)
    qed
  
```

```

apply (metis `vebt-maxt t ≠ vebt-maxt k` assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) maxt-corr maxt-sound)
apply(cases vebt-maxt t = Some a ∧ vebt-maxt k = None)
apply (metis `vebt-maxt t ≠ vebt-maxt k` assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) maxt-corr maxt-sound)
apply (cases a < b ∧ Some a = vebt-maxt t ∧ Some b = vebt-maxt k)
apply (metis `vebt-maxt t ≠ vebt-maxt k` assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) maxt-corr maxt-sound)
apply (metis `vebt-maxt t ≠ vebt-maxt k` abdef assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) maxt-corr
maxt-sound)
done
qed
thus vebt-maxt t = vebt-maxt k by auto
qed
have infosplit: info = Some (mi ,ma) using 5(12)
proof cases
case (1 a b)
then show ?thesis
using sprop1 by blast
next
case (2 treeList n summary m)
then show ?thesis
by (metis 5.prems(2) Collect-empty-eq VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(2) aa empty-iff in-
sert-subset set-vebt'-def)
next
case (3 treeList n summary m)
then show ?thesis
by (metis 5.prems(2) Collect-empty-eq VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(2) aa empty-iff in-
sert-subset set-vebt'-def)
next
case (4 treeList' n' summary' m' mi' ma')
have vebt-mint s = Some mi'
by (simp add: 4(1))
hence mi' = mi
by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) 5.hyps(7) 5.prems(1) 5.prems(2) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(5)
One-nat-def a0 aa add.assoc eq-iff insert-subset leI le-add-diff-inverse less-imp-le-nat mem-Collect-eq
min-in-set-def mint-sound numeral-2-eq-2 option.sel order.not-eq-order-implies-strict plus-1-eq-Suc set-vebt'-def)
have vebt-maxt s = Some ma'
by (simp add: 4(1))
hence ma' < ma ==> ma ∉ set-vebt' s
by (meson 5.prems(1) leD max-in-set-def maxt-corr)
moreover have ma < ma' ==> ma' ∉ set-vebt' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
using case4
by (metis dual-order.strict-trans2 mem-Collect-eq member-inv not-less-iff-gr-or-eq set-vebt'-def)
ultimately have ma'=ma
by (metis `vebt-maxt s = Some ma'` aa case4(12) case4(13) insert-subset max-in-set-def maxt-corr
not-less-iff-gr-or-eq)
then show ?thesis
using 4(1) `mi' = mi` sprop1 by force
next
case (5 treeList' n' summary' m' mi' ma')
have vebt-mint s = Some mi'

```

```

by (simp add: 5(1))
hence  $mi' = mi$ 
by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) 5.hyps(7) 5.prems(1) 5.prems(2) VEBT-Member.vebt-member.simps(5)
One-nat-def a0 aa add.assoc eq-iff insert-subset leI le-add-diff-inverse less-imp-le-nat mem-Collect-eq
min-in-set-def mint-sound numeral-2-eq-2 option.sel order.not-eq-order-implies-strict plus-1-eq-Suc set-vebt'-def)
have vebt-maxt s = Some ma'
by (simp add: 5(1))
hence  $ma' < ma \Rightarrow ma \notin \text{set-vebt}' s$ 
by (meson 5.prems(1) leD max-in-set-def maxt-corr)
moreover have  $ma < ma' \Rightarrow ma' \notin \text{set-vebt}' (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary})$ 
using case4
by (metis dual-order.strict-trans2 mem-Collect-eq member-inv not-less-iff-gr-or-eq set-vebt'-def)
ultimately have  $ma' = ma$  using case4(13) 5
by (metis <vebt-maxt s = Some ma'> aa both-member-options-equiv-member case4(12) insert-subset
maxbmo mem-Collect-eq not-less-iff-gr-or-eq set-vebt'-def)
then show ?thesis
using 5(1) <mi' = mi> sprop1 by force
qed
from 5(12) have acd:  $mi \neq ma \rightarrow$ 
 $(\forall i < 2 \wedge m.$ 
 $(high ma n = i \rightarrow \text{both-member-options} (\text{treeList}' ! i) (low ma n)) \wedge$ 
 $(\forall x. high x n = i \wedge \text{both-member-options} (\text{treeList}' ! i) (low x n) \rightarrow mi < x \wedge x \leq ma)$ )
apply cases using sprop1 apply simp
using sprop1 infsplit apply simp
using sprop1 infsplit apply simp
apply (metis case4(5) even-Suc odd-add sprop1)
apply (smt (z3) Suc-inject VEBT.inject(1) add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 case4(5) infsplit op-
tion.inject prod.inject sprop1)
done
hence length treeList' =  $2^m$ 
using sprop1 by fastforce
hence ac:length treeList' = length treeList using 5.hyps(2)
by (simp add: 5.hyps(2) sprop1)
from 5(12) have sumtreelistcong:  $\forall i < 2 \wedge m. (\exists x. \text{both-member-options} (\text{treeList}' ! i) x) =$ 
both-member-options summary' i
apply cases
using a0 apply linarith
apply (metis VEBT.inject(1) nth-mem sprop1)
using infsplit sprop1 apply force
apply (metis VEBT.inject(1) sprop1)
using sprop1 apply auto
done
hence membercong:i <  $2^m \Rightarrow \text{vebt-member} (\text{treeList} ! i) x \longleftrightarrow \text{vebt-member} (\text{treeList}' ! i) x$  for
i x
proof-
assume  $i < 2^m$ 
show vebt-member (treeList! i) x  $\longleftrightarrow$  vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x
proof
show vebt-member (treeList ! i) x  $\Rightarrow$  vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x

```

proof—

```
assume vebt-member (treeList ! i) x
hence aaa:both-member-options (treeList ! i) x
  by (metis <i < 2 ^ m> both-member-options-equiv-member case4(1) case4(4) nth-mem)
have x < 2 ^ n
  by (metis <i < 2 ^ m> <vebt-member (treeList ! i) x> case4(1) case4(4) member-bound
nth-mem)
hence both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) (2 ^ n * i + x)
  using both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree
    [of (2 ^ n * i + x) deg treeList mi ma summary] aaa high-inv[of x n i]
    <i < 2 ^ m> <vebt-member (treeList ! i) x> low-inv[of x n i]
  by (simp add: case4(4) case4(5) mult.commute sprop1)
hence vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) (2 ^ n * i + x) using
  valid-member-both-member-options[of (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) deg
2 ^ n * i + x]
  invar-vebt.intros(5)[of treeList n summary m deg mi ma] case4 by fastforce
hence mi < (2 ^ n * i + x) ∧ (2 ^ n * i + x) ≤ ma using vebt-mint.simps(3)[of mi ma deg treeList
summary]
  by (metis <i < 2 ^ m> <x < 2 ^ n> aaa case4(11) case4(4) case4(8) high-inv low-inv
mult.commute nth-mem)
moreover have both-member-options s (2 ^ n * i + x)
  using <vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) (2 ^ n * i + x)>
both-member-options-equiv-member case4(12) case4(13) case4(5) set-vebt'-def by auto
have acffs:both-member-options (treeList' ! (high ma n)) (low ma n)
  using acd calculation case4(10) high-bound-aux sprop1 verit-comp-simplify1(3) by blast
hence both-member-options (treeList' ! i) x
  using both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child[of deg mi ma treeList' summary'
2 ^ n * i + x]
  low-inv[of x n i] high-inv[of x n i]
  by (smt (z3) Nat.add-0-right <vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) (2 ^ n * i + x)> <x < 2 ^ n> a0 add-Suc-right add-leD1 both-member-options-equiv-member
calculation case4(12) case4(13) case4(5) diff-Suc-1 div-less div-mult-self4 infsplit le-add-diff-inverse2
mem-Collect-eq mult.commute mult-2 nat-1-add-1 nat-neq-iff one-less-numeral-iff semiring-norm(76)
sprop1 set-vebt'-def zero-neq-numeral)
then show vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x
  by (metis <i < 2 ^ m> nth-mem sprop1 valid-member-both-member-options)
qed
show vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x ==> vebt-member (treeList ! i) x
proof—
  assume vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x
  hence vebt-member s (2 ^ n * i + x) using sprop1 both-member-options-from-chilf-to-complete-tree
    [of (2 ^ n * i + x) deg treeList' mi ma summary]
  by (smt (z3) Nat.add-0-right Suc-leD <i < 2 ^ m> a0 add-Suc-right both-member-options-equiv-member
case4(12) case4(5) diff-Suc-1 div-less div-mult-self4 even-Suc high-def infsplit low-inv member-bound
mult.commute mult-2-right nat-1-add-1 nth-mem odd-add odd-two-times-div-two-nat plus-1-eq-Suc power-not-zero
zero-neq-numeral)
  hence mi < (2 ^ n * i + x) ∧ (2 ^ n * i + x) ≤ ma
    using vebt-mint.simps(3)[of mi ma deg treeList' summary] vebt-maxt.simps(3)[of mi ma deg
treeList' summary]
```

```

by (metis ‹i < 2 ^ m› ‹vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x› acd both-member-options-equiv-member
case4(12) high-inv infsplit low-inv member-bound mi-eq-ma-no-ch mult.commute nth-mem sprop1)
moreover have both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) (2 ^ n * i
+x)
by (metis ‹vebt-member s (2 ^ n * i + x)› add-leD1 both-member-options-equiv-member
both-member-options-from-child-to-complete-tree calculation case4(1) case4(13) case4(5) maxbmo vebt-maxt.simps(3)
mem-Collect-eq member-inv nat-neq-iff nth-mem one-add-one set-vebt'-def)
have invar-vebt (treeList' ! i) n
by (simp add: ‹i < 2 ^ m› sprop1)
hence x < 2 ^ n
using ‹vebt-member (treeList' ! i) x› member-bound by auto
hence both-member-options (treeList ! i) x
using both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child[of deg mi ma treeList summary (2 ^ n * i
+x)]
low-inv[of x n i] high-inv[of x n i]
by (smt (z3) Nat.add-0-right Suc-leD ‹both-member-options (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg
treeList summary) (2 ^ n * i + x)› ‹i < 2 ^ m› a0 add-Suc-right calculation case4(11) case4(5)
div-less div-mult-self4 mult.commute mult-2 nat-1-add-1 nat-neq-iff one-less-numeral-iff plus-1-eq-Suc
semiring-norm(76) sprop1 zero-neq-numeral)
then show ?thesis
by (metis ‹i < 2 ^ m› aca case4(1) nth-mem sprop1 valid-member-both-member-options)
qed
qed
qed
hence setcong: i < 2 ^ m  $\implies$  set-vebt' (treeList ! i) = set-vebt' (treeList' ! i) for i unfolding
set-vebt'-def by presburger
hence treecong: i < 2 ^ m  $\implies$  treeList ! i = treeList' ! i for i
by (metis case4(1) case4(4) nth-mem sprop1)
hence treeList = treeList'
by (metis aca case4(4) nth-equalityI)
have vebt-member summary x  $\longleftrightarrow$  vebt-member summary' x for x
by (metis ‹treeList = treeList'› both-member-options-equiv-member case4(3) case4(7) member-bound
sprop1 sumtreelistcong)
hence set-vebt' summary = set-vebt' summary' unfolding set-vebt'-def by auto
hence summary = summary'
using case4(2) sprop1 by blast
then show ?case
using ‹treeList = treeList'› infsplit sprop1 by fastforce
qed

```

corollary invar-vebt t n \implies set-vebt' t = {} \implies t = vebt-buildup n
by (metis buildup-gives-empty buildup-gives-valid deg-not-0 uniquetree)

corollary unique-tree: invar-vebt t n \implies invar-vebt s n \implies set-vebt t = set-vebt s \implies s = t
by (simp add: set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid uniquetree)

corollary invar-vebt t n \implies set-vebt t = {} \implies t = vebt-buildup n
by (metis buildup-gives-empty buildup-gives-valid deg-not-0 uniquetree set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid)

All valid trees can be generated by *vebt – insertion* chains on an empty tree with same

degree parameter:

```

inductive perInsTrans::VEBT  $\Rightarrow$  VEBT  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  perInsTrans t t|
  ( $t = \text{vebt-insert } s \ x$ )  $\implies$  perInsTrans t u  $\implies$  perInsTrans s u

lemma perIT-concat: perInsTrans s t  $\implies$  perInsTrans t u  $\implies$  perInsTrans s u
  by (induction s t rule: perInsTrans.induct) (simp add: perInsTrans.intros)+

lemma assumes invar-vebt t n shows
  perInsTrans (vebt-buildup n) t
proof -
  have finite A  $\implies$  invar-vebt s n  $\implies$  set-vebt' s = B  $\implies$  B  $\subseteq$  A  $\implies$  perInsTrans (vebt-buildup n) s
  for s A B
  proof (induction card B arbitrary: s B)
  case 0
  then show ?case
    by (metis buildup-gives-empty buildup-gives-valid card-eq-0-iff deg-not-0 perInsTrans.intros(1)
    set-vebt-finite unquietree)
  next
  case (Suc car)
  hence finite B
    by (meson rev-finite-subset)
  obtain x b where B = insert x b  $\wedge$  x  $\notin$  b
    by (metis Suc.hyps(2) card-Suc-eq)
  have set-vebt' (vebt-delete s x) = b
    using Suc.prems(2) Suc.prems(3) ‹B = insert x b  $\wedge$  x  $\notin$  b› delete-correct' by auto
  moreover hence perInsTrans (vebt-buildup n) (vebt-delete s x)
    by (metis Suc.hyps(1) Suc.hyps(2) Suc.prems(1) Suc.prems(2) Suc.prems(4) ‹B = insert x b  $\wedge$  x
     $\notin$  b› ‹finite B› card-insert-disjoint delete-pres-valid finite-insert nat.inject subset-insertI subset-trans)
    hence set-vebt' (vebt-insert (vebt-delete s x) x) = set-vebt' s
      by (metis Diff-insert-absorb Suc.prems(2) Suc.prems(3) Un-insert-right ‹B = insert x b  $\wedge$  x
       $\notin$  b› boolean-algebra-cancel.sup0 delete-pres-valid delete-correct' insertI1 insert-corr mem-Collect-eq
      member-bound set-vebt'-def)
    have invar-vebt (vebt-insert (vebt-delete s x) x) n
      by (metis Suc.prems(2) Suc.prems(3) ‹B = insert x b  $\wedge$  x  $\notin$  b› delete-pres-valid insertI1
      mem-Collect-eq member-bound set-vebt'-def valid-pres-insert)
    moreover hence vebt-insert (vebt-delete s x) x = s
      using Suc.prems(2) ‹set-vebt' (VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert (vebt-delete s x) x) = set-vebt' s› uni-
      quetree by force
    ultimately show ?case
      by (metis ‹perInsTrans (vebt-buildup n) (vebt-delete s x)› perIT-concat perInsTrans.intros(1)
      perInsTrans.intros(2))
  qed
  then show ?thesis
    by (meson assms equalityD1 set-vebt-finite)
  qed

end
end

```

```

theory VEBT-Height imports VEBT-Definitions Complex-Main
begin

context VEBT-internal begin

```

10 Heights of van Emde Boas Trees

```

fun height::VEBT ⇒ nat where
  height (Leaf a b) = 0|
  height (Node - deg treeList summary) = (1 + Max (height ` (insert summary (set treeList)))))

abbreviation lb x ≡ log 2 x

lemma setceilmax: invar-vebt s m ==> ∀ t ∈ set listy. invar-vebt t n
  ==> m = Suc n ==> (∀ t ∈ set listy. height t = ⌈lb n⌉) ==> height s = ⌈lb m⌉
  ==> Max (height ` (insert s (set listy))) = ⌈lb m⌉

proof(induction listy)
  case Nil
    hence Max (height ` (insert s (set []))) = height s by simp
    then show ?case using Nil by simp
  next
    case (Cons a list)
      have Max (height ` insert s (set (a # list))) =
        max (height a) (Max (height ` insert s (set (list))))
        by (simp add: insert-commute)
      moreover have max (height a) (Max (height ` insert s (set (list)))) = max (height a) ⌈lb m⌉
        using Cons.insert-iff list.simps(15) max-def-of-nat-max by force
      moreover have ∀ t ∈ set (a#list). invar-vebt t n using Cons by simp
      moreover hence invar-vebt a n by simp
      hence m ≥ n
        by (simp add: Cons.prems(3))
      hence lb m ≥ lb n
        using deg-not-0 ⟨invar-vebt a n⟩ by fastforce
      hence ⌈lb m⌉ ≥ ⌈lb n⌉
        by (simp add: ceiling-mono)
      moreover hence max ⌈log 2 n⌉ ⌈log 2 m⌉ = ⌈log 2 m⌉ by simp
      ultimately show ?case
        using Cons.prems(4) ⟨invar-vebt a n⟩
        by (metis list.set-intros(1))
  qed

```

```

lemma log-ceil-idem:
  assumes(x::real) ≥ 1
  shows ⌈lb x⌉ = ⌈lb ⌈x⌉⌉

proof-
  have ⌈log 2 x⌉ ≥ 0
    by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) assms zero-le-ceiling zero-le-log-cancel-iff)
  have ⌈log 2 x⌉ - 1 < log 2 x ∧ log 2 x ≤ ⌈log 2 x⌉

```

```

by linarith
moreover hence  $2^{\text{powr}(\lceil \log_2 x \rceil - 1)} < x \wedge x \leq 2^{\text{powr}(\lceil \log_2 x \rceil)}$ 
  by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) assms less-log-iff real-nat-ceiling-ge)
moreover hence  $2^{\text{powr}(\lceil \log_2 x \rceil - 1)} < \lceil x \rceil$  and  $\lceil x \rceil \leq 2^{\text{powr}(\lceil \log_2 x \rceil)}$ 
  apply linarith
  using < $0 \leq \lceil \log_2 x \rceil$ > calculation(2) ceiling-mono powr-int by fastforce
moreover hence  $\lceil \log_2 x \rceil - 1 < \log_2 \lceil x \rceil \wedge \log_2 \lceil x \rceil \leq \lceil \log_2 x \rceil$ 
  by (smt (verit, best) assms ceiling-correct less-log-iff)
ultimately show ?thesis
  by linarith
qed

lemma height-uplog-rel:invar-vb $t n \implies (\text{height } t) = \lceil \log_2 n \rceil$ 
proof(induction t n rule: invar-vb.induct)
  case (1 a b)
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (2 treeList n summary m deg)
  hence  $m \geq n$  by simp
  hence  $\log_2 m \geq \log_2 n$ 
    by (simp add: 2.hyps(3))
  hence  $\lceil \log_2 m \rceil \geq \lceil \log_2 n \rceil$ 
    by (simp add: 2.hyps(3))
  have Max (height ` (insert summary (set treeList))) =  $\lceil \log_2 m \rceil$ 
    by (smt (verit, best) 2.IH(1) 2.IH(2) 2.hyps(3) List.finite-set Max-in empty-is-image finite-imageI
finite-insert image-iff insert-iff insert-not-empty)
  hence height (Node None deg treeList summary) =  $1 + \lceil \log_2 m \rceil$  by simp
  moreover have  $1 + \lceil \log_2 m \rceil = \lceil 1 + \log_2 m \rceil$  by linarith
  moreover have  $1 + \log_2 m = \log_2 (2*m)$ 
    using 2.hyps(1) deg-not-0 log-mult by force
  moreover hence  $\lceil 1 + \log_2 m \rceil = \lceil \log_2 (2*m) \rceil$  by simp
  moreover hence  $\lceil \log_2 (2*m) \rceil = \lceil \log_2 (n+m) \rceil$ 
    using 2.hyps(3) by force
  ultimately show ?case
    using 2.hyps(4) by metis
next
  case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
  hence 00:  $n \geq 1 \wedge \text{Suc } n = m$ 
    using set-n-deg-not-0 by blast
  hence 0:m  $\geq n$  using 3 by simp
  hence 1: $\log_2 m \geq \log_2 n$ 
    using 3.IH(1) 3.hyps(2) set-n-deg-not-0 by fastforce
  hence 2: $\lceil \log_2 m \rceil \geq \lceil \log_2 n \rceil$ 
    by (simp add: ceiling-mono)
  have 3: Max (height ` (insert summary (set treeList))) =  $\lceil \log_2 m \rceil$ 
    using 3.IH(1) 3.IH(2) 3.hyps(3) List.finite-set Max-in empty-is-image
    finite-imageI finite-insert image-iff insert-iff insert-not-empty 3.hyps(1) setceilmax by auto
  hence 4:height (Node None deg treeList summary) =  $1 + \lceil \log_2 m \rceil$  by simp
  have 5:  $1 + \lceil \log_2 m \rceil = \lceil 1 + \log_2 m \rceil$  by linarith

```

```

have 6:1+ log 2 m = log 2 (m+m)
  using 3.hyps(1) deg-not-0 log-mult by force
hence 7:log 2 (m+n) = 1+log 2 ((n+m) / 2)
  by (simp add: 3.hyps(3) log-divide)
have 8:log 2 ((n+m) / 2) = log 2 (n + 1/2)
  by (smt (verit, best) 3.hyps(3) field-sum-of-halves of-nat-Suc of-nat-add)
have 9 : ⌈ log 2 (n + 1/2) ⌉ = ⌈ log 2 ⌈ n + 1/2 ⌉ ⌉
  by (smt (verit) 00 field-sum-of-halves log-ceil-idem of-nat-1 of-nat-mono)
hence 10: ⌈ n + 1/2 ⌉ = m using 00 by linarith
hence 11: ⌈ log 2 (n + 1/2) ⌉ = ⌈ log 2 m ⌉ using 9 by simp
hence 12: ⌈ 1+ log 2 (n + 1/2) ⌉ = ⌈ 1+ log 2 m ⌉
  by (smt (verit) ceiling-add-one)
hence ⌈ log 2 (n + n+1) ⌉ = ⌈ log 2 (m+m) ⌉
  using 3.hyps(3) 6 7 8 by force
then show ?case
  by (metis 12 3.hyps(4) 4 5 7 8 add.commute)
next
  case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence m ≥ n by simp
  hence log 2 m ≥ log 2 n
    by (simp add: 4.hyps(3))
  hence ⌈ log 2 m ⌉ ≥ ⌈ log 2 n ⌉
    by (simp add: 4.hyps(3))
  have Max (height ` (insert summary (set treeList))) = ⌈ log 2 m ⌉
    by (smt (verit, best) 4.IH(1) 4.IH(2) 4.hyps(3) List.finite-set Max-in empty-is-image finite-imageI
finite-insert image-iff insert-iff insert-not-empty)
  hence height (Node None deg treeList summary) = 1+ ⌈ log 2 m ⌉ by simp
  moreover have 1+ ⌈ log 2 m ⌉ = ⌈ 1+ log 2 m ⌉ by linarith
  moreover have 1+ log 2 m = log 2 (2*m)
    using 4.hyps(1) deg-not-0 log-mult by force
  moreover hence ⌈ 1+ log 2 m ⌉ = ⌈ log 2 (2*m) ⌉ by simp
  moreover hence ⌈ log 2 (2*m) ⌉ = ⌈ log 2 (n+m) ⌉
    using 4.hyps(3) by force
  ultimately show ?case
    by (metis 4.hyps(4) height.simps(2))
next
  case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence 00: n ≥ 1 ∧ Suc n = m
    using set-n-deg-not-0 by blast
  hence 0:m ≥ n using 5 by simp
  hence 1:log 2 m ≥ log 2 n
    using 5.IH(1) 5.hyps(2) set-n-deg-not-0 by fastforce
  hence 2: ⌈ log 2 m ⌉ ≥ ⌈ log 2 n ⌉
    by (simp add: ceiling-mono)
  have 3: Max (height ` (insert summary (set treeList))) = ⌈ log 2 m ⌉
    using 5.IH(1) 5.IH(2) 5.hyps(3) List.finite-set Max-in empty-is-image
    finite-imageI finite-insert image-iff insert-iff insert-not-empty 5.hyps(1) setceilmax by auto
  hence 4:height (Node None deg treeList summary) = 1+ ⌈ log 2 m ⌉ by simp
  have 5: 1+ ⌈ log 2 m ⌉ = ⌈ 1+ log 2 m ⌉ by linarith

```

```

have 6:1+ log 2 m = log 2 (m+m)
  using 5.hyps(1) deg-not-0 log-mult by force
hence 7:log 2 (m+n) = 1+log 2 ((n+m) / 2)
  by (simp add: 5.hyps(3) log-divide)
have 8:log 2 ((n+m) / 2) = log 2 (n + 1/2)
  by (smt (verit, best) 5.hyps(3) field-sum-of-halves of-nat-Suc of-nat-add)
have 9 : ⌈ log 2 (n + 1/2) ⌉ = ⌈ log 2 ⌈ n + 1/2 ⌉ ⌉
  by (smt (verit) 00 field-sum-of-halves log-ceil-idem of-nat-1 of-nat-mono)
hence 10: ⌈ n + 1/2 ⌉ = m using 00 by linarith
hence 11: ⌈ log 2 (n + 1/2) ⌉ = ⌈ log 2 m ⌉ using 9 by simp
hence 12: ⌈ 1+ log 2 (n + 1/2) ⌉ = ⌈ 1+ log 2 m ⌉
  by (smt (verit) ceiling-add-one)
hence ⌈ log 2 (n + n+1) ⌉ = ⌈ log 2 (m+m) ⌉
  using 5.hyps(3) 6 7 8 by force
then show ?case
  using 4 5 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4) 6 by force
qed

```

```

lemma two-powr-height-bound-deg:
  assumes invar-vbvt t n
  shows 2^(height t) ≤ 2*(n::nat)
proof-
  have (height t) = ⌈ log 2 n ⌉
    by (simp add: assms height-uplog-rel)
  moreover have ⌈ log 2 n ⌉ ≤ log 2 n + 1 by simp
  moreover hence 2 powr ⌈ log 2 n ⌉ ≤ 2 powr (log 2 n +1) by simp
  moreover have 2 powr (log 2 n +1) = 2 powr 1 * 2 powr (log 2 n)
    by (simp add: powr-add)
  moreover hence 2 powr (log 2 n +1) = 2 * n
    using assms deg-not-0 by force
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by (metis linorder-not-less not-one-le-zero of-int-0 of-int-less-iff of-int-numeral of-int-of-nat-eq
of-nat-le-iff one-add-one order-less-le powr-realpow real-of-nat-eq-numeral-power-cancel-iff zle-add1-eq-le)
qed

```

Main Theorem

```

theorem height-double-log-univ-size:
  assumes u = 2^deg and invar-vbvt t deg
  shows height t ≤ 1 + lb (lb u)
proof-
  have (height t) = ⌈ lb deg ⌉
    by (simp add: assms(2) height-uplog-rel)
  have 2^(height t) ≤ 2 * deg using assms(2) two-powr-height-bound-deg[of t deg]
    by (meson dual-order.eq-iff dual-order.trans self-le-ge2-pow)
  hence height t ≤ 1 + lb deg
    using ‹int (height t) = ⌈ lb (real deg) ⌉› by linarith
  hence height t ≤ 1 + lb (lb u) using assms by simp
  thus ?thesis by simp
qed

```

```

lemma height-compose-list:  $t \in \text{set treeList} \implies$ 
 $\text{Max}(\text{height} ` (\text{insert summary} (\text{set treeList}))) \geq \text{height } t$ 
apply(induction treeList) apply simp
by (meson List.finite-set Max-ge finite-imageI finite-insert image-eqI subsetD subset-insertI)

lemma height-compose-child:  $t \in \text{set treeList} \implies$ 
 $\text{height} (\text{Node info deg treeList summary}) \geq 1 + \text{height } t$  by simp

lemma height-compose-summary:  $\text{height} (\text{Node info deg treeList summary}) \geq 1 + \text{height summary}$ 
by simp

lemma height-i-max:  $i < \text{length } x13 \implies$ 
 $\text{height} (x13 ! i) \leq \text{max foo} (\text{Max}(\text{height} ` \text{set } x13))$ 
by (meson List.finite-set Max-ge finite-imageI max.coboundedI2 nth-mem rev-image-eqI)

lemma max-ins-scaled:  $n * \text{height } x14 \leq m + n * \text{Max} (\text{insert} (\text{height } x14) (\text{height} ` \text{set } x13))$ 
by (meson List.finite-set Max-ge finite-imageI finite-insert insertI1 mult-le-mono2 trans-le-add2)

lemma max-idx-list:
assumes  $i < \text{length } x13$ 
shows  $n * \text{height} (x13 ! i) \leq \text{Suc} (\text{Suc} (n * \text{max} (\text{height } x14)) (\text{Max} (\text{height} ` \text{set } x13)))$ 
by (metis assms height-i-max less-Suc-eq mult-le-mono2 nat-less-le)

end
end

theory VEBT-Bounds imports VEBT-Height VEBT-Member VEBT-Insert VEBT-Succ VEBT-Pred
begin

```

11 Upper Bounds for canonical Functions: Relationships between Run Time and Tree Heights

11.1 Membership test

context begin

interpretation VEBT-internal .

```

fun  $T_{\text{member}}::\text{VEBT} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$  where
 $T_{\text{member}} (\text{Leaf } a b) x = 2 + (\text{if } x = 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1 + (\text{if } x = 1 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1))|$ 
 $T_{\text{member}} (\text{Node None} \dots) x = 2|$ 
 $T_{\text{member}} (\text{Node - } 0 \dots) x = 2|$ 
 $T_{\text{member}} (\text{Node - } (\text{Suc } 0) \dots) x = 2|$ 
 $T_{\text{member}} (\text{Node } (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x = 2 + ($ 
 $\text{if } x = mi \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1 + ($ 
 $\text{if } x = ma \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1 + ($ 
 $\text{if } x < mi \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1 + ($ 
 $\text{if } x > ma \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 9 +$ 

```

```

(let
  h = high x (deg div 2);
  l = low x (deg div 2) in
(if h < length treeList
  then 1 + T_member (treeList ! h) l
  else 1)))))

fun T_member'::VEBT  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat where
  T_member' (Leaf a b) x = 1|
  T_member' (Node None ---) x = 1|
  T_member' (Node - 0 - -) x = 1|
  T_member' (Node - (Suc 0) - -) x = 1|
  T_member' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 1 +
  if x = mi then 0 else (
    if x = ma then 0 else (
      if x < mi then 0 else (
        if x > ma then 0 else if (x>mi  $\wedge$  x < ma) then
        (let
          h = high x (deg div 2);
          l = low x (deg div 2) in
          (if h < length treeList
            then T_member' (treeList ! h) l
            else 0))
        else 0))))
```

lemma height-node: invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) n
 \implies height (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ≥ 1
using height.simps(2) **by** presburger

theorem member-bound-height: invar-vebt t n \implies T_member t x $\leq (1 + \text{height } t) * 15$

proof(induction t n arbitrary: x rule: invar-vebt.induct)

case (1 a b)
then show ?case by simp

next

case (2 treeList n summary m deg)
then show ?case by simp

next

case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
then show ?case by simp

next

case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
hence n $\geq 1 \wedge m \geq 1$
by (metis Nat.add-0-right Suc-leI deg-not-0 plus-1-eq-Suc)
hence deg ≥ 2
by (simp add: 4.hyps(4))
then show ?case

proof(cases x = mi)

```

case True
hence  $T_{\text{member}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 3$ 
  using  $T_{\text{member}}.\text{simp}(5)[\text{of } mi \text{ ma } \text{deg} - 2 \text{ treeList summary } x]$ 
  by (smt (z3) Suc-1 Suc-diff-le Suc-eq-plus1 Suc-leD <2 ≤ deg> diff-Suc-1 diff-Suc-Suc eval-nat-numeral(3))
  then show ?thesis by simp
next
case False
hence  $x \neq mi$  by simp
hence  $1:T_{\text{member}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 3 + ($ 
   $\text{if } x = ma \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1 + ($ 
   $\text{if } x < mi \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1 + ($ 
   $\text{if } x > ma \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 9 +$ 
   $(\text{let } h = \text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2); l = \text{low } x (\text{deg div } 2) \text{ in}$ 
     $(\text{if } h < \text{length treeList}$ 
       $\text{then } 1 + T_{\text{member}}(\text{treeList} ! h) l$ 
       $\text{else } 1)))))$ 
using  $T_{\text{member}}.\text{simp}(5)[\text{of } mi \text{ ma } \text{deg} - 2 \text{ treeList summary } x]$ 
  by (smt (z3) One-nat-def Suc-1 <2 ≤ deg> add-Suc-shift le-add-diff-inverse numeral-3-eq-3
plus-1-eq-Suc)
  then show ?thesis
proof(cases  $x = ma$ )
  case True
  hence  $T_{\text{member}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 4$  using 1 by auto
  then show ?thesis by simp
next
  case False
  hence  $x \neq ma$  by simp
  hence  $2:T_{\text{member}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 4 + ($ 
     $\text{if } x < mi \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1 + ($ 
     $\text{if } x > ma \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 9 +$ 
     $(\text{let }$ 
       $h = \text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2);$ 
       $l = \text{low } x (\text{deg div } 2) \text{ in}$ 
       $(\text{if } h < \text{length treeList}$ 
         $\text{then } 1 + T_{\text{member}}(\text{treeList} ! h) l$ 
         $\text{else } 1))))$ 
  using 1 by simp
  then show ?thesis
proof(cases  $x < mi$ )
  case True
  hence  $T_{\text{member}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 5$  using 2 by auto
  then show ?thesis by simp
next
  case False
  hence  $x > mi$ 
    using  $\langle x \neq mi \rangle \text{ antisym-conv3}$  by blast
  hence  $3:T_{\text{member}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 5 + ($ 
     $\text{if } x > ma \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 9 +$ 
     $(\text{let } h = \text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2); l = \text{low } x (\text{deg div } 2) \text{ in}$ 

```

```

(if  $h < \text{length } \text{treeList}$ 
  then  $1 + T_{\text{member}}(\text{treeList} ! h) l$ 
  else 1)))
using 2 by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases  $x > ma$ )
  case True
  hence  $T_{\text{member}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 6$  using 3 by simp
  then show ?thesis by simp
next
  case False
  hence  $x < ma$ 
    by (meson ‹ $x \neq ma$ › nat-neq-iff)
  hence 4: $T_{\text{member}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 14 +$ 
    ( $\text{let } ?h = \text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2); ?l = \text{low } x (\deg \text{div } 2) \text{ in}$ 
     ( $\text{if } h < \text{length } \text{treeList}$ 
      then  $1 + T_{\text{member}}(\text{treeList} ! h) l$ 
      else 1)))
  using 3 by simp
  let ?h =  $\text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2)$ 
  let ?l =  $\text{low } x (\deg \text{div } 2)$ 
  have ?h <  $\text{length } \text{treeList}$ 
    using 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(8) ‹ $x < ma$ › high-bound-aux by force
  hence 5: $T_{\text{member}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 15 + T_{\text{member}}(\text{treeList}$ 
! ?h) ?l
    using 4 by presburger
    moreover have invar-vbvt ( $\text{treeList} ! ?h$ )  $n \wedge (\text{treeList} ! ?h) \in \text{set } \text{treeList}$ 
      using 4.IH(1) ‹ $\text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2) < \text{length } \text{treeList}$ › nth-mem by blast
      moreover hence  $T_{\text{member}}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l \leq (1 + \text{height } (\text{treeList} ! ?h)) * 15$  using
        4.IH(1) by simp
      ultimately have 6: $T_{\text{member}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq$ 
         $15 + 15 * (1 + \text{height } (\text{treeList} ! ?h))$  by simp
      moreover have i <  $\text{length } \text{treeList} \implies$ 
         $\text{height } (\text{treeList} ! i) \leq \text{Max } (\text{height } `(\text{insert summary } (\text{set } \text{treeList}))) \text{ for } i$ 
        apply (induction  $\text{treeList}$  arbitrary: i)
        apply simp
        apply (meson List.finite-set Max-ge finite-imageI finite-insert image-iff nth-mem subsetD
          subset-insertI)
        done
      moreover hence  $(1 + \text{height } (\text{treeList} ! ?h)) \leq \text{height } (\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList}$ 
        summary)
        by (simp add: ‹ $\text{high } x (\deg \text{div } 2) < \text{length } \text{treeList}$ ›)
      moreover hence  $14 * (1 + \text{height } (\text{treeList} ! ?h)) \leq 14 * \text{height } (\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma))$ 
         $\deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary})$  by simp
      ultimately show ?thesis using 6 algebra-simps add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(2)
        mult.right-neutral order-trans by force
    qed
    qed
    qed

```

```

qed
next
  case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence n ≥ 1 ∧ m ≥ 1
    by (metis le-add1 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
  hence deg ≥ 2
    by (simp add: 5.hyps(4))
  then show ?case
  proof(cases x = mi)
    case True
    hence T_member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 3
      using T_member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary x]
      by (smt (z3) One-nat-def Suc-nat-number-of-add ‹2 ≤ deg› le-add-diff-inverse numeral-3-eq-3
numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2))
    then show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case False
    hence x ≠ mi by simp
    hence 1:T_member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 3 + (
      if x = ma then 1 else 1 +
      if x < mi then 1 else 1 +
      if x > ma then 1 else 9 +
      (let h = high x (deg div 2); l = low x (deg div 2) in
        (if h < length treeList
          then 1 + T_member (treeList ! h) l
          else 1))))
    using T_member.simps(5)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary x]
    by (smt (z3) One-nat-def Suc-1 ‹2 ≤ deg› add-Suc-shift le-add-diff-inverse numeral-3-eq-3
plus-1-eq-Suc)
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases x = ma)
      case True
      hence T_member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 4 using 1 by auto
      then show ?thesis by simp
    next
      case False
      hence x ≠ ma by simp
      hence 2:T_member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 4 + (
        if x < mi then 1 else 1 +
        if x > ma then 1 else 9 +
        (let h = high x (deg div 2); l = low x (deg div 2) in
          (if h < length treeList
            then 1 + T_member (treeList ! h) l
            else 1)))
      using 1 by simp
      then show ?thesis
      proof(cases x < mi)
        case True
        hence T_member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 5 using 2 by auto

```

```

then show ?thesis by simp
next
  case False
  hence  $x > mi$ 
    using ‹ $x \neq mi$ › antisym-conv3 by blast
  hence  $3:T_{member}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } treeList \text{ summary}) x = 5 + ($ 
     $\text{if } x > ma \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 9 +$ 
     $(\text{let } h = \text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2); l = \text{low } x (\text{deg div } 2) \text{ in}$ 
     $(\text{if } h < \text{length } treeList \text{ then } 1 + T_{member}(treeList ! h) l \text{ else } 1))$ 
    using 2 by simp
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases  $x > ma$ )
    case True
    hence  $T_{member}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } treeList \text{ summary}) x = 6$  using 3 by simp
    then show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case False
    hence  $x < ma$ 
      by (meson ‹ $x \neq ma$ › nat-neq-iff)
    hence  $4:T_{member}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } treeList \text{ summary}) x = 14 +$ 
       $(\text{let } h = \text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2); l = \text{low } x (\text{deg div } 2) \text{ in}$ 
       $(\text{if } h < \text{length } treeList$ 
       $\text{then } 1 + T_{member}(treeList ! h) l$ 
       $\text{else } 1))$ 
      using 3 by simp
    let ?h =  $\text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2)$ 
    let ?l =  $\text{low } x (\text{deg div } 2)$ 
    have ?h <  $\text{length } treeList$ 
      by (metis 5.hyps(2) 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4) 5.hyps(8) ‹ $x < ma$ › add-Suc-right add-self-div-2
      even-Suc-div-two high-bound-aux odd-add order.strict-trans)
    hence  $5:T_{member}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } treeList \text{ summary}) x = 15 + T_{member}(treeList$ 
    ! ?h) ?l
      using 4 by presburger
      moreover have invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n  $\wedge$  (treeList ! ?h)  $\in$  set treeList
        using 5.IH(1) ‹ $\text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2) < \text{length } treeList$ › nth-mem by blast
        moreover hence  $T_{member}(treeList ! ?h) ?l \leq (1 + \text{height}(treeList ! ?h)) * 15$  using
        5.IH(1) by simp
        ultimately have  $6:T_{member}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } treeList \text{ summary}) x \leq$ 
           $15 + 15 * (1 + \text{height}(treeList ! ?h))$ 
        by simp
        moreover have  $i < \text{length } treeList \implies$ 
           $\text{height}(treeList ! i) \leq \text{Max}(\text{height} ` (\text{insert summary} (\text{set } treeList)))$  for i
        apply (induction treeList arbitrary: i)
        apply simp
        apply (meson List.finite-set Max-ge finite-imageI finite-insert image-iff nth-mem subsetD
        subset-insertI)
        done
        moreover hence  $(1 + \text{height}(treeList ! ?h)) \leq \text{height}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } treeList$ 
        summary)

```

```

    by (simp add: ‹high x (deg div 2) < length treeList›)
  moreover hence  $15 * (1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList} ! ?h)) \leq 15 * \text{height}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)))$ 
  deg treeList summary) by simp
    ultimately show ?thesis using 6
      algebra-simps add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(2) mult.right-neutral order-trans by force
    qed
  qed
  qed
  qed
qed

theorem member-bound-height': invar-vb t n  $\implies T_{\text{member}}'(t x) \leq (1 + \text{height } t)$ 
proof(induction t n arbitrary: x rule: invar-vb.induct)
  case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence  $n \geq 1 \wedge m \geq 1$ 
    by (metis Nat.add-0-right Suc-leI deg-not-0 plus-1-eq-Suc)
  hence deg  $\geq 2$ 
    by (simp add: 4.hyps(4))
  then show ?case
  proof(cases x = mi)
    case True
    hence  $T_{\text{member}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x = 1$ 
      using  $T_{\text{member}}'.\text{simp}(5)[\text{of } mi \text{ ma deg } -2 \text{ treeList summary } x]$ 
      by (smt (z3) One-nat-def ‹2 ≤ deg› add-2-eq-Suc ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.add-diff-inverse
plus-1-eq-Suc)
    then show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case False
    hence x ≠ mi by simp
    hence 1: $T_{\text{member}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x = 1 + ($ 
      if x = ma then 0 else (
      if x < mi then 0 else (
      if x > ma then 0 else
        (let h = high x (deg div 2); l = low x (deg div 2) in
        (if h < length treeList
          then  $T_{\text{member}}'(\text{treeList} ! h) l$ 
          else 0)))))
    using  $T_{\text{member}}'.\text{simp}(5)[\text{of } mi \text{ ma deg } -2 \text{ treeList summary } x]$ 
    by (smt (z3) ‹2 ≤ deg› add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse linorder-not-less nat-less-le)
    then show ?thesis
  proof(cases x = ma)
    case True
    hence  $T_{\text{member}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x = 1$  using 1 by auto
    then show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case False
    hence x ≠ ma by simp
    hence 2: $T_{\text{member}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x = 1 + ($ 
      if x < mi then 0 else (

```

```

if  $x > ma$  then 0 else
  (let  $h = \text{high } x (\deg \text{ div } 2)$ ;  $l = \text{low } x (\deg \text{ div } 2)$  in
    (if  $h < \text{length treeList}$ 
      then  $T_{\text{member}}'(\text{treeList} ! h) l$ 
      else 0)))
using 1 by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases  $x < mi$ )
  case True
  hence  $T_{\text{member}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x = 1$  using 2 by auto
  then show ?thesis by simp
next
  case False
  hence  $x > mi$ 
    using ‹ $x \neq mi$ › antisym-conv3 by blast
  hence  $3:T_{\text{member}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x = 1 + ($ 
    if  $x > ma$  then 0 else
    (let  $h = \text{high } x (\deg \text{ div } 2)$ ;  $l = \text{low } x (\deg \text{ div } 2)$  in
      (if  $h < \text{length treeList}$ 
        then  $T_{\text{member}}'(\text{treeList} ! h) l$ 
        else 0)))
    using 2 by simp
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases  $x > ma$ )
    case True
    hence  $T_{\text{member}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x = 1$  using 3 by simp
    then show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case False
    hence  $x < ma$ 
      by (meson ‹ $x \neq ma$ › nat-neq-iff)
    hence  $4:T_{\text{member}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x = 1 +$ 
      (let  $h = \text{high } x (\deg \text{ div } 2)$ ;  $l = \text{low } x (\deg \text{ div } 2)$  in
        (if  $h < \text{length treeList}$ 
          then  $T_{\text{member}}'(\text{treeList} ! h) l$ 
          else 0)))
    using 3 by simp
    let ?h =  $\text{high } x (\deg \text{ div } 2)$ 
    let ?l =  $\text{low } x (\deg \text{ div } 2)$ 
    have ?h < length treeList
      using 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(8) ‹ $x < ma$ › high-bound-aux by force
    hence  $5:T_{\text{member}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x = 1 + T_{\text{member}}'(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l$ 
      using 4 by presburger
      moreover have invar-vbvt (treeList ! ?h) n ∧ (treeList ! ?h) ∈ set treeList
        using 4.IH(1) ‹ $\text{high } x (\deg \text{ div } 2) < \text{length treeList}$ › nth-mem by blast
        moreover hence  $T_{\text{member}}'(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l \leq (1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList} ! ?h)) * 1$  using
        4.IH(1) by simp
        ultimately have  $6:T_{\text{member}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x \leq$ 

```

```


$$1 + (1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList} ! ?h)) \text{ by } \text{simp}$$

moreover have  $i < \text{length treeList} \implies$ 

$$\text{height}(\text{treeList} ! i) \leq \text{Max}(\text{height} ` (\text{insert summary}(\text{set treeList}))) \text{ for } i$$

apply (induction treeList arbitrary: i)
apply simp
apply (meson List.finite-set Max-ge finite-imageI finite-insert image-iff nth-mem subsetD subset-insertI)
done
moreover hence  $(1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList} ! ?h)) \leq \text{height}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary})$ 
by (simp add: <high x (deg div 2) < length treeList)
moreover hence  $14 * (1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList} ! ?h)) \leq 14 * \text{height}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary})$  by simp
ultimately show ?thesis using 6 algebra-simps add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(2)
mult.right-neutral order-trans by force
qed
qed
qed
qed
next
case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
hence  $n \geq 1 \wedge m \geq 1$ 
by (metis le-add1 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
hence  $\text{deg} \geq 2$ 
by (simp add: 5.hyps(4))
then show ?case
proof(cases x = mi)
case True
hence  $T_{\text{member}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x = 1$ 
using  $T_{\text{member}}'.\text{simps}(5)[\text{of } mi \text{ ma } \text{deg} - 2 \text{ treeList summary } x]$ 
by (smt (z3) One-nat-def <2 ≤ deg add-2-eq-Suc ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.add-diff-inverse plus-1-eq-Suc)
then show ?thesis by simp
next
case False
hence  $x \neq mi$  by simp
hence  $1:T_{\text{member}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x = 1 + ($ 

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{if } x = ma \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } ( \\ &\text{if } x < mi \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } ( \\ &\text{if } x > ma \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } \\ &(\text{let } h = \text{high } x (\text{deg div 2}); l = \text{low } x (\text{deg div 2}) \text{ in} \\ &(\text{if } h < \text{length treeList} \\ &\text{then } T_{\text{member}}'(\text{treeList} ! h) l \\ &\text{else } 0)))) \end{aligned}$$

using  $T_{\text{member}}'.\text{simps}(5)[\text{of } mi \text{ ma } \text{deg} - 2 \text{ treeList summary } x]$ 
by (smt (z3) <2 ≤ deg add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse linorder-not-less nat-less-le)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases x = ma)
case True

```

```

hence  $T_{member}'(Node(Some(mi, ma)) \deg treeList summary) x = 1$  using 1 by auto
then show ?thesis by simp
next
case False
hence  $x \neq ma$  by simp
hence  $2:T_{member}'(Node(Some(mi, ma)) \deg treeList summary) x = 1 + ($ 
    if  $x < mi$  then 0 else (
        if  $x > ma$  then 0 else
        (let  $h = high x (\deg div 2)$ ;  $l = low x (\deg div 2)$  in
        (if  $h < length treeList$ 
            then  $T_{member}'(treeList ! h) l$ 
            else 0)))
    using 1 by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases x < mi)
case True
hence  $T_{member}'(Node(Some(mi, ma)) \deg treeList summary) x = 1$  using 2 by auto
then show ?thesis by simp
next
case False
hence  $x > mi$ 
using  $\langle x \neq mi \rangle antisym\text{-conv3}$  by blast
hence  $3:T_{member}'(Node(Some(mi, ma)) \deg treeList summary) x = 1 + ($ 
    if  $x > ma$  then 0 else
    (let  $h = high x (\deg div 2)$ ;  $l = low x (\deg div 2)$  in
    (if  $h < length treeList$ 
        then  $T_{member}'(treeList ! h) l$ 
        else 0)))
using 2 by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases x > ma)
case True
hence  $T_{member}'(Node(Some(mi, ma)) \deg treeList summary) x = 1$  using 3 by simp
then show ?thesis by simp
next
case False
hence  $x < ma$ 
by (meson  $\langle x \neq ma \rangle nat\text{-neq}\text{-iff}$ )
hence  $4:T_{member}'(Node(Some(mi, ma)) \deg treeList summary) x = 1 + ($ 
    (let  $h = high x (\deg div 2)$ ;  $l = low x (\deg div 2)$  in
    (if  $h < length treeList$ 
        then  $T_{member}'(treeList ! h) l$ 
        else 0)))
using 3 by simp
let ?h =  $high x (\deg div 2)$ 
let ?l =  $low x (\deg div 2)$ 
have ?h <  $length treeList$ 
using 5.hyps(2) 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4) 5.hyps(8)  $\langle x < ma \rangle high\text{-bound}\text{-aux}$ 
by (metis add-Suc-right add-self-div-2 even-Suc-div-two odd-add order.strict-trans)

```

