A Variant of the Superposition Calculus

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Abstract

We provide a formalization in Isabelle/Isar of (a variant of) the superposition calculus [1, 4], together with formal proofs of soundness and refutational completeness (w.r.t. the usual redundancy criteria based on clause ordering). This version of the calculus uses all the standard restrictions of the superposition rules, together with the following refinement, inspired by the basic superposition calculus [2, 3]: each clause is associated with a set of terms which are assumed to be in normal form – thus any application of the replacement rule on these terms is blocked. The set is initially empty and terms may be added or removed at each inference step. The set of terms that are assumed to be in normal form includes any term introduced by previous unifiers as well as any term occurring in the parent clauses at a position that is smaller (according to some given ordering on positions) than a previously replaced term. This restriction is slightly weaker than that of the basic superposition calculus (since it is based on terms instead of positions), but it has the advantage that the irreducible terms may be propagated through the inferences (under appropriate conditions), even if they do not occur in the parent clauses. The standard superposition calculus corresponds to the case where the set of irreducible terms is always empty. The term representation and unification algorithm are taken from the theory Unification.thy provided in Isabelle.

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1 Preliminaries

theory multisets-continued

imports Main HOL-Library.Multiset

begin

1.1 Multisets

We use the Multiset theory provided in Isabelle. We prove some additional (mostly trivial) lemmata.

lemma *mset-set-inclusion*: assumes finite E2 assumes $E1 \subset E2$ **shows** mset-set $E1 \subset \#$ (mset-set E2) **proof** (*rule ccontr*) let ?s1 = mset-set E1let ?s2 = mset-set E2assume \neg ?s1 \subset # ?s2 from assms(1) and assms(2) have finite E1 using finite-subset less-imp-le by autofrom $\langle \neg ?s1 \subset \# ?s2 \rangle$ obtain x where (count ?s1 x > count ?s2 x) using subseteq-mset-def [of ?s1 ?s2] by (metis assms(1) assms(2) finite-set-mset-mset-set finite-subset less-imp-le *less-le not-le-imp-less subset-mset.le-less*) from this have count $2s_1 x > 0$ by linarith from this and (finite E1) have count ?s1 x = 1 and $x \in E1$ using subseteq-mset-def by auto from this and assms(2) have $x \in E2$ by autofrom this and (finite E2) have count ?s2 x = 1 by auto from this and (count 2s1 x = 1) and (count 2s1 x > count (2s2 x)) show False by *auto* qed

lemma mset-ordering-addition: **assumes** A = B + C **shows** $B \subseteq \# A$ **using** assms by simp

lemma equal-image-mset: **assumes** $\forall x \in E. (f x) = (g x)$ **shows** $\{\# (f x). x \in \# (mset-set E) \#\} = \{\# (g x). x \in \# (mset-set E) \#\}$ **by** (meson assms count-eq-zero-iff count-mset-set(3) image-mset-cong)

lemma multiset-order-inclusion: assumes $E \subset \# F$

assumes trans rshows $(E,F) \in (mult \ r)$ proof let ?G = F - Efrom assms(1) have F = E + ?G**by** (*simp add: subset-mset.add-diff-inverse subset-mset-def*) from this assms(1) have $?G \neq \{\#\}$ by *fastforce* have $E = E + \{\#\}$ by *auto* from this $\langle F = E + ?G \rangle \langle ?G \neq \{\#\}\rangle$ assms(2) show ?thesis using one-step-implies-mult $[of ?G \{\#\} r E]$ by auto qed **lemma** *multiset-order-inclusion-eq*: assumes $E \subset \# F$ assumes trans rshows $E = F \lor (E,F) \in (mult \ r)$ **proof** (*cases*) assume E = Fthen show ?thesis by auto \mathbf{next} assume $E \neq F$ from this and assms(1) have $E \subset \# F$ by auto from this assms(2) and multiset-order-inclusion show ?thesis by auto qed **lemma** *image-mset-ordering*: **assumes** $M1 = \{ \# (f1 \ u). \ u \in \# L \ \# \}$ assumes $M2 = \{ \# (f2 \ u). \ u \in \# L \ \# \}$ assumes $\forall u. (u \in \# L \longrightarrow (((f1 \ u), (f2 \ u)) \in r \lor (f1 \ u) = (f2 \ u)))$ assumes $\exists u. (u \in \# L \land ((f1 \ u), (f2 \ u)) \in r)$ assumes *irrefl* r shows $((M1, M2) \in (mult \ r))$ proof let $?L' = \{ \# \ u \in \# \ L. \ (f1 \ u) = (f2 \ u) \ \# \}$ let $?L'' = \{ \# \ u \in \# \ L. \ (f1 \ u) \neq (f2 \ u) \ \# \}$ have L = ?L' + ?L'' by (simp)from assms(3) have $\forall u. (u \in \# ?L'' \longrightarrow ((f1 \ u), (f2 \ u)) \in r)$ by auto let $?M1' = \{ \# (f1 \ u). \ u \in \# ?L' \# \}$ let $?M2' = \{ \# (f2 \ u). \ u \in \# ?L' \# \}$ have ?M1' = ?M2' $\mathbf{by} \ (metis \ (mono-tags, \ lifting) \ mem-Collect-eq \ multiset. map-cong0 \ set-mset-filter)$ let $?M1'' = \{ \# (f1 \ u). \ u \in \# ?L'' \# \}$ let $?M2'' = \{ \# (f2 \ u). \ u \in \# ?L'' \# \}$ from $\langle L = ?L' + ?L'' \rangle$ have M1 = ?M1' + ?M1'' by (metis assms(1) image-mset-union) from $\langle L = ?L' + ?L'' \rangle$ have M2 = ?M2' + ?M2'' by (metis assms(2) image-mset-union)

have dom: $(\forall k \in set\text{-mset ?M1''}, \exists j \in set\text{-mset ?M2''}, (k, j) \in r)$ proof fix k assume $k \in set\text{-mset ?M1''}$ from this obtain u where $k = (f1 \ u)$ and $u \in \# ?L''$ by auto from $\langle u \in \# ?L'' \rangle$ have $(f2 \ u) \in \# ?M2''$ by simp $\mathbf{from} \, \left< \forall \, u. \, \left(u \in \# \ ?L'' \longrightarrow \left((f1 \, u), (f2 \, u) \right) \in r \right) \right> \, \mathbf{and} \, \left< u \in \# \ ?L'' > \right.$ have $((f1 \ u), (f2 \ u)) \in r$ by *auto* from this and $\langle k = (f1 \ u) \rangle$ and $\langle (f2 \ u) \in set\text{-mset } ?M2'' \rangle$ **show** $\exists j \in set\text{-mset ?M2''}$. $(k, j) \in r$ by auto qed have $?L'' \neq \{\#\}$ proof – from assms(4) obtain u where $u \in \# L$ and $((f1 \ u), (f2 \ u)) \in r$ by auto from $assms(5) < ((f1 \ u), (f2 \ u)) \in r > have ((f1 \ u) \neq (f2 \ u))$ unfolding *irrefl-def* by *fastforce* from $\langle u \in \# L \rangle \langle ((f1 \ u) \neq (f2 \ u)) \rangle$ have $u \in \# ?L''$ by auto from this show ?thesis by force qed from this have $?M2'' \neq \{\#\}$ by auto from this and dom and $\langle M1 = ?M1' + ?M1'' \rangle \langle M2 = ?M2' + ?M2'' \rangle \langle ?M1' = ?M2' \rangle$ show $(M1, M2) \in (mult \ r)$ by $(simp \ add: one-step-implies-mult)$ qed **lemma** *image-mset-ordering-eq*: **assumes** $M1 = \{ \# (f1 \ u). \ u \in \# L \ \# \}$ assumes $M2 = \{ \# (f2 \ u), u \in \# L \ \# \}$ assumes $\forall u. (u \in \# L \longrightarrow (((f1 \ u), (f2 \ u)) \in r \lor (f1 \ u) = (f2 \ u)))$ shows $(M1 = M2) \lor ((M1, M2) \in (mult \ r))$ **proof** (*cases*) assume M1 = M2 then show ?thesis by auto next assume $M1 \neq M2$ let $?L' = \{ \# \ u \in \# \ L. \ (f1 \ u) = (f2 \ u) \ \# \}$ let $?L'' = \{ \# \ u \in \# \ L. \ (f1 \ u) \neq (f2 \ u) \ \# \}$ have L = ?L' + ?L'' by (simp)from assms(3) have $\forall u. (u \in \# ?L'' \longrightarrow ((f1 \ u), (f2 \ u)) \in r)$ by auto let $?M1' = \{ \# (f1 \ u). \ u \in \# ?L' \# \}$ let $?M2' = \{ \# (f2 \ u). \ u \in \# ?L' \# \}$ have ?M1' = ?M2'by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) mem-Collect-eq multiset.map-cong0 set-mset-filter) let $?M1'' = \{ \# (f1 \ u). \ u \in \# ?L'' \# \}$ let $?M2'' = \{ \# (f2 \ u). \ u \in \# ?L'' \# \}$ from $\langle L = ?L' + ?L'' \rangle$ have M1 = ?M1' + ?M1'' by $(metis \ assms(1) \ im$ age-mset-union) from $\langle L = ?L' + ?L'' \rangle$ have M2 = ?M2' + ?M2'' by (metis assms(2) image-mset-union) have dom: $(\forall k \in set\text{-mset ?M1''}, \exists j \in set\text{-mset ?M2''}, (k, j) \in r)$ proof fix k assume $k \in set\text{-mset ?M1''}$

from this obtain u where $k = (f1 \ u)$ and $u \in \# ?L''$ by auto from $\langle u \in \# ?L'' \rangle$ have $(f2 \ u) \in \# ?M2''$ by simpfrom $\forall u. (u \in \# ?L'' \longrightarrow ((f1 \ u), (f2 \ u)) \in r) \rightarrow and \forall u \in \# ?L'' \rightarrow$ have $((f1 \ u), (f2 \ u)) \in r$ by *auto* from this and $\langle k = (f1 \ u) \rangle$ and $\langle (f2 \ u) \in set\text{-mset } ?M2'' \rangle$ **show** $\exists j \in set\text{-mset ?M2''}$. $(k, j) \in r$ by auto qed from $\langle M1 \neq M2 \rangle$ have $?M2'' \neq \{\#\}$ using $\langle M1 = image\text{-mset } f1 \ \{ \# \ u \in \# \ L. \ f1 \ u = f2 \ u\# \} + image\text{-mset } f1 \ \{ \# \ u \in \# \ L. \ f1 \ u = f2 \ u\# \} \}$ $u \in \# L. f1 \ u \neq f2 \ u \#$ $(M2 = image-mset f2 \ \{\# \ u \in \# L. f1 \ u = f2 \ u \# \} + u \in \# L. f1 \ u = f2 \ u \# \}$ image-mset f2 {# $u \in \# L$. f1 $u \neq f2 u \#$ } (image-mset f1 {# $u \in \# L$. f1 u = f2u# = image-mset f2 {# $u \in \# L$. f1 u = f2 u# by auto from this and dom and $\langle M1 = ?M1' + ?M1'' \rangle \langle M2 = ?M2' + ?M2'' \rangle \langle ?M1' = ?M2' \rangle$ have $(M1, M2) \in (mult \ r)$ by $(simp \ add: one-step-implies-mult)$ from this show ?thesis by auto qed ${\bf lemma} \ mult 1-def-lemma:$ assumes $M = M0 + \{\#a\#\} \land N = M0 + K \land (\forall b. b \in \# K \longrightarrow (b, a) \in r)$ shows $(N,M) \in (mult1 \ r)$ proof – **from** assms(1) **show** ?thesis using mult1-def [of r] by auto qed **lemma** *mset-ordering-add1*: assumes $(E1, E2) \in (mult \ r)$ shows $(E1, E2 + \{ \# a \# \}) \in (mult \ r)$ proof – have $i: (E2, E2 + \{\# a \#\}) \in (mult1 \ r)$ using mult1-def-lemma [of $E2 + \{\# \#\}$] $a \# E2 a E2 \{\#\} r$ by *auto* have $i: (E2, E2 + \{\# a \#\}) \in (mult1 \ r)$ using mult1-def-lemma [of $E2 + \{\# \#\}$] $a \# E2 a E2 \{\#\} r$ by auto from assms(1) have $(E1, E2) \in (mult 1 \ r)^+$ using mult-def by auto from this and i have $(E1, E2 + \{\# a \#\}) \in (mult1 \ r)^+$ by auto then show ?thesis using mult-def by auto qed **lemma** *mset-ordering-singleton*: assumes $\forall x. (x \in \# E1 \longrightarrow (x,a) \in r)$ shows $(E1, \{\# a \ \#\}) \in (mult \ r)$ proof let ?K = E1let $?M0 = \{\#\}$ have i: E1 = ?M0 + ?K by auto have *ii*: $\{\# a \#\} = ?M0 + \{\# a \#\}$ by *auto*

from assms(1) have $iii: \forall x. (x \in \# ?K \longrightarrow (x,a) \in r)$ by auto

from *i* and *ii* and *iii* show ?thesis using mult1-def-lemma [of $\{\# a \#\}$?M0 a E1 ?K r] mult-def by auto qed

lemma *monotonic-fun-mult1*: assumes $\bigwedge t s. ((t,s) \in r \Longrightarrow ((f t), (f s)) \in r)$ assumes $(E1, E2) \in (mult1 \ r)$ **shows** $(\{\# (f x) : x \in \# E1 \#\}, \{\# (f x) : x \in \# E2 \#\}) \in (mult1 r)$ proof – let $?E1 = \{ \# (f x) . x \in \# E1 \# \}$ let $?E2 = \{ \# (f x) : x \in \# E2 \# \}$ from assms(2) obtain M0 a K where $E2 = M0 + \{\#a\#\}$ and E1 = M0 +K and $(\forall b. b \in \# K \longrightarrow (b, a) \in r)$ unfolding mult1-def [of r] by auto let $?K = \{ \# (f x) : x \in \# K \# \}$ let $?M0 = \{ \# (f x) . x \in \# M0 \ \# \}$ from $\langle E2 = M0 + \{\#a\#\}\rangle$ have $?E2 = ?M0 + \{\#(fa) \#\}$ by simp from $\langle E1 = M0 + K \rangle$ have ?E1 = ?M0 + ?K by simp have $(\forall b. b \in \# ?K \longrightarrow (b, (f a)) \in r)$ **proof** ((*rule allI*),(*rule impI*)) fix b assume $b \in \# ?K$ from $\langle b \in \# ?K \rangle$ obtain b' where b = (f b') and $b' \in \# K$ by (auto simp: insert-DiffM2 msed-map-invR union-single-eq-member) from $\langle b' \in \# K \rangle$ and $\langle (\forall b. b \in \# K \longrightarrow (b, a) \in r) \rangle$ have $(b', a) \in r$ by auto from assms(1) and this and $\langle b = (f b') \rangle$ show $(b, (f a)) \in r$ by auto qed from $\langle ?E1 = ?M0 + ?K \rangle$ and $\langle ?E2 = ?M0 + \{ \# (f a) \# \} \rangle$ and $\langle (\forall b. b \in \#$ $?K \longrightarrow (b, (f a)) \in r)$ show $(?E1,?E2) \in (mult1 \ r)$ by $(metis \ mult1-def-lemma)$ qed lemma monotonic-fun-mult: assumes $\bigwedge t s. ((t,s) \in r \Longrightarrow ((f t), (f s)) \in r)$ assumes $(E1, E2) \in (mult \ r)$ shows $(\{\# (f x) : x \in \# E1 \#\}, \{\# (f x) : x \in \# E2 \#\}) \in (mult r)$ proof let $?E1 = \{ \# (f x) \colon x \in \# E1 \ \# \}$ let $?E2 = \{ \# (f x) . x \in \# E2 \# \}$ let $?P = \lambda x. (?E1, \{\# (f y). y \in \# x \#\}) \in (mult r)$ show ?thesis

proof (rule trancl-induct [of $E1 \ E2 \ (mult1 \ r) \ ?P$])

from assms(1) show $(E1, E2) \in (mult1 \ r)^+$ using assms(2) mult-def by blast next

fix x assume $(E1, x) \in mult1 r$

have (image-mset f E1, image-mset f x) \in mult1 r

by (simp add: $\langle (E1, x) \in mult1 \ r \rangle \ assms(1) \ monotonic-fun-mult1)$

from this **show** (image-mset f E1, image-mset f x) \in mult r by (simp add: mult-def)

\mathbf{next}

```
fix x z assume (E1, x) \in (mult1 \ r)^+
     (x, z) \in mult1 \ r \text{ and } (image-mset f E1, image-mset f x) \in mult \ r
   from \langle (x, z) \in mult | r \rangle have (image-mset f x, image-mset f z) \in mult | r \rangle
     by (simp add: assms(1) monotonic-fun-mult1)
   from this and \langle (image-mset \ f \ E1, image-mset \ f \ x) \in mult \ r \rangle
     show (image-mset f E1, image-mset f z) \in mult r
     using mult-def trancl.trancl-into-trancl by fastforce
 qed
qed
lemma mset-set-insert-eq:
 assumes finite E
 shows mset-set (E \cup \{x\}) \subseteq \# mset-set E + \{\#x \#\}
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg ?thesis
 from this obtain y where (count (mset-set (E \cup \{x\})) y)
   > (count (mset-set E + \{\# x \#\}) y)
   by (meson leI subseteq-mset-def)
  from assms(1) have finite (E \cup \{x\}) by auto
 have (count (mset-set E + \{\# x \#\}) y) = (count (mset-set E) y) + (count \{\# \}) y
x \# y by auto
 have x \neq y
 proof
   assume x = y
   then have y \in E \cup \{x\} by auto
   from (finite (E \cup \{x\})) this have (count (mset-set (E \cup \{x\})) y = 1
     using count-mset-set(1) by auto
   from this and (count (mset-set (E \cup \{x\})) y) > (count (mset-set E + \{\#\})) y)
x \# \} y \mapsto have
     (count (mset-set E + \{\# x \#\}) y) = 0 by auto
   from \langle (count \ (mset-set \ E + \{\# \ x \ \#\}) \ y) = 0 \rangle have count \ \{\# \ x \ \#\} \ y = 0
by auto
   from \langle x = y \rangle have count \{\# x \#\} y = 1 using count-mset-set by auto
   from this and (count \{\# x \#\} y = 0) show False by auto
 qed
 have y \notin E
 proof
   assume y \in E
   then have y \in E \cup \{x\} by auto
   from (finite (E \cup \{x\})) this have (count (mset-set (E \cup \{x\})) y = 1
     using count-mset-set(1) by auto
   from this and (count (mset-set (E \cup \{x\})) y) > (count (mset-set E + \{\#\})) y)
x \# \} y \mapsto have
     (count (mset-set E + \{\# x \#\}) y) = 0 by auto
   from \langle (count (mset-set E + \{\# x \#\}) y \rangle = 0 \rangle have count (mset-set E) y =
0 by (simp split: if-splits)
  from \langle y \in E \rangle (finite E) have count (mset-set E) y = 1 using count-mset-set(1)
by auto
```

from this and (count (mset-set E) y = 0) show False by auto qed from this and $\langle x \neq y \rangle$ have $y \notin E \cup \{x\}$ by auto from this have (count (mset-set $(E \cup \{x\})) y = 0$ by auto from this and $\langle (count (mset-set (E \cup \{x\})) y \rangle$ $> (count (mset-set E + \{\# x \#\}) y)$ show False by auto \mathbf{qed} **lemma** *mset-set-insert*: assumes $x \notin E$ assumes finite Eshows mset-set $(E \cup \{x\}) = mset-set E + \{\#x \#\}$ **proof** (rule ccontr) assume \neg ?thesis from this obtain y where (count (mset-set $(E \cup \{x\}))$ y) \neq (count (mset-set $E + \{\# x \#\})$) y) by (meson multiset-eqI) have $(count (mset-set E + \{\# x \#\}) y) = (count (mset-set E) y) + (count \{\# \}) y$ x # y by auto from assms(2) have finite $(E \cup \{x\})$ by auto have $x \neq y$ proof assume x = ythen have $y \in E \cup \{x\}$ by *auto* from (finite $(E \cup \{x\})$) this have (count (mset-set $(E \cup \{x\})) y = 1$ using count-mset-set(1) by auto from $\langle x = y \rangle$ have count $\{\# x \#\} y = 1$ using count-mset-set by auto from $\langle x = y \rangle \langle x \notin E \rangle$ have (count (mset-set E) y) = 0 using count-mset-set by auto from $\langle count \{ \# x \# \} \ y = 1 \rangle \langle (count (mset-set E) y) = 0 \rangle$ $(count (mset-set E + \{\# x \#\}) y) = (count (mset-set E) y) + (count \{\# x \#\})$ # yhave (count (mset-set $E + \{\# x \#\}) y) = 1$ by auto from this and $(count (mset-set (E \cup \{x\})) y) = 1$ and (count (mset-set $(E \cup \{x\}) y$ \neq (count (mset-set $E + \{\# x \#\})$) y) show False by auto qed from $\langle x \neq y \rangle$ have count $\{\# x \#\} y = 0$ using count-mset-set by auto have $y \notin E$ proof assume $y \in E$ then have $y \in E \cup \{x\}$ by *auto* from (finite $(E \cup \{x\})$) this have (count (mset-set $(E \cup \{x\})) y = 1$ using count-mset-set(1) by auto from $assms(2) \langle y \in E \rangle$ have (count (mset-set E) y) = 1 using count-mset-set by auto from $\langle count \{ \# x \# \} \ y = 0 \rangle \langle (count (mset-set E) y) = 1 \rangle$ $(count (mset-set E + \{\# x \#\}) y) = (count (mset-set E) y) + (count \{\# x \#\})$ # yhave (count (mset-set $E + \{\# x \#\}) y = 1$ by auto

from this and $\langle (count (mset-set (E \cup \{x\})) y) = 1 \rangle$ and $\langle (count (mset-set (E \cup \{x\})) y)$

 \neq (count (mset-set $E + \{\# x \ \#\}) y$) show False by auto qed

from this and $\langle x \neq y \rangle$ have $y \notin E \cup \{x\}$ by auto

from this have (count (mset-set $(E \cup \{x\})) y = 0$ by auto

from $\langle y \notin E \rangle$ have (count (mset-set E) y) = 0 using count-mset-set by auto from $\langle count \{ \# x \# \} \ y = 0 \rangle \langle (count (mset-set E) y) = 0 \rangle$

 $(count (mset-set E + \{\# x \#\}) y) = (count (mset-set E) y) + (count \{\# x \#\} y)$

have (count (mset-set $E + \{\# x \#\}) y = 0$ by auto

from this and $\langle (count (mset-set (E \cup \{x\})) y) = 0 \rangle$ and $\langle (count (mset-set (E \cup \{x\})) y)$

 \neq (count (mset-set E + {# x #}) y) show False by auto qed

lemma *mset-image-comp*:

shows $\{\# (f x). x \in \# \{\# (g x). x \in \# E \#\} \#\} = \{\# (f (g x)). x \in \# E \#\}$ by (simp add: image-mset.compositionality comp-def)

lemma *mset-set-mset-image*:

shows $\bigwedge E. \ card \ E = N \Longrightarrow finite \ E \Longrightarrow mset-set \ (g ` E) \subseteq \# \ \{\# \ (g \ x). \ x \in \# \}$ mset-set (E) #**proof** (induction N) case θ assume card E = 0assume finite Efrom this and $\langle card \ E = 0 \rangle$ have $E = \{\}$ by auto then show mset-set $(g \in E) \subseteq \# \{ \# (g x) : x \in \# \text{ mset-set } (E) \# \}$ by auto next case (Suc N) assume card $E = (Suc \ N)$ assume finite Efrom this and $\langle card \ E = (Suc \ N) \rangle$ have $E \neq \{\}$ by auto from this obtain x where $x \in E$ by auto let $?E = E - \{x\}$ from (finite E) (card E = (Suc N)) and ($x \in E$) have card ?E = N by auto **from** $\langle finite E \rangle$ have finite ?E by auto from this and Suc.IH [of ?E] and $\langle card ?E = N \rangle$ have ind: mset-set $(g \ ?E) \subseteq \# \ \{\# \ (g \ x). \ x \in \# \ mset-set \ (?E) \ \#\}$ by force from $\langle x \in E \rangle$ have $E = ?E \cup \{x\}$ by *auto* have $x \notin \mathcal{E}$ by *auto* from $\langle finite ?E \rangle \langle E = ?E \cup \{x\} \rangle$ and $\langle x \notin ?E \rangle$ have mset-set $(?E \cup \{x\})$ $= mset\text{-set }?E + \{\# x \ \#\}$ using mset-set-insert [of x ?E] by auto from this have $\{\# (g x). x \in \# \text{ mset-set } (?E \cup \{x\}) \#\} = \{\# (g x). x \in \# \text{ mset-set } ?E \#\}$ $+ \{ \# (g x) \# \}$ by auto

have $(g ` (?E \cup \{ x \}) = (g ` ?E) \cup \{ g x \})$ by *auto* from this have i: mset-set $(g (?E \cup \{x\})) = mset-set ((g ?E) \cup \{gx\})$) by auto **from** $\langle finite ?E \rangle$ have finite (q `?E) by auto from this have mset-set $((g ' ?E) \cup \{gx\}) \subseteq \#$ mset-set $(g ' ?E) + \{\#(g$ $x) # \}$ using mset-set-insert-eq [of (g ` ?E) (g x)] by meson from this i have ii: mset-set $(g \ (?E \cup \{x\})) \subseteq \#$ mset-set $(g \ ?E) + \{\#\}$ (g x) # by auto from ind have mset-set $(g \, : ?E) + \{ \# (g x) \# \} \subseteq \# \{ \# (g x) . x \in \# mset-set \}$ $(?E) \# \} + \{ \# (g x) \# \}$ using Multiset.subset-mset.add-right-mono by metis **from** this and ii have mset-set $(g (?E \cup \{x\})) \subseteq \# \{\# (gx) : x \in \# mset-set \}$ $(?E) \# \} + \{ \# (g x) \# \}$ using subset-mset.trans [of mset-set $(g (?E \cup \{x\}))$] by metis from this and $\langle E = ?E \cup \{x\} \rangle \langle \{\# (g x) : x \in \# mset\text{-set} (?E \cup \{x\}) \# \}$ $= \{ \# (g x). x \in \# mset\text{-set } ?E \# \} + \{ \# (g x) \# \} \rangle$ **show** mset-set $(g \in E) \subseteq \# \{ \# (g x) : x \in \# \text{ mset-set } E \# \}$ by *metis* qed **lemma** *split-mset-set*: assumes $C = C1 \cup C2$ assumes $C1 \cap C2 = \{\}$ assumes finite C1 assumes finite C2 shows (mset-set C) = (mset-set C1) + (mset-set C2) **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume $(mset\text{-set } C) \neq (mset\text{-set } C1) + (mset\text{-set } C2)$ then obtain x where count (mset-set C) $x \neq count$ ((mset-set C1) + (mset-set C2)) xby (meson multiset-eqI) from assms(3) assms(4) assms(1) have finite C by auto have count ((mset-set C1) + (mset-set C2)) x = (count (mset-set C1) x) +(count (mset-set C2) x)by *auto* from this and (count (mset-set C) $x \neq count$ ((mset-set C1) + (mset-set C2)) $x \rightarrow have$ count (mset-set C) $x \neq$ (count (mset-set C1) x) + (count (mset-set C2) x) by autohave $x \in C1 \lor x \in C2$ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume $\neg (x \in C1 \lor x \in C2)$ then have $x \notin C1$ and $x \notin C2$ by *auto* from $assms(1) \langle x \notin C1 \rangle$ and $\langle x \notin C2 \rangle$ have $x \notin C$ by *auto* from $\langle x \notin C1 \rangle$ have (count (mset-set C1) x) = 0 by auto from $\langle x \notin C2 \rangle$ have (count (mset-set C2) x) = 0 by auto from $\langle x \notin C \rangle$ have (count (mset-set C) x) = 0 by auto

from $\langle (count (mset-set C1) x) = 0 \rangle \langle (count (mset-set C2) x) = 0 \rangle$ $\langle (count (mset-set C) x) = 0 \rangle$ $(count (mset-set C) x \neq (count (mset-set C1) x) + (count (mset-set C2) x))$ show False by auto ged have $(x \notin C1 \lor x \in C2)$ **proof** (rule ccontr) assume $\neg (x \notin C1 \lor x \in C2)$ then have $x \in C1$ and $x \notin C2$ by *auto* from $assms(1) \langle x \in C1 \rangle$ have $x \in C$ by *auto* from $assms(3) \langle x \in C1 \rangle$ have (count (mset-set C1) x) = 1 by auto from $\langle x \notin C2 \rangle$ have (count (mset-set C2) x) = 0 by auto from assms(3) assms(4) assms(1) have finite C by auto from (finite C) ($x \in C$) have (count (mset-set C) x) = 1 by auto from $\langle (count (mset-set C1) x) = 1 \rangle \langle (count (mset-set C2) x) = 0 \rangle$ $\langle (count (mset-set C) x) = 1 \rangle$ $(count (mset-set C) x \neq (count (mset-set C1) x) + (count (mset-set C2) x))$ show False by auto qed have $(x \notin C2 \lor x \in C1)$ **proof** (rule ccontr) assume $\neg (x \notin C2 \lor x \in C1)$ then have $x \in C2$ and $x \notin C1$ by *auto* from $assms(1) \langle x \in C2 \rangle$ have $x \in C$ by *auto* from $assms(4) \langle x \in C2 \rangle$ have (count (mset-set C2) x) = 1 by auto from $\langle x \notin C1 \rangle$ have (count (mset-set C1) x) = 0 by auto from $\langle finite C \rangle \langle x \in C \rangle$ have (count (mset-set C) x) = 1 by auto from $\langle (count (mset-set C2) x) = 1 \rangle \langle (count (mset-set C1) x) = 0 \rangle$ $\langle (count (mset-set C) x) = 1 \rangle$ (count (mset-set C) $x \neq$ (count (mset-set C1) x) + (count (mset-set C2) x)) show False by auto \mathbf{qed} from $\langle x \in C1 \lor x \in C2 \rangle \langle (x \notin C1 \lor x \in C2) \rangle \langle (x \notin C2 \lor x \in C1) \rangle$ have $x \in C1 \land x \in C2$ by blast from this and assms(2) show False by auto qed **lemma** *image-mset-thm*: **assumes** $E = \{ \# (f x) : x \in \# E' \# \}$ assumes $x \in \# E$ shows $\exists y. ((y \in \# E') \land x = (fy))$ using assms by auto **lemma** *split-image-mset*: assumes M = M1 + M2shows $\{ \# (f x) : x \in \# M \# \} = \{ \# (f x) : x \in \# M1 \# \} + \{ \# (f x) : x \in \# M2 \}$ #} **by** (*simp add: assms*)

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end theory well-founded-continued

imports Main

begin

1.2 Well-Founded Sets

Most useful lemmata are already proven in the Well_Founded theory available in Isabelle. We only establish a few convenient results for constructing well-founded sets and relations.

lemma *measure-wf*: assumes wf $(r :: ('a \times 'a) set)$ **assumes** $r' = \{ (x,y). ((m \ x), (m \ y)) \in r \}$ shows wf r'proof have $(\forall Q::'b \text{ set. } \forall x:: 'b. x \in Q \longrightarrow (\exists z \in Q. \forall y. (y,z) \in r' \longrightarrow y \notin Q))$ **proof** ((rule allI)+,(rule impI))fix Q:: b set fix $x:: b assume x \in Q$ let ?Q' = (m ' Q)from $\langle x \in Q \rangle$ have Q'-not-empty: $m \ x \in ?Q'$ by auto from assms(1) and Q'-not-empty obtain z' where $z' \in Q'$ and $z'min: \forall y$. $(y,z') \in r$ $\longrightarrow y \notin ?Q'$ using wf-eq-minimal [of r] by blast from $\langle z' \in Q' \rangle$ obtain z where z' = (m z) and $z \in Q$ by *auto* have $\forall y. (y,z) \in r' \longrightarrow y \notin Q$ **proof** ((*rule allI*),(*rule impI*)) fix y assume $(y,z) \in r'$ from assms(2) and this and $\langle z' = (m \ z) \rangle$ have $((m \ y), z') \in r$ by auto from this and z'min have $(m \ y) \notin ?Q'$ by auto then show $y \notin Q$ by *auto* qed from this and $\langle z \in Q \rangle$ show $(\exists z \in Q, \forall y, (y,z) \in r' \longrightarrow y \notin Q)$ by auto ged then show ?thesis using wf-eq-minimal by auto qed **lemma** *finite-proj-wf*: assumes finite E

assumes finite E assumes $x \in E$ assumes a cyclic rshows $(\exists y, y \in E \land (\forall z. (z, y) \in r \longrightarrow z \notin E))$ proof – let $?r = \{ (u,v). (u \in E \land v \in E \land (u,v) \in r) \}$ from assms(1) have finite $(E \times E)$ by auto

have $?r \subseteq (E \times E)$ by *auto* have $?r \subseteq r$ by *auto* from $\langle ?r \subseteq (E \times E) \rangle$ and $\langle finite (E \times E) \rangle$ have finite ?r using finite-subset by *auto* from assms(3) and $(?r \subseteq r)$ have acyclic ?r unfolding acyclic-def using trancl-mono by blast from (acyclic ?r) (finite ?r) have wf ?r using finite-acyclic-wf by auto from this assms(2) obtain y where $y \in E$ and $i: \Lambda z. (z, y) \in ?r \Longrightarrow z \notin E$ using wfE-min [of ?r x E] by blast have $\forall z. (z, y) \in r \longrightarrow z \notin E$ **proof** (rule allI,rule impI) fix z assume $(z,y) \in r$ show $z \notin E$ proof assume $z \in E$ from this and $\langle y \in E \rangle$ and $\langle (z,y) \in r \rangle$ have $(z,y) \in ?r$ by auto from this and i [of z] and $\langle z \in E \rangle$ show False by auto qed qed from this and $\langle y \in E \rangle$ show ?thesis by auto qed end theory terms

imports HOL-ex. Unification

begin

2 Terms

2.1 Basic Syntax

We use the same term representation as in the Unification theory provided in Isabelle. Terms are represented by binary trees built on variables and constant symbols.

fun is-a-variable where (is-a-variable (Var x)) = True | (is-a-variable (Const x)) = False | (is-a-variable (Comb x y)) = Falsefun is-a-constant where (is-a-constant (Var x)) = False |(is-a-constant (Const x)) = True | fun is-compound where (is-compound (Var x)) = False | (is-compound (Const x)) = False | (is-compound (Comb x y)) = Truedefinition ground-term :: 'a trm \Rightarrow bool where $(ground-term t) = (vars-of t = \{\})$ lemma constants-are-not-variables : assumes is-a-constant x shows \neg (is-a-variable x) by (metis assms is-a-constant.elims(2) is-a-variable.elims(2) trm.distinct(2)) lemma constants-are-ground : assumes is-a-constant x

```
assumes is-a-constant x
shows ground-term x
proof –
from assms obtain y where x = (Const y) using is-a-constant.elims(2) by
auto
then show ?thesis by (simp add: ground-term-def)
qed
```

2.2 Positions

We define the notion of a position together with functions to access to subterms and replace them. We establish some basic properties of these functions.

Since terms are binary trees, positions are sequences of binary digits.

```
datatype indices = Left \mid Right
```

type-synonym $position = indices \ list$

 $(is-a-constant (Comb \ x \ y)) = False$

```
fun left-app

where left-app x = Left \# x

fun right-app

where right-app x = Right \# x

definition strict-prefix

where

strict-prefix p \ q = (\exists r. (r \neq []) \land (q = (append \ p \ r)))

fun subterm :: 'a trm \Rightarrow position \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow bool

where
```

```
(subterm T [] S) = (T = S) |
    (subterm (Var v) (first \# next) S) = False
    (subterm (Const c) (first \# next) S) = False
    (subterm (Comb \ x \ y) \ (Left \ \# \ next) \ S) = (subterm \ x \ next \ S)
   (subterm (Comb x y) (Right \# next) S) = (subterm y next S)
definition occurs-in :: 'a trm \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow bool
  where
   occurs-in t s = (\exists p. subterm s p t)
definition position-in :: position \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow bool
  where
   position-in p \ s = (\exists t. \ subterm \ s \ p \ t)
fun subterms-of
where
 subterms-of t = \{ s. (occurs-in \ s \ t) \}
fun proper-subterms-of
where
 proper-subterms-of t = \{ s. \exists p. (p \neq Nil \land (subterm t p s)) \}
fun pos-of
where
 pos-of t = \{ p. (position-in p t) \}
fun replace-subterm ::
  'a trm \Rightarrow position \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow bool
  where
    (replace-subterm T [] u S) = (S = u) |
    (replace-subterm (Var x) (first # next) u S) = False |
    (replace-subterm (Const c) (first \# next) u S) = False
   (replace-subterm (Comb x y) (Left # next) u S) =
     (\exists S1. (replace-subterm \ x \ next \ u \ S1) \land (S = Comb \ S1 \ y))
   (replace-subterm (Comb x y) (Right # next) u S) =
     (\exists S2. (replace-subterm y next u S2) \land (S = Comb x S2))
lemma replace-subterm-is-a-function:
  shows \wedge t \ u \ v. subterm t \ p \ u \Longrightarrow \exists s. replace-subterm t \ p \ v \ s
proof (induction p,auto)
  next case (Cons i q)
   from \langle subterm \ t \ (Cons \ i \ q) \ u \rangle obtain t1 \ t2 where t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2)
     using subterm.elims(2) by blast
   have i = Right \lor i = Left using indices.exhaust by auto
   then show ?case
   proof
     assume i = Right
    from this and \langle t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle and \langle subterm \ t \ (Cons \ i \ q) \ u \rangle have subterm
t2 \ q \ u \ by \ auto
```

from this obtain s where replace-subterm $t2 \ q \ v \ s \ using \ Cons.IH \ [of t2 \ u]$ by auto from this and $\langle t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle$ and $\langle i = Right \rangle$ have replace-subterm t $(Cons \ i \ q) \ v \ (Comb \ t1 \ s)$ by auto from this show ?case by auto next assume i = Leftfrom this and $\langle t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle$ and $\langle subterm \ t \ (Cons \ i \ q) \ u \rangle$ have subterm $t1 \ q \ u \ by \ auto$ from this obtain s where replace-subterm t1 q v s using Cons.IH [of t1 u] by *auto* from this and $\langle t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle$ and $\langle i = Left \rangle$ have replace-subterm t $(Cons \ i \ q) \ v \ (Comb \ s \ t2)$ **by** *auto* from this show ?case by auto qed qed

We prove some useful lemmata concerning the set of variables or subterms occurring in a term.

```
lemma root-subterm:

shows t \in (subterms of t)

by (metis mem-Collect-eq occurs-in-def subterm.simps(1) subterms of .simps)
```

```
lemma root-position:

shows Nil \in (pos-of t)

by (metis mem-Collect-eq subterm.simps(1) position-in-def pos-of.simps)
```

```
lemma subterms-of-an-atomic-term:
 assumes is-a-variable t \lor is-a-constant t
 shows subterms-of t = \{t\}
proof
 show subterms-of t \subseteq \{t\}
 proof
   fix x assume x \in subterms-of t
   then have occurs-in x t by auto
   then have \exists p. (subterm t p x) unfolding occurs-in-def by auto
   from this and assms have x = t
   by (metis is-a-constant.simps(3) is-a-variable.simps(3) subterm.elims(2))
   thus x \in \{t\} by auto
 qed
next
 show \{t\} \subseteq subterms-of t
 proof
   fix x assume x \in \{t\}
   then show x \in subterms-of t using root-subterm by auto
 qed
qed
```

```
lemma positions-of-an-atomic-term:
 assumes is-a-variable t \vee is-a-constant t
 shows pos-of t = \{ Nil \}
proof
 show pos-of t \subseteq \{ Nil \}
 proof
   fix x assume x \in pos-of t
   then have position-in x t by auto
   then have \exists s. (subterm t x s) unfolding position-in-def by auto
   from this and assms have x = Nil
    by (metis is-a-constant.simps(3) is-a-variable.simps(3) subterm.elims(2))
   thus x \in \{ Nil \} by auto
 qed
\mathbf{next}
 show { Nil } \subseteq pos-of t
 proof
   fix x :: indices list assume x \in \{ Nil \}
   then show x \in pos-of t using root-position by auto
 qed
qed
lemma subterm-of-a-subterm-is-a-subterm :
 assumes subterm u \neq v
 shows \bigwedge t. subterm t p u \Longrightarrow subterm t (append p q) v
proof (induction p)
 case Nil
   show ?case using Nil.prems assms by auto
  next case (Cons i p')
   from (subterm t (Cons i p') u) obtain t1 t2 where t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2)
     using subterm.elims(2) by blast
   have i = Right \lor i = Left using indices.exhaust by auto
   then show ?case
   proof
     assume i = Right
     from this and (subterm t (Cons i p') u) and \langle t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle
       have subterm t2 p' u by auto
     from this have subterm t2 (append p' q) v by (simp add: Cons.IH)
    from this and \langle t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle and \langle i = Right \rangle show subterm t (append
(Cons \ i \ p') \ q) \ v
      by simp
   next assume i = Left
     from this and (subterm t (Cons i p') u) and \langle t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle
       have subterm t1 p' u by auto
     from this have subterm t1 (append p' q) v by (simp add: Cons.IH)
     from this and \langle t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle and \langle i = Left \rangle show subterm t (append
(Cons \ i \ p') \ q) \ v
      by simp
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
```

```
lemma occur-in-subterm:
 assumes occurs-in u t
 assumes occurs-in t s
 shows occurs-in u s
by (meson \ assms(1) \ assms(2) \ occurs-in-def \ subterm-of-a-subterm-is-a-subterm)
lemma vars-of-subterm :
 assumes x \in vars-of s
 shows \bigwedge t. subterm t p s \Longrightarrow x \in vars-of t
proof (induction p)
 case Nil
   show ?case using Nil.prems assms by auto
 next case (Cons i p')
   from (subterm t (Cons i p') s) obtain t1 t2 where t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2)
     using subterm.elims(2) by blast
   have i = Right \lor i = Left using indices.exhaust by auto
   then show ?case
   proof
     assume i = Right
     from this and (subterm t (Cons i p') s) and \langle t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle
      have subterm t2 p' s by auto
     from this have x \in vars-of t2 by (simp add: Cons.IH)
     from this and \langle t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle and \langle i = Right \rangle show ?case
      by simp
   next assume i = Left
     from this and (subterm t (Cons i p') s) and (t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2))
      have subterm t1 p' s by auto
     from this have x \in vars-of \ t1 by (simp \ add: \ Cons.IH)
     from this and \langle t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle and \langle i = Left \rangle show ?case
      by simp
   qed
qed
lemma vars-subterm :
 assumes subterm t p s
 shows vars-of s \subseteq vars-of t
by (meson assms subset I vars-of-subterm)
lemma vars-subterms-of :
 assumes s \in subterms-of t
 shows vars-of s \subseteq vars-of t
using assms occurs-in-def vars-subterm by fastforce
lemma subterms-of-a-non-atomic-term:
  shows subterms-of (Comb t1 t2) = (subterms-of t1) \cup (subterms-of t2) \cup {
(Comb \ t1 \ t2)
proof
 show subterms-of (Comb t1 t2) \subseteq (subterms-of t1) \cup (subterms-of t2) \cup { (Comb
```

```
t1 t2)
 proof
   fix x assume x \in (subterms of (Comb t1 t2))
   then have occurs-in x (Comb t1 t2) by auto
   then obtain p where subterm (Comb t1 t2) p x unfolding occurs-in-def by
auto
   have p = [] \lor (\exists i q, p = i \# q) using neq-Nil-conv by blast
   then show x \in (subterms \text{-} of t1) \cup (subterms \text{-} of t2) \cup \{ (Comb t1 t2) \}
   proof
     assume p = []
     from this and (subterm (Comb t1 t2) p x) show ?thesis by auto
   \mathbf{next}
     assume \exists i q. p = i \# q
     then obtain i q where p = i \# q by auto
     have i = Left \lor i = Right using indices.exhaust by blast
     then show x \in (subterms \text{-} of t1) \cup (subterms \text{-} of t2) \cup \{ (Comb t1 t2) \}
     proof
       assume i = Left
       from this and \langle p = i \# q \rangle and \langle subterm (Comb t1 t2) p x \rangle
        have subterm t1 q x by auto
       then have occurs-in x t1 unfolding occurs-in-def by auto
      then show x \in (subterms \text{-}of t1) \cup (subterms \text{-}of t2) \cup \{ (Comb t1 t2) \} by
auto
     \mathbf{next}
       assume i = Right
       from this and \langle p = i \# q \rangle and \langle subterm (Comb t1 t2) p x \rangle
        have subterm t2 q x by auto
       then have occurs-in x t2 unfolding occurs-in-def by auto
      then show x \in (subterms \text{-}of t1) \cup (subterms \text{-}of t2) \cup \{ (Comb t1 t2) \} by
auto
     qed
   qed
 qed
next
  show (subterms-of t1) \cup (subterms-of t2) \cup { (Comb t1 t2) } \subseteq subterms-of
(Comb \ t1 \ t2)
 proof
   fix x assume x \in (subterms of t1) \cup (subterms of t2) \cup \{ (Comb t1 t2) \}
   then have x \in (subterms \text{-}of t1) \lor (x \in (subterms \text{-}of t2) \lor x = (Comb t1 t2))
by auto
   thus x \in subterms-of (Comb t1 t2)
   proof
     assume x \in (subterms of t1)
     then have occurs-in x t1 by auto
     then obtain p where subterm t1 p x unfolding occurs-in-def by auto
     then have subterm (Comb t1 t2) (Left \# p) x by auto
     then have occurs-in x (Comb t1 t2) using occurs-in-def by blast
     then show x \in subterms-of (Comb t1 t2) by auto
   next
```

```
assume (x \in (subterms of t2) \lor x = (Comb t1 t2))
     then show x \in subterms-of (Comb t1 t2)
     proof
      assume x \in (subterms of t2)
      then have occurs-in x t_2 by auto
      then obtain p where subterm t2 p x unfolding occurs-in-def by auto
      then have subterm (Comb t1 t2) (Right \# p) x by auto
      then have occurs-in x (Comb t1 t2) using occurs-in-def by blast
      then show x \in subterms-of (Comb t1 t2) by auto
     \mathbf{next}
      assume x = (Comb \ t1 \ t2)
       show x \in subterms-of (Comb t1 t2) using \langle x = t1 \cdot t2 \rangle root-subterm by
blast
     qed
   qed
 qed
qed
lemma positions-of-a-non-atomic-term:
 shows pos-of (Comb t1 t2) = (left-app '(pos-of t1)) \cup (right-app '(pos-of t2))
\cup \{ Nil \}
proof
 show pos-of (Comb t1 t2) \subseteq (left-app '(pos-of t1)) \cup (right-app '(pos-of t2))
\cup \{ Nil \}
 proof
   fix x assume x \in pos-of (Comb t1 t2)
   then have position-in x (Comb t1 t2) by auto
   then obtain s where subterm (Comb t1 t2) x s unfolding position-in-def by
auto
   have x = [] \lor (\exists i q. x = i \# q) using neq-Nil-conv by blast
   then show x \in (left-app (pos-of t1)) \cup (right-app (pos-of t2)) \cup \{Nil\}
   proof
     assume x = []
     from this and (subterm (Comb t1 t2) x s) show ?thesis by auto
   \mathbf{next}
     assume \exists i q. x = i \# q
     then obtain i q where x = i \# q by auto
     have i = Left \lor i = Right using indices.exhaust by blast
     then show x \in (left-app (pos-of t1)) \cup (right-app (pos-of t2)) \cup \{Nil\}
     proof
      assume i = Left
      from this and \langle x = i \# q \rangle and \langle subterm (Comb t1 t2) x s \rangle
        have subterm t1 q s by auto
      then have position-in q t1 unfolding position-in-def by auto
      from this and \langle x = i \# q \rangle \langle i = Left \rangle
        show x \in (left - app (pos - of t1)) \cup (right - app (pos - of t2)) \cup \{Nil\} by
auto
     \mathbf{next}
      assume i = Right
```

```
from this and \langle x = i \# q \rangle and \langle subterm (Comb t1 t2) x s \rangle
        have subterm t2 q s by auto
       then have position-in q t2 unfolding position-in-def by auto
      from this and \langle x = i \# q \rangle \langle i = Right \rangle
        show x \in (left - app (pos - of t1)) \cup (right - app (pos - of t2)) \cup \{Nil\} by
auto
     qed
   qed
 qed
next
 show (left-app (pos-of t1)) \cup (right-app (pos-of t2)) \cup \{Nil\} \subseteq pos-of (Comb
t1 \ t2)
 proof
   fix x assume x \in (left - app (pos - of t1)) \cup (right - app (pos - of t2)) \cup \{Nil\}
   then have (x \in left\text{-}app (pos-of t1)) \lor ((x \in (right\text{-}app (pos-of t2))) \lor (x
= Nil) by auto
   thus x \in pos-of (Comb t1 t2)
   proof
     assume x \in left-app ' (pos-of t1)
     then obtain q where x = Left \# q and position-in q t1 by auto
     then obtain s where subterm t1 q s unfolding position-in-def by auto
     then have subterm (Comb t1 t2) (Left \# q) s by auto
       from this and \langle x = Left \# q \rangle have position-in x (Comb t1 t2) using
position-in-def by blast
     then show x \in pos-of (Comb t1 t2) by auto
   \mathbf{next}
     assume (x \in (right - app '(pos - of t2))) \lor (x = Nil)
     then show x \in pos-of (Comb t1 t2)
     proof
      assume x \in right-app ' (pos-of t2)
      then obtain q where x = Right \# q and position-in q t2 by auto
      then obtain s where subterm t2 q s unfolding position-in-def by auto
      then have subterm (Comb t1 t2) (Right \# q) s by auto
       from this and \langle x = Right \# q \rangle have position-in x (Comb t1 t2) using
position-in-def by blast
      then show x \in pos-of (Comb t1 t2) by auto
     next
      assume x = Nil
      show x \in pos-of (Comb t1 t2) using \langle x = Nil \rangle root-position by blast
     qed
   qed
 qed
qed
lemma set-of-subterms-is-finite :
 shows (finite (subterms-of (t :: 'a trm)))
proof (induction t)
   case (Var x)
   then show ?case using subterms-of-an-atomic-term [of Var x] by simp
```

 \mathbf{next} **case** (Const x) then show ?case using subterms-of-an-atomic-term [of Const x] by simp next case (Comb t1 t2) assume finite (subterms-of t1) and finite (subterms-of t2) have subterms-of (Comb t1 t2) = subterms-of t1 \cup subterms-of t2 \cup { Comb t1 t2 } using subterms-of-a-non-atomic-term by auto from this and $\langle finite (subterms of t1) \rangle$ and $\langle finite (subterms of t2) \rangle$ show finite (subterms-of (Comb t1 t2)) by simp qed **lemma** set-of-positions-is-finite : **shows** (finite (pos-of (t :: 'a trm))) **proof** (*induction* t) case (Var x) then show ?case using positions-of-an-atomic-term [of Var x] by simp next case (Const x) then show ?case using positions-of-an-atomic-term [of Const x] by simp next case (Comb t1 t2) assume finite (pos-of t1) and finite (pos-of t2) **from** (finite (pos-of t1)) have i: finite (left-app (pos-of t1)) by auto **from** (finite (pos-of t2)) have ii: finite (right-app (pos-of t2)) by auto have pos-of (Comb t1 t2) = (left-app '(pos-of t1)) \cup (right-app '(pos-of t2)) $\cup \{ Nil \}$ using positions-of-a-non-atomic-term by metis from this and i ii show finite (pos-of (Comb t1 t2)) by simp qed **lemma** vars-of-instances: **shows** vars-of (subst t σ) $= \bigcup \{ V. \exists x. (x \in (vars of t)) \land (V = vars of (subst (Var x) \sigma)) \}$ **proof** (*induction* t) **case** (Const a) have vars-of (Const a) = $\{\}$ by auto then have *rhs-empty*: $\bigcup \{ V. \exists x. (x \in (vars-of (Const a))) \land (V = vars-of (Const a)) \}$ $(subst (Var x) \sigma)) \} = \{\}$ by auto have *lhs-empty*: (subst (Const a) σ) = (Const a) by auto from rhs-empty and lhs-empty show ?case by auto \mathbf{next} case (Var a) have vars-of (Var a) = $\{a\}$ by auto then have rhs: $\bigcup \{ V. \exists x. (x \in (vars of (Var a))) \land (V = vars of (subst) \}$ $(Var x) \sigma)) \} =$ vars-of (subst (Var a) σ) by auto have *lhs*: (subst (Var a) σ) = (subst (Var a) σ) by auto from rhs and lhs show ?case by auto next

case (Comb t1 t2) have vars-of (Comb t1 t2) = (vars-of t1) \cup (vars-of t2) by auto then have $\bigcup \{ V. \exists x. (x \in (vars of (Comb \ t1 \ t2))) \land (V = vars of (subst) \}$ $(Var x) \sigma)$ $= \{ \downarrow \{ V. \exists x. (x \in (vars of t1)) \land (V = vars of (subst(Var x) \sigma)) \} \}$ $\cup \{ \downarrow \{ V. \exists x. (x \in (vars of t2)) \land (V = vars of (subst (Var x) \sigma)) \} \}$ by *auto* then have rhs: $\bigcup \{ V. \exists x. (x \in (vars of (Comb \ t1 \ t2))) \land (V = vars of (Comb \ t1 \ t2)) \}$ $(subst (Var x) \sigma))$ $= (vars-of (subst t1 \sigma)) \cup (vars-of (subst t2 \sigma))$ using $\langle vars-of (subst \ t1 \ \sigma) \rangle$ $= \bigcup \{ V. \exists x. (x \in (vars of t1)) \land (V = vars of (subst (Var x) \sigma)) \}$ and $\langle vars-of (subst t2 \sigma) \rangle$ $= \bigcup \{ V. \exists x. (x \in (vars of t2)) \land (V = vars of (subst (Var x) \sigma)) \}$ by *auto* have (subst (Comb t1 t2) σ) = (Comb (subst t1 σ) (subst t2 σ)) by *auto* then have *lhs*: (vars-of (subst (Comb t1 t2) σ)) = $(vars-of (subst t1 \sigma)) \cup (vars-of (subst t2 \sigma))$ by auto from *lhs* and *rhs* show ?case by auto \mathbf{qed} **lemma** subterms-of-instances : $\forall u \ v \ u' \ s. \ (u = (subst \ v \ s) \longrightarrow (subterm \ u \ p \ u')$ $\longrightarrow (\exists x \ q1 \ q2. \ (is-a-variable \ x) \land (subterm \ (subst \ x \ s) \ q1 \ u') \land$ (subterm v q 2 x) \land (p = (append q 2 q 1))) \lor $((\exists v'. ((\neg is-a-variable v') \land (subterm v p v') \land (u' = (subst v' s))))))$ (is (prop p)**proof** (*induction* p) case Nil show ?case **proof** ((rule allI)+,(rule impI)+)fix u :: a trm fix v u' s assume u = (subst v s) and subterm u [] u'then have u = u' by *auto* **show** $(\exists x \ q1 \ q2. (is-a-variable \ x) \land (subterm \ (subst \ x \ s) \ q1 \ u') \land$ $(subterm \ v \ q2 \ x) \land ([] = (append \ q2 \ q1))) \lor$ $((\exists v'. ((\neg is-a-variable v') \land (subterm v [] v') \land (u' = (subst v' s)))))$ **proof** (*cases*) assume *is-a-variable* v from $\langle u = u' \rangle$ and $\langle u = (subst v s) \rangle$ have (subterm (subst v s) [] u') by auto have subterm v [] v by auto from this and $\langle (subterm (subst v s) [] u' \rangle \rangle$ and $\langle is-a-variable v \rangle$ show ?thesis by auto **next assume** \neg *is-a-variable* vfrom $\langle u = u' \rangle$ and $\langle u = (subst v s) \rangle$ have $((subterm \ v \ | \ v) \land (u' = (subst \ v \ s)))$ by auto then show ?thesis by auto

qed qed \mathbf{next} **case** (Cons i q) show ?case **proof** ((rule allI)+,(rule impI)+)fix u :: a trm fix v u' s assume u = (subst v s)and subterm u (Cons i q) u'**show** $(\exists x \ q1 \ q2. \ (is-a-variable \ x) \land (subterm \ (subst \ x \ s) \ q1 \ u') \land$ $(subterm \ v \ q2 \ x) \land ((Cons \ i \ q) = (append \ q2 \ q1))) \lor$ $((\exists v'. ((\neg is-a-variable v') \land (subterm v (Cons i q) v') \land (u' = (subst v')))$ *s*))))) **proof** (cases v) fix x assume v = (Var x)then have subterm v [] v by auto from $\langle v = (Var \ x) \rangle$ have is-a-variable v by auto have Cons i q = (append [] (Cons i q)) by auto from $\langle subterm \ u \ (Cons \ i \ q) \ u' \rangle$ and $\langle u = (subst \ v \ s) \rangle$ and $\langle v = (Var \ x) \rangle$ have subterm (subst v s) (Cons i q) u' by auto **from** (is-a-variable v) and $(subterm v \mid v)$ and $(Cons \ i \ q = (append \mid) (Cons \ i \ q))$ (i q) and this show ?thesis by blast \mathbf{next} fix x assume v = (Const x)from this and $\langle u = (subst \ v \ s) \rangle$ have u = v by auto from this and $\langle v = (Const \ x) \rangle$ and $\langle subterm \ u \ (Cons \ i \ q) \ u' \rangle$ show ?thesis by auto next fix t1 t2 assume v = (Comb t1 t2)from this and $\langle u = (subst \ v \ s) \rangle$ have u = (Comb (subst t1 s) (subst t2 s)) by auto have $i = Left \lor i = Right$ using indices.exhaust by auto **from** $\langle i = Left \lor i = Right \rangle$ and $\langle u = (Comb (subst t1 s) (subst t2 s)) \rangle$ and $\langle subterm \ u \ (Cons \ i \ q) \ u' \rangle$ obtain ti where subterm (subst ti s) q u' and $ti = t1 \lor ti = t2$ and subterm v [i] ti using $\langle v = t1 \cdot t2 \rangle$ by *auto* from $\langle prop q \rangle$ and $\langle subterm (subst ti s) q u' \rangle$ have $(\exists x \ q1 \ q2. \ (is-a-variable \ x) \land (subterm \ (subst \ x \ s) \ q1 \ u') \land$ (subterm ti q2 x) \land (q = (append q2 q1))) \lor $((\exists v'. ((\neg is-a-variable v') \land (subterm ti q v') \land (u' = (subst v'))))$ s))))) by *auto* then show ?thesis proof assume $(\exists x \ q1 \ q2. \ (is-a-variable \ x) \land (subterm \ (subst \ x \ s) \ q1 \ u') \land$ (subterm ti q2 x) \land (q = (append q2 q1))) then obtain x q1 q2 where is-a-variable x and subterm (subst x s) q1 u'and subterm ti $q^2 x$ and $q = (append q^2 q^1)$ by auto

```
from (subterm ti q2 x) and (subterm v [i] ti) have subterm v (i \# q2) x
       using \langle i = indices.Left \lor i = indices.Right \rangle \langle v = t1 \cdot t2 \rangle by auto
       from \langle q = append \ q2 \ q1 \rangle have i \# q = (append \ (i \# q2) \ q1) by auto
       from \langle i \# q = (append \ (i \# q2) \ q1) \rangle and \langle is-a-variable \ x \rangle
         and \langle subterm (subst x s) q1 u' \rangle and \langle subterm v (i \# q2) x \rangle
         show ?thesis by blast
     \mathbf{next}
        assume ((\exists v'. ((\neg is-a-variable v') \land (subterm ti q v') \land (u' = (subst v')))
s)))))
      then obtain v' where (\neg is-a-variable v') (subterm ti q v') and u' = (subst
v' s) by auto
       from (subterm ti q v') and (subterm v [i] ti) have subterm v (i \# q) v'
         using \langle i = indices.Left \lor i = indices.Right \land v = t1 \lor t2 by auto
        from this and \langle (\neg is-a-variable v') \rangle (subterm ti q v') and \langle u' = (subst v') \rangle
s)
         show ?thesis by auto
     qed
   qed
 qed
qed
lemma vars-of-replacement:
  shows \bigwedge t \ s. \ x \in vars-of \ s \Longrightarrow replace-subterm \ t \ p \ v \ s \Longrightarrow x \in (vars-of \ t) \cup
(vars-of v)
proof (induction p)
  case Nil
   from (replace-subterm t Nil v s) have s = v by auto
   from this and \langle x \in vars-of s \rangle show ?case by auto
  next case (Cons i q)
   from \langle replace-subterm t \ (Cons \ i \ q) \ v \ s \rangle obtain t1 \ t2 where
        t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2)
     by (metis is-a-variable.cases replace-subterm.simps(2) replace-subterm.simps(3))
   have i = Left \lor i = Right using indices.exhaust by blast
   then show ?case
   proof
     assume i = Left
     from this and \langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle and \langle replace-subterm \ t \ (Cons \ i \ q) \ v \ s \rangle
       obtain s1 where s = Comb \ s1 \ t2 and replace-subterm t1 q \ v \ s1
         using replace-subterm.simps(4) by auto
    from \langle s = Comb \ s1 \ t2 \rangle and \langle x \in vars-of \ s \rangle have x \in vars-of \ s1 \ \lor x \in vars-of
t2
       by simp
     then show ?case
     proof
       assume x \in vars-of s1
        from this and Cons.IH [of s1 t1] and (replace-subterm t1 q v s1) have x
\in (vars-of t1) \cup (vars-of v)
         by auto
```

```
from this and \langle t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle show ?case by auto
     next
       assume x \in vars-of t2
       from this and \langle t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle show ?case by auto
     ged
   \mathbf{next}
     assume i = Right
     from this and \langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle and \langle replace-subterm \ t \ (Cons \ i \ q) \ v \ s \rangle
       obtain s2 where s = Comb \ t1 \ s2 and replace-subterm t2 \ q \ v \ s2
         using replace-subterm.simps by auto
    from \langle s = Comb \ t1 \ s2 \rangle and \langle x \in vars-of \ s \rangle have x \in vars-of \ t1 \ \lor x \in vars-of
s2
       by simp
     then show ?case
     proof
       assume x \in vars-of s2
       from this and Cons.IH [of s2 t2] and (replace-subterm t2 q v s2) have x
\in (vars-of t2) \cup (vars-of v)
         by auto
       from this and \langle t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle show ?case by auto
     next
       assume x \in vars-of t1
       from this and \langle t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle show ?case by auto
     qed
  qed
qed
lemma vars-of-replacement-set:
```

assumes replace-subterm t p v sshows vars-of $s \subseteq (vars-of t) \cup (vars-of v)$ by (meson assms subset vars-of-replacement)

2.3 Substitutions and Most General Unifiers

Substitutions are defined in the Unification theory. We provide some additional definitions and lemmata.

fun subst-set :: 'a trm set => 'a subst => 'a trm set where (subst-set $S \sigma$) = { $u. \exists t. u = (subst t \sigma) \land t \in S$ } definition subst-codomain where subst-codomain $\sigma V = \{ x. \exists y. (subst (Var y) \sigma) = (Var x) \land (y \in V) \}$ lemma subst-codomain-is-finite: assumes finite A shows finite (subst-codomain ηA) proof – have i: (($\lambda x. (Var x)$) ' (subst-codomain ηA)) $\subseteq ((\lambda x. (subst (Var x) \eta)) ' A)$

proof

fix x assume $x \in ((\lambda x. (Var x)) \ (subst-codomain \eta A))$ from this obtain y where $y \in (subst-codomain \eta A)$ and x = (Var y) by auto from $\langle y \in (subst-codomain \eta A) \rangle$ obtain z where $(subst (Var z) \eta) = (Var y)$ $(z \in A)$ unfolding subst-codomain-def by auto from $\langle (z \in A) \rangle \langle x = (Var y) \rangle \langle (subst (Var z) \eta) = (Var y) \rangle$ this show $x \in ((\lambda x. (subst (Var x) \eta)) \ A)$ using image-iff by fastforce qed have inj-on $(\lambda x. (Var x))$ (subst-codomain ηA) by (meson inj-onI trm.inject(1)) from assms(1) have finite $((\lambda x. (subst (Var x) \eta)) \ A)$ by auto from this and i have finite $((\lambda x. (Var x)) \ (subst-codomain \eta A))$ using rev-finite-subset by auto from this and $\langle inj$ -on $(\lambda x. (Var x))$ (subst-codomain ηA) λ show ?thesis using finite-imageD [of $(\lambda x. (Var x))$ subst-codomain ηA] by auto

 \mathbf{qed}

The notions of unifiers, most general unifiers, the unification algorithm and a proof of correctness are provided in the Unification theory. Below, we prove that the algorithm is complete.

```
lemma subt-decompose:
 shows \forall t1 \ t2. \ Comb \ t1 \ t2 \prec s \longrightarrow (t1 \prec s \land t2 \prec s)
proof ((induction s),(simp),(simp))
   case (Comb \ s1 \ s2)
    show ?case
    proof ((rule allI)+,(rule impI))
     fix t1 t2 assume Comb t1 t2 \prec Comb s1 s2
     show t1 \prec (Comb \ s1 \ s2) \land t2 \prec (Comb \ s1 \ s2)
     proof (rule ccontr)
       assume neg: \neg(t1 \prec (Comb \ s1 \ s2) \land t2 \prec (Comb \ s1 \ s2))
       from \langle Comb \ t1 \ t2 \prec Comb \ s1 \ s2 \rangle have
         d: Comb t1 t2 = s1 \lor Comb t1 t2 = s2 \lor Comb t1 t2 \prec s1 \lor Comb t1
t2 \prec s2
         by auto
       have i: \neg (Comb \ t1 \ t2 = s1)
       proof
         assume (Comb t1 t2 = s1)
         then have t1 \prec s1 and t2 \prec s1 by auto
         from this and neg show False by auto
       qed
       have ii: \neg (Comb t1 t2 = s2)
       proof
         assume (Comb t1 t2 = s2)
         then have t1 \prec s2 and t2 \prec s2 by auto
         from this and neg show False by auto
       qed
       have iii: \neg (Comb t1 t2 \prec s1)
       proof
```

```
assume (Comb t1 t2 \prec s1)
         then have t1 \prec s1 \wedge t2 \prec s1 using Comb.IH by metis
         from this and neg show False by auto
       qed
       have iv: \neg (Comb t1 t2 \prec s2)
       proof
         assume (Comb t1 t2 \prec s2)
         then have t1 \prec s2 \wedge t2 \prec s2 using Comb.IH by metis
         from this and neg show False by auto
       qed
       from d and i ii iii iv show False by auto
    qed
  qed
qed
lemma subt-irrefl:
 shows \neg (s \prec s)
proof ((induction s), (simp), (simp))
   case (Comb t1 t2)
    show ?case
   proof
     assume Comb t1 t2 \prec Comb t1 t2
     then have i: Comb t1 t2 \neq t1 using Comb.IH(1) by fastforce
    from (Comb t1 t2 \prec Comb t1 t2) have ii: Comb t1 t2 \neq t2 using Comb.IH(2)
by fastforce
     from i ii and (Comb t1 t2 \prec Comb t1 t2) have Comb t1 t2 \prec t1 \lor Comb
t1 \ t2 \prec t2 \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
     then show False
     proof
       assume Comb t1 t2 \prec t1
       then have t1 \prec t1 using subt-decompose [of t1] by metis
       from this show False using Comb.IH by auto
     next
       assume Comb t1 t2 \prec t2
       then have t2 \prec t2 using subt-decompose [of t2] by metis
       from this show False using Comb.IH by auto
     qed
   qed
qed
lemma MGU-exists:
 shows \forall \sigma. ((subst t \sigma) = (subst s \sigma) \longrightarrow unify t s \neq None)
proof (rule unify.induct)
    fix x s1 s2 show \forall \sigma :: a \text{ subst } ((\text{subst } (\text{Const } x) \sigma) = (\text{subst } (\text{Comb } s1 \ s2))
\sigma)
     \longrightarrow unify (Const x) (Comb s1 s2) \neq None) by simp
   \mathbf{next}
   fix t1 t2 y show \forall \sigma :: 'a \ subst.(subst (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \ \sigma) = (subst (Const \ y) \ \sigma)
     \longrightarrow unify (Comb t1 t2) (Const y) \neq None by simp
```

\mathbf{next}

fix x y show $\forall \sigma :: 'a \ subst.(subst \ (Const \ x) \ \sigma) = (subst \ (Var \ y) \ \sigma)$ \rightarrow unify (Const x) (Var y) \neq None using unify.simps(3) by fastforce \mathbf{next} fix t1 t2 y show $\forall \sigma :: a \ subst.(subst \ (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \ \sigma) = (subst \ (Var \ y) \ \sigma)$ \longrightarrow unify (Comb t1 t2) (Var y) \neq None by (metis option.distinct(1) subst-mono subt-irrefl unify.simps(4)) next fix x s show $\forall \sigma :: a \ subst.(subst (Var x) \sigma) = (subst s \sigma)$ \longrightarrow unify (Var x) $s \neq$ None by (metis option.distinct(1) subst-mono subt-irrefl unify.simps(5))next fix x y show $\forall \sigma :: 'a \ subst.(subst (Const x) \sigma) = (subst (Const y) \sigma)$ \rightarrow unify (Const x) (Const y) \neq None by simp next fix t1 t2 s1 s2 show $\forall \sigma :: a \text{ subst. (subst t1 } \sigma = \text{ subst s1 } \sigma \longrightarrow \text{ unify t1 } s1 \neq \text{None} \Longrightarrow$ $(\bigwedge x2. unify \ t1 \ s1 = Some \ x2 \Longrightarrow$ $\forall \sigma. \ subst \ (t2 \lhd x2) \ \sigma = subst \ (s2 \lhd x2) \ \sigma \longrightarrow$ unify $(t2 \triangleleft x2)$ $(s2 \triangleleft x2) \neq None) \Longrightarrow$ $\forall \sigma. (subst (t1 \cdot t2) \sigma = subst (s1 \cdot s2) \sigma \longrightarrow$ unify $(t1 \cdot t2) (s1 \cdot s2) \neq None$ proof – **assume** h1: $\forall \sigma$. (subst t1 σ = subst s1 $\sigma \longrightarrow$ unify t1 s1 \neq None) assume h2: ($\bigwedge x2$. unify t1 s1 = Some x2 \Longrightarrow $\forall \sigma. \ subst \ (t2 \lhd x2) \ \sigma = subst \ (s2 \lhd x2) \ \sigma \longrightarrow$ unify $(t2 \triangleleft x2)$ $(s2 \triangleleft x2) \neq None)$ show $\forall \sigma$. (subst (t1 · t2) σ = subst (s1 · s2) $\sigma \longrightarrow$ unify $(t1 \cdot t2) (s1 \cdot s2) \neq None$ **proof** ((*rule allI*),(*rule impI*)) fix σ assume h3: subst $(t1 \cdot t2) \sigma = subst (s1 \cdot s2) \sigma$ from h3 have subst t1 σ = subst s1 σ by auto from this and h1 have unify t1 s1 \neq None by auto from this obtain ϑ where unify $t1 \ s1 = Some \ \vartheta$ and $MGU \ \vartheta \ t1 \ s1$ **by** (meson option.exhaust unify-computes-MGU) **from** (subst t1 σ = subst s1 σ) have Unifier σ t1 s1 unfolding Unifier-def by auto from this and $\langle MGU \ \vartheta \ t1 \ s1 \rangle$ obtain η where $\sigma \doteq \vartheta \ \Diamond \ \eta$ using MGU-def by *metis* from h3 have subst t2 σ = subst s2 σ by auto from this and $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \eta \rangle$ have subst (subst t2 ϑ) η = subst (subst s2 ϑ) η **by** (*simp add: subst-eq-def*) from this and (unify $t1 \ s1 = Some \ \vartheta$) and $h2 \ [of \ \vartheta]$ have unify $(t2 \ \lhd \vartheta)$ $(s\mathcal{Z} \lhd \vartheta) \neq None$ by auto from this show unify $(t1 \cdot t2) (s1 \cdot s2) \neq None$ by (simp add: (unify $t1 \ s1 = Some \ \vartheta$) option.case-eq-if)

```
qed
qed
qed
```

We establish some useful properties of substitutions and instances.

```
definition ground-on :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a subst \Rightarrow bool
  where ground-on V \sigma = (\forall x \in V. (ground-term (subst (Var x) \sigma)))
lemma comp-subst-terms:
    assumes \sigma \doteq \vartheta \Diamond \eta
    shows (subst t \sigma) = (subst (subst t \vartheta) \eta)
proof -
    from \langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \eta \rangle have ((subst t \sigma) = (subst t (\vartheta \rangle \eta))) by auto
    have (subst\ t\ (\vartheta \Diamond \eta) = (subst\ (subst\ t\ \vartheta)\ \eta)) by auto
    from this and \langle ((subst \ t \ \sigma) = (subst \ t \ (\vartheta \ \Diamond \ \eta))) \rangle show ?thesis by auto
\mathbf{qed}
lemma ground-instance:
  assumes ground-on (vars-of t) \sigma
  shows ground-term (subst t \sigma)
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume \neg ground-term (subst t \sigma)
  then have vars-of (subst t \sigma) \neq {} unfolding ground-term-def by auto
 then obtain x where x \in vars-of(subst t \sigma) by auto
 then have x \in \bigcup \{ V. \exists x. (x \in (vars of t)) \land (V = vars of (subst (Var x) \sigma)) \}
}
    using vars-of-instances by force
  then obtain y where x \in (vars \circ f(subst(Var y) \sigma)) and y \in (vars \circ f t) by
blast
  from assms(1) and \langle y \in (vars of t) \rangle have ground-term (subst (Var y) \sigma) un-
folding ground-on-def
    by auto
 from this and \langle x \in (vars of (subst (Var y) \sigma)) \rangle show False unfolding ground-term-def
by auto
qed
lemma substs-preserve-groundness:
 assumes ground-term t
 shows ground-term (subst t \sigma)
by (metis assms equals0D ground-instance ground-on-def ground-term-def)
lemma ground-subst-exists :
 finite V \Longrightarrow \exists \sigma. (ground-on V \sigma)
proof (induction rule: finite.induct)
```

```
proof (induction rule: finite.induct)
  case emptyI
  show ?case unfolding ground-on-def by simp
  next
  fix A :: 'a set and a::'a
  assume finite A
```

assume hyp-ind: $\exists \sigma$. ground-on $A \sigma$ then obtain σ where ground-on $A \sigma$ by auto **then show** $\exists \sigma$. ground-on (insert a A) σ **proof** cases assume $a \in A$ from this and hyp-ind show $\exists \sigma$. ground-on (insert a A) σ unfolding ground-on-def by auto \mathbf{next} assume $a \notin A$ obtain c where c = (Const a) and is-a-constant c by auto obtain ϑ where $\vartheta = (a,c) \# \sigma$ by *auto* have $\forall x. (x \in insert \ a \ A \longrightarrow (ground-term \ (subst \ (Var \ x) \ \vartheta)))$ **proof** ((rule allI)+,(rule impI)+)fix x assume $x \in insert \ a \ A$ **show** ground-term (subst (Var x) ϑ) **proof** cases assume x = afrom this and $\langle \vartheta = (a,c) \# \sigma \rangle$ have $(subst (Var x) \vartheta) = c$ by auto from (is-a-constant c) have ground-term c using constants-are-ground by autofrom this and $\langle (subst (Var x) \vartheta) = c \rangle$ show ground-term (subst (Var x) ϑ) by *auto* \mathbf{next} assume $x \neq a$ from $\langle x \neq a \rangle$ and $\langle x \in insert \ a \ A \rangle$ have $x \in A$ by *auto* from $\langle x \neq a \rangle$ and $\langle \vartheta = (a,c) \# \sigma \rangle$ have $(subst (Var x) \vartheta) = (subst (Var x) \vartheta)$ x) σ) by auto from this and $\langle x \in A \rangle$ and $\langle ground$ -on $A \sigma \rangle$ **show** ground-term (subst (Var x) ϑ) **unfolding** ground-on-def by auto qed qed from this show ?thesis unfolding ground-on-def by auto \mathbf{qed} qed **lemma** substs-preserve-ground-terms : assumes ground-term t shows subst $t \sigma = t$ by (metis agreement assms equals0D ground-term-def subst-Nil) **lemma** substs-preserve-subterms : **shows** $\bigwedge t$ s. subterm t p s \Longrightarrow subterm (subst t σ) p (subst s σ) **proof** (*induction* p) case Nil then have t = s using subterm.elims(2) by autofrom $\langle t = s \rangle$ have $(subst \ t \ \sigma) = (subst \ s \ \sigma)$ by auto from this show ?case using Nil.prems by auto **next case** (*Cons* i q) from $\langle subterm \ t \ (i \# q) \ s \rangle$ obtain $t1 \ t2$ where

 $t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2)$ using subterm.elims(2) by blast have $i = Left \lor i = Right$ using indices.exhaust by blast then show subterm (subst t σ) (i # q) (subst s σ) proof assume i = Leftfrom this and $\langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle$ and $\langle subterm \ t \ (i \ \# \ q) \ s \rangle$ have subterm $t1 \ q \ s$ by auto from this have subterm (subst t1 σ) q (subst s σ) using Cons.IH by auto from this and $\langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle$ **show** subterm (subst $t \sigma$) (i # q) (subst $s \sigma$) by (simp add: $\langle i = indices.Left \rangle$) next assume i = Rightfrom this and $\langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle$ and $\langle subterm \ t \ (i \ \# \ q) \ s \rangle$ have subterm t2 q s by auto from this have subterm (subst t2 σ) q (subst s σ) using Cons.IH by auto from this and $\langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle$ **show** subterm (subst t σ) (i # q) (subst s σ) **by** (simp add: $\langle i = indices.Right \rangle$) qed qed **lemma** substs-preserve-occurs-in: assumes occurs-in s t**shows** occurs-in (subst s σ) (subst t σ) using *substs-preserve-subterms* using assms occurs-in-def by blast definition coincide-on where coincide-on $\sigma \eta$ $V = (\forall x \in V. (subst (Var x) \sigma) = ((subst (Var x) \eta)))$ **lemma** coincide-sym: assumes coincide-on $\sigma \eta V$ shows coincide-on $\eta \sigma V$ by (metis assms coincide-on-def) **lemma** coincide-on-term: **shows** $\land \sigma \eta$. coincide-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of t) \Longrightarrow subst t σ = subst t η **proof** (*induction* t) case (Var x) from this show subst (Var x) $\sigma = subst$ (Var x) η unfolding coincide-on-def by auto **next case** (*Const* x) show subst (Const x) σ = subst (Const x) η by auto **next case** (*Comb t1 t2*) from this show ?case unfolding coincide-on-def by auto qed **lemma** ground-replacement:

assumes replace-subterm t p v s

assumes ground-term (subst t σ) assumes ground-term (subst $v \sigma$) shows ground-term (subst $s \sigma$) proof – from assms(1) have $vars-of s \subseteq (vars-of t) \cup (vars-of v)$ using vars-of-replacement-set [of t p v s]by auto **from** assms(2) have ground-on (vars-of t) σ unfolding ground-on-def by (metis contra-subsetD ex-in-conv ground-term-def occs-vars-subset subst-mono vars-iff-occseq) from assms(3) have ground-on (vars-of v) σ unfolding ground-on-def **by** (*metis contra-subsetD ex-in-conv ground-term-def* occs-vars-subset subst-mono vars-iff-occseq) **from** (vars-of $s \subseteq$ (vars-of t) \cup (vars-of v)) (vars-of t) σ) and $\langle qround-on (vars-of v) \sigma \rangle$ have ground-on (vars-of s) σ **by** (meson UnE ground-on-def rev-subsetD) from this show ?thesis using ground-instance by blast qed

