Relational Disjoint-Set Forests

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Abstract

We give a simple relation-algebraic semantics of read and write operations on associative arrays. The array operations seamlessly integrate with assignments in the Hoare-logic library. Using relation algebras and Kleene algebras we verify the correctness of an array-based implementation of disjoint-set forests using the union-by-rank strategy and find operations with path compression, path splitting and path halving.

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1 Overview

Relation algebras and Kleene algebras have previously been used to reason about graphs and graph algorithms [2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 13, 16]. The operations of these algebras manipulate entire graphs, which is useful for specification but not directly intended for implementation. Low-level array access is a key ingredient for efficient algorithms [6]. We give a relation-algebraic semantics for such read/write access to associative arrays. This allows us to extend relation-algebraic verification methods to a lower level of more efficient implementations.

In this theory we focus on arrays with the same index and value sets, which can be modelled as homogeneous relations and therefore as elements of relation algebras and Kleene algebras [14, 18]. We implement and verify the correctness of disjoint-set forests with path compression strategies and union-by-rank [6, 8, 17].

In order to prepare this theory for future applications with weighted graphs, the verification uses Stone relation algebras, which have weaker axioms than relation algebras [10].

Section 2 contains the simple relation-algebraic semantics of associative array read and write and basic properties of these access operations. In Section 3 we give a Kleene-relation-algebraic semantics of disjoint-set forests. The make-set operation, find-set with path compression and the naive union-sets operation are implemented and verified in Section 4. Section 5 presents further results on disjoint-set forests and relational array access. The initialisation of disjoint-set forests, path halving and path splitting are implemented and verified in Section 6. In Section 7 we study relational Peano structures and implement and verify union-by-rank. Section 8 instantiates the Peano axioms by Boolean matrices.

This Isabelle/HOL theory formally verifies results in [11] and an extended version of that paper [12]. Theorem numbers from the extended version of the paper are mentioned in the theories for reference. See the paper for further details and related work.

Several Isabelle/HOL theories are related to disjoint sets. The theory HOL/Library/Disjoint_Sets.thy contains results about partitions and sets of disjoint sets and does not consider their implementation. An implementation of disjoint-set forests with path compression and a size-based heuristic in the Imperative/HOL framework is verified in Archive of Formal Proofs entry [15]. Improved automation of this proof is considered in Archive of Formal Proofs entry [19]. These approaches are based on logical specifications whereas the present theory uses relation algebras and Kleene algebras.

```
theory Disjoint-Set-Forests
imports
  HOL-Hoare. Hoare-Logic
  Stone	ext{-}Kleene	ext{-}Relation	ext{-}Algebras. Kleene	ext{-}Relation	ext{-}Algebras
no-notation minus (infixl \longleftrightarrow 65)
unbundle no trancl-syntax
context p-algebra
begin
abbreviation minus :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ (infixl} \longleftrightarrow 65)
 where x - y \equiv x \sqcap -y
end
    An arc in a Stone relation algebra corresponds to an atom in a relation
algebra and represents a single edge in a graph. A point represents a set
of nodes. A rectangle represents the Cartesian product of two sets of nodes
[4].
context times-top
begin
abbreviation rectangle :: 'a \Rightarrow bool
 where rectangle x \equiv x * top * x = x
end
context stone-relation-algebra
begin
lemma arc-rectangle:
  arc x \Longrightarrow rectangle x
 using arc-top-arc by blast
```

2 Relation-Algebraic Semantics of Associative Array Access

The following two operations model updating array x at index y to value z, and reading the content of array x at index y, respectively. The read operation uses double brackets to avoid ambiguity with list syntax. The remainder of this section shows basic properties of these operations.

```
abbreviation rel-update :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ (\langle (-[- \mapsto -]) \rangle \ [70, 65, 65] \ 61)
```

```
where x[y \mapsto z] \equiv (y \sqcap z^T) \sqcup (-y \sqcap x)
abbreviation rel-access :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ (\langle (2-[[-]]) \rangle \ [70, 65] \ 65)
  where x[[y]] \equiv x^T * y
lemma update-univalent:
  assumes univalent x
   and vector y
   and injective z
  shows univalent (x[y \mapsto z])
proof -
  have 1: univalent (y \sqcap z^T)
   using assms(3) inf-commute univalent-inf-closed by force
  have (y \sqcap z^T)^T * (-y \sqcap x) = (y^T \sqcap z) * (-y \sqcap x)
   by (simp add: conv-dist-inf)
  also have \dots = z * (y \sqcap -y \sqcap x)
   by (metis assms(2) covector-inf-comp-3 inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute)
  finally have 2: (y \sqcap z^T)^T * (-y \sqcap x) = bot
   by simp
  have 3: vector(-y)
   using assms(2) vector-complement-closed by simp
  have (-y \sqcap x)^T * (y \sqcap z^T) = (-y^T \sqcap x^T) * (y \sqcap z^T)
   by (simp add: conv-complement conv-dist-inf)
  also have ... = x^T * (-y \sqcap y \sqcap z^T)
   using 3 by (metis (mono-tags, opaque-lifting) conv-complement
covector-inf-comp-3 inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc inf.sup-monoid.add-commute)
  finally have 4: (-y \sqcap x)^T * (y \sqcap z^T) = bot
   by simp
  have 5: univalent (-y \sqcap x)
   using assms(1) inf-commute univalent-inf-closed by fastforce
  have (x[y \mapsto z])^T * (x[y \mapsto z]) = (y \sqcap z^T)^T * (x[y \mapsto z]) \sqcup (-y \sqcap x)^T *
(x[y \longmapsto z])
  by (simp add: conv-dist-sup mult-right-dist-sup)
also have ... = (y \sqcap z^T)^T * (y \sqcap z^T) \sqcup (y \sqcap z^T)^T * (-y \sqcap x) \sqcup (-y \sqcap x)^T *
(y \sqcap z^T) \sqcup (-y \sqcap x)^T * (-y \sqcap x)
   by (simp add: mult-left-dist-sup sup-assoc)
  finally show ?thesis
    using 1 2 4 5 by simp
qed
lemma update-total:
  assumes total x
   and vector y
   and regular y
   and surjective z
  shows total (x[y \mapsto z])
proof -
  have (x[y \mapsto z]) * top = x*top[y \mapsto top*z]
```

```
by (simp add: assms(2) semiring.distrib-right vector-complement-closed
vector-inf-comp conv-dist-comp)
 also have ... = top[y \mapsto top]
   using assms(1) assms(4) by simp
 also have \dots = top
   using assms(3) regular-complement-top by auto
 finally show ?thesis
   by simp
\mathbf{qed}
{\bf lemma}\ update\text{-}mapping:
 assumes mapping x
   and vector y
   and regular y
   and bijective z
 shows mapping (x[y \mapsto z])
 using assms update-univalent update-total by simp
lemma read-injective:
 assumes injective y
   and univalent x
 shows injective (x[[y]])
 using assms injective-mult-closed univalent-conv-injective by blast
lemma read-surjective:
 assumes surjective y
   and total x
 shows surjective (x[[y]])
 using assms surjective-mult-closed total-conv-surjective by blast
lemma read-bijective:
 assumes bijective y
   and mapping x
 shows bijective (x[[y]])
 by (simp add: assms read-injective read-surjective)
lemma read-point:
 assumes point p
   and mapping x
 shows point (x[[p]])
 using assms comp-associative read-injective read-surjective by auto
lemma update-postcondition:
 assumes point x point y
 shows x \sqcap p = x * y^T \longleftrightarrow p[[x]] = y
 apply (rule iffI)
 subgoal by (metis assms comp-associative conv-dist-comp conv-involutive
covector-inf-comp-3 equivalence-top-closed vector-covector)
 subgoal
```

```
apply (rule order.antisym)
   subgoal by (metis assms conv-dist-comp conv-involutive inf.boundedI
inf.cobounded1 vector-covector vector-restrict-comp-conv)
   subgoal by (smt assms comp-associative conv-dist-comp conv-involutive
covector\mbox{-}restrict\mbox{-}conv\mbox{-}dense\mbox{-}conv\mbox{-}closed\ equivalence\mbox{-}top\mbox{-}closed\ inf.bounded I
shunt-mapping vector-covector preorder-idempotent)
   done
 done
    Back and von Wright's array independence requirements [1], later also
lens laws [7]
lemma put-qet-sub:
 assumes vector y surjective u vector z u \leq y
 shows (x[y \mapsto z])[[u]] = z
proof -
  have (x[y \mapsto z])[[u]] = (y^T \sqcap z) * u \sqcup (-y^T \sqcap x^T) * u
   by (simp add: conv-complement conv-dist-inf conv-dist-sup mult-right-dist-sup)
 also have \dots = z * u
 proof -
   have (-y^T \sqcap x^T) * u \leq (-y^T \sqcap x^T) * y
     \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ assms(4)\ mult-right-isotone)
   also have \dots = bot
     by (metis assms(1) covector-inf-comp-3 inf-commute conv-complement
mult-right-zero p-inf vector-complement-closed)
   finally have (-y^T \sqcap x^T) * u = bot
     by (simp add: bot-unique)
   thus ?thesis
     using assms(1,4) covector-inf-comp-3 inf.absorb-iff1 inf-commute by auto
 qed
 also have \dots = z
   by (metis\ assms(2,3)\ mult-assoc)
 finally show ?thesis
qed
lemma put-get:
 assumes vector y surjective y vector z
 shows (x[y \mapsto z])[[y]] = z
 by (simp add: assms put-get-sub)
lemma put-put:
  (x[y \mapsto z])[y \mapsto w] = x[y \mapsto w]
 by (metis inf-absorb2 inf-commute inf-le1 inf-sup-distrib1 maddux-3-13
sup-inf-absorb)
lemma get-put:
 assumes point y
 shows x[y \mapsto x[[y]]] = x
proof -
```

```
have x[y \mapsto x[[y]]] = (y \sqcap y^T * x) \sqcup (-y \sqcap x)
   by (simp add: conv-dist-comp)
 also have \dots = (y \sqcap x) \sqcup (-y \sqcap x)
 proof -
   have y \sqcap y^T * x = y \sqcap x
   proof (rule order.antisym)
     have y \sqcap y^T * x = (y \sqcap y^T) * x
       by (simp add: assms vector-inf-comp)
     also have (y \sqcap y^T) * x = y * y^T * x
       by (simp add: assms vector-covector)
     also have \dots \leq x
       using assms comp-isotone by fastforce
     finally show y \sqcap y^T * x \leq y \sqcap x
       by simp
     have y \sqcap x \leq y^T * x
       by (simp add: assms vector-restrict-comp-conv)
     thus y \sqcap x \leq y \sqcap y^T * x
       by simp
   qed
   thus ?thesis
     by simp
 \mathbf{qed}
 also have \dots = x
 proof -
   have regular y
     using assms bijective-regular by blast
   thus ?thesis
     by (metis inf.sup-monoid.add-commute maddux-3-11-pp)
 qed
 finally show ?thesis
qed
lemma update-inf:
 u \leq y \Longrightarrow (x[y \longmapsto z]) \sqcap u = z^T \sqcap u
 by (smt comp-inf.mult-right-dist-sup comp-inf.semiring.mult-zero-right
inf.left-commute\ inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc\ inf-absorb2\ p-inf\ sup-bot-right
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute)
lemma update-inf-same:
 (x[y \longmapsto z]) \sqcap y = z^T \sqcap y
 by (simp add: update-inf)
\mathbf{lemma}\ update\text{-}inf\text{-}different:
  u \le -y \Longrightarrow (x[y \longmapsto z]) \sqcap u = x \sqcap u
 \mathbf{by}\ (smt\ inf.right\text{-}idem\ inf.sup\text{-}monoid.add\text{-}commute
inf.sup-relative-same-increasing inf-import-p maddux-3-13 sup.cobounded2
update-inf-same)
```

3 Relation-Algebraic Semantics of Disjoint-Set Forests

A disjoint-set forest represents a partition of a set into equivalence classes. We take the represented equivalence relation as the semantics of a forest. It is obtained by operation fc below. Additionally, operation wcc giving the weakly connected components of a graph will be used for the semantics of the union of two disjoint sets. Finally, operation root yields the root of a component tree, that is, the representative of a set containing a given element. This section defines these operations and derives their properties.

context stone-kleene-relation-algebra **begin**

```
lemma omit-redundant-points:
 assumes point p
 shows p \sqcap x^* = (p \sqcap 1) \sqcup (p \sqcap x) * (-p \sqcap x)^*
proof (rule order.antisym)
 let ?p = p \sqcap 1
  have ?p * x * (-p \sqcap x)^* * ?p \le ?p * top * ?p
   by (metis comp-associative mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone top.extremum)
 also have \dots \leq ?p
   by (simp add: assms injective-codomain vector-inf-one-comp)
  finally have ?p * x * (-p \sqcap x)^* * ?p * x \leq ?p * x
   using mult-left-isotone by blast
  hence ?p * x * (-p \sqcap x)^* * (p \sqcap x) \le ?p * x
   by (simp add: assms comp-associative vector-inf-one-comp)
 also have 1: ... \leq ?p * x * (-p \sqcap x)^*
   using mult-right-isotone star.circ-reflexive by fastforce
 finally have ?p * x * (-p \sqcap x)^* * (p \sqcap x) \sqcup ?p * x * (-p \sqcap x)^* * (-p \sqcap x) \le
?p * x * (-p \sqcap x)^*
   by (simp add: mult-right-isotone star.circ-plus-same star.left-plus-below-circ
mult-assoc)
 hence ?p * x * (-p \sqcap x)^* * ((p \sqcup -p) \sqcap x) \le ?p * x * (-p \sqcap x)^*
   by (simp add: comp-inf.mult-right-dist-sup mult-left-dist-sup)
 hence ?p * x * (-p \sqcap x)^* * x \le ?p * x * (-p \sqcap x)^*
   by (metis assms bijective-regular inf.absorb2 inf.cobounded1
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute shunting-p)
 hence ?p * x * (-p \sqcap x)^* * x \sqcup ?p * x < ?p * x * (-p \sqcap x)^*
   using 1 by simp
 hence ?p * (1 \sqcup x * (-p \sqcap x)^*) * x \le ?p * x * (-p \sqcap x)^*
   by (simp add: comp-associative mult-left-dist-sup mult-right-dist-sup)
  also have ... \leq ?p * (1 \sqcup x * (-p \sqcap x)^*)
   by (simp add: comp-associative mult-right-isotone)
  finally have ?p * x^* \leq ?p * (1 \sqcup x * (-p \sqcap x)^*)
   using star-right-induct by (meson dual-order.trans le-supI
```

```
mult-left-sub-dist-sup-left mult-sub-right-one)
 also have ... = ?p \sqcup ?p * x * (-p \sqcap x)^*
   by (simp add: comp-associative semiring.distrib-left)
  finally show p \sqcap x^* \leq ?p \sqcup (p \sqcap x) * (-p \sqcap x)^*
   by (simp add: assms vector-inf-one-comp)
 show ?p \sqcup (p \sqcap x) * (-p \sqcap x)^* \leq p \sqcap x^*
   by (metis assms comp-isotone inf.boundedI inf.coboundedI inf.coboundedI2
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute le-supI star.circ-increasing star.circ-transitive-equal
star-isotone star-left-unfold-equal sup.cobounded1 vector-export-comp)
qed
    Weakly connected components
abbreviation wcc \ x \equiv (x \sqcup x^T)^*
lemma wcc-equivalence:
  equivalence (wcc x)
 apply (intro\ conjI)
 subgoal by (simp add: star.circ-reflexive)
 subgoal by (simp add: star.circ-transitive-equal)
 subgoal by (simp add: conv-dist-sup conv-star-commute sup-commute)
 done
lemma wcc-increasing:
 x \leq wcc x
 by (simp add: star.circ-sub-dist-1)
lemma \ wcc-isotone:
 x \leq y \Longrightarrow wcc \ x \leq wcc \ y
 using conv-isotone star-isotone sup-mono by blast
lemma wcc-idempotent:
  wcc (wcc x) = wcc x
 using star-involutive wcc-equivalence by auto
lemma wcc-below-wcc:
  x \le wcc \ y \Longrightarrow wcc \ x \le wcc \ y
 using wcc-idempotent wcc-isotone by fastforce
lemma wcc-galois:
  x \leq wcc \ y \longleftrightarrow wcc \ x \leq wcc \ y
 using order-trans star.circ-sub-dist-1 wcc-below-wcc by blast
lemma wcc-bot:
  wcc \ bot = 1
 by (simp add: star.circ-zero)
lemma wcc-one:
  wcc 1 = 1
 by (simp add: star-one)
```

```
lemma wcc-top:
  wcc \ top = top
 by (simp add: star.circ-top)
lemma wcc-with-loops:
  wcc \ x = wcc \ (x \sqcup 1)
 by (metis conv-dist-sup star-decompose-1 star-sup-one sup-commute
symmetric-one-closed)
\mathbf{lemma}\ wcc	ext{-}without	ext{-}loops:
  wcc \ x = wcc \ (x - 1)
 by (metis conv-star-commute star-sum reachable-without-loops)
lemma forest-components-wcc:
  injective x \Longrightarrow wcc \ x = forest-components x
 by (simp add: cancel-separate-1)
lemma wcc-sup-wcc:
  wcc (x \sqcup y) = wcc (x \sqcup wcc y)
 by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) le-sup-iff order.antisym sup-right-divisibility
wcc-below-wcc wcc-increasing)
    Components of a forest, which is represented using edges directed to-
wards the roots
abbreviation fc \ x \equiv x^* * x^{T*}
lemma fc-equivalence:
  univalent x \Longrightarrow equivalence (fc x)
 apply (intro conjI)
 subgoal by (simp add: reflexive-mult-closed star.circ-reflexive)
 subgoal by (metis cancel-separate-1 order.eq-iff star.circ-transitive-equal)
 subgoal by (simp add: conv-dist-comp conv-star-commute)
 done
lemma fc-increasing:
 x \le fc \ x
 by (metis le-supE mult-left-isotone star.circ-back-loop-fixpoint
star.circ-increasing)
lemma fc-isotone:
 x \leq y \Longrightarrow fc \ x \leq fc \ y
 by (simp add: comp-isotone conv-isotone star-isotone)
lemma fc-idempotent:
  univalent x \Longrightarrow fc \ (fc \ x) = fc \ x
 by (metis fc-equivalence cancel-separate-1 star.circ-transitive-equal
star-involutive)
```

```
lemma fc-star:
  univalent \ x \Longrightarrow (fc \ x)^* = fc \ x
 using fc-equivalence fc-idempotent star.circ-transitive-equal by simp
lemma fc-plus:
  univalent \ x \Longrightarrow (fc \ x)^+ = fc \ x
 by (metis fc-star star.circ-decompose-9)
lemma fc-bot:
 fc\ bot = 1
 by (simp add: star.circ-zero)
lemma fc-one:
 fc \ 1 = 1
 by (simp add: star-one)
lemma fc-top:
 fc \ top = top
 by (simp add: star.circ-top)
lemma fc-wcc:
  univalent \ x \Longrightarrow wcc \ x = fc \ x
 by (simp add: fc-star star-decompose-1)
lemma fc-via-root:
 assumes total\ (p^**(p\sqcap 1))
 shows fc p = p^* * (p \sqcap 1) * p^{T*}
proof (rule order.antisym)
 have 1 \leq p^* * (p \sqcap 1) * p^{T*}
   by (smt assms comp-associative conv-dist-comp conv-star-commute
coreflexive-idempotent coreflexive-symmetric inf.cobounded2 total-var)
 hence fc \ p \leq p^{\star} * p^{\star} * (p \sqcap 1) * p^{T_{\star}} * p^{T_{\star}}
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{comp-right-one}\ \mathit{mult-left-isotone}\ \mathit{mult-right-isotone}\ \mathit{mult-assoc})
 thus fc \ p \le p^* * (p \sqcap 1) * p^{T*}
   by (simp add: star.circ-transitive-equal mult-assoc)
 show p^* * (p \sqcap 1) * p^{T*} \leq fc \ p
   by (metis comp-isotone inf.cobounded2 mult-1-right order.refl)
qed
lemma update-acyclic-1:
 assumes acyclic (p - 1)
   and point y
   and vector w
   and w \leq p^{\star} * y
 shows acyclic ((p[w \mapsto y]) - 1)
proof -
 let ?p = p[w \mapsto y]
 have w * y^T \leq p^*
   using assms(2,4) shunt-bijective by blast
```

```
hence w * y^T \leq (p-1)^*
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{reachable}\text{-}\mathit{without}\text{-}\mathit{loops}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{auto}
  hence w * y^T - 1 \le (p - 1)^* - 1
   by (simp add: inf.coboundedI2 inf.sup-monoid.add-commute)
  also have ... \leq (p - 1)^{+}
   by (simp add: star-plus-without-loops)
  finally have 1: w \sqcap y^T \sqcap -1 \leq (p-1)^+
   using assms(2,3) vector-covector by auto
  have ?p - 1 = (w \sqcap y^T \sqcap -1) \sqcup (-w \sqcap p \sqcap -1)
   by (simp add: inf-sup-distrib2)
  also have \dots \leq (p-1)^+ \sqcup (-w \sqcap p \sqcap -1)
   using 1 sup-left-isotone by blast
  also have ... \leq (p - 1)^+ \sqcup (p - 1)
   using comp-inf.mult-semi-associative sup-right-isotone by auto
  also have ... = (p - 1)^+
   by (metis star.circ-back-loop-fixpoint sup.right-idem)
  finally have (?p - 1)^+ \le (p - 1)^+
   by (metis comp-associative comp-isotone star.circ-transitive-equal
star.left-plus-circ star-isotone)
  also have \dots \leq -1
   using assms(1) by blast
  finally show ?thesis
   by simp
qed
lemma update-acyclic-2:
  assumes acyclic (p - 1)
   and point y
   and point x
   and y \leq p^{T\star} * x
   and univalent p
   \mathbf{and}\ p^T\,*\,y\,\leq\,y
 shows acyclic ((p[p^{T\star}*x \longmapsto y]) - 1)
proof -
  have p^{T} * p^{*} * y = p^{T} * p * p^{*} * y \sqcup p^{T} * y
   by (metis comp-associative mult-left-dist-sup star.circ-loop-fixpoint)
 also have \dots \leq p^* * y
   by (metis\ assms(5,6)\ comp\mbox{-right-one}\ le\mbox{-sup}I\ le\mbox{-sup}I\ e\mbox{-sup}I\ mult\mbox{-left-isotone}
star.circ-loop-fixpoint star.circ-transitive-equal)
  finally have p^{T\star} * x \leq p^{\star} * y
   \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ assms(2-4)\ bijective-reverse\ conv\text{-}star\text{-}commute
comp-associative star-left-induct)
  thus ?thesis
   by (simp\ add:\ assms(1-3)\ vector-mult-closed\ update-acyclic-1)
\mathbf{qed}
lemma update-acyclic-3:
  assumes acyclic (p - 1)
   and point y
```

```
and point w
   and y \leq p^{T\star} * w
 shows acyclic ((p[w \mapsto y]) - 1)
 by (simp add: assms bijective-reverse conv-star-commute update-acyclic-1)
lemma rectangle-star-rectangle:
  rectangle \ a \Longrightarrow a * x^* * a \le a
 by (metis mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone top.extremum)
lemma arc-star-arc:
  arc \ a \Longrightarrow a * x^* * a \le a
 using arc-top-arc rectangle-star-rectangle by blast
{f lemma}\ star\text{-}rectangle\text{-}decompose:
 assumes rectangle a
 shows (a \sqcup x)^* = x^* \sqcup x^* * a * x^*
proof (rule order.antisym)
 have 1: 1 \le x^* \sqcup x^* * a * x^*
   by (simp add: star.circ-reflexive sup.coboundedI1)
 have (a \sqcup x) * (x^* \sqcup x^* * a * x^*) = a * x^* \sqcup a * x^* * a * x^* \sqcup x^+ \sqcup x^+ * a *
   by (metis comp-associative semiring.combine-common-factor
semiring.distrib-left sup-commute)
 also have ... = a * x^* \sqcup x^+ \sqcup x^+ * a * x^*
   using assms rectangle-star-rectangle by (simp add: mult-left-isotone
sup-absorb1)
 also have ... = x^+ \sqcup x^* * a * x^*
   by (metis comp-associative star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup-assoc sup-commute)
 also have \dots \leq x^* \sqcup x^* * a * x^*
   using star.left-plus-below-circ sup-left-isotone by auto
 finally show (a \sqcup x)^* \leq x^* \sqcup x^* * a * x^*
   using 1 by (metis comp-right-one le-supI star-left-induct)
\mathbf{next}
 show x^* \sqcup x^* * a * x^* \le (a \sqcup x)^*
   by (metis comp-isotone le-sup E le-sup I star.circ-increasing
star.circ-transitive-equal star-isotone sup-qe2)
qed
lemma star-arc-decompose:
  arc \ a \Longrightarrow (a \sqcup x)^{\star} = x^{\star} \sqcup x^{\star} * a * x^{\star}
 using arc-top-arc star-rectangle-decompose by blast
lemma plus-rectangle-decompose:
 assumes rectangle a
 shows (a \sqcup x)^{+} = x^{+} \sqcup x^{*} * a * x^{*}
proof -
 have (a \sqcup x)^+ = (a \sqcup x) * (x^* \sqcup x^* * a * x^*)
   by (simp add: assms star-rectangle-decompose)
 also have ... = a*x^* \sqcup a*x^**a*x^* \sqcup x^+ \sqcup x^+*a*x^*
```

```
by (metis comp-associative semiring.combine-common-factor
semiring.distrib-left sup-commute)
 also have ... = a * x^* \sqcup x^+ \sqcup x^+ * a * x^*
   using assms rectangle-star-rectangle by (simp add: mult-left-isotone
sup-absorb1)
 also have ... = x^+ \sqcup x^* * a * x^*
   by (metis comp-associative star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup-assoc sup-commute)
 finally show ?thesis
   by simp
qed
lemma plus-arc-decompose:
 arc \ a \Longrightarrow (a \sqcup x)^+ = x^+ \sqcup x^* * a * x^*
 using arc-top-arc plus-rectangle-decompose by blast
lemma update-acyclic-4:
 assumes acyclic (p - 1)
   and point y
   and point w
   and y \sqcap p^* * w = bot
 shows acyclic ((p[w \mapsto y]) - 1)
proof -
 let ?p = p[w \mapsto y]
 have y^T * p^* * w \le -1
   using assms(4) comp-associative pseudo-complement schroeder-3-p by auto
 hence 1: p^* * w * y^T * p^* \le -1
   by (metis comp-associative comp-commute-below-diversity
star.circ-transitive-equal)
 have ?p - 1 \le (w \sqcap y^T) \sqcup (p - 1)
   by (metis comp-inf.mult-right-dist-sup dual-order.trans inf.cobounded1
inf.coboundedI2 inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc le-supI sup.cobounded1 sup-ge2)
 also have ... = w * y^T \sqcup (p - 1)
   using assms(2,3) by (simp \ add: \ vector-covector)
 finally have (?p-1)^+ \le (w * y^T \sqcup (p-1))^+
   by (simp add: comp-isotone star-isotone)
 also have ... = (p-1)^+ \sqcup (p-1)^* * w * y^T * (p-1)^*
   using assms(2,3) plus-arc-decompose points-arc by (simp add:
comp-associative)
 also have ... \leq (p-1)^+ \sqcup p^* * w * y^T * p^*
   using reachable-without-loops by auto
 also have \dots \leq -1
   using 1 \ assms(1) by simp
 finally show ?thesis
   by simp
qed
lemma update-acyclic-5:
 assumes acyclic (p - 1)
   and point w
```

```
shows acyclic ((p[w \mapsto w]) - 1)
proof -
 let ?p = p[w \mapsto w]
 have ?p - 1 \le (w \sqcap w^T \sqcap -1) \sqcup (p - 1)
   by (metis comp-inf.mult-right-dist-sup inf.cobounded2
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc sup-right-isotone)
 also have \dots = p - 1
   using assms(2) by (metis comp-inf.covector-complement-closed
equivalence-top-closed inf-top.right-neutral maddux-3-13 pseudo-complement
regular-closed-top regular-one-closed vector-covector vector-top-closed)
 finally show ?thesis
   using assms(1) acyclic-down-closed by blast
qed
    Root of the tree containing point x in the disjoint-set forest p
abbreviation roots p \equiv (p \sqcap 1) * top
abbreviation root p \ x \equiv p^{T\star} * x \sqcap roots \ p
lemma root-var:
  root \ p \ x = (p \sqcap 1) * p^{T*} * x
 by (simp add: coreflexive-comp-top-inf inf-commute mult-assoc)
lemma root-successor-loop:
  univalent \ p \Longrightarrow root \ p \ x = p[[root \ p \ x]]
  by (metis root-var injective-codomain comp-associative conv-dist-inf
coreflexive-symmetric equivalence-one-closed inf.cobounded2
univalent-conv-injective)
lemma root-transitive-successor-loop:
  univalent p \Longrightarrow root \ p \ x = p^{T\star} * (root \ p \ x)
 by (metis mult-1-right star-one star-simulation-right-equal root-successor-loop)
lemma roots-successor-loop:
  univalent \ p \Longrightarrow p[[roots \ p]] = roots \ p
 by (metis conv-involutive inf-commute injective-codomain one-inf-conv
mult-assoc)
{\bf lemma}\ roots\hbox{-} transitive\hbox{-} successor\hbox{-} loop:
  univalent p \Longrightarrow p^{T\star} * (roots \ p) = roots \ p
  by (metis comp-associative star.circ-left-top star-simulation-right-equal
roots-successor-loop)
    The root of a tree of a node belongs to the same component as the node.
lemma root-same-component:
  injective x \Longrightarrow root \ p \ x * x^T \le fc \ p
 by (metis comp-associative coreflexive-comp-top-inf eq-refl
inf.sup-left-divisibility\ inf.sup-monoid.add-commute\ mult-isotone
star.circ-circ-mult star.circ-right-top star.circ-transitive-equal star-one
star-outer-increasing test-preserves-equation top-greatest)
```

```
lemma root-vector:
  vector x \Longrightarrow vector (root p x)
 by (simp add: vector-mult-closed root-var)
lemma root-vector-inf:
  vector \ x \Longrightarrow root \ p \ x * x^T = root \ p \ x \sqcap x^T
 by (simp add: vector-covector root-vector)
\mathbf{lemma}\ root\text{-}same\text{-}component\text{-}vector\text{:}
  injective x \Longrightarrow vector x \Longrightarrow root p x \sqcap x^T \le fc p
  using root-same-component root-vector-inf by fastforce
\mathbf{lemma}\ univalent\text{-}root\text{-}successors\text{:}
  assumes univalent p
 shows (p \sqcap 1) * p^* = p \sqcap 1
proof (rule order.antisym)
  have (p \sqcap 1) * p \leq p \sqcap 1
   by (smt assms(1) comp-inf.mult-semi-associative conv-dist-comp conv-dist-inf
conv-order equivalence-one-closed inf.absorb1 inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc
injective-codomain)
  thus (p \sqcap 1) * p^* \leq p \sqcap 1
    using star-right-induct-mult by blast
 show p \sqcap 1 \leq (p \sqcap 1) * p^*
   by (metis coreflexive-idempotent inf-le1 inf-le2 mult-right-isotone order-trans
star.circ-increasing)
qed
{\bf lemma}\ same-component\text{-}same\text{-}root\text{-}sub\text{:}
 assumes univalent p
   and bijective y
   and x * y^T \le fc p
  shows root p \ x \le root \ p \ y
  have root p \ x * y^T \le (p \sqcap 1) * p^{T\star}
   by (smt assms(1,3) mult-isotone mult-assoc root-var fc-plus fc-star order.eq-iff
univalent-root-successors)
  thus ?thesis
   by (simp add: assms(2) shunt-bijective root-var)
qed
lemma same-component-same-root:
  assumes univalent p
   and bijective x
   and bijective y
   and x * y^T \le fc \ p
  shows root p \ x = root \ p \ y
proof (rule order.antisym)
  show root p \ x \le root \ p \ y
```

```
using assms(1,3,4) same-component-same-root-sub by blast
 have y * x^T \le fc \ p
   using assms(1,4) fc-equivalence conv-dist-comp conv-isotone by fastforce
 thus root p \ y \le root \ p \ x
   using assms(1,2) same-component-same-root-sub by blast
qed
lemma same-roots-sub:
 assumes univalent q
   and p \sqcap 1 \leq q \sqcap 1
   and fc \ p \le fc \ q
 shows p^* * (p \sqcap 1) \le q^* * (q \sqcap 1)
proof -
 have p^* * (p \sqcap 1) \le p^* * (q \sqcap 1)
   using assms(2) mult-right-isotone by auto
 also have \dots \leq fc \ p * (q \sqcap 1)
   using mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone star.circ-reflexive by fastforce
 also have \dots \leq fc \ q * (q \sqcap 1)
   by (simp add: assms(3) mult-left-isotone)
 also have ... = q^* * (q \sqcap 1)
   by (metis assms(1) conv-dist-comp conv-dist-inf conv-star-commute
inf-commute one-inf-conv symmetric-one-closed mult-assoc
univalent-root-successors)
 finally show ?thesis
qed
lemma same-roots:
 assumes univalent p
   and univalent q
   and p \sqcap 1 = q \sqcap 1
   and fc p = fc q
 shows p^* * (p \sqcap 1) = q^* * (q \sqcap 1)
 by (smt assms conv-dist-comp conv-dist-inf conv-involutive conv-star-commute
inf-commute one-inf-conv symmetric-one-closed root-var univalent-root-successors)
lemma same-root:
 assumes univalent p
   and univalent q
   and p \sqcap 1 = q \sqcap 1
   and fc p = fc q
 shows root p x = root q x
 by (metis assms mult-assoc root-var univalent-root-successors)
lemma loop-root:
 assumes injective x
   and x = p[[x]]
 shows x = root p x
proof (rule order.antisym)
```

```
have x \leq p * x
   by (metis assms comp-associative comp-right-one conv-order
equivalence \hbox{-} one \hbox{-} closed \ ex231c \ inf. order E \ inf. sup-monoid. add-commute
mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone one-inf-conv)
 hence x = (p \sqcap 1) * x
   by (simp add: assms(1) inf-absorb2 injective-comp-right-dist-inf)
 thus x \leq root \ p \ x
   by (metis assms(2) coreflexive-comp-top-inf inf.boundedI inf.cobounded1
inf.cobounded2 mult-isotone star.circ-increasing)
 show root p \ x \le x
   using assms(2) le-infI1 star-left-induct-mult by auto
qed
lemma one-loop:
 assumes acyclic (p - 1)
   and univalent p
 shows (p \sqcap 1) * (p^T - 1)^+ * (p \sqcap 1) = bot
 have p^{T+} \sqcap (p \sqcap 1) * top * (p \sqcap 1) = (p \sqcap 1) * p^{T+} * (p \sqcap 1)
   by (simp add: test-comp-test-top)
 also have ... \leq p^{T\star} * (p \sqcap 1)
   by (simp add: inf.coboundedI2 mult-left-isotone star.circ-mult-upper-bound
star.circ-reflexive star.left-plus-below-circ)
  also have \dots = p \sqcap 1
   by (metis assms(2) conv-dist-comp conv-dist-inf conv-star-commute
inf-commute one-inf-conv symmetric-one-closed univalent-root-successors)
  also have \dots \leq 1
   by simp
 finally have (p \sqcap 1) * top * (p \sqcap 1) \leq -(p^{T+} - 1)
   using p-antitone p-antitone-iff p-shunting-swap by blast
  hence (p \sqcap 1)^T * (p^{T+} - 1) * (p \sqcap 1)^T \le bot
   \mathbf{using}\ triple\text{-}schroeder\text{-}p\ p\text{-}top\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
 hence (p \sqcap 1) * (p^{T+} - 1) * (p \sqcap 1) = bot
   by (simp add: coreflexive-symmetric le-bot)
 thus ?thesis
   \mathbf{by}\ (smt\ assms(1)\ conv\text{-}complement\ conv\text{-}dist\text{-}comp\ conv\text{-}dist\text{-}inf
conv-star-commute inf-absorb1 star.circ-plus-same symmetric-one-closed
reachable-without-loops star-plus-without-loops)
qed
lemma root-root:
  root \ p \ x = root \ p \ (root \ p \ x)
 by (smt comp-associative comp-inf.mult-right-sub-dist-sup-right dual-order.eq-iff
inf.cobounded1\ inf.cobounded2\ inf.orderE\ mult-right-isotone
star.circ-loop-fixpoint star.circ-transitive-equal root-var)
lemma loop-root-2:
 assumes acyclic (p - 1)
```

```
and univalent p
   and injective x
   and x \leq p^{T+} * x
  \mathbf{shows} \ x = root \ p \ x
proof (rule order.antisym)
  have 1: x = x - (-1 * x)
   by (metis assms(3) comp-injective-below-complement inf.orderE mult-1-left
regular-one-closed)
 have x \leq (p^T - 1)^+ * x \sqcup (p \sqcap 1) * x
   by (metis assms(4) inf-commute mult-right-dist-sup one-inf-conv
plus-reachable-without-loops)
 also have \dots \leq -1 * x \sqcup (p \sqcap 1) * x
   by (metis assms(1) conv-complement conv-dist-inf conv-isotone
conv\text{-}plus\text{-}commute\ mult\text{-}left\text{-}isotone\ semiring.} add\text{-}right\text{-}mono
symmetric-one-closed)
 also have \dots \leq -1 * x \sqcup root p x
   using comp-isotone inf.coboundedI2 star.circ-reflexive sup-right-isotone by
auto
 finally have x \leq (-1 * x \sqcup root p x) - (-1 * x)
   using 1 inf.boundedI inf.order-iff by blast
 also have \dots \leq root \ p \ x
   using inf.sup-left-divisibility by auto
  finally show 2: x \leq root \ p \ x
 have root p \ x = (p \ \sqcap \ 1) * x \sqcup (p \ \sqcap \ 1) * (p^T - 1)^+ * x
   by (metis comp-associative mult-left-dist-sup star.circ-loop-fixpoint
sup-commute reachable-without-loops root-var)
 also have ... \leq x \sqcup (p \sqcap 1) * (p^T - 1)^+ * root p x
   \mathbf{using} \ \ 2 \ \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{metis\ coreflexive-comp-top-inf\ inf.cobounded2\ mult-right-isotone}
semiring.add-mono)
 also have \dots = x
   by (metis\ assms(1,2)\ one-loop\ root-var\ mult-assoc\ semiring.mult-not-zero
sup\text{-}bot\text{-}right)
 finally show root p \ x \le x
qed
lemma path-compression-invariant-simplify:
 assumes point w
     and p^{T+} * w \leq -w
     and w \neq y
   shows p[[w]] \neq w
proof
 \mathbf{assume}\ p[[w]] = w
 hence w \leq p^{T+} * w
   by (metis comp-isotone eq-refl star.circ-mult-increasing)
 also have \dots \leq -w
   by (simp\ add:\ assms(2))
 finally have w = bot
```

```
using inf.orderE by fastforce
 thus False
   using assms(1,3) le-bot by force
qed
end
context stone-relation-algebra-tarski
begin
   lemma distinct-points has been moved to theory Relation-Algebras in
entry Stone-Relation-Algebras
    Back and von Wright's array independence requirements [1]
{f lemma}\ put-get-different-vector:
 assumes vector y w \leq -y
 shows (x[y \mapsto z])[[w]] = x[[w]]
proof -
 have (x[y \mapsto z])[[w]] = (y^T \sqcap z) * w \sqcup (-y^T \sqcap x^T) * w
   by (simp add: conv-complement conv-dist-inf conv-dist-sup mult-right-dist-sup)
 also have ... = z * (w \sqcap y) \sqcup x^T * (w - y)
   by (metis assms(1) conv-complement covector-inf-comp-3 inf-commute
vector-complement-closed)
 also have ... = z * (w \sqcap y) \sqcup x^T * w
   by (simp \ add: assms(2) \ inf.absorb1)
 also have ... = z * bot \sqcup x^T * w
   by (metis assms(2) comp-inf.semiring.mult-zero-right inf.absorb1
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc\ p-inf)
 also have ... = x^T * w
   by simp
 finally show ?thesis
qed
lemma put-get-different:
 assumes point y point w w \neq y
 shows (x[y \mapsto z])[[w]] = x[[w]]
proof -
 have w \sqcap y = bot
   using assms distinct-points by simp
 hence w \leq -y
   using pseudo-complement by simp
 thus ?thesis
   by (simp add: assms(1) assms(2) put-get-different-vector)
qed
lemma put-put-different-vector:
 assumes vector\ y\ vector\ v\ v\ \sqcap\ y=bot
 shows (x[y \mapsto z])[v \mapsto w] = (x[v \mapsto w])[y \mapsto z]
proof -
```

```
have (x[y \mapsto z])[v \mapsto w] = (v \sqcap w^T) \sqcup (-v \sqcap y \sqcap z^T) \sqcup (-v \sqcap -y \sqcap x)
   by (simp add: comp-inf.semiring.distrib-left inf-assoc sup-assoc)
  also have ... = (v \sqcap w^T) \sqcup (y \sqcap z^T) \sqcup (-v \sqcap -y \sqcap x)
   by (metis assms(3) inf-commute inf-import-p p-inf selection-closed-id)
  also have ... = (y \sqcap z^T) \sqcup (v \sqcap w^T) \sqcup (-y \sqcap -v \sqcap x)
   by (simp add: inf-commute sup-commute)
  also have ... = (y \sqcap z^T) \sqcup (-y \sqcap v \sqcap w^T) \sqcup (-y \sqcap -v \sqcap x)
    using assms distinct-points pseudo-complement inf.absorb2 by simp
  also have ... = (x[v \mapsto w])[y \mapsto z]
   by (simp add: comp-inf.semiring.distrib-left inf-assoc sup-assoc)
  finally show ?thesis
qed
lemma put-put-different:
  assumes point y point v \neq y
  shows (x[y \mapsto z])[v \mapsto w] = (x[v \mapsto w])[y \mapsto z]
  using assms distinct-points put-put-different-vector by blast
```

4 Verifying Operations on Disjoint-Set Forests

end

begin

In this section we verify the make-set, find-set and union-sets operations of disjoint-set forests. We start by introducing syntax for updating arrays in programs. Updating the value at a given array index means updating the whole array.

```
syntax
-rel-update :: idt \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'b \ com \ (\langle (2\text{-}[\text{-}] :=/\text{-}) \rangle \ [70,\ 65,\ 65] \ 61)
translations
x[y] := z => (x := (y \sqcap z^T) \sqcup (CONST \ uminus \ y \sqcap x))
The finiteness requirement in the following class is used for proving that the operations terminate.
class finite-regular-p-algebra = p-algebra + assumes finite-regular: finite \{x \cdot regular \ x\}
begin
abbreviation card-down-regular :: 'a \Rightarrow nat \ (\langle \cdot \downarrow \rangle \ [100] \ 100)
where x \downarrow \equiv card \ \{z \cdot regular \ z \land z \leq x\}
end
class stone-kleene-relation-algebra-tarski-finite-regular = stone-kleene-relation-algebra-tarski + finite-regular-p-algebra
```

4.1 Make-Set

We prove two correctness results about make-set. The first shows that the forest changes only to the extent of making one node the root of a tree. The second result adds that only singleton sets are created.

definition make-set-postcondition $p \ x \ p\theta \equiv x \sqcap p = x * x^T \land -x \sqcap p = -x \sqcap p\theta$

```
theorem make\text{-}set:
  VARS p
 [ point \ x \land p\theta = p ]
 p[x] := x
 [ make-set-postcondition p x p0 ]
 apply vcq-tc-simp
 by (simp add: make-set-postcondition-def inf-sup-distrib1 inf-assoc[THEN sym]
vector-covector[THEN sym])
theorem make-set-2:
  VARS p
 [ point \ x \land p0 = p \land p \le 1 ]
 p[x] := x
 [ make-set-postcondition p \ x \ p0 \land p \le 1 ]
proof vcg-tc
 \mathbf{fix} p
 assume 1: point x \land p\theta = p \land p \le 1
 show make-set-postcondition (p[x \mapsto x]) \ x \ p\theta \land p[x \mapsto x] \le 1
 proof (rule\ conjI)
   show make-set-postcondition (p[x \mapsto x]) \times p\theta
     using 1 by (simp add: make-set-postcondition-def inf-sup-distrib1
inf-assoc[THEN sym] vector-covector[THEN sym])
   show p[x \mapsto x] \leq 1
     using 1 by (metis coreflexive-sup-closed dual-order.trans inf.cobounded2
vector-covector)
 qed
qed
    The above total-correctness proof allows us to extract a function, which
can be used in other implementations below. This is a technique of [10].
lemma make-set-exists:
 point \ x \Longrightarrow \exists \ p' \ . \ make-set-postcondition \ p' \ x \ p
 using tc-extract-function make-set by blast
definition make-set p \ x \equiv (SOME \ p' \ . \ make-set-postcondition \ p' \ x \ p)
lemma make-set-function:
 assumes point x
   and p' = make\text{-set } p x
 shows make-set-postcondition p' \times p
proof -
 let ?P = \lambda p'. make-set-postcondition p' x p
```

```
have ?P\ (SOME\ z\ .\ ?P\ z) using assms(1)\ make-set-exists by (meson\ someI) thus ?thesis using assms(2)\ make-set-def by auto qed end
```

4.2 Find-Set

Disjoint-set forests are represented by their parent mapping. It is a forest except each root of a component tree points to itself.

