Szemerédi's Regularity Lemma

Chelsea Edmonds, Angeliki Koutsoukou-Argyraki and Lawrence C. Paulson Computer Laboratory, University of Cambridge CB3 0FD {cle47,ak2110,lp15}@cam.ac.uk

March 17, 2025

Abstract

Szemerédi's regularity lemma [2] is a key result in the study of large graphs. It asserts the existence an upper bound on the number of parts the vertices of a graph need to be partitioned into such that the edges between the parts are random in a certain sense. This bound depends only on the desired precision and not on the graph itself, in the spirit of Ramsey's theorem. The formalisation follows online course notes by Tim Gowers¹ and Yufei Zhao². Similar material is found in many textbooks [1].

Contents

1	Szei	merédi's Regularity Lemma	3
	1.1	Partitions	3
		1.1.1 Partitions indexed by integers	3
		1.1.2 Tools to combine the refinements of the partition $P i$	
		for each i	4
	1.2	Edges	4
	1.3	Edge Density and Regular Pairs	5
	1.4	Energy of a Graph	8
	1.5	Partitioning and Energy	10
	1.6	Energy boost for partitions	16
	1.7	The Regularity Proof Itself	23

Acknowledgements

The authors were supported by the ERC Advanced Grant ALEXANDRIA (Project 742178) funded by the European Research Council.

¹https://www.dpmms.cam.ac.uk/~par31/notes/tic.pdf

 $^{^{2}\}rm https://yufeizhao.com/gtacbook/ and https://yufeizhao.com/gtac/gtac.pdf are drafts of a textbook in preparation.$

References

- [1] R. Diestel. Graph Theory. Springer, 2017.
- [2] E. Szemerédi. Regular partitions of graphs. Technical Report STAN-CS-75-489, Stanford University Computer Science Department, Apr. 1975.

1 Szemerédi's Regularity Lemma

theory Szemeredi

imports HOL-Library. Disjoint-Sets Girth-Chromatic. Ugraphs HOL-Analysis. Convex

begin

We formalise Szemerédi's Regularity Lemma, which is a major result in the study of large graphs (extremal graph theory). We follow Yufei Zhao's notes "Graph Theory and Additive Combinatorics" (MIT), latest version here: https://yufeizhao.com/gtacbook/ and W.T. Gowers's notes "Topics in Combinatorics" (University of Cambridge, Lent 2004, Chapter 3) https: //www.dpmms.cam.ac.uk/~par31/notes/tic.pdf. We also used an earlier version of Zhao's book: https://yufeizhao.com/gtac/gtac.pdf.

1.1 Partitions

1.1.1 Partitions indexed by integers

- **definition** finite-graph-partition :: [uvert set, uvert set set, nat] \Rightarrow bool where finite-graph-partition $V P n \equiv$ partition-on $V P \land$ finite $P \land$ card P = n
- **lemma** finite-graph-partition-0 [iff]: finite-graph-partition $V P \ 0 \leftrightarrow V = \{\} \land P = \{\}$ by (auto simp: finite-graph-partition-def partition-on-def)

lemma finite-graph-partition-empty [iff]: finite-graph-partition {} $P \ n \leftrightarrow P =$ {} $\land n = 0$ **by** (auto simp: finite-graph-partition-def partition-on-def)

- **lemma** finite-graph-partition-equals: finite-graph-partition $V P n \Longrightarrow (\bigcup P) = V$ by (meson finite-graph-partition-def partition-on-def)
- **lemma** finite-graph-partition-subset: [finite-graph-partition $V P n; X \in P$] $\implies X \subseteq V$ using finite-graph-partition-equals by blast

lemma trivial-graph-partition-exists: **assumes** $V \neq \{\}$ **shows** finite-graph-partition $V \{V\}$ (Suc 0) **by** (simp add: assms finite-graph-partition-def partition-on-space)

lemma finite-graph-partition-finite: **assumes** finite-graph-partition V P k finite $V X \in P$ **shows** finite X**by** (meson assms finite-graph-partition-subset infinite-super)

lemma *finite-graph-partition-gt0*:

assumes finite-graph-partition V P k finite $V X \in P$ **shows** card X > 0 **by** (metis assms card-0-eq finite-graph-partition-def finite-graph-partition-finite gr-zeroI partition-on-def)

lemma card-finite-graph-partition: **assumes** finite-graph-partition V P k finite V **shows** $(\sum X \in P. \text{ card } X) = \text{ card } V$ **by** (metis assms finite-graph-partition-def finite-graph-partition-finite product-partition)

1.1.2 Tools to combine the refinements of the partition P i for each i

These are needed to retain the "intuitive" idea of partitions as indexed by integers.

1.2 Edges

All edges between two sets of vertices, X and Y, in a graph, G

definition all-edges-between :: nat set \Rightarrow nat set \Rightarrow nat set \times nat set set \Rightarrow (nat \times nat) set

where all-edges-between X Y $G \equiv \{(x,y) \colon x \in X \land y \in Y \land \{x,y\} \in uedges G\}$

lemma all-edges-between-subset: all-edges-between $X \ Y \ G \subseteq X \times Y$ **by** (auto simp: all-edges-between-def)

lemma max-all-edges-between: **assumes** finite X finite Y **shows** card (all-edges-between X Y G) \leq card X * card Y **by** (metis assms card-mono finite-SigmaI all-edges-between-subset card-cartesian-product)

lemma all-edges-between-empty [simp]: all-edges-between {} Z G = {} all-edges-between Z {} G = {} by (auto simp: all-edges-between-def)

lemma all-edges-between-disjnt1:
 assumes disjnt X Y
 shows disjnt (all-edges-between X Z G) (all-edges-between Y Z G)
 using assms by (auto simp: all-edges-between-def disjnt-iff)

lemma all-edges-between-disjnt2:
 assumes disjnt Y Z
 shows disjnt (all-edges-between X Y G) (all-edges-between X Z G)
 using assms by (auto simp: all-edges-between-def disjnt-iff)

lemma all-edges-between-Un1:

all-edges-between (X \cup Y) Z G = all-edges-between X Z G \cup all-edges-between Y Z G

by (*auto simp: all-edges-between-def*)

lemma all-edges-between-Un2: all-edges-between $X (Y \cup Z) G =$ all-edges-between $X Y G \cup$ all-edges-between X Z Gby (auto simp: all-edges-between-def)

lemma finite-all-edges-between:
 assumes finite X finite Y
 shows finite (all-edges-between X Y G)
 by (meson all-edges-between-subset assms finite-cartesian-product finite-subset)

1.3 Edge Density and Regular Pairs

The edge density between two sets of vertices, X and Y, in G. Authors disagree on whether the sets are assumed to be disjoint!. Quite a few authors assume disjointness, e.g. Malliaris and Shelah https://www.jstor.org/stable/23813167.

definition edge-density $X Y G \equiv card(all-edges-between X Y G) / (card X * card Y)$

```
lemma edge-density-ge0: edge-density X Y G \ge 0
by (auto simp: edge-density-def)
```

```
lemma edge-density-le1: edge-density K Y G \le 1

proof (cases finite K \land finite Y)

case True

then show ?thesis

using of-nat-mono [OF max-all-edges-between, of K Y]

by (fastforce simp add: edge-density-def divide-simps)

qed (auto simp: edge-density-def)
```

```
lemma all-edges-between-swap:
all-edges-between X Y G = (\lambda(x,y). (y,x)) ' (all-edges-between Y X G)
unfolding all-edges-between-def
by (auto simp add: insert-commute image-iff split: prod.split)
```

