

Synthetic Completeness

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Abstract

In this work, I provide an abstract framework for proving the completeness of a logical calculus using the synthetic method. The synthetic method is based on maximal consistent saturated sets (MCSs). A set of formulas is consistent (with respect to the calculus) when we cannot derive a contradiction from it. It is maximally consistent when it contains every formula that is consistent with it. For logics where it is relevant, it is saturated when it contains a witness for every existential formula. To prove completeness using these maximal consistent saturated sets, we prove a truth lemma: every formula in an MCS has a satisfying model. Here, Hintikka sets provide a useful stepping stone. These can be seen as characterizations of the MCSs based on simple subformula conditions rather than via the calculus. We then prove that every Hintikka set gives rise to a satisfying model and that MCSs are Hintikka sets. Now, assume a valid formula cannot be derived. Then its negation must be consistent and therefore satisfiable. This contradicts validity and the original formula must be derivable.

To start, I build maximal consistent saturated sets for any logic that satisfies a small set of assumptions. I do this using a transfinite version of Lindenbaum's lemma, which allows me to support languages of any cardinality. I then prove useful abstract results about derivations and refutations as they relate to MCSs. Finally, I show how Hintikka sets can be derived from the logic's semantics, outlining one way to prove the required truth lemma.

To demonstrate the versatility of the framework, I instantiate it with five different examples. The formalization contains soundness and completeness results for: a propositional tableau calculus, a propositional sequent calculus, an axiomatic system for modal logic, a labelled natural deduction system for hybrid logic and a natural deduction system for first-order logic. The tableau example uses custom Hintikka sets based on the calculus, but the other four examples derive them from the semantics in the style of the framework. The hybrid and first-order logic examples rely on saturated MCSs. This places requirements on the cardinalities of their languages to ensure that there are enough witnesses available. In both cases, the type of witnesses must be infinite and have cardinality at least that of the type of propositional/predicate symbols.

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Chapter 1

Maximal Consistent Sets

theory *Maximal-Consistent-Sets* **imports** *HOL-Cardinals.Cardinal-Order-Relation* **begin**

1.1 Utility

lemma *Set-Diff-Un*: $\langle X - (Y \cup Z) = X - Y - Z \rangle$
by *blast*

lemma *infinite-Diff-fin-Un*: $\langle \text{infinite } (X - Y) \implies \text{finite } Z \implies \text{infinite } (X - (Z \cup Y)) \rangle$
by (*simp add: Set-Diff-Un Un-commute*)

lemma *infinite-Diff-subset*: $\langle \text{infinite } (X - A) \implies B \subseteq A \implies \text{infinite } (X - B) \rangle$
by (*meson Diff-cancel Diff-eq-empty-iff Diff-mono infinite-super*)

lemma *finite-bound*:
fixes $X :: \langle 'a :: \text{size} \rangle \text{ set}$
assumes $\langle \text{finite } X \rangle \langle X \neq \{\} \rangle$
shows $\langle \exists x \in X. \forall y \in X. \text{size } y \leq \text{size } x \rangle$
using *assms* **by** (*induct X rule: finite-induct*) *force+*

lemma *infinite-UNIV-size*:
fixes $f :: \langle 'a :: \text{size} \rangle \Rightarrow 'a$
assumes $\langle \bigwedge x. \text{size } x < \text{size } (f x) \rangle$
shows $\langle \text{infinite } (\text{UNIV} :: 'a \text{ set}) \rangle$
proof
assume $\langle \text{finite } (\text{UNIV} :: 'a \text{ set}) \rangle$
then obtain $x :: 'a$ **where** $\langle \forall y :: 'a. \text{size } y \leq \text{size } x \rangle$
using *finite-bound* **by** *fastforce*
moreover have $\langle \text{size } x < \text{size } (f x) \rangle$
using *assms* .
ultimately show *False*
using *leD* **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *split-finite-sets*:

assumes $\langle \text{finite } A \rangle \langle \text{finite } B \rangle$
assumes $\langle A \subseteq B \cup S \rangle$
shows $\langle \exists B' C. \text{finite } C \wedge (B' \cup C = A) \wedge B' \subseteq B \wedge C \subseteq S \rangle$
using *assms subset-UnE* **by** *fastforce*

lemma *split-list*:

assumes $\langle \text{set } A \subseteq \text{set } B \cup S \rangle$
shows $\langle \exists B' C. \text{set } (B' @ C) = \text{set } A \wedge \text{set } B' \subseteq \text{set } B \wedge \text{set } C \subseteq S \rangle$
using *assms split-finite-sets* [**where** $A = \langle \text{set } A \rangle$ **and** $B = \langle \text{set } B \rangle$ **and** $S = S$]
by (*metis List.finite-set finite-Un finite-list set-append*)

lemma *struct-split*:

assumes $\langle \bigwedge A B. P A \implies \text{set } A \subseteq \text{set } B \implies P B \rangle \langle P A \rangle \langle \text{set } A \subseteq \text{set } B \cup X \rangle$
shows $\langle \exists C. \text{set } C \subseteq X \wedge P (B @ C) \rangle$

proof –

obtain $B' C$ **where** $C: \langle \text{set } (B' @ C) = \text{set } A \rangle \langle \text{set } B' \subseteq \text{set } B \rangle \langle \text{set } C \subseteq X \rangle$
using *assms(3) split-list* **by** *meson*
then have $\langle P (B @ C) \rangle$
using *assms(1)* [**where** $B = \langle B @ C \rangle$] *assms(2)* **by** *fastforce*
then show *?thesis*
using C **by** *blast*

qed

context *wo-rel* **begin**

lemma *underS-bound*: $\langle a \in \text{underS } n \implies b \in \text{underS } n \implies a \in \text{under } b \vee b \in \text{under } a \rangle$
by (*meson BNF-Least-Fixpoint.underS-Field REFL Refl-under-in in-mono under-ofilter ofilter-linord*)

lemma *finite-underS-bound*:

assumes $\langle \text{finite } X \rangle \langle X \subseteq \text{underS } n \rangle \langle X \neq \{\} \rangle$
shows $\langle \exists a \in X. \forall b \in X. b \in \text{under } a \rangle$
using *assms*

proof (*induct X rule: finite-induct*)

case (*insert x F*)

then show *?case*

proof (*cases* $\langle F = \{\} \rangle$)

case *True*

then show *?thesis*

using *insert underS-bound* **by** *fast*

next

case *False*

then show *?thesis*

using *insert underS-bound* **by** (*metis TRANS insert-absorb insert-iff insert-subset under-trans*)

qed

qed *simp*

lemma *finite-bound-under*:

assumes $\langle \text{finite } p \rangle \langle p \subseteq (\bigcup n \in \text{Field } r. f n) \rangle$
shows $\langle \exists m. p \subseteq (\bigcup n \in \text{under } m. f n) \rangle$

using *assms*
proof (*induct rule: finite-induct*)
case (*insert x p*)
then obtain m **where** $\langle p \subseteq (\bigcup n \in \text{under } m. f n) \rangle$
by *fast*
moreover obtain m' **where** $\langle x \in f m' \rangle \langle m' \in \text{Field } r \rangle$
using *insert(4)* **by** *blast*
then have $\langle x \in (\bigcup n \in \text{under } m'. f n) \rangle$
using *REFL Reft-under-in* **by** *fast*
ultimately have $\langle \{x\} \cup p \subseteq (\bigcup n \in \text{under } m. f n) \cup (\bigcup n \in \text{under } m'. f n) \rangle$
by *fast*
then show *?case*
by (*metis SUP-union Un-commute insert-is-Un sup.absorb-iff2 ofilter-linord under-ofilter*)
qed *simp*

lemma *underS-trans*: $\langle a \in \text{underS } b \implies b \in \text{underS } c \implies a \in \text{underS } c \rangle$
by (*meson ANTISYM TRANS underS-underS-trans*)

end

lemma *card-of-infinite-smaller-Union*:
assumes $\langle \forall x. |f x| < o |X| \rangle \langle \text{infinite } X \rangle$
shows $\langle |\bigcup x \in X. f x| \leq o |X| \rangle$
using *assms* **by** (*metis (full-types) Field-card-of card-of-UNION-ordLeq-infinite card-of-well-order-on ordLeq-iff-ordLess-or-ordIso ordLess-or-ordLeq*)

lemma *card-of-info-marker-lists*:
assumes $\langle \text{infinite } (UNIV :: 'i \text{ set}) \rangle \langle |UNIV :: 'm \text{ set}| \leq o |UNIV :: \text{nat set}| \rangle$
shows $\langle |UNIV :: ('i + 'm \times \text{nat}) \text{ list set}| \leq o |UNIV :: 'i \text{ set}| \rangle$
proof –
have $\langle (UNIV :: 'm \text{ set}) \neq \{\} \rangle$
by *simp*
then have $\langle |UNIV :: 'm \text{ set}| * c |UNIV :: \text{nat set}| \leq o |UNIV :: \text{nat set}| \rangle$
using *assms(2)* **by** (*simp add: cfinite-def cprod-cfinite-bound ordLess-imp-ordLeq*)
then have $\langle |UNIV :: ('m \times \text{nat}) \text{ set}| \leq o |UNIV :: \text{nat set}| \rangle$
unfolding *cprod-def* **by** *simp*
moreover have $\langle |UNIV :: \text{nat set}| \leq o |UNIV :: 'i \text{ set}| \rangle$
using *assms infinite-iff-card-of-nat* **by** *blast*
ultimately have $\langle |UNIV :: ('m \times \text{nat}) \text{ set}| \leq o |UNIV :: 'i \text{ set}| \rangle$
using *ordLeq-transitive* **by** *blast*
moreover have $\langle \text{Cfinite } |UNIV :: 'i \text{ set}| \rangle$
using *assms* **by** (*simp add: cfinite-def*)
ultimately have $\langle |UNIV :: 'i \text{ set}| + c |UNIV :: ('m \times \text{nat}) \text{ set}| = o |UNIV :: 'i \text{ set}| \rangle$
using *csum-absorb1* **by** *blast*
then have $\langle |UNIV :: ('i + 'm \times \text{nat}) \text{ set}| = o |UNIV :: 'i \text{ set}| \rangle$
unfolding *csum-def* **by** *simp*
then have $\langle |UNIV :: ('i + 'm \times \text{nat}) \text{ set}| \leq o |UNIV :: 'i \text{ set}| \rangle$
using *ordIso-iff-ordLeq* **by** *blast*
moreover have $\langle \text{infinite } (UNIV :: ('i + 'm \times \text{nat}) \text{ set}) \rangle$

```

  using assms by simp
  then have ⟨|UNIV :: ('i + 'm × nat) list set| =o |UNIV :: ('i + 'm × nat) set|⟩
    by (metis card-of-lists-infinite lists-UNIV)
  ultimately have ⟨|UNIV :: ('i + 'm × nat) list set| ≤o |UNIV :: 'i set|⟩
    using ordIso-ordLeq-trans by blast
  then show ?thesis
    using ordLeq-transitive by blast
qed

```

1.2 Base Locale

```

locale MCS-Base =
  fixes consistent :: ⟨'a set ⇒ bool⟩
  assumes consistent-hereditary: ⟨∧ S S'. consistent S ⇒ S' ⊆ S ⇒ consistent S'⟩
  and inconsistent-finite: ⟨∧ S. ¬ consistent S ⇒ ∃ S' ⊆ S. finite S' ∧ ¬ consistent S'⟩
begin

  definition maximal :: ⟨'a set ⇒ bool⟩ where
    ⟨maximal S ≡ ∀ p. consistent ({p} ∪ S) ⟶ p ∈ S⟩

end

```

1.3 Ordinal Locale

```

locale MCS-Lim-Ord = MCS-Base +
  fixes r :: ⟨'a rel⟩
  assumes WELL: ⟨Well-order r⟩
  and Cinfinite-r: ⟨Cinfinite r⟩
  fixes info :: ⟨'a ⇒ 'i set⟩
  and witness :: ⟨'a ⇒ 'a set ⇒ 'a set⟩
  assumes finite-info: ⟨∧ p. finite (info p)⟩
  and finite-witness-info: ⟨∧ p S. finite (∪ (info ' witness p S))⟩
  and consistent-witness: ⟨∧ p S. consistent ({p} ∪ S)
    ⇒ infinite (UNIV - ∪ (info ' S))
    ⇒ consistent (witness p S ∪ {p} ∪ S)⟩
begin

  lemma wo-rel-r: ⟨wo-rel r⟩
    by (simp add: WELL wo-rel.intro)

  lemma isLimOrd-r: ⟨isLimOrd r⟩
    using Cinfinite-r card-order-infinite-isLimOrd cinfinite-def by blast

```

1.3.1 Lindenbaum Extension

```

abbreviation infos :: ⟨'a set ⇒ 'i set⟩ where
  ⟨infos S ≡ ∪ (info ' S)⟩

```


definition $extendS :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle extendS \ n \ prev \equiv \text{if consistent } (\{n\} \cup prev) \text{ then witness } n \ prev \cup \{n\} \cup prev \text{ else prev} \rangle$

definition $extendL :: \langle ('a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set}) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle extendL \ rec \ n \equiv \bigcup m \in \text{underS } r \ n. \ rec \ m \rangle$

definition $extend :: \langle 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle extend \ S \ n \equiv \text{worecZSL } r \ S \ extendS \ extendL \ n \rangle$

lemma $adm\text{-}woL\text{-}extendL$: $\langle adm\text{-}woL \ r \ extendL \rangle$
unfolding $extendL\text{-}def \ wo\text{-}rel.adm\text{-}woL\text{-}def[OF \ wo\text{-}rel\text{-}r]$ **by** $blast$

definition $Extend :: \langle 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle Extend \ S \equiv \bigcup n \in \text{Field } r. \ extend \ S \ n \rangle$

lemma $extend\text{-}subset$: $\langle n \in \text{Field } r \implies S \subseteq extend \ S \ n \rangle$

proof ($induct \ n \ rule$: $wo\text{-}rel.well\text{-}order\text{-}inductZSL[OF \ wo\text{-}rel\text{-}r]$)

case 1

then show $?case$

unfolding $extend\text{-}def \ wo\text{-}rel.worecZSL\text{-}zero[OF \ wo\text{-}rel\text{-}r \ adm\text{-}woL\text{-}extendL]$

by $simp$

next

case (2 i)

moreover from this have $\langle i \in \text{Field } r \rangle$

by ($meson \ FieldI1 \ wo\text{-}rel.succ\text{-}in \ wo\text{-}rel\text{-}r$)

ultimately show $?case$

unfolding $extend\text{-}def \ extendS\text{-}def \ wo\text{-}rel.worecZSL\text{-}succ[OF \ wo\text{-}rel\text{-}r \ adm\text{-}woL\text{-}extendL \ 2(1)]$

by $auto$

next

case (3 i)

then show $?case$

unfolding $extend\text{-}def \ extendL\text{-}def \ wo\text{-}rel.worecZSL\text{-}isLim[OF \ wo\text{-}rel\text{-}r \ adm\text{-}woL\text{-}extendL \ 3(1-2)]$

using $wo\text{-}rel.zero\text{-}in\text{-}Field[OF \ wo\text{-}rel\text{-}r] \ wo\text{-}rel.zero\text{-}smallest[OF \ wo\text{-}rel\text{-}r]$

by ($metis \ SUP\text{-}upper2 \ emptyE \ underS\text{-}I$)

qed

lemma $Extend\text{-}subset'$: $\langle \text{Field } r \neq \{\} \implies S \subseteq Extend \ S \rangle$

unfolding $Extend\text{-}def$ **using** $extend\text{-}subset$ **by** $fast$

lemma $extend\text{-}underS$: $\langle m \in \text{underS } r \ n \implies extend \ S \ m \subseteq extend \ S \ n \rangle$

proof ($induct \ n \ rule$: $wo\text{-}rel.well\text{-}order\text{-}inductZSL[OF \ wo\text{-}rel\text{-}r]$)

case 1

then show $?case$

unfolding $extend\text{-}def$ **using** $wo\text{-}rel.underS\text{-}zero[OF \ wo\text{-}rel\text{-}r]$ **by** $fast$

next

case (2 i)

moreover from this have $\langle m = i \vee m \in \text{underS } r \ i \rangle$

by ($metis \ wo\text{-}rel.less\text{-}succ[OF \ wo\text{-}rel\text{-}r] \ underS\text{-}E \ underS\text{-}I$)

ultimately show $?case$

unfolding *extend-def extendS-def wo-rel.worecZSL-succ*[*OF wo-rel-r adm-woL-extendL 2(1)*] **by** *auto*
next
case (3 *i*)
then show ?*case*
unfolding *extend-def extendL-def wo-rel.worecZSL-isLim*[*OF wo-rel-r adm-woL-extendL 3(1-2)*]
by *blast*
qed

lemma *extend-under*: $\langle m \in \text{under } r \ n \implies \text{extend } S \ m \subseteq \text{extend } S \ n \rangle$
using *extend-underS wo-rel.supr-greater*[*OF wo-rel-r*] *wo-rel.supr-under*[*OF wo-rel-r*]
by (*metis emptyE in-Above-under set-eq-subset underS-I under-Field under-empty*)

1.3.2 Consistency

lemma *info-origin*:
assumes $\langle a \in \text{infos } (\text{extend } S \ n) \rangle$
shows $\langle a \in \text{infos } S \vee (\exists m \in \text{underS } r \ n. a \in \text{infos } (\text{witness } m \ (\text{extend } S \ m) \cup \{m\})) \rangle$
using *assms*
proof (*induct n rule: wo-rel.well-order-inductZSL*[*OF wo-rel-r*])
case 1
then show ?*case*
unfolding *extend-def wo-rel.worecZSL-zero*[*OF wo-rel-r adm-woL-extendL*]
by *blast*
next
case (2 *i*)
then consider (*here*) $\langle a \in \text{infos } (\text{witness } i \ (\text{extend } S \ i) \cup \{i\}) \rangle \mid (\text{there}) \langle a \in \text{infos } (\text{extend } S \ i) \rangle$
using *wo-rel.worecZSL-succ*[*OF wo-rel-r adm-woL-extendL 2(1)*] *extendS-def extend-def*
by (*metis (no-types, lifting) UN-Un UnE*)
then show ?*case*
proof *cases*
case *here*
moreover have $\langle i \in \text{Field } r \rangle$
by (*meson WELL 2(1) well-order-on-domain wo-rel.succ-in-diff*[*OF wo-rel-r*])
ultimately show ?*thesis*
using 2(1) **by** (*metis Refl-under-in wo-rel.underS-succ*[*OF wo-rel-r*] *wo-rel.REFL*[*OF wo-rel-r*])
next
case *there*
then show ?*thesis*
using 2 **by** (*metis in-mono underS-subset-under wo-rel.underS-succ*[*OF wo-rel-r*])
next
qed
next
case (3 *i*)
then obtain *j* **where** $\langle j \in \text{underS } r \ i \rangle \langle a \in \text{infos } (\text{extend } S \ j) \rangle$
unfolding *extend-def extendL-def wo-rel.worecZSL-isLim*[*OF wo-rel-r adm-woL-extendL 3(1-2)*]
by *blast*
then show ?*case*
using 3 *wo-rel.underS-trans*[*OF wo-rel-r, of - j i*] **by** *meson*
qed

lemma *consistent-extend*:

