

Formalization of the Schwartz-Zippel Lemma

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Abstract

This short entry formalizes a version of the Schwartz-Zippel lemma for probabilistic (multivariate) polynomial identity testing. The entry includes a textbook example using the lemma to test for perfect matchings in a bipartite graph. The lemma is attributed to several independent authors, including Schwartz [3], Zippel [4], and DeMillo and Lipton [1]; a historical perspective is given by Lipton [2].

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1 The Schwartz-Zippel Lemma

```
theory Schwartz-Zippel imports
  Factor-Algebraic-Polynomial.Poly-Connection
  Polynomials.MPoly-Type
  HOL-Probability.Product-PMF
begin

  This theory formalizes the Schwartz-Zippel lemma for multivariate polynomials (mpoly).

  lemma schwartz-zippel-uni:
    fixes P :: ('a::idom) Polynomial.poly
    fixes S :: 'a set
    assumes finite S S ≠ {}
    assumes Polynomial.degree P ≤ d
    assumes P ≠ 0
    shows measure-pmf.prob (pmf-of-set S) {r. poly P r = 0} ≤ real d / card S
  proof -
    have 1: {r. poly P r = 0} ∩ S = {r. poly P r = 0 ∧ r ∈ S}
      by auto
    have 2: prob-space.prob (pmf-of-set S) {r. poly P r = 0} =
      prob-space.prob (pmf-of-set S) {r. poly P r = 0 ∧ r ∈ S}
```

```

by (metis (full-types) 1 assms(1) assms(2) measure-Int-set-pmf set-pmf-of-set)
have card: card {r. poly P r = 0 ∧ r ∈ S} ≤ d
  using poly-roots-degree assms(3) assms(4) by (smt (verit) Collect-mono-iff
card-mono le-trans poly-roots-finite)
have inter: S ∩ {r. poly P r = 0 ∧ r ∈ S} =
{r. poly P r = 0 ∧ r ∈ S}
by auto

have prob:prob-space.prob (pmf-of-set S) {r. poly P r = 0 ∧ r ∈ S} ≤ real d / 
card S
  by (simp add: assms(1) assms(2) assms(4) card inter measure-pmf-of-set di-
vide-right-mono)

thus prob-space.prob (pmf-of-set S) {r. poly P r = 0 } ≤ real d / card S
  by (simp add: 2)
qed

```

```

lemma degree-mpoly-to-poly [simp]:
assumes vars p = {x}
shows Polynomial.degree (mpoly-to-poly x p) = MPoly-Type.degree p x
proof (rule antisym)
show Polynomial.degree (mpoly-to-poly x p) ≤ MPoly-Type.degree p x
proof (intro Polynomial.degree-le allI impI)
fix i assume i: i > MPoly-Type.degree p x
have poly.coeff (mpoly-to-poly x p) i =
(∑ m. 0 when lookup m x = i)
unfolding coeff-mpoly-to-mpoly-polynomial using i
by (metis (no-types, lifting) Sum-any.cong Sum-any.neutral coeff-mpoly-to-poly
degree-geI leD lookup-single-eq when-neq-zero)
also have ... = 0
  by simp
finally show poly.coeff (mpoly-to-poly x p) i = 0 .
qed
next
show Polynomial.degree (mpoly-to-poly x p) ≥ MPoly-Type.degree p x
proof (cases p = 0)
case False
then obtain m where m: MPoly-Type.coeff p m ≠ 0 lookup m x = MPoly-Type.degree
p x
  using monom-of-degree-exists by blast
show Polynomial.degree (mpoly-to-poly x p) ≥ MPoly-Type.degree p x
proof (rule Polynomial.le-degree)
have 0 ≠ MPoly-Type.coeff p m
  using m by auto
have poly.coeff (mpoly-to-poly x p) (MPoly-Type.degree p x) =
MPoly-Type.coeff p (monomial (MPoly-Type.degree p x) x)
unfolding coeff-mpoly-to-poly by auto

```

```

also have monomial (MPoly-Type.degree p x) x = m
  unfolding m(2)[symmetric] using assms coeff-notin-vars m(1)
  by (intro keys-subset-singleton-imp-monomial) blast
finally show poly.coeff (mpoly-to-poly x p) (MPoly-Type.degree p x) ≠ 0
  using m by auto
qed
qed auto
qed

```

```

lemma total-degree-add: total-degree (x + y) ≤ max (total-degree x) (total-degree y)
proof -
  define h :: (nat ⇒₀ nat) ⇒ nat where h = (λm. sum (lookup m) (keys m))
  have insert 0 (h ` keys (mapping-of (x + y))) ⊆
    insert 0 (h ` (keys (mapping-of x) ∪ keys (mapping-of y)))
  unfolding plus-mpoly.rep-eq
  by (intro Set.insert-mono image-mono Poly-Mapping.keys-add)
also have ... = insert 0 (h ` keys (mapping-of x)) ∪
  insert 0 (h ` keys (mapping-of y))
  by (simp add: image-Un)
finally have Max (insert 0 (h ` keys (mapping-of (x + y)))) ≤ Max ...
  by (intro Max-mono) simp-all
also have ?this ↔ ?thesis
  unfolding total-degree-def map-fun-def o-def id-def h-def [symmetric]
  by (subst Max-Un [symmetric]; simp)
finally show ?thesis .
qed

```

```

lemma total-degree-sum:
assumes finite S
show total-degree (sum f S) ≤
  Max ((total-degree ∘ f) ` S)
using assms
proof (induction S)
  case empty
  then show ?case
    by auto
next
  case (insert x F)
  show ?case
  proof (cases F = {})
    case False
    have total-degree (f x + sum f F) ≤
      max (total-degree (f x)) (total-degree (sum f F))
    using total-degree-add by blast
    moreover have ... ≤
      max (total-degree (f x)) (Max ((total-degree ∘ f) ` F))
  qed
qed

```

```

    using local.insert(3) by linarith
also have ... = (Max ((total-degree ∘ f) ` insert x F))
    using insert False by simp
finally show ?thesis
    using insert.hyps by simp
qed simp-all
qed

```

```

lemma coeff-mpoly-to-mpoly-poly-restrict:
shows coeff (mpoly-to-mpoly-poly x P) i =
sum (λm.
MPoly-Type.monom (remove-key x m)
(MPoly-Type.coeff P m) when lookup m x = i)
(Poly-Mapping.keys (mapping-of P))
unfolding coeff-mpoly-to-mpoly-poly
by (auto intro!: Sum-any.expand-superset simp: coeff-keys)

```

```

lemma Max-le-Max:
assumes A ≠ {}
assumes finite A finite B
assumes ⋀a. a ∈ A ⇒ ∃b. b ∈ B ∧ a ≤ b
shows Max A ≤ Max B
proof –
from assms have B ≠ {}
by blast
thus ?thesis
using assms by (intro Max.boundedI) (auto simp: Max-ge-iff)
qed