```

hence 5: $T_{member}'(Node(Some(mi, ma)) \deg treeList summary) x = 1 + T_{member}'(treeList ! ?h) ?l$ 
using 4 by presburger
moreover have invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n  $\wedge$  (treeList ! ?h)  $\in$  set treeList
using 5.IH(1) <high x (deg div 2) < length treeList> nth-mem by blast
moreover hence  $T_{member}'(treeList ! ?h) ?l \leq (1 + height(treeList ! ?h)) * 1$  using
5.IH(1) by simp
ultimately have 6: $T_{member}'(Node(Some(mi, ma)) \deg treeList summary) x \leq$ 
 $1 + (1 + height(treeList ! ?h))$  by simp
moreover have i < length treeList  $\implies$ 
height (treeList ! i)  $\leq$  Max (height ` (insert summary (set treeList))) for i
apply (induction treeList arbitrary: i)
apply simp
apply (meson List.finite-set Max-ge finite-imageI finite-insert image-iff nth-mem subsetD
subset-insertI)
done
moreover hence  $(1 + height(treeList ! ?h)) \leq height(Node(Some(mi, ma)) \deg treeList$ 
summary)
by (simp add: <high x (deg div 2) < length treeList>)
moreover hence  $14 * (1 + height(treeList ! ?h)) \leq 14 * height(Node(Some(mi, ma))$ 
deg treeList summary) by simp
ultimately show ?thesis using 6 algebra-simps add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(2)
mult.right-neutral order-trans by force
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed simp+

```

theorem member-bound-size-univ: invar-vebt t n \implies u = $2^n \implies T_{member} t x \leq 30 + 15 * lb(lb$ u)

using member-bound-height[of t n x] height-double-log-univ-size[of u n t] algebra-simps **by simp**

11.2 Minimum, Maximum, Emptiness Test

```

fun  $T_{mint}::VEBT \Rightarrow nat$  where
 $T_{mint}(Leaf a b) = (1 + (\text{if } a \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } 1 + (\text{if } b \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1)))$ |
 $T_{mint}(Node None \dots) = 1$ |
 $T_{mint}(Node(Some(mi, ma)) \dots) = 1$ 

```

lemma mint-bound: $T_{mint} t \leq 3$ **by** (induction t rule: $T_{mint}.induct$) auto

```

fun  $T_{maxt}::VEBT \Rightarrow nat$  where
 $T_{maxt}(Leaf a b) = (1 + (\text{if } b \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1 + (\text{if } a \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1)))$ |
 $T_{maxt}(Node None \dots) = 1$ |
 $T_{maxt}(Node(Some(mi, ma)) \dots) = 1$ 

```

```
lemma maxt-bound:  $T_{maxt} t \leq 3$  by (induction t rule:  $T_{maxt}.induct$ ) auto
```

```
fun  $T_{minNull} :: VEBT \Rightarrow nat$  where
   $T_{minNull} (\text{Leaf } \text{False } \text{False}) = 1 |$ 
   $T_{minNull} (\text{Leaf } \text{-- }) = 1 |$ 
   $T_{minNull} (\text{Node } \text{None } \text{-- } \text{-- }) = 1 |$ 
   $T_{minNull} (\text{Node } (\text{Some } \text{-}) \text{-- } \text{-- }) = 1$ 
```

```
lemma minNull-bound:  $T_{minNull} t \leq 1$ 
by (metis  $T_{minNull}.elims$  order-refl)
```

11.3 Insertion

```
fun  $T_{insert} :: VEBT \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat$  where
   $T_{insert} (\text{Leaf } a b) x = 1 + (\text{if } x=0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1 + (\text{if } x=1 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1)) |$ 
   $T_{insert} (\text{Node info } 0 ts s) x = 1 |$ 
   $T_{insert} (\text{Node info } (\text{Suc } 0) ts s) x = 1 |$ 
   $T_{insert} (\text{Node None } (\text{Suc } \text{deg}) \text{ treeList } \text{summary}) x = 2 |$ 
   $T_{insert} (\text{Node } (\text{Some } (mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList } \text{summary}) x = 19 +$ 
  ( $\text{let } xn = (\text{if } x < mi \text{ then } mi \text{ else } x); minn = (\text{if } x < mi \text{ then } x \text{ else } mi);$ 
    $l = \text{low } xn \text{ (deg div } 2\text{)}; h = \text{high } xn \text{ (deg div } 2\text{)}$ 
    $\text{in}$ 
   ( $\text{if } h < \text{length } \text{treeList} \wedge \neg (x = mi \vee x = ma) \text{ then}$ 
     $T_{insert} (\text{treeList } ! h) l + T_{minNull} (\text{treeList } ! h) +$ 
    ( $\text{if } \text{minNull} (\text{treeList } ! h) \text{ then } T_{insert} \text{ summary } h \text{ else } 1$ 
      $\text{else } 1))$ 
```

```
fun  $T_{insert}' :: VEBT \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat$  where
   $T_{insert}' (\text{Leaf } a b) x = 1 |$ 
   $T_{insert}' (\text{Node info } 0 ts s) x = 1 |$ 
   $T_{insert}' (\text{Node info } (\text{Suc } 0) ts s) x = 1 |$ 
   $T_{insert}' (\text{Node None } (\text{Suc } \text{deg}) \text{ treeList } \text{summary}) x = 1 |$ 
   $T_{insert}' (\text{Node } (\text{Some } (mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList } \text{summary}) x =$ 
  ( $\text{let } xn = (\text{if } x < mi \text{ then } mi \text{ else } x); minn = (\text{if } x < mi \text{ then } x \text{ else } mi);$ 
    $l = \text{low } xn \text{ (deg div } 2\text{)}; h = \text{high } xn \text{ (deg div } 2\text{)}$ 
    $\text{in}$  ( $\text{if } h < \text{length } \text{treeList} \wedge \neg (x = mi \vee x = ma) \text{ then}$ 
     $T_{insert}' (\text{treeList } ! h) l +$ 
    ( $\text{if } \text{minNull} (\text{treeList } ! h) \text{ then } T_{insert}' \text{ summary } h \text{ else } 1) \text{ else } 1))$ 
```

```
lemma insersimp:assumes invar-vebt t n and  $\nexists x. \text{both-member-options } t x$  shows  $T_{insert} t y \leq 3$ 
```

proof –

```
from assms(1) show ?thesis
proof(cases)
  case (1 a b)
  then show ?thesis by simp
next
  case (2 treeList n summary m)
```

```

hence  $n+m \geq 2$ 
  by (metis add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff)
then show ?thesis using  $T_{\text{insert}}.\text{simp}(4)[\text{of } n+m-2 \text{ treeList summary } y]$ 
  by (metis 2(1) 2(6) add.commute add-2-eq-Suc le-add2 numeral-3-eq-3 ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.add-d
next
  case (3 treeList n summary m)
  hence  $n+m \geq 2$ 
  by (metis add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) le-add1 nat-1-add-1 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
  then show ?thesis using  $T_{\text{insert}}.\text{simp}(4)[\text{of } n+m-2 \text{ treeList summary } y]$ 
  by (metis 3(1) 3(6) add.commute add-2-eq-Suc le-add2 numeral-3-eq-3 ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.add-d
next
  case (4 treeList n summary m mi ma)
  hence membermima (Node (Some (mi, ma)) (n+m) treeList summary) mi
    by (metis Suc-pred assms(1) deg-not-0 membermima.simps(4))
  hence False
    using 4(1) 4(6) assms(2) both-member-options-def by blast
  then show ?thesis by simp
next
  case (5 treeList n summary m mi ma)
  hence membermima (Node (Some (mi, ma)) (n+m) treeList summary) mi
    by (metis Suc-pred assms(1) deg-not-0 membermima.simps(4))
  hence False
    using 5(1) 5(6) assms(2) both-member-options-def by blast
  then show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed

lemma insertsimp: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  minNull t  $\implies$   $T_{\text{insert}} t l \leq 3$ 
  using insersimp min-Null-member valid-member-both-member-options by blast

lemma insersimp':assumes invar-vebt t n and  $\nexists x. \text{both-member-options } t x$  shows  $T_{\text{insert}}' t y \leq 1$ 
  using assms(1)
  apply cases
  apply simp
  apply (metis add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff  $T_{\text{insert}}'.\text{simp}(4)$  add-2-eq-Suc dual-order.refl less-eqE)
  apply (cases  $n \geq 2$ )
  apply (smt (z3)  $T_{\text{insert}}'.\text{simp}(4)[\text{of } n-2]$   $T_{\text{insert}}'.\text{elim}$ s le-Suc-eq add-2-eq-Suc le-refl ordered-cancel-comm-monoid
  apply (metis Suc-1 add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) le-add1 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
  apply (cases  $n \geq 2$ )
  apply (metis Suc-pred assms(1) assms(2) both-member-options-def deg-not-0 membermima.simps(4))
  apply (metis add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff  $T_{\text{insert}}'.\text{simp}(4)$  add-2-eq-Suc dual-order.refl less-eqE)
  apply (cases  $n \geq 2$ )
  apply (metis Suc-pred assms(1) assms(2) both-member-options-def deg-not-0 membermima.simps(4))
  apply (metis Suc-1 add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) le-add1 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
  done

```

lemma *insertsimp': invar-vebt t n \implies minNull t \implies $T_{\text{insert}}' t l \leq 1$*
using *insersimp' min-Null-member valid-member-both-member-options by blast*

theorem *insert-bound-height: invar-vebt t n \implies $T_{\text{insert}} t x \leq (1 + \text{height } t) * 23$*

proof(*induction t n arbitrary: x rule: invar-vebt.induct*)

- case** (*1 a b*)
- then show** *?case*
- using** *$T_{\text{insert}}.\text{simps}(1)[\text{of } a b x]$ height.simps(1)[of a b] by simp+*
- next**
- case** (*2 treeList n summary m deg*)
- hence** *deg ≥ 2*
- by** (*metis add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff*)
- moreover hence** *height (Node None deg treeList summary) ≥ 1* **using** *height.simps(2)[of None deg treeList summary] by simp*
- ultimately show** *?case using $T_{\text{insert}}.\text{simps}(4)[\text{of deg-2treeList summary } x]$ algebra-simps*
- by** (*smt (z3) Suc-1 add-lessD1 eval-nat-numeral(3) le-add-diff-inverse less-Suc-eq-le linorder-not-less mult.left-neutral plus-1-eq-Suc*)
- next**
- case** (*3 treeList n summary m deg*)
- hence** *deg ≥ 2*
- by** (*metis Suc-1 add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) le-add1 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0*)
- moreover hence** *height (Node None deg treeList summary) ≥ 1* **using** *height.simps(2)[of None deg treeList summary] by simp*
- ultimately show** *?case using $T_{\text{insert}}.\text{simps}(4)[\text{of deg-2treeList summary } x]$ algebra-simps*
- by** (*smt (z3) Suc-1 add-lessD1 eval-nat-numeral(3) le-add-diff-inverse less-Suc-eq-le linorder-not-less mult.left-neutral plus-1-eq-Suc*)
- next**
- case** (*4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma*)
- hence** *deg ≥ 2*
- by** (*metis add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff*)
- let** *?xn = (if x < mi then mi else x)*
- let** *?minn = (if x < mi then x else mi)*
- let** *?l = low ?xn (deg div 2)*
- let** *?h = high ?xn (deg div 2)*
- show** *?case*
- proof**(*cases x < mi*)
- case** *True*
- hence** *0: $T_{\text{insert}} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x = 19 + (\text{if } ?h < \text{length treeList} \wedge \neg (x = mi \vee x = ma) \text{ then } T_{\text{insert}} (\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l + T_{\text{minNull}} (\text{treeList} ! ?h) + (\text{if minNull } (\text{treeList} ! ?h) \text{ then } T_{\text{insert}} \text{ summary } ?h \text{ else } 1) \text{ else } 1)$*
- using** *$T_{\text{insert}}.\text{simps}(5)[\text{of } mi \ ma \ \text{deg } -2 \ \text{treeList summary } x]$*
- by** (*smt (z3) <2 \leq deg add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse*)
- then show** *?thesis*
- proof**(*cases ?h < length treeList $\wedge \neg (x = mi \vee x = ma)$*)
- case** *True*
- hence** *1: $T_{\text{insert}} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x = 19 + T_{\text{insert}} (\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l + T_{\text{minNull}} (\text{treeList} ! ?h) +$*

```

(if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then Tinsert summary ?h else 1)
using 0 by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull (treeList ! ?h))
  case True
    hence Tinsert (treeList ! ?h) ?l ≤ 3
      by (smt (z3) 0 1 4.IH(1) insertsimp le-add1 nat-add-left-cancel-le nth-mem numeral-3-eq-3
order-trans plus-1-eq-Suc)
    hence 2: Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 22 +
      TminNull (treeList ! ?h) +
        (if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then Tinsert summary ?h else 1)
    using 1 algebra-simps by simp
    hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 23 +
      (if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then Tinsert summary ?h else 1)
    by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) add.commute minNull-bound nat-add-left-cancel-le numeral-Bit0
numeral-Bit1 order-trans)
    hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 23 + Tinsert summary ?h
using True by simp
  hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 23 + (height summary
+1)*23 using 4.IH(2)
  by (smt (verit) add.commute add-le-cancel-left add-le-mono add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1)
nat-add-left-cancel-le)
  hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ ((1+ height summary)+1
)*23 by simp
  then show ?thesis using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList]
algebra-simps
  by (simp add: <1 + height summary ≤ height (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList
summary)> <Tinsert (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ (1 + height summary +
1) * 23> add.assoc add.commute add.left-commute add-diff-eq diff-add-eq diff-diff-add diff-diff-eq2
diff-eq-eq diff-le-eq diff-less-eq distrib-left distrib-right eq-diff-eq le-diff-eq left-diff-distrib left-diff-distrib'
less-diff-eq mult.assoc mult.commute mult.left-commute power-mult-distrib right-diff-distrib right-diff-distrib'
scaleR-add-left scaleR-add-right scale-left-diff-distrib scale-right-diff-distrib add-mono le-trans mult-le-mono
order-refl)
next
  case False
  hence 2:Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 20 +
    Tinsert (treeList ! ?h) ?l + TminNull (treeList ! ?h) using 1 by simp
  hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 23 + Tinsert (treeList ! ?h)
?l
  using minNull-bound[of treeList ! ?h] algebra-simps by linarith
  hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 23 + (1+ height (treeList !
?h))*23
    by (meson 4.IH(1) True nat-add-left-cancel-le nth-mem order-trans)
  hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ ((1+ height (treeList ! ?h))+1)*23
by simp
  moreover have (treeList! ?h) ∈ set treeList
    using True nth-mem by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis using height-compose-child[of treeList! ?h treeList Some (mi, ma) deg
summary] algebra-simps

```

```

by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) Suc-leI add.right-neutral le-add1 le-imp-less-Suc mult-le-mono
order-trans plus-1-eq-Suc)
qed
next
case False
then show ?thesis
using 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(7) 4.hyps(8) True high-bound-aux by auto
qed
next
case False
hence 0:Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 19+
(if ?h < length treeList ∧ ¬(x = mi ∨ x = ma) then
Tinsert (treeList ! ?h) ?l + TminNull (treeList ! ?h) +
(if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then Tinsert summary ?h else 1) else 1)
using Tinsert.simps(5)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary x]
by (smt (z3) ‹2 ≤ deg› add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?h < length treeList ∧ ¬(x = mi ∨ x = ma))
case True
hence 1: Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 19+
Tinsert (treeList ! ?h) ?l + TminNull (treeList ! ?h) +
(if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then Tinsert summary ?h else 1)
using 0 by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull (treeList ! ?h))
case True
hence Tinsert (treeList ! ?h) ?l ≤ 3
by (smt (z3) 0 1 4.IH(1) insertsimp le-add1 nat-add-left-cancel-le nth-mem numeral-3-eq-3
order-trans plus-1-eq-Suc)
hence 2: Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 22 +
TminNull (treeList ! ?h) +
(if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then Tinsert summary ?h else 1)
using 1 algebra-simps by simp
hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 23 +
(if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then Tinsert summary ?h else 1)
by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) add.commute minNull-bound nat-add-left-cancel-le numeral-Bit0
numeral-Bit1 order-trans)
hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 23 + Tinsert summary ?h
using True by simp
hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 23 + (height summary
+1)*23 using 4.IH(2)
by (smt (verit) add.commute add-le-cancel-left add-le-mono add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1)
nat-add-left-cancel-le)
hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ ((1+ height summary)+1
)*23 by simp
then show ?thesis using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList]
algebra-simps
by (simp add: ‹1 + height summary ≤ height (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList
summary)› ‹Tinsert (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ (1 + height summary +

```

```

1) * 23> add.assoc add.commute add.left-commute add-diff-eq diff-add-eq diff-diff-add diff-diff-eq2
diff-eq-eq diff-le-eq diff-less-eq distrib-left distrib-right eq-diff-eq le-diff-eq left-diff-distrib left-diff-distrib'
less-diff-eq mult.assoc mult.commute power-mult-distrib right-diff-distrib right-diff-distrib'
scaleR-add-left scaleR-add-right scale-left-diff-distrib scale-right-diff-distrib add-mono le-trans mult-le-mono
order-refl)
next
case False
hence 2:Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 20+
Tinsert (treeList ! ?h) ?l + TminNull (treeList ! ?h) using 1 by simp
hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 23+ Tinsert (treeList ! ?h)
?l
using minNull-bound[of treeList ! ?h] algebra-simps by linarith
hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 23+ (1+ height (treeList !
?h))*23
by (meson 4.IH(1) True nat-add-left-cancel-le nth-mem order-trans)
hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ ((1+ height (treeList ! ?h))+1)*23
by simp
moreover have (treeList! ?h) ∈ set treeList
using True nth-mem by blast
ultimately show ?thesis using height-compose-child[of treeList! ?h treeList Some (mi, ma) deg
summary] algebra-simps
by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) Suc-leI add.right-neutral le-add1 le-imp-less-Suc mult-le-mono
order-trans plus-1-eq-Suc)
qed
next
case False
then show ?thesis
using 0 by force
qed
qed
next
case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
hence deg ≥ 2
by (metis Suc-1 add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) le-add1 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
let ?xn = (if x < mi then mi else x)
let ?minn = (if x < mi then x else mi)
let ?l= low ?xn (deg div 2)
let ?h = high ?xn (deg div 2)
show ?case
proof(cases x < mi)
case True
hence 0:Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 19+
(if ?h < length treeList ∧ ¬(x = mi ∨ x = ma) then
Tinsert (treeList ! ?h) ?l + TminNull (treeList ! ?h)+
(if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then Tinsert summary ?h else 1) else 1)
using Tinsert.simp(5)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary x]
by (smt (z3) ‹2 ≤ deg› add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?h < length treeList ∧ ¬(x = mi ∨ x = ma))

```

```

case True
hence 1:  $T_{\text{insert}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 19 +$ 
 $T_{\text{insert}}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l + T_{\text{minNull}}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) +$ 
 $(\text{if } \text{minNull}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) \text{ then } T_{\text{insert}} \text{ summary } ?h \text{ else } 1)$ 
using 0 by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull (treeList ! ?h))
case True
hence  $T_{\text{insert}}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l \leq 3$ 
by (smt (z3) 0 1 5.IH(1) insertsimp le-add1 nat-add-left-cancel-le nth-mem numeral-3-eq-3
order-trans plus-1-eq-Suc)
hence 2:  $T_{\text{insert}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq 22 +$ 
 $T_{\text{minNull}}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) + (\text{if } \text{minNull}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) \text{ then } T_{\text{insert}} \text{ summary } ?h \text{ else } 1)$ 
using 1 algebra-simps by simp
hence  $T_{\text{insert}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq$ 
 $23 + (\text{if } \text{minNull}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) \text{ then } T_{\text{insert}} \text{ summary } ?h \text{ else } 1)$ 
by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) add.commute minNull-bound nat-add-left-cancel-le numeral-Bit0
numeral-Bit1 order-trans)
hence  $T_{\text{insert}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq 23 + T_{\text{insert}} \text{ summary } ?h$ 
using True by simp
hence  $T_{\text{insert}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq 23 + (\text{height summary} + 1)*23$ 
using 5.IH(2)
by (smt (verit) add.commute add-le-cancel-left add-le-mono add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1)
nat-add-left-cancel-le)
hence  $T_{\text{insert}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq ((1 + \text{height summary}) + 1)*23$ 
by simp
then show ?thesis using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList]
algebra-simps
by (simp add: ‹1 + height summary ≤ height (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList
summary)› ‹ $T_{\text{insert}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq (1 + \text{height summary} + 1) * 23$ › add.assoc add.commute add.left-commute add-diff-eq diff-add-eq diff-diff-add diff-diff-eq2
diff-eq-eq diff-le-eq diff-less-eq distrib-left distrib-right eq-diff-eq le-diff-eq left-diff-distrib left-diff-distrib'
less-diff-eq mult.assoc mult.commute mult.left-commute power-mult-distrib right-diff-distrib right-diff-distrib'
scaleR-add-left scaleR-add-right scale-left-diff-distrib scale-right-diff-distrib add-mono le-trans mult-le-mono
order-refl)
next
case False
hence 2:  $T_{\text{insert}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 20 +$ 
 $T_{\text{insert}}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l + T_{\text{minNull}}(\text{treeList} ! ?h)$  using 1 by simp
hence  $T_{\text{insert}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq 23 + T_{\text{insert}}(\text{treeList} ! ?h)$ 
? $l$ 
using minNull-bound[of treeList ! ?h] algebra-simps by linarith
hence  $T_{\text{insert}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq 23 + (1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList} ! ?h))*23$ 
by (meson 5.IH(1) True nat-add-left-cancel-le nth-mem order-trans)
hence  $T_{\text{insert}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq ((1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList} ! ?h)) + 1)*23$ 
by simp
moreover have (treeList! ?h) ∈ set treeList
using True nth-mem by blast

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ultimately show ?thesis using height-compose-child[of treeList! ?h treeList Some (mi, ma) deg
summary] algebra-simps
  by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) Suc-leI add.right-neutral le-add1 le-imp-less-Suc mult-le-mono
order-trans plus-1-eq-Suc)
qed
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
    by (smt (z3) 0 Suc-eq-plus1 Suc-numeral add-lessD1 linorder-not-less mult-Suc not-add-less1
plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(5) semiring-norm(8))
qed
next
  case False
  hence 0:Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 19+
    ( if ?h < length treeList ∧ ¬ (x = mi ∨ x = ma)then
      Tinsert (treeList ! ?h) ?l + TminNull (treeList ! ?h) +
      (if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then Tinsert summary ?h else 1) else 1)
  using Tinsert.simp(5)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary x]
  by (smt (z3) ‹2 ≤ deg› add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?h < length treeList ∧ ¬ (x = mi ∨ x = ma))
  case True
  hence 1: Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 19+
    Tinsert (treeList ! ?h) ?l + TminNull (treeList ! ?h) +
    (if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then Tinsert summary ?h else 1)
  using 0 by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull (treeList ! ?h))
  case True
  hence Tinsert (treeList ! ?h) ?l ≤ 3
    by (smt (z3) 0 1 5.IH(1) insertsimp le-add1 nat-add-left-cancel-le nth-mem
numeral-3-eq-3 order-trans plus-1-eq-Suc)
  hence 2: Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 22 +
    TminNull (treeList ! ?h) + (if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then Tinsert summary ?h else 1)
  using 1 algebra-simps by simp
  hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 23 +
    (if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then Tinsert summary ?h else 1)
  by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) add.commute minNull-bound nat-add-left-cancel-le numeral-Bit0
numeral-Bit1 order-trans)
  hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 23 + Tinsert summary ?h
using True by simp
  hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 23 + (height summary
+1)*23 using 5.IH(2)
  by (smt (verit) add.commute add-le-cancel-left add-le-mono add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1)
nat-add-left-cancel-le)
  hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ ((1+ height summary)+1
)*23 by simp
  then show ?thesis using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList]
algebra-simps

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```

by (simp add: ‹1 + height summary ≤ height (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList
summary)› ‹Tinsert (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ (1 + height summary +
1) * 23› add.assoc add.commute add.left-commute add-diff-eq diff-add-eq diff-diff-add diff-diff-eq2
diff-eq-eq diff-le-eq diff-less-eq distrib-left distrib-right eq-diff-eq le-diff-eq left-diff-distrib left-diff-distrib'
less-diff-eq mult.assoc mult.commute mult.left-commute power-mult-distrib right-diff-distrib right-diff-distrib'
scaleR-add-left scaleR-add-right scale-left-diff-distrib scale-right-diff-distrib add-mono le-trans mult-le-mono
order-refl)
next
case False
hence 2:Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 20+
Tinsert (treeList ! ?h) ?l + TminNull (treeList ! ?h) using 1 by simp
hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 23+ Tinsert (treeList ! ?h)
?l
using minNull-bound[of treeList ! ?h] algebra-simps by linarith
hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 23+ (1+ height (treeList !
?h))*23
by (meson 5.IH(1) True nat-add-left-cancel-le nth-mem order-trans)
hence Tinsert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ ((1+ height (treeList! ?h))+1)*23
by simp
moreover have (treeList! ?h) ∈ set treeList
using True nth-mem by blast
ultimately show ?thesis using height-compose-child[of treeList! ?h treeList Some (mi, ma) deg
summary] algebra-simps
by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) Suc-leI add.right-neutral le-add1 le-imp-less-Suc mult-le-mono
order-trans plus-1-eq-Suc)
qed
next
case False
then show ?thesis
using 0 by force
qed
qed
qed

```

theorem insert-bound-size-univ: invar-vebt t n \implies u = 2^n \implies T_{insert} t x ≤ 46 + 23 * lb (lb u)
using insert-bound-height[of t n x] height-double-log-univ-size[of u n t] algebra-simps **by** simp

theorem insert'-bound-height: invar-vebt t n \implies T_{insert}' t x ≤ (1+height t)
proof(induction t n arbitrary: x rule: invar-vebt.induct)
 case (2 treeList n summary m deg)
 then show ?case **apply**(cases deg ≥ 2)
 apply (metis 2.hyps(1) 2.hyps(3) 2.hyps(4) Suc-leI T_{insert}'.simp(4) add-le-cancel-right deg-not-0
le-add2 le-add-diff-inverse nat-less-le plus-1-eq-Suc)
 apply (metis add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff)
 done
next
case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
then show ?case **apply**(cases deg ≥ 2)

```

apply (metis  $T_{\text{insert}}'.$ simp(4) add-Suc-shift leI le-Suc-ex not-add-less1 one-add-one plus-1-eq-Suc)
      by (metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1  $T_{\text{insert}}'.$ simp(3) add.commute add-mono le-SucE le-add1
numerical-2-eq-2)
next
  case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence deg ≥ 2
    by (metis add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff)
  let ?xn = (if  $x < mi$  then  $mi$  else  $x$ )
  let ?minn = (if  $x < mi$  then  $x$  else  $mi$ )
  let ?l= low ?xn (deg div 2)
  let ?h = high ?xn (deg div 2)
  show ?case
  proof(cases x < mi)
    case True
    hence 0: $T_{\text{insert}}'$  (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary)  $x =$ 
      ( if ?h < length treeList ∧  $\neg(x = mi \vee x = ma)$  then
         $T_{\text{insert}}'$  (treeList ! ?h) ?l + (if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then  $T_{\text{insert}}'$  summary ?h else
1) else 1)
      using  $T_{\text{insert}}'.$ simp(5)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary x]
      by (smt (z3) ‹2 ≤ deg› add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse)
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases ?h < length treeList ∧  $\neg(x = mi \vee x = ma)$ )
      case True
      hence 1: $T_{\text{insert}}'$  (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary)  $x =$ 
         $T_{\text{insert}}'$  (treeList ! ?h) ?l + (if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then  $T_{\text{insert}}'$  summary ?h else 1)
        using 0 by simp
      then show ?thesis
    proof(cases minNull (treeList ! ?h))
      case True
      hence  $T_{\text{insert}}'$  (treeList ! ?h) ?l ≤ 1
        by (metis 0 1 4.IH(1) insertsimp' nat-le-iff-add nth-mem)
      hence 2: $T_{\text{insert}}'$  (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary)  $x ≤ 1 +$ 
        (if minNull (treeList ! ?h) then  $T_{\text{insert}}'$  summary ?h else 1)
        using 1 algebra-simps by simp
      hence  $T_{\text{insert}}'$  (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary)  $x ≤ 1 + T_{\text{insert}}'$  summary ?h
      using True by simp
      hence  $T_{\text{insert}}'$  (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary)  $x ≤ 1 + (\text{height summary} + 1)$ 
      using 4.IH(2)
      using 1 ‹ $T_{\text{insert}}'$  (treeList ! high (if  $x < mi$  then  $mi$  else  $x$ ) (deg div 2)) (low (if  $x < mi$  then
 $mi$  else  $x$ ) (deg div 2)) ≤ 1› add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) by fastforce
      then show ?thesis using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList]
algebra-simps by linarith
    next
      case False
      hence 2: $T_{\text{insert}}'$  (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary)  $x =$ 
        1 +  $T_{\text{insert}}'$  (treeList ! ?h) ?l using 1 by simp
      hence  $T_{\text{insert}}'$  (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary)  $x ≤ 1 + (1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList} !
?h))$ 

```

```

using 4.IH(1) True by force
moreover have (treeList! ?h) ∈ set treeList
  using True nth-mem by blast
ultimately show ?thesis using height-compose-child[of treeList! ?h treeList Some (mi, ma) deg
summary] algebra-simps
  by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) Suc-leI add.right-neutral le-add1 le-imp-less-Suc mult-le-mono
order-trans plus-1-eq-Suc)
qed
next
  case False
    then show ?thesis using 0 Suc-eq-plus1 le-add2 plus-1-eq-Suc by presburger
qed
next
  case False
    hence 0:Tinsert'(Node(Some(mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
      (if ?h < length treeList ∧ ¬(x = mi ∨ x = ma) then
        Tinsert'(treeList ! ?h) ?l + (if minNull(treeList ! ?h) then Tinsert' summary ?h else
1) else 1)
      using Tinsert'.simp(5)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary x]
      by (smt (z3) ‹2 ≤ deg› add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse)
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases ?h < length treeList ∧ ¬(x = mi ∨ x = ma))
      case True
        hence 1: Tinsert'(Node(Some(mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
          Tinsert'(treeList ! ?h) ?l +
          (if minNull(treeList ! ?h) then Tinsert' summary ?h else 1)
        using 0 by simp
      then show ?thesis
      proof(cases minNull(treeList ! ?h))
        case True
          hence Tinsert'(treeList ! ?h) ?l ≤ 1
          by (smt (z3) 0 1 4.IH(1) insertsimp' le-add1 nat-add-left-cancel-le nth-mem numeral-3-eq-3
order-trans plus-1-eq-Suc)
          hence 2: Tinsert'(Node(Some(mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 1 +
            (if minNull(treeList ! ?h) then Tinsert' summary ?h else 1)
          using 1 algebra-simps by simp
        hence Tinsert'(Node(Some(mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 1 + Tinsert' summary ?h
        using True by simp
        then show ?thesis using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList]
algebra-simps
          by (smt (z3) 1 4.IH(2) True ‹Tinsert'(treeList ! high(if x < mi then mi else x) (deg div
2)) (low(if x < mi then mi else x) (deg div 2)) ≤ 1› add-mono order-trans)
      next
        case False
        hence 2:Tinsert'(Node(Some(mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 1 +
          Tinsert'(treeList ! ?h) ?l using 1 by simp
        hence Tinsert'(Node(Some(mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 1 + Tinsert'(treeList ! ?h)
?l
        using minNull-bound[of treeList ! ?h] algebra-simps by linarith

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hence  $T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi,ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) x \leq 1 + (1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList} ! ?h))$ 
    by (meson 4.IH(1) True nat-add-left-cancel-le nth-mem order-trans)
    moreover have  $(\text{treeList} ! ?h) \in \text{set treeList}$ 
        using True nth-mem by blast
    ultimately show ?thesis using height-compose-child[of treeList ! ?h treeList Some (mi, ma) deg summary] algebra-simps
        by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) Suc-leI add.right-neutral le-add1 le-imp-less-Suc mult-le-mono order-trans plus-1-eq-Suc)
    qed
next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
        using 0 by force
    qed
qed
next
    case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
    hence deg  $\geq 2$ 
        by (metis Suc-1 add-mono le-add1 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
    let ?xn = (if  $x < mi$  then  $mi$  else  $x$ )
    let ?minn = (if  $x < mi$  then  $x$  else  $mi$ )
    let ?l = low ?xn (deg div 2)
    let ?h = high ?xn (deg div 2)
    show ?case
    proof(cases  $x < mi$ )
        case True
        hence 0:  $T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi,ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) x =$ 
            ( $\text{if } ?h < \text{length treeList} \wedge \neg(x = mi \vee x = ma) \text{then}$ 
             $T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l +$ 
            ( $\text{if minNull}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) \text{ then } T_{\text{insert}}' \text{summary} ?h \text{ else } 1$ )
        else 1) using  $T_{\text{insert}}'.\text{simp}(5)[\text{of } mi \text{ ma deg } -2 \text{ treeList summary } x]$ 
            by (smt (z3) ‹ $2 \leq \text{deg}$ › add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse)
        then show ?thesis
        proof(cases  $?h < \text{length treeList} \wedge \neg(x = mi \vee x = ma)$ )
            case True
            hence 1:  $T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi,ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) x =$ 
             $T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l + (\text{if minNull}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) \text{ then } T_{\text{insert}}' \text{summary} ?h \text{ else } 1)$ 
                using 0 by simp
            then show ?thesis
            proof(cases minNull (treeList ! ?h))
                case True
                hence  $T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l \leq 1$ 
                    by (metis 0 1 5.IH(1) insertsimp' nat-le-iff-add nth-mem)
                hence 2:  $T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi,ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) x \leq 1 +$ 
                    ( $\text{if minNull}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) \text{ then } T_{\text{insert}}' \text{summary} ?h \text{ else } 1$ )
                using 1 algebra-simps by simp
                hence  $T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi,ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) x \leq 1 + T_{\text{insert}}' \text{summary} ?h$ 
                    using True by simp

```

```

hence  $T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) x \leq 1 + (\text{height summary} + 1)$ 
  using  $5.IH(2) 1 \langle T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{treeList} ! \text{high}(\text{if } x < mi \text{ then } mi \text{ else } x) \deg \text{div } 2)$ 
         $(\text{low}(\text{if } x < mi \text{ then } mi \text{ else } x) \deg \text{div } 2) \leq 1 \rangle \text{add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring}(1)$ 
  by fastforce
then show ?thesis using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList]
algebra-simps by linarith
next
case False
hence  $2:T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) x =$ 
   $1 + T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l$  using 1 by simp
hence  $T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) x \leq 1 + (1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList} ! ?h))$ 
  using  $5.IH(1) \text{True}$  by force
moreover have  $(\text{treeList} ! ?h) \in \text{set treeList}$ 
  using True nth-mem by blast
ultimately show ?thesis using height-compose-child[of treeList ! ?h treeList Some (mi, ma) deg
summary] algebra-simps
  by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) Suc-leI add.right-neutral le-add1 le-imp-less-Suc mult-le-mono
order-trans plus-1-eq-Suc)
qed
next
case False
then show ?thesis using 0 Suc-eq-plus1 le-add2 plus-1-eq-Suc by presburger
qed
next
case False
hence  $0:T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) x =$ 
   $(\text{if } ?h < \text{length treeList} \wedge \neg(x = mi \vee x = ma) \text{ then } T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l + (\text{if minNull}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) \text{ then } T_{\text{insert}}' \text{summary} ?h \text{ else } 1) \text{ else } 1)$ 
  using  $T_{\text{insert}}'.\text{simps}(5)[\text{of } mi \text{ ma } \deg -2 \text{ treeList summary } x]$ 
  by (smt (z3) <2 ≤ deg add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?h < length treeList ∧ ¬(x = mi ∨ x = ma))
  case True
  hence  $1:T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) x =$ 
     $T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l + (\text{if minNull}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) \text{ then } T_{\text{insert}}' \text{summary} ?h \text{ else } 1)$ 
  using 0 by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull(treeList ! ?h))
  case True
  hence  $T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l \leq 1$ 
    by (smt (z3) 0 1 5.IH(1) insertsimp' le-add1 nat-add-left-cancel-le nth-mem numeral-3-eq-3
order-trans plus-1-eq-Suc)
  hence  $2:T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) x \leq 1 +$ 
     $(\text{if minNull}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) \text{ then } T_{\text{insert}}' \text{summary} ?h \text{ else } 1)$ 
  using 1 algebra-simps by simp
hence  $T_{\text{insert}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) x \leq 1 + T_{\text{insert}}' \text{summary} ?h$ 

```

```

using True by simp
then show ?thesis
using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList] algebra-simps
by (smt (z3) 1 5.IH(2) True ‹Tinsert'(treeList ! high (if x < mi then mi else x) (deg div 2)) (low (if x < mi then mi else x) (deg div 2)) ≤ 1› add-mono order-trans)
next
case False
hence 2:Tinsert'(Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 1 +
Tinsert'(treeList ! ?h) ?l using 1 by simp
hence Tinsert'(Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 1 + Tinsert'(treeList ! ?h)
?l
using minNull-bound[of treeList ! ?h] algebra-simps by linarith
hence Tinsert'(Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 1 + (1 + height (treeList !
?h))
by (meson 5.IH(1) True nat-add-left-cancel-le nth-mem order-trans)
moreover have (treeList! ?h) ∈ set treeList
using True nth-mem by blast
ultimately show ?thesis using height-compose-child[of treeList! ?h treeList Some (mi, ma) deg
summary] algebra-simps
by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) Suc-leI add.right-neutral le-add1 le-imp-less-Suc mult-le-mono
order-trans plus-1-eq-Suc)
qed
next
case False
then show ?thesis
using 0 by force
qed
qed
qed simp+

```

11.4 Successor Function

```

fun Tsucc::VEBT ⇒ nat ⇒ nat where
Tsucc(Leaf - b) 0 = 1 + (if b then 1 else 1)|
Tsucc(Leaf - -) (Suc n) = 1|
Tsucc(Node None - - -) - = 1|
Tsucc(Node - 0 - -) - = 1|
Tsucc(Node - (Suc 0) - -) - = 1|
Tsucc(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 1 +
if x < mi then 1
else (let l = low x (deg div 2); h = high x (deg div 2) in 10 +
(if h < length treeList then 1 + Tmaxt(treeList ! h) +
let maxlow = vebt-maxt(treeList ! h) in 3 +
(if maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some l <o maxlow) then
4 + Tsucc(treeList ! h) l
else let sc = vebt-succ summary h in 1 + Tsucc summary h + 1 +
if sc = None then 1
else (4 + Tmint(treeList ! the sc))))))

```

```

        else 1)))
fun  $T_{succ}'$ : VEBT  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat where
   $T_{succ}'(Leaf - b) 0 = 1 |$ 
   $T_{succ}'(Leaf - -) (Suc n) = 1 |$ 
   $T_{succ}'(Node None - - -) - = 1 |$ 
   $T_{succ}'(Node - 0 - -) - = 1 |$ 
   $T_{succ}'(Node - (Suc 0) - -) - = 1 |$ 
   $T_{succ}'(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = ($ 
    if  $x < mi$  then 1
    else (let  $l = \text{low } x (\text{deg div } 2)$ ;  $h = \text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2)$  in
      (if  $h < \text{length treeList}$  then (
        let  $maxlow = \text{vrbt-maxxt}(\text{treeList} ! h)$  in
        (if  $maxlow \neq \text{None} \wedge (\text{Some } l <_o maxlow)$  then
           $1 + T_{succ}'(\text{treeList} ! h) l$ 
          else let  $sc = \text{vrbt-succ summary } h$  in  $T_{succ}' \text{summary } h + ($ 
            if  $sc = \text{None}$  then 1
            else 1)))
        else 1)))
      else 1)))

```

theorem succ-bound-height: invar-vrbt t n $\implies T_{succ} t x \leq (1 + \text{height } t) * 27$

proof(induction t n arbitrary: x rule: invar-vrbt.induct)

case (1 a b)

then show ?case using $T_{succ}.simp(1)[\text{of } a \ b]$

proof –

have $\forall b v ba n. T_{succ} v n = 1 \vee Leaf b ba \neq v \vee 0 = n$

using $T_{succ}.elims$ by blast

then show ?thesis

by (metis (no-types) Nat.add-0-right $\langle T_{succ}(Leaf a b) 0 = 1 + (\text{if } b \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1) \rangle$ height.simps(1) nat-mult-1 numeral-le-iff one-add-one one-le-numeral semiring-norm(68) semiring-norm(72))

qed

next

case (2 treeList n summary m deg)

then show ?case by simp

next

case (3 treeList n summary m deg)

then show ?case by simp

next

case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)

hence deg ≥ 2

by (metis add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff)

then show ?case

proof(cases x < mi)

case True

then show ?thesis using $T_{succ}.simp(6)[\text{of } mi \ ma \ deg - 2 \ \text{treeList summary } x]$

by (smt (z3) Suc-leI $\langle 2 \leq \text{deg} \rangle$ add-2-eq-Suc distrib-right le-add-diff-inverse linorder-not-less mult.left-neutral numeral-le-one-iff plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(70) trans-le-add1)

next

case False

```

let ?l = low x (deg div 2)
let ?h = high x (deg div 2)
show ?thesis
proof(cases ?h < length treeList)
  case True
  hence ?h < length treeList by simp
  hence 0:Tsucc (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 12 + Tmaxt (treeList ! ?h)
+
  let maxlow = vebt-maxt (treeList ! ?h) in 3 +
  (if maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l <o maxlow) then
    4 + Tsucc (treeList ! ?h) ?l
  else let sc = vebt-succ summary ?h in 1 + Tsucc summary ?h + 1 +
  if sc = None then 1
  else (4 + Tmint (treeList ! the sc))) using
    Tsucc.simp(6)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x] False True
    by (smt (z3) <2 ≤ deg add.commute add.left-commute add-2-eq-Suc' le-add-diff-inverse numeral-plus-one semiring-norm(5) semiring-norm(8))
  let ?maxlow = vebt-maxt (treeList ! ?h)
  let ?sc = vebt-succ summary ?h
  have 1:Tsucc (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 15 + Tmaxt (treeList ! ?h) +
  (if ?maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l <o ?maxlow) then
    4 + Tsucc (treeList ! ?h) ?l
  else 2 + Tsucc summary ?h +
  if ?sc = None then 1
  else (4 + Tmint (treeList ! the ?sc))) using 0 by auto
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l <o ?maxlow))
  case True
  hence Tsucc (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
    19 + Tmaxt (treeList ! ?h) + Tsucc (treeList ! ?h) ?l
    using 1 by simp
  hence Tsucc (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤
    22 + Tsucc (treeList ! ?h) ?l using maxt-bound[of treeList ! ?h]
    by simp
  moreover have a:treeList ! ?h ∈ set treeList
    by (simp add: <high x (deg div 2) < length treeList>)
  ultimately have Tsucc (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤
    22 + (1 + height (treeList ! ?h)) * 27
    by (meson 4.IH(1) nat-add-left-cancel-le order-trans)
  hence Tsucc (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤
    ((1 + height (treeList ! ?h)) + 1) * 27 by simp
then show ?thesis
  using height-compose-child[of treeList ! ?h treeList Some (mi, ma) deg summary] a
  by (smt (z3) Suc-leI add.commute dual-order.strict-trans2 le-imp-less-Suc linorder-not-less mult.commute mult-le-mono2 plus-1-eq-Suc)
next
  case False
  have 2:Tsucc (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 17 + Tmaxt (treeList ! ?h)
+

```

```

 $T_{succ} \text{ summary } ?h + ($ 
 $\text{if } ?sc = \text{None} \text{ then } 1$ 
 $\text{else } (4 + T_{mint}(\text{treeList} ! \text{the } ?sc))) \text{ using } 1$ 
by (smt (z3) False Suc-eq-plus1 add.assoc add.commute add-2-eq-Suc' eval-nat-numeral(3)
numeral-plus-one semiring-norm(2) semiring-norm(8))
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?sc = None)
case True
hence  $\exists : T_{succ} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x =$ 
 $18 + T_{maxt}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) + T_{succ} \text{ summary } ?h$ 
using 2 by simp
hence  $T_{succ} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq 21 + T_{succ} \text{ summary } ?h$ 
using maxt-bound[of treeList ! ?h] by simp
hence  $T_{succ} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq 21 + (1 + \text{height}$ 
summary)*27
by (metis 3 4.IH(2) add-le-cancel-right add-le-mono)
then show ?thesis using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList]
by presburger
next
case False
hence  $\exists : T_{succ} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x = 21 + T_{maxt}(\text{treeList} !$ 
 $?h) + T_{succ} \text{ summary } ?h + T_{mint}(\text{treeList} ! \text{the } ?sc) \text{ using } 2 \text{ by simp}$ 
hence  $T_{succ} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq 27 + T_{succ} \text{ summary } ?h$ 
using maxt-bound[of treeList ! ?h] mint-bound[of treeList ! the ?sc] by simp
hence  $T_{succ} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq 27 + (1 + \text{height summary}) * 27$ 
by (meson 4.IH(2) add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(2) dual-order.trans)
hence  $T_{succ} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq ((1 + \text{height summary}) + 1) * 27$ 
by simp
hence  $T_{succ} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq (\text{height} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi,$ 
 $ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) + 1) * 27$ 
using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList]
by (simp add: <1 + height summary ≤ height (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList
summary)> < $T_{succ} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq (1 + \text{height summary} + 1) * 27$ >
add.commute add-mono le-numeral-extra(4) le-trans mult.commute mult-le-mono2)
then show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed
next
case False
hence  $T_{succ} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x = 12$ 
using  $T_{succ}.simp(6)[\text{of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary } x]$ 
by (smt (z3) 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(7) 4.hyps(8) <2 ≤ deg> add-Suc add-self-div-2
dual-order.strict-trans2 high-bound-aux le-add-diff-inverse less-imp-le-nat numeral-plus-one numerals(1)
plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2) semiring-norm(5) semiring-norm(8))
then show ?thesis
by auto
qed
qed

```

```

next
  case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
    hence deg  $\geq 2$ 
      by (metis Suc-1 add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) le-add1 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
    then show ?case
    proof(cases x < mi)
      case True
      then show ?thesis
        using T_succ.simps(6)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x]
        by (smt (z3) Suc-leI ‹2 ≤ deg› add-2-eq-Suc distrib-right le-add-diff-inverse linorder-not-less
          mult.left-neutral numeral-le-one-iff plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(70) trans-le-add1)
    next
      case False
      let ?l = low x (deg div 2)
      let ?h = high x (deg div 2)
      show ?thesis
      proof(cases ?h < length treeList)
        case True
        hence ?h < length treeList by simp
        hence 0:T_succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 12 + T_maxt (treeList ! ?h)
        +
        let maxlow = vebt-maxt (treeList ! ?h) in 3 +
        (if maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l < o maxlow) then
          4 + T_succ (treeList ! ?h) ?l
        else let sc = vebt-succ summary ?h in 1 + T_succ summary ?h + 1 +
        if sc = None then 1
        else (4 + T_min (treeList ! the sc))) using
          T_succ.simps(6)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x] False True
        by (smt (z3) ‹2 ≤ deg› add.commute add.left-commute add-2-eq-Suc' le-add-diff-inverse
          numeral-plus-one semiring-norm(5) semiring-norm(8))
      let ?maxlow = vebt-maxt (treeList ! ?h)
      let ?sc = vebt-succ summary ?h
      have 1:T_succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 15 + T_maxt (treeList ! ?h) +
        (if ?maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l < o ?maxlow) then
          4 + T_succ (treeList ! ?h) ?l
        else 2 + T_succ summary ?h +
        if ?sc = None then 1
        else (4 + T_min (treeList ! the ?sc))) using 0 by auto
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases ?maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l < o ?maxlow))
      case True
      hence T_succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
        19 + T_maxt (treeList ! ?h) + T_succ (treeList ! ?h) ?l using 1 by simp
      hence T_succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤
        22 + T_succ (treeList ! ?h) ?l using maxt-bound[of treeList ! ?h] by simp
      moreover have a:treeList ! ?h ∈ set treeList
        by (simp add: ‹high x (deg div 2) < length treeList›)
      ultimately have T_succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤
        22 + (1 + height (treeList ! ?h)) * 27

```

