

The Sturm-Tarski Theorem

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Abstract

We have formalised the Sturm-Tarski theorem (also referred as the Tarski theorem): Given polynomials $p, q \in \mathbb{R}[x]$, the Sturm-Tarski theorem computes the sum of the signs of q over the roots of p by calculating some remainder sequences. Note, the better-known Sturm theorem is an instance of the Sturm-Tarski theorem when $q = 1$. The proof follows the classic book by Basu et al. [1] and Cyril Cohen's work in Coq [2]. With the Sturm-Tarski theorem proved, it is possible to further build a quantifier elimination procedure for real numbers as Cohen did in Coq. Another application of the Sturm-Tarski theorem is to build sign determination procedures for polynomials at real algebraic points, as described in our formalisation of real algebraic numbers [3].

```
theory PolyMisc imports  
  HOL-Computational-Algebra.Polynomial-Factorial  
begin
```

```
lemma coprime-poly-0:  
  poly p x  $\neq$  0  $\vee$  poly q x  $\neq$  0 if coprime p q  
  for x :: 'a :: field
```

```
proof (rule ccontr)  
  assume  $\neg$  (poly p x  $\neq$  0  $\vee$  poly q x  $\neq$  0)  
  then have [-x, 1:] dvd p [-x, 1:] dvd q  
    by (simp-all add: poly-eq-0-iff-dvd)  
  with that have is-unit [-x, 1:]  
    by (rule coprime-common-divisor)  
  then show False  
    by (auto simp add: is-unit-pCons-iff)  
qed
```

```
lemma smult-cancel:  
  fixes p::'a::idom poly  
  assumes c $\neq$ 0 and smult: smult c p = smult c q  
  shows p=q  
proof -  
  have smult c (p-q)=0 using smult by (metis diff-self smult-diff-right)
```

```

thus ?thesis using (c≠0) by auto
qed

lemma dvd-monic:
  fixes p q:: 'a :: idom poly
  assumes monic:lead-coeff p=1 and p dvd (smult c q) and c≠0
  shows p dvd q using assms
proof (cases q=0 ∨ degree p=0)
  case True
  thus ?thesis using assms
    by (auto elim!: degree-eq-zeroE simp add: const-poly-dvd-iff)
next
  case False
  hence q≠0 and degree p≠0 by auto
  obtain k where k:smult c q = p*k using assms dvd-def by metis
  hence k≠0 by (metis False assms(3) mult-zero-right smult-eq-0-iff)
  hence deg-eq:degree q=degree p + degree k
    by (metis False assms(3) degree-0 degree-mult-eq degree-smult-eq k)
  have c-dvd:∀ n≤degree k. c dvd coeff k (degree k - n)
  proof (rule,rule)
    fix n assume n ≤ degree k
    thus c dvd coeff k (degree k - n)
  proof (induct n rule:nat-less-induct)
    case (1 n)
    define T where T≡(λi. coeff p i * coeff k (degree p+degree k - n - i))
    have c * coeff q (degree q - n) = (∑ i≤degree q - n. coeff p i * coeff k
      (degree q - n - i))
      using coeff-mult[of p k degree q - n] k coeff-smult[of c q degree q - n] by
      auto
    also have ...=(∑ i≤degree p+degree k - n. T i)
      using deg-eq unfolding T-def by auto
    also have ...=(∑ i∈{0..proof -
    define C where C≡{{0..have ∀ A∈C. finite A unfolding C-def by auto
    moreover have ∀ A∈C. ∀ B∈C. A ≠ B ⟶ A ∩ B = {}
      unfolding C-def by auto
    ultimately have sum T (⋃ C) = sum (sum T) C
      using sum.Union-disjoint by auto
    moreover have ⋃ C={..degree p + degree k - n}
      using (n ≤ degree k) unfolding C-def by auto
    moreover have sum (sum T) C = sum T {0..proof -
    have {0..by (metis atLeast0LessThan insertI1 lessThan-iff less-imp-not-eq)

```

moreover have $\{degree\ p\} \neq \{degree\ p + 1..degree\ p + degree\ k - n\}$
by *(metis add.commute add-diff-cancel-right' atLeastAtMost-singleton-iff*

diff-self-eq-0 eq-imp-le not-one-le-zero)

moreover have $\{0..<degree\ p\} \neq \{degree\ p + 1..degree\ p + degree\ k - n\}$

using *(degree\ k ≥ n) (degree\ p ≠ 0)* **by** *fastforce*
ultimately show *?thesis unfolding C-def by auto*
qed
ultimately show *?thesis by auto*
qed

also have $... = (\sum i \in \{0..<degree\ p\}. T\ i) + coeff\ k\ (degree\ k - n)$
proof –
have $\forall x \in \{degree\ p + 1..degree\ p + degree\ k - n\}. T\ x = 0$
using *coeff-eq-0[of p] unfolding T-def by simp*
hence $sum\ T\ \{degree\ p + 1..degree\ p + degree\ k - n\} = 0$ **by** *auto*
moreover have $T\ (degree\ p) = coeff\ k\ (degree\ k - n)$
using *monic by (simp add: T-def)*
ultimately show *?thesis by auto*
qed

finally have $c \cdot coeff\ q\ (degree\ q - n) = sum\ T\ \{0..<degree\ p\} + coeff\ k\ (degree\ k - n)$.
moreover have $n \neq 0 \implies c\ dvd\ sum\ T\ \{0..<degree\ p\}$
proof *(rule dvd-sum)*
fix i **assume** $i \in \{0..<degree\ p\}$ **and** $n \neq 0$
hence $(n + i - degree\ p) \leq degree\ k$ **using** *(n ≤ degree\ k)* **by** *auto*
moreover have $n + i - degree\ p < n$ **using** *i (n ≠ 0)* **by** *auto*
ultimately have $c\ dvd\ coeff\ k\ (degree\ k - (n + i - degree\ p))$
using *1(1) by auto*
hence $c\ dvd\ coeff\ k\ (degree\ p + degree\ k - n - i)$
by *(metis add-diff-cancel-left' deg-eq diff-diff-left dvd-0-right le-degree le-diff-conv add.commute ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.diff-diff-right)*
thus $c\ dvd\ T\ i$ **unfolding** *T-def* **by** *auto*
qed

moreover have $n = 0 \implies ?case$
proof –
assume $n = 0$
hence $\forall i \in \{0..<degree\ p\}. coeff\ k\ (degree\ p + degree\ k - n - i) = 0$
using *coeff-eq-0[of k] by simp*
hence $c * coeff\ q\ (degree\ q - n) = coeff\ k\ (degree\ k - n)$
using *c-coeff unfolding T-def by auto*
thus *?thesis by (metis dvdI)*
qed

ultimately show *?case by (metis dvd-add-right-iff dvd-triv-left)*
qed

hence $\forall n. c\ dvd\ coeff\ k\ n$
by *(metis diff-diff-cancel dvd-0-right le-add2 le-add-diff-inverse le-degree)*
then obtain f **where** $f : \forall n. c * f\ n = coeff\ k\ n$ **unfolding** *dvd-def* **by** *metis*

have $\forall_{\infty} n. f\ n = 0$
by (*metis* (*mono-tags*, *lifting*) *MOST-coeff-eq-0* *MOST-mono* *assms*(3) *f mult-eq-0-iff*)
hence *smult* *c* (*Abs-poly* *f*)=*k*
using *f smult.abs-eq*[*of c Abs-poly f*] *Abs-poly-inverse*[*of f*] *coeff-inverse*[*of k*]
by *simp*
hence $q=p*$ *Abs-poly* *f* **using** *k* ($c \neq 0$) *smult-cancel* **by** *auto*
thus *?thesis* **unfolding** *dvd-def* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *poly-power-n-eq*:
fixes *x::'a* :: *idom*
assumes $n \neq 0$
shows *poly* ($[: - a, 1:] \hat{\ } n$) $x = 0 \iff (x = a)$ **using** *assms*
by (*induct* *n*, *auto*)

lemma *poly-power-n-odd*:
fixes *x a::real*
assumes *odd* *n*
shows *poly* ($[: - a, 1:] \hat{\ } n$) $x > 0 \iff (x > a)$ **using** *assms*
proof –
have *poly* ($[: - a, 1:] \hat{\ } n$) $x \geq 0 = (poly\ [: - a, 1:]\ x \geq 0)$
unfolding *poly-power* **using** *zero-le-odd-power*[*OF* (*odd* *n*)] **by** *blast*
also **have** $(poly\ [: - a, 1:]\ x \geq 0) = (x \geq a)$ **by** *fastforce*
finally **have** *poly* ($[: - a, 1:] \hat{\ } n$) $x \geq 0 = (x \geq a)$.
moreover **have** *poly* ($[: - a, 1:] \hat{\ } n$) $x = 0 = (x = a)$ **by**(*rule* *poly-power-n-eq*, *metis*
assms *even-zero*)
ultimately **show** *?thesis* **by** *linarith*
qed

lemma *gcd-coprime-poly*:
fixes *p q::'a::*{*factorial-ring-gcd*,*semiring-gcd-mult-normalize*} *poly*
assumes *nz*: $p \neq 0 \vee q \neq 0$ **and** $p' = p' * gcd\ p\ q$ **and**
 $q' = q = q' * gcd\ p\ q$
shows *coprime* $p'\ q'$
using *gcd-coprime* *nz* $p'\ q'$ **by** *auto*

lemma *poly-mod*:
 $poly\ (p\ mod\ q)\ x = poly\ p\ x$ **if** $poly\ q\ x = 0$
proof –
from *that* **have** $poly\ (p\ mod\ q)\ x = poly\ (p\ div\ q * q)\ x + poly\ (p\ mod\ q)\ x$
by *simp*
also **have** $\dots = poly\ p\ x$
by (*simp* *only*: *poly-add* [*symmetric*]) *simp*
finally **show** *?thesis* .
qed

end

1 Sturm-Tarski Theorem

```
theory Sturm-Tarski
  imports Complex-Main PolyMisc HOL-Computational-Algebra.Field-as-Ring
begin
```

2 Misc

```
lemma eventually-at-right:
  fixes x::'a::{archimedean-field,linorder-topology}
  shows eventually P (at-right x)  $\longleftrightarrow$   $(\exists b>x. \forall y>x. y < b \longrightarrow P y)$ 
proof -
  obtain y where y>x using ex-less-of-int by auto
  thus ?thesis using eventually-at-right[OF ⟨y>x⟩] by auto
qed
```

```
lemma eventually-at-left:
  fixes x::'a::{archimedean-field,linorder-topology}
  shows eventually P (at-left x)  $\longleftrightarrow$   $(\exists b<x. \forall y>b. y < x \longrightarrow P y)$ 
proof -
  obtain y where y<x
  using linordered-field-no-lb by auto
  thus ?thesis using eventually-at-left[OF ⟨y<x⟩] by auto
qed
```

```
lemma eventually-neg:
  assumes F≠bot and eve:eventually  $(\lambda x. P x)$  F
  shows  $\neg$  eventually  $(\lambda x. \neg P x)$  F
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume  $\neg \neg$  eventually  $(\lambda x. \neg P x)$  F
  hence eventually  $(\lambda x. \neg P x)$  F by auto
  hence eventually  $(\lambda x. False)$  F using eventually-conj[OF eve,of  $(\lambda x. \neg P x)$ ]
  by auto
  thus False using ⟨F≠bot⟩ eventually-False by auto
qed
```

```
lemma poly-tendsto[simp]:
   $(poly p \longrightarrow poly p x)$  (at  $(x::real)$ )
   $(poly p \longrightarrow poly p x)$  (at-left  $(x::real)$ )
   $(poly p \longrightarrow poly p x)$  (at-right  $(x::real)$ )
  using isCont-def[where f=poly p] by (auto simp add:filterlim-at-split)
```

```
lemma not-eq-pos-or-neg-iff-1:
  fixes p::real poly
  shows  $(\forall z. lb < z \wedge z \leq ub \longrightarrow poly p z \neq 0) \longleftrightarrow$ 
   $(\forall z. lb < z \wedge z \leq ub \longrightarrow poly p z > 0) \vee (\forall z. lb < z \wedge z \leq ub \longrightarrow poly p z < 0)$  (is ?Q  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
  ?P)
proof (rule,rule ccontr)
  assume ?Q  $\neg$  ?P
```

then obtain $z1\ z2$ **where** $z1:lb < z1\ z1 \leq ub\ poly\ p\ z1 \leq 0$
and $z2:lb < z2\ z2 \leq ub\ poly\ p\ z2 \geq 0$

by auto
hence $\exists z. lb < z \wedge z \leq ub \wedge poly\ p\ z = 0$
proof ($cases\ poly\ p\ z1 = 0 \vee poly\ p\ z2 = 0 \vee z1 = z2$)
case True
thus $?thesis$ **using** $z1\ z2$ **by auto**
next
case False
hence $poly\ p\ z1 < 0$ **and** $poly\ p\ z2 > 0$ **and** $z1 \neq z2$ **using** $z1(3)\ z2(3)$ **by auto**
hence $(\exists z > z1. z < z2 \wedge poly\ p\ z = 0) \vee (\exists z > z2. z < z1 \wedge poly\ p\ z = 0)$
using $poly\text{-}IVT\text{-}neg\ poly\text{-}IVT\text{-}pos$ **by** ($subst\ (asm)\ linorder\text{-}class.\text{neq}\text{-}iff, auto$)

thus $?thesis$ **using** $z1(1,2)\ z2(1,2)$ **by** ($metis\ less\text{-}eq\text{-}real\text{-}def\ order.\text{strict}\text{-}trans2$)
qed
thus $False$ **using** $\langle ?Q \rangle$ **by auto**
next
assume $?P$
thus $?Q$ **by auto**
qed

lemma $not\text{-}eq\text{-}pos\text{-}or\text{-}neg\text{-}iff\text{-}2$:
fixes $p::real\ poly$
shows $(\forall z. lb \leq z \wedge z < ub \longrightarrow poly\ p\ z \neq 0)$
 $\longleftrightarrow (\forall z. lb \leq z \wedge z < ub \longrightarrow poly\ p\ z > 0) \vee (\forall z. lb \leq z \wedge z < ub \longrightarrow poly\ p\ z < 0)$ **(is**
 $?Q \longleftrightarrow ?P)$
proof ($rule, rule\ ccontr$)
assume $?Q \neg ?P$
then obtain $z1\ z2$ **where** $z1:lb \leq z1\ z1 < ub\ poly\ p\ z1 \leq 0$
and $z2:lb \leq z2\ z2 < ub\ poly\ p\ z2 \geq 0$

by auto
hence $\exists z. lb \leq z \wedge z < ub \wedge poly\ p\ z = 0$
proof ($cases\ poly\ p\ z1 = 0 \vee poly\ p\ z2 = 0 \vee z1 = z2$)
case True
thus $?thesis$ **using** $z1\ z2$ **by auto**
next
case False
hence $poly\ p\ z1 < 0$ **and** $poly\ p\ z2 > 0$ **and** $z1 \neq z2$ **using** $z1(3)\ z2(3)$ **by auto**
hence $(\exists z > z1. z < z2 \wedge poly\ p\ z = 0) \vee (\exists z > z2. z < z1 \wedge poly\ p\ z = 0)$
using $poly\text{-}IVT\text{-}neg\ poly\text{-}IVT\text{-}pos$ **by** ($subst\ (asm)\ linorder\text{-}class.\text{neq}\text{-}iff, auto$)

thus $?thesis$ **using** $z1(1,2)\ z2(1,2)$ **by** ($meson\ dual\text{-}order.\text{strict}\text{-}trans\ not\text{-}le$)
qed
thus $False$ **using** $\langle ?Q \rangle$ **by auto**
next
assume $?P$
thus $?Q$ **by auto**
qed

```

lemma next-non-root-interval:
  fixes p::real poly
  assumes p≠0
  obtains ub where ub>lb and (∀ z. lb<z∧z≤ub⟶poly p z≠0)
proof (cases (∃ r. poly p r=0 ∧ r>lb))
  case False
  thus ?thesis by (intro that[of lb+1],auto)
next
  case True
  define lr where lr≡Min {r . poly p r=0 ∧ r>lb}
  have ∀ z. lb<z∧z<lr⟶poly p z≠0 and lr>lb
    using True lr-def poly-roots-finite[OF ‹p≠0›] by auto
  thus ?thesis using that[of (lb+lr)/2] by auto
qed