We prove that find-set returns the root of the component tree of the given node.

```
context pd-kleene-allegory begin  {\bf abbreviation} \ disjoint-set-forest \ p \equiv mapping \ p \land acyclic \ (p-1)  end  {\bf context} \ stone-kleene-relation-algebra-tarski begin
```

If two nodes are mutually reachable from each other in a disjoint-set forest, they must be equal.

```
lemma forest-mutually-reachable:
 assumes acyclic (p-1) point x point y \ x \le p^* * y \ y \le p^* * x
 shows x = y
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume 1: x \neq y
 hence 2: x \leq -y
   \mathbf{by}\ (meson\ assms(2,3)\ bijective\text{-}regular\ dual\text{-}order.eq\text{-}iff
point-in-vector-or-complement point-in-vector-or-complement-2)
  have x \le (p - 1)^* * y
   using assms(4) reachable-without-loops by auto
 also have ... = (p - 1)^+ * y \sqcup y
   \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ star.circ-loop\textit{-fixpoint}\ mult-assoc)
 finally have 3: x \leq (p-1)^+ * y
   using 2 by (metis half-shunting inf.orderE)
 have 4: y \leq -x
   using 1 by (meson assms(2,3) bijective-regular dual-order.eq-iff
point-in-vector-or-complement point-in-vector-or-complement-2)
 have y \le (p - 1)^* * x
   using assms(5) reachable-without-loops by auto
 also have ... = (p - 1)^+ * x \sqcup x
   by (simp add: star.circ-loop-fixpoint mult-assoc)
 finally have y \leq (p-1)^+ * x
```

```
using 4 by (metis half-shunting inf.orderE)
  also have ... \leq (p-1)^+ * (p-1)^+ * y
    using 3 by (simp add: comp-associative mult-right-isotone)
  also have ... \leq (p - 1)^{+} * y
    by (simp add: mult-left-isotone plus-transitive)
  finally have y * y^T \le (p-1)^+
    using assms(3) shunt-bijective by blast
  also have \dots \leq -1
    by (simp\ add:\ assms(1))
  finally have y = bot
    \mathbf{using}\ inf. absorb-iff1\ schroeder\text{-4-p}\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
  thus False
    using 1 \ assms(3) \ bot-least \ top-unique by auto
\mathbf{qed}
lemma forest-mutually-reachable-2:
  assumes acyclic (p-1) point x point y x \leq p^{T\star} * y y \leq p^{T\star} * x
 shows x = y
proof -
  have 1: x \le p^* * y
    by (simp\ add:\ assms(2,3,5)\ bijective-reverse\ conv-star-commute)
  have y \leq p^* * x
    by (simp\ add:\ assms(2-4)\ bijective-reverse\ conv-star-commute)
  thus ?thesis
    using 1 assms(1-3) forest-mutually-reachable by blast
qed
end
{\bf context}\ stone-kleene-relation-algebra-tarski-finite-regular
begin
definition find-set-precondition p \ x \equiv disjoint-set-forest p \land point \ x
definition find-set-invariant p \ x \ y \equiv find\text{-set-precondition} \ p \ x \land point \ y \land y \le find\text{-set-precondition}
p^{T\star} * x
definition find-set-postcondition p \ x \ y \equiv point \ y \land y = root \ p \ x
lemma find-set-1:
 find\text{-}set\text{-}precondition \ p \ x \Longrightarrow find\text{-}set\text{-}invariant \ p \ x \ x
 apply (unfold find-set-invariant-def)
 using mult-left-isotone star.circ-reflexive find-set-precondition-def by fastforce
lemma find-set-2:
 find\text{-}set\text{-}invariant\ p\ x\ y\ \land\ y \neq\ p[[y]] \Longrightarrow find\text{-}set\text{-}invariant\ p\ x\ (p[[y]])\ \land\ (p^{T\star}\ *
(p[[y]])\downarrow < (p^{T\star} * y)\downarrow
proof -
  let ?s = { z . regular z \wedge z \leq p^{T\star} * y }
 let ?t = \{ z : regular \ z \land z \le p^{T\star} * (p[[y]]) \}
 assume 1: find-set-invariant p \ x \ y \land y \neq p[[y]]
```

```
have 2: point (p[[y]])
   using 1 read-point find-set-invariant-def find-set-precondition-def by simp
 show find-set-invariant p \ x \ (p[[y]]) \land card ?t < card ?s
  proof (unfold find-set-invariant-def, intro conjI)
   show find-set-precondition p x
     using 1 find-set-invariant-def by simp
   show vector (p[[y]])
     using 2 by simp
   show injective (p[[y]])
     using 2 by simp
   show surjective (p[[y]])
     using 2 by simp
   show p[[y]] \leq p^{T\star} * x
     using 1 by (metis (opaque-lifting) find-set-invariant-def comp-associative
comp-isotone star.circ-increasing star.circ-transitive-equal)
   show card ?t < card ?s
   proof -
     have p[[y]] = (p^T \sqcap 1) * y \sqcup (p^T - 1) * y
      by (metis maddux-3-11-pp mult-right-dist-sup regular-one-closed)
     also have ... \leq ((p[[y]]) \sqcap y) \sqcup (p^T - 1) * y
      by (metis comp-left-subdist-inf mult-1-left semiring.add-right-mono)
     also have ... = (p^T - 1) * y
       using 1 2 find-set-invariant-def distinct-points by auto
     finally have 3: (p^T - 1)^* * (p[[y]]) \le (p^T - 1)^+ * y
      by (simp add: mult-right-isotone star-simulation-right-equal mult-assoc)
     have p^{T\star}*(p[[y]]) \leq p^{T\star}*y
      by (metis mult-left-isotone star.right-plus-below-circ mult-assoc)
     hence 4: ?t \subseteq ?s
      using order-trans by auto
     have 5: y \in ?s
      using 1 find-set-invariant-def bijective-regular mult-left-isotone
star.circ-reflexive by fastforce
     have 6: \neg y \in ?t
     proof
      assume y \in ?t
      hence y < (p^T - 1)^+ * y
        \mathbf{using}\ \textit{3}\ \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{metis reachable-without-loops}\ \textit{mem-Collect-eq order-trans})
      hence y * y^T \leq (p^T - 1)^+
        using 1 find-set-invariant-def shunt-bijective by simp
      also have \dots \leq -1
        using 1 by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) find-set-invariant-def
find-set-precondition-def conv-dist-comp conv-dist-inf conv-isotone
conv-star-commute equivalence-one-closed star.circ-plus-same
symmetric-complement-closed)
      finally have y \leq -y
        using schroeder-4-p by auto
      thus False
        using 1 by (metis find-set-invariant-def comp-inf.coreflexive-idempotent
```

 $conv\text{-}complement\ covector\text{-}vector\text{-}comp\ inf.absorb1\ inf.sup\text{-}monoid.add\text{-}commute$

```
pseudo-complement surjective-conv-total top.extremum vector-top-closed
regular-closed-top)
     qed
     show card ?t < card ?s
       apply (rule psubset-card-mono)
       subgoal using finite-regular by simp
       subgoal using 4 5 6 by auto
       done
   qed
 qed
qed
lemma find-set-3:
 find\text{-}set\text{-}invariant\ p\ x\ y\ \land\ y=p[[y]] \Longrightarrow find\text{-}set\text{-}postcondition\ p\ x\ y
proof -
  assume 1: find-set-invariant p \ x \ y \land y = p[[y]]
 show find-set-postcondition p \times y
 proof (unfold find-set-postcondition-def, rule conjI)
   show point y
     using 1 find-set-invariant-def by simp
   show y = root p x
   proof (rule order.antisym)
     have y * y^T \leq p
       using 1 by (metis find-set-invariant-def find-set-precondition-def
shunt\text{-}bijective\ shunt\text{-}mapping\ top\text{-}right\text{-}mult\text{-}increasing)
     hence y * y^T \leq p \sqcap 1
       using 1 find-set-invariant-def le-infI by blast
     hence y < roots p
       using 1 by (metis find-set-invariant-def order-lesseq-imp shunt-bijective
top-right-mult-increasing mult-assoc)
     thus y \leq root p x
       using 1 find-set-invariant-def by simp
   next
     have 2: x \leq p^* * y
       using 1 find-set-invariant-def find-set-precondition-def bijective-reverse
conv-star-commute by auto
     have p^T * p^* * y = p^T * p * p^* * y \sqcup (p[[y]])
       by (metis comp-associative mult-left-dist-sup star.circ-loop-fixpoint)
     also have ... \leq p^* * y \sqcup y
       using 1 by (metis find-set-invariant-def find-set-precondition-def
comp\mbox{-}isotone\ mult\mbox{-}left\mbox{-}sub\mbox{-}dist\mbox{-}sup\ semiring.add\mbox{-}right\mbox{-}mono
star.circ-back-loop-fixpoint\ star.circ-circ-mult\ star.circ-top
star.circ-transitive-equal star-involutive star-one)
     also have ... = p^* * y
       by (metis star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup.left-idem sup-commute)
     finally have \beta \colon p^{T\star} * x \leq p^{\star} * y
       using 2 by (simp add: comp-associative star-left-induct)
     have p * y \sqcap roots p = (p \sqcap 1) * p * y
       using comp-associative coreflexive-comp-top-inf inf-commute by auto
```

```
also have \dots \leq p^T * p * y
       by (metis inf.cobounded2 inf.sup-monoid.add-commute mult-left-isotone
one-inf-conv)
     also have \dots \leq y
       using 1 find-set-invariant-def find-set-precondition-def mult-left-isotone by
fastforce
     finally have 4: p * y \le y \sqcup -roots p
       using 1 by (metis find-set-invariant-def shunting-p bijective-regular)
     have p * -roots p \le -roots p
       using 1 by (metis find-set-invariant-def find-set-precondition-def
conv-complement-sub-leq conv-involutive roots-successor-loop)
     hence p * y \sqcup p * -roots p \leq y \sqcup -roots p
       using 4 dual-order.trans le-supI sup-ge2 by blast
     hence p * (y \sqcup -roots p) \le y \sqcup -roots p
       by (simp add: mult-left-dist-sup)
     hence p^* * y \leq y \sqcup -roots p
       by (simp add: star-left-induct)
     hence p^{T\star} * x \leq y \sqcup -roots p
       using 3 dual-order.trans by blast
     thus root p \ x \leq y
       using 1 by (metis find-set-invariant-def shunting-p bijective-regular)
   qed
  qed
qed
theorem find-set:
  VARS y
 [ find-set-precondition p[x]]
  y := x;
  WHILE y \neq p[[y]]
   INV \{ find\text{-}set\text{-}invariant \ p \ x \ y \}
    V\!AR~\{~(p^{T\star}~*~y)\!\!\downarrow~\}
    DO \ y := p[[y]]
    OD
 [ find-set-postcondition p \times y ]
 apply vcq-tc-simp
   apply (fact find-set-1)
  apply (fact find-set-2)
  by (fact find-set-3)
lemma find-set-exists:
 find\text{-}set\text{-}precondition\ p\ x \Longrightarrow \exists\ y\ .\ find\text{-}set\text{-}postcondition\ p\ x\ y
 using tc-extract-function find-set by blast
```

The root of a component tree is a point, that is, represents a singleton set of nodes. This could be proved from the definitions using Kleene-relation algebraic calculations. But they can be avoided because the property directly follows from the postcondition of the previous correctness proof. The corresponding algorithm shows how to obtain the root. We therefore have

an essentially constructive proof of the following result.

```
lemma root-point:
    disjoint-set-forest p \Longrightarrow point \ x \Longrightarrow point \ (root \ p \ x)
    using find-set-exists find-set-precondition-def find-set-postcondition-def by simp

definition find-set p \ x \equiv (SOME \ y \ . \ find-set-postcondition \ p \ x \ y)

lemma find-set-function:
    assumes find-set-precondition p \ x
    and y = find-set p \ x
    shows find-set-postcondition p \ x \ y
    by (metis \ assms \ find-set-def find-set-exists someI)
```

4.3 Path Compression

The path-compression technique is frequently implemented in recursive implementations of find-set modifying the tree on the way out from recursive calls. Here we implement it using a second while-loop, which iterates over the same path to the root and changes edges to point to the root of the component, which is known after the while-loop in find-set completes. We prove that path compression preserves the equivalence-relational semantics of the disjoint-set forest and also preserves the roots of the component trees. Additionally we prove the exact effect of path compression.

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{definition} \ path\text{-}compression\text{-}precondition} \ p \ x \ y \equiv disjoint\text{-}set\text{-}forest \ p \ \wedge \ point \ x \\ \wedge \ point \ y \ \wedge \ y = root \ p \ x \\ \textbf{definition} \ path\text{-}compression\text{-}invariant} \ p \ x \ y \ p0 \ w \equiv \\ path\text{-}compression\text{-}precondition} \ p \ x \ y \ \wedge \ point \ w \ \wedge \\ p \ \sqcap \ 1 = p0 \ \sqcap \ 1 \ \wedge \ fc \ p = fc \ p0 \ \wedge \\ root \ p \ w = y \ \wedge \ p0[p0^{T*} * x \ x \ - \ p0^{T*} * w \longmapsto y] = p \ \wedge \\ disjoint\text{-}set\text{-}forest \ p0 \ \wedge \ w \leq p0^{T*} * x \\ \textbf{definition} \ path\text{-}compression\text{-}postcondition} \ p \ x \ y \ p0 \equiv \\ disjoint\text{-}set\text{-}forest \ p \ \wedge \ y = root \ p \ x \ \wedge \ p \ \sqcap \ 1 = p0 \ \sqcap \ 1 \ \wedge \ fc \ p = fc \ p0 \ \wedge \\ p0[p0^{T*} * x \longmapsto y] = p \end{array}
```

We first consider a variant that achieves the effect as a single update. The parents of all nodes reachable from x are simultaneously updated to the root of the component of x.

```
lemma path-compression-exact:
   assumes path-compression-precondition p0 \ x \ y
   and p0[p0^{T\star} * x \longmapsto y] = p
   shows p \sqcap 1 = p0 \sqcap 1 fc p = fc \ p0

proof -
   have a1: disjoint-set-forest <math>p0 and a2: point \ x and a3: point \ y and a4: y = root \ p0 \ x
   using path-compression-precondition-def \ assms(1) by auto
   have 1: regular \ (p0^{T\star} * x)
   using a1 \ a2 \ bijective-regular \ mapping-regular \ regular-closed-star
regular-conv-closed \ regular-mult-closed by auto
```

```
have p \sqcap 1 = (p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap y^T \sqcap 1) \sqcup (-(p\theta^{T\star} * x) \sqcap p\theta \sqcap 1)
    using assms(2) inf-sup-distrib2 by auto
  also have ... = (p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap p\theta \sqcap 1) \sqcup (-(p\theta^{T\star} * x) \sqcap p\theta \sqcap 1)
  proof -
    have p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap y^T \sqcap 1 = p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap p\theta \sqcap 1
    proof (rule order.antisym)
      have (p\theta \sqcap 1) * p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap 1 \leq p\theta
        by (smt coreflexive-comp-top-inf-one inf.absorb-iff2 inf.cobounded2
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc root-var)
      hence p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap y^T \sqcap 1 \leq p\theta
        by (metis inf-le1 a4 conv-dist-inf coreflexive-symmetric inf.absorb2
inf.cobounded2 inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc root-var symmetric-one-closed)
      thus p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap y^T \sqcap 1 < p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap p\theta \sqcap 1
        \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{meson inf.le-sup-iff order.refl})
      have p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap p\theta \sqcap 1 < y
        by (metis a4 coreflexive-comp-top-inf-one inf.cobounded1 inf-assoc inf-le2)
      thus p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap p\theta \sqcap 1 \leq p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap y^T \sqcap 1
        by (smt conv-dist-inf coreflexive-symmetric inf.absorb-iff2 inf.cobounded2
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc)
    qed
    thus ?thesis
      by simp
  qed
  also have \dots = p\theta \sqcap 1
    using 1 by (metis inf.sup-monoid.add-commute inf-sup-distrib1
maddux-3-11-pp)
  finally show p \sqcap 1 = p\theta \sqcap 1
  show fc p = fc p\theta
  proof (rule order.antisym)
    \mathbf{have}\ \mathcal{Z}\colon univalent\ (p\theta\lceil p\theta^{T\star}\ \ast\ x{\longmapsto} y\rceil)
      by (simp add: a1 a2 a3 update-univalent mult-assoc)
    have 3: -(p\theta^{T\star} * x) \sqcap p\theta \le (p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x \longmapsto y])^{\star} * (p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x \longmapsto y])^{T\star}
      using fc-increasing inf.order-trans sup.cobounded2 by blast
    have p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap p\theta \le (p\theta^{T\star} \sqcap p\theta * x^T) * (x \sqcap p\theta^{\star} * p\theta)
      by (metis conv-involutive conv-star-commute dedekind)
    also have ... \leq p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap p\theta * x^T * p\theta^{\star} * p\theta
      by (metis comp-associative inf.boundedI inf.cobounded2 inf-le1 mult-isotone)
    also have \dots \leq p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap top * x^T * p\theta^{\star}
      using comp-associative comp-inf.mult-right-isotone mult-isotone
star.right-plus-below-circ by auto
    also have ... = p\theta^{T\star} * x * x^T * p\theta^{\star}
      by (metis a2 symmetric-top-closed vector-covector vector-inf-comp
vector-mult-closed)
    also have ... \leq (p\theta^{T\star} * x * y^T) * (y * x^T * p\theta^{\star})
      \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{a3}\ \mathit{order}. \mathit{antisym}\ \mathit{comp-inf}. \mathit{top-right-mult-increasing}
conv-involutive dedekind-1 inf.sup-left-divisibility inf.sup-monoid.add-commute
mult-right-isotone surjective-conv-total mult-assoc)
    also have ... = (p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap y^T) * (y \sqcap x^T * p\theta^{\star})
```

```
by (metis a2 a3 vector-covector vector-inf-comp vector-mult-closed)
    also have ... = (p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap y^T) * (p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap y^T)^T
       by (simp add: conv-dist-comp conv-dist-inf conv-star-commute inf-commute)
    also have ... \leq (p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x \longmapsto y])^{\star} * (p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x \longmapsto y])^{T\star}
       by (meson conv-isotone dual-order.trans mult-isotone star.circ-increasing
sup.cobounded1)
    \textbf{finally have} \ p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap p\theta \leq (p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x \longmapsto y])^{\star} * (p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x \longmapsto y])^{T\star}
 \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{hence} \ (p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap p\theta) \sqcup (-(p\theta^{T\star} * x) \sqcap p\theta) \leq (p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x \longmapsto y])^{\star} * \\ (p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x \longmapsto y])^{T\star} \end{array} 
       using 3 le-supI by blast
    hence p\theta \leq (p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x \longmapsto y])^{\star} * (p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x \longmapsto y])^{T\star}
       using 1 by (metis inf-commute maddux-3-11-pp)
    hence fc \ p\theta \le (p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x \longmapsto y])^{\star} * (p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x \longmapsto y])^{T\star}
       using 2 fc-idempotent fc-isotone by fastforce
    thus fc \ p\theta \leq fc \ p
      by (simp\ add:\ assms(2))
    have ((p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap y^T) \sqcup (-(p\theta^{T\star} * x) \sqcap p\theta))^{\star} = (-(p\theta^{T\star} * x) \sqcap p\theta)^{\star} *
((p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap y^T) \sqcup 1)
    proof (rule star-sup-2)
       have 4: transitive (p\theta^{T\star} * x)
         using a2 comp-associative mult-right-isotone rectangle-star-rectangle by
auto
       have transitive (y^T)
         by (metis a3 conv-dist-comp inf.eq-refl mult-assoc)
       thus transitive (p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap y^T)
         using 4 transitive-inf-closed by auto
       have 5: p\theta^{T\star} * x * (-(p\theta^{T\star} * x) \sqcap p\theta) < p\theta^{T\star} * x
         by (metis a2 mult-right-isotone top-greatest mult-assoc)
       have (-(p\theta^{T\star} * x) \sqcap p\theta)^T * y \leq p\theta^T * y
         by (simp add: conv-dist-inf mult-left-isotone)
       also have \dots < y
         using a1 a4 root-successor-loop by auto
       finally have y^T * (-(p\theta^{T\star} * x) \sqcap p\theta) \leq y^T
         using conv-dist-comp conv-isotone by fastforce
       thus (p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap y^T) * (-(p\theta^{T\star} * x) \sqcap p\theta) < p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap y^T
         using 5 comp-left-subdist-inf inf-mono order-trans by blast
    hence p^* = (-(p\theta^{T*} * x) \sqcap p\theta)^* * ((p\theta^{T*} * x \sqcap y^T) \sqcup 1)
       by (simp \ add: \ assms(2))
    also have ... \leq p\theta^{\star}*((p\theta^{T\star}*x\sqcap y^T)\sqcup 1)
       by (simp add: mult-left-isotone star-isotone)
    also have ... = p\theta^* * (p\theta^{T*} * x * y^T \sqcup 1)
       by (simp add: a2 a3 vector-covector vector-mult-closed)
    also have ... = p\theta^* * (p\theta^{T*} * (x * x^T) * p\theta^* * (p\theta \sqcap 1) \sqcup 1)
       by (metis a4 coreflexive-symmetric inf.cobounded2 root-var comp-associative
conv-dist-comp conv-involutive conv-star-commute)
    also have ... \leq p\theta^* * (p\theta^{T*} * 1 * p\theta^* * (p\theta \sqcap 1) \sqcup 1)
       by (metis a2 mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone semiring.add-left-mono
```

```
sup-commute)
   also have ... = p\theta^{\star}*(p\theta^{T\star}*(p\theta\sqcap 1)\sqcup p\theta^{\star}*(p\theta\sqcap 1)\sqcup 1)
     by (simp add: a1 cancel-separate-eq mult-right-dist-sup)
   also have ... = p\theta^* * ((p\theta \sqcap 1) \sqcup p\theta^* * (p\theta \sqcap 1) \sqcup 1)
     by (smt univalent-root-successors a1 conv-dist-comp conv-dist-inf
coreflexive-idempotent coreflexive-symmetric inf.cobounded2 injective-codomain
loop-root root-transitive-successor-loop symmetric-one-closed)
   also have ... = p\theta^* * (p\theta^* * (p\theta \sqcap 1) \sqcup 1)
     by (metis inf.sup-left-divisibility inf-commute sup.left-idem sup-commute
sup-relative-same-increasing)
   also have \dots \leq p\theta^* * p\theta^*
     by (metis inf.cobounded2 inf-commute order.reft order-lesseq-imp
star.circ-mult-upper-bound star.circ-reflexive star.circ-transitive-equal
sup.boundedI sup-monoid.add-commute)
   also have ... = p\theta^*
     by (simp add: star.circ-transitive-equal)
   finally show fc p \leq fc p\theta
     by (metis conv-order conv-star-commute mult-isotone)
 qed
qed
lemma update-acyclic-6:
  assumes disjoint-set-forest p
   and point x
 shows acyclic ((p[p^T *x \longmapsto root \ p \ x]) - 1)
 using assms root-point root-successor-loop update-acyclic-2 by auto
theorem path-compression-assign:
  VARS p
  [ path-compression-precondition p \ x \ y \land p\theta = p ]
 p[p^{T\star} * x] := y
  [ path-compression-postcondition p \times y \neq 0 ]
 apply \ vcg\text{-}tc\text{-}simp
 apply (unfold path-compression-precondition-def
path-compression-postcondition-def)
  apply (intro\ conjI)
 subgoal using update-univalent mult-assoc by auto
 subgoal using bijective-regular mapping-regular regular-closed-star
regular-conv-closed regular-mult-closed update-mapping mult-assoc by auto
  subgoal using update-acyclic-6 by blast
 subgoal by (smt same-root path-compression-exact
path-compression-precondition-def update-univalent vector-mult-closed)
 subgoal using path-compression-exact(1) path-compression-precondition-def
bv blast
 subgoal\ using\ path-compression-exact(2)\ path-compression-precondition-def
\mathbf{by} blast
 by blast
```

We next look at implementing these updates using a loop.

```
lemma path-compression-1a:
  assumes point x
   and disjoint-set-forest p
   and x \neq root p x
  shows p^{T} * x \leq -x
 by (meson assms bijective-regular mapping-regular regular-closed-star
regular-conv-closed regular-mult-closed vector-mult-closed
point-in-vector-or-complement-2 loop-root-2)
{\bf lemma}\ path\text{-}compression\text{-}1b\text{:}
  x \leq p^{T\star} * x
 using mult-left-isotone star.circ-reflexive by fastforce
lemma path-compression-1:
  path-compression-precondition p \ x \ y \Longrightarrow path-compression-invariant p \ x \ y \ p \ x
  using path-compression-invariant-def path-compression-precondition-def
loop-root path-compression-1a path-compression-1b by auto
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{path-compression-2} \colon
  path-compression-invariant p \ x \ y \ p0 \ w \land y \neq p[[w]] \Longrightarrow
path\text{-}compression\text{-}invariant \ (p[w\longmapsto y]) \ x \ y \ p\theta \ (p[[w]]) \ \land \ ((p[w\longmapsto y])^{T\star} \ *
(p[[w]])){\downarrow} < (p^{T\,\star}\,*\,w){\downarrow}
proof -
  let ?p = p[w \mapsto y]
 let ?s = { z . regular z \wedge z \leq p^{T\star} * w }
 let ?t = \{ z : regular \ z \land z \leq ?p^{T\star} * (p[[w]]) \}
 assume 1: path-compression-invariant p \times y \neq p[[w]]
 have i1: disjoint-set-forest p and i2: point x and i3: point y and i4: y = root
   using 1 path-compression-invariant-def path-compression-precondition-def by
meson+
 have i5: point w
   and i8: p \sqcap 1 = p\theta \sqcap 1 and i9: fc p = fc p\theta
   and i10: root p w = y and i12: p0[p0^{T\star} * x - p0^{T\star} * w \longrightarrow y] = p
   using 1 path-compression-invariant-def by blast+
  have i13: disjoint-set-forest p0 and i15: w < p0^{T\star} * x
   using 1 path-compression-invariant-def by auto
  have i\theta: y \leq p^{T\star} * w
    using i10 by force
  have i11: p[[w]] = p0[[w]]
   by (smt (verit) i12 i2 i5 dual-order.trans inf-le2 p-antitone-iff
put-get-different-vector vector-complement-closed vector-inf-closed
vector-mult-closed path-compression-1b)
  have i14: y = root \ p\theta \ x
   using i1 i13 i4 i8 i9 same-root by blast
  have 2: point (p[[w]])
   using i1 i5 read-point by blast
  \mathbf{show} \ path-compression-invariant \ ?p \ x \ y \ p0 \ (p[[w]]) \ \land \ card \ ?t < card \ ?s
  proof (unfold path-compression-invariant-def, intro conjI)
```

```
have 3: mapping ?p
     \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ i1\ i3\ i5\ bijective-regular\ update-total\ update-univalent)
   have 4: w \neq y
     using 1 i1 i4 root-successor-loop by blast
   hence 5: w \sqcap y = bot
     by (simp add: i3 i5 distinct-points)
   hence y * w^T \le -1
     using pseudo-complement schroeder-4-p by auto
   hence y * w^T \le p^{T\star} - 1
     using i5\ i6\ shunt-bijective\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
   also have ... \leq p^{T+}
     by (simp add: star-plus-without-loops)
   finally have 6: y \leq p^{T+} * w
     using i5 shunt-bijective by auto
   have \tilde{\gamma}: w * w^T < -p^{T+}
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume \neg w * w^T \le -p^{T+}
hence w * w^T \le --p^{T+}
       using i5 point-arc arc-in-partition by blast
     hence w * w^T \leq p^{T+} \sqcap 1
       using i1 i5 mapping-regular regular-conv-closed regular-closed-star
regular\text{-}mult\text{-}closed \ \mathbf{by} \ simp
     also have ... = ((p^T \sqcap 1) * p^{T\star} \sqcap 1) \sqcup ((p^T - 1) * p^{T\star} \sqcap 1)
       \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{comp-inf}.\mathit{mult-right-dist-sup}\ \mathit{maddux-3-11-pp}\ \mathit{mult-right-dist-sup}
regular-one-closed)
     also have ... = ((p^T \sqcap 1) * p^{T*} \sqcap 1) \sqcup ((p-1)^+ \sqcap 1)^T
       by (metis conv-complement conv-dist-inf conv-plus-commute
equivalence-one-closed reachable-without-loops)
     also have \dots \leq ((p^T \sqcap 1) * p^{T\star} \sqcap 1) \sqcup (-1 \sqcap 1)^T
       by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) i1 sup-right-isotone inf.sup-left-isotone
conv-isotone)
     also have ... = (p^T \sqcap 1) * p^{T*} \sqcap 1
       by simp
     also have ... \leq (p^T \sqcap 1) * top \sqcap 1
       by (metis comp-inf.comp-isotone coreflexive-comp-top-inf
equivalence-one-closed inf.cobounded1 inf.cobounded2)
     also have ... < p^T
       by (simp add: coreflexive-comp-top-inf-one)
     finally have w * w^T \leq p^T
       by simp
     hence w \leq p[[w]]
       using i5 shunt-bijective by blast
     hence w = p[[w]]
       using 2 by (metis i5 epm-3 mult-semi-associative)
     thus False
       using 2 4 i10 loop-root by auto
   have 10: acyclic (?p-1)
     using i1 i10 i3 i5 inf-le1 update-acyclic-3 by blast
```

```
\mathbf{have}~?p[[p^{T+}*w]] \leq p^{T+}*w
   proof -
     have (w^T \sqcap y) * p^{T+} * w = y \sqcap w^T * p^{T+} * w
       by (metis i3 inf-vector-comp vector-inf-comp)
     hence ?p[[p^{T+}*w]] = (y \sqcap w^T * p^{T+}*w) \sqcup (-w^T \sqcap p^T) * p^{T+}*w
       by (simp add: comp-associative conv-complement conv-dist-inf
conv-dist-sup mult-right-dist-sup)
     also have ... \leq y \sqcup (-w^{\bar{T}} \cap p^T) * p^{T+} * w
       \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{sup-left-isotone} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{auto}
     also have ... \leq y \sqcup p^T * p^{T+} * w
       \mathbf{using} \ mult-left-isotone \ sup-right-isotone \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
     also have \dots \leq y \sqcup p^{T+} * w
       using semiring.add-left-mono mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone
star.left-plus-below-circ by auto
     also have ... = p^{T+} * w
       using 6 by (simp add: sup-absorb2)
     finally show ?thesis
       by simp
   qed
   hence 11: p^{T*} * (p[[w]]) \leq p^{T+} * w
     using star-left-induct by (simp add: mult-left-isotone
star.circ-mult-increasing)
   have 13: ?p[[x]] = y
   proof (cases \ w = x)
     case True
     hence ?p[[x]] = (w^T \sqcap y) * w \sqcup (-w^T \sqcap p^T) * w
       by (simp add: conv-complement conv-dist-inf conv-dist-sup
mult-right-dist-sup)
     also have ... = (w^T \sqcap y) * w \sqcup p^T * (-w \sqcap w)
       by (metis i5 conv-complement covector-inf-comp-3
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute vector-complement-closed)
     also have ... = (w^T \sqcap y) * w
       by simp
     also have \dots = y * w
       by (simp add: i5 covector-inf-comp-3 inf.sup-monoid.add-commute)
     also have \dots = y
       by (metis i3 i5 comp-associative)
     finally show ?thesis
   next
     case False
     hence \neg x \leq p\theta^{T\star} * w
       using forest-mutually-reachable-2 i13 i15 i2 i5 by blast
     hence x \leq -p\theta^{T\star} * w
       by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) i13 i2 i5 comp-bijective-complement
mapping-regular\ point-in-vector-or-complement\ regular-closed-star
regular-conv-closed vector-mult-closed)
     hence x \leq p\theta^{T\star} * x - p\theta^{T\star} * w
       by (simp add: i5 comp-bijective-complement path-compression-1b)
```

```
hence p[[x]] = y
       by (smt (verit) i12 i2 i3 i5 comp-bijective-complement put-get-sub
vector-inf-comp vector-mult-closed)
     thus ?p[[x]] = y
       using False i2 i5 put-get-different by blast
   qed
   have 14: ?p^{T\star} * x = x \sqcup y
   proof (rule order.antisym)
     have ?p^T * (x \sqcup y) = y \sqcup ?p^T * y
       using 13 by (simp add: mult-left-dist-sup)
     also have ... = y \sqcup (w^T \sqcap y) * y \sqcup (-w^T \sqcap p^T) * y
       by (simp add: conv-complement conv-dist-inf conv-dist-sup
mult-right-dist-sup sup-assoc)
     also have ... \leq y \sqcup (w^T \sqcap y) * y \sqcup p^T * y
       using mult-left-isotone sup-right-isotone by auto
     also have ... = y \sqcup (w^T \sqcap y) * y
       using i1 i10 root-successor-loop sup-commute by auto
     also have ... \leq y \sqcup y * y
       using mult-left-isotone sup-right-isotone by auto
     also have \dots = y
       by (metis i3 comp-associative sup.idem)
     also have ... \leq x \sqcup y
       by simp
     finally show ?p^{T\star} * x \leq x \sqcup y
       by (simp add: star-left-induct)
   next
     show x \sqcup y \leq ?p^{T\star} * x
       using 13 by (metis mult-left-isotone star.circ-increasing
star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup.boundedI sup-ge2)
   qed
   have 15: y = root ?p x
   proof -
     have (p \sqcap 1) * y = (p \sqcap 1) * (p \sqcap 1) * p^{T*} * x
       by (simp add: i4 comp-associative root-var)
     also have ... = (p \sqcap 1) * p^{T*} * x
       using coreflexive-idempotent by auto
     finally have 16: (p \sqcap 1) * y = y
       by (simp add: i4 root-var)
     have 17: (p \sqcap 1) * x \leq y
       by (metis (no-types, lifting) i4 comp-right-one mult-left-isotone
mult-right-isotone star.circ-reflexive root-var)
     have root ?p \ x = (?p \sqcap 1) * (x \sqcup y)
       using 14 by (metis mult-assoc root-var)
     also have ... = (w \sqcap y^T \sqcap 1) * (x \sqcup y) \sqcup (-w \sqcap p \sqcap 1) * (x \sqcup y)
       by (simp add: inf-sup-distrib2 semiring.distrib-right)
     also have ... = (w \sqcap 1 \sqcap y^T) * (x \sqcup y) \sqcup (-w \sqcap p \sqcap 1) * (x \sqcup y)
       by (simp add: inf.left-commute inf.sup-monoid.add-commute)
     also have ... = (w \sqcap 1) * (y \sqcap (x \sqcup y)) \sqcup (-w \sqcap p \sqcap 1) * (x \sqcup y)
       by (simp add: i3 covector-inf-comp-3)
```

```
also have ... = (w \sqcap 1) * y \sqcup (-w \sqcap p \sqcap 1) * (x \sqcup y)
      by (simp add: inf.absorb1)
     also have ... = (w \sqcap 1 * y) \sqcup (-w \sqcap (p \sqcap 1) * (x \sqcup y))
       by (simp add: i5 inf-assoc vector-complement-closed vector-inf-comp)
     also have ... = (w \sqcap y) \sqcup (-w \sqcap ((p \sqcap 1) * x \sqcup y))
       using 16 by (simp add: mult-left-dist-sup)
     also have ... = (w \sqcap y) \sqcup (-w \sqcap y)
       using 17 by (simp add: sup.absorb2)
     also have \dots = y
       using 5 inf.sup-monoid.add-commute le-iff-inf pseudo-complement
sup-monoid.add-0-left by fastforce
     finally show ?thesis
       by simp
   qed
   show path-compression-precondition ?p \ x \ y
     using 3 10 15 i2 i3 path-compression-precondition-def by blast
   show vector (p[[w]])
     using 2 by simp
   show injective (p[[w]])
     using 2 by simp
   show surjective (p[[w]])
     using 2 by simp
   have w \sqcap p \sqcap 1 \leq w \sqcap w^T \sqcap p
     by (metis inf.boundedE inf.boundedI inf.cobounded1 inf.cobounded2
one-inf-conv)
   also have ... = w * w^T \sqcap p
     \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add\colon i5\ vector\text{-}covector)
   also have \dots \leq -p^{T+} \sqcap p
     using 7 by (simp add: inf.coboundedI2 inf.sup-monoid.add-commute)
   finally have w \sqcap p \sqcap 1 = bot
     by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) conv-dist-inf coreflexive-symmetric
inf.absorb1 inf.boundedE inf.cobounded2 pseudo-complement
star.circ-mult-increasing)
   also have w \sqcap y^T \sqcap 1 = bot
     using 5 antisymmetric-bot-closed asymmetric-bot-closed comp-inf.schroeder-2
inf.absorb1 one-inf-conv by fastforce
   finally have w \sqcap p \sqcap 1 = w \sqcap y^T \sqcap 1
     by simp
   thus 18: ?p \sqcap 1 = p0 \sqcap 1
     by (metis i5 i8 bijective-regular inf.sup-monoid.add-commute inf-sup-distrib2
maddux-3-11-pp)
   show 19: fc ? p = fc p0
   proof -
     have p[[w]] = p^T * (w \sqcap p^* * y)
      by (metis i3 i5 i6 bijective-reverse conv-star-commute inf.absorb1)
     also have ... = p^T * (w \sqcap p^*) * y
      by (simp add: i5 vector-inf-comp mult-assoc)
     also have ... = p^T * ((w \sqcap 1) \sqcup (w \sqcap p) * (-w \sqcap p)^*) * y
       by (simp add: i5 omit-redundant-points)
```

```
also have ... = p^T * (w \sqcap 1) * y \sqcup p^T * (w \sqcap p) * (-w \sqcap p)^* * y
       by (simp add: comp-associative mult-left-dist-sup mult-right-dist-sup)
     also have ... \leq p^T * y \sqcup p^T * (w \sqcap p) * (-w \sqcap p)^* * y
       by (metis semiring.add-right-mono comp-isotone order.eq-iff
inf.cobounded1 inf.sup-monoid.add-commute mult-1-right)
     also have ... = y \sqcup p^T * (w \sqcap p) * (-w \sqcap p)^* * y
       using i1 i4 root-successor-loop by auto
     also have ... \leq y \sqcup p^T * p * (-w \sqcap p)^* * y
       using comp-isotone sup-right-isotone by auto
     also have \dots \leq y \sqcup (-w \sqcap p)^* * y
       by (metis i1 comp-associative eq-refl shunt-mapping sup-right-isotone)
     also have ... = (-w \sqcap p)^* * y
       \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{star.circ-loop-fixpoint}\ \mathit{sup.left-idem}\ \mathit{sup-commute})
     finally have 2\theta: p[[w]] \leq (-w \sqcap p)^* * y
       by simp
     have p^T * (-w \sqcap p)^* * y = p^T * y \sqcup p^T * (-w \sqcap p) * (-w \sqcap p)^* * y
       by (metis comp-associative mult-left-dist-sup star.circ-loop-fixpoint
sup\text{-}commute)
     also have ... = y \sqcup p^T * (-w \sqcap p) * (-w \sqcap p)^* * y
       using i1 i4 root-successor-loop by auto
     also have ... \leq y \sqcup p^T * p * (-w \sqcap p)^* * y
       using comp-isotone sup-right-isotone by auto
     also have ... \leq y \sqcup (-w \sqcap p)^* * y
       by (metis i1 comp-associative eq-refl shunt-mapping sup-right-isotone)
     also have \dots = (-w \sqcap p)^* * y
       \mathbf{by}\ (metis\ star.circ-loop-fixpoint\ sup.left-idem\ sup-commute)
     finally have 21: p^{T\star} * p^{T} * w \leq (-w \sqcap p)^{\star} * y
       using 20 by (simp add: comp-associative star-left-induct)
     have w^T \sqcap p^T = p^T * (w^T \sqcap 1)
       by (metis i5 comp-right-one covector-inf-comp-3
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute one-inf-conv)
     also have \dots \leq p[[w]]
      by (metis comp-right-subdist-inf inf.boundedE inf.sup-monoid.add-commute
one-inf-conv)
     also have \dots \leq p^{T\star} * p^T * w
       by (simp add: mult-left-isotone star.circ-mult-increasing-2)
     also have \dots \leq (-w \sqcap p)^* * y
       using 21 by simp
     finally have w \sqcap p \leq y^T * (-w \sqcap p)^{T\star}
       by (metis conv-dist-comp conv-dist-inf conv-involutive conv-isotone
conv-star-commute)
     hence w \sqcap p \leq (w \sqcap y^T) * (-w \sqcap p)^{T\star}
       by (simp add: i5 vector-inf-comp)
     also have ... \leq (w \sqcap y^T) * ?p^{T*}
       by (simp add: conv-isotone mult-right-isotone star-isotone)
     also have \dots \leq ?p * ?p^{T*}
       by (simp add: mult-left-isotone)
     also have \dots \leq fc ?p
       by (simp add: mult-left-isotone star.circ-increasing)
```

```
finally have 22: w \sqcap p \leq fc ?p
       by simp
     have -w \sqcap p \leq ?p
       by simp
     also have \dots \leq fc ? p
       by (simp add: fc-increasing)
     finally have (w \sqcup -w) \sqcap p \leq fc ?p
       using 22 by (simp add: comp-inf.semiring.distrib-left
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute)
     hence p \leq fc ?p
       by (metis i5 bijective-regular inf.sup-monoid.add-commute inf-sup-distrib1
maddux-3-11-pp)
     hence 23: fc p \leq fc ?p
       using 3 fc-idempotent fc-isotone by fastforce
     have ?p \leq (w \sqcap y^T) \sqcup p
       using sup-right-isotone by auto
     also have ... = w * y^T \sqcup p
       by (simp add: i3 i5 vector-covector)
     also have ... \leq p^* \sqcup p
       by (smt i5 i6 conv-dist-comp conv-involutive conv-isotone
conv-star-commute le-supI shunt-bijective star.circ-increasing sup-absorb1)
     also have \dots \leq fc p
       using fc-increasing star.circ-back-loop-prefixpoint by auto
     finally have fc ? p \le fc p
       using i1 fc-idempotent fc-isotone by fastforce
     thus ?thesis
       using 23 i9 by auto
   ged
   have 24: root ?p(p[[w]]) = root p\theta(p[[w]])
     using 3 18 19 i13 same-root by blast
   also have ... = root \ p\theta \ (p\theta[[w]])
     by (simp add: i11)
   also have 25: ... = root \ p\theta \ w
     by (metis i5 i13 conv-involutive forest-components-increasing
mult-left-isotone shunt-bijective injective-mult-closed read-surjective
same-component-same-root)
   finally show 26: root p(p[[w]]) = y
     by (metis i1 i10 i13 i8 i9 same-root)
   show univalent p0 total p0 acyclic (p0 - 1)
     by (simp-all add: i13)
   show p[[w]] \leq p\theta^{T\star} * x
     \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ i11\ i15\ \mathit{mult-isotone}\ \mathit{star.circ-increasing}\ \mathit{star.circ-transitive-equal}
mult-assoc)
   let ?q = p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x - p\theta^{T\star} * (p[[w]]) \mapsto y]
   show ?q = ?p
   proof -
     have 27: w \sqcup p\theta^{T+} * w = p\theta^{T*} * w
       using comp-associative star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup-commute by auto
     hence 28: p0^{T+} * w = p0^{T*} * w - w
```

```
using 4 24 25 26 by (metis i11 i13 i5 inf.orderE maddux-3-13
path-compression-1a)
      hence p\theta^{T\star} * (p[[w]]) \leq -w
        by (metis i11 inf-le2 star-plus mult.assoc)
      hence w \leq -(p\theta^{T\star} * (p\lceil [w]]))
        \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{simp}\ \mathit{add}\colon \mathit{p\text{-}antitone\text{-}iff})
      hence w \leq p\theta^{T\star} * x - p\theta^{T\star} * (p[[w]])
        by (simp add: i15)
      hence 29: ?q \sqcap w = ?p \sqcap w
        by (metis update-inf update-inf-same)
      have 3\theta: ?q \sqcap p\theta^{T+} * w = ?p \sqcap p\theta^{T+} * w
        have ?q \sqcap p\theta^{T+} * w = p\theta \sqcap p\theta^{T+} * w
          by (metis ill comp-associative inf.cobounded2 p-antitone-iff
star.circ-plus-same update-inf-different)
        also have ... = p \sqcap p\theta^{T+} * w
          using 28 by (metis i12 inf.cobounded2 inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc
p-antitone-iff update-inf-different)
        also have ... = ?p \sqcap p\theta^{T+} * w
          using 28 by (simp add: update-inf-different)
        finally show ?thesis
      qed
      have 31: ?q \sqcap p\theta^{T\star} * w = ?p \sqcap p\theta^{T\star} * w
        using 27 29 30 by (metis inf-sup-distrib1)
      have 32: ?q \sqcap (p0^{T\star} * x - p0^{T\star} * w) = ?p \sqcap (p0^{T\star} * x - p0^{T\star} * w)
        have p\theta^{T\star} * x - p\theta^{T\star} * w < p\theta^{T\star} * x - p\theta^{T\star} * (p[[w]])
          using 28 by (metis i11 inf.sup-right-isotone mult.semigroup-axioms
p-antitone-inf star-plus semigroup.assoc)
        hence ?q \sqcap (p\theta^{T\star} * x - p\theta^{T\star} * w) = y^T \sqcap p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap -(p\theta^{T\star} * w)
          by (metis inf-assoc update-inf)
        also have ... = p \sqcap (p\theta^{T\star} * x - p\theta^{T\star} * w)
          by (metis i12 inf-assoc update-inf-same)
        also have ... = ?p \sqcap (p\theta^{T\star} * x - p\theta^{T\star} * w)
          by (simp add: inf.coboundedI2 p-antitone path-compression-1b inf-assoc
update-inf-different)
        finally show ?thesis
      qed
      have p\theta^{T\star} * w \sqcup (p\theta^{T\star} * x - p\theta^{T\star} * w) = p\theta^{T\star} * x
      proof -
        have 33: regular (p\theta^{T\star} * w)
          using i13 i5 bijective-regular mapping-regular regular-closed-star
regular-conv-closed regular-mult-closed by auto
        have p\theta^{T\star} * w \leq p\theta^{T\star} * x
          by (metis i15 comp-associative mult-right-isotone
star.circ-transitive-equal)
        hence p\theta^{T\star} \stackrel{\cdot}{*} w \stackrel{\cdot}{\sqcup} (p\theta^{T\star} * x - p\theta^{T\star} * w) = p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap (p\theta^{T\star} * w \sqcup p\theta^{T\star})
```