```

    by (meson 5.IH(1) nat-add-left-cancel-le order-trans)
  hence  $T_{succ}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq ((1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList} ! ?h)) + 1) * 27$  by simp
    then show ?thesis using height-compose-child[of treeList ! ?h treeList Some (mi, ma) deg summary] a
      by (smt (z3) Suc-leI add.commute dual-order.strict-trans2 le-imp-less-Suc linorder-not-less mult.commute mult-le-mono2 plus-1-eq-Suc)
  next
    case False
    have  $\exists : T_{succ}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x = 17 + T_{maxt}(\text{treeList} ! ?h)$ 
  +
     $T_{succ} \text{ summary } ?h + ($ 
      if  $?sc = \text{None}$  then 1
      else  $(4 + T_{min}(\text{treeList} ! \text{the } ?sc))$  using 1
    by (smt (z3) False Suc-eq-plus1 add.assoc add.commute add-2-eq-Suc' eval-nat-numeral(3) numeral-plus-one semiring-norm(2) semiring-norm(8))
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases ?sc = None)
      case True
      hence  $\exists : T_{succ}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x = 18 + T_{maxt}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) +$ 
         $T_{succ} \text{ summary } ?h$  using 2 by simp
      hence  $T_{succ}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 21 + T_{succ} \text{ summary } ?h$ 
        using maxt-bound[of treeList ! ?h] by simp
        hence  $T_{succ}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 21 + (1 + \text{height summary}) * 27$ 
          by (metis 3 5.IH(2) add-le-cancel-right add-le-mono)
        then show ?thesis using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList]
    by presburger
  next
    case False
    hence  $\exists : T_{succ}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x = 21 + T_{maxt}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) +$ 
       $T_{succ} \text{ summary } ?h + T_{min}(\text{treeList} ! \text{the } ?sc)$  using 2 by simp
    hence  $T_{succ}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 27 + T_{succ} \text{ summary } ?h$ 
      using maxt-bound[of treeList ! ?h] mint-bound[of treeList ! the ?sc] by simp
    hence  $T_{succ}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 27 + (1 + \text{height summary}) * 27$ 
      by (meson 5.IH(2) add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(2) dual-order.trans)
    hence  $T_{succ}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq ((1 + \text{height summary}) + 1) * 27$ 
  by simp
    hence  $T_{succ}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq (\text{height}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) + 1) * 27$ 
      using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList]
    by (simp add: ‹1 + height summary ≤ height(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary})› ‹ $T_{succ}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq (1 + \text{height summary} + 1) * 27› add.commute add-mono le-numeral-extra(4) le-trans mult.commute mult-le-mono2)
    then show ?thesis by simp
  qed
  qed$ 
```

```

next
  case False
    hence  $T_{succ}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma), \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary})) = 12$  using
       $T_{succ}.\text{simp}(6)[\text{of } mi \text{ ma deg-2 treeList summary } x] 5.\text{hyp}(2) 5.\text{hyp}(3) 5.\text{hyp}(4)$ 
       $5.\text{hyp}(7) 5.\text{hyp}(8) \langle 2 \leq \deg \rangle \text{add-Suc add-self-div-2 dual-order.strict-trans2}$ 
       $\text{high-bound-aux le-add-diff-inverse less-imp-le-nat numeral-plus-one numerals(1)}$ 
       $\text{plus-1-eq-Suc semiring-norm(2) semiring-norm(5) semiring-norm(8) apply auto}$ 
      by (smt (z3) 5.hyps(4) le-less-trans less-trans power-Suc)
    then show ?thesis
      by auto
    qed
  qed
qed

theorem succ-bound-size-univ: invar-vebt t n  $\implies u = 2^{\hat{n}} \implies T_{succ} t x \leq 54 + 27 * lb(lb u)$ 
using succ-bound-height[of t n x] height-double-log-univ-size[of u n t] by simp

theorem succ'-bound-height: invar-vebt t n  $\implies T_{succ}' t x \leq (1 + \text{height } t)$ 
proof(induction t n arbitrary: x rule: invar-vebt.induct)
  case (1 a b)
  then show ?case
  by (metis One-nat-def  $T_{succ}'.\text{simp}(1)$   $T_{succ}'.\text{simp}(2)$  height.simps(1) le-add2 le-add-same-cancel2
    le-neq-implies-less less-imp-Suc-add order-refl plus-1-eq-Suc)
next
  case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence degprop:  $\deg \geq 2$ 
  by (metis add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff)
  then show ?case
  proof(cases x < mi)
    case True
    then show ?thesis using  $T_{succ}'.\text{simp}(6)[\text{of } mi \text{ ma deg-2 treeList summary } x]$  degprop
    by (metis add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse le-numeral-extra(4) trans-le-add1)
  next
    case False
    hence  $x \geq mi$  by simp
    let ?l = low x (deg div 2)
    let ?h = high x (deg div 2)
    show ?thesis
    proof(cases ?h < length treeList)
      case True
      hence hprop:  $?h < \text{length treeList}$  by simp
      let ?maxlow = vebt-maxt (treeList ! ?h)
      show ?thesis
      proof(cases ?maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l < o ?maxlow))
        case True
        hence  $T_{succ}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma), \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary})) = 1 + T_{succ}'(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l$ 
          using  $T_{succ}'.\text{simp}(6)[\text{of } mi \text{ ma deg-2 treeList summary } x]$  degprop hprop
          by (smt (z3) False add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse)
        moreover have (treeList ! ?h) ∈ set treeList

```

```

using hprop nth-mem by blast
moreover have  $T_{succ}'(treeList ! ?h) \ ?l \leq 1 + height(treeList ! ?h)$  using 4(1) calculation
by blast
ultimately have  $T_{succ}'(Node(Some(mi, ma)) \ deg treeList summary) \ x \leq 1 + 1 + height$ 
( $treeList ! ?h$ ) by simp
then show ?thesis
by (smt (z3) Suc-le-mono < $T_{succ}'(Node(Some(mi, ma)) \ deg treeList summary) \ x = 1 +$ 
 $T_{succ}'(treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) (low x (deg div 2))\ > < T_{succ}'(treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) (low x$ 
(deg div 2))  $\leq 1 + height(treeList ! high x (deg div 2))\ >$  < $treeList ! high x (deg div 2) \in set treeList$ >
height-compose-child le-trans plus-1-eq-Suc)
next
case False
hence  $T_{succ}'(Node(Some(mi, ma)) \ deg treeList summary) \ x = 1 + T_{succ}' summary ?h$ 
using  $T_{succ}'.simp(6)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x] \ degprop hprop$ 
apply(cases vebt-succ summary ?h) using False add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse
apply (smt (z3) Suc-eq-plus1 < $mi \leq x\ >$  linorder-not-less plus-1-eq-Suc)+
done
moreover have  $T_{succ}' summary ?h \leq 1 + height summary$  using 4(2) calculation by blast
ultimately have  $T_{succ}'(Node(Some(mi, ma)) \ deg treeList summary) \ x \leq 1 + 1 + height$ 
summary by simp
then show ?thesis
by (simp add: le-trans)
qed
next
case False
then show ?thesis using  $T_{succ}'.simp(6)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x] \ degprop$ 
by (smt (z3) add-2-eq-Suc leI le-add-diff-inverse not-add-less1)
qed
qed
next
case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
hence degprop:  $deg \geq 2$ 
by (metis Suc-1 add-mono le-add1 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
then show ?case
proof(cases x < mi)
case True
then show ?thesis using  $T_{succ}'.simp(6)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x] \ degprop$ 
by (metis add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse le-numeral-extra(4) trans-le-add1)
next
case False
hence  $x \geq mi$  by simp
let  $?l = low x (deg div 2)$ 
let  $?h = high x (deg div 2)$ 
show ?thesis
proof(cases ?h < length treeList)
case True
hence hprop:  $?h < length treeList$  by simp
let  $?maxlow = vebt-maxx(treeList ! ?h)$ 
show ?thesis

```

```

proof(cases ?maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l <_o ?maxlow))
  case True
    hence  $T_{succ}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x = 1 + T_{succ}'(\text{treeList ! ?h}) ?l$ 
      using  $T_{succ}'.\text{simp}(6)[\text{of } mi \text{ ma deg-2 treeList summary } x] \text{ degprop hprop}$ 
      by (smt (z3) False add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse)
    moreover have  $(\text{treeList ! ?h}) \in \text{set treeList}$ 
      using hprop nth-mem by blast
    moreover have  $T_{succ}'(\text{treeList ! ?h}) ?l \leq 1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList ! ?h})$  using 5(1) calculation
  by blast
  ultimately have  $T_{succ}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 1 + 1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList ! ?h})$  by simp
  then show ?thesis
    by (smt (z3) Suc-le-mono ‹ $T_{succ}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x = 1 + T_{succ}'(\text{treeList ! high } x (\text{deg div } 2)) (\text{low } x (\text{deg div } 2))› \langle T_{succ}'(\text{treeList ! high } x (\text{deg div } 2)) (\text{low } x (\text{deg div } 2)) \leq 1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList ! high } x (\text{deg div } 2))› \langle \text{treeList ! high } x (\text{deg div } 2) \in \text{set treeList} \rangle$  height-compose-child le-trans plus-1-eq-Suc)
next
  case False
  hence  $T_{succ}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x = 1 + T_{succ}' \text{ summary ?h}$ 
    using  $T_{succ}'.\text{simp}(6)[\text{of } mi \text{ ma deg-2 treeList summary } x] \text{ degprop hprop}$ 
    by (cases vebt-succ summary ?h)
      (smt (z3) Suc-eq-plus1 ‹ $mi \leq xT_{succ}' \text{ summary ?h} \leq 1 + \text{height} \text{ summary}$  using 5(2) calculation by blast
    ultimately have  $T_{succ}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 1 + 1 + \text{height} \text{ summary}$  by simp
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: le-trans)
qed
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis using  $T_{succ}'.\text{simp}(6)[\text{of } mi \text{ ma deg-2 treeList summary } x] \text{ degprop}$ 
    by (smt (z3) add-2-eq-Suc leI le-add-diff-inverse not-add-less1)
qed
qed
qed simp+

```

theorem succ-bound-size-univ': $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies u = 2^n \implies T_{succ}' t \ x \leq 2 + \text{lb}(lb \ u)$
 using succ'-bound-height[$t \ n \ x$] height-double-log-univ-size[$u \ n \ t$] by simp

11.5 Predecessor Function

```

fun  $T_{pred} : \text{VEBT} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$  where
   $T_{pred}(\text{Leaf } \dots) 0 = 1 |$ 
   $T_{pred}(\text{Leaf } a \ \dots)(\text{Suc } 0) = 1 + (\text{if } a \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1) |$ 
   $T_{pred}(\text{Leaf } a \ b) \ \dots = 1 + (\text{if } b \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1 + (\text{if } a \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1)) |$ 
   $T_{pred}(\text{Node } \text{None} \ \dots) \ \dots = 1 |$ 
   $T_{pred}(\text{Node } \dots 0 \ \dots) \ \dots = 1 |$ 

```

```

 $T_{pred} (\text{Node} - (\text{Suc } 0) \dashv \dashv) \dashv = 1 |$ 
 $T_{pred} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 1 + ($ 
     $\text{if } x > ma \text{ then } 1$ 
     $\text{else } (\text{let } l = \text{low } x \text{ (deg div } 2); h = \text{high } x \text{ (deg div } 2) \text{ in } 10 + 1 +$ 
     $(\text{if } h < \text{length } \text{treeList} \text{ then}$ 

         $\text{let } minlow = \text{vebt-mint } (\text{treeList} ! h) \text{ in } 2 + T_{mint}(\text{treeList} ! h) + 3 +$ 
         $(\text{if } minlow \neq \text{None} \wedge (\text{Some } l >_o minlow) \text{ then}$ 
             $4 + T_{pred}(\text{treeList} ! h) l$ 
         $\text{else let } pr = \text{vebt-pred summary } h \text{ in } 1 + T_{pred} \text{ summary } h + 1 + ($ 
             $\text{if } pr = \text{None} \text{ then } 1 + (\text{if } x > mi \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1)$ 
             $\text{else } 4 + T_{maxt}(\text{treeList} ! \text{the } pr))$ 
         $\text{else } 1))$ 

theorem pred-bound-height: invar-vebt t n  $\implies T_{pred} t x \leq (1 + \text{height } t) * 29$ 
proof(induction t n arbitrary: x rule: invar-vebt.induct)
  case (1 a b)
  then show ?case apply(cases x)
    using Tpred.simp(1)[of a b] apply simp
    apply(cases x > 1)
    using Tpred.simp(3)[of a b]
    apply (smt (z3) One-nat-def Suc-eq-numeral height.simps(1) less-Suc-eq-le less-antisym less-imp-Suc-add
    mult.left-neutral not-less numeral-One numeral-eq-iff numeral-le-one-iff plus-1-eq-Suc pred-numeral-simps(3)
    semiring-norm(70) semiring-norm(85))
    using Tpred.simp(2)[of a b] apply simp
    done
  next
  case (2 treeList n summary m deg)
  then show ?case by simp
  next
  case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
  then show ?case by simp
  next
  case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence deg  $\geq 2$ 
  by (metis add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff)
  then show ?case
  proof(cases x > ma)
    case True
    hence Tpred (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 2 using Tpred.simp(7)[of mi
    ma deg-2 treeList summary x]
    by (smt (z3) Suc-1 < 2  $\leq$  deg add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse plus-1-eq-Suc)
    then show ?thesis by simp
  next
  case False
  let ?l = low x (deg div 2)
  let ?h = high x (deg div 2)
  have 0: Tpred (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 1 + 10 + 1 +
    (if ?h < length treeList then

```

```

let minlow = vebt-mint (treeList ! ?h) in 2 + Tmint(treeList ! ?h) + 3 +
(if minlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l >o minlow) then
    4 + Tpred(treeList ! ?h) ?l
else let pr = vebt-pred summary ?h in 1 + Tpred summary ?h+ 1 +
if pr = None then 1 + (if x > mi then 1 else 1)
else 4 + Tmaxt(treeList ! the pr))
else 1)
using Tpred.simps(7)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x] False <2 ≤ deg>
by (smt (z3) Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 add.assoc add.commute le-add-diff-inverse)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?h < length treeList)
case True
let ?minlow = vebt-mint (treeList ! ?h)
have 1: Tpred(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 17 + Tmint(treeList ! ?h) +
(if ?minlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l >o ?minlow) then
    4 + Tpred(treeList ! ?h) ?l
else let pr = vebt-pred summary ?h in 1 + Tpred summary ?h+ 1 +
if pr = None then 1 + (if x > mi then 1 else 1)
else 4 + Tmaxt(treeList ! the pr)) using True 0 by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?minlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l >o ?minlow))
case True
have 2: Tpred(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 21 + Tmint(treeList ! ?h)
+
Tpred(treeList ! ?h) ?l using True 1 by simp
hence Tpred(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 24 + Tpred(treeList ! ?h)
?l using mint-bound by simp
moreover hence (treeList ! ?h) ∈ set treeList
using 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(8) False high-bound-aux by force
ultimately have Tpred(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 24 + (1 +
height(treeList ! ?h))*29
using 4.IH by (meson nat-add-left-cancel-le order-trans)
hence Tpred(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤
24 + (height(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary))*29
using height-compose-child[of treeList ! ?h treeList Some(mi, ma) deg summary]
by (meson <treeList ! high x (deg div 2) ∈ set treeList> add-le-cancel-left le-refl mult-le-mono
order-trans)
then show ?thesis by simp
next
case False
let ?pr = vebt-pred summary ?h
have 2: Tpred(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 19 + Tmint(treeList ! ?h)
+
Tpred summary ?h+ (
if ?pr = None then 1 + (if x > mi then 1 else 1)
else 4 + Tmaxt(treeList ! the ?pr)) using False 1 by auto
hence 3:Tpred(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 22 +
Tpred summary ?h+ (

```

```

if ?pr = None then 1 + (if x > mi then 1 else 1)
else 4 + Tmaxt(treeList ! the ?pr)) using mint-bound[of treeList ! ?h] by
simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?pr = None)
case True
hence Tpred(Node(Some(mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 24 + Tpred summary ?h
using 3 by simp
hence Tpred(Node(Some(mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 24 + (1 + height summary)
* 29
by (meson 4.IH(2) add-le-mono dual-order.trans le-refl)
hence Tpred(Node(Some(mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤
24 + (height(Node(Some(mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) * 29
using height-compose-summary[of summary Some(mi, ma) deg treeList] by presburger
then show ?thesis by simp
next
case False
hence Tpred(Node(Some(mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 29 +
Tpred summary ?h using maxt-bound[of treeList ! the ?pr] 3 by auto
hence Tpred(Node(Some(mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 29 + (1 + height summary)
* 29
using 4.IH(2)[of ?h] by simp
hence Tpred(Node(Some(mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤
29 + (height(Node(Some(mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) * 29
using height-compose-summary[of summary Some(mi, ma) deg treeList] by presburger
then show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed
next
case False
then show ?thesis using 0 by simp
qed
qed
next
case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
hence deg ≥ 2
by (metis Suc-1 add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) le-add1 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
then show ?case
proof(cases x > ma)
case True
hence Tpred(Node(Some(mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 2 using Tpred.simp(7)[of mi
ma deg-2 treeList summary x]
by (smt (z3) Suc-1 <2 ≤ deg> add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse plus-1-eq-Suc)
then show ?thesis by simp
next
case False
let ?l = low x (deg div 2)
let ?h = high x (deg div 2)
have 0: Tpred(Node(Some(mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 1 + 10 + 1 +

```

```

(if ?h < length treeList then

    let minlow = vebt-mint (treeList ! ?h) in 2 + Tmint(treeList ! ?h) + 3 +
    (if minlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l >o minlow) then
        4 + Tpred(treeList ! ?h) ?l
    else let pr = vebt-pred summary ?h in 1 + Tpred summary ?h + 1 +
        if pr = None then 1 + (if x > mi then 1 else 1)
        else 4 + Tmaxt(treeList ! the pr))
    else 1)

using Tpred.simps(7)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x] False <2 ≤ deg>
by (smt (z3) Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 add.assoc add.commute le-add-diff-inverse)
then show ?thesis

proof(cases ?h < length treeList)
  case True
  hence ?h < length treeList by simp
  let ?minlow = vebt-mint (treeList ! ?h)
  have 1: Tpred(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 17 + Tmint(treeList ! ?h) +
    (if ?minlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l >o ?minlow) then
        4 + Tpred(treeList ! ?h) ?l
    else let pr = vebt-pred summary ?h in 1 + Tpred summary ?h + 1 +
        if pr = None then 1 + (if x > mi then 1 else 1)
        else 4 + Tmaxt(treeList ! the pr))

  using True 0 by simp
  then show ?thesis

  proof(cases ?minlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l >o ?minlow))
    case True
    have 2: Tpred(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 21 + Tmint(treeList ! ?h)
  +
    Tpred(treeList ! ?h) ?l using True 1 by simp
    hence Tpred(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 24 + Tpred(treeList ! ?h)
    ?l using mint-bound by simp
    moreover hence (treeList ! ?h) ∈ set treeList
      by (meson <high x (deg div 2) < length treeList> nth-mem)
    ultimately have Tpred(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 24 + (1 +
    height(treeList ! ?h))*29
    using 5.IH by (meson nat-add-left-cancel-le order-trans)
    hence Tpred(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤
      24 + (height(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary))*29
    using height-compose-child[of treeList ! ?h treeList Some(mi, ma) deg summary]
      by (meson <treeList ! high x (deg div 2) ∈ set treeList> add-le-cancel-left le-refl mult-le-mono
    order-trans)
    then show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case False
    let ?pr = vebt-pred summary ?h
    have 2: Tpred(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 19 + Tmint(treeList ! ?h)
  +
    Tpred summary ?h + (
      if ?pr = None then 1 + (if x > mi then 1 else 1)

```

```

else 4 + Tmaxt (treeList ! the ?pr))
using False 1 by auto
hence 3:Tpred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 22 +
Tpred summary ?h+
if ?pr = None then 1 + (if x > mi then 1 else 1)
else 4 + Tmaxt (treeList ! the ?pr)) using mint-bound[of treeList ! ?h] by
simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?pr = None)
case True
hence Tpred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 24 + Tpred summary ?h
using 3 by simp
hence Tpred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 24 + (1 + height summary)
* 29
by (meson 5.IH(2) add-le-mono dual-order.trans le-refl)
hence Tpred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤
24 + (height (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) * 29
using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList] by presburger
then show ?thesis by simp
next
case False
hence Tpred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 29 + Tpred summary ?h
using maxt-bound[of treeList ! the ?pr] 3 by auto
hence Tpred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 29 + (1 + height summary)
* 29
using 5.IH(2)[of ?h] by simp
hence Tpred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤
29 + (height (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)) * 29
using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList] by presburger
then show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed
next
case False
then show ?thesis using 0 by simp
qed
qed
qed

```

theorem pred-bound-size-univ: invar-verb t n ==> u = 2^n ==> T_{pred} t x ≤ 58 + 29 * lb (lb u)
 using pred-bound-height[of t n x] height-double-log-univ-size[of u n t] by simp

```

fun Tpred'::VEBT ⇒ nat ⇒ nat where
Tpred' (Leaf - -) 0 = 1|
Tpred' (Leaf a -) (Suc 0) = 1|
Tpred' (Leaf a b) - = 1|
Tpred' (Node None - - -) - = 1|

```

T_{pred}' (Node None - - -) - = 1|

```

 $T_{pred}'(Node - 0 - -) - = 1 |$ 
 $T_{pred}'(Node - (Suc 0) - -) - = 1 |$ 
 $T_{pred}'(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = ($ 
     $\text{if } x > ma \text{ then } 1$ 
     $\text{else (let } l = \text{low } x (\text{deg div } 2); h = \text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2) \text{ in}$ 
         $(\text{if } h < \text{length treeList} \text{ then}$ 
             $\text{let } minlow = \text{vrbt-mint} (\text{treeList} ! h) \text{ in}$ 
             $(\text{if } minlow \neq \text{None} \wedge (\text{Some } l >_o minlow) \text{ then}$ 
                 $1 + T_{pred}'(\text{treeList} ! h) l$ 
             $\text{else let } pr = \text{vrbt-pred summary } h \text{ in } T_{pred}' \text{ summary } h + ($ 
                 $\text{if } pr = \text{None} \text{ then } 1$ 
                 $\text{else } 1 ))$ 
             $\text{else } 1)))$ 

theorem pred-bound-height': invar-vrbt t n  $\implies T_{pred}' t x \leq (1 + \text{height } t)$ 
proof(induction t n arbitrary: x rule: invar-vrbt.induct)
case (1 a b)
then show ?case
by (metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1-left Tpred'.simp(1) Tpred'.simp(2) Tpred'.simp(3) vrbt-buildup.cases height.simps(1) le-refl)
next
case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
hence degprop:deg  $\geq 2$ 
by (metis add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff)
then show ?case
proof(cases x > ma)
case True
then show ?thesis using Tpred'.simp(7)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary x] degprop
by (metis add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse le-numeral-extra(4) trans-le-add1)
next
case False
hence x  $\leq$  ma by simp
let ?l = low x (deg div 2)
let ?h = high x (deg div 2)
show ?thesis
proof(cases ?h < length treeList)
case True
hence hprop: ?h < length treeList by simp
let ?minlow = vrbt-mint (treeList ! ?h)
show ?thesis
proof(cases ?minlow  $\neq$  None  $\wedge$  (Some ?l > o ?minlow))
case True
hence Tpred'(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 1 + Tpred'(treeList ! ?h) ?l
using Tpred'.simp(7)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary x] degprop hprop
by (smt (z3) False add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse)
moreover have treeList ! ?h  $\in$  set treeList using hprop by simp
moreover hence Tpred'(treeList ! ?h) ?l  $\leq$  1 + height(treeList ! ?h) using 4(1) by simp
ultimately have Tpred'(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x  $\leq$  1 + 1 + height

```

```

(treeList ! ?h) by simp
  then show ?thesis
    by (smt (z3) Suc-le-mono ‹Tpred'(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 1 + Tpred'(treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) (low x (deg div 2))› ‹Tpred'(treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) (low x (deg div 2)) ≤ 1 + height (treeList ! high x (deg div 2))› ‹treeList ! high x (deg div 2) ∈ set treeList› height-compose-child le-trans plus-1-eq-Suc)
  next
  case False
  hence Tpred'(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 1 + Tpred' summary ?h
    using Tpred'.simp(7)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary x] degprop hprop
    by (cases vebt-pred summary ?h)
      (smt (z3) Suc-eq-plus1 ‹x ≤ ma› add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse linorder-not-less plus-1-eq-Suc)+
      hence Tpred'(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 1 + 1 + height summary
  using 4(2)[of ?h] by simp
    then show ?thesis by(simp add: le-trans)
  qed
  next
  case False
  then show ?thesis using Tpred'.simp(7)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary x] degprop
    by (metis 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(8) ‹x ≤ ma› add-self-div-2 high-bound-aux
le-less-trans)
  qed
  qed
  next
  case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence degprop:deg ≥ 2
  by (metis Suc-1 leD less-numeral-extra(1) not-add-less1 not-less-eq-eq not-less-iff-gr-or-eq plus-1-eq-Suc
set-n-deg-not-0)
  then show ?case
  proof(cases x > ma)
    case True
    then show ?thesis using Tpred'.simp(7)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary x] degprop
      by (metis add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse le-numeral-extra(4) trans-le-add1)
  next
  case False
  hence x ≤ ma by simp
  let ?l = low x (deg div 2)
  let ?h = high x (deg div 2)
  show ?thesis
  proof(cases ?h < length treeList)
    case True
    hence hprop: ?h < length treeList by simp
    let ?minlow = vebt-mint (treeList ! ?h)
    show ?thesis
    proof(cases ?minlow ≠ None ∧ (Some ?l > o ?minlow))
      case True
      hence Tpred'(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 1 + Tpred'(treeList ! ?h) ?l
        using Tpred'.simp(7)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary x] degprop hprop
        by (smt (z3) False add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse)
    
```

```

moreover have treeList ! ?h ∈ set treeList using hprop by simp
moreover hence Tpred'(treeList ! ?h) ?l ≤ 1 + height(treeList ! ?h) using 5(1) by simp
ultimately have Tpred'(Node(Some(mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 1 + 1 + height
(treeList ! ?h) by simp
then show ?thesis
by (smt (z3) Suc-le-mono ‹Tpred'(Node(Some(mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 1 +
Tpred'(treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) (low x (deg div 2))› ‹Tpred'(treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) (low x
(deg div 2)) ≤ 1 + height(treeList ! high x (deg div 2))› ‹treeList ! high x (deg div 2) ∈ set treeList›
height-compose-child le-trans plus-1-eq-Suc)
next
case False
hence Tpred'(Node(Some(mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 1 + Tpred' summary ?h
using Tpred'.simp(7)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary x] degprop hprop
by (cases vebt-pred summary ?h)
(smt (z3) Suc-eq-plus1 ‹x ≤ ma› add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse linorder-not-less plus-1-eq-Suc) +
hence Tpred'(Node(Some(mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 1 + 1 + height summary
using 5(2)[of ?h] by simp
then show ?thesis by(simp add: le-trans)
qed
next
case False
then show ?thesis using Tpred'.simp(7)[of mi ma deg -2 treeList summary x] degprop
by (smt (z3) add-2-eq-Suc leI le-add-diff-inverse not-add-less1)
qed
qed
qed simp+

```

```

theorem pred-bound-size-univ': invar-vebt t n ==> u = 2^n ==> Tpred' t x ≤ 2 + lb(lb u)
using pred-bound-height'[of t n x] height-double-log-univ-size[of u n t] by simp

```

```

end
end

```

```

theory VEBT-DeleteBounds imports VEBT-Bounds VEBT-Delete VEBT-DeleteCorrectness
begin

```

11.6 Running Time Bounds for Deletion

```

context begin
interpretation VEBT-internal .

```

```

fun Tdelete::VEBT ⇒ nat ⇒ nat where
Tdelete(Leaf a b) 0 = 1 |
Tdelete(Leaf a b)(Suc 0) = 1 |
Tdelete(Leaf a b)(Suc(Suc n)) = 1 |
Tdelete(Node None deg treeList summary) - = 1 |
Tdelete(Node(Some(mi, ma)) 0 treeList summary) x = 1 |
Tdelete(Node(Some(mi, ma))(Suc 0) treeList summary) x = 1 |
Tdelete(Node(Some(mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 3 +

```

```

if (x < mi ∨ x > ma) then 1
else 3 + (if (x = mi ∧ x = ma) then 3
else 13 + ( if x = mi then  $T_{mint}$  summary +  $T_{mint}$  (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))+
7 else 1 )+
    (if x = mi then 1 else 1) +
    ( let xn = (if x = mi
        then the (vebt-mint summary) *  $\hat{2}^{(deg \ div \ 2)}$  + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the
(vebt-mint summary)))
        else x);
minn = (if x = mi then xn else mi);
l = low xn (deg div 2);
h = high xn (deg div 2) in
if h < length treeList
then( 4 +  $T_{delete}$  (treeList ! h) l +(
let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l;
newlist = treeList[h:= newnode]in 1 +  $T_{minNull}$  newnode + (
if minNull newnode
then( 1 +  $T_{delete}$  summary h +(
let sn = vebt-delete summary h in
2+ (if xn = ma then 1 +  $T_{maxt}$  sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
1 + (if maxs = None
then 1
else 8+  $T_{maxt}$  (newlist ! the maxs)
) )
else 1)
))else
2 + (if xn = ma then 6+  $T_{maxt}$  (newlist ! h) else 1)
))))else 1 ))))

```

end

context *VEBT-internal begin*

```

lemma tdeletemimi:deg ≥ 2  $\implies$  Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, mi)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 9
  using Tdelete.simp(7)[of mi mi deg-2 treeList summary x]
  apply(cases x ≠ mi)
  apply (smt (z3) One-nat-def Suc-1 add-Suc-shift div-le-dividend le-add-diff-inverse not-less-iff-gr-or-eq
numeral-3-eq-3 numeral-Bit0 numeral-Bit1-div-2 plus-1-eq-Suc)
  apply (smt (z3) Suc3-eq-add-3 Suc-eq-plus1 Suc-nat-number-of-add add-2-eq-Suc dual-order.eq-iff
le-add-diff-inverse nat-less-le numeral-Bit1 semiring-norm(2) semiring-norm(8))
  done

```

lemma *minNull-delete-time-bound*: *invar-vebt t n* \implies *minNull (vebt-delete t x)* \implies *T_{delete} t x* \leq 9
proof(*induction t n rule; invar-vebt.induct*)

```

case (1 a b)
then show ?case
  apply(cases x)
  apply simp
  apply(cases x=1)

```

```

apply simp
  by (smt (z3) One-nat-def Suc-diff-le Suc-leI T_delete.simps(3) diff-Suc-Suc le-add-diff-inverse
one-le-numeral order.not-eq-order-implies-strict plus-1-eq-Suc zero-less-Suc)
next
  case (2 treeList n summary m deg)
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence deg ≥ 2
    by (metis add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff)
  then show ?case
  proof(cases (x < mi ∨ x > ma))
    case True
    then show ?thesis
    using 4.prems ‹2 ≤ deg› delt-out-of-range by force
  next
    case False
    hence x ≤ ma ∧ x ≥ mi by simp
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases (x = mi ∧ x = ma))
      case True
      then show ?thesis
      using ‹2 ≤ deg› tdeletemimi by blast
    next
      case False
      hence ¬ (x = mi ∧ x = ma) by simp
      then show ?thesis
      proof(cases x = mi)
        case True
        hence x = mi by simp
        let ?xn = the (vebt-mint summary) * 2^(deg div 2)
          + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)))
        let ?l = low ?xn (deg div 2)
        let ?h = high ?xn (deg div 2)
        have ∃ y. both-member-options summary y
          using 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(5) 4.hyps(8) 4.hyps(9) False True high-bound-aux by blast
        then obtain i where aa: (vebt-mint summary) = Some i
        by (metis 4.hyps(1) Collect-empty-eq mint-corr-help-empty not-Some-eq set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-o...
        hence ∃ y. both-member-options (treeList ! i) y
        by (meson 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(5) both-member-options-equiv-member member-bound mint-member)
        hence ∃ y. both-member-options (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) y
          using ‹vebt-mint summary = Some i› by auto
        hence invar-vebt (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) n
        by (metis 4.IH(1) 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(2) ‹vebt-mint summary = Some i› option.sel member-bound
mint-member nth-mem)
        then obtain y where (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))) = Some y

```

```

    by (metis Collect-empty-eq ‹∃ y. both-member-options (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) y›
mint-corr-help-empty option.exhaust set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
    have y < 2^n ∧ i < 2^m
        using 4.hyps(1) ‹vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) = Some y› ‹invar-vebt
(treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) n› aa member-bound mint-member by blast
    hence ?h ≤ 2^m using aa
        using 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) ‹vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) = Some y› high-inv
by force
    have 0:vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =(
        let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l;
        newlist = treeList[?h:= newnode]in
        if minNull newnode
        then(
            let sn = vebt-delete summary ?h in
            (Node (Some (?xn, if ?xn = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
                (if maxs = None
                    then ?xn
                    else 2^(deg div 2) * the maxs
                        + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))
                )
            )
            else ma)))
            deg newlist sn)
        )else
            (Node (Some (?xn, (if ?xn = ma then
                ?h * 2^(deg div 2) + the( vebt-maxt (newlist ! ?h))
                else ma)))
            deg newlist summary ))
    using del-x-mi[of x mi ma deg ?xn ?h summary treeList ?l] 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(3)
        4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(7) False True ‹2 ≤ deg› ‹vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))›
=
    Some y ‹y < 2^n ∧ i < 2^m› aa high-inv
    by fastforce
let ?newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l
let ?newlist = treeList[?h:= ?newnode]
show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull ?newnode)
  case True
  then show ?thesis
  by (smt (z3) 0 4.prems minNull.simps(5))
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
  by (smt (z3) 0 4.prems minNull.simps(5))
qed
next
  case False
  hence x > mi
  using ‹x ≤ ma ∧ mi ≤ x› nat-less-le by blast

```

```

let ?l = low x (deg div 2)
let ?h = high x (deg div 2)
let ?newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l
let ?newlist = treeList[?h:= ?newnode]
have ?h < length treeList
  using 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(8) <x ≤ ma ∧ mi ≤ x> high-bound-aux by auto
hence 0:vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
  if minNull ?newnode
    then(
      let sn = vebt-delete summary ?h in
      (Node (Some (mi, if x = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
        (if maxs = None
          then mi
          else 2^(deg div 2) * the maxs
            + the (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the maxs))
          )
        )
      else ma)))
      deg ?newlist sn)
    )else
      (Node (Some (mi, (if x = ma then
        ?h * 2^(deg div 2) + the( vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h))
        else ma)))
      deg ?newlist summary ))
  using del-x-not-mi[of mi x ma deg ?h ?l ?newnode ?newlist treeList summary]
  by (metis <2 ≤ deg> <mi < x> <x ≤ ma ∧ mi ≤ x> del-x-not-mi leD)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull ?newnode )
  case True
  then show ?thesis
  by (metis 0 4.prems minNull.simps(5))
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
  using 0 4.prems by fastforce
qed
qed
qed
qed
next
  case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence deg ≥ 2
  by (metis Suc-1 add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) le-add1 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
then show ?case
proof(cases (x < mi ∨ x > ma))
  case True
  then show ?thesis
  using 5.prems <2 ≤ deg> delt-out-of-range by force
next

```

```

case False
hence  $x \leq ma \wedge x \geq mi$  by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases (x = mi ∧ x = ma))
  case True
  then show ?thesis
  using ‹ $2 \leq deg$ › tdeletemimi by blast
next
  case False
  hence  $\neg(x = mi \wedge x = ma)$  by simp
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases x = mi)
    case True
    hence x = mi by simp
    let ?xn = the (vebt-mint summary) *  $2^{\lceil \deg / 2 \rceil}$ 
      + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)))
    let ?l = low ?xn (deg div 2)
    let ?h = high ?xn (deg div 2)
    have  $\exists y. both\text{-member}\text{-options} summary y$ 
      using 5.hyps(4) 5.hyps(5) 5.hyps(8) 5.hyps(9) False True high-bound-aux by blast
    then obtain i where aa: (vebt-mint summary) = Some i
    by (metis 5.hyps(1) Collect-empty-eq mint-corr-help-empty not-Some-eq set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-o...
    hence  $\exists y. both\text{-member}\text{-options} (treeList ! i) y$ 
    by (meson 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(5) both-member-options-equiv-member member-bound mint-member)
    hence  $\exists y. both\text{-member}\text{-options} (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) y$ 
      using ‹vebt-mint summary = Some i› by auto
    hence invar-vebt (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) n
    by (metis 5.IH(1) 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(2) ‹vebt-mint summary = Some i› option.sel member-bound
    mint-member nth-mem)
    then obtain y where (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))) = Some y
      by (metis Collect-empty-eq ‹ $\exists y. both\text{-member}\text{-options} (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) y$ ›
    mint-corr-help-empty option.exhaust set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
    have  $y < 2^{\lceil n \rceil} \wedge i < 2^{\lceil m \rceil}$ 
      using 5.hyps(1) ‹vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) = Some y› invar-vebt
    (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) n aa member-bound mint-member by blast
    hence ?h ≤ 2^m using aa
    using 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4) ‹vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) = Some y› high-inv
  by force
  have 0:vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
    let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l;
      newlist = treeList[?h:= newnode]in
      if minNull newnode
      then(
        let sn = vebt-delete summary ?h in
        (Node (Some (?xn, if ?xn = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
          (if maxs = None
            then ?xn
            else  $2^{\lceil \deg / 2 \rceil} * the maxs$ 
            + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))))
```



```

        else ma))
    deg ?newlist sn)
)else
  (Node (Some (mi, (if x = ma then
    ?h * 2^(deg div 2) + the( vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h)
      else ma)))
  deg ?newlist summary )) using del-x-not-mi[of mi x ma deg ?h ?l ?newnode
?newlist treeList summary]
  by (metis 5.hyps(2) <2 ≤ deg> <mi < x> <x ≤ ma ∧ mi ≤ x> del-x-not-mi leD)
  then show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull ?newnode )
  case True
  then show ?thesis
  by (metis 0 5.prems minNull.simps(5))
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
  using 0 5.prems by fastforce
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
lemma delete-bound-height: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  Tdelete t x ≤ (1 + height t)*70
proof(induction t n arbitrary: x rule: invar-vebt.induct)
  case (1 a b)
  then show ?case
  apply(cases x)
  apply simp
  apply(cases x = 1)
  apply simp
  apply (metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1-left Suc-le-mono Tdelete.simp(3) comm-monoid-mult-class.mult-1
dual-order.trans height.simps(1) le-SucE lessI less-Suc-eq-le less-imp-Suc-add one-le-numeral zero-less-Suc)
  done
next
  case (2 treeList n summary m deg)
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence deggy: deg ≥ 2
  by (metis add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff)
  then show ?case
proof(cases (x < mi ∨ x > ma))
  case True
  hence Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 4 using

```

```

 $T_{\text{delete}}.\text{simps}(7)[\text{of } mi \text{ } ma \text{ } deg - 2 \text{ } \text{treeList} \text{ } \text{summary} \text{ } x]$ 
by (smt (z3) Suc3-eq-add-3 Suc-1 <math>\langle 2 \leq deg \rangle</math> add-2-eq-Suc' le-add-diff-inverse2 numeral-code(2))
then show ?thesis using  $T_{\text{delete}}.\text{simps}(7)[\text{of } mi \text{ } ma \text{ } deg - 2 \text{ } \text{treeList} \text{ } \text{summary} \text{ } x]$  by auto
next
case False
hence  $mi \leq x \wedge x \leq ma$  by simp
hence 0:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ } deg \text{ } \text{treeList} \text{ } \text{summary}) \text{ } x = 3 + 3 + (\text{if } (x = mi \wedge x = ma) \text{ then } 3$ 
 $\text{else } 13 + (\text{if } x = mi \text{ then } T_{\text{mint}} \text{ } \text{summary} + T_{\text{mint}}(\text{treeList} ! \text{the}(\text{vebt-mint} \text{ } \text{summary})) +$ 
7 else 1 )+
 $(\text{if } x = mi \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1) +$ 
 $(\text{let } xn = (\text{if } x = mi$ 
 $\text{then } \text{the}(\text{vebt-mint} \text{ } \text{summary}) * 2^{\lceil \deg \text{div } 2 \rceil} + \text{the}(\text{vebt-mint}(\text{treeList} ! \text{the}(\text{vebt-mint} \text{ } \text{summary})))$ 
 $\text{else } x);$ 
 $minn = (\text{if } x = mi \text{ then } xn \text{ else } mi);$ 
 $l = \text{low } xn \text{ } (\deg \text{div } 2);$ 
 $h = \text{high } xn \text{ } (\deg \text{div } 2) \text{ in}$ 
 $\text{if } h < \text{length } \text{treeList}$ 
 $\text{then} (4 + T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList} ! h) \text{ } l + ($ 
 $\text{let } newnode = \text{vebt-delete}(\text{treeList} ! h) \text{ } l;$ 
 $newlist = \text{treeList}[h := newnode] \text{in } 1 + T_{\text{minNull}} \text{ } newnode + ($ 
 $\text{if } minNull \text{ } newnode$ 
 $\text{then} (1 + T_{\text{delete}} \text{ } \text{summary} \text{ } h + ($ 
 $\text{let } sn = \text{vebt-delete} \text{ } \text{summary} \text{ } h \text{ in}$ 
 $2 + (\text{if } xn = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{\text{maxt}} \text{ } sn + (\text{let } maxs = \text{vebt-maxt} \text{ } sn \text{ in}$ 
 $1 + (\text{if } maxs = \text{None}$ 
 $\text{then } 1$ 
 $\text{else } 8 + T_{\text{maxt}}(\text{newlist} ! \text{the} \text{ } maxs)$ 
 $) )$ 
 $\text{else } 1)$ 
 $) \text{else}$ 
 $2 + (\text{if } xn = ma \text{ then } 6 + T_{\text{maxt}}(\text{newlist} ! h) \text{ else } 1)$ 
 $)) \text{else } 1 \text{ }) \text{ using } T_{\text{delete}}.\text{simps}(7)[\text{of } mi \text{ } ma \text{ } deg - 2 \text{ } \text{treeList} \text{ } \text{summary} \text{ } x] \text{ deggy}$ 
by (smt (z3) False add.commute add-2-eq-Suc' add-numeral-left le-add-diff-inverse numeral-plus-numeral)

then show ?thesis
proof(cases  $(x = mi \wedge x = ma)$ )
case True
hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ } deg \text{ } \text{treeList} \text{ } \text{summary}) \text{ } x = 9$  using 0 by simp
then show ?thesis by simp
next
case False
hence 1:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ } deg \text{ } \text{treeList} \text{ } \text{summary}) \text{ } x = 3 + 3 + 13 +$ 
 $(\text{if } x = mi \text{ then } T_{\text{mint}} \text{ } \text{summary} + T_{\text{mint}}(\text{treeList} ! \text{the}(\text{vebt-mint} \text{ } \text{summary})) + 7 \text{ else }$ 
1 )+
 $(\text{if } x = mi \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1) +$ 
 $(\text{let } xn = (\text{if } x = mi$ 
 $\text{then } \text{the}(\text{vebt-mint} \text{ } \text{summary}) * 2^{\lceil \deg \text{div } 2 \rceil} + \text{the}(\text{vebt-mint}(\text{treeList} ! \text{the}(\text{vebt-mint} \text{ } \text{summary}))))$ 

```

```

(vebt-mint summary)))
else x);
minn = (if x = mi then xn else mi);
l = low xn (deg div 2);
h = high xn (deg div 2) in
if h < length treeList
then( 4 + T_delete (treeList ! h) l +
let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l;
newlist = treeList[h:= newnode]in 1 + T_minNull newnode +
if minNull newnode
then( 1 + T_delete summary h +
let sn = vebt-delete summary h in
2 + (if xn = ma then 1 + T_maxt sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
1 + (if maxs = None
then 1
else 8+ T_maxt (newlist ! the maxs)
))
else 1)
))else
2 + (if xn = ma then 6+ T_maxt (newlist ! h) else 1)
))))else 1 ) using 0
by (simp add: False)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases x = mi)
case True
let ?xn = the (vebt-mint summary) * 2^(deg div 2) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint
summary)))
have 2: T_delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 3 + 3 + 13 + T_mint summary
+
T_mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) + 7 + 1 +
(let l = low ?xn (deg div 2);
h = high ?xn (deg div 2) in
if h < length treeList
then( 4 + T_delete (treeList ! h) l +
let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l;
newlist = treeList[h:= newnode]in 1 + T_minNull newnode +
if minNull newnode
then( 1 + T_delete summary h +
let sn = vebt-delete summary h in
2 + (if ?xn = ma then 1 + T_maxt sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
1 + (if maxs = None
then 1
else 8+ T_maxt (newlist ! the maxs)
)) else 1) ))else
2 + (if ?xn = ma then 6+ T_maxt (newlist ! h) else 1)
))))else 1 )
using 1 by (smt (z3) True add.assoc)
let ?l = low ?xn (deg div 2)
let ?h = high ?xn (deg div 2)

```

```

have 3:  $T_{delete}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } treeList \text{ summary}) x = 3 + 3 + 13 + T_{mint} \text{ summary}$ 
+

$$T_{mint}(treeList ! \text{the}(\text{vrbt-mint summary})) + 7 + 1 +$$


$$(\text{if } ?h < \text{length } treeList$$


$$\text{then} (4 + T_{delete}(treeList ! ?h) ?l + ($$


$$\text{let } newnode = \text{vrbt-delete}(treeList ! ?h) ?l;$$


$$\text{newlist} = treeList[?h := newnode]in 1 + T_{minNull} newnode + ($$


$$\text{if } minNull newnode$$


$$\text{then} (1 + T_{delete} \text{ summary} ?h + ($$


$$\text{let } sn = \text{vrbt-delete summary} ?h \text{ in}$$


$$2 + (\text{if } ?xn = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{maxt} sn + (\text{let } maxs = \text{vrbt-maxt} sn \text{ in}$$


$$1 + (\text{if } maxs = \text{None}$$


$$\text{then } 1$$


$$\text{else } 8 + T_{maxt}(\text{newlist} ! \text{the} maxs)$$


$$) ) \text{ else } 1) ) \text{ else }$$


$$2 + (\text{if } ?xn = ma \text{ then } 6 + T_{maxt}(\text{newlist} ! ?h) \text{ else } 1)$$


$$))) \text{ else } 1)$$

using 2 by meson
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?h < length treeList)
case True
hence ?h < length treeList by simp
let ?newnode = vrbt-delete(treeList ! ?h) ?l
let ?newlist = treeList[?h := ?newnode]
have invar-vrbt(treeList ! ?h) n
using 4.IH(1) True nth-mem by blast
hence invar-vrbt ?newnode n
using delete-pres-valid by blast
have 4:  $T_{delete}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } treeList \text{ summary}) x \leq 37 + T_{delete}(treeList !$ 

$$?h) ?l + ($$


$$\text{let } newnode = \text{vrbt-delete}(treeList ! ?h) ?l;$$


$$\text{newlist} = treeList[?h := newnode]in 1 + T_{minNull} newnode + ($$


$$\text{if } minNull newnode$$


$$\text{then} (1 + T_{delete} \text{ summary} ?h + ($$


$$\text{let } sn = \text{vrbt-delete summary} ?h \text{ in}$$


$$2 + (\text{if } ?xn = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{maxt} sn + (\text{let } maxs = \text{vrbt-maxt} sn \text{ in}$$


$$1 + (\text{if } maxs = \text{None}$$


$$\text{then } 1$$


$$\text{else } 8 + T_{maxt}(\text{newlist} ! \text{the} maxs)$$


$$) ) \text{ else } 1) ) \text{ else }$$


$$2 + (\text{if } ?xn = ma \text{ then } 6 + T_{maxt}(\text{newlist} ! ?h) \text{ else } 1)$$


$$))$$

using 3 mint-bound[of treeList ! the(vrbt-mint summary)] mint-bound[of summary]
by simp
hence 5:  $T_{delete}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } treeList \text{ summary}) x \leq 38 + T_{delete}(treeList !$ 

$$?h) ?l + ($$


$$T_{minNull} ?newnode + ($$


$$\text{if } minNull ?newnode$$


$$\text{then} (1 + T_{delete} \text{ summary} ?h + ($$


```

```

let sn = vebt-delete summary ?h in
2+ (if ?xn = ma then 1 + Tmaxt sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
1 + (if maxs = None
then 1
else 8+ Tmaxt (?newlist ! the maxs)
) ) else 1) ))else
2+ (if ?xn = ma then 6+ Tmaxt (?newlist ! ?h) else 1)
))
by (smt (z3) Suc-eq-plus1 add.commute add-Suc numeral-plus-one semiring-norm(5)
semiring-norm(8))
then show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull ?newnode )
case True
hence 6: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 39 + Tdelete (treeList
! ?h) ?l
+ 1 + Tdelete summary ?h +
let sn = vebt-delete summary ?h in
2+ (if ?xn = ma then 1 + Tmaxt sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
1 + (if maxs = None
then 1
else 8+ Tmaxt (?newlist ! the maxs)
) ) else 1)) using 5 minNull-bound[of
?newnode] by presburger
have 7: Tdelete (treeList ! ?h) ?l ≤ 9 using True
minNull-delete-time-bound[of treeList ! ?h]
using <invar-vebt (treeList ! high (the (vebt-mint summary) * 2 ^ (deg div 2) + the
(vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)))) (deg div 2)) n> by blast
let ?sn = vebt-delete summary ?h
have 8: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 39 + Tdelete (treeList
! ?h) ?l
+ 1 + Tdelete summary ?h +
2+ (if ?xn = ma then 1 + Tmaxt ?sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn in
1 + (if maxs = None
then 1
else 8+ Tmaxt (?newlist ! the maxs)
) ) else 1))
by (meson 6)
hence 9: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 39 + 9 + 1 +
Tdelete summary ?h + 2+
(if ?xn = ma then 1 + Tmaxt ?sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn in
1 + (if maxs = None
then 1
else 8+ Tmaxt (?newlist ! the maxs)
) ) else 1)) using 6 7 by force
hence 10: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 51 + Tdelete
summary ?h +
(if ?xn = ma then 1 + Tmaxt ?sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn in
1 + (if maxs = None
then 1