```

```

lemma last-non-root-interval:
  fixes p::real poly
  assumes p≠0
  obtains lb where lb<ub and (∀ z. lb≤z∧z<ub⟶poly p z≠0)
proof (cases (∃ r. poly p r=0 ∧ r<ub))
  case False
  thus ?thesis by (intro that[of ub - 1]) auto
next
  case True
  define mr where mr≡Max {r . poly p r=0 ∧ r<ub}
  have ∀ z. mr<z∧z<ub⟶poly p z≠0 and mr<ub
    using True mr-def poly-roots-finite[OF ‹p≠0›] by auto
  thus ?thesis using that[of (mr+ub)/2] ‹mr<ub› by auto
qed

```

3 Bound of polynomials

definition sgn-pos-inf :: ('a :: linordered-idom) poly ⇒ 'a **where**
 sgn-pos-inf p ≡ sgn (lead-coeff p)

definition sgn-neg-inf :: ('a :: linordered-idom) poly ⇒ 'a **where**
 sgn-neg-inf p ≡ if even (degree p) then sgn (lead-coeff p) else -sgn (lead-coeff p)

lemma sgn-inf-sym:

```

  fixes p::real poly
  shows sgn-pos-inf (pcompose p [:0,-1:]) = sgn-neg-inf p (is ?L=?R)
proof -
  have ?L= sgn (lead-coeff p * (- 1) ^ degree p)
    unfolding sgn-pos-inf-def by (subst lead-coeff-comp,auto)
  thus ?thesis unfolding sgn-neg-inf-def
    by (metis mult.right-neutral mult-minus1-right neg-one-even-power neg-one-odd-power
  sgn-minus)
qed

```

lemma poly-pinfy-gt-lc:

```

fixes p:: real poly
assumes lead-coeff p > 0
shows  $\exists n. \forall x \geq n. \text{poly } p \ x \geq \text{lead-coeff } p$  using assms
proof (induct p)
  case 0
  thus ?case by auto
next
  case (pCons a p)
  have  $\llbracket a \neq 0; p = 0 \rrbracket \implies ?case$  by auto
  moreover have  $p \neq 0 \implies ?case$ 
  proof -
    assume  $p \neq 0$ 
    then obtain n1 where gte-lcoeff:  $\forall x \geq n1. \text{lead-coeff } p \leq \text{poly } p \ x$  using that
  pCons by auto
  have gt-0:  $\text{lead-coeff } p > 0$  using pCons(3)  $\langle p \neq 0 \rangle$  by auto
  define n where  $n \equiv \max n1 \ (1 + |a| / (\text{lead-coeff } p))$ 
  show ?thesis
  proof (rule-tac  $x = n$  in exI, rule, rule)
    fix x assume  $n \leq x$ 
    hence  $\text{lead-coeff } p \leq \text{poly } p \ x$ 
      using gte-lcoeff unfolding n-def by auto
    hence  $|a| / (\text{lead-coeff } p) \geq |a| / (\text{poly } p \ x)$  and  $\text{poly } p \ x > 0$  using gt-0
      by (intro frac-le, auto)
    hence  $x \geq 1 + |a| / (\text{poly } p \ x)$  using  $\langle n \leq x \rangle$  [unfolded n-def] by auto
    thus  $\text{lead-coeff } (pCons \ a \ p) \leq \text{poly } (pCons \ a \ p) \ x$ 
      using  $\langle \text{lead-coeff } p \leq \text{poly } p \ x \rangle$   $\langle \text{poly } p \ x > 0 \rangle$   $\langle p \neq 0 \rangle$ 
      by (auto simp add: field-simps)
    qed
  qed
  ultimately show ?case by fastforce
qed

lemma poly-sgn-eventually-at-top:
  fixes p:: real poly
  shows eventually  $(\lambda x. \text{sgn } (\text{poly } p \ x) = \text{sgn-pos-inf } p)$  at-top
proof (cases  $p = 0$ )
  case True
  thus ?thesis unfolding sgn-pos-inf-def by auto
next
  case False
  obtain ub where  $ub: \forall x \geq ub. \text{sgn } (\text{poly } p \ x) = \text{sgn-pos-inf } p$ 
  proof (cases  $\text{lead-coeff } p > 0$ )
    case True
    thus ?thesis
      using that poly-pinfty-gt-lc[of p] unfolding sgn-pos-inf-def by fastforce
  next
    case False
    hence  $\text{lead-coeff } (-p) > 0$  and  $\text{lead-coeff } p < 0$  unfolding lead-coeff-minus
      using leading-coeff-neq-0[OF  $\langle p \neq 0 \rangle$ ]

```


by (auto simp add: not-less-iff-gr-or-eq)
 then obtain n where $\forall x \geq n. \text{lead-coeff } p \geq \text{poly } p \ x$
 using poly-pinfy-gt-lc[of $-p$] unfolding lead-coeff-minus by auto
 thus ?thesis using ⟨lead-coeff $p < 0$ ⟩ that[of n] unfolding sgn-pos-inf-def by
 fastforce
 qed
 thus ?thesis unfolding eventually-at-top-linorder by auto
 qed

lemma poly-sgn-eventually-at-bot:

fixes $p::\text{real poly}$
 shows eventually $(\lambda x. \text{sgn } (\text{poly } p \ x) = \text{sgn-neg-inf } p)$ at-bot
 using
 poly-sgn-eventually-at-top[of pcompose p [:0,-1:], unfolded poly-pcompose sgn-inf-sym, simplified]
 eventually-filtermap[of $-$ uminus at-bot::real filter, folded at-top-mirror]
 by auto

lemma root-ub:

fixes $p::\text{real poly}$
 assumes $p \neq 0$
 obtains ub where $\forall x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \longrightarrow x < ub$
 and $\forall x \geq ub. \text{sgn } (\text{poly } p \ x) = \text{sgn-pos-inf } p$
 proof –
 obtain $ub1$ where $ub1: \forall x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \longrightarrow x < ub1$
 proof (cases $\exists r. \text{poly } p \ r = 0$)
 case False
 thus ?thesis using that by auto
 next
 case True
 define $max-r$ where $max-r \equiv \text{Max } \{x . \text{poly } p \ x = 0\}$
 hence $\forall x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \longrightarrow x \leq max-r$
 using poly-roots-finite[OF $\langle p \neq 0 \rangle$] True by auto
 thus ?thesis using that[of $max-r+1$]
 by (metis add.commute add-strict-increasing zero-less-one)

qed
 obtain $ub2$ where $ub2: \forall x \geq ub2. \text{sgn } (\text{poly } p \ x) = \text{sgn-pos-inf } p$
 using poly-sgn-eventually-at-top[unfolded eventually-at-top-linorder] by auto
 define ub where $ub \equiv \max ub1 \ ub2$
 have $\forall x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \longrightarrow x < ub$ using $ub1$ ub -def
 by (metis eq-iff less-eq-real-def less-linear max.bounded-iff)
 thus ?thesis using that[of ub] $ub2$ ub -def by auto
 qed

lemma root-lb:

fixes $p::\text{real poly}$
 assumes $p \neq 0$
 obtains lb where $\forall x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \longrightarrow x > lb$
 and $\forall x \leq lb. \text{sgn } (\text{poly } p \ x) = \text{sgn-neg-inf } p$
 proof –

```

obtain lb1 where lb1:  $\forall x. \text{poly } p \ x=0 \longrightarrow x > lb1$ 
proof (cases  $\exists r. \text{poly } p \ r=0$ )
  case False
  thus ?thesis using that by auto
next
  case True
  define min-r where min-r  $\equiv \text{Min } \{x . \text{poly } p \ x=0\}$ 
  hence  $\forall x. \text{poly } p \ x=0 \longrightarrow x \geq \text{min-r}$ 
  using poly-roots-finite[OF  $\langle p \neq 0 \rangle$ ] True by auto
  thus ?thesis using that[of min-r - 1] by (metis lt-ex order.strict-trans2 that)

qed
obtain lb2 where lb2:  $\forall x \leq lb2. \text{sgn } (\text{poly } p \ x) = \text{sgn-neg-inf } p$ 
  using poly-sgn-eventually-at-bot[unfolded eventually-at-bot-linorder] by auto
define lb where lb  $\equiv \text{min } lb1 \ lb2$ 
have  $\forall x. \text{poly } p \ x=0 \longrightarrow x > lb$  using lb1 lb-def
  by (metis (poly-guards-query) less-not-sym min-less-iff-conj neg-iff)
thus ?thesis using that[of lb] lb2 lb-def by auto
qed

```

4 Sign

definition sign:: 'a::{zero,linorder} \Rightarrow int **where**
 sign x \equiv (if $x > 0$ then 1 else if $x = 0$ then 0 else -1)

lemma sign-simps[simp]:
 $x > 0 \Longrightarrow \text{sign } x = 1$
 $x = 0 \Longrightarrow \text{sign } x = 0$
 $x < 0 \Longrightarrow \text{sign } x = -1$
unfolding sign-def **by** auto

lemma sign-cases [case-names neg zero pos]:
 $(\text{sign } x = -1 \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow (\text{sign } x = 0 \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow (\text{sign } x = 1 \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow P$
unfolding Sturm-Tarski.sign-def **by** argo

lemma sign-times:
fixes x::'a::linordered-ring-strict
shows sign (x*y) = sign x * sign y
unfolding Sturm-Tarski.sign-def
by (auto simp add:zero-less-mult-iff)

lemma sign-power:
fixes x::'a::linordered-idom
shows sign (x^n) = (if $n=0$ then 1 else if even n then |sign x| else sign x)
by (simp add: Sturm-Tarski.sign-def zero-less-power-eq)

lemma sgn-sign-eq:
fixes x::'a::{linordered-idom}
shows sgn x = of-int (sign x)

unfolding *sgn-if* **by** *auto*

5 Variation and cross

definition *variation* :: *real* \Rightarrow *real* \Rightarrow *int* **where**
variation $x\ y = (\text{if } x * y \geq 0 \text{ then } 0 \text{ else if } x < y \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } -1)$

definition *cross* :: *real poly* \Rightarrow *real* \Rightarrow *real* \Rightarrow *int* **where**
cross $p\ a\ b = \text{variation } (\text{poly } p\ a)\ (\text{poly } p\ b)$

lemma *variation-0[simp]*: *variation* $0\ y = 0$ *variation* $x\ 0 = 0$
unfolding *variation-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *variation-comm*: *variation* $x\ y = - \text{variation } y\ x$ **unfolding** *variation-def*
by (*auto simp add: mult.commute*)

lemma *cross-0[simp]*: *cross* $0\ a\ b = 0$ **unfolding** *cross-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *variation-cases*:

$\llbracket x > 0; y > 0 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \text{variation } x\ y = 0$
 $\llbracket x > 0; y < 0 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \text{variation } x\ y = -1$
 $\llbracket x < 0; y > 0 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \text{variation } x\ y = 1$
 $\llbracket x < 0; y < 0 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \text{variation } x\ y = 0$

proof –

show $\llbracket x > 0; y > 0 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \text{variation } x\ y = 0$ **unfolding** *variation-def* **by** *auto*
show $\llbracket x > 0; y < 0 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \text{variation } x\ y = -1$ **unfolding** *variation-def*
using *mult-pos-neg* **by** *fastforce*
show $\llbracket x < 0; y > 0 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \text{variation } x\ y = 1$ **unfolding** *variation-def*
using *mult-neg-pos* **by** *fastforce*
show $\llbracket x < 0; y < 0 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \text{variation } x\ y = 0$ **unfolding** *variation-def*
using *mult-neg-neg* **by** *fastforce*

qed

lemma *variation-congr*:

assumes $\text{sgn } x = \text{sgn } x'\ \text{sgn } y = \text{sgn } y'$
shows $\text{variation } x\ y = \text{variation } x'\ y'$ **using** *assms*

proof –

have $0 \leq x * y = (0 \leq x' * y')$ **using** *assms* **by** (*metis Real-Vector-Spaces.sgn-mult zero-le-sgn-iff*)

moreover **hence** $\neg 0 \leq x * y \Longrightarrow x < y = (x' < y')$ **using** *assms*

by (*metis less-eq-real-def mult-nonneg-nonneg mult-nonpos-nonpos not-le order.strict-trans2 zero-le-sgn-iff*)

ultimately **show** *?thesis* **unfolding** *variation-def* **by** *auto*

qed

lemma *variation-mult-pos*:

assumes $c > 0$
shows $\text{variation } (c * x)\ y = \text{variation } x\ y$ **and** $\text{variation } x\ (c * y) = \text{variation } x\ y$

proof –
have $\text{sgn } (c*x) = \text{sgn } x$ **using** $\langle c>0 \rangle$
by (*simp add: Real-Vector-Spaces.sgn-mult*)
thus $\text{variation } (c*x) \ y = \text{variation } x \ y$ **using** *variation-congr* **by** *blast*
next
have $\text{sgn } (c*y) = \text{sgn } y$ **using** $\langle c>0 \rangle$
by (*simp add: Real-Vector-Spaces.sgn-mult*)
thus $\text{variation } x \ (c*y) = \text{variation } x \ y$ **using** *variation-congr* **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *variation-mult-neg-1*:
assumes $c < 0$
shows $\text{variation } (c*x) \ y = \text{variation } x \ y + (\text{if } y=0 \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } \text{sign } x)$
apply (*cases x rule:linorder-cases[of 0]*)
apply (*cases y rule:linorder-cases[of 0], auto simp add:*
variation-cases mult-neg-pos[OF \langle c < 0 \rangle, of x] mult-neg-neg[OF \langle c < 0 \rangle, of x])
done

lemma *variation-mult-neg-2*:
assumes $c < 0$
shows $\text{variation } x \ (c*y) = \text{variation } x \ y + (\text{if } x=0 \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } - \text{sign } y)$
unfolding *variation-comm*[*of x c*y, unfolded variation-mult-neg-1*[*OF \langle c < 0 \rangle, of y x*]]
by (*auto, subst variation-comm, simp*)

lemma *cross-no-root*:
assumes $a < b$ **and** *no-root*: $\forall x. a < x \wedge x < b \longrightarrow \text{poly } p \ x \neq 0$
shows $\text{cross } p \ a \ b = 0$
proof –
have $\llbracket \text{poly } p \ a > 0; \text{poly } p \ b < 0 \rrbracket \implies \text{False}$ **using** *poly-IVT-neg*[*OF \langle a < b \rangle*] *no-root*
by *auto*
moreover **have** $\llbracket \text{poly } p \ a < 0; \text{poly } p \ b > 0 \rrbracket \implies \text{False}$ **using** *poly-IVT-pos*[*OF \langle a < b \rangle*] *no-root* **by** *auto*
ultimately **have** $0 \leq \text{poly } p \ a * \text{poly } p \ b$
by (*metis less-eq-real-def linorder-neqE-linordered-idom mult-less-0-iff*)
thus *?thesis* **unfolding** *cross-def variation-def* **by** *simp*
qed

