Verification of the UpDown scheme

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Zusammenfassung

The UpDown scheme is a recursive scheme used to compute the stiffness matrix on a special form of sparse grids. Usually, when discretizing a Euclidean space of dimension d we need $O(n^d)$ points, for n points along each dimension. Sparse grids are a hierarchical representation where the number of points is reduced to $O(n \cdot \log(n)^d)$. One disadvantage of such sparse grids is that the algorithm now operate recursively in the dimensions and levels of the sparse grid.

The UpDown scheme allows us to compute the stiffness matrix on such a sparse grid. The stiffness matrix represents the influence of each representation function on the L^2 scalar product. For a detailed description see Pflüger's PhD thesis [2]. This formalization was developed as an interdisciplinary project (IDP) at the TU München [1].

Note: This development has two main theories. The correctnes of the UpDown scheme, and a verification of an imperative version of it. Both theories can not be merged, as they use different orders on the product type.

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1 Grid Points

theory Grid-Point imports HOL-Analysis. Multivariate-Analysis begin **type-synonym** grid- $point = (nat \times int)$ list **definition** $lv :: grid-point \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat$ where lv p d = fst (p ! d)**definition** *ix* :: *grid-point* \Rightarrow *nat* \Rightarrow *int* where $ix \ p \ d = snd \ (p \ ! \ d)$ **definition** *level* :: *grid-point* \Rightarrow *nat* where level $p = (\sum i < length p. lv p i)$ **lemma** *level-all-eq*: assumes $\bigwedge d$. $d < length \ p \implies lv \ p \ d = lv \ p' \ d$ and length p = length p'shows level p' = level punfolding level-def using assms by auto datatype $dir = left \mid right$ $\mathbf{fun} \ sgn :: dir \Rightarrow int$ where sgn left = -1| sgn right = 1 $\mathbf{fun} \ inv :: \ dir \Rightarrow \ dir$ where $inv \ left = right$ | inv right = left**lemma** *inv-inv*[*simp*]: *inv* (*inv dir*) = *dir*

by (cases dir) simp-all

lemma sgn-inv[simp]: sgn (inv dir) = -sgn dir

by (cases dir, auto)

definition child :: grid-point \Rightarrow dir \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow grid-point where child p dir d = p[d := (lv p d + 1, 2 * (ix p d) + sqn dir)]**lemma** child-length[simp]: length (child p dir d) = length punfolding child-def by simp **lemma** child-odd[simp]: $d < length p \implies odd$ (ix (child p dir d) d) unfolding child-def ix-def by (cases dir, auto) **lemma** child-eq: $p \mid d = (l, i) \Longrightarrow \exists j$. child p dir d = p[d := (l + 1, j)]**by** (*auto simp add: child-def ix-def lv-def*) **lemma** child-other: $d \neq d' \Longrightarrow$ child p dir $d \mid d' = p \mid d'$ **unfolding** child-def lv-def ix-def by (cases d' < length p, auto) lemma child-invariant: assumes d' < length p shows (child p dir $d \mid d' = p \mid d'$) $= (d \neq d')$ proof – obtain l i where p ! d' = (l, i) using prod.exhaust. with assms show ?thesis unfolding child-def ix-def lv-def by auto qed **lemma** child-single-level: $d < length p \implies lv$ (child p dir d) d > lv p dunfolding *lv-def child-def* by *simp* **lemma** child-lv: $d < length p \implies lv$ (child p dir d) d = lv p d + 1unfolding child-def lv-def by simp lemma child-lv-other: assumes $d' \neq d$ shows lv (child p dir d') d = lv p dusing child-other[OF assms] unfolding lv-def by simp **lemma** child-ix-left: $d < length p \implies ix$ (child p left d) d = 2 * ix p d - 1**unfolding** child-def ix-def **by** simp **lemma** child-ix-right: $d < length p \implies ix$ (child p right d) d = 2 * ix p d + 1**unfolding** child-def ix-def **by** simp **lemma** child-ix: $d < \text{length } p \implies ix (\text{child } p \text{ dir } d) \ d = 2 * ix \ p \ d + sgn \ dir$ **unfolding** child-def ix-def **by** simp **lemma** child-level[simp]: **assumes** d < length pshows level (child p dir d) = level p + 1proof – have inter: $\{0, < length \ p\} \cap \{d\} = \{d\}$ using assmed by auto have level (child p dir d) =

 $(\sum d' = 0.. < length p. if d' \in \{d\} then lv p d + 1 else lv p d')$ by (auto intro!: sum.cong simp add: child-lv-other child-lv level-def) moreover have level p + 1 = $(\sum d' = 0.. < length p. if d' \in \{d\} then lv p d else lv p d') + 1$ by (auto intro!: sum.cong simp add: child-lv-other child-lv level-def) ultimately show ?thesis **unfolding** sum.If-cases[OF finite-atLeastLessThan] inter using assms by auto qed **lemma** child-ex-neighbour: \exists b'. child b dir d = child b' (inv dir) d proof **show** child b dir d = child (b[d := (lv b d, ix b d + sqn dir)]) (inv dir) d unfolding child-def ix-def lv-def by (cases d < length b, auto simp add: algebra-simps) qed **lemma** child-level-gt[simp]: level (child p dir d) >= level pby (cases d < length p, simp, simp add: child-def) lemma child-estimate-child: **assumes** d < length pand $l \leq lv p d$ and *i'*-range: ix $p \ d < (i + 1) * 2^{(lv p d - l)} \land$ $ix \ p \ d > (i - 1) * 2 (lv \ p \ d - l)$ (is ?top $p \land$?bottom p) and is-child: $p' = child \ p \ dir \ d$ shows ?top $p' \land$?bottom p'proof from *is-child* and $\langle d < length p \rangle$ have lv p' d = lv p d + 1 by (auto simp add: child-def ix-def lv-def) hence lv p' d - l = lv p d - l + 1 using $\langle lv p d \rangle = l \rangle$ by auto hence pow-l'': $(2^{(lv p' d - l)} :: int) = 2 * 2^{(lv p d - l)}$ by auto show ?top p'proof – from *is-child* and $\langle d < length p \rangle$ have $ix p' d \le 2 * (ix p d) + 1$ by (cases dir, auto simp add: child-def lv-def ix-def) also have $\ldots < (i + 1) * (2 * 2^{(lv p d - l)})$ using i'-range by auto finally show ?thesis using pow-l" by auto qed **show** ?bottom p'proof have (i - 1) * 2 (lv p' d - l) = 2 * ((i - 1) * 2 (lv p d - l))using pow-l'' by simpalso have $\ldots < 2 * ix p d - 1$ using i'-range by auto finally show ?thesis using is-child and $\langle d < length p \rangle$

```
by (cases dir, auto simp add: child-def lv-def ix-def)
 qed
qed
lemma child-neighbour: assumes child p (inv dir) d = child ps dir d (is ?c-p =
?c-ps)
 shows ps = p[d := (lv \ p \ d, ix \ p \ d - sgn \ dir)] (is - = ?ps)
proof (rule nth-equalityI)
  have length ?c-ps = length ?c-p using (?c-p = ?c-ps) by simp
 hence len-eq: length ps = length p by simp
 thus length ps = length ?ps by simp
 show ps ! i = ?ps ! i if i < length ps for i
 proof -
   have i < length p
     using that len-eq by auto
   show ps \mid i = ?ps \mid i
   proof (cases d = i)
     case [simp]: True
     have ?c-p ! i = ?c-ps ! i using (?c-p = ?c-ps) by auto
     hence ix \ p \ i = ix \ ps \ d + sgn \ dir \ and \ lv \ p \ i = lv \ ps \ i
      by (auto simp add: child-def
        nth-list-update-eq[OF \langle i < length p \rangle]
        nth-list-update-eq[OF \langle i < length ps \rangle])
     thus ?thesis by (simp add: lv-def ix-def \langle i < length p \rangle)
   \mathbf{next}
     assume d \neq i
     with child-other [OF this, of ps dir] child-other [OF this, of p inv dir]
     show ?thesis using assms by auto
   qed
 qed
\mathbf{qed}
definition start :: nat \Rightarrow qrid-point
where
  start dm = replicate \ dm \ (0, 1)
lemma start-lv[simp]: d < dm \implies lv (start dm) d = 0
  unfolding start-def lv-def by simp
lemma start-ix[simp]: d < dm \implies ix (start dm) d = 1
  unfolding start-def ix-def by simp
lemma start-length[simp]: length (start dm) = dm
  unfolding start-def by auto
lemma level-start-0[simp]: level (start dm) = 0
```

using level-def by auto

 \mathbf{end}

2 Sparse Grids

theory Grid imports Grid-Point begin

2.1 Vectors

type-synonym $vector = grid-point \Rightarrow real$

definition *null-vector* :: *vector* **where** *null-vector* $\equiv \lambda \ p. \ \theta$

definition sum-vector :: vector \Rightarrow vector \Rightarrow vector where sum-vector $\alpha \ \beta \equiv \lambda \ p. \ \alpha \ p + \beta \ p$

2.2 Inductive enumeration of all grid points

inductive-set $grid :: grid-point \Rightarrow nat set \Rightarrow grid-point set$ for b :: grid-point and ds :: nat setwhere Start[intro!]: $b \in grid \ b \ ds$ | Child[intro!]: $\llbracket p \in grid \ b \ ds \ ; \ d \in ds \ \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$ child $p \ dir \ d \in grid \ b \ ds$ **lemma** grid-length[simp]: $p' \in$ grid p ds \implies length p' = length pby (erule grid.induct, auto) **lemma** grid-union-dims: $[\![ds \subseteq ds' ; p \in grid \ b \ ds]\!] \implies p \in grid \ b \ ds'$ by (erule grid.induct, auto) **lemma** grid-transitive: $[a \in grid \ b \ ds ; b \in grid \ c \ ds' ; ds' \subseteq ds'' ; ds \subseteq ds'']$ $\implies a \in grid \ c \ ds''$ by (erule grid.induct, auto simp add: grid-union-dims) **lemma** grid-child[intro?]: assumes $d \in ds$ and p-grid: $p \in grid$ (child b dir d) ds shows $p \in grid \ b \ ds$ using $\langle d \in ds \rangle$ grid-transitive[OF p-grid] by auto **lemma** grid-single-level[simp]: **assumes** $p \in grid \ b \ ds$ and $d < length \ b$ shows $lv \ b \ d \leq lv \ p \ d$ using assms **proof** *induct* case (Child p' d' dir) **thus** ?case by (cases d' = d, auto simp add: child-def ix-def lv-def)

qed auto

```
lemma grid-child-level:
 assumes d < length b
 and p-grid: p \in grid (child b dir d) ds
 shows lv \ b \ d < lv \ p \ d
proof -
 have lv \ b \ d < lv (child b dir d) d using child-lv[OF \langle d < length \ b \rangle] by auto
 also have \ldots \leq lv \ p \ d using p-grid assms by (intro grid-single-level) auto
 finally show ?thesis .
qed
lemma child-out: length p \leq d \Longrightarrow child p dir d = p
 unfolding child-def by auto
lemma grid-dim-remove:
 assumes inset: p \in grid \ b \ (\{d\} \cup ds)
 and eq: d < length \ b \Longrightarrow p \ ! \ d = b \ ! \ d
 shows p \in grid \ b \ ds
  using inset eq
\mathbf{proof} \ induct
  case (Child p' d' dir)
 show ?case
 proof (cases d' \ge length p')
   case True with child-out[OF this]
   show ?thesis using Child by auto
  next
   case False hence d' < length p' by simp
   show ?thesis
   proof (cases d' = d)
     case True
     hence lv \ b \ d \leq lv \ p' \ d and lv \ p' \ d < lv (child p' \ dir \ d) d
       using child-single-level Child \langle d' < length p' \rangle by auto
      hence False using Child and \langle d' = d \rangle and lv-def and \langle \neg d' \geq length p' \rangle
by auto
     thus ?thesis ..
   next
     case False
     hence d' \in ds using Child by auto
     moreover have d < length \ b \Longrightarrow p' \mid d = b \mid d
     proof -
       assume d < length b
       hence d < length p' using Child by auto
       hence child p' dir d' ! d = p' ! d using child-invariant and False by auto
       thus ?thesis using Child and \langle d < length b \rangle by auto
     qed
     hence p' \in qrid \ b \ ds using Child by auto
     ultimately show ?thesis using grid. Child by auto
   qed
```

qed $\mathbf{qed} \ auto$ **lemma** gridgen-dim-restrict: assumes inset: $p \in qrid \ b \ (ds' \cup ds)$ and eq: $\forall d \in ds'$. $d \geq length b$ shows $p \in grid \ b \ ds$ using inset eq proof induct case (Child p' d dir) thus ?case **proof** (cases $d \in ds$) case False thus ?thesis using Child and child-def by auto qed auto $\mathbf{qed} \ auto$ **lemma** grid-dim-remove-outer: grid $b \, ds = \text{grid } b \, \{d \in ds. \, d < \text{length } b\}$ proof have $\{d \in ds. d < length b\} \subseteq ds$ by auto **from** grid-union-dims[OF this] **show** grid b { $d \in ds$. d < length b} \subseteq grid b ds by auto have $ds = (ds - \{d \in ds. d < length b\}) \cup \{d \in ds. d < length b\}$ by auto moreover have grid b $((ds - \{d \in ds. d < length b\}) \cup \{d \in ds. d < length b\}) \subseteq grid b$ $\{d \in ds. d < length b\}$ proof fix passume $p \in grid \ b \ (ds - \{d \in ds. \ d < length \ b\} \cup \{d \in ds. \ d < length \ b\})$ **moreover have** $\forall d \in (ds - \{d \in ds. d < length b\})$. $d \geq length b$ by auto ultimately show $p \in grid \ b \ \{d \in ds. \ d < length \ b\}$ by (rule gridgen-dim-restrict) qed ultimately show grid b $ds \subseteq grid b \{d \in ds. d < length b\}$ by auto qed **lemma** grid-level[intro]: assumes $p \in \text{grid } b$ ds shows level b < level pproof – have *: length p = length b using grid-length assms by auto { fix i assume $i \in \{0 ... < length p\}$ hence $lv \ b \ i \leq lv \ p \ i \ using \ \langle p \in grid \ b \ ds \rangle$ and $grid-single-level * by \ auto$ } thus ?thesis unfolding level-def * by (auto intro!: sum-mono) qed **lemma** grid-empty-ds[simp]: grid b $\{\} = \{b\}$ proof have $!! z. z \in grid b \{\} \Longrightarrow z = b$ by (erule grid.induct, auto) thus ?thesis by auto qed lemma grid-Start: assumes inset: $p \in grid \ b \ ds$ and eq: level $p = level \ b$ shows

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```
p = b
 using inset eq
proof induct
 case (Child p d dir)
 show ?case
 proof (cases d < length b)
   case True
   from Child
   have level p \ge level b by auto
   moreover
   have level p \leq level (child p dir d) by (rule child-level-gt)
   hence level p \leq level b using Child by auto
   ultimately have level p = level b by auto
   hence p = b using Child(2) by auto
   with Child(4) have level (child b dir d) = level b by auto
   moreover have level (child b dir d) \neq level b using child-level and \langle d \rangle
length b by auto
   ultimately show ?thesis by auto
 \mathbf{next}
   case False
   with Child have length p = length b by auto
   with False have child p dir d = p using child-def by auto
   moreover with Child have level p = level b by auto
   with Child(2) have p = b by auto
   ultimately show ?thesis by auto
 qed
qed auto
lemma grid-estimate:
 assumes d < length b and p-grid: p \in grid b ds
 shows ix p \ d < (ix \ b \ d + 1) * 2 (lv \ p \ d - lv \ b \ d) \land ix \ p \ d > (ix \ b \ d - 1) *
2 (lv p d - lv b d)
 using p-grid
proof induct
 case (Child p d' dir)
 show ?case
 proof (cases d = d')
   case False with Child show ?thesis unfolding child-def lv-def ix-def by auto
 next
   case True with child-estimate-child and Child and \langle d < length b \rangle
   show ?thesis using grid-single-level by auto
 qed
qed auto
lemma grid-odd: assumes d < length b and p-diff: p \mid d \neq b \mid d and p-grid: p
\in grid b ds
 shows odd (ix \ p \ d)
 using p-grid and p-diff
proof induct
 case (Child p d' dir)
 show ?case
```

proof (cases d = d') case True with child-odd and $\langle d < length b \rangle$ and Child show ?thesis by auto next case False with Child and $\langle d \rangle$ length b) show ?thesis using child-def and *ix-def* and *lv-def* by *auto* qed qed auto **lemma** grid-invariant: assumes d < length b and $d \notin ds$ and p-grid: $p \in grid b$ dsshows $p \mid d = b \mid d$ using p-grid **proof** (*induct*) case (Child p d' dir) hence $d' \neq d$ using $\langle d \notin ds \rangle$ by auto thus ?case using child-def and Child by auto **qed** auto **lemma** grid-part: assumes d < length b and p-valid: $p \in qrid b \{d\}$ and p'-valid: $p' \in qrid \ b \ \{d\}$ and level: $lv p' d \ge lv p d$ and right: ix $p' d \leq (ix p d + 1) * 2 (lv p' d - lv p d)$ (is ?right p p' d) and left: ix $p' d \ge (ix p d - 1) * 2 (lv p' d - lv p d)$ (is ?left p p' d) shows $p' \in grid \ p \ \{d\}$ using p'-valid left right level and p-valid proof induct case (Child p' d' dir) hence d = d' by *auto* let ?child = child p' dir d' show ?case **proof** (cases lv p d = lv?child d) case False moreover have lv ?child d = lv p' d + 1 using child-lv and $\langle d < length b \rangle$ and Child and $\langle d = d' \rangle$ by auto ultimately have lv p d < lv p' d + 1 using Child by auto hence lv: Suc (lv p' d) - lv p d = Suc (lv p' d - lv p d) by auto have $?left p p' d \land ?right p p' d$ proof (cases dir) case *left* with Child have $2 * ix p' d - 1 \leq (ix p d + 1) * 2 (Suc (lv p' d) - lv p d)$ using $\langle d = d' \rangle$ and $\langle d < length b \rangle$ by (auto simp add: child-def ix-def lv-def) also have $\ldots = 2 * (ix p d + 1) * 2 (lv p' d - lv p d)$ using lv by autofinally have 2 * ix p' d - 2 < 2 * (ix p d + 1) * 2 (lv p' d - lv p d) by autoalso have $\ldots = 2 * ((ix p d + 1) * 2^{(lv p' d - lv p d)})$ by auto finally have left-r: ix $p' d \leq (ix p d + 1) * 2^{(lv p' d - lv p d)}$ by auto have 2 * ((ix p d - 1) * 2(lv p' d - lv p d)) = 2 * (ix p d - 1) * 2(lv p' d)d - lv p d **by** auto also have $\ldots = (ix \ p \ d - 1) * 2 (Suc \ (lv \ p' \ d) - lv \ p \ d)$ using lv by auto

also have $\ldots \leq 2 * ix p' d - 1$

using left and Child and $\langle d = d' \rangle$ and $\langle d < length b \rangle$ by (auto simp add: child-def ix-def lv-def)

finally have right-r: $((ix \ p \ d - 1) * 2 (lv \ p' \ d - lv \ p \ d)) \leq ix \ p' \ d$ by auto

show ?thesis using left-r and right-r by auto

 \mathbf{next}

case right

with Child have $2 * ix p' d + 1 \le (ix p d + 1) * 2 \cap (Suc (lv p' d) - lv p d)$ using $\langle d = d' \rangle$ and $\langle d < length b \rangle$ by (auto simp add: child-def ix-def lv-def) also have $\ldots = 2 * (ix p d + 1) * 2 \cap (lv p' d - lv p d)$ using lv by auto finally have $2 * ix p' d < 2 * (ix p d + 1) * 2 \cap (lv p' d - lv p d)$ by auto also have $\ldots = 2 * ((ix p d + 1) * 2 \cap (lv p' d - lv p d))$ by auto finally have left-r: $ix p' d \le (ix p d + 1) * 2 \cap (lv p' d - lv p d)$ by auto

have 2 * ((ix p d - 1) * 2(lv p' d - lv p d)) = 2 * (ix p d - 1) * 2(lv p' d - lv p d)) = 2 * (ix p d - 1) * 2(lv p' d - lv p d)

also have $\ldots = (ix \ p \ d - 1) * 2 (Suc \ (lv \ p' \ d) - lv \ p \ d)$ using lv by *auto* also have $\ldots \le 2 * ix \ p' \ d + 1$

using right and Child and $\langle d = d' \rangle$ and $\langle d < length b \rangle$ by (auto simp add: child-def ix-def lv-def)

also have $\ldots < 2 * (ix p' d + 1)$ by *auto* finally have *right-r*: $((ix p d - 1) * 2 (lv p' d - lv p d)) \le ix p' d$ by *auto*

show ?thesis using left-r and right-r by auto qed

with Child and lv have $p' \in grid \ p \ \{d\}$ by auto thus ?thesis using $\langle d = d' \rangle$ by auto

 \mathbf{next}

case True

moreover with Child have ?left p ?child $d \land$?right p ?child d by auto ultimately have range: ix $p \ d - 1 \leq ix$?child $d \land ix$?child $d \leq ix \ p \ d + 1$ by auto

have $p ! d \neq b ! d$ proof (rule ccontr) assume $\neg (p ! d \neq b ! d)$ with $\langle lv \ p \ d = lv \ ?child \ d \rangle$ have $lv \ b \ d = lv \ ?child \ d$ by (auto simp add: $lv \cdot def$) hence $lv \ b \ d = lv \ p' \ d + 1$ using $\langle d = d' \rangle$ and Child and $\langle d < length \ b \rangle$ and child-lv by auto moreover have $lv \ b \ d \leq lv \ p' \ d$ using $\langle d = d' \rangle$ and Child and $\langle d < length \ b \rangle$ b) and grid-single-level by auto

ultimately show False by auto

qed

hence odd (ix p d) using grid-odd and $\langle p \in grid \ b \ \{d\} \rangle$ and $\langle d < length \ b \rangle$ by auto

hence \neg odd (ix $p \ d + 1$) and \neg odd (ix $p \ d - 1$) by auto

have d < length p' using $\langle p' \in grid b \{d\} \rangle$ and $\langle d < length b \rangle$ by auto hence odd-child: odd (ix ?child d) using child-odd and $\langle d = d' \rangle$ by auto