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else 8 + Tmaxt (?newlist ! the maxs)
) ) else 1) by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?xn = ma)
case True
  hence 10: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 51 + Tdelete
summary ?h +
  1 + Tmaxt ?sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn in
    1 + (if maxs = None
      then 1
      else 8 + Tmaxt (?newlist ! the maxs)
    )) using 10
  by (smt (z3) add.assoc trans-le-add1)
  hence 11: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 55 + Tdelete
summary ?h +
  (let maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn in
    1 + (if maxs = None
      then 1
      else 8 + Tmaxt (?newlist ! the maxs)
    )) using maxt-bound[of ?sn] by force
then show ?thesis
proof(cases vebt-maxt ?sn)
case None
  hence 12: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 57 + Tdelete
summary ?h using 11 by simp
  hence Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 57 + (1+height
summary)*70 using 4.IH(2)[of ?l]
  by (meson 4.IH(2) le-trans nat-add-left-cancel-le)
  hence Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 57 + (height (Node
(Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary))*70
  using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList] by presburger
  then show ?thesis by simp
next
  case (Some a)
  hence 12: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 55 + Tdelete
summary ?h +
  1 + 8 + Tmaxt (?newlist ! the (vebt-maxt ?sn))
  using 11 by fastforce
  hence Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 67 + Tdelete
summary ?h
  using maxt-bound[of ?newlist ! the (vebt-maxt ?sn)] by linarith
  hence Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 67 + (1+ height
summary)*70
  by (meson 4.IH(2) le-trans nat-add-left-cancel-le)
  hence Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 67 + (height (Node
(Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary))*70
  using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList] by presburger
  then show ?thesis by simp
qed

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next
  case False
    hence 11:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 52 + T_{\text{delete}}$ 
summary ?h
      using 10 by simp
      hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 52 + (1 + \text{height}$ 
summary) * 70
        by (meson 4.IH(2) le-trans nat-add-left-cancel-le)
        hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x \leq$ 
           $52 + (\text{height}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary})) * 70$  using height-compose-summary[of
summary Some(mi, ma) deg treeList]
          by (meson add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(2) le-refl mult-le-mono order-trans)
        then show ?thesis by simp
      qed
    next
      case False
      hence 6:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 38 + T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList}$ 
! ?h) ?l +
         $T_{\min Null} ?\text{newnode} + 2 + (\text{if } ?xn = ma \text{ then } 6 + T_{\max t} (?\text{newlist} ! ?h) \text{ else }$ 
1)) using 5 by simp
        moreover have invar-vebt (?newlist ! ?h) n
        by (simp add: True <invar-vebt (vebt-delete(treeList ! high(the(vebt-mint summary)) * 2 ^
(deg div 2) + the(vebt-mint(treeList ! the(vebt-mint summary)))) (deg div 2)) (low(the(vebt-mint
summary)) * 2 ^ (deg div 2) + the(vebt-mint(treeList ! the(vebt-mint summary)))) (deg div 2))) n)
        ultimately have  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x \leq$ 
           $43 + T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l + (\text{if } ?xn = ma \text{ then } 6 + T_{\max t} (?\text{newlist} ! ?h) \text{ else } 1)$ 
        using minNull-bound[of ?newnode] by linarith
        moreover have ( $\text{if } ?xn = ma \text{ then } 6 + T_{\max t} (?\text{newlist} ! ?h) \text{ else } 1 \leq 9$ )
        apply(cases ?xn = ma) using maxt-bound[of (?newlist ! ?h)] by simp+
        ultimately have  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 55 + T_{\text{delete}}$ 
(treeList ! ?h) ?l by force
        hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x \leq$ 
           $55 + (1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList} ! ?h)) * 70$ 
        by (meson 4.IH(1) True le-trans nat-add-left-cancel-le nth-mem)
        moreover have treeList ! ?h  $\in$  set treeList
        using True nth-mem by blast
        ultimately have  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x \leq$ 
           $55 + (\text{height}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary})) * 70$ 
        using height-compose-child[of treeList ! ?h treeList Some(mi, ma) deg summary] by
presburger
        then show ?thesis by simp
      qed
    next
      case False
      hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x = 3 + 3 + 13 + T_{\text{mint}}$ 
summary
+
       $T_{\text{mint}}(\text{treeList} ! \text{the}(\text{vebt-mint summary})) + 7 + 1 + 1$  using 3 by simp
      hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 34$  using
        mint-bound[of treeList ! the(vebt-mint summary)]

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mint-bound[of summary] by simp
then show ?thesis by simp
qed
next
case False
let ?l = low x (deg div 2)
let ?h = high x (deg div 2)
have 2:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 3+3+13+1+1+$ 
    (let l = low x (deg div 2);
     h = high x (deg div 2) in
     if h < length treeList
        then( 4 +  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList} ! h) l +$ 
            let newnode = vebt-delete(treeList ! h) l;
            newlist = treeList[?h := newnode]in 1 +  $T_{\minNull} \text{ newnode} +$ 
            if minNull newnode
                then( 1 +  $T_{\text{delete}} \text{ summary} h +$ 
                    let sn = vebt-delete summary h in
                    2 + (if x = ma then 1 +  $T_{\maxT} \text{ sn} +$  (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
                        1 + (if maxs = None
                            then 1
                            else 8 +  $T_{\maxT} (\text{newlist} ! \text{the maxs})$ 
                        ) ) else 1) ))else
                    2 + (if x = ma then 6 +  $T_{\maxT} (\text{newlist} ! h) \text{ else 1}$ 
                )))else 1 )
using 1 False by simp
hence 3:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 21 +$ 
    if ?h < length treeList
        then( 4 +  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l +$ 
            let newnode = vebt-delete(treeList ! ?h) ?l;
            newlist = treeList[?h := newnode]in 1 +  $T_{\minNull} \text{ newnode} +$ 
            if minNull newnode
                then( 1 +  $T_{\text{delete}} \text{ summary} ?h +$ 
                    let sn = vebt-delete summary ?h in
                    2 + (if x = ma then 1 +  $T_{\maxT} \text{ sn} +$  (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
                        1 + (if maxs = None
                            then 1
                            else 8 +  $T_{\maxT} (\text{newlist} ! \text{the maxs})$ 
                        ) ) else 1) ))else
                    2 + (if x = ma then 6 +  $T_{\maxT} (\text{newlist} ! ?h) \text{ else 1}$ 
                )))else 1 )
apply auto by metis
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?h < length treeList)
case True
hence ?h < length treeList by simp
let ?newnode = vebt-delete(treeList ! ?h) ?l
let ?newlist = treeList[?h := ?newnode]
have invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n
using 4.IH(1) True nth-mem by blast

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hence invar-vebt ?newnode n
  using delete-pres-valid by blast
  hence 4:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x = 21 + 4 + T_{\text{delete}}$ 
  ( $\text{treeList} ! ?h$ )  $?l$ 
     $+ 1 + T_{\minNull} ?newnode + ($ 
      if  $\minNull ?newnode$ 
      then  $( 1 + T_{\text{delete summary}} ?h + ($ 
        let  $sn = \text{vebt-delete summary} ?h$  in
         $2 + (\text{if } x = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{\maxT} sn + (\text{let } maxs = \text{vebt-maxt} sn \text{ in}$ 
           $1 + (\text{if } maxs = \text{None}$ 
            then 1
            else  $8 + T_{\maxT} (?newlist ! \text{the } maxs)$ 
           $) ) \text{else } 1 ) ) \text{else}$ 
         $2 + (\text{if } x = ma \text{ then } 6 + T_{\maxT} (?newlist ! ?h) \text{ else } 1))$ 
      using 3  $\text{mint-bound}[\text{of } \text{treeList} ! \text{the}(\text{vebt-mint summary})] \text{ mint-bound}[\text{of summary}]$ 
      by (smt (z3) True add.assoc)
    hence 5:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 26 + T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList}$ 
  !  $?h$ )  $?l$ 
     $+ T_{\minNull} ?newnode + ($ 
      if  $\minNull ?newnode$ 
      then  $( 1 + T_{\text{delete summary}} ?h + ($ 
        let  $sn = \text{vebt-delete summary} ?h$  in
         $2 + (\text{if } x = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{\maxT} sn + (\text{let } maxs = \text{vebt-maxt} sn \text{ in}$ 
           $1 + (\text{if } maxs = \text{None}$ 
            then 1
            else  $8 + T_{\maxT} (?newlist ! \text{the } maxs)$ 
           $) ) \text{else } 1 ) ) \text{else}$ 
         $2 + (\text{if } x = ma \text{ then } 6 + T_{\maxT} (?newlist ! ?h) \text{ else } 1)) \text{ by force}$ 
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases  $\minNull ?newnode$ )
      case True
      hence 6:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 29 + T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList}$ 
    !  $?h$ )  $?l$ 
       $+ 1 + T_{\text{delete summary}} ?h + ($ 
        let  $sn = \text{vebt-delete summary} ?h$  in
         $2 + (\text{if } x = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{\maxT} sn + (\text{let } maxs = \text{vebt-maxt} sn \text{ in}$ 
           $1 + (\text{if } maxs = \text{None}$ 
            then 1
            else  $8 + T_{\maxT} (?newlist ! \text{the } maxs)$ 
           $) ) \text{else } 1 ) ) \text{using } 5 \minNull\text{-bound}[$ 
         $?newnode] \text{ by force}$ 
      have 7:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l \leq 9$  using True
         $\minNull\text{-delete-time-bound}[\text{of } \text{treeList} ! ?h]$ 
      using ⟨invar-vebt (treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) n⟩ by blast
      let  $?sn = \text{vebt-delete summary} ?h$ 
      have 8:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 29 + T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList}$ 
    !  $?h$ )  $?l$ 
       $+ 1 + T_{\text{delete summary}} ?h + ($ 
         $2 + (\text{if } x = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{\maxT} ?sn + (\text{let } maxs = \text{vebt-maxt} ?sn \text{ in}$ 

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$$1 + (\text{if } \text{maxs} = \text{None} \\
\quad \text{then } 1 \\
\quad \text{else } 8 + T_{\text{maxt}}(\text{?newlist} ! \text{the maxs}) \\
\quad ) \text{ else } 1))$$

by (meson 6)
hence 9:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq 29 + 9 + 1 + T_{\text{delete}} \text{ summary } ?h + 2 +$ 

$$(\text{if } x = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{\text{maxt}} ?sn + (\text{let } \text{maxs} = \text{vbt-maxt } ?sn \text{ in} \\
\quad 1 + (\text{if } \text{maxs} = \text{None} \\
\quad \text{then } 1 \\
\quad \text{else } 8 + T_{\text{maxt}}(\text{?newlist} ! \text{the maxs}) \\
\quad ) \text{ else } 1))$$

using 6 7 by force
hence 10:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq 41 + T_{\text{delete}} \text{ summary } ?h +$ 

$$(\text{if } x = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{\text{maxt}} ?sn + (\text{let } \text{maxs} = \text{vbt-maxt } ?sn \text{ in} \\
\quad 1 + (\text{if } \text{maxs} = \text{None} \\
\quad \text{then } 1 \\
\quad \text{else } 8 + T_{\text{maxt}}(\text{?newlist} ! \text{the maxs}) \\
\quad ) \text{ else } 1))$$

by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases x = ma)
case True
hence 10:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq 41 + T_{\text{delete}} \text{ summary } ?h +$ 

$$1 + T_{\text{maxt}} ?sn + (\text{let } \text{maxs} = \text{vbt-maxt } ?sn \text{ in} \\
\quad 1 + (\text{if } \text{maxs} = \text{None} \\
\quad \text{then } 1 \\
\quad \text{else } 8 + T_{\text{maxt}}(\text{?newlist} ! \text{the maxs}) \\
\quad ))$$

using 10 by (smt (z3) add.assoc trans-le-add1)
hence 11:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq 45 + T_{\text{delete}} \text{ summary } ?h +$ 

$$(\text{let } \text{maxs} = \text{vbt-maxt } ?sn \text{ in} \\
\quad 1 + (\text{if } \text{maxs} = \text{None} \\
\quad \text{then } 1 \\
\quad \text{else } 8 + T_{\text{maxt}}(\text{?newlist} ! \text{the maxs}) \\
\quad ))$$

using maxt-bound[of ?sn] by force
then show ?thesis
proof(cases vbt-maxt ?sn)
case None
hence 12:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq 47 + T_{\text{delete}} \text{ summary } ?h$  using 11 by simp
hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq 47 + (1 + \text{height summary}) * 70$  using 4.IH(2)[of ?l]
by (meson 4.IH(2) le-trans nat-add-left-cancel-le)
hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq 47 + (\text{height } (\text{Node}$ 
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(Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)*70
    using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList] by presburger
    then show ?thesis by simp
next
case (Some a)
hence 12: T_delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 45 + T_delete
summary ?h +
    1 + 8 + T_maxt (?newlist ! the (vebt-maxt ?sn))
using 11 by fastforce
hence T_delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 57 + T_delete
summary ?h
using maxt-bound[of ?newlist ! the (vebt-maxt ?sn)] by linarith
hence T_delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 57 + (1 + height
summary)*70
by (meson 4.IH(2) le-trans nat-add-left-cancel-le)
hence T_delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 57 + (height (Node
(Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary))*70
using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList] by presburger
then show ?thesis by simp
qed
next
case False
hence 11: T_delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 42 + T_delete
summary ?h
using 10 by simp
hence T_delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 42 + (1 + height
summary)*70
by (meson 4.IH(2) le-trans nat-add-left-cancel-le)
hence T_delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤
42 + (height (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary))*70 using height-compose-summary[of
summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList ]
by (meson add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(2) le-refl mult-le-mono order-trans)
then show ?thesis by simp
qed
next
case False
hence 6: T_delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 26 + T_delete (treeList
! ?h) ?l +
    T_minNull ?newnode + 2 + (if x = ma then 6 + T_maxt (?newlist ! ?h) else
1)) using 5 by simp
moreover have invar-vebt (?newlist ! ?h) n
by (simp add: True <invar-vebt (vebt-delete (treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) (low x (deg div
2))) n>)
ultimately have T_delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤
29 + T_delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l + (if x = ma then 6 + T_maxt (?newlist ! ?h) else 1)
using minNull-bound[of ?newnode] by linarith
moreover have (if x = ma then 6 + T_maxt (?newlist ! ?h) else 1) ≤ 9
apply(cases x = ma) using maxt-bound[of (?newlist ! ?h)] by simp+
ultimately have T_delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤

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$$38 + T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l \text{ by force}$$

hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x \leq$ 

$$38 + (1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList} ! ?h)) * 70$$

by (meson 4.IH(1) True le-trans nat-add-left-cancel-le nth-mem)
moreover have  $\text{treeList} ! ?h \in \text{set treeList}$ 
using True nth-mem by blast
ultimately have  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x \leq$ 

$$38 + (\text{height}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary})) * 70$$

using height-compose-child[of  $\text{treeList} ! ?h$ ]  $\text{treeList Some}(mi, ma) \deg \text{summary}$  by
presburger
then show ?thesis by simp
qed
next
case False
hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x = 21 + 1$  using 3 by simp
hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 22$  using
mint-bound[of  $\text{treeList} ! \text{the}(\text{vbt-mint summary})$ ]
mint-bound[of summary] by simp
then show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed
qed
qed
next
case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
hence deggy:  $\deg \geq 2$ 
by (metis Suc-1 add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) le-add1 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
then show ?case
proof(cases (x < mi  $\vee$  x > ma))
case True
hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x = 4$  using
 $T_{\text{delete.simps}}(7)[\text{of } mi \text{ ma } \deg - 2 \text{ treeList summary } x]$ 
by (smt (z3) Suc3-eq-add-3 Suc-1 ‹2 ≤ deg› add-2-eq-Suc' le-add-diff-inverse2 numeral-code(2))
then show ?thesis using  $T_{\text{delete.simps}}(7)[\text{of } mi \text{ ma } \deg - 2 \text{ treeList summary } x]$  by auto
next
case False
hence mi ≤ x  $\wedge$  x ≤ ma by simp
hence 0:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList summary}) x = 3 + 3 + (\text{if } (x = mi \wedge x = ma) \text{ then } 3$ 

$$\text{else } 13 + (\text{if } x = mi \text{ then } T_{\text{mint summary}} + T_{\text{mint}}(\text{treeList} ! \text{the}(\text{vbt-mint summary})) +$$


$$7 \text{ else } 1) +$$


$$(\text{if } x = mi \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1) +$$


$$(\text{let } xn = (\text{if } x = mi \text{ then } \text{the}(\text{vbt-mint summary}) * 2^{\lceil \deg / 2 \rceil} + \text{the}(\text{vbt-mint}(\text{treeList} ! \text{the}(\text{vbt-mint summary}))))$$


$$\text{else } x);$$

minn = (if x = mi then xn else mi);
l = low xn (deg div 2);
h = high xn (deg div 2) in

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if  $h < \text{length } \text{treeList}$ 
then(  $4 + T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList} ! h) l +$ 
let  $\text{newnode} = \text{vebt-delete}(\text{treeList} ! h) l;$ 
 $\text{newlist} = \text{treeList}[h := \text{newnode}] \text{in } 1 + T_{\min Null} \text{newnode} + ($ 
if  $\min Null \text{ newnode}$ 
then(  $1 + T_{\text{delete}} \text{summary } h +$ 
let  $\text{sn} = \text{vebt-delete} \text{summary } h \text{ in}$ 
 $2 + (\text{if } xn = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{\max t} \text{sn} + (\text{let } \text{maxs} = \text{vebt-maxt} \text{sn} \text{ in}$ 
 $1 + (\text{if } \text{maxs} = \text{None}$ 
 $\text{then } 1$ 
 $\text{else } 8 + T_{\max t}(\text{newlist} ! \text{the } \text{maxs})$ 
 $) )$ 
 $\text{else } 1)$ 
 $) ) \text{else}$ 
 $2 + (\text{if } xn = ma \text{ then } 6 + T_{\max t}(\text{newlist} ! h) \text{ else } 1)$ 
 $) ) \text{else } 1 \text{ )} \text{ using } T_{\text{delete}}.\text{simps}(7)[\text{of } mi \text{ ma } \text{deg}-2 \text{ treeList } \text{summary } x] \text{ deggy}$ 
by (smt (z3) False add.commute add-2-eq-Suc' add-numeral-left le-add-diff-inverse numeral-plus-numeral)

```

```

then show ?thesis
proof(cases (x = mi  $\wedge$  x = ma))
case True
hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList } \text{summary}) x = 9$  using 0 by simp
then show ?thesis by simp
next
case False
hence 1:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList } \text{summary}) x = 3+3+13+$ 
( $\text{if } x = mi \text{ then } T_{\min t} \text{summary} + T_{\min t}(\text{treeList} ! \text{the } (\text{vebt-mint} \text{summary})) + 7 \text{ else}$ 
1) +
 $(\text{if } x = mi \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1) +$ 
( $\text{let } xn = (\text{if } x = mi$ 
 $\text{then the } (\text{vebt-mint} \text{summary}) * 2^{\lceil \text{deg } \text{div } 2 \rceil} + \text{the } (\text{vebt-mint}(\text{treeList} ! \text{the } (\text{vebt-mint} \text{summary})))$ 
 $\text{else } x);$ 
 $\text{minn} = (\text{if } x = mi \text{ then } xn \text{ else } mi);$ 
 $l = \text{low } xn \text{ (deg div } 2\text{)};$ 
 $h = \text{high } xn \text{ (deg div } 2\text{)} \text{ in}$ 
 $\text{if } h < \text{length } \text{treeList}$ 
then(  $4 + T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList} ! h) l +$ 
let  $\text{newnode} = \text{vebt-delete}(\text{treeList} ! h) l;$ 
 $\text{newlist} = \text{treeList}[h := \text{newnode}] \text{in } 1 + T_{\min Null} \text{newnode} + ($ 
if  $\min Null \text{ newnode}$ 
then(  $1 + T_{\text{delete}} \text{summary } h +$ 
let  $\text{sn} = \text{vebt-delete} \text{summary } h \text{ in}$ 
 $2 + (\text{if } xn = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{\max t} \text{sn} + (\text{let } \text{maxs} = \text{vebt-maxt} \text{sn} \text{ in}$ 
 $1 + (\text{if } \text{maxs} = \text{None}$ 
 $\text{then } 1$ 
 $\text{else } 8 + T_{\max t}(\text{newlist} ! \text{the } \text{maxs})$ 
 $) )$ 
 $\text{else } 1)$ 

```

```

))else
    2 + (if xn = ma then 6+ Tmaxt (newlist ! h) else 1)
)))else 1 ) using 0
by (simp add: False)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases x = mi)
  case True
  let ?xn = the (vebt-mint summary) * 2^(deg div 2) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)))
  have 2: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 3+3 +13+ Tmint summary
+
  Tmint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))+ 7+1 +
  (let l = low ?xn (deg div 2);
  h = high ?xn (deg div 2) in
  if h < length treeList
  then( 4 + Tdelete (treeList ! h) l +
  let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l;
  newlist = treeList[h:= newnode]in 1 + TminNull newnode +
  if minNull newnode
  then( 1 + Tdelete summary h +
  let sn = vebt-delete summary h in
  2+ (if ?xn = ma then 1 + Tmaxt sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
  1 + (if maxs = None
  then 1
  else 8+ Tmaxt (newlist ! the maxs)
  ) ) else 1) ))else
  2 + (if ?xn = ma then 6+ Tmaxt (newlist ! h) else 1)
  )))else 1 )
using 1 by (smt (z3) True add.assoc)
let ?l = low ?xn (deg div 2)
let ?h = high ?xn (deg div 2)
have 3: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 3+3 +13+ Tmint summary
+
  Tmint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))+ 7+1 +
  (if ?h < length treeList
  then( 4 + Tdelete (treeList ! ?h) ?l +
  let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l;
  newlist = treeList[?h:= newnode]in 1 + TminNull newnode +
  if minNull newnode
  then( 1 + Tdelete summary ?h +
  let sn = vebt-delete summary ?h in
  2+ (if ?xn = ma then 1 + Tmaxt sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
  1 + (if maxs = None
  then 1
  else 8+ Tmaxt (newlist ! the maxs)
  ) ) else 1) ))else
  2 + (if ?xn = ma then 6+ Tmaxt (newlist ! ?h) else 1)
  )))else 1 )
using 2 by meson

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then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?h < length treeList)
  case True
    hence ?h < length treeList by simp
    let ?newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l
    let ?newlist = treeList[?h:= ?newnode]
    have invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n
      using 5.IH(1) True nth-mem by blast
    hence invar-vebt ?newnode n
      using delete-pres-valid by blast
    have 4: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 37 + Tdelete (treeList !
?h) ?l +
      let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l;
      newlist = treeList[?h:= newnode]in 1 + TminNull newnode + (
        if minNull newnode
        then( 1 + Tdelete summary ?h +
          let sn = vebt-delete summary ?h in
          2+ (if ?xn = ma then 1 + Tmaxt sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
            1 + (if maxs = None
              then 1
              else 8+ Tmaxt (newlist ! the maxs)
            ) ) else 1) ))else
          2 + (if ?xn = ma then 6+ Tmaxt (newlist ! ?h) else 1)
        )
      )
      using 3 mint-bound[of treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)] mint-bound[of summary]
      by simp
    hence 5: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 38 + Tdelete (treeList
! ?h) ?l +
      TminNull ?newnode +
        if minNull ?newnode
        then( 1 + Tdelete summary ?h +
          let sn = vebt-delete summary ?h in
          2+ (if ?xn = ma then 1 + Tmaxt sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
            1 + (if maxs = None
              then 1
              else 8+ Tmaxt (?newlist ! the maxs)
            ) ) else 1) ))else
          2 + (if ?xn = ma then 6+ Tmaxt (?newlist ! ?h) else 1)
        )
      )
      by (smt (z3) Suc-eq-plus1 add.commute add-Suc numeral-plus-one semiring-norm(5)
semiring-norm(8))
    then show ?thesis
  proof(cases minNull ?newnode )
    case True
    hence 6: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 39 + Tdelete (treeList
! ?h) ?l
      + 1 + Tdelete summary ?h +
        let sn = vebt-delete summary ?h in
        2+ (if ?xn = ma then 1 + Tmaxt sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in

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$$1 + (\text{if } \text{maxs} = \text{None} \\
\text{then } 1 \\
\text{else } 8 + T_{\text{maxt}}(\text{?newlist ! the maxs}) \\
\text{) ) else 1})) \text{using } 5 \text{ minNull-bound[of}$$

?newnode] by presburger
have 7:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList ! ?h}) \leq 9$  using True
minNull-delete-time-bound[ $\text{of treeList ! ?h}$ ]
using <invar-vebt (treeList ! high (the (vebt-mint summary) * 2  $\wedge$  (deg div 2) + the
(vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)))) (deg div 2)) n> by blast
let ?sn = vebt-delete summary ?h
have 8:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq 39 + T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList ! ?h}) \leq$ 
 $+ 1 + T_{\text{delete}} \text{summary ?h} + ($ 
 $2 + (\text{if } ?xn = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{\text{maxt}} ?sn + (\text{let } \text{maxs} = \text{vebt-maxt ?sn in}$ 
 $1 + (\text{if } \text{maxs} = \text{None} \\
\text{then } 1 \\
\text{else } 8 + T_{\text{maxt}}(\text{?newlist ! the maxs}) \\
\text{) ) else 1}))$ 
by (meson 6)
hence 9:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq 39 + 9 + 1 +$ 
 $T_{\text{delete}} \text{summary ?h} + 2 +$ 
 $(\text{if } ?xn = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{\text{maxt}} ?sn + (\text{let } \text{maxs} = \text{vebt-maxt ?sn in}$ 
 $1 + (\text{if } \text{maxs} = \text{None} \\
\text{then } 1 \\
\text{else } 8 + T_{\text{maxt}}(\text{?newlist ! the maxs}) \\
\text{) ) else 1})$ 
using 6 7 by force
hence 10:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq 51 + T_{\text{delete}}$ 
summary ?h +
 $(\text{if } ?xn = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{\text{maxt}} ?sn + (\text{let } \text{maxs} = \text{vebt-maxt ?sn in}$ 
 $1 + (\text{if } \text{maxs} = \text{None} \\
\text{then } 1 \\
\text{else } 8 + T_{\text{maxt}}(\text{?newlist ! the maxs}) \\
\text{) ) else 1})$ 
by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?xn = ma)
case True
hence 10:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq 51 + T_{\text{delete}}$ 
summary ?h +
 $1 + T_{\text{maxt}} ?sn + (\text{let } \text{maxs} = \text{vebt-maxt ?sn in}$ 
 $1 + (\text{if } \text{maxs} = \text{None} \\
\text{then } 1 \\
\text{else } 8 + T_{\text{maxt}}(\text{?newlist ! the maxs}) \\
\text{) )})$ 
using 10 by (smt (z3) add.assoc trans-le-add1)
hence 11:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq 55 + T_{\text{delete}}$ 
summary ?h +
 $(\text{let } \text{maxs} = \text{vebt-maxt ?sn in}$ 

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$$1 + (\text{if } \maxs = \text{None} \\
\quad \text{then } 1 \\
\quad \text{else } 8 + T_{\maxt}(\text{?newlist} ! \text{the } \maxs) \\
\quad ))$$

using  $\maxt\text{-bound}[\text{of } ?sn]$  by force
then show  $?thesis$ 
proof(cases  $\vebt\text{-}\maxt ?sn$ )
  case None
    hence 12:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 57 + T_{\text{delete}}$ 
 $\text{summary } ?h$  using 11 by simp
      hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 57 + (1 + \text{height}$ 
 $\text{summary}) * 70$  using 5.IH(2)[ $\text{of } ?l$ ]
        by (meson 5.IH(2) le-trans nat-add-left-cancel-le)
      hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 57 + (\text{height } (\text{Node}$ 
 $(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary})) * 70$ 
        using height-compose-summary[ $\text{of summary Some}(mi, ma) \text{ deg } \text{treeList}$ ] by presburger
        then show  $?thesis$  by simp
  next
    case ( $\text{Some } a$ )
      hence 12:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 55 + T_{\text{delete}}$ 
 $\text{summary } ?h +$ 
         $1 + 8 + T_{\maxt}(\text{?newlist} ! \text{the } (\vebt\text{-}\maxt ?sn))$ 
      using 11 by fastforce
        hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 67 + T_{\text{delete}}$ 
 $\text{summary } ?h$ 
        using  $\maxt\text{-bound}[\text{of } \text{?newlist} ! \text{the } (\vebt\text{-}\maxt ?sn)]$  by linarith
        hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 67 + (1 + \text{height}$ 
 $\text{summary}) * 70$ 
        by (meson 5.IH(2) le-trans nat-add-left-cancel-le)
      hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 67 + (\text{height } (\text{Node}$ 
 $(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary})) * 70$ 
        using height-compose-summary[ $\text{of summary Some}(mi, ma) \text{ deg } \text{treeList}$ ] by presburger
        then show  $?thesis$  by simp
    qed
    next
    case False
      hence 11:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 52 + T_{\text{delete}}$ 
 $\text{summary } ?h$ 
      using 10 by simp
      hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq 52 + (1 + \text{height}$ 
 $\text{summary}) * 70$ 
      by (meson 5.IH(2) le-trans nat-add-left-cancel-le)
      hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary}) x \leq$ 
 $52 + (\text{height } (\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary})) * 70$  using height-compose-summary[ $\text{of summary Some}(mi, ma) \text{ deg } \text{treeList}$ ]
      by (meson add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(2) le-refl mult-le-mono order-trans)
      then show  $?thesis$  by simp
    qed
    next

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case False
hence 6:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq 38 + T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l + ($ 
 $T_{\minNull} ?newnode + 2 + (\text{if } ?xn = ma \text{ then } 6 + T_{\maxt} (?newlist ! ?h) \text{ else } 1)$ ) using 5 by simp
moreover have invar-vebt (?newlist ! ?h) n
by (simp add: True <invar-vebt (vebt-delete (treeList ! high (the (vebt-mint summary) * 2 ^ (deg div 2)) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)))) (deg div 2)) (low (the (vebt-mint summary) * 2 ^ (deg div 2)) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)))) (deg div 2))) n)
ultimately have  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq$ 
 $43 + T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l + (\text{if } ?xn = ma \text{ then } 6 + T_{\maxt} (?newlist ! ?h) \text{ else } 1)$ 
using minNull-bound[of ?newnode] by linarith
moreover have ( $\text{if } ?xn = ma \text{ then } 6 + T_{\maxt} (?newlist ! ?h) \text{ else } 1 \leq 9$ )
apply(cases ?xn = ma) using maxt-bound[of (?newlist ! ?h)] by simp+
ultimately have  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq 55 + T_{\text{delete}}$ 
 $(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l$  by force
hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq$ 
 $55 + (1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList} ! ?h)) * 70$ 
by (meson 5.IH(1) True le-trans nat-add-left-cancel-le nth-mem)
moreover have treeList ! ?h ∈ set treeList
using True nth-mem by blast
ultimately have  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq$ 
 $55 + (\text{height}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary})) * 70$ 
using height-compose-child[of treeList ! ?h treeList Some (mi, ma) deg summary] by
presburger
then show ?thesis by simp
qed
next
case False
hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 3 + 3 + 13 + T_{\text{mint}} \text{ summary}$ 
+
 $T_{\text{mint}}(\text{treeList} ! \text{the}(\text{vebt-mint summary})) + 7 + 1 + 1$  using 3 by simp
hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq 34$  using
mint-bound[of treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)]
mint-bound[of summary] by simp
then show ?thesis by simp
qed
next
case False
let ?l = low x (deg div 2)
let ?h = high x (deg div 2)
have 2:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 3 + 3 + 13 + 1 + 1 +$ 
(let l = low x (deg div 2);
h = high x (deg div 2) in
if h < length treeList
then (4 +  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList} ! h) l + ($ 
let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l;
 $\text{newlist} = \text{treeList}[h := \text{newnode}] \text{in} 1 + T_{\minNull} \text{newnode} + ($ 
if minNull newnode

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then( 1 + Tdelete summary h +
      let sn = vebt-delete summary h in
      2+ (if x = ma then 1 + Tmaxt sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
          1 + (if maxs = None
              then 1
              else 8+ Tmaxt (newlist ! the maxs)
          ) ) else 1) ))else
      2 + (if x = ma then 6+ Tmaxt (newlist ! h) else 1)
    )))else 1 ) using 1 False by simp
hence 3: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 21+(  

  if ?h < length treeList
  then( 4 + Tdelete (treeList ! ?h) ?l +
        let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l;
        newlist = treeList[?h:= newnode]in 1 + TminNull newnode + (
        if minNull newnode
        then( 1 + Tdelete summary ?h +
              let sn = vebt-delete summary ?h in
              2+ (if x = ma then 1 + Tmaxt sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
                  1 + (if maxs = None
                      then 1
                      else 8+ Tmaxt (newlist ! the maxs)
                  ) ) else 1) ))else
              2 + (if x = ma then 6+ Tmaxt (newlist ! ?h) else 1)
            )))else 1 ) apply auto by metis
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?h < length treeList)
  case True
  hence ?h < length treeList by simp
  let ?newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l
  let ?newlist = treeList[?h:= ?newnode]
  have invar-vebt (treeList ! ?h) n
    using 5.IH(1) True nth-mem by blast
  hence invar-vebt ?newnode n
    using delete-pres-valid by blast
  hence 4: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 21+ 4 + Tdelete  

  (treeList ! ?h) ?l
    + 1 + TminNull ?newnode + (
    if minNull ?newnode
    then( 1 + Tdelete summary ?h +
          let sn = vebt-delete summary ?h in
          2+ (if x = ma then 1 + Tmaxt sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
              1 + (if maxs = None
                  then 1
                  else 8+ Tmaxt (?newlist ! the maxs)
              ) ) else 1) ))else
          2 + (if x = ma then 6+ Tmaxt (?newlist ! ?h) else 1)) using 3  

  mint-bound[of treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)]
  mint-bound[of summary] by (smt (z3) True add.assoc)
hence 5: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 26 + Tdelete (treeList

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! ?h) ?l +

$$T_{minNull} ?newnode + ($$


$$\quad \text{if } minNull ?newnode$$


$$\quad \text{then( } 1 + T_{delete} \text{ summary } ?h + ($$


$$\quad \quad \text{let } sn = vebt-delete \text{ summary } ?h \text{ in}$$


$$\quad \quad 2 + (\text{if } x = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{maxt} sn + (\text{let } maxs = vebt-maxt sn \text{ in}$$


$$\quad \quad \quad 1 + (\text{if } maxs = None$$


$$\quad \quad \quad \text{then } 1$$


$$\quad \quad \quad \text{else } 8 + T_{maxt} (?newlist ! the maxs)$$


$$\quad \quad ) ) \text{ else } 1) ) \text{ else}$$


$$\quad \quad 2 + (\text{if } x = ma \text{ then } 6 + T_{maxt} (?newlist ! ?h) \text{ else } 1)) \text{ by force}$$

then show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull ?newnode )
case True
hence 6:  $T_{delete} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg } treeList \text{ summary}) x \leq 29 + T_{delete} (\text{treeList}$ 
! ?h) ?l

$$\quad \quad + 1 + T_{delete} \text{ summary } ?h + ($$


$$\quad \quad \quad \text{let } sn = vebt-delete \text{ summary } ?h \text{ in}$$


$$\quad \quad 2 + (\text{if } x = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{maxt} sn + (\text{let } maxs = vebt-maxt sn \text{ in}$$


$$\quad \quad \quad 1 + (\text{if } maxs = None$$


$$\quad \quad \quad \text{then } 1$$


$$\quad \quad \quad \text{else } 8 + T_{maxt} (?newlist ! the maxs)$$


$$\quad \quad ) ) \text{ else } 1))$$

using 5 minNull-bound[of ?newnode] by force
have 7:  $T_{delete} (\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l \leq 9$  using True
minNull-delete-time-bound[of treeList ! ?h]
using ⟨invar-vebt (treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) n⟩ by blast
let ?sn = vebt-delete summary ?h
have 8:  $T_{delete} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg } treeList \text{ summary}) x \leq 29 + T_{delete} (\text{treeList}$ 
! ?h) ?l

$$\quad \quad + 1 + T_{delete} \text{ summary } ?h + ($$


$$\quad \quad 2 + (\text{if } x = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{maxt} ?sn + (\text{let } maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn \text{ in}$$


$$\quad \quad \quad 1 + (\text{if } maxs = None$$


$$\quad \quad \quad \text{then } 1$$


$$\quad \quad \quad \text{else } 8 + T_{maxt} (?newlist ! the maxs)$$


$$\quad \quad ) ) \text{ else } 1))$$

by (meson 6)
hence 9:  $T_{delete} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg } treeList \text{ summary}) x \leq 29 + 9 + 1 +$ 

$$T_{delete} \text{ summary } ?h + 2 +$$


$$\quad \quad (\text{if } x = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{maxt} ?sn + (\text{let } maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn \text{ in}$$


$$\quad \quad \quad 1 + (\text{if } maxs = None$$


$$\quad \quad \quad \text{then } 1$$


$$\quad \quad \quad \text{else } 8 + T_{maxt} (?newlist ! the maxs)$$


$$\quad \quad ) ) \text{ else } 1)$$

using 6 7 by force
hence 10:  $T_{delete} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (mi, ma)) \text{ deg } treeList \text{ summary}) x \leq 41 + T_{delete}$ 

$$\text{summary } ?h +$$


$$\quad \quad (\text{if } x = ma \text{ then } 1 + T_{maxt} ?sn + (\text{let } maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn \text{ in}$$


$$\quad \quad \quad 1 + (\text{if } maxs = None$$


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        then 1
        else 8 + Tmaxt (?newlist ! the maxs)
    ) ) else 1)
by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases x = ma)
case True
hence 10: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 41 + Tdelete
summary ?h +
1 + Tmaxt ?sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn in
1 + (if maxs = None
then 1
else 8 + Tmaxt (?newlist ! the maxs)
))
using 10 by (smt (z3) add.assoc trans-le-add1)
hence 11: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 45 + Tdelete
summary ?h +
(let maxs = vebt-maxt ?sn in
1 + (if maxs = None
then 1
else 8 + Tmaxt (?newlist ! the maxs)
))
using maxt-bound[of ?sn] by force
then show ?thesis
proof(cases vebt-maxt ?sn)
case None
hence 12: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 47 + Tdelete
summary ?h using 11 by simp
hence Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 47 + (1+height
summary)*70 using 5.IH(2)[of ?l]
by (meson 5.IH(2) le-trans nat-add-left-cancel-le)
hence Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 47 + (height (Node
(Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary))*70
using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList] by presburger
then show ?thesis by simp
next
case (Some a)
hence 12: Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 45 + Tdelete
summary ?h +
1 + 8 + Tmaxt (?newlist ! the (vebt-maxt ?sn))
using 11 by fastforce
hence Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 57 + Tdelete
summary ?h
using maxt-bound[of ?newlist ! the (vebt-maxt ?sn)] by linarith
hence Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 57 + (1+ height
summary)*70
by (meson 5.IH(2) le-trans nat-add-left-cancel-le)
hence Tdelete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 57 + (height (Node
(Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary ))*70

```

```

using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList] by presburger
then show ?thesis by simp
qed
next
case False
hence 11:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq 42 + T_{\text{delete}}$ 
summary ?h
using 10 by simp
hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq 42 + (1 + \text{height}$ 
summary)*70
by (meson 5.IH(2) le-trans nat-add-left-cancel-le)
hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq$ 
 $42 + (\text{height}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary})) * 70$ 
using height-compose-summary[of summary Some (mi, ma) deg treeList ]
by (meson add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(2) le-refl mult-le-mono order-trans)
then show ?thesis by simp
qed
next
case False
hence 6:  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq 26 + T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList}$ 
! ?h) ?l +
 $T_{\min Null} \text{ ?newnode} + 2 + (\text{if } x = \text{ma} \text{ then } 6 + T_{\max t}(\text{?newlist} ! ?h) \text{ else }$ 
1) using 5 by simp
moreover have invar-vebt (?newlist ! ?h) n
by (simp add: True <invar-vebt (vebt-delete (treeList ! high x (deg div 2)) (low x (deg div
2))) n>)
ultimately have  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq$ 
 $29 + T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l + (\text{if } x = \text{ma} \text{ then } 6 + T_{\max t}(\text{?newlist} ! ?h) \text{ else } 1)$ 
using minNull-bound[of ?newnode] by linarith
moreover have  $(\text{if } x = \text{ma} \text{ then } 6 + T_{\max t}(\text{?newlist} ! ?h) \text{ else } 1) \leq 9$ 
apply(cases x = ma) using maxt-bound[of (?newlist ! ?h)] by simp+
ultimately have  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq$ 
 $38 + T_{\text{delete}}(\text{treeList} ! ?h) ?l$  by force
hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq$ 
 $38 + (1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList} ! ?h)) * 70$ 
by (meson 5.IH(1) True le-trans nat-add-left-cancel-le nth-mem)
moreover have treeList ! ?h ∈ set treeList
using True nth-mem by blast
ultimately have  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq$ 
 $38 + (\text{height}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary})) * 70$ 
using height-compose-child[of treeList ! ?h treeList Some (mi, ma) deg summary]
by presburger
then show ?thesis by simp
qed
next
case False
hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x = 21 + 1$  using 3 by simp
hence  $T_{\text{delete}}(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList} \text{ summary}) x \leq 22$  using
mint-bound[of treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)]

```

```

mint-bound[of summary] by simp
then show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed

theorem delete-bound-size-univ: invar-vebt t n ==> u = 2^n ==> T_delete t x ≤ 140 + 70 * lb (lb u)
using delete-bound-height[of t n x] height-double-log-univ-size[of u n t] by simp

fun T_delete'::VEBT ⇒ nat ⇒ nat where
T_delete' (Leaf a b) 0 = 1|
T_delete' (Leaf a b) (Suc 0) = 1|
T_delete' (Leaf a b) (Suc (Suc n)) = 1|
T_delete' (Node None deg treeList summary) - = 1|
T_delete' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) 0 treeList summary) x = 1|
T_delete' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) (Suc 0) treeList summary) x = 1 |
T_delete' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (
  if (x < mi ∨ x > ma) then 1
  else if (x = mi ∧ x = ma) then 1
  else ( let xn = (if x = mi
    then the (vebt-mint summary) * 2^(deg div 2) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the
    (vebt-mint summary)))) else x);
  minn = (if x = mi then xn else mi);
  l = low xn (deg div 2);
  h = high xn (deg div 2) in
  if h < length treeList
  then( T_delete' (treeList ! h) l +
    let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l;
    newlist = treeList[h:= newnode]in
    if minNull newnode
    then T_delete' summary h
    else 1
  ))else 1 ))
)

lemma tdeletemimi':deg ≥ 2 ==> T_delete' (Node (Some (mi, mi)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 1
using T_delete'.simp(7)[of mi mi deg-2 treeList summary x]
apply(cases x ≠ mi)
apply (metis add-2-eq-Suc' le-add-diff-inverse2 le-eq-less-or-eq linorder-neqE-nat)
by (metis add-2-eq-Suc' eq-imp-le le-add-diff-inverse2)

lemma minNull-delete-time-bound': invar-vebt t n ==> minNull (vebt-delete t x) ==> T_delete' t x ≤ 1
proof(induction t n rule: invar-vebt.induct)
  case (1 a b)

```

```

then show ?case
  by (metis T_delete'.simp(1) T_delete'.simp(2) T_delete'.simp(3) vebt-buildup.cases order-refl)
next
  case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
    hence deg ≥ 2
      by (metis add-self-div-2 deg-not-0 div-greater-zero-iff)
    then show ?case
      proof(cases (x < mi ∨ x > ma))
        case True
        then show ?thesis
          using 4.prems ‹2 ≤ deg› delt-out-of-range by force
      next
        case False
        hence x ≤ ma ∧ x ≥ mi by simp
        then show ?thesis
        proof(cases (x = mi ∧ x = ma))
          case True
          then show ?thesis
            using ‹2 ≤ deg› tdeletemimi' by blast
        next
          case False
          hence ¬ (x = mi ∧ x = ma) by simp
          then show ?thesis
          proof(cases x = mi)
            case True
            hence x = mi by simp
            let ?xn = the (vebt-mint summary) * 2^(deg div 2)
              + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)))
            let ?l = low ?xn (deg div 2)
            let ?h = high ?xn (deg div 2)
            have ∃ y. both-member-options summary y
              using 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(5) 4.hyps(8) 4.hyps(9) False True high-bound-aux by blast
            then obtain i where aa: (vebt-mint summary) = Some i
            by (metis 4.hyps(1) Collect-empty-eq mint-corr-help-empty not-Some-eq set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
            hence ∃ y. both-member-options (treeList ! i) y
            by (meson 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(5) both-member-options-equiv-member member-bound mint-member)
            hence ∃ y. both-member-options (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) y
              using ‹vebt-mint summary = Some i› by auto
            hence invar-vebt (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) n
            by (metis 4.IH(1) 4.hyps(1) 4.hyps(2) ‹vebt-mint summary = Some i› option.sel member-bound mint-member nth-mem)
              then obtain y where (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))) = Some y
              by (metis Collect-empty-eq ‹∃ y. both-member-options (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) y› mint-corr-help-empty option.exhaust set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
            have y < 2^n ∧ i < 2^m
              using 4.hyps(1) ‹vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) = Some y› invar-vebt
              (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) n aa member-bound mint-member by blast
            hence ?h ≤ 2^m using aa
            using 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) ‹vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) = Some y› high-inv

```

```

by force
have 0:vbt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =(
    let newnode = vbt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l;
    newlist = treeList[?h:= newnode]in
    if minNull newnode
    then(
        let sn = vbt-delete summary ?h in
        (Node (Some (?xn, if ?xn = ma then (let maxs = vbt-maxt sn in
            (if maxs = None
                then ?xn
                else 2^(deg div 2) * the maxs
                    + the (vbt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))
            )
        else ma)))
        deg newlist sn)
    )else
        (Node (Some (?xn, (if ?xn = ma then
            ?h * 2^(deg div 2) + the( vbt-maxt (newlist ! ?h))
            else ma)))
        deg newlist summary ))
using del-x-mi[of x mi ma deg ?xn ?h summary treeList ?l]
using 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(7) False True <2 ≤ deg> <vbt-mint (treeList !
the (vbt-mint summary)) = Some y> <y < 2 ^ n ∧ i < 2 ^ m> aa high-inv by fastforce
let ?newnode = vbt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l
let ?newlist = treeList[?h:= ?newnode]
show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull ?newnode)
  case True
  then show ?thesis
  by (smt (z3) 0 4.prems minNull.simps(5))
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
  by (smt (z3) 0 4.prems minNull.simps(5))
qed
next
  case False
  hence x > mi
  using <x ≤ ma ∧ mi ≤ x> nat-less-le by blast
  let ?l = low x (deg div 2)
  let ?h = high x (deg div 2)
  let ?newnode = vbt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l
  let ?newlist = treeList[?h:= ?newnode]
  have ?h < length treeList
  using 4.hyps(2) 4.hyps(3) 4.hyps(4) 4.hyps(8) <x ≤ ma ∧ mi ≤ x> high-bound-aux by auto
  hence 0:vbt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (
    if minNull ?newnode
    then(
        let sn = vbt-delete summary ?h in

```

```

(Node (Some (mi, if x = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
(if maxs = None
then mi
else  $2^{\lceil \deg / 2 \rceil} * \text{the maxs}$ 
+ the (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the maxs))
)
)
else ma)))
deg ?newlist sn)
) else
(Node (Some (mi, (if x = ma then
?h *  $2^{\lceil \deg / 2 \rceil} + \text{the( vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h))}$ 
else ma)))
deg ?newlist summary )) using del-x-not-mi[of mi x ma deg ?h ?l ?newnode
?newlist treeList summary]
by (metis ‹2 ≤ deg› ‹mi < x› ‹x ≤ ma ∧ mi ≤ x› del-x-not-mi leD)

then show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull ?newnode )
case True
then show ?thesis
by (metis 0 4.prems minNull.simps(5))
next
case False
then show ?thesis
using 0 4.prems by fastforce
qed
qed
qed
next
case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
hence deg ≥ 2
by (metis Suc-1 add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) le-add1 plus-1-eq-Suc set-n-deg-not-0)
then show ?case
proof(cases (x < mi ∨ x > ma))
case True
then show ?thesis
using 5.prems ‹2 ≤ deg› delt-out-of-range by force
next
case False
hence x ≤ ma ∧ x ≥ mi by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases (x = mi ∧ x = ma))
case True
then show ?thesis
using ‹2 ≤ deg› tdeletemimi' by blast
next
case False

```

