

Public Announcement Logic

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Abstract

This work is a formalization of public announcement logic with countably many agents. It includes proofs of soundness and completeness for variants of the axiom system $\text{PAL} + \text{DIST!} + \text{NEC!}$ [1]. The completeness proofs build on the Epistemic Logic theory.

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theory PAL imports Epistemic-Logic.Epistemic-Logic begin

1 Syntax

datatype $\langle 'i \text{ pfm} \rangle$
 $= FF \langle \langle \perp \rangle \rangle$
 $| Pro' id \langle \langle Pro \rangle \rangle$
 $| Dis \langle 'i \text{ pfm} \rangle \langle 'i \text{ pfm} \rangle \langle \mathbf{infixr} \langle \langle \vee \rangle \rangle 60 \rangle$
 $| Con \langle 'i \text{ pfm} \rangle \langle 'i \text{ pfm} \rangle \langle \mathbf{infixr} \langle \langle \wedge \rangle \rangle 65 \rangle$
 $| Imp \langle 'i \text{ pfm} \rangle \langle 'i \text{ pfm} \rangle \langle \mathbf{infixr} \langle \langle \longrightarrow \rangle \rangle 55 \rangle$
 $| K' 'i \langle 'i \text{ pfm} \rangle \langle \langle K \rangle \rangle$
 $| Ann \langle 'i \text{ pfm} \rangle \langle 'i \text{ pfm} \rangle \langle \langle [-] \rangle \rightarrow [80, 80] 80 \rangle$

abbreviation $PIff :: \langle 'i \text{ pfm} \Rightarrow 'i \text{ pfm} \Rightarrow 'i \text{ pfm} \rangle \langle \mathbf{infixr} \langle \langle \longleftrightarrow \rangle \rangle 55 \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle p \longleftrightarrow q \equiv (p \longrightarrow q) \wedge (q \longrightarrow p) \rangle$

abbreviation $PNeg \langle \langle \neg \rangle \rightarrow [70] 70 \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \neg p \equiv p \longrightarrow \perp \rangle$

abbreviation $PL \langle \langle L \rangle \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle L i p \equiv (\neg (K i (\neg p))) \rangle$

primrec $anns :: \langle 'i \text{ pfm} \Rightarrow 'i \text{ pfm set} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle anns \perp = \{\} \rangle$
 $| \langle anns (Pro -) = \{\} \rangle$
 $| \langle anns (p \vee q) = (anns p \cup anns q) \rangle$
 $| \langle anns (p \wedge q) = (anns p \cup anns q) \rangle$
 $| \langle anns (p \longrightarrow q) = (anns p \cup anns q) \rangle$
 $| \langle anns (K i p) = anns p \rangle$
 $| \langle anns ([r] p) = \{r\} \cup anns r \cup anns p \rangle$

2 Semantics

fun

$psemantics :: \langle ('i, 'w) \text{ kripke} \Rightarrow 'w \Rightarrow 'i \text{ pfm} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle \langle \langle -, - \models \rangle \rightarrow [50, 50, 50] 50 \rangle$ **and**

$restrict :: \langle ('i, 'w) \text{ kripke} \Rightarrow 'i \text{ pfm} \Rightarrow ('i, 'w) \text{ kripke} \rangle \langle \langle [-] \rangle [50, 50] 50 \rangle$ **where**

$\langle M, w \models \perp \longleftrightarrow \text{False} \rangle$
 $| \langle M, w \models Pro x \longleftrightarrow \pi M w x \rangle$
 $| \langle M, w \models p \vee q \longleftrightarrow M, w \models p \vee M, w \models q \rangle$
 $| \langle M, w \models p \wedge q \longleftrightarrow M, w \models p \wedge M, w \models q \rangle$
 $| \langle M, w \models p \longrightarrow q \longleftrightarrow M, w \models p \longrightarrow M, w \models q \rangle$
 $| \langle M, w \models K i p \longleftrightarrow (\forall v \in \mathcal{W} M \cap \mathcal{K} M i w. M, v \models p) \rangle$
 $| \langle M, w \models [r] p \longleftrightarrow M, w \models r \longrightarrow M[r], w \models p \rangle$
 $| \langle M[r] = M (\mathcal{W} := \{w. w \in \mathcal{W} M \wedge M, w \models r\}) \rangle$

abbreviation $\text{validPStar} :: \langle \langle ('i, 'w) \text{ kripke} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle \Rightarrow 'i \text{ pfm set} \Rightarrow 'i \text{ pfm} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$

$\langle \langle -; - \Vdash_{!}^* \rightarrow [50, 50, 50] 50 \rangle \text{ where}$
 $\langle P; G \Vdash_{!}^* p \equiv \forall M. P M \longrightarrow (\forall w \in \mathcal{W} M. (\forall q \in G. M, w \Vdash_{!} q) \longrightarrow M, w \Vdash_{!} p) \rangle$

primrec $\text{static} :: \langle 'i \text{ pfm} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle \text{ where}$

$\langle \text{static } \perp_{!} = \text{True} \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{static } (\text{Pro}_{!} \ -) = \text{True} \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{static } (p \vee_{!} q) = (\text{static } p \wedge \text{static } q) \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{static } (p \wedge_{!} q) = (\text{static } p \wedge \text{static } q) \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{static } (p \longrightarrow_{!} q) = (\text{static } p \wedge \text{static } q) \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{static } (K_{!} \ i \ p) = \text{static } p \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{static } ([r]_{!} \ p) = \text{False} \rangle$

primrec $\text{lower} :: \langle 'i \text{ pfm} \Rightarrow 'i \text{ fm} \rangle \text{ where}$

$\langle \text{lower } \perp_{!} = \perp \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{lower } (\text{Pro}_{!} \ x) = \text{Pro } x \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{lower } (p \vee_{!} q) = (\text{lower } p \vee \text{lower } q) \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{lower } (p \wedge_{!} q) = (\text{lower } p \wedge \text{lower } q) \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{lower } (p \longrightarrow_{!} q) = (\text{lower } p \longrightarrow \text{lower } q) \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{lower } (K_{!} \ i \ p) = K \ i \ (\text{lower } p) \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{lower } ([r]_{!} \ p) = \text{undefined} \rangle$

primrec $\text{lift} :: \langle 'i \text{ fm} \Rightarrow 'i \text{ pfm} \rangle \text{ where}$