```
have ix p d - 1 \neq ix ?child d
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume \neg (ix p \ d - 1 \neq ix ?child d)
     hence odd (ix p d - 1) using odd-child by auto
      thus False using \langle \neg \ odd \ (ix \ p \ d - 1) \rangle by auto
   \mathbf{qed}
   moreover
   have ix \ p \ d + 1 \neq ix ?child d
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume \neg (ix p \ d + 1 \neq ix ?child d)
     hence odd (ix p d + 1) using odd-child by auto
     thus False using \langle \neg \ odd \ (ix \ p \ d + 1) \rangle by auto
   qed
   ultimately have ix p \ d = ix ?child d using range by auto
    with True have d-eq: p \mid d = (?child) \mid d by (auto simp add: prod-eqI ix-def
lv-def)
    have length p = length ?child using \langle p \in grid \ b \ \{d\} \rangle and \langle p' \in grid \ b \ \{d\} \rangle
by auto
   moreover have p ! d'' = ?child ! d''  if d'' < length p for d''
   proof -
     have d'' < length b using that \langle p \in grid \ b \ \{d\} \rangle by auto
     show p \mid d'' = ?child \mid d''
     proof (cases d = d'')
       case True with d-eq show ?thesis by auto
      next
       case False hence d'' \notin \{d\} by auto
       from \langle d'' < length b \rangle and this and \langle p \in grid b \{d\} \rangle
       have p \mid d'' = b \mid d'' by (rule grid-invariant)
       also have \ldots = p' ! d'' \text{ using } \langle d'' < \text{length } b \rangle \text{ and } \langle d'' \notin \{d\} \rangle \text{ and } \langle p' \in \{d\} \rangle
grid b \{d\}
          by (rule grid-invariant[symmetric])
       also have \ldots = ?child ! d''
       proof -
         have d'' < length p' using \langle d'' < length b \rangle and \langle p' \in grid b \{d\} \rangle by auto
          hence ?child ! d'' = p' ! d'' using child-invariant and \langle d \neq d'' \rangle and \langle d
= d' \mathbf{by} auto
          thus ?thesis by auto
       qed
       finally show ?thesis .
     qed
   qed
   ultimately have p = ?child by (rule nth-equalityI)
   thus ?child \in grid p \{d\} by auto
  qed
next
```

case Start moreover hence $lv \ b \ d \leq lv \ p \ d$ using grid-single-level and $\langle d < length \ b \rangle$ by autoultimately have $lv \ b \ d = lv \ p \ d$ by *auto* have level p = level bproof – { fix d' assume d' < length bhave $lv \ b \ d' = lv \ p \ d'$ **proof** (cases d = d') case True with $\langle lv \ b \ d = lv \ p \ d \rangle$ show ?thesis by auto next case False hence $d' \notin \{d\}$ by auto from $\langle d' < length b \rangle$ and this and $\langle p \in qrid b \{d\} \rangle$ have $p \mid d' = b \mid d'$ by (rule grid-invariant) thus ?thesis by (auto simp add: lv-def) qed } **moreover have** length b = length p using $\langle p \in grid \ b \ \{d\} \rangle$ by auto ultimately show ?thesis by (rule level-all-eq) qed hence p = b using grid-Start and $\langle p \in grid \ b \ \{d\} \rangle$ by auto thus ?case by auto qed lemma grid-disjunct: assumes d < length p**shows** grid (child p left d) $ds \cap grid$ (child p right d) $ds = \{\}$ (is grid ?! $ds \cap grid$?r $ds = \{\}$) **proof** (*intro set-eqI iffI*) fix xassume $x \in grid ?l ds \cap grid ?r ds$ hence $ix \ x \ d < (ix \ ?l \ d + 1) * 2 (lv \ x \ d - lv \ ?l \ d)$ and $ix \ x \ d > (ix \ ?r \ d - 1) * 2 (lv \ x \ d - lv \ ?r \ d)$ using grid-estimate $\langle d < length p \rangle$ by auto thus $x \in \{\}$ using $\langle d < length p \rangle$ and child-lv and child-ix by auto qed auto **lemma** grid-level-eq: assumes eq: $\forall d \in ds$. lv p d = lv b d and grid: $p \in grid b$ dsshows level p = level b**proof** (*rule level-all-eq*) { fix i assume i < length bshow $lv \ b \ i = lv \ p \ i$ **proof** (cases $i \in ds$) case True with eq show ?thesis by auto **next case** False with (i < length b) and grid show ?thesis using *lv-def* ix-def grid-invariant by auto qed } show length $b = length \ p$ using grid by auto qed

lemma grid-partition: grid $p \{d\} = \{p\} \cup grid (child p left d) \{d\} \cup grid (child p right d) \{d\}$ (**is** - = - \cup grid ?l {d} \cup grid ?r {d})proof have !! x. $[x \in grid \ p \ \{d\} ; x \neq p ; x \notin grid \ ?r \ \{d\}]] \implies x \in grid \ ?l \ \{d\}$ **proof** (cases d < length p) case True fix xlet ?nr-r p = ix x d > (ix p d + 1) * 2 (lv x d - lv p d)let $?nr-l \ p = (ix \ p \ d - 1) * 2 \ \widehat{} (lv \ x \ d - lv \ p \ d) > ix \ x \ d$ have *ix-r-eq*: *ix* ?*r* d = 2 * ix p d + 1 using $\langle d \rangle$ length $p \rangle$ and child-ix by autohave *lv-r-eq*: *lv* ?*r* d = lv p d + 1 using $\langle d < length p \rangle$ and *child-lv* by *auto* have *ix-l-eq*: *ix* ?*l* d = 2 * ix p d - 1 using $\langle d < length p \rangle$ and *child-ix* by autohave lv-l-eq: lv ?l d = lv p d + 1 using $\langle d < length p \rangle$ and child-lv by auto assume $x \in grid \ p \ \{d\}$ and $x \neq p$ and $x \notin grid \ r \ \{d\}$ hence $lv p d \leq lv x d$ using grid-single-level and $\langle d \rangle$ length $p \rangle$ by auto moreover have $lv \ p \ d \neq lv \ x \ d$ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume $\neg lv p d \neq lv x d$ hence level x = level p using $\langle x \in grid p \{d\} \rangle$ and grid-level-eq[where $ds = \{d\}$ by auto hence x = p using grid-Start and $\langle x \in grid \ p \ \{d\} \rangle$ by auto thus False using $\langle x \neq p \rangle$ by auto qed ultimately have lv p d < lv x d by *auto* hence $lv ?r d \leq lv x d$ and $?r \in grid p \{d\}$ using child-lv and $\langle d < length p \rangle$ by auto with $\langle d < length p \rangle$ and $\langle x \in grid p \{d\} \rangle$ have *r*-range: \neg ?*nr*-*r* ?*r* $\land \neg$?*nr*-*l* ?*r* \Longrightarrow *x* \in grid ?*r* {*d*} using grid-part[where p = ?r and p' = x and b = p and d = d] by auto have $x \notin grid ?r \{d\} \implies ?nr-l ?r \lor ?nr-r ?r$ by (rule ccontr, auto simp add: r-range) hence $?nr-l ?r \lor ?nr-r ?r$ using $\langle x \notin grid ?r \{d\} \rangle$ by auto have $gt\theta$: lv x d - lv p d > 0 using $\langle lv p d \langle lv x d \rangle$ by auto have *ix-shift*: *ix* ?r d = ix ?l d + 2 and *lv-lr*: *lv* ?r d = lv ?l d and *right1*: !! x :: int. x + 2 - 1 = x + 1using $\langle d < length p \rangle$ and child-ix and child-lv by auto have $lv \ x \ d - lv \ p \ d = Suc \ (lv \ x \ d - (lv \ p \ d + 1))$ using $gt\theta$ by auto

hence *lv-shift*: !! y :: *int*. $y * 2 \cap (lv \ x \ d - lv \ p \ d) = y * 2 * 2 \cap (lv \ x \ d - (lv \ d - lv \ p \ d))$ p d + 1))by auto have $ix \ x \ d < (ix \ p \ d + 1) * 2 \ (lv \ x \ d - lv \ p \ d)$ using $\langle x \in grid \ p \ \{d\} \rangle$ grid-estimate and $\langle d < length \ p \rangle$ by auto **also have** ... = $(ix ?r d + 1) * 2 \cap (lv x d - lv ?r d)$ using $\langle lv \ p \ d < lv \ x \ d \rangle$ and *ix-r-eq* and *lv-r-eq lv-shift*[where $y=ix \ p \ d + 1$] by auto finally have ?nr-l ?r using $(?nr-l ?r \lor ?nr-r ?r)$ by auto hence *r*-bound: (ix ?l d + 1) * 2 (lv x d - lv ?l d) > ix x dunfolding *ix-shift lv-lr* using *right1* by *auto* have $(ix ?l d - 1) * 2 \cap (lv x d - lv ?l d) = (ix p d - 1) * 2 * 2 \cap (lv x d - lv ?l d)$ $(lv \ p \ d + 1))$ unfolding *ix-l-eq lv-l-eq* by *auto* also have $\ldots = (ix \ p \ d - 1) * 2 \cap (lv \ x \ d - lv \ p \ d)$ using *lv-shift*[where y=ix p d - 1] by *auto* also have $\ldots < ix x d$ using $\langle x \in grid \ p \ \{d\} \rangle$ grid-estimate and $\langle d < length \ p \rangle$ by auto finally have *l*-bound: $(ix ?l d - 1) * 2 \cap (lv x d - lv ?l d) < ix x d$. **from** *l*-bound *r*-bound $\langle d < length p \rangle$ and $\langle x \in grid p \{d\} \rangle \langle lv ?r d \leq lv x d \rangle$ and *lv-lr* show $x \in qrid ?l \{d\}$ using qrid-part[where p=?l and p'=x and d=d] by auto**qed** (*auto simp add: child-def*) thus ?thesis by (auto intro: grid-child) qed **lemma** grid-change-dim: **assumes** grid: $p \in$ grid b ds shows $p[d := X] \in grid$ (b[d := X]) ds using grid proof induct case (Child p d' dir) show ?case **proof** (cases $d \neq d'$) case True have $(child \ p \ dir \ d')[d := X] = child \ (p[d := X]) \ dir \ d'$ unfolding child-def and ix-def and lv-def unfolding *list-update-swap*[$OF \langle d \neq d' \rangle$] and *nth-list-update-neq*[$OF \langle d \neq d' \rangle$] d'. thus ?thesis using Child by auto \mathbf{next} case False hence d = d' by auto with Child show ?thesis unfolding child-def $\langle d = d' \rangle$ list-update-overwrite by auto ged qed auto **lemma** grid-change-dim-child: **assumes** grid: $p \in$ grid b ds **and** $d \notin$ ds

shows child p dir $d \in grid$ (child b dir d) ds **proof** (cases d < length b) **case** True **thus** ?thesis **using** grid-change-dim[OF grid] **unfolding** child-def lv-def ix-def grid-invariant [OF True $\langle d \notin ds \rangle$ grid] by auto next case False hence length $b \leq d$ and length $p \leq d$ using grid by auto thus ?thesis unfolding child-def using list-update-beyond assms by auto qed lemma grid-split: assumes grid: $p \in qrid \ b \ (ds' \cup ds)$ shows $\exists x \in qrid \ b \ ds. p$ \in grid x ds' using grid **proof** induct **case** (*Child* p d dir) show ?case **proof** (cases $d \in ds'$) case True with Child show ?thesis by auto \mathbf{next} case False hence $d \in ds$ using Child by auto obtain x where $x \in grid \ b \ ds$ and $p \in grid \ x \ ds'$ using Child by auto hence child x dir $d \in grid b ds$ using $\langle d \in ds \rangle$ by auto **moreover have** child p dir $d \in grid$ (child x dir d) ds'using $\langle p \in grid \ x \ ds' \rangle$ False and grid-change-dim-child by auto ultimately show ?thesis by auto qed qed auto **lemma** grid-union-eq: ([] $p \in grid \ b \ ds$. grid $p \ ds'$) = grid $b \ (ds' \cup ds)$ using grid-split and grid-transitive where $ds'' = ds' \cup ds$ and ds = ds' and ds' = ds, OF - - Un-upper2 Un-upper1] by auto lemma grid-onedim-split: grid b $(ds \cup \{d\}) = grid b ds \cup grid (child b left d) (ds \cup \{d\}) \cup grid (child b$ right d) $(ds \cup \{d\})$ (**is** - = ? $g \cup ?l (ds \cup \{d\}) \cup ?r (ds \cup \{d\}))$ proof – have $?g \cup ?l (ds \cup \{d\}) \cup ?r (ds \cup \{d\}) = ?g \cup (\bigcup p \in ?l \{d\}, grid p ds) \cup$ $(\bigcup p \in ?r \{d\}. grid p ds)$ unfolding grid-union-eq .. also have $\ldots = (\lfloor f \rangle p \in (\{b\} \cup ?l \{d\} \cup ?r \{d\})$. grid p ds) by auto also have $\ldots = (\bigcup p \in grid \ b \ \{d\}, grid \ p \ ds)$ unfolding grid-partition where p=b].. finally show ?thesis unfolding grid-union-eq by auto qed **lemma** grid-child-without-parent: assumes grid: $p \in \text{grid}$ (child b dir d) ds (is p \in grid ?c ds) and d < length b shows $p \neq b$ proof have level ?c < level p using grid by (rule grid-level) hence level b < level p using child-level and $\langle d < length b \rangle$ by auto thus ?thesis by auto

qed

lemma grid-disjunct': assumes $p \in grid \ b \ ds$ and $p' \in grid \ b \ ds$ and $x \in grid \ p \ ds'$ and $p \neq p'$ and $ds \cap ds' = \{\}$ shows $x \notin grid p' ds'$ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume $\neg x \notin grid p' ds'$ hence $x \in grid p' ds'$ by *auto* have l: length b = length p and l': length b = length p' using $\langle p \in qrid b ds \rangle$ and $\langle p' \in grid \ b \ ds \rangle$ by auto hence length p' = length p by auto **moreover have** $\forall d < length p'. p' ! d = p ! d$ **proof** (*rule allI*, *rule impI*) fix d assume dl': d < length p' hence d < length b using l' by auto hence dl: d < length p using l by autoshow $p' \mid d = p \mid d$ **proof** (cases $d \in ds'$) case True with $\langle ds \cap ds' = \{\}\rangle$ have $d \notin ds$ by auto hence $p' \mid d = b \mid d$ and $p \mid d = b \mid d$ using $\langle d < length b \rangle \langle p' \in grid b ds \rangle$ and $\langle p \in grid b ds \rangle$ and grid-invariantby auto thus ?thesis by auto \mathbf{next} case False show ?thesis using grid-invariant [OF dl' False $\langle x \in grid \ p' \ ds' \rangle$] and grid-invariant [OF dl False $\langle x \in grid \ p \ ds' \rangle$] by auto qed ged ultimately have p' = p by (metis nth-equalityI) thus False using $\langle p \neq p' \rangle$ by auto qed **lemma** grid-split1: assumes grid: $p \in \text{grid } b \ (ds' \cup ds)$ and $ds \cap ds' = \{\}$ shows $\exists ! x \in grid \ b \ ds. \ p \in grid \ x \ ds'$ **proof** (*rule ex-ex11*) obtain x where $x \in grid \ b \ ds$ and $p \in grid \ x \ ds'$ using $grid-split[OF \ grid]$ by autothus $\exists x. x \in grid \ b \ ds \land p \in grid \ x \ ds'$ by auto \mathbf{next} fix x y**assume** $x \in grid \ b \ ds \land p \in grid \ x \ ds'$ and $y \in grid \ b \ ds \land p \in grid \ y \ ds'$ hence $x \in grid \ b \ ds$ and $p \in grid \ x \ ds'$ and $y \in grid \ b \ ds$ and $p \in grid \ y \ ds'$ by *auto* show x = y**proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume $x \neq y$ **from** grid-disjunct' $OF \langle x \in grid \ b \ ds \rangle \langle y \in grid \ b \ ds \rangle \langle p \in grid \ x \ ds' \rangle$ this $\langle ds \rangle$ $\cap ds' = \{\}\}$ show False using $\langle p \in grid \ y \ ds' \rangle$ by auto qed

2.3 Grid Restricted to a Level

definition $lgrid :: grid-point \Rightarrow nat set \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow grid-point set$ where $lgrid \ b \ ds \ lm = \{ p \in grid \ b \ ds. \ level \ p < lm \}$

```
lemma lgridI[intro]:
 \llbracket p \in grid \ b \ ds \ ; \ level \ p < lm \ \rrbracket \implies p \in lgrid \ b \ ds \ lm
 unfolding lgrid-def by simp
lemma lgridE[elim]:
 assumes p \in lgrid \ b \ ds \ lm
 assumes [\![ p \in grid \ b \ ds \ ; \ level \ p < lm \ ]\!] \Longrightarrow P
 shows P
 using assms unfolding lgrid-def by auto
lemma lgridI-child[intro]:
  d \in ds \Longrightarrow p \in lgrid (child \ b \ dir \ d) \ ds \ lm \Longrightarrow p \in lgrid \ b \ ds \ lm
 by (auto intro: grid-child)
lemma lgrid-empty[simp]: lgrid p ds (level p) = \{\}
proof (rule equals0I)
 fix p' assume p' \in lgrid p ds (level p)
 hence level p' < level p and level p \leq level p' by auto
  thus False by auto
qed
lemma lgrid-empty': assumes lm \leq level p shows lgrid p ds lm = \{\}
proof (rule equals0I)
 fix p' assume p' \in lgrid \ p \ ds \ lm
 hence level p' < lm and level p \leq level p' by auto
 thus False using \langle lm \leq level p \rangle by auto
qed
lemma grid-not-child:
 assumes [simp]: d < length p
 shows p \notin grid (child p dir d) ds
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg ?thesis
 have level p < level (child p dir d) by auto
  with grid-level[OF \langle \neg ?thesis \rangle [unfolded not-not]]
 show False by auto
qed
```

2.4 Unbounded Sparse Grid

definition sparsegrid' :: $nat \Rightarrow grid\text{-point set}$ where $sparsegrid' dm = grid (start dm) \{ 0 ... < dm \}$

qed

lemma grid-subset-alldim: **assumes** $p: p \in grid \ b \ ds$ **defines** $dm \equiv length \ b$ **shows** $p \in grid \ b \ \{0... < dm\}$ **proof have** $ds \cap \{dm..\} \cup ds \cap \{0... < dm\} = ds$ **by** auto **from** gridgen-dim-restrict[**where** $ds=ds \cap \{0... < dm\}$ **and** $ds'=ds \cap \{dm..\}$] this **have** $ds \cap \{0... < dm\} \subseteq \{0... < dm\}$ **and** $p \in grid \ b \ (ds \cap \{0... < dm\})$ **using** p **unfolding** dm-def **by** auto **thus** ?thesis **by** (rule grid-union-dims) **qed**

lemma sparsegrid'-length[simp]: $b \in sparsegrid' dm \Longrightarrow length \ b = dm$ unfolding sparsegrid'-def by auto

lemma sparsegrid'I[intro]: **assumes** $b: b \in sparsegrid' dm$ **and** $p: p \in grid b ds$ **shows** $p \in sparsegrid' dm$ **using** sparsegrid'-length[OF b] b grid-transitive[OF grid-subset-alldim[OF p], where c=start dm and $ds''=\{0..<dm\}$] **unfolding** sparsegrid'-def by auto

```
lemma sparsegrid'-start:

assumes b \in grid (start dm) ds

shows b \in sparsegrid' dm

unfolding sparsegrid'-def

using grid-subset-alldim[OF assms] by simp
```

2.5 Sparse Grid

definition sparsegrid :: $nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow grid-point$ set **where** $sparsegrid \ dm \ lm = lgrid \ (start \ dm) \ \{ \ 0 \ ..< dm \ \} \ lm$ **lemma** $sparsegrid-length: p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm \Longrightarrow length \ p = dm$ **by** $(auto \ simp: \ sparsegrid-def)$ **lemma** $sparsegrid-subset[intro]: p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm \Longrightarrow p \in sparsegrid' \ dm$ **unfolding** $sparsegrid-def \ sparsegrid'-def \ lgrid-def \ by \ auto$

```
lemma sparsegridI[intro]:

assumes p \in sparsegrid' dm and level p < lm

shows p \in sparsegrid dm lm

using assms unfolding sparsegrid'-def sparsegrid-def lgrid-def by auto
```

```
lemma sparsegrid-start:

assumes b \in lgrid (start dm) ds \ lm

shows b \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm
```

proof

have $b \in grid$ (start dm) ds using assms by auto thus $b \in sparsegrid' dm$ by (rule sparsegrid'-start) qed (insert assms, auto)

lemma sparsegridE[elim]: **assumes** $p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm$ **shows** $p \in sparsegrid' \ dm$ **and** $level \ p < lm$ **using** assms **unfolding** $sparsegrid'-def \ sparsegrid-def \ lgrid-def$ **by** auto

2.6 Compute Sparse Grid Points

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{fun } gridgen :: grid-point \Rightarrow nat set \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow grid-point \ list \\ \textbf{where} \\ gridgen p \ ds \ 0 = [] \\ | \ gridgen p \ ds \ (Suc \ l) = (let \\ sub = \lambda \ d. \ gridgen \ (child \ p \ left \ d) \ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d' \in ds \ . \ d' \leq d \ \right\} \ l \ @ \\ gridgen \ (child \ p \ right \ d) \ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d' \in ds \ . \ d' \leq d \ \right\} \ l \ @ \\ gridgen \ (child \ p \ right \ d) \ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d' \in ds \ . \ d' \leq d \ \right\} \ l \ @ \\ in \ p \ \# \ concat \ (map \ sub \ [\ d \leftarrow [0 \ ..< length \ p]. \ d \in ds])) \end{array} \right. \end{array}$

lemma gridgen-lgrid-eq: set (gridgen p ds l) = lgrid p ds (level p + l) **proof** (induct l arbitrary: p ds) **case** (Suc l) **let** ?subg dir d = set (gridgen (child p dir d) { $d' \in ds \cdot d' \leq d$ } l) **let** ?sub dir d = lgrid (child p dir d) { $d' \in ds \cdot d' \leq d$ } (level p + Suc l) **let** ?union F dm = {p} \cup (\bigcup $d \in$ { $d \in ds$. d < dm }. F left $d \cup F$ right d)

have hyp: !! dir d. $d < length \ p \implies ?subg \ dir \ d = ?sub \ dir \ d$ using Suc.hyps using child-level by auto

{ fix dm assume $dm \leq length p$ hence ?union ?sub dm = lgrid p { $d \in ds. d < dm$ } (level p + Suc l) proof (induct dm) case (Suc dm) hence $dm \leq length p$ by auto

let $?l = child \ p \ left \ dm$ and $?r = child \ p \ right \ dm$

have p-lgrid: $p \in lgrid \ p \ \{d \in ds. \ d < dm\}$ (level $p + Suc \ l$) by auto

show ?case proof (cases $dm \in ds$) case True let ? $ds = \{d \in ds. \ d < dm\} \cup \{dm\}$ have ds-eq: $\{d' \in ds. \ d' \le dm\} = ?ds$ using True by auto have ds-eq': $\{d \in ds. \ d < Suc \ dm\} = \{d \in ds. \ d < dm \} \cup \{dm\}$ using True by auto

have $?union ?sub (Suc dm) = ?union ?sub dm \cup (\{p\} \cup ?sub left dm \cup$