```

```

lemma sum-lookup-remove-key:
sum (lookup (remove-key x y)) (keys (remove-key x y)) + lookup y x =
sum (lookup y) (keys y)
proof –
have sum (lookup y) (keys y) =
sum (lookup y) (keys (remove-key x y + monomial (lookup y x) x))
by (subst (2) remove-key-sum [of x, symmetric]) auto
also have keys (remove-key x y + monomial (lookup y x) x) =
keys (remove-key x y) ∪ keys (monomial (lookup y x) x)
by (subst keys-add) (auto simp flip: remove-key-keys)
also have sum (lookup y) ... = sum (lookup y) (keys (remove-key x y)) +
sum (lookup y) (keys (monomial (lookup y x) x))
by (subst sum.union-disjoint) (auto simp flip: remove-key-keys)
also have sum (lookup y) (keys (remove-key x y)) =
sum (lookup (remove-key x y)) (keys (remove-key x y))
by (intro sum.cong) (auto simp: remove-key-lookup when-def simp flip: remove-key-keys)
also have sum (lookup y) (keys (monomial (lookup y x) x)) =
sum (lookup y) {x}

```

```

by (intro sum.mono-neutral-cong-left) auto
also have ... = lookup y x
  by simp
finally show ?thesis ..
qed

lemma total-degree-nonzero:
assumes P ≠ 0
shows total-degree P =
  Max ((λx. sum (lookup x) (keys x)) ` keys (mapping-of P))
unfolding total-degree-def by (auto simp: assms)

lemma poly-mapping-eq-iff: (m = m') ←→ (∀i. lookup m i = lookup m' i)
by (auto intro: poly-mapping-eqI)

lemma total-degree-coeff-mpoly-to-mpoly-poly:
assumes coeff (mpoly-to-mpoly-poly x P) i ≠ 0
shows total-degree (coeff (mpoly-to-mpoly-poly x P) i) + i ≤ total-degree P
proof -
have P: P ≠ 0
  using assms by force

have nonempty: keys
  (mapping-of(poly.coeff (mpoly-to-mpoly-poly x P) i)) ≠ {}
  using assms by auto

have *:
  {y. ∃xa∈keys (mapping-of P) ∩ {xa. lookup xa x = i} ∩ {x. MPoly-Type.coeff
P x ≠ 0}. y = sum (lookup xa) (keys xa)} ⊆
  (insert 0
    ((λy. sum (lookup y) (keys y)) ` keys (mapping-of P)))
by auto

have total-degree (coeff (mpoly-to-mpoly-poly x P) i) + i =
  (MAX x∈keys (mapping-of (poly.coeff (mpoly-to-mpoly-poly x P) i)).
  sum (lookup x) (keys x)) + i
  by (subst total-degree-nonzero) (use assms in auto)
moreover have ... =
  (MAX x∈keys (mapping-of (poly.coeff (mpoly-to-mpoly-poly x P) i)).
  sum (lookup x) (keys x) + i)
  by (subst Max-add-commute[symmetric]) (use assms in auto)
moreover have ... =
  (MAX x∈∪ xa∈keys (mapping-of P) ∩
  {xa. lookup xa x = i} ∩
  {x. MPoly-Type.coeff P x ≠ 0}.
  {remove-key x xa}.
  sum (lookup x) (keys x) + i)
unfolding coeff-mpoly-to-mpoly-poly-restrict

```

```

unfolding MPoly-Type.degree-def mapping-of-sum[symmetric]
apply (subst keys-sum)
subgoal by simp
subgoal for i j
    apply (simp add: zero-mpoly.rep-eq poly-mapping-eq-iff remove-key-lookup
when-def)
    apply metis
    done
subgoal
    by (auto simp add: if-distrib zero-mpoly.rep-eq when-def)
    done
moreover have ... =
  Max {y.  $\exists xa \in keys (mapping-of P) \cap \{xa. lookup xa x = i\} \cap$ 
     $\{x. MPoly-Type.coeff P x \neq 0\}$ .}
   $y = sum (lookup (remove-key x xa)) (keys (remove-key x xa)) + lookup xa x\}$ 
  by (intro arg-cong[where f = Max]) auto
moreover have ... =
  Max {y.  $\exists xa \in keys (mapping-of P) \cap \{xa. lookup xa x = i\} \cap$ 
     $\{x. MPoly-Type.coeff P x \neq 0\}$ .}
   $y = sum (lookup xa) (keys xa)\}$ 
  by (subst sum-lookup-remove-key) auto

moreover have ... ≤
  Max (insert 0
     $((\lambda y. sum (lookup y) (keys y)) ` keys (mapping-of P)))$ )
  apply (intro Max-mono[OF *])
  subgoal
    using nonempty unfolding coeff-mpoly-to-mpoly-poly-restrict
    by (force elim!: sum.not-neutral-contains-not-neutral)
  subgoal
    by simp
    done
moreover have ... = total-degree P
  unfolding total-degree-def by auto
ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed

```

```

lemma degree-le-total-degree:
shows MPoly-Type.degree P x ≤ total-degree P
unfolding total-degree-def degree.rep-eq map-fun-def o-def id-def
proof (rule Max.boundedI; safe?)
  fix k
  assume k:  $k \in keys (mapping-of P)$ 
  have  $x \in keys k \vee x \notin keys k$  by auto
  moreover {
    assume  $x \in keys k$ 
    then have  $lookup k x \leq sum (lookup k) (keys k)$ 
    by (simp add: sum.remove)
  }

```

```

then have lookup k x
   $\leq \text{Max}(\text{insert } 0 ((\lambda x. \text{sum}(\text{lookup } x) (\text{keys } x)) \cdot \text{keys}(\text{mapping-of } P)))$ 
using k
  by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) Max-ge dual-order.trans finite-imageI finite-insert
finite-keys image-subset-iff subset-insertI)
}
moreover {
assume x  $\notin$  keys k
then have lookup k x = 0
  by (simp add: in-keys-iff)
then have lookup k x
   $\leq \text{Max}(\text{insert } 0 ((\lambda x. \text{sum}(\text{lookup } x) (\text{keys } x)) \cdot \text{keys}(\text{mapping-of } P)))$ 
  by linarith
}
ultimately show lookup k x
   $\leq \text{Max}(\text{insert } 0 ((\lambda x. \text{sum}(\text{lookup } x) (\text{keys } x)) \cdot \text{keys}(\text{mapping-of } P)))$  by
auto
qed auto