$\langle \text{lift } \perp = \perp_{!} \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{lift } (\text{Pro } x) = \text{Pro}_{!} \ x \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{lift } (p \vee q) = (\text{lift } p \vee_{!} \text{lift } q) \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{lift } (p \wedge q) = (\text{lift } p \wedge_{!} \text{lift } q) \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{lift } (p \longrightarrow q) = (\text{lift } p \longrightarrow_{!} \text{lift } q) \rangle$
 $| \langle \text{lift } (K \ i \ p) = K_{!} \ i \ (\text{lift } p) \rangle$

lemma lower-semantic :

assumes $\langle \text{static } p \rangle$
shows $\langle (M, w \Vdash \text{lower } p) \longleftrightarrow (M, w \Vdash_{!} p) \rangle$
using $\text{assms by (induct } p \text{ arbitrary: } w) \text{ simp-all}$

lemma lift-semantic : $\langle (M, w \Vdash p) \longleftrightarrow (M, w \Vdash_{!} \text{lift } p) \rangle$

by $(\text{induct } p \text{ arbitrary: } w) \text{ simp-all}$

lemma lower-lift : $\langle \text{lower } (\text{lift } p) = p \rangle$

by $(\text{induct } p) \text{ simp-all}$

lemma lift-lower : $\langle \text{static } p \Longrightarrow \text{lift } (\text{lower } p) = p \rangle$

by $(\text{induct } p) \text{ simp-all}$

3 Soundness of Reduction

primrec $\text{reduce}' :: \langle 'i \text{ pfm} \Rightarrow 'i \text{ pfm} \Rightarrow 'i \text{ pfm} \rangle \text{ where}$

```

  <reduce' r ⊥₁ = (r →₁ ⊥₁)>
| <reduce' r (Pro₁ x) = (r →₁ Pro₁ x)>
| <reduce' r (p ∨₁ q) = (reduce' r p ∨₁ reduce' r q)>
| <reduce' r (p ∧₁ q) = (reduce' r p ∧₁ reduce' r q)>
| <reduce' r (p →₁ q) = (reduce' r p →₁ reduce' r q)>
| <reduce' r (K₁ i p) = (r →₁ K₁ i (reduce' r p))>
| <reduce' r ([p]₁ q) = undefined>

```

primrec *reduce* :: <'i pfm ⇒ 'i pfm> **where**

```

  <reduce ⊥₁ = ⊥₁>
| <reduce (Pro₁ x) = Pro₁ x>
| <reduce (p ∨₁ q) = (reduce p ∨₁ reduce q)>
| <reduce (p ∧₁ q) = (reduce p ∧₁ reduce q)>
| <reduce (p →₁ q) = (reduce p →₁ reduce q)>
| <reduce (K₁ i p) = K₁ i (reduce p)>
| <reduce ([r]₁ p) = reduce' (reduce r) (reduce p)>

```

lemma *static-reduce'*: <static p ⇒ static r ⇒ static (reduce' r p)>
by (induct p) *simp-all*

lemma *static-reduce*: <static (reduce p)>
by (induct p) (*simp-all add: static-reduce'*)

lemma *reduce'-semantics*:
assumes <static q>
shows <(M, w ⊨₁ [p]₁ q) = (M, w ⊨₁ reduce' p q)>
using *assms* **by** (induct q *arbitrary: w*) *auto*

lemma *reduce-semantics*: <M, w ⊨₁ p ↔ M, w ⊨₁ reduce p>

proof (induct p *arbitrary: M w*)
case (*Ann p q*)
then show ?*case*
using *reduce'-semantics static-reduce* **by** *fastforce*
qed *simp-all*

4 Chains of Implications

primrec *implyP* :: <'i pfm list ⇒ 'i pfm ⇒ 'i pfm> (**infixr** <↗₁> 56) **where**

```

  <([], ↗₁ q) = q>
| <(p # ps ↗₁ q) = (p →₁ ps ↗₁ q)>

```

lemma *lift-implyP*: <lift (ps ↗ q) = (map lift ps ↗₁ lift q)>
by (induct ps) *auto*

lemma *reduce-implyP*: <reduce (ps ↗₁ q) = (map reduce ps ↗₁ reduce q)>
by (induct ps) *auto*

5 Proof System

primrec $peval :: \langle (id \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('i\ pfm \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'i\ pfm \Rightarrow bool \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle peval\ -\ -\ \perp_! = False \rangle$
 $| \langle peval\ g\ -\ (Pro_! x) = g\ x \rangle$
 $| \langle peval\ g\ h\ (p \vee_! q) = (peval\ g\ h\ p \vee peval\ g\ h\ q) \rangle$
 $| \langle peval\ g\ h\ (p \wedge_! q) = (peval\ g\ h\ p \wedge peval\ g\ h\ q) \rangle$
 $| \langle peval\ g\ h\ (p \longrightarrow_! q) = (peval\ g\ h\ p \longrightarrow peval\ g\ h\ q) \rangle$
 $| \langle peval\ -\ h\ (K_! i\ p) = h\ (K_! i\ p) \rangle$
 $| \langle peval\ -\ h\ ([r]_! p) = h\ ([r]_! p) \rangle$

abbreviation $\langle ptautology\ p \equiv \forall g\ h. peval\ g\ h\ p \rangle$

inductive $PAK :: \langle ('i\ pfm \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('i\ pfm \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'i\ pfm \Rightarrow bool \rangle$
 $\langle \langle -; -\ \vdash_! \rightarrow [50, 50, 50] 50 \rangle$

for $A\ B :: \langle 'i\ pfm \Rightarrow bool \rangle$ **where**

$PA1: \langle ptautology\ p \Longrightarrow A; B\ \vdash_! p \rangle$
 $| PA2: \langle A; B\ \vdash_! K_! i\ p \wedge_! K_! i\ (p \longrightarrow_! q) \longrightarrow_! K_! i\ q \rangle$
 $| PAx: \langle A\ p \Longrightarrow A; B\ \vdash_! p \rangle$
 $| PR1: \langle A; B\ \vdash_! p \Longrightarrow A; B\ \vdash_! p \longrightarrow_! q \Longrightarrow A; B\ \vdash_! q \rangle$
 $| PR2: \langle A; B\ \vdash_! p \Longrightarrow A; B\ \vdash_! K_! i\ p \rangle$
 $| PAnn: \langle A; B\ \vdash_! p \Longrightarrow B\ r \Longrightarrow A; B\ \vdash_! [r]_! p \rangle$
 $| PFF: \langle A; B\ \vdash_! [r]_! \perp_! \longleftarrow_! (r \longrightarrow_! \perp_!) \rangle$
 $| PPro: \langle A; B\ \vdash_! [r]_! Pro_! x \longleftarrow_! (r \longrightarrow_! Pro_! x) \rangle$
 $| PDis: \langle A; B\ \vdash_! [r]_! (p \vee_! q) \longleftarrow_! [r]_! p \vee_! [r]_! q \rangle$
 $| PCon: \langle A; B\ \vdash_! [r]_! (p \wedge_! q) \longleftarrow_! [r]_! p \wedge_! [r]_! q \rangle$
 $| PImp: \langle A; B\ \vdash_! [r]_! (p \longrightarrow_! q) \longleftarrow_! ([r]_! p \longrightarrow_! [r]_! q) \rangle$
 $| PK: \langle A; B\ \vdash_! [r]_! K_! i\ p \longleftarrow_! (r \longrightarrow_! K_! i\ ([r]_! p)) \rangle$

