

Smooth Manifolds

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March 19, 2025

Abstract

We formalize the definition and basic properties of smooth manifolds [1] in Isabelle/HOL. Concepts covered include partition of unity, tangent and cotangent spaces, and the fundamental theorem of path integrals. We also examine some concrete manifolds such as spheres and projective spaces. The formalization makes extensive use of the analysis and linear algebra libraries in Isabelle/HOL, in particular its “types-to-sets” mechanism.

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1 Library Additions

theory *Analysis-More*

imports *HOL-Analysis.Equivalence-Lebesgue-Henstock-Integration*

HOL-Library.Function-Algebras

HOL-Types-To-Sets.Linear-Algebra-On

begin

lemma *openin-open-Int'[intro]:*

open S ==> openin (top-of-set U) (S ∩ U)

<proof>

1.1 Parametricity rules for topology

TODO: also check with theory *Transfer-Euclidean-Space-Vector* in AFP/ODE...

context includes *lifting-syntax* **begin**

lemma *Sigma-transfer[transfer-rule]:*

(rel-set A ===> (A ===> rel-set B) ===> rel-set (rel-prod A B)) Sigma

Sigma

<proof>

lemma *filterlim-transfer*[*transfer-rule*]:
 (($A \text{====>} B$) $\text{====>} \text{rel-filter } B \text{====>} \text{rel-filter } A \text{====>} (=)$) *filterlim filterlim*
if [*transfer-rule*]: *bi-unique B*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *nhds-transfer*[*transfer-rule*]:
 ($A \text{====>} \text{rel-filter } A$) *nhds nhds*
if [*transfer-rule*]: *bi-unique A bi-total A (rel-set A $\text{====>} (=)$) open open*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *at-within-transfer*[*transfer-rule*]:
 ($A \text{====>} \text{rel-set } A \text{====>} \text{rel-filter } A$) *at-within at-within*
if [*transfer-rule*]: *bi-unique A bi-total A (rel-set A $\text{====>} (=)$) open open*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *continuous-on-transfer*[*transfer-rule*]:
 ($\text{rel-set } A \text{====>} (A \text{====>} B) \text{====>} (=)$) *continuous-on continuous-on*
if [*transfer-rule*]: *bi-unique A bi-total A (rel-set A $\text{====>} (=)$) open open*
bi-unique B bi-total B (rel-set B $\text{====>} (=)$) open open
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *continuous-on-transfer-right-total*[*transfer-rule*]:
 ($\text{rel-set } A \text{====>} (A \text{====>} B) \text{====>} (=)$) ($\lambda X::'a::t2\text{-space set. continuous-on}$
 $(X \cap \text{Collect } AP)$) ($\lambda Y::'b::t2\text{-space set. continuous-on } Y$)
if *DomainA: Domainp A = AP*
and [*folded DomainA, transfer-rule*]: *bi-unique A right-total A (rel-set A $\text{====>} (=)$)*
(openin (top-of-set (Collect AP))) open
bi-unique B bi-total B (rel-set B $\text{====>} (=)$) open open
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *continuous-on-transfer-right-total2*[*transfer-rule*]:
 ($\text{rel-set } A \text{====>} (A \text{====>} B) \text{====>} (=)$) ($\lambda X::'a::t2\text{-space set. continuous-on}$
 X) ($\lambda Y::'b::t2\text{-space set. continuous-on } Y$)
if *DomainB: Domainp B = BP*
and [*folded DomainB, transfer-rule*]: *bi-unique A bi-total A (rel-set A $\text{====>} (=)$)*
open open
bi-unique B right-total B (rel-set B $\text{====>} (=)$) ((openin (top-of-set (Collect
 $BP))))$) *open*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *generate-topology-transfer*[*transfer-rule*]:
includes *lifting-syntax*
assumes [*transfer-rule*]: *right-total A bi-unique A*
shows ($\text{rel-set } (\text{rel-set } A) \text{====>} \text{rel-set } A \text{====>} (=)$) (*generate-topology o*
(insert (Collect (Domainp A)))) generate-topology
 ⟨*proof*⟩

end

1.2 Miscellaneous

lemmas [simp del] = mem-ball

lemma in-closureI[*intro, simp*]: $x \in X \implies x \in \text{closure } X$
<proof>

lemmas open-continuous-vimage = continuous-on-open-vimage[*THEN iffD1, rule-format*]

lemma open-continuous-vimage': open $s \implies \text{continuous-on } s \ f \implies \text{open } B \implies$
open $(s \cap f^{-1} B)$
<proof>

lemma support-on-mono: support-on carrier $f \subseteq \text{support-on carrier } g$
if $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier} \implies f x \neq 0 \implies g x \neq 0$
<proof>

lemma image-prod: $(\lambda(x, y). (f x, g y))^{-1} (A \times B) = f^{-1} A \times g^{-1} B$ <proof>

1.3 Closed support

definition csupport-on $X \ S = \text{closure } (\text{support-on } X \ S)$

lemma closed-csupport-on[*intro, simp*]: closed (csupport-on carrier φ)
<proof>

lemma not-in-csupportD: $x \notin \text{csupport-on carrier } \varphi \implies x \in \text{carrier} \implies \varphi x = 0$
<proof>

lemma csupport-on-mono: csupport-on carrier $f \subseteq \text{csupport-on carrier } g$
if $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier} \implies f x \neq 0 \implies g x \neq 0$
<proof>

1.4 Homeomorphism

lemma homeomorphism-empty[*simp*]:
homeomorphism $\{\}$ $t \ f \ f' \longleftrightarrow t = \{\}$
homeomorphism $s \ \{\}$ $f \ f' \longleftrightarrow s = \{\}$
<proof>

lemma homeomorphism-add:
homeomorphism UNIV UNIV $(\lambda x. x + c) (\lambda x. x - c)$
for $c::\text{real-normed-vector}$
<proof>

lemma in-range-scaleR-iff: $x \in \text{range } ((*_R) c) \longleftrightarrow c = 0 \longrightarrow x = 0$
for $x::\text{real-vector}$
<proof>

lemma homeomorphism-scaleR:

homeomorphism UNIV UNIV ($\lambda x. c *_{\mathbb{R}} x ::: \text{real-normed-vector}$) ($\lambda x. x /_{\mathbb{R}} c$)
if $c \neq 0$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *homeomorphism-prod*:
homeomorphism ($a \times b$) ($c \times d$) ($\lambda(x, y). (f x, g y)$) ($\lambda(x, y). (f' x, g' y)$)
if *homeomorphism* $a c f f'$
 homeomorphism $b d g g'$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

1.5 Generalizations

lemma *openin-subtopology-eq-generate-topology*:
openin (*top-of-set* S) $x = \text{generate-topology}$ (*insert* S (($\lambda B. B \cap S$) ' BB)) x
if *open-gen*: *open* = *generate-topology* BB **and** *subset*: $x \subseteq S$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

1.6 Equal topologies

lemma *topology-eq-iff*: $t = s \iff (\text{topspace } t = \text{topspace } s \wedge$
 ($\forall x \subseteq \text{topspace } t. \text{openin } t x = \text{openin } s x$)
 ⟨*proof*⟩

1.7 Finer topologies

definition *finer-than* (**infix** $\langle \text{finer}'\text{-than} \rangle$ 50)
where $T1 \text{ finer-than } T2 \iff \text{continuous-map } T1 T2$ ($\lambda x. x$)

lemma *finer-than-iff-nhds*:
 $T1 \text{ finer-than } T2 \iff (\forall X. \text{openin } T2 X \longrightarrow \text{openin } T1 (X \cap \text{topspace } T1)) \wedge$
 ($\text{topspace } T1 \subseteq \text{topspace } T2$)
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *continuous-on-finer-topo*:
continuous-map $s t f$
if *continuous-map* $s' t f s$ *finer-than* s'
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *continuous-on-finer-topo2*:
continuous-map $s t f$
if *continuous-map* $s t' f t'$ *finer-than* t
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *antisym-finer-than*: $S = T$ **if** $S \text{ finer-than } T$ $T \text{ finer-than } S$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *subtopology-finer-than[simp]*: *top-of-set* X *finer-than* *euclidean*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

1.8 Support

lemma *support-on-nonneg-sum:*

support-on X $(\lambda x. \sum_{i \in S}. f\ i\ x) = (\bigcup_{i \in S}. \text{support-on } X\ (f\ i))$

if *finite S* $\wedge x\ i. x \in X \implies i \in S \implies f\ i\ x \geq 0$

for $f :: \Rightarrow \Rightarrow :: \text{ordered-comm-monoid-add}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *support-on-nonneg-sum-subset:*

support-on X $(\lambda x. \sum_{i \in S}. f\ i\ x) \subseteq (\bigcup_{i \in S}. \text{support-on } X\ (f\ i))$

for $f :: \Rightarrow \Rightarrow :: \text{ordered-comm-monoid-add}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *support-on-nonneg-sum-subset':*

support-on X $(\lambda x. \sum_{i \in S} x. f\ i\ x) \subseteq (\bigcup_{x \in X}. (\bigcup_{i \in S} x. \text{support-on } X\ (f\ i)))$

for $f :: \Rightarrow \Rightarrow :: \text{ordered-comm-monoid-add}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

1.9 Final topology (Bourbaki, General Topology I, 4.)

definition *final-topology X Y f =*

topology $(\lambda U. U \subseteq X \wedge$

$(\forall i. \text{openin } (Y\ i)\ (f\ i - ' U \cap \text{topspace } (Y\ i))))$

lemma *openin-final-topology:*

openin $(\text{final-topology } X\ Y\ f) =$

$(\lambda U. U \subseteq X \wedge (\forall i. \text{openin } (Y\ i)\ (f\ i - ' U \cap \text{topspace } (Y\ i))))$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *topspace-final-topology:*

topspace $(\text{final-topology } X\ Y\ f) = X$

if $\wedge i. f\ i \in \text{topspace } (Y\ i) \rightarrow X$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *continuous-on-final-topologyI2:*

continuous-map $(Y\ i)\ (\text{final-topology } X\ Y\ f)\ (f\ i)$

if $\wedge i. f\ i \in \text{topspace } (Y\ i) \rightarrow X$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *continuous-on-final-topologyI1:*

continuous-map $(\text{final-topology } X\ Y\ f)\ Z\ g$

if hyp: $\wedge i. \text{continuous-map } (Y\ i)\ Z\ (g \circ f\ i)$

and that: $\wedge i. f\ i \in \text{topspace } (Y\ i) \rightarrow X\ g \in X \rightarrow \text{topspace } Z$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *continuous-on-final-topology-iff:*

continuous-map $(\text{final-topology } X\ Y\ f)\ Z\ g \iff (\forall i. \text{continuous-map } (Y\ i)\ Z\ (g \circ f\ i))$

if $\wedge i. f\ i \in \text{topspace } (Y\ i) \rightarrow X\ g \in X \rightarrow \text{topspace } Z$

<proof>

1.10 Quotient topology

definition *map-topology* :: ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow 'a topology \Rightarrow 'b topology **where**
map-topology p X = *final-topology* (p ' *topspace* X) (λ -. X) (λ (::unit). p)

lemma *openin-map-topology*:

openin (*map-topology* p X) = (λ U. U \subseteq p ' *topspace* X \wedge *openin* X (p -' U \cap *topspace* X))

<proof>

lemma *topspace-map-topology[simp]*: *topspace* (*map-topology* f T) = f ' *topspace* T

<proof>

lemma *continuous-on-map-topology*:

continuous-map T (*map-topology* f T) f

<proof>

lemma *continuous-map-composeD*:

continuous-map T X (g \circ f) \Longrightarrow g \in f ' *topspace* T \rightarrow *topspace* X

<proof>

lemma *continuous-on-map-topology2*:

continuous-map T X (g \circ f) \longleftrightarrow *continuous-map* (*map-topology* f T) X g

<proof>

lemma *map-sub-finer-than-commute*:

map-topology f (*subtopology* T (f -' X)) *finer-than* *subtopology* (*map-topology* f T) X

<proof>

lemma *sub-map-finer-than-commute*:

subtopology (*map-topology* f T) X *finer-than* *map-topology* f (*subtopology* T (f -' X))

if *openin* T (f -' X)— this is more or less the condition from <https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/705840/quotient-topology-vs-subspace-topology>

<proof>

lemma *subtopology-map-topology*:

subtopology (*map-topology* f T) X = *map-topology* f (*subtopology* T (f -' X))

if *openin* T (f -' X)

<proof>

lemma *quotient-map-map-topology*:

quotient-map X (*map-topology* f X) f

<proof>

lemma *topological-space-quotient*: *class.topological-space* (*openin* (*map-topology* f

euclidean))
if *surj f*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *t2-space-quotient*: *class.t2-space (open::'b set ⇒ bool)*
if *open-def*: *open = (openin (map-topology (p::'a::t2-space⇒'b::topological-space)*
euclidean))

surj p **and** *open-p*: $\bigwedge X. \text{open } X \implies \text{open } (p \text{ ' } X)$ **and** *closed* $\{(x, y). p \ x = p \ y\}$ (**is closed** ?*R*)
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *second-countable-topology-quotient*: *class.second-countable-topology (open::'b*
set ⇒ bool)
if *open-def*: *open = (openin (map-topology (p::'a::second-countable-topology⇒'b::topological-space)*
euclidean))

surj p **and** *open-p*: $\bigwedge X. \text{open } X \implies \text{open } (p \text{ ' } X)$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

1.11 Closure

lemma *closure-Union*: *closure* $(\bigcup X) = (\bigcup x \in X. \text{closure } x)$ **if** *finite X*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

1.12 Compactness

lemma *compact-if-closed-subset-of-compact*:
compact S **if** *closed S* *compact T* $S \subseteq T$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

1.13 Locally finite

definition *locally-finite-on* $X \ I \ U \longleftrightarrow (\forall p \in X. \exists N. p \in N \wedge \text{open } N \wedge \text{finite } \{i \in I. U \ i \cap N \neq \{\}\})$

lemmas *locally-finite-onI = locally-finite-on-def*[*THEN iffD2, rule-format*]

lemma *locally-finite-onE*:
assumes *locally-finite-on* $X \ I \ U$
assumes $p \in X$
obtains N **where** $p \in N$ *open N* *finite* $\{i \in I. U \ i \cap N \neq \{\}\}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *locally-finite-onD*:
assumes *locally-finite-on* $X \ I \ U$
assumes $p \in X$
shows *finite* $\{i \in I. p \in U \ i\}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *locally-finite-on-open-coverI*: *locally-finite-on* $X \ I \ U$
if *fin*: $\bigwedge j. j \in I \implies \text{finite } \{i \in I. U \ i \cap U \ j \neq \{\}\}$

and *open-cover*: $X \subseteq (\bigcup_{i \in I}. U\ i) \wedge i. i \in I \implies \text{open } (U\ i)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *locally-finite-compactD*:
finite $\{i \in I. U\ i \cap V \neq \{\}\}$
if *lf*: *locally-finite-on* $X\ I\ U$
and *compact*: *compact* V
and *subset*: $V \subseteq X$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *closure-Int-open-eq-empty*: $\text{open } S \implies (\text{closure } T \cap S) = \{\} \iff T \cap S = \{\}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *locally-finite-on-subset*:
assumes *locally-finite-on* $X\ J\ U$
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies V\ i \subseteq U\ i \subseteq J$
shows *locally-finite-on* $X\ I\ V$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *locally-finite-on-closure*:
locally-finite-on $X\ I\ (\lambda x. \text{closure } (U\ x))$
if *locally-finite-on* $X\ I\ U$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *locally-finite-on-closedin-Union-closure*:
closedin (*top-of-set* X) $(\bigcup_{i \in I}. \text{closure } (U\ i))$
if *locally-finite-on* $X\ I\ U \wedge i. i \in I \implies \text{closure } (U\ i) \subseteq X$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *closure-subtopology-minimal*:
 $S \subseteq T \implies \text{closedin } (\text{top-of-set } X)\ T \implies \text{closure } S \cap X \subseteq T$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *locally-finite-on-closure-Union*:
 $(\bigcup_{i \in I}. \text{closure } (U\ i)) = \text{closure } (\bigcup_{i \in I}. (U\ i)) \cap X$
if *locally-finite-on* $X\ I\ U \wedge i. i \in I \implies \text{closure } (U\ i) \subseteq X$
 ⟨proof⟩

1.14 Refinement of cover

definition *refines* :: 'a set set \Rightarrow 'a set set \Rightarrow bool (**infix** <refines> 50)
where $A\ \text{refines } B \iff (\forall s \in A. (\exists t. t \in B \wedge s \subseteq t))$

lemma *refines-subset*: $x\ \text{refines } y\ \text{if } z\ \text{refines } y\ x \subseteq z$
 ⟨proof⟩

1.15 Functions as vector space

instantiation *fun* :: (*type*, *scaleR*) *scaleR* **begin**

definition *scaleR-fun* :: *real* \Rightarrow (*'a* \Rightarrow *'b*) \Rightarrow *'a* \Rightarrow *'b* **where**
scaleR-fun *r f* = ($\lambda x. r *_{\mathbb{R}} f x$)

lemma *scaleR-fun-beta[simp]*: ($r *_{\mathbb{R}} f$) *x* = $r *_{\mathbb{R}} f x$
<proof>

instance *<proof>*

end

instance *fun* :: (*type*, *real-vector*) *real-vector*
<proof>

1.16 Additional lemmas

lemmas [*simp del*] = *vimage-Un vimage-Int*

lemma *finite-Collect-imageI*: *finite* {*U* \in *f* ' *X*. *P U*} **if** *finite* {*x* \in *X*. *P (f x)*}
<proof>

lemma *plus-compose*: (*x* + *y*) \circ *f* = (*x* \circ *f*) + (*y* \circ *f*)
<proof>

lemma *mult-compose*: (*x* * *y*) \circ *f* = (*x* \circ *f*) * (*y* \circ *f*)
<proof>

lemma *scaleR-compose*: ($c *_{\mathbb{R}} x$) \circ *f* = $c *_{\mathbb{R}}$ (*x* \circ *f*)
<proof>

lemma *image-scaleR-ball*:
fixes *a* :: *'a*::*real-normed-vector*
shows $c \neq 0 \implies (*_{\mathbb{R}}) c$ ' *ball a r* = *ball (c *_ℝ a) (abs c *_ℝ r)*
<proof>

1.17 Continuity

lemma *continuous-within-topologicalE*:
assumes *continuous (at x within s) f*
open B f x \in *B*
obtains *A* **where** *open A x* \in *A* \wedge *y. y* \in *s* \implies *y* \in *A* \implies *f y* \in *B*
<proof>

lemma *continuous-within-topologicalE'*:
assumes *continuous (at x) f*
open B f x \in *B*
obtains *A* **where** *open A x* \in *A* f ' *A* \subseteq *B*

<proof>

lemma *continuous-on-inverse: continuous-on S f \implies 0 \notin f ' S \implies continuous-on S* ($\lambda x.$ *inverse (f x)*)
for *f :: \Rightarrow :: real-normed-div-algebra*
<proof>

1.18 (*has-derivative*)

lemma *has-derivative-plus-fun*[*derivative-intros*]:
(x + y has-derivative x' + y') (at a within A)
if [*derivative-intros*]:
(x has-derivative x') (at a within A)
(y has-derivative y') (at a within A)
<proof>

lemma *has-derivative-scaleR-fun*[*derivative-intros*]:
*(x *_R y has-derivative x *_R y') (at a within A)*
if [*derivative-intros*]:
(y has-derivative y') (at a within A)
<proof>

lemma *has-derivative-times-fun*[*derivative-intros*]:
*(x * y has-derivative ($\lambda h.$ x a * y' h + x' h * y a)) (at a within A)*
if [*derivative-intros*]:
(x has-derivative x') (at a within A)
(y has-derivative y') (at a within A)
for *x y :: \Rightarrow 'a :: real-normed-algebra*
<proof>

lemma *real-sqrt-has-derivative-generic*:
x \neq 0 \implies (sqrt has-derivative (((if x > 0 then 1 else -1) * inverse (sqrt x) / 2)) (at x within S)*
<proof>

lemma *sqrt-has-derivative*:
*(($\lambda x.$ sqrt (f x)) has-derivative ($\lambda xa.$ (if 0 < f x then 1 else - 1) / (2 * sqrt (f x)) * f' xa)) (at x within S)*
if (*f has-derivative f'*) (*at x within S*) *f x \neq 0*
<proof>

lemmas *has-derivative-norm-compose*[*derivative-intros*] = *has-derivative-compose*[*OF - has-derivative-norm*]

