Randomised Social Choice

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Abstract

This work contains a formalisation of basic Randomised Social Choice, including Stochastic Dominance and Social Decision Schemes (SDSs) along with some of their most important properties (Anonymity, Neutrality, *SD*-Efficiency, *SD*-Strategy-Proofness) and two particular SDSs – Random Dictatorship and Random Serial Dictatorship (with proofs of the properties that they satisfy). Many important properties of these concepts are also proven – such as the two equivalent characterisations of Stochastic Dominance and the fact that SD-efficiency of a lottery only depends on the support.

The entry also provides convenient commands to define Preference Profiles, prove their well-formedness, and automatically derive restrictions that sufficiently nice SDSs need to satisfy on the defined profiles. (cf. [1])

Currently, the formalisation focuses on weak preferences and Stochastic Dominance (SD), but it should be easy to extend it to other domains – such as strict preferences – or other lottery extensions – such as Bilinear Dominance or Pairwise Comparison.

Contents

1	Ord	er Relations as Binary Predicates	4
	1.1	Basic Operations on Relations	4
	1.2	Preorders	4
	1.3	Total preorders	5
	1.4	Orders	6
	1.5	Maximal elements	7
	1.6	Weak rankings	9
	1.7	Rankings	25
2	Pre	ference Profiles	26
	2.1	Pareto dominance	29
	2.2	Preferred alternatives	31
	2.3	Favourite alternatives	31
	2.4	Anonymous profiles	33

	$2.5 \\ 2.6$	1	35
	2.0	Automatic evaluation of preference profiles	39
3	Au 3.1		44 45
4	Sto	chastic Dominance	48
	4.1		48
	4.2		51
	4.3		52
	4.4	Equivalence proof	54
	4.5	Existence of SD-efficient lotteries	64
5	Soc	ial Decision Schemes	67
-	5.1		68
	5.2		68
	5.3		69
	5.4		69
	5.5	Ex-post efficiency	72
	5.6	SD efficiency	72
	5.7	Weak strategyproofness	73
	5.8	Strong strategyproofness	74
6	Low	vering Social Decision Schemes	75
6 7			75 84
		ndom Dictatorship	
	Rar	ndom Dictatorship Anonymity	84
	Ran 7.1	adom Dictatorship Anonymity Neutrality	84 85
	Ran 7.1 7.2 7.3	adom Dictatorship Anonymity Neutrality Strong strategyproofness	84 85 86
7	Ran 7.1 7.2 7.3	adom Dictatorship Anonymity Neutrality Strong strategyproofness adom Serial Dictatorship	84 85 86 86
7	Ran 7.1 7.2 7.3 Ran	adom Dictatorship Anonymity Neutrality Strong strategyproofness adom Serial Dictatorship Auxiliary facts about RSD	84 85 86 86 87
7	Ran 7.1 7.2 7.3 Ran	adom Dictatorship Anonymity Neutrality Strong strategyproofness adom Serial Dictatorship Auxiliary facts about RSD	84 85 86 86 87 89
7	Ran 7.1 7.2 7.3 Ran	adom Dictatorship Anonymity Neutrality Strong strategyproofness adom Serial Dictatorship Auxiliary facts about RSD 8.1.1	84 85 86 86 87 89 89
7	Ran 7.1 7.2 7.3 Ran 8.1	adom Dictatorship Anonymity Neutrality Strong strategyproofness strong strategyproofness adom Serial Dictatorship Auxiliary facts about RSD 8.1.1 Pareto-equivalence classes 8.1.2 Facts about RSD winners	 84 85 86 86 87 89 89 90
7	Ran 7.1 7.2 7.3 Ran 8.1	ndom Dictatorship Anonymity Neutrality Strong strategyproofness ndom Serial Dictatorship Auxiliary facts about RSD 8.1.1 Pareto-equivalence classes 8.1.2 Facts about RSD winners Proofs of properties	84 85 86 86 87 89 90 95
7	Ran 7.1 7.2 7.3 Ran 8.1	ndom Dictatorship Anonymity Neutrality Strong strategyproofness ndom Serial Dictatorship Auxiliary facts about RSD 8.1.1 Pareto-equivalence classes 8.1.2 Facts about RSD winners Proofs of properties 8.2.1 Well-definedness 8.2.3 Anonymity	 84 85 86 87 89 90 95 95 95 96
7	Ran 7.1 7.2 7.3 Ran 8.1	Adom Dictatorship Anonymity Neutrality Strong strategyproofness bdom Serial Dictatorship Auxiliary facts about RSD 8.1.1 Pareto-equivalence classes 8.1.2 Facts about RSD winners Proofs of properties 8.2.1 Well-definedness 8.2.2 RD extension 8.2.3 Anonymity	 84 85 86 87 89 90 95 95 96 96
7	Ran 7.1 7.2 7.3 Ran 8.1	Adom Dictatorship Anonymity Neutrality Strong strategyproofness Adom Serial Dictatorship Auxiliary facts about RSD 8.1.1 Pareto-equivalence classes 8.1.2 Facts about RSD winners Proofs of properties 8.2.1 Well-definedness 8.2.2 RD extension 8.2.3 Anonymity 8.2.4 Neutrality	 84 85 86 86 87 89 90 95 95 96 96 96
7	Ran 7.1 7.2 7.3 Ran 8.1	Adom Dictatorship Anonymity Neutrality Strong strategyproofness bdom Serial Dictatorship Auxiliary facts about RSD 8.1.1 Pareto-equivalence classes 8.1.2 Facts about RSD winners Proofs of properties 8.2.1 Well-definedness 8.2.2 RD extension 8.2.3 Anonymity	 84 85 86 87 89 90 95 95 96 96
7	Ran 7.1 7.2 7.3 Ran 8.1 8.2	A nonymity Neutrality Strong strategyproofness Anonymity Strong strategyproofness Anonymity Auxiliary facts about RSD 8.1.1 Pareto-equivalence classes 8.1.2 Facts about RSD winners Proofs of properties 8.2.1 Well-definedness 8.2.2 RD extension 8.2.3 Anonymity 8.2.4 Neutrality 8.2.5 Ex-post efficiency 8.2.6	 84 85 86 86 87 89 90 95 95 96 96 96

10 Automatic Fact Gathering for Social Decision Schemes 115

1 Order Relations as Binary Predicates

```
theory Order-Predicates

imports

Main

HOL-Library.Disjoint-Sets

HOL-Combinatorics.Permutations

List-Index.List-Index

begin
```

1.1 Basic Operations on Relations

The type of binary relations

type-synonym 'a relation = 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool

- **definition** map-relation :: $('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow 'b$ relation \Rightarrow 'a relation where map-relation $f R = (\lambda x \ y. \ R \ (f \ x))$
- **definition** restrict-relation :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a relation \Rightarrow 'a relation where restrict-relation $A R = (\lambda x y, x \in A \land y \in A \land R x y)$
- **lemma** restrict-relation-restrict-relation [simp]: restrict-relation A (restrict-relation B R) = restrict-relation $(A \cap B) R$ by (intro ext) (auto simp add: restrict-relation-def)
- **lemma** restrict-relation-empty [simp]: restrict-relation {} $R = (\lambda ... False)$ **by** (simp add: restrict-relation-def)
- **lemma** restrict-relation-UNIV [simp]: restrict-relation UNIV R = Rby (simp add: restrict-relation-def)

1.2 Preorders

Preorders are reflexive and transitive binary relations.

```
locale preorder-on =

fixes carrier :: 'a set

fixes le :: 'a relation

assumes not-outside: le x \ y \Longrightarrow x \in carrier le x \ y \Longrightarrow y \in carrier

assumes refl: x \in carrier \Longrightarrow le x \ x

assumes trans: le x \ y \Longrightarrow le y \ z \Longrightarrow le x \ z

begin
```

```
lemma carrier-eq: carrier = \{x. le x x\}
using not-outside refl by auto
```

```
lemma preorder-on-map:
preorder-on (f - carrier) (map-relation f le)
by unfold-locales (auto dest: not-outside simp: map-relation-def refl elim: trans)
```

lemma preorder-on-restrict: preorder-on (carrier $\cap A$) (restrict-relation A le) by unfold-locales (auto simp: restrict-relation-def refl intro: trans not-outside)

lemma preorder-on-restrict-subset: $A \subseteq carrier \Longrightarrow preorder-on A (restrict-relation A le)$ **using** preorder-on-restrict[of A] **by** (simp add: Int-absorb1)

lemma restrict-relation-carrier [simp]: restrict-relation carrier le = le **using** not-outside **by** (intro ext) (auto simp add: restrict-relation-def)

\mathbf{end}

1.3 Total preorders

Total preorders are preorders where any two elements are comparable.

```
\textbf{locale total-preorder-on} = preorder-on + 
 assumes total: x \in carrier \implies y \in carrier \implies le \ x \ y \lor le \ y \ x
begin
lemma total': \neg le \ x \ y \Longrightarrow x \in carrier \Longrightarrow y \in carrier \Longrightarrow le \ y \ x
 using total[of x y] by blast
lemma total-preorder-on-map:
  total-preorder-on (f - carrier) (map-relation f le)
proof -
 interpret R': preorder-on f - carrier map-relation f le
   using preorder-on-map[of f].
 show ?thesis by unfold-locales (simp add: map-relation-def total)
qed
lemma total-preorder-on-restrict:
  total-preorder-on (carrier \cap A) (restrict-relation A le)
proof -
 interpret R': preorder-on carrier \cap A restrict-relation A le
   by (rule preorder-on-restrict)
 from total show ?thesis
   by unfold-locales (auto simp: restrict-relation-def)
\mathbf{qed}
```

```
lemma total-preorder-on-restrict-subset:

A \subseteq carrier \implies total-preorder-on A (restrict-relation A le)

using total-preorder-on-restrict[of A] by (simp add: Int-absorb1)
```

\mathbf{end}

Some fancy notation for order relations

abbreviation (input) weakly-preferred :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a relation \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool ($\langle - \preceq [-] \rightarrow [51, 10, 51] \ 60$) where $a \preceq [R] \ b \equiv R \ a \ b$

definition strongly-preferred ($\langle - \prec [-] \rangle [51, 10, 51] 60$) where $a \prec [R] b \equiv (a \preceq [R] b) \land \neg (b \preceq [R] a)$

definition indifferent $(\langle - \sim [-] \rightarrow [51, 10, 51] 60)$ where $a \sim [R] b \equiv (a \preceq [R] b) \land (b \preceq [R] a)$

abbreviation (input) weakly-not-preferred ($\langle - \succeq [-] \rightarrow [51, 10, 51] 60$) where $a \succeq [R] b \equiv b \preceq [R] a$ **term** $a \succeq [R] b \longleftrightarrow b \preceq [R] a$

abbreviation (*input*) strongly-not-preferred ($\langle - \succ [-] \rightarrow [51, 10, 51] 60$) where $a \succ [R] b \equiv b \prec [R] a$

context preorder-on begin

lemma strict-trans: $a \prec [le] b \Longrightarrow b \prec [le] c \Longrightarrow a \prec [le] c$ **unfolding** strongly-preferred-def **by** (blast intro: trans)

lemma weak-strict-trans: $a \preceq [le] b \Longrightarrow b \prec [le] c \Longrightarrow a \prec [le] c$ unfolding strongly-preferred-def by (blast intro: trans)

lemma strict-weak-trans: $a \prec [le] b \Longrightarrow b \preceq [le] c \Longrightarrow a \prec [le] c$ unfolding strongly-preferred-def by (blast intro: trans)

\mathbf{end}

- **lemma** (in total-preorder-on) not-weakly-preferred-iff: $a \in carrier \implies b \in carrier \implies \neg a \preceq [le] b \iff b \prec [le] a$ using total[of a b] by (auto simp: strongly-preferred-def)
- **lemma** (in total-preorder-on) not-strongly-preferred-iff: $a \in carrier \implies b \in carrier \implies \neg a \prec [le] \ b \longleftrightarrow b \preceq [le] \ a$ using total[of a b] by (auto simp: strongly-preferred-def)

1.4 Orders

locale order-on = preorder-on + assumes antisymmetric: le $x y \Longrightarrow$ le $y x \Longrightarrow x = y$

locale linorder-on = order- $on \ carrier \ le + total$ -preorder- $on \ carrier \ le$ for $carrier \ le$

1.5 Maximal elements

Maximal elements are elements in a preorder for which there exists no strictly greater element.

definition Max-wrt-among :: 'a relation \Rightarrow 'a set \Rightarrow 'a set where Max-wrt-among $R A = \{x \in A. R x x \land (\forall y \in A. R x y \longrightarrow R y x)\}$ **lemma** *Max-wrt-among-cong*: assumes restrict-relation A R = restrict-relation A R'shows Max-wrt-among R A = Max-wrt-among R' Aproof – from assms have $R \ x \ y \longleftrightarrow R' \ x \ y$ if $x \in A \ y \in A$ for $x \ y$ using that by (auto simp: restrict-relation-def fun-eq-iff) thus ?thesis unfolding Max-wrt-among-def by blast qed definition Max-wrt :: 'a relation \Rightarrow 'a set where Max-wrt R = Max-wrt-among R UNIV **lemma** Max-wrt-altdef: Max-wrt $R = \{x. R \ x \ x \land (\forall y. R \ x \ y \longrightarrow R \ y \ x)\}$ unfolding Max-wrt-def Max-wrt-among-def by simp context preorder-on begin **lemma** Max-wrt-among-preorder: Max-wrt-among le $A = \{x \in carrier \cap A. \forall y \in carrier \cap A. le x y \longrightarrow le y x\}$ unfolding Max-wrt-among-def using not-outside refl by blast **lemma** Max-wrt-preorder: Max-wrt $le = \{x \in carrier. \forall y \in carrier. le x y \longrightarrow le y x\}$ unfolding Max-wrt-altdef using not-outside refl by blast **lemma** Max-wrt-among-subset: Max-wrt-among le $A \subseteq$ carrier Max-wrt-among le $A \subseteq A$ unfolding Max-wrt-among-preorder by auto lemma Max-wrt-subset: Max- $wrt \ le \subseteq carrier$ unfolding Max-wrt-preorder by auto **lemma** *Max-wrt-among-nonempty*: assumes $B \cap carrier \neq \{\}$ finite $(B \cap carrier)$ shows Max-wrt-among le $B \neq \{\}$ proof – define A where $A = B \cap carrier$ have $A \subseteq carrier$ by $(simp \ add: A - def)$ from assms(2,1)[folded A-def] this have $\{x \in A. (\forall y \in A. le x y \longrightarrow le y x)\} \neq dast as a def and a def and a def as a$ {}

proof (*induction A rule: finite-ne-induct*) **case** (singleton x) thus ?case by (auto simp: refl) \mathbf{next} case (insert x A) then obtain y where y: $y \in A \land z$. $z \in A \implies le \ y \ z \implies le \ z \ y$ by blast thus ?case using insert.prems by (cases le y x) (blast intro: trans)+ qed thus ?thesis by (simp add: A-def Max-wrt-among-preorder Int-commute) qed lemma Max-wrt-nonempty: carrier \neq {} \Longrightarrow finite carrier \Longrightarrow Max-wrt le \neq {} using Max-wrt-among-nonempty[of UNIV] by (simp add: Max-wrt-def) **lemma** *Max-wrt-among-map-relation-vimage*: f - Max-wrt-among le $A \subseteq Max$ -wrt-among (map-relation f le) (f - A)**by** (*auto simp: Max-wrt-among-def map-relation-def*) **lemma** *Max-wrt-map-relation-vimage*: $f - Max-wrt \ le \subseteq Max-wrt \ (map-relation \ f \ le)$ **by** (*auto simp: Max-wrt-altdef map-relation-def*) **lemma** *image-subset-vimage-the-inv-into*: **assumes** inj-on $f A B \subseteq A$ **shows** $f' B \subseteq$ the-inv-into A f - Busing assms by (auto simp: the-inv-into-f-f) **lemma** Max-wrt-among-map-relation-bij-subset: assumes bij $(f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b)$ **shows** f 'Max-wrt-among le $A \subseteq$ Max-wrt-among (map-relation (inv f) le) (f ' A) using assms Max-wrt-among-map-relation-vimage[of inv f A] **by** (*simp add: bij-imp-bij-inv inv-inv-eq bij-vimage-eq-inv-image*) lemma Max-wrt-among-map-relation-bij: assumes bij fshows f 'Max-wrt-among le A = Max-wrt-among (map-relation (inv f) le) (f (A)**proof** (*intro equalityI Max-wrt-among-map-relation-bij-subset assms*) interpret R: preorder-on f ' carrier map-relation (inv f) le using preorder-on-map[of inv f] assms **by** (*simp add: bij-imp-bij-inv bij-vimage-eq-inv-image inv-inv-eq*) **show** Max-wrt-among (map-relation (inv f) le) (f ' A) \subseteq f ' Max-wrt-among le A unfolding Max-wrt-among-preorder R.Max-wrt-among-preorder using assms bij-is-inj[OF assms] by (auto simp: map-relation-def inv-f-f image-Int [symmetric])

\mathbf{qed}

lemma *Max-wrt-among-mono*:

le $x y \Longrightarrow x \in Max$ -wrt-among le $A \Longrightarrow y \in A \Longrightarrow y \in Max$ -wrt-among le Ausing not-outside by (auto simp: Max-wrt-among-preorder intro: trans)

lemma *Max-wrt-mono*:

 $le \ x \ y \Longrightarrow x \in Max$ -wrt $le \Longrightarrow y \in Max$ -wrt leunfolding Max-wrt-def using Max-wrt-among-mono[of $x \ y \ UNIV$] by blast

 \mathbf{end}

context total-preorder-on **begin**

```
lemma Max-wrt-among-total-preorder:
Max-wrt-among le A = \{x \in carrier \cap A. \forall y \in carrier \cap A. le y x\}
unfolding Max-wrt-among-preorder using total by blast
```

lemma Max-wrt-total-preorder: Max-wrt $le = \{x \in carrier. \forall y \in carrier. le y x\}$ **unfolding** Max-wrt-preorder **using** total **by** blast

lemma decompose-Max: **assumes** A: $A \subseteq carrier$ **defines** $M \equiv Max$ -wrt-among le A **shows** restrict-relation $A \ le = (\lambda x \ y. \ x \in A \land y \in M \lor (y \notin M \land restrict-relation (A - M) \ le \ x \ y))$ **using** A **by** (intro ext) (auto simp: M-def Max-wrt-among-total-preorder restrict-relation-def Int-absorb1 intro: trans)

\mathbf{end}

1.6 Weak rankings

inductive of-weak-ranking :: 'alt set list \Rightarrow 'alt relation where

 $i \leq j \Longrightarrow i < length \ xs \Longrightarrow j < length \ xs \Longrightarrow x \in xs \ ! \ i \Longrightarrow y \in xs \ ! \ j \Longrightarrow x \geq [of-weak-ranking \ xs] \ y$

lemma of-weak-ranking-Nil [simp]: of-weak-ranking [] = $(\lambda - ... False)$ by (intro ext) (simp add: of-weak-ranking.simps)

lemma of-weak-ranking-Nil' [code]: of-weak-ranking [] x y = Falseby simp

lemma of-weak-ranking-Cons [code]:

 $x \succeq [of\text{-weak-ranking } (z \# zs)] y \longleftrightarrow x \in z \land y \in \bigcup (set (z \# zs)) \lor x \succeq [of\text{-weak-ranking } z \# zs))$ zs] y (is $?lhs \leftrightarrow ?rhs$) proof assume ?lhs then obtain i jwhere ij: $i < length(z \# zs) j < length(z \# zs) i \leq j x \in (z \# zs) ! i y \in (z \# zs)$! j**by** (*blast elim: of-weak-ranking.cases*) **thus** ?rhs by (cases i; cases j) (force intro: of-weak-ranking.intros)+ \mathbf{next} assume ?rhs thus ?lhs **proof** (*elim disjE conjE*) assume $x \in z \ y \in \bigcup (set \ (z \ \# \ zs))$ then obtain j where $j < length (z \# zs) y \in (z \# zs) ! j$ by (subst (asm) set-conv-nth) auto with $\langle x \in z \rangle$ show of-weak-ranking (z # zs) y x**by** (*intro of-weak-ranking.intros*[of 0 j]) *auto* \mathbf{next} **assume** of-weak-ranking zs y xthen obtain i j where $i < length zs j < length zs i \le j x \in zs ! i y \in zs ! j$ **by** (*blast elim: of-weak-ranking.cases*) **thus** of-weak-ranking (z # zs) y x**by** (*intro of-weak-ranking.intros*[*of Suc i Suc j*]) *auto* qed qed

lemma of-weak-ranking-indifference: **assumes** $A \in set xs x \in A y \in A$ **shows** $x \preceq [of-weak-ranking xs] y$ **using** assms **by** (induction xs) (auto simp: of-weak-ranking-Cons)

```
lemma of-weak-ranking-map:
map-relation f (of-weak-ranking xs) = of-weak-ranking (map ((-') f) xs)
by (intro ext, induction xs)
(simp-all add: map-relation-def of-weak-ranking-Cons)
```

lemma of-weak-ranking-permute': **assumes** f permutes $(\bigcup (set xs))$ shows map-relation f (of-weak-ranking xs) = of-weak-ranking (map ((') (inv (f)) xs) proof have map-relation f (of-weak-ranking xs) = of-weak-ranking (map ((-') f) xs) **by** (*rule of-weak-ranking-map*) also from assms have map ((-) f) xs = map (() (inv f)) xsby (intro map-cong refl) (simp-all add: bij-vimage-eq-inv-image permutes-bij) finally show ?thesis . qed **lemma** of-weak-ranking-permute: **assumes** f permutes (\bigcup (set xs)) **shows** of-weak-ranking (map ((`) f) xs) = map-relation (inv f) (of-weak-ranking)xs)using of-weak-ranking-permute'[OF permutes-inv[OF assms]] assms **by** (*simp add: inv-inv-eq permutes-bij*) definition is-weak-ranking where is-weak-ranking $xs \longleftrightarrow (\{\} \notin set \ xs) \land$ $(\forall i j. i < length xs \land j < length xs \land i \neq j \longrightarrow xs ! i \cap xs ! j = \{\})$ definition *is-finite-weak-ranking* where is-finite-weak-ranking $xs \leftrightarrow is$ -weak-ranking $xs \land (\forall x \in set xs. finite x)$ definition weak-ranking :: 'alt relation \Rightarrow 'alt set list where weak-ranking $R = (SOME xs. is-weak-ranking xs \land R = of-weak-ranking xs)$ **lemma** *is-weak-rankingI* [*intro?*]: **assumes** {} \notin set xs $\wedge i j$. $i < length xs \implies j < length xs \implies i \neq j \implies xs ! i$ $\cap xs ! j = \{\}$ **shows** is-weak-ranking xs using assms by (auto simp add: is-weak-ranking-def) **lemma** is-weak-ranking-nonempty: is-weak-ranking $xs \Longrightarrow \{\} \notin set xs$ **by** (*simp add: is-weak-ranking-def*) **lemma** *is-weak-rankingD*: **assumes** is-weak-ranking $xs \ i < length \ xs \ j < length \ xs \ i \neq j$ shows $xs \mid i \cap xs \mid j = \{\}$ using assms by (simp add: is-weak-ranking-def) **lemma** *is-weak-ranking-iff*: is-weak-ranking $xs \longleftrightarrow distinct \ xs \land disjoint \ (set \ xs) \land \{\} \notin set \ xs$ **proof** safe **assume** *wf*: *is-weak-ranking xs* from wf show disjoint (set xs) by (auto simp: disjoint-def is-weak-ranking-def set-conv-nth)

show distinct xs **proof** (*subst distinct-conv-nth*, *safe*) fix i j assume $ij: i < length xs j < length xs i \neq j xs ! i = xs ! j$ then have $xs \mid i \cap xs \mid j = \{\}$ by (intro is-weak-rankingD wf) with *ij* have $xs ! i = \{\}$ by simp with *ij* have $\{\} \in set xs$ by (*auto simp: set-conv-nth*) **moreover from** wf ij have $\{\} \notin set xs$ by (intro is-weak-ranking-nonempty wf) ultimately show False by contradiction qed \mathbf{next} **assume** A: distinct xs disjoint (set xs) $\{\} \notin$ set xs thus is-weak-ranking xs by (intro is-weak-rankingI) (auto simp: disjoint-def distinct-conv-nth) **qed** (*simp-all add: is-weak-ranking-nonempty*) **lemma** is-weak-ranking-rev [simp]: is-weak-ranking (rev xs) \longleftrightarrow is-weak-ranking xsby (simp add: is-weak-ranking-iff) **lemma** *is-weak-ranking-map-inj*: **assumes** is-weak-ranking xs inj-on $f(\bigcup(set xs))$ **shows** is-weak-ranking (map ((`) f) xs)using assms by (auto simp: is-weak-ranking-iff distinct-map inj-on-image dis*joint-image*) **lemma** of-weak-ranking-rev [simp]: of-weak-ranking (rev xs) (x::'a) $y \leftrightarrow$ of-weak-ranking xs y x proof have of-weak-ranking (rev xs) y x if of-weak-ranking xs x y for xs and x y :: 'aproof **from** that **obtain** i j where $i < length xs j < length xs x \in xs ! i y \in xs ! j i$ $\geq j$ **by** (*elim of-weak-ranking.cases*) *simp-all* thus ?thesis by (intro of-weak-ranking.intros of length xs - i - 1 length xs - j - 1] diff-le-mono2) (auto simp: diff-le-mono2 rev-nth) qed **from** this [of $x \in y \in x$] this [of $rev \in x \in y$] **show** ?thesis **by** (intro iffI) simp-all qed **lemma** is-weak-ranking-Nil [simp, code]: is-weak-ranking [] **by** (*auto simp: is-weak-ranking-def*)

lemma *is-finite-weak-ranking-Nil* [*simp*, *code*]: *is-finite-weak-ranking* [] **by** (*auto simp: is-finite-weak-ranking-def*)

lemma *is-weak-ranking-Cons-empty* [*simp*]: \neg is-weak-ranking ({} # xs) by (simp add: is-weak-ranking-def) **lemma** *is-finite-weak-ranking-Cons-empty* [*simp*]: \neg is-finite-weak-ranking ({} # xs) by (simp add: is-finite-weak-ranking-def) **lemma** *is-weak-ranking-singleton* [*simp*]: is-weak-ranking $[x] \leftrightarrow x \neq \{\}$ **by** (*auto simp add: is-weak-ranking-def*) **lemma** *is-finite-weak-ranking-singleton* [*simp*]: is-finite-weak-ranking $[x] \longleftrightarrow x \neq \{\} \land finite x$ **by** (*auto simp add: is-finite-weak-ranking-def*) **lemma** *is-weak-ranking-append*: is-weak-ranking (xs @ ys) \leftrightarrow is-weak-ranking $xs \land$ is-weak-ranking $ys \land$ $(set \ xs \cap set \ ys = \{\} \land \bigcup (set \ xs) \cap \bigcup (set \ ys) = \{\})$ **by** (*simp only: is-weak-ranking-iff*) (auto dest: disjointD disjoint-unionD1 disjoint-unionD2 intro: disjoint-union) **lemma** *is-weak-ranking-Cons* [*code*]: is-weak-ranking $(x \# xs) \longleftrightarrow$ $x \neq \{\} \land is\text{-weak-ranking } xs \land x \cap \bigcup (set xs) = \{\}$ using is-weak-ranking-append of [x] xs by auto **lemma** *is-finite-weak-ranking-Cons* [*code*]: is-finite-weak-ranking $(x \# xs) \leftrightarrow$ $x \neq \{\} \land \text{ finite } x \land \text{ is-finite-weak-ranking } xs \land x \cap \bigcup (\text{set } xs) = \{\}$ **by** (*auto simp add: is-finite-weak-ranking-def is-weak-ranking-Cons*) primrec is-weak-ranking-aux where is-weak-ranking-aux $A [] \longleftrightarrow True$ $| is-weak-ranking-aux A (x \# xs) \longleftrightarrow x \neq \{\} \land$ $A \cap x = \{\} \land is-weak-ranking-aux (A \cup x) xs$ **lemma** *is-weak-ranking-aux*: is-weak-ranking-aux A xs $\leftrightarrow A \cap \bigcup (set xs) = \{\} \land is$ -weak-ranking xs by (induction xs arbitrary: A) (auto simp: is-weak-ranking-Cons) **lemma** *is-weak-ranking-code* [*code*]: is-weak-ranking $xs \leftrightarrow is$ -weak-ranking-aux {} xs **by** (subst is-weak-ranking-aux) auto **lemma** of-weak-ranking-altdef: **assumes** is-weak-ranking $xs \ x \in \bigcup (set \ xs) \ y \in \bigcup (set \ xs)$ **shows** of-weak-ranking $xs \ x \ y \longleftrightarrow$

proof from assms have A: find-index $((\in) x)$ xs < length xs find-index $((\in) y)$ xs < length xs **by** (*simp-all add: find-index-less-size-conv*) **from** this [THEN nth-find-index] have B: $x \in xs$! find-index $((\in) x)$ xs $y \in xs$! find-index $((\in) y)$ xs. show ?thesis proof **assume** of-weak-ranking $xs \ x \ y$ then obtain *i j* where *ij*: $j \le i$ *i* < length $xs \ j <$ length $xs \ x \in xs \ !$ *i* $y \in xs \ !j$ **by** (cases rule: of-weak-ranking.cases) simp-all with A B have i = find-index $((\in) x)$ xs j = find-index $((\in) y)$ xs using *assms*(1) unfolding *is-weak-ranking-def* by *blast+* with ij show find-index $((\in) x)$ xs \geq find-index $((\in) y)$ xs by simp next **assume** find-index $((\in) x)$ xs \geq find-index $((\in) y)$ xs from this A(2,1) B(2,1) show of-weak-ranking xs x y **by** (*rule of-weak-ranking.intros*) qed qed **lemma** total-preorder-of-weak-ranking: assumes $\bigcup (set xs) = A$ **assumes** *is-weak-ranking xs* **shows** total-preorder-on A (of-weak-ranking xs) proof fix x y assume $x \leq [of-weak-ranking xs] y$

with assms show $x \in A$ $y \in A$ **by** (*auto elim*!: *of-weak-ranking.cases*) next fix x assume $x \in A$ with assms(1) obtain *i* where $i < length xs x \in xs ! i$ by (*auto simp*: *set-conv-nth*) **thus** $x \leq [of-weak-ranking xs] x$ by (auto intro: of-weak-ranking.intros) next fix x y assume $x \in A y \in A$ with assms(1) obtain i j where $ij: i < length xs j < length xs x \in xs ! i y \in I$ $xs \mid j$ by (auto simp: set-conv-nth) consider $i \leq j \mid j \leq i$ by force **thus** $x \leq [of-weak-ranking xs] y \vee y \leq [of-weak-ranking xs] x$ **by** cases (insert ij, (blast intro: of-weak-ranking.intros)+) \mathbf{next} fix x y z

assume A: $x \leq [of\text{-weak-ranking } xs] y$ and B: $y \leq [of\text{-weak-ranking } xs] z$ from A obtain i jwhere $ij: i \geq j i < length xs j < length xs x \in xs ! i y \in xs ! j$

```
by (auto elim!: of-weak-ranking.cases)
```

moreover from *B* obtain j'kwhere $j'k: j' \ge k j' < length xs k < length xs y \in xs ! j' z \in xs ! k$ **by** (*auto elim*!: *of-weak-ranking.cases*) **moreover from** ij j'k is-weak-rankingD[OF assms(2), of j j'] have j = j' by blast **ultimately show** $x \preceq [of-weak-ranking xs] z$ **by** (*auto intro: of-weak-ranking.intros*[of k i])qed **lemma** restrict-relation-of-weak-ranking-Cons: assumes is-weak-ranking (A # As)**shows** restrict-relation (\bigcup (set As)) (of-weak-ranking (A # As)) = of-weak-ranking Asproof **from** assms **interpret** R: total-preorder-on \bigcup (set As) of-weak-ranking As**by** (*intro total-preorder-of-weak-ranking*) (simp-all add: is-weak-ranking-Cons) from assms show ?thesis using R.not-outside by (intro ext) (auto simp: restrict-relation-def of-weak-ranking-Cons *is-weak-ranking-Cons*) qed

lemmas of-weak-ranking-wf = total-preorder-of-weak-ranking is-weak-ranking-code insert-commute

lemma total-preorder-on $\{1,2,3,4::nat\}$ (of-weak-ranking $[\{1,3\},\{2\},\{4\}]$) by (simp add: of-weak-ranking-wf)

context

fixes x :: 'alt set and xs :: 'alt set listassumes <math>wf: is-weak-ranking (x#xs)begin

interpretation R: total-preorder-on \bigcup (set (x#xs)) of-weak-ranking (x#xs)by (intro total-preorder-of-weak-ranking) (simp-all add: wf)

lemma of-weak-ranking-imp-in-set: **assumes** of-weak-ranking xs a b **shows** $a \in \bigcup (set xs) \ b \in \bigcup (set xs)$ **using** assms **by** (fastforce elim!: of-weak-ranking.cases)+

lemma of-weak-ranking-Cons': assumes $a \in \bigcup (set (x \# xs)) b \in \bigcup (set (x \# xs))$

of-weak-ranking (x # xs) a $b \longleftrightarrow b \in x \lor (a \notin x \land of\text{-weak-ranking } xs a$ shows b)proof **assume** of-weak-ranking (x # xs) a b with wf of-weak-ranking-imp-in-set[of a b] **show** $(b \in x \lor a \notin x \land of$ -weak-ranking xs a b)**by** (*auto simp: is-weak-ranking-Cons of-weak-ranking-Cons*) \mathbf{next} **assume** $b \in x \lor a \notin x \land of$ -weak-ranking $xs \ a \ b$ with assms show of-weak-ranking (x # xs) a b **by** (*fastforce simp: of-weak-ranking-Cons*) qed ${\bf lemma} \ Max{-}wrt{-}among{-}of{-}weak{-}ranking{-}Cons1{:}$ assumes $x \cap A = \{\}$ **shows** Max-wrt-among (of-weak-ranking (x # xs)) A = Max-wrt-among (of-weak-ranking xs) Aproof from wf interpret R': total-preorder-on \bigcup (set xs) of-weak-ranking xs by (intro total-preorder-of-weak-ranking) (simp-all add: is-weak-ranking-Cons) from assms show ?thesis **by** (auto simp: R.Max-wrt-among-total-preorder R'. Max-wrt-among-total-preorder of-weak-ranking-Cons) qed **lemma** *Max-wrt-among-of-weak-ranking-Cons2*: assumes $x \cap A \neq \{\}$ **shows** Max-wrt-among (of-weak-ranking (x#xs)) $A = x \cap A$ proof **from** wf **interpret** R': total-preorder-on \bigcup (set xs) of-weak-ranking xs by (intro total-preorder-of-weak-ranking) (simp-all add: is-weak-ranking-Cons) from assms obtain a where $a \in x \cap A$ by blast with wf R'.not-outside(1)[of a] show ?thesis by (auto simp: R.Max-wrt-among-total-preorder is-weak-ranking-Cons R'. Max-wrt-among-total-preorder of-weak-ranking-Cons) qed **lemma** *Max-wrt-among-of-weak-ranking-Cons*: Max-wrt-among (of-weak-ranking (x # xs)) A = $(if \ x \cap A = \{\} then Max-wrt-among (of-weak-ranking xs) A else \ x \cap A)$

using Max-wrt-among-of-weak-ranking-Cons1 Max-wrt-among-of-weak-ranking-Cons2 by simp

lemma Max-wrt-of-weak-ranking-Cons:

Max-wrt (of-weak-ranking (x # xs)) = x using wf by (simp add: is-weak-ranking-Cons Max-wrt-def Max-wrt-among-of-weak-ranking-Cons)

 \mathbf{end}

lemma Max-wrt-of-weak-ranking: **assumes** is-weak-ranking xs **shows** Max-wrt (of-weak-ranking xs) = (if xs = [] then {} else hd xs) **proof** (cases xs) **case** Nil **hence** of-weak-ranking xs = (λ - -. False) **by** (intro ext) simp-all with Nil **show** ?thesis **by** (simp add: Max-wrt-def Max-wrt-among-def) **next case** (Cons x xs') with assms **show** ?thesis **by** (simp add: Max-wrt-of-weak-ranking-Cons) **qed**

```
locale finite-total-preorder-on = total-preorder-on +
assumes finite-carrier [intro]: finite carrier
begin
```

```
lemma finite-total-preorder-on-map:
assumes finite (f - ' carrier)
shows finite-total-preorder-on (f - ' carrier) (map-relation f le)
proof -
interpret R': total-preorder-on f - ' carrier map-relation f le
using total-preorder-on-map[of f].
from assms show ?thesis by unfold-locales simp
ged
```

function weak-ranking-aux :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a set list where weak-ranking-aux $\{\} = []$ $|A \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow A \subseteq carrier \Longrightarrow weak-ranking-aux A =$ Max-wrt-among le A # weak-ranking-aux (A - Max-wrt-among le A) $|\neg(A \subseteq carrier) \Longrightarrow weak-ranking-aux A = undefined$ by blast simp-all termination proof (relation Wellfounded.measure card) fix Alet ?B = Max-wrt-among le A assume A: $A \neq \{\}$ $A \subseteq carrier$ moreover from A(2) have finite A by (rule finite-subset) blast moreover from A have $?B \neq \{\} ?B \subseteq A$ by (intro Max-wrt-among-nonempty Max-wrt-among-subset; force)+ ultimately have card (A - ?B) < card A $\mathbf{by} \ (intro \ psubset-card-mono) \ auto$ thus $(A - ?B, A) \in measure \ card$ by simp **qed** simp-all

lemma weak-ranking-aux-Union:

 $A \subseteq carrier \Longrightarrow \bigcup (set (weak-ranking-aux A)) = A$ **proof** (induction A rule: weak-ranking-aux.induct [case-names empty nonempty]) **case** (nonempty A) **with** Max-wrt-among-subset[of A] **show** ?case **by** auto qed simp-all

```
lemma weak-ranking-aux-wf:
 A \subseteq carrier \implies is-weak-ranking (weak-ranking-aux A)
proof (induction A rule: weak-ranking-aux.induct [case-names empty nonempty])
 case (nonempty A)
 have is-weak-ranking (Max-wrt-among le A \# weak-ranking-aux (A - Max-wrt-among
le A))
   unfolding is-weak-ranking-Cons
 proof (intro conjI)
   from nonempty.prems nonempty.hyps show Max-wrt-among le A \neq \{\}
    by (intro Max-wrt-among-nonempty) auto
 \mathbf{next}
  from nonempty.prems show is-weak-ranking (weak-ranking-aux (A - Max-wrt-among
le A))
    by (intro nonempty.IH) blast
 next
   from nonempty.prems nonempty.hyps have Max-wrt-among le A \neq \{\}
    by (intro Max-wrt-among-nonempty) auto
   moreover from nonempty.prems
   have \bigcup (set (weak-ranking-aux (A - Max-wrt-among le A))) = A - Max-wrt-among
le A
    by (intro weak-ranking-aux-Union) auto
    ultimately show Max-wrt-among le A \cap \bigcup (set (weak-ranking-aux (A -
Max-wrt-among le(A)) = \{\}
    by blast+
 qed
 with nonempty.prems nonempty.hyps show ?case by simp
qed simp-all
lemma of-weak-ranking-weak-ranking-aux':
 assumes A \subseteq carrier \ x \in A \ y \in A
 shows of-weak-ranking (weak-ranking-aux A) x y \leftrightarrow restrict-relation A le x y
using assms
proof (induction A rule: weak-ranking-aux.induct [case-names empty nonempty])
 case (nonempty A)
 define M where M = Max-wrt-among le A
 from nonempty.prems nonempty.hyps have M: M \subseteq A unfolding M-def
   by (intro Max-wrt-among-subset)
 from nonempty.prems have in-MD: le x y if x \in A y \in M for x y
   using that unfolding M-def Max-wrt-among-total-preorder
   by (auto simp: Int-absorb1)
 from nonempty prems have in-MI: x \in M if y \in M x \in A let y x for x y
   using that unfolding M-def Max-wrt-among-total-preorder
   by (auto simp: Int-absorb1 intro: trans)
 from nonempty.prems nonempty.hyps
   have IH: of-weak-ranking (weak-ranking-aux (A - M)) x y =
            restrict-relation (A - M) le x y if x \notin M y \notin M
```

using that **unfolding** *M*-def **by** (*intro nonempty.IH*) *auto* **from** *nonempty.prems*

interpret R': total-preorder-on A - M of-weak-ranking (weak-ranking-aux (A - M))

```
 \mathbf{by} \ (intro \ total-preorder-of-weak-ranking \ weak-ranking-aux-wf \ weak-ranking-aux-Union) \\ auto
```

```
from nonempty.prems nonempty.hyps M weak-ranking-aux-Union[of A] R'.not-outside[of
x y
   show ?case
   by (cases x \in M; cases y \in M)
     (auto simp: restrict-relation-def of-weak-ranking-Cons IH M-def [symmetric]
          intro: in-MD dest: in-MI)
qed simp-all
lemma of-weak-ranking-weak-ranking-aux:
 of-weak-ranking (weak-ranking-aux carrier) = le
proof (intro ext)
 fix x y
 have is-weak-ranking (weak-ranking-aux carrier) by (rule weak-ranking-aux-wf)
simp
 then interpret R: total-preorder-on carrier of-weak-ranking (weak-ranking-aux
carrier)
  by (intro total-preorder-of-weak-ranking weak-ranking-aux-wf weak-ranking-aux-Union)
     (simp-all add: weak-ranking-aux-Union)
 show of-weak-ranking (weak-ranking-aux carrier) x y = le x y
 proof (cases x \in carrier \land y \in carrier)
   case True
   thus ?thesis
    using of-weak-ranking-weak-ranking-aux' of carrier x y by simp
 next
   case False
    with R.not-outside have of-weak-ranking (weak-ranking-aux carrier) x y =
False
    by auto
   also from not-outside False have \ldots = le x y by auto
   finally show ?thesis .
 qed
qed
lemma weak-ranking-aux-unique':
 assumes \bigcup (set As) \subseteq carrier is-weak-ranking As
        of-weak-ranking As = restrict-relation (\bigcup (set As)) le
 shows As = weak-ranking-aux (\bigcup (set As))
using assms
proof (induction As)
 case (Cons A As)
 have restrict-relation ([] (set As)) (of-weak-ranking (A \# As)) = of-weak-ranking
```

As

by (intro restrict-relation-of-weak-ranking-Cons Cons.prems) also have eq1: of-weak-ranking $(A \# As) = restrict-relation (\bigcup (set (A \# As))))$ le **by** fact **finally have** eq: of-weak-ranking As = restrict-relation ([](set As))) le **by** (*simp add*: *Int-absorb2*) with Cons.prems have eq2: weak-ranking-aux $(\bigcup (set As)) = As$ by (intro sym [OF Cons.IH]) (auto simp: is-weak-ranking-Cons) from *eq1* have Max-wrt-among le $(\bigcup (set (A \# As))) =$ Max-wrt-among (of-weak-ranking (A#As)) ([] (set (A#As)))) by (intro Max-wrt-among-cong) simp-all also from Cons.prems have $\ldots = A$ **by** (subst Max-wrt-among-of-weak-ranking-Cons2) (simp-all add: is-weak-ranking-Cons) finally have Max: Max-wrt-among le $(\bigcup (set (A \# As))) = A$. moreover from Cons. prems have $A \neq \{\}$ by (simp add: is-weak-ranking-Cons) ultimately have weak-ranking-aux $(\bigcup (set (A \# As))) = A \# weak-ranking-aux)$ $(A \cup \bigcup (set As) - A)$ using Cons.prems by simp also from Cons.prems have $A \cup \bigcup (set As) - A = \bigcup (set As)$ **by** (*auto simp: is-weak-ranking-Cons*) also from eq2 have weak-ranking-aux ... = As. finally show ?case .. qed simp-all **lemma** weak-ranking-aux-unique: **assumes** is-weak-ranking As of-weak-ranking As = leshows As = weak-ranking-aux carrier proof **interpret** R: total-preorder-on \bigcup (set As) of-weak-ranking As by (intro total-preorder-of-weak-ranking assms) simp-all from assms have $x \in \bigcup (set As) \longleftrightarrow x \in carrier$ for x **using** R.not-outside not-outside R.refl[of x] refl[of x] by blast hence $eq: \bigcup (set As) = carrier$ by blast **from** assess eq have As = weak-ranking-aux ([](set As)) by (intro weak-ranking-aux-unique') simp-all with eq show ?thesis by simp qed **lemma** weak-ranking-total-preorder:

is-weak-ranking (weak-ranking le) of-weak-ranking (weak-ranking le) = leproof -

from weak-ranking-aux-wf[of carrier] of-weak-ranking-weak-ranking-aux have $\exists x. is-weak-ranking x \land le = of-weak-ranking x$ by auto hence is-weak-ranking (weak-ranking le) $\land le = of$ -weak-ranking (weak-ranking

```
le)
   unfolding weak-ranking-def by (rule someI-ex)
 thus is-weak-ranking (weak-ranking le) of-weak-ranking (weak-ranking le) = le
   by simp-all
qed
lemma weak-ranking-altdef:
 weak-ranking le = weak-ranking-aux carrier
 by (intro weak-ranking-aux-unique weak-ranking-total-preorder)
lemma weak-ranking-Union: \bigcup (set (weak-ranking le)) = carrier
 by (simp add: weak-ranking-altdef weak-ranking-aux-Union)
lemma weak-ranking-unique:
 assumes is-weak-ranking As of-weak-ranking As = le
 shows As = weak-ranking le
 using assms unfolding weak-ranking-altdef by (rule weak-ranking-aux-unique)
lemma weak-ranking-permute:
 assumes f permutes carrier
 shows weak-ranking (map-relation (inv f) le) = map ((^{\circ}) f) (weak-ranking le)
proof –
 from assms have inv f - carrier = carrier
   by (simp add: permutes-vimage permutes-inv)
 then interpret R: finite-total-preorder-on inv f - ' carrier map-relation (inv f)
le
   by (intro finite-total-preorder-on-map) (simp-all add: finite-carrier)
 from assms have is-weak-ranking (map ((`) f) (weak-ranking le))
   by (intro is-weak-ranking-map-inj)
     (simp-all add: weak-ranking-total-preorder permutes-inj-on)
 with assms show ?thesis
   by (intro sym[OF R.weak-ranking-unique])
    (simp-all add: of-weak-ranking-permute weak-ranking-Union weak-ranking-total-preorder)
qed
lemma weak-ranking-index-unique:
```

assumes is-weak-ranking xs $i < length xs j < length xs x \in xs ! i x \in xs ! j$ shows i = jusing assms unfolding is-weak-ranking-def by auto

lemma weak-ranking-eqclass1: assumes $A \in set$ (weak-ranking le) $x \in A$ $y \in A$

shows le x yproof from assms obtain i where weak-ranking le ! i = A i < length (weak-ranking le)**by** (*auto simp: set-conv-nth*) with assms have of-weak-ranking (weak-ranking le) x y**by** (*intro of-weak-ranking.intros*[*of i i*]) *auto* **thus** ?thesis **by** (simp add: weak-ranking-total-preorder) qed **lemma** weak-ranking-eqclass2: **assumes** A: $A \in set$ (weak-ranking le) $x \in A$ and le: le x y le y x shows $y \in A$ proof define xs where xs = weak-ranking le have wf: is-weak-ranking xs by (simp add: xs-def weak-ranking-total-preorder) let ?le' = of-weak-ranking xs from le have le': ?le' x y ?le' y x by (simp-all add: weak-ranking-total-preorder xs-def) from le'(1) obtain i jwhere $ij: j \le i \ i < length \ xs \ j < length \ xs \ x \in xs \ ! \ i \ y \in xs \ ! \ j$ **by** (cases rule: of-weak-ranking.cases) from le'(2) obtain i' j'where i'j': $j' \leq i'$ $i' < length xs j' < length xs x \in xs ! j' y \in xs ! i'$ **by** (cases rule: of-weak-ranking.cases) from ij i'j' have eq: i = j' j = i'**by** (*intro weak-ranking-index-unique*[OF wf]; *simp*)+ **moreover from** A **obtain** k where k: k < length xs A = xs ! k**by** (*auto simp*: *xs-def set-conv-nth*) ultimately have k = i using ij i'j' Aby (intro weak-ranking-index-unique [OF wf, of -x]) auto with ij i'j' k eq show ?thesis by (auto simp: xs-def) qed **lemma** *hd-weak-ranking*: assumes $x \in hd$ (weak-ranking le) $y \in carrier$ shows le y xproof from weak-ranking-Union assms obtain i where i < length (weak-ranking le) $y \in$ weak-ranking le ! i **by** (*auto simp: set-conv-nth*) **moreover from** assms(2) weak-ranking-Union have weak-ranking $le \neq []$ by auto ultimately have of-weak-ranking (weak-ranking le) y x using assms(1)by (intro of-weak-ranking.intros[of 0 i]) (auto simp: hd-conv-nth) thus ?thesis by (simp add: weak-ranking-total-preorder) ged

lemma *last-weak-ranking*:

assumes $x \in last$ (weak-ranking le) $y \in carrier$ shows le x yproof – from weak-ranking-Union assms obtain *i* where i < length (weak-ranking le) $y \in weak$ -ranking le ! *i* by (auto simp: set-conv-nth) moreover from assms(2) weak-ranking-Union have weak-ranking le \neq [] by auto ultimately have of-weak-ranking (weak-ranking le) x y using assms(1)by (intro of-weak-ranking.intros[of *i* length (weak-ranking le) - 1]) (auto simp: last-conv-nth) thus ?thesis by (simp add: weak-ranking-total-preorder) ged

The index in weak ranking of a given alternative. An element with index 0 is first-ranked; larger indices correspond to less-preferred alternatives.

definition weak-ranking-index :: $a \Rightarrow nat$ where weak-ranking-index x = find-index $(\lambda A. x \in A)$ (weak-ranking le)

```
{\bf lemma} \ nth-weak-ranking-index:
```

assumes $x \in carrier$

shows weak-ranking-index x < length (weak-ranking le) $x \in$ weak-ranking le ! weak-ranking-index x

proof -

from assms weak-ranking-Union show weak-ranking-index x < length (weak-ranking le)

unfolding weak-ranking-index-def **by** (auto simp add: find-index-less-size-conv) **thus** $x \in$ weak-ranking le ! weak-ranking-index x **unfolding** weak-ranking-index-def **by** (rule nth-find-index)

 \mathbf{qed}

lemma ranking-index-eqI:

 $i < length (weak-ranking le) \Longrightarrow x \in weak-ranking le ! i \Longrightarrow weak-ranking-index x = i$

using weak-ranking-index-unique' [of weak-ranking le i x]

```
by (simp add: weak-ranking-index-def weak-ranking-total-preorder)
```

lemma ranking-index-le-iff [simp]:

assumes $x \in carrier \ y \in carrier$ shows weak-ranking-index $x \ge weak$ -ranking-index $y \longleftrightarrow le \ x \ y$ proof – have $le \ x \ y \longleftrightarrow of$ -weak-ranking (weak-ranking le) $x \ y$ by (simp add: weak-ranking-total-preorder) also have ... \longleftrightarrow weak-ranking-index $x \ge weak$ -ranking-index yproof assume weak-ranking-index $x \ge weak$ -ranking-index ythus of-weak-ranking (weak-ranking le) $x \ y$ by (rule of-weak-ranking.intros) (simp-all add: nth-weak-ranking-index assms) next

```
assume of-weak-ranking (weak-ranking le) x y
   then obtain i j where
     i \leq j \ i < length \ (weak-ranking \ le) \ j < length \ (weak-ranking \ le)
    x \in weak-ranking le \mid j \mid y \in weak-ranking le \mid i
     by (elim of-weak-ranking.cases) blast
   with ranking-index-eqI[of i] ranking-index-eqI[of j]
     show weak-ranking-index x \ge weak-ranking-index y by simp
 qed
 finally show ?thesis ..
qed
end
lemma weak-ranking-False [simp]: weak-ranking (\lambda- -. False) = []
proof –
 interpret finite-total-preorder-on \{\} \lambda- -. False
   by unfold-locales simp-all
 have [] = weak-ranking (\lambda- -. False) by (rule weak-ranking-unique) simp-all
 thus ?thesis ..
qed
lemmas of-weak-ranking-weak-ranking =
 finite-total-preorder-on.weak-ranking-total-preorder(2)
lemma finite-total-preorder-on-iff:
 finite-total-preorder-on A \ R \longleftrightarrow total-preorder-on A \ R \land finite A
 by (simp add: finite-total-preorder-on-def finite-total-preorder-on-axioms-def)
lemma finite-total-preorder-of-weak-ranking:
 assumes \bigcup (set xs) = A is-finite-weak-ranking xs
 shows finite-total-preorder-on A (of-weak-ranking xs)
proof -
 from assms(2) have is-weak-ranking xs by (simp add: is-finite-weak-ranking-def)
 from assms(1) and this interpret total-preorder-on A of-weak-ranking xs
   by (rule total-preorder-of-weak-ranking)
 from assms(2) show ?thesis
   by unfold-locales (simp add: assms(1)[symmetric] is-finite-weak-ranking-def)
qed
lemma weak-ranking-of-weak-ranking:
 assumes is-finite-weak-ranking xs
 shows
         weak-ranking (of-weak-ranking xs) = xs
proof –
 from assms interpret finite-total-preorder-on \bigcup (set xs) of-weak-ranking xs
   by (intro finite-total-preorder-of-weak-ranking) simp-all
 from assms show ?thesis
  by (intro sym[OF weak-ranking-unique]) (simp-all add: is-finite-weak-ranking-def)
```

qed

lemma weak-ranking-eqD: assumes finite-total-preorder-on alts R1 assumes finite-total-preorder-on alts R2 assumes weak-ranking R1 = weak-ranking R2 shows R1 = R2proof – from assms have of-weak-ranking (weak-ranking R1) = of-weak-ranking (weak-ranking R2) by simp with assms(1,2) show ?thesis by (simp add: of-weak-ranking-weak-ranking) qed

lemma weak-ranking-eq-iff: **assumes** finite-total-preorder-on alts R1 **assumes** finite-total-preorder-on alts R2 **shows** weak-ranking R1 = weak-ranking R2 \leftrightarrow R1 = R2 **using** assms weak-ranking-eqD **by** auto

definition preferred-alts :: 'alt relation \Rightarrow 'alt \Rightarrow 'alt set where preferred-alts $R \ x = \{y, y \succeq [R] \ x\}$

lemma (in preorder-on) preferred-alts-refl [simp]: $x \in carrier \implies x \in preferred-alts$ le x

by (*simp add: preferred-alts-def refl*)

lemma (in preorder-on) preferred-alts-altdef: preferred-alts le $x = \{y \in carrier. y \succeq [le] x\}$ by (auto simp: preferred-alts-def intro: not-outside)

lemma (in preorder-on) preferred-alts-subset: preferred-alts le $x \subseteq$ carrier unfolding preferred-alts-def using not-outside by blast

1.7 Rankings

definition ranking :: 'a relation \Rightarrow 'a list where ranking R = map the-elem (weak-ranking R)

locale finite-linorder-on = linorder-on +
assumes finite-carrier [intro]: finite carrier
begin

```
sublocale finite-total-preorder-on carrier le
by unfold-locales (fact finite-carrier)
```

```
lemma singleton-weak-ranking:

assumes A \in set (weak-ranking le)

shows is-singleton A

proof (rule is-singletonI')
```

from assms show $A \neq \{\}$ using weak-ranking-total-preorder(1) is-weak-ranking-iff by auto \mathbf{next} fix x y assume $x \in A y \in A$ with assms have $x \leq [of-weak-ranking (weak-ranking le)] y y = [of-weak-ranking (weak-ranking le)] y = [of-weak-ranking le)] y$ le)] x**by** (*auto intro*!: *of-weak-ranking-indifference*) with weak-ranking-total-preorder(2) show x = y by (intro antisymmetric) simp-all qed **lemma** weak-ranking-ranking: weak-ranking $le = map (\lambda x. \{x\})$ (ranking le) unfolding ranking-def map-map o-def **proof** (rule sym, rule map-idI) fix A assume $A \in set$ (weak-ranking le) hence is-singleton A by (rule singleton-weak-ranking) thus $\{the\text{-}elem A\} = A$ by (auto elim: is-singletonE)qed end

end

2 Preference Profiles

```
theory Preference-Profiles

imports

Main

Order-Predicates

HOL-Library.Multiset

HOL-Library.Disjoint-Sets

begin

The type of preference profiles
```

type-synonym ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile = 'agent \Rightarrow 'alt relation

locale preorder-family = **fixes** dom :: 'a set **and** carrier :: 'b set **and** R ::: 'a \Rightarrow 'b relation **assumes** nonempty-dom: dom \neq {} **assumes** in-dom [simp]: $i \in dom \implies$ preorder-on carrier (R i) **assumes** not-in-dom [simp]: $i \notin dom \implies \neg R \ i \ x \ y$ **begin**

lemma not-in-dom': $i \notin dom \Longrightarrow R$ $i = (\lambda$ - -. False) by (simp add: fun-eq-iff)

 \mathbf{end}

```
locale pref-profile-wf =
 fixes agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and R :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile
 assumes nonempty-agents [simp]: agents \neq \{\} and nonempty-alts [simp]: alts \neq \{\}
{}
 assumes prefs-wf [simp]: i \in agents \implies finite-total-preorder-on alts (R i)
 assumes prefs-undefined [simp]: i \notin agents \implies \neg R \ i \ x \ y
begin
lemma finite-alts [simp]: finite alts
proof -
 from nonempty-agents obtain i where i \in agents by blast
 then interpret finite-total-preorder-on alts R i by simp
 show ?thesis by (rule finite-carrier)
qed
lemma prefs-wf' [simp]:
 i \in agents \implies total-preorder-on alts (R i) i \in agents \implies preorder-on alts (R i)
 using prefs-wf[of i]
 by (simp-all add: finite-total-preorder-on-def total-preorder-on-def del: prefs-wf)
lemma not-outside:
 assumes x \preceq [R \ i] y
 shows i \in agents \ x \in alts \ y \in alts
proof -
 from assms show i \in agents by (cases i \in agents) auto
 then interpret preorder-on alts R i by simp
 from assms show x \in alts \ y \in alts by (simp-all add: not-outside)
\mathbf{qed}
sublocale preorder-family agents alts R
 by (intro preorder-family.intro) simp-all
lemmas prefs-undefined' = not-in-dom'
lemma wf-update:
 assumes i \in agents total-preorder-on alts Ri'
 shows pref-profile-wf agents alts (R(i := Ri'))
proof –
 interpret total-preorder-on alts Ri' by fact
 from finite-alts have finite-total-preorder-on alts Ri' by unfold-locales
 with assms show ?thesis
   by (auto intro!: pref-profile-wf.intro split: if-splits)
qed
lemma wf-permute-agents:
 assumes \sigma permutes agents
 shows pref-profile-wf agents alts (R \circ \sigma)
 unfolding o-def using permutes-in-image[OF assms(1)]
```

by (*intro pref-profile-wf.intro prefs-wf*) simp-all

lemma (in –) pref-profile-eqI: **assumes** pref-profile-wf agents alts R1 pref-profile-wf agents alts R2 **assumes** $\bigwedge x. x \in agents \implies R1 \ x = R2 \ x$ **shows** R1 = R2 **proof interpret** R1: pref-profile-wf agents alts R1 **by** fact **interpret** R2: pref-profile-wf agents alts R2 **by** fact **fix** x **show** R1 x = R2 x **by** (cases x \in agents; intro ext) (simp-all add: assms(3)) **qed**

 \mathbf{end}

Permutes a preference profile w.r.t. alternatives in the way described in the paper. This is needed for the definition of neutrality.

definition permute-profile where permute-profile $\sigma R = (\lambda i \ x \ y. R \ i \ (inv \ \sigma \ x) \ (inv \ \sigma \ y))$

lemma permute-profile-map-relation: permute-profile $\sigma R = (\lambda i. map-relation (inv \sigma) (R i))$ by (simp add: permute-profile-def map-relation-def)

lemma permute-profile-compose [simp]: permute-profile σ ($R \circ \pi$) = permute-profile σ $R \circ \pi$ by (auto simp: fun-eq-iff permute-profile-def o-def)

lemma permute-profile-id [simp]: permute-profile id R = Rby (simp add: permute-profile-def)

```
lemma permute-profile-o:

assumes bij f bij g

shows permute-profile f (permute-profile g R) = permute-profile (f \circ g) R

using assms by (simp add: permute-profile-def o-inv-distrib)
```

lemma (in pref-profile-wf) wf-permute-alts: **assumes** σ permutes alts **shows** pref-profile-wf agents alts (permute-profile σ R) **proof** (rule pref-profile-wf.intro) **fix** i **assume** $i \in agents$ **with** assms **interpret** R: finite-total-preorder-on alts R i by simp

from assms have [simp]: inv $\sigma x \in alts \leftrightarrow x \in alts$ for x by (simp add: permutes-in-image permutes-inv)

show finite-total-preorder-on alts (permute-profile $\sigma R i$) proof

fix x y assume permute-profile $\sigma R i x y$

thus $x \in alts \ y \in alts$ using $R.not-outside[of inv \sigma x inv \sigma y]$ by (auto simp: permute-profile-def) next fix $x \ y \ z$ assume permute-profile $\sigma \ R \ i \ x \ y$ permute-profile $\sigma \ R \ i \ y \ z$ thus permute-profile $\sigma \ R \ i \ x \ z$ using $R.trans[of inv \sigma x inv \sigma y inv \sigma z]$ by (simp-all add: permute-profile-def) qed (insert $R.total \ R.refl \ R.finite-carrier, \ simp-all \ add: \ permute-profile-def)$ qed (insert assms, simp-all add: permute-profile-def pref-profile-wf-def)

This shows that the above definition is equivalent to that in the paper.

lemma permute-profile-iff [simp]: **fixes** R :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile **assumes** σ permutes alts $x \in$ alts $y \in$ alts **defines** $R' \equiv$ permute-profile σ R **shows** $\sigma x \preceq [R' i] \sigma y \longleftrightarrow x \preceq [R i] y$ **using** assms **by** (simp add: permute-profile-def permutes-inverses)

2.1 Pareto dominance

definition Pareto :: ('agent \Rightarrow 'alt relation) \Rightarrow 'alt relation where $x \preceq [Pareto(R)] y \longleftrightarrow (\exists j. x \preceq [R j] x) \land (\forall i. x \preceq [R i] x \longrightarrow x \preceq [R i] y)$

A Pareto loser is an alternative that is Pareto-dominated by some other alternative.

definition pareto-losers :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile \Rightarrow 'alt set where pareto-losers $R = \{x. \exists y. y \succ [Pareto(R)] x\}$

lemma pareto-losersI [intro?, simp]: $y \succ [Pareto(R)] x \Longrightarrow x \in pareto-losers R$ by (auto simp: pareto-losers-def)

context preorder-family begin

lemma Pareto-iff: $x \leq [Pareto(R)] \ y \longleftrightarrow (\forall i \in dom. \ x \leq [R \ i] \ y)$ **proof assume** $A: x \leq [Pareto(R)] \ y$ **then obtain** j **where** $j: x \leq [R \ j] \ x$ **by** (auto simp: Pareto-def) **hence** $j': j \in dom$ **by** (cases $j \in dom$) auto **then interpret** preorder-on carrier $R \ j$ **by** simp **from** j **have** $x \in carrier$ **by** (auto simp: carrier-eq) **with** A preorder-on.refl[OF in-dom] **show** ($\forall i \in dom. \ x \leq [R \ i] \ y$) **by** (auto simp: Pareto-def) **next assume** $A: (\forall i \in dom. \ x \leq [R \ i] \ y)$ **from** nonempty-dom **obtain** j **where** $j: j \in dom$ **by** blast **then interpret** preorder-on carrier $R \ j$ **by** simp

from j A have $x \preceq [R j] y$ by simp hence $x \preceq [R j] x$ using not-outside refl by blast with A show $x \leq [Pareto(R)] y$ by (auto simp: Pareto-def) qed lemma Pareto-strict-iff: $x \prec [Pareto(R)] y \longleftrightarrow (\forall i \in dom. \ x \preceq [R \ i] y) \land (\exists i \in dom. \ x \prec [R \ i] y)$ **by** (*auto simp: strongly-preferred-def Pareto-iff nonempty-dom*) **lemma** *Pareto-strictI*: assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in dom \Longrightarrow x \preceq [R \ i] y \ i \in dom \ x \prec [R \ i] y$ shows $x \prec [Pareto(R)] y$ using assms by (auto simp: Pareto-strict-iff) **lemma** *Pareto-strictI'*: assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in dom \implies x \preceq [R \ i] y \ i \in dom \ \neg x \succeq [R \ i] y$ **shows** $x \prec [Pareto(R)] y$ proof from assms interpret preorder-on carrier R i by simp from assms have $x \prec [R \ i] y$ by (simp add: strongly-preferred-def) with assms show ?thesis by (auto simp: Pareto-strict-iff) \mathbf{qed} sublocale Pareto: preorder-on carrier Pareto(R)proof have preorder-on carrier $(R \ i)$ if $i \in dom$ for i using that by simp-all **note** A = preorder-on.not-outside[OF this(1)] preorder-on.refl[OF this(1)]preorder-on.trans[OF this(1)]from nonempty-dom obtain i where $i: i \in dom$ by blast **show** preorder-on carrier (Pareto R) proof fix x y assume $x \preceq [Pareto(R)] y$ with $A(1,2)[OF \ i]$ i show $x \in carrier \ y \in carrier$ by (auto simp: Pareto-iff) **qed** (*auto simp*: *Pareto-iff intro*: *A*) qed **lemma** pareto-loser-in-alts: assumes $x \in pareto-losers R$ shows $x \in carrier$ proof **from** assms **obtain** y i where $i \in dom \ x \prec [R \ i] \ y$ by (auto simp: pareto-losers-def Pareto-strict-iff) then interpret preorder-on carrier R i by simp from $\langle x \prec [R \ i] \ y \rangle$ have $x \preceq [R \ i] \ y$ by (simp add: strongly-preferred-def) thus $x \in carrier$ using not-outside by simp ged

lemma *pareto-losersE*:

```
assumes x \in pareto-losers R

obtains y where y \in carrier y \succ [Pareto(R)] x

proof –

from assms obtain y where y: y \succ [Pareto(R)] x unfolding pareto-losers-def

by blast

with Pareto.not-outside[of x y] have y \in carrier

by (simp add: strongly-preferred-def)

with y show ?thesis using that by blast

qed
```

end

2.2 Preferred alternatives

```
context pref-profile-wf
begin
```

lemma preferred-alts-subset-alts: preferred-alts $(R \ i) \ x \subseteq alts$ (is ?A) and finite-preferred-alts [simp,intro!]: finite (preferred-alts $(R \ i) \ x$) (is ?B) **proof** – have ?A \land ?B **proof** (cases $i \in agents$) assume $i \in agents$ then interpret total-preorder-on alts $R \ i$ by simp have preferred-alts $(R \ i) \ x \subseteq alts$ using not-outside by (auto simp: preferred-alts-def) thus ?thesis by (auto dest: finite-subset) **qed** (auto simp: preferred-alts-def) thus ?A ?B by blast+ **qed**

```
lemma preferred-alts-altdef:

i \in agents \implies preferred-alts (R i) \ x = \{y \in alts. \ y \succeq [R i] \ x\}

by (simp add: preorder-on.preferred-alts-altdef)
```