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{lemma } card-all-edges-between-commute:\\ card (all-edges-between X Y G) = card (all-edges-between Y X G)\\ \textbf{proof} -\\ \textbf{have } inj\text{-}on \ (\lambda(x, y). \ (y, x)) \ A \ \textbf{for} \ A ::: (nat*nat)set\\ \textbf{by } (auto \ simp: \ inj\text{-}on-def)\\ \textbf{then show } ?thesis\\ \textbf{by } (simp \ add: \ all-edges-between-swap \ [of X Y] \ card-image)\\ \textbf{qed} \end{array}$

lemma edge-density-commute: edge-density X Y G = edge-density Y X G**by** (simp add: edge-density-def card-all-edges-between-commute mult.commute)

 ϵ -regular pairs, for two sets of vertices. Again, authors disagree on whether the sets need to be disjoint, though it seems that overlapping sets cause double-counting. Authors also disagree about whether or not to use the strict subset relation here. The proofs below are easier if it is strict but later proofs require the non-strict version. The two definitions can be proved to be equivalent under fairly mild conditions, but even those conditions turn out to be onerous.

lemma regular-pair-commute: ε -regular-pair X Y G $\leftrightarrow \varepsilon$ -regular-pair Y X G by (metis edge-density-commute regular-pair-def)

lemma *edge-density-Un*: assumes disjnt X1 X2 finite X1 finite X2 shows edge-density $(X1 \cup X2)$ Y G = (edge-density X1 Y G * card X1 +edge-density X2 Y G * card X2) / (card X1 + card X2) **proof** (cases finite Y) case True with assms show ?thesis by (simp add: edge-density-def all-edges-between-disjnt1 all-edges-between-Un1 finite-all-edges-between card-Un-disjnt card-ge-0-finite divide-simps) **qed** (*simp add: edge-density-def*) **lemma** edge-density-partition: assumes finite-graph-partition UPn**shows** edge-density $U \ W \ G = (\sum X \in P. \ edge-density \ X \ W \ G * \ card \ X) \ / \ card \ U$ **proof** (cases finite U) case True have finite P using assms finite-graph-partition-def by blast then show ?thesis using True assms **proof** (*induction* P *arbitrary*: n U) case *empty* then show ?case by (simp add: edge-density-def finite-graph-partition-def partition-on-def) next case (insert X P) then have n > 0**by** (*metis finite-graph-partition-0 gr-zeroI insert-not-empty*) with *insert.prems insert.hyps* have UX: finite-graph-partition (U-X) P(n-1)by (auto simp: finite-graph-partition-def partition-on-def disjnt-iff pairwise-insert) then have finU: finite (| P)

by (simp add: finite-graph-partition-equals insert) then have sum XP: card $U = card X + card (\bigcup P)$ by (metis UX card-finite-graph-partition finite-graph-partition-equals insert.hyps *insert.prems sum.insert*) have FUX: finite (U - X)**by** (*simp add: insert.prems*) have $XUP: X \cup (\bigcup P) = U$ using finite-graph-partition-equals insert.prems(2) by auto then have edge-density $U W G = edge-density (X \cup \bigcup P) W G$ by *auto* also have $\ldots = (edge-density X W G * card X + edge-density (| P) W G *$ card $(\lfloor JP)$ $/ (card X + card (\bigcup P))$ **proof** (*rule edge-density-Un*) **show** disjnt X (| P)using UX disjnt-iff finite-graph-partition-equals by auto **show** finite X using $XUP \ \langle finite \ U \rangle$ by blast qed (use finU in auto) also have $\ldots = (edge-density X W G * card X + edge-density (U-X) W G *$ card $(\bigcup P)$ / card U

using UX card-finite-graph-partition finite-graph-partition-equals insert.prems(1) insert.prems(2) sumXP by auto

also have $\ldots = (\sum Y \in insert \ X \ P. \ edge-density \ Y \ W \ G * \ card \ Y) \ / \ card \ U$ using UX insert.prems insert.hyps

apply (simp add: insert.IH [OF FUX UX] divide-simps algebra-simps finite-graph-partition-equals)

finally show ?case .

qed

qed (*simp add: edge-density-def*)

Let P, Q be partitions of a set of vertices V. Then P refines Q if for all $A \in P$ there is $B \in Q$ such that $A \subseteq B$.

For the sake of generality, and following Zhao's Online Lecture https: //www.youtube.com/watch?v=vcsxCFSLyP8&t=16s we do not impose disjointness: we do not include $i \neq j$ below.

definition *irregular-set*:: [*real*, *ugraph*, *uvert set set*] \Rightarrow (*uvert set* \times *uvert set*) *set* ($\langle --irregular'-set \rangle$ [999]1000)

where ε -irregular-set $\equiv \lambda G P$. {(R,S)|R S. R $\in P \land S \in P \land \neg \varepsilon$ -regular-pair R S G}

for ε ::real

A regular partition may contain a few irregular pairs as long as their total size is bounded as follows.

definition regular-partition:: [real, ugraph, uvert set set] \Rightarrow bool

 $\begin{array}{l} (\langle --regular'-partition \rangle \ [999]1000) \\ \textbf{where} \\ \varepsilon - regular-partition \equiv \lambda G \ P \ . \\ partition-on \ (uverts \ G) \ P \ \land \\ (\sum (R,S) \in irregular-set \ \varepsilon \ G \ P. \ card \ R \ * \ card \ S) \leq \varepsilon \ * \ (card \ (uverts \ G))^2 \ \textbf{for} \\ \varepsilon :: real \end{array}$

lemma irregular-set-subset: ε -irregular-set $G \ P \subseteq P \times P$ by (auto simp: irregular-set-def)

lemma irregular-set-swap: $(i,j) \in \varepsilon$ -irregular-set $G \ P \longleftrightarrow (j,i) \in \varepsilon$ -irregular-set $G \ P$

by (auto simp add: irregular-set-def regular-pair-commute)

lemma finite-irregular-set [simp]: finite $P \implies$ finite (ε -irregular-set G P) by (metis finite-SigmaI finite-subset irregular-set-subset)

1.4 Energy of a Graph

Definition 3.7 (Energy), written q(U, W)

definition energy-graph-subsets:: [uvert set, uvert set, ugraph] \Rightarrow real where energy-graph-subsets U W G \equiv card U * card W * (edge-density U W G)² / (card (uverts G))²

Definition for partitions

definition energy-graph-partitions :: [ugraph, uvert set set, uvert set set] \Rightarrow real where energy-graph-partitions $G P Q \equiv \sum R \in P . \sum S \in Q$. energy-graph-subsets R S G

lemma energy-graph-subsets-0 [simp]: energy-graph-subsets {} $B \ G = 0$ energy-graph-subsets A {} G = 0by (auto simp: energy-graph-subsets-def)

lemma energy-graph-subsets-ge0 [simp]: energy-graph-subsets $U W G \ge 0$ by (auto simp: energy-graph-subsets-def)

lemma energy-graph-partitions-ge0 [simp]: energy-graph-partitions $G \ U \ W \ge 0$ by (auto simp: sum-nonneg energy-graph-partitions-def)

lemma energy-graph-subsets-commute: energy-graph-subsets U W G = energy-graph-subsets W U Gby (simp add: energy-graph-subsets-def edge-density-commute)

lemma *energy-graph-partitions-commute*:

energy-graph-partitions G W U = energy-graph-partitions G U Wby (simp add: energy-graph-partitions-def energy-graph-subsets-commute sum.swap [where A=W]) Definition 3.7 (Energy of a Partition), or following Gowers, mean square density: a version of energy for a single partition of the vertex set.