```
?sub right dm)
        unfolding ds-eq' by auto
       also have \ldots = lgrid \ p \ \{d \in ds. \ d < dm\} \ (level \ p + Suc \ l) \cup ?sub \ left \ dm
\cup ?sub right dm
        unfolding Suc.hyps[OF \langle dm \leq length p \rangle] using p-lgrid by auto
       also have \ldots = \{p' \in grid \ p \ \{d \in ds. \ d < dm\} \cup (grid \ ?l \ ?ds) \cup (grid \ ?r
?ds).
        level p' < level p + Suc l unfolding lgrid-def ds-eq by auto
       also have \ldots = lgrid \ p \ \{d \in ds. \ d < Suc \ dm\} \ (level \ p + Suc \ l)
        unfolding lgrid-def ds-eq' unfolding grid-onedim-split[where b=p]...
       finally show ?thesis .
     \mathbf{next}
       case False hence \{d \in ds. d < Suc dm\} = \{d \in ds. d < dm \lor d = dm\}
by auto
      hence ds-eq: \{d \in ds. d < Suc dm\} = \{d \in ds. d < dm\} using \langle dm \notin ds \rangle
by auto
       show ?thesis unfolding ds-eq Suc.hyps[OF \langle dm < length p \rangle]...
     qed
   next case 0 thus ?case unfolding lgrid-def by auto
   qed }
 hence ?union ?sub (length p) = lgrid p {d \in ds. d < length p} (level p + Suc l)
by auto
 hence union-lgrid-eq: ?union ?sub (length p) = lgrid p ds (level p + Suc l)
   unfolding lgrid-def using grid-dim-remove-outer by auto
 have set (gridgen \ p \ ds \ (Suc \ l)) = ?union ?subq (length \ p)
   unfolding gridgen.simps and Let-def by auto
 hence set (qridgen p \ ds \ (Suc \ l)) = ?union ?sub (length p)
   using hyp by auto
 also have \ldots = lgrid \ p \ ds \ (level \ p + Suc \ l)
   using union-lgrid-eq.
 finally show ?case .
qed auto
lemma gridgen-distinct: distinct (gridgen p ds l)
proof (induct l arbitrary: p ds)
 case (Suc l)
 let ?ds = [d \leftarrow [0.. < length p]. d \in ds]
 let ?left d = gridgen (child p left d) { d' \in ds . d' \leq d } l
 and ?right d = gridgen (child p right d) { d' \in ds . d' \leq d } l
 let ?sub d = ?left d @ ?right d
 have distinct (concat (map ?sub ?ds))
 proof (cases l)
   case (Suc l')
   have inj-on: inj-on ?sub (set ?ds)
   proof (rule inj-onI, rule ccontr)
     fix d d' assume d \in set ?ds and d' \in set ?ds
```

hence d < length p and $d \in set$? ds and d' < length p by auto assume *: ?sub d = ?sub d'have in-d: child p left $d \in set$ (?sub d) using $\langle d \in set ?ds \rangle$ Suc **by** (*auto simp add: gridgen-lgrid-eq lgrid-def grid-Start*) have in-d': child p left $d' \in set$ (?sub d') using $\langle d \in set ?ds \rangle$ Suc **by** (*auto simp add: gridgen-lgrid-eq lgrid-def grid-Start*) { fix p' d assume $d \in set ?ds$ and $p' \in set (?sub d)$ hence lv p d < lv p' dusing grid-child-level **by** (*auto simp add: gridgen-lgrid-eq lgrid-def grid-child-level*) } note level-less = thisassume $d \neq d'$ show False **proof** (cases d' < d) case True with $in - d' \langle sub \ d = sub \ d' \rangle$ level-less [OF $\langle d \in set \ sds \rangle$] have lv p d < lv (child p left d') d by simp thus False unfolding lv-def using child-invariant [OF $\langle d \rangle$ length $p \rangle$, of left $d' | \langle d \neq d' \rangle$ by auto \mathbf{next} case False hence d < d' using $\langle d \neq d' \rangle$ by auto with in-d (?sub d = ?sub d') level-less[OF ($d' \in set ?ds$)] have lv p d' < lv (child p left d) d' by simp thus False unfolding lv-def using child-invariant [OF $\langle d' \rangle$ length $p \rangle$, of left d] $\langle d \neq d' \rangle$ by *auto* qed qed show ?thesis **proof** (*rule distinct-concat*) **show** distinct (map ?sub ?ds) unfolding distinct-map using inj-on by simp next fix ys assume $ys \in set (map ?sub ?ds)$ then obtain d where $d \in ds$ and d < length pand *: ys = ?sub d by auto **show** distinct ys **unfolding** * using grid-disjunct [OF $\langle d \rangle$ length $p \rangle$, of $\{d' \in ds. d' \leq d\}$] $gridgen-lgrid-eq \ lgrid-def \ \langle distinct \ (?left \ d) \rangle \ \langle distinct \ (?right \ d) \rangle$ by auto next

```
fix ys zs
   assume ys \in set (map ?sub ?ds)
   then obtain d where ys: ys = ?sub d and d \in set ?ds by auto
   hence d < length p by auto
   assume zs \in set (map ?sub ?ds)
   then obtain d'where zs: zs = ?sub d' and d' \in set ?ds by auto
   hence d' < length p by auto
   assume ys \neq zs
   hence d' \neq d unfolding ys zs by auto
   show set ys \cap set zs = \{\}
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume \neg ?thesis
     then obtain p' where p' \in set (?sub d) and p' \in set (?sub d')
       unfolding ys zs by auto
     hence lv p d < lv p' d lv p d' < lv p' d'
       using grid-child-level \langle d \in set ?ds \rangle \langle d' \in set ?ds \rangle
       \mathbf{by} \ (auto \ simp \ add: \ gridgen-lgrid-eq \ lgrid-def \ grid-child-level)
     show False
     proof (cases d < d')
       case True
       from \langle p' \in set (?sub d) \rangle
       have p \mid d' = p' \mid d'
         using grid-invariant [of d' child p right d \{d' \in ds. d' \leq d\}]
         using grid-invariant [of d' child p left d {d' \in ds. d' \leq d}]
         using child-invariant [of d' - d] \langle d < d' \rangle \langle d' < length p \rangle
        using gridgen-lgrid-eq lgrid-def by auto
       thus False using \langle lv \ p \ d' \langle lv \ p' \ d' \rangle unfolding lv-def by auto
     next
       case False hence d' < d using \langle d' \neq d \rangle by simp
       from \langle p' \in set (?sub d') \rangle
       have p \mid d = p' \mid d
         using grid-invariant [of d child p right d' { d \in ds. d \leq d' ]
         using grid-invariant of d child p left d' \{d \in ds. d \leq d'\}
         using child-invariant [of d - d' < d' < d < length p
         using gridgen-lgrid-eq lgrid-def by auto
       thus False using \langle lv \ p \ d < lv \ p' \ d \rangle unfolding lv-def by auto
     qed
   qed
 qed
qed (simp add: map-replicate-const)
moreover
have p \notin set (concat (map ?sub ?ds))
 using gridgen-lgrid-eq lgrid-def grid-not-child[of - p] by simp
ultimately show ?case
```

unfolding gridgen.simps Let-def distinct.simps by simp $\mathbf{qed} \ auto$ **lemma** *lgrid-finite*: *finite* (*lgrid b ds lm*) **proof** (cases level b < lm) **case** True **from** *iffD1*[OF *le-iff-add* True] obtain l where l: lm = level b + l by auto **show** ?thesis **unfolding** l gridgen-lgrid-eq[symmetric] by auto next **case** False hence !! $x. x \in grid \ b \ ds \Longrightarrow (\neg \ level \ x < lm)$ proof fix x assume $x \in grid \ b \ ds$ from grid-level [OF this] show \neg level x < lm using False by auto qed hence lgrid b ds $lm = \{\}$ unfolding lgrid-def by auto thus ?thesis by auto qed lemma lgrid-sum: fixes $F :: grid-point \Rightarrow real$ assumes d < length b and level b < lmshows $(\sum p \in lgrid \ b \ \{d\} \ lm. \ F \ p) =$ $(\sum p \in lgrid \ (child \ b \ left \ d) \ \{d\} \ lm. \ F \ p) + (\sum p \in lgrid \ (child \ b \ right)$ $d) \{d\} lm. F p) + F b$ (is $(\sum p \in ?grid b, F p) = (\sum p \in ?grid ?l, F p) + (?sum (?grid ?r)) + F b)$ proof have !! dir. $b \notin ?grid$ (child b dir d) using grid-child-without-parent [where $ds = \{d\}$] and $\langle d < length b \rangle$ and lgrid-defby auto hence b-distinct: $b \notin (?grid ?l \cup ?grid ?r)$ by auto have $?grid ?l \cap ?grid ?r = \{\}$ unfolding lgrid-def using grid-disjunct and $\langle d \rangle$ length b by auto from lgrid-finite lgrid-finite and this have child-eq: $?sum((?grid ?l) \cup (?grid ?r)) = ?sum(?grid ?l) + ?sum(?grid$?r)**by** (rule sum.union-disjoint) have $?grid b = \{b\} \cup (?grid ?l) \cup (?grid ?r)$ unfolding lgrid-def grid-partition [where p=b] using assms by auto hence $?sum (?grid b) = F b + ?sum ((?grid ?l) \cup (?grid ?r))$ using b-distinct and lgrid-finite by auto

thus ?thesis using child-eq by auto qed

2.7 Base Points

definition base :: nat set \Rightarrow grid-point \Rightarrow grid-point where base ds $p = (THE \ b. \ b \in grid \ (start \ (length \ p)) \ (\{0 \ ..< length \ p\} - ds) \land$ $p \in grid \ b \ ds$)

lemma baseE: assumes p-grid: $p \in sparsegrid' dm$ shows base ds $p \in grid$ (start dm) ({0.. < dm} - ds) and $p \in grid$ (base ds p) ds proof – **from** *p*-grid[unfolded sparsegrid'-def] have $*: \exists ! x \in grid (start dm) (\{0.. < dm\} - ds). p \in grid x ds$ **by** (*intro grid-split1*) (*auto intro: grid-union-dims*) then obtain x where x-eq: $x \in grid$ (start dm) ($\{0..< dm\} - ds$) $\land p \in grid$ x dsby *auto* with * have base ds p = x unfolding base-def by auto thus base ds $p \in grid$ (start dm) ($\{0.. < dm\} - ds$) and $p \in grid$ (base ds p) ds using x-eq by auto qed **lemma** baseI: assumes x-grid: $x \in grid$ (start dm) ($\{0..< dm\} - ds$) and p-xgrid: $p \in qrid \ x \ ds$ shows base ds p = xproof – have $p \in grid$ (start dm) ($ds \cup (\{0.. < dm\} - ds)$) using grid-transitive[OF p-xgrid x-grid, where $ds''=ds \cup (\{0..< dm\} - ds)]$ by auto moreover have $ds \cap (\{0.. < dm\} - ds) = \{\}$ by *auto* ultimately have $\exists ! x \in grid (start dm) (\{0..< dm\} - ds). p \in grid x ds$ using grid-split1 where p=p and b=start dm and ds'=ds and $ds=\{0...<dm\}$ - ds **by** auto thus base ds p = x using x-grid p-xgrid unfolding base-def by auto qed

lemma base-empty: **assumes** p-grid: $p \in sparsegrid'$ dm **shows** base {} p = pusing grid-empty-ds and p-grid and grid-split1[where $ds = \{0..< dm\}$ and $ds' = \{\}$] unfolding base-def sparsegrid'-def by auto

lemma base-start-eq: **assumes** p-spg: $p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm$ **shows** start $dm = base \{0..< dm\} \ p$ **proof** – **from** p-spg **have** start $dm \in grid \ (start \ dm) \ (\{0..< dm\} - \{0..< dm\})$ **and** $p \in grid \ (start \ dm) \ \{0..< dm\}$ **using** sparsegrid'-def **by** auto **from** $baseI[OF \ this(1) \ this(2)]$ **show** ?thesis **by** auto **qed**

lemma base-in-grid: **assumes** p-grid: $p \in sparsegrid' dm$ **shows** base $ds \ p \in grid$ (start dm) {0..< dm} **proof** – **let** ? $ds = ds \cup \{0..< dm\}$ **have** ds-eq: { $d \in ?ds$. d < length (start dm) } = {0..< dm}

unfolding start-def by auto have base ds $p \in grid$ (start dm) ?ds using grid-union-dims[OF - baseE(1)[OF p-grid, where ds=ds], where ds'=?ds] by *auto* thus ?thesis using grid-dim-remove-outer[where $b=start \ dm \ and \ ds=?ds$] unfolding ds-eq by auto qed **lemma** base-grid: assumes p-grid: $p \in sparsegrid' dm$ shows grid (base ds p) ds \subseteq sparsegrid' dm

proof

fix x assume xgrid: $x \in grid$ (base ds p) ds

have ds-eq: $\{ d \in \{0.. < dm\} \cup ds. d < length (start dm) \} = \{0.. < dm\}$ by auto from grid-transitive[OF xgrid base-in-grid]OF p-grid], where $ds'' = \{0.. < dm\} \cup$ ds

show $x \in sparseqrid' dm$ unfolding sparseqrid'-def

using grid-dim-remove-outer where b = start dm and $ds = \{0 ... < dm\} \cup ds\}$ unfolding ds-eq unfolding Un- $ac(3)[of \{0..< dm\}]$

by *auto*

qed

lemma base-length[simp]: assumes p-grid: $p \in sparsegrid'$ dm shows length (base ds p = dm

proof –

from baseE[OF p-grid] have $base ds p \in grid (start dm) (\{0..< dm\} - ds)$ by auto

thus ?thesis by auto

qed

lemma base-in[simp]: assumes d < dm and $d \in ds$ and p-grid: $p \in sparsegrid'$ dm shows base ds p ! d = start dm ! d

proof -

have $ds: d \notin \{0.. < dm\} - ds$ using $\langle d \in ds \rangle$ by auto

have d < length (start dm) using $\langle d < dm \rangle$ by auto

with grid-invariant [OF this ds] baseE(1)[OF p-grid] show ?thesis by auto qed

lemma base-out[simp]: assumes d < dm and $d \notin ds$ and p-grid: $p \in sparsegrid'$ dm shows base $ds p \mid d = p \mid d$

proof -

have d < length (base ds p) using base-length[OF p-grid] $\langle d < dm \rangle$ by auto with grid-invariant [OF this $\langle d \notin ds \rangle$] base E(2)[OF p-grid] show ? thesis by auto qed

lemma base-base: assumes p-grid: $p \in sparsegrid' dm$ shows base ds (base ds' p) $= base (ds \cup ds') p$

proof (rule nth-equalityI)

have b-spg: base ds' $p \in sparsegrid' dm$ unfolding sparsegrid'-def

using grid-union-dims[OF Diff-subset[where $A = \{0... < dm\}$ and B = ds'] baseE(1)[OF p-grid]].

from base-length[OF b-spg] base-length[OF p-grid] show length (base ds (base ds' $(p) = length (base (ds \cup ds') p)$ by auto

show base ds (base ds' p) ! $i = base (ds \cup ds') p ! i$ if i < length (base ds (base ds' p) for iproof have i < dm using that base-length[OF b-spg] by auto **show** base ds (base ds' p) ! $i = base (ds \cup ds') p ! i$ **proof** (cases $i \in ds \cup ds'$) case True show ?thesis **proof** (cases $i \in ds$) case True from base-in[OF $\langle i < dm \rangle \langle i \in ds \cup ds' \rangle$ p-grid] base-in[OF $\langle i$ $\langle dm \rangle$ this b-spg] show ?thesis by auto \mathbf{next} case False hence $i \in ds'$ using $\langle i \in ds \cup ds' \rangle$ by auto from base-in[OF $\langle i < dm \rangle \langle i \in ds \cup ds' \rangle$ p-grid] base-out[OF $\langle i < dm \rangle \langle i$ $\notin ds \land b$ -spg] base-in[OF $\langle i < dm \rangle \langle i \in ds' \rangle$ p-grid] show ?thesis by auto qed next case False hence $i \notin ds$ and $i \notin ds'$ by auto **from** base-out[OF $\langle i < dm \rangle \langle i \notin ds \cup ds' \rangle$ p-grid] base-out[OF $\langle i < dm \rangle \langle i$ $\notin ds \rightarrow b$ -spq] base-out[OF $\langle i < dm \rangle \langle i \notin ds' \rangle$ p-grid] show ?thesis by auto ged qed qed lemma grid-base-out: assumes d < dm and $d \notin ds$ and p-grid: $b \in sparsegrid'$ dm and $p \in grid$ (base ds b) dsshows $p \mid d = b \mid d$ proof have base ds $b \mid d = b \mid d$ using assms by auto moreover have d < length (base ds b) using assms by auto **from** grid-invariant[OF this] have $p \mid d = base \ ds \ b \mid d$ using assms by auto ultimately show ?thesis by auto qed lemma grid-grid-inj-on: assumes $ds \cap ds' = \{\}$ shows inj-on snd ([] $p' \in grid b$ ds. $\bigcup p'' \in grid p' ds'$. $\{(p', p'')\})$ proof (rule inj-onI) fix x yassume $x \in (\bigcup p' \in grid \ b \ ds. \bigcup p'' \in grid \ p' \ ds'. \{(p', p'')\})$ hence snd $x \in qrid$ (fst x) ds' and fst $x \in qrid$ b ds by auto assume $y \in (\bigcup p' \in grid \ b \ ds. \bigcup p'' \in grid \ p' \ ds'. \{(p', p'')\})$ hence snd $y \in grid$ (fst y) ds' and fst $y \in grid$ b ds by auto **assume** snd x = snd yhave $fst \ x = fst \ y$ **proof** (rule ccontr) **assume** *fst* $x \neq fst$ *y*

from grid-disjunct' $OF \langle fst \ x \in grid \ b \ ds \rangle \langle fst \ y \in grid \ b \ ds \rangle \langle snd \ x \in grid \ (fst \ snd \ s$

x) $ds' \land this \langle ds \cap ds' = \{\} \rangle$ show False using $\langle snd \ y \in grid \ (fst \ y) \ ds' \rangle$ unfolding $\langle snd \ x = snd \ y \rangle$ by autoqed show x = y using prod-eqI[OF $\langle fst \ x = fst \ y \rangle \langle snd \ x = snd \ y \rangle$]. qed lemma grid-level-d: assumes d < length b and p-grid: $p \in grid b \{d\}$ and $p \neq d$ b shows lv p d > lv b dproof – **from** p-grid[unfolded grid-partition[**where** p=b]] show ?thesis using grid-child-level using assms by auto qed lemma grid-base-base: assumes $b \in sparsegrid' dm$ **shows** base $ds' b \in qrid$ (base ds (base ds' b)) ($ds \cup ds'$) proof **from** base-grid [OF $\langle b \in sparsegrid' dm \rangle$] **have** base ds' $b \in sparsegrid' dm$ by auto**from** grid-union-dims[OF - baseE(2)[OF this], of ds $ds \cup ds'$] show ?thesis by autoqed **lemma** grid-base-union: **assumes** b-spg: $b \in sparsegrid' dm$ and p-grid: $p \in grid$ (base ds b) ds and x-grid: $x \in grid$ (base ds' p) ds' shows $x \in grid$ (base ($ds \cup ds'$) b) ($ds \cup ds'$) proof have ds-union: $ds \cup ds' = ds' \cup (ds \cup ds')$ by auto **from** base-grid[OF b-spg] p-grid **have** p-spg: $p \in sparsegrid' dm$ by auto with assms and grid-base-base have base-b': base ds' $p \in grid$ (base ds (base ds' p)) $(ds \cup ds')$ by auto **moreover have** base ds' (base ds b) = base ds' (base ds p) (is ?b = ?p) **proof** (*rule nth-equalityI*) have bb-spg: base ds $b \in sparsegrid' dm$ using base-grid[OF b-spg] grid.Start by *auto* hence dm = length (base ds b) by auto have bp-spg: base ds $p \in sparsegrid' dm$ using base-grid[OF p-spg] grid.Start by auto **show** length ?b = length ?p using base-length[OF bp-spg] base-length[OF bb-spg] by *auto* show ?b! i = ?p! i if i < length ?b for iproof have i < dm and i < length (base ds b) using that base-length[OF bb-spg] $\langle dm = length (base ds b) \rangle$ by auto **show** ?b ! i = ?p ! i**proof** (cases $i \in ds \cup ds'$) case True

hence !! x. base ds $x \in sparsegrid' dm \Longrightarrow x \in sparsegrid' dm \Longrightarrow base ds'$ $(base \ ds \ x) \ ! \ i = (start \ dm) \ ! \ i$ **proof** – fix x assume x-spg: $x \in sparsegrid' dm$ and xb-spg: base ds $x \in$ sparsegrid' dm **show** base ds' (base ds x) ! i = (start dm) ! i**proof** (cases $i \in ds'$) case True from base-in [OF $\langle i < dm \rangle$ this xb-spg] show ?thesis. next case False hence $i \in ds$ using $\langle i \in ds \cup ds' \rangle$ by auto **from** $base-out[OF \langle i < dm \rangle False xb-spg] base-in[OF \langle i < dm \rangle this x-spg]$ show ?thesis by auto qed qed from this [OF bp-spg p-spg] this [OF bb-spg b-spg] show ?thesis by auto next case False hence $i \notin ds$ and $i \notin ds'$ by auto **from** grid-invariant [OF $\langle i < length$ (base ds b)) $\langle i \notin ds \rangle$ p-grid] $base-out[OF \langle i < dm \rangle \langle i \notin ds' \rangle bp-spg] base-out[OF \langle i < dm \rangle \langle i \notin ds \rangle$ *p-spg*] base-out[OF $\langle i < dm \rangle \langle i \notin ds' \rangle$ bb-spg] show ?thesis by auto qed qed qed ultimately have base $ds' p \in grid$ (base $(ds \cup ds')$ b) $(ds \cup ds')$ by (simp only: base-base[OF p-spg] base-base[OF b-spg] Un-ac(3)) from grid-transitive[OF x-grid this] show ?thesis using ds-union by auto qed lemma grid-base-dim-add: assumes $ds' \subseteq ds$ and b-spg: $b \in sparsegrid' dm$ and *p-grid*: $p \in grid$ (base ds' b) ds' shows $p \in grid$ (base ds b) ds proof have ds-eq: $ds' \cup ds = ds$ using assms by auto have $p \in sparsegrid' dm$ using base-grid[OF b-spg] p-grid by auto hence $p \in grid$ (base ds p) ds using baseE by auto **from** grid-base-union[OF b-spg p-grid this] show ?thesis using ds-eq by auto qed lemma grid-replace-dim: assumes d < length b' and d < length b and p-grid: p \in grid b ds and p'-grid: p' \in grid b' ds shows $p[d := p' \mid d] \in grid$ $(b[d := b' \mid d])$ ds (is $- \in grid ?b ds$) using p'-grid and p-grid **proof** induct case (Child p'' d' dir) hence p''-grid: $p[d := p'' ! d] \in grid ?b ds$ and d < length p'' using assms byautohave d < length p using p-grid assms by auto thus ?case **proof** (cases d' = d)

case True from grid. Child [OF p''-grid $\langle d' \in ds \rangle$] show ?thesis unfolding child-def ix-def lv-def list-update-overwrite $\langle d' = d \rangle$ $nth-list-update-eq[OF \langle d < length p'' \rangle] nth-list-update-eq[OF \langle d < length p \rangle]$. next case False show ?thesis unfolding child-def nth-list-update-neq[OF False] using Child by auto qed **qed** (rule grid-change-dim) **lemma** grid-shift-base: assumes ds - dj: $ds \cap ds' = \{\}$ and b-spg: $b \in sparsegrid' dm$ and p-grid: $p \in sparsegrid' dm$ grid (base $(ds' \cup ds)$ b) $(ds' \cup ds)$ **shows** base $ds' p \in grid$ (base $(ds \cup ds') b$) dsproof **from** *qrid-split*[*OF p-qrid*] **obtain** x where x-grid: $x \in grid$ (base $(ds' \cup ds)$ b) ds and p-xgrid: $p \in grid$ x ds' by auto **from** qrid-union-dims[OF - this(1)]have x-spg: $x \in sparsegrid' dm$ using base-grid[OF b-spg] by auto have b-len: length (base $(ds' \cup ds)$ b) = dm using base-length [OF b-spg] by auto define d' where d' = dm**moreover have** $d' \leq dm \implies x \in grid (start dm) (\{0..< dm\} - \{d \in ds'. d < dm\})$ d'}) **proof** (*induct d'*) case (Suc d') with b-len have d'-b: d' < length (base $(ds' \cup ds)$ b) by auto show ?case **proof** (cases $d' \in ds'$) case True hence $d' \notin ds$ and $d' \in ds' \cup ds$ using ds-dj by auto have $\{0.. < dm\} - \{d \in ds'. d < d'\} = (\{0.. < dm\} - \{d \in ds'. d < d'\}) \{d'\} \cup \{d'\}$ using $\langle Suc \ d' \leq dm \rangle$ by auto **also have** ... = $(\{0.. < dm\} - \{d \in ds'. d < Suc d'\}) \cup \{d'\}$ by *auto* finally have x-q: $x \in qrid$ (start dm) ($\{d'\} \cup (\{0..< dm\} - \{d \in ds', d < dm\})$ Suc d'})) using Suc by auto from grid-invariant [OF d'-b $\langle d' \notin ds \rangle$ x-grid] base-in [OF - $\langle d' \in ds' \cup ds \rangle$ b-spg] $\langle Suc \ d' \leq dm \rangle$ have $x \mid d' = start \ dm \mid d'$ by auto from grid-dim-remove[OF x-g this] show ?thesis. \mathbf{next} case False hence $\{d \in ds'. d < Suc d'\} = \{d \in ds'. d < d' \lor d = d'\}$ by auto also have $\ldots = \{d \in ds' : d < d'\}$ using False by auto finally show ?thesis using Suc by auto qed next case θ show ?case using x-spg[unfolded sparsegrid'-def] by auto

qed moreover have $\{0..< dm\} - ds' = \{0..< dm\} - \{d \in ds'. d < dm\}$ by auto ultimately have $x \in grid$ (start dm) ($\{0..< dm\} - ds'$) by auto from baseI[OF this p-xgrid] and x-grid show ?thesis by (auto simp: Un-ac(3)) qed

2.8 Lift Operation over all Grid Points

definition *lift* :: (*nat* \Rightarrow *nat* \Rightarrow *grid-point* \Rightarrow *vector* \Rightarrow *vector*) \Rightarrow *nat* \Rightarrow *nat* \Rightarrow $nat \Rightarrow vector \Rightarrow vector$ where lift f dm lm d = foldr (λ p. f d (lm - level p) p) (gridgen (start dm) ({ 0 $.. < dm \} - \{ d \} lm$ lemma *lift*: assumes d < dm and $p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm$ and Fintro: $\bigwedge l \ b \ p \ \alpha$. $\llbracket b \in lgrid (start \ dm) (\{0.. < dm\} - \{d\}) \ lm ;$ $l + level \ b = lm \ ; \ p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm \]$ $\implies F \ d \ l \ b \ \alpha \ p = (if \ b = base \ \{d\} \ p \\ then \ (\sum \ p' \in lgrid \ b \ \{d\} \ lm. \ S \ (\alpha \ p') \ p \ p') \\ else \ \alpha \ p)$ shows lift F dm lm d $\alpha \ p = (\sum \ p' \in lgrid \ (base \ \{d\} \ p) \ \{d\} \ lm. \ S \ (\alpha \ p') \ p \ p')$ (is $?lift = ?S p \alpha$) proof let ?gridgen = gridgen (start dm) ($\{0.. < dm\} - \{d\}$) lm let ?f p = F d (lm - level p) p{ fix $bs \beta b$ **assume** set bs \subseteq set ?gridgen and distinct bs and $p \in$ sparsegrid dm lm **hence** foldr ?f bs β $p = (if base \{d\} p \in set bs then ?S p <math>\beta$ else β p)**proof** (*induct bs arbitrary*: *p*) **case** (Cons b bs) hence $b \in lgrid$ (start dm) ({0.. < dm} - {d}) lmand (lm - level b) + level b = lmand b-grid: $b \in grid$ (start dm) ({ $\theta ... < dm$ } - {d}) using lgrid-def gridgen-lgrid-eq by auto **note** $F = Fintro[OF this(1,2) \langle p \in sparsegrid dm lm \rangle]$ have $b \notin set bs$ using (distinct (b # bs)) by auto show ?case **proof** (cases base $\{d\}$ $p \in set (b \# bs)$) case True note base-in-set = this show ?thesis **proof** (cases $b = base \{d\} p$) case True moreover { fix p' assume $p' \in lgrid \ b \ d$ } lm