\mathbf{end}

2.3 Favourite alternatives

definition favorites :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile \Rightarrow 'agent \Rightarrow 'alt set where favorites $R \ i = Max$ -wrt ($R \ i$)

definition favorite :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile \Rightarrow 'agent \Rightarrow 'alt where favorite R i = the-elem (favorites R i)

definition has-unique-favorites :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile \Rightarrow bool where has-unique-favorites $R \longleftrightarrow (\forall i. favorites R i = \{\} \lor is-singleton (favorites R i))$

context pref-profile-wf

begin

lemma favorites-no-agent [simp]: $i \notin agents \implies favorites R \ i = \{\}$ by (auto simp: favorites-def Max-wrt-def Max-wrt-among-def)

```
lemma favorites-altdef':
favorites R \ i = \{x \in alts. \forall y \in alts. x \succeq [R \ i] \ y\}
proof (cases i \in agents)
assume i \in agents
then interpret finite-total-preorder-on alts R \ i by simp
show ?thesis using Max-wrt-among-nonempty[of alts] Max-wrt-among-subset[of
alts]
by (auto simp: favorites-altdef Max-wrt-among-total-preorder)
qed simp-all
lemma favorites-subset-alts: favorites R \ i \subseteq alts
by (auto simp: favorites-altdef')
```

```
lemma finite-favorites [simp, intro]: finite (favorites R i)
using favorites-subset-alts finite-alts by (rule finite-subset)
```

```
lemma favorites-nonempty: i \in agents \implies favorites R \ i \neq \{\}

proof –

assume i \in agents

then interpret finite-total-preorder-on alts R i by simp

show ?thesis unfolding favorites-def by (intro Max-wrt-nonempty) simp-all

qed
```

```
lemma favorites-permute:

assumes i: i \in agents and perm: \sigma permutes alts

shows favorites (permute-profile \sigma R) i = \sigma 'favorites R i

proof –

from i interpret finite-total-preorder-on alts R i by simp

from perm show ?thesis

unfolding favorites-def

by (subst Max-wrt-map-relation-bij)

(simp-all add: permute-profile-def map-relation-def permutes-bij)

qed
```

lemma has-unique-favorites-altdef:

has-unique-favorites $R \longleftrightarrow (\forall i \in agents. is-singleton (favorites R i))$ proof safe fix i assume has-unique-favorites $R i \in agents$ thus is-singleton (favorites R i) using favorites-nonempty[of i] by (auto simp: has-unique-favorites-def) next assume $\forall i \in agents. is-singleton (favorites R i)$ hence is-singleton (favorites R i) \lor favorites R i = {} for i by (cases $i \in agents$) (simp add: favorites-nonempty, simp add: favorites-altdef') thus has-unique-favorites R by (auto simp: has-unique-favorites-def) qed

end

```
locale pref-profile-unique-favorites = pref-profile-wf agents alts R
for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and R +
assumes unique-favorites': has-unique-favorites R
begin
```

```
lemma unique-favorites: i \in agents \implies favorites R \ i = \{favorite R \ i\}
using unique-favorites'
by (auto simp: favorite-def has-unique-favorites-altdef is-singleton-the-elem)
```

lemma favorite-in-alts: $i \in agents \implies favorite R \ i \in alts$ using favorites-subset-alts[of i] by (simp add: unique-favorites)

end

2.4 Anonymous profiles

type-synonym ('agent, 'alt) apref-profile = 'alt set list multiset

definition anonymous-profile :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile \Rightarrow ('agent, 'alt) apref-profile

```
where anonymous-profile-auxdef:

anonymous-profile R = image-mset (weak-ranking \circ R) (mset-set {i. R \ i \neq (\lambda - . False)})

lemma (in pref-profile-wf) agents-eq:

agents = {i. R \ i \neq (\lambda - . False)}

proof safe
```

fix i assume i: $i \in agents$ and $Ri: R \ i = (\lambda - ... False)$ from i interpret preorder-on alts R i by simp from carrier-eq Ri nonempty-alts show False by simp next fix i assume $R \ i \neq (\lambda - ... False)$ thus $i \in agents$ using prefs-undefined'[of i] by (cases $i \in agents$) auto ged

```
lemma (in pref-profile-wf) anonymous-profile-def:
  anonymous-profile R = image-mset (weak-ranking \circ R) (mset-set agents)
 by (simp only: agents-eq anonymous-profile-auxdef)
lemma (in pref-profile-wf) anonymous-profile-permute:
 assumes \sigma permutes alts finite agents
 shows anonymous-profile (permute-profile \sigma R) =
           image-mset (map ((') \sigma)) (anonymous-profile R)
proof -
  from assms(1) interpret R': pref-profile-wf agents alts permute-profile \sigma R
   by (rule wf-permute-alts)
 have anonymous-profile (permute-profile \sigma R) =
         {#weak-ranking (map-relation (inv \sigma) (R x)). x \in \# mset-set agents#}
   unfolding R'.anonymous-profile-def
   by (simp add: multiset.map-comp permute-profile-map-relation o-def)
 also from assms have \ldots = \{ \#map ((`) \sigma) (weak-ranking (R x)) : x \in \# mset-set \}
agents # \}
   by (intro image-mset-cong)
      (simp add: finite-total-preorder-on.weak-ranking-permute[of alts])
  also have \ldots = image\text{-mset}(map((\cdot) \sigma))(anonymous\text{-profile } R)
   by (simp add: anonymous-profile-def multiset.map-comp o-def)
  finally show ?thesis .
qed
lemma (in pref-profile-wf) anonymous-profile-update:
  assumes i: i \in agents and fin [simp]: finite agents and total-preorder-on alts
Ri'
           anonymous-profile (R(i := Ri')) =
 shows
             anonymous-profile R - \{\#weak\text{-ranking } (R \ i)\#\} + \{\#weak\text{-ranking }
Ri'\#\}
proof
 from assms interpret R': pref-profile-wf agents alts R(i := Ri')
   by (simp add: finite-total-preorder-on-iff wf-update)
 have anonymous-profile (R(i := Ri')) =
         {#weak-ranking (if x = i then Ri' else R x). x \in \# mset-set agents#}
   by (simp add: R'.anonymous-profile-def o-def)
 also have ... = {\#if x = i then weak-ranking Ri' else weak-ranking (R x). x \in \#
mset-set agents#
   by (intro image-mset-cong) simp-all
 also have \ldots = \{ \# weak \text{-ranking } Ri' \text{. } x \in \# \text{ mset-set } \{ x \in agents \text{. } x = i \} \# \} +
                 \{\#weak\text{-ranking } (R x) : x \in \# \text{ mset-set } \{x \in agents : x \neq i\} \#\}
   by (subst image-mset-If) ((subst filter-mset-mset-set, simp)+, rule refl)
  also from i have \{x \in agents, x = i\} = \{i\} by auto
  also have \{x \in agents. x \neq i\} = agents - \{i\} by auto
 also have \{\# weak \text{-ranking } Ri' \text{. } x \in \# \text{ mset-set } \{i\}\#\} = \{\# weak \text{-ranking } Ri'\#\}
by simp
 also from i have mset-set (agents - {i}) = mset-set agents - {#i#}
   by (simp add: mset-set-Diff)
```

also from i

have $\{\#weak\text{-ranking } (R x). x \in \# \dots \#\} =$

 $\{\#weak\text{-ranking } (R x). x \in \# mset\text{-set agents} \#\} - \{\#weak\text{-ranking } (R x), x \in \# mset\text{-set agents} \#\}$ $i)#\}$

by (subst image-mset-Diff) (simp-all add: in-multiset-in-set mset-subset-eq-single) also have $\{\# weak \text{-ranking } Ri'\#\} + \ldots =$

anonymous-profile $R - \{ \# weak \text{-ranking } (R \ i) \# \} + \{ \# weak \text{-ranking } \}$ $Ri'\#\}$

by (*simp add: anonymous-profile-def add-ac o-def*) finally show ?thesis .

qed

2.5Preference profiles from lists

definition prefs-from-table :: ('agent \times 'alt set list) list \Rightarrow ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile where

prefs-from-table xss = $(\lambda i. case-option (\lambda - ... False) of-weak-ranking (map-of xss))$ i))

definition prefs-from-table-wf where

prefs-from-table-wf agents alts $xss \leftrightarrow agents \neq \{\} \land alts \neq \{\} \land distinct (map)$ $fst \ xss) \land$

set (map fst xss) = agents \land (\forall xs \in set (map snd xss). \bigcup (set xs) = alts \land *is-finite-weak-ranking xs*)

lemma prefs-from-table-wfI: **assumes** agents \neq {} alts \neq {} distinct (map fst xss) **assumes** set $(map \ fst \ xss) = agents$ **assumes** $\bigwedge xs. xs \in set (map \ snd \ xss) \Longrightarrow \bigcup (set \ xs) = alts$ **assumes** $\bigwedge xs. xs \in set (map snd xss) \implies is-finite-weak-ranking xs$ shows prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xss using assms unfolding prefs-from-table-wf-def by auto

lemma *prefs-from-table-wfD*: assumes prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xss **shows** agents \neq {} alts \neq {} distinct (map fst xss) and set $(map \ fst \ xss) = agents$ and $\bigwedge xs. xs \in set (map \ snd \ xss) \Longrightarrow \bigcup (set \ xs) = alts$ and $\bigwedge xs. xs \in set (map \ snd \ xss) \implies is-finite-weak-ranking \ xs$ using assms unfolding prefs-from-table-wf-def by auto

lemma pref-profile-from-tableI:

prefs-from-table-wf agents alts $xss \implies pref$ -profile-wf agents alts (prefs-from-table xss)

proof (intro pref-profile-wf.intro)

assume wf: prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xss fix *i* assume *i*: $i \in agents$ with wf have $i \in set$ (map fst xss) by (simp add: prefs-from-table-wf-def) then obtain xs where xs: $xs \in set (map \ snd \ xss)$ prefs-from-table xss i =

```
of-weak-ranking xs
   by (cases map-of xss i)
    (fastforce dest: map-of-SomeD simp: prefs-from-table-def map-of-eq-None-iff)+
 with wf show finite-total-preorder-on alts (prefs-from-table xss i)
  by (auto simp: prefs-from-table-wf-def intro!: finite-total-preorder-of-weak-ranking)
\mathbf{next}
 assume wf: prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xss
 fix i x y assume i: i \notin agents
 with wf have i \notin set (map fst xss) by (simp add: prefs-from-table-wf-def)
 hence map-of xss i = None by (simp add: map-of-eq-None-iff)
 thus \neg prefs-from-table xss i x y by (simp add: prefs-from-table-def)
qed (simp-all add: prefs-from-table-wf-def)
lemma prefs-from-table-eqI:
 assumes distinct (map fst xs) distinct (map fst ys) set xs = set ys
 shows prefs-from-table xs = prefs-from-table ys
proof -
 from assms have map-of xs = map-of ys by (subst map-of-inject-set) simp-all
 thus ?thesis by (simp add: prefs-from-table-def)
qed
lemma prefs-from-table-undef:
 assumes prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xss i \notin agents
 shows prefs-from-table xss i = (\lambda- -. False)
proof -
 from assms have i \notin fst ' set xss
   by (simp add: prefs-from-table-wf-def)
 hence map-of xss i = None by (simp add: map-of-eq-None-iff)
 thus ?thesis by (simp add: prefs-from-table-def)
qed
lemma prefs-from-table-map-of:
 assumes prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xss i \in agents
 shows prefs-from-table xss i = of-weak-ranking (the (map-of xss i))
 using assms
 by (auto simp: prefs-from-table-def map-of-eq-None-iff prefs-from-table-wf-def
         split: option.splits)
lemma prefs-from-table-update:
 fixes x xs
 assumes i \in set (map fst xs)
 defines xs' \equiv map \ (\lambda(j,y)). if j = i then (j, x) else (j, y) xs
 shows (prefs-from-table xs)(i := of-weak-ranking x) =
          prefs-from-table xs' (is ?lhs = ?rhs)
proof
 have xs': set (map fst xs') = set (map fst xs) by (force simp: xs'-def)
 fix k
 consider k = i \mid k \notin set (map \ fst \ xs) \mid k \neq i \ k \in set (map \ fst \ xs) by blast
 thus ? lhs k = ?rhs k
```

```
proof cases
   assume k: k = i
   moreover from k have y = x if (i, y) \in set xs' for y
     using that by (auto simp: xs'-def split: if-splits)
   ultimately show ?thesis using assms(1) \ k \ xs'
     by (auto simp add: prefs-from-table-def map-of-eq-None-iff
             dest!: map-of-SomeD split: option.splits)
  next
   assume k: k \notin set (map fst xs)
   with assms(1) have k': k \neq i by auto
   with k xs' have map-of xs k = None map-of xs' k = None
     by (simp-all add: map-of-eq-None-iff)
   thus ?thesis by (simp add: prefs-from-table-def k')
 next
   assume k: k \neq i \ k \in set \ (map \ fst \ xs)
   with k(1) have map-of xs \ k = map-of \ xs' \ k unfolding xs'-def
     by (induction xs) fastforce+
   with k show ?thesis by (simp add: prefs-from-table-def)
 qed
qed
lemma prefs-from-table-swap:
 x \neq y \Longrightarrow prefs-from-table ((x,x')\#(y,y')\#xs) = prefs-from-table ((y,y')\#(x,x')\#xs)
 by (intro ext) (auto simp: prefs-from-table-def)
lemma permute-prefs-from-table:
 assumes \sigma permutes fst ' set xs
          prefs-from-table xs \circ \sigma = prefs-from-table (map (\lambda(x,y), (inv \sigma x, y)))
  shows
xs)
proof
 fix i
 have (prefs-from-table xs \circ \sigma) i =
        (case map-of xs (\sigma i) of
           None \Rightarrow \lambda- -. False
          Some x \Rightarrow of-weak-ranking x
   by (simp add: prefs-from-table-def o-def)
 also have map-of xs (\sigma i) = map-of (map (\lambda(x,y), (inv \sigma x, y)) xs) i
   using map-of-permute[OF assms] by (simp add: o-def fun-eq-iff)
 finally show (prefs-from-table xs \circ \sigma) i = prefs-from-table (map (\lambda(x,y))). (inv \sigma
(x, y)) (xs) i
   by (simp only: prefs-from-table-def)
qed
lemma permute-profile-from-table:
 assumes wf: prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xss
 assumes perm: \sigma permutes alts
          permute-profile \sigma (prefs-from-table xss) =
 shows
           prefs-from-table (map (\lambda(x,y)). (x, map ((') \sigma) y)) xss) (is ?f = ?g)
```

proof

fix i

have wf': prefs-from-table-wf agents alts (map $(\lambda(x, y), (x, map ((`) \sigma) y))$ xss) **proof** (*intro prefs-from-table-wfI*, *goal-cases*) case (5 xs)then obtain y where $y \in set xss xs = map ((`) \sigma) (snd y)$ **by** (*auto simp add: o-def case-prod-unfold*) with assms show ?case by (simp add: image-Union [symmetric] prefs-from-table-wf-def permutes-image o-def case-prod-unfold) \mathbf{next} case (6 xs)then obtain y where $y \in set xss xs = map ((`) \sigma) (snd y)$ **by** (*auto simp add*: *o-def case-prod-unfold*) with assms show ?case by (auto simp: is-finite-weak-ranking-def is-weak-ranking-iff prefs-from-table-wf-def distinct-map permutes-inj-on inj-on-image intro!: disjoint-image) ged (insert assms, simp-all add: image-Union [symmetric] prefs-from-table-wf-def *permutes-image o-def case-prod-unfold*) show ?f i = ?g i**proof** (cases $i \in agents$) assume $i \notin agents$ with assms wf' show ?thesis **by** (*simp add: permute-profile-def prefs-from-table-undef*) \mathbf{next} **assume** $i: i \in agents$ define xs where xs = the (map-of xss i)from *i* wf have xs: map-of xss i = Some xsby (cases map-of xss i) (auto simp: prefs-from-table-wf-def xs-def) have xs-in-xss: $xs \in snd$ 'set xss using xs by (force dest!: map-of-SomeD) with wf have set-xs: $\bigcup (set xs) = alts$ **by** (*simp add: prefs-from-table-wfD*) **from** *i* have prefs-from-table (map $(\lambda(x,y), (x, map ((`) \sigma) y))$ xss) i =of-weak-ranking (the (map-of (map $(\lambda(x,y))$. $(x, map ((`) \sigma) y))$ xss) i))using wf' by (intro prefs-from-table-map-of) simp-all also have $\ldots = of$ -weak-ranking (map ((') σ) xs) **by** (subst map-of-map) (simp add: xs) also have $\ldots = (\lambda a \ b. \ of-weak-ranking \ xs \ (inv \ \sigma \ a) \ (inv \ \sigma \ b))$ by (intro ext) (simp add: of-weak-ranking-permute map-relation-def set-xs perm)also have \ldots = permute-profile σ (prefs-from-table xss) i **by** (*simp add: prefs-from-table-def xs permute-profile-def*) finally show ?thesis .. qed qed

2.6 Automatic evaluation of preference profiles

lemma eval-prefs-from-table [simp]: prefs-from-table [] $i = (\lambda$ - -. False) prefs-from-table ((i, y) # xs) i = of-weak-ranking y $i \neq j \implies prefs$ -from-table ((j, y) # xs) i = prefs-from-table xs i**by** (simp-all add: prefs-from-table-def)

lemma eval-of-weak-ranking [simp]: $a \notin \bigcup (set \ xs) \Longrightarrow \neg of weak ranking \ xs \ a \ b$ $b \in x \implies a \in \bigcup (set (x \# xs)) \implies of weak ranking (x \# xs) a b$ $b \notin x \implies of\text{-weak-ranking} (x \# xs) \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow of\text{-weak-ranking} xs \ a \ b$ **by** (*induction xs*) (*simp-all add: of-weak-ranking-Cons*) **lemma** prefs-from-table-cong [cong]: **assumes** prefs-from-table xs = prefs-from-table ys**shows** prefs-from-table (x # xs) = prefs-from-table (x # ys)proof fix i**show** prefs-from-table (x # xs) i = prefs-from-table (x # ys) iusing assms by (cases x, cases i = fst x) simp-all qed definition of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge where of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge xs $x = \{y. \text{ of-weak-ranking xs } y x\}$ **lemma** eval-Collect-of-weak-ranking: Collect (of-weak-ranking xs x) = of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge (rev xs) x **by** (*simp add: of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge-def*) **lemma** of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge-empty [simp]: of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge $[] x = \{\}$ **by** (*simp add: of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge-def*) **lemma** of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge-Cons [simp]: $y \in x \implies of\text{-weak-ranking-Collect-ge} (x \# xs) \ y = \bigcup (set \ (x \# xs)))$ $y \notin x \implies of$ -weak-ranking-Collect-ge $(x \# xs) \ y = of$ -weak-ranking-Collect-ge xs y by (auto simp: of-weak-ranking-Cons of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge-def) **lemma** of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge-Cons': of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge $(x \# xs) = (\lambda y.$ $(if y \in x then \bigcup (set (x \# xs)) else of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge xs y))$ by (auto simp: of-weak-ranking-Cons of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge-def fun-eq-iff)

lemma anonymise-prefs-from-table:
 assumes prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xs
 shows anonymous-profile (prefs-from-table xs) = mset (map snd xs)
proof from assms interpret pref-profile-wf agents alts prefs-from-table xs

from assms have agents: agents = fst 'set xs **by** (*simp add: prefs-from-table-wf-def*) hence [simp]: finite agents by auto have anonymous-profile (prefs-from-table xs) = {#weak-ranking (prefs-from-table xs x). $x \in \#$ mset-set agents#} **by** (*simp add: o-def anonymous-profile-def*) **also from** assms have $\ldots = \{ \# the (map-of xs i). i \in \# mset-set agents \# \}$ **proof** (*intro image-mset-cong*) fix *i* assume *i*: $i \in \#$ mset-set agents from *i* assms have weak-ranking (prefs-from-table xs i) = weak-ranking (of-weak-ranking (the (map-of xs i))) **by** (*simp add: prefs-from-table-map-of*) also from assms i have $\ldots = the (map-of xs i)$ **by** (*intro weak-ranking-of-weak-ranking*) (auto simp: prefs-from-table-wf-def) finally show weak-ranking (prefs-from-table xs i) = the (map-of xs i). qed **also from** agents have mset-set agents = mset-set (set (map fst xs)) by simp also from assms have $\ldots = mset \ (map \ fst \ xs)$ by (intro mset-set-set) (simp-all add: prefs-from-table-wf-def) **also from** assess have $\{\#$ the (map-of xs i). $i \in \#$ mset (map fst xs) $\#\} = m$ set $(map \ snd \ xs)$ by (intro image-mset-map-of) (simp-all add: prefs-from-table-wf-def) finally show ?thesis . qed **lemma** prefs-from-table-agent-permutation: assumes wf: prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xs prefs-from-table-wf agents alts ys **assumes** mset-eq: mset (map snd xs) = mset (map snd ys) obtains π where π permutes agents prefs-from-table $xs \circ \pi = prefs$ -from-table ysproof from wf(1) have agents: agents = set (map fst xs)**by** (*simp-all add: prefs-from-table-wf-def*) from wf(2) have agents': agents = set (map fst ys)**by** (*simp-all add: prefs-from-table-wf-def*) **from** agents agents' wf(1) wf(2) have mset (map fst xs) = mset (map fst ys) by (subst set-eq-iff-mset-eq-distinct [symmetric]) (simp-all add: prefs-from-table-wfD) hence same-length: length xs = length ys by (auto dest: mset-eq-length simp del: mset-map) **from** $\langle mset \ (map \ fst \ xs) = mset \ (map \ fst \ ys) \rangle$

obtain g where g: g permutes {..<length ys} permute-list g (map fst ys) = map fst xs

by (auto elim: mset-eq-permutation simp: same-length simp del: mset-map)

from mset-eq g

have $mset (map \ snd \ ys) = mset (permute-list \ g (map \ snd \ ys))$ by simp

with mset-eq obtain f

where $f: f permutes \{..< length xs\}$

permute-list f (permute-list g (map snd ys)) = map snd xs

by (auto elim: mset-eq-permutation simp: same-length simp del: mset-map)

from permutes-in-image[OF f(1)]

have [simp]: $f x < length xs \leftrightarrow x < length xs$

 $f x < length ys \longleftrightarrow x < length ys$ for x by (simp-all add: same-length)

define idx unidx where idx = index (map fst xs) and unidx i = map fst xs ! i for i

from wf(1) have bij-betw idx agents {0..<length xs} unfolding idx-def by (intro bij-betw-index) (simp-all add: prefs-from-table-wf-def) hence bij-betw-idx: bij-betw idx agents {..<length xs} by (simp add: atLeast0LessThan) have [simp]: idx x < length xs if $x \in agents$ for x using that by (simp add: idx-def agents)

have [simp]: unidx $i \in agents$ if i < length xs for iusing that by (simp add: agents unidx-def)

have unidx-idx: unidx (idx x) = x if $x: x \in agents$ for x

using *x* **unfolding** *idx-def unidx-def* **using** *nth-index*[*of x map fst xs*] **by** (*simp add: agents set-map* [*symmetric*] *nth-map* [*symmetric*] *del: set-map*)

have idx-unidx: idx (unidx i) = i if i: i < length xs for i

unfolding *idx-def* unidx-def **using** wf(1) *index-nth-id*[of map fst xs i] i by (simp add: prefs-from-table-wfD(3))

define π where $\pi x = (if x \in agents then (unidx \circ f \circ idx) x else x)$ for x define π' where $\pi' x = (if x \in agents then (unidx \circ inv f \circ idx) x else x)$ for x have bij-betw (unidx $\circ f \circ idx$) agents agents (is ?P) unfolding unidx-def by (rule bij-betw-trans bij-betw-idx permutes-imp-bij f g bij-betw-nth)+ (insert wf(1) g, simp-all add: prefs-from-table-wf-def same-length) also have ?P \longleftrightarrow bij-betw π agents agents by (intro bij-betw-cong) (simp add: π -def) finally have perm: π permutes agents by (intro bij-imp-permutes) (simp-all add: π -def) define h where $h = g \circ f$ from f g have h: h permutes {...<length ys} unfolding h-def by (intro permutes-compose) (simp-all add: same-length)

have $inv \cdot \pi$: $inv \pi = \pi'$ proof (rule permutes-invI[OF perm]) fix x assume $x \in agents$ with f(1) show $\pi' (\pi x) = x$ by (simp add: π -def π' -def idx-unidx unidx-idx inv-f-f permutes-inj) qed (simp add: π -def π' -def) with perm have $inv \cdot \pi'$: $inv \pi' = \pi$ by (auto simp: inv-inv-eq permutes-bij)

from wf h **have** prefs-from-table ys = prefs-from-table (permute-list h ys) **by** (intro prefs-from-table-eqI)

(simp-all add: prefs-from-table-wfD permute-list-map [symmetric]) **also have** permute-list h ys = permute-list h (zip (map fst ys) (map snd ys))**by** (*simp add: zip-map-fst-snd*) **also from** same-length f ghave permute-list h(zip(map fst ys)(map snd ys)) =*zip* (*permute-list* f (*map* fst xs)) (*map* snd xs) by (subst permute-list-zip[OF h]) (simp-all add: h-def permute-list-compose) also { fix *i* assume *i*: i < length xsfrom *i* have permute-list f (map fst xs) ! i = unidx (f i) using permutes-in-image[OF f(1)] f(1)by (subst permute-list-nth) (simp-all add: same-length unidx-def) also from *i* have $\ldots = \pi$ (unidx *i*) by (simp add: π -def idx-unidx) also from i have ... = map π (map fst xs) ! i by (simp add: unidx-def) finally have permute-list f (map fst xs) ! $i = map \pi$ (map fst xs) ! i. hence permute-list f (map fst xs) = map π (map fst xs) by (intro nth-equalityI) simp-all also have zip (map π (map fst xs)) (map snd xs) = map ($\lambda(x,y)$. (inv $\pi'(x,y)$) xsby (induction xs) (simp-all add: case-prod-unfold inv- π) also from permutes-inv[OF perm] inv- π have prefs-from-table ... = prefs-from-table $xs \circ \pi'$ by (intro permute-prefs-from-table [symmetric]) (simp-all add: agents) finally have prefs-from-table $xs \circ \pi' = prefs$ -from-table ys.. with that of π' permutes-inv[OF perm] inv- π show ?thesis by auto qed **lemma** permute-list-distinct: **assumes** $f \in \{..< length xs\} \subseteq \{..< length xs\}$ distinct xs **shows** permute-list $f xs = map (\lambda x. xs ! f (index xs x)) xs$ using assms by (intro nth-equalityI) (auto simp: index-nth-id permute-list-def) **lemma** *image-mset-eq-permutation*: assumes $\{\#f x. x \in \# mset\text{-set } A\#\} = \{\#g x. x \in \# mset\text{-set } A\#\}$ finite A obtains π where π permutes $A \land x. x \in A \Longrightarrow g(\pi x) = f x$ proof from assms(2) obtain xs where xs: A = set xs distinct xsusing finite-distinct-list by blast with assms have mset $(map \ f \ xs) = mset \ (map \ g \ xs)$ **by** (*simp add: mset-set-set*) from mset-eq-permutation [OF this] obtain π where π : π permutes {0..<length xs} permute-list π (map g xs) = map f xs **by** (*auto simp: atLeast0LessThan*) define π' where $\pi' x = (if x \in A then ((!) xs \circ \pi \circ index xs) x else x)$ for x have bij-betw ((!) $xs \circ \pi \circ index xs$) A A (is ?P) by (rule bij-betw-trans bij-betw-index xs refl permutes-imp-bij π bij-betw-nth)+ (*simp-all add: atLeast0LessThan xs*) also have $P \leftrightarrow bij\text{-}betw \pi' A A$

by (intro bij-betw-cong) (simp-all add: π' -def) finally have π' permutes Aby (rule bij-imp-permutes) (simp-all add: π' -def) moreover from π xs(1)[symmetric] xs(2) have $g(\pi' x) = f x$ if $x \in A$ for xby (simp add: permute-list-map permute-list-distinct permutes-image π' -def that atLeast0LessThan) ultimately show ?thesis by (rule that) ged

```
qea
```

```
lemma anonymous-profile-agent-permutation:
 assumes eq: anonymous-profile R1 = anonymous-profile R2
 assumes wf: pref-profile-wf agents alts R1 pref-profile-wf agents alts R2
 assumes fin: finite agents
 obtains \pi where \pi permutes agents R2 \circ \pi = R1
proof -
  interpret R1: pref-profile-wf agents alts R1 by fact
 interpret R2: pref-profile-wf agents alts R2 by fact
  from eq have \{\#weak\text{-ranking } (R1 x) : x \in \# mset\text{-set agents} \#\} =
               \{\#weak\text{-ranking } (R2 x) : x \in \# mset\text{-set agents} \#\}
   by (simp add: R1.anonymous-profile-def R2.anonymous-profile-def o-def)
  from image-mset-eq-permutation [OF this fin] obtain \pi
   where \pi: \pi permutes agents
     \bigwedge x. \ x \in agents \implies weak-ranking (R2 \ (\pi \ x)) = weak-ranking (R1 \ x) by auto
  from \pi have wf': pref-profile-wf agents alts (R2 \circ \pi)
   by (intro R2.wf-permute-agents)
  then interpret R2': pref-profile-wf agents alts R2 \circ \pi.
  have R2 \circ \pi = R1
 proof (intro pref-profile-eqI[OF wf' wf(1)])
   fix x assume x: x \in agents
   with \pi have weak-ranking ((R2 \ o \ \pi) \ x) = weak-ranking (R1 \ x) by simp
   with wf' wf(1) x show (R2 \circ \pi) x = R1 x
     by (intro weak-ranking-eqD[of alts] R2'.prefs-wf) simp-all
  qed
 from \pi(1) and this show ?thesis by (rule that)
qed
```

end

theory Elections imports Preference-Profiles begin

An election consists of a finite set of agents and a finite non-empty set of alternatives.

```
locale election =

fixes agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set

assumes finite-agents [simp, intro]: finite agents

assumes finite-alts [simp, intro]: finite alts

assumes nonempty-agents [simp]: agents \neq {}
```

assumes nonempty-alts [simp]: $alts \neq \{\}$ begin

abbreviation *is-pref-profile* \equiv *pref-profile-wf agents alts*

lemma finite-total-preorder-on-iff' [simp]: finite-total-preorder-on alts $R \leftrightarrow total$ -preorder-on alts Rby (simp add: finite-total-preorder-on-iff)

lemma pref-profile-wfI' [intro?]: $(\bigwedge i. i \in agents \implies total-preorder-on \ alts \ (R \ i)) \implies$ $(\bigwedge i. i \notin agents \implies R \ i = (\lambda - ... False)) \implies is-pref-profile \ R$ **by** (simp add: pref-profile-wf-def)

lemma is-pref-profile-update [simp,intro]: **assumes** is-pref-profile R total-preorder-on alts $Ri' i \in agents$ **shows** is-pref-profile (R(i := Ri')) **using** assms by (auto intro!: pref-profile-wf.wf-update)

```
lemma election [simp,intro]: election agents alts by (rule election-axioms)
```

context fixes R assumes R: total-preorder-on alts R begin

interpretation R: total-preorder-on alts R by fact

```
lemma Max-wrt-prefs-finite: finite (Max-wrt R)
unfolding R.Max-wrt-preorder by simp
```

```
lemma Max-wrt-prefs-nonempty: Max-wrt R \neq \{\}
using R.Max-wrt-nonempty by simp
```

```
lemma maximal-imp-preferred:

x \in alts \implies Max-wrt R \subseteq preferred-alts R x

using R.total

by (auto simp: R.Max-wrt-total-preorder preferred-alts-def strongly-preferred-def)
```

end

```
end
```

end

3 Auxiliary facts about PMFs

theory Lotteries

imports Complex-Main HOL-Probability.Probability begin

The type of lotteries (a probability mass function)

type-synonym 'alt lottery = 'alt pmf

definition lotteries-on :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a lottery set where lotteries-on $A = \{p. \text{ set-pmf } p \subseteq A\}$

lemma *pmf-of-set-lottery*:

 $A \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow finite A \Longrightarrow A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow pmf-of-set A \in lotteries-on B$ unfolding lotteries-on-def by auto

lemma *pmf-of-list-lottery*:

pmf-of-list-wf $xs \implies set (map \ fst \ xs) \subseteq A \implies pmf$ -of-list $xs \in lotteries$ -on Ausing set-pmf-of-list[of xs] by (auto simp: lotteries-on-def)

lemma return-pmf-in-lotteries-on [simp,intro]: $x \in A \implies$ return-pmf $x \in$ lotteries-on A **by** (simp add: lotteries-on-def)

\mathbf{end}

theory Utility-Functions imports Complex-Main HOL-Probability.Probability Lotteries Preference-Profiles begin

3.1 Definition of von Neumann–Morgenstern utility functions

locale vnm-utility = finite-total-preorder-on + fixes $u :: 'a \Rightarrow real$ assumes utility-le-iff: $x \in carrier \implies y \in carrier \implies u \ x \leq u \ y \iff x \leq [le] \ y$ begin

lemma utility-le: $x \leq [le] y \implies u x \leq u y$ using not-outside[of x y] utility-le-iff by simp

lemma utility-less-iff:

 $x \in carrier \implies y \in carrier \implies u \ x < u \ y \longleftrightarrow x \prec [le] \ y$ using utility-le-iff[of x y] utility-le-iff[of y x] by (auto simp: strongly-preferred-def)

lemma utility-less: $x \prec [le] y \Longrightarrow u x < u y$ using not-outside[of x y] utility-less-iff by (simp add: strongly-preferred-def)

The following lemma allows us to compute the expected utility by summing

over all indifference classes, using the fact that alternatives in the same indifference class must have the same utility.

lemma expected-utility-weak-ranking: assumes $p \in lotteries$ -on carrier **shows** measure-pmf.expectation $p \ u =$ $(\sum A \leftarrow weak\text{-ranking le. } u \text{ (SOME } x. x \in A) * measure\text{-pmf.prob } p A)$ proof **from** assms have measure-pmf.expectation $p \ u = (\sum a \in carrier. \ u \ a * pmf \ p \ a)$ **by** (subst integral-measure-pmf[OF finite-carrier]) (*auto simp: lotteries-on-def ac-simps*) **also have** carrier: carrier = \bigcup (set (weak-ranking le)) by (simp add: weak-ranking-Union) also from carrier have finite: finite A if $A \in set$ (weak-ranking le) for A using that by (blast introl: finite-subset[OF - finite-carrier, of A]) **hence** $(\sum a \in \bigcup (set (weak-ranking le)). u \ a * pmf p \ a) =$ $(\sum A \leftarrow weak\text{-ranking le. } \sum a \in A. \ u \ a * pmf \ p \ a)$ (is - = sum-list ?xs) ${\bf using} \ weak\mbox{-}ranking\mbox{-}total\mbox{-}preorder$ by (subst sum. Union-disjoint) (auto simp: is-weak-ranking-iff disjoint-def sum.distinct-set-conv-list) also have $2xs = map (\lambda A. \sum a \in A. u (SOME a. a \in A) * pmf p a)$ (weak-ranking le) **proof** (*intro map-conq HOL.refl sum.conq*) fix x A assume x: $x \in A$ and A: $A \in set$ (weak-ranking le) have $(SOME x. x \in A) \in A$ by (rule some I-ex) (insert x, blast)**from** weak-ranking-eqclass1 [OF A x this] weak-ranking-eqclass1 [OF A this x] xthis Ahave u x = u (SOME $x. x \in A$) by (intro antisym; subst utility-le-iff) (auto simp: carrier) thus u x * pmf p x = u (SOME $x. x \in A$) * pmf p x by simp ged also have $\ldots = map \ (\lambda A. \ u \ (SOME \ a. \ a \in A) * measure-pmf.prob \ p \ A)$ (weak-ranking le) using finite by (intro map-cong HOL.refl) (auto simp: sum-distrib-left measure-measure-pmf-finite) finally show ?thesis . qed **lemma** scaled: $c > 0 \implies vnm$ -utility carrier le $(\lambda x. \ c * u \ x)$ by unfold-locales (insert utility-le-iff, auto) **lemma** *add-right*: assumes $\bigwedge x y$. le $x y \Longrightarrow f x \leq f y$ **shows** vnm-utility carrier le $(\lambda x. u x + f x)$ proof fix x y assume $xy: x \in carrier y \in carrier$ **from** assms[of x y] utility-le-iff[OF xy] assms[of y x] utility-le-iff[OF xy(2,1)]show $(u x + f x \le u y + f y) = le x y$ by *auto* qed

lemma add-left:

 $(\bigwedge x \ y. \ le \ x \ y \Longrightarrow f \ x \le f \ y) \Longrightarrow vnm-utility \ carrier \ le \ (\lambda x. \ f \ x + u \ x)$ by (subst add.commute) (rule add-right)

Given a consistent utility function, any function that assigns equal values to equivalent alternatives can be added to it (scaled with a sufficiently small ε), again yielding a consistent utility function.

```
lemma add-epsilon:
  assumes A: \bigwedge x y. le x y \Longrightarrow le y x \Longrightarrow f x = f y
  shows \exists \varepsilon > 0. vnm-utility carrier le (\lambda x. u x + \varepsilon * f x)
proof –
  let ?A = \{(u \ y - u \ x) \ / \ (f \ x - f \ y) \ |x \ y. \ x \prec [le] \ y \land f \ x > f \ y\}
  have ?A = (\lambda(x,y). (u \ y - u \ x) / (f \ x - f \ y)) '\{(x,y) \ | x \ y. \ x \prec [le] \ y \land f \ x > f
y by auto
  also have finite \{(x,y) \mid x y. x \prec [le] y \land f x > f y\}
    by (rule finite-subset[of - carrier \times carrier])
       (insert not-outside, auto simp: strongly-preferred-def)
  hence finite ((\lambda(x,y), (u y - u x) / (f x - f y))) '\{(x,y) | x y, x \prec [le] y \land f x > (f x - f y)\}
f y
    by simp
  finally have finite: finite ?A.
  define \varepsilon where \varepsilon = Min (insert 1 ?A) / 2
  from finite have Min (insert 1 ?A) > 0
    by (auto intro!: divide-pos-pos simp: utility-less)
  hence \varepsilon: \varepsilon > 0 unfolding \varepsilon-def by simp
  have mono: u x + \varepsilon * f x < u y + \varepsilon * f y if xy: x \prec [le] y for x y
  proof (cases f x > f y)
    assume less: f x > f y
    from \varepsilon have \varepsilon < Min (insert 1 ?A) unfolding \varepsilon-def by linarith
    also from less xy finite have Min (insert 1 ?A) \leq (u y - u x) / (f x - f y)
unfolding \varepsilon-def
     by (intro Min-le) auto
    finally show ?thesis using less by (simp add: field-simps)
  next
    assume \neg f x > f y
    with utility-less [OF xy] \varepsilon show ?thesis
      by (simp add: algebra-simps not-less add-less-le-mono)
  qed
  have eq: u x + \varepsilon * f x = u y + \varepsilon * f y if xy: x \leq |le| y y \leq |le| x for x y
    using xy[THEN utility-le] A[OF xy] by simp
  have vnm-utility carrier le (\lambda x. u x + \varepsilon * f x)
  proof
    fix x y assume xy: x \in carrier y \in carrier
    show (u \ x + \varepsilon * f \ x \le u \ y + \varepsilon * f \ y) \longleftrightarrow le \ x \ y
      using total[OF xy] mono[of x y] mono[of y x] eq[of x y]
      by (cases le x y; cases le y x) (auto simp: strongly-preferred-def)
  aed
  from \varepsilon this show ?thesis by blast
```

qed

```
lemma diff-epsilon:

assumes \bigwedge x \ y. le x \ y \implies le \ y \ x \implies f \ x = f \ y

shows \exists \varepsilon > 0. vnm-utility carrier le (\lambda x. u x - \varepsilon * f \ x)

proof -

from assms have \exists \varepsilon > 0. vnm-utility carrier le (\lambda x. u x + \varepsilon * -f \ x)

by (intro add-epsilon) (subst neg-equal-iff-equal)

thus ?thesis by simp

qed
```

end

 \mathbf{end}

r

4 Stochastic Dominance

theory Stochastic-Dominance imports Complex-Main HOL-Probability.Probability Lotteries Preference-Profiles Utility-Functions begin

4.1 Definition of Stochastic Dominance

This is the definition of stochastic dominance. It lifts a preference relation on alternatives to the stochastic dominance ordering on lotteries.

definition SD :: 'alt relation \Rightarrow 'alt lottery relation where

 $p \succeq [SD(R)] q \longleftrightarrow p \in lotteries-on \{x. R x x\} \land q \in lotteries-on \{x. R x x\} \land (\forall x. R x x x \longrightarrow measure-pmf.prob p \{y. y \succeq [R] x\} \ge measure-pmf.prob q \{y. y \succeq [R] x\})$

lemma SD-empty [simp]: SD (λ - -. False) = (λ - -. False) by (auto simp: fun-eq-iff SD-def lotteries-on-def set-pmf-not-empty)

Stochastic dominance over any relation is a preorder.

lemma SD-refl: $p \leq [SD(R)] p \leftrightarrow p \in lotteries-on \{x. R x x\}$ **by** (simp add: SD-def)

lemma SD-trans [simp, trans]: $p \preceq [SD(R)] q \implies q \preceq [SD(R)] r \implies p \preceq [SD(R)]$

unfolding SD-def by (auto intro: order.trans)

lemma SD-is-preorder: preorder-on (lotteries-on $\{x. R x x\}$) (SD R) by unfold-locales (auto simp: SD-def intro: order.trans) context preorder-on begin

```
lemma SD-preorder:
  p \succeq [SD(le)] q \longleftrightarrow p \in lotteries-on \ carrier \land q \in lotteries-on \ carrier \land
     (\forall x \in carrier. measure-pmf.prob \ p \ (preferred-alts \ le \ x) \geq
                    measure-pmf.prob q (preferred-alts le x))
 by (simp add: SD-def preferred-alts-def carrier-eq)
lemma SD-preorderI [intro?]:
 assumes p \in lotteries-on carrier q \in lotteries-on carrier
 assumes \bigwedge x. x \in carrier \Longrightarrow
                  measure-pmf.prob p (preferred-alts le x) \geq measure-pmf.prob q
(preferred-alts \ le \ x)
 shows p \succ [SD(le)] q
 using assms by (simp add: SD-preorder)
lemma SD-preorderD:
 assumes p \succeq [SD(le)] q
 shows p \in lotteries-on carrier q \in lotteries-on carrier
 and
            \bigwedge x. \ x \in carrier \Longrightarrow
                  measure-pmf.prob p (preferred-alts le x) \geq measure-pmf.prob q
(preferred-alts \ le \ x)
  using assms unfolding SD-preorder by simp-all
lemma SD-refl' [simp]: p \preceq [SD(le)] p \leftrightarrow p \in lotteries-on carrier
 by (simp add: SD-def carrier-eq)
lemma SD-is-preorder': preorder-on (lotteries-on carrier) (SD(le))
  using SD-is-preorder[of le] by (simp add: carrier-eq)
lemma SD-singleton-left:
 assumes x \in carrier \ q \in lotteries-on carrier
 shows return-pmf x \preceq [SD(le)] q \longleftrightarrow (\forall y \in set\text{-pmf } q, x \preceq [le] y)
proof
  assume SD: return-pmf x \preceq [SD(le)] q
 from assms SD-preorderD(3)[OF SD, of x]
   have measure-pmf.prob (return-pmf x) (preferred-alts le x) \leq
           measure-pmf.prob q (preferred-alts le x) by simp
 also from assms have measure-pmf.prob (return-pmf x) (preferred-alts le x) =
1
   by (simp add: indicator-def)
 finally have AE \ y \ in \ q. \ y \succeq [le] \ x
  by (simp add: measure-pmf.measure-ge-1-iff measure-pmf.prob-eq-1 preferred-alts-def)
  thus \forall y \in set\text{-}pmf \ q. \ y \succeq [le] \ x \ by (simp \ add: AE\text{-}measure\text{-}pmf\text{-}iff)
next
  assume A: \forall y \in set\text{-}pmf \ q. \ x \preceq [le] \ y
 show return-pmf x \preceq [SD(le)] q
```

proof (rule SD-preorderI) fix y assume y: $y \in carrier$ **show** measure-pmf.prob (return-pmf x) (preferred-alts le y) \leq measure-pmf.prob q (preferred-alts le y) **proof** (cases $y \preceq [le] x$) case True from True A have measure-pmf.prob q (preferred-alts le y) = 1 by (auto simp: AE-measure-pmf-iff measure-pmf.prob-eq-1 preferred-alts-def *intro: trans*) thus ?thesis by simp **qed** (*simp-all add: preferred-alts-def indicator-def measure-nonneg*) **qed** (insert assms, simp-all add: lotteries-on-def) qed **lemma** *SD-singleton-right*: **assumes** $x: x \in carrier$ and $q: q \in lotteries$ -on carrier shows $q \preceq [SD(le)]$ return-pmf $x \longleftrightarrow (\forall y \in set\text{-pmf } q, y \preceq [le] x)$ **proof** safe fix y assume SD: $q \leq [SD(le)]$ return-pmf x and y: $y \in set$ -pmf q **from** y assms have $[simp]: y \in carrier$ by (auto simp: lotteries-on-def) from y have 0 < measure-pmf.prob q (preferred-alts le y) **by** (rule measure-pmf-posI) simp-all **also have** $\ldots \leq measure-pmf.prob (return-pmf x) (preferred-alts le y)$ by (rule SD-preorderD(3)[OF SD]) simp-all finally show $y \leq [le] x$ by (auto simp: indicator-def preferred-alts-def split: if-splits) next assume A: $\forall y \in set\text{-pmf } q. y \preceq [le] x$ show $q \preceq [SD(le)]$ return-pmf x **proof** (*rule SD-preorderI*) fix y assume y: $y \in carrier$ **show** measure-pmf.prob q (preferred-alts le y) \leq measure-pmf.prob (return-pmf x) (preferred-alts le y)**proof** (cases $y \preceq [le] x$) case False with A show ?thesis by (auto simp: preferred-alts-def indicator-def measure-le-0-iff measure-pmf.prob-eq-0 AE-measure-pmf-iff intro: trans) **qed** (*simp-all add: indicator-def preferred-alts-def*) qed (insert assms, simp-all add: lotteries-on-def) qed

lemma SD-strict-singleton-left:

assumes $x \in carrier \ q \in lotteries-on \ carrier$ shows return-pmf $x \prec [SD(le)] q \longleftrightarrow (\forall y \in set-pmf q. x \preceq [le] y) \land (\exists y \in set-pmf$ q. $(x \prec [le] y))$ using assms by (auto simp add: strongly-preferred-def SD-singleton-left SD-singleton-right) **lemma** SD-strict-singleton-right: **assumes** $x \in carrier \ q \in lotteries-on \ carrier$ shows $q \prec [SD(le)]$ return-pmf $x \longleftrightarrow (\forall y \in set\text{-pmf } q, y \preceq [le] x) \land (\exists y \in set\text{-pmf})$ q. $(y \prec [le] x))$ using assms by (auto simp add: strongly-preferred-def SD-singleton-left SD-singleton-right) **lemma** SD-singleton [simp]: $x \in carrier \implies y \in carrier \implies return-pmf \ x \preceq [SD(le)] return-pmf \ y \longleftrightarrow x \preceq [le]$ y**by** (*subst* SD-singleton-left) (*simp-all* add: lotteries-on-def) **lemma** SD-strict-singleton [simp]: $x \in carrier \Longrightarrow y \in carrier \Longrightarrow return-pmf x \prec [SD(le)] return-pmf y \longleftrightarrow x \prec [le]$ y**by** (*simp add: strongly-preferred-def*) end **context** pref-profile-wf begin context fixes *i* assumes *i*: $i \in agents$ begin **interpretation** Ri: preorder-on alts R i by (simp add: i) **lemmas** SD-singleton-left = Ri.SD-singleton-left **lemmas** SD-singleton-right = Ri.SD-singleton-right **lemmas** SD-strict-singleton-left = Ri.SD-strict-singleton-left **lemmas** SD-strict-singleton-right = Ri.SD-strict-singleton-right **lemmas** SD-singleton = Ri.SD-singleton **lemmas** SD-strict-singleton = Ri.SD-strict-singleton end end

lemmas (in pref-profile-wf) [simp] = SD-singleton SD-strict-singleton

4.2 Stochastic Dominance for preference profiles

context pref-profile-wf begin

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{proof} - \\ \textbf{from} \ assms \ \textbf{interpret} \ total-preorder-on \ alts \ R \ i \ \textbf{by} \ simp \\ \textbf{have} \ preferred-alts \ (R \ i) \ x = \{y. \ y \succeq [R \ i] \ x\} \ \textbf{for} \ x \ \textbf{using} \ not-outside \\ \textbf{by} \ (auto \ simp: \ preferred-alts-def) \\ \textbf{thus} \ ?thesis \ \textbf{by} \ (simp \ add: \ SD-preorder \ preferred-alts-def) \\ \textbf{qed} \end{array}$

lemma SD-pref-profileD:

```
assumes i \in agents \ p \succeq [SD(R \ i)] \ q

shows p \in lotteries - on \ alts \ q \in lotteries - on \ alts

and \bigwedge x. \ x \in alts \Longrightarrow

measure-pmf.prob \ p \ (preferred-alts \ (R \ i) \ x) \ge

measure-pmf.prob \ q \ (preferred-alts \ (R \ i) \ x)

using assms by (simp-all \ add: \ SD-pref-profile)
```

end

4.3 SD efficient lotteries

definition SD-efficient :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile \Rightarrow 'alt lottery \Rightarrow bool where SD-efficient-auxdef: SD-efficient R p $\leftrightarrow \neg (\exists q \in lotteries \text{-on } \{x. \exists i. R \ i \ x \ x\}. \ q \succ [Pareto \ (SD \circ R)] p)$

context pref-profile-wf begin

sublocale SD: preorder-family agents lotteries-on alts $SD \circ R$ **unfolding** o-def **by** (intro preorder-family.intro SD-is-preorder) (simp-all add: preorder-on.SD-is-preorder' prefs-undefined')

A lottery is considered SD-efficient if there is no other lottery such that all agents weakly prefer the other lottery (w.r.t. stochastic dominance) and at least one agent strongly prefers the other lottery.

lemma SD-efficient-def: SD-efficient $R \ p \longleftrightarrow \neg(\exists \ q \in lotteries - on \ alts. \ q \succ [Pareto \ (SD \circ R)] \ p)$ **proof** – **have** SD-efficient $R \ p \longleftrightarrow \neg(\exists \ q \in lotteries - on \ \{x. \ \exists \ i. \ R \ i \ x \ s\}. \ q \succ [Pareto \ (SD \circ R)] \ p)$ **unfolding** SD-efficient-auxdef .. **also from** nonempty-agents **obtain** i **where** i: i \in agents **by** blast with preorder-on.refl[of alts R i] have {x. $\exists i. R \ i \ x \ x$ } = alts by (auto intro!: exI[of - i] not-outside) finally show ?thesis . ged

lemma *SD-efficient-def* ': SD-efficient $R \ p \longleftrightarrow$ $\neg(\exists q \in lotteries \text{-}on \ alts. \ (\forall i \in agents. \ q \succeq [SD(R \ i)] \ p) \land (\exists i \in agents. \ q \succ [SD(R \ i)])$ i) p))unfolding SD-efficient-def SD.Pareto-iff strongly-preferred-def [abs-def] by auto **lemma** *SD-inefficientI*: **assumes** $q \in lotteries$ -on alts $\bigwedge i$. $i \in agents \implies q \succeq [SD(R \ i)] p$ $i \in agents \ q \succ [SD(R \ i)] \ p$ **shows** $\neg SD$ -efficient R pusing assms unfolding SD-efficient-def' by blast **lemma** *SD-inefficientI'*: assumes $q \in lotteries$ -on alts $\bigwedge i$. $i \in agents \implies q \succeq [SD(R i)] p$ $\exists i \in agents. q \succ [SD(R i)] p$ **shows** $\neg SD$ -efficient R pusing assms unfolding SD-efficient-def' by blast **lemma** *SD-inefficientE*: assumes $\neg SD$ -efficient R p obtains q i where $q \in lotteries$ -on alts $\bigwedge i$. $i \in agents \implies q \succeq [SD(R \ i)] p$ $i \in agents \ q \succ [SD(R \ i)] \ p$ using assms unfolding SD-efficient-def' by blast **lemma** *SD-efficientD*: **assumes** SD-efficient $R \ p \ q \in$ lotteries-on alts and $\bigwedge i. i \in agents \implies q \succeq [SD(R i)] p \exists i \in agents. \neg (q \preceq [SD(R i)] p)$ shows False using assms unfolding SD-efficient-def' strongly-preferred-def by blast **lemma** SD-efficient-singleton-iff: assumes [simp]: $x \in alts$ **shows** SD-efficient R (return-pmf x) \leftrightarrow x \notin pareto-losers R proof – { assume $x \in pareto-losers R$ then obtain y where $y \in alts \ x \prec [Pareto \ R] \ y$ **by** (*rule pareto-losersE*) then have $\neg SD$ -efficient R (return-pmf x) by (intro SD-inefficientI' of return-pmf y]) (force simp: Pareto-strict-iff)+ } moreover { **assume** $\neg SD$ -efficient R (return-pmf x)

```
from SD-inefficientE[OF this] obtain q i

where q:

q \in lotteries-on alts

\bigwedge i. i \in agents \implies SD (R i) (return-pmf x) q

i \in agents

return-pmf x \prec [SD (R i)] q

by blast

from q obtain y where y \in set-pmf q y \succ [R i] x

by (auto simp: SD-strict-singleton-left)

with q have y \succ [Pareto(R)] x

by (fastforce simp: Pareto-strict-iff SD-singleton-left)

hence x \in pareto-losers R by simp

}

ultimately show ?thesis by blast

qed
```

end

4.4 Equivalence proof

We now show that a lottery is preferred w.r.t. Stochastic Dominance iff it yields more expected utility for all compatible utility functions.

context finite-total-preorder-on begin

abbreviation is-vnm-utility \equiv vnm-utility carrier le

let ?pref = $\lambda p \ x$. measure-pmf.prob $p \ \{y. \ x \preceq [le] \ y\}$ and $Pref' = \lambda p \ x. \ measure-pmf.prob \ p \ \{y. \ x \prec [le] \ y\}$ define f where $f i = (SOME x, x \in xs ! i)$ for i have *xs-wf*: *is-weak-ranking xs* **by** (*simp add: xs-def weak-ranking-total-preorder*) hence $f: f i \in xs \mid i$ if i < length xs for iusing that unfolding f-def is-weak-ranking-def by (intro some I-ex[of $\lambda x. x \in xs ! i$]) (auto simp: set-conv-nth) have $f': f i \in carrier$ if i < length xs for iusing that f weak-ranking-Union unfolding xs-def by (auto simp: set-conv-nth) define *n* where n = length xs - 1**from** assms weak-ranking-Union have carrier-nonempty: carrier \neq {} and $xs \neq$ [] **by** (*auto simp*: *xs-def lotteries-on-def set-pmf-not-empty*) hence n: length xs = Suc n and xs-nonempty: $xs \neq []$ by (auto simp add: n-def) have SD': ?pref $p(f i) \leq ?pref q(f i)$ if i < length xs for iusing f'[OF that] SD by (auto simp: SD-preorder preferred-alts-def) have f-le: le (f i) (f j) \longleftrightarrow $i \ge j$ if i < length xs j < length xs for i jusing that weak-ranking-index-unique [OF xs-wf that (1) - f] weak-ranking-index-unique [OF xs-wf that (2) - f] by (auto simp add: le intro: f elim!: of-weak-ranking.cases intro!: of-weak-ranking.intros) have measure-pmf.expectation $p \ u =$ $(\sum i < n. (u (f i) - u (f (Suc i))) * ?pref p (f i)) + u (f n)$ if $p: p \in lotteries$ -on carrier for pproof from p have measure-pmf.expectation $p \ u =$ $(\sum i < length xs. u (f i) * measure-pmf.prob p (xs ! i))$ by (simp add: f-def expected-utility-weak-ranking xs-def sum-list-sum-nth atLeast0LessThan) also have $\ldots = (\sum i < length xs. u (f i) * (?pref p (f i) - ?pref' p (f i))))$ **proof** (*intro sum.cong HOL.refl*) fix *i* assume *i*: $i \in \{..< length xs\}$ have ?pref p(f i) - ?pref' p(f i) =measure-pmf.prob p ({y. $f i \leq [le] y$ } - {y. f i < [le] y}) **by** (*subst measure-pmf.finite-measure-Diff* [*symmetric*]) (auto simp: strongly-preferred-def) also have $\{y, f \mid \exists [le] \mid y\} - \{y, f \mid \exists [le] \mid y\} =$ $\{y. f \ i \leq [le] \ y \land y \leq [le] f \ i\} \ (\mathbf{is} \ -= \ ?A)$ **by** (*auto simp: strongly-preferred-def*) also have $\ldots = xs \mid i$ **proof** safe fix x assume le: le (f i) x le x (f i)from i f show $x \in xs ! i$ **by** (*intro weak-ranking-eqclass2*[OF - - *le*]) (*auto simp: xs-def*) next fix x assume $x \in xs \mid i$ **from** weak-ranking-eqclass1 [OF - this f] weak-ranking-eqclass1 [OF - f this] i

show le x (f i) le (f i) x by (simp-all add: xs-def) qed finally show u(f i) * measure-pmf.prob p(xs!i) =u(f i) * (?pref p(f i) - ?pref' p(f i)) by simp ged also have $\ldots = (\sum i < length xs. u (f i) * ?pref p (f i)) (\sum i < length xs. u (f i) * ?pref' p (f i))$ **by** (simp add: sum-subtract ring-distribs) also have $(\sum i < length xs. u (f i) * ?pref p (f i)) =$ $(\sum i < n. \ u \ (f \ i) * ?pref \ p \ (f \ i)) + u \ (f \ n) * ?pref \ p \ (f \ n) \ (is - = ?sum)$ by (simp add: n) also have $(\sum i < length xs. u (f i) * ?pref' p (f i)) =$ $(\sum i < n. u (f (Suc i)) * ?pref' p (f (Suc i))) + u (f 0) * ?pref' p (f (Suc i)))$ θ) **unfolding** *n* sum.lessThan-Suc-shift **by** simp **proof** (*intro sum.cong HOL.refl*) fix *i* assume *i*: $i \in \{.. < n\}$ have f (Suc i) \prec [le] $y \longleftrightarrow f$ i \preceq [le] y for y**proof** (cases $y \in carrier$) assume $y \in carrier$ with weak-ranking-Union obtain j where j: $j < length xs y \in xs \mid j$ **by** (*auto simp*: *set-conv-nth xs-def*) with weak-ranking-eqclass1 [OF - f j(2)] weak-ranking-eqclass1 [OF - j(2) f]have iff: le $y \ z \longleftrightarrow le \ (f \ j) \ z \ le \ z \ y \longleftrightarrow le \ z \ (f \ j)$ for z by (auto intro: trans simp: xs-def) thus ?thesis using i j unfolding n-def **by** (*auto simp: iff f-le strongly-preferred-def*) **qed** (*insert not-outside*, *auto simp*: *strongly-preferred-def*) thus u(f(Suc i)) * ?pref' p(f(Suc i)) = u(f(Suc i)) * ?pref p(f i) by simp qed also have $?sum - (\ldots + u (f \theta) * ?pref' p (f \theta)) =$ $(\sum i < n. (u (f i) - u (f (Suc i))) * ?pref p (f i))$ u(f 0) * ?pref' p(f 0) + u(f n) * ?pref p(f n)**by** (*simp add: ring-distribs sum-subtractf*) also have $\{y, f \mid 0 \prec [le] \mid y\} = \{\}$ using hd-weak-ranking[of f 0] xs-nonempty f not-outside **by** (*auto simp: hd-conv-nth xs-def strongly-preferred-def*) also have $\{y. le (f n) y\} = carrier$ using last-weak-ranking [of f n] xs-nonempty f not-outside **by** (*auto simp: last-conv-nth xs-def n-def*) also from p have measure-pmf.prob p carrier = 1**by** (*subst measure-pmf.prob-eq-1*) (auto simp: AE-measure-pmf-iff lotteries-on-def) finally show ?thesis by simp qed

from assms[*THEN* this] **show** measure-pmf.expectation $p \ u \le measure-pmf.expectation$ $q \ u$

unfolding SD-preorder n-def using f'by (auto introl: sum-mono mult-left-mono SD' simp: utility-le-iff f-le)

next

assume $\forall u. is-vnm-utility u \longrightarrow measure-pmf.expectation p u \leq measure-pmf.expectation$ $q \, u$

hence expected-utility-le: measure-pmf.expectation $p \ u \le measure-pmf.expectation$ q u

if is-vnm-utility u for u using that by blast define xs where xs = weak-ranking le have le: le = of-weak-ranking xs and [simp]: is-weak-ranking xs **by** (*simp-all add: xs-def weak-ranking-total-preorder*) have carrier: carrier = $\lfloor \rfloor$ (set xs) **by** (*simp add: xs-def weak-ranking-Union*) from assms have carrier-nonempty: carrier \neq {} **by** (*auto simp: lotteries-on-def set-pmf-not-empty*)

{

fix x assume $x: x \in carrier$ let $?idx = \lambda y$. length xs – weak-ranking-index yhave preferred-subset-carrier: $\{y, le \ x \ y\} \subseteq carrier$ using not-outside x by auto have measure-pmf.prob $p \{y. le x y\} / real (length xs) \leq$ measure-pmf.prob $q \{y. le x y\} / real (length xs)$ **proof** (*rule field-le-epsilon*) fix ε :: real assume ε : $\varepsilon > 0$ define u where $u \ y = indicator \ \{y, \ y \succeq [le] \ x\} \ y + \varepsilon * ?idx \ y \ for \ y$ have *is-utility*: *is-vnm-utility* u **unfolding** u-def xs-def **proof** (intro vnm-utility.add-left vnm-utility.scaled utility-weak-ranking-index) fix y z assume le y zthus indicator $\{y, y \succeq [le] x\} y \leq (indicator \{y, y \succeq [le] x\} z :: real)$ by (auto intro: trans simp: indicator-def split: if-splits) qed fact+ $\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{have} \ (\sum y | le \ x \ y. \ pmf \ p \ y) \leq \\ (\sum y | le \ x \ y. \ pmf \ p \ y) + \varepsilon * \ (\sum y \in carrier. \ ?idx \ y \ * \ pmf \ p \ y) \end{array}$

using ε by (auto intro!: mult-nonneg-nonneg sum-nonneg pmf-nonneg) also from *expected-utility-le* is-utility have measure-pmf.expectation $p \ u \leq measure-pmf.expectation \ q \ u$.

with assms

have $(\sum a \in carrier. \ u \ a * pmf \ p \ a) \le (\sum a \in carrier. \ u \ a * pmf \ q \ a)$ by (subst (asm) (1 2) integral-measure-pmf[OF finite-carrier])

(auto simp: lotteries-on-def set-pmf-eq ac-simps)

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{hence} \ (\sum y | le \ x \ y. \ pmf \ p \ y) + \varepsilon \ast (\sum y \in carrier. \ ?idx \ y \ast pmf \ p \ y) \leq \\ (\sum y | le \ x \ y. \ pmf \ q \ y) + \varepsilon \ast (\sum y \in carrier. \ ?idx \ y \ast pmf \ q \ y) \end{array}$

using x preferred-subset-carrier not-outside

by (simp add: u-def sum.distrib finite-carrier algebra-simps sum-distrib-left

Int-absorb1 cong: rev-conj-cong)

also have $(\sum y \in carrier. ?idx \ y * pmf \ q \ y) \le (\sum y \in carrier. length \ xs * pmf$ $(q \ y)$ by (intro sum-mono mult-right-mono) (simp-all add: pmf-nonneg) also have $\ldots = measure-pmf.expectation \ q \ (\lambda-. \ length \ xs)$ using assms by (subst integral-measure-pmf[OF finite-carrier]) (auto simp: lotteries-on-def set-pmf-eq ac-simps) also have $\ldots = length xs$ by simp also have $(\sum y \mid le \ x \ y. \ pmf \ p \ y) = measure-pmf.prob \ p \ \{y. \ le \ x \ y\}$ **using** *finite-subset*[OF preferred-subset-carrier finite-carrier] **by** (*simp add: measure-measure-pmf-finite*) also have $(\sum y \mid le \ x \ y. \ pmf \ q \ y) = measure-pmf.prob \ q \ \{y. \ le \ x \ y\}$ **using** *finite-subset*[OF preferred-subset-carrier finite-carrier] **by** (*simp add: measure-measure-pmf-finite*) finally show measure-pmf.prob p {y. le x y} / length xs \leq measure-pmf.prob q {y. le x y} / length xs + ε using ε by (simp add: divide-simps) \mathbf{qed} moreover from carrier-nonempty carrier have $xs \neq []$ by auto ultimately have measure-pmf.prob $p \{y. le x y\} \leq$ measure-pmf.prob $q \{y. le x y\}$ by (simp add: field-simps) } with assms show $p \preceq [SD(le)] q$ unfolding SD-preorder preferred-alts-def by blastqed **lemma** *not-strict-SD-iff*: assumes $p \in lotteries$ -on carrier $q \in lotteries$ -on carrier shows $\neg(p \prec [SD(le)] q) \longleftrightarrow$ $(\exists u. is-vnm-utility u \land measure-pmf.expectation q u \leq measure-pmf.expectation$ p uproof let $?E = measure-pmf.expectation :: 'a pmf \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow real$ assume $\exists u$. is-vnm-utility $u \land ?E p u \ge ?E q u$ then obtain u where u: is-vnm-utility u ?E p u > ?E q u by blast **interpret** u: vnm-utility carrier le u by fact **show** $\neg p \prec [SD \ le] q$ proof assume less: $p \prec [SD \ le] q$ with assms have $pq: ?E p \ u \leq ?E q \ u$ if is-vnm-utility u for u using that by (auto simp: SD-iff-expected-utilities-le strongly-preferred-def) with u have u-eq: ?E p u = ?E q u by (intro antisym) simp-all from less assms obtain u' where u': is-vnm-utility u' ?E p u' < ?E q u' by (auto simp: SD-iff-expected-utilities-le strongly-preferred-def not-le) interpret u': vnm-utility carrier le u' by fact have $\exists \varepsilon > 0$. is-vnm-utility (λx . $u x - \varepsilon * u' x$)

by (intro u.diff-epsilon antisym u'.utility-le) then obtain ε where ε : $\varepsilon > 0$ is-vnm-utility ($\lambda x. u x - \varepsilon * u' x$) by auto define u'' where u'' $x = u x - \varepsilon * u' x$ for x interpret u'': vnm-utility carrier le u'' unfolding u''-def by fact have exp-u'': ?E p u'' = ?E p u - $\varepsilon *$?E p u' if $p \in$ lotteries-on carrier for p using that by (subst (1 2 3) integral-measure-pmf[of carrier]) (auto simp: lotteries-on-def u''-def algebra-simps sum-subtractf sum-distrib-left) from assms ε have ?E p u'' > ?E q u'' by (simp-all add: exp-u'' algebra-simps u-eq u') with pq[OF u''.vnm-utility-axioms] show False by simp qed qed (insert assms utility-weak-ranking-index, auto simp: strongly-preferred-def SD-iff-expected-utilities-le not-le not-less intro: antisym)

lemma strict-SD-iff:

assumes $p \in lotteries-on \ carrier \ q \in lotteries-on \ carrier$ **shows** $(p \prec [SD(le)] \ q) \leftrightarrow (\forall u. \ is-vnm-utility \ u \longrightarrow measure-pmf.expectation \ p \ u < measure-pmf.expectation \ q \ u)$ **using** not-strict-SD-iff[OF assms] **by** auto

end

end

```
theory SD-Efficiency
imports Complex-Main Preference-Profiles Lotteries Stochastic-Dominance
begin
```

context pref-profile-wf begin

lemma SD-inefficient-support-subset: **assumes** inefficient: \neg SD-efficient R p' **assumes** support: set-pmf p' \subseteq set-pmf p **assumes** lotteries: $p \in$ lotteries-on alts **shows** \neg SD-efficient R p **proof from** assms **have** p'-wf: p' \in lotteries-on alts **by** (simp add: lotteries-on-def) **from** inefficient **obtain** q' i **where** q': q' \in lotteries-on alts i \in agents $\bigwedge i. i \in$ agents \Longrightarrow q' \succeq [SD(R i)] p' q' \succ [SD(R i)] p' **unfolding** SD-efficient-def' **by** blast

have subset: {x. pmf p' x > pmf q' x} \subseteq set-pmf p' by (auto simp: set-pmf-eq)

also have $\ldots \subseteq set\text{-}pmf \ p$ by fact also have $\ldots \subseteq$ alts using lotteries by (simp add: lotteries-on-def) **finally have** *finite: finite* $\{x. pmf p' x > pmf q' x\}$ using finite-alts by (rule finite-subset) define ε where $\varepsilon = Min$ (insert 1 {pmf p x / (pmf p' x - pmf q' x) |x. pmf p' $x > pmf q' x\})$ **define** supp where supp = set-pmf $p \cup$ set-pmf q'**from** lotteries finite-alts q'(1) have finite-supp: finite supp **by** (*auto simp: lotteries-on-def supp-def dest: finite-subset*) **from** support have [simp]: pmf $p \ x = 0$ pmf $p' \ x = 0$ pmf $q' \ x = 0$ if $x \notin$ supp for xusing that by (auto simp: supp-def set-pmf-eq) from finite support subset have ε : $\varepsilon > 0$ unfolding ε -def **by** (*auto simp: field-simps set-pmf-eq'*) have nonneg: $pmf \ p \ x + \varepsilon * (pmf \ q' \ x - pmf \ p' \ x) \ge 0$ for x **proof** (cases pmf p' x > pmf q' x) case True with finite have $\varepsilon \leq pmf p x / (pmf p' x - pmf q' x)$ unfolding ε -def by (intro Min-le) auto with True show ?thesis by (simp add: field-simps) \mathbf{next} case False with *pmf-nonneg*[of p x] ε show ?thesis by simp qed define q where $q = embed-pmf(\lambda x. pmf p x + \varepsilon * (pmf q' x - pmf p' x))$ have $(\int + x. ennreal (pmf p x + \varepsilon * (pmf q' x - pmf p' x)) \partial count-space UNIV)$ = 1**proof** (subst nn-integral-count-space') have $(\sum x \in supp. ennreal (pmf p x + \varepsilon * (pmf q' x - pmf p' x))) =$ ennreal $((\sum x \in supp. pmf p x) + \varepsilon * ((\sum x \in supp. pmf q' x) - (\sum x \in supp. pmf q' x)))$ pmf p' x)))**by** (*subst sum-ennreal*[OF nonneg], *rule ennreal-cong*) (auto simp: sum-subtractf ring-distribs sum.distrib sum-distrib-left) also from finite-supp support have $\ldots = 1$ by (subst (1 2 3) sum-pmf-eq-1) (auto simp: supp-def) **finally show** $(\sum x \in supp. ennreal (pmf p x + \varepsilon * (pmf q' x - pmf p' x))) = 1$ **qed** (*insert nonneg finite-supp*, *simp-all*) with nonneg have pmf-q: $pmf q x = pmf p x + \varepsilon * (pmf q' x - pmf p' x)$ for x unfolding q-def by (intro pmf-embed-pmf) simp-all with support have support-q: set-pmf $q \subseteq$ supp **unfolding** supp-def **by** (auto simp: set-pmf-eq) with lotteries support q'(1) have q-wf: $q \in lotteries$ -on alts **by** (*auto simp add: lotteries-on-def supp-def*)

from *support-q* support have *expected-utility*:

 $measure-pmf.expectation \ q \ u = measure-pmf.expectation \ p \ u +$ $\varepsilon * (measure-pmf.expectation q'u - measure-pmf.expectation p'u)$ for u **by** (subst (1 2 3 4) integral-measure-pmf[OF finite-supp]) (auto simp: pmf-q supp-def sum.distrib sum-distrib-left *sum-distrib-right sum-subtractf algebra-simps*) have $q \succeq [SD(R \ i)] \ p$ if $i: i \in agents$ for iproof from *i* interpret finite-total-preorder-on alts R *i* by simp from *i* lotteries q'(1) q'(3)[OF i] q-wf p'-wf ε show ?thesis **by** (fastforce simp: SD-iff-expected-utilities-le expected-utility) qed **moreover from** $(i \in agents)$ **interpret** finite-total-preorder-on alts R i by simp from lotteries q'(1,4) q-wf p'-wf ε have $q \succ [SD(R i)] p$ by (force simp: SD-iff-expected-utilities-le expected-utility not-le strongly-preferred-def) ultimately show ?thesis using q-wf $\langle i \in aqents \rangle$ unfolding SD-efficient-def' by blast qed **lemma** SD-efficient-support-subset: **assumes** SD-efficient R p set-pmf $p' \subseteq$ set-pmf p $p \in$ lotteries-on alts shows SD-efficient R p'using SD-inefficient-support-subset [OF - assms(2,3)] assms(1) by blast **lemma** SD-efficient-same-support: **assumes** set-pmf $p = set-pmf p' p \in lotteries-on alts$ **shows** SD-efficient $R \ p \longleftrightarrow$ SD-efficient $R \ p'$ using SD-inefficient-support-subset[of p p'] SD-inefficient-support-subset[of p' p] assms**by** (*auto simp: lotteries-on-def*) **lemma** SD-efficient-iff: assumes $p \in lotteries$ -on alts **shows** SD-efficient $R \ p \longleftrightarrow$ SD-efficient $R \ (pmf-of-set \ (set-pmf \ p))$ using assms finite-alts **by** (*intro* SD-efficient-same-support) (simp, subst set-pmf-of-set, auto simp: set-pmf-not-empty lotteries-on-def intro: finite-subset[OF - finite-alts]) **lemma** SD-efficient-no-pareto-loser: **assumes** efficient: SD-efficient R p and p-wf: $p \in lotteries$ -on alts **shows** set-pmf $p \cap$ pareto-losers $R = \{\}$ proof have $x \notin pareto-losers R$ if $x: x \in set-pmf p$ for xproof – from x have set-pmf (return-pmf x) \subseteq set-pmf p by auto **from** efficient this p-wf have SD-efficient R (return-pmf x)

moreover from assms x have $x \in alts$ by (auto simp: lotteries-on-def) ultimately show $x \notin pareto-losers R$ by (simp add: SD-efficient-singleton-iff) qed thus ?thesis by blast qed

Given two lotteries with the same support where one is strictly Pareto-SD-preferred to the other, one can construct a third lottery that is weakly Pareto-SD-preferred to the better lottery (and therefore strictly Pareto-SD-preferred to the worse lottery) and whose support is a strict subset of the original supports.

lemma *improve-lottery-support-subset*: **assumes** $p \in lotteries$ -on alts $q \in lotteries$ -on alts $q \succ [Pareto(SD \circ R)] p$ $set-pmf \ p = set-pmf \ q$ obtains r where $r \in lotteries$ -on alts $r \succeq [Pareto(SD \circ R)]$ q set-pmf $r \subset set$ -pmf pproof – **have** subset: $\{x. pmf \ p \ x > pmf \ q \ x\} \subseteq set-pmf \ p$ **by** (auto simp: set-pmf-eq) also have $\ldots \subseteq alts$ using assms by (simp add: lotteries-on-def) **finally have** finite: finite $\{x. pmf \ p \ x > pmf \ q \ x\}$ using finite-alts by (rule finite-subset) **from** assms have $q \neq p$ by (auto simp: strongly-preferred-def) hence ex-less: $\exists x. pmf p x > pmf q x$ by (rule pmf-neq-exists-less) define ε where $\varepsilon = Min \{ pmf \ p \ x \ / \ (pmf \ p \ x - pmf \ q \ x) \ |x. \ pmf \ p \ x > pmf \ q \ x \}$ xdefine supp where supp = set-pmf pfrom assms finite-alts have finite-supp: finite supp **by** (*auto simp*: *lotteries-on-def supp-def dest*: *finite-subset*) from assms have [simp]: pmf p x = 0 pmf q x = 0 if $x \notin supp$ for x using that by (auto simp: supp-def set-pmf-eq) from finite subset ex-less have ε : $\varepsilon \geq 1$ unfolding ε -def by (intro Min.boundedI) (auto simp: field-simps pmf-nonneg) have nonneg: $pmf \ p \ x + \varepsilon * (pmf \ q \ x - pmf \ p \ x) \ge 0$ for x **proof** (cases $pmf \ p \ x > pmf \ q \ x$) case True with finite have $\varepsilon \leq pmf p x / (pmf p x - pmf q x)$ unfolding ε -def by (intro Min-le) auto with True show ?thesis by (simp add: field-simps) next case False with pmf-nonneg[of p x] ε show ?thesis by simp qed define r where $r = embed-pmf(\lambda x. pmf p x + \varepsilon * (pmf q x - pmf p x))$ have $(\int x$ ennreal (pmf $p x + \varepsilon * (pmf q x - pmf p x)) \partial count$ -space UNIV)

= 1

proof (subst nn-integral-count-space')

have $(\sum x \in supp. ennreal (pmf p x + \varepsilon * (pmf q x - pmf p x))) =$ ennreal $((\sum x \in supp. pmf p x) + \varepsilon * ((\sum x \in supp. pmf q x) - (\sum x \in supp.))$ pmf p(x)))**by** (subst sum-ennreal[OF nonneg], rule ennreal-cong) (auto simp: sum-subtractf ring-distribs sum.distrib sum-distrib-left) also from *finite-supp* have $\ldots = 1$ by (subst (1 2 3) sum-pmf-eq-1) (auto simp: supp-def assms) finally show $(\sum x \in supp. ennreal (pmf p x + \varepsilon * (pmf q x - pmf p x))) = 1$. **qed** (insert nonneg finite-supp, simp-all) with nonneg have pmf-r: pmf $r x = pmf p x + \varepsilon * (pmf q x - pmf p x)$ for x **unfolding** r-def by (intro pmf-embed-pmf) simp-all with assms have set-pmf $r \subseteq supp$ **unfolding** supp-def **by** (auto simp: set-pmf-eq) **from** finite ex-less have $\varepsilon \in \{pmf \ p \ x \ | \ (pmf \ p \ x - pmf \ q \ x) \ | x. \ pmf \ p \ x > pmf$ q xunfolding ε -def by (intro Min-in) auto then obtain x where $\varepsilon = pmf p x / (pmf p x - pmf q x) pmf p x > pmf q x$ by blast **hence** pmf r x = 0 by (simp add: pmf-r field-simps) **moreover from** $\langle pmf \ p \ x \rangle pmf \ q \ x \rangle pmf$ -nonneg[of $q \ x$] have pmf p x > 0 by linarith ultimately have $x \in set\text{-}pmf \ p - set\text{-}pmf \ r \ by (auto \ simp: \ set\text{-}pmf\text{-}iff)$ with $\langle set-pmf \ r \subseteq supp \rangle$ have support-r: set-pmf $r \subset set-pmf \ p$ unfolding supp-def by blast from this assms have r-wf: $r \in lotteries$ -on alts by (simp add: lotteries-on-def) have $r \succeq [Pareto(SD \circ R)] \ q$ unfolding SD.Pareto-iff unfolding o-def proof fix *i* assume *i*: $i \in agents$ then interpret finite-total-preorder-on alts R i by simp show $r \succeq [SD(R \ i)] q$ **proof** (subst SD-iff-expected-utilities-le; safe?) fix u assume u: is-vnm-utility u from support-r have expected-utility-r: measure-pmf.expectation r u = measure-pmf.expectation p u + $\varepsilon * (measure-pmf.expectation \ q \ u - measure-pmf.expectation \ p \ u)$ by (subst (1 2 3 4) integral-measure-pmf[OF finite-supp]) (auto simp: supp-def assms pmf-r sum.distrib sum-distrib-left sum-distrib-right sum-subtractf algebra-simps) **from** assms i have $q \succeq [SD(R \ i)] p$ by (simp add: SD.Pareto-strict-iff) with assms u have measure-pmf.expectation $q \ u \geq measure-pmf.expectation$ $p \ u$ **by** (*simp add: SD-iff-expected-utilities-le r-wf*) **hence** $(\varepsilon - 1) * measure-pmf.expectation p u \le (\varepsilon - 1) * measure-pmf.expectation$ q uusing ε by (intro mult-left-mono) simp-all

```
by (simp add: algebra-simps expected-utility-r)
   qed fact+
   qed
   from that[OF r-wf this support-r] show ?thesis .
   qed
```

4.5 Existence of SD-efficient lotteries

In this section, we will show that any lottery can be 'improved' to an SDefficient lottery, i.e. for any lottery, there exists an SD-efficient lottery that is weakly SD-preferred to the original one by all agents.

```
context
```

```
fixes p :: 'alt lottery
  assumes lott: p \in lotteries-on alts
begin
private definition improve-lottery :: 'alt lottery \Rightarrow 'alt lottery where
  improve-lottery q = (let A = \{r \in lotteries \text{-} on \ alts. \ r \succ [Pareto(SD \circ R)] \ q\} in
     (SOME r. r \in A \land \neg(\exists r' \in A. set-pmf r' \subset set-pmf r)))
private lemma improve-lottery:
  assumes \neg SD-efficient R q
  defines r \equiv improve-lottery q
 shows r \in lotteries-on alts r \succ [Pareto(SD \circ R)] q
          \bigwedge r'. r' \in lotteries-on \ alts \implies r' \succ [Pareto(SD \circ R)] \ q \implies \neg(set-pmf \ r' \subset R)
set-pmf(r)
proof -
  define A where A = \{r \in lotteries \text{-}on \ alts. \ r \succ [Pareto(SD \circ R)] \ q\}
  have subset-alts: X \subseteq alts if X \in set-pmf^{A} for X using that
    by (auto simp: A-def lotteries-on-def)
  have r-altdef: r = (SOME \ r. \ r \in A \land \neg (\exists r' \in A. \ set-pmf \ r' \subset set-pmf \ r))
    unfolding r-def improve-lottery-def Let-def A-def by simp
  from assms have nonempty: A \neq \{\} by (auto simp: A-def SD-efficient-def)
  hence nonempty': set-pmf'A \neq {} by simp
  have set-pmf ' A \subseteq Pow alts by (auto simp: A-def lotteries-on-def)
  from finite-alts have wf: wf \{(X, Y) : X \subset Y \land Y \subseteq alts\}
    by (rule finite-subset-wf)
  obtain X
    where X \in set\text{-pmf}^{\circ}A \land Y. Y \subset X \land X \subseteq alts \Longrightarrow Y \notin set\text{-pmf}^{\circ}A
    by (rule wfE-min'[OF wf nonempty']) simp-all
  hence \exists r. r \in A \land \neg (\exists r' \in A. \text{ set-pmf } r' \subset \text{ set-pmf } r)
    by (auto simp: subset-alts[of X])
  from some I-ex[OF this, folded r-altdef]
    show r \in lotteries-on alts r \succ [Pareto(SD \circ R)] q
          \bigwedge r'. r' \in lotteries-on \ alts \implies r' \succ [Pareto(SD \circ R)] \ q \implies \neg(set-pmf \ r' \subset R)
set-pmf(r)
    unfolding A-def by blast+
qed
```

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{private fun } sd\text{-}chain :: nat \Rightarrow 'alt \ lottery \ option \ \textbf{where} \\ sd\text{-}chain \ 0 = Some \ p \\ | \ sd\text{-}chain \ (Suc \ n) = \\ (case \ sd\text{-}chain \ n \ of \\ None \Rightarrow None \\ | \ Some \ p \Rightarrow \ if \ SD\text{-}efficient \ R \ p \ then \ None \ else \ Some \ (improve-lottery \ p)) \end{array}$

private lemma sd-chain-None-propagate:

 $m \ge n \Longrightarrow$ sd-chain n = None \Longrightarrow sd-chain m = None by (induction rule: inc-induct) simp-all

private lemma sd-chain-Some-propagate:

 $m \ge n \Longrightarrow$ sd-chain m = Some $q \Longrightarrow \exists q'$. sd-chain n = Some q'by (cases sd-chain n) (auto simp: sd-chain-None-propagate)

private lemma sd-chain-NoneD:

sd-chain $n = None \implies \exists n p. sd$ -chain $n = Some p \land SD$ -efficient R pby (induction n) (auto split: option.splits if-splits)

private lemma sd-chain-lottery: sd-chain $n = Some q \implies q \in lotteries-on alts$ by (induction n) (insert lott, auto split: option.splits if-splits simp: improve-lottery)

private lemma sd-chain-Suc:

assumes sd-chain m = Some qassumes sd-chain (Suc m) = Some rshows $q \prec [Pareto(SD \circ R)] r$ using assms by (auto split: if-splits simp: improve-lottery)

private lemma sd-chain-strictly-preferred:

assumes m < n**assumes** sd-chain m = Some q**assumes** sd-chain $n = Some \ s$ **shows** $q \prec [Pareto(SD \circ R)] s$ using assms **proof** (*induction arbitrary*: *q rule*: *strict-inc-induct*) **case** (base k q) with sd-chain-Suc[of k q s] show ?case by (simp del: sd-chain.simps add: o-def) next **case** (step k q) from step.hyps have Suc $k \leq n$ by simp **from** sd-chain-Some-propagate [OF this, of s] step.prems **obtain** rwhere r: sd-chain (Suc k) = Some r by (auto simp del: sd-chain.simps) with step.prems have $q \prec [Pareto (SD \circ R)] r$ by (intro sd-chain-Suc) **moreover from** r step.prems have $r \prec [Pareto (SD \circ R)]$ s by (intro step.IH) simp-all ultimately show ?case by (rule SD.Pareto.strict-trans) qed

private lemma *sd-chain-preferred*: assumes $m \leq n$ assumes sd-chain m = Some q**assumes** sd-chain n = Some s**shows** $q \preceq [Pareto(SD \circ R)] s$ **proof** (cases m < n) case True **from** sd-chain-strictly-preferred [OF this assms(2,3)] **show** ?thesis **by** (*simp add: strongly-preferred-def*) \mathbf{next} case False with assms show ?thesis by (auto intro: SD.Pareto.refl sd-chain-lottery) qed **lemma** SD-efficient-lottery-exists: obtains q where $q \in lotteries$ -on alts $q \succeq [Pareto(SD \circ R)] p$ SD-efficient R q proof **consider** $\exists n. sd$ -chain $n = None \mid \forall n. \exists q. sd$ -chain n = Some qusing option.exhaust by metis thus ?thesis **proof** cases case 1 define m where m = (LEAST m. sd-chain m = None)define k where k = m - 1from LeastI-ex[OF 1] have m: sd-chain m = None by (simp add: m-def) from m have nz: $m \neq 0$ by (intro notI) simp-all from nz have m-altdef: $m = Suc \ k$ by (simp add: k-def) from nz Least-le[of λm . sd-chain m = None m - 1, folded m-def] **obtain** q where q: sd-chain k = Some q by (cases sd-chain (m - 1)) (auto simp: k-def) **from** sd-chain-preferred [OF - sd-chain.simps(1) this] **have** $q \succeq [Pareto(SD \circ R)]$ p by simp**moreover from** q have $q \in lotteries$ -on alts by (simp add: sd-chain-lottery) moreover from q m have SD-efficient R q by (auto split: if-splits simp: m-altdef) ultimately show ?thesis using that [of q] by blast next case 2have range (set-pmf \circ the \circ sd-chain) \subseteq Pow alts unfolding o-def **proof** safe fix n x assume $A: x \in set-pmf$ (the (sd-chain n)) from 2 obtain q where sd-chain n = Some q by auto with sd-chain-lottery [of n q] have set-pmf (the (sd-chain n)) \subseteq alts by (simp add: lotteries-on-def) with A show $x \in alts$ by blast qed hence finite (range (set-pm $f \circ the \circ sd$ -chain)) by (rule finite-subset) simp-all **from** *pigeonhole-infinite*[OF *infinite-UNIV-nat this*] **obtain** m where infinite $\{n. set-pmf (the (sd-chain n)) = set-pmf (the$

```
(sd-chain m))
     by auto
   hence infinite (\{n. \text{ set-pmf} (\text{the} (\text{sd-chain } n)) = \text{set-pmf} (\text{the} (\text{sd-chain } m))\}
-\{k, \neg(k > m)\})
     by (simp add: not-less)
    hence (\{n. set-pmf (the (sd-chain n)) = set-pmf (the (sd-chain m))\} - \{k.
\neg(k > m)\}) \neq \{\}
     by (intro notI) simp-all
   then obtain n where mn: n > m set-pmf (the (sd-chain n)) = set-pmf (the
(sd-chain m))
     by blast
   from 2 obtain p q where pq: sd-chain m = Some p sd-chain n = Some q by
blast
   from mn \ pq have supp-eq: set-pmf \ p = set-pmf \ q by simp
  from mn(1) pq have less: p \prec [Pareto(SD \circ R)] q by (rule sd-chain-strictly-preferred)
   from \langle m < n \rangle have n > 0 by simp
   with \langle sd-chain n = Some \ q \rangle \ sd-chain.simps(2)[of n - 1]
     obtain r where r: \neg SD-efficient R r q = improve-lottery r
     by (auto simp del: sd-chain.simps split: if-splits option.splits)
   from pq have p \in lotteries-on alts q \in lotteries-on alts
     by (simp-all add: sd-chain-lottery)
   from improve-lottery-support-subset[OF this less supp-eq]
   obtain s where s: s \in lotteries-on alts Pareto (SD \circ R) q s set-pmf s \subset set-pmf
p .
   from improve-lottery(2)[of r] r s have s \succ [Pareto(SD \circ R)] r
     by (auto intro: SD.Pareto.strict-weak-trans)
   from improve-lottery(3)[OF r(1) s(1) this] supp-eq r
     have \neg set-pmf s \subset set-pmf p by simp
   with s(3) show ?thesis by contradiction
 qed
\mathbf{qed}
end
```

```
lemma
```

assumes $p \in lotteries-on alts$ **shows** $\exists q \in lotteries-on alts. q \succeq [Pareto(SD \circ R)] p \land SD$ -efficient R q **using** SD-efficient-lottery-exists[OF assms] **by** blast

 \mathbf{end}

 \mathbf{end}

5 Social Decision Schemes

theory Social-Decision-Schemes imports

Complex-Main HOL—Probability.Probability Preference-Profiles Elections Order-Predicates Stochastic-Dominance SD-Efficiency **begin**

5.1 Basic Social Choice definitions

context *election* begin

The set of lotteries, i.e. the probability mass functions on the type 'alt whose support is a subset of the alternative set.

abbreviation lotteries where $lotteries \equiv lotteries - on alts$

The probability that a lottery returns an alternative that is in the given set

abbreviation *lottery-prob* :: 'alt *lottery* \Rightarrow 'alt *set* \Rightarrow *real* **where** *lottery-prob* \equiv *measure-pmf.prob*

lemma lottery-prob-alts-superset: **assumes** $p \in lotteries$ alts $\subseteq A$ **shows** lottery-prob p A = 1 **using** assms **by** (subst measure-pmf.prob-eq-1) (auto simp: AE-measure-pmf-iff lotteries-on-def)

```
lemma lottery-prob-alts: p \in lotteries \implies lottery-prob p alts = 1
by (rule lottery-prob-alts-superset) simp-all
```

\mathbf{end}

In the context of an election, a preference profile is a function that assigns to each agent her preference relation (which is a total preorder)

5.2 Social Decision Schemes

In the context of an election, a Social Decision Scheme (SDS) is a function that maps preference profiles to lotteries on the alternatives.

locale social-decision-scheme = election agents alts for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set + fixes sds :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile \Rightarrow 'alt lottery assumes sds-wf: is-pref-profile $R \implies sds R \in$ lotteries

5.3 Anonymity

An SDS is anonymous if permuting the agents in the input does not change the result.

locale anonymous-sds = social-decision-scheme agents alts sdsfor agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and sds + assumes anonymous: π permutes agents \implies is-pref-profile $R \implies$ sds $(R \circ \pi) =$ sds Rbegin **lemma** anonymity-prefs-from-table: assumes prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xs prefs-from-table-wf agents alts ys **assumes** mset $(map \ snd \ xs) = mset \ (map \ snd \ ys)$ **shows** sds (prefs-from-table xs) = sds (prefs-from-table ys) proof – from assms obtain π where π permutes agents prefs-from-table $xs \circ \pi =$ prefs-from-table ys **by** (*rule prefs-from-table-agent-permutation*) with anonymous of π , of prefs-from-table xs] assms(1) show ?thesis **by** (*simp add: pref-profile-from-tableI*) qed

context

begin

qualified lemma anonymity-prefs-from-table-aux: **assumes** R1 = prefs-from-table xs prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xs **assumes** R2 = prefs-from-table ys prefs-from-table-wf agents alts ys **assumes** mset (map snd xs) = mset (map snd ys) **shows** sds R1 = sds R2 unfolding assms(1,3) **by** (rule anonymity-prefs-from-table) (simp-all add: assms del: mset-map) end

 \mathbf{end}

5.4 Neutrality

An SDS is neutral if permuting the alternatives in the input does not change the result, modulo the equivalent permutation in the output lottery.

locale neutral-sds = social-decision-scheme agents alts sds for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and sds + assumes neutral: σ permutes alts \Longrightarrow is-pref-profile $R \Longrightarrow$ sds (permute-profile σR) = map-pmf σ (sds R)

\mathbf{begin}

Alternative formulation of neutrality that shows that our definition is equivalent to that in the paper.

lemma neutral': assumes σ permutes alts

```
assumes is-pref-profile R
assumes a \in alts
shows pmf (sds (permute-profile \sigma R)) (\sigma a) = pmf (sds R) a
proof –
from assms have A: set-pmf (sds R) \subseteq alts using sds-wf
by (simp add: lotteries-on-def)
from assms(1,2) have pmf (sds (permute-profile \sigma R)) (\sigma a) = pmf (map-pmf
\sigma (sds R)) (\sigma a)
by (subst neutral) simp-all
also from assms have ... = pmf (sds R) a
by (intro pmf-map-inj') (simp-all add: permutes-inj)
finally show ?thesis .
qed
end
```

```
anonymous-sds agents alts sds + neutral-sds agents alts sds
for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and sds
begin
```

```
lemma sds-anonymous-neutral:
 assumes perm: \sigma permutes alts and wf: is-pref-profile R1 is-pref-profile R2
 assumes eq: anonymous-profile R1 =
              image-mset (map ((^{\circ}) \sigma)) (anonymous-profile R2)
 shows
         sds R1 = map-pmf \sigma (sds R2)
proof -
 interpret R1: pref-profile-wf agents alts R1 by fact
 interpret R2: pref-profile-wf agents alts R2 by fact
 from perm have wf': is-pref-profile (permute-profile \sigma R2)
   by (rule R2.wf-permute-alts)
 from eq perm have anonymous-profile R1 = anonymous-profile (permute-profile
\sigma R2
   by (simp add: R2.anonymous-profile-permute)
 from anonymous-profile-agent-permutation [OF this wf(1) wf']
   obtain \pi where \pi permutes agents permute-profile \sigma R2 \circ \pi = R1 by auto
 have sds (permute-profile \sigma R2 \circ \pi) = sds (permute-profile \sigma R2)
   by (rule anonymous) fact+
 also have \ldots = map-pmf \sigma (sds R2)
   by (rule neutral) fact+
 also have permute-profile \sigma R2 \circ \pi = R1 by fact
 finally show ?thesis .
qed
```

```
lemma sds-anonymous-neutral':
```

```
assumes perm: \sigma permutes alts and wf: is-pref-profile R1 is-pref-profile R2
assumes eq: anonymous-profile R1 =
```

image-mset $(map ((`) \sigma))$ (anonymous-profile R2) shows $pmf (sds R1) (\sigma x) = pmf (sds R2) x$ proof – have $sds R1 = map-pmf \sigma (sds R2)$ by (intro sds-anonymous-neutral) fact+ also have $pmf \dots (\sigma x) = pmf (sds R2) x$ by (intro pmf-map-inj' permutes-inj[OF perm]) finally show ?thesis . qed lemma sds-automorphism: assumes $perm: \sigma$ permutes alts and wf: is-pref-profile R assumes eq: image-mset (map ((`) σ)) (anonymous-profile R) = anonymous-profile R shows $map-pmf \sigma (sds R) = sds R$ using sds-anonymous-neutral[OF perm wf wf eq [symmetric]] ...

end

lemma an-sds-automorphism-aux: **assumes** wf: prefs-from-table-wf agents alts yss $R \equiv$ prefs-from-table yss assumes an: an-sds agents alts sds **assumes** eq: mset $(map ((`) (permutation-of-list xs))) \circ snd) yss) = mset$ (map snd yss) **assumes** perm: set (map fst xs) \subseteq alts set (map snd xs) = set (map fst xs) distinct (map fst xs) and $x: x \in alts \ y = permutation-of-list \ xs \ x$ **shows** pmf (sds R) x = pmf (sds R) yproof **note** *perm* = *list-permutesI*[*OF perm*] let $?\sigma = permutation-of-list xs$ **note** perm' = permutation-of-list-permutes [OF perm] **from** wf have wf': pref-profile-wf agents alts R by (simp add: pref-profile-from-tableI) then interpret R: pref-profile-wf agents alts R. **from** perm' **interpret** R': pref-profile-wf agents alts permute-profile $?\sigma$ R **by** (*simp add: R.wf-permute-alts*) from an interpret an-sds agents alts sds. **from** eq wf have eq': image-mset (map $((\circ ? \sigma))$) (anonymous-profile R) = anony-

from eq wf have eq': image-mset (map ((') $\forall \sigma$)) (anonymous-profile R) = anonymous-profile R

by (simp add: anonymise-prefs-from-table mset-map multiset.map-comp) from perm' x have pmf (sds R) x = pmf (map-pmf ? σ (sds R)) (? σ x) by (simp add: pmf-map-inj' permutes-inj)

also from eq' x wf' perm' have map-pmf ? σ (sds R) = sds R by (intro sds-automorphism)

(simp-all add: R.anonymous-profile-permute pref-profile-from-tableI) finally show ?thesis using x by simp ged

5.5 Ex-post efficiency

locale ex-post-efficient-sds = social-decision-scheme agents alts sds for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and sds + assumes ex-post-efficient: is-pref-profile $R \implies$ set-pmf (sds R) \cap pareto-losers $R = \{\}$ begin lemma ex-post-efficient': assumes is-pref-profile $R \ge [Pareto(R)] x$

shows pmf(sds R) x = 0using ex-post-efficient[of R] assms by (auto simp: set-pmf-eq pareto-losers-def)

```
lemma ex-post-efficient'':
```

```
assumes is-pref-profile R \ i \in agents \ \forall i \in agents. \ y \succeq [R \ i] \ x \neg y \preceq [R \ i] x

shows pmf \ (sds \ R) \ x = 0

proof –

from assms(1) interpret pref-profile-wf agents alts R.

from assms(2-) show ?thesis

by (intro ex-post-efficient'[OF assms(1), \ of - y])

(auto simp: Pareto-iff strongly-preferred-def)
```

qed

end

5.6 SD efficiency

An SDS is SD-efficient if it returns an SD-efficient lottery for every preference profile, i.e. if the SDS outputs a lottery, it is never the case that there is another lottery that is weakly preferred by all agents an strictly preferred by at least one agent.

```
locale sd-efficient-sds = social-decision-scheme agents alts sds
for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and sds +
assumes SD-efficient: is-pref-profile R \implies SD-efficient R (sds R)
begin
```

An alternative formulation of SD-efficiency that is somewhat more convenient to use.

lemma SD-efficient': **assumes** *is-pref-profile* $R \ q \in lotteries$ **assumes** $\bigwedge i. \ i \in agents \implies q \succeq [SD(R \ i)] \ sds \ R \ i \in agents \ q \succ [SD(R \ i)] \ sds \ R$ **shows** P **proof interpret** pref-profile-wf agents alts R **by** fact **show** ?thesis **using** SD-efficient[of R] sds-wf[OF assms(1)] assms **unfolding** SD-efficient-def' **by** blast Any SD-efficient SDS is also ex-post efficient.

sublocale ex-post-efficient-sds proof unfold-locales fix R :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile assume R-wf: is-pref-profile Rinterpret pref-profile-wf agents alts R by fact from R-wf show set-pmf (sds $R) \cap$ pareto-losers $R = \{\}$ by (intro SD-efficient-no-pareto-loser SD-efficient sds-wf) qed

The following rule can be used to derive facts from inefficient supports: If a set of alternatives is an inefficient support, at least one of the alternatives in it must receive probability 0.

```
lemma SD-inefficient-support:

assumes A: A \neq \{\} A \subseteq alts and inefficient: \negSD-efficient R (pmf-of-set A)

assumes wf: is-pref-profile R

shows \exists x \in A. pmf (sds R) x = 0

proof (rule ccontr)

interpret pref-profile-wf agents alts R by fact

assume \neg(\exists x \in A. pmf (sds R) x = 0)

with A have set-pmf (pmf-of-set A) \subseteq set-pmf (sds R)

by (subst set-pmf-of-set) (auto simp: set-pmf-eq intro: finite-subset[OF - fi-

nite-alts])

from inefficient and this have \negSD-efficient R (sds R)

by (rule SD-inefficient-support-subset) (simp add: wf sds-wf)

moreover from SD-efficient wf have SD-efficient R (sds R).

ultimately show False by contradiction

ged
```

```
lemma SD-inefficient-support':

assumes wf: is-pref-profile R

assumes A: A \neq \{\} A \subseteq alts and

wit: p \in lotteries \forall i \in agents. p \succeq [SD(R i)] pmf-of-set A i \in agents

\neg p \preceq [SD(R i)] pmf-of-set A

shows \exists x \in A. pmf (sds R) x = 0

proof (rule SD-inefficient-support)

from wf interpret pref-profile-wf agents alts R.

from wit show \neg SD-efficient R (pmf-of-set A)

by (intro SD-inefficientI') (auto intro!: bexI[of - i] simp: strongly-preferred-def)

qed fact+
```

 \mathbf{end}

5.7 Weak strategyproofness

context social-decision-scheme begin

 \mathbf{qed}

The SDS is said to be manipulable for a particular preference profile, a particular agent, and a particular alternative preference ordering for that agent if the lottery obtained if the agent submits the alternative preferences strictly SD-dominates that obtained if the original preferences are submitted. (SD-dominated w.r.t. the original preferences)

definition manipulable-profile

:: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile \Rightarrow 'agent \Rightarrow 'alt relation \Rightarrow bool where manipulable-profile R i Ri' \longleftrightarrow sds (R(i := Ri')) \succ [SD (R i)] sds R

end

An SDS is weakly strategyproof (or just strategyproof) if it is not manipulable for any combination of preference profiles, agents, and alternative preference relations.

locale strategyproof-sds = social-decision-scheme agents alts sds for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and sds + assumes strategyproof: is-pref-profile $R \Longrightarrow i \in agents \Longrightarrow$ total-preorder-on alts $Ri' \Longrightarrow$ $\neg manipulable$ -profile R i Ri'

5.8 Strong strategyproofness

context social-decision-scheme begin

The SDS is said to be strongly strategyproof for a particular preference profile, a particular agent, and a particular alternative preference ordering for that agent if the lottery obtained if the agent submits the alternative preferences is SD-dominated by the one obtained if the original preferences are submitted. (SD-dominated w.r.t. the original preferences)

In other words: the SDS is strategyproof w.r.t the preference profile R and the agent i and the alternative preference relation R'_i if the lottery for obtained for R is at least as good for i as the lottery obtained when i misrepresents her preferences as R'_i .

definition strongly-strategyproof-profile :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile \Rightarrow 'agent \Rightarrow 'alt relation \Rightarrow bool where strongly-strategyproof-profile R i Ri' $\leftrightarrow sds \ R \succeq [SD \ (R \ i)] \ sds \ (R(i := Ri'))$ lemma strongly-strategyproof-profile I [intro]: assumes is-pref-profile R total-preorder-on alts Ri' $i \in agents$ assumes $\bigwedge x. \ x \in alts \implies lottery-prob \ (sds \ (R(i := Ri'))) \ (preferred-alts \ (R \ i) x)$ $\leq lottery-prob \ (sds \ R) \ (preferred-alts \ (R \ i) x)$ shows strongly-strategyproof-profile R i Ri' proof interpret pref-profile-wf agents alts R by fact show ?thesis

```
unfolding strongly-strategyproof-profile-def
by rule (auto intro!: sds-wf assms pref-profile-wf.wf-update)
qed
```

```
lemma strongly-strategyproof-imp-not-manipulable:
assumes strongly-strategyproof-profile R i Ri'
shows ¬manipulable-profile R i Ri'
using assms unfolding strongly-strategyproof-profile-def manipulable-profile-def
by (auto simp: strongly-preferred-def)
```

end

An SDS is strongly strategyproof if it is strongly strategyproof for all combinations of preference profiles, agents, and alternative preference relations.