abbreviation mean-square-density :: [ugraph, uvert set set] \Rightarrow real where mean-square-density $G P \equiv$ energy-graph-partitions G P P

lemma *mean-square-density*:

mean-square-density $G U \equiv$ $(\sum R \in U. \sum S \in U. \text{ card } R * \text{ card } S * (edge-density R S G)^2) / (card (uverts R S G)^2))$ $(G))^{2}$ by (simp add: energy-graph-partitions-def energy-graph-subsets-def sum-divide-distrib) Observation: the energy is between 0 and 1 because the edge density is bounded above by 1. **lemma** sum-partition-le: **assumes** finite-graph-partition V P k finite Vshows $(\sum R \in P. \sum S \in P. real (card R * card S)) \leq (real(card V))^2$ proof have finite P using assms finite-graph-partition-def by blast then show ?thesis using assms **proof** (*induction* P *arbitrary*: V k) case (insert X P) have [simp]: finite Y if $Y \in insert X P$ for Y by (meson finite-graph-partition-finite insert.prems that) have C: card $Y \leq card V$ if $Y \in insert X P$ for Y by (meson card-mono finite-graph-partition-subset insert.prems that) have $D[simp]: (\sum Y \in P. real (card Y)) = real (card V) - real (card X)$ by (smt (verit) card-finite-graph-partition insert.hyps insert.prems of-nat-sum sum.cong sum.insert) have disjnt X (| P)using insert.prems insert.hyps by (auto simp add: finite-graph-partition-def disjnt-iff pairwise-insert partition-on-def) $(V - X))^{2}$ unfolding finite-graph-partition-def by (simp add: less Than-Suc partition-on-insert disjoint-family-on-insert sum.distrib) have [simp]: $V \cap X = X$ using finite-graph-partition-equals insert.prems by blast have $(\sum R \in insert \ X \ P. \ \sum S \in insert \ X \ P. \ real \ (card \ R * \ card \ S))$ = real (card X * card X) + 2 * (card V - card X) * card X+ $(\sum R \in P. \sum S \in P. real (card R * card S))$ using $\langle X \notin P \rangle$ (finite $P \rangle$ by (simp add: C of-nat-diff sum.distrib algebra-simps flip: sum-distrib-right) also have $\ldots \leq real (card X * card X) + 2 * (card V - card X) * card X +$ $(real (card (V - X)))^2$ using * by linarith also have $\ldots \leq (real (card V))^2$

```
by (simp add: of-nat-diff C card-Diff-subset-Int algebra-simps power2-eq-square)
finally show ?case .
ged auto
ged
```

lemma mean-square-density-bounded: assumes finite-graph-partition (uverts G) P k finite (uverts G) shows mean-square-density G P ≤ 1 proof – have $(\sum R \in P. \sum S \in P. real (card R * card S) * (edge-density R S G)^2)$ $\leq (\sum R \in P. \sum S \in P. real (card R * card S))$ by (intro sum-mono mult-right-le-one-le) (auto simp: abs-square-le-1 edge-density-ge0 edge-density-le1) also have ... $\leq (real(card (uverts G)))^2$ using sum-partition-le assms by blast finally show ?thesis by (simp add: mean-square-density divide-simps) qed

1.5 Partitioning and Energy

See Gowers's remark after Lemma 11. Further partitioning of subsets of the vertex set cannot make the energy decrease. We follow Gowers's proof, which avoids the use of probability.

lemma *sum-products-le*: fixes $a :: 'a \Rightarrow real$ assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies a i \ge 0$ shows $(\sum_{i \in I} a_i * b_i)^2 \leq (\sum_{i \in I} a_i) * (\sum_{i \in I} a_i * (b_i)^2)$ (is $?L \leq ?R$) proof have $?L = (\sum i \in I. \ sqrt \ (a \ i) * (sqrt \ (a \ i) * b \ i))^2$ by (*smt* (*verit*, *ccfv-SIG*) assms mult.assoc real-sqrt-mult-self sum.cong) also have $\dots \leq (\sum i \in I. (sqrt (a i))^2) * (\sum i \in I. (sqrt (a i) * b i)^2)$ **by** (*rule Cauchy-Schwarz-ineq-sum*) also have $\dots = ?R$ by (smt (verit) assms mult.assoc mult.commute power2-eq-square real-sqrt-pow2 sum.cong) finally show ?thesis . qed **lemma** energy-graph-partition-half: **assumes** P: finite-graph-partition UP n shows card $U * (edge-density \ U \ W \ G)^2 \leq (\sum R \in P. \ card \ R * (edge-density \ R \ W$ $(G)^{2})$ **proof** (cases finite U) case True have §: $(\sum R \in P. \ card \ R * edge-density \ R \ W \ G)^2$ $\leq (sum \ card \ P) * (\sum R \in P. \ card \ R * (edge-density \ R \ W \ G)^2)$ by (simp add: sum-products-le) have card $U * (edge-density U W G)^2 = (\sum R \in P. card R * (edge-density U W G)^2)$ $(G)^{2}$

also have $\ldots = edge\text{-}density \ U \ W \ G * (\sum R \in P. edge\text{-}density \ U \ W \ G * card \ R)$ **by** (*simp add: sum-distrib-left power2-eq-square mult-ac*) also have $\ldots = (\sum R \in P. edge-density R \ W \ G * real (card R)) * edge-density U$ W Gproof – have edge-density U W G * ($\sum R \in P$. edge-density R W G * card R) = edge-density U W G * (edge-density U W G * ($\sum R \in P$. card R)) using $\langle finite U \rangle$ assms card-finite-graph-partition by (auto simp: edge-density-partition) [OF P])then show ?thesis **by** (*simp add: mult.commute sum-distrib-left*) qed also have $\ldots = (\sum R \in P. \ card \ R * edge-density \ R \ W \ G) * edge-density \ U \ W \ G$ **by** (*simp add: sum-distrib-left mult-ac*) also have ... = $(\sum R \in P. \ card \ R * edge-density \ R \ W \ G)^2 \ / \ card \ U$ using assms by (simp add: edge-density-partition [OF P] mult-ac flip: power2-eq-square) also have $\ldots \leq (\sum R \in P. \ card \ R * (edge-density \ R \ W \ G)^2)$ using § P card-finite-graph-partition $\langle finite U \rangle$ by (force simp add: mult-ac divide-simps simp flip: of-nat-sum) finally show ?thesis . **qed** (*simp add: sum-nonneg*) **proposition** *energy-graph-partition-increase*: assumes P: finite-graph-partition U P k and V: finite-graph-partition W Q l**shows** energy-graph-partitions $G P Q \ge energy$ -graph-subsets U W Gproof – have $(card \ U * card \ W) * (edge-density \ U \ W \ G)^2 = card \ W * (card \ U *$ $(edge-density \ U \ W \ G)^2)$ **by** (simp add: mult-ac) also have $\ldots \leq card \ W * (\sum R \in P. \ card \ R * (edge-density \ R \ W \ G)^2)$ by (intro mult-left-mono energy-graph-partition-half) (use assms in auto) also have $\ldots = (\sum R \in P. \ card \ R * (card \ W * (edge-density \ W \ R \ G)^2))$ **by** (*simp add: sum-distrib-left edge-density-commute mult-ac*) **also have** ... $\leq (\sum R \in P. \ card \ R * (\sum S \in Q. \ card \ S * (edge-density \ S \ R \ G)^2))$ by (intro mult-left-mono energy-graph-partition-half sum-mono) (use assms in auto) also have $\ldots \leq (\sum R \in P. \sum S \in Q. (card \ R * card \ S) * (edge-density \ R \ S \ G)^2)$ **by** (*simp add: sum-distrib-left edge-density-commute mult-ac*) finally have $(card \ U * card \ W) * (edge-density \ U \ W \ G)^2$ $\leq (\sum R \in P. \sum S \in Q. (card \ R * card \ S) * (edge-density \ R \ S \ G)^2)$. then show ?thesis unfolding energy-graph-partitions-def energy-graph-subsets-def **by** (*simp add: divide-simps flip: sum-divide-distrib*) qed The following is the fully general version of Gowers's Lemma 11 Further partitioning of subsets of the vertex set cannot make the energy decrease. 11

by (metis $\langle finite U \rangle$ P sum-distrib-right card-finite-graph-partition of-nat-sum)

Note that V should be *uverts* G even though this more general version holds.