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } S \rangle \langle r \leq o \mid \text{UNIV} - \text{infos } S \rangle$
shows $\langle \text{consistent } (\text{extend } S \ n) \rangle$
using *assms(1)*

proof (*induct n rule: wo-rel.well-order-inductZSL[OF wo-rel-r]*)
case 1
then show *?case*
unfolding *extend-def wo-rel.worecZSL-zero[OF wo-rel-r adm-woL-extendL]*
by *blast*

next
case (2 *i*)
then have $\langle i \in \text{Field } r \rangle$
by (*meson WELL well-order-on-domain wo-rel.succ-in-diff[OF wo-rel-r]*)
then have $\ast: \langle \mid \text{under } S \ r \ i \mid < o \ r \rangle$
using *card-of-underS by (simp add: Cinfinites-r)*
let $?infos = \langle \lambda k. \text{infos } (\text{witness } k \ (\text{extend } S \ k) \cup \{k\}) \rangle$
let $?X = \langle \bigcup k \in \text{under } S \ r \ i. ?infos \ k \rangle$
have $\langle \mid ?X \mid < o \ r \rangle$
proof (*cases* $\langle \text{finite } (\text{under } S \ r \ i) \rangle$)
case *True*
then have $\langle \text{finite } ?X \rangle$
by (*simp add: finite-info finite-witness-info*)
then show *?thesis*
using *Cinfinites-r assms(2) unfolding cinfinites-def by (simp add: finite-ordLess-infinite)*

next
case *False*
moreover have $\langle \forall k. \text{finite } (?infos \ k) \rangle$
by (*simp add: finite-info finite-witness-info*)
then have $\langle \forall k. \mid ?infos \ k \mid < o \ \mid \text{under } S \ r \ i \mid \rangle$
using *False by simp*
ultimately have $\langle \mid ?X \mid \leq o \ \mid \text{under } S \ r \ i \mid \rangle$
using *card-of-infinite-smaller-Union by fast*
then show *?thesis*
using \ast *ordLeq-ordLess-trans by blast*

qed
then have $\langle \mid ?X \mid < o \ \mid \text{UNIV} - \text{infos } S \mid \rangle$
using *assms(2) ordLess-ordLeq-trans by blast*
moreover have $\langle \text{infinite } (\text{UNIV} - \text{infos } S) \rangle$
using *assms(2) Cinfinites-r unfolding cinfinites-def by (metis Field-card-of ordLeq-finite-Field)*
ultimately have $\langle \mid \text{UNIV} - \text{infos } S - ?X \mid = o \ \mid \text{UNIV} - \text{infos } S \mid \rangle$
using *card-of-Un-diff-infinite by blast*
moreover from this have $\langle \text{infinite } (\text{UNIV} - \text{infos } S - ?X) \rangle$
using $\langle \text{infinite } (\text{UNIV} - \text{infos } S) \rangle$ *card-of-ordIso-finite by blast*
moreover have $\langle \bigwedge a. a \in \text{infos } (\text{extend } S \ i) \implies a \in \text{infos } S \vee a \in ?X \rangle$
using *info-origin by simp*
then have $\langle \text{infos } (\text{extend } S \ i) \subseteq \text{infos } S \cup ?X \rangle$
by *fast*
ultimately have $\langle \text{infinite } (\text{UNIV} - \text{infos } (\text{extend } S \ i)) \rangle$

```

  using infinite-Diff-subset by (metis (no-types, lifting) Set-Diff-Un)
with 2 show ?case
  unfolding extend-def extendS-def wo-rel.worecZSL-succ[OF wo-rel-r adm-woL-extendL 2(1)]
  using consistent-witness by auto
next
case (3 i)
show ?case
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume  $\langle \neg \text{consistent } (\text{extend } S \ i) \rangle$ 
  then obtain  $S'$  where  $S'$ :  $\langle \text{finite } S' \rangle \langle S' \subseteq (\bigcup n \in \text{under } S \ r \ i. \text{extend } S \ n) \rangle \langle \neg \text{consistent } S' \rangle$ 
    unfolding extend-def extendL-def wo-rel.worecZSL-isLim[OF wo-rel-r adm-woL-extendL 3(1-2)]
    using inconsistent-finite by auto
  then obtain  $ns$  where  $ns$ :  $\langle S' \subseteq (\bigcup n \in ns. \text{extend } S \ n) \rangle \langle ns \subseteq \text{under } S \ r \ i \rangle \langle \text{finite } ns \rangle$ 
    by (metis finite-subset-Union finite-subset-image)
  moreover have  $\langle ns \neq \{\} \rangle$ 
    using  $S'(3)$  assms calculation(1) consistent-hereditary by auto
  ultimately obtain  $j$  where  $\langle \forall n \in ns. n \in \text{under } r \ j \rangle \langle j \in \text{under } S \ r \ i \rangle$ 
    using wo-rel.finite-underS-bound wo-rel-r ns by (meson subset-iff)
  then have  $\langle \forall n \in ns. \text{extend } S \ n \subseteq \text{extend } S \ j \rangle$ 
    using extend-under by fast
  then have  $\langle S' \subseteq \text{extend } S \ j \rangle$ 
    using  $S' \ ns(1)$  by blast
  then show False
    using 3(3-)  $\langle \neg \text{consistent } S' \rangle$  consistent-hereditary  $\langle j \in \text{under } S \ r \ i \rangle$ 
    by (meson BNF-Least-Fixpoint.underS-Field)
qed
qed

```

lemma consistent-Extend:

```

  assumes  $\langle \text{consistent } S \rangle \langle r \leq o \mid UNIV - \text{infos } S \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle \text{consistent } (\text{Extend } S) \rangle$ 
  unfolding Extend-def
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume  $\langle \neg \text{consistent } (\bigcup n \in \text{Field } r. \text{extend } S \ n) \rangle$ 
  then obtain  $S'$  where  $\langle \text{finite } S' \rangle \langle S' \subseteq (\bigcup n \in \text{Field } r. \text{extend } S \ n) \rangle \langle \neg \text{consistent } S' \rangle$ 
    using inconsistent-finite by metis
  then obtain  $m$  where  $\langle S' \subseteq (\bigcup n \in \text{under } r \ m. \text{extend } S \ n) \rangle \langle m \in \text{Field } r \rangle$ 
    using wo-rel.finite-bound-under[OF wo-rel-r] assms consistent-hereditary
    by (metis Sup-empty emptyE image-empty subsetI under-empty)
  then have  $\langle S' \subseteq \text{extend } S \ m \rangle$ 
    using extend-under by fast
  moreover have  $\langle \text{consistent } (\text{extend } S \ m) \rangle$ 
    using assms consistent-extend  $\langle m \in \text{Field } r \rangle$  by blast
  ultimately show False
    using  $\langle \neg \text{consistent } S' \rangle$  consistent-hereditary by blast
qed

```

lemma Extend-bound: $\langle n \in \text{Field } r \implies \text{extend } S \ n \subseteq \text{Extend } S \rangle$

unfolding Extend-def by blast

1.3.3 Maximality

definition *maximal'* :: $\langle 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ **where**

$\langle \text{maximal}' S \equiv \forall p \in \text{Field } r. \text{ consistent } (\{p\} \cup S) \longrightarrow p \in S \rangle$

lemma *maximal'-Extend*: $\langle \text{maximal}' (\text{Extend } S) \rangle$

unfolding *maximal'-def*

proof *safe*

fix *p*

assume *: $\langle p \in \text{Field } r \rangle \langle \text{consistent } (\{p\} \cup \text{Extend } S) \rangle$

then have $\langle \{p\} \cup \text{extend } S \ p \subseteq \{p\} \cup \text{Extend } S \rangle$

unfolding *Extend-def* **by** *blast*

then have **: $\langle \text{consistent } (\{p\} \cup \text{extend } S \ p) \rangle$

using * *consistent-hereditary* **by** *blast*

moreover have *succ*: $\langle \text{above } S \ r \ p \neq \{\} \rangle$

using * *isLimOrd-r wo-rel.isLimOrd-aboveS[OF wo-rel-r]* **by** *blast*

then have $\langle \text{succ } r \ p \in \text{Field } r \rangle$

using *wo-rel.succ-in-Field[OF wo-rel-r]* **by** *blast*

moreover have $\langle p \in \text{extend } S \ (\text{succ } r \ p) \rangle$

using ** **unfolding** *extend-def extendS-def wo-rel.worecZSL-succ[OF wo-rel-r adm-woL-extendL*

succ]

by *simp*

ultimately show $\langle p \in \text{Extend } S \rangle$

using *Extend-bound* **by** *fast*

qed

1.3.4 Saturation

definition *saturated'* :: $\langle 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ **where**

$\langle \text{saturated}' S \equiv \forall p \in S. p \in \text{Field } r \longrightarrow (\exists S'. \text{ witness } p \ S' \subseteq S) \rangle$

lemma *saturated'-Extend*:

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } (\text{Extend } S) \rangle$

shows $\langle \text{saturated}' (\text{Extend } S) \rangle$

unfolding *saturated'-def*

proof *safe*

fix *p*

assume *: $\langle p \in \text{Extend } S \rangle \langle p \in \text{Field } r \rangle$

then have $\langle \text{extend } S \ p \subseteq \text{Extend } S \rangle$

unfolding *Extend-def* **by** *blast*

then have $\langle \text{consistent } (\{p\} \cup \text{extend } S \ p) \rangle$

using *assms(1) * consistent-hereditary* **by** *auto*

moreover have *succ*: $\langle \text{above } S \ r \ p \neq \{\} \rangle$

using * *isLimOrd-r wo-rel.isLimOrd-aboveS wo-rel-r* **by** *fast*

then have $\langle \text{succ } r \ p \in \text{Field } r \rangle$

using *wo-rel-r* **by** (*simp add: wo-rel.succ-in-Field*)

ultimately have $\langle \text{extend } S \ (\text{succ } r \ p) = \text{witness } p \ (\text{extend } S \ p) \cup \{p\} \cup \text{extend } S \ p \rangle$

unfolding *extend-def extendS-def wo-rel.worecZSL-succ[OF wo-rel-r adm-woL-extendL succ]*

by *simp*

moreover have $\langle \text{extend } S \ (\text{succ } r \ p) \subseteq \text{Extend } S \rangle$

unfolding *Extend-def* **using** $\langle \text{succ } r \ p \in \text{Field } r \rangle$ **by** *blast*
ultimately show $\langle \exists a. \text{witness } p \ a \subseteq \text{Extend } S \rangle$
by *fast*
qed
end

1.4 Locale with Saturation

locale *MCS-Saturation* = *MCS-Base* +
assumes *infinite-UNIV*: $\langle \text{infinite } (UNIV :: 'a \text{ set}) \rangle$
fixes *info* :: $\langle 'a \Rightarrow 'i \text{ set} \rangle$
and *witness* :: $\langle 'a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \rangle$
assumes $\langle \bigwedge p. \text{finite } (info \ p) \rangle$
and $\langle \bigwedge p \ S. \text{finite } (\bigcup (info \ ' \text{witness } p \ S)) \rangle$
and $\langle \bigwedge p \ S. \text{consistent } (\{p\} \cup S) \Longrightarrow \text{infinite } (UNIV - \bigcup (info \ ' \ S)) \Longrightarrow \text{consistent } (\text{witness } p \ S \cup \{p\} \cup S) \rangle$

sublocale *MCS-Saturation* \subseteq *MCS-Lim-Ord* - $\langle |UNIV| \rangle$
proof
show $\langle \text{Well-order } |UNIV| \rangle$
by *simp*
next
show $\langle \text{Cinfinite } |UNIV :: 'a \text{ set}| \rangle$
unfolding *cinfinite-def* **using** *infinite-UNIV* **by** *simp*
next
fix *p*
show $\langle \text{finite } (info \ p) \rangle$
by (*metis MCS-Saturation-axioms MCS-Saturation-axioms-def MCS-Saturation-def*)
next
fix *p S*
show $\langle \text{finite } (\bigcup (info \ ' \text{witness } p \ S)) \rangle$
by (*metis MCS-Saturation-axioms MCS-Saturation-axioms-def MCS-Saturation-def*)
next
fix *p S*
show $\langle \text{consistent } (\{p\} \cup S) \Longrightarrow \text{infinite } (UNIV - \bigcup (info \ ' \ S)) \Longrightarrow \text{consistent } (\text{witness } p \ S \cup \{p\} \cup S) \rangle$
by (*metis MCS-Saturation-axioms MCS-Saturation-axioms-def MCS-Saturation-def*)
qed

context *MCS-Saturation* **begin**

theorem *Extend-subset*: $\langle S \subseteq \text{Extend } S \rangle$
by (*simp add: Extend-subset'*)

lemma *maximal-maximal'*: $\langle \text{maximal } S \longleftrightarrow \text{maximal}' \ S \rangle$
unfolding *maximal-def maximal'-def* **by** *simp*

lemma *maximal-Extend*: $\langle \text{maximal } (\text{Extend } S) \rangle$
using *maximal'-Extend maximal-maximal'* **by** *fast*

definition *saturated* :: $\langle 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{saturated } S \equiv \forall p \in S. \exists S'. \text{witness } p \ S' \subseteq S \rangle$

lemma *saturated-saturated'*: $\langle \text{saturated } S \longleftrightarrow \text{saturated}' S \rangle$
unfolding *saturated-def saturated'-def* **by** *simp*

lemma *saturated-Extend*:
assumes $\langle \text{consistent } (\text{Extend } S) \rangle$
shows $\langle \text{saturated } (\text{Extend } S) \rangle$
using *assms saturated'-Extend saturated-saturated'* **by** *blast*

theorem *MCS-Extend*:
assumes $\langle \text{consistent } S \rangle \langle |UNIV :: 'a \text{ set}| \leq o \ |UNIV - \text{infos } S| \rangle$
shows $\langle \text{consistent } (\text{Extend } S) \rangle \langle \text{maximal } (\text{Extend } S) \rangle \langle \text{saturated } (\text{Extend } S) \rangle$
using *assms consistent-Extend maximal-Extend saturated-Extend* **by** *blast+*

end

1.5 Locale without Saturation

locale *MCS-No-Saturation* = *MCS-Base* +
assumes $\langle \text{infinite } (UNIV :: 'a \text{ set}) \rangle$

sublocale *MCS-No-Saturation* \subseteq *MCS-Saturation* *consistent* $\langle \lambda-. \{\} :: 'a \text{ set} \rangle \langle \lambda-. -. \{\} \rangle$

proof

show $\langle \text{infinite } (UNIV :: 'a \text{ set}) \rangle$

using *MCS-No-Saturation-axioms MCS-No-Saturation-axioms-def MCS-No-Saturation-def* **by** *blast*

next

show $\langle \text{finite } \{\} \rangle$..

next

show $\langle \text{finite } (\bigcup - \in \{\}. \{\}) \rangle$

by *fast*

next

fix $p \ S$

show $\langle \text{consistent } (\{p\} \cup S) \implies \text{consistent } (\{\} \cup \{p\} \cup S) \rangle$

by *simp*

qed

context *MCS-No-Saturation* **begin**

lemma *always-saturated* [*simp*]: $\langle \text{saturated } H \rangle$

unfolding *saturated-def* **by** *simp*

theorem *MCS-Extend'*:

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } S \rangle$

shows $\langle \text{consistent } (\text{Extend } S) \rangle \langle \text{maximal } (\text{Extend } S) \rangle$

using *assms consistent-Extend maximal-Extend* by *simp-all*

end

1.6 Truth Lemma

locale *Truth-Base* =

fixes *interp* :: $\langle 'model \Rightarrow ('model \Rightarrow 'fm \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'fm \Rightarrow bool \rangle$

and *semantics* :: $\langle 'model \Rightarrow 'fm \Rightarrow bool \rangle$

and *models-from* :: $\langle 'a\ set \Rightarrow 'model\ set \rangle$

and *P* :: $\langle 'a\ set \Rightarrow 'model \Rightarrow 'fm \Rightarrow bool \rangle$

assumes *interp-semantics*: $\langle semantics\ M\ p \longleftrightarrow interp\ M\ semantics\ p \rangle$

and *Hintikka-model*: $\langle \bigwedge H\ M\ p. \forall M \in models-from\ H. \forall p. interp\ M\ (P\ H)\ p \longleftrightarrow P\ H\ M\ p \implies M \in models-from\ H \implies semantics\ M\ p \longleftrightarrow P\ H\ M\ p \rangle$

locale *Truth-Saturation* = *MCS-Saturation* + *Truth-Base* +

assumes *MCS-Hintikka*: $\langle \bigwedge H. consistent\ H \implies maximal\ H \implies saturated\ H \implies$

$\forall M \in models-from\ H. \forall p. interp\ M\ (P\ H)\ p \longleftrightarrow P\ H\ M\ p \rangle$

begin

theorem *truth-lemma-saturation*:

assumes $\langle consistent\ H \rangle \langle maximal\ H \rangle \langle saturated\ H \rangle \langle M \in models-from\ H \rangle$

shows $\langle semantics\ M\ p \longleftrightarrow P\ H\ M\ p \rangle$

using *Hintikka-model MCS-Hintikka assms* .

end

locale *Truth-No-Saturation* = *MCS-No-Saturation* + *Truth-Base* +

assumes *MCS-Hintikka*: $\langle \bigwedge H. consistent\ H \implies maximal\ H \implies$

$\forall M \in models-from\ H. \forall p. interp\ M\ (P\ H)\ p \longleftrightarrow P\ H\ M\ p \rangle$

begin

theorem *truth-lemma-no-saturation*:

assumes $\langle consistent\ H \rangle \langle maximal\ H \rangle \langle M \in models-from\ H \rangle$

shows $\langle semantics\ M\ p \longleftrightarrow P\ H\ M\ p \rangle$

using *Hintikka-model MCS-Hintikka assms* .

end

end

Chapter 2

Derivations

theory *Derivations* **imports** *Maximal-Consistent-Sets* **begin**

2.1 Rearranging Assumptions

locale *Derivations* =

fixes *derive* :: $\langle 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$

assumes *derive-struct*: $\langle \bigwedge A B p. \text{derive } A \ p \implies \text{set } A \subseteq \text{set } B \implies \text{derive } B \ p \rangle$

begin

theorem *derive-split*:

assumes $\langle \text{set } A \subseteq \text{set } B \cup X \rangle \langle \text{derive } A \ p \rangle$

shows $\langle \exists C. \text{set } C \subseteq X \wedge \text{derive } (B \ @ \ C) \ p \rangle$

using *struct-split*[**where** $P = \langle \lambda A. \text{derive } A \ p \rangle$] *derive-struct* **assms** **by** *blast*

corollary *derive-split1*:

assumes $\langle \text{set } A \subseteq \{q\} \cup X \rangle \langle \text{derive } A \ p \rangle$

shows $\langle \exists C. \text{set } C \subseteq X \wedge \text{derive } (q \ \# \ C) \ p \rangle$

using *assms* *derive-split*[**where** $B = \langle [q] \rangle$] **by** *simp*

end

2.2 MCSs and Deriving Falsity

locale *Derivations-MCS* = *Derivations* + *MCS-Base* +

fixes *fls*

assumes *consistent-derive-fls*: $\langle \bigwedge S. \text{consistent } S = (\nexists S'. \text{set } S' \subseteq S \wedge \text{derive } S' \ \text{fls}) \rangle$

begin

theorem *MCS-derive-fls*:

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } S \rangle \langle \text{maximal } S \rangle$

shows $\langle p \notin S \iff (\exists S'. \text{set } S' \subseteq S \wedge \text{derive } (p \ \# \ S') \ \text{fls}) \rangle$

proof

assume $\langle p \notin S \rangle$

```

then show  $\langle \exists S'. \text{set } S' \subseteq S \wedge \text{derive } (p \# S') \text{ fls} \rangle$ 
  using assms derive-split1 consistent-derive-fls unfolding maximal-def by metis
next
  assume  $\langle \exists S'. \text{set } S' \subseteq S \wedge \text{derive } (p \# S') \text{ fls} \rangle$ 
  then show  $\langle p \notin S \rangle$ 
  using assms consistent-derive-fls by fastforce
qed

end

```

2.3 MCSs and Derivability

```

locale Derivations-MCS-Cut = Derivations-MCS +
  assumes derive-assm:  $\langle \bigwedge A p. p \in \text{set } A \implies \text{derive } A p \rangle$ 
  and derive-cut:  $\langle \bigwedge A B p q. \text{derive } A p \implies \text{derive } (p \# B) q \implies \text{derive } (A @ B) q \rangle$ 
begin

```

theorem *MCS-derive*:

```

  assumes  $\langle \text{consistent } S \rangle \langle \text{maximal } S \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle p \in S \longleftrightarrow (\exists S'. \text{set } S' \subseteq S \wedge \text{derive } S' p) \rangle$ 

```

proof

```

  assume  $\langle p \in S \rangle$ 
  then show  $\langle \exists S'. \text{set } S' \subseteq S \wedge \text{derive } S' p \rangle$ 
  using derive-assm by (metis List.set-insert empty-set empty-subsetI insert-subset singletonI)

```

next

```

  assume  $\langle \exists A. \text{set } A \subseteq S \wedge \text{derive } A p \rangle$ 
  then obtain A where A:  $\langle \text{set } A \subseteq S \rangle \langle \text{derive } A p \rangle$ 
  by blast
  have  $\langle \text{consistent } (\{p\} \cup S) \rangle$ 
  unfolding consistent-derive-fls
proof safe
  fix B
  assume B:  $\langle \text{set } B \subseteq \{p\} \cup S \rangle \langle \text{derive } B \text{ fls} \rangle$ 
  then obtain C where C:  $\langle \text{derive } (p \# C) \text{ fls} \rangle \langle \text{set } C \subseteq S \rangle$ 
  using derive-split1 by blast
  then have  $\langle \text{derive } (A @ C) \text{ fls} \rangle$ 
  using A derive-cut by blast
  then show False
  using A(1) B(1) C assms(1) consistent-derive-fls by simp

```

qed

```

  then show  $\langle p \in S \rangle$ 
  using assms unfolding maximal-def by auto

```

qed

end

end

Chapter 3

Refutations

theory *Refutations* **imports** *Maximal-Consistent-Sets* **begin**

3.1 Rearranging Refutations

locale *Refutations* =
 fixes *refute* :: $\langle 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$
 assumes *refute-struct*: $\langle \bigwedge A B. \text{refute } A \implies \text{set } A \subseteq \text{set } B \implies \text{refute } B \rangle$
begin

theorem *refute-split*:
 assumes $\langle \text{set } A \subseteq \text{set } B \cup X \rangle \langle \text{refute } A \rangle$
 shows $\langle \exists C. \text{set } C \subseteq X \wedge \text{refute } (B @ C) \rangle$
 using *struct-split*[**where** $P = \text{refute}$] *refute-struct* *assms* **by** *blast*

corollary *refute-split1*:
 assumes $\langle \text{set } A \subseteq \{q\} \cup X \rangle \langle \text{refute } A \rangle$
 shows $\langle \exists C. \text{set } C \subseteq X \wedge \text{refute } (q \# C) \rangle$
 using *assms* *refute-split*[**where** $B = \langle [q] \rangle$] **by** *simp*

end

3.2 MCSs and Refutability

locale *Refutations-MCS* = *Refutations* + *MCS-Base* +
 assumes *consistent-refute*: $\langle \bigwedge S. \text{consistent } S = (\nexists S'. \text{set } S' \subseteq S \wedge \text{refute } S') \rangle$
begin

theorem *MCS-refute*:
 assumes $\langle \text{consistent } S \rangle \langle \text{maximal } S \rangle$
 shows $\langle p \notin S \iff (\exists S'. \text{set } S' \subseteq S \wedge \text{refute } (p \# S')) \rangle$

proof

assume $\langle p \notin S \rangle$
 then show $\langle \exists S'. \text{set } S' \subseteq S \wedge \text{refute } (p \# S') \rangle$

```
    using assms refute-split1 consistent-refute unfolding maximal-def by metis
next
  assume  $\langle \exists S'. \text{ set } S' \subseteq S \wedge \text{ refute } (p \# S') \rangle$ 
  then show  $\langle p \notin S \rangle$ 
    using assms consistent-refute by fastforce
qed

end

end
```