1.19 Differentiable

lemmas *differentiable-on-empty*[*simp*]

lemma *differentiable-transform-eventually: f differentiable (at x within X)*
if *g differentiable (at x within X)*

$f x = g x$
 $\forall_F x \text{ in } (\text{at } x \text{ within } X). f x = g x$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *differentiable-within-eqI*: f differentiable at x within X
 if g differentiable at x within $X \wedge x. x \in X \implies f x = g x$
 $x \in X$ open X
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *differentiable-eqI*: f differentiable at x
 if g differentiable at $x \wedge x. x \in X \implies f x = g x$ $x \in X$ open X
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *differentiable-on-eqI*:
 f differentiable-on S
 if g differentiable-on $S \wedge x. x \in S \implies f x = g x$ open S
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *differentiable-on-comp*: $(f \circ g)$ differentiable-on S
 if g differentiable-on S f differentiable-on $(g \text{ ' } S)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *differentiable-on-comp2*: $(f \circ g)$ differentiable-on S
 if f differentiable-on T g differentiable-on S $g \text{ ' } S \subseteq T$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemmas *differentiable-on-compose2* = *differentiable-on-comp2*[*unfolded o-def*]

lemma *differentiable-on-openD*: f differentiable at x
 if f differentiable-on X open X $x \in X$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *differentiable-on-add-fun*[*intro, simp*]:
 x differentiable-on $UNIV \implies y$ differentiable-on $UNIV \implies x + y$ differentiable-on
 $UNIV$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *differentiable-on-mult-fun*[*intro, simp*]:
 x differentiable-on $UNIV \implies y$ differentiable-on $UNIV \implies x * y$ differentiable-on
 $UNIV$
 for $x y :: \Rightarrow 'a :: \text{real-normed-algebra}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *differentiable-on-scaleR-fun*[*intro, simp*]:
 y differentiable-on $UNIV \implies x *_R y$ differentiable-on $UNIV$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *sqrt-differentiable*:
 $(\lambda x. \text{sqrt } (f x))$ differentiable (at x within S)

if f differentiable (at x within S) $f' x \neq 0$
(proof)

lemma *sqrt-differentiable-on*: $(\lambda x. \text{sqrt } (f x))$ differentiable-on S
if f differentiable-on S $0 \notin f' S$
(proof)

lemma *differentiable-on-inverse*: f differentiable-on $S \implies 0 \notin f' S \implies (\lambda x. \text{inverse } (f x))$ differentiable-on S
for $f :: \Rightarrow \cdot :: \text{real-normed-field}$
(proof)

lemma *differentiable-on-openI*:
 f differentiable-on S
if $\text{open } S \wedge x. x \in S \implies \exists f'. (f \text{ has-derivative } f') (at x)$
(proof)

lemmas *differentiable-norm-compose-at* = *differentiable-compose*[OF *differentiable-norm-at*]

lemma *differentiable-on-Pair*:
 f differentiable-on $S \implies g$ differentiable-on $S \implies (\lambda x. (f x, g x))$ differentiable-on S
(proof)

lemma *differentiable-at-fst*:
 $(\lambda x. \text{fst } (f x))$ differentiable at x within X **if** f differentiable at x within X
(proof)

lemma *differentiable-at-snd*:
 $(\lambda x. \text{snd } (f x))$ differentiable at x within X **if** f differentiable at x within X
(proof)

lemmas *frechet-derivative-worksI* = *frechet-derivative-works*[THEN *iffD1*]

lemma *sin-differentiable-at*: $(\lambda x. \text{sin } (f x :: \text{real}))$ differentiable at x within X
if f differentiable at x within X
(proof)

lemma *cos-differentiable-at*: $(\lambda x. \text{cos } (f x :: \text{real}))$ differentiable at x within X
if f differentiable at x within X
(proof)

1.20 Frechet derivative

lemmas *frechet-derivative-transform-within-open-ext* =
fun-cong[OF *frechet-derivative-transform-within-open*]

lemmas *frechet-derivative-at'* = *frechet-derivative-at*[*symmetric*]

lemma *frechet-derivative-plus-fun*:

x differentiable at $a \implies y$ differentiable at $a \implies$
 $\text{frechet-derivative } (x + y) \text{ (at } a) =$
 $\text{frechet-derivative } x \text{ (at } a) + \text{frechet-derivative } y \text{ (at } a)$
(proof)

lemmas *frechet-derivative-plus* = *frechet-derivative-plus-fun*[*unfolded plus-fun-def*]

lemma *frechet-derivative-zero-fun*: $\text{frechet-derivative } 0 \text{ (at } a) = 0$

(proof)

lemma *frechet-derivative-sin*:

$\text{frechet-derivative } (\lambda x. \sin (f x)) \text{ (at } x) = (\lambda xa. \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x) xa * \cos (f x))$
if f differentiable (at x)
for $f :: \Rightarrow \text{real}$
(proof)

lemma *frechet-derivative-cos*:

$\text{frechet-derivative } (\lambda x. \cos (f x)) \text{ (at } x) = (\lambda xa. \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x) xa * - \sin (f x))$
if f differentiable (at x)
for $f :: \Rightarrow \text{real}$
(proof)

lemma *differentiable-sum-fun*:

$(\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies (f i \text{ differentiable at } a)) \implies \text{sum } f I \text{ differentiable at } a$
(proof)

lemma *frechet-derivative-sum-fun*:

$(\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies (f i \text{ differentiable at } a)) \implies$
 $\text{frechet-derivative } (\sum i \in I. f i) \text{ (at } a) = (\sum i \in I. \text{frechet-derivative } (f i) \text{ (at } a))$
(proof)

lemma *sum-fun-def*: $(\sum i \in I. f i) = (\lambda x. \sum i \in I. f i x)$

(proof)

lemmas *frechet-derivative-sum* = *frechet-derivative-sum-fun*[*unfolded sum-fun-def*]

lemma *frechet-derivative-times-fun*:

f differentiable at $a \implies g$ differentiable at $a \implies$
 $\text{frechet-derivative } (f * g) \text{ (at } a) =$
 $(\lambda x. f a * \text{frechet-derivative } g \text{ (at } a) x + \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } a) x * g a)$
for $f g :: \Rightarrow 'a :: \text{real-normed-algebra}$
(proof)

lemmas *frechet-derivative-times* = *frechet-derivative-times-fun*[*unfolded times-fun-def*]

lemma *frechet-derivative-scaleR-fun:*

y differentiable at *a* \implies
frechet-derivative (*x* *_R *y*) (at *a*) =
x *_R frechet-derivative *y* (at *a*)
(proof)

lemmas *frechet-derivative-scaleR = frechet-derivative-scaleR-fun*[unfolded scaleR-fun-def]

lemma *frechet-derivative-compose:*

frechet-derivative (*f* o *g*) (at *x*) = frechet-derivative (*f*) (at (*g* *x*)) o frechet-derivative
g (at *x*)
if *g* differentiable at *x* *f* differentiable at (*g* *x*)
(proof)

lemma *frechet-derivative-compose-eucl:*

frechet-derivative (*f* o *g*) (at *x*) =
($\lambda v. \sum i \in \text{Basis}. ((\text{frechet-derivative } g \text{ (at } x) \ v) \cdot i) *_{\mathbb{R}} \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } (g \ x)) \ i)$)
(is ?l = ?r)
if *g* differentiable at *x* *f* differentiable at (*g* *x*)
(proof)

lemma *frechet-derivative-works-on-open:*

f differentiable-on *X* \implies open *X* \implies *x* \in *X* \implies
(*f* has-derivative frechet-derivative *f* (at *x*)) (at *x*)
and frechet-derivative-works-on:
f differentiable-on *X* \implies *x* \in *X* \implies
(*f* has-derivative frechet-derivative *f* (at *x* within *X*)) (at *x* within *X*)
(proof)

lemma *frechet-derivative-inverse: frechet-derivative* ($\lambda x. \text{inverse } (f \ x)$) (at *x*) =

($\lambda h. -1 / (f \ x)^2 * \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x) \ h$)
if *f* differentiable at *x* *f* *x* \neq 0 for *f*:: \Rightarrow real-normed-field
(proof)

lemma *frechet-derivative-sqrt: frechet-derivative* ($\lambda x. \text{sqrt } (f \ x)$) (at *x*) =

($\lambda v. (\text{if } f \ x > 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } -1) / (2 * \text{sqrt } (f \ x)) * \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x) \ v$)
if *f* differentiable at *x* *f* *x* \neq 0
(proof)

lemma *frechet-derivative-norm: frechet-derivative* ($\lambda x. \text{norm } (f \ x)$) (at *x*) =

($\lambda v. \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x) \ v \cdot \text{sgn } (f \ x)$)
if *f* differentiable at *x* *f* *x* \neq 0
for *f*:: \Rightarrow real-inner
(proof)

lemma (in bounded-linear) *frechet-derivative:*

frechet-derivative *f* (at *x*) = *f*

<proof>

bundle *matrix-mult*

begin

notation *matrix-matrix-mult* (**infixl** <*> 70)

end

lemma (**in** *bounded-bilinear*) *frechet-derivative*:

includes *no matrix-mult*

shows

x *differentiable at a* \implies y *differentiable at a* \implies

$\text{frechet-derivative } (\lambda a. x a ** y a) (at a) =$

$(\lambda h. x a ** \text{frechet-derivative } y (at a) h + \text{frechet-derivative } x (at a) h ** y$

$a)$

<proof>

lemma *frechet-derivative-divide*: $\text{frechet-derivative } (\lambda x. f x / g x) (at x) =$

$(\lambda h. \text{frechet-derivative } f (at x) h / (g x) - \text{frechet-derivative } g (at x) h * f x /$

$(g x)^2)$

if f *differentiable at x* g *differentiable at x* $g x \neq 0$ **for** $f :: \Rightarrow :: \text{real-normed-field}$

<proof>

lemma *frechet-derivative-pair*:

$\text{frechet-derivative } (\lambda x. (f x, g x)) (at x) = (\lambda v. (\text{frechet-derivative } f (at x) v,$

$\text{frechet-derivative } g (at x) v))$

if f *differentiable at x* g *differentiable at x*

<proof>

lemma *frechet-derivative-fst*:

$\text{frechet-derivative } (\lambda x. \text{fst } (f x)) (at x) = (\lambda xa. \text{fst } (\text{frechet-derivative } f (at x) xa))$

if f *differentiable at x*

for $f :: \Rightarrow (:: \text{real-normed-vector} \times :: \text{real-normed-vector})$

<proof>

lemma *frechet-derivative-snd*:

$\text{frechet-derivative } (\lambda x. \text{snd } (f x)) (at x) = (\lambda xa. \text{snd } (\text{frechet-derivative } f (at x)$

$xa))$

if f *differentiable at x*

for $f :: \Rightarrow (:: \text{real-normed-vector} \times :: \text{real-normed-vector})$

<proof>

lemma *frechet-derivative-eq-vector-derivative-1*:

assumes f *differentiable at t*

shows $\text{frechet-derivative } f (at t) 1 = \text{vector-derivative } f (at t)$

<proof>

1.21 Linear algebra

lemma (**in** *vector-space*) *dim-pos-finite-dimensional-vector-spaceE*:

```

assumes dim (UNIV::'b set) > 0
obtains basis where finite-dimensional-vector-space scale basis
⟨proof⟩

context vector-space-on begin

context includes lifting-syntax assumes  $\exists (Rep::'s \Rightarrow 'b) (Abs::'b \Rightarrow 's)$ . type-definition
Rep Abs S begin

interpretation local-typedef-vector-space-on S scale TYPE('s) ⟨proof⟩

lemmas-with [var-simplified explicit-ab-group-add,
unoverload-type 'd,
OF type.ab-group-add-axioms type-vector-space-on-with,
folded dim-S-def,
untransferred,
var-simplified implicit-ab-group-add]:
lt-dim-pos-finite-dimensional-vector-spaceE = vector-space.dim-pos-finite-dimensional-vector-spaceE

end

lemmas-with [cancel-type-definition,
OF S-ne,
folded subset-iff',
simplified pred-fun-def, folded finite-dimensional-vector-space-on-with,
simplified— too much?]:
dim-pos-finite-dimensional-vector-spaceE = lt-dim-pos-finite-dimensional-vector-spaceE

end

```

1.22 Extensional function space

f is zero outside A . We use such functions to canonically represent functions whose domain is A

definition *extensional0* :: *'a set* \Rightarrow (*'a* \Rightarrow *'b::zero*) \Rightarrow *bool*
where *extensional0 A f* = ($\forall x. x \notin A \longrightarrow f x = 0$)

lemma *extensional0-0*[*intro, simp*]: *extensional0 X 0*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *extensional0-UNIV*[*intro, simp*]: *extensional0 UNIV f*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *ext-extensional0*:
f = g **if** *extensional0 S f extensional0 S g* $\wedge x. x \in S \Longrightarrow f x = g x$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *extensional0-add*[*intro, simp*]:
extensional0 S f \Longrightarrow *extensional0 S g* \Longrightarrow *extensional0 S (f + g::=>'a::comm-monoid-add)*

<proof>

lemma *extensional0-mult*[*intro, simp*]:
 $extensional0\ S\ x \implies extensional0\ S\ y \implies extensional0\ S\ (x * y)$
for $x\ y :: \Rightarrow 'a :: mult-zero$
<proof>

lemma *extensional0-scaleR*[*intro, simp*]: $extensional0\ S\ f \implies extensional0\ S\ (c *_{\mathbb{R}} f :: \Rightarrow 'a :: real-vector)$
<proof>

lemma *extensional0-outside*: $x \notin S \implies extensional0\ S\ f \implies f\ x = 0$
<proof>

lemma *subspace-extensional0*: $subspace\ (Collect\ (extensional0\ X))$
<proof>

Send the function f to its canonical representative as a function with domain A

definition *restrict0* :: $'a\ set \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b :: zero) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'b$
where $restrict0\ A\ f\ x = (if\ x \in A\ then\ f\ x\ else\ 0)$

lemma *restrict0-UNIV*[*simp*]: $restrict0\ UNIV = (\lambda x. x)$
<proof>

lemma *extensional0-restrict0*[*intro, simp*]: $extensional0\ A\ (restrict0\ A\ f)$
<proof>

lemma *restrict0-times*: $restrict0\ A\ (x * y) = restrict0\ A\ x * restrict0\ A\ y$
for $x :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: mult-zero$
<proof>

lemma *restrict0-apply-in*[*simp*]: $x \in A \implies restrict0\ A\ f\ x = f\ x$
<proof>

lemma *restrict0-apply-out*[*simp*]: $x \notin A \implies restrict0\ A\ f\ x = 0$
<proof>

lemma *restrict0-scaleR*: $restrict0\ A\ (c *_{\mathbb{R}} f :: \Rightarrow 'a :: real-vector) = c *_{\mathbb{R}} restrict0\ A\ f$
<proof>

lemma *restrict0-add*: $restrict0\ A\ (f + g :: \Rightarrow 'a :: real-vector) = restrict0\ A\ f + restrict0\ A\ g$
<proof>

lemma *restrict0-restrict0*: $restrict0\ X\ (restrict0\ Y\ f) = restrict0\ (X \cap Y)\ f$
<proof>

end

2 Smooth Functions between Normed Vector Spaces

```
theory Smooth
  imports
    Analysis-More
begin
```

2.1 From/To Multivariate-Taylor.thy

```
lemma multivariate-Taylor-integral:
  fixes f::'a::real-normed-vector  $\Rightarrow$  'b::banach
  and Df::'a  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'b
  assumes n > 0
  assumes Df-Nil:  $\bigwedge a x. Df a 0 H = f a$ 
  assumes Df-Cons:  $\bigwedge a i d. a \in \text{closed-segment } X (X + H) \implies i < n \implies$ 
     $((\lambda a. Df a i H) \text{ has-derivative } (Df a (Suc i)))$  (at a within G)
  assumes cs:  $\text{closed-segment } X (X + H) \subseteq G$ 
  defines i  $\equiv \lambda x.$ 
     $((1 - x) \wedge^{(n - 1)} / \text{fact } (n - 1)) *_{\mathbb{R}} Df (X + x *_{\mathbb{R}} H) n H$ 
  shows multivariate-Taylor-has-integral:
     $(i \text{ has-integral } f (X + H) - (\sum i < n. (1 / \text{fact } i) *_{\mathbb{R}} Df X i H)) \{0..1\}$ 
  and multivariate-Taylor:
     $f (X + H) = (\sum i < n. (1 / \text{fact } i) *_{\mathbb{R}} Df X i H) + \text{integral } \{0..1\} i$ 
  and multivariate-Taylor-integrable:
     $i \text{ integrable-on } \{0..1\}$ 
<proof>
```

2.2 Higher-order differentiable

```
fun higher-differentiable-on ::
  'a::real-normed-vector set  $\Rightarrow$  ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'b::real-normed-vector)  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  higher-differentiable-on S f 0  $\longleftrightarrow$  continuous-on S f
| higher-differentiable-on S f (Suc n)  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
   $(\forall x \in S. f \text{ differentiable } (at x)) \wedge$ 
   $(\forall v. \text{higher-differentiable-on } S (\lambda x. \text{frechet-derivative } f (at x) v) n)$ 
```

```
lemma ball-differentiable-atD:  $\forall x \in S. f \text{ differentiable } at x \implies f \text{ differentiable-on } S$ 
<proof>
```

```
lemma higher-differentiable-on-imp-continuous-on:
  continuous-on S f if higher-differentiable-on S f n
<proof>
```

```
lemma higher-differentiable-on-imp-differentiable-on:
  f differentiable-on S if higher-differentiable-on S f k k > 0
<proof>
```

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-congI:*
assumes *open S higher-differentiable-on S g n*
and $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies f x = g x$
shows *higher-differentiable-on S f n*
<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-cong:*
assumes *open S S = T*
and $\bigwedge x. x \in T \implies f x = g x$
shows *higher-differentiable-on S f n \longleftrightarrow higher-differentiable-on T g n*
<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-SucD:*
higher-differentiable-on S f n **if** *higher-differentiable-on S f (Suc n)*
<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-addD:*
higher-differentiable-on S f n **if** *higher-differentiable-on S f (n + m)*
<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-le:*
higher-differentiable-on S f n **if** *higher-differentiable-on S f m n \leq m*
<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-open-subsetsI:*
higher-differentiable-on S f n
if $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies \exists T. x \in T \wedge \text{open } T \wedge \text{higher-differentiable-on } T f n$
<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-const:* *higher-differentiable-on S ($\lambda x. c$) n*
<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-id:* *higher-differentiable-on S ($\lambda x. x$) n*
<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-add:*
higher-differentiable-on S ($\lambda x. f x + g x$) n
if *higher-differentiable-on S f n*
higher-differentiable-on S g n
open S
<proof>

lemma (**in** *bounded-bilinear*) *differentiable:*
($\lambda x. \text{prod } (f x) (g x)$) differentiable at x within S
if *f differentiable at x within S*
g differentiable at x within S
<proof>

```

context begin
private lemmas  $d = \text{bounded-bilinear.differentiable}$ 
lemmas  $\text{differentiable-inner} = \text{bounded-bilinear-inner}[THEN d]$ 
  and  $\text{differentiable-scaleR} = \text{bounded-bilinear-scaleR}[THEN d]$ 
  and  $\text{differentiable-mult} = \text{bounded-bilinear-mult}[THEN d]$ 
end

lemma (in  $\text{bounded-bilinear}$ )  $\text{differentiable-on}$ :
   $(\lambda x. \text{prod } (f x) (g x)) \text{differentiable-on } S$ 
  if  $f \text{differentiable-on } S$   $g \text{differentiable-on } S$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

context begin
private lemmas  $do = \text{bounded-bilinear.differentiable-on}$ 
lemmas  $\text{differentiable-on-inner} = \text{bounded-bilinear-inner}[THEN do]$ 
  and  $\text{differentiable-on-scaleR} = \text{bounded-bilinear-scaleR}[THEN do]$ 
  and  $\text{differentiable-on-mult} = \text{bounded-bilinear-mult}[THEN do]$ 
end

lemma (in  $\text{bounded-bilinear}$ )  $\text{higher-differentiable-on}$ :
   $\text{higher-differentiable-on } S (\lambda x. \text{prod } (f x) (g x)) n$ 
  if
     $\text{higher-differentiable-on } S f n$ 
     $\text{higher-differentiable-on } S g n$ 
     $\text{open } S$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

context begin
private lemmas  $hdo = \text{bounded-bilinear.higher-differentiable-on}$ 
lemmas  $\text{higher-differentiable-on-inner} = \text{bounded-bilinear-inner}[THEN hdo]$ 
  and  $\text{higher-differentiable-on-scaleR} = \text{bounded-bilinear-scaleR}[THEN hdo]$ 
  and  $\text{higher-differentiable-on-mult} = \text{bounded-bilinear-mult}[THEN hdo]$ 
end

lemma  $\text{higher-differentiable-on-sum}$ :
   $\text{higher-differentiable-on } S (\lambda x. \sum_{i \in F}. f i x) n$ 
  if  $\bigwedge i. i \in F \implies \text{finite } F \implies \text{higher-differentiable-on } S (f i) n$   $\text{open } S$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma  $\text{higher-differentiable-on-subset}$ :
   $\text{higher-differentiable-on } S f n$ 
  if  $\text{higher-differentiable-on } T f n$   $S \subseteq T$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma  $\text{higher-differentiable-on-compose}$ :
   $\text{higher-differentiable-on } S (f \circ g) n$ 
  if  $\text{higher-differentiable-on } T f n$   $\text{higher-differentiable-on } S g n$   $g ' S \subseteq T$   $\text{open } S$ 
   $\text{open } T$ 

