

Stalnaker's Epistemic Logic

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Abstract

This work is a formalization of the knowledge fragment Stalnaker's epistemic logic with countably many agents and its soundness and completeness theorems [5, 6, 2], as well as the equivalence between the axiomatization of S4 available in the Epistemic Logic theory and the topological one [1]. It builds on the Epistemic Logic theory, as this includes the formalization of the completeness by canonicity proof for normal modal logics [3, 4].

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```
theory Stalnaker-Logic
imports Epistemic-Logic.Epistemic-Logic
```

```
begin
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1 Utility

1.1 Some properties of Normal Modal Logics

lemma *duality-taut*: $\langle \text{tautology } (((K i p) \rightarrow K i (\neg q)) \rightarrow ((L i q) \rightarrow (\neg K i p))) \rangle$
by force

lemma *K-imp-trans*:

assumes $\langle A \vdash (p \rightarrow q) \rangle$ $\langle A \vdash (q \rightarrow r) \rangle$

shows $\langle A \vdash (p \rightarrow r) \rangle$

proof –

have $\langle \text{tautology } ((p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow ((q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r))) \rangle$

by fastforce

then show ?thesis

by (meson A1 R1 assms(1) assms(2))

qed

lemma *K-imp-trans'*:

assumes $\langle A \vdash (q \rightarrow r) \rangle$

shows $\langle A \vdash ((p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)) \rangle$

proof –

have $\langle \text{tautology } ((q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow ((p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r))) \rangle$

by fastforce

then show ?thesis

using A1 R1 assms by blast

qed

lemma *K-imply-multi*:

assumes $\langle A \vdash (a \rightarrow b) \rangle$ and $\langle A \vdash (a \rightarrow c) \rangle$

shows $\langle A \vdash (a \rightarrow (b \wedge c)) \rangle$

proof –

have $\langle \text{tautology } ((a \rightarrow b) \rightarrow (a \rightarrow c) \rightarrow (a \rightarrow (b \wedge c))) \rangle$

by force

then have $\langle A \vdash ((a \rightarrow b) \rightarrow (a \rightarrow c) \rightarrow (a \rightarrow (b \wedge c))) \rangle$

using A1 by blast

then have $\langle A \vdash ((a \rightarrow c) \rightarrow (a \rightarrow (b \wedge c))) \rangle$

using assms(1) R1 by blast

then show ?thesis

using assms(2) R1 by blast

qed

lemma *K-multi-imply*:

assumes $\langle A \vdash (a \rightarrow b \rightarrow c) \rangle$

shows $\langle A \vdash ((a \wedge b) \rightarrow c) \rangle$

proof –

have $\langle \text{tautology } ((a \rightarrow b \rightarrow c) \rightarrow ((a \wedge b) \rightarrow c)) \rangle$

by force

then have $\langle A \vdash ((a \rightarrow b \rightarrow c) \rightarrow ((a \wedge b) \rightarrow c)) \rangle$

using A1 by blast

```

then show ?thesis
  using assms R1 by blast
qed

lemma K-thm: ‹A ⊢ ((K i p) ∧ (L i q) → L i (p ∧ q))›
proof –
  have ‹tautology (p → (¬(p ∧ q)) → ¬ q)›
    by force
  then have ‹A ⊢ (p → (¬(p ∧ q)) → ¬ q)›
    by (simp add: A1)
  then have ‹A ⊢ ((K i p) → K i ((¬(p ∧ q)) → ¬ q))›
    and ‹A ⊢ (K i ((¬(p ∧ q)) → ¬ q) → K i (¬(p ∧ q)) → K i (¬ q))›
    apply (simp add: K-map)
    by (meson K-A2')
  then have ‹A ⊢ ((K i p) → K i (¬(p ∧ q)) → K i (¬ q))›
    using K-imp-trans by blast
  then have ‹A ⊢ ((K i p) → L i (q) → L i (p ∧ q))›
    by (metis AK.simps K-imp-trans duality-taut)
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: K-multi-impl)
qed

primrec conjunct :: ‹'i fm list ⇒ 'i fm› where
  ‹conjunct [] = ⊤›
  | ‹conjunct (p#ps) = (p ∧ conjunct ps)›

lemma imply-conjunct: ‹tautology ((imply G p) → ((conjunct G) → p))›
  apply(induction G)
  apply simp
  by force

lemma conjunct-implies: ‹tautology (((conjunct G) → p) → (imply G p))›
  by (induct G) simp-all

lemma K-implies-conjunct:
  assumes ‹A ⊢ imply G p›
  shows ‹A ⊢ ((conjunct G) → p)›
  using A1 R1 assms imply-conjunct by blast

lemma K-conjunct-implies:
  assumes ‹A ⊢ ((conjunct G) → p)›
  shows ‹A ⊢ imply G p›
  using A1 R1 assms conjunct-implies by blast

lemma K-conj-implies-factor:
  fixes A :: ‹('i fm ⇒ bool)›
  shows ‹A ⊢ (((((K i p) ∧ (K i q)) → r) → ((K i (p ∧ q)) → r))›
proof –
  have *: ‹A ⊢ ((K i (p ∧ q)) → ((K i p) ∧ (K i q)))›