Chapter 4

Example: Propositional Tableau Calculus

theory *Example-Propositional-Tableau* imports *Refutations* begin

4.1 Syntax

```
datatype 'p fm
  = Pro 'p (⟨ $\dagger$ ⟩)
  | Neg 'p fm (⟨ $\neg \rightarrow$  [70] 70)
  | Imp 'p fm 'p fm (infixr ⟨ $\longrightarrow$ ⟩ 55)
```

4.2 Semantics

type-synonym 'p model = ⟨'p \Rightarrow bool⟩

```
fun semantics :: 'p model  $\Rightarrow$  'p fm  $\Rightarrow$  bool (⟨[-]⟩) where
  ⟨[[I]] (⟨ $\dagger$  P) = I P⟩
  | ⟨[[I]] (⟨ $\neg$  p) = (⟨ $\neg$  [[I]] p)⟩
  | ⟨[[I]] (p  $\longrightarrow$  q) = ([[I]] p  $\longrightarrow$  [[I]] q)⟩
```

4.3 Calculus

```
inductive Calculus :: 'p fm list  $\Rightarrow$  bool (⟨ $\vdash_T \rightarrow$  [50] 50) where
  Axiom [intro]: ⟨ $\vdash_T \dagger P \# \neg \dagger P \# A$ ⟩
  | NegI [intro]: ⟨ $\vdash_T p \# A \Longrightarrow \vdash_T \neg \neg p \# A$ ⟩
  | ImpP [intro]: ⟨ $\vdash_T \neg p \# A \Longrightarrow \vdash_T q \# A \Longrightarrow \vdash_T (p \longrightarrow q) \# A$ ⟩
  | ImpN [intro]: ⟨ $\vdash_T p \# \neg q \# A \Longrightarrow \vdash_T \neg (p \longrightarrow q) \# A$ ⟩
  | Weaken: ⟨ $\vdash_T A \Longrightarrow \text{set } A \subseteq \text{set } B \Longrightarrow \vdash_T B$ ⟩
```

lemma *Weaken2*:

```
  assumes ⟨ $\vdash_T p \# A$ ⟩ ⟨ $\vdash_T q \# B$ ⟩
  shows ⟨ $\vdash_T p \# A @ B \wedge \vdash_T q \# A @ B$ ⟩
```

using *assms Weaken*[where $A = \langle - \# - \rangle$ and $B = \langle - \# A @ B \rangle$] by *fastforce*

4.4 Soundness

theorem *soundness*: $\langle \vdash_T A \implies \exists p \in \text{set } A. \neg \llbracket I \rrbracket p \rangle$
by (*induct A rule: Calculus.induct*) *auto*

corollary *soundness'*: $\langle \vdash_T [\neg p] \implies \llbracket I \rrbracket p \rangle$
using *soundness* by *fastforce*

corollary $\langle \neg (\vdash_T []) \rangle$
using *soundness* by *fastforce*

4.5 Maximal Consistent Sets

definition *consistent* :: $\langle 'p \text{ fm set} \implies \text{bool} \rangle$ where
 $\langle \text{consistent } S \equiv \nexists S'. \text{ set } S' \subseteq S \wedge \vdash_T S' \rangle$

interpretation *MCS-No-Saturation consistent*

proof

fix $S S' :: \langle 'p \text{ fm set} \rangle$
assume $\langle \text{consistent } S \rangle \langle S' \subseteq S \rangle$
then show $\langle \text{consistent } S' \rangle$
unfolding *consistent-def* by *fast*

next

fix $S :: \langle 'p \text{ fm set} \rangle$
assume $\langle \neg \text{consistent } S \rangle$
then show $\langle \exists S' \subseteq S. \text{ finite } S' \wedge \neg \text{consistent } S' \rangle$
unfolding *consistent-def* by *blast*

next

show $\langle \text{infinite } (\text{UNIV} :: 'p \text{ fm set}) \rangle$
using *infinite-UNIV-size*[of $\langle \lambda p. p \longrightarrow p \rangle$] by *simp*

qed

interpretation *Refutations-MCS Calculus consistent*

proof

fix $A B :: \langle 'p \text{ fm list} \rangle$
assume $\langle \vdash_T A \rangle \langle \text{set } A \subseteq \text{set } B \rangle$
then show $\langle \vdash_T B \rangle$
using *Weaken* by *meson*

next

fix $S :: \langle 'p \text{ fm set} \rangle$
show $\langle \text{consistent } S \iff (\nexists S'. \text{ set } S' \subseteq S \wedge \vdash_T S') \rangle$
unfolding *consistent-def* ..

qed

4.6 Truth Lemma

abbreviation (*input*) $hmodel :: \langle 'p \text{ fm set} \Rightarrow 'p \text{ model} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle hmodel \ H \equiv \lambda P. \ddagger P \in H \rangle$

locale *Hintikka* =

fixes $H :: \langle 'a \text{ fm set} \rangle$

assumes *AxiomH*: $\langle \bigwedge P. \ddagger P \in H \implies \neg \ddagger P \in H \implies \text{False} \rangle$

and *NegIH*: $\langle \bigwedge p. \neg \neg p \in H \implies p \in H \rangle$

and *ImpPH*: $\langle \bigwedge p \ q. p \longrightarrow q \in H \implies \neg p \in H \vee q \in H \rangle$

and *ImpNH*: $\langle \bigwedge p \ q. \neg (p \longrightarrow q) \in H \implies p \in H \wedge \neg q \in H \rangle$

lemma *Hintikka-model*:

assumes $\langle \text{Hintikka } H \rangle$

shows $\langle (p \in H \longrightarrow \llbracket hmodel \ H \rrbracket p) \wedge (\neg p \in H \longrightarrow \neg \llbracket hmodel \ H \rrbracket p) \rangle$

using *assms* **by** (*induct p*) (*unfold Hintikka-def semantics.simps; blast*)+

lemma *MCS-Hintikka*:

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } H \rangle \langle \text{maximal } H \rangle$

shows $\langle \text{Hintikka } H \rangle$

proof

fix P

assume $\langle \ddagger P \in H \rangle \langle \neg \ddagger P \in H \rangle$

then have $\langle \text{set } [\ddagger P, \neg \ddagger P] \subseteq H \rangle$

by *simp*

moreover have $\langle \vdash_T [\ddagger P, \neg \ddagger P] \rangle$

by *blast*

ultimately show *False*

using *assms* **unfolding** *consistent-def* **by** *blast*

next

fix p

assume $\langle \neg \neg p \in H \rangle$

then show $\langle p \in H \rangle$

using *assms* *MCS-refute* **by** *blast*

next

fix $p \ q$

assume *: $\langle p \longrightarrow q \in H \rangle$

show $\langle \neg p \in H \vee q \in H \rangle$

proof (*rule ccontr*)

assume $\langle \neg (\neg p \in H \vee q \in H) \rangle$

then have $\langle \neg p \notin H \rangle \langle q \notin H \rangle$

by *blast*+

then have $\langle \exists A. \text{set } A \subseteq H \wedge \vdash_T \neg p \# A \rangle \langle \exists A. \text{set } A \subseteq H \wedge \vdash_T q \# A \rangle$

using *assms* *MCS-refute* **by** *blast*+

then have $\langle \exists A. \text{set } A \subseteq H \wedge \vdash_T \neg p \# A \wedge \vdash_T q \# A \rangle$

using *Weaken2*[**where** $p = \neg p$ **and** $q = q$] **by** (*metis Un-least set-append*)

then have $\langle \exists A. \text{set } A \subseteq H \wedge \vdash_T (p \longrightarrow q) \# A \rangle$

by *blast*

then have $\langle p \longrightarrow q \notin H \rangle$

```

    using assms unfolding consistent-def by auto
  then show False
    using * ..
qed
next
fix p q
assume *:  $\langle \neg (p \longrightarrow q) \in H \rangle$ 
show  $\langle p \in H \wedge \neg q \in H \rangle$ 
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume  $\langle \neg (p \in H \wedge \neg q \in H) \rangle$ 
  then consider  $\langle p \notin H \rangle \mid \langle \neg q \notin H \rangle$ 
    by blast
  then show False
proof cases
  case 1
  then have  $\langle \exists A. \text{set } A \subseteq H \wedge \vdash_T p \# A \rangle$ 
    using assms MCS-refute by blast
  then have  $\langle \exists A. \text{set } A \subseteq H \wedge \vdash_T p \# \neg q \# A \rangle$ 
    using Weaken[where  $B = \langle p \# \neg q \# - \rangle$ ] by fastforce
  then have  $\langle \exists A. \text{set } A \subseteq H \wedge \vdash_T \neg (p \longrightarrow q) \# A \rangle$ 
    by fast
  then have  $\langle \neg (p \longrightarrow q) \notin H \rangle$ 
    using assms unfolding consistent-def by auto
  then show False
    using * ..
  next
  case 2
  then have  $\langle \exists A. \text{set } A \subseteq H \wedge \vdash_T \neg q \# A \rangle$ 
    using assms MCS-refute by blast
  then have  $\langle \exists A. \text{set } A \subseteq H \wedge \vdash_T p \# \neg q \# A \rangle$ 
    using Weaken by (metis set-subset-Cons)
  then have  $\langle \exists A. \text{set } A \subseteq H \wedge \vdash_T \neg (p \longrightarrow q) \# A \rangle$ 
    by fast
  then have  $\langle \neg (p \longrightarrow q) \notin H \rangle$ 
    using assms unfolding consistent-def by auto
  then show False
    using * ..
qed
qed
qed

```

lemma *truth-lemma*:

```

  assumes  $\langle \text{consistent } H \rangle \langle \text{maximal } H \rangle \langle p \in H \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle \llbracket \text{hmodel } H \rrbracket p \rangle$ 
  using Hintikka-model MCS-Hintikka assms by blast

```

4.7 Completeness

theorem *strong-completeness*:

assumes $\langle \forall M :: 'p \text{ model. } (\forall q \in X. \llbracket M \rrbracket q) \longrightarrow \llbracket M \rrbracket p \rangle$
shows $\langle \exists A. \text{ set } A \subseteq X \wedge \vdash_T \neg p \# A \rangle$
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume $\langle \exists A. \text{ set } A \subseteq X \wedge \vdash_T \neg p \# A \rangle$
then have *: $\langle \exists A. \text{ set } A \subseteq \{\neg p\} \cup X \wedge \vdash_T A \rangle$
using *refute-split1* **by** *blast*

let $?S = \langle \{\neg p\} \cup X \rangle$
let $?H = \langle \text{Extend } ?S \rangle$

have $\langle \text{consistent } ?S \rangle$
unfolding *consistent-def* **using** * **by** *blast*
then have $\langle \text{consistent } ?H \rangle \langle \text{maximal } ?H \rangle$
using *MCS-Extend'* **by** *blast+*
then have $\langle p \in ?H \longrightarrow \llbracket \text{hmodel } ?H \rrbracket p \rangle$ **for** p
using *truth-lemma* **by** *fastforce*
then have $\langle p \in ?S \longrightarrow \llbracket \text{hmodel } ?H \rrbracket p \rangle$ **for** p
using *Extend-subset* **by** *blast*
then have $\langle \llbracket \text{hmodel } ?H \rrbracket (\neg p) \rangle \langle \forall q \in X. \llbracket \text{hmodel } ?H \rrbracket q \rangle$
by *blast+*
moreover from this have $\langle \llbracket \text{hmodel } ?H \rrbracket p \rangle$
using *assms(1)* **by** *blast*
ultimately show *False*
by *simp*
qed

abbreviation *valid* :: $\langle 'p \text{ fm} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{valid } p \equiv \forall M. \llbracket M \rrbracket p \rangle$

theorem *completeness*:
assumes $\langle \text{valid } p \rangle$
shows $\langle \vdash_T [\neg p] \rangle$
using *assms strong-completeness* [**where** $X = \langle \{\} \rangle$] **by** *auto*

theorem *main*: $\langle \text{valid } p \longleftrightarrow \vdash_T [\neg p] \rangle$
using *completeness soundness'* **by** *blast*

end

Chapter 5

Example: Propositional Sequent Calculus

theory *Example-Propositional-SC* imports *Derivations* begin

5.1 Syntax

```
datatype 'p fm
  = Fls (⟨⊥⟩)
  | Pro 'p (⟨‡⟩)
  | Imp 'p fm ⟨'p fm⟩ (infixr ⟨⟶⟩ 55)
```

abbreviation *Neg* (⟨¬ -⟩ [70] 70) where $\neg p \equiv p \longrightarrow \perp$

5.2 Semantics

type-synonym 'p model = ⟨'p ⇒ bool⟩

```
fun semantics :: 'p model ⇒ 'p fm ⇒ bool (⟨[-]⟩) where
  ⟨[-] ⊥ = False⟩
  | ⟨[[I]] (‡P) = I P⟩
  | ⟨[[I]] (p ⟶ q) = ([[I]] p ⟶ [[I]] q)⟩
```

5.3 Calculus

```
inductive Calculus :: 'p fm list ⇒ 'p fm list ⇒ bool (⟨- ⊢S -⟩ [50, 50] 50) where
  Axiom [intro]: ⟨p # A ⊢S p # B⟩
  | FlsL [intro]: ⟨⊥ # A ⊢S B⟩
  | FlsR [dest]: ⟨A ⊢S ⊥ # B ⟹ A ⊢S B⟩
  | ImpL [intro]: ⟨A ⊢S p # B ⟹ q # A ⊢S B ⟹ (p ⟶ q) # A ⊢S B⟩
  | ImpR [intro]: ⟨p # A ⊢S q # B ⟹ A ⊢S (p ⟶ q) # B⟩
  | Cut [elim]: ⟨A ⊢S p # B ⟹ p # C ⊢S D ⟹ A @ C ⊢S B @ D⟩
  | WeakenL: ⟨A ⊢S B ⟹ set A ⊆ set A' ⟹ A' ⊢S B⟩
```

| *WeakenR*: $\langle A \vdash_S B \implies \text{set } B \subseteq \text{set } B' \implies A \vdash_S B' \rangle$

lemma *Boole*: $\langle \neg p \# A \vdash_S [] \implies A \vdash_S [p] \rangle$

by (*metis Axiom Cut ImpR WeakenR append-self-conv2 self-append-conv set-subset-Cons*)

5.4 Soundness

theorem *soundness*: $\langle A \vdash_S B \implies \forall q \in \text{set } A. [I] q \implies \exists p \in \text{set } B. [I] p \rangle$

by (*induct A B rule: Calculus.induct*) *auto*

corollary *soundness'*: $\langle [] \vdash_S [p] \implies [I] p \rangle$

using *soundness* by *fastforce*

corollary $\langle \neg ([\] \vdash_S [\]) \rangle$

using *soundness* by *fastforce*

5.5 Maximal Consistent Sets

definition *consistent* :: $\langle 'p \text{ fm set} \implies \text{bool} \rangle$ **where**

$\langle \text{consistent } S \equiv \# S'. \text{ set } S' \subseteq S \wedge S' \vdash_S [\perp] \rangle$

interpretation *MCS-No-Saturation consistent*

proof

fix *S S'* :: $\langle 'p \text{ fm set} \rangle$

assume $\langle \text{consistent } S \rangle \langle S' \subseteq S \rangle$

then show $\langle \text{consistent } S' \rangle$

unfolding *consistent-def* by *fast*

next

fix *S* :: $\langle 'p \text{ fm set} \rangle$

assume $\langle \neg \text{consistent } S \rangle$

then show $\langle \exists S' \subseteq S. \text{ finite } S' \wedge \neg \text{consistent } S' \rangle$

unfolding *consistent-def* by *blast*

next

show $\langle \text{infinite } (\text{UNIV} :: 'p \text{ fm set}) \rangle$

using *infinite-UNIV-size*[of $\langle \lambda p. p \longrightarrow p \rangle$] by *simp*

qed

interpretation *Derivations-MCS-Cut* $\langle \lambda A p. A \vdash_S [p] \rangle$ *consistent* $\langle \perp \rangle$

proof

fix *A B* and *p* :: $\langle 'p \text{ fm} \rangle$

assume $\langle A \vdash_S [p] \rangle \langle \text{set } A \subseteq \text{set } B \rangle$

then show $\langle B \vdash_S [p] \rangle$

using *WeakenL* by *blast*

next

fix *S* :: $\langle 'p \text{ fm set} \rangle$

show $\langle \text{consistent } S \iff (\# S'. \text{ set } S' \subseteq S \wedge S' \vdash_S [\perp]) \rangle$

unfolding *consistent-def* ..

next

```

fix A and p :: ⟨'p fm⟩
assume ⟨p ∈ set A⟩
then show ⟨A ⊢S [p]⟩
  by (metis Axiom WeakenL set-ConsD subsetI)
next
fix A B and p q :: ⟨'p fm⟩
assume ⟨A ⊢S [p]⟩ ⟨p # B ⊢S [q]⟩
then show ⟨A @ B ⊢S [q]⟩
  using Cut by fastforce
qed

```

5.6 Truth Lemma

abbreviation $hmodel :: \langle 'p\ fm\ set \Rightarrow 'p\ model \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle hmodel\ H \equiv \lambda P. \ddagger P \in H \rangle$

fun $interp :: \langle 'p\ model \Rightarrow ('p\ model \Rightarrow 'p\ fm \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'p\ fm \Rightarrow bool \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle interp\ -\ -\ \perp = False \rangle$
 $| \langle interp\ I\ -\ (\ddagger P) = I\ P \rangle$
 $| \langle interp\ I\ X\ (p \longrightarrow q) = (X\ I\ p \longrightarrow X\ I\ q) \rangle$

fun $rel :: \langle 'p\ fm\ set \Rightarrow 'p\ model \Rightarrow 'p\ fm \Rightarrow bool \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle rel\ H\ -\ p = (p \in H) \rangle$

theorem *Hintikka-model'*:

```

assumes ⟨ $\bigwedge p. interp\ (hmodel\ H)\ (rel\ H)\ p \longleftrightarrow p \in H$ ⟩
shows ⟨ $p \in H \longleftrightarrow \llbracket hmodel\ H \rrbracket p$ ⟩
proof (induct p rule: wf-induct[where r=⟨measure size⟩])
  case 1
  then show ?case ..
next
  case (2 x)
  then show ?case
  using assms[of x] by (cases x) simp-all
qed

```

lemma *Hintikka-Extend*:

```

assumes ⟨consistent H⟩ ⟨maximal H⟩
shows ⟨ $interp\ (hmodel\ H)\ (rel\ H)\ p \longleftrightarrow p \in H$ ⟩
proof (cases p)
  case Fls
  have ⟨ $\perp \notin H$ ⟩
  using assms MCS-derive consistent-def by blast
  then show ?thesis
  using Fls by simp
next
  case (Imp p q)
  have ⟨ $A \vdash_S [q] \implies A \vdash_S [p \longrightarrow q]$ ⟩ for A
  by (meson ImpR WeakenL set-subset-Cons)

```

moreover have $\langle p \# A \vdash_S [\perp] \implies A \vdash_S [p \longrightarrow q] \rangle$ **for** A
by (*meson FlsR ImpR WeakenR set-subset-Cons*)
moreover have $\langle A \vdash_S [p \longrightarrow q] \implies B \vdash_S [p] \implies A @ B \vdash_S [q] \rangle$ **for** $A B$
using *Cut* **by** (*metis Axiom ImpL append-Nil append-Nil2*)
ultimately have $\langle (p \in H \longrightarrow q \in H) \longleftrightarrow p \longrightarrow q \in H \rangle$
using *assms MCS-derive MCS-derive-fls Axiom*
by (*metis append-Cons append-Nil insert-subset list.simps(15)*)
then show *?thesis*
using *Imp* **by** *simp*
qed *simp*

interpretation *Truth-No-Saturation consistent interp semantics* $\langle \lambda H. \{hmodel\ H\} \rangle$ *rel*
proof

fix p **and** $M :: \langle 'p\ model \rangle$
show $\langle \llbracket M \rrbracket p \longleftrightarrow interp\ M\ semantics\ p \rangle$
by (*induct p*) *auto*
next
fix p **and** $H :: \langle 'p\ fm\ set \rangle$ **and** $M :: \langle 'p\ model \rangle$
assume $\langle \forall M \in \{hmodel\ H\}. \forall p. interp\ M\ (rel\ H)\ p \longleftrightarrow rel\ H\ M\ p \rangle$ $\langle M \in \{hmodel\ H\} \rangle$
then show $\langle \llbracket M \rrbracket p \longleftrightarrow rel\ H\ M\ p \rangle$
using *Hintikka-model'* **by** *auto*
next
fix $H :: \langle 'p\ fm\ set \rangle$
assume $\langle consistent\ H \rangle$ $\langle maximal\ H \rangle$
then show $\langle \forall M \in \{hmodel\ H\}. \forall p. interp\ M\ (rel\ H)\ p \longleftrightarrow rel\ H\ M\ p \rangle$
using *Hintikka-Extend* **by** *auto*
qed