```

lemma *insertion-update*:

shows *insertion(f(x := r)) P = poly (map-poly (insertion f) (mpoly-to-mpoly-poly x P)) r*

by (subst *insertion-mpoly-to-mpoly-poly[symmetric,where β = f]*) auto

lemma *measure-pmf-prob-dependent-product-bound*:

assumes *countable A* $\bigwedge i. \text{countable}(B_i)$

assumes $\bigwedge a. a \in A \implies \text{measure-pmf.prob } N(B_a) \leq r$

shows *measure-pmf.prob (pair-pmf M N) (Sigma A B) ≤ measure-pmf.prob M A * r*

proof –

have *measure-pmf.prob (pair-pmf M N) (Sigma A B) = (∑ a(a, b) ∈ Sigma A B. pmf M a * pmf N b)*

by (auto intro!: infsetsum-cong simp add: measure-pmf-conv-infsetsum pmf-pair)

moreover have ... = $(\sum a \in A. \sum b \in B. a. \text{pmf } M a * \text{pmf } N b)$

proof (subst infsetsum-Sigma)

show $(\lambda(a, b). \text{pmf } M a * \text{pmf } N b) \text{ abs-summable-on } \text{Sigma } A B$

unfolding case Prod-unfold

by (metis (no-types, lifting) SigmaE abs-summable-on-cong pmf-abs-summable pmf-pair prod.sel)

qed (use assms in auto)

moreover have ... = $(\sum a \in A. \text{pmf } M a * (\text{measure-pmf.prob } N(B_a)))$

by (simp add: infsetsum-cmult-right measure-pmf-conv-infsetsum pmf-abs-summable)

moreover have ... $\leq (\sum a \in A. \text{pmf } M a * r)$

proof (rule infsetsum-mono)

show $(\lambda a. \text{pmf } M a * \text{measure-pmf.prob } N(B_a)) \text{ abs-summable-on } A$

proof (rule abs-summable-on-comparison-test')

show *norm (pmf M x * measure-pmf.prob N (B x)) ≤ pmf M x * 1* **for** *x*

```

unfolding norm-mult by (intro mult-mono) auto
qed auto
qed (auto intro: mult-mono assms)
moreover have... =  $r * (\sum_a a \in A. \text{pmf } M a)$ 
  by (simp add: infsetsum-cmult-left pmf-abs-summable)
moreover have... = measure-pmf.prob  $M A * r$ 
  by (simp add: measure-pmf-conv-infsetsum)
ultimately show ?thesis
  by linarith
qed

```

```

lemma measure-pmf-prob-dependent-product-bound':
assumes countable ( $A \cap \text{set-pmf } M$ )  $\wedge i. \text{countable } (B i \cap \text{set-pmf } N)$ 
assumes  $\bigwedge a. a \in A \cap \text{set-pmf } M \implies \text{measure-pmf.prob } N (B a \cap \text{set-pmf } N) \leq r$ 
shows measure-pmf.prob (pair-pmf  $M N$ ) ( $\Sigma A B$ )  $\leq \text{measure-pmf.prob } M A * r$ 
proof -
  have *:  $\Sigma A B \cap (\text{set-pmf } M \times \text{set-pmf } N) = \Sigma (A \cap \text{set-pmf } M) (\lambda i. B i \cap \text{set-pmf } N)$ 
    by auto
  have measure-pmf.prob (pair-pmf  $M N$ ) ( $\Sigma A B$ ) =
    measure-pmf.prob (pair-pmf  $M N$ ) ( $\Sigma (A \cap \text{set-pmf } M) (\lambda i. B i \cap \text{set-pmf } N)$ )
    by (metis * measure-Int-set-pmf set-pair-pmf)
  moreover have ...  $\leq \text{measure-pmf.prob } M (A \cap \text{set-pmf } M) * r$ 
  using measure-pmf-prob-dependent-product-bound[OF assms(1-3)]
  by auto
  moreover have ... = measure-pmf.prob  $M A * r$ 
  by (simp add: measure-Int-set-pmf)
  ultimately show ?thesis by linarith
qed

```

```

lemma finite-set-pmf-Pi-pmf:
assumes finite  $A$ 
assumes  $\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies \text{finite } (\text{set-pmf } (p x))$ 
shows finite (set-pmf (Pi-pmf  $A$  def  $p$ ))
proof -
  from set-Pi-pmf-subset[OF assms(1)]
  have 1: set-pmf (Pi-pmf  $A$  def  $p$ )
     $\subseteq \text{PiE-dflt } A \text{ def } (\text{set-pmf } \circ p)$ 
    by fastforce
  have 2: finite ...
  by (intro finite-PiE-dflt) (use assms in auto)
  show ?thesis using 1 2

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    using finite-subset by auto
qed

theorem schwartz-zippel:
  fixes P :: ('a::idom) mpoly
  fixes S :: 'a set
  assumes S: finite S S ≠ {}
  assumes V: finite V
  assumes P: total-degree P ≤ d P ≠ 0 vars P ⊆ V
  shows measure-pmf.prob (Pi-pmf V 0 (λi. pmf-of-set S)) {f. insertion f P = 0}
  ≤ real d / card S
  using V P
  proof (induction V arbitrary: P d)
  case empty
  then show ?case
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Collect-empty-eq divide-nonneg-nonneg insertion-Const lead-coeff-eq-0-iff measure-empty of-nat-0-le-iff subset-empty vars-empty-iff)
  next
  case (insert x V)
  have x ∉ vars P ∨ x ∈ vars P by auto
  moreover {
    assume x: x ∉ vars P
    have *: prob-space.prob (Pi-pmf V 0 (λi. pmf-of-set S)) {f. insertion f P = 0}
    ≤ real d / card S
    by (smt (verit) Collect-cong Diff-insert2 Diff-insert-absorb ‹x ∉ vars P› diff-shunt-var insert.IH insert.preds(3) insert-Diff-single local.insert(2) local.insert(4) local.insert(5) subset-insertI)

    have inser: Pi-pmf V 0 (λi. pmf-of-set S) =
      map-pmf (λf. f(x := 0)) ((Pi-pmf (insert x V) 0 (λi. pmf-of-set S)))
    by (metis Diff-insert-absorb Pi-pmf-remove finite-insert local.insert(1) local.insert(2) local.insert(6) )

    have f-aux: insertion (f(x := 0)) P = 0 ↔ insertion f P = 0 for f
    by (metis x array-rules(4) insertion-irrelevant-vars)
    have f: (λf. f(x := 0)) - {f. insertion f P = 0 ∧ f x = 0} = {f. insertion f P = 0}
    by (simp add: f-aux)

    have prob-space.prob ((Pi-pmf (insert x V) 0 (λi. pmf-of-set S)))
      {f. insertion f P = 0} = prob-space.prob (Pi-pmf V 0 (λi. pmf-of-set S)) {f. insertion f P = 0 }
    using inser f by fastforce
    moreover have ... ≤ real d / card S
    by (simp add: *)
    ultimately have ?case
    by linarith
  }
  moreover {