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{locale strongly-strategyproof-sds} = social-decision-scheme agents alts sds \\ \textbf{for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and sds + } \\ \textbf{assumes strongly-strategyproof:} \\ is-pref-profile \ R \implies i \in agents \implies total-preorder-on alts \ Ri' \implies \\ strongly-strategyproof-profile \ R \ i \ Ri' \end{array}
```

begin

Any SDS that is strongly strategyproof is also weakly strategyproof.

sublocale strategyproof-sds
by unfold-locales
 (simp add: strongly-strategyproof-imp-not-manipulable strongly-strategyproof)

\mathbf{end}

```
locale strategyproof-an-sds =
  strategyproof-sds agents alts sds + an-sds agents alts sds
  for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and sds
```

end

6 Lowering Social Decision Schemes

```
theory SDS-Lowering
imports Social-Decision-Schemes
begin
```

```
lemma lift-pref-profile-wf:
 assumes pref-profile-wf agents alts R
 assumes agents \subseteq agents' alts \subseteq alts' finite alts'
 defines R' \equiv lift-pref-profile agents alts agents' alts' R
 shows pref-profile-wf agents' alts' R'
proof –
 from assms interpret R: pref-profile-wf agents alts by simp
 have finite-total-preorder-on alts' (R' i)
   if i: i \in agents' for i
 proof (cases i \in agents)
   case True
   then interpret finite-total-preorder-on alts R i by simp
   from True assms show ?thesis
     by unfold-locales (auto simp: lift-pref-profile-def dest: total intro: trans)
 next
   case False
   with assms i show ?thesis
     by unfold-locales (simp-all add: lift-pref-profile-def)
 qed
 moreover have R' i = (\lambda- -. False) if i \notin agents' for i
   unfolding lift-pref-profile-def R'-def using that by simp
 ultimately show ?thesis unfolding pref-profile-wf-def using assms by auto
qed
lemma lift-pref-profile-permute-agents:
 assumes \pi permutes agents agents \subseteq agents'
 shows
         lift-pref-profile agents alts agents' alts' (R \circ \pi) =
           lift-pref-profile agents alts agents' alts' R \circ \pi
 using assms permutes-subset[OF assms]
 by (auto simp add: lift-pref-profile-def o-def permutes-in-image)
```

qed

```
lemma lotteries-on-subset: A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow p \in lotteries-on A \Longrightarrow p \in lotteries-on B
unfolding lotteries-on-def by blast
```

lemma lottery-prob-carrier: $p \in$ lotteries-on $A \implies$ measure-pmf.prob p A = 1by (auto simp: measure-pmf.prob-eq-1 lotteries-on-def AE-measure-pmf-iff) context fixes agents alts R agents' alts' R'**assumes** R-wf: pref-profile-wf agents alts R**assumes** election: agents \subseteq agents' alts \subseteq alts' alts \neq {} agents \neq {} finite alts' **defines** $R' \equiv lift$ -pref-profile agents alts agents' alts' R begin interpretation R: pref-profile-wf agents alts R by fact interpretation R': pref-profile-wf agents' alts' R'using election R-wf by (simp add: R'-def lift-pref-profile-wf) **lemma** *lift-pref-profile-strict-iff*: $x \prec [lift-pref-profile agents alts agents' alts' R i] y \leftrightarrow$ $i \in agents \land ((y \in alts \land x \in alts' - alts) \lor x \prec [R \ i] \ y)$ **proof** (cases $i \in agents$) case True then interpret total-preorder-on alts R i by simp show ?thesis using not-outside election **by** (*auto simp: lift-pref-profile-def strongly-preferred-def*) $\label{eq:qed} \textbf{(simp-all add: lift-pref-profile-def strongly-preferred-def)}$ **lemma** preferred-alts-lift-pref-profile: **assumes** *i*: $i \in agents'$ and $x: x \in alts'$ **shows** preferred-alts (R' i) x =(if $i \in agents \land x \in alts$ then preferred-alts (R i) x else alts') **proof** (cases $i \in agents$) **assume** $i: i \in agents$ then interpret Ri: total-preorder-on alts R i by simp show ?thesis using *i* x election Ri.not-outside by (auto simp: preferred-alts-def R'-def lift-pref-profile-def Ri.refl) qed (auto simp: preferred-alts-def R'-def lift-pref-profile-def i x) **lemma** *lift-pref-profile-Pareto-iff*: $x \preceq [Pareto(R')] y \longleftrightarrow x \in alts' \land y \in alts' \land (x \notin alts \lor x \preceq [Pareto(R)] y)$ proof – from *R*.nonempty-agents obtain *i* where *i*: $i \in agents$ by blast then interpret Ri: finite-total-preorder-on alts R i by simp show ?thesis unfolding R'. Pareto-iff R. Pareto-iff unfolding R'-def lift-pref-profile-def using election i by (auto simp: preorder-on.refl[OF R.in-dom] simp del: R.nonempty-alts R.nonempty-agents intro: Ri.not-outside) qed **lemma** *lift-pref-profile-Pareto-strict-iff*:

 $\begin{array}{l} x \prec [Pareto(R')] \ y \longleftrightarrow x \in alts' \land y \in alts' \land (x \notin alts \land y \in alts \lor x \prec [Pareto(R)] \\ y) \end{array}$

by (auto simp: strongly-preferred-def lift-pref-profile-Pareto-iff R.Pareto.not-outside)

lemma pareto-losers-lift-pref-profile:

shows pareto-losers $R' = pareto-losers R \cup (alts' - alts)$ proof have A: $x \in alts \ y \in alts$ if $x \prec [Pareto(R)] \ y$ for $x \ y$ using that R.Pareto.not-outside unfolding strongly-preferred-def by auto have $B: x \in alts'$ if $x \in alts$ for x using election that by blast from *R.nonempty-alts* obtain x where $x: x \in alts$ by blast thus ?thesis unfolding pareto-losers-def lift-pref-profile-Pareto-strict-iff [abs-def] by (auto dest: A B) \mathbf{qed} $\mathbf{context}$ begin private lemma *lift-SD-iff-agent*: **assumes** $p \in lotteries$ -on alts $q \in lotteries$ -on alts and $i: i \in agents$ shows $p \preceq [SD(R'i)] q \leftrightarrow p \preceq [SD(Ri)] q$ proof from *i* interpret *Ri*: preorder-on alts *R i* by simp from *i* election have $i': i \in agents'$ by blast then interpret R'i: preorder-on alts' R'i by simp **from** assms election have $p \in$ lotteries-on alts' $q \in$ lotteries-on alts' **by** (*auto intro: lotteries-on-subset*) with assms election i' show ?thesis by (auto simp: Ri.SD-preorder R'i.SD-preorder preferred-alts-lift-pref-profile lottery-prob-carrier) qed

private lemma lift-SD-iff-nonagent: assumes $p \in lotteries$ -on alts $q \in lotteries$ -on alts and $i: i \in agents' - agents$ shows $p \preceq [SD(R' i)] q$ proof – from i election have $i': i \in agents'$ by blast then interpret R'i: preorder-on alts' R' i by simp from assms election have $p \in lotteries$ -on alts' $q \in lotteries$ -on alts' by (auto intro: lotteries-on-subset) with assms election i' show ?thesis by (auto simp: R'i.SD-preorder preferred-alts-lift-pref-profile lottery-prob-carrier) ged

lemmas lift-SD-iff = lift-SD-iff-agent lift-SD-iff-nonagent

lemma lift-SD-iff ': $p \in lotteries-on \ alts \implies q \in lotteries-on \ alts \implies i \in agents' \implies p \preceq [SD(R' \ i)] \ q \iff i \notin agents \lor p \preceq [SD(R \ i)] \ q$ **by** (cases $i \in agents$) (simp-all add: lift-SD-iff)

\mathbf{end}

lemma *lift-SD-strict-iff*:

assumes $p \in lotteries$ -on alts $q \in lotteries$ -on alts and $i: i \in agents$ shows $p \prec [SD(R' i)] q \longleftrightarrow p \prec [SD(R i)] q$ using assms by (simp add: strongly-preferred-def lift-SD-iff) **lemma** *lift-Pareto-SD-iff*: **assumes** $p \in lotteries$ -on alts $q \in lotteries$ -on alts shows $p \preceq [Pareto(SD \circ R')] q \leftrightarrow p \preceq [Pareto(SD \circ R)] q$ using assms election by (auto simp: R.SD.Pareto-iff R'.SD.Pareto-iff lift-SD-iff') **lemma** *lift-Pareto-SD-strict-iff*: **assumes** $p \in lotteries$ -on alts $q \in lotteries$ -on alts shows $p \prec [Pareto(SD \circ R')] q \longleftrightarrow p \prec [Pareto(SD \circ R)] q$ using assms by (simp add: strongly-preferred-def lift-Pareto-SD-iff) **lemma** *lift-SD-efficient-iff*: **assumes** $p: p \in lotteries$ -on alts **shows** SD-efficient $R' p \leftrightarrow SD$ -efficient R pproof **assume** eff: SD-efficient R' phave $\neg(q \succ [Pareto(SD \circ R)] p)$ if $q: q \in lotteries$ -on alts for qproof from q election have $q': q \in lotteries-on alts'$ by (blast intro: lotteries-on-subset) with eff have $\neg(q \succ [Pareto(SD \circ R')] p)$ by (simp add: R'.SD-efficient-def) with p q show ?thesis by (simp add: lift-Pareto-SD-strict-iff) qed thus SD-efficient $R \ p$ by (simp add: R.SD-efficient-def) next **assume** eff: SD-efficient R phave $\neg(q \succ [Pareto(SD \circ R')] p)$ if $q: q \in lotteries-on alts'$ for qproof assume less: $q \succ [Pareto(SD \circ R')] p$ **from** R'.SD-efficient-lottery-exists[OF q] **obtain** q' where q': q' \in lotteries-on alts' Pareto (SD \circ R') q q' SD-efficient R' q'. have $x \notin set\text{-pmf } q'$ if $x: x \in alts' - alts$ for xproof from x have $x \in pareto-losers R'$ by (simp add: pareto-losers-lift-pref-profile) with R'.SD-efficient-no-pareto-loser[OF q'(3,1)] show $x \notin \text{set-pmf } q'$ by blastqed with q' have $q' \in lotteries$ -on alts by (auto simp: lotteries-on-def) moreover from q' less have $q' \succ [Pareto(SD \circ R')] p$ by (auto intro: R'.SD.Pareto.strict-weak-trans) with $\langle q' \in lotteries \text{-} on \ alts \rangle \ p \ have \ q' \succ [Pareto(SD \circ R)] \ p$ **by** (*subst* (*asm*) *lift-Pareto-SD-strict-iff*) ultimately have $\neg SD$ -efficient $R \ p$ by (auto simp: R.SD-efficient-def) with eff show False by contradiction qed **thus** SD-efficient R' p by (simp add: R'.SD-efficient-def)

```
end
locale sds-lowering =
  ex-post-efficient-sds agents alts sds
 for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and sds +
 fixes agents' alts'
 assumes agents'-subset: agents' \subseteq agents and alts'-subset: alts' \subseteq alts
     and agents'-nonempty [simp]: agents' \neq {} and alts'-nonempty [simp]: alts'
\neq {}
begin
lemma finite-agents' [simp]: finite agents'
 using agents'-subset finite-agents by (rule finite-subset)
lemma finite-alts' [simp]: finite alts'
 using alts'-subset finite-alts by (rule finite-subset)
abbreviation lift :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile \Rightarrow ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile where
  lift \equiv lift-pref-profile agents' alts' agents alts
definition lowered :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile \Rightarrow 'alt lottery where
  lowered = sds \circ lift
lemma lift-wf [simp, intro]:
  pref-profile-wf agents' alts' R \Longrightarrow is-pref-profile (lift R)
 using alts'-subset agents'-subset by (intro lift-pref-profile-wf) simp-all
sublocale lowered: election agents' alts'
 by unfold-locales simp-all
lemma preferred-alts-lift:
  lowered.is-pref-profile R \Longrightarrow i \in agents \Longrightarrow x \in alts \Longrightarrow
    preferred-alts (lift R i) x =
      (if i \in agents' \land x \in alts' then preferred-alts (R i) x else alts)
 using alts'-subset agents'-subset
 by (intro preferred-alts-lift-pref-profile) simp-all
lemma pareto-losers-lift:
  lowered.is-pref-profile R \implies pareto-losers (lift R) = pareto-losers R \cup (alts -
alts')
 using agents'-subset alts'-subset by (intro pareto-losers-lift-pref-profile) simp-all
lemma lowered-lotteries: lowered.lotteries \subseteq lotteries
  unfolding lotteries-on-def using alts'-subset by blast
sublocale lowered: social-decision-scheme agents' alts' lowered
```

qed

```
80
```

proof

fix R assume R-wf: pref-profile-wf agents' alts' R from R-wf have R'-wf: pref-profile-wf agents alts (lift R) by (rule lift-wf) show lowered $R \in lowered.lotteries$ unfolding lotteries-on-def **proof** safe fix x assume $x \in set\text{-}pmf$ (lowered R) hence $x: x \in set\text{-pmf}(sds(lift R))$ by (simp add: lowered-def)with ex-post-efficient[OF R'-wf] have $x \notin pareto-losers$ (lift R) by blast with pareto-losers-lift[OF R-wf] have $x \notin alts - alts'$ by blast moreover from x have $x \in alts$ using sds-wf[OF R'-wf]**by** (*auto simp: lotteries-on-def*) ultimately show $x \in alts'$ by simpqed qed sublocale ex-post-efficient-sds agents' alts' lowered proof fix R assume R-wf: lowered.is-pref-profile Rhence is-pref-profile (lift R) by simp have set-pmf (lowered R) \cap pareto-losers (lift R) = {} unfolding lowered-def o-def by (intro ex-post-efficient lift-wf R-wf)

also have pareto-losers (lift R) = pareto-losers $R \cup (alts - alts')$

by (intro pareto-losers-lift R-wf)

finally show set-pmf (lowered R) \cap pareto-losers $R = \{\}$ by blast qed

lemma lowered-in-lotteries [simp]: lowered.is-pref-profile $R \Longrightarrow$ lowered $R \in$ lotteries

using lowered.sds-wf[of R] lowered-lotteries by blast

\mathbf{end}

locale sds-lowering-anonymous =
 anonymous-sds agents alts sds +
 sds-lowering agents alts sds agents' alts'
 for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and sds agents' alts'
 begin

sublocale lowered: anonymous-sds agents' alts' lowered proof fix π R assume perm: π permutes agents' and R-wf: lowered.is-pref-profile R from perm have lift $(R \circ \pi) = lift R \circ \pi$ using agents'-subset by (rule lift-pref-profile-permute-agents) hence sds (lift $(R \circ \pi)$) = sds (lift $R \circ \pi$) by simp also from perm R-wf have π permutes agents is-pref-profile (lift R)

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{using} \ agents'-subset} \ \textbf{by} \ (auto \ dest: \ permutes-subset}) \\ \textbf{from} \ anonymous[OF \ this] \ \textbf{have} \ sds \ (lift \ R \ \circ \ \pi) = \ sds \ (lift \ R) \\ \textbf{by} \ (simp \ add: \ lowered-def) \\ \textbf{finally show} \ lowered \ (R \ \circ \ \pi) = \ lowered \ R \ \textbf{unfolding} \ lowered-def \ o-def \ . \\ \textbf{qed} \end{array}
```

 \mathbf{end}

locale sds-lowering-neutral = neutral-sds agents alts sds + sds-lowering agents alts sds agents' alts' for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and sds agents' alts' begin sublocale lowered: neutral-sds agents' alts' lowered proof fix σ R assume perm: σ permutes alts' and R-wf: lowered.is-pref-profile R from *perm* alts'-subset have lift (permute-profile σ R) = permute-profile σ (lift R) **by** (*rule lift-pref-profile-permute-alts*) hence sds (lift (permute-profile σR)) = sds (permute-profile σ (lift R)) by simp also from R-wf perm have is-pref-profile (lift R) by simp with perm alts'-subset have sds (permute-profile σ (lift R)) = map-pmf σ (sds (lift R)) **by** (*intro neutral*) (*auto intro: permutes-subset*) finally show lowered (permute-profile σR) = map-pmf σ (lowered R) by (simp add: lowered-def o-def) qed

\mathbf{end}

locale sds-lowering-sd-efficient =
 sd-efficient-sds agents alts sds +
 sds-lowering agents alts sds agents' alts'
 for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and sds agents' alts'
 begin

```
sublocale sd-efficient-sds agents' alts' lowered
proof
fix R assume R-wf: lowered.is-pref-profile R
interpret R: pref-profile-wf agents' alts' R by fact
from R-wf agents'-subset alts'-subset show SD-efficient R (lowered R)
unfolding lowered-def o-def
by (subst lift-SD-efficient-iff [symmetric])
    (insert SD-efficient R-wf lowered.sds-wf[OF R-wf], auto simp: lowered-def)
qed
```

end

locale sds-lowering-strategyproof =
 strategyproof-sds agents alts sds +
 sds-lowering agents alts sds agents' alts'
 for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and sds agents' alts'
 begin

sublocale strategyproof-sds agents' alts' lowered **proof** (unfold-locales, safe) fix $R \ i \ Ri'$ assume *R*-wf: lowered.is-pref-profile *R* and $i: i \in agents'$ assume Ri': total-preorder-on alts' Ri' assume manipulable: lowered.manipulable-profile R i Ri'from *i* agents'-subset have $i': i \in agents$ by blast interpret R: pref-profile-wf agents' alts' R by fact from R-wf interpret lift R: pref-profile-wf agents alts lift R by simp define *lift-Ri'* where *lift-Ri'* $x \ y \longleftrightarrow x \in alts \land y \in alts \land (x = y \lor x \notin alts' \lor (y \in alts' \land$ Ri' x y))for x ydefine S where S = (lift R)(i := lift Ri')from Ri' interpret Ri': total-preorder-on alts' Ri'. have wf-lift-Ri': total-preorder-on alts lift-Ri' using Ri'.total by unfold-locales (auto simp: lift-Ri'-def intro: Ri'.trans) **from** agents'-subset i **have** S-altdef: S = lift (R(i := Ri'))by (auto simp: fun-eq-iff lift-pref-profile-def lift-Ri'-def S-def) have lowered $(R(i := Ri')) \in lowered.lotteries$ by (intro lowered.sds-wf R.wf-update i Ri') hence sds-S-wf: $sds \ S \in lowered.lotteries$ by $(simp \ add: \ S$ -altdef lowered-def) **from** manipulable have lowered $R \prec [SD(R i)]$ sds (lift (R(i := Ri')))) unfolding lowered.manipulable-profile-def by (simp add: lowered-def) also note S-altdef [symmetric] finally have lowered $R \prec [SD \ (lift \ R \ i)] \ sds \ S$ using R-wf i lowered.sds-wf[OF R-wf] sds-S-wf by (subst lift-SD-strict-iff) (simp-all add: agents'-subset alts'-subset) hence manipulable-profile (lift R) i lift-Ri'by (simp add: manipulable-profile-def lowered-def S-def) with strategyproof $[OF \ lift-wf \ OF \ R-wf]$ i' wf-lift-Ri' show False by contradictionqed

end

locale sds-lowering-anonymous-neutral-sdeff-strat	proof =	-
sds-lowering-anonymous + sds -lowering-neutral	+	
sds-lowering-sd-efficient + sds -lowering-strategy	proof	

Random Dictatorship

theory Random-Dictatorship imports Complex-Main Social-Decision-Schemes

begin

end

7

We define Random Dictatorship as a social decision scheme on total preorders (i.e. agents are allowed to have ties in their rankings) by first selecting an agent uniformly at random and then selecting one of that agents' most preferred alternatives uniformly at random. Note that this definition also works for weak preferences.

```
definition random-dictatorship :: 'agent set \Rightarrow 'alt set \Rightarrow ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile
\Rightarrow 'alt lottery where
 random-dictatorship-auxdef:
 random-dictatorship agents alts R =
     do \{
      i \leftarrow pmf-of-set agents;
      pmf-of-set (Max-wrt-among (R i) alts)
     }
context election
begin
abbreviation RD :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile \Rightarrow 'alt lottery where
 RD \equiv random-dictatorship \ agents \ alts
lemma random-dictatorship-def:
 assumes is-pref-profile R
 shows RD R =
          do \{
           i \leftarrow pmf-of-set agents;
           pmf-of-set (favorites R i)
          }
proof -
 from assms interpret pref-profile-wf agents alts R.
 show ?thesis by (simp add: random-dictatorship-auxdef favorites-altdef)
qed
lemma random-dictatorship-unique-favorites:
 assumes is-pref-profile R has-unique-favorites R
 shows RD R = map-pmf (favorite R) (pmf-of-set agents)
proof –
 from assms(1) interpret pref-profile-wf agents alts R.
```

from assms(2) interpret pref-profile-unique-favorites agents alts R by unfold-locales
show ?thesis unfolding random-dictatorship-def[OF assms(1)] map-pmf-def
by (intro bind-pmf-cong) (auto simp: unique-favorites pmf-of-set-singleton)

qed

lemma random-dictatorship-unique-favorites': **assumes** is-pref-profile R has-unique-favorites Rshows RD R = pmf-of-multiset (image-mset (favorite R) (mset-set agents)) using assms by (simp add: random-dictatorship-unique-favorites map-pmf-of-set) **lemma** *pmf-random-dictatorship*: assumes is-pref-profile Rshows pmf (RD R) x = $(\sum i \in agents. indicator (favorites R i) x /$ real (card (favorites R i))) / real (card agents)proof from assms(1) interpret pref-profile-wf agents alts R. from nonempty-dom have card agents > 0 by (auto simp del: nonempty-agents) hence ennreal (pmf (RD R) x) =ennreal (($\sum i \in agents. pmf$ (pmf-of-set (favorites R i)) x) / real (card agents)) (is - ennreal (?p / -)) unfolding random-dictatorship-def[OF assms] by (simp-all add: ennreal-pmf-bind nn-integral-pmf-of-set max-def divide-ennreal [symmetric] ennreal-of-nat-eq-real-of-nat sum-nonneg) also have $p = (\sum i \in agents. indicator (favorites R i) x / real (card (favorites R)))$ R(i)))**by** (*intro sum.cong*) (*simp-all add: favorites-nonempty*) finally show ?thesis by (subst (asm) ennreal-inj) (auto introl: sum-nonneg divide-nonneg-nonneg) qed sublocale RD: social-decision-scheme agents alts RD

proof fix R assume R-wf: is-pref-profile R then interpret pref-profile-wf agents alts R. from R-wf show RD $R \in lotteries$ using favorites-subset-alts favorites-nonempty by (auto simp: lotteries-on-def random-dictatorship-def) ged

We now show that Random Dictatorship fulfils anonymity, neutrality, and strong strategyproofness. At the very least, this shows that the definitions of these notions are consistent.

7.1 Anonymity

The following proof is essentially the following: In Random Dictatorship, permuting the agents in the preference profile is the same as applying the

permutation to the agent that was picked uniformly at random in the first step. However, uniform distributions are invariant under permutation, therefore the outcome is totally unchanged.

sublocale *RD*: anonymous-sds agents alts *RD* proof

fix $R \pi$ assume wf: is-pref-profile R and perm: π permutes agents interpret pref-profile-wf agents alts R by fact from wf-permute-agents[OF perm] have $RD(R \circ \pi) = map-pmf \pi (pmf-of-set agents) \gg (\lambda i. pmf-of-set (favorites))$

R i))

by (simp add: bind-map-pmf random-dictatorship-def o-def favorites-def) also from perm wf have $\ldots = RD R$

by (simp add: map-pmf-of-set-inj permutes-inj-on permutes-image random-dictatorship-def) finally show $RD \ (R \circ \pi) = RD \ R$.

 \mathbf{qed}

7.2 Neutrality

The proof of neutrality is similar to that of anonymity. We have proven elsewhere that the most preferred alternatives of an agent in a profile with permuted alternatives are simply the image of the originally preferred alternatives. Since we pick one alternative from the most preferred alternatives of the selected agent uniformly at random, this means that we effectively pick an agent, then pick on of her most preferred alternatives, and then apply the permutation to that alternative, which is simply Random Dictatorship transformed with the permutation.

sublocale *RD*: neutral-sds agents alts *RD* proof

fix σR assume perm: σ permutes alts and R-wf: is-pref-profile R from R-wf interpret pref-profile-wf agents alts R. from wf-permute-alts[OF perm] R-wf perm show RD (permute-profile σR) = map-pmf σ (RD R) by (subst random-dictatorship-def) (auto intro!: bind-pmf-cong simp: random-dictatorship-def map-bind-pmf

 $favorites\-permute\ map\-pmf\-of\-set\-inj\ permutes\-inj\-on\ favorites\-nonempty)$

qed

7.3 Strong strategyproofness

The argument for strategyproofness is quite simple: Since the preferences submitted by an agent i only influence the outcome when that agent is picked in the first process, it suffices to focus on this case. When the agent i submits her true preferences, the probability of obtaining a result at least as good as x (for any alternative x) is 1, since the outcome will always be one of her most-preferred alternatives. Obviously, the probability of obtaining such

a result cannot exceed 1 no matter what preferences she submits instead, and thus, RD is strategyproof.

sublocale RD: strongly-strategyproof-sds agents alts RD **proof** (unfold-locales, unfold RD.strongly-strategyproof-profile-def) fix R i Ri' assume R-wf: is-pref-profile R and i: $i \in agents$ and Ri'-wf: total-preorder-on alts Ri' **interpret** R: pref-profile-wf agents alts R by fact from *R*-wf Ri'-wf i have *R'*-wf: is-pref-profile (R(i := Ri')) **by** (*simp add: R.wf-update*) **interpret** R': pref-profile-wf agents alts R(i := Ri') by fact show SD $(R \ i)$ $(RD \ (R(i := Ri')))$ $(RD \ R)$ **proof** (*rule R.SD-pref-profileI*) fix x assume $x \in alts$ hence emeasure (measure-pmf (RD (R(i := Ri')))) (preferred-alts (R i) x) \leq emeasure (measure-pmf (RD R)) (preferred-alts (R i) x) using Ri'-wf maximal-imp-preferred [of R i x] by (auto introl: card-mono nn-integral-mono-AE simp: random-dictatorship-def R-wf R'-wf AE-measure-pmf-iff Max-wrt-prefs-finite emeasure-pmf-of-set Int-absorb2 favorites-def Max-wrt-prefs-nonempty card-gt-0-iff) thus lottery-prob $(RD \ (R(i := Ri'))) \ (preferred-alts \ (R \ i) \ x)$ \leq lottery-prob (RD R) (preferred-alts (R i) x) **by** (*simp add: measure-pmf.emeasure-eq-measure*) qed (insert R-wf R'-wf, simp-all add: RD.sds-wf i) qed

end

end

8 Random Serial Dictatorship

theory Random-Serial-Dictatorship imports Complex-Main Social-Decision-Schemes Random-Dictatorship

begin

Random Serial Dictatorship is an anonymous, neutral, strongly strategyproof, and ex-post efficient Social Decision Scheme that extends Random Dictatorship to the domain of weak preferences.

We define RSD using a fold over a random permutation. Effectively, we choose a random order of the agents (in the form of a list) and then traverse that list from left to right, where each agent in turn removes all the

alternatives that are not top-ranked among the remaining ones.

 ${\bf definition} \ random-serial-dictatorship:::$

'agent set \Rightarrow 'alt set \Rightarrow ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile \Rightarrow 'alt lottery where random-serial-dictatorship agents alts R =

fold-bind-random-permutation (λi alts. Max-wrt-among (R i) alts) pmf-of-set alts agents

The following two facts correspond give an alternative recursive definition to the above definition, which uses random permutations and list folding.

lemma random-serial-dictatorship-empty [simp]: random-serial-dictatorship $\{\}$ alts R = pmf-of-set alts by (simp add: random-serial-dictatorship-def)

```
lemma random-serial-dictatorship-nonempty:

finite agents \Rightarrow agents \neq {} \Rightarrow

random-serial-dictatorship agents alts R =

do {

i \leftarrow pmf-of-set agents;

random-serial-dictatorship (agents - {i}) (Max-wrt-among (R i) alts) R

}

by (simp add: random-serial-dictatorship-def)
```

We define the RSD winners w.r.t. a given set of alternatives and a fixed permutation (i.e. list) of agents. In contrast to the above definition, the RSD winners are determined by traversing the list of agents from right to left. This may seem strange, but it makes induction much easier, since induction over *foldr* does not require generalisation over the set of alternatives and is therefore much easier than over *foldl*.

```
definition rsd-winners where
  rsd-winners R alts agents = foldr (λi alts. Max-wrt-among (R i) alts) agents alts
lemma rsd-winners-empty [simp]: rsd-winners R alts [] = alts
  by (simp add: rsd-winners-def)
lemma rsd-winners R alts (i # agents) = Max-wrt-among (R i) (rsd-winners R alts
  agents)
  by (simp add: rsd-winners-def)
lemma rsd-winners-map [simp]:
```

rsd-winners R alts (map f agents) = rsd-winners ($R \circ f$) alts agents by (simp add: rsd-winners-def foldr-map o-def)

There is now another alternative definition of RSD in terms of the RSD winners. This will mostly be used for induction.

lemma random-serial-dictatorship-altdef: **assumes** finite agents

The following lemma shows that folding from left to right yields the same distribution. This is probably the most commonly used definition in the literature, along with the recursive one.

by (*simp add: random-serial-dictatorship-def fold-bind-random-permutation-foldl assms*)

8.1 Auxiliary facts about RSD

8.1.1 Pareto-equivalence classes

First of all, we introduce the auxiliary notion of a Pareto-equivalence class. A non-empty set of alternatives is a Pareto equivalence class if all agents are indifferent between all alternatives in it, and if some alternative x is contained in the set, any other alternative y is contained in it if and only if, to all agents, y is at least as good as x. The importance of this notion lies in the fact that the set of RSD winners is always a Pareto-equivalence class, which we will later use to show ex-post efficiency and strategy-proofness.

definition RSD-pareto-eqclass where

 $RSD\text{-}pareto\text{-}eqclass agents alts } R A \longleftrightarrow$ $A \neq \{\} \land A \subseteq alts \land (\forall x \in A. \forall y \in alts. y \in A \longleftrightarrow (\forall i \in agents. R i x y))$

lemma *RSD-pareto-eqclassI*:

assumes $A \neq \{\}$ $A \subseteq alts \land x y. x \in A \Longrightarrow y \in alts \Longrightarrow y \in A \longleftrightarrow (\forall i \in agents. R i x y)$

shows RSD-pareto-eqclass agents alts R A

using assms unfolding RSD-pareto-eqclass-def by simp-all

lemma RSD-pareto-eqclassD:

assumes RSD-pareto-eqclass agents alts R A **shows** $A \neq \{\}$ $A \subseteq alts \land x y. x \in A \Longrightarrow y \in alts \Longrightarrow y \in A \longleftrightarrow (\forall i \in agents. R i x y)$

using assms unfolding RSD-pareto-eqclass-def by simp-all

lemma *RSD-pareto-eqclass-indiff-set*: **assumes** RSD-pareto-eqclass agents alts R A $i \in agents \ x \in A \ y \in A$ shows R i x yusing assms unfolding RSD-pareto-eqclass-def by blast **lemma** *RSD-pareto-eqclass-empty* [*simp*, *intro*!]: $alts \neq \{\} \implies RSD\text{-}pareto\text{-}eqclass \{\} alts R alts$ **by** (*auto intro*!: *RSD-pareto-eqclassI*) **lemma** (in pref-profile-wf) RSD-pareto-eqclass-insert: assumes RSD-pareto-eqclass agents' alts R A finite alts $i \in agents \ agents' \subseteq agents$ **shows** RSD-pareto-eqclass (insert i agents') alts R (Max-wrt-among (R i) A) proof from assms interpret total-preorder-on alts R i by simp show ?thesis **proof** (intro RSD-pareto-eqclassI Max-wrt-among-nonempty Max-wrt-among-subset, goal-cases) case (3 x y)with *RSD*-pareto-eqclassD[OF assms(1)] show ?case unfolding Max-wrt-among-total-preorder **by** (*blast intro: trans*) qed (insert RSD-pareto-eqclassD[OF assms(1)] assms(2), simp-all add: Int-absorb1 Int-absorb2 finite-subset)[2] qed

8.1.2 Facts about RSD winners

context pref-profile-wf begin

Any RSD winner is a valid alternative.