5.7 Completeness

theorem *strong-completeness*:

assumes $\langle \forall M :: 'p\ model. (\forall q \in X. \llbracket M \rrbracket q \longrightarrow \llbracket M \rrbracket p) \rangle$
shows $\langle \exists A. set\ A \subseteq X \wedge A \vdash_S [p] \rangle$

proof (*rule ccontr*)

assume $\langle \nexists A. set\ A \subseteq X \wedge A \vdash_S [p] \rangle$
then have $\langle \nexists A. set\ A \subseteq X \wedge \neg p \# A \vdash_S [] \rangle$
using *Boole* **by** *blast*
then have $\langle \nexists A. set\ A \subseteq X \wedge \neg p \# A \vdash_S [\perp] \rangle$
by *fast*
then have $\ast: \langle \nexists A. set\ A \subseteq \{\neg p\} \cup X \wedge A \vdash_S [\perp] \rangle$
using *derive-split1* **by** *blast*

let $?S = \langle \{\neg p\} \cup X \rangle$

let $?H = \langle Extend\ ?S \rangle$

have $\langle consistent\ ?S \rangle$

unfolding *consistent-def* **using** \ast **by** *blast*

then have $\langle consistent\ ?H \rangle$ $\langle maximal\ ?H \rangle$

using *MCS-Extend'* **by** *blast+*

then have $\langle p \in ?H \longleftrightarrow \llbracket hmodel\ ?H \rrbracket p \rangle$ **for** p
using *truth-lemma-no-saturation* **by** *fastforce*
then have $\langle p \in ?S \longrightarrow \llbracket hmodel\ ?H \rrbracket p \rangle$ **for** p
using *Extend-subset* **by** *blast*
then have $\langle \llbracket hmodel\ ?H \rrbracket (\neg p) \rangle \langle \forall q \in X. \llbracket hmodel\ ?H \rrbracket q \rangle$
by *blast+*
moreover from this have $\langle \llbracket hmodel\ ?H \rrbracket p \rangle$
using *assms(1)* **by** *blast*
ultimately show *False*
by *simp*
qed

abbreviation *valid* :: $\langle 'p\ fm \Rightarrow bool \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle valid\ p \equiv \forall M. \llbracket M \rrbracket p \rangle$

theorem *completeness*:
assumes $\langle valid\ p \rangle$
shows $\langle [] \vdash_S [p] \rangle$
using *assms strong-completeness* [**where** $X = \langle \{ \} \rangle$] **by** *auto*

theorem *main*: $\langle valid\ p \longleftrightarrow [] \vdash_S [p] \rangle$
using *completeness soundness'* **by** *blast*

end

Chapter 6

Example: Modal Logic

theory *Example-Modal-Logic* imports *Derivations* begin

6.1 Syntax

```
datatype ('i, 'p) fm
  = Fls (<⊥>)
  | Pro 'p
  | Imp <('i, 'p) fm> <('i, 'p) fm> (infixr <⟶> 55)
  | Box 'i <('i, 'p) fm> (<□>)
```

```
abbreviation Neg (<¬ -> [70] 70) where
  <Neg p ≡ p ⟶ ⊥>
```

6.2 Semantics

```
record ('i, 'p, 'w) kripke =
  W :: <'w set>
  K :: <'i ⇒ 'w ⇒ 'w set>
  π :: <'w ⇒ 'p ⇒ bool>
```

```
type-synonym ('i, 'p, 'w) ctx = <('i, 'p, 'w) kripke × 'w>
```

```
fun semantics :: <('i, 'p, 'w) ctx ⇒ ('i, 'p) fm ⇒ bool> (<- |= -> [50, 50] 50) where
  <- |= ⊥ ⟷ False>
  | <(M, w) |= Pro x ⟷ π M w x>
  | <(M, w) |= p ⟶ q ⟷ (M, w) |= p ⟶ (M, w) |= q>
  | <(M, w) |= □ i p ⟷ (∀ v ∈ W M ∩ K M i w. (M, v) |= p)>
```

6.3 Calculus

```
primrec eval :: <('p ⇒ bool) ⇒ (('i, 'p) fm ⇒ bool) ⇒ ('i, 'p) fm ⇒ bool> where
  <eval - - ⊥ = False>
  | <eval g - (Pro x) = g x>
```

| $\langle \text{eval } g \ h \ (p \longrightarrow q) = (\text{eval } g \ h \ p \longrightarrow \text{eval } g \ h \ q) \rangle$
 | $\langle \text{eval } - \ h \ (\Box \ i \ p) = h \ (\Box \ i \ p) \rangle$

abbreviation $\langle \text{tautology } p \equiv \forall g \ h. \ \text{eval } g \ h \ p \rangle$

inductive *SystemK* :: $\langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle \langle \vdash_{\Box} \rightarrow [50] \ 50 \rangle$ **where**

A1: $\langle \text{tautology } p \Longrightarrow \vdash_{\Box} \ p \rangle$
A2: $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \ \Box \ i \ (p \longrightarrow q) \longrightarrow \Box \ i \ p \longrightarrow \Box \ i \ q \rangle$
R1: $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \ p \Longrightarrow \vdash_{\Box} \ p \longrightarrow q \Longrightarrow \vdash_{\Box} \ q \rangle$
R2: $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \ p \Longrightarrow \vdash_{\Box} \ \Box \ i \ p \rangle$

primrec *imply* :: $\langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm list} \Rightarrow ('i, 'p) \text{ fm} \Rightarrow ('i, 'p) \text{ fm} \rangle$ (**infixr** $\langle \rightsquigarrow \rangle$ 56) **where**

$\langle (\Box \rightsquigarrow q) = q \rangle$
 | $\langle (p \# \text{ps} \rightsquigarrow q) = (p \longrightarrow \text{ps} \rightsquigarrow q) \rangle$

abbreviation *K-assms* $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \rightarrow [50, 50] \ 50 \rangle$ **where**

$\langle G \vdash_{\Box} \ p \equiv \vdash_{\Box} \ G \rightsquigarrow \ p \rangle$

6.4 Soundness

lemma *eval-semantic*:

$\langle \text{eval } (pi \ w) \ (\lambda q. \ (\!| \mathcal{W} = W, \mathcal{K} = r, \pi = pi \!|), \ w) \models q) \ p = ((\!| \mathcal{W} = W, \mathcal{K} = r, \pi = pi \!|), \ w) \models p) \rangle$
by (*induct p*) *simp-all*

lemma *tautology*:

assumes $\langle \text{tautology } p \rangle$
shows $\langle (M, \ w) \models p \rangle$

proof –

from *assms* **have** $\langle \text{eval } (g \ w) \ (\lambda q. \ (\!| \mathcal{W} = W, \mathcal{K} = r, \pi = g \!|), \ w) \models q) \ p \rangle$ **for** $W \ g \ r$
by *simp*

then have $\langle (\!| \mathcal{W} = W, \mathcal{K} = r, \pi = g \!|), \ w) \models p \rangle$ **for** $W \ g \ r$

using *eval-semantic* **by** *fast*

then show $\langle (M, \ w) \models p \rangle$

by (*metis kripke.cases*)

qed

theorem *soundness*:

assumes $\langle \bigwedge M \ w \ p. \ A \ p \Longrightarrow w \in \mathcal{W} \ M \Longrightarrow (M, \ w) \models p \rangle$

shows $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \ p \Longrightarrow w \in \mathcal{W} \ M \Longrightarrow (M, \ w) \models p \rangle$

by (*induct p arbitrary: w rule: SystemK.induct*) (*auto simp: assms tautology*)

6.5 Derived rules

lemma *K-imply-head*: $\langle p \# \text{ps} \vdash_{\Box} \ p \rangle$

proof –

have $\langle \text{tautology } (p \# \text{ps} \rightsquigarrow p) \rangle$

by (*induct ps*) *simp-all*

then show *?thesis*

using *A1* by *blast*
qed

lemma *K-imp-Cons*:
 assumes $\langle ps \vdash_{\Box} q \rangle$
 shows $\langle p \# ps \vdash_{\Box} q \rangle$
proof –
 have $\langle \vdash_{\Box} (ps \rightsquigarrow q \longrightarrow p \# ps \rightsquigarrow q) \rangle$
 by (*simp add: A1*)
 with *R1 assms* **show** *?thesis* .
qed

lemma *K-right-mp*:
 assumes $\langle ps \vdash_{\Box} p \rangle \langle ps \vdash_{\Box} p \longrightarrow q \rangle$
 shows $\langle ps \vdash_{\Box} q \rangle$
proof –
 have $\langle \text{tautology } (ps \rightsquigarrow p \longrightarrow ps \rightsquigarrow (p \longrightarrow q) \longrightarrow ps \rightsquigarrow q) \rangle$
 by (*induct ps simp-all*)
 with *A1* **have** $\langle \vdash_{\Box} ps \rightsquigarrow p \longrightarrow ps \rightsquigarrow (p \longrightarrow q) \longrightarrow ps \rightsquigarrow q \rangle$.
then show *?thesis*
 using *assms R1* by *blast*
qed

lemma *deduct1*: $\langle ps \vdash_{\Box} p \longrightarrow q \Longrightarrow p \# ps \vdash_{\Box} q \rangle$
 by (*meson K-right-mp K-imp-Cons K-imp-head*)

lemma *imp-append [iff]*: $\langle (ps @ qs \rightsquigarrow r) = (ps \rightsquigarrow qs \rightsquigarrow r) \rangle$
 by (*induct ps simp-all*)

lemma *imp-swap-append*: $\langle ps @ qs \vdash_{\Box} r \Longrightarrow qs @ ps \vdash_{\Box} r \rangle$

proof (*induct qs arbitrary: ps*)
 case *Cons*
then show *?case*
 by (*metis deduct1 imp.simps(2) imp-append*)
qed *simp*

lemma *K-ImpI*: $\langle p \# ps \vdash_{\Box} q \Longrightarrow ps \vdash_{\Box} p \longrightarrow q \rangle$
 by (*metis imp.simps imp-append imp-swap-append*)

lemma *imp-mem [simp]*: $\langle p \in \text{set } ps \Longrightarrow ps \vdash_{\Box} p \rangle$
 using *K-imp-head K-imp-Cons* by (*induct ps fastforce+*)

lemma *add-imp-imp [simp]*: $\langle \vdash_{\Box} q \Longrightarrow ps \vdash_{\Box} q \rangle$
 using *K-imp-head R1* by *auto*

lemma *K-imp-weaken*: $\langle ps \vdash_{\Box} q \Longrightarrow \text{set } ps \subseteq \text{set } ps' \Longrightarrow ps' \vdash_{\Box} q \rangle$
 by (*induct ps arbitrary: q (simp, metis K-right-mp K-ImpI imp-mem insert-subset list.set(2))*)

lemma *K-Boole*:

```

assumes  $\langle (\neg p) \# G \vdash_{\Box} \perp \rangle$ 
shows  $\langle G \vdash_{\Box} p \rangle$ 
proof -
  have  $\langle G \vdash_{\Box} \neg \neg p \rangle$ 
    using assms K-ImpI by blast
  moreover have  $\langle \text{tautology } (G \rightsquigarrow \neg \neg p \longrightarrow G \rightsquigarrow p) \rangle$ 
    by (induct G) simp-all
  then have  $\langle \vdash_{\Box} (G \rightsquigarrow \neg \neg p \longrightarrow G \rightsquigarrow p) \rangle$ 
    using A1 by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using R1 by blast
qed

```

lemma *K-distrib-K-imp:*

```

assumes  $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \Box i (G \rightsquigarrow q) \rangle$ 
shows  $\langle \text{map } (\Box i) G \vdash_{\Box} \Box i q \rangle$ 
proof -
  have  $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \Box i (G \rightsquigarrow q) \longrightarrow \text{map } (\Box i) G \rightsquigarrow \Box i q \rangle$ 
  proof (induct G)
    case Nil
    then show ?case
      by (simp add: A1)
    next
    case (Cons a G)
    have  $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \Box i (a \# G \rightsquigarrow q) \longrightarrow \Box i a \longrightarrow \Box i (G \rightsquigarrow q) \rangle$ 
      by (simp add: A2)
    moreover have
       $\langle \vdash_{\Box} ((\Box i (a \# G \rightsquigarrow q) \longrightarrow \Box i a \longrightarrow \Box i (G \rightsquigarrow q)) \longrightarrow$ 
         $(\Box i (G \rightsquigarrow q) \longrightarrow \text{map } (\Box i) G \rightsquigarrow \Box i q) \longrightarrow$ 
         $(\Box i (a \# G \rightsquigarrow q) \longrightarrow \Box i a \longrightarrow \text{map } (\Box i) G \rightsquigarrow \Box i q)) \rangle$ 
      by (simp add: A1)
    ultimately have  $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \Box i (a \# G \rightsquigarrow q) \longrightarrow \Box i a \longrightarrow \text{map } (\Box i) G \rightsquigarrow \Box i q \rangle$ 
      using Cons R1 by blast
    then show ?case
      by simp
  qed
then show ?thesis
  using assms R1 by blast
qed

```

interpretation *Derivations K-assms*

```

proof
fix A B and p ::  $\langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm} \rangle$ 
assume  $\langle \vdash_{\Box} A \rightsquigarrow p \rangle$   $\langle \text{set } A \subseteq \text{set } B \rangle$ 
then show  $\langle \vdash_{\Box} B \rightsquigarrow p \rangle$ 
  using K-imply-weaken by blast
qed

```

6.6 Maximal Consistent Sets

definition *consistent* :: $\langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ where
 $\langle \text{consistent } S \equiv \nexists S'. \text{ set } S' \subseteq S \wedge S' \vdash_{\square} \perp \rangle$

interpretation *MCS-No-Saturation consistent*

proof

fix $S S' :: \langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set} \rangle$
assume $\langle \text{consistent } S \rangle \langle S' \subseteq S \rangle$
then show $\langle \text{consistent } S' \rangle$
unfolding *consistent-def* **by** *fast*

next

fix $S :: \langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set} \rangle$
assume $\langle \neg \text{consistent } S \rangle$
then show $\langle \exists S' \subseteq S. \text{ finite } S' \wedge \neg \text{consistent } S' \rangle$
unfolding *consistent-def* **by** *blast*

next

show $\langle \text{infinite } (\text{UNIV} :: ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set}) \rangle$
using *infinite-UNIV-size*[of $\langle \lambda p. p \longrightarrow p \rangle$] **by** *simp*

qed

interpretation *Derivations-MCS-Cut K-assms consistent* $\langle \perp \rangle$

proof

fix $S :: \langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set} \rangle$
show $\langle \text{consistent } S = (\nexists S'. \text{ set } S' \subseteq S \wedge S' \vdash_{\square} \perp) \rangle$
unfolding *consistent-def* **..**

next

fix A **and** $p :: \langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm} \rangle$
assume $\langle p \in \text{set } A \rangle$
then show $\langle A \vdash_{\square} p \rangle$
by (*metis K-imply-head K-imply-weaken Un-upper2 set-append split-list-first*)

next

fix $A B$ **and** $p q :: \langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm} \rangle$
assume $\langle A \vdash_{\square} p \rangle \langle p \# B \vdash_{\square} q \rangle$
then show $\langle A @ B \vdash_{\square} q \rangle$
by (*metis K-imply-head K-right-mp R1 imply.simps(2) imply-append*)

qed

lemma *exists-finite-inconsistent*:

assumes $\langle \neg \text{consistent } (\{\neg p\} \cup V) \rangle$
obtains W **where** $\langle \{\neg p\} \cup W \subseteq \{\neg p\} \cup V \rangle \langle \neg p \notin W \rangle \langle \text{finite } W \rangle \langle \neg \text{consistent } (\{\neg p\} \cup W) \rangle$

proof –

obtain W' **where** $W': \langle \text{set } W' \subseteq \{\neg p\} \cup V \rangle \langle W' \vdash_{\square} \perp \rangle$
using *assms unfolding consistent-def* **by** *blast*

let $?S = \langle \text{removeAll } (\neg p) W' \rangle$

have $\langle \neg \text{consistent } (\{\neg p\} \cup \text{set } ?S) \rangle$

unfolding *consistent-def* **using** $W'(2)$ **by** *auto*

moreover have $\langle \text{finite } (\text{set } ?S) \rangle$

by *blast*

moreover have $\langle \{\neg p\} \cup \text{set } ?S \subseteq \{\neg p\} \cup V \rangle$
using $W'(1)$ **by** *auto*
moreover have $\langle (\neg p) \notin \text{set } ?S \rangle$
by *simp*
ultimately show *?thesis*
by (*meson that*)
qed

lemma *MCS-consequent*:

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } V \rangle \langle \text{maximal } V \rangle \langle (p \longrightarrow q) \in V \rangle \langle p \in V \rangle$
shows $\langle q \in V \rangle$
using *assms MCS-derive*
by (*metis (mono-tags, lifting) K-imply-Cons K-imply-head K-right-mp insert-subset list.simps(15)*)

theorem *deriv-in-maximal*:

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } V \rangle \langle \text{maximal } V \rangle \langle \vdash_{\square} p \rangle$
shows $\langle p \in V \rangle$
using *assms R1 derive-split1 unfolding consistent-def maximal-def* **by** (*metis imply.simps(2)*)

theorem *exactly-one-in-maximal*:

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } V \rangle \langle \text{maximal } V \rangle$
shows $\langle p \in V \longleftrightarrow (\neg p) \notin V \rangle$
using *assms MCS-derive MCS-derive-fls* **by** (*metis K-Boole K-imply-Cons K-imply-head K-right-mp*)

6.7 Truth Lemma

abbreviation *pi* :: $\langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set} \Rightarrow 'p \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{pi } V \ x \equiv \text{Pro } x \in V \rangle$

abbreviation *known* :: $\langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set} \Rightarrow 'i \Rightarrow ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{known } V \ i \equiv \{p. \square i \ p \in V\} \rangle$

abbreviation *reach* :: $\langle 'i \Rightarrow ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set} \Rightarrow ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set set} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{reach } i \ V \equiv \{W. \text{known } V \ i \subseteq W\} \rangle$

abbreviation *mcss* :: $\langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set set} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{mcss} \equiv \{W. \text{consistent } W \wedge \text{maximal } W\} \rangle$

abbreviation *canonical* :: $\langle ('i, 'p, ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set}) \text{ kripke} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{canonical} \equiv (\mathcal{W} = \text{mcss}, \mathcal{K} = \text{reach}, \pi = \text{pi}) \rangle$

fun *interp* ::

$\langle ('i, 'p, 'w) \text{ ctx} \Rightarrow (('i, 'p, 'w) \text{ ctx} \Rightarrow ('i, 'p) \text{ fm} \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('i, 'p) \text{ fm} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{interp} \ - \ - \ \perp = \text{False} \rangle$
 $\mid \langle \text{interp } (M, w) \ - \ (\text{Pro } x) = \pi \ M \ w \ x \rangle$
 $\mid \langle \text{interp } (M, w) \ X \ (p \longrightarrow q) = (X \ (M, w) \ p \longrightarrow X \ (M, w) \ q) \rangle$
 $\mid \langle \text{interp } (M, w) \ X \ (\square i \ p) = (\forall v \in \mathcal{W} \ M \cap \mathcal{K} \ M \ i \ w. X \ (M, v) \ p) \rangle$

fun *rel* :: $\langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set} \Rightarrow ('i, 'p, ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set}) \text{ ctx} \Rightarrow ('i, 'p) \text{ fm} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ **where**

$\langle \text{rel } (-, w) p = (p \in w) \rangle$

lemma *Hintikka-model'*:

fixes $V :: \langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set} \rangle$

assumes $\langle \bigwedge (V :: ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set}) p. V \in \text{mc}ss \implies \text{interp } (\text{canonical}, V) (\text{rel } H) p \longleftrightarrow p \in V \rangle$

shows $\langle V \in \text{mc}ss \implies (\text{canonical}, V) \models p \longleftrightarrow p \in V \rangle$

proof (*induct p arbitrary: V rule: wf-induct[where r= $\langle \text{measure size} \rangle$]*)

case 1

then show ?case ..

next

case (2 x)

then show ?case

using *assms[of V x] by (cases x) auto*

qed

lemma *maximal-extension*:

fixes $V :: \langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set} \rangle$