```
-(p\theta^{T\star}*w)
         by (simp add: comp-inf.semiring.distrib-left inf.absorb2)
       also have ... = p\theta^{T\star} * x
         using 33 by (metis inf-sup-distrib1 maddux-3-11-pp)
       finally show ?thesis
     qed
     hence 34: ?q \sqcap p0^{T\star} * x = ?p \sqcap p0^{T\star} * x
       using 31 32 by (metis inf-sup-distrib1)
     have 35: regular (p\theta^{T\star} * x)
       {\bf using}\ i13\ i2\ bijective-regular\ mapping-regular\ regular-closed-star
regular-conv-closed regular-mult-closed by auto
     have -(p\theta^{T\star} * x) < -w
       by (simp add: i15 p-antitone)
     hence ?q - p\theta^{T\star} * x = ?p - p\theta^{T\star} * x
       by (metis i12 p-antitone-inf update-inf-different)
     thus ?thesis
       using 34 35 by (metis maddux-3-11-pp)
   show card ?t < card ?s
   proof -
     have ?p^T * p^{T\star} * w = (w^T \sqcap y) * p^{T\star} * w \sqcup (-w^T \sqcap p^T) * p^{T\star} * w
       by (simp add: conv-complement conv-dist-inf conv-dist-sup
mult-right-dist-sup)
     also have ... \leq (w^T \sqcap y) * p^{T\star} * w \sqcup p^T * p^{T\star} * w
       using mult-left-isotone sup-right-isotone by auto
     also have ... \leq (w^T \sqcap y) * p^{T\star} * w \sqcup p^{T\star} * w
       \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{mult-left-isotone} \ \mathit{star.left-plus-below-circ} \ \mathit{sup-right-isotone} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{blast}
     also have ... \leq y * p^{T\star} * w \sqcup p^{T\star} * w
       using semiring.add-right-mono mult-left-isotone by auto
     also have ... \leq y * top \sqcup p^{T\star} * w
       by (simp add: comp-associative le-supI1 mult-right-isotone)
     also have ... = p^{T\star} * w
       by (simp add: i3 i6 sup-absorb2)
     finally have p^{T\star} * p^T * w \leq p^{T\star} * w
       using 11 by (metis dual-order.trans star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup-commute
sup-ge2 mult-assoc)
     hence 36: ?t \subseteq ?s
       using order-lesseq-imp mult-assoc by auto
     have 37: w \in ?s
       by (simp add: i5 bijective-regular path-compression-1b)
     have 38: \neg w \in ?t
     proof
       assume w \in ?t
       hence 39: w \leq (?p^T - 1)^* * (p[[w]])
         using reachable-without-loops by auto
       hence p[[w]] \leq (?p-1)^* * w
         using 2 by (smt i5 bijective-reverse conv-star-commute
reachable-without-loops)
```

```
also have \dots \leq p^* * w
       proof -
         have p^{T\star} * y = y
           using i1 i4 root-transitive-successor-loop by auto
         hence y^T * p^* * w = y^T * w
          by (metis conv-dist-comp conv-involutive conv-star-commute)
         also have \dots = bot
           using 5 by (metis i5 inf.idem inf.sup-monoid.add-commute
mult-left-zero schroeder-1 vector-inf-comp)
         finally have 4\theta: y^T * p^* * w = bot
          by simp
         have (?p-1)*p^**w = (w \sqcap y^T \sqcap -1)*p^**w \sqcup (-w \sqcap p \sqcap -1)*
p^{\star} * w
          by (simp add: comp-inf.mult-right-dist-sup mult-right-dist-sup)
         also have ... \leq (w \sqcap y^T \sqcap -1) * p^* * w \sqcup p * p^* * w
          by (meson inf-le1 inf-le2 mult-left-isotone order-trans sup-right-isotone)
         also have ... \leq (w \sqcap y^T \sqcap -1) * p^* * w \sqcup p^* * w
          \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{mult-left-isotone} \ \mathit{star.left-plus-below-circ} \ \mathit{sup-right-isotone} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{blast}
         also have \dots \leq y^T * p^* * w \sqcup p^* * w
          by (meson inf-le1 inf-le2 mult-left-isotone order-trans sup-left-isotone)
         also have ... = p^* * w
           using 40 by simp
         finally show ?thesis
           by (metis comp-associative le-supI star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup-ge2
star-left-induct)
       qed
       finally have w \leq p^{T\star} * p^T * w
         using 11 39 reachable-without-loops star-plus by auto
       thus False
         using 4 i1 i10 i5 loop-root-2 star.circ-plus-same by auto
     qed
     show card ?t < card ?s
       apply (rule psubset-card-mono)
       subgoal using finite-regular by simp
       subgoal using 36 37 38 by auto
       done
   qed
 qed
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ path\text{-}compression\text{-}3a.
 assumes path-compression-invariant p \ x \ (p[[w]]) \ p0 \ w
 shows p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x \mapsto p[[w]]] = p
proof -
 let ?y = p[[w]]
 let ?p = p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x \mapsto ?y]
 have i1: disjoint-set-forest p and i2: point x and i3: point ?y and i4: ?y =
root p x
   using assms path-compression-invariant-def path-compression-precondition-def
```

```
by meson+
 have i5: point w
   and i8: p \sqcap 1 = p\theta \sqcap 1 and i9: fc p = fc p\theta
   and i10: root p w = ?y and i12: p0[p0^{T\star} * x - p0^{T\star} * w \mapsto ?y] = p
   and i13: disjoint-set-forest p0 and i15: w < p0^{T\star} * x
   using assms path-compression-invariant-def by blast+
  have i11: p[[w]] = p\theta[[w]]
   by (smt (verit) i12 i2 i5 dual-order.trans inf-le2 p-antitone-iff
put-get-different-vector vector-complement-closed vector-inf-closed
vector-mult-closed path-compression-1b)
 have i14: ?y = root \ p0 \ x
   by (metis i1 i13 i4 i8 i9 same-root)
 have 1: ?p \sqcap ?y = p \sqcap ?y
   by (metis i1 i14 i3 i4 get-put inf-le1 root-successor-loop update-inf
update-inf-same)
 have 2: ?p \sqcap w = p \sqcap w
   by (metis i5 i11 i15 get-put update-inf update-inf-same)
 have ?y = root \ p0 \ w
   by (metis i1 i10 i13 i8 i9 same-root)
  hence p\theta^{T\star} * w = w \sqcup ?y
   by (metis i11 i13 root-transitive-successor-loop star.circ-loop-fixpoint star-plus
sup-monoid.add-commute mult-assoc)
  hence 3: p \cap p\theta^{T\star} * w = p \cap p\theta^{T\star} * w
   using 1 2 by (simp add: inf-sup-distrib1)
  have p\theta^{T\star} * w \leq p\theta^{T\star} * x
   \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{metis i15 comp-associative mult-right-isotone star.circ-transitive-equal})
 hence 4: ?p \sqcap (p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap p\theta^{T\star} * w) = p \sqcap (p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap p\theta^{T\star} * w)
   using 3 by (simp add: inf.absorb2)
 have 5: (p\theta^{T*} * x - p\theta^{T*} * w) = p \sqcap (p\theta^{T*} * x - p\theta^{T*} * w)
   by (metis i12 inf-le1 update-inf update-inf-same)
 have regular (p\theta^{T\star} * w)
   using i13 i5 bijective-regular mapping-regular regular-closed-star
regular-conv-closed regular-mult-closed \mathbf{by} auto
 hence \theta: ?p \sqcap p\theta^{T\star} * x = p \sqcap p\theta^{T\star} * x
   using 4 5 by (smt inf-sup-distrib1 maddux-3-11-pp)
 have 7: p - p\theta^{T\star} * x = p - p\theta^{T\star} * x
   by (smt i12 inf.sup-monoid.add-commute inf-import-p inf-sup-absorb le-iff-inf
p-dist-inf update-inf-different inf.idem p-antitone-inf)
 have regular (p\theta^{T\star} * x)
   using i13 i2 bijective-regular mapping-regular regular-closed-star
regular-conv-closed regular-mult-closed by auto
  thus ?p = p
   using 6 7 by (smt inf-sup-distrib1 maddux-3-11-pp)
qed
lemma path-compression-3:
 path-compression-invariant p \ x \ (p[[w]]) \ p0 \ w \Longrightarrow path-compression-postcondition
p \ x \ (p[[w]]) \ p\theta
 using path-compression-invariant-def path-compression-postcondition-def
```

path-compression-precondition-def path-compression-3a by blast

```
theorem path-compression:
  VARS p t w
 [ path-compression-precondition p \ x \ y \land p\theta = p ]
  w := x;
  WHILE y \neq p[[w]]
   INV \{ path-compression-invariant p x y p0 w \}
   VAR \left\{ (p^{T\star} * w) \downarrow \right\}
    DO \ t := w;
       w := p[[w]];
      p[t] := y
    OD
 [ path-compression-postcondition p \ x \ y \ p\theta ]
  apply vcq-tc-simp
   apply (fact path-compression-1)
  apply (fact path-compression-2)
 using path-compression-3 by auto
lemma path-compression-exists:
 path-compression-precondition p \ x \ y \Longrightarrow \exists \ p'. path-compression-postcondition p'
x y p
 using tc-extract-function path-compression by blast
definition path-compression p \ x \ y \equiv (SOME \ p' \ . \ path-compression-postcondition
p' x y p
lemma path-compression-function:
 assumes path-compression-precondition p x y
   and p' = path\text{-}compression p x y
 shows path-compression-postcondition p' x y p
 by (metis assms path-compression-def path-compression-exists some I)
```

4.4 Find-Set with Path Compression

We sequentially combine find-set and path compression. We consider implementations which use the previously derived functions and implementations which unfold their definitions.

```
theorem find-set-path-compression: 
 VARS\ p\ y [ find-set-precondition p\ x \land p0 = p ] 
 y:= find-set p\ x; 
 p:= path-compression p\ x\ y [ path-compression-postcondition p\ x\ y\ p0 ] 
 apply vcg-tc-simp 
 using find-set-function find-set-postcondition-def find-set-precondition-def 
 path-compression-function path-compression-precondition-def by fastforce
```

theorem *find-set-path-compression-1*:

```
VARS p t w y
  [ find\text{-}set\text{-}precondition\ p\ x \land p\theta = p ]
  y := find\text{-}set\ p\ x;
  w := x;
  WHILE y \neq p[[w]]
    INV \{ path-compression-invariant p x y p0 w \}
    VAR \{ (p^{T\star} * w) \downarrow \}
     DO \ t := w;
        w := p[[w]];
        p[t] := y
     OD
 [ path-compression-postcondition p \ x \ y \ p\theta ]
  apply vcg-tc-simp
    using find-set-function find-set-postcondition-def find-set-precondition-def
path-compression-1 path-compression-precondition-def apply fastforce
  apply (fact path-compression-2)
  by (fact path-compression-3)
theorem find-set-path-compression-2:
  VARS p y
  [ find\text{-}set\text{-}precondition\ p\ x \land p\theta = p ]
  y := x;
  WHILE y \neq p[[y]]
    INV \{ find\text{-}set\text{-}invariant \ p \ x \ y \land p\theta = p \}
    VAR \{ (p^{T\star} * y) \downarrow \}
     DO y := p[[y]]
     OD;
  p := path\text{-}compression \ p \ x \ y
  [ path-compression-postcondition p \ x \ y \ p0 ]
  apply vcg-tc-simp
    apply (fact find-set-1)
  apply (fact find-set-2)
  by (smt find-set-3 find-set-invariant-def find-set-postcondition-def
find\text{-}set\text{-}precondition\text{-}def\ path\text{-}compression\text{-}function
path-compression-precondition-def)
theorem find-set-path-compression-3:
  VARS p t w y
  [ find\text{-}set\text{-}precondition\ p\ x \land p\theta = p ]
  y := x;
  WHILE y \neq p[[y]]
    INV { find\text{-}set\text{-}invariant } p \ x \ y \land p0 = p }
    VAR \left\{ (p^{T\star} * y) \downarrow \right\}
     DO y := p[[y]]
     OD;
  w := x;
  WHILE y \neq p[[w]]
    INV \ \{ \ path-compression-invariant \ p \ x \ y \ p0 \ w \ \}
    VAR \{ (p^{T\star} * w) \downarrow \}
```

```
DO \ t := w;
       w := p[[w]];
       p[t] := y
    OD
 [ path-compression-postcondition p \ x \ y \ p\theta ]
 apply vcg-tc-simp
     \mathbf{apply} \ (simp \ add: \mathit{find-set-1})
    apply (fact find-set-2)
   using find-set-3 find-set-invariant-def find-set-postcondition-def
find\text{-}set\text{-}precondition\text{-}def\ path\text{-}compression\text{-}1\ path\text{-}compression\text{-}precondition\text{-}def
apply blast
  apply (fact path-compression-2)
 by (fact path-compression-3)
    Find-set with path compression returns two results: the representative
of the tree and the modified disjoint-set forest.
lemma find-set-path-compression-exists:
 find-set-precondition p x \Longrightarrow \exists p' y. path-compression-postcondition p' x y p
 using tc-extract-function find-set-path-compression by blast
definition find-set-path-compression p \ x \equiv (SOME \ (p',y) \ .
path-compression-postcondition p' x y p)
lemma find-set-path-compression-function:
  assumes find-set-precondition p x
   and (p',y) = find\text{-}set\text{-}path\text{-}compression } p x
 shows path-compression-postcondition p' x y p
proof -
 let ?P = \lambda(p',y) . path-compression-postcondition p' x y p
 have ?P(SOME z . ?P z)
   apply (unfold some-eq-ex)
   using assms(1) find-set-path-compression-exists by simp
  thus ?thesis
    using assms(2) find-set-path-compression-def by auto
qed
    We prove that find-set-path-compression returns the same representative
as find-set.
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{find-set-path-compression-find-set}\colon
 assumes find-set-precondition p x
 shows find-set p \ x = snd (find-set-path-compression p \ x)
proof -
 let ?r = find\text{-}set p x
 let ?p = fst (find\text{-}set\text{-}path\text{-}compression } p x)
 let ?y = snd (find\text{-}set\text{-}path\text{-}compression } p x)
 have 1: find-set-postcondition p \ x \ ?r
   by (simp add: assms find-set-function)
 have path-compression-postcondition ?p \ x \ ?y \ p
   using assms find-set-path-compression-function prod.collapse by blast
```

```
thus ?r = ?y using 1 by (smt \ assms \ same-root \ find-set-precondition-def find-set-postcondition-def \ path-compression-postcondition-def) qed
```

A weaker postcondition suffices to prove that the two forests have the same semantics; that is, they describe the same disjoint sets and have the same roots.

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{find-set-path-compression-path-compression-semantics}:
  assumes find-set-precondition p x
 shows fc (path-compression p x (find-set p x)) = fc (fst
(find\text{-}set\text{-}path\text{-}compression \ p \ x))
   and path-compression p(x) (find-set p(x)) \cap 1 = fst (find-set-path-compression p(x)
x) \sqcap 1
proof -
 let ?r = find\text{-}set p x
 let ?q = path\text{-}compression p x ?r
 let ?p = fst (find\text{-}set\text{-}path\text{-}compression } p x)
 let ?y = snd (find\text{-}set\text{-}path\text{-}compression } p x)
 have 1: path-compression-postcondition (path-compression p \ x \ ?r \ p
   using assms find-set-function find-set-postcondition-def
find-set-precondition-def path-compression-function
path-compression-precondition-def by auto
 have 2: path-compression-postcondition ?p \ x ?y \ p
   using assms find-set-path-compression-function prod.collapse by blast
 show fc ?q = fc ?p
   using 1 2 by (simp add: path-compression-postcondition-def)
 show ?q \sqcap 1 = ?p \sqcap 1
   using 1 2 by (simp add: path-compression-postcondition-def)
qed
```

With the current, stronger postcondition of path compression describing the precise effect of how links change, we can prove that the two forests are actually equal.

```
lemma find-set-path-compression-find-set-pathcompression:
  assumes find-set-precondition p x
  shows path-compression p x (find-set p x) = fst (find-set-path-compression p x)

proof —

let ?r = find-set p x

let ?q = path-compression p x ?r

let ?p = fst (find-set-path-compression p x)

let ?y = snd (find-set-path-compression p x)

have 1: path-compression-postcondition (path-compression p x ?r p

using assms find-set-function find-set-postcondition-def

find-set-precondition-def path-compression-function

path-compression-precondition-def by auto

have 2: path-compression-postcondition ?p x ?y p

using assms find-set-path-compression-function prod.collapse by blast

have ?r = ?y
```

```
by (simp add: assms find-set-path-compression-find-set) thus ?q = ?p using 1 2 path-compression-postcondition-def by autoged
```

4.5 Union-Sets

We only consider a naive union-sets operation (without ranks). The semantics is the equivalence closure obtained after adding the link between the two given nodes, which requires those two elements to be in the same set. The implementation uses temporary variable t to store the two results returned by find-set with path compression. The disjoint-set forest, which keeps being updated, is threaded through the sequence of operations.

```
definition union-sets-precondition p \ x \ y \equiv disjoint-set-forest p \land point \ x \land point
definition union-sets-postcondition p \times y \cdot p\theta \equiv disjoint-set-forest p \wedge fc \cdot p = wcc
(p\theta \sqcup x * y^T)
lemma union-sets-1:
  assumes union-sets-precondition p0 \ x \ y
   and path-compression-postcondition p1 \ x \ r \ p0
   and path-compression-postcondition p2 y s p1
 shows union-sets-postcondition (p2[r \mapsto s]) \times y \neq 0
proof (unfold union-sets-postcondition-def, intro conjI)
 let ?p = p2[r \mapsto s]
 have 1: disjoint-set-forest p1 \wedge point r \wedge r = root p1 x \wedge p1 \sqcap 1 = p0 \sqcap 1 \wedge r
fc p1 = fc p0
   by (smt\ (verit)\ assms(1,2)\ path-compression-postcondition-def\ root-point
union-sets-precondition-def)
 have 2: disjoint-set-forest p2 \land point s \land s = root p2 y \land p2 \sqcap 1 = p1 \sqcap 1 \land
fc p2 = fc p1
   by (smt (verit) assms(1,3) path-compression-postcondition-def root-point
union-sets-precondition-def)
 hence 3: fc p2 = fc p0
   using 1 by simp
 show 4: univalent ?p
   using 1 2 update-univalent by blast
 show total ?p
   using 1 2 bijective-regular update-total by blast
 show acyclic (?p - 1)
 proof (cases \ r = s)
   {f case} True
   thus ?thesis
     using 2 update-acyclic-5 by fastforce
 next
   {\bf case}\ \mathit{False}
   hence bot = r \sqcap s
```

using 1 2 distinct-points by blast

```
also have ... = r \sqcap p2^{T\star} * s
     using 2 by (smt root-transitive-successor-loop)
   finally have s \sqcap p2^* * r = bot
     using schroeder-1 conv-star-commute inf.sup-monoid.add-commute by
fast force
   thus ?thesis
     using 1 2 update-acyclic-4 by blast
 show fc ? p = wcc (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T)
 proof (rule order.antisym)
   have r = p1[[r]]
     using 1 by (metis root-successor-loop)
   hence r * r^T \leq p1^T
     using 1 eq-refl shunt-bijective by blast
   hence r * r^T \leq p1
     using 1 conv-order coreflexive-symmetric by fastforce
   hence r * r^T \le p1 \sqcap 1
     using 1 inf.boundedI by blast
   also have ... = p2 \sqcap 1
     using 2 by simp
   finally have r * r^T \leq p2
     by simp
   hence r \leq p2 * r
     using 1 shunt-bijective by blast
   hence 5: p2[[r]] \leq r
     \mathbf{using} \ \mathcal{2} \ shunt\text{-}mapping \ \mathbf{by} \ blast
   have r \sqcap p2 \leq r * (top \sqcap r^T * p2)
     using 1 by (metis dedekind-1)
   also have ... = r * r^T * p2
     by (simp add: mult-assoc)
   also have ... \leq r * r^T
     using 5 by (metis comp-associative conv-dist-comp conv-involutive
conv-order mult-right-isotone)
   also have \dots \leq 1
     using 1 by blast
   finally have 6: r \sqcap p2 < 1
     by simp
   have p\theta \leq wcc \ p\theta
     by (simp add: star.circ-sub-dist-1)
   also have ... = wcc p2
     using 3 by (simp add: star-decompose-1)
   also have 7: ... \leq wcc ?p
   proof -
     have wcc \ p2 = wcc \ ((-r \sqcap p2) \sqcup (r \sqcap p2))
       using 1 by (metis bijective-regular inf.sup-monoid.add-commute
maddux-3-11-pp)
     also have ... \leq wcc ((-r \sqcap p2) \sqcup 1)
       using 6 wcc-isotone sup-right-isotone by simp
     also have ... = wcc (-r \sqcap p2)
```

```
using wcc-with-loops by simp
 also have \dots \leq wcc ? p
   using wcc-isotone sup-ge2 by blast
 finally show ?thesis
   by simp
\mathbf{qed}
finally have 8: p\theta \leq wcc ?p
 by force
have r \leq p1^{T\star} * x
 using 1 by (metis inf-le1)
hence 9: r * x^T \leq p1^{T*}
 using assms(1) shunt-bijective union-sets-precondition-def by blast
hence x * r^T \leq p1^*
 using conv-dist-comp conv-order conv-star-commute by force
also have ... < wcc p1
 by (simp add: star.circ-sub-dist)
also have \dots = wcc p2
 using 1 2 by (simp add: fc-wcc)
also have \dots \leq wcc ?p
 using 7 by simp
finally have 10: x * r^T \leq wcc ?p
 by simp
have 11: r * s^T \leq wcc ?p
 using 1 2 star.circ-sub-dist-1 sup-assoc vector-covector by auto
have s \leq p 2^{T\star} * y
 using 2 by (metis inf-le1)
hence 12: s * y^T \le p2^{T\star}
 using assms(1) shunt-bijective union-sets-precondition-def by blast
also have \dots \leq wcc \ p2
 using star-isotone sup-ge2 by blast
also have ... \leq wcc ?p
 using 7 by simp
finally have 13: s * y^T \leq wcc ?p
 by simp
have x \leq x * r^T * r \wedge y \leq y * s^T * s
 using 1 2 shunt-bijective by blast
hence x * y^T \le x * r^T * r * (y * s^T * s)^T
 using comp-isotone conv-isotone by blast
also have ... = x * r^T * r * s^T * s * y^T
 by (simp add: comp-associative conv-dist-comp)
also have ... \le wcc ?p * (r * s^T) * (s * y^T)
 using 10 by (metis mult-left-isotone mult-assoc)
also have ... \leq wcc ?p * wcc ?p * (s * y^T)
 using 11 by (metis mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone)
also have \dots \leq wcc ?p * wcc ?p * wcc ?p
 using 13 by (metis mult-right-isotone)
also have \dots = wcc ?p
 by (simp add: star.circ-transitive-equal)
finally have p\theta \sqcup x * y^T \leq wcc ? p
```

```
using 8 by simp
hence wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T) \le wcc \ ?p
  using wcc-below-wcc by simp
thus wcc (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T) \leq fc ?p
  using 4 fc-wcc by simp
have -r \sqcap p2 \leq wcc \ p2
  by (simp add: inf.coboundedI2 star.circ-sub-dist-1)
also have ... = wcc p\theta
  using 3 by (simp add: star-decompose-1)
also have ... \leq wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T)
  by (simp add: wcc-isotone)
finally have 14: -r \sqcap p2 \leq wcc \ (p0 \sqcup x * y^T)
 by simp
have r * x^T \leq wcc \ p1
  using 9 inf.order-trans star.circ-sub-dist sup-commute by fastforce
also have ... = wcc p\theta
  using 1 by (simp add: star-decompose-1)
also have ... \leq wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T)
  by (simp add: wcc-isotone)
finally have 15: r * x^T \leq wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T)
  by simp
have 16: x * y^T \leq wcc (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T)
  using le-supE star.circ-sub-dist-1 by blast
have y * s^T \leq p2^*
  using 12 conv-dist-comp conv-order conv-star-commute by fastforce
also have ... \leq wcc p2
  using star.circ-sub-dist sup-commute by fastforce
also have \dots = wcc \ p\theta
  using 3 by (simp add: star-decompose-1)
also have ... \leq wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T)
  by (simp add: wcc-isotone)
finally have 17: y * s^T \leq wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T)
  by simp
have r \leq r * x^T * x \wedge s \leq s * y^T * y
  \mathbf{using} \ assms(1) \ shunt-bijective \ union-sets-precondition-def \ \mathbf{by} \ blast
hence r * s^T \le r * x^T * x * (s * y^T * y)^T
  using comp-isotone conv-isotone by blast
also have ... = r * x^T * x * y^T * y * s^T
  by (simp add: comp-associative conv-dist-comp)
also have ... \leq wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T) * (x * y^T) * (y * s^T)
  using 15 by (metis mult-left-isotone mult-assoc)
also have ... \leq wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T) * wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T) * (y * s^T)
  using 16 by (metis mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone)
also have ... \leq wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T) * wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T) * wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T)
  using 17 by (metis mult-right-isotone)
also have ... = wcc (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T)
  by (simp add: star.circ-transitive-equal)
finally have ?p \leq wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T)
  using 1 2 14 vector-covector by auto
```

```
hence wcc ? p \le wcc (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T)
      using wcc-below-wcc by blast
   thus fc ? p \leq wcc (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T)
      using 4 fc-wcc by simp
  ged
qed
theorem union-sets:
  VARS p r s t
  [ union\text{-}sets\text{-}precondition\ p\ x\ y \land p0 = p ]
  t := find\text{-}set\text{-}path\text{-}compression\ p\ x;
  p := fst t;
  r := snd t;
  t := find\text{-}set\text{-}path\text{-}compression p y;
  p := fst t;
  s := snd t;
  p[r] := s
  [ union-sets-postcondition p \ x \ y \ p\theta ]
\mathbf{proof}\ \mathit{vcg-tc-simp}
  let ?t1 = find\text{-}set\text{-}path\text{-}compression p0 x
  let ?p1 = fst ?t1
 let ?r = snd ?t1
 let ?t2 = find\text{-}set\text{-}path\text{-}compression ?p1 y
 let ?p2 = fst ?t2
 let ?s = snd ?t2
  let ?p = ?p2[?r \mapsto ?s]
  assume 1: union-sets-precondition p\theta x y
  hence 2: path-compression-postcondition ?p1 x ?r p0
   by (simp add: find-set-precondition-def union-sets-precondition-def
find-set-path-compression-function)
  hence path-compression-postcondition ?p2 y ?s ?p1
   using 1 by (meson find-set-precondition-def union-sets-precondition-def
find\text{-}set\text{-}path\text{-}compression\text{-}function\ path\text{-}compression\text{-}postcondition\text{-}}def
prod.collapse)
  thus union-sets-postcondition (?p2[?r \mapsto ?s]) \times y \ p0
   using 1 2 by (simp add: union-sets-1)
qed
lemma union-sets-exists:
  union-sets-precondition p \ x \ y \Longrightarrow \exists \ p'. union-sets-postcondition p' \ x \ y \ p
  using tc-extract-function union-sets by blast
definition union-sets p \ x \ y \equiv (SOME \ p' \ . \ union-sets-postcondition \ p' \ x \ y \ p)
\mathbf{lemma}\ union\text{-}sets\text{-}function:
  assumes union-sets-precondition p \times y
   and p' = union\text{-sets } p \times y
  shows union-sets-postcondition p' x y p
  by (metis assms union-sets-def union-sets-exists someI)
```

```
theorem union-sets-2:
  VARS p r s
 [ union\text{-}sets\text{-}precondition } p \ x \ y \land p\theta = p ]
 r := find\text{-}set \ p \ x;
 p := path\text{-}compression \ p \ x \ r;
 s := find\text{-}set \ p \ y;
 p := path\text{-}compression \ p \ y \ s;
 p[r] := s
 [ union-sets-postcondition p \ x \ y \ p\theta ]
\mathbf{proof}\ \mathit{vcg-tc-simp}
 let ?r = find\text{-set } p\theta x
 let ?p1 = path\text{-}compression p0 x ?r
 let ?s = find\text{-}set ?p1 y
 let ?p2 = path\text{-}compression ?p1 y ?s
 assume 1: union-sets-precondition p0 \ x \ y
 hence 2: path-compression-postcondition ?p1 x ?r p0
   using find-set-function find-set-postcondition-def find-set-precondition-def
path-compression-function path-compression-precondition-def
union-sets-precondition-def by auto
 hence path-compression-postcondition ?p2 y ?s ?p1
   using 1 find-set-function find-set-postcondition-def find-set-precondition-def
path-compression-function path-compression-precondition-def
union-sets-precondition-def path-compression-postcondition-def by meson
  thus union-sets-postcondition (?p2[?r \mapsto ?s]) x y p0
   using 1 2 by (simp \ add: union-sets-1)
qed
end
end
{\bf theory}\ {\it More-Disjoint-Set-Forests}
imports Disjoint-Set-Forests
begin
```

5 More on Array Access and Disjoint-Set Forests

This section contains further results about directed acyclic graphs and relational array operations.

```
{\bf unbundle}\ no\ uminus-syntax {\bf context}\ stone-relation-algebra {\bf begin}
```

```
lemma update-square:
  assumes point y
   shows x[y \mapsto x[[x[[y]]]]] \le x * x \sqcup x
  have x[y \mapsto x[[x[[y]]]]] = (y \sqcap y^T * x * x) \sqcup (-y \sqcap x)
   by (simp add: conv-dist-comp)
 also have \dots \leq (y \sqcap y^T) * x * x \sqcup x
   by (smt assms inf.eq-refl inf.sup-monoid.add-commute inf-le1 sup-mono
vector-inf-comp)
  also have ... \le x * x \sqcup x
   by (smt (z3) assms comp-associative conv-dist-comp coreflexive-comp-top-inf
inf.cobounded2 sup-left-isotone symmetric-top-closed)
 finally show ?thesis
qed
lemma update-ub:
 x[y{\longmapsto}z] \leq x \mathrel{\sqcup} z^T
 by (meson dual-order.trans inf.cobounded2 le-supI sup.cobounded1 sup-ge2)
lemma update-square-ub:
  x[y \longmapsto (x * x)^T] \le x \sqcup x * x
 by (metis conv-involutive update-ub)
lemma update-same-sub:
  assumes u \sqcap x = u \sqcap z
     and y \leq u
     and regular y
   \mathbf{shows}\ x[y {\longmapsto} z^T] = x
 by (smt (z3) assms conv-involutive inf.sup-monoid.add-commute
inf.sup-relative-same-increasing maddux-3-11-pp)
\mathbf{lemma}\ update\text{-}point\text{-}get:
  point y \Longrightarrow x[y \longmapsto z[[y]]] = x[y \longmapsto z^T]
 by (metis conv-involutive get-put inf-commute update-inf-same)
lemma update-bot:
  x[bot \mapsto z] = x
 by simp
lemma update-top:
  x[top \longmapsto z] = z^T
 by simp
lemma update-same:
  assumes regular u
   \mathbf{shows}\ (x[y{\longmapsto}z])[u{\longmapsto}z] = x[y\ \sqcup\ u{\longmapsto}z]
proof -
 have (x[y \mapsto z])[u \mapsto z] = (u \sqcap z^T) \sqcup (-u \sqcap y \sqcap z^T) \sqcup (-u \sqcap -y \sqcap x)
```

```
using inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc inf-sup-distrib1 sup-assoc by force
  also have ... = (u \sqcap z^T) \sqcup (y \sqcap z^T) \sqcup (-(u \sqcup y) \sqcap x)
   by (metis assms inf-sup-distrib2 maddux-3-21-pp p-dist-sup)
  also have ... = x[y \sqcup u \mapsto z]
   using comp-inf.mult-right-dist-sup sup-commute by auto
 finally show ?thesis
qed
lemma update-same-3:
 assumes regular u
     and regular v
   shows ((x[y \mapsto z])[u \mapsto z])[v \mapsto z] = x[y \sqcup u \sqcup v \mapsto z]
 by (metis assms update-same)
lemma update-split:
 assumes regular w
   \mathbf{shows}\ x[y{\longmapsto}z] = (x[y-w{\longmapsto}z])[y\sqcap w{\longmapsto}z]
 by (smt\ (z3)\ assms\ comp\mbox{-}inf.semiring.distrib\mbox{-}left\ inf.left\mbox{-}commute
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute inf-import-p maddux-3-11-pp maddux-3-12 p-dist-inf
sup-assoc)
lemma update-injective-swap:
  assumes injective x
     and point y
     and injective z
     and vector z
   shows injective ((x[y \mapsto x[[z]]])[z \mapsto x[[y]]])
proof -
 have 1: (z \sqcap y^T * x) * (z \sqcap y^T * x)^T \le 1
   using assms(3) injective-inf-closed by auto
  have (z \sqcap y^T * x) * (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^T * x)^T \le (z \sqcap y^T * x) * (y^T \sqcap x^T * z)
   by (metis conv-dist-comp conv-involutive conv-order inf.boundedE
inf.boundedI inf.cobounded1 inf.cobounded2 mult-right-isotone)
 also have ... = (z \sqcap z^T * x) * (y^T \sqcap x^T * y)
   by (smt (z3) assms(2,4) covector-inf-comp-3 inf.left-commute
inf.sup{-}monoid.add{-}commute\ comp{-}associative\ conv{-}dist{-}comp\ conv{-}involutive)
 also have ... = (z \sqcap z^T) * x * x^T * (y \sqcap y^T)
   by (smt\ (z3)\ assms(2,4)\ comp-associative inf.sup-monoid.add-commute
vector-covector vector-inf-comp)
 also have \dots \leq x * x^T
   by (metis\ assms(2-4)\ comp-associative comp-right-one
coreflexive-comp-top-inf inf.coboundedI2 mult-right-isotone vector-covector)
 also have \dots \leq 1
   by (simp\ add:\ assms(1))
  finally have 2: (z \sqcap y^T * x) * (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^T * x)^T \leq 1
 have (z \sqcap y^T * x) * (-z \sqcap -y \sqcap x)^T \leq y^T * x * (-y^T \sqcap x^T)
   \mathbf{by} \ (smt \ comp\text{-}isotone \ conv\text{-}complement \ conv\text{-}dist\text{-}inf \ inf. cobounded 2
```

```
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc)
       also have ... = y^T * x * x^T \sqcap -y^T
            by (simp\ add:\ inf.commute\ assms(2)\ covector-comp-inf\ vector-conv-compl)
       also have \dots \leq y^T \sqcap -y^T
            by (metis assms(1) comp-associative comp-inf.mult-left-isotone comp-isotone
 comp-right-one mult-sub-right-one)
       finally have 3: (z \sqcap y^T * x) * (-z \sqcap -y \sqcap x)^T \leq 1
            using pseudo-complement by fastforce
       have 4: (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^T * x) * (z \sqcap y^T * x)^T \le 1
             using 2 conv-dist-comp conv-order by force
       have 5: (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^T * x) * (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^T * x)^T \le 1
            by (simp add: assms(2) inf-assoc inf-left-commute injective-inf-closed)
       have (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^T * x) * (-z \sqcap -y \sqcap x)^T \le z^T * x * (-z^T \sqcap x^T)
            using comp-inf.mult-left-isotone comp-isotone conv-complement conv-dist-inf
 inf.cobounded1 inf.cobounded2 by auto
      also have ... = z^T * x * x^T \sqcap -z^T
            by (metis assms(4) covector-comp-inf inf.sup-monoid.add-commute
 vector-conv-compl)
       also have ... \leq z^T \sqcap -z^T
            by (metis assms(1) comp-associative comp-inf.mult-left-isotone comp-isotone
 comp-right-one mult-sub-right-one)
       finally have 6: (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^T * x) * (-z \sqcap -y \sqcap x)^T \leq 1
            using pseudo-complement by fastforce
       have 7: (-z \sqcap -y \sqcap x) * (z \sqcap y^T * x)^T \le 1
             using 3 conv-dist-comp coreflexive-symmetric by fastforce
      have 8: (-z \sqcap -y \sqcap x) * (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^T * x)^T \le 1
            using 6 conv-dist-comp coreflexive-symmetric by fastforce
       have 9: (-z \sqcap -y \sqcap x) * (-z \sqcap -y \sqcap x)^T < 1
            using assms(1) inf.sup-monoid.add-commute injective-inf-closed by auto
      -y \sqcap x
            by (simp add: comp-inf.comp-left-dist-sup conv-dist-comp inf-assoc
 sup{-}monoid.add{-}assoc)
      hence ((x[y \mapsto x[[z]])[z \mapsto x[[y]]) * ((x[y \mapsto x[[z]])[z \mapsto x[[y]])^T = ((z \sqcap y^T * x[[y]])[z \mapsto x[[y]])^T)
 (z) \sqcup (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^T * x) \sqcup (-z \sqcap -y \sqcap x)) * ((z \sqcap y^T * x)^T \sqcup (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^T * x))
 (x)^T \sqcup (-z \sqcap -y \sqcap x)^T
            by (simp add: conv-dist-sup)
      -y \sqcap x)^T \sqcup
                                                     (-z\sqcap y\sqcap z^T*x)*((z\sqcap y^T*x)^T\sqcup (-z\sqcap y\sqcap z^T*x)^T\sqcup (-z
\sqcap -y \sqcap x)^T) \sqcup
                                                      (-z\sqcap -y\sqcap x)*((z\sqcap y^T*x)^T\sqcup (-z\sqcap y\sqcap z^T*x)^T\sqcup (-z\sqcap
 -y \sqcap x)^T
            using mult-right-dist-sup by auto
      also have ... = (z \sqcap y^T * x) * (z \sqcap y^T * x)^T \sqcup (z \sqcap y^T * x) * (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^T * x)^T \sqcup (z \sqcap y^T * 
(z \sqcap y^T * x) * (-z \sqcap -y \sqcap x)^T \sqcup
(-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^{T} * x) * (z \sqcap y^{T} * x)^{T} \sqcup (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^{T} * x) * (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^{T} * x) * (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^{T} * x)^{T} \sqcup (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^{T} * x) * (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^{T} * x)^{T} \sqcup (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^{T} * x) * (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^{T} * x)^{T} \sqcup (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^{T} * x) * (-z \sqcap y \sqcap z^{T} * x) * (-z \sqcap z \sqcap z^{T} * x) * (-z \sqcap z^{
                                                     (-z\sqcap -y\sqcap x)*(z\sqcap y^T*x)^T\sqcup (-z\sqcap -y\sqcap x)*(-z\sqcap y\sqcap z^T)
```

```
(-z \sqcap -y \sqcap x) * (-z \sqcap -y \sqcap x)^T
   using mult-left-dist-sup sup.left-commute sup-commute by auto
 also have \dots \leq 1
   using 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 by simp-all
 finally show ?thesis
qed
lemma update-injective-swap-2:
 assumes injective x
   shows injective ((x[y \mapsto x[[bot]]])[bot \mapsto x[[y]]])
 by (simp add: assms inf.sup-monoid.add-commute injective-inf-closed)
lemma update-univalent-swap:
  assumes univalent x
     and injective y
     and vector y
     and injective z
     and vector z
   shows univalent ((x[y \mapsto x[[z]])[z \mapsto x[[y]])
 by (simp add: assms read-injective update-univalent)
lemma update-mapping-swap:
 assumes mapping x
     and point y
     and point z
   shows mapping ((x[y \mapsto x[[z]])[z \mapsto x[[y]])
 by (simp add: assms bijective-regular read-injective read-surjective update-total
update-univalent)
    lemma mapping-inf-point-arc has been moved to theory Relation-Algebras
in entry Stone-Relation-Algebras
end
context stone-kleene-relation-algebra
begin
lemma omit-redundant-points-2:
 assumes point p
 shows p \sqcap x^* = (p \sqcap 1) \sqcup (p \sqcap x \sqcap -p^T) * (x \sqcap -p^T)^*
proof -
 let ?p = p \sqcap 1
 let ?np = -p \sqcap 1
 have 1: p \sqcap x^* \sqcap 1 = p \sqcap 1
   by (metis inf.le-iff-sup inf.left-commute inf.sup-monoid.add-commute
star.circ-reflexive)
 have 2: p \sqcap 1 \sqcap -p^T = bot
   by (smt (z3) inf-bot-right inf-commute inf-left-commute one-inf-conv p-inf)
 have p \sqcap x^* \sqcap -1 = p \sqcap x^* \sqcap -p^T
```

```
by (metis assms antisymmetric-inf-diversity inf.cobounded1
inf.sup-relative-same-increasing vector-covector)
 also have ... = (p \sqcap 1 \sqcap -p^T) \sqcup ((p \sqcap x) * (-p \sqcap x)^* \sqcap -p^T)
   by (simp add: assms omit-redundant-points comp-inf.semiring.distrib-right)
 also have ... = (p \sqcap x) * (-p \sqcap x)^* \sqcap -p^T
   using 2 by simp
 also have ... = ?p * x * (-p \sqcap x)^* \sqcap -p^T
   by (metis assms vector-export-comp-unit)
 also have ... = ?p * x * (?np * x)^* \sqcap -p^T
   by (metis assms vector-complement-closed vector-export-comp-unit)
 also have ... = ?p * x * (?np * x)^* * ?np
   by (metis assms conv-complement covector-comp-inf
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute\ mult-1-right\ one-inf-conv\ vector-conv-compl)
  also have ... = ?p * x * ?np * (x * ?np)^*
   using star-slide mult-assoc by auto
  also have ... = (?p * x \sqcap -p^T) * (x * ?np)^*
   by (metis assms conv-complement covector-comp-inf
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute mult-1-right one-inf-conv vector-conv-compl)
  also have ... = (?p * x \sqcap -p^T) * (x \sqcap -p^T)^*
   by (metis assms conv-complement covector-comp-inf
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute mult-1-right one-inf-conv vector-conv-compl)
 also have ... = (p \sqcap x \sqcap -p^T) * (x \sqcap -p^T)^*
   by (metis assms vector-export-comp-unit)
 finally show ?thesis
   using 1 by (metis maddux-3-11-pp regular-one-closed)
qed
lemma omit-redundant-points-3:
 assumes point p
 shows p \sqcap x^* = (p \sqcap 1) \sqcup (p \sqcap (x \sqcap -p^T)^+)
 by (simp add: assms inf-assoc vector-inf-comp omit-redundant-points-2)
lemma even-odd-root:
 assumes acyclic (x - 1)
     and regular x
     and univalent x
   shows (x*x)^{T\star} \sqcap x^T * (x*x)^{T\star} = (1 \sqcap x) * ((x*x)^{T\star} \sqcap x^T * (x*x)^{T\star})
proof -
 have 1: univalent (x * x)
   by (simp add: assms(3) univalent-mult-closed)
 have x \sqcap 1 \leq top * (x \sqcap 1)
   by (simp add: top-left-mult-increasing)
 hence x \sqcap -(top * (x \sqcap 1)) \leq x - 1
   using assms(2) p-shunting-swap pp-dist-comp by auto
 hence x^* * (x \sqcap -(top * (x \sqcap 1))) \le (x - 1)^* * (x - 1)
   using mult-right-isotone reachable-without-loops by auto
 also have \dots < -1
   by (simp \ add: \ assms(1) \ star-plus)
 finally have (x \sqcap -(top * (x \sqcap 1)))^T \leq -x^*
```

```
using schroeder-4-p by force
  hence x^T \sqcap x^* \leq (top * (x \sqcap 1))^T
   by (smt\ (z3)\ assms(2)\ conv-complement\ conv-dist-inf\ p-shunting-swap
regular-closed-inf regular-closed-top regular-mult-closed regular-one-closed)
  also have \dots = (1 \sqcap x) * top
   by (metis conv-dist-comp conv-dist-inf inf-commute one-inf-conv
symmetric-one-closed symmetric-top-closed)
  finally have 2: (x^T \sqcap x^*) * top \leq (1 \sqcap x) * top
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{inf}.\mathit{orderE}\ \mathit{inf}.\mathit{orderI}\ \mathit{inf}-\mathit{commute}\ \mathit{inf}-\mathit{vector}-\mathit{comp})
  have 1 \sqcap x^{T+} \le (x^T \sqcap 1 * x^*) * x^{T*}
   by (metis conv-involutive conv-star-commute dedekind-2 inf-commute)
  also have ... \leq (x^T \sqcap x^*) * top
   by (simp add: mult-right-isotone)
 also have \dots \leq (1 \sqcap x) * top
   using 2 by simp
 finally have 3: 1 \sqcap x^{T+} \leq (1 \sqcap x) * top
 have x^T \sqcap (x^T * x^T)^+ = 1 * x^T \sqcap (x^T * x^T)^* * x^T * x^T
   using star-plus mult-assoc by auto
  also have ... = (1 \sqcap (x^T * x^T)^* * x^T) * x^T
   using assms(3) injective-comp-right-dist-inf by force
 also have \dots \leq (1 \sqcap x^{T\star} * x^T) * x^T
   by (meson comp-inf.mult-right-isotone comp-isotone inf.eq-refl
star.circ-square)
  also have \dots \leq (1 \sqcap x) * top * x^T
   using 3 by (simp add: mult-left-isotone star-plus)
 also have \dots \leq (1 \sqcap x) * top
   by (simp add: comp-associative mult-right-isotone)
  finally have 4: x^T \sqcap (x^T * x^T)^+ \leq (1 \sqcap x) * top
 have x^T \sqcap (x^T * x^T)^* = (x^T \sqcap 1) \sqcup (x^T \sqcap (x^T * x^T)^+)
   by (metis inf-sup-distrib1 star-left-unfold-equal)
 also have \dots \leq (1 \sqcap x) * top
   using 4 by (metis inf.sup-monoid.add-commute le-supI one-inf-conv
top-right-mult-increasing)
 finally have 4: x^T \sqcap (x^T * x^T)^* \leq (1 \sqcap x) * top
 have x^T \sqcap (x * x)^* \sqcap -1 < x^T \sqcap x^* \sqcap -1
   by (simp add: inf.coboundedI2 inf.sup-monoid.add-commute star.circ-square)
 also have ... = (x - 1)^* \sqcap (x - 1)^T
   using conv-complement conv-dist-inf inf-assoc inf-left-commute
reachable-without-loops symmetric-one-closed by auto
  also have \dots = bot
   using assms(1) acyclic-star-below-complement-1 by auto
  finally have 5: x^T \sqcap (x * x)^* \sqcap -1 = bot
   by (simp add: le-bot)
  have x^T \sqcap (x * x)^* = (x^T \sqcap (x * x)^* \sqcap 1) \sqcup (x^T \sqcap (x * x)^* \sqcap -1)
   by (metis maddux-3-11-pp regular-one-closed)
 also have ... = x^T \sqcap (x * x)^* \sqcap 1
```

```
using 5 by simp
  also have ... = x^T \sqcap 1
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{calculation}\ \mathit{comp-inf.semiring.distrib-left}
inf.sup{-}monoid.add{-}commute\ star.circ{-}transitive{-}equal\ star{-}involutive
star-left-unfold-equal sup-inf-absorb)
  finally have (x^T \sqcap (x*x)^*) \sqcup (x^T \sqcap (x^T*x^T)^*) \leq (1 \sqcap x) * top
    using 4 inf.sup-monoid.add-commute one-inf-conv top-right-mult-increasing
by auto
 hence x^T \sqcap ((x * x)^* \sqcup (x * x)^{T*}) \le (1 \sqcap x) * top
   \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ comp\text{-}inf.semiring.distrib\text{-}left\ conv\text{-}dist\text{-}comp)
  hence 6: x^T \sqcap (x * x)^{T \star} * (x * x)^{\star} \leq (1 \sqcap x) * top
   using 1 by (simp add: cancel-separate-eq sup-commute)
  have (x * x)^{T \star} \sqcap x^{T} * (x * x)^{T \star} \leq (x^{T} \sqcap (x * x)^{T \star} * (x * x)^{\star}) * (x * x)^{T \star}
   by (metis conv-involutive conv-star-commute dedekind-2 inf-commute)
  also have ... < (1 \sqcap x) * top * (x * x)^{T*}
   using 6 by (simp add: mult-left-isotone)
  also have \dots = (1 \sqcap x) * top
  by (simp add: comp-associative star.circ-left-top) finally have (x*x)^{T\star} \sqcap x^T * (x*x)^{T\star} = (x*x)^{T\star} \sqcap x^T * (x*x)^{T\star} \sqcap (1\sqcap x)^{T\star}
x) * top
   using inf.order-iff by auto
  also have ... = (1 \sqcap x) * ((x * x)^{T*} \sqcap x^{T} * (x * x)^{T*})
   by (metis coreflexive-comp-top-inf inf.cobounded1
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute)
  finally show ?thesis
qed
lemma update-square-plus:
  point \ y \Longrightarrow x[y \longmapsto x[[x[[y]]]]] \le x^+
  by (meson update-square comp-isotone dual-order.trans le-supI order-refl
star.circ-increasing star.circ-mult-increasing)
lemma update-square-ub-plus:
  x[y \longmapsto (x * x)^T] \le x^+
 by (simp add: comp-isotone inf.coboundedI2 star.circ-increasing
star.circ-mult-increasing)
lemma acyclic-square:
  assumes acyclic (x - 1)
   shows x * x \sqcap 1 = x \sqcap 1
proof (rule order.antisym)
  have 1 \sqcap x * x = 1 \sqcap ((x - 1) * x \sqcup (x \sqcap 1) * x)
   by (metis maddux-3-11-pp regular-one-closed semiring.distrib-right)
  also have \dots \leq 1 \sqcap ((x-1) * x \sqcup x)
   \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{metis inf.cobounded2 mult-1-left mult-left-isotone inf.sup-right-isotone}
semiring.add-left-mono)
  also have ... = 1 \sqcap ((x-1) * (x-1) \sqcup (x-1) * (x \sqcap 1) \sqcup x)
   by (metis maddux-3-11-pp mult-left-dist-sup regular-one-closed)
```

```
also have ... \leq (1 \sqcap (x-1) * (x-1)) \sqcup (x-1) * (x \sqcap 1) \sqcup x
   by (metis inf-le2 inf-sup-distrib1 semiring.add-left-mono
sup-monoid.add-assoc)
 also have ... \leq (1 \sqcap (x-1)^+) \sqcup (x-1) * (x \sqcap 1) \sqcup x
   by (metis comp-isotone inf.eq-refl inf.sup-right-isotone star.circ-increasing
sup-monoid.add-commute sup-right-isotone)
 also have ... = (x - 1) * (x \sqcap 1) \sqcup x
   by (metis assms inf.le-iff-sup inf.sup-monoid.add-commute inf-import-p inf-p
regular-one-closed sup-inf-absorb sup-monoid.add-commute)
  also have \dots = x
   by (metis comp-isotone inf.cobounded1 inf-le2 mult-1-right sup.absorb2)
 finally show x * x \sqcap 1 \leq x \sqcap 1
   by (simp add: inf.sup-monoid.add-commute)
 show x \sqcap 1 \leq x * x \sqcap 1
   by (metis coreflexive-idempotent inf-le1 inf-le2 le-infI mult-isotone)
qed
{f lemma}\ diagonal-update-square-aux:
 assumes acyclic (x-1)
     and point y
   shows 1 \sqcap y \sqcap y^T * x * x = 1 \sqcap y \sqcap x
proof -
  have 1: 1 \sqcap y \sqcap x \le y^T * x * x
   by (metis comp-isotone coreflexive-idempotent inf.boundedE inf.cobounded1
inf.cobounded2 one-inf-conv)
  have 1 \sqcap y \sqcap y^T * x * x = 1 \sqcap (y \sqcap y^T) * x * x
   by (simp add: assms(2) inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc vector-inf-comp)
 also have \dots = 1 \sqcap (y \sqcap 1) * x * x
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ assms(2)\ \mathit{inf.cobounded1}\ \mathit{inf.sup-monoid.add-commute}
inf.sup-same-context one-inf-conv vector-covector)
  also have ... \leq 1 \sqcap x * x
   by (metis comp-left-subdist-inf inf.sup-right-isotone le-infE mult-left-isotone
mult-left-one)
 also have \dots \leq x
   using assms(1) acyclic-square inf.sup-monoid.add-commute by auto
 finally show ?thesis
   using 1 by (metis inf.absorb2 inf.left-commute inf.sup-monoid.add-commute)
qed
{f lemma}\ diagonal\mbox{-}update\mbox{-}square:
 assumes acyclic (x - 1)
     and point y
   shows (x[y \mapsto x[[x[[y]]]]) \cap 1 = x \cap 1
proof -
 let ?xy = x[[y]]
 let ?xxy = x[[?xy]]
 let ?xyxxy = x[y \longrightarrow ?xxy]
 have ?xyxxy \sqcap 1 = ((y \sqcap y^T * x * x) \sqcup (-y \sqcap x)) \sqcap 1
   by (simp add: conv-dist-comp)
```

```
also have ... = (y \sqcap y^T * x * x \sqcap 1) \sqcup (-y \sqcap x \sqcap 1)
   by (simp add: inf-sup-distrib2)
 also have ... = (y \sqcap x \sqcap 1) \sqcup (-y \sqcap x \sqcap 1)
   using assms by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) diagonal-update-square-aux
find-set-precondition-def inf-assoc inf-commute)
  also have \dots = x \sqcap 1
   by (metis assms(2) bijective-regular comp-inf.mult-right-dist-sup
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute maddux-3-11-pp)
  finally show ?thesis
qed
lemma fc-update-square:
 assumes mapping x
     and point y
   shows fc (x[y \mapsto x[[x[[y]]]]) = fc x
proof (rule order.antisym)
 let ?xy = x[[y]]
 let ?xxy = x[[?xy]]
 let ?xyxxy = x[y \mapsto ?xxy]
 have 1: y \sqcap y^T * x * x \le x * x
   by (smt\ (z3)\ assms(2)\ inf.cobounded2\ inf.sup-monoid.add-commute
inf.sup-same-context mult-1-left one-inf-conv vector-covector vector-inf-comp)
 have 2: ?xyxxy = (y \sqcap y^T * x * x) \sqcup (-y \sqcap x)
   by (simp add: conv-dist-comp)
 also have \dots \leq x * x \sqcup x
   using 1 inf-le2 sup-mono by blast
 also have ... \leq x^{\star}
   by (simp add: star.circ-increasing star.circ-mult-upper-bound)
 finally show fc ?xyxxy \le fc x
   by (metis comp-isotone conv-order conv-star-commute star-involutive
star-isotone)
 have 3: y \sqcap x \sqcap 1 \leq fc ?xyxxy
   using inf.coboundedI1 inf.sup-monoid.add-commute reflexive-mult-closed
star.circ-reflexive by auto
 have 4: y - 1 \le -y^T
   using assms(2) p-shunting-swap regular-one-closed vector-covector by auto
 have y \sqcap x \leq y^{T} * x
   by (simp add: assms(2) vector-restrict-comp-conv)
 also have \dots \leq y^T * x * x * x^T
   by (metis assms(1) comp-associative mult-1-right mult-right-isotone total-var)
  finally have y \sqcap x \sqcap -1 \leq y \sqcap -y^T \sqcap y^T * x * x * x^T
   using 4 by (smt (z3) inf.cobounded1 inf.cobounded12
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc inf.sup-monoid.add-commute inf-greatest)
 also have ... = (y \sqcap y^T * x * x) * x^T \sqcap -y^T
   by (metis\ assms(2)\ inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc\ inf.sup-monoid.add-commute
vector-inf-comp)
 also have ... = (y \sqcap y^T * x * x) * (x^T \sqcap -y^T)
   using assms(2) covector-comp-inf vector-conv-compl by auto
```

```
also have ... = (y \sqcap y^T * x * x) * (-y \sqcap x)^T
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{simp}\ \mathit{add}\colon \mathit{conv-complement}\ \mathit{conv-dist-inf}\ \mathit{inf-commute})
 also have ... \leq ?xyxxy * (-y \sqcap x)^T
   using 2 by (simp add: comp-left-increasing-sup)
 also have ... \leq ?xyxxy * ?xyxxy^T
   by (simp add: conv-isotone mult-right-isotone)
 also have \dots \leq fc ?xyxxy
   using comp-isotone star.circ-increasing by blast
  finally have 5: y \sqcap x \leq fc ?xyxxy
   using 3 by (smt\ (z3)\ comp-inf.semiring.distrib-left\ inf.le-iff-sup
maddux-3-11-pp regular-one-closed)
 have x = (y \sqcap x) \sqcup (-y \sqcap x)
   by (metis\ assms(2)\ bijective-regular\ inf.sup-monoid.add-commute
maddux-3-11-pp)
 also have \dots < fc ?xyxxy
   using 5 dual-order.trans fc-increasing sup.cobounded2 sup-least by blast
 finally show fc \ x \le fc \ ?xyxxy
   by (smt (z3) assms fc-equivalence fc-isotone fc-wcc read-injective
star.circ-decompose-9 star-decompose-1 update-univalent)
qed
lemma acyclic-plus-loop:
  assumes acyclic (x - 1)
 shows x^+ \sqcap 1 = x \sqcap 1
proof -
 let ?r = x \sqcap 1
 let ?i = x - 1
 have x^{+} \sqcap 1 = (?i \sqcup ?r)^{+} \sqcap 1
   by (metis maddux-3-11-pp regular-one-closed)
 also have ... = ((?i^* * ?r)^* * ?i^+ \sqcup (?i^* * ?r)^+) \sqcap 1
   using plus-sup by auto
  also have ... \leq (?i^+ \sqcup (?i^* * ?r)^+) \sqcap 1
   by (metis comp-associative dual-order.eq-iff maddux-3-11-pp
reachable-without-loops regular-one-closed star.circ-plus-same star.circ-sup-9)
 also have ... = (?i^* * ?r)^+ \sqcap 1
   by (smt (z3) assms comp-inf.mult-right-dist-sup inf.absorb2
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute inf-le2 maddux-3-11-pp pseudo-complement
regular-one-closed)
 also have \dots \leq ?i^* * ?r \sqcap 1
   by (metis comp-associative dual-order.eq-iff maddux-3-11-pp
reachable-without-loops regular-one-closed star.circ-sup-9 star-slide)
  also have ... = (?r \sqcup ?i^+ * ?r) \sqcap 1
   using comp-associative star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup-commute by force
 also have ... \leq x \sqcup (?i^+ * ?r \sqcap 1)
   by (metis comp-inf.mult-right-dist-sup inf.absorb1 inf.cobounded1
inf.cobounded2)
  also have ... \leq x \sqcup (-1 * ?r \sqcap 1)
   by (meson assms comp-inf.comp-isotone mult-left-isotone order.refl
semiring.add-left-mono)
```

```
also have \dots = x
   by (metis comp-inf.semiring.mult-not-zero comp-right-one inf.cobounded2
inf-sup-absorb mult-right-isotone pseudo-complement sup.idem sup-inf-distrib1)
 finally show ?thesis
   by (meson inf.sup-same-context inf-le1 order-trans star.circ-mult-increasing)
qed
lemma star-irreflexive-part-eq:
 x^* - 1 = (x - 1)^+ - 1
 by (metis reachable-without-loops star-plus-without-loops)
lemma star-irreflexive-part:
 x^* - 1 \le (x - 1)^+
 using star-irreflexive-part-eq by auto
lemma square-irreflexive-part:
 x * x - 1 \le (x - 1)^+
proof -
 have x * x = (x \sqcap 1) * x \sqcup (x - 1) * x
   by (metis maddux-3-11-pp mult-right-dist-sup regular-one-closed)
 also have ... \leq 1 * x \sqcup (x - 1) * x
   using comp-isotone inf.cobounded2 semiring.add-right-mono by blast
 also have ... \leq 1 \sqcup (x - 1) \sqcup (x - 1) * x
   by (metis inf.cobounded2 maddux-3-11-pp mult-1-left regular-one-closed
sup-left-isotone)
  also have ... = (x - 1) * (x \sqcup 1) \sqcup 1
   by (simp add: mult-left-dist-sup sup-assoc sup-commute)
  finally have x * x - 1 \le (x - 1) * (x \sqcup 1)
   using shunting-var-p by auto
 also have ... = (x - 1) * (x - 1) \sqcup (x - 1)
   by (metis comp-right-one inf.sup-monoid.add-commute maddux-3-21-pp
mult-left-dist-sup regular-one-closed sup-commute)
 also have ... \leq (x - 1)^{+}
   by (metis mult-left-isotone star.circ-increasing star.circ-mult-increasing
star.circ-plus-same sup.bounded-iff)
 finally show ?thesis
qed
lemma square-irreflexive-part-2:
 x * x - 1 \le x^{\star} - 1
 {\bf using} \ comp-inf. mult-left-isotone \ star. circ-increasing \ star. circ-mult-upper-bound
by blast
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{acyclic}\textit{-update-square}\text{:}
 assumes acyclic (x - 1)
 shows acyclic\ ((x[y \mapsto (x*x)^T]) - 1)
proof -
 have ((x[y \mapsto (x * x)^T]) - 1)^+ \le ((x \sqcup x * x) - 1)^+
```

```
by (metis comp-inf.mult-right-isotone comp-isotone
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute star-isotone update-square-ub)
 also have ... = ((x - 1) \sqcup (x * x - 1))^+
   using comp-inf.semiring.distrib-right by auto
 also have ... \leq ((x-1)^+)^+
   by (smt (verit, del-insts) comp-isotone reachable-without-loops
star.circ-mult-increasing star.circ-plus-same star.circ-right-slide
star.circ-separate-5 star.circ-square star.circ-transitive-equal star.left-plus-circ
sup.bounded-iff sup-ge1 square-irreflexive-part)
 also have \dots \leq -1
   using assms by (simp add: acyclic-plus)
 finally show ?thesis
qed
lemma disjoint-set-forest-update-square:
 assumes disjoint-set-forest x
     and vector y
     and regular y
   shows disjoint-set-forest (x[y \longmapsto (x * x)^T])
proof (intro\ conjI)
 show univalent (x[y \mapsto (x * x)^T])
   using assms update-univalent mapping-mult-closed univalent-conv-injective by
blast
 show total (x[y \mapsto (x * x)^T])
   using assms update-total total-conv-surjective total-mult-closed by blast
 show acyclic ((x[y \mapsto (x * x)^T]) - 1)
   using acyclic-update-square \ assms(1) by blast
\mathbf{qed}
lemma disjoint-set-forest-update-square-point:
 assumes disjoint-set-forest x
     and point y
   shows disjoint-set-forest (x[y \mapsto (x * x)^T])
 using assms disjoint-set-forest-update-square bijective-regular by blast
end
```