We now show that two disjoint substitutions can always be fused.

```
lemma combine-substs:
  assumes finite V1
  assumes V1 \cap V2 = \{\}
 assumes ground-on V1 \eta1
 shows \exists \sigma. (coincide-on \sigma \eta 1 V 1) \land (coincide-on \sigma \eta 2 V 2)
proof -
  have finite V1 \implies \text{ground-on } V1 \ \eta 1 \implies V1 \cap V2 = \{\} \implies \exists \sigma. (coincide-on
\sigma \eta 1 V1) \wedge (coincide-on \sigma \eta 2 V2)
  proof (induction rule: finite.induct)
     case emptyI
     show ?case unfolding coincide-on-def by auto
   next fix V1 :: 'a set and a::'a
     assume finite V1
     assume hyp-ind: ground-on V1 \eta 1 \Longrightarrow V1 \cap V2 = {}
        \implies \exists \sigma. (coincide-on \ \sigma \ \eta 1 \ V1) \land (coincide-on \ \sigma \ \eta 2 \ V2)
     assume ground-on (insert a V1) \eta 1
     assume (insert a V1) \cap V2 = {}
     from this have V1 \cap V2 = \{\} by auto
     from \langle ground-on (insert a V1) \eta 1 \rangle have ground-on V1 \eta 1
        unfolding ground-on-def by auto
     from this and hyp-ind and \langle V1 \cap V2 = \{\}\rangle obtain \sigma'
       where c:(coincide-on \sigma' \eta 1 V 1) \wedge (coincide-on \sigma' \eta 2 V 2) by auto
     let ?t = subst (Var a) \eta 1
     from assms(2) have ground-term ?t
       by (meson \langle ground-on (insert a V1) \eta 1 \rangle ground-on-def insertI1)
     let ?\sigma = comp [(a,?t)] \sigma'
     have coincide-on ?\sigma \eta 1 (insert a V1)
     proof (rule ccontr)
       assume \neg coincide on ?\sigma \eta 1 (insert a V1)
```

then obtain x where $x \in (insert \ a \ V1)$ and $(subst (Var x) ?\sigma) \neq ((subst (Var x) \eta 1))$ unfolding coincide-on-def by blast have subst (Var a) $?\sigma$ = subst ?t σ' by simp **from** $\langle qround$ -term $?t \rangle$ have subst (Var a) $?\sigma = ?t$ using substs-preserve-ground-terms by auto from this and $\langle (subst (Var x) ? \sigma) \neq ((subst (Var x) \eta 1)) \rangle$ have $x \neq a$ by blast from this and $\langle x \in (insert \ a \ V1) \rangle$ have $x \in V1$ by auto from $\langle x \neq a \rangle$ have (subst (Var x) ? σ) = (subst (Var x) σ') by auto from c and $\langle x \in V1 \rangle$ have (subst (Var x) σ') = (subst (Var x) $\eta 1$) unfolding coincide-on-def by blast from this and $\langle (subst (Var x) ? \sigma) \rangle = (subst (Var x) \sigma') \rangle$ and $\langle (subst (Var x) ? \sigma) \neq ((subst (Var x) \eta 1)) \rangle$ show False by auto qed have coincide-on $?\sigma \eta 2 V2$ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume $\neg coincide \text{-}on ?\sigma \eta 2 V2$ then obtain x where $x \in V2$ and $(subst (Var x) ?\sigma) \neq ((subst (Var x) \eta 2))$ unfolding coincide-on-def by blast from $\langle (insert \ a \ V1) \cap V2 = \{\} \rangle$ and $\langle x \in V2 \rangle$ have $x \neq a$ by auto from this have (subst (Var x) $?\sigma$) = (subst (Var x) σ') by auto from c and $\langle x \in V2 \rangle$ have (subst (Var x) σ') = (subst (Var x) $\eta 2$) unfolding coincide-on-def by blast from this and $\langle (subst (Var x) ? \sigma) \rangle = (subst (Var x) \sigma') \rangle$ and $\langle (subst (Var x) ? \sigma) \neq ((subst (Var x) \eta 2)) \rangle$ show False by auto qed from $\langle coincide-on ?\sigma \eta 1 \ (insert \ a \ V1) \rangle \langle coincide-on ?\sigma \eta 2 \ V2 \rangle$ **show** $\exists \sigma$. (coincide-on $\sigma \eta 1$ (insert a V1)) \land (coincide-on $\sigma \eta 2$ V2) by autoqed from this and assms show ?thesis by auto qed We define a map function for substitutions and prove its correctness. fun map-subst where *map-subst* f Nil = Nil | map-subst f ((x,y) # l) = (x,(f y)) # (map-subst f l)**lemma** *map-subst-lemma*: **shows** ((subst (Var x) σ) \neq (Var x) \lor (subst (Var x) σ) \neq (subst (Var x) $(map-subst f \sigma)))$ \longrightarrow ((subst (Var x) (map-subst f σ)) = (f (subst (Var x) σ))) **proof** (*induction* σ ,*simp*) **next case** (Cons $p \sigma$) let ?u = (fst p)let ?v = (snd p)show ?case

proof

assume $((subst (Var x) (Cons p \sigma)) \neq (Var x)$ \lor (subst (Var x) (Cons $p \sigma$)) \neq (subst (Var x) (map-subst f (Cons p σ)))) have map-subst f (Cons $p \sigma$) = ((?u, (f?v)) # (map-subst $f \sigma$)) **by** (*metis map-subst.simps*(2) *prod.collapse*) **show** (subst (Var x) (map-subst f (Cons $p \sigma$))) = (f (subst (Var x) (Cons p $\sigma)))$ proof cases assume x = ?ufrom this have subst (Var x) (Cons $p \sigma$) = ?v by $(metis \ assoc.simps(2) \ prod.collapse \ subst.simps(1))$ **from** $(map-subst f (Cons p \sigma) = ((?u, (f ?v)) \# (map-subst f \sigma)))$ and $\langle x = ?u \rangle$ have subst (Var x) (map-subst f (Cons $p \sigma$)) = (f ?v) by simp **from** $\langle subst$ (Var x) (Cons $p \sigma$) = $\langle v \rangle \langle subst$ (Var x) (map-subst f (Cons p σ)) = (f ?v) show ?thesis by auto \mathbf{next} assume $x \neq ?u$ from this have subst (Var x) (Cons $p \sigma$) = (subst (Var x) σ) by (metis assoc.simps(2) prod.collapse subst.simps(1)) **from** $\langle map\text{-subst } f (Cons \ p \ \sigma) = ((?u, (f?v)) \# (map\text{-subst } f \ \sigma)) \rangle$ and $\langle x \neq ?u \rangle$ have subst (Var x) (map-subst f (Cons $p \sigma$)) = subst (Var x) (map-subst f σ) by simp from this and Cons.IH have subst (Var x) (map-subst f (Cons $p \sigma$)) = (f (subst (Var x) σ)) using $\langle subst (Var x) (p \# \sigma) = subst (Var x) \sigma \rangle \langle subst (Var x) (p \# \sigma) \rangle$ \neq Var $x \vee$ subst (Var x) ($p \# \sigma$) \neq subst (Var x) (map-subst f ($p \# \sigma$)) by auto from this and (subst (Var x) (Cons $p \sigma$) = (subst (Var x) σ)) show ?thesis

```
by auto
qed
qed
```

 \mathbf{qed}

2.3.1 Minimum Idempotent Most General Unifier

definition min-IMGU :: 'a subst \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow bool where min-IMGU μ t $u \leftrightarrow$ IMGU μ t $u \wedge fst$ ' set $\mu \subseteq vars-of t \cup vars-of u \wedge range-vars \mu \subseteq vars-of t \cup vars-of u$

lemma *unify-computes-min-IMGU*:

unify $M N = Some \sigma \implies min-IMGU \sigma M N$ **by** (simp add: min-IMGU-def IMGU-iff-Idem-and-MGU unify-computes-MGU unify-gives-Idem unify-gives-minimal-domain unify-gives-minimal-range)
2.4 Congruences

We now define the notion of a congruence on ground terms, i.e., an equivalence relation that is closed under contextual embedding.

type-synonym 'a binary-relation-on-trms = 'a trm \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow bool

definition reflexive :: 'a binary-relation-on-trms \Rightarrow bool where

 $(reflexive x) = (\forall y. (x y y))$

definition symmetric :: 'a binary-relation-on-trms \Rightarrow bool where

 $(symmetric x) = (\forall y. \forall z. ((x y z) = (x z y)))$

definition transitive :: 'a binary-relation-on-trms \Rightarrow bool where

 $(transitive \ x) = (\forall \ y. \ \forall \ z. \ \forall \ u. \ (x \ y \ z) \longrightarrow (x \ z \ u) \longrightarrow (x \ y \ u))$

definition equivalence-relation :: 'a binary-relation-on-trms \Rightarrow bool where

 $(equivalence-relation x) = ((reflexive x) \land (symmetric x) \land (transitive x))$

definition compatible-with-structure :: ('a binary-relation-on-trms) \Rightarrow bool where

 $\begin{array}{l} (compatible-with-structure \ x) = (\forall \ t1 \ t2 \ s1 \ s2. \\ (x \ t1 \ s1) \longrightarrow (x \ t2 \ s2) \longrightarrow (x \ (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \ (Comb \ s1 \ s2))) \end{array}$

definition congruence :: 'a binary-relation-on-trms \Rightarrow bool where

 $(congruence x) = ((equivalence-relation x) \land (compatible-with-structure x))$

lemma replacement-preserves-congruences : **shows** $\land t$ s. (congruence I) \Longrightarrow (I (subst $u \sigma$) (subst $v \sigma$)) \implies subterm t p u \implies replace-subterm t p v s \implies (I (subst t σ) (subst s σ)) **proof** (*induction* p) case Nil from (subterm t Nil u) have t = u by auto from $\langle replace$ -subterm t Nil v s \rangle have s = v by auto from $\langle t = u \rangle$ and $\langle s = v \rangle$ and $\langle (I (subst u \sigma) (subst v \sigma)) \rangle$ show ?case by auto **next case** (Cons i q) from $\langle subterm \ t \ (i \# q) \ u \rangle$ obtain $t1 \ t2$ where $t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2)$ using subterm.elims(2) by blasthave $i = Left \lor i = Right$ using indices.exhaust by blast then show I (subst t σ) (subst s σ) proof assume i = Leftfrom this and $\langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle$ and $\langle subterm \ t \ (i \ \# \ q) \ u \rangle$ have subterm t1 q u by auto

from $\langle i = Left \rangle$ and $\langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle$ and $\langle replace-subterm \ t \ (i \ \# \ q) \ v \ s \rangle$ **obtain** t1' where replace-subterm $t1 \ q \ v \ t1'$ and $s = Comb \ t1' \ t2$ by auto from $\langle congruence I \rangle$ and $\langle (I (subst u \sigma) (subst v \sigma)) \rangle$ and $\langle subterm \ t1 \ q \ u \rangle$ and $\langle replace-subterm \ t1 \ q \ v \ t1' \rangle$ have I (subst t1 σ) (subst t1 ' σ) using Cons.IH Cons.prems(1) by blast from $\langle congruence I \rangle$ have I (subst t2 σ) (subst t2 σ) unfolding congruence-def equivalence-relation-def reflexive-def by auto **from** $\langle I (subst t1 \sigma) (subst t1' \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle I (subst t2 \sigma) (subst t2 \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle congruence I \rangle$ and $\langle t = (Comb t1 t2) \rangle$ and $\langle s = (Comb t1' t2) \rangle$ show I (subst t σ) (subst s σ) unfolding congruence-def compatible-with-structure-def by auto next assume i = Rightfrom this and $\langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle$ and $\langle subterm \ t \ (i \ \# \ q) \ u \rangle$ have subterm t2 q u by auto from $\langle i = Right \rangle$ and $\langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle$ and $\langle replace-subterm \ t \ (i \ \# \ q) \ v \ s \rangle$ obtain t2' where replace-subterm t2 q v t2' and s = Comb t1 t2' by auto from $\langle congruence I \rangle$ and $\langle (I (subst u \sigma) (subst v \sigma)) \rangle$ and $\langle subterm \ t2 \ q \ u \rangle$ and $\langle replace-subterm \ t2 \ q \ v \ t2' \rangle$ have I (subst t2 σ) (subst t2 ' σ) using Cons.IH Cons.prems(1) by blast from $\langle congruence I \rangle$ have I (subst t1 σ) (subst t1 σ) unfolding congruence-def equivalence-relation-def reflexive-def by auto **from** $\langle I (subst t2 \sigma) (subst t2' \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle I (subst t1 \sigma) (subst t1 \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle congruence I \rangle$ and $\langle t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle$ and $\langle s = (Comb \ t1 \ t2') \rangle$ **show** I (subst t σ) (subst s σ) unfolding congruence-def compatible-with-structure-def by auto qed qed definition equivalent-on where equivalent-on $\sigma \eta V I = (\forall x \in V.$ $(I (subst (Var x) \sigma) ((subst (Var x) \eta))))$ **lemma** equivalent-on-term: assumes congruence I **shows** $\land \sigma \eta$. equivalent-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of t) $I \Longrightarrow (I (subst t \sigma) (subst t \eta))$ **proof** (*induction* t)

case (Var x)

from this show $(I (subst (Var x) \sigma) (subst (Var x) \eta))$

unfolding equivalent-on-def by auto

next case (Const x)

from assms(1) **show** $(I (subst (Const x) \sigma) (subst (Const x) \eta))$

unfolding congruence-def equivalence-relation-def reflexive-def **by** auto **next case** (Comb t1 t2)

from this assms(1) show ?case unfolding equivalent-on-def

2.5 Renamings

We define the usual notion of a renaming. We show that fresh renamings always exist (provided the set of variables is infinite) and that renamings admit inverses.

```
definition renaming
where
  renaming \sigma V = (\forall x \in V. (is-a-variable (subst (Var x) \sigma)))
     \land (\forall x y. ((x \in V) \longrightarrow (y \in V) \longrightarrow x \neq y \longrightarrow (subst (Var x) \sigma) \neq (subst)
(Var \ y) \ \sigma))))
lemma renamings-admit-inverse:
  shows finite V \Longrightarrow renaming \sigma V \Longrightarrow \exists \vartheta. (\forall x \in V. (subst (subst (Var x) \sigma
(\vartheta) = (Var x)
    \land (\forall x. (x \notin (subst-codomain \ \sigma \ V) \longrightarrow (subst (Var \ x) \ \vartheta) = (Var \ x)))
    \land (\forall x. is-a-variable (subst (Var x) \vartheta))
proof (induction rule: finite.induct)
  case emptyI
    let ?\vartheta = []
    have i: (\forall x \in \{\}). (subst (subst (Var x) \sigma) (\vartheta) = (Var x)) by auto
    have ii: (\forall x. (x \notin (subst-codomain \sigma \{\}) \longrightarrow (subst (Var x) ?\vartheta) = (Var x)))
by auto
    have iii: \forall x. is-a-variable (subst (Var x) ?\vartheta) by simp
    from i ii iii show ?case by metis
next
  fix A :: 'a \text{ set and } a :: 'a
  assume finite A
  assume hyp-ind: renaming \sigma A \Longrightarrow \exists \vartheta. (\forall x \in A. (subst (subst (Var x) \sigma) \vartheta)
= (Var x)
    \wedge (\forall x. (x \notin (subst-codomain \ \sigma \ A) \longrightarrow (subst \ (Var \ x) \ \vartheta) = (Var \ x)))
    \land (\forall x. is-a-variable (subst (Var x) \vartheta))
  show renaming \sigma (insert a A) \Longrightarrow \exists \vartheta. (\forall x \in (insert \ a A)). (subst (subst (Var))
(x) \sigma (\vartheta) = (Var x)
    \land (\forall x. (x \notin (subst-codomain \ \sigma \ (insert \ a \ A)) \longrightarrow (subst \ (Var \ x) \ \vartheta) = (Var \ x)))
    \land (\forall x. is-a-variable (subst (Var x) \vartheta))
  proof –
    assume renaming \sigma (insert a A)
    show \exists \vartheta. (\forall x \in (insert \ a \ A)). (subst (subst (Var x) \sigma) \vartheta) = (Var x))
    \land (\forall x. (x \notin (subst-codomain \ \sigma \ (insert \ a \ A)) \longrightarrow (subst \ (Var \ x) \ \vartheta) = (Var \ x)))
    \land (\forall x. is-a-variable (subst (Var x) \vartheta))
    proof (cases)
      assume a \in A
      from this have insert a A = A by auto
      from this and (renaming \sigma (insert a A)) hyp-ind show ?thesis by metis
    next assume a \notin A
```

from (renaming σ (insert a A)) have renaming σ A unfolding renaming-def by blast from this and hyp-ind obtain ϑ where i: $(\forall x \in A. (subst (subst (Var x)$ σ) ϑ = (Var x)) and *ii*: $(\forall x. (x \notin (subst-codomain \sigma A) \longrightarrow (subst (Var x) \vartheta) = (Var x)))$ and *iii*: $\forall x$. *is-a-variable* (Var $x \triangleleft \vartheta$) by metis from (renaming σ (insert a A)) have is-a-variable (subst (Var a) σ) unfolding renaming-def by blast from this obtain b where (subst (Var a) σ) = (Var b) using is-a-variable.elims(2) by auto let $?\eta = (b, (Var \ a)) \# \vartheta$ have i': $(\forall x \in (insert \ a \ A), (subst (subst (Var \ x) \ \sigma)) ?\eta) = (Var \ x))$ proof fix x assume $x \in (insert \ a \ A)$ **show** (subst (subst (Var x) σ) $?\eta$) = (Var x) **proof** (*cases*) assume x = afrom this have (subst (Var b) ((b, (Var a)) # Nil)) = (Var a)by simp have $b \notin (subst-codomain \ \sigma \ A)$ proof assume $b \in (subst-codomain \ \sigma \ A)$ from this have $\exists y$. (subst (Var y) σ) = (Var b) \land ($y \in A$) unfolding subst-codomain-def by force then obtain a' where $a' \in A$ and subst (Var a') $\sigma = (Var b)$ by *metis* from $\langle a' \in A \rangle$ and $\langle a \notin A \rangle$ have $a \neq a'$ by *auto* have $a \in (insert \ a \ A)$ by auto from $\langle a \neq a' \rangle$ and $\langle a' \in A \rangle$ and $\langle a \in (insert \ a \ A) \rangle$ and $\langle renaming \ \sigma$ $(insert \ a \ A)$ have (subst (Var a) $\sigma \neq$ (subst (Var a') σ)) unfolding renaming-def by blast from this and (subst (Var a') $\sigma = (Var b)$) (subst (Var a) σ) = (Var $b) \rangle$ show False by auto qed from this and ii have (subst (Var b) ϑ) = (Var b) by auto from this and $\langle x = a \rangle \langle (subst (Var a) \sigma) = (Var b) \rangle$ $\langle (subst (Var b) ((b, (Var a)) \# Nil) \rangle = (Var a) \rangle$ **show** (subst (subst (Var x) σ) ? η) = (Var x) by simp **next assume** $x \neq a$ from this and $\langle x \in insert \ a \ A \rangle$ obtain $x \in A$ by auto from this i have (subst (subst (Var x) σ) ϑ) = (Var x) **by** *auto* then show (subst (subst (Var x) σ) $?\eta$) = (Var x) by (metis (subst (Var a) $\sigma = Var b$) (renaming σ (insert a A))

 $\langle x \in insert \ a \ A \rangle \ \langle x \neq a \rangle \ insert I1 \ is-a-variable.elims(2)$ occs.simps(1) renaming-def repl-invariance vars-iff-occseq) \mathbf{qed} qed have ii': $(\forall x. (x \notin (subst-codomain \sigma (insert a A)) \longrightarrow (subst (Var x) ?\eta)$ = (Var x))**proof** ((*rule allI*),(*rule impI*)) fix x assume $x \notin subst-codomain \sigma$ (insert a A) from this $\langle (subst (Var a) \sigma) = (Var b) \rangle$ have $x \neq b$ unfolding subst-codomain-def by *auto* from this have (subst (Var x) $?\eta$) = (subst (Var x) ϑ) by auto **from** $\langle x \notin subst-codomain \ \sigma \ (insert \ a \ A) \rangle$ have $x \notin (subst-codomain \ \sigma \ A)$ **unfolding** subst-codomain-def by auto from this and ii have (subst (Var x) ϑ) = (Var x) by auto **from** $\langle (subst (Var x) ?\eta) = (subst (Var x) \vartheta) \rangle$ and $\langle (subst (Var x) \vartheta) = (Var x) \rangle$ show $(subst (Var x) ?\eta) = (Var x)$ by *auto* qed have *iii'*: $\forall x$. *is-a-variable* (*subst* (*Var* x) ? η) using *iii* by *auto* from i' ii' iii' show ?thesis by auto qed qed qed **lemma** renaming-exists: assumes \neg finite (Vars :: ('a set)) shows finite $V \Longrightarrow (\forall V':::'a \text{ set. finite } V' \longrightarrow (\exists \eta. ((renaming \eta V) \land ((subst-codomain)))))$ $\eta V \cap V' = \{\})))$ **proof** (*induction rule: finite.induct*) case emptyI let $?\eta = []$ show ?case unfolding renaming-def subst-codomain-def by auto next fix A :: 'a set and a :: 'aassume finite A **assume** hyp-ind: $\forall V':: 'a \text{ set. finite } V' \longrightarrow (\exists \eta. renaming \eta A \land subst-codomain$ $\eta A \cap V' = \{\})$ **show** \forall V':: 'a set. finite V' $\longrightarrow (\exists \eta. renaming \eta (insert \ a \ A) \land subst-codomain$ $\eta \ (insert \ a \ A) \ \cap \ V' = \{\})$ **proof** ((*rule allI*),(*rule impI*)) fix $V':: 'a \ set$ assume finite V'from this have finite (insert a V') by auto from this and hyp-ind obtain η where renaming η A and (subst-codomain ηA \cap (insert a V') = {} by metis **from** (finite A) have finite (subst-codomain η A) using subst-codomain-is-finite by auto

from this (finite V') have finite $(V' \cup (subst-codomain \eta A))$ by auto from this have finite ((insert a V') \cup (subst-codomain η A)) by auto **from** this $\langle \neg$ finite Vars \rangle have \neg (Vars \subseteq ((insert a V') \cup (subst-codomain η A))) using rev-finite-subset **by** *metis* from this obtain nv where $nv \in Vars$ and $nv \notin (insert \ a \ V')$ and $nv \notin insert \ a \ V'$ (subst-codomain η A) by auto let $?\eta = (a, (Var nv)) \# \eta$ have i: $(\forall x \in (insert \ a \ A))$. $(is-a-variable \ (subst \ (Var \ x) \ ?\eta)))$ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) **assume** \neg ($\forall x \in (insert \ a \ A)$). (*is-a-variable* (*subst* (*Var* x) ? η))) then obtain x where $x \in (insert \ a \ A)$ and $\neg is-a-variable (subst (Var x))$?η) by *auto* from $\langle \neg is$ -a-variable (subst (Var x) ? $\eta \rangle$) have $x \neq a$ by auto from this and $\langle x \in (insert \ a \ A) \rangle$ have $x \in A$ by auto from $\langle x \neq a \rangle$ have (subst (Var x) ? η) = (subst (Var x) η) by auto from (renaming ηA) and ($x \in A$) have is-a-variable (subst (Var x) η) unfolding renaming-def by metis from this and $\langle \neg is-a-variable (subst (Var x) ?\eta) \rangle$ $\langle (subst (Var x) ?\eta) = (subst (Var x) \eta) \rangle$ show False by auto qed have ii: $(\forall x y. ((x \in (insert \ a \ A)) \longrightarrow (y \in (insert \ a \ A)) \longrightarrow x \neq y$ $\longrightarrow (subst (Var x) ?\eta) \neq (subst (Var y) ?\eta)))$ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) **assume** $\neg(\forall x y. ((x \in (insert \ a \ A)) \longrightarrow (y \in (insert \ a \ A)) \longrightarrow x \neq y$ \longrightarrow (subst (Var x) $?\eta$) \neq (subst (Var y) $?\eta$))) from this obtain x y where $x \in insert \ a \ A \ y \in insert \ a \ A \ x \neq y$ $(subst (Var x) ?\eta) = (subst (Var y) ?\eta)$ by blast from *i* obtain y' where $(subst (Var y) ?\eta) = (Var y')$ using is-a-variable.simps using $\langle y \in insert \ a \ A \rangle$ is-a-variable.elims(2) by autofrom *i* obtain x' where $(subst (Var x) ?\eta) = (Var x')$ using is-a-variable.simps using $\langle x \in insert \ a \ A \rangle$ is-a-variable.elims(2) by autofrom $\langle (subst (Var x) ?\eta) = (Var x') \rangle \langle (subst (Var y) ?\eta) = (Var y') \rangle$ $\langle (subst (Var x) ?\eta) = (subst (Var y) ?\eta) \rangle$ have x' = y' by auto have $x \neq a$ proof assume x = afrom this and $\langle x \neq y \rangle$ and $\langle y \in insert \ a \ A \rangle$ have $y \in A$ by auto from this and $\langle x \neq y \rangle$ and $\langle x = a \rangle$ and $\langle (subst (Var y) ?\eta) = (Var y') \rangle$ have $y' \in (subst-codomain \ \eta \ A)$ unfolding subst-codomain-def by auto from $\langle x = a \rangle$ and $\langle (subst (Var x) ?\eta) = (Var x') \rangle$ have x' = nv by auto from this and $\langle y' \in (subst-codomain \ \eta \ A) \rangle$ and $\langle x' = y' \rangle$ and $\langle nv \notin A \rangle$ $(subst-codomain \eta A)$ show False by auto qed from this and $\langle x \in insert \ a \ A \rangle$ have $x \in A$ and

 $(subst (Var x) ?\eta) = (subst (Var x) \eta)$ by auto have $y \neq a$ proof assume y = afrom this and $\langle x \neq y \rangle$ and $\langle x \in insert \ a \ A \rangle$ have $x \in A$ by auto from this and $\langle x \neq y \rangle$ and $\langle y = a \rangle$ and $\langle (subst (Var x) ?\eta) = (Var x') \rangle$ have $x' \in (subst-codomain \ \eta \ A)$ unfolding subst-codomain-def by auto from $\langle y = a \rangle$ and $\langle (subst (Var y) ?\eta) = (Var y') \rangle$ have y' = nv by auto from this and $\langle x' \in (subst-codomain \ \eta \ A) \rangle$ and $\langle x' = y' \rangle$ and $\langle nv \notin A \rangle$ $(subst-codomain \eta A)$ show False by auto qed from this and $\langle y \in insert \ a \ A \rangle$ have $y \in A$ and $(subst (Var y) ?\eta) = (subst (Var y) \eta)$ by auto **from** $\langle (subst (Var x) ?\eta) = (subst (Var x) \eta) \rangle$ $\langle (subst (Var y) ?\eta) = (subst (Var y) \eta) \rangle$ $\langle (subst (Var x) ?\eta) = (subst (Var y) ?\eta) \rangle$ have $(subst (Var x) \eta) = (subst (Var y) \eta)$ by auto from this and $\langle x \in A \rangle$ and $\langle y \in A \rangle$ and $\langle renaming \eta A \rangle$ and $\langle x \neq y \rangle$ show False unfolding renaming-def by metis qed from *i* ii have renaming $?\eta$ (insert *a* A) unfolding renaming-def by auto have $((subst-codomain ?\eta (insert a A)) \cap V') = \{\}$ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume (subst-codomain $?\eta$ (insert a A)) \cap V' \neq {} then obtain x where $x \in (subst-codomain ?\eta (insert a A))$ and $x \in V'$ by autofrom $\langle x \in (subst-codomain ?\eta (insert a A)) \rangle$ obtain x' where $x' \in (insert a A)$ A)and subst (Var x') $?\eta = (Var x)$ unfolding subst-codomain-def by blast have $x' \neq a$ proof assume x' = afrom this and (subst (Var x') $?\eta = (Var x)$) have x = nv by auto from this and $\langle x \in V' \rangle$ and $\langle nv \notin (insert \ a \ V') \rangle$ show False by auto qed from this and $\langle x' \in (insert \ a \ A) \rangle$ have $x' \in A$ by auto from $\langle x' \neq a \rangle$ and $\langle subst (Var x') ?\eta = (Var x) \rangle$ have $(Var x) = (subst (Var x') \eta)$ by auto from this and $\langle x' \in A \rangle$ have $x \in subst$ -codomain ηA unfolding subst-codomain-def by *auto* **from** $\langle x \in subst-codomain \ \eta \ A \rangle$ and $\langle (subst-codomain \ \eta \ A) \cap (insert \ a \ V')$ $= \{\}$ and $\langle x \in V' \rangle$ show False by auto qed **from** this and (renaming $?\eta$ (insert a A)) **show** $\exists \eta$. renaming η (insert a A) \wedge subst-codomain η (insert a A) $\cap V' =$

{} by auto

```
qed
end
theory equational-clausal-logic
```

imports Main terms HOL-Library.Multiset

begin

qed

3 Equational Clausal Logic

The syntax and semantics of clausal equational logic are defined as usual. Interpretations are congruences on binary trees.

3.1 Syntax

We first define the syntax of equational clauses.

datatype 'a equation = Eq 'a trm 'a trm

fun lhs where lhs (Comb t1 t2) = t1 | lhs (Var x) = (Var x) | lhs (Const x) = (Const x)

fun rhs where rhs (Comb t1 t2) = t2 | rhs (Var x) = (Var x) | rhs (Const x) = (Const x)

datatype 'a literal = Pos 'a equation | Neg 'a equation

fun $atom :: 'a \ literal \Rightarrow 'a \ equation$ **where** $(atom \ (Pos \ x)) = x \mid$ $(atom \ (Neg \ x)) = x$

datatype $sign = pos \mid neg$

fun get-sign :: 'a literal \Rightarrow sign **where** (get-sign (Pos x)) = pos | (get-sign (Neg x)) = neg

fun positive-literal :: 'a literal \Rightarrow bool

where (positive-literal (Pos x)) = True |(positive-literal (Neg x)) = False**fun** negative-literal :: 'a literal \Rightarrow bool where $(negative-literal (Pos x)) = False \mid$ (negative-literal (Neg x)) = True**fun** *mk*-*lit* :: *sign* \Rightarrow 'a equation \Rightarrow 'a literal where $(mk\text{-}lit \ pos \ x) = (Pos \ x) \mid$ (mk-lit neg x) = (Neg x)definition decompose-equation where decompose-equation $e \ t \ s = (e = (Eq \ t \ s) \lor (e = (Eq \ s \ t)))$ definition decompose-literal where decompose-literal L t s p = $(\exists e. ((p = pos \land (L = (Pos e)) \land decompose-equation e t s))$ \lor $(p = neg \land (L = (Neg \ e)) \land decompose-equation \ e \ t \ s)))$ **fun** subterms-of-eq where subterms-of-eq $(Eq \ t \ s) = (subterms-of \ t \cup subterms-of \ s)$ fun vars-of-eq where vars-of-eq $(Eq \ t \ s) = (vars-of \ t \cup vars-of \ s)$ **lemma** decompose-equation-vars: **assumes** decompose-equation e t s**shows** vars-of $t \subseteq$ vars-of-eq e by (metis assms decompose-equation-def sup.cobounded1 sup-commute vars-of-eq.simps) fun subterms-of-lit where subterms-of-lit (Pos e) = (subterms-of-eq e) subterms-of-lit (Neg e) = (subterms-of-eq e) fun vars-of-lit where vars-of-lit (Pos e) = (vars-of-eq e)vars-of-lit (Neg e) = (vars-of-eq e)**fun** vars-of-cl where vars-of-cl $C = \{ x. \exists L. x \in (vars-of-lit L) \land L \in C \}$ fun subterms-of-cl where subterms-of-cl $C = \{ x. \exists L. x \in (subterms-of-lit L) \land L \in C \}$

Note that clauses are defined as sets and not as multisets (identical literals

are always merged).

type-synonym 'a clause = 'a literal set

fun ground-clause :: 'a clause \Rightarrow bool **where** (ground-clause C) = ((vars-of-cl C) = {})

fun subst-equation :: 'a equation \Rightarrow 'a subst \Rightarrow 'a equation where (subst-equation (Eq u v) s)

= (Eq (subst u s) (subst v s))

fun subst-lit :: 'a literal \Rightarrow 'a subst \Rightarrow 'a literal **where** (subst-lit (Pos e) s) = (Pos (subst-equation e s)) |

 $= (Pos (subst-equation \ e \ s))$ (subst-lit (Neg e) s) $= (Neg (subst-equation \ e \ s))$

```
fun subst-cl :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a subst \Rightarrow 'a clause

where

(subst-cl C s) = { L. (\exists L'. (L' \in C) \land (L = (subst-lit L' s))) }
```

We establish some properties of the functions returning the set of variables occurring in an object.

```
lemma decompose-literal-vars:

assumes decompose-literal L t s p

shows vars-of t \subseteq vars-of-lit L

by (metis assms decompose-equation-vars decompose-literal-def vars-of-lit.simps(1)

vars-of-lit.simps(2))
```

```
lemma vars-of-cl-lem:

assumes L \in C

shows vars-of-lit L \subseteq vars-of-cl C

using assms by auto
```

```
lemma set-of-variables-is-finite-eq:

shows finite (vars-of-eq e)

proof –

obtain t and s where e = Eq t s using equation.exhaust by auto

then have vars-of-eq e = (vars-of t) \cup (vars-of s) by auto

from this show ?thesis by auto

qed

lemma set-of-variables-is-finite-lit:
```

```
shows finite (vars-of-lit l)

proof –

obtain e where l = Pos \ e \lor l = Neg \ e \ using \ literal.exhaust \ by \ auto

then have vars-of-lit l = (vars-of-eq \ e) by auto
```

from this show ?thesis using set-of-variables-is-finite-eq by auto qed **lemma** set-of-variables-is-finite-cl: assumes finite C**shows** finite (vars-of-cl C) proof let $?S = \{ x. \exists l. x = vars-of-lit \ l \land l \in C \}$ have vars-of-cl $C = \bigcup ?S$ by auto from assms have finite ?S by auto { fix x have $x \in ?S \implies finite x$ using set-of-variables-is-finite-lit by auto } from this and $\langle finite ?S \rangle$ have finite ([] ?S) using finite-Union by auto from this and (vars-of-cl $C = \bigcup ?S$) show ?thesis by auto qed **lemma** subterm-lit-vars : assumes $u \in subterms$ -of-lit L **shows** vars-of $u \subseteq vars$ -of-lit L proof – obtain e where def-e: $L = (Pos \ e) \lor L = (Neq \ e)$ and vars-of-lit L = vars-of-eqeby (metis negative-literal.elims(2) negative-literal.elims(3) $vars-of-lit.simps(1) \ vars-of-lit.simps(2))$ obtain t and s where def-ts: $e = (Eq \ t \ s) \lor e = (Eq \ s \ t)$ and vars-of-eq e =*vars-of* $t \cup vars-of s$ **by** (*metis equation.exhaust vars-of-eq.simps*) from this and (vars-of-lit L = vars-of-eq e) have vars-of-lit $L = vars-of t \cup$ vars-of s **by** auto from assms(1) and def-e def-ts have $u \in subterms$ -of $t \cup subterms$ -of s by auto **from** this have vars-of $u \subseteq vars-of t \cup vars-of s$ **by** (meson UnE sup.coboundedI1 sup.coboundedI2 vars-subterms-of) from this and (vars-of-lit $L = vars-of t \cup vars-of s$) show ?thesis by auto qed **lemma** subterm-vars : assumes $u \in subterms$ -of-cl C shows vars-of $u \subseteq vars-of-cl \ C$ proof – from assms(1) obtain L where $u \in subterms$ -of-lit L and $L \in C$ by auto **from** $\langle u \in subterms$ -of-lit $L \rangle$ have vars-of $u \subseteq vars$ -of-lit L using subterm-lit-vars by auto from $\langle L \in C \rangle$ have vars-of-lit $L \subseteq$ vars-of-cl C using vars-of-cl.simps by auto from this and (vars-of $u \subseteq vars$ -of-lit L) show ?thesis by auto qed We establish some basic properties of substitutions. **lemma** *subterm-cl-subst*: assumes $x \in (subterms of cl C)$

```
shows (subst x \sigma) \in (subterms-of-cl (subst-cl C \sigma))
```

proof -

from assms(1) obtain L where $L \in C$ and $x \in subterms$ -of-lit L by auto from $\langle L \in C \rangle$ have (subst-lit $L \sigma$) \in (subst-cl $C \sigma$) by auto obtain e where $L = (Pos \ e) \lor L = (Neq \ e)$ using literal.exhaust by auto then show ?thesis proof assume $L = (Pos \ e)$ from this and $\langle x \in subterms-of-lit L \rangle$ have $x \in subterms-of-eq e$ by auto from $\langle L = (Pos \ e) \rangle$ have (subst-lit $L \ \sigma$) = (Pos (subst-equation $e \ \sigma$)) by *auto* obtain t s where $e = (Eq \ t \ s)$ using equation.exhaust by auto from this have (subst-equation $e \sigma$) = (Eq (subst $t \sigma$) (subst $s \sigma$)) by *auto* from $\langle x \in subterms$ -of-eq e and $\langle e = (Eq \ t \ s) \rangle$ have $x \in subterms$ -of $t \lor x \in$ subterms-of s by auto then show ?thesis proof assume $x \in subterms$ -of t then have occurs-in x t by auto then obtain p where subterm t p x unfolding occurs-in-def by blast from this have subterm (subst t σ) p (subst x σ) using substs-preserve-subterms by auto from this have occurs-in (subst $x \sigma$) (subst $t \sigma$) unfolding occurs-in-def by autothen have $(subst \ x \ \sigma) \in subterms$ -of $(subst \ t \ \sigma)$ by auto **then have** $(subst \ x \ \sigma) \in subterms$ -of-eq $(Eq \ (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ (subst \ s \ \sigma))$ by auto from this and $\langle L = (Pos \ e) \rangle$ and $\langle e = Eq \ t \ s \rangle$ have $(subst \ x \ \sigma) \in (subterms-of-lit \ (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma))$ by auto from this and $\langle (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma) \in (subst-cl \ C \ \sigma) \rangle$ **show** (subst $x \sigma$) \in subterms-of-cl (subst-cl $C \sigma$) by auto \mathbf{next} assume $x \in subterms$ -of s then have occurs-in $x \ s \ by$ auto then obtain p where subterm s p x unfolding occurs-in-def by blast from this have subterm (subst $s \sigma$) p (subst $x \sigma$) using substs-preserve-subterms by auto from this have occurs-in (subst $x \sigma$) (subst $s \sigma$) unfolding occurs-in-def by autothen have $(subst \ x \ \sigma) \in subterms$ -of $(subst \ s \ \sigma)$ by auto then have $(subst \ x \ \sigma) \in subterms$ -of-eq $(Eq \ (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ (subst \ s \ \sigma))$ by auto from this and $\langle L = (Pos \ e) \rangle$ and $\langle e = Eq \ t \ s \rangle$ have $(subst \ x \ \sigma) \in (subterms-of-lit \ (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma))$ by auto from this and $\langle (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma) \in (subst-cl \ C \ \sigma) \rangle$ **show** (subst $x \sigma$) \in subterms-of-cl (subst-cl $C \sigma$) by auto qed \mathbf{next} assume $L = (Neq \ e)$ from this and $\langle x \in subterms$ -of-lit $L \rangle$ have $x \in subterms$ -of-eq e by auto from $\langle L = (Neg \ e) \rangle$ have $(subst-lit \ L \ \sigma) = (Neg \ (subst-equation \ e \ \sigma))$

```
by auto
   obtain t \ s where e = (Eq \ t \ s) using equation.exhaust by auto
   from this have (subst-equation e \sigma) = (Eq (subst t \sigma) (subst s \sigma))
     by auto
   from \langle x \in subterms-of-eq e \rangle and \langle e = (Eq t s) \rangle have x \in subterms-of t \lor x \in
subterms-of s by auto
   then show ?thesis
   proof
     assume x \in subterms-of t
     then have occurs-in x t by auto
     then obtain p where subterm t p x unfolding occurs-in-def by blast
     from this have subterm (subst t \sigma) p (subst x \sigma)
       using substs-preserve-subterms by auto
     from this have occurs-in (subst x \sigma) (subst t \sigma) unfolding occurs-in-def by
auto
     then have (subst x \sigma) \in subterms-of (subst t \sigma) by auto
     then have (subst \ x \ \sigma) \in subterms-of-eq (Eq \ (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ (subst \ s \ \sigma)) by auto
     from this and \langle L = (Neg \ e) \rangle and \langle e = Eq \ t \ s \rangle
       have (subst \ x \ \sigma) \in (subterms-of-lit \ (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma)) by auto
     from this and \langle (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma) \in (subst-cl \ C \ \sigma) \rangle
       show (subst x \sigma) \in subterms-of-cl (subst-cl C \sigma) by auto
   \mathbf{next}
     assume x \in subterms-of s
     then have occurs-in x \ s \ by auto
     then obtain p where subterm s p x unfolding occurs-in-def by blast
     from this have subterm (subst s \sigma) p (subst x \sigma)
       using substs-preserve-subterms by auto
     from this have occurs-in (subst x \sigma) (subst s \sigma) unfolding occurs-in-def by
auto
     then have (subst \ x \ \sigma) \in subterms-of (subst \ s \ \sigma) by auto
     then have (subst x \sigma) \in subterms-of-eq (Eq (subst t \sigma) (subst s \sigma)) by auto
     from this and \langle L = (Neg \ e) \rangle and \langle e = Eq \ t \ s \rangle
       have (subst \ x \ \sigma) \in (subterms-of-lit \ (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma)) by auto
     from this and \langle (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma) \in (subst-cl \ C \ \sigma) \rangle
       show (subst x \sigma) \in subterms-of-cl (subst-cl C \sigma) by auto
   qed
  qed
qed
lemma ground-substs-yield-ground-clause:
  assumes ground-on (vars-of-cl C) \sigma
  shows ground-clause (subst-cl C \sigma)
proof (rule ccontr)
   let ?D = (subst-cl \ C \ \sigma)
   let ?V = (vars-of-cl C)
   assume \neg(ground\text{-}clause ?D)
   then obtain x where x \in (vars-of-cl ?D) by auto
   then obtain l where l \in C and x \in (vars-of-lit (subst-lit l \sigma)) by auto
   from \langle l \in C \rangle have vars-of-lit l \subseteq vars-of-cl \ C by auto
```

obtain e where $l = Pos \ e \lor l = Neg \ e$ using literal.exhaust by auto then have vars-of-lit $l = vars-of-eq \ e \ by \ auto$ let $?l' = (subst-lit \ l \ \sigma)$ let $?e' = (subst-equation \ e \ \sigma)$ obtain t and s where e = Eq t s using equation.exhaust by auto then have vars-of-eq $e = vars-of t \cup vars-of s$ by auto let $?t' = (subst \ t \ \sigma)$ let $?s' = (subst \ s \ \sigma)$ from $\langle e = Eq \ t \ s \rangle$ have $?e' = (Eq \ ?t' \ ?s')$ by *auto* from $\langle l = Pos \ e \lor l = Neg \ e \rangle$ have $?l' = Pos \ ?e' \lor ?l' = Neg \ ?e'$ by auto from $\langle l \in C \rangle$ have $?l' \in ?D$ by *auto* from $\langle ?l' = Pos ?e' \lor ?l' = Neg ?e' \rangle$ and $\langle x \in (vars-of-lit ?l') \rangle$ have $x \in (vars-of-eq ?e')$ by auto from this and $\langle ?e' = (Eq ?t' ?s') \rangle$ have $x \in (vars of ?t' \cup vars of ?s')$ by auto then have $i:\neg(qround-term ?t') \lor \neg(qround-term ?s')$ unfolding qround-term-def by *auto* from $\langle vars-of-eq \ e = vars-of \ t \cup vars-of \ s \rangle$ and $\langle vars-of-lit \ l = vars-of-eq \ e \rangle$ and (vars-of-lit $l \subseteq ?V$) have vars-of $t \subseteq ?V$ and vars-of $s \subseteq ?V$ by auto **from** (vars-of $t \subseteq ?V$) and (ground-on ?V σ) have ground-on (vars-of t) σ unfolding ground-on-def by auto then have *ii*:ground-term ?t' using ground-instance by auto **from** (vars-of $s \subseteq ?V$) and (ground-on $?V \sigma$) have ground-on (vars-of s) σ unfolding ground-on-def by auto then have *iii:ground-term* ?s' using *ground-instance* by *auto* from *i* and *iii* and *iii* show False by auto qed **lemma** ground-clauses-and-ground-substs: assumes ground-clause (subst-cl C σ) shows ground-on (vars-of-cl C) σ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume \neg ground-on (vars-of-cl C) σ from this obtain x where $x \in vars-of-cl \ C$ and \neg ground-term (subst (Var x)) σ) unfolding ground-on-def by auto from $\langle \neg qround$ -term (subst (Var x) $\sigma \rangle$) obtain y where $y \in vars-of (subst (Var x) \sigma)$ unfolding ground-term-def by auto from $\langle x \in vars-of-cl \ C \rangle$ obtain L where $L \in C$ and $x \in vars-of-lit \ L$ by auto from $\langle x \in vars-of-lit L \rangle$ obtain e where $L = Pos \ e \lor L = Neg \ e$ and $x \in$ vars-of-eq e **by** (*metis vars-of-lit.elims*) from $\langle x \in vars-of-eq \ e \rangle$ obtain $t \ s$ where $e = (Eq \ t \ s)$ and $x \in vars-of \ t \cup t$ vars-of s by (metis vars-of-eq.elims) **from** this have $x \in vars$ -of $t \lor x \in vars$ -of s by auto then have $y \in vars-of-eq$ (subst-equation $e \sigma$) proof

assume $x \in vars-of t$ have i: vars-of (subst t σ) = $\bigcup \{ V. \exists x. x \in vars-of t \land V = vars-of (subst$ $(Var x) \sigma)$ using vars-of-instances [of $t \sigma$] by meson **from** $\langle x \in vars \text{-} of t \rangle$ i have vars-of (subst (Var x) σ) \subseteq vars-of (subst t σ) by *auto* from this and $\langle y \in vars of (subst (Var x) \sigma) \rangle \langle e = (Eq t s) \rangle$ show ?thesis by auto \mathbf{next} assume $x \in vars$ -of s have i: vars-of (subst s σ) = $\bigcup \{ V. \exists x. x \in vars-of s \land V = vars-of (subst$ $(Var x) \sigma$ } using vars-of-instances [of $s \sigma$] by meson from $\langle x \in vars \text{-} of s \rangle$ i have vars-of (subst (Var x) σ) \subset vars-of (subst s σ) by auto from this and $\langle y \in vars-of(subst(Var x) \sigma) \rangle \langle e = (Eq t s) \rangle$ show ?thesis by autoqed from this and $\langle L = Pos \ e \lor L = Neg \ e \rangle$ have $y \in vars-of-lit \ (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma)$ by *auto* from this and $\langle L \in C \rangle$ have $y \in vars-of-cl (subst-cl C \sigma)$ by auto from this and assms(1) show False by auto qed **lemma** ground-instance-exists: assumes finite Cshows $\exists \sigma$. (ground-clause (subst-cl C σ)) proof let ?V = (vars-of-cl C)from assms have finite ?V using set-of-variables-is-finite-cl by auto from this obtain σ where ground-on ?V σ using ground-subst-exists by blast let $?D = (subst-cl \ C \ \sigma)$ **from** $\langle qround-on ?V \sigma \rangle$ have (qround-clause ?D) using qround-substs-yield-qround-clause[of $C \sigma$] by auto then show ?thesis by auto qed **lemma** composition-of-substs : **shows** (subst (subst t σ) η) $= (subst \ t \ (comp \ \sigma \ \eta))$ by simp **lemma** composition-of-substs-eq : **shows** (subst-equation (subst-equation $e \sigma$) η) $= (subst-equation \ e \ (comp \ \sigma \ \eta))$ $\mathbf{by} \ (metis \ subst-equation.simps \ composition-of-substs \ vars-of-eq.elims)$

lemma composition-of-substs-lit : **shows** (subst-lit (subst-lit $l \sigma$) η) $= (subst-lit \ l \ (comp \ \sigma \ \eta))$ **by** (*metis subst-lit.simps*(1) *subst-lit.simps*(2) composition-of-substs-eq positive-literal.cases) **lemma** composition-of-substs-cl : **shows** (subst-cl (subst-cl C σ) η) $= (subst-cl \ C \ (comp \ \sigma \ \eta))$ proof – let $?f = (\lambda x. (subst-lit (subst-lit x \sigma) \eta))$ let $?f' = (\lambda x. (subst-lit x (comp \sigma \eta)))$ have $\forall l. (?fl) = (?f'l)$ using composition-of-substs-lit by auto then show ?thesis by auto qed **lemma** substs-preserve-ground-lit : assumes ground-clause C assumes $y \in C$ shows subst-lit $y \sigma = y$ proof – obtain t and s where $y = Pos(Eq t s) \lor y = Neg(Eq t s)$ **by** (*metis subst-equation.elims get-sign.elims*) from this have vars-of $t \subseteq vars$ -of-lit y by auto from this and $\langle y \in C \rangle$ have vars-of $t \subseteq vars-of-cl \ C$ by auto from this and assms(1) have ground-term t unfolding ground-term-def by autothen have subst $t \sigma = t$ using substs-preserve-ground-terms by auto **from** $\langle y = Pos \ (Eq \ t \ s) \lor y = Neg \ (Eq \ t \ s) \rangle$ have vars-of $s \subseteq vars$ -of-lit y by autofrom this and $\langle y \in C \rangle$ have vars-of $s \subseteq vars$ -of-cl C by auto from this and assms(1) have ground-term s unfolding ground-term-def by autothen have subst s $\sigma = s$ using substs-preserve-ground-terms by auto from (subst s $\sigma = s$) and (subst t $\sigma = t$) and ($y = Pos (Eq t s) \lor y = Neq$ $(Eq \ t \ s)$ show subst-lit $y \sigma = y$ by auto qed **lemma** substs-preserve-ground-clause : assumes ground-clause C shows subst-cl C $\sigma = C$ proof show subst-cl C $\sigma \subseteq C$ proof fix x assume $x \in subst-cl \ C \ \sigma$ then obtain y where $y \in C$ and $x = subst-lit y \sigma$ by auto from assms(1) and $\langle y \in C \rangle$ and $\langle x = subst-lit \ y \ \sigma \rangle$

```
have x = y using substs-preserve-ground-lit by auto
   from this and \langle y \in C \rangle show x \in C by auto
  qed
\mathbf{next}
  show C \subseteq subst-cl \ C \ \sigma
 proof
   fix x assume x \in C
   then have subst-lit x \sigma \in subst-cl \ C \sigma by auto
   from assms(1) and \langle x \in C \rangle have x = subst-lit \ x \ \sigma
     using substs-preserve-ground-lit [of C x] by auto
   from this and \langle x \in C \rangle show x \in subst-cl \ C \ \sigma by auto
 qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma substs-preserve-finiteness :
 assumes finite C
 shows finite (subst-cl C \sigma)
proof -
  from assms(1) show ?thesis using Finite-Set.finite-imageI by auto
```

```
qed
```

We prove that two equal substitutions yield the same objects.

```
lemma subst-eq-eq :
 assumes subst-eq \sigma \eta
 shows subst-equation e \sigma = subst-equation e \eta
proof –
 obtain t and s where e = Eq t s using equation.exhaust by auto
 from assms(1) have subst \ s \ \sigma = subst \ s \ \eta by auto
 from assms(1) have subst t \sigma = subst t \eta by auto
 from (subst s \sigma = subst s \eta) (subst t \sigma = subst t \eta)
   and \langle e = Eq \ t \ s \rangle show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma subst-eq-lit :
 assumes subst-eq \sigma \eta
 shows subst-lit l \sigma = subst-lit l \eta
proof
 obtain e where l = Pos \ e \lor l = Neg \ e using literal.exhaust by auto
 from assms(1) have subst-equation e \sigma = subst-equation \ e \eta using subst-eq-eq
by auto
 from this and \langle l = Pos \ e \lor l = Neg \ e \rangle show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma subst-eq-cl:
 assumes subst-eq \sigma \eta
 shows subst-cl C \sigma = subst-cl C \eta
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume subst-cl C \sigma \neq subst-cl C \eta
  then obtain L where L \in C and subst-lit L \sigma \neq subst-lit L \eta
```

```
by force
 from assms(1) and \langle subst-lit \ L \ \sigma \neq subst-lit \ L \ \eta \rangle
   show False using subst-eq-lit by auto
qed
lemma coincide-on-eq :
 assumes coincide-on \sigma \eta (vars-of-eq e)
 shows subst-equation e \sigma = subst-equation e \eta
proof -
  obtain t and s where e = Eq t s using equation.exhaust by auto
 then have vars-of t \subseteq vars-of-eq e by simp
 from this and (coincide-on \sigma \eta (vars-of-eq e)) have coincide-on \sigma \eta (vars-of t)
   unfolding coincide-on-def by auto
 from this have subst t \sigma = subst t \eta using coincide-on-term by auto
 from \langle e = Eq \ t \ s \rangle have vars-of s \subseteq vars-of-eq e by simp
 from this and (coincide-on \sigma \eta (vars-of-eq e)) have coincide-on \sigma \eta (vars-of s)
   unfolding coincide-on-def by auto
 from this have subst s \sigma = subst s \eta using coincide-on-term by auto
 from (subst t \sigma = subst t \eta)
   and \langle subst \ s \ \sigma = subst \ s \ \eta \rangle
   and \langle e = Eq \ t \ s \rangle show ?thesis by auto
\mathbf{qed}
lemma coincide-on-lit :
 assumes coincide-on \sigma \eta (vars-of-lit l)
 shows subst-lit l \sigma = subst-lit l \eta
proof -
  obtain e where l = Pos \ e \lor l = Neg \ e using literal.exhaust by auto
 then have vars-of-eq e \subseteq vars-of-lit l by auto
 from this and (coincide-on \sigma \eta (vars-of-lit l)) have coincide-on \sigma \eta (vars-of-eq
e)
   unfolding coincide-on-def by auto
 from this have subst-equation e \sigma = subst-equation e \eta
   using coincide-on-eq by auto
 from this and \langle l = Pos \ e \lor l = Neg \ e \rangle show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma coincide-on-cl :
 assumes coincide-on \sigma \eta (vars-of-cl C)
 shows subst-cl C \sigma = subst-cl C \eta
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume subst-cl C \sigma \neq subst-cl C \eta
  then obtain L where L \in C and subst-lit L \sigma \neq subst-lit L \eta
   by force
 from \langle L \in C \rangle have vars-of-lit L \subseteq vars-of-cl C by auto
  from this and assms have coincide-on \sigma \eta (vars-of-lit L) unfolding coin-
cide-on-def by auto
 from this and (subst-lit L \sigma \neq subst-lit L \eta)
   show False using coincide-on-lit by auto
```

3.2 Semantics

Interpretations are congruences on the set of terms.

 $\textbf{definition} ~\textit{fo-interpretation} :: \textit{`a binary-relation-on-trms} \Rightarrow \textit{bool}$

where

qed

 $(fo\text{-interpretation } x) = (congruence \ x)$

fun validate-ground-eq :: 'a binary-relation-on-trms \Rightarrow 'a equation \Rightarrow bool where

 $(validate-ground-eq \ I \ (Eq \ t \ s)) = (I \ t \ s))$

fun validate-ground-lit :: 'a binary-relation-on-trms \Rightarrow 'a literal \Rightarrow bool where

 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{validate-ground-lit } I \ (Pos \ E) = (\mbox{validate-ground-eq } I \ E) \mid \\ \mbox{validate-ground-lit } I \ (Neg \ E) = (\neg(\mbox{validate-ground-eq } I \ E)) \end{array}$

fun validate-ground-clause :: 'a binary-relation-on-trms \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool where

 $validate-ground-clause \ I \ C = (\exists \ L.(L \in \ C) \ \land \ (validate-ground-lit \ I \ L))$

fun validate-clause :: 'a binary-relation-on-trms \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool where

 $validate\text{-}clause \ I \ C = (\forall s. \ (ground\text{-}clause \ (subst\text{-}cl \ C \ s))) \\ \longrightarrow (validate\text{-}ground\text{-}clause \ I \ (subst\text{-}cl \ C \ s)))$

fun validate-clause-set :: 'a binary-relation-on-trms \Rightarrow 'a clause set \Rightarrow bool where

 $\textit{validate-clause-set I S} = (\forall C. \ (C \in S \ \longrightarrow (\textit{validate-clause I C})))$

definition clause-entails-clause :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool where

clause-entails-clause $C D = (\forall I. (fo-interpretation I \longrightarrow validate-clause I C \longrightarrow validate-clause I D))$

definition set-entails-clause :: 'a clause set \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool where

set-entails-clause $S \ C = (\forall I. (fo-interpretation \ I \longrightarrow validate-clause-set \ I \ S \longrightarrow validate-clause \ I \ C))$

definition satisfiable-clause-set :: 'a clause set \Rightarrow bool **where** (satisfiable-clause-set S) = ($\exists I.$ (fo-interpretation I) \land (validate-clause-set IS))

We state basic properties of the entailment relation.

lemma set-entails-clause-member: assumes $C \in S$ shows set-entails-clause S C

```
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg ?thesis
  from this obtain I where fo-interpretation I validate-clause-set I S \neg vali-
date-clause I C
   unfolding set-entails-clause-def by auto
 from \langle validate-clause-set | S \rangle and assms(1) \langle \neg validate-clause | C \rangle show False
by auto
qed
{\bf lemma} \ instances-are-entailed:
 assumes validate-clause I C
 shows validate-clause I (subst-cl C \sigma)
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg validate-clause I (subst-cl C \sigma)
 then obtain \eta
   where \neg validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl (subst-cl C \sigma) \eta)
     and ground-clause (subst-cl (subst-cl C \sigma) \eta)
   by auto
  then have i: \negvalidate-ground-clause I (subst-cl C (comp \sigma \eta))
  using composition-of-substs-cl by metis
  from \langle ground-clause (subst-cl (subst-cl C \sigma) \eta) \rangle
   have ii: ground-clause (subst-cl C (comp \sigma \eta))
   using composition-of-substs-cl by metis
  from i and ii have \neg validate-clause I C by auto
  from \langle \neg validate\text{-}clause | I \rangle and \langle validate\text{-}clause | I \rangle show False by blast
qed
We prove that two equivalent substitutions yield equivalent objects.
```

```
lemma equivalent-on-eq :
 assumes equivalent-on \sigma \eta (vars-of-eq e) I
 assumes fo-interpretation I
 shows (validate-ground-eq I (subst-equation e \sigma)) = (validate-ground-eq I (subst-equation
e \eta)
proof –
  obtain t and s where e = Eq t s using equation.exhaust by auto
 then have vars-of t \subseteq vars-of-eq e by simp
 from this and assms(1) have equivalent-on \sigma \eta (vars-of t) I
   unfolding equivalent-on-def by auto
 from this assms(2)
   have I (subst t \sigma) (subst t \eta) using equivalent-on-term
   unfolding fo-interpretation-def by auto
 from \langle e = Eq \ t \ s \rangle have vars-of s \subseteq vars-of-eq e by simp
 from this and (equivalent-on \sigma \eta (vars-of-eq e) I) have equivalent-on \sigma \eta (vars-of
s) I
   unfolding equivalent-on-def by auto
  from this assms(2) have I (subst s \sigma) (subst s \eta)
    using equivalent-on-term unfolding fo-interpretation-def by auto
  from assms(2) \prec I (subst t \sigma) (subst t \eta)
   and \langle I (subst \ s \ \sigma) (subst \ s \ \eta) \rangle
```

```
and \langle e = Eq \ t \ s \rangle show ?thesis unfolding fo-interpretation-def congruence-def
equivalence-relation-def
   transitive-def symmetric-def reflexive-def
   by (metis (full-types) subst-equation.simps validate-ground-eq.simps)
ged
lemma equivalent-on-lit :
 assumes equivalent-on \sigma \eta (vars-of-lit l) I
 assumes fo-interpretation I
 shows (validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit l \sigma))
    = (validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit l \eta))
proof –
 obtain e where l = Pos \ e \lor l = Neg \ e using literal.exhaust by auto
 then have vars-of-eq e \subseteq vars-of-lit l by auto
  from this and (equivalent-on \sigma \eta (vars-of-lit l) I) have equivalent-on \sigma \eta
(vars-of-eq e) I
   unfolding equivalent-on-def by auto
 from this assms(2) have (validate-ground-eq I (subst-equation e \sigma)) = (validate-ground-eq
I (subst-equation e \eta))
   using equivalent-on-eq by auto
  from this and \langle l = Pos \ e \lor l = Neg \ e \rangle show ?thesis by auto
\mathbf{qed}
lemma equivalent-on-cl :
  assumes equivalent-on \sigma \eta (vars-of-cl C) I
 assumes fo-interpretation I
 shows (validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl C \sigma))
    = (validate-ground-clause \ I \ (subst-cl \ C \ \eta))
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume (validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl C \sigma))
   \neq (validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl C \eta))
  then obtain L where L \in C and (validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit L \sigma))
   \neq (validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit L \eta))
   by force
 from \langle L \in C \rangle have vars-of-lit L \subseteq vars-of-cl C by auto
 from this and assms have equivalent on \sigma \eta (vars-of-lit L) I unfolding equiv-
alent-on-def by auto
  from this assms(2) and \langle (validate-ground-lit \ I \ (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma)) \rangle
    \neq (validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit L \eta))
   show False using equivalent-on-lit by metis
\mathbf{qed}
end
```

theory superposition

 $\label{eq:mports} \textit{Main terms equational-clausal-logic well-founded-continued HOL-Library. Multiset multisets-continued}$

begin

4 Definition of the Superposition Calculus

4.1 Extended Clauses

An extended clause is a clause associated with a set of terms. The intended meaning is that the terms occurring in the attached set are assumed to be in normal form: any application of the superposition rule on these terms is therefore useless and can be blocked. Initially the set of irreducible terms attached to each clause is empty. At each inference step, new terms can be added or deleted from this set.

datatype 'a eclause = Ecl 'a clause 'a trm set

```
fun subst-ecl
where
  (subst-ecl (Ecl C S) \sigma) =
   (Ecl (subst-cl \ C \ \sigma) \{ s. (\exists t. (s = (subst \ t \ \sigma) \land t \in S)) \})
fun cl-ecl
where
  (cl-ecl (Ecl C X)) = C
fun trms-ecl
where
  (trms-ecl (Ecl C X)) = X
definition renaming-cl
  where renaming-cl C D = (\exists \eta. (renaming \eta (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C))) \land D =
(subst-ecl \ C \ \eta))
definition closed-under-renaming
  where closed-under-renaming S = (\forall C D.
   (C \in S) \longrightarrow (renaming-cl \ C \ D) \longrightarrow (D \in S))
definition variable-disjoint
where (variable-disjoint \ C \ D) = ((vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C)) \cap (vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ D)))
```

$= \{\})$

4.2 Orders and Selection Functions

We assume that the set of variables is infinite (so that shared variables can be renamed away) and that the following objects are given:

(i) A term ordering that is total on ground terms, well-founded and closed under contextual embedding and substitutions. This ordering is used as usual to orient equations and to restrict the application of the replacement rule.

(ii) A selection function, mapping each clause to a (possibly empty) set of negative literals. We assume that this selection function is closed under renamings.

(iii) A function mapping every extended clause to an order on positions, which contains the (reversed) prefix ordering. This order allows one to control the order in which the subterms are rewritten (terms occurring at minimal positions are considered with the highest priority).

(iv) A function *filter-trms* that allows one to filter away some of the terms attached to a given extended clause (it can be used for instance to remove terms if the set becomes too big). The standard superposition calculus corresponds to the case where this function always returns the empty set.

${\bf locale} \ basic {\it -superposition} =$

fixes trm-ord :: ('a trm \times 'a trm) set **fixes** sel :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause **fixes** pos-ord :: 'a eclause \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow (position \times position) set fixes vars :: 'a set **fixes** filter-trms :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a trm set \Rightarrow 'a trm set assumes trm-ord-wf: (wf trm-ord) and trm-ord-ground-total : $(\forall x \ y. \ ((ground-term \ x) \longrightarrow (ground-term \ y) \longrightarrow x \neq y$ \longrightarrow ((x,y) \in trm-ord \lor (y,x) \in trm-ord))) and trm-ord-trans : trans trm-ord and trm-ord-irrefl : irrefl trm-ord and trm-ord-reduction-left : $\forall x1 \ x2 \ y. \ (x1,x2) \in trm-ord$ $\longrightarrow ((Comb \ x1 \ y), (Comb \ x2 \ y)) \in trm-ord$ and trm-ord-reduction-right : $\forall x1 \ x2 \ y. \ (x1,x2) \in trm-ord$ \rightarrow ((Comb y x1),(Comb y x2)) \in trm-ord and trm-ord-subterm : $\forall x1 \ x2. \ (x1, (Comb \ x1 \ x2)) \in trm-ord$ $\wedge (x2, (Comb \ x1 \ x2)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ and trm-ord-subst : $\forall s \ x \ y. \ (x,y) \in trm\text{-}ord \longrightarrow ((subst \ x \ s),(subst \ y \ s)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ and pos-ord-irrefl : $(\forall x \ y. \ (irrefl \ (pos-ord \ x \ y)))$ and pos-ord-trans : $(\forall x. (trans (pos-ord x y)))$ and pos-ord-prefix: $\forall x \ y \ p \ q \ r. \ ((q,p) \in (pos-ord \ x \ y) \longrightarrow ((append \ q \ r),p) \in$ $(pos-ord \ x \ y))$ and pos-ord-nil: $\forall x \ y \ p$. $(p \neq Nil) \longrightarrow (p,Nil) \in (pos-ord \ x \ y)$ and sel-neg: $(\forall x. ((sel (cl-ecl x)) \subseteq (cl-ecl x)))$ $\land (\forall y \in sel \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ x). \ (negative\text{-}literal \ y)))$ and sel-renaming: $\forall \eta \ C. \ ((renaming \ \eta \ (vars-of-cl \ C)) \longrightarrow sel \ C = \{\} \longrightarrow sel$ $(subst-cl \ C \ \eta) = \{\})$ and *infinite-vars*: \neg (*finite vars*) and filter-trms-inclusion: filter-trms $C E \subseteq E$ begin

We provide some functions to decompose a literal in a way that is compatible with the ordering and establish some basic properties.

definition orient-lit :: 'a literal \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow sign \Rightarrow bool where

 $\begin{array}{l} (\textit{orient-lit } L \ u \ v \ s) = \\ (((\ (L = (\textit{Pos} \ (\textit{Eq} \ u \ v))) \land (L = (\textit{Pos} \ (\textit{Eq} \ v \ u)))) \land ((u,v) \notin \textit{trm-ord}) \land (s = pos)) \\ \lor \\ ((\ (L = (\textit{Neg} \ (\textit{Eq} \ u \ v))) \lor (L = (\textit{Neg} \ (\textit{Eq} \ v \ u)))) \land ((u,v) \notin \textit{trm-ord}) \land (s = r) \\ \end{array}$

 $(((L = (Neg (Eq u v))) \lor (L = (Neg (Eq v u)))) \land ((u,v) \notin vm - oru) \land (s = neg)))$

definition orient-lit-inst :: 'a literal \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow sign \Rightarrow 'a subst \Rightarrow bool

where

 $\begin{array}{l} (orient-lit-inst \ L \ u \ v \ s \ \sigma) = \\ (((\ (L = (Pos \ (Eq \ u \ v))) \lor (L = (Pos \ (Eq \ v \ u)))) \\ \land \ (((subst \ u \ \sigma), (subst \ v \ \sigma)) \notin trm \text{-} ord) \land \ (s = pos)) \\ \lor \\ ((\ (L = (Neg \ (Eq \ u \ v))) \lor (L = (Neg \ (Eq \ v \ u)))) \land (((subst \ u \ \sigma), (subst \ v \ \sigma))) \\ \notin trm \text{-} ord) \land \ (s = neg))) \end{array}$

lemma *lift-orient-lit*:

assumes orient-lit-inst L t s p σ shows orient-lit (subst-lit L σ) (subst t σ) (subst s σ) p unfolding orient-lit-inst-def orient-lit-def using assms orient-lit-inst-def by auto

lemma orient-lit-vars: **assumes** orient-lit L t s p**shows** vars-of $t \subseteq$ vars-of-lit $L \land$ vars-of $s \subseteq$ vars-of-lit Lproof have $p = neg \lor p = pos$ using sign.exhaust by auto then show ?thesis proof assume p = negfrom this and assms(1) have $(L = Neg (Eq t s)) \lor (L = (Neg (Eq s t)))$ unfolding orient-lit-def by auto then show ?thesis proof assume L = Neq (Eq t s)then have vars-of-lit $L = vars-of t \cup vars-of s$ by simp from this show ?thesis by simp \mathbf{next} assume $L = Neq (Eq \ s \ t)$ then have vars-of-lit $L = vars-of \ s \cup vars-of \ t$ by simp from this show ?thesis by simp qed **next assume** p = posfrom this and assms(1) have $(L = Pos (Eq t s)) \lor (L = (Pos (Eq s t)))$

```
unfolding orient-lit-def by auto
   then show ?thesis
   proof
     assume L = Pos (Eq t s)
     then have vars-of-lit L = vars-of t \cup vars-of s by simp
     from this show ?thesis by simp
   \mathbf{next}
     assume L = Pos (Eq \ s \ t)
     then have vars-of-lit L = vars-of \ s \cup vars-of \ t by simp
     from this show ?thesis by simp
   qed
 qed
qed
lemma orient-lit-inst-vars:
 assumes orient-lit-inst L t s p \sigma
 shows vars-of t \subseteq vars-of-lit L \land vars-of s \subseteq vars-of-lit L
proof -
 have p = neg \lor p = pos using sign.exhaust by auto
 then show ?thesis
 proof
   assume p = neg
   from this and assms(1) have (L = Neg (Eq t s)) \lor (L = (Neg (Eq s t)))
     unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto
   then show ?thesis
   proof
    assume L = Neg (Eq t s)
     then have vars-of-lit L = vars-of t \cup vars-of s by simp
     from this show ?thesis by simp
   next
     assume L = Neg (Eq \ s \ t)
     then have vars-of-lit L = vars-of \ s \cup vars-of \ t by simp
     from this show ?thesis by simp
   qed
   next assume p = pos
   from this and assms(1) have (L = Pos (Eq t s)) \lor (L = (Pos (Eq s t)))
     unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto
   then show ?thesis
   proof
    assume L = Pos (Eq t s)
    then have vars-of-lit L = vars-of t \cup vars-of s by simp
     from this show ?thesis by simp
   \mathbf{next}
    assume L = Pos (Eq \ s \ t)
     then have vars-of-lit L = vars-of \ s \cup vars-of \ t by simp
     from this show ?thesis by simp
   qed
 qed
qed
```

lemma orient-lit-inst-coincide: assumes orient-lit-inst L1 t s polarity σ assumes coincide-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of-lit L1) **shows** orient-lit-inst L1 t s polarity η proof have $polarity = pos \lor polarity = neg using sign.exhaust by auto$ then show ?thesis proof assume polarity = posfrom this and assms(1) have $L1 = Pos(Eq t s) \lor L1 = Pos(Eq s t)$ and $((subst \ t \ \sigma), (subst \ s \ \sigma)) \notin trm$ -ord unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto from $\langle L1 = Pos (Eq \ t \ s) \lor L1 = Pos (Eq \ s \ t) \rangle$ have vars-of $t \subseteq$ vars-of-lit L1 and vars-of $s \subseteq$ vars-of-lit L1 by auto **from** (vars-of $t \subseteq$ vars-of-lit L1) and assms(2) have coincide-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of t)unfolding coincide-on-def by auto **from** (vars-of $s \subseteq vars$ -of-lit L1) and assms(2) have coincide-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of s)unfolding coincide-on-def by auto **from** $\langle (subst t \sigma), (subst s \sigma) \rangle \notin trm-ord \rangle$ and (coincide-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of t)) and (coincide-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of s)) assms(2) **have** $((subst t \eta), (subst s \eta)) \notin trm-ord$ using coincide-on-term by metis from this and $\langle polarity = pos \rangle$ and $\langle L1 = Pos (Eq t s) \lor L1 = Pos (Eq s t) \rangle$ show ?thesis unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto **next assume** polarity = negfrom this and assms(1) have $L1 = Neg (Eq t s) \lor L1 = Neg (Eq s t)$ and $((subst t \sigma), (subst s \sigma)) \notin trm-ord$ unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto from $\langle L1 = Neg (Eq t s) \lor L1 = Neg (Eq s t) \rangle$ have vars-of $t \subseteq vars$ -of-lit L1 and vars-of $s \subseteq vars$ -of-lit L1 by auto **from** (vars-of $t \subseteq$ vars-of-lit L1) and assms(2) have coincide-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of t)unfolding coincide-on-def by auto **from** (vars-of $s \subseteq vars-of-lit L1$) and assms(2) have coincide-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of s)unfolding coincide-on-def by auto **from** $\langle (subst t \sigma), (subst s \sigma) \rangle \notin trm ord \rangle$ and (coincide-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of t)) and (coincide-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of s)) assms(2) **have** $((subst t \eta), (subst s \eta)) \notin trm-ord$ using coincide-on-term by metis from this and $\langle polarity = neg \rangle$ and $\langle L1 = Neg (Eq t s) \lor L1 = Neg (Eq s t) \rangle$ show ?thesis unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto

```
qed
qed
lemma orient-lit-inst-subterms:
 assumes orient-lit-inst L t s polarity \sigma
 assumes u \in subterms-of t
 shows u \in subterms-of-lit L
proof -
 have polarity = pos \lor polarity = neg using sign.exhaust by auto
 then show ?thesis
 proof
   assume polarity = pos
   from this and assms(1) have L = (Pos (Eq t s)) \lor L = (Pos (Eq s t))
    unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto
   then show ?thesis
   proof
    assume L = (Pos (Eq t s))
    from this and assms(2) show ?thesis by simp
    next assume L = (Pos (Eq \ s \ t))
    from this and assms(2) show ?thesis by simp
   qed
 \mathbf{next}
   assume polarity = neg
   from this and assms(1) have L = (Neg (Eq t s)) \lor L = (Neg (Eq s t))
    unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto
   then show ?thesis
   proof
    assume L = (Neg (Eq t s))
    from this and assms(2) show ?thesis by simp
    next assume L = (Neg (Eq \ s \ t))
    from this and assms(2) show ?thesis by simp
   qed
 \mathbf{qed}
```

\mathbf{qed}

4.3 Clause Ordering

Clauses and extended clauses are ordered by transforming them into multisets of multisets of terms. To avoid any problem with the merging of identical literals, the multiset is assigned to a pair clause-substitution rather than to an instantiated clause.