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } V \rangle$

shows $\langle \exists W. V \subseteq W \wedge \text{consistent } W \wedge \text{maximal } W \rangle$

using *assms MCS-Extend' Extend-subset by meson*

lemma *Hintikka-canonical*:

fixes $V :: \langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set} \rangle$

assumes $\langle V \in \text{mc}ss \rangle$

shows $\langle \text{interp } (\text{canonical}, V) (\text{rel } H) p = \text{rel } H (\text{canonical}, V) p \rangle$

proof (*cases p*)

case *Fls*

have $\langle \perp \notin V \rangle$

using *assms MCS-derive unfolding consistent-def by blast*

then show ?thesis

using *Fls by simp*

next

case (*Imp p q*)

have $\langle (p \in V \longrightarrow q \in V) \longleftrightarrow p \longrightarrow q \in V \rangle$

using *assms MCS-derive MCS-derive-fls MCS-consequent*

by (*metis (no-types, lifting) CollectD K-Boole K-ImpI K-imply-Cons*)

then show ?thesis

using *Imp by simp*

next

case (*Box i p*)

have $\langle (\forall v \in \text{mc}ss \cap \text{reach } i V. p \in v) = (\Box i p \in V) \rangle$

proof

assume $\langle \Box i p \in V \rangle$

then show $\langle \forall v \in \text{mc}ss \cap \text{reach } i V. p \in v \rangle$

by *auto*

next

assume *: $\langle \forall v \in \text{mc}ss \cap \text{reach } i V. p \in v \rangle$

have $\langle \text{consistent } V \rangle \langle \text{maximal } V \rangle$

```

using  $\langle V \in mcss \rangle$  by blast+

have  $\langle \neg \text{consistent} (\{\neg p\} \cup \text{known } V i) \rangle$ 
proof
  assume  $\langle \text{consistent} (\{\neg p\} \cup \text{known } V i) \rangle$ 
  then obtain  $W$  where  $W: \langle \{\neg p\} \cup \text{known } V i \subseteq W \rangle \langle \text{consistent } W \rangle \langle \text{maximal } W \rangle$ 
    using  $\langle V \in mcss \rangle$  maximal-extension by blast
  then have  $\langle (\text{canonical}, W) \models \neg p \rangle$ 
    using * exactly-one-in-maximal by auto
  moreover have  $\langle W \in \text{reach } i V \rangle \langle W \in mcss \rangle$ 
    using  $W$  by simp-all
  ultimately have  $\langle (\text{canonical}, V) \models \neg \Box i p \rangle$ 
    by auto
  then show False
    using *  $W(1)$   $\langle W \in mcss \rangle$  exactly-one-in-maximal by auto
qed

then obtain  $W$  where  $W:$ 
 $\langle \{\neg p\} \cup W \subseteq \{\neg p\} \cup \text{known } V i \rangle \langle (\neg p) \notin W \rangle \langle \text{finite } W \rangle \langle \neg \text{consistent} (\{\neg p\} \cup W) \rangle$ 
using exists-finite-inconsistent by metis

obtain  $L$  where  $L: \langle \text{set } L = W \rangle$ 
using  $\langle \text{finite } W \rangle$  finite-list by blast
then have  $\langle \vdash_{\Box} L \rightsquigarrow p \rangle$ 
using  $W(4)$  derive-split1 unfolding consistent-def by (meson K-Boole K-imply-weaken)
then have  $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \Box i (L \rightsquigarrow p) \rangle$ 
using  $R2$  by fast
then have  $\langle \text{map } (\Box i) L \vdash_{\Box} \Box i p \rangle$ 
using K-distrib-K-imp by fast
then have  $\langle \text{map } (\Box i) L \rightsquigarrow \Box i p \in V \rangle$ 
using deriv-in-maximal  $\langle V \in mcss \rangle$  by blast
then show  $\langle \Box i p \in V \rangle$ 
using  $L$   $W(1-2)$ 
proof (induct  $L$  arbitrary: W)
  case (Cons  $a L$ )
    then have  $\langle \Box i a \in V \rangle$ 
      by auto
    then have  $\langle \text{map } (\Box i) L \rightsquigarrow \Box i p \in V \rangle$ 
      using  $\text{Cons}(2)$   $\langle \text{consistent } V \rangle \langle \text{maximal } V \rangle$  MCS-consequent by auto
    then show ?case
      using  $\text{Cons}$  by auto
qed simp
qed
then show ?thesis
using  $\text{Box}$  by simp
qed simp

```

interpretation *Truth-No-Saturation consistent interp semantics*
 $\langle \lambda-. \{(\text{canonical}, V) \mid V. V \in mcss\} \rangle \text{rel}$

proof

fix p **and** $M :: \langle ('i, 'p), ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set} \rangle \text{ ctx}$

show $\langle M \models p \rangle = \text{interp } M \text{ semantics } p$

by $(\text{cases } M, \text{induct } p) \text{ simp-all}$

next

fix p **and** $H :: \langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set} \rangle$ **and** $M :: \langle ('i, 'p), ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set} \rangle \text{ ctx}$

assume $\langle \forall M \in \{(\text{canonical}, V) \mid V. V \in \text{mcss}\}. \forall p. \text{interp } M \text{ (rel } H) p = \text{rel } H M p \rangle$

$\langle M \in \{(\text{canonical}, V) \mid V. V \in \text{mcss}\} \rangle$

then show $\langle M \models p \rangle = \text{rel } H M p$

using *Hintikka-model'[of H - p]* **by** *auto*

next

fix $H :: \langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set} \rangle$

assume $\langle \text{consistent } H \rangle \langle \text{maximal } H \rangle$

then show $\langle \forall M \in \{(\text{canonical}, V) \mid V. V \in \text{mcss}\}. \forall p. \text{interp } M \text{ (rel } H) p = \text{rel } H M p \rangle$

using *Hintikka-canonical* **by** *blast*

qed

lemma *Truth-lemma:*

fixes $p :: \langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm} \rangle$

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } V \rangle \langle \text{maximal } V \rangle$

shows $\langle (\text{canonical}, V) \models p \iff p \in V \rangle$

using *assms truth-lemma-no-saturation* **by** *fastforce*

lemma *canonical-model:*

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } S \rangle \langle p \in S \rangle$

defines $\langle V \equiv \text{Extend } S \rangle$ **and** $\langle M \equiv \text{canonical} \rangle$

shows $\langle (M, V) \models p \rangle \langle \text{consistent } V \rangle \langle \text{maximal } V \rangle$

proof –

have $\langle \text{consistent } V \rangle$

using $\langle \text{consistent } S \rangle$ **unfolding** *V-def* **using** *consistent-Extend* **by** *auto*

have $\langle \text{maximal } V \rangle$

unfolding *V-def* **using** *maximal-Extend* **by** *blast*

{ **fix** x

assume $\langle x \in S \rangle$

then have $\langle x \in V \rangle$

unfolding *V-def* **using** *Extend-subset* **by** *blast*

then have $\langle (M, V) \models x \rangle$

unfolding *M-def* **using** *Truth-lemma* $\langle \text{consistent } V \rangle \langle \text{maximal } V \rangle$ **by** *blast* }

then show $\langle (M, V) \models p \rangle$

using $\langle p \in S \rangle$ **by** *blast+*

show $\langle \text{consistent } V \rangle \langle \text{maximal } V \rangle$

by *fact+*

qed

6.8 Completeness

abbreviation *valid* $:: \langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set} \Rightarrow ('i, 'p) \text{ fm} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$

$\langle \cdot \models \cdot \rangle [50, 50] 50$ **where**

$\langle G \models p \equiv \forall M :: ('i, 'p), ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set} \rangle \text{ kripke.}$

$$\langle \forall w \in \mathcal{W} M. (\forall q \in G. (M, w) \models q) \longrightarrow (M, w) \models p \rangle$$

theorem *strong-completeness:*

assumes $\langle G \models p \rangle$

shows $\langle \exists qs. \text{set } qs \subseteq G \wedge qs \vdash_{\square} p \rangle$

proof (*rule ccontr*)

assume $\langle \nexists qs. \text{set } qs \subseteq G \wedge qs \vdash_{\square} p \rangle$

then have *: $\langle \forall qs. \text{set } qs \subseteq G \longrightarrow \neg (\neg p) \# qs \vdash_{\square} \perp \rangle$

using *K-Boole* **by** *blast*

let $?S = \langle \{\neg p\} \cup G \rangle$

let $?V = \langle \text{Extend } ?S \rangle$

have $\langle \text{consistent } ?S \rangle$

using * *derive-split1 unfolding consistent-def* **by** *meson*

then have $\langle (\text{canonical}, ?V) \models (\neg p) \rangle \langle \forall q \in G. (\text{canonical}, ?V) \models q \rangle$

using *canonical-model* **by** *fastforce+*

moreover have $\langle ?V \in \text{mcss} \rangle$

using $\langle \text{consistent } ?S \rangle$ *maximal-Extend canonical-model(2)* **by** *blast*

ultimately have $\langle (\text{canonical}, ?V) \models p \rangle$

using *assms* **by** *simp*

then show *False*

using $\langle (\text{canonical}, ?V) \models (\neg p) \rangle$ **by** *simp*

qed

corollary *completeness:* $\langle \{\} \models p \implies \vdash_{\square} p \rangle$

using *strong-completeness* [**where** $G = \langle \{\} \rangle$] **by** *simp*

theorem *main:* $\langle \{\} \models p \iff \vdash_{\square} p \rangle$

using *soundness completeness* **by** *fast*

end

Chapter 7

Example: Hybrid Logic

theory *Example-Hybrid-Logic* imports *Derivations* begin

7.1 Syntax

datatype (*nominals-fm*: 'i, 'p) *fm*
= *Fls* ($\langle \perp \rangle$)
| *Pro* 'p
| *Nom* 'i
| *Imp* ($\langle 'i, 'p \rangle$ *fm*) ($\langle 'i, 'p \rangle$ *fm*) (**infixr** $\langle \longrightarrow \rangle$ 55)
| *Dia* ($\langle 'i, 'p \rangle$ *fm*) ($\langle \diamond \rangle$)
| *Sat* 'i ($\langle 'i, 'p \rangle$ *fm*) ($\langle @ \rangle$)

abbreviation *Neg* ($\langle \neg \rightarrow [70] 70 \rangle$) **where** $\langle \neg p \equiv p \longrightarrow \perp \rangle$

type-synonym ($\langle 'i, 'p \rangle$ *lbd*) = $\langle 'i \times ('i, 'p) \text{ fm} \rangle$

primrec *nominals-lbd* :: $\langle ('i, 'p) \text{ lbd} \Rightarrow 'i \text{ set} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{nominals-lbd } (i, p) = \{i\} \cup \text{nominals-fm } p \rangle$

abbreviation *nominals* :: $\langle ('i, 'p) \text{ lbd set} \Rightarrow 'i \text{ set} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{nominals } S \equiv \bigcup ip \in S. \text{nominals-lbd } ip \rangle$

lemma *finite-nominals-fm*: $\langle \text{finite } (\text{nominals-fm } p) \rangle$
by (*induct p simp-all*)

lemma *finite-nominals-lbd*: $\langle \text{finite } (\text{nominals-lbd } p) \rangle$
by (*cases p (simp add: finite-nominals-fm)*)

7.2 Semantics

datatype ($\langle 'w, 'p \rangle$ *model*) =
Model (*R*: $\langle 'w \Rightarrow 'w \text{ set} \rangle$) (*V*: $\langle 'w \Rightarrow 'p \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$)

type-synonym $\langle 'i, 'p, 'w \rangle \text{ ctx} = \langle 'w, 'p \rangle \text{ model} \times \langle 'i \Rightarrow 'w \rangle \times 'w \rangle$

fun semantics :: $\langle 'i, 'p, 'w \rangle \text{ ctx} \Rightarrow \langle 'i, 'p \rangle \text{ fm} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle \langle \cdot \models \cdot \rangle [50, 50] 50 \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle (M, g, w) \models \perp \longleftrightarrow \text{False} \rangle$
 $\langle (M, \cdot, w) \models \text{Pro } x \longleftrightarrow V M w x \rangle$
 $\langle (\cdot, g, w) \models \text{Nom } i \longleftrightarrow w = g i \rangle$
 $\langle (M, g, w) \models (p \longrightarrow q) \longleftrightarrow ((M, g, w) \models p \longrightarrow (M, g, w) \models q) \rangle$
 $\langle (M, g, w) \models \diamond p \longleftrightarrow (\exists v \in R M w. (M, g, v) \models p) \rangle$
 $\langle (M, g, \cdot) \models @i p \longleftrightarrow ((M, g, g i) \models p) \rangle$

lemma semantics-fresh: $\langle i \notin \text{nominals-fm } p \Longrightarrow ((M, g, w) \models p) = ((M, g(i := v), w) \models p) \rangle$
by $\langle \text{induct } p \text{ arbitrary: } w \rangle \text{ auto}$

lemma semantics-fresh-lbd:

$\langle k \notin \text{nominals-lbd } (i, p) \Longrightarrow ((M, g, w) \models p) = ((M, g(k := v), w) \models p) \rangle$
by $\langle \text{induct } p \text{ arbitrary: } w \rangle \text{ auto}$

7.3 Calculus

abbreviation list-member-syntax :: $\langle 'a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle \langle \cdot \in [] \cdot \rangle [51, 51] 50 \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle x \in [] A \equiv x \in \text{set } A \rangle$

inductive Calculus :: $\langle 'i, 'p \rangle \text{ lbd list} \Rightarrow \langle 'i, 'p \rangle \text{ lbd} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle \langle \cdot \vdash_{@} \cdot \rangle [50, 50] 50 \rangle$ **where**

Assm [intro]: $\langle (i, p) \in [] A \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{@} (i, p) \rangle$
 \mid *Ref* [intro]: $\langle A \vdash_{@} (i, \text{Nom } i) \rangle$
 \mid *Nom* [intro]: $\langle A \vdash_{@} (i, \text{Nom } k) \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{@} (i, p) \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{@} (k, p) \rangle$
 \mid *FlsE* [elim]: $\langle A \vdash_{@} (i, \perp) \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{@} (k, p) \rangle$
 \mid *ImpI* [intro]: $\langle (i, p) \# A \vdash_{@} (i, q) \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{@} (i, p \longrightarrow q) \rangle$
 \mid *ImpE* [elim]: $\langle A \vdash_{@} (i, p \longrightarrow q) \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{@} (i, p) \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{@} (i, q) \rangle$
 \mid *SatI* [intro]: $\langle A \vdash_{@} (i, p) \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{@} (k, @i p) \rangle$
 \mid *SatE* [elim]: $\langle A \vdash_{@} (i, @k p) \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{@} (k, p) \rangle$
 \mid *DiaI* [intro]: $\langle A \vdash_{@} (i, \diamond (\text{Nom } k)) \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{@} (k, p) \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{@} (i, \diamond p) \rangle$
 \mid *DiaE* [elim]: $\langle A \vdash_{@} (i, \diamond p) \Longrightarrow k \notin \text{nominals } (\{(i, p), (j, q)\} \cup \text{set } A) \Longrightarrow$
 $\langle (k, p) \# (i, \diamond (\text{Nom } k)) \# A \vdash_{@} (j, q) \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{@} (j, q) \rangle$
 \mid *Clas*: $\langle (i, p \longrightarrow q) \# A \vdash_{@} (i, p) \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{@} (i, p) \rangle$
 \mid *Weak*: $\langle A \vdash_{@} (i, p) \Longrightarrow (k, q) \# A \vdash_{@} (i, p) \rangle$

7.4 Soundness

theorem soundness: $\langle A \vdash_{@} (i, p) \Longrightarrow \text{list-all } (\lambda(i, p). (M, g, g i) \models p) A \Longrightarrow (M, g, g i) \models p \rangle$

proof $\langle \text{induct } \langle (i, p) \rangle \text{ arbitrary: } i p g \text{ rule: Calculus.induct} \rangle$

case $\langle \text{Nom } A i k p \rangle$

then show $\langle ?\text{case} \rangle$

by $\langle \text{fastforce} \rangle$

next

case $\langle \text{DiaE } A i p k j q \rangle$

then have $\langle (M, g, g i) \models \diamond p \rangle$

by $\langle \text{blast} \rangle$

then obtain v **where** $v: \langle v \in R M (g i) \rangle \langle (M, g, v) \models p \rangle$
by *auto*
let $?g = \langle g(k := v) \rangle$
have $\langle (M, ?g, ?g k) \models p \rangle \langle (M, ?g, ?g i) \models \Diamond (Nom k) \rangle$
using v *fun-upd-same DiaE(3) semantics-fresh-lbd* **by** *fastforce+*
moreover have $\langle list-all (\lambda(i, p). (M, ?g, ?g i) \models p) A \rangle$
using *DiaE.premis DiaE.hyps(3) semantics-fresh-lbd* **by** *(induct A) fastforce+*
ultimately have $\langle list-all (\lambda(i, p). (M, ?g, ?g i) \models p) ((k, p) \# (i, \Diamond (Nom k)) \# A) \rangle$
by *simp*
then have $\langle (M, ?g, ?g j) \models q \rangle$
using *DiaE.hyps* **by** *fast*
then show *?case*
using *DiaE.hyps(3) semantics-fresh-lbd* **by** *fastforce*
qed (*auto simp: list-all-iff*)

corollary *soundness'*: $\langle [] \vdash_{@} (i, p) \implies i \notin nominals-fm p \implies (M, g, w) \models p \rangle$
using *soundness semantics-fresh* **by** *(metis fun-upd-same list.pred-inject(1))*

corollary $\langle \neg ([] \vdash_{@} (i, \perp)) \rangle$
using *soundness'* **by** *fastforce*

7.5 Derived Rules

lemma *Assm-head*: $\langle (p, i) \# A \vdash_{@} (p, i) \rangle$
by *auto*

lemma *deduct1*: $\langle A \vdash_{@} (i, p \longrightarrow q) \implies (i, p) \# A \vdash_{@} (i, q) \rangle$
by *(meson ImpE Weak Assm-head)*

lemma *Boole*: $\langle (i, \neg p) \# A \vdash_{@} (i, \perp) \implies A \vdash_{@} (i, p) \rangle$
using *Clas FlsE* **by** *meson*

lemma *Weak'*: $\langle A \vdash_{@} (i, p) \implies B @ A \vdash_{@} (i, p) \rangle$

proof *(induct B)*
case *(Cons b B)*
then show *?case*
by *(cases b) (metis Cons Weak append-Cons)*
qed *simp*

lemma *ImpI'*:

assumes $\langle (k, q) \# A \vdash_{@} (i, p) \rangle$
shows $\langle A \vdash_{@} (i, (@k q) \longrightarrow p) \rangle$
using *assms*

proof –

have $\langle (k, q) \# A \vdash_{@} (k, @i p) \rangle$
using *assms* **by** *fast*
then show *?thesis*
by *(meson Assm-head ImpE ImpI SatE Weak)*
qed

```

lemma Weaken:  $\langle A \vdash_{@} (i, p) \implies \text{set } A \subseteq \text{set } B \implies B \vdash_{@} (i, p) \rangle$ 
proof (induct A arbitrary: i p)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
  using Weak' by fastforce
next
  case (Cons kq A)
  then show ?case
  proof (cases kq)
  case (Pair k q)
  then show ?thesis
  using Cons by (meson Assm ImpI' ImpE SatI list.set-intros(1) set-subset-Cons subset-eq)
qed
qed

```

interpretation *Derivations Calculus*

```

proof
  fix A B and p ::  $\langle ('i, 'p) \text{ lbd} \rangle$ 
  assume  $\langle A \vdash_{@} p \rangle$   $\langle \text{set } A \subseteq \text{set } B \rangle$ 
  then show  $\langle B \vdash_{@} p \rangle$ 
  by (cases p) (metis Weaken)
qed

```

7.6 Maximal Consistent Sets

definition *consistent* :: $\langle ('i, 'p) \text{ lbd set} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{consistent } S \equiv \nexists S' a. \text{set } S' \subseteq S \wedge S' \vdash_{@} (a, \perp) \rangle$

lemma *consistent-add-witness*:

```

assumes  $\langle \text{consistent } S \rangle$   $\langle (i, \diamond p) \in S \rangle$   $\langle k \notin \text{nominals } S \rangle$ 
shows  $\langle \text{consistent } (\{(k, p), (i, \diamond (\text{Nom } k))\} \cup S) \rangle$ 
unfolding consistent-def

```

proof

```

assume  $\langle \exists S' a. \text{set } S' \subseteq \{(k, p), (i, \diamond (\text{Nom } k))\} \cup S \wedge S' \vdash_{@} (a, \perp) \rangle$ 
then obtain S' a where  $\langle \text{set } S' \subseteq S \rangle$   $\langle (k, p) \# (i, \diamond (\text{Nom } k)) \# S' \vdash_{@} (a, \perp) \rangle$ 
  using assms derive-split [where X=S and B= $\{(k, p), (i, \diamond (\text{Nom } k))\}$ ]
  by (metis append-Cons append-Nil list.simps(15) set-empty)
then have  $\langle (k, p) \# (i, \diamond (\text{Nom } k)) \# S' \vdash_{@} (i, \perp) \rangle$ 
  by fast
then have  $\langle (k, p) \# (i, \diamond (\text{Nom } k)) \# (i, \diamond p) \# S' \vdash_{@} (i, \perp) \rangle$ 
  by (fastforce intro: Weaken)
moreover have  $\langle k \notin \text{nominals } (\{(i, p), (i, \perp)\} \cup \text{set } ((i, \diamond p) \# S')) \rangle$ 
  using  $\langle \text{set } S' \subseteq S \rangle$  assms(2-3) by auto
moreover have  $\langle (i, \diamond p) \# S' \vdash_{@} (i, \diamond p) \rangle$ 
  by auto
ultimately have  $\langle (i, \diamond p) \# S' \vdash_{@} (i, \perp) \rangle$ 
  by fastforce
moreover have  $\langle \text{set } ((i, \diamond p) \# S') \subseteq S \rangle$ 