6 Tarski query

definition *taq* :: $'a::\text{linordered-idom set} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ poly} \Rightarrow \text{int}$ **where**
 $\text{taq } s \ q \equiv \sum_{x \in s}. \text{sign } (\text{poly } q \ x)$

7 Sign at the right

definition *sign-r-pos* :: $\text{real poly} \Rightarrow \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
where
 $\text{sign-r-pos } p \ x \equiv (\text{eventually } (\lambda x. \text{poly } p \ x > 0)) \ (\text{at-right } x)$

```

lemma sign-r-pos-rec:
  fixes p:: real poly
  assumes p≠0
  shows sign-r-pos p x = (if poly p x=0 then sign-r-pos (pderiv p) x else poly p x>0
  )
proof (cases poly p x=0)
  case True
  have sign-r-pos (pderiv p) x  $\implies$  sign-r-pos p x
  proof (rule ccontr)
    assume sign-r-pos (pderiv p) x  $\neg$  sign-r-pos p x
    obtain b where b>x and b: $\forall z. x < z \wedge z < b \implies 0 < poly (pderiv p) z$ 
      using (sign-r-pos (pderiv p) x) unfolding sign-r-pos-def eventually-at-right
    by auto
    have  $\forall b>x. \exists z>x. z < b \wedge \neg 0 < poly p z$  using ( $\neg$  sign-r-pos p x)
      unfolding sign-r-pos-def eventually-at-right by auto
    then obtain z where z>x and z<b and poly p z $\leq$ 0
      using (b>x) b by auto
    hence  $\exists z'>x. z' < z \wedge poly p z = (z - x) * poly (pderiv p) z'$ 
      using poly-MVT[OF (z>x)] True by (metis diff-0-right)
    hence  $\exists z'>x. z' < z \wedge poly (pderiv p) z' \leq 0$ 
      using (poly p z $\leq$ 0)(z>x) by (metis leD le-iff-diff-le-0 mult-le-0-iff)
    thus False using b by (metis (z < b) dual-order.strict-trans not-le)
  qed
  moreover have sign-r-pos p x  $\implies$  sign-r-pos (pderiv p) x
  proof -
    assume sign-r-pos p x
    have pderiv p≠0 using (poly p x=0) (p≠0)
    by (metis monoid-add-class.add.right-neutral monom-0 monom-eq-0 mult-zero-right

      pderiv-iszero poly-0 poly-pCons)
    obtain ub where ub>x and ub:( $\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub \implies poly (pderiv p) z > 0$ )
       $\vee (\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub \implies poly (pderiv p) z < 0)$ 
    using next-non-root-interval[OF (pderiv p≠0), of x,unfolded not-eq-pos-or-neg-iff-1]

    by (metis order.strict-implies-order)
    have  $\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub \implies poly (pderiv p) z < 0 \implies False$ 
  proof -
    assume asm: $\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub \implies poly (pderiv p) z < 0$ 
    obtain ub' where ub'>x and ub': $\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub' \implies 0 < poly p z$ 
      using (sign-r-pos p x) unfolding sign-r-pos-def eventually-at-right by auto
    obtain z' where x<z' and z' < (x+(min ub' ub))/2
      and z':poly p ((x+min ub' ub)/2) = ((x+min ub' ub)/2 - x) * poly
      (pderiv p) z'
    using poly-MVT[of x (x+min ub' ub)/2 p] (ub'>x) (ub>x) True by auto
    moreover have 0 < poly p ((x+min ub' ub)/2)
    using ub'[THEN HOL.spec,of (x+(min ub' ub))/2] (z' < (x+min ub' ub)/2)
      (x<z')
    by auto
  
```

moreover have $(x + \min ub' ub) / 2 - x > 0$ **using** $\langle ub' > x \rangle \langle ub > x \rangle$ **by auto**
ultimately have $\text{poly } (pderiv p) z' > 0$ **by** $(metis \text{ zero-less-mult-pos})$
thus False using $\text{asm}[THEN \text{ spec, of } z'] \langle x < z' \rangle \langle z' < (x + (\min ub' ub)) / 2 \rangle$
by auto
qed
hence $\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub \longrightarrow \text{poly } (pderiv p) z > 0$ **using** ub **by auto**
thus $\text{sign-r-pos } (pderiv p) x$ **unfolding** sign-r-pos-def **eventually-at-right**
using $\langle ub > x \rangle$ **by auto**
qed
ultimately show $?thesis$ **using** $True$ **by auto**
next
case $False$
have $\text{sign-r-pos } p x \implies \text{poly } p x > 0$
proof $(rule \text{ ccontr})$
assume $\text{sign-r-pos } p x \wedge 0 < \text{poly } p x$
then obtain ub **where** $ub > x$ **and** $ub: \forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub \longrightarrow 0 < \text{poly } p z$
unfolding sign-r-pos-def **eventually-at-right** **by auto**
hence $\text{poly } p ((ub+x)/2) > 0$ **by auto**
moreover have $\text{poly } p x < 0$ **using** $\langle 0 < \text{poly } p x \rangle$ $False$ **by auto**
ultimately have $\exists z > x. z < (ub + x) / 2 \wedge \text{poly } p z = 0$
using $\text{poly-IVT-pos}[of x ((ub + x) / 2) p]$ $\langle ub > x \rangle$ **by auto**
thus False using ub **by auto**
qed
moreover have $\text{poly } p x > 0 \implies \text{sign-r-pos } p x$
unfolding sign-r-pos-def
using $\text{order-tendstoD}(1)[OF \text{ poly-tendsto}(1), of 0 p x]$ **eventually-at-split** **by**
 $auto$
ultimately show $?thesis$ **using** $False$ **by auto**
qed

lemma $\text{sign-r-pos-0}[simp]: \neg \text{sign-r-pos } 0 (x::real)$
using $\text{eventually-False}[of at-right x]$ **unfolding** sign-r-pos-def **by auto**

lemma sign-r-pos-minus :
fixes $p:: real \text{ poly}$
assumes $p \neq 0$
shows $\text{sign-r-pos } p x = (\neg \text{sign-r-pos } (-p) x)$
proof $-$
have $\text{sign-r-pos } p x \vee \text{sign-r-pos } (-p) x$
unfolding sign-r-pos-def **eventually-at-right**
using $\text{next-non-root-interval}[OF \langle p \neq 0 \rangle, unfolded \text{ not-eq-pos-or-neg-iff-1}]$
by $(metis (\text{erased}, \text{hide-lams}) \text{ le-less minus-zero neg-less-iff-less poly-minus})$
moreover have $\text{sign-r-pos } p x \implies \neg \text{sign-r-pos } (-p) x$ **unfolding** sign-r-pos-def

using $\text{eventually-neg}[OF \text{ trivial-limit-at-right-real}, of \lambda x. \text{poly } p x > 0 x]$
 poly-minus
by $(metis (\text{lifting}) \text{ eventually-mono less-asym neg-less-0-iff-less})$
ultimately show $?thesis$ **by auto**
qed

lemma *sign-r-pos-smult*:
fixes $p :: \text{real poly}$
assumes $c \neq 0 \ p \neq 0$
shows $\text{sign-r-pos (smult } c \ p) \ x = (\text{if } c > 0 \ \text{then } \text{sign-r-pos } p \ x \ \text{else } \neg \text{sign-r-pos } p \ x)$
(is $?L = ?R$)
proof (*cases* $c > 0$)
assume $c > 0$
hence $\forall x. (0 < \text{poly (smult } c \ p) \ x) = (0 < \text{poly } p \ x)$
by (*subst poly-smult,metis mult-pos-pos zero-less-mult-pos*)
thus $?thesis$ **unfolding** *sign-r-pos-def* **using** $\langle c > 0 \rangle$ **by** *auto*
next
assume $\neg(c > 0)$
hence $\forall x. (0 < \text{poly (smult } c \ p) \ x) = (0 < \text{poly } (-p) \ x)$
by (*subst poly-smult,metis assms(1) linorder-neqE-linordered-idom mult-neg-neg mult-zero-right neg-0-less-iff-less poly-minus zero-less-mult-pos2*)
hence $\text{sign-r-pos (smult } c \ p) \ x = \text{sign-r-pos } (-p) \ x$
unfolding *sign-r-pos-def* **using** $\langle \neg c > 0 \rangle$ **by** *auto*
thus $?thesis$ **using** *sign-r-pos-minus[OF $\langle p \neq 0 \rangle$, of x]* $\langle \neg c > 0 \rangle$ **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *sign-r-pos-mult*:
fixes $p \ q :: \text{real poly}$
assumes $p \neq 0 \ q \neq 0$
shows $\text{sign-r-pos (p*q) } x = (\text{sign-r-pos } p \ x \longleftrightarrow \text{sign-r-pos } q \ x)$
proof –
obtain ub **where** $ub > x$
and $ub: (\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub \longrightarrow 0 < \text{poly } p \ z) \vee (\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub \longrightarrow \text{poly } p \ z < 0)$
using *next-non-root-interval[OF $\langle p \neq 0 \rangle$, of x , unfolded not-eq-pos-or-neg-iff-1]*
by (*metis order.strict-implies-order*)
obtain ub' **where** $ub' > x$
and $ub': (\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub' \longrightarrow 0 < \text{poly } q \ z) \vee (\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub' \longrightarrow \text{poly } q \ z < 0)$
using *next-non-root-interval[OF $\langle q \neq 0 \rangle$, unfolded not-eq-pos-or-neg-iff-1]*
by (*metis order.strict-implies-order*)
have $(\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub \longrightarrow 0 < \text{poly } p \ z) \implies (\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub' \longrightarrow 0 < \text{poly } q \ z) \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $(\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub \longrightarrow 0 < \text{poly } p \ z) \ (\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub' \longrightarrow 0 < \text{poly } q \ z)$
hence $\text{sign-r-pos } p \ x$ **and** $\text{sign-r-pos } q \ x$ **unfolding** *sign-r-pos-def eventually-at-right* **using** $\langle ub > x \rangle \ \langle ub' > x \rangle$ **by** *auto*
moreover **hence** *eventually* $(\lambda z. \text{poly } p \ z > 0 \wedge \text{poly } q \ z > 0)$ (*at-right* x)
unfolding *sign-r-pos-def* **using** *eventually-conj-iff[of - - at-right x]* **by** *auto*
hence $\text{sign-r-pos (p*q) } x$
unfolding *sign-r-pos-def poly-mult*

by (*metis (lifting, mono-tags) eventually-mono mult-pos-pos*)
 ultimately show *?thesis* by *auto*
 qed
 moreover have $(\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub \longrightarrow 0 > poly\ p\ z) \implies (\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub' \longrightarrow 0 < poly\ q\ z)$
 $\implies ?thesis$
 proof –
 assume $(\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub \longrightarrow 0 > poly\ p\ z) (\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub' \longrightarrow 0 < poly\ q\ z)$
 hence *sign-r-pos* $(-p)\ x$ and *sign-r-pos* $q\ x$ unfolding *sign-r-pos-def eventually-at-right* using $\langle ub > x \rangle \langle ub' > x \rangle$ by *auto*
 moreover hence eventually $(\lambda z. poly\ (-p)\ z > 0 \wedge poly\ q\ z > 0)$ (*at-right* x) unfolding *sign-r-pos-def* using *eventually-conj-iff*[*of - - at-right* x] by *auto*
 hence *sign-r-pos* $(-p * q)\ x$ unfolding *sign-r-pos-def poly-mult* by (*metis (lifting, mono-tags) eventually-mono mult-pos-pos*)
 ultimately show *?thesis* using *sign-r-pos-minus* $\langle p \neq 0 \rangle \langle q \neq 0 \rangle$ by (*metis minus-mult-left no-zero-divisors*)
 qed
 moreover have $(\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub \longrightarrow 0 < poly\ p\ z) \implies (\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub' \longrightarrow 0 > poly\ q\ z)$
 $\implies ?thesis$
 proof –
 assume $(\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub \longrightarrow 0 < poly\ p\ z) (\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub' \longrightarrow 0 > poly\ q\ z)$
 hence *sign-r-pos* $p\ x$ and *sign-r-pos* $(-q)\ x$ unfolding *sign-r-pos-def eventually-at-right* using $\langle ub > x \rangle \langle ub' > x \rangle$ by *auto*
 moreover hence eventually $(\lambda z. poly\ p\ z > 0 \wedge poly\ (-q)\ z > 0)$ (*at-right* x) unfolding *sign-r-pos-def* using *eventually-conj-iff*[*of - - at-right* x] by *auto*
 hence *sign-r-pos* $(p * (-q))\ x$ unfolding *sign-r-pos-def poly-mult* by (*metis (lifting, mono-tags) eventually-mono mult-pos-pos*)
 ultimately show *?thesis* using *sign-r-pos-minus* $\langle p \neq 0 \rangle \langle q \neq 0 \rangle$ by (*metis minus-mult-right no-zero-divisors*)
 qed
 moreover have $(\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub \longrightarrow 0 > poly\ p\ z) \implies (\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub' \longrightarrow 0 > poly\ q\ z)$
 $\implies ?thesis$
 proof –
 assume $(\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub \longrightarrow 0 > poly\ p\ z) (\forall z. x < z \wedge z < ub' \longrightarrow 0 > poly\ q\ z)$
 hence *sign-r-pos* $(-p)\ x$ and *sign-r-pos* $(-q)\ x$ unfolding *sign-r-pos-def eventually-at-right* using $\langle ub > x \rangle \langle ub' > x \rangle$ by *auto*
 moreover hence eventually $(\lambda z. poly\ (-p)\ z > 0 \wedge poly\ (-q)\ z > 0)$ (*at-right* x) unfolding *sign-r-pos-def* using *eventually-conj-iff*[*of - - at-right* x] by *auto*
 hence *sign-r-pos* $(p * q)\ x$ unfolding *sign-r-pos-def poly-mult poly-minus*


```

    apply (elim eventually-mono[of - at-right x])
    by (auto intro:mult-neg-neg)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using sign-r-pos-minus ⟨p≠0⟩ ⟨q≠0⟩ by metis
qed
ultimately show ?thesis using ub ub' by auto
qed

```

```

lemma sign-r-pos-add:
  fixes p q :: real poly
  assumes poly p x=0 poly q x≠0
  shows sign-r-pos (p+q) x=sign-r-pos q x
proof (cases poly (p+q) x=0)
  case False
  hence p+q≠0 by (metis poly-0)
  have sign-r-pos (p+q) x = (poly q x > 0)
    using sign-r-pos-rec[OF ⟨p+q≠0⟩] False poly-add ⟨poly p x=0⟩ by auto
  moreover have sign-r-pos q x=(poly q x > 0)
    using sign-r-pos-rec[of q x] ⟨poly q x≠0⟩ poly-0 by force
  ultimately show ?thesis by auto
next
  case True
  hence False using ⟨poly p x=0⟩ ⟨poly q x≠0⟩ poly-add by auto
  thus ?thesis by auto
qed