We first map every literal to a multiset of terms, using the usual conventions and then define the multisets associated with clauses and extended clauses.

fun mset-lit :: 'a literal \Rightarrow 'a trm multiset **where** mset-lit (Pos (Eq t s)) = {# t,s #} | mset-lit (Neg (Eq t s)) = {# t,t,s,s #}

 $\mathbf{fun} \ mset\text{-}cl$

where mset-cl $(C,\sigma) = \{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) : x \in \# (mset-set C) \# \}$

```
fun mset-ecl
```

where $mset-ecl (C,\sigma) = \{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)). x \in \# (mset-set (cl-ecl C)) \# \}$

lemma mset-ecl-conv: mset-ecl $(C, \sigma) = mset-cl (cl-ecl C, \sigma)$

```
by simp
lemma mset-ecl-and-mset-lit:
  assumes L \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C)
 assumes finite (cl-ecl C)
 shows (mset-lit (subst-lit L \sigma)) \in \# (mset-ecl (C,\sigma))
proof -
  from assms(1) assms(2) have L \in \# (mset\text{-set } (cl\text{-ecl } C)) by (simp)
  then show ?thesis
  proof –
  have f1: mset-set (cl-ecl C) - \{\#L\#\} + \{\#L\#\} = mset-set (cl-ecl C)
   by (meson \langle L \in \# mset-set (cl-ecl C) insert-DiffM2)
  have count {\#mset-lit (subst-lit L \sigma)\#} (mset-lit (subst-lit L \sigma)) = 1
   by simp
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) f1 image-mset-add-mset insert-iff mset-ecl.simps
set-mset-add-mset-insert union-mset-add-mset-right)
  qed
qed
lemma ecl-ord-coincide:
  assumes coincide-on \sigma \sigma' (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C))
 shows mset-ecl (C,\sigma) = mset\text{-ecl}(C,\sigma')
proof –
  have \forall x. (x \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \longrightarrow ((subst\text{-}lit \ x \ \sigma) = (subst\text{-}lit \ x \ \sigma')))
  proof ((rule allI),(rule impI))
   fix x assume x \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C)
   from this have vars-of-lit x \subseteq (vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C)) by auto
   from this and assms(1) have coincide-on \sigma \sigma' (vars-of-lit x) unfolding coin-
cide-on-def by auto
   from this show ((subst-lit x \sigma) = (subst-lit x \sigma'))
     by (simp add: coincide-on-lit)
  qed
  then show ?thesis using equal-image-mset
  [of \ cl-ecl \ C \ \lambda x. \ (mset-lit \ (subst-lit \ x \ \sigma)) \ \lambda x. \ (mset-lit \ (subst-lit \ x \ \sigma'))]
   by (metis mset-ecl.simps)
```

qed

Literal and clause orderings are obtained as usual as the multiset extensions of the term ordering.

definition *lit-ord* :: (*'a literal* × *'a literal*) *set* where

 $\begin{array}{l} lit-ord = \\ \{ (x,y). (((mset-lit \ x),(mset-lit \ y)) \in (mult \ trm-ord)) \end{array} \}$

lemma mult-trm-ord-trans: shows trans (mult trm-ord) by (metis (no-types, lifting) mult-def transI transitive-closure-trans(2))

```
lemma lit-ord-trans:
    shows trans lit-ord
by (metis (no-types, lifting) basic-superposition.lit-ord-def basic-superposition-axioms
```

 $case-prodD \ case-prodI \ mem-Collect-eq \ mult-def \ transI \ transitive-closure-trans(2))$

```
lemma lit-ord-wf:
  shows wf lit-ord
proof -
  from trm-ord-wf have wf (mult trm-ord) using wf-mult by auto
  then show ?thesis
    using lit-ord-def
    and measure-wf [of (mult trm-ord) lit-ord mset-lit]
    by blast
```

```
\mathbf{qed}
```

definition *ecl-ord* :: (('*a eclause* × '*a subst*) × ('*a eclause* × '*a subst*)) *set* **where** *ecl-ord* =

```
\{ (x,y). (((mset-ecl x),(mset-ecl y)) \in (mult (mult trm-ord))) \}
```

```
definition ecl-ord-eq :: (('a eclause × 'a subst) × ('a eclause × 'a subst)) set

where

ecl-ord-eq =
```

ecl- $ord \cup \{ (x,y). ((mset-ecl x) = (mset-ecl y)) \}$

definition *cl-ord* :: (('*a clause* × '*a subst*) × ('*a clause* × '*a subst*)) *set* **where** *cl-ord* =

 $\{ (x,y). (((mset-cl x),(mset-cl y)) \in (mult (mult trm-ord))) \}$

definition cl-ord-eq :: (('a clause \times 'a subst) \times ('a clause \times 'a subst)) set **where** cl-ord-eq = cl-ord \cup

 $\{ (x,y). (mset-cl x) = (mset-cl y) \}$

```
lemma member-ecl-ord-iff:
```

 $((C, \sigma_C), (D, \sigma_D)) \in ecl\text{-}ord \longleftrightarrow ((cl\text{-}ecl \ C, \sigma_C), (cl\text{-}ecl \ D, \sigma_D)) \in cl\text{-}ord$ by $(simp \ add: \ ecl\text{-}ord\text{-}def)$

```
lemma mult-mult-trm-ord-trans:
shows trans (mult (mult trm-ord))
```

by (metis (no-types, lifting) mult-def transI transitive-closure-trans(2))

lemma ecl-ord-trans:

shows trans ecl-ord

 $\mathbf{by} \ (metis \ (no-types, \ lifting) \ basic-superposition.ecl-ord-def \ basic-superposition-axioms \\ case-prodD$

case-prodI mem-Collect-eq mult-def transI transitive-closure-trans(2))

lemma *cl-ord-trans*:

shows trans cl-ord

by (metis (no-types, lifting) basic-superposition.cl-ord-def basic-superposition-axioms case-prodD

case-prodI mem-Collect-eq mult-def transI transitive-closure-trans(2))

lemma *cl-ord-eq-trans*:

shows trans cl-ord-eq

proof -

have $\forall r. trans r = (\forall p \ pa \ pb. ((p::'a \ literal \ set \times ('a \times 'a \ trm) \ list, pa) \notin r \lor (pa, \ pb) \notin r)$

 $\lor (p, \, pb) \in r)$

by (*simp add: trans-def*)

then obtain $pp :: (('a \ literal \ set \times ('a \times 'a \ trm) \ list) \times 'a \ literal \ set \times ('a \times 'a \ trm) \ list) \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \ set \times ('a \times 'a \ trm) \ list) \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \ set \times ('a \times 'a \ trm) \ list) \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \ set \times ('a \times 'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ literal \ set \times ('a \times 'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ literal \ set \times ('a \times 'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ literal \ set \times ('a \times 'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ literal \ set \times ('a \times 'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ literal \ set \times ('a \times 'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ literal \ set \times ('a \times 'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ literal \ set \times ('a \times 'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ literal \ set \times ('a \times 'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ literal \ set \times ('a \times 'a \ trm) \ list) \ set \ x'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ set \ x'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ set \ x'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ set \ x'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ set \ x'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ set \ x'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ set \ x'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ set \ x'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ set \ x'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ set \ x'a \ set \ x'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ set \ x'a \ set \ x'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ set \ x'a \ set \ x'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ set \ x'a \ set \ x'a \ set \ x'a \ trm) \ list) \ x'a \ set \ x'$

 $\begin{array}{l} f1: \forall r. \ (\neg \ trans \ r \ \lor \ (\forall p \ pa \ pb. \ (p, \ pa) \notin r \ \lor \ (pa, \ pb) \notin r \ \lor \ (p, \ pb) \in r)) \land \\ (trans \ r \ \lor \ (pp \ r, \ ppa \ r) \in r \land \ (ppa \ r, \ ppb \ r) \in r \land \ (pp \ r, \ ppb \ r) \notin r) \end{array}$

by (*metis* (*no-types*))

have f2: trans {(p, pa). (mset-cl p, mset-cl pa) \in mult (mult trm-ord)} using cl-ord-def cl-ord-trans by presburger

{ assume \neg (case (ppa (cl-ord \cup {(p, pa). mset-cl p = mset-cl pa}), ppb (cl-ord \cup {(p, pa). mset-cl p = mset-cl pa})) of (p, pa) \Rightarrow mset-cl p = mset-cl pa)

{ assume $(ppa \ (cl\text{-}ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset\text{-}cl \ pa = mset\text{-}cl \ p\}), ppb \ (cl\text{-}ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset\text{-}cl \ pa = mset\text{-}cl \ p\})) \in \{(pa, p). \ (mset\text{-}cl \ pa, mset\text{-}cl \ p) \in mult \ (mult \ trm\text{-}ord)\}$

moreover

 $\{ assume (ppa (cl-ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p\}), ppb (cl-ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p\})) \in \{(pa, p). (mset-cl pa, mset-cl p) \in mult (mult trm-ord)\} \land (mset-cl (pp (cl-ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p\})), mset-cl (ppb (cl-ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p\}))) \notin mult (mult trm-ord)$

then have $(ppa \ (cl - ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset - cl \ pa = mset - cl \ p\}), ppb \ (cl - ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset - cl \ pa = mset - cl \ p\})) \in \{(pa, p). \ (mset - cl \ pa, mset - cl \ p) \in mult \ (mult \ trm - ord)\} \land mset - cl \ (pp \ (cl - ord \cup \{(pa, \ p). mset - cl \ pa = mset - cl \ p\})) \neq mset - cl \ (ppa \ (cl - ord \cup \{(pa, \ p). mset - cl \ pa = mset - cl \ p\})) \neq mset - cl \ (ppa \ (cl - ord \cup \{(pa, \ p). mset - cl \ p\}))$

by force

 $p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p\}) \in \{(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p\}) \lor (pp (cl-ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p\}), ppa (cl-ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p\})) \notin \{(pa, p). (mset-cl pa, mset-cl p) \in mult (mult trm-ord)\} \land (pp (cl-ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p\}), ppa (cl-ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p\}), ppa (cl-ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p\}) \notin \{(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p\}$

using $f_{2} f_{1}$ by blast }

ultimately have (mset-cl (pp (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})), mset-cl (ppb (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}))) \in mult (mult trm-ord) \vee ((pp (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}), ppb (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \in {(pa, p). (mset-cl pa, mset-cl p) \in mult (mult trm-ord)} \vee (pp (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}), ppb (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \in {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}) \vee (pp (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \in {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}) \vee (pp (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}), ppa (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \notin {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}), ppa (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \notin {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}), ppa (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \notin {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}), ppa (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \notin {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}}

by fastforce }

then have (mset-cl (pp (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})), mset-cl (ppb (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}))) \in mult (mult trm-ord) \vee ((pp (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}), ppb (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \in {(pa, p). (mset-cl pa, mset-cl p) \in mult (mult trm-ord)} \vee (pp (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}), ppb (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \in {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}) \vee (pp (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \in {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}) \vee (pp (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}), ppa (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \notin {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}), ppa (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \notin {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}), ppa (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \notin {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}), ppa (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}), ppa (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \notin cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}), ppa (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}), ppb (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}), ppa (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}), ppb (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \notin cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}) \vee (pp (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \notin cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p} \vee (pp (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \notin cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p} \vee (pp (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \notin cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p} \vee (pp (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \notin cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p} \vee (pp (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \in cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p} \vee (pp (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})) \in cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p})

using cl-ord-def by auto }

then have $(pp \ (cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\}), ppa \ (cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\}) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\} \lor (ppa \ (cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\})) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\}) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\} \lor (ppa \ cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\}) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\} \lor (ppa \ cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\}) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\}) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\})) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\})) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\})) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\})) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\})) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\})) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\})) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\})) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\})) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\})) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\})) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\})) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\})) \notin cl \ ord \cup \{(pa, p). mset \ cl \ pa = mset \ cl \ p\})$

using *cl-ord-def* by *force*

then have trans (cl-ord \cup {(pa, p). mset-cl pa = mset-cl p}) using f1 by meson

from this show ?thesis unfolding cl-ord-eq-def by auto qed

lemma *wf-ecl-ord*:

shows wf ecl-ord

proof -

have wf (mult trm-ord) using trm-ord-wf and wf-mult by auto

then have wf (mult (mult trm-ord)) using wf-mult by auto
thus ?thesis
using ecl-ord-def
and measure-wf [of (mult (mult trm-ord)) ecl-ord mset-ecl]
by blast

 \mathbf{qed}

definition maximal-literal :: 'a literal \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool **where** (maximal-literal $L \ C$) = ($\forall x. (x \in C \longrightarrow (L,x) \notin lit\text{-}ord)$) **definition** eligible-literal

where

 $\begin{array}{l} (eligible-literal \ L \ C \ \sigma) = (L \in sel \ (cl-ecl \ C) \lor \\ (sel(cl-ecl \ C) = \{\} \\ \land \ (maximal-literal \ (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma) \ (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma)))) \end{array}$

definition strictly-maximal-literal

where strictly-maximal-literal $C L \sigma = (\forall x \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) - \{ L \}. ((subst-lit x \sigma), (subst-lit L \sigma)) \in lit\text{-}ord)$

```
definition lower-or-eq
where lower-or-eq t \ s = ((t = s) \lor ((t,s) \in trm\text{-}ord))
```

```
lemma eligible-literal-coincide:
 assumes coincide-on \sigma \sigma' (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C))
 assumes eligible-literal L C \sigma
 assumes L \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C)
 shows eligible-literal L C \sigma'
proof –
 from assms(2) have
   L \in sel (cl-ecl \ C) \lor (sel (cl-ecl \ C) = \{\} \land maximal-literal (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma)
     (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma))
   unfolding eligible-literal-def by auto
  then show ?thesis
 proof
   assume L \in sel (cl-ecl C)
   then show ?thesis unfolding eligible-literal-def by auto
 next
    assume set (cl-ecl C) = {} \land maximal-literal (subst-lit L \sigma) (subst-cl (cl-ecl
C) \sigma
    then have set (cl-ecl C) = {} and maximal-literal (subst-lit L \sigma) (subst-cl
(cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma)
     by auto
   from assms(1) have (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) = (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma')
     using coincide-on-cl by blast
   from assms(3) and assms(1) have coincide-on \sigma \sigma' (vars-of-lit L) unfolding
coincide-on-def
```

```
by auto

from this have (subst-lit L \sigma) = (subst-lit L \sigma')

using coincide-on-lit by auto

from this and \langle (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma) \rangle = (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma') \rangle

and \langle maximal-literal \ (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma) \ (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma') \rangle

have maximal-literal (subst-lit L \sigma') (subst-cl (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma')

by auto

from this and \langle sel \ (cl-ecl \ C) = \{\} \rangle show ?thesis unfolding eligible-literal-def

by auto

qed

qed
```

The next definition extends the ordering to substitutions.

```
definition lower-on
```

where lower-on $\sigma \eta V = (\forall x \in V.$ (lower-or-eq (subst (Var x) σ) ((subst (Var x) η))))

We now establish some properties of the ordering relations.

lemma *lower-or-eq-monotonic*: assumes lower-or-eq t1 s1 assumes lower-or-eq t2 s2 shows lower-or-eq (Comb t1 t2) (Comb s1 s2) unfolding lower-or-eq-def using trm-ord-reduction-left trm-ord-reduction-right by $(metis \ assms(1) \ assms(2) \ lower-or-eq-def \ trm-ord-trans \ transD)$ **lemma** *lower-on-term*: **shows** $\bigwedge \sigma \eta$. lower-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of t) \Longrightarrow $(lower-or-eq (subst t \sigma) (subst t \eta))$ **proof** (*induction* t) **case** (*Var* x) from this show ?case unfolding lower-on-def by auto **next case** (*Const* x) show ?case unfolding lower-or-eq-def by auto **next case** (*Comb* t1 t2) **show** $\land \sigma \eta$. lower-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of (Comb t1 t2)) \Longrightarrow (lower-or-eq (subst (Comb t1 t2) σ) (subst (Comb t1 t2) η)) proof – fix $\sigma \eta$ assume lower-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of (Comb t1 t2)) from this have lower-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of t1) and lower-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of t2) unfolding lower-on-def by auto **from** (lower-on σ η (vars-of t1)) have lower-or-eq (subst t1 σ) (subst t1 η) using Comb.IH by auto from (lower-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of t2)) have lower-or-eq (subst t2 σ) (subst t2 η) using Comb.IH by auto **from** (lower-or-eq (subst t1 σ) (subst t1 η)) (lower-or-eq (subst t2 σ) (subst $t2 \eta$ **show** lower-or-eq (subst (Comb t1 t2) σ) (subst (Comb t1 t2) η)

```
using lower-or-eq-monotonic by auto
   \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma diff-substs-yield-diff-trms:
  assumes (subst (Var x) \sigma) \neq (subst (Var x) \eta)
 shows (x \in vars of t)
   \implies (subst t \sigma) \neq (subst t \eta)
proof (induction t)
  case (Var y)
   show (x \in vars of (Var y)) \implies (subst (Var y) \sigma) \neq (subst (Var y) \eta)
   proof –
     assume (x \in vars of (Var y))
     from \langle (x \in vars of (Var y)) \rangle have x = y by auto
     from this and assms(1)
     show (subst (Var y) \sigma) \neq (subst (Var y) \eta)
     by auto
   qed
  next case (Const y)
   show (x \in vars of (Const y))
   \implies (subst (Const y) \sigma) \neq (subst (Const y) \eta)
   proof (rule ccontr)
     from \langle (x \in vars-of (Const y)) \rangle show False by auto
   qed
  next case (Comb t1 t2)
   show (x \in vars-of (Comb \ t1 \ t2))
   \implies (subst (Comb t1 t2) \sigma) \neq (subst (Comb t1 t2) \eta)
   proof -
     assume (x \in vars-of (Comb \ t1 \ t2))
     from \langle x \in vars-of (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle have x \in vars-of \ t1 \ \lor \ x \in vars-of \ t2 by
auto
     then show (subst (Comb t1 t2) \sigma) \neq (subst (Comb t1 t2) \eta)
     proof
       assume x \in vars-of t1
       from this have (subst t1 \sigma) \neq (subst t1 \eta)
         using Comb.IH by auto
       then show ?thesis by auto
     \mathbf{next}
       assume x \in vars-of t2
       from this have (subst t2 \sigma) \neq (subst t2 \eta)
         using Comb.IH by auto
       then show ?thesis by auto
     qed
   qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma lower-subst-yields-lower-trms:
 assumes lower-on \sigma \eta (vars-of t)
```

```
assumes ((subst (Var x) \sigma), (subst (Var x) \eta)) \in trm-ord
```

assumes $(x \in vars of t)$ **shows** $((subst t \sigma), (subst t \eta)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ proof from assms(1) have lower-or-eq (subst t σ) (subst t η) using lower-on-term by auto **from** assms(2) **have** $(subst (Var x) \sigma) \neq (subst (Var x) \eta)$ using trm-ord-irrefl irrefl-def by fastforce from this and assms(3) have $(subst t \sigma) \neq (subst t \eta)$ using diff-substs-yield-diff-trms by fastforce from this and (lower-or-eq (subst t σ) (subst t η)) show ?thesis unfolding lower-or-eq-def by auto qed lemma lower-on-lit: assumes lower-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of-lit L) **assumes** $((subst (Var x) \sigma), (subst (Var x) \eta)) \in trm-ord$ assumes $x \in vars-of-lit L$ shows $((subst-lit \ L \ \sigma), (subst-lit \ L \ \eta)) \in lit$ -ord proof – **obtain** t s where def-l: $L = Pos(Eq t s) \mid L = (Neg(Eq t s))$ by (*metis mset-lit.cases*) **from** this have vars-of $t \subseteq vars$ -of-lit L and vars-of $s \subseteq vars$ -of-lit L by auto **from** (vars-of $s \subseteq vars$ -of-lit L) and assms(1) have lower-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of s) unfolding lower-on-def by auto from def-l have def-ms-l: mset-lit $L = \{ \# t, s \# \} \lor mset-lit L = \{ \# t, t, s, s \# \}$ by auto from this have $t \in \#$ (mset-lit L) and $s \in \#$ (mset-lit L) by auto from def-l have mset-lit (subst-lit $L \sigma$) = {# (subst $u \sigma$). $u \in \#$ (mset-lit L) #} by *auto* **from** def-l **have** mset-lit (subst-lit $L \eta$) = {# (subst $u \eta$). $u \in \#$ (mset-lit L) #} by auto **from** (lower-on σ η (vars-of s)) have lower-or-eq (subst s σ) (subst s η) using lower-on-term by auto let ?L = mset-lit Llet $?M1 = mset-lit (subst-lit L \sigma)$ let $?M2 = mset-lit (subst-lit L \eta)$ **from** (vars-of $t \subseteq vars-of-lit L$) and assms(1) have lower-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of t) unfolding lower-on-def by auto **from** (vars-of $s \subseteq vars$ -of-lit L) and assms(1) have lower-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of s) unfolding lower-on-def by auto have all-lower: $\forall u. (u \in \# (mset-lit L) \longrightarrow (((subst \ u \ \sigma), (subst \ u \ \eta)) \in trm-ord$ \lor (subst $u \sigma$) = (subst $u \eta$))) proof (rule allI,rule impI) fix u assume $u \in \#$ (mset-lit L) have $u = t \lor u = s$ **proof** (*cases*) assume mset-lit $L = \{ \# t, s \# \}$ from this and $\langle u \in \# (mset-lit L) \rangle$ show ?thesis

by (simp add: count-single insert-DiffM2 insert-noteq-member not-gr0) \mathbf{next} assume $\neg mset$ -lit $L = \{ \# t, s \# \}$ from this and def-ms-l have mset-lit $L = \{ \# t, t, s, s \# \}$ **by** *auto* from this and $\langle u \in \# (mset-lit L) \rangle$ show ?thesis using not-gr0 by fastforce qed then show $(((subst \ u \ \sigma), (subst \ u \ \eta)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ \lor (subst $u \sigma$) = (subst $u \eta$)) proof assume u = tfrom (lower-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of t)) have lower-or-eq (subst t σ) (subst t η) using lower-on-term by auto from this show ?thesis unfolding lower-or-eq-def using $\langle u = t \rangle$ by auto next assume u = s**from** (lower-on σ η (vars-of s)) have lower-or-eq (subst s σ) (subst s η) using lower-on-term by auto from this show ?thesis unfolding lower-or-eq-def using $\langle u = s \rangle$ by auto qed \mathbf{qed} have sl-exists: $\exists u. (u \in \# (mset-lit L) \land ((subst u \sigma), (subst u \eta)) \in trm-ord)$ proof – from $\langle x \in vars-of-lit L \rangle$ and def-l have $x \in vars of \ t \lor x \in vars of \ s \ by \ auto$ then show ?thesis proof assume $x \in vars$ -of t from this and (lower-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of t)) assms(1) assms(2) have $((subst t \sigma), (subst t \eta)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using lower-subst-yields-lower-trms by auto from this and $\langle t \in \# (mset-lit L) \rangle$ show ?thesis by auto \mathbf{next} assume $x \in vars$ -of s from this and (lower-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of s)) assms(1) assms(2) have $((subst \ s \ \sigma), (subst \ s \ \eta)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using lower-subst-yields-lower-trms by auto from this and $\langle s \in \# (mset-lit L) \rangle$ show ?thesis by auto qed \mathbf{qed} from all-lower sl-exists and $\langle mset-lit \ (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma) = \{ \# \ (subst \ u \ \sigma). \ u \in \# \ (mset-lit \ L) \ \# \} \rangle$ $\langle mset-lit \ (subst-lit \ L \ \eta) = \{ \# \ (subst \ u \ \eta). \ u \in \# \ (mset-lit \ L) \ \# \} \rangle$ have $(?M1,?M2) \in (mult \ trm - ord)$ using trm-ord-irrefl image-mset-ordering [of ?M1 λx . (subst $x \sigma$) ?L ?M2 λx . (subst $x \eta$) trm-ord] **by** blast from this show ?thesis unfolding lit-ord-def by auto
\mathbf{qed}

lemma *lower-on-lit-eq*: assumes lower-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of-lit L) shows $((subst-lit \ L \ \sigma) = (subst-lit \ L \ \eta)) \lor ((subst-lit \ L \ \sigma), (subst-lit \ L \ \eta)) \in$ lit-ord **proof** (*cases*) assume coincide-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of-lit L) then show ?thesis using coincide-on-lit by auto \mathbf{next} **assume** \neg coincide-on σ η (vars-of-lit L) then obtain x where $x \in vars-of-lit L$ and $(subst (Var x) \sigma) \neq (subst (Var x) \eta)$ unfolding coincide-on-def by auto **from** $\langle x \in vars-of-lit L \rangle assms(1)$ $\langle (subst (Var x) \sigma) \neq (subst (Var x) \eta) \rangle$ and assms(1)have $((subst (Var x) \sigma), (subst (Var x) \eta)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ unfolding lower-on-def lower-or-eq-def by auto **from** this $assms(1) \langle x \in vars-of-lit L \rangle$ **show** ?thesis using lower-on-lit by auto qed lemma lower-on-cl: assumes lower-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)) **assumes** $((subst (Var x) \sigma), (subst (Var x) \eta)) \in trm-ord$ assumes $x \in vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C)$ assumes finite $(cl-ecl \ C)$ shows $((C,\sigma), (C,\eta)) \in ecl\text{-}ord$ proof let $?M1 = mset\text{-}ecl (C,\sigma)$ let $?M2 = mset\text{-}ecl (C,\eta)$ let $?M = (mset\text{-set } (cl\text{-}ecl \ C))$ let ?f1 = λx . (mset-lit (subst-lit $x \sigma$)) let $?f2 = \lambda x. (mset-lit (subst-lit x \eta))$ have $?M1 = \{ \# (?f1 \ u). \ u \in \# ?M \ \# \}$ using mset-ecl.simps by blast have $?M2 = \{ \# (?f2 \ u). \ u \in \# ?M \ \# \}$ using mset-ecl.simps by blast have $i: \forall u. (u \in \# ?M \longrightarrow (((?f1 u), (?f2 u)) \in (mult trm-ord) \lor (?f1 u) = (?f2 u))$ u)))**proof** ((*rule allI*),(*rule impI*)) fix u assume $u \in \# ?M$ from this have $u \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C)$ using count-mset-set(3) by (simp add: assms(4)) from this and assms(1) have lower-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of-lit u) unfolding lower-on-def by auto then have $((subst-lit \ u \ \sigma) = (subst-lit \ u \ \eta))$

 $= (subst lit u \sigma) = (subst lit u η)$ (subst-lit u η)) ∈ lit-ord using lower-on-lit-eq by blast from this show (((?f1 u), (?f2 u)) ∈ (mult trm-ord) ∨ (?f1 u) = (?f2 u)) unfolding lit-ord-def by auto

 \mathbf{qed}

have irrefl (mult trm-ord) by (simp add: irrefl trm-ord-wf wf-mult)

have $ii: \exists u. (u \in \# ?M \land ((?f1 u), (?f2 u)) \in (mult trm-ord))$ proof from $\langle x \in vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \rangle$ obtain u where $u \in (cl-ecl \ C)$ and $x \in$ vars-of-lit u by auto from $assms(4) \langle u \in (cl-ecl \ C) \rangle$ have $u \in \# ?M$ by *auto* from $\langle u \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \rangle$ and assms(1) have lower-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of-lit u) unfolding lower-on-def by auto from $\langle x \in vars-of-lit u \rangle \langle lower-on \sigma \eta (vars-of-lit u) \rangle assms(2)$ have $((subst-lit \ u \ \sigma), (subst-lit \ u \ \eta)) \in lit$ -ord using lower-on-lit by blast from this $\langle u \in \# ?M \rangle$ have $(u \in \# ?M \land ((?f1 u), (?f2 u)) \in (mult trm-ord))$ unfolding *lit-ord-def* by *auto* then show ?thesis by auto qed from $i \, ii \, \langle ?M1 = \{ \# \, (?f1 \, u). \, u \in \# \, ?M \, \# \} \, \langle ?M2 = \{ \# \, (?f2 \, u). \, u \in \# \, ?M \, \# \, ?M \, \# \, e^{-M2} \, \} \, (?f2 \, u). \, u \in \# \, ?M \, \# \, e^{-M2} \, e^{-M2}$ #} (irrefl (mult trm-ord))have $(?M1,?M2) \in (mult \ (mult \ trm-ord))$ using image-mset-ordering [of ?M1 ?f1 ?M ?M2 ?f2 (mult trm-ord)] by auto then show ?thesis unfolding ecl-ord-def by auto qed **lemma** subterm-trm-ord : shows $\bigwedge t \ s$. subterm t $p \ s \Longrightarrow p \neq []$ \implies $(s,t) \in trm$ -ord **proof** (*induction* p) case Nil from $\langle Nil \neq || \rangle$ show ?case by auto **next case** (*Cons* i q) from $\langle subterm \ t \ (i \# q) \ s \rangle$ obtain $t1 \ t2$ where $t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2)$ using subterm.elims(2) by blast have $i = Left \lor i = Right$ using indices.exhaust by blast then show $(s,t) \in trm$ -ord proof assume i = Leftfrom this and $\langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle$ and $\langle subterm \ t \ (i \ \# \ q) \ s \rangle$ have subterm t1 q s by auto show ?thesis **proof** (*cases*) assume q = Nilfrom this and (subterm $t1 \ q \ s$) have t1 = s by auto from this and $\langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle$ show ?case using trm-ord-subterm by autonext assume $q \neq Nil$ from this and (subterm t1 q s) have $(s,t1) \in trm$ -ord using Cons.IH by autofrom $\langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle$ have $(t1,t) \in trm\text{-}ord \ using \ trm\text{-}ord\text{-}subterm \ by$

```
auto
      from this and \langle (s,t1) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle show ?case
        using trm-ord-trans unfolding trans-def by metis
     qed
   \mathbf{next}
     assume i = Right
     from this and \langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle and \langle subterm \ t \ (i \ \# \ q) \ s \rangle
      have subterm t2 q s by auto
     show ?thesis
     proof (cases)
      assume q = Nil
      from this and (subterm t2 \ q \ s) have t2 = s by auto
       from this and \langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle show ?case using trm-ord-subterm by
auto
     next
      assume q \neq Nil
       from this and (subterm t2 \ q \ s) have (s,t2) \in trm-ord using Cons.IH by
auto
       from \langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle have (t2,t) \in trm-ord using trm-ord-subterm by
auto
      from this and \langle (s,t2) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle show ?case
        using trm-ord-trans unfolding trans-def by metis
     qed
 qed
qed
lemma subterm-trm-ord-eq :
 assumes subterm t p s
 shows s = t \lor (s,t) \in trm-ord
proof (cases)
 assume p = Nil
   from this and assms(1) show ?thesis by auto
 next assume p \neq Nil
   from this and assms(1) show ?thesis using subterm-trm-ord by auto
qed
lemma subterms-of-trm-ord-eq :
 assumes s \in subterms-of t
 shows s = t \lor (s,t) \in trm-ord
proof -
 from assms(1) obtain p where subterm t p s using occurs-in-def by auto
 from this show ?thesis using subterm-trm-ord-eq by auto
qed
lemma subt-trm-ord:
 shows t \prec s \longrightarrow (t,s) \in trm\text{-}ord
proof (induction s)
   case (Var x)
   show ?case
```

```
proof
     assume t \prec Var x
     then show (t, Var x) \in trm-ord by auto
   qed
   case (Const x)
   show ?case
   \mathbf{proof}
     assume t \prec Const x
     then show (t, Const x) \in trm-ord by auto
   \mathbf{qed}
   \mathbf{case}~(\mathit{Comb~t1~t2})
    show ?case
   proof
     assume t \prec Comb \ t1 \ t2
     show (t, Comb \ t1 \ t2) \in trm\text{-}ord
     proof (rule ccontr)
       assume (t, Comb \ t1 \ t2) \notin trm-ord
       then have i: t \neq t1 using trm-ord-subterm by auto
        from \langle (t, Comb \ t1 \ t2) \notin trm \text{-} ord \rangle have ii: t \neq t2 using trm - ord - subterm
by auto
       from i ii and \langle t \prec Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle have t \prec t1 \lor t \prec t2 by auto
       from this and \langle (t, Comb \ t1 \ t2) \notin trm\text{-}ord \rangle
          show False using Comb.IH trm-ord-subterm trm-ord-trans trans-def by
metis
     \mathbf{qed}
   qed
qed
lemma trm-ord-vars:
 assumes (t,s) \in trm-ord
 shows vars-of t \subseteq vars-of s
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume \neg vars-of t \subseteq vars-of s
  then obtain x where x \in vars-of t and x \notin vars-of s by auto
  let ?\sigma = [(x,s)]
 from assms have ((subst \ t \ ?\sigma), (subst \ s \ ?\sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord
   using trm-ord-subst by auto
  let ?\vartheta = []
  let ?V = vars-of s
  have subst s ?\vartheta = s by simp
  have subst (Var x) ?\sigma = s by simp
  have coincide-on ?\sigma ?\vartheta ?V
  proof (rule ccontr)
   assume \neg coincide-on ?\sigma ?\vartheta ?V
   then obtain y where y \in ?V subst (Var y) ?\sigma \neq subst (Var y) ?\vartheta
     unfolding coincide-on-def by auto
   from (subst (Var y) ?\sigma \neq subst (Var y) ?\vartheta have y = x
     by (metis assoc.simps(2) subst.simps(1))
   from this and \langle x \notin vars-of s \rangle \langle y \in ?V \rangle show False by auto
```

qed

from this and (subst s $\vartheta = s$) have subst s $\vartheta = s$ using coincide-on-term by metis **from** $\langle x \in vars \text{-} of t \rangle$ have $(Var x) \prec t$ using $\langle (subst \ t \ [(x, \ s)], \ subst \ s \ [(x, \ s)]) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ $(subst \ s \ [(x, \ s)] = s) \ trm-ord-wf \ vars-iff-occseq \ by \ fastforce$ from this have $((Var x), t) \in trm$ -ord using subt-trm-ord by auto from this and assms(1) have $(Var x,s) \in trm$ -ord using trm-ord-trans trans-def by *metis* from this have $((subst (Var x) ?\sigma), (subst s ?\sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using trm-ord-subst by metis from this and (subst s $?\sigma = s$) (subst (Var x) $?\sigma = s$) have $(s,s) \in trm$ -ord by auto from this show False using trm-ord-irrefl irrefl-def by metis qed **lemma** *lower-on-ground*: assumes lower-on $\sigma \eta V$ assumes ground-on $V \eta$ shows ground-on $V \sigma$ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume \neg ground-on V σ from this obtain x where $x \in V$ and vars-of (subst (Var x) σ) \neq {} unfolding ground-on-def ground-term-def by metis **from** $assms(1) \langle x \in V \rangle$ **have** $(subst (Var x) \sigma) = (subst (Var x) \eta)$ \lor ((subst (Var x) σ),(subst (Var x) η)) \in trm-ord unfolding lower-on-def lower-or-eq-def by metis **from** this have vars-of (subst (Var x) σ) \subseteq vars-of (subst (Var x) η) using trm-ord-vars by auto from this and (vars-of (subst (Var x) σ) \neq {}) have vars-of (subst (Var x) η) \neq {} by auto from this and $\langle x \in V \rangle$ and assms(2) show False unfolding ground-on-def ground-term-def by metis qed **lemma** replacement-monotonic : **shows** $\bigwedge t$ s. ((subst $v \sigma$), (subst $u \sigma$)) \in trm-ord \implies subterm t p u \implies replace-subterm t p v s \implies ((subst s σ), (subst t σ)) \in trm-ord **proof** (*induction* p) case Nil from $\langle subterm \ t \ Nil \ u \rangle$ have t = u by auto from (replace-subterm t Nil v s) have s = v by auto from $\langle t = u \rangle$ and $\langle s = v \rangle$ and $\langle ((subst \ v \ \sigma), (subst \ u \ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-ord} \rangle$ show ?case by auto **next case** (Cons i q) from $\langle subterm \ t \ (i \# q) \ u \rangle$ obtain $t1 \ t2$ where $t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2)$ using subterm.elims(2) by blasthave $i = Left \lor i = Right$ using indices.exhaust by blast

then show $((subst \ s \ \sigma), (subst \ t \ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ proof assume i = Leftfrom this and $\langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle$ and $\langle subterm \ t \ (i \ \# \ q) \ u \rangle$ have subterm $t1 \ q \ u$ by auto from $\langle i = Left \rangle$ and $\langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle$ and $\langle replace-subterm \ t \ (i \ \# \ q) \ v \ s \rangle$ obtain t1' where replace-subterm $t1 \ q \ v \ t1'$ and $s = Comb \ t1' \ t2$ by auto **from** $\langle ((subst \ v \ \sigma), (subst \ u \ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ and $\langle subterm \ t1 \ q \ u \rangle$ and $\langle replace-subterm \ t1 \ q \ v \ t1' \rangle$ have $((subst\ t1'\ \sigma),\ (subst\ t1\ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using Cons.IH Cons.prems(1) by blast from this and $\langle t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle$ and $\langle s = (Comb \ t1' \ t2) \rangle$ **show** $((subst \ s \ \sigma), (subst \ t \ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ **by** (*simp add: trm-ord-reduction-left*) \mathbf{next} assume i = Rightfrom this and $\langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle$ and $\langle subterm \ t \ (i \ \# \ q) \ u \rangle$ have subterm t2 q u by auto from $\langle i = Right \rangle$ and $\langle t = Comb \ t1 \ t2 \rangle$ and $\langle replace-subterm \ t \ (i \ \# \ q) \ v \ s \rangle$ obtain t2' where replace-subterm $t2 \ q \ v \ t2'$ and $s = Comb \ t1 \ t2'$ by auto **from** $\langle ((subst \ v \ \sigma), (subst \ u \ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ and $\langle subterm \ t2 \ q \ u \rangle$ and $\langle replace-subterm \ t2 \ q \ v \ t2' \rangle$ have $((subst t2' \sigma), (subst t2 \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using Cons.IH Cons.prems(2) by blast from this and $\langle t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \rangle$ and $\langle s = (Comb \ t1 \ t2') \rangle$ **show** ((subst s σ), (subst t σ)) \in trm-ord **by** (*simp add: trm-ord-reduction-right*) qed \mathbf{qed} lemma *mset-lit-subst*: shows (mset-lit (subst-lit $L \sigma$)) = $\{ \# (subst \ x \ \sigma). \ x \in \# (mset-lit \ L) \ \# \}$ proof have positive-literal $L \lor$ negative-literal Lusing negative-literal.simps(2) positive-literal.elims(3) by blast then show ?thesis proof assume positive-literal L then obtain $t \ s$ where $L = Pos \ (Eq \ t \ s)$ by (metis equation.exhaust positive-literal.elims(2)) from this show ?thesis by auto next assume negative-literal Lthen obtain $t \ s$ where $L = Neg \ (Eq \ t \ s)$ by (metis equation.exhaust negative-literal.elims(2)) from this show ?thesis by auto qed

qed

lemma *lit-ord-irrefl*: shows $(L,L) \notin lit$ -ord **by** (*simp add: lit-ord-wf*) lemma *lit-ord-subst*: assumes $(L,M) \in lit$ -ord **shows** ((subst-lit $L \sigma$), (subst-lit $M \sigma$)) \in lit-ord proof – let $?f = \lambda x. (subst \ x \ \sigma)$ have $i: \bigwedge t \ s. \ ((t,s) \in trm\text{-}ord \Longrightarrow ((?f \ t), (?f \ s)) \in trm\text{-}ord)$ using trm-ord-subst by auto from assms(1) have ii: $((mset-lit L), (mset-lit M)) \in (mult trm-ord)$ unfolding *lit-ord-def* by *auto* let $?L = \{ \# (?f x) : x \in \# (mset-lit L) \# \}$ let $?M = \{ \# (?f x). x \in \# (mset-lit M) \# \}$ from i and ii have iii: $(?L,?M) \in (mult \ trm-ord)$ using monotonic-fun-mult by *metis* have l: $?L = (mset-lit (subst-lit L \sigma))$ using mset-lit-subst by auto have m: $?M = (mset-lit (subst-lit M \sigma))$ using mset-lit-subst by auto from l m iii show ?thesis unfolding lit-ord-def by auto qed **lemma** args-are-strictly-lower: assumes is-compound t **shows** (*lhs* t,t) \in *trm-ord* \land (*rhs* t,t) \in *trm-ord* by (metis assms is-compound. elims(2) lhs. simps(1) rhs. simps(1) trm-ord-subterm) lemma *mset-subst*: assumes $C' = subst-cl \ D \ \vartheta$ assumes $\sigma \doteq \vartheta \Diamond \eta$ assumes finite D shows mset-cl $(C',\eta) = mset-cl (D,\sigma) \lor (mset-cl (C',\eta),mset-cl (D,\sigma)) \in (mult$ (mult trm-ord)) proof – let $?f = \lambda x$. (subst-lit $x \vartheta$) let $?g = \lambda x.$ (mset-lit (subst-lit $x \eta$)) let $?h = \lambda x. (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma))$ have $i: \forall x \in D$. ((?g(?fx)) = (?hx))proof fix x**have** (subst-lit (subst-lit $x \vartheta$) η) = (subst-lit $x (\vartheta \Diamond \eta)$) using composition-of-substs-lit by auto from assms(2) have $(subst-lit \ x \ \sigma) = (subst-lit \ x \ (\vartheta \land \eta))$ using subst-eq-lit by auto from this $\langle (subst-lit (subst-lit x \vartheta) \eta) = (subst-lit x (\vartheta \Diamond \eta)) \rangle$

show (?g(?fx)) = (?hx) by *auto* \mathbf{qed} from assms(3) have $mset-set (?f ` D) \subseteq \# \{\# (?f x) : x \in \# mset-set (D) \#\}$ using *mset-set-mset-image* by *auto* **from** this have ii: $\{\# (?q x) : x \in \# mset\text{-set} (?f `D) \#\} \subseteq \# \{\# (?q x) : x \in \# mset\text{-set} (?f `D) \#\}$ $\{ \# (?f x) : x \in \# mset\text{-set} (D) \# \} \# \}$ using image-mset-subseteq-mono by auto have $\{\# (?g x) : x \in \# \{\# (?f x) : x \in \# mset\text{-set} (D) \#\} \#\} = \{\# (?g (?f x)) : x \in \# mset\text{-set} (D) \#\} \#\} = \{\# (?g (?f x)) : x \in \# mset\text{-set} (D) \#\} \#\}$ $x \in \# mset\text{-set } D \# \}$ using mset-image-comp [of ?g ?f] by auto from this and ii have *iii*: $\{\# (?g x) : x \in \# \text{ mset-set } (?f `D) \#\} \subseteq \# \{\# (?g (?f x)) : x \in \# \text{ mset-set } \}$ D # by auto from *i* have $\{\# (?g (?f x)), x \in \# (mset\text{-set } D) \#\} = \{\# (?h x), x \in \# (mset\text{-set } D) \#\}$ $D) # \}$ using equal-image-mset [of $D \lambda x$. (?q (?f x))] by auto from this and iii have $\{\# (?g x) : x \in \# \text{ mset-set } (?f `D) \#\} \subseteq \# \{\# (?h x) : x \in \# \text{ mset-set } D\}$ # by *auto* from this have iv: $\{\# (?g x) : x \in \# mset\text{-set} (?f ` D) \#\} \subseteq \# mset\text{-cl} (D,\sigma)$ by auto from assms(1) have $((\lambda x. subst-lit x \vartheta) `D) = C'$ by auto from this and iv have $\{\#mset-lit (subst-lit \ x \ \eta). \ x \in \# mset-set \ C' \ \#\} \subseteq \#$ mset-cl (D, σ) by auto from this have mset-cl $(C', \eta) \subseteq \#$ mset-cl (D, σ) by auto from this show ?thesis using multiset-order-inclusion-eq mult-trm-ord-trans by autoqed **lemma** *max-lit-exists*: **shows** finite $C \Longrightarrow C \neq \{\} \longrightarrow ground-clause \ C \longrightarrow (\exists L. (L \in C \land (maximal-literal)))$ L C)))**proof** (*induction rule: finite.induct*) case emptyI show ?case by simp \mathbf{next} fix A :: 'a clause and a:: 'a literal assume finite A **assume** hyp-ind: $A \neq \{\} \longrightarrow$ ground-clause $A \longrightarrow (\exists L. (L \in A \land (maximal-literal)))$ L A)))**show** (insert a A) \neq {} \longrightarrow ground-clause (insert a A) $\longrightarrow (\exists L. (L \in (insert \ a \ A) \land (maximal-literal \ L \ (insert \ a \ A))))$ **proof** ((rule impI)+)assume insert a $A \neq \{\}$ assume ground-clause (insert a A) **show** $(\exists L. (L \in (insert \ a \ A) \land (maximal-literal \ L \ (insert \ a \ A))))$ **proof** (*cases*) assume $A = \{\}$

```
then have a \in (insert \ a \ A) \land (maximal-literal \ a \ (insert \ a \ A))
       unfolding maximal-literal-def using lit-ord-irrefl by auto
     then show ?thesis by auto
   next assume A \neq \{\}
     have insert a A = \{a\} \cup A by auto
     then have vars-of-cl (insert a A) = vars-of-cl A \cup vars-of-lit a by auto
     from this and \langle ground-clause (insert \ a \ A) \rangle have
       vars-of-lit a = \{\} and ground-clause A by auto
     from \langle ground\text{-}clause | A \rangle and \langle A \neq \{\}\rangle and hyp-ind obtain b where
       b \in A and maximal-literal b A by auto
     show ?thesis
     proof (cases)
      assume maximal-literal a A
      then have maximal-literal a (insert a A)
       using lit-ord-wf maximal-literal-def by auto
      then show ?thesis by auto
     next
      assume \neg maximal-literal a A
      then obtain a' where a' \in A and (a,a') \in lit-ord
       unfolding maximal-literal-def by auto
      from \langle a' \in A \rangle and \langle maximal-literal \ b \ A \rangle have (b,a') \notin lit-ord
       unfolding maximal-literal-def by auto
      from this and \langle (a,a') \in lit\text{-}ord \rangle
       have (b,a) \notin lit-ord unfolding lit-ord-def
         using mult-def trancl-trans by fastforce
      from this and \langle maximal-literal \ b \ A \rangle have maximal-literal b (insert a A)
       unfolding maximal-literal-def by simp
      from this and \langle b \in A \rangle show ?thesis by auto
   qed
 qed
qed
qed
```

We deduce that a clause contains at least one eligible literal.

```
lemma eligible-lit-exists:

assumes finite (cl-ecl C)

assumes (cl-ecl C) \neq {}

assumes (ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma))

shows \exists L. ((eligible-literal L \ C \ \sigma) \land (L \in (cl-ecl C)))

proof (cases)

assume sel (cl-ecl C) = {}

let ?C = (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma)

have finite ?C by (simp add: assms(1))

have ?C \neq {}

proof -

from assms(2) obtain L where L \in (cl-ecl C) by auto

from this have (subst-lit L \ \sigma) \in ?C by auto

from this show ?C \neq {} by auto
```

from $\langle finite ?C \rangle \langle ?C \neq \{\} \rangle$ assms(3) obtain L where $L \in ?C$ maximal-literal L ?C using max-lit-exists by metis

from $(L \in ?C)$ obtain L' where $L' \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C)$ and $L = (subst-lit \ L' \ \sigma)$ by auto

from $\langle L' \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \rangle \langle L = (subst-lit \ L' \ \sigma) \rangle \langle maximal-literal \ L \ ?C \rangle \langle sel \ (cl-ecl \ C) = \{\} \rangle$

show ?thesis unfolding eligible-literal-def by metis next assume sel (cl-ecl C) \neq {} then obtain L where $L \in$ sel (cl-ecl C) by auto from this show ?thesis unfolding eligible-literal-def using sel-neg by blast

qed

qed

The following lemmata provide various ways of proving that literals are ordered, depending on the relations between the terms they contain.

lemma *lit-ord-dominating-term*: assumes $(s1,s2) \in trm\text{-}ord \lor (s1,t2) \in trm\text{-}ord$ assumes orient-lit x1 s1 t1 p1 assumes orient-lit x2 s2 t2 p2 assumes vars-of-lit $x_1 = \{\}$ assumes vars-of-lit $x^2 = \{\}$ shows $(x1, x2) \in lit$ -ord proof from $\langle vars-of-lit x1 = \{\}\rangle$ and $\langle orient-lit x1 s1 t1 p1 \rangle$ have $vars-of t1 = \{\}$ and *vars-of* $s1 = \{\}$ and $\neg(s1,t1) \in trm\text{-}ord$ unfolding orient-lit-def by auto from assms(5) and $\langle orient-lit x2 s2 t2 p2 \rangle$ have $vars-of t2 = \{\}$ and vars-of s2 $= \{\}$ and $\neg(s2,t2) \in trm\text{-}ord$ unfolding orient-lit-def by auto from $\langle vars-of t1 = \{\}\rangle$ and $\langle vars-of s1 = \{\}\rangle$ and $\langle \neg(s1,t1) \in trm-ord\rangle$ have o1: $t1 = s1 \lor (t1,s1) \in trm$ -ord using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by auto from $\langle vars-of t2 = \{\}\rangle$ and $\langle vars-of s2 = \{\}\rangle$ and $\langle \neg(s2,t2) \in trm-ord\rangle$ have $o2: t2 = s2 \lor (t2,s2) \in trm$ -ord using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by auto from $\langle \neg(s2,t2) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ and assms(1) have $(s1,s2) \in trm\text{-}ord$ by (metis assms(1) o2 trm-ord-trans transE) let ?m1 = mset-lit x1let ?m2 = mset-lit x2from assms(1) and o1 and o2 have $(t1,s2) \in trm$ -ord using trm-ord-trans trans-def by metis from this and $\langle (s1, s2) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ have $s2max: \forall x. (x \in \# \{\# t1, t1, s1, s1, \#\} \longrightarrow (x, s2) \in trm\text{-}ord)$ by *auto* have $\{\# s2 \ \#\} \subset \# \{\# t2, t2, s2, s2 \ \#\}$ by simp from $(\{\# s2 \ \#\} \subset \# \ \{\# \ t2, t2, s2, s2 \ \#\})$ have $(\{ \# s2 \# \}, \{ \# t2, t2, s2, s2 \# \}) \in mult trm-ord$ using trm-ord-trans multiset-order-inclusion [of $\{\# s2 \ \#\}$ $\{\# t2, t2, s2, s2 \ \#\}$

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trm-ord] by auto have $p1 = neg \lor p1 = pos$ using sign.exhaust by auto then show ?thesis proof assume p1 = neqfrom this and (orient-lit x1 s1 t1 p1) have $x1 = (Neq (Eq t1 s1)) \lor x1 =$ $(Neg (Eq \ s1 \ t1))$ using orient-lit-def by blast from this have m1: $?m1 = \{ \# t1, t1, s1, s1 \# \}$ using mset-lit.simps by auto have $p2 = neg \lor p2 = pos$ using sign.exhaust by auto then show ?thesis proof assume p2 = negfrom this and (orient-lit x2 s2 t2 p2) have $x2 = (Neg (Eq t2 s2)) \lor x2 =$ $(Neg (Eq \ s2 \ t2))$ using orient-lit-def by blast from this have m2: $?m2 = \{ \# t2, t2, s2, s2 \# \}$ using mset-lit.simps by auto from s2max have $(\{\# t1, t1, s1, s1, \#\}, \{\# s2, \#\}) \in mult trm-ord$ using mult1-def-lemma [of $\{\# s2 \ \#\}\ \{\#\}\ s2\ \{\#\ t1,t1,s1,s1\ \#\}\ \{\#\}\ s2\ \{\#\ t1,t1,s1,s1\ \#\}\ \{\#\ s1,t1,s1,s1\ \#\}\ s1,s1\ m\}\ s1,s1\ m\}\ s1,s1\ m\}\ s1,s1\ m\}\ s1,s1\ m]\ s1,s1$ t1, t1, s1, s1, s1 # trm-ord mult-defby *auto* from $\langle \{\# s2 \#\}, \{\# t2, t2, s2, s2 \#\} \rangle \in mult trm-ord \rangle$ and $\langle \{\# t1, t1, s1, s1\}$ #}, {# s2 #}) $\in mult trm-ord$ have $(\{\# t1, t1, s1, s1, \#\}, \{\# t2, t2, s2, s2, \#\}) \in mult trm-ord$ using mult-trm-ord-trans unfolding trans-def by blast from this and m1 and m2 show ?thesis using *lit-ord-def* by *auto* **next assume** p2 = posfrom this and (orient-lit x2 s2 t2 p2) have $x2 = (Pos (Eq t2 s2)) \lor x2 =$ $(Pos (Eq \ s2 \ t2))$ using orient-lit-def by blast from this have m2: $?m2 = \{ \# t2, s2 \# \}$ using mset-lit.simps by auto from s2max have $(\{\# t1, t1, s1, s1, \#\}, \{\# s2, \#\}) \in mult trm-ord$ t1, t1, s1, s1, s1 # trm-ord mult-def by auto from this and $\langle \{ \# s2 \# \}, \{ \# t2, t2, s2, s2 \# \} \rangle \in mult trm-ord \rangle$ have $(\{\# t1, t1, s1, s1, \#\}, \{\# t2, s2, \#\}) \in mult trm-ord$ using mset-ordering-add1 [of $\{\# t1, t1, s1, s1 \ \#\}$ $\{\# s2 \ \#\}$ trm-ord t2] by (auto) from this and m1 and m2 show ?thesis using *lit-ord-def* by *auto* qed next

assume p1 = posfrom this and (orient-lit x1 s1 t1 p1) have $x1 = (Pos (Eq t1 s1)) \lor x1 =$ $(Pos (Eq \ s1 \ t1))$ using orient-lit-def by blast from this have m1: $?m1 = \{ \# t1, s1 \# \}$ using mset-lit.simps by auto have $p2 = neg \lor p2 = pos$ using sign.exhaust by auto then show ?thesis proof assume p2 = negfrom this and (orient-lit x2 s2 t2 p2) have $x2 = (Neg (Eq t2 s2)) \lor x2 =$ $(Neg (Eq \ s2 \ t2))$ using orient-lit-def by blast from this have m2: $?m2 = \{ \# t2, t2, s2, s2, \# \}$ using mset-lit.simps by auto from s2max have $(\{\# t1, s1 \ \#\}, \{\# s2 \ \#\}) \in mult \ trm-ord$ using mult1-def-lemma [of $\{\# s2 \ \#\}\ \{\#\}\ s2\ \{\#\ t1,s1\ \#\}\ \{\#\ t1,s1\ \#\}\$ trm-ord] mult-def by *auto* from $\langle \{ \# s2 \# \}, \{ \# t2, t2, s2, s2 \# \} \rangle \in mult trm-ord \text{ and } \langle \{ \# t1, s1 \} \rangle$ #}, {# s2 #}) $\in mult trm-ord$ have ({# t1,s1 #}, {# t2,t2,s2,s2 #}) \in mult trm-ord using mult-trm-ord-trans unfolding trans-def by blast from this and m1 and m2 show ?thesis using *lit-ord-def* by *auto* **next assume** p2 = posfrom this and (orient-lit x2 s2 t2 p2) have $x2 = (Pos (Eq t2 s2)) \lor x2 =$ $(Pos (Eq \ s2 \ t2))$ using orient-lit-def by blast from this have m2: $?m2 = \{ \# t2, s2 \# \}$ using mset-lit.simps by auto from s2max have $(\{\# t1, s1 \ \#\}, \{\# s2 \ \#\}) \in mult \ trm-ord$ using mult1-def-lemma [of $\{\# s2 \ \#\}\ \{\#\}\ s2\ \{\#\ t1,s1\ \#\}\ \{\#\ t1,s1\ \#\}\$ trm-ord] mult-def by auto from this have $(\{\# t1, s1 \ \#\}, \{\# t2, s2 \ \#\}) \in mult \ trm-ord$ using mset-ordering-add1 [of $\{\# t1, s1 \ \#\}$ $\{\# s2 \ \#\}$ trm-ord t2] by auto from this and m1 and m2 show ?thesis using *lit-ord-def* by *auto* qed qed qed **lemma** *lit-ord-neg-lit-lhs*: assumes orient-lit x1 s t1 pos assumes orient-lit x2 s t2 neg assumes vars-of-lit $x_1 = \{\}$ assumes vars-of-lit $x^2 = \{\}$ shows $(x1, x2) \in lit$ -ord

proof -

from assms(3) and assms(1) have $vars-of t1 = \{\}$ and $vars-of s = \{\}$ and $\neg(s,t1) \in trm\text{-}ord$ unfolding orient-lit-def by auto from assms(4) and assms(2) have $vars-of t2 = \{\}$ and $\neg(s,t2) \in trm$ -ord unfolding orient-lit-def by auto from $\langle vars-of t1 = \{\}\rangle$ and $\langle vars-of s = \{\}\rangle$ and $\langle \neg(s,t1) \in trm-ord\rangle$ have o1: $t1 = s \lor (t1,s) \in trm$ -ord using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by auto from $\langle vars-of t2 = \{\}\rangle$ and $\langle vars-of s = \{\}\rangle$ and $\langle \neg(s,t2) \in trm-ord\rangle$ have o2: $t2 = s \lor (t2,s) \in trm$ -ord using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by auto let ?m1 = mset-lit x1let ?m2 = mset-lit x2from *(orient-lit x1 s t1 pos)* have $x1 = (Pos (Eq t1 s)) \lor x1 = (Pos (Eq s t1))$ using orient-lit-def by blast from this have m1: $?m1 = \{ \# t1, s \# \}$ using mset-lit.simps by auto **from** (orient-lit x2 s t2 neg) have $x2 = (Neg (Eq t2 s)) \lor x2 = (Neg (Eq s t2))$ using orient-lit-def by blast from this have m2: $?m2 = \{ \# t2, t2, s, s \# \}$ using mset-lit.simps by auto show ?thesis **proof** (*cases*) assume t1 = shave $(\{\# s, s \#\}, \{\# t2, s, s \#\}) \in mult trm-ord$ using mult1-def-lemma [of $\{\# \ t2, s, s \ \#\}\ \{\# \ s, s \ \#\}\ t2\ \{\# \ s, s \ \#\}\ \{\#\}\$ trm-ord] mult-def by auto then have $(\{\# s, s \#\}, \{\# t2, t2, s, s \#\}) \in mult trm-ord$ using mset-ordering-add1 [of $\{\# s, s, \#\}$ $\{\# t2, s, s, \#\}$ trm-ord t2] by auto from this and $\langle t1 = s \rangle$ and m1 and m2 show ?thesis using lit-ord-def by auto \mathbf{next} assume $t1 \neq s$ from this and of have $(t1,s) \in trm$ -ord by auto from this have smax: $\forall x. (x \in \# \{ \# t1 \ \# \} \longrightarrow (x,s) \in trm\text{-}ord)$ by auto from smax have $(\{\# t1, s \#\}, \{\# s, s \#\}) \in mult trm-ord$ using mult1-def-lemma [of $\{\# s, s \#\}$ $\{\# s \#\}$ $s \{\# t1, s \#\}$ $\{\# t1 \#\}$ trm-ord] mult-def by auto from this have $(\{\# t1, s \#\}, \{\# t2, s, s \#\}) \in mult trm-ord$ using mset-ordering-add1 [of $\{\# t1, s \#\}$ $\{\# s, s \#\}$ trm-ord t2] by auto from this have $(\{\# t1, s \#\}, \{\# t2, t2, s, s \#\}) \in mult trm-ord$ using mset-ordering-add1 [of $\{\# t1, s \#\}$ $\{\# t2, s, s \#\}$ trm-ord t2] by auto from this and m1 and m2 show ?thesis using lit-ord-def by auto qed qed

lemma *lit-ord-neg-lit-rhs*:

assumes orient-lit x1 s t1 pos assumes orient-lit x2 t2 s neg assumes vars-of-lit $x1 = \{\}$ assumes vars-of-lit $x^2 = \{\}$ shows $(x1, x2) \in lit$ -ord proof from assms(3) and assms(1) have $vars-of t1 = \{\}$ and $vars-of s = \{\}$ and $\neg(s,t1) \in trm\text{-}ord$ unfolding orient-lit-def by auto from assms(4) and assms(2) have $vars-of t2 = \{\}$ and $\neg(t2,s) \in trm\text{-}ord$ unfolding orient-lit-def by auto from $\langle vars-of t1 = \{\} \rangle$ and $\langle vars-of s = \{\} \rangle$ and $\langle \neg(s,t1) \in trm-ord \rangle$ have $o1: t1 = s \lor (t1,s) \in trm$ -ord using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by auto from $\langle vars-of t2 = \{\} \rangle$ and $\langle vars-of s = \{\} \rangle$ and $\langle \neg(t2,s) \in trm-ord \rangle$ have $o2: t2 = s \lor (s, t2) \in trm\text{-}ord using trm\text{-}ord\text{-}ground\text{-}total$ unfolding ground-term-def by auto let ?m1 = mset-lit x1 let ?m2 = mset-lit x2**from** (orient-lit x1 s t1 pos) have $x1 = (Pos (Eq t1 s)) \lor x1 = (Pos (Eq s t1))$ using orient-lit-def by blast from this have m1: $?m1 = \{ \# t1, s \# \}$ using mset-lit.simps by auto from (orient-lit x2 t2 s neg) have $x2 = (Neg (Eq t2 s)) \lor x2 = (Neg (Eq s t2))$ using orient-lit-def by blast from this have m2: $?m2 = \{ \# t2, t2, s, s \# \}$ using mset-lit.simps by auto show ?thesis **proof** (cases) assume t1 = shave $(\{\# s, s \#\}, \{\# t2, s, s \#\}) \in mult trm-ord$ using mult1-def-lemma [of $\{\# t2, s, s \#\}$ $\{\# s, s \#\}$ t2 $\{\# s, s \#\}$ $\{\#\}$ trm-ord] mult-def by auto then have $(\{\# s, s \#\}, \{\# t2, t2, s, s \#\}) \in mult trm-ord$ using mset-ordering-add1 [of $\{\# s, s, \#\}$ $\{\# t2, s, s, \#\}$ trm-ord t2] by auto from this and $\langle t1 = s \rangle$ and m1 and m2 show ?thesis using lit-ord-def by autonext assume $t1 \neq s$ from this and of have $(t1,s) \in trm$ -ord by auto from this have smax: $\forall x. (x \in \# \{ \# t1 \ \# \} \longrightarrow (x,s) \in trm\text{-}ord)$ by auto from smax have $(\{\# t1, s \#\}, \{\# s, s \#\}) \in mult trm-ord$ using mult1-def-lemma [of $\{\# s, s, \#\}$ $\{\# s, \#\}$ s $\{\# t1, s, \#\}$ $\{\# t1, \#\}$ trm-ord] mult-def by auto from this have $(\{\# t1, s \#\}, \{\# t2, s, s \#\}) \in mult trm-ord$ using mset-ordering-add1 [of $\{\# t1, s \#\}$ $\{\# s, s \#\}$ trm-ord t2] by auto from this have $(\{\# t1, s \#\}, \{\# t2, t2, s, s \#\}) \in mult trm-ord$ using mset-ordering-add1 [of $\{\# t1, s \#\}$ $\{\# t2, s, s \#\}$ trm-ord t2] by auto

```
from this and m1 and m2 show ?thesis using lit-ord-def by auto
  qed
qed
lemma lit-ord-rhs:
 assumes (t1, t2) \in trm\text{-}ord
 assumes orient-lit x1 s t1 p
 assumes orient-lit x2 \ s \ t2 \ p
 assumes vars-of-lit x_1 = \{\}
 assumes vars-of-lit x^2 = \{\}
 shows (x1, x2) \in lit-ord
proof -
 from assms(2) and assms(4) have vars-of t1 = \{\} and vars-of s = \{\}
   and \neg(s,t1) \in trm\text{-}ord unfolding orient-lit-def by auto
 from assms(3) and assms(5) have vars-of t2 = \{\}
   and \neg(s,t2) \in trm\text{-}ord unfolding orient-lit-def by auto
 from \langle vars-of t1 = \{\}\rangle and \langle vars-of s = \{\}\rangle and \langle \neg(s,t1) \in trm-ord\rangle
   have o1: t1 = s \lor (t1,s) \in trm-ord using trm-ord-ground-total
   unfolding ground-term-def by auto
  from \langle vars-of t2 = \{\}\rangle and \langle vars-of s = \{\}\rangle and \langle \neg(s,t2) \in trm-ord\rangle
   have o2: t2 = s \lor (t2,s) \in trm-ord using trm-ord-ground-total
   unfolding ground-term-def by auto
  let ?m1 = mset-lit x1
 let ?m2 = mset-lit x2
 have p = pos \lor p = neq using sign.exhaust by auto
  then show ?thesis
 proof
   assume p = pos
    from this and (orient-lit x1 s t1 p) have x1 = (Pos (Eq t1 s)) \lor x1 = (Pos
(Eq \ s \ t1))
     using orient-lit-def by blast
   from this have m1: ?m1 = \{ \# t1, s \# \} using mset-lit.simps by auto
   from \langle p = pos \rangle and \langle orient-lit x2 \ s \ t2 \ p \rangle have x2 = (Pos \ (Eq \ t2 \ s)) \lor x2 =
(Pos (Eq \ s \ t2))
       using orient-lit-def by blast
   from this have m2: ?m2 = \{ \# t2, s \# \} using mset-lit.simps by auto
   from assms(1) have (\forall b. b \in \# \{\#t1\#\} \longrightarrow (b, t2) \in trm\text{-}ord) by auto
   then have (\{\# t1, s \#\}, \{\# t2, s \#\}) \in mult trm-ord
       using mult1-def-lemma [of \{\# t2, s \#\} \{\# s \#\} t2 \{\# t1, s \#\} \{\# t1 \#\}
trm-ord]
       mult-def by auto
   from this and m1 and m2 show ?thesis using lit-ord-def by auto
 next assume p = neg
    from this and (orient-lit x1 s t1 p) have x1 = (Neg (Eq t1 s)) \lor x1 = (Neg
(Eq \ s \ t1))
     using orient-lit-def by blast
   from this have m1: ?m1 = \{ \# t1, t1, s, s \# \} using mset-lit.simps by auto
    from \langle p = neg \rangle and \langle orient\-lit x2 \ s \ t2 \ p \rangle have x2 = (Neg \ (Eq \ t2 \ s)) \lor x2 =
(Neg (Eq \ s \ t2))
```

using orient-lit-def by blast

from this have m2: $?m2 = \{ \# t2, t2, s, s \# \}$ using mset-lit.simps by auto from assms(1) have max: $(\forall b. b \in \# \{ \# t1, t1\# \} \longrightarrow (b, t2) \in trm\text{-}ord)$ by auto

have i: $\{\# t2, s, s \#\} = \{\# s, s, t2 \#\}$ by (simp add: add.commute add.left-commute)

have *ii*: $\{\# t1, t1, s, s \ \#\} = \{\# s, s, t1, t1 \ \#\}$ by (simp add: add.commute add.left-commute)

from *i* and *ii* and max have $(\{\# t1, t1, s, s \#\}, \{\# t2, s, s \#\}) \in mult trm-ord$ using mult1-def-lemma [of $\{\# t2, s, s \#\} \{\# s, s \#\} t2 \{\# t1, t1, s, s \#\} \{\# t1, t1 \#\} trm-ord]$

mult-def by auto

then have $(\{\# t1, t1, s, s \#\}, \{\# t2, t2, s, s \#\}) \in mult trm-ord$

using mset-ordering-add1 [of $\{\# t1, t1, s, s \ \#\}$ $\{\# t2, s, s \ \#\}$ trm-ord t2] by auto

from this and m1 and m2 show ?thesis using lit-ord-def by auto qed

qed

We show that the replacement of a term by an equivalent term preserves the semantics.

lemma trm-rep-preserves-eq-semantics: assumes fo-interpretation I assumes (I (subst t1 σ) (subst t2 σ)) **assumes** (validate-ground-eq I (subst-equation (Eq t1 s) σ)) **shows** (validate-ground-eq I (subst-equation (Eq t2 s) σ)) proof – from assms(1) have transitive I and symmetric I unfolding fo-interpretation-def congruence-def equivalence-relation-def by auto have (subst-equation (Eq t1 s) σ) = (Eq (subst t1 σ) (subst s σ)) by simp from this and assms(3) have I (subst t1 σ) (subst s σ) by simp from this and assms(2) and $\langle transitive I \rangle$ and $\langle symmetric I \rangle$ have I (subst t2 σ) (subst s σ) unfolding transitive-def symmetric-def by metis have (subst-equation (Eq $t_2 s$) σ) = (Eq (subst $t_2 \sigma$) (subst $s \sigma$)) by simp from this and $\langle I (subst t 2 \sigma) (subst s \sigma) \rangle$ show ?thesis by simp qed

lemma trm-rep-preserves-lit-semantics: **assumes** fo-interpretation I **assumes** (I (subst t1 σ) (subst t2 σ)) **assumes** orient-lit-inst L t1 s polarity σ' **assumes** \neg (validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit L σ)) **shows** \neg validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit (mk-lit polarity (Eq t2 s)) σ)

proof –

from assms(1) have transitive I and symmetric I unfolding fo-interpretation-def congruence-def equivalence-relation-def by auto

have $polarity = pos \lor polarity = neg$ using sign.exhaust by auto then show ?thesis proof assume polarity = posfrom this have mk: $(mk-lit \ polarity \ (Eq \ t2 \ s)) = (Pos \ (Eq \ t2 \ s))$ by auto from $\langle polarity = pos \rangle$ and assms(3) have $L = (Pos (Eq \ t1 \ s)) \lor L = (Pos \ t1 \ s)$ $(Eq \ s \ t1))$ unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto then show ?thesis proof assume $L = (Pos \ (Eq \ t1 \ s))$ from this and assms(4) have $\neg I$ (subst t1 σ) (subst s σ) by simp from this and assms(2) and $\langle transitive I \rangle$ and $\langle symmetric I \rangle$ have $\neg I$ (subst t2 σ) (subst s σ) unfolding transitive-def symmetric-def by metis from this and mk show ?thesis by simp next assume $L = (Pos (Eq \ s \ t1))$ from this and assms(4) have $\neg I$ (subst s σ) (subst t1 σ) by simp from this and assms(2) and $\langle transitive I \rangle$ and $\langle symmetric I \rangle$ have $\neg I$ (subst t2 σ) (subst s σ) unfolding transitive-def symmetric-def by metis from this and mk show ?thesis by simp qed \mathbf{next} assume polarity = neqfrom this have mk: $(mk-lit \ polarity \ (Eq \ t2 \ s)) = (Neq \ (Eq \ t2 \ s))$ by auto from $\langle polarity = neg \rangle$ and assms(3) have $L = (Neg (Eq \ t1 \ s)) \lor L = (Neg$ $(Eq \ s \ t1))$ unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto then show ?thesis proof assume $L = (Neg (Eq \ t1 \ s))$ from this and assms(4) have I (subst t1 σ) (subst s σ) by simp from this and assms(2) and $\langle transitive I \rangle$ and $\langle symmetric I \rangle$ have I (subst t2 σ) (subst s σ) unfolding transitive-def symmetric-def by metis from this and mk show ?thesis by simp \mathbf{next} assume $L = (Neg (Eq \ s \ t1))$ from this and assms(4) have I (subst s σ) (subst t1 σ) by simp from this and assms(2) and $\langle transitive I \rangle$ and $\langle symmetric I \rangle$ have I (subst t2 σ) (subst s σ) unfolding transitive-def symmetric-def by metis from this and mk show ?thesis by simp qed qed qed

lemma subterms-dominated : assumes maximal-literal L Cassumes orient-lit L t s passumes $u \in subterms$ -of-cl C assumes vars-of-lit $L = \{\}$ assumes vars-of-cl $C = \{\}$ shows $u = t \lor (u,t) \in trm\text{-}ord$ **proof** (rule ccontr) assume neg-h: $\neg(u = t \lor (u,t) \in trm\text{-}ord)$ from assms(5) and assms(3) have $vars-of u = \{\}$ using subterm-vars by blastfrom $\langle vars-of-lit L = \{\}\rangle$ and $\langle orient-lit L t s p \rangle$ have $vars-of s = \{\}$ and vars-of $t = \{\}$ and $\neg(t,s) \in trm\text{-}ord$ unfolding orient-lit-def by auto from assms(3) obtain L' where $u \in subterms$ -of-lit L' and $L' \in C$ by auto from assms(5) and $\langle L' \in C \rangle$ have vars-of-lit $L' = \{\}$ using vars-of-cl.simps by *auto* from $\langle u \in subterms$ -of-lit L' obtain t' s' p' where orient-lit L' t' s' p' and $u \in subterms$ -of $t' \cup subterms$ -of s' unfolding orient-lit-def by (metis Un-commute mset-lit.cases subterms-of-eq.simps subterms-of-lit.simps(1)subterms-of-lit.simps(2) trm-ord-wf wf-asym) from $\langle u \in subterms$ -of $t' \cup subterms$ -of $s' \rangle$ have $u \in subterms$ -of $t' \vee u \in$ subterms-of s' by auto then show False proof assume $u \in subterms$ -of t'from this have $u = t' \lor (u,t') \in trm$ -ord using subterms-of-trm-ord-eq [of u t'] by auto from neg-h and (vars-of $u = \{\}$) and (vars-of $t = \{\}$) have $(t, u) \in trm$ -ord using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by auto from this and $\langle u = t' \lor (u,t') \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ have $(t,t') \in trm\text{-}ord$ using trm-ord-trans unfolding trans-def by metis from this and $\langle vars-of-lit L' = \{\}\rangle$ and assms(4) and $\langle orient-lit \ L \ t \ s \ p \rangle$ and $\langle orient-lit \ L' \ t' \ s' \ p' \rangle$ have $(L,L') \in lit\text{-}ord$ using lit-ord-dominating-term by blast from this and assms(1) and $\langle L' \in C \rangle$ show False unfolding maximal-literal-def by auto next assume $u \in subterms$ -of s' from this have $u = s' \lor (u,s') \in trm$ -ord using subterms-of-trm-ord-eq [of u s'] by auto from neg-h and (vars-of $u = \{\}$) and (vars-of $t = \{\}$) have $(t, u) \in trm$ -ord using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by auto from this and $\langle u = s' \lor (u,s') \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ have $(t,s') \in trm\text{-}ord$ using trm-ord-trans unfolding trans-def by metis from this and (vars-of-lit $L' = \{\}$) and assms(4) and $\langle orient-lit \ L \ t \ s \ p \rangle$ and $\langle orient-lit \ L' \ t' \ s' \ p' \rangle$ have $(L,L') \in lit\text{-}ord$ using lit-ord-dominating-term by blast from this and assms(1) and $\langle L' \in C \rangle$ show False unfolding maximal-literal-def

by auto qed qed

A term dominates an expression if the expression contains no strictly greater subterm:

fun dominate-eq:: 'a $trm \Rightarrow$ 'a equation \Rightarrow bool where $(dominate-eq \ t \ (Eq \ u \ v)) = ((t,u) \notin trm-ord \land (t,v) \notin trm-ord)$

fun dominate-lit:: 'a $trm \Rightarrow$ 'a literal \Rightarrow bool **where** (dominate-lit t (Pos e)) = (dominate-eq t e) | (dominate-lit t (Neg e)) = (dominate-eq t e)

definition dominate-cl:: 'a trm \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool where (dominate-cl t C) = ($\forall x \in C$. (dominate-lit t x))

definition no-disequation-in-cl:: 'a trm \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool **where** (no-disequation-in-cl t C) = ($\forall u v$. (Neg (Eq u v) $\in C \longrightarrow (u \neq t \land v \neq t)$))

definition no-taut-eq-in-cl:: 'a $trm \Rightarrow$ 'a clause \Rightarrow bool where (no-taut-eq-in-cl t C) = (Pos (Eq t t) \notin C)

definition eq-occurs-in-cl

where

 $\begin{array}{l} (\textit{eq-occurs-in-cl } t \ s \ C \ \sigma) = (\exists L \ t' \ s'. \ (L \in C) \land (\textit{orient-lit-inst } L \ t' \ s' \ \textit{pos } \sigma) \\ \land \ (t = \textit{subst } t' \ \sigma) \land (s = \textit{subst } s' \ \sigma)) \end{array}$

4.4 Inference Rules

We now define the rules of the superposition calculus. Standard superposition is a refinement of the paramodulation rule based on the following ideas:

(i) the replacement of a term by a bigger term is forbidden;

(ii) the replacement can be performed only in the maximal term of a maximal (or selected) literal;

(iii) replacement of variables is forbidden.

Our definition imposes additional conditions on the positions on which the replacements are allowed: any superposition inference inside a term occurring in the set attached to the extended clause is blocked.

We consider two different kinds of inferences: ground or first-order. Ground inferences are those needed for completeness, first-order inferences are those actually used by theorem provers. For conciseness, these two notions of inferences are defined simultaneously, and a parameter is added to the corresponding functions to determine whether the inference is ground or firstorder. datatype inferences = Ground | FirstOrder

The following function checks whether a given substitution is a unifier of two terms. If the inference is first-order then the unifier must be maximal.

```
definition ck-unifier where
ck-unifier t \ s \ \sigma \ type \iff (if type = FirstOrder then min-IMGU \sigma \ t \ s else Unifier
\sigma \ t \ s)
```

```
lemma ck-unifier-thm:

assumes ck-unifier t s \sigma k

shows (subst t \sigma) = (subst s \sigma)

by (metis assms min-IMGU-def IMGU-iff-Idem-and-MGU MGU-is-Unifier ck-unifier-def

Unifier-def)
```

```
lemma subst-preserve-ck-unifier:

assumes ck-unifier t \ s \ \sigma \ k

shows ck-unifier t \ s \ (comp \ \sigma \ \eta) Ground

proof –

let ?\sigma' = (comp \ \sigma \ \eta)

from assms have (subst t \ \sigma) = (subst \ s \ \sigma)

using ck-unifier-thm by auto

then have (subst t \ ?\sigma') = (subst \ s \ ?\sigma') by simp

then show ?thesis unfolding ck-unifier-def Unifier-def by auto

qed
```

The following function checks whether a given term is allowed to be reduced according to the strategy described above, i.e., that it does not occur in the set of terms associated with the clause (we do not assume that the set of irreducible terms is closed under subterm thus we use the function *occurs-in* instead of a mere membership test.

```
definition allowed-redex

where allowed-redex t \ C \ \sigma = (\neg (\exists s \in (trms\text{-}ecl \ C), (occurs\text{-}in \ (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ (subst \ s \ \sigma))))
```

The following function allows one to compute the set of irreducible terms attached to the conclusion of an inference. The computation depends on the type of the considered inference: for ground inferences the entire set of irreducible terms is kept. For first-order inferences, the function *filter-trms* is called to remove some of the terms (see also the function *dom-trms* below).

```
definition get-trms

where

get-trms C E t = (if (t = FirstOrder) then (filter-trms C E) else E)
```

The following definition provides the conditions that allow one to propagate irreducible terms from the parent clauses to the conclusion. A term can be propagated if it is strictly lower than a term occurring in the derived clause, or if it occurs in a negative literal of the derived clause. Note that this condition is slightly more restrictive than that of the basic superposition calculus, because maximal terms occurring in maximal positive literals cannot be kept in the set of irreducible terms. However in our definition, terms can be propagated even if they do not occur in the parent clause or in the conclusion. Extended clauses whose set of irreducible terms fulfills this property are called well-constrained.

definition dom-trm where dom-trm t C = $(\exists L u v p. (L \in C \land (decompose-literal L u v p))$ $\land (((p = neg \land t = u) \lor (t, u) \in trm - ord))))$ lemma dom-trm-lemma: assumes $dom-trm \ t \ C$ shows $\exists u. (u \in (subterms \text{-} of \text{-} cl C) \land (u = t \lor (t, u) \in trm \text{-} ord))$ proof – from assms(1) obtain $L \ u \ v \ p$ where $L \in C$ decompose-literal L u v p ($u = t \lor (t,u) \in trm$ -ord) unfolding dom-trm-def by blast **from** $\langle decompose-literal \ L \ u \ v \ p \rangle$ have $u \in subterms-of-lit \ L$ unfolding decompose-literal-def decompose-equation-def using root-subterm by force from this and $\langle L \in C \rangle$ have $u \in (subterms-of-cl \ C)$ by auto from this and $\langle (u = t \lor (t, u) \in trm \text{-} ord) \rangle$ show ?thesis by auto qed definition dom-trms where dom-trms $C E = \{ x. (x \in E) \land (dom-trm \ x \ C) \}$ **lemma** *dom-trms-subset*: shows (dom-trms C E) $\subseteq E$ unfolding dom-trms-def by auto lemma dom-trm-vars: assumes dom-trm t C**shows** vars-of $t \subseteq$ vars-of-cl C proof – from assms obtain $L \ u \ v \ p$ where $L \in C$ decompose-literal $L \ u \ v \ p \ t = u \lor$ $(t,u) \in trm$ -ord unfolding *dom-trm-def* by *auto* **from** $\langle t = u \lor (t,u) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ have vars-of $t \subseteq vars\text{-}of u$ using trm-ord-vars by blast from this and (decompose-literal L u v p) have vars-of $t \subseteq$ vars-of-lit L using decompose-literal-vars by blast from this show ?thesis using $\langle L \in C \rangle$ by auto qed

definition well-constrained

where well-constrained $C = (\forall y. (y \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C \longrightarrow dom\text{-}trm \ y \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ C)))$

The next function allows one to check that a set of terms is in normal form. The argument f denotes the function mapping a term to its normal form (we do not assume that f is compatible with the term structure at this point).

definition all-trms-irreducible

where (all-trms-irreducible E f) = ($\forall x y$. ($x \in E \longrightarrow occurs-in y x \longrightarrow (f y) = y$))

Superposition We now define the superposition rule. Note that we assume that the parent clauses are variable-disjoint, but we do not explicitly rename them at this point, thus for completeness we will have to assume that the clause sets are closed under renaming. During the application of the rule, all the terms occurring at a position that is lower than that of the reduced term can be added in the set of irreducible terms attached to the conclusion (the intuition is that we assume that the terms occurring at minimal positions are reduced first). In particular, every proper subterm of the reduced term u' is added in the set of irreducible terms, thus every application of the superposition rule in a term introduced by unification will be blocked.

Clause P1 is the "into" clause and clause P2 is the "from" clause.

definition superposition :: $a \ eclause \Rightarrow a \ eclause \Rightarrow a \ eclause \Rightarrow a \ eclause \Rightarrow bool$ where (superposition P1 P2 C σ k C') = $(\exists L \ t \ s \ u \ v \ M \ p \ Cl-P1 \ Cl-P2 \ Cl-C \ polarity \ t' \ u' \ L' \ trms-C.$ $(L \in Cl-P1) \land (M \in Cl-P2) \land (eligible-literal \ L \ P1 \ \sigma) \land (eligible-literal \ M$ $P2 \sigma$) \wedge (variable-disjoint P1 P2) \wedge (Cl-P1 = (cl-ecl P1)) \wedge (Cl-P2 = (cl-ecl P2)) \wedge (\neg is-a-variable u') \wedge (allowed-redex u' P1 σ) \wedge trms-C = (get-trms Cl-C (dom-trms Cl-C (subst-set $((trms-ecl P1) \cup (trms-ecl P2) \cup$ $\{ r. \exists q. (q,p) \in (pos \text{-} ord P1 t) \land (subterm t q r) \} \sigma) \} k$ $\wedge (C = (Ecl \ Cl-C \ trms-C))$ \wedge (orient-lit-inst M u v pos σ) \wedge (orient-lit-inst L t s polarity σ) $\wedge ((subst \ u \ \sigma) \neq (subst \ v \ \sigma))$ \wedge (subterm t p u') \wedge (ck-unifier u' u σ k) \wedge (replace-subterm t p v t') $\wedge ((k = FirstOrder) \lor ((subst-lit M \sigma), (subst-lit L \sigma)) \in lit-ord)$ $\wedge ((k = FirstOrder) \lor (strictly-maximal-literal P2 M \sigma))$ \wedge (L' = mk-lit polarity (Eq t' s)) $\wedge (Cl-C = (subst-cl \ C' \ \sigma))$ $\wedge (C' = (Cl-P1 - \{L\}) \cup ((Cl-P2 - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\})))$

Reflexion We now define the Reflexion rule, which deletes contradictory literals (after unification). All the terms occurring in these literals can be added into the set of irreducible terms (intuitively, we can assume that these terms have been normalized before applying the rule). It is sufficient to add the term t, since every term occurring in the considered literal is a subterm of t (after unification).