 ${\bf lemma}\ energy-graph-partitions-increase-half:$ assumes ref: refines V Q P and finite V and part-VP: partition-on V P and $U: \{\} \notin U$ shows energy-graph-partitions $G \ Q \ U \ge energy$ -graph-partitions $G \ P \ U$ (is $?egQ \ge ?egP$) proof have $\exists F$. partition-on $R F \land F = \{S \in Q, S \subseteq R\}$ if $R \in P$ for Rusing ref refines-obtains-subset that by blast then obtain F where F: $\land R$. $R \in P \implies partition \text{-} on R (F R) \land F R = \{S \in Q.$ $S \subseteq R\}$ by *fastforce* have injF: inj-on FP**by** (*metis* F *inj-on-inverseI partition-on-def*) have finite-P: finite R if $R \in P$ for R by (metis Union-upper (finite V) part-VP finite-subset partition-on-def that) then have finite-F: finite (F R) if $R \in P$ for R using that by $(simp \ add: F)$ have dFP: disjoint (F ' P)using part-VP by (smt (verit, best) F Union-upper disjnt-iff disjointD le-inf-iff pairwise-imageI partition-on-def subset-empty) have *F*-ne: $F R \neq \{\}$ if $R \in P$ for R by (metis F Sup-empty part-VP partition-on-def that) have F-sums-Q: $(\sum R \in P. \sum U \in F R. f U) = (\sum S \in Q. f S)$ for $f :: nat set \Rightarrow$ realproof – have $Q = (\bigcup R \in P. F R)$ using ref by (force simp add: refines-def dest: F) then have $(\sum S \in Q. f S) = sum f (\bigcup R \in P. F R)$ by blast also have $\ldots = (sum \circ sum) f (F ' P)$ by (smt (verit, best) dFP disjnt-def finite-F image-iff pairwiseD sum. Union-disjoint) also have $\ldots = (\sum R \in P. \sum U \in F R. f U)$ **unfolding** comp-apply **by** (metis injF sum.reindex-cong) finally show ?thesis by simp qed have $?egP = (\sum R \in P. \sum T \in U. energy-graph-subsets R T G)$ **by** (*simp add: energy-graph-partitions-def*) also have $\ldots \leq (\sum R \in P, \sum T \in U, energy-graph-partitions G (F R) \{T\})$ proof have finite-graph-partition R (F R) (card (F R)) if $R \in P$ for R**by** (meson F finite-F finite-graph-partition-def that) **moreover have** finite-graph-partition $T \{T\}$ (Suc 0) if $T \in U$ for T using U by (metis that trivial-graph-partition-exists) ultimately show ?thesis

using finite-P by (intro sum-mono energy-graph-partition-increase) auto \mathbf{qed} also have $\ldots = (\sum R \in P, \sum D \in F R, \sum T \in U, energy-graph-subsets D T G)$ by (simp add: energy-graph-partitions-def sum.swap [where B = U]) also have $\ldots = ?eqQ$ **by** (simp add: energy-graph-partitions-def F-sums-Q) finally show ?thesis . qed **proposition** *energy-graph-partitions-increase*: assumes refines V Q P refines V' Q' P'and finite V finite V'shows energy-graph-partitions $G \ Q \ Q' \ge$ energy-graph-partitions $G \ P \ P'$ proof obtain $\{\} \notin P' \{\} \notin Q$ using assms unfolding refines-def partition-on-def by presburger then show ?thesis using assms unfolding refines-def by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) assms energy-graph-partitions-commute energy-graph-partitions-increase-half)qed

The original version of Gowers's Lemma 11 (also in Zhao) is not general enough to be used for anything.

corollary mean-square-density-increase: **assumes** refines $V \ Q \ P$ finite V **shows** mean-square-density $G \ Q \ge$ mean-square-density $G \ P$ **using** assms energy-graph-partitions-increase **by** presburger

The Energy Boost Lemma says that an irregular partition increases the energy substantially. We assume that $\mathcal{U} \subseteq uverts \ G$ and $\mathcal{W} \subseteq uverts \ G$ are not irregular, as witnessed by their subsets $U1 \subseteq \mathcal{U}$ and $W1 \subseteq \mathcal{W}$. The proof follows Lemma 12 of Gowers.

definition part2 $X \ Y \equiv if \ X \subset Y \ then \ \{X, Y-X\} \ else \ \{Y\}$

lemma card-part2: card (part2 X Y) ≤ 2 **by** (simp add: part2-def card-insert-if)

lemma sum-part2: $[X \subseteq Y; f\{\} = 0] \implies sum f (part2 X Y) = f X + f (Y-X)$ by (force simp add: part2-def sum.insert-if)

lemma partition-part2: **assumes** $A \subseteq B \ A \neq \{\}$ **shows** partition-on B (part2 $A \ B$) **using** assms by (auto simp add: partition-on-def part2-def disjnt-iff pairwise-insert)

proposition energy-boost: **fixes** ε ::real **and** U W G **defines** alpha \equiv edge-density U W G **defines** $u \equiv \lambda X Y$. edge-density X Y G - alpha

assumes finite U finite Wand $U' \subseteq U W' \subseteq W \varepsilon > 0$ and U': card U' $\geq \varepsilon *$ card U and W': card W' $\geq \varepsilon *$ card W and gt: $|u \ U' \ W'| > \varepsilon$ shows $(\sum A \in part2 \ U' \ U. \ \sum B \in part2 \ W' \ W. \ energy-graph-subsets \ A \ B \ G)$ \geq energy-graph-subsets U W G + ε ⁴ * (card U * card W) / (card (uverts $(G))^{2}$ (is $?lhs \ge ?rhs$) proof define UF where $UF \equiv part2 \ U' \ U$ define WF where $WF \equiv part2 \ W' \ W$ **obtain** [simp]: finite U finite W using assms by (meson finite-subset) obtain card': card U' > 0 card W' > 0using $gt \langle \varepsilon > 0 \rangle \ U' \ W'$ by (force simp: u-def alpha-def edge-density-def mult-le-0-iff zero-less-mult-iff) then obtain card: card U > 0 card W > 0using assms by fastforce then obtain [simp]: finite U' finite W'by (meson card' card-ge-0-finite) obtain [simp]: $W' \neq W - W' U' \neq U - U'$ by (metis DiffD2 card' all-not-in-conv card.empty less-irrefl) have UF-ne: card $x \neq 0$ if $x \in UF$ for x using card' assms that by (auto simp: UF-def part2-def split: if-split-asm) have WF-ne: card $x \neq 0$ if $x \in WF$ for x using card' assms that by (auto simp: WF-def part2-def split: if-split-asm) have card UW: card U = card U' + card(U - U') card W = card W' + card(W)- W'using card card $\langle U' \subseteq U \rangle \langle W' \subset W \rangle$ by (metis card-eq-0-iff card-Diff-subset card-mono le-add-diff-inverse less-le)+ have $U = (U - U') \cup U'$ disjnt (U - U') U'using $\langle U' \subseteq U \rangle$ by (force simp: disjnt-iff)+ then have CU: card (all-edges-between UZ G) = card (all-edges-between (U - U') Z G) + card (all-edges-between U' Z)G) if finite Z for Zby (metis $\langle finite U' \rangle$ all-edges-between-Un1 all-edges-between-disjnt1 $\langle finite U \rangle$ card-Un-disjnt finite-Diff finite-all-edges-between that) have $W = (W - W') \cup W'$ disjnt (W - W') W'**using** $\langle W' \subseteq W \rangle$ **by** (force simp: disjnt-iff)+ then have CW: card (all-edges-between Z W G) = card (all-edges-between Z (W - W') G) + card (all-edges-between ZW'(G)if finite Z for Z by (metis (finite W') all-edges-between-Un2 all-edges-between-disjnt2 (finite W