ena

6 Verifying Further Operations on Disjoint-Set Forests

In this section we verify the init-sets, path-halving and path-splitting operations of disjoint-set forests.

```
class choose\text{-}point = fixes choose\text{-}point :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a
```

Using the choose-point operation we define a simple for-each-loop abstraction as syntactic sugar translated to a while-loop. Regular vector h

describes the set of all elements that are yet to be processed. It is made explicit so that the invariant can refer to it.

```
syntax
    -Foreach :: idt \Rightarrow idt \Rightarrow 'assn \Rightarrow 'com \Rightarrow 'com ((1FOREACH - / USING - / USING
INV \{-\} //DO - /OD > [0,0,0,0] 61)
translations FOREACH \ x \ USING \ h \ INV \ \{ \ i \ \} \ DO \ c \ OD =>
    h := CONST top;
       WHILE h \neq CONST bot
         INV \{ CONST \ regular \ h \land CONST \ vector \ h \land i \}
          VAR \{ h \downarrow \}
            DO x := CONST \ choose-point \ h;
                 h[x] := CONST bot
            OD
{\bf class}\ stone-kleene-relation-algebra-choose-point-finite-regular=
stone-kleene-relation-algebra + finite-regular-p-algebra + choose-point +
    assumes choose-point-point: vector x \Longrightarrow x \neq bot \Longrightarrow point (choose-point x)
   assumes choose-point-decreasing: choose-point x \leq --x
begin
{\bf subclass}\ stone-kleene-relation-algebra-tarski-finite-regular
proof unfold-locales
    \mathbf{fix} \ x
    let ?p = choose\text{-point}(x * top)
    let ?q = choose\text{-point} ((?p \sqcap x)^T * top)
    let ?y = ?p \sqcap ?q^T
    assume 1: regular x x \neq bot
    hence 2: x * top \neq bot
       using le-bot top-right-mult-increasing by auto
    hence 3: point ?p
       by (simp add: choose-point-point comp-associative)
    hence 4: ?p \neq bot
       using 2 mult-right-zero by force
    have ?p \sqcap x \neq bot
    proof
       assume ?p \sqcap x = bot
       hence 5: x \leq -?p
            using p-antitone-iff pseudo-complement by auto
       have ?p < --(x * top)
            by (simp add: choose-point-decreasing)
       also have \dots \leq --(-?p * top)
            using 5 by (simp add: comp-isotone pp-isotone)
       also have ... = -?p * top
            using regular-mult-closed by auto
       also have \dots = -?p
            using 3 vector-complement-closed by auto
       finally have ?p = bot
            using inf-absorb2 by fastforce
```

```
thus False
     using 4 by auto
 \mathbf{qed}
 hence (?p \sqcap x)^T * top \neq bot
   by (metis comp-inf.semiring.mult-zero-left comp-right-one
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute inf-top.left-neutral schroeder-1)
 hence point ?q
   using choose-point-point vector-top-closed mult-assoc by auto
 hence 6: arc ?y
   using 3 by (smt bijective-conv-mapping inf.sup-monoid.add-commute
mapping-inf-point-arc)
 have ?q \le --((?p \sqcap x)^T * top)
   by (simp add: choose-point-decreasing)
 hence ?y \le ?p \sqcap --((?p \sqcap x)^T * top)^T
   by (metis conv-complement conv-isotone inf.sup-right-isotone)
 also have ... = ?p \sqcap --(top * (?p \sqcap x))
   by (simp add: conv-dist-comp)
 also have \dots = ?p \sqcap top * (?p \sqcap x)
   using 1 3 bijective-regular pp-dist-comp by auto
 also have ... = ?p \sqcap ?p^T * x
   using 3 by (metis comp-inf-vector conv-dist-comp
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute inf-top-right symmetric-top-closed)
 also have ... = (?p \sqcap ?p^T) * x
   using 3 by (simp add: vector-inf-comp)
 also have \dots \leq 1 * x
   using 3 point-antisymmetric mult-left-isotone by blast
 finally have ?y \le x
   by simp
 thus top * x * top = top
   using 6 by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) mult-assoc le-iff-sup mult-left-isotone
semiring.distrib-left sup.orderE top.extremum)
qed
```

6.1 Init-Sets

A disjoint-set forest is initialised by applying make-set to each node. We prove that the resulting disjoint-set forest is the identity relation.

```
theorem init-sets:

VARS\ h\ p\ x
[ True\ ]

FOREACH\ x

USING\ h

INV\ \{\ p-h=1-h\ \}

DO\ p:=make-set\ p\ x

OD
[ p=1\ \land\ disjoint\text{-set-forest}\ p\ \land\ h=bot\ ]

proof vcg\text{-}tc\text{-}simp

fix h\ p

let ?x=choose\text{-}point\ h
```

```
let ?m = make\text{-set } p ?x
 assume 1: regular h \land vector h \land p - h = 1 - h \land h \neq bot
 show vector (-?x \sqcap h) \land
       ?m \sqcap (--?x \sqcup -h) = 1 \sqcap (--?x \sqcup -h) \land
       card \{ x \cdot regular \ x \land x \leq -?x \land x \leq h \} < h \downarrow
 proof (intro conjI)
   show vector (-?x \sqcap h)
     using 1 choose-point-point vector-complement-closed vector-inf-closed by
blast
   have 2: point ?x \land regular ?x
     using 1 bijective-regular choose-point-point by blast
   have 3: -h \leq -?x
     using choose-point-decreasing p-antitone-iff by auto
   have 4: ?x \sqcap ?m = ?x * ?x^T \land -?x \sqcap ?m = -?x \sqcap p
     using 1 choose-point-point make-set-function make-set-postcondition-def by
auto
   have ?m \sqcap (--?x \sqcup -h) = (?m \sqcap ?x) \sqcup (?m - h)
     using 2 comp-inf.comp-left-dist-sup by auto
   also have ... = ?x * ?x^T \sqcup (?m \sqcap -?x \sqcap -h)
     using 3 4 by (smt (z3) inf-absorb2 inf-assoc inf-commute)
   also have ... = ?x * ?x^T \sqcup (1 - h)
     using 1 3 4 inf.absorb2 inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc inf-commute by auto
   also have ... = (1 \sqcap ?x) \sqcup (1 - h)
     using 2 by (metis inf.cobounded2 inf.sup-same-context one-inf-conv
vector-covector)
   also have \dots = 1 \sqcap (--?x \sqcup -h)
     using 2 comp-inf.semiring.distrib-left by auto
   finally show ?m \sqcap (--?x \sqcup -h) = 1 \sqcap (--?x \sqcup -h)
   have 5: \neg ?x \le -?x
     using 1 2 by (metis comp-commute-below-diversity conv-order
inf.cobounded2 inf-absorb2 pseudo-complement strict-order-var top.extremum)
   have 6: ?x \leq h
     using 1 by (metis choose-point-decreasing)
   show card \{x : regular \ x \land x \le -?x \land x \le h\} < h \downarrow
     apply (rule psubset-card-mono)
     using finite-regular apply simp
     using 2 5 6 by auto
 qed
qed
```

6.2 Path Halving

end

Path halving is a variant of the path compression technique. Similarly to path compression, we implement path halving independently of find-set, using a second while-loop which iterates over the same path to the root. We prove that path halving preserves the equivalence-relational semantics

of the disjoint-set forest and also preserves the roots of the component trees. Additionally we prove the exact effect of path halving, which is to replace every other parent pointer with a pointer to the respective grandparent.

 ${\bf context}\ stone\text{-}kleene\text{-}relation\text{-}algebra\text{-}tarski\text{-}finite\text{-}regular$ ${\bf begin}$

```
definition path-halving-invariant p \times y \neq 0 \equiv
     \textit{find-set-precondition } p \ x \land point \ y \land y \leq p^{T\star} * x \land y \leq (p\theta * p\theta)^{T\star} * x \land y \leq (p
     p\theta[(p\theta * p\theta)^{T\star} * x - p\theta^{T\star} * y \mapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^{T}] = p \land
      disjoint-set-forest p0
definition path-halving-postcondition p \ x \ y \ p\theta \equiv
      disjoint-set-forest p \wedge y = root \ p \ x \wedge p \cap 1 = p0 \cap 1 \wedge fc \ p = fc \ p0 \wedge
      p\theta[(p\theta * p\theta)^{T*} * x \longmapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^{T}] = p
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{path-halving-invariant-aux-1}\colon
      assumes point x
                and point y
                and disjoint-set-forest p0
     shows p\theta \leq wcc \ (p\theta[(p\theta * p\theta)^{T\star} * x - p\theta^{T\star} * y \longmapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^{T}])
proof -
     let ?p2 = p0 * p0
     let ?p2t = ?p2^T
     let ?p2ts = ?p2t^*
     let ?px = ?p2ts * x
     let ?py = -(p\theta^{T\star} * y)
     let ?pxy = ?px \sqcap ?py
     let ?p = p\theta[?pxy \longrightarrow ?p2t]
     have 1: regular ?pxy
          using assms(1,3) bijective-regular find-set-precondition-def mapping-regular
pp-dist-comp regular-closed-star regular-conv-closed path-halving-invariant-def by
auto
      have 2: vector x \wedge vector ?px \wedge vector ?py
          using assms(1,2) find-set-precondition-def vector-complement-closed
vector-mult-closed path-halving-invariant-def by auto
     have 3: ?pxy \sqcap p\theta \sqcap -?p2 \leq -?px^T
     proof -
          have 4: injective x \wedge univalent ?p2 \wedge regular p0
                using assms(1,3) find-set-precondition-def mapping-regular
univalent-mult-closed path-halving-invariant-def by auto
          have ?p2^* * p0 \sqcap 1 \leq p0^+ \sqcap 1
                using comp-inf.mult-left-isotone comp-isotone comp-right-one
mult-sub-right-one star.circ-square star-slide by auto
          also have \dots \leq p\theta
                \mathbf{using}\ acyclic-plus-loop\ assms(3)\ path-halving-invariant-def\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
          finally have 5: ?p2^* * p0 \sqcap 1 \leq p0
          hence 6: ?p2ts * (1 - p0) \le -p0
                by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) conv-star-commute dual-order.trans
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc order.refl p-antitone-iff pseudo-complement
```

```
schroeder-4-p schroeder-6-p)
   have ?p2t^{+} * p0 \sqcap 1 = ?p2ts * p0^{T} * (p0^{T} * p0) \sqcap 1
     by (metis conv-dist-comp star-plus mult-assoc)
   also have ... \leq ?p2ts * p0^T \sqcap 1
     by (metis assms(3) comp-inf.mult-left-isotone comp-isotone comp-right-one
mult-sub-right-one)
   also have \dots \leq p\theta
     using 5 by (metis conv-dist-comp conv-star-commute inf-commute
one-inf-conv star-slide)
   finally have ?p2t^+ * p0 \le -1 \sqcup p0
     \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{regular-one-closed}\ \mathit{shunting-var-p}\ \mathit{sup-commute})
   hence 7: ?p2^+ * (1 - p0) \le -p0
     by (smt (z3) conv-dist-comp conv-star-commute half-shunting
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc\ inf.sup-monoid.add-commute\ pseudo-complement
schroeder-4-p schroeder-6-p star.circ-plus-same)
   have (1 \sqcap ?px) * top * (1 \sqcap ?px \sqcap -p0) = ?px \sqcap top * (1 \sqcap ?px \sqcap -p0)
     using 2 by (metis inf-commute vector-inf-one-comp mult-assoc)
   also have ... = ?px \sqcap ?px^T * (1 - p\theta)
     \mathbf{using}\ 2\ \mathbf{by}\ (smt\ (verit,\ ccfv\text{-}threshold)\ covector\text{-}inf\text{-}comp\text{-}3
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc inf.sup-monoid.add-commute inf-top.left-neutral)
   also have ... = ?px \sqcap x^T * ?p2^* * (1 - p0)
     by (simp add: conv-dist-comp conv-star-commute)
   also have ... = (?px \sqcap x^T) * ?p2^* * (1 - p0)
     using 2 vector-inf-comp by auto
   also have ... = ?p2ts * (x * x^T) * ?p2^* * (1 - p0)
     using 2 vector-covector mult-assoc by auto
   also have ... \leq ?p2ts * ?p2^* * (1 - p0)
     using 4 by (metis inf.order-lesseq-imp mult-left-isotone
star.circ-mult-upper-bound star.circ-reflexive)
   also have ... = (?p2ts \sqcup ?p2^*) * (1 - p0)
     using 4 by (simp add: cancel-separate-eq)
   also have ... = (?p2ts \sqcup ?p2^+) * (1 - p0)
     by (metis star.circ-plus-one star-plus-loops sup-assoc sup-commute)
   also have \dots \leq -p\theta
     using 6 7 by (simp add: mult-right-dist-sup)
   finally have (1 \sqcap ?px)^T * p0 * (1 \sqcap ?px \sqcap -p0)^T \leq bot
     by (smt (z3) inf.boundedI inf-p top.extremum triple-schroeder-p)
   hence 8: (1 \sqcap ?px) * p0 * (1 \sqcap ?px \sqcap -p0) = bot
     by (simp add: coreflexive-inf-closed coreflexive-symmetric le-bot)
   have ?px \sqcap p\theta \sqcap ?px^T = (1 \sqcap ?px) * p\theta \sqcap ?px^T
     using 2 inf-commute vector-inf-one-comp by fastforce
   also have ... = (1 \sqcap ?px) * p0 * (1 \sqcap ?px)
     using 2 by (metis comp-inf-vector mult-1-right vector-conv-covector)
   also have ... = (1 \sqcap ?px) * p0 * (1 \sqcap ?px \sqcap p0) \sqcup (1 \sqcap ?px) * p0 * (1 \sqcap ?px)
px \sqcap -p\theta
     using 4 by (metis maddux-3-11-pp mult-left-dist-sup)
   also have ... = (1 \sqcap ?px) * p\theta * (1 \sqcap ?px \sqcap p\theta)
     using 8 by simp
   also have \dots \leq ?p2
```

```
by (metis comp-isotone coreflexive-comp-top-inf inf.cobounded1
inf.cobounded2)
   finally have ?px \sqcap p\theta \sqcap -?p2 \leq -?px^T
     using 4 p-shunting-swap regular-mult-closed by fastforce
   thus ?thesis
     by (meson comp-inf.mult-left-isotone dual-order.trans inf.cobounded1)
 qed
 have p\theta \leq ?p2 * p\theta^T
   by (metis assms(3) comp-associative comp-isotone comp-right-one eq-refl
total-var)
 hence ?pxy \sqcap p\theta \sqcap -?p2 \leq ?p2 * p\theta^T
   by (metis inf.coboundedI1 inf.sup-monoid.add-commute)
 hence ?pxy \sqcap p0 \sqcap -?p2 \leq ?pxy \sqcap ?p2 * p0^T \sqcap -?px^T
   using 3 by (meson dual-order.trans inf.boundedI inf.cobounded1)
 also have ... = (?pxy \sqcap ?p2) * p0^T \sqcap -?px^T
   using 2 vector-inf-comp by auto
  also have ... = (?pxy \sqcap ?p2) * (-?px \sqcap p0)^T
   using 2 by (simp add: covector-comp-inf inf.sup-monoid.add-commute
vector-conv-compl conv-complement conv-dist-inf)
 also have ... \leq ?p * (-?px \sqcap p\theta)^T
   using comp-left-increasing-sup by auto
 also have ... \leq ?p * ?p^T
   by (metis comp-inf.mult-right-isotone comp-isotone conv-isotone inf.eq-refl
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute le-supI1 p-antitone-inf sup-commute)
  also have ... \leq wcc ?p
   using star.circ-sub-dist-2 by auto
  finally have 9: ?pxy \sqcap p\theta \sqcap -?p2 \leq wcc ?p
 have p\theta = (?pxy \sqcap p\theta) \sqcup (-?pxy \sqcap p\theta)
   using 1 by (metis inf.sup-monoid.add-commute maddux-3-11-pp)
 also have ... \leq (?pxy \sqcap p\theta) \sqcup ?p
   using sup-right-isotone by auto
  also have ... = (?pxy \sqcap p0 \sqcap -?p2) \sqcup (?pxy \sqcap p0 \sqcap ?p2) \sqcup ?p
   by (smt (z3) assms(3) maddux-3-11-pp mapping-regular pp-dist-comp
path-halving-invariant-def)
  also have ... <(?pxy \sqcap p\theta \sqcap -?p2) \sqcup (?pxy \sqcap ?p2) \sqcup ?p
   by (meson comp-inf.comp-left-subdist-inf inf.boundedE semiring.add-left-mono
semiring.add-right-mono)
 also have ... = (?pxy \sqcap p\theta \sqcap -?p2) \sqcup ?p
   using sup-assoc by auto
 also have \dots \leq wcc ?p \sqcup ?p
   using 9 sup-left-isotone by blast
 also have ... \leq wcc ?p
   by (simp add: star.circ-sub-dist-1)
 finally show ?thesis
ged
```

lemma path-halving-invariant-aux:

```
assumes path-halving-invariant p \times y \neq 0
 shows p[[y]] = p\theta[[y]]
   and p[[p[[y]]]] = p\theta[[p\theta[[y]]]]
   and p[[p[[p[[y]]]]]] = p\theta[[p\theta[[p\theta[[y]]]]]]
   and p \sqcap 1 = p0 \sqcap 1
   and fc p = fc p\theta
proof -
 let ?p2 = p0 * p0
 let ?p2t = ?p2^T
 \mathbf{let} \ ?p2ts = ?p2t^{\star}
 let ?px = ?p2ts * x
 let ?py = -(p\theta^{T\star} * y)
 let ?pxy = ?px \sqcap ?py
 let ?p = p\theta[?pxy \longrightarrow ?p2t]
 have ?p[[y]] = p0[[y]]
   apply (rule put-qet-different-vector)
   using assms find-set-precondition-def vector-complement-closed
vector-inf-closed vector-mult-closed path-halving-invariant-def apply force
   by (meson inf.cobounded2 order-lesseq-imp p-antitone-iff path-compression-1b)
  thus 1: p[[y]] = p\theta[[y]]
   using assms path-halving-invariant-def by auto
 have ?p[[p\theta[[y]]]] = p\theta[[p\theta[[y]]]]
   apply (rule put-get-different-vector)
   using assms find-set-precondition-def vector-complement-closed
vector-inf-closed vector-mult-closed path-halving-invariant-def apply force
   by (metis comp-isotone inf.boundedE inf.coboundedI2 inf.eq-refl p-antitone-iff
selection-closed-id star.circ-increasing)
  thus 2: p[[p[[y]]]] = p\theta[[p\theta[[y]]]]
   using 1 assms path-halving-invariant-def by auto
 have ?p[[p\theta[[p\theta[[y]]]]]] = p\theta[[p\theta[[p\theta[[y]]]]]]
   apply (rule put-get-different-vector)
   using assms find-set-precondition-def vector-complement-closed
vector-inf-closed vector-mult-closed path-halving-invariant-def apply force
   by (metis comp-associative comp-isotone conv-dist-comp conv-involutive
conv-order inf.coboundedI2 inf.le-iff-sup mult-left-isotone p-antitone-iff
p-antitone-inf star.circ-increasing star.circ-transitive-equal)
  thus p[[p[[p[[y]]]]]] = p\theta[[p\theta[[p\theta[[y]]]]]]
   using 2 assms path-halving-invariant-def by auto
 have 3: regular ?pxy
   using assms bijective-regular find-set-precondition-def mapping-regular
pp-dist-comp regular-closed-star regular-conv-closed path-halving-invariant-def by
auto
 have p \sqcap 1 = ?p \sqcap 1
   using assms path-halving-invariant-def by auto
 also have ... = (?pxy \sqcap ?p2 \sqcap 1) \sqcup (-?pxy \sqcap p0 \sqcap 1)
   using comp-inf.semiring.distrib-right conv-involutive by auto
  also have ... = (?pxy \sqcap p0 \sqcap 1) \sqcup (-?pxy \sqcap p0 \sqcap 1)
   using assms acyclic-square path-halving-invariant-def
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc by auto
```

```
also have ... = (?pxy \sqcup -?pxy) \sqcap p\theta \sqcap 1
   using inf-sup-distrib2 by auto
  also have \dots = p\theta \sqcap 1
   using 3 by (metis inf.sup-monoid.add-commute inf-sup-distrib1
maddux-3-11-pp)
  finally show p \sqcap 1 = p\theta \sqcap 1
  have p \leq p\theta^+
   by (metis assms path-halving-invariant-def update-square-ub-plus)
  hence 4: fc p \leq fc p\theta
   using conv-plus-commute fc-isotone star.left-plus-circ by fastforce
  have wcc \ p\theta \leq wcc \ ?p
   by (meson assms wcc-below-wcc path-halving-invariant-aux-1
path-halving-invariant-def find-set-precondition-def)
  hence fc \ p\theta < fc \ ?p
   using assms find-set-precondition-def path-halving-invariant-def fc-wcc by auto
  thus fc p = fc p\theta
   using 4 assms path-halving-invariant-def by auto
lemma path-halving-1:
  find\text{-}set\text{-}precondition\ p0\ x \Longrightarrow path\text{-}halving\text{-}invariant\ p0\ x\ x\ p0
proof -
  assume 1: find-set-precondition p0 x
  show path-halving-invariant p\theta \ x \ x \ p\theta
  proof (unfold path-halving-invariant-def, intro conjI)
   show find-set-precondition p\theta x
      using 1 by simp
   show vector x injective x surjective x
      using 1 find-set-precondition-def by auto
   \mathbf{show}\ x \leq p\theta^{T\star} * x
     by (simp add: path-compression-1b)
   show x \leq (p\theta * p\theta)^{T\star} * x
      by (simp add: path-compression-1b)
   have (p\theta * p\theta)^{T\star} * x \le p\theta^{T\star} * x
      by (simp add: conv-dist-comp mult-left-isotone star.circ-square)
   thus p\theta[(p\theta * p\theta)^{T\star} * x - p\theta^{T\star} * x \longmapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^{T}] = p\theta
      by (smt (z3) inf.le-iff-sup inf-commute maddux-3-11-pp p-antitone-inf
pseudo-complement)
   show univalent p\theta total p\theta acyclic (p\theta - 1)
      using 1 find-set-precondition-def by auto
 qed
qed
lemma path-halving-2:
  path-halving-invariant \ p \ x \ y \ p0 \ \land \ y \neq p[[y]] \Longrightarrow path-halving-invariant
(p[y \longmapsto p[[p[[y]]]]) \ x \ ((p[y \longmapsto p[[p[[y]]]])[[y]) \ p0 \ \land \ ((p[y \longmapsto p[[p[[y]]]])^{T \star} \ *
((p[y \longmapsto p[[p[[y]]]])[[y]])) \downarrow < (p^{T\star} * y) \downarrow
proof -
```

```
let ?py = p[[y]]
 let ?ppy = p[[?py]]
 let ?pyppy = p[y \mapsto ?ppy]
 let ?p2 = p0 * p0
 let ?p2t = ?p2^T
 let ?p2ts = ?p2t^*
 let ?px = ?p2ts * x
 let ?py2 = -(p0^{T\star} * y)
 let ?pxy = ?px \sqcap ?py2
 let ?p = p\theta[?pxy \longrightarrow ?p2t]
 let ?pty = p\theta^T * y
 let ?pt2y = p0^T * p0^T * y
 let ?pt2sy = p0^{T*} * p0^{T} * p0^{T} * y
 assume 1: path-halving-invariant p \times y \neq p0 \land y \neq py
 have 2: point ?pty \land point ?pt2y
   using 1 by (smt (verit) comp-associative read-injective read-surjective
path-halving-invariant-def)
 show path-halving-invariant ?pyppy x (?pyppy[[y]]) p\theta \wedge (?pyppy^{T\star} *
(?pyppy[[y]])\downarrow < (p^{T\star} * y)\downarrow
 proof
   show path-halving-invariant ?pyppy x (?pyppy[[y]]) p\theta
   proof (unfold path-halving-invariant-def, intro conjI)
     show 3: find-set-precondition ?pyppy x
     proof (unfold find-set-precondition-def, intro conjI)
      show univalent ?pyppy
        using 1 find-set-precondition-def read-injective update-univalent
path-halving-invariant-def by auto
      show total ?pyppy
        using 1 bijective-regular find-set-precondition-def read-surjective
update-total path-halving-invariant-def by force
      show acyclic (?pyppy - 1)
        apply (rule update-acyclic-3)
        using 1 find-set-precondition-def path-halving-invariant-def apply blast
        using 1 2 comp-associative path-halving-invariant-aux(2) apply force
        using 1 path-halving-invariant-def apply blast
        by (metis inf.order-lesseg-imp mult-isotone star.circ-increasing
star.circ-square mult-assoc)
      show vector x injective x surjective x
        using 1 find-set-precondition-def path-halving-invariant-def by auto
     ged
     \mathbf{show}\ vector\ (\ ?pyppy[[y]])
       using 1 comp-associative path-halving-invariant-def by auto
     show injective (?pyppy[[y]])
      using 1 3 read-injective path-halving-invariant-def find-set-precondition-def
by auto
     show surjective (?pyppy[[y]])
      using 1 3 read-surjective path-halving-invariant-def
find-set-precondition-def by auto
     show ?pyppy[[y]] \le ?pyppy^{T*} * x
```

```
proof -
       have y = (y \sqcap p^{T\star}) * x
         using 1 le-iff-inf vector-inf-comp path-halving-invariant-def by auto
       also have ... = ((y \sqcap 1) \sqcup (y \sqcap (p^T \sqcap -y^T)^+)) * x
         using 1 omit-redundant-points-3 path-halving-invariant-def by auto
       also have ... \leq (1 \sqcup (y \sqcap (p^T \sqcap -y^T)^+)) * x
         using 1 sup-inf-distrib2 vector-inf-comp path-halving-invariant-def by
auto
       also have ... \leq (1 \sqcup (p^T \sqcap -y^T)^+) * x
         by (simp add: inf.coboundedI2 mult-left-isotone)
       also have \dots = (p \sqcap -y)^{T\star} * x
         by (simp add: conv-complement conv-dist-inf star-left-unfold-equal)
       also have ... \leq ?pyppy^{T\star} * x
         by (simp add: conv-isotone inf.sup-monoid.add-commute mult-left-isotone
star-isotone)
       finally show ?thesis
         by (metis mult-isotone star.circ-increasing star.circ-transitive-equal
mult-assoc)
     qed
     show ?pyppy[[y]] \le ?px
     proof -
       have ?pyppy[[y]] = p[[?py]]
         using 1 put-get vector-mult-closed path-halving-invariant-def by force
       also have ... = p\theta[[p\theta[[y]]]]
         using 1 path-halving-invariant-aux(2) by blast
       also have ... = ?p2t * y
         by (simp add: conv-dist-comp mult-assoc)
       also have \dots \leq ?p2t * ?px
         using 1 path-halving-invariant-def comp-associative mult-right-isotone by
force
       also have \dots \leq ?px
         by (metis comp-associative mult-left-isotone star.left-plus-below-circ)
       finally show ?thesis
     qed
     \mathbf{show} \ p\theta[?px - p\theta^{T\star} * (?pyppy[[y]]) \mapsto ?p2t] = ?pyppy
     proof -
       have ?px \sqcap ?pty = ?px \sqcap p0^T * ?px \sqcap ?pty
         using 1 inf.absorb2 inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc mult-right-isotone
path-halving-invariant-def by force
       also have ... = (?p2ts \sqcap p0^T * ?p2ts) * x \sqcap ?pty
         \mathbf{using}\ \textit{3 comp-associative find-set-precondition-def}
injective-comp-right-dist-inf by auto
       also have ... = (1 \sqcap p0) * (?p2ts \sqcap p0^T * ?p2ts) * x \sqcap ?pty
         \mathbf{using}\ 1\ even-odd\text{-}root\ mapping\text{-}regular\ path\text{-}halving\text{-}invariant\text{-}def\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
       also have ... \leq (1 \sqcap p\theta) * top \sqcap ?pty
         by (metis comp-associative comp-inf.mult-left-isotone
comp	ext{-}inf.star.circ	ext{-}sub	ext{-}dist	ext{-}2\ comp	ext{-}left	ext{-}subdist	ext{-}inf\ dual	ext{-}order.trans
mult-right-isotone)
```

```
also have 4: \dots = (1 \sqcap p\theta^T) * ?pty
        using coreflexive-comp-top-inf one-inf-conv by auto
       also have \dots \leq ?pt2y
        by (simp add: mult-assoc mult-left-isotone)
       finally have 5: ?px \sqcap ?pty \leq ?pt2y
       have 6: p[?px \sqcap -?pt2sy \sqcap ?pty \mapsto ?p2t] = p
       proof (cases ?pty \le ?px \sqcap -?pt2sy)
        case True
        hence ?pty \le ?pt2y
          using 5 conv-dist-comp inf.absorb2 by auto
        hence 7: ?pty = ?pt2y
          using 2 epm-3 by fastforce
        have p[?px \sqcap -?pt2sy \sqcap ?pty \mapsto ?p2t] = p[?pty \mapsto ?p2t]
          using True inf.absorb2 by auto
        also have ... = p[?pty \mapsto ?p2[[?pty]]]
          using 2 update-point-get by auto
        also have ... = p[?pty \mapsto p\theta^T * p\theta^T * p\theta^T * y]
          using comp-associative conv-dist-comp by auto
        also have ... = p[?pty \mapsto ?pt2y]
          using 7 mult-assoc by simp
        also have ... = p[?pty \mapsto p[[?pty]]]
          using 1 path-halving-invariant-aux(1,2) mult-assoc by force
        also have \dots = p
          using 2 get-put by auto
        finally show ?thesis
       next
        case False
        have mapping ?p2
          using 1 mapping-mult-closed path-halving-invariant-def by blast
        hence 8: regular (?px \sqcap -?pt2sy)
          {\bf using} \ 1 \ bijective-regular \ find-set-precondition-def \ mapping-regular
pp-dist-comp regular-closed-star regular-conv-closed path-halving-invariant-def by
auto
        have vector (?px \sqcap -?pt2sy)
          using 1 find-set-precondition-def vector-complement-closed
vector-inf-closed vector-mult-closed path-halving-invariant-def by force
        hence ?pty \leq -(?px \sqcap -?pt2sy)
          using 2 8 point-in-vector-or-complement False by blast
        hence ?px \sqcap -?pt2sy \sqcap ?pty = bot
          by (simp add: p-antitone-iff pseudo-complement)
        thus ?thesis
          by simp
       qed
       have 9: p[?px \sqcap -?pt2sy \sqcap y \longmapsto ?p2t] = ?pyppy
       proof (cases y \le -?pt2sy)
        case True
        hence p[?px \sqcap -?pt2sy \sqcap y \longmapsto ?p2t] = p[y \longmapsto ?p2t]
```

```
using 1 inf.absorb2 path-halving-invariant-def by auto
         also have \dots = ?pyppy
          using 1 by (metis comp-associative conv-dist-comp
path-halving-invariant-aux(2) path-halving-invariant-def update-point-get)
         finally show ?thesis
       next
         case False
         have vector(-?pt2sy)
           \mathbf{using}\ 1\ vector\text{-}complement\text{-}closed\ vector\text{-}mult\text{-}closed
path-halving-invariant-def by blast
         hence 10: y \leq ?pt2sy
           using 1 by (smt (verit, del-insts) False bijective-regular
point-in-vector-or-complement\ regular-closed-star\ regular-mult-closed
total-conv-surjective univalent-conv-injective path-halving-invariant-def)
         hence ?px \sqcap -?pt2sy \sqcap y = bot
           by (simp add: inf.coboundedI2 p-antitone pseudo-complement)
         hence 11: p[?px \sqcap -?pt2sy \sqcap y \mapsto ?p2t] = p
           by simp
         have y \leq p\theta^{T+} * y
           using 10 by (metis mult-left-isotone order-lesseq-imp
star.circ-plus-same star.left-plus-below-circ)
         hence 12: y = root \ p\theta \ y
           using 1 loop-root-2 path-halving-invariant-def by blast
         have ?pyppy = p[y \mapsto p\theta[[p\theta[[y]]]]]
           using 1 path-halving-invariant-aux(2) by force
         also have ... = p[y \mapsto p\theta[[y]]]
           using 1 12 by (metis root-successor-loop path-halving-invariant-def)
         also have ... = p[y \mapsto ?py]
           using 1 path-halving-invariant-aux(1) by force
         also have \dots = p
           using 1 get-put path-halving-invariant-def by blast
         finally show ?thesis
           using 11 by simp
       have 13: -?pt2sy = -(p0^{T*} * y) \sqcup (-?pt2sy \sqcap ?pty) \sqcup (-?pt2sy \sqcap y)
       proof (rule order.antisym)
         have 14: regular (p\theta^{T\star} * y) \wedge regular ?pt2sy
           using 1 by (metis order.antisym conv-complement conv-dist-comp
conv-involutive conv-star-commute forest-components-increasing mapping-regular
pp-dist-star regular-mult-closed top.extremum path-halving-invariant-def)
         have p\theta^{T\star} = p\theta^{T\star} * p\theta^{T} * p\theta^{T} \sqcup p\theta^{T} \sqcup 1
           using star.circ-back-loop-fixpoint star.circ-plus-same
star-left-unfold-equal\ sup-commute\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
         hence p\theta^{T\star} * y \leq ?pt2sy \sqcup ?pty \sqcup y
          by (metis inf.eq-refl mult-1-left mult-right-dist-sup)
         also have ... = ?pt2sy \sqcup (-?pt2sy \sqcap ?pty) \sqcup y
           using 14 by (metis maddux-3-21-pp)
         also have ... = ?pt2sy \sqcup (-?pt2sy \sqcap ?pty) \sqcup (-?pt2sy \sqcap y)
```

```
using 14 by (smt (z3) maddux-3-21-pp sup.left-commute sup-assoc)
          hence p\theta^{T\star} * y \sqcap -?pt2sy \leq (-?pt2sy \sqcap ?pty) \sqcup (-?pt2sy \sqcap y)
            using calculation half-shunting sup-assoc sup-commute by auto
          thus -?pt2sy \le -(p0^{T\star} * y) \sqcup (-?pt2sy \sqcap ?pty) \sqcup (-?pt2sy \sqcap y)
            using 14 by (smt (z3) inf.sup-monoid.add-commute shunting-var-p
sup.left-commute sup-commute)
          have -(p\theta^{T\star} * y) \le -?pt2sy
            by (meson mult-left-isotone order.trans p-antitone
star.right-plus-below-circ)
          thus -(p\theta^{T\star} * y) \sqcup (-?pt2sy \sqcap ?pty) \sqcup (-?pt2sy \sqcap y) \leq -?pt2sy
            by simp
        have regular ?px regular ?pty regular y
          using 1 bijective-regular find-set-precondition-def mapping-regular
pp-dist-comp regular-closed-star regular-conv-closed path-halving-invariant-def by
auto
        hence 15: regular (?px \sqcap -?pt2sy \sqcap ?pty) regular (?px \sqcap -?pt2sy \sqcap y)
       have p\theta[?px - p\theta^{T\star} * (?pyppy[[y]]) \mapsto ?p2t] = p\theta[?px - p\theta^{T\star} *
(p[[?py]]) \mapsto ?p2t]
          using 1 put-get vector-mult-closed path-halving-invariant-def by auto
        also have ... = p\theta[?px - ?pt2sy \longrightarrow ?p2t]
          using 1 comp-associative path-halving-invariant-aux(2) by force
        also have ... = p0[?pxy \sqcup (?px \sqcap -?pt2sy \sqcap ?pty) \sqcup (?px \sqcap -?pt2sy \sqcap
y) \longmapsto ?p2t
          using 13 by (metis comp-inf.semiring.distrib-left
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc)
        also have ... = (?p[?px \sqcap -?pt2sy \sqcap ?pty \mapsto ?p2t])[?px \sqcap -?pt2sy \sqcap
y \longmapsto ?p2t
          using 15 by (smt (z3) update-same-3 comp-inf.semiring.mult-not-zero
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc\ inf.sup-monoid.add-commute)
        also have ... = (p[?px \sqcap -?pt2sy \sqcap ?pty \mapsto ?p2t])[?px \sqcap -?pt2sy \sqcap
y \longmapsto ?p2t
          using 1 path-halving-invariant-def by auto
        also have ... = p[?px \sqcap -?pt2sy \sqcap y \mapsto ?p2t]
          using 6 by simp
        also have \dots = ?pyppy
          using 9 by auto
        finally show ?thesis
      qed
      show univalent p0 total p0 acyclic (p0 - 1)
        using 1 path-halving-invariant-def by auto
    ged
    \begin{array}{l} \textbf{let} \ ?s = \{ \ z \ . \ regular \ z \wedge z \leq p^{T\star} * y \ \} \\ \textbf{let} \ ?t = \{ \ z \ . \ regular \ z \wedge z \leq ?pyppy^{T\star} * (?pyppy[[y]]) \ \} \end{array} 
   have ?pyppy^{T\star} * (?pyppy[[y]]) = ?pyppy^{T\star} * (p[[?py]])
      \mathbf{using} \ 1 \ put\text{-}get \ vector\text{-}mult\text{-}closed \ path\text{-}halving\text{-}invariant\text{-}def \ \mathbf{by} \ force
    also have \dots \leq p^{+T\star} * (p[[?py]])
```

```
using 1 path-halving-invariant-def update-square-plus conv-order
mult-left-isotone star-isotone by force
   also have ... = p^{T\star} * p^T * p^T * y
     by (simp add: conv-plus-commute star.left-plus-circ mult-assoc)
   also have ... \leq p^{T+} * y
     \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{mult-left-isotone}\ \mathit{star.left-plus-below-circ}\ \mathit{star-plus})
   finally have 16: ?pyppy^{T\star} * (?pyppy[[y]]) \le p^{T+} * y
   hence ?pyppy^{T\star} * (?pyppy[[y]]) \le p^{T\star} * y
     using mult-left-isotone order-lesseq-imp star.left-plus-below-circ by blast
   hence 17: ?t \subseteq ?s
     using order-trans by auto
   have 18: y \in ?s
     using 1 bijective-regular path-compression-1b path-halving-invariant-def by
force
   have 19: \neg y \in ?t
   proof
     assume y \in ?t
     hence y \leq ?pyppy^{T\star} * (?pyppy[[y]])
       by simp
     hence y \leq p^{T+} * y
       using 16 dual-order.trans by blast
     hence y = root p y
       using 1 find-set-precondition-def loop-root-2 path-halving-invariant-def by
blast
     hence y = ?py
       using 1 by (metis find-set-precondition-def root-successor-loop
path-halving-invariant-def)
     thus False
       using 1 by simp
   qed
   show card ?t < card ?s
     apply (rule psubset-card-mono)
     subgoal using finite-regular by simp
     subgoal using 17 18 19 by auto
     done
 \mathbf{qed}
qed
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{path-halving-3} \colon
 path\text{-}halving\text{-}invariant\ p\ x\ y\ p0\ \land\ y=p[[y]] \Longrightarrow path\text{-}halving\text{-}postcondition\ p\ x\ y
p\theta
proof -
 assume 1: path-halving-invariant p \times y \neq 0 \land y = p[[y]]
 show path-halving-postcondition p x y p\theta
 proof (unfold path-halving-postcondition-def, intro conjI)
   show univalent p total p acyclic (p-1)
     using 1 find-set-precondition-def path-halving-invariant-def by blast+
   have find-set-invariant p \times y
```

```
using 1 find-set-invariant-def path-halving-invariant-def by blast
           thus y = root p x
                 using 1 find-set-3 find-set-postcondition-def by blast
           show p \sqcap 1 = p\theta \sqcap 1
                 using 1 path-halving-invariant-aux(4) by blast
           show fc p = fc p\theta
                 using 1 path-halving-invariant-aux(5) by blast
           have 2: y = p\theta[[y]]
                 using 1 path-halving-invariant-aux(1) by auto
           \mathbf{hence} \ \bar{p} \theta^{\bar{T}\star} * y = y
                 using order.antisym path-compression-1b star-left-induct-mult-equal by auto
           hence \beta: p\theta[(p\theta * p\theta)^{T\star} * x - y \mapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^{T}] = p
                 using 1 path-halving-invariant-def by auto
           have (p\theta * p\theta)^T * y = y
                 using 2 mult-assoc conv-dist-comp by auto
           hence y \sqcap p\theta * p\theta = y \sqcap p\theta
                 using 1 2 by (smt path-halving-invariant-def update-postcondition)
           hence 4: y \sqcap p = y \sqcap p\theta * p\theta
                 using 1 2 by (smt path-halving-invariant-def update-postcondition)
           have p\theta[(p\theta * p\theta)^{T\star} * x \longmapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^{T}] = (p\theta[(p\theta * p\theta)^{T\star} * x - y \longmapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^{T\star})^{T\star} * x \mapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^{T\star} * x \mapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^
[p\theta)^T])[(p\theta * p\theta)^{T\star} * x \sqcap y \longmapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^T]
                 using 1 bijective-regular path-halving-invariant-def update-split by blast
           also have ... = p[(p\theta * p\theta)^{T\star} * x \sqcap y \longmapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^{T}]
                 using 3 by simp
           also have \dots = p
                 apply (rule update-same-sub)
                 using 4 apply simp
                 apply simp
                 using 1 bijective-regular inf.absorb2 path-halving-invariant-def by auto
           finally show p\theta[(p\theta * p\theta)^{T\star} * x \longmapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^{T}] = p
      qed
qed
theorem find-path-halving:
      VARS p y
      [ find-set-precondition p \ x \land p\theta = p ]
      y := x;
      WHILE y \neq p[[y]]
            INV \{ path-halving-invariant p x y p \theta \}
            VAR \{ (p^{T\star} * y) \downarrow \}
              DO p[y] := p[[p[[y]]]];
                       y := p[[y]]
      [ path-halving-postcondition p x y p\theta ]
      apply vcg-tc-simp
           apply (fact path-halving-1)
        apply (fact path-halving-2)
      by (fact path-halving-3)
```