```

```

proof (rule ccontr)
  assume  $\neg A \vdash ((K i (p \wedge q)) \rightarrow ((K i p) \wedge (K i q)))$ 
  then have  $\langle \text{consistent } A \{ \neg((K i (p \wedge q)) \rightarrow ((K i p) \wedge (K i q))) \} \rangle$ 
    by (metis imply.simps(1) inconsistent-implies insert-is-Un list.set(1))
  let ?V =  $\langle \text{Extend } A \{ \neg((K i (p \wedge q)) \rightarrow ((K i p) \wedge (K i q))) \} \rangle$ 
  let ?M =  $\langle (\mathcal{W} = mcss A, \mathcal{K} = \text{reach } A, \pi = pi) \rangle$ 
  have  $\langle ?V \in \mathcal{W} ?M \wedge ?M, ?V \models \neg((K i (p \wedge q)) \rightarrow ((K i p) \wedge (K i q))) \rangle$ 
    using canonical-model  $\langle \text{consistent } A \{ \neg(K i (p \wedge q)) \rightarrow K i p \wedge K i q \} \rangle$ 
      insert-iff mem-Collect-eq by fastforce
  then have o:  $\langle ?M, ?V \models ((K i (p \wedge q)) \wedge \neg((K i p) \wedge (K i q))) \rangle$ 
    by auto
  then have  $\langle ?M, ?V \models (K i (p \wedge q)) \rangle \wedge (\langle ?M, ?V \models \neg(K i p) \rangle \vee \langle ?M, ?V \models \neg(K i q) \rangle)$ 
    by auto
  then have  $\langle \forall U \in \mathcal{W} ?M \cap \mathcal{K} ?M i ?V. ?M, U \models (p \wedge q) \rangle$ 
     $\langle \exists U \in \mathcal{W} ?M \cap \mathcal{K} ?M i ?V. ?M, U \models ((\neg p) \vee (\neg q)) \rangle$ 
    using o by auto
  then show False
    by simp
  qed
  then have  $\langle A \vdash (((K i (p \wedge q)) \rightarrow ((K i p) \wedge (K i q))) \rightarrow (((K i p) \wedge (K i q)) \rightarrow r) \rightarrow ((K i (p \wedge q)) \rightarrow r)) \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: A1)
  then show ?thesis
    using * R1 by blast
  qed

```

lemma *K-conjunction-in*: $\langle A \vdash (K i (p \wedge q) \rightarrow ((K i p) \wedge (K i q))) \rangle$

```

proof –
  have o1:  $\langle A \vdash ((p \wedge q) \rightarrow p) \rangle$  and o2:  $\langle A \vdash ((p \wedge q) \rightarrow q) \rangle$ 
    apply(simp add: A1)
    by (simp add: A1)
  then have c1:  $\langle A \vdash (K i (p \wedge q) \rightarrow K i q) \rangle$  and c2:  $\langle A \vdash (K i (p \wedge q) \rightarrow K i p) \rangle$ 
    apply (simp add: K-map o2)
    by (simp add: K-map o1)
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: K-implies-multi)
  qed

```

lemma *K-conjunction-in-mult*: $\langle A \vdash ((K i (\text{conjunct } G)) \rightarrow \text{conjunct} (\text{map } (K i) G)) \rangle$

```

proof (induct G)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: A1)
  case (Cons a G)
  then have  $\langle A \vdash ((K i (\text{conjunct } (a \# G))) \rightarrow (K i (a \wedge \text{conjunct } G))) \rangle$ 
    and  $\langle A \vdash ((K i (a \wedge \text{conjunct } G)) \rightarrow ((K i a) \wedge K i (\text{conjunct } G))) \rangle$ 