card-Un-disjnt finite-Diff2 finite-all-edges-between that)

have $*: (\sum X \in UF. \sum Y \in WF. real (card (all-edges-between X Y G)))$ = card (all-edges-between U W G)

by (simp add: UF-def WF-def cardUW CU CW sum-part2 $\langle U' \subseteq U \rangle \langle W' \subseteq W \rangle$)

have **: real (card U) * real (card W) = $(\sum X \in UF. \sum Y \in WF. card X * card Y)$

by (simp add: UF-def WF-def cardUW sum-part2 $\langle U' \subseteq U \rangle \langle W' \subseteq W \rangle$ algebra-simps)

let $?S = \sum X \in UF$. $\sum Y \in WF$. $(card X * card Y) / (card U * card W) * (edge-density X Y G)^2$

define T where $T \equiv (\sum X \in UF. \sum Y \in WF. (card X * card Y) / (card U * card W) * (edge-density X Y G))$

have §: $2 * T = alpha + alpha * (\sum X \in UF. \sum Y \in WF. (card X * card Y) / (card U * card W))$

unfolding alpha-def T-def

by (simp add: * ** edge-density-def divide-simps sum-part2 $\langle U' \subseteq U \rangle \langle W' \subseteq W \rangle$ UF-ne WF-ne flip: sum-divide-distrib)

have $\varepsilon * \varepsilon \leq u \ U' \ W' * u \ U' \ W'$

by (metis abs-ge-zero abs-mult-self-eq $\langle \varepsilon > 0 \rangle$ gt less-le mult-mono)

then have $(\varepsilon * \varepsilon) * (\varepsilon * \varepsilon) \le (card U' * card W') / (card U * card W) * (u U' W')^2$

using card mult-mono $[OF \ U' \ W'] \langle \varepsilon > 0 \rangle$

apply (simp add: divide-simps eval-nat-numeral)

by (*smt* (*verit*, *del-insts*) *mult.assoc mult.commute mult-mono' of-nat-0-le-iff zero-le-mult-iff*)

also have $\ldots \leq (\sum X \in UF. \sum Y \in WF. (card X * card Y) / (card U * card W) * (u X Y)^2)$

by (simp add: UF-def WF-def sum-part2 $\langle U' \subseteq U \rangle \langle W' \subseteq W \rangle$)

also have $\ldots = ?S - 2 * T * alpha$

+ $alpha^2 * (\sum X \in UF. \sum Y \in WF. (card X * card Y) / (card U *$

by (simp add: u-def T-def power2-diff mult-ac ring-distribs divide-simps

sum-distrib-left sum-distrib-right sum-subtractf sum.distrib flip: sum-divide-distrib) also have $\ldots = ?S - alpha^2$

using § by (simp add: power2-eq-square algebra-simps)

finally have 12: $alpha^2 + \varepsilon^4 \leq ?S$

by (*simp add: eval-nat-numeral*)

have $?rhs = (alpha^2 + \varepsilon^4) * (card U * card W / (card (uverts G))^2)$ unfolding alpha-def energy-graph-subsets-def

by (*simp add: ring-distribs divide-simps power2-eq-square*)

also have $\ldots \leq ?S * (card \ U * card \ W \ / \ (card \ (uverts \ G))^2)$

by (rule mult-right-mono [OF 12]) auto

also have $\ldots = ?lhs$

using card unfolding energy-graph-subsets-def UF-def WF-def

by (auto simp add: algebra-simps sum-part2 $\langle U' \subseteq U \rangle \langle W' \subseteq W \rangle$) finally show ?thesis.

qed

(card W)

1.6 Energy boost for partitions

We can always find a refinement that increases the energy by a certain amount.

A necessary lemma for the tower of exponentials in the result. Angeliki's proof

lemma le-tower-2: $k * (2 \cap Suc \ k) \leq 2 (2 k)$ **proof** (*induction k rule*: *less-induct*) case (less k) show ?case **proof** (cases $k \leq Suc$ (Suc θ)) case False define j where $j = k - Suc \ \theta$ have kj: k = Suc jusing False *j*-def by force with False have §: $(2^j + 3) \leq (2::nat) \land k$ by (simp add: Suc-leI le-less-trans not-less-eq-eq numeral-3-eq-3) have $k * (2 \widehat{} Suc k) \leq 6 * j * 2\hat{} j$ using False by (simp add: kj) also have $\ldots \leq 6 * 2\hat{(}2\hat{j})$ using kj less.IH by force also have ... < $2\hat{(}2\hat{j} + 3)$ by (simp add: power-add) also have $\ldots \leq 2^2 k$ by $(simp \ add: \S)$ finally show ?thesis by simp **qed** (auto simp: le-Suc-eq) qed

The bound 2^{k+1} comes from a different source by Zhao: "Graph Theory and Additive Combinatorics", https://yufeizhao.com/gtacbook/. It's needed because our *regular-partition* includes the diagonal; otherwise, $k2^k$ would work. Gowers' version has a flatly incorrect bound.

proposition *exists-refinement*:

assumes fgp: finite-graph-partition (uverts G) P k and finite (uverts G) and irreg: $\neg \varepsilon$ -regular-partition G P and $\varepsilon > 0$ obtains Q where refines (uverts G) Q P mean-square-density G Q \ge mean-square-density G P + ε ^5 $\land R. R \in P \Longrightarrow card \{S \in Q. S \subseteq R\} \le 2 \land Suc k$ card Q $\le k * 2 \land Suc k$

 \mathbf{proof} –

define sum-pp where sum-pp $\equiv (\sum (R,S) \in \varepsilon$ -irregular-set G P. card R * card S)

have cardP: card P = kusing fgp finite-graph-partition-def by force then have $k \neq 0$ using assms unfolding regular-partition-def irregular-set-def finite-graph-partition-def by *fastforce*

irregularity.