```

hence  $\neg (x = mi \wedge x = ma)$  by simp
then show ?thesis
proof(cases x = mi)
  case True
  hence x = mi by simp
  let ?xn = the (vebt-mint summary) *  $2^{\lceil \deg \text{ div } 2 \rceil}$ 
    + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)))
  let ?l = low ?xn (deg div 2)
  let ?h = high ?xn (deg div 2)
  have  $\exists y. \text{both-member-options summary } y$ 
    using 5.hyps(4) 5.hyps(5) 5.hyps(8) 5.hyps(9) False True high-bound-aux by blast
  then obtain i where aa: (vebt-mint summary) = Some i
  by (metis 5.hyps(1) Collect-empty-eq mint-corr-help-empty not-Some-eq set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-o
  hence  $\exists y. \text{both-member-options (treeList ! i) } y$ 
  by (meson 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(5) both-member-options-equiv-member member-bound mint-member)
  hence  $\exists y. \text{both-member-options (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) } y$ 
    using <vebt-mint summary = Some i> by auto
  hence invar-vebt (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) n
  by (metis 5.IH(1) 5.hyps(1) 5.hyps(2) <vebt-mint summary = Some i> option.sel member-bound
  mint-member nth-mem)
  then obtain y where (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))) = Some y
  by (metis Collect-empty-eq < $\exists y. \text{both-member-options (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) } y$ >
  mint-corr-help-empty option.exhaust set-vebt'-def valid-member-both-member-options)
  have y <  $2^n$   $\wedge$  i <  $2^m$ 
    using 5.hyps(1) <vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) = Some y> <invar-vebt
  (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) n> aa member-bound mint-member by blast
  hence ?h  $\leq 2^m$  using aa
  using 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4) <vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) = Some y> high-inv
  by force
  have 0:vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =(
    let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l;
    newlist = treeList[?h:= newnode]in
    if minNull newnode
    then(
      let sn = vebt-delete summary ?h in
      (Node (Some (?xn, if ?xn = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
        (if maxs = None
          then ?xn
          else  $2^{\lceil \deg \text{ div } 2 \rceil} * \text{the maxs}$ 
            + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))
          )
        )
      else ma)))
      deg newlist sn)
    )else
      (Node (Some (?xn, (if ?xn = ma then
        ?h *  $2^{\lceil \deg \text{ div } 2 \rceil}$  + the( vebt-maxt (newlist ! ?h))
        else ma)))
      deg newlist summary ))

```

```

using del-x-mi[of x mi ma deg ?xn ?h summary treeList ?l]
using 5.hyps(2) 5.hyps(3) 5.hyps(4) 5.hyps(7) False True <2 ≤ deg> vebt-mint (treeList !
the (vebt-mint summary)) = Some y> <y < 2 ^ n ∧ i < 2 ^ m> aa high-inv by fastforce
let ?newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l
let ?newlist = treeList[?h:= ?newnode]
show ?thesis
proof(cases minNull ?newnode)
  case True
    then show ?thesis
      by (smt (z3) 0 5.prems minNull.simps(5))
  next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
      by (smt (z3) 0 5.prems minNull.simps(5))
  qed
  next
    case False
    hence x > mi
      using <x ≤ ma ∧ mi ≤ x> nat-less-le by blast
      let ?l = low x (deg div 2)
      let ?h = high x (deg div 2)
      let ?newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l
      let ?newlist = treeList[?h:= ?newnode]
      have x < 2 ^ deg
        using 5.hyps(8) <x ≤ ma ∧ mi ≤ x> dual-order.strict-trans2 by blast
        hence ?h < 2 ^ m using 5.prems <2 ≤ deg> <mi < x> <x ≤ ma ∧ mi ≤ x>
          del-in-range minNull.simps(5) verit-comp-simplify1(3) apply simp
          by (smt (z3) minNull.simps(5))
        hence 0:vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (
          if minNull ?newnode
            then(
              let sn = vebt-delete summary ?h in
              (Node (Some (mi, if x = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
                (if maxs = None
                  then mi
                  else 2 ^ (deg div 2) * the maxs
                    + the (vebt-maxt (?newlist ! the maxs)))
                )
              ) else ma)))
              deg ?newlist sn)
            ) else
              (Node (Some (mi, (if x = ma then
                ?h * 2 ^ (deg div 2) + the( vebt-maxt (?newlist ! ?h))
                else ma)))
              deg ?newlist summary )) using del-x-not-mi[of mi x ma deg ?h ?l ?newnode
?newlist treeList summary]
          by (metis 5.hyps(2) <2 ≤ deg> <mi < x> <x ≤ ma ∧ mi ≤ x> del-x-not-mi leD)
        then show ?thesis

```

```

proof(cases minNull ?newnode )
  case True
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis 0 5.prems minNull.simps(5))
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
    using 0 5.prems by fastforce
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed simp+

```

lemma delete-bound-height': *invar-vbvt t n* \implies $T_{\text{delete}}' t x \leq 1 + \text{height } t$

```

proof(induction t n arbitrary: x rule: invar-vbvt.induct)
  case (1 a b)
  then show ?case
    apply(cases x ≤ 0)
    apply simp
    apply(cases x = 1)
    apply simp
    using  $T_{\text{delete}}'.\text{simp}(3)[\text{of } a \ b \ x=2]$  height.simps(1)[of a b]
    by (metis One-nat-def  $T_{\text{delete}}'.\text{simp}(3)$  vbvt-buildup.cases lessI less-Suc-eq-le plus-1-eq-Suc)
next
  case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence deg ≥ 2
  by (metis Suc-leI add-2-eq-Suc' add-Suc-shift add-le-mono deg-not-0 numeral-2-eq-2)
  then show ?case
  proof(cases (x < mi ∨ x > ma))
    case True
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis One-nat-def Suc-1  $T_{\text{delete}}'.\text{simp}(7)$  <2 ≤ deg add-leD2 vbvt-buildup.cases le-add1 lessI not-less plus-1-eq-Suc)
  next
    case False
    hence mi ≤ x ∧ x ≤ ma by simp
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases x = mi ∧ x = ma)
      case True
      then show ?thesis using  $T_{\text{delete}}'.\text{simp}(7)[\text{of } mi \ ma \ deg-2 \ treeList \ summary \ x]$  <2 ≤ deg tdeletemimi' trans-le-add1 by blast
    next
      case False
      let ?xn = (if x = mi
                  then the (vbvt-mint summary) * 2^(deg div 2) + the (vbvt-mint (treeList ! the (vbvt-mint summary)))
                  else x)

```

```

let ?minn = (if x = mi then ?xn else mi)
let ?l = low ?xn (deg div 2)
let ?h = high ?xn (deg div 2)
have 0:Tdelete'(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (if ?h < length treeList
    then( Tdelete'(treeList ! ?h) ?l +
        let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l;
        newlist = treeList[?h:= newnode]in
        if minNull newnode
        then Tdelete' summary ?h
        else 1
    ))else 1)
using Tdelete'.simp(7)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x] <math>\leq \deg</math> False miama
by (smt (z3) add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse not-less)
then show ?thesis
proof(cases ?h< length treeList)
  case True
  let ?newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l
  let ?newlist = treeList[?h:= ?newnode]
  have 1:Tdelete'(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
      Tdelete'(treeList ! ?h) ?l +
      if minNull ?newnode
      then Tdelete' summary ?h
      else 1 ) using 0 True by simp
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases minNull ?newnode)
    case True
    hence Tdelete'(treeList ! ?h) ?l ≤ 1
    by (metis 0 1 4.IH(1) minNull-delete-time-bound' nat-le-iff-add nth-mem)
    hence Tdelete'(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 1 + Tdelete' summary ?h
  using 1 True by auto
  hence Tdelete'(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 1+1+ height summary
  using 4(2)[of ?h] by simp
  then show ?thesis
  using order-trans by fastforce
next
case False
hence Tdelete'(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
  1 + Tdelete'(treeList ! ?h) ?l using 1 by simp
moreover have 2: (treeList ! ?h) ∈ set treeList
  by (meson True nth-mem)
ultimately have Tdelete'(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x ≤ 1 + 1+ height
(treeList ! ?h)
  using 4(1) by simp
  then show ?thesis
  by (smt (z3) 2 Suc-eq-plus1-left Suc-le-mono add-2-eq-Suc dual-order.trans height-compose-child
  nat-1-add-1)
qed
qed (simp add : 0)
qed

```

```

qed
next
  case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
  hence deg ≥2
    by (metis Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) le-add2 set-n-deg-not-0)
  then show ?case
  proof(cases (x < mi ∨ x > ma))
    case True
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis One-nat-def Suc-1 T_delete'.simp(7) ‹2 ≤ deg› add-leD2 vebt-buildup.cases le-add1
lessI not-less plus-1-eq-Suc)
  next
    case False
    hence miama:mi ≤ x ∧ x ≤ ma by simp
    then show ?thesis
    proof(cases x = mi ∧ x = ma)
      case True
        then show ?thesis using T_delete'.simp(7)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x] ‹2 ≤ deg›
tdeletemimi' trans-le-add1 by blast
    next
      case False
      let ?xn = (if x = mi
                  then the (vebt-mint summary) * 2^(deg div 2) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the
(vebt-mint summary))))
                  else x)
      let ?minn = (if x = mi then ?xn else mi)
      let ?l = low ?xn (deg div 2)
      let ?h = high ?xn (deg div 2)
      have 0:T_delete'(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (if ?h < length treeList
      then( T_delete'(treeList ! ?h) ?l +
            let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l;
            newlist = treeList[?h:= newnode]in
            if minNull newnode
              then T_delete' summary ?h
              else 1
            ))else 1)
        using T_delete'.simp(7)[of mi ma deg-2 treeList summary x] ‹2 ≤ deg› False miama
        by (smt (z3) add-2-eq-Suc le-add-diff-inverse not-less)
      then show ?thesis
      proof(cases ?h < length treeList)
        case True
        let ?newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! ?h) ?l
        let ?newlist = treeList[?h:= ?newnode]
        have 1:T_delete'(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
          T_delete'(treeList ! ?h) ?l +
          if minNull ?newnode
            then T_delete' summary ?h
            else 1 ) using 0 True by simp
      then show ?thesis

```

```

proof(cases minNull ?newnode)
  case True
    hence  $T_{\text{delete}}'(\text{treeList} ! ?h) \leq 1$ 
      by (metis 0 1 5.IH(1) minNull-delete-time-bound' nat-le-iff-add nth-mem)
    hence  $T_{\text{delete}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) x \leq 1 + T_{\text{delete}}' \text{summary} ?h$ 
using 1 True by auto
  hence  $T_{\text{delete}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) x \leq 1 + 1 + \text{height} \text{summary}$ 
using 5(2)[of ?h] by simp
  then show ?thesis
    using order-trans by fastforce
next
  case False
    hence  $T_{\text{delete}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) x =$ 
       $1 + T_{\text{delete}}'(\text{treeList} ! ?h) \leq 1 + \text{height} \text{summary}$ 
    moreover have 2:  $(\text{treeList} ! ?h) \in \text{set treeList}$ 
      by (meson True nth-mem)
    ultimately have  $T_{\text{delete}}'(\text{Node}(\text{Some}(mi, ma)) \deg \text{treeList} \text{summary}) x \leq 1 + 1 + \text{height}(\text{treeList} ! ?h)$ 
      using 5(1) by simp
    then show ?thesis
      by (smt (z3) 2 Suc-eq-plus1-left Suc-le-mono add-2-eq-Suc dual-order.trans height-compose-child nat-1-add-1)
    qed
    qed (simp add : 0)
  qed
qed
qed simp+

```

theorem delete-bound-size-univ': $\text{invar-vebt } t n \implies u = 2^n \implies T_{\text{delete}}' t x \leq 2 + \text{lb}(lb u)$
using delete-bound-height[of t n x] height-double-log-univ-size[of u n t] **by** simp

```

end
end

```

theory VEBT-Space **imports** VEBT-Definitions Complex-Main
begin

12 Space Complexity and buildup Time Consumption

12.1 Space Complexity of valid van Emde Boas Trees

Space Complexity is linear in relation to universe sizes

context VEBT-internal **begin**

```

fun space:: VEBT  $\Rightarrow$  nat where
  space (Leaf a b) = 3 |
  space (Node info deg treeList summary) = 5 + space summary + length treeList + foldr ( $\lambda a b. a+b$ )
    (map space treeList) 0

```

```

fun space':: VEBT  $\Rightarrow$  nat where
space' (Leaf a b) = 4|
space' (Node info deg treeList summary) = 6 + space' summary + foldr ( $\lambda$  a b. a+b) (map space' treeList) 0

```

Count in reals

```

fun cnt:: VEBT  $\Rightarrow$  real where
cnt (Leaf a b) = 1|
cnt (Node info deg treeList summary) = 1 + cnt summary + foldr ( $\lambda$  a b. a+b) (map cnt treeList) 0

```

12.2 Auxiliary Lemmas for List Summation

```

lemma list-every-elemnt-bound-sum-bound: $\forall$  x  $\in$  set xs. f x  $\leq$  bound  $\implies$  foldr ( $\lambda$  a b. a+b) (map f xs) i  $\leq$  length xs * bound + i
by(induction xs) auto

```

```

lemma list-every-elemnt-bound-sum-bound-real: $\forall$  x  $\in$  set (xs::'a list). (f::'a $\Rightarrow$ real) x  $\leq$  (bound::real)
 $\implies$  foldr ( $\lambda$  a b. a+b) (map f xs) i  $\leq$  real(length xs) * bound + i
apply(induction xs) apply simp
apply (simp add: algebra-simps)
done

```

```

lemma foldr-one: d  $\leq$  foldr (+) ys (d::nat)
by (induction ys) auto

```

```

lemma foldr-zero:  $\forall$  i  $<$  length xs. xs ! i > 0  $\implies$ 
foldr ( $\lambda$  a b. a+b) xs (d::nat) - d  $\geq$  length xs
proof(induction xs)
case Nil
then show ?case by simp
next
case (Cons a xs)
hence  $\forall$  i  $<$  length xs. 0 < xs ! i
by auto
hence length xs  $\leq$  foldr (+) xs d - d using Cons.IH by simp
have a  $\geq$  1
by (metis gr0-conv-Suc length-Cons less-one local.Cons(2) not-gr0 not-less nth-Cons-0)
then show ?case
by (metis Nat.add-diff-assoc <length xs  $\leq$  foldr (+) xs d - d> add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1)
foldr.simps(2) foldr-one length-Cons o-apply plus-1-eq-Suc)
qed

```

```

lemma foldr-mono: length xs = length ys  $\implies$  $\forall$  i  $<$  length xs. xs ! i < ys ! i  $\implies$  c  $\leq$  d  $\implies$ 
foldr ( $\lambda$  a b. a+b) xs c + length ys  $\leq$  foldr ( $\lambda$  a b. a+b) ys (d::nat)
proof(induction xs arbitrary: d c ys)
case Nil
then show ?case using length-0-conv list.size(3) foldr-one by simp
next
case (Cons a xs)
then obtain y ys1 where ys = y #ys1

```

```

by (metis Suc-leI Suc-le-length-iff nth-equalityI)
hence 0:length xs = length ys1
  using Cons.prems(1) by force
hence 1:∀ i < length xs. xs ! i < ys1 ! i using Cons.prems(2)
  using ⟨ys = y # ys1⟩ by force
hence 3: ∀ i < length ys1. ys1 ! i > 0
  by (metis 0 less-nat-zero-code neq0-conv)
have foldr (+) (a # xs)c = a + foldr (+) xs (c) by simp
have foldr (+) (ys) d = y + foldr (+) ys1 (d)
  by (simp add: ⟨ys = y # ys1⟩)
have 2:a < y using Cons.prems(2) ⟨ys = y # ys1⟩
  by (metis length-Cons nth-Cons-0 zero-less-Suc)
have 4:foldr (+) xs c ≤ foldr (+) ys1 d - length ys1
  using Cons.IH[of ys1 c d] 0 1 Cons.prems(3) by simp
have foldr (+) ys1 d ≥ length ys1 using foldr-zero[of ys1 d] 3 by simp
hence a + foldr (+) xs c < y + foldr (+) ys1 d - length ys1 using 2 foldr-zero[of ys1 d] 4 by
simp
then show ?case
  using ⟨ys = y # ys1⟩ by auto
qed

lemma two-realpow-ge-two :(n::real)≥ 1 ==> (2::real) ^ n ≥ 2
  by (metis less-one not-less of-nat-1 of-nat-le-iff of-nat-numeral power-increasing power-one-right
zero-neq-numeral)

lemma foldr0: foldr (+) xs (c+d) = foldr (+) xs (d::real) + c
  by(induction xs) auto

lemma f-g-map-foldr-bound: (∀ x ∈ set xs. f x ≤ c * g x)
  ==> foldr (λ a b. a+b) (map f xs) d ≤ c * foldr (λ a b. a+b) (map g xs) (0::real) + d
  by(induction xs) (auto simp add: algebra-simps)

lemma real-nat-list: real (foldr (+) ( map f xs) (c::nat))
  = foldr (+) (map (λ x. real(f x))xs) c
  by(induction xs arbitrary: c) auto

```

12.3 Actual Space Reasoning

```

lemma space-space': space' t > space t
proof(induction t)
  case (Node info deg treeList summary)
  hence ∀ i < length treeList . (map space treeList)!i < ( map space' treeList)!i
    by simp
  hence 0:foldr (+) (map space treeList) 0 + length treeList ≤ foldr (+) (map space' treeList) 0
    using foldr-mono[of (map space treeList) (map space' treeList) 0 0] by simp
  have 1:space summary < space' summary using Node by simp
  hence foldr (+) (map space treeList) 0 + length treeList + space summary ≤
    foldr (+) (map space' treeList) 0 + space' summary using 0 by simp
  then show ?case using space'.simps(2)[of info deg treeList summary]

```

```

space.simps(2)[of info deg treeList summary] by simp
qed simp

lemma cnt-bound:
defines c ≡ 1.5
shows invar-vebt t n ==> cnt t ≤ 2*((2^n - c)::real)
proof(induction t n rule: invar-vebt.induct)
case (2 treeList n summary m deg)
hence ∀ t∈set treeList. (cnt t) ≤ 2 * (2^n - c) by simp
hence foldr (λ a b. a+b) (map cnt treeList) 0 ≤ 2^n * 2 * ((2^n - c)::real)
  using list-every-elemnt-bound-sum-bound-real[of treeList cnt 2*((2^n - c)::real) 0 ] 2
  by (auto simp add: algebra-simps)
hence cnt ( Node None deg treeList summary) ≤ 2*(2^(n+1)*(2^n - c) + 1 using 2
  by(auto simp add: algebra-simps)
hence cnt ( Node None deg treeList summary) ≤ 2*(2^(n+n) + (1-c)*2^n - c + 1/2)
  by(auto simp add: algebra-simps power-add)
moreover have 2*(2^(n+n) + (1-c)*2^n - c + 1/2) ≤ 2*(2^(n+n) + -0.5*1 - 1.5 + 1/2)
  by(auto simp add: algebra-simps two-realpow-ge-one c-def)
moreover hence 2*(2^(n+n) + (1-c)*2^n - c + 1/2) ≤ 2*(2^(n+n) - 1.5 )
  by(auto simp add: algebra-simps power-add)
ultimately have cnt ( Node None deg treeList summary) ≤ 2*(2^(n+n) - 1.5 ) by simp
then show ?case using c-def 2(5) 2(6) by simp
next
case (3 treeList n summary m deg)
hence ∀ t∈set treeList. (cnt t) ≤ 2 * (2^n - c) by simp
hence foldr (λ a b. a+b) (map cnt treeList) 0 ≤ 2^(n+1)*2 * ((2^n - c)::real)
  using list-every-elemnt-bound-sum-bound-real[of treeList cnt 2*((2^n - c)::real) 0 ] 3
  by (auto simp add: algebra-simps)
moreover
hence cnt ( Node None deg treeList summary) ≤ 2*(2^n*2^m - c* 2^(m) + 2^(m) - c + 1/2)
  using 3
  by (auto simp add: algebra-simps power-add)
moreover have 2*(2^n*2^m - c* 2^(m) + 2^(m) - c + 1/2) = 2*(2^(n+m) + (1-c)* 2^(m)
- c + 1/2)
  by (auto simp add: algebra-simps power-add)
moreover have 2*(2^(n+m) + (1-c)* 2^(m) - c + 1/2) ≤ 2*(2^(n+m) + -0.5*1 - 1.5 +
1/2)
  by(auto simp add: algebra-simps two-realpow-ge-one c-def)
moreover hence 2*(2^(n+m) + (1-c)* 2^m - c + 1/2) ≤ 2*(2^(n+m) - 1.5 )
  by(auto simp add: algebra-simps power-add)
ultimately have cnt ( Node None deg treeList summary) ≤ 2*(2^(n+m) - 1.5 ) by simp
then show ?case using c-def 3(5) 3(6) by simp
next
case (4 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
hence ∀ t∈set treeList. (cnt t) ≤ 2 * (2^n - c) by simp
hence foldr (λ a b. a+b) (map cnt treeList) 0 ≤ 2^n * 2 * ((2^n - c)::real)
  using list-every-elemnt-bound-sum-bound-real[of treeList cnt 2*((2^n - c)::real) 0 ] 4
  by (auto simp add: algebra-simps)
hence cnt ( Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ≤ 2*(2^(n+1)*(2^n - c) + 1 using 4

```

```

by(auto simp add: algebra-simps)
hence cnt ( Node None deg treeList summary) ≤ 2*(2^(n+n) + (1-c)*2^n - c + 1/2)
  by(auto simp add: algebra-simps power-add)
moreover have 2*(2^(n+n) + (1-c)*2^n - c + 1/2) ≤ 2*(2^(n+n) + -0.5*1 - 1.5 + 1/2)
  by(auto simp add: algebra-simps two-realpow-ge-one c-def)
moreover hence 2*(2^(n+n) + (1-c)*2^n - c + 1/2) ≤ 2*(2^(n+n) - 1.5 )
  by(auto simp add: algebra-simps power-add)
ultimately have cnt ( Node None deg treeList summary) ≤ 2*(2^(n+n) - 1.5 ) by simp
then show ?case using c-def 4 by simp
next
  case (5 treeList n summary m deg mi ma)
hence ∀ t∈set treeList. (cnt t) ≤ 2 * (2^n - c) by simp
  hence foldr (λ a b. a+b) (map cnt treeList) 0 ≤ 2^(n+1)*2 * ((2^n - c)::real)
    using list-every-elemnt-bound-sum-bound-real[of treeList cnt 2*((2^n - c)::real) 0 ] 5
    by (auto simp add: algebra-simps)
  moreover
hence cnt ( Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ≤ 2*(2^n*2^m - c* 2^m) + 2^m - c + 1/2)
  using 5
  by (auto simp add: algebra-simps powr-add)
moreover have 2*(2^n*2^m - c* 2^m) + 2^m - c + 1/2) = 2*(2^(n+m) + (1-c)* 2^m) - c + 1/2)
  by (auto simp add: algebra-simps power-add)
moreover have 2*(2^(n+m) + (1-c)* 2^m) - c + 1/2) ≤ 2*(2^(n+m) + -0.5*1 - 1.5 + 1/2)
  by(auto simp add: algebra-simps two-realpow-ge-one c-def)
moreover hence 2*(2^(n+m) + (1-c)* 2^m) - c + 1/2) ≤ 2*(2^(n+m) - 1.5 )
  by(auto simp add: algebra-simps power-add)
ultimately have cnt ( Node None deg treeList summary) ≤ 2*(2^(n+m) - 1.5 ) by simp
then show ?case using c-def 5 by simp
qed (simp add: cnt.simps c-def)

```

theorem *cnt-bound'*: *invar-vebt t n* \implies *cnt t* $\leq 2 * (2^n - 1)
using *cnt-bound* *by* *fastforce*$

lemma *space-cnt*: *space' t* $\leq 6 * \text{cnt t}$
proof(*induction t*)
 case (*Node info deg treeList summary*)
 hence $\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \text{space}' t \leq 6 * \text{cnt t}$ *by* *blast*
 hence foldr (λ a b. a+b) (map space' treeList) 0 ≤
 $6 * \text{foldr} (\lambda a b. a+b) (\text{map cnt treeList}) 0$
 using *f-g-map-foldr-bound*[*of treeList space' 6 cnt 0*]
 by(*auto simp add: algebra-simps real-nat-list*)
 then show ?case
 using *Node.IH(2)* *by* *force*
 qed *simp*

lemma *space-2-pow-bound*: **assumes** *invar-vebt t n* **shows** *real (space' t)* $\leq 12 * (2^n - 1)$
by (*smt (verit, best)* *assms* *cnt-bound'* *space-cnt*)

```

lemma space'-bound:
  assumes invar-verb t n u = 2 ^ n
  shows space' t ≤ 12 * u
proof -
  have real (space' t) ≤ real (12 * u)
    using assms using space-2-pow-bound[of t n] by fastforce
  then have space' t ≤ 12 * 2 ^ n
    using assms of-nat-le-iff by blast
  then show ?thesis
    using assms by auto
qed

```

Main Theorem

theorem space-bound:
assumes invar-verb t n u = $\hat{2^n}$
shows space t $\leq 12 * u$
by (metis assms dual-order.trans less-imp-le-nat space'-bound space-space')

12.4 Complexity of Generation Time

Space complexity is closely related to tree generation time complexity

Time approximation for replicate function. $T_{\text{replicate}} n t x$ denotes running time of the n -times replication of x into a list. t models runtime for generation of a single x .

```

fun  $T_{buildup}::nat \Rightarrow nat$  where
 $T_{buildup} 0 = 3|$ 
 $T_{buildup} (Suc 0) = 3|$ 
 $T_{buildup} n = (\text{if even } n \text{ then } 1 + (\text{let } half = n \text{ div } 2 \text{ in}$ 
 $\quad 9 + T_{buildup} half + (2^{\wedge}half) * (T_{buildup} half + 1))$ 
 $\text{else } (\text{let } half = n \text{ div } 2 \text{ in}$ 
 $\quad 11 + T_{buildup} (Suc half) + (2^{\wedge}(Suc half)) * (T_{buildup} half + 1)))$ 

```

```

fun  $T_{build}::nat \Rightarrow nat$  where
 $T_{build}\ 0 = 4|$ 
 $T_{build}\ (Suc\ 0) = 4|$ 
 $T_{build}\ n = (if\ even\ n\ then\ 1 + (let\ half = n\ div\ 2\ in$ 
 $\quad 10 + T_{build}\ half + (2^{\wedge}half)\ * (T_{build}\ half))$ 
 $\quad else\ (let\ half = n\ div\ 2\ in$ 
 $\quad\quad 12 + T_{build}\ (Suc\ half) + (2^{\wedge}(Suc\ half)) * (T_{build}\ half)))$ 

```

```

lemma buildup-build-time:  $T_{buildup} \ n < T_{build} \ n$ 
proof(induction n rule:  $T_{buildup}.induct$ )
  case ( $\beta$  va)
  then show ?case
proof(cases even (Suc (Suc va)))
  case True
  then show ?thesis
  apply(subst  $T_{buildup}.simps$ )

```

```

apply(subst Tbuild.simps)
using True apply simp
by (smt (z3) 3.IH(1) Suc-1 True add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) distrib-left div2-Suc-Suc
less-mult-imp-div-less linorder-not-le mult.commute mult-numeral-1-right nat-0-less-mult-iff nat-less-le
nat-zero-less-power-iff nonzero-mult-div-cancel-left not-less-eq numerals(1) plus-1-eq-Suc zero-le-one)
next
case False
hence *: (let half = Suc (Suc va) div 2
  in 11 + Tbuildup (Suc half) + 2 ^ Suc half * (Tbuildup half + 1))
  < (let half = Suc (Suc va) div 2
    in 12 + Tbuild (Suc half) + 2 ^ Suc half * Tbuild half)
unfolding Let-def
proof-
  assume odd (Suc (Suc va))
  have 11 + Tbuildup (Suc (Suc va) div 2))
  < 12 + Tbuild (Suc (Suc va) div 2))
  using 3.IH(3) False add-less-mono by presburger
  moreover have 2 ^ Suc (Suc (Suc va) div 2) * (Tbuildup (Suc (Suc va) div 2) + 1)
  ≤ 2 ^ Suc (Suc (Suc va) div 2) * Tbuild (Suc (Suc va) div 2)
  by (metis 3.IH(4) False Suc-leI add.commute mult-le-mono2 plus-1-eq-Suc)
  ultimately show 11 + Tbuildup (Suc (Suc (Suc va) div 2)) +
  2 ^ Suc (Suc (Suc va) div 2) * (Tbuildup (Suc (Suc va) div 2) + 1)
  < 12 + Tbuild (Suc (Suc (Suc va) div 2)) +
  2 ^ Suc (Suc (Suc va) div 2) * Tbuild (Suc (Suc va) div 2)
  using add-mono-thms-linordered-field(3) by blast
qed
show ?thesis apply(subst Tbuildup.simps)
apply(subst Tbuild.simps)
using False *
by simp
qed
qed simp+

```

```

lemma listsum-bound: ( $\bigwedge x. x \in set xs \implies f x \geq (0::real)$ )  $\implies$ 
  foldr (+) (map f xs) y  $\geq$  y
apply(induction xs arbitrary: y)
apply simp
apply(subst list.map(2))
apply(subst foldr.simps)
apply (simp add: add-increasing)
done

```

```

lemma cnt-non-neg: cnt t  $\geq$  0
by (induction t) (simp add: VEBT-internal.listsum-bound)+
```

```

lemma foldr-same: ( $\bigwedge x y. x \in set (xs::real list) \implies y \in set xs \implies x = y$ )  $\implies$ 
  ( $\bigwedge x. (x::real) \in set xs \implies x = (y::real)$ )  $\implies$ 
  foldr ( $\lambda (a::real) (b::real). a+b$ ) xs 0 = real (length xs) * y
```

```

apply(induction xs)
  apply simp
  apply(subst foldr.simps)
  unfolding comp-def
proof -
  fix a :: real and xsa :: real list
  assume a1:  $\llbracket \bigwedge x y. [x \in set xsa; y \in set xsa] \implies x = y; \bigwedge x. x \in set xsa \implies x = y \rrbracket \implies foldr (+)$ 
  xsa 0 = real (length xsa) * y
  assume  $\bigwedge x y. [x \in set (a \# xsa); y \in set (a \# xsa)] \implies x = y$ 
  assume a2:  $\bigwedge x. x \in set (a \# xsa) \implies x = y$ 
  then have f3: a = y
    by simp
  then have a * real (length xsa) = foldr (+) xsa 0
    using a2 a1 by (metis (no-types) list.set-intros(2) mult.commute)
  then show a + foldr (+) xsa 0 = real (length (a # xsa)) * y
    using f3 by (simp add: distrib-left mult.commute)
qed

lemma foldr-same-int:  $(\bigwedge x y. x \in set xs \implies y \in set xs \implies x = y) \implies$ 
   $(\bigwedge x. x \in set xs \implies x = y) \implies$ 
   $foldr (+) xs 0 = (length xs) * y$ 
apply(induction xs)
  apply simp
  apply(subst foldr.simps)
  apply fastforce
done

lemma t-build-cnt:  $T_{build} n \leq cnt (vebt-buildup n) * 13$ 
proof(induction n rule: T_build.induct)
  case 1
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case 2
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (? va)
  then show ?case
  proof(cases even (Suc (Suc va)))
    case True
    hence *:  $T_{build} (Suc (Suc va)) = 11 +$ 
       $T_{build} (Suc (Suc va) div 2) +$ 
       $2^{\lceil Suc (Suc va) div 2 \rceil} * (T_{build} (Suc (Suc va) div 2))$ 
    apply(subst T_build.simps)
    by simp
    have real (T_build (Suc (va div 2))) ≤ 13 * cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (va div 2)))
      using 3.IH(1) True by force
    moreover hence 1:  $2^{\lceil Suc (Suc va) div 2 \rceil} * (T_{build} (Suc (Suc va) div 2)) \leq$ 
       $2^{\lceil Suc (Suc va) div 2 \rceil} * ((cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc va) div 2))) * 13)$ 
    using ordered-semiring-class.mult-mono[of (T_build (Suc (Suc va) div 2)) ((cnt (vebt-buildup

```

```

(Suc (Suc va) div 2)))*13)
  2 ^ (Suc (Suc va) div 2) 2 ^ (Suc (Suc va) div 2)] by simp
ultimately have Tbuild (Suc (Suc va) div 2) +
  2 ^ (Suc (Suc va) div 2) * (Tbuild (Suc (Suc va) div 2)) ≤
    cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc va) div 2))*13 +
  2 ^ (Suc (Suc va) div 2) * ((cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc va) div 2)))*13)
    by (smt (verit) 3.IH(1) True of-nat-add)
have 10: (foldr (+)
  (replicate (l) ((cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc va) div 2))))
    )) 0) =
  l * ((cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc va) div 2)))) for l
using foldr-same[of (replicate l (cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc va) div 2))))
  cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc va) div 2)) ]
length-replicate by simp
have cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc va) div 2))*13 +
  2 ^ (Suc (Suc va) div 2) * ((cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc va) div 2)))*13) + 11 ≤
  13* cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc va)))
  apply(subst vebt-buildup.simps)
using True apply simp
apply(subst sym[OF foldr-replicate])
proof-
assume even va
have 2* (2 ^ (va div 2) * cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (va div 2)))) =
  foldr (+) (replicate (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2)) (cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (va div 2))))) 0
  apply(rule sym)
  using 10 div2-Suc-Suc[of va] by simp
then show 26 * (2 ^ (va div 2) * cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (va div 2)))) ≤
  2 + 13 * foldr (+) (replicate (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2)) (cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (va div 2))))) 0
  by simp
qed
then show ?thesis
  by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) * 1 3.IH(1) True numeral-Bit1 numeral-plus-numeral numeral-plus-one
  of-nat-add of-nat-numeral semiring-norm(2))
next
case False
have 12 + Tbuild (Suc (Suc (va div 2))) + 2 ^ Suc (Suc (va div 2)) * Tbuild (Suc (va div 2))
  ≤ cnt (Node None (Suc (Suc va)) (replicate (2 ^ Suc (Suc (va div 2))) (vebt-buildup (Suc (va div 2))))))
    (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc (va div 2))))) * 13
  apply(subst cnt.simps)
proof-
have 10: (foldr (+)
  (replicate (l) ((cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc va) div 2))))
    )) 0) =
  l * ((cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc va) div 2)))) for l
using foldr-same[of (replicate l (cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc va) div 2))))
  cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc va) div 2)) ]
length-replicate by simp
hence map-cnt: foldr (+) (map cnt (replicate (2 ^ Suc (Suc (va div 2)))) (vebt-buildup (Suc

```

```

(va div 2)))))) 0 =
  2 ^ Suc (Suc (va div 2)) * cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (va div 2))) by simp
have Tbuild (Suc (Suc (va div 2))) ≤ 13 * cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc (va div 2))))
  using 3.IH(3) False by force
moreover have Tbuild (Suc (va div 2)) ≤ 13 * cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (va div 2)))
  using 3.IH(4) False by force
moreover have add-double-trans: (a::real) ≤ b ⇒ c ≤ d ⇒
  i ≥ 0 ⇒ a + c*i ≤ b + d*i for a b c d i
  using mult-right-mono by fastforce
ultimately have real(Tbuild (Suc (Suc (va div 2)))) + 2 ^ Suc (Suc (va div 2)) * real(
Tbuild (Suc (va div 2))) ≤
  13 * cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc (va div 2)))) +
  2 ^ Suc (Suc (va div 2)) * (13 * cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (va div 2))))
  by (meson add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) mult-mono of-nat-0-le-iff order-refl zero-le-numeral
zero-le-power)
hence 11:(12 + Tbuild (Suc (Suc (va div 2))) + 2 ^ Suc (Suc (va div 2)) * Tbuild (Suc (va
div 2))) ≤
  12 + 13 * cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc (va div 2)))) +
  2 ^ Suc (Suc (va div 2)) * 13 * cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (va div 2)))
  using algebra-simps by simp
show (12 + Tbuild (Suc (Suc (va div 2))) +
  2 ^ Suc (Suc (va div 2)) * Tbuild (Suc (va div 2)))
≤ (1 + cnt (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc (va div 2))))) +
  foldr (+) (map cnt (replicate (2 ^ Suc (Suc (va div 2))) (vebt-buildup (Suc (va div 2))))) 0) *
13
  apply(subst map-cnt)
  using 11 algebra-simps by simp
qed
then show ?thesis
  apply(subst vebt-buildup.simps)
  apply(subst Tbuild.simps)
  using False by force
qed
qed

lemma t-buildup-cnt: Tbuildup n ≤ cnt (vebt-buildup n) * 13
  apply(rule order.trans[where b = real(Tbuild n)])
  apply(rule order.strict-implies-order)
  apply (simp add: VEBT-internal.buildup-build-time)
  apply(rule t-build-cnt)
done

lemma count-buildup: cnt (vebt-buildup n) ≤ 2 * 2^n
  by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) VEBT-internal.cnt-bound' add.right-neutral add-less-mono buildup-gives-valid
cnt.simps(1) even-Suc lessI odd-pos one-le-power plus-1-eq-Suc vebt-buildup.elims)

lemma count-buildup': cnt (vebt-buildup n) ≤ 2 * (2::nat)^n
  by (simp add: VEBT-internal.count-buildup)

```

theorem *vебt-buildup-bound*: $u = 2^n \implies T_{\text{buildup}} n \leq 26 * u$
using *count-buildup*[*of n*] *t-buildup-cnt*[*of n*] **by** *linarith*

Count in natural numbers

```
fun cnt':: VEBT ⇒ nat where
  cnt' (Leaf a b) = 1 |
  cnt' (Node info deg treeList summary) = 1 + cnt' summary + foldr (λ a b. a+b) (map cnt' treeList)
  0

lemma cnt-cnt-eq:cnt t = cnt' t
proof(induction t)
  case (Node x1 x2 x3 t)
  then show ?case
    by simp (smt (verit, best) map-eq-conv of-nat-0 real-nat-list)
qed auto

end
end
```

13 Functional Interface

```
theory VEBT-Intf-Functional
imports Main
  VEBT-Definitions VEBT-Space
  VEBT-Uniqueness
  VEBT-Member
  VEBT-Insert VEBT-InsertCorrectness
  VEBT-MinMax
  VEBT-Pred VEBT-Succ
  VEBT-Bounds
  VEBT-Delete VEBT-DeleteCorrectness VEBT-DeleteBounds
```

begin

13.1 Code Generation Setup

13.1.1 Code Equations

Code generator seems to not support patterns and nat code target

```
context begin
  interpretation VEBT-internal .
```

```
lemma vebt-member-code[code]:
  vebt-member (Leaf a b) x = (if x = 0 then a else if x=1 then b else False)
  vebt-member (Node None t r e) x = False
  vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
  (if deg = 0 ∨ deg = Suc 0 then False else (
    if x = mi then True else
    if x = ma then True else
```

```

if  $x < mi$  then False else
if  $x > ma$  then False else
(let
   $h = \text{high } x (\deg \text{ div } 2);$ 
   $l = \text{low } x (\deg \text{ div } 2) \text{ in}$ 
  (if  $h < \text{length treeList}$ 
    then vbt-member ( $\text{treeList} ! h$ )  $l$ 
    else False)))
apply simp
apply simp
proof(goal-cases)
case 1
consider  $\deg = 0 \mid \deg = \text{Suc } 0$ 
|  $n \text{ where } \deg = \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)$ 
  by (meson vbt-buildup.cases)
then show ?case apply(cases)
  by simp-all
qed

lemma vbt-insert-code[code]:
vbt-insert (Leaf a b)  $x = (\text{if } x=0 \text{ then } \text{Leaf } \text{True } b \text{ else if } x=1 \text{ then } \text{Leaf } a \text{ True} \text{ else } \text{Leaf } a \text{ } b)$ 
vbt-insert (Node info deg treeList summary)  $x = ($ 
   $\text{if } \deg \leq 1 \text{ then}$ 
    (Node info deg treeList summary)
   $\text{else ( case info of}$ 
     $\text{None} \Rightarrow (\text{Node } (\text{Some } (x,x)) \text{ deg } \text{treeList summary})$ 
    |  $\text{Some mima} \Rightarrow (\text{ case mima of } (mi, ma) \Rightarrow ($ 
      let
         $xn = (\text{if } x < mi \text{ then } mi \text{ else } x);$ 
         $minn = (\text{if } x < mi \text{ then } x \text{ else } mi);$ 
         $l = \text{low } xn (\deg \text{ div } 2); h = \text{high } xn (\deg \text{ div } 2)$ 
      in (
         $\text{if } h < \text{length treeList} \wedge \neg (x = mi \vee x = ma) \text{ then}$ 
          Node (Some ( $minn, max xn ma$ ))
             $\deg$ 
            (treeList[ $h := \text{vbt-insert } (\text{treeList} ! h) l$ ])
            (if minNull ( $\text{treeList} ! h$ ) then vbt-insert summary h else summary)
            else Node (Some ( $mi, ma$ ))  $\deg \text{treeList summary}$ )
        ))))
      apply simp
      apply simp
    proof(goal-cases)
    case 1
    consider  $\deg = 0 \mid \deg = \text{Suc } 0$ 
    |  $n \text{ where } \deg = \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)$ 
      by (meson vbt-buildup.cases)
    then show ?case apply(cases)
      apply simp+
      apply(cases info)

```

```

apply simp+
apply(cases the info)
apply simp
by meson

qed

lemma vebt-succ-code[code]:
  vebt-succ (Leaf a b) x = (if b ∧ x = 0 then Some 1 else None)
  vebt-succ (Node info deg treeList summary) x = (if deg ≤ 1 then None else
  (case info of None ⇒ None |
  (Some mima) ⇒ (case mima of (mi, ma) ⇒ (
    if x < mi then (Some mi)
    else (let l = low x (deg div 2); h = high x (deg div 2) in(
      if h < length treeList then
        let maxlow = vebt-maxt (treeList ! h) in
        (if maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some l < o maxlow) then
          Some (2^(deg div 2)) * o Some h + o vebt-succ (treeList ! h) l
        else let sc = vebt-succ summary h in
          if sc = None then None
          else Some (2^(deg div 2)) * o sc + o vebt-mint (treeList ! the sc) )
      else None))))))
  apply (cases (Leaf a b,x) rule: vebt-succ.cases; simp)
  apply (cases (Node info deg treeList summary,x) rule: vebt-succ.cases; simp add: Let-def)
done

lemma vebt-pred-code[code]:
  vebt-pred (Leaf a b) x = (if x = 0 then None else if x = 1 then
    (if a then Some 0 else None) else
    (if b then Some 1 else if a then Some 0 else None)) and
  vebt-pred (Node info deg treeList summary) x = (if deg ≤ 1 then None else (
  case info of None ⇒ None |
  (Some mima) ⇒ (case mima of (mi, ma) ⇒ (
    if x > ma then Some ma
    else (let l = low x (deg div 2); h = high x (deg div 2) in
      if h < length treeList then
        let minlow = vebt-mint (treeList ! h) in
        (if minlow ≠ None ∧ (Some l > o minlow) then
          Some (2^(deg div 2)) * o Some h + o vebt-pred (treeList ! h) l
        else let pr = vebt-pred summary h in
          if pr = None then (if x > mi then Some mi else None)
          else Some (2^(deg div 2)) * o pr + o vebt-maxt (treeList ! the pr) )
      else None)))))
  apply (cases (Leaf a b,x) rule: vebt-pred.cases; simp)
  apply (cases (Node info deg treeList summary,x) rule: vebt-pred.cases; simp add: Let-def)
done

```

```

lemma vebt-delete-code[code]:
  vebt-delete (Leaf a b) x = (if x = 0 then Leaf False b else if x = 1 then Leaf a False else Leaf a b)
  vebt-delete (Node info deg treeList summary) x = (
    case info of
      None => (Node info deg treeList summary)
      | Some mima => (
        if deg ≤ 1 then (Node info deg treeList summary)
        else (case mima of (mi, ma) => (
          if (x < mi ∨ x > ma) then (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
          else if (x = mi ∧ x = ma) then (Node None deg treeList summary)
          else let
            xn = (if x = mi then the (vebt-mint summary) * 2^(deg div 2)
                  + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))))
                  else x);
            minn = (if x = mi then xn else mi);
            l = low xn (deg div 2);
            h = high xn (deg div 2)
            in
            if h < length treeList then let
              newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l;
              newlist = treeList[h:= newnode]
              in
              if minNull newnode then let
                sn = vebt-delete summary h;
                maxn =
                  if xn = ma then let
                    maxs = vebt-maxt sn
                    in
                    if maxs = None then minn
                    else 2^(deg div 2) * the maxs + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))
                  else ma
                  in (Node (Some (minn, maxn)) deg newlist sn)
              else let
                maxn = (if xn = ma then h * 2^(deg div 2) + the( vebt-maxt (newlist ! h))
                        else ma)
                in (Node (Some (minn, maxn)) deg newlist summary)
              else (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
            )))
        apply (cases (Leaf a b,x) rule: vebt-delete.cases; simp)
        apply (cases (Node info deg treeList summary,x) rule: vebt-delete.cases; simp add: Let-def)
        done
      end
    )
  )

```

```

lemmas [code] =
  VEBT-internal.high-def VEBT-internal.low-def VEBT-internal.minNull.simps
  VEBT-internal.less.simps VEBT-internal.mul-def VEBT-internal.add-def
  VEBT-internal.option-comp-shift.simps VEBT-internal.option-shift.simps

```

export-code

```

vebt-buildup
vebt-insert
vebt-member
vebt-maxt
vebt-mint
vebt-pred
vebt-succ
vebt-delete
checking SML

```

13.2 Correctness Lemmas

named-theorems *v_eb_t-simps* ‹Simplifier rules for VEBT functional interface›

```

locale vebt-inst =
  fixes n :: nat
begin

  interpretation VEBT-internal .

```

13.2.1 Space Bound

```

theorem vebt-space-linear-bound:
  fixes t
  defines u ≡ 2n
  shows invar-vebt t n ==> space t ≤ 12*u
  by (simp add: space-bound u-def)

```

13.2.2 Buildup

```

lemma invar-vebt-buildup[vebt-simps]: invar-vebt (vebt-buildup n) n <=> n>0
  by (auto simp add: buildup-gives-valid deg-not-0)

lemma set-vebt-buildup[vebt-simps]: set-vebt (vebt-buildup i) = {}
  by (metis VEBT-internal.buildup-gives-empty VEBT-internal.buildup-gives-valid VEBT-internal.set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid
    neq0-conv invar-vebt.intros(1) vebt-buildup.simps(1))

```

```

lemma time-vebt-buildup: u = 2n ==> Tbuildup n ≤ 26 * u
  using vebt-buildup-bound by simp

```

13.2.3 Equality

```

lemma set-vebt-equal[vebt-simps]: invar-vebt t1 n ==> invar-vebt t2 n ==> t1=t2 <=> set-vebt t1 =
  set-vebt t2
  by (auto simp: unique-tree)

```

13.2.4 Member

```

lemma set-vebt-member[vebt-simps]: invar-vebt t n ==> vebt-member t x <=> x∈set-vebt t
  by (rule member-correct)

```

theorem *time-vebt-member*: $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies u = 2^n \implies T_{\text{member}} \ t \ x \leq 30 + 15 * \text{lb}(u)$
using *member-bound-size-univ* **by** *auto*

13.2.5 Insert

theorem *invar-vebt-insert[vebt-simps]*: $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies x < 2^n \implies \text{invar-vebt}(\text{vebt-insert } t \ x) \ n$
by (*simp add: valid-pres-insert*)

theorem *set-vebt-insert[vebt-simps]*: $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies x < 2^n \implies \text{set-vebt}(\text{vebt-insert } t \ x) = \text{set-vebt } t \cup \{x\}$
by (*meson insert-correct[symmetric]*)

theorem *time-vebt-insert*: $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies u = 2^n \implies T_{\text{insert}} \ t \ x \leq 46 + 23 * \text{lb}(u)$
by (*meson insert-bound-size-univ*)

13.2.6 Maximum

theorem *set-vebt-maxt*: $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-maxt } t = \text{Some } x \longleftrightarrow \text{max-in-set}(\text{set-vebt } t) \ x$
by (*metis maxt-sound maxt-corr set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid*)

theorem *set-vebt-maxt'*: $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-maxt } t = \text{Some } x \longleftrightarrow (x \in \text{set-vebt } t \wedge (\forall y \in \text{set-vebt } t. \ x \geq y))$
using *set-vebt-maxt* **unfolding** *max-in-set-def* **by** *blast*

lemma *set-vebt-maxt''[vebt-simps]*:

$\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-maxt } t = (\text{if set-vebt } t = \{\} \text{ then None else Some}(\text{Max}(\text{set-vebt } t)))$
by (*metis Max-ge Max-in VEBT-internal.set-vebt-finite VEBT-internal.set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid empty-iff option.exhaust set-vebt-maxt'*)

lemma *time-vebt-maxt*: $T_{\text{maxt}} \ t \leq 3$
by (*simp add: maxt-bound*)

13.2.7 Minimum

theorem *set-vebt-mint[vebt-simps]*: $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-mint } t = \text{Some } x \longleftrightarrow \text{min-in-set}(\text{set-vebt } t) \ x$
by (*metis VEBT-internal.mint-corr VEBT-internal.mint-sound VEBT-internal.set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid*)

theorem *set-vebt-mint'*: $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-mint } t = \text{Some } x \longleftrightarrow (x \in \text{set-vebt } t \wedge (\forall y \in \text{set-vebt } t. \ x \leq y))$
using *set-vebt-mint* **unfolding** *min-in-set-def* **by** *blast*

lemma *set-vebt-mint''[vebt-simps]*:

$\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-mint } t = (\text{if set-vebt } t = \{\} \text{ then None else Some}(\text{Min}(\text{set-vebt } t)))$
by (*metis Min-in Min-le VEBT-internal.set-vebt-finite VEBT-internal.set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid empty-iff option.exhaust set-vebt-mint'*)

lemma *time-vebt-mint*: $T_{\text{mint}} \ t \leq 3$
by (*simp add: mint-bound*)

13.3 Emptiness determination

A tree is empty if and only if its minimum is None