```

```

lemma sign-r-pos-mod:
  fixes p q :: real poly
  assumes poly p x=0 poly q x≠0
  shows sign-r-pos (q mod p) x=sign-r-pos q x
proof -
  have poly (q div p * p) x=0 using ⟨poly p x=0⟩ poly-mult by auto
  moreover hence poly (q mod p) x ≠ 0 using ⟨poly q x≠0⟩
    by (simp add: assms(1) poly-mod)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by (metis div-mult-mod-eq sign-r-pos-add)
qed

```

```

lemma sign-r-pos-pderiv:
  fixes p :: real poly
  assumes poly p x=0 p≠0
  shows sign-r-pos (pderiv p * p) x
proof -
  have pderiv p ≠ 0
    by (metis assms(1) assms(2) monoid-add-class.add.right-neutral mult-zero-right
    pCons-0-0
    pderiv-iszero poly-0 poly-pCons)
  have ?thesis = (sign-r-pos (pderiv p) x ↔ sign-r-pos p x)
    using sign-r-pos-mult[OF ⟨pderiv p ≠ 0⟩ ⟨p≠0⟩] by auto

```

```

also have ...=((sign-r-pos (pderiv p) x  $\longleftrightarrow$  sign-r-pos (pderiv p) x))
  using sign-r-pos-rec[OF  $\langle p \neq 0 \rangle$ ]  $\langle$ poly p x=0 $\rangle$  by auto
finally show ?thesis by auto
qed

lemma sign-r-pos-power:
  fixes p:: real poly and a::real
  shows sign-r-pos ([:-a,1:] ^ n) a
proof (induct n)
  case 0
  thus ?case unfolding sign-r-pos-def eventually-at-right by (simp,metis gt-ex)
next
  case (Suc n)
  have pderiv ([:-a,1:] ^ Suc n) = smult (Suc n) ([:-a,1:] ^ n)
  proof -
    have pderiv [:- a, 1::real:] = 1 by (simp add: pderiv.simps)
    thus ?thesis unfolding pderiv-power-Suc by (metis mult-cancel-left1)
  qed
  moreover have poly ([:- a, 1:] ^ Suc n) a=0 by (metis old.nat.distinct(2)
poly-power-n-eq)
  hence sign-r-pos ([:- a, 1:] ^ Suc n) a = sign-r-pos (smult (Suc n) ([:-a,1:] ^ n))
  a
    using sign-r-pos-rec by (metis (erased, hide-lams) calculation pderiv-0)
  hence sign-r-pos ([:- a, 1:] ^ Suc n) a = sign-r-pos ([:-a,1:] ^ n) a
    using sign-r-pos-smult by auto
  ultimately show ?case using Suc.hyps by auto
qed

```

8 Jump

```

definition jump-poly :: real poly  $\Rightarrow$  real poly  $\Rightarrow$  real  $\Rightarrow$  int
where
  jump-poly q p x  $\equiv$  (if p $\neq$ 0  $\wedge$  q $\neq$ 0  $\wedge$  odd((order x p) - (order x q)) then
    if sign-r-pos (q*p) x then 1 else -1
    else 0 )

```

```

lemma jump-poly-not-root:poly p x $\neq$ 0  $\implies$  jump-poly q p x=0
  unfolding jump-poly-def by (metis even-zero order-root zero-diff)

```

```

lemma jump-poly0[simp]:
  jump-poly 0 p x = 0
  jump-poly q 0 x = 0
  unfolding jump-poly-def by auto

```

```

lemma jump-poly-smult-1:
  fixes p q::real poly and c::real
  shows jump-poly (smult c q) p x = sign c * jump-poly q p x (is ?L=?R)
proof (cases c=0 $\vee$  q=0)
  case True

```

```

thus ?thesis unfolding jump-poly-def by auto
next
  case False
  hence  $c \neq 0$  and  $q \neq 0$  by auto
  thus ?thesis unfolding jump-poly-def
    using order-smult[OF  $\langle c \neq 0 \rangle$ ] sign-r-pos-smult[OF  $\langle c \neq 0 \rangle$ , of  $q * p$   $x$ ]  $\langle q \neq 0 \rangle$ 
    by auto
qed

lemma jump-poly-mult:
  fixes  $p$   $q$   $p'$ :real poly
  assumes  $p' \neq 0$ 
  shows jump-poly ( $p' * q$ ) ( $p' * p$ )  $x =$  jump-poly  $q$   $p$   $x$ 
proof (cases  $q = 0 \vee p = 0$ )
  case True
  thus ?thesis unfolding jump-poly-def by fastforce
next
  case False
  then have  $q \neq 0$   $p \neq 0$  by auto
  have sign-r-pos ( $p' * q * (p' * p)$ )  $x =$  sign-r-pos ( $q * p$ )  $x$ 
  proof (unfold sign-r-pos-def, rule eventually-subst, unfold eventually-at-right)
  obtain  $b$  where  $b > x$  and  $b : \forall z. x < z \wedge z < b \longrightarrow \text{poly } (p' * p') z > 0$ 
  proof (cases  $\exists z. \text{poly } p' z = 0 \wedge z > x$ )
  case True
  define  $lr$  where  $lr \equiv \text{Min } \{r . \text{poly } p' r = 0 \wedge r > x\}$ 
  have  $\forall z. x < z \wedge z < lr \longrightarrow \text{poly } p' z \neq 0$  and  $lr > x$ 
    using True  $lr$ -def poly-roots-finite[OF  $\langle p' \neq 0 \rangle$ ] by auto
  hence  $\forall z. x < z \wedge z < lr \longrightarrow 0 < \text{poly } (p' * p') z$ 
    by (metis not-real-square-gt-zero poly-mult)
  thus ?thesis using that[OF  $\langle lr > x \rangle$ ] by auto
next
  case False
  have  $\forall z. x < z \wedge z < x + 1 \longrightarrow \text{poly } p' z \neq 0$  and  $x + 1 > x$ 
    using False poly-roots-finite[OF  $\langle p' \neq 0 \rangle$ ] by auto
  hence  $\forall z. x < z \wedge z < x + 1 \longrightarrow 0 < \text{poly } (p' * p') z$ 
    by (metis not-real-square-gt-zero poly-mult)
  thus ?thesis using that[OF  $\langle x + 1 > x \rangle$ ] by auto
qed
  show  $\exists b > x. \forall z > x. z < b \longrightarrow (0 < \text{poly } (p' * q * (p' * p)) z) = (0 < \text{poly } (q * p) z)$ 
proof (rule-tac  $x = b$  in exI, rule conjI[OF  $\langle b > x \rangle$ ], rule allI, rule impI, rule impI)
  fix  $z$  assume  $x < z$   $z < b$ 
  hence  $0 < \text{poly } (p' * p') z$  using  $b$  by auto
  have  $(0 < \text{poly } (p' * q * (p' * p)) z) = (0 < \text{poly } (p' * p') z * \text{poly } (q * p) z)$ 
    by (simp add: mult.commute mult.left-commute)
  also have  $\dots = (0 < \text{poly } (q * p) z)$ 
    using  $\langle 0 < \text{poly } (p' * p') z \rangle$  by (metis mult-pos-pos zero-less-mult-pos)
  finally show  $(0 < \text{poly } (p' * q * (p' * p)) z) = (0 < \text{poly } (q * p) z)$  .
qed

```

```

qed
moreover have odd (order x (p' * p) - order x (p' * q)) = odd (order x p -
order x q)
  using False ⟨p'≠0⟩ ⟨p≠0⟩ mult-eq-0-iff order-mult
  by (metis add-diff-cancel-left)
moreover have p' * q ≠ 0 ⟷ q ≠ 0
  by (metis ⟨p'≠0⟩ mult-eq-0-iff)
ultimately show jump-poly (p' * q) (p' * p) x = jump-poly q p x unfolding
jump-poly-def by auto
qed

lemma jump-poly-1-mult:
  fixes p1 p2::real poly
  assumes poly p1 x≠0 ∨ poly p2 x≠0
  shows jump-poly 1 (p1*p2) x = sign (poly p2 x) * jump-poly 1 p1 x
    + sign (poly p1 x) * jump-poly 1 p2 x (is ?L=?R)
proof (cases p1=0 ∨ p2 =0)
  case True
    then show ?thesis by auto
  next
    case False
      then have p1≠0 p2≠0 p1*p2≠0 by auto
      have ?thesis when poly p1 x≠0
      proof -
        have [simp]:order x p1 = 0 using that order-root by blast
        define simpL where simpL≡(if p2≠0 ∧ odd (order x p2) then if (poly p1
x>0)
⟷ sign-r-pos p2 x then 1::int else -1 else 0)
        have ?L=simpL
          unfolding simpL-def jump-poly-def
          using order-mult[OF ⟨p1*p2≠0⟩]
            sign-r-pos-mult[OF ⟨p1≠0⟩ ⟨p2≠0⟩] sign-r-pos-rec[OF ⟨p1≠0⟩] ⟨poly p1 x≠0⟩
          by auto
        moreover have poly p1 x>0 ⟹ simpL =?R
          unfolding simpL-def jump-poly-def using jump-poly-not-root[OF ⟨poly p1
x≠0⟩]
          by auto
        moreover have poly p1 x<0 ⟹ simpL =?R
          unfolding simpL-def jump-poly-def using jump-poly-not-root[OF ⟨poly p1
x≠0⟩]
          by auto
        ultimately show ?L=?R using ⟨poly p1 x≠0⟩ by (metis linorder-neqE-linordered-idom)
      qed
      moreover have ?thesis when poly p2 x≠0
      proof -
        have [simp]:order x p2 = 0 using that order-root by blast
        define simpL where simpL≡(if p1≠0 ∧ odd (order x p1) then if (poly p2
x>0)
⟷ sign-r-pos p1 x then 1::int else -1 else 0)

```

```

have ?L=simpL
  unfolding simpL-def jump-poly-def
  using order-mult[OF ⟨p1*p2≠0⟩]
  sign-r-pos-mult[OF ⟨p1≠0⟩ ⟨p2≠0⟩] sign-r-pos-rec[OF ⟨p2≠0⟩] ⟨poly p2 x≠0⟩
  by auto
moreover have poly p2 x>0 ⇒ simpL =?R
  unfolding simpL-def jump-poly-def using jump-poly-not-root[OF ⟨poly p2
x≠0⟩]
  by auto
moreover have poly p2 x<0 ⇒ simpL =?R
  unfolding simpL-def jump-poly-def using jump-poly-not-root[OF ⟨poly p2
x≠0⟩]
  by auto
ultimately show ?L=?R using ⟨poly p2 x≠0⟩ by (metis linorder-neqE-linordered-idom)
qed
ultimately show ?thesis using assms by auto
qed

```

lemma *jump-poly-mod*:

```

fixes p q::real poly
shows jump-poly q p x = jump-poly (q mod p) p x
proof (cases q=0 ∨ p=0)
  case True
  thus ?thesis by fastforce
next
  case False
  then have p≠0 q≠0 by auto
  define n where n≡min (order x q) (order x p)
  obtain q' where q':q=[:-x,1:] ^ n * q'
    using n-def power-le-dvd[OF order-1[of x q], of n]
    by (metis dvdE min.cobounded2 min.commute)
  obtain p' where p':p=[:-x,1:] ^ n * p'
    using n-def power-le-dvd[OF order-1[of x p], of n]
    by (metis dvdE min.cobounded2)
  have q'≠0 and p'≠0 using q' p' ⟨p≠0⟩ ⟨q≠0⟩ by auto
  have order x q'=0 ∨ order x p'=0
  proof (rule ccontr)
    assume ¬ (order x q' = 0 ∨ order x p' = 0)
    hence order x q' > 0 and order x p' > 0 by auto
    hence order x q > n and order x p > n unfolding q' p'
    using order-mult[OF ⟨q≠0⟩[unfolded q'], of x] order-mult[OF ⟨p≠0⟩[unfolded
p'], of x]
    order-power-n-n[of x n]
    by auto
  thus False using n-def by auto
qed
have cond:q' ≠ 0 ∧ odd (order x p' - order x q')
  = (q' mod p' ≠ 0 ∧ odd(order x p' - order x (q' mod p')))
proof (cases order x p'=0)

```

```

    case True
    thus ?thesis by (metis ⟨q' ≠ 0⟩ even-zero zero-diff)
next
case False
hence order x q'=0 using ⟨order x q'=0 ∨ order x p'=0⟩ by auto
hence ¬[:-x,1:] dvd q'
  by (metis ⟨q' ≠ 0⟩ order-root poly-eq-0-iff-dvd)
moreover have[:-x,1:] dvd p' using False
  by (metis order-root poly-eq-0-iff-dvd)
ultimately have ¬[:-x,1:] dvd (q' mod p')
  by (metis dvd-mod-iff)
hence order x (q' mod p') = 0 and q' mod p' ≠ 0
  apply (metis order-root poly-eq-0-iff-dvd)
  by (metis ⟨¬[:-x, 1:] dvd q' mod p'⟩ dvd-0-right)
thus ?thesis using ⟨order x q'=0⟩ by auto
qed
moreover have q' mod p' ≠ 0 ⇒ poly p' x = 0
  ⇒ sign-r-pos (q' * p') x = sign-r-pos (q' mod p' * p') x
proof -
  assume q' mod p' ≠ 0 poly p' x = 0
  hence poly q' x ≠ 0 using ⟨order x q'=0 ∨ order x p'=0⟩
  by (metis ⟨p' ≠ 0⟩ ⟨q' ≠ 0⟩ order-root)
  hence sign-r-pos q' x = sign-r-pos (q' mod p') x
  using sign-r-pos-mod[OF ⟨poly p' x = 0⟩] by auto
  thus ?thesis
  unfolding sign-r-pos-mult[OF ⟨q' ≠ 0⟩ ⟨p' ≠ 0⟩] sign-r-pos-mult[OF ⟨q' mod
p' ≠ 0⟩ ⟨p' ≠ 0⟩]
  by auto
qed
moreover have q' mod p' = 0 ∨ poly p' x ≠ 0 ⇒ jump-poly q' p' x = jump-poly
(q' mod p') p' x
proof -
  assume assm:q' mod p' = 0 ∨ poly p' x ≠ 0
  have q' mod p' = 0 ⇒ ?thesis unfolding jump-poly-def
  using cond by auto
  moreover have poly p' x ≠ 0
  ⇒ ¬ odd (order x p' - order x q') ∧ ¬ odd (order x p' - order x (q' mod
p'))
  by (metis even-zero order-root zero-diff)
  hence poly p' x ≠ 0 ⇒ ?thesis unfolding jump-poly-def by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis using assm by auto
qed
ultimately have jump-poly q' p' x = jump-poly (q' mod p') p' x unfolding
jump-poly-def by force
thus ?thesis using p' q' jump-poly-mult by auto
qed

lemma jump-poly-coprime:
  fixes p q:: real poly

```

```

    assumes poly p x=0 coprime p q
    shows jump-poly q p x = jump-poly 1 (q*p) x
proof (cases p=0 ∨ q=0)
  case True
    then show ?thesis by auto
next
  case False
    then have p≠0 q≠0 by auto
    then have poly p x≠0 ∨ poly q x≠0 using coprime-poly-0[OF ‹coprime p q›]
by auto
    then have poly q x≠0 using ‹poly p x=0› by auto
    then have order x q=0 using order-root by blast
    then have order x p - order x q = order x (q * p)
      using ‹p≠0› ‹q≠0› order-mult [of q p x] by auto
    then show ?thesis unfolding jump-poly-def using ‹q≠0› by auto
qed