6.3 Path Splitting

Path splitting is another variant of the path compression technique. We implement it again independently of find-set, using a second while-loop which iterates over the same path to the root. We prove that path splitting preserves the equivalence-relational semantics of the disjoint-set forest and also preserves the roots of the component trees. Additionally we prove the exact effect of path splitting, which is to replace every parent pointer with a pointer to the respective grandparent.

```
definition path-splitting-invariant p \times y \neq 0 \equiv
  \textit{find-set-precondition } p \ x \ \land \ point \ y \ \land \ y \leq p0^{T \star} * x \ \land
  p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x - p\theta^{T\star} * y \longmapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^T] = p \land
  disjoint-set-forest p0
definition path-splitting-postcondition p \ x \ y \ p\theta \equiv
  disjoint-set-forest p \wedge y = root \ p \ x \wedge p \cap 1 = p0 \cap 1 \wedge fc \ p = fc \ p0 \wedge
  p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x \longmapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^T] = p
lemma path-splitting-invariant-aux-1:
  assumes point x
      and point y
      and disjoint-set-forest p0
    shows (p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x - p\theta^{T\star} * y \longmapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^T]) \sqcap 1 = p\theta \sqcap 1
      and fc (p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x - p\theta^{T\star} * y \longmapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^T]) = fc p\theta
      and p\theta^{T\star} * x \le p\theta^{\star} * root p\theta x
proof
  let ?p2 = p0 * p0
  let ?p2t = ?p2^T
  let px = p\theta^{T\star} * x
  let ?py = -(p\theta^{T\star} * y)
  let ?pxy = ?px \sqcap ?py
  let ?q1 = ?pxy \sqcap p0
  let ?q2 = -?pxy \sqcap p\theta
  let ?q3 = ?pxy \sqcap ?p2
  let ?q4 = -?pxy \sqcap ?p2
  let ?p = p0[?pxy \mapsto ?p2t]
  let ?r\theta = root \ p\theta \ x
  let ?rp = root ?p x
  have 1: regular ?px \land regular (p0^{T*} * y) \land regular ?pxy
    using assms bijective-regular find-set-precondition-def mapping-regular
pp-dist-comp regular-closed-star regular-conv-closed path-halving-invariant-def
regular-closed-inf by auto
  have 2: vector x \land vector ?px \land vector ?py \land vector ?pxy
    using assms(1,2) find-set-precondition-def vector-complement-closed
vector-mult-closed path-halving-invariant-def vector-inf-closed by auto
  have 3: ?r\theta \le p\theta * ?r\theta
    by (metis assms(3) dedekind-1 inf.le-iff-sup root-successor-loop top-greatest)
  hence ?pxy \sqcap p\theta * ?r\theta < ?pxy \sqcap ?p2 * ?r\theta
    by (metis comp-associative inf.eq-refl inf.sup-right-isotone mult-isotone)
```

```
hence 4: ?q1 * ?r0 < ?q3 * ?r0
   using 2 by (simp add: vector-inf-comp)
 have 5: ?q1 * ?q2 \le ?q3
   using 2 by (smt (z3) comp-isotone inf.cobounded1 inf.cobounded2 inf-greatest
vector-export-comp)
 have ?q1 * ?q2^* * ?r0 = ?q1 * ?r0 \sqcup ?q1 * ?q2 * ?q2^* * ?r0
   by (metis comp-associative semiring.distrib-left star.circ-loop-fixpoint
 also have ... \leq ?q1 * ?r0 \sqcup ?q3 * ?q2^* * ?r0
   using 5 by (meson mult-left-isotone sup-right-isotone)
 also have ... \leq ?q3 * ?r0 \sqcup ?q3 * ?q2^* * ?r0
   using 4 sup-left-isotone by blast
 also have ... = ?q3 * ?q2^* * ?r0
   by (smt (verit, del-insts) comp-associative semiring.distrib-left
star.circ-loop-fixpoint star.circ-transitive-equal star-involutive sup-commute)
 finally have 6: ?q1 * ?q2^* * ?r0 \le ?q3 * ?q2^* * ?r0
 have ?q1 * (-?pxy \sqcap p0^+) * ?pxy \le (?px \sqcap p0) * (-?pxy \sqcap p0^+) * ?pxy
   by (meson comp-inf.comp-left-subdist-inf inf.boundedE mult-left-isotone)
 also have ... \leq (?px \sqcap p\theta) * (-?pxy \sqcap p\theta^+) * ?py
   by (simp add: mult-right-isotone)
 also have ... \leq ?px^T * (-?pxy \sqcap p\theta^+) * ?py
 proof -
   have ?px \sqcap p\theta \le ?px^T * p\theta
     using 2 by (simp add: vector-restrict-comp-conv)
   also have ... \leq ?px^T
    by (metis comp-associative conv-dist-comp conv-involutive conv-star-commute
mult-right-isotone star.circ-increasing star.circ-transitive-equal)
   finally show ?thesis
     using mult-left-isotone by auto
 qed
 also have ... = top * (?px \sqcap -?pxy \sqcap p\theta^+) * ?py
   using 2 by (smt (z3) comp-inf.star-plus conv-dist-inf covector-inf-comp-3
inf-top.right-neutral vector-complement-closed vector-inf-closed)
 also have ... \leq top * (-?py \sqcap p\theta^+) * ?py
   by (metis comp-inf.comp-isotone comp-isotone inf.cobounded2 inf.eq-refl
inf-import-p)
 also have ... = top * (-?py \sqcap p\theta^+ \sqcap ?py^T) * top
   using 2 by (simp add: comp-associative covector-inf-comp-3)
 also have \dots = bot
 proof -
   have p\theta^{T\star} * y - y^T * p\theta^{\star} = p\theta^{T\star} * y * y^T * -p\theta^{\star}
     using 2 by (metis \ assms(2) \ bijective-conv-mapping)
comp-mapping-complement vector-covector vector-export-comp vector-mult-closed)
   also have \dots \leq p\theta^{T\star} * -p\theta^{\star}
     by (meson assms(2) mult-left-isotone order-reft shunt-bijective)
   also have ... \leq -p\theta^*
     by (simp add: conv-complement conv-star-commute pp-increasing
schroeder-6-p star.circ-transitive-equal)
```

```
also have \dots \leq -p\theta^+
    by (simp add: p-antitone star.left-plus-below-circ)
   finally have -?py \sqcap p\theta^+ \sqcap ?py^T = bot
     by (metis comp-inf.p-pp-comp conv-complement conv-dist-comp
conv-involutive conv-star-commute p-shunting-swap pp-isotone
pseudo-complement-pp regular-closed-p)
   thus ?thesis
     by simp
 qed
 finally have 7: ?q1 * (-?pxy \sqcap p0^+) * ?pxy = bot
   using le-bot by blast
 have ?q2^{+} \le -?pxy
   using 2 by (smt (z3) comp-isotone complement-conv-sub inf.order-trans
inf. sup-right-divisibility\ inf-commute\ symmetric-top-closed\ top-greatest)
 hence ?q2^+ < -?pxy \sqcap p0^+
   by (simp add: comp-isotone star-isotone)
 hence 8: ?q1 * ?q2^+ * ?pxy = bot
   using 7 mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone le-bot by auto
 have ?q1 * ?q2^+ * ?q3^* = ?q1 * ?q2^+ \sqcup ?q1 * ?q2^+ * ?q3^+
   by (smt (23) comp-associative star.circ-back-loop-fixpoint star.circ-plus-same
sup-commute)
 also have ... \leq ?q1 * ?q2^+ \sqcup ?q1 * ?q2^+ * ?pxy
   using 2 by (smt (z3) inf.cobounded1 mult-right-isotone sup-right-isotone
vector-inf-comp)
 finally have 9: ?q1 * ?q2^{+} * ?q3^{*} \le ?q1 * ?q2^{+}
   using 8 by simp
 have 10: ?q1 * ?q4 * ?pxy = bot
 proof -
   have ?p2 \leq p0^+
    by (simp add: mult-right-isotone star.circ-increasing)
   thus ?thesis
     using 7 by (metis mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone le-bot
comp-inf.comp-isotone eq-refl)
 qed
 have 11: ?q1 * ?q2 * ?pxy = bot
 proof -
   have p\theta < p\theta^+
     by (simp add: star.circ-mult-increasing)
   thus ?thesis
     using 7 by (metis mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone le-bot
comp-inf.comp-isotone eq-refl)
 qed
 have 12: ?q2 \le p0 * ?q3^* * ?q2^*
   by (smt (verit, del-insts) conv-dist-comp conv-order conv-star-commute
inf.coboundedI1 inf.orderE inf.sup-monoid.add-commute path-compression-1b)
 have ?q3 * p0 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* = ?q1 * p0 * p0 * ?q3^* * ?q2^*
   using 2 vector-inf-comp by auto
 also have ... = ?q1 * (?q3 \sqcup ?q4) * ?q3^* * ?q2^*
   using 1 by (smt (z3) comp-associative comp-inf.mult-right-dist-sup
```

```
comp-inf.star-slide inf-top.right-neutral regular-complement-top)
 also have ... = ?q1 * ?q3 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* \sqcup ?q1 * ?q4 * ?q3^* * ?q2^*
   using mult-left-dist-sup mult-right-dist-sup by auto
 also have ... \leq ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* \sqcup ?q1 * ?q4 * ?q3^* * ?q2^*
   by (smt (z3) mult-left-isotone mult-left-sub-dist-sup-right sup-left-isotone
sup-right-divisibility mult-assoc star.left-plus-below-circ)
 also have ... = ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* \sqcup ?q1 * ?q4 * ?q2^* \sqcup ?q1 * ?q4 * ?q3^+ *
   by (smt (z3) semiring.combine-common-factor star.circ-back-loop-fixpoint
star-plus sup-monoid.add-commute mult-assoc)
 also have ... \leq ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* \sqcup ?q1 * ?q4 * ?q2^* \sqcup ?q1 * ?q4 * ?pxy *
?q3* * ?q2*
   by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) comp-isotone inf.sup-right-divisibility
inf-commute order.refl semiring.add-left-mono mult-assoc)
 also have ... = ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* \sqcup ?q1 * ?q4 * ?q2^*
   using 10 by simp
 also have ... = ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* \sqcup ?q1 * ?q2 * p0 * ?q2^*
   using 2 by (smt vector-complement-closed vector-inf-comp mult-assoc)
 also have ... = ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* \sqcup ?q1 * ?q2 * (?q2 \sqcup ?q1) * ?q2^*
   using 1 by (smt (z3) comp-associative comp-inf.mult-right-dist-sup
comp-inf.star-slide inf-top.right-neutral regular-complement-top)
 also have ... = ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* \sqcup ?q1 * ?q2 * ?q2 * ?q2 * ?q2^* \sqcup ?q1 * ?q2 *
?q1 * ?q2*
   using mult-left-dist-sup mult-right-dist-sup sup-commute sup-left-commute by
auto
 also have ... \leq ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* \sqcup ?q1 * ?q2 * ?q2 * ?q2 * ?q2^* \sqcup ?q1 * ?q2 *
?pxy * ?q2*
   by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) comp-isotone inf.sup-right-divisibility
inf-commute order.refl semiring.add-left-mono mult-assoc)
 also have ... = ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* \sqcup ?q1 * ?q2 * ?q2 * ?q2^*
   using 11 by simp
 also have ... \leq ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* \sqcup ?q1 * ?q2^*
   by (smt comp-associative comp-isotone mult-right-isotone star.circ-increasing
star.circ-transitive-equal star.left-plus-below-circ sup-right-isotone)
 also have ... = ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2^*
   by (smt (verit, best) comp-associative semiring.distrib-left
star.circ-loop-fixpoint star.circ-transitive-equal star-involutive)
 finally have 13: ?q3 * p0 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* \le p0 * ?q3^* * ?q2^*
   by (meson inf.cobounded2 mult-left-isotone order-lesseq-imp)
 hence ?q3 * p0 * ?q3^{\star} * ?q2^{\star} \sqcup ?q2 \le p0 * ?q3^{\star} * ?q2^{\star}
   using 12 by simp
 hence ?q3^* * ?q2 \le p0 * ?q3^* * ?q2^*
   by (simp add: star-left-induct mult-assoc)
 hence ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2 \le ?q1 * p0 * ?q3^* * ?q2^*
   by (simp add: comp-associative mult-right-isotone)
 hence ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2 \le ?q3^+ * ?q2^*
   using 2 by (simp add: vector-inf-comp)
 hence 14: ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2 \le ?q3^* * ?q2^*
   using mult-left-isotone order-lesseq-imp star.left-plus-below-circ by blast
```

```
have p0 * ?r0 < p0 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
   \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{metis comp-associative mult-1-right mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone}
reflexive-mult-closed star.circ-reflexive)
 hence 15: ?r0 \le p0 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
   using 3 dual-order.trans by blast
 have ?q3 * p0 * ?q3^{\star} * ?q2^{\star} * ?r0 \le p0 * ?q3^{\star} * ?q2^{\star} * ?r0
   using 13 mult-left-isotone by blast
 hence ?q3 * p0 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0 \sqcup ?r0 \le p0 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
   using 15 by simp
 hence ?q3^* * ?r0 \le p0 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
   by (simp add: star-left-induct mult-assoc)
 hence ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?r0 \le ?q1 * p0 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
   by (simp add: comp-associative mult-right-isotone)
 hence ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?r0 \le ?q3^+ * ?q2^* * ?r0
   using 2 by (simp add: vector-inf-comp)
 hence 16: ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?r0 \le ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
   using mult-left-isotone order-lesseq-imp star.left-plus-below-circ by blast
 have ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0 = ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?r0 \sqcup ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2^+ * ?r0
   by (smt (z3) comp-associative mult-right-dist-sup star.circ-back-loop-fixpoint
star.circ-plus-same sup-commute)
 also have ... \leq ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0 \sqcup ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2^+ * ?r0
   using 16 sup-left-isotone by blast
 also have ... \leq ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0 \sqcup ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
   using 14 by (smt (z3) inf.eq-refl semiring.distrib-right
star.circ-transitive-equal sup.absorb2 sup-monoid.add-commute mult-assoc)
 also have ... = ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
   by (simp add: comp-associative star.circ-transitive-equal)
 finally have 17: ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0 \le ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
 have ?r\theta \le ?q2^* * ?r\theta
   using star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup-right-divisibility by auto
 also have ... \le ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
   using comp-associative star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup-right-divisibility by force
 also have ... \leq ?q2^* * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
   using comp-associative star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup-right-divisibility by force
 finally have 18: ?r0 \le ?q2^* * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
 have p0 * ?q2^* * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0 = (?q2 \sqcup ?q1) * ?q2^* * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
   using 1 by (smt (z3) comp-inf.mult-right-dist-sup comp-inf.star-plus
inf-top.right-neutral regular-complement-top)
 also have ... = ?q2 * ?q2^* * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0 \sqcup ?q1 * ?q2^* * ?q3^* * ?q2^* *
   using mult-right-dist-sup by auto
 also have ... \leq ?q2^* * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0 \sqcup ?q1 * ?q2^* * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
   by (smt (z3) comp-left-increasing-sup star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup-left-isotone
mult-assoc)
 also have ... = ?q2^{\star} * ?q3^{\star} * ?q2^{\star} * ?r0 \sqcup ?q1 * ?q3^{\star} * ?q2^{\star} * ?r0 \sqcup ?q1 *
?q2^{+} * ?q3^{*} * ?q2^{*} * ?r0
   by (smt (z3) mult-left-dist-sup semiring.combine-common-factor
```

```
star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup-monoid.add-commute mult-assoc)
 also have ... \leq ?q2^* * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0 \sqcup ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0 \sqcup ?q1 *
?q2^{+} * ?q2^{*} * ?r0
   using 9 mult-left-isotone sup-right-isotone by auto
 also have ... \leq ?q2^* * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0 \sqcup ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0 \sqcup ?q1 *
?q2^* * ?r0
   by (smt (z3) comp-associative comp-isotone inf.eq-refl
semiring.add-right-mono star.circ-transitive-equal star.left-plus-below-circ
sup-commute)
 also have ... \leq ?q2^* * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0 \sqcup ?q1 * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0 \sqcup ?q3 *
?q2**?r0
   using 6 sup-right-isotone by blast
 also have ... = ?q2^* * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0 \sqcup ?q3 * ?q2^* * ?r0
   using 17 by (smt (z3) le-iff-sup semiring.combine-common-factor
semiring.distrib-right star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup-monoid.add-commute)
 also have ... \leq ?q2^* * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0 \sqcup ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
   by (meson mult-left-isotone star.circ-increasing sup-right-isotone)
 also have ... = ?q2^* * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
   by (smt (z3) comp-associative star.circ-loop-fixpoint star.circ-transitive-equal
star-involutive)
 finally have p0 * ?q2^* * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0 \sqcup ?r0 \le ?q2^* * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
   using 18 sup.boundedI by blast
 hence p0^* * ?r0 \le ?q2^* * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
   by (simp add: comp-associative star-left-induct)
 also have \dots \leq ?p^* * ?q3^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
   by (metis mult-left-isotone star.circ-sub-dist sup-commute)
 also have \dots \leq ?p^* * ?p^* * ?q2^* * ?r0
   by (simp add: mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone star-isotone)
 also have ... \leq ?p^* * ?p^* * ?p^* * ?r0
   by (metis mult-isotone order.refl star.circ-sub-dist sup-commute)
 finally have 19: p0^* * ?r0 \le ?p^* * ?r0
   by (simp add: star.circ-transitive-equal)
 have 2\theta: ?p^* \leq p\theta^*
   by (metis star.left-plus-circ star-isotone update-square-ub-plus)
 hence 21: p0^* * ?r0 = ?p^* * ?r0
   using 19 order.antisym mult-left-isotone by auto
 have ?p \sqcap 1 = (?q3 \sqcap 1) \sqcup (?q2 \sqcap 1)
   using comp-inf.semiring.distrib-right conv-involutive by auto
 also have ... = (?q1 \sqcap 1) \sqcup (?q2 \sqcap 1)
   using assms(3) acyclic-square path-splitting-invariant-def
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc by auto
 also have ... = (?pxy \sqcup -?pxy) \sqcap p\theta \sqcap 1
   using inf-sup-distrib2 by auto
 also have ... = p\theta \sqcap 1
   using 1 by (metis inf.sup-monoid.add-commute inf-sup-distrib1
maddux-3-11-pp)
 finally show 22: ?p \sqcap 1 = p0 \sqcap 1
 have ?p^{T\star} * x \le p0^{T\star} * x
```

```
using 20 by (metis conv-isotone conv-star-commute mult-left-isotone)
 hence 23: ?rp \leq ?r\theta
   using 22 comp-inf.mult-left-isotone by auto
 have 24: disjoint-set-forest ?p
   using 1 2 assms(3) disjoint-set-forest-update-square by blast
 hence 25: point ?rp
   using root-point assms(1) by auto
 have ?r0 * ?rp^T = ?r0 * x^T * ?p^* * (?p \sqcap 1)
   by (smt (z3) comp-associative conv-dist-comp conv-dist-inf conv-involutive
conv-star-commute inf.sup-monoid.add-commute one-inf-conv root-var star-one
star-sup-one wcc-one)
 also have ... \leq (p0 \sqcap 1) * p0^{T*} * 1 * ?p^* * (?p \sqcap 1)
   by (smt\ (z3)\ assms(1)\ comp-associative mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone
root-var)
 also have ... <(p\theta \sqcap 1) * p\theta^{T\star} * p\theta^{\star} * (p\theta \sqcap 1)
   using 20 22 comp-isotone by force
 also have ... = (p\theta \sqcap 1) * p\theta^* * (p\theta \sqcap 1) \sqcup (p\theta \sqcap 1) * p\theta^{T*} * (p\theta \sqcap 1)
   \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ assms(3)\ cancel-separate-eq\ sup-monoid.add-commute
mult-assoc mult-left-dist-sup semiring.distrib-right)
 also have ... = (p0 \sqcap 1) * (p0 \sqcap 1) \sqcup (p0 \sqcap 1) * p0^{T*} * (p0 \sqcap 1)
   using univalent-root-successors assms(3) by simp
 also have ... = (p\theta \sqcap 1) * (p\theta \sqcap 1) \sqcup (p\theta \sqcap 1) * ((p\theta \sqcap 1) * p\theta^*)^T
   by (smt\ (z3)\ comp-associative conv-dist-comp conv-dist-inf conv-star-commute
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute one-inf-conv star-one star-sup-one wcc-one)
 also have ... = (p\theta \sqcap 1) * (p\theta \sqcap 1)
   by (metis univalent-root-successors assms(3) conv-dist-inf
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute one-inf-conv sup-idem symmetric-one-closed)
 also have \dots < 1
   by (simp add: coreflexive-mult-closed)
 finally have ?r\theta * ?rp^T \le 1
 hence ?r0 \le 1 * ?rp
   using 25 shunt-bijective by blast
 hence 26: ?r\theta = ?rp
   using 23 order.antisym by simp
 have ?px * ?r0^T = ?px * x^T * p0^* * (p0 \sqcap 1)
   by (smt (z3) comp-associative conv-dist-comp conv-dist-inf conv-involutive
conv-star-commute inf.sup-monoid.add-commute one-inf-conv root-var star-one
star-sup-one wcc-one)
 also have \dots \leq p\theta^{T\star} * 1 * p\theta^{\star} * (p\theta \sqcap 1)
   by (smt\ (z3)\ assms(1)\ comp-associative mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone
root-var)
 also have ... = p\theta^* * (p\theta \sqcap 1) \sqcup p\theta^{T*} * (p\theta \sqcap 1)
   by (simp add: assms(3) cancel-separate-eq sup-monoid.add-commute
mult-right-dist-sup)
 also have ... = p\theta^* * (p\theta \sqcap 1) \sqcup ((p\theta \sqcap 1) * p\theta^*)^T
   by (smt (23) conv-dist-comp conv-dist-inf conv-star-commute
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute one-inf-conv star-one star-sup-one wcc-one)
 also have ... = p\theta^* * (p\theta \sqcap 1) \sqcup (p\theta \sqcap 1)
```

```
by (metis univalent-root-successors assms(3) conv-dist-inf
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute one-inf-conv symmetric-one-closed)
  also have ... = p0^* * (p0 \sqcap 1)
   by (metis conv-involutive path-compression-1b sup.absorb2 sup-commute)
  also have ... < p\theta^*
   by (simp add: inf.coboundedI1 star.circ-increasing star.circ-mult-upper-bound)
  finally have 27: ?px * ?r\theta^T \le p\theta^*
  thus 28: ?px \le p0^* * ?r0
   by (simp\ add:\ assms(1,3)\ root\text{-}point\ shunt\text{-}bijective)
  have 29: point ?r0
   using root-point assms(1,3) by auto
  hence 3\theta: mapping (?r\theta^T)
   using bijective-conv-mapping by blast
  have ?r\theta * (?px \sqcap p\theta) = ?r\theta * top * (?px \sqcap p\theta)
   using 29 by force
  also have ... = ?r\theta * ?px^T * p\theta
   using 29 by (metis assms(1) covector-inf-comp-3 vector-covector
vector-mult-closed)
  also have ... = ?r\theta * x^T * p\theta^* * p\theta
    using comp-associative conv-dist-comp conv-star-commute by auto
  also have \dots \leq ?r\theta * x^T * p\theta^*
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{simp}\ \mathit{add}\colon \mathit{comp\text{-}associative}\ \mathit{mult\text{-}right\text{-}isotone}\ \mathit{star.circ\text{-}plus\text{-}same}
star.left-plus-below-circ)
  also have ... = ?r\theta * ?px^T
   by (simp add: comp-associative conv-dist-comp conv-star-commute)
  also have ... = (?px * ?r\theta^T)^T
   by (simp add: conv-dist-comp)
  also have ... \leq p\theta^{T\star}
   using 27 conv-isotone conv-star-commute by fastforce
  finally have ?r\theta * (?px \sqcap p\theta) \le p\theta^{T*}
  hence ?px \sqcap p\theta \le ?r\theta^T * p\theta^{T\star}
   using 30 shunt-mapping by auto
  hence ?px \sqcap p\theta \leq p\theta^* * ?r\theta \sqcap ?r\theta^T * p\theta^{T*}
   using 28 inf.coboundedI2 inf.sup-monoid.add-commute by fastforce
 also have ... = p\theta^* * ?r\theta * ?r\theta^T * p\theta^{T*}
   using 29 by (smt (z3) vector-covector vector-inf-comp vector-mult-closed)
  also have ... = ?p^* * ?r\theta * ?r\theta^T * ?p^{T*}
    using 21 by (smt comp-associative conv-dist-comp conv-star-commute)
  also have ... = ?p^* * ?rp * ?rp^T * ?p^{T*}
   using 26 by auto
  also have ... \leq ?p^* * 1 * ?p^{T*}
   using 25 by (smt (z3) comp-associative mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone)
  finally have 31: ?px \sqcap p\theta \leq fc ?p
   by auto
  have -?px \sqcap p\theta < ?p
   by (simp add: inf.sup-monoid.add-commute le-supI1 sup-commute)
  also have \dots \leq fc ? p
```

```
using fc-increasing by auto
  finally have p\theta \leq fc ?p
   using 1 31 by (smt (z3) inf.sup-monoid.add-commute maddux-3-11-pp
semiring.add-left-mono sup.orderE sup-commute)
  also have ... \leq wcc ?p
   using star.circ-sub-dist-3 by auto
  finally have 32: wcc \ p\theta \leq wcc \ ?p
    using wcc-below-wcc by blast
 have ?p \leq wcc \ p\theta
   by (simp add: inf.coboundedI1 inf.sup-monoid.add-commute
star.circ-mult-upper-bound star.circ-sub-dist-1)
 hence wcc ? p \le wcc p\theta
   using wcc-below-wcc by blast
 hence wcc ?p = wcc p\theta
   using 32 order.antisym by blast
  thus fc ? p = fc p0
   using 24 \ assms(3) \ fc\text{-wcc} by auto
qed
lemma path-splitting-invariant-aux:
 assumes path-splitting-invariant p \times y \neq 0
 shows p[[y]] = p\theta[[y]]
   and p[[p[[y]]]] = p\theta[[p\theta[[y]]]]
   and p[[p[[p[[y]]]]]] = p\theta[[p\theta[[p\theta[[y]]]]]]
   and p \sqcap 1 = p0 \sqcap 1
   and fc p = fc p\theta
proof -
 let ?p2 = p0 * p0
 let ?p2t = ?p2^T
 let ?px = p\theta^{T\star} * x
 let ?py = -(p\theta^{T\star} * y)
 let ?pxy = ?px \sqcap ?py
 let ?p = p\theta[?pxy \longrightarrow ?p2t]
 have ?p[[y]] = p\theta[[y]]
   apply (rule put-get-different-vector)
   using assms find-set-precondition-def vector-complement-closed
vector-inf-closed vector-mult-closed path-splitting-invariant-def apply force
   by (meson inf.cobounded2 order-lesseq-imp p-antitone-iff path-compression-1b)
  thus 1: p[[y]] = p\theta[[y]]
   using assms path-splitting-invariant-def by auto
 have ?p[[p\theta[[y]]]] = p\theta[[p\theta[[y]]]]
   apply (rule put-get-different-vector)
   using assms find-set-precondition-def vector-complement-closed
vector-inf-closed vector-mult-closed path-splitting-invariant-def apply force
   by (metis comp-isotone inf.boundedE inf.coboundedI2 inf.eq-refl p-antitone-iff
selection-closed-id star.circ-increasing)
  thus 2: p[[p[[y]]]] = p\theta[[p\theta[[y]]]]
   using 1 assms path-splitting-invariant-def by auto
 have ?p[[p\theta[[p\theta[[y]]]]]] = p\theta[[p\theta[[p\theta[[y]]]]]]
```

```
apply (rule put-get-different-vector)
   {\bf using} \ assms \ find-set-precondition-def \ vector-complement-closed
vector-inf-closed vector-mult-closed path-splitting-invariant-def apply force
   by (metis comp-associative comp-isotone conv-dist-comp conv-involutive
conv-order inf.coboundedI2 inf.le-iff-sup mult-left-isotone p-antitone-iff
p-antitone-inf star.circ-increasing star.circ-transitive-equal)
  thus p[[p[[p[[y]]]]]] = p\theta[[p\theta[[p\theta[[y]]]]]]
    using 2 assms path-splitting-invariant-def by auto
 show p \sqcap 1 = p\theta \sqcap 1
   using assms path-splitting-invariant-aux-1(1) path-splitting-invariant-def
find-set-precondition-def by auto
  show fc p = fc p\theta
   using assms path-splitting-invariant-aux-1(2) path-splitting-invariant-def
find-set-precondition-def by auto
qed
lemma path-splitting-1:
 find\text{-}set\text{-}precondition p0 } x \Longrightarrow path\text{-}splitting\text{-}invariant p0 } x \times p0
  assume 1: find-set-precondition p0 x
  show path-splitting-invariant p\theta \ x \ x \ p\theta
  proof (unfold path-splitting-invariant-def, intro conjI)
   show find-set-precondition p\theta x
      using 1 by simp
   show vector x injective x surjective x
     using 1 find-set-precondition-def by auto
   \mathbf{show} \ x \le p\theta^{T\star} * x
     by (simp add: path-compression-1b)
   have (p\theta * p\theta)^{T\star} * x \leq p\theta^{T\star} * x
     by (simp add: conv-dist-comp mult-left-isotone star.circ-square)
   thus p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x - p\theta^{T\star} * x \longmapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^T] = p\theta
     by (smt (z3) inf.le-iff-sup inf-commute maddux-3-11-pp p-antitone-inf
pseudo-complement)
   show univalent p0 total p0 acyclic (p0 - 1)
     using 1 find-set-precondition-def by auto
 qed
qed
lemma path-splitting-2:
  path-splitting-invariant p \ x \ y \ p0 \ \land \ y \neq p[[y]] \Longrightarrow path-splitting-invariant
(p[y \longmapsto p[[p[[y]]]]) \ x \ (p[[y]]) \ p\theta \ \wedge \ ((p[y \longmapsto p[[p[[y]]]]))^{T\star} \ * \ (p[[y]])) \downarrow < (p^{T\star} \ * \ y) \downarrow
proof -
  let ?py = p[[y]]
  let ?ppy = p[[?py]]
 \mathbf{let}\ ?pyppy = p[y {\longmapsto} ?ppy]
 let ?p2 = p0 * p0
 let ?p2t = ?p2^T
 let ?p2ts = ?p2t^*
 let ?px = p\theta^{T\star} * x
```

```
let ?py2 = -(p\theta^{T\star} * y)
 let ?pxy = ?px \sqcap ?py2
 let ?p = p\theta[?pxy \mapsto ?p2t]
 let ?pty = p\theta^T * y
 let ?pt2y = p\theta^T * p\theta^T * y
 let ?pt2sy = p\theta^{T*} * p\theta^{T} * p\theta^{T} * y
 let ?ptpy = p\theta^{T+} * y
 assume 1: path-splitting-invariant p \times y \neq p0 \land y \neq py
 have 2: point ?pty \land point ?pt2y
   using 1 by (smt (verit) comp-associative read-injective read-surjective
path-splitting-invariant-def)
 show path-splitting-invariant ?pyppy x (p[[y]]) p0 \land (?pyppy^{T*} * (p[[y]])) \downarrow <
(p^{T\star} * y) \downarrow
 proof
   show path-splitting-invariant ?pyppy x (p[[y]]) p\theta
   proof (unfold path-splitting-invariant-def, intro conjI)
     show 3: find-set-precondition ?pyppy x
     proof (unfold find-set-precondition-def, intro conjI)
       show univalent ?pyppy
         using 1 find-set-precondition-def read-injective update-univalent
path-splitting-invariant-def by auto
       show total ?pyppy
         using 1 bijective-regular find-set-precondition-def read-surjective
update-total path-splitting-invariant-def by force
       show acyclic (?pyppy - 1)
         apply (rule update-acyclic-3)
         using 1 find-set-precondition-def path-splitting-invariant-def apply blast
         using 1 2 comp-associative path-splitting-invariant-aux(2) apply force
         using 1 path-splitting-invariant-def apply blast
         by (metis inf.order-lesseq-imp mult-isotone star.circ-increasing
star.circ-square mult-assoc)
       show vector x injective x surjective x
         using 1 find-set-precondition-def path-splitting-invariant-def by auto
     show vector (p[[y]])
       using 1 comp-associative path-splitting-invariant-def by auto
     show injective (p[[y]])
       using 1 3 read-injective path-splitting-invariant-def find-set-precondition-def
by auto
     show surjective (p[[y]])
       using 1 3 read-surjective path-splitting-invariant-def
find-set-precondition-def by auto
     show p[[y]] \leq ?px
     proof -
       have p[[y]] = p\theta[[y]]
         \mathbf{using}\ 1\ path\text{-}splitting\text{-}invariant\text{-}aux(1)\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
       also have ... \leq p\theta^T * ?px
         using 1 path-splitting-invariant-def mult-right-isotone by force
       also have \dots \leq ?px
```

```
by (metis comp-associative mult-left-isotone star.left-plus-below-circ)
       finally show ?thesis
     qed
     show p\theta[?px - p\theta^{T\star} * (p[[y]]) \mapsto ?p2t] = ?pyppy
       have 4: p[?px \sqcap -?ptpy \sqcap y \longmapsto ?p2t] = ?pyppy
       proof (cases y \le -?ptpy)
         {f case}\ True
         hence p[?px \sqcap -?ptpy \sqcap y \longmapsto ?p2t] = p[y \longmapsto ?p2t]
          using 1 inf.absorb2 path-splitting-invariant-def by auto
         also have \dots = ?pyppy
          using 1 by (metis comp-associative conv-dist-comp
path-splitting-invariant-aux(2) path-splitting-invariant-def update-point-get)
         finally show ?thesis
       next
        {f case}\ {\it False}
         have vector (-?ptpy)
          using 1 vector-complement-closed vector-mult-closed
path-splitting-invariant-def by blast
         hence 5: y \leq ?ptpy
          using 1 by (smt (verit, del-insts) False bijective-regular
point-in-vector-or-complement\ regular-closed-star\ regular-mult-closed
total-conv-surjective univalent-conv-injective path-splitting-invariant-def)
         hence ?px \sqcap -?ptpy \sqcap y = bot
          by (simp add: inf.coboundedI2 p-antitone pseudo-complement)
         hence 6: p[?px \sqcap -?ptpy \sqcap y \longmapsto ?p2t] = p
          by simp
         have 7: y = root \ p\theta \ y
          using 1 5 loop-root-2 path-splitting-invariant-def by blast
         have ?pyppy = p[y \mapsto p\theta[[p\theta[[y]]]]]
          using 1 path-splitting-invariant-aux(2) by force
         also have ... = p[y \mapsto p\theta[[y]]]
          using 1 7 by (metis root-successor-loop path-splitting-invariant-def)
         also have ... = p[y \mapsto ?py]
          using 1 path-splitting-invariant-aux(1) by force
         also have \dots = p
          using 1 get-put path-splitting-invariant-def by blast
         finally show ?thesis
          using 6 by simp
       have 8: -?ptpy = ?py2 \sqcup (-?ptpy \sqcap y)
       proof (rule order.antisym)
         have 9: regular (p0^{T\star} * y) \land regular ?ptpy
          using 1 bijective-regular mapping-conv-bijective pp-dist-star
regular-mult-closed path-splitting-invariant-def by auto
         have p\theta^{T\star} * y \leq ?ptpy \sqcup y
          by (simp add: star.circ-loop-fixpoint mult-assoc)
```

```
also have ... = ?ptpy \sqcup (-?ptpy \sqcap y)
            using 9 by (metis maddux-3-21-pp)
          hence p\theta^{T\star} * y \sqcap -?ptpy \leq -?ptpy \sqcap y
            using calculation half-shunting sup-commute by auto
          thus -?ptpy \le ?py2 \sqcup (-?ptpy \sqcap y)
            using 9 by (smt (z3) inf.sup-monoid.add-commute shunting-var-p
sup.left-commute\ sup-commute)
          have -(p\theta^{\hat{T}\star} * y) \leq -?ptpy
            \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ comp\text{-}isotone\ p\text{-}antitone\ star.left\text{-}plus\text{-}below\text{-}circ)
          thus -(p\theta^{T\star} * y) \sqcup (-?ptpy \sqcap y) \leq -?ptpy
            by simp
        qed
        have regular ?px regular y
          using 1 bijective-regular find-set-precondition-def mapping-regular
pp-dist-comp regular-closed-star regular-conv-closed path-splitting-invariant-def by
auto
        hence 10: regular (?px \sqcap -?ptpy \sqcap y)
          by auto
        have p\theta[?px \sqcap -(p\theta^{T\star} * (p[[y]])) \mapsto ?p2t] = p\theta[?px \sqcap -?ptpy \mapsto ?p2t]
          using 1 by (smt\ comp\text{-}associative\ path\text{-}splitting\text{-}invariant\text{-}aux(1)
star-plus)
        also have ... = p\theta[?pxy \sqcup (?px \sqcap -?ptpy \sqcap y) \mapsto ?p2t]
          using 8 by (metis comp-inf.semiring.distrib-left
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc)
        also have ... = ?p[?px \sqcap -?ptpy \sqcap y \mapsto ?p2t]
          using 10 by (smt (z3) update-same comp-inf.semiring.mult-not-zero
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc inf.sup-monoid.add-commute)
        also have ... = p[?px \sqcap -?ptpy \sqcap y \longmapsto ?p2t]
          using 1 path-splitting-invariant-def by auto
        also have \dots = ?pyppy
          using 4 by auto
        finally show ?thesis
      qed
      show univalent p0 total p0 acyclic (p0 - 1)
        using 1 path-splitting-invariant-def by auto
    qed
   let ?s = \{ z \cdot regular \ z \land z \le p^{T\star} * y \}
let ?t = \{ z \cdot regular \ z \land z \le ?pyppy^{T\star} * (p[[y]]) \}
have ?pyppy^{T\star} * (p[[y]]) \le p^{+T\star} * (p[[y]])
      using 1 path-splitting-invariant-def update-square-plus conv-order
mult-left-isotone star-isotone by force
    also have ... = p^{T\star} * p^T * y
      \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ conv\text{-}plus\text{-}commute\ star.left\text{-}plus\text{-}circ\ mult\text{-}assoc)
    also have ... = p^{T+} * y
      by (simp add: star-plus)
    finally have 11: pyppy^{T\star} * (p[[y]]) \leq p^{T+} * y
    hence ?pyppy^{T\star} * (p[[y]]) \le p^{T\star} * y
```

```
using mult-left-isotone order-lesseq-imp star.left-plus-below-circ by blast
   hence 12: ?t \subseteq ?s
     using order-trans by auto
   have 13: y \in ?s
     using 1 bijective-regular path-compression-1b path-splitting-invariant-def by
force
   have 14: \neg y \in ?t
   proof
     assume y \in ?t
     hence y \leq ?pyppy^{T\star} * (p[[y]])
      by simp
     hence y \leq p^{T+} * y
      using 11 dual-order.trans by blast
     hence y = root p y
      using 1 find-set-precondition-def loop-root-2 path-splitting-invariant-def by
blast
     hence y = ?py
      using 1 by (metis find-set-precondition-def root-successor-loop
path-splitting-invariant-def)
     thus False
      using 1 by simp
   qed
   show card ?t < card ?s
     apply (rule psubset-card-mono)
     subgoal using finite-regular by simp
     subgoal using 12 13 14 by auto
     done
 qed
qed
lemma path-splitting-3:
 path-splitting-invariant p \ x \ y \ p0 \ \land \ y = p[[y]] \Longrightarrow path-splitting-postcondition p \ x
y p\theta
proof -
 assume 1: path-splitting-invariant p \times y \neq 0 \land y = p[[y]]
 show path-splitting-postcondition p \times y \neq 0
 proof (unfold path-splitting-postcondition-def, intro conjI)
   show univalent p total p acyclic (p-1)
     using 1 find-set-precondition-def path-splitting-invariant-def by blast+
   show 2: p \sqcap 1 = p0 \sqcap 1
     using 1 path-splitting-invariant-aux(4) by blast
   show \beta: fc p = fc p\theta
     using 1 path-splitting-invariant-aux(5) by blast
   have y \leq p\theta^{T\star} * x
     using 1 path-splitting-invariant-def by simp
   hence 4: y * x^T \leq fc \ p\theta
     using 1 by (metis dual-order.trans fc-wcc find-set-precondition-def
shunt-bijective star.circ-decompose-11 star-decompose-1 star-outer-increasing
path-splitting-invariant-def)
```

```
have 5: y = p\theta[[y]]
      using 1 path-splitting-invariant-aux(1) by auto
    hence y = root \ p\theta \ y
      using 1 path-splitting-invariant-def loop-root by auto
    also have ... = root \ p\theta \ x
      using 1 4 find-set-precondition-def path-splitting-invariant-def
same-component-same-root by auto
    also have \dots = root \ p \ x
      using 1 2 3 by (metis find-set-precondition-def path-splitting-invariant-def
same-root)
    finally show y = root p x
   have p\theta^{T\star} * y = y
      using 5 order.antisym path-compression-1b star-left-induct-mult-equal by
auto
    hence 6: p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x - y \mapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^T] = p
      using 1 path-splitting-invariant-def by auto
    have (p\theta * p\theta)^T * y = y
      using 5 mult-assoc conv-dist-comp by auto
    hence y \sqcap p\theta * p\theta = y \sqcap p\theta
      using 1 5 by (smt path-splitting-invariant-def update-postcondition)
    hence 7: y \sqcap p = y \sqcap p\theta * p\theta
      using 1 5 by (smt path-splitting-invariant-def update-postcondition)
    have p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x \longmapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^T] = (p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x - y \longmapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^T])[p\theta^{T\star} *
x \sqcap y \longmapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^T
      using 1 bijective-regular path-splitting-invariant-def update-split by blast
    also have ... = p[p\theta^{T\star} * x \sqcap y \mapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^T]
      using 6 by simp
    also have \dots = p
      apply (rule update-same-sub)
      using 7 apply simp
      apply simp
      \mathbf{using} \ 1 \ bijective\text{-}regular \ inf. absorb2 \ path\text{-}splitting\text{-}invariant\text{-}def \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
    finally show p\theta[p\theta^{T\star} * x \longmapsto (p\theta * p\theta)^T] = p
  qed
qed
theorem find-path-splitting:
  VARS p t y
  [ find\text{-}set\text{-}precondition\ p\ x \land p\theta = p ]
  y := x;
  WHILE y \neq p[[y]]
    INV \{ path-splitting-invariant p x y p0 \}
    VAR \{ (p^{T\star} * y) \downarrow \}
     DO \ t := p[[y]];
       p[y] := p[[p[[y]]];
        y := t
     OD
```

```
[ path-splitting-postcondition p x y p0 ]
apply vcg-tc-simp
apply (fact path-splitting-1)
apply (fact path-splitting-2)
by (fact path-splitting-3)
```