with assms have G-nonempty: 0 < card (uverts G) **by** (*metis card-gt-0-iff finite-graph-partition-empty*) have part-GP: partition-on (uverts G) Pusing fqp finite-graph-partition-def by blast then have finP: finite $R \ R \neq \{\}$ if $R \in P$ for R using assms that partition-onD3 finite-graph-partition-finite by blast+ have spp: sum-pp > $\varepsilon * (card (uverts G))^2$ by (metis irreg not-le part-GP regular-partition-def sum-pp-def) then have sum-irreg-pos: sum-pp > 0using $\langle \varepsilon > 0 \rangle$ G-nonempty less-asym by fastforce have $\exists X \subseteq R$. $\exists Y \subseteq S$. $\varepsilon * card R \leq card X \land \varepsilon * card S \leq card Y \land$ $|edge-density X Y G - edge-density R S G| > \varepsilon$ if $(R,S) \in \varepsilon$ -irregular-set G P for R Susing that fgp finite-graph-partition-subset by (simp add: irregular-set-def reg*ular-pair-def not-le*) then obtain $X\theta Y\theta$ where XY0-psub-P: $\land R S$. $[(R,S) \in \varepsilon$ -irregular-set $G P] \implies X0 R S \subseteq R \land$ $Y0 \ R \ S \subseteq S$ and *XY0-eps*: $\bigwedge R S. (R,S) \in \varepsilon$ -irregular-set G P $\implies \varepsilon * card \ R \leq card \ (X0 \ R \ S) \land \varepsilon * card \ S \leq card \ (Y0 \ R \ S) \land$ $|edge-density (X0 R S) (Y0 R S) G - edge-density R S G| > \varepsilon$ by *metis* **obtain** *iP* where *iP*: *bij-betw iP* P {..<*k*} by (metis fgp finite-graph-partition-def to-nat-on-finite cardP) **define** X where $X \equiv \lambda R S$. if iP R < iP S then Y0 S R else X0 R S **define** Y where $Y \equiv \lambda R S$. if iP R < iP S then X0 S R else Y0 R S have XY-psub-P: $\bigwedge R S$. $[(R,S) \in \varepsilon$ -irregular-set $G P] \implies X R S \subseteq R \land Y R$ $S \subseteq S$ using XY0-psub-P by (force simp: X-def Y-def irregular-set-swap) have XY-eps: $\bigwedge R S. (R,S) \in \varepsilon$ -irregular-set G P $\implies \varepsilon * card \ R \leq card \ (X \ R \ S) \land \varepsilon * card \ S \leq card \ (Y \ R \ S) \land$ $|edge-density (X R S) (Y R S) G - edge-density R S G| > \varepsilon$ using XY0-eps by (force simp: X-def Y-def edge-density-commute irreqular-set-swap) have card-elem-P: card R > 0 if $R \in P$ for R by (metis card-eq-0-iff finP neq0-conv that) have XY-nonempty: $X R S \neq \{\} Y R S \neq \{\}$ if $(R,S) \in \varepsilon$ -irregular-set G Pfor R Susing XY-eps [OF that] that $\langle \varepsilon > 0 \rangle$ card-elem-P [of R] card-elem-P [of S] by (auto simp: irregular-set-def mult-le-0-iff) By the assumption that our partition is irregular, there are many irregular pairs. For each irregular pair, find pairs of subsets that witness

define XP where XP $R \equiv ((\lambda S. part2 \ (X R S) R) \ (S. (R,S) \in \varepsilon - irregular-set G P))$ for R

define YP where YP $S \equiv ((\lambda R. part2 (Y R S) S) ` \{R. (R,S) \in \varepsilon - irregular-set G P\})$ for S

include degenerate partition to ensure it works whether or not there's an irregular pair

define *PP* where *PP* $\equiv \lambda R$. insert {*R*} (*XP* $R \cup YP R$) define QS where QS $R \equiv common-refinement$ (PP R) for R define r where $r R \equiv card (QS R)$ for R have finite P using fgp finite-graph-partition-def by blast then have finPP: finite (PP R) for R by (simp add: PP-def XP-def YP-def irregular-set-def) have in PP-fin: $P \in PP R \implies$ finite P for P R **by** (*auto simp: PP-def XP-def YP-def part2-def*) have finite-QS: finite (QS R) for R by (simp add: QS-def finPP finite-common-refinement inPP-fin) have part-QS: partition-on R (QS R) if $R \in P$ for R unfolding QS-def **proof** (*intro partition-on-common-refinement partition-onI*) show $\bigwedge \mathcal{A}$. $\mathcal{A} \in PP \ R \Longrightarrow \{\} \notin \mathcal{A}$ using that XY-nonempty XY-psub-P finP by (fastforce simp add: PP-def XP-def YP-def part2-def) **ged** (auto simp: disjnt-iff PP-def XP-def YP-def part2-def dest: XY-psub-P) have part-P-QS: finite-graph-partition R (QS R) (r R) if $R \in P$ for R by (simp add: finite-QS finite-graph-partition-def part-QS r-def that) then have fin-SQ [simp]: finite (QS R) if $R \in P$ for R using QS-def finite-QS by force have QS-ne: {} $\notin QS R$ if $R \in P$ for R using QS-def part-QS partition-onD3 that by blast have QS-subset-P: $q \in QS R \implies q \subseteq R$ if $R \in P$ for R qby (meson finite-graph-partition-subset part-P-QS that) then have QS-inject: R = R'if $R \in P$ $R' \in P$ $q \in QS$ R $q \in QS$ R' for R R' qby (metis UnionI disjnt-iff equals0I pairwiseD part-GP part-QS partition-on-def that) define Q where $Q \equiv (\bigcup R \in P. QS R)$ define m where $m \equiv \sum R \in P$. r R show thesis proof **show** ref-QP: refines (uverts G) QPunfolding refines-def **proof** (*intro conjI strip part-GP*) fix Xassume $X \in Q$ then show $\exists Y \in P. X \subset Y$ by (metis QS-subset-P Q-def UN-iff) \mathbf{next}

show partition-on (uverts G) Qproof (intro conjI partition-onI) **show** $\bigcup Q = uverts G$ proof **show** $\bigcup Q \subseteq uverts G$ using QS-subset-P Q-def fgp finite-graph-partition-equals by fastforce show uverts $G \subseteq \bigcup Q$ by (metis Q-def Sup-least UN-upper Union-mono part-GP part-QS partition-onD1) qed show disjnt $p \ q$ if $p \in Q$ and $q \in Q$ and $p \neq q$ for $p \ q$ proof – from that obtain R S where $R \in P S \in P$ and $*: p \in QS R q \in QS S$ by (auto simp: Q-def QS-def) show ?thesis **proof** (cases R=S) case True then show ?thesis using part-QS [of R] by (metis $\langle R \in P \rangle$ * pairwiseD partition-on-def $\langle p \neq q \rangle$) \mathbf{next} case False with * show ?thesis by (metis QS-subset-P $\langle R \in P \rangle \langle S \in P \rangle$ disjnt-iff pairwiseD part-GP *partition-on-def subsetD*) qed qed show $\{\} \notin Q$ using QS-ne Q-def by blast qed qed have disj-QSP: disjoint-family-on QS P unfolding disjoint-family-on-def by (metis Int-emptyI QS-inject) let $?PP = P \times P$ let $?REG = ?PP - \varepsilon - irregular-set G P$ define sum-eps where sum-eps $\equiv (\sum (R,S) \in \varepsilon$ -irregular-set $G P. \varepsilon^{4} * (card$ $R * card S) / (card (uverts G))^2)$ have A: energy-graph-subsets $R \ S \ G + \varepsilon \ 4 * (card \ R * card \ S) / (card (uverts$ $(G))^{2}$ \leq energy-graph-partitions G (part2 (X R S) R) (part2 (Y R S) S) $(is ?L \leq ?R)$ if $*: (R,S) \in \varepsilon$ -irregular-set G P for R Sproof have $R \in P S \in P$ **using** * **by** (*auto simp: irregular-set-def*) have $?L \leq (\sum A \in part2 \ (X \ R \ S) \ R. \ \sum B \in part2 \ (Y \ R \ S) \ S.$ energy-graph-subsets $A \ B \ G$)