abbreviation $PAK\text{-}assms \langle \langle -; -; -\ \vdash_! \rightarrow [50, 50, 50, 50] 50 \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle A; B; G\ \vdash_! p \equiv \exists qs. set\ qs \subseteq G \wedge (A; B\ \vdash_! qs \rightsquigarrow_! p) \rangle$

lemma $eval\text{-}peval: \langle eval\ h\ (g\ o\ lift)\ p = peval\ h\ g\ (lift\ p) \rangle$
by $(induct\ p)\ simp\text{-}all$

lemma $tautology\text{-}ptautology: \langle tautology\ p \Longrightarrow ptautology\ (lift\ p) \rangle$
using $eval\text{-}peval$ **by** $blast$

theorem $AK\text{-}PAK: \langle A\ o\ lift\ \vdash\ p \Longrightarrow A; B\ \vdash_! lift\ p \rangle$
by $(induct\ p\ rule: AK.induct)\ (auto\ intro: PAK.intros(1-5)\ simp: tautology\text{-}ptautology)$

abbreviation $validP$

$:: \langle ((('i, 'i\ fm\ set)\ kripke \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'i\ pfm\ set \Rightarrow 'i\ pfm \Rightarrow bool) \rangle$
 $\langle \langle -; -\ \models_! \rightarrow [50, 50, 50] 50 \rangle$
where $\langle P; G\ \models_! p \equiv P; G\ \models_! \star\ p \rangle$

lemma $set\text{-}map\text{-}inv:$

assumes $\langle set\ xs \subseteq f\ 'X \rangle$
shows $\langle \exists ys. set\ ys \subseteq X \wedge map\ f\ ys = xs \rangle$

using *assms*
proof (*induct xs*)
case (*Cons x xs*)
then obtain *ys* **where** $\langle \text{set } ys \subseteq X \rangle \langle \text{map } f \text{ } ys = xs \rangle$
by *auto*
moreover obtain *y* **where** $\langle y \in X \rangle \langle f \text{ } y = x \rangle$
using *Cons.prem*s **by** *auto*
ultimately have $\langle \text{set } (y \# ys) \subseteq X \rangle \langle \text{map } f \text{ } (y \# ys) = x \# xs \rangle$
by *simp-all*
then show *?case*
by *meson*
qed *simp*

lemma *strong-static-completeness'*:
assumes $\langle \text{static } p \rangle$ **and** $\langle \forall q \in G. \text{static } q \rangle$ **and** $\langle P; G \models_! p \rangle$
and $\langle P; \text{lower } 'G \models_\star \text{lower } p \implies A \text{ o lift; lower } 'G \vdash \text{lower } p \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B; G \vdash_! p \rangle$
proof –
have $\langle P; \text{lower } 'G \models_\star \text{lower } p \rangle$
using *assms* **by** (*simp add: lower-semantics*)
then have $\langle A \text{ o lift; lower } 'G \vdash \text{lower } p \rangle$
using *assms*(4) **by** *blast*
then obtain *qs* **where** $\langle \text{set } qs \subseteq G \rangle$ **and** $\langle A \text{ o lift } \vdash \text{map lower } qs \rightsquigarrow \text{lower } p \rangle$
using *set-map-inv* **by** *blast*
then have $\langle A; B \vdash_! \text{lift } (\text{map lower } qs \rightsquigarrow \text{lower } p) \rangle$
using *AK-PAK* **by** *fast*
then have $\langle A; B \vdash_! \text{map lift } (\text{map lower } qs) \rightsquigarrow_! \text{lift } (\text{lower } p) \rangle$
using *lift-impl*yP **by** *metis*
then have $\langle A; B \vdash_! \text{map } (\text{lift o lower}) \text{ } qs \rightsquigarrow_! \text{lift } (\text{lower } p) \rangle$
by *simp*
then show *?thesis*
using *assms*(1–2) $\langle \text{set } qs \subseteq G \rangle$ *lift-lower*
by (*metis* (*mono-tags*, *lifting*) *comp-apply map-idI subset-eq*)
qed

theorem *strong-static-completeness*:
assumes $\langle \text{static } p \rangle$ **and** $\langle \forall q \in G. \text{static } q \rangle$ **and** $\langle P; G \models_! p \rangle$
and $\langle \bigwedge G \text{ } p. P; G \models p \implies A \text{ o lift; } G \vdash p \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B; G \vdash_! p \rangle$
using *strong-static-completeness'* *assms* .

corollary *static-completeness'*:
assumes $\langle \text{static } p \rangle$ **and** $\langle P; \{\} \models_! \star p \rangle$
and $\langle P; \{\} \models \text{lower } p \implies A \text{ o lift } \vdash \text{lower } p \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \rangle$
using *assms* *strong-static-completeness'*[**where** $G = \{\}$ **and** $p = p$] **by** *simp*

corollary *static-completeness*:
assumes $\langle \text{static } p \rangle$ **and** $\langle P; \{\} \models_! \star p \rangle$ **and** $\langle \bigwedge p. P; \{\} \models p \implies A \text{ o lift } \vdash p \rangle$

shows $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \rangle$
using *static-completeness'* *assms* .

corollary

assumes $\langle \text{static } p \rangle \langle (\lambda-. \text{True}); \{\} \Vdash_! p \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \rangle$
using *assms static-completeness*[**where** $P = \langle \lambda-. \text{True} \rangle$ **and** $p = p$] *completeness_A*
by *blast*

6 Soundness

lemma *peval-semantic*:

$\langle \text{peval } (\text{val } w) (\lambda q. (\mathcal{W} = W, \mathcal{K} = r, \pi = \text{val}), w \Vdash_! q) p = ((\mathcal{W} = W, \mathcal{K} = r, \pi = \text{val}), w \Vdash_! p) \rangle$
by (*induct p*) *simp-all*

lemma *ptautology*:

assumes $\langle \text{ptautology } p \rangle$
shows $\langle M, w \Vdash_! p \rangle$

proof –

from *assms* **have** $\langle \text{peval } (g \ w) (\lambda q. (\mathcal{W} = W, \mathcal{K} = r, \pi = g), w \Vdash_! q) p \rangle$ **for**
 $W \ g \ r$

by *simp*

then have $\langle (\mathcal{W} = W, \mathcal{K} = r, \pi = g), w \Vdash_! p \rangle$ **for** $W \ g \ r$

using *peval-semantic* **by** *fast*

then show $\langle M, w \Vdash_! p \rangle$

by (*metis kripke.cases*)

qed

theorem *soundness_P*:

assumes

$\langle \bigwedge M \ p \ w. A \ p \Longrightarrow P \ M \Longrightarrow w \in \mathcal{W} \ M \Longrightarrow M, w \Vdash_! p \rangle$