```

for $g::\Rightarrow::\text{euclidean-space}$ — TODO: can we get around this restriction?
(proof)

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-uminus:*
higher-differentiable-on S $(\lambda x. - f x)$ n
if *higher-differentiable-on* S f n *open* S
(proof)

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-minus:*
higher-differentiable-on S $(\lambda x. f x - g x)$ n
if *higher-differentiable-on* S f n
higher-differentiable-on S g n
open S
(proof)

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-inverse:*
higher-differentiable-on S $(\lambda x. \text{inverse } (f x))$ n
if *higher-differentiable-on* S f n $0 \notin f' S$ *open* S
for $f::\Rightarrow::\text{real-normed-field}$
(proof)

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-divide:*
higher-differentiable-on S $(\lambda x. f x / g x)$ n
if
higher-differentiable-on S f n
higher-differentiable-on S g n
 $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies g x \neq 0$
open S
for $f::\Rightarrow::\text{real-normed-field}$
(proof)

lemma *differentiable-on-open-Union:*
f differentiable-on $\bigcup S$
if $\bigwedge s. s \in S \implies f$ *differentiable-on* s
 $\bigwedge s. s \in S \implies$ *open* s
(proof)

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-open-Union: higher-differentiable-on* $(\bigcup S)$ f n
if $\bigwedge s. s \in S \implies$ *higher-differentiable-on* s f n
 $\bigwedge s. s \in S \implies$ *open* s
(proof)

lemma *differentiable-on-open-Un:*
f differentiable-on $S \cup T$
if *f differentiable-on* S
f differentiable-on T
open S *open* T
(proof)

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-open-Un*: *higher-differentiable-on* $(S \cup T)$ f n
if *higher-differentiable-on* S f n
higher-differentiable-on T f n
open S *open* T
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-sqrt*: *higher-differentiable-on* S $(\lambda x. \text{sqrt } (f x))$ n
if *higher-differentiable-on* S f n $0 \notin f' S$ *open* S
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-frechet-derivativeI*:
higher-differentiable-on X $(\lambda x. \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x) h) i$
if *higher-differentiable-on* X f $(\text{Suc } i)$ *open* X $x \in X$
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-norm*:
higher-differentiable-on S $(\lambda x. \text{norm } (f x))$ n
if *higher-differentiable-on* S f n $0 \notin f' S$ *open* S
for $f::\Rightarrow::\text{real-inner}$
⟨*proof*⟩

declare *higher-differentiable-on.simps* [*simp del*]

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-Pair*:
higher-differentiable-on S f $k \implies$ *higher-differentiable-on* S g $k \implies$
higher-differentiable-on S $(\lambda x. (f x, g x))$ k
if *open* S
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-compose'*:
higher-differentiable-on S $(\lambda x. f (g x))$ n
if *higher-differentiable-on* T f n *higher-differentiable-on* S g n $g' S \subseteq T$ *open* S
open T
for $g::\Rightarrow::\text{euclidean-space}$
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-fst*:
higher-differentiable-on $(S \times T)$ fst k
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-snd*:
higher-differentiable-on $(S \times T)$ snd k
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-fst-comp*:
higher-differentiable-on S $(\lambda x. \text{fst } (f x))$ k
if *higher-differentiable-on* S f k *open* S

<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-snd-comp:*
higher-differentiable-on S (λx. snd (f x)) k
if *higher-differentiable-on S f k open S*
<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-Pair':*
higher-differentiable-on S f k ⇒ higher-differentiable-on T g k ⇒
higher-differentiable-on (S × T) (λx. (f (fst x), g (snd x))) k
if *S: open S and T: open T*
for *f:::euclidean-space⇒- and g:::euclidean-space⇒-*
<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-sin: higher-differentiable-on S (λx. sin (f x::real))*
n
and *higher-differentiable-on-cos: higher-differentiable-on S (λx. cos (f x::real)) n*
if *f: higher-differentiable-on S f n and S: open S*
<proof>

2.3 Higher directional derivatives

primrec *nth-derivative :: nat ⇒ ('a::real-normed-vector ⇒ 'b::real-normed-vector)*
⇒ 'a ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'b where
nth-derivative 0 f x h = f x
| nth-derivative (Suc i) f x h = nth-derivative i (λx. frechet-derivative f (at x) h)
x h

lemma *frechet-derivative-nth-derivative-commute:*
frechet-derivative (λx. nth-derivative i f x h) (at x) h =
nth-derivative i (λx. frechet-derivative f (at x) h) x h
<proof>

lemma *nth-derivative-funpow:*
nth-derivative i f x h = ((λf x. frechet-derivative f (at x) h) $\hat{\sim}$ i) f x
<proof>

lemma *nth-derivative-exists:*
 $\exists f'. ((\lambda x. nth-derivative i f x h) has-derivative f') (at x) \wedge$
 $f' h = nth-derivative (Suc i) f x h$
if *higher-differentiable-on X f (Suc i) open X x ∈ X*
<proof>

lemma *higher-derivatives-exists:*
assumes *higher-differentiable-on X f n open X*
obtains *Df where*
 $\bigwedge a h. Df a 0 h = f a$
 $\bigwedge a h i. i < n \implies a \in X \implies ((\lambda a. Df a i H) has-derivative Df a (Suc i)) (at$

a)
 $\bigwedge a i. i \leq n \implies a \in X \implies Df a i H = nth\text{-derivative } i f a H$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *nth-derivative-differentiable*:

assumes *higher-differentiable-on S f (Suc n) x ∈ S*
shows $(\lambda x. nth\text{-derivative } n f x v)$ *differentiable at x*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-imp-continuous-nth-derivative*:

assumes *higher-differentiable-on S f n*
shows *continuous-on S* $(\lambda x. nth\text{-derivative } n f x v)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *frechet-derivative-at-real-eq-scaleR*:

*frechet-derivative f (at x) v = v *_R frechet-derivative f (at x) 1*
if *f differentiable (at x) NO-MATCH 1 v*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-real-Suc*:

higher-differentiable-on S f (Suc n) \longleftrightarrow
 $(\forall x \in S. f \text{ differentiable } (at x)) \wedge$
 $(higher\text{-differentiable-on } S (\lambda x. frechet\text{-derivative } f (at x) 1) n)$
if *open S*
for *S::real set*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-real-SucI*:

fixes *S::real set*
assumes
 $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies (\lambda x. nth\text{-derivative } n f x 1)$ *differentiable at x*
continuous-on S $(\lambda x. nth\text{-derivative } (Suc n) f x 1)$
higher-differentiable-on S f n
and *o: open S*
shows *higher-differentiable-on S f (Suc n)*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-real-Suc'*:

open S \implies higher-differentiable-on S f (Suc n) \longleftrightarrow
 $(\forall v. continuous\text{-on } S (\lambda x. nth\text{-derivative } (Suc n) f x 1)) \wedge$
 $(\forall x \in S. \forall v. (\lambda x. nth\text{-derivative } n f x 1) \text{ differentiable } (at x)) \wedge higher\text{-differentiable-on}$
S f n
for *S::real set*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *closed-segment-subsetD*:

$0 \leq x \implies x \leq 1 \implies (X + x *_R H) \in S$
if *closed-segment X (X + H) \subseteq S*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *higher-differentiable-Taylor*:

fixes $f::'a::\text{real-normed-vector} \Rightarrow 'b::\text{banach}$
and $H::'a$
and $Df::'a \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'b$
assumes $n > 0$
assumes hd : *higher-differentiable-on* S f n *open* S
assumes cs : *closed-segment* X $(X + H) \subseteq S$
defines $i \equiv \lambda x. ((1 - x) \wedge^{(n - 1)} / \text{fact } (n - 1)) *_{\mathbb{R}} \text{nth-derivative } n$ f $(X + x *_{\mathbb{R}} H)$ H
shows $(i \text{ has-integral } f$ $(X + H) - (\sum_{i < n}. (1 / \text{fact } i) *_{\mathbb{R}} \text{nth-derivative } i$ f X $H)) \{0..1\}$ **(is ?th1)**
and f $(X + H) = (\sum_{i < n}. (1 / \text{fact } i) *_{\mathbb{R}} \text{nth-derivative } i$ f X $H) + \text{integral } \{0..1\}$ i **(is ?th2)**
and i *integrable-on* $\{0..1\}$ **(is ?th3)**
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *frechet-derivative-componentwise*:

frechet-derivative f *(at* $a)$ $v = (\sum_{i \in \text{Basis}. (v \cdot i) * (\text{frechet-derivative } f$ *(at* $a)$ $i))$
if f *differentiable at* a
for $f::'a::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow \text{real}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *second-derivative-componentwise*:

nth-derivative 2 f a $v =$
 $(\sum_{i \in \text{Basis}. (\sum_{j \in \text{Basis}. \text{frechet-derivative } (\lambda a. \text{frechet-derivative } f$ *(at* $a)$ $j)$ *(at* $a)$ $i * (v \cdot j) * (v \cdot i))$
if *higher-differentiable-on* S f 2 **and** S : *open* S $a \in S$
for $f::'a::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow \text{real}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *higher-differentiable-Taylor1*:

fixes $f::'a::\text{real-normed-vector} \Rightarrow 'b::\text{banach}$
assumes hd : *higher-differentiable-on* S f 2 *open* S
assumes cs : *closed-segment* X $(X + H) \subseteq S$
defines $i \equiv \lambda x. ((1 - x) *_{\mathbb{R}} \text{nth-derivative } 2$ f $(X + x *_{\mathbb{R}} H)$ H
shows $(i \text{ has-integral } f$ $(X + H) - (f$ $X + \text{nth-derivative } 1$ f X $H)) \{0..1\}$
and f $(X + H) = f$ $X + \text{nth-derivative } 1$ f X $H + \text{integral } \{0..1\}$ i
and i *integrable-on* $\{0..1\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *differentiable-on-open-blinfunE*:

assumes f *differentiable-on* S *open* S
obtains f' **where** $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies (f \text{ has-derivative } \text{blinfun-apply } (f' x))$ *(at* $x)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *continuous-on-blinfunI1*:

continuous-on X f
if $\bigwedge i. i \in \text{Basis} \implies \text{continuous-on } X (\lambda x. \text{blinfun-apply } (f \ x) \ i)$
<proof>

lemma *c1-euclidean-blinfunE*:

fixes $f::'a::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow 'b::\text{real-normed-vector}$
assumes $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies (f \text{ has-derivative } f' \ x) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } S)$
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in \text{Basis} \implies \text{continuous-on } S (\lambda x. f' \ x \ i)$
obtains bf' **where**
 $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies (f \text{ has-derivative } \text{blinfun-apply } (bf' \ x)) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } S)$
 $\text{continuous-on } S \ bf'$
 $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies \text{blinfun-apply } (bf' \ x) = f' \ x$
<proof>

lemma *continuous-Sigma*:

assumes *defined*: $y \in \text{Pi } T \ X$
assumes *f-cont*: $\text{continuous-on } (\text{Sigma } T \ X) (\lambda(t, x). f \ t \ x)$
assumes *y-cont*: $\text{continuous-on } T \ y$
shows $\text{continuous-on } T (\lambda x. f \ x \ (y \ x))$
<proof>

lemma *continuous-on-Times-swap*:

$\text{continuous-on } (X \times Y) (\lambda(x, y). f \ x \ y)$
if $\text{continuous-on } (Y \times X) (\lambda(y, x). f \ x \ y)$
<proof>

lemma *leibniz-rule'*:

$\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies$
 $((\lambda x. \text{integral } (\text{cbox } a \ b) (f \ x)) \text{ has-derivative } (\lambda v. \text{integral } (\text{cbox } a \ b) (\lambda t. f \ x \ x \ t \ v)))$
 $\text{ (at } x \text{ within } S)$
 $(\lambda x. \text{integral } (\text{cbox } a \ b) (f \ x)) \text{ differentiable-on } S$
if *convex S*
and *c1*: $\bigwedge t x. t \in \text{cbox } a \ b \implies x \in S \implies ((\lambda x. f \ x \ t) \text{ has-derivative } f \ x \ x \ t) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } S)$
and *i*: $\bigwedge i. i \in \text{Basis} \implies \text{continuous-on } (S \times \text{cbox } a \ b) (\lambda(x, t). f \ x \ x \ t \ i)$
and *i*: $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies f \ x \ \text{integrable-on } \text{cbox } a \ b$
for $S::'a::\text{euclidean-space set}$
and $f::'a \Rightarrow 'b::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow 'c::\text{euclidean-space}$
<proof>

lemmas *leibniz-rule'-interval* = *leibniz-rule'*[**where** $'b=::\text{ordered-euclidean-space}$,
unfolded cbox-interval]

lemma *leibniz-rule'-higher*:

$\text{higher-differentiable-on } S (\lambda x. \text{integral } (\text{cbox } a \ b) (f \ x)) \ k$
if *convex S open S*
and *c1*: $\text{higher-differentiable-on } (S \times \text{cbox } a \ b) (\lambda(x, t). f \ x \ t) \ k$
— this condition is actually too strong: it would suffice if higher partial derivatives

(w.r.t. x) are continuous w.r.t. t . but it makes the statement short and no need to introduce new constants

for $S::'a::\text{euclidean-space set}$
and $f::'a \Rightarrow 'b::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow 'c::\text{euclidean-space}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas $\text{leibniz-rule'-higher-interval} = \text{leibniz-rule'-higher}[\text{where } 'b=-::\text{ordered-euclidean-space, unfolded cbox-interval}]$

2.4 Smoothness

definition $k\text{-smooth-on} :: \text{enat} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{real-normed-vector set} \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b::\text{real-normed-vector}) \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

$\langle \text{smooth-on} \rangle [1000]$ **where**
 $\text{smooth-on-def: } k\text{-smooth-on } S f = (\forall n \leq k. \text{higher-differentiable-on } S f n)$

abbreviation $\text{smooth-on } S f \equiv \infty\text{-smooth-on } S f$

lemma $\text{derivative-is-smooth'}$:

assumes $(k+1)\text{-smooth-on } S f$
shows $k\text{-smooth-on } S (\lambda x. \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x) v)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{derivative-is-smooth: smooth-on } S f \Longrightarrow \text{smooth-on } S (\lambda x. \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x) v)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{smooth-on-imp-continuous-on: continuous-on } S f \text{ if } k\text{-smooth-on } S f$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{smooth-on-imp-differentiable-on[simp]: } f \text{ differentiable-on } S \text{ if } k\text{-smooth-on } S f k \neq 0$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma smooth-on-cong :

assumes $k\text{-smooth-on } S g \text{ open } S$

and $\bigwedge x. x \in S \Longrightarrow f x = g x$

shows $k\text{-smooth-on } S f$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma smooth-on-open-Un :

$k\text{-smooth-on } S f \Longrightarrow k\text{-smooth-on } T f \Longrightarrow \text{open } S \Longrightarrow \text{open } T \Longrightarrow k\text{-smooth-on } (S \cup T) f$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{smooth-on-open-subsetsI}$:

$k\text{-smooth-on } S f$

if $\bigwedge x. x \in S \Longrightarrow \exists T. x \in T \wedge \text{open } T \wedge k\text{-smooth-on } T f$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *smooth-on-const*[intro]: $k\text{-smooth-on } S (\lambda x. c)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *smooth-on-id*[intro]: $k\text{-smooth-on } S (\lambda x. x)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *smooth-on-add-fun*: $k\text{-smooth-on } S f \implies k\text{-smooth-on } S g \implies \text{open } S$
 $\implies k\text{-smooth-on } S (f + g)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemmas *smooth-on-add* = *smooth-on-add-fun*[*unfolded plus-fun-def*]

lemma *smooth-on-sum*:
 $n\text{-smooth-on } S (\lambda x. \sum_{i \in F}. f i x)$
if $\bigwedge i. i \in F \implies \text{finite } F \implies n\text{-smooth-on } S (f i) \text{ open } S$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma (**in** *bounded-bilinear*) *smooth-on*:
includes *no matrix-mult*
assumes $k\text{-smooth-on } S f k\text{-smooth-on } S g \text{ open } S$
shows $k\text{-smooth-on } S (\lambda x. (f x) ** (g x))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *smooth-on-compose2*:
fixes $g :: \Rightarrow :: \text{euclidean-space}$
assumes $k\text{-smooth-on } T f k\text{-smooth-on } S g \text{ open } U \text{ open } T g \text{ ' } U \subseteq T U \subseteq S$
shows $k\text{-smooth-on } U (f \circ g)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *smooth-on-compose*:
fixes $g :: \Rightarrow :: \text{euclidean-space}$
assumes $k\text{-smooth-on } T f k\text{-smooth-on } S g \text{ open } S \text{ open } T g \text{ ' } S \subseteq T$
shows $k\text{-smooth-on } S (f \circ g)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *smooth-on-subset*:
 $k\text{-smooth-on } S f$
if $k\text{-smooth-on } T f S \subseteq T$
 ⟨proof⟩

context begin
private lemmas $s = \text{bounded-bilinear.smooth-on}$
lemmas *smooth-on-inner* = *bounded-bilinear-inner*[*THEN* s]
and *smooth-on-scaleR* = *bounded-bilinear-scaleR*[*THEN* s]
and *smooth-on-mult* = *bounded-bilinear-mult*[*THEN* s]
end

lemma *smooth-on-divide*: $k\text{-smooth-on } S f \implies k\text{-smooth-on } S g \implies \text{open } S \implies (\bigwedge x.$

$x \in S \implies g x \neq 0 \implies$
 $k\text{-smooth-on } S (\lambda x. f x / g x)$
for $f :: \Rightarrow :: \text{real-normed-field}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *smooth-on-scaleR-fun*: $k\text{-smooth-on } S g \implies \text{open } S \implies k\text{-smooth-on } S$
 $(c *_{\mathbb{R}} g)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *smooth-on-uminus-fun*: $k\text{-smooth-on } S g \implies \text{open } S \implies k\text{-smooth-on } S$
 $(- g)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas *smooth-on-uminus* = *smooth-on-uminus-fun*[*unfolded fun-Compl-def*]

lemma *smooth-on-minus-fun*: $k\text{-smooth-on } S f \implies k\text{-smooth-on } S g \implies \text{open } S$
 $\implies k\text{-smooth-on } S (f - g)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas *smooth-on-minus* = *smooth-on-minus-fun*[*unfolded fun-diff-def*]

lemma *smooth-on-times-fun*: $k\text{-smooth-on } S f \implies k\text{-smooth-on } S g \implies \text{open } S$
 $\implies k\text{-smooth-on } S (f * g)$
for $f g :: \Rightarrow :: \text{real-normed-algebra}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *smooth-on-le*:
 $l\text{-smooth-on } S f$
if $k\text{-smooth-on } S f l \leq k$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *smooth-on-inverse*: $k\text{-smooth-on } S (\lambda x. \text{inverse } (f x))$
if $k\text{-smooth-on } S f 0 \notin f ' S \text{ open } S$
for $f :: \Rightarrow :: \text{real-normed-field}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *smooth-on-norm*: $k\text{-smooth-on } S (\lambda x. \text{norm } (f x))$
if $k\text{-smooth-on } S f 0 \notin f ' S \text{ open } S$
for $f :: \Rightarrow :: \text{real-inner}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *smooth-on-sqrt*: $k\text{-smooth-on } S (\lambda x. \text{sqrt } (f x))$
if $k\text{-smooth-on } S f 0 \notin f ' S \text{ open } S$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *smooth-on-frechet-derivative*:
 $\infty\text{-smooth-on UNIV } (\lambda x. \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x) v)$
if $\infty\text{-smooth-on UNIV } f$
— TODO: generalize