```

```

assume  $x: x \in \text{vars } P$ 
define  $\text{px where } px = \text{mpoly-to-mpoly-poly } x P$ 
define  $q \text{ where } q = \text{Polynomial.lead-coeff } px$ 

have  $x \notin V$ 
by (simp add: local.insert(2))

have  $\text{split}: \{f. \text{insertion } f P = 0\} \subseteq$ 
 $\{f. \text{insertion } f q = 0\} \cup$ 
 $\{f. \text{insertion } f q \neq 0 \wedge \text{insertion } f P = 0\}$  (is  $\cdot \subseteq ?E2 \cup ?E12$ ) by blast

obtain  $l \text{ where } l: \text{MPoly-Type.degree } P x = l$  by simp

have  $ld: l \leq d$ 
using  $l \text{ degree-le-total-degree le-trans local.insert(4)}$  by blast

have  $\text{varq}: \text{vars } q \subseteq V$ 
by (metis x dual-order.trans insert.prems(3) px-def q-def subset-insert-iff vars-coeff-mpoly-to-mpoly-poly)

have  $dl: \text{degree } (\text{mpoly-to-mpoly-poly } x P) = l$ 
by (simp add: l)
have  $q_{\text{nz}}: q \neq 0$ 
unfolding  $q\text{-def}$ 
by (metis degree-0 degree-eq-0-iff dl l leading-coeff-neq-0 px-def x)

have  $\text{total-degree } P \geq$ 
 $\text{degree } (\text{mpoly-to-mpoly-poly } x P) +$ 
 $\text{total-degree } (\text{Polynomial.lead-coeff } (\text{mpoly-to-mpoly-poly } x P))$ 
by (metis Groups.add-ac(2) px-def q-def q_{\text{nz}} total-degree-coeff-mpoly-to-mpoly-poly)

then have  $tdq: \text{total-degree } q \leq d-l$ 
using local.insert(4) px-def q-def dl by force

from insert.IH[OF tdq q_{\text{nz}} varq]
have  $*: \text{measure-pmf.prob } (\text{Pi-pmf } V 0 (\lambda i. \text{pmf-of-set } S)) \{f. \text{insertion } f q = 0\} \leq \text{real } (d-l) / \text{real } (\text{card } S)$  by auto

have  $\text{inser}: \text{Pi-pmf } V 0 (\lambda i. \text{pmf-of-set } S) =$ 
 $\text{map-pmf } (\lambda f. f(x := 0)) ((\text{Pi-pmf } (\text{insert } x V) 0 (\lambda i. \text{pmf-of-set } S)))$ 
by (metis Diff-insert-absorb Pi-pmf-remove finite-insert local.insert(1) local.insert(2) local.insert(6) )

have  $\text{aux}: \text{insertion } (f(x := 0)) q = 0 \longleftrightarrow \text{insertion } f q = 0$  for  $f$ 
by (metis ‹vars q ⊆ V› array-rules(4) insertion-irrelevant-vars local.insert(2) subsetD)
have  $(\lambda f. f(x := 0)) - \{f. \text{insertion } f q = 0 \wedge f x = 0\} = \{f. \text{insertion } f q =$ 

```

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0}
by (simp add: aux)

then have prob-space.prob (Pi-pmf (insert x V) 0 (λi. pmf-of-set S)) {f.
insertion f q = 0} =
prob-space.prob (map-pmf (λf. f(x := 0)) (Pi-pmf (insert x V) 0 (λi.
pmf-of-set S))) {f. insertion f q = 0 ∧ f x = 0}
using local.insert(6) by force
moreover have ... = prob-space.prob (Pi-pmf V 0 (λi. pmf-of-set S)) {f.
insertion f q = 0 }
using inser by fastforce

ultimately have e2: measure-pmf.prob (Pi-pmf (insert x V) 0 (λi. pmf-of-set
S)) ?E2 ≤ (d - l) / card S
using * by presburger

have ib: prob-space.prob (pmf-of-set S) {r. poly (map-poly (insertion f) px) r
= 0}
≤ real l / real (card S) if insertion f q ≠ 0 for f
proof (rule schwartz-zippel-uni[OF S])
show Polynomial.degree (map-poly (insertion f) px) ≤ l
unfolding px-def using that dl degree-map-poly-le by blast
show map-poly (insertion f) px ≠ 0
by (metis Ring-Hom-Poly.degree-map-poly degree-0 degree-eq-0-iff dl l px-def
q-def that x)
qed

have insertion-upd: insertion (f(x := r)) q = insertion f q for f r
by (metis array-rules(4) insertion-irrelevant-vars local.insert(2) subsetD varq)

then have *: {y. insertion ((fst y)(x := snd y)) q ≠ 0 ∧
insertion ((fst y)(x := snd y)) P = 0} =
Sigma {f. insertion f q ≠ 0} (λf. {r. insertion (f(x := r)) P = 0})
by auto

have measure-pmf.prob (Pi-pmf (insert x V) 0 (λi. pmf-of-set S)) ?E12 =
measure-pmf.prob (pair-pmf (Pi-pmf V 0 (λi. pmf-of-set S)) (pmf-of-set
S))
((λ(f, y). f(x := y)) -` {f. insertion f q ≠ 0 ∧ insertion f P = 0})
by (subst Pi-pmf-insert)
(use xnV insert in ⟨auto simp add: pair-commute-pmf[of pmf-of-set S]
case-prod-unfold * px-def insertion-update[symmetric]⟩)
also have (λ(f, y). f(x := y)) -` {f. insertion f q ≠ 0 ∧ insertion f P = 0} =
Sigma {f. insertion f q ≠ 0} (λf. {r. poly (map-poly (insertion f) px)
r = 0})
by (auto simp: Sigma-def case-prod-unfold insertion-upd px-def simp flip:
insertion-update)

also have measure-pmf.prob (pair-pmf (Pi-pmf V 0 (λi. pmf-of-set S)) (pmf-of-set

```

```

S)) ... ≤
measure-pmf.prob (Pi-pmf V 0 (λi. pmf-of-set S)) {f. insertion f q ≠ 0} *
(real l / real (card S))
by (intro measure-pmf.prob-dependent-product-bound') (auto simp: ib measure-Int-set-pmf)
also have ... ≤ real l / real (card S)
by (intro mult-left-le-one-le) auto
finally have e12: measure-pmf.prob (Pi-pmf (insert x V) 0 (λi. pmf-of-set S))
?E12 ≤ l / card S .