$\langle \bigwedge M \ r. P \ M \Longrightarrow B \ r \Longrightarrow P \ (M[r!]) \rangle$

shows $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \Longrightarrow P \ M \Longrightarrow w \in \mathcal{W} \ M \Longrightarrow M, w \Vdash_! p \rangle$

proof (*induct p arbitrary: M w rule: PAK.induct*)

case (*PAnn p r*)

then show *?case*

using *assms* **by** *simp*

qed (*simp-all add: assms ptautology*)

corollary $\langle (\lambda-. \text{False}); B \vdash_! p \Longrightarrow w \in \mathcal{W} \ M \Longrightarrow M, w \Vdash_! p \rangle$

using *soundness_P*[**where** $P = \langle \lambda-. \text{True} \rangle$] **by** *metis*

7 Strong Soundness

lemma *ptautology-imply-superset*:

assumes $\langle \text{set } ps \subseteq \text{set } qs \rangle$

shows $\langle \text{ptautology } (ps \rightsquigarrow_! r \longrightarrow_! qs \rightsquigarrow_! r) \rangle$

proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume $\langle \neg ?thesis \rangle$
then obtain $g\ h$ **where** $\langle \neg \text{peval } g\ h\ (ps \rightsquigarrow! r \longrightarrow! qs \rightsquigarrow! r) \rangle$
by *blast*
then have $\langle \text{peval } g\ h\ (ps \rightsquigarrow! r) \rangle \langle \neg \text{peval } g\ h\ (qs \rightsquigarrow! r) \rangle$
by *simp-all*
then consider (*np*) $\langle \exists p \in \text{set } ps. \neg \text{peval } g\ h\ p \rangle \mid (r) \langle \forall p \in \text{set } ps. \text{peval } g\ h\ p \rangle$
 $\langle \text{peval } g\ h\ r \rangle$
by (*induct ps*) *auto*
then show *False*
proof *cases*
case *np*
then have $\langle \exists p \in \text{set } qs. \neg \text{peval } g\ h\ p \rangle$
using $\langle \text{set } ps \subseteq \text{set } qs \rangle$ **by** *blast*
then have $\langle \text{peval } g\ h\ (qs \rightsquigarrow! r) \rangle$
by (*induct qs*) *simp-all*
then show *?thesis*
using $\langle \neg \text{peval } g\ h\ (qs \rightsquigarrow! r) \rangle$ **by** *blast*
next
case *r*
then have $\langle \text{peval } g\ h\ (qs \rightsquigarrow! r) \rangle$
by (*induct qs*) *simp-all*
then show *?thesis*
using $\langle \neg \text{peval } g\ h\ (qs \rightsquigarrow! r) \rangle$ **by** *blast*
qed
qed

lemma *PK-imp-weakn*:
assumes $\langle A; B \vdash! ps \rightsquigarrow! q \rangle \langle \text{set } ps \subseteq \text{set } ps' \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B \vdash! ps' \rightsquigarrow! q \rangle$
proof –
have $\langle \text{ptautology } (ps \rightsquigarrow! q \longrightarrow! ps' \rightsquigarrow! q) \rangle$
using $\langle \text{set } ps \subseteq \text{set } ps' \rangle$ *ptautology-imp-superset* **by** *blast*
then have $\langle A; B \vdash! ps \rightsquigarrow! q \longrightarrow! ps' \rightsquigarrow! q \rangle$
using *PA1* **by** *blast*
then show *?thesis*
using $\langle A; B \vdash! ps \rightsquigarrow! q \rangle$ *PR1* **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *imp-APPEND*: $\langle (ps @ ps' \rightsquigarrow! q) = (ps \rightsquigarrow! ps' \rightsquigarrow! q) \rangle$
by (*induct ps*) *simp-all*

lemma *PK-IMP1*:
assumes $\langle A; B \vdash! p \# G \rightsquigarrow! q \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B \vdash! G \rightsquigarrow! (p \longrightarrow! q) \rangle$
proof –
have $\langle \text{set } (p \# G) \subseteq \text{set } (G @ [p]) \rangle$
by *simp*
then have $\langle A; B \vdash! G @ [p] \rightsquigarrow! q \rangle$

using *assms PK-imply-weaken by blast*
then have $\langle A; B \vdash_! G \rightsquigarrow_! [p] \rightsquigarrow_! q \rangle$
using *implyP-append by metis*
then show *?thesis*
by *simp*
qed

corollary *soundness-implyP:*

assumes
 $\langle \bigwedge M p w. A p \implies P M \implies w \in \mathcal{W} M \implies M, w \models_! p \rangle$
 $\langle \bigwedge M r. P M \implies B r \implies P (M[r!]) \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B \vdash_! qs \rightsquigarrow_! p \implies P M \implies w \in \mathcal{W} M \implies \forall q \in \text{set } qs. M, w \models_! q \implies M, w \models_! p \rangle$
proof (*induct qs arbitrary: p*)
case *Nil*
then show *?case*
using *soundnessP[of A P B p M w] assms by simp*
next
case (*Cons q qs*)
then show *?case*
using *PK-ImpI by fastforce*
qed

theorem *strong-soundnessP:*

assumes
 $\langle \bigwedge M w p. A p \implies P M \implies w \in \mathcal{W} M \implies M, w \models_! p \rangle$
 $\langle \bigwedge M r. P M \implies B r \implies P (M[r!]) \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B; G \vdash_! p \implies P; G \models_! \star p \rangle$
proof *safe*
fix *qs w and M :: $\langle ('a, 'b) \text{ kripke} \rangle$*
assume $\langle A; B \vdash_! qs \rightsquigarrow_! p \rangle$
moreover assume $\langle \text{set } qs \subseteq G \rangle \langle \forall q \in G. M, w \models_! q \rangle$
then have $\langle \forall q \in \text{set } qs. M, w \models_! q \rangle$
using $\langle \text{set } qs \subseteq G \rangle$ **by** *blast*
moreover assume $\langle P M \rangle \langle w \in \mathcal{W} M \rangle$
ultimately show $\langle M, w \models_! p \rangle$
using *soundness-implyP[of A P B qs p] assms by blast*
qed