```

```

lemma jump-poly-sgn:
  fixes p q:: real poly
  assumes p≠0 poly p x=0
  shows jump-poly (pderiv p * q) p x = sign (poly q x)
proof (cases q=0)
  case True
    thus ?thesis by auto
next
  case False
    have pderiv p≠0 using ‹p≠0› ‹poly p x=0›
      by (metis mult-poly-0-left sign-r-pos-0 sign-r-pos-pderiv)
    have elim-p-order: order x p - order x (pderiv p * q)=1 - order x q
proof -
      have order x p - order x (pderiv p * q) = order x p - order x (pderiv p) -
order x q
        using order-mult ‹pderiv p≠0› False by (metis diff-diff-left mult-eq-0-iff)
      moreover have order x p - order x (pderiv p) = 1
        using order-pderiv[OF ‹pderiv p≠0›, of x] ‹poly p x=0› order-root[of p x]
‹p≠0› by auto
      ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
    have elim-p-sign-r-pos:sign-r-pos (pderiv p * q * p) x=sign-r-pos q x
proof -
      have sign-r-pos (pderiv p * q * p) x = (sign-r-pos (pderiv p * p) x ↔ sign-r-pos
q x)
        by (metis ‹q ≠ 0› ‹pderiv p ≠ 0› assms(1) no-zero-divisors sign-r-pos-mult)
      thus ?thesis using sign-r-pos-pderiv[OF ‹poly p x=0› ‹p≠0›] by auto
qed
    define simpleL where simpleL≡if pderiv p * q ≠ 0 ∧ odd (1 - order x q) then
if sign-r-pos q x then 1::int else - 1 else 0
    have jump-poly (pderiv p * q) p x =simpleL
      unfolding simpleL-def jump-poly-def by (subst elim-p-order, subst elim-p-sign-r-pos,simp)

```

moreover have $\text{poly } q \ x=0 \implies \text{simpleL}=\text{sign } (\text{poly } q \ x)$
proof –
 assume $\text{poly } q \ x=0$
 hence $1 - \text{order } x \ q = 0$ **using** $\langle q \neq 0 \rangle$ **by** (*metis less-one not-gr0 order-root zero-less-diff*)
 hence $\text{simpleL}=0$ **unfolding** *simpleL-def* **by** *auto*
 moreover have $\text{sign } (\text{poly } q \ x)=0$ **using** $\langle \text{poly } q \ x=0 \rangle$ **by** *auto*
 ultimately show *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed
moreover have $\text{poly } q \ x \neq 0 \implies \text{simpleL}=\text{sign } (\text{poly } q \ x)$
proof –
 assume $\text{poly } q \ x \neq 0$
 hence $\text{odd } (1 - \text{order } x \ q)$ **by** (*simp add: order-root*)
 moreover have $\text{pderiv } p * q \neq 0$ **by** (*metis False pderiv p \neq 0 no-zero-divisors*)
 moreover have $\text{sign-r-pos } q \ x = (\text{poly } q \ x > 0)$
 using *sign-r-pos-rec[OF False]* $\langle \text{poly } q \ x \neq 0 \rangle$ **by** *auto*
 ultimately have $\text{simpleL}=(\text{if } \text{poly } q \ x > 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } -1)$ **unfolding** *simpleL-def*
by *auto*
 thus *?thesis* **using** $\langle \text{poly } q \ x \neq 0 \rangle$ **by** *auto*
qed
 ultimately show *?thesis* **by** *force*
qed

9 Cauchy index

definition *cindex-poly*:: $\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real poly} \Rightarrow \text{real poly} \Rightarrow \text{int}$
where
 cindex-poly $a \ b \ q \ p \equiv (\sum x \in \{x. \text{poly } p \ x=0 \wedge a < x \wedge x < b\}. \text{jump-poly } q \ p \ x)$

lemma *cindex-poly-0[simp]*: $\text{cindex-poly } a \ b \ 0 \ p = 0$ $\text{cindex-poly } a \ b \ q \ 0 = 0$
unfolding *cindex-poly-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *cindex-poly-cross*:

fixes $p::\text{real poly}$ **and** $a \ b::\text{real}$
assumes $a < b$ $\text{poly } p \ a \neq 0$ $\text{poly } p \ b \neq 0$
shows $\text{cindex-poly } a \ b \ 1 \ p = \text{cross } p \ a \ b$
 using $\langle \text{poly } p \ a \neq 0 \rangle$ $\langle \text{poly } p \ b \neq 0 \rangle$

proof (*cases* $\{x. \text{poly } p \ x=0 \wedge a < x \wedge x < b\} \neq \{\}$, *induct degree p arbitrary:p rule:nat-less-induct*)

case *1*

then have $p \neq 0$ **by** *force*

define *roots* **where** $\text{roots} \equiv \{x. \text{poly } p \ x=0 \wedge a < x \wedge x < b\}$

have *finite roots* **unfolding** *roots-def* **using** *poly-roots-finite[OF p \neq 0]* **by** *auto*

define *max-r* **where** $\text{max-r} \equiv \text{Max } \text{roots}$

hence $\text{poly } p \ \text{max-r} = 0$ **and** $a < \text{max-r}$ **and** $\text{max-r} < b$

using *Max-in[OF finite roots]* *1.prem*s **unfolding** *roots-def* **by** *auto*

define *max-rp* **where** $\text{max-rp} \equiv [:-\text{max-r}, 1:] \hat{\text{order}} \ \text{max-r} \ p$

then obtain p' **where** $p' : p = p' * \text{max-rp}$ **and** $\text{not-dvd} : \neg [:-\text{max-r}, 1:] \ \text{dvd} \ p'$

by (*metis p \neq 0 mult commute order-decomp*)

hence $p' \neq 0$ and $\text{max-rp} \neq 0$ and $\text{poly } p' a \neq 0$ and $\text{poly } p' b \neq 0$
 and $\text{poly } \text{max-rp } a \neq 0$ and $\text{poly } \text{max-rp } b \neq 0$
 using $\langle p \neq 0 \rangle \langle \text{poly } p a \neq 0 \rangle \langle \text{poly } p b \neq 0 \rangle$ by *auto*
 define max-r-sign where $\text{max-r-sign} \equiv \text{if odd}(\text{order } \text{max-r } p) \text{ then } -1 \text{ else } 1 :: \text{int}$
 define roots' where $\text{roots}' \equiv \{x. a < x \wedge x < b \wedge \text{poly } p' x = 0\}$
 have $(\sum x \in \text{roots}. \text{jump-poly } 1 p x) = (\sum x \in \text{roots}'. \text{jump-poly } 1 p x) + \text{jump-poly } 1 p \text{max-r}$
proof –
 have $\text{roots} = \text{roots}' \cup \{x. a < x \wedge x < b \wedge \text{poly } \text{max-rp } x = 0\}$
 unfolding *roots-def roots'-def p'* by *auto*
 moreover have $\{x. a < x \wedge x < b \wedge \text{poly } \text{max-rp } x = 0\} = \{\text{max-r}\}$
 unfolding *max-rp-def* using $\langle \text{poly } p \text{max-r} = 0 \rangle$
 by (*auto simp add: \langle a < max-r \rangle \langle max-r < b \rangle,metis 1.premis(1) neq0-conv order-root*)
 moreover hence $\text{roots}' \cap \{x. a < x \wedge x < b \wedge \text{poly } \text{max-rp } x = 0\} = \{\}$
 unfolding *roots'-def* using $\langle \neg [:-\text{max-r}, 1:] \text{dvd } p' \rangle$
 by (*metis (mono-tags) Int-insert-right-if0 inf-bot-right mem-Collect-eq poly-eq-0-iff-dvd*)
 moreover have *finite roots'*
 using $p' \langle p \neq 0 \rangle$ by (*metis \langle finite roots \rangle calculation(1) calculation(2) finite-Un*)
 ultimately show *?thesis* using *sum.union-disjoint* by *auto*
qed
 moreover have $(\sum x \in \text{roots}'. \text{jump-poly } 1 p x) = \text{max-r-sign} * \text{cross } p' a b$
proof –
 have $(\sum x \in \text{roots}'. \text{jump-poly } 1 p x) = (\sum x \in \text{roots}'. \text{max-r-sign} * \text{jump-poly } 1 p' x)$
proof (*rule sum.cong,rule refl*)
 fix x assume $x \in \text{roots}'$
 hence $x \neq \text{max-r}$ using *not-dvd* unfolding *roots'-def*
 by (*metis (mono-tags, lifting) mem-Collect-eq poly-eq-0-iff-dvd*)
 hence $\text{poly } \text{max-rp } x \neq 0$ using *poly-power-n-eq* unfolding *max-rp-def* by *auto*
 hence $\text{order } x \text{max-rp} = 0$ by (*metis order-root*)
 moreover have $\text{jump-poly } 1 \text{max-rp } x = 0$
 using $\langle \text{poly } \text{max-rp } x \neq 0 \rangle$ by (*metis jump-poly-not-root*)
 moreover have $x \in \text{roots}$
 using $\langle x \in \text{roots}' \rangle$ unfolding *roots-def roots'-def p'* by *auto*
 hence $x < \text{max-r}$
 using *Max-ge[OF \langle finite roots \rangle,of x] \langle x \neq \text{max-r} \rangle* by (*fold max-r-def,auto*)
 hence $\text{sign}(\text{poly } \text{max-rp } x) = \text{max-r-sign}$
 using $\langle \text{poly } \text{max-rp } x \neq 0 \rangle$ unfolding *max-r-sign-def max-rp-def sign-def*
 by (*subst poly-power,simp add:linorder-class.not-less zero-less-power-eq*)
 ultimately show $\text{jump-poly } 1 p x = \text{max-r-sign} * \text{jump-poly } 1 p' x$
 using *jump-poly-1-mult[of p' x max-rp]* unfolding *p'*
 by (*simp add: \langle poly max-rp x \neq 0 \rangle*)
qed
 also have $\dots = \text{max-r-sign} * (\sum x \in \text{roots}'. \text{jump-poly } 1 p' x)$
 by (*simp add: sum-distrib-left*)
 also have $\dots = \text{max-r-sign} * \text{cross } p' a b$
proof (*cases roots' = \{\}*)
 case *True*

hence $\text{cross } p' a b = 0$ **unfolding** $\text{roots}'\text{-def}$ **using** $\text{cross-no-root}[OF \langle a < b \rangle]$
by *auto*
 thus $?thesis$ **using** *True* **by** *simp*
next
 case *False*
moreover **have** $\text{degree } \text{max-rp} \neq 0$
unfolding max-rp-def $\text{degree-linear-power}$
by (*metis* $1.\text{prems}(1)$ $\langle \text{poly } p \text{ max-r} = 0 \rangle$ order-root)
hence $\text{degree } p' < \text{degree } p$ **unfolding** p' $\text{degree-mult-eq}[OF \langle p' \neq 0 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{max-rp} \neq 0 \rangle]$
by *auto*
ultimately **have** $\text{cindex-poly } a b 1 p' = \text{cross } p' a b$
unfolding $\text{roots}'\text{-def}$
using $1.\text{hyps}[\text{rule-format, of degree } p' p'] \langle p' \neq 0 \rangle \langle \text{poly } p' a \neq 0 \rangle \langle \text{poly } p'$
 $b \neq 0 \rangle$
by *auto*
moreover **have** $\text{cindex-poly } a b 1 p' = \text{sum } (\text{jump-poly } 1 p') \text{roots}'$
unfolding cindex-poly-def $\text{roots}'\text{-def}$
apply *simp*
by (*metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*))
ultimately **show** $?thesis$ **by** *auto*
qed
finally **show** $?thesis$.
qed
moreover **have** $\text{max-r-sign} * \text{cross } p' a b + \text{jump-poly } 1 p \text{ max-r} = \text{cross } p a$
 b (**is** $?L = ?R$)
proof (*cases odd (order max-r p)*)
 case *True*
have $\text{poly } \text{max-rp } a < 0$
using $\text{poly-power-n-odd}[OF \text{True, of max-r } a] \langle \text{poly } \text{max-rp } a \neq 0 \rangle \langle \text{max-r} > a \rangle$

unfolding max-rp-def **by** *linarith*
moreover **have** $\text{poly } \text{max-rp } b > 0$
using $\text{poly-power-n-odd}[OF \text{True, of max-r } b] \langle \text{max-r} < b \rangle$
unfolding max-rp-def **by** *linarith*
ultimately **have** $?R = \text{cross } p' a b + \text{sign } (\text{poly } p' a)$
unfolding p' cross-def poly-mult
using $\text{variation-mult-neg-1}[of \text{poly } \text{max-rp } a, \text{simplified mult.commute}]$
 $\text{variation-mult-pos}(2)[of \text{poly } \text{max-rp } b, \text{simplified mult.commute}] \langle \text{poly } p'$
 $b \neq 0 \rangle$
by *auto*
moreover **have** $?L = - \text{cross } p' a b + \text{sign } (\text{poly } p' b)$
proof -
have $\text{sign-r-pos } p' \text{ max-r} = (\text{poly } p' \text{ max-r} > 0)$
using $\text{sign-r-pos-rec}[OF \langle p' \neq 0 \rangle] \text{not-dvd}$ **by** (*metis* poly-eq-0-iff-dvd)
moreover **have** $(\text{poly } p' \text{ max-r} > 0) = (\text{poly } p' b > 0)$
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume $(0 < \text{poly } p' \text{ max-r}) \neq (0 < \text{poly } p' b)$
hence $\text{poly } p' \text{ max-r} * \text{poly } p' b < 0$

```

    using ⟨poly p' b≠0⟩ not-dvd[folded poly-eq-0-iff-dvd]
  by (metis (poly-guards-query) linorder-neqE-linordered-idom mult-less-0-iff)
  then obtain r where r>max-r and r<b and poly p' r=0
    using poly-IVT[OF ⟨max-r<b⟩] by auto
  hence r∈roots unfolding roots-def p' using ⟨max-r>a⟩ by auto
  thus False using ⟨r>max-r⟩ Max-ge[OF ⟨finite roots⟩,of r] unfolding
max-r-def by auto
qed
moreover have sign-r-pos max-rp max-r
  using sign-r-pos-power unfolding max-rp-def by auto
ultimately show ?thesis
  using True ⟨poly p' b≠0⟩ ⟨max-rp≠0⟩ ⟨p'≠0⟩ sign-r-pos-mult[OF ⟨p'≠0⟩
⟨max-rp≠0⟩]
  unfolding max-r-sign-def p' jump-poly-def
  by simp
qed
moreover have variation (poly p' a) (poly p' b) + sign (poly p' a)
  = - variation (poly p' a) (poly p' b) + sign (poly p' b) unfolding cross-def
by (cases poly p' b rule:linorder-cases[of 0], (cases poly p' a rule:linorder-cases[of
0],
  auto simp add:variation-cases ⟨poly p' a ≠ 0⟩ ⟨poly p' b ≠ 0⟩)+)
ultimately show ?thesis unfolding cross-def by auto
next
case False
hence poly max-rp a > 0 and poly max-rp b > 0
  unfolding max-rp-def poly-power
  using ⟨poly max-rp a≠0⟩ ⟨poly max-rp b ≠ 0⟩ 1.prem1(1-2) ⟨poly p max-r
= 0⟩
  apply (unfold zero-less-power-eq)
  by auto
moreover have poly max-rp b > 0
  unfolding max-rp-def poly-power
  using ⟨poly max-rp b ≠ 0⟩ False max-rp-def poly-power
  zero-le-even-power[of order max-r p b - max-r]
  by (auto simp add: le-less)
ultimately have ?R=cross p' a b
  apply (simp only: p' mult.commute cross-def) using variation-mult-pos
  by auto
thus ?thesis unfolding max-r-sign-def jump-poly-def using False by auto
qed
ultimately have sum (jump-poly 1 p) roots = cross p a b by auto
then show ?case unfolding roots-def cindex-poly-def by simp
next
case False
hence cross p a b=0 using cross-no-root[OF ⟨a<b⟩] by auto
thus ?thesis using False unfolding cindex-poly-def by (metis sum.empty)
qed