have measure-pmf.prob (Pi-pmf (insert x V) 0 (λi. pmf-of-set S)) {f. insertion f P = 0} ≤
measure-pmf.prob (Pi-pmf (insert x V) 0 (λi. pmf-of-set S)) ({f. insertion f q = 0} ∪ {f. insertion f q ≠ 0 ∧ insertion f P = 0})
by (intro measure-pmf.finite-measure-mono) (use split in auto)

moreover have ... ≤
measure-pmf.prob (Pi-pmf (insert x V) 0 (λi. pmf-of-set S)) ?E2 +
measure-pmf.prob (Pi-pmf (insert x V) 0 (λi. pmf-of-set S)) ?E12
by (auto intro!: measure-pmf.finite-measure-subadditive)
moreover have ... ≤ (d-l) / card S + l / card S
using e2 e12 by auto

moreover have ... ≤ real d / card S
by (simp add: ld diff-divide-distrib of-nat-diff)

ultimately have ?case
by linarith
}
ultimately show ?case by auto
qed

end

```

2 A Probabilistic Test for Perfect Matchings

```

theory Rand-Perfect-Matching imports
  Schwartz-Zippel
  Jordan-Normal-Form.Determinant
begin

```

We use a simple representation of bipartite graphs (with same no. vertices) $V::nat$, $E::(nat \times nat)$ list where V is the number of vertices in each partition and $(x,y) \in E$ represents an edge between vertex x in the left partition and vertex y in the right partition.

```

definition is-matching::
  (nat × nat) set ⇒ (nat × nat) set ⇒ bool
  where is-matching E match ↔

```

$match \subseteq E \wedge$
 $\text{inj-on fst } match \wedge$
 $\text{inj-on snd } match$

definition *has-perfect-matching*::
 $nat \Rightarrow (nat \times nat) \ set \Rightarrow bool$
where *has-perfect-matching* $V E \longleftrightarrow$
 $(\exists \text{match}. \text{is-matching } E \text{ match} \wedge \text{card match} = V)$

definition *adj-mat*:: $nat \Rightarrow (nat \times nat) \ set \Rightarrow int \ mpoly \ mat$
where *adj-mat* $V E =$
 $mat \ V \ V \ (\lambda(i,j).$
 $\text{if } (i,j) \in E \text{ then Var } (i * V + j) \text{ else } 0)$

lemma *adj-mat-square*[simp]:
shows
 $\text{dim-row } (\text{adj-mat } V E) = V$
 $\text{dim-col } (\text{adj-mat } V E) = V$
unfolding *adj-mat-def*
by auto

lemma *perfect-match-set-map-fst*:
assumes $E \subseteq \{0..< V\} \times \{0..< V\}$
assumes *is-matching* $E \text{ match}$
assumes *card match* = V
shows $\text{fst} ` \text{match} = \{0..< V\}$
proof –
have $\text{fst} ` \text{match} \subseteq \text{fst} ` E$
using *assms(2)* **unfolding** *is-matching-def*
by auto
moreover have ... $\subseteq \{0..< V\}$
using *assms(1)* **by** auto
ultimately have 1: $\text{fst} ` \text{match} \subseteq \{0..< V\}$
by auto
then have 2: $\{0..< V\} \subseteq \text{fst} ` \text{match}$
by (*metis assms(2) assms(3) card-atLeastLessThan card-image card-subset-eq diff-zero finite-atLeastLessThan is-matching-def*)
show ?thesis **using** 1 2 **by** auto
qed

lemma *perfect-match-set-map-snd*:
assumes $E \subseteq \{0..< V\} \times \{0..< V\}$
assumes *is-matching* $E \text{ match}$
assumes *card match* = V
shows $\text{snd} ` \text{match} = \{0..< V\}$
proof –
have $\text{snd} ` \text{match} \subseteq \text{snd} ` E$

```

using assms(2) unfolding is-matching-def
by auto
moreover have ... ⊆ {0.. $V$ }
  using assms(1) by auto
ultimately have 1: snd `match ⊆ {0.. $V$ }
  by auto
then have 2: {0.. $V$ } ⊆ snd `match
  by (metis assms(2) assms(3) card-atLeastLessThan card-image card-subset-eq
diff-zero finite-atLeastLessThan is-matching-def)
show ?thesis using 1 2 by auto
qed

lemma is-matching-permutes:
assumes E ⊆ {0.. $V$ } × {0.. $V$ }
assumes is-matching E match
assumes card match = V
obtains f where
  f permutes {0.. $V$ }
   $\bigwedge i. i < V \implies (i, f i) \in E$ 
proof -
have fV: fst `match = {0.. $V$ }
  using perfect-match-set-map-fst[OF assms(1-3)] .

have sV: snd `match = {0.. $V$ }
  using perfect-match-set-map-snd[OF assms(1-3)] .

define f where f =
   $(\lambda i. \text{if } i < V \text{ then } (\exists j. j < V \wedge (i, j) \in \text{match}) \text{ else } i)$ 

have exuniq: i < V  $\implies$ 
   $(\exists ! j. j < V \wedge (i, j) \in \text{match})$  for i
proof -
assume i < V
then have i ∈ fst `match using fV
  by auto
then obtain j where ij: (i, j) ∈ match by auto
then have j ∈ snd `match
  by (auto simp add: rev-image-eqI)
then have 1: j < V using sV by auto

thus ?thesis
  using ij 1
  apply auto[1]
  by (metis Pair-inject assms(2) fst-eqD inj-on-def is-matching-def)
qed

have 1: inj-on f {0.. $V$ }
  unfolding f-def inj-on-def
  apply clarsimp

```

```

apply (drule exuniq)
apply (drule exuniq)
by (smt (verit) assms(2) inj-on-def is-matching-def prod.sel(2) prod.simps(1)
verit-sko-ex)

have 2:  $f \in \{0..< V\} \rightarrow \{0..< V\}$ 
unfolding f-def
apply clarsimp
apply (drule exuniq)
by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) verit-sko-ex)

have 1:  $f$  permutes  $\{0..< V\}$ 
by (intro inj-on-nat-permutes[OF 1 2]) (auto simp: f-def)
have 2:  $i < V \implies (i, f i) \in E$  for  $i$ 
unfolding f-def
apply clarsimp
apply (drule exuniq)
using assms(2) unfolding is-matching-def subset-iff
by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) verit-sko-ex)

show ?thesis using that 1 2 by auto
qed

lemma Var-not-0:
shows Var  $x \neq (0::'a::idom mpoly)$ 
by (simp add: Var-altdef)