```
hence p' \in grid \ b \ \{d\} and level p' < lm unfolding lgrid-def by auto
           from grid-transitive[OF this(1) b-grid, of \{0..< dm\}] \langle d < dm \rangle
            baseI[OF \ b-grid \ \langle p' \in grid \ b \ \{d\}\rangle] \ \langle b \notin set \ bs\rangle
             Cons.prems Cons.hyps[of p'] this(2)
          have foldr ?f bs \beta p' = \beta p' unfolding sparsegrid-def lgrid-def by auto
}
         ultimately show ?thesis
           using F base-in-set by auto
       next
         case False
         with base-in-set have base \{d\} p \in set bs by auto
         with Cons.hyps[of p] Cons.prems
         have foldr ?f bs \beta p = ?S p \beta by auto
         thus ?thesis using F base-in-set False by auto
       qed
     next
       case False
       hence b \neq base \{d\} p by auto
       from False Cons.hyps[of p] Cons.prems
       have foldr ?f bs \beta p = \beta p by auto
       thus ?thesis using False F \langle b \neq base \{d\} p \rangle by auto
     qed
   \mathbf{qed} \ auto
  }
 moreover have base \{d\} p \in set ?gridgen
 proof -
   have p \in grid (base \{d\} p) \{d\}
     using \langle p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm \rangle [THEN sparsegrid-subset] by (rule baseE)
   from grid-level[OF this] baseE(1)[OF sparsegrid-subset[OF 
lm
   show ?thesis using \langle p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm \rangle
     unfolding gridgen-lgrid-eq sparsegrid'-def lgrid-def sparsegrid-def
     by auto
 qed
 ultimately show ?thesis unfolding lift-def
   using gridgen-distinct \langle p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm \rangle by auto
qed
```

2.9 Parent Points

definition parents :: $nat \Rightarrow grid-point \Rightarrow grid-point \Rightarrow grid-point set$ where parents $d \ b \ p = \{ x \in grid \ b \ \{d\}, p \in grid \ x \ \{d\} \}$

lemma parents-split: **assumes** p-grid: $p \in grid$ (child b dir d) $\{d\}$ **shows** parents d b $p = \{b\} \cup$ parents d (child b dir d) p **proof** (intro set-eqI iffI) **let** ?chd = child b dir d **and** ?chid = child b (inv dir) d **fix** x **assume** $x \in$ parents d b p**hence** $x \in grid$ b $\{d\}$ **and** $p \in grid$ x $\{d\}$ **unfolding** parents-def **by** auto

hence x-split: $x \in \{b\} \cup grid ?chd \{d\} \cup grid ?chid \{d\}$ using grid-onedim-split where $ds = \{\}$ and b = b] and grid-empty-ds **by** (cases dir, auto) **thus** $x \in \{b\} \cup$ parents d (child b dir d) p **proof** (cases x = b) case False have d < length b**proof** (rule ccontr) assume $\neg d < length b$ hence *empty*: $\{d' \in \{d\}, d' < length b\} = \{\}$ by autohave x = b using $\langle x \in grid \ b \ \{d\} \rangle$ **unfolding** grid-dim-remove-outer [where $ds = \{d\}$ and b=b] empty using grid-empty-ds by auto thus False using $\langle \neg x = b \rangle$ by auto qed have $x \notin qrid$?chid {d} **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume $\neg x \notin grid ?chid \{d\}$ hence $p \in grid$?chid {d} using grid-transitive[OF $\langle p \in grid \ x \ \{d\} \rangle$, where $ds' = \{d\}$ by *auto* hence $p \notin grid$?chd {d} using grid-disjunct[OF $\langle d \rangle$ length b)] by (cases dir, auto) thus False using $\langle p \in grid ? chd \{d\} \rangle$... \mathbf{qed} with False and x-split have $x \in qrid$?chd {d} by auto thus ?thesis unfolding parents-def using $\langle p \in grid \ x \ \{d\} \rangle$ by auto qed auto \mathbf{next} let $?chd = child \ b \ dir \ d$ and $?chid = child \ b \ (inv \ dir) \ d$ fix x assume x-in: $x \in \{b\} \cup parents \ d \ ?chd \ p$ thus $x \in parents \ d \ b \ p$ **proof** (cases x = b) case False hence $x \in parents \ d \ ?chd \ p$ using x-in by auto thus ?thesis unfolding parents-def using grid-child [where b=b] by auto next from *p*-grid have $p \in grid \ b \ \{d\}$ using grid-child[where b=b] by auto case True thus ?thesis unfolding parents-def using $\langle p \in grid \ b \ \{d\} \rangle$ by auto \mathbf{qed} qed **lemma** parents-no-parent: **assumes** d < length b **shows** $b \notin parents d$ (child b dir

proof assume $b \in parents \ d \ ?ch \ p$ hence $b \in grid \ ?ch \ \{d\}$ unfolding parents-def by

auto

from grid-level[OF this]

d) p (is $- \notin parents - ?ch -)$

have level $b + 1 \leq level b$ unfolding child-level [OF $\langle d \rangle < length b \rangle$]. thus False by auto qed **lemma** parents-subset-lgrid: parents d b $p \subseteq$ lgrid b {d} (level p + 1) proof fix x assume $x \in parents \ d \ b \ p$ hence $x \in grid \ b \ \{d\}$ and $p \in grid \ x \ \{d\}$ unfolding parents-def by auto moreover hence level $x \leq level p$ using grid-level by auto hence level x < level p + 1 by auto ultimately show $x \in lgrid \ b \ \{d\}$ (level p + 1) unfolding lgrid-def by auto qed **lemma** parents-finite: finite (parents $d \ b \ p$) using finite-subset[OF parents-subset-lgrid lgrid-finite]. **lemma** parent-sum: assumes p-grid: $p \in grid$ (child b dir d) $\{d\}$ and d < lengthb shows $(\sum x \in parents \ d \ b \ p. \ F \ x) = F \ b + (\sum x \in parents \ d \ (child \ b \ dir \ d) \ p.$ F(x)**unfolding** parents-split[OF p-grid] **using** parents-no-parent[$OF \langle d \rangle$ length b), where dir=dir and p=p] using parents-finite by *auto* **lemma** parents-single: parents $d \ b \ b = \{b\}$ proof have parents d b b \subseteq lgrid b {d} (level b + (Suc 0)) using parents-subset-lgrid **by** *auto* also have $\ldots = \{b\}$ unfolding gridgen-lgrid-eq[symmetric] gridgen.simps Let-def by *auto* finally show parents $d \ b \ \subseteq \{b\}$. next have $b \in parents \ d \ b \ b$ unfolding parents-def by auto thus $\{b\} \subseteq parents \ d \ b \ by \ auto$ qed lemma grid-single-dimensional-specification: **assumes** d < length band odd iand $lv \ b \ d + l' = l$ and $i < (ix \ b \ d + 1) * 2\hat{\ }l'$ and $i > (ix \ b \ d - 1) * 2\hat{\ }l'$ shows $b[d := (l,i)] \in qrid \ b \ \{d\}$ using assms proof (induct l' arbitrary: b) case θ hence i = ix b d and l = lv b d by auto thus ?case unfolding ix-def lv-def by auto next case (Suc l')

have $d \in \{d\}$ by *auto*

```
show ?case
 proof (rule linorder-cases)
   assume i = ix \ b \ d * 2 \ (Suc \ l')
   hence even i by auto
   thus ?thesis using \langle odd i \rangle by blast
  next
   assume *: i < ix b d * 2 (Suc l')
   let ?b = child \ b \ left \ d
   have d < length ?b using Suc by auto
   moreover note \langle odd i \rangle
   moreover have lv ?b d + l' = l
     and i < (ix ?b d + 1) * 2^{l'}
     and (ix ?b d - 1) * 2\hat{l}' < i
     unfolding child-ix-left[OF Suc.prems(1)]
     using Suc.prems * child-lv by (auto simp add: field-simps)
   ultimately have ?b[d := (l,i)] \in grid ?b \{d\}
     by (rule Suc.hyps)
   thus ?thesis
     by (auto introl: grid-child[OF \langle d \in \{d\} \rangle, of - b left]
       simp add: child-def)
 next
   assume *: ix b d * 2 (Suc l') < i
   let ?b = child \ b \ right \ d
   have d < length ?b using Suc by auto
   moreover note \langle odd i \rangle
   moreover have lv ?b d + l' = l
     and i < (ix ?b d + 1) * 2^{l'}
     and (ix ?b d - 1) * 2\hat{l}' < i
     unfolding child-ix-right[OF Suc.prems(1)]
     using Suc.prems * child-lv by (auto simp add: field-simps)
   ultimately have ?b[d := (l,i)] \in grid ?b \{d\}
     by (rule Suc.hyps)
   thus ?thesis
     by (auto introl: grid-child[OF \langle d \in \{d\} \rangle, of - b right]
       simp add: child-def)
 qed
qed
lemma grid-multi-dimensional-specification:
```

```
assumes dm \leq length \ b and length \ p = length \ b
and \bigwedge d. \ d < dm \Longrightarrow
odd \ (ix \ p \ d) \ \land
```

```
lv \ b \ d \leq lv \ p \ d \land
   ix \ p \ d < (ix \ b \ d + 1) * 2 (lv \ p \ d - lv \ b \ d) \land
   ix p d > (ix b d - 1) * 2 (lv p d - lv b d)
   (\mathbf{is} \land d. d < dm \Longrightarrow ?bounded p d)
 and \bigwedge d. [\![ dm \leq d ; d < length b ]\!] \implies p ! d = b ! d
 shows p \in grid \ b \ \{0..< dm\}
using assms proof (induct dm arbitrary: p)
  case \theta
 hence p = b by (auto intro!: nth-equalityI)
 thus ?case by auto
\mathbf{next}
 case (Suc dm)
 hence dm \leq length b
   and dm < length p by auto
 let ?p = p[dm := b ! dm]
 note \langle dm \leq length \rangle
 moreover have length p = length \ b using (length p = length \ b) by simp
 moreover
  {
   fix d assume d < dm
   hence *: d < Suc dm and dm \neq d by auto
   have ?p ! d = p ! d
     by (rule nth-list-update-neq[OF \langle dm \neq d \rangle])
   hence ?bounded ?p d
     using Suc.prems(3)[OF *] lv-def ix-def
     by simp
  }
 moreover
  ł
   fix d assume dm \leq d and d < length b
   have ?p ! d = b ! d
   proof (cases d = dm)
     case True thus ?thesis using \langle d \rangle length by \langle length | p = length | b \rangle by auto
   \mathbf{next}
     case False
     hence Suc dm \leq d using \langle dm \leq d \rangle by auto
     thus ?thesis using Suc.prems(4) \ \langle d < length b \rangle by auto
   qed
 }
 ultimately
 have *: ?p \in grid \ b \ \{0..< dm\}
   by (auto intro!: Suc.hyps)
```

have $lv \ b \ dm \le lv \ p \ dm \ using \ Suc.prems(3)[OF \ lessI]$ by simp

have [*simp*]: lv ?p dm = lv b dm using lv-def $\langle dm < length p \rangle$ by *auto* have [*simp*]: ix ?p dm = ix b dm using *ix*-def $\langle dm < length p \rangle$ by *auto*

```
have [simp]: p[dm := (lv \ p \ dm, ix \ p \ dm)] = p
   using lv-def ix-def \langle dm \rangle \langle length p \rangle by auto
 have dm < length ?p and
   [simp]: lv \ b \ dm + (lv \ p \ dm - lv \ b \ dm) = lv \ p \ dm
   using \langle dm \langle length p \rangle \langle lv b dm \leq lv p dm \rangle by auto
  from grid-single-dimensional-specification [OF this(1),
   where l = lv \ p \ dm and i = ix \ p \ dm and l' = lv \ p \ dm - lv \ b \ dm, simplified]
 have p \in grid ?p \{dm\}
   using Suc.prems(3)[OF \ lessI] by blast
 from grid-transitive[OF this *]
 show ?case by auto
qed
lemma sparsegrid:
  sparsequid dm \ lm = \{p.
   length p = dm \wedge level p < lm \wedge
   (\forall d < dm. odd (ix p d) \land 0 < ix p d \land ix p d < 2^{(lv p d + 1))}
  (is - = ?set)
proof (rule equalityI[OF subsetI subsetI])
 fix p
 assume *: p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm
 hence length p = dm and level p < lm unfolding sparsegrid-def by auto
 moreover
  { fix d assume d < dm
   hence **: p \in grid (start dm) {0..<dm} and d < length (start dm)
     using * unfolding sparsegrid-def by auto
   have odd (ix \ p \ d)
   proof (cases p \mid d = start dm \mid d)
     case True
     thus ?thesis unfolding start-def using \langle d < dm \rangle ix-def by auto
   \mathbf{next}
     case False
     from grid-odd[OF - this **]
     show ?thesis using \langle d < dm \rangle by auto
   qed
   hence odd (ix p d) \land 0 < ix p d \land ix p d < 2 (lv p d + 1)
     using grid-estimate [OF \langle d \rangle length (start dm) \rangle **]
     unfolding ix-def lv-def start-def using \langle d < dm \rangle by auto
  }
 ultimately show p \in ?set
   using sparsegrid-def lgrid-def by auto
\mathbf{next}
 fix p
 assume p \in ?set
 with grid-multi-dimensional-specification [of dm start dm p]
 have p \in grid (start dm) {0..<dm} and level p < lm
   by auto
  thus p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm
   unfolding sparsegrid-def lgrid-def by auto
```

qed end

3 Hat Functions

theory Triangular-Function imports HOL-Analysis.Equivalence-Lebesgue-Henstock-Integration Grid begin

lemma continuous-on-max[continuous-intros]: **fixes** $f :: - \Rightarrow 'a::linorder-topology$ **shows** continuous-on $S f \Longrightarrow$ continuous-on $S g \Longrightarrow$ continuous-on $S (\lambda x. max (f x) (g x))$ **by** (auto simp: continuous-on-def intro: tendsto-max)

definition $\varphi :: (nat \times int) \Rightarrow real \Rightarrow real where$ $<math display="block">\varphi \equiv (\lambda(l,i) \ x. \ max \ 0 \ (1 - | \ x * 2^{(l+1)} - real-of-int \ i |))$

definition Φ :: $(nat \times int)$ list \Rightarrow $(nat \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow$ real where Φ $p \ x = (\prod d < length p. \varphi (p ! d) (x d))$

definition $l2 - \varphi$ where $l2 - \varphi \ p1 \ p2 = (\int x. \ \varphi \ p1 \ x * \varphi \ p2 \ x \ \partial lborel)$

definition l^2 where $l^2 a b = (\int x. \Phi a x * \Phi b x \partial(\Pi_M d \in \{..< length a\}. lborel))$

lemma measurable- φ [measurable]: $\varphi \ p \in$ borel-measurable borel by (cases p) (simp add: φ -def)

lemma φ -nonneg: $0 \le \varphi \ p \ x$ **by** (simp add: φ -def split: prod.split)

lemma φ -zero-iff: $\varphi(l,i) \ x = 0 \iff x \notin \{\text{real-of-int } (i-1) / 2 \ (l+1) < .. < \text{real-of-int } (i+1) \}$ **by** (auto simp: φ -def field-simps split: split-max)

lemma φ -zero: $x \notin \{\text{real-of-int } (i-1) / 2^{(l+1)} < ... < \text{real-of-int } (i+1) / 2^{(l+1)} \} \implies \varphi(l,i) x = 0$ unfolding φ -zero-iff by simp

lemma φ -eq-0: assumes x: $x < 0 \lor 1 < x$ and i: $0 < i i < 2^Suc l$ shows φ (l, i) x = 0 using x proof

assume $x < \theta$ also have $0 \leq real$ -of-int (i - 1) / 2(l + 1)using *i* by (*auto simp: field-simps*) finally show ?thesis by (auto introl: φ -zero simp: field-simps) \mathbf{next} have real-of-int $(i + 1) / 2(l + 1) \le 1$ using *i* by (subst divide-le-eq-1-pos) (auto simp del: of-int-add power-Suc) also assume 1 < xfinally show ?thesis by (auto introl: φ -zero simp: field-simps) qed **lemma** *ix-lt*: $p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm \Longrightarrow d < dm \Longrightarrow ix \ p \ d < 2 \ (lv \ p \ d + 1)$ **unfolding** *sparseqrid-def lqrid-def* using grid-estimate of d start dm p $\{0 ... < dm\}$ by auto **lemma** *ix-gt*: $p \in$ sparsegrid $dm \ lm \Longrightarrow d < dm \Longrightarrow 0 < ix \ p \ d$ unfolding sparsegrid-def lgrid-def using grid-estimate [of d start dm $p \{0 ... < dm\}$] by auto **lemma** Φ -eq- θ : assumes x: $\exists d < length p. x d < 0 \lor 1 < x d$ and p: $p \in sparsegrid$ $dm \ lm \ shows \ \Phi \ p \ x = 0$ unfolding Φ -def **proof** (*rule prod-zero*) from x obtain d where $d < length p \land (x \ d < 0 \lor 1 < x \ d)$. with p[THEN ix-lt, of d] p[THEN ix-gt, of d] p**show** $\exists a \in \{.. < length p\}$. $\varphi(p ! a)(x a) = 0$ apply (cases p!d) apply (intro bexI[of - d]) **apply** (auto introl: φ -eq-0 simp: sparsegrid-length ix-def lv-def) done qed simp lemma φ -left-support': $x \in \{\text{real-of-int } (i-1) \mid 2 \cap (l+1) \dots \text{ real-of-int } i \mid 2 \cap (l+1)\} \Longrightarrow \varphi(l,i) x =$ 1 + x * 2(l + 1) - real-of-int iby (auto simp: φ -def field-simps split: split-max) lemma φ -left-support: $x \in \{-1 \dots 0 :: real\} \Longrightarrow \varphi(l,i) ((x + real-of-int i) / 2^{(l)})$ (+1) = 1 + xby (auto simp: φ -def field-simps split: split-max)

lemma φ -right-support': $x \in \{\text{real-of-int } i \mid 2\widehat{\ }(l+1) \ ... \text{ real-of-int } (i+1) \mid 2\widehat{\ }(l+1)\} \Longrightarrow \varphi(l,i) \ x = 1 - x * 2\widehat{\ }(l+1) + \text{real-of-int } i$ **by** (auto simp: φ -def field-simps split: split-max)

lemma φ -right-support:

 $x \in \{0 ... 1::real\} \Longrightarrow \varphi(l,i) ((x + real i) / 2^{(l+1)}) = 1 - x$ by (auto simp: φ -def field-simps split: split-max)

lemma integrable- φ : integrable lborel (φ p)

proof $(induct \ p)$

case $(Pair \ l \ i)$

have integrable lborel (λx . indicator {real-of-int (i - 1) / 2(l + 1) ... real-of-int (i + 1) / 2(l + 1)} $x *_R \varphi(l, i) x$)

unfolding φ -def by (intro borel-integrable-compact) (auto intro!: continuous-intros) **then show** ?case

by (rule Bochner-Integration.integrable-cong[THEN iffD1, rotated -1]) (auto simp: φ -zero-iff)

 \mathbf{qed}

lemma integrable- $\varphi 2$: integrable lborel ($\lambda x. \varphi \ p \ x * \varphi \ q \ x$) **proof** (cases $p \ q$ rule: prod.exhaust[case-product prod.exhaust]) **case** (Pair-Pair l i l' i')

have integrable lborel

 $(\lambda x. indicator \{ real-of-int (i - 1) / 2^{(l + 1)} ... real-of-int (i + 1) / 2^{(l + 1)} \} x *_{R} (\varphi (l, i) x * \varphi (l', i') x))$

unfolding φ -def **by** (*intro borel-integrable-compact*) (*auto intro*!: *continuous-intros*) **then show** ?*thesis* **unfolding** *Pair-Pair*

by (rule Bochner-Integration.integrable-cong[THEN iffD1, rotated -1]) (auto simp: φ -zero-iff)

 \mathbf{qed}

lemma $l2-\varphi I$ -DERIV:

assumes $n: \bigwedge x. x \in \{ (real-of-int i' - 1) / 2^{(l'+1)} ... real-of-int i' / 2^{(l'+1)} \} \Longrightarrow$

 $\begin{array}{l} DERIV \ \Phi \text{-}n \ x :> (\varphi \ (l', \ i') \ x \ast \varphi \ (l, \ i) \ x) \ (\text{is } \bigwedge \ x. \ x \in \{?a..?b\} \Longrightarrow DERIV \ \text{-} :> ?P \ x) \end{array}$

and p: $\bigwedge x. x \in \{ \text{ real-of-int } i' \mid 2 (l' + 1) .. (\text{real-of-int } i' + 1) \mid 2 (l' + 1) \} \Longrightarrow$

 $DERIV \Phi - p \ x :> (\varphi \ (l', \ i') \ x \ast \varphi \ (l, \ i) \ x) \ (\mathbf{is} \ \land \ x. \ x \in \{?b..?c\} \Longrightarrow -)$ shows $l^{2} - \varphi \ (l', \ i') \ (l, \ i) = (\Phi - n \ ?b - \Phi - n \ ?a) + (\Phi - p \ ?c - \Phi - p \ ?b)$ proof -

have has-bochner-integral lborel

 $(\lambda x. ?P x * indicator \{?a..?b\} x + ?P x * indicator \{?b..?c\} x)$

 $((\Phi - n ?b - \Phi - n ?a) + (\Phi - p ?c - \Phi - p ?b))$

by (intro has-bochner-integral-add has-bochner-integral-FTC-Icc-nonneg n p) (auto simp: φ -nonneg field-simps)

then have has-bochner-integral lborel? $P((\Phi - n ?b - \Phi - n ?a) + (\Phi - p ?c - \Phi - p ?b))$

by (rule has-bochner-integral-discrete-difference [where $X = \{?b\}$, THEN iffD1, rotated -1])

(auto simp: power-add intro!: φ -zero integral-cong split: split-indicator) then show ?thesis by (simp add: has-bochner-integral-iff l2- φ -def)

 \mathbf{qed}

lemma l2-eq: length $a = \text{length } b \implies l2 \ a \ b = (\prod d < \text{length } a. \ l2\text{-}\varphi \ (a!d) \ (b!d))$ **unfolding** $l2\text{-}def \ l2\text{-}\varphi\text{-}def \ \Phi\text{-}def$ **apply** (simp add: prod.distrib[symmetric]) **proof** (rule product-sigma-finite.product-integral-prod) **show** product-sigma-finite (λd . lborel) ... **qed** (auto intro: integrable- $\varphi 2$)

lemma l2-when-disjoint: assumes $l \leq l'$ defines d == l' - l assumes $(i + 1) * 2^{2}d < i' \lor i' < (i - 1) * 2^{2}d$ (is ?right \lor ?left) shows $l2 \cdot \varphi(l', i')(l, i) = 0$ proof - let ?sup = $\lambda l i$. {real-of-int $(i - 1) / 2^{2}(l + 1) < ... < real-of-int <math>(i + 1) / 2^{2}(l + 1)$ } have l': l' = l + d using assms by simp have *: $\bigwedge i l. 2^{-}l = real-of-int (2^{-}l::int)$ by simp have [arith]: $0 < (2^{-}d::int)$ by simp from <?right \lor ?left> <l $\leq l'$ > have empty-support: ?sup l i \cap ?sup l' i' = {}

by (auto simp add: min-def max-def divide-simps l' power-add * of-int-mult[symmetric] simp del: of-int-diff of-int-add of-int-mult of-int-power) (simp-all add: field-simps)
then have ∧x. φ (l', i') x * φ (l, i) x = 0 unfolding φ-zero-iff mult-eq-0-iff by blast
then show ?thesis
by (simp add: l2-φ-def del: mult-eq-0-iff vector-space-over-itself.scale-eq-0-iff)