```
lemma vebt-minNull-mint: minNull t  $\longleftrightarrow$  vebt-mint t = None
  by (meson VEBT-internal.minNullmin VEBT-internal.minminNull)
```

```
lemma set-vebt-minNull: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  minNull t  $\longleftrightarrow$  set-vebt t = {}
  by (metis VEBT-internal.minNullmin VEBT-internal.minminNull VEBT-internal.mint-corr-help-empty
    VEBT-internal.set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid vebt-inst.set-vebt-mint'')
```

```
lemma time-vebt-minNull:  $T_{minNull}$  t  $\leq$  1
  using minNull-bound by auto
```

13.3.1 Successor

```
theorem set-vebt-succ: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  vebt-succ t x = Some sx  $\longleftrightarrow$  is-succ-in-set (set-vebt t) x
  by (simp add: succ-corr set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid)
```

```
lemma set-vebt-succ'[vebt-simps]: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  vebt-succ t x = (if  $\exists y \in set-vebt t. y > x$  then
  Some (LEAST y  $\in$  set-vebt t. y > x) else None)
  apply (clar simp; safe)
  subgoal
    apply (clar simp simp add: succ-correct is-succ-in-set-def Least-le)
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) LeastI-ex)
  subgoal by (meson succ-correct is-succ-in-set-def option.exhaustsel)
  done
```

```
theorem time-vebt-succ:
  fixes t defines u  $\equiv$   $2^n$ 
  shows invar-vebt t n  $\implies$   $T_{succ}$  t x  $\leq$  54 + 27 * lb (lb u)
  using succ-bound-size-univ unfolding u-def by presburger
```

13.3.2 Predecessor

```
theorem set-vebt-pred: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  vebt-pred t x = Some px  $\longleftrightarrow$  is-pred-in-set (set-vebt t) x
  by (simp add: pred-corr set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid)
```

```
theorem set-vebt-pred'[vebt-simps]: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$ 
  vebt-pred t x = (if  $\exists y \in set-vebt t. y < x$  then Some (GREATEST y. y  $\in$  set-vebt t  $\wedge$  y < x) else
    None)
  apply (clar simp simp: member-correct pred-empty pred-correct is-pred-in-set-def)
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) GreatestI-nat Greatest-le-nat less-imp-le)
```

```
theorem time-vebt-pred: fixes t defines u  $\equiv$   $2^n$ 
  shows invar-vebt t n  $\implies$   $T_{pred}$  t x  $\leq$  58 + 29 * lb (lb u)
  unfolding u-def by (meson pred-bound-size-univ)
```

13.3.3 Delete

```

theorem invar-vebt-delete[vebt-simps]: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  invar-vebt (vebt-delete t x) n
  by (simp add: delete-pres-valid)
theorem set-vebt-delete[vebt-simps]: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  set-vebt (vebt-delete t x) = set-vebt t - {x}
  by (metis delete-correct invar-vebt-delete set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid)
theorem time-vebt-delete: fixes t defines u  $\equiv$   $2^{\wedge}n$ 
  shows invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  T_delete t x  $\leq$   $140 + 70 * lb (lb u)$ 
  unfolding u-def by (meson delete-bound-size-univ)
end

```

13.4 Interface Usage Example

experiment

begin

```

definition test n xs ys  $\equiv$  let
  t  $=$  vebt-buildup n;
  t  $=$  foldl vebt-insert t (0#xs);
  f  $=$  ( $\lambda x$ . if vebt-member t x then x else the (vebt-pred t x))
  in
  map f ys

```

```

context fixes n :: nat begin
  interpretation vebt-inst n .

```

lemmas [*simp*] = *vebt-simps*

```

lemma [simp]:
  assumes invar-vebt t n  $\forall x \in set xs$ .  $x < 2^{\wedge}n$ 
  shows invar-vebt (foldl vebt-insert t xs) n
  using assms apply (induction xs arbitrary: t)
  by auto

```

```

lemma [simp]:
  assumes invar-vebt t n  $\forall x \in set xs$ .  $x < 2^{\wedge}n$ 
  shows set-vebt (foldl vebt-insert t xs) = set-vebt t ∪ set xs
  using assms
  apply (induction xs arbitrary: t)
  apply auto
  done

```

```

lemma  $\llbracket \forall x \in set xs. x < 2^{\wedge}n; n > 0 \rrbracket \implies test n xs ys = map (\lambda y. (GREATEST y'. y' \in insert 0 (set xs) \wedge y' \leq y)) ys$ 
  unfolding test-def

```

```

apply (auto simp add: Let-def)
subgoal by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Greatest-equality le-zero-eq)
subgoal by (metis (no-types, lifting) Greatest-equality order-refl)
subgoal by (metis less-le)
done

end

theory VEBT-List-Assn
imports
  Separation-Logic-Imperative-HOL/Sep-Main
  HOL-Library.Rewrite

begin

13.5 Lists

fun list-assn :: ('a ⇒ 'c ⇒ assn) ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'c list ⇒ assn where
  list-assn P [] [] = emp
| list-assn P (a#as) (c#cs) = P a c * list-assn P as cs
| list-assn _ _ _ = false

lemma list-assn-aux-simps[simp]:
  list-assn P [] l' = (↑(l'=[]))
  list-assn P l [] = (↑(l=[]))
  apply (cases l')
  apply simp
  apply simp
  apply (cases l)
  apply simp
  apply simp
done

lemma list-assn-aux-append[simp]:
  length l1=length l1' ⟹
  list-assn P (l1@l2) (l1'@l2')
  = list-assn P l1 l1' * list-assn P l2 l2'
  apply (induct rule: list-induct2)
  apply simp
  apply (simp add: star-assoc)
done

```

```

lemma list-assn-aux-ineq-len: length l ≠ length li  $\implies$  list-assn A l li = false
proof (induction l arbitrary: li)
  case (Cons x l li) thus ?case by (cases li; auto)
qed simp

```

```

lemma list-assn-aux-append2[simp]:
  assumes length l2=length l2'
  shows list-assn P (l1@l2) (l1'@l2')
    = list-assn P l1 l1' * list-assn P l2 l2'
  apply (cases length l1 = length l1')
  apply (erule list-assn-aux-append)
  apply (simp add: list-assn-aux-ineq-len assms)
done

```

```

lemma list-assn-simps[simp]:
  (list-assn P) [] [] = emp
  (list-assn P) (a#as) (c#cs) = P a c * (list-assn P) as cs
  (list-assn P) (a#as) [] = false
  (list-assn P) [] (c#cs) = false
    apply simp-all
done

```

```

lemma list-assn-mono:
   $\llbracket \bigwedge x x'. P x x' \implies_A P' x x' \rrbracket \implies$  list-assn P l l'  $\implies_A$  list-assn P' l l'
  apply (induct P l l' rule: list-assn.induct)
  by (auto intro: ent-star-mono)

```

```

lemma list-assn-cong[fundef-cong]:
  assumes xs=xs' xsi=xsi'
  assumes  $\bigwedge x xi. x \in \text{set } xs' \implies xi \in \text{set } xsi' \implies A x xi = A' x xi$ 
  shows list-assn A xs xsi = list-assn A' xs' xsi'
  using assms
  apply (induct A≡A xs' xsi' arbitrary: xs xsi rule: list-assn.induct)
    apply simp-all
  done

```

term prod-list

```

definition listI-assn I A xs xsi ≡
   $\uparrow(\text{length } xsi = \text{length } xs \wedge I \subseteq \{0..<\text{length } xs\})$ 
  * Finite-Set.fold ( $\lambda i a. a * A (xs!i) (xsi!i)$ ) 1 I

```

```

lemmas comp-fun-commute-fold-insert =
  comp-fun-commute-on.fold-insert[where S=UNIV, folded comp-fun-commute-def', simplified]

```

```

lemma aux: Finite-Set.fold (( $\lambda i aa. aa * P ((a \# as) ! i) ((c \# cs) ! i)) emp \{0..<Suc (length as)\}$ )
=  $P a c * Finite-Set.fold ((\lambda i aa. aa * P (as ! i) (cs ! i)) emp \{0..<length as\})$ 
proof -
have 1:  $\{0..<Suc (length as)\} = insert 0 \{1..<Suc (length as)\}$  by auto
have 2:  $\{Suc 0..<Suc (Suc n)\} = insert (Suc n) \{Suc 0 ..< Suc n\}$  for n by auto
have 3:  $\{0..<Suc n\} = insert n \{0..<n\}$  for n by auto
have A:
Finite-Set.fold P emp  $\{Suc 0..<Suc n\}$ 
= Finite-Set.fold Q emp  $\{0..<n\}$ 
if  $\forall i x. P (Suc i) x = Q i x$ 
  and comp-fun-commute P
  and comp-fun-commute Q
for P Q n
using that
apply (induction n arbitrary: a)
subgoal by simp
thm comp-fun-commute-on.fold-insert
apply (simp add: comp-fun-commute-fold-insert)
apply (subst 2)
apply (subst 3)
apply (simp add: comp-fun-commute-fold-insert)
done
show ?thesis
apply (simp add: 1)
apply (subst comp-fun-commute-fold-insert)
subgoal
  apply unfold-locales
  apply (auto simp: fun-eq-iff algebra-simps)
  done
subgoal by simp
subgoal by simp
apply simp
apply (rewrite at  $\square = -* mult.\text{commute}$ )
apply (rule arg-cong[where  $f=\lambda x. P - - * x$ ])
apply (rule A)
subgoal by auto
subgoal
  apply unfold-locales
  apply (auto simp: fun-eq-iff algebra-simps)
  done
subgoal
  apply unfold-locales
  apply (auto simp: fun-eq-iff algebra-simps)
  done
done
qed

```

```

lemma list-assn-conv-idx: list-assn A xs xsi = listI-assn {0..<length xs} A xs xsi
  apply (induction A xs xsi rule: list-assn.induct)
    apply (auto simp: listI-assn-def aux)
  done

lemma listI-assn-conv: n=length xs ==> listI-assn {0..<n} A xs xsi = list-assn A xs xsi
  by (simp add: list-assn-conv-idx)

lemma listI-assn-conv': n=length xs ==> listI-assn {0..<n} A xs xsi *F = list-assn A xs xsi* F
  by (simp add: list-assn-conv-idx)

lemma listI-assn-finite[simp]: ¬finite I ==> listI-assn I A xs xsi = false
  using subset-eq-atLeast0-lessThan-finite by (auto simp: listI-assn-def)

find-theorems Finite-Set.fold name: cong

lemma mult-fun-commute: comp-fun-commute (λi (a::assn). a * f i)
  apply unfold-locales
  apply (auto simp: fun-eq-iff mult-ac)
  done

lemma listI-assn-weak-cong:
  assumes I: I=I' A=A' length xs=length xs' length xsi=length xsi'
  assumes A: ⋀i. [|i; i<length xs; length xs=length xsi|]
    ==> xs!i = xs'!i ∧ xsi!i = xsi'!i
  shows listI-assn I A xs xsi = listI-assn I' A' xs' xsi'
  unfolding listI-assn-def
  apply (simp add: I)
  apply (cases length xsi' = length xs' ∧ I' ⊆ {0..<length xs'}; simp only;; simp)
  apply (rule Finite-Set.fold-cong[where S=UNIV, folded comp-fun-commute-def])
    apply (simp-all add: mult-fun-commute)
  subgoal by (meson subset-eq-atLeast0-lessThan-finite)
  subgoal using A by (auto simp: fun-eq-iff I)
  done

lemma listI-assn-cong:
  assumes I: I=I' length xs=length xs' length xsi=length xsi'
  assumes A: ⋀i. [|i; i<length xs; length xs=length xsi|]
    ==> xs!i = xs'!i ∧ xsi!i = xsi'!i
      ∧ A (xs!i) (xsi!i) = A' (xs'!i) (xsi'!i)
  shows listI-assn I A xs xsi = listI-assn I' A' xs' xsi'
  unfolding listI-assn-def
  apply (simp add: I)
  apply (cases length xsi' = length xs' ∧ I' ⊆ {0..<length xs'}; simp only;; simp)
  apply (rule Finite-Set.fold-cong[where S=UNIV, folded comp-fun-commute-def])
    apply (simp-all add: mult-fun-commute)
  subgoal by (meson subset-eq-atLeast0-lessThan-finite)

```

subgoal using A by (*fastforce simp: fun-eq-iff I*)
done

```

lemma listI-assn-insert:  $i \notin I \implies i < \text{length } xs \implies$ 
  listI-assn (insert  $i$   $I$ )  $A$   $xs\ xsi = A (xs!i) (xsi!i) * \text{listI-assn } I A xs xsi$ 
  apply (cases finite  $I$ ; simp?)
  unfolding listI-assn-def
  apply (subst comp-fun-commute-fold-insert)
  subgoal
    apply unfold-locales
    apply (auto simp: fun-eq-iff algebra-simps)
    done
  subgoal by simp
  subgoal by simp
  subgoal by (auto simp: algebra-simps)
  done

lemma listI-assn-extract:
  assumes  $i \in I$   $i < \text{length } xs$ 
  shows listI-assn  $I A xs xsi = A (xs!i) (xsi!i) * \text{listI-assn } (I - \{i\}) A xs xsi$ 
proof -
  have  $1: I = \text{insert } i (I - \{i\})$  using assms by auto
  show ?thesis
    apply (subst 1)
    apply (subst listI-assn-insert)
    using assms by auto
qed

lemma listI-assn-reinsert:
  assumes  $P \implies_A A (xs!i) (xsi!i) * \text{listI-assn } (I - \{i\}) A xs xsi * F$ 
  assumes  $i < \text{length } xs$   $i \in I$ 
  assumes listI-assn  $I A xs xsi * F \implies_A Q$ 
  shows  $P \implies_A Q$ 
proof -
  show ?thesis
    apply (rule ent-trans[OF assms(1)])
    apply (subst listI-assn-extract[symmetric])
    subgoal by fact
    subgoal by fact
    subgoal by fact
    done
qed

lemma listI-assn-reinsert-upd:
  fixes  $xs\ xsi :: -\text{list}$ 
  assumes  $P \implies_A A x xi * \text{listI-assn } (I - \{i\}) A xs xsi * F$ 

```

```

assumes i < length xs i ∈ I
assumes listI-assn I A (xs[i:=x]) (xsi[i:=xi]) * F ⟹A Q
shows P ⟹A Q
proof (cases length xs = length xsi)
  case True
  have 1: listI-assn (I - {i}) A xs xsi = listI-assn (I - {i}) A (xs[i:=x]) (xsi[i:=xi])
    by (rule listI-assn-cong) auto
  have 2: A x xi = A ((xs[i:=x])!i) ((xsi[i:=xi])!i) using ‹i < length xs› True by auto
  from assms[unfolded 1 2] show ?thesis
    apply (rule-tac listI-assn-reinsert)
      apply assumption
      apply simp-all
    done
next
  case False
  with assms(1) have P ⟹A false
    by (simp add: listI-assn-def)
  thus ?thesis using ent-false-iff entailsI by blast
qed

lemma listI-assn-reinsert':
  assumes P ⟹A A (xs!i) (xsi!i) * listI-assn (I - {i}) A xs xsi * F
  assumes i < length xs i ∈ I
  assumes <listI-assn I A xs xsi * F>c<Q>
  shows <P>c<Q>
proof -
  show ?thesis
    apply (rule cons-pre-rule[OF assms(1)])
    apply (subst listI-assn-extract[symmetric])
    subgoal by fact
    subgoal by fact
    subgoal by fact
    done
qed

lemma listI-assn-reinsert-upd':
  fixes xs xsi :: - list
  assumes P ⟹A A x xi * listI-assn (I - {i}) A xs xsi * F
  assumes i < length xs i ∈ I
  assumes <listI-assn I A (xs[i:=x]) (xsi[i:=xi]) * F>c<Q>
  shows <P>c<Q>
  by (meson assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) assms(4) cons-pre-rule ent-refl listI-assn-reinsert-upd)

lemma subst-not-in:
  assumes i ∉ I i < length xs

```

```

shows listI-assn I A (xs[i:=x1]) (xsi[i := x2]) = listI-assn I A xs xsi
apply (rule listI-assn-cong)
using assms
by (auto simp add: nth-list-update')

lemma listI-assn-subst:
assumes inotinI i<length xs
shows listI-assn (insert i I) A (xs[i:=x1]) (xsi[i := x2]) = A x1 x2 * listI-assn I A xs xsi
by (smt (z3) assms(1) assms(2) length-list-update listI-assn-def listI-assn-insert nth-list-update-eq
pure-false star-false-left star-false-right subst-not-in)

lemma extract-pre-list-assn-lengthD: h ⊨ list-assn A xs xsi ==> length xsi = length xs
by (metis list-assn-aux-ineq-len mod-false)

method unwrap-idx for i ::nat =
(rewrite in <⇒>-<-> list-assn-conv-idx),
(rewrite in <⇒>-<-> listI-assn-extract[where i=i]),
(simp split: if-splits; fail),
(simp split: if-splits; fail)

method wrap-idx uses R =
(rule R),
frame-inference,
(simp split: if-splits; fail),
(simp split: if-splits; fail),
(subst listI-assn-conv, (simp; fail))

method extract-pre-pure uses dest =
(rule hoare-triple-preI | drule asm-rl[of -|= -]),
(determ ‹elim mod-starE dest[elim-format]›)?,
((determ ‹thin-tac - |= -›+)?)?,
(simp (no-asm) only: triv-forall-equality)?

```

lemma rule-at-index:

assumes

1:P ==>A list-assn A xs xsi * F **and**
2[simp]:i < length xs **and**
3:<A (xs ! i) (xsi ! i) *
listI-assn ({0..<length xs}- {i}) A xs xsi * F > c <Q'> **and**
4: ⋀ r. Q' r ==>A A (xs ! i) (xsi ! i) *
listI-assn ({0..<length xs}- {i}) A xs xsi* F' r

shows

<P>c <λ r. list-assn A xs xsi * F' r>

apply(rule cons-pre-rule[OF 1])
apply(unwrap-idx i)
apply(rule cons-post-rule)
apply(rule 3)
apply(rule ent-trans[OF 4])
apply(wrap-idx R: listI-assn-reinsert-upd)

```

apply simp
done

end

theory VEBT-BuildupMemImp
imports
  VEBT-List-Assn
  VEBT-Space
  Deriving.Derive
  VEBT-Member VEBT-Insert
  HOL-Library.Countable
  Time-Reasoning/Time-Reasoning VEBT-DeleteBounds
begin

```

14 Imperative van Emde Boas Trees

```
datatype VEBTi = Nodei (nat*nat) option nat VEBTi array VEBTi | Leafi bool bool
```

```
derive countable VEBTi
instance VEBTi :: heap by standard
```

14.1 Assertions on van Emde Boas Trees

```

fun vebt-assn-raw :: VEBT ⇒ VEBTi ⇒ assn where
  vebt-assn-raw (Leaf a b) (Leafi ai bi) = ↑(ai=a ∧ bi=b)
  | vebt-assn-raw (Node mmo deg tree-list summary) (Nodei mmoi degi tree-array summaryi) = (
    ↑(mmoi=mmo ∧ degi=deg)
    * vebt-assn-raw summary summaryi
    * (Ǝ A tree-is. tree-array ↪_a tree-is * list-assn vebt-assn-raw tree-list tree-is)
  )
  | vebt-assn-raw -- = false

```

```
lemmas [simp del] = vebt-assn-raw.simps
```

```
context VEBT-internal begin
```

```
lemmas [simp] = vebt-assn-raw.simps
```

```

lemma TBOUND-VEBT-case[TBOUND]: assumes a b. ti = Leafi a b ⇒ TBOUND (f a b) (bnd a b)
  ∧ info deg treeArray summary . ti = Nodei info deg treeArray summary ⇒
  TBOUND (f' info deg treeArray summary) (bnd' info deg treeArray summary)

shows TBOUND (case ti of Leafi a b ⇒ f a b |
  Nodei info deg treeArray summary ⇒ f' info deg treeArray summary)

```

```

(case ti of Leafi a b => bnd a b |
  Nodei info deg treeArray summary => bnd' info deg treeArray summary)
using assms
apply(cases ti)
apply auto
done

```

Some Lemmas

```

lemma length-corresp:( $\exists_A \text{ tree-is. } \text{tree-array} \mapsto_a \text{ tree-is} = \text{true} \implies \text{return}(\text{length tree-is}) = \text{Array-Time.len tree-array}$ )
proof-
  assume ( $\exists_A \text{ tree-is. } \text{tree-array} \mapsto_a \text{ tree-is} = \text{true}$ )
  then obtain tree-is where  $\text{tree-array} \mapsto_a \text{ tree-is} = \text{true}$ 
    by (metis mod-h-bot-iff(2) mod-h-bot-iff(4) mod-h-bot-iff(8))
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis assn-basic-inequalities(5) merge-true-star snga-same-false)
qed

```

```

lemma heaphelp:assumes h ⊨
  xa  $\mapsto_a$  tree-is * list-assn vebt-assn-raw treeList tree-is *
  vebt-assn-raw summary xb *↑(None = None ∧ n = n)*
  ↑(xc = Nodei None n xa xb)
shows h ⊨ vebt-assn-raw (Node None n treeList summary) xc
proof-
  have h ⊨ vebt-assn-raw (Node None n treeList summary) (Nodei None n xa xb)
    using vebt-assn-raw.simps(2)[of None n treeList summary None n xa xb] apply simp
    by (metis assms mod-pure-star-dist star-aci(2))
  then show ?thesis
    using assms by auto
qed

```

```

lemma assnle: list-assn vebt-assn-raw treeList tree-is * (x13  $\mapsto_a$  tree-is * vebt-assn-raw summary
x14)  $\implies_A$ 
  vebt-assn-raw summary x14 * x13  $\mapsto_a$  tree-is * list-assn vebt-assn-raw treeList tree-is
using star-aci(2) by auto

```

```

lemma ext:  $y < \text{length treeList} \implies x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} * (\text{vebt-assn-raw summary } x14 *$ 
   $(\text{vebt-assn-raw } (\text{treeList} ! y) (\text{tree-is} ! y) * \text{listI-assn } (\{0..<\text{length treeList}\} - \{y\}) \text{ vebt-assn-raw}$ 
 $\text{treeList tree-is}))$ 
 $\implies_A (x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} * \text{vebt-assn-raw summary } x14 *$ 
   $(\text{listI-assn } (\{0..<\text{length treeList}\} - \{y\}) \text{ vebt-assn-raw treeList tree-is}) * \text{vebt-assn-raw } (\text{treeList}$ 
 $! y) (\text{tree-is} ! y)$ 
by (metis assn-aci(9) ent-refl star-aci(2))

```

```

lemma txe:y < length treeList  $\implies \text{vebt-assn-raw } (\text{treeList} ! y) (\text{tree-is} ! y) * x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} *$ 
   $\text{vebt-assn-raw summary } x14 *$ 
   $\text{listI-assn } (\{0..<\text{length treeList}\} - \{y\}) \text{ vebt-assn-raw treeList tree-is} \implies_A$ 
   $\text{vebt-assn-raw summary } x14 * x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} * \text{list-assn vebt-assn-raw treeList tree-is}$ 
by (smt (z3) assn-aci(9) assn-times-comm assnle atLeastLessThan-iff less-nat-zero-code listI-assn-extract

```

list-assn-conv-idx not-less)

lemma *recomp*: $i < \text{length } \text{treeList} \implies \text{vebt-assn-raw}(\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{tree-is} ! i) * \text{listI-assn}(\{0..<\text{length } \text{treeList}\} - \{i\}) \text{vebt-assn-raw} \text{treeList} \text{tree-is} *$
 $x_{13} \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} *$
 $\text{vebt-assn-raw} \text{summary} x_{14} \implies_A$
 $\text{vebt-assn-raw} \text{summary} x_{14} * x_{13} \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} * \text{list-assn} \text{vebt-assn-raw} \text{treeList} \text{tree-is}$
by (smt (z3) ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.left-commute atLeastLessThan-iff ent-refl listI-assn-extract list-assn-conv-idx zero-le)

lemma *repack*: $i < \text{length } \text{treeList} \implies \text{vebt-assn-raw}(\text{treeList} ! i) (\text{tree-is} ! i) *$
Rest *
 $(x_{13} \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} * \text{vebt-assn-raw} \text{summary} x_{14} * \text{listI-assn}(\{0..<\text{length } \text{treeList}\} - \{i\}) \text{vebt-assn-raw} \text{treeList} \text{tree-is})$
 $\implies_A \text{Rest} * \text{vebt-assn-raw} \text{summary} x_{14} * x_{13} \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} * \text{list-assn} \text{vebt-assn-raw} \text{treeList} \text{tree-is}$
apply –
by (smt (z3) assn-times-assoc atLeastLessThan-iff entails-def leI less-nat-zero-code listI-assn-extract list-assn-conv-idx mod-pure-star-dist star-aci(2))

lemma *big-assn-simp*: $h < \text{length } \text{treeList} \implies \text{vebt-assn-raw}(\text{vebt-delete}(\text{treeList} ! h) l) x *$
 $\uparrow(xaa = \text{vebt-mint}(\text{vebt-delete}(\text{treeList} ! h) l)) *$
 $(x_{13} \mapsto_a (\text{tree-is}[h := x]) * \text{vebt-assn-raw} \text{summary} x_{14} * \text{listI-assn}(\{0..<\text{length } \text{treeList}\} - \{h\}) \text{vebt-assn-raw} \text{treeList} \text{tree-is}) \implies_A$
 $x_{13} \mapsto_a \text{tree-is}[h := x] * \text{vebt-assn-raw} \text{summary} x_{14} * \uparrow(xaa = \text{vebt-mint}(\text{vebt-delete}(\text{treeList} ! h) l)) *$
 $\text{list-assn} \text{vebt-assn-raw}(\text{treeList}[h := (\text{vebt-delete}(\text{treeList} ! h) l)]) (\text{tree-is}[h := x])$
by (smt (z3) Diff-iff ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.left-commute assn-aci(10) atLeastLessThan-iff ent-refl insertCI insert-Diff-single insert-absorb leI length-list-update less-nat-zero-code listI-assn-subst list-assn-conv-idx mult.right-neutral)

lemma *tcd*: $i < \text{length } \text{treeList} \implies \text{length } \text{treeList} = \text{length } \text{treeList}' \implies \text{vebt-assn-raw} y x * x_{13} \mapsto_a \text{tree-is}[i := x] * \text{vebt-assn-raw} \text{summary} x_{14} * \text{listI-assn}(\{0..<\text{length } \text{treeList}\} - \{i\}) \text{vebt-assn-raw}(\text{treeList}[i := y]) (\text{tree-is}[i := x]) \implies_A x_{13} \mapsto_a \text{tree-is}[i := x] * \text{vebt-assn-raw} \text{summary} x_{14} * \text{list-assn} \text{vebt-assn-raw}(\text{treeList}[i := y]) (\text{tree-is}[i := x])$
by (smt (z3) ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute assn-aci(10) atLeastLessThan-iff ent-pure-pre-iff entails-def leI length-list-update less-nat-zero-code listI-assn-def listI-assn-extract list-assn-conv-idx nth-list-update-eq)

lemma *big-assn-simp'*: $h < \text{length } \text{treeList} \implies xaa = \text{vebt-delete}(\text{treeList} ! h) l \implies \text{vebt-assn-raw} xaa x * \uparrow(xb = \text{vebt-mint} xaa) *$
 $(x_{13} \mapsto_a \text{tree-is}[h := x] * \text{vebt-assn-raw} \text{summary} x_{14} * \text{listI-assn}(\{0..<\text{length } \text{treeList}\} - \{h\}) \text{vebt-assn-raw} \text{treeList} \text{tree-is}) \implies_A$
 $(x_{13} \mapsto_a \text{tree-is}[h := x] * \text{vebt-assn-raw} \text{summary} x_{14} * \uparrow(xb = \text{vebt-mint} xaa) * \text{list-assn} \text{vebt-assn-raw}(\text{treeList}[h := xaa]) (\text{tree-is}[h := x]))$
by (smt (verit, best) Diff-iff assn-aci(9) ent-refl insertCI length-list-update listI-assn-weak-cong)

mult.right-neutral nth-list-update-neq pure-false pure-true star-false-left star-false-right tcd

```

lemma refines-case-VEBTi[refines-rule]: assumes  $ti = ti' \wedge a b. \text{refines } (f1 a b) (f1' a b)$   

 $\wedge \text{info deg treeArray summary} . \text{refines } (f2 \text{ info deg treeArray summary}) (f2' \text{ info deg treeArray summary})$   

shows  $\text{refines } (\text{case } ti \text{ of Leaf } a b \Rightarrow f1 a b |$   

 $\quad \text{Node } i \text{ info deg treeArray summary} \Rightarrow f2 \text{ info deg treeArray summary})$   

 $(\text{case } ti' \text{ of Leaf } a b \Rightarrow f1' a b |$   

 $\quad \text{Node } i \text{ info deg treeArray summary} \Rightarrow f2' \text{ info deg treeArray summary})$   

using assms apply (cases ti') apply simp-all  

done

```

14.2 High and low Bitsequences Definition

```

definition highi::nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat Heap where  

  highi  $x n == \text{return } (x \text{ div } (2^n))$ 

```

```

definition lowi::nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat Heap where  

  lowi  $x n == \text{return } (x \text{ mod } (2^n))$ 

```

```

lemma highi-h: <emp> highi  $x n <\lambda r. \uparrow(r = \text{high } x n)>$   

by (simp add: high-def highi-def return-cons-rule)

```

```

lemma highi-hT: <emp> highi  $x n <\lambda r. \uparrow(r = \text{high } x n)> T[1]$   

by (metis cons-post-rule entails-def highi-def highi-h httI order-refl time-return)

```

```

lemma lowi-h: <emp> lowi  $x n <\lambda r. \uparrow(r = \text{low } x n)>$   

by (simp add: low-def lowi-def return-cons-rule)

```

```

lemma lowi-hT: <emp> lowi  $x n <\lambda r. \uparrow(r = \text{low } x n)> T[1]$   

by (metis httI lowi-def lowi-h order-refl time-return)

```

15 Imperative Implementation of vebt – buildup

```

fun replicatei::nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a Heap  $\Rightarrow$  ('a list) Heap where  

  replicatei 0  $x = \text{return } []$   

  replicatei (Suc n)  $x = \text{do}\{ y \leftarrow x;$   

 $\quad ys \leftarrow \text{replicatei } n x;$   

 $\quad \text{return } (y \# ys) \}$ 

```

```

lemma time-replicate:  $\llbracket \bigwedge h. \text{time } x h \leq c \rrbracket \implies \text{time } (\text{replicatei } n x) h \leq (1 + (1+c)*n)$   

apply (induction n arbitrary: h)  

apply (simp add: time-simp algebra-simps)  

apply (auto simp: time-simp fails-simp algebra-simps)  

by (metis add-le-mono group-cancel.add2 nat-arith.suc1)

```

```

lemma TBOUND-replicate:  $\llbracket \text{TBOUND } x c \rrbracket \implies \text{TBOUND } (\text{replicatei } n x) (1 + (1+c)*n)$   

by (meson TBOUND-def time-replicate)

```

```

lemma refines-replicate[refines-rule]:
  refines  $f f' \implies$  refines (replicatei  $n f$ ) (replicatei  $n f'$ )
  apply (induction  $n$ )
  apply simp-all
  apply refines
  done

fun vebt-buildupi': $\text{::nat} \Rightarrow \text{VEBTi Heap where}$ 
  vebt-buildupi' 0 = return (Leafi False False)|
  vebt-buildupi' (Suc 0) = return (Leafi False False)|
  vebt-buildupi'  $n =$  (if even  $n$  then (let half =  $n \text{ div } 2$  in do{
    treeList <- replicatei ( $2^{\wedge}$ half) (vebt-buildupi' half);
    assert' (length treeList =  $2^{\wedge}$ half);
    trees <- Array-Time.of-list treeList;
    summary <- (vebt-buildupi' half);
    return (Nodei None n trees summary))})
  else (let half =  $n \text{ div } 2$  in do{
    treeList <- replicatei ( $2^{\wedge}(Suc\ half)$ ) (vebt-buildupi' half);
    assert' (length treeList =  $2^{\wedge}Suc\ half$ );
    trees <- Array-Time.of-list treeList;
    summary <- (vebt-buildupi' (Suc half));
    return (Nodei None n trees summary)}))

end

context begin
  interpretation VEBT-internal .

fun vebt-buildupi: $\text{::nat} \Rightarrow \text{VEBTi Heap where}$ 
  vebt-buildupi 0 = return (Leafi False False)|
  vebt-buildupi (Suc 0) = return (Leafi False False)|
  vebt-buildupi  $n =$  (if even  $n$  then (let half =  $n \text{ div } 2$  in do{
    treeList <- replicatei ( $2^{\wedge}$ half) (vebt-buildupi half);
    trees <- Array-Time.of-list treeList;
    summary <- (vebt-buildupi half);
    return (Nodei None n trees summary))})
  else (let half =  $n \text{ div } 2$  in do{
    treeList <- replicatei ( $2^{\wedge}(Suc\ half)$ ) (vebt-buildupi half);
    trees <- Array-Time.of-list treeList;
    summary <- (vebt-buildupi (Suc half));
    return (Nodei None n trees summary)}))

end

context VEBT-internal begin

lemma vebt-buildupi-refines: refines (vebt-buildupi  $n$ ) (vebt-buildupi'  $n$ )
  apply (induction  $n$  rule: vebt-buildupi.induct)

```

```

apply (subst vebt-buildupi.simps; subst vebt-buildupi'.simp; refines) +
done

fun T-vebt-buildupi where
| T-vebt-buildupi 0 = Suc 0
| T-vebt-buildupi (Suc 0) = Suc 0
| T-vebt-buildupi (Suc (Suc n)) = (
  if even n then
    Suc (Suc (Suc (T-vebt-buildupi (Suc (n div 2)) +
      (4 * 2 ^ (n div 2) + 2 * (T-vebt-buildupi (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ (n div 2)))))))
  else
    Suc (Suc (Suc (T-vebt-buildupi (Suc (Suc (n div 2)) +
      (8 * 2 ^ (n div 2) + 4 * (T-vebt-buildupi (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ (n div 2)))))))

lemma TBOUND-vebt-buildupi:
  defines foo ≡ T-vebt-buildupi
  shows TBOUND (vebt-buildupi' n) (foo n)
  supply [simp del] = vebt-buildupi'.simp
  supply [TBOUND] = TBOUND-replicate
  apply (induction n rule: vebt-buildupi.induct)
  apply (subst vebt-buildupi'.simp)
  apply (rule TBOUND-mono)
  apply (TBOUND-step)
  apply (rule asm-rl[of - ≤ -])
  apply defer-le
  apply (subst vebt-buildupi'.simp)
  apply (rule TBOUND-mono)
  apply (TBOUND-step)
  apply (rule asm-rl[of - ≤ -])
  apply defer-le
  apply (subst vebt-buildupi'.simp)
  apply (rule TBOUND-mono)
  apply TBOUND-step+
  apply (rule asm-rl[of - ≤ -])
  apply defer-le
  apply (all ⟨((determ ⟨thin-tac ⟨TBOUND - -⟩)+)? ⟩)
  apply (simp-all add: foo-def)
done

lemma T-vebt-buildupi: time (vebt-buildupi' n) h ≤ T-vebt-buildupi n
  using TBOUND-vebt-buildupi[THEN TBOUNDD] .

lemma repli-cons-repl: <Q> x <λ r. Q* A y r > ⇒ <Q> replicatei n x <λ r. Q*list-assn A
  (replicate n y) r >
proof(induction n arbitrary: Q)
  case (Suc n)
  then show ?case
    apply (sep-auto heap: Suc.IH(1))
    apply (smt (z3) assn-aci(10) cons-post-rule ent-refl fi-rule)

```

```

apply sep-auto
done
qed sep-auto

corollary repli-emp: <emp> x <λ r. A y r > ==> <emp> replicatei n x <λ r. list-assn A (replicate
n y) r >
  apply(rule cons-post-rule)
  apply(rule repli-cons-repl[where Q = emp])
  apply sep-auto+
done

lemma builipi'corr: <emp> vebt-buildipi' n <λ r. vebt-assn-raw (vebt-buildup n) r>
proof(induction n rule: vebt-buildup.induct)
  case (3 n)
  then show ?case
  proof(cases even (Suc (Suc n)))
    case True
    then show ?thesis
      apply( simp add: vebt-buildipi'.simp(2))
      apply(rule bind-rule)
      apply(sep-auto heap: repli-cons-repl)
      apply(rule 3.IH(1))
      apply simp+
      apply sep-auto
      apply (extract-pre-pure dest: extract-pre-list-assn-lengthD; simp)
      apply (sep-auto heap: 3.IH(1))
      done
  next
    case False
    hence 1: <xa ↦a x * list-assn vebt-assn-raw (replicate (4 * 2 ^ (n div 2)) (vebt-buildup (Suc (n
div 2)))) x>
      vebt-buildipi' (Suc (Suc (Suc n) div 2)) <λ r. xa ↦a x * list-assn vebt-assn-raw (replicate (4 *
2 ^ (n div 2)) (vebt-buildup (Suc (n div 2)))) x *
        vebt-assn-raw ( vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc (Suc n) div 2))) r> for xa x
    proof -
      show ?thesis
        by (metis (no-types) 3.IH(4) False frame-rule-left mult.right-neutral)
    qed
    hence vebt-buildipi' (Suc (Suc n)) = do{ treeList <- replicatei (2^(Suc ((Suc (Suc n)) div
2))) (vebt-buildipi' ((Suc (Suc n)) div 2));
      assert' (length treeList = (2^(Suc ((Suc (Suc n)) div 2))));
      trees <- Array-Time.of-list treeList;
      summary <- (vebt-buildipi' (Suc ((Suc (Suc n)) div 2)));
      return (Nodei None (Suc (Suc n)) trees summary)}
    using vebt-buildipi'.simp(3)[of n] Let-def False
    by auto
  moreover have <emp> do{treeList <- replicatei (2^(Suc ((Suc (Suc n)) div 2))) (vebt-buildipi'
((Suc (Suc n)) div 2));

```

```

assert' (length treeList = (2^(Suc ((Suc n) div 2))));  

trees <- Array-Time.of-list treeList;  

summary <- (vebt-buildupi' (Suc ((Suc (Suc n) div 2))));  

return (Nodei None (Suc (Suc n)) trees summary)} <vebt-assn-raw (vebt-buildup  

(Suc (Suc n)))>  

apply(rule bind-rule)  

apply(sep-auto heap: repli-cons-repl)  

apply(rule 3.IH(3))  

using False apply simp  

using False apply simp  

apply(rule assert'-bind-rule)  

apply(extract-pre-pure dest: extract-pre-list-assn-lengthD; simp)  

apply(rule bind-rule)  

apply sep-auto  

apply(rule bind-rule)  

apply (rule 11)  

apply vcg  

proof-  

fix x xa xb xc  

show xa ↪a x * list-assn vebt-assn-raw (replicate (4 * 2 ^ (n div 2)) (vebt-buildup (Suc (n  

div 2)))) x *  

vebt-assn-raw (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2))) xb * ↑ (xc = Nodei None (Suc (Suc n))  

xa xb) ⇒A vebt-assn-raw (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n))) xc  

apply(rule entailsI)  

proof-  

fix h  

assume h ⊨ xa ↪a x * list-assn vebt-assn-raw (replicate (4 * 2 ^ (n div 2)) (vebt-buildup  

(Suc (n div 2)))) x *  

vebt-assn-raw (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2))) xb * ↑ (xc = Nodei None (Suc (Suc  

n)) xa xb)  

then show h ⊨ vebt-assn-raw (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n))) xc  

using heaphelp by (smt (z3) False SLN-def SLN-right ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute  

ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.left-commute vebt-buildup.simps(3) div2-Suc-Suc even-numeral even-two-times-div-two  

numeral-Bit0-div-2 power-Suc power-commutes pure-true)  

qed  

qed  

then show ?thesis using calculation  

by presburger  

qed  

qed sep-auto+

```

lemma *htt-vebt-buildupi'*: <emp> (vebt-buildupi' n) <λ r. vebt-assn-raw (vebt-buildup n) r> T
[*T-vebt-buildupi* *n*]
apply (rule *httI-TBOUND*)
apply (rule *builupi'corr*)
apply (rule *TBOUND-vebt-buildupi*)
done

lemma *builupicorr*: <emp> vebt-buildupi n <λ r. vebt-assn-raw (vebt-buildup n) r>

using *vebt-buildupi-refines builupi'corr hoare-triple-refines* **by** *blast*

lemma *htt-vebt-buildupi*: $\langle \text{emp} \rangle (vebt\text{-}buildupi\ n) \langle \lambda r. vebt\text{-}assn\text{-}raw}\ (vebt\text{-}buildupi\ n)\ r \rangle T [T\text{-}vebt\text{-}buildupi\ n]$
apply (*rule htt-refine*)
apply (*rule htt-vebt-buildupi'*)
apply (*rule vebt-buildupi-refines*)
done

Closed bound for $T - vebt - buildupi$

Amortization

lemma *T-vebt-buildupi-gq-0*: $T\text{-}vebt\text{-}buildupi\ n > 0$
apply (*induction n rule : T-vebt-buildupi.induct*)
apply *auto*
done

fun *T-vebt-buildupi':nat* \Rightarrow *int* **where**
 $T\text{-}vebt\text{-}buildupi'\ 0 = 1$
 $| T\text{-}vebt\text{-}buildupi'\ (\text{Suc } 0) = 1$
 $| T\text{-}vebt\text{-}buildupi'\ (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)) = ($
 $\quad \text{if even } n \text{ then}$
 $\quad \quad 3 + (T\text{-}vebt\text{-}buildupi'\ (\text{Suc } (n \text{ div } 2))) +$
 $\quad \quad (4 * 2^{\lceil n \text{ div } 2 \rceil} + 2 * (T\text{-}vebt\text{-}buildupi'\ (\text{Suc } (n \text{ div } 2)) * 2^{\lceil n \text{ div } 2 \rceil}))$
 $\quad \text{else}$
 $\quad \quad 3 + (T\text{-}vebt\text{-}buildupi'\ (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } (n \text{ div } 2)))) +$
 $\quad \quad (8 * 2^{\lceil n \text{ div } 2 \rceil} + 4 * (T\text{-}vebt\text{-}buildupi'\ (\text{Suc } (n \text{ div } 2)) * 2^{\lceil n \text{ div } 2 \rceil})))$

lemma *Tbuildupi-buildupi'*: $T\text{-}vebt\text{-}buildupi\ n = T\text{-}vebt\text{-}buildupi'\ n$
by (*induction n rule: T-vebt-buildupi.induct*) *auto*

fun *Tb:nat* \Rightarrow *int* **where**
 $Tb\ 0 = 3$
 $| Tb\ (\text{Suc } 0) = 3$
 $| Tb\ (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)) = ($
 $\quad \text{if even } n \text{ then}$
 $\quad \quad 5 + Tb\ (\text{Suc } (n \text{ div } 2)) + (Tb\ (\text{Suc } (n \text{ div } 2))) * 2^{\lceil \text{Suc } (n \text{ div } 2) \rceil}$
 $\quad \text{else}$
 $\quad \quad 5 + Tb\ (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } (n \text{ div } 2))) + (Tb\ (\text{Suc } (n \text{ div } 2))) * 2^{\lceil \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } (n \text{ div } 2)) \rceil})$

lemma *Tb-T-vebt-buildupi'*: $T\text{-}vebt\text{-}buildupi'\ n \leq Tb\ n - 2$
proof (*induction n rule: T-vebt-buildupi.induct*)

case 1
then show ?*case*

apply (*subst Tb.simps*)
apply (*subst T-vebt-buildupi'.simps*)
apply *simp*
done

next
case 2

```

then show ?case
  apply(subst Tb.simps)
  apply(subst T-vebt-buildupi'.simps)
  apply simp
  done
next
  case (? n)
  then show ?case
  proof(cases even (Suc (Suc n)))
    case True
    then show ?thesis
      apply(subst Tb.simps)
      apply(subst T-vebt-buildupi'.simps)
      using True apply simp
      thm 3
  proof-
    have 0:T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) +
      (4 * 2 ^ (n div 2) + 2 * (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ (n div 2)))
    ≤ Tb (Suc (n div 2)) - 2 + 2^(Suc (n div 2))*2 +
      2^(Suc (n div 2)) * (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)))
    using 3.IH(1) True algebra-simps by simp
    moreover have 1:2^(Suc (n div 2))*2 +
      2^(Suc (n div 2)) * (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2))) =
      2^(Suc (n div 2)) * (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) + 2) by algebra
    ultimately have 2:T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) +
      (4 * 2 ^ (n div 2) + 2 * (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ (n div 2)))
    ≤ Tb (Suc (n div 2)) - 2 +
      2^(Suc (n div 2)) * (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) + 2) by linarith
    hence 3: (4 * 2 ^ (n div 2) + 2 * (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ (n div 2)))
    ≤ 2 * 2^(Suc (n div 2)) + 2^(Suc (n div 2)) * ((Tb (Suc (n div 2)) - 2))
    using 3.IH(1) True by simp
    hence 4: (4 * 2 ^ (n div 2) + 2 * (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ (n div 2)))
    ≤ 2^(Suc (n div 2)) * ((Tb (Suc (n div 2)) - 2) + 2)
    using algebra-simps by (smt (verit, del-insts) 1)
    hence 4: T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) +
      (4 * 2 ^ (n div 2) + 2 * (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ (n div 2)))
    ≤ Tb (Suc (n div 2)) - (2::int) + 2^(Suc (n div 2)) * (Tb (Suc (n div 2)))
    using 3.IH(1) True by simp
    have 5: (x::int) ≤ (y::int) - (z::int) + a ⟹ z ≥ 0 ⟹ x ≤ y + a for x y z a by simp
    have T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) +
      (4 * 2 ^ (n div 2) + 2 * (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ (n div 2)))
    ≤ Tb (Suc (n div 2)) + 2^(Suc (n div 2)) * (Tb (Suc (n div 2))) using
    5[of T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) +
      (4 * 2 ^ (n div 2) + 2 * (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ (n div 2)))
      Tb (Suc (n div 2)) - Tb (Suc (n div 2)) * (2 * 2 ^ (n div 2))] 4 by simp
    then show T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) +
      (4 * 2 ^ (n div 2) + 2 * (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ (n div 2)))
    ≤ Tb (Suc (n div 2)) + Tb (Suc (n div 2)) * (2 * 2 ^ (n div 2))
    using power-Suc [of 2 (n div 2)] mult.commute by metis

```

```

qed
next
  case False
  have 3 +
    (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (Suc (n div 2))) +
     (8 * 2 ^ (n div 2) + 4 * (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ (n div 2))))
    ≤ 5 + Tb (Suc (Suc (n div 2))) + Tb (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ Suc (Suc (n div 2)) - 2
  proof-
    have 0:3 +
      (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (Suc (n div 2))) +
       (8 * 2 ^ (n div 2) + 4 * (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ (n div 2))))
      ≤ 1 + Tb (Suc (Suc (n div 2))) + (8 * 2 ^ (n div 2) + 4 * (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ (n div 2)))
    using 3.IH(3) False by simp
    moreover have 4 * (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ (n div 2)) ≤
      4 * ((Tb (Suc (n div 2)) - 2) * 2 ^ (n div 2))
    using 3.IH(4) False algebra-simps by simp
    moreover have 8 * 2 ^ (n div 2) + 4 * ((Tb (Suc (n div 2)) - 2) * 2 ^ (n div 2)) =
      4 * (2 * 2 ^ (n div 2) + ((Tb (Suc (n div 2)) - 2) * 2 ^ (n div 2))) by simp
    moreover have 4 * (2 * 2 ^ (n div 2) + ((Tb (Suc (n div 2)) - 2) * 2 ^ (n div 2))) =
      4 * ((Tb (Suc (n div 2)) - 2) + 2) * 2 ^ (n div 2) by algebra
    moreover hence 4 * (2 * 2 ^ (n div 2) + ((Tb (Suc (n div 2)) - 2) * 2 ^ (n div 2))) =
      4 * ((Tb (Suc (n div 2)) ) * 2 ^ (n div 2)) by simp
    ultimately have 8 * 2 ^ (n div 2) + 4 * (T-vebt-buildupi' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ (n div 2)) ≤
      4 * (((Tb (Suc (n div 2))-2) + 2) * 2 ^ (n div 2)) by presburger
    then show ?thesis using 0 by force
  qed
  then show ?thesis
  apply(subst Tb.simps)
  apply(subst T-vebt-buildupi'.simps)
  using False by simp
qed qed

fun Tb'::nat ⇒ nat where
  Tb' 0 = 3
  | Tb' (Suc 0) = 3
  | Tb' (Suc (Suc n)) = (
    if even n then
      5 + Tb' (Suc (n div 2)) + (Tb' (Suc (n div 2))) * 2 ^ (Suc (n div 2))
    else
      5 + Tb' (Suc (Suc (n div 2))) + (Tb' (Suc (n div 2))) * 2 ^ (Suc (Suc (n div 2)))))

lemma Tb-Tb': Tb t = Tb' t
  by(induction t rule: Tb.induct) auto

lemma Tb-T-vebt-buildupi: T-vebt-buildupi n ≤ Tb n - 2
  using Tb-T-vebt-buildupi' Tbuildupi-buildupi' by simp

lemma Tb-T-vebt-buildupi'': T-vebt-buildupi n ≤ Tb' n - 2

```

```

using Tb-T-vebt-buildupi[of n] Tb-Tb' by simp

lemma Tb'-cnt: Tb' n ≤ 5 * cnt' (vebt-buildup n)
proof(induction n rule: vebt-buildup.induct)
  case (3 n)
  then show ?case
  proof(cases even n)
    case True
    have 0: 5 + Tb' (Suc (n div 2)) + Tb' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ Suc (n div 2)
    ≤ 5 * cnt' ( let half = Suc (Suc n) div 2
      in Node None (Suc (Suc n)) (replicate (2 ^ half) (vebt-buildup half))
      (vebt-buildup half))
    unfolding Let-def
    apply(subst cnt'.simp)
  proof-
    have 0: 5 * (1 + cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2)) +
      foldr (+)
      (map cnt' (replicate (2 ^ (Suc (Suc n) div 2)) (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2)))) 0) =
      5 * (1 + cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2)) + (2 ^ (Suc (Suc n) div 2)) * cnt'
      (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2)))
    using map-replicate[of cnt' (2 ^ (Suc (Suc n) div 2)) (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2))]
    foldr-same-int[of replicate (2 ^ (Suc (Suc n) div 2)) (cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2)))
    (cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2)))] length-replicate by simp
    have 1: Tb' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ Suc (n div 2)
    ≤ 5 * (2 ^ (Suc (Suc n) div 2) * cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2)))
    using True 3.IH(1)[of Suc (Suc n) div 2] by simp
    have 2: Tb' (Suc (n div 2)) ≤ 5 * cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2))
    using True 3.IH(1)[of Suc (Suc n) div 2] by simp
    show 5 + Tb' (Suc (n div 2)) + Tb' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ Suc (n div 2)
    ≤ 5 * (1 + cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2)) +
      foldr (+)
      (map cnt' (replicate (2 ^ (Suc (Suc n) div 2)) (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2)))) 0)
    apply(rule ord-le-eq-trans[where b = 5 * (1 + cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2)))
    + (2 ^ (Suc (Suc n) div 2)) * cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2))])
    defer
    using 0 apply simp
    using 1 2 order.trans trans-le-add1 algebra-simps
    by (smt (z3) add-le-cancel-left add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) mult-Suc-right plus-1-eq-Suc)
qed
show ?thesis
apply (subst vebt-buildup.simps)
apply(subst Tb'.simp)
using 0 True apply simp
done
next
case False
have 0: 5 + Tb' (Suc (Suc (n div 2))) + Tb' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ Suc (Suc (n div 2))
≤ 5 * cnt' ( let half = Suc (Suc n) div 2
  in Node None (Suc (Suc n)) (replicate (2 ^ Suc half) (vebt-buildup half)))

```