```

```

    using ⟨set  $S' \subseteq S$ ⟩ assms(2) by simp
    ultimately show False
    using assms(1) unfolding consistent-def by blast
qed

fun witness :: ⟨('i, 'p) lbd ⇒ ('i, 'p) lbd set ⇒ ('i, 'p) lbd set⟩ where
  ⟨witness (i, ◇ p) S = (let k = (SOME k. k ∉ nominals ({(i, p)} ∪ S)) in {(k, p), (i, ◇ (Nom k))})⟩
| ⟨witness (-, -) - = {}⟩

```

```

lemma consistent-witness':
  assumes ⟨consistent ({(i, p)} ∪ S)⟩ ⟨infinite (UNIV − nominals S)⟩
  shows ⟨consistent (witness (i, p) S ∪ {(i, p)} ∪ S)⟩
  using assms
proof (induct ⟨(i, p)⟩ S arbitrary: i p rule: witness.induct)
  case (1 i p S)
  have ⟨infinite (UNIV − nominals ({(i, p)} ∪ S))⟩
    using 1(2) finite-nominals-lbd
    by (metis UN-Un finite.emptyI finite.insertI finite-UN-I infinite-Diff-fin-Un)
  then have ⟨∃ k. k ∉ nominals ({(i, p)} ∪ S)⟩
    by (simp add: not-finite-existsD set-diff-eq)
  then have ⟨(SOME k. k ∉ nominals ({(i, p)} ∪ S)) ∉ nominals ({(i, p)} ∪ S)⟩
    by (rule someI-ex)
  then obtain k where ⟨witness (i, ◇ p) S = {(k, p), (i, ◇ (Nom k))}⟩
    ⟨k ∉ nominals ({(i, ◇ p)} ∪ S)⟩
    by (simp add: Let-def)
  then show ?case
    using 1(1−2) consistent-add-witness[where S=⟨{(i, ◇ p)} ∪ S⟩] by simp
qed (auto simp: assms)

```

interpretation *MCS-Saturation consistent nominals-lbd witness*

```

proof
  fix S S' :: ⟨('i, 'p) lbd set⟩
  assume ⟨consistent S⟩ ⟨ $S' \subseteq S$ ⟩
  then show ⟨consistent S'⟩
    unfolding consistent-def by fast
next
  fix S :: ⟨('i, 'p) lbd set⟩
  assume ⟨¬ consistent S⟩
  then show ⟨∃ S' ⊆ S. finite S' ∧ ¬ consistent S'⟩
    unfolding consistent-def by blast
next
  fix ip :: ⟨('i, 'p) lbd⟩
  show ⟨finite (nominals-lbd ip)⟩
    using finite-nominals-fm by (cases ip) simp
next
  fix ip :: ⟨('i, 'p) lbd⟩ and S :: ⟨('i, 'p) lbd set⟩
  show ⟨finite (nominals (witness ip S))⟩
    by (induct ip S rule: witness.induct) (auto simp: finite-nominals-fm Let-def)
next

```

```

fix  $ip$  and  $S :: \langle ('i, 'p) \text{ lbd set} \rangle$ 
assume  $\langle \text{consistent} (\{ip\} \cup S) \rangle \langle \text{infinite} (UNIV - \text{nominals } S) \rangle$ 
then show  $\langle \text{consistent} (\text{witness } ip \text{ } S \cup \{ip\} \cup S) \rangle$ 
  using consistent-witness' by (cases ip simp)
next
  have  $\langle \text{infinite} (UNIV :: ('i, 'p) \text{ fm set}) \rangle$ 
    using infinite-UNIV-size[of  $\langle \diamond \rangle$ ] by simp
  then show  $\langle \text{infinite} (UNIV :: ('i, 'p) \text{ lbd set}) \rangle$ 
    using finite-prod by blast
qed

```

interpretation *Derivations-MCS-Cut Calculus consistent* $\langle (\text{undefined}, \perp) \rangle$

proof

```

fix  $S :: \langle ('i, 'p) \text{ lbd set} \rangle$ 
show  $\langle \text{consistent } S = (\# S'. \text{ set } S' \subseteq S \wedge S' \vdash_{\text{@}} (\text{undefined}, \perp)) \rangle$ 
  unfolding consistent-def by fast
next
  fix  $A$  and  $p :: \langle ('i, 'p) \text{ lbd} \rangle$ 
  assume  $\langle p \in A \rangle$ 
  then show  $\langle A \vdash_{\text{@}} p \rangle$ 
    by (metis Assm surj-pair)
next
  fix  $A B$  and  $p q :: \langle ('i, 'p) \text{ lbd} \rangle$ 
  assume  $\langle A \vdash_{\text{@}} p \rangle \langle p \# B \vdash_{\text{@}} q \rangle$ 
  then have  $\langle A @ B \vdash_{\text{@}} p \rangle \langle p \# A @ B \vdash_{\text{@}} q \rangle$ 
    by (simp-all add: derive-struct subsetI)
  then show  $\langle A @ B \vdash_{\text{@}} q \rangle$ 
    by (cases p, cases q) (meson ImpE ImpI' SatI)
qed

```

lemma *saturated*: $\langle \text{saturated } H \implies (i, \diamond p) \in H \implies \exists k. (i, \diamond (\text{Nom } k)) \in H \wedge (k, p) \in H \rangle$

unfolding *saturated-def* **by** (*metis insert-subset witness.simps(1)*)

7.7 Nominals

lemma *MCS-Nom-refl*:

```

assumes  $\langle \text{consistent } S \rangle \langle \text{maximal } S \rangle$ 
shows  $\langle (i, \text{Nom } i) \in S \rangle$ 
using assms Ref by (metis MCS-derive MCS-derive-fls)

```

lemma *MCS-Nom-sym*:

```

assumes  $\langle \text{consistent } S \rangle \langle \text{maximal } S \rangle \langle (i, \text{Nom } j) \in S \rangle$ 
shows  $\langle (j, \text{Nom } i) \in S \rangle$ 
using assms Nom Ref by (metis MCS-derive)

```

lemma *MCS-Nom-trans*:

```

assumes  $\langle \text{consistent } S \rangle \langle \text{maximal } S \rangle \langle (i, \text{Nom } j) \in S \rangle \langle (j, \text{Nom } k) \in S \rangle$ 
shows  $\langle (i, \text{Nom } k) \in S \rangle$ 

```

proof –

```

have ⟨ $\exists S'. \text{set } S' \subseteq S \wedge S' \vdash_{\text{@}} (i, \text{Nom } j)$ ⟩
  using assms MCS-derive by blast
then have ⟨ $\exists S'. \text{set } S' \subseteq S \wedge S' \vdash_{\text{@}} (i, \text{Nom } j) \wedge S' \vdash_{\text{@}} (j, \text{Nom } k)$ ⟩
  by (metis Assm-head Calculus.intros(12) assms(4) insert-subset list.set(2))
then have ⟨ $\exists S'. \text{set } S' \subseteq S \wedge S' \vdash_{\text{@}} (i, \text{Nom } k)$ ⟩
  using Nom Ref by metis
then show ?thesis
  using assms MCS-derive by blast
qed

```

7.8 Truth Lemma

```

fun interp :: ⟨ $('i, 'p, 'w) \text{ ctx} \Rightarrow (('i, 'p, 'w) \text{ ctx} \Rightarrow ('i, 'p) \text{ fm} \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('i, 'p) \text{ fm} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ ⟩
  where

```

```

  ⟨interp (M, g, w) X  $\perp \longleftrightarrow \text{False}$ ⟩
| ⟨interp (M, -, w) X (Pro x)  $\longleftrightarrow V M w x$ ⟩
| ⟨interp (-, g, w) X (Nom i)  $\longleftrightarrow w = g i$ ⟩
| ⟨interp (M, g, w) X (p  $\longrightarrow$  q)  $\longleftrightarrow X (M, g, w) p \longrightarrow X (M, g, w) q$ ⟩
| ⟨interp (M, g, w) X ( $\diamond p$ )  $\longleftrightarrow (\exists v \in R M w. X (M, g, v) p)$ ⟩
| ⟨interp (M, g, -) X ( $\text{@ } i p$ )  $\longleftrightarrow X (M, g, g i) p$ ⟩

```

```

fun rel :: ⟨ $('i, 'p) \text{ lbd set} \Rightarrow ('i, 'p, 'i) \text{ ctx} \Rightarrow ('i, 'p) \text{ fm} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ ⟩ where
  ⟨rel H (-, -, i) p = ((i, p)  $\in$  H)⟩

```

```

definition val :: ⟨ $('i, 'p) \text{ lbd set} \Rightarrow 'i \Rightarrow 'p \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ ⟩ where
  ⟨val H i x  $\equiv (i, \text{Pro } x) \in H$ ⟩

```

```

definition hequiv :: ⟨ $('i, 'p) \text{ lbd set} \Rightarrow 'i \Rightarrow 'i \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ ⟩ where
  ⟨hequiv H i j  $\equiv (i, \text{Nom } j) \in H$ ⟩

```

lemma *hequiv-reflp*:

```

assumes ⟨consistent H⟩ ⟨maximal H⟩
shows ⟨reflp (hequiv H)⟩
unfolding hequiv-def reflp-def using assms MCS-Nom-refl by fast

```

lemma *hequiv-symp*:

```

assumes ⟨consistent H⟩ ⟨maximal H⟩
shows ⟨symp (hequiv H)⟩
unfolding hequiv-def symp-def using assms MCS-Nom-sym by fast

```

lemma *hequiv-transp*:

```

assumes ⟨consistent H⟩ ⟨maximal H⟩
shows ⟨transp (hequiv H)⟩
unfolding hequiv-def transp-def using assms MCS-Nom-trans by fast

```

lemma *hequiv-equivp*:

```

assumes ⟨consistent H⟩ ⟨maximal H⟩
shows ⟨equivp (hequiv H)⟩
using assms by (simp add: equivpI hequiv-reflp hequiv-symp hequiv-transp)

```

definition *assign* :: $\langle ('i, 'p) \text{ lbd set} \Rightarrow 'i \Rightarrow 'i \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{assign } H \ i \equiv \text{minim} (|UNIV|) \{j. \text{hequiv } H \ i \ j\} \rangle$

lemma *hequiv-ne*:

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } H \rangle \langle \text{maximal } H \rangle$
shows $\langle \{j. \text{hequiv } H \ i \ j\} \neq \{\} \rangle$
unfolding *hequiv-def* **using** *assms MCS-Nom-refl* **by** *fast*

lemma *hequiv-assign*:

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } H \rangle \langle \text{maximal } H \rangle$
shows $\langle \text{hequiv } H \ i \ (\text{assign } H \ i) \rangle$
unfolding *assign-def* **using** *assms hequiv-ne wo-rel.minim-in*
by (*metis Field-card-of card-of-well-order-on mem-Collect-eq top.extremum wo-rel-def*)

lemma *hequiv-Nom*:

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } H \rangle \langle \text{maximal } H \rangle \langle \text{hequiv } H \ i \ j \rangle \langle (i, p) \in H \rangle$
shows $\langle (j, p) \in H \rangle$

proof –

have $\langle \exists A. \text{set } A \subseteq H \wedge A \vdash_{@} (i, p) \rangle$
using *assms MCS-derive* **by** *fast*
then have $\langle \exists A. \text{set } A \subseteq H \wedge A \vdash_{@} (i, p) \wedge A \vdash_{@} (i, \text{Nom } j) \rangle$
using *assms(3)* **unfolding** *hequiv-def* **by** (*metis Assm-head Weak insert-subset list.simps(15)*)
then have $\langle \exists A. \text{set } A \subseteq H \wedge A \vdash_{@} (j, p) \rangle$
using *Nom* **by** *fast*
then show *?thesis*
using *assms MCS-derive* **by** *fast*

qed

definition *reach* :: $\langle ('i, 'p) \text{ lbd set} \Rightarrow 'i \Rightarrow 'i \text{ set} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{reach } H \ i \equiv \{ \text{assign } H \ j \mid j. (i, \diamond (\text{Nom } j)) \in H \} \rangle$

abbreviation *canonical* :: $\langle ('i \times ('i, 'p) \text{ fm}) \text{ set} \Rightarrow 'i \Rightarrow ('i, 'p, 'i) \text{ ctx} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{canonical } H \ i \equiv (\text{Model } (\text{reach } H)) (\text{val } H), \text{assign } H, \text{assign } H \ i \rangle$

lemma *Hintikka-model'*:

assumes $\langle \bigwedge i \ p. \text{interp} (\text{canonical } H \ i) (\text{rel } H) \ p = \text{rel } H (\text{canonical } H \ i) \ p \rangle$
shows $\langle (\text{canonical } H \ i \models p) = \text{rel } H (\text{canonical } H \ i) \ p \rangle$

proof (*induct* *p* *arbitrary*: *i* *rule*: *wf-induct*[**where** *r*= $\langle \text{measure size} \rangle$])

case 1

then show *?case ..*

next

case (2 *x*)

then show *?case*

using *assms*[*of i x*] **by** (*cases x*) (*auto simp: reach-def*)

qed

lemma *Hintikka-Extend'*:

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } H \rangle \langle \text{maximal } H \rangle \langle \text{saturated } H \rangle$

shows $\langle \text{interp } (\text{canonical } H \ i) \ (\text{rel } H) \ p = \text{rel } H \ (\text{canonical } H \ i) \ p \rangle$
proof (*cases p*)
case *Fls*
have $\langle (\text{assign } H \ i, \perp) \notin H \rangle$
using *assms(1-2) MCS-derive unfolding consistent-def by fast*
then show *?thesis*
using *Fls by simp*
next
case (*Pro x*)
have $\langle \text{val } H \ (\text{assign } H \ i) \ x = ((\text{assign } H \ i, \text{Pro } x) \in H) \rangle$
unfolding *val-def ..*
then show *?thesis*
using *Pro by simp*
next
case (*Nom k*)
have $\langle (\text{assign } H \ i = \text{assign } H \ k) = ((\text{assign } H \ i, \text{Nom } k) \in H) \rangle$
using *assms(1-2) hequiv-equivp hequiv-assign by (metis assign-def equivp-def hequiv-def)*
then show *?thesis*
using *Nom by simp*
next
case (*Imp p q*)
have $\langle (i, p) \# A \vdash_{@} (a, \perp) \implies A \vdash_{@} (i, p \longrightarrow q) \rangle \langle A \vdash_{@} (i, q) \implies A \vdash_{@} (i, p \longrightarrow q) \rangle$ **for** $A \ a \ i$
by (*auto simp: Weak*)
moreover have $\langle A \vdash_{@} (i, p \longrightarrow q) \implies (i, p) \# A \vdash_{@} (i, q) \rangle$ **for** $A \ i$
using *deduct1 .*
ultimately have $\langle ((\text{assign } H \ i, p) \in H \longrightarrow (\text{assign } H \ i, q) \in H) \longleftrightarrow (\text{assign } H \ i, p \longrightarrow q) \in H \rangle$
using *assms(1-2) MCS-derive MCS-derive-fls by (metis insert-subset list.simps(15))*
then show *?thesis*
using *Imp by simp*
next
case (*Dia p*)
have $\langle \exists k \in \text{reach } H \ (\text{assign } H \ i). (k, p) \in H = ((\text{assign } H \ i, \diamond p) \in H) \rangle$
proof
assume $\langle \exists k \in \text{reach } H \ (\text{assign } H \ i). (k, p) \in H \rangle$
then have $\langle \exists k. (\text{assign } H \ i, \diamond (\text{Nom } k)) \in H \wedge (\text{assign } H \ k, p) \in H \rangle$
unfolding *reach-def by fast*
then have $\langle \exists k. (\text{assign } H \ i, \diamond (\text{Nom } k)) \in H \wedge (k, p) \in H \rangle$
by (*metis assms(1-2) hequiv-Nom hequiv-assign hequiv-symp sympD*)
then have $\langle \exists k. \exists A. \text{set } A \subseteq H \wedge A \vdash_{@} (\text{assign } H \ i, \diamond (\text{Nom } k)) \wedge A \vdash_{@} (k, p) \rangle$
by (*metis Assm-head Weak assms(1-2) MCS-derive insert-subset list.simps(15)*)
then have $\langle \exists A. \text{set } A \subseteq H \wedge A \vdash_{@} (\text{assign } H \ i, \diamond p) \rangle$
by *fast*
then show $\langle (\text{assign } H \ i, \diamond p) \in H \rangle$
by (*simp add: assms(1-2) MCS-derive*)
next
assume $\langle (\text{assign } H \ i, \diamond p) \in H \rangle$
then have $\langle \exists k. (\text{assign } H \ i, \diamond (\text{Nom } k)) \in H \wedge (k, p) \in H \rangle$
using *assms(3) saturated by fast*
then have $\langle \exists k. (\text{assign } H \ i, \diamond (\text{Nom } k)) \in H \wedge (\text{assign } H \ k, p) \in H \rangle$

```

    by (meson assms(1-2) hequiv-Nom hequiv-assign)
  then show  $\langle \exists k \in \text{reach } H (\text{assign } H i). (k, p) \in H \rangle$ 
    unfolding reach-def by fast
qed
then show ?thesis
  using Dia by simp
next
case (Sat k p)
have  $\langle (\text{assign } H k, p) \in H \longleftrightarrow (\text{assign } H i, @k p) \in H \rangle$ 
  by (metis SatE SatI assms(1-2) MCS-derive hequiv-Nom hequiv-assign hequiv-symp sympD)
then show ?thesis
  using Sat by simp
qed

```

interpretation *Truth-Saturation*

```

 $\langle \text{consistent} :: ('i, 'p) \text{ lbd set} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ 
nominals-lbd witness interp semantics  $\langle \lambda H. \{ \text{canonical } H i \mid i. \text{True} \} \text{ rel} \rangle$ 
proof unfold-locales
  fix p and M ::  $\langle ('i, 'p, 'w) \text{ ctx} \rangle$ 
  show  $\langle M \models p \rangle = \text{interp } M \text{ semantics } p$ 
    by (cases M, induct p) auto
next
  fix p H and M ::  $\langle ('i, 'p, 'i) \text{ ctx} \rangle$ 
  assume  $\langle \forall M \in \{ \text{canonical } H i \mid i. \text{True} \}. \forall p. \text{interp } M (\text{rel } H) p = \text{rel } H M p \rangle$ 
     $\langle M \in \{ \text{canonical } H i \mid i. \text{True} \} \rangle$ 
  then show  $\langle M \models p \rangle = \text{rel } H M p$ 
    using Hintikka-model' by fast
next
  fix H ::  $\langle ('i, 'p) \text{ lbd set} \rangle$ 
  assume  $\langle \text{consistent } H \rangle \langle \text{maximal } H \rangle \langle \text{saturated } H \rangle$ 
  then show  $\langle \forall M \in \{ \text{canonical } H i \mid i. \text{True} \}. \forall p. \text{interp } M (\text{rel } H) p = \text{rel } H M p \rangle$ 
    using Hintikka-Extend' by fast
qed

```

lemma *Truth-lemma:*

```

  assumes  $\langle \text{consistent } H \rangle \langle \text{maximal } H \rangle \langle \text{saturated } H \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle (\text{canonical } H i \models p) \longleftrightarrow (i, p) \in H \rangle$ 
proof -
  have  $\langle (\text{canonical } H i \models p) \longleftrightarrow (\text{assign } H i, p) \in H \rangle$ 
    using truth-lemma-saturation assms by fastforce
  then show ?thesis
    using assms by (meson MCS-Nom-sym hequiv-Nom hequiv-assign hequiv-def)
qed