\mathbf{qed}

There is always at least one RSD winner.

lemma *rsd-winners-nonempty*:

```
assumes finite: finite alts and alts' \neq \{\} set agents' \subseteq agents alts' \subseteq alts
  shows rsd-winners R alts' agents' \neq {}
proof -
  {
   fix i assume i \in agents
   then interpret total-preorder-on alts R i by simp
   have Max-wrt-among (R \ i) \ A \neq \{\} if A \subseteq alts \ A \neq \{\} for A
    using that assms by (intro Max-wrt-among-nonempty) (auto simp: Int-absorb)
  \mathbf{B} = this
  with \langle set \ agents' \subseteq agents \rangle \langle alts' \subseteq alts \rangle \langle alts' \neq \{\} \rangle
   show rsd-winners R alts' agents' \neq {}
  proof (induction agents')
   case (Cons i agents')
   with B[of i rsd-winners R alts' agents'] rsd-winners-subset[of agents' alts'] finite
wf
     show ?case by auto
  qed simp
qed
```

Obviously, the set of RSD winners is always finite.

```
lemma rsd-winners-finite:

assumes set agents' \subseteq agents finite alts alts' \subseteq alts

shows finite (rsd-winners R alts' agents')

by (rule finite-subset[OF subset-trans[OF rsd-winners-subset]]) fact+
```

lemmas rsd-winners-wf =

rsd-winners-subset rsd-winners-nonempty rsd-winners-finite

The set of RSD winners is a Pareto-equivalence class.

```
lemma RSD-pareto-eqclass-rsd-winners-aux:

assumes finite: finite alts and alts \neq {} and set agents' \subseteq agents

shows RSD-pareto-eqclass (set agents') alts R (rsd-winners R alts agents')

using (set agents' \subseteq agents)

proof (induction agents')

case (Cons i agents')

from Cons.prems show ?case

by (simp only: set-simps rsd-winners-Cons,

intro RSD-pareto-eqclass-insert[OF Cons.IH finite]) simp-all

qed (insert assms, simp-all)
```

lemma RSD-pareto-eqclass-rsd-winners: **assumes** finite: finite alts **and** alts \neq {} **and** set agents' = agents **shows** RSD-pareto-eqclass agents alts R (rsd-winners R alts agents') **using** RSD-pareto-eqclass-rsd-winners-aux[of agents'] assms by simp

For the proof of strategy-proofness, we need to define indifference sets and lift preference relations to sets in a specific way.

context

begin

An indifference set for a given preference relation is a non-empty set of alternatives such that the agent is indifferent over all of them.

private definition *indiff-set* where

 $indiff\text{-}set \ S \ A \longleftrightarrow A \neq \{\} \land (\forall x \in A. \ \forall y \in A. \ S \ x \ y)$

private lemma indiff-set-mono: indiff-set $S \land A \implies B \subseteq A \implies B \neq \{\} \implies in-diff-set S \land B$

 ${\bf unfolding} \ indiff\text{-}set\text{-}def \ {\bf by} \ blast$

Given an arbitrary set of alternatives A and an indifference set B, we say that B is set-preferred over A w.r.t. the preference relation R if all (or, equivalently, any) of the alternatives in B are preferred over all alternatives in A.

private definition RSD-set-rel where RSD-set-rel S A $B \longleftrightarrow$ indiff-set S $B \land (\forall x \in A. \forall y \in B. S x y)$

The most-preferred alternatives (w.r.t. R) among any non-empty set of alternatives form an indifference set w.r.t. R.

private lemma indiff-set-Max-wrt-among: assumes finite carrier $A \subseteq$ carrier $A \neq \{\}$ total-preorder-on carrier Sshows indiff-set S (Max-wrt-among S A) unfolding indiff-set-def proof from assms(4) interpret total-preorder-on carrier S. from assms(1-3)show Max-wrt-among $S A \neq \{\}$ by (intro Max-wrt-among-nonempty) auto from assms(1-3) show $\forall x \in Max$ -wrt-among S A. $\forall y \in Max$ -wrt-among S A. S x yby (auto simp: indiff-set-def Max-wrt-among-total-preorder)

qed

We now consider the set of RSD winners in the setting of a preference profile R and a manipulated profile R(i := Ri'). This theorem shows that the set of RSD winners in the outcome is either the same in both cases or the outcome for the truthful profile is an indifference set that is set-preferred over the outcome for the manipulated profile.

lemma rsd-winners-manipulation-aux: assumes wf: total-preorder-on alts Ri' and i: i \in agents and set agents' \subseteq agents finite agents and finite: finite alts and alts \neq {} defines [simp]: w' \equiv rsd-winners (R(i := Ri')) alts and [simp]: w \equiv rsd-winners R alts shows w' agents' = w agents' \lor RSD-set-rel (R i) (w' agents') (w agents') using <set agents' \subseteq agents> proof (induction agents')

```
case (Cons j agents')
 from wf i interpret Ri: total-preorder-on alts R i by simp
 from wf Cons.prems interpret Rj: total-preorder-on alts R j by simp
 from wf interpret Ri': total-preorder-on alts Ri'.
 from wf assms Cons.prems
    have indiff-set: indiff-set (R \ i) (Max-wrt-among (R \ i) (rsd-winners R alts
agents'))
   by (intro indiff-set-Max-wrt-among[OF finite] rsd-winners-wf) simp-all
 show ?case
 proof (cases j = i)
   assume j [simp]: j = i
  from indiff-set Cons have RSD-set-rel (R \ i) (w' (j \# agents')) (w (j \# agents'))
     unfolding RSD-set-rel-def
   by (auto simp: Ri.Max-wrt-among-total-preorder Ri'.Max-wrt-among-total-preorder)
   thus ?case ..
 \mathbf{next}
   assume j [simp]: j \neq i
   from Cons have w' agents' = w agents' \lor RSD-set-rel (R i) (w' agents') (w
agents') by simp
   thus ?case
   proof
     assume rel: RSD-set-rel (R \ i) (w' \ agents') (w \ agents')
     hence indiff-set: indiff-set (R \ i) (w agents') by (simp add: RSD-set-rel-def)
     moreover from Cons.prems finite \langle alts \neq \{\} \rangle
      have w \ agents' \subseteq alts \ w \ agents' \neq \{\} unfolding w-def
      by (intro rsd-winners-wf; simp)+
     with finite have Max-wrt-among (R \ j) (w agents') \neq \{\}
      by (intro Rj.Max-wrt-among-nonempty) auto
     ultimately have indiff-set (R \ i) (w \ (j \ \# \ agents'))
      by (intro indiff-set-mono[OF indiff-set] Rj.Max-wrt-among-subset)
         (simp-all add: Rj.Max-wrt-among-subset)
    moreover from rel have \forall x \in w' (j \# agents'). \forall y \in w (j \# agents'). R i x y
      by (auto simp: RSD-set-rel-def Rj.Max-wrt-among-total-preorder)
     ultimately have RSD-set-rel (R i) (w' (j \# agents')) (w (j \# agents'))
      unfolding RSD-set-rel-def ..
     thus ?case ..
   qed simp-all
 qed
qed simp-all
```

The following variant of the previous theorem is slightly easier to use. We eliminate the case where the two outcomes are the same by observing that the original outcome is then also set-preferred to the manipulated one. In essence, this means that no matter what manipulation is done, the original outcome is always set-preferred to the manipulated one.

```
lemma rsd-winners-manipulation:

assumes wf: total-preorder-on alts Ri'

and i: i \in agents and set agents' = agents finite agents
```

and finite: finite alts and $alts \neq \{\}$ **defines** [simp]: $w' \equiv rsd$ -winners (R(i := Ri')) alts and [simp]: $w \equiv rsd$ -winners R alts $\forall x \in w' \text{ agents'. } \forall y \in w \text{ agents'. } x \preceq [R i] y$ shows proof – have w' agents' = w agents' \lor RSD-set-rel (R i) (w' agents') (w agents') using rsd-winners-manipulation-aux[OF assms(1-2) - assms(4-6)] assms(3) by simp thus ?thesis proof **assume** eq: w' agents' = w agents' from assms have RSD-pareto-eqclass (set agents') alts R (w agents') unfolding w-def by (intro RSD-pareto-eqclass-rsd-winners-aux) simp-all **from** RSD-pareto-eqclass-indiff-set[OF this, of i] i eq assms(3) **show** ?thesis by auto qed (auto simp: RSD-set-rel-def) qed

end

The lottery that RSD yields is well-defined.

```
lemma random-serial-dictatorship-support:

assumes finite agents finite alts agents' \subseteq agents alts' \neq {} alts' \subseteq alts

shows set-pmf (random-serial-dictatorship agents' alts' R) \subseteq alts'

proof –

from assms have [simp]: finite agents' by (auto intro: finite-subset)

have A: set-pmf (pmf-of-set (rsd-winners R alts' agents'')) \subseteq alts'

if agents'' \in permutations-of-set agents' for agents''

using that assms rsd-winners-wf[where alts' = alts' and agents' = agents'']

by (auto simp: permutations-of-set-def)

from assms show ?thesis

by (auto dest!: A simp add: random-serial-dictatorship-altdef)

ged
```

Permutation of alternatives commutes with RSD winners.

lemma *rsd-winners-permute-profile*:

```
assumes perm: \sigma permutes alts and set agents' \subseteq agents

shows rsd-winners (permute-profile \sigma R) alts agents' = \sigma 'rsd-winners R alts

agents'

using (set agents' \subseteq agents)

proof (induction agents')

case Nil

from perm show ?case by (simp add: permutes-image)

next

case (Cons i agents')

from wf Cons interpret total-preorder-on alts R i by simp

from perm Cons show ?case

by (simp add: permute-profile-map-relation Max-wrt-among-map-relation-bij
```

```
permutes-bij)

qed

lemma random-serial-dictatorship-singleton:

assumes finite agents finite alts agents' \subseteq agents x \in alts

shows random-serial-dictatorship agents' \{x\} \ R = return-pmf \ x \ (is ?d = -)

proof –

from assms have set-pmf ?d \subseteq \{x\}

by (intro random-serial-dictatorship-support) simp-all

thus ?thesis by (simp add: set-pmf-subset-singleton)

qed
```

 \mathbf{end}

8.2 **Proofs of properties**

With all the facts that we have proven about the RSD winners, the hard work is mostly done. We can now simply fix some arbitrary order of the agents, apply the theorems about the RSD winners, and show the properties we want to show without doing much reasoning about probabilities.

context *election* begin

abbreviation $RSD \equiv random$ -serial-dictatorship agents alts

8.2.1 Well-definedness

sublocale RSD: social-decision-scheme agents alts RSD
using pref-profile-wf.random-serial-dictatorship-support[of agents alts]
by unfold-locales (simp-all add: lotteries-on-def)

8.2.2 RD extension

lemma *RSD-extends-RD*: assumes wf: is-pref-profile R and unique: has-unique-favorites R shows RSD R = RD Rproof from wf interpret pref-profile-wf agents alts R. from unique interpret pref-profile-unique-favorites by unfold-locales have RSD R = pmf-of-set agents \gg $(\lambda i. random-serial-dictatorship (agents - \{i\}) (favorites R i) R)$ by (simp add: random-serial-dictatorship-nonempty favorites-altdef Max-wrt-def) also from assms have $\ldots = pmf$ -of-set agents $\gg (\lambda i. return-pmf)$ (favorite R i))by (intro bind-pmf-cong refl, subst random-serial-dictatorship-singleton [symmetric]) (auto simp: unique-favorites favorite-in-alts) also from *assms* have $\ldots = RD R$ by (simp add: random-dictatorship-unique-favorites map-pmf-def)

by (simp add: random-dictatorship-unique-favorites map-pmf-def) finally show ?thesis.

8.2.3 Anonymity

Anonymity is a direct consequence of the fact that we randomise over all permutations in a uniform way.

sublocale RSD: anonymous-sds agents alts RSD proof fix π R assume perm: π permutes agents and wf: is-pref-profile R let ?f = λ agents'. pmf-of-set (rsd-winners R alts agents') from perm wf have RSD ($R \circ \pi$) = map-pmf (map π) (pmf-of-set (permutations-of-set agents)) \gg ?f by (simp add: random-serial-dictatorship-altdef bind-map-pmf) also from perm have ... = RSD R by (simp add: map-pmf-of-set-inj permutes-inj-on inj-on-mapI permutations-of-set-image-permutes random-serial-dictatorship-altdef) finally show RSD ($R \circ \pi$) = RSD R. qed

8.2.4 Neutrality

Neutrality follows from the fact that the RSD winners of a permuted profile are simply the image of the original RSD winners under the permutation.

```
sublocale RSD: neutral-sds agents alts RSD

proof

fix \sigma R assume perm: \sigma permutes alts and wf: is-pref-profile R

from wf interpret pref-profile-wf agents alts R.

from perm show RSD (permute-profile \sigma R) = map-pmf \sigma (RSD R)

by (auto intro!: bind-pmf-cong dest!: permutations-of-setD(1)

simp: random-serial-dictatorship-altdef rsd-winners-permute-profile

map-bind-pmf map-pmf-of-set-inj permutes-inj-on rsd-winners-wf)

aced
```

qed

8.2.5 Ex-post efficiency

Ex-post efficiency follows from the fact that the set of RSD winners is a Pareto-equivalence class.

```
sublocale RSD: ex-post-efficient-sds agents alts RSD

proof

fix R assume wf: is-pref-profile R

then interpret pref-profile-wf agents alts R.

{

fix x assume x: x \in set-pmf (RSD R) x \in pareto-losers R

from x(2) obtain y where [simp]: y \in alts and pareto: y \succ [Pareto(R)] x

by (cases rule: pareto-losersE)

from x have [simp]: x \in alts using pareto-loser-in-alts by simp
```

 \mathbf{qed}

from x(1) obtain agents' where agents': set agents' = agents and $x \in set-pmf$ (pmf-of-set (rsd-winners R alts agents')) **by** (*auto simp: random-serial-dictatorship-altdef dest: permutations-of-setD*) with wf have x': $x \in rsd$ -winners R alts agents' using rsd-winners-wf where alts' = alts and agents' = agents'by (subst (asm) set-pmf-of-set) (auto simp: permutations-of-setD) **from** wf agents' have RSD-pareto-eqclass agents alts R (rsd-winners R alts agents') by (intro RSD-pareto-eqclass-rsd-winners) simp-all **hence** winner-iff: $y \in rsd$ -winners R alts agents' \longleftrightarrow $(\forall i \in agents. x \preceq [R i] y)$ if $x \in rsd$ -winners R alts agents' $y \in alts$ for x yusing that unfolding RSD-pareto-eqclass-def by blast **from** x' pareto winner-iff [of x y] winner-iff [of y x] have False **by** (force simp: strongly-preferred-def Pareto-iff) J thus set-pmf (RSD R) \cap pareto-losers R = {} by blast qed

8.2.6 Strong strategy-proofness

Strong strategy-proofness is slightly more difficult to show. We have already shown that the set of RSD winners for the truthful profile is always set-preferred (by the manipulating agent) to the RSD winners for the manipulated profile. This can now be used to show strategy-proofness: We recall that the set of RSD winners is always an indifference class. Therefore, given any fixed alternative x and considering a fixed order of the agents, either all of the RSD winners in the original profile are at least as good as xor none of them are, and, since the original RSD winners are set-preferred to the manipulated ones, none of the RSD winners in the manipulated case are at least as good than x either in that case. This means that for a fixed order of agents, either the probability that the original outcome is at least as good as x is 1 or the probability that the manipulated outcome is at least as good as x is 0. Therefore, the original lottery is clearly SD-preferred to the manipulated one.

sublocale RSD: strongly-strategyproof-sds agents alts RSD proof (unfold-locales, rule) fix R i Ri' x assume wf: is-pref-profile R and i [simp]: $i \in agents$ and $x: x \in alts$ and wf': total-preorder-on alts Ri' interpret R: pref-profile-wf agents alts R by fact define R' where R' = R (i := Ri') from wf wf' have is-pref-profile R' by (simp add: R'-def R.wf-update) then interpret R': pref-profile-wf agents alts R'. note wf = wf wf' let ?A = preferred-alts (R i) x from wf interpret Ri: total-preorder-on alts R i by simp

```
{
   fix agents' assume agents': agents' \in permutations-of-set agents
   from agents' have [simp]: set agents' = agents
    by (simp add: permutations-of-set-def)
   let ?W = rsd-winners R alts agents' and ?W' = rsd-winners R' alts agents'
   have indiff-set: RSD-pareto-eqclass agents alts R ? W
     by (rule R.RSD-pareto-eqclass-rsd-winners; simp add: wf)+
   from R.rsd-winners-wf R'.rsd-winners-wf
     have winners: W \subseteq alts \ W \neq \{\} finite W' \subseteq alts \ W' \neq \{\} finite
?W'
     by simp-all
   from \langle ?W \neq \{\} obtain y where y: y \in ?W by blast
   with winners have [simp]: y \in alts by blast
   from wf' i have mono: \forall x \in ?W'. \forall y \in ?W. R i x y unfolding R'-def
     by (intro R.rsd-winners-manipulation) simp-all
   have lottery-prob (pmf-of-set ?W) ?A \ge lottery-prob (pmf-of-set ?W') ?A
   proof (cases y \succeq [R \ i] x)
     case True
     with y RSD-pareto-eqclass-indiff-set[OF indiff-set(1), of i] winners
      have ?W \subseteq preferred-alts (R \ i) \ x
      by (auto intro: Ri.trans simp: preferred-alts-def)
     with winners show ?thesis
      by (subst (2) measure-pmf-of-set) (simp-all add: Int-absorb2)
   \mathbf{next}
     case False
     with y mono have ?W' \cap preferred-alts (R \ i) \ x = \{\}
      by (auto intro: Ri.trans simp: preferred-alts-def)
     with winners show ?thesis
      by (subst (1) measure-pmf-of-set)
         (simp-all add: Int-absorb2 one-ereal-def measure-nonneg)
   qed
   hence emeasure (measure-pmf (pmf-of-set ?W)) ?A > emeasure (measure-pmf
(pmf-of-set ?W')) ?A
     by (simp add: measure-pmf.emeasure-eq-measure)
 hence emeasure (measure-pmf (RSD R)) A \geq emeasure (measure-pmf (RSD
R')) ?A
   by (auto simp: random-serial-dictatorship-altdef AE-measure-pmf-iff
          intro!: nn-integral-mono-AE)
 thus lottery-prob (RSD R) ?A \ge lottery-prob (RSD R') ?A
   by (simp add: measure-pmf.emeasure-eq-measure)
qed
```

end

end theory Randomised-Social-Choice imports Complex-Main SDS-Lowering Random-Dictatorship Random-Serial-Dictatorship begin

end

9 Automatic definition of Preference Profiles

```
theory Preference-Profile-Cmd
imports
Complex-Main
../Elections
keywords
preference-profile :: thy-goal
begin
```

ML-file (*preference-profiles.ML*)

context *election* begin

```
lemma preferred-alts-prefs-from-table:
 assumes prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xs \ i \in set \ (map \ fst \ xs)
 shows preferred-alts (prefs-from-table xs i) x =
           of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge (rev (the (map-of xs i))) x
proof -
 interpret pref-profile-wf agents alts prefs-from-table xs
   by (intro pref-profile-from-tableI assms)
 from assms have [simp]: i \in agents by (auto simp: prefs-from-table-wf-def)
 have of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge (rev (the (map-of xs i))) x =
        Collect (of-weak-ranking (the (map-of xs i)) x)
   by (rule eval-Collect-of-weak-ranking [symmetric])
 also from assms(2) have the (map-of xs i) \in set (map snd xs)
   by (cases map-of xs i) (force simp: map-of-eq-None-iff dest: map-of-SomeD)+
 from prefs-from-table-wfD(5)[OF assms(1) this]
   have Collect (of-weak-ranking (the (map-of xs i)) x) =
          {y \in alts. of-weak-ranking (the (map-of xs i)) x y}
   by safe (force elim!: of-weak-ranking.cases)
 also from assms
   have of-weak-ranking (the (map-of xs i)) = prefs-from-table xs i
   by (subst prefs-from-table-map-of [OF assms(1)])
     (auto simp: prefs-from-table-wf-def)
 finally show ?thesis by (simp add: of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge-def preferred-alts-altdef)
```

qed

lemma favorites-prefs-from-table: assumes wf: prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xs and i: i \in agents shows favorites (prefs-from-table xs) i = hd (the (map-of xs i)) proof (cases map-of xs i) case None with assms show ?thesis by (auto simp: map-of-eq-None-iff prefs-from-table-wf-def) next case (Some y) with assms have is-finite-weak-ranking y y \neq [] by (auto simp: prefs-from-table-wf-def) with Some show ?thesis unfolding favorites-def using assms by (simp add: prefs-from-table-def is-finite-weak-ranking-def Max-wrt-of-weak-ranking prefs-from-table-wfD)

qed

lemma has-unique-favorites-prefs-from-table: assumes wf: prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xs shows has-unique-favorites (prefs-from-table xs) = list-all (λz . is-singleton (hd (snd z))) xs proof – interpret pref-profile-wf agents alts prefs-from-table xs by (intro pref-profile-from-tableI assms) from wf have agents = set (map fst xs) distinct (map fst xs) by (auto simp: prefs-from-table-wf-def) thus ?thesis unfolding has-unique-favorites-altdef using assms by (auto simp: favorites-prefs-from-table list-all-iff) qed

 \mathbf{end}

9.1 Automatic definition of preference profiles from tables

function favorites-prefs-from-table **where** $i = j \implies favorites-prefs-from-table ((j,x)#xs) \ i = hd \ x$ $| \ i \neq j \implies favorites-prefs-from-table ((j,x)#xs) \ i = favorites-prefs-from-table xs \ i$ $| \ favorites-prefs-from-table \ [] \ i = \{\}$ **by** (metis list.exhaust old.prod.exhaust) auto **termination by** lexicographic-order

proof (cases $i \in agents$) **assume** $i: i \in agents$ with assms have favorites (prefs-from-table xs) i = hd (the (map-of xs i)) **by** (*simp add: favorites-prefs-from-table*) also from assms i have $i \in set (map fst xs)$ **by** (*auto simp: prefs-from-table-wf-def*) hence hd (the (map-of xs i)) = favorites-prefs-from-table xs iby (induction xs i rule: favorites-prefs-from-table.induct) simp-all finally show ?thesis .. \mathbf{next} **assume** *i*: $i \notin agents$ with assms have $i': i \notin set \pmod{fst xs}$ **by** (*simp add: prefs-from-table-wf-def*) hence map-of $xs \ i = None$ by (simp add: map-of-eq-None-iff) hence prefs-from-table xs $i = (\lambda - ... False)$ **by** (*intro ext*) (*auto simp*: *prefs-from-table-def*) hence favorites (prefs-from-table xs) $i = \{\}$ **by** (*simp add: favorites-def Max-wrt-altdef*) also from i' have $\ldots = favorites$ -prefs-from-table xs iby (induction xs i rule: favorites-prefs-from-table.induct) simp-all finally show ?thesis .. qed function weak-ranking-prefs-from-table where $i \neq j \Longrightarrow weak\text{-}ranking\text{-}prefs\text{-}from\text{-}table \; ((i,x) \# xs) \; j = weak\text{-}ranking\text{-}prefs\text{-}from\text{-}table \; ((i,x) \# xs) \; ((i,x) \# xs)$ xs j $| i = j \implies$ weak-ranking-prefs-from-table ((i,x) # xs) j = x| weak-ranking-prefs-from-table [] j = []by (metis list.exhaust old.prod.exhaust) auto termination by lexicographic-order **lemma** eval-weak-ranking-prefs-from-table: assumes prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xs shows weak-ranking-prefs-from-table $xs \ i = weak$ -ranking (prefs-from-table xsi) **proof** (cases $i \in agents$) **assume** $i: i \in agents$ with assms have weak-ranking (prefs-from-table xs i) = the (map-of xs i) $\mathbf{by} \ (auto \ simp: \ prefs-from-table-def \ prefs-from-table-wf-def \ weak-ranking-of-wea$ *split: option.splits*) also from assms i have $i \in set (map fst xs)$ **by** (*auto simp: prefs-from-table-wf-def*) hence the (map-of xs i) = weak-ranking-prefs-from-table xs iby (induction xs i rule: weak-ranking-prefs-from-table.induct) simp-all finally show ?thesis .. next **assume** *i*: $i \notin agents$ with assms have $i': i \notin set (map \ fst \ xs)$

by (simp add: prefs-from-table-wf-def) hence map-of $xs \ i = None$ by (simp add: map-of-eq-None-iff) hence prefs-from-table xs $i = (\lambda$ - -. False) **by** (*intro ext*) (*auto simp*: *prefs-from-table-def*) hence weak-ranking (prefs-from-table xs i) = [] by simp also from i' have $\ldots = weak$ -ranking-prefs-from-table xs i by (induction xs i rule: weak-ranking-prefs-from-table.induct) simp-all finally show ?thesis .. qed **lemma** eval-prefs-from-table-aux: **assumes** $R \equiv prefs$ -from-table xs prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xs **shows** $R \ i \ a \ b \longleftrightarrow prefs-from-table \ xs \ i \ a \ b$ $a \prec [R \ i] \ b \longleftrightarrow prefs-from-table \ xs \ i \ a \ b \land \neg prefs-from-table \ xs \ i \ b \ a$ anonymous-profile $R = mset \ (map \ snd \ xs)$ election agents alts \implies $i \in set (map \ fst \ xs) \implies$ preferred-alts $(R \ i) \ x =$ of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge (rev (the (map-of xs i))) x election agents alts \implies $i \in set (map \ fst \ xs) \implies$ favorites R i = favorites-prefs-from-table xs i election agents alts $\implies i \in set (map \ fst \ xs) \implies$ weak-ranking $(R \ i) =$ weak-ranking-prefs-from-table xs i election agents alts $\implies i \in set (map \ fst \ xs) \implies$ favorite R i = the-elem (favorites-prefs-from-table xs i) election agents alts \Longrightarrow has-unique-favorites $R \longleftrightarrow$ list-all (λz . is-singleton (hd (snd z))) xs using assms prefs-from-table-wfD[OF assms(2)] by (simp-all add: strongly-preferred-def favorite-def anonymise-prefs-from-table $election.preferred-alts-prefs-from-table\ election.eval-favorites-prefs-from-table$ election.has-unique-favorites-prefs-from-table eval-weak-ranking-prefs-from-table)

lemma pref-profile-from-tableI':

assumes $R1 \equiv prefs$ -from-table xss prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xss shows pref-profile-wf agents alts R1 using assms by (simp add: pref-profile-from-tableI)

$\mathbf{ML} \prec$

```
signature \ PREFERENCE-PROFILES-CMD = sig
```

 $type \ info$

```
val preference-profile :
   (term * term) * ((binding * (term * term list list) list) list) -> Proof.context
   -> Proof.state
```

val preference-profile-cmd : (string * string) * ((binding * (string * string list list) list) list) > > $Proof.context \rightarrow Proof.state$ $val get-info : term \rightarrow Proof.context \rightarrow info$ $val add-info : term \rightarrow info \rightarrow Context.generic \rightarrow Context.generic$ val transform-info : info \rightarrow morphism \rightarrow info end $structure \ Preference-Profiles-Cmd : PREFERENCE-PROFILES-CMD =$ structopen Preference-Profiles type info ={ term : term, def-thm : thm, wf-thm : thm, wf-raw-thm : thm, binding : binding, raw : (term * term list list) list, eval-thms : thm list } fun transform-info ($\{term = t, binding, def-thm, wf-thm, wf-raw-thm, raw, eval-thms\}$: info) phi =letval thm = Morphism.thm phival fact = Morphism.fact phi $val \ term = Morphism.term \ phi$ $val \ bdg = Morphism.binding \ phi$ in $\{ term = term t, binding = bdg binding, def-thm = thm def-thm, wf-thm =$ thm wf-thm, wf-raw-thm = thm wf-raw-thm, raw = map (fn (a, bss) => (term a, map) (map term) bss)) raw, $eval-thms = fact \ eval-thms \}$ end $structure \ Data = Generic-Data$ type T = (term * info) Item-Net. T val empty = Item-Net.init (op a conv o apply2 fst) (single o fst)val merge = Item-Net.merge); fun get-info term lthy =Item-Net.retrieve (Data.get (Context.Proof lthy)) term |> the-single |> snd fun add-info term info lthy =Data.map (Item-Net.update (term, info)) lthy fun add-infos infos lthy =

103

Data.map (fold Item-Net.update infos) lthy

fun preference-profile-aux agents alts (binding, args) lthy =letval dest-Type' = Term.dest-Type # > snd # > hd val (agentT, altT) = apply2 (dest-Type' o fastype-of) (agents, alts) $val \ alt-setT = HOLogic.mk-setT \ altT$ fun define t =Local-Theory.define ((binding, NoSyn), $((Binding.suffix-name - def binding, @{attributes [code]}), t))$ lthy val ty = HOLogic.mk-prodT (agentT, HOLogic.listT (HOLogic.mk-setT altT))val args' = $args \gg map (fn \ x \Rightarrow x \gg map (HOLogic.mk-set alt T) \gg HOLogic.mk-list$ alt-setT) val t-raw =args'|> map HOLogic.mk-prod |> HOLogic.mk-list ty val t = Const (@{const-name prefs-from-table}, $HOLogic.listT ty \longrightarrow pref-profileT agentT altT)$ t-raw val ((prefs, prefs-def), lthy) = define tval prefs-from-table-wf-const =Const ($@{const-name prefs-from-table-wf}, HOLogic.mk-setT agentT -->$ HOLogic.mk-setT altT -->HOLogic.listT (HOLogic.mk-prodT (agentT, HOLogic.listT (HOLogic.mk-setT altT))) -->HOLogic.boolT) val wf-prop = (prefs-from-table-wf-const agents alts t-raw) |> HO-Logic.mk-Trueprop in((prefs, wf-prop, prefs-def), lthy) endfun fold-accum f xs s =letfun fold-accum-aux - [] s acc = (rev acc, s)| fold-accum-aux f(x::xs) | s | acc =case f x s of (y, s') => fold-accum-aux f x s s' (y::acc)infold-accum-aux f xs s [] endfun preference-profile ((agents, alts), args) lthy =let $fun \ qualify \ pref \ suff = Binding. qualify \ true \ (Binding. name-of \ pref) \ (Binding. name)$ suff)

val (results, lthy) = fold-accum (preference-profile-aux agents alts) args lthyval prefs-terms = map #1 results

val wf-props = map #2 results val defs = map (snd o #3) results $val \ raws = map \ snd \ args$ val $bindings = map \ fst \ args$ fun tac lthy =let $val \ lthy' = put-simpset \ HOL-ss \ lthy \ addsimps$ @{thms list.set Union-insert Un-insert-left insert-not-empty Int-empty-left Int-empty-right insert-commute Un-empty-left Un-empty-right insert-absorb2 Union-empty is-weak-ranking-Cons is-weak-ranking-Nil finite-insert finite.emptyI Set.singleton-iff Set.empty-iff Set.ball-simps} inLocal-Defs.unfold-tac lthy defs THEN ALLGOALS (resolve-tac lthy [@{thm prefs-from-table-wfI}]) THEN Local-Defs.unfold-tac lthy @{thms is-finite-weak-ranking-def list.set insert-iff *empty-iff simp-thms list.map snd-conv fst-conv*} THEN ALLGOALS (TRY o REPEAT-ALL-NEW (eresolve-tac lthy $(\{ thms \ disjE \})$ THEN ALLGOALS (TRY o Hypsubst.hyp-subst-tac lthy) THEN ALLGOALS (Simplifier.asm-full-simp-tac lthy') THEN ALLGOALS (TRY o REPEAT-ALL-NEW (resolve-tac lthy $(\{ thms \ conjI \}))$ THEN distinct-subgoals-tac endfun after-qed [wf-thms-raw] lthy =letfun prep-thms attrs suffix (thms : thm list) binding =(((qualify binding suffix, attrs), [(thms,[])])) fun prep-thmss simp suffix thmss = map2 (prep-thms simp suffix) thmss bindings fun notes thmss suffix attrs lthy =Local-Theory.notes (prep-thmss attrs suffix thmss) $lthy \geq snd$ fun note thms suffix attrs lthy = notes (map single thms) suffix attrs lthyval eval-thmss = map2 (fn def => fn wf => $map (fn thm => thm OF [def, wf]) @{thms eval-prefs-from-table-aux})$ defs wf-thms-raw val wf-thms = map2 (fn def => fn wf =>@{thm pref-profile-from-tableI'} OF [def, wf]) defs wf-thms-raw val mk-infos = let fun aux acc (bdg::bdgs) (t::ts) (r::raws) (def::def-thms) (wf::wf-thms) (wf-raw::wf-raw-thms) (evals::eval-thmss) = $aux ((t, \{binding = bdg, term = t, raw = r, def-thm = def, wf-thm = de$ wf, wf-raw-thm = wf-raw, eval-thms = evals}) :: acc)

```
bdgs ts raws def-thms wf-thms wf-raw-thms eval-thmss
           aux \ acc \ [] \ ----- = (acc : (term * info) \ list)
           aux - - - - - - = raise Match
        in
          aux
        end
        val infos = mk-infos bindings prefs-terms raws defs wf-thms wf-thms-raw
eval-thmss
     in
      lthy
      > note wf-thms-raw wf-raw []
      |> note wf-thms wf @{attributes [simp]}
      |> notes eval-thmss eval []
      |> Local-Theory.declaration {syntax = false, pervasive = false, pos = here }
        (fn \ m => add-infos \ (map \ (fn \ (t,i) => (Morphism.term \ m \ t, transform-info
i m)) infos))
     end
   | after-qed - - = raise Match
 in
   Proof.theorem NONE after-qed [map (fn prop => (prop, [])) wf-props] lthy
   |> Proof.refine-singleton (Method.Basic (SIMPLE-METHOD o tac))
 end
fun preference-profile-cmd ((agents, alts), argss) lthy =
 let
   val read = Syntax.read-term lthy
  fun read' ty t = Syntax. parse-term lthy t |> Type. constraint ty |> Syntax. check-term
lthy
   val agents' = read agents
   val \ alts' = read \ alts
   val agentT = agents' | > fastype-of | > dest-Type | > snd | > hd
   val \ altT = alts' \mid > fastype-of \mid > dest-Type \mid > snd \mid > hd
   fun read-pref-elem ts = map (read' altT) ts
   fun read-prefs prefs = map read-pref-elem prefs
   fun prep (binding, args) =
     (binding, map (fn (agent, prefs) => (read' agentT agent, read-prefs prefs))
args)
 in
   preference-profile ((agents', alts'), map prep argss) lthy
 end
val parse-prefs =
 let
   val parse-pref-elem =
     (Args.bracks (Parse.list1 Parse.term)) ||
     Parse.term >> single
 in
   Parse.list1 parse-pref-elem
```

```
106
```

end

```
val parse-pref-profile = Parse-binding --| Args.$$$ = -- Scan.repeat1 (Parse.term --| Args.colon --- parse-prefs)
```

val - =

```
Outer-Syntax.local-theory-to-proof @{command-keyword preference-profile}

construct preference profiles from a table

(Args.$$$ agents |-- Args.colon |-- Parse.term --| Args.$$$ alts --|

Args.colon

-- Parse.term --| Args.$$$ where --

Parse.and-list1 parse-pref-profile >> preference-profile-cmd);
```

end

>

end theory QSOpt-Exact imports Complex-Main begin

$\mathbf{ML} \prec$

```
signature RAT-UTILS =
sig
  val \ rat-to-string : Rat.rat \longrightarrow string
  val pretty-rat : Rat.rat \rightarrow string
  val \ string-to-rat: \ string \ -> \ Rat.rat \ option
  val mk-rat-number : typ \rightarrow Rat.rat \rightarrow term
  val \ dest-rat-number : term \ -> \ Rat.rat
end
structure Rat-Utils : RAT-UTILS =
struct
fun rat-to-string r =
  case Rat.dest r of
   (a, 1) => Int.toString a
 |(a, b) => (if \ a < 0 \ then \sim else) \cap Int.toString (abs \ a) \cap / \cap Int.toString \ b
fun pretty-rat r =
  case \ Rat.dest \ r \ of
   (a, 1) => (if \ a < 0 \ then - else) \cap Int.toString a
  |(a, b) => (if \ a < 0 \ then - \ else ) \cap Int.toString \ (abs \ a) \cap / \cap Int.toString \ b
fun string-to-rat s =
```

let

val (s1, s2') = s > Substring.full > Substring.splitl (fn x => x <> #/)val(s1, s2) = (s1, s2') |> apsnd(Substring.triml 1) |> apply2 Substring.stringinif Substring.isEmpty s2' then Option.map Rat.of-int (Int.fromString s1) elseOption.mapPartial (fn $x \Rightarrow Option.map$ (fn $y \Rightarrow Rat.make(x, y)$) (Int.fromString s2)) (Int.fromString s1) endfun dest-num x = $case \ x \ of$ Const (@{const-name Code-Numeral.int-of-integer}, -) x = dest-num x| - => HOLogic.dest-number x fun dest-rat-number t = $case \ t \ of$ (Const (@{const-name Rings.divide-class.divide},-)) \$ a \$ b = Rat.make (snd (dest-num a), snd (dest-num b)) | (Const (@{const-name Groups.uminus-class.uminus},-)) \$ a $=> \sim (dest\text{-}rat\text{-}number \ a)$ $| (Const (@{const-name Rat.field-char-0-class.of-rat},-))$ a => dest-rat-numbera(Const (@{const-name Rat.Frct}, -) \$ (Const (@{const-name Product-Type.Pair}, -) (a (b))= Rat.make (snd (dest-num a), snd (dest-num b)) | - => Rat.of.int (snd (dest.num t));fun mk-rat-number ty r =case Rat.dest r of (a, 1) => HOLogic.mk-number ty a|(a, b) =>Const ($@{const-name Rings.divide-class.divide}, ty --> ty --> ty) $$