```

(vebt-buildup (Suc half)))
unfolding Let-def
apply(subst cnt'.simp)
proof-
have 0:5 * (1 + cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc (Suc n) div 2)))) +
foldr (+) (map cnt' (replicate (2 ^ Suc (Suc (Suc n) div 2)) (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div
2)))) 0)
= 5 * (1 + cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc (Suc n) div 2)))) + (2 ^ Suc (Suc (Suc n) div
2)) * cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2)))
using map-replicate[of cnt' (2 ^ Suc (Suc (Suc n) div 2)) (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2))]
foldr-same-int[of replicate (2 ^ Suc (Suc (Suc n) div 2)) (cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div
2))) (cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2)))] length-replicate by simp
have 1: Tb' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ ((Suc n) div 2)
≤ 5 * (2 ^ (Suc (Suc n) div 2)) * cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2))
using False 3.IH(3)[of (Suc (Suc n) div 2)] by simp
have 2: Tb' (Suc (Suc (n div 2))) ≤ 5 * cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2))
using False 3.IH(4)[of (Suc n) div 2] by simp
show 5 + Tb' (Suc (Suc (n div 2))) + Tb' (Suc (n div 2)) * 2 ^ Suc (Suc (n div 2))
≤ 5 * (1 + cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2))) +
foldr (+)
(map cnt' (replicate (2 ^ Suc (Suc (Suc n) div 2)) (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div 2)))) 0)

apply(rule ord-le-eq-trans[where b = 5 * (1 + cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc (Suc n) div 2)))) +
+ (2 ^ Suc (Suc (Suc n) div 2)) * cnt' (vebt-buildup (Suc (Suc n) div
2)))]]
defer
using 0 apply simp
using 1 2 order.trans trans-le-add1 algebra-simps
by (smt (z3) 3.IH(3) False add-le-cancel-left add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) diff-diff-cancel
diff-le-self div2-Suc-Suc even-Suc mult-Suc-right plus-1-eq-Suc)
qed
show ?thesis
apply (subst vebt-buildup.simps)
apply(subst Tb'.simp)
using 0 False apply simp
done
qed
qed (subst vebt-buildup.simps cnt'.simp Tb'.simp , simp )+

lemma T-vebt-buildupi-cnt': T-vebt-buildupi n ≤ 5 * cnt (vebt-buildup n)
apply(rule ord-le-eq-trans[where b = real (5 * cnt' (vebt-buildup n))])
defer
apply(simp add: cnt-cnt-eq)
apply(rule of-nat-mono)
apply(rule order.trans[])
apply(rule Tb-T-vebt-buildupi'')
apply(rule order.trans[where b = Tb' n])
apply simp

```

```

apply(rule Tb'-cnt)
done

lemma T-vebt-buildupi-univ:
assumes u = 2^n
shows T-vebt-buildupi n ≤ 10 * u
proof-
have cnt (vebt-buildup n) ≤ 2 * u
using count-buildup[of n] assms by simp
hence real (T-vebt-buildupi n) ≤ 5 * 2 * u
using T-vebt-buildupi-cnt'[of n] by simp
then show ?thesis by simp
qed

lemma htt-vebt-buildupi'-univ:
assumes u = 2^n
shows <emp> (vebt-buildupi' n) <λ r. vebt-assn-raw (vebt-buildup n) r > T [10 * u]
apply (rule httI-TBOUND)
apply (rule builupi'corr)
apply (rule TBOUND-mono[where t = T-vebt-buildupi n])
apply (rule TBOUND-vebt-buildupi)
using T-vebt-buildupi-univ[of u n] assms apply simp
done

```

We obtain the main theorem for *buildupi*

```

lemma htt-vebt-buildupi-univ:
assumes u = 2^n
shows <emp> (vebt-buildupi n) <λ r. vebt-assn-raw (vebt-buildup n) r > T [10 * u]
using vebt-buildupi-refines
by (metis VEBT-internal.htt-vebt-buildupi'-univ assms htt-refine)

lemma vebt-buildupi-rule: <↑ (n > 0)> vebt-buildupi n <λ r. vebt-assn-raw (vebt-buildup n) r >
T[10 * 2^n]
proof-
have vebt-buildupi'-rule: <↑ (n > 0)> vebt-buildupi' n <λ r. vebt-assn-raw (vebt-buildup n) r >
using builupicorr[of n]
apply simp
using VEBT-internal.builupi'corr by blast
have vebt-buildupi'-rule-univ: <↑ (n > 0)> vebt-buildupi' n <λ r. vebt-assn-raw (vebt-buildup n) r >
T[10 * 2^n]
apply (rule httI-TBOUND)
apply (rule vebt-buildupi'-rule)
apply (rule TBOUND-refines[where c = vebt-buildupi' n])
apply (rule TBOUND-mono[where t = T-vebt-buildupi n])
apply (rule TBOUND-vebt-buildupi)
using T-vebt-buildupi-univ[of 2^n n]
apply simp

```

```

apply(rule refines-refl)
done
show ?thesis
  using vebt-buildupi-refines htt-refine vebt-buildupi'-rule-univ by blast
qed

```

```

lemma TBOUND-buildupi: assumes n>0 shows TBOUND (vebt-buildupi n) (10 * 2 ^ n)
  using vebt-buildupi-rule[of n] unfolding htt-def TBOUND-def
  apply auto
  subgoal for h
    using time-return[of Leafi False False h] by simp
  subgoal for h
    using time-return[of Leafi False False h] by simp
  done

```

16 Minimum and Maximum Determination

end

```

context begin
  interpretation VEBT-internal .

```

```

fun vebt-minti::VEBTi ⇒ nat option Heap where
  vebt-minti (Leafi a b) = (if a then return (Some 0) else if b then return (Some 1) else return None)|
  vebt-minti (Nodei None ---) = return None|
  vebt-minti (Nodei (Some (mi,ma)) ---) = return (Some mi)

```

```

fun vebt-maxti::VEBTi ⇒ nat option Heap where
  vebt-maxti (Leafi a b) = (if b then return (Some 1) else if a then return (Some 0) else return None)|
  vebt-maxti (Nodei None ---) = return None|
  vebt-maxti (Nodei (Some (mi,ma)) ---) = return (Some ma)

```

end

```

context VEBT-internal begin

```

```

lemma vebt-minti-h:<vebt-assn-raw t ti> vebt-minti ti <λr. vebt-assn-raw t ti * ↑(r = vebt-mint t)>
  by (cases t rule: vebt-mint.cases; cases ti rule: vebt-minti.cases) (sep-auto+)

```

```

lemma vebt-maxti-h:<vebt-assn-raw t ti> vebt-maxti ti <λr. vebt-assn-raw t ti * ↑(r = vebt-maxt t)>
  by (cases t rule: vebt-mint.cases; cases ti rule: vebt-minti.cases) (sep-auto+)

```

```

lemma TBOUND-vebt-maxti[TBOUND]: TBOUND (vebt-maxti t) 1
  apply (induction t rule: vebt-maxti.induct)
  apply (subst vebt-maxti.simps| TBOUND-step)+
  done

```

```

lemma TBOUND-vebt-minti[TBOUND]: TBOUND (vebt-minti t) 1
  apply (induction t rule: vebt-minti.induct)
    apply (subst vebt-minti.simps| TBOUND-step)+
  done

lemma vebt-minti-h T:<vebt-assn-raw t ti> vebt-minti ti < $\lambda r.$  vebt-assn-raw t ti *  $\uparrow(r = vebt-minti)$ > T[1]
  using TBOUND-vebt-minti httI-TBOUND vebt-minti-h by blast

lemma vebt-maxti-h T:<vebt-assn-raw t ti> vebt-maxti ti < $\lambda r.$  vebt-assn-raw t ti *  $\uparrow(r = vebt-maxti)$ > T[1]
  using TBOUND-vebt-maxti httI-TBOUND vebt-maxti-h by blast

lemma vebt-maxtilist:i < length ts ==>
<list-assn vebt-assn-raw ts tsi> vebt-maxti (tsi ! i)
  <  $\lambda r.$   $\uparrow(r = vebt-maxti(ts ! i)) * list-assn vebt-assn-raw ts tsi$ >
  apply(unwrap-idx i)
  apply (sep-auto heap: vebt-maxti-h)
  apply(wrap-idx R: listI-assn-reinsert-upd)
  apply sep-auto
  done

lemma vebt-mintilist:i < length ts ==>
<list-assn vebt-assn-raw ts tsi> vebt-minti (tsi ! i)
  <  $\lambda r.$   $\uparrow(r = vebt-minti(ts ! i)) * list-assn vebt-assn-raw ts tsi$ >
  apply(unwrap-idx i)
  apply (sep-auto heap: vebt-minti-h)
  apply(wrap-idx R: listI-assn-reinsert-upd)
  apply sep-auto
  done

```

17 Membership Test on imperative van Emde Boas Trees

end

```

context begin
interpretation VEBT-internal .

```

```

partial-function (heap-time) vebt-memberi:: VEBTi  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  bool Heap where
  vebt-memberi t x =
  (case t of
    (Leafi a b)  $\Rightarrow$  return (if x = 0 then a else if x=1 then b else False) |
    (Nodei info deg treeList summary)  $\Rightarrow$  (
      case info of None  $\Rightarrow$  return False |
      (Some (mi, ma))  $\Rightarrow$  ( if deg  $\leq$  1 then return False else (
        if x = mi then return True else
        if x = ma then return True else
        if x < mi then return False else

```

```

if  $x > ma$  then return False else
(do {
     $h \leftarrow \text{highi } x (\deg \text{ div } 2);$ 
     $l \leftarrow \text{lowi } x (\deg \text{ div } 2);$ 
     $\text{len} \leftarrow \text{Array-Time.len treeList};$ 
    if  $h < \text{len}$  then do {
         $th \leftarrow \text{Array-Time.nth treeList } h;$ 
         $\text{vbt-memberi } th l$ 
    } else return False
})))))

end

context VEBT-internal begin

partial-function (heap-time)  $\text{vbt-memberi}'::\text{VEBT} \Rightarrow \text{VEBTi} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{bool Heap where}$ 
 $\text{vbt-memberi}' t ti x =$ 
(case  $ti$  of
  ( $\text{Leafi } a b$ )  $\Rightarrow$  return (if  $x = 0$  then  $a$  else if  $x = 1$  then  $b$  else False) |
  ( $\text{Nodei info deg treeArray summary}$ )  $\Rightarrow$  ( do {assert' (is-Node  $t$ );
  case  $info$  of None  $\Rightarrow$  return False |
  (Some ( $mi, ma$ ))  $\Rightarrow$  ( if  $\deg \leq 1$  then return False else (
    if  $x = mi$  then return True else
    if  $x = ma$  then return True else
    if  $x < mi$  then return False else
    if  $x > ma$  then return False else
    (do {
      let ( $info', deg', treeList, summary'$ ) =
        (case  $t$  of ( $\text{Node info' deg' treeList summary'}$ )  $\Rightarrow$ 
        ( $info', deg', treeList, summary'$ ));
      assert'( $info = info' \wedge deg = deg'$ );
       $h \leftarrow \text{highi } x (\deg \text{ div } 2);$ 
       $l \leftarrow \text{lowi } x (\deg \text{ div } 2);$ 
      assert'( $l = \text{low } x (\deg \text{ div } 2) \wedge h = \text{high } x (\deg \text{ div } 2)$ );
       $\text{len} \leftarrow \text{Array-Time.len treeArray};$ 
      assert'( $\text{len} = \text{length treeList}$ );
      if  $h < \text{len}$  then do {
        assert'( $h = \text{high } x (\deg \text{ div } 2) \wedge h < \text{length treeList}$ );
         $th \leftarrow \text{Array-Time.nth treeArray } h;$ 
         $\text{vbt-memberi}' (\text{treeList} ! h) th l \}$ 
      } else return False
    })))))

lemma  $\text{highsimp}: \text{return } (\text{high } x n) = \text{highi } x n$ 
by (simp add: high-def highi-def)

lemma  $\text{lowsimp}: \text{return } (\text{low } x n) = \text{lowi } x n$ 
by (simp add: low-def lowi-def)

```

```

lemma TBOUND-highi[TBOUND]: TBOUND (highi x n) 1
  unfolding highi-def
  apply TBOUND-step
  done

```

```

lemma TBOUND-lowi[TBOUND]: TBOUND (lowi x n) 1
  unfolding lowi-def
  apply TBOUND-step
  done

```

Correctness of *vbt-memberi*

```

lemma vbt-memberi'-rf-abstr: <vbt-assn-raw t ti> vbt-memberi' t ti x < $\lambda r.$  vbt-assn-raw t ti *  

 $\uparrow(r = vbt\text{-member } t x)$ >
proof(induction t x arbitrary: ti rule: vbt-member.induct)
  case (1 a b x)
    then show ?case apply (subst vbt-memberi'.simp) by(cases ti; sep-auto)
  next
    case (2 uu uv uw x)
      then show ?case apply (subst vbt-memberi'.simp) by(cases ti; sep-auto)
  next
    case (3 v uy uz x)
      then show ?case apply (subst vbt-memberi'.simp) by(cases ti; sep-auto)
  next
    case (4 v vb vc x)
      then show ?case apply (subst vbt-memberi'.simp) by(cases ti; sep-auto)
  next
    case (5 mi ma va treeList summary x)
    note IH[sep-heap-rules] = 5.IH
    show ?case
      apply (subst vbt-memberi'.simp) unfolding highi-def lowi-def
      apply (cases ti; sep-auto)
      apply(simp add: low-def)
      apply(simp add: high-def)
      apply sep-auto
      apply (extract-pre-pure dest: extract-pre-list-assn-lengthD)
      apply(simp add: high-def)
      apply sep-auto
      apply (extract-pre-pure dest: extract-pre-list-assn-lengthD)
    subgoal
      apply (extract-pre-pure dest: extract-pre-list-assn-lengthD)
      apply (rewrite in < $\square$ >-< $\rightarrow$ > list-assn-conv-idx)
      apply (rewrite in < $\square$ >-< $\rightarrow$ > listI-assn-extract[where i=(x div (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2)))])
      apply simp
      apply simp
      apply (sep-auto simp: high-def low-def)
      apply (rule listI-assn-reinsert)
      apply frame-inference
      apply simp

```

```

apply simp
apply (rewrite in  $\square \Rightarrow_A - list-assn-conv-idx[symmetric]$ )
apply sep-auto
done
apply (extract-pre-pure dest: extract-pre-list-assn-lengthD)
apply (sep-auto simp: high-def)
done
qed

lemma TBOUND-vebt-memberi:
defines foo-def:  $\lambda t x. \text{foo } t x \equiv 4 * (1 + \text{height } t)$ 
shows TBOUND (vebt-memberi' t ti x) (foo t x)
apply (induction arbitrary: t ti x rule: vebt-memberi'.fixp-induct)
apply (rule TBOUND-fi'-adm)
apply (rule TBOUND-empty)
subgoal for f t ti x
  apply(rule TBOUND-mono)
  apply ( TBOUND-step) +
  unfolding foo-def
  apply (auto split: VEBTi.splits option.splits VEBT.splits)
  apply (meson List.finite-set Max-ge finite-imageI imageI le-max-iff-disj nth-mem)
done
done

lemma vebt-memberi-refines: refines (vebt-memberi ti x) (vebt-memberi' t ti x)
apply (induction arbitrary: t ti x rule: vebt-memberi'.fixp-induct)
subgoal using refines-adm[where t =  $\lambda \text{arg}. \text{vebt-memberi} (\text{snd} (\text{fst arg})) (\text{snd arg})$ ]
  by simp
subgoal by simp
subgoal for f t ti x
  apply(subst vebt-memberi.simps)
  apply refines
done
done

lemma htt-vebt-memberi:
<vebt-assn-raw t ti>vebt-memberi ti x < $\lambda r. \text{vebt-assn-raw } t ti * \uparrow(r = \text{vebt-member } t x)$ >T[ 5 +
5 * height t]
apply (rule htt-refine[where c = vebt-memberi' t ti x])
prefer 2
apply(rule vebt-memberi-refines)
apply (rule httI-TBOUND)
apply(rule vebt-memberi'-rf-abstr)
apply(rule TBOUND-mono)
apply(rule TBOUND-vebt-memberi)
apply simp
done

lemma htt-vebt-memberi-invar-vebt: assumes invar-vebt t n shows

```

$\langle vebt\text{-}assn\text{-}raw } t \ ti \rangle \ vebt\text{-}memberi \ ti \ x \ <\lambda r. \ vebt\text{-}assn\text{-}raw } t \ ti * \ \uparrow(r = vebt\text{-}member } t \ x) \rangle T[5 + 5 * (\text{nat } \lceil lb \ n \rceil)]$
by (metis assms heigt-uplog-rel htt-vebt-memberi nat-int)

17.1 $minNulli$: empty tree?

```

fun minNulli::VEBTi  $\Rightarrow$  bool Heap where
  minNulli (Leafi False False) = return True|
  minNulli (Leafi - - ) = return False|
  minNulli (Nodei None - - -) = return True|
  minNulli (Nodei (Some -) - - -) = return False

lemma minNulli-rule[sep-heap-rules]:  $\langle vebt\text{-}assn\text{-}raw } t \ ti \rangle \ minNulli \ ti \ <\lambda r. \ vebt\text{-}assn\text{-}raw } t \ ti * \ \uparrow(r = minNull \ t) \rangle$ 
  by (cases t rule: minNull.cases; cases ti rule: minNulli.cases) (sep-auto+)

lemma TBOUND-minNulli[TBOUND]: TBOUND (minNulli t) 1
  apply (induction t rule: minNulli.induct)
  apply (subst minNulli.simps | TBOUND-step)+
  done

lemma minNrulli-ruleT:
   $\langle vebt\text{-}assn\text{-}raw } t \ ti \rangle \ minNulli \ ti \ <\lambda r. \ vebt\text{-}assn\text{-}raw } t \ ti * \ \uparrow(r = minNull \ t) \rangle T[1]$ 
  by (metis TBOUND-minNulli hoare-triple-def httI-TBOUND minNulli-rule)

```

18 Imperative $vebt\text{-}insert$ to van Emde Boas Tree

end

context begin
interpretation VEBT-internal .

```

partial-function (heap-time) vebt-inserti::VEBTi  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  VEBTi Heap where
  vebt-inserti t x = (case t of
    (Leafi a b)  $\Rightarrow$  (if x=0 then return (Leafi True b) else if x=1
      then return (Leafi a True) else return (Leafi a b)) |
    (Nodei info deg treeArray summary)  $\Rightarrow$  ( case info of None  $\Rightarrow$ 
      if deg  $\leq$  1 then
        return (Nodei info deg treeArray summary)
      else
        return (Nodei (Some (x,x)) deg treeArray
summary))|
    (Some minma)  $\Rightarrow$ 
      ( if deg  $\leq$  1
      then return (Nodei info deg treeArray summary)
      else ( do{
        mi <- return (fst minma);
        ma <- return (snd minma);
```

```

xn <- (if  $x < mi$  then return  $mi$  else return  $x$ );
minn <- (if  $x < mi$  then return  $x$  else return  $mi$ );
l <- lowi  $xn$  ( $\deg$  div 2);
h <- highi  $xn$  ( $\deg$  div 2);
len  $\leftarrow$  Array-Time.len treeArray;
if  $h < len \wedge \neg (x = mi \vee x = ma)$  then do {
    node <- Array-Time.nth treeArray h;
    empt <- minNulli node;
    newnode <- vebt-inserti node l;
    newarray <- Array-Time.upd h newnode treeArray;
    newsummary <- (if empt then
                    vebt-inserti summary h
                    else return summary);
    man <- (if  $xn > ma$  then return  $xn$  else return  $ma$ );
    return (Nodei (Some (minn, man)) deg newarray
newsummary)}
else return (Nodei (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeArray
summary)
})))
end

context VEBT-internal begin

partial-function (heap-time) vebt-inserti':: VEBT  $\Rightarrow$  VEBTi  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  VEBTi Heap where
vebt-inserti' t ti x = (case ti of
    (Leafi a b)  $\Rightarrow$  (if  $x=0$  then return (Leafi True b) else if  $x=1$ 
                           then return (Leafi a True) else return (Leafi a b)) |
    (Nodei info deg treeArray summary)  $\Rightarrow$  ( case info of None  $\Rightarrow$ 
        if  $\deg \leq 1$  then
            return (Nodei info deg treeArray summary)
        else
            return (Nodei (Some (x,x)) deg treeArray
summary) |
        (Some minma)  $\Rightarrow$ 
            ( if  $\deg \leq 1$ 
            then return (Nodei info deg treeArray summary)
            else (
                do{
                    assert' (is-Node t);
                    let (info',deg',treeList,summary') =
                    (case t of (Node info' deg' treeList summary')  $\Rightarrow$ 
                    (info', deg', treeList, summary'));
                    assert'(info= info'  $\wedge$  deg = deg');
                    let (mi', ma') = (the info');
                    mi <- return (fst minma);
                    ma <- return (snd minma);
                    xn <- (if  $x < mi$  then return  $mi$  else return  $x$ );
                    let xn' = (if  $x < mi'$  then  $mi'$  else  $x$ );
                    treeList <- vebt-inserti treeList l xn';
                    summary' <- (if  $\deg \leq 1$  then
                                vebt-inserti summary' h
                                else return summary');
                    return (Nodei (Some (minma, summary')) deg treeList
summary'))));
            end;
        end;
    end;
end;

```

```

minn <- (if  $x < mi$  then return  $x$  else return  $mi$ );
let minn' = (if  $x < mi'$  then  $x$  else  $mi'$ );
l <- lowi  $xn$  ( $\deg$  div 2);
assert' ( $l = \text{low } xn' (\deg' \text{ div } 2)$ );
h <- highi  $xn$  ( $\deg$  div 2);
len  $\leftarrow$  Array-Time.len treeArray;
if  $h < len \wedge \neg (x = mi \vee x = ma)$  then do {
    assert' ( $h = \text{high } xn' (\deg' \text{ div } 2)$ );
    assert' ( $h < \text{length } treeList$ );
    node <- Array-Time.nth treeArray h;
    empt <- minNulli node;
    assert' ( $empt = \text{minNull} (treeList ! h)$ );
    newnode <- vebt-inserti' (treeList ! h) node l;
    newarray <- Array-Time.upd h newnode treeArray;
    newsummary <- (if empt then
        vebt-inserti' summary' summary h
        else return summary);
    man <- (if  $xn > ma$  then return  $xn$  else return  $ma$ );
    return (Nodei (Some (minn, man)) deg newarray
newsummary));
else return (Nodei (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeArray
summary)
}))))

lemmas listI-assn-wrap-insert = listI-assn-reinsert-upd'[
  where x=VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert - - and A=vebt-assn-raw ]

lemma vebt-inserti'-rf-abstr: <vebt-assn-raw t ti> vebt-inserti' t ti x < $\lambda r.$  vebt-assn-raw ( vebt-insert t x) r >
proof(induction t x arbitrary: ti rule: vebt-insert.induct)
  case (1 a b x)
  then show ?case by (subst vebt-inserti'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
next
  case (2 info ts s x)
  then show ?case by (subst vebt-inserti'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
next
  case (3 info ts s x)
  then show ?case by (subst vebt-inserti'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
next
  case (4 v treeList summary x)
  then show ?case by (subst vebt-inserti'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
next
  case (5 mi ma va treeList summary x)
  note IH1 = 5.IH(1)[OF refl refl - -]
  note IH2 = 5.IH(2)[OF refl refl refl]
  show ?case
    apply (cases ti)
    subgoal
      supply [split del] = if-split

```

```

apply (subst vebt-inserti'.simp; clarsimp split del: )
apply (assn-simp; intro normalize-rules)
apply (extract-pre-pure dest: extract-pre-list-assn-lengthD)
apply (simp only: fold-if-return distrib-if-bind heap-monad-laws)
apply (clarsimp simp: lowi-def highi-def)
apply (sep-auto simp: lowi-def highi-def)
apply (simp add: low-def)
apply (metis fst-conv)
apply(rule bind-rule)
apply sep-auto
apply (simp cong: if-cong)
apply sep-auto
apply (simp add: high-def)
apply (unwrap-idx ((if x < mi then mi else x) div (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2))))
apply (sep-auto simp: low-def high-def)
apply (heap-rule IH1)
subgoal
  by (simp add: low-def high-def split: if-splits)
subgoal
  by (simp add: low-def high-def split: if-splits)
subgoal
  by (simp add: low-def high-def split: if-splits)
apply (sep-auto simp: low-def high-def)
apply (heap-rule IH2)
subgoal
  by (simp add: low-def high-def split: if-splits)
subgoal
  by (simp add: low-def high-def)
subgoal
  by (simp add: low-def high-def split: if-splits)
apply (wrap-idx R: listI-assn-wrap-insert)
apply (sep-auto simp: low-def high-def Let-def)
apply (wrap-idx R: listI-assn-wrap-insert)
apply (sep-auto simp: low-def high-def Let-def)+
done
subgoal
  by simp
done
qed

lemma TBOUND-minNull: minNull t ==> TBOUND (vebt-inserti' t ti x ) 1
  apply(subst vebt-inserti'.simp)
  apply(cases t rule: minNull.cases; simp)
  apply TBOUND+
  apply (auto split: VEBTi.splits option.splits)
done

lemma TBOUND-vebt-inserti:
  defines foo-def: & t x. foo t x ≡ if minNull t then 1 else 13 * (1+height t)

```

```

shows TBOUND (vebt-inserti' t ti x) (foo t x)
proof-
  have fooNull:minNull t ==> foo t x = 1 for t x using foo-def by simp
  have fooElse: foo t x ≤ 13 * (1 + height t) for t using foo-def by simp
  show ?thesis
    apply (induction arbitrary: t ti x rule: vebt-inserti'.fixp-induct)
    apply (rule TBOUND-fi'-adm)
    apply (rule TBOUND-empty)
    apply (rule TBOUND-mono)
    apply TBOUND-step+
      apply (simp split!: VEBTi.splits VEBT.split option.splits prod.splits if-split)
      apply(simp-all add: foo-def height-i-max)
    done
qed

lemma vebt-inserti-refines: refines (vebt-inserti ti x) (vebt-inserti' t ti x)
  apply (induction arbitrary: t ti x rule: vebt-inserti'.fixp-induct)
  subgoal using refines-adm[where t = λ arg. vebt-inserti (snd (fst arg)) (snd arg)]
    by simp
  subgoal
    by simp
    apply(subst vebt-inserti.simps)
    apply refines
    done

lemma htt-vebt-inserti:
  <vebt-assn-raw t ti> vebt-inserti ti x <λ r. vebt-assn-raw (vebt-insert t x) r>T[ 13 + 13 * height t]
  apply (rule htt-refine[where c = vebt-inserti' t ti x])
  prefer 2
  apply(rule vebt-inserti-refines)
  apply (rule httI-TBOUND)
  apply(rule vebt-inserti'-rf-abstr)
  apply(rule TBOUND-mono)
  apply(rule TBOUND-vebt-inserti)
  apply simp
done

lemma htt-vebt-inserti-invar-vebt: assumes invar-vebt t n shows
  <vebt-assn-raw t ti> vebt-inserti ti x <λ r. vebt-assn-raw (vebt-insert t x) r>T[13 + 13 * (nat ⌈ lb n ⌉)]
  by (metis assms height-uplog-rel htt-vebt-inserti nat-int)

end
end

theory VEBT-SuccPredImperative
  imports VEBT-BuildupMemImp VEBT-Succ VEBT-Pred
begin

```

```

context begin
interpretation VEBT-internal .

```

19 Imperative Successor

```

partial-function (heap-time) vebt-succi::VEBTi  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  (nat option) Heap where
  vebt-succi t x = (case t of (Leafi a b)  $\Rightarrow$  (if x = 0 then (if b then return (Some 1) else return None)
    else return None)|
    (Nodei info deg treeArray summary)  $\Rightarrow$  (
      case info of None  $\Rightarrow$  return None |
      (Some mima)  $\Rightarrow$  ( if deg  $\leq$  1 then return None else
        (if x < fst mima then return (Some (fst mima)) else
          if x  $\geq$  snd mima then return None else
            do {
              l  $\leftarrow$  lowi x (deg div 2);
              h  $\leftarrow$  highi x (deg div 2);
              aktnode  $\leftarrow$  Array-Time.nth treeArray h;
              maxlow  $\leftarrow$  vebt-maxti aktnode;
              if (maxlow  $\neq$  None  $\wedge$  (Some l <o maxlow))
                then do {
                  succy  $\leftarrow$  vebt-succi aktnode l;
                  return ( Some (2 $\wedge$ (deg div 2)) *o Some h +o succy)
                }
              else do {
                succsum  $\leftarrow$  vebt-succi summary h;
                if succsum = None then
                  return None
                else
                  do{
                    nextnode  $\leftarrow$  Array-Time.nth treeArray (the succsum);
                    minnext  $\leftarrow$  vebt-minti nextnode;
                    return (Some (2 $\wedge$ (deg div 2)) *o succsum +o minnext)
                  }
              }
            }
        )
    )
  )

```

end

```

context VEBT-internal begin

```

```

partial-function (heap-time) vebt-succi':VEBT  $\Rightarrow$  VEBTi  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  (nat option) Heap where
  vebt-succi' t ti x = (case ti of (Leafi a b)  $\Rightarrow$  (if x = 0 then (if b then return (Some 1) else return None)
    else return None)|
    (Nodei info deg treeArray summary)  $\Rightarrow$  do { assert'('is-Node t);
    let (info',deg',treeList,summary') =

```

```

(case t of Node info' deg' treeList summary' ⇒ (info',deg',treeList,summary'));
  assert'(info'=info ∧ deg'=deg ∧ is-Node t);
  case info of None ⇒ return None |
  (Some mima) ⇒ (if deg ≤ 1 then return None else
    (if x < fst mima then return (Some (fst mima)) else
      if x ≥ snd mima then return None else
        do {
          l <- lowi x (deg div 2);
          h <- highi x (deg div 2);

          assert'(l = low x (deg div 2));
          assert'(h = high x (deg div 2));
          assert'(h < length treeList);

          aktnode <- Array-Time.nth treeArray h;
          let aktnode' = treeList!h;

          maxlow <- vebt-maxti aktnode;
          assert' (maxlow = vebt-maxt aktnode');
          if (maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some l <o maxlow))
            then do {
              succy <- vebt-succi' aktnode' aktnode l;
              return ( Some (2^(deg div 2)) *o Some h +o succy)
            }
          else do {
            succsum <- vebt-succi' summary' summary h;
            assert'(succsum = None ↔ vebt-succ summary' h = None);
            if succsum = None then do{
              return None}
            else
              do{
                nextnode <- Array-Time.nth treeArray (the succsum);
                minnext <- vebt-minti nextnode;
                return (Some (2^(deg div 2)) *o succsum +o minnext)
              }
            }
          }
        }
      )
    )
  )
}

```

```

theorem vebt-succi'-rf-abstr:invar-vebt t n ==> <vebt-assn-raw t ti> vebt-succi' t ti x < $\lambda r.$  vebt-assn-raw t ti *  $\uparrow(r = \text{vebt-succ } t x)$ >
proof(induction t x arbitrary: ti n rule: vebt-succ.induct)
  case (1 uu b)
  then show ?case by(subst vebt-succi'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
next
  case (2 uv uw n)
  then show ?case by(subst vebt-succi'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
next

```

```

case ( $\beta$  ux uy uz va)
then show ?case by(subst vebt-succi'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
next
  case ( $\lambda$  v vc vd ve)
    then show ?case by(subst vebt-succi'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
next
  case ( $\lambda$  v vg vh vi)
    then show ?case by(subst vebt-succi'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
next
  case ( $\lambda$  mi ma va treeList summary x)
  have setprop:  $t \in set$  treeList  $\implies$  invar-vebt t ( $n \text{ div } 2$ ) for t using 6(3)
    by (cases) simp+
  have listlength: length treeList =  $2^{\lceil n - n \text{ div } 2 \rceil}$  using 6(3)
    by (cases) simp+
  have sumprop: invar-vebt summary ( $n - n \text{ div } 2$ ) using 6(3)
    by (cases) simp+
  have xprop [simp]:  $\neg ma \leq x \implies \text{high } x (\text{Suc } (va \text{ div } 2)) < \text{length } \text{treeList}$ 
    by (smt (z3) 6.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend high-bound-aux listlength mi-ma-2-deg
not-le-imp-less order.strict-trans ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.add-diff-inverse)
    hence xprop' [simp]:  $\neg ma \leq x \implies x \text{ div } (2 * 2^{\lceil va \text{ div } 2 \rceil}) < \text{length } \text{treeList}$  unfolding high-def
  by simp
  show ?case
    apply (cases ti)
    prefer 2
    subgoal
      apply simp
    done
    subgoal for x11 x12 x13 x14
      supply [split del] = if-split
      apply (subst vebt-succi'.simp; clarsimp split del: )
      apply (assn-simp; intro normalize-rules)
      apply simp
      apply (auto split: if-split)
      subgoal
        apply sep-auto
      done
      apply sep-auto
      using 6.prems geqmaxNone
      apply fastforce
      apply sep-auto
      apply (extract-pre-pure dest: extract-pre-list-assn-lengthD)
      apply (sep-auto simp: lowi-def low-def heap: highi-h)
      apply (sep-auto heap: vebt-maxtilist)
      apply sep-auto
      apply (simp add: high-def low-def)
      apply (rewrite in <-->-<-> list-assn-conv-idx)
      apply (rewrite in <-->-<-> listI-assn-extract[where i=(x div (2 * 2^{\lceil va \text{ div } 2 \rceil}))])
      apply (smt (z3) 6.prems atLeastLessThan-iff deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend dual-order.strict-trans2
high-bound-aux high-def le0 le-add-diff-inverse listlength mi-ma-2-deg nat-le-linear power-Suc)

```

```

apply (smt (z3) 6.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend dual-order.strict-trans2 high-bound-aux
high-def le-add-diff-inverse listlength mi-ma-2-deg nat-le-linear power-Suc)
  apply(sep-auto heap: 6.IH(1))
  apply(simp add: low-def)
  apply(simp add: high-def)
  apply simp+
  apply(rule setprop)
    apply simp
  subgoal for tree-is x
    apply sep-auto
    apply (smt (z3) 6.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend dual-order.strict-trans2 high-bound-aux
high-def le-add-diff-inverse less-shift listlength low-def mi-ma-2-deg nat-le-linear option.distinct(1) power-Suc)
      apply(rule ent-trans[where Q= vebt-assn-raw summary x14 * (x13 ↳a tree-is )*
(list-assn vebt-assn-raw treeList tree-is)])]
    apply (smt (z3) assn-aci(10) atLeastLessThan-iff entails-def leI less-nat-zero-code listI-assn-extract
list-assn-conv-idx star-aci(2) xprop')
      apply(rule ent-refl)
    done
    apply simp
    apply sep-auto
    apply(sep-auto heap: 6.IH(2))
    apply (simp add: high-def low-def)+
    apply (rule sumprop)
    apply(sep-auto heap: 6.IH(2))
    apply (simp add: high-def low-def)+
    apply (rule sumprop)
    apply sep-auto+
    apply(simp add: high-def low-def)+
    using helpyd listlength sumprop
    apply presburger+
    apply (sep-auto heap: vebt-mintilist)
    using helpyd listlength sumprop
    apply presburger
    using helpyd listlength sumprop
    apply presburger+
    apply sep-auto
    done
  done
qed

```

```

lemma TBOUND-vebt-succi:
  defines foo-def: ⋀ t x. foo t x ≡ 7 * (1 + height t)
  shows TBOUND (vebt-succi' t ti x) (foo t x)
  apply (induction arbitrary: t ti x rule: vebt-succi'.fixp-induct)
  apply (rule TBOUND-fi'-adm)
  apply (rule TBOUND-empty)
  apply TBOUND
  apply(simp add: Let-def split!: VEBTi.splits VEBT.splits prod.splits option.splits if-splits)
  apply(simp-all add: foo-def max-idx-list)

```

```

done

lemma vbt-succi-refines: refines (vbt-succi ti x) (vbt-succi' ti x)
  apply (induction arbitrary: t ti x rule: vbt-succi'.fixp-induct)
  subgoal using refines-adm[where t =  $\lambda$  arg. vbt-succi (snd (fst arg)) (snd arg)]
    by simp
  subgoal by simp
  subgoal for f t ti x
    apply(subst vbt-succi.simps)
    apply refines
    done
    done

lemma htt-vbt-succi: assumes invar-vbt t n
  shows <vbt-assn-raw t ti> vbt-succi ti x < $\lambda$  r. vbt-assn-raw t ti *  $\uparrow(r = \text{vbt-succ } t x)$ >  $T[7 + 7*(\text{nat} \lceil \text{lb } n \rceil)]$ 
  apply (rule htt-refine[where c = vbt-succi' t ti x])
  prefer 2
  apply(rule vbt-succi-refines)
  apply (rule htI-TBOUND)
  apply(rule vbt-succi'-rf-abstr)
  apply(rule assms)
  apply(rule TBOUND-mono)
  apply(rule TBOUND-vbt-succi)
  apply simp
  apply(rule Nat.eq-imp-le)
  apply (metis assms nat-int height-uplog-rel)
  done

end

context begin
interpretation VEBT-internal .

```

partial-function (*heap-time*) vbt-predi::VEBT*i* \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow (nat option) Heap **where**

vbt-predi t x = (case *t* of (Leaf *a b*) \Rightarrow (if *x* \geq 2 then (if *b* then return (Some 1) else if *a* then return (Some 0) else return None)

else if *x* = 1 then (if *a* then return (Some 0) else return None) else return None)|

(Node*i info deg treeArray summary*) \Rightarrow (

case *info* of None \Rightarrow return None |

(Some *mima*) \Rightarrow (if *deg* \leq 1 then return None else

(if *x* $>$ snd *mima* then return (Some (snd *mima*)) else

do {

l \leftarrow low*i x (deg div 2)*;

h \leftarrow high*i x (deg div 2)*;

aktnode \leftarrow Array-Time.nth treeArray *h*;

minlow \leftarrow vbt-minti aktnode;

```

        if (minlow ≠ None ∧ (Some l >o minlow))
        then do {
            predy <- vebt-predi aktnode l;
            return ( Some (2⌈(deg div 2)⌉) *o Some h +o predy)
        }
        else do {
            predsum <- vebt-predi summary h;
            if predsum = None then
                if x > fst mima then
                    return (Some (fst mima))
                else
                    return None
            else
                do{
                    nextnode <- Array-Time.nth treeArray (the predsum);
                    maxnext <- vebt-maxti nextnode;
                    return (Some (2⌈(deg div 2)⌉) *o predsum +o maxnext)
                }
            }
        })))
    end
context VEBT-internal begin

```

20 Imperative Predecessor

```

partial-function (heap-time) vebt-predi':::VEBT ⇒ VEBTi ⇒ nat ⇒ (nat option) Heap where
    vebt-predi' t ti x = (case ti of (Leafi a b) ⇒ (if x ≥ 2 then (if b then return (Some 1) else if a then
        return (Some 0) else return None)
        else if x = 1 then (if a then return (Some 0) else return None) else
        return None)|
        (Nodei info deg treeArray summary) ⇒ ( do { assert'('is-Node t);
        let (info',deg',treeList,summary') =
        (case t of Node info' deg' treeList summary' ⇒ (info',deg',treeList,summary'));
        assert'(info'=info ∧ deg'=deg ∧ is-Node t);
        case info of None ⇒ return None |
        (Some mima) ⇒ ( if deg ≤ 1 then return None else
            (if x > snd mima then return (Some (snd mima)) else
            do {
                l <- lowi x (deg div 2);
                h <- highi x (deg div 2);

                assert'(l = low x (deg div 2));
                assert'(h = high x (deg div 2));
                assert'(h < length treeList);

                aktnode <- Array-Time.nth treeArray h;
                let aktnode' = treeList!h;
                minlow <- vebt-minti aktnode;

```

```

theorem vebt-pred'-rf-abstr:invar-vebt t n ==> <vebt-assn-raw t ti> vebt-predi' t ti x <λr. vebt-assn-raw
t ti * ↑(r = vebt-pred t x)>
proof(induction t x arbitrary: ti n rule: vebt-pred.induct)
  case (1 uu uv)
    then show ?case by(subst vebt-predi'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
next
  case (2 a uw)
    then show ?case by(subst vebt-predi'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
next
  case (3 a b va)
    then show ?case by(subst vebt-predi'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
next
  case (4 uy uz va vb)
    then show ?case by(subst vebt-predi'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
next
  case (5 v vd ve vf)
    then show ?case by(subst vebt-predi'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
next
  case (6 v vh vi vj)
    then show ?case by(subst vebt-predi'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
next
  case (7 mi ma va treeList summary x)
    have setprop: t ∈ set treeList ==> invar-vebt t (n div 2 ) for t using 7(3)
      by (cases) simp+
    have listlength: length treeList = 2^(n - n div 2) using 7(3)

```

```

by (cases) simp+
have sumprop: invar-vebt summary (n - n div 2) using 7(3)
  by (cases) simp+
have mimapr: ma ≥ mi using 7(3)
  by (cases) simp+
show ?case
apply (cases ti)
prefer 2
subgoal
  apply simp
  done
subgoal
  supply [split del] = if-split
  apply (subst vebt-predi'.simps; clarsimp split del: )
  apply (assn-simp; intro normalize-rules)
  apply simp
  apply(cases ma < x)
subgoal
  apply simp
  apply sep-auto
  done
apply simp
apply (extract-pre-pure dest: extract-pre-list-assn-lengthD)
apply(sep-auto simp: highi-def)
apply (sep-auto simp: lowi-def)
apply sep-auto
apply(simp add: low-def)
apply sep-auto
apply(simp add: high-def)
apply sep-auto
apply (smt (z3) 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend high-bound-aux high-def le-add-diff-inverse
linorder-neqE-nat listlength mi-ma-2-deg order.strict-trans power-Suc)
apply sep-auto
apply (smt (z3) 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend high-bound-aux high-def le-add-diff-inverse
linorder-neqE-nat listlength mi-ma-2-deg order.strict-trans power-Suc)
apply (sep-auto heap: vebt-mintilist)
apply (smt (z3) 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend high-bound-aux high-def le-add-diff-inverse
linorder-neqE-nat listlength mi-ma-2-deg order.strict-trans power-Suc)
apply sep-auto
apply (rewrite in <⇒>-<-> list-assn-conv-idx)
apply(rewrite in <⇒>-<-> listI-assn-extract[where i=(x div (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2)))])
apply (smt (z3) 7.prems atLeastLessThan-iff deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend high-bound-aux
high-def le0 le-add-diff-inverse linorder-neqE-nat listlength mi-ma-2-deg order.strict-trans power-Suc)

apply (smt (z3) 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend high-bound-aux high-def le-add-diff-inverse
linorder-neqE-nat listlength mi-ma-2-deg order.strict-trans power-Suc)
apply (sep-auto heap: 7.IH(1))
apply(simp add: high-def low-def)+
apply (smt (z3) 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend high-bound-aux high-def le-add-diff-inverse

```

```

linorder-neqE-nat listlength mi-ma-2-deg order.strict-trans power-Suc)
  apply(rule DEADID.rel-refl)
  apply (metis greater-shift option.simps(3))
  apply(rule setprop)
  apply(rule nth-mem)
  apply (smt (z3) 7.prems atLeastLessThan-iff deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend high-bound-aux
high-def le0 le-add-diff-inverse linorder-neqE-nat listlength mi-ma-2-deg order.strict-trans power-Suc)

  apply simp
  subgoal
    apply sep-auto
    apply (smt (z3) 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend dual-order.strict-trans2 greater-shift
high-bound-aux high-def leI le-add-diff-inverse listlength low-def mi-ma-2-deg option.distinct(1) power-Suc)
      apply (rule recomp)
    apply (smt (z3) 7.prems atLeastLessThan-iff deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend high-bound-aux
high-def le0 le-add-diff-inverse linorder-neqE-nat listlength mi-ma-2-deg order.strict-trans power-Suc)

    apply (smt (z3) 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend dual-order.strict-trans2 greater-shift
high-bound-aux high-def leI le-add-diff-inverse listlength low-def mi-ma-2-deg option.distinct(1) power-Suc)
      apply (rule recomp)
    apply (smt (z3) 7.prems atLeastLessThan-iff deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend high-bound-aux
high-def le0 le-add-diff-inverse linorder-neqE-nat listlength mi-ma-2-deg order.strict-trans power-Suc)

  done
  apply(sep-auto heap: 7.IH(2))
  apply(simp add: high-def low-def)+
  apply (smt (z3) 7.prems atLeastLessThan-iff deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend high-bound-aux
high-def le0 le-add-diff-inverse linorder-neqE-nat listlength mi-ma-2-deg order.strict-trans power-Suc)

  apply(rule DEADID.rel-refl)
  apply (simp add: low-def)
  apply(rule sumprop)
  apply sep-auto
  apply(sep-auto simp: high-def low-def)+
  apply (smt (z3) 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend dual-order.strict-trans2 high-bound-aux
high-def leI le-add-diff-inverse listlength mi-ma-2-deg power-Suc)
    apply (simp add: high-def low-def)
  apply (smt (z3) 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend dual-order.strict-trans2 greater.elims(2)
high-bound-aux high-def leI le-add-diff-inverse listlength mi-ma-2-deg power-Suc)
    apply sep-auto
    apply(sep-auto simp: high-def low-def)+
    apply presburger
    apply (smt (z3) greater.elims(2) high-def low-def power-Suc)
    apply (simp add: high-def low-def)
  apply sep-auto
  subgoal
    using helpypredd listlength sumprop apply simp
  done
  subgoal

```

```

using helpypredd listlength sumprop apply simp
done
apply sep-auto
apply(rule cons-pre-rule)
apply(sep-auto heap: vebt-maxti-h)
apply (rewrite in <□>-<-> list-assn-conv-idx)
apply (rewrite in <□>-<-> listI-assn-extract[where i=the (vebt-pred summary (x div (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2))))]
apply (metis atLeastLessThan-iff helpypredd le0 listlength option.sel sumprop)
apply (metis helpypredd listlength option.sel sumprop)
apply (simp add: algebra-simps)
apply(rule cons-pre-rule)
apply(rule ext)
using helpypredd listlength sumprop apply presburger
apply(sep-auto heap: vebt-maxti-h)
apply (rewrite in <□>-<-> list-assn-conv-idx)
apply (rewrite in <□>-<-> listI-assn-extract[where i=the (vebt-pred summary (x div (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2))))]
apply (metis atLeastLessThan-iff helpypredd le0 listlength option.sel sumprop)
apply (metis helpypredd listlength option.sel sumprop)
apply simp
apply(sep-auto heap: vebt-maxti-h)
apply sep-auto
apply (smt (z3) 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend dual-order.strict-trans2 high-bound-aux
high-def leI le-add-diff-inverse listlength mi-ma-2-deg option.distinct(1) option.sel power-Suc)
apply (smt (z3) 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend dual-order.strict-trans2 greater.elims(2)
high-bound-aux high-def leI le-add-diff-inverse listlength mi-ma-2-deg option.distinct(1) option.sel power-Suc)
apply(rule txe)
using helpypredd listlength sumprop apply presburger
apply (smt (z3) 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend dual-order.strict-trans2 greater.elims(2)
high-bound-aux high-def leI le-add-diff-inverse listlength mi-ma-2-deg option.distinct(1) option.sel power-Suc)
apply(rule txe)
using helpypredd listlength sumprop apply presburger
done
done
qed

```