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{definition } reflexion :: \\ 'a \ eclause \Rightarrow 'a \ eclause \Rightarrow 'a \ subst \Rightarrow inferences \Rightarrow 'a \ clause \Rightarrow bool \\ \text{where} \\ (reflexion P \ C \ \sigma \ k \ C') = \\ (\exists L1 \ t \ s \ Cl-P \ Cl-C \ trms-C. \\ (eligible-literal \ L1 \ P \ \sigma) \\ \land \ (L1 \in (cl-ecl \ P)) \land (Cl-C = (cl-ecl \ C)) \land (Cl-P = (cl-ecl \ P)) \\ \land \ (orient-lit-inst \ L1 \ t \ s \ neg \ \sigma) \\ \land \ (ck-unifier \ t \ s \ \sigma \ k) \\ \land \ (C = (Ecl \ Cl-C \ trms-C)) \\ \land \ trms-C = (get-trms \ Cl-C \\ (dom-trms \ Cl-C \ (subst-set \ (\ (trms-ecl \ P) \cup \{ \ t \ \} \) \ \sigma)) \ k) \\ \land \ (Cl-C = (subst-cl \ C' \ \sigma)) \\ \land \ (C' = ((Cl-P \ - \{ \ L1 \ \}) \))) \end{array}$

Factorization We now define the equational factorization rule, which merges two equations sharing the same left-hand side (after unification), if the right-hand sides are equivalent. Here, contrarily to the previous rule, the term t cannot be added into the set of irreducible terms, because we cannot assume that this term is in normal form (e.g., the application of the equational factorization rule may yield a new rewrite rule of left-hand side t). However, all proper subterms of t can be added.

definition factorization :: 'a eclause \Rightarrow 'a eclause \Rightarrow 'a subst \Rightarrow inferences \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool where $(factorization P C \sigma k C') =$ $(\exists L1 \ L2 \ L' \ t \ s \ u \ v \ Cl-P \ Cl-C \ trms-C.$ (eligible-literal L1 $P \sigma$) $\wedge (L1 \in (cl\text{-}ecl P)) \land (L2 \in (cl\text{-}ecl P) - \{L1\}) \land (Cl\text{-}C = (cl\text{-}ecl C)) \land$ (Cl-P = (cl-ecl P)) \wedge (orient-lit-inst L1 t s pos σ) \wedge (orient-lit-inst L2 u v pos σ) $\land ((subst\ t\ \sigma) \neq (subst\ s\ \sigma))$ $\land ((subst\ t\ \sigma) \neq (subst\ v\ \sigma))$ \wedge (*ck*-unifier t u σ k) $\wedge (L' = Neg (Eq \ s \ v))$ \wedge (C = (Ecl Cl-C trms-C) \wedge trms-C = (get-trms Cl-C (dom-trms Cl-C (subst-set ((trms-ecl P) \cup (proper-subterms-of t)) σ))) k) $\wedge (Cl-C = (subst-cl C' \sigma))$

 $\land (C' = ((Cl-P - \{L2\}) \cup \{L'\})))$

4.5 Derivations

We now define the set of derivable clauses by induction. Note that redundancy criteria are not taken into account at this point. Our definition of derivations also covers renaming.

definition derivable :: 'a eclause \Rightarrow 'a eclause set \Rightarrow 'a eclause set \Rightarrow 'a subst \Rightarrow inferences \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow bool where $(derivable \ C \ P \ S \ \sigma \ k \ C') =$ $((\exists P1 P2, (P1 \in S \land P2 \in S \land P = \{P1, P2\} \land superposition P1 P2 C)$ $\sigma k C'))$ \lor ($\exists P1. (P1 \in S \land P = \{ P1 \} \land factorization P1 C \sigma k C')$) $\vee (\exists P1. (P1 \in S \land P = \{P1\} \land reflexion P1 C \sigma k C')))$ lemma derivable-premisses: assumes derivable $C P S \sigma k C'$ shows $P \subseteq S$ using assms derivable-def by auto inductive derivable-ecl :: 'a eclause \Rightarrow 'a eclause set \Rightarrow bool where *init* [simp, intro!]: $C \in S \implies$ (derivable-ecl C S) | $rn \ [simp, intro!]: (derivable-ecl \ C \ S) \implies (renaming-cl \ C \ D) \implies (derivable-ecl \ C \ S)$ D S | deriv [simp, intro!]: $(\forall x. (x \in P \longrightarrow (derivable - ecl \ x \ S)))$ \implies (derivable C P S' σ FirstOrder C') \implies (derivable-ecl C S)

We define a notion of instance by associating clauses with ground substitutions.

definition instances:: 'a eclause set \Rightarrow ('a eclause \times 'a subst) set

where instances $S = \{ x. \exists C \sigma. (C \in S \land (ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma)) \}$

 $\land x = (C, \sigma))\}$

definition clset-instances:: ('a eclause \times 'a subst) set \Rightarrow 'a clause set where

clset-instances $S = \{ C. \exists x. (x \in S \land C = (subst-cl (cl-ecl (fst x)) (snd x))) \}$

definition grounding-set

where grounding-set $S \sigma = (\forall x. (x \in S \longrightarrow (ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl x) \sigma))))$

5 Soundness

In this section, we prove that the conclusion of every inference rule is a logical consequence of the premises. Thus a clause set is unsatisfiable if the empty clause is derivable. For each rule, we first prove that all ground instances of the conclusion are entailed by the corresponding instances of the parent clauses, then we lift the result to first-order clauses. The proof is standard and straightforward, but note that we also prove that the derived clauses are finite and well-constrained.

```
lemma cannot-validate-contradictary-literals :
 assumes l = Neq (Eq t t)
 assumes fo-interpretation I
 shows \neg (validate-ground-lit I l)
proof –
  from assms(2) have congruence I unfolding fo-interpretation-def by auto
  then have I t t unfolding congruence-def reflexive-def equivalence-relation-def
by auto
 from this and assms(1) show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma ground-reflexion-is-sound :
 assumes finite (cl-ecl C)
 assumes reflexion C D \sigma k C'
 assumes (ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) \vartheta))
 shows clause-entails-clause (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \vartheta)
         (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) \vartheta)
proof (rule ccontr)
 let ?C = (cl - ecl \ C)
 let ?D = (cl - ecl D)
 let ?C' = (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \vartheta)
 let ?D' = (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) \vartheta)
 assume \neg (clause-entails-clause ?C' ?D')
  then obtain I where validate-clause I ?C' and \neg (validate-clause I ?D')
fo-interpretation I
   unfolding clause-entails-clause-def by auto
 from assms(2) obtain L1 t s where
    ?D = (subst-cl (?C - \{L1\}) \sigma)
   and orient-lit-inst L1 t s neg \sigma and ck-unifier t s \sigma k
     using reflexion-def [of C D \sigma k] by auto
 from assms(1) have finite (subst-cl (subst-cl ?C \sigma) \vartheta) by auto
 then obtain \eta where i: ground-clause (subst-cl
       (subst-cl (subst-cl ?C \sigma) \vartheta) \eta)
   using ground-instance-exists [of (subst-cl (subst-cl ?C \sigma) \vartheta)]
   by auto
  let ?CC = (subst-cl (subst-cl (subst-cl ?C \sigma) \vartheta) \eta)
 let ?\sigma'' = comp \ \sigma \ \vartheta
 let ?\sigma' = comp ?\sigma'' \eta
 have ?CC = (subst-cl (subst-cl ?C ?\sigma'') \eta)
```

using composition-of-substs-cl [of ?C] by auto then have $?CC = (subst-cl ?C ?\sigma')$ using composition-of-substs-cl [of ?C] by auto **from** $\langle validate-clause \ I \ (subst-cl \ (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma) \ \vartheta \rangle \rangle$ have validate-ground-clause I ?CC using i validate-clause.simps by blast then obtain l' where $l' \in ?CC$ and validate-ground-lit I l' by auto from $\langle l' \in ?CC \rangle$ and $\langle ?CC = (subst-cl ?C ?\sigma') \rangle$ obtain l where $l \in ?C$ and $l' = (subst-lit \ l \ ?\sigma')$ using subst-cl.simps by blast have subst-lit $l \sigma \in ?D$ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume subst-lit l $\sigma \notin ?D$ from this and $\langle ?D = (subst-cl (?C - \{ L1 \}) \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle l \in ?C \rangle$ have l = L1 by *auto* from this and (orient-lit-inst L1 t s neg σ) have $l = (Neg (Eq t s)) \lor l = (Neg$ $(Eq \ s \ t))$ unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto **from** (*ck*-unifier t s σ k) have subst t σ = subst s σ using *ck*-unifier-thm by auto then have subst (subst (subst t σ) ϑ) $\eta =$ subst (subst (subst s σ) ϑ) η by auto then have (subst t $?\sigma'$) = subst s $?\sigma'$ by auto from this and $\langle l = (Neg (Eq \ t \ s)) \lor l = (Neg (Eq \ s \ t)) \rangle$ have (subst-lit $l ? \sigma'$) = (Neg (Eq (subst $t ? \sigma'$) (subst $t ? \sigma'$))) by auto from this and (fo-interpretation I) have \neg (validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit l?σ')) using cannot-validate-contradictary-literals [of (subst-lit $l ? \sigma'$) (subst $t ? \sigma'$) I] by auto from this and $\langle l' = subst-lit \ l \ ?\sigma' \rangle$ and $\langle validate-ground-lit \ I \ l' \rangle$ show False by auto qed from $\langle subst-lit \ l \ \sigma \in ?D \rangle$ and $\langle l' = subst-lit \ l \ ?\sigma' \rangle$ have $l' \in (subst-cl \ (subst-cl \ ?D \ \vartheta) \ \eta)$ using subst-cl.simps composition-of-substs-lit mem-Collect-eq by (metis (mono-tags, lifting)) from this and $\langle validate-ground-lit \ I \ l' \rangle$ have validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl (subst-cl ?D ϑ) η) by auto **from** $\langle qround-clause (subst-cl ?D \vartheta) \rangle$ have $(subst-cl ?D \vartheta) = (subst-cl (subst-cl ?D \vartheta) \eta)$ using substs-preserve-ground-clause [of (subst-cl ?D ϑ) η] by blast from this and (validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl (subst-cl ?D ϑ) η)) have validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl ?D ϑ) by force from this and assms(3) and $\langle \neg validate-clause \ I \ (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ D) \ \vartheta) \rangle$ show False using substs-preserve-ground-clause validate-clause.elims(3) by metis qed **lemma** reflexion-is-sound :

assumes finite $(cl-ecl \ C)$

```
assumes reflexion C D \sigma k C'
 shows clause-entails-clause (cl-ecl \ C) \ (cl-ecl \ D)
proof (rule ccontr)
 let ?C = (cl - ecl \ C)
 let ?D = (cl - ecl D)
 assume \neg (clause-entails-clause ?C ?D)
 then obtain I where validate-clause I ?C and \neg (validate-clause I ?D) fo-interpretation
Ι
    unfolding clause-entails-clause-def by auto
 from \langle \neg (validate\text{-}clause \ I \ ?D) \rangle obtain \vartheta
   where D-false: \neg (validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl ?D \vartheta))
     and (ground-clause (subst-cl ?D \vartheta)) by auto
 have validate-clause I (subst-cl (subst-cl ?C \sigma) \vartheta)
   using \langle validate\text{-}clause \ I \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \rangle instances-are-entailed by blast
 from this and assms(1) and assms(2) have validate-clause I (subst-cl ?D \vartheta)
   using ground-reflexion-is-sound unfolding clause-entails-clause-def
   using \langle fo-interpretation I \rangle \langle qround-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) \vartheta \rangle \rangle by blast
 from this and D-false show False
   by (metis \langle ground\text{-}clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) \vartheta) \rangle
   substs-preserve-ground-clause validate-clause.elims(1))
qed
lemma orient-lit-semantics-pos :
  assumes fo-interpretation I
 assumes orient-lit-inst l u v pos \eta
 assumes validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit l \sigma)
 shows I (subst u \sigma) (subst v \sigma)
proof -
   let ?u = subst \ u \ \sigma
   let ?v = subst v \sigma
    from assms(2) have l = (Pos (Eq \ u \ v)) \lor l = (Pos (Eq \ v \ u)) using ori-
ent-lit-inst-def by auto
  from this and assms(3) have validate-ground-eq I (Eq ?u ?v) \lor validate-ground-eq
I (Eq ?v ?u)
     by auto
   then have I ?u ?v \lor I ?v ?u by auto
   from this and (fo-interpretation I) show I ?u ?v
      unfolding fo-interpretation-def congruence-def equivalence-relation-def sym-
metric-def by blast
qed
lemma orient-lit-semantics-neg :
 assumes fo-interpretation I
 assumes orient-lit-inst l u v neg \vartheta
 assumes validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit l \sigma)
 shows \neg I (subst u \sigma) (subst v \sigma)
proof -
   let ?u = subst \ u \ \sigma
```

```
let ?v = subst v \sigma
```

```
from assms(2) have l = (Neg (Eq \ u \ v)) \lor l = (Neg (Eq \ v \ u)) using ori-
ent-lit-inst-def by auto
    from this and assms(3) have \neg validate-ground-eq I (Eq ?u ?v) \lor \neg validate-ground-eq I
date-ground-eq I (Eq ?v ?u)
     bv auto
   then have \neg I ?u ?v \lor \neg I ?v ?u by auto
   from this and \langle fo-interpretation I \rangle show \neg I ? u ? v
      unfolding fo-interpretation-def congruence-def equivalence-relation-def sym-
metric-def by blast
qed
lemma orient-lit-semantics-replacement :
 assumes fo-interpretation I
 assumes orient-lit-inst l u v polarity \vartheta
 assumes validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit l \sigma)
 assumes I (subst u \sigma) (subst u' \sigma)
 shows validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit (mk-lit polarity (Eq u' v)) \sigma)
proof -
 from assms(2) obtain e where l = Pos \ e \lor l = Neg \ e and e = Eq \ u \ v \lor e =
Eq v u
   unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto
 have polarity = pos \lor polarity = neg using sign.exhaust by blast
 then show ?thesis
 proof
   assume polarity = pos
    from this and assms(1) and assms(2) and \langle validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit l)
\sigma) have
     I (subst u \sigma) (subst v \sigma) using orient-lit-semantics-pos by auto
   from this and assms(1) and \langle I (subst u \sigma) (subst u' \sigma) \rangle
     have I (subst u' \sigma) (subst v \sigma) unfolding fo-interpretation-def
     congruence-def equivalence-relation-def symmetric-def transitive-def by blast
   from this and \langle polarity = pos \rangle show ?thesis by auto
 \mathbf{next}
   assume polarity = neg
    from this and assms(1) and assms(2) and \langle validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit l)
\sigma) have
     \neg I (subst \ u \ \sigma) (subst \ v \ \sigma) using orient-lit-semantics-neg
     by blast
   from this and assms(1) and \langle I (subst u \sigma) (subst u' \sigma) \rangle
     have \neg I (subst u' \sigma) (subst v \sigma) unfolding fo-interpretation-def
     congruence-def equivalence-relation-def symmetric-def transitive-def by blast
   from this and \langle polarity = neg \rangle show ?thesis by auto
 qed
qed
lemma ground-factorization-is-sound :
 assumes finite (cl-ecl \ C)
 assumes factorization C D \sigma k C'
 assumes (ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) \vartheta))
```

```
shows clause-entails-clause (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \vartheta)
          (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ D) \ \vartheta)
proof (rule ccontr)
  let ?C = (cl - ecl \ C)
  let ?D = (cl - ecl D)
  assume \neg clause-entails-clause (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \vartheta)
          (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ D) \ \vartheta)
  then obtain I where
    validate-clause I (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \vartheta) and
      \neg (validate-clause I (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) \vartheta)) and fo-interpretation I
    unfolding clause-entails-clause-def by auto
  from assms(2) obtain L1 L2 L' t s u v where
      orient-lit-inst L1 t s pos \sigma and orient-lit-inst L2 u v pos \sigma and ck-unifier t u
\sigma k
      and L' = Neq (Eq \ s \ v)
      and (?D = (subst-cl ( (?C - \{ L2 \}) \cup \{ L' \})) \sigma)
      and L1 \neq L2
     and L1 \in ?C
   using factorization-def by auto
  from assms(1) have finite (subst-cl (subst-cl ?C \sigma) \vartheta) by auto
  then obtain \eta where i: ground-clause (subst-cl
        (subst-cl (subst-cl ?C \sigma) \vartheta) \eta)
    using ground-instance-exists [of (subst-cl (subst-cl ?C \sigma) \vartheta)]
    by auto
  let ?CC = (subst-cl (subst-cl (subst-cl ?C \sigma) \vartheta) \eta)
  let ?\sigma'' = comp \ \sigma \ \vartheta
  let ?\sigma' = comp ?\sigma'' \eta
  have ?CC = (subst-cl (subst-cl ?C ?\sigma') \eta)
    using composition-of-substs-cl [of ?C] by auto
  then have ?CC = (subst-cl ?C ?\sigma')
    using composition-of-substs-cl [of ?C] by auto
  from \langle validate\text{-}clause \ I \ (subst\text{-}cl \ (subst\text{-}cl \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \ \sigma) \ \vartheta) \rangle
    have validate-ground-clause I ?CC using i validate-clause.simps by blast
  then obtain l' where l' \in ?CC and validate-ground-lit I l' by auto
  from \langle l' \in ?CC \rangle and \langle ?CC = (subst-cl ?C ?\sigma') \rangle obtain l where
    l \in ?C and l' = (subst-lit \ l \ ?\sigma') using subst-cl.simps by blast
   from \langle \neg validate-clause I (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) \vartheta) \rangle
    have \neg validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl ?D \vartheta)
   using assms(3) substs-preserve-ground-clause validate-clause.elims(3) by metis
   from \langle ground\text{-}clause (subst-cl ?D \vartheta) \rangle have
    (subst-cl ?D \vartheta) = (subst-cl (subst-cl ?D \vartheta) \eta)
    using substs-preserve-ground-clause [of (subst-cl ?D \vartheta) \eta] by blast
  from this and \langle \neg validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl ?D \vartheta) \rangle
  have \neg validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl (subst-cl ?D \vartheta) \eta) by force
  from \langle (?D = (subst-cl ( (?C - \{ L2 \}) \cup \{ L' \})) \sigma) \rangle
    have (subst-lit L' \sigma) \in ?D by auto
  then have
```

(subst-lit (subst-lit (subst-lit $L' \sigma) \vartheta) \eta$) $\in (subst-cl (subst-cl ?D \vartheta) \eta)$ by auto from this and $\langle \neg validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl (subst-cl ?D <math>\vartheta) \eta \rangle$) have \neg validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit (subst-lit (subst-lit L' σ) ϑ) η) **by** *auto* from this and $\langle L' = Neg (Eq \ s \ v) \rangle$ have I (subst (subst (subst s σ) ϑ) η) (subst (subst (subst $v \sigma$) ϑ) η) by auto from this have I (subst s $?\sigma'$) (subst v $?\sigma'$) by simp have subst-lit $l \sigma \in ?D$ **proof** (rule ccontr) assume subst-lit l $\sigma \notin ?D$ from this and $\langle (?D = (subst-cl ((?C - \{ L2 \}) \cup \{ L' \})) \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle l \in$ (C)have l = L2 by *auto* **from** (*ck*-unifier t $u \sigma$ k) have subst t σ = subst $u \sigma$ using *ck-unifier-thm* by *auto* then have subst (subst (subst t σ) ϑ) $\eta =$ subst (subst (subst $u \sigma$) ϑ) η by auto then have (subst t $?\sigma'$) = subst u $?\sigma'$ by auto from $\langle validate-ground-lit \ I \ l' \rangle$ and $\langle l' = (subst-lit \ l \ ?\sigma') \rangle$ have validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit $l ? \sigma'$) by auto from this and (fo-interpretation I) and (l = L2) and (orient-lit-inst L2 u v) $pos \sigma$ have I (subst $u ?\sigma'$) (subst $v ?\sigma'$) using orient-lit-semantics-pos by blast from this and $\langle fo$ -interpretation $I \rangle$ and $\langle I (subst s ? \sigma') (subst v ? \sigma') \rangle$ have I (subst $u ?\sigma'$) (subst $s ?\sigma'$) unfolding fo-interpretation-def congruence-def equivalence-relation-def symmetric-def transitive-def by blast from this and $\langle (subst \ t \ ?\sigma') = subst \ u \ ?\sigma' \rangle$ have I (subst t $?\sigma'$) (subst s $?\sigma'$) by auto from this have validate-ground-eq I (subst-equation (Eq t s) $?\sigma'$) by *auto* from $\langle I (subst \ t \ ?\sigma') (subst \ s \ ?\sigma') \rangle$ and $\langle fo$ -interpretation $I \rangle$ have I (subst s $?\sigma'$) (subst t $?\sigma'$) unfolding fo-interpretation-def congruence-def equivalence-relation-def symmetric-def by auto from this have validate-ground-eq I (subst-equation (Eq s t) $?\sigma'$) by auto **from** (orient-lit-inst L1 t s pos σ) have $L1 = (Pos (Eq t s)) \lor L1 = (Pos (Eq t s))$ s t))

unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto

from this and (validate-ground-eq I (subst-equation (Eq s t) $?\sigma'$)) and $\langle validate-ground-eq I (subst-equation (Eq t s) ? \sigma') \rangle$ have validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit L1 $?\sigma'$) by *auto* from $\langle L1 \in ?C \rangle$ and $\langle ?D = (subst-cl ((?C - \{L2\}) \cup \{L'\})) \sigma \rangle$ and $\langle L1 \neq L2 \rangle$ have (subst-lit L1 σ) \in ?D by *auto* then have (subst-lit (subst-lit (subst-lit L1 σ) ϑ) η) $\in (subst-cl (subst-cl ?D \vartheta) \eta)$ by auto then have (subst-lit L1 $?\sigma'$) \in (subst-cl (subst-cl $?D \vartheta$) η) using composition-of-substs-lit by metis from this and (validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit L1 $?\sigma'$)) and $\langle \neg validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl (subst-cl ?D \vartheta) \eta) \rangle$ show False by auto \mathbf{qed} from $\langle subst-lit \ l \ \sigma \in ?D \rangle$ and $\langle l' = subst-lit \ l \ ?\sigma' \rangle$ have $l' \in (subst-cl \ (subst-cl \ ?D \ \vartheta) \ \eta)$ using subst-cl.simps composition-of-substs-lit mem-Collect-eq by (metis (mono-tags, lifting)) from this and $\langle validate-ground-lit \ I \ l' \rangle$ have validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl (subst-cl ?D ϑ) η) by auto from this and $\langle \neg validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl (subst-cl ?D <math>\vartheta) \eta \rangle$) show False by blast qed **lemma** factorization-is-sound : assumes finite (cl-ecl C) assumes factorization $C D \sigma k C'$ **shows** clause-entails-clause (cl-ecl C) (cl-ecl D) **proof** (rule ccontr) let ?C = (cl - ecl C)let ?D = (cl - ecl D)assume \neg (clause-entails-clause ?C ?D) then obtain I where validate-clause I ?C and \neg (validate-clause I ?D) fo-interpretation Ι unfolding clause-entails-clause-def by auto from $\langle \neg (validate\text{-}clause \ I \ ?D) \rangle$ obtain ϑ where *D*-false: \neg (validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl ?D ϑ)) and $(ground-clause (subst-cl ?D \vartheta))$ by auto

have validate-clause I (subst-cl (subst-cl ?C σ) ϑ)

using $\langle validate\text{-}clause \ I \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \rangle$ instances-are-entailed by blast

from this and assms(1) and assms(2) have validate-clause I (subst-cl ?D ϑ) using ground-factorization-is-sound unfolding clause-entails-clause-def using $\langle fo$ -interpretation I $\rangle \langle qround$ -clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) ϑ) \rangle by blast

```
from this and D-false show False
```

```
by (metis \langle ground\text{-}clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) \vartheta) \rangle
```

```
substs-preserve-ground-clause validate-clause.elims(1))
\mathbf{qed}
lemma ground-superposition-is-sound :
 assumes finite (cl-ecl P1)
 assumes finite (cl-ecl P2)
 assumes superposition P1 P2 C \sigma k C'
 assumes (ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \vartheta))
 shows set-entails-clause
   { (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl P1) \sigma) \vartheta),
     (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl P2) \sigma) \vartheta) \}
         (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \vartheta)
proof (rule ccontr)
 let ?P1 = (cl - ecl P1)
 let ?P2 = (cl - ecl P2)
 let ?C = (cl - ecl \ C)
 assume \neg set-entails-clause
   { (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl P1) \sigma) \vartheta),
     (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl P2) \sigma) \vartheta)
         (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \vartheta)
  then obtain I
   where validate-clause I (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl P1) \sigma) \vartheta)
   and validate-clause I (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl P2) \sigma) \vartheta)
     and \neg (validate-clause I (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \vartheta)) and fo-interpretation I
  unfolding set-entails-clause-def by (meson insert-iff validate-clause-set.elims(2))
  from assms(3) obtain t \ s \ u \ v \ M \ p \ polarity \ t' \ u' \ L \ L' where
    orient-lit-inst M u v pos \sigma
   and orient-lit-inst L t s polarity \sigma
   and subterm t p u'
   and ck-unifier u' u \sigma k
   and replace-subterm t p v t'
   and L' = mk-lit polarity (Eq t' s)
   and ?C = (subst-cl ((?P1 - \{L\}) \cup ((?P2 - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\})) \sigma)
  using superposition-def by auto
 let ?P1' = (subst-cl (subst-cl ?P1 \sigma) \vartheta)
 let ?P2' = (subst-cl (subst-cl ?P2 \sigma) \vartheta)
  from assms(1) have finite ?P1' by simp
  from assms(2) have finite P2' by simp
 let ?vars = (vars - of - cl ?P1') \cup (vars - of - cl ?P2')
 from (finite ?P1') have finite (vars-of-cl ?P1')
   using set-of-variables-is-finite-cl [of ?P1'] by auto
  from (finite ?P2') have finite (vars-of-cl ?P2')
   using set-of-variables-is-finite-cl [of ?P2] by auto
  from \langle finite (vars-of-cl ?P1') \rangle and \langle finite (vars-of-cl ?P2') \rangle have finite ?vars
by auto
```

then obtain η where ground-on ?vars η using ground-subst-exists by blast

then have ground-on (vars-of-cl ?P1') η unfolding ground-on-def by auto then have ground-clause (subst-cl (subst-cl (subst-cl ?P1 σ) ϑ) η) using ground-substs-yield-ground-clause [of (subst-cl (subst-cl ?P1 σ) ϑ) η] by auto **from** $\langle ground-on ? vars \eta \rangle$ have ground-on (vars-of-cl ?P2') η unfolding ground-on-def by *auto* then have ground-clause (subst-cl (subst-cl (subst-cl ?P2 σ) ϑ) η) using ground-substs-yield-ground-clause [of (subst-cl (subst-cl ?P2 σ) ϑ) η] by auto let $?P1'' = (subst-cl ?P1' \eta)$ let $?P2'' = (subst-cl ?P2' \eta)$ let $?\sigma'' = comp \ \sigma \ \vartheta$ let $?\sigma' = comp ?\sigma'' \eta$ have $?P1'' = (subst-cl (subst-cl ?P1 ?\sigma'') \eta)$ using composition-of-substs-cl [of ?P1] by auto then have $?P1'' = (subst-cl ?P1 ?\sigma')$ using composition-of-substs-cl [of ?P1] by auto **from** $\langle ground-clause (subst-cl (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl P1) \sigma) \vartheta) \eta \rangle$ and $\langle validate\text{-}clause \ I \ (subst\text{-}cl \ (subst\text{-}cl \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ P1) \ \sigma) \ \vartheta) \rangle$ have validate-ground-clause I ?P1" using validate-clause.simps by blast then obtain l1' where $l1' \in ?P1''$ and validate-ground-lit I l1' by auto have $?P2'' = (subst-cl (subst-cl ?P2 ?\sigma'') \eta)$ using composition-of-substs-cl [of ?P2] by auto then have $?P2'' = (subst-cl ?P2 ?\sigma')$ using composition-of-substs-cl [of ?P2] by auto **from** $\langle ground-clause (subst-cl (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl P2) \sigma) \vartheta) \eta \rangle \langle vali$ date-clause I (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl P2) σ) ϑ) have validate-ground-clause I ?P2" using validate-clause.simps by blast then obtain l2' where $l2' \in ?P2''$ and validate-ground-lit I l2' by auto from $\langle l1' \in ?P1'' \rangle$ and $\langle ?P1'' = (subst-cl ?P1 ?\sigma') \rangle$ obtain l1 where $l1 \in ?P1$ and $l1' = (subst-lit l1 ?\sigma')$ using subst-cl.simps by blast from $\langle l2' \in ?P2'' \rangle$ and $\langle ?P2'' = (subst-cl ?P2 ?\sigma') \rangle$ obtain l2 where $l2 \in P2$ and $l2' = (subst-lit l2 ? \sigma')$ using subst-cl.simps by blast let $?C' = (subst-cl (subst-cl ?C \vartheta) \eta)$ **from** $\langle ground\text{-}clause (subst-cl ?C \vartheta) \rangle$ have $(subst-cl ?C \vartheta) = (subst-cl (subst-cl ?C \vartheta) \eta)$ using substs-preserve-ground-clause [of (subst-cl ?C ϑ) η] by blast **from** $\langle \neg validate\text{-}clause \ I \ (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \vartheta) \rangle$ **have** \neg validate-ground-clause I ?C' **by** (*metis* assms(4) substs-preserve-ground-clause validate-clause.simps) have l1 = L**proof** (*rule ccontr*)

assume $l1 \neq L$ from this and $\langle l1 \in ?P1 \rangle$ and $\langle ?C = (subst-cl ((?P1 - \{L\})) \cup ((?P2 - \{L\})) \cup ((P2 - \{L\}))) \cup ((P2 - \{L\})) \cup ((P2 M \}) \cup \{ L' \} \rangle \sigma \rangle$ have (subst-lit $l1 \sigma$) $\in ?C$ by auto from this have (subst-lit (subst-lit (subst-lit $l1 \sigma) \vartheta) \eta$) $\in ?C'$ by auto from this and $\langle l1' = (subst-lit \ l1 \ ?\sigma') \rangle$ have $l1' \in ?C'$ **by** (simp add: composition-of-substs-lit) from this and (validate-ground-lit I l1') have validate-ground-clause I ?C' by autofrom this and $\langle \neg validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \vartheta) \eta \rangle$ show False by auto qed have l2 = M**proof** (rule ccontr) assume $l2 \neq M$ from this and $\langle l2 \in ?P2 \rangle$ and $\langle ?C = (subst-cl ((?P1 - \{L\})) \cup ((?P2 - \{L\})) \cup ((P2 - \{L\}))) \cup ((P2 - \{L\})) \cup ((P2 - \{L\}))) \cup ((P2 - \{L\})) \cup ((P2 - \{L\})) \cup ((P2 - \{L\}))) \cup ((P2 - \{L\})) \cup ((P2 - \{L\})) \cup ((P2 - \{L\}))) \cup ((P2 - \{L\})) \cup ((P2 - \{L\}))) \cup ((P2 - \{L\})) \cup ((P2 - \{L\})) \cup ((P2 - \{L\})) \cup ((P2 - \{L\})) \cup ((P2 - \{L\}))) \cup ((P2 - \{L\})) \cup ((P2 - \{L\})) \cup ((P2 - \{L\}))) \cup ((P2 - \{L\})) \cup ((P2 - \{L\}))) \cup$ $M \}) \cup \{ L' \} \rangle \sigma \rangle$ have $(subst-lit \ l2 \ \sigma) \in ?C$ by auto from this have (subst-lit (subst-lit (subst-lit $l2 \sigma) \vartheta) \eta$) $\in \ ?C'$ by auto from this and $\langle l2' = (subst-lit \ l2 \ ?\sigma') \rangle$ have $l2' \in ?C'$ **by** (*simp add: composition-of-substs-lit*) from this and (validate-ground-lit I l2') have validate-ground-clause I ?C' by auto**from** this and $\langle \neg validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) <math>\vartheta$) $\eta \rangle$ show False by auto \mathbf{qed} from $\langle orient-lit-inst \ M \ u \ v \ pos \ \sigma \rangle$ and $\langle l2 = M \rangle$ and $\langle fo-interpretation \ I \rangle$ and $\langle validate-ground-lit \ I \ l2' \rangle$ and $\langle l2' = (subst-lit \ l2 \ ?\sigma') \rangle$ have I (subst $u ?\sigma'$) (subst $v ?\sigma'$) using orient-lit-semantics-pos by blast from $\langle subterm \ t \ p \ u' \rangle$ have subterm (subst t $?\sigma'$) p (subst u' $?\sigma'$) using substs-preserve-subterms [of t p u'] by metis **from** $\langle ck$ -unifier $u' u \sigma k \rangle$ have $(subst u \sigma) = (subst u' \sigma)$ using *ck*-unifier-thm [of $u' u \sigma k$] by auto **from** this have (subst (subst (subst $u \sigma) \vartheta) \eta$) = (subst (subst (subst $u' \sigma) \vartheta$) η) by auto from this have (subst $u ?\sigma'$) = (subst $u' ?\sigma'$) using composition-of-substs by auto from $\langle (subst \ u \ ?\sigma') = (subst \ u' \ ?\sigma') \rangle$ and $\langle I (subst \ u \ ?\sigma') (subst \ v \ ?\sigma') \rangle$ have I (subst $u' ? \sigma'$) (subst $v ? \sigma'$)

```
by auto
  from \langle subterm \ t \ p \ u' \rangle
    and \langle I (subst u' ? \sigma') (subst v ? \sigma') \rangle
    and (fo-interpretation I)
    and \langle replace-subterm \ t \ p \ v \ t' \rangle
    have I (subst t ?\sigma') (subst t' ?\sigma')
      unfolding fo-interpretation-def using replacement-preserves-congruences [of
I u' ? \sigma' v t p t'
      by auto
  from \langle l1 = L \rangle and \langle fo-interpretation I \rangle and \langle validate-ground-lit I l1' \rangle
    and \langle l1' = (subst-lit l1 ? \sigma') \rangle
    and \langle orient\text{-}lit\text{-}inst \ L \ t \ s \ polarity \ \sigma \rangle
    and \langle I (subst t ? \sigma') (subst t' ? \sigma') \rangle
    and \langle L' = mk-lit polarity (Eq t' s) \rangle
    have validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit L' ? \sigma')
    using orient-lit-semantics-replacement [of I L t s polarity \sigma ?\sigma' t'] by blast
  from \langle ?C = (subst-cl ((?P1 - \{L\}) \cup ((?P2 - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\})) \sigma) \rangle
    have subst-lit L' \sigma \in C by auto
  then have subst-lit (subst-lit (subst-lit L' \sigma) \vartheta) \eta \in ?C'
    by auto
  then have subst-lit L' ? \sigma' \in ?C' by (simp add: composition-of-substs-lit)
 from this and (validate-ground-lit I (subst-lit L' ? \sigma')) and (¬validate-ground-clause)
I ?C'
    show False by auto
qed
lemma superposition-is-sound :
  assumes finite (cl-ecl P1)
  assumes finite (cl-ecl P2)
 assumes superposition P1 P2 C \sigma k C'
 shows set-entails-clause { cl-ecl P1, cl-ecl P2 } (cl-ecl C)
proof (rule ccontr)
  let ?P1 = (cl - ecl P1)
 let ?P2 = (cl - ecl P2)
 let ?C = (cl - ecl \ C)
  assume \neg set-entails-clause { cl-ecl P1, cl-ecl P2 } (cl-ecl C)
  then obtain I
    where validate-clause I ?P1 and validate-clause I ?P2
      and \neg (validate-clause I ?C) and fo-interpretation I
  unfolding set-entails-clause-def by (meson insert-iff validate-clause-set. elim_{(2)})
  from \langle \neg (validate\text{-}clause \ I \ ?C) \rangle obtain \vartheta
    where \neg (validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl ?C \vartheta))
      and (ground-clause (subst-cl ?C \vartheta)) by auto
```

```
have P1-true: validate-clause I (subst-cl (subst-cl ?P1 \sigma) \vartheta)
using (validate-clause I (cl-ecl P1)) instances-are-entailed by blast
```

have P2-true: validate-clause I (subst-cl (subst-cl ?P2 σ) ϑ) using $\langle validate\text{-}clause \ I \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ P2) \rangle$ instances-are-entailed by blast **have** \neg (validate-clause I (subst-cl ?C ϑ)) by (metis $\langle \neg validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \vartheta \rangle$) $\langle qround-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \vartheta \rangle \rangle$ substs-preserve-ground-clause validate-clause.elims(1)) let $?S = \{ (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl P1) \sigma) \vartheta), \}$ $(subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl P2) \sigma) \vartheta)$ from P1-true and P2-true have validate-clause-set I ?S by (metis insert-iff singletonD validate-clause-set.elims(3)) from this and $\langle \neg$ (validate-clause I (subst-cl ?C ϑ)) \rangle (fo-interpretation I) have \neg set-entails-clause ?S (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) ϑ) using set-entails-clause-def by blast from this and assms(1) and assms(2) and assms(3) and $\langle (qround-clause (subst-cl ?C \vartheta)) \rangle$ show False using ground-superposition-is-sound by auto qed **lemma** superposition-preserves-finiteness: assumes finite (cl-ecl P1) assumes finite (cl-ecl P2) assumes superposition P1 P2 C σ k C' shows finite $(cl-ecl \ C) \land (finite \ C')$ proof from assms(3) obtain L M L' where $\textit{def-C: (cl-ecl C) = (subst-cl (((cl-ecl P1) - \{ L \}) \cup (((cl-ecl P2) - \{ M \}) \cup (((cl-ecl P2) - ((cl-ecl P2$ $\{ L' \}) \sigma$ and def-C': $C' = (((cl-ecl P1) - \{L\}) \cup (((cl-ecl P2) - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\}))$ using superposition-def by auto from assms(1) and assms(2) have finite $(((cl-ecl P1) - \{L\}) \cup (((cl-ecl P2)$ $- \{ M \}) \cup \{ L' \}))$ by *auto* from this and $def - C \ def - C'$ show ?thesis using substs-preserve-finiteness by autoqed **lemma** reflexion-preserves-finiteness: assumes finite (cl-ecl P1) assumes reflexion P1 C σ k C' **shows** finite (cl-ecl C) \wedge (finite C')

proof –

from assms(2) obtain L1 where

 $def-C: (cl-ecl \ C) = (subst-cl \ ((cl-ecl \ P1) - \{ \ L1 \ \}) \ \sigma)$ and $def-C': \ C' = ((cl-ecl \ P1) - \{ \ L1 \ \})$

using reflexion-def by auto

from assms(1) have finite ((cl-ecl P1) - { L1 }) by auto

from this and def-C def-C' show ?thesis using substs-preserve-finiteness by auto

qed
lemma factorization-preserves-finiteness: assumes finite (cl-ecl P1) assumes factorization P1 C σ k C' shows finite $(cl-ecl \ C) \land (finite \ C')$ proof from assms(2) obtain L2 L' where $def-C: (cl-ecl \ C) = (subst-cl \ ((cl-ecl \ P1) - \{ \ L2 \ \}) \cup \{ \ L' \} \) \ \sigma)$ and def-C': $C' = (((cl-ecl P1) - \{L2\}) \cup \{L'\})$ using factorization-def by auto from assms(1) have $(finite (((cl-ecl P1) - \{ L2 \}) \cup \{ L' \}))$ by auto from this and def-C def-C' show ?thesis using substs-preserve-finiteness by autoqed lemma derivable-clauses-are-finite: assumes derivable $C P S \sigma k C'$ assumes $\forall x \in P$. (finite (cl-ecl x)) shows finite (cl-ecl C) \wedge (finite C') **proof** (*rule ccontr*) **assume** hyp: \neg (finite (cl-ecl C) \land (finite C')) have not-sup: $\neg (\exists P1 P2. (P1 \in P \land P2 \in P \land superposition P1 P2 C \sigma k C'))$ proof assume $(\exists P1 P2. (P1 \in P \land P2 \in P \land superposition P1 P2 C \sigma k C'))$ then obtain P1 P2 where P1 \in P P2 \in P superposition P1 P2 C σ k C' by auto from $\langle P1 \in P \rangle$ and assms(2) have finite (cl-ecl P1) by auto from $\langle P2 \in P \rangle$ and assms(2) have finite (cl-ecl P2) by auto from $\langle (finite (cl-ecl P1)) \rangle$ and $\langle (finite (cl-ecl P2)) \rangle$ and $\langle superposition P1 P2 \rangle$ $C \sigma k C'$ have finite (cl-ecl C) \wedge (finite C') using superposition-preserves-finiteness [of P1 P2 C σ] by auto then show False using hyp by auto qed have not-ref: $\neg (\exists P1. (P1 \in P \land reflexion P1 \ C \ \sigma \ k \ C'))$ proof assume $(\exists P1. (P1 \in P \land reflexion P1 C \sigma k C'))$ then obtain P1 where $P1 \in P$ reflexion P1 C σ k C' by auto from $\langle P1 \in P \rangle$ and assms(2) have finite (cl-ecl P1) by auto from $\langle (finite \ (cl-ecl \ P1)) \rangle$ and $\langle reflexion \ P1 \ C \ \sigma \ k \ C' \rangle$ have finite (cl-ecl C) \land (finite C') using reflexion-preserves-finiteness [of P1 $C \sigma$ by auto then show False using hyp by auto qed have not-fact: $\neg (\exists P1. (P1 \in P \land factorization P1 \ C \ \sigma \ k \ C'))$ proof assume $(\exists P1. (P1 \in P \land factorization P1 C \sigma k C'))$ then obtain P1 where $P1 \in P$ factorization P1 C σ k C' by auto from $\langle P1 \in P \rangle$ and assms(2) have finite (cl-ecl P1) by auto

from $\langle (finite (cl-ecl P1)) \rangle$ and $\langle factorization P1 C \sigma k C' \rangle$ have finite (cl-ecl C) \wedge (finite C') using factorization-preserves-finiteness [of P1 C σ] by auto then show False using hyp by auto ged from not-sup not-ref not-fact and assms(1) show False unfolding derivable-def by blast qed **lemma** derivable-clauses-lemma: assumes derivable $C P S \sigma k C'$ shows $((cl\text{-}ecl \ C) = (subst\text{-}cl \ C' \ \sigma))$ **proof** (rule ccontr) assume hyp: \neg ((cl-ecl C) = (subst-cl C' σ)) have not-sup: $\neg (\exists P1 P2. (P1 \in S \land P2 \in S \land superposition P1 P2 C \sigma k C'))$ proof assume $(\exists P1 P2. (P1 \in S \land P2 \in S \land superposition P1 P2 C \sigma k C'))$ then obtain P1 P2 where $P1 \in S P2 \in S$ superposition P1 P2 C σ k C' by autofrom $\langle superposition P1 P2 C \sigma k C' \rangle$ obtain Cl-C Cl-P1 L Cl-P2 M L' T where $Cl-C = (subst-cl ((Cl-P1 - \{L\}) \cup ((Cl-P2 - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\})) \sigma)$ $(C' = (Cl-P1 - \{L\}) \cup ((Cl-P2 - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\}))$ $C = (Ecl \ Cl-C \ T)$ unfolding superposition-def by blast from $(Cl-C = (subst-cl ((Cl-P1 - \{L\}) \cup ((Cl-P2 - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\})) \sigma))$ $(C' = (Cl-P1 - \{L\}) \cup ((Cl-P2 - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\})) \land C = (Ecl Cl-C)$ T $\rightarrow hyp$ show False by auto ged have not-ref: $\neg (\exists P1. (P1 \in S \land reflexion P1 \ C \ \sigma \ k \ C'))$ proof assume $(\exists P1. (P1 \in S \land reflexion P1 \ C \ \sigma \ k \ C'))$ then obtain P1 where $P1 \in S$ reflexion P1 C σ k C' by auto from $\langle reflexion P1 C \sigma k C' \rangle$ obtain T Cl-C Cl-P L1 where $C = (Ecl \ Cl-C \ T)$ $Cl-C = (subst-cl ((Cl-P - \{L1\}))) \sigma$ $(C' = ((Cl-P - \{L1\})))$ unfolding reflexion-def by blast from $\langle Cl-C = (subst-cl ((Cl-P - \{L1\}))) \sigma \rangle$ $\langle (C' = ((Cl-P - \{ L1 \}))) \rangle \langle C = (Ecl Cl-C T) \rangle$ hyp show False by auto qed have not-fact: $\neg (\exists P1. (P1 \in S \land factorization P1 C \sigma k C'))$ proof assume $(\exists P1. (P1 \in S \land factorization P1 C \sigma k C'))$ then obtain P1 where $P1 \in S$ factorization P1 C σ k C' by auto from $\langle factorization P1 \ C \ \sigma \ k \ C' \rangle$ obtain T Cl-C Cl-P L' L2 where $C = (Ecl \ Cl - C \ T)$ $Cl-C = (subst-cl ((Cl-P - \{ L2 \}) \cup \{ L' \})) \sigma$ $C' = ((Cl-P - \{L2\}) \cup \{L'\})$ unfolding factorization-def by blast from $\langle Cl-C = (subst-cl ((Cl-P - \{L2\}) \cup \{L'\})) \sigma \rangle$ $\langle C' = ((Cl-P - \{L2\})) \cup \{L'\}) \rangle \langle C = (Ecl Cl-C T) \rangle$ hyp show False by

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auto
 qed
 from not-sup not-ref not-fact and assms(1) show False unfolding derivable-def
by blast
ged
lemma substs-preserves-decompose-literal:
 assumes decompose-literal L t s polarity
 shows decompose-literal (subst-lit L \eta) (subst t \eta) (subst s \eta) polarity
proof -
 let ?L = (subst-lit L \eta)
 let ?t = (subst \ t \ \eta)
 let ?s = (subst \ s \ \eta)
 have polarity = pos \lor polarity = neg using sign.exhaust by auto
 then show ?thesis
 proof
   assume polarity = pos
   from this and assms(1) have L = Pos(Eq t s) \lor L = Pos(Eq s t)
     unfolding decompose-literal-def decompose-equation-def by auto
   from \langle L = Pos (Eq \ t \ s) \lor L = Pos (Eq \ s \ t) \rangle
     have ?L = Pos (Eq ?t ?s) \lor ?L = Pos (Eq ?s ?t) by auto
   from this \langle polarity = pos \rangle show ?thesis unfolding decompose-literal-def
     decompose-equation-def by auto
  \mathbf{next}
   assume polarity = neq
   from this and assms(1) have L = Neg (Eq t s) \lor L = Neg (Eq s t)
     unfolding decompose-literal-def decompose-equation-def by auto
   from this \langle polarity = neg \rangle show ?thesis unfolding decompose-literal-def
     decompose-equation-def by auto
 qed
qed
lemma substs-preserve-dom-trm:
 assumes dom-trm t C
 shows dom-trm (subst t \sigma) (subst-cl C \sigma)
proof -
 let ?t = (subst \ t \ \sigma)
 from assms(1) have (\exists L u v p. (L \in C \land (decompose-literal L u v p))
       \wedge (( (p = neg \land t = u) \lor (t, u) \in trm\text{-}ord)))) unfolding dom-trm-def by
auto
  from this obtain L \ u \ v \ p where L \in C
   decompose-literal L u v p (( (p = neg \land t = u) \lor (t,u) \in trm\text{-}ord))
   unfolding dom-trm-def by blast
 let ?u = (subst \ u \ \sigma)
  from \langle L \in C \rangle have (subst-lit L \sigma) \in (subst-cl C \sigma) by auto
  from \langle decompose-literal \ L \ u \ v \ p \rangle
   have decompose-literal (subst-lit L \sigma) (subst u \sigma) (subst v \sigma) p
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using substs-preserves-decompose-literal by metis from $\langle ((p = neg \land t = u) \lor (t, u) \in trm - ord) \rangle \rangle$ have $((p = neg \land ?t = ?u) \lor (?t,?u) \in trm\text{-}ord))$ using trm-ord-subst by auto from this $\langle (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma) \in (subst-cl \ C \ \sigma) \rangle$ $\langle decompose-literal (subst-lit L \sigma) (subst u \sigma) (subst v \sigma) p \rangle$ **show** dom-trm (subst t σ) (subst-cl C σ) unfolding dom-trm-def by auto qed **lemma** substs-preserve-well-constrainedness: assumes well-constrained C shows well-constrained (subst-ecl C σ) **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume \neg ?thesis from this obtain y where $y \in trms\text{-}ecl (subst\text{-}ecl \ C \ \sigma)$ and \neg dom-trm y (cl-ecl (subst-ecl C σ)) unfolding well-constrained-def by auto obtain Cl-C T where C = (Ecl Cl-C T) using eclause.exhaust by auto from this have (subst-ecl $C \sigma$) = (Ecl (subst-cl Cl-C σ) (subst-set T σ)) by auto from this have (cl-ecl (subst-ecl C σ) = (subst-cl Cl-C σ)) and trms-ecl (subst-ecl C σ) = (subst-set T σ) by auto from $\langle (cl-ecl (subst-ecl C \sigma) = (subst-cl Cl-C \sigma)) \rangle$ $\langle C = (Ecl \ Cl-C \ T) \rangle$ have $(cl-ecl \ (subst-ecl \ C \ \sigma) = (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma))$ by auto from $\langle y \in trms\text{-}ecl (subst\text{-}ecl \ C \ \sigma) \rangle \langle C = (Ecl \ Cl\text{-}C \ T) \rangle$ obtain z where $z \in T$ and $y = (subst z \sigma)$ by auto from $\langle z \in T \rangle$ assms(1) $\langle C = (Ecl \ Cl-C \ T) \rangle$ have dom-trm z (cl-ecl C) unfolding well-constrained-def by auto from this have dom-trm (subst $z \sigma$) (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) σ) using substs-preserve-dom-trm by auto from this $\langle y = (subst \ z \ \sigma) \rangle$ have dom-trm y (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) σ) by auto from this $\langle (cl-ecl (subst-ecl C \sigma) = (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle \rangle$ $\langle \neg dom\text{-}trm \ y \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ (subst\text{-}ecl \ C \ \sigma)) \rangle$ show False by auto qed **lemma** *ck-trms-sound*: assumes T = get-trms D (dom-trms C E) kshows $T \subseteq (dom - trms \ C \ E)$ **proof** (*cases*) **assume** k = FirstOrder

from this and assms have T = filter-trms D (dom-trms C E) unfolding get-trms-def by auto

from this show ?thesis using filter-trms-inclusion by blast next

assume $k \neq FirstOrder$

from this and assms have $T = (dom-trms \ C \ E)$ unfolding get-trms-def by auto from this show ?thesis using filter-trms-inclusion by blast qed lemma derivable-clauses-are-well-constrained: assumes derivable $C P S \sigma k C'$ shows well-constrained C **proof** (rule ccontr) **assume** hyp: \neg well-constrained C then obtain y where $y \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C$ and $\neg dom\text{-}trm \ y \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ C)$ unfolding well-constrained-def by auto have not-sup: $\neg (\exists P1 P2. (P1 \in S \land P2 \in S \land superposition P1 P2 C \sigma k C'))$ proof assume $(\exists P1 P2. (P1 \in S \land P2 \in S \land superposition P1 P2 C \sigma k C'))$ then obtain P1 P2 where $P1 \in S P2 \in S$ superposition P1 P2 C $\sigma k C'$ by auto from $\langle superposition P1 P2 C \sigma k C' \rangle$ obtain Cl-C T E where $T = (get - trms \ Cl - C \ (dom - trms \ Cl - C \ (subst-set \ E \ \sigma)) \ k)$ $Cl-C = (subst-cl C' \sigma)$ $C = (Ecl \ Cl-C \ T)$ unfolding superposition-def by blast from $\langle T = (\text{get-trms } Cl-C \ (\text{dom-trms } Cl-C \ (\text{subst-set } E \ \sigma)) \ k) \rangle$ have $T \subseteq (dom-trms \ Cl-C \ (subst-set \ E \ \sigma))$ using ck-trms-sound by metis from this and $\langle y \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C \rangle$ and $\langle C = (Ecl \ Cl\text{-}C \ T) \rangle$ have $y \in (dom\text{-}trms \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \ (subst\text{-}set \ E \ \sigma))$ by auto from this and $\langle \neg dom{-}trm \ y \ (cl{-}ecl \ C) \rangle$ show False unfolding dom-trms-def by auto qed have not-ref: $\neg (\exists P1. (P1 \in S \land reflexion P1 \ C \ \sigma \ k \ C'))$ proof assume $(\exists P1. (P1 \in S \land reflexion P1 \ C \ \sigma \ k \ C'))$ then obtain P1 where $P1 \in S$ reflexion P1 C σ k C' by auto from $\langle reflexion P1 \ C \ \sigma \ k \ C' \rangle$ obtain $T \ Cl-C \ E$ where $T = (get\text{-}trms \ Cl\text{-}C \ (dom\text{-}trms \ Cl\text{-}C \ (subst-set \ E \ \sigma)) \ k)$ $Cl-C = (subst-cl C' \sigma)$ $C = (Ecl \ Cl - C \ T)$ unfolding reflexion-def by blast **from** $\langle T = (get\text{-}trms \ Cl\text{-}C \ (dom\text{-}trms \ Cl\text{-}C \ (subst-set \ E \ \sigma)) \ k) \rangle$ have $T \subseteq (dom\text{-}trms \ Cl\text{-}C \ (subst-set \ E \ \sigma))$ using *ck-trms-sound* by *metis* from this and $\langle y \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C \rangle$ and $\langle C = (Ecl \ Cl\text{-}C \ T) \rangle$ have $y \in (dom\text{-}trms \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \ (subst-set \ E \ \sigma))$ by auto from this and $\langle \neg dom\text{-}trm \ y \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \rangle$ show False unfolding dom-trms-def by auto qed

have not-fact: $\neg (\exists P1. (P1 \in S \land factorization P1 C \sigma k C'))$

proof

assume $(\exists P1. (P1 \in S \land factorization P1 C \sigma k C'))$ then obtain P1 where $P1 \in S$ factorization P1 C σ k C' by auto from $\langle factorization P1 \ C \ \sigma \ k \ C' \rangle$ obtain $T \ Cl-C \ E$ where $T = (qet - trms \ Cl - C \ (dom - trms \ Cl - C \ (subst-set \ E \ \sigma)) \ k)$ $Cl-C = (subst-cl C' \sigma)$ $C = (Ecl \ Cl - C \ T)$ unfolding factorization-def by blast from $\langle T = (\text{get-trms } Cl-C \ (\text{dom-trms } Cl-C \ (\text{subst-set } E \ \sigma)) \ k) \rangle$ have $T \subseteq (dom\text{-}trms \ Cl\text{-}C \ (subst-set \ E \ \sigma))$ using ck-trms-sound by metis from this and $\langle y \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C \rangle$ and $\langle C = (Ecl \ Cl\text{-}C \ T) \rangle$ have $y \in (dom\text{-}trms \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \ (subst\text{-}set \ E \ \sigma))$ by auto from this and $\langle \neg dom{-}trm \ y \ (cl{-}ecl \ C) \rangle$ show False unfolding dom-trms-def by auto qed from not-sup not-ref not-fact and assms(1) show False unfolding derivable-def $\mathbf{by} \ blast$ qed **lemma** derivable-clauses-are-entailed: assumes derivable $C P S \sigma k C'$ assumes validate-clause-set I (cl-ecl 'P) assumes fo-interpretation I assumes $\forall x \in P$. (finite (cl-ecl x)) shows validate-clause I (cl-ecl C) **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume \neg validate-clause I (cl-ecl C) have not-sup: $\neg (\exists P1 P2. (P1 \in S \land P2 \in S \land P = \{P1, P2\} \land superposition$ $P1 P2 C \sigma k C')$ proof assume $(\exists P1 P2. (P1 \in S \land P2 \in S \land P = \{P1, P2\} \land superposition P1$ $P2 \ C \ \sigma \ k \ C'))$ from this obtain P1 P2 where $P1 \in P$ P2 $\in P$ and superposition P1 P2 C $\sigma \ k \ C'$ by auto from $\langle P1 \in P \rangle$ and assms(2) have validate-clause I (cl-ecl P1) by auto from $\langle P2 \in P \rangle$ and assms(2) have validate-clause I (cl-ecl P2) by auto from assms(4) and $\langle P1 \in P \rangle$ have finite (cl-ecl P1) by auto from assms(4) and $\langle P2 \in P \rangle$ have finite (cl-ecl P2) by auto from assms(3) and $\langle finite (cl-ecl P1) \rangle$ and $\langle finite (cl-ecl P2) \rangle$ and (superposition P1 P2 C σ k C') have set-entails-clause { (cl-ecl P1),

and (superposition P1 P2 C σ k C) have set-entails-clause { (cl-ecl P1 (cl-ecl P2) } (cl-ecl C)

using superposition-is-sound by blast

from this and assms(3) and $\langle validate-clause \ I \ (cl-ecl \ P1) \rangle$ and $\langle validate-clause \ I \ (cl-ecl \ P2) \rangle$

have validate-clause I (cl-ecl C)

using set-entails-clause-def [of { (cl-ecl P1), (cl-ecl P2) } cl-ecl C] by auto from this and $\langle \neg validate\text{-clause } I \ (cl\text{-ecl } C) \rangle$ show False by auto qed have not-fact: $\neg (\exists P1. (P1 \in S \land P = \{P1\} \land factorization P1 C \sigma k C'))$ proof

assume $(\exists P1. (P1 \in S \land P = \{P1\} \land factorization P1 C \sigma k C'))$ from this obtain P1 where $P1 \in P$ and factorization P1 C σ k C' by auto from $\langle P1 \in P \rangle$ and assms(2) have validate-clause I (cl-ecl P1) by auto from assms(4) and $\langle P1 \in P \rangle$ have finite (cl-ecl P1) by auto from assms(3) and $\langle finite (cl-ecl P1) \rangle$ and $\langle factorization P1 \ C \ \sigma \ k \ C' \rangle$ have clause-entails-clause (cl-ecl P1) (cl-ecl C) using factorization-is-sound by auto from this and assms(3) and $\langle validate-clause \ I \ (cl-ecl \ P1) \rangle$ have validate-clause I (cl-ecl C) unfolding clause-entails-clause-def by auto from this and $\langle \neg validate\text{-}clause \ I \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \rangle$ show False by auto qed have not-ref: $\neg (\exists P1. (P1 \in S \land P = \{P1\} \land reflexion P1 C \sigma k C'))$ proof assume $(\exists P1. (P1 \in S \land P = \{P1\} \land reflexion P1 C \sigma k C'))$ from this obtain P1 where $P1 \in P$ and reflexion P1 C σ k C' by auto from $\langle P1 \in P \rangle$ and assms(2) have validate-clause I (cl-ecl P1) by auto from assms(4) and $\langle P1 \in P \rangle$ have finite (cl-ecl P1) by auto from assms(3) and $\langle finite (cl-ecl P1) \rangle$ and (reflexion P1 C σ k C) have clause-entails-clause (cl-ecl P1) (cl-ecl C) using reflexion-is-sound by auto from this and assms(3) and $\langle validate-clause \ I \ (cl-ecl \ P1) \rangle$ have validate-clause I (cl-ecl C) unfolding clause-entails-clause-def by auto from this and $\langle \neg validate\text{-}clause \ I \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \rangle$ show False by auto qed from not-sup not-fact not-ref and assms(1) show False unfolding derivable-def **by** blast qed **lemma** all-derived-clauses-are-finite: shows derivable-ecl $C S \Longrightarrow \forall x \in S$. (finite (cl-ecl x)) \Longrightarrow finite (cl-ecl C) **proof** (*induction rule: derivable-ecl.induct*) fix $C :: 'a \ eclause$ fix S assume $C \in S$ assume $\forall x \in S$. (finite (cl-ecl x)) from this $\langle C \in S \rangle$ show finite (cl-ecl C) by auto next fix C S fix D :: 'a eclause assume derivable-ecl C S**assume** $\forall x \in S$. (finite (cl-ecl x)) **assume** hyp-ind: $\forall x \in S$. (finite (cl-ecl x)) \implies finite (cl-ecl C) $(renaming-cl \ C \ D)$ from $\langle (renaming-cl \ C \ D) \rangle$ obtain η where $D = (subst-ecl \ C \ \eta)$ unfolding renaming-cl-def by auto obtain C-Cl T where C = (Ecl C-Cl T) using eclause.exhaust by auto from this and $\langle D = (subst-ecl \ C \ \eta) \rangle$ have $(cl\text{-}ecl D) = (subst\text{-}cl (cl\text{-}ecl C) \eta)$ by auto **from** this hyp-ind $\forall x \in S$. (finite (cl-ecl x)) show finite (cl-ecl D) using substs-preserve-finiteness by auto

 \mathbf{next}

fix $P S C S' \sigma C'$ **assume** $h: \forall x. x \in P \longrightarrow derivable-ecl x S \land ((\forall x \in S. finite (cl-ecl x)) \longrightarrow finite$ (cl - ecl x))assume derivable $C P S' \sigma$ FirstOrder C'assume $\forall x \in S$. finite (cl-ecl x) from h and $\langle \forall x \in S. \text{ finite } (cl\text{-ecl } x) \rangle$ have $\forall x \in P. (finite (cl\text{-ecl } x))$ by metis from this and (derivable $C P S' \sigma$ FirstOrder C') show finite (cl-ecl C) using derivable-clauses-are-finite by auto qed **lemma** all-derived-clauses-are-wellconstrained: shows derivable-ecl $C S \Longrightarrow \forall x \in S$. (well-constrained x) \Longrightarrow well-constrained C**proof** (*induction rule*: *derivable-ecl.induct*) fix C :: a eclause fix S assume $C \in S$ assume $\forall x \in S$. (well-constrained x) from this $\langle C \in S \rangle$ show well-constrained C by auto next fix C S fix D :: 'a eclause assume derivable-ecl C S**assume** $\forall x \in S$. (well-constrained x) **assume** hyp-ind: $\forall x \in S$. (well-constrained $(x) \implies well\text{-}constrained \ C$ $(renaming-cl \ C \ D)$ from $\langle \forall x \in S. (well-constrained x) \rangle$ and hyp-ind have well-constrained C by auto from $\langle (renaming-cl \ C \ D) \rangle$ obtain η where $D = (subst-ecl \ C \ \eta)$ unfolding renaming-cl-def by auto from this and (well-constrained C) show well-constrained Dusing substs-preserve-well-constrainedness by auto \mathbf{next} fix $P \ S \ C \ S' \ \sigma \ C'$ **assume** $\forall x. x \in P \longrightarrow derivable-ecl x S \land (Ball S well-constrained \longrightarrow well-constrained)$ (x)assume derivable $C P S' \sigma$ FirstOrder C'assume Ball S well-constrained from (derivable $C P S' \sigma$ FirstOrder C') show well-constrained C using derivable-clauses-are-well-constrained by auto \mathbf{qed} lemma SOUNDNESS: shows derivable-ecl $C S \Longrightarrow \forall x \in S$. (finite (cl-ecl x)) \implies set-entails-clause (cl-ecl 'S) (cl-ecl C) **proof** (*induction rule: derivable-ecl.induct*) fix C :: a eclause fix S assume $C \in S$ assume $\forall x \in S$. (finite (cl-ecl x)) from $\langle C \in S \rangle$ show set-entails-clause (cl-ecl 'S) (cl-ecl C) unfolding set-entails-clause-def by auto \mathbf{next} fix C S fix D :: 'a eclause assume derivable-ecl C Sassume $\forall x \in S$. (finite (cl-ecl x))

assume hyp-ind: $\forall x \in S$. (finite (cl-ecl x)) \implies set-entails-clause (cl-ecl 'S) $(cl-ecl \ C)$ assume $(renaming-cl \ C \ D)$ from $\langle (renaming-cl \ C \ D) \rangle$ obtain η where $D = (subst-ecl \ C \ \eta)$ unfolding renaming-cl-def by auto obtain C-Cl T where C = (Ecl C-Cl T) using eclause.exhaust by auto from this and $\langle D = (subst-ecl \ C \ \eta) \rangle$ have $(cl\text{-}ecl D) = (subst\text{-}cl (cl\text{-}ecl C) \eta)$ by auto **show** set-entails-clause $(cl-ecl \, \, S) \, (cl-ecl \, D)$ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume \neg ?thesis from this obtain I where fo-interpretation I and i: validate-clause-set I (cl-ecl S \neg validate-clause I (cl-ecl D) unfolding set-entails-clause-def by auto **from** $\langle \neg validate\text{-}clause \ I \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ D) \rangle$ **and** $\langle (cl\text{-}ecl \ D) = (subst\text{-}cl \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \ \eta) \rangle$ have \neg validate-clause I (cl-ecl C) using instances-are-entailed by metis from this and (fo-interpretation I) i have \neg set-entails-clause (cl-ecl 'S) (cl-ecl C)unfolding set-entails-clause-def by auto from this and $\forall x \in S$. (finite (cl-ecl x)) hyp-ind show False by auto qed \mathbf{next} fix $P \ S \ C \ S' \ \sigma \ C'$ **assume** h: $\forall x. x \in P \longrightarrow derivable-ecl x S \land ((\forall x \in S. finite (cl-ecl x)) \longrightarrow$ set-entails-clause $(cl-ecl \, \, S) \, (cl-ecl \, x))$ assume derivable $C P S' \sigma$ FirstOrder C'assume $\forall x \in S$. finite (cl-ecl x) from h and $\langle \forall x \in S$. finite (cl-ecl x) have i: $\forall x \in P$. set-entails-clause (cl-ecl (S) (cl-ecl x)by *metis* **show** set-entails-clause (cl-ecl 'S) (cl-ecl C) **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume \neg ?thesis from this obtain I where fo-interpretation I and ii: validate-clause-set I (cl-ecl S) \neg validate-clause I (cl-ecl C) unfolding set-entails-clause-def by auto **from** $h \langle \forall x \in S. \text{ finite } (cl\text{-}ecl x) \rangle$ have $(\forall x \in P. \text{ finite } (cl\text{-}ecl x))$ using all-derived-clauses-are-finite by metis **from** (fo-interpretation I) i and ii have $\forall x \in P$. (validate-clause I (cl-ecl x)) unfolding set-entails-clause-def by *auto* from this have validate-clause-set I (cl-ecl 'P) by auto **from** this and $\langle (\forall x \in P. finite (cl-ecl x)) \rangle \langle fo-interpretation I \rangle \langle derivable C P$ $S' \sigma$ FirstOrder C'> have validate-clause I (cl-ecl C) using derivable-clauses-are-entailed [of $C P S' \sigma$ FirstOrder C' I] by blast from this and $\langle \neg validate\text{-}clause \ I \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \rangle$ show False by auto

```
qed
lemma REFUTABLE-SETS-ARE-UNSAT:
 assumes \forall x \in S. (finite (cl-ecl x))
 assumes derivable-ecl C S
 assumes (cl\text{-}ecl \ C = \{\})
 shows \neg (satisfiable-clause-set (cl-ecl 'S))
proof
 assume (satisfiable-clause-set (cl-ecl 'S))
 then obtain I where fo-interpretation I and model: validate-clause-set I (cl-ecl
(S)
   unfolding satisfiable-clause-set-def [of cl-ecl 'S] by blast
 from assms(1) assms(2) have set-entails-clause (cl-ecl 'S) (cl-ecl C)
   using SOUNDNESS by metis
 from this \langle fo-interpretation I \rangle and model have validate-clause I (cl-ecl C)
   unfolding set-entails-clause-def by auto
 from this and assms(3) show False by auto
qed
```

6 Redundancy Criteria and Saturated Sets

We define redundancy criteria. We use similar notions as in the Bachmair and Ganzinger paper, the only difference is that we have to handle the sets of irreducible terms associated with the clauses. Indeed, to ensure completeness, we must guarantee that all the terms that are irreducible in the entailing clauses are also irreducible in the entailed one (otherwise some needed inferences could be blocked due the irreducibility condition, as in the basic superposition calculus). Of course, if the attached sets of terms are empty, then this condition trivially holds and the definition collapses to the usual one.

We introduce the following relation:

definition subterms-inclusion :: 'a trm set \Rightarrow 'a trm set \Rightarrow bool where subterms-inclusion E1 E2 = ($\forall x1 \in E1. \exists x2 \in E2. (occurs-in x1 x2)$) lemma subterms-inclusion-refl: shows subterms-inclusion E E proof (rule ccontr) assume \neg subterms-inclusion E E from this obtain x1 where x1 \in E and \neg occurs-in x1 x1 unfolding subterms-inclusion-def by force from $\langle \neg \ occurs-in x1 x1 \rangle$ have $\neg (\exists p. subterm x1 p x1)$ unfolding occurs-in-def by auto from this have \neg subterm x1 Nil x1 by metis from this show False by auto

qed

qed

```
lemma subterms-inclusion-subset:

assumes subterms-inclusion E1 E2

assumes E2 \subseteq E2'

shows subterms-inclusion E1 E2'

by (meson assms(1) assms(2) basic-superposition.subterms-inclusion-def basic-superposition-axioms
```

subsetD)

lemma set-inclusion-preserve-normalization: **assumes** all-trms-irreducible E f **assumes** $E' \subseteq E$ **shows** all-trms-irreducible E' f**by** (meson all-trms-irreducible-def assms(1) assms(2) subsetD)

lemma subterms-inclusion-preserves-normalization:
 assumes all-trms-irreducible E f
 assumes subterms-inclusion E' E
 shows all-trms-irreducible E' f
 by (meson all-trms-irreducible-def assms(1) assms(2) occur-in-subterm subterms-inclusion-def)

We define two notions of redundancy, the first one is for inferences: any derivable clause must be entailed by a set of clauses that are strictly smaller than one of the premises.

definition redundant-inference :: 'a eclause \Rightarrow 'a eclause set \Rightarrow 'a eclause set \Rightarrow 'a subst \Rightarrow bool where redundant-inference $C \ S \ P \ \sigma \longleftrightarrow (\exists S' \subseteq instances \ S.$ set-entails-clause (clset-instances S') (cl-ecl C) \land ($\forall x \in S'$. subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x)) (trms-ecl C)) \land ($\forall x \in S'. \exists D' \in cl-ecl ` P. ((cl-ecl (fst x), snd x), (D', \sigma)) \in cl-ord))$

The second one is the usual notion for clauses: a clause is redundant if it is entailed by smaller (or equal) clauses.

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{definition } redundant-clause :: \\ 'a \ eclause \Rightarrow 'a \ eclause \ set \ \Rightarrow 'a \ subst \Rightarrow 'a \ clause \Rightarrow bool \\ \text{where } (redundant-clause \ C \ S \ \sigma \ C') = \\ (\exists S'. (S' \subseteq (instances \ S) \ \land (set-entails-clause \ (clset-instances \ S') \ (cl-ecl \ C)) \\ \land \\ (\forall x \in S'. (\ subterms-inclusion \ (subst-set \ (trms-ecl \ (fst \ x)) \ (snd \ x)) \\ (trms-ecl \ C))) \ \land \\ (\forall x \in S'. (\ ((mset-ecl \ ((fst \ x),(snd \ x))),(mset-cl \ (C',\sigma)))) \in (mult \ (mult \ trm-ord)) \\ \lor \ (mset-ecl \ ((fst \ x),(snd \ x))) = mset-cl \ (C',\sigma))))) \end{array}$

Note that according to the definition above, an extended clause is always redundant w.r.t. a clause obtained from the initial one by adding in the attached set of terms a subterm of a term that already occurs in this set. This remark is important because explicitly adding such subterms in the attached set may prune the search space, due to the fact that the containing term can be removed at some point when calling the function *dom-trm*. Adding the subterm explicitly is thus useful in this case. In practice, the simplest solution may be to assume that the set of irreducible terms is closed under subterm.

Of course, a clause is also redundant w.r.t. any clause obtained by removing terms in the attached set. In particular, terms can be safely removed from the set of irreducible terms of the entailing clauses if needed to make a given clause redundant.

lemma *self-redundant-clause*:

assumes $C \in S$ assumes C' = (cl - ecl C)assumes ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) σ) shows redundant-clause (subst-ecl C σ) S σ C' proof obtain Cl-C and T where C = Ecl Cl-C T using eclause.exhaust by auto from this have cl- $ecl \ C = Cl$ -C and trms- $ecl \ C = T$ by autolet $?Cl-C = subst-cl Cl-C \sigma$ let $?T = subst-set T \sigma$ let $?C = subst-ecl \ C \ \sigma$ from $\langle C = Ecl \ Cl-C \ T \rangle$ have $?C = (Ecl \ ?Cl-C \ ?T)$ by auto from this have cl-ecl ?C = ?Cl-C and trms-ecl ?C = ?T by auto let $?S = \{ (C,\sigma) \}$ from assms(1) assms(3) have i: $?S \subseteq (instances S)$ unfolding instances-def by *auto* from $\langle cl-ecl \ C = Cl-C \rangle$ have clset-instances $?S = \{ ?Cl-C \}$ unfolding clset-instances-def by auto from this and $\langle cl-ecl \ ?C = \ ?Cl-C \rangle$ have ii: set-entails-clause (clset-instances $(cl-ecl \ (cl-ecl \ (cl-ecl\ (cl-ecl \ (cl-ecl \ (cl-ecl \ (cl-ecl \ (cl-ecl \ (cl-e$ using set-entails-clause-member by force have iii: $(\forall x \in ?S. (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x)))$ (trms-ecl ?C)))proof fix x assume $x \in ?S$ from this have $x = (C,\sigma)$ by auto from this $\langle C = Ecl \ Cl-C \ T \rangle$ have subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x) = ?T by auto from this and $\langle trms-ecl ?C = ?T \rangle$ have subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x) = (trms-ecl ?C) by auto from this show (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x)) (trms-ecl ?C))using subterms-inclusion-refl by auto qed have iv: $(\forall x \in ?S. (((mset-ecl ((fst x), (snd x))), (mset-cl (C', \sigma))) \in (mult (mult for a constant)))$ trm-ord)) \lor (mset-ecl ((fst x),(snd x))) = mset-cl (C',\sigma)))

proof

fix x assume $x \in ?S$ from this have $x = (C,\sigma)$ by auto from this $\langle C = Ecl \ Cl-C \ T \rangle$ have $(mset-ecl \ ((fst \ x),(snd \ x))) = (mset-ecl \ (C,\sigma))$ by auto from this $\langle C' = (cl-ecl \ C) \rangle$ have $(mset-ecl \ ((fst \ x),(snd \ x))) = mset-cl \ (C',\sigma)$ by auto from this show $(\ ((mset-ecl \ ((fst \ x),(snd \ x))),(mset-cl \ (C',\sigma))) \in (mult \ (mult \ trm-ord))$ $\lor (mset-ecl \ ((fst \ x),(snd \ x))) = mset-cl \ (C',\sigma))$ by auto qed

from *i ii iii iv* show ?thesis unfolding redundant-clause-def by metis qed

definition trms-subsumes

where trms-subsumes $C D \sigma$ = ((subst-cl (cl-ecl C) σ) = (cl-ecl D) \land ((subst-set (trms-ecl C) σ) \subseteq trms-ecl D))

definition inference-closed

where inference-closed $S = (\forall P C' D \vartheta.$ (derivable D P S ϑ FirstOrder $C') \longrightarrow (D \in S)$)

Various notions of saturatedness are defined, depending on the kind of inferences that are considered and on the redundancy criterion.