end

7 Verifying Union by Rank

In this section we verify the union-by-rank operation of disjoint-set forests. The rank of a node is an upper bound of the height of the subtree rooted at that node. The rank array of a disjoint-set forest maps each node to its rank. This can be represented as a homogeneous relation since the possible rank values are $0, \ldots, n-1$ where n is the number of nodes of the disjoint-set forest.

7.1 Peano structures

Since ranks are natural numbers we start by introducing basic Peano arithmetic. Numbers are represented as (relational) points. Constant Z represents the number 0. Constant S represents the successor function. The successor of a number x is obtained by the relational composition $S^T * x$. The composition S * x results in the predecessor of x.

```
class peano-signature = fixes Z :: 'a fixes S :: 'a
```

The numbers will be used in arrays, which are represented by homogeneous finite relations. Such relations can only represent finitely many numbers. This means that we weaken the Peano axioms, which are usually used to obtain (infinitely many) natural numbers. Axiom Z-point specifies that 0 is a number. Axiom S-univalent specifies that every number has at most one 'successor'. Together with axiom S-total, which is added later, this means that every number has exactly one 'successor'. Axiom S-injective specifies that numbers with the same successor are equal. Axiom S-star-Z-top specifies that every number can be obtained from 0 by finitely many applications of the successor. We omit the Peano axiom S*Z=bot which would specify that 0 is not the successor of any number. Since only finitely many numbers will be represented, the remaining axioms will model successor modulo m for some m depending on the carrier of the algebra. That is, the algebra will be able to represent numbers $0, \ldots, m-1$ where the successor of m-1 is 0.

```
\begin{cal}{class} skra-peano-1 = stone-kleene-relation-algebra-tarski-consistent + peano-signature + \end{cal}
```

```
assumes Z-point: point Z
 assumes S-univalent: univalent S
 assumes S-injective: injective S
 assumes S-star-Z-top: S^{T\star}*Z = top
begin
lemma conv-Z-Z:
 Z^T * Z = top
 by (simp add: Z-point point-conv-comp)
lemma Z-below-S-star:
  Z \leq S^{\star}
proof -
 have top * Z^T \leq S^{T\star}
   using S-star-Z-top Z-point shunt-bijective by blast
 thus ?thesis
   using Z-point conv-order conv-star-commute vector-conv-covector by force
qed
lemma S-connected:
  S^{T\star} * S^{\star} = top
 by (metis Z-below-S-star S-star-Z-top mult-left-dist-sup sup.orderE sup-commute
top.extremum)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{S-star-connex}:
  S^* \sqcup S^{T*} = top
 using S-connected S-univalent cancel-separate-eq sup-commute by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{Z-sup-conv-S-top} \colon
  Z \sqcup S^T * top = top
 using S-star-Z-top star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup-commute by auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ top\text{-}S\text{-}sup\text{-}conv\text{-}Z\text{:}
  top * S \sqcup Z^T = top
 by (metis S-star-Z-top conv-dist-comp conv-involutive conv-star-commute
star.circ-back-loop-fixpoint symmetric-top-closed)
lemma S-inf-1-below-Z:
 S \sqcap 1 \leq Z
proof -
 have (S \sqcap 1) * S^T \leq S \sqcap 1
   \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{metis S-injective conv-dist-comp coreflexive-symmetric inf.} bounded I
inf.cobounded1 inf.cobounded2 injective-codomain)
 hence (S \sqcap 1) * S^{T*} \leq S \sqcap 1
   \mathbf{using}\ star\text{-}right\text{-}induct\text{-}mult\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
 hence (S \sqcap 1) * S^{T\star} * Z \leq (S \sqcap 1) * Z
   by (simp add: mult-left-isotone)
 also have \dots \leq Z
   by (metis comp-left-subdist-inf inf.boundedE mult-1-left)
```

The successor operation provides a convenient way to compare two natural numbers. Namely, k < m if m can be reached from k by finitely many applications of the successor, formally $m \le S^{T\star} * k$ or $k \le S^{\star} * m$. This does not work for numbers modulo m since comparison depends on the chosen representative. We therefore work with a modified successor relation S', which is a partial function that computes the successor for all numbers except m-1. If S is surjective, the point M representing the greatest number m-1 is the predecessor of 0 under S. If S is not surjective (like for the set of all natural numbers), M = bot.

```
abbreviation S' \equiv S - Z^T
abbreviation M \equiv S * Z
lemma M-point-iff-S-surjective:
 point M \longleftrightarrow surjective S
proof
 assume 1: point M
 hence 1 \leq Z^T * S^T * S * Z
   using comp-associative conv-dist-comp surjective-var by auto
  hence Z \leq S^T * S * Z
   using 1 Z-point bijective-reverse mult-assoc by auto
  also have \dots \leq S^T * top
   \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ comp\text{-}isotone\ mult\text{-}assoc)
 finally have S^T * S^T * top \sqcup Z \leq S^T * top
   using mult-isotone mult-assoc by force
 hence S^{T\star} * Z \leq S^{T} * top
   by (simp add: star-left-induct mult-assoc)
  thus surjective S
   by (simp add: S-star-Z-top order.antisym surjective-conv-total)
next
 assume surjective S
 thus point M
   by (metis S-injective Z-point comp-associative injective-mult-closed)
lemma S'-univalent:
  univalent S'
 by (simp add: S-univalent univalent-inf-closed)
lemma S'-injective:
```

```
injective S'
 by (simp add: S-injective injective-inf-closed)
lemma S'-Z:
 S' * Z = bot
 by (simp add: Z-point covector-vector-comp injective-comp-right-dist-inf)
lemma S'-irreflexive:
 irreflexive S'
 using S-inf-1-below-conv-Z order-lesseq-imp p-shunting-swap pp-increasing by
blast
end
class \ skra-peano-2 = skra-peano-1 +
 assumes S-total: total S
begin
lemma S-mapping:
 mapping S
 by (simp add: S-total S-univalent)
lemma M-bot-iff-S-not-surjective:
 M \neq bot \longleftrightarrow surjective S
proof
 assume M \neq bot
 hence top * S * Z = top
   by (metis S-mapping Z-point bijective-regular comp-associative
mapping-regular regular-mult-closed tarski)
 hence Z^T \leq top * S
   using M-point-iff-S-surjective S-injective Z-point comp-associative
injective-mult-closed by auto
 thus surjective S
   using sup.orderE top-S-sup-conv-Z by fastforce
 assume surjective S
 thus M \neq bot
   using M-point-iff-S-surjective consistent covector-bot-closed by force
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{M-point-or-bot}:
 point M \vee M = bot
 using M-bot-iff-S-not-surjective M-point-iff-S-surjective by blast
    Alternative way to express S'
lemma S'-var:
 S' = S - M
proof -
 have S' = S * (1 - Z^T)
```

```
by (simp add: Z-point covector-comp-inf vector-conv-compl)
 also have ... = S * (1 - Z)
   by (metis conv-complement one-inf-conv)
 also have \dots = S * 1 \sqcap S * -Z
   by (simp add: S-mapping univalent-comp-left-dist-inf)
 also have \dots = S - M
   by (simp add: comp-mapping-complement S-mapping)
 finally show ?thesis
\mathbf{qed}
   Special case of just 1 number
lemma M-is-Z-iff-1-is-top:
 M = Z \longleftrightarrow 1 = top
proof
 assume M = Z
 hence Z = S^T * Z
   by (metis S-mapping Z-point order.antisym bijective-reverse inf.eq-refl
shunt-mapping)
 thus 1 = top
   by (metis S-star-Z-top Z-point inf.eq-refl star-left-induct sup.absorb2
symmetric-top-closed top-le)
\mathbf{next}
 assume 1 = top
 thus M = Z
   using S-mapping comp-right-one mult-1-left by auto
qed
lemma S-irreflexive:
 assumes M \neq Z
 shows irreflexive S
proof -
 have (S \sqcap 1) * S^T \leq S \sqcap 1
   by (smt (z3) S-injective S-mapping coreflexive-comp-top-inf dual-order.eq-iff
inf.cobounded1\ inf.sup{-}monoid.add{-}commute\ inf.sup{-}same{-}context
mult-left-isotone one-inf-conv top-right-mult-increasing total-var)
 hence (S \sqcap 1) * S^{T \star} < S \sqcap 1
   using star-right-induct-mult by blast
 hence (S \sqcap 1) * S^{T\star} * Z \leq (S \sqcap 1) * Z
   by (simp add: mult-left-isotone)
 also have \dots = M \sqcap Z
   by (simp add: Z-point injective-comp-right-dist-inf)
 also have \dots = bot
   by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) M-point-or-bot assms Z-point
bijective-one-closed bijective-regular comp-associative conv-complement
coreflexive\-comp\-top\-inf\ epm\-3\ inf. sup\-monoid. add\-commute\ one\-inf\-conv
regular-mult-closed star.circ-increasing star.circ-zero tarski vector-conv-covector
vector-export-comp-unit)
 finally have S \sqcap 1 \leq bot
```

```
using S-star-Z-top comp-associative le-bot top-right-mult-increasing by
fast force
  thus ?thesis
   using le-bot pseudo-complement by blast
qed
     We show that S' satisfies most properties of S.
lemma M-regular:
  regular M
  using S-mapping Z-point bijective-regular mapping-regular regular-mult-closed
\mathbf{by} blast
lemma S'-regular:
  regular\ S'
 using S-mapping mapping-regular by auto
lemma S'-star-Z-top:
  S^{\prime T\star} * Z = top
proof -
  have S^{T\star} * Z = (S' \sqcup (S \sqcap M))^{T\star} * Z
   by (metis M-regular maddux-3-11-pp S'-var)
  also have \dots \leq \tilde{S}^{\prime T \star} * Z
  proof (cases M = bot)
   {f case} True
   thus ?thesis
     by simp
  next
   {\bf case}\ \mathit{False}
   hence point M
      using M-point-or-bot by auto
   hence arc (S \sqcap M)
      \mathbf{using} \ \textit{S-mapping mapping-inf-point-arc} \ \mathbf{by} \ \textit{blast}
   hence 1: arc ((S \sqcap M)^T)
      using conv-involutive by auto
   have 2: S \sqcap M < Z^T
      by (metis S'-var Z-point bijective-regular conv-complement inf.cobounded2
p-shunting-swap)
   have (S' \sqcup (S \sqcap M))^{T\star} * Z = (S'^T \sqcup (S \sqcap M)^T)^{\star} * Z
   by (simp add: S'-var conv-dist-sup)
also have ... = (S^{T\star}*(S\sqcap M)^T*S^{T\star}\sqcup S^{T\star})*Z
      using 1 star-arc-decompose sup-commute by auto
   also have ... = S^{T\star} * (\bar{S} \sqcap M)^T * S^{T\star} * \bar{Z} \sqcup S^{T\star} * Z
     \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{mult-right-dist-sup}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{auto}
   also have ... \leq S^{\prime T \star} * Z^{\overline{T} T} * S^{\prime T \star} * Z \sqcup S^{\prime T \star} * Z
     using 2 by (meson comp-isotone conv-isotone inf.eq-refl semiring.add-mono)
   also have ... < S^{T} * Z
     by (metis Z-point comp-associative conv-involutive le-supI mult-right-isotone
top.extremum)
   finally show ?thesis
```

```
qed
 finally show ?thesis
   using S-star-Z-top top-le by auto
qed
lemma Z-below-S'-star:
 Z \leq S'^{\star}
 by (metis S'-star-Z-top Z-point comp-associative comp-right-one conv-order
conv-star-commute mult-right-isotone vector-conv-covector)
lemma S'-connected:
  S^{\prime T\star} * S^{\prime\star} = top
 by (metis Z-below-S'-star S'-star-Z-top mult-left-dist-sup sup.orderE
sup-commute top.extremum)
lemma S'-star-connex:
 S^{\prime\star} \sqcup S^{\prime T\star} = top
 using S'-connected S'-univalent cancel-separate-eq sup-commute by auto
lemma Z-sup-conv-S'-top:
  Z \sqcup S'^T * top = top
 \mathbf{using}\ S'\text{-}star\text{-}Z\text{-}top\ star.circ\text{-}loop\text{-}fixpoint\ sup\text{-}commute\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
lemma top-S'-sup-conv-Z:
  top * S' \sqcup Z^T = top
 by (metis S'-star-Z-top conv-dist-comp conv-involutive conv-star-commute
star.circ-back-loop-fixpoint symmetric-top-closed)
\mathbf{lemma} S-power-point-or-bot:
 assumes regular S'
 shows point (S^T \cap n * Z) \vee S^T \cap n * Z = bot
proof -
 have 1: regular (S^{\prime T} \cap n * Z)
   using assms Z-point bijective-regular regular-conv-closed regular-mult-closed
regular-power-closed by auto
 have injective (S^{\prime T} \cap n)
   by (simp add: injective-power-closed S'-univalent)
 hence injective (S^{\prime T} \cap n * Z)
    using Z-point injective-mult-closed by blast
 thus ?thesis
   using 1 Z-point comp-associative tarski by force
qed
end
```

7.2 Initialising Ranks

We show that the rank array satisfies three properties which are established/preserved by the union-find operations. First, every node has a rank, that is, the rank array is a mapping. Second, the rank of a node is strictly smaller than the rank of its parent, except if the node is a root. This implies that the rank of a node is an upper bound on the height of its subtree. Third, the number of roots in the disjoint-set forest (the number of disjoint sets) is not larger than m-k where m is the total number of nodes and k is the maximum rank of any node. The third property is useful to show that ranks never overflow (exceed m-1). To compare the number of roots and m-k we use the existence of an injective univalent relation between the set of roots and the set of m-k largest numbers, both represented as vectors. The three properties are captured in rank-property.

```
{\bf class}\ skra-peano-3=stone-kleene-relation-algebra-tarski-finite-regular+skra-peano-2} {\bf begin}
```

definition card-less-eq v $w \equiv \exists i$. injective $i \land univalent i \land regular i \land v \leq i * w$ **definition** rank-property p rank $\equiv mapping$ rank $\land (p-1) * rank \leq rank * S'^+ \land card-less-eq (roots <math>p$) $(-(S'^+ * rank^T * top))$

end

class skra-peano-4 = stone-kleene-relation-algebra-choose-point-finite-regular + skra-peano-2 begin

subclass skra-peano-3 ..

The initialisation loop is augmented by setting the rank of each node to 0. The resulting rank array satisfies the desired properties explained above.

```
{\bf theorem} \ {\it init-ranks}:
```

```
VARS\ h\ p\ x\ rank
  [ True ]
  FOREACH x
    USING h
      INV { p - h = 1 - h \wedge rank - h = Z^T - h }
      DO p := make\text{-set } p x;
          rank[x] := Z
       OD
  [ p = 1 \land disjoint\text{-set-forest } p \land rank = Z^T \land rank\text{-property } p \ rank \land h = bot ]
proof vcq-tc-simp
  \mathbf{fix} \ h \ p \ rank
  let ?x = choose\text{-point } h
 let ?m = make\text{-set } p ?x
 let ?rank = rank[?x \mapsto Z]
 assume 1: regular h \wedge vector \ h \wedge p - h = 1 - h \wedge rank - h = Z^T - h \wedge h \neq
  show vector (-?x \sqcap h) \land
```

```
?m \sqcap (--?x \sqcup -h) = 1 \sqcap (--?x \sqcup -h) \land
       ?rank \sqcap (--?x \sqcup -h) = Z^T \sqcap (--?x \sqcup -h) \land
       card \{ x \cdot regular \ x \land x \leq -?x \land x \leq h \} < h \downarrow
  proof (intro\ conjI)
   show vector (-?x \sqcap h)
     using 1 choose-point-point vector-complement-closed vector-inf-closed by
blast
   have 2: point ?x \land regular ?x
     using 1 bijective-regular choose-point-point by blast
   have 3: -h \leq -?x
     using choose-point-decreasing p-antitone-iff by auto
   have 4: ?x \sqcap ?m = ?x * ?x^T \land -?x \sqcap ?m = -?x \sqcap p
     using 1 choose-point-point make-set-function make-set-postcondition-def by
auto
   have ?m \sqcap (--?x \sqcup -h) = (?m \sqcap ?x) \sqcup (?m - h)
     using 2 comp-inf.comp-left-dist-sup by auto
   also have ... = ?x * ?x^T \sqcup (?m \sqcap -?x \sqcap -h)
     using 3 4 by (smt (z3) inf-absorb2 inf-assoc inf-commute)
   also have ... = ?x * ?x^T \sqcup (1 - h)
     using 1 3 4 inf.absorb2 inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc inf-commute by auto
   also have ... = (1 \sqcap ?x) \sqcup (1 - h)
     using 2 by (metis inf.cobounded2 inf.sup-same-context one-inf-conv
vector-covector)
   also have \dots = 1 \sqcap (--?x \sqcup -h)
     using 2 comp-inf.semiring.distrib-left by auto
   finally show ?m \sqcap (--?x \sqcup -h) = 1 \sqcap (--?x \sqcup -h)
   have 5: ?x \sqcap ?rank = ?x \sqcap Z^T \land -?x \sqcap ?rank = -?x \sqcap rank
     by (smt (z3) inf-commute order-refl update-inf-different update-inf-same)
   have ?rank \sqcap (--?x \sqcup -h) = (?rank \sqcap ?x) \sqcup (?rank - h)
     using 2 comp-inf.comp-left-dist-sup by auto
   also have ... = (?x \sqcap Z^T) \sqcup (?rank \sqcap -?x \sqcap -h)
     using 3 5 by (smt (z3) inf-absorb2 inf-assoc inf-commute)
   also have ... = (Z^T \sqcap ?x) \sqcup (Z^T - h)
     using 1 3 5 inf.absorb2 inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc inf-commute by auto
   also have ... = Z^T \sqcap (--?x \sqcup -h)
     using 2 comp-inf.semiring.distrib-left by auto
   finally show ?rank \sqcap (--?x \sqcup -h) = Z^T \sqcap (--?x \sqcup -h)
   have 5: \neg ?x \le -?x
     using 1 2 by (metis comp-commute-below-diversity conv-order
inf.cobounded2 inf-absorb2 pseudo-complement strict-order-var top.extremum)
   have 6: ?x \leq h
     using 1 by (metis choose-point-decreasing)
   show card \{x : regular \ x \land x \le -?x \land x \le h \} < h \downarrow
     apply (rule psubset-card-mono)
     using finite-regular apply simp
     using 2 5 6 by auto
  qed
```

```
next
 show rank-property 1 (Z^T)
 proof (unfold rank-property-def, intro conjI)
   show univalent (Z^T) total (Z^T)
    using Z-point surjective-conv-total by auto
   show (1-1)*(Z^T) \leq (Z^T)*S'^+
    by simp
   have top \le 1 * -(S'^{+} * Z * top)
    by (simp add: S'-Z comp-associative star-simulation-right-equal)
   thus card-less-eq (roots 1) (-(S'^+ * Z^{TT} * top))
    by (metis conv-involutive inf.idem mapping-one-closed regular-one-closed
card-less-eq-def bijective-one-closed)
 qed
qed
end
       Union by Rank
```

7.3

We show that path compression and union-by-rank preserve the rank prop-

```
{f context} stone-kleene-relation-algebra-tarski-finite-regular
begin
```

```
lemma union-sets-1-swap:
 assumes union-sets-precondition p\theta x y
   and path-compression-postcondition p1 \ x \ r \ p0
   and path-compression-postcondition p2 y s p1
 shows union-sets-postcondition (p2[s \mapsto r]) \times y \neq 0
proof (unfold union-sets-postcondition-def union-sets-precondition-def, intro
conjI)
 let ?p = p2[s \mapsto r]
 have 1: disjoint-set-forest p1 \land point \ r \land r = root \ p1 \ x \land p1 \ \sqcap \ 1 = p0 \ \sqcap \ 1 \land
fc p1 = fc p0
   by (smt \ assms(1,2) \ union-sets-precondition-def
path-compression-postcondition-def root-point)
 have 2: disjoint-set-forest p2 \land point s \land s = root p2 y \land p2 \sqcap 1 = p1 \sqcap 1 \land
fc \ p2 = fc \ p1
   by (smt \ assms(1,3) \ union-sets-precondition-def
path-compression-postcondition-def root-point)
 hence 3: fc p2 = fc p0
   using 1 by simp
 show 4: univalent ?p
   using 1 2 update-univalent by blast
 show total ?p
   using 1 2 bijective-regular update-total by blast
 show acyclic (?p-1)
 proof (cases r = s)
   case True
```

```
thus ?thesis
     using 2 update-acyclic-5 by fastforce
 next
   case False
   hence bot = s \sqcap r
     using 1 2 distinct-points inf-commute by blast
   also have ... = s \sqcap p1^{T\star} * r
     using 1 by (smt root-transitive-successor-loop)
   also have ... = s \sqcap p2^{T\star} * r
     using 1 2 by (smt (z3) inf-assoc inf-commute same-root)
   finally have r \sqcap p2^* * s = bot
     using schroeder-1 conv-star-commute inf.sup-monoid.add-commute by
fast force
   thus ?thesis
     using 1 2 update-acyclic-4 by blast
 show fc ? p = wcc (p0 \sqcup x * y^T)
 proof (rule order.antisym)
   have s = p2[[s]]
     using 2 by (metis root-successor-loop)
   hence s * s^T \leq p2^T
     using 2 eq-refl shunt-bijective by blast
   hence s * s^T \leq p2
     using 2 conv-order coreflexive-symmetric by fastforce
   hence s \leq p2 * s
     using 2 shunt-bijective by blast
   hence 5: p2[[s]] \le s
     using 2 shunt-mapping by blast
   have s \sqcap p2 \leq s * (top \sqcap s^T * p2)
     using 2 by (metis dedekind-1)
   also have ... = s * s^T * p2
     by (simp add: mult-assoc)
   also have ... \leq s * s^T
     using 5 by (metis comp-associative conv-dist-comp conv-involutive
conv-order mult-right-isotone)
   also have \dots < 1
     using 2 by blast
   finally have 6: s \sqcap p2 \leq 1
     by simp
   have p\theta \leq wcc \ p\theta
     by (simp add: star.circ-sub-dist-1)
   also have ... = wcc p2
     using 3 by (simp add: star-decompose-1)
   also have 7: ... \leq wcc ?p
   proof -
     have wcc \ p2 = wcc \ ((-s \sqcap p2) \sqcup (s \sqcap p2))
      using 2 by (metis bijective-regular inf.sup-monoid.add-commute
maddux-3-11-pp)
     also have ... \leq wcc ((-s \sqcap p2) \sqcup 1)
```

```
using 6 wcc-isotone sup-right-isotone by simp
 also have ... = wcc (-s \sqcap p2)
   using wcc-with-loops by simp
 also have ... \leq wcc ?p
   using wcc-isotone sup-qe2 by blast
 finally show ?thesis
   by simp
qed
finally have 8: p\theta \leq wcc ?p
 by force
have s \leq p2^{T\star} * y
 using 2 by (metis inf-le1)
hence 9: s * y^T \leq p2^{T*}
 using assms(1) shunt-bijective union-sets-precondition-def by blast
hence y * s^T < p2^*
 using conv-dist-comp conv-order conv-star-commute by force
also have ... \leq wcc \ p2
 by (simp add: star.circ-sub-dist)
also have ... \leq wcc ?p
 using 7 by simp
finally have 10: y * s^T \leq wcc ?p
 by simp
have 11: s * r^T \leq wcc ?p
 using 1 2 star.circ-sub-dist-1 sup-assoc vector-covector by auto
have r \leq p1^{T\star} * x
 using 1 by (metis inf-le1)
hence 12: r * x^T \leq p1^{T*}
 using assms(1) shunt-bijective union-sets-precondition-def by blast
also have \dots \leq wcc \ p1
 using star-isotone sup-ge2 by blast
also have ... = wcc p2
 using 2 by (simp add: star-decompose-1)
also have \dots \leq wcc ? p
 using 7 by simp
finally have 13: r * x^T \leq wcc ?p
 by simp
have x \leq x * r^T * r \wedge y \leq y * s^T * s
 using 1 2 shunt-bijective by blast
hence y * x^T \le y * s^T * s * (x * r^T * r)^T
 using comp-isotone conv-isotone by blast
also have ... = y * s^{T} * s * r^{T} * r * x^{T}
 by (simp add: comp-associative conv-dist-comp)
also have ... \leq wcc ?p * (s * r^{T}) * (r * x^{T})
 using 10 by (metis mult-left-isotone mult-assoc)
also have ... \leq wcc ?p * wcc ?p * (r * x^T)
 using 11 by (metis mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone)
also have ... \leq wcc ?p * wcc ?p * wcc ?p
 using 13 by (metis mult-right-isotone)
also have \dots = wcc ? p
```

```
by (simp add: star.circ-transitive-equal)
finally have x * y^T \leq wcc ?p
  by (metis conv-dist-comp conv-involutive conv-order wcc-equivalence)
hence p\theta \sqcup x * y^T \leq wcc ? p
  using 8 by simp
hence wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T) \leq wcc \ ?p
  \mathbf{using}\ wcc\text{-}below\text{-}wcc\ \mathbf{by}\ simp
thus wcc (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T) \leq fc ?p
  using 4 fc-wcc by simp
have -s \sqcap p2 \leq wcc \ p2
  by (simp add: inf.coboundedI2 star.circ-sub-dist-1)
also have ... = wcc p\theta
  using 3 by (simp add: star-decompose-1)
also have ... \leq wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup y * x^T)
  by (simp add: wcc-isotone)
finally have 14: -s \sqcap p2 \leq wcc \ (p0 \sqcup y * x^T)
  by simp
have s * y^T \leq wcc \ p2
  using 9 inf.order-trans star.circ-sub-dist sup-commute by fastforce
also have ... = wcc p\theta
  using 1 2 by (simp add: star-decompose-1)
also have ... \leq wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup y * x^T)
  by (simp add: wcc-isotone)
finally have 15: s * y^T \leq wcc \ (p0 \sqcup y * x^T)
  by simp
have 16: y * x^T \leq wcc (p\theta \sqcup y * x^T)
  using le-supE star.circ-sub-dist-1 by blast
have x * r^T < p1^*
  using 12 conv-dist-comp conv-order conv-star-commute by fastforce
also have ... \leq wcc p1
  using star.circ-sub-dist sup-commute by fastforce
also have \dots = wcc \ p\theta
  using 1 by (simp add: star-decompose-1)
also have ... \leq wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup y * x^T)
  by (simp add: wcc-isotone)
finally have 17: x * r^T < wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup y * x^T)
  by simp
have r \leq r * x^T * x \wedge s \leq s * y^T * y
  using assms(1) shunt-bijective union-sets-precondition-def by blast
hence s * r^T \le s * y^T * y * (r * x^T * x)^T
  \mathbf{using}\ comp\text{-}isotone\ conv\text{-}isotone\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
also have \dots = s * y^T * y * x^T * x * r^T
 by (simp add: comp-associative conv-dist-comp)
also have ... \leq wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup y * x^T) * (y * x^T) * (x * r^T)
  using 15 by (metis mult-left-isotone mult-assoc)
also have ... \leq wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup y * x^T) * wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup y * x^T) * (x * r^T)
  using 16 by (metis mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone)
also have ... \leq wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup y * x^T) * wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup y * x^T) * wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup y * x^T)
  using 17 by (metis mult-right-isotone)
```

```
also have ... = wcc (p\theta \sqcup y * x^T)
     by (simp add: star.circ-transitive-equal)
   finally have ?p \leq wcc \ (p\theta \sqcup y * x^T)
     using 1 2 14 vector-covector by auto
   hence wcc ? p \le wcc (p0 \sqcup y * x^T)
     using wcc-below-wcc by blast
   also have ... = wcc (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T)
     using conv-dist-comp conv-dist-sup sup-assoc sup-commute by auto
   finally show fc ? p \leq wcc (p\theta \sqcup x * y^T)
     using 4 fc-wcc by simp
 qed
qed
lemma union-sets-1-skip:
 assumes union-sets-precondition p\theta x y
   and path-compression-postcondition p1 x r p\theta
   and path-compression-postcondition p2 y r p1
 shows union-sets-postcondition p2 x y p0
proof (unfold union-sets-postcondition-def union-sets-precondition-def, intro
 have 1: point r \wedge r = root \ p1 \ x \wedge fc \ p1 = fc \ p0 \wedge disjoint-set-forest \ p2 \wedge r =
root \ p2 \ y \land fc \ p2 = fc \ p1
   by (smt \ assms(1-3) \ union-sets-precondition-def
path-compression-postcondition-def root-point)
  thus univalent p2 total p2 acyclic (p2 - 1)
   by auto
 have r \leq p1^{T\star} * x
   using 1 by (metis inf-le1)
 hence r * x^T \leq p1^{T*}
   using assms(1) shunt-bijective union-sets-precondition-def by blast
 hence 2: x * r^T \leq p1^*
   using conv-dist-comp conv-order conv-star-commute by force
 have r \leq p 2^{T\star} * y
   using 1 by (metis inf-le1)
 hence \beta: r * y^T \leq p2^{T*}
   using assms(1) shunt-bijective union-sets-precondition-def by blast
 have x * y^T \le x * r^T * r * y^T
   \mathbf{using}\ 1\ mult-left\text{-}isotone\ shunt\text{-}bijective\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
 also have ... \leq p1^* * p2^{T*}
   using 2 3 by (metis comp-associative comp-isotone)
 also have ... \leq wcc \ p\theta
   using 1 by (metis star.circ-mult-upper-bound star-decompose-1 star-isotone
sup-ge2 star.circ-sub-dist)
 finally show fc \ p2 = wcc \ (p0 \ \sqcup \ x * y^T)
   using 1 by (smt (z3) fc-star star-decompose-1 sup-absorb1 wcc-sup-wcc
star.circ-sub-dist-3 sup-commute wcc-equivalence)
ged
```

end

```
syntax
  -Cond1 :: 'bexp \Rightarrow 'com \Rightarrow 'com (((1IF -/ THEN -/ FI)) [0,0] 61)
translations IF b THEN c FI == IF b THEN c ELSE SKIP FI
context skra-peano-3
begin
lemma path-compression-preserves-rank-property:
  assumes path-compression-postcondition p \ x \ y \ p\theta
     and point x
     and disjoint-set-forest p0
     and rank-property p0 rank
   shows rank-property p rank
proof (unfold rank-property-def, intro conjI)
 let ?px = p\theta^{T\star} * x
 have 1: point y
   by (smt \ assms(1,2) \ path-compression-postcondition-def \ root-point)
 have 2: vector ?px
   using assms(1,2) comp-associative path-compression-postcondition-def by
auto
 have root \ p\theta \ x = root \ p \ x
   by (smt\ (verit)\ assms(1,3)\ path-compression-postcondition-def\ same-root)
 hence root p\theta x = y
   using assms(1) path-compression-postcondition-def by auto
 hence ?px \leq p\theta^* * y
   by (meson\ assms(2,3)\ path-splitting-invariant-aux-1(3))
  hence ?px * y^T < p\theta^*
   using 1 shunt-bijective by blast
 hence ?px \sqcap y^T \leq p\theta^*
   using 1 2 by (simp add: vector-covector)
  also have ... = (p\theta - 1)^{+} \sqcup 1
   using reachable-without-loops star-left-unfold-equal sup-commute by fastforce
  finally have 3: px \sqcap y^T \sqcap -1 \leq (p\theta - 1)^+
   using half-shunting by blast
 have p\theta[?px \mapsto y] = p
   using assms(1) path-compression-postcondition-def by auto
 hence (p-1)*rank = (?px \sqcap y^T \sqcap -1)*rank \sqcup (-?px \sqcap p\theta \sqcap -1)*rank
   using inf-sup-distrib2 mult-right-dist-sup by force
 also have ... \leq (?px \sqcap y^T \sqcap -1) * rank \sqcup (p\theta - 1) * rank
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{meson}\ \mathit{comp-inf}.\mathit{mult-semi-associative}\ \mathit{le-infE}\ \mathit{mult-left-isotone}
sup-right-isotone)
 also have ... \leq (?px \sqcap y^T \sqcap -1) * rank \sqcup rank * S'^+
   using assms(4) rank-property-def sup-right-isotone by auto
 also have ... \leq (p0 - 1)^+ * rank \sqcup rank * S'^+
   using 3 mult-left-isotone sup-left-isotone by blast
 also have ... \leq rank * S'^+
 proof -
   have (p0 - 1)^* * rank \le rank * S'^*
```

```
using assms(4) rank-property-def star-simulation-left star.left-plus-circ by
fast force
    hence (p0 - 1)^+ * rank \le (p0 - 1) * rank * S'^*
     by (simp add: comp-associative mult-right-isotone)
   also have ... \leq rank * S'^+
      \mathbf{by}\ (smt\ (z3)\ assms(4)\ rank\text{-}property\text{-}def\ comp\text{-}associative}
comp\mbox{-}left\mbox{-}subdist\mbox{-}inf\mbox{ inf.}boundedE\mbox{ inf.}sup\mbox{-}right\mbox{-}divisibility
star.circ-transitive-equal)
    finally show ?thesis
      by simp
  qed
  finally show (p-1)*rank \le rank*S'^+
 show univalent rank total rank
    using rank-property-def assms(4) by auto
  show card-less-eq (roots p) (-(S'^+ * rank^T * top))
    using assms(1,4) path-compression-postcondition-def rank-property-def by
auto
qed
theorem union-sets-by-rank:
  VARS p r s rank
  [ union\text{-}sets\text{-}precondition\ p\ x\ y\ \land\ rank\text{-}property\ p\ rank\ \land\ p0\ =\ p ]
  r := find\text{-}set \ p \ x;
  p := path\text{-}compression \ p \ x \ r;
  s := find\text{-}set \ p \ y;
  p := path\text{-}compression \ p \ y \ s;
  IF r \neq s THEN
    IF \ rank[[r]] \leq S'^+ * (rank[[s]]) \ THEN
     p[r] := s
    ELSE
     p[s] := r;
      \mathit{IF}\ \mathit{rank}[[r]] = \mathit{rank}[[s]]\ \mathit{THEN}
       rank[r] := S'^T * (rank[[r]])
      FI
    FI
  FI
  [ union\text{-}sets\text{-}postcondition\ p\ x\ y\ p0\ \land\ rank\text{-}property\ p\ rank\ ]
proof vcg-tc-simp
  fix rank
 let ?r = find\text{-}set \ p\theta \ x
 \mathbf{let}~?p1 = \textit{path-compression}~p0~x~?r
 let ?s = find\text{-set }?p1 y
 let ?p2 = path\text{-}compression ?p1 y ?s
 let ?p5 = path\text{-}compression ?p1 y ?r
 let ?rr = rank[[?r]]
  let ?rs = rank[[?s]]
  let ?rank = rank[?r \mapsto S'^T * ?rs]
 let ?p3 = ?p2[?r \mapsto ?s]
```

```
hence 2: path-compression-postcondition ?p1 x ?r p0
   using find-set-function find-set-postcondition-def find-set-precondition-def
path-compression-function\ path-compression-precondition-def
union-sets-precondition-def by auto
  hence 3: path-compression-postcondition ?p2 y ?s ?p1
    using 1 find-set-function find-set-postcondition-def find-set-precondition-def
path-compression-function path-compression-precondition-def
union-sets-precondition-def path-compression-postcondition-def by meson
 have rank-property ?p1 rank
   using 1 2 path-compression-preserves-rank-property
union-sets-precondition-def by blast
  hence 4: rank-property ?p2 rank
   using 1 2 3 by (meson path-compression-preserves-rank-property
path-compression-postcondition-def union-sets-precondition-def)
  have 5: point ?r point ?s
   using 1 2 3 by (smt path-compression-postcondition-def
union-sets-precondition-def root-point)+
  hence 6: point ?rr point ?rs
    using 1 comp-associative read-injective read-surjective rank-property-def by
auto
  have top \leq S'^* \sqcup S'^{+T}
   by (metis S'-star-connex conv-dist-comp conv-star-commute eq-refl
star.circ-reflexive star-left-unfold-equal star-simulation-right-equal sup.orderE
sup-monoid.add-assoc)
  hence 7: -S'^{+T} < S'^{\star}
   by (metis comp-inf.case-split-left comp-inf.star.circ-plus-one
comp-inf.star.circ-sup-2 half-shunting)
 show (?r \neq ?s \longrightarrow (?rr \leq S'^+ * ?rs \longrightarrow union\text{-}sets\text{-}postcondition} ?<math>p3 \times y \times p0 \wedge s
rank-property ?p3 rank) \wedge
                     (\neg ?rr \leq S'^{+} * ?rs \longrightarrow ((?rr = ?rs \longrightarrow
union\text{-}sets\text{-}postcondition ?p4 x y p0 \ \land \ rank\text{-}property ?p4 ?rank) \ \land
                                           (?rr \neq ?rs \longrightarrow union\text{-}sets\text{-}postcondition ?p4 x)
y p0 \wedge rank-property ?p4 rank)))) \wedge
       (?r = ?s \longrightarrow union\text{-}sets\text{-}postcondition}?p5 \times y \times p0 \wedge rank\text{-}property}?p5 \cdot rank)
 proof
   show ?r \neq ?s \longrightarrow (?rr \leq S'^{+} * ?rs \longrightarrow union\text{-sets-postcondition }?p3 x y p0
\land rank-property ?p3 rank) \land
                     (\neg ?rr \leq S'^{+} * ?rs \longrightarrow ((?rr = ?rs \longrightarrow
union-sets-postcondition ?p4 x y p0 \land rank-property ?p4 ?rank) \land
                                          (?rr \neq ?rs \longrightarrow union\text{-sets-postcondition }?p4 x)
y p0 \wedge rank-property ?p4 rank)))
   proof
     assume 8: ?r \neq ?s
     show (?rr \leq S'^+ * ?rs \longrightarrow union\text{-}sets\text{-}postcondition ?<math>p3 \times y \ p0 \land s
rank-property ?p3 rank) ∧
           (\neg ?rr \leq S'^{+} * ?rs \longrightarrow ((?rr = ?rs \longrightarrow union\text{-}sets\text{-}postcondition} ?p4 x)
y p0 \wedge rank-property ?p4 ?rank) \wedge
```