<proof>

lemmas *smooth-on-frechet-derivivative-comp = smooth-on-compose2*[OF *smooth-on-frechet-derivative, unfolded o-def*]

lemma *smooth-onD: higher-differentiable-on S f n* **if** *m-smooth-on S f* **enat** $n \leq m$

<proof>

lemma (**in** *bounded-linear*) *higher-differentiable-on: higher-differentiable-on S f n*
<proof>

lemma (**in** *bounded-linear*) *smooth-on: k-smooth-on S f*
<proof>

lemma *smooth-on-snd:*
k-smooth-on S ($\lambda x. \text{snd } (f x)$)
if *k-smooth-on S f* **open** *S*
<proof>

lemma *smooth-on-fst:*
k-smooth-on S ($\lambda x. \text{fst } (f x)$)
if *k-smooth-on S f* **open** *S*
<proof>

lemma *smooth-on-sin: n-smooth-on S* ($\lambda x. \text{sin } (f x::\text{real})$) **if** *n-smooth-on S f* **open** *S*
<proof>

lemma *smooth-on-cos: n-smooth-on S* ($\lambda x. \text{cos } (f x::\text{real})$) **if** *n-smooth-on S f* **open** *S*
<proof>

lemma *smooth-on-Taylor2E:*
fixes $f::'a::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow \text{real}$
assumes *hd: ∞ -smooth-on UNIV f*
obtains *g* **where** $\bigwedge Y.$
 $f Y = f X + \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } X) (Y - X) + (\sum i \in \text{Basis}. (\sum j \in \text{Basis}.$
 $((Y - X) \cdot j) * ((Y - X) \cdot i) * g i j Y))$
 $\bigwedge i j. i \in \text{Basis} \implies j \in \text{Basis} \implies \infty\text{-smooth-on UNIV } (g i j)$
— **TODO:** generalize
<proof>

lemma *smooth-on-Pair:*
k-smooth-on S ($\lambda x. (f x, g x)$)
if *open S* *k-smooth-on S f* *k-smooth-on S g*
<proof>

lemma *smooth-on-Pair'*:
 $k\text{-smooth-on } (S \times T) (\lambda x. (f (fst x), g (snd x)))$
if $open\ S\ open\ T\ k\text{-smooth-on } S\ f\ k\text{-smooth-on } T\ g$
for $f:::\text{euclidean-space}\Rightarrow-$ **and** $g:::\text{euclidean-space}\Rightarrow-$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

2.5 Diffeomorphism

definition *diffeomorphism* $k\ S\ T\ p\ p' \longleftrightarrow$
 $k\text{-smooth-on } S\ p \wedge k\text{-smooth-on } T\ p' \wedge \text{homeomorphism } S\ T\ p\ p'$

lemma *diffeomorphism-imp-homeomorphism*:
assumes *diffeomorphism* $k\ s\ t\ p\ p'$
shows *homeomorphism* $s\ t\ p\ p'$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *diffeomorphismD*:
assumes *diffeomorphism* $k\ S\ T\ f\ g$
shows *diffeomorphism-smoothD*: $k\text{-smooth-on } S\ f\ k\text{-smooth-on } T\ g$
and *diffeomorphism-inverseD*: $\bigwedge x. x \in S \Longrightarrow g (f x) = x \wedge y. y \in T \Longrightarrow f (g y) = y$
and *diffeomorphism-image-eq*: $(f \text{ ` } S = T) (g \text{ ` } T = S)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *diffeomorphism-compose*:
 $diffeomorphism\ n\ S\ T\ f\ g \Longrightarrow diffeomorphism\ n\ T\ U\ h\ k \Longrightarrow open\ S \Longrightarrow open\ T$
 $\Longrightarrow open\ U \Longrightarrow$
 $diffeomorphism\ n\ S\ U\ (h \circ f)\ (g \circ k)$
for $f:::\text{euclidean-space}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *diffeomorphism-add*: *diffeomorphism* $k\ UNIV\ UNIV\ (\lambda x. x + c)\ (\lambda x. x - c)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *diffeomorphism-scaleR*: *diffeomorphism* $k\ UNIV\ UNIV\ (\lambda x. c *_{\mathbb{R}} x)\ (\lambda x. x /_{\mathbb{R}} c)$
if $c \neq 0$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

3 Bump Functions

theory *Bump-Function*
imports *Smooth*
HOL-Analysis.Weierstrass-Theorems
begin

3.1 Construction

context begin

qualified definition $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real}$ **where**
 $f\ t = (\text{if } t > 0 \text{ then } \exp(-\text{inverse } t) \text{ else } 0)$

lemma $f\text{-nonpos}[simp]: x \leq 0 \implies f\ x = 0$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{exp-inv-limit-0-right}$:
 $((\lambda(t::\text{real}). \exp(-\text{inverse } t)) \longrightarrow 0) (\text{at-right } 0)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\forall_F\ t$ in $\text{at-right } 0$. $((\lambda x. \text{inverse } (x \wedge \text{Suc } k)) \text{ has-real-derivative } - (\text{inverse } (t \wedge \text{Suc } k) * ((1 + \text{real } k) * t \wedge k) * \text{inverse } (t \wedge \text{Suc } k))) (\text{at } t)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{exp-inv-limit-0-right-gen}'$:
 $((\lambda(t::\text{real}). \text{inverse } (t \wedge k) / \exp(\text{inverse } t)) \longrightarrow 0) (\text{at-right } 0)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{exp-inv-limit-0-right-gen}$:
 $((\lambda(t::\text{real}). \exp(-\text{inverse } t) / t \wedge k) \longrightarrow 0) (\text{at-right } 0)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-limit-0-right}: (f \longrightarrow 0) (\text{at-right } 0)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-limit-0}: (f \longrightarrow 0) (\text{at } 0)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-tendsto}: (f \longrightarrow f\ x) (\text{at } x)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-continuous}: \text{continuous-on } S\ f$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{continuous-on-real-polynomial-function}$:
 $\text{continuous-on } S\ p$ **if** $\text{real-polynomial-function } p$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-nth-derivative-is-poly}$:
 $\text{higher-differentiable-on } \{0<..\} f\ k \wedge$
 $(\exists p. \text{real-polynomial-function } p \wedge (\forall t>0. \text{nth-derivative } k\ f\ t\ 1 = p\ t / (t \wedge (2 * k)) * \exp(-\text{inverse } t)))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-has-derivative-at-neg}$:
 $x < 0 \implies (f \text{ has-derivative } (\lambda x. 0)) (\text{at } x)$

<proof>

lemma *f-differentiable-at-neg:*

$x < 0 \implies f$ differentiable at x

<proof>

lemma *frechet-derivative-f-at-neg:*

$x \in \{..<0\} \implies \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x) = (\lambda x. 0)$

<proof>

lemma *f-nth-derivative-lt-0:*

higher-differentiable-on $\{..<0\}$ f $k \wedge (\forall t < 0. \text{nth-derivative } k \text{ } f \text{ } t \text{ } 1 = 0)$

<proof>

lemma *netlimit-at-left:* netlimit (at-left x) = x for $x::\text{real}$

<proof>

lemma *netlimit-at-right:* netlimit (at-right x) = x for $x::\text{real}$

<proof>

lemma *has-derivative-split-at:*

(g has-derivative g') (at x)

if

(g has-derivative g') (at-left x)

(g has-derivative g') (at-right x)

for $x::\text{real}$

<proof>

lemma *has-derivative-at-left-at-right':*

(g has-derivative g') (at x)

if

(g has-derivative g') (at x within $\{..x\}$)

(g has-derivative g') (at x within $\{x..\}$)

for $x::\text{real}$

<proof>

lemma *real-polynomial-function-tendsto:*

($p \longrightarrow p$ x) (at x within X) **if** real-polynomial-function p

<proof>

lemma *f-nth-derivative-cases:*

higher-differentiable-on UNIV f $k \wedge$

$(\forall t \leq 0. \text{nth-derivative } k \text{ } f \text{ } t \text{ } 1 = 0) \wedge$

$(\exists p. \text{real-polynomial-function } p \wedge$

$(\forall t > 0. \text{nth-derivative } k \text{ } f \text{ } t \text{ } 1 = p \text{ } t / (t \wedge (2 * k)) * \text{exp}(-\text{inverse } t))$)

<proof>

lemma *f-smooth-on:* k -smooth-on S f

and *f-higher-differentiable-on*: *higher-differentiable-on* S f n
<proof>

lemma *f-compose-smooth-on*: *k-smooth-on* S $(\lambda x. f (g x))$
if *k-smooth-on* S g *open* S
<proof>

lemma *f-nonneg*: $f x \geq 0$
<proof>

lemma *f-pos-iff*: $f x > 0 \longleftrightarrow x > 0$
<proof>

lemma *f-eq-zero-iff*: $f x = 0 \longleftrightarrow x \leq 0$
<proof>

3.2 Cutoff function

definition $h t = f (2 - t) / (f (2 - t) + f (t - 1))$

lemma *denominator-pos*: $f (2 - t) + f (t - 1) > 0$
<proof>

lemma *denominator-nonzero*: $f (2 - t) + f (t - 1) = 0 \longleftrightarrow \text{False}$
<proof>

lemma *h-range*: $0 \leq h t \leq 1$
<proof>

lemma *h-pos*: $t < 2 \implies 0 < h t$
and *h-less-one*: $1 < t \implies h t < 1$
<proof>

lemma *h-eq-0*: $h t = 0$ **if** $t \geq 2$
<proof>

lemma *h-eq-1*: $h t = 1$ **if** $t \leq 1$
<proof>

lemma *h-compose-smooth-on*: *k-smooth-on* S $(\lambda x. h (g x))$
if *k-smooth-on* S g *open* S
<proof>

3.3 Bump function

definition $H :: \text{real} \text{inner} \Rightarrow \text{real}$ **where** $H x = h (\text{norm } x)$

lemma *H-range*: $0 \leq H x \leq 1$
<proof>

lemma *H-eq-one*: $H x = 1$ **if** $x \in \text{cball } 0 \ 1$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *H-pos*: $H x > 0$ **if** $x \in \text{ball } 0 \ 2$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *H-eq-zero*: $H x = 0$ **if** $x \notin \text{ball } 0 \ 2$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *H-neq-zeroD*: $H x \neq 0 \implies x \in \text{ball } 0 \ 2$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *H-smooth-on*: $k\text{-smooth-on } UNIV \ H$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *H-compose-smooth-on*: $k\text{-smooth-on } S \ (\lambda x. H (g x))$ **if** $k\text{-smooth-on } S \ g$
 $\text{open } S$
for $g :: - \Rightarrow \text{::euclidean-space}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

end

end

4 Charts

theory *Chart*
imports *Analysis-More*
begin

4.1 Definition

A chart on M is a homeomorphism from an open subset of M to an open subset of some Euclidean space E . Here d and d' are open subsets of M and E , respectively, $f: d \rightarrow d'$ is the mapping, and $f': d' \rightarrow d$ is the inverse mapping.

typedef (**overloaded**) $('a::\text{topological-space}, 'e::\text{euclidean-space}) \text{chart} =$
 $\{(d::'a \text{ set}, d'::'e \text{ set}, f, f') .$
 $\text{open } d \wedge \text{open } d' \wedge \text{homeomorphism } d \ d' \ f \ f'\}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

setup-lifting *type-definition-chart*

lift-definition *apply-chart*:: $('a::\text{topological-space}, 'e::\text{euclidean-space}) \text{chart} \Rightarrow 'a$
 $\Rightarrow 'e$
is $\lambda(d, d', f, f'). f$ ⟨*proof*⟩

declare $[[\text{coercion } \text{apply-chart}]]$

lift-definition *inv-chart*::('a::topological-space, 'e::euclidean-space) *chart* \Rightarrow 'e \Rightarrow 'a
is $\lambda(d, d', f, f'). f'$ *<proof>*

lift-definition *domain*::('a::topological-space, 'e::euclidean-space) *chart* \Rightarrow 'a *set*
is $\lambda(d, d', f, f'). d$ *<proof>*

lift-definition *codomain*::('a::topological-space, 'e::euclidean-space) *chart* \Rightarrow 'e *set*
is $\lambda(d, d', f, f'). d'$ *<proof>*

4.2 Properties

lemma *open-domain*[*intro, simp*]: *open* (*domain* *c*)
and *open-codomain*[*intro, simp*]: *open* (*codomain* *c*)
and *chart-homeomorphism*: *homeomorphism* (*domain* *c*) (*codomain* *c*) *c* (*inv-chart* *c*)
<proof>

lemma *at-within-domain*: *at* *x* *within* *domain* *c* = *at* *x* **if** $x \in \text{domain } c$
<proof>

lemma *at-within-codomain*: *at* *x* *within* *codomain* *c* = *at* *x* **if** $x \in \text{codomain } c$
<proof>

lemma
chart-in-codomain[*intro, simp*]: $x \in \text{domain } c \implies c \ x \in \text{codomain } c$
and *inv-chart-inverse*[*simp*]: $x \in \text{domain } c \implies \text{inv-chart } c \ (c \ x) = x$
and *inv-chart-in-domain*[*intro, simp*]: $y \in \text{codomain } c \implies \text{inv-chart } c \ y \in \text{domain } c$
and *chart-inverse-inv-chart*[*simp*]: $y \in \text{codomain } c \implies c \ (\text{inv-chart } c \ y) = y$
and *image-domain-eq*: $c \ ' (\text{domain } c) = \text{codomain } c$
and *inv-image-codomain-eq*[*simp*]: $\text{inv-chart } c \ ' (\text{codomain } c) = \text{domain } c$
and *continuous-on-domain*: *continuous-on* (*domain* *c*) *c*
and *continuous-on-codomain*: *continuous-on* (*codomain* *c*) (*inv-chart* *c*)
<proof>

lemma *chart-eqI*: $c = d$
if *domain* *c* = *domain* *d*
codomain *c* = *codomain* *d*
 $\bigwedge x. c \ x = d \ x$
 $\bigwedge x. \text{inv-chart } c \ x = \text{inv-chart } d \ x$
<proof>

lemmas *continuous-on-chart*[*continuous-intros*] =
continuous-on-compose2[*OF* *continuous-on-domain*]
continuous-on-compose2[*OF* *continuous-on-codomain*]

lemma *continuous-apply-chart*: *continuous* (*at* *x* *within* *X*) *c* **if** $x \in \text{domain } c$

<proof>

lemma *continuous-inv-chart*: *continuous (at x within X) (inv-chart c) if x ∈ codomain c*

<proof>

lemmas *apply-chart-tendsto*[*tendsto-intros*] = *isCont-tendsto-compose*[*OF continuous-apply-chart, rotated*]

lemmas *inv-chart-tendsto*[*tendsto-intros*] = *isCont-tendsto-compose*[*OF continuous-inv-chart, rotated*]

lemma *continuous-within-compose2'*:

continuous (at (f x) within t) g ⇒ f ' s ⊆ t ⇒

continuous (at x within s) f ⇒

continuous (at x within s) (λx. g (f x))

<proof>

lemmas *continuous-chart*[*continuous-intros*] =

continuous-within-compose2'[*OF continuous-apply-chart*]

continuous-within-compose2'[*OF continuous-inv-chart*]

lemma *continuous-on-chart-inv*:

assumes *continuous-on s (apply-chart c o f)*

f ' s ⊆ domain c

shows *continuous-on s f*

<proof>

lemma *continuous-on-chart-inv'*:

assumes *continuous-on (apply-chart c ' s) (f o inv-chart c)*

s ⊆ domain c

shows *continuous-on s f*

<proof>

lemma *inj-on-apply-chart*: *inj-on (apply-chart f) (domain f)*

<proof>

lemma *apply-chart-Int*: *f ' (X ∩ Y) = f ' X ∩ f ' Y if X ⊆ domain f Y ⊆ domain f*

<proof>

lemma *chart-image-eq-vimage*: *c ' X = inv-chart c -' X ∩ codomain c*

if *X ⊆ domain c*

<proof>

lemma *open-chart-image*[*simp, intro*]: *open (c ' X)*

if *open X X ⊆ domain c*

<proof>

lemma *open-inv-chart-image*[*simp, intro*]: *open (inv-chart c ' X)*

if open $X \subseteq \text{codomain } c$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *homeomorphism-UNIV-imp-open-map*:
 homeomorphism UNIV UNIV $p \ p' \implies \text{open } f' \implies \text{open } (p \text{ ‘ } f')$
 ⟨proof⟩

4.3 Restriction

lemma *homeomorphism-restrict*:
 homeomorphism $(a \cap s) (b \cap f' - \text{‘ } s) f f'$ **if** homeomorphism $a \ b \ f \ f'$
 ⟨proof⟩

lift-definition *restrict-chart*:: $'a \ \text{set} \implies ('a::\text{t2-space}, 'e::\text{euclidean-space}) \ \text{chart} \implies ('a, 'e) \ \text{chart}$
is $\lambda S. \lambda(d, d', f, f'). \text{if open } S \text{ then } (d \cap S, d' \cap f' - \text{‘ } S, f, f')$ **else** $(\{\}, \{\}, f, f')$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *restrict-chart-restrict-chart*:
 restrict-chart $X (restrict-chart \ Y \ c) = restrict-chart (X \cap Y) \ c$
if open X open Y
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *domain-restrict-chart[simp]*: open $S \implies \text{domain } (restrict-chart \ S \ c) = \text{domain } c \cap S$
and *domain-restrict-chart-if*: $\text{domain } (restrict-chart \ S \ c) = (\text{if open } S \ \text{then } \text{domain } c \cap S \ \text{else } \{\})$
and *codomain-restrict-chart[simp]*: open $S \implies \text{codomain } (restrict-chart \ S \ c) = \text{codomain } c \cap \text{inv-chart } c - \text{‘ } S$
and *codomain-restrict-chart-if*: $\text{codomain } (restrict-chart \ S \ c) = (\text{if open } S \ \text{then } \text{codomain } c \cap \text{inv-chart } c - \text{‘ } S \ \text{else } \{\})$
and *apply-chart-restrict-chart[simp]*: $\text{apply-chart } (restrict-chart \ S \ c) = \text{apply-chart } c$
and *inv-chart-restrict-chart[simp]*: $\text{inv-chart } (restrict-chart \ S \ c) = \text{inv-chart } c$
 ⟨proof⟩

4.4 Composition

lift-definition *compose-chart*:: $('e \implies 'e) \implies ('e \implies 'e) \implies ('a::\text{topological-space}, 'e::\text{euclidean-space}) \ \text{chart} \implies ('a, 'e) \ \text{chart}$
is $\lambda p \ p'. \lambda(d, d', f, f'). \text{if homeomorphism UNIV UNIV } p \ p' \ \text{then } (d, p \text{ ‘ } d', p \ o \ f, f' \ o \ p')$
else $(\{\}, \{\}, f, f')$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *compose-chart-apply-chart[simp]*: $\text{apply-chart } (\text{compose-chart } p \ p' \ c) = p \ o \ \text{apply-chart } c$
and *compose-chart-inv-chart[simp]*: $\text{inv-chart } (\text{compose-chart } p \ p' \ c) = \text{inv-chart } c \ o \ p'$


```

and domain-compose-chart[simp]: domain (compose-chart p p' c) = domain c
and codomain-compose-chart[simp]: codomain (compose-chart p p' c) = p '
codomain c
if homeomorphism UNIV UNIV p p'
⟨proof⟩

end

```

5 Topological Manifolds

```

theory Topological-Manifold
imports Chart
begin

```

Definition of topological manifolds. Existence of locally finite cover.