8 Completeness

lemma *ConE:*

assumes $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \wedge_! q \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \rangle \langle A; B \vdash_! q \rangle$
using *assms by (metis PA1 PR1 peval.simps(4-5))+*

lemma *Iff-Dis:*

assumes $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \longleftrightarrow_! p' \rangle \langle A; B \vdash_! q \longleftrightarrow_! q' \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B \vdash_! ((p \vee_! q) \longleftrightarrow_! (p' \vee_! q')) \rangle$

proof –
have $\langle A; B \vdash_! (p \longleftrightarrow_! p') \longrightarrow_! (q \longleftrightarrow_! q') \longrightarrow_! ((p \vee_! q) \longleftrightarrow_! (p' \vee_! q')) \rangle$
by (*simp add: PA1*)
then show *?thesis*
using *assms PR1* **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *Iff-Con*:
assumes $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \longleftrightarrow_! p' \rangle \langle A; B \vdash_! q \longleftrightarrow_! q' \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B \vdash_! (p \wedge_! q) \longleftrightarrow_! (p' \wedge_! q') \rangle$
proof –
have $\langle A; B \vdash_! (p \longleftrightarrow_! p') \longrightarrow_! (q \longleftrightarrow_! q') \longrightarrow_! ((p \wedge_! q) \longleftrightarrow_! (p' \wedge_! q')) \rangle$
by (*simp add: PA1*)
then show *?thesis*
using *assms PR1* **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *Iff-Imp*:
assumes $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \longleftrightarrow_! p' \rangle \langle A; B \vdash_! q \longleftrightarrow_! q' \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B \vdash_! ((p \longrightarrow_! q) \longleftrightarrow_! (p' \longrightarrow_! q')) \rangle$
proof –
have $\langle A; B \vdash_! (p \longleftrightarrow_! p') \longrightarrow_! (q \longleftrightarrow_! q') \longrightarrow_! ((p \longrightarrow_! q) \longleftrightarrow_! (p' \longrightarrow_! q')) \rangle$
by (*simp add: PA1*)
then show *?thesis*
using *assms PR1* **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *Iff-sym*: $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \longleftrightarrow_! q \rangle = \langle A; B \vdash_! q \longleftrightarrow_! p \rangle$
proof –
have $\langle A; B \vdash_! (p \longleftrightarrow_! q) \longleftrightarrow_! (q \longleftrightarrow_! p) \rangle$
by (*simp add: PA1*)
then show *?thesis*
using *PR1 ConE* **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *Iff-Iff*:
assumes $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \longleftrightarrow_! p' \rangle \langle A; B \vdash_! p \longleftrightarrow_! q \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B \vdash_! p' \longleftrightarrow_! q \rangle$
proof –
have $\langle \text{ptautology } ((p \longleftrightarrow_! p') \longrightarrow_! (p \longleftrightarrow_! q) \longrightarrow_! (p' \longleftrightarrow_! q)) \rangle$
by (*metis peval.simps(4-5)*)
with *PA1* **have** $\langle A; B \vdash_! (p \longleftrightarrow_! p') \longrightarrow_! (p \longleftrightarrow_! q) \longrightarrow_! (p' \longleftrightarrow_! q) \rangle$.
then show *?thesis*
using *assms PR1* **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *K'-A2'*: $\langle A; B \vdash_! K_! i (p \longrightarrow_! q) \longrightarrow_! K_! i p \longrightarrow_! K_! i q \rangle$
proof –

have $\langle A; B \vdash_! K_! i p \wedge_! K_! i (p \longrightarrow_! q) \longrightarrow_! K_! i q \rangle$
using *PA2* **by** *fast*
moreover have $\langle A; B \vdash_! (P \wedge_! Q \longrightarrow_! R) \longrightarrow_! (Q \longrightarrow_! P \longrightarrow_! R) \rangle$ **for** $P Q$
R
by (*simp add: PA1*)
ultimately show *?thesis*
using *PR1* **by** *fast*
qed

lemma *K'-map*:
assumes $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \longrightarrow_! q \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B \vdash_! K_! i p \longrightarrow_! K_! i q \rangle$
proof –
note $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \longrightarrow_! q \rangle$
then have $\langle A; B \vdash_! K_! i (p \longrightarrow_! q) \rangle$
using *PR2* **by** *fast*
moreover have $\langle A; B \vdash_! K_! i (p \longrightarrow_! q) \longrightarrow_! K_! i p \longrightarrow_! K_! i q \rangle$
using *K'-A2'* **by** *fast*
ultimately show *?thesis*
using *PR1* **by** *fast*
qed

lemma *ConI*:
assumes $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \rangle \langle A; B \vdash_! q \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \wedge_! q \rangle$
proof –
have $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \longrightarrow_! q \longrightarrow_! p \wedge_! q \rangle$
by (*simp add: PA1*)
then show *?thesis*
using *assms PR1* **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *Iff-wk*:
assumes $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \longleftrightarrow_! q \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B \vdash_! (r \longrightarrow_! p) \longleftrightarrow_! (r \longrightarrow_! q) \rangle$
proof –
have $\langle A; B \vdash_! (p \longleftrightarrow_! q) \longrightarrow_! ((r \longrightarrow_! p) \longleftrightarrow_! (r \longrightarrow_! q)) \rangle$
by (*simp add: PA1*)
then show *?thesis*
using *assms PR1* **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *Iff-reduce'*:
assumes $\langle \text{static } p \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B \vdash_! [r]_! p \longleftrightarrow_! \text{reduce}' r p \rangle$
using *assms*
proof (*induct p rule: pfm.induct*)
case *FF*
then show *?case*

```

    by (simp add: PFF)
next
case (Pro' x)
then show ?case
  by (simp add: PPro)
next
case (Dis p q)
then have ⟨A; B ⊢! [r]! p ∨! [r]! q ⟷! reduce' r (p ∨! q)⟩
  using Iff-Dis by fastforce
moreover have ⟨A; B ⊢! ([r]! p ∨! [r]! q) ⟷! ([r]! (p ∨! q))⟩
  using PDis Iff-sym by fastforce
ultimately show ?case
  using PA1 PR1 Iff-Iff by blast
next
case (Con p q)
then have ⟨A; B ⊢! [r]! p ∧! [r]! q ⟷! reduce' r (p ∧! q)⟩
  using Iff-Con by fastforce
moreover have ⟨A; B ⊢! ([r]! p ∧! [r]! q) ⟷! ([r]! (p ∧! q))⟩
  using PCon Iff-sym by fastforce
ultimately show ?case
  using PA1 PR1 Iff-Iff by blast
next
case (Imp p q)
then have ⟨A; B ⊢! ([r]! p ⟶! [r]! q) ⟷! reduce' r (p ⟶! q)⟩
  using Iff-Imp by fastforce
moreover have ⟨A; B ⊢! ([r]! p ⟶! [r]! q) ⟷! ([r]! (p ⟶! q))⟩
  using PImp Iff-sym by fastforce
ultimately show ?case
  using PA1 PR1 Iff-Iff by blast
next
case (K' i p)
then have ⟨A; B ⊢! [r]! p ⟷! reduce' r p⟩
  by simp
then have ⟨A; B ⊢! K! i ([r]! p) ⟷! K! i (reduce' r p)⟩
  using K'-map ConE ConI by metis
moreover have ⟨A; B ⊢! [r]! K! i p ⟷! r ⟶! K! i ([r]! p)⟩
  using PK .
ultimately have ⟨A; B ⊢! [r]! K! i p ⟷! r ⟶! K! i (reduce' r p)⟩
  by (meson Iff-Iff Iff-sym Iff-wk)
then show ?case
  by simp
next
case (Ann r p)
then show ?case
  by simp
qed