```

```

apply (simp add: A1)
by (metis K-conjunction-in)
then have o1:  $\langle A \vdash ((K i (\text{conjunction } (a \# G))) \rightarrow ((K i a) \wedge K i (\text{conjunction } G))) \rangle$ 
  using K-imp-trans by blast
then have  $\langle A \vdash (((K i a) \wedge K i (\text{conjunction } G)) \rightarrow K i a) \rangle$ 
  and o2:  $\langle A \vdash (((K i a) \wedge K i (\text{conjunction } G)) \rightarrow \text{conjunction}(\text{map}(K i) G)) \rangle$ 
  apply (simp add: A1)
  by (metis Cons.hyps K-implies-Cons K-multi-implies.simps(1) imply.simps(2))
then have  $\langle A \vdash (((K i a) \wedge K i (\text{conjunction } G)) \rightarrow (K i a) \wedge \text{conjunction}(\text{map}(K i) G)) \rangle$ 
  using K-implies-multi by blast
then show ?case
  using K-imp-trans o1 by auto
qed

lemma K-conjunction-out:  $\langle A \vdash ((K i p) \wedge (K i q) \rightarrow K i (p \wedge q)) \rangle$ 
proof –
  have  $\langle A \vdash (p \rightarrow q \rightarrow p \wedge q) \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: A1)
  then have  $\langle A \vdash K i (p \rightarrow q \rightarrow p \wedge q) \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: R2)
  then have  $\langle A \vdash ((K i p) \rightarrow K i (q \rightarrow p \wedge q)) \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: K-map  $\langle A \vdash (p \rightarrow q \rightarrow p \wedge q) \rangle$ )
  then have  $\langle A \vdash ((K i p) \rightarrow (K i q) \rightarrow K i (p \wedge q)) \rangle$ 
    by (meson K-A2' K-imp-trans)
  then show ?thesis
    using K-multi-implies by blast
qed

lemma K-conjunction-out-mult:  $\langle A \vdash (\text{conjunction}(\text{map}(K i) G) \rightarrow (K i (\text{conjunction } G))) \rangle$ 
proof (induct G)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
    by (metis A1 K-implies-conjunction Nil-is-map-conv R2 conjunction.simps(1) eval.simps(5)
implies.simps(1))
  case (Cons a G)
  then have  $\langle A \vdash ((\text{conjunction}(\text{map}(K i) (a \# G))) \rightarrow ((K i a) \wedge \text{conjunction}(\text{map}(K i) G))) \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: A1)
  then have *:  $\langle A \vdash (((K i a) \wedge \text{conjunction}(\text{map}(K i) G)) \rightarrow (K i a) \wedge K i (\text{conjunction } G)) \rangle$ 
    by (metis Cons.hyps K-implies-Cons K-implies-head K-implies-multi K-multi-implies
implies.simps(1) implies.simps(2))
  then have  $\langle A \vdash (((K i a) \wedge K i (\text{conjunction } G)) \rightarrow K i (\text{conjunction } (a \# G))) \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: K-conjunction-out)
  then show ?case
    using * K-imp-trans by auto

```

qed

1.2 More on mcs's properties

lemma *mcs-conjunction*:

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } A \ V \rangle$ and $\langle \text{maximal } A \ V \rangle$
shows $\langle p \in V \wedge q \in V \rightarrow (p \wedge q) \in V \rangle$
proof –
have $\langle \text{tautology } (p \rightarrow q \rightarrow (p \wedge q)) \rangle$
by force
then have $\langle (p \rightarrow q \rightarrow (p \wedge q)) \in V \rangle$
using *A1 assms(1) assms(2) deriv-in-maximal by blast*
then have $\langle p \in V \rightarrow (q \rightarrow (p \wedge q)) \in V \rangle$
by (*meson assms(1) assms(2) consequent-in-maximal*)
then show ?thesis
using *assms(1) assms(2) consequent-in-maximal by blast*
qed

lemma *mcs-conjunction-mult*:

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } A \ V \rangle$ and $\langle \text{maximal } A \ V \rangle$
shows $\langle (\text{set } (S :: ('i fm list)) \subseteq V \wedge \text{finite } (\text{set } S)) \rightarrow (\text{conjunct } S) \in V \rangle$
proof(*induct S*)
case *Nil*
then show ?case
by (*metis K-Boole assms(1) assms(2) conjunct.simps(1) consistent-def inconsistent-subset maximal-def*)
case *(Cons a S)*
then have $\langle \text{set } S \subseteq \text{set } (a \# S) \rangle$
by (*meson set-subset-Cons*)
then have $c1: \langle \text{set } (a \# S) \subseteq V \wedge \text{finite } (\text{set } (a \# S)) \rightarrow \text{conjunct } (S) \in V$
 $\wedge a \in V \rangle$
using *Cons by fastforce*
then have $\langle \text{conjunct } (S) \in V \wedge a \in V \rightarrow (\text{conjunct } (a \# S)) \in V \rangle$
using *assms(1) assms(2) mcs-conjunction by auto*
then show ?case
using *c1 by fastforce*
qed

lemma *reach-dualK*:

assumes $\langle \text{consistent } A \ V \rangle$ $\langle \text{maximal } A \ V \rangle$
and $\langle \text{consistent } A \ W \rangle$ $\langle \text{maximal } A \ W \rangle$ $\langle W \in \text{reach } A \ i \ V \rangle$
shows $\langle \forall p. p \in W \rightarrow (L i p) \in V \rangle$
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume $\langle \neg (\forall p. p \in W \rightarrow (L i p) \in V) \rangle$
then obtain *p'* where *: $\langle p' \in W \wedge (L i p') \notin V \rangle$
by *presburger*
then have $\langle \neg (L i p') \in V \rangle$
using *assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) assms(4) assms(5) exactly-one-in-maximal by blast*

```

then have ⟨ $K i (\neg p') \in Vusing assms(1) assms(2) exactly-one-in-maximal by blast
then have ⟨ $(\neg p') \in Wusing assms(5) by blast
then show False
  by (meson * assms(3) assms(4) exactly-one-in-maximal)
qed

lemma dual-reach:
assumes ⟨consistent A V⟩ ⟨maximal A V⟩
shows ⟨ $(L i p) \in V \longrightarrow (\exists W. W \in \text{reach } A i V \wedge p \in W)proof –
  have ⟨ $(\nexists W. W \in \{W. \text{known } V i \subseteq W\} \wedge p \in W) \longrightarrow (\forall W. W \in \{W. \text{known } V i \subseteq W\} \longrightarrow (\neg p) \in W)by blast
  then have ⟨ $(\forall W. W \in \{W. \text{known } V i \subseteq W\} \longrightarrow (\neg p) \in W) \longrightarrow (\forall W. W \in \text{reach } A i V \longrightarrow (\neg p) \in W)by fastforce
  then have ⟨ $(\forall W. W \in \text{reach } A i V \longrightarrow (\neg p) \in W) \longrightarrow ((K i (\neg p)) \in V)by blast
  then have ⟨ $((K i (\neg p)) \in V) \longrightarrow (\neg((L i p) \in V))using assms(1) assms(2) exactly-one-in-maximal by blast
  then have ⟨ $(\nexists W. W \in \{W. \text{known } V i \subseteq W\} \wedge p \in W) \longrightarrow \neg((L i p) \in V)by blast
  then show ?thesis
    by blast
qed$$$$$$$$ 
```

2 Ax.2

```

definition weakly-directed :: ⟨('i, 's) kripke ⇒ bool⟩ where
  ⟨weakly-directed M ≡ ∀i. ∀s ∈ W M. ∀t ∈ W M. ∀r ∈ W M.
  (r ∈ K M i s ∧ t ∈ K M i s) → (exists u ∈ W M. (u ∈ K M i r ∧ u ∈ K M i t))⟩

inductive Ax-2 :: ⟨'i fm ⇒ bool⟩ where
  ⟨Ax-2 ( $\neg K i (\neg K i p) \longrightarrow K i (\neg K i (\neg p))$ )⟩

```

2.1 Soundness

```

theorem weakly-directed:
assumes ⟨weakly-directed M⟩ ⟨ $w \in W Mshows ⟨ $M, w \models (L i (K i p) \longrightarrow K i (L i p))proof
  assume ⟨ $M, w \models (L i (K i p))then have ⟨ $\exists v \in W M \cap K M i w. M, v \models K i pby simp
  then have ⟨ $\forall v \in W M \cap K M i w. \exists u \in W M \cap K M i v. M, u \models pusing ⟨weakly-directed M⟩ ⟨ $w \in W Munfolding weakly-directed-def
    by (metis IntE IntI semantics.simps(6))$$$$$$ 
```

```

then have  $\forall v \in \mathcal{W} M \cap \mathcal{K} M i w. M, v \models L i p$ 
  by simp
then show  $M, w \models K i (L i p)$ 
  by simp
qed

lemma soundness-Ax-2:  $\langle Ax-2 p \implies \text{weakly-directed } M \implies w \in \mathcal{W} M \implies M, w \models p \rangle$ 
by (induct p rule: Ax-2.induct) (meson weakly-directed)