The first definition is the weakest one: all ground inferences must be redundant (this definition is used for the completeness proof to make it the most general).

definition ground-inference-saturated :: 'a eclause set \Rightarrow bool

where $(ground-inference-saturated S) = (\forall C P \sigma C'. (derivable C P S \sigma Ground C') \longrightarrow$

 $(ground-clause \ (cl-ecl \ C)) \longrightarrow (grounding-set \ P \ \sigma) \longrightarrow (redundant-inference C \ S \ P \ \sigma))$

The second one states that every ground instance of a first-order inference must be redundant.

definition inference-saturated :: 'a eclause set \Rightarrow bool

where (inference-saturated S) = $(\forall C P \sigma C' D \vartheta \eta.$ (derivable C P S σ Ground C') \longrightarrow (ground-clause (cl-ecl C)) \longrightarrow (grounding-set $P \sigma$)

 $\stackrel{\frown}{\longrightarrow} (derivable \ D \ P \ S \ \vartheta \ FirstOrder \ C') \longrightarrow (trms-subsumes \ D \ C \ \eta)$ $\stackrel{\frown}{\longrightarrow} (\sigma \doteq \vartheta \ \Diamond \ \eta)$

 $\longrightarrow (\textit{redundant-inference} (\textit{subst-ecl} D \eta) S P \sigma))$

The last definition is the most restrictive one: every derivable clause must be redundant.

definition clause-saturated :: 'a eclause set \Rightarrow bool where (clause-saturated S) = ($\forall C P \sigma C' D \vartheta \eta$. $\begin{array}{l} (derivable \ C \ P \ S \ \sigma \ Ground \ C') \longrightarrow (ground-clause \ (cl-ecl \ C)) \\ \longrightarrow \ (derivable \ D \ P \ S \ \vartheta \ FirstOrder \ C') \longrightarrow (trms-subsumes \ D \ C \ \eta) \\ \longrightarrow \ (\sigma \doteq \vartheta \ \Diamond \ \eta) \\ \longrightarrow \ (redundant-clause \ (subst-ecl \ D \ \eta) \ S \ \sigma \ C')) \end{array}$

We now relate these various notions, so that the forthcoming completeness proof applies to all of them. To this purpose, we have to show that the conclusion of a (ground) inference rule is always strictly smaller than one of the premises.

lemma conclusion-is-smaller-than-premisses: assumes derivable $C P S \sigma$ Ground C'assumes $\forall x \in S$. (finite (cl-ecl x)) assumes grounding-set P σ shows $\exists D. (D \in P \land (((mset-cl (C',\sigma)), (mset-ecl (D,\sigma)))) \in (mult (mult$ trm-ord)))) **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume hyp: $\neg (\exists D. (D \in P \land (((mset-cl (C', \sigma)), (mset-ecl (D, \sigma)))) \in (mult$ (mult trm-ord))))) from assms(1) have $P \subseteq S$ unfolding derivable-def by auto have not-sup: $\neg (\exists P1 P2, (P1 \in P \land P2 \in P \land superposition P1 P2 C \sigma)$ Ground C') proof **assume** $(\exists P1 P2. (P1 \in P \land P2 \in P \land superposition P1 P2 C \sigma Ground C'))$ then obtain P1 P2 where P1 \in P P2 \in P superposition P1 P2 C σ Ground C' by auto **from** (superposition P1 P2 C σ Ground C') **obtain** L t s u v M L' polarity u' p t' Cl-C NT where $M \in (cl\text{-}ecl P2) \ L \in (cl\text{-}ecl P1)$ orient-lit-inst $M u v pos \sigma$ orient-lit-inst L t s polarity σ subterm t p u'ck-unifier $u' u \sigma$ Ground replace-subterm t p v t'L' = mk-lit polarity (Eq t' s) $(C = (Ecl \ Cl-C \ NT))$ $(subst \ u \ \sigma) \neq (subst \ v \ \sigma)$ $((subst-lit \ M \ \sigma),(subst-lit \ L \ \sigma))$ \in *lit-ord* strictly-maximal-literal P2 M σ $Cl-C = (subst-cl (((cl-ecl P1) - \{L\}) \cup (((cl-ecl P2) - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\}))$ σ) $C' = (((cl-ecl P1) - \{ L \}) \cup (((cl-ecl P2) - \{ M \}) \cup \{ L' \}))$ unfolding superposition-def by blast from $\langle P1 \in P \rangle$ and assms(2) and $\langle P \subseteq S \rangle$ have finite (cl-ecl P1) by auto from $\langle P2 \in P \rangle$ and assms(2) and $\langle P \subseteq S \rangle$ have finite (cl-ecl P2) by auto from assms(3) and $\langle P2 \in P \rangle$ have ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl P2) σ) unfolding grounding-set-def by auto

from this have vars-of-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl P2) σ) = {} by auto

from $(M \in (cl\text{-}ecl P2))$ have $(subst\text{-}lit M \sigma) \in (subst\text{-}cl (cl\text{-}ecl P2) \sigma)$ by auto from this and (vars-of-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl P2) σ) = {} have vars-of-lit (subst-lit $M \sigma$ = {} by *auto* **from** (*orient-lit-inst* $M u v pos \sigma$) have orient-lit (subst-lit $M \sigma$) (subst $u \sigma$) (subst $v \sigma$) pos using *lift-orient-lit* by *auto* from this and (vars-of-lit (subst-lit $M \sigma$) = {} have vars-of (subst $u \sigma$) = {} using orient-lit-vars by blast **from** (orient-lit (subst-lit $M \sigma$) (subst $u \sigma$) (subst $v \sigma$) pose and $\langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit M \sigma) = \{\} \rangle$ have vars-of (subst $v \sigma) = \{\}$ using orient-lit-vars by blast **from** (orient-lit (subst-lit $M \sigma$) (subst $u \sigma$) (subst $v \sigma$) pos) have $((subst \ u \ \sigma), (subst \ v \ \sigma)) \notin trm$ -ord unfolding orient-lit-def by auto from this and $\langle (subst \ u \ \sigma) \neq (subst \ v \ \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle vars-of (subst \ u \ \sigma) = \{\} \land \langle vars-of (subst \ v \ \sigma) = \{\} \rangle$ have $((subst \ v \ \sigma), (subst \ u \ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by blast from assms(3) and $\langle P1 \in P \rangle$ have ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl P1) σ) unfolding grounding-set-def by auto from this have vars-of-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl P1) σ) = {} by auto from $(L \in (cl\text{-}ecl P1))$ have $(subst\text{-}lit L \sigma) \in (subst\text{-}cl (cl\text{-}ecl P1) \sigma)$ by auto from this and (vars-of-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl P1) σ) = {}) have vars-of-lit (subst-lit $L \sigma = \{\}$ by auto **from** (orient-lit-inst L t s polarity σ) have orient-lit (subst-lit $L \sigma$) (subst $t \sigma$) (subst $s \sigma$) polarity using *lift-orient-lit* by *auto* from this and (vars-of-lit (subst-lit $L \sigma$) = {} have vars-of (subst $t \sigma$) = {} using orient-lit-vars by blast **from** (*orient-lit* (subst-lit $L \sigma$) (subst $t \sigma$) (subst $s \sigma$) polarity) and $\langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit L \sigma) = \{\} \rangle$ have vars-of (subst s $\sigma) = \{\}$ using orient-lit-vars by blast let $?mC1 = mset\text{-}ecl (P1, \sigma)$ let $?mC2 = mset\text{-}ecl (C, \sigma)$ from $\langle L \in (cl\text{-}ecl P1) \rangle \langle finite (cl\text{-}ecl P1) \rangle$ have mset-set (cl-ecl P1) = mset-set ((cl-ecl P1) - $\{L\}$) + mset-set $\{L\}$ using split-mset-set [of cl-ecl P1 cl-ecl P1 $- \{L\} \{L\}$] by blast **from** this have d1: {# (mset-lit (subst-lit $x \sigma$)). $x \in \#$ (mset-set (cl-ecl P1)) #} $= \{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) : x \in \# (mset-set ((cl-ecl P1) - \{L\})) \# \}$ + {# (mset-lit (subst-lit $x \sigma$)). $x \in \#$ (mset-set { L }) #} using split-image-mset by auto

let $?C = (((cl-ecl P1) - \{L\}) \cup (((cl-ecl P2) - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\}))$ from $\langle finite (cl-ecl P1) \rangle \langle finite (cl-ecl P2) \rangle$ have finite ?C by auto let $?C' = ?C - ((cl-ecl P1) - \{L\})$ from $\langle finite ?C \rangle$ have finite ?C' by auto have $?C = ((cl-ecl P1) - \{L\}) \cup ?C'$ by auto from $\langle finite \ (cl-ecl \ P1) \rangle \langle finite \ ?C' \rangle$ have mset-set $?C = mset-set ((cl-ecl P1) - \{L\}) + mset-set ?C'$ using split-mset-set [of ?C cl-ecl P1 - { L } ?C'] by blast **from** this have d2: {# (mset-lit (subst-lit $x \sigma$)). $x \in \#$ (mset-set ?C) #} $= \{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) : x \in \# (mset-set ((cl-ecl P1) - \{L\})) \# \}$ + {# (mset-lit (subst-lit $x \sigma$)). $x \in \#$ (mset-set ?C') #} using split-image-mset by auto have $\{\# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)), x \in \# (mset-set \{ L \}) \#\} \neq \{\#\}$ **bv** auto let $?K = \{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) : x \in \# (mset-set ?C') \# \}$ let $?J = \{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) : x \in \# (mset-set \{ L \}) \# \}$ have $(\forall k \in set\text{-mset }?K. \exists j \in set\text{-mset }?J. (k, j) \in (mult trm\text{-}ord))$ proof fix k assume $k \in set\text{-mset ?K}$ from this have $k \in \# ?K$ by auto from this obtain M' where $M' \in \#$ (mset-set ?C') and k = (mset-lit (subst-lit $M'\sigma$) using image-mset-thm [of ?K λx . (mset-lit (subst-lit x σ)) (mset-set ?C')] by *metis* from $(M' \in \# (mset\text{-set }?C'))$ and (finite ?C') have $M' \in ?C'$ by auto have $L \in \#$ (mset-set { L }) by auto from this have (mset-lit (subst-lit $L \sigma) \in \# ?J$) by auto from this have (mset-lit (subst-lit $L \sigma$) \in set-mset ?J) by auto have $\{\# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) : x \in \# (mset-set \{ L \}) \#\} \neq \{\#\}$ by auto **show** $\exists j \in set\text{-mset } ?J. (k, j) \in (mult trm-ord)$ **proof** (*cases*) assume $M' \in (cl\text{-}ecl P2) - \{M\}$ from this and $\langle strictly-maximal-literal P2 M \sigma \rangle$ have $((subst-lit M' \sigma), (subst-lit M \sigma)) \in lit-ord$ unfolding strictly-maximal-literal-def by metis from this and $\langle ($ (subst-lit $M \sigma), ($ subst-lit $L \sigma) \rangle \in$ lit-ord \rangle have $((subst-lit M' \sigma), (subst-lit L \sigma)) \in lit-ord$ using lit-ord-trans unfolding trans-def by metis from this have $((mset-lit (subst-lit M' \sigma)))$, $(mset-lit (subst-lit L \sigma))) \in (mult trm-ord)$ unfolding *lit-ord-def* by *auto* from $\langle (mset-lit (subst-lit L \sigma) \in set-mset ?J) \rangle$ this $\langle ((mset-lit (subst-lit M')) \rangle$

 $(mset-lit \ (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma))) \in (mult \ trm-ord)$ and $\langle k = (mset-lit \ (subst-lit \ M' \ \sigma)) \rangle$ show ?thesis by blast next assume $M' \notin (cl\text{-}ecl P2) - \{M\}$ from this and $\langle M' \in ?C' \rangle$ have M' = L' by auto **from** (subterm t p u') have subterm (subst t σ) p (subst u' σ) using substs-preserve-subterms by blast **from** $\langle ck$ -unifier $u' u \sigma$ Ground have $(subst \ u \ \sigma) = (subst \ u' \ \sigma)$ unfolding *ck-unifier-def* Unifier-def by *auto* from this and $\langle ((subst \ v \ \sigma), (subst \ u \ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ have $((subst v \sigma), (subst u' \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ by auto **from** this (subterm t p u') (replace-subterm t p v t') have $((subst t' \sigma), (subst t \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using replacement-monotonic by auto have $polarity = pos \lor polarity = neg$ using sign.exhaust by autothen have $((subst-lit L' \sigma), (subst-lit L \sigma)) \in lit-ord$ proof **assume** polarity = pos**from** this **and** (orient-lit-inst L t s polarity σ) have i: $(mset-lit (subst-lit L \sigma)) = \{ \# (subst s \sigma) \# \} + \{ \# (subst t \sigma) \# \}$ unfolding orient-lit-inst-def using add.commute by force from $\langle L' = mk$ -lit polarity $(Eq t' s) \rangle \langle polarity = pos \rangle$ have *ii*: $(mset-lit (subst-lit L' \sigma)) = \{ \# (subst s \sigma) \# \}$ $+ \{ \# (subst t' \sigma) \# \}$ using add.commute by force have $\{\# (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ \#\} \neq \{\#\}$ by *auto* have $(\forall k' \in set\text{-mset } \{\# (subst t' \sigma) \#\}, \exists j' \in set\text{-mset } \{\# (subst t \sigma) \}$ # {. $(k', j') \in (trm - ord)$) proof fix k' assume $k' \in set\text{-mset} \{ \# (subst t' \sigma) \# \}$ from this have $k' = (subst t' \sigma)$ by auto have $(subst \ t \ \sigma) \in set\text{-mset} \{ \# (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ \# \}$ by auto from this $\langle k' = (subst \ t' \ \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle ((subst t' \sigma), (subst t \sigma)) \in trm - ord \rangle$ **show** $\exists j' \in set\text{-mset} \{ \# (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ \# \}. \ (k', j') \in (trm\text{-}ord) \}$ by *auto* qed from *i* ii $\langle ((subst\ t'\ \sigma), (subst\ t\ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ **have** (*mset-lit* (*subst-lit* $L' \sigma$),(*mset-lit* (*subst-lit* $L \sigma$))) \in (mult trm-ord) by (metis one-step-implies-mult empty-iff insert-iff set-mset-add-mset-insert *set-mset-empty*) from this show ?thesis unfolding lit-ord-def by auto

\mathbf{next}

 $\sigma)),$

assume polarity = neg

from this **and** (orient-lit-inst L t s polarity σ)

have i: $(mset-lit (subst-lit L \sigma)) = \{ \# (subst s \sigma), (subst s \sigma) \# \}$ + {# (subst t σ), (subst t σ) #} unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto **from** $\langle L' = mk$ -lit polarity $(Eq t' s) \rangle$ $\langle polarity = neg \rangle$ have subst-lit $L' \sigma = (Neg (Eq (subst t' \sigma) (subst s \sigma)))$ by auto from this have (mset-lit (subst-lit $L' \sigma$)) $= \{ \# (subst t' \sigma), (subst t' \sigma), (subst s \sigma), (subst s \sigma) \# \}$ by *auto* from this have ii: (mset-lit (subst-lit $L' \sigma$)) $= \{ \# (subst \ s \ \sigma), (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ \# \} + \{ \# (subst \ t' \ \sigma), (subst \ t' \ \sigma) \ \# \}$ **by** (*simp add: add.commute add.left-commute*) have $\{\# (subst \ t \ \sigma), (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ \#\} \neq \{\#\}$ by auto have $(\forall k' \in set\text{-mset} \{ \# (subst t' \sigma), (subst t' \sigma) \# \}.$ $\exists j' \in set\text{-mset} \{ \# (subst \ t \ \sigma), (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ \# \}. \ (k', j') \in (trm\text{-}ord) \}$ proof fix k' assume $k' \in set\text{-mset} \{ \# (subst t' \sigma), (subst t' \sigma) \# \}$ from this have $k' = (subst t' \sigma)$ by auto have $(subst \ t \ \sigma) \in set\text{-mset} \{ \# (subst \ t \ \sigma), (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ \# \}$ by *auto* **from** this $\langle k' = (subst \ t' \ \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle ((subst t' \sigma), (subst t \sigma)) \in trm - ord \rangle$ **show** $\exists j' \in set\text{-mset} \{ \# (subst \ t \ \sigma), (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ \# \}.$ $(k', j') \in (trm\text{-}ord)$ by auto qed from this i ii $\langle \{ \# (subst \ t \ \sigma), (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ \# \} \neq \{ \# \} \rangle$ have (mset-lit (subst-lit $L' \sigma$), $(mset-lit \ (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma))) \in (mult \ trm-ord)$ using one-step-implies-mult [of $\{\# (subst \ t \ \sigma), (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ \#\}$ $\{\# (subst t' \sigma), (subst t' \sigma) \#\}$ trm-ord $\{ \# (subst \ s \ \sigma), (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ \# \}]$ trm-ord-trans by auto from this show ?thesis unfolding lit-ord-def by auto qed from this and $\langle (mset-lit \ (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma) \in set-mset \ ?J) \rangle$ $\langle k = (mset-lit \ (subst-lit \ M' \ \sigma)) \rangle$ $\langle M' = L' \rangle$ show ?thesis unfolding lit-ord-def by auto \mathbf{qed} qed from this $d1 \ d2$ have o: $(\{\#mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma). x \in \# mset-set ?C \#\},$ $\{\#mset\text{-lit (subst-lit } x \sigma) : x \in \# mset\text{-set (cl-ecl } P1)\#\})$ \in mult (mult trm-ord)

using mult-trm-ord-trans one-step-implies-mult [of $\{\# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)), x \in \# (mset-set \{ L \}) \#\}$

 $\{\# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)). x \in \# (mset-set ?C') \#\}$ mult trm-ord

{# (mset-lit (subst-lit x σ)). $x \in \#$ (mset-set ((cl-ecl P1) - { L })) #}] by auto

from this $\langle C' = (((cl-ecl P1) - \{L\}) \cup (((cl-ecl P2) - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\})) \rangle$ and $\langle P1 \in P \rangle$ and hyp show False by auto qed have not-ref: $\neg (\exists P1. (P1 \in P \land reflexion P1 \ C \ \sigma \ Ground \ C'))$ proof assume $(\exists P1. (P1 \in P \land reflexion P1 \ C \ \sigma \ Ground \ C'))$ then obtain P1 where $P1 \in P$ reflexion P1 C σ Ground C' by auto from (reflexion P1 C σ Ground C') obtain L1 t s Cl-C Cl-P where (eligible-literal L1 P1 σ) $(L1 \in (cl\text{-}ecl P1))$ (Cl-C = (cl-ecl C)) (Cl-P = (cl-ecl P1))(orient-lit-inst L1 t s neq σ) (ck-unifier $t \ s \ \sigma$ Ground) $(Cl-C = (subst-cl ((Cl-P - \{L1\}))) \sigma)$ $(C' = ((Cl-P - \{L1\})))$ unfolding reflexion-def by blast from $\langle P1 \in P \rangle$ and assms(2) and $\langle P \subseteq S \rangle$ have finite (cl-ecl P1) by auto let $?mC1 = mset\text{-}ecl (P1, \sigma)$ let $?mC2 = mset\text{-}ecl (C, \sigma)$ from $\langle L1 \in (cl\text{-}ecl P1) \rangle \langle finite (cl\text{-}ecl P1) \rangle$ have mset-set (cl-ecl P1) = mset-set ((cl-ecl P1) - $\{L1\}$) + mset-set $\{L1\}$ using split-mset-set [of cl-ecl P1 cl-ecl P1 – { L1 } { L1 }] by blast

from this have d1: {# (mset-lit (subst-lit $x \sigma$)). $x \in \#$ (mset-set (cl-ecl P1)) #}

 $= \{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)). x \in \# (mset-set ((cl-ecl P1) - \{ L1 \})) \# \}$ + $\{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)). x \in \# (mset-set \{ L1 \}) \# \}$ using split-image-mset by auto

let $?C = ((cl-ecl P1) - \{ L1 \})$ from $\langle finite \ (cl-ecl P1) \rangle$ have finite ?C by auto let $?C' = \{\}$ have finite ?C' by auto have $?C = (\ (cl-ecl P1) - \{ L1 \}) \cup ?C'$ by auto from $\langle finite \ (cl-ecl P1) \rangle \langle finite \ ?C' \rangle$ have mset-set $?C = mset-set \ ((cl-ecl P1) - \{ L1 \}) + mset-set \ ?C'$ using split-mset-set $[of \ ?C \ cl-ecl P1 - \{ L1 \} \ ?C']$ by blast

from this have d2: {# (mset-lit (subst-lit $x \sigma$)). $x \in #$ (mset-set ?C) #} = {# (mset-lit (subst-lit $x \sigma$)). $x \in #$ (mset-set ((cl-ecl P1) - { L1 })) #} + {# (mset-lit (subst-lit $x \sigma$)). $x \in #$ (mset-set ?C') #} using split-image-mset by auto

have $\{\# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) : x \in \# (mset-set \{ L1 \}) \# \} \neq \{\#\}$ by auto let $?K = \{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) : x \in \# (mset-set ?C') \# \}$ let $?J = \{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) | x \in \# (mset-set \{ L1 \}) \# \}$ have $(\forall k \in set\text{-mset }?K. \exists j \in set\text{-mset }?J. (k, j) \in (mult trm\text{-}ord))$ by auto **from** this d1 d2 $\langle \{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) : x \in \# (mset-set \{ L1 \}) \# \} \neq$ {#} have o: $(\{\#mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma) : x \in \# mset-set ?C \#\},$ $\{\#mset\text{-lit (subst-lit } x \sigma). x \in \# mset\text{-set (cl-ecl } P1)\#\})$ \in mult (mult trm-ord) using mult-trm-ord-trans one-step-implies-mult [of $\{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) : x \in \# (mset-set \{ L1 \}) \# \}$ $\{\# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) : x \in \# (mset-set ?C') \#\}$ mult trm-ord $\{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) : x \in \# (mset-set ((cl-ecl P1) - \{ L1 \})) \# \} \}$ by *auto* from this $\langle Cl-P = (cl-ecl P1) \rangle \langle C' = ((Cl-P - \{L1\})) \rangle$ and $\langle P1 \in P \rangle$ and hyp show False by auto qed have not-fact: $\neg (\exists P1. (P1 \in P \land factorization P1 C \sigma Ground C'))$ proof assume $(\exists P1. (P1 \in P \land factorization P1 C \sigma Ground C'))$ then obtain P1 where $P1 \in P$ factorization P1 C σ Ground C' by auto from $\langle factorization P1 \ C \ \sigma \ Ground \ C' \rangle$ obtain L1 L2 L' t s u v Cl-P Cl-C where (eligible-literal L1 P1 σ) $(L1 \in (cl\text{-}ecl P1)) (L2 \in (cl\text{-}ecl P1) - \{L1\}) (Cl\text{-}C = (cl\text{-}ecl C)) (Cl\text{-}P = (cl\text{-}ecl P1)) (Cl\text{-}ecl P1) (Cl\text{-}e$ (cl-ecl P1))(orient-lit-inst L1 t s pos σ) (orient-lit-inst L2 $u v pos \sigma$) $((subst\ t\ \sigma) \neq (subst\ s\ \sigma))$ $((subst\ t\ \sigma) \neq (subst\ v\ \sigma))$ (ck-unifier $t \ u \ \sigma$ Ground) $(L' = Neg (Eq \ s \ v))$ $(Cl-C = (subst-cl ((Cl-P - \{L2\}) \cup \{L'\})) \sigma)$ $(C' = ((Cl-P - \{L2\}) \cup \{L'\}))$ unfolding factorization-def by blast from $\langle P1 \in P \rangle$ and assms(2) and $\langle P \subseteq S \rangle$ have finite (cl-ecl P1) by auto from assms(3) and $\langle P1 \in P \rangle$ have ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl P1) σ)

unfolding grounding-set-def by auto from this have vars-of-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl P1) σ) = {} by auto **from** $(L1 \in (cl\text{-}ecl P1))$ have $(subst\text{-}lit L1 \sigma) \in (subst\text{-}cl (cl\text{-}ecl P1) \sigma)$ by auto from this and $\langle vars-of-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl P1) \sigma) = \{\}\rangle$ have vars-of-lit (subst-lit $L1 \ \sigma) = \{\}$

by auto

from (*orient-lit-inst* L1 t s pos σ) have orient-lit (subst-lit L1 σ) (subst t σ) (subst s σ) pos using *lift-orient-lit* by *auto* from this and (vars-of-lit (subst-lit L1 σ) = {} have vars-of (subst t σ) = {} using orient-lit-vars by blast **from** (*orient-lit* (subst-lit L1 σ) (subst t σ) (subst s σ) pos) and $\langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma) = \{\} \rangle$ have vars-of (subst s $\sigma) = \{\}$ using orient-lit-vars by blast from $(L2 \in (cl\text{-}ecl P1) - \{L1\})$ have $L2 \in (cl\text{-}ecl P1)$ by auto from $\langle L2 \in (cl\text{-}ecl P1) \rangle$ have $(subst\text{-}lit L2 \sigma) \in (subst\text{-}cl (cl\text{-}ecl P1) \sigma)$ by autofrom this and $\langle vars-of-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl P1) \sigma) = \{\}$ have vars-of-lit (subst-lit $L2 \sigma = \{\}$ by auto **from** (*orient-lit-inst* L2 $u v pos \sigma$) have orient-lit (subst-lit L2 σ) (subst u σ) (subst v σ) pos using *lift-orient-lit* by *auto* from this and (vars-of-lit (subst-lit L2 σ) = {} have vars-of (subst $u \sigma$) = {} using orient-lit-vars by blast **from** (orient-lit (subst-lit L2 σ) (subst $u \sigma$) (subst $v \sigma$) pose and (vars-of-lit (subst-lit L2 σ) = {} have vars-of (subst v σ) = {} using orient-lit-vars by blast **from** (*ck*-unifier $t \ u \ \sigma$ Ground) **have** (subst $t \ \sigma$) = (subst $u \ \sigma$) unfolding ck-unifier-def Unifier-def by auto **from** (*orient-lit* (subst-lit L1 σ) (subst t σ) (subst s σ) pos) have $((subst \ t \ \sigma), (subst \ s \ \sigma)) \notin trm$ -ord unfolding orient-lit-def by auto from this and $\langle (subst \ t \ \sigma) \neq (subst \ s \ \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle vars-of (subst t \sigma) = \{\} \rangle \langle vars-of (subst s \sigma) = \{\} \rangle$ have $((subst \ s \ \sigma), (subst \ t \ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by blast from this and $\langle (subst \ t \ \sigma) = (subst \ u \ \sigma) \rangle$ have $((subst \ s \ \sigma), (subst \ u \ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ by auto **from** (orient-lit (subst-lit L2 σ) (subst $u \sigma$) (subst $v \sigma$) pose have $((subst \ u \ \sigma), (subst \ v \ \sigma)) \notin trm$ -ord unfolding orient-lit-def by auto from this and $\langle (subst \ t \ \sigma) \neq (subst \ v \ \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle (subst \ t \ \sigma) = (subst \ u \ \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle vars-of (subst \ u \ \sigma) = \{\} \rangle \langle vars-of (subst \ v \ \sigma) = \{\} \rangle$ have $((subst v \sigma), (subst u \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by metis

let $?mC1 = mset\text{-}ecl (P1, \sigma)$ let $?mC2 = mset\text{-}ecl (C, \sigma)$

 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{from } \langle L2 \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ P1) \rangle & \langle finite \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ P1) \rangle \\ \mbox{have } mset\text{-}set \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ P1) = mset\text{-}set \ ((cl\text{-}ecl \ P1) - \{ \ L2 \ \}) + mset\text{-}set \ \{ \ L2 \ \} \\ \mbox{using } split\text{-}mset\text{-}set \ [of \ cl\text{-}ecl \ P1 \ cl\text{-}ecl \ P1 \ - \{ \ L2 \ \} \ \{ \ L2 \ \}] \ \mbox{by } blast \end{array}$

from this have d1: {# (mset-lit (subst-lit $x \sigma$)). $x \in \#$ (mset-set (cl-ecl P1)) #}

 $= \{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)). x \in \# (mset-set ((cl-ecl P1) - \{ L2 \})) \# \}$ + \{ # (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)). x \in \# (mset-set \{ L2 \}) # \} using split-image-mset by auto

let $?C = (((cl-ecl P1) - \{ L2 \}) \cup \{ L' \})$ **from** $\langle finite (cl-ecl P1) \rangle$ have finite ?C by auto let $?C' = ?C - ((cl-ecl P1) - \{L2\})$ **from** $\langle finite ?C \rangle$ have finite ?C' by auto have $?C = ((cl-ecl P1) - \{L2\}) \cup ?C'$ by *auto* **from** $\langle finite (cl-ecl P1) \rangle \langle finite ?C' \rangle$ have mset-set $?C = mset-set ((cl-ecl P1) - \{L2\}) + mset-set ?C'$ using split-mset-set [of ?C cl-ecl P1 - { L2 } ?C'] by blast from this have d2: {# (mset-lit (subst-lit $x \sigma$)). $x \in \#$ (mset-set ?C) #} $= \{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) : x \in \# (mset-set ((cl-ecl P1) - \{ L2 \})) \# \}$ + {# (mset-lit (subst-lit $x \sigma$)). $x \in \#$ (mset-set ?C') #} using split-image-mset by auto have $\{\# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) : x \in \# (mset-set \{ L2 \}) \# \} \neq \{\#\}$ by *auto* let $?K = \{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) : x \in \# (mset-set ?C') \# \}$ let $?J = \{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) | x \in \# (mset-set \{ L2 \}) \# \}$ have $(\forall k \in set\text{-mset }?K. \exists j \in set\text{-mset }?J. (k, j) \in (mult trm\text{-}ord))$ proof fix k assume $k \in set\text{-mset }?K$ from this have $k \in \# ?K$ by simp from this obtain M' where $M' \in \#$ (mset-set ?C') and k = (mset-lit (subst-lit $M'\sigma$)) using image-mset-thm [of ?K λx . (mset-lit (subst-lit x σ)) (mset-set ?C')] by *metis* from $\langle M' \in \# (mset\text{-set }?C') \rangle$ and $\langle finite ?C' \rangle$ have $M' \in ?C'$ by auto have $L2 \in \#$ (mset-set { L2 }) by auto from this have (mset-lit (subst-lit L2 σ) $\in \#$?J) by auto from this have (mset-lit (subst-lit L2 σ) \in set-mset ?J) by auto have $\{\# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) : x \in \# (mset-set \{ L2 \}) \# \} \neq \{\#\}$ by auto

show $\exists j \in set\text{-mset } ?J. (k, j) \in (mult \ trm\text{-}ord)$ proof -

from $\langle M' \in ?C' \rangle$ have M' = L' by *auto* **from** (orient-lit-inst L2 $u v pos \sigma$) have i: (mset-lit (subst-lit L2 σ)) $= \{\#\} + \{\# (subst \ u \ \sigma), (subst \ v \ \sigma) \ \#\}$ unfolding orient-lit-inst-def using add.commute by force from $\langle L' = Neg (Eq \ s \ v) \rangle$ have ii: $(mset-lit (subst-lit L' \sigma)) =$ $\{\#\} + \{\# (subst \ s \ \sigma), (subst \ s \ \sigma), (subst \ v \ \sigma), (subst \ v \ \sigma) \#\}$ by force have $\{\# (subst \ u \ \sigma), (subst \ v \ \sigma) \ \#\} \neq \{\#\}$ by *auto* have $(\forall k' \in set\text{-mset} \{ \# (subst \ s \ \sigma), (subst \ s \ \sigma), (subst \ v \ \sigma), (subst \ v \ \sigma) \# \}$. $\exists j' \in set\text{-mset} \{ \# (subst \ u \ \sigma), (subst \ v \ \sigma) \ \# \}. \ (k', j') \in (trm\text{-}ord) \}$ proof fix k' assume nh: k' \in set-mset {# (subst s σ), (subst s σ), (subst v σ), $(subst v \sigma) #$ have $(subst \ u \ \sigma) \in set\text{-mset} \{ \# (subst \ u \ \sigma), (subst \ v \ \sigma) \ \# \}$ by auto from *nh* have $k' = (subst \ s \ \sigma) \lor k' = (subst \ v \ \sigma)$ by *auto* then show $\exists j' \in \text{set-mset} \{ \# (\text{subst } u \ \sigma), (\text{subst } v \ \sigma) \ \# \}.$ $(k', j') \in$ (trm-ord)proof assume $k' = (subst \ s \ \sigma)$ from this and $\langle ((subst \ s \ \sigma), (subst \ u \ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ and $\langle (subst \ u \ \sigma) \in set\text{-mset} \{ \# (subst \ u \ \sigma), (subst \ v \ \sigma) \ \# \} \rangle$ show ?thesis by auto next assume $k' = (subst \ v \ \sigma)$ from this and $\langle ((subst \ v \ \sigma), (subst \ u \ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ and $\langle (subst \ u \ \sigma) \in set\text{-mset} \{ \# (subst \ u \ \sigma), (subst \ v \ \sigma) \ \# \} \rangle$ show ?thesis by auto qed qed **from** this i ii $\langle \{ \# (subst \ u \ \sigma), (subst \ v \ \sigma) \ \# \} \neq \{ \# \} \rangle$ have (mset-lit (subst-lit $L' \sigma$), $(mset-lit \ (subst-lit \ L2 \ \sigma))) \in (mult \ trm-ord)$ using one-step-implies-mult [of {# (subst $u \sigma$), (subst $v \sigma$) #} $\{ \# (subst \ s \ \sigma), (subst \ s \ \sigma), (subst \ v \ \sigma), (subst \ v \ \sigma) \ \# \}$ trm-ord $\{\#\}$ trm-ord-trans by metis from this $\langle M' = L' \rangle \langle k = (mset-lit (subst-lit M' \sigma)) \rangle$ show ?thesis by auto qed qed **from** this d1 d2 $\langle \{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) : x \in \# (mset-set \{ L2 \}) \# \} \neq$

{#}>

have o: $(\{\#mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma). x \in \# mset-set ?C \#\},$ $\{\#mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma). x \in \# mset-set (cl-ecl P1)\#\})$ $\in mult (mult trm-ord)$

using mult-trm-ord-trans one-step-implies-mult [of $\{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)) : x \in \# (mset-set \{ L2 \}) \# \}$ {# (mset-lit (subst-lit $x \sigma$)). $x \in #$ (mset-set ?C') #} mult trm-ord $\{ \# (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma)), x \in \# (mset-set ((cl-ecl P1) - \{ L2 \})) \# \} \}$ by metis from this $\langle (Cl-P = (cl-ecl P1)) \rangle \langle C' = ((Cl-P - \{L2\}) \cup \{L'\}) \rangle$ and $\langle P1 \rangle \langle P1 \rangle \langle C' \rangle \langle P1 \rangle \langle P1$ $\in P$ and hyp show False by auto \mathbf{qed} from not-sup not-ref not-fact and assms(1) show False unfolding derivable-def by blast qed **lemma** redundant-inference-clause: assumes redundant-clause $E S \sigma C'$ assumes derivable $C P S \sigma$ Ground C'assumes grounding-set P σ assumes $\forall x \in S$. (finite (cl-ecl x)) shows redundant-inference $E S P \sigma$ proof – from assms(1) obtain S' where $S' \subseteq (instances S)$ $(set-entails-clause \ (clset-instances \ S') \ (cl-ecl \ E))$ $(\forall x \in S'. (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x)))$ (trms-ecl E)) and ball-S'-C'-le: $\forall x \in S'$. (mset-ecl (fst x, snd x), mset-cl (C', σ)) \in mult (mult trm-ord) \lor mset-ecl (fst x, snd x) = mset-cl (C', σ) unfolding redundant-clause-def by auto from $assms(3) \ assms(4) \ (derivable \ C \ P \ S \ \sigma \ Ground \ C')$ obtain D where $D \in P$ $(((mset-cl (C',\sigma)), (mset-ecl (D,\sigma))) \in (mult (mult trm-ord)))$ using conclusion-is-smaller-than-premisses by blast have $\forall x \in S'$. $\exists D' \in cl\text{-}ecl ` P. ((cl\text{-}ecl (fst x), snd x), (D', \sigma)) \in cl\text{-}ord$ **proof** (*intro ballI*) fix x assume $x \in S'$ have $((cl-ecl (fst x), snd x), (cl-ecl D, \sigma)) \in cl-ord$ using ball-S'-C'-le[rule-format, $OF \langle x \in S' \rangle$] using $\langle (mset-cl \ (C', \sigma), mset-ecl \ (D, \sigma)) \in mult \ (mult \ trm-ord) \rangle$ unfolding cl-ord-def mem-Collect-eq prod.case mset-ecl-conv **by** (*metis mult-mult-trm-ord-trans*[*THEN transD*]) with $\langle D \in P \rangle$ show $\exists D' \in cl\text{-}ecl \ P$. $((cl\text{-}ecl \ (fst \ x), snd \ x), (D', \sigma)) \in cl\text{-}ecl$ by auto qed from this and $\langle S' \subseteq (instances S) \rangle$ and $\langle (set-entails-clause (clset-instances S')) \rangle$ (cl-ecl E))and $(\forall x \in S'. (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x)))$ (trms-ecl E)))

show ?thesis unfolding redundant-inference-def by auto qed lemma clause-saturated-and-inference-saturated: assumes clause-saturated Sassumes $\forall x \in S$. (finite (cl-ecl x)) **shows** inference-saturated S**proof** (rule ccontr) **assume** \neg inference-saturated S then obtain $C P \sigma C' D \vartheta \eta$ where derivable $C P S \sigma$ Ground C' ground-clause (cl-ecl C) derivable D P S ϑ FirstOrder C' trms-subsumes D C η $\sigma \doteq \vartheta \Diamond \eta$ grounding-set $P \sigma$ \neg redundant-inference (subst-ecl D η) S P σ unfolding inference-saturated-def by blast **from** $assms(2) \land grounding-set P \sigma \land derivable C P S \sigma Ground C' \land$ $\langle \neg redundant-inference (subst-ecl D \eta) S P \sigma \rangle$ have $\neg redundant$ -clause (subst-ecl D η) S σ C' using redundant-inference-clause by blast from assms(1) have $\bigwedge C P \sigma C' D \vartheta \eta$. (derivable $C P S \sigma$ Ground C') \longrightarrow (ground-clause (cl-ecl C)) \longrightarrow (derivable D P S ϑ FirstOrder C') \longrightarrow (trms-subsumes D C η) $\longrightarrow (\sigma \doteq \vartheta \Diamond \eta)$ \rightarrow (redundant-clause (subst-ecl D η) S σ C') unfolding clause-saturated-def **by** blast from this and (derivable $C P S \sigma$ Ground C') (ground-clause (cl-ecl C)) $\langle derivable \ D \ P \ S \ \vartheta \ FirstOrder \ C' \rangle$ $\langle trms$ -subsumes $D \ C \ \eta \rangle \langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \ \Diamond \ \eta \rangle$ assms(1) have redundant-clause (subst-ecl $D \eta$ S $\sigma C'$ by *auto* from this and $(\neg redundant-clause (subst-ecl D \eta) S \sigma C')$ show False by auto qed

7 Refutational Completeness

We prove that our variant of the superposition calculus is complete under the redundancy criteria defined above. This is done as usual, by constructing a model of every saturated set not containing the empty clause.

7.1 Model Construction

We associate as usual every set of extended clauses with an interpretation. The interpretation is constructed in such a way that it is a model of the set of clauses if the latter is saturated and does not contain the empty clause. The interpretation is constructed by defining directly a normalization function mapping every term to its normal form, i.e., to the minimal equivalent term. Note that we do not consider sets of rewrite rules explicitly.

The next function associates every normalization function with the corresponding interpretation (two terms are in relation if they share the same normal form). The obtained relation is an interpretation if the normalization function is compatible with the term combination operator.

definition same-values :: ('a trm \Rightarrow 'a trm) \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow bool where (same-values f) = $(\lambda x \ y. \ (f \ x) = (f \ y))$

definition value-is-compatible-with-structure :: $('a \ trm \Rightarrow 'a \ trm) \Rightarrow bool$ **where** $(value-is-compatible-with-structure f) = (\forall \ t \ s. \ (f \ (Comb \ t \ s))) = (f \ (Comb \ (f \ t) \ (f \ s))))$

```
lemma same-values-fo-int:
```

assumes value-is-compatible-with-structure f
shows fo-interpretation (same-values f)
proof let ?I = (same-values f)
have ref: reflexive ?I unfolding same-values-def reflexive-def by simp
have sym: symmetric ?I unfolding same-values-def symmetric-def by auto
have trans: transitive ?I unfolding same-values-def transitive-def by auto
from assms(1) have comp: compatible-with-structure ?I
unfolding same-values-def
compatible-with-structure-def value-is-compatible-with-structure-def [of f]
by metis
from ref trans sym comp have congruence ?I unfolding congruence-def equivalence-relation-def
by auto

then show ?thesis unfolding fo-interpretation-def by auto qed

The normalization function is defined by mapping each term to a set of pairs. Intuitively, the second element of each pair represents the right hand side of a rule that can be used to rewrite the considered term, and the first element of the pair denotes its normal form. The value of the term is the first component of the pair with the smallest second component.

The following function returns the set of values for which the second component is minimal. We then prove that this set is non-empty and define a function returning an arbitrary chosen element.

definition min-trms :: ('a trm \times 'a trm) set \Rightarrow 'a trm set **where** (min-trms E) = ({ x. (\exists pair. (pair \in E) \land (\forall pair' \in E. (snd pair', snd pair) \notin trm-ord)) \land x = fst pair) })

lemma *min-trms-not-empty*:

assumes $E \neq \{\}$ shows min-trms $E \neq \{\}$ proof – from assms(1) obtain x where $x \in E$ by autolet ?pair-ordering = $\{(x,y). ((snd x), (snd y)) \in trm-ord \}$ from trm-ord-wf have wf ?pair-ordering using measure-wf by autofrom this $\langle x \in E \rangle$ obtain y where $y \in E$ and $\forall z. (z,y) \in ?pair-ordering \longrightarrow (z \notin E)$ using wfE-min [of ?pair-ordering] by metis from this have $fst \ y \in min$ -trms E unfolding min-trms-def by blast then show ?thesis by autoqed

```
definition get-min :: 'a trm \Rightarrow ('a trm \times 'a trm) set \Rightarrow 'a trm

where (get-min t E) =

(if ((min-trms E) = {}) then t else (SOME x. (x \in min-trms E)))
```

We now define the normalization function. The definition is tuned to make the termination proof straightforward. We will reformulate it afterward to get a simpler definition.

We first test whether a subterm of the considered term is reducible. If this is the case then the value can be obtained by applying recursively the function on each subterm, and then again on the term obtained by combining the obtained normal forms. If not, then we collect all possible pairs (as explained above), and we use the one with the minimal second component. These pairs can be interpreted as rewrite rules, giving the value of the considered term: the second component is the right-hand side of the rule and the first component is the normal form of the right-hand side. As usual, such rewrite rules are obtained from ground clauses that have a strictly positive maximal literal, no selected literals, and that are not validated by the constructed interpretation.

function trm-rep:: 'a trm \Rightarrow ('a eclause set \Rightarrow 'a trm)

where

 $\begin{array}{l} (trm-rep \ t) = \\ (\lambda S. \ (if \ ((is-compound \ t) \land ((lhs \ t),t) \in trm-ord \ \land ((rhs \ t),t) \in trm-ord \\ \land (\ ((lhs \ t,t) \in trm-ord \longrightarrow (trm-rep \ (lhs \ t) \ S) \neq (lhs \ t)) \\ \lor \ ((rhs \ t,t) \in trm-ord \longrightarrow (trm-rep \ (rhs \ t) \ S) \neq (rhs \ t)))) \\ then \ (if \ ((Comb \ (trm-rep \ (lhs \ t) \ S) \ (trm-rep \ (rhs \ t) \ S)),t) \in trm-ord \\ then \\ (trm-rep \ (Comb \ (trm-rep \ (lhs \ t) \ S) \ (trm-rep \ (rhs \ t) \ S)),t) \in trm-ord \\ then \\ (trm-rep \ (Comb \ (trm-rep \ (lhs \ t) \ S) \ (trm-rep \ (rhs \ t) \ S)),t) \in trm-ord \\ then \\ (trm-rep \ (Comb \ (trm-rep \ (lhs \ t) \ S) \ (trm-rep \ (rhs \ t) \ S)),t) \in trm-ord \\ then \\ (trm-rep \ (Comb \ (trm-rep \ (lhs \ t) \ S) \ (trm-rep \ (rhs \ t) \ S))) \ S) \\ else \ (get-min \ t \\ \{ \ pair. \ \exists \ z \ CC \ C' \ C \ s \ L \ L' \ \sigma \ t' \ s'. \\ pair = \ (z,s) \\ \land \ CC \in S \ \land \ (t \ \notin (subst-set \ (trms-ecl \ CC) \ \sigma)) \\ \land \ (\forall \ x. \ (\exists \ x' \in (trms-ecl \ CC). \ occurs-in \ x \ (subst \ x' \ \sigma))) \end{array}$

 \rightarrow ((x,t) \in trm-ord \rightarrow (trm-rep x S) = x)) $\land (C' = (cl\text{-}ecl \ CC)) \land (s,t) \in trm\text{-}ord \land ((s,t) \in trm\text{-}ord \longrightarrow (z = trm\text{-}rep$ s S) $\land (orient-lit-inst L' t' s' pos \sigma) \land (sel C') = \{\} \land (L' \in C')$ $\wedge (maximal-literal \ L \ C) \land (L = (subst-lit \ L' \ \sigma)) \land (C = (subst-cl \ C' \ \sigma))$ $\wedge (ground-clause \ C) \land (t = (subst \ t' \ \sigma)) \land (s = (subst \ s' \ \sigma)) \land (finite \ C')$ \wedge $(\forall L u v.$ $(L \in C \longrightarrow orient-lit \ L \ u \ v \ pos$ $\longrightarrow (u,t) \in trm\text{-}ord \longrightarrow (v,t) \in trm\text{-}ord$ $\longrightarrow (trm\text{-}rep \ u \ S) \neq (trm\text{-}rep \ v \ S))$ $(L \in C \longrightarrow orient-lit \ L \ u \ v \ neg \longrightarrow (u,t) \in trm-ord \longrightarrow (v,t) \in trm-ord$ $\longrightarrow (trm\text{-}rep \ u \ S) = (trm\text{-}rep \ v \ S)))$ $\wedge (\forall s''. ($ $(eq \text{-}occurs \text{-}in \text{-}cl \ t \ s'' \ (C' - \{ L' \}) \ \sigma) \longrightarrow (s'', t) \in trm \text{-}ord \longrightarrow (s, t) \in trm$ {}ord \longrightarrow (s, t) \intrm \text{-}ord \longrightarrow (s, t) \in trm {}ord \longrightarrow (s, t) \intrm {}ord \longrightarrow (s, t) \intrm {}ord \longrightarrow (s, t) \intrm \(s, t) \in trm \(s, t) \in trm \(s, t) \in trm \(s, t) \cap (s, t) \longrightarrow (s, t) \cap (s, t) \longrightarrow (s, t) \longrightarrow (s, t) \cap (s, t) \longrightarrow (s, t) trm-ord $\longrightarrow (trm\text{-rep } s S) \neq (trm\text{-rep } s'' S))) \})))$ by *auto* termination apply (relation trm-ord)

by *auto* (*simp add*: *trm-ord-wf*)

We now introduce a few shorthands and rewrite the previous definition into an equivalent simpler form. The key point is to prove that a term is always greater than its normal form.

definition subterm-reduction-aux:: 'a eclause set \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow 'a trm where

 $\begin{array}{l} \textit{subterm-reduction-aux } S \ t = \\ (if \ ((\textit{Comb} \ (\textit{trm-rep} \ (\textit{lhs} \ t) \ S) \ (\textit{trm-rep} \ (\textit{rhs} \ t) \ S)), t) \in \textit{trm-ord} \\ \textit{then} \ (\textit{trm-rep} \ (\textit{Comb} \ (\textit{trm-rep} \ (\textit{lhs} \ t) \ S) \ (\textit{trm-rep} \ (\textit{rhs} \ t) \ S)), s) \\ \textit{else} \ t) \end{array}$

definition subterm-reduction:: 'a eclause set \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow 'a trm where

subterm-reduction S t = (trm-rep (Comb (trm-rep (lhs t) S) (trm-rep (rhs t) S)) S)

 ${\bf definition} \ maximal-literal-is-unique$

where (maximal-literal-is-unique t s C' L' S σ) = (\forall s''. ((eq-occurs-in-cl t s'' (C'- { L'}) σ) \longrightarrow (s'',t) \in trm-ord \longrightarrow (s,t) \in trm-ord \longrightarrow (trm-rep s S) \neq (trm-rep s'' S)))

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{definition smaller-lits-are-false} \\ \textbf{where } (smaller-lits-are-false \ t \ C \ S) = \\ (\forall \ L \ u \ v. \\ (L \in C \longrightarrow orient-lit \ L \ u \ v \ pos \\ \longrightarrow (u,t) \in trm-ord \longrightarrow (v,t) \in trm-ord \end{array}$

 $\longrightarrow (\textit{trm-rep } u \; S) \neq \; (\textit{trm-rep } v \; S))$ $(L \in C \longrightarrow orient-lit \ L \ u \ v \ neg \longrightarrow (u,t) \in trm-ord \longrightarrow (v,t) \in trm-ord$ $\longrightarrow (trm\text{-}rep \ u \ S) = (trm\text{-}rep \ v \ S)))$ definition *int-clset* where int-clset $S = (same-values (\lambda x. (trm-rep x S)))$ **lemma** smaller-lits-are-false-if-cl-not-valid: assumes \neg (validate-ground-clause (int-clset S) C) shows smaller-lits-are-false t C S **proof** (*rule ccontr*) let ?I = int-clset S **assume** \neg *smaller-lits-are-false* t C S from this obtain $L \ u \ v$ where $L \in C$ and (orient-lit $L \ u \ v \ pos \land (trm-rep \ u \ S) = (trm-rep \ v \ S))$ \lor (orient-lit L u v neg \land (trm-rep u S) \neq (trm-rep v S)) unfolding smaller-lits-are-false-def by blast then have (orient-lit $L \ u \ v \ pos \land (trm-rep \ u \ S) = (trm-rep \ v \ S))$ \lor (orient-lit L u v neg \land (trm-rep u S) \neq (trm-rep v S)) by blast then show False proof assume c-pos: (orient-lit L u v pos \land (trm-rep u S) = (trm-rep v S)) then have orient-lit L u v pos by blastfrom c-pos have $(trm-rep \ u \ S) = (trm-rep \ v \ S)$ by blast from *(orient-lit L u v pos)* have $L = (Pos (Eq u v)) \lor L = (Pos (Eq v u))$ unfolding orient-lit-def by auto from this and $\langle (trm-rep \ u \ S) \rangle = (trm-rep \ v \ S) \rangle$ have validate-ground-lit ?I L **using** validate-ground-lit.simps(1) validate-ground-eq.simps unfolding same-values-def int-clset-def by (metis (mono-tags, lifting)) from this and $(L \in C)$ and assms show False unfolding int-clset-def using validate-ground-clause.simps by blast next **assume** c-neg: (orient-lit L u v neg \land (trm-rep u S) \neq (trm-rep v S)) then have orient-lit L u v neq by blast from c-neg have $(trm\text{-rep } u S) \neq (trm\text{-rep } v S)$ by blast from (orient-lit L u v neg) have $L = (Neg (Eq u v)) \lor L = (Neg (Eq v u))$ unfolding orient-lit-def by auto from this and $\langle (trm-rep \ u \ S) \neq (trm-rep \ v \ S) \rangle$ have validate-ground-lit ?I L **using** validate-ground-lit.simps(2) validate-ground-eq.simps **unfolding** same-values-def int-clset-def by (metis (mono-tags, lifting)) from this and $(L \in C)$ and assme show False unfolding int-clset-def using validate-ground-clause.simps by blast qed qed

The following function states that all instances of the terms attached to a

clause are in normal form w.r.t. the interpretation associated with S, up to some maximal term t

definition trms-irreducible where trms-irreducible CC σ S t = $(\forall x. (\exists x' \in (trms\text{-}ecl \ CC). \ occurs\text{-}in \ x \ (subst \ x' \ \sigma)) \longrightarrow$ $((x,t) \in trm\text{-}ord \longrightarrow (trm\text{-}rep \ x \ S) = x))$ **lemma** trms-irreducible-lemma: assumes all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl C) σ) (λt . trm-rep t S) shows trms-irreducible $C \sigma S t$ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) **assume** $\neg trms$ -irreducible $C \sigma S t$ from this obtain x where $\exists x' \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C. \ occurs\text{-}in \ x \ (subst \ x' \ \sigma)$ and trm-rep $x \ S \neq x$ unfolding trms-irreducible-def by blast from $\langle \exists x' \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C. \ occurs\text{-}in \ x \ (subst \ x' \ \sigma) \rangle$ obtain x' where $x' \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C$ and occurs-in x (subst $x' \sigma$) by blast from $\langle x' \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C \rangle$ have $(subst x' \sigma) \in (subst-set (trms-ecl C) \sigma)$ by *auto* from this and $assms(1) \langle occurs-in \ x \ (subst \ x' \ \sigma) \rangle$ have trm-rep x S = x unfolding all-trms-irreducible-def by metis from this and $\langle trm\text{-rep } x \ S \neq x \rangle$ show False by blast qed

The following predicate states that a term z is the normal form of the righthand side of a rule of left-hand side t. It is used to define the set of possible values for term t. The actual value is that corresponding to the smallest right-hand side.

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{definition } candidate-values \\ \textbf{where } (candidate-values \ z \ CC \ C' \ C \ s \ L \ L' \ \sigma \ t' \ s' \ t \ S) = \\ & (CC \in S \land (t \notin (subst-set \ (trms-ecl \ CC) \ \sigma)) \land (trms-irreducible \ CC \ \sigma \ S \ t) \\ & \land (C' = (cl-ecl \ CC)) \land (s,t) \in trm-ord \land ((s,t) \in trm-ord \longrightarrow (z = trm-rep \ s \ S)) \\ & \land (orient-lit-inst \ L' \ t' \ s' \ pos \ \sigma) \land (sel \ C' = \{\}) \land (L' \in C') \land (maximal-literal \ L \ C) \\ & \land (L = (subst-lit \ L' \ \sigma)) \land (C = (subst-cl \ C' \ \sigma)) \land (ground-clause \ C) \\ & \land (t = (subst \ t' \ \sigma)) \land (s = (subst \ s' \ \sigma)) \land (finite \ C') \\ & \land (smaller-lits-are-false \ t \ C \ S) \\ & \land (maximal-literal-is-unique \ t \ s \ C' \ L' \ S \ \sigma)) \end{array}$

definition set-of-candidate-values:: 'a eclause set \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow ('a trm \times 'a trm) set

where set-of-candidate-values S t ={ pair. $\exists z \ CC \ C' \ C \ s \ L \ L' \ \sigma \ t' \ s'.$ pair = (z,s) \land (candidate-values z CC C' C s L L' $\sigma \ t' \ s' \ t \ S)$ }

definition subterm-reduction-applicable-aux:: 'a eclause set \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow bool

where subterm-reduction-applicable-aux S t =(is-compound $t \land (lhs t,t) \in trm\text{-}ord \land (rhs t,t) \in trm\text{-}ord$ \land (((lhs t,t) \in trm-ord \longrightarrow (trm-rep (lhs t) S) \neq (lhs t)) \lor ((rhs t,t) \in trm-ord \longrightarrow (trm-rep (rhs t) S) \neq (rhs t)))) definition subterm-reduction-applicable:: 'a eclause set \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow bool where subterm-reduction-applicable S t =(is-compound $t \land ((trm-rep \ (lhs \ t) \ S) \neq (lhs \ t) \lor (trm-rep \ (rhs \ t) \ S) \neq (rhs \ t)))$ **lemma** trm-rep-is-lower-aux: assumes $\forall y. (y,t) \in trm\text{-}ord \longrightarrow$ $(y \neq (trm \text{-rep } y S) \longrightarrow ((trm \text{-rep } y S), y) \in trm \text{-ord})$ **assumes** (subterm-reduction-applicable S t) shows ((Comb (trm-rep (lhs t) S) (trm-rep (rhs t) S)),t) \in trm-ord proof have $(lhs t, t) \in trm$ -ord using (subterm-reduction-applicable S t) args-are-strictly-lower subterm-reduction-applicable-defby blast have $(rhs t, t) \in trm$ -ord using (subterm-reduction-applicable S t) args-are-strictly-lower subterm-reduction-applicable-def by blast from assms(1) and $\langle (lhs t,t) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ have l: $((lhs t \neq (trm - rep (lhs t) S)) \longrightarrow ((trm - rep (lhs t) S), (lhs t)) \in trm - ord)$ by *metis* from assms(1) and $\langle (rhs t,t) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ have $r: (rhs \ t \neq (trm - rep \ (rhs \ t) \ S) \longrightarrow ((trm - rep \ (rhs \ t) \ S), (rhs \ t)) \in trm - ord)$ by *metis* **from** \langle subterm-reduction-applicable $S t \rangle$ have $((trm-rep (lhs t) S) \neq (lhs t) \lor (trm-rep (rhs t) S) \neq (rhs t))$ unfolding subterm-reduction-applicable-def [of S t] by blast then show ?thesis proof assume $(trm\text{-}rep \ (lhs \ t) \ S) \neq (lhs \ t)$ from this and l have $((trm-rep (lhs t) S), (lhs t)) \in trm-ord$ by metis from this have i: ((Comb (trm-rep (lhs t) S) (trm-rep (rhs t) S)), (Comb (lhs t) (trm-rep (rhs t) S))(rhs t) S))) \in trm-ord using trm-ord-reduction-left by blast **show** ((Comb (trm-rep (lhs t) S) (trm-rep (rhs t) S)),t) \in trm-ord **proof** (*cases*) assume (trm-rep (rhs t) S) = (rhs t)from this and $\langle ((Comb (trm-rep (lhs t) S) (trm-rep (rhs t) S)), (Comb (lhs t) (trm-rep (rhs t) S)) \rangle \rangle$ (rhs t) S))) $\in trm$ -ord **show** ((Comb (trm-rep (lhs t) S) (trm-rep (rhs t) S)),t) \in trm-ord by (metis assms(2) is-compound.elims(2) lhs.simps(1) rhs.simps(1) subterm-reduction-applicable-def)

\mathbf{next}

```
assume (trm\text{-}rep (rhs t) S) \neq (rhs t)
     from this and r have ((trm-rep (rhs t) S), (rhs t)) \in trm-ord by metis
     from this have ((Comb (lhs t) (trm-rep (rhs t) S)), ((Comb (lhs t) (rhs t))))
\in trm-ord
        using trm-ord-reduction-right by blast
     from this and i show ((Comb (trm-rep (lhs t) S) (trm-rep (rhs t) S)),t) \in
trm-ord
       by (metis assms(2) is-compound.elims(2) lhs.simps(1) rhs.simps(1)
          subterm\-reduction\-applicable\-def\ trm\-ord\-trans\ trans E)
   qed
   \mathbf{next}
     assume (trm\text{-}rep (rhs t) S) \neq (rhs t)
   from this and r have ((trm-rep (rhs t) S), (rhs t)) \in trm-ord by metis
   from this
     have i: ((Comb (trm-rep (lhs t) S) (trm-rep (rhs t) S)), (Comb (trm-rep (lhs t) S))
t) S) (rhs t)))
             \in trm-ord using trm-ord-reduction-right by blast
   show ((Comb (trm-rep (lhs t) S) (trm-rep (rhs t) S)),t) \in trm-ord
   proof (cases)
     assume (trm\text{-}rep (lhs t) S) = (lhs t)
     from this and
     \langle ((Comb \ (trm-rep \ (lhs \ t) \ S) \ (trm-rep \ (rhs \ t) \ S)), (Comb \ (trm-rep \ (lhs \ t) \ S))
(rhs \ t))) \in trm - ord 
     show ((Comb (trm-rep (lhs t) S) (trm-rep (rhs t) S)),t) \in trm-ord
      by (metis assms(2) basic-superposition.subterm-reduction-applicable-def
       basic-superposition-axioms is-compound.elims(2) lhs.simps(1) rhs.simps(1))
   \mathbf{next}
     assume (trm\text{-}rep \ (lhs \ t) \ S) \neq (lhs \ t)
     from this and l have ((trm-rep (lhs t) S), (lhs t)) \in trm-ord by metis
    from this have ((Comb (trm-rep (lhs t) S) (rhs t)), ((Comb (lhs t) (rhs t))))
\in trm-ord
        using trm-ord-reduction-left by blast
     from this and i show ((Comb (trm-rep (lhs t) S) (trm-rep (rhs t) S)),t) \in
trm-ord
      by (metis assms(2) basic-superposition.subterm-reduction-applicable-def
       basic-superposition-axioms\ is-compound.elims(2)\ lhs.simps(1)\ rhs.simps(1)
          trm-ord-trans transE)
   qed
 qed
qed
The following lemma corresponds to the initial definition of the function
trm-rep.
```

```
lemma trm-rep-init-def:
 shows (trm-rep \ t) = (\lambda S. \ (if \ (subterm-reduction-applicable-aux \ S \ t))
                      then (subterm-reduction-aux S t)
                      else (get-min \ t \ (set-of-candidate-values \ S \ t))))
```

 ${\bf unfolding}\ subterm-reduction-aux-def\ set-of-candidate-values-def\ candidate-values-def$

 $subterm-reduction-applicable-aux-def\ maximal-literal-is-unique-def\ smaller-lits-are-false-def$

trms-irreducible-def using trm-rep.simps [of t] by force

```
lemma trm-rep-aux-def:
  assumes \forall y. (y,t) \in trm\text{-}ord \longrightarrow
     (y \neq (trm\text{-}rep \ y \ S) \longrightarrow ((trm\text{-}rep \ y \ S), y) \in trm\text{-}ord)
 shows (trm-rep \ t \ S) = (if \ (subterm-reduction-applicable \ S \ t)
                       then (subterm-reduction S t)
                       else (get-min \ t \ (set-of-candidate-values \ S \ t)))
proof (cases)
  assume subterm-reduction-applicable S t
  then have subterm-reduction-applicable-aux S t
   using args-are-strictly-lower
     subterm-reduction-applicable-def subterm-reduction-applicable-aux-def by blast
  from this have (trm\text{-}rep \ t \ S) = (subterm\text{-}reduction\text{-}aux \ S \ t)
  using trm-rep-init-def [of t] by meson
  then have ((Comb \ (trm-rep \ (lhs \ t) \ S) \ (trm-rep \ (rhs \ t) \ S)),t) \in trm-ord
    using \langle subterm-reduction-applicable S t \rangle assms trm-rep-is-lower-aux by blast
  then show ?thesis
   by (metis \langle trm\text{-rep } t \ S = subterm\text{-reduction-aux } S \ t \rangle
        \langle subterm-reduction-applicable \ S \ t \rangle
       subterm-reduction-def
        subterm-reduction-aux-def)
\mathbf{next}
  assume \neg subterm-reduction-applicable S t
  then have \neg subterm-reduction-applicable-aux S t
   using subterm-reduction-applicable-def subterm-reduction-applicable-aux-def by
blast
  from this and \langle \neg subterm-reduction-applicable S t \rangle show ?thesis
   by (meson trm-rep-init-def)
qed
lemma trm-rep-is-lower:
  shows (t \neq (trm\text{-}rep \ t \ S)) \longrightarrow (((trm\text{-}rep \ t \ S), t) \in trm\text{-}ord) (is ?P \ t)
proof ((rule wf-induct [of trm-ord ?P t]),(simp add: trm-ord-wf))
next
   fix x assume hyp-ind: \forall y. (y,x) \in trm\text{-}ord \longrightarrow (?P y)
   let ?v = (Comb (trm-rep (lhs x) S) (trm-rep (rhs x) S))
   show (?P x)
   proof (rule impI)
     assume x \neq (trm\text{-}rep \ x \ S)
     show ((trm-rep \ x \ S), x) \in trm-ord
     proof cases
       assume c1: subterm-reduction-applicable S x
```

from this and hyp-ind

have $(?v,x) \in trm$ -ord using trm-rep-is-lower-aux by metis from c1 and hyp-ind have $(trm-rep \ x \ S) = (subterm-reduction \ S \ x)$ using trm-rep-aux-def [of x S] by metis from this have $(trm\text{-}rep \ x \ S) = (trm\text{-}rep \ ?v \ S)$ unfolding subterm-reduction-def by metis from $\langle (?v,x) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ and hyp-ind have ?P ?v by metis from this and $\langle (trm-rep \ x \ S) \rangle = (trm-rep \ ?v \ S) \rangle$ show ?thesis **by** (metis $\langle (trm-rep \ (lhs \ x) \ S \ \cdot \ trm-rep \ (rhs \ x) \ S, \ x) \in trm-ord \rangle \ trm-ord-trans$ transE) **next assume** c2: \neg subterm-reduction-applicable S xfrom c2 and hyp-ind have $(trm-rep \ x \ S) = (get-min \ x \ (set-of-candidate-values$ S(x)using trm-rep-aux-def [of x S] by metis from this and $\langle x \neq (trm\text{-}rep \ x \ S) \rangle$ have $(trm\text{-rep } x S) \in (min\text{-trms } (set\text{-of-candidate-values } S x))$ **unfolding** get-min-def **by** (metis (full-types) some-in-eq) then obtain pair where pair \in (set-of-candidate-values S x) (trm-rep x S) = fst pairunfolding min-trms-def by blast **from** $\langle pair \in (set \text{-} of \text{-} candidate \text{-} values S x) \rangle$ have $\exists CC C' C L L' \sigma t' s'$. candidate-values (fst pair) CC C' C (snd pair) $L L' \sigma t' s' x S$ unfolding set-of-candidate-values-def by fastforce from this have $(snd pair, x) \in trm$ -ord unfolding candidate-values-def by blastfrom $\exists CC C' C L L' \sigma t' s'$. candidate-values (fst pair) CC C' C (snd pair) $L L' \sigma t' s' x S$ have $((snd pair, x) \in trm\text{-}ord \longrightarrow fst pair = trm\text{-}rep (snd pair) S)$ unfolding candidate-values-def by blast **from** $\langle (snd \ pair, x) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle \langle ((snd \ pair, \ x) \in trm\text{-}ord \longrightarrow fst \ pair =$ trm-rep (snd pair) S) have $fst \ pair = trm-rep \ (snd \ pair) \ S$ by blast **from** $\langle (snd pair, x) \in trm \text{-} ord \rangle$ and hyp-ind have (?P(snd pair)) by blast from this and $\langle fst pair = (trm-rep (snd pair) S) \rangle$ have fst pair = snd pair \lor (fst pair, snd pair) \in trm-ord by *metis* from this and $\langle (trm-rep \ x \ S) = fst \ pair \rangle$ and $\langle (snd \ pair, x) \in trm-ord \rangle \langle x$ \neq (trm-rep x S) **show** ?thesis **by** (metis trm-ord-trans transD) qed qed qed **lemma** *trm-rep-is-lower-subt-red*: **assumes** (subterm-reduction-applicable S x)

shows $((trm-rep \ x \ S), x) \in trm-ord$

proof -

let ?v = (Comb (trm-rep (lhs x) S) (trm-rep (rhs x) S))from assms(1)have $(?v,x) \in trm$ -ord using trm-rep-is-lower-aux trm-rep-is-lower by metis from assms(1) have $(trm-rep \ x \ S) = (subterm-reduction \ S \ x)$ using trm-rep-aux-def [of x S] trm-rep-is-lower by metis from this have $(trm - rep \ x \ S) = (trm - rep \ ?v \ S)$ unfolding subterm-reduction-def by metis have ?v = trm-rep $?v \ S \lor (trm$ -rep $?v \ S, ?v) \in trm$ -ord using trm-rep-is-lower by blast from this and $\langle (trm-rep \ x \ S) \rangle = (trm-rep \ ?v \ S) \rangle$ show $(((trm-rep \ x \ S),x) \in$ trm-ord) by (metis $\langle (trm-rep \ (lhs \ x) \ S \cdot trm-rep \ (rhs \ x) \ S, \ x) \in trm-ord \rangle$ trm-ord-trans transE) qed **lemma** trm-rep-is-lower-root-red: assumes \neg (subterm-reduction-applicable S x) assumes min-trms (set-of-candidate-values $S(x) \neq \{\}$ shows $(((trm-rep \ x \ S), x) \in trm-ord)$ proof – from assms(1) have $(trm-rep \ x \ S) = (get-min \ x \ (set-of-candidate-values \ S \ x))$ using trm-rep-aux-def [of x S] trm-rep-is-lower by metis from this and assms(2) have $(trm-rep \ x \ S) \in (min-trms \ (set-of-candidate-values$ S(x)**unfolding** get-min-def by (metis (full-types) some-in-eq) then obtain pair where $pair \in (set \text{-} of \text{-} candidate \text{-} values S x)$ and (trm - rep x x)S) = fst pairunfolding min-trms-def by blast **from** $\langle pair \in (set \text{-} of \text{-} candidate \text{-} values S x) \rangle$ have $\exists CC C' C L L' \sigma t' s'$. candidate-values (fst pair) CC C' C (snd pair) $L L' \sigma t' s' x S$ unfolding set-of-candidate-values-def by fastforce from this have $(snd pair, x) \in trm$ -ord unfolding candidate-values-def by blast **from** $(\exists CC C' C L L' \sigma t' s'. candidate-values (fst pair) CC C' C (snd pair))$ $L L' \sigma t' s' x S$ have $((snd pair, x) \in trm\text{-}ord \longrightarrow fst pair = trm\text{-}rep (snd pair) S)$ unfolding candidate-values-def by blast **from** $\langle (snd pair, x) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ **and** $\langle ((snd pair, x) \in trm\text{-}ord \longrightarrow fst pair) =$ trm-rep (snd pair) S) have $fst \ pair = trm - rep \ (snd \ pair) \ S \ by \ blast$ have snd pair = trm-rep (snd pair) $S \lor (trm-rep (snd pair) S, snd pair) \in trm-ord$ using trm-rep-is-lower by blast from this and $\langle (snd pair, x) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ have $(trm\text{-}rep (snd pair) S, x) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using trm-ord-trans trans-def by metis **from** this and $\langle (trm-rep \ x \ S) = fst \ pair \rangle$ and $\langle fst \ pair = trm-rep \ (snd \ pair) \ S \rangle$ show ?thesis by *metis*

Finally, the next lemma gives a simpler and more convenient definition of the function *trm-rep*.

We now establish some useful properties of the normalization function.

```
lemma trm-rep-involutive:
 shows (trm-rep \ t \ S) \ S) = (trm-rep \ t \ S) (is ?P t)
proof ((rule wf-induct [of trm-ord ?P t]),(simp add: trm-ord-wf))
\mathbf{next}
   fix x assume hyp-ind: \forall y. (y,x) \in trm\text{-}ord \longrightarrow (?P y)
   let ?v = (Comb (trm-rep (lhs x) S) (trm-rep (rhs x) S))
   show (?P x)
     proof cases
       assume c1: subterm-reduction-applicable S x
       from this and hyp-ind
          have (?v,x) \in trm-ord using trm-rep-is-lower-aux trm-rep-is-lower by
metis
       from this hyp-ind have (trm-rep (trm-rep ?v S) S) = (trm-rep ?v S)
         using trm-rep-aux-def [of x S] by metis
       from c1 have trm-rep x S = trm-rep ?v S
       using trm-rep-simp-def [of x S] unfolding subterm-reduction-def by metis
       from this and \langle (trm-rep (trm-rep ?v S) S) \rangle = (trm-rep ?v S) \rangle \langle trm-rep x S \rangle
= trm-rep ?v S
         show ?thesis by metis
      next assume c2: \neg subterm-reduction-applicable S x
       from c2 have (trm\text{-rep } x S) = (get\text{-min } x (set\text{-of-candidate-values } S x))
         using trm-rep-simp-def [of x S] by metis
       show ?thesis
       proof (rule ccontr)
         assume (trm\text{-}rep \ (trm\text{-}rep \ x \ S) \ S) \neq (trm\text{-}rep \ x \ S)
         from this have x \neq (trm\text{-rep } x S) by metis
         from c2 and \langle x \neq (trm\text{-rep } x S) \rangle
           have (trm\text{-rep } x S) \in (min\text{-trms } (set\text{-of-candidate-values } S x))
           using trm-rep-simp-def [of \ x \ S]
           unfolding get-min-def by (metis (full-types) some-in-eq)
         then obtain pair where
           pair \in (set-of-candidate-values S x) and (trm-rep x S) = fst pair
           unfolding min-trms-def by blast
         from \langle pair \in (set \text{-} of \text{-} candidate \text{-} values S x) \rangle
           have i: \exists CC C' C L L' \sigma t' s'.
                  candidate-values (fst pair) CC C' C (snd pair) L L' \sigma t' s' x S
           unfolding set-of-candidate-values-def
           by fastforce
```

\mathbf{qed}
```
from this have (snd \ pair, x) \in trm-ord unfolding candidate-values-def
by blast
           from i have ((snd pair, x) \in trm\text{-}ord \longrightarrow fst pair = trm\text{-}rep (snd pair)
S)
            unfolding candidate-values-def by blast
          from \langle (snd pair, x) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle
            and \langle ((snd pair, x) \in trm\text{-}ord \longrightarrow fst pair = trm\text{-}rep (snd pair) S) \rangle
            have fst \ pair = trm - rep \ (snd \ pair) \ S \ by \ blast
          from \langle (snd pair, x) \in trm \text{-} ord \rangle and hyp-ind have (?P (snd pair)) by blast
          from this and \langle fst pair = (trm-rep (snd pair) S) \rangle and \langle (trm-rep x S) =
fst pair
            and \langle (trm-rep \ (trm-rep \ x \ S) \ S) \neq (trm-rep \ x \ S) \rangle
            show False by metis
        qed
    \mathbf{qed}
qed
```

The following predicate is true if all proper subterms are in normal form.

```
definition root-term :: 'a eclause set \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow bool

where

(root-term S t) =

((trm-rep t S) = (get-min t (set-of-candidate-values S t)))
```

The following function checks that the considered term contains a subterm that can be reduced.

```
definition st-red :: 'a eclause set \Rightarrow 'a trm \Rightarrow bool
  where
   (st - red S t)
     = (\exists t' p. ((subterm t p t') \land (root-term S t') \land (trm-rep t' S \neq t')))
lemma red-arg-implies-red-trm :
 assumes st-red S t1
 assumes t = (Comb \ t1 \ t2) \lor t = (Comb \ t2 \ t1)
 shows st-red S t
proof –
  from assms(1) obtain t' p where subterm t1 p t' and root-term S t' and
trm-rep t' S \neq t'
   unfolding st-red-def by blast
  from (subterm t1 p t') and assms(2) obtain q where subterm t q t'
   by (metis subterm.simps(4) subterm.simps(5))
  from this and (root-term S t') and (trm-rep t' S \neq t')
   show ?thesis unfolding st-red-def by blast
\mathbf{qed}
lemma subterms-of-irred-trms-are-irred:
 (trm\text{-rep } t S) \neq t \longrightarrow st\text{-red } S t (\mathbf{is} (?P t))
```

 $(trm-rep \ t \ S) \neq t \longrightarrow st-red \ S \ t \ (is \ (?P \ t))$ **proof** $((rule \ wf-induct \ [of \ trm-ord \ ?P \ t]),(simp \ add: \ trm-ord-wf))$ **next fix** x **assume** hyp-ind: $\forall y. \ (y,x) \in trm-ord \longrightarrow (?P \ y)$

```
show (?P x)
   proof (rule impI)
     assume (trm\text{-}rep \ x \ S) \neq x
     show st-red S x
     proof (rule ccontr)
       assume neg-h: \negst-red S x
       have i: \neg subterm-reduction-applicable S x
       proof
        assume decomp-case: subterm-reduction-applicable S x
       then obtain x1 x2 where x = (Comb x1 x2) using is-compound.elims(2)
          unfolding subterm-reduction-applicable-def by blast
        from this and decomp-case have ((trm-rep \ x1 \ S) \neq x1 \lor (trm-rep \ x2 \ S)
\neq x2)
          using lhs.simps(1) rhs.simps(1)
          unfolding subterm-reduction-applicable-def by metis
        then show False
        proof
          assume (trm\text{-}rep \ x1 \ S) \neq x1
          from \langle x = (Comb \ x1 \ x2) \rangle and trm-ord-subterm have (x1,x) \in trm-ord
by auto
          from this and hyp-ind and \langle (trm-rep \ x1 \ S) \neq x1 \rangle
            have st-red S x1 by blast
          from this and neg-h and \langle x = (Comb \ x1 \ x2) \rangle show False
            using red-arg-implies-red-trm [of S x1 x x2] by blast
        \mathbf{next}
          assume (trm\text{-}rep \ x2 \ S) \neq x2
          from \langle x = (Comb \ x1 \ x2) \rangle and trm-ord-subterm have (x2,x) \in trm-ord
by auto
          from this and hyp-ind and \langle (trm-rep \ x2 \ S) \neq x2 \rangle
            have st-red S x2 by metis
          from this and neg-h and \langle x = (Comb \ x1 \ x2) \rangle show False
            using red-arg-implies-red-trm [of S \ x2 \ x \ x1] by blast
        qed
       qed
       then have (trm\text{-rep } x S) = (get\text{-min } x (set\text{-of-candidate-values } S x))
        using trm-rep-simp-def by metis
       then have root-term S x unfolding root-term-def by blast
       have subterm x \mid x by auto
       from this and (root-term S x) and (trm-rep x S) \neq x) have
        st-red S x unfolding st-red-def by blast
       from this and neg-h show False by auto
     qed
   qed
qed
lemma trm-rep-compatible-with-structure:
 shows value-is-compatible-with-structure (\lambda x. trm-rep x S)
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg value-is-compatible-with-structure (\lambda x. trm-rep x S)
```

from this obtain t s

where neg-h:trm-rep (Comb t s) $S \neq (trm-rep (Comb (trm-rep t S) (trm-rep s S)) S)$

unfolding value-is-compatible-with-structure-def by blast from this have $(trm-rep \ t \ S) \neq t \lor (trm-rep \ s \ S) \neq s$ by metis from this have subterm-reduction-applicable S (Comb $t \ s$) unfolding subterm-reduction-applicable-def by (metis is-compound.simps(3) lhs.simps(1) rhs.simps(1)) from this have $(trm-rep \ (Comb \ t \ s) \ S) = (subterm-reduction \ S \ (Comb \ t \ s))$ using trm-rep-simp-def by metis from this and neg-h show False unfolding subterm-reduction-def by (metis lhs.simps(1) rhs.simps(1))

 \mathbf{qed}

The following function checks that a position can be reduced, taking into account the order on positions associated with the considered clause and term. A term is reducible when all terms occurring at smaller positions are irreducible.

definition minimal-redex **where** minimal-redex $p \ t \ C \ S \ t'$ $= (\forall q \ s. \ ((q,p) \in (pos \text{-} ord \ C \ t') \longrightarrow (subterm \ t \ q \ s) \longrightarrow (trm-rep \ s \ S = s)))$

The next function checks that a given clause contains two equations with the same left-hand side and whose right-hand sides are equivalent in a given interpretation. If no such equations exist then it is clear that the maximal literal is necessarily unique.

```
definition equivalent-eq-exists
```

```
where equivalent-eq-exists t \ s \ C \ I \ \sigma \ L1 = (\exists L \in C - \{ L1 \}, \exists u \ v.
(orient-lit-inst L \ u \ v \ pos \ \sigma) \land ((subst \ t \ \sigma) = (subst \ u \ \sigma)) \land (I \ (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ (subst \ v \ \sigma)))
```

lemma maximal-literal-is-unique-lemma:

```
assumes \neg equivalent - eq-exists t \ s \ C \ (int-clset \ S) \ \sigma \ L1

shows maximal-literal-is-unique (subst t \ \sigma) (subst s \ \sigma) C \ L1 \ S \ \sigma

proof (rule ccontr)

let ?t = (subst t \ \sigma)

let ?t = (subst s \ \sigma)

let ?L = (subst-lit L \ \sigma)

let ?C = (subst-lit L \ \sigma)

let ?C = (subst-cl C \ \sigma)

assume \neg(maximal-literal-is-unique ?t ?s C \ L1 \ S \ \sigma)

from this obtain s'' where (eq-occurs-in-cl ?t s'' (C- { L1 }) \sigma)

and (trm-rep ?s \ S) = (trm-rep s'' \ S) unfolding maximal-literal-is-unique-def

by blast

from \langle (eq-occurs-in-cl ?t \ s'' \ (C- { L1 }) \ \sigma) \rangle

obtain L' \ t' \ s' where L' \in (C- { L1 })

and orient-lit-inst L' \ t' \ s' \ pos \ \sigma and (subst t' \ \sigma) = ?t

and s'' = subst \ s' \ \sigma
```

```
unfolding eq-occurs-in-cl-def by auto
  from \langle s'' = subst \ s' \ \sigma \rangle and \langle (trm-rep \ ?s \ S) = (trm-rep \ s'' \ S) \rangle
   have (trm\text{-}rep ?s \ S) = (trm\text{-}rep (subst s' \sigma) S) by blast
  from (L' \in (C - \{L1\})) (orient-lit-inst L' t' s' pos \sigma) (subst t' \sigma) = ?t)
  \langle (trm-rep ?s S) = (trm-rep (subst s' \sigma) S) \rangle
  have equivalent-eq-exists t s C (int-clset S) \sigma L1
   unfolding equivalent-eq-exists-def same-values-def int-clset-def
  by metis
  from this and assms(1) show False by blast
qed
lemma max-pos-lit-dominates-cl:
  assumes maximal-literal (subst-lit L \sigma) (subst-cl C \sigma)
 assumes orient-lit-inst L t s pos \sigma
 assumes L' \in C - \{L\}
  assumes \neg equivalent - eq-exists t s C I \sigma L
  assumes vars-of-lit (subst-lit L \sigma) = {}
  assumes vars-of-lit (subst-lit L' \sigma) = {}
  assumes fo-interpretation I
  shows ((subst-lit L' \sigma), (subst-lit L \sigma)) \in lit-ord
proof -
  let ?L' = (subst-lit L' \sigma)
  let ?L = (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma)
 let ?t = (subst \ t \ \sigma)
 let ?s = (subst \ s \ \sigma)
  from assms(2) have (?t,?s) \notin trm-ord unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto
  obtain u' v' where L' = (Pos (Eq u' v')) \lor L' = (Neq (Eq u' v'))
   using literal.exhaust equation.exhaust by metis
  from this obtain polarity u v where orient-lit-inst L' u v polarity \sigma
   and ((subst \ u \ \sigma), (subst \ v \ \sigma)) \notin trm\text{-}ord using
   trm-ord-trans trm-ord-irrefl unfolding trans-def irrefl-def orient-lit-inst-def by
metis
 let ?u = (subst \ u \ \sigma)
 let ?v = (subst v \sigma)
  from (orient-lit-inst L' u v polarity \sigma) have orient-lit ?L' ?u ?v polarity
   using lift-orient-lit by auto
  from (orient-lit-inst L t s pos \sigma) have orient-lit ?L ?t ?s pos
   using lift-orient-lit by auto
  from assms(6) and (orient-lit ?L' ?u ?v polarity)
   have vars-of ?u \subseteq \{\} using orient-lit-vars by metis
  from assms(6) and \langle orient-lit ?L' ?u ?v polarity \rangle
   have vars-of ?v \subseteq \{\} using orient-lit-vars by metis
  from assms(5) and \langle orient-lit ?L ?t ?s pos \rangle
   have vars-of ?t \subseteq \{\} using orient-lit-vars by metis
  from assms(5) and \langle orient-lit ?L ?t ?s pos \rangle
   have vars-of ?s \subseteq \{\} using orient-lit-vars by metis
```

from assms(1) and $\langle L' \in C - \{L\}\rangle$ have $(?L,?L') \notin lit$ -ord unfolding maximal-literal-def by auto

from this and (orient-lit ?L ?t ?s pos) (orient-lit ?L' ?u ?v polarity) and assms(5) assms(6)

have $(?t,?u) \notin trm$ -ord using lit-ord-dominating-term by metis

from this and (vars-of $?t \subseteq \{\}$) (vars-of $?u \subseteq \{\}$) have $?u = ?t \lor (?u,?t) \in trm$ -ord

using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by blast from $\langle (?u,?v) \notin trm-ord \rangle$ and $\langle vars-of ?u \subseteq \{\} \rangle \langle vars-of ?v \subseteq \{\} \rangle$ have $?u = ?v \lor (?v,?u) \in trm-ord$

using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by blast from $\langle (?t,?s) \notin trm-ord \rangle$ and $\langle vars-of ?t \subseteq \{\} \rangle \langle vars-of ?s \subseteq \{\} \rangle$ have $?t = ?s \lor (?s,?t) \in trm-ord$

using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by blast

from (vars-of ?v \subseteq {}) (vars-of ?s \subseteq {}) have ?v = ?s \lor (?v,?s) \in trm-ord \lor (?s,?v) \in trm-ord

using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by blast

show ?thesis **proof** (*cases*) assume $(?u,?t) \in trm\text{-}ord$ from this and $\langle ?u = ?v \lor (?v,?u) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ have $(?v,?t) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using trm-ord-trans unfolding trans-def by auto from this and $\langle (?u,?t) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ and $\langle orient\text{-}lit ?L ?t ?s pos \rangle \langle orient\text{-}lit ?L'$ u v polarityassms(5) assms(6) show ? thesis using lit-ord-dominating-term by metis next assume $(?u,?t) \notin trm$ -ord from this and $(?u = ?t \lor (?u,?t) \in trm\text{-}ord)$ have ?u = ?t by auto have polarity = pos**proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume $polarity \neq pos$ then have polarity = neg using sign.exhaust by autofrom this and $\langle ?u = ?t \rangle$ and $\langle orient-lit ?L ?t ?s pos \rangle$ $\langle orient-lit ?L' ?u ?v polarity \rangle assms(5) assms(6)$ have $(?L,?L') \in lit\text{-}ord$ using *lit*-ord-neg-lit-lhs by *auto* from this and $\langle (?L,?L') \notin lit\text{-}ord \rangle$ show False by auto qed have $?v \neq ?s$ proof assume ?v = ?sfrom this assms(7) have I ?s ?v unfolding fo-interpretation-def congruence-def equivalence-relation-def reflexive-def by auto from this and (orient-lit-inst L' u v polarity σ) (polarity = pos) (?u = ?t) and assms(3) have equivalent-eq-exists t s C I σ L unfolding equivalent-eq-exists-def by metis from this and assms(4) show False by auto

qed have $(?s,?v) \notin trm$ -ord proof assume $(?s,?v) \in trm\text{-}ord$ from this and $\langle ?u = ?t \rangle$ and $\langle orient-lit ?L ?t ?s pos \rangle$ $\langle orient-lit ?L' ?u ?v$ polarityand $\langle polarity = pos \rangle assms(5) assms(6)$ have $(?L,?L') \in lit\text{-}ord$ using *lit*-ord-rhs by *auto* from this and $\langle (?L,?L') \notin lit\text{-}ord \rangle$ show False by auto qed from this and $\langle ?v \neq ?s \rangle$ and $\langle ?v = ?s \lor (?v,?s) \in trm\text{-}ord \lor (?s,?v) \in$ trm-ordhave $(?v,?s) \in trm\text{-}ord$ by metis from this and $\langle ?u = ?t \rangle$ and $\langle orient-lit ?L ?t ?s pos \langle orient-lit ?L' ?u ?v$ polarityand $\langle polarity = pos \rangle assms(5) assms(6)$ show $(?L',?L) \in lit\text{-}ord$ using lit-ord-rhs by auto qed qed **lemma** *if-all-smaller-are-false-then-cl-not-valid*: **assumes** (smaller-lits-are-false (subst t σ) (subst-cl C σ) S) **assumes** (fo-interpretation (same-values (λt . (trm-rep t S)))) assumes orient-lit-inst L1 t s pos σ assumes maximal-literal (subst-lit L1 σ) (subst-cl C σ) assumes ground-clause (subst-cl C σ) assumes (subst-lit L1 σ) \in (subst-cl C σ) **assumes** \neg equivalent-eq-exists t s C (same-values (λt . (trm-rep t S))) σ L1 **assumes** trm-rep (subst t σ) S = trm-rep (subst s σ) S**shows** (\neg validate-ground-clause (same-values (λt . (trm-rep t S))) (subst-cl (C $- \{ L1 \}) \sigma))$ proof let $?I = (same-values (\lambda t. (trm-rep t S)))$ assume validate-ground-clause ?I (subst-cl ($C - \{L1\}$) σ) then obtain L where $L \in (subst-cl (C - \{L1\})\sigma)$ and validate-ground-lit ?ILusing validate-ground-clause.simps [of ?I (subst-cl ($C - \{ L1 \}) \sigma$)] by blast from $(L \in (subst-cl (C - \{L1\}) \sigma))$ obtain L' where $L' \in C - \{L1\}$ and $L = (subst-lit L' \sigma)$ by auto from $\langle L' \in C - \{ L1 \} \rangle$ and $\langle L = (subst-lit L' \sigma) \rangle$ have $L \in (subst-cl \ C \ \sigma)$ by auto from $(L \in (subst-cl \ C \ \sigma))$ and assms(5) have $vars-of-lit \ L = \{\}$ by auto

from assms(6) and assms(5) have vars-of-lit (subst-lit L1 σ) = {} by auto

obtain $u \ v \ polarity$ where $o: \ orient-lit-inst \ L' \ u \ v \ polarity \ \sigma$ and $((subst \ u \ \sigma), \ (subst \ v \ \sigma)) \notin trm-ord$ unfolding orient-lit-inst-def using $literal.exhaust \ equation.exhaust$

trm-ord-trans trm-ord-irrefl unfolding trans-def irrefl-def by metis from o and $\langle L = (subst-lit L' \sigma) \rangle$ have o': orient-lit L (subst $u \sigma$) (subst $v \sigma$) polarity using *lift-orient-lit* by *auto* from o' and (vars-of-lit $L = \{\}$) have vars-of (subst $u \sigma$) = $\{\}$ using orient-lit-vars by blast from o' and (vars-of-lit $L = \{\}$) have vars-of (subst $v \sigma$) = $\{\}$ using orient-lit-vars by blast from assms(3)have o1 : orient-lit (subst-lit L1 σ) (subst t σ) (subst s σ) pos using *lift-orient-lit* [of L1 t s pos σ] by auto from of and (vars-of-lit (subst-lit L1 σ) = {} have vars-of (subst t σ) = {} using orient-lit-vars by blast have $polarity = pos \lor polarity = neg$ using sign.exhaust by auto then show False proof assume polarity = posfrom this and o and assms(2) and $\langle validate-ground-lit ?I L \rangle$ and $\langle L =$ $(subst-lit \ L' \ \sigma)$ have $(trm\text{-}rep (subst \ u \ \sigma) \ S) = (trm\text{-}rep (subst \ v \ \sigma) \ S)$ using orient-lit-semantics-pos [of ?I] unfolding same-values-def by metis from assms(4) and $\langle L \in (subst-cl \ C \ \sigma) \rangle$ have $((subst-lit \ L1 \ \sigma), L) \notin lit-ord$ unfolding maximal-literal-def **by** blast from this and o' and o1 and $\langle polarity=pos \rangle$ and $\langle vars-of-lit L = \{\}\rangle$ and $\langle L$ $= (subst-lit L' \sigma)$ and $\langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma) = \{\}\rangle$ have (subst t σ , subst u σ) \notin trm-ord and (subst t σ , subst v σ) \notin trm-ord using lit-ord-dominating-term [of subst t σ subst u σ subst v σ subst-lit L1 σ subst s σ pos] by auto show ?thesis **proof** (*cases*) assume $(subst \ t \ \sigma) = (subst \ u \ \sigma)$ from this and assms(8) and $\langle (trm-rep (subst u \sigma) S \rangle = (trm-rep (subst v \sigma))$ σ) S)> have $(trm\text{-}rep (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ S) = (trm\text{-}rep (subst \ v \ \sigma) \ S)$ by metis from this o and $\langle L' \in C - \{ L1 \} \rangle$ (polarity = pos) $\langle (subst \ t \ \sigma) = (subst$ $(u \sigma) \rightarrow assms(7)$ show False unfolding equivalent-eq-exists-def same-values-def by blast next assume $(subst \ t \ \sigma) \neq (subst \ u \ \sigma)$ from this and $\langle (subst \ t \ \sigma, \ subst \ u \ \sigma) \notin trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ and $\langle vars-of (subst t \sigma) = \{\} \rangle$ and $\langle vars-of (subst u \sigma) = \{\} \rangle$ have $(subst \ u \ \sigma, subst \ t \ \sigma) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by auto

from this and $\langle (subst \ u \ \sigma, subst \ v \ \sigma) \notin trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ and $\langle vars-of (subst v \sigma) = \{\} \rangle$ and $\langle vars-of (subst t \sigma) = \{\} \rangle$ have $(subst v \sigma, subst t \sigma) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using trm-ord-ground-total trm-ord-trans unfolding ground-term-def trans-def by metis from $\langle polarity = pos \rangle$ and o' and assms(1) and $\langle L \in (subst-cl \ C \ \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle L = (subst-lit L' \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle ((subst \ u \ \sigma), \ subst \ t \ \sigma) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ and $\langle ((subst \ v \ \sigma), subst \ t \ \sigma) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ have trm-rep (subst $u \sigma$) $S \neq trm$ -rep (subst $v \sigma$) Sunfolding smaller-lits-are-false-def by metis from this and $\langle trm\text{-rep} (subst \ u \ \sigma) \ S = trm\text{-rep} (subst \ v \ \sigma) \ S \rangle$ show False by blast qed **next assume** polarity = neqfrom this and o and assms(2) and $\langle validate-ground-lit ?I L \rangle$ and $\langle L =$ $(subst-lit L' \sigma)$ have $(trm\text{-}rep (subst \ u \ \sigma) \ S) \neq (trm\text{-}rep (subst \ v \ \sigma) \ S)$ using orient-lit-semantics-neg [of ?I] unfolding same-values-def by metis from assms(4) and $\langle L \in (subst-cl \ C \ \sigma) \rangle$ have $((subst-lit \ L1 \ \sigma), L) \notin lit-ord$ unfolding maximal-literal-def by blast from this and o' and of and (vars-of-lit $L = \{\}$) and $(L = (subst-lit L' \sigma))$ and $\langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma) = \{\}\rangle$ have $(subst \ t \ \sigma, \ subst \ u \ \sigma) \notin trm$ -ord and (subst t σ , subst v σ) \notin trm-ord using lit-ord-dominating-term [of subst t σ subst u σ subst v σ subst-lit L1 σ subst s σ pos by *auto* from $\langle ((subst-lit L1 \sigma), L) \notin lit-ord \rangle$ and o' and o' and o' and $\langle polarity = neg \rangle$ and $\langle vars-of-lit L = \{\} \rangle$ and $\langle L = (subst-lit L' \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma) = \{\} \rangle$ have subst t $\sigma \neq$ subst u σ using lit-ord-neg-lit-lhs by auto from this and $\langle (subst \ t \ \sigma, \ subst \ u \ \sigma) \notin trm-ord \rangle$ and $\langle vars-of \ (subst \ t \ \sigma) =$ {} and $\langle vars-of (subst \ u \ \sigma) = \{\} \rangle$ have $(subst \ u \ \sigma, subst \ t \ \sigma) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by auto from this and $\langle (subst \ u \ \sigma, subst \ v \ \sigma) \notin trm$ -ord and $\langle vars$ -of $(subst \ v \ \sigma) =$ {} and (vars-of (subst $t \sigma$) = {}) have (subst $v \sigma$, subst $t \sigma$) \in trm-ord

using *trm-ord-ground-total trm-ord-trans* **unfolding** *ground-term-def trans-def* **by** *metis*

from $\langle polarity = neg \rangle$ and o' and assms(1) and $\langle L \in (subst-cl \ C \ \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle L = (subst-lit \ L' \ \sigma) \rangle$

and $\langle ((subst \ u \ \sigma), \ subst \ t \ \sigma) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ and $\langle ((subst \ v \ \sigma), \ subst \ t \ \sigma) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$

have trm-rep (subst $u \sigma$) S = trm-rep (subst $v \sigma$) S

unfolding smaller-lits-are-false-def by metis

from this and $\langle trm\text{-rep} (subst \ u \ \sigma) \ S \neq trm\text{-rep} (subst \ v \ \sigma) \ S \rangle$ show False by blast