```

lemma Iff-Ann1:

assumes $r: \langle A; B \vdash_! r \longleftrightarrow_! r' \rangle$ and $\langle \text{static } p \rangle$

```

shows  $\langle A; B \vdash_! [r]_! p \longleftrightarrow_! [r']_! p \rangle$ 
using assms(2-)
proof (induct p)
  case FF
  have  $\langle A; B \vdash_! (r \longleftrightarrow_! r') \longrightarrow_! ((r \longrightarrow_! \perp_!) \longleftrightarrow_! (r' \longrightarrow_! \perp_!)) \rangle$ 
    by (auto intro: PA1)
  then have  $\langle A; B \vdash_! (r \longrightarrow_! \perp_!) \longleftrightarrow_! (r' \longrightarrow_! \perp_!) \rangle$ 
    using r PR1 by blast
  then show ?case
    by (meson PFF Iff-Iff Iff-sym)
  next
  case (Pro' x)
  have  $\langle A; B \vdash_! (r \longleftrightarrow_! r') \longrightarrow_! ((r \longrightarrow_! \text{Pro}_! x) \longleftrightarrow_! (r' \longrightarrow_! \text{Pro}_! x)) \rangle$ 
    by (auto intro: PA1)
  then have  $\langle A; B \vdash_! (r \longrightarrow_! \text{Pro}_! x) \longleftrightarrow_! (r' \longrightarrow_! \text{Pro}_! x) \rangle$ 
    using r PR1 by blast
  then show ?case
    by (meson PPro Iff-Iff Iff-sym)
  next
  case (Dis p q)
  then have  $\langle A; B \vdash_! [r]_! p \vee_! [r]_! q \longleftrightarrow_! [r']_! p \vee_! [r']_! q \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: Iff-Dis)
  then show ?case
    by (meson PDis Iff-Iff Iff-sym)
  next
  case (Con p q)
  then have  $\langle A; B \vdash_! [r]_! p \wedge_! [r]_! q \longleftrightarrow_! [r']_! p \wedge_! [r']_! q \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: Iff-Con)
  then show ?case
    by (meson PCon Iff-Iff Iff-sym)
  next
  case (Imp p q)
  then have  $\langle A; B \vdash_! ([r]_! p \longrightarrow_! [r]_! q) \longleftrightarrow_! ([r']_! p \longrightarrow_! [r']_! q) \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: Iff-Imp)
  then show ?case
    by (meson PImp Iff-Iff Iff-sym)
  next
  case (K' i p)
  then have  $\langle A; B \vdash_! [r]_! p \longleftrightarrow_! [r']_! p \rangle$ 
    by simp
  then have  $\langle A; B \vdash_! K_! i ([r]_! p) \longleftrightarrow_! K_! i ([r']_! p) \rangle$ 
    using K'-map ConE ConI by metis
  then show ?case
    by (meson Iff-Iff Iff-Imp Iff-sym PK r)
  next
  case (Ann s p)
  then show ?case
    by simp
qed

```

```

lemma Iff-Ann2:
  assumes  $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \longleftrightarrow_! p' \rangle$  and  $\langle B r \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle A; B \vdash_! [r]_! p \longleftrightarrow_! [r]_! p' \rangle$ 
  using assms PAnn ConE ConI PImp PR1 by metis

lemma Iff-reduce:
  assumes  $\langle \forall r \in \text{anns } p. B r \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \longleftrightarrow_! \text{reduce } p \rangle$ 
  using assms
proof (induct p)
  case (Dis p q)
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: Iff-Dis)
next
  case (Con p q)
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: Iff-Con)
next
  case (Imp p q)
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: Iff-Imp)
next
  case (K' i p)
  then have
     $\langle A; B \vdash_! K_! i p \longrightarrow_! K_! i (\text{reduce } p) \rangle$ 
     $\langle A; B \vdash_! K_! i (\text{reduce } p) \longrightarrow_! K_! i p \rangle$ 
    using K'-map ConE by fastforce+
  then have  $\langle A; B \vdash_! K_! i p \longleftrightarrow_! K_! i (\text{reduce } p) \rangle$ 
    using ConI by blast
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
  case (Ann r p)
  then have  $\langle B r \rangle$ 
    by simp
  have  $\langle A; B \vdash_! [\text{reduce } r]_! \text{reduce } p \longleftrightarrow_! \text{reduce}' (\text{reduce } r) (\text{reduce } p) \rangle$ 
    using Iff-reduce' static-reduce by blast
  moreover have  $\langle A; B \vdash_! [r]_! \text{reduce } p \longleftrightarrow_! [r]_! \text{reduce } p \rangle$ 
    using Ann Iff-Ann1 static-reduce by fastforce
  ultimately have  $\langle A; B \vdash_! [r]_! \text{reduce } p \longleftrightarrow_! \text{reduce}' (\text{reduce } r) (\text{reduce } p) \rangle$ 
    using Iff-Iff Iff-sym by blast
  moreover have  $\langle \forall r \in \text{anns } p. B r \rangle$ 
    using Ann.prems by simp
  then have  $\langle A; B \vdash_! p \longleftrightarrow_! \text{reduce } p \rangle$ 
    using Ann.hyps(2) by blast
  then have  $\langle A; B \vdash_! [r]_! \text{reduce } p \longleftrightarrow_! [r]_! p \rangle$ 
    using  $\langle B r \rangle$  Iff-Ann2 Iff-sym by blast
  ultimately have  $\langle A; B \vdash_! [r]_! p \longleftrightarrow_! \text{reduce}' (\text{reduce } r) (\text{reduce } p) \rangle$ 

```

using *Iff-Iff* **by** *blast*
then show *?case*
by *simp*
qed (*simp-all add: PA1*)

lemma *anns-implyP* [*simp*]:
 $\langle \text{anns } (ps \rightsquigarrow_! q) = \text{anns } q \cup (\bigcup p \in \text{set } ps. \text{anns } p) \rangle$
by (*induct ps*) *auto*