```

2.2 Imply completeness

```

lemma Ax-2-weakly-directed:
  fixes A :: 'i fm  $\Rightarrow$  bool'
  assumes  $\forall p. Ax-2 p \longrightarrow A p \wedge \langle \text{consistent } A V \rangle \wedge \langle \text{maximal } A V \rangle$ 
    and  $\langle \text{consistent } A W \rangle \wedge \langle \text{maximal } A W \rangle \wedge \langle \text{consistent } A U \rangle \wedge \langle \text{maximal } A U \rangle$ 
    and  $\langle W \in \text{reach } A i V \rangle \wedge \langle U \in \text{reach } A i V \rangle$ 
  shows  $\exists X. (\text{consistent } A X) \wedge (\text{maximal } A X) \wedge X \in (\text{reach } A i W) \cap (\text{reach } A i U)$ 
  proof (rule ccontr)
    assume  $\neg ?\text{thesis}$ 
    let ?S =  $\langle (\text{known } W i) \cup (\text{known } U i) \rangle$ 
    have  $\neg \text{consistent } A ?S$ 
      by (smt (verit, best) Int-Collect  $\nexists X. \text{consistent } A X \wedge \text{maximal } A X \wedge X \in \{Wa. \text{known } W i \subseteq Wa\} \cap \{W. \text{known } U i \subseteq W\}$  maximal-extension mem-Collect-eq sup.bounded-iff)
    then obtain S' where *:  $\langle A \vdash \text{imply } S' \perp \rangle \wedge \langle \text{set } S' \subseteq ?S \rangle \wedge \langle \text{finite } (\text{set } S') \rangle$ 
      unfolding consistent-def by blast
    let ?U =  $\langle \text{filter } (\lambda p. p \in (\text{known } U i)) S' \rangle$ 
    let ?W =  $\langle \text{filter } (\lambda p. p \in (\text{known } W i)) S' \rangle$ 
    let ?p =  $\langle \text{conjunction } ?U \rangle$  and ?q =  $\langle \text{conjunction } ?W \rangle$ 
    have  $\langle (\text{set } ?U) \cup (\text{set } ?W) = (\text{set } S') \rangle$ 
      using * by auto
    then have  $\langle A \vdash \text{imply } ?U (\text{imply } ?W \perp) \rangle$ 
      using K-imply-weaken imply-append
      by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) *(1) set-append subset-refl)
    then have  $\langle A \vdash (?p \longrightarrow (\text{imply } ?W \perp)) \rangle$ 
      using K-imply-conjunct by blast
    then have  $\langle \text{tautology } ((\text{imply } ?W \perp) \longrightarrow (?q \longrightarrow \perp)) \rangle$ 
      using imply-conjunct by blast
    then have  $\langle A \vdash ((\text{imply } ?W \perp) \longrightarrow (?q \longrightarrow \perp)) \rangle$ 
      using A1 by blast
    then have  $\langle A \vdash (?p \longrightarrow (?q \longrightarrow \perp)) \rangle$ 
      using K-imp-trans  $\langle A \vdash (\text{conjunction } (\text{filter } (\lambda p. p \in \text{known } U i) S') \longrightarrow \text{imply } (\text{filter } (\lambda p. p \in \text{known } W i) S') \perp) \rangle$ 
      by blast
    then have o1:  $\langle A \vdash ((?p \wedge ?q) \longrightarrow \perp) \rangle$ 
      by (meson K-multi-imply)
    moreover have  $\langle \text{set } ?U \subseteq (\text{known } U i) \rangle$  and  $\langle \text{set } ?W \subseteq (\text{known } W i) \rangle$ 

```

```

    and  $\forall p. p \in \text{set } ?U \rightarrow (K i p) \in U$  and  $\forall p. p \in \text{set } ?W \rightarrow$ 
 $(K i p) \in W$ 
    by auto
  then have  $\langle \text{set} (\text{map} (K i) ?U) \subseteq U \rangle$  and  $c1: \langle \text{set} (\text{map} (K i) ?W) \subseteq W \rangle$ 
    apply (metis (mono-tags, lifting) imageE set-map subsetI)
    by auto
  then have  $c2: \langle \text{conjunction} (\text{map} (K i) ?U) \in U \rangle$  and  $c2': \langle \text{conjunction} (\text{map} (K i) ?W) \in W \rangle$ 
    using assms(6) assms(7) mcs-conjunction-mult apply blast
    using assms(4) assms(5) c1 mcs-conjunction-mult by blast
  then have  $\langle ((\text{conjunction} (\text{map} (K i) ?U)) \rightarrow (K i ?p)) \in U \rangle$ 
    and  $c3: \langle ((\text{conjunction} (\text{map} (K i) ?W)) \rightarrow (K i ?q)) \in W \rangle$ 
    apply (meson K-conjunction-out-mult assms(6) assms(7) deriv-in-maximal)
    by (meson K-conjunction-out-mult assms(4) assms(5) deriv-in-maximal)
  then have  $c4: \langle (K i ?p) \in U \rangle$  and  $c4': \langle (K i ?q) \in W \rangle$ 
    using assms(6) assms(7) c2 consequent-in-maximal apply blast
    using assms(4) assms(5) c2' c3 consequent-in-maximal by blast
  then have  $\langle (L i (K i ?p)) \in V \rangle$  and  $c5: \langle (L i (K i ?q)) \in V \rangle$ 
    using assms(2) assms(3) assms(6) assms(7) assms(9) exactly-one-in-maximal
    apply blast
    using assms(2) assms(3) assms(4) assms(5) assms(8) c4' exactly-one-in-maximal
    by blast
  then have  $\langle (K i (L i ?p)) \in V \rangle$ 
    by (meson Ax-2.intros assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) ax-in-maximal consequent-in-maximal)
  then have  $\langle ((K i (L i ?p)) \wedge (L i (K i ?q))) \in V \rangle$ 
    using assms(2) assms(3) c5 mcs-conjunction by blast
  then have  $\langle (L i ((L i ?p) \wedge K i ?q)) \in V \rangle$ 
    by (meson K-thm assms(2) assms(3) consequent-in-maximal deriv-in-maximal)
  then have  $\langle (L i ((K i ?q) \wedge L i ?p)) \in V \rangle$ 
    by (smt (verit) K i (L i (conjunction (filter (λp. p ∈ known U i) S'))) ∈ V) assms(2) assms(3) assms(4) assms(5) assms(6) assms(8) c4' exactly-one-in-maximal mcs-conjunction mem-Collect-eq subset-iff)
    then obtain Z' where z1:⟨consistent A Z') ∧ (maximal A Z')⟩ and z2:⟨Z' ∈ (reach A i V)⟩
      and z3: ⟨((K i ?q) ∧ L i ?p) ∈ Z'⟩
      using K i (L i (conjunction (filter (λp. p ∈ known U i) S'))) ∈ V assms(4) assms(5) assms(8) c4' mcs-conjunction by blast
    then have z4: ⟨(L i (?q ∧ ?p)) ∈ Z'⟩
      by (metis K-thm consequent-in-maximal deriv-in-maximal)
    then have o2:⟨(L i (L i (?q ∧ ?p))) ∈ V⟩
      using assms(2) assms(3) mcs-properties(2) z1 z2 by blast
    then have ⟨A ⊢ K i (K i (((?p ∧ ?q) → ⊥)))⟩
      by (metis R2 o1)
    then have o3:⟨K i (K i (((?p ∧ ?q) → ⊥))) ∈ V⟩
      using assms(2) assms(3) deriv-in-maximal by blast
    then obtain X1 where x1:⟨consistent A X1) ∧ (maximal A X1)⟩ and x2:⟨X1 ∈ (reach A i V)⟩
      and x3: ⟨(L i (?q ∧ ?p)) ∈ X1⟩