assume 1: union-sets-precondition $p0 \ x \ y \land rank$ -property $p0 \ rank$

let $?p4 = ?p2[?s \mapsto ?r]$

```
(?rr \neq ?rs \longrightarrow union\text{-sets-postcondition }?p4 \ x \ y \ p0 \ \land
rank-property ?p4 rank)))
     proof
       show ?rr \leq S'^{+} * ?rs \longrightarrow union\text{-}sets\text{-}postcondition} ?p3 x y p0 \land
rank-property ?p3 rank
       proof
         assume 9: ?rr \leq S'^+ * ?rs
         show union-sets-postcondition ?p3 \times y \times p0 \wedge rank-property ?p3 \cdot rank
         proof
          show union-sets-postcondition ?p3 x y p0
            using 1 2 3 by (simp add: union-sets-1)
          show rank-property ?p3 rank
          proof (unfold rank-property-def, intro conjI)
            show univalent rank total rank
              using 1 rank-property-def by auto
            have ?s < -?r
              using 5 8 by (meson order.antisym bijective-regular
point-in-vector-or-complement point-in-vector-or-complement-2)
            hence ?r \sqcap ?s^T \sqcap 1 = bot
              by (metis (full-types) bot-least inf.left-commute
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute one-inf-conv pseudo-complement)
            hence ?p3 \sqcap 1 \leq ?p2
              by (smt half-shunting inf.cobounded2 pseudo-complement
regular-one-closed semiring.add-mono sup-commute)
            hence roots ?p3 \le roots ?p2
              by (simp add: mult-left-isotone)
            thus card-less-eq (roots ?p3) (-(S'^+ * rank^T * top))
              \mathbf{using} \not 4 \mathbf{\ by} \ (\mathit{meson\ rank-property-def\ card-less-eq-def\ order-trans})
            have (?p3 - 1) * rank = (?r \sqcap ?s^T \sqcap -1) * rank \sqcup (-?r \sqcap ?p2 \sqcap rank)
-1) * rank
              using comp-inf.semiring.distrib-right mult-right-dist-sup by auto
            also have ... \leq (?r \sqcap ?s^T \sqcap -1) * rank \sqcup (?p2 - 1) * rank
              {\bf using} \ comp-inf. mult-semi-associative \ mult-left-isotone
sup-right-isotone by auto
            also have ... \leq (?r \sqcap ?s^T \sqcap -1) * rank \sqcup rank * S'^+
              using 4 sup-right-isotone rank-property-def by blast
            also have ... \leq (?r \sqcap ?s^T) * rank \sqcup rank * S'^+
              using inf-le1 mult-left-isotone sup-left-isotone by blast
            also have ... = ?r * ?s^T * rank \sqcup rank * S'^+
              using 5 by (simp add: vector-covector)
            also have ... = rank * S'^+
            proof -
              have rank^T * ?r \le S'^+ * rank^T * ?s
                using 9 comp-associative by auto
              hence ?r \le rank * S'^+ * rank^T * ?s
                using 4 shunt-mapping comp-associative rank-property-def by auto
              hence ?r * ?s^T \le rank * S'^+ * rank^T
                using 5 shunt-bijective by blast
              hence ?r * ?s^T * rank \le rank * S'^+
```

```
using 4 shunt-bijective rank-property-def mapping-conv-bijective by
auto
             thus ?thesis
               using sup-absorb2 by blast
            finally show (?p3 - 1) * rank \le rank * S'^+
          qed
        qed
      qed
      show \neg ?rr \leq S'+ * ?rs \longrightarrow ((?rr = ?rs \longrightarrow union-sets-postcondition ?p4
x y p0 \wedge rank-property ?p4 ?rank) \wedge
                                (?rr \neq ?rs \longrightarrow union\text{-}sets\text{-}postcondition ?p4 x y p0
∧ rank-property ?p4 rank))
      proof
        assume \neg ?rr < S'^+ * ?rs
        hence ?rr \le -(S'^{+} * ?rs)
          using 6 by (meson point-in-vector-or-complement S'-regular
bijective-regular regular-closed-star regular-mult-closed vector-mult-closed)
        also have ... = -S'^+ * ?rs
          using 6 comp-bijective-complement by simp
        finally have ?rs \le -S'^{+T} * ?rr
          using 6 by (metis bijective-reverse conv-complement)
        also have ... \leq S'^* * ?rr
          using 7 by (simp \ add: mult-left-isotone)
        also have ... = S'^+ * ?rr \sqcup ?rr
          using star.circ-loop-fixpoint mult-assoc by auto
        finally have 10: ?rs - ?rr \le S'^+ * ?rr
          using half-shunting by blast
        rank-property ?p4 ?rank) \land
              (?rr \neq ?rs \longrightarrow union\text{-sets-postcondition}?p4 \ x \ y \ p0 \land rank\text{-property}
?p4 \ rank))
          show ?rr = ?rs \longrightarrow union\text{-}sets\text{-}postcondition} ?p4 x y p0 \land
rank-property ?p4 ?rank
          proof
            assume 11: ?rr = ?rs
            show union-sets-postcondition ?p4 \times y \times p0 \wedge rank-property ?p4 ?rank
            proof
             show union-sets-postcondition ?p4 x y p0
               using 1 2 3 by (simp add: union-sets-1-swap)
              show rank-property ?p4 ?rank
              proof (unfold rank-property-def, intro conjI)
               \mathbf{show} \ \mathit{univalent ?rank}
                 using 4 5 6 by (meson S'-univalent read-injective
update-univalent rank-property-def)
               have card-less-eq (roots ?p2) (-(S'^+ * rank^T * top))
                 using 4 rank-property-def by blast
```

```
from this obtain i where 12: injective i \wedge univalent i \wedge regular i
\land roots ?p2 \le i * -(S'^+ * rank^T * top)
                 \mathbf{using}\ card\text{-}less\text{-}eq\text{-}def\ \mathbf{by}\ blast
               let ?i = (i[?s \mapsto i[[i * ?rr]]])[i * ?rr \mapsto i[[?s]]]
               have 13: ?i = (i * ?rr \sqcap ?s^T * i) \sqcup (-(i * ?rr) \sqcap ?s \sqcap ?rr^T * i^T)
*i) \sqcup (-(i * ?rr) \sqcap -?s \sqcap i)
                 by (smt (z3) conv-dist-comp conv-involutive
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc inf-sup-distrib1 sup-assoc)
               have 14: injective ?i
                 apply (rule update-injective-swap)
                 subgoal using 12 by simp
                 subgoal using 5 by simp
                 subgoal using 6 12 injective-mult-closed by simp
                 subgoal using 5 comp-associative by simp
                 done
               have 15: univalent ?i
                 apply (rule update-univalent-swap)
                 subgoal using 12 by simp
                 subgoal using 5 by simp
                 subgoal using 5 by simp
                 subgoal using 6 12 injective-mult-closed by simp
                 subgoal using 5 comp-associative by simp
                 done
               have 16: regular ?i
                 using 5 6 12 by (smt (z3) bijective-regular p-dist-inf p-dist-sup
pp-dist-comp regular-closed-inf regular-conv-closed)
               have 17: regular (i * ?rr)
                 using 6 12 bijective-regular regular-mult-closed by blast
               have 18: find-set-precondition ?p1 y
                 using 1 2 find-set-precondition-def
path-compression-postcondition-def union-sets-precondition-def by blast
               hence ?s = root ?p1 y
                 by (meson find-set-function find-set-postcondition-def)
               also have ... = root ?p2 y
                 using 3 18 by (smt (z3) find-set-precondition-def
path\text{-}compression\text{-}postcondition\text{-}def\ same\text{-}root)
               also have ... < roots ?p2
                 by simp
               also have \dots \leq i * -(S'^+ * rank^T * top)
                 using 12 by simp
               finally have 19: ?s \leq i * -(S'^{+} * rank^{T} * top)
               have roots ?p4 \le ?i * -(S'^+ * ?rank^T * top)
               proof -
                 have ?r \le -?s
                   using 5 8 by (meson order.antisym bijective-regular
point-in-vector-or-complement point-in-vector-or-complement-2)
                 hence ?s \sqcap ?r^T \sqcap 1 = bot
                   by (metis (full-types) bot-least inf.left-commute
```

```
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute one-inf-conv pseudo-complement)
                   hence ?p4 \sqcap 1 \leq -?s \sqcap ?p2
                     by (smt\ (z3)\ bot\text{-}least\ comp\text{-}inf.semiring.distrib\text{-}left
inf.cobounded2 inf.sup-monoid.add-commute le-supI)
                   hence roots ?p4 < roots (-?s \sqcap ?p2)
                     by (simp add: mult-left-isotone)
                   also have ... = -?s \sqcap roots ?p2
                     using 5 inf-assoc vector-complement-closed vector-inf-comp by
auto
                  also have ... = (i * ?rr \sqcap -?s \sqcap roots ?p2) \sqcup (-(i * ?rr) \sqcap -?s
\sqcap roots ?p2)
                     using 17 by (smt (z3) comp-inf.star-plus inf-sup-distrib2
inf-top.right-neutral regular-complement-top)
                   also have ... \leq ?i * (-(S'^{+} * ?rank^{T} * top))
                   proof (rule sup-least)
                     have ?rank^T* top = (?r \sqcap (S'^T * ?rs)^T)^T * top \sqcup (-?r \sqcap T)^T 
rank)^T * top
                       using conv-dist-sup mult-right-dist-sup by auto
                   also have ... = (?r^T \sqcap S'^T * ?rs) * top \sqcup (-?r^T \sqcap rank^T) * top
                       using conv-complement conv-dist-inf conv-involutive by auto
                    also have ... = S^T * ?rs * (?r \sqcap top) \sqcup (-?r^T \sqcap rank^T) * top
                       using 5 by (smt (z3) covector-inf-comp-3 inf-commute)
                     also have ... = S^{\prime T} * ?rs * (?r \sqcap top) \sqcup rank^{T} * (-?r \sqcap top)
                       using 5 by (smt (z3) conv-complement
vector\text{-}complement\text{-}closed\ covector\text{-}inf\text{-}comp\text{-}3\ inf\text{-}commute)
                     also have ... = S^T * ?rs * ?r \sqcup rank^T * -?r
                     also have ... \leq S^{\prime T} * ?rs * ?r \sqcup rank^T * top
                       using mult-right-isotone sup-right-isotone by force
                     also have ... \leq S^{\prime T} * ?rs \sqcup rank^T * top
                       using 5 6 by (metis inf.eq-refl mult-assoc)
                     finally have S'^+ * ?rank^T * top \leq S'^+ * S'^T * ?rs \sqcup S'^+ *
rank^T * top
                       \mathbf{by}\ (smt\ comp\text{-}associative\ mult\text{-}left\text{-}dist\text{-}sup\ mult\text{-}right\text{-}isotone)
                     also have ... = S'^* * (S' * S'^T) * ?rs \sqcup S'^+ * rank^T * top
                       \mathbf{bv} (smt star-plus mult-assoc)
                     also have ... \langle S'^* * ?rs \sqcup S'^+ * rank^T * top
                       \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ S'\text{-}\mathit{injective}\ \mathit{comp-right-one}\ \mathit{mult-left-isotone}
mult-right-isotone sup-left-isotone)
                     also have ... = ?rs \sqcup S'^+ * ?rs \sqcup S'^+ * rank^T * top
                      using comp-associative star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup-commute by
fastforce
                     also have ... = ?rs \sqcup S'^+ * rank^T * top
                       by (smt (verit, del-insts) comp-associative mult-left-dist-sup
sup.orderE sup-assoc sup-commute top.extremum)
                    finally have 20: S'^+ * ?rank^T * top \le ?rs \sqcup S'^+ * rank^T * top
                     have ?s * ?s^T = (?s \sqcap i * -(S'^+ * rank^T * top)) * ?s^T
                       using 19 inf.orderE by fastforce
```

```
also have ... = (?s \sqcap i * -(S'^+ * rank^T * top)) * top \sqcap ?s^T
                       using 5 by (smt (z3) covector-comp-inf vector-conv-covector)
vector-covector vector-top-closed)
                     also have ... = ?s \sqcap i * -(S'^+ * rank^T * top) * top \sqcap ?s^T
                       using 5 vector-inf-comp by auto
                     also have ... \leq 1 \sqcap i * -(S'^+ * rank^T * top) * top
                       using 5 by (smt\ (verit,\ ccfv\text{-}SIG)\ inf.cobounded1
inf.cobounded2 inf-greatest order-trans vector-covector)
                     also have ... = 1 \sqcap i * -(S'^+ * rank^T * top)
                       {\bf using} \ comp\hbox{-} associative \ vector\hbox{-} complement\hbox{-} closed
vector-top-closed by auto
                     also have \dots \leq 1 \sqcap i * -(S'^+ * rank^T)
                       \mathbf{by}\ (meson\ comp	ext{-}inf.mult	ext{-}right	ext{-}isotone\ mult	ext{-}right	ext{-}isotone
p-antitone top-right-mult-increasing)
                     also have \dots \leq 1 \sqcap i * S'^{\star T} * rank^T
                     proof -
                       have S'^{\star T} * rank^T \sqcup S'^+ * rank^T = (S'^{T\star} \sqcup S'^+) * rank^T
                         by (simp add: conv-star-commute mult-right-dist-sup)
                       also have ... = (S'^{T\star} \sqcup S'^{\star}) * rank^{T}
                        by (smt (z3) comp-associative semiring.distrib-right
star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup.left-commute sup-commute sup-idem)
                       also have ... = top * rank^T
                         by (simp add: S'-star-connex sup-commute)
                       also have \dots = top
                         \mathbf{using} \not 4 \textit{ rank-property-def total-conv-surjective } \mathbf{by} \textit{ blast}
                       finally have -(S'^+ * rank^T) \leq S'^{\star T} * rank^T
                         by (metis half-shunting inf.idem top-greatest)
                       thus ?thesis
                         \mathbf{using}\ comp\text{-}associative\ inf. sup\text{-}right\text{-}isotone
mult-right-isotone by auto
                     qed
                     also have ... = 1 \sqcap rank * S'^* * i^T
                       by (metis comp-associative conv-dist-comp conv-involutive
one-inf-conv)
                     also have ... \leq rank * S'^* * i^T
                       by simp
                     finally have ?s \le rank * S'^* * i^T * ?s
                       using 5 shunt-bijective by auto
                     hence ?rs \leq S'^* * i^T * ?s
                       using 4 shunt-mapping comp-associative rank-property-def by
auto
                     hence ?s*(i*?rr \sqcap -?s \sqcap roots ?p2) \leq ?s*(i*S'^**i^T*
?s \sqcap -?s \sqcap roots ?p2)
                       using 11 comp-associative comp-inf.mult-left-isotone
comp\text{-}isotone\ inf.eq\text{-}refl\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
                    also have ... = ?s * ((i * S'^{+} * i^{T} * ?s \sqcup i * i^{T} * ?s) \sqcap -?s \sqcap
roots ?p2)
                       by (metis comp-associative mult-left-dist-sup
star.circ-loop-fixpoint)
```

```
also have ... \leq ?s*((i*S'^+*i^T*?s\sqcup 1*?s)\sqcap -?s\sqcap
roots ?p2)
                                                           using 12 by (metis mult-left-isotone sup-right-isotone
comp-inf.mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone)
                                                       also have ... = ?s * (i * S'^+ * i^T * ?s \sqcap -?s \sqcap roots ?p2)
                                                           using comp-inf.comp-right-dist-sup by simp
                                                      also have ... \leq ?s * (i * S'^{+} * i^{T} * ?s \sqcap roots ?p2)
                                                           using comp-inf.mult-left-isotone inf.cobounded1
mult-right-isotone by blast
                                                       also have ... \leq ?s * (i * S'^{+} * i^{T} * ?s \sqcap i * -(S'^{+} * rank^{T} * i^{T} * i^
top))
                                                      using 12 comp-inf.mult-right-isotone mult-right-isotone by auto
                                                      also have ... = ?s * (i * S'^{+} * i^{T} * ?s \sqcap i) * -(S'^{+} * rank^{T} * i^{T} * i
top)
                                                           using 5 by (simp add: comp-associative vector-inf-comp)
                                                     also have ... = (?s \sqcap (i * S'^{+} * i^{T} * ?s)^{T}) * i * -(S'^{+} * rank^{T})
* top)
                                                           using 5 covector-inf-comp-3 mult-assoc by auto
                                                     also have ... = (?s \sqcap ?s^T * i * S'^{+T} * i^T) * i * -(S'^{+} * rank^T)
* top)
                                                            using conv-dist-comp conv-involutive mult-assoc by auto
                                                     also have ... = (?s \sqcap ?s^T) * i * S'^{+T} * i^T * i * -(S'^{+} * rank^T)
* top)
                                                           using 5 vector-inf-comp by auto
                                                       also have ... \leq i * S'^{+T} * i^{T} * i * -(S'^{+} * rank^{T} * top)
                                                           using 5 by (metis point-antisymmetric mult-left-isotone
mult-left-one)
                                                       also have ... < i * S'^{+T} * -(S'^{+} * rank^{T} * top)
                                                           using 12 by (smt mult-left-isotone mult-right-isotone
mult-assoc comp-right-one)
                                                       also have ... \leq i * -(S'^* * rank^T * top)
                                                       proof -
                                                           have S'^+ * S'^* * rank^T * top \leq S'^+ * rank^T * top
                                                                 \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ comp\text{-}associative\ star.circ\text{-}transitive\text{-}equal)
                                                           hence S'^{+T} * -(S'^{+} * rank^{T} * top) \leq -(S'^{\star} * rank^{T} * top)
                                                                 by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) comp-associative
conv-complement-sub-leq mult-right-isotone order.trans p-antitone)
                                                           thus ?thesis
                                                                 by (simp add: comp-associative mult-right-isotone)
                                                       also have ... \leq i * -(S'^+ * ?rank^T * top)
                                                           have S'^+ * ?rank^T * top \le ?rs \sqcup S'^+ * rank^T * top
                                                                 using 2\theta by simp
                                                           also have \dots \leq rank^T * top \sqcup S'^+ * rank^T * top
                                                                 using mult-right-isotone sup-left-isotone top.extremum by
blast
                                                           also have \dots = S'^* * rank^T * top
                                                                 using comp-associative star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup-commute
```

```
by auto
                                          finally show ?thesis
                                              using mult-right-isotone p-antitone by blast
                                       finally have ?s*(i*?rr \sqcap -?s \sqcap roots ?p2) \le i*-(S'^+*
?rank^T * top)
                                     hence i * ?rr \sqcap -?s \sqcap roots ?p2 \le ?s^T * i * -(S'^+ * ?rank^T *
top)
                                          using 5 shunt-mapping bijective-conv-mapping mult-assoc by
auto
                                     hence i * ?rr \sqcap -?s \sqcap roots ?p2 \le i * ?rr \sqcap ?s^T * i * -(S'^+ *
?rank^T * top)
                                          by (simp add: inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc)
                                       also have ... = (i * ?rr \sqcap ?s^T * i) * -(S'^+ * ?rank^T * top)
                                          using 6 vector-inf-comp vector-mult-closed by simp
                                       also have ... \leq ?i * -(S'^+ * ?rank^T * top)
                                          using 13 comp-left-increasing-sup sup-assoc by auto
                                     finally show i * ?rr \sqcap -?s \sqcap roots ?p2 \le ?i * -(S'^+ * ?rank^T)
* top)
                                      have -(i*?rr) \sqcap roots ?p2 \le -(i*?rr) \sqcap i*-(S'^+*rank^T)
* top)
                                          using 12 inf.sup-right-isotone by auto
                                       also have ... \leq -(i * ?rr) \sqcap i * -(?rs \sqcup S'^{+} * rank^{T} * top)
                                       proof -
                                          have 21: regular (?rs \sqcup S'^+ * rank^T * top)
                                              using 4 6 rank-property-def mapping-regular S'-regular
pp-dist-star regular-conv-closed regular-mult-closed bijective-regular
regular-closed-sup by auto
                                          have ?rs \sqcup S'^+ * rank^T * top < S'^+ * rank^T * top \sqcup ?rr
                                              using 11 by simp
                                          hence (?rs \sqcup S'^+ * rank^T * top) - S'^+ * rank^T * top \leq ?rr
                                              \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{half-shunting}\ \mathit{sup-commute}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{auto}
                                          hence -(S'^+ * rank^T * top) \le -(?rs \sqcup S'^+ * rank^T * top) \sqcup
?rr
                                              using 21 by (metis inf.sup-monoid.add-commute
shunting-var-p \ sup-commute)
                                          hence i * -(S'^{+} * rank^{T} * top) \le i * -(?rs \sqcup S'^{+} * rank^{T} * ra
top) \sqcup i * ?rr
                                              by (metis mult-left-dist-sup mult-right-isotone)
                                          hence -(i * ?rr) \sqcap i * -(S'^+ * rank^T * top) \leq i * -(?rs \sqcup i)
S'^+ * rank^T * top)
                                           using half-shunting inf.sup-monoid.add-commute by fastforce
                                          thus ?thesis
                                              using inf.le-sup-iff by blast
                                       also have ... \leq -(i * ?rr) \sqcap i * -(S'^{+} * ?rank^{T} * top)
                                          using 20 by (meson comp-inf.mult-right-isotone
```

```
mult-right-isotone p-antitone)
                 finally have -(i*?rr) \sqcap -?s \sqcap roots ?p2 \le -(i*?rr) \sqcap -?s
\sqcap i * -(S'^{+} * ?rank^{T} * top)
                   by (smt (z3) inf.boundedI inf.coboundedI inf.coboundedI2
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc inf.sup-monoid.add-commute)
                  also have ... \leq ?i * (-(S'^+ * ?rank^T * top))
                   using 5 6 13 by (smt (z3) sup-commute
vector-complement-closed vector-inf-comp vector-mult-closed
comp-left-increasing-sup)
                  finally show -(i*?rr) \sqcap -?s \sqcap roots ?p2 \le ?i* -(S'^+*
?rank^T * top)
                qed
                finally show ?thesis
              qed
               thus card-less-eq (roots ?p4) (-(S'^+ * ?rank^T * top))
                using 14 15 16 card-less-eq-def by auto
              have ?s \leq i * -(S'^+ * rank^T * top)
                using 19 by simp
              also have ... \leq i * -(S'^+ * ?rr)
                using mult-right-isotone p-antitone top.extremum mult-assoc by
auto
              also have ... = i * -S'^{+} * ?rr
                using 6 comp-bijective-complement mult-assoc by fastforce
              finally have ?rr \leq -S^{T} * i^{T} * ?s
                using 5 6 by (metis conv-complement conv-dist-comp
conv-plus-commute bijective-reverse)
              also have ... \leq S'^* * i^T * ?s
                using 7 conv-plus-commute mult-left-isotone by auto
              finally have 22: ?rr \leq S'^* * i^T * ?s
              have ?r = root ?p1 x
                using 2 path-compression-postcondition-def by blast
              also have ... = root ?p2 x
                using 3 18 by (smt (z3) find-set-precondition-def
path-compression-postcondition-def same-root)
              also have ... < roots ?p2
                by simp
              also have \dots \leq i * -(S'^+ * rank^T * top)
                using 12 by simp
              also have \dots \leq i * -(S'^+ * ?rr)
                using mult-right-isotone p-antitone top.extremum mult-assoc by
auto
              also have ... = i * -S'^{+} * ?rr
                using 6 comp-bijective-complement mult-assoc by fastforce
              finally have ?rr < -S^{T} + *i^{T} *?r
                using 5 6 by (metis conv-complement conv-dist-comp
conv-plus-commute bijective-reverse)
```

```
also have ... < S'^* * i^T * ?r
                 using 7 conv-plus-commute mult-left-isotone by auto
               finally have ?rr \leq S'^* * i^T * ?r
               hence ?rr \leq S'^* * i^T * ?r \sqcap S'^* * i^T * ?s
                 using 22 inf.boundedI by blast
               also have ... = (S'^+ * i^T * ?r \sqcup i^T * ?r) \sqcap S'^* * i^T * ?s
                 by (simp add: star.circ-loop-fixpoint mult-assoc)
               also have ... \leq S'^+ * i^T * ?r \sqcup (i^T * ?r \sqcap S'^* * i^T * ?s)
                 by (metis comp-inf.mult-right-dist-sup eq-refl inf.cobounded1
semiring.add-mono)
               also have ... \langle S' * top \sqcup (i^T * ?r \sqcap S'^* * i^T * ?s)
                 using comp-associative mult-right-isotone sup-left-isotone
top.extremum by auto
               also have ... = S' * top \sqcup (i^T * ?r \sqcap (S'^+ * i^T * ?s \sqcup i^T * ?s))
                 by (simp add: star.circ-loop-fixpoint mult-assoc)
               also have ... \leq S' * top \sqcup S'^+ * i^T * ?s \sqcup (i^T * ?r \sqcap i^T * ?s)
               by (smt (z3) comp-inf.semiring.distrib-left inf.sup-right-divisibility
star.circ-loop-fixpoint sup-assoc sup-commute sup-inf-distrib1)
               also have ... \leq S' * top \sqcup (i^T * ?r \sqcap i^T * ?s)
                 by (metis comp-associative mult-right-isotone order.refl
sup.orderE\ top.extremum)
               also have ... = S' * top \sqcup i^T * (?r \sqcap ?s)
                 using 12 conv-involutive univalent-comp-left-dist-inf by auto
               also have \dots = S' * top
                 using 5 8 distinct-points by auto
               finally have top \leq ?rr^T * S' * top
                 using 6 by (smt conv-involutive shunt-mapping
bijective-conv-mapping mult-assoc)
               hence surjective (S'^T * ?rs)
                 using 6 11 by (smt conv-dist-comp conv-involutive
point-conv-comp top-le)
               thus total ?rank
                 using 4 5 bijective-regular update-total rank-property-def by blast
               show (?p4-1) * ?rank \le ?rank * S'^+
               proof -
                 have 23: univalent ?p2
                   using 3 path-compression-postcondition-def by blast
                 have 24: ?r \sqcap (?p4 - 1) * ?rank \le ?s^T * rank * S' * S'^+
                   have ?r \sqcap (?p4 - 1) * ?rank = (?r \sqcap ?p4 \sqcap -1) * ?rank
                    using 5 vector-complement-closed vector-inf-comp inf-assoc by
auto
                   also have ... = (?r \sqcap -?s \sqcap ?p4 \sqcap -1) * ?rank
                      using 5 8 by (smt (z3) order.antisym bijective-regular
point-in-vector-or-complement point-in-vector-or-complement-2 inf-absorb1)
                   also have ... = (?r \sqcap -?s \sqcap ?p2 \sqcap -1) * ?rank
                    by (simp add: inf.left-commute inf.sup-monoid.add-commute
inf-sup-distrib1 inf-assoc)
```

```
also have ... \leq (?r \sqcap ?p2 \sqcap -1) * ?rank
                     using inf.sup-left-isotone inf-le1 mult-left-isotone by blast
                   also have \dots = bot
                   proof -
                     have ?r = root ?p1 x
                       using 2 path-compression-postcondition-def by blast
                     also have ... = root ?p2 x
                       using 3 18 by (smt (z3) find-set-precondition-def
path-compression-postcondition-def same-root)
                     also have \dots \leq roots ?p2
                       by simp
                     finally have ?r \sqcap ?p2 \leq roots ?p2 \sqcap ?p2
                       using inf.sup-left-isotone by blast
                     also have ... \leq (?p2 \sqcap 1) * (?p2 \sqcap 1)^T * ?p2
                       by (smt (z3) comp-associative comp-inf.star-plus dedekind-1
inf-top-right order-lesseg-imp)
                     also have ... = (?p2 \sqcap 1) * (?p2 \sqcap 1) * ?p2
                       using coreflexive-symmetric by force
                     also have ... ≤ (?p2 \sqcap 1) * ?p2
                       by (metis coreflexive-comp-top-inf inf.cobounded2
mult-left-isotone)
                     also have \dots \leq ?p2 \sqcap 1
                       by (smt 23 comp-inf.mult-semi-associative conv-dist-comp
conv-dist-inf conv-order equivalence-one-closed inf.absorb1
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc injective-codomain)
                     also have \dots \leq 1
                      by simp
                     finally have ?r \sqcap ?p2 \le 1
                     thus ?thesis
                       by (metis pseudo-complement regular-one-closed
semiring.mult-not-zero)
                   qed
                   finally show ?thesis
                     using bot-least le-bot by blast
                 qed
                 have 25: -?r \sqcap (?p4 - 1) * ?rank \le rank * S'^+
                   have -?r \sqcap (?p4 - 1) * ?rank = (-?r \sqcap ?p4 \sqcap -1) * ?rank
                    using 5 vector-complement-closed vector-inf-comp inf-assoc by
auto
                   also have ... = (-?r \sqcap (?s \sqcup -?s) \sqcap ?p4 \sqcap -1) * ?rank
                     using 5 bijective-regular inf-top-right regular-complement-top
by auto
                   also have ... = (-?r \sqcap ?s \sqcap ?p_4 \sqcap -1) * ?rank \sqcup (-?r \sqcap -?s)
\sqcap ?p4 \sqcap -1) * ?rank
                     by (smt (z3) inf-sup-distrib1 inf-sup-distrib2
mult-right-dist-sup)
                   also have ... = (-?r \sqcap ?s \sqcap ?r^T \sqcap -1) * ?rank \sqcup (-?r \sqcap -?s)
```

```
\sqcap ?p2 \sqcap -1) * ?rank
                     using 5 by (smt (z3) bijective-regular
comp-inf.comp-left-dist-sup\ inf-assoc\ inf-commute\ inf-top-right\ mult-right-dist-sup
regular-complement-top)
                  also have ... < (?s \sqcap ?r^T \sqcap -1) * ?rank \sqcup (-?s \sqcap ?p2 \sqcap -1)
* ?rank
                    by (smt (z3) comp-inf.semiring.distrib-left inf.cobounded2
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc mult-left-isotone mult-right-dist-sup)
                   also have ... \leq (?s \sqcap ?r^T) * ?rank \sqcup (?p^2 - 1) * ?rank
                    by (smt (z3) inf.cobounded1 inf.cobounded2
inf.sup-monoid.add-assoc mult-left-isotone semiring.add-mono)
                   also have ... = ?s * (?r \sqcap ?rank) \sqcup (?p2 - 1) * ?rank
                    using 5 by (simp add: covector-inf-comp-3)
                   also have ... = ?s * (?r \sqcap (S^T * ?rs)^T) \sqcup (?p2 - 1) * ?rank
                    using inf-commute update-inf-same mult-assoc by force
                  also have ... = ?s * (?r \sqcap ?s^T * rank * S') \sqcup (?p2 - 1) * ?rank
                    using comp-associative conv-dist-comp conv-involutive by auto
                   also have ... \leq ?s * ?s^T * rank * S' \sqcup (?p2 - 1) * ?rank
                    \mathbf{using}\ comp\text{-}associative\ inf.cobounded 2\ mult-right\text{-}isotone
semiring.add-right-mono by auto
                   also have ... \leq 1 * rank * S' \sqcup (?p2 - 1) * ?rank
                    using 5 by (meson mult-left-isotone order.refl
semiring.add-mono)
                  also have ... = rank * S' \sqcup (?p2 - 1) * (?r \sqcap (S^T * ?rr)^T) \sqcup
(?p2 - 1) * (-?r \sqcap rank)
                    using 11 comp-associative mult-1-left mult-left-dist-sup
sup-assoc by auto
                  also have ... \leq rank * S' \sqcup (?p2 - 1) * (?r \sqcap ?r^T * rank * S')
\sqcup (?p2-1)*rank
                    using comp-associative conv-dist-comp conv-involutive
inf.cobounded 1\ inf.sup-monoid.add-commute\ mult-right-isotone
semiring.add-left-mono by auto
                  also have ... = rank * S' \sqcup (?p2 - 1) * (?r \sqcap ?r^T) * rank * S'
\sqcup (?p2-1)*rank
                    using 5 comp-associative vector-inf-comp by auto
                  also have ... < rank * S' \sqcup (?p2 - 1) * rank * S' \sqcup (?p2 - 1)
* rank
                    using 5 by (metis point-antisymmetric mult-left-isotone
mult-right-isotone sup-left-isotone sup-right-isotone comp-right-one)
                  also have ... \leq rank * S' \sqcup rank * S'^+ * S' \sqcup (?p2 - 1) * rank
                    using 4 by (metis rank-property-def mult-left-isotone
sup-left-isotone sup-right-isotone)
                   also have ... \leq rank * S' \sqcup rank * S'^{+} * S' \sqcup rank * S'^{+}
                    using 4 by (metis rank-property-def sup-right-isotone)
                   also have ... \leq rank * S'^+
                    using comp-associative eq-reft le-sup-iff mult-right-isotone
star.circ-mult-increasing star.circ-plus-same star.left-plus-below-circ by auto
                   finally show ?thesis
```

```
have (?p4 - 1) * ?rank = (?r \sqcap (?p4 - 1) * ?rank) \sqcup (-?r \sqcap (?p4 - 1) * ?rank) \sqcup (-?r \sqcap (?p4 - 1) * ?rank)
(?p4 - 1) * ?rank)
                   using 5 by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) bijective-regular
inf-commute inf-sup-distrib2 inf-top-right regular-complement-top)
                 also have ... \leq (?r \sqcap ?s^T * rank * S' * S'^+) \sqcup (-?r \sqcap rank * rank * S' * S'^+)
S'^+)
                   using 24 25 by (meson inf.boundedI inf.cobounded1
semiring.add-mono)
                 also have ... = (?r \sqcap ?s^T * rank * S') * S'^+ \sqcup (-?r \sqcap rank) *
S'^+
                   using 5 vector-complement-closed vector-inf-comp by auto
                 also have ... = ?rank * S'^+
                   using conv-dist-comp mult-right-dist-sup by auto
                 finally show ?thesis
                qed
              qed
            qed
          show ?rr \neq ?rs \longrightarrow union\text{-}sets\text{-}postcondition} ?p4 x y p0 \land
rank-property ?p4 rank
          proof
            assume ?rr \neq ?rs
            hence ?rs \sqcap ?rr = bot
              using 6 by (meson bijective-regular dual-order.eq-iff
point-in-vector-or-complement\ point-in-vector-or-complement-2
pseudo-complement)
            hence 26: ?rs < S'^{+} * ?rr
              using 10 le-iff-inf pseudo-complement by auto
            show union-sets-postcondition ?p4 \times y \times p0 \wedge rank-property ?p4 \cdot rank
            proof
              show union-sets-postcondition ?p4 x y p0
                using 1 2 3 by (simp add: union-sets-1-swap)
              show rank-property ?p4 rank
              proof (unfold rank-property-def, intro conjI)
               show univalent rank total rank
                 using 1 rank-property-def by auto
               have ?r \leq -?s
                 using 5 8 by (meson order.antisym bijective-regular
point-in-vector-or-complement point-in-vector-or-complement-2)
               hence ?s \sqcap ?r^T \sqcap 1 = bot
                 by (metis (full-types) bot-least inf.left-commute
inf.sup-monoid.add-commute\ one-inf-conv\ pseudo-complement)
               hence ?p4 \sqcap 1 \leq ?p2
                 by (smt half-shunting inf.cobounded2 pseudo-complement
regular-one-closed semiring.add-mono sup-commute)
               hence roots ?p4 \le roots ?p2
                 by (simp add: mult-left-isotone)
```

```
thus card-less-eq (roots ?p4) (-(S'^+ * rank^T * top))
                  using 4 by (meson rank-property-def card-less-eq-def order-trans)
                 have (?p4 - 1) * rank = (?s \sqcap ?r^T \sqcap -1) * rank \sqcup (-?s \sqcap ?p2)
\sqcap -1) * rank
                   using comp-inf.semiring.distrib-right mult-right-dist-sup by auto
                 also have ... \leq (?s \sqcap ?r^T \sqcap -1) * rank \sqcup (?p2 - 1) * rank
                   \mathbf{using}\ comp\text{-}inf.mult\text{-}semi\text{-}associative\ mult\text{-}left\text{-}isotone
sup-right-isotone by auto
                 also have ... \leq (?s \sqcap ?r^T \sqcap -1) * rank \sqcup rank * S'^+
                   \mathbf{using} \ \textit{4} \ \textit{sup-right-isotone} \ \textit{rank-property-def} \ \mathbf{by} \ \textit{blast}
                 also have ... \leq (?s \sqcap ?r^T) * rank \sqcup rank * S'^+
                   using inf-le1 mult-left-isotone sup-left-isotone by blast
                 also have ... = ?s * ?r^T * rank \sqcup rank * S'^+
                   using 5 by (simp add: vector-covector)
                 also have ... = rank * S'^+
                 proof -
                   have rank^T * ?s \le S'^+ * rank^T * ?r
                     using 26 comp-associative by auto
                   hence ?s \le rank * S'^+ * rank^T * ?r
                     using 4 shunt-mapping comp-associative rank-property-def by
auto
                   hence ?s * ?r^T \le rank * S'^+ * rank^T
                     using 5 shunt-bijective by blast
                   hence ?s * ?r^T * rank \le rank * S'^+
                     using 4 shunt-bijective rank-property-def mapping-conv-bijective
by auto
                   thus ?thesis
                     using sup-absorb2 by blast
                 finally show (?p4 - 1) * rank \le rank * S'^+
               qed
             qed
           qed
         qed
       qed
     qed
   qed
   show ?r = ?s \longrightarrow union\text{-}sets\text{-}postcondition} ?p5 x y p0 \land rank\text{-}property} ?p5
rank
   proof
     assume 27: ?r = ?s
     show union-sets-postcondition ?p5 \times y \times p0 \wedge rank-property ?p5 \times rank
     proof
       show union\text{-}sets\text{-}postcondition ?<math>p5 \ x \ y \ p0
         using 1 2 3 27 by (simp add: union-sets-1-skip)
       show rank-property ?p5 rank
         using 4 27 by simp
     qed
```

```
qed
qed
qed
end
```

end

8 Matrix Peano Algebras

We define a Boolean matrix representation of natural numbers up to n, where n the size of an enumeration type a::enum. Numbers (obtained by Z-matrix for 0 and N-matrix n for n) are represented as relational vectors. The total successor function (S-matrix, modulo n) and the partial successor function (S'-matrix, for numbers up to n-1) are relations that are (partial) functions.

We give an order-embedding of *nat* into this representation. We show that this representation satisfies a relational version of the Peano axioms. We also implement a function *CP-matrix* that chooses a number in a non-empty set.

theory Matrix-Peano-Algebras

imports Aggregation-Algebras.M-Choose-Component Relational-Disjoint-Set-Forests.More-Disjoint-Set-Forests

begin

no-notation *minus-class.minus* (**infixl** \longleftrightarrow 65)

```
definition Z-matrix :: ('a::enum,'b::{bot,top}) square (<mZero>) where mZero = (\lambda(i,j) \cdot if \ i = hd \ enum-class.enum \ then \ top \ else \ bot) definition S-matrix :: ('a::enum,'b::{bot,top}) square (<msuccmod>) where msuccmod = (\lambda(i,j) \cdot let \ e = (enum-class.enum :: 'a \ list) \ in \ if \ (\exists k \cdot Suc \ k < length \ e \wedge i = e \cdot l \cdot k \wedge j = e \cdot l \cdot Suc \ k) \vee (i = e \cdot l \cdot minus-class.minus \ (length \ e) \ 1 \wedge j = hd \ e) \ then \ top \ else \ bot) definition S'-matrix :: ('a::enum,'b::{bot,top}) square (<msucc>) where msucc = (\lambda(i,j) \cdot let \ e = (enum-class.enum :: 'a \ list) \ in \ if \ \exists k \cdot Suc \ k < length \ e \wedge i = e \cdot l \cdot k \wedge j = e \cdot l \cdot l \cdot l definition N-matrix :: nat \Rightarrow ('a::enum,'b::{bot,top}) \ square \ (<mnat>) \ where mnat \ n = (\lambda(i,j) \cdot if \ i = enum-class.enum \cdot l \cdot n \ then \ top \ else \ bot) definition CP-matrix :: ('a::enum,'b::{bot,uminus}) \ square \(\phi('a,'b) \) \ square \((<mcp>) \) where \(mcp>) \\ where \(mcp>) \) where \(mcp>) \(mcp>) \) where \(mcp>) \(mcp>) \(mcp>) \) if \(some \ i = find \ (\lambda x \cdot f \ (x,x) \neq bot) \) enum-class.enum \(mcp>) \) else \(bot
```

```
lemma S'-matrix-S-matrix:
```