lemma *strong-completeness_{P'}*:
assumes $\langle P; G \models_! p \rangle$
and $\langle \forall r \in \text{anns } p. B \ r \rangle \langle \forall q \in G. \forall r \in \text{anns } q. B \ r \rangle$
and $\langle P; \text{lower } \langle \text{reduce } \langle G \models_\star \text{lower } (\text{reduce } p) \rangle \implies$
 $A \ o \ \text{lift}; \text{lower } \langle \text{reduce } \langle G \vdash \text{lower } (\text{reduce } p) \rangle \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B; G \vdash_! p \rangle$
proof –
have $\langle P; \text{reduce } \langle G \models_\star \text{reduce } p \rangle$
using *assms(1) reduce-semantic* **by** *fast*
moreover have $\langle \text{static } (\text{reduce } p) \rangle \langle \forall q \in \text{reduce } \langle G. \text{static } q \rangle$
using *static-reduce* **by** *fast+*
ultimately have $\langle A; B; \text{reduce } \langle G \vdash_! \text{reduce } p \rangle$
using *assms(4) strong-static-completeness'* [**where** $G = \langle \text{reduce } \langle G \rangle$ **and** $p = \langle \text{reduce } p \rangle$]
by *presburger*
then have $\langle \exists qs. \text{set } qs \subseteq G \wedge (A; B \vdash_! \text{map } \text{reduce } qs \rightsquigarrow_! \text{reduce } p) \rangle$
using *set-map-inv* **by** *fast*
then obtain *qs* **where** $qs: \langle \text{set } qs \subseteq G \rangle$ **and** $\langle A; B \vdash_! \text{map } \text{reduce } qs \rightsquigarrow_! \text{reduce } p \rangle$
by *blast*
then have $\langle A; B \vdash_! \text{reduce } (qs \rightsquigarrow_! p) \rangle$
using *reduce-implyP* **by** *metis*
moreover have $\langle \forall r \in \text{anns } (qs \rightsquigarrow_! p). B \ r \rangle$
using *assms(2-3) qs* **by** *auto*
then have $\langle A; B \vdash_! qs \rightsquigarrow_! p \iff \text{reduce } (qs \rightsquigarrow_! p) \rangle$
using *Iff-reduce* **by** *blast*
ultimately have $\langle A; B \vdash_! qs \rightsquigarrow_! p \rangle$
using *ConE(2) PR1* **by** *blast*
then show *?thesis*
using *qs* **by** *blast*
qed

theorem *strong-completeness_P*:
assumes $\langle P; G \models_! p \rangle$
and $\langle \forall r \in \text{anns } p. B \ r \rangle \langle \forall q \in G. \forall r \in \text{anns } q. B \ r \rangle$
and $\langle \bigwedge G \ p. P; G \models_\star p \implies A \ o \ \text{lift}; G \vdash p \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B; G \vdash_! p \rangle$
using *strong-completeness_{P'} assms* .

theorem *main_P*:

assumes $\langle \bigwedge M w p. A p \implies P M \implies w \in \mathcal{W} M \implies M, w \Vdash! p \rangle$
and $\langle \bigwedge M r. P M \implies B r \implies P (M[r!]) \rangle$
and $\langle \forall r \in \text{anns } p. B r \rangle \langle \forall q \in G. \forall r \in \text{anns } q. B r \rangle$
and $\langle \bigwedge G p. P; G \Vdash! \star p \implies A \text{ o lift}; G \vdash! p \rangle$
shows $\langle P; G \Vdash! p \longleftrightarrow A; B; G \vdash! p \rangle$
using *strong-soundness_P*[of $A P B G p$] *strong-completeness_P*[of $P G p B A$]
assms by blast

corollary *strong-completeness_{PB}*:

assumes $\langle P; G \Vdash! p \rangle$
and $\langle \bigwedge G p. P; G \Vdash! \star p \implies A \text{ o lift}; G \vdash! p \rangle$
shows $\langle A; (\lambda-. \text{True}); G \vdash! p \rangle$
using *strong-completeness_P*[**where** $B = \langle \lambda-. \text{True} \rangle$] *assms by blast*

corollary *completeness_{P'}*:

assumes $\langle P; \{\} \Vdash! p \rangle$
and $\langle \forall r \in \text{anns } p. B r \rangle$
and $\langle \bigwedge p. P; \{\} \Vdash! \text{lower } p \implies A \text{ o lift} \vdash! \text{lower } p \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B \vdash! p \rangle$
using *assms strong-completeness_{P'}*[**where** $P = P$ **and** $G = \{\}$] *by simp*

corollary *completeness_P*:

assumes $\langle P; \{\} \Vdash! p \rangle$
and $\langle \forall r \in \text{anns } p. B r \rangle$
and $\langle \bigwedge p. P; \{\} \Vdash! p \implies A \text{ o lift} \vdash! p \rangle$
shows $\langle A; B \vdash! p \rangle$
using *completeness_{P'}* *assms* .

corollary *completeness_{PA}*:

assumes $\langle (\lambda-. \text{True}); \{\} \Vdash! p \rangle$
shows $\langle A; (\lambda-. \text{True}) \vdash! p \rangle$
using *assms completeness_P*[of $\langle \lambda-. \text{True} \rangle p \langle \lambda-. \text{True} \rangle$] *completeness_A* **by blast**

9 System PAL + K

abbreviation *SystemPK* ($\langle \vdash!_K \rightarrow [50, 50] 50 \rangle$) **where**

$\langle G \vdash!_K p \equiv (\lambda-. \text{False}); (\lambda-. \text{True}); G \vdash! p \rangle$

lemma *strong-soundness_{PK}*: $\langle G \vdash!_K p \implies (\lambda-. \text{True}); G \Vdash! \star p \rangle$

using *strong-soundness_P*[of $\langle \lambda-. \text{False} \rangle \langle \lambda-. \text{True} \rangle$] **by fast**

abbreviation *validPK* ($\langle \Vdash!_K \rightarrow [50, 50] 50 \rangle$) **where**

$\langle G \Vdash!_K p \equiv (\lambda-. \text{True}); G \Vdash! p \rangle$

lemma *strong-completeness_{PK}*:

assumes $\langle G \Vdash!_K p \rangle$

shows $\langle G \vdash!_K p \rangle$

using *strong-completeness_{PB}* *assms strong-completeness_K* **unfolding comp-apply**

.

theorem $main_{PK}$: $\langle G \Vdash_K p \longleftrightarrow G \vdash_K p \rangle$
using $strong\text{-}soundness_{PK}$ [of $G p$] $strong\text{-}completeness_{PK}$ [of $G p$] **by fast**

corollary $\langle G \Vdash_K p \implies (\lambda\cdot True); G \Vdash_{!}\star p \rangle$
using $strong\text{-}soundness_{PK}$ [of $G p$] $strong\text{-}completeness_{PK}$ [of $G p$] **by fast**