```
qed
```

lemma *l2-commutative: l2-\varphi p q = l2-\varphi q p by (simp add: l2-\varphi-def mult.commute)*

lemma l2-when-same: l2- φ (l, i) (l, i) = 1/3 / 2²l proof (subst l2- φ I-DERIV) let ?l = (2 :: real) (l + 1)let ?in = real-of-int i - 1 let ?ip = real-of-int i + 1 let ? $\varphi = \varphi$ (l,i) let ? $\varphi 2 = \lambda x$. ? $\varphi x * ?\varphi x$ { fix x assume $x \in \{?in / ?l .. real-of-int i / ?l\}$ hence φ -eq: ? $\varphi x = ?l * x - ?in$ using φ -left-support' by auto show DERIV ($\lambda x. x^3 / 3 * ?l^2 + x * ?in^2 - x^2/2 * 2 * ?l * ?in) x :>$? $\varphi 2 x$

by (auto intro!: derivative-eq-intros simp add: power2-eq-square field-simps

φ -eq) }

{ fix x assume $x \in \{ real \text{-} of \text{-} int i / ?l \dots ?ip / ?l \}$ hence φ -eq: $?\varphi x = ?ip - ?l * x$ using φ -right-support' by auto show DERIV ($\lambda x. x^3 / 3 * ?l^2 + x * ?ip^2 - x^2/2 * 2 * ?l * ?ip$) x :> $\varphi^2 x$ by (auto introl: derivative-eq-intros simp add: power2-eq-square field-simps φ -eq) } **qed** (simp-all add: field-simps power-eq-if[of - 2] power-eq-if[of - 3]) lemma l2-when-left-child: assumes l < l'and *i'*-bot: i' > (i - 1) * 2(l' - l)and *i'*-top: i' < i * 2(l' - l)shows $l2-\varphi(l', i')(l, i) = (1 + real-of-int i' / 2^{(l'-l)} - real-of-int i) / 2^{(l'-l)}$ + 1) **proof** (subst $l2 - \varphi I - DERIV$) let ?l' = (2 :: real) (l' + 1)let ?in' = real-of-int i' - 1let ?ip' = real-of-int i' + 1let ?l = (2 :: real) (l + 1)let ?i = real-of-int i - 1let $?\varphi' = \varphi(l',i')$ let $?\varphi = \varphi(l, i)$ let $?\varphi 2 x = ?\varphi' x * ?\varphi x$ define Φ -n where Φ -n $x = x^3 / 3 * ?l' * ?l + x * ?i * ?in' - x^2 / 2 * (?in')$ * ?l + ?i * ?l') for x define Φ -p where Φ -p $x = x^2 / 2 * (?ip' * ?l + ?i * ?l') - x^3 / 3 * ?l' *$?l - x * ?i * ?ip' for x

have level-diff: $2\hat{\}(l'-l) = 2\hat{\}l' / (2\hat{\}l :: real)$ using power-diff[of 2::real l l'] $\langle l < l' \rangle$ by auto

{ fix x assume $x: x \in \{?in' / ?l' .. ?ip' / ?l'\}$ have $?i * 2^{(l' - l)} \le ?in'$ using i'-bot int-less-real-le by auto hence $?i / ?l \le ?in' / ?l'$ using level-diff by (auto simp: field-simps) hence $?i / ?l \le x$ using x by auto moreover have $?ip' \le real$ -of-int $i * 2^{(l' - l)}$ using i'-top int-less-real-le by auto hence ip'-le-i: $?ip' / ?l' \le real$ -of-int i / ?lusing level-diff by (auto simp: field-simps) hence $x \le real$ -of-int i / ?l using x by auto ultimately have $?\varphi x = ?l * x - ?i$ using φ -left-support' by auto }

{ fix x assume $x: x \in \{?in' / ?l' \dots real-of-int i' / ?l'\}$

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{hence } \varphi' \text{-}eq\text{: } ?\varphi' x = ?l' * x - ?in' \textbf{ using } \varphi \text{-}left\text{-}support' \textbf{ by } auto \\ \textbf{from } x \textbf{ have } x'\text{: } x \in \{?in' / ?l' \dots ?ip' / ?l'\} \textbf{ by } (auto simp add: field\text{-}simps) \\ \textbf{show } DERIV \Phi \text{-}n \ x :> ?\varphi 2 \ x \textbf{ unfolding } \varphi \text{-}eq[OF \ x'] \ \varphi'\text{-}eq \ \Phi \text{-}n\text{-}def \\ \textbf{by } (auto intro!: derivative\text{-}eq\text{-}intros simp add: power2\text{-}eq\text{-}square algebra-simps) \\ \end{array}$

{ fix x assume x: x ∈ {real-of-int i' / ?l'...?ip' / ?l'}
hence φ'-eq: ?φ' x = ?ip' - ?l' * x using φ-right-support' by auto
from x have x': x ∈ {?in' / ?l'...?ip' / ?l'} by (simp add: field-simps)
show DERIV Φ-p x :> ?φ2 x unfolding φ-eq[OF x'] φ'-eq Φ-p-def
by (auto intro!: derivative-eq-intros simp add: power2-eq-square algebra-simps)
}
qed (simp-all add: field-simps power-eq-if[of - 2] power-eq-if[of - 3] power-diff[of
2::real, OF - <l < l'>[THEN less-imp-le]])

lemma *l2-when-right-child*: assumes l < l'and *i'*-bot: i' > i * 2(l' - l)and *i'*-top: i' < (i + 1) * 2(l' - l)shows $l^2 \varphi(l', i')(l, i) = (1 - real-of-int i' / 2^{(l'-l)} + real-of-int i) / 2^{(l'-l)}$ + 1)**proof** (subst l2- φ I-DERIV) let ?l' = (2 :: real) (l' + 1)let ?in' = real-of-int i' - 1let ?ip' = real-of-int i' + 1let ?l = (2 :: real) (l + 1)let ?i = real-of-int i + 1let $?\varphi' = \varphi(l',i')$ let $?\varphi = \varphi(l, i)$ let $?\varphi 2 = \lambda x$. $?\varphi' x * ?\varphi x$ define Φ -n where Φ -n $x = x^2 / 2 * (?in' * ?l + ?i * ?l') - x^3 / 3 * ?l' * ?l'$?l - x * ?i * ?in' for x define Φ -p where Φ -p $x = x^3 / 3 * ?l' * ?l + x * ?i * ?ip' - x^2 / 2 * (?ip')$ * ?l + ?i * ?l') for x

have level-diff: $2\hat{\}(l'-l) = 2\hat{\}l' / (2\hat{\}l :: real)$ using power-diff[of 2::real l l'] $\langle l < l' \rangle$ by auto

{ fix x assume $x: x \in \{?in' / ?l' ... ?ip' / ?l'\}$ have real-of-int $i * 2 \cap (l' - l) \leq ?in'$ using i'-bot int-less-real-le by auto hence real-of-int $i / ?l \leq ?in' / ?l'$ using level-diff by (auto simp: field-simps) hence real-of-int $i / ?l \leq x$ using x by auto moreover have ?ip' $\leq ?i * 2 \cap (l' - l)$ using i'-top int-less-real-le by auto hence ip'-le-i: ?ip' / ?l' $\leq ?i / ?l$ using level-diff by (auto simp: field-simps)

hence $x \leq ?i / ?l$ using x by auto ultimately have $?\varphi x = ?i - ?l * x$ using φ -right-support' by auto } note φ -eq = this { fix x assume $x: x \in \{?in' / ?l' .. real-of-int i' / ?l'\}$ hence φ' -eq: $\varphi' x = \vartheta' * x - \vartheta in'$ using φ -left-support' by auto from x have $x': x \in \{?in' / ?l' .. ?ip' / ?l'\}$ by (simp add: field-simps) show DERIV Φ -n x :> $?\varphi 2$ x unfolding Φ -n-def φ -eq[OF x'] φ' -eq by (auto introl: derivative-eq-intros simp add: simp add: power2-eq-square algebra-simps) } { fix x assume $x: x \in \{\text{real-of-int } i' \mid ?l' ... ?ip' \mid ?l'\}$ from x have $x': x \in \{?in' / ?l' .. ?ip' / ?l'\}$ by (auto simp: field-simps) show DERIV Φ -p x :> $\varphi^2 x$ unfolding φ -eq[OF x'] φ' -eq Φ -p-def by (auto introl: derivative-eq-intros simp add: power2-eq-square algebra-simps) } **qed** (simp-all add: field-simps power-eq-if [of - 2] power-eq-if [of - 3] power-diff [of2::real, OF - $\langle l < l' \rangle$ [THEN less-imp-le]]) lemma level-shift: $lc > l \Longrightarrow (x :: real) / 2 \cap (lc - Suc \ l) = x * 2 / 2 \cap (lc - l)$ by (auto simp add: power-diff) lemma *l2-child*: assumes d < length band p-grid: $p \in grid$ (child b dir d) ds (is $p \in grid$?child ds) shows $l^{2}-\varphi$ $(p \mid d)$ $(b \mid d) = (1 - real-of-int (sqn dir) * (real-of-int (ix p d) / label{eq:shows})$ 2 (lv p d - lv b d) - real-of-int (ix b d))) /2 (lv p d + 1)proof – have lv ?child $d \leq lv p d$ using $\langle d < length b \rangle$ and p-grid

have $lo \ ?chula \ d \leq lo \ p \ d$ using $\langle d < length \ b \rangle$ and p-grid using grid-single-level by auto hence $lv \ b \ d < lv \ p \ d$ using $\langle d < length \ b \rangle$ and p-grid using child-lv by auto let $?i-c = ix \ ?child \ d$ and $?l-c = lv \ ?child \ d$ let $?i-p = ix \ p \ d$ and $?l-p = lv \ p \ d$ let $?i-b = ix \ b \ d$ and $?l-b = lv \ b \ d$ have $(2::int) * 2^{(?l-p)} - ?l-c) = 2^{Suc} (?l-p - ?l-c)$ by auto also have $\ldots = 2^{(Suc \ ?l-p)} - ?l-c)$

proof – have Suc (?l-p - ?l-c) = Suc ?l-p - ?l-cusing $\langle lv ?child d \leq lv p d \rangle$ by auto thus ?thesis by auto qed also have ... = $2^{(?l-p - ?l-b)}$ using $\langle d < length b \rangle$ and $\langle lv b d < lv p d \rangle$

```
by (auto simp add: child-def lv-def)
```

finally have level: $2^{(?l-p - ?l-b)} = (2::int) * 2^{(?l-p - ?l-c)}$. from $\langle d < length b \rangle$ and *p*-grid have range-left: $?i-p > (?i-c - 1) * 2^{(?l-p - ?l-c)}$ and range-right: $?i-p < (?i-c + 1) * 2^{(?l-p - ?l-c)}$ using grid-estimate by auto show ?thesis **proof** (cases dir) case *left* with child-ix-left $[OF \langle d \rangle | length b \rangle]$ have $(?i-b-1) * 2^{(?l-p-?l-b)} = (?i-c-1) * 2^{(?l-p-?l-c)}$ and $(i-b * 2^{(p)} - i-b) = (i-c + 1) * 2^{(p)} - i-c)$ using level by auto hence $?i-p > (?i-b - 1) * 2^{(?l-p - ?l-b)}$ and 2i - p < 2i - b * 2(2l - p - 2l - b)using range-left and range-right by auto with $\langle ?l-b < ?l-p \rangle$ have $l2-\varphi$ (?l-p, ?i-p) (?l-b, ?i-b) = $(1 + real-of-int ?i-p / 2^{?}(?l-p - ?l-b) - real-of-int ?i-b) / 2^{?}(?l-p + 1)$ by (rule l2-when-left-child) thus ?thesis using left by (auto simp add: ix-def lv-def) \mathbf{next} case right hence ?i-c = 2 * ?i-b + 1 using child-ix-right and $\langle d \rangle$ length b) by auto hence $?i-b * 2^{(?l-p - ?l-b)} = (?i-c - 1) * 2^{(?l-p - ?l-c)}$ and $(?i-b+1) * 2^{(?l-p-?l-b)} = (?i-c+1) * 2^{(?l-p-?l-c)}$ using level by autohence $?i-p > ?i-b * 2^{(?l-p)} - ?l-b)$ and $?i-p < (?i-b + 1) * 2^{(?l-p - ?l-b)}$ using range-left and range-right by auto with $\langle ?l-b < ?l-p \rangle$ have $l2-\varphi$ (?*l*-*p*, ?*i*-*p*) (?*l*-*b*, ?*i*-*b*) = $(1 - real-of-int ?i-p / 2^{?}(?l-p - ?l-b) + real-of-int ?i-b) / 2^{?}(?l-p + 1)$ by (rule l2-when-right-child) thus ?thesis using right by (auto simp add: ix-def lv-def) qed qed lemma l2-same: l2- φ (p!d) (p!d) = 1/3 / 2 (lv p d) proof have $l2-\varphi$ (p!d) $(p!d) = l2-\varphi$ $(lv \ p \ d, \ ix \ p \ d)$ $(lv \ p \ d, \ ix \ p \ d)$ by (auto simp add: lv-def ix-def) thus ?thesis using l2-when-same by auto qed **lemma** *l*2-*disjoint*: **assumes** d < length b **and** $p \in grid b \{d\}$ **and** $p' \in grid b \{d\}$ and $p' \notin grid \ p \ \{d\}$ and $lv \ p' \ d \ge lv \ p \ d$ shows $l2-\varphi$ $(p' \mid d)$ $(p \mid d) = 0$ proof –

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have range: ix $p' d > (ix p d + 1) * 2^{(lv p' d - lv p d)} \lor ix p' d < (ix p d - 1) * 2^{(lv p' d - lv p d)}$ proof (rule ccontr) assume \neg ?thesis hence ix $p' d \le (ix p d + 1) * 2^{(lv p' d - lv p d)}$ and $ix p' d \ge (ix p d - 1) * 2^{(lv p' d - lv p d)}$ by auto with $\langle p' \in grid b \{d\}$ and $\langle p \in grid b \{d\}$ and $\langle lv p' d \ge lv p d$ and $\langle d < length b$ have $p' \in grid p \{d\}$ using grid-part[where p=p and b=b and d=d and p'=p'] by auto with $\langle p' \notin grid p \{d\}$ show False by auto qed

have $l2-\varphi$ (p'!d) $(p!d) = l2-\varphi$ (lv p'd, ix p'd) (lv pd, ix pd) by (auto simp add: ix-def lv-def)

also have $\ldots = 0$ using range and $\langle lv \ p' \ d \geq lv \ p \ d \rangle$ and l2-when-disjoint by auto

finally show ?thesis .

 \mathbf{qed}

lemma *l*2-*down*2: **fixes** *pc pd p* **assumes** *d* < *length pd* **assumes** *pc-in-grid*: *pc* \in *grid* (*child pd dir d*) {*d*} **assumes** *pd-is-child*: *pd* = *child p dir d* (**is** *pd* = ?*pd*) **shows** *l*2- φ (*pc* ! *d*) (*pd* ! *d*) / 2 = *l*2- φ (*pc* ! *d*) (*p* ! *d*) **proof have** *d* < *length p* **using** *pd-is-child* (*d* < *length pd*) **by** *auto*

.

moreover have $pc \in grid ?pd \{d\}$ using pd-is-child and grid-child and pc-in-grid by auto**hence** $lv \ p \ d < lv \ pc \ d$ using grid-child-level and $\langle d < length \ pd \rangle$ and pd-is-child

by *auto*

 $\mathbf{moreover}$

have real-of-int (sgn dir) * real-of-int (sgn dir) = 1 by (cases dir, auto)

ultimately show ?thesis

lemma *l2-zigzag*:

assumes d < length p and p-child: p = child p-p dir dand p'-grid: $p' \in grid$ (child p (inv dir) d) {d} and ps-intro: child p (inv dir) d = child ps dir d (is ?c-p = ?c-ps) shows $l^2 - \varphi (p' ! d) (p-p ! d) = l^2 - \varphi (p' ! d) (ps ! d) + l^2 - \varphi (p' ! d) (p ! d) / 2$

proof -

have length p = length ?c-p by auto also have ... = length ?c-ps using ps-intro by auto finally have length p = length ps using ps-intro by auto hence d < length p-p using p-child and $\langle d < length$ p> by auto

moreover

from *ps-intro* have $ps = p[d := (lv \ p \ d, ix \ p \ d - sgn \ dir)]$ by (rule child-neighbour) hence $lv \ ps \ d = lv \ p \ d$ and real-of-int (ix $ps \ d$) = real-of-int (ix $p \ d$) - real-of-int (sgn dir)

using *lv-def* and *ix-def* and *(length* p = length ps) and (d < length p) by *auto*

moreover

have $d < length \ ps$ and $*: p' \in grid \ (child \ ps \ dir \ d) \ \{d\}$ using p'-grid ps-intro $\langle length \ p = length \ ps \rangle \langle d < length \ p \rangle$ by auto

have $p' \in grid \ p \ \{d\}$ using p'-grid and grid-child by auto hence p-p-grid: $p' \in grid$ (child p-p dir d) $\{d\}$ using p-child by auto hence $lv \ p' \ d > lv \ p$ - $p \ d$ using grid-child-level and $\langle d < length \ p$ - $p \rangle$ by auto

moreover

have real-of-int (sgn dir) * real-of-int (sgn dir) = 1 by (cases dir, auto)

ultimately show ?thesis

end

4 UpDown Scheme

theory UpDown-Scheme imports Grid begin

fun down' ::: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow grid-point \Rightarrow real \Rightarrow real \Rightarrow vector \Rightarrow vector **where**

 $\begin{array}{ll} down' \ d \ 0 & p \ f_l \ f_r \ \alpha = \alpha \\ | \ down' \ d \ (Suc \ l) \ p \ f_l \ f_r \ \alpha = (let \\ f_m = (f_l + f_r) \ / \ 2 + (\alpha \ p); \\ \alpha = \alpha(p := ((f_l + f_r) \ / \ 4 + (1 \ / \ 3) * (\alpha \ p)) \ / \ 2 \ \widehat{} (lv \ p \ d)); \\ \alpha = down' \ d \ l \ (child \ p \ left \ d) \ f_l \ f_m \ \alpha; \\ \alpha = down' \ d \ l \ (child \ p \ right \ d) \ f_m \ f_r \ \alpha \\ in \ \alpha) \end{array}$

definition $down :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow vector \Rightarrow vector where$ $<math>down = lift \ (\lambda \ d \ l \ p. \ down' \ d \ l \ p \ 0 \ 0)$

 $\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{fun} \ up' :: \ nat \Rightarrow \ nat \Rightarrow \ grid-point \Rightarrow \ vector \Rightarrow \ (real * real) * \ vector \ \mathbf{where} \\ up' \ d \quad 0 \ p \ \alpha = ((0, \ 0), \ \alpha) \\ | \ up' \ d \ (Suc \ l) \ p \ \alpha = (let \\ ((f_l, \ f_{ml}), \ \alpha) = \ up' \ d \ l \ (child \ p \ left \ d) \ \alpha; \\ ((f_{mr}, \ f_r), \ \alpha) = \ up' \ d \ l \ (child \ p \ right \ d) \ \alpha; \\ result = (f_{ml} + f_{mr} + (\alpha \ p) \ / \ 2 \ (lv \ p \ d) \ / \ 2) \ / \ 2 \\ in \ ((f_l + result, \ f_r + result), \ \alpha(p := f_{ml} + f_{mr}))) \end{array}$

definition $up :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow vector \Rightarrow vector where$ $<math>up = lift \ (\lambda \ d \ lm \ p \ \alpha. \ snd \ (up' \ d \ lm \ p \ \alpha))$

fun $updown' :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow vector \Rightarrow vector$ **where** $<math>updown' dm \ lm \ 0 \ \alpha = \alpha$ $| \ updown' \ dm \ lm \ (Suc \ d) \ \alpha =$ $(sum-vector \ (updown' \ dm \ lm \ d \ (up \ dm \ lm \ d \ \alpha)) \ (down \ dm \ lm \ d \ (updown' \ dm \ lm \ d \ \alpha))$

definition $updown :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow vector \Rightarrow vector$ where $updown \ dm \ lm \ \alpha = updown' \ dm \ lm \ dm \ \alpha$

 \mathbf{end}

5 Up Part

theory Up imports UpDown-Scheme Triangular-Function begin

lemma up'-inplace: **assumes** p'-in: $p' \notin grid p ds$ and $d \in ds$ **shows** $snd (up' d l p \alpha) p' = \alpha p'$ **using** p'-in **proof** (induct l arbitrary: $p \alpha$) **case** (Suc l) **let** ?ch dir = child p dir d **let** ?up dir $\alpha = up' d l$ (?ch dir) α **let** ?upl = snd (?up left α)

from contrapos-nn[OF $\langle p' \notin grid \ p \ ds \rangle$ grid-child[OF $\langle d \in ds \rangle$]] **have** left: $p' \notin grid (?ch \ left) \ ds$ and right: $p' \notin grid (?ch \ right) \ ds$ by auto

have $p \neq p'$ using grid.Start Suc.prems by auto with Suc.hyps[OF left, of α] Suc.hyps[OF right, of ?upl] show ?case

by (cases ?up left α , cases ?up right ?upl, auto simp add: Let-def) qed auto

lemma up'-fl-fr: $\begin{bmatrix} d < length p ; p = (child p - r right d) ; p = (child p - l left d) \end{bmatrix}$ \implies fst $(up' d lm p \alpha) =$ $\begin{array}{ll} (\sum p' \in lgrid \ p \ \{d\} \ (lm + level \ p). \ (\alpha \ p') * l2 - \varphi \ (p' \mid d) \ (p - r \mid d), \\ \sum p' \in lgrid \ p \ \{d\} \ (lm + level \ p). \ (\alpha \ p') * l2 - \varphi \ (p' \mid d) \ (p - l \mid d)) \end{array}$ **proof** (*induct lm arbitrary: p p-l p-r* α) case (Suc lm) **note** $\langle d < length p \rangle [simp]$ from child-ex-neighbour obtain pc-r pc-l where *pc-r-def*: child *p* right d = child pc-r (inv right) dand *pc-l-def*: child *p* left d = child pc-l (inv left) d by blast define pc where pc dir = (case dir of right \Rightarrow pc-r | left \Rightarrow pc-l) for dir { fix dir have child p (inv dir) d = child (pc (inv dir)) dir d by (cases dir, auto simp add: pc-def pc-r-def pc-l-def) } note pc-child = this { fix dir have child p dir d = child (pc dir) (inv dir) dby (cases dir, auto simp add: pc-def pc-r-def pc-l-def) } note pc-child-inv = this **hence** !! dir. length (child p dir d) = length (child (pc dir) (inv dir) d) by auto hence !! dir. length p = length (pc dir) by auto hence [simp]: !! dir. d < length (pc dir) by auto let $?l = \lambda s$. lm + level slet $?C = \lambda p p'$. $(\alpha p) * l2 - \varphi (p ! d) (p' ! d)$ let $?sum' = \lambda s \ p'' \sum p' \in lgrid \ s \ \{d\} \ (Suc \ lm + level \ p). \ ?C \ p' \ p''$ let $?sum = \lambda s \ dir \ p. \sum p' \in lgrid \ (child \ s \ dir \ d) \ \{d\} \ (?l \ (child \ s \ dir \ d)). \ ?C \ p'$ plet $?ch = \lambda dir. child p dir d$ let $?f = \lambda dir$. ?sum p dir (pc dir) let $?fm = \lambda dir$. ?sum p dir plet ?result = (?fm left + ?fm right + (α p) / 2 ^ (lv p d) / 2) / 2 let $?up = \lambda lm \ p \ \alpha$. $up' \ d \ lm \ p \ \alpha$ define βl where $\beta l = snd$ (?up lm (?ch left) α) define βr where $\beta r = snd$ (?up lm (?ch right) βl) define p-d where p-d dir = (case dir of right \Rightarrow p-r | left \Rightarrow p-l) for dir have p-d-child: p = child (p-d dir) dir d for dir using Suc.prems p-d-def by (cases dir) auto hence \bigwedge dir. length p = length (child (p-d dir) dir d) by auto hence $\bigwedge dir. d < length (p-d dir)$ by auto

{ fix dir

{ fix p' assume $p' \in lgrid$ (?ch (inv dir)) {d} (?l (?ch (inv dir))) hence ?C p' (pc (inv dir)) + (?C p' p) / 2 = ?C p' (p-d dir)using l2-zigzag[OF - p-d-child[of dir] - pc-child[of dir]] **by** (cases dir) (auto simp add: algebra-simps) } hence inv-dir-sum: ?sum p (inv dir) (pc (inv dir)) + (?sum p (inv dir) p) / 2 = ?sum p (inv dir) (p-d dir) **by** (*auto simp add: sum.distrib*[*symmetric*] *sum-divide-distrib*) have ?sum p dir p / 2 = ?sum p dir (p-d dir)using l2-down2[OF - - $\langle p = child (p-d dir) dir d \rangle$] by (force intro!: sum.cong simp add: sum-divide-distrib) moreover have $?C p (p-d dir) = (\alpha p) / 2 \cap (lv p d) / 4$ using l2-child[OF $\langle d < length (p-d dir) \rangle$, of p dir $\{d\}$] p-d-child[of dir] $\langle d < length (p-d dir) \rangle$ child-lv child-ix grid.Start[of $p \{d\}$] by (cases dir) (auto simp add: add-divide-distrib field-simps) ultimately have ?sum' p (p-d dir) =?sum p (inv dir) (pc (inv dir)) + $(?sum p (inv dir) p) / 2 + ?sum p dir p / 2 + (\alpha p) / 2 \cap (lv p d) / 4$ using lgrid-sum [where b=p] and child-level and inv-dir-sum by (cases dir) auto hence ?sum p (inv dir) (pc (inv dir)) + ?result = ?sum' p (p-d dir)by (cases dir) auto } **note** this[of left] this[of right] moreover **note** eq = up'-inplace[OF grid-not-child[OF $\langle d \rangle$ length $p \rangle$], of $d \{d\}$ lm] { fix p' assume $p' \in lgrid$ (?ch right) {d} (lm + level (?ch right)) with grid-disjunct of d p up'-inplace of p'? ch left $\{d\} d \ln \alpha$ β l-def have $\beta l p' = \alpha p'$ by *auto* } hence fst (?up (Suc lm) $p \alpha$) = (?f left + ?result, ?f right + ?result) using βl -def pc-child-inv[of left] pc-child-inv[of right] Suc.hyps[of ?ch left pc left p α] eq[of left α] Suc.hyps[of ?ch right p pc right βl] eq[of right βl] by (cases $up \ lm$ (?ch left) α , cases $up \ lm$ (?ch right) βl) (simp add: Let-def) ultimately show ?case by (auto simp add: p-d-def) next case θ show ?case by simp qed lemma $up' - \beta$: $\llbracket d < length b ; l + level b = lm ; b \in sparsegrid' dm ; p \in sparsegrid' dm \rrbracket$ \implies $(snd (up' d l b \alpha)) p =$ $(if \ p \in lgrid \ b \ \{d\} \ lm$ then $\sum p' \in (lgrid \ p \ \{d\} \ lm) - \{p\}. \ \alpha \ p' * l2 - \varphi \ (p' \mid d) \ (p \mid d)$ else αp) $(\mathbf{is} \llbracket -; -; -; - \rrbracket \Longrightarrow (?goal \ l \ b \ p \ \alpha))$

proof (*induct l arbitrary: b p* α) **case** (Suc l)

let $?l = child \ b \ left \ d$ and $?r = child \ b \ right \ d$ obtain p-l where p-l-def: $?r = child \ p$ - $l \ left \ d$ using child-ex-neighbour[where dir=right] by auto

obtain p-r where p-r-def: ?l = child p-r right d using child-ex-neighbour[where dir = left] by auto

let $?ul = up' d l ?l \alpha$ let ?ur = up' d l ?r (snd ?ul)

let $?C p' = \alpha p' * l2 - \varphi (p' ! d) (p ! d)$ let $?s s = \sum p' \in (lgrid s \{d\} lm). ?C p'$

 $\mathbf{from} \ \langle b \in \mathit{sparsegrid'} \ dm \rangle \ \mathbf{have} \ \mathit{length} \ b = \mathit{dm} \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{sparsegrid'-def} \ \mathit{start-def}$

hence d < dm using $\langle d < length b \rangle$ by auto

{ fix p' assume $p' \in grid ?r \{d\}$ hence $p' \notin grid ?l \{d\}$ using $grid-disjunct[OF \langle d < length b \rangle]$ by auto hence $snd ?ul p' = \alpha p'$ using up'-inplace by auto } note eq = this

show ?goal (Suc l) $b \ p \ \alpha$ proof (cases p = b) case True

by auto

have $d < length ?l using \langle d < length b \rangle$ by auto from up'-fl-fr[OF this p-r-def]have fml: snd (fst ?ul) = ($\sum p' \in lgrid ?l \{d\} (l + level ?l). ?C p'$) by simp

have d < length ?r using $\langle d < length b \rangle$ by auto from up'-fl-fr[OF this - p-l-def, where $\alpha = snd$?ul] have fmr: fst (fst ?ur) = $(\sum p' \in lgrid$?r {d} (l + level ?r). ((snd ?ul) p') * l2- φ (p'! d) (b! d)) by simp

have level b < lm using $(Suc \ l + level \ b = lm)$ by auto hence $\{b\} \subseteq lgrid \ b \ d\}$ lm unfolding lgrid-def by auto from sum-diff [OF lgrid-finite this] have $(\sum p' \in (lgrid \ b \ d\} \ lm) - \{b\}$. ?C p') = ?s $b - ?C \ b$ by simp also have ... = ?s ?l + ?s ?r using lgrid-sum and $(level \ b < lm)$ and $(d < length \ b)$ by auto

also have $\ldots = snd (fst ?ul) + fst (fst ?ur)$ using fml and fmr