 $(msucc :: ('a::enum, 'b::stone-relation-algebra) \ square) = msuccmod \ominus mZero^t$

```
proof (rule ext, rule prod-cases)
 \mathbf{let} \ ?e = \mathit{enum-class.enum} :: \ 'a \ \mathit{list}
 let ?h = hd ?e
 let ?s = msuccmod :: ('a, 'b) square
 let ?s' = msucc :: ('a, 'b) square
 let ?z = mZero :: ('a, 'b) square
 fix i j
 have ?s'(i,j) = ?s(i,j) - ?z(j,i)
 proof (cases j = ?h)
   {\bf case}\ {\it True}
   have ?s'(i,j) = bot
   proof (unfold S'-matrix-def, clarsimp)
     assume 1: Suc\ k < length\ ?e\ j = ?e\ !\ Suc\ k
     have (UNIV :: 'a \ set) \neq \{\}
      by simp
     hence ?e ! Suc k = ?e ! 0
      using 1 by (simp add: hd-conv-nth UNIV-enum True)
     hence Suc\ k = 0
      apply (subst nth-eq-iff-index-eq[THEN sym, of ?e])
      using 1 enum-distinct by auto
     thus top = bot
      by simp
   qed
   thus ?thesis
     by (simp add: Z-matrix-def True)
 next
   case False
   thus ?thesis
     by (simp add: Z-matrix-def S-matrix-def S'-matrix-def)
 thus ?s'(i,j) = (?s \ominus ?z^t)(i,j)
   by (simp add: minus-matrix-def conv-matrix-def Z-matrix-def)
qed
lemma N-matrix-power-S:
 n < length (enum-class.enum :: 'a list) \longrightarrow mnat n = matrix-monoid.power
(msuccmod^t) n \odot (mZero :: ('a::enum,'b::stone-relation-algebra) square)
proof (induct n)
 let ?z = mZero :: ('a, 'b) square
 let ?s = msuccmod :: ('a, 'b) square
 let ?e = enum-class.enum :: 'a list
 let ?h = hd ?e
 let ?l = length ?e
 let ?g = ?e ! minus-class.minus ?l 1
 let ?p = matrix-monoid.power (?s^t)
 case \theta
 have (UNIV :: 'a \ set) \neq \{\}
   by simp
```

```
hence ?h = ?e ! 0
   by (simp add: hd-conv-nth UNIV-enum)
  thus ?case
   by (simp add: N-matrix-def Z-matrix-def)
  case (Suc \ n)
  assume 1: n < ?l \longrightarrow mnat \ n = ?p \ n \odot ?z
  show Suc n < ?l \longrightarrow mnat (Suc n) = ?p (Suc n) \odot ?z
   assume 2: Suc n < ?l
   hence n < ?l
     by simp
   hence \forall l < ?l : (?e ! l = ?e ! n \longrightarrow l = n)
     using nth-eq-iff-index-eq enum-distinct by auto
   hence 3: \land i \cdot (\exists l < ?l \cdot ?e! n = ?e! l \land i = ?e! Suc l) \longrightarrow (i = ?e! Suc n)
     by auto
   have 4: \bigwedge i \cdot (\exists l \cdot Suc \ l < ?l \land ?e \mid n = ?e \mid l \land i = ?e \mid Suc \ l) \longleftrightarrow (i = ?e \mid l \land i = ?e \mid Suc \mid l)
Suc \ n)
     apply (rule\ iffI)
     using \beta apply (metis Suc-lessD)
     using 2 by auto
   show mnat (Suc \ n) = ?p (Suc \ n) \odot ?z
   proof (rule ext, rule prod-cases)
     fix i j :: 'a
     have (?p (Suc n) \odot ?z) (i,j) = (?s^t \odot mnat n) (i,j)
       using 1 2 by (simp add: matrix-monoid.mult-assoc)
     also have ... = (\bigsqcup_k ((?s(k,i))^T * mnat n(k,j)))
       \mathbf{by}\ (simp\ add:\ times-matrix-def\ conv-matrix-def)
     also have ... = (\bigsqcup_k ((if (\exists l . Suc \ l < length ?e \land k = ?e ! \ l \land i = ?e ! Suc))
(i) \lor (k = ?g \land i = ?h) then top else bot)<sup>T</sup> * (if k = ?e! n then top else bot)))
       by (simp add: S-matrix-def N-matrix-def)
     also have ... = (| \cdot |_k ((if (\exists l : Suc \ l < length ?e \land k = ?e ! \ l \land i = ?e ! Suc 
(i) \lor (k = ?g \land i = ?h) \text{ then top else bot}) * (if k = ?e! n \text{ then top else bot}))
       by (smt (verit, best) sup-monoid.sum.cong symmetric-bot-closed
symmetric-top-closed)
     also have ... = (\bigsqcup_k (if (\exists l : Suc \ l < length ?e \land k = ?e ! \ l \land i = ?e ! Suc \ l)
\land k = ?e! n) \lor (k = ?g \land i = ?h \land k = ?e! n) then top else bot)
       by (smt (verit, best) covector-bot-closed idempotent-bot-closed
sup-monoid.sum.conq surjective-top-closed vector-bot-closed)
     also have ... = (if \exists l . Suc l < length ?e \land ?e ! n = ?e ! l \land i = ?e ! Suc l
then top else bot)
     proof -
       have \bigwedge k. \neg (k = ?g \land i = ?h \land k = ?e!n)
         using 2 distinct-conv-nth[of?e] enum-distinct by auto
       thus ?thesis
         by (smt (verit, del-insts) comp-inf.ub-sum sup.order-iff
sup-monoid.sum.neutral\ sup-top-right)
     also have ... = (if \ i = ?e ! Suc \ n \ then \ top \ else \ bot)
       using 4 by simp
```

```
also have ... = mnat (Suc \ n) (i,j)
       by (simp add: N-matrix-def)
     finally show mnat (Suc n) (i,j) = (?p (Suc n) \odot ?z) (i,j)
       by simp
   qed
 qed
qed
lemma N-matrix-power-S':
  n < length (enum-class.enum :: 'a list) \longrightarrow mnat n = matrix-monoid.power
(msucc^t) n \odot (mZero :: ('a::enum,'b::stone-relation-algebra) square)
proof (induct n)
 let ?z = mZero :: ('a, 'b) square
 let ?s = msucc :: ('a, 'b) \ square
 let ?e = enum-class.enum :: 'a list
 let ?h = hd ?e
 let ?l = length ?e
 let ?p = matrix-monoid.power (?s^t)
 case \theta
 have (UNIV :: 'a \ set) \neq \{\}
   by simp
 hence ?h = ?e ! \theta
   by (simp add: hd-conv-nth UNIV-enum)
  thus ?case
   by (simp add: N-matrix-def Z-matrix-def)
 case (Suc \ n)
 assume 1: n < ?l \longrightarrow mnat \ n = ?p \ n \odot ?z
 show Suc n < ?l \longrightarrow mnat (Suc n) = ?p (Suc n) \odot ?z
 proof
   assume 2: Suc n < ?l
   hence n < ?l
     by simp
   hence \forall l < ?l . (?e ! l = ?e ! n \longrightarrow l = n)
     using nth-eq-iff-index-eq enum-distinct by auto
   hence 3: \bigwedge i : (\exists l < ?l : ?e ! n = ?e ! l \wedge i = ?e ! Suc l) \longrightarrow (i = ?e ! Suc n)
   have 4: \land i \cdot (\exists l \cdot Suc \ l < ?l \land ?e \mid n = ?e \mid l \land i = ?e \mid Suc \ l) \longleftrightarrow (i = ?e \mid l)
Suc \ n)
     apply (rule iffI)
     using 3 apply (metis Suc-lessD)
     using 2 by auto
   show mnat (Suc \ n) = ?p (Suc \ n) \odot ?z
   proof (rule ext, rule prod-cases)
     fix i j :: 'a
     have (?p (Suc n) \odot ?z) (i,j) = (?s^t \odot mnat n) (i,j)
       using 1 2 by (simp add: matrix-monoid.mult-assoc)
     also have ... = (\bigsqcup_k ((?s(k,i))^T * mnat n(k,j)))
       by (simp add: times-matrix-def conv-matrix-def)
     also have ... = (\bigsqcup_k ((if \exists l . Suc \ l < length ?e \land k = ?e ! \ l \land i = ?e ! Suc \ l)
```

```
then top else bot)<sup>T</sup> * (if k = ?e ! n then top else bot)))
               by (simp add: S'-matrix-def N-matrix-def)
           also have ... = (\bigsqcup_k ((if \exists l . Suc \ l < length ?e \land k = ?e ! \ l \land i = ?e ! Suc \ l)
then top else bot) * (if k = ?e ! n then top else bot)))
               by (smt (verit, best) sup-monoid.sum.cong symmetric-bot-closed
symmetric-top-closed)
           also have ... = (\bigsqcup_k (if \exists l . Suc l < length ?e \land k = ?e ! l \land i = ?e ! Suc l \land length ?e \land k = ?e ! length ?e ! length ?e \land k = ?e ! length ?e ! l
k = ?e! n then top else bot)
               by (smt (verit, best) covector-bot-closed idempotent-bot-closed
sup-monoid.sum.cong surjective-top-closed vector-bot-closed)
           also have ... = (if \exists l : Suc l < length ?e \land ?e ! n = ?e ! l \land i = ?e ! Suc l
then top else bot)
               by (smt (verit, del-insts) comp-inf.ub-sum sup.order-iff
sup{-}monoid.sum.neutral\ sup{-}top{-}right)
           also have ... = (if i = ?e ! Suc n then top else bot)
               using 4 by simp
           also have ... = mnat (Suc \ n) (i,j)
              by (simp add: N-matrix-def)
           finally show mnat (Suc n) (i,j) = (?p (Suc n) \odot ?z) (i,j)
               by simp
       qed
    qed
qed
lemma N-matrix-power-S'-hom-zero:
    mnat \ 0 = (mZero :: ('a::enum, 'b::stone-relation-algebra) \ square)
proof -
    let ?e = enum-class.enum :: 'a list
    have (UNIV :: 'a \ set) = set \ ?e
       using UNIV-enum by simp
    hence \theta < length ?e
       by auto
    thus ?thesis
       using N-matrix-power-S' by force
qed
lemma N-matrix-power-S'-hom-succ:
    assumes Suc \ n < length \ (enum-class.enum :: 'a \ list)
       shows mnat (Suc \ n) = msucc^t \odot (mnat \ n ::
('a::enum,'b::stone-relation-algebra) square)
proof -
    let ?e = enum\text{-}class.enum :: 'a list
    let ?z = mZero :: ('a, 'b) square
    have 1: n < length ?e
       using assms by simp
    have mnat\ (Suc\ n) = matrix-monoid.power\ (msucc^t)\ (Suc\ n)\ \odot\ ?z
       using assms N-matrix-power-S' by blast
    also have ... = msucc^t \odot matrix-monoid.power (msucc^t) n \odot ?z
       by simp
```

```
also have ... = msucc^t \odot (matrix-monoid.power (msucc^t) n \odot ?z)
   by (simp add: matrix-monoid.mult-assoc)
 also have \dots = msucc^t \odot mnat n
   using 1 by (metis N-matrix-power-S')
 finally show ?thesis
\mathbf{qed}
lemma N-matrix-power-S'-hom-inj:
 assumes m < length (enum-class.enum :: 'a list)
     and n < length (enum-class.enum :: 'a list)
   shows mnat \ m \neq (mnat \ n :: ('a::enum,'b::stone-relation-algebra-consistent)
square)
proof -
 let ?e = enum-class.enum :: 'a list
 let ?m = ?e!m
 have 1: mnat m (?m,?m) = top
   by (simp add: N-matrix-def)
 have mnat n (?m,?m) = bot
   apply (unfold N-matrix-def)
   using assms enum-distinct nth-eq-iff-index-eq by auto
  thus ?thesis
   using 1 by (metis consistent)
qed
syntax
 -sum-sup-monoid :: idt \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a:: bounded-semilattice-sup-bot \Rightarrow 'a (\langle () | -\langle - ... \rangle )
-) \rightarrow [0,51,10] \ 10)
syntax-consts
  -sum-sup-monoid == sup-monoid.sum
translations
 \bigsqcup x < y \ . \ t => XCONST \ sup-monoid.sum \ (\lambda x \ . \ t) \ \{ \ x \ . \ x < y \ \}
{\bf context}\ bounded\text{-}semilattice\text{-}sup\text{-}bot
begin
lemma ub-sum-nat:
 fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow 'a
 assumes i < l
   shows f i \leq (\bigsqcup k < l \cdot f k)
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) assms finite-Collect-less-nat sup-ge1
sup-monoid.sum.remove mem-Collect-eq)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{lub-sum-nat}:
 fixes f :: nat \Rightarrow 'a
 assumes \forall k < l . f k \leq x
   shows (\bigsqcup k < l \cdot f k) \le x
 apply (rule finite-subset-induct[where A = \{k : k < l\}])
```

```
by (simp-all add: assms)
end
lemma ext-sum-nat:
   fixes l :: nat
   shows (\bigsqcup k < l \cdot f k x) = (\bigsqcup k < l \cdot f k) x
   apply (rule finite-subset-induct[where A = \{k : k < l\}])
   apply simp
   apply simp
   apply (metis (no-types, lifting) bot-apply sup-monoid.sum.empty)
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) sup-apply sup-monoid.sum.insert)
interpretation matrix-skra-peano-1: skra-peano-1 where sup = sup-matrix and
inf = inf-matrix and less-eq = less-eq-matrix and less = less-matrix and bot = less-matrix and less-eq = less-m
bot-matrix::
('a::enum,'b::linorder-stone-kleene-relation-algebra-tarski-consistent-expansion)
square and top = top-matrix and uminus = uminus-matrix and one =
one-matrix and times = times-matrix and conv = conv-matrix and star =
star-matrix and Z = Z-matrix and S = S-matrix
proof
   let ?z = mZero :: ('a, 'b) square
   let ?s = msuccmod :: ('a,'b) square
   let ?e = enum-class.enum :: 'a list
   let ?h = hd ?e
   let ?l = length ?e
   let ?g = ?e ! minus-class.minus ?l 1
   let ?p = matrix-monoid.power (?s^t)
   have 1: ?z \odot mtop = ?z
   proof (rule ext, rule prod-cases)
      fix i j :: 'a
      have (?z \odot mtop) (i,j) = (\bigsqcup_k (?z (i,k) * top))
          by (simp add: times-matrix-def top-matrix-def)
      also have ... = (\bigsqcup_k :: 'a \ (if \ i = ?h \ then \ top \ else \ bot) * top)
          by (simp add: Z-matrix-def)
      also have ... = (if \ i = ?h \ then \ top \ else \ bot) * (top :: 'b)
          using sum-const by blast
      also have ... = ?z(i,j)
          by (simp add: Z-matrix-def)
      finally show (?z \odot mtop)(i,j) = ?z(i,j)
   qed
   have 2: ?z \odot ?z^t \leq mone
   proof (unfold less-eq-matrix-def, rule allI, rule prod-cases)
      \mathbf{fix} \ i \ j :: 'a
      have (?z \odot ?z^t) (i,j) = (\bigsqcup_k (?z (i,k) * (?z (j,k))^T))
         by (simp add: times-matrix-def conv-matrix-def)
      also have ... = (\bigsqcup_k :: 'a \ (if \ i = ?h \ then \ top \ else \ bot) * (if \ j = ?h \ then \ top \ else
bot))
```

```
by (simp add: Z-matrix-def)
   also have ... = (if \ i = ?h \ then \ top \ else \ bot) * (if \ j = ?h \ then \ top \ else \ bot)
     using sum-const by blast
   also have ... \leq mone(i,j)
     by (simp add: one-matrix-def)
   finally show (?z \odot ?z^t) (i,j) \leq mone (i,j)
  qed
  have 3: mtop \odot ?z = mtop
  proof (rule ext, rule prod-cases)
   fix i j :: 'a
   have mtop(i,j) = (top::'b) * (if ?h = ?h then top else bot)
     by (simp add: top-matrix-def)
   also have ... \leq (|\cdot|_k::'a (top * (if k = ?h then top else bot)))
     by (rule ub-sum)
   also have ... = (\bigsqcup_k (top * ?z (k,j)))
     by (simp add: Z-matrix-def)
   also have ... = (mtop \odot ?z) (i,j)
     by (simp add: times-matrix-def top-matrix-def)
   finally show (mtop \odot ?z) (i,j) = mtop (i,j)
     by (simp add: inf.le-bot top-matrix-def)
  qed
  show matrix-stone-relation-algebra.point ?z
    using 1 2 3 by simp
  have \forall i \ (j::'a) \ (k::'a) \ . \ (\exists l < ?l \ . \ \exists m < ?l \ . \ k = ?e ! \ l \land i = ?e ! \ Suc \ l \land k = ?e
! m \wedge j = ?e ! Suc m) \longrightarrow i = j
   using distinct-conv-nth enum-distinct by auto
  hence 4: \forall i \ (j::'a) \ (k::'a). (\exists l \ m \ . \ Suc \ l < ?l \land Suc \ m < ?l \land k = ?e ! \ l \land i =
?e! Suc l \wedge k = ?e! m \wedge j = ?e! Suc m) \longrightarrow i = j
   by (metis Suc-lessD)
  show ?s^t \odot ?s \leq mone
  proof (unfold less-eq-matrix-def, rule allI, rule prod-cases)
   fix i j :: 'a
   have (?s^t \odot ?s) (i,j) = (\bigsqcup_k (?s (k,i) * ?s (k,j)))
     by (simp add: times-matrix-def conv-matrix-def)
   also have ... = (| \cdot |_k :: 'a ((if (\exists l \cdot Suc \ l < ?l \land k = ?e ! \ l \land i = ?e ! Suc \ l) \lor (k)
= ?g \land i = ?h) then top else bot) * (if (\exists m : Suc \ m < ?l \land k = ?e ! \ m \land j = ?e !
Suc\ m) \lor (k = ?g \land j = ?h) \ then \ top \ else \ bot)))
     by (simp add: S-matrix-def)
   also have ... = (\bigsqcup_k::'a (if (\exists l \ m . Suc l < ?l \land Suc \ m < ?l \land k = ?e ! l \land i =
?e! Suc l \wedge k = ?e! m \wedge j = ?e! Suc m) \vee (k = ?g \wedge i = ?h \wedge j = ?h) then
top\ else\ bot))
   proof -
     have 5: \bigwedge k. \neg((\exists l : Suc l < ?l \land k = ?e ! l \land i = ?e ! Suc l) \land (k = ?g \land j)
= ?h))
        using distinct-conv-nth[of ?e] enum-distinct by auto
     have \bigwedge k. \neg((k = ?g \land i = ?h) \land (\exists m . Suc m < ?l \land k = ?e! m \land j = ?e!
Suc \ m))
       using distinct-conv-nth[of ?e] enum-distinct by auto
```

```
thus ?thesis
       using 5 by (smt (verit) covector-bot-closed idempotent-bot-closed
sup-monoid.sum.cong surjective-top-closed vector-bot-closed)
   also have ... \leq (| |<sub>k</sub>::'a (if i = j then top else bot))
     using 4 by (smt (verit, best) comp-inf.ub-sum order-top-class.top-greatest
sup-monoid.sum.not-neutral-contains-not-neutral top.extremum-uniqueI)
   also have ... \leq (if i = j then top else bot)
     by (simp add: sum-const)
   also have \dots = mone(i,j)
     by (simp add: one-matrix-def)
   finally show (?s^t \odot ?s) (i,j) \leq mone (i,j)
  qed
 have 6: \forall i \ (j::'a) \ (k::'a). (\exists \ l \ m \ . \ Suc \ l < ?l \land Suc \ m < ?l \land i = ?e \ ! \ l \land k = ?e
! Suc \ l \wedge j = ?e \ ! \ m \wedge k = ?e \ ! \ Suc \ m) \longrightarrow i = j
    using distinct-conv-nth enum-distinct by auto
  show ?s \odot ?s^t \leq mone
  proof (unfold less-eq-matrix-def, rule allI, rule prod-cases)
   fix i j :: 'a
   have (?s \odot ?s^t) (i,j) = (\bigsqcup_k (?s (i,k) * ?s (j,k)))
     by (simp add: times-matrix-def conv-matrix-def)
   also have ... = (\bigsqcup_k :: 'a \ ((if \ (\exists \ l \ . \ Suc \ l < ?l \land i = ?e \ ! \ l \land k = ?e \ ! \ Suc \ l) \lor (i)
= ?g \land k = ?h) then top else bot) * (if (\exists m : Suc \ m < ?l \land j = ?e ! \ m \land k = ?e !
Suc\ m) \lor (j = ?g \land k = ?h) \ then \ top \ else \ bot)))
     by (simp add: S-matrix-def)
   also have ... = (| \cdot |_k :: 'a \ (if \ (\exists \ l \ m \ . \ Suc \ l < ?l \land Suc \ m < ?l \land i = ?e \ ! \ l \land k =
?e! Suc l \wedge j = ?e! m \wedge k = ?e! Suc m) \vee (i = ?g \wedge k = ?h \wedge j = ?g) then
top else bot))
   proof
     have 7: \bigwedge l . Suc l < ?l \longrightarrow \theta < ?l
       by auto
     have 8: ?h = ?e! 0
     proof (rule hd-conv-nth, rule)
       assume ?e = []
       hence (UNIV::'a\ set) = \{\}
         by (auto simp add: UNIV-enum)
       thus False
         by simp
     have 9: \bigwedge k. \neg((\exists l : Suc l < ?l \land i = ?e! l \land k = ?e! Suc l) \land (j = ?g \land k)
       using 7 8 distinct-conv-nth[of ?e] enum-distinct by auto
     have \bigwedge k. \neg((i = ?g \land k = ?h) \land (\exists m . Suc m < ?l \land j = ?e! m \land k = ?e!
Suc\ m))
       using 7 8 distinct-conv-nth[of ?e] enum-distinct by auto
     thus ?thesis
       using 9 by (smt (verit) covector-bot-closed idempotent-bot-closed
sup-monoid.sum.cong surjective-top-closed vector-bot-closed)
```

```
qed
        also have ... \leq (\bigsqcup_{k} :: 'a \ (if \ i = j \ then \ top \ else \ bot))
            using 6 by (smt (verit, best) comp-inf.ub-sum order-top-class.top-greatest
sup-monoid.sum.not-neutral-contains-not-neutral\ top.extremum-uniqueI)
        also have ... \leq (if \ i = j \ then \ top \ else \ bot)
            by simp
       also have \dots = mone(i,j)
            by (simp add: one-matrix-def)
        finally show (?s \odot ?s^t) (i,j) \leq mone (i,j)
    qed
    have (mtop :: ('a,'b) \ square) = (| | k < ?l \ . \ mnat \ k)
    proof (rule ext, rule prod-cases)
        \mathbf{fix} \ i \ j :: 'a
        have mtop(i,j) = (top :: 'b)
            by (simp add: top-matrix-def)
        also have ... = (| k < ?l \cdot (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot))
        proof -
            have i \in set ?e
                using UNIV-enum by auto
            from this obtain k where 6: k < ?l \land i = ?e ! k
                by (metis in-set-conv-nth)
            hence (\lambda k : if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot) k \leq (  k < ?l : (if i = ?e ! k then top else b
top else bot :: 'b))
                by (metis ub-sum-nat)
            hence top \leq (\bigsqcup k < ?l \cdot (if \ i = ?e \mid k \ then \ top \ else \ bot :: 'b))
                using 6 by simp
            thus ?thesis
                \mathbf{using}\ top.extremum-uniqueI\ \mathbf{by}\ force
        qed
        also have ... = (\bigsqcup k < ?l \cdot mnat \ k \ (i,j))
            by (simp add: N-matrix-def)
        also have ... = (\bigsqcup k < ?l \cdot mnat \ k) \ (i,j)
            by (simp add: ext-sum-nat)
        finally show (mtop\ (i,j)::'b) = (|\ |\ k < ?l\ .\ mnat\ k)\ (i,j)
    qed
    also have ... = (| | k < ?l . ?p k \odot ?z)
    proof -
        have \bigwedge k . k < ?l \longrightarrow mnat \ k = ?p \ k \odot ?z
            using N-matrix-power-S by auto
        thus ?thesis
            by (metis (no-types, lifting) mem-Collect-eq sup-monoid.sum.cong)
    also have ... \leq ?s^{t} \odot \odot ?z
    proof (unfold less-eq-matrix-def, rule allI, rule prod-cases)
        fix i j :: 'a
        have (\bigsqcup k < ?l \cdot ?p \ k \odot ?z) \ (i,j) = (\bigsqcup k < ?l \cdot (?p \ k \odot ?z) \ (i,j))
            by (metis ext-sum-nat)
```

```
also have \dots \leq (?s^{t\odot} \odot ?z) (i,j)
     apply (rule lub-sum-nat)
     \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{less-eq-matrix-def}\ \mathit{matrix-idempotent-semiring}. \mathit{mult-left-isotone}
matrix-kleene-algebra.star.power-below-circ)
   finally show (|k<?| \cdot ?p \ k \odot ?z) \ (i,j) \le (?s^{t\odot} \odot ?z) \ (i,j)
  qed
 finally show ?s^{t\odot} \odot ?z = mtop
   by (simp add: matrix-order.antisym-conv)
\mathbf{qed}
interpretation matrix-skra-peano-2: skra-peano-2 where sup = sup-matrix and
inf = inf-matrix and less-eq = less-eq-matrix and less = less-matrix and bot =
bot-matrix::
('a::enum,'b::linorder-stone-kleene-relation-algebra-tarski-consistent-expansion)
square and top = top-matrix and uminus = uminus-matrix and one =
one-matrix and times = times-matrix and conv = conv-matrix and star =
star-matrix and Z = Z-matrix and S = S-matrix
proof
 let ?s = msuccmod :: ('a, 'b) square
 let ?e = enum-class.enum :: 'a list
 let ?h = hd ?e
 let ?l = length ?e
 let ?g = ?e ! minus-class.minus ?l 1
 show matrix-bounded-idempotent-semiring.total ?s
  proof (rule ext, rule prod-cases)
   fix i j :: 'a
   have (?s \odot mtop) (i,j) = (\bigsqcup_k (?s (i,k) * top))
     by (simp add: times-matrix-def top-matrix-def)
   also have ... = (\bigsqcup_k::'a if (\exists l . Suc l < ?l \land i = ?e ! l \land k = ?e ! Suc l) \lor (i
= ?g \wedge k = ?h) then top else bot)
     by (simp add: S-matrix-def)
   also have \dots = top
   proof -
     have \bigwedge i. (\exists l . Suc l < ?l \land i = ?e ! l) \lor i = ?g
       by (metis in-set-conv-nth in-enum Suc-lessI diff-Suc-1)
     hence \bigwedge i \cdot \exists k \cdot (\exists l \cdot Suc \ l < ?l \land i = ?e ! \ l \land k = ?e ! \ Suc \ l) \lor (i = ?g \land k)
= ?h)
       \mathbf{by} blast
     thus ?thesis
       \mathbf{by}\ (smt\ (verit,\ ccfv\text{-}threshold)\ comp\text{-}inf.ub\text{-}sum\ top.extremum\text{-}uniqueI)
   finally show (?s \odot mtop)(i,j) = mtop(i,j)
     by (simp add: top-matrix-def)
 qed
qed
```

interpretation matrix-skra-peano-3: skra-peano-3 where sup = sup-matrix and inf = inf-matrix and less-eq-matrix and less = less-matrix and bot =

```
bot-matrix ::
('a::enum,'b::linorder-stone-kleene-relation-algebra-tarski-consistent-expansion)
square and top = top-matrix and uminus = uminus-matrix and one =
one-matrix and times = times-matrix and conv = conv-matrix and star =
star-matrix and Z = Z-matrix and S = S-matrix
proof (unfold-locales, rule finite-surj)
 show finite (UNIV :: 'a rel set)
   by simp
 let ?f = \lambda R \ p . if p \in R then top else bot
 show \{f :: ('a,'b) \text{ square } . \text{ matrix-p-algebra.regular } f \} \subseteq \text{range } ?f
 proof
   fix f :: ('a, 'b) square
   let ?R = \{ (x,y) . f (x,y) = top \}
   assume f \in \{ f : matrix-p-algebra.regular f \}
   hence matrix-p-algebra.regular f
     by simp
   hence \bigwedge p . f p \neq top \longrightarrow f p = bot
     by (metis linorder-stone-algebra-expansion-class.uminus-def
uminus-matrix-def)
   hence f = ?f ?R
     by fastforce
   thus f \in range ?f
     \mathbf{by} blast
 qed
qed
interpretation matrix-skra-peano-4: skra-peano-4 where sup = sup-matrix and
inf = inf-matrix and less-eq = less-eq-matrix and less = less-matrix and bot =
bot-matrix ::
('a::enum,'b::linorder-stone-kleene-relation-algebra-tarski-consistent-plus-expansion)
square and top = top-matrix and uminus = uminus-matrix and one = uminus
one-matrix and times = times-matrix and conv = conv-matrix
and star = star-matrix and Z = Z-matrix and S = S-matrix and choose-point = S-matrix
agg\text{-}square\text{-}m\text{-}kleene\text{-}algebra\text{-}2\text{.}m\text{-}choose\text{-}component\text{-}algebra\text{-}tarski\text{.}choose\text{-}component\text{-}point
 apply unfold-locales
 apply (simp add:
agg-square-m-kleene-algebra-2.m-choose-component-algebra-tarski.choose-component-point)\\
 by (simp add:
aqg-square-m-kleene-algebra-2.m-choose-component-algebra-tarski.choose-component-point-decreasing)
interpretation matrix'-skra-peano-1: skra-peano-1 where sup = sup-matrix
and inf = inf-matrix and less-eq = less-eq-matrix and less = less-matrix and
bot = bot\text{-}matrix ::
('a::enum,'b::linorder-stone-kleene-relation-algebra-tarski-consistent-expansion)
square and top = top-matrix and uminus = uminus-matrix and one =
one-matrix and times = times-matrix and conv = conv-matrix and star =
star-matrix and Z = Z-matrix and S = S'-matrix
proof
 let ?z = mZero :: ('a, 'b) square
```

```
let ?s = msucc :: ('a, 'b) square
    let ?e = enum\text{-}class.enum :: 'a list
    let ?l = length ?e
    let ?p = matrix-monoid.power (?s^t)
    show matrix-stone-relation-algebra.point ?z
       using matrix-skra-peano-1.Z-point by auto
    \mathbf{have} \,\,\forall i \,\, (j::'a) \,\, (k::'a) \,\, . \,\, (\exists \, l < ?l \,\, . \,\, \exists \,\, m < ?l \,\, . \,\, k = \, ?e \,\, ! \,\, l \,\, \land \,\, i = \, ?e \,\, ! \,\, Suc \,\, l \,\, \land \,\, k = \, ?e
! m \wedge j = ?e ! Suc m) \longrightarrow i = j
        using distinct-conv-nth enum-distinct by auto
    hence 4: \forall i \ (j::'a) \ (k::'a) \ . \ (\exists \ l \ m \ . \ Suc \ l < ?l \land Suc \ m < ?l \land k = ?e \ ! \ l \land i = ?e \ ! \ l \land i
 ?e ! Suc l \land k = ?e ! m \land j = ?e ! Suc m) \longrightarrow i = j
       by (metis\ Suc\text{-}lessD)
    show ?s^t \odot ?s \leq mone
   proof (unfold less-eq-matrix-def, rule allI, rule prod-cases)
       fix i j :: 'a
       have (?s^t \odot ?s) (i,j) = (| |_k (?s (k,i) * ?s (k,j)))
           by (simp add: times-matrix-def conv-matrix-def)
       also have ... = (| \cdot |_k :: 'a \mid (if \exists l \cdot Suc \mid l < ?l \land k = ?e \mid l \land i = ?e \mid Suc \mid l \mid then
top else bot) * (if \exists m . Suc m < ?l \land k = ?e ! m \land j = ?e ! Suc m then top else
bot)))
           by (simp\ add:\ S'-matrix-def)
       also have ... = (\bigsqcup_k :: 'a \ (if \ (\exists \ l \ m \ . \ Suc \ l < ?l \land Suc \ m < ?l \land k = ?e ! \ l \land i =
 ?e! Suc l \wedge k = ?e! m \wedge j = ?e! Suc m) then top else bot))
           by (smt (verit) covector-bot-closed idempotent-bot-closed
sup-monoid.sum.cong surjective-top-closed vector-bot-closed)
       also have ... \leq (\bigsqcup_{k}::'a \ (if \ i = j \ then \ top \ else \ bot))
           using 4 by (smt (verit, best) comp-inf.ub-sum order-top-class.top-greatest
sup-monoid.sum.not-neutral-contains-not-neutral\ top.extremum-uniqueI)
       also have ... \leq (if \ i = j \ then \ top \ else \ bot)
           by (simp add: sum-const)
       also have ... = mone(i,j)
           by (simp add: one-matrix-def)
       finally show (?s^t \odot ?s) (i,j) \leq mone (i,j)
    qed
    have 5: \forall i \ (j::'a) \ (k::'a). (\exists l \ m \ . \ Suc \ l < ?l \land Suc \ m < ?l \land i = ?e ! \ l \land k = ?e
! Suc\ l \wedge j = ?e ! m \wedge k = ?e ! Suc\ m) \longrightarrow i = j
       using distinct-conv-nth enum-distinct by auto
    show ?s \odot ?s^t \leq mone
    proof (unfold less-eq-matrix-def, rule allI, rule prod-cases)
       fix i j :: 'a
       have (?s \odot ?s^t) (i,j) = (\bigsqcup_k (?s (i,k) * ?s (j,k)))
           by (simp add: times-matrix-def conv-matrix-def)
       also have ... = (\bigsqcup_k :: 'a \ ((if \ \exists \ l \ . \ Suc \ l < ?l \ \land \ i = ?e \ ! \ l \ \land \ k = ?e \ ! \ Suc \ l \ then
top else bot) * (if \exists m . Suc m < ?l \land j = ?e ! m \land k = ?e ! Suc m then top else
bot)))
           by (simp\ add:\ S'-matrix-def)
       also have ... = (\bigsqcup_k :: 'a \ (if \ (\exists \ l \ m \ . \ Suc \ l < ?l \land Suc \ m < ?l \land i = ?e ! \ l \land k =
 ?e! Suc l \wedge j = ?e! m \wedge k = ?e! Suc m) then top else bot))
```

```
by (smt (verit) covector-bot-closed idempotent-bot-closed
sup-monoid.sum.cong surjective-top-closed vector-bot-closed)
   also have ... \leq (\bigsqcup_k :: 'a \ (if \ i = j \ then \ top \ else \ bot))
     using 5 by (smt (verit, best) comp-inf.ub-sum order-top-class.top-greatest
sup-monoid.sum.not-neutral-contains-not-neutral top.extremum-uniqueI)
   also have ... \leq (if i = j then top else bot)
     by simp
   also have ... = mone(i,j)
     by (simp add: one-matrix-def)
   finally show (?s \odot ?s^t) (i,j) \leq mone (i,j)
 have (mtop :: ('a, 'b) \ square) = (\bigsqcup k < ?l \ . \ mnat \ k)
 proof (rule ext, rule prod-cases)
   fix i j :: 'a
   have mtop(i,j) = (top :: 'b)
     by (simp add: top-matrix-def)
   also have ... = (| k < ?l \cdot (if i = ?e ! k then top else bot))
   proof -
     have i \in set ?e
       using UNIV-enum by auto
     from this obtain k where 6: k < ?l \land i = ?e ! k
       \mathbf{by} \ (\textit{metis in-set-conv-nth})
     hence (\lambda k \cdot if \ i = ?e \mid k \ then \ top \ else \ bot) \ k \leq (\bigsqcup k < ?l \cdot (if \ i = ?e \mid k \ then
top else bot :: 'b))
       by (metis ub-sum-nat)
     hence top \leq (||k| < ?|| . (if i = ?e! k then top else bot :: 'b))
       using \theta by simp
     thus ?thesis
       using top.extremum-uniqueI by force
   also have ... = (\bigsqcup k < ?l \cdot mnat \ k \ (i,j))
     by (simp add: N-matrix-def)
   also have ... = (\bigsqcup k < ?l \cdot mnat \ k) \ (i,j)
     by (simp add: ext-sum-nat)
   finally show (mtop\ (i,j)::'b) = (|\ |\ k < ?l\ .\ mnat\ k)\ (i,j)
  qed
 also have ... = (\bigsqcup k < ?l \cdot ?p \ k \odot ?z)
 proof -
   have \bigwedge k . k < ?l \longrightarrow mnat \ k = ?p \ k \odot ?z
     using N-matrix-power-S' by auto
   thus ?thesis
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) mem-Collect-eq sup-monoid.sum.cong)
 qed
 also have ... \leq ?s^{t} \odot \odot ?z
  proof (unfold less-eq-matrix-def, rule allI, rule prod-cases)
   \mathbf{fix}\ i\ j::\ 'a
   have (| | k < ?l . ?p k \odot ?z) (i,j) = (| | k < ?l . (?p k \odot ?z) (i,j))
```

```
by (metis ext-sum-nat)
   also have ... \leq (?s^{t} \odot \odot ?z) (i,j)
     apply (rule lub-sum-nat)
     by (metis less-eq-matrix-def matrix-idempotent-semiring.mult-left-isotone
matrix-kleene-algebra.star.power-below-circ)
   finally show (\bigsqcup k < ?l \ . \ ?p \ k \odot \ ?z) \ (i,j) \le (?s^{t\odot} \odot \ ?z) \ (i,j)
 qed
 finally show ?s^{t\odot} \odot ?z = mtop
   by (simp add: matrix-order.antisym-conv)
qed
lemma nat-less-lesseq-pred:
  (m::nat) < n \Longrightarrow m \le minus-class.minus \ n \ 1
 by simp
lemma S'-matrix-acyclic:
  matrix-stone-kleene-relation-algebra.acyclic (msucc:
('a::enum,'b::linorder-stone-kleene-relation-algebra-tarski-consistent-expansion)
square)
proof (rule ccontr)
 let ?e = enum\text{-}class.enum :: 'a list
 let ?l = length ?e
 let ?l1 = minus-class.minus ?l 1
 let ?s = msucc :: ('a, 'b) square
 have (UNIV :: 'a \ set) \neq \{\}
   by simp
 hence 1: ?e \neq []
   by (simp add: UNIV-enum)
 hence 2: ?l \neq 0
   by simp
 assume ¬ matrix-stone-kleene-relation-algebra.acyclic ?s
 hence ?s \odot ?s^{\odot} \otimes mone \neq mbot
   by (simp add: matrix-p-algebra.pseudo-complement)
 from this obtain i1 i2 where (?s \odot ?s^{\odot} \otimes mone) (i1,i2) \neq bot
   by (metis bot-matrix-def ext surj-pair)
 hence 3: (?s \odot ?s^{\odot}) (i1,i2) \sqcap mone (i1,i2) \neq bot
   by (simp add: inf-matrix-def)
 hence mone (i1,i2) \neq (bot :: 'b)
   by force
 hence i1 = i2
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) prod.simps(2) one-matrix-def)
 hence (?s \odot ?s^{\odot}) (i1,i1) \neq bot
   using 3 by force
 hence (\bigsqcup_{k} ?s (i1,k) * (?s^{\odot}) (k,i1)) \neq bot
   by (smt (verit, best) times-matrix-def case-prod-conv sup-monoid.sum.cong)
 from this obtain i3 where 4: ?s (i1,i3) * (?s^{\odot}) (i3,i1) \neq bot
   by force
 hence ?s(i1,i3) \neq bot
```

```
by force
 hence (if \exists j1 . Suc j1 < ?l \land i1 = ?e ! j1 \land i3 = ?e ! Suc j1 then top else bot ::
'b) \neq bot
   by (simp\ add:\ S'-matrix-def)
  from this obtain j1 where 5: Suc j1 < ?l \wedge i1 = ?e! j1 \wedge i3 = ?e! Suc j1
   by meson
 have j1 \neq ?l1
   using 5 enum-distinct by auto
  hence i1 \neq last ?e
   apply (subst last-conv-nth)
   using 1 apply simp
   apply (subst 5)
   apply (subst nth-eq-iff-index-eq[of ?e])
   using 1 5 enum-distinct by auto
 hence 6: mone (last ?e,i1) = (bot :: 'b)
   by (simp add: one-matrix-def)
 have 7: (?s^{\odot}) (i3,i1) \neq bot
   using 4 by force
  have \bigwedge j2. Suc j1 + j2 < ?l \longrightarrow (?s^{\odot}) (?e! (Suc j1 + j2),i1) \neq bot
 proof -
   fix j2
   show Suc j1 + j2 < ?l \longrightarrow (?s^{\odot}) (?e! (Suc j1 + j2),i1) \neq bot
   proof (induct j2)
     case \theta
     show ?case
       using 5 7 by simp
   \mathbf{next}
     case (Suc j3)
     show ?case
     proof
       assume 8: Suc\ j1 + Suc\ j3 < ?l
       hence (?s^{\odot}) (?e ! (Suc j1 + j3),i1) \neq bot
         using Suc by simp
       hence (mone \oplus ?s \odot ?s^{\odot}) (?e ! (Suc j1 + j3),i1) \neq bot
         by (metis matrix-kleene-algebra.star-left-unfold-equal)
       hence 9: mone (?e! (Suc j1 + j3),i1) \sqcup (?s \odot ?s\odot) (?e! (Suc j1 + i3)
j3),i1) \neq bot
         by (simp add: sup-matrix-def)
       have ?e! (Suc j1 + j3) \neq i1
         using 5 8 distinct-conv-nth[of ?e] enum-distinct by auto
       hence mone (?e! (Suc j1 + j3),i1) = (bot :: 'b)
         by (simp add: one-matrix-def)
       hence (?s \odot ?s^{\odot}) (?e ! (Suc j1 + j3),i1) \neq bot
         using 9 by simp
       hence (\bigsqcup_k ?s \ (?e ! \ (Suc \ j1 + j3),k) * \ (?s^{\odot}) \ (k,i1)) \neq bot
         by (smt (verit, best) times-matrix-def case-prod-conv
sup-monoid.sum.conq)
       from this obtain i4 where 10: ?s (?e! (Suc j1 + j3),i4) * (?s^{\odot}) (i4,i1)
\neq bot
```

```
by force
       hence ?s (?e! (Suc j1 + j3),i4) \neq bot
         by force
       hence (if \exists j4 \cdot Suc j4 < ?l \land ?e ! (Suc j1 + j3) = ?e ! j4 \land i4 = ?e ! Suc
j4 then top else bot :: 'b) \neq bot
         by (simp add: S'-matrix-def)
       from this obtain j4 where 11: Suc j4 < ?l \land ?e ! (Suc j1 + j3) = ?e ! j4
\wedge i4 = ?e ! Suc j4
         by meson
       hence Suc\ j1 + j3 = j4
         apply (subst nth-eq-iff-index-eq[of ?e, THEN sym])
         using 8 enum-distinct by auto
       hence i4 = ?e ! (Suc j1 + Suc j3)
         using 11 by simp
       thus (?s^{\odot}) (?e ! (Suc j1 + Suc j3),i1) \neq bot
         using 10 by force
     qed
   qed
  qed
  hence \bigwedge j5. Suc j1 \leq j5 \wedge j5 < ?l \longrightarrow (?s^{\odot}) (?e ! j5,i1) \neq bot
   using le-Suc-ex by blast
  hence (?s^{\odot}) (last ?e,i1) \neq bot
   apply (subst last-conv-nth)
   using 1 2 5 nat-less-lesseq-pred by auto
  hence (mone \oplus ?s \odot ?s^{\odot}) (last ?e,i1) \neq bot
   by (metis matrix-kleene-algebra.star-left-unfold-equal)
  hence mone (last ?e,i1) \sqcup (?s \odot ?s^{\odot}) (last ?e,i1) \neq bot
   by (simp add: sup-matrix-def)
  hence (?s \odot ?s^{\odot}) (last ?e,i1) \neq bot
   using \theta by simp
  hence (|\cdot|_k ?s (last ?e,k) * (?s^{\odot}) (k,i1)) \neq bot
   by (smt (verit, best) times-matrix-def case-prod-conv sup-monoid.sum.cong)
  from this obtain i5 where ?s (last ?e,i5) * (?s^{\odot}) (i5,i1) \neq bot
   by force
  hence ?s (last ?e,i5) \neq bot
   by force
 hence (if \exists j6 . Suc j6 < ?l \land last ?e = ?e ! j6 \land i5 = ?e ! Suc j6 then top else
bot :: 'b) \neq bot
   by (simp add: S'-matrix-def)
  from this obtain j6 where 12: Suc j6 < ?l \land last ?e = ?e ! j6 \land i5 = ?e ! Suc
j6
   by force
 hence ?e ! ?l1 = ?e ! j6
   using 1 5 by (metis last-conv-nth)
  hence ?l1 = j6
   apply (subst nth-eq-iff-index-eq[of ?e, THEN sym])
   using 2 12 enum-distinct by auto
  thus False
   using 12 by auto
```

```
qed
```

```
lemma N-matrix-point:
 assumes n < length (enum-class.enum :: 'a list)
   shows matrix-stone-relation-algebra.point (mnat n ::
('a::enum,'b::linorder-stone-kleene-relation-algebra-tarski-consistent-expansion)
square)
proof -
 let ?e = enum-class.enum :: 'a list
 let ?n = mnat \ n :: ('a, 'b) \ square
 let ?s = msucc :: ('a, 'b) \ square
 let ?z = mZero :: ('a, 'b) square
 have 1: ?n = matrix\text{-}monoid.power (?s^t) n \odot ?z
   using assms N-matrix-power-S' by blast
 have ?s = matrix-skra-peano-1.S'
   by (simp add: S'-matrix-S-matrix inf-matrix-def minus-matrix-def
uminus-matrix-def)
 hence 2: matrix-p-algebra.regular ?s
   by (metis matrix-skra-peano-2.S'-regular)
 have ?n \neq mbot
 proof
   assume ?n = mbot
   hence ?n (?e! n, ?e! n) = mbot (?e! n, ?e! n)
     by simp
   hence top = (bot :: 'b)
     by (simp add: N-matrix-def bot-matrix-def)
   thus False
     by (metis bot-not-top)
 qed
 thus matrix-stone-relation-algebra.point ?n
   using 1 2 by (metis (no-types, lifting) matrix'-skra-peano-1.S-univalent
matrix'-skra-peano-1.Z-point matrix-stone-relation-algebra.injective-power-closed
m.a.-
trix-stone-relation-algebra-tarski-consistent. regular-injective-vector-point-xor-bot
matrix	ext{-}stone	ext{-}relation	ext{-}algebra. regular	ext{-}power	ext{-}closed
matrix-stone-relation-algebra. bijective-regular
matrix	ext{-}stone	ext{-}relation	ext{-}algebra.comp	ext{-}associative
matrix-stone-relation-algebra. injective-mult-closed
matrix	ext{-}stone	ext{-}relation	ext{-}algebra. regular-conv-closed
matrix	ext{-}stone	ext{-}relation	ext{-}algebra. regular	ext{-}mult	ext{-}closed
matrix-stone-relation-algebra.univalent-conv-injective)
qed
lemma N-matrix-power-S'-hom-lesseq:
 assumes m < length (enum-class.enum :: 'a list)
     and n < length (enum-class.enum :: 'a list)
   shows m < n \longleftrightarrow mnat \ m \preceq msucc \odot msucc^{\odot} \odot (mnat \ n ::
('a::enum,'b::linorder-stone-kleene-relation-algebra-tarski-consistent-expansion)
square)
```

```
proof -
 let ?m = mnat \ m :: ('a, 'b) \ square
 let ?n = mnat \ n :: ('a, 'b) \ square
 let ?s = msucc :: ('a, 'b) square
 let ?z = mZero :: ('a, 'b) square
 have 1: ?m = matrix\text{-}monoid.power (?s^t) m \odot ?z
   using assms(1) N-matrix-power-S' by blast
 have 2: ?n = matrix\text{-}monoid.power (?s^t) \ n \odot ?z
   using assms(2) N-matrix-power-S' by blast
 have 3: matrix-stone-relation-algebra.point?m
   by (simp add: assms(1) N-matrix-point)
 have 4: matrix-stone-relation-algebra.point?n
   by (simp add: assms(2) N-matrix-point)
 show m < n \longleftrightarrow ?m \preceq ?s \odot ?s^{\odot} \odot ?n
 proof
   assume m < n
   from this obtain k where n = Suc k + m
     using less-iff-Suc-add by auto
   hence ?n = matrix{-monoid.power} (?s^t) (Suc k) \odot matrix{-monoid.power} (?s^t)
m \odot ?z
     using 2 by (metis matrix-monoid.power-add)
   also have ... = matrix-monoid.power (?s^t) (Suc k) \odot ?m
     using 1 by (simp add: matrix-monoid.mult-assoc)
   also have ... = (matrix-monoid.power ?s (Suc k))^t \odot ?m
     by (metis matrix-stone-relation-algebra.power-conv-commute)
   finally have ?m \leq matrix\text{-}monoid.power ?s (Suc k) \odot ?n
     using 3 4 by (simp add: matrix-stone-relation-algebra.bijective-reverse)
   also have ... = ?s \odot matrix-monoid.power ?s k \odot ?n
     by simp
   also have ... \leq ?s \odot ?s^{\odot} \odot ?n
     using matrix-idempotent-semiring.mult-left-isotone
matrix-idempotent-semiring.mult-right-isotone
matrix-kleene-algebra.star.power-below-circ by blast
   finally show ?m \leq ?s \odot ?s^{\odot} \odot ?n
 next
   assume 5: ?m \prec ?s \odot ?s^{\odot} \odot ?n
   show m < n
   proof (rule ccontr)
     assume \neg m < n
     from this obtain k where m = k + n
      by (metis add.commute add-diff-inverse-nat)
     hence ?m = matrix-monoid.power (?s^t) k \odot matrix-monoid.power (?s^t) n
\odot ?z
      using 1 by (metis matrix-monoid.power-add)
     also have ... = matrix-monoid.power (?s^t) k \odot ?n
      using 2 by (simp add: matrix-monoid.mult-assoc)
     also have ... = (matrix-monoid.power ?s k)^t \odot ?n
      by (metis matrix-stone-relation-algebra.power-conv-commute)
```

```
finally have ?n \prec matrix\text{-}monoid.power ?s k \odot ?m
       using 3 4 by (simp add: matrix-stone-relation-algebra.bijective-reverse)
     also have ... \preceq ?s^{\odot} \odot ?m
       using matrix-kleene-algebra.star.power-below-circ
matrix-stone-relation-algebra.comp-left-isotone by blast
     finally have ?n \leq ?s^{\odot} \odot ?m
     hence ?m \leq ?s \odot ?s^{\odot} \odot ?s^{\odot} \odot ?m
       using 5 by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) matrix-monoid.mult-assoc
matrix-order.dual-order.trans\ matrix-stone-relation-algebra.comp-right-isotone)
     hence ?m \leq ?s \odot ?s^{\odot} \odot ?m
       by (metis matrix-kleene-algebra.star.circ-transitive-equal
matrix-monoid.mult-assoc)
     thus False
       using 3 S'-matrix-acyclic
matrix-stone-kleene-relation-algebra-consistent.acyclic-reachable-different by blast
 qed
qed
end
```

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