```

lemma cindex-poly-mult:

```

fixes  $p\ q\ p'::\text{real poly}$ 
assumes  $p' \neq 0$ 
shows  $\text{cindex-poly } a\ b\ (p' * q)\ (p' * p) = \text{cindex-poly } a\ b\ q\ p$ 
proof (cases  $p=0$ )
  case True
    then show ?thesis by auto
  next
    case False
      show ?thesis unfolding cindex-poly-def
        apply (rule sum.mono-neutral-cong-right)
        subgoal using  $\langle p \neq 0 \rangle\ \langle p' \neq 0 \rangle$  by (simp add: poly-roots-finite)
        subgoal by auto
        subgoal using jump-poly-mult jump-poly-not-root assms by fastforce
        subgoal for  $x$  using jump-poly-mult[OF \langle p' \neq 0 \rangle] by auto
        done
qed

```

```

lemma cindex-poly-smult-1:
  fixes  $p\ q::\text{real poly}$  and  $c::\text{real}$ 
  shows  $\text{cindex-poly } a\ b\ (\text{smult } c\ q)\ p = (\text{sign } c) * \text{cindex-poly } a\ b\ q\ p$ 
unfolding cindex-poly-def
using sum-distrib-left[THEN sym, of sign c \lambda x. jump-poly q p x
   $\{x. \text{poly } p\ x = (0::\text{real}) \wedge a < x \wedge x < b\}$  jump-poly-smult-1
by auto

```

```

lemma cindex-poly-mod:
  fixes  $p\ q::\text{real poly}$ 
  shows  $\text{cindex-poly } a\ b\ q\ p = \text{cindex-poly } a\ b\ (q \bmod p)\ p$ 
unfolding cindex-poly-def using jump-poly-mod by auto

```

```

lemma cindex-poly-inverse-add:
  fixes  $p\ q::\text{real poly}$ 
  assumes coprime p q
  shows  $\text{cindex-poly } a\ b\ q\ p + \text{cindex-poly } a\ b\ p\ q = \text{cindex-poly } a\ b\ 1\ (q*p)$ 
  (is ?L=?R)
proof (cases  $p=0 \vee q=0$ )
  case True
    then show ?thesis by auto
  next
    case False
      then have  $p \neq 0\ q \neq 0$  by auto
      define  $A$  where  $A \equiv \{x. \text{poly } p\ x = 0 \wedge a < x \wedge x < b\}$ 
      define  $B$  where  $B \equiv \{x. \text{poly } q\ x = 0 \wedge a < x \wedge x < b\}$ 
      have  $?L = \text{sum } (\lambda x. \text{jump-poly } 1\ (q*p)\ x)\ A + \text{sum } (\lambda x. \text{jump-poly } 1\ (q*p)\ x)\ B$ 
proof –
      have  $\text{cindex-poly } a\ b\ q\ p = \text{sum } (\lambda x. \text{jump-poly } 1\ (q*p)\ x)\ A$  unfolding A-def
cindex-poly-def
        using jump-poly-coprime[OF - \langle coprime p q \rangle] by auto

```

moreover have *coprime* $q\ p$ **using** $\langle \text{coprime } p\ q \rangle$
by (*simp add: ac-simps*)
hence *cindex-poly* $a\ b\ p\ q = \text{sum } (\lambda x. \text{jump-poly } 1\ (q*p)\ x)\ B$ **unfolding** *B-def*
cindex-poly-def
using *jump-poly-coprime* [*of q - p*] **by** (*auto simp add: ac-simps*)
ultimately show *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed
moreover have $A \cup B = \{x. \text{poly } (q*p)\ x=0 \wedge a < x \wedge x < b\}$ **unfolding**
poly-mult A-def B-def **by** *auto*
moreover have $A \cap B = \{\}$
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume $A \cap B \neq \{\}$
then obtain x **where** $x \in A$ **and** $x \in B$ **by** *auto*
hence *poly* $p\ x=0$ **and** *poly* $q\ x=0$ **unfolding** *A-def B-def* **by** *auto*
hence *gcd* $p\ q \neq 1$ **by** (*metis poly-1 poly-eq-0-iff-dvd gcd-greatest zero-neq-one*)
thus *False* **using** $\langle \text{coprime } p\ q \rangle$ **by** *auto*
qed
moreover have *finite* A **and** *finite* B
unfolding *A-def B-def* **using** *poly-roots-finite* $\langle p \neq 0 \rangle \langle q \neq 0 \rangle$ **by** *fast+*
ultimately have *cindex-poly* $a\ b\ q\ p + \text{cindex-poly } a\ b\ p\ q$
 $= \text{sum } (\text{jump-poly } 1\ (q * p)) \{x. \text{poly } (q*p)\ x=0 \wedge a < x \wedge x < b\}$
using *sum.union-disjoint* **by** *metis*
then show *?thesis* **unfolding** *cindex-poly-def* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *cindex-poly-inverse-add-cross*:

fixes $p\ q :: \text{real poly}$
assumes $a < b$ *poly* $(p * q)\ a \neq 0$ *poly* $(p * q)\ b \neq 0$
shows *cindex-poly* $a\ b\ q\ p + \text{cindex-poly } a\ b\ p\ q = \text{cross } (p * q)\ a\ b$ (**is** $?L = ?R$)
proof –
have $p \neq 0$ **and** $q \neq 0$ **using** $\langle \text{poly } (p * q)\ a \neq 0 \rangle$ **by** *auto*
define g **where** $g \equiv \text{gcd } p\ q$
obtain $p'\ q'$ **where** $p' : p = p' * g$ **and** $q' : q = q' * g$
using *gcd-dvd1 gcd-dvd2 dvd-def* [*of gcd p q, simplified mult.commute*] *g-def* **by**
metis
hence *coprime* $p'\ q'$ **using** *gcd-coprime* $\langle p \neq 0 \rangle$ **unfolding** *g-def* **by** *auto*
have $p' \neq 0\ q' \neq 0\ g \neq 0$ **using** $\langle p' \neq 0 \rangle \langle q' \neq 0 \rangle$ **by** *auto*
have $?L = \text{cindex-poly } a\ b\ q'\ p' + \text{cindex-poly } a\ b\ p'\ q'$
apply (*simp only: p' q' mult.commute*)
using *cindex-poly-mult* [*OF* $\langle q \neq 0 \rangle$] *cindex-poly-mult* [*OF* $\langle g \neq 0 \rangle$]
by *auto*
also have $\dots = \text{cindex-poly } a\ b\ 1\ (q' * p')$
using *cindex-poly-inverse-add* [*OF* $\langle \text{coprime } p'\ q' \rangle, \text{ of } a\ b$].
also have $\dots = \text{cross } (p' * q')\ a\ b$
using *cindex-poly-cross* [*OF* $\langle a < b \rangle, \text{ of } q' * p'$] $\langle p' \neq 0 \rangle \langle q' \neq 0 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{poly } (p * q)\ a \neq 0 \rangle \langle \text{poly } (p * q)\ b \neq 0 \rangle$
unfolding $p'\ q'$
apply (*subst* (2) *mult.commute*)
by *auto*

also have ... = ?R
proof –
 have $\text{poly } (p * q) a = \text{poly } (g * g) a * \text{poly } (p' * q') a$
 and $\text{poly } (p * q) b = \text{poly } (g * g) b * \text{poly } (p' * q') b$
 unfolding $p' q'$ by *auto*
 moreover have $\text{poly } g a \neq 0$ using $\langle \text{poly } (p * q) a \neq 0 \rangle$
 unfolding p' by *auto*
 hence $\text{poly } (g * g) a > 0$
 by (*metis* (*poly-guards-query*) *not-real-square-gt-zero poly-mult*)
 moreover have $\text{poly } g b \neq 0$ using $\langle \text{poly } (p * q) b \neq 0 \rangle$
 unfolding p' by *auto*
 hence $\text{poly } (g * g) b > 0$ by (*metis* (*poly-guards-query*) *not-real-square-gt-zero poly-mult*)
 ultimately show ?thesis
 unfolding *cross-def* using *variation-mult-pos* by *auto*
qed
 finally show ?L = ?R .
qed

lemma *cindex-poly-rec*:
 fixes $p q :: \text{real poly}$
 assumes $a < b$ $\text{poly } (p * q) a \neq 0$ $\text{poly } (p * q) b \neq 0$
 shows $\text{cindex-poly } a b q p = \text{cross } (p * q) a b + \text{cindex-poly } a b (- (p \text{ mod } q)) q$ (is ?L=?R)
proof –
 have $q \neq 0$ using $\langle \text{poly } (p * q) a \neq 0 \rangle$ by *auto*
 note *cindex-poly-inverse-add-cross*[OF *assms*]
 moreover have $-\text{cindex-poly } a b p q = \text{cindex-poly } a b (- (p \text{ mod } q)) q$
 using *cindex-poly-mod cindex-poly-smult-1*[of $a b -1$]
 by *auto*
 ultimately show ?thesis by *auto*
qed

lemma *cindex-poly-congr*:
 fixes $p q :: \text{real poly}$
 assumes $a < a'$ $a' < b'$ $b' < b$
 assumes $\forall x. ((a < x \wedge x \leq a') \vee (b' \leq x \wedge x < b)) \longrightarrow \text{poly } p x \neq 0$
 shows $\text{cindex-poly } a b q p = \text{cindex-poly } a' b' q p$
proof (*cases p=0*)
 case *True*
 then show ?thesis by *auto*
next
 case *False*
 show ?thesis unfolding *cindex-poly-def*
 apply (*rule sum.mono-neutral-right*)
 subgoal using *poly-roots-finite*[OF $\langle p \neq 0 \rangle$] by *auto*
 subgoal using *assms* by *auto*
 subgoal using *assms*(4) by *fastforce*
done

qed

lemma *greaterThanLessThan-unfold*: $\{a <..<b\} = \{x. a < x \wedge x < b\}$
by *fastforce*

lemma *cindex-poly-taq*:

fixes $p q :: \text{real poly}$

shows $\text{taq } \{x. \text{poly } p x = 0 \wedge a < x \wedge x < b\} q = \text{cindex-poly } a b (\text{pderiv } p * q)$
 p

proof (*cases p=0*)

case *True*

define S where $S = \{x. \text{poly } p x = 0 \wedge a < x \wedge x < b\}$

have *?thesis* when $a \geq b$

proof –

have $S = \{\}$ using *that unfolding S-def by auto*

then show *?thesis* using *True unfolding taq-def by (fold S-def,simp)*

qed

moreover have *?thesis* when $a < b$

proof –

have *infinite* $\{x. a < x \wedge x < b\}$ using *infinite-Ioo[OF <a]*

unfolding *greaterThanLessThan-unfold* by *simp*

then have *infinite S* unfolding *S-def* using *True by auto*

then show *?thesis* using *True unfolding taq-def by (fold S-def,simp)*

qed

ultimately show *?thesis* by *fastforce*

next

case *False*

show *?thesis*

unfolding *cindex-poly-def taq-def*

by (*rule sum.cong,auto simp add:jump-poly-sgn[OF <p≠0>]*)

qed

10 Signed remainder sequence

function *smods*:: $\text{real poly} \Rightarrow \text{real poly} \Rightarrow (\text{real poly}) \text{ list}$ where

$\text{smods } p q = (\text{if } p=0 \text{ then } [] \text{ else } \text{Cons } p (\text{smods } q (-(p \bmod q))))$

by *auto*

termination

apply (*relation measure* $(\lambda(p,q). \text{if } p=0 \text{ then } 0 \text{ else if } q=0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 2 + \text{degree } q)$)

apply *simp-all*

apply (*metis degree-mod-less*)

done

lemma *smods-nil-eq*: $\text{smods } p q = [] \iff (p=0)$ by *auto*

lemma *smods-singleton*: $[x] = \text{smods } p q \iff (p \neq 0 \wedge q = 0 \wedge x = p)$

by (*metis list.discI list.inject smods.elims*)

lemma *smods-0[simp]*:

```

    smods 0 q = []
    smods p 0 = (if p=0 then [] else [p])
  by auto

```

lemma *no-0-in-smods*: $0 \notin \text{set } (\text{smods } p \ q)$
apply (*induct smods p q arbitrary:p q*)
by (*simp,metis list.inject neq-Nil-conv set-ConsD smods.elims*)

```

fun changes:: ('a ::linordered-idom) list  $\Rightarrow$  int where
  changes [] = 0 |
  changes [-] = 0 |
  changes (x1#x2#xs) = (if x1*x2<0 then 1+changes (x2#xs)
                        else if x2=0 then changes (x1#xs)
                        else changes (x2#xs))