```

lemma TBOUND-vebt-predi:
defines foo-def:  $\lambda t x. \text{foo } t x \equiv 7 * (1 + \text{height } t)$ 
shows TBOUND (vebt-predi' t ti x) (foo t x)
apply (induction arbitrary: t ti x rule: vebt-predi'.fixp-induct)
apply (rule TBOUND-fi'-adm)
apply (rule TBOUND-empty)
apply TBOUND
apply (simp add: Let-def split!: VEBTi.splits VEBT.splits option.splits prod.splits if-splits)
apply(simp-all add: foo-def max-idx-list)
done

```

```

lemma vebt-predi-refines: refines (vebt-predi ti x) (vebt-predi' t ti x)

```

```

apply (induction arbitrary: t ti x rule: vebt-predi'.fixp-induct)
subgoal using refines-adm[where t = λ arg. vebt-predi (snd (fst arg)) (snd arg)]
  by simp
subgoal by simp
subgoal for f t ti x
  apply(subst vebt-predi.simps)
  apply refines
done
done

lemma htt-vebt-predi: assumes invar-vebt t n
  shows <vebt-assn-raw t ti> vebt-predi ti x <λ r. vebt-assn-raw t ti * ↑(r = vebt-pred t x) > T[7
+ 7*(nat [lb n])]
  apply (rule htt-refine[where c = vebt-predi' t ti x])
prefer 2
apply(rule vebt-predi-refines)
apply (rule httI-TBOUND)
apply(rule vebt-pred'rf-abstr)
apply(rule assms)
apply(rule TBOUND-mono)
apply(rule TBOUND-vebt-predi)
apply simp
apply(rule Nat.eq-imp-le)
apply (metis assms nat-int height-uplog-rel)
done

end
end

theory VEBT-DelImperative imports VEBT-DeleteCorrectness VEBT-SuccPredImperative
begin

context begin
interpretation VEBT-internal .

```

21 Imperative Delete

```

partial-function (heap-time) vebt-deletei:: VEBTi ⇒ nat ⇒ VEBTi Heap where
  vebt-deletei t x = (case t of (Leafi a b) ⇒ (if x = 0 then return (Leafi False b) else
    if x = 1 then return (Leafi a False) else
    return (Leafi a b)) |
    (Nodei info deg treeArray summary) ⇒ (
      if deg ≤ 1 then return (Nodei info deg treeArray summary) else
      case info of None ⇒ return (Nodei info deg treeArray summary) |
      (Some mima) ⇒ ( if x < fst mima ∨ x > snd mima then return
        (Nodei info deg treeArray summary)
        else if fst mima = x ∧ snd mima = x then return (Nodei
        None deg treeArray summary)
        else do{ xminew <- (if x = fst mima then do {

```

```

firstcluster <- vebt-minti summary;
firsttree <- Array-Time.nth treeArray (the
firstcluster);

mintft <- vebt-minti firsttree;
let xn = (2^(deg div 2) * (the firstcluster) +
(the mintft));
return (xn, xn)
}
else return (x, fst mima));
let xnew = fst xmine;
let minew = snd xmine;
h <- highi xnew (deg div 2);
l <- lowi xnew (deg div 2);
aktnode <- Array-Time.nth treeArray h;
aktnode' <- vebt-deletei aktnode l;
treeArray' <- Array-Time.upd h aktnode' treeArray;
miny <- vebt-minti aktnode';
(if (miny = None) then
do{
summary' <- vebt-deletei summary h;
ma <- (if xnew = snd mima then
do{
summax <- vebt-maxti summary';
if summax = None then
return minew
else do{
maxtree <- Array-Time.nth treeArray' (the
summax);
mofmtree <- vebt-maxti maxtree;
return (the summax * 2^(deg div 2) +
the mofmtree )
}
}
else return (snd mima));
return (Nodei (Some (minew, ma)) deg treeArray'
summary')
} else if xnew = snd mima then
do{
nextree <- Array-Time.nth treeArray' h;
maxnext <- vebt-maxti nextree;
let ma = h * 2^(deg div 2) +
(the maxnext);
return (Nodei (Some (minew, ma)) deg treeArray'
summary)
}
else return (Nodei (Some (minew, snd mima)) deg
treeArray' summary)
}))))))

```

end

context *VEBT-internal* **begin**

Some general lemmas

lemma *midextr*: $(P * Q * Q' * R \Rightarrow_A X) \Rightarrow (P * R * Q * Q' \Rightarrow_A X)$

by (*smt (verit, ccfv-threshold)*) *ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute assn-aci(9)* entails-*def mod-frame-fwd*)

lemma *groupy*: $A * B * (C * D) \Rightarrow_A X \Rightarrow_A A * B * C * D \Rightarrow_A X$

by (*simp add: assn-aci(9)*)

lemma *swappa*: $B * A * C \Rightarrow_A X \Rightarrow_A A * B * C \Rightarrow_A X$

by (*simp add: ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute*)

lemma *mulcomm*: $(i::nat) * (2 * 2^{\lceil va \text{ div } 2 \rceil}) = (2 * 2^{\lceil va \text{ div } 2 \rceil}) * i$

by *simp*

Modified function with ghost variable

partial-function (*heap-time*) *vebt-deletei'*:: *VEBT* \Rightarrow *VEBTi* \Rightarrow *nat* \Rightarrow *VEBTi Heap* **where**

vebt-deletei' *t ti x* = (*case ti of (Leafi a b)* \Rightarrow (*if x = 0 then return (Leafi False b)* *else if x = 1 then return (Leafi a False)* *else return (Leafi a b)*) $|$ (*Nodei info deg treeArray summary*) \Rightarrow (*do { assert'(is-Node t); let (info',deg',treeList,summary') = (case t of Node info' deg' treeList summary' \Rightarrow (info',deg',treeList,summary'));* *assert'(info'=info ∧ deg'=deg ∧ is-Node t); if deg ≤ 1 then return (Nodei info deg treeArray summary) else case info of None \Rightarrow return (Nodei info deg treeArray summary) | (Some mima) \Rightarrow (*if x < fst mima ∨ x > snd mima then return (Nodei info deg treeArray summary)* *else if fst mima = x ∧ snd mima = x then return (Nodei None deg treeArray summary)* *else do{ xminew <- (if x = fst mima then do { firstcluster <- vebt-minti summary; firsttree <- Array-Time.nth treeArray (the firstcluster); mintft <- vebt-minti firsttree; let xn = (2^(deg div 2)) * (the firstcluster) + (the mintft)); return (xn, xn) }* *else return (x, fst mima)); let xnew = fst xminew; let xn' = (if x = fst (the info') then the (vebt-mint summary') * 2^(deg div 2)**

```

+ the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary'))))
else x);
assert' (xnew = xn');
let minew = snd xmine;
assert' (minew = (if x = fst (the info') then xn' else fst
(the info'))));
h <- highi xnew (deg div 2);
assert' (h = high xnew (deg div 2));
assert'( h < length treeList);
l <- lowi xnew (deg div 2);
assert'(l = low xnew (deg div 2));
aktnode <- Array-Time.nth treeArray h;
aktnode'<-vebt-deletei' (treeList ! h) aktnode l;
treeArray'<- Array-Time.upd h aktnode' treeArray;
let funnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l;
let treeList' = treeList[h:= funnode];
miny <- vebt-minti aktnode';
assert' (miny = vebt-mint funnode);
(if (miny = None) then
do{
summaryi' <- vebt-deletei' summary' summary h;
ma <- (if xnew = snd mima then
do{
summax <- vebt-maxti summaryi';
assert' (summax = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete
summary' h));
if summax = None then
return minew
else do{
maxtree <- Array-Time.nth treeArray' (the
summax);
mofmtree<- vebt-maxti maxtree;
return (the summax * 2^(deg div 2) +
the mofmtree )
}
}
else return (snd mima));
return (Nodei (Some (minew, ma)) deg treeArray'
summaryi')
} else if xnew = snd mima then
do{
nextree <- Array-Time.nth treeArray' h;
maxnext<- vebt-maxti nextree;
assert' (maxnext = vebt-maxt (treeList' ! h));
let ma = h * 2^(deg div 2) +
(the maxnext);
return (Nodei (Some ( minew, ma)) deg treeArray'
summary)
}

```

```

else return (Nodei (Some (minew, snd mima)) deg
treeArray' summary) )
}))}

theorem deleti'-rf-abstr: invar-vebt t n  $\implies$  <vebt-assn-raw t ti> vebt-deletei' t ti x < vebt-assn-raw
(vebt-delete t x)>
proof(induction t x arbitrary: ti n rule: vebt-delete.induct)
  case (1 a b)
    then show ?case by(subst vebt-deletei'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
  next
    case (2 a b)
      then show ?case by(subst vebt-deletei'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
  next
    case (3 a b n)
      then show ?case by(subst vebt-deletei'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
  next
    case (4 deg treeList summary uu)
      then show ?case by(subst vebt-deletei'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
  next
    case (5 mi ma treeList summary x)
      then show ?case by(subst vebt-deletei'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
  next
    case (6 mi ma treeList summary x)
      then show ?case by(subst vebt-deletei'.simp) (cases ti; sep-auto)
  next
    case (7 mi ma va treeList summary x)
    have setprop: t  $\in$  set treeList  $\implies$  invar-vebt t (n div 2) for t using 7(3)
      by (cases) simp+
    have listlength: length treeList =  $2^{\lceil n - n \text{ div } 2 \rceil}$  using 7(3)
      by (cases) simp+
    have sumprop: invar-vebt summary (n - n div 2) using 7(3)
      by (cases) simp+
    have mimaxprop: mi  $\leq$  ma  $\wedge$  ma  $\leq 2^n$  using 7(3)
      by cases simp+
    hence xbound: mi  $\leq$  x  $\implies$  x  $\leq$  ma  $\implies$  high x (n div 2)  $\leq$  length treeList
      using div-le-mono high-def listlength power-minus-is-div by auto
    let ?xn = the (vebt-mint summary) *  $2^{\lceil (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } va) \text{ div } 2) + \text{the } (\text{vebt-mint } (\text{treeList} ! \text{ the } (\text{vebt-mint summary)))) \rceil}$ 
    obtain xnew where xndef: xnew = ?xn by simp
    let ?minn = ?xn
    obtain minew where minewdef: minew = ?minn by simp
    have highboundn: ma  $\neq$  mi  $\implies$  x  $\leq$  ma  $\implies$  high xnew (n div 2)  $<$  length treeList using xndef
      by (smt (z3) 7.prems deg-deg-n diff-diff-cancel div2-Suc-Suc div-le-dividend high-bound-aux leD
le-add-diff-inverse less-imp-diff-less listlength mi-ma-2-deg nested-mint power-Suc)
    have highbound: ma  $\neq$  mi  $\implies$  x  $\leq$  ma  $\implies$  high x (n div 2)  $<$  length treeList
      by (smt (z3) 7.prems deg-deg-n div-le-dividend high-bound-aux le-less-trans listlength mi-ma-2-deg
ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.add-diff-inverse)
    let ?aktnode = (treeList !

```

```

    high (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2) * the (vebt-mint summary) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the
(vebt-mint summary)))) (Suc (va div 2)))
obtain aktnode where aktnodedef:ma ≠ mi ==> x ≤ ma ==> aktnode = ?aktnode
by meson
let ?newnode = vebt-delete ?aktnode (low ?xn (Suc (Suc va) div 2))
obtain newnode where newnodedef:newnode = ?newnode by presburger
let ?newlist=treeList[ high (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2) * the (vebt-mint summary) + the (vebt-mint (treeList
! the (vebt-mint summary)))) (Suc (va div 2)) :=
?newnode]
let ?newlist'=treeList[ high x (Suc (va div 2)) := vebt-delete (treeList ! high x (Suc (va div 2)))
(low x (Suc (va div 2)))]
show ?case
apply(cases ti)
prefer 2
subgoal
apply simp
done
supply [split del] = if-split
apply (subst vebt-deletei'.simp; clarsimp split del: )
apply (assn-simp; intro normalize-rules)
apply simp
apply(cases x < mi ∨ ma < x)
subgoal
apply simp
apply sep-auto
done
apply simp
apply(cases mi = x ∧ ma = x)
subgoal
apply simp
apply sep-auto
done
apply (extract-pre-pure dest: extract-pre-list-assn-lengthD)
apply (cases mi = x ∧ ma = x; simp)
apply(cases x = mi)
subgoal
apply simp
apply sep-auto
apply(sep-auto heap: vebt-minti-h)
apply sep-auto
apply (metis 7.prems listlength mintlistlength option.sel)
apply sep-auto
apply (rewrite in <⇒>-<-> list-assn-conv-idx)
apply (rewrite in <⇒>-<-> listI-assn-extract[where i=the (vebt-mint summary)])
apply (metis 7.prems atLeastLessThan-iff le0 listlength mintlistlength option.sel)
apply (metis 7.prems listlength mintlistlength option.sel)
apply(sep-auto heap: vebt-minti-h)
apply(rule cons-pre-rule)
apply (rule repack)

```

```

apply (metis 7.prems listlength mintlistlength option.sel)
apply sep-auto
apply (sep-auto heap: highi-h)
apply sep-auto
apply (metis 7.prems ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute deg-deg-n nested-mint)
apply (sep-auto heap: lowi-h)
apply (metis 7.prems ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc highboundn
mimaxprop power-Suc xndef)
apply sep-auto
apply (rewrite in <□>-<-> list-assn-conv-idx)
apply (rewrite in <□>-<-> listI-assn-extract[where i= high (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2) * the (vebt-mint
summary) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))))] (Suc (va div 2))])
apply (metis 7.prems ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute atLeastLessThan-iff deg-deg-n leI
less-nat-zero-code nested-mint)
apply (metis 7.prems ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute deg-deg-n nested-mint)
apply sep-auto
apply(sep-auto heap: 7.IH(1))
apply(simp add: algebra-simps)
apply(simp add: algebra-simps)
apply (metis 7.prems ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute deg-deg-n nested-mint)
apply(rule setprop)
apply (metis 7.prems ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute deg-deg-n nested-mint nth-mem)
apply sep-auto
apply (metis 7.prems ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute deg-deg-n nested-mint)
apply(simp add: Let-def)
apply sep-auto
apply(sep-auto heap: vebt-minti-h)
apply(rule cons-pre-rule)
apply(rule big-assn-simp[of high (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2) * the (vebt-mint summary) + the (vebt-mint
(treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))))] (Suc (va div 2))
treeList (low (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2) * the (vebt-mint summary) + the
(vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)))) (Suc (va div 2)))
----- summary])
apply (metis 7.prems ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc highboundn
mimaxprop power-Suc xndef)
apply(cases vebt-mint (vebt-delete (treeList !
high (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2) * the (vebt-mint summary) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the
(vebt-mint summary)))))) (Suc (va div 2)))
(low (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2) * the (vebt-mint summary) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint
summary)))))) (Suc (va div 2))) = None)
apply simp
subgoal
apply sep-auto
apply(sep-auto heap: 7.IH(2))
apply(simp add: algebra-simps)+
apply (smt (z3) 7.prems ab-semigroup-add-class.add.commute ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.left-commute
deg-deg-n nested-mint)
apply(rule DEADID.rel-refl)
apply(rule DEADID.rel-refl)

```

```

apply(rule minminNull)
apply (metis ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute)
apply(rule sumprop)
apply(rule bind-rule'[where R=λ r.(let sn = vebt-delete summary (high (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2) *
the (vebt-mint summary)) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)))) (Suc (va
div 2))) in ( ↑(r = (
if ?xn = ma then let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in if maxs = None then ?xn
else 2 ^ (Suc (Suc va) div 2) * the maxs + the (vebt-maxt (?newlist !
the maxs)) else ma))))])
apply(cases 2 * 2 ^ (va div 2) * the (vebt-mint summary) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the
(vebt-mint summary))) = ma)
apply simp+
apply sep-auto
apply(sep-auto heap: vebt-maxti-h)
apply sep-auto
using delete-pres-valid[of summary n - n div 2
(high (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2) * the (vebt-mint summary) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint
summary)))) (Suc (va div 2)))]
maxt-member[of vebt-delete summary - n-n div 2] member-bound[of vebt-delete summary
- - n-n div 2] listlength sumprop
apply (metis both-member-options-equiv-member dele-bmo-cont-corr maxbmo member-bound)
apply sep-auto
apply (rewrite in <⇒>-<-> list-assn-conv-idx)
apply (rewrite in <⇒>-<-> listI-assn-extract[where i= the ( vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary
(high (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2) * the (vebt-mint summary)
+ the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)))) (Suc (va div 2))))])
apply (metis atLeastLessThan-iff both-member-options-equiv-member dele-bmo-cont-corr le0
length-list-update listlength maxbmo member-bound option.sel sumprop)
apply (metis both-member-options-equiv-member dele-bmo-cont-corr length-list-update listlength
maxbmo member-bound option.sel sumprop)
apply(sep-auto heap: vebt-maxti-h)
apply sep-auto
apply (simp add: ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute)
apply auto[1]
apply(cases the( vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary
(high (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2) * the (vebt-mint summary) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the
(vebt-mint summary)))) (Suc (va div 2))))) < length treeList)
using txe
apply (metis length-list-update option.sel)
apply (metis both-member-options-equiv-member dele-bmo-cont-corr listlength maxbmo mem-
ber-bound option.sel sumprop)
apply simp
apply sep-auto
apply (metis ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute)
apply sep-auto
apply(simp add: Let-def)
apply(cases high (the (vebt-mint summary) * (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2)) + the (vebt-mint (treeList !
the (vebt-mint summary)))) (Suc (va div 2)) < length treeList)
apply simp

```

```

apply(cases minNull (vebt-delete (treeList !
    high (the (vebt-mint summary) * (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2)) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the
    (vebt-mint summary)))) (Suc (va div 2))))
    (low (the (vebt-mint summary) * (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2)) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the
    (vebt-mint summary)))) (Suc (va div 2)))))

subgoal
  apply(sep-auto simp: algebra-simps split: if-split)
done
subgoal
  apply(auto split: if-split)
  apply sep-auto
  prefer 2
  apply(rule entails-solve-init)
    apply (tactic <Seplogic-Auto.match-frame-tac (resolve-tac @{context} @{thms ent-refl})
@{context} 1)
    apply simp
    apply solve-entails
    apply (simp add: ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute)
    prefer 3
    apply sep-auto
    apply (metis ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute minminNull)+
done
subgoal
  apply(rule entails-solve-init)
  apply simp
done
subgoal
  apply(simp add: Let-def)
  apply(auto split: if-split)
  apply sep-auto
  using 7.prems deg-deg-n nested-mint apply blast
  apply(rule entails-solve-init)
    apply (tactic <Seplogic-Auto.match-frame-tac (resolve-tac @{context} @{thms ent-refl})
@{context} 1)
    apply simp
    apply solve-entails
    apply (simp add: ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute)
    using 7.prems deg-deg-n nested-mint apply blast
    apply sep-auto
    using 7.prems deg-deg-n nested-mint apply blast
    using 7.prems deg-deg-n nested-mint apply blast
    apply(rule entails-solve-init)
      apply (tactic <Seplogic-Auto.match-frame-tac (resolve-tac @{context} @{thms ent-refl})
@{context} 1)
      apply simp
      apply solve-entails
      apply (simp add: ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute)
      using 7.prems deg-deg-n nested-mint apply blast
done

```

```

subgoal
  apply(simp add: Let-def)
  apply(auto split: if-split)
  apply sep-auto
  apply(rule entails-solve-init)
    apply (tactic <Seplogic-Auto.match-frame-tac (resolve-tac @{context} @{thms ent-refl})
@{context} 1)
  apply simp
  apply solve-entails
  apply (simp add: ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute)
  apply (simp add: ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute minminNull)
  done
  using 7.prems deg-deg-n nested-mint apply blast
done
  apply(auto split: if-split)
  apply sep-auto
  apply (metis 7.prems ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute deg-deg-n nested-mint)
  apply (rewrite in <>-<-> list-assn-conv-idx)
  apply (rewrite in <>-<-> listI-assn-extract[where i= high (2 * 2 ^ (va div 2) * the (vebt-mint summary) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary))))] (Suc (va div 2)))
    apply (metis 7.prems highboundn ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute atLeastLessThan-iff
deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc leI length-list-update less-nat-zero-code power-Suc xndef)
  apply (metis 7.prems ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute deg-deg-n length-list-update nested-mint)
  apply(sep-auto)
  apply(sep-auto heap: vebt-maxti-h)
  apply sep-auto
  apply (simp add: Let-def)
  apply(auto split: if-split)
  apply(simp add: Let-def)
  apply(auto split: if-split)
  apply (metis minNullmin mulcomm option.simps(3))
  apply (metis minNullmin mulcomm option.distinct(1))
subgoal
  apply sep-auto
  apply (simp add: ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute)
  apply(rule listI-assn-reinsert-upd[ where x = - ! - ] )
  apply(rule midextr)
  apply(rule midextr)
  apply(rule groupy)
  apply(rule ent-refl)
  apply (metis ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute length-list-update)
  apply (metis ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute atLeastLessThan-iff le0)
  apply(fr-rot 1)
  apply(rule swappa)
  apply(simp add: mulcomm)
  apply(simp add: listI-assn-conv)
  apply(rule ent-refl)
  done
using 7.prems deg-deg-n nested-mint

```

```

apply blast
apply sep-auto
apply(simp add: Let-def)
apply(auto split: if-split)
apply (simp add: minNullmin mulcomm)
apply (simp add: ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute minNullmin)
apply sep-auto
apply sep-auto
using 7.prems deg-deg-n nested-mint apply blast
apply(rule swappa)
apply(simp add: mulcomm)
apply(rule ent-refl)
done
apply simp
apply(sep-auto heap: highi-h)
apply (metis 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc highbound leI linorder-neqE-nat)
apply(sep-auto heap: lowi-h)
apply (metis 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc highbound leI linorder-neqE-nat)
apply sep-auto
apply (rewrite in <-->-<-> list-assn-conv-idx)
apply (rewrite in <-->-<-> listI-assn-extract[where i= high x (Suc (va div 2))])
apply (metis 7.prems atLeastLessThan-iff deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc highbound leI le-neq-implies-less
less-nat-zero-code)
apply (metis 7.prems antisym-conv2 deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc highbound not-le-imp-less)
apply(sep-auto heap: 7.IH(1))
apply (metis 7.prems antisym-conv2 deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc highbound not-le-imp-less)
apply(rule setprop)
apply (metis 7.prems antisym-conv2 deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc highbound not-le-imp-less nth-mem)
apply sep-auto
apply (metis 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc highbound not-le-imp-less order.not-eq-order-implies-strict)
apply(sep-auto)
apply(sep-auto heap: vebt-minti-h)
apply(rule bind-rule)
apply(rule assert'-rule)
apply (meson mod-pure-star-dist mod-starE)
apply(rule cons-pre-rule)
apply(rule big-assn-simp'[])
apply (metis 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc highbound leI le-neq-implies-less) apply auto[1]
apply(cases vebt-mint (vebt-delete (treeList ! high x (Suc (va div 2))) (low x (Suc (va div 2))))))
apply simp
subgoal
  apply sep-auto
  apply(sep-auto heap: 7.IH(2))
  apply (metis 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc highbound leI le-neq-implies-less)
  apply simp+
  apply(simp add: minminNull)
  apply(rule sumprop)
  apply(rule bind-rule'[where R=λ r.(let sn = vebt-delete summary (high x (Suc (va div 2)))) in
(↑(r = (

```

```

if x = ma then let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in if maxs = None then mi
else 2 ^ (Suc (Suc va) div 2) * the maxs + the (vebt-maxt (?newlist'
! the maxs)) else ma))))]
apply(cases x = ma)
apply simp
apply(sep-auto)
apply(sep-auto heap: vebt-maxti-h)
apply(cases vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high ma (Suc (va div 2))))))
apply simp
apply sep-auto
apply simp
apply sep-auto
apply (metis both-member-options-equiv-member dele-bmo-cont-corr listlength maxbmo member-bound sumprop)
apply (rewrite in <⇒>-<-> list-assn-conv-idx)
apply (rewrite in <⇒>-<-> listI-assn-extract[where i=the ( vebt-maxt (vebt-delete summary (high ma (Suc (va div 2)))))])
apply (metis atLeastLessThan-iff both-member-options-equiv-member dele-bmo-cont-corr le0 length-list-update listlength maxbmo member-bound option.sel sumprop)
apply (metis both-member-options-equiv-member dele-bmo-cont-corr length-list-update listlength maxbmo member-bound option.sel sumprop)
apply sep-auto
apply(sep-auto heap: vebt-maxti-h)
apply sep-auto
apply (smt (verit,ccfv-SIG) ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.left-commute
atLeastLessThan-empty-iff2 atLeastLessThan-iff both-member-options-equiv-member deg-deg-n dele-bmo-cont-corr
div2-Suc-Suc div-by-Suc-0 div-mult-self1-is-m div-mult-self-is-m empty-iff ent-refl le0 le-neq-implies-less
length-list-update listI-assn-extract list-assn-conv-idx listlength maxbmo member-bound mimaxprop nu-
meral-2-eq-2 option.collapse option.distinct(1) sumprop zero-less-Suc)
apply simp
apply sep-auto
apply sep-auto
apply(simp add: Let-def)
apply(cases high ma (Suc (va div 2)) < length treeList)
apply simp
apply(simp add: Let-def)
apply(cases high ma (Suc (va div 2)) < length treeList)
apply simp
apply(cases minNull (vebt-delete (treeList ! high ma (Suc (va div 2))) (low ma (Suc (va div
2))))))
apply simp
apply(simp add: Let-def)
apply sep-auto
apply simp
apply sep-auto
apply (meson minminNull)+
apply simp
apply(auto split: if-split)
apply (metis 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc highbound le-refl)

```

```

apply sep-auto
apply (metis 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc highbound le-refl)
apply (metis 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc highbound le-refl)
apply(simp add: Let-def)
apply(auto split: if-split)
apply(simp add: Let-def)
apply(auto split: if-split)
apply sep-auto+
apply (meson minminNull)
apply sep-auto
apply (metis 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc highbound linorder-neqE-nat not-le-imp-less)
done
apply simp
apply(auto split: if-split)
apply sep-auto
apply (metis 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc dual-order.refl highbound)
apply (rewrite in <□>-<-> list-assn-conv-idx)
apply (rewrite in <□>-<-> listI-assn-extract[where i=high ma (Suc (va div 2))])
apply (metis 7.prems atLeastLessThan-iff deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc highbound le0 le-refl length-list-update)
apply (metis 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc highbound le-refl length-list-update)
apply sep-auto
apply(sep-auto heap: vebt-maxti-h)
apply sep-auto
apply(simp add: Let-def)
apply(auto split: if-split)
apply(simp add: Let-def)
apply(auto split: if-split)
apply(simp add: Let-def)
subgoal
  apply sep-auto
  apply (metis minNullmin option.distinct)+
done
apply sep-auto
apply(rule ent-trans)
apply(rule tcd[where treeList'= treeList])
apply blast+
apply(rule swappa)
apply(rule ent-refl)
apply sep-auto
apply (metis 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc highbound le-refl)
apply (metis 7.prems deg-deg-n div2-Suc-Suc dual-order.refl highbound)
apply sep-auto
apply(simp add: Let-def)
apply(auto split: if-split)
apply(simp add: Let-def)
apply(auto split: if-split)
apply sep-auto
apply (metis minNullmin option.distinct(1))
apply sep-auto+

```

```

done
qed

lemma TBOUND-vebt-deletei:
  defines foo-def:  $\lambda t x. \text{foo } t x \equiv \text{if } \text{minNull} (\text{vebt-delete } t x) \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 20 * (1 + \text{height } t)$ 
  shows TBOUND (vebt-deletei' t ti x) (foo t x)
proof -
  have fooNull:minNull (vebt-delete t x)  $\implies$  foo t x = 1 for t x using foo-def by simp
  have fooElse: foo t x  $\leq$  20 * (1 + height t) for t using foo-def by simp
  have succ0foo: Suc 0  $\leq$  foo t x for t x unfolding foo-def by simp
  have fooNull': vebt-mint (vebt-delete t x) = None  $\implies$  foo t x = 1 for t x
    by (simp add: fooNull minminNull)
  have fooNull'': vebt-maxt (vebt-delete t x) = None  $\implies$  foo t x = 1 for t x
    by (metis fooNull fooNull' vebt-maxt.elims minNull.simps(4) vebt-mint.simps(1) option.simps(3))
  have minNotMaxDel: x12a  $\geq$  2  $\implies$  c  $\neq$  d  $\implies$ 
     $\neg$  minNull (vebt-delete (Node (Some (c, d)) x12a x13 x14) y) for x12a x13 x14 c d y
    apply(cases ( (Node (Some (c, d)) x12a x13 x14), y) rule: vebt-delete.cases; simp)
    apply(auto simp add: Let-def)
    done
  have twentyheight: i < length x13  $\implies$  n * height (x13 !i)  $\leq$  m + n * max (height x14) (Max (height ' set x13)) for i x13 x14 n m
    by (meson height-i-max mult-le-mono2 trans-le-add2)
  have summheight: n * height x14  $\leq$  m + n * max (height x14) (Max (height ' set x13)) for x14 x13 m n
    apply(simp add: max-def)
    apply (meson mult-le-mono2 trans-le-add2)
    done
  show ?thesis
    apply (induction arbitrary: t ti x rule: vebt-deletei'.fixp-induct)
    apply (rule TBOUND-fi'-adm)
    apply (rule TBOUND-empty)
    apply TBOUND
    apply(simp add: Let-def eq-commute[of Suc 0 - ] succ0foo fooNull' fooNull'')
      split!: VEBT.splits VEBTi.splits option.splits prod.splits )
    apply(all <(intro allI impI conjI)?>)
    apply(all <(clarify; simp only: succ0foo; fail)?>)
    apply(simp-all add: foo-def minNotMaxDel twentyheight summheight not-less)
    done
qed

lemma vebt-deletei-refines: refines (vebt-deletei ti x) (vebt-deletei' t ti x)
  apply (induction arbitrary: t ti x rule: vebt-deletei'.fixp-induct)
  subgoal
    using refines-adm[where t =  $\lambda$  arg. vebt-deletei (snd (fst arg)) (snd arg)]
    by simp
  subgoal by simp
  subgoal for f t ti x
    apply(subst vebt-deletei.simps)
    apply refines

```

```

done
done

lemma htt-vbti-deletei: assumes invar-vbti t n
  shows <vbti-assn-raw t ti> vbti-deletei ti x < $\lambda$  r. vbti-assn-raw (vbti-delete t x) r>  $T[20 + 20 * (\text{nat} \lceil \text{lb } n \rceil)]$ 
  apply (rule htt-refine[where c = vbti-deletei' t ti x])
  prefer 2
  apply (rule vbti-deletei-refines)
  apply (rule httI-TBOUND)
  apply (rule deleti'-rf-abstr)
  apply (rule assms)
  apply (rule TBOUND-mono)
  apply (rule TBOUND-vbti-deletei)
  apply (auto simp add: if-split)
  apply (metis assms eq-imp-le height-uplog-rel int-eq-iff)
  done

end
end

```

22 Imperative Interface

```

theory VEBT-Intf-Imperative
imports
  VEBT-Definitions
  VEBT-Uniqueness
  VEBT-Member
  VEBT-Insert VEBT-InsertCorrectness
  VEBT-MinMax
  VEBT-Pred VEBT-Succ
  VEBT-Delete VEBT-DeleteCorrectness
  VEBT-Bounds
  VEBT-DeleteBounds
  VEBT-Space
  VEBT-Intf-Functional
  VEBT-List-Assn
  VEBT-BuildupMemImp
  VEBT-SuccPredImperative
  VEBT-DelImperative
begin

```

22.1 Code Export

```

context begin
  interpretation VEBT-internal .
lemmas [code] = replicatei.simps vebt-memberi.simps highi-def lowi-def vebt-inserti.simps
  minNulli.simps vebt-succi.simps vebt-predi.simps vebt-deletei.simps

```

greater.simps

end

```
export-code
  vebt-buildupi
  vebt-memberi
  vebt-inserti
  vebt-maxti vebt-minti
  vebt-predi vebt-succi
  vebt-deletei
```

checking SML-imp

22.2 Interface

```
definition vebt-assn::nat ⇒ nat set ⇒ VEBTi ⇒ assn where
  vebt-assn n s ti ≡ ∃A t. vebt-assn-raw t ti * ↑(s = set-vebt t ∧ invar-vebt t n)
```

22.2.1 Buildup

```
context begin
  interpretation VEBT-internal .
  interpretation vebt-inst for n .
```

```
lemma vebt-buildupi-rule-basic[sep-heap-rules]: n > 0 ⇒ <emp> vebt-buildupi n <λ r. vebt-assn n
{} r >
  unfolding vebt-assn-def
  apply(rule post-exI-rule[where x = vebt-buildup n])
  using builupicorr[of n] invar-vebt-buildup[of n] set-vebt-buildup[of n]
  apply simp
  done

lemma vebt-buildupi-rule: <↑ (n > 0)> vebt-buildupi n <λ r. vebt-assn n {} r > T[10 * 2^n]
  unfolding vebt-assn-def htt-def
  apply rule
  apply(rule post-exI-rule[where x = vebt-buildup n])
  using vebt-buildupi-rule[of n] invar-vebt-buildup[of n] set-vebt-buildup[of n]
  unfolding htt-def
  apply simp
  using TBOUND-buildupi[of n] unfolding TBOUND-def
  apply simp
  done
```

22.2.2 Member

```

lemma vebt-memberi-rule: <vebt-assn n s ti> vebt-memberi ti x <λ r. vebt-assn n s ti * ↑(r = (x ∈
s))>T[5 + 5 * (nat ⌈lb n⌉)]
  unfolding vebt-assn-def
  apply(rule norm-pre-ex-rule htt)
  apply(clarsimp simp: norm-pre-pure-iff htt)
  apply(rule htt-cons-rule[OF htt-vebt-memberi-invar-vebt])
    apply assumption
    apply simp
    apply (sep-auto simp: member-correct)
  apply simp
done

```

22.2.3 Insert

```

lemma vebt-inserti-rule: x < 2^n ==> <vebt-assn n s ti> vebt-inserti ti x <λ r. vebt-assn n (s ∪ {x})
r >T[13 + 13 * (nat ⌈lb n⌉)]
  apply(sep-auto simp: norm-pre-pure-iff htt)
  unfolding vebt-assn-def
  apply(rule norm-pre-ex-rule htt)
  apply(clarsimp simp: norm-pre-pure-iff htt)
  apply(rule htt-cons-rule[OF htt-vebt-inserti-invar-vebt])
    apply assumption
    apply simp
    apply sep-auto
      apply (auto simp add: insert-correct)
      apply (simp add: valid-insert-both-member-options-add set-vebt-def)
      apply (metis UncI insert-correct)
      apply (metis UnE insert-correct singletonD)
    using valid-pres-insert by presburger

```

22.2.4 Maximum

```

lemma vebt-maxti-rule: <vebt-assn n s ti> vebt-maxti ti <λ r. vebt-assn n s ti * ↑( r = Some y ↔
max-in-set s y)>T[1]
  unfolding vebt-assn-def
  apply(rule norm-pre-ex-rule htt)
  apply(clarsimp simp: norm-pre-pure-iff htt)
  apply(rule htt-cons-rule[OF vebt-maxti-hT])
  apply(rule ent-refl)
  apply (sep-auto simp: set-vebt-maxt)
  by simp

```

22.2.5 Minimum

```

lemma vebt-minti-rule: <vebt-assn n s ti> vebt-minti ti <λ r. vebt-assn n s ti * ↑( r = Some y ↔
min-in-set s y)>T[1]
  unfolding vebt-assn-def
  apply(rule norm-pre-ex-rule htt)

```

```

apply(clarsimp simp: norm-pre-pure-iff-hht)
apply(rule htt-cons-rule[OF vebt-minti-hT])
apply(rule ent-refl)
apply (sep-auto simp: set-vebt-mint)
by auto

```

22.2.6 Successor

```

lemma vebt-succi-rule: <vebt-assn n s ti> vebt-succi ti x <\lambda r. vebt-assn n s ti * ↑( r = Some y
 $\longleftrightarrow \text{is-succ-in-set } s x y)$ > T[7 + 7 * (nat ⌈ lb n ⌉)]
unfolding vebt-assn-def
apply(rule norm-pre-ex-rule-hht)
apply(clarsimp simp: norm-pre-pure-iff-hht)
apply(rule htt-cons-rule[OF htt-vebt-succi])
apply assumption
apply simp
apply (sep-auto simp: set-vebt-succ)
apply simp
done

```

22.2.7 Predecessor

```

lemma vebt-predi-rule: <vebt-assn n s ti> vebt-predi ti x <\lambda r. vebt-assn n s ti * ↑( r = Some y
 $\longleftrightarrow \text{is-pred-in-set } s x y)$ > T[7 + 7 * (nat ⌈ lb n ⌉)]
unfolding vebt-assn-def
apply(rule norm-pre-ex-rule-hht)
apply(clarsimp simp: norm-pre-pure-iff-hht)
apply(rule htt-cons-rule[OF htt-vebt-predi])
apply assumption
apply simp
apply (sep-auto simp: set-vebt-pred)
apply simp
done

```

22.2.8 Delete

```

lemma vebt-deletei-rule: <vebt-assn n s ti> vebt-deletei ti x <\lambda r. vebt-assn n (s - {x}) r > T[20
 $+ 20 * (\text{nat } \lceil \text{lb } n \rceil)]$ 
unfolding vebt-assn-def
apply(rule norm-pre-ex-rule-hht)
apply(clarsimp simp: norm-pre-pure-iff-hht)
apply(rule htt-cons-rule[OF htt-vebt-deletei])
apply assumption
apply simp
apply sep-auto
apply (auto simp add: set-vebt-delete invar-vebt-delete)
done

```

22.3 Setup of VCG

```

lemmas vebt-heap-rules[THEN htD,sep-heap-rules] =
  vebt-buildupi-rule
  vebt-memberi-rule
  vebt-inserti-rule
  vebt-maxti-rule
  vebt-minti-rule
  vebt-succi-rule
  vebt-predi-rule
  vebt-deletei-rule

end
end

```

23 Interface Usage Example

```

theory VEBT-Example
imports VEBT-Intf-Imperative VEBT-Example-Setup
begin

```

23.1 Test Program

```

definition test n xs ys ≡ do {
  t ← vebt-buildupi n;
  t ← mfold (λx s. vebt-inserti s x) (0#xs) t;
  let f = (λx. ifm vebt-memberi t x then return x else the $m (vebt-predi t x));
  mmap f ys
}

```

23.2 Correctness without Time

The non-time part of our datastructure is fully integrated into sep-auto

```

lemma fold-list-rl[sep-heap-rules]: ∀ x∈set xs. x<2^n ⇒ hoare-triple
  (vebt-assn n s t)
  (mfold (λx s. vebt-inserti s x) xs t)
  (λt'. vebt-assn n (s ∪ set xs) t')
proof (induction xs arbitrary: s t)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by sep-auto
next
  case (Cons a xs)

  note Cons.IH[sep-heap-rules]

  show ?case using Cons.prem
    by sep-auto

```

qed

```

lemma test-hoare:  $\llbracket \forall x \in \text{set } xs. x < 2^n; n > 0 \rrbracket \implies$ 
   $\langle \text{emp} \rangle (\text{test } n \text{ } xs \text{ } ys) \langle \lambda r. \uparrow(r = \text{map } (\lambda y. (\text{GREATEST } y'. y' \in \text{insert } 0 \text{ } (\text{set } xs) \wedge y' \leq y)) \text{ } ys)$ 
 $\triangleright_t$ 
unfolding test-def
  supply  $R = \text{ mmap-pure-aux}[\text{where } f = (\lambda y. (\text{GREATEST } y'. y' \in \text{insert } 0 \text{ } (\text{set } xs) \wedge y' \leq y))]$ 
  apply (sep-auto decon: R)
  subgoal
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) GreatestI-ex-nat zero-le-numeral)
  subgoal
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) Greatest-equality le-eq-less-or-eq)
  apply sep-auto
  subgoal
    apply (auto simp: is-pred-in-set-def)
  subgoal
    by (smt (z3) GreatestI-nat le-neq-implies-less less-eq-nat.simps(1))
  subgoal
    by (smt (z3) GreatestI-nat mult.right-neutral nat-less-le power-eq-0-iff power-mono-iff)
  subgoal
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) Greatest-le-nat less-imp-le)
  done
  apply sep-auto
done

```

23.3 Time Bound Reasoning

We use some ad-hoc reasoning to also show the time-bound of our test program. A generalization of such methods, or the integration of this entry into existing reasoning frameworks with time is left to future work.

```

lemma insert-time-pure[cond-TBOUND]: $a < 2^n \implies$ 
   $\$vebt-assn n S ti \$ TBOUND (\text{vebt-inserti } ti \text{ } a) (13 + 13 * \text{nat} \lceil \log 2 (\text{real } n) \rceil)$ 
  by(rule htt-elim, rule vebt-inserti-rule, simp)

lemma member-time-pure[cond-TBOUND]: $\$vebt-assn n S ti \$ TBOUND (\text{vebt-memberi } ti \text{ } a) (5 + 5 * \text{nat} \lceil \log 2 (\text{real } n) \rceil)$ 
  by(rule htt-elim, rule vebt-memberi-rule)

lemma pred-time-pure[cond-TBOUND]: $\$vebt-assn n S ti \$ TBOUND (\text{vebt-predi } ti \text{ } a) (7 + 7 * \text{nat} \lceil \log 2 (\text{real } n) \rceil)$ 
  by(rule htt-elim, rule vebt-predi-rule)

lemma TBOUND-mfold[cond-TBOUND]:
   $(\wedge x. x \in \text{set } xs \implies x < 2^n) \implies$ 
   $\$ vebt-assn n S ti \$ TBOUND (\text{mfold } (\lambda x s. \text{vebt-inserti } s \text{ } x) \text{ } xs \text{ } ti) \text{ } (\text{length } xs * (13 + 13 * \text{nat} \lceil \log 2 n \rceil) + 1)$ 
  apply(induction xs arbitrary: ti S)

```

```

apply(subst mfold.simps)
apply(cond-TBOUND, simp)
apply sep-auto
subgoal for a xs ti S
  apply(rule cond-TBOUND-mono[where b = (13 + 13 * nat ⌈ log 2 (real n) ⌉) + (length xs * (13
+ 13 * nat ⌈ log 2 (real n) ⌉) + 1)])
  apply(rule cond-TBOUND, auto|(rule vebt-heap-rules(3), auto))++
  done
done

lemma TBOUND-mmap[cond-TBOUND]:
  defines b-def: b ys n ≡ 1 + length ys * ( 5 + 5 * nat ⌈ log 2 (real n) ⌉ + 9 + 7 * nat ⌈ log 2 (real
n) ⌉)
  shows § vebt-assn n S ti § TBOUND
    (mmap (λx. ifm vebt-memberi ti x then return x
           else vebt-predi ti x ≈ (λx. return (the x))) ys) (b ys n)
  apply(induction ys arbitrary:)
  apply(subst mmap.simps)
  subgoal
    unfolding b-def
    apply(rule cond-TBOUND-mono[where b = 1], rule cond-TBOUND-return, simp)
    done
  apply sep-auto
  subgoal for a ys
    apply(rule cond-TBOUND-mono[
      where b = ((5 + 5 * nat ⌈ log 2 (real n) ⌉) + max 1 ((7 + 7 * nat ⌈ log 2 (real n) ⌉) + 1))
      +(b ys n + 1))]
      apply(rule cond-TBOUND-bind[where Q = λ r. vebt-assn n S ti])
      apply(rule cond-TBOUND | rule mmap-pres | sep-auto | rule cond-TBOUND-cons)++
      unfolding b-def
      apply simp
      done
    done

lemma TBOUND-test[cond-TBOUND]: ∀ x ∈ set xs. x < 2^n; n > 0 ] ⇒
  § ↑ (n > 0) § TBOUND (test n xs ys) (10 * 2^n + (
    (length (0#xs) * (13 + 13 * nat ⌈ log 2 n ⌉) + 1) +
    (1 + length ys * ( 5 + 5 * nat ⌈ log 2 (real n) ⌉ + 9 + 7 * nat ⌈ log 2 (real
n) ⌉)))))
  unfolding test-def
  apply(cond-TBOUND| rule htt-elim[OF vebt-buildupi-rule] | sep-auto)++
  done

lemma test-hoare-with-time: ∀ x ∈ set xs. x < 2^n; n > 0 ] ⇒
  <emp> (test n xs ys) <λr. ↑(r = map (λy. (GREATEST y'. y' ∈ insert 0 (set xs) ∧ y' ≤ y)) ys) *
  true >
  T[10 * 2^n +
  (length (0 # xs) * (13 + 13 * nat ⌈ log 2 (real n) ⌉) + 1 +
  (1 + length ys * ( 5 + 5 * nat ⌈ log 2 (real n) ⌉ + 9 + 7 * nat ⌈ log 2 (real n) ⌉)))]

```

```

apply(rule htt-intro, rule test-hoare, simp+)
apply(rule cond-TBOUND-mono, rule cond-TBOUND-cons)
defer
apply(rule TBOUND-test, simp+)
done

end

```

24 Conclusion

We have formalized van Emde Boas trees in Isabelle, proving correct a functional and an imperative version, together with space and run-time bounds. This work amends a list [4] of formally verified CLRS algorithms [3].

Closing we sketch some enhancements of van Emde Boas trees in Isabelle. An examination of the data structure points out that there is probably a *join* operation with the semantics *set-vebt* (*vebt-join* $s t$) = *set-vebt* $s \cup$ *set-vebt* t . We make the restriction of joining only valid trees with equal degree numbers. Obviously, the join of two leaves is trivial. If one tree is empty or singleton, a join is implemented by immediately returning the other tree or performing an insertion before. Otherwise, summary and subtrees are to be joined recursively and afterwards we have to determine minimum and maximum. Certainly, this last step can be complicated, because argument trees may also coincide on minima or maxima.

One may also consider the treatment of associated satellite data. Those are to be stored in ordinary subtrees, whereas the definition of summary trees does not have to be changed. We can transfer this to Isabelle by introducing another data type representing van Emde Boas trees. The adapted *naive-member* and *membermima* still refer to integer keys, but we add an auxiliary function *assoc* such that *assoc* $t x y$ holds iff the key x is associated with the value y . A *both-member-options* is also defined and can be used for specifying a suitable validness invariant. We may show a conjecture like *both-member-options* $t x \longleftrightarrow \exists y. \text{assoc } t x y$. Besides, valid trees enforce keys to be associated with at most one value. All canonical functions f are shifted to the new type and return a key-value pair (x, y) or the modified tree. Proofs for being x the desired successor etc. are obtained by reuse and adaptation of prior proofs. In addition, modified canonical functions f' may only return the associated values y . We show the proposition $\exists x. f t i = (x, y) \longleftrightarrow f' t i = y$. All writing operations require a reasoning regarding the proper (non-)modification of associations. The modified functions f' are to be exposed to a user later on.

Moreover, we did not consider lazy implementation. Currently, *vebt-buildup n* generates a full van Emde Boas tree of degree n . A *lazy implementation* would construct a subtree only if needed. From this just a constant amount of additional effort per recursive step will arise. Thereby, proven running time bounds of $\mathcal{O}(\log \log u)$ will be preserved. Beside this, a lazy implementation can also be obtained by exporting verified Isabelle code to Haskell, which heavily applies the lazy evaluation technique.

Obviously, a lazy implementation would drastically reduce memory usage. Each insertion allocates $\mathcal{O}(\log \log u)$ space and hence an implementation that does not store empty subtrees gives us memory consumption in $\mathcal{O}(n \cdot \log \log u)$ where n is the number of elements currently

stored. Furthermore, one may replace ordinary arrays by *dynamic perfect hashing* [9] allowing treatment of elements in (amortized) constant time and linear space. Unfortunately, a linear memory consumption in $\mathcal{O}(n)$ is achieved at cost of some worst case runtime bounds [10]. By this, $\mathcal{O}(\log \log u)$ is turned to an amortized bound for *vbt-insert* and *vbt-delete*, since the complexity of those functions is indeed affected by the amortization. An implementation of this van Emde Boas tree variant requires verified dynamic perfect hashing and amortization in Isabelle to build on.

We used Imperative HOL due to its support of arrays and type reflexive references that are necessary for setting up a recursive tree data structure. For generating verified code, however, there also exist other frameworks, e.g. Isabelle LLVM [11] [12]. It supports refinement-based verification of correctness and worst-case time complexities. Additionally, verified programs can be exported to LLVM code, which itself is compiled to executable machine code. Strikingly, code of the introsort algorithm generated by this formalization stayed competitive with the GNU C++ library [12].

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