using XY-psub-P [OF *] XY-eps [OF *] assms by (intro energy-boost $\langle R \in P \rangle \langle S \in P \rangle$ finP $\langle \varepsilon > 0 \rangle$) auto also have $\ldots \leq ?R$ **by** (*simp add: energy-graph-partitions-def*) finally show ?thesis . qed have B: energy-graph-partitions G (part2 (X R S) R) (part2 (Y R S) S) \leq energy-graph-partitions G (QS R) (QS S) if $(R,S) \in \varepsilon$ -irregular-set G P for R Sproof have $R \in P$ $S \in P$ using that by (auto simp: irregular-set-def) have $[simp]: \neg X R S \subset R \longleftrightarrow X R S = R \neg Y R S \subset S \longleftrightarrow Y R S = S$ using XY-psub-P that by blast+ have XPX: part2 (X R S) $R \in PP R$ using that by (simp add: PP-def XP-def) have I: partition-on R (QS R) using QS-def $\langle R \in P \rangle$ part-QS by force **moreover have** $\forall q \in QS R$. $\exists b \in part2 (X R S) R$. $q \subseteq b$ using common-refinement-exists [OF - XPX] by (simp add: QS-def) ultimately have ref-XP: refines R (QS R) (part2 (X R S) R) by (simp add: refines-def XY-nonempty XY-psub-P that partition-part2) have YPY: part2 $(YRS) S \in PPS$ using that by (simp add: PP-def YP-def) have J: partition-on S (QS S) using QS-def $\langle S \in P \rangle$ part-QS by force **moreover have** $\forall q \in QS \ S. \ \exists b \in part2 \ (Y R \ S) \ S. \ q \subseteq b$ using common-refinement-exists [OF - YPY] by (simp add: QS-def) ultimately have ref-YP: refines S(QSS) (part2 (YRS) S) by (simp add: XY-nonempty XY-psub-P that partition-part2 refines-def) show ?thesis using $\langle R \in P \rangle \langle S \in P \rangle$ by (simp add: finP energy-graph-partitions-increase [OF ref-XP ref-YP]) \mathbf{qed} have mean-square-density $G P + \varepsilon \hat{5} \leq mean$ -square-density G P + sum-eps proof have $\varepsilon \hat{5} = (\varepsilon * (card (uverts G))^2) * (\varepsilon \hat{4} / (card (uverts G))^2)$ using G-nonempty by (simp add: field-simps eval-nat-numeral) also have $\ldots \leq sum - pp * (sum - eps / sum - pp)$ **proof** (*rule mult-mono*) show $\varepsilon \hat{4} / real ((card (uverts G))^2) \leq sum-eps / sum-pp$ using sum-irreg-pos sum-eps-def sum-pp-def by (auto simp add: case-prod-unfold sum.neutral simp flip: sum-distrib-left sum-divide-distrib of-nat-sum of-nat-mult) **qed** (use spp sum-nonneg **in** auto) also have $\ldots \leq sum$ -eps **by** (*simp add: sum-irreg-pos*) finally show ?thesis by simp qed also have $\ldots = (\sum (i,j) \in ?REG. energy-graph-subsets i j G)$

+ $(\sum (i,j) \in \varepsilon$ -irregular-set G P. energy-graph-subsets i j G) +

sum-eps

by (simp add: $\langle finite P \rangle$ energy-graph-partitions-def sum.cartesian-product irregular-set-subset sum.subset-diff)

also have $\ldots \leq (\sum (i,j) \in ?REG. energy-graph-subsets i j G)$

+ $(\sum (i,j) \in \varepsilon$ -irregular-set G P. energy-graph-partitions G (part2) $(X \ i \ j) \ i) \ (part2 \ (\overline{Y} \ i \ j) \ j))$ using A unfolding sum-eps-def case-prod-unfold **by** (force intro: sum-mono simp flip: sum.distrib) also have $\ldots \leq (\sum (i,j) \in ?REG. energy-graph-partitions G (QS i) (QS j))$ $+ (\sum (i,j) \in \varepsilon$ -irregular-set G P. energy-graph-partitions G (part2) $(X \ i \ j) \ i) \ (part2 \ (Y \ i \ j) \ j))$ **by** (*auto introl: part-P-QS sum-mono energy-graph-partition-increase*) also have $\ldots \leq (\sum (i,j) \in ?REG. energy-graph-partitions G (QS i) (QS j))$ $+ (\sum (i,j) \in \varepsilon$ -irregular-set G P. energy-graph-partitions G (QS i) (QS j))using B**proof** (*intro sum-mono add-mono ordered-comm-monoid-add-class.sum-mono2*) **qed** (*auto split*: *prod.split*) also have $\ldots = (\sum (i,j) \in ?PP. energy-graph-partitions G (QS i) (QS j))$ $\mathbf{by} \ (metis \ (no-types, \ lifting) \ \langle finite \ P \rangle \ finite-SigmaI \ irregular-set-subset \ sum.subset-diff)$ also have $\ldots = (\sum i \in P. \sum j \in P. energy-graph-partitions G (QS i) (QS j))$ **by** (*simp flip: sum.cartesian-product*) also have $\ldots = (\sum A \in Q, \sum B \in Q, energy-graph-subsets A B G)$ unfolding energy-graph-partitions-def Q-def by (simp add: disj-QSP \langle finite $P \rangle$ sum.UNION-disjoint-family sum.swap [of -PQS -]) also have $\ldots = mean$ -square-density G Qby (simp add: mean-square-density energy-graph-subsets-def sum-divide-distrib) finally show mean-square-density $G P + \varepsilon \uparrow 5 \leq mean$ -square-density G Q. define QinP where $QinP \equiv \lambda i$. $\{j \in Q, j \subseteq i\}$ show card-QP: card (QinP i) $\leq 2 \ \widehat{} Suc \ k$ if $i \in P$ for iproof have *less-cardP*: $iP \ i < k$ using *iP bij-betwE that* by *blast* have card-cr: card (QS i) ≤ 2 $\widehat{}$ Suc k proof – have card (QS i) \leq prod card (PP i) by (simp add: QS-def card-common-refinement finPP inPP-fin) also have $\ldots = prod card (XP \ i \cup YP \ i)$ using finPP by (simp add: PP-def prod.insert-if) also have $\ldots \leq 2 \ \widehat{} Suc \ k$ proof (rule prod-le-power) define XS where $XS \equiv (\bigcup R \in \{R \in P. iP \ R \le iP \ i\}. \{part2 \ (X0 \ i \ R) \ i\})$ define YS where $YS \equiv (\bigcup R \in \{R \in P. iP \ R \ge iP \ i\}. \{part2 \ (Y0 \ R \ i) \ i\})$ have 1: { $R \in P$. $iP R \leq iP i$ } $\subseteq iP - (..iP i) \cap P$ by *auto*