```

```

using z1 z2 z4 by blast
then have x4:(K i (((?p ∧ ?q) → ⊥))) ∈ X1›
  using o3 by blast
then have t:⟨∀ x. ∀ y. tautology (((x ∧ y) → ⊥) → ¬(y ∧ x))›
  by (metis eval.simps(4) eval.simps(5))
then have ⟨(((?p ∧ ?q) → ⊥) → ¬(?q ∧ ?p)) ∈ X1›
  using A1 deriv-in-maximal x1 by blast
then have ⟨K i (((?p ∧ ?q) → ⊥) → ¬(?q ∧ ?p)) ∈ X1›
  by (meson A1 R2 deriv-in-maximal t x1)
then have ⟨(K i ((?p ∧ ?q) → ⊥) → K i (¬(?q ∧ ?p))) ∈ X1›
  by (meson K-A2' consequent-in-maximal deriv-in-maximal x1)
then have ⟨(K i ((?p ∧ ?q) → ⊥) → (¬ L i (?q ∧ ?p))) ∈ X1›
  using consequent-in-maximal exactly-one-in-maximal x1 x3 x4 by blast
then have ⟨(¬ L i (?q ∧ ?p)) ∈ X1 ∧ (L i (?q ∧ ?p)) ∈ X1›
  using consequent-in-maximal x1 x4 x3 by blast
then show False
  using exactly-one-in-maximal x1 by blast
qed

```

```

lemma mcs₂-weakly-directed:
fixes A :: "('i fm ⇒ bool"
assumes ⟨∀ p. Ax₂ p → A p)
shows ⟨weakly-directed (W = mcss A, K = reach A, π = pi)⟩
unfolding weakly-directed-def
proof (intro allI ballI, auto)
fix i V U W
assume ⟨consistent A V⟩ ⟨maximal A V⟩ ⟨consistent A U⟩ ⟨maximal A U⟩
⟨consistent A W⟩
⟨maximal A W⟩ ⟨known V i ⊆ U⟩ ⟨known V i ⊆ W⟩
then have ⟨∃ X. (consistent A X) ∧ (maximal A X) ∧ X ∈ (reach A i W) ∩
(reach A i U)⟩
  using Ax₂-weakly-directed [where A=A and V=V and W=W and U=U]
assms IntD2
  by simp
then have ⟨∃ X. (consistent A X) ∧ (maximal A X) ∧ X ∈ (reach A i W) ∧ X
∈ (reach A i U)⟩
  by simp
then show ⟨∃ X. (consistent A X) ∧ (maximal A X) ∧ known W i ⊆ X ∧ known
U i ⊆ X⟩
  by auto
qed