5.1 Defintition

We define topological manifolds as a second-countable Hausdorff space, where every point in the carrier set has a neighborhood that is homeomorphic to an open subset of the Euclidean space. Here topological manifolds are specified by a set of charts, and the carrier set is simply defined to be the union of the domain of the charts.

```

locale manifold =
fixes charts::('a::{second-countable-topology, t2-space}, 'e::euclidean-space) chart
set
begin

```

```

definition carrier = (⋃ (domain ' charts))

```

```

lemma open-carrier[intro, simp]: open carrier
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma carrierE:
assumes x ∈ carrier
obtains c where c ∈ charts x ∈ domain c
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma domain-subset-carrier[simp]: domain c ⊆ carrier if c ∈ charts
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma in-domain-in-carrier[intro, simp]: c ∈ charts ⇒ x ∈ domain c ⇒ x ∈
carrier
⟨proof⟩

```

5.2 Existence of locally finite cover

Every point has a precompact neighborhood.

lemma *precompact-neighborhoodE*:
assumes $x \in \text{carrier}$
obtains C **where** $x \in C$ *open* C *compact* (*closure* C) $\text{closure } C \subseteq \text{carrier}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

There exists a covering of the carrier by precompact sets.

lemma *precompact-open-coverE*:
obtains $U::\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set}$
where $(\bigcup i. U i) = \text{carrier} \wedge i. \text{open } (U i) \wedge i. \text{compact } (\text{closure } (U i))$
 $\wedge i. \text{closure } (U i) \subseteq \text{carrier}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

There exists a locally finite covering of the carrier by precompact sets.

lemma *precompact-locally-finite-open-coverE*:
obtains $W::\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set}$
where $\text{carrier} = (\bigcup i. W i) \wedge i. \text{open } (W i) \wedge i. \text{compact } (\text{closure } (W i))$
 $\wedge i. \text{closure } (W i) \subseteq \text{carrier}$
locally-finite-on carrier UNIV W
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

end

6 Differentiable/Smooth Manifolds

theory *Differentiable-Manifold*
imports
Smooth
Topological-Manifold
begin

6.1 Smooth compatibility

definition *smooth-compat::enat* $\Rightarrow ('a::\text{topological-space}, 'e::\text{euclidean-space}) \text{chart} \Rightarrow ('a, 'e) \text{chart} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
 $\langle \text{--- smooth}'\text{-compat} \rangle [1000]$
where
smooth-compat k $c1$ $c2 \iff$
 $(k\text{-smooth-on } (c1 \text{ ' } (\text{domain } c1 \cap \text{domain } c2)) (c2 \circ \text{inv-chart } c1) \wedge$
 $k\text{-smooth-on } (c2 \text{ ' } (\text{domain } c1 \cap \text{domain } c2)) (c1 \circ \text{inv-chart } c2))$

lemma *smooth-compat-D1*:
 $k\text{-smooth-on } (c1 \text{ ' } (\text{domain } c1 \cap \text{domain } c2)) (c2 \circ \text{inv-chart } c1)$
if $k\text{-smooth-compat } c1$ $c2$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *smooth-compat-D2*:

k-smooth-on (*c2* ' (*domain c1* \cap *domain c2*)) (*c1* \circ *inv-chart c2*)
if *k-smooth-compat c1 c2*
 <proof>

lemma *smooth-compat-refl*: *k-smooth-compat x x*
 <proof>

lemma *smooth-compat-commute*: *k-smooth-compat x y* \longleftrightarrow *k-smooth-compat y x*
 <proof>

lemma *smooth-compat-restrict-chartI*:
k-smooth-compat (restrict-chart S c) c'
if *k-smooth-compat c c'*
 <proof>

lemma *smooth-compat-restrict-chartI2*:
k-smooth-compat c' (restrict-chart S c)
if *k-smooth-compat c' c*
 <proof>

lemma *smooth-compat-restrict-chartD*:
domain c1 \subseteq *U* \implies *open U* \implies *k-smooth-compat c1 (restrict-chart U c2)* \implies
k-smooth-compat c1 c2
 <proof>

lemma *smooth-compat-restrict-chartD2*:
domain c1 \subseteq *U* \implies *open U* \implies *k-smooth-compat (restrict-chart U c2) c1* \implies
k-smooth-compat c2 c1
 <proof>

lemma *smooth-compat-le*:
l-smooth-compat c1 c2 **if** *k-smooth-compat c1 c2* $l \leq k$
 <proof>

6.2 C^k -Manifold

locale *c-manifold* = *manifold* +
fixes *k::enat*
assumes *pairwise-compat*: *c1* \in *charts* \implies *c2* \in *charts* \implies *k-smooth-compat c1 c2*
begin

6.2.1 Atlas

definition *atlas* :: ('a, 'b) *chart set* **where**
atlas = {*c*. *domain c* \subseteq *carrier* \wedge ($\forall c' \in$ *charts*. *k-smooth-compat c c'*)}

lemma *charts-subset-atlas*: *charts* \subseteq *atlas*
 <proof>

lemma *in-charts-in-atlas*[intro]: $x \in \text{charts} \implies x \in \text{atlas}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *maximal-atlas*:

$c \in \text{atlas}$
if $\bigwedge c'. c' \in \text{atlas} \implies k\text{-smooth-compat } c \ c'$
 $\text{domain } c \subseteq \text{carrier}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *chart-compose-lemma*:

fixes $c1 \ c2$
defines [*simp*]: $U \equiv \text{domain } c1$
defines [*simp*]: $V \equiv \text{domain } c2$
assumes *subsets*: $U \cap V \subseteq \text{carrier}$
assumes $\bigwedge c. c \in \text{charts} \implies k\text{-smooth-compat } c1 \ c$
 $\bigwedge c. c \in \text{charts} \implies k\text{-smooth-compat } c2 \ c$
shows $k\text{-smooth-on } (c1 \ ' (U \cap V)) \ (c2 \circ \text{inv-chart } c1)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *smooth-compat-trans*: $k\text{-smooth-compat } c1 \ c2$

if $\bigwedge c. c \in \text{charts} \implies k\text{-smooth-compat } c1 \ c$
 $\bigwedge c. c \in \text{charts} \implies k\text{-smooth-compat } c2 \ c$
 $\text{domain } c1 \cap \text{domain } c2 \subseteq \text{carrier}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *maximal-atlas'*:

$c \in \text{atlas}$
if $\bigwedge c'. c' \in \text{charts} \implies k\text{-smooth-compat } c \ c'$
 $\text{domain } c \subseteq \text{carrier}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *atlas-is-atlas*: $k\text{-smooth-compat } a1 \ a2$

if $a1 \in \text{atlas} \ a2 \in \text{atlas}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *domain-atlas-subset-carrier*: $c \in \text{atlas} \implies \text{domain } c \subseteq \text{carrier}$

and *in-carrier-atlasI*[intro, simp]: $c \in \text{atlas} \implies x \in \text{domain } c \implies x \in \text{carrier}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *atlasE*:

assumes $x \in \text{carrier}$
obtains c **where** $c \in \text{atlas} \ x \in \text{domain } c$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *restrict-chart-in-atlas*: $\text{restrict-chart } S \ c \in \text{atlas}$ **if** $c \in \text{atlas}$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *atlas-restrictE*:

assumes $x \in \text{carrier } x \in X \text{ open } X$
obtains c **where** $c \in \text{atlas } x \in \text{domain } c \text{ domain } c \subseteq X$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *open-ball-chartE*:

assumes $x \in U \text{ open } U \subseteq \text{carrier}$
obtains $c \ r$ **where**
 $c \in \text{atlas}$
 $x \in \text{domain } c \text{ domain } c \subseteq U \text{ codomain } c = \text{ball } (c \ x) \ r \ r > 0$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *smooth-compat-compose-chart*:

fixes c'
assumes $k\text{-smooth-compat } c \ c'$
assumes $\text{diffeo: diffeomorphism } k \text{ UNIV UNIV } p \ p'$
shows $k\text{-smooth-compat } (\text{compose-chart } p \ p' \ c) \ c'$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *compose-chart-in-atlas*:

assumes $c \in \text{atlas}$
assumes $\text{diffeo: diffeomorphism } k \text{ UNIV UNIV } p \ p'$
shows $\text{compose-chart } p \ p' \ c \in \text{atlas}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *open-centered-ball-chartE*:

assumes $x \in U \text{ open } U \subseteq \text{carrier } e > 0$
obtains c **where**
 $c \in \text{atlas } x \in \text{domain } c \ c \ x = x0 \text{ domain } c \subseteq U \text{ codomain } c = \text{ball } x0 \ e$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

6.2.2 Submanifold

definition (**in** *manifold*) $\text{charts-submanifold } S = (\text{restrict-chart } S \ \text{'charts})$

locale $c\text{-manifold}' = c\text{-manifold}$

locale $\text{submanifold} = c\text{-manifold}' \ \text{charts } k$ — breaks infinite loop for sublocale sub

for $\text{charts}::('a::\{t2\text{-space, second-countable-topology}\}, 'b::\text{euclidean-space}) \ \text{chart set}$

and $k +$

fixes $S::'a \ \text{set}$

assumes $\text{open-submanifold: open } S$

begin

lemma $\text{charts-submanifold: } c\text{-manifold } (\text{charts-submanifold } S) \ k$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

sublocale *sub*: *c-manifold* (*charts-submanifold* *S*) *k*
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *carrier-submanifold[simp]*: *sub.carrier* = *S* ∩ *carrier*
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *restrict-chart-carrier[simp]*:
restrict-chart carrier x = x
if *x* ∈ *charts*
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *charts-submanifold-carrier[simp]*: *charts-submanifold carrier* = *charts*
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *charts-submanifold-Int-carrier*:
charts-submanifold (S ∩ *carrier)* = *charts-submanifold S*
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *submanifold-atlasE*:
assumes *c* ∈ *sub.atlas*
shows *c* ∈ *atlas*
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *submanifold-atlasI*:
restrict-chart S c ∈ *sub.atlas*
if *c* ∈ *atlas*
⟨*proof*⟩

end

lemma (**in** *c-manifold*) *restrict-chart-carrier[simp]*:
restrict-chart carrier x = x
if *x* ∈ *charts*
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma (**in** *c-manifold*) *charts-submanifold-carrier[simp]*: *charts-submanifold carrier* = *charts*
⟨*proof*⟩

6.3 Differentiable maps

locale *c-manifolds* =
src: *c-manifold charts1 k* +
dest: *c-manifold charts2 k* **for** *k charts1 charts2*

locale *diff* = *c-manifolds k charts1 charts2*
for *k*

and *charts1* :: ('a::{t2-space,second-countable-topology}, 'e::euclidean-space)
chart set
and *charts2* :: ('b::{t2-space,second-countable-topology}, 'f::euclidean-space)
chart set
+
fixes *f* :: ('a \Rightarrow 'b)
assumes *exists-smooth-on*: $x \in \text{src.carrier} \implies$
 $\exists c1 \in \text{src.atlas}. \exists c2 \in \text{dest.atlas}.$
 $x \in \text{domain } c1 \wedge$
 $f \text{ ' domain } c1 \subseteq \text{domain } c2 \wedge$
 $k\text{-smooth-on } (\text{codomain } c1) (c2 \circ f \circ \text{inv-chart } c1)$
begin

lemma *defined*: $f \text{ ' src.carrier} \subseteq \text{dest.carrier}$
<proof>

end

context *c-manifolds* **begin**

lemma *diff-iff*: $\text{diff } k \text{ charts1 charts2 } f \iff$
 $(\forall x \in \text{src.carrier}. \exists c1 \in \text{src.atlas}. \exists c2 \in \text{dest.atlas}.$
 $x \in \text{domain } c1 \wedge$
 $f \text{ ' domain } c1 \subseteq \text{domain } c2 \wedge$
 $k\text{-smooth-on } (\text{codomain } c1) (\text{apply-chart } c2 \circ f \circ \text{inv-chart } c1))$
(is ?l $\iff (\forall x \in -. ?r x)$
<proof>

end

context *diff* **begin**

lemma *diffE*:
assumes $x \in \text{src.carrier}$
obtains $c1::('a, 'e) \text{ chart}$
and $c2::('b, 'f) \text{ chart}$
where
 $c1 \in \text{src.atlas } c2 \in \text{dest.atlas } x \in \text{domain } c1 \text{ f ' domain } c1 \subseteq \text{domain } c2$
 $k\text{-smooth-on } (\text{codomain } c1) (\text{apply-chart } c2 \circ f \circ \text{inv-chart } c1)$
<proof>

lemma *continuous-at*: $\text{continuous } (\text{at } x \text{ within } T) f$ **if** $x \in \text{src.carrier}$
<proof>

lemma *continuous-on*: $\text{continuous-on } \text{src.carrier } f$
<proof>

lemmas *continuous-on-intro*[*continuous-intros*] = *continuous-on-compose2*[*OF continuous-on -*]

lemmas *continuous-within*[*continuous-intros*] = *continuous-within-compose3*[*OF continuous-at*]

lemmas *tendsto*[*tendsto-intros*] = *isCont-tendsto-compose*[*OF continuous-at*]

lemma *diff-chartsD*:

assumes $d1 \in \text{src.atlas}$ $d2 \in \text{dest.atlas}$

shows $k\text{-smooth-on}$ ($\text{codomain } d1 \cap \text{inv-chart } d1 - ' (\text{src.carrier} \cap f - ' \text{domain } d2)$)

($\text{apply-chart } d2 \circ f \circ \text{inv-chart } d1$)

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *diff-between-chartsE*:

assumes $d1 \in \text{src.atlas}$ $d2 \in \text{dest.atlas}$

assumes $y \in \text{domain } d1$ $y \in \text{src.carrier}$ $f y \in \text{domain } d2$

obtains X **where**

$k\text{-smooth-on } X$ ($\text{apply-chart } d2 \circ f \circ \text{inv-chart } d1$)

$d1 y \in X$

$\text{open } X$

$X = \text{codomain } d1 \cap \text{inv-chart } d1 - ' (\text{src.carrier} \cap f - ' \text{domain } d2)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

lemma *diff-compose*:

$\text{diff } k M1 M3 (g \circ f)$

if $\text{diff } k M1 M2 f \text{ diff } k M2 M3 g$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

context *diff begin*

lemma *diff-submanifold*: $\text{diff } k (\text{src.charts-submanifold } S) \text{ charts2 } f$

if $\text{open } S$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *diff-submanifold2*: $\text{diff } k \text{ charts1 } (\text{dest.charts-submanifold } S) f$

if $\text{open } S f ' \text{src.carrier} \subseteq S$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

context *c-manifolds begin*

lemma *diff-localI*: $\text{diff } k \text{ charts1 } \text{ charts2 } f$

if $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{src.carrier} \implies \text{diff } k (\text{src.charts-submanifold } (U x)) \text{ charts2 } f$

$\bigwedge x. x \in \text{src.carrier} \implies \text{open } (U x)$

$\bigwedge x. x \in \text{src.carrier} \implies x \in (U x)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$


```

lemma diff-open-coverI: diff k charts1 charts2 f
  if diff:  $\bigwedge u. u \in U \implies \text{diff } k \text{ (src.charts-submanifold } u) \text{ charts2 } f$ 
  and op:  $\bigwedge u. u \in U \implies \text{open } u$ 
  and cover:  $\text{src.carrier} \subseteq \bigcup U$ 
  <proof>

lemma diff-open-Un: diff k charts1 charts2 f
  if diff k (src.charts-submanifold U) charts2 f
  diff k (src.charts-submanifold V) charts2 f
  and open U open V src.carrier  $\subseteq U \cup V$ 
  <proof>

end

context c-manifold begin

sublocale self: c-manifolds k charts charts
  <proof>

lemma diff-id: diff k charts charts ( $\lambda x. x$ )
  <proof>

lemma c-manifold-order-le: c-manifold charts l if  $l \leq k$ 
  <proof>

lemma in-atlas-order-le:  $c \in \text{c-manifold.atlas charts } l$  if  $l \leq k$   $c \in \text{atlas}$ 
  <proof>

end

context c-manifolds begin

lemma c-manifolds-order-le: c-manifolds l charts1 charts2 if  $l \leq k$ 
  <proof>

end

context diff begin

lemma diff-order-le: diff l charts1 charts2 f if  $l \leq k$ 
  <proof>

end

```

6.4 Differentiable functions

lift-definition *chart-eucl*::(*'a*::*euclidean-space*, *'a*) *chart* is
 (*UNIV*, *UNIV*, $\lambda x. x$, $\lambda x. x$)

<proof>

abbreviation *charts-eucl* \equiv {*chart-eucl*}

lemma *chart-eucl-simps*[*simp*]:
 domain chart-eucl = *UNIV*
 codomain chart-eucl = *UNIV*
 apply-chart chart-eucl = ($\lambda x. x$)
 inv-chart chart-eucl = ($\lambda x. x$)
<proof>

locale *diff-fun* = *diff* *k charts charts-eucl f*
 for *k charts* **and** *f::'a::{t2-space,second-countable-topology}* \Rightarrow *'b::euclidean-space*

lemma *diff-fun-compose*:
 diff-fun k M1 (g o f)
 if *diff k M1 M2 f diff-fun k M2 g*
<proof>

lemma *c1-manifold-atlas-eucl*: *c-manifold charts-eucl k*
<proof>

interpretation *manifold-eucl*: *c-manifold charts-eucl k*
<proof>

lemma *chart-eucl-in-atlas*[*intro,simp*]: *chart-eucl* \in *manifold-eucl.atlas k*
<proof>

lemma *apply-chart-smooth-on*:
 k-smooth-on (domain c) c **if** *c* \in *manifold-eucl.atlas k*
<proof>

lemma *inv-chart-smooth-on*: *k-smooth-on (codomain c) (inv-chart c)* **if** *c* \in *manifold-eucl.atlas k*
<proof>

lemma *smooth-on-chart-inv*:
 fixes *c::('a::euclidean-space, 'a) chart*
 assumes *k-smooth-on X (apply-chart c o f)*
 assumes *continuous-on X f*
 assumes *c* \in *manifold-eucl.atlas k open X f ' X* \subseteq *domain c*
 shows *k-smooth-on X f*
<proof>

lemma *smooth-on-chart-inv2*:
 fixes *c::('a::euclidean-space, 'a) chart*
 assumes *k-smooth-on (c ' X) (f o inv-chart c)*
 assumes *c* \in *manifold-eucl.atlas k open X X* \subseteq *domain c*
 shows *k-smooth-on X f*

<proof>

context *diff-fun* **begin**

lemma *diff-fun-order-le*: *diff-fun* *l* *charts* *f* **if** $l \leq k$
<proof>

end

6.5 Diffeomorphism

locale *diffeomorphism* = *diff* *k* *charts1* *charts2* *f* + *inv*: *diff* *k* *charts2* *charts1* *f'*
for *k* *charts1* *charts2* *f* *f'* +
assumes *f-inv[simp]*: $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{src.carrier} \implies f' (f x) = x$
and *f'-inv[simp]*: $\bigwedge y. y \in \text{dest.carrier} \implies f (f' y) = y$

context *c-manifold* **begin**

sublocale *manifold-eucl*: *c-manifolds* *k* *charts* {*chart-eucl*}
rewrites *diff* *k* *charts* {*chart-eucl*} = *diff-fun* *k* *charts*
<proof>

lemma *diff-funI*:

diff-fun *k* *charts* *f*
if ($\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier} \implies \exists c1 \in \text{atlas}. x \in \text{domain } c1 \wedge (k\text{-smooth-on } (\text{codomain } c1) (f \circ \text{inv-chart } c1))$)
<proof>

end

lemma (**in** *diff*) *diff-cong*: *diff* *k* *charts1* *charts2* *g* **if** $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{src.carrier} \implies f x = g x$
<proof>

context *diff-fun* **begin**

lemma *diff-fun-cong*: *diff-fun* *k* *charts* *g* **if** $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{src.carrier} \implies f x = g x$
<proof>

lemma *diff-funD*:

$\exists c1 \in \text{src.atlas}. x \in \text{domain } c1 \wedge (k\text{-smooth-on } (\text{codomain } c1) (f \circ \text{inv-chart } c1))$
if $x: x \in \text{src.carrier}$
<proof>

lemma *diff-funE*:

assumes $x \in \text{src.carrier}$
obtains *c1* **where**

$c1 \in \text{src.atlas } x \in \text{domain } c1 \text{ } k\text{-smooth-on } (\text{codomain } c1) (f \circ \text{inv-chart } c1)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *diff-fun-between-chartsD*:

assumes $c \in \text{src.atlas } x \in \text{domain } c$

shows $k\text{-smooth-on } (\text{codomain } c) (f \circ \text{inv-chart } c)$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *diff-fun-submanifold*: $\text{diff-fun } k \text{ } (\text{src.charts-submanifold } S) f$

if [simp]: $\text{open } S$

⟨proof⟩

end

context *c-manifold* **begin**

lemma *diff-fun-zero*: $\text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } 0$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *diff-fun-const*: $\text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } (\lambda x. c)$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *diff-fun-add*: $\text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } (a + b)$ **if** $\text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } a \text{ } \text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } b$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *diff-fun-sum*: $\text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } (\lambda x. \sum_{i \in S} f i x)$ **if** $\bigwedge i. i \in S \implies \text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } (f i)$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *diff-fun-scaleR*: $\text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } (\lambda x. a x *_R b x)$

if $\text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } a \text{ } \text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } b$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *diff-fun-scaleR-left*: $\text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } (c *_R b)$

if $\text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } b$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *diff-fun-times*: $\text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } (a * b)$ **if** $\text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } a \text{ } \text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } b$

for $a \text{ } b :: \Rightarrow \text{::real-normed-algebra}$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *diff-fun-divide*: $\text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } (\lambda x. a x / b x)$

if $\text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } a \text{ } \text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } b$

and $\text{nz}: \bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier} \implies b x \neq 0$

for $a \text{ } b :: \Rightarrow \text{::real-normed-field}$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *subspace-Collect-diff-fun:*
subspace (Collect (diff-fun k charts))
<proof>

end

lemma *manifold-eucl-carrier[simp]: manifold-eucl.carrier = UNIV*
<proof>

lemma *diff-fun-charts-euclD: k-smooth-on UNIV g if diff-fun k charts-eucl g*
<proof>

lemma *diff-fun-charts-euclI: diff-fun k charts-eucl g if k-smooth-on UNIV g*
<proof>

end

7 Partitions Of Unity

theory *Partition-Of-Unity*
imports *Bump-Function Differentiable-Manifold*
begin