 \mathbf{qed}

 \mathbf{qed}

We introduce the notion of a reduction, which is a ground superposition inference satisfying some additional conditions:

(i) the "from" clause is smaller than the "into" clause;

(ii) its "body" (i.e., the part of the clause without the equation involved in the rule) is false in a given interpretation and strictly smaller than the involved equation.

```
{\bf definition} \ reduction
```

```
where (reduction L1 C \sigma' t s polarity L2 u u' p v D I S \sigma) =
        (D \in S) \land (eligible-literal \ L1 \ C \ \sigma') \land (eligible-literal \ L2 \ D \ \sigma')
        \wedge ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) \sigma')
        \wedge (minimal-redex p (subst t \sigma) C S t)
        \wedge (coincide-on \sigma \sigma' (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)))
        \wedge (allowed-redex u' C \sigma)
        \wedge (\neg is-a-variable u')
        \wedge (L1 \in (cl-ecl C)) \wedge (L2 \in (cl-ecl D))
        \wedge (orient-lit-inst L1 t s polarity \sigma')
        \wedge (orient-lit-inst L2 u v pos \sigma')
        \land (subst u \sigma') \neq (subst v \sigma')
        \wedge (subst \ u' \ \sigma') = (subst \ u \ \sigma')
        \wedge (\neg validate-ground-clause I (subst-cl ((cl-ecl D) - \{L2\}) \sigma'))
        \land ((subst-lit L2 \sigma'),(subst-lit L1 \sigma')) \in lit-ord
        \land (\forall x \in (cl\text{-}ecl D) - \{ L2 \}. ((subst-lit x \sigma'), (subst-lit L2 \sigma'))
                                             \in lit-ord)
        \wedge (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl D) \sigma)
                    (\lambda t. (trm-rep \ t \ S)))
        \wedge (I (subst u \sigma') (subst v \sigma'))
        \wedge (subterm t p u'))
```

The next lemma states that the rules used to evaluate terms can be renamed so that they share no variable with the clause in which the term occurs.

lemma candidate-values-renaming: **assumes** (candidate-values $z \ CC \ C' \ C \ s \ L \ L' \ \sigma \ t' \ s' \ t \ S$) **assumes** finite C' **assumes** finite (cl-ecl (D:: 'a eclause)) **assumes** closed-under-renaming S **assumes** Ball S well-constrained **shows** $\exists \ CC$ -bis C'-bis L'-bis σ -bis t'-bis s'-bis t-bis. $(candidate-values \ z \ CC-bis \ C'-bis \ C \ s \ L \ L'-bis \ \sigma-bis \ t'-bis \ s'-bis \ t \ S) \\ \land (vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ D)) \cap vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ CC-bis) = \{\}$

proof -

from assms(2) have finite (vars-of-cl C') using set-of-variables-is-finite-cl by auto

from assms(3) have finite (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl D)) using set-of-variables-is-finite-cl

by auto

from infinite-vars have \neg (finite vars) by auto **from** $\langle finite (vars-of-cl C') \rangle \langle finite (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl D)) \rangle$ and $\langle \neg (finite vars) \rangle$ obtain η where renaming η (vars-of-cl C') and $((subst-codomain \eta (vars-of-cl C')) \cap (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl D))) = \{\}$ using renaming-exists [of vars] by meson from this $\langle finite (vars-of-cl C') \rangle$ obtain η' where $i: (\forall x \in (vars \text{-} of \text{-} cl C'). (subst (subst (Var x) \eta) \eta')$ = (Var x)using renamings-admit-inverse by blast **obtain** CC-bis where CC-bis = (subst-ecl CC η) by auto **obtain** C'-bis where C'-bis = (subst-cl C' η) by auto from assms(1) have $C' = (cl \cdot ccl \cdot CC)$ unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from this obtain T where CC = (Ecl C' T)by (metis cl-ecl.simps trms-ecl.elims) from this and $\langle CC\text{-}bis = (subst\text{-}ecl \ CC \ \eta) \rangle$ and $\langle C'$ -bis = (subst-cl C' η) have C'-bis = (cl-ecl CC-bis) by auto from assms(1) have $CC \in S$ unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from assms(1) have $(s,t) \in trm$ -ord unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from assms(1) have $((s,t) \in trm\text{-}ord \longrightarrow (z = trm\text{-}rep \ s \ S))$ unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from assms(1) have $(maximal-literal \ L \ C)$ unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from assms(1) have $(ground-clause \ C)$ unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from assms(1) have $L' \in C'$ unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from assms(1) have $L = (subst-lit L' \sigma)$ unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from assms(1) have $(smaller-lits-are-false \ t \ C \ S)$ unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from assms(1) have $C = (subst-cl C' \sigma)$ unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from assms(1) have (orient-lit-inst L' t' s' pos σ) unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from assms(1) have $(trms-irreducible \ CC \ \sigma \ S \ t)$ unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from assms(1) have $t = subst t' \sigma$ unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from assms(1) have $s = subst s' \sigma$ unfolding candidate-values-def by metis

from $(CC \in S)$ and assms(4) and $(renaming \eta (vars-of-cl C'))$ and (C' =

 $(cl-ecl \ CC)$ $(CC-bis = (subst-ecl \ CC \ \eta))$ have $CC-bis \in S$ unfolding closed-under-renaming-def renaming-cl-def by auto from assms(1) have $(sel C' = \{\})$ unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from this and (renaming η (vars-of-cl C')) (C' = (cl-ecl CC)) $\langle C'\text{-}bis = (subst-cl \ C' \ \eta) \rangle$ have $sel \ C'\text{-}bis = \{\}$ using sel-renaming by auto **obtain** L'-bis where L'-bis = (subst-lit $L' \eta$) by auto from this and $\langle L' \in C' \rangle \langle C' - bis = (subst-cl C' \eta) \rangle$ have $L' - bis \in C' - bis$ by auto let $?\vartheta = (comp \ (comp \ \eta \ \eta') \ \sigma)$ let $?\vartheta' = (comp \ \eta' \ \sigma)$ have coincide-on σ ? ϑ (vars-of-cl C') **proof** (rule ccontr) assume $\neg coincide on \sigma ?\vartheta$ (vars-of-cl C') from this obtain x where (subst (Var x) σ) \neq (subst (Var x) ? ϑ) and $x \in vars-of-cl C'$ unfolding coincide-on-def by auto from $\langle x \in vars-of-cl \ C' \rangle i$ have (subst (subst (Var x) η) η') = (Var x) **bv** blast from this and $\langle (subst (Var x) \sigma) \neq (subst (Var x) ? \vartheta) \rangle$ show False by simp qed from $\langle L' \in C' \rangle$ have vars-of-lit $L' \subseteq$ vars-of-cl C' by auto from this and (coincide-on σ ? ϑ (vars-of-cl C')) have coincide-on σ ? ϑ (vars-of-lit L') unfolding coincide-on-def by auto from this and $\langle L = (subst-lit L' \sigma) \rangle$ have $L = (subst-lit L' ? \vartheta)$ using coincide-on-lit by auto have subst-lit L' ? ϑ = subst-lit (subst-lit $L' \eta$) $?\vartheta'$ by (simp add: coincide-on-def coincide-on-lit composition-of-substs-lit) from this and $\langle L = (subst-lit L' ? \vartheta) \rangle$ and $\langle L'-bis = (subst-lit L' \eta) \rangle$ have $L = (subst-lit L'-bis ?\vartheta')$ by auto from $\langle coincide-on \sigma ? \vartheta (vars-of-cl C') \rangle$ and $\langle C = (subst-cl C' \sigma) \rangle$ have C = subst-cl C'? ϑ using coincide-on-cl by blast have subst-cl C' ?ϑ = subst-cl (subst-cl C' η) ? ϑ' **by** (*metis* composition-of-substs-cl) from this and $\langle C = subst-cl C' \ \mathfrak{H} \rangle$ and $\langle C'-bis = (subst-cl C' \eta) \rangle$ have $C = subst-cl C'-bis ?\vartheta'$ by auto from $\langle (finite C') \rangle$ and $\langle C'-bis = (subst-cl C' \eta) \rangle$ have finite C'-bis by auto have $t \notin (subst-set (trms-ecl CC-bis) ?\vartheta')$ proof assume $t \in (subst-set (trms-ecl CC-bis) ? \vartheta')$ from this obtain u where $u \in (trms\text{-}ecl \ CC\text{-}bis)$ and $t = (subst \ u \ ?\vartheta')$ by auto

from $\langle u \in (trms-ecl \ CC-bis) \rangle$ and $\langle CC-bis = (subst-ecl \ CC \ \eta) \rangle$ obtain v where $v \in trms$ -ecl CC and $u = (subst v \eta)$ using $\langle CC = Ecl \ C' \ T \rangle$ by *auto* from $\langle u = (subst \ v \ \eta) \rangle \langle t = (subst \ u \ \vartheta \) \rangle$ have subst $v \ \vartheta \ = t$ by simp **from** $\langle v \in trms\text{-}ecl \ CC \rangle \langle CC \in S \rangle \ assms(5)$ have dom-trm v (cl-ecl CC) unfolding Ball-def well-constrained-def by metis **from** this have vars-of $v \subseteq$ vars-of-cl (cl-ecl CC) using dom-trm-vars by auto from this and $\langle C' = (cl - cc | CC) \rangle \langle coincide - on \sigma ? \vartheta (vars - of - cl C') \rangle$ have coincide-on σ ? ϑ (vars-of v) unfolding coincide-on-def by auto from this and (subst $v ? \vartheta = t$) have (subst $v \sigma$) = t using coincide-on-term by metis from this and $\langle v \in trms\text{-}ecl \ CC \rangle$ have $(t \in (subst-set (trms-ecl CC) \sigma))$ by auto from this and assms(1) show False unfolding candidate-values-def by metis qed have $(trms-irreducible \ CC-bis \ ?\vartheta' \ S \ t)$ **proof** (rule ccontr) assume $\neg(trms-irreducible \ CC-bis \ ?\vartheta' \ S \ t)$ then obtain x x' where $x' \in trms\text{-}ecl \ CC\text{-}bis$ occurs-in x (subst $x' ? \vartheta'$) $(x,t) \in trm\text{-}ord \ (trm\text{-}rep \ x \ S) \neq x$ using trms-irreducible-def by blast from $\langle x' \in (trms\text{-}ecl \ CC\text{-}bis) \rangle$ and $\langle CC\text{-}bis = (subst\text{-}ecl \ CC \ \eta) \rangle$ obtain v where $v \in trms\text{-}ecl \ CC$ and $x' = (subst \ v \ \eta)$ using $\langle CC = Ecl \ C' \ T \rangle$ by *auto* **from** (occurs-in x (subst $x' ? \vartheta'$) ($x' = subst v \eta$) have occurs-in x (subst v ? \vartheta) by simp **from** $\langle v \in trms\text{-}ecl \ CC \rangle \langle CC \in S \rangle \ assms(5)$ have dom-trm v (cl-ecl CC) unfolding Ball-def well-constrained-def by auto **from** this have vars-of $v \subseteq vars$ -of-cl (cl-ecl CC) using dom-trm-vars by auto from this and $\langle C' = (cl\text{-}ecl \ CC) \rangle \langle coincide\text{-}on \ \sigma \ ?\vartheta \ (vars\text{-}of\text{-}cl \ C') \rangle$ have coincide-on σ ? ϑ (vars-of v) unfolding coincide-on-def by auto from this have (subst $v \sigma$) = (subst $v ?\vartheta$) using coincide-on-term by metis from this and (occurs-in x (subst v $?\vartheta$)) have occurs-in x (subst $v \sigma$) by auto from this and $\langle v \in trms\text{-}ecl \ CC \rangle$ and $\langle (x,t) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ $\langle (trm-rep \ x \ S) \neq x \rangle$ and $\langle (trms-irreducible \ CC \ \sigma \ S \ t) \rangle$ show False unfolding trms-irreducible-def by metis qed **obtain** t'-bis where t'-bis = (subst t' η) by auto **obtain** s'-bis where s'-bis = (subst s' η) by auto **from** $\langle (orient-lit-inst L' t' s' pos \sigma) \rangle$ have vars-of $t' \subseteq vars-of-lit L'$ using orient-lit-inst-vars by auto from this (coincide-on σ ? ϑ (vars-of-lit L')) have coincide-on σ ? ϑ (vars-of t') unfolding coincide-on-def by blast from this have subst $t' ? \vartheta = subst t' \sigma$ using coincide-on-term by metis

from this $\langle t' - bis = (subst t' \eta) \rangle$ have subst t'-bis $\vartheta' = subst t' \sigma$ by simp **from** $\langle (orient-lit-inst L' t' s' pos \sigma) \rangle$ have vars-of $s' \subseteq vars-of-lit L'$ using orient-lit-inst-vars by auto **from** this $\langle coincide-on \sigma ? \vartheta (vars-of-lit L') \rangle$ have coincide-on σ ? ϑ (vars-of s') unfolding coincide-on-def by blast from this have subst $s' ? \vartheta = subst s' \sigma$ using coincide-on-term by metis from this $\langle s' - bis = (subst s' \eta) \rangle$ have subst s'-bis $?\vartheta' = subst s' \sigma$ by simp have (orient-lit-inst L'-bis t'-bis s'-bis pos $?\vartheta'$) proof – **from** $\langle (orient-lit-inst L' t' s' pos \sigma) \rangle$ have $((subst t' \sigma), (subst s' \sigma)) \notin trm$ -ord using orient-lit-inst-def by simp **from** $\langle (orient-lit-inst L' t' s' pos \sigma) \rangle$ have $L' = (Pos (Eq t' s')) \lor L' = (Pos (Eq s' t'))$ **by** (*simp add: orient-lit-inst-def*) from this $\langle L'-bis = (subst-lit L' \eta) \rangle$ $\langle t' - bis = (subst t' \eta) \rangle$ $\langle s' - bis = (subst \ s' \ \eta) \rangle$ have L'-bis = (Pos (Eq t'-bis s'-bis)) \vee L'-bis = (Pos (Eq s'-bis t'-bis)) by auto **from** (subst s'-bis $?\vartheta' = subst s' \sigma$) and (subst t'-bis $?\vartheta' = subst t' \sigma$) and $\langle ((subst t' \sigma), (subst s' \sigma)) \notin trm - ord \rangle$ **have** $((subst t'-bis ?\vartheta'), (subst s'-bis ?\vartheta')) \notin trm-ord$ by *auto* from this and $(L'-bis = (Pos (Eq t'-bis s'-bis))) \vee L'-bis = (Pos (Eq s'-bis))$ t'-bis))> show ?thesis unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto qed have (maximal-literal-is-unique t s C'-bis L'-bis S $?\vartheta'$) **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume \neg (maximal-literal-is-unique t s C'-bis L'-bis S $?\vartheta'$) from this obtain s'' where (eq-occurs-in-cl t s'' (C'-bis- { L'-bis }) $?\vartheta'$) $(s'',t) \in trm\text{-}ord$ $(s,t) \in trm$ -ord $(trm-rep \ s \ S) = (trm-rep \ s'' \ S)$ unfolding maximal-literal-is-unique-def by *metis* from $\langle (eq$ -occurs-in-cl t s'' (C'-bis- { L'-bis }) ? $\vartheta' \rangle$ obtain M u v where $M \in C'$ -bis - { L'-bis } orient-lit-inst $M u v pos ? \vartheta'$ $t = (subst \ u \ ?\vartheta') \ s'' = (subst \ v \ ?\vartheta')$ unfolding eq-occurs-in-cl-def by blast from $\langle M \in C'$ -bis - { L'-bis } and $\langle C'\text{-}bis = (subst-cl C' \eta) \rangle$ and $\langle L'\text{-}bis = (subst-lit L' \eta) \rangle$

obtain M' where $M' \in C' - \{L'\}$ and subst-lit $M' \eta = M$ by auto from *(orient-lit-inst M u v pos ?* ϑ *)* obtain *e* where M = (Pos e)unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto from this and (orient-lit-inst M u v pos ϑ) have $e = (Eq u v) \lor e = (Eq v)$ u)unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto **from** $\langle orient-lit-inst M u v pos ? \vartheta' \rangle$ have $((subst \ u \ ?\vartheta'), (subst \ v \ ?\vartheta')) \notin trm-ord$ unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto from $\langle M = (Pos \ e) \rangle$ and $\langle subst-lit \ M' \ \eta = M \rangle$ obtain e' where (subst-equation $e' \eta$) = e and M' = (Pos e')by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) subst-lit.simps(1) subst-lit.simps(2) atom.simps(1) literal.distinct(1) positive-literal.elims(1))from $\langle e = (Eq \ u \ v) \lor e = (Eq \ v \ u) \rangle$ and $\langle (subst-equation \ e' \ \eta) = e \rangle$ obtain u' v' where $e' = (Eq u' v') \lor (e' = (Eq v' u'))$ and $(subst u' \eta) = u$ and $(subst v' \eta) = v$ by (metis subst-equation.simps equation.inject subterms-of-eq.cases) from $\langle (subst \ u \ ?\vartheta'), (subst \ v \ ?\vartheta') \rangle \notin trm ord \rangle$ $\langle (subst \ u' \ \eta) = u \rangle$ $\langle (subst \ v' \ \eta) = v \rangle$ **have** $((subst u' ?\vartheta), (subst v' ?\vartheta)) \notin trm-ord$ by simp from this and $\langle M' = (Pos \ e') \rangle$ and $\langle e' = (Eq \ u' \ v') \lor (e' = (Eq \ v' \ u')) \rangle$ have orient-lit-inst $M' u' v' pos ?\vartheta$ unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto from $(M' \in C' - \{L'\})$ have vars-of-lit $M' \subseteq$ vars-of-cl C' by auto from this and (coincide-on σ ? ϑ (vars-of-cl C')) have coincide-on σ ? ϑ (vars-of-lit M') unfolding coincide-on-def by auto from this have coincide-on $\vartheta \sigma$ (vars-of-lit M') using coincide-sym by auto from this and (orient-lit-inst M' u' v' pos ϑ) have orient-lit-inst M' u' v' pos σ using orient-lit-inst-coincide by auto from (orient-lit-inst M' u' v' pos ϑ) have vars-of $u' \subseteq vars$ -of-lit M' and vars-of $v' \subset vars$ -of-lit M' using orient-lit-inst-vars by auto from (vars-of $u' \subset$ vars-of-lit M') and (coincide-on $\mathcal{D} \sigma$ (vars-of-lit M')) have coincide-on $\mathcal{D} \sigma$ (vars-of u') unfolding coincide-on-def by auto from this have subst $u' ? \vartheta = subst u' \sigma$ using coincide-on-term by metis from this and $\langle (subst \ u' \ \eta) = u \rangle$ have subst $u \ ?\vartheta' = subst \ u' \ \sigma$ by simp from (vars-of $v' \subseteq vars$ -of-lit M') and (coincide-on $\mathcal{D} \sigma$ (vars-of-lit M')) have coincide-on $\mathcal{D} \sigma$ (vars-of v') unfolding coincide-on-def by auto from this have subst $v' ? \vartheta = subst v' \sigma$ using coincide-on-term by metis from this and $\langle (subst v' \eta) = v \rangle$ have subst $v ? \vartheta' = subst v' \sigma$ by simp $\mathbf{from} \, \langle subst \; v \; ?\!\vartheta' = \, subst \; v' \; \sigma \rangle \; \langle s'' = \, (subst \; v \; ?\!\vartheta') \rangle$ have $s'' = (subst v' \sigma)$ by *auto* from $\langle subst \ u \ ?\vartheta' = subst \ u' \ \sigma \rangle \ \langle t = (subst \ u \ ?\vartheta') \rangle$ have $t = (subst u' \sigma)$ by auto from $\langle s'' = (subst \ v' \ \sigma) \rangle \langle t = (subst \ u' \ \sigma) \rangle$

 $\langle orient\text{-}lit\text{-}inst M' u' v' pos \sigma \rangle \langle M' \in C' - \{ L' \} \rangle$ have eq-occurs-in-cl t s'' (C'- { L'}) σ unfolding eq-occurs-in-cl-def by auto from this and $\langle (s'',t) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ and $\langle (s,t) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ and $\langle (trm\text{-}rep \ s \ S) =$ $(trm-rep \ s'' \ S)$ have \neg (maximal-literal-is-unique t s C' L' S σ) unfolding maximal-literal-is-unique-def **by** blast from this and assms(1) show False unfolding candidate-values-def by metis qed from $\langle t' - bis = (subst t' \eta) \rangle$ and $\langle t = subst t' \sigma \rangle$ have t = subst t'-bis (comp $\eta' \sigma$) using (subst t'-bis (comp $\eta' \sigma$) = subst t' σ) by auto **from** $\langle s' \text{-} bis = (subst \ s' \ \eta) \rangle$ and $\langle s = subst \ s' \ \sigma \rangle$ have s = subst s'-bis (comp $\eta' \sigma$) using (subst s'-bis (comp $\eta' \sigma$) = subst s' σ) by auto **from** $\langle CC\text{-}bis \in S \rangle \langle t \notin subst\text{-}set (trms\text{-}ecl \ CC\text{-}bis) (comp \ \eta' \ \sigma) \rangle$ $\langle trms-irreducible \ CC-bis \ (comp \ \eta' \ \sigma) \ S \ t \rangle$ $\langle C'\text{-bis} = cl\text{-}ecl \ CC\text{-}bis \rangle \langle (s, t) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle \langle ((s, t) \in trm\text{-}ord \longrightarrow z = trm\text{-}rep$ $s S \rangle$ $\langle orient-lit-inst L'-bis t'-bis s'-bis pos (comp \eta' \sigma) \rangle$ $\langle sel C'-bis = \{\} \rangle \langle L'-bis \in C'-bis \rangle \langle maximal-literal L C \rangle$ $\langle L = subst-lit L'-bis (comp \eta' \sigma) \rangle$ $\langle C = subst-cl C'-bis (comp \eta' \sigma) \rangle$ $\langle ground\text{-}clause \ C \rangle \langle t = subst \ t'\text{-}bis \ (comp \ \eta' \ \sigma) \rangle$ $\langle s = subst \ s' - bis \ (comp \ \eta' \ \sigma) \rangle$ $\langle finite C'-bis \rangle \langle smaller-lits-are-false \ t \ C \ S \rangle$ $\langle maximal-literal-is-unique \ t \ s \ C'-bis \ L'-bis \ S \ (comp \ \eta' \ \sigma) \rangle$ have (candidate-values z CC-bis C'-bis C s L L'-bis $\mathfrak{S} \mathfrak{V}'$ t'-bis s'-bis t S) unfolding candidate-values-def by metis have vars-of-cl (cl-ecl D) \cap (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl CC-bis)) = {} **proof** (rule ccontr) assume vars-of-cl (cl-ecl D) \cap (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl CC-bis)) \neq {} from this and $\langle C'$ -bis = (cl-ecl CC-bis) \rangle obtain x where $x \in vars-of-cl C'-bis$ and $x \in vars-of-cl (cl-ecl D)$ by auto from $\langle x \in vars-of-cl C'-bis \rangle$ obtain N where $N \in C'$ -bis and $x \in vars$ -of-lit N by auto from $\langle N \in C'$ -bis and $\langle C'$ -bis = (subst-cl C' η) obtain N' where $N' \in C'$ and $N = subst-lit N' \eta$ by auto from $\langle x \in vars-of-lit N \rangle$ obtain e where $N = (Pos \ e) \lor (N = (Neg \ e))$ and $x \in vars-of-eq e$ by (metis negative-literal.elims(2) negative-literal.elims(3) vars-of-lit.simps(1)

vars-of-lit.simps(2))

from $\langle N = (Pos \ e) \lor (N = (Neg \ e)) \rangle$ and $\langle N = subst-lit \ N' \ \eta \rangle$ obtain e' where

 $N' = (Pos \ e') \lor (N' = (Neg \ e'))$ and $e = subst-equation \ e' \eta$ by (metis subst-lit.elims atom.simps(1) atom.simps(2))

from $\langle x \in vars-of-eq \ e \rangle$ obtain $u \ v$ where $e = (Eq \ u \ v)$ and $x \in vars-of \ u$ \cup vars-of v **by** (*metis equation.exhaust vars-of-eq.simps*) from $\langle e = (Eq \ u \ v) \rangle$ and $\langle e = subst-equation \ e' \ \eta \rangle$ obtain $u' \ v'$ where e' = $(Eq \ u' \ v')$ $u = (subst \ u' \ \eta)$ and $v = (subst \ v' \ \eta)$ **by** (*metis subst-equation.simps equation.exhaust equation.inject*) from $\langle x \in vars-of \ u \cup vars-of \ v \rangle$ have $x \in vars-of \ u \lor x \in vars-of \ v$ by auto then show False proof assume $x \in vars-of u$ from this and $\langle u = (subst \ u' \ \eta) \rangle$ **obtain** y where $y \in vars-of u'$ and $x \in vars-of (subst (Var y) \eta)$ using vars-of-instances [of $u' \eta$] by auto from $\langle y \in vars of u' \rangle$ and $\langle e' = (Eq u' v') \rangle$ have $y \in vars of eq e'$ by auto from this and $\langle N' = (Pos \ e') \lor (N' = (Neg \ e')) \rangle$ have $y \in vars-of-lit \ N'$ by auto from this and $\langle N' \in C' \rangle$ have $y \in vars-of-cl C'$ by auto from this and (renaming η (vars-of-cl C')) have is-a-variable (subst (Var y) η) unfolding renaming-def by auto from this and $\langle x \in vars-of(subst(Var y) \eta) \rangle$ have $Var \ x = (subst \ (Var \ y) \ \eta)$ by (metis is-a-variable.elims(2) singletonD vars-of.simps(1))from this and $\langle y \in vars-of-cl C' \rangle$ have $x \in (subst-codomain \ \eta \ (vars-of-cl \ C'))$ unfolding subst-codomain-def by *auto* from this and $\langle x \in vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ D) \rangle$ and $\langle ((subst-codomain \ \eta \ (vars-of-cl \ C')) \cap (vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ D))) = \{\} \rangle$ show False by auto \mathbf{next} **assume** $x \in vars$ -of vfrom this and $\langle v = (subst v' \eta) \rangle$ **obtain** y where $y \in vars-of v'$ and $x \in vars-of (subst (Var y) \eta)$ using vars-of-instances [of $v' \eta$] by auto from $\langle y \in vars-of v' \rangle$ and $\langle e' = (Eq u' v') \rangle$ have $y \in vars-of-eq e'$ by auto from this and $\langle N' = (Pos \ e') \lor (N' = (Neg \ e')) \rangle$ have $y \in vars-of-lit \ N'$ by auto from this and $\langle N' \in C' \rangle$ have $y \in vars-of-cl C'$ by auto from this and (renaming η (vars-of-cl C')) have is-a-variable (subst (Var y) η) unfolding renaming-def by auto from this and $\langle x \in vars-of (subst (Var y) \eta) \rangle$ have $Var \ x = (subst \ (Var \ y) \ \eta)$ by (metis is-a-variable.elims(2) singletonD vars-of.simps(1))

```
from this and \langle y \in vars-of-cl \ C' \rangle

have x \in (subst-codomain \ \eta \ (vars-of-cl \ C')) unfolding subst-codomain-def

by auto

from this and \langle x \in vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ D) \rangle

and \langle ((subst-codomain \ \eta \ (vars-of-cl \ C')) \cap (vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ D))) = \{\} \rangle

show False by auto

qed

from this and \langle (candidate-values \ z \ CC-bis \ C \ s \ L \ L'-bis \ ?\vartheta' \ t'-bis \ s'-bis \ t \ S) \rangle

show ?thesis by blast

qed

lemma pos-ord-acyclic:

shows acyclic \ (pos-ord \ C \ t)

by (simp \ add: \ acyclic-irrefl \ pos-ord-trans)
```

definition proper-subterm-red

where proper-subterm-red t S $\sigma =$ ($\exists p \ s. \ (subterm \ t \ p \ s \land p \neq Nil \land (trm-rep \ (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ S \neq (subst \ s \ \sigma))))$

The following lemma states that if an eligible term in a clause instance is not in normal form, then the clause instance must be reducible (according to the previous definition of *reduction*). This is the key lemma for proving completeness. Note that we assume that the considered substitution is in normal form, so that the reduction cannot occur inside a variable. We also rename the clause used for the reduction, to ensure that it shares no variable with the provided clause. The proof requires an additional hypothesis in the case where the reducible term occurs at the root position in an eligible term of a positive literal, see the first hypothesis below and function *equivalent-eq-exists*.

```
lemma reduction-exists:
 assumes polarity = neq \lor \neg equivalent-eq-exists t s (cl-ecl C) (int-clset S) \sigma L1
   \lor proper-subterm-red t S \sigma
 assumes \forall x y. ((x \in vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)) \longrightarrow (occurs-in y (subst (Var x) \sigma))
           \longrightarrow trm-rep y S = y)
  assumes eligible-literal L1 C \sigma
  assumes (trm\text{-}rep (subst t \sigma) S) \neq (subst t \sigma)
  assumes L1 \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C)
  assumes (orient-lit-inst L1 t s polarity \sigma)
  assumes \forall x \in S. finite (cl-ecl x)
  assumes ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma)
  assumes (fo-interpretation (same-values (\lambda t. (trm-rep t S))))
  assumes C \in S
  assumes Ball S well-constrained
  assumes all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl C) \sigma) (\lambda t. trm-rep t S)
  assumes \neg validate-ground-clause (int-clset S) (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma)
  assumes closed-under-renaming S
```

shows $\exists \sigma' \ u \ u' \ p \ v \ D \ L2.$ ((reduction L1 C $\sigma' \ t \ s \ polarity \ L2 \ u \ u' \ p \ v \ D \ (same-values (\lambda t. (trm-rep \ t \ S)))$ S σ) \land (variable-disjoint C D))

proof –

The first step is to get the minimal reducible position in $t \triangleleft \sigma$ and the corresponding subterm v.

let ?Redexes = { p. $\exists v$. subterm (subst $t \sigma$) $p v \land$ root-term $S v \land$ trm-rep v S $\neq v$ } have ?*Redexes* \subseteq *pos-of* (*subst* t σ) proof fix x assume $x \in ?Redexes$ then have $\exists v. subterm (subst t \sigma) x v$ by blast then have position-in x (subst t σ) unfolding position-in-def by metis then show $x \in pos-of$ (subst t σ) by auto qed **from** this have finite ?Redexes using set-of-positions-is-finite [of (subst t σ)] using finite-subset by blast from assms(4) have st-red S (subst t σ) using subterms-of-irred-trms-are-irred by blast from this obtain p' where $p' \in ?Redexes$ unfolding st-red-def by blast from (finite ?Redexes) this obtain mp where $mp \in ?Redexes$ and $\bigwedge p'$. $(p', mp) \in (pos \text{-} ord \ C \ t) \implies p' \notin ?Redexes$ using pos-ord-acyclic [of C t] finite-proj-wf [of ?Redexes p' pos-ord C t] by blast have mr: minimal-redex mp (subst t σ) C S t **proof** (rule ccontr) **assume** \neg *minimal-redex mp* (subst t σ) *C S t* from this obtain p'' v' where $(p'', mp) \in (pos \text{-} ord \ C \ t)$ subterm (subst $t \ \sigma) \ p''$ v'and trm-rep $v' S \neq v'$ unfolding minimal-redex-def by blast show False **proof** (*cases*) assume (root-term S v') from this and (subterm (subst t σ) p'' v') (trm-rep v' $S \neq v'$) have $p'' \in ?Redexes$ by blast from this and $\langle \bigwedge p'. (p', mp) \in (pos-ord \ C \ t) \Longrightarrow p' \notin ?Redexes \rangle$ and $\langle (p'', mp) \rangle$ $\in (pos-ord \ C \ t)$ show False by blast **next assume** \neg (*root-term* S v') from $\langle trm\text{-rep } v' S \neq v' \rangle$ have st-red S v' using subterms-of-irred-trms-are-irred by blast from this obtain p''' v'' where subterm v' p''' v'' root-term S v'' trm-rep v'' $S \neq v''$ **unfolding** st-red-def by blast from (subterm v' p''' v'') and (subterm (subst t σ) p'' v') have subterm (subst t σ) (append p'' p''') v''

```
using subterm-of-a-subterm-is-a-subterm by metis

from this and \langle trm-rep \ v'' \ S \neq v'' \rangle \langle root-term \ S \ v'' \rangle

have (append \ p'' \ p''') \in ?Redexes by blast

from this and \langle \bigwedge p'. \ (p', \ mp) \in (pos \ ord \ C \ t) \implies p' \notin ?Redexes \rangle

have (append \ p'' \ p''', \ mp) \notin (pos \ ord \ C \ t) by blast

from this and \langle (p'', \ mp) \in (pos \ ord \ C \ t) \rangle show False using pos-ord-prefix

by auto

qed

qed
```

from $\langle mp \in ?Redexes \rangle$ obtain p v where mp=p subterm (subst t σ) p v and root-term S v

and trm-rep $v S \neq v$ unfolding st-red-def by blast

Second, we find the clause C2 and substitution η that are used to determine the value of v according to the definition of trm-rep, and we prove that they satisfy all the desired properties. In particular, clause C2 is renamed to ensure that it shares no variable with C.

from (subst t σ) p v have si: $(\exists x \ q1 \ q2. \ (is-a-variable \ x) \land (subterm \ (subst \ x \ \sigma) \ q1 \ v) \land$ (subterm t q2 x) \land (p = (append q2 q1))) \lor $((\exists u. (\neg(is-a-variable u) \land (subterm t p u) \land (v = (subst u \sigma)))))$ using subterms-of-instances by metis let $?v = trm - rep \ v \ S$ **from** $\langle trm-rep \ v \ S \neq v \rangle$ and $\langle root-term \ S \ v \rangle$ have $\langle v \in min-trms \ (set-of-candidate-values) \rangle$ S v) **unfolding** root-term-def get-min-def **by** (metis some-in-eq) **from** $\langle ?v \in min-trms (set-of-candidate-values S v) > obtain pair where <math>?v = fst$ pair and pair \in (set-of-candidate-values S v) and min-pair: $(\forall pair' \in set \text{-of-candidate-values } S v. (snd pair', snd pair) \notin trm \text{-ord})$ unfolding min-trms-def by blast **from** $\langle pair \in (set \text{-} of \text{-} candidate \text{-} values S v) \rangle$ have $\exists z \ CC \ C' \ C \ s \ L \ L' \ \sigma \ t' \ s'. \ pair = (z, \ s) \land (candidate-values \ z \ CC \ C' \ C \ s \ L \ L'$ $\sigma t' s' v S$) unfolding set-of-candidate-values-def [of S v] by blast from this obtain zz C2-init Cl-C2-init gr-Cl-C2 gr-rhs gr-L2 L2-init η -init lhs-init rhs-init where pair = (zz, qr-rhs)and (candidate-values zz C2-init Cl-C2-init gr-Cl-C2 gr-rhs gr-L2 L2-init η -init lhs-init rhs-init v S) by blast

from assms(7) and $\langle C \in S \rangle$ have finite (cl-ecl C) by auto from $\langle (candidate-values zz \ C2-init \ Cl-C2-init \ gr-Cl-C2 \ gr-rhs \ gr-L2 \ L2-init \ \eta-init \ lhs-init \ rhs-init \ v \ S) \rangle$ have finite Cl-C2-init unfolding candidate-values-def by metis

from $assms(11) \land closed$ -under-renaming $S \land (finite \ Cl-C2-init) \land (finite \ (cl-ecl \ C)) \land (finite \ C) \land (finite \$ (candidate-values zz C2-init Cl-C2-init gr-Cl-C2 gr-rhs gr-L2 L2-init η -init lhs-init rhs-init v S) obtain C2 Cl-C2 η L2 lhs rhs where (candidate-values zz C2 Cl-C2 gr-Cl-C2 gr-rhs gr-L2 L2 η lhs rhs v S) and $(vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \cap vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C2)) = \{\}$ using candidate-values-renaming [of zz C2-init Cl-C2-init gr-Cl-C2 gr-rhs gr-L2 L2-init η -init lhs-init rhs-init v S C] by auto from $\langle (andidate-values zz C2 Cl-C2 gr-Cl-C2 gr-rhs gr-L2 L2 \eta lhs rhs v S) \rangle$ and $\langle pair = (zz, gr-rhs) \rangle$ and $\langle ?v = fst pair \rangle$ have cv: (candidate-values ?v C2 Cl-C2 gr-Cl-C2 gr-rhs gr-L2 L2 η lhs rhs v S) by (metis fst-conv) from cv have $C2 \in S$ unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from cv have ground-clause gr-Cl-C2 unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from assms(7) and assms(10) have finite (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)) using set-of-variables-is-finite-cl by blast from cv have smaller-lits-are-false v gr-Cl-C2 S unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from cv have qr-Cl-C2 = subst-cl Cl-C2 η unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from cv have orient-lit-inst L2 lbs rbs pos η unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from cv have maximal-literal gr-L2 gr-Cl-C2 unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from cv have $gr-L2 = subst-lit L2 \eta$ unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from cv have ground-clause gr-Cl-C2 unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from cv have $L2 \in Cl-C2$ unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from this and $\langle qr-Cl-C2 = subst-cl \ Cl-C2 \ \eta \rangle$ and $\langle qr-L2 = subst-lit \ L2 \ \eta \rangle$ have $gr-L2 \in gr-Cl-C2$ by auto from cv have trm-rep v S = trm-rep gr-rhs Sunfolding candidate-values-def by metis from cv have $(gr-rhs, v) \in trm-ord$ unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from cv have Cl-C2 = cl-ecl C2unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from cv have $v \notin subst-set$ (trms-ecl C2) η unfolding candidate-values-def by metis

from cv have $sel(cl-ecl C2) = \{\}$

unfolding candidate-values-def by metis

from this and $\langle maximal-literal \ gr-L2 \ gr-Cl-C2 \rangle$ and $\langle gr-Cl-C2 = subst-cl \ Cl-C2 \ \eta \rangle$

and $\langle Cl-C2 = (cl-ecl \ C2) \rangle$ and $\langle gr-L2 = subst-lit \ L2 \ \eta \rangle$ have eligible-literal L2 C2 η

unfolding eligible-literal-def by auto from cv have $(gr\text{-}rhs, v) \in trm\text{-}ord$ **unfolding** candidate-values-def by metis

from cv have norm: $(\forall x. (\exists x' \in trms-ecl C2. occurs-in x (subst x' \eta)) \longrightarrow (x, v) \in trm-ord \longrightarrow trm-rep x S = x)$ **unfolding** candidate-values-def trms-irreducible-def by metis

from $\langle ground\text{-}clause \ gr\text{-}Cl\text{-}C2 \rangle$ and $\langle gr\text{-}L2 \in gr\text{-}Cl\text{-}C2 \rangle$ have vars-of-lit $gr\text{-}L2 = \{\}$

by auto

from cv have v = subst lhs η unfolding candidate-values-def by metis from cv have gr-rhs = subst $rhs \eta$ unfolding candidate-values-def by metis

let $?I = (same-values (\lambda t. (trm-rep t S)))$

have no-fact: \neg equivalent-eq-exists lhs rhs Cl-C2 (same-values (λt . trm-rep t S)) η L2

proof

assume equivalent-eq-exists lhs rhs Cl-C2 (same-values (λt . trm-rep t S)) η L2 from this have $\exists L \in Cl-C2 - \{L2\}. \exists u \ v. \ orient-lit-inst \ L \ u \ v \ pos \ \eta \ \land$

subst lhs η = subst u $\eta \land$ same-values (λt . trm-rep t S) (subst rhs η) (subst v η)

unfolding equivalent-eq-exists-def **by** blast

from this obtain M where $M \in Cl$ - $C2 - \{L2\}$ and $e: \exists u \ v. \ orient$ -lit-inst M $u \ v \ pos \ \eta \ \land$

subst lhs η = subst u $\eta \land$ same-values (λt . trm-rep t S) (subst rhs η) (subst v η)

by blast

from e obtain u' v' where orient-lit-inst M u' v' pos η

and i: subst lhs η = subst u' $\eta \land$ same-values (λt . trm-rep t S) (subst rhs η) (subst v' η)

by blast

from *i* have subst lhs η = subst u' η by blast

from *i* have trm-rep (subst rhs η) S = trm-rep (subst $v' \eta$) S unfolding same-values-def by blast

let $?u' = (subst \ u' \ \eta)$

let $?v' = (subst v' \eta)$

from (orient-lit-inst $M u' v' pos \eta$) have orient-lit (subst-lit $M \eta$) ?u' ?v' posusing lift-orient-lit by auto

from (orient-lit-inst L2 lhs rhs pos η) have orient-lit (subst-lit L2 η) (subst lhs

 η) (subst rhs η) pos using lift-orient-lit by auto from $\langle orient-lit-inst M u' v' pos \eta \rangle$ and $\langle M \in (Cl-C2 - \{L2\}) \rangle$ and $\langle qr-Cl-C2 = subst-cl \ Cl-C2 \ \eta \rangle$ have eq-occurs-in-cl $?u' ?v' (Cl-C2 - \{L2\}) \eta$ unfolding eq-occurs-in-cl-def by auto from $\langle M \in Cl-C2 - \{L2\} \rangle$ and $\langle gr-Cl-C2 = subst-cl \ Cl-C2 \ \eta \rangle$ have $(subst-lit \ M \ \eta) \in (subst-cl \ (Cl-C2 - \{ L2 \}) \ \eta)$ by auto from $\langle M \in Cl-C2 - \{L2\} \rangle$ and $\langle gr-Cl-C2 = subst-cl \ Cl-C2 \ \eta \rangle$ have $(subst-lit \ M \ \eta) \in gr-Cl-C2$ by auto from $\langle vars-of-lit \ gr-L2 = \{\}\rangle$ and $\langle gr-L2 = subst-lit \ L2 \ \eta\rangle$ $\langle orient-lit (subst-lit L2 \eta) (subst lhs \eta) (subst rhs \eta) pos \rangle$ have vars-of (subst rhs η) = {} using orient-lit-vars by blast from $\langle ground-clause \ gr-Cl-C2 \rangle$ and $\langle (subst-lit \ M \ \eta) \in gr-Cl-C2 \rangle$ have vars-of-lit (subst-lit $M \eta$) = {} by auto **from** this and (orient-lit (subst-lit $M \eta$) ?u' ?v' pos) have vars-of $?v' = \{\}$ using orient-lit-vars by blast from $\langle maximal-literal \ gr-L2 \ gr-Cl-C2 \rangle$ and $\langle (subst-lit \ M \ \eta) \in gr-Cl-C2 \rangle$ have $(gr-L2, (subst-lit \ M \ \eta)) \notin lit-ord$ unfolding maximal-literal-def by auto from this and (orient-lit (subst-lit $M \eta$) ?u' ?v' pos) and *(orient-lit (subst-lit L2 \eta) (subst lhs \eta) (subst rhs \eta) pos)* and (subst lhs $\eta = \text{subst } u' \eta$) and $\langle vars-of-lit \ gr-L2 = \{\}\rangle$ and $\langle vars-of-lit \ (subst-lit \ M \ \eta) = \{\}\rangle$ and $\langle gr-L2 = subst-lit L2 \eta \rangle$ have $((subst rhs \eta), ?v') \notin trm-ord$ using *lit-ord-rhs* by *auto* from this and (vars-of $?v' = \{\}$) and (vars-of (subst rhs $\eta) = \{\}$) have $?v' = (subst rhs \eta) \lor (?v', (subst rhs \eta)) \in trm-ord$ using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by auto from this and $\langle (gr-rhs,v) \in trm-ord \rangle$ and $\langle gr-rhs = subst rhs \eta \rangle$ have $(?v',v) \in trm$ -ord using trm-ord-trans unfolding trans-def by auto from cv have maximal-literal-is-unique v gr-rhs Cl-C2 L2 S η unfolding candidate-values-def by metis **from** (orient-lit-inst $M u' v' pos \eta$) **have** ((subst $u' \eta$),(subst $v' \eta$)) \notin trm-ord unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto have trm-rep gr-rhs $S \neq$ trm-rep (subst v' η) S by (metis $\langle (subst \ v' \ \eta, \ v) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle \langle (gr\text{-}rhs, \ v) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ $\langle subst\ lhs\ \eta = subst\ u'\ \eta \rangle$ $\langle eq$ -occurs-in-cl (subst $u' \eta$) (subst $v' \eta$) (Cl-C2 - {L2}) $\eta \rangle$ $\langle maximal-literal-is-unique \ v \ gr-rhs \ Cl-C2 \ L2 \ S \ \eta \rangle \ \langle v = subst \ lhs \ \eta \rangle$ maximal-literal-is-unique-def)

from this and $\langle trm-rep (subst rhs \eta) S = trm-rep (subst v' \eta) S \rangle$ and $\langle gr-rhs = (subst rhs \eta) \rangle$ show False by blast qed from this $\langle gr-Cl-C2 = subst-cl \ Cl-C2 \ \eta \rangle$ and $\langle gr-L2 = subst-lit \ L2 \ \eta \rangle$ and $\langle smaller-lits-are-false \ v \ gr-Cl-C2 \ S \rangle$ and assms(9) and $\langle orient-lit-inst \ L2 \ lhs \ rhs \ pos \ \eta \rangle$ and $\langle maximal-literal \ gr-L2 \ gr-Cl-C2 \rangle$ and $\langle grund-clause \ gr-Cl-C2 \rangle$ and $\langle gr-L2 \in \ gr-Cl-C2 \rangle$ and $\langle v = subst \ lhs \ \eta \rangle \ \langle gr-rhs = subst \ rhs \ \eta \rangle$ and $\langle trm-rep \ v \ S = \ trm-rep \ gr-rhs \ S \rangle$ have $(\neg \ validate-ground-clause \ ?I \ (subst-cl \ (\ Cl-C2 \ - \{ \ L2 \ \} \ \eta)))$ using if-all-smaller-are-false-then-cl-not-valid [of lhs $\eta \ Cl-C2 \ S \ L2 \ rhs$] by blast

We fuse the substitutions σ and η so that the superposition rule can be applied:

from $\langle ground-clause \ (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma) \rangle$ **have** ground-on (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)) σ using ground-clauses-and-ground-substs by auto

from (finite (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C))) (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C) \cap vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C2)) = {})

 $\langle ground$ -on $(vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)) \sigma \rangle$ obtain σ' where

coincide-on $\sigma' \sigma$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)) and coincide-on $\sigma' \eta$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C2))

using combine-substs [of (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)) (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C2)) $\sigma \eta$] by blast

from (coincide-on $\sigma' \sigma$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C))) have coincide-on $\sigma \sigma'$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C))

using coincide-sym by auto

from (coincide-on $\sigma' \eta$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C2))) have coincide-on $\eta \sigma'$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C2))

using coincide-sym by auto

from (eligible-literal L1 $C \sigma$) (L1 \in (cl-ecl C)) (coincide-on $\sigma \sigma'$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)))

have eligible-literal L1 C σ' using eligible-literal-coincide by auto

from (eligible-literal L2 C2 η) (L2 \in Cl-C2) (Cl-C2 = (cl-ecl C2)) (coincide-on η σ'

 $(vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C2))$

have eligible-literal L2 C2 σ' using eligible-literal-coincide by auto

from $\langle ground-clause \ gr-Cl-C2 \rangle$ and $\langle gr-Cl-C2 = (subst-cl \ Cl-C2 \ \eta) \rangle$ have ground-clause (subst-cl Cl-C2 σ')

by (metis (Cl-C2 = cl-ecl C2) (coincide-on $\sigma' \eta$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C2))) coincide-on-cl)

from $\langle coincide-on \sigma \sigma' (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)) \rangle \langle L1 \in (cl-ecl C) \rangle$ have coincide-on $\sigma \sigma' (vars-of-lit L1)$ unfolding coincide-on-def by auto

from (coincide-on $\eta \sigma'$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C2))) (L2 \in Cl-C2) and (Cl-C2 = (cl-ecl C2))

have coincide-on $\eta \sigma'$ (vars-of-lit L2) unfolding coincide-on-def by auto

from $\langle (orient-lit-inst L1 \ t \ s \ polarity \ \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle coincide-on \ \sigma \ \sigma' \ (vars-of-lit \ L1) \rangle$

have (orient-lit-inst L1 t s polarity σ') using orient-lit-inst-coincide [of L1 t s polarity $\sigma \sigma'$] by blast

from $\langle (orient-lit-inst L2 \ lhs \ rhs \ pos \ \eta) \rangle$ and $\langle coincide-on \ \eta \ \sigma' \ (vars-of-lit \ L2) \rangle$

have (orient-lit-inst L2 lhs rhs pos σ') using orient-lit-inst-coincide by blast

To prove that the superposition rule is applicable, we need to show that v does not occur inside a variable:

have $\neg(\exists x \ q1 \ q2. \ (is-a-variable \ x) \land (subterm \ (subst \ x \ \sigma) \ q1 \ v) \land$ (subterm $t \ q2 \ x$) \land ($p = (append \ q2 \ q1)$)) proof **assume** $(\exists x \ q1 \ q2. \ (is-a-variable \ x) \land (subterm \ (subst \ x \ \sigma) \ q1 \ v) \land$ (subterm t q 2 x) \land (p = (append q 2 q 1))) then obtain x q1 q2 where is-a-variable x subterm (subst x σ) q1 v (subterm (subst $x \sigma$) q1 v) (subterm t q2 x) by auto from $\langle (subterm (subst x \sigma) q 1 v) \rangle$ have occurs-in v (subst x $\sigma)$ unfolding occurs-in-def by auto from (is-a-variable x) obtain x' where x = Var x' using is-a-variable.elims(2) **by** blast **from** (subterm t q2 x) have $x \in$ subterms-of t using subterms-of.simps unfolding occurs-in-def by blast from this have $x \in$ subterms-of-lit L1 using assms(6) by (simp add: ori*ent-lit-inst-subterms*) from this $(L1 \in (cl-ecl \ C))$ have $x \in subterms$ -of-cl $(cl-ecl \ C)$ by auto from this have vars-of $x \subseteq vars-of-cl$ (cl-ecl C) using subterm-vars by blast from this and $\langle x = (Var \ x') \rangle$ have $x' \in vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C)$ by auto from $\langle x' \in vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \rangle \langle occurs-in \ v \ (subst \ x \ \sigma) \rangle$ $\langle x = Var \ x' \rangle \ assms(2)$ have trm-rep $v \ S = v$ by blast from this and $\langle trm\text{-rep } v \ S \neq v \rangle$ show False by blast ged from this and si obtain u where \neg (is-a-variable u) (subterm t p u) and v = (subst $u \sigma$) by auto **from** (orient-lit-inst L1 t s polarity σ) have vars-of $t \subseteq$ vars-of-lit L1 using orient-lit-inst-vars by auto

from (subterm t p u) have vars-of $u \subseteq$ vars-of t using vars-subterm by auto **from** (vars-of $t \subseteq$ vars-of-lit L1) (vars-of $u \subseteq$ vars-of t) (coincide-on $\sigma \sigma$) (vars-of-lit L1)) have coincide-on $\sigma \sigma'$ (vars-of u) unfolding coincide-on-def by blast from this have subst $u \sigma = subst u \sigma'$ using coincide-on-term by auto

from (orient-lit-inst L2 lhs rhs pos η) have vars-of lhs \subseteq vars-of-lit L2 and vars-of rhs \subseteq vars-of-lit L2 using orient-lit-inst-vars by auto

from $\langle vars-of \ lhs \subseteq vars-of-lit \ L2 \rangle \langle coincide-on \ \eta \ \sigma' \ (vars-of-lit \ L2) \rangle$

have coincide-on $\eta \sigma'$ (vars-of lhs) unfolding coincide-on-def by blast from this have subst lhs $\eta =$ subst lhs σ'

using coincide-on-term by auto

from $\langle vars-of rhs \subseteq vars-of-lit L2 \rangle \langle coincide-on \eta \sigma' (vars-of-lit L2) \rangle$ have coincide-on $\eta \sigma' (vars-of rhs)$ unfolding coincide-on-def by blast from this have subst rhs $\eta = subst rhs \sigma'$ using coincide-on-term by auto

from $\langle trm-rep \ v \ S = trm-rep \ gr-rhs \ S \rangle$ **and** $\langle v = subst \ lhs \ \eta \rangle$ **and** $\langle gr-rhs = (subst \ rhs \ \eta) \rangle$

have trm-rep (subst rhs η) S = trm-rep (subst lhs η) S by metis

from this and (subst rhs η = subst rhs σ') (subst lhs η = subst lhs σ') have trm-rep (subst rhs σ') S = trm-rep (subst lhs σ') S by metis

from (subst lhs η = subst lhs σ') (subst u σ = subst u σ') (v = subst u σ) and (v = subst lhs η)

have subst $u \sigma' = subst \ lhs \ \sigma'$ by auto

from (coincide-on $\sigma' \eta$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C2))) and (Cl-C2 = (cl-ecl C2)) have coincide-on $\sigma' \eta$ (vars-of-cl (Cl-C2 - { L2 })) unfolding coincide-on-def by auto

from this and $\langle (\neg validate-ground-clause ?I (subst-cl (Cl-C2 - { L2 }) \eta) \rangle$ have $(\neg validate-ground-clause ?I (subst-cl (Cl-C2 - { L2 }) \sigma'))$ using coincide-on-cl by metis

have $(\forall x \in cl\text{-}ecl \ C2 - \{L2\})$. (subst-lit $x \ \sigma'$, subst-lit $L2 \ \sigma') \in lit\text{-}ord$) proof

fix x assume $x \in cl - cl C2 - \{L2\}$

from $\langle L2 \in Cl-C2 \rangle$ and $\langle gr-L2 = (subst-lit L2 \eta) \rangle$

 $\langle gr-Cl-C2 = (subst-cl \ Cl-C2 \ \eta) \rangle$ have $gr-L2 \in gr-Cl-C2$ by auto

from this and $\langle ground-clause \ gr-Cl-C2 \rangle$ have vars-of-lit $gr-L2 = \{\}$ by auto from $\langle x \in cl-ecl \ C2 - \{L2\} \rangle$ and $\langle Cl-C2 = (cl-ecl \ C2) \rangle \langle gr-Cl-C2 = (subst-cl \ Cl-C2 \ \eta) \rangle$

have $(subst-lit \ x \ \eta) \in gr-Cl-C2$ by auto

from this and $\langle ground\text{-}clause \ gr\text{-}Cl\text{-}C2 \rangle$ have vars-of-lit (subst-lit $x \eta$) = {} by auto

from this $\langle x \in cl\text{-}ecl \ C2 - \{L2\} \rangle$ (maximal-literal gr-L2 gr-Cl-C2) $\langle Cl\text{-}C2 = cl\text{-}ecl \ C2 \rangle$

 $\langle gr-L2 = (subst-lit \ L2 \ \eta) \rangle$

 $\langle gr-Cl-C2 = (subst-cl \ Cl-C2 \ \eta) \rangle$ $\langle orient-lit-inst \ L2 \ lhs \ rhs \ pos \ \eta \rangle$ no-fact

assms(9)

x

 $\langle vars-of-lit \ gr-L2 = \{\} \rangle \langle vars-of-lit \ (subst-lit \ x \ \eta) = \{\} \rangle$ have (subst-lit $x \eta$, subst-lit L2 η) \in lit-ord using max-pos-lit-dominates-cl [of L2 η Cl-C2 lhs rhs x ?I] by metis from $\langle L2 \in Cl-C2 \rangle$ have vars-of-lit $L2 \subseteq vars-of-cl \ Cl-C2$ by auto from this and (coincide-on $\sigma' \eta$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C2))) and (cl-C2 = cl-ecl C2have coincide-on $\sigma' \eta$ (vars-of-lit L2) unfolding coincide-on-def by auto from this have subst-lit L2 σ' = subst-lit L2 η using coincide-on-lit by auto

from $\langle x \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C2) - \{L2\} \rangle$ have $x \in cl\text{-}ecl \ C2$ by auto from this have vars-of-lit $x \subseteq vars-of-cl$ (cl-ecl C2) by auto from this and (coincide-on $\sigma' \eta$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C2))) have coincide-on $\sigma' \eta$ (vars-of-lit x) unfolding coincide-on-def by auto from this have subst-lit x σ' = subst-lit x η using coincide-on-lit by auto **from** $\langle (subst-lit \ x \ \eta, \ subst-lit \ L2 \ \eta) \in lit\text{-}ord \rangle$ $\langle subst-lit \ L2 \ \sigma' = subst-lit \ L2 \ \eta \rangle$ $\langle subst-lit \ x \ \sigma' = subst-lit \ x \ \eta \rangle$ show (subst-lit x σ' ,subst-lit L2 σ') \in lit-ord by metis qed have all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl C2) σ') (λt . trm-rep t S) **proof** (*rule ccontr*) **assume** $\neg all$ -trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl C2) σ') (λt . trm-rep t S) from this obtain x y where $x \in (subst-set (trms-ecl C2) \sigma')$ and occurs-in y and trm-rep $y S \neq y$ unfolding all-trms-irreducible-def by blast from $\langle x \in (subst-set (trms-ecl C2) \sigma') \rangle$ obtain x' where $x' \in trms-ecl C2$ and $x = (subst x' \sigma')$ by auto from assms(11) and $\langle x' \in (trms-ecl \ C2) \rangle$ and $\langle C2 \in S \rangle$ have dom-trm x' (cl-ecl C2) unfolding Ball-def well-constrained-def by blast from this obtain x''where $x'' \in subterms$ -of-cl (cl-ecl C2) and $x'' = x' \lor (x',x'') \in trm$ -ord using dom-trm-lemma by blast from $\langle dom-trm \ x' \ (cl-ecl \ C2) \rangle$ have vars-of $x' \subset vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C2)$ using dom-trm-vars by blast from this and (coincide-on $\sigma' \eta$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C2))) have coincide-on σ' $\eta (vars-of x')$ unfolding coincide-on-def by auto from this have (subst $x' \eta$) = (subst $x' \sigma'$) using coincide-on-term by metis from this and $\langle x = (subst \ x' \ \sigma') \rangle$ have $x = (subst \ x' \ \eta)$ by auto from this and $\langle x' \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C2 \rangle$ have $x \in (subst\text{-}set \ (trms\text{-}ecl \ C2) \ \eta)$ by auto from $\langle x'' \in (subterms-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C2)) \rangle$ have $(subst x'' \eta) \in (subterms-of-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl C2) \eta))$

from (orient-lit-inst L2 lhs rhs pos η) (gr-rhs = (subst rhs η)) $\langle gr-L2 = (subst-lit \ L2 \ \eta) \rangle$ have orient-lit gr-L2 (subst lhs η) gr-rhs pos using *lift-orient-lit* by *auto* from $\langle ground\text{-}clause \ gr\text{-}Cl\text{-}C2 \rangle$ have vars-of-cl $gr\text{-}Cl\text{-}C2 = \{\}$ by auto from $\langle vars-of-lit gr-L2 = \{\} \rangle \langle vars-of-cl gr-Cl-C2 = \{\} \rangle$ $\langle (subst x'' \eta) \in (subterms-of-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl C2) \eta)) \rangle$ $\langle orient-lit \ gr-L2 \ (subst \ lhs \ \eta) \ gr-rhs \ pos \rangle \langle maximal-literal \ gr-L2 \ gr-Cl-C2 \rangle$ $\langle Cl-C2 = cl-ecl \ C2 \rangle \langle gr-L2 = (subst-lit \ L2 \ \eta) \rangle$ $\langle gr-Cl-C2 = (subst-cl \ Cl-C2 \ \eta) \rangle \langle v = (subst \ lhs \ \eta) \rangle \langle v = (subst \ lhs \ \eta) \rangle$ have $(subst x'' \eta) = v \lor (((subst x'' \eta), v) \in trm\text{-}ord)$ using subterms-dominated [of gr-L2 gr-Cl-C2 (subst lhs η) gr-rhs pos subst $x'' \eta$ by *metis* from $\langle x'' = x' \lor (x',x'') \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle \ \langle x = (subst \ x' \ \eta) \rangle$ have $(subst x'' \eta) = x \lor (x, (subst x'' \eta)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using trm-ord-subst by metis from this and $\langle (subst x'' \eta) = v \lor (((subst x'' \eta), v) \in trm\text{-}ord) \rangle$ have $x = v \lor ((x,v) \in trm\text{-}ord)$ using trm-ord-trans trans-def by metis then show False proof assume x = vfrom this and $\langle v \notin subst-set (trms-ecl C2) \eta \rangle$ $\langle x \in (subst-set (trms-ecl C2) \eta) \rangle$ show False by auto \mathbf{next} assume $(x,v) \in trm$ -ord from (occurs-in y x) have $y = x \lor (y,x) \in trm$ -ord unfolding occurs-in-def using subterm-trm-ord-eq by auto from this and $\langle (x,v) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ have $(y,v) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using trm-ord-trans unfolding trans-def by metis from this and norm and $\langle trm-rep \ y \ S \neq y \rangle$ and $\langle occurs-in \ y \ x \rangle$ and $\langle x' \in$ trms-ecl C2and $\langle x = (subst \ x' \ \eta) \rangle$ show False by metis qed qed from (subterm t p u) have $u = t \lor (u,t) \in trm$ -ord using subterm-trm-ord-eq by auto from assms(8) and $(L1 \in (cl-ecl \ C))$ have vars-of-lit (subst-lit $L1 \ \sigma) = \{\}$ **by** *auto* from (coincide-on $\sigma \sigma'$ (vars-of-lit L1)) have (subst-lit L1 σ) = (subst-lit L1

 σ')

using coincide-on-lit by metis

from this **and** $\langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma) = \{\}\rangle$

have vars-of-lit (subst-lit L1 σ') = {} by auto

from (coincide-on $\eta \sigma'$ (vars-of-lit L2)) have (subst-lit L2 η) = (subst-lit L2 σ')

using coincide-on-lit by metis

from (vars-of-lit gr-L2 = {}) (ground-clause gr-Cl-C2) (gr-Cl-C2 = (subst-cl Cl-C2 η))

 $\langle L2 \in Cl-C2 \rangle$ have vars-of-lit (subst-lit L2 η) = {} by auto from this and $\langle (subst-lit L2 \eta) = (subst-lit L2 \sigma') \rangle$ have vars-of-lit (subst-lit L2 σ') = {} by auto

We now prove that the "into" clause is strictly smaller than the "from" clause. This is easy if the rewritten literal is negative or if the reduction does not occur at root level. Otherwise, we must use the fact that the function *trm-rep* selects the smallest right-hand side to compute the value of a term.

have (subst-lit L2 σ' , subst-lit L1 σ') \in lit-ord **proof** (rule ccontr) assume \neg (subst-lit L2 σ' , subst-lit L1 σ') \in lit-ord **from** (orient-lit-inst L1 t s polarity σ') have orient-lit (subst-lit L1 σ') (subst t σ') (subst s σ') polarity using lift-orient-lit [of L1 t s polarity σ'] by auto **from** (orient-lit-inst L2 lbs rbs pos σ') have orient-lit (subst-lit L2 σ') (subst lhs σ') (subst rhs σ') pos using *lift-orient-lit* by *auto* have $(u,t) \notin trm$ -ord proof assume $(u,t) \in trm$ -ord from this have (subst $u \sigma'$, subst $t \sigma'$) \in trm-ord using trm-ord-subst by auto have False subst $u \sigma' = subst \ lhs \ \sigma'$ using $\langle (subst \ u \ \sigma', \ subst \ t \ \sigma') \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ $\langle (subst-lit \ L2 \ \sigma', \ subst-lit \ L1 \ \sigma') \notin lit-ord \rangle \langle subst \ lhs \ \eta = subst \ lhs \ \sigma' \rangle$ $\langle subst \ u \ \sigma = subst \ u \ \sigma' \rangle \langle subst-lit \ L2 \ \eta = subst-lit \ L2 \ \sigma' \rangle \langle gr-L2 = subst-lit$ L2 n $\langle orient-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma') (subst t \sigma') (subst s \sigma') polarity \rangle$ $\langle orient-lit (subst-lit L2 \sigma') (subst lhs \sigma') (subst rhs \sigma') pos \langle v = subst lhs \sigma' \rangle$ η $\langle v = subst \ u \ \sigma \rangle \langle vars-of-lit \ (subst-lit \ L1 \ \sigma') = \{\} \rangle \langle vars-of-lit \ gr-L2 = \{\} \rangle$ *lit-ord-dominating-term* **apply** *fastforce* using $\langle (subst \ u \ \sigma', subst \ t \ \sigma') \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ $\langle (subst-lit \ L2 \ \sigma', \ subst-lit \ L1 \ \sigma') \notin lit-ord \rangle$ $\langle subst \ u \ \sigma' = subst \ lhs \ \sigma' \rangle$ (orient-lit (subst-lit L1 σ') (subst t σ') (subst s σ') polarity) (orient-lit (subst-lit L2 σ') (subst lhs σ') (subst rhs σ') pos> $\langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma') = \{\} \rangle \langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit L2 \sigma') = \{\} \rangle$ *lit-ord-dominating-term* **by** *fastforce* then show False by auto qed

from this and (subterm t p u) have p = Nil using subterm-trm-ord by auto

have \neg proper-subterm-red t S σ proof assume proper-subterm-red t S σ from this obtain p' s where $p' \neq Nil$ and subterm t p' s trm-rep (subst $s \sigma$) $S \neq$ (subst $s \sigma$) unfolding proper-subterm-red-def by blast from $\langle p = Nil \rangle$ and $\langle p' \neq Nil \rangle$ have $(p',p) \in (pos-ord \ C \ t)$ using pos-ord-nil by auto **from** (subterm t p' s) have subterm (subst t σ) p' (subst s σ) **by** (*simp add: substs-preserve-subterms*) from this and $\langle (p',p) \in (pos-ord \ C \ t) \rangle$ mr and $\langle trm-rep \ (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ S \neq$ $(subst \ s \ \sigma) \land (mp = p)$ show False using minimal-redex-def by blast qed from $\langle (u,t) \notin trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ and $\langle u = t \lor (u,t) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ have u = t by *auto* have polarity = pos**proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume $polarity \neq pos$ then have polarity = neg using sign.exhaust by auto from $\langle u = t \rangle$ have subst t $\sigma' = subst u \sigma'$ by auto from this and $\langle v = (subst \ u \ \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle v = (subst \ lhs \ \eta) \rangle$ and (subst lhs $\eta =$ subst lhs σ') and $\langle (subst \ u \ \sigma) \rangle = (subst \ u \ \sigma') \rangle$ have (subst t σ') = (subst lhs σ') by auto from this and $\langle polarity = neg \rangle \langle orient-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma')$ (subst t σ') (subst s σ') polarity) and *(orient-lit (subst-lit L2 \sigma')* (subst lhs σ') (subst rhs σ') pos> $\langle (subst-lit \ L2 \ \sigma', \ subst-lit \ L1 \ \sigma') \notin lit-ord \rangle$ $\langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma') = \{\} \rangle$ $\langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit L2 \sigma') = \{\} \rangle$ show False using lit-ord-neg-lit-lhs by auto qed **from** $\langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma) = \{\} \rangle assms(6)$ have vars-of (subst $t \sigma$) = {} using lift-orient-lit orient-lit-vars by blast from $\langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma) = \{\} \rangle assms(6)$ have vars-of (subst s σ) = {} using lift-orient-lit orient-lit-vars **by** blast have trm-rep (subst t σ) $S \neq$ trm-rep (subst s σ) S proof assume trm-rep (subst t σ) S = trm-rep (subst s σ) Sfrom this have validate-ground-eq ?I (Eq (subst t σ) (subst s σ)) unfolding same-values-def using validate-ground-eq.simps by (metis (mono-tags, lifting)) **from** $\langle trm\text{-rep} (subst t \sigma) S = trm\text{-rep} (subst s \sigma) S \rangle$

have validate-ground-eq ?I (Eq (subst s σ) (subst t σ)) unfolding same-values-def using validate-ground-eq.simps by (metis (mono-tags, lifting)) from $\langle orient\-lit\-inst\ L1\ t\ s\ polarity\ \sigma \rangle$ and $\langle polarity=pos \rangle$ have $L1 = (Pos (Eq t s)) \lor L1 = (Pos (Eq s t))$ unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto **from** this have subst-lit L1 $\sigma = (Pos (Eq (subst t \sigma) (subst s \sigma))) \lor$ subst-lit L1 $\sigma = (Pos (Eq (subst s \sigma) (subst t \sigma)))$ by auto from this and (validate-ground-eq ?I (Eq (subst s σ) (subst t σ))) and $\langle validate-ground-eq ?I (Eq (subst t \sigma) (subst s \sigma)) \rangle$ have validate-ground-lit ?I (subst-lit L1 σ) using validate-ground-lit.simps(1) by *metis* from $(L1 \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C))$ have $(subst-lit \ L1 \ \sigma) \in (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma)$ by autofrom this and $\langle validate-ground-lit ?I (subst-lit L1 \sigma) \rangle$ have validate-ground-clause ?I (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) σ) using validate-ground-clause.simps by metis from this and $\langle \neg validate-ground-clause (int-clset S) (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ show False unfolding int-clset-def by blast qed have cv': (candidate-values (trm-rep (subst $s \sigma$) S) C (cl-ecl C) (subst-cl (cl-ecl $C) \sigma$ $(subst \ s \ \sigma) \ (subst-lit \ L1 \ \sigma) \ L1 \ \sigma \ t \ s \ v \ S)$ proof from $\langle polarity = pos \rangle$ and $\langle orient-lit-inst L1 \ t \ s \ polarity \ \sigma \rangle$ have $\neg nega$ tive-literal L1 unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto from this and (eligible-literal L1 $C \sigma$) have $sel(cl-ecl \ C) = \{\}$ and maximal-literal (subst-lit L1 σ) (subst-cl $(cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma)$ using sel-neg unfolding eligible-literal-def by auto from $\langle v = subst \ u \ \sigma \rangle$ and $\langle u = t \rangle$ have $v = subst \ t \ \sigma$ by auto from $assms(7) \langle C \in S \rangle$ have finite (cl-ecl C) by auto have $v \notin subst-set$ (trms-ecl C) σ proof assume $v \in subst-set$ (trms-ecl C) σ from this and assms(12) (subterm (subst t σ) p v) (v = subst t σ) have trm-rep v S = v unfolding all-trms-irreducible-def occurs-in-def by blast from this $\langle v = subst \ t \ \sigma \rangle \ \langle trm\text{-rep} \ (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ S \neq (subst \ t \ \sigma) \rangle$ show False by blast qed from assms(13) have smaller-lits-are-false v (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) σ) S using smaller-lits-are-false-if-cl-not-valid [of S (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) σ)] by blast**from** $assms(1) \langle \neg proper-subterm-red t S \sigma \rangle \langle polarity=pos \rangle \langle v = subst t \sigma \rangle$ have

maximal-literal-is-unique v (subst s σ) (cl-ecl C) L1 S σ

```
using maximal-literal-is-unique-lemma [of t s (cl-ecl C) S \sigma L1] by blast
         from (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl C) \sigma) (\lambda t. trm-rep t S))
           have trms-irreducible C \sigma S v using trms-irreducible-lemma [of C \sigma S v]
by blast
         have (subst \ s \ \sigma, \ subst \ t \ \sigma) \in trm\text{-}ord
         proof -
         from (orient-lit-inst L1 t s polarity \sigma) have (subst t \sigma, subst s \sigma) \notin trm-ord
              unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto
           from \langle trm\text{-rep} (subst t \sigma) S \neq trm\text{-rep} (subst s \sigma) S \rangle
              have (subst \ t \ \sigma) \neq (subst \ s \ \sigma) by metis
           from this and \langle (subst \ t \ \sigma, \ subst \ s \ \sigma) \notin trm\text{-}ord \rangle
              \langle vars-of (subst t \sigma) = \{\} \rangle
              \langle vars-of (subst \ s \ \sigma) = \{\} \rangle
             show (subst s \sigma, subst t \sigma) \in trm-ord
              using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by metis
         qed
         from \langle C \in S \rangle \langle (subst \ s \ \sigma, subst \ t \ \sigma) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle
           and \langle polarity = pos \rangle \langle orient-lit-inst L1 \ t \ s \ polarity \ \sigma \rangle and \langle sel \ (cl-ecl \ C) =
{}>
           and \langle L1 \in cl\text{-}ecl \ C \rangle
           and \langle maximal-literal (subst-lit L1 \sigma) (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle
           and \langle ground\text{-}clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle and \langle v = subst t \sigma \rangle
           and \langle finite (cl-ecl C) \rangle
           and \langle v \notin subst-set (trms-ecl C) \sigma \rangle
           and \langle smaller-lits-are-false v (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) S \rangle
           and \langle maximal-literal-is-unique v (subst s \sigma) (cl-ecl C) L1 S \sigma \rangle
           and \langle trms-irreducible \ C \ \sigma \ S \ v \rangle
           show cv': (candidate-values (trm-rep (subst s \sigma) S) C (cl-ecl C) (subst-cl
(cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma)
              (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ (subst-lit \ L1 \ \sigma) \ L1 \ \sigma \ t \ s \ v \ S)
              unfolding candidate-values-def by blast
     qed
     from cv' have (trm-rep (subst s \sigma) S, (subst s \sigma)) \in set-of-candidate-values S
v
     unfolding set-of-candidate-values-def by blast
     from this and min-pair and \langle pair = (zz, gr-rhs) \rangle
      have ((subst \ s \ \sigma), gr\text{-}rhs) \notin trm\text{-}ord
      by (metis snd-conv)
     have (subst s \sigma) \neq gr-rhs
       using \langle trm-rep v S = trm-rep gr-rhs S \rangle \langle u = t \rangle \langle v = subst | u | \sigma \rangle
              \langle trm-rep \ (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ S \neq trm-rep \ (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ S \rangle by blast
     have vars-of gr-rhs = \{\}
       using (subst rhs \eta =  subst rhs \sigma')
       \langle subst-lit L2 \ \eta = subst-lit L2 \ \sigma' \rangle
       \langle gr-L2 = subst-lit \ L2 \ \eta \rangle \langle gr-rhs = subst \ rhs \ \eta \rangle
```