```

```

lemma imply-completeness-K₂:
assumes valid: ⟨∀ (M :: ('i, 'i fm set) kripke). ∀ w ∈ W M.
  weakly-directed M → (∀ q ∈ G. M, w ⊨ q) → M, w ⊨ p)⟩
shows ⟨∃ qs. set qs ⊆ G ∧ (Ax₂ ⊢ imply qs p)⟩
proof (rule ccontr)
assume ⟨¬ ∃ qs. set qs ⊆ G ∧ Ax₂ ⊢ imply qs p)⟩
then have *: ⟨∀ qs. set qs ⊆ G → ¬ Ax₂ ⊢ imply ((¬ p) # qs) ⊥)⟩

```

using *K-Boole* by *blast*

```

let ?S = ⟨{¬ p} ∪ G⟩
let ?V = ⟨Extend Ax-2 ?S⟩
let ?M = ⟨(W = mcss Ax-2, K = reach Ax-2, π = pi)⟩

have ⟨consistent Ax-2 ?S⟩
  using * by (metis K-imply-Cons consistent-def inconsistent-subset)
  then have ⟨?M, ?V ⊨ (¬ p)⟩ ⟨∀ q ∈ G. ?M, ?V ⊨ q⟩ ⟨consistent Ax-2 ?V⟩
  ⟨maximal Ax-2 ?V⟩
    using canonical-model unfolding list-all-def by fastforce+
  moreover have ⟨weakly-directed ?M⟩
    using mcs-2-weakly-directed [where A=Ax-2] by fast
  ultimately have ⟨?M, ?V ⊨ p⟩
    using valid by auto
  then show False
    using ⟨?M, ?V ⊨ (¬ p)⟩ by simp
qed

```

3 System S4.2

```

abbreviation SystemS4-2 :: ⟨'i fm ⇒ bool⟩ (⊣-S42 → [50] 50) where
  ⟨⊣-S42 p ≡ AxT ⊕ Ax4 ⊕ Ax-2 ⊢ p⟩

abbreviation AxS4-2 :: ⟨'i fm ⇒ bool⟩ where
  ⟨AxS4-2 ≡ AxT ⊕ Ax4 ⊕ Ax-2⟩

```

3.1 Soundness

```

abbreviation w-directed-preorder :: ⟨('i, 'w) kripke ⇒ bool⟩ where
  ⟨w-directed-preorder M ≡ reflexive M ∧ transitive M ∧ weakly-directed M⟩

lemma soundness-AxS4-2: ⟨AxS4-2 p ⇒ w-directed-preorder M ⇒ w ∈ W M
  ⇒ M, w ⊨ p⟩
  using soundness-AxT soundness-Ax4 soundness-Ax-2 by metis

lemma soundnessS42: ⟨⊣-S42 p ⇒ w-directed-preorder M ⇒ w ∈ W M ⇒ M,
  w ⊨ p⟩
  using soundness soundness-AxS4-2 .

```

3.2 Completeness

```

lemma imply-completeness-S4-2:
  assumes valid: ⟨∀ (M :: ('i, 'i fm set) kripke). ∀ w ∈ W M.
    w-directed-preorder M → (∀ q ∈ G. M, w ⊨ q) → M, w ⊨ p⟩
  shows ⟨∃ qs. set qs ⊆ G ∧ (AxS4-2 ⊢ imply qs p)⟩
  proof (rule ccontr)
    assume ⟨∅ qs. set qs ⊆ G ∧ AxS4-2 ⊢ imply qs p⟩
    then have *: ⟨∀ qs. set qs ⊆ G → ¬ AxS4-2 ⊢ imply ((¬ p) # qs) ⊥⟩

```

using *K-Boole* by *blast*

```

let ?S = ‹{¬ p} ∪ G›
let ?V = ‹Extend AxS4-2 ?S›
let ?M = ‹(W = mcss AxS4-2, K = reach AxS4-2, π = pi)›

have ‹consistent AxS4-2 ?S›
  using * by (metis (no-types, lifting) K-imply-Cons consistent-def inconsistent-subset)
  then have
    ‹?M, ?V ⊨ (¬ p)› ‹∀ q ∈ G. ?M, ?V ⊨ q›
    ‹consistent AxS4-2 ?V› ‹maximal AxS4-2 ?V›
    using canonical-model unfolding list-all-def by fastforce+
  moreover have ‹w-directed-preorder ?M›
    using reflexiveT[of AxS4-2] mcs_2-weakly-directed[of AxS4-2] transitiveK4[of AxS4-2] by auto
    ultimately have ‹?M, ?V ⊨ p›
      using valid by auto
    then show False
      using ‹?M, ?V ⊨ (¬ p)› by simp
  qed

```

lemma completeness_{S42}:

```

assumes ‹∀ (M :: ('i, 'i fm set) kripke). ∀ w ∈ W M. w-directed-preorder M → M, w ⊨ p›
shows ‹⊤S42 p›
using assms imply-completeness-S4-2[where G=‹{}›] by auto