10 System PAL + T

Also known as System PAL + M

inductive $AxPT$:: $\langle 'i pfm \Rightarrow bool \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle AxPT (K! i p \longrightarrow! p) \rangle$

abbreviation $SystemPT$ ($\langle \cdot \vdash_T \rightarrow [50, 50] 50 \rangle$) **where**
 $\langle G \vdash_T p \equiv AxPT; (\lambda\cdot True); G \vdash! p \rangle$

lemma $soundness\text{-}AxPT$: $\langle AxPT p \implies reflexive M \implies w \in \mathcal{W} M \implies M, w \Vdash! p \rangle$
unfolding $reflexive\text{-}def$ **by** ($induct p$ rule: $AxPT.induct$) $simp$

lemma $reflexive\text{-}restrict$: $\langle reflexive M \implies reflexive (M[r!]) \rangle$
unfolding $reflexive\text{-}def$ **by** $simp$

lemma $strong\text{-}soundness_{PT}$: $\langle G \vdash_T p \implies reflexive; G \Vdash_{!}\star p \rangle$
using $strong\text{-}soundness_P$ [of $AxPT$ reflexive $\langle \lambda\cdot True \rangle G p$]
 $soundness\text{-}AxPT$ $reflexive\text{-}restrict$ **by fast**

lemma $AxT\text{-}AxPT$: $\langle AxT = AxPT \circ lift \rangle$
unfolding $comp\text{-}apply$ **using** $lower\text{-}lift$
by ($metis AxPT.simps AxT.simps lift.simps(5-6) lower.simps(5-6)$)

abbreviation $validPT$ ($\langle \cdot \Vdash_T \rightarrow [50, 50] 50 \rangle$) **where**
 $\langle G \Vdash_T p \equiv reflexive; G \Vdash! p \rangle$

lemma $strong\text{-}completeness_{PT}$:
assumes $\langle G \Vdash_T p \rangle$
shows $\langle G \vdash_T p \rangle$
using $strong\text{-}completeness_{PB}$ $assms$ $strong\text{-}completeness_T$ **unfolding** $AxT\text{-}AxPT$
 \cdot

theorem $main_{PT}$: $\langle G \Vdash_T p \longleftrightarrow G \vdash_T p \rangle$
using $strong\text{-}soundness_{PT}$ [of $G p$] $strong\text{-}completeness_{PT}$ [of $G p$] **by fast**

corollary $\langle G \Vdash_T p \implies reflexive; G \Vdash_{!}\star p \rangle$
using $strong\text{-}soundness_{PT}$ [of $G p$] $strong\text{-}completeness_{PT}$ [of $G p$] **by fast**

11 System PAL + KB

inductive $AxPB$:: $\langle 'i \text{ pfm} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle AxPB (p \longrightarrow! K! i (L! i p)) \rangle$

abbreviation $SystemPKB$ ($\langle \vdash_{KB} \rightarrow [50, 50] 50 \rangle$) **where**
 $\langle G \vdash_{KB} p \equiv AxPB; (\lambda-. True); G \vdash! p \rangle$

lemma $soundness-AxPB$: $\langle AxPB p \Longrightarrow \text{symmetric } M \Longrightarrow w \in \mathcal{W} M \Longrightarrow M, w \models! p \rangle$
unfolding $symmetric-def$ **by** ($induct\ p\ rule: AxPB.induct$) *auto*

lemma $symmetric-restrict$: $\langle \text{symmetric } M \Longrightarrow \text{symmetric } (M[r!]) \rangle$
unfolding $symmetric-def$ **by** *simp*

lemma $strong-soundness_{PKB}$: $\langle G \vdash_{KB} p \Longrightarrow \text{symmetric}; G \models!_{\star} p \rangle$
using $strong-soundness_P$ [of $AxPB\ symmetric\ \langle \lambda-. True \rangle G\ p$]
 $soundness-AxPB\ symmetric-restrict$ **by** *fast*

lemma $AxB-AxPB$: $\langle AxB = AxPB \circ lift \rangle$

proof

fix p :: $\langle 'i \text{ fm} \rangle$

show $\langle AxB\ p = (AxPB \circ lift)\ p \rangle$

unfolding $comp-apply$ **using** $lower-lift$

by ($smt\ (verit, best)\ AxB.simps\ AxPB.simps\ lift.simps(1, 5-6)\ lower.simps(5-6)$)

qed

abbreviation $validPKB$ ($\langle \models_{KB} \rightarrow [50, 50] 50 \rangle$) **where**
 $\langle G \models_{KB} p \equiv \text{symmetric}; G \models! p \rangle$

lemma $strong-completeness_{PKB}$:

assumes $\langle G \models_{KB} p \rangle$

shows $\langle G \vdash_{KB} p \rangle$

using $strong-completeness_P$ $assms\ strong-completeness_{KB}$ **unfolding** $AxB-AxPB$

theorem $main_{PKB}$: $\langle G \models_{KB} p \longleftrightarrow G \vdash_{KB} p \rangle$

using $strong-soundness_{PKB}$ [of $G\ p$] $strong-completeness_{PKB}$ [of $G\ p$] **by** *fast*

corollary $\langle G \models_{KB} p \Longrightarrow \text{symmetric}; G \models!_{\star} p \rangle$

using $strong-soundness_{PKB}$ [of $G\ p$] $strong-completeness_{PKB}$ [of $G\ p$] **by** *fast*

12 System PAL + K4

inductive $AxP4$:: $\langle 'i \text{ pfm} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle AxP4 (K! i p \longrightarrow! K! i (K! i p)) \rangle$

abbreviation $SystemPK4$ ($\langle \vdash_{K4} \rightarrow [50, 50] 50 \rangle$) **where**
 $\langle G \vdash_{K4} p \equiv AxP4; (\lambda-. True); G \vdash! p \rangle$

lemma *pos-introspection*:

assumes $\langle \text{transitive } M \rangle \langle w \in \mathcal{W } M \rangle$
shows $\langle M, w \models_! (K_! i p \longrightarrow_! K_! i (K_! i p)) \rangle$

proof –

{ **assume** $\langle M, w \models_! K_! i p \rangle$
then have $\langle \forall v \in \mathcal{W } M \cap \mathcal{K } M i w. M, v \models_! p \rangle$
by *simp*
then have $\langle \forall v \in \mathcal{W } M \cap \mathcal{K } M i w. \forall u \in \mathcal{W } M \cap \mathcal{K } M i v. M, u \models_! p \rangle$
using $\langle \text{transitive } M \rangle \langle w \in \mathcal{W } M \rangle$ **unfolding** *transitive-def* **by** *blast*
then have $\langle \forall v \in \mathcal{W } M \cap \mathcal{K } M i w. M, v \models_! K_! i p \rangle$
by *simp*
then have $\langle M, w \models_! K_! i (K_! i p) \rangle$
by *simp* }
then show *?thesis*
by *fastforce*

qed

lemma *soundness-AxP4*: $\langle \text{AxP4 } p \implies \text{transitive } M \implies w \in \mathcal{W } M \implies M, w \models_! p \rangle$

by (*induct p rule: AxP4.induct*) (*metis pos-introspection*)

lemma *transitive-restrict*: $\langle \text{transitive } M \implies \text{transitive } (M[r!]) \rangle$

unfolding *transitive-def* **by** (*cases M*) (*metis (no-types, lifting) frame.select-convs(1–2) frame.update-convs(1) mem-Collect-eq restrict.simps*)

lemma *strong-soundness_{PK4}*: $\langle G \vdash_{!K4} p \implies \text{transitive}; G \models_{! \star} p \rangle$

using *strong-soundness_P* [*of AxP4 transitive* $\langle \lambda-. \text{True} \rangle G p$]
soundness-AxP4 transitive-