have card $XS \leq card \{R \in P. iP \ R \leq iP \ i\}$ by (force simp add: XS-def (finite P) intro: order-trans [OF card-UN-le]) also have $\ldots \leq card (iP - `\{..iP i\} \cap P)$ using 1 by (simp add: $\langle finite P \rangle$ card-mono) also have $\ldots \leq Suc \ (iP \ i)$ by (metis card-vimage-inj-on-le bij-betw-def card-atMost finite-atMost iP) finally have cXS: $card XS \leq Suc (iP i)$. have 2: { $R \in P$. $iP \ R \ge iP \ i$ } $\subseteq iP - (iP \ i..< k) \cap P$ by clarsimp (meson bij-betw-apply iP lessThan-iff nat-less-le) have card $YS \leq card \{R \in P. iP \ R \geq iP \ i\}$ by (force simp add: YS-def $\langle finite P \rangle$ intro: order-trans [OF card-UN-le]) also have $\ldots \leq card (iP - i\{iP \ i.. < k\} \cap P)$ using 2 by (simp add: $\langle finite P \rangle$ card-mono) also have $\ldots \leq card \{iP \ i... < k\}$ by (meson bij-betw-def card-vimage-inj-on-le finite-atLeastLessThan iP) finally have card $YS \leq k - iP i$ bv simp with less-cardP cXS have k': card XS + card YS \leq Suc k by *linarith* have finXYS: finite $(XS \cup YS)$ **unfolding** XS-def YS-def **using** $\langle finite P \rangle$ **by** (auto intro: finite-vimageI) have $XP \ i \cup YP \ i \subseteq XS \cup YS$ apply (simp add: XP-def X-def YP-def Y-def XS-def YS-def irregu*lar-set-def image-def subset-iff*) **by** (*metis insert-iff linear not-le*) then have card $(XP \ i \cup YP \ i) \leq card \ XS + card \ YS$ by (meson card-Un-le card-mono finXYS order-trans) then show card (XP $i \cup YP i$) $\leq Suc k$ using k' le-trans by blast fix xassume $x \in XP \ i \cup YP \ i$ then show $0 \leq card \ x \wedge card \ x \leq 2$ using XP-def YP-def card-part2 by force qed auto finally show ?thesis . qed have i' = i if $q \subseteq i$ $i' \in P$ $q \in QS$ i' for i' qby (metis QS-ne QS-subset-P $\langle i \in P \rangle$ disjnt-iff equals0I pairwiseD part-GP partition-on-def subset-eq that) then have $QinP \ i \subseteq QS \ i$ by (auto simp: QinP-def Q-def) then have card $(QinP i) \leq card (QS i)$ by (simp add: card-mono that) also have $\ldots \leq 2 \ \widehat{} Suc \ k$ using QS-def card-cr by presburger finally show ?thesis . qed have card $Q \leq card$ ($\bigcup i \in P$. QinP i)

```
unfolding Q-def

proof (rule card-mono)

show (\bigcup (QS \, 'P)) \subseteq (\bigcup i \in P. QinP i)

using ref-QP QS-subset-P Q-def QinP-def by blast

show finite (\bigcup i \in P. QinP i)

by (simp add: Q-def QinP-def \langle finite P \rangle)

qed

also have ... \leq (\sum i \in P. 2 \, ^Suc k)

by (smt (verit) \langle finite P \rangle card-QP card-UN-le order-trans sum-mono)

finally show card Q \leq k * 2 \, ^Suc k

by (simp add: cardP)

qed

qed
```

1.7 The Regularity Proof Itself

We start with a trivial partition (one part). If it is already ϵ -regular, we are done. If not, we refine it by applying lemma *exists-refinement* above, which increases the energy. We can repeat this step, but it cannot increase forever: by *mean-square-density-bounded* it cannot exceed 1. This defines an algorithm that must stop after at most ϵ^{-5} steps, resulting in an ϵ -regular partition.

theorem Szemeredi-Regularity-Lemma: assumes $\varepsilon > \theta$ obtains M where $\bigwedge G$. card (uverts G) > 0 $\Longrightarrow \exists P$. ε -regular-partition G P $\land \ card \ P \leq M$ proof fix Gassume card (uverts G) > θ then obtain finG: finite (uverts G) and nonempty: uverts $G \neq \{\}$ **by** (*simp add: card-gt-0-iff*) define Φ where $\Phi \equiv \lambda Q P$. refines (uverts G) $Q P \wedge$ mean-square-density $G Q \ge$ mean-square-density G P + ε ^5 \wedge card $Q \leq card P * 2 \cap Suc (card P)$ **define** nxt where $nxt \equiv \lambda P$. if ε -regular-partition G P then P else SOME Q. $\Phi Q P$ **define** iter where iter $\equiv \lambda i$. (nxt $\widehat{} i$) {uverts G} define last where last $\equiv Suc (nat [1 / \varepsilon \hat{5}])$ have *iter-Suc* [simp]: *iter* (Suc i) = nxt (*iter* i) for i **by** (*simp add: iter-def*) have Φ : Φ (*nxt* P) P if Pk: partition-on (uverts G) P and irreg: $\neg \varepsilon$ -regular-partition G P for P proof have finite-graph-partition (uverts G) P (card P) by (meson Pk finG finite-elements finite-graph-partition-def) then show ?thesis using that exists-refinement [OF - finG irreg assms] irreg Pk

unfolding Φ -def nxt-def by (smt (verit) someI) qed have partition-on: partition-on (uverts G) (iter i) for i **proof** (*induction i*) case θ then show ?case by (simp add: iter-def nonempty trivial-graph-partition-exists partition-on-space) \mathbf{next} case (Suc i) with Φ show ?case by (metis Φ -def iter-Suc nxt-def refines-def) qed have False if irreg: $\bigwedge i. i \leq last \implies \neg \varepsilon - regular - partition G$ (iter i) proof have Φ -loop: Φ (nxt (iter i)) (iter i) if i < last for i using Φ irreq partition-on that by blast have iter-grow: mean-square-density G (iter i) $\geq i * \varepsilon \hat{5}$ if $i \leq last$ for i using that **proof** (*induction i*) case (Suc i) then show ?case by (clarsimp simp: algebra-simps) (smt (verit, best) Suc-leD Φ -def Φ -loop) **qed** (*auto simp: iter-def*) have $last * \varepsilon 5 \leq mean-square-density G$ (iter last) **by** (*simp add: iter-grow*) also have $\ldots \leq 1$ by (meson finG finite-elements finite-graph-partition-def mean-square-density-boundedpartition-on) finally have real last $* \varepsilon \uparrow 5 \leq 1$. with assms show False unfolding last-def by (meson lessI natceiling-lessD not-less pos-divide-less-eq zero-less-power) qed then obtain i where $i \leq last$ and ε -regular-partition G (iter i) by force then have reglar: ε -regular-partition G (iter (i + d)) for d **by** (*induction d*) (*auto simp add: nxt-def*) **define** tower where tower $\equiv \lambda k$. (power(2::nat) $\frown k$) 2 have [simp]: tower $(Suc \ k) = 2$ for k for k by (simp add: tower-def) have iter-tower: card (iter i) \leq tower (2*i) for i **proof** (*induction* i) case (Suc i) then have Qm: card (iter i) \leq tower (2 * i) by simp then have $*: card (nxt (iter i)) \leq card (iter i) * 2 \cap Suc (card (iter i))$ using Φ by (simp add: Φ -def nxt-def partition-on) also have $\ldots \leq 2 \hat{} 2 \hat{} tower (2 * i)$ by (metis One-nat-def Suc.IH le-tower-2 lessI numeral-2-eq-2 order.trans

```
\begin{array}{l} power-increasing-iff) \\ \textbf{finally show ?case} \\ \textbf{by } (simp \ add: \ Qm) \\ \textbf{qed} \ (auto \ simp: \ iter-def \ tower-def) \\ \textbf{then show} \ \exists \ P. \ \varepsilon-regular-partition \ G \ P \ \land \ card \ P \leq tower(2 \ \ast \ last) \\ \textbf{by } \ (metis \ \langle i \leq last \rangle \ nat-le-iff-add \ reglar) \\ \textbf{qed} \end{array}
```

The actual value of the bound is visible above: a tower of exponentials of height $2(1 + \epsilon^{-5})$.

 \mathbf{end}