 $\langle orient-lit (subst-lit L2 \sigma') (subst lhs \sigma') (subst rhs \sigma') pos \rangle$ $\langle vars-of-lit \ gr-L2 = \{\} \rangle$ orient-lit-vars by fastforce **from** $\langle (subst \ s \ \sigma) \neq gr\text{-}rhs \rangle$ **and** $\langle vars\text{-}of \ (subst \ s \ \sigma) = \{\} \rangle \langle vars\text{-}of \ gr\text{-}rhs = \{\} \rangle$ {} $\langle ((subst \ s \ \sigma), gr\text{-}rhs) \notin trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ have $(qr-rhs, (subst \ s \ \sigma)) \in trm-ord$ using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by blast have (subst-lit L2 σ' , subst-lit L1 σ') \in lit-ord using $\langle (gr\text{-}rhs, subst \ s \ \sigma) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ (subst lhs η = subst lhs σ') (subst rhs η = subst rhs σ') $\langle subst-lit \ L1 \ \sigma = subst-lit \ L1 \ \sigma' \rangle$ $\langle qr-rhs = subst rhs \eta \rangle$ (orient-lit (subst-lit L2 σ') (subst lhs σ') (subst rhs σ') pos) $\langle polarity = pos \rangle \langle u = t \rangle \langle v = subst \ lhs \ \eta \rangle \langle v = subst \ u \ \sigma \rangle$ $\langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma') = \{\} \rangle \langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit L2 \sigma') = \{\} \rangle$ assms(6) lit-ord-rhs lift-orient-lit by fastforce from this and $\langle (subst-lit L2 \ \sigma', subst-lit L1 \ \sigma') \notin lit-ord \rangle$ show False by auto qed have trm-rep (subst $u \sigma$) $S \neq$ (subst $u \sigma$) using $\langle trm\text{-rep } v \ S \neq v \rangle \langle v = subst \ u \ \sigma \rangle$ by blast have allowed-redex $u \ C \ \sigma$ **proof** (rule ccontr) assume $\neg allowed\text{-redex } u \ C \ \sigma$ from this obtain ss where $ss \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C$ and occurs-in (subst $u \sigma$) (subst ss σ) unfolding allowed-redex-def by auto **from** $\langle ss \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C \rangle$ **have** $(subst ss \ \sigma) \in (subst\text{-}set \ (trms\text{-}ecl \ C) \ \sigma)$ by auto from this and assms(12) and $(occurs-in (subst u \sigma) (subst ss \sigma))$ $\langle trm\text{-rep }(subst \ u \ \sigma) \ S \neq (subst \ u \ \sigma) \rangle$ show False unfolding all-trms-irreducible-def by blast qed have subst lhs $\sigma' \neq$ subst rhs σ' using $\langle (gr-rhs, v) \in trm-ord \rangle$ (subst lhs $\eta = \text{subst lhs } \sigma'$) $\langle subst rhs \eta = subst rhs \sigma' \rangle$ $\langle qr-rhs = subst rhs \eta \rangle \langle v = subst lhs \eta \rangle trm-ord-wf$ by auto from this $\langle mp=p \rangle \langle \neg (is-a-variable u) \rangle$ (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl C2) σ) (λt . trm-rep t S)) $\langle (subst-lit \ L2 \ \sigma', \ subst-lit \ L1 \ \sigma') \in lit\text{-}ord \rangle$ (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl C2) σ) (λt . trm-rep t S)) $\langle (\forall x \in cl\text{-}ecl \ C2 \ - \ \{L2\}, (subst-lit \ x \ \sigma', subst-lit \ L2 \ \sigma') \in lit\text{-}ord) \rangle$ $<\!C\!2 \in S > <\!eligible-literal \ L1 \ C \ \sigma' > <\!eligible-literal \ L2 \ C\!2 \ \sigma' >$ $\langle ground-clause \ (subst-cl \ Cl-C2 \ \sigma') \rangle \langle Cl-C2 = cl-ecl \ C2 \rangle$ $mr \ \langle coincide-on \ \sigma \ \sigma' \ (vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C)) \rangle \ \langle L1 \in cl-ecl \ C \rangle \ \langle L2 \in Cl-C2 \rangle$ $\langle orient-lit-inst \ L1 \ t \ s \ polarity \ \sigma' \rangle \langle \langle orient-lit-inst \ L2 \ lhs \ rhs \ pos \ \sigma' \rangle \rangle$ $\langle (subterm \ t \ p \ u) \rangle \langle subst \ u \ \sigma' = subst \ lhs \ \sigma' \rangle$ $\langle trm-rep (subst rhs \sigma') S = trm-rep (subst lhs \sigma') S \rangle$

 $\langle (\neg validate-ground-clause ?I (subst-cl (Cl-C2 - \{L2\}) \sigma') \rangle$ $\langle allowed\text{-redex } u \ C \ \sigma \rangle$ have (reduction L1 C σ' t s polarity L2 lbs u mp rbs C2 (same-values (λt . $(trm-rep \ t \ S))) \ S \ \sigma)$ unfolding reduction-def same-values-def **by** *metis* from $\langle vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \cap vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C2) = \{\} \rangle$ have variable-disjoint C C2unfolding variable-disjoint-def by auto from this and $\langle (reduction \ L1 \ C \ \sigma' \ t \ s \ polarity \ L2 \ lhs \ u \ mp \ rhs \ C2 \ (same-values \ (\lambda t. \ (trm-rep$ $(t \ S)) S \ \sigma)$ show ?thesis by blast qed **lemma** *subts-of-irred-trms-are-irred*: assumes trm-rep $y \ S \neq y$ **shows** $\land x$. subterm $x \ p \ y \longrightarrow trm$ -rep $x \ S \neq x$ **proof** (*induction* p) case (Nil)from assms(1) show ?case by $(metis \ subterm.simps(1))$ **next case** (*Cons* i p) **show** $\bigwedge x$. subterm x (Cons i p) $y \longrightarrow trm$ -rep $x S \neq x$ proof fix x assume subterm x (Cons i p) y from this obtain x1 x2 where x = Comb x1 x2 using subterm.elims(2) by blasthave $i = Left \mid i = Right$ using indices.exhaust by auto then show trm-rep $x \ S \neq x$ proof assume i = Leftfrom this and (subterm x (Cons i p) y) $\langle x = Comb \ x1 \ x2 \rangle$ have subterm $x1 p y \mathbf{by} auto$ from this and Cons.III have trm-rep x1 $S \neq x1$ by blast from this and $\langle x = Comb \ x1 \ x2 \rangle$ have subterm-reduction-applicable S x unfolding subterm-reduction-applicable-def by $(metis \ is-compound.simps(3) \ lhs.simps(1))$ from this have $(trm - rep \ x \ S, \ x) \in trm - ord using trm - rep - is - lower - subt-red$ by blast from this show ?thesis using trm-ord-irrefl unfolding irrefl-def by metis \mathbf{next} assume i = Rightfrom this and (subterm x (Cons i p) y) $\langle x = Comb \ x1 \ x2 \rangle$ have subterm $x2 p y \mathbf{by} auto$ from this and Cons.IH have trm-rep $x_2 S \neq x_2$ by blast from this and $\langle x = Comb \ x1 \ x2 \rangle$ have subterm-reduction-applicable S x unfolding subterm-reduction-applicable-def **by** (metis is-compound.simps(3) rhs.simps(1)) from this have $(trm - rep \ x \ S, \ x) \in trm - ord using trm - rep - is - lower - subt-red$

```
by blast
       from this show ?thesis using trm-ord-irrefl unfolding irrefl-def by metis
     qed
   qed
ged
lemma allowed-redex-coincide:
 assumes allowed-redex t C \sigma
 assumes t \in subterms-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C)
 assumes coincide-on \sigma \sigma' (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C))
 assumes well-constrained C
 shows allowed-redex t C \sigma'
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume \neg allowed-redex t C \sigma'
 from this obtain s
   where s \in trms-ecl C and occurs-in (subst t \sigma') (subst s \sigma')
   unfolding allowed-redex-def by auto
 from (s \in trms-ecl \ C) and assms(4) have vars-of s \subseteq vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C)
   using dom-trm-vars unfolding well-constrained-def by blast
  from this have vars-of s \subseteq vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C) using subterm-vars by blast
  from this and assms(3) have coincide-on \sigma \sigma' (vars-of s) unfolding coin-
cide-on-def by auto
  from this have (subst s \sigma) = (subst s \sigma') using coincide-on-term by auto
  from assms(2) have vars-of t \subseteq vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C) using subterm-vars by
blast
  from this and assms(3) have coincide-on \sigma \sigma' (vars-of t) unfolding coin-
cide-on-def by auto
 from this have (subst t \sigma) = (subst t \sigma') using coincide-on-term by auto
  from this and \langle (subst \ s \ \sigma) \rangle = (subst \ s \ \sigma') \rangle and \langle occurs-in \ (subst \ t \ \sigma') \ (subst \ s \ \sigma') \rangle
\sigma')
   have occurs-in (subst t \sigma) (subst s \sigma) by auto
  from this and \langle s \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C \rangle have \neg allowed\text{-}redex \ t \ C \ \sigma unfolding al-
lowed-redex-def by auto
 from this and assms(1) show False by auto
qed
The next lemma states that the irreducibility of an instance of a set of terms
```

is preserved when the substitution is replaced by its equivalent normal form. **lemma** *irred-terms-and-reduced-subst*:

```
assumes f = (\lambda t. (trm-rep \ t \ S))
assumes \eta = (map-subst \ f \ \sigma)
assumes all-trms-irreducible (subst-set E \ \sigma) f
assumes I = int-clset \ S
assumes equivalent-on \sigma \ \eta (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)) I
assumes lower-on \eta \ \sigma (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C))
assumes E = (trms-ecl \ C)
assumes \forall x \in S. \forall y. (y \in trms-ecl \ x \longrightarrow dom-trm \ y \ (cl-ecl \ x))
assumes C \in S
assumes fo-interpretation I
```

shows all-trms-irreducible (subst-set $E \eta$) f **proof** (*rule ccontr*) **assume** $\neg all$ -trms-irreducible (subst-set $E \eta$) f **from** this obtain t y where $y \in (subst-set \ E \ \eta)$ occurs-in t y f $t \neq t$ unfolding all-trms-irreducible-def by metis from $\langle occurs-in t y \rangle$ obtain p where subterm y p t unfolding occurs-in-def by auto from this and $\langle f t \neq t \rangle$ and assms(1) have $f y \neq y$ using subts-of-irred-trms-are-irred by blast from $\langle y \in (subst-set \ E \ \eta) \rangle$ obtain z where $z \in E$ and $y = (subst \ z \ \eta)$ by *auto* from $\langle z \in E \rangle$ have $(subst \ z \ \sigma) \in (subst-set \ E \ \sigma)$ by auto have subterm (subst $z \sigma$) [] (subst $z \sigma$) by auto then have occurs-in (subst $z \sigma$) (subst $z \sigma$) unfolding occurs-in-def by blast from this and assms(3) and $\langle (subst \ z \ \sigma) \in (subst-set \ E \ \sigma) \rangle$ have $f(subst \ z \ \sigma) = (subst \ z \ \sigma)$ unfolding all-trms-irreducible-def by metis from this and $\langle f \ y \neq y \rangle$ and $\langle y = (subst \ z \ \eta) \rangle$ have $(subst \ z \ \sigma) \neq (subst \ z \ \eta)$ by metis from $\langle z \in E \rangle$ and assms(7) assms(8) assms(9) have dom-trm z (cl-ecl C) by metis from this have vars-of $z \subseteq vars$ -of-cl (cl-ecl C) using dom-trm-vars by auto **from** this assms(5) have equivalent-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of z) I unfolding equivalent-on-def by auto **from** (vars-of $z \subseteq$ vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)) assms(6) have lower-on $\eta \sigma$ (vars-of z) unfolding lower-on-def by auto **from** $\langle (subst \ z \ \sigma) \neq (subst \ z \ \eta) \rangle$ $(lower-on \eta \sigma (vars-of z))$ have $((subst \ z \ \eta), (subst \ z \ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using lower-on-term unfolding lower-or-eq-def by metis **from** this have $((subst \ z \ \sigma), (subst \ z \ \eta)) \notin trm-ord$ using trm-ord-trans trm-ord-irrefl irrefl-def trans-def by metis from assms(10) (equivalent-on $\sigma \eta$ (vars-of z) I) have $(I (subst z \sigma) (subst z \eta))$ using equivalent-on-term unfolding fo-interpretation-def by auto from this and $assms(4) assms(1) \langle f(subst z \sigma) \rangle = (subst z \sigma) \rangle$ have $(subst \ z \ \sigma) = f \ (subst \ z \ \eta)$ unfolding same-values-def int-clset-def by *metis* **from** this $\langle (subst \ z \ \sigma), (subst \ z \ \eta) \rangle \notin trm\text{-ord} \rangle$ $(subst \ z \ \sigma) \neq (subst \ z \ \eta) \land assms(1)$ show False using trm-rep-is-lower by metis qed lemma no-valid-literal: assumes $L \in C$

assumes $L \in C$ assumes orient-lit-inst L t s pos σ assumes \neg (validate-ground-clause (int-clset S) (subst-cl C σ))

shows trm-rep (subst $t \sigma$) $S \neq$ trm-rep (subst $s \sigma$) Sproof **assume** neg-hyp: trm-rep (subst t σ) S = trm-rep (subst s σ) Slet ?I = int-clset S from neg-hyp have validate-ground-eq ?I (Eq (subst t σ) (subst s σ)) unfolding same-values-def int-clset-def using validate-ground-eq.simps by (metis (mono-tags, lifting)) **from** $\langle trm-rep \ (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ S = trm-rep \ (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ S \rangle$ have validate-ground-eq ?I (Eq (subst s σ) (subst t σ)) unfolding same-values-def int-clset-def using validate-ground-eq.simps by (metis (mono-tags, lifting)) **from** (orient-lit-inst L t s pos σ) have $L = (Pos (Eq t s)) \lor L = (Pos (Eq s))$ t))unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto from this have subst-lit $L \sigma = (Pos (Eq (subst t \sigma) (subst s \sigma))) \lor$ subst-lit $L \sigma = (Pos (Eq (subst s \sigma) (subst t \sigma)))$ by auto from this and (validate-ground-eq ?I (Eq (subst s σ) (subst t σ))) and $\langle validate-ground-eq ?I (Eq (subst t \sigma) (subst s \sigma)) \rangle$ have validate-ground-lit ?I (subst-lit $L \sigma$) using validate-ground-lit.simps(1) by *metis* from assms(1) have $(subst-lit \ L \ \sigma) \in (subst-cl \ C \ \sigma)$ by auto **from** $\langle (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma) \in (subst-cl \ C \ \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle validate-ground-lit ?I (subst-lit L \sigma) \rangle$ have validate-ground-clause ?I (subst-cl C σ) using validate-ground-clause.elims(3) by blastfrom this and $\langle \neg validate$ -ground-clause ?I (subst-cl C $\sigma \rangle$) show False by blast qed

7.2 Lifting

This section contains all the necessary lemmata for transforming ground inferences into first-order inferences. We show that all the necessary properties can be lifted.

```
lemma lift-orient-lit-inst:

assumes orient-lit-inst L t s polarity \vartheta

assumes subst-eq \vartheta (comp \sigma \eta)

shows orient-lit-inst L t s polarity \sigma

proof –

let ?\vartheta = (comp \sigma \eta)

have polarity = pos \lor polarity = neg using sign.exhaust by auto

then show ?thesis

proof

assume polarity = pos

from this and assms(1) have L = Pos (Eq t s) \lor L = Pos (Eq s t)

and ( (subst t \vartheta), (subst s \vartheta)) \notin trm-ord

unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto

from assms(2) have (subst t \vartheta) = (subst (subst t \sigma) \eta)

by auto
```
from assms(2) have $(subst \ s \ \vartheta) = (subst \ (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ \eta)$ by auto **from** $\langle (subst \ t \ \vartheta) = (subst \ (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ \eta) \rangle$ $\langle (subst \ s \ \vartheta) = (subst \ (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ \eta) \rangle$ $\langle ((subst\ t\ \vartheta), (subst\ s\ \vartheta)) \notin trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ **have** $((subst (subst t \sigma) \eta), (subst (subst s \sigma) \eta)) \notin trm-ord$ by *auto* **from** this have $((subst t \sigma), (subst s \sigma)) \notin trm-ord$ using trm-ord-subst by auto from this and $\langle polarity = pos \rangle \langle L = Pos (Eq t s) \lor L = Pos (Eq s t) \rangle$ show ?thesis unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by blast next assume polarity = negfrom this and assms(1) have $L = Neg (Eq t s) \lor L = Neg (Eq s t)$ and $((subst\ t\ \vartheta), (subst\ s\ \vartheta)) \notin trm-ord$ unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto from assms(2) have $(subst t \vartheta) = (subst (subst t \sigma) \eta)$ by *auto* from assms(2) have $(subst \ s \ \vartheta) = (subst \ (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ \eta)$ by *auto* **from** $\langle (subst \ t \ \vartheta) = (subst \ (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ \eta) \rangle$ $\langle (subst \ s \ \vartheta) = (subst \ (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ \eta) \rangle$ $\langle ((subst\ t\ \vartheta), (subst\ s\ \vartheta)) \notin trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ **have** $((subst (subst t \sigma) \eta), (subst (subst s \sigma) \eta)) \notin trm-ord$ by auto from this have $((subst t \sigma), (subst s \sigma)) \notin trm-ord$ using trm-ord-subst by auto from this and $\langle polarity = neg \rangle \langle L = Neg (Eq t s) \lor L = Neg (Eq s t) \rangle$ show ? thesisunfolding orient-lit-inst-def by blast qed qed lemma lift-maximal-literal: assumes maximal-literal (subst-lit $L \sigma$) (subst-cl $C \sigma$) shows maximal-literal L C **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume \neg maximal-literal L C then obtain M where $M \in C$ and $(L,M) \in lit-ord$ unfolding maximal-literal-def by auto from $\langle M \in C \rangle$ have (subst-lit $M \sigma$) \in (subst-cl $C \sigma$) by auto **from** $((L,M) \in lit \text{-} ord)$ have $((subst-lit \ L \ \sigma), (subst-lit \ M \ \sigma)) \in lit \text{-} ord$ using *lit-ord-subst* by *auto* from this and $\langle (subst-lit \ M \ \sigma) \in (subst-cl \ C \ \sigma) \rangle$ and assms(1)show False unfolding maximal-literal-def by auto qed

lemma *lift-eligible-literal*:

```
assumes eligible-literal L C \sigma
  assumes \sigma \doteq \vartheta \Diamond \eta
  shows eligible-literal L C \vartheta
proof –
  from assms(1) have (L \in sel (cl-ecl C) \lor
    (sel(cl-ecl \ C) = \{\}
    \wedge (maximal-literal (subst-lit L \sigma) (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma))))
    unfolding eligible-literal-def by auto
  then show ?thesis
  proof
    assume L \in sel (cl-ecl C)
    then show ?thesis unfolding eligible-literal-def by auto
  next
   assume sel(cl-ecl \ C) = \{\}
     \wedge (maximal-literal (subst-lit L \sigma) (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma))
     then have set (cl-ecl C) = {} and maximal-literal (subst-lit L \sigma) (subst-cl
(cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma)
      by auto
    let ?\sigma = \vartheta \Diamond \eta
    from assms(2) have (subst-lit L \sigma) = (subst-lit L ? \sigma)
      using subst-eq-lit by auto
    then have (subst-lit L \sigma) = (subst-lit (subst-lit L \vartheta) \eta)
      using composition-of-substs-lit [of L \vartheta \eta] by auto
    from assms(2) have (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) = (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) ?\sigma)
      using subst-eq-cl [of \sigma ?\sigma (cl-ecl C)] by auto
    then have (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) = (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \vartheta) \eta)
      using composition-of-substs-cl [of cl-ecl C \ \vartheta \ \eta] by auto
    from \langle maximal-literal (subst-lit L \sigma) (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle
      \langle (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma) = (subst-lit \ (subst-lit \ L \ \vartheta) \ \eta) \rangle
      \langle (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma) = (subst-cl \ (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \vartheta) \ \eta) \rangle
      have maximal-literal (subst-lit (subst-lit L \vartheta) \eta)
         (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \vartheta) \eta) by auto
    from this have maximal-literal (subst-lit L \vartheta) (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \vartheta)
      using lift-maximal-literal by metis
    from this and (set (cl-ect C) = {}) show ?thesis unfolding eligible-literal-def
\mathbf{by} \ auto
  qed
qed
lemma lift-allowed-redex:
    assumes \sigma \doteq \vartheta \Diamond \eta
    assumes (allowed-redex u \ C \ \sigma)
    shows (allowed-redex u \ C \ \vartheta)
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume \neg(allowed\text{-}redex \ u \ C \ \vartheta)
  from this obtain s where s \in (trms\text{-}ecl \ C) and (occurs\text{-}in \ (subst \ u \ \vartheta) \ (subst \ s
\vartheta))
```

unfolding allowed-redex-def by metis **from** $\langle (occurs-in (subst u \ \vartheta) (subst s \ \vartheta)) \rangle$ **have** (occurs-in (subst (subst $u \vartheta) \eta$) (subst (subst $s \vartheta) \eta$)) using substs-preserve-occurs-in by auto **from** $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \eta \rangle$ **have** $(subst \ u \ \sigma) = (subst \ (subst \ u \ \vartheta) \ \eta)$ **by** *auto* **from** $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \eta \rangle$ **have** $(subst \ s \ \sigma) = (subst \ (subst \ s \ \vartheta) \ \eta)$ **by** *auto* **from** $\langle (occurs-in (subst (subst u \vartheta) \eta) (subst (subst s \vartheta) \eta) \rangle$ $\langle (subst \ u \ \sigma) = (subst \ (subst \ u \ \vartheta) \ \eta) \rangle$ $\langle (subst \ s \ \sigma) = (subst \ (subst \ s \ \vartheta) \ \eta) \rangle$ have (occurs-in (subst $u \sigma$) (subst $s \sigma$)) by auto from this and $\langle s \in (trms-ecl \ C) \rangle$ assms(2) show False unfolding allowed-redex-def by *auto* qed **lemma** *lift-decompose-literal*: **assumes** decompose-literal (subst-lit $L \sigma$) t s polarity assumes subst-eq ϑ (comp σ η) **shows** decompose-literal (subst-lit $L \vartheta$) (subst $t \eta$) (subst $s \eta$) polarity proof – let $?L = (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma)$ let $?t' = (subst \ t \ \eta)$ let $?s' = (subst \ s \ \eta)$ let $?\vartheta = (comp \ \sigma \ \eta)$ let $?L' = (subst-lit ?L \eta)$ from assms(2) have $(subst-lit \ L \ \vartheta) = (subst-lit \ L \ \vartheta)$ using subst-eq-lit **by** auto from this have $(subst-lit \ L \ \vartheta) = ?L'$ using composition-of-substs-lit by metis have $polarity = pos \lor polarity = neg$ using sign.exhaust by auto then show ?thesis proof assume polarity = posfrom this and assms(1) have $?L = Pos(Eq t s) \lor ?L = Pos(Eq s t)$ unfolding decompose-literal-def decompose-equation-def by auto from $\langle ?L = Pos \ (Eq \ t \ s) \lor ?L = Pos \ (Eq \ s \ t) \rangle$ have $?L' = Pos(Eq ?t' ?s') \lor ?L' = Pos(Eq ?s' ?t')$ by auto from this $\langle (subst-lit \ L \ \vartheta) = ?L' \rangle$ have $(subst-lit \ L \ \vartheta) = Pos \ (Eq \ ?t' \ ?s') \lor (subst-lit \ L \ \vartheta) = Pos \ (Eq \ ?s' \ ?t')$ by *auto* from this $\langle polarity = pos \rangle$ show ?thesis unfolding decompose-literal-def decompose-equation-def by auto \mathbf{next} assume polarity = negfrom this and assms(1) have $?L = Neg (Eq t s) \lor ?L = Neg (Eq s t)$ unfolding decompose-literal-def decompose-equation-def by auto from $\langle ?L = Neg (Eq t s) \lor ?L = Neg (Eq s t) \rangle$

```
have ?L' = Neg (Eq ?t' ?s') \lor ?L' = Neg (Eq ?s' ?t') by auto
   from this and \langle (subst-lit \ L \ \vartheta) = ?L' \rangle
      have (subst-lit \ L \ \vartheta) = Neg \ (Eq \ ?t' \ ?s') \lor (subst-lit \ L \ \vartheta) = Neg \ (Eq \ ?s' \ ?t')
by auto
   from this \langle polarity = neg \rangle show ?thesis unfolding decompose-literal-def
      decompose-equation-def by auto
  qed
qed
lemma lift-dom-trm:
  assumes dom-trm (subst t \vartheta) (subst-cl C \vartheta)
 assumes \sigma \doteq \vartheta \Diamond \eta
 shows dom-trm (subst t \sigma) (subst-cl C \sigma)
proof -
  let ?t = (subst \ t \ \vartheta)
  let ?t' = (subst ?t \eta)
 let ?t'' = (subst \ t \ \sigma)
 have ?t' = (subst \ t \ (\vartheta \Diamond \eta)) by auto
  from assms(2) have ?t'' = (subst t (\vartheta \Diamond \eta)) by auto
  from this and \langle ?t' = (subst \ t \ (\vartheta \ \Diamond \ \eta)) \rangle have ?t' = ?t'' by metis
  p)
       \wedge (( (p = neg \land ?t = u) \lor (?t, u) \in trm - ord)))) unfolding dom - trm - def by
auto
  from this obtain L \ u \ v \ p where L \in (subst-cl \ C \ \vartheta)
    decompose-literal L u v p (( (p = neg \land ?t = u) \lor (?t,u) \in trm\text{-}ord))
   unfolding dom-trm-def by blast
  from \langle L \in (subst-cl \ C \ \vartheta) \rangle obtain L' where L' \in C
    L = (subst-lit L' \vartheta) by auto
 from this and (decompose-literal L u v p) have decompose-literal (subst-lit L' \vartheta)
u v p by auto
 from this assms(2) \prec L = (subst-lit L' \vartheta)
   have decompose-literal (subst-lit L'\sigma) (subst u\eta) (subst v\eta) p
   using lift-decompose-literal [of L' \vartheta \ u \ v \ p \ \sigma \ \eta] by auto
  let ?u = (subst \ u \ \eta)
  from \langle L' \in C \rangle have (subst-lit L' \sigma) \in (subst-cl C \sigma) by auto
  from \langle ((p = neg \land ?t = u) \lor (?t, u) \in trm - ord)) \rangle
   have ((p = neg \land ?t' = ?u) \lor (?t', ?u) \in trm\text{-}ord))
      using trm-ord-subst by auto
 from this and (?t' = ?t'') have (((p = neg \land ?t'' = ?u) \lor (?t'', ?u) \in trm - ord))
by auto
  from this \langle (subst-lit L' \sigma) \in (subst-cl C \sigma) \rangle
    \langle decompose-literal (subst-lit L' \sigma) (subst u \eta) (subst v \eta) p \rangle
   show dom-trm (subst t \sigma) (subst-cl C \sigma)
   unfolding dom-trm-def by auto
qed
```

lemma *lift-irreducible-terms*:

assumes T = get-trms C (dom-trms (subst-cl $D \sigma$) (subst-set $E \sigma$)) Ground assumes $\sigma \doteq \vartheta \Diamond \eta$ shows $\exists T'$. ((subst-set $T' \eta) \subseteq T \land T' = get$ -trms C' $(dom-trms (subst-cl D \vartheta) (subst-set E \vartheta))$ FirstOrder) proof – let $?E = (dom-trms (subst-cl D \vartheta) (subst-set E \vartheta))$ let $?E' = (dom-trms (subst-cl D \sigma) (subst-set E \sigma))$ let ?T' = (filter-trms C' ?E)have ?T' = get-trms C' ?E FirstOrder unfolding get-trms-def by auto from assms(1) have T = ?E' unfolding get-trms-def by auto have $(subst-set ?T' \eta) \subseteq ?E'$ proof fix x assume $x \in (subst-set ?T' \eta)$ from this obtain x' where $x = (subst x' \eta)$ and $x' \in ?T'$ by auto from $\langle x' \in ?T' \rangle$ have $x' \in ?E$ using filter-trms-inclusion by auto from $\langle x' \in \mathscr{E} \rangle$ have $x' \in (subst-set \ E \ \vartheta)$ and dom-trm x' (subst-cl $D \vartheta$) unfolding dom-trms-def by auto from $\langle x' \in (subst-set \ E \ \vartheta) \rangle$ obtain y where $y \in E$ and $x' = (subst \ y \ \vartheta)$ by auto from $\langle x' = (subst \ y \ \vartheta) \rangle$ and $\langle dom-trm \ x' \ (subst-cl \ D \ \vartheta) \rangle$ have dom-trm (subst $y \ \vartheta$) (subst-cl $D \ \vartheta$) by auto from this assms(2)have dom-trm (subst $y \sigma$) (subst-cl $D \sigma$) using *lift-dom-trm* by *auto* from $\langle y \in E \rangle$ have $(subst \ y \ \sigma) \in (subst-set \ E \ \sigma)$ by auto from this and $\langle dom-trm (subst \ y \ \sigma) (subst-cl \ D \ \sigma) \rangle$ have $(subst \ y \ \sigma) \in ?E'$ unfolding dom-trms-def by auto from assms(2) have $(subst y \sigma) = (subst y (\vartheta \Diamond \eta))$ by autofrom this $\langle x = (subst \ x' \ \eta) \rangle$ and $\langle x' = (subst \ y \ \vartheta) \rangle$ have $x = (subst \ y \ \sigma)$ by auto from this and $\langle (subst \ y \ \sigma) \in ?E' \rangle$ show $x \in ?E'$ by auto qed from this and $\langle T = ?E' \rangle \langle ?T' = get-trms C' ?E FirstOrder \rangle$ show ?thesis by autoqed

We eventually deduce the following lemmas, which allows one to transform ground derivations into first-order derivations.

lemma *lifting-lemma-superposition*:

assumes superposition P1 P2 C σ Ground C' shows $\exists D \vartheta$. superposition P1 P2 D ϑ FirstOrder C' $\land \sigma \doteq \vartheta \Diamond \sigma \land$ trms-subsumes D C σ proof (rule ccontr) assume hun: $\exists D \vartheta$ superposition P1 P2 D ϑ FirstOrder C' $\land \sigma \doteq \vartheta \Diamond \sigma \land$

assume hyp: $\nexists D \vartheta$. superposition P1 P2 $D \vartheta$ FirstOrder $C' \land \sigma \doteq \vartheta \diamond \sigma \land trms$ -subsumes $D C \sigma$

have not-sup: \neg superposition P1 P2 C σ Ground C' proof (rule notI)

assume superposition P1 P2 C σ Ground C' from this obtain L t s u v M p Cl-P1 Cl-P2 Cl-C polarity t' u' L' trms-C where $L \in Cl-P1$ ($M \in Cl-P2$) (eligible-literal L P1 σ) (eligible-literal M P2 σ) (variable-disjoint P1 P2) (Cl-P1 = (cl-ecl P1)) (Cl-P2 = (cl-ecl P2)) $(\neg is-a-variable u')$ (allowed-redex $u' P1 \sigma$) $(C = (Ecl \ Cl-C \ trms-C))$ (orient-lit-inst $M \ u \ v \ pos \ \sigma$) (orient-lit-inst L t s polarity σ) $((subst \ u \ \sigma) \neq (subst \ v \ \sigma))$ (subterm t p u') $(ck-unifier \ u' \ u \ \sigma \ Ground)$ (replace-subterm t p v t')(L' = mk-lit polarity (Eq t' s)) $(trms-C = get-trms \ Cl-C \ (dom-trms \ Cl-C \ (subst-set$ $((trms-ecl P1) \cup (trms-ecl P2) \cup$ $\{r. \exists q. (q,p) \in (pos-ord P1 t) \land (subterm t q r) \} \sigma)$ Ground) $(Cl-C = (subst-cl ((Cl-P1 - \{L\}) \cup ((Cl-P2 - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\})) \sigma))$ $(C' = (Cl-P1 - \{L\}) \cup ((Cl-P2 - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\}))$ unfolding superposition-def get-trms-def by auto **from** $\langle (ck\text{-unifier } u' \ u \ \sigma \ Ground) \rangle$ have Unifier $\sigma \ u' \ u$ unfolding *ck-unifier-def* by *auto* from this have (subst $u' \sigma$) = (subst $u \sigma$) unfolding Unifier-def by auto from this have unify $u' u \neq None$ using MGU-exists by auto from this obtain ϑ where unify $u' u = Some \vartheta$ by auto hence min-IMGU ϑ u' u by (rule unify-computes-min-IMGU) with (Unifier σ u' u) have $\sigma \doteq \vartheta \diamond \sigma$ unfolding min-IMGU-def IMGU-def by simp with $\langle (eligible-literal \ L \ P1 \ \sigma) \rangle$ have $eligible-literal \ L \ P1 \ \vartheta$ using *lift-eligible-literal* by *auto* **from** $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \Rightarrow$ and $\langle (eligible-literal M P2 \sigma) \rangle$ have eligible-literal M P2 ϑ using *lift-eligible-literal* by *auto* from $\langle min-IMGU \ \vartheta \ u' \ u \rangle$ have ck-unifier $u' \ u \ \vartheta$ FirstOrder unfolding ck-unifier-def by auto from $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \sigma \rangle$ have $(subst \ u \ \sigma) = (subst \ (subst \ u \ \vartheta) \ \sigma)$ by auto from $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \sigma \rangle$ have (subst $v \sigma$) = (subst (subst $v \vartheta) \sigma$) by auto from $\langle ((subst \ u \ \sigma) \neq (subst \ v \ \sigma)) \rangle$ $\langle (subst \ u \ \sigma) = (subst \ (subst \ u \ \vartheta) \ \sigma) \rangle$ $\langle (subst \ v \ \sigma) = (subst \ (subst \ v \ \vartheta) \ \sigma) \rangle$ **have** (subst (subst $u \vartheta$) σ) \neq (subst (subst $v \vartheta$) σ) by auto from this have (subst $u \vartheta$) \neq (subst $v \vartheta$) by auto from $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \sigma \rangle \langle allowed\text{-redex } u' P1 \rangle \sigma$ have allowed-redex $u' P1 \vartheta$ using *lift-allowed-redex* [of $\sigma \vartheta \sigma$] by *auto* **from** $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \sigma \rangle$ *(orient-lit-inst M u v pos \sigma \rangle have orient-lit-inst M u v pos \vartheta* using *lift-orient-lit-inst* by *auto* from $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \sigma \rangle$ (orient-lit-inst L t s polarity $\sigma \rangle$ have orient-lit-inst L t s polarity ϑ using lift-orient-lit-inst by auto from $\langle (Cl-C = (subst-cl ((Cl-P1 - \{L\})) \cup ((Cl-P2 - \{M\})) \cup \{L'\}))$ $\sigma))\rangle$ and $\langle C' = (Cl-P1 - \{L\}) \cup ((Cl-P2 - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\}) \rangle$ have $(Cl-C = (subst-cl C' \sigma))$ by auto obtain E where $E = ((trms-ecl P1) \cup (trms-ecl P2) \cup$ $\{ r. \exists q. (q,p) \in (pos \text{-} ord P1 t) \land (subterm t q r) \}$ by auto from this and $\langle (Cl-C = (subst-cl C' \sigma)) \rangle$ $\langle trms-C = (get-trms \ Cl-C \ (dom-trms \ Cl-C \ (subst-set$ $((trms-ecl P1) \cup (trms-ecl P2) \cup$ $\{ r. \exists q. (q,p) \in (pos \text{-} ord P1 t) \land (subterm t q r) \}) \sigma) Ground \rangle$ have $trms-C = (qet-trms \ Cl-C)$ $(dom-trms (subst-cl C' \sigma) (subst-set$ $E \sigma$) Ground) by *auto* let $?Cl-C' = (subst-cl C' \vartheta)$ from $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \sigma \rangle \langle trms-C = (get-trms Cl-C)$ $(dom\text{-}trms (subst\text{-}cl C' \sigma) (subst\text{-}set$ $E \sigma$)) Ground) **obtain** $\exists T'$. ((subst-set $T' \sigma) \subseteq trms-C \land T' = get-trms$?Cl-C' $(dom-trms (subst-cl C' \vartheta) (subst-set E \vartheta))$ FirstOrder) using *lift-irreducible-terms* by *auto* from this obtain T' where (subst-set T' σ) \subseteq trms-C and T' = qet-trms ?Cl-C' $(dom-trms \ (subst-cl \ C' \ \vartheta) \ (subst-set \ E \ \vartheta))$ FirstOrder by auto obtain C-fo where C-fo = (Ecl ?Cl-C' T') by auto from $\langle C' = (Cl-P1 - \{L\}) \cup ((Cl-P2 - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\}) \rangle$ have $(?Cl-C' = (subst-cl ((Cl-P1 - \{L\}) \cup ((Cl-P2 - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\}))$ $\vartheta))$ by auto from $(L \in Cl-P1) (M \in Cl-P2) (eligible-literal L P1 \vartheta) (eligible-literal M$ $P2 \vartheta$ (variable-disjoint P1 P2)) $\langle (Cl-P1 = (cl-ecl P1)) \rangle \langle (Cl-P2 = (cl-ecl P2)) \rangle$ $\langle (\neg is-a-variable u') \rangle$ $\langle (allowed-redex \ u' \ P1 \ \vartheta) \rangle$ $\langle (C-fo = (Ecl ?Cl-C' T')) \rangle$ $\langle (orient-lit-inst \ M \ u \ v \ pos \ \vartheta) \rangle$ $\langle (orient-lit-inst \ L \ t \ s \ polarity \ \vartheta) \rangle$ $\langle ((subst \ u \ \vartheta) \neq (subst \ v \ \vartheta)) \rangle$ $\langle (subterm \ t \ p \ u') \rangle$ $\langle (ck-unifier \ u' \ u \ \vartheta \ FirstOrder) \rangle$ $\langle (replace-subterm \ t \ p \ v \ t') \rangle$

(L' = mk-lit polarity (Eq t' s)))

 $\{ r. \exists q. (q,p) \in (pos ord P1 t) \land (subterm t q r) \} \rangle$

have superposition P1 P2 C-fo ϑ FirstOrder C' unfolding superposition-def by blast

have subst-cl ?Cl-C' σ = subst-cl (subst-cl ((Cl-P1 - { L })) \cup (Cl-P2 - { M $) \cup \{ L' \} \vartheta \sigma$ using $(?Cl-C' = subst-cl ((Cl-P1 - \{L\}) \cup ((Cl-P2 - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\}))$ ϑ by auto also have ... = $(subst-cl ((Cl-P1 - \{L\}) \cup ((Cl-P2 - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\})) (\vartheta$ $\langle \sigma \rangle$) using composition-of-substs-cl [of $((Cl-P1 - \{L\}) \cup ((Cl-P2 - \{M\}) \cup$ $\{L'\})$ by auto also have ... = $(subst-cl ((Cl-P1 - \{L\}) \cup ((Cl-P2 - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\})) \sigma)$ using subst-eq-cl[OF $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \sigma \rangle$] by blast also have $\dots = Cl-C$ using $(Cl-C = (subst-cl ((Cl-P1 - \{L\}) \cup ((Cl-P2 - \{M\}) \cup \{L'\})))$ σ) **by** argo finally have subst-cl (cl-ecl C-fo) $\sigma = cl$ -ecl C using $\langle C = Ecl \ Cl-C \ trms-C \rangle \langle C-fo = Ecl \ ?Cl-C' \ T' \rangle$ by simp **moreover have** (subst-set (trms-ecl C-fo) σ) \subseteq (trms-ecl C) using $\langle subst-set \ T' \ \sigma \subseteq trms-C \rangle \ \langle C = Ecl \ Cl-C \ trms-C \rangle \ \langle C-fo = Ecl \ ?Cl-C'$ $T' > \mathbf{b} \mathbf{v} \ auto$ ultimately have (trms-subsumes C-fo C σ) unfolding trms-subsumes-def by auto with (superposition P1 P2 C-fo ϑ FirstOrder C') ($\sigma \doteq \vartheta \diamond \sigma$) hyp show False by auto qed from *not-sup* and assms(1) show False by blast qed lemma lifting-lemma-factorization: assumes factorization P1 C σ Ground C'

assumes factorization P1 C σ Ground C' shows $\exists D \vartheta$. factorization P1 D ϑ FirstOrder C' $\land \sigma \doteq \vartheta \diamond \sigma \land trms$ -subsumes D C σ proof (rule ccontr) assume hyp: $\nexists D \vartheta$. factorization P1 D ϑ FirstOrder C' $\land \sigma \doteq \vartheta \diamond \sigma \land$ trms-subsumes D C σ have not-fact: \neg factorization P1 C σ Ground C' proof (rule notI) assume factorization P1 C σ Ground C' from this obtain L1 L2 L' t s u v Cl-P Cl-C trms-C where

 $L1 \in (cl\text{-}ecl P1) \ L2 \in (cl\text{-}ecl P1) - \{ L1 \} \ Cl\text{-}C = (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \ (Cl\text{-}P = (cl\text{-}ecl \ P1) \ Cl\text{-}C = (cl\text{-}ec$ P1))(orient-lit-inst L1 t s pos σ) (orient-lit-inst L2 $u v pos \sigma$) $((subst\ t\ \sigma) \neq (subst\ s\ \sigma))$ $(subst\ t\ \sigma) \neq (subst\ v\ \sigma)$ (ck-unifier $t \ u \ \sigma$ Ground) $(L' = Neg (Eq \ s \ v))$ $C = (Ecl \ Cl-C \ trms-C)$ $trms-C = (get-trms \ Cl-C)$ $(dom-trms \ Cl-C \ (subst-set \ (\ (trms-ecl \ P1) \cup (proper-subterms-of \ t) \) \ \sigma)))$ Ground $(Cl-C = (subst-cl ((Cl-P - \{L2\}) \cup \{L'\})) \sigma)$ $(C' = ((Cl-P - \{L2\}) \cup \{L'\}))$ unfolding factorization-def get-trms-def by auto **from** $\langle (ck-unifier \ t \ u \ \sigma \ Ground) \rangle$ have Unifier $\sigma \ t \ u$ unfolding *ck-unifier-def* Unifier-def by auto from this have (subst t σ) = (subst u σ) unfolding Unifier-def by auto from this have unify $t \ u \neq None$ using MGU-exists by auto from this obtain ϑ where unify $t \ u = Some \ \vartheta$ by auto hence min-IMGU ϑ t u by (rule unify-computes-min-IMGU) with (Unifier σ t u) have $\sigma \doteq \vartheta \diamondsuit \sigma$ unfolding min-IMGU-def IMGU-def by simp with $\langle (eligible-literal \ L1 \ P1 \ \sigma) \rangle$ have $eligible-literal \ L1 \ P1 \ \vartheta$ using *lift-eligible-literal* by *auto* **from** $\langle min-IMGU \ \vartheta \ t \ u \rangle$ have ck-unifier $t \ u \ \vartheta \ FirstOrder \ unfolding \ ck$ -unifier-def by auto from $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \sigma \rangle$ have (subst $t \sigma$) = (subst (subst $t \vartheta) \sigma$) by auto from $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \sigma \rangle$ have (subst $s \sigma$) = (subst (subst $s \vartheta) \sigma$) by auto from $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \sigma \rangle$ have $(subst v \sigma) = (subst (subst v \vartheta) \sigma)$ by auto from $\langle ((subst \ t \ \sigma) \neq (subst \ s \ \sigma)) \rangle$ $\langle (subst \ t \ \sigma) = (subst \ (subst \ t \ \vartheta) \ \sigma) \rangle$ $\langle (subst \ s \ \sigma) = (subst \ (subst \ s \ \vartheta) \ \sigma) \rangle$ have (subst (subst t ϑ) σ) \neq (subst (subst s ϑ) σ) by auto from this have (subst t ϑ) \neq (subst s ϑ) by auto from $\langle ((subst \ t \ \sigma) \neq (subst \ v \ \sigma)) \rangle$ $\langle (subst \ t \ \sigma) = (subst \ (subst \ t \ \vartheta) \ \sigma) \rangle$ $\langle (subst \ v \ \sigma) = (subst \ (subst \ v \ \vartheta) \ \sigma) \rangle$ have $(subst (subst t \vartheta) \sigma) \neq (subst (subst v \vartheta) \sigma)$ by auto from this have (subst $t \vartheta$) \neq (subst $v \vartheta$) by auto **from** $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \diamond \sigma \rangle$ *(orient-lit-inst L1 t s pos \sigma)* **have** *orient-lit-inst L1 t s pos* ϑ using lift-orient-lit-inst by auto **from** $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \sigma \rangle$ *(orient-lit-inst L2 u v pos \sigma)* **have** *orient-lit-inst L2 u v pos* ϑ

using *lift-orient-lit-inst* by *auto*

from $\langle (Cl-C = (subst-cl ((Cl-P - \{L2\}) \cup \{L'\})) \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle C' = ((Cl-P - \{L2\}) \cup \{L'\}) \rangle$ have $(Cl-C = (subst-cl C' \sigma))$ by auto obtain E where E = (trms-ecl P1) by auto from this and $\langle (Cl-C = (subst-cl C' \sigma)) \rangle$ $\langle trms-C = (get-trms \ Cl-C)$ $(dom-trms \ Cl-C \ (subst-set \ (\ (trms-ecl \ P1) \cup (proper-subterms-of \ t) \) \ \sigma)))$ Ground> have $trms-C = (get-trms \ Cl-C)$ $(dom-trms (subst-cl C' \sigma) (subst-set$ $(E \cup (proper-subterms-of t)) \sigma))$ Ground) by *auto* let $?Cl-C' = (subst-cl C' \vartheta)$ from $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \sigma \rangle \langle trms-C = (qet-trms Cl-C) \langle \sigma \rangle \langle trms-C = (qet-trms Cl-C) \rangle \langle \sigma \rangle \langle \sigma \rangle \langle \tau \rangle \langle \tau \rangle \langle \tau \rangle \rangle$ $(dom\text{-}trms (subst-cl C' \sigma) (subst-set$ $(E \cup (proper-subterms-of t)) \sigma))$ Ground) obtain T' where $(subst-set T' \sigma) \subseteq trms-C$ and T' = get-trms ?Cl-C' $(dom-trms (subst-cl C' \vartheta) (subst-set (E \cup (proper-subterms-of t)) \vartheta))$ FirstOrder using *lift-irreducible-terms* by *blast* obtain C-fo where C-fo = (Ecl ?Cl-C' T') by auto from $\langle C' = ((Cl-P - \{L2\}) \cup \{L'\}) \rangle$ have $(?Cl-C' = (subst-cl ((Cl-P - \{ L2 \}) \cup \{ L' \}) \vartheta))$ by *auto* from $\langle C-fo = (Ecl ?Cl-C' T') \rangle$ have ?Cl-C' = (cl-ecl C-fo) by auto have $?Cl-C' = (subst-cl C' \vartheta)$ by auto from $\langle eligible-literal \ L1 \ P1 \ \vartheta \rangle$ $(L1 \in (cl\text{-}ecl P1)) \land L2 \in (cl\text{-}ecl P1) - \{L1\} \land (?Cl\text{-}C' = (cl\text{-}ecl C\text{-}fo)) \land (Cl\text{-}P) \land$ = (cl - ecl P1)) $\langle (orient-lit-inst \ L1 \ t \ s \ pos \ \vartheta) \rangle$ $\langle (orient-lit-inst \ L2 \ u \ v \ pos \ \vartheta) \rangle$ $\langle ((subst\ t\ \vartheta) \neq (subst\ s\ \vartheta)) \rangle$ $\langle (subst \ t \ \vartheta) \neq (subst \ v \ \vartheta) \rangle$ $\langle (ck-unifier \ t \ u \ \vartheta \ FirstOrder) \rangle$ $\langle (L' = Neg \ (Eq \ s \ v)) \rangle$ $\langle C-fo = (Ecl ?Cl-C' T') \rangle$ $\langle T' = get$ -trms?Cl-C' $(dom-trms ?Cl-C' (subst-set (E \cup (proper-subterms-of t)) \vartheta))$ FirstOrder $\langle (?Cl-C' = (subst-cl ((Cl-P - \{L2\}) \cup \{L'\}) \vartheta) \rangle$ $\langle C' = ((Cl-P - \{L2\}) \cup \{L'\}) \rangle$ $\langle E = (trms-ecl P1) \rangle$ have factorization P1 C-fo ϑ FirstOrder C' unfolding factorization-def by

blast

have i: subst-cl ?Cl-C' σ = subst-cl (subst-cl (Cl-P - { L2 } \cup { L' }) ϑ) σ

using $\langle ?Cl-C' = subst-cl ((Cl-P - \{ L2 \}) \cup \{ L' \}) \vartheta$ by auto have ii: subst-cl (subst-cl ((Cl-P - { L2 }) \cup { L' }) ϑ) σ $= subst-cl ((Cl-P - \{ L2 \}) \cup \{ L' \}) (\vartheta \Diamond \sigma)$ using composition-of-substs-cl [of $((Cl-P - \{L2\}) \cup \{L'\})$] by auto from $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \sigma \rangle$ have (subst-cl ((Cl-P - { L2 }) \cup { L' }) \sigma) $= (subst-cl ((Cl-P - \{ L2 \}) \cup \{ L' \}) (\vartheta \diamond \sigma))$ using subst-eq-cl [of $\sigma \vartheta \diamond \sigma$ ((Cl-P - { L2 }) \cup { L' })] by auto with $i \ ii \ \langle Cl-C = (subst-cl \ (\ (Cl-P - \{ L2 \}) \cup \{ L' \} \) \ \sigma) \rangle$ have (subst-cl ?Cl-C' σ) = Cl-C by metis with $\langle C = Ecl \ Cl-C \ trms-C \rangle \langle C-fo = Ecl \ ?Cl-C' \ T' \rangle$ have subst-cl (cl-ecl C-fo) $\sigma = cl\text{-}ecl \ C$ by *auto* from $\langle (subst-set \ T' \ \sigma) \subseteq trms-C \rangle$ and $\langle (C = (Ecl \ Cl-C \ trms-C)) \rangle$ and $\langle (C-fo = (Ecl \ ?Cl-C' \ T')) \rangle$ have (subst-set (trms-ecl C-fo) σ) \subseteq (trms-ecl C) by auto **from** $\langle (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C-fo) \ \sigma) = (cl-ecl \ C) \rangle \langle (subst-set \ (trms-ecl \ C-fo) \ \sigma) \subset$ $(trms-ecl \ C)$ have (trms-subsumes C-fo C σ) unfolding trms-subsumes-def by auto with $\langle factorization P1 C fo \vartheta FirstOrder C' \rangle \langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \sigma \rangle$ hyp show False by autoqed from *not-fact* and assms(1) show False by blast qed

lemma lifting-lemma-reflexion: **assumes** reflexion P1 C σ Ground C' **shows** $\exists D \vartheta$. reflexion P1 D \vartheta FirstOrder C' $\land \sigma \doteq \vartheta \diamond \sigma \land trms$ -subsumes D C σ **proof** (rule ccontr) **assume** hyp: $\nexists D \vartheta$. reflexion P1 D \vartheta FirstOrder C' $\land \sigma \doteq \vartheta \diamond \sigma \land trms$ -subsumes D C σ

```
have not-ref: \neg reflexion P1 C \sigma Ground C'

proof (rule notI)

assume reflexion P1 C \sigma Ground C'

from this obtain L1 t s Cl-P Cl-C trms-C where

eligible-literal L1 P1 \sigma

L1 \in cl-ecl P1 Cl-C = cl-ecl C Cl-P = cl-ecl P1

orient-lit-inst L1 t s neg \sigma

ck-unifier t s \sigma Ground

C = Ecl Cl-C trms-C

trms-C = get-trms Cl-C

(dom-trms Cl-C (subst-set (trms-ecl P1 \cup \{t\}) \sigma)) Ground

Cl-C = subst-cl (Cl-P - \{L1\}) \sigma

C' = Cl-P - \{L1\}

unfolding reflexion-def get-trms-def by auto
```

from $\langle ck$ -unifier $t \ s \ \sigma$ Ground \rangle **have** Unifier $\sigma \ t \ s$ unfolding ck-unifier-def Unifier-def by auto

hence subst t σ = subst s σ unfolding Unifier-def by auto hence unify t s \neq None using MGU-exists by auto then obtain ϑ where unify t s = Some ϑ by auto hence min-IMGU ϑ t s by (rule unify-computes-min-IMGU) with $\langle Unifier \ \sigma \ t \ s \rangle$ have $\sigma \doteq \vartheta \diamond \sigma$ unfolding IMGU-def min-IMGU-def by simp with $\langle eligible$ -literal L1 P1 $\sigma \rangle$ have eligible-literal L1 P1 ϑ using lift-eligible-literal by auto

from $\langle min-IMGU \ \vartheta \ t \ s \rangle$ have ck-unifier $t \ s \ \vartheta \ FirstOrder$ unfolding ck-unifier-def by auto

 $\mathbf{from} \ \langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \ \Diamond \ \sigma \rangle \ \langle \textit{orient-lit-inst } L1 \ t \ s \ neg \ \sigma \rangle \ \mathbf{have} \ orient-lit-inst \ L1 \ t \ s \ neg \ \vartheta \$

using lift-orient-lit-inst by auto

from $\langle Cl-C = subst-cl (Cl-P - \{ L1 \}) \sigma \rangle$ and $\langle C' = Cl-P - \{ L1 \} \rangle$ have $Cl-C = subst-cl C' \sigma$ by auto

obtain E where E = (trms-ecl P1) by auto with $\langle Cl-C = subst-cl C' \sigma \rangle$ $\langle trms-C = get-trms Cl-C (dom-trms Cl-C (subst-set (trms-ecl P1 \cup \{t\}) \sigma))$ Ground \rangle

have trms-C = get-trms Cl-C (dom-trms (subst-cl C' σ) (subst-set ($E \cup \{t\}$) σ)) Ground

by *auto*

let $?Cl-C' = subst-cl C' \vartheta$

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{from} & \langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \diamond \sigma \rangle \\ \langle trms-C = get\text{-}trms \ Cl-C \ (dom\text{-}trms \ (subst-cl \ C' \ \sigma) \ (subst-set \ (E \cup \{ t \}) \\ \sigma)) \ Ground \rangle \end{array}$

obtain T' where subst-set $T' \sigma \subseteq trms-C$ and $T' = get-trms ?Cl-C' (dom-trms (subst-cl C' \vartheta) (subst-set <math>(E \cup \{t\}) \vartheta)$)

FirstOrder

using lift-irreducible-terms by blast

obtain C-fo where C-fo = Ecl ?Cl-C' T' by auto

from $\langle C' = Cl - P - \{ L1 \} \rangle$ have $?Cl - C' = subst - cl (Cl - P - \{ L1 \}) \vartheta$ by auto

from $\langle C-fo = Ecl ?Cl-C' T' \rangle$ have ?Cl-C' = cl-ecl C-fo by auto

have $?Cl-C' = (subst-cl C' \vartheta)$ by auto

from

```
\langle eligible-literal \ L1 \ P1 \ \vartheta \rangle
       \langle L1 \in cl\text{-}ecl P1 \rangle \langle ?Cl\text{-}C' = cl\text{-}ecl C\text{-}fo \rangle \langle Cl\text{-}P = cl\text{-}ecl P1 \rangle
       \langle orient-lit-inst \ L1 \ t \ s \ neg \ \vartheta \rangle
       \langle ck-unifier t \ s \ \vartheta \ FirstOrder \rangle
       \langle C-fo = Ecl ?Cl-C' T' \rangle
       \langle T' = get-trms ?Cl-C'
           (dom-trms (subst-cl C' \vartheta) (subst-set (E \cup \{t\}) \vartheta)) FirstOrder
       \langle ?Cl-C' = subst-cl (Cl-P - \{ L1 \}) \vartheta \rangle
       \langle C' = Cl - P - \{ L1 \} \rangle
       \langle E = trms-ecl P1 \rangle
    have reflexion P1 C-fo \vartheta FirstOrder C'
       unfolding reflexion-def by metis
    have i: subst-cl ?Cl-C' \sigma = subst-cl (subst-cl (Cl-P - { L1 }) \vartheta) \sigma
       using \langle ?Cl-C' = subst-cl (Cl-P - \{ L1 \}) \vartheta \rangle by auto
     have ii: subst-cl (subst-cl (Cl-P - { L1 }) \vartheta) \sigma = subst-cl (Cl-P - { L1 })
(\vartheta \diamond \sigma)
       using composition-of-substs-cl[of Cl-P - \{ L1 \}] by auto
     from \langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \sigma \rangle have subst-cl (Cl-P - { L1 }) \sigma =  subst-cl (Cl-P - { L1
}) (\vartheta \diamond \sigma)
       using subst-eq-cl[of \sigma \ \vartheta \ \Diamond \ \sigma \ Cl-P - \{ L1 \} ] by auto
    with i \ ii \ \langle Cl-C = (subst-cl \ ((Cl-P - \{ L1 \})) \ \sigma) \rangle
    have subst-cl ?Cl-C' \sigma = Cl-C by metis
    with \langle C = Ecl \ Cl-C \ trms-C \rangle \langle C-fo = Ecl \ ?Cl-C' \ T' \rangle
    have subst-cl (cl-ecl C-fo) \sigma = cl-ecl C by auto
     from \langle subst-set \ T' \ \sigma \subseteq trms-C \rangle \ \langle C = Ecl \ Cl-C \ trms-C \rangle \ \langle C-fo = Ecl \ ?Cl-C'
T'
    have subst-set (trms-ecl C-fo) \sigma \subseteq trms-ecl C by auto
   from (subst-cl (cl-ecl C-fo) \sigma = cl-ecl C) (subst-set (trms-ecl C-fo) \sigma \subset trms-ecl
C
    have trms-subsumes C-fo C \sigma unfolding trms-subsumes-def by auto
    with (reflexion P1 C-fo \vartheta FirstOrder C') (\sigma \doteq \vartheta \diamond \sigma) hyp show False by auto
  qed
  from not-ref and assms(1) show False by blast
qed
lemma lifting-lemma:
  assumes deriv: derivable C P S \sigma Ground C'
 shows \exists D \vartheta. ((derivable D P S \vartheta FirstOrder C') \land (\sigma \doteq \vartheta \diamond \sigma) \land (trms-subsumes
D \ C \ \sigma)
proof (rule ccontr)
```

assume hyp: $\neg (\exists D \vartheta. derivable D P S \vartheta FirstOrder C' \land \sigma \doteq \vartheta \Diamond \sigma \land trms-subsumes D C \sigma)$

from deriv have $P \subseteq S$ unfolding derivable-def by auto

have not-sup: $\neg (\exists P1 P2. P = \{ P1, P2 \} \land superposition P1 P2 C \sigma Ground C')$

using lifting-lemma-superposition by (metis $\langle P \subseteq S \rangle$ derivable-def hyp insert-subset)

have not-fact: $\neg (\exists P1. \{ P1 \} = P \land factorization P1 C \sigma Ground C')$ using lifting-lemma-factorization by (metis $\langle P \subseteq S \rangle$ derivable-def hyp insert-subset)

have not-ref: $\neg (\exists P1. \{ P1 \} = P \land reflexion P1 C \sigma Ground C')$ using lifting-lemma-reflexion by (metis $\langle P \subseteq S \rangle$ derivable-def hyp insert-subset)

from not-sup not-ref not-fact deriv show False unfolding derivable-def by blast qed

lemma trms-subsumes-and-red-inf: assumes trms-subsumes $D \ C \ \eta$ assumes redundant-inference (subst-ecl D η) S P σ assumes $\sigma \doteq \vartheta \Diamond \eta$ shows redundant-inference $C S P \sigma$ proof from assms(2) obtain S' where $S' \subseteq (instances S)$ $(set-entails-clause (clset-instances S') (cl-ecl (subst-ecl D \eta)))$ $(\forall x \in S'. (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x)))$ $(trms-ecl (subst-ecl D \eta)))$ and ball-S'-le: $\forall x \in S'$. $\exists D' \in cl\text{-ecl} \in P$. ((cl-ecl (fst x), snd x), (D', σ)) $\in cl\text{-ord}$ unfolding redundant-inference-def by auto from assms(1) have $(subst-cl (cl-ecl D) \eta) = (cl-ecl C)$ unfolding trms-subsumes-def by auto obtain Cl-D T where D = Ecl Cl-D T using eclause.exhaust by auto from this have (cl-ecl D) = Cl-D and trms-ecl D = T by auto **from** $\langle D = Ecl \ Cl-D \ T \rangle$ have subst-ecl $D \ \eta = Ecl \ (subst-cl \ Cl-D \ \eta)$ (subst-set T η) by auto from this have $(cl\text{-}ecl (subst\text{-}ecl D \eta)) = (subst\text{-}cl Cl\text{-}D \eta)$ and trms-ecl (subst-ecl $D \eta$) = (subst-set $T \eta$) by auto **from** $\langle (cl-ecl (subst-ecl D \eta)) = (subst-cl Cl-D \eta) \rangle$ and $\langle (cl-ecl D) = Cl-D \rangle \langle (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) \eta) = (cl-ecl C) \rangle$ have $(cl\text{-}ecl (subst\text{-}ecl D \eta)) = (cl\text{-}ecl C)$ by auto from this and $(set-entails-clause (clset-instances S') (cl-ecl (subst-ecl D <math>\eta)))$ have (set-entails-clause (clset-instances S') (cl-ecl C)) by auto

from $\langle trms\text{-}ecl \ D = T \rangle$ and $\langle trms\text{-}ecl \ (subst\text{-}ecl \ D \ \eta) = (subst\text{-}set \ T \ \eta) \rangle$

have trms-ecl (subst-ecl $D \eta$) = (subst-set (trms-ecl $D) \eta$) by auto from assms(1) have $(subst-set (trms-ecl D) \eta) \subseteq (trms-ecl C)$ unfolding trms-subsumes-def by auto have ii: $(\forall x \in S')$. (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x)) $(trms-ecl \ C)))$ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) **assume** \neg ($\forall x \in S'$. (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x)) $(trms-ecl \ C)))$ from this obtain x where $x \in S'$ and \neg (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x)) (trms-ecl C)) by *auto* from $\langle x \in S' \rangle$ and $\langle (\forall x \in S'. (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)))) \rangle$ (snd x)) $(trms-ecl (subst-ecl D \eta))))$ have (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x)) $(trms-ecl (subst-ecl D \eta)))$ by auto **obtain** E1 where E1 = (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x)) by auto obtain E2 where $E2 = (subst-set (trms-ecl D) \eta)$ by auto obtain E2' where $E2' = (trms-ecl \ C)$ by auto from $\langle E2 = (subst-set (trms-ecl D) \eta) \rangle \langle E2' = (trms-ecl C) \rangle$ $\langle (subst-set (trms-ecl D) \eta) \subseteq (trms-ecl C) \rangle$ have $E2 \subseteq E2'$ by *auto* from $\langle E1 = (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x)) \rangle$ $\langle E2 = (subst-set (trms-ecl D) \eta) \rangle$ $\langle trms-ecl \ (subst-ecl \ D \ \eta) \rangle = (subst-set \ (trms-ecl \ D) \ \eta) \rangle$ $\langle (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x)) \rangle$ $(trms-ecl (subst-ecl D \eta)))$ have subterms-inclusion E1 E2 by auto from this and $\langle E2 \subseteq E2' \rangle$ have subterms-inclusion E1 E2' using subterms-inclusion-subset by auto from this and $\langle E1 = (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x)) \rangle \langle E2' = (trms-ecl (fst x)) \langle E2' = (trms-ecl (fst x)) \rangle \langle E2' = (trm$ C)and $\langle \neg ($ subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x)) $(trms-ecl \ C))$ show False by auto qed from this and $\langle (set-entails-clause (clset-instances S') (cl-ecl C) \rangle \rangle$ and ball-S'-leand $\langle S' \subseteq (instances S) \rangle$ show redundant-inference $C S P \sigma$ unfolding redundant-inference-def by auto qed **lemma** *lift-inference*: **assumes** inference-saturated S**shows** ground-inference-saturated S**proof** (*rule ccontr*) **assume** \neg (ground-inference-saturated S) from this obtain $C P \sigma C'$ where derivable $C P S \sigma$ Ground C' ground-clause $(cl-ecl \ C)$

grounding-set $P \sigma \neg redundant$ -inference $C S P \sigma$ unfolding ground-inference-saturated-def

by blast **from** (derivable $C P S \sigma$ Ground C) **obtain** $D \vartheta \eta$ where derivable $D P S \vartheta$ FirstOrder C' $\sigma \doteq \vartheta \Diamond \eta$ trms-subsumes D C η using lifting-lemma by blast **from** $\langle trms-subsumes \ D \ C \ \eta \rangle$ **and** $\langle \neg redundant-inference \ C \ S \ P \ \sigma \rangle \ \langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \ \Diamond \ \eta \rangle$ have \neg redundant-inference (subst-ecl D η) S P σ using trms-subsumes-and-red-inf by auto from this and (derivable C P S σ Ground C') (derivable D P S ϑ FirstOrder C' $\langle trms$ -subsumes $D \ C \ \eta \rangle$ $\langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \rangle \langle \eta \rangle \langle ground-clause (cl-ecl C) \rangle \langle grounding-set P \sigma \rangle$ $\langle \neg redundant-inference (subst-ecl D \eta) S P \sigma \rangle$ assms(1) show False unfolding inference-saturated-def by auto qed **lemma** *lift-redundant-cl* : assumes $C' = subst-cl \ D \ \vartheta$ assumes redundant-clause $C S \eta C'$ assumes $\sigma \doteq \vartheta \Diamond \eta$ assumes finite D shows redundant-clause $C \ S \ \sigma \ D$ proof – from assms(2) have $(\exists S'. (S' \subseteq (instances S) \land (set-entails-clause (clset-instances S') (cl-ecl C))$ \wedge $(\forall x \in S'. (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x)))$ $(trms-ecl \ C))) \land$ $(\forall x \in S'. (((mset-ecl ((fst x), (snd x))), (mset-cl (C', \eta))) \in (mult (mult$ trm-ord)) \lor (mset-ecl ((fst x),(snd x))) = mset-cl (C',\eta))))) unfolding redundant-clause-def by auto from this obtain S' where i: $S' \subseteq (instances S)$ and ii: (set-entails-clause (clset-instances S') (cl-ecl C)) and iii: $(\forall x \in S'. (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x)))$ $(trms-ecl \ C)))$ and iv: $(\forall x \in S'. (((mset-ecl ((fst x), (snd x))), (mset-cl (C', \eta))) \in (mult (mult$ trm-ord)) \lor (mset-ecl ((fst x),(snd x))) = mset-cl (C',\eta))) by *auto* let $?m1 = mset-cl (C',\eta)$ let $?m2 = mset-cl (D,\sigma)$ from assms(1) assms(3) assms(4)have mset-cl $(C',\eta) = mset-cl (D,\sigma) \lor (mset-cl (C',\eta), mset-cl (D,\sigma)) \in (mult$ (mult trm-ord)) using mset-subst by auto from this iv have $(\forall x \in S'. (((mset-ecl ((fst x), (snd x))), (mset-cl (D, \sigma)))) \in (mult (mult$ trm-ord))

 \vee (mset-ecl ((fst x),(snd x))) = mset-cl (D, σ)))

using mult-mult-trm-ord-trans unfolding trans-def by metis

from this and i ii iii show ?thesis unfolding redundant-clause-def by meson qed

We deduce the following (trivial) lemma, stating that sets that are closed under all inferences are also saturated.

```
lemma inference-closed-sets-are-saturated:
  assumes inference-closed S
  assumes \forall x \in S. (finite (cl-ecl x))
  shows clause-saturated S
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume \neg?thesis
  from this obtain C P \sigma C' D \vartheta \eta
    where
     (derivable C P S \sigma Ground C') (ground-clause (cl-ecl C))
     (derivable D P S \vartheta FirstOrder C') (trms-subsumes D C \eta)
     (\sigma \doteq \vartheta \Diamond \eta)
     \neg(redundant-clause (subst-ecl D \eta) S \sigma C')
      unfolding clause-saturated-def by blast
  from \langle (derivable \ D \ P \ S \ \vartheta \ FirstOrder \ C') \rangle assms(1) have D \in S
    unfolding inference-closed-def by auto
  from (derivable D P S \vartheta FirstOrder C') have (cl-ecl D) = (subst-cl C' \vartheta)
    using derivable-clauses-lemma by auto
  from \langle trms-subsumes \ D \ C \ \eta \rangle have (cl-ecl \ C) = (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ D) \ \eta)
    unfolding trms-subsumes-def by blast
  from \langle \sigma \doteq \vartheta \Diamond \eta \rangle have subst-cl (cl-ecl D) \sigma = subst-cl (cl-ecl D) (\vartheta \Diamond \eta)
    using subst-eq-cl by blast
  then have (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) \sigma) = (subst-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) \vartheta) \eta)
      using composition-of-substs-cl [of cl-ecl D \ \vartheta \ \eta] by auto
  from this and \langle (cl-ecl \ C) = (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ D) \ \eta) \rangle
    \langle (ground-clause (cl-ecl C)) \rangle have ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) \eta)
    by auto
  from this \langle D \in S \rangle \langle (cl\text{-}ecl \ D) = (subst\text{-}cl \ C' \ \vartheta) \rangle
    \langle (cl-ecl \ D) = (subst-cl \ C' \ \vartheta) \rangle
    have redundant-clause (subst-ecl D \eta) S \eta (subst-cl C' \vartheta)
    using self-redundant-clause by metis
  from (derivable D P S \vartheta FirstOrder C) have P \subseteq S unfolding derivable-def
by auto
  from this assms(2) have \forall x \in P. (finite (cl-ecl x)) by auto
  from this (derivable D P S \vartheta FirstOrder C) have finite C'
    using derivable-clauses-are-finite by auto
  from this \langle (cl-ecl D) = subst-cl C' \vartheta \rangle
      \langle redundant-clause (subst-ecl D \eta) S \eta (subst-cl C' \vartheta) \rangle \langle (\sigma \doteq \vartheta \Diamond \eta) \rangle
    have redundant-clause (subst-ecl D \eta) S \sigma C'
    using lift-redundant-cl by metis
 from this and \langle \neg (redundant-clause (subst-ecl D \eta) S \sigma C') \rangle show False by auto
qed
```

7.3 Satisfiability of Saturated Sets with No Empty Clause

We are now in the position to prove that the previously constructed interpretation is indeed a model of the set of extended clauses, if the latter is saturated and does not contain an extended clause with empty clausal part. More precisely, the constructed interpretation satisfies the clausal part of every extended clause whose attached set of terms is in normal form. This is the case in particular if this set is empty, hence if the clause is an input clause.