```
and (Suc \ l + level \ b = lm) and child-level[OF \ (d < length \ b)]
      using eq unfolding True lgrid-def by auto
    finally show ?thesis unfolding up'.simps Let-def and fun-upd-def lgrid-def
      using \langle p = b \rangle and \langle level \ b < lm \rangle
      by (cases ?ul, cases ?ur, auto)
  next
    case False
    have ?r \in sparsegrid' dm and ?l \in sparsegrid' dm
     using \langle b \in sparsegrid' dm \rangle and \langle d < dm \rangle unfolding sparsegrid'-def by auto
    from Suc.hyps[OF - - this(1)] Suc.hyps[OF - - this(2)]
    have ?goal \ l \ ?l \ p \ \alpha and ?goal \ l \ ?r \ p \ (snd \ ?ul)
      using \langle d < length b \rangle and \langle Suc l + level b = lm \rangle and \langle p \in sparsegrid' dm \rangle
by auto
    show ?thesis
    proof (cases p \in lgrid \ b \ \{d\} \ lm)
      case True
      hence level p < lm and p \in grid \ b \{d\} unfolding lgrid-def by auto
      hence p \in grid ?l \{d\} \lor p \in grid ?r \{d\}
        unfolding grid-partition[of b] using \langle p \neq b \rangle by auto
      thus ?thesis
      proof (rule disjE)
        assume p \in grid (child b left d) \{d\}
       hence p \notin grid (child b right d) \{d\}
          using grid-disjunct [OF \langle d \rangle length b)] by auto
        thus ?thesis
          using \langle ?goal \ l \ ?l \ p \ \alpha \rangle and \langle ?goal \ l \ ?r \ p \ (snd \ ?ul) \rangle
          using \langle p \neq b \rangle \langle p \in lgrid \ b \ \{d\} \ lm \rangle
          unfolding lgrid-def grid-partition[of b]
          by (cases ?ul, cases ?ur, auto simp add: Let-def)
      \mathbf{next}
        assume *: p \in grid (child \ b \ right \ d) \{d\}
        hence p \notin grid (child b left d) \{d\}
          using grid-disjunct [OF \langle d \rangle length b)] by auto
        moreover
        { fix p' assume p' \in grid p \{d\}
          from grid-transitive [OF this *] eq[of p']
          have snd ?ul p' = \alpha p' by simp
        }
        ultimately show ?thesis
          using \langle ?goal \ l \ ?l \ p \ \alpha \rangle and \langle ?goal \ l \ ?r \ p \ (snd \ ?ul) \rangle
          using \langle p \neq b \rangle \langle p \in lgrid \ b \ \{d\} \ lm \rangle *
          unfolding lgrid-def
          by (cases ?ul, cases ?ur, auto simp add: Let-def)
  ged
next
```

case False