7.1 Regular cover

context *c-manifold* **begin**

A cover is regular if, in addition to being countable and locally finite, the codomain of every chart is the open ball of radius 3, such that the inverse image of open balls of radius 1 also cover the manifold.

definition *regular-cover I ($\psi::'i \Rightarrow ('a, 'b)$ chart) \longleftrightarrow*
countable I \wedge
carrier = $(\bigcup i \in I. \text{domain } (\psi \ i)) \wedge$
locally-finite-on carrier I (domain o ψ) \wedge
($\forall i \in I. \text{codomain } (\psi \ i) = \text{ball } 0 \ 3$) \wedge
carrier = $(\bigcup i \in I. \text{inv-chart } (\psi \ i) \text{ ' ball } 0 \ 1)$

Every covering has a refinement that is a regular cover.

lemma *reguler-refinementE:*
fixes $\mathcal{X}::'i \Rightarrow 'a$ set
assumes *cover: carrier $\subseteq (\bigcup i \in I. \mathcal{X} \ i)$ and open-cover: $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies \text{open } (\mathcal{X} \ i)$*
obtains $N::\text{nat set}$ **and** $\psi::\text{nat} \Rightarrow ('a, 'b)$ chart
where $\bigwedge i. i \in N \implies \psi \ i \in \text{atlas } (\text{domain } o \ \psi) \text{ ' } N$ refines $\mathcal{X} \text{ ' } I$ *regular-cover*
N ψ
<proof>

lemma *diff-apply-chart:*

diff k (charts-submanifold (domain ψ)) charts-eucl ψ if $\psi \in \text{atlas}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *diff-inv-chart:*

diff k (manifold-eucl.charts-submanifold (codomain c)) charts (inv-chart c) if $c \in \text{atlas}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *chart-inj-on [simp]:*

fixes $c :: ('a, 'b)$ chart
assumes $x \in \text{domain } c \ y \in \text{domain } c$
shows $c \ x = c \ y \longleftrightarrow x = y$
 ⟨proof⟩

7.2 Partition of unity by smooth functions

Given any open cover X indexed by a set A , there exists a family of smooth functions φ indexed by A , such that $0 \leq \varphi \leq 1$, the (closed) support of each $\varphi \ i$ is contained in $X \ i$, the supports are locally finite, and the sum of $\varphi \ i$ is the constant function 1.

theorem *partitions-of-unityE:*

fixes $A :: 'i$ set and $X :: 'i \Rightarrow 'a$ set
assumes $\text{carrier} \subseteq (\bigcup i \in A. X \ i)$
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in A \Longrightarrow \text{open } (X \ i)$
obtains $\varphi :: 'i \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$
where $\bigwedge i. i \in A \Longrightarrow \text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } (\varphi \ i)$
and $\bigwedge i \ x. i \in A \Longrightarrow x \in \text{carrier} \Longrightarrow 0 \leq \varphi \ i \ x$
and $\bigwedge i \ x. i \in A \Longrightarrow x \in \text{carrier} \Longrightarrow \varphi \ i \ x \leq 1$
and $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier} \Longrightarrow (\sum i \in \{i \in A. \varphi \ i \ x \neq 0\}. \varphi \ i \ x) = 1$
and $\bigwedge i. i \in A \Longrightarrow \text{csupport-on carrier } (\varphi \ i) \cap \text{carrier} \subseteq X \ i$
and *locally-finite-on carrier* $A \ (\lambda i. \text{csupport-on carrier } (\varphi \ i))$
 ⟨proof⟩

Given $A \subseteq U \subseteq \text{carrier}$, where A is closed and U is open, there exists a differentiable function ψ such that $0 \leq \psi \leq 1$, $\psi = 1$ on A , and the support of ψ is contained in U .

lemma *smooth-bump-functionE:*

assumes *closedin (top-of-set carrier)* A
and $A \subseteq U \ U \subseteq \text{carrier}$ open U
obtains $\psi :: 'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$ **where**
diff-fun k charts ψ
 $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier} \Longrightarrow 0 \leq \psi \ x$
 $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier} \Longrightarrow \psi \ x \leq 1$
 $\bigwedge x. x \in A \Longrightarrow \psi \ x = 1$
csupport-on carrier $\psi \cap \text{carrier} \subseteq U$
 ⟨proof⟩

definition *diff-fun-on* $A \ f \longleftrightarrow$

($\exists W. A \subseteq W \wedge W \subseteq \text{carrier} \wedge \text{open } W \wedge$
 $(\exists f'. \text{diff-fun } k (\text{charts-submanifold } W) f' \wedge (\forall x \in A. f x = f' x))$)

lemma *diff-fun-onE*:

assumes *diff-fun-on* $A f$

obtains $W f'$ **where**

$A \subseteq W \ W \subseteq \text{carrier} \ \text{open } W \ \text{diff-fun } k (\text{charts-submanifold } W) f'$

$\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies f x = f' x$

<proof>

lemma *diff-fun-onI*:

assumes $A \subseteq W \ W \subseteq \text{carrier} \ \text{open } W \ \text{diff-fun } k (\text{charts-submanifold } W) f'$

$\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies f x = f' x$

shows *diff-fun-on* $A f$

<proof>

Extension lemma:

Given $A \subseteq U \subseteq \text{carrier}$, where A is closed and U is open, and a differentiable function f on A , there exists a differentiable function f' agreeing with f on A , and where the support of f' is contained in U .

lemma *extension-lemmaE*:

fixes $f::'a \Rightarrow 'e::\text{euclidean-space}$

assumes *closedin* (*top-of-set* *carrier*) A

assumes *diff-fun-on* $A f \ A \subseteq U \ U \subseteq \text{carrier} \ \text{open } U$

obtains f' **where**

diff-fun $k \ \text{charts} \ f'$

$\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies f' x = f x$

csupport-on carrier $f' \cap \text{carrier} \subseteq U$

<proof>

end

end

8 Tangent Space

theory *Tangent-Space*

imports *Partition-Of-Unity*

begin

lemma *linear-imp-linear-on*: *linear-on* $A \ B \ \text{scaleR} \ \text{scaleR} \ f$ **if** *linear* f

subspace $A \ \text{subspace } B$

<proof>

lemma (**in** *vector-space-pair-on*)

linear-sum':

$\forall x. x \in S1 \implies f x \in S2 \implies$

$\forall x. x \in S \implies g x \in S1 \implies$

$linear-on\ S1\ S2\ scale1\ scale2\ f \implies$
 $f\ (sum\ g\ S) = (\sum_{a \in S} f\ (g\ a))$
 <proof>

8.1 Real vector (sub)spaces

locale *real-vector-space-on* = **fixes** S **assumes** *subspace*: *subspace* S
begin

sublocale *vector-space-on* S *scaleR*
rewrites *span-eq-real*: *local.span* = *real-vector.span*
and *dependent-eq-real*: *local.dependent* = *real-vector.dependent*
and *subspace-eq-real*: *local.subspace* = *real-vector.subspace*
 <proof>

lemma *dim-eq*: *local.dim* X = *real-vector.dim* X **if** $X \subseteq S$
 <proof>

end

locale *real-vector-space-pair-on* = *vs1*: *real-vector-space-on* S + *vs2*: *real-vector-space-on*
 T **for** $S\ T$
begin

sublocale *vector-space-pair-on* $S\ T$ *scaleR* *scaleR*
rewrites *span-eq-real1*: *module-on.span* *scaleR* = *vs1.span*
and *dependent-eq-real1*: *module-on.dependent* *scaleR* = *vs1.dependent*
and *subspace-eq-real1*: *module-on.subspace* *scaleR* = *vs1.subspace*
and *span-eq-real2*: *module-on.span* *scaleR* = *vs2.span*
and *dependent-eq-real2*: *module-on.dependent* *scaleR* = *vs2.dependent*
and *subspace-eq-real2*: *module-on.subspace* *scaleR* = *vs2.subspace*
 <proof>

end

locale *finite-dimensional-real-vector-space-on* = *real-vector-space-on* S **for** S +
fixes *basis* :: 'a *set*
assumes *finite-dimensional-basis*: *finite* *basis* \neg *dependent* *basis* *span* *basis* = S
basis $\subseteq S$
begin

sublocale *finite-dimensional-vector-space-on* S *scaleR* *basis*
rewrites *span-eq-real*: *local.span* = *real-vector.span*
and *dependent-eq-real*: *local.dependent* = *real-vector.dependent*
and *subspace-eq-real*: *local.subspace* = *real-vector.subspace*
 <proof>

end


```

locale finite-dimensional-real-vector-space-pair-1-on =
  vs1: finite-dimensional-real-vector-space-on S1 basis +
  vs2: real-vector-space-on S2
  for S1 S2 basis
begin

sublocale finite-dimensional-vector-space-pair-1-on S1 S2 scaleR scaleR basis
  rewrites span-eq-real1: module-on.span scaleR = vs1.span
    and dependent-eq-real1: module-on.dependent scaleR = vs1.dependent
    and subspace-eq-real1: module-on.subspace scaleR = vs1.subspace
    and span-eq-real2: module-on.span scaleR = vs2.span
    and dependent-eq-real2: module-on.dependent scaleR = vs2.dependent
    and subspace-eq-real2: module-on.subspace scaleR = vs2.subspace
  <proof>

end

locale finite-dimensional-real-vector-space-pair-on =
  vs1: finite-dimensional-real-vector-space-on S1 Basis1 +
  vs2: finite-dimensional-real-vector-space-on S2 Basis2
  for S1 S2 Basis1 Basis2
begin

sublocale finite-dimensional-real-vector-space-pair-1-on S1 S2 Basis1
  <proof>

sublocale finite-dimensional-vector-space-pair-on S1 S2 scaleR scaleR Basis1 Basis2
  rewrites module-on.span scaleR = vs1.span
    and module-on.dependent scaleR = vs1.dependent
    and module-on.subspace scaleR = vs1.subspace
    and module-on.span scaleR = vs2.span
    and module-on.dependent scaleR = vs2.dependent
    and module-on.subspace scaleR = vs2.subspace
  <proof>

end

```

8.2 Derivations

context *c-manifold* **begin**

Set of C^k differentiable functions on carrier, where the smooth structure is given by charts. We assume f is zero outside carrier

definition *diff-fun-space* :: ($'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$) set **where**
diff-fun-space = { f . *diff-fun k charts f* \wedge *extensional0 carrier f*}

lemma *diff-fun-spaceD*: *diff-fun k charts f* **if** $f \in$ *diff-fun-space*
<proof>

lemma *diff-fun-space-order-le*: $\text{diff-fun-space} \subseteq \text{c-manifold.diff-fun-space charts } l$
if $l \leq k$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *diff-fun-space-extensionalD*:
 $g \in \text{diff-fun-space} \implies \text{extensional0 carrier } g$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *diff-fun-space-eq*: $\text{diff-fun-space} = \{f. \text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } f\} \cap \{f. \text{extensional0 carrier } f\}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *subspace-diff-fun-space*[*intro, simp*]:
 $\text{subspace diff-fun-space}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *diff-fun-space-times*: $f * g \in \text{diff-fun-space}$
if $f \in \text{diff-fun-space } g \in \text{diff-fun-space}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *diff-fun-space-add*: $f + g \in \text{diff-fun-space}$
if $f \in \text{diff-fun-space } g \in \text{diff-fun-space}$
 ⟨proof⟩

Set of differentiable functions is a vector space

sublocale *diff-fun-space*: $\text{vector-space-pair-on diff-fun-space UNIV::real set scaleR scaleR}$
 ⟨proof⟩

Linear functional from differentiable functions to real numbers

abbreviation *linear-diff-fun* $\equiv \text{linear-on diff-fun-space (UNIV::real set) scaleR scaleR}$

Definition of a derivation.

A linear functional X is a derivation if it additionally satisfies the property $X (f * g) = f p * X g + g p * X f$. This is suppose to represent the product rule.

definition *is-derivation* :: $(('a \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ **where**
 $\text{is-derivation } X p \longleftrightarrow (\text{linear-diff-fun } X \wedge$
 $(\forall f g. f \in \text{diff-fun-space} \longrightarrow g \in \text{diff-fun-space} \longrightarrow X (f * g) = f p * X g + g p * X f))$

lemma *is-derivationI*:
 $\text{is-derivation } X p$
if $\text{linear-diff-fun } X$
 $\bigwedge f g. f \in \text{diff-fun-space} \implies g \in \text{diff-fun-space} \implies X (f * g) = f p * X g + g p * X f$

<proof>

lemma *is-derivationD*:

assumes *is-derivation* X p

shows *is-derivation-linear-on*: *linear-diff-fun* X

and *is-derivation-derivation*: $\bigwedge f g. f \in \text{diff-fun-space} \implies g \in \text{diff-fun-space}$
 $\implies X (f * g) = f p * X g + g p * X f$

<proof>

Differentiable functions on the Euclidean space

lemma *manifold-eucl-diff-fun-space-iff[simp]*:

$g \in \text{manifold-eucl.diff-fun-space } k \iff k\text{-smooth-on UNIV } g$

<proof>

8.3 Tangent space

Definition of the tangent space.

The tangent space at a point p is defined to be the set of derivations. Note we need to restrict the domain of the functional to differentiable functions.

definition *tangent-space* :: ' $a \Rightarrow ((a \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow \text{real})$ set **where**

tangent-space $p = \{X. \text{is-derivation } X p \wedge \text{extensional0 diff-fun-space } X\}$

lemma *tangent-space-eq*: *tangent-space* $p = \{X. \text{is-derivation } X p\} \cap \{X. \text{extensional0 diff-fun-space } X\}$

<proof>

lemma *mem-tangent-space*: $X \in \text{tangent-space } p \iff \text{is-derivation } X p \wedge \text{extensional0 diff-fun-space } X$

<proof>

lemma *tangent-spaceI*:

$X \in \text{tangent-space } p$

if

extensional0 diff-fun-space X

linear-diff-fun X

$\bigwedge f g. f \in \text{diff-fun-space} \implies g \in \text{diff-fun-space} \implies X (f * g) = f p * X g + g p * X f$

<proof>

lemma *tangent-spaceD*:

assumes $X \in \text{tangent-space } p$

shows *tangent-space-linear-on*: *linear-diff-fun* X

and *tangent-space-restrict*: *extensional0 diff-fun-space* X

and *tangent-space-derivation*: $\bigwedge f g. f \in \text{diff-fun-space} \implies g \in \text{diff-fun-space}$
 $\implies X (f * g) = f p * X g + g p * X f$

<proof>

lemma *is-derivation-0*: *is-derivation* 0 p

<proof>

lemma *is-derivation-add*: *is-derivation* $(x + y)$ p
if x : *is-derivation* x p **and** y : *is-derivation* y p
<proof>

lemma *is-derivation-scaleR*: *is-derivation* $(c *_{\mathbb{R}} x)$ p
if x : *is-derivation* x p
<proof>

lemma *subspace-is-derivation*: *subspace* $\{X. \text{is-derivation } X \text{ } p\}$
<proof>

lemma *subspace-tangent-space*: *subspace* $(\text{tangent-space } p)$
<proof>

sublocale *tangent-space*: *real-vector-space-on* *tangent-space* p
<proof>

lemma *tangent-space-dim-eq*: *tangent-space.dim* p $X = \text{dim } X$
if $X \subseteq \text{tangent-space } p$
<proof>

properties of derivations

lemma *restrict0-in-fun-space*: *restrict0* *carrier* $f \in \text{diff-fun-space}$
if *diff-fun* k *charts* f
<proof>

lemma *restrict0-const-diff-fun-space*: *restrict0* *carrier* $(\lambda x. c) \in \text{diff-fun-space}$
<proof>

lemma *derivation-one-eq-zero*: $X (\text{restrict0 } \text{carrier } (\lambda x. 1)) = 0$ (**is** X *?f1* = -)
if $X \in \text{tangent-space } p$ $p \in \text{carrier}$
<proof>

lemma *derivation-const-eq-zero*: $X (\text{restrict0 } \text{carrier } (\lambda x. c)) = 0$
if $X \in \text{tangent-space } p$ $p \in \text{carrier}$
<proof>

lemma *derivation-times-eq-zeroI*: $X (f * g) = 0$ **if** $X: X \in \text{tangent-space } p$
and d : $f \in \text{diff-fun-space}$ $g \in \text{diff-fun-space}$
and z : $f \text{ } p = 0$ $g \text{ } p = 0$
<proof>

lemma *derivation-zero-localI*: $X f = 0$
if *open* W $p \in W$ $W \subseteq \text{carrier}$
 $X \in \text{tangent-space } p$
 $f \in \text{diff-fun-space}$
 $\bigwedge x. x \in W \implies f x = 0$

<proof>

lemma *derivation-eq-localI*: $X f = X g$
if *open* U $p \in U$ $U \subseteq \text{carrier}$
 $X \in \text{tangent-space } p$
 $f \in \text{diff-fun-space}$
 $g \in \text{diff-fun-space}$
 $\bigwedge x. x \in U \implies f x = g x$
<proof>

end

8.4 Push-forward on the tangent space

context *diff* **begin**

Push-forward on tangent spaces.