HOLogic.mk-number ty a \$ HOLogic.mk-number ty b

end

>

\mathbf{ML} (

signature LP-PARAMS =sig

type Tval print : $T \rightarrow string$ val read : string $\rightarrow T$ option val compare : $(T * T) \rightarrow General.order$ $\begin{array}{l} \textit{val negate}: \ T \ -> \ T \\ \textit{val from-int}: \ \textit{int} \ -> \ T \end{array}$

end;

```
signature \ LINEAR-PROGRAM-COMMON =
sig
  exception QSOpt-Parse
  datatype \ 'a \ infty = Finite \ of \ 'a \mid Pos-Infty \mid Neg-Infty;
  datatype \ comparison = LEQ \mid EQ \mid GEQ
  datatype \ optimization-mode = MAXIMIZE \mid MINIMIZE
  datatype 'a result = Optimal of 'a * (string * 'a) list | Unbounded | Infeasible |
Unknown
  type var = string
  type 'a bound = 'a infty * var * 'a infty
  type 'a linterm = ('a * var) list
  type 'a constraint = 'a linterm * comparison * 'a
  type 'a prog = optimization-mode * 'a linterm * 'a constraint list * 'a bound list
  val is-finite : 'a infty \rightarrow bool
  val map-infty : ('a \rightarrow b) \rightarrow a infty \rightarrow b infty
  val print-infty : ('a \rightarrow string) \rightarrow 'a infty \rightarrow string
  val print-comparison : comparison \rightarrow string
  val print-optimization-mode : optimization-mode \rightarrow string
  val gen-print-bound : ('a \rightarrow string) \rightarrow 'a bound \rightarrow string
  val gen-print-linterm :
    (('a * 'a \rightarrow General.order) * (int \rightarrow 'a) * ('a \rightarrow string) * ('a \rightarrow 'a)) \rightarrow
    'a linterm \rightarrow string
  val gen-print-constraint :
    (('a * 'a \rightarrow General.order) * (int \rightarrow 'a) * ('a \rightarrow string) * ('a \rightarrow 'a)) \rightarrow
    'a constraint \rightarrow string
  val gen-print-program :
    (('a * 'a \rightarrow General.order) * (int \rightarrow 'a) * ('a \rightarrow string) * ('a \rightarrow 'a)) \rightarrow
    'a proq \rightarrow string
  val gen-read-result : (string \rightarrow 'a option) \rightarrow string \rightarrow 'a result
```

end;

signature LINEAR-PROGRAM = sig include LINEAR-PROGRAM-COMMON type T

```
val print-bound : T bound -> string
val print-linterm : T linterm -> string
val print-constraint : T constraint -> string
val print-program : T prog -> string
```

val save-program : Path. $T \rightarrow T$ prog \rightarrow unit val solve-program : T prog \rightarrow T result val read-result : string \rightarrow T result

end;

 $structure \ Linear-Program-Common : LINEAR-PROGRAM-COMMON =$ structexception QSOpt-Parse $datatype \ 'a \ infty = Finite \ of \ 'a \mid Pos-Infty \mid Neg-Infty;$ $datatype \ comparison = LEQ \mid EQ \mid GEQ$ $datatype \ optimization-mode = MAXIMIZE \mid MINIMIZE$ datatype 'a result = Optimal of 'a * (string * 'a) list | Unbounded | Infeasible |Unknown type var = stringtype 'a bound = 'a infty * var * 'a infty type 'a linterm = ('a * var) list type 'a constraint = 'a linterm * comparison * 'a $type 'a \ prog = optimization-mode * 'a \ linterm * 'a \ constraint \ list * 'a \ bound \ list$ fun is-finite (Finite -) = true | is-finite - = false fun map-infty f (Finite x) = Finite (f x)map-infty - Pos-Infty = Pos-Infty map-infty - Neg-Infty = Neg-Inftyfun print-infty - Neg-Infty = -INF| print-infty - Pos-Infty = INF| print-infty f (Finite x) = f x fun print-comparison $LEQ = \langle =$ | print-comparison EQ = =| print-comparison GEQ = >=fun print-optimization-mode MINIMIZE = MINIMIZE | print-optimization-mode MAXIMIZE = MAXIMIZE fun gen-print-bound - (Neg-Infty, v, Pos-Infty) = $v \uparrow free$ $\mid \textit{gen-print-bound} \ f \ (\textit{Neg-Infty}, \ v, \ u) = v \ \widehat{} <= \ \widehat{} \textit{print-infty} \ f \ u$ gen-print-bound f $(l, v, Pos-Infty) = print-infty f l^ <= v$ | gen-print-bound f (l, v, u) = print-infty f $l^{(-)} <= v^{(-)} <= v^{(-)}$ print-infty f u fun gen-print-summand (cmp, from-int, print, negate) first c v =let

```
val neg = (cmp \ (c, from-int \ 0) = LESS)
   fun eq x = (cmp (c, x) = EQUAL)
   val one = eq (from-int 1)
   val mone = eq (from-int (~1))
   val c' =
     if first and also one then
     else \ if \ first \ and also \ mone \ then \ -
     else if first then print c \hat{}
     else if mone then -
     else if one then +
     else if neg then - ^ print (negate c) ^
     else \ + \ \widehat{\ } print \ c \ \widehat{\ }
  in
   c' \,\,\widehat{}\,\, v
  end
fun gen-print-linterm ops t =
  let
   val n = length t
   val print-summand = gen-print-summand ops
   fun go (c, v) (i, acc) = (i+1, print-summand (i = n) c v \cap acc)
  in
   snd (fold go (rev t) (1, ))
  end
fun gen-print-constraint (ops as (-, -, print, -)) (lhs, cmp, rhs) =
  gen-print-linterm ops lhs ^ ^ print-comparison cmp ^ ^ print rhs
fun gen-print-program (ops as (-, -, print, -)) (mode, obj, constrs, bnds) =
  let
   val padding = replicate-string 4
   fun mk-block s f xs = (s :: map (prefix padding o f) xs)
   fun mk-block' s f xs = if null xs then [] else mk-block s f xs
   val lines =
     mk-block (print-optimization-mode mode) (gen-print-linterm ops) [obj] @
     mk-block' ST (gen-print-constraint ops) constrs @
     mk-block' BOUNDS (gen-print-bound print) bnds @ [END, ]
  in
    cat-lines lines
  end
```

exception QSOpt-Parse

fun read-status x =
 if String.isPrefix status x andalso not (String.isPrefix status = x) then
 let
 val statuses = [OPTIMAL, INFEASIBLE, UNBOUNDED]

incase find-first (fn s => String.isPrefix (status \hat{s}) x) statuses of NONE => SOME UNKNOWN| SOME y => SOME yendelseNONE fun apply - - [] = NONE| apply abort f (x :: xs) = $if abort \ x \ then$ NONE else case f x of NONE => apply abort f xs| SOME y => SOME (y, xs)fun apply-repeat abort (f : string -> 'a option) : string list -> 'a list * string list =letfun go acc xs =case apply abort f xs of $NONE => (rev \ acc, \ xs)$ | SOME (y,xs) => go (y :: acc) xsin*go* [] endfun the-apply f xs =case apply (K false) f xs of $NONE => raise \ QSOpt-Parse$ | SOME y => yfun apply-unit p xs =case apply (not o p) (K (SOME ())) xs of $NONE => raise \ QSOpt-Parse$ $\mid SOME (-, xs) => xs$ fun gen-read-value read x =letval x = unprefix Value = xinread xendhandle Fail - => NONEval trim =letfun chop [] = []| chop (l as (x::xs)) = if Char.isSpace x then chop xs else l

in String.implode o chop o rev o chop o rev o String.explode end

fun gen-read-assignment read x : (string * 'a) option = $x \mid > try$ (Substring.full# Substring.splitl (fn $x \Rightarrow x <> \#$) #> apply2 Substring.string#> apsnd (unprefix =) #> apply2 trim)|> Option.mapPartial (fn (x,y) => Option.map (fn y => (x, y)) (read y))fun gen-read-result read s =letval $s = s \mid > split-lines \mid > map trim$ val (status, s) = the-apply read-status s val (result, -) = if status = OPTIMAL thenletval (value, s) = the - apply (gen-read-value read) sval s = apply-unit (fn x => x = VARS:) s val (vars, s) = apply-repeat (String.isSuffix:) (gen-read-assignment read) sin(Optimal (value, vars), s) end $else \ if \ status = INFEASIBLE \ then$ (Infeasible, s) $else \ if \ status = \ UNBOUNDED \ then$ (Unbounded, s)else(Unknown, s)inresultend

end;

 $functor\ Linear-Program(LP-Params:\ LP-PARAMS):\ LINEAR-PROGRAM = struct$

open Linear-Program-Common;

```
local

open LP-Params;

val ops = (compare, from-int, print, negate)

in

type T = T
```

```
val print-bound = gen-print-bound print
val print-linterm = gen-print-linterm ops
val print-constraint = gen-print-constraint ops
val print-program = gen-print-program ops
end
```

```
fun save-program filename prog =
File.write filename (print-program prog)
```

val read-result = gen-read-result LP-Params.read

```
fun \ solve-program \ prog =
  Isabelle-System.with-tmp-file \ prog \ lp \ (fn \ lpname =>
   Isabelle-System.with-tmp-file \ prog \ sol \ (fn \ resultname =>
     let
       val - = save-program lpname prog
       val \ esolver-path = getenv \ QSOPT-EXACT-PATH
       val \ esolver = if \ esolver - path = then \ esolver \ else \ esolver - path
       val \ command = \ Bash.string \ esolver \ \hat{} \ -O \ \hat{} \ File.bash-path \ resultname \ \hat{}
<sup>^</sup> File.bash-path lpname
       val res = Isabelle-System.bash-process (Bash.script command)
       in
         if not (Process-Result.ok res) then
           raise Fail (QSopt-exact returned with an error (return code ^
            Int.toString (Process-Result.rc res) \):\n \ \Process-Result.err res)
         else read-result (File.read resultname)
       end))
```

end

structure Rat-Linear-Program = Linear-Program(struct

type T = Rat.rat

 $val \ print = Rat$ -Utils.rat-to-string $val \ read = Rat$ -Utils.string-to-rat $val \ compare = Rat.ord$ $val \ from$ -int = Rat.of-int $val \ negate = Rat.neg$

end)

>

10 Automatic Fact Gathering for Social Decision Schemes

```
theory SDS-Automation

imports

Preference-Profile-Cmd

QSOpt-Exact

../Social-Decision-Schemes

keywords

derive-orbit-equations

derive-support-conditions

derive-ex-post-conditions

find-inefficient-supports

prove-inefficient-supports

derive-strategyproofness-conditions :: thy-goal

begin
```

We now provide the following commands to automatically derive restrictions on the results of Social Decision Schemes satisfying Anonymity, Neutrality, Efficiency, or Strategy-Proofness:

- **derive-orbit-equations** to derive equalities arising from automorphisms of the given profiles due to Anonymity and Neutrality
- **derive-ex-post-conditions** to find all Pareto losers and the given profiles and derive the facts that they must be assigned probability 0 by any *ex-post*-efficient SDS
- **find-inefficient-supports** to use Linear Programming to find all minimal SD-inefficient (but not *ex-post-*inefficient) supports in the given profiles and output a corresponding witness lottery for each of them
- **prove-inefficient-supports** to prove a specified set of support conditions arising from *ex-post-* or *SD*-Efficiency. For conditions arising from *SD*-Efficiency, a witness lottery must be specified (e.g. as computed by **derive-orbit-equations**).
- **derive-support-conditions** to automatically find and prove all support conditions arising from *ex-post-* and *SD*-Efficiency
- derive-strategyproofness-conditions to automatically derive all conditions arising from weak Strategy-Proofness and any manipulations between the given preference profiles. An optional maximum manipulation size can be specified.

\mathbf{end}

All commands except **find-inefficient-supports** open a proof state and leave behind proof obligations for the user to discharge. This should always be possible using the Simplifier, possibly with a few additional rules, depending on the context.

lemma disj-False-right: $P \lor False \longleftrightarrow P$ by simp

lemmas multiset-add-ac = add-ac[where ?'a = 'a multiset] **lemma** *less-or-eq-real*: $(x::real) < y \lor x = y \longleftrightarrow x \le y x < y \lor y = x \longleftrightarrow x \le y$ by linarith+ **lemma** *multiset-Diff-single-normalize*: fixes $a \ c$ assumes $a \neq c$ shows $(\{\#a\#\} + B) - \{\#c\#\} = \{\#a\#\} + (B - \{\#c\#\})$ using assms by auto **lemma** *ex-post-efficient-aux*: **assumes** prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xss $R \equiv$ prefs-from-table xss **assumes** $i \in agents \ \forall i \in agents. \ y \succeq [prefs-from-table xss i] \ x \neg y \preceq [prefs-from table xss i] \ x \neg y \preceq [prefs-from table xss i] \ x \neg y \preceq [prefs$ xss i xshows ex-post-efficient-sds agents alts $sds \longrightarrow pmf$ (sds R) x = 0proof **assume** ex-post: ex-post-efficient-sds agents alts sds **from** assms(1,2) have wf: pref-profile-wf agents alts R **by** (*simp add: pref-profile-from-tableI'*) from ex-post interpret ex-post-efficient-sds agents alts sds. from assms(2-) show pmf(sds R) x = 0by (intro ex-post-efficient''[OF wf, of i x y]) simp-all qed **lemma** *SD-inefficient-support-aux*: **assumes** R: prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xss $R \equiv$ prefs-from-table xss **assumes** as: $as \neq []$ set $as \subseteq alts$ distinct as A = set as assumes $ys: \forall x \in set (map \ snd \ ys). \ 0 \leq x \ sum-list (map \ snd \ ys) = 1 \ set (map$ $fst ys) \subseteq alts$ **assumes** $i: i \in agents$ **assumes** SD1: $\forall i \in agents. \forall x \in alts.$ sum-list (map snd (filter (λy . prefs-from-table xss i x (fst y)) ys)) \geq real (length (filter (prefs-from-table xss i x) as)) / real (length as) **assumes** SD2: $\exists x \in alts.$ sum-list (map snd (filter (λy . prefs-from-table xss i x (fst y)) ys)) >real (length (filter (prefs-from-table xss i x) as)) / real (length as)sd-efficient-sds agents alts sds $\longrightarrow (\exists x \in A. pmf (sds R) x = 0)$ shows proof **assume** *sd-efficient-sds agents alts sds* from R have wf: pref-profile-wf agents alts R**by** (*simp add: pref-profile-from-tableI'*)

then interpret pref-profile-wf agents alts R .

interpret sd-efficient-sds agents alts sds **by** fact **from** ys **have** ys': pmf-of-list-wf ys **by** (intro pmf-of-list-wfI) auto

{ fix i x assume $x \in alts \ i \in agents$ with ys' have lottery-prob (pmf-of-list ys) (preferred-alts (R i) x) = sum-list (map snd (filter (λy . prefs-from-table xss i x (fst y)) ys)) by (subst measure-pmf-of-list) (simp-all add: preferred-alts-def R) \mathbf{b} note A = thisł fix i x assume $x \in alts \ i \in agents$ with as have lottery-prob (pmf-of-set (set as)) (preferred-alts $(R \ i) x) =$ real (card (set as \cap preferred-alts (R i) x)) / real (card (set as)) **by** (subst measure-pmf-of-set) simp-all **also have** set as \cap preferred-alts (R i) x = set (filter (λy , R i x y) as) **by** (*auto simp add: preferred-alts-def*) **also have** card ... = length (filter $(\lambda y, R \ i \ x \ y) \ as)$ **by** (*intro distinct-card distinct-filter assms*) also have card (set as) = length as by (intro distinct-card assms) finally have lottery-prob (pmf-of-set (set as)) (preferred-alts (R i) x) = real (length (filter (prefs-from-table xss i x) as)) / real (length as) by (simp add: R) $\mathbf{B} = this$ from wf show $\exists x \in A$. pmf (sds R) x = 0**proof** (rule SD-inefficient-support') from ys ys' show lottery1: pmf-of-list ys \in lotteries by (intro pmf-of-list-lottery) show *i*: $i \in agents$ by fact from as have lottery2: pmf-of-set (set as) \in lotteries **by** (*intro pmf-of-set-lottery*) *simp-all* **from** i as SD2 lottery1 lottery2 **show** \neg SD (R i) (pmf-of-list ys) (pmf-of-set A)by (subst preorder-on.SD-preorder[of alts]) (auto simp: A B not-le) from as SD1 lottery1 lottery2 **show** $\forall i \in agents. SD (R i) (pmf-of-set A) (pmf-of-list ys)$ by safe (auto simp: preorder-on.SD-preorder[of alts] A B) **qed** (insert as, simp-all) qed

definition pref-classes where
 pref-classes alts le = preferred-alts le ' alts - {alts}
primrec pref-classes-lists where

pref-classes-lists $[] = \{\}$ | pref-classes-lists (xs#xs) = insert (\bigcup (set (xs#xs))) (pref-classes-lists xss)

fun pref-classes-lists-aux where

 $pref-classes-lists-aux \ acc \ [] = \{\}$ | $pref-classes-lists-aux \ acc \ (xs\#xss) = insert \ acc \ (pref-classes-lists-aux \ (acc \cup xs) \ xss)$

lemma *pref-classes-lists-append*:

pref-classes-lists (xs @ ys) = (\cup) (\bigcup (set ys)) 'pref-classes-lists xs \cup pref-classes-lists ys

by (*induction xs*) *auto*

lemma pref-classes-lists-aux: **assumes** is-weak-ranking xss $acc \cap (\bigcup (set xss)) = \{\}$ **shows** pref-classes-lists-aux acc xss =(insert acc (($\lambda A. A \cup acc$) ' pref-classes-lists (rev xss)) - {acc \cup \bigcup (set $xss)\})$ using assms **proof** (induction acc xss rule: pref-classes-lists-aux.induct [case-names Nil Cons]) **case** (Cons acc xs xss) from Cons.prems have A: $acc \cap (xs \cup \bigcup (set xss)) = \{\} xs \neq \{\}$ **by** (*simp-all add: is-weak-ranking-Cons*) from Cons.prems have pref-classes-lists-aux (acc \cup xs) xss = insert (acc \cup xs) ((λA . $A \cup (acc \cup$ xs)) 'pref-classes-lists (rev xss)) - $\{acc \cup xs \cup \bigcup (set xss)\}$ by (intro Cons.IH) (auto simp: is-weak-ranking-Cons) with Cons.prems have pref-classes-lists-aux acc (xs # xss) = insert acc (insert (acc \cup xs) ((λA . $A \cup$ (acc \cup xs)) ' pref-classes-lists (rev xss)) - $\{acc \cup (xs \cup \bigcup (set xss))\})$ by (simp-all add: is-weak-ranking-Cons pref-classes-lists-append image-image Un-ac)also from A have ... = insert acc (insert ($acc \cup xs$) (($\lambda x. x \cup (acc \cup xs)$) ' $pref-classes-lists \ (rev \ xss))) - \{acc \cup (xs \cup \bigcup (set \ xss))\}$ by blast finally show ?case **by** (*simp-all add: pref-classes-lists-append image-image Un-ac*) **qed** simp-all **lemma** pref-classes-list-aux-hd-tl: **assumes** is-weak-ranking xss xss \neq [] shows pref-classes-lists-aux (hd xss) (tl xss) = pref-classes-lists (rev xss) - $\{\bigcup (set \ xss)\}$ proof – from assms have A: xss = hd xss # tl xss by simpfrom assms have hd xss $\cap \bigcup (set (tl xss)) = \{\} \land is$ -weak-ranking (tl xss) by (subst (asm) A, subst (asm) is-weak-ranking-Cons) simp-all **hence** pref-classes-lists-aux (hd xss) (tl xss) = insert (hd xss) (($\lambda A. A \cup hd xss$) ' pref-classes-lists (rev (tl xss))) - $\{hd \ xss \cup \bigcup (set \ (tl \ xss))\}$ by (intro pref-classes-lists-aux) simp-all

also have $hd xss \cup \bigcup (set (tl xss)) = \bigcup (set xss)$ by (subst (3) A, subst set-simps)simp-all also have insert (hd xss) ((λA . $A \cup hd$ xss) ' pref-classes-lists (rev (tl xss))) = pref-classes-lists (rev (tl xss) @ [hd xss]) **by** (subst pref-classes-lists-append) auto also have rev(tl xss) @ [hd xss] = rev xss by (subst (3) A) (simp only: rev.simps)finally show ?thesis . qed **lemma** pref-classes-of-weak-ranking-aux: **assumes** *is-weak-ranking xss* **shows** of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge xss ' $(\bigcup (set xss)) = pref-classes-lists xss$ **proof** safe fix X x assume $x \in X X \in set xss$ with assms show of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge xss $x \in pref$ -classes-lists xss by (induction xss) (auto simp: is-weak-ranking-Cons of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge-Cons') next fix x assume $x \in pref$ -classes-lists xss with assms show $x \in of$ -weak-ranking-Collect-ge xss ' () (set xss) **proof** (*induction xss*) case (Cons xs xss) from Cons.prems consider $x = xs \cup \bigcup (set xss) \mid x \in pref$ -classes-lists xss by autothus ?case proof cases assume $x = xs \cup \bigcup (set xss)$ with Cons.prems show ?thesis by (auto simp: is-weak-ranking-Cons of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge-Cons') \mathbf{next} **assume** $x: x \in pref$ -classes-lists xss from Cons.prems x have $x \in of$ -weak-ranking-Collect-ge xss ' \bigcup (set xss) by (intro Cons.IH) (simp-all add: is-weak-ranking-Cons) moreover from Cons.prems have $xs \cap \bigcup (set xss) = \{\}$ **by** (*simp add: is-weak-ranking-Cons*) ultimately have $x \in of$ -weak-ranking-Collect-ge xss ' $((xs \cup [](set xss)) \cap \{x. x \notin xs\})$ by blast thus ?thesis by (simp add: of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge-Cons') qed qed simp-all qed **lemma** eval-pref-classes-of-weak-ranking: **assumes** \bigcup (set xss) = alts is-weak-ranking xss alts \neq {} shows $pref-classes \ alts \ (of-weak-ranking \ xss) = pref-classes-lists-aux \ (hd \ xss)$ $(tl \ xss)$ proof have pref-classes alts (of-weak-ranking xss) = preferred-alts (of-weak-ranking xss) ' $(\bigcup (set (rev xss))) - \{\bigcup (set xss)\}$ **by** (*simp add: pref-classes-def assms*)

```
also {
  have of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge (rev xss) ' (\bigcup (set (rev xss))) = pref-classes-lists
(rev xss)
     using assms by (intro pref-classes-of-weak-ranking-aux) simp-all
  also have of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge (rev xss) = preferred-alts (of-weak-ranking)
xss)
    by (intro ext) (simp-all add: of-weak-ranking-Collect-ge-def preferred-alts-def)
   finally have preferred-alts (of-weak-ranking xss) '(\bigcup(set (rev xss))) =
                 pref-classes-lists (rev xss).
  }
 also from assms have pref-classes-lists (rev xss) - \{ \bigcup (set xss) \} =
                      pref-classes-lists-aux (hd xss) (tl xss)
   by (intro pref-classes-list-aux-hd-tl [symmetric]) auto
 finally show ?thesis by simp
qed
context preorder-on
begin
lemma SD-iff-pref-classes:
 assumes p \in lotteries-on carrier q \in lotteries-on carrier
 shows p \preceq [SD(le)] q \leftrightarrow
           (\forall A \in pref\text{-}classes \ carrier \ le. \ measure-pmf.prob \ p \ A \leq measure-pmf.prob
q A)
proof safe
 fix A assume p \preceq [SD(le)] q A \in pref-classes carrier le
 thus measure-pmf.prob p A \leq measure-pmf.prob q A
   by (auto simp: SD-preorder pref-classes-def)
\mathbf{next}
 assume A: \forall A \in pref-classes carrier le. measure-pmf.prob p A \leq measure-pmf.prob
q A
 show p \preceq [SD(le)] q
 proof (rule SD-preorderI)
   fix x assume x: x \in carrier
   show measure-pmf.prob p (preferred-alts le x)
           \leq measure-pmf.prob q (preferred-alts le x)
   proof (cases preferred-alts le x = carrier)
     case False
     with x have preferred-alts le x \in pref-classes carrier le
       unfolding pref-classes-def by (intro DiffI imageI) simp-all
     with A show ?thesis by simp
   \mathbf{next}
     case True
    from assms have measure-pmf. prob p carrier = 1 measure-pmf. prob q carrier
= 1
      by (auto simp: measure-pmf.prob-eq-1 lotteries-on-def AE-measure-pmf-iff)
     with True show ?thesis by simp
   qed
```

qed (*insert assms, simp-all*) **qed**

end

qed

lemma pref-classes-lists-aux-finite:

 $A \in pref$ -classes-lists-aux acc $xss \Longrightarrow finite acc \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge A. A \in set xss \Longrightarrow finite A)$

 \implies finite A

by (induction acc xss rule: pref-classes-lists-aux.induct) auto

lemma *strategyproof-aux*:

```
assumes wf: prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xss1 R1 = prefs-from-table xss1
prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xss2 R2 = prefs-from-table xss2
assumes sds: strategyproof-an-sds agents alts sds and i: i \in agents and j: j \in agents
```

assumes eq: R1(i := R2 j) = R2 the (map-of xss1 i) = xs pref-classes-lists-aux (hd xs) (tl xs) = ps

shows $(\exists A \in ps. (\sum x \in A. pmf (sds R2) x) < (\sum x \in A. pmf (sds R1) x)) \lor (\forall A \in ps. (\sum x \in A. pmf (sds R2) x) = (\sum x \in A. pmf (sds R1) x))$

proof –

from sds interpret strategyproof-an-sds agents alts sds . $h \in OD(A)$

let ?Ri' = R2 j

from wf j have wf': is-pref-profile R1 total-preorder-on alts ?Ri'

by (auto intro: pref-profile-from-tableI pref-profile-wf.prefs-wf'(1))

from wf(1) i have $i \in set$ (map fst xss1) by (simp add: prefs-from-table-wf-def) with prefs-from-table-wfD(3)[OF wf(1)] eq

have $xs \in set (map \ snd \ xss1)$ by force

note xs = prefs-from-table-wfD(2)[OF wf(1)] prefs-from-table-wfD(5,6)[OF wf(1) this]

{ fix $p \ A$ assume $A: A \in pref$ -classes-lists-aux (hd xs) (tl xs) from xs have $xs \neq []$ by auto with xs have finite A **by** (*intro pref-classes-lists-aux-finite*[OF A]) (auto simp: is-finite-weak-ranking-def list.set-sel) **hence** lottery-prob $p A = (\sum x \in A. pmf p x)$ **by** (rule measure-measure-pmf-finite) $\mathbf{b} = \mathbf{b} = \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{b} \mathbf{b}$ **from** strategyproof '[OF wf' i] eq have $(\exists A \in pref-classes alts (R1 i). lottery-prob (sds R2) A < lottery-prob (sds R1)$ $A) \vee$ $(\forall A \in pref\text{-}classes alts (R1 i). lottery-prob (sds R2) A = lottery-prob (sds R1)$ A)by simp also from wf eq i have R1 i = of-weak-ranking xs **by** (*simp add: prefs-from-table-map-of*) also from xs have pref-classes alts (of-weak-ranking xs) = pref-classes-lists-aux (hd xs) (tl xs)unfolding is-finite-weak-ranking-def by (intro eval-pref-classes-of-weak-ranking) simp-all finally show ?thesis by (simp add: A eq) qed **lemma** *strategyproof-aux'*: **assumes** wf: prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xss1 $R1 \equiv$ prefs-from-table xss1 prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xss2 $R2 \equiv prefs$ -from-table xss2 **assumes** sds: strategyproof-an-sds agents alts sds and i: $i \in agents$ and j: $j \in$ agentsassumes perm: list-permutes ys alts defines $\sigma \equiv permutation$ -of-list ys and $\sigma' \equiv inverse-permutation$ -of-list ys **defines** $xs \equiv the (map-of xss1 i)$ **defines** xs': $xs' \equiv map$ ((') σ) (the (map-of xss2 j)) defines $Ri' \equiv of$ -weak-ranking xs'**assumes** distinct-ps: $\forall A \in ps$. distinct A assumes eq: mset (map snd xss1) - {#the (map-of xss1 i)#} + {#xs'#} = $mset \ (map \ (map \ ((`) \ \sigma) \ \circ \ snd) \ xss2)$ $pref-classes-lists-aux \ (hd \ xs) \ (tl \ xs) = set \ ' \ ps$ shows list-permutes ys alts \wedge $((\exists A \in ps. (\sum x \leftarrow A. pmf (sds R2) (\sigma' x)) < (\sum x \leftarrow A. pmf (sds R1) x))$ V $(\forall A \in ps. \ (\sum x \leftarrow A. \ pmf \ (sds \ R2) \ (\sigma' \ x)) = (\sum x \leftarrow A. \ pmf \ (sds \ R1))$ x))) $(\mathbf{is} - \wedge ?th)$ proof from perm have perm': σ permutes alts by (simp add: σ -def) from sds interpret strategyproof-an-sds agents alts sds.

from wf(3) *j* have $j \in set (map \ fst \ xss2)$ by (simp add: prefs-from-table-wf-def)

with prefs-from-table-wfD(3)[OF wf(3)] have xs'-aux: the (map-of xss2 j) \in set (map snd xss2) by force with wf(3) have xs'-aux': is-finite-weak-ranking (the (map-of xss2 j)) **by** (*auto simp: prefs-from-table-wf-def*) hence *: is-weak-ranking xs' unfolding xs' by (intro is-weak-ranking-map-inj permutes-inj-on[OF perm']) (auto simp add: is-finite-weak-ranking-def) **moreover from** * xs'-aux' have is-finite-weak-ranking xs' **by** (*auto simp: xs' is-finite-weak-ranking-def*) **moreover from** prefs-from-table-wfD(5)[OF wf(3) xs'-aux] have [](set xs') = alts unfolding xs'by (simp add: image-Union [symmetric] permutes-image[OF perm]) ultimately have wf-xs': is-weak-ranking xs' is-finite-weak-ranking xs' [] (set xs') = alts**by** (*simp-all add: is-finite-weak-ranking-def*) from this wf i have wf': is-pref-profile R1 total-preorder-on alts Ri' is-pref-profile R2 finite-total-preorder-on alts Ri' unfolding Ri'-def by (auto intro: pref-profile-from-tableI pref-profile-wf.prefs-wf'(1)) total-preorder-of-weak-ranking) interpret R1: pref-profile-wf agents alts R1 by fact interpret R2: pref-profile-wf agents alts R2 by fact from wf(1) i have $i \in set (map \ fst \ xss1)$ by $(simp \ add: \ prefs-from-table-wf-def)$ with prefs-from-table-wfD(3)[OF wf(1)] eq(2)have $xs \in set (map \ snd \ xss1)$ unfolding xs-def by force **note** xs = prefs-from-table-wfD(2)[OF wf(1)] prefs-from-table-wfD(5,6)[OF wf(1)] this from wf i wf' wf-xs' xs eq have eq': anonymous-profile $(R1(i := Ri')) = image-mset (map ((') \sigma))$

(anonymous-profile R2)

by (*subst* R1.*anonymous-profile-update*)

 $(simp-all\ add:\ Ri'-def\ weak-ranking-of-weak-ranking\ mset-map\ multiset.map-comp\ xs-def$

anonymise-prefs-from-table prefs-from-table-map-of)

{

fix p A assume A: $A \in pref$ -classes-lists-aux (hd xs) (tl xs) from xs have $xs \neq []$ by auto with xs have finite A by (intro pref-classes-lists-aux-finite[OF A]) (auto simp: is-finite-weak-ranking-def list.set-sel) hence lottery-prob p $A = (\sum x \in A. pmf p x)$ by (rule measure-measure-pmf-finite) } note A = this

from strategyproof '[OF wf'(1,2) i] eq' **have** $(\exists A \in pref-classes alts (R1 i). lottery-prob (sds (R1(i := Ri'))) A < lottery-prob$ $(sds R1) A) \lor$

 $(\forall A \in pref-classes \ alts \ (R1 \ i). \ lottery-prob \ (sds \ (R1(i := Ri'))) \ A = lottery-prob \ (sds \ R1) \ A)$

by simp

also from eq' i have sds $(R1(i := Ri')) = map-pmf \sigma (sds R2)$

unfolding σ -def by (intro sds-anonymous-neutral permutation-of-list-permutes perm wf'

pref-profile-wf.wf-update eq)

also from wf eq i have R1 i = of-weak-ranking xs

by (*simp add: prefs-from-table-map-of xs-def*)

also from xs have pref-classes alts (of-weak-ranking xs) = pref-classes-lists-aux (hd xs) (tl xs)

 $\label{eq:unfolding} \textit{ is-finite-weak-ranking-def by (intro eval-pref-classes-of-weak-ranking)} simp-all$

finally have $(\exists A \in ps. (\sum x \leftarrow A. pmf (map-pmf \sigma (sds R2)) x) < (\sum x \leftarrow A. pmf (sds R1) x)) \lor$

 $(\forall A \in ps. (\sum x \leftarrow A. pmf (map-pmf \sigma (sds R2)) x) = (\sum x \leftarrow A. pmf (sds R1) x))$

using distinct-ps

by (simp add: A eq sum.distinct-set-conv-list del: measure-map-pmf)

also from perm' have pmf (map-pmf σ (sds R2)) = (λx . pmf (sds R2) (inv σ x))

using *pmf-map-inj'*[of σ - *inv* σ *x* for *x*]

by (*simp add: fun-eq-iff permutes-inj permutes-inverses*)

also from *perm* have *inv* $\sigma = \sigma'$ unfolding σ -def σ' -def

by (*rule inverse-permutation-of-list-correct* [*symmetric*]) **finally show** *?th* **.**

qed fact+

ML-file <randomised-social-choice.ML> ML-file <sds-automation.ML>

end

References

 F. Brandl, F. Brandt, and C. Geist. Proving the incompatibility of Efficiency and Strategyproofness via SMT solving. *Proceedings of the* 25th International Joint Conference on Artificial Intelligence (IJCAI), 2016. Forthcoming.