```
then have p \notin lgrid ?l \{d\} lm and p \notin lgrid ?r \{d\} lm
        unfolding lgrid-def and grid-partition [where p=b] by auto
      with False show ?thesis using \langle ?goal \ l \ ?l \ p \ \alpha \rangle and \langle ?goal \ l \ ?r \ p \ (snd \ ?ul) \rangle
        using \langle p \neq b \rangle \langle p \notin lgrid \ b \ \{d\} \ lm \rangle
        unfolding lgrid-def
        by (cases ?ul, cases ?ur, auto simp add: Let-def)
    qed
  qed
\mathbf{next}
  case \theta
  then have lgrid b \{d\} lm = \{\}
    using lgrid-empty (where p=b and lm=lm and ds=\{d\}) by auto
  with 0 show ?case unfolding up'.simps by auto
qed
lemma up:
  assumes d < dm and p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm
 shows (up dm lm d \alpha) p = (\sum p' \in (lgrid p \{d\} lm) - \{p\}, \alpha p' * l2 - \varphi (p'! d)
(p ! d))
proof –
 let ?S = \lambda x p p'. if p' \in grid p \{d\} - \{p\} then x * l2 - \varphi(p'!d)(p!d) else 0
 let ?F = \lambda \ d \ lm \ p \ \alpha. snd (up' \ d \ lm \ p \ \alpha)
  { fix p \ b assume p \in grid \ b \ \{d\}
    from grid-transitive[OF - this subset-refl subset-refl]
    have lgrid b {d} lm \cap (grid \ p \ \{d\} - \{p\}) = lgrid \ p \ \{d\} \ lm - \{p\}
      unfolding lgrid-def by auto
  \mathbf{b} note lgrid-eq = this
  { fix l b p \alpha
    assume b: b \in lgrid (start dm) ({0.. < dm} - {d}) lm
    hence b \in sparsegrid' dm and d < length b using sparsegrid'-start \langle d < dm \rangle
by auto
    assume l: l + level b = lm and p: p \in sparsegrid dm lm
    note sparsegridE[OF p]
    note up' = up' - \beta [OF \langle d \rangle | l \langle b \rangle | l \langle b \rangle | sparsegrid' dm \rangle \langle p \rangle (p \rangle sparsegrid')
dm
    have ?F d l b \alpha p =
          (if b = base \{d\} p then (\sum p' \in lgrid b \{d\} lm. ?S (\alpha p') p p') else \alpha p)
    proof (cases b = base \{d\} p)
      case True with baseE(2)[OF \langle p \in sparsegrid' dm \rangle] \langle level p < lm \rangle
      have p \in lgrid \ b \ \{d\} \ lm and p \in grid \ b \ \{d\} by auto
      show ?thesis
        using lgrid-eq[OF \langle p \in grid \ b \ \{d\}\rangle]
        unfolding up' if-P[OF True] if-P[OF \langle p \in lgrid \ b \ \{d\} \ lm\rangle]
        by (intro sum.mono-neutral-cong-left lgrid-finite) auto
```

 \mathbf{next}

case False moreover have $p \notin lgrid \ b \ \{d\} \ lm$ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) **assume** \neg ?thesis hence base $\{d\} p = b$ using b by (auto intro!: baseI) thus False using False by auto qed ultimately show ?thesis unfolding up' by auto qed } with lift[where F = ?F, $OF \langle d < dm \rangle \langle p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm \rangle$] have lift-eq: lift ?F dm lm d α p = $(\sum p' \in lgrid \ (base \ \{d\} \ p) \ \{d\} \ lm. \ ?S \ (\alpha \ p') \ p \ p')$ by auto **from** $lgrid-eq[OF \ baseE(2)[OF \ sparsegrid-subset[OF \ \langle p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm \rangle]]]$ show ?thesis unfolding up-def lift-eq by (intro sum.mono-neutral-cong-right lgrid-finite) auto qed

end

6 Down part

theory Down imports Triangular-Function UpDown-Scheme begin

lemma sparsegrid'-parents: **assumes** b: $b \in$ sparsegrid' dm **and** p': $p' \in$ parents d b p **shows** $p' \in$ sparsegrid' dm**using** assms parents-def sparsegrid'I by auto

lemma $down' - \beta$: [] d < length b; l + level b = lm; $b \in sparsegrid' dm$; $p \in$ $sparsegrid' dm] \Longrightarrow$ $down' d \ l \ b \ fl \ fr \ \alpha \ p = (if \ p \in lgrid \ b \ \{d\} \ lm$ then $(fl + (fr - fl) / 2 * (real-of-int (ix p d) / 2^(lv p d - lv b d) - real-of-int (ix p d) / 2^(lv p d - lv b d))$ b d + 1)) / 2 (lv p d + 1) + $(\sum p' \in parents \ d \ b \ p. \ (\alpha \ p') * l2-\varphi \ (p \ l \ d) \ (p' \ l \ d))$ else α p) **proof** (*induct l arbitrary*: $b \alpha fl fr p$) case (Suc l) let $?l = child \ b \ left \ d$ and $?r = child \ b \ right \ d$ **let** ?result = ((fl + fr) / 4 + (1 / 3) * (α b)) / 2 ^ (lv b d) let $?fm = (fl + fr) / 2 + (\alpha b)$ let ?down-l = down' d l (child b left d) fl ?fm ($\alpha(b := ?result)$) have length b = dm using $\langle b \in sparsegrid' dm \rangle$ unfolding sparsegrid'-def start-def by auto hence d < dm using $\langle d < length b \rangle$ by auto

have !!dir. d < length (child b dir d) using $\langle d < length b \rangle$ by auto have !!dir. l + level (child b dir d) = lmusing $\langle d \langle length b \rangle$ and $\langle Suc l + level b = lm \rangle$ and child-level by auto have $!!dir. (child \ b \ dir \ d) \in sparseqrid' \ dm$ using $\langle b \in sparsegrid' dm \rangle$ and $\langle d < dm \rangle$ and sparsegrid'-def by auto **note** $hyps = Suc.hyps[OF \land !!] dir. d < length (child b dir d) >$ $\langle !!dir. l + level (child b dir d) = lm \rangle$ $\langle !!dir. (child \ b \ dir \ d) \in sparsegrid' \ dm \rangle$ show ?case **proof** (cases $p \in lgrid \ b \ \{d\} \ lm$) case False moreover hence $p \neq b$ and $p \notin lgrid ?l \{d\} lm$ and $p \notin lqrid ?r \{d\} lm$ unfolding lqrid-def **unfolding** grid-partition where p=b using $\langle Suc \ l + level \ b = lm \rangle$ by auto ultimately show *?thesis* **unfolding** down'.simps Let-def fun-upd-def hyps $[OF \land p \in sparsegrid' dm_{?}]$ by *auto* \mathbf{next} case True hence level p < lm and $p \in grid b \{d\}$ unfolding lgrid-def by auto let ?lb = lv b d and ?ib = real-of-int (ix b d)let ?lp = lv p d and ?ip = real-of-int (ix p d)show ?thesis **proof** (cases \exists dir. $p \in grid$ (child b dir d){d}) case True obtain dir where p-grid: $p \in grid$ (child b dir d) {d} using True by auto hence $p \in lgrid$ (child b dir d) {d} lm using (level p < lm) unfolding lgrid-def by auto have $lv \ b \ d < lv \ p \ d$ using $child-lv[OF \ \langle d < length \ b \rangle]$ and grid-single-level[OFp-grid $\langle d < length (child b dir d) \rangle$] by auto let $?ch = child \ b \ dir \ d$ let $?ich = child \ b \ (inv \ dir) \ d$ show ?thesis **proof** (cases dir) case right hence $p \in lgrid ?r \{d\}$ lm and $p \in grid ?r \{d\}$ using $\langle p \in grid ?ch \{d\} \rangle$ and $\langle level p < lm \rangle$ unfolding lgrid-def by auto { fix p' fix fl fr x assume $p': p' \in parents d$ (child b right d) p hence $p' \in grid$ (child b right d) $\{d\}$ unfolding parents-def by simp hence $p' \notin lgrid$ (child b left d) $\{d\}$ lm and $p' \neq b$ unfolding lgrid-def using grid-disjunct [OF $\langle d \rangle$ length b)] grid-not-child by auto **from** $hyps[OF sparsegrid'-parents[OF < child b right <math>d \in sparsegrid' dm >$ p'] this

have down' d l (child b left d) fl fr ($\alpha(b := x)$) $p' = \alpha p'$ by auto } thus ?thesis

unfolding down'.simps Let-def hyps[$OF \langle p \in sparsegrid' dm \rangle$] parent-sum[$OF \langle p \in grid ?r \{d\} \rangle \langle d < length b \rangle$] $l2-child[OF \langle d < length b \rangle \langle p \in grid ?r \{d\} \rangle$]

using child-ix child-lv $\langle d < length b \rangle$ level-shift[OF $\langle lv b d < lv p d \rangle$] sgn.simps $\langle p \in lgrid b \{d\} lm \rangle \langle p \in lgrid ?r \{d\} lm \rangle$

by (*auto simp add: algebra-simps diff-divide-distrib add-divide-distrib*) **next**

case *left*

hence $p \in lgrid ?l \{d\}$ lm and $p \in grid ?l \{d\}$

using $\langle p \in grid ?ch \{d\} \rangle$ and $\langle level p < lm \rangle$ unfolding lgrid-def by auto hence $\neg p \in lgrid ?r \{d\} lm$

using grid-disjunct[OF $\langle d \rangle$ length b)] unfolding lgrid-def by auto { fix p' assume p': p' \in parents d (child b left d) p

hence $p' \in grid$ (child b left d) {d} unfolding parents-def by simp

hence $p' \neq b$ using grid-not-child[OF $\langle d \rangle$ length b)] by auto } thus ?thesis

unfolding down'.simps Let-def hyps $[OF \langle p \in sparsegrid' dm \rangle]$ parent-sum $[OF \langle p \in grid ?l \{d\} \rangle \langle d < length b \rangle]$

 $pareini-sum[OF \land p \in grid : \{ \{a\} \} \land u < iengin or]$

 $l2\text{-child}[OF \langle d < \text{length } b \rangle \langle p \in \text{grid } ?l \{d\} \rangle] \text{ sgn.simps}$

 $\begin{array}{l} \textit{if-P}[OF \ \langle p \in \textit{lgrid} \ b \ \{d\} \ lm \rangle] \ \textit{if-P}[OF \ \langle p \in \textit{lgrid} \ ?l \ \{d\} \ lm \rangle] \\ \textit{if-not-P}[OF \ \langle p \notin \textit{lgrid} \ ?r \ \{d\} \ lm \rangle] \\ \end{array}$

using child-ix child-lv $\langle d \rangle$ length b) level-shift[OF $\langle lv \ b \ d \rangle$ lv p d)]

by (*auto simp add: algebra-simps diff-divide-distrib add-divide-distrib*) **qed**

next

case False hence not-child: !! dir. $\neg p \in grid (child \ b \ dir \ d) \{d\}$ by auto hence p = b using grid-onedim-split[where $ds=\{\}$ and d=d and $b=b] \langle p \in grid \ b \{d\}$ unfolding grid-empty-ds[where b=b] by auto

from not-child have lnot-child: !! dir. $\neg p \in lgrid$ (child b dir d) {d} lm unfolding lgrid-def by auto

have result: $((fl + fr) / 4 + 1 / 3 * \alpha b) / 2 \cap lv b d = (fl + (fr - fl) / 2) / 2 \cap (lv b d + 1) + \alpha b * l2 - \varphi (b ! d) (b ! d)$

by (*auto simp: l2-same diff-divide-distrib add-divide-distrib times-divide-eq-left*[*symmetric*] *algebra-simps*)

show ?thesis

unfolding down'.simps Let-def fun-upd-def hyps $[OF \langle p \in sparsegrid' dm \rangle]$ if- $P[OF \langle p \in lgrid \ b \ \{d\} \ lm \rangle]$ if-not- $P[OF \ lnot-child]$ if- $P[OF \ \langle p = b \rangle]$ **unfolding** $\langle p = b \rangle$ parents-single **unfolding** result by auto **qed qed next case** 0 **have** $p \notin lgrid \ b \ \{d\} \ lm$ **proof** (rule ccontr)

assume $\neg p \notin lgrid b \{d\} lm$

hence $p \in grid \ b \ \{d\}$ and level p < lm unfolding lgrid-def by auto

moreover from grid-level [OF $\langle p \in grid \ b \ \{d\}\rangle$] and $\langle \theta + level \ b = lm\rangle$ have

lm < level p by auto ultimately show False by auto qed thus ?case unfolding down'.simps by auto qed **lemma** down: assumes d < dm and $p: p \in sparsegrid dm lm$ shows (down dm lm d α) $p = (\sum p' \in parents d (base \{d\} p) p. (\alpha p') * l2-\varphi$ (p ! d) (p' ! d))proof let ?F d l p = down' d l p 0 0let ?S x p p' = if p' \in parents d (base {d} p) p then $x * l^2 - \varphi$ (p! d) (p'! d) else 0 { fix $p \ \alpha$ assume $p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm$ **from** le-less-trans[OF grid-level sparsegridE(2)[OF this]] have parents d (base $\{d\}$ p) $p \subseteq lgrid$ (base $\{d\}$ p) $\{d\}$ lm unfolding lgrid-def parents-def by auto hence $(\sum p' \in lgrid \ (base \{d\} p) \{d\} lm. ?S \ (\alpha p') p p') =$ $(\sum p' \in parents \ d \ (base \ \{d\} \ p) \ p. \ \alpha \ p' * l2 - \varphi \ (p \ l \ d) \ (p' \ l \ d))$ using lgrid-finite by (intro sum.mono-neutral-cong-right) auto } note sum-eq = this{ fix $l p b \alpha$ assume b: $b \in lgrid$ (start dm) ({0..<dm} - {d}) lm and l + level b = lm and $p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm$ hence *b*-spg: $b \in sparsegrid' dm$ and *p*-spg: $p \in sparsegrid' dm$ and d < length b and level p < lmusing sparsegrid'-start sparsegrid-subset $\langle d < dm \rangle$ by auto have $?F \ d \ l \ b \ \alpha \ p = (if \ b = base \ \{d\} \ p \ then \ \sum p' \in lgrid \ b \ \{d\} \ lm. \ ?S \ (\alpha \ p') \ p$ $p' else \alpha p$ **proof** (cases $b = base \{d\} p$) case True have $p \in lgrid$ (base $\{d\}$ p) $\{d\}$ lm using baseE(2)[OF p-spg] and $\langle level p < lm \rangle$ unfolding lgrid-def by auto thus *?thesis* unfolding *if-P*[*OF True*] **unfolding** True sum-eq[$OF \ \langle p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm \rangle$] **unfolding** down'- β [OF $\langle d \rangle$ length b $\langle l + level b = lm \rangle$ b-spg p-spg, unfolded True] by auto \mathbf{next} case False have $p \notin lgrid \ b \ \{d\} \ lm$ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) **assume** \neg ?thesis **hence** $p \in grid \ b \ \{d\}$ by auto from b this have $b = base \{d\} p$ using baseI by auto thus False using False by simp ged thus ?thesis

unfolding *if-not-P*[*OF False*] unfolding *down'-* β [*OF* $\langle d < length b \rangle \langle l + level b = lm \rangle$ *b-spg p-spg*] by *auto* qed } from *lift*[*OF* $\langle d < dm \rangle \langle p \in sparsegrid dm lm \rangle$, where F = ?F and S = ?S, *OF this*] show ?thesis unfolding *down-def* unfolding *sum-eq*[*OF p*] by *simp* qed

end

7 UpDown

theory Up-Down imports Up Down begin

lemma updown': $[\![d \le dm; p \in sparsegrid dm lm]\!]$ $\implies (updown' dm lm d \alpha) p = (\sum_{p' \in lgrid} (base \{0 ... < d\} p) \{0 ... < d\} lm.$ $\alpha p' * (\prod_{q' \in \{0 ... < d\}} l2 \cdot \varphi (p' ! d') (p ! d')))$ (is $[\![-; -]\!] \implies - = (\sum_{p' \in ?subgrid} d p. \alpha p' * ?prod d p' p))$ **proof** (induct d arbitrary: αp) **case** 0 **hence** ?subgrid 0 $p = \{p\}$ using base-empty unfolding lgrid-def and sparsegrid-def sparsegrid'-def by auto **thus** ?case unfolding updown'.simps by auto **next case** (Suc d) **let** ?leafs $p = (lgrid p \{d\} lm) - \{p\}$ **let** ?parents = parents d (base $\{d\} p) p$ **let** ?b = base $\{0... < d\} p$ **have** d < dm using $\langle Suc d \le dm \rangle$ by auto

have p-spg: $p \in grid$ (start dm) {0..< dm} and p-spg': $p \in sparsegrid' dm$ and level p < lm using $\langle p \in sparsegrid dm lm \rangle$

unfolding sparsegrid-def and sparsegrid'-def and lgrid-def by auto have p'-in-spg: !! p'. $p' \in$?subgrid $d p \implies p' \in$ sparsegrid $dm \ lm$

using base-grid[OF p-spg'] **unfolding** sparsegrid'-def sparsegrid-def lgrid-def by auto

from baseE[OF p-spg'], where $ds=\{0..< d\}]$ have $?b \in grid (start dm) \{d..< dm\}$ and p-bgrid: $p \in grid ?b \{0..< d\}$ by auto hence d < length ?b using $\langle Suc \ d \leq dm \rangle$ by auto have $p \ d = ?b \ d$ using $base-out[OF - - p-spg'] \langle Suc \ d \leq dm \rangle$ by auto

have length p = dm using $\langle p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm \rangle$ unfolding sparsegrid-def lgrid-def by auto

hence d < length p using $\langle d < dm \rangle$ by auto

have updown' dm lm d (up dm lm d α) p = $(\sum p' \in ?subgrid \ d \ p. \ (up \ dm \ lm \ d \ \alpha) \ p' * (?prod \ d \ p' \ p))$ using Suc by auto also have $\ldots = (\sum p' \in ?subgrid \ d \ p. (\sum p'' \in ?leafs \ p'. \ \alpha \ p'' * ?prod (Suc \ d))$ $p^{\prime\prime} p))$ **proof** (*intro sum.cong refl*) fix p' assume $p' \in ?subgrid d p$ hence d < length p' unfolding lgrid-def using base-length[OF p-spg'] $\langle Suc d$ $\leq dm$ by auto have up dm lm d α p' * ?prod d p' p = $(\sum p'' \in ?leafs p'. \alpha p'' * l2 - \varphi (p'' ! d) (p' ! d)) * ?prod d p' p$ using $\langle p' \in ?subgrid \ d \ p \rangle \ up \ \langle Suc \ d \le dm \rangle \ p'-in-spg \ by \ auto$ also have $\ldots = (\sum p'' \in ?leafs p'. \alpha p'' * l2 - \varphi (p'' ! d) (p' ! d) * ?prod d p'$ p)using sum-distrib-right by auto also have $\ldots = (\sum p'' \in ?leafs p'. \alpha p'' * ?prod (Suc d) p'' p)$ **proof** (*intro sum.cong refl*) fix p'' assume $p'' \in ?leafs p'$ have ?prod d p' p = ?prod d p'' pproof (intro prod.cong refl) fix d' assume $d' \in \{0..< d\}$ hence d-lt-p: d' < length p' and d'-not-d: $d' \notin \{d\}$ using $\langle d < length p' \rangle$ by auto hence $p' \mid d' = p'' \mid d'$ using $\langle p'' \in ?leafs \ p' \rangle$ grid-invariant[OF d-lt-p d'-not-d] unfolding lgrid-def by auto thus $l2-\varphi$ (p'!d') $(p!d') = l2-\varphi$ (p''!d') (p!d') by auto qed moreover have $p' \mid d = p \mid d$ using $\langle p' \in ?subgrid \ d \ p \rangle$ and $grid-invariant[OF \ \langle d < length \ ?b \rangle$, where p=p' and $ds=\{0..< d\}$ unfolding lgrid-def $\langle p \mid d = ?b \mid d \rangle$ by auto ultimately have $l2-\varphi$ (p'' ! d) (p' ! d) * ?prod d p' p = $l2-\varphi \ (p'' \mid d) \ (p \mid d) * ?prod \ d \ p'' \ p \ by \ auto$ also have $\ldots = ?prod (Suc d) p'' p$ proof have insert $d \{0..< d\} = \{0..< Suc \ d\}$ by auto moreover from *prod.insert* have prod (λ d'. l2- φ (p'' ! d') (p ! d')) (insert d {0..<d}) = $(\lambda \ d'. \ l2-\varphi \ (p''! \ d') \ (p! \ d')) \ d * prod \ (\lambda \ d'. \ l2-\varphi \ (p''! \ d') \ (p! \ d')) \ \{0..< d\}$ by *auto* ultimately show ?thesis by auto qed finally show $\alpha p'' * l2 - \varphi (p'' ! d) (p' ! d) * ?prod d p' p = \alpha p'' * ?prod (Suc$ d) p'' p by auto qed finally show (up dm lm d α) p' * (?prod d p' p) = ($\sum p'' \in ?leafs p'. \alpha p'' *$?prod (Suc d) p'' p) by auto

qed

also have $\ldots = (\sum (p', p'') \in Sigma (?subgrid d p) (\lambda p'. (?leafs p')). (\alpha p'') * (?prod (Suc d) p'' p))$

by (rule sum.Sigma, auto simp add: lgrid-finite)

also have $\ldots = (\sum p''' \in (\bigcup p' \in ?subgrid \ d \ p. (\bigcup p'' \in ?leafs \ p'. \{ (p', p'') \})).$

 $(((\lambda p''. \alpha p'' * ?prod (Suc d) p'' p) o snd) p'''))$ unfolding Sigma-def by (rule sum.cong[OF refl], auto)

also have $\ldots = (\sum p'' \in snd ` (\bigcup p' \in ?subgrid d p. (\bigcup p'' \in ?leafs p'. { <math>(p', p'')$ })).

 $\alpha p'' * (?prod (Suc d) p'' p))$ unfolding lgrid-def

by (*rule sum.reindex*[*symmetric*],

rule subset-inj-on[OF grid-grid-inj-on[OF ivl-disj-int(15)[where l=0 and m=d and u=d], where b=?b])

auto

also have $\ldots = (\sum p'' \in (\bigcup p' \in ?subgrid \ d \ p. (\bigcup p'' \in ?leafs \ p'. snd ` \{ (p', p'') \})).$

 $\alpha p'' * (?prod (Suc d) p'' p))$ by (auto simp only: image-UN)

also have ... = $(\sum p'' \in (\bigcup p' \in ?subgrid \ d \ p. ?leafs \ p')$. $\alpha \ p'' * (?prod (Suc \ d) \ p'' \ p))$ by auto

finally have up-part: updown' dm lm d (up dm lm d α) $p = (\sum p'' \in (\bigcup p' \in ?subgrid d p. ?leafs p'). \alpha p'' * (?prod (Suc d) p'' p)).$

have down dm lm d (updown' dm lm d α) $p = (\sum p' \in ?parents. (updown' dm lm d <math>\alpha p') * l2 \cdot \varphi (p ! d) (p' ! d))$

using (Suc $d \leq dm$) and down and ($p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm$) by auto

also have $\ldots = (\sum p' \in ?parents. \sum p'' \in ?subgrid d p'. \alpha p'' * ?prod (Suc d) p'' p)$

proof (rule sum.cong[OF refl])

fix p' let $?b' = base \{d\} p$

assume $p' \in ?parents$

hence p-lgrid: $p' \in lgrid$?b' {d} (level p + 1) using parents-subset-lgrid by auto

hence $p' \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm \ and \ p'-spg': p' \in sparsegrid' \ dm \ using \ level \ p \ < \ lm \ base-grid[OF \ p-spg'] \ unfolding \ sparsegrid-def \ lgrid-def \ sparsegrid'-def \ by \ auto$

hence length p' = dm unfolding sparsegrid-def lgrid-def by auto hence d < length p' using $(Suc \ d \leq dm)$ by auto

from *p*-lgrid have p'-grid: $p' \in grid ?b' \{d\}$ unfolding lgrid-def by auto

have $(updown' dm \ lm \ d \ \alpha \ p') * l2-\varphi \ (p ! d) \ (p' ! \ d) = (\sum \ p'' \in ?subgrid \ d \ p'. \alpha \ p'' * ?prod \ d \ p'' \ p') * l2-\varphi \ (p ! d) \ (p' ! \ d)$

using $\langle p' \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm \rangle$ Suc by auto

also have $\ldots = (\sum p'' \in ?subgrid \ d \ p'. \ \alpha \ p'' * ?prod \ d \ p'' \ p' * l2-\varphi \ (p \ l \ d) (p' \ l \ d))$

using sum-distrib-right by auto

also have $\ldots = (\sum p'' \in ?subgrid \ d \ p'. \ \alpha \ p'' * ?prod (Suc \ d) \ p'' \ p)$ proof (rule sum.cong[OF refl]) fix p'' assume $p'' \in ?subgrid \ d \ p'$

have $?prod \ d \ p'' \ p' = ?prod \ d \ p'' \ p$ proof (rule prod.cong, rule refl) fix d' assume $d' \in \{0..< d\}$ hence d' < dm and $d' \notin \{d\}$ using $(Suc \ d \leq dm)$ by auto **from** grid-base-out[OF this p-spg' p'-grid] show $l_{2-\varphi}(p''!d')(p'!d') = l_{2-\varphi}(p''!d')(p!d')$ by auto qed moreover have $l2-\varphi$ (p!d) $(p'!d) = l2-\varphi$ (p''!d) (p!d)proof have d < dm and $d \notin \{0... < d\}$ using (Suc $d \leq dm$) base-length p'-spg' by auto**from** grid-base-out[OF this p'-spg'] $\langle p'' \in ?$ subgrid d $p' \rangle$ [unfolded lgrid-def] show ?thesis using l2-commutative by auto qed **moreover have** ?prod $d p'' p * l2 - \varphi (p'' ! d) (p ! d) = ?prod (Suc d) p'' p$ proof have insert $d \{0..< d\} = \{0..< Suc \ d\}$ by auto moreover from *prod.insert* have $(\lambda \ d'. \ l2 - \varphi \ (p'' \ l \ d') \ (p \ l \ d')) \ d * prod \ (\lambda \ d'. \ l2 - \varphi \ (p'' \ l \ d') \ (p \ l \ d'))$ $\{0..< d\} =$ prod $(\lambda \ d'. \ l2-\varphi \ (p'' \ l \ d') \ (p \ l \ d'))$ (insert $d \ \{0..< d\}$) by *auto* hence $(prod \ (\lambda \ d'. \ l2-\varphi \ (p'' \ l \ d') \ (p \ l \ d')) \ \{0..< d\}) * (\lambda \ d'. \ l2-\varphi \ (p'' \ l \ d'))$ (p ! d')) d =prod $(\lambda \ d'. \ l2-\varphi \ (p'' \ l \ d') \ (p \ l \ d'))$ (insert $d \ \{0..< d\}$) by *auto* ultimately show ?thesis by auto aed ultimately show $\alpha p'' * ?prod d p'' p' * l2-\varphi (p!d) (p'!d) = \alpha p'' * ?prod$ (Suc d) p'' p by auto \mathbf{qed} finally show $(updown' dm lm d \alpha p') * l2-\varphi (p!d) (p'!d) = (\sum p'' \in ?subgrid)$ $d p'. \alpha p'' * ?prod (Suc d) p'' p)$ by auto qed also have $\ldots = (\sum (p', p'') \in (Sigma ?parents (?subgrid d))). \alpha p'' * ?prod (Suc$ d) $p^{\prime\prime} p$) by (rule sum.Sigma, auto simp add: parents-finite lgrid-finite) also have $\ldots = (\sum p''' \in (\bigcup p' \in ?parents. (\bigcup p'' \in ?subgrid d p'. \{ (p', p'') \}$ })). $((\lambda p''. \alpha p'' * ?prod (Suc d) p'' p) o snd) p''')$ unfolding Sigma-def by (rule sum.cong[OF refl], auto) also have $\ldots = (\sum p'' \in snd ` (\bigcup p' \in ?parents. (\bigcup p'' \in ?subgrid d p'. \{ (p', e^{-1}) \in (p', e^{-1}) \}$ p'' })). $\alpha p'' * (?prod (Suc d) p'' p))$ **proof** (*rule sum.reindex*[*symmetric*], *rule inj-onI*) fix x y

assume $x \in (\bigcup p' \in parents \ d$ (base {d} p) p. $\bigcup p'' \in lgrid$ (base {0..<d} p') {0..<d} lm. {(p', p'')})

hence x-snd: snd $x \in grid$ (base $\{0..< d\}$ (fst x)) $\{0..< d\}$ and fst $x \in grid$ (base $\{d\}$ p) $\{d\}$ and $p \in grid$ (fst x) $\{d\}$ unfolding parents-def lgrid-def by auto hence x-spg: fst $x \in sparsegrid' dm$ using base-grid[OF p-spg'] by auto assume $y \in (\bigcup p' \in parents d (base \{d\} p) p. \bigcup p'' \in lgrid (base \{0..< d\} p')$ $\{0..< d\}$ lm. $\{(p', p'')\})$ hence y-snd: snd $y \in grid$ (base $\{0..< d\}$ (fst y)) $\{0..< d\}$ and fst $y \in grid$ (base $\{d\}$ p) $\{d\}$ and $p \in grid$ (fst y) $\{d\}$ unfolding parents-def lgrid-def by auto hence y-spg: fst $y \in sparsegrid' dm$ using base-grid[OF p-spg'] by auto hence length (fst y) = dm unfolding sparsegrid'-def by auto **assume** snd x = snd yhave fst x = fst y**proof** (rule nth-equalityI) **show** *l*-eq: length (fst x) = length (fst y) **using** grid-length[$OF \triangleleft p \in grid$ (fst y) $\{d\}$ grid-length [OF $\langle p \in grid (fst x) \{d\}$] by *auto* show fst $x \mid i = fst y \mid i$ if i < length (fst x) for i proof – have i < length (fst y) and i < dm using that l-eq and (length (fst y) = dm by auto**show** fst $x \mid i = fst y \mid i$ **proof** (cases i = d) case False hence $i \notin \{d\}$ by auto with grid-invariant [OF $\langle i < length (fst x) \rangle$ this $\langle p \in grid (fst x) \{d\} \rangle$] grid-invariant [OF $\langle i < length (fst y) \rangle$ this $\langle p \in grid (fst y) \{d\} \rangle$] show ?thesis by auto \mathbf{next} case True with grid-base-out[$OF \langle i < dm \rangle$ - y-spg y-snd] grid-base-out[OF $\langle i < dm \rangle$ - x-spq x-snd] **show** ?thesis using $\langle snd \ x = snd \ y \rangle$ by auto qed qed qed show x = y using prod-eqI[OF $\langle fst \ x = fst \ y \rangle \langle snd \ x = snd \ y \rangle$]. qed also have $\ldots = (\sum p'' \in (\bigcup p' \in ?parents. (\bigcup p'' \in ?subgrid d p'. snd ' \{ (p', p') \in (\bigcup p') \in (\bigcup p') \}$ p'') })). $\alpha p'' * (?prod (Suc d) p'' p))$ by (auto simp only: image-UN) also have $\ldots = (\sum p'' \in (\bigcup p' \in ?parents. ?subgrid d p'). \alpha p'' * ?prod (Suc$ d) p''(p) by auto **finally have** down-part: down dm lm d (updown' dm lm d α) p = $(\sum p'' \in (\bigcup p' \in ?parents. ?subgrid d p'). \alpha p'' * ?prod (Suc d) p'' p)$. have updown' dm lm (Suc d) $\alpha p =$ $(\sum p'' \in (\bigcup p' \in ?subgrid d p. ?leafs p'). \alpha p'' * ?prod (Suc d) p'' p) + (\sum p'' \in (\bigcup p' \in ?parents. ?subgrid d p'). \alpha p'' * ?prod (Suc d) p'' p)$

unfolding sum-vector-def updown'.simps down-part and up-part ..

also have ... = $(\sum p'' \in (\bigcup p' \in ?subgrid \ d \ p. ?leafs \ p') \cup (\bigcup p' \in ?parents. ?subgrid \ d \ p'). \alpha \ p'' * ?prod (Suc \ d) \ p'' \ p)$

proof (*rule sum.union-disjoint*[*symmetric*], *simp add: lgrid-finite, simp add: lgrid-finite, simp add: lgrid-finite*,

rule iffD2[OF disjoint-iff-not-equal], rule ballI, rule ballI)

fix x y

assume $x \in (\bigcup p' \in ?subgrid \ d \ p. ?leafs \ p')$

then obtain px where $px \in grid$ (base $\{0..< d\}$ p) $\{0..< d\}$ and $x \in grid px$ $\{d\}$ and $x \neq px$ unfolding lgrid-def by auto

with grid-base-out [OF - - p-spg' this(1)] $\langle Suc \ d \leq dm \rangle$ base-length [OF p-spg'] grid-level-d

have $lv \ px \ d < lv \ x \ d$ and $px \ ! \ d = p \ ! \ d$ by auto hence $lv \ p \ d < lv \ x \ d$ unfolding lv-def by auto moreover assume $y \in (\bigcup \ p' \in ?parents. ?subgrid \ d \ p')$ then obtain mu where u-arid: $u \in arid$ (base $\{0 \le d\}$ mu) $\{0\}$

then obtain py where y-grid: $y \in grid$ (base $\{0..< d\}$ py) $\{0..< d\}$ and $py \in ?parents$ unfolding lgrid-def by auto

hence $py \in grid$ (base $\{d\}$ p) $\{d\}$ and $p \in grid py \{d\}$ unfolding parents-def by auto

hence py-spg: $py \in sparsegrid' dm$ using base-grid[OF p-spg'] by auto

have $y \mid d = py \mid d$ using grid-base-out[OF - - py-spg y-grid] (Suc $d \leq dm$) by auto

hence $lv \ y \ d \le lv \ p \ d$ using grid-single-level [OF $\langle p \in grid \ py \ \{d\}\rangle$] $\langle Suc \ d \le dm\rangle$ and sparsegrid'-length [OF py-spg] unfolding lv-def by auto

ultimately

show $x \neq y$ by *auto*

qed

also have ... = $(\sum p' \in ?subgrid (Suc d) p. \alpha p' * ?prod (Suc d) p' p)$ (is $(\sum x \in ?in. ?F x) = (\sum x \in ?out. ?F x))$

proof (rule sum.mono-neutral-left, simp add: lgrid-finite) show $?in \subseteq ?out$ (is $?children \cup ?siblings \subseteq -)$

proof (*rule subsetI*)

fix x assume $x \in ?in$

show $x \in ?out$

proof (cases $x \in ?children$)

case False hence $x \in ?siblings$ using $\langle x \in ?in \rangle$ by auto

then obtain px where $px \in parents d$ (base $\{d\} p$) p and $x \in lgrid$ (base $\{0..< d\} px$) $\{0..< d\}$ lm by auto

hence level x < lm and $px \in grid$ (base $\{d\} p$) $\{d\}$ and $x \in grid$ (base $\{0..< d\} px$) $\{0..< d\}$ and $\{d\} \cup \{0..< d\} = \{0..< Suc \ d\}$ unfolding lgrid-def parents-def by auto

with grid-base-union [OF p-spg' this(2) this(3)] show ?thesis unfolding lgrid-def by auto

 \mathbf{next}

have d-eq: $\{0..<Suc\ d\} \cup \{d\} = \{0..<Suc\ d\}$ by auto

case True

then obtain px where $px \in ?subgrid \ d \ p$ and $x \in lgrid \ px \ \{d\} \ lm$ and $x \neq px$ by *auto*

hence $px \in grid$ (base $\{0..< d\}$ p) $\{0..< d\}$ and $x \in grid px \{d\}$ and level $x < lm \text{ and } \{d\} \cup \{0..< d\} = \{0..< Suc \ d\}$ unfolding lgrid-def by auto **from** grid-base-dim-add[OF - p-spg' this(1)] have $px \in grid$ (base {0..<Suc d} p) {0..<Suc d} by auto **from** grid-transitive [OF $\langle x \in \text{grid } px \{d\} \rangle$ this] show ?thesis unfolding lgrid-def using (level x < lm) d-eq by auto qed qed show $\forall x \in ?out - ?in. ?F x = 0$ proof fix x assume $x \in ?out - ?in$ hence $x \in ?out$ and $up - ps' : !! p' \cdot p' \in ?subgrid d p \implies x \notin lgrid p' \{d\} lm$ $-\{p'\}$ and down-ps': !! p'. $p' \in ?parents \implies x \notin ?subgrid d p'$ by auto hence x-eq: $x \in grid$ (base {0..<Suc d} p) {0..<Suc d} and level x < lmunfolding lgrid-def by auto hence up-ps: !! p'. $p' \in ?subgrid \ d \ p \implies x \notin grid \ p' \{d\} - \{p'\}$ and down-ps: !! p'. p' \in ?parents \implies x \notin grid (base {0..<d} p') {0..<d} using up-ps' down-ps' unfolding lgrid-def by auto have *ds-eq*: $\{0..<Suc\ d\} = \{0..<d\} \cup \{d\}$ by *auto* have $x \notin grid$ (base {0..<d} p) {0..<Suc d} - grid (base {0..<d} p) {0..<d} proof assume $x \in grid$ (base $\{0..< d\}$ p) $\{0..< Suc \ d\} - grid$ (base $\{0..< d\}$ p) $\{\theta ... < d\}$ hence $x \in grid$ (base $\{0..< d\}$ p) ($\{d\} \cup \{0..< d\}$) and x-ngrid: $x \notin grid$ $(base \{0..< d\} p) \{0..< d\}$ using ds-eq by auto from grid-split[OF this(1)] obtain px where px-grid: $px \in grid$ (base $\{0..< d\}\ p\}\ \{0..< d\}\ and\ x \in grid\ px\ \{d\}\ by\ auto$ from grid-level [OF this(2)] (level x < lm) have level px < lm by auto hence $px \in ?subgrid \ d \ p$ using px-grid unfolding lgrid-def by autohence $x \notin grid px \{d\} - \{px\}$ using up-ps by auto moreover have $x \neq px$ proof (rule ccontr) assume $\neg x \neq px$ with px-grid and x-ngrid show False by auto qed ultimately show False using $\langle x \in grid \ px \ \{d\} \rangle$ by auto qed moreover have $p \in ?parents$ unfolding parents-def using baseE(2)[OF]p-spg' by auto hence $x \notin grid$ (base {0..<d} p) {0..<d} by (rule down-ps) ultimately have x-ngrid: $x \notin grid$ (base {0..<d} p) {0..<Suc d} by auto have x-spg: $x \in sparsegrid' dm$ using base-grid[OF p-spg'] x-eq by auto hence length x = dm using grid-length by auto let $?bx = base \{0.. < d\} x$ and $?bp = base \{0.. < d\} p$ and $?bx1 = base \{d\} x$ and $p p_1 = base \{d\} p$ and $p p_2 = p[d := x ! d]$

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have x-nochild-p: $?bx \notin grid ?bp \{d\}$ proof (rule ccontr) assume \neg base $\{0..<d\} x \notin grid$ (base $\{0..<d\} p$) $\{d\}$ hence base $\{0..<d\} x \in grid$ (base $\{0..<d\} p$) $\{d\}$ by auto from grid-transitive[OF baseE(2)[OF x-spg] this] have $x \in grid$ (base $\{0..<d\} p$) $\{0..<Suc d\}$ using ds-eq by auto thus False using x-ngrid by auto qed

have d < length? bx and d < length? bp and d < length? by and d < length? ?bp1 using base-length[OF x-spg] base-length[OF p-spg'] and $\langle d < dm \rangle$ by auto have *p*-nochild-x: $?bp \notin grid ?bx \{d\}$ (is ?assm) **proof** (*rule ccontr*) have $ds: \{0..< d\} \cup \{0..< Suc \ d\} = \{d\} \cup \{0..< d\}$ by auto have d-sub: $\{d\} \subseteq \{0..< Suc \ d\}$ by auto **assume** \neg ?assm hence b-in-bx: base {0..<d} $p \in qrid$?bx {d} by auto have $d \notin \{0.. < d\}$ and $d \in \{d\}$ by *auto* **from** grid-replace-dim $[OF \langle d < length ?bx \rangle \langle d < length p \rangle$ grid.Start[where b=p and $ds=\{d\}$ b-in-bx have $p \in grid ?px \{d\}$ unfolding base-out[OF $\langle d < dm \rangle \langle d \notin \{0.. < d\} \rangle$ x-spg] base-out[OF $\langle d < dm \rangle \langle d \notin \{0.. < d\} \rangle$ p-spg'] list-update-id. moreover **from** grid-replace-dim $[OF \langle d \rangle = length \langle bx1 \rangle \langle d \rangle = length \langle bp1 \rangle base E(2)[OF$ *p-spg'*, where $ds = \{d\}$ base $E(2)[OF x - spg, where <math>ds = \{d\}]$ have $px \in grid p1 \{d\}$ unfolding base-in [OF $\langle d < dm \rangle \langle d \in \{d\} \rangle x$ -spg] unfolding base-in [OF $\langle d < dm \rangle \langle d \in \{d\}\rangle$ p-spq', symmetric] list-update-id. ultimately have $x \notin grid$ (base {0..<d} ?px) {0..<d} using down-ps[unfolded] parents-def, where p' = ?px] by (auto simp only:) moreover have base $\{0.. < d\}$?px = ?bx **proof** (*rule nth-equalityI*) from $\langle px \in grid \ p1 \ d \rangle$ have px-spg: $px \in sparsegrid' \ dm$ using base-grid[OF p-spg'] by auto **from** base-length[OF this] base-length[OF x-spq] **show** l-eq: length (base $\{0..< d\}$ (px) = length (bx by auto)show base $\{0..< d\}$?px ! i = ?bx ! i if i < length (base $\{0..< d\}$?px) for iproof have i < length? bx and i < dm using that l-eq and base-length[OF] px-spg] by auto**show** base $\{0..< d\}$?px ! i = ?bx ! i**proof** (cases i < d)

case True hence $i \in \{0..< d\}$ by auto

from *base-in*[$OF \langle i < dm \rangle$ this] show ?thesis using *px-spg x-spg* by

auto

next

case False hence $i \notin \{0..< d\}$ by auto have px ! i = x ! i

proof (cases i > d) have *i*-le: i < length (base {0..<Suc d} p) using base-length[OF *p-spg'*| and $\langle i < dm \rangle$ by *auto* case True hence $i \notin \{0.. < Suc \ d\}$ by auto **from** grid-invariant [OF i-le this x-eq] base-out [OF $\langle i < dm \rangle$ this p-spg'] show ?thesis using list-update-id and True by auto next case False hence d = i using $\langle \neg i < d \rangle$ by auto thus ?thesis unfolding $\langle d = i \rangle$ using $\langle i < dm \rangle \langle length \ p = dm \rangle$ nth-list-update-eq by auto qed thus ?thesis using base-out[OF $\langle i < dm \rangle \langle i \notin \{0.. < d\} \rangle$ px-spg] base-out[OF $\langle i < dm \rangle \langle i \notin \{0.. < d\} \rangle$ x-spg] by auto qed qed qed ultimately have $x \notin grid$? $bx \{0..< d\}$ by *auto* thus False using baseE(2)[OF x-spg] by auto qed have x-grid: $?bx \in grid$ (base $\{0..<Suc\ d\}\ p$) $\{d\}$ using grid-shift-base[OF p-spg' x-eq[unfolded ds-eq]] unfolding ds-eq by auto

have p-grid: ?bp \in grid (base {0..<Suc d} p) {d} using grid-shift-base[OF - p-spg' baseE(2)[OF p-spg', where $ds = \{0..< d\} \cup \{d\}$]] unfolding ds-eq by auto

have $l2-\varphi$ (?bp ! d) (?bx ! d) = 0 **proof** (cases $lv ?bx d \leq lv ?bp d$) case True from l2-disjoint [OF - x-grid p-grid p-nochild-x this] $\langle d < dm \rangle$ and base-length[OF p-spg'] show ?thesis by auto next case False hence $lv ?bx d \ge lv ?bp d$ by auto **from** l2-disjoint [OF - p-grid x-grid x-nochild-p this] $\langle d < dm \rangle$ and base-length [OF p-spg'] show ?thesis by (auto simp: l2-commutative) qed hence $l2-\varphi$ (p!d) (x!d) = 0 using base-out[OF $\langle d < dm \rangle$] p-spg' x-spg by autohence $\exists d \in \{0..<Suc d\}$. $l2-\varphi (p ! d) (x ! d) = 0$ by auto from prod-zero[OF - this]show ?F x = 0 by (auto simp: l2-commutative) qed qed finally show ?case . ged

theorem updown:

assumes p-spg: $p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm$ shows updown $dm \ lm \ \alpha \ p = (\sum \ p' \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm. \ \alpha \ p' * l2 \ p' \ p)$ proof have $p \in sparseqrid' dm$ using p-spq unfolding sparseqrid-def sparseqrid'-def lgrid-def **by** auto have !!p'. $p' \in lgrid$ (base $\{0.. < dm\}\ p$) $\{0.. < dm\}\ lm \Longrightarrow length\ p' = dm$ proof fix p' assume $p' \in lgrid$ (base $\{0.. < dm\}$ p) $\{0.. < dm\}$ lm with base-grid [OF $\langle p \in sparsegrid' dm \rangle$] have $p' \in sparsegrid' dm$ unfolding lgrid-def by auto thus length p' = dm by auto qed thus ?thesis **unfolding** updown-def sparsegrid-def base-start-eq[OF p-spg] using updown'[OF - p-spg, where d=dm[p-spg[unfolded sparsegrid-def lgrid-def]by (auto simp: atLeast0LessThan p-spq[THEN sparseqrid-length] l2-eq) qed

corollary

fixes α assumes $p: p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm$ defines $f_{\alpha} \equiv \lambda x. (\sum p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm. \alpha \ p * \Phi \ p \ x)$ shows $updown \ dm \ lm \ \alpha \ p = (\int x. \ f_{\alpha} \ x * \Phi \ p \ x \ \partial(\Pi_M \ d \in \{..< dm\}. \ lborel))$ unfolding $updown[OF \ p] \ l2-def \ f_{\alpha}-def \ sum-distrib-right$ apply (intro has-bochner-integral-integral-eq[symmetric] has-bochner-integral-sum) apply (subst mult.assoc) apply (intro has-bochner-integral-mult-right) apply (simp \ add: \ sparsegrid-length) apply (rule has-bochner-integral-integrable) using papply (simp \ add: \ sparsegrid-length \ \Phi-def \ prod.distrib[symmetric]) proof (rule \ product-sigma-finite.product-integrable-prod) show \ product-sigma-finite ($\lambda d. \ lborel$) ... qed (auto intro: integrable- $\varphi 2$)

end

8 Imperative Version

theory Imperative imports UpDown-Scheme Separation-Logic-Imperative-HOL.Sep-Main begin

type-synonym $pointmap = grid-point \Rightarrow nat$ **type-synonym** impgrid = rat array

instance rat :: heap ..

primrec rat-pair where rat-pair (a, b) = (of-rat a, of-rat b)

declare rat-pair.simps [simp del]