lemma sum-monom-0-iff:
assumes fin: finite  $S$ 
and g:  $\bigwedge i. i \in S \implies j \in S \implies g i = g j \implies i = j$ 
shows sum ( $\lambda i. MPoly\text{-}Type.monom (g i) (f i)$ )  $S = 0 \longleftrightarrow (\forall i \in S. f i = 0)$ 
(is ?l = ?r)
proof -
{
assume  $\neg ?r$ 
then obtain i where i:  $i \in S$  and fi:  $f i \neq 0$  by auto
let ?g =  $\lambda i. MPoly\text{-}Type.monom (g i) (f i)$ 
have MPoly-Type.coeff (sum ?g S) (g i) =
 $f i + \text{sum} (\lambda j. MPoly\text{-}Type.coeff (?g j) (g i)) (S - \{i\})$ 
by (simp add: More-MPoly-Type.coeff-monom sum.remove[OF fin i])
also have sum ( $\lambda j. MPoly\text{-}Type.coeff (?g j) (g i)$ ) ( $S - \{i\}$ ) = 0
by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) DiffE More-MPoly-Type.coeff-monom assms(2)
i insert-iff sum.neutral when-simps(2))
finally have MPoly-Type.coeff (sum ?g S) (g i)  $\neq 0$  using fi by auto
hence  $\neg ?l$ 
by fastforce
}
thus ?thesis by auto

```

```

qed

lemma prod-Var:
assumes finite S
shows prod (λi. Var(f i)) S =
MPoly-Type.monom (sum (λi. monomial 1 (f i)) S) 1
using assms
proof (induction S)
case empty
then show ?case
by auto
next
case (insert x F)
then show ?case
by (auto simp add: Var-altdef MPoly-Type.mult-monom)
qed

lemma det-adj-mat:
shows det (adj-mat V E) =
(∑ p | p permutes {0..} .
MPoly-Type.monom (
sum (λi.
monomial 1 (i * V + p i)) {0..}
(if ∀ i < V. (i, p i) ∈ E then
of-int (sign p)
else 0)))
unfolding det-def
by (force intro!: sum.cong simp add: adj-mat-def prod-Var monom-uminus sign-def)

lemma vars-prod-Var:
assumes finite S
shows vars (prod Var S) = S
apply (subst prod-Var[OF assms])
apply (subst vars-monom-keys)
subgoal
by simp
apply (subst keys-sum[OF assms])
by auto

lemma prod-Var-eq:
assumes finite S finite T
assumes prod Var S = prod Var T
shows S = T
using assms vars-prod-Var
by metis

lemma pair-enc-eq:
assumes a * V + b = c * V + d
assumes b < V d < V

```

```

shows  $b = (d:\text{nat})$ 
by (metis div-eq-0-iff add-right-cancel assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) diff-add-inverse
div-mult-self3 mult-eq-0-iff)

lemma sum-monomial-eq:
assumesf permutes {0..< V}
assumesg permutes {0..< V}
assumes
 $(\sum i = 0..< V.$ 
 $\quad \text{monomial } (1:\text{nat}) (i * V + (f i:\text{nat}))) =$ 
 $(\sum i = 0..< V.$ 
 $\quad \text{monomial } (1:\text{nat}) (i * V + g i))$ 
shows  $f = g$ 
proof –
have injf: inj-on ( $\lambda i. i * V + f i$ ) {0..< V}
by (intro inj-onI, unfold atLeastLessThan-iff)
(metis add-diff-cancel-right' assms(1) div-mult-self-is-m le-less-trans pair-enc-eq
permutes-less(1))

have injg: inj-on ( $\lambda i. i * V + g i$ ) {0..< V}
by (intro inj-onI, unfold atLeastLessThan-iff)
(metis add-diff-cancel-right' assms(2) div-mult-self-is-m le-less-trans pair-enc-eq
permutes-less(1))

have MPoly-Type.monom (sum ( $\lambda i. \text{monomial } (1:\text{nat}) (i * V + f i)$ ) {0..< V})
1 =
MPoly-Type.monom (sum ( $\lambda i. \text{monomial } (1:\text{nat})(i * V + g i)$ ) {0..< V})
1
using assms(3) by auto

then have prod ( $\lambda i. \text{Var}(i * V + f i)$ ) {0..< V} =
prod ( $\lambda i. \text{Var}(i * V + g i)$ ) {0..< V}
by( auto simp add: prod-Var)

then have prod Var (( $\lambda i. i * V + f i$ ) ` {0..< V}) =
prod Var (( $\lambda i. i * V + g i$ ) ` {0..< V})
by (simp add: prod.reindex[OF injf] prod.reindex[OF injg])

then have *: (( $\lambda i. i * V + f i$ ) ` {0..< V}) =
(( $\lambda i. i * V + g i$ ) ` {0..< V})
by (intro prod-Var-eq) auto
have  $\bigwedge i. f i = g i$ 
proof –
fix i
have  $i < V \vee i \geq V$  by auto
moreover {
assume iV:i < V
then have fiV:f i < V
using iV assms(1) permutes-less(1) by blast

```

```

have  $(i * V + f i) \in ((\lambda i. i * V + g i) \cdot \{0..< V\})$ 
  using  $iV *$  by force
  then have  $f i = g i$ 
    apply (safe)
    apply (unfold atLeastLessThan-iff)
  by (metis add-diff-cancel-right' assms(2) basic-trans-rules(21) div-mult-self-is-m
      fiV pair-enc-eq permutes-less(1))
}
moreover {
  assume  $i \geq V$ 
  have  $f i = g i$  using assms(1-2)
    by (metis atLeastLessThan-iff calculation(2) permutes-others)
}
ultimately show  $f i = g i$  by auto
qed
thus ?thesis by auto
qed

lemma perfect-matching-det:
assumes  $E \subseteq \{0..< V\} \times \{0..< V\}$ 
assumes is-matching  $E$  match
assumes card match =  $V$ 
shows det (adj-mat  $V E$ ) ≠ 0
proof -
have det: det (adj-mat  $V E$ ) =
  ( $\sum p \mid p$  permutes  $\{0..< V\}$ .
  MPoly-Type.monom (
    sum ( $\lambda i.$ 
      monomial 1  $(i * V + p i)$ )  $\{0..< V\}$ )
    (if  $\forall i < V. (i, p i) \in E$  then
      of-int (sign  $p$ )
      else 0))
  unfolding det-adj-mat
  by auto
from is-matching-permutes[OF assms(1-3)]
obtain  $p$  where  $p: p$  permutes  $\{0..< V\}$ 
   $\wedge i. i < V \implies (i, p i) \in E$  by auto
then have  $iV: i < V \implies$ 
  adj-mat  $V E$   $\$ \$ (i, p i) \neq 0$  for  $i$ 
  unfolding adj-mat-def
  by (subst index-mat) (auto simp add: Var-not-0)
have *: of-int (sign  $p$ ) * ( $\prod i = 0..< V. adj-mat V E$   $\$ \$ (i, p i)$ ) ≠ 0
  by (rule ccontr) (use  $iV$  in auto)

have det (adj-mat  $V E$ ) ≠ 0
  unfolding det
  apply (subst sum-monom-0-iff)
  subgoal
    by (auto intro!: finite-permutations)

```