Given an element of the tangent space at *src*, considered as a functional X , the push-forward of X is a functional at *dest*, mapping g to $X (g \circ f)$.

definition *push-forward* :: $((\text{'a} \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow (\text{'b} \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow \text{real}$ **where**
 $\text{push-forward } X = \text{restrict0 } \text{dest.diff-fun-space } (\lambda g. X (\text{restrict0 } \text{src.carrier } (g \circ f)))$

lemma *extensional-push-forward*: $\text{extensional0 } \text{dest.diff-fun-space } (\text{push-forward } X)$
<proof>

lemma *linear-push-forward*: $\text{linear } \text{push-forward}$
<proof>

Properties of push-forwards

lemma *restrict-compose-in-diff-fun-space*:
 $x \in \text{dest.diff-fun-space} \implies \text{restrict0 } \text{src.carrier } (x \circ f) \in \text{src.diff-fun-space}$
<proof>

Push-forward of a linear functional is a linear

lemma *linear-on-diff-fun-push-forward*:
 $\text{dest.linear-diff-fun } (\text{push-forward } X)$
if $\text{src.linear-diff-fun } X$
<proof>

Push-forward preserves the product rule

lemma *push-forward-is-derivation*:
 $\text{push-forward } X (x * y) = x (f p) * \text{push-forward } X y + y (f p) * \text{push-forward } X x$
(is ?l = ?r)
if $\text{deriv: } \bigwedge x y. x \in \text{src.diff-fun-space} \implies y \in \text{src.diff-fun-space} \implies X (x * y) = x p * X y + y p * X x$
and $\text{dx: } x \in \text{dest.diff-fun-space}$

and $dy: y \in \text{dest.diff-fun-space}$
and $p: p \in \text{src.carrier}$
 <proof>

Combining, we show that the push-forward of a derivation is a derivation

lemma *push-forward-in-tangent-space*:
 $\text{push-forward } \langle \text{src.tangent-space } p \rangle \subseteq \text{dest.tangent-space } (f p)$
if $p \in \text{src.carrier}$
 <proof>

end

Functoriality of push-forward: identity

context *c-manifold* **begin**

lemma *push-forward-id*:
 $\text{diff.push-forward } k \text{ charts } \text{charts } f X = X$
if $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier} \implies f x = x$
 $X \in \text{tangent-space } p \ p \in \text{carrier}$
 <proof>

end

Functoriality of push-forward: composition

lemma *push-forward-compose*:
 $\text{diff.push-forward } k \ M2 \ M3 \ g \ (\text{diff.push-forward } k \ M1 \ M2 \ f \ X) = \text{diff.push-forward}$
 $k \ M1 \ M3 \ (g \ o \ f) \ X$
if $X \in \text{c-manifold.tangent-space } M1 \ k \ p \ p \in \text{manifold.carrier } M1$
and $df: \text{diff } k \ M1 \ M2 \ f$ **and** $dg: \text{diff } k \ M2 \ M3 \ g$
 <proof>

context *diffeomorphism* **begin**

If f is a diffeomorphism, then the push-forward f^* is a bijection

lemma *inv-push-forward-inverse*: $\text{push-forward } (\text{inv.push-forward } X) = X$
if $X \in \text{dest.tangent-space } p \ p \in \text{dest.carrier}$
 <proof>

lemma *push-forward-inverse*: $\text{inv.push-forward } (\text{push-forward } X) = X$
if $X \in \text{src.tangent-space } p \ p \in \text{src.carrier}$
 <proof>

lemma *bij-betw-push-forward*:
 $\text{bij-betw push-forward } (\text{src.tangent-space } p) \ (\text{dest.tangent-space } (f p))$
if $p: p \in \text{src.carrier}$
 <proof>

lemma *dim-tangent-space-src-dest-eq*: $\text{dim } (\text{src.tangent-space } p) = \text{dim } (\text{dest.tangent-space } (f p))$

if $p: p \in \text{src.carrier}$ **and** $\text{dim}(\text{dest.tangent-space } (f p)) > 0$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *dim-tangent-space-src-dest-eq2*: $\text{dim}(\text{src.tangent-space } p) = \text{dim}(\text{dest.tangent-space } (f p))$

if $p: p \in \text{src.carrier}$ **and** $\text{dim}(\text{src.tangent-space } p) > 0$
 ⟨proof⟩

end

8.5 Smooth inclusion map

context *submanifold* **begin**

lemma *diff-inclusion*: $\text{diff } k(\text{charts-submanifold } S) \text{ charts } (\lambda x. x)$
 ⟨proof⟩

sublocale *inclusion*: $\text{diff } k \text{ charts-submanifold } S \text{ charts } \lambda x. x$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *linear-on-push-forward-inclusion*:

linear-on (*sub.tangent-space* p) (*tangent-space* p) *scaleR scaleR inclusion.push-forward*
 ⟨proof⟩

Extension lemma: given a differentiable function on S , and a closed set $B \subseteq S$, there exists a function f' agreeing with f on B , such that the support of f' is contained in S .

lemma *extension-lemma-submanifoldE*:

fixes $f::'a \Rightarrow 'e::\text{euclidean-space}$

assumes $f: \text{diff-fun } k(\text{charts-submanifold } S) f$

and $B: \text{closed } B \ B \subseteq \text{sub.carrier}$

obtains f' **where**

$\text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } f'$

$(\bigwedge x. x \in B \implies f' x = f x)$

$\text{csupport-on carrier } f' \cap \text{carrier} \subseteq \text{sub.carrier}$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *inj-on-push-forward-inclusion*: *inj-on inclusion.push-forward* (*sub.tangent-space* p)

if $p: p \in \text{sub.carrier}$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *surj-on-push-forward-inclusion*:

inclusion.push-forward ' $\text{sub.tangent-space } p \supseteq \text{tangent-space } p$

if $p: p \in \text{sub.carrier}$

⟨proof⟩

end

8.6 Tangent space of submanifold

lemma *span-idem*: $\text{span } X = X$ if subspace X
 ⟨proof⟩

context *submanifold* **begin**

lemma *dim-tangent-space*: $\text{dim} (\text{tangent-space } p) = \text{dim} (\text{sub.tangent-space } p)$
 if $p \in \text{sub.carrier}$ $\text{dim} (\text{sub.tangent-space } p) > 0$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *dim-tangent-space2*: $\text{dim} (\text{tangent-space } p) = \text{dim} (\text{sub.tangent-space } p)$
 if $p \in \text{sub.carrier}$ $\text{dim} (\text{tangent-space } p) > 0$
 ⟨proof⟩

end

8.7 Directional derivatives

When the manifold is the Euclidean space, The Frechet derivative at a in the direction of v is an element of the tangent space at a .

definition *directional-derivative::enat* $\Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow$
 ($'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$) $\Rightarrow \text{real}$ **where**
 $\text{directional-derivative } k \ a \ v = \text{restrict0} (\text{manifold-eucl.diff-fun-space } k) (\lambda f. \text{frechet-derivative } f \ (\text{at } a) \ v)$

lemma *extensional0-directional-derivative*:
 $\text{extensional0} (\text{manifold-eucl.diff-fun-space } k) (\text{directional-derivative } k \ a \ v)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *extensional0-directional-derivative-le*:
 $\text{extensional0} (\text{manifold-eucl.diff-fun-space } k) (\text{directional-derivative } k' \ a \ v)$
 if $k \leq k'$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *directional-derivative-add[simp]*: $\text{directional-derivative } k \ a \ (x + y) = \text{directional-derivative } k \ a \ x + \text{directional-derivative } k \ a \ y$
and *directional-derivative-scaleR[simp]*: $\text{directional-derivative } k \ a \ (c *_{\mathbb{R}} x) = c *_{\mathbb{R}} \text{directional-derivative } k \ a \ x$
 if $k \neq 0$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *linear-directional-derivative*: $k \neq 0 \implies \text{linear} (\text{directional-derivative } k \ a)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *frechet-derivative-inner[simp]*:
 $\text{frechet-derivative} (\lambda x. x \cdot j) (\text{at } a) = (\lambda x. x \cdot j)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *smooth-on-inner-const*[simp]: k -smooth-on UNIV $(\lambda x. x \cdot j)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *directional-derivative-inner*[simp]: $\text{directional-derivative } k \ a \ x \ (\lambda x. x \cdot j)$
 $= x \cdot j$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *sum-apply*: $\text{sum } f \ X \ i = \text{sum } (\lambda x. f \ x \ i) \ X$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *inj-on-directional-derivative*: $\text{inj-on } (\text{directional-derivative } k \ a) \ S$ **if** $k \neq 0$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *directional-derivative-eq-frechet-derivative*:
 $\text{directional-derivative } k \ a \ v \ f = \text{frechet-derivative } f \ (\text{at } a) \ v$
if k -smooth-on UNIV f
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *directional-derivative-linear-on-diff-fun-space*:
 $k \neq 0 \implies \text{manifold-eucl.linear-diff-fun } k \ (\text{directional-derivative } k \ a \ x)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *directional-derivative-is-derivation*:
 $\text{directional-derivative } k \ a \ x \ (f * g) = f \ a * \text{directional-derivative } k \ a \ x \ g + g \ a * \text{directional-derivative } k \ a \ x \ f$
if $f \in \text{manifold-eucl.diff-fun-space } k \ g \in \text{manifold-eucl.diff-fun-space } k \ k \neq 0$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *directional-derivative-in-tangent-space*[intro, simp]:
 $k \neq 0 \implies \text{directional-derivative } k \ a \ x \in \text{manifold-eucl.tangent-space } k \ a$ **for** x
 ⟨proof⟩

context *c-manifold* **begin**

lemma *is-derivation-order-le*:
 $\text{is-derivation } X \ p$
if $l \leq k$ *c-manifold.is-derivation charts* $l \ X \ p$
 ⟨proof⟩

end

lemma *smooth-on-imp-differentiable-on*: f differentiable-on S
if k -smooth-on $S \ f \ k > 0$
 ⟨proof⟩

Key result: for the Euclidean space, the Frechet derivatives are the only elements of the tangent space.

This result only holds for smooth manifolds, not for C^k differentiable man-

ifolds. Smoothness is used at a key point in the proof.

lemma *surj-directional-derivative:*

range (directional-derivative k a) = manifold-eucl.tangent-space k a

if $k = \infty$

<proof>

lemma *span-directional-derivative:*

span (directional-derivative ∞ a 'Basis) = manifold-eucl.tangent-space ∞ a

<proof>

lemma *directional-derivative-in-span:*

directional-derivative ∞ a x \in span (directional-derivative ∞ a 'Basis)

<proof>

lemma *linear-on-directional-derivative:*

*k \neq 0 \implies linear-on UNIV (manifold-eucl.tangent-space k a) (*_R) (*_R) (directional-derivative k a)*

<proof>

The directional derivatives at Basis forms a basis of the tangent space at a

interpretation *manifold-eucl: finite-dimensional-real-vector-space-on*

manifold-eucl.tangent-space ∞ a directional-derivative ∞ a 'Basis

<proof>

lemma *independent-directional-derivative:*

k \neq 0 \implies independent (directional-derivative k a 'Basis)

<proof>

8.8 Dimension

For the Euclidean space, the dimension of the tangent space equals the dimension of the original space.

lemma *dim-eucl-tangent-space:*

dim (manifold-eucl.tangent-space ∞ a) = DIM('a) for a::'a::euclidean-space

<proof>

context *c-manifold begin*

For a general manifold, the dimension of the tangent space at point p equals the dimension of the manifold.

lemma *dim-tangent-space: dim (tangent-space p) = DIM('b) if p: p \in carrier and*

smooth: k = ∞

<proof>

end

end

9 Cotangent Space

```
theory Cotangent-Space
  imports Tangent-Space
begin
```

9.1 Dual of a vector space

abbreviation $linear\text{-}fun\text{-}on\ S \equiv linear\text{-}on\ S\ (UNIV::real\ set)\ scaleR\ scaleR$

definition $dual\text{-}space :: 'a::real\text{-}vector\ set \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow real)\ set$ **where**
 $dual\text{-}space\ S = \{E. linear\text{-}fun\text{-}on\ S\ E \wedge extensional0\ S\ E\}$

lemma $dual\text{-}space\text{-}eq$:

$dual\text{-}space\ S = \{E. linear\text{-}fun\text{-}on\ S\ E\} \cap \{E. extensional0\ S\ E\}$
<proof>

lemma $mem\text{-}dual\text{-}space$:

$E \in dual\text{-}space\ S \iff linear\text{-}fun\text{-}on\ S\ E \wedge extensional0\ S\ E$
<proof>

lemma $dual\text{-}spaceI$:

$E \in dual\text{-}space\ S$
if $extensional0\ S\ E$ **linear-fun-on** $S\ E$
<proof>

lemma $dual\text{-}spaceD$:

assumes $E \in dual\text{-}space\ S$
shows $dual\text{-}space\text{-}linear\text{-}on$: $linear\text{-}fun\text{-}on\ S\ E$
and $dual\text{-}space\text{-}restrict[simp]$: $extensional0\ S\ E$
<proof>

lemma $linear\text{-}fun\text{-}on\text{-}zero$:

$linear\text{-}fun\text{-}on\ S\ 0$
if $subspace\ S$
<proof>

lemma $linear\text{-}fun\text{-}on\ S\ x \implies a \in S \implies b \in S \implies x\ (a + b) = x\ a + x\ b$

<proof>

lemma $linear\text{-}fun\text{-}on\text{-}add$:

$linear\text{-}fun\text{-}on\ S\ (x + y)$
if x : $linear\text{-}fun\text{-}on\ S\ x$ **and** y : $linear\text{-}fun\text{-}on\ S\ y$ **and** S : $subspace\ S$
<proof>

lemma $linear\text{-}fun\text{-}on\text{-}scaleR$:

$linear\text{-}fun\text{-}on\ S\ (c *R\ x)$
if x : $linear\text{-}fun\text{-}on\ S\ x$ **and** S : $subspace\ S$
<proof>

lemma *subspace-linear-fun-on:*
subspace {E. linear-fun-on S E}
if *subspace S*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *subspace-dual-space:*
subspace (dual-space S)
if *subspace S*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

9.2 Dimension of dual space

Mapping from S to the dual of S

context *fixes B S assumes B: independent B span B = S*
begin

definition *inner-Basis a b = ($\sum_{i \in B. \text{representation } B a i * \text{representation } B b i$)*
 — TODO: move to library

definition *std-dual :: 'a::real-vector \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow real) where*
std-dual a = restrict0 S (restrict0 S ($\lambda b. \text{inner-Basis a b}$))

lemma *inner-Basis-add:*
 $b1 \in S \Longrightarrow b2 \in S \Longrightarrow \text{inner-Basis } (b1 + b2) v = \text{inner-Basis } b1 v + \text{inner-Basis } b2 v$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *inner-Basis-add2:*
 $b1 \in S \Longrightarrow b2 \in S \Longrightarrow \text{inner-Basis } v (b1 + b2) = \text{inner-Basis } v b1 + \text{inner-Basis } v b2$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *inner-Basis-scale:*
 *$b1 \in S \Longrightarrow \text{inner-Basis } (c *_R b1) v = c * \text{inner-Basis } b1 v$*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *inner-Basis-scale2:*
 *$b1 \in S \Longrightarrow \text{inner-Basis } v (c *_R b1) = c * \text{inner-Basis } v b1$*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *inner-Basis-minus:*
 $b1 \in S \Longrightarrow b2 \in S \Longrightarrow \text{inner-Basis } (b1 - b2) v = \text{inner-Basis } b1 v - \text{inner-Basis } b2 v$
and *inner-Basis-minus2:*
 $b1 \in S \Longrightarrow b2 \in S \Longrightarrow \text{inner-Basis } v (b1 - b2) = \text{inner-Basis } v b1 - \text{inner-Basis } v b2$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *sum-zero-representation*:

$v = 0$

if $\bigwedge b. b \in B \implies \text{representation } B \ v \ b = 0$ **and** $v: v \in S$
<proof>

lemma *inner-Basis-0[simp]*: *inner-Basis* $0 \ a = 0$ *inner-Basis* $a \ 0 = 0$

<proof>

lemma *inner-Basis-eq-zeroI*: $a = 0$ **if** *inner-Basis* $a \ a = 0$

and *finite* $B \ a \in S$

<proof>

lemma *inner-Basis-zero*: *inner-Basis* $a \ a = 0 \iff a = 0$

if *finite* $B \ a \in S$

<proof>

lemma *subspace-S*: *subspace* S

<proof>

interpretation S : *real-vector-space-on* S

<proof>

interpretation *dual*: *real-vector-space-on* *dual-space* S

<proof>

lemma *std-dual-linear*:

linear-on S (*dual-space* S) *scaleR* *scaleR* *std-dual*

<proof>

lemma *image-std-dual*:

std-dual $' S \subseteq$ *dual-space* S

if *subspace* S

<proof>

lemma *inj-std-dual*:

inj-on *std-dual* S

if *subspace* S *finite* B

<proof>

lemma *inner-Basis-sum*:

$(\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies x \ i \in S) \implies \text{inner-Basis } (\sum i \in I. x \ i) \ v = (\sum i \in I. \text{inner-Basis } (x \ i) \ v)$

<proof>

lemma *inner-Basis-sum2*:

$(\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies x \ i \in S) \implies \text{inner-Basis } v \ (\sum i \in I. x \ i) = (\sum i \in I. \text{inner-Basis } v \ (x \ i))$

<proof>

lemma *B-sub-S*: $B \subseteq S$
<proof>

lemma *inner-Basis-eq-representation*:
inner-Basis i x = representation B x i
if $i \in B$ *finite B*
<proof>

lemma *surj-std-dual*:
std-dual ' S \supseteq dual-space S **if** *subspace S finite B*
<proof>

lemma *std-dual-bij-betw*:
bij-betw (std-dual) S (dual-space S)
if *finite B*
<proof>

lemma *std-dual-eq-dual-space*: *finite B \implies std-dual ' S = dual-space S*
<proof>

lemma *dim-dual-space*:
assumes *finite B*
shows $\dim (\text{dual-space } S) = \dim S$
<proof>

end

9.3 Dual map

context *real-vector-space-pair-on* **begin**

definition *dual-map* :: $('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow ('b \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow \text{real})$ **where**
dual-map f y = restrict0 S ($\lambda x. y (f x)$)

lemma *subspace-dual-S*: *subspace (dual-space S)*
<proof>

lemma *subspace-dual-T*: *subspace (dual-space T)*
<proof>

lemma *dual-map-linear*:
linear-on (dual-space T) (dual-space S) scaleR scaleR (dual-map f)
<proof>

lemma *image-dual-map*:
dual-map f ' (dual-space T) \subseteq dual-space S
if *f: linear-on S T scaleR scaleR f* **and**
defined: f ' S \subseteq T
<proof>

end

Functoriality of dual map: identity

context *real-vector-space-on* **begin**

lemma *dual-map-id*:

real-vector-space-pair-on.dual-map $S f y = y$

if $f: \bigwedge x. x \in S \implies f x = x$ **and** $y: y \in \text{dual-space } S$
<proof>

end

abbreviation *dual-map* \equiv *real-vector-space-pair-on.dual-map*

lemmas *dual-map-def* = *real-vector-space-pair-on.dual-map-def*

Functoriality of dual map: composition

lemma *dual-map-compose*:

dual-map $S f$ (*dual-map* $T g$ x) = *dual-map* S ($g \circ f$) x

if $x \in \text{dual-space } U$ **and** *linear-on* $T U$ *scaleR* *scaleR* g

and $f: \text{linear-on } S T$ *scaleR* *scaleR* f

and *defined*: $f ' S \subseteq T$

and ST : *real-vector-space-pair-on* $S T$

and TU : *real-vector-space-pair-on* $T U$

<proof>

9.4 Definition of cotangent space

context *c-manifold* **begin**

definition *cotangent-space* :: $'a \Rightarrow ((('a \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow \text{real})$ **set where**
cotangent-space $p = \text{dual-space } (\text{tangent-space } p)$

lemma *subspace-cotangent-space*:

subspace (*cotangent-space* p)

<proof>

sublocale *cotangent-space*: *real-vector-space-on* *cotangent-space* p

<proof>

lemma *cotangent-space-dim-eq*: *cotangent-space.dim* $p X = \text{dim } X$

if $X \subseteq \text{cotangent-space } p$

<proof>

lemma *dim-cotangent-space*:

dim (*cotangent-space* p) = *DIM*($'b$) **if** $p \in \text{carrier}$ **and** $k = \infty$

<proof>

end

9.5 Pullback of cotangent space

context *diff* begin

definition *pull-back* :: 'a \Rightarrow (((('b \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow (('a \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real **where**

pull-back p = dual-map (src.tangent-space p) push-forward

lemma

linear-pullback: linear-on (dest.cotangent-space (f p)) (src.cotangent-space p) scaleR scaleR (pull-back p) **and**

image-pullback: pull-back p ' (dest.cotangent-space (f p)) \subseteq src.cotangent-space p

if p \in src.carrier

<proof>

end

9.6 Cotangent field of a function

context *c-manifold* begin

Given a function f, the cotangent vector of f at a point p is defined as follows: given a tangent vector X at p, considered as a functional, evaluate X on f.

definition *cotangent-field* :: ('a \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow (((('a \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real) **where**

cotangent-field f p = restrict0 (tangent-space p) ($\lambda X. X f$)

lemma *cotangent-field-is-cotangent*:

cotangent-field f p \in cotangent-space p

<proof>

9.7 Tangent field of a path

Given a path c, the tangent vector of c at real number x (or at point c(x)) is defined as follows: given a function f, take the derivative of the real-valued function f \circ c.

definition *tangent-field* :: (real \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow real \Rightarrow (('a \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real) **where**

tangent-field c x = restrict0 diff-fun-space ($\lambda f. \text{frechet-derivative } (f \circ c) \text{ (at } x) 1$)

lemma *tangent-field-is-tangent*:

tangent-field c x \in tangent-space (c x)

if c-smooth: diff k charts-eucl charts c **and** smooth: k > 0

<proof>

9.8 Integral along a path

lemma *fundamental-theorem-of-path-integral*:

$((\lambda x. (\text{cotangent-field } f (c \ x)) (\text{tangent-field } c \ x)) \text{ has-integral } f (c \ b) - f (c \ a))$
 $\{a..b\}$
if $ab: a \leq b$ **and** $f: f \in \text{diff-fun-space}$ **and** $c: \text{diff } k \text{ charts-eucl charts } c$ **and** $k: k \neq 0$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

end

10 Product Manifold

theory *Product-Manifold*
imports *Differentiable-Manifold*
begin

locale *c-manifold-prod* =
 $m1: c\text{-manifold charts1 } k$ +
 $m2: c\text{-manifold charts2 } k$ **for** k *charts1 charts2*

begin

lift-definition *prod-chart* :: $('a, 'b) \text{ chart} \Rightarrow ('c, 'd) \text{ chart} \Rightarrow ('a \times 'c, 'b \times 'd) \text{ chart}$

is $\lambda(d::'a \text{ set}, d'::'b \text{ set}, f::'a \Rightarrow 'b, f'::'b \Rightarrow 'a).$
 $\lambda(e::'c \text{ set}, e'::'d \text{ set}, g::'c \Rightarrow 'd, g'::'d \Rightarrow 'c).$
 $(d \times e, d' \times e', \lambda(x,y). (f \ x, g \ y), \lambda(x,y). (f' \ x, g' \ y))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *domain-prod-chart[simp]*: $\text{domain } (\text{prod-chart } c1 \ c2) = \text{domain } c1 \times \text{domain } c2$

and *codomain-prod-chart[simp]*: $\text{codomain } (\text{prod-chart } c1 \ c2) = \text{codomain } c1 \times \text{codomain } c2$

and *apply-prod-chart[simp]*: $\text{apply-chart } (\text{prod-chart } c1 \ c2) = (\lambda(x,y). (c1 \ x, c2 \ y))$

and *inv-chart-prod-chart[simp]*: $\text{inv-chart } (\text{prod-chart } c1 \ c2) = (\lambda(x,y). (\text{inv-chart } c1 \ x, \text{inv-chart } c2 \ y))$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *prod-chart-compat*:

$k\text{-smooth-compat } (\text{prod-chart } c1 \ c2) (\text{prod-chart } d1 \ d2)$

if *compat1*: $k\text{-smooth-compat } c1 \ d1$ **and** *compat2*: $k\text{-smooth-compat } c2 \ d2$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

definition *prod-charts* :: $('a \times 'c, 'b \times 'd) \text{ chart set where}$

$\text{prod-charts} = \{\text{prod-chart } c1 \ c2 \mid c1 \ c2. c1 \in \text{charts1} \wedge c2 \in \text{charts2}\}$

lemma *c-manifold-atlas-product*: $c\text{-manifold prod-charts } k$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

end

11 Sphere

theory *Sphere*

imports *Differentiable-Manifold*

begin

typedef (overloaded) ('a::real-normed-vector) *sphere* =
 {a::'a×real. norm a = 1}
 ⟨proof⟩

setup-lifting *type-definition-sphere*

lift-definition *top-sphere* :: ('a::real-normed-vector) *sphere* **is** (0, 1) ⟨proof⟩

lift-definition *st-proj1* :: ('a::real-normed-vector) *sphere* ⇒ 'a **is**
 λ(x,z). x /_R (1 - z) ⟨proof⟩

lift-definition *st-proj1-inv* :: ('a::real-normed-vector) ⇒ 'a *sphere* **is**
 λx. ((2 / ((norm x) ^ 2 + 1)) *_R x, ((norm x) ^ 2 - 1) / ((norm x) ^ 2 + 1))
 ⟨proof⟩

lift-definition *bot-sphere* :: ('a::real-normed-vector) *sphere* **is** (0, -1) ⟨proof⟩

lift-definition *st-proj2* :: ('a::real-normed-vector) *sphere* ⇒ 'a **is**
 λ(x,z). x /_R (1 + z) ⟨proof⟩

lift-definition *st-proj2-inv* :: ('a::real-normed-vector) ⇒ 'a *sphere* **is**
 λx. ((2 / ((norm x) ^ 2 + 1)) *_R x, (1 - (norm x) ^ 2) / ((norm x) ^ 2 + 1))
 ⟨proof⟩

instantiation *sphere* :: (real-normed-vector) *topological-space*
begin

lift-definition *open-sphere* :: 'a *sphere* *set* ⇒ bool **is**
 openin (*subtopology* (*euclidean*::('a×real) *topology*) {a. norm a = 1}) ⟨proof⟩

instance
 ⟨proof⟩

end

instance *sphere* :: (real-normed-vector) *t2-space*

<proof>

instance *sphere* :: (*euclidean-space*) *second-countable-topology*
<proof>

lemma *transfer-continuous-on1* [*transfer-rule*]:

includes *lifting-syntax*

shows (*rel-set* (=) \implies ((=) \implies *pcr-sphere* (=) \implies (=)) ($\lambda X :: 'a :: t2\text{-space}$
set. continuous-on X) *continuous-on*

<proof>

lemma *transfer-continuous-on2* [*transfer-rule*]:

includes *lifting-syntax*

shows (*rel-set* (*pcr-sphere* (=)) \implies (*pcr-sphere* (=) \implies (=)) \implies (=))
($\lambda X. \text{continuous-on } (X \cap \{x. \text{norm } x = 1\})$) ($\lambda X. \text{continuous-on } X$)

<proof>

lemma *st-proj1-inv-continuous*:

continuous-on UNIV st-proj1-inv

<proof>

lemma *st-proj1-continuous*:

continuous-on (UNIV - {top-sphere}) st-proj1

<proof>

lemma *st-proj1-inv*: *st-proj1-inv* (*st-proj1* *x*) = *x*

if *x* \neq *top-sphere*

<proof>

lemma *st-proj1-inv-inv*: *st-proj1* (*st-proj1-inv* *x*) = *x*

<proof>

lemma *st-proj1-inv-ne-top*: *st-proj1-inv* *xa* \neq *top-sphere*

<proof>

lemma *homeomorphism-st-proj1*: *homeomorphism* (*UNIV* - {*top-sphere*}) *UNIV*

st-proj1 st-proj1-inv

<proof>

lemma *st-proj2-inv-continuous*:

continuous-on UNIV st-proj2-inv

<proof>

lemma *st-proj2-continuous*:

continuous-on (UNIV - {bot-sphere}) st-proj2

<proof>

lemma *st-proj2-inv*: *st-proj2-inv* (*st-proj2* *x*) = *x*

if *x* \neq *bot-sphere*

<proof>

lemma *st-proj2-inv-inv*: *st-proj2 (st-proj2-inv x) = x*
<proof>

lemma *st-proj2-inv-ne-top*: *st-proj2-inv xa ≠ bot-sphere*
<proof>

lemma *homeomorphism-st-proj2*: *homeomorphism (UNIV - {bot-sphere}) UNIV*
st-proj2 st-proj2-inv
<proof>

lift-definition *st-proj1-chart* :: (*'a sphere, 'a::euclidean-space*) *chart*
is (*UNIV - {top-sphere::'a sphere}, UNIV::'a set, st-proj1, st-proj1-inv*)
<proof>

lift-definition *st-proj2-chart* :: (*'a sphere, 'a::euclidean-space*) *chart*
is (*UNIV - {bot-sphere::'a sphere}, UNIV::'a set, st-proj2, st-proj2-inv*)
<proof>

lemma *st-projs-compat*:
includes *lifting-syntax*
shows ∞ -*smooth-compat st-proj1-chart st-proj2-chart*
<proof>

definition *charts-sphere* :: (*'a::euclidean-space sphere, 'a*) *chart set where*
charts-sphere ≡ {st-proj1-chart, st-proj2-chart}

lemma *c-manifold-atlas-sphere*: *c-manifold charts-sphere* ∞
<proof>

end

12 Projective Space

theory *Projective-Space*
imports *Differentiable-Manifold HOL-Library.Quotient-Set*
begin

Some of the main things to note here: double transfer (\rightarrow nonzero \rightarrow quotient)

12.1 Subtype of nonzero elements

lemma *open-ne-zero*: *open {x::'a::t1-space. x ≠ c}*
<proof>

typedef (**overloaded**) *'a::euclidean-space nonzero* = *UNIV - {0::'a::euclidean-space}*
<proof>

```

setup-lifting type-definition-nonzero

instantiation nonzero :: (euclidean-space) topological-space
begin

lift-definition open-nonzero::'a nonzero set  $\Rightarrow$  bool is open::'a set  $\Rightarrow$  bool  $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 

instance
   $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 

end

lemma open-nonzero-openin-transfer:
  (rel-set (pcr-nonzero A)  $===>$  ( $=$ )) (openin (top-of-set (Collect (Domainp (pcr-nonzero
A)))) open
  if is-equality A
   $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 

instantiation nonzero :: (euclidean-space) scaleR
begin
lift-definition scaleR-nonzero::real  $\Rightarrow$  'a nonzero  $\Rightarrow$  'a nonzero is  $\lambda$  c x. if c = 0
  then One else c *R x
   $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 
instance  $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 

end

instantiation nonzero :: (euclidean-space) plus
begin
lift-definition plus-nonzero::'a nonzero  $\Rightarrow$  'a nonzero  $\Rightarrow$  'a nonzero is  $\lambda$  x y. if x
   $+ y = 0$  then One else x + y
   $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 
instance  $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 
end

instantiation nonzero :: (euclidean-space) minus
begin
lift-definition minus-nonzero::'a nonzero  $\Rightarrow$  'a nonzero  $\Rightarrow$  'a nonzero is  $\lambda$  x y. if
  x = y then One else x - y
   $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 
instance  $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 
end

instantiation nonzero :: (euclidean-space) dist
begin
lift-definition dist-nonzero::'a nonzero  $\Rightarrow$  'a nonzero  $\Rightarrow$  real is dist  $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 
instance  $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 
end

```

instantiation *nonzero* :: (*euclidean-space*) *norm*
begin
lift-definition *norm-nonzero*::'a *nonzero* \Rightarrow *real is norm* \langle *proof* \rangle
instance \langle *proof* \rangle
end

instance *nonzero* :: (*euclidean-space*) *t2-space*
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *scaleR-one-nonzero*[*simp*]: $1 *_{\mathbb{R}} x = (x::\text{nonzero})$
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *scaleR-scaleR-nonzero*[*simp*]: $b \neq 0 \implies \text{scaleR } a (\text{scaleR } b x) = \text{scaleR } (a * b) (x::\text{nonzero})$
 \langle *proof* \rangle

instance *nonzero* :: (*euclidean-space*) *second-countable-topology*
 \langle *proof* \rangle

12.2 Quotient

inductive *proj-rel* :: 'a::*euclidean-space nonzero* \Rightarrow 'a *nonzero* \Rightarrow *bool* **for** *x* **where**
 $c \neq 0 \implies \text{proj-rel } x (c *_{\mathbb{R}} x)$

lemma *proj-rel-parametric*: (*pcr-nonzero* *A* \implies *pcr-nonzero* *A* \implies (=))
proj-rel *proj-rel*
if [*transfer-rule*]: ((=) \implies *pcr-nonzero* *A* \implies *pcr-nonzero* *A*) ($*_{\mathbb{R}}$) ($*_{\mathbb{R}}$)
bi-unique *A*
 \langle *proof* \rangle

quotient-type (overloaded) 'a *proj-space* = ('a::*euclidean-space* \times *real*) *nonzero*
/ *proj-rel*
morphisms *rep-proj* *Proj*
parametric *proj-rel-parametric*
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *surj-Proj*: *surj* *Proj*
 \langle *proof* \rangle

definition *proj-topology* :: 'a::*euclidean-space* *proj-space* *topology* **where**
proj-topology = *map-topology* *Proj* *euclidean*

instantiation *proj-space* :: (*euclidean-space*) *topological-space*
begin

definition *open-proj-space* :: 'a *proj-space* *set* \Rightarrow *bool* **where**
open-proj-space = *openin* (*map-topology* *Proj* *euclidean*)

lemma *topspace-map-Proj*: $\text{topspace } (\text{map-topology } \text{Proj } \text{euclidean}) = \text{UNIV}$
 ⟨proof⟩

instance
 ⟨proof⟩

end

lemma *open-vimage-ProjI*: $\text{open } T \implies \text{open } (\text{Proj } - ' T)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *open-vimage-ProjD*: $\text{open } (\text{Proj } - ' T) \implies \text{open } T$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *open-vimage-Proj-iff[simp]*: $\text{open } (\text{Proj } - ' T) = \text{open } T$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *euclidean-proj-space-def*: $\text{euclidean} = \text{map-topology } \text{Proj } \text{euclidean}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *continuous-on-proj-spaceI*: $\text{continuous-on } (S) f \text{ if } \text{continuous-on } (\text{Proj } - ' S) (f \circ \text{Proj}) \text{ open } (S)$
for $f :: \text{proj-space} \Rightarrow -$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *saturate-eq*: $\text{Proj } - ' \text{Proj } ' X = (\bigcup c \in \text{UNIV} - \{0\}. (*_R) c ' X)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *open-scaling-nonzero*: $c \neq 0 \implies \text{open } s \implies \text{open } ((*_R) c ' s :: 'a :: \text{euclidean-space nonzero set})$
 ⟨proof⟩

12.3 Proof of Hausdorff property

lemma *Proj-open-map*: $\text{open } (\text{Proj } ' X) \text{ if } \text{open } X$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *proj-rel-transfer[transfer-rule]*:
 ($\text{pcr-nonzero } A \implies \text{pcr-nonzero } A \implies (=)$) $(\lambda x a. \exists c. a = \text{sr } c x \wedge c \neq 0) \text{ proj-rel}$
if $[\text{transfer-rule}]$: ($(=) \implies \text{pcr-nonzero } A \implies \text{pcr-nonzero } A$) $\text{sr } (*_R)$
 $\text{bi-unique } A$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *bool-aux*: $a \wedge (a \longrightarrow b) \longleftrightarrow a \wedge b$ ⟨proof⟩

lemma *closed-proj-rel*: $\text{closed } \{(x :: 'a :: \text{euclidean-space nonzero}, y :: 'a \text{ nonzero}). \text{proj-rel } x y\}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *closed-Proj-rel*: $\text{closed } \{(x, y). \text{Proj } x = \text{Proj } y\}$

<proof>

instance *proj-space* :: (*euclidean-space*) *t2-space*
<proof>

instance *proj-space* :: (*euclidean-space*) *second-countable-topology*
<proof>

12.4 Charts

12.4.1 Chart for last coordinate

lift-definition *chart-last-nonzero* :: (*'a::euclidean-space* × *real*) *nonzero* ⇒ *'a is*
 $\lambda(x,c). x /_R c$ *<proof>*

lemma *chart-last-nonzero-scaleR[simp]*: $c \neq 0 \implies \text{chart-last-nonzero } (c *_R n) =$
chart-last-nonzero n
<proof>

lift-definition *chart-last* :: *'a::euclidean-space* *proj-space* ⇒ *'a is* *chart-last-nonzero*
<proof>

lift-definition *chart-last-inv-nonzero* :: *'a* ⇒ (*'a::euclidean-space* × *real*) *nonzero is*
 $\lambda x. (x, 1)$
<proof>

lift-definition *chart-last-inv* :: *'a* ⇒ *'a::euclidean-space* *proj-space is* *chart-last-inv-nonzero*
<proof>

lift-definition *chart-last-domain-nonzeroP* :: (*'a::euclidean-space* × *real*) *nonzero*
⇒ *bool is*
 $\lambda x. \text{snd } x \neq 0$ *<proof>*

lift-definition *chart-last-domainP* :: *'a::euclidean-space* *proj-space* ⇒ *bool is* *chart-last-domain-nonzeroP*
<proof>

lemma *open-chart-last-domain*: *open* (*Collect chart-last-domainP*)
<proof>

lemma *Proj-vimage-chart-last-domainP*: *Proj -' Collect chart-last-domainP =*
Collect (chart-last-domain-nonzeroP)
<proof>

lemma *chart-last-continuous*:

notes [*transfer-rule*] = *open-nonzero-openin-transfer*

shows *continuous-on* (*Collect chart-last-domainP*) *chart-last*
<proof>

lemma *chart-last-inv-continuous*:

notes [*transfer-rule*] = *open-nonzero-openin-transfer*

shows *continuous-on UNIV chart-last-inv*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *proj-rel-iff*: $\text{proj-rel } a \ b \longleftrightarrow (\exists c \neq 0. b = c *_{\mathbb{R}} a)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *chart-last-inverse*: $\text{chart-last-inv } (\text{chart-last } x) = x$ **if** *chart-last-domainP* x
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *chart-last-inv-inverse*: $\text{chart-last } (\text{chart-last-inv } x) = x$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *chart-last-domainP-chart-last-inv*: $\text{chart-last-domainP } (\text{chart-last-inv } x)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *homeomorphism-chart-last*:
homeomorphism (Collect chart-last-domainP) UNIV chart-last chart-last-inv
 ⟨proof⟩

lift-definition *last-chart*::('a::euclidean-space proj-space, 'a) **chart is**
 (Collect *chart-last-domainP*, UNIV, *chart-last*, *chart-last-inv*)
 ⟨proof⟩

12.4.2 Charts for first $\text{DIM}('a)$ coordinates

lift-definition *chart-basis-nonzero* :: 'a \Rightarrow ('a::euclidean-space \times real) nonzero \Rightarrow 'a **is**
 $\lambda b. \lambda(x, c). (x + (c - x \cdot b) *_{\mathbb{R}} b) /_{\mathbb{R}} (x \cdot b)$ ⟨proof⟩

lift-definition *chart-basis* :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a::euclidean-space proj-space \Rightarrow 'a **is**
chart-basis-nonzero
 ⟨proof⟩

lift-definition *chart-basis-domain-nonzeroP* :: 'a \Rightarrow ('a::euclidean-space \times real) nonzero
 \Rightarrow bool **is**
 $\lambda b (x, -). (x \cdot b) \neq 0$ ⟨proof⟩

lift-definition *chart-basis-domainP* :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a::euclidean-space proj-space \Rightarrow bool
is *chart-basis-domain-nonzeroP*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *Proj-vimage-chart-basis-domainP*:
 Proj - ' Collect (*chart-basis-domainP* b) = Collect (*chart-basis-domain-nonzeroP* b)
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *open-chart-basis-domain*: open (Collect (*chart-basis-domainP* b))

<proof>

lemma *chart-basis-continuous:*

notes [*transfer-rule*] = *open-nonzero-openin-transfer*

shows *continuous-on* (Collect (chart-basis-domainP b)) (chart-basis b)

<proof>

context

fixes *b::'a::euclidean-space*

assumes *b: b ∈ Basis*

begin

lemma *b-neq0: b ≠ 0 <proof>*

lift-definition *chart-basis-inv-nonzero :: 'a ⇒ ('a::euclidean-space × real) nonzero*

is

$\lambda x. (x + (1 - x \cdot b) *_{\mathbb{R}} b, x \cdot b)$

<proof>

lift-definition *chart-basis-inv :: 'a ⇒ 'a::euclidean-space proj-space is*

chart-basis-inv-nonzero <proof>

lemma *chart-basis-inv-continuous:*

notes [*transfer-rule*] = *open-nonzero-openin-transfer*

shows *continuous-on UNIV chart-basis-inv*

<proof>

lemma *chart-basis-inv-inverse: chart-basis b (chart-basis-inv x) = x*

<proof>

lemma *chart-basis-inverse: chart-basis-inv (chart-basis b x) = x if chart-basis-domainP*

b x

<proof>

lemma *chart-basis-domainP-chart-basis-inv: chart-basis-domainP b (chart-basis-inv*

x)

<proof>

lemma *homeomorphism-chart-basis:*

homeomorphism (Collect (chart-basis-domainP b)) UNIV (chart-basis b) chart-basis-inv

<proof>

lift-definition *basis-chart::('a proj-space, 'a) chart*

is (Collect (chart-basis-domainP b), UNIV, chart-basis b, chart-basis-inv)

<proof>

end

12.4.3 Atlas

definition *charts-proj-space* = *insert last-chart (basis-chart ‘Basis)*

lemma *chart-last-basis-defined*:

chart-last-domainP xa \implies chart-basis-domainP b xa \implies chart-last xa \cdot b \neq 0
<proof>

lemma *chart-basis-last-defined*:

b \in Basis \implies chart-last-domainP xa \implies chart-basis-domainP b xa \implies chart-basis b xa \cdot b \neq 0
<proof>

lemma *compat-last-chart*: ∞ -smooth-*compat last-chart (basis-chart b)*

if [*transfer-rule*]: *b \in Basis*
<proof>

lemma *smooth-on-basis-comp-inv*: *smooth-on {x. (x + (1 - x \cdot a) \cdot b) \neq 0}*
(chart-basis b \circ chart-basis-inv a)

if [*transfer-rule*]: *a \in Basis b \in Basis*
<proof>

lemma *chart-basis-basis-defined*:

a \neq b \implies chart-basis-domainP a xa \implies chart-basis-domainP b xa \implies chart-basis a xa \cdot b \neq 0
if *a \in Basis b \in Basis*
<proof>

lemma *compat-basis-chart*: ∞ -smooth-*compat (basis-chart a) (basis-chart b)*

if [*transfer-rule*]: *a \in Basis b \in Basis*
<proof>

lemma *c-manifold-proj-space*: *c-manifold charts-proj-space ∞*

<proof>

end

References

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