```
definition
  zipWithA :: ('a::heap \Rightarrow 'b::heap \Rightarrow 'a::heap) \Rightarrow 'a array \Rightarrow 'b array \Rightarrow 'a array
Heap
where
  zipWithA f a b = do \{
     n \leftarrow Array.len a;
     Heap-Monad.fold-map (\lambda n. do {
      x \leftarrow Array.nth \ a \ n \ ;
      y \leftarrow Array.nth \ b \ n \ ;
      Array.upd n (f x y) a
     ) [0..< n];
     return a
   }
theorem zipWithA [sep-heap-rules]:
  fixes xs ys :: 'a::heap list
  assumes length xs = length ys
  shows \langle a \mapsto_a xs * b \mapsto_a ys \rangle zip WithA f a b \langle \lambda r. (a \mapsto_a map (case-prod f)) \rangle
(zip \ xs \ ys)) * b \mapsto_a ys * \uparrow (a = r) >
proof -
  { fix n and xs :: 'a list
    let ?part-res = \lambda n \ xs. \ (map \ (case-prod \ f) \ (zip \ (take \ n \ xs) \ (take \ n \ ys)) \ @ \ drop
n xs)
   assume n \leq length xs length xs = length ys
   then have \langle a \mapsto_a xs * b \mapsto_a ys \rangle Heap-Monad.fold-map (\lambda n. do {
        x \leftarrow Array.nth \ a \ n \ ;
        y \leftarrow Array.nth \ b \ n \ ;
        Array.upd n (f x y) a
       }) [0..< n] < \lambda r. \ a \mapsto_a ?part-res \ n \ xs * b \mapsto_a ys > 
   proof (induct n arbitrary: xs)
      case 0 then show ?case by sep-auto
   \mathbf{next}
     case (Suc n)
     note Suc.hyps [sep-heap-rules]
     have *: (?part-res \ n \ xs)[n := f (?part-res \ n \ xs \ ! \ n) \ (ys \ ! \ n)] = ?part-res \ (Suc
n) xs
     using Suc. prems by (simp add: nth-append take-Suc-conv-app-nth upd-conv-take-nth-drop)
      from Suc.prems show ?case
       by (sep-auto simp add: fold-map-append *)
   qed }
  note this[sep-heap-rules]
  show ?thesis
   unfolding zipWithA-def
   by (sep-auto simp add: assms)
qed
```

definition copy-array :: 'a::heap array \Rightarrow ('a::heap array) Heap where copy-array $a = Array.freeze \ a \gg Array.of$ -list **theorem** copy-array [sep-heap-rules]: $\langle a \mapsto_a xs \rangle$ copy-array $a \langle \lambda r. a \mapsto_a xs * r \mapsto_a xs \rangle$ **unfolding** *copy-array-def* by sep-auto **definition** sum-array :: rat array \Rightarrow rat array \Rightarrow unit Heap where sum-array $a \ b = zipWithA \ (+) \ a \ b \gg return \ ()$ **theorem** sum-array [sep-heap-rules]: fixes xs ys :: rat list shows length $xs = \text{length } ys \implies \langle a \mapsto_a xs * b \mapsto_a ys \rangle \text{sum-array } a b \langle \lambda r.$ $(a \mapsto_a map \ (\lambda(a, b). \ a + b) \ (zip \ xs \ ys)) * b \mapsto_a ys > b$ unfolding sum-array-def by sep-auto locale linearization = fixes $dm \ lm :: nat$ fixes *pm* :: *pointmap* assumes pm: bij-betw pm (sparsegrid dm lm) {..< card (sparsegrid dm lm)} begin **lemma** *linearizationD*: $p \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm \Longrightarrow pm \ p < card \ (sparsegrid \ dm \ lm)$ using pm by (auto simp: bij-betw-def) definition gridI :: impgrid \Rightarrow (grid-point \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow assn where gridI a v = $(\exists_A xs. a \mapsto_a xs * \uparrow ((\forall p \in sparsegrid dm lm. v p = of rat (xs ! pm p)) \land length$ xs = card (sparsegrid dm lm)))**lemma** gridI-nth-rule [sep-heap-rules]: $g \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm \Longrightarrow < gridI \ a \ v > Array.nth \ a \ (pm \ g) < \lambda r. \ gridI \ a \ v * \uparrow$ $(of-rat \ r = v \ g) >$ using pm by (sep-auto simp: bij-betw-def qridI-def) **lemma** gridI-upd-rule [sep-heap-rules]: $g \in sparsegrid \ dm \ lm \Longrightarrow$ $< gridI \ a \ v > Array.upd \ (pm \ g) \ x \ a < \lambda a'. gridI \ a \ (fun-upd \ v \ g \ (of-rat \ x)) \ *$ $\uparrow(a'=a)>$ unfolding gridI-def using pm by (sep-auto simp: bij-betw-def inj-onD introl: nth-list-update-eq[symmetric] nth-list-update-neq[symmetric]) **primrec** $upI' :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow grid-point \Rightarrow impgrid \Rightarrow (rat * rat) Heap where$ $upI' d \qquad 0 p a = return (0, 0)$ upI' d (Suc l) $p a = do \{$ $(fl, fml) \leftarrow upI' d l (child p left d) a ;$ $(fmr, fr) \leftarrow upI' d l (child p right d) a;$

```
val \leftarrow Array.nth \ a \ (pm \ p) \ ;
Array.upd \ (pm \ p) \ (fml + fmr) \ a \ ;
let \ result = ((fml + fmr + val / 2 \ (lv \ p \ d) / 2) / 2) \ ;
return \ (fl + result, \ fr + result)
}
```

lemma upI' [sep-heap-rules]: **assumes** lin[simp]: d < dm **and** $l: level p + l = lm l = 0 \lor p \in sparsegrid dm lm$ **shows** < gridI $a v > upI' d l p a <math><\lambda r$. let (r', v') = up' d l p v in gridI a v' * $\uparrow(rat-pair r = r') >$ **using** l **proof** (induct l arbitrary: p v) **note** rat-pair.simps [simp] **case** 0 **then show** ?case **by** sep-auto **next case** (Suc l) **from** Suc.prems $\langle d < dm \rangle$ **have** [simp]: level (child p left d) + l = lm level (child p right d) + $l = lm p \in$ sparsegrid dm lm **by** (auto simp: sparsegrid-length)

have [simp]: child p left $d \notin$ sparsegrid $dm \ lm \implies l = 0$ child p right $d \notin$ sparsegrid $dm \ lm \implies l = 0$

```
using Suc.prems by (auto simp: sparsegrid-def lgrid-def)
```

```
note Suc(1)[sep-heap-rules]
show ?case
by (sep-auto split: prod.split simp: of-rat-add of-rat-divide of-rat-power of-rat-mult
rat-pair-def Let-def)
und
```

```
\mathbf{qed}
```

```
primrec downI' :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow grid-point \Rightarrow impgrid \Rightarrow rat \Rightarrow rat \Rightarrow unit Heap where
```

```
\begin{array}{ll} downI' \ d & 0 \ p \ a \ fl \ fr = return \ () \ | \\ downI' \ d \ (Suc \ l) \ p \ a \ fl \ fr = \ do \ \{ \\ val \leftarrow Array.nth \ a \ (pm \ p) \ ; \\ let \ fm = ((fl + fr) \ / \ 2 + val) \ ; \\ Array.upd \ (pm \ p) \ (((fl + fr) \ / \ 4 + (1 \ / \ 3) * val) \ / \ 2 \ (lv \ p \ d)) \ a \ ; \\ downI' \ d \ (child \ p \ left \ d) \ a \ fl \ fm \ ; \\ downI' \ d \ (child \ p \ right \ d) \ a \ fm \ fr \\ \} \end{array}
```

lemma downI' [sep-heap-rules]:

assumes lin[simp]: d < dm **and** $l: level p + l = lm l = 0 \lor p \in sparsegrid dm lm$ **shows** $< gridI a v > downI' d l p a fl fr <math><\lambda r.$ gridI a (down' d l p (of-rat fl) (of-rat fr) v) > **using** l proof (induct l arbitrary: p v fl fr) note rat-pair.simps [simp] case 0 then show ?case by sep-auto next case (Suc l) from Suc.prems $\langle d < dm \rangle$ have [simp]: level (child p left d) + l = lm level (child p right d) + l = lm p \in sparsegrid dm lm by (auto simp: sparseqrid-length)

have [simp]: child p left $d \notin$ sparsegrid dm lm $\implies l = 0$ child p right $d \notin$ sparsegrid dm lm $\implies l = 0$

using Suc.prems by (auto simp: sparsegrid-def lgrid-def)

note Suc(1)[sep-heap-rules] **show** ?case

by (*sep-auto split: prod.split simp: of-rat-add of-rat-divide of-rat-power of-rat-mult rat-pair-def Let-def fun-upd-def*) **ged**

definition lift $I :: (nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow grid-point \Rightarrow impgrid \Rightarrow unit Heap) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow impgrid \Rightarrow unit Heap$ **where** lift <math>I f d a =foldr ($\lambda p n. n \gg f d (lm - level p) p a$) (gridgen (start dm) ({ 0 ... < dm } -

 $\{ d \}$ lm (return ())

theorem *liftI* [*sep-heap-rules*]:

assumes d < dmand $f[sep-heap-rules]: \land v \ p. \ p \in lgrid \ (start \ dm) \ (\{0...< dm\} - \{d\}) \ lm \implies$ $< gridI \ a \ v > f \ d \ (lm - level \ p) \ p \ a < \lambda r. \ gridI \ a \ (f' \ d \ (lm - level \ p) \ p \ v) >$ shows $< gridI \ a \ v > liftI \ f \ a \ < \lambda r. \ gridI \ a \ (Grid.lift \ f' \ dm \ lm \ d \ v) >$ proof let $?ds = \{0...< dm\} - \{d\}$ and $?g = gridI \ a$ { fix ps assume set $ps \subseteq set \ (gridgen \ (start \ dm) \ ?ds \ lm)$ and $distinct \ ps$ then have $< ?g \ v >$ $foldr \ (\lambda p \ n. \ (n :: unit \ Heap) \gg f \ d \ (lm - level \ p) \ p \ a) \ ps \ (return \ ())$ $< \lambda r. \ ?g \ (foldr \ (\lambda p \ \alpha. \ f' \ d \ (lm - level \ p) \ p \ \alpha) \ ps \ v) >$ by $(induct \ ps \ arbitrary: \ v) \ (sep-auto \ simp: \ gridgen-lgrid-eq)+ }$ from $this[OF \ subset-refl \ gridgen-distinct]$ show ?thesisby $(simp \ add: \ liftI-def \ Grid.lift-def)$ qed

definition upI where upI = liftI ($\lambda d \ l \ p \ a. \ upI' \ d \ l \ p \ a \gg return$ ())

theorem upI [sep-heap-rules]: assumes [simp]: d < dmshows $< gridI \ a \ v > upI \ d \ a < \lambda r. gridI \ a \ (up \ dm \ lm \ d \ v) >$ unfolding up-def upI-def

by (sep-auto simp: lgrid-def sparsegrid-def lgrid-def split: prod.split intro: grid-union-dims[of $\{0.. < dm\} - \{d\} \{0.. < dm\}]$) **definition** downI where downI = liftI ($\lambda d \mid p \mid a. \quad downI' \mid d \mid p \mid a \mid 0 \mid 0$) **theorem** *downI* [*sep-heap-rules*]: assumes [simp]: d < dm**shows** < gridI a $v > downI d a < \lambda r.$ gridI a (down dm lm d v) > unfolding down-def downI-def by (sep-auto simp: lgrid-def sparsegrid-def lgrid-def split: prod.split intro: grid-union-dims[of $\{0.. < dm\} - \{d\} \{0.. < dm\}]$ **theorem** copy-array-gridI [sep-heap-rules]: $< gridI \ a \ v > copy$ -array $a < \lambda r$. gridI $a \ v * gridI \ r \ v >$ unfolding gridI-def by sep-auto **theorem** sum-array-gridI [sep-heap-rules]: $< gridI \ a \ v * gridI \ b \ w > sum-array \ a \ b < \lambda r. gridI \ a \ (sum-vector \ v \ w) * gridI$ b w >unfolding gridI-def **by** (sep-auto simp: sum-vector-def nth-map linearizationD of-rat-add) **primrec** $updownI' :: nat \Rightarrow impgrid \Rightarrow unit Heap where$ $updownI' 0 \ a = return () \mid$ updownI' (Suc d) a = do { $b \leftarrow copy$ -array a; upI d a: updownI' d a ;updownI' d b; downI d b; sum-array a b } **theorem** updownI' [sep-heap-rules]: $d \leq dm \implies \langle qridI \ a \ v \rangle updownI' \ d \ a \langle \lambda r. qridI \ a \ (updown' \ dm \ lm \ d \ v) \rangle_t$ **proof** (*induct* d *arbitrary*: a v) case (Suc d) **note** Suc.hyps [sep-heap-rules] from Suc.prems show ?case by sep-auto qed sep-auto definition updownI where updownI a = updownI' dm a

theorem updownI [sep-heap-rules]: < gridI a v > updownI a $<\lambda r.$ gridI a (updown dm lm $v) >_t$ unfolding updown-def updownI-def by sep-auto end

 \mathbf{end}

Literatur

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