```

lemma *changes-map-sgn-eq*:
changes xs = changes (map sgn xs)
proof (*induct xs rule:changes.induct*)
case 1
show ?case **by** *simp*
next
case 2
show ?case **by** *simp*
next
case (3 x1 x2 xs)
moreover have $x1*x2<0 \iff \text{sgn } x1 * \text{sgn } x2 < 0$
by (*unfold mult-less-0-iff sgn-less sgn-greater,simp*)
moreover have $x2=0 \iff \text{sgn } x2 = 0$ **by** (*rule sgn-0-0[symmetric]*)
ultimately show ?case **by** *auto*
qed

definition *changes-poly-at*::('a ::linordered-idom) poly list \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow int **where**
changes-poly-at ps a = changes (map ($\lambda p.$ poly p a) ps)

definition *changes-poly-pos-inf*:: ('a ::linordered-idom) poly list \Rightarrow int **where**
changes-poly-pos-inf ps = changes (map sgn-pos-inf ps)

definition *changes-poly-neg-inf*:: ('a ::linordered-idom) poly list \Rightarrow int **where**
changes-poly-neg-inf ps = changes (map sgn-neg-inf ps)

lemma *changes-poly-at-0[simp]*:
changes-poly-at [] a = 0
changes-poly-at [p] a = 0
unfolding *changes-poly-at-def* **by** *auto*

definition *changes-itv-smods*:: real \Rightarrow real \Rightarrow real poly \Rightarrow real poly \Rightarrow int **where**
changes-itv-smods a b p q = (let ps = smods p q in changes-poly-at ps a - changes-poly-at ps b)

definition *changes-gt-smods*:: *real* \Rightarrow *real poly* \Rightarrow *real poly* \Rightarrow *int* **where**
changes-gt-smods *a p q* = (let *ps* = *smods p q* in *changes-poly-at ps a* - *changes-poly-pos-inf ps*)

definition *changes-le-smods*:: *real* \Rightarrow *real poly* \Rightarrow *real poly* \Rightarrow *int* **where**
changes-le-smods *b p q* = (let *ps* = *smods p q* in *changes-poly-neg-inf ps* - *changes-poly-at ps b*)

definition *changes-R-smods*:: *real poly* \Rightarrow *real poly* \Rightarrow *int* **where**
changes-R-smods p q = (let *ps* = *smods p q* in *changes-poly-neg-inf ps* - *changes-poly-pos-inf ps*)

lemma *changes-R-smods-0[simp]*:
changes-R-smods 0 q = 0
changes-R-smods p 0 = 0
unfolding *changes-R-smods-def changes-poly-neg-inf-def changes-poly-pos-inf-def*
by *auto*

lemma *changes-itv-smods-0[simp]*:
changes-itv-smods a b 0 q = 0
changes-itv-smods a b p 0 = 0
unfolding *changes-itv-smods-def*
by *auto*

lemma *changes-itv-smods-rec*:
assumes *a < b poly (p * q) a ≠ 0 poly (p * q) b ≠ 0*
shows *changes-itv-smods a b p q* = *cross (p * q) a b* + *changes-itv-smods a b q*
(-(*p mod q*))
proof (*cases p = 0 ∨ q = 0 ∨ p mod q = 0*)
case *True*
moreover have *p = 0 ∨ q = 0* \implies *?thesis*
unfolding *changes-itv-smods-def changes-poly-at-def* **by** (*erule HOL.disjE, auto*)
moreover have *p mod q = 0* \implies *?thesis*
unfolding *changes-itv-smods-def changes-poly-at-def cross-def*
apply (*insert assms(2,3)*)
apply (*subst (asm) (1 2) neg-iff*)
by (*auto simp add: variation-cases*)
ultimately show *?thesis* **by** *auto*
next
case *False*
hence *p ≠ 0 q ≠ 0 p mod q ≠ 0* **by** *auto*
then obtain *ps* **where** *ps: smods p q = p # q # -(p mod q) # ps smods q* (-(*p mod q*)) = *q # -(p mod q) # ps*
by *auto*
define *changes-diff* **where** *changes-diff* \equiv $\lambda x. \text{changes-poly-at } (p \# q \# -(p \text{ mod } q) \# ps) x$
- *changes-poly-at (q # -(p mod q) # ps) x*
have $\bigwedge x. \text{poly } p \ x * \text{poly } q \ x < 0 \implies \text{changes-diff } x = 1$
unfolding *changes-diff-def changes-poly-at-def* **by** *auto*

moreover have $\bigwedge x. \text{poly } p \ x * \text{poly } q \ x > 0 \implies \text{changes-diff } x = 0$
unfolding *changes-diff-def changes-poly-at-def* **by** *auto*
ultimately have $\text{changes-diff } a - \text{changes-diff } b = \text{cross } (p * q) \ a \ b$
unfolding *cross-def*
apply (*cases rule:neqE[OF ⟨poly (p*q) a ≠ 0⟩*])
by (*cases rule:neqE[OF ⟨poly (p*q) b ≠ 0⟩, auto simp add:variation-cases*) +
thus *?thesis unfolding changes-itv-smods-def changes-diff-def changes-poly-at-def*

using *ps* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *changes-smods-congr*:
fixes *p q:: real poly*
assumes *a ≠ a' poly p a ≠ 0*
assumes $\forall p \in \text{set } (\text{smods } p \ q). \forall x. ((a < x \wedge x \leq a') \vee (a' \leq x \wedge x < a)) \longrightarrow \text{poly } p \ x \neq 0$
shows $\text{changes-poly-at } (\text{smods } p \ q) \ a = \text{changes-poly-at } (\text{smods } p \ q) \ a'$
using *assms(2-3)*

proof (*induct smods p q arbitrary:p q rule:length-induct*)
case *1*
have *p ≠ 0* **using** *⟨poly p a ≠ 0⟩* **by** *auto*
define *r1* **where** $r1 \equiv - (p \ \text{mod } q)$
have *a - a' - rel: ∀ pp ∈ set (smods p q). poly pp a * poly pp a' ≥ 0*
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume $\neg (\forall pp \in \text{set } (\text{smods } p \ q). 0 \leq \text{poly } pp \ a * \text{poly } pp \ a')$
then obtain *pp* **where** $pp: pp \in \text{set } (\text{smods } p \ q) \ \text{poly } pp \ a * \text{poly } pp \ a' < 0$
using *⟨p ≠ 0⟩* **by** (*metis less-eq-real-def linorder-neqE-linordered-idom*)
hence $a < a' \implies \text{False}$ **using** *1.prem(2) poly-IVT[of a a' pp]* **by** *auto*
moreover have $a' < a \implies \text{False}$
using *pp[unfolded mult.commute[of poly pp a]] 1.prem(2) poly-IVT[of a' a pp]* **by** *auto*
ultimately show *False* **using** *⟨a ≠ a'⟩* **by** *force*
qed

have $q = 0 \implies \text{?case}$ **by** *auto*
moreover have $\llbracket q \neq 0; \text{poly } q \ a = 0 \rrbracket \implies \text{?case}$
proof –
assume $q \neq 0 \ \text{poly } q \ a = 0$
define *r2* **where** $r2 \equiv - (q \ \text{mod } r1)$
have $- \ \text{poly } r1 \ a = \text{poly } p \ a$
by (*metis ⟨poly q a = 0⟩ add.inverse-inverse add.left-neutral div-mult-mod-eq mult-zero-right poly-add poly-minus poly-mult r1-def*)
hence $r1 \neq 0$ **and** $\text{poly } r1 \ a \neq 0$ **and** $\text{poly } p \ a * \text{poly } r1 \ a < 0$ **using** *⟨poly p a ≠ 0⟩*
apply *auto*
using *mult-less-0-iff* **by** *fastforce*
then obtain *ps* **where** $ps: \text{smods } p \ q = p \# q \# r1 \# ps \ \text{smods } r1 \ r2 = r1 \# ps$
by (*metis ⟨p ≠ 0⟩ ⟨q ≠ 0⟩ r1-def r2-def smods.simps*)
hence $\text{length } (\text{smods } r1 \ r2) < \text{length } (\text{smods } p \ q)$ **by** *auto*
moreover have $(\forall p \in \text{set } (\text{smods } r1 \ r2). \forall x. a < x \wedge x \leq a' \vee a' \leq x \wedge x < a \longrightarrow \text{poly } p \ x \neq 0)$

using $1.prem\{2\}$ **unfolding** ps **by** $auto$
ultimately have $changes\text{-}poly\text{-}at\ (smods\ r1\ r2)\ a = changes\text{-}poly\text{-}at\ (smods\ r1\ r2)\ a'$
using $1.hyps\ \langle r1 \neq 0 \rangle\ \langle poly\ r1\ a \neq 0 \rangle$ **by** $metis$
moreover have $changes\text{-}poly\text{-}at\ (smods\ p\ q)\ a = 1 + changes\text{-}poly\text{-}at\ (smods\ r1\ r2)\ a$
unfolding $ps\ changes\text{-}poly\text{-}at\text{-}def$ **using** $\langle poly\ q\ a = 0 \rangle\ \langle poly\ p\ a * poly\ r1\ a < 0 \rangle$
by $auto$
moreover have $changes\text{-}poly\text{-}at\ (smods\ p\ q)\ a' = 1 + changes\text{-}poly\text{-}at\ (smods\ r1\ r2)\ a'$
proof –
have $poly\ p\ a * poly\ p\ a' \geq 0$ **and** $poly\ r1\ a * poly\ r1\ a' \geq 0$
using $a\text{-}a'\text{-}rel$ **unfolding** ps **by** $auto$
moreover have $poly\ p\ a' \neq 0$ **and** $poly\ q\ a' \neq 0$ **and** $poly\ r1\ a' \neq 0$
using $1.prem\{2\}[un\{folded\ ps}\ \langle a \neq a' \rangle]$ **by** $auto$
ultimately show $?thesis$ **using** $\langle poly\ p\ a * poly\ r1\ a < 0 \rangle$ **unfolding** $ps\ changes\text{-}poly\text{-}at\text{-}def$
by $(auto\ simp\ add:\ zero\text{-}le\text{-}mult\text{-}iff,\ auto\ simp\ add:\ mult\text{-}less\text{-}0\text{-}iff)$
qed
ultimately show $?thesis$ **by** $simp$
qed
moreover have $\llbracket q \neq 0; poly\ q\ a \neq 0 \rrbracket \implies ?case$
proof –
assume $q \neq 0\ poly\ q\ a \neq 0$
then obtain ps **where** $ps: smods\ p\ q = p \# q \# ps\ smods\ q\ r1 = q \# ps$
by $(metis\ \langle p \neq 0 \rangle\ r1\text{-}def\ smods.\ simps)$
hence $length\ (smods\ q\ r1) < length\ (smods\ p\ q)$ **by** $auto$
moreover have $(\forall p \in set\ (smods\ q\ r1). \forall x. a < x \wedge x \leq a' \vee a' \leq x \wedge x < a \longrightarrow poly\ p\ x \neq 0)$
using $1.prem\{2\}$ **unfolding** ps **by** $auto$
ultimately have $changes\text{-}poly\text{-}at\ (smods\ q\ r1)\ a = changes\text{-}poly\text{-}at\ (smods\ q\ r1)\ a'$
using $1.hyps\ \langle q \neq 0 \rangle\ \langle poly\ q\ a \neq 0 \rangle$ **by** $metis$
moreover have $poly\ p\ a' \neq 0$ **and** $poly\ q\ a' \neq 0$
using $1.prem\{2\}[un\{folded\ ps}\ \langle a \neq a' \rangle]$ **by** $auto$
moreover have $poly\ p\ a * poly\ p\ a' \geq 0$ **and** $poly\ q\ a * poly\ q\ a' \geq 0$
using $a\text{-}a'\text{-}rel$ **unfolding** ps **by** $auto$
ultimately show $?thesis$ **unfolding** $ps\ changes\text{-}poly\text{-}at\text{-}def$ **using** $\langle poly\ q\ a \neq 0 \rangle\ \langle poly\ p\ a \neq 0 \rangle$
by $(auto\ simp\ add:\ zero\text{-}le\text{-}mult\text{-}iff,\ auto\ simp\ add:\ mult\text{-}less\text{-}0\text{-}iff)$
qed
ultimately show $?case$ **by** $blast$
qed

lemma $changes\text{-}itv\text{-}smods\text{-}congr$:

fixes $p\ q:: real\ poly$
assumes $a < a'\ a' < b'\ b' < b\ poly\ p\ a \neq 0\ poly\ p\ b \neq 0$
assumes $no\text{-}root:\forall p \in set\ (smods\ p\ q). \forall x. ((a < x \wedge x \leq a') \vee (b' \leq x \wedge x < b)) \longrightarrow poly\ p\ x \neq 0$

shows $\text{changes-itv-smods } a \ b \ p \ q = \text{changes-itv-smods } a' \ b' \ p \ q$
proof –
have $\text{changes-poly-at } (\text{smods } p \ q) \ a = \text{changes-poly-at } (\text{smods } p \ q) \ a'$
apply (rule $\text{changes-smods-congr}[OF \ \text{order.strict-implies-not-eq}[OF \ \langle a < a' \rangle]$
 $\langle \text{poly } p \ a \neq 0 \rangle]$)
by (metis $\text{assms}(1) \ \text{less-eq-real-def} \ \text{less-irrefl} \ \text{less-trans} \ \text{no-root}$)
moreover have $\text{changes-poly-at } (\text{smods } p \ q) \ b = \text{changes-poly-at } (\text{smods } p \ q) \ b'$
apply (rule $\text{changes-smods-congr}[OF \ \text{order.strict-implies-not-eq}[OF \ \langle b' < b \rangle,$
 $\text{symmetric}] \langle \text{poly } p \ b \neq 0 \rangle]$)
by (metis $\text{assms}(3) \ \text{less-eq-real-def} \ \text{less-trans} \ \text{no-root}$)
ultimately show $?thesis$ **unfolding** $\text{changes-itv-smods-def} \ \text{Let-def}$ **by** auto
qed

lemma $\text{cindex-poly-changes-itv-mods}$:
assumes $a < b \ \text{poly } p \ a \neq 0 \ \text{poly } p \ b \neq 0$
shows $\text{cindex-poly } a \ b \ q \ p = \text{changes-itv-smods } a \ b \ p \ q$ **using** assms
proof (induct $\text{smods } p \ q$ arbitrary: $p \ q \ a \ b$)
case Nil
hence $p=0$ **by** (metis smods-nil-eq)
thus $?case$ **using** $\langle \text{poly } p \ a \neq 0 \rangle$ **by** simp
next
case (Cons $x1 \ xs$)
have $p \neq 0$ **using** $\langle \text{poly } p \ a \neq 0 \rangle$ **by** auto
obtain $a' \ b'$ **where** $a < a' \ a' < b' \ b' < b$
and $\text{no-root}:\forall p \in \text{set } (\text{smods } p \ q). \forall x. ((a < x \wedge x \leq a') \vee (b' \leq x \wedge x < b)) \longrightarrow$
 $\text{poly } p \ x \neq 0$
proof (induct $\text{smods } p \ q$ arbitrary: $p \ q$ thesis)
case Nil
define $a' \ b'$ **where** $a' \equiv 2/3 * a + 1/3 * b$ **and** $b' \equiv 1/3 * a + 2/3 * b$
have $a < a'$ **and** $a' < b'$ **and** $b' < b$ **unfolding** $a'\text{-def} \ b'\text{-def}$ **using** $\langle a < b \rangle$ **by**
 auto
moreover have $\forall p \in \text{set } (\text{smods } p \ q). \forall x. a < x \wedge x \leq a' \vee b' \leq x \wedge x < b$
 $\longrightarrow \text{poly } p \ x \neq 0$
unfolding $\langle [] = \text{smods } p \ q \rangle[\text{symmetric}]$ **by** auto
ultimately show $?case$ **using** Nil **by** auto
next
case (Cons $x1 \ xs$)
define r **where** $r \equiv - (p \ \text{mod } q)$
then have $\text{smods } p \ q = p \ \# \ xs$ **and** $\text{smods } q \ r = xs$ **and** $p \neq 0$
using $\langle x1 \ \# \ xs = \text{smods } p \ q \rangle$
by (auto $\text{simp del: smods.simps simp add: smods.simps [of } p \ q] \text{split: if-splits}$)
obtain $a1 \ b1$ **where**
 $a < a1 \ a1 < b1 \ b1 < b$ **and**
 $a1-b1\text{-no-root}:\forall p \in \text{set } xs. \forall x. a < x \wedge x \leq a1 \vee b1 \leq x \wedge x < b \longrightarrow \text{poly}$
 $p \ x \neq 0$
using $\text{Cons}(1)[OF \ \langle \text{smods } q \ r = xs \rangle[\text{symmetric}]] \ \langle \text{smods } q \ r = xs \rangle$ **by** auto
obtain $a2 \ b2$ **where**
 $a < a2$ **and** $a2:\forall x. a < x \wedge x \leq a2 \longrightarrow \text{poly } p \ x \neq 0$
 $b2 < b$ **and** $b2:\forall x. b2 \leq x \wedge x < b \longrightarrow \text{poly } p \ x \neq 0$

```

    using next-non-root-interval[OF ⟨p≠0⟩] last-non-root-interval[OF ⟨p≠0⟩]
    by (metis less-numeral-extra(3))
  define a' b' where a'≡ if b2>a then Min{a1, b2, a2} else min a1 a2
  and b'≡if a2 <b then Max{ b1, a2, b2} else max b1 b2
  have a < a' a' < b' b' < b unfolding a'-def b'-def
    using ⟨a < a1⟩ ⟨a1 < b1⟩ ⟨b1 < b⟩ ⟨a<a2⟩ ⟨b2<b⟩ ⟨a<b⟩ by auto
  moreover have ∀p∈set xs. ∀x. a < x ∧ x ≤ a' ∨ b' ≤ x ∧ x < b ⟶ poly p
x ≠ 0
    using a1-b1-no-root unfolding a'-def b'-def by auto
  moreover have ∀x. a < x ∧ x ≤ a' ∨ b' ≤ x ∧ x < b ⟶ poly p x ≠ 0
    using a2 b2 unfolding a'-def b'-def by auto
  ultimately show ?case using Cons(3)[unfolded ⟨smods p q=p#xs⟩] by auto
qed
have q=0 ⟹ ?case by simp
moreover have q≠0 ⟹ ?case
proof -
  assume q≠0
  define r where r≡- (p mod q)
  obtain ps where ps:smods p q=p#q#ps smods q r=q#ps and xs=q#ps
    unfolding r-def using ⟨q≠0⟩ ⟨p≠0⟩ ⟨x1 # xs = smods p q⟩
    by (metis list.inject smods.simps)
  have poly p a' ≠ 0 poly p b' ≠ 0 poly q a' ≠ 0 poly q b' ≠ 0
    using no-root[unfolded ps] ⟨a'>a⟩ ⟨b'<b⟩ by auto
  moreover hence
    changes-itv-smods a' b' p q = cross (p * q) a' b' + changes-itv-smods a'
b' q r
    cindex-poly a' b' q p = cross (p * q) a' b' + cindex-poly a' b' r q
  using changes-itv-smods-rec[OF ⟨a'<b'⟩,of p q,folded r-def]
    cindex-poly-rec[OF ⟨a'<b'⟩,of p q,folded r-def] by auto
  moreover have changes-itv-smods a' b' q r = cindex-poly a' b' r q
    using Cons.hyps(1)[of q r a' b'] ⟨a' < b'⟩ ⟨q ≠ 0⟩ ⟨xs = q # ps⟩ ps(2)
    ⟨poly q a' ≠ 0⟩ ⟨poly q b' ≠ 0⟩ by simp
  ultimately have changes-itv-smods a' b' p q = cindex-poly a' b' q p by auto
  thus ?thesis
  using
    changes-itv-smods-congr[OF ⟨a<a'⟩ ⟨a'<b'⟩ ⟨b'<b⟩ Cons(4,5),of q]
    no-root cindex-poly-congr[OF ⟨a<a'⟩ ⟨a'<b'⟩ ⟨b'<b⟩ ] ps
  by (metis insert-iff list.set(2))
qed
ultimately show ?case by metis
qed