Note that we do not provide any function for explicitly constructing such saturated sets, except by generating all derivable clauses (see below).

```
lemma int-clset-is-a-model:

assumes ground-inference-saturated S

assumes all-finite: \forall x \in S. (finite (cl-ecl x))

assumes Ball S well-constrained

assumes all-non-empty: \forall x \in S. (cl-ecl x) \neq {}

assumes closed-under-renaming S

shows \forall C \sigma. (fst pair = C) \rightarrow \sigma = (snd pair) \rightarrow C \in S \rightarrow

ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma)

\rightarrow (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl C) \sigma) (\lambda t. (trm-rep t S))))

\rightarrow validate-ground-clause (same-values (\lambda t. (trm-rep t S)))) (subst-cl (cl-ecl

C) \sigma)

(is ?P pair)

proof ((rule wf-induct [of ecl-ord ?P pair]),(simp add: wf-ecl-ord))

next
```

The proof is by induction and contradiction. We consider a minimal instance that is not true in the interpretation and we derive a contradiction.

```
fix pair assume hyp-ind: \forall y. (y, pair) \in ecl\text{-}ord \longrightarrow (?P y)
let ?I = (int\text{-}clset S)
have fo-interpretation ?I
unfolding int-clset-def using trm-rep-compatible-with-structure same-values-fo-int
```

```
by metis

show (?P pair)

proof (rule ccontr)

assume \neg(?P pair)

then obtain C \sigma where C = (fst pair) and \sigma = (snd pair) and C \in S

and ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma)

and (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl C) \sigma)

(\lambda t. (trm-rep t S)))

and cm: \negvalidate-ground-clause (int-clset S) (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma)

unfolding int-clset-def by metis
```

First, we prove that no reduction is possible (otherwise the superposition rule applies).

let ?nored = $(\forall L1 \ L2 \ D \ t \ s \ u' \ u \ v \ p \ polarity \ \sigma'.$

 \neg ((reduction L1 C σ' t s polarity L2 u u' p v D ?I S σ) \land (variable-disjoint (C D)))have ?nored **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume \neg ?nored then obtain L1 L2 D t s u' u v p polarity σ' where red: reduction L1 C σ' t s polarity L2 u u' p v D ?I S σ and variable-disjoint C Dby blast from red have (subst $u \sigma'$) \neq (subst $v \sigma'$) unfolding reduction-def by blast from red have ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) σ') unfolding reduction-def by blast from red have (coincide-on $\sigma \sigma'$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C))) unfolding reduction-def by blast from red have \neg is-a-variable u' unfolding reduction-def by blast from red have $D \in S$ unfolding reduction-def by blast from red have el1: (eligible-literal L1 C σ') unfolding reduction-def by blastfrom red have el2: (eligible-literal L2 D σ') unfolding reduction-def by blastfrom red have $D \in S$ unfolding reduction-def by blast from red have (minimal-redex p (subst t σ) C S t) unfolding reduction-def by blast from red have $l1: L1 \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C)$ unfolding reduction-def by blast from red have $l2: L2 \in (cl\text{-}ecl D)$ unfolding reduction-def by blast from red have o1: (orient-lit-inst L1 ts polarity σ') unfolding reduction-def **by** blast from red have o2: (orient-lit-inst L2 u v pos σ') unfolding reduction-def by blast from red have $e:(subst u' \sigma') = (subst u \sigma')$ unfolding reduction-def by blast from red have $(\neg validate-ground-clause ?I (subst-cl ((cl-ecl D) - { L2 })))$ $) \sigma'))$ unfolding reduction-def by blast from red have $(\forall x \in (cl-ecl D) - \{L2\})$. (subst-lit $x \sigma'$), (subst-lit L2 $\sigma'))$ \in *lit-ord*) unfolding reduction-def by blast from red have st: (subterm t p u') unfolding reduction-def by blast from red have (allowed-redex $u' C \sigma$) unfolding reduction-def by blast from st have $u' \in (subterms \text{-} of t)$ using occurs-in-def by auto from this and of have $u' \in (subterms \text{-}of-lit L1)$ using orient-lit-inst-subterms by auto from this and $\langle L1 \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \rangle$ have $u' \in (subterms\text{-}of\text{-}cl \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ C))$ by autofrom this and $\langle (allowed-redex \ u' \ C \ \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle C \in S \rangle$ and $\langle (coincide-on \ \sigma \ \sigma' \ (vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C))) \rangle$ assms(3)

have rte: (allowed-redex $u' C \sigma'$) using allowed-redex-coincide [of $u' C \sigma$

 σ']

by *metis*

from red have ((subst-lit L2 σ'),(subst-lit L1 σ')) \in lit-ord unfolding reduction-def by blast from red have (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl D) σ') (λt . (trm-rep t S))) unfolding reduction-def by blast from red have ?I (subst $u \sigma'$) (subst $v \sigma'$) unfolding reduction-def by blast

from e have t: ck-unifier u' u σ ' Ground unfolding ck-unifier-def Unifier-def by auto

have $\forall x \in (cl\text{-}ecl D)$. ((mset-lit (subst-lit $x \sigma'$)),(mset-lit (subst-lit $L1 \sigma'$)))

 \in (mult trm-ord)

proof (rule ccontr) **assume** $\neg(\forall x \in (cl\text{-ecl } D). ((mset\text{-lit } (subst\text{-lit } x \sigma')), (mset\text{-lit } (subst\text{-lit } L1 \sigma')))$

 \in (*mult trm-ord*)) from this obtain x where $x \in (cl\text{-}ecl D)$ and $((mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma')),(mset-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma')))$ \notin (mult trm-ord) by auto show False **proof** (cases) assume x = L2from this and $\langle ((subst-lit L2 \sigma'), (subst-lit L1 \sigma')) \rangle$ \in lit-ord> and $\langle (mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma')), (mset-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma')) \rangle$ \notin (mult trm-ord) show False unfolding lit-ord-def by auto \mathbf{next} assume $x \neq L2$ from this and $\langle x \in (cl\text{-}ecl D) \rangle$ have $x \in (cl\text{-}ecl D) - \{L2\}$ by auto from this and $\langle (\forall x \in (cl-ecl \ D) - \{ L2 \} \}$. (subst-lit $x \sigma'$), (subst-lit L2 $\in lit-ord$ have $((subst-lit \ x \ \sigma'), (subst-lit \ L2 \ \sigma'))$

 $\sigma'))$

 $\in lit\text{-}ord) \rangle \\ \mathbf{have} ((subst-lit x \sigma'), (subst-lit L2 \sigma')) \\ \in lit\text{-}ord \mathbf{by} auto \\ \mathbf{from} \langle ((mset\text{-}lit (subst-lit x \sigma')), (mset\text{-}lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma'))) \\ \notin (mult trm\text{-}ord) \rangle \\ \mathbf{have} ((subst\text{-}lit x \sigma'), (subst\text{-}lit L1 \sigma')) \\ \notin lit\text{-}ord \\ \mathbf{unfolding} \ lit\text{-}ord\text{-}def \mathbf{by} \ auto \\ \end{cases}$

from this and $\langle ((subst-lit \ x \ \sigma'), (subst-lit \ L2 \ \sigma')) \\ \in lit \text{-} ord \rangle$ and $\langle ((subst-lit \ L2 \ \sigma'), (subst-lit \ L1 \ \sigma')) \rangle$

 \in *lit-ord*> show False using lit-ord-trans unfolding trans-def by blast qed qed from all-finite and $\langle C \in S \rangle$ have finite (cl-ecl C) by auto from this and $\langle L1 \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \rangle$ have $(mset-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma')) \in \# mset-ecl (C,\sigma')$ using mset-ecl-and-mset-lit by auto from this have (mset-lit (subst-lit L1 σ')) \in (set-mset (mset-ecl (C, σ'))) by simp have $\forall x. (x \in (set\text{-}mset (mset\text{-}ecl (D,\sigma'))))$ $\rightarrow (\exists y \in set\text{-}mset \ (mset\text{-}ecl \ (C,\sigma')). \ (x,y) \in (mult \ trm\text{-}ord)))$ **proof** ((*rule allI*),(*rule impI*)) fix x assume $x \in (set\text{-mset} (mset\text{-}ecl (D,\sigma')))$ then have $x \in \#$ mset-ecl (D,σ') by simp from $\langle x \in \# mset\text{-}ecl (D, \sigma') \rangle$ obtain x'where $x' \in \#$ (mset-set (cl-ecl D)) and $x = (mset-lit (subst-lit x' \sigma'))$ by auto from $\langle x' \in \# (mset\text{-set } (cl\text{-}ecl D)) \rangle$ have $x' \in (cl\text{-}ecl D)$ using count-mset-set(3) by (fastforce simp: count-eq-zero-iff) from this and $\forall x \in (cl\text{-}ecl D).$ $((mset-lit (subst-lit x \sigma')),(mset-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma')))$ \in (mult trm-ord)> and $\langle x = (mset-lit (subst-lit x' \sigma')) \rangle$ have $(x, (mset-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma'))) \in (mult trm-ord)$ by *auto* from $\langle (mset-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma')) \in (set-mset (mset-ecl (C,\sigma'))) \rangle$ and $\langle (x, (mset-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma'))) \in (mult trm-ord) \rangle$ show $(\exists y \in set\text{-}mset (mset\text{-}ecl (C,\sigma')). (x,y) \in (mult trm\text{-}ord))$ by auto qed from this have dom: $\bigwedge I J K. J \neq \{\#\} \land (\forall k \in set\text{-mset } K. \exists j \in set\text{-mset } J. (k, j) \in (mult$ trm- $ord)) \longrightarrow$ $(I + K, I + J) \in mult (mult trm-ord)$ **by** (*blast intro: one-step-implies-mult*) from $\langle (mset-lit (subst-lit L1 \sigma')) \in \# mset-ecl (C,\sigma') \rangle$ have *mset-ecl* $(C, \sigma') \neq \{\#\}$ by *auto* from $\forall x. (x \in (set\text{-}mset (mset\text{-}ecl (D, \sigma'))))$ $\rightarrow (\exists y \in set\text{-mset } (mset\text{-}ecl \ (C,\sigma')). \ (x,y) \in (mult \ trm\text{-}ord)))$ and $\langle mset\text{-}ecl (C,\sigma') \neq \{\#\} \rangle$ have $(\{\#\} + mset\text{-}ecl (D, \sigma'), \{\#\} + mset\text{-}ecl (C, \sigma')) \in mult (mult$ trm-ord)

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using dom [of (mset-ecl (C,σ')) mset-ecl (D,σ') {#}] by auto from this have (mset-ecl (D, σ') , mset-ecl (C, σ')) \in mult (mult trm-ord) by auto from this have $((D,\sigma'), (C,\sigma')) \in ecl\text{-}ord$ unfolding ecl-ord-def by auto from st obtain t' where rt: (replace-subterm t p v t') using replace-subterm-is-a-function by blast from st obtain R Cl-R nt-R L' Cl-C Cl-D where $ntr: nt-R = (dom-trms \ Cl-R \ (subst-set$ $((trms-ecl \ C) \cup (trms-ecl \ D) \cup$ $\{r. \exists q. (q,p) \in (pos \text{-} ord C t) \land (subterm t q r) \} \sigma')$ and r: R = Ecl Cl-R nt-Rand clc: $Cl-C = (cl-ecl \ C)$ and cld: Cl-D = (cl-ecl D)and clr: $Cl-R = (subst-cl ((Cl-C - \{L1\}) \cup ((Cl-D - \{L2\}) \cup \{L'\}))$ $\})) \sigma'$ and l': L' = mk-lit polarity (Eq t's) by *auto* **from** (orient-lit-inst L1 t s polarity σ') have vars-of $t \subseteq$ vars-of-lit L1 using orient-lit-inst-vars by auto from $(L1 \in (cl-ecl \ C))$ have vars-of-lit $L1 \subseteq vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C)$ by auto **from** this **and** (vars-of $t \subseteq$ vars-of-lit L1) have vars-of $t \subseteq$ vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C) by *auto* from this and (coincide-on $\sigma \sigma'$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C))) have coincide-on $\sigma \sigma'$ (vars-of t) unfolding coincide-on-def by auto from this have subst t σ = subst t σ' using coincide-on-term by auto from $\langle (\forall x \in (cl\text{-}ecl D) - \{ L2 \})$. $((subst\text{-}lit x \sigma'), (subst\text{-}lit L2 \sigma'))$ $\in lit-ord$ have strictly-maximal-literal D L2 σ' unfolding strictly-maximal-literal-def by *metis* from ntr have nt-R = get-trms Cl-R (dom-trms Cl-R (subst-set $((trms-ecl \ C) \cup (trms-ecl \ D) \cup$ $\{r. \exists q. (q,p) \in (pos \text{-} ord C t) \land (subterm t q r) \} \sigma')$ Ground unfolding *qet-trms-def* by *auto* from this $\langle (subst \ u \ \sigma') \neq (subst \ v \ \sigma') \rangle \langle \neg is-a-variable \ u' \rangle l1 \ l2 \ el1 \ el2$ $\langle variable-disjoint \ C \ D \rangle$ rte r o1 o2 t st rt l' clr ntr clr clc cld $\langle R = Ecl \ Cl-R$ nt-R $((subst-lit L2 \sigma'),(subst-lit L1 \sigma'))$ \in *lit-ord*> $\langle strictly-maximal-literal \ D \ L2 \ \sigma' \rangle$ have superposition C D R σ' Ground ((Cl-C - {L1})) \cup ((Cl-D - {L2}) $) \cup \{ L' \})$ unfolding superposition-def by blast from l2 have (subst-lit L2 σ') \in (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) σ') by auto from this and $\langle ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) \sigma') \rangle$

have vars-of-lit (subst-lit L2 σ') = {}
from this and o2 have vars-of (subst $v \sigma'$) = {} unfolding orient-lit-inst-def using vars-of-lit.simps vars-of-eq.simps by
force
from $\langle (coincide-on \ \sigma \ \sigma' \ (vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C))) \rangle$ have $(subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma') = (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma)$ using $coincide-on-cl \ [of \ \sigma \ \sigma' \ (cl-ecl \ C)]$ by $auto$
from this and $\langle ground\text{-}clause \ (subst\text{-}cl \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \ \sigma) \rangle$ have ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) σ') using coincide-on-cl by auto
from l1 have (subst-lit L1 σ') \in (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) σ') by auto from this and $\langle ground\text{-}clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma') \rangle$ have vars-of-lit (subst-lit L1 σ') = {} by auto from this and o1 have vars-of (subst t σ') = {} unfolding orient-lit-inst-def using vars-of-lit.simps vars-of-eq.simps by
force from $\langle vars-of-lit \ (subst-lit \ L1 \ \sigma') = \{\} \rangle$ and o1 have vars-of $(subst \ s \ \sigma') = \{\}$ unfolding orient-lit-inst-def using vars-of-lit.simps vars-of-eq.simps by force
from (vars-of (subst $t \sigma'$) = {}) and (vars-of (subst $v \sigma'$) = {}) and rt have vars-of (subst $t' \sigma'$) = {} using ground-replacement [of $t p$
unfolding ground-term-def by blast
from $\langle vars-of (subst t' \sigma') = \{\}\rangle$ and $\langle vars-of (subst s \sigma') = \{\}\rangle$ have vars-of-eq (subst-equation (Eq t' s) σ') = $\{\}$ by auto from l' have $L' = (Pos (Eq t' s)) \lor L' = (Neg (Eq t' s))$ using mk-lit.elims by auto
from this and (vars-of-eq (subst-equation (Eq t's) σ') = {} have vars-of-lit (subst-lit L' σ') = {} by auto
from $\langle C \in S \rangle$ and $\langle D \in S \rangle$ and $\langle superposition \ C \ D \ R \ \sigma' \ Ground \ ((Cl-C - \{ L1 \}) \cup ((Cl-D - \{ L2 \}) \cup \{ L' \})) \rangle$
have derivable $R \{ C,D \} S \sigma'$ Ground $((Cl-C - \{ L1 \}) \cup ((Cl-D - \{ L2 \}) \cup \{ L' \}))$ unfolding derivable-def by auto
have ground-clause Cl-R
proof (rule ccontr) assume $\neg around$ -clause Cl-R
then have vars-of-cl Cl- $R \neq \{\}$ by auto then obtain M where $M \in Cl$ -R and vars-of-lit $M \neq \{\}$ by auto

from $\langle M \in Cl-R \rangle$ and clr obtain M' where $M = (subst-lit M' \sigma')$ and $M' \in ((Cl-C - \{ L1 \}) \cup ((Cl-D - \{ L2 \}) \cup \{ L' \}))$ by auto show False **proof** (*cases*) assume M' = L'from this and (vars-of-lit (subst-lit $L' \sigma'$) = {}) and (vars-of-lit $M \neq$ $\{\}$ and $\langle M = (subst-lit M' \sigma') \rangle$ show False by auto \mathbf{next} assume $M' \neq L'$ from this and l1 clc cld and $\langle M' \in (Cl-C - \{L1\}) \cup ((Cl-D - \{L2\})) \cup ((Cl-D - (CL))) \cup ((Cl-D - (CL))) \cup ((Cl-D - (CL))) \cup ((CL))) \cup ((CL)) \cup ((CL))) \cup ((CL))) \cup ((CL)) \cup ((CL))) \cup ((CL)) \cup ((CL))) \cup ((CL)) \cup ((CL)) \cup ((CL))) \cup ((CL)) \cup ((CL))) \cup ((CL)) \cup ((CL)) \cup ((CL))) \cup ((CL)) \cup ((CL$ $) \cup \{ L' \} \rangle$ have $M' \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \lor M' \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ D)$ by *auto* then show False proof assume $M' \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C)$ from this and $\langle ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma') \rangle$ have vars-of-lit (subst-lit $M' \sigma'$) = {} by auto from this and $\langle M = (subst-lit M' \sigma') \rangle$ and $\langle vars-of-lit \ M \neq \{\} \rangle$ show False by auto \mathbf{next} assume $M' \in (cl\text{-}ecl D)$ from this and $\langle ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl D) \sigma') \rangle$ have vars-of-lit (subst-lit $M' \sigma'$) = {} by auto from this and $\langle M = (subst-lit M' \sigma') \rangle$ and $\langle vars-of-lit \ M \neq \{\} \rangle$ show False by auto qed qed qed **from** $\langle qround-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma') \rangle$ and $\langle qround-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma') \rangle$ $(cl-ecl D) \sigma' \rangle$ have grounding-set { C,D } σ' unfolding grounding-set-def by auto from $\langle ground-clause \ Cl-R \rangle$ and $\langle R = Ecl \ Cl-R \ nt-R \rangle$ have ground-clause (cl-ecl R) by auto from this and (derivable $R \{ C, D \} S \sigma'$ Ground ((Cl-C - $\{ L1 \}$) \cup $((Cl-D - \{ L2 \}) \cup \{ L' \}))$ and $\langle ground-inference-saturated S \rangle \langle grounding-set \{ C,D \} \sigma' \rangle$ have (redundant-inference $R S \{ C, D \} \sigma'$) unfolding ground-inference-saturated-def **by** blast from this obtain S' where $S' \subseteq (instances S)$ and (set-entails-clause (clset-instances S') (cl-ecl R))and order: $\forall x \in S'$. ((cl-ecl (fst x), snd x), cl-ecl C, σ') \in cl-ord \lor $((cl-ecl (fst x), snd x), cl-ecl D, \sigma') \in cl-ord$ and all-normalized-term-included: $(\forall x \in S'.$

(subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x))

(trms-ecl R)))unfolding redundant-inference-def by auto have all-smaller: $(\forall x \in S'. (((fst x), (snd x)), (C, \sigma)) \in ecl\text{-}ord)$ **proof** (rule ccontr) assume $\neg(\forall x \in S'. (((fst x), (snd x)), (C, \sigma)) \in ecl\text{-}ord)$ then obtain x where $x \in S'$ and $(((fst x), (snd x)), (C, \sigma)) \notin ecl\text{-}ord$ by *auto* from order[rule-format, $OF \langle x \in S' \rangle$] have $((cl\text{-}ecl (fst x), snd x), cl\text{-}ecl C, \sigma') \in cl\text{-}ord$ **proof** (*elim disjE*) assume ((*cl-ecl* (fst x), snd x), *cl-ecl* C, σ') \in *cl-ord* thus ?thesis by assumption \mathbf{next} **assume** ((*cl-ecl* (*fst* x), *snd* x), *cl-ecl* D, σ') \in *cl-ord* thus ((*cl-ecl* (fst x), snd x), *cl-ecl* C, σ') \in *cl-ord* using $\langle ((D, \sigma'), (C, \sigma')) \in ecl\text{-}ord \rangle$ [unfolded member-ecl-ord-iff] by (rule cl-ord-trans[THEN transD]) qed from $\langle (coincide-on \ \sigma \ \sigma' \ (vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C))) \rangle$ have $(mset\text{-}ecl (C, \sigma')) = (mset\text{-}ecl (C, \sigma))$ using ecl-ord-coincide [of $\sigma \sigma' C$] by auto with $\langle ((cl-ecl (fst x), snd x), cl-ecl C, \sigma') \in cl-ord \rangle$ have $((mset-ecl x), (mset-ecl (C,\sigma))) \in (mult (mult trm-ord))$ by (metis (no-types, lifting) CollectD case-prodD cl-ord-def mset-ecl-conv prod.collapse) from this and $\langle \neg (((fst \ x), (snd \ x)), (C, \sigma)) \in ecl\text{-}ord \rangle$ show False unfolding ecl-ord-def by auto qed

have validate-clause-set ?I (clset-instances S') proof (rule ccontr) assume \neg validate-clause-set ?I (clset-instances S') then obtain x where $x \in (clset-instances S')$ and \neg validate-clause ?I x using validate-clause-set.simps by blast from $\langle x \in (clset-instances S') \rangle$ obtain pair' where pair' $\in S'$ and x = (subst-cl (cl-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair'))unfolding clset-instances-def by auto from all-smaller and $\langle pair' \in S' \rangle$ have $(pair', (C, \sigma)) \in ecl$ -ord by auto from this and $\langle C = fst pair \rangle$ and $\langle \sigma = snd pair \rangle$ have $(pair', pair) \in ecl$ -ord by auto from this and hyp-ind have ?P pair' by blast

from $\langle pair' \in S' \rangle$ and all-normalized-term-included have (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair'))

(trms-ecl R)) by auto have i: (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair')) $(\lambda t. (trm-rep \ t \ S)))$ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) **assume** \neg (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair')) $(\lambda t. (trm-rep \ t \ S)))$ then obtain w w' where $w \in subst-set$ (trms-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair') and occurs-in w' wtrm-rep $w' S \neq w'$ unfolding all-trms-irreducible-def by blast from $\langle w \in subst-set (trms-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair') \rangle$ and <(subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair')) (trms-ecl R)) obtain w'' where $w'' \in trms-ecl R$ and occurs-in w w''unfolding subterms-inclusion-def by auto from $\langle occurs-in \ w \ w'' \rangle$ and $\langle occurs-in \ w' \ w \rangle$ have $occurs-in \ w' \ w''$ using occur-in-subterm by blast from *ntr* have $nt-R \subseteq (subst-set ((trms-ecl C) \cup (trms-ecl D) \cup$ $\{r. \exists q. (q,p) \in (pos \text{-} ord C t) \land (subterm t q r) \} \sigma'$ using dom-trms-subset [of Cl-R (subst-set ((trms-ecl C) \cup (trms-ecl D) \cup $\{r. \exists q. (q,p) \in (pos \text{-} ord C t) \land (subterm t q r) \} \sigma' \} by blast$ from this and r have trms-ecl $R \subseteq (subst-set ((trms-ecl C) \cup (trms-ecl$ $D) \cup$ $\{ r. \exists q. (q,p) \in (pos \text{-} ord C t) \land (subterm t q r) \} \sigma'$ by auto from this and $\langle w'' \in trms\text{-}ecl \ R \rangle$ have $w'' \in (subst-set \ ((trms-ecl \ C) \cup (trms-ecl \ D) \cup$ $\{ r. \exists q. (q,p) \in (pos \text{-} ord C t) \land (subterm t q r) \} \sigma'$ by blast from this obtain w'''where $w''' \in ((trms\text{-}ecl \ C) \cup (trms\text{-}ecl \ D) \cup$ $\{ r. \exists q. (q,p) \in (pos-ord \ C \ t) \land (subterm \ t \ q \ r) \}$ and w'' = subst $w^{\prime\prime\prime}\sigma^{\prime}$ by *auto* from this and (occurs-in w' w'') have occurs-in w' (subst w''' σ) by auto have \neg ($w''' \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C$) proof assume $w''' \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C$ from this and (occurs-in w' w'') and $\langle w'' = subst w''' \sigma' \rangle$ have occurs-in w' (subst $w''' \sigma'$) by auto from assms(3) and $\langle C \in S \rangle$ and $\langle w''' \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C \rangle$ have vars-of $w''' \subseteq vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C)$ using dom-trm-vars unfolding Ball-def well-constrained-def by blast from this and (coincide-on $\sigma \sigma'$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C))) have coincide-on $\sigma \sigma' (vars-of w''')$ unfolding coincide-on-def by auto from this have subst $w^{\prime\prime\prime} \sigma = subst w^{\prime\prime\prime} \sigma^{\prime}$ using coincide-on-term by auto from this and $\langle occurs-in \ w' \ (subst \ w''' \ \sigma') \rangle$ have occurs-in w' (subst $w''' \sigma$) by auto

from this and $\langle w''' \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C \rangle$ $\langle (all\text{-}trms\text{-}irreducible (subst\text{-}set (trms\text{-}ecl \ C) \ \sigma)$ $(\lambda t. (trm\text{-}rep \ t \ S))) \rangle$ have $trm\text{-}rep \ w' \ S = w'$ unfolding all-trms-irreducible-def using subst-set.simps by blast from this and $\langle trm\text{-}rep \ w' \ S \neq w' \rangle$ show False by blast qed

$$\begin{split} & \mathbf{have} \neg (w''' \in trms\text{-}ecl \ D) \\ & \mathbf{proof} \\ & \mathbf{assume} \ w''' \in trms\text{-}ecl \ D \\ & \mathbf{from} \ this \ \mathbf{and} \ \langle occurs\text{-}in \ w' \ w'' \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ \langle w'' = subst \ w''' \ \sigma' \rangle \ \mathbf{have} \\ & occurs\text{-}in \ w' \ (subst \ w''' \ \sigma') \ \mathbf{by} \ auto \\ & \mathbf{from} \ this \ \mathbf{and} \ \langle w''' \in trms\text{-}ecl \ D \rangle \\ & \quad \langle (all\text{-}trms\text{-}irreducible \ (subst\text{-}set \ (trms\text{-}ecl \ D) \ \sigma') \\ & \quad (\lambda t. \ (trm\text{-}rep \ t \ S))) \rangle \\ & \quad \mathbf{have} \ trm\text{-}rep \ w' \ S = \ w' \\ & \quad \mathbf{unfolding} \ all\text{-}trms\text{-}irreducible\text{-}def \ \mathbf{using} \ subst\text{-}set\text{.}simps \ \mathbf{by} \ blast \\ & \quad \mathbf{from} \ this \ \mathbf{and} \ \langle trm\text{-}rep \ w' \ S \neq \ w' \rangle \ \mathbf{show} \ False \ \mathbf{by} \ blast \end{aligned}$$

\mathbf{qed}

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from this and

\langle w^{\prime\prime\prime} \in ((trms-ecl \ C) \cup (trms-ecl \ D)

\cup \{ r. \exists q. (q,p) \in (pos-ord \ C \ t) \land (subterm \ t \ q \ r) \}) \rangle

and \langle \neg (w^{\prime\prime\prime} \in trms-ecl \ C) \rangle

obtain q-w where (subterm \ t \ q-w \ w^{\prime\prime\prime}) and (q-w,p) \in (pos-ord \ C \ t)
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 $\mathbf{by} \ auto$

from (subterm t q-w w'') have subterm (subst t σ') q-w (subst w''' σ') using substs-preserve-subterms by auto **from** (*occurs-in* w' (*subst* $w''' \sigma'$)) **obtain** qwhere (subterm (subst $w''' \sigma'$) q w') unfolding occurs-in-def by blast from this and (subterm (subst t σ') q-w (subst $w''' \sigma'$)) have subterm (subst t σ') (append q-w q) w' using subterm-of-a-subterm-is-a-subterm by blast from this and $\langle (subst \ t \ \sigma) \rangle = (subst \ t \ \sigma') \rangle$ have subterm (subst t σ) (append q-w q) w' by auto from $\langle (q-w,p) \in (pos-ord \ C \ t) \rangle$ have $((append \ q-w \ q),p) \in (pos-ord \ C \ t)$ using pos-ord-prefix by blast from this and (minimal-redex p (subst t σ) C S t) and $\langle subterm (subst t \sigma) (append q-w q) w' \rangle$ have trm-rep w' S = w'unfolding minimal-redex-def by blast from this and $\langle trm\text{-rep } w' S \neq w' \rangle$ show False by blast qed from $\langle S' \subseteq (instances \ S) \rangle$ and $\langle pair' \in S' \rangle$ have *ii: ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair'))* unfolding instances-def [of S] by fastforce from $\langle S' \subseteq (instances \ S) \rangle$ and $\langle pair' \in S' \rangle$ have

iii: (fst pair') $\in S$ unfolding instances-def [of S] by fastforce from (?P pair') and i ii iii have validate-ground-clause ?I (subst-cl (cl-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair')) unfolding int-clset-def by blast from this and $\langle x = (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ (fst \ pair')) \ (snd \ pair')) \rangle$ and $\langle \neg validate\text{-}clause \ ?I x \rangle$ show False by (metis ii substs-preserve-ground-clause validate-clause.simps) qed **from** this **and** (fo-interpretation ?I and $\langle (set-entails-clause \ (clset-instances \ S') \ (cl-ecl \ R)) \rangle$ have validate-clause ?I (cl-ecl R) unfolding set-entails-clause-def by blast from this have validate-ground-clause ?I (cl-ecl R) by (metis $\langle R = Ecl \ Cl-R \ nt-R \rangle \langle ground-clause \ Cl-R \rangle$ *cl-ecl.simps* substs-preserve-ground-clause validate-clause.simps) from this obtain L'' where $L'' \in (cl\text{-}ecl R)$ and validate-ground-lit ?I L''using validate-ground-clause.simps by blast from $\langle L'' \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ R) \rangle$ and $\langle R = Ecl \ Cl\text{-}R \ nt\text{-}R \rangle$ and $\langle Cl-R = (subst-cl ((Cl-C - \{ L1 \}) \cup ((Cl-D - \{ L2 \}) \cup \{ L' \})) \sigma' \rangle$ obtain *M* where *m*: $M \in ((Cl-C - \{L1\}) \cup ((Cl-D - \{L2\}) \cup \{L'\})$ })) and $L'' = subst-lit M \sigma'$ by auto have $M \notin cl\text{-}ecl \ C$ proof assume $M \in cl\text{-}ecl \ C$ from this have vars-of-lit $M \subseteq vars-of-cl$ (cl-ecl C) by auto from this and (coincide-on $\sigma \sigma'$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C))) have coincide-on $\sigma \sigma'$ (vars-of-lit M) unfolding coincide-on-def by auto from this have subst-lit $M \sigma$ = subst-lit $M \sigma'$ using coincide-on-lit by autofrom this and $\langle L'' = subst-lit \ M \ \sigma' \rangle$ have $L'' = subst-lit \ M \ \sigma$ by auto from $\langle M \in cl\text{-}ecl \ C \rangle$ and $\langle L'' = subst-lit \ M \ \sigma \rangle$ and $\langle validate\text{-}ground\text{-}lit \ ?I$ L''have validate-ground-clause ?I (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) σ) by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) subst-cl.simps mem-Collect-eq validate-ground-clause.simps) from this and cm show False by blast qed have $M \notin Cl-D - \{L2\}$ proof assume $M \in Cl-D - \{L2\}$ from this and cld and $\langle L'' = subst-lit M \sigma' \rangle$ and $\langle validate-ground-lit ?I$ $L^{\prime\prime}$ have validate-ground-clause ?I (subst-cl ((cl-ecl D) - { L2 }) σ') by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) subst-cl.simps mem-Collect-eq validate-ground-clause.simps) from this and $\langle \neg validate-ground-clause ?I (subst-cl ((cl-ecl D) - \{L2\})$ $) \sigma' \rangle$ show False by blast qed have $M \neq L'$

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proof
           assume M = L'
           from \langle ?I (subst u \sigma') (subst v \sigma') \rangle
             and e have ?I (subst u' \sigma') (subst v \sigma') by metis
           from rt and st \langle fo-interpretation ?I \rangle \langle ?I (subst u' \sigma') (subst v \sigma') \rangle
             have ?I (subst t \sigma') (subst t' \sigma')
             using replacement-preserves-congruences [of ?I u' \sigma' v t p t']
               unfolding fo-interpretation-def by metis
           from l1 and cm have \neg (validate-ground-lit ?I (subst-lit L1 \sigma'))
             using \langle subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma' = subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma \rangle
             \langle subst-lit \ L1 \ \sigma' \in subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma' \rangle
             validate-ground-clause.simps by blast
           from this and \langle ?I (subst t \sigma') (subst t' \sigma') \rangle and \langle fo-interpretation ?I \rangle
             and l' \langle orient-lit-inst L1 \ t \ s \ polarity \ \sigma' \rangle
             have \neg validate-ground-lit ?I (subst-lit L' \sigma')
             using trm-rep-preserves-lit-semantics [of ?I t \sigma' t' L1 s polarity \sigma'] by
metis
             from this and \langle M = L' \rangle and \langle validate-ground-lit ?I L'' \rangle and \langle L'' =
subst-lit M \sigma'
             show False by blast
         qed
          from this and \langle M \notin Cl-D - \{ L2 \} \rangle \langle M \notin (cl-ecl C) \rangle and m \ clc show
False by auto
```

qed

Second, we show that the clause contains no contradictory literal (otherwise the reflexion rule applies).

let ?no-cont = $\forall L \ t \ s. \ (L \in (cl - ecl \ C)) \longrightarrow (eligible - literal \ L \ C \ \sigma)$ \rightarrow (orient-lit-inst L t s neg σ) \rightarrow (trm-rep (subst t σ) S) = (subst t σ) $\longrightarrow (subst \ t \ \sigma) \neq (subst \ s \ \sigma)$ have ?no-cont **proof** (rule ccontr) assume \neg ?no-cont then obtain L t s where l: $L \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C)$ and e: $(eligible\text{-}literal \ L \ C \ \sigma)$ and o: orient-lit-inst L t s neg σ and $(trm\text{-}rep (subst t \sigma) S) = (subst t \sigma)$ and $(subst \ t \ \sigma) = (subst \ s \ \sigma)$ by blast **from** $\langle (subst \ t \ \sigma) = (subst \ s \ \sigma) \rangle$ have t: ck-unifier t s σ Ground unfolding ck-unifier-def Unifier-def by autofrom l and e and o and t obtain R Cl-R nt-R where R = Ecl Cl-R nt-R and $Cl-R = (subst-cl ((cl-ecl C) - \{L\}) \sigma)$ and reflexion $C R \sigma$ Ground ((cl-ecl C) - { L }) and trms-ecl $R = (dom-trms (cl-ecl R) (subst-set ((trms-ecl C) \cup \{t\}))$ $\sigma))$ unfolding reflexion-def get-trms-def **by** *fastforce* from $\langle C \in S \rangle$ and $\langle reflexion \ C \ R \ \sigma \ Ground \ ((cl-ecl \ C) - \{ L \}) \rangle$ have derivable $R \{ C \} S \sigma$ Ground ((cl-ecl C) - $\{ L \}$)

unfolding derivable-def by auto **from** $\langle ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle Cl-R = (subst-cl ((cl-ecl C) - \{L\}) \sigma) \rangle$ have ground-clause Cl-R using ground-clause.simps by auto from this and $\langle R = Ecl \ Cl-R \ nt-R \rangle$ have around-clause (cl-ecl R) by auto **from** $\langle ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ have grounding-set { C } σ unfolding grounding-set-def by auto from this and $\langle ground-clause \ (cl-ecl \ R) \rangle$ $\langle derivable R \{ C \} S \sigma Ground ((cl-ecl C) - \{ L \}) \rangle$ and $\langle ground-inference-saturated \rangle$ have (redundant-inference $R S \{ C \} \sigma$) unfolding ground-inference-saturated-def by blast from this obtain S' where $S' \subseteq (instances S)$ and (set-entails-clause (clset-instances S') (cl-ecl R))and all-smaller: $\forall x \in S'$. ((cl-ecl (fst x), snd x), cl-ecl C, σ) \in cl-ord and all-normalized-term-included: $(\forall x \in S'.$ (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x))(trms-ecl R)))unfolding redundant-inference-def by auto have validate-clause-set ?I (clset-instances S') **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume \neg validate-clause-set ?I (clset-instances S') then obtain x where $x \in (clset-instances S')$ and $\neg validate-clause ?I x$ using validate-clause-set.simps by blast from $\langle x \in (clset-instances S') \rangle$ obtain pair' where pair' $\in S'$ and x = (subst-cl (cl-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair'))unfolding *clset-instances-def* by *auto* from all-smaller and $\langle pair' \in S' \rangle$ have $(pair', (C, \sigma)) \in ecl\text{-}ord$ **by** (*metis member-ecl-ord-iff prod.collapse*) from this and $\langle C = fst \ pair \rangle$ and $\langle \sigma = snd \ pair \rangle$ have $(pair', pair) \in$ ecl-ord **bv** auto from this and hyp-ind have ?P pair' by blast **from** $\langle trms-ecl \ R = (dom-trms \ (cl-ecl \ R) \ (subst-set \ ((trms-ecl \ C) \cup \{t\}))$ $\sigma))\rangle$ have trms-ecl $R \subseteq (subst-set ((trms-ecl C) \cup \{t\}) \sigma)$ using dom-trms-subset by metis from $\langle pair' \in S' \rangle$ and all-normalized-term-included have (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair')) (trms-ecl R)) by auto have i: (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair')) $(\lambda t. (trm-rep \ t \ S)))$ **proof** (rule ccontr) **assume** \neg (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair')) $(\lambda t. (trm-rep \ t \ S)))$ then obtain t' t'' where $t' \in (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair'))$

S

occurs-in t'' t' and trm-rep t'' $S \neq t''$ unfolding all-trms-irreducible-def by blast from $\langle t' \in (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair')) \rangle$ and (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair')) (trms-ecl R))obtain s' where $s' \in (trms\text{-}ecl \ R)$ and occurs-in t' s' unfolding subterms-inclusion-def by auto from $\langle s' \in (trms\text{-}ecl \ R) \rangle$ and $\langle trms\text{-}ecl \ R \subseteq (subst\text{-}set \ ((trms\text{-}ecl \ C) \cup \{$ $t \}) \sigma \rangle$ obtain s'' where $s' = subst \ s'' \ \sigma$ and $s'' \in ((trms-ecl \ C) \cup \{t\})$ by auto from $\langle s'' \in ((trms\text{-}ecl \ C) \cup \{t\}) \rangle$ have $s'' \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C \lor s'' = t$ by autothus False proof assume $s'' \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C$ from this and $\langle s' = subst \ s'' \ \sigma \rangle$ have $s' \in (subst-set \ (trms-ecl \ C) \ \sigma)$ by auto from this and $\langle (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ $(\lambda t. (trm-rep \ t \ S)))$ and (occurs-in $t' \ s'$) have trm-rep $t' \ S = t'$ unfolding all-trms-irreducible-def by blast from this and (occurs-in t'' t') and (trm-rep $t'' S \neq t''$)show False using occurs-in-def subts-of-irred-trms-are-irred by blast \mathbf{next} assume s'' = tfrom this and $\langle s' = subst s'' \sigma \rangle$ have $s' = subst t \sigma$ by auto from this and $\langle (trm-rep (subst t \sigma) \ S) = (subst t \sigma) \rangle$ have trm-rep s' S = s' by blast from $\langle trm\text{-rep } s' S = s' \rangle \langle trm\text{-rep } t'' S \neq t'' \rangle \langle occurs\text{-in } t' s' \rangle \langle occurs -in } t' s' \rangle \langle occurs\text{-in } t'$ $t^{\prime\prime} t^{\prime}$ show False using occurs-in-def subts-of-irred-trms-are-irred by blast qed \mathbf{qed} from $\langle S' \subseteq (instances S) \rangle$ and $\langle pair' \in S' \rangle$ have *ii: ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair'))* **unfolding** instances-def [of S] by fastforce from $\langle S' \subset (instances S) \rangle$ and $\langle pair' \in S' \rangle$ have *iii*: (fst pair') $\in S$ unfolding instances-def [of S] by fastforce from $\langle P pair' \rangle$ and *i* ii iii have validate-ground-clause P(subst-cl (cl-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair')) unfolding int-clset-def by blast from this and $\langle x = (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ (fst \ pair')) \ (snd \ pair')) \rangle$ and $\langle \neg validate\text{-}clause ?I x \rangle$ show False by (metis ii substs-preserve-ground-clause validate-clause.simps) qed from this and (fo-interpretation ?I) and $\langle (set-entails-clause (clset-instances S') (cl-ecl R)) \rangle$ have validate-clause ?I (cl-ecl R) unfolding set-entails-clause-def by blast from this have validate-ground-clause ?I (cl-ecl R) by (metis $\langle R = Ecl \ Cl-R \ nt-R \rangle$ (ground-clause $Cl-R \rangle$)

qed

Third, we prove that the clause contains no pair of equations with the same left-hand side and equivalent right-hand sides (otherwise the factorization rule applies and a smaller false clause is derived).

let ?no-fact = $\forall L1 \ L2 \ t \ s \ u \ v. \ (L1 \in (cl-ecl \ C)) \longrightarrow (eligible-literal \ L1 \ C \ \sigma)$ \longrightarrow (L2 \in (cl-ecl C) - { L1 }) \longrightarrow (orient-lit-inst L1 t s pos σ) \rightarrow (orient-lit-inst L2 u v pos σ) \rightarrow (subst t σ) = (subst u σ) $\longrightarrow (\neg (proper-subterm-red \ t \ S \ \sigma))$ \longrightarrow (trm-rep ((subst s) σ) S) \neq (trm-rep ((subst v) σ) S) have ?no-fact **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume \neg ?no-fact then obtain L1 L2 t s u v where l1: L1 \in (cl-ecl C) and l2: L2 \in (cl-ecl $(C) - \{ L1 \}$ and e1: (eligible-literal L1 C σ) and o1: (orient-lit-inst L1 t s pos σ) and o2: (orient-lit-inst L2 u v pos σ) and e: (subst t σ) = (subst u σ) and $(\neg (proper-subterm-red \ t \ S \ \sigma))$ and i: $(trm\text{-}rep ((subst s) \sigma) S) = (trm\text{-}rep ((subst v) \sigma) S)$ **by** blast from e have t: ck-unifier t u σ Ground unfolding ck-unifier-def Unifier-def using inferences. distinct by metis **from** $\langle L1 \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \rangle$ of $\langle \neg (validate\text{-}ground\text{-}clause \ (int\text{-}clset \ S) \ (subst-clause \ C) \rangle$ $(cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma))$ **have** trm-rep (subst t σ) $S \neq$ trm-rep (subst s σ) Susing no-valid-literal by metis then have subst t $\sigma \neq$ subst s σ by metis from $\langle L2 \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) - \{ L1 \} \rangle$ have $L2 \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C)$ by auto **from** this of $\langle \neg (validate-ground-clause (int-clset S) (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma)) \rangle$ have trm-rep (subst $u \sigma$) $S \neq trm$ -rep (subst $v \sigma$) Susing no-valid-literal by metis from this and e have subst t $\sigma \neq$ subst v σ by metis

obtain R Cl-R nt-R L' where

 $ntr: nt-R = (dom-trms \ Cl-R \ (subst-set \ ((trms-ecl \ C) \cup (proper-subterms-of$ $t)) \sigma))$ and r: R = Ecl Cl-R nt-Rand clr: $Cl-R = (subst-cl \ ((cl-ecl \ C) - \{ \ L2 \ \}) \cup \{ \ L' \} \) \sigma)$ and $l': L' = Neg (Eq \ s \ v)$ by auto from ntr r l' clr l1 l2 o1 o2 e1 t $\langle subst\ t\ \sigma \neq subst\ s\ \sigma \rangle \, \langle subst\ t\ \sigma \neq subst\ v\ \sigma \rangle$ have factorization $C R \sigma$ Ground (((cl-ecl C) - { L2 }) \cup { L' }) unfolding factorization-def get-trms-def using inferences.distinct **by** (*metis cl-ecl.simps*) from l2 have (subst-lit L2 σ) \in (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) σ) by auto from this and $\langle ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ have vars-of-lit (subst-lit L2 σ) = {} by *auto* from this and o2 have vars-of (subst $v \sigma$) = {} unfolding orient-lit-inst-def using vars-of-lit.simps vars-of-eq.simps by force from *l1* have (subst-lit L1 σ) \in (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) σ) by auto from this and $\langle ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ have vars-of-lit (subst-lit L1 σ) = {} by auto from this and of have vars-of (subst s σ) = {} unfolding orient-lit-inst-def using vars-of-lit.simps vars-of-eq.simps by force from $\langle vars-of (subst v \sigma) = \{\}\rangle$ and $\langle vars-of (subst s \sigma) = \{\}\rangle$ and l' have vars-of-lit (subst-lit $L' \sigma$) = {} by auto from $\langle C \in S \rangle$ and $\langle factorization \ C \ R \ \sigma \ Ground \ (((cl-ecl \ C) - \{ \ L2 \ \}) \cup$ $\{L'\}$) have derivable R { C } S σ Ground (((cl-ecl C) - { L2 }) \cup { L' }) unfolding derivable-def by auto have ground-clause Cl-R **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume $\neg ground$ -clause Cl-R then have vars-of-cl $Cl-R \neq \{\}$ by auto then obtain M where $M \in Cl-R$ and vars-of-lit $M \neq \{\}$ by auto from $\langle M \in Cl-R \rangle$ and clr obtain M' where $M = (subst-lit M' \sigma)$ and $M' \in ((cl-ecl \ C) - \{ L2, L1 \}) \cup \{ L', L1 \}$ **by** *auto* show False proof (cases) assume M' = L'from this and (vars-of-lit (subst-lit $L' \sigma$) = {}) and (vars-of-lit $M \neq$ $\{\}$ and $\langle M = (subst-lit M' \sigma) \rangle$ show False by auto next assume $M' \neq L'$ from this and l1 and $\langle M' \in ((cl-ecl \ C) - \{ L2, L1 \}) \cup \{ L', L1 \} \rangle$

have $M' \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C)$ by auto from this and $\langle ground\text{-}clause \ (subst\text{-}cl \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \ \sigma) \rangle$ have $vars\text{-}of\text{-}lit \ (subst\text{-}lit \ M' \ \sigma) = \{\}$ by auto from this and $\langle M = (subst\text{-}lit \ M' \ \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle vars\text{-}of\text{-}lit \ M \neq \{\} \rangle$ show False by auto qed qed

from $\langle ground-clause \ Cl-R \rangle$ and $\langle R = Ecl \ Cl-R \ nt-R \rangle$ have ground-clause (cl-ecl R) by auto **from** $\langle ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ have grounding-set { C } σ unfolding grounding-set-def by auto from this $\langle ground\text{-}clause (cl\text{-}ecl R) \rangle$ and (derivable $R \{ C \} S \sigma$ Ground (((cl-ecl C) - { L2 })) $\cup \{ L' \}$)) and $\langle qround$ -inference-saturated $S \rangle$ have (redundant-inference $R S \{ C \} \sigma$) unfolding ground-inference-saturated-def by blast from this obtain S' where $S' \subseteq (instances S)$ and (set-entails-clause (clset-instances S') (cl-ecl R))and all-smaller: $\forall x \in S'$. ((cl-ecl (fst x), snd x), cl-ecl C, σ) \in cl-ord and all-normalized-term-included: $(\forall x \in S'.$ (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst x)) (snd x)))(trms-ecl R)))unfolding redundant-inference-def by auto have validate-clause-set ?I (clset-instances S') **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume \neg validate-clause-set ?I (clset-instances S') then obtain x where $x \in (clset-instances S')$ and $\neg validate-clause ?I x$ using validate-clause-set.simps by blast from $\langle x \in (clset-instances S') \rangle$ obtain pair' where pair' $\in S'$ and $x = (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ (fst \ pair')) \ (snd \ pair'))$ unfolding clset-instances-def by auto from all-smaller and $\langle pair' \in S' \rangle$ have $(pair', (C, \sigma)) \in ecl$ -ord **by** (*metis member-ecl-ord-iff prod.collapse*) from this and $\langle C = fst \ pair \rangle$ and $\langle \sigma = snd \ pair \rangle$ have $(pair', pair) \in$ ecl-ord by *auto* from this and hyp-ind have ?P pair' by blast from r ntr have trms-ecl R = (dom-trms (cl-ecl R)) $(subst-set ((trms-ecl \ C) \cup (proper-subterms-of \ t)) \ \sigma))$ by auto from this have trms-ecl $R \subseteq (subst-set ((trms-ecl C) \cup (proper-subterms-of$ $t)) \sigma)$ using dom-trms-subset by metis

from $\langle pair' \in S' \rangle$ and all-normalized-term-included have (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair')) (trms-ecl R)) by auto **have** *i*: (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair')) $(\lambda t. (trm-rep \ t \ S)))$ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) **assume** \neg (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair')) $(\lambda t. (trm-rep \ t \ S)))$ then obtain t' t'' where $t' \in (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair'))$ occurs-in t'' t' and trm-rep t'' $S \neq t''$ unfolding all-trms-irreducible-def by blast from $\langle t' \in (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair')) \rangle$ and (subterms-inclusion (subst-set (trms-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair')) (trms-ecl R))obtain s' where $s' \in (trms - ecl R)$ and occurs-in t' s' unfolding subterms-inclusion-def by auto from $\langle s' \in (trms\text{-}ecl \ R) \rangle$ and $\langle trms\text{-}ecl \ R \subseteq (subst\text{-}set \ ((trms\text{-}ecl \ C) \cup R)))$ $(proper-subterms-of t)) \sigma \rangle$ have $s' \in (subst-set ((trms-ecl C) \cup (proper-subterms-of t)) \sigma)$ by auto then obtain s''where $s' = subst \ s'' \ \sigma$ and $s'' \in ((trms - ecl \ C) \cup (proper - subterms - of \ t))$ by auto from $\langle s'' \in ((trms-ecl \ C) \cup (proper-subterms-of \ t)) \rangle$ have $s'' \in trms-ecl$ C $\lor s'' \in (proper-subterms-of t)$ by auto thus False proof assume $s'' \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C$ from this and $\langle s' = subst \ s'' \ \sigma \rangle$ have $s' \in (subst-set \ (trms-ecl \ C) \ \sigma)$ by autofrom this and $\langle (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ $(\lambda t. (trm-rep \ t \ S)))$ and (occurs-in $t' \ s'$) have trm-rep $t' \ S = t'$ unfolding all-trms-irreducible-def by blast from this and (occurs-in t'' t') and (trm-rep $t'' S \neq t''$)show False using occurs-in-def subts-of-irred-trms-are-irred by blast next assume $s'' \in (proper-subterms-of t)$ **from** *(occurs-in* t' s') *(occurs-in* t'' t') *(s'* = $s'' \triangleleft \sigma$) *(trm-rep* $t'' S \neq t''$) have trm-rep (subst $s'' \sigma$) $S \neq$ (subst $s'' \sigma$) using occurs-in-def subts-of-irred-trms-are-irred by blast from this and $\langle s'' \in (proper-subterms-of t) \rangle$ and $\langle \neg (proper-subterm-red$ $t \ S \ \sigma)$ show False using proper-subterm-red-def proper-subterms-of.simps by blastqed qed from $\langle S' \subset (instances S) \rangle$ and $\langle pair' \in S' \rangle$ have

ii: ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair')) unfolding instances-def [of S] by fastforce from $\langle S' \subseteq (instances \ S) \rangle$ and $\langle pair' \in S' \rangle$ have *iii*: (fst pair') $\in S$ unfolding instances-def [of S] by fastforce **from** $\langle ?P \text{ pair'} \rangle$ and *i* ii iii have validate-ground-clause ?I (subst-cl (cl-ecl (fst pair')) (snd pair')) unfolding int-clset-def by blast from this and $\langle x = (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ (fst \ pair')) \ (snd \ pair')) \rangle$ and $\langle \neg validate\text{-}clause ?I x \rangle$ show False by (metis ii substs-preserve-ground-clause validate-clause.simps) qed **from** this **and** (fo-interpretation ?I and $\langle (set-entails-clause \ (clset-instances S') \ (cl-ecl R) \rangle \rangle$ have validate-clause ?I (cl-ecl R) unfolding set-entails-clause-def by blast from this have validate-ground-clause ?I (cl-ecl R) by (metis $\langle R = Ecl \ Cl-R \ nt-R \rangle \langle qround-clause \ Cl-R \rangle$ *cl-ecl.simps* substs-preserve-ground-clause validate-clause.simps) from this obtain L'' where $L'' \in (cl\text{-}ecl R)$ and validate-ground-lit ?I L''using validate-ground-clause.simps by blast from $\langle L'' \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ R) \rangle$ and $\langle R = Ecl \ Cl\text{-}R \ nt\text{-}R \rangle$ and $\langle Cl-R = (subst-cl (((cl-ecl C) - \{ L2 \}) \cup \{ L' \}) \sigma) \rangle$ **obtain** M where $m: M \in (((cl-ecl C) - \{L2, L1\}) \cup \{L', L1\})$ and $L'' = subst-lit M \sigma$ by auto have $M \in cl\text{-}ecl \ C$ **proof** (rule ccontr) assume $M \notin cl\text{-}ecl \ C$ from this and m and l1 have M = L' by auto from this and $\langle L'' = subst-lit \ M \ \sigma \rangle$ and $\langle L' = (Neg \ (Eq \ s \ v)) \rangle$ have $L'' = (Neg (Eq (subst s \sigma) (subst v \sigma)))$ by auto from this and $\langle validate$ -ground-lit ?I L''> have \neg (?I (subst s σ) (subst v σ)) using validate-ground-lit.simps(2) validate-ground-eq.simps by metis from this and i show False unfolding same-values-def int-clset-def by blastaed from $\langle M \in cl\text{-}ecl \ C \rangle$ and $\langle L'' = subst-lit \ M \ \sigma \rangle$ and $\langle validate\text{-}ground\text{-}lit \ ?I$ have validate-ground-clause ?I (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) σ) by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) subst-cl.simps mem-Collect-eq *validate-ground-clause.simps*) from this and cm show False by blast qed

Now, it remains to prove that the considered clause yields a rule which can be used to reduce the left-hand side of the maximal equation, which (since no reduction is possible) entails that the left-hand side must be equivalent to the right-hand side (thus contradicting the fact that the clause is false).

have (finite (cl-ecl C)) by (simp add: $\langle C \in S \rangle$ all-finite)

L''
have $(cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \neq \{\}$ by $(simp \ add: \langle C \in S \rangle \ all\text{-}non\text{-}empty)$

 $\mathbf{from} \quad \langle finite \ (cl-ecl \ C) \rangle \quad \langle (cl-ecl \ C) \neq \{\} \rangle \quad \langle ground-clause \ (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \sigma) \rangle \\ \sigma \rangle \rangle$

obtain L where $L \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C)$ eligible-literal L C σ using eligible-lit-exists by metis

obtain $t \ s \ p$ where orient-lit-inst $L \ t \ s \ p \ \sigma$ using literal.exhaust equation.exhaust

using trm-ord-irrefl trm-ord-trans unfolding orient-lit-inst-def irrefl-def trans-def by metis

We first show that the terms occurring inside variables are irreducible. To this aim, we need to consider the normal form of the substitution σ , obtained by replacing the image of each variable by its normal form.

have $\forall x y$. $((x \in vars of cl (cl ecl C)) \longrightarrow occurs in y (subst (Var x) \sigma) \longrightarrow trm rep y$ S = y**proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume $\neg(\forall x \ y. \ (x \in vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C)) \longrightarrow occurs-in \ y \ (subst \ (Var \ x))$ $\sigma) \longrightarrow trm\text{-rep } y S = y)$ then obtain x y where $(x \in vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C))$ and occurs-in y (subst (Var x) σ) and trm-rep y $S \neq y$ by blast from $\langle occurs-in \ y \ (subst \ (Var \ x) \ \sigma) \rangle$ obtain p where subterm (subst (Var x) σ) p y unfolding occurs-in-def by auto **from** (subst (Var x) σ) p y and (trm-rep y $S \neq y$) have trm-rep (subst (Var x) σ) $S \neq$ (subst (Var x) σ) using subts-of-irred-trms-are-irred by blast let $\mathcal{D} = map\text{-subst} (\lambda x. (trm\text{-rep } x S)) \sigma$ have equivalent-on σ ? ϑ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)) ?I **proof** (rule ccontr) assume $\neg equivalent$ -on σ ? ϑ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)) ?I then obtain z where $z \in vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)$ and \neg (?I (subst (Var z) σ) (subst (Var z) ? ϑ)) unfolding equivalent-on-def by blast **from** $\langle \neg (?I (subst (Var z) \sigma) (subst (Var z) ?\vartheta)) \rangle$ have trm-rep (subst (Var z) σ) $S \neq$ trm-rep (subst (Var z) ? ϑ) S unfolding same-values-def int-clset-def by blast **from** this have trm-rep (trm-rep (subst (Var z) σ) S) $S \neq$ trm-rep (subst $(Var z) ?\vartheta) S$ using trm-rep-involutive by metis from this have (subst (Var z) σ) = (subst (Var z) ? ϑ) using map-subst-lemma [of $z \sigma \lambda x$. (trm-rep x S)] by metis from this and $\langle \neg (?I (subst (Var z) \sigma) (subst (Var z) ?\vartheta)) \rangle$ **show** False using (fo-interpretation ?I) unfolding fo-interpretation-def congruence-def equivalence-relation-def reflexive-def by *metis* qed

from this and $\langle \neg validate-ground-clause ?I (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ (fo-interpretation ?I) **have** \neg validate-ground-clause ?I (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) ? ϑ) using equivalent-on-cl by metis have lower-on $\mathcal{D} \sigma$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)) **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume $\neg lower-on ?\vartheta \sigma (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C))$ then obtain z where $z \in vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C)$ and $(subst (Var z) \sigma) \neq (subst (Var z) ?\vartheta)$ and $((subst (Var z) ? \vartheta), (subst (Var z) \sigma)) \notin trm-ord$ unfolding lower-on-def lower-or-eq-def by metis **from** $\langle (subst (Var z) \sigma) \neq (subst (Var z) ? \vartheta) \rangle$ have $(trm-rep (subst (Var z) \sigma) S) = (subst (Var z) ?\vartheta)$ using map-subst-lemma [of $z \sigma \lambda x$. (trm-rep x S)] by metis from this and $\langle (subst (Var z) \sigma) \neq (subst (Var z) ?\vartheta) \rangle$ and $\langle ((subst (Var z) ? \vartheta), (subst (Var z) \sigma)) \notin trm ord \rangle$ show False using trm-rep-is-lower by metis qed have subst (Var x) $\sigma \neq$ (Var x) proof assume subst (Var x) $\sigma = (Var x)$ from this and $\langle x \in vars-of-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \rangle$ have $\neg (ground-on \ (vars-of-cl \ cl-ecl \ C))$ $(cl-ecl C)) \sigma$ unfolding ground-on-def ground-term-def by auto from this and $\langle ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ show False using ground-clauses-and-ground-substs by metis ged **from** (subst (Var x) $\sigma \neq (Var x)$) **have** $(trm\text{-}rep (subst (Var x) \sigma) S) = (subst (Var x) ?\vartheta)$ using map-subst-lemma [of $x \sigma \lambda x$. (trm-rep x S)] by metis from this and $\langle trm\text{-rep}(subst}(Var x) \sigma) S \neq (subst}(Var x) \sigma) \rangle$ have $((subst (Var x) ? \vartheta), (subst (Var x) \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using trm-rep-is-lower by metis from (lower-on ? $\vartheta \sigma$ (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C))) and ($x \in vars-of-cl$ (cl-ecl C)) $\langle finite (cl-ecl C) \rangle$ and $\langle ((subst (Var x) ? \vartheta), (subst (Var x) \sigma) \rangle \in trm ord \rangle$ have $((C, \mathcal{P}), (C, \sigma)) \in ecl\text{-}ord$ using lower-on-cl by blast **from** $\langle C = fst \ pair \rangle \langle \sigma = snd \ pair \rangle$ have $pair = (C, \sigma)$ by auto from this and $\langle ((C, \mathfrak{H}), (C, \sigma)) \in ecl\text{-}ord \rangle$ have $((C, \mathcal{P}\vartheta), pair) \in ecl\text{-}ord$ by *metis* from this and hyp-ind have $P(C, \vartheta)$ by blast **from** $\langle (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ $(\lambda t. (trm-rep \ t \ S)))$ $(lower-on ? \vartheta \sigma (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C))) < C \in S < (fo-interpretation ? I))$ $\langle equivalent on \sigma ? \vartheta (vars of cl (cl ecl C)) ? I \rangle assms(3)$ have (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl C) $?\vartheta$) $(\lambda t. (trm-rep \ t \ S)))$

```
using irred-terms-and-reduced-subst unfolding Ball-def well-constrained-def
                 by metis
        have ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) ?\vartheta)
        proof –
         from \langle ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle
        have ground-on (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)) \sigma using ground-clauses-and-ground-substs
by auto
         from this and (lower-on \vartheta \sigma (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)))
           have ground-on (vars-of-cl (cl-ecl C)) ?\vartheta
           using lower-on-ground by meson
         from this show ?thesis using ground-substs-yield-ground-clause by metis
        qed
        from this
         \langle (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl C) ? \vartheta) (\lambda t. (trm-rep t S))) \rangle
         \langle ?P(C,?\vartheta) \rangle \langle \neg validate-ground-clause ?I(subst-cl(cl-ecl C)?\vartheta) \rangle
         \langle C \in S \rangle show False unfolding int-clset-def by (metis fst-conv snd-conv)
      qed
```

Next, we show that the eligible term t is in normal form. We first need to establish the result for proper subterms of t before considering the general case.

```
have \neg(proper-subterm-red t S \sigma)

proof

assume (proper-subterm-red t S \sigma)

from this have trm-rep (subst t \sigma) S \neq subst t \sigma

using proper-subterm-red-def substs-preserve-subterms subts-of-irred-trms-are-irred
```

by blast

from $\langle (proper-subterm-red \ t \ S \ \sigma) \rangle$ $\forall x y.$ $((x \in vars \circ f - cl \ (cl - ecl \ C)) \longrightarrow occurs \circ in \ y \ (subst \ (Var \ x) \ \sigma) \longrightarrow trm - rep \ y$ $S = y \rangle$ $\langle eligible-literal \ L \ C \ \sigma \rangle$ $\langle trm\text{-rep }(subst \ t \ \sigma) \ S \neq subst \ t \ \sigma \rangle \ \langle L \in cl\text{-ecl } C \rangle$ $\langle orient\-lit\-inst\ L\ t\ s\ p\ \sigma \rangle\ \langle \forall\ x \in S.\ finite\ (cl\-ecl\ x) \rangle$ $\langle ground-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ (fo-interpretation (int-clset S)) $\langle Ball \ S \ well-constrained \rangle \ \langle C \in S \rangle$ $\langle all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl C) \sigma) (\lambda t. trm-rep t S) \rangle$ $\langle \neg validate-ground-clause (int-clset S) (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ $\langle closed$ -under-renaming $S \rangle$ have $\exists \sigma'' u u' pa v D L2.$ (reduction $L C \sigma'' t s p L2 u u' pa v D$ (same-values (λt . trm-rep t S)) S $\sigma \wedge$ variable-disjoint C D) using reduction-exists [of p t s C S σ L] unfolding int-clset-def by blast

from this and $\langle ?nored \rangle$ show False unfolding int-clset-def by blast

qed

have $p = neg \lor \neg$ equivalent-eq-exists t s (cl-ecl C) (same-values (λx . trm-rep x S)) σ L **proof** (*rule ccontr*) **assume** neg: \neg ($p = neg \lor \neg$ equivalent-eq-exists t s (cl-ecl C) (same-values (λx . trm-rep x S)) σ L) then have $p \neq neg$ by metis from neg have equivalent-eq-exists t s (cl-ecl C) (same-values (λx . trm-rep x S)) σL by *metis* from $\langle p \neq neg \rangle$ have p = pos using sign.exhaust by auto **from** (equivalent-eq-exists t s (cl-ecl C) (same-values (λx . trm-rep x S)) σ $L \rangle$ obtain L2 where $L2 \in (cl-ecl \ C) - \{ L \}$ and $f:\exists u \ v. \ orient-lit-inst$ L2 u v pos $\sigma \wedge$ subst t σ = subst u $\sigma \wedge$ trm-rep (subst s σ) S = trm-rep (subst v σ) Sunfolding equivalent-eq-exists-def unfolding same-values-def by metis from f obtain u v where f': orient-lit-inst L2 u v pos $\sigma \wedge$ subst t $\sigma =$ subst u σ \wedge trm-rep (subst s σ) S = trm-rep (subst v σ) S by blast from f' have orient-lit-inst L2 u v pos σ by metis from f' have subst t σ = subst u σ by metis from f' have trm-rep (subst s σ) S = trm-rep (subst v σ) S by metis **from** (orient-lit-inst L2 u v pos σ) (subst t σ = subst u σ) $\langle trm\text{-}rep \ (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ S = trm\text{-}rep \ (subst \ v \ \sigma) \ S \rangle$ $\{L\}$ $\langle eligible-literal \ L \ C \ \sigma \rangle$ $\langle \neg (proper-subterm-red \ t \ S \ \sigma) \rangle$ and (?no-fact) show False by blast qed have $(trm\text{-}rep (subst t \sigma) S) = (subst t \sigma)$ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume $(trm\text{-}rep (subst t \sigma) S) \neq (subst t \sigma)$ **from** $\langle p = neg \lor \neg$ equivalent-eq-exists t s (cl-ecl C) (same-values (λx . $trm\text{-}rep \ x \ S)) \ \sigma \ L \mathsf{>}$ $\forall x y.$ $((x \in vars \text{-} of \text{-} cl (cl \text{-} ecl C)) \longrightarrow occurs \text{-} in y (subst (Var x) \sigma) \longrightarrow trm \text{-} rep y$ $S = y \rangle$ $\langle eligible-literal \ L \ C \ \sigma \rangle$ $\langle trm\text{-rep }(subst t \sigma) \ S \neq subst t \sigma \rangle \langle L \in cl\text{-ecl } C \rangle$ $\langle orient\-lit\-inst\ L\ t\ s\ p\ \sigma \rangle\ \langle \forall\ x \in S.\ finite\ (cl\-ecl\ x) \rangle$ $\langle ground-clause \ (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma) \rangle$

(fo-interpretation (int-clset S)) $\langle Ball \ S \ well-constrained \rangle \ \langle C \in S \rangle$ $\langle all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl C) \sigma) (\lambda t. trm-rep t S) \rangle$ $\langle \neg validate-ground-clause (int-clset S) (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ $\langle closed$ -under-renaming $S \rangle$ have $\exists \sigma'' u u' pa v D L2$. (reduction $L C \sigma'' t s p L2 u u' pa v D$ (same-values (λt . trm-rep t S)) S $\sigma \wedge$ variable-disjoint C D) using reduction-exists [of p t s C S σ L] unfolding int-clset-def by blastfrom this and (?nored) show False unfolding int-clset-def by blast qed **from** (orient-lit-inst L t s p σ) have ((subst t σ),(subst s σ)) \notin trm-ord unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto **from** $\langle qround-clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ have vars-of-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) σ) = {} by auto from this and $\langle L \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \rangle$ have vars-of-lit (subst-lit $L \ \sigma) = \{\}$ by auto **from** (orient-lit-inst L t s $p \sigma$) have orient-lit (subst-lit $L \sigma$) (subst $t \sigma$) (subst $s \sigma$) p using *lift-orient-lit* by *auto* **from** *(orient-lit (subst-lit* $L \sigma$) *(subst* $t \sigma$) *(subst* $s \sigma$) phave vars-of (subst t σ) \subseteq vars-of-lit (subst-lit L σ) using orient-lit-vars by auto from this and (vars-of-lit (subst-lit $L \sigma$) = {} have vars-of (subst $t \sigma$) = {} by *auto* **from** (orient-lit (subst-lit $L \sigma$) (subst $t \sigma$) (subst $s \sigma$) p) have vars-of (subst s σ) \subseteq vars-of-lit (subst-lit $L \sigma$) using orient-lit-vars by auto from this and (vars-of-lit (subst-lit $L \sigma$) = {}) have vars-of (subst $s \sigma$) = {} by auto from $\langle ((subst\ t\ \sigma), (subst\ s\ \sigma)) \notin trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ $\langle vars-of (subst t \sigma) = \{\} \rangle \langle vars-of (subst s \sigma) = \{\} \rangle$ have $(subst \ t \ \sigma) = (subst \ s \ \sigma) \lor ((subst \ s \ \sigma), (subst \ t \ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by blast

from $\langle L \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \rangle$ have $(subst\text{-}lit \ L \ \sigma) \in (subst\text{-}cl \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \ \sigma)$ by auto

Using the fact that the eligible term is in normal form and that the eligible literal is false in the considered interpretation but is not a contradiction, we deduce that this literal must be positive.

```
have p = pos

proof (rule ccontr)

assume p \neq pos

from this have p = neg using sign.exhaust by auto

from \langle trm-rep \ (subst t \ \sigma) \ S = (subst t \ \sigma) \rangle \langle L \in (cl-ecl \ C) \rangle \langle eligible-literal
```

 $L \ C \ \sigma$

and (orient-lit-inst L t s p σ) (p = neg) (?no-cont) have $(subst \ t \ \sigma) \neq (subst \ s \ \sigma)$ by blast from this and $\langle (subst \ t \ \sigma) \rangle = (subst \ s \ \sigma) \vee ((subst \ s \ \sigma), (subst \ t \ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$ and $\langle trm\text{-rep} (subst t \sigma) \rangle S = subst t \sigma \rangle$ have $((trm-rep (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ S), (trm-rep (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ S)) \in trm-ord$ using trm-rep-is-lower [of (subst s σ) S] trm-ord-trans unfolding trans-def **by** *metis* from this have $(trm\text{-rep }(subst \ s \ \sigma) \ S) \neq (trm\text{-rep }(subst \ t \ \sigma) \ S)$ using trm-ord-irrefl irrefl-def by metis **from** this have \neg validate-ground-eq ?I (Eq (subst t σ) (subst s σ)) unfolding same-values-def int-clset-def using validate-ground-eq.simps by (metis (mono-tags, lifting)) **from** $\langle (trm-rep (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ S) \neq (trm-rep (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ S) \rangle$ **have** \neg validate-ground-eq ?I (Eq (subst s σ) (subst t σ)) unfolding same-values-def int-clset-def using validate-ground-eq.simps by (metis (mono-tags, lifting)) **from** (orient-lit-inst L t s p σ) and (p=neg) have $L = (Neg (Eq t s)) \lor L$ $= (Neg (Eq \ s \ t))$ unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto **from** this have subst-lit $L \sigma = (Neg (Eq (subst t \sigma) (subst s \sigma)))$ \vee subst-lit $L \sigma = (Neg (Eq (subst s \sigma) (subst t \sigma)))$ by auto from this and $\langle \neg validate-ground-eq ?I (Eq (subst s \sigma) (subst t \sigma)) \rangle$ and $\langle \neg validate-ground-eq ?I (Eq (subst t \sigma) (subst s \sigma)) \rangle$ have validate-ground-lit? I (subst-lit $L \sigma$) using validate-ground-lit.simps(2) by metis

from $\langle (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma) \in (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma) \rangle$ **and** $\langle validate-ground-lit \ ?I \ (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma) \rangle$ **have** $validate-ground-clause \ ?I \ (subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma)$ **using** validate-ground-clause.elims(3) **by** blast

from this and $\langle \neg validate-ground-clause ?I (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ show False by blast

 \mathbf{qed}

This entails that the right-hand side of the eligible literal occurs in the set of possible values for the left-hand side t, which is impossible since this term is irreducible.

from $\langle L \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \rangle$ $\langle orient\text{-}lit\text{-}inst \ L \ t \ s \ \sigma \rangle \langle p = pos \rangle$ $\langle \neg validate\text{-}ground\text{-}clause \ ?I \ (subst\text{-}cl \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \ \sigma) \rangle$ **have** $trm\text{-}rep \ (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ S \neq trm\text{-}rep \ (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ S$ **using** no-valid-literal **by** metis

from this have $(subst \ t \ \sigma) \neq (subst \ s \ \sigma)$ by metis from this and $(subst \ t \ \sigma) = (subst \ s \ \sigma) \lor ((subst \ s \ \sigma), (subst \ t \ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord \land$ have $((subst \ s \ \sigma), (subst \ t \ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord$

using trm-ord-ground-total unfolding ground-term-def by blast from $\langle p=pos \rangle$ and $\langle orient-lit-inst \ L \ t \ s \ p \ \sigma \rangle$ have $\neg negative-literal \ L$ unfolding orient-lit-inst-def by auto from this and (eligible-literal $L \ C \sigma$) have $sel(cl-ecl \ C) = \{\}$ and maximal-literal (subst-lit $L \ \sigma$) (subst-cl (cl-ecl C)) $C) \sigma$ using sel-neg unfolding eligible-literal-def by auto from $\langle \neg validate-ground-clause ?I (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ have smaller-lits-are-false (subst t σ) (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) σ) S using smaller-lits-are-false-if-cl-not-valid [of S (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) σ)] by blastfrom $\langle p = pos \rangle$ and $\langle p = neg \lor \neg equivalent-eq-exists t s (cl-ecl C)$ (same-values (λx . trm-rep x S)) σ L> have \neg equivalent-eq-exists t s (cl-ecl C) (int-clset S) σ L unfolding int-clset-def using sign.distinct by metis from this $\langle p=pos \rangle$ have maximal-literal-is-unique (subst t σ) (subst s σ) (cl-ecl C) $L S \sigma$ using maximal-literal-is-unique-lemma [of t s (cl-ecl C) S σ L] by blast **from** (all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl C) σ) (λt . trm-rep t S)) have trms-irreducible $C \sigma S$ (subst $t \sigma$) using trms-irreducible-lemma by blast have $(subst \ t \ \sigma) \notin subst-set \ (trms-ecl \ C) \ \sigma$ proof assume (subst t σ) \in subst-set (trms-ecl C) σ from this obtain t' where $t' \in trms$ -ecl C and (subst $t' \sigma$) = (subst $t \sigma$) by auto from $\langle t' \in trms\text{-}ecl \ C \rangle$ and assms(3) and $\langle C \in S \rangle$ have dom-trm t' (cl-ecl Cunfolding Ball-def well-constrained-def by auto from this obtain $M \ u \ v \ q$ where $M \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C)$ decompose-literal $M \ u \ v \ q$ and $q = neg \land (u = t') \lor ((t', u) \in trm\text{-}ord)$ unfolding dom-trm-def by blast obtain u' v' q' where orient-lit-inst $M u' v' q' \sigma$ using literal.exhaust equation.exhaust using trm-ord-irrefl trm-ord-trans unfolding orient-lit-inst-def irrefl-def trans-def by metis from (decompose-literal M u v q) and (orient-lit-inst M u' v' q' σ) have $u = u' \lor u = v'$ unfolding decompose-literal-def orient-lit-inst-def by (metis atom.simps(2) decompose-equation-def equation.inject literal.distinct(1)literal.inject(1)) from (decompose-literal $M \ u \ v \ q$) and (orient-lit-inst $M \ u' \ v' \ q' \ \sigma$) have q = q'unfolding decompose-literal-def orient-lit-inst-def by auto from $\langle vars-of-cl (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) = \{\} \rangle$ and $\langle M \in (cl-ecl C) \rangle$

```
have vars-of-lit (subst-lit M \sigma) = {} by auto
      from (orient-lit-inst M u' v' q' \sigma) have
           orient-lit (subst-lit M \sigma) (subst u' \sigma) (subst v' \sigma) q'
           using lift-orient-lit by auto
      from (orient-lit-inst L t s p \sigma) have
           orient-lit (subst-lit L \sigma) (subst t \sigma) (subst s \sigma) p
           using lift-orient-lit by auto
      have (t', u) \notin trm-ord
      proof
        assume (t', u) \in trm\text{-}ord
        then have ((subst t' \sigma), (subst u \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord
           using trm-ord-subst by auto
        from this and \langle (subst t' \sigma) = (subst t \sigma) \rangle have
           ((subst\ t\ \sigma),(subst\ u\ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
        from (orient-lit (subst-lit M \sigma) (subst u' \sigma) (subst v' \sigma) q'
           and (orient-lit (subst-lit L \sigma) (subst t \sigma) (subst s \sigma) p)
           and \langle ((subst\ t\ \sigma), (subst\ u\ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle
           and \langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit M \sigma) = \{\}\rangle
           and \langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit L \sigma) = \{\}\rangle
           and \langle u = u' \lor u = v' \rangle
           have ((subst-lit \ L \ \sigma), (subst-lit \ M \ \sigma)) \in lit-ord
           using lit-ord-dominating-term by metis
         from this and (maximal-literal (subst-lit L \sigma) (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma))
           and \langle M \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \rangle show False using maximal-literal-def by auto
      qed
      have \neg (q = neg \land (u = t'))
      proof
        assume q = neg \land (u = t')
        then have q = neg and u = t' by auto
        from (orient-lit (subst-lit M \sigma) (subst u' \sigma) (subst v' \sigma) q'>
           and (orient-lit (subst-lit L \sigma) (subst t \sigma) (subst s \sigma) p)
           and \langle u = t' \rangle
           and \langle (subst \ t' \ \sigma) = (subst \ t \ \sigma) \rangle
           and \langle q = neg \rangle and \langle q = q' \rangle
           and \langle p = pos \rangle
           and \langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit M \sigma) = \{\} \rangle
           and \langle vars-of-lit (subst-lit L \sigma) = \{\} \rangle
           and \langle u = u' \lor u = v' \rangle
           have ((subst-lit \ L \ \sigma), (subst-lit \ M \ \sigma)) \in lit-ord
           using lit-ord-neg-lit-lhs lit-ord-neg-lit-rhs by metis
        from this and \langle maximal-literal (subst-lit L \sigma) (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle
           and \langle M \in (cl\text{-}ecl \ C) \rangle show False using maximal-literal-def by auto
      qed
        from this and \langle (t',u) \notin trm-ord and \langle q = neg \land (u = t') \lor ((t',u) \in
trm-ord)>
        show False by auto
     ged
```

from $\langle C \in S \rangle \langle (subst \ s \ \sigma, \ subst \ t \ \sigma) \in trm\text{-}ord \rangle$

and $\langle p = pos \rangle$ $\langle orient-lit-inst L t s p \sigma \rangle$ and $\langle sel (cl-ecl C) = \{\} \rangle$ and $\langle L \in cl\text{-}ecl \ C \rangle$ and $\langle maximal-literal (subst-lit L \sigma) (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle ground\text{-}clause (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle finite (cl-ecl C) \rangle$ and $\langle smaller-lits-are-false (subst t \sigma) (subst-cl (cl-ecl C) \sigma) S \rangle$ and (maximal-literal-is-unique (subst t σ) (subst s σ) (cl-ecl C) L S σ) and $\langle trms-irreducible \ C \ \sigma \ S \ (subst \ t \ \sigma) \rangle$ and $\langle (subst \ t \ \sigma) \notin subst-set \ (trms-ecl \ C) \ \sigma \rangle$ have cv: (candidate-values (trm-rep (subst $s \sigma$) S) C (cl-ecl C) $(subst-cl \ (cl-ecl \ C) \ \sigma) \ (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ (subst-lit \ L \ \sigma) \ L \ \sigma \ t \ s \ (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ S)$ unfolding candidate-values-def by blast from cv have $(trm-rep (subst s \sigma) S, (subst s \sigma)) \in set-of-candidate-values$ S (subst t σ) unfolding set-of-candidate-values-def by blast **from** $\langle trm\text{-rep} (subst t \sigma) \rangle S = (subst t \sigma) \rangle$ have \neg (subterm-reduction-applicable S (subst t σ)) using trm-rep-is-lower-subt-red trm-ord-irrefl irrefl-def by *metis* **from** $(trm\text{-}rep (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ S, subst \ s \ \sigma)$ \in set-of-candidate-values S (subst t σ) have set-of-candidate-values S (subst t σ) \neq {} by blast **from** $\langle (trm-rep \ (subst \ s \ \sigma) \ S, \ subst \ s \ \sigma) \rangle$ \in set-of-candidate-values S (subst t σ) have min-trms (set-of-candidate-values S (subst t σ)) \neq {} using min-trms-not-empty by blast from $\langle \neg (subterm-reduction-applicable \ S \ (subst \ t \ \sigma)) \rangle$ $\langle min-trms \ (set-of-candidate-values \ S \ (subst \ t \ \sigma)) \neq \{\} \rangle$ have $(trm\text{-}rep \ (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ S, (subst \ t \ \sigma)) \in trm\text{-}ord$ using trm-rep-is-lower-root-red [of S subst t σ] by blast from this and $\langle (trm-rep \ (subst \ t \ \sigma) \ S) = (subst \ t \ \sigma) \rangle$ show False using trm-ord-irrefl irrefl-def by metis qed qed

As an immediate consequence of the previous lemma, we show that the set of clauses that are derivable from an unsatisfiable clause set must contain an empty clause (since this set is trivially saturated).

lemma COMPLETENESS: **assumes** $\forall x. (x \in S \longrightarrow (trms\text{-}ecl \ x = \{\}))$ **assumes** $(\forall x \in S. finite \ (cl\text{-}ecl \ x))$ **assumes** \neg (satisfiable-clause-set (cl-ecl `S)) **shows** $\exists x. (derivable\text{-}ecl \ x \ S) \land cl\text{-}ecl \ x = \{\}$ **proof** (rule ccontr) **assume** $\neg (\exists x. (derivable\text{-}ecl \ x \ S) \land cl\text{-}ecl \ x = \{\})$ let $?S = \{ y. (derivable-ecl y S) \}$ let $?I = same-values (\lambda x. (trm-rep x ?S))$ have fo-interpretation ?I using trm-rep-compatible-with-structure same-values-fo-int

by metis

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have \forall x \in ?S. (cl\text{-}ecl x) \neq \{\}
  proof (rule ccontr)
   assume \neg ?thesis
   then obtain x where x \in ?S and cl\text{-}ecl x = \{\} by blast
   from \langle x \in ?S \rangle have derivable-ecl x S by (meson CollectD)
   from this \langle cl - ecl \ x = \{\} \rangle \langle \neg (\exists x. (derivable - ecl \ x \ S) \land cl - ecl \ x = \{\}) \rangle
     show False by metis
 \mathbf{qed}
 have all-finite: \forall x \in ?S. (finite (cl-ecl x))
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume \neg ?thesis
   then obtain x where x \in ?S and \neg finite (cl-ecl x) by blast
   from \langle x \in ?S \rangle have derivable-ecl x S by (meson CollectD)
  from this assms(2) \leftarrow finite (cl-ecl x)  show False using all-derived-clauses-are-finite
by metis
 \mathbf{qed}
 have Ball S well-constrained
  proof
   fix x assume x \in S
   from this assms(1) have trms-ecl \ x = \{\} by auto
   from this show well-constrained x unfolding well-constrained-def by blast
  ged
 have Ball ?S well-constrained
 proof
   fix x assume x \in ?S
   from this have derivable-ecl x S by (meson CollectD)
   from this assms(2) \langle Ball \ S \ well-constrained \rangle show well-constrained x
     using all-derived-clauses-are-wellconstrained
     by metis
  qed
 have closed-under-renaming ?S
  proof (rule ccontr)
   assume \neg ?thesis
   then obtain C D where C \in ?S renaming-cl C D D \notin ?S
     unfolding closed-under-renaming-def by metis
   from \langle C \in ?S \rangle have derivable-ecl C S by (meson CollectD)
   from \langle derivable-ecl \ C \ S \rangle \langle renaming-cl \ C \ D \rangle have (derivable-ecl \ D \ S)
     using derivable-ecl.intros(2) by metis
   from this and \langle D \notin ?S \rangle show False by blast
  qed
  have inference-closed ?S
 proof (rule ccontr)
   assume \neg ?thesis
```

then obtain $D P \vartheta C'$ where (derivable $D P ?S \vartheta$ FirstOrder C') $D \notin ?S$ unfolding inference-closed-def by metis **from** (derivable D P ?S ϑ FirstOrder C') have $P \subseteq$?S using derivable-premisses by *metis* have $\forall x. x \in P \longrightarrow derivable-ecl \ x \ S$ **proof** ((*rule allI*),(*rule impI*)) fix x assume $x \in P$ from this and $\langle P \subseteq ?S \rangle$ have $x \in ?S$ by (meson rev-subsetD) from this show derivable-ecl x S by (meson CollectD) qed from this and $\langle (derivable \ D \ P \ ?S \ \vartheta \ FirstOrder \ C') \rangle$ have derivable-ecl $D \ S$ using derivable-ecl.intros(3) [of $P \ S \ D \ ?S \ \vartheta \ C'$] by meson from this and $\langle D \notin ?S \rangle$ show False by blast qed from this all-finite have clause-saturated ?S using inference-closed-sets-are-saturated by meson from this all-finite have inference-saturated ?S using clause-saturated-and-inference-saturated by meson from this have ground-inference-saturated ?S using *lift-inference* by *metis* have validate-clause-set ?I (cl-ecl 'S) **proof** (rule ccontr) assume \neg ?thesis from this obtain Cl-C where clc: $Cl-C \in (cl-ecl \, `S)$ and \neg (validate-clause $?I \ Cl-C)$ using validate-clause-set.simps by metis from *clc* obtain C where $C \in S$ and *Cl*-C = (*cl*-*ecl* C) by *blast* from $\langle C \in S \rangle$ have derivable-ecl C S using derivable-ecl.intros(1) by metisfrom this have $C \in ?S$ by blast from $\langle \neg (validate\text{-}clause ?I \ Cl\text{-}C) \rangle$ obtain σ where \neg (validate-ground-clause ?I (subst-cl Cl-C σ)) and ground-clause (subst-cl Cl-C σ) using validate-clause.simps by metis let ?pair = (C,σ) have fst ?pair = C by auto have snd ?pair = σ by auto from $\langle C \in S \rangle$ assms(1) have trms-ecl $C = \{\}$ by auto then have (subst-set (trms-ecl C) σ) = {} by auto then have n: all-trms-irreducible (subst-set (trms-ecl C) σ) $(\lambda t. trm-rep \ t \ \{y. \ derivable-ecl \ y \ S\})$ unfolding all-trms-irreducible-def by blast from *(ground-inference-saturated ?S)* all-finite *(Ball ?S well-constrained)* $\langle closed\text{-under-renaming } ?S \rangle \langle \forall x \in ?S. (cl\text{-ecl } x) \neq \{\} \rangle$ have $\forall C \sigma$. fst ?pair = C \longrightarrow $\sigma = snd ?pair \longrightarrow$ $C \in \{y. \ derivable - ecl \ y \ S\} \longrightarrow$

 $\begin{array}{c} ground-clause \;(subst-cl\;(cl-ecl\;C)\;\sigma) \longrightarrow\\ all-trms-irreducible\;(subst-set\;(trms-ecl\;C)\;\sigma)\;(\lambda t.\;trm-rep\;t\;\{y.\;derivable-ecl\;y\;S\})\\ &\longrightarrow validate-ground-clause\;?I\;\;(subst-cl\;(cl-ecl\;C)\;\sigma)\\ & using\;int-clset-is-a-model\;[of\;?S\;?pair]\; by\;blast\\ from\;this\;\langle fst\;?pair\;=\;C\rangle\;\langle C\in\;?S\rangle\;\langle snd\;?pair\;=\;\sigma\rangle\;\langle Cl-C\;=\;(cl-ecl\;C)\rangle\\ &\quad \langle ground-clause\;(subst-cl\;Cl-C\;\sigma)\rangle\;n\\ & have\;validate-ground-clause\;?I\;\;(subst-cl\;(cl-ecl\;C)\;\sigma)\;by\;metis\\ from\;this\;and\;\langle\neg\;(validate-ground-clause\;?I\;(subst-cl\;Cl-C\;\sigma))\rangle\;\langle Cl-C\;=\;(cl-ecl\;C)\rangle\\ &\quad show\;False\;by\;metis\\ qed\\ from\;this\;and\;assms(3)\;\langle fo\-interpretation\;?I\rangle\;show\;False\;using\;satisfiable-clause-set-def\\ by\;metis\\ qed\\ \end{array}$

end

end

References

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