```

abbreviation ‹valid_{S42} p ≡ ∀ (M :: (nat, nat fm set) kripke). ∀ w ∈ W M. w-directed-preorder M → M, w ⊨ p›

theorem main_{S42}: ‹valid_{S42} p ↔ ⊤_{S42} p›
 using soundness_{S42} completeness_{S42} **by** fast

corollary

```

assumes ‹w-directed-preorder M› ‹w ∈ W M›
shows ‹validS42 p → M, w ⊨ p›
using assms soundnessS42 completenessS42 by fast

```

4 Topological S4 axioms

abbreviation DoubleImp (infixr ‹↔› 25) **where**
 ‹(p↔q) ≡ ((p → q) ∧ (q → p))›

inductive System-topoS4 :: ‹'i fm ⇒ bool› (⊤_{Top} → [50] 50) **where**
 A1': ‹tautology p ⇒ ⊤_{Top} p›
 | AR: ‹⊤_{Top} ((K i (p ∧ q)) ↔ ((K i p) ∧ K i q))›
 | AT': ‹⊤_{Top} (K i p → p)›
 | A4': ‹⊤_{Top} (K i p → K i (K i p))›

```

| AN:  $\vdash_{Top} K i \top$ 
| R1':  $\vdash_{Top} p \implies \vdash_{Top} (p \rightarrow q) \implies \vdash_{Top} q$ 
| RM:  $\vdash_{Top} (p \rightarrow q) \implies \vdash_{Top} ((K i p) \rightarrow K i q)$ 

lemma topoS4-trans:  $\vdash_{Top} ((p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow p \rightarrow r)$ 
  by (simp add: A1')

lemma topoS4-conjElim:  $\vdash_{Top} (p \wedge q \rightarrow q)$ 
  by (simp add: A1')

lemma topoS4-AxK:  $\vdash_{Top} (K i p \wedge K i (p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow K i q)$ 
proof -
  have  $\vdash_{Top} ((p \wedge (p \rightarrow q)) \rightarrow q)$ 
    using A1' by force
  then have  $\vdash_{Top} (K i (p \wedge (p \rightarrow q)) \rightarrow K i q)$ 
    using RM by fastforce
  then have  $\vdash_{Top} (K i p \wedge K i (p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow K i (p \wedge (p \rightarrow q)))$ 
    using AR topoS4-conjElim System-topoS4.simps by fast
  then show ?thesis
    by (meson * System-topoS4.R1' topoS4-trans)
qed

lemma topoS4-NecR:
  assumes  $\vdash_{Top} p$ 
  shows  $\vdash_{Top} K i p$ 
proof -
  have  $\vdash_{Top} (\top \rightarrow p)$ 
    using assms by (metis System-topoS4.A1' System-topoS4.R1' conjunct.simps(1)
imply.simps(1) imply-conjunct)
  then have  $\vdash_{Top} (K i \top \rightarrow K i p)$ 
    using RM by force
  then show ?thesis
    by (meson AN System-topoS4.R1')
qed

lemma empty-S4:  $\{\} \vdash_{S4} p \longleftrightarrow AxT \oplus Ax4 \vdash p$ 
  by simp

lemma S4-topoS4:  $\{\} \vdash_{S4} p \implies \vdash_{Top} p$ 
  unfolding empty-S4
proof (induct p rule: AK.induct)
  case (A2 i p q)
  then show ?case using topoS4-AxK .
next
  case (Ax p)
  then show ?case
    using AT' A4' by (metis AxT.cases Ax4.cases)
next
  case (R2 p)

```

```

then show ?case
  by (simp add: topoS4-NecR)
qed (meson System-topoS4.intro)+

lemma topoS4-S4:
  fixes p :: 'i fm'
  shows ⊢Top p ==> {} ⊢S4 p
  unfolding empty-S4
  proof (induct p rule: System-topoS4.induct)
    case (AT' i p)
    then show ?case
      by (simp add: Ax AxT.intro)
    next
      case (A4' i p)
      then show ?case
        by (simp add: Ax Ax4.intro)
    next
      case (AR i p q)
      then show ?case
        by (meson K-conj-impl-factor K-conjunction-in K-conjunction-out K-imp-trans'
          K-impl-multi R1)
    next
      case (AN i)
      then have *: <AxT ⊕ Ax4 ⊢ T>
        by (simp add: A1)
      then show ?case
        by (simp add: * R2)
    next
      case (RM p q i)
      then have <AxT ⊕ Ax4 ⊢ K i (p —> q)>
        by (simp add: R2)
      then show ?case
        by (simp add: K-map RM.hyps(2))
qed (meson AK.intro)+

theorem mainS4': <{} ⊨S4 p ↔ (⊢Top p)>
  using mainS4[of {}] S4-topoS4 topoS4-S4 by fast

end

```

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