```

lemma root-list-ub:

```

  fixes ps:: (real poly) list and a::real
  assumes 0∉set ps
  obtains ub where ∀p∈set ps. ∀x. poly p x=0 ⟶ x<ub
    and ∀x≥ub. ∀p∈set ps. sgn (poly p x) = sgn-pos-inf p and ub>a
  using assms
proof (induct ps arbitrary:thesis)

```

case *Nil*
show *?case using Nil(1)[of a+1] by auto*
next
case (*Cons p ps*)
hence $p \neq 0$ **and** $0 \notin \text{set } ps$ **by auto**
then obtain *ub1* **where** $ub1: \forall p \in \text{set } ps. \forall x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \longrightarrow x < ub1$ **and**
 $ub1\text{-sgn}: \forall x \geq ub1. \forall p \in \text{set } ps. \text{sgn } (\text{poly } p \ x) = \text{sgn-pos-inf } p$ **and** $ub1 > a$
using *Cons.hyps* **by auto**
obtain *ub2* **where** $ub2: \forall x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \longrightarrow x < ub2$
and $ub2\text{-sgn}: \forall x \geq ub2. \text{sgn } (\text{poly } p \ x) = \text{sgn-pos-inf } p$
using *root-ub[OF ‹p≠0›]* **by auto**
define *ub* **where** $ub \equiv \max \ ub1 \ ub2$
have $\forall p \in \text{set } (p \ \# \ ps). \forall x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \longrightarrow x < ub$ **using** *ub1 ub2 ub-def* **by**
force
moreover have $\forall x \geq ub. \forall p \in \text{set } (p \ \# \ ps). \text{sgn } (\text{poly } p \ x) = \text{sgn-pos-inf } p$
using *ub1-sgn ub2-sgn ub-def* **by auto**
ultimately show *?case using Cons(2)[of ub] ‹ub1>a ub-def* **by auto**
qed

lemma *root-list-lb*:

fixes *ps:: (real poly) list* **and** *b::real*
assumes $0 \notin \text{set } ps$
obtains *lb* **where** $\forall p \in \text{set } ps. \forall x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \longrightarrow x > lb$
and $\forall x \leq lb. \forall p \in \text{set } ps. \text{sgn } (\text{poly } p \ x) = \text{sgn-neg-inf } p$ **and** $lb < b$
using *assms*
proof (*induct ps arbitrary:thesis*)
case *Nil*
show *?case using Nil(1)[of b - 1] by auto*
next
case (*Cons p ps*)
hence $p \neq 0$ **and** $0 \notin \text{set } ps$ **by auto**
then obtain *lb1* **where** $lb1: \forall p \in \text{set } ps. \forall x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \longrightarrow x > lb1$ **and**
 $lb1\text{-sgn}: \forall x \leq lb1. \forall p \in \text{set } ps. \text{sgn } (\text{poly } p \ x) = \text{sgn-neg-inf } p$ **and** $lb1 < b$
using *Cons.hyps* **by auto**
obtain *lb2* **where** $lb2: \forall x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \longrightarrow x > lb2$
and $lb2\text{-sgn}: \forall x \leq lb2. \text{sgn } (\text{poly } p \ x) = \text{sgn-neg-inf } p$
using *root-lb[OF ‹p≠0›]* **by auto**
define *lb* **where** $lb \equiv \min \ lb1 \ lb2$
have $\forall p \in \text{set } (p \ \# \ ps). \forall x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \longrightarrow x > lb$ **using** *lb1 lb2 lb-def* **by**
force
moreover have $\forall x \leq lb. \forall p \in \text{set } (p \ \# \ ps). \text{sgn } (\text{poly } p \ x) = \text{sgn-neg-inf } p$
using *lb1-sgn lb2-sgn lb-def* **by auto**
ultimately show *?case using Cons(2)[of lb] ‹lb1<b› lb-def* **by auto**
qed

theorem *sturm-tarski-interval*:

assumes $a < b$ *poly p a ≠ 0 poly p b ≠ 0*
shows $\text{taq } \{x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \wedge a < x \wedge x < b\}$ *q = changes-itv-smods a b p (pderiv p * q)*

proof –

have $p \neq 0$ **using** $\langle \text{poly } p \ a \neq 0 \rangle$ **by** *auto*

thus *?thesis* **using** *cindex-poly-taq cindex-poly-changes-itv-mods*[*OF assms*] **by** *auto*
qed

theorem *sturm-tarski-above*:

assumes $\text{poly } p \ a \neq 0$

shows $\text{taq } \{x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \ \wedge \ a < x\} \ q = \text{changes-gt-smods } a \ p \ (\text{pderiv } p * q)$

proof –

define ps **where** $ps \equiv \text{smods } p \ (\text{pderiv } p * q)$

have $p \neq 0$ **and** $p \in \text{set } ps$ **using** $\langle \text{poly } p \ a \neq 0 \rangle$ *ps-def* **by** *auto*

obtain ub **where** $ub: \forall p \in \text{set } ps. \forall x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \ \longrightarrow \ x < ub$

and $ub\text{-sgn}: \forall x \geq ub. \forall p \in \text{set } ps. \text{sgn } (\text{poly } p \ x) = \text{sgn-pos-inf } p$

and $ub > a$

using *root-list-ub*[*OF no-0-in-smods, of p pderiv p * q, folded ps-def*]

by *auto*

have $\text{taq } \{x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \ \wedge \ a < x\} \ q = \text{taq } \{x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \ \wedge \ a < x \ \wedge \ x < ub\} \ q$

unfolding *taq-def* **by** (*rule sum.cong, insert ub* $\langle p \in \text{set } ps \rangle$, *auto*)

moreover **have** $\text{changes-gt-smods } a \ p \ (\text{pderiv } p * q) = \text{changes-itv-smods } a \ ub$
 $p \ (\text{pderiv } p * q)$

proof –

have $\text{map } (\text{sgn} \circ (\lambda p. \text{poly } p \ ub)) \ ps = \text{map } \text{sgn-pos-inf } ps$

using *ub-sgn*[*THEN spec, of ub, simplified*]

by (*metis* (*mono-tags, lifting*) *comp-def list.map-cong0*)

hence $\text{changes-poly-at } ps \ ub = \text{changes-poly-pos-inf } ps$

unfolding *changes-poly-pos-inf-def changes-poly-at-def*

by (*subst changes-map-sgn-eq, metis map-map*)

thus *?thesis* **unfolding** *changes-gt-smods-def changes-itv-smods-def ps-def*

by *metis*

qed

moreover **have** $\text{poly } p \ ub \neq 0$ **using** $ub \langle p \in \text{set } ps \rangle$ **by** *auto*

ultimately show *?thesis* **using** *sturm-tarski-interval*[*OF* $\langle ub > a \rangle$ *assms*] **by** *auto*
qed

theorem *sturm-tarski-below*:

assumes $\text{poly } p \ b \neq 0$

shows $\text{taq } \{x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \ \wedge \ x < b\} \ q = \text{changes-le-smods } b \ p \ (\text{pderiv } p * q)$

proof –

define ps **where** $ps \equiv \text{smods } p \ (\text{pderiv } p * q)$

have $p \neq 0$ **and** $p \in \text{set } ps$ **using** $\langle \text{poly } p \ b \neq 0 \rangle$ *ps-def* **by** *auto*

obtain lb **where** $lb: \forall p \in \text{set } ps. \forall x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \ \longrightarrow \ x > lb$

and $lb\text{-sgn}: \forall x \leq lb. \forall p \in \text{set } ps. \text{sgn } (\text{poly } p \ x) = \text{sgn-neg-inf } p$

and $lb < b$

using *root-list-lb*[*OF no-0-in-smods, of p pderiv p * q, folded ps-def*]

by *auto*

have $\text{taq } \{x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \ \wedge \ x < b\} \ q = \text{taq } \{x. \text{poly } p \ x = 0 \ \wedge \ lb < x \ \wedge \ x < b\} \ q$

unfolding *taq-def* **by** (*rule sum.cong, insert lb* $\langle p \in \text{set } ps \rangle$, *auto*)

moreover **have** $\text{changes-le-smods } b \ p \ (\text{pderiv } p * q) = \text{changes-itv-smods } lb \ b \ p$

```

(pderiv p * q)
proof -
  have map (sgn ∘ (λp. poly p lb)) ps = map sgn-neg-inf ps
    using lb-sgn[THEN spec,of lb,simplified]
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) comp-def list.map-cong0)
  hence changes-poly-at ps lb=changes-poly-neg-inf ps
    unfolding changes-poly-neg-inf-def changes-poly-at-def
    by (subst changes-map-sgn-eq,metis map-map)
  thus ?thesis unfolding changes-le-smods-def changes-itv-smods-def ps-def
    by metis
qed
moreover have poly p lb≠0 using lb ⟨p∈set ps⟩ by auto
ultimately show ?thesis using sturm-tarski-interval[OF ⟨lb<b⟩ - assms] by
auto
qed

theorem sturm-tarski-R:
  shows taq {x. poly p x=0} q = changes-R-smods p (pderiv p * q)
proof (cases p=0)
  case True
  then show ?thesis
    unfolding taq-def using infinite-UNIV-char-0 by (auto intro!:sum.infinite)
next
  case False
  define ps where ps≡smods p (pderiv p * q)
  have p∈set ps using ps-def ⟨p≠0⟩ by auto
  obtain lb where lb:∀ p∈set ps. ∀ x. poly p x=0 ⟶ x>lb
    and lb-sgn:∀ x≤lb. ∀ p∈set ps. sgn (poly p x) = sgn-neg-inf p
    and lb<0
    using root-list-lb[OF no-0-in-smods,of p pderiv p * q,folded ps-def]
    by auto
  obtain ub where ub:∀ p∈set ps. ∀ x. poly p x=0 ⟶ x<ub
    and ub-sgn:∀ x≥ub. ∀ p∈set ps. sgn (poly p x) = sgn-pos-inf p
    and ub>0
    using root-list-ub[OF no-0-in-smods,of p pderiv p * q,folded ps-def]
    by auto
  have taq {x. poly p x=0} q = taq {x. poly p x=0 ∧ lb<x ∧ x<ub} q
    unfolding taq-def by (rule sum.cong,insert lb ub ⟨p∈set ps⟩,auto)
  moreover have changes-R-smods p (pderiv p * q) = changes-itv-smods lb ub p
    (pderiv p * q)
proof -
  have map (sgn ∘ (λp. poly p lb)) ps = map sgn-neg-inf ps
    and map (sgn ∘ (λp. poly p ub)) ps = map sgn-pos-inf ps
    using lb-sgn[THEN spec,of lb,simplified] ub-sgn[THEN spec,of ub,simplified]
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) comp-def list.map-cong0)+
  hence changes-poly-at ps lb=changes-poly-neg-inf ps
    ∧ changes-poly-at ps ub=changes-poly-pos-inf ps
  unfolding changes-poly-neg-inf-def changes-poly-at-def changes-poly-pos-inf-def
    by (subst (1 3) changes-map-sgn-eq,metis map-map)

```


thus *?thesis* **unfolding** *changes-R-smods-def changes-itv-smods-def ps-def*
by *metis*
qed
moreover **have** *poly p lb ≠ 0* **and** *poly p ub ≠ 0* **using** *lb ub ⟨p ∈ set ps⟩* **by** *auto*
moreover **have** *lb < ub* **using** *⟨lb < 0⟩ ⟨0 < ub⟩* **by** *auto*
ultimately show *?thesis* **using** *sturm-tarski-interval* **by** *auto*
qed

theorem *sturm-interval*:
assumes *a < b poly p a ≠ 0 poly p b ≠ 0*
shows *card {x. poly p x = 0 ∧ a < x ∧ x < b} = changes-itv-smods a b p*
(pderiv p)
using *sturm-tarski-interval[OF assms, unfolded taq-def, of 1]* **by** *force*

theorem *sturm-above*:
assumes *poly p a ≠ 0*
shows *card {x. poly p x = 0 ∧ a < x} = changes-gt-smods a p* *(pderiv p)*
using *sturm-tarski-above[OF assms, unfolded taq-def, of 1]* **by** *force*

theorem *sturm-below*:
assumes *poly p b ≠ 0*
shows *card {x. poly p x = 0 ∧ x < b} = changes-le-smods b p* *(pderiv p)*
using *sturm-tarski-below[OF assms, unfolded taq-def, of 1]* **by** *force*

theorem *sturm-R*:
shows *card {x. poly p x = 0} = changes-R-smods p* *(pderiv p)*
using *sturm-tarski-R[of - 1, unfolded taq-def]* **by** *force*

end

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