```

subgoal
  by (auto intro!: sum-monomial-eq)
subgoal
  using p by (auto intro!: sum-monomial-eq)
  done
thus ?thesis by auto
qed

lemma det-perfect-matching:
assumes E ⊆ {0.. $< V$ } × {0.. $< V$ }
assumes det (adj-mat V E) ≠ 0
obtains match where
  is-matching E match
  card match = V
proof –
have det: det (adj-mat V E) =
  ( $\sum p \mid p \text{ permutes } \{0..< V\}.$ 
   of-int (sign p) *
   ( $\prod i = 0..< V.$ 
    adj-mat V E $$ (i, p i)))
unfolding det-def
by auto
then have ... ≠ 0 using assms(2) by auto
then obtain p where p: p permutes {0.. $< V$ }
  of-int (sign p) *
  ( $\prod i = 0..< V.$ 
   adj-mat V E $$ (i, p i)) ≠ 0
by (metis (no-types, lifting) mem-Collect-eq sum.not-neutral-contains-not-neutral)
have  $\bigwedge i. i < V \implies \text{adj-mat } V E \text{ } \$(i, p i) \neq 0$ 
  using p(2)
  by simp
then have iV:  $\bigwedge i. i < V \implies (i, p i) \in E$ 
unfolding adj-mat-def
by (smt (verit, del-insts) index-mat(1) p(1) permutes-less(1) prod.simps(2))

define match where match = ( $\lambda i. (i, p i)$ ) ` {0.. $< V$ }
have 1:card match = V unfolding match-def
  apply (subst card-image)
  unfolding inj-on-def by auto
have inj-on p {0.. $< V$ }
  using p(1) permutes-inj-on
  by blast
hence 2:inj-on fst match inj-on snd match
  unfolding match-def
  by (auto simp add: inj-on-def)
have 3: match ⊆ E
  using iV unfolding match-def
  by auto
show ?thesis using that 1 2 3

```

```

unfolding is-matching-def by auto
qed

lemma has-perfect-matching-iff:
assumes E ⊆ {0.. $< V$ } × {0.. $< V$ }
shows has-perfect-matching V E  $\longleftrightarrow$  det (adj-mat V E) ≠ 0
by (metis assms det-perfect-matching has-perfect-matching-def perfect-matching-det)

lemma sum-when-1:
assumes finite S x ∈ S
shows ( $\sum_{xa \in S} 1$  when  $xa = x$ ) = 1
by (simp add: assms(1) assms(2) when-def)

lemma total-degree-monom:
assumes finite S
shows total-degree (MPoly-Type.monom (sum (λi. monomial (Suc 0) i) S) c) =
(if c = 0 then 0 else card S)
proof –
have ( $\sum_{x \in \text{keys}} (\sum \text{monomial} (\text{Suc } 0)) S$ ).  $\sum_{xa \in S} \text{Suc } 0$  when  $xa = x$ ) =
card S
using assms by (subst keys-sum) (auto simp add: when-def)
thus ?thesis
unfolding MPoly-Type.monom-def by (simp add: total-degree.abs-eq lookup-sum
single.rep-eq)
qed

lemma total-degree-geI:
assumes m ∈ keys (mapping-of p) ( $\sum_{v \in \text{keys}} m. \text{lookup } m v$ ) ≥ n
shows total-degree p ≥ n
proof –
have n ≤ Max (insert 0 ((λx. sum (lookup x) (keys x)) ` keys (mapping-of p)))
using assms by (subst Max-ge-iff) auto
thus ?thesis
by (simp add: total-degree-def)
qed

lemma total-degree-0-iff: total-degree p = 0  $\longleftrightarrow$  vars p = {}
proof
assume total-degree p = 0
show vars p = {}
proof safe
fix x assume x ∈ vars p
then obtain m where m: m ∈ keys (mapping-of p) lookup m x > 0
unfolding vars-def by blast
from m have x ∈ keys m
by (simp add: in-keys-iff)
note m(2)
also have lookup m x ≤ ( $\sum_{v \in \text{keys}} m. \text{lookup } m v$ )
by (rule member-le-sum) (use ⟨x ∈ keys m⟩ in auto)

```

```

also have ... ≤ total-degree p
  by (intro total-degree-geI) (use m(1) in auto)
finally show x ∈ {}
  using ‹total-degree p = 0› by simp
qed
next
assume vars p = {}
hence keys (mapping-of p) ⊆ {0}
  by (simp add: subset-eq vars-def)
also have (λm. sum (lookup m) (keys m)) ` {0} = {0}
  by auto
finally have *: insert 0 ((λm. sum (lookup m) (keys m)) ` keys (mapping-of p))
= {0}
  by fast
show total-degree p = 0
  unfolding total-degree-def map-fun-def id-def o-def * by simp
qed

lemma total-degree-0E: total-degree p = 0 ⇒ (¬c. p = Const c ⇒ P) ⇒ P
  unfolding total-degree-0-iff using vars-empty-iff[of p] by blast

lemma total-degree-ex:
assumes p ≠ 0
shows ∃m. m ∈ keys (mapping-of p) ∧ (∑v∈keys m. lookup m v) = total-degree
p
proof (cases total-degree p = 0)
  case True
  thus ?thesis
    using assms by (auto elim!: total-degree-0E simp: Const.rep-eq keys-Const₀)
next
  case False
  have total-degree p ∈ insert 0 ((λx. sum (lookup x) (keys x)) ` keys (mapping-of
p))
    unfolding total-degree-def map-fun-def o-def id-def by (rule Max-in) auto
    with False show ?thesis
      by auto
qed

lemma coeff-times-const-left [simp]: MPoly-Type.coeff (Const c * p) m = c *
MPoly-Type.coeff p m
  by (metis Symmetric-Polynomials.coeff-smult smult-conv-mult-Const)

lemma total-degree-times-const-left: total-degree (Const c * p) ≤ total-degree p
proof (cases Const c * p = 0)
  case False
  then obtain m where m:
    m ∈ keys (mapping-of (Const c * p)) sum (lookup m) (keys m) = total-degree
(Const c * p)
    using total-degree-ex by blast

```