```

7.9 Cardinalities

datatype *marker* = FlsM | ImpM | DiaM | SatM

type-synonym $\langle 'i, 'p \rangle \text{ enc} = \langle ('i + 'p) + \text{marker} \times \text{nat} \rangle$

abbreviation $\langle \text{NOM } i \equiv \text{Inl } (\text{Inl } i) \rangle$
abbreviation $\langle \text{PRO } x \equiv \text{Inl } (\text{Inr } x) \rangle$
abbreviation $\langle \text{FLS} \equiv \text{Inr } (\text{FlsM}, 0) \rangle$
abbreviation $\langle \text{IMP } n \equiv \text{Inr } (\text{FlsM}, n) \rangle$
abbreviation $\langle \text{DIA} \equiv \text{Inr } (\text{DiaM}, 0) \rangle$
abbreviation $\langle \text{SAT} \equiv \text{Inr } (\text{SatM}, 0) \rangle$

primrec $\text{encode} :: \langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm} \Rightarrow ('i, 'p) \text{ enc list} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{encode } \perp = [\text{FLS}] \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{encode } (\text{Pro } x) = [\text{PRO } x] \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{encode } (\text{Nom } i) = [\text{NOM } i] \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{encode } (p \longrightarrow q) = \text{IMP } (\text{length } (\text{encode } p)) \# \text{encode } p @ \text{encode } q \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{encode } (\diamond p) = \text{DIA} \# \text{encode } p \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{encode } (@ i p) = \text{SAT} \# \text{NOM } i \# \text{encode } p \rangle$

lemma $\text{encode-ne } [\text{simp}]$: $\langle \text{encode } p \neq [] \rangle$
by $(\text{induct } p) \text{ auto}$

lemma $\text{inj-encode}'$: $\langle \text{encode } p = \text{encode } q \Longrightarrow p = q \rangle$

proof $(\text{induct } p \text{ arbitrary: } q)$

case Fls
then show $?case$
by $(\text{cases } q) \text{ auto}$
next
case $(\text{Pro } x)$
then show $?case$
by $(\text{cases } q) \text{ auto}$
next
case $(\text{Nom } x)$
then show $?case$
by $(\text{cases } q) \text{ auto}$
next
case $(\text{Imp } p1 p2)$
then show $?case$
by $(\text{cases } q) \text{ auto}$
next
case $(\text{Dia } p)$
then show $?case$
by $(\text{cases } q) \text{ auto}$
next
case $(\text{Sat } x1a p)$
then show $?case$
by $(\text{cases } q) \text{ auto}$
qed

lemma inj-encode : $\langle \text{inj encode} \rangle$

unfolding inj-def **using** $\text{inj-encode}'$ **by** blast

primrec *encode-lbd* :: $\langle ('i, 'p) \text{ lbd} \Rightarrow ('i, 'p) \text{ enc list} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{encode-lbd } (i, p) = \text{NOM } i \# \text{ encode } p \rangle$

lemma *inj-encode-lbd'*: $\langle \text{encode-lbd } (i, p) = \text{encode-lbd } (k, q) \Longrightarrow i = k \wedge p = q \rangle$
using *inj-encode'* **by** *auto*

lemma *inj-encode-lbd*: $\langle \text{inj encode-lbd} \rangle$
unfolding *inj-def* **using** *inj-encode-lbd'* **by** *auto*

lemma *finite-marker*: $\langle \text{finite } (UNIV :: \text{marker set}) \rangle$

proof –

have $\langle p \in \{FlsM, ImpM, DiaM, SatM\} \rangle$ **for** *p*

by (*cases p*) *auto*

then show *?thesis*

by (*meson ex-new-if-finite finite.emptyI finite.insert*)

qed

lemma *card-of-lbd*:

assumes $\langle \text{infinite } (UNIV :: 'i \text{ set}) \rangle$

shows $\langle |UNIV :: ('i, 'p) \text{ lbd set}| \leq_o |UNIV :: 'i \text{ set}| + c |UNIV :: 'p \text{ set}| \rangle$

proof –

have $\langle |UNIV :: \text{marker set}| \leq_o |UNIV :: \text{nat set}| \rangle$

using *finite-marker* **by** (*simp add: ordLess-imp-ordLeq*)

moreover have $\langle \text{infinite } (UNIV :: ('i + 'p) \text{ set}) \rangle$

using *assms* **by** *simp*

ultimately have $\langle |UNIV :: ('i, 'p) \text{ enc list set}| \leq_o |UNIV :: ('i + 'p) \text{ set}| \rangle$

using *card-of-info-marker-lists* **by** *blast*

moreover have $\langle |UNIV :: ('i, 'p) \text{ lbd set}| \leq_o |UNIV :: ('i, 'p) \text{ enc list set}| \rangle$

using *card-of-ordLeq inj-encode-lbd* **by** *blast*

ultimately have $\langle |UNIV :: ('i, 'p) \text{ lbd set}| \leq_o |UNIV :: ('i + 'p) \text{ set}| \rangle$

using *ordLeq-transitive* **by** *blast*

then show *?thesis*

unfolding *csum-def* **by** *simp*

qed

7.10 Completeness

theorem *strong-completeness*:

fixes *p* :: $\langle ('i, 'p) \text{ fm} \rangle$

assumes $\langle \forall M :: ('i, 'p) \text{ model. } \forall g. (\forall (k, q) \in X. (M, g, g k) \models q) \longrightarrow (M, g, g i) \models p \rangle$

$\langle \text{infinite } (UNIV :: 'i \text{ set}) \rangle$

$\langle |UNIV :: 'i \text{ set}| + c |UNIV :: 'p \text{ set}| \leq_o |UNIV - \text{nominals } X| \rangle$

shows $\langle \exists A. \text{set } A \subseteq X \wedge A \vdash_{\text{@}} (i, p) \rangle$

proof (*rule ccontr*)

assume $\langle \nexists A. \text{set } A \subseteq X \wedge A \vdash_{\text{@}} (i, p) \rangle$

then have *: $\langle \nexists A. \exists a. \text{set } A \subseteq X \wedge ((i, \neg p) \# A \vdash_{\text{@}} (a, \perp)) \rangle$

using *Boole FlsE* **by** *metis*

let *?S* = $\langle \{(i, \neg p)\} \cup X \rangle$

```

let ?H = ⟨Extend ?S⟩

have ⟨consistent ?S⟩
  unfolding consistent-def using * derive-split1 by metis
moreover have ⟨infinite (UNIV - nominals X)⟩
  using assms(2-3)
  by (metis Cinfiniteness-csum Cnotzero-UNIV Field-card-of cinfiniteness-def cinfiniteness-mono)
then have ⟨|UNIV :: 'i set| + c |UNIV :: 'p set| ≤ o |UNIV - nominals X - nominals-lbd (i, ¬ p)|⟩
  using assms(3) finite-nominals-lbd card-of-infinite-diff-finite
  by (metis ordIso-iff-ordLeq ordLeq-transitive)
then have ⟨|UNIV :: 'i set| + c |UNIV :: 'p set| ≤ o |UNIV - (nominals X ∪ nominals-lbd (i, ¬ p))|⟩
  by (metis Set-Diff-Un)
then have ⟨|UNIV :: 'i set| + c |UNIV :: 'p set| ≤ o |UNIV - nominals ?S|⟩
  by (metis UN-insert insert-is-Un sup-commute)
then have ⟨|UNIV :: ('i, 'p) lbd set| ≤ o |UNIV - nominals ?S|⟩
  using assms card-of-lbd ordLeq-transitive by blast
ultimately have ⟨consistent ?H⟩ ⟨maximal ?H⟩ ⟨saturated ?H⟩
  using MCS-Extend by fast+
then have ⟨canonical ?H i ⊨ p ⟷ (i, p) ∈ ?H⟩ for i p
  using Truth-lemma by fast
then have ⟨(i, p) ∈ ?S ⟹ canonical ?H i ⊨ p⟩ for i p
  using Extend-subset by blast
then have ⟨canonical ?H i ⊨ ¬ p ⟷ ∀ (k, q) ∈ X. canonical ?H k ⊨ q⟩
  by blast+
moreover from this have ⟨canonical ?H i ⊨ p⟩
  using assms(1) by blast
ultimately show False
  by simp
qed

```

abbreviation *valid* :: ⟨('i, 'p) fm ⇒ bool⟩ **where**
 ⟨*valid* p ≡ ∀ (M :: ('i, 'p) model) g i. (M, g, g i) ⊨ p⟩

theorem *completeness*:

```

fixes p :: ⟨('i, 'p) fm⟩
assumes ⟨valid p⟩ ⟨infinite (UNIV :: 'i set)⟩ ⟨|UNIV :: 'p set| ≤ o |UNIV :: 'i set|⟩
shows ⟨[] ⊢@ (i, p)⟩

```

proof –

```

have ⟨|UNIV :: 'i set| + c |UNIV :: 'p set| ≤ o |UNIV :: 'i set|⟩
  using assms(2-3) by (simp add: cinfiniteness-def csum-absorb1 ordIso-imp-ordLeq)
then show ?thesis
  using assms strong-completeness[where X={}] and p=p] infinite-UNIV-listI by auto
qed

```

corollary *completeness'*:

```

fixes p :: ⟨('i, 'i) fm⟩
assumes ⟨valid p⟩ ⟨infinite (UNIV :: 'i set)⟩
shows ⟨[] ⊢@ (i, p)⟩
using assms completeness[of p] by simp

```

theorem *main*:

fixes $p :: \langle 'i, 'p \rangle \text{ fm} \rangle$

assumes $\langle i \notin \text{nominals-fm } p \rangle \langle \text{infinite } (UNIV :: 'i \text{ set}) \rangle \langle |UNIV :: 'p \text{ set}| \leq o \ |UNIV :: 'i \text{ set}| \rangle$

shows $\langle \text{valid } p \longleftrightarrow \Box \vdash_{@} (i, p) \rangle$

using *assms completeness soundness'* **by** *metis*

corollary *main'*:

fixes $p :: \langle 'i, 'i \rangle \text{ fm} \rangle$

assumes $\langle i \notin \text{nominals-fm } p \rangle \langle \text{infinite } (UNIV :: 'i \text{ set}) \rangle$

shows $\langle \text{valid } p \longleftrightarrow \Box \vdash_{@} (i, p) \rangle$

using *assms completeness' soundness'* **by** *metis*

end

Chapter 8

Example: First-Order Logic

`theory Example-First-Order-Logic imports Derivations begin`

8.1 Syntax

`datatype (params-tm: 'f) tm
= Var nat (<#>)
| Fun 'f <'f tm list> (<†>)`

`abbreviation Const (<★>) where <★a ≡ †a []>`

`datatype (params-fm: 'f, 'p) fm
= Fls (<⊥>)
| Pre 'p <'f tm list> (<‡>)
| Imp <('f, 'p) fm> <'f, 'p> fm> (infixr <⟶> 55)
| Uni <('f, 'p) fm> (<∀>)`

`abbreviation Neg (<¬ -> [70] 70) where <¬ p ≡ p ⟶ ⊥>`

8.2 Semantics

`type-synonym ('a, 'f, 'p) model = <(nat ⇒ 'a) × ('f ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'a) × ('p ⇒ 'a list ⇒ bool)>`

`fun semantics-tm :: <(nat ⇒ 'a) × ('f ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'a) ⇒ 'f tm ⇒ 'a> (<[-]>) where
⟨[(E, -)] (#n) = E n⟩
| ⟨[(E, F)] (†f ts) = F f (map [(E, F)] ts)⟩`

`primrec add-env :: <'a ⇒ (nat ⇒ 'a) ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a> (infixr <§> 0) where
⟨(t § s) 0 = t⟩
| ⟨(t § s) (Suc n) = s n⟩`

`fun semantics-fm :: <('a, 'f, 'p) model ⇒ ('f, 'p) fm ⇒ bool> (<[-]>) where
⟨[-] ⊥ = False⟩
| ⟨[[E, F, G]] (‡P ts) = G P (map [(E, F)] ts)⟩`

| $\langle \llbracket (E, F, G) \rrbracket (p \longrightarrow q) = (\llbracket (E, F, G) \rrbracket p \longrightarrow \llbracket (E, F, G) \rrbracket q) \rangle$
 | $\langle \llbracket (E, F, G) \rrbracket (\forall p) = (\forall x. \llbracket (x \circ E, F, G) \rrbracket p) \rangle$

8.3 Operations

primrec *lift-tm* :: $\langle 'f \text{ tm} \Rightarrow 'f \text{ tm} \rangle$ **where**

$\langle \text{lift-tm } (\#n) = \#(n+1) \rangle$
 | $\langle \text{lift-tm } (\dagger f \text{ ts}) = \dagger f (\text{map lift-tm ts}) \rangle$

primrec *sub-tm* :: $\langle \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'f \text{ tm} \Rightarrow 'f \text{ tm} \Rightarrow 'f \text{ tm} \rangle$ **where**

$\langle \text{sub-tm } s (\#n) = s \ n \rangle$
 | $\langle \text{sub-tm } s (\dagger f \text{ ts}) = \dagger f (\text{map (sub-tm } s) \text{ ts}) \rangle$

primrec *sub-fm* :: $\langle \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'f \text{ tm} \Rightarrow ('f, 'p) \text{ fm} \Rightarrow ('f, 'p) \text{ fm} \rangle$ **where**

$\langle \text{sub-fm } - \ \perp = \perp \rangle$
 | $\langle \text{sub-fm } s (\ddagger P \text{ ts}) = \ddagger P (\text{map (sub-tm } s) \text{ ts}) \rangle$
 | $\langle \text{sub-fm } s (p \longrightarrow q) = \text{sub-fm } s \ p \longrightarrow \text{sub-fm } s \ q \rangle$
 | $\langle \text{sub-fm } s (\forall p) = \forall (\text{sub-fm } (\#0 \circ \lambda n. \text{lift-tm } (s \ n)) \ p) \rangle$

abbreviation *inst-single* :: $\langle 'f \text{ tm} \Rightarrow ('f, 'p) \text{ fm} \Rightarrow ('f, 'p) \text{ fm} \rangle$ ($\langle \langle - \rangle \rangle$) **where**

$\langle \langle t \rangle \equiv \text{sub-fm } (t \circ \#) \rangle$

abbreviation $\langle \text{params}' S \equiv \bigcup p \in S. \text{params-fm } p \rangle$

abbreviation $\langle \text{params } l \equiv \text{params}' (\text{set } l) \rangle$

lemma *upd-params-tm* [*simp*]: $\langle f \notin \text{params-tm } t \Longrightarrow \llbracket (E, F(f := x)) \rrbracket t = \llbracket (E, F) \rrbracket t \rangle$
by (*induct t*) (*auto cong: map-cong*)

lemma *upd-params-fm* [*simp*]: $\langle f \notin \text{params-fm } p \Longrightarrow \llbracket (E, F(f := x), G) \rrbracket p = \llbracket (E, F, G) \rrbracket p \rangle$
by (*induct p arbitrary: E*) (*auto cong: map-cong*)

lemma *finite-params-tm* [*simp*]: $\langle \text{finite } (\text{params-tm } t) \rangle$
by (*induct t*) *simp-all*

lemma *finite-params-fm* [*simp*]: $\langle \text{finite } (\text{params-fm } p) \rangle$
by (*induct p*) *simp-all*

lemma *env* [*simp*]: $\langle P ((x \circ E) \ n) = (P \ x \circ \lambda n. P (E \ n)) \ n \rangle$
by (*induct n*) *simp-all*

lemma *lift-lemma*: $\langle \llbracket (x \circ E, F) \rrbracket (\text{lift-tm } t) = \llbracket (E, F) \rrbracket t \rangle$
by (*induct t*) (*auto cong: map-cong*)

lemma *sub-tm-semantics*: $\langle \llbracket (E, F) \rrbracket (\text{sub-tm } s \ t) = \llbracket (\lambda n. \llbracket (E, F) \rrbracket (s \ n), F) \rrbracket t \rangle$
by (*induct t*) (*auto cong: map-cong*)

lemma *sub-fm-semantics* [*simp*]: $\langle \llbracket (E, F, G) \rrbracket (\text{sub-fm } s \ p) = \llbracket (\lambda n. \llbracket (E, F) \rrbracket (s \ n), F, G) \rrbracket p \rangle$
by (*induct p arbitrary: E s*) (*auto cong: map-cong simp: sub-tm-semantics lift-lemma*)

lemma *sub-tm-Var*: $\langle \text{sub-tm } \# t = t \rangle$
by (*induct t*) (*auto cong: map-cong*)

lemma *reduce-Var* [*simp*]: $\langle (\# 0 \text{ } \S \lambda n. \# (\text{Suc } n)) = \# \rangle$
proof (*rule ext*)
fix *n*
show $\langle (\# 0 \text{ } \S \lambda n. \# (\text{Suc } n)) n = \# n \rangle$
by (*induct n*) *simp-all*
qed

lemma *sub-fm-Var* [*simp*]:
fixes *p* :: $\langle ('f, 'p) \text{ fm} \rangle$
shows $\langle \text{sub-fm } \# p = p \rangle$
proof (*induct p*)
case (*Pre P ts*)
then show *?case*
by (*auto cong: map-cong simp: sub-tm-Var*)
qed *simp-all*

lemma *semantics-tm-id* [*simp*]: $\langle \llbracket (\#, \dagger) \rrbracket t = t \rangle$
by (*induct t*) (*auto cong: map-cong*)

lemma *semantics-tm-id-map* [*simp*]: $\langle \text{map } \llbracket (\#, \dagger) \rrbracket ts = ts \rangle$
by (*auto cong: map-cong*)

The built-in *size* is not invariant under substitution.

primrec *size-fm* :: $\langle ('f, 'p) \text{ fm} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{size-fm } \perp = 1 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{size-fm } (\dagger -) = 1 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{size-fm } (p \longrightarrow q) = 1 + \text{size-fm } p + \text{size-fm } q \rangle$
 $\langle \text{size-fm } (\forall p) = 1 + \text{size-fm } p \rangle$

lemma *size-sub-fm* [*simp*]: $\langle \text{size-fm } (\text{sub-fm } s p) = \text{size-fm } p \rangle$
by (*induct p arbitrary: s*) *simp-all*

8.4 Calculus

inductive *Calculus* :: $\langle ('f, 'p) \text{ fm list} \Rightarrow ('f, 'p) \text{ fm} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ ($\langle \vdash_{\forall} \rightarrow [50, 50] 50 \rangle$) **where**
 $\text{Assm } [\text{intro}]: \langle p \in \text{set } A \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{\forall} p \rangle$
 $\text{FlsE } [\text{elim}]: \langle A \vdash_{\forall} \perp \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{\forall} p \rangle$
 $\text{ImpI } [\text{intro}]: \langle p \# A \vdash_{\forall} q \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{\forall} p \longrightarrow q \rangle$
 $\text{ImpE } [\text{elim}]: \langle A \vdash_{\forall} p \longrightarrow q \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{\forall} p \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{\forall} q \rangle$
 $\text{UniI } [\text{intro}]: \langle A \vdash_{\forall} (\star a)p \Longrightarrow a \notin \text{params } (p \# A) \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{\forall} \forall p \rangle$
 $\text{UniE } [\text{elim}]: \langle A \vdash_{\forall} \forall p \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{\forall} \langle t \rangle p \rangle$
 $\text{Clas}: \langle (p \longrightarrow q) \# A \vdash_{\forall} p \Longrightarrow A \vdash_{\forall} p \rangle$
 $\text{Weak}: \langle A \vdash_{\forall} p \Longrightarrow q \# A \vdash_{\forall} p \rangle$

8.5 Soundness

theorem *soundness*: $\langle A \vdash_{\forall} p \implies \text{list-all } \llbracket (E, F, G) \rrbracket A \implies \llbracket (E, F, G) \rrbracket p \rangle$

proof (*induct p arbitrary: F rule: Calculus.induct*)

case (*UniI A a p*)

moreover have $\langle \text{list-all } \llbracket (E, F(a := x), G) \rrbracket A \rangle$ **for** x

using *UniI(3-4)* **by** (*simp add: list.pred-mono-strong*)

then have $\langle \llbracket (E, F(a := x), G) \rrbracket (\star a)p \rangle$ **for** x

using *UniI* **by** *blast*

ultimately show *?case*

by *fastforce*

qed (*auto simp: list-all-iff*)

corollary *soundness'*: $\langle \llbracket \vdash_{\forall} p \implies \llbracket M \rrbracket p \rangle$

using *soundness* **by** (*cases M*) *fastforce*

corollary $\langle \neg (\llbracket \vdash_{\forall} \perp \rrbracket) \rangle$

using *soundness'* **by** *fastforce*

8.6 Derived Rules

lemma *Assm-head*: $\langle p \# A \vdash_{\forall} p \rangle$

by *auto*

lemma *deduct1*: $\langle A \vdash_{\forall} p \longrightarrow q \implies p \# A \vdash_{\forall} q \rangle$

by (*meson ImpE Weak Assm-head*)

lemma *Boole*: $\langle (\neg p) \# A \vdash_{\forall} \perp \implies A \vdash_{\forall} p \rangle$

using *Clas FlsE* **by** *blast*

lemma *Weak'*: $\langle A \vdash_{\forall} p \implies B @ A \vdash_{\forall} p \rangle$

by (*induct B*) (*simp, metis Weak append-Cons*)

lemma *Weaken*: $\langle A \vdash_{\forall} p \implies \text{set } A \subseteq \text{set } B \implies B \vdash_{\forall} p \rangle$

proof (*induct A arbitrary: p*)

case *Nil*

then show *?case*

using *Weak'* **by** *fastforce*

next

case (*Cons q A*)

then show *?case*

by (*metis Assm ImpE ImpI list.set-intros(1-2) subset-code(1)*)

qed

interpretation *Derivations Calculus*

proof

fix $A B$ **and** $p :: \langle 'f, 'p \rangle \text{ fm}$

assume $\langle A \vdash_{\forall} p \rangle$ $\langle \text{set } A \subseteq \text{set } B \rangle$

then show $\langle B \vdash_{\forall} p \rangle$

using *Weaken* by *blast*
qed

8.7 Maximal Consistent Sets

definition *consistent* :: $\langle (f, 'p) \text{ fm set} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{consistent } S \equiv \nexists S'. \text{ set } S' \subseteq S \wedge S' \vdash_{\forall} \perp \rangle$

fun *witness* :: $\langle (f, 'p) \text{ fm} \Rightarrow (f, 'p) \text{ fm set} \Rightarrow (f, 'p) \text{ fm set} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{witness } (\neg (\forall p)) S = \{ \neg \langle \star(\text{SOME } a. a \notin \text{params}' (\{p\} \cup S)) \rangle p \} \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{witness } - - = \{ \} \rangle$

lemma *consistent-add-instance*:

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } S \rangle \langle \forall p \in S \rangle$
shows $\langle \text{consistent } (\{ \langle t \rangle p \} \cup S) \rangle$
unfolding *consistent-def*

proof

assume $\langle \exists S'. \text{ set } S' \subseteq \{ \langle t \rangle p \} \cup S \wedge S' \vdash_{\forall} \perp \rangle$
then obtain S' **where** $\langle \text{set } S' \subseteq S \rangle \langle \langle t \rangle p \notin S' \vdash_{\forall} \perp \rangle$
using *assms derive-split1* by *metis*
then have $\langle \forall p \notin S' \vdash_{\forall} \neg \langle t \rangle p \rangle$
using *Weak* by *blast*
moreover have $\langle \forall p \notin S' \vdash_{\forall} \langle t \rangle p \rangle$
using *Assm-head* by *fast*
ultimately have $\langle \forall p \notin S' \vdash_{\forall} \perp \rangle$
by *fast*
moreover have $\langle \text{set } ((\forall p) \# S') \subseteq S \rangle$
using $\langle \text{set } S' \subseteq S \rangle$ *assms(2)* by *simp*
ultimately show *False*
using *assms(1)* **unfolding** *consistent-def* by *blast*

qed

lemma *consistent-add-witness*:

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } S \rangle \langle \neg (\forall p) \in S \rangle \langle a \notin \text{params}' S \rangle$
shows $\langle \text{consistent } (\{ \neg \langle \star a \rangle p \} \cup S) \rangle$
unfolding *consistent-def*

proof

assume $\langle \exists S'. \text{ set } S' \subseteq \{ \neg \langle \star a \rangle p \} \cup S \wedge S' \vdash_{\forall} \perp \rangle$
then obtain S' **where** $\langle \text{set } S' \subseteq S \rangle \langle \neg \langle \star a \rangle p \notin S' \vdash_{\forall} \perp \rangle$
using *assms derive-split1* by *metis*
then have $\langle S' \vdash_{\forall} \langle \star a \rangle p \rangle$
using *Boole* by *blast*
moreover have $\langle a \notin \text{params-fm } p \rangle \langle \forall p \in \text{set } S'. a \notin \text{params-fm } p \rangle$
using $\langle \text{set } S' \subseteq S \rangle$ *assms(2-3)* by *auto*
then have $\langle a \notin \text{params}' (\{p\} \cup \text{set } S') \rangle$
using *calculation* by *fast*
ultimately have $\langle S' \vdash_{\forall} \forall p \rangle$
by *fastforce*
then have $\langle \neg (\forall p) \notin S' \vdash_{\forall} \perp \rangle$

```

  using Weak Assm-head by fast
  moreover have ‹set  $(\neg (\forall p)) \# S' \subseteq S$ ›
  using ‹set  $S' \subseteq S$ › assms(2) by simp
  ultimately show False
  using assms(1) unfolding consistent-def by blast
qed

```

lemma *consistent-witness'*:

```

  assumes ‹consistent  $(\{p\} \cup S)$ › ‹infinite  $(UNIV - \text{params}' S)$ ›
  shows ‹consistent  $(\text{witness } p S \cup \{p\} \cup S)$ ›
  using assms
proof (induct p S rule: witness.induct)
  case (1 p S)
  have ‹infinite  $(UNIV - \text{params}' (\{p\} \cup S))$ ›
  using 1(2) finite-params-fm by (simp add: infinite-Diff-fin-Un)
  then have ‹ $\exists a. a \notin \text{params}' (\{p\} \cup S)$ ›
  by (simp add: not-finite-existsD set-diff-eq)
  then have ‹ $(\text{SOME } a. a \notin \text{params}' (\{p\} \cup S)) \notin \text{params}' (\{p\} \cup S)$ ›
  by (rule someI-ex)
  then obtain a where a: ‹witness  $(\neg (\forall p)) S = \{\neg (\star a)p\}$ › ‹ $a \notin \text{params}' (\{\neg \forall p\} \cup S)$ ›
  by simp
  then show ?case
  using 1(1-2) a(1) consistent-add-witness[where  $S = \{\neg \forall p\} \cup S$ ] by fastforce
qed (auto simp: assms)

```

interpretation *MCS-Saturation consistent params-fm witness*

proof

```

  fix S S' :: ‹('f, 'p) fm set›
  assume ‹consistent S› ‹ $S' \subseteq S$ ›
  then show ‹consistent S'›
  unfolding consistent-def by fast
next
  fix S :: ‹('f, 'p) fm set›
  assume ‹ $\neg$  consistent S›
  then show ‹ $\exists S' \subseteq S. \text{finite } S' \wedge \neg$  consistent S'›
  unfolding consistent-def by blast
next
  fix p :: ‹('f, 'p) fm›
  show ‹finite  $(\text{params-fm } p)$ ›
  by simp
next
  fix p and S :: ‹('f, 'p) fm set›
  show ‹finite  $(\text{params}' (\text{witness } p S))$ ›
  by (induct p S rule: witness.induct) simp-all
next
  fix p and S :: ‹('f, 'p) fm set›
  assume ‹consistent  $(\{p\} \cup S)$ › ‹infinite  $(UNIV - \text{params}' S)$ ›
  then show ‹consistent  $(\text{witness } p S \cup \{p\} \cup S)$ ›
  using consistent-witness' by fast

```

```

next
  show <infinite (UNIV :: ('f, 'p) fm set)>
  using infinite-UNIV-size[of <λp. p → p>] by simp
qed

interpretation Derivations-MCS-Cut Calculus consistent <⊥>
proof
  fix S :: <('f, 'p) fm set>
  show <consistent S = (∃ S'. set S' ⊆ S ∧ S' ⊢∇ ⊥)>
  unfolding consistent-def ..
next
  fix A and p :: <('f, 'p) fm>
  assume <p ∈ set A>
  then show <A ⊢∇ p>
  by blast
next
  fix A B and p q :: <('f, 'p) fm>
  assume <A ⊢∇ p> <p ≠ B ⊢∇ q>
  then show <A @ B ⊢∇ q>
  using Weaken ImpI ImpE by (metis Un-upper2 inf-sup-ord(3) set-append)
qed

```

8.8 Truth Lemma

abbreviation $hmodel :: \langle ('f, 'p) fm set \Rightarrow ('f tm, 'f, 'p) model \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle hmodel H \equiv (\#, \dagger, \lambda P ts. \ddagger P ts \in H) \rangle$

```

fun interp ::
  <('a, 'f, 'p) model ⇒ (('a, 'f, 'p) model ⇒ ('f, 'p) fm ⇒ bool) ⇒ ('f, 'p) fm ⇒ bool> where
  <interp - - ⊥ = False>
| <interp (E, F, G) X (∓ P ts) = G P (map [(E, F)] ts)>
| <interp (E, F, G) X (p → q) = (X (E, F, G) p → X (E, F, G) q)>
| <interp (E, F, G) X (∀ p) = (∀ x. X (x ∘ E, F, G) p)>

```

fun $rel :: \langle ('f, 'p) fm set \Rightarrow ('f tm, 'f, 'p) model \Rightarrow ('f, 'p) fm \Rightarrow bool \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle rel H (E, -, -) p = (sub-fm E p \in H) \rangle$

theorem *Hintikka-model'*:

```

  assumes <∧ p. interp (hmodel H) (rel H) p ↔ p ∈ H>
  shows <p ∈ H ↔ [[hmodel H] p]>
proof (induct p rule: wf-induct[where r=measure size-fm])
  case 1
  then show ?case ..
next
  case (2 x)
  then show ?case
  using assms[of x] by (cases x) simp-all
qed

```

```

lemma Hintikka-Extend:
  assumes ‹consistent H› ‹maximal H› ‹saturated H›
  shows ‹interp (hmodel H) (rel H) p ‹longleftrightarrow› p ∈ H›
proof (cases p)
  case Fls
  have ‹⊥ ∉ H›
    using assms MCS-derive unfolding consistent-def by blast
  then show ?thesis
    using Fls by simp
next
  case (Imp p q)
  have ‹p # A ⊢∀ ⊥ ‹implies› A ⊢∀ p ‹longrightarrow› q› ‹A ⊢∀ q ‹implies› A ⊢∀ p ‹longrightarrow› q› for A
    by (auto simp: Weak)
  moreover have ‹A ⊢∀ p ‹longrightarrow› q ‹implies› p # A ⊢∀ q› for A
    using deduct1 .
  ultimately have ‹(p ∈ H ‹longrightarrow› q ∈ H) ‹longleftrightarrow› p ‹longrightarrow› q ∈ H›
    using assms(1-2) MCS-derive MCS-derive-fls by (metis insert-subset list.simps(15))
  then show ?thesis
    using Imp by simp
next
  case (Uni p)
  have ‹(∀ x. ‹x›p ∈ H) ‹longleftrightarrow› (∀ p ∈ H)›
  proof
    assume ‹∀ x. ‹x›p ∈ H›
    show ‹∀ p ∈ H›
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume ‹∀ p ∉ H›
      then have ‹consistent ({¬ ∀ p} ∪ H)›
        using Boole assms(1-2) MCS-derive derive-split1 by (metis consistent-derive-fls)
      then have ‹¬ ∀ p ∈ H›
        using assms(2) unfolding maximal-def by blast
      then obtain a where ‹¬ ‹★a›p ∈ H›
        using assms(3) unfolding saturated-def by fastforce
      moreover have ‹‹★a›p ∈ H›
        using ‹∀ x. ‹x›p ∈ H› by blast
      ultimately show False
        using assms(1-2) MCS-derive by (metis consistent-def deduct1 insert-subset list.simps(15))
    qed
  next
    assume ‹∀ p ∈ H›
    then show ‹∀ x. ‹x›p ∈ H›
      using assms(1-2) consistent-add-instance maximal-def by blast
  qed
  then show ?thesis
    using Uni by simp
qed simp

```

interpretation *Truth-Saturation*

consistent params-fm witness interp semantics-fm ‹λH. {hmodel H}› rel

```

proof unfold-locales
  fix p and M :: ⟨('a tm, 'f, 'p) model⟩
  show ⟨[[M]] p ⟷ interp M semantics-fm p⟩
    by (cases M, induct p) auto
next
  fix p and H :: ⟨('f, 'p) fm set⟩ and M :: ⟨('f tm, 'f, 'p) model⟩
  assume ⟨∀ M ∈ {hmodel H}. ∀ p. interp M (rel H) p ⟷ rel H M p⟩ ⟨M ∈ {hmodel H}⟩
  then show ⟨[[M]] p ⟷ rel H M p⟩
    using Hintikka-model' by auto
next
  fix H :: ⟨('f, 'p) fm set⟩
  assume ⟨consistent H⟩ ⟨maximal H⟩ ⟨saturated H⟩
  then show ⟨∀ M ∈ {hmodel H}. ∀ p. interp M (rel H) p ⟷ rel H M p⟩
    using Hintikka-Extend by auto
qed

```

8.9 Cardinalities

datatype *marker* = *VarM* | *FunM* | *TmM* | *FlsM* | *PreM* | *ImpM* | *UniM*

type-synonym ⟨('f, 'p) *enc* = ⟨('f + 'p) + *marker* × *nat*⟩

abbreviation ⟨*FUNS f* ≡ *Inl (Inl f)*⟩

abbreviation ⟨*PRES p* ≡ *Inl (Inr p)*⟩

abbreviation ⟨*VAR n* ≡ *Inr (VarM, n)*⟩

abbreviation ⟨*FUN n* ≡ *Inr (FunM, n)*⟩

abbreviation ⟨*TM n* ≡ *Inr (TmM, n)*⟩

abbreviation ⟨*PRE n* ≡ *Inr (PreM, n)*⟩

abbreviation ⟨*FLS* ≡ *Inr (FlsM, 0)*⟩

abbreviation ⟨*IMP n* ≡ *Inr (FlsM, n)*⟩

abbreviation ⟨*UNI* ≡ *Inr (UniM, 0)*⟩

primrec

encode-tm :: ⟨'f tm ⇒ ('f, 'p) *enc list*⟩ **and**

encode-tms :: ⟨'f tm list ⇒ ('f, 'p) *enc list*⟩ **where**

⟨*encode-tm* (#*n*) = [VAR *n*]⟩

| ⟨*encode-tm* (†*f ts*) = FUN (length *ts*) # FUNS *f* # *encode-tms ts*⟩

| ⟨*encode-tms* [] = []⟩

| ⟨*encode-tms* (*t* # *ts*) = TM (length (*encode-tm t*)) # *encode-tm t* @ *encode-tms ts*⟩

lemma *encode-tm-ne* [*simp*]: ⟨*encode-tm t* ≠ []⟩

by (*induct t*) *auto*

lemma *inj-encode-tm'*:

⟨(*encode-tm t* :: ('f, 'p) *enc list*) = *encode-tm s* ⇒ *t* = *s*⟩

⟨(*encode-tms ts* :: ('f, 'p) *enc list*) = *encode-tms ss* ⇒ *ts* = *ss*⟩

proof (*induct t* **and** *ts* arbitrary: *s* **and** *ss* rule: *encode-tm.induct encode-tms.induct*)

```

  case (Var n)
  then show ?case
  by (cases s) auto
next
  case (Fun f fts)
  then show ?case
  by (cases s) auto
next
  case Nil-tm
  then show ?case
  by (cases ss) auto
next
  case (Cons-tm t ts)
  then show ?case
  by (cases ss) auto
qed

```

```

lemma inj-encode-tm: ⟨inj encode-tm⟩
  unfolding inj-def using inj-encode-tm' by blast

```

```

primrec encode-fm :: ⟨('f, 'p) fm ⇒ ('f, 'p) enc list⟩ where
  ⟨encode-fm ⊥ = [FLS]⟩
| ⟨encode-fm (⊥ P ts) = PRE (length ts) # PRES P # encode-tms ts⟩
| ⟨encode-fm (p ⟶ q) = IMP (length (encode-fm p)) # encode-fm p @ encode-fm q⟩
| ⟨encode-fm (∀ p) = UNI # encode-fm p⟩

```

```

lemma encode-fm-ne [simp]: ⟨encode-fm p ≠ []⟩
  by (induct p) auto

```

```

lemma inj-encode-fm': ⟨encode-fm p = encode-fm q ⟹ p = q⟩

```

```

proof (induct p arbitrary: q)
  case Fls
  then show ?case
  by (cases q) auto
next
  case (Pre P ts)
  then show ?case
  by (cases q) (auto simp: inj-encode-tm')
next
  case (Imp p1 p2)
  then show ?case
  by (cases q) auto
next
  case (Uni p)
  then show ?case
  by (cases q) auto
qed

```

```

lemma inj-encode-fm: ⟨inj encode-fm⟩

```


unfolding *inj-def* **using** *inj-encode-fm'* **by** *blast*

lemma *finite-marker*: $\langle \text{finite } (UNIV :: \text{marker set}) \rangle$

proof –

have $\langle p \in \{ \text{VarM}, \text{FunM}, \text{TmM}, \text{FlsM}, \text{PreM}, \text{ImpM}, \text{UniM} \} \rangle$ **for** *p*

by *(cases p) auto*

then show *?thesis*

by *(meson ex-new-if-finite finite.emptyI finite.insert)*

qed

lemma *card-of-fm*:

assumes $\langle \text{infinite } (UNIV :: 'f \text{ set}) \rangle$

shows $\langle |UNIV :: ('f, 'p) \text{ fm set}| \leq_o |UNIV :: 'f \text{ set}| + c |UNIV :: 'p \text{ set}| \rangle$

proof –

have $\langle |UNIV :: \text{marker set}| \leq_o |UNIV :: \text{nat set}| \rangle$

using *finite-marker* **by** *(simp add: ordLess-imp-ordLeq)*

moreover have $\langle \text{infinite } (UNIV :: ('f + 'p) \text{ set}) \rangle$

using *assms* **by** *simp*

ultimately have $\langle |UNIV :: ('f, 'p) \text{ enc list set}| \leq_o |UNIV :: ('f + 'p) \text{ set}| \rangle$

using *card-of-info-marker-lists* **by** *blast*

moreover have $\langle |UNIV :: ('f, 'p) \text{ fm set}| \leq_o |UNIV :: ('f, 'p) \text{ enc list set}| \rangle$

using *card-of-ordLeq inj-encode-fm* **by** *blast*

ultimately have $\langle |UNIV :: ('f, 'p) \text{ fm set}| \leq_o |UNIV :: ('f + 'p) \text{ set}| \rangle$

using *ordLeq-transitive* **by** *blast*

then show *?thesis*

unfolding *csum-def* **by** *simp*

qed

8.10 Completeness

theorem *strong-completeness*:

assumes $\langle \forall M :: ('f \text{ tm}, 'f, 'p) \text{ model}. (\forall q \in X. \llbracket M \rrbracket q \longrightarrow \llbracket M \rrbracket p) \rangle$

$\langle \text{infinite } (UNIV :: 'f \text{ set}) \rangle$

$\langle |UNIV :: 'f \text{ set}| + c |UNIV :: 'p \text{ set}| \leq_o |UNIV - \text{params}' X| \rangle$

shows $\langle \exists A. \text{set } A \subseteq X \wedge A \vdash_{\forall} p \rangle$

proof (*rule ccontr*)

assume $\langle \nexists A. \text{set } A \subseteq X \wedge A \vdash_{\forall} p \rangle$

then have $\ast: \langle \nexists A. \text{set } A \subseteq X \wedge \neg p \# A \vdash_{\forall} \perp \rangle$

using *Boole* **by** *blast*

let $?S = \langle \{ \neg p \} \cup X \rangle$

let $?H = \langle \text{Extend } ?S \rangle$

have $\langle \text{consistent } ?S \rangle$

using \ast **by** *(meson consistent-def derive-split1)*

moreover have $\langle \text{infinite } (UNIV - \text{params}' X) \rangle$

using *assms(2-3)*

by *(metis Cinfinit-csum Cnotzero-UNIV Field-card-of-cinfinit-def-cinfinit-mono)*

then have $\langle |UNIV :: 'f \text{ set}| + c |UNIV :: 'p \text{ set}| \leq_o |UNIV - \text{params}' X - \text{params-fm } (\neg p)| \rangle$

```

using assms(3) finite-params-fm card-of-infinite-diff-finite
by (metis ordIso-iff-ordLeq ordLeq-transitive)
then have  $\langle |UNIV :: 'f\ set| + c \mid UNIV :: 'p\ set| \leq o \mid UNIV - (params' X \cup params-fm (\neg p)) \rangle$ 
by (metis Set-Diff-Un)
then have  $\langle |UNIV :: 'f\ set| + c \mid UNIV :: 'p\ set| \leq o \mid UNIV - params' ?S \rangle$ 
by (metis UN-insert insert-is-Un sup-commute)
then have  $\langle |UNIV :: ('f, 'p)\ fm\ set| \leq o \mid UNIV - params' ?S \rangle$ 
using assms card-of-fm ordLeq-transitive by blast
ultimately have  $\langle consistent\ ?H \rangle \langle maximal\ ?H \rangle \langle saturated\ ?H \rangle$ 
using MCS-Extend by fast+
then have  $\langle p \in ?H \longleftrightarrow \llbracket hmodel\ ?H \rrbracket p \rangle$  for  $p$ 
using truth-lemma-saturation by fastforce
then have  $\langle p \in ?S \longrightarrow \llbracket hmodel\ ?H \rrbracket p \rangle$  for  $p$ 
using Extend-subset by blast
then have  $\langle \llbracket hmodel\ ?H \rrbracket (\neg p) \rangle \langle \forall q \in X. \llbracket hmodel\ ?H \rrbracket q \rangle$ 
by blast+
moreover from this have  $\langle \llbracket hmodel\ ?H \rrbracket p \rangle$ 
using assms(1) by blast
ultimately show False
by simp
qed

```

abbreviation *valid* :: $\langle ('f, 'p)\ fm \Rightarrow bool \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle valid\ p \equiv \forall M :: ('f\ tm, -, -)\ model. \llbracket M \rrbracket p \rangle$

theorem *completeness*:

```

fixes  $p :: \langle ('f, 'p)\ fm \rangle$ 
assumes  $\langle valid\ p \rangle \langle infinite\ (UNIV :: 'f\ set) \rangle \langle |UNIV :: 'p\ set| \leq o \mid UNIV :: 'f\ set| \rangle$ 
shows  $\langle \Box \vdash_{\forall} p \rangle$ 
proof -
have  $\langle |UNIV :: 'f\ set| + c \mid UNIV :: 'p\ set| \leq o \mid UNIV :: 'f\ set| \rangle$ 
using assms(2-3) by (simp add: cfinite-def csum-absorb1 ordIso-imp-ordLeq)
then show ?thesis
using assms strong-completeness[where X= $\langle \{ \} \rangle$ ] infinite-UNIV-listI by auto
qed

```

corollary *completeness'*:

```

fixes  $p :: \langle ('f, 'f)\ fm \rangle$ 
assumes  $\langle valid\ p \rangle \langle infinite\ (UNIV :: 'f\ set) \rangle$ 
shows  $\langle \Box \vdash_{\forall} p \rangle$ 
using assms completeness[of p] by simp

```

theorem *main*:

```

fixes  $p :: \langle ('f, 'p)\ fm \rangle$ 
assumes  $\langle infinite\ (UNIV :: 'f\ set) \rangle \langle |UNIV :: 'p\ set| \leq o \mid UNIV :: 'f\ set| \rangle$ 
shows  $\langle valid\ p \longleftrightarrow \Box \vdash_{\forall} p \rangle$ 
using assms completeness soundness' by blast

```

corollary *main'*:

```
fixes  $p :: \langle 'f, 'f \rangle \text{ fm} \rangle$   
assumes  $\langle \text{infinite } (UNIV :: 'f \text{ set}) \rangle$   
shows  $\langle \text{valid } p \longleftrightarrow \Box \vdash_{\forall} p \rangle$   
using assms completeness' soundness' by blast  
end
```

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