```

have MPoly-Type.coeff (Const c * p) m ≠ 0
  using m(1) coeff-keys by blast
hence MPoly-Type.coeff p m ≠ 0
  by auto
hence m ∈ keys (mapping-of p)
  using coeff-keys by blast
with m(2) show ?thesis
  by (intro total-degree-geI[of m]) auto
qed auto

lemma total-degree-of-Const [simp]: total-degree (Const x) = 0
  by (simp add: total-degree-0-iff)

lemma total-degree-of-int [simp]: total-degree (of-int x) = 0
  by (metis monom-of-int mpoly-monom-0-eq-Const total-degree-of-Const)

lemma total-degree-det-adj-mat: total-degree (det (adj-mat V E)) ≤ V
proof -
  have fp:finite {p. p permutes {0..

```

```

Max ((total-degree o ?f) ` {p. p permutes{0..< V}})

unfolding det
using total-degree-sum[OF fp, of ?f]
by auto
moreover have ... ≤ V
apply (intro Max.boundedI)
subgoal
  using fp by blast
subgoal
  unfolding permutes-def by force
subgoal
  using * by force
done
ultimately show ?thesis
  by auto
qed

lemma arith:
assumes i < V
assumes j < (V::nat)
shows i * V + j < V^2
by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) div-eq-0-iff add.right-neutral assms(1)
      assms(2) div-less-iff-less-mult div-mult-self3 le-add1 le-add-same-cancel1
      order-trans-rules(21) power2-eq-square)

lemma vars-det-adj-mat:
shows vars (det (adj-mat V E)) ⊆ {0..< V^2}
proof -
have det: det (adj-mat V E) =
  (∑ p | p permutes {0..< V}.
    of-int (sign p) *
    (∏ i = 0..< V.
      adj-mat V E $$ (i, p i)))
unfolding det-def
by auto
have *: ∀p. p permutes {0..< V} ==>
  vars (of-int (sign p) *
  (∏ i = 0..< V.
    adj-mat V E $$ (i, p i))) ⊆ {0..< V^2}
proof -
  fix p
  assume p permutes {0..< V}
  then have *: i < V ==>
    vars (adj-mat V E $$ (i, p i)) ⊆ {0..< V^2} for i
    unfolding adj-mat-def using arith
    by (auto simp add: vars-Var)

have vars (of-int (sign p) *
  (∏ i = 0..< V. adj-mat V E $$ (i, p i))) ⊆

```

```

vars ( $\prod i = 0..< V. \text{adj-mat } V E \$\$ (i, p i)$ )
  using vars-mult vars-signof by blast
moreover have ...  $\subseteq (\bigcup_{i \in \{0..< V\}} \text{vars}(\text{adj-mat } V E \$\$ (i, p i)))$ 
  using vars-prod by auto
moreover have ...  $\subseteq \{0..< V^2\}$  using *
  by fastforce
ultimately show vars (of-int (sign p) *
  ( $\prod i = 0..< V.$ 
   adj-mat V E \$\$ (i, p i)))  $\subseteq \{0..< V^2\}$  by auto
qed
have vars (det(adj-mat V E))  $\subseteq$ 
  ( $\bigcup p \in \{p. p \text{ permutes } \{0..< V\}\}.$ 
   vars (of-int (sign p) *
   ( $\prod i = 0..< V.$ 
    adj-mat V E \$\$ (i, p i))))
  unfolding det-def
  by (simp add: vars-sum)
thus ?thesis using *
  by auto
qed

definition int-adj-mat::
  (nat  $\Rightarrow$  int)  $\Rightarrow$ 
  nat  $\Rightarrow$ 
  (nat  $\times$  nat) set  $\Rightarrow$ 
  int mat
where int-adj-mat f V E =
  mat V V ( $\lambda(i,j).$ 
  if (i,j)  $\in E$  then f (i* V + j) else 0)

lemma map-mat-prod-def:
shows map-mat f A  $\equiv$ 
  Matrix.mat (dim-row A) (dim-col A)
  ( $\lambda(i,j). f (A \$\$ (i,j))$ )
by (smt (verit, best) cong-mat map-mat-def split-conv)

lemma int-adj-mat:
shows int-adj-mat f V E =
  map-mat (insertion f) (adj-mat V E)
  unfolding adj-mat-def int-adj-mat-def
  map-mat-prod-def
by auto

lemma det-int-adj-mat:
shows det(int-adj-mat f V E) =
  insertion f (det (adj-mat V E))
  unfolding int-adj-mat
by (subst comm-ring-hom.hom-det) (auto simp add:comm-ring-hom-insertion)

```

```

definition test-perfect-matching :: int ⇒ nat ⇒ (nat × nat) set ⇒ bool pmf
where test-perfect-matching n V E =
  do {
    f ← Pi-pmf ({0..<V^2}) 0 (λi. pmf-of-set {0::int..<n});
    return-pmf (det (int-adj-mat f V E) ≠ 0)
  }

theorem test-perfect-matching-false-positive:
assumes E ⊆ {0..<V} × {0..<V}
assumes ¬has-perfect-matching V E
shows pmf (test-perfect-matching n V E) True = 0
proof –
  have det (adj-mat V E) = 0
  using assms(1) assms(2) has-perfect-matching-iff by blast
  thus ?thesis
  unfolding test-perfect-matching-def pmf-eq-0-set-pmf det-int-adj-mat
  by auto
qed

lemma test-perfect-matching-true-negative:
assumes E ⊆ {0..<V} × {0..<V}
assumes ¬has-perfect-matching V E
shows pmf (test-perfect-matching n V E) False = 1
by (metis assms(1) assms(2) pmf-True-conv-False right-minus-eq test-perfect-matching-false-positive)

theorem test-perfect-matching-false-negative:
assumes (n::nat) > 0
assumes E ⊆ {0..<V} × {0..<V}
assumes has-perfect-matching V E
shows pmf (test-perfect-matching n V E) False ≤ V / n
proof –
  have d: det (adj-mat V E) ≠ 0
  using assms has-perfect-matching-iff by blast
  have pmf (test-perfect-matching n V E) False =
    prob-space.prob (test-perfect-matching n V E) {False}
  by (simp add: pmf.rep-eq)
  moreover have ... =
    prob-space.prob
    (map-pmf (λf. det (int-adj-mat f V E) ≠ 0)
      (Pi-pmf {0..<V^2} 0 (λi. pmf-of-set {0..<int n})))
    {False})
  unfolding test-perfect-matching-def map-pmf-def
  by auto
  moreover have ... =
    prob-space.prob
    (Pi-pmf {0..<V^2} 0 (λi. pmf-of-set {0..<int n}))
    {f. insertion f (det (adj-mat V E)) = 0}
  unfolding measure-map-pmf vimage-def
  det-int-adj-mat

```

```

by auto
moreover have ... ≤ real V / card{0..<int n}
by (intro schwartz-zippel[OF --- total-degree-det-adj-mat d vars-det-adj-mat])
  (auto simp add: assms(1-2))
moreover have ... ≤ V / n
  using assms(1) by force
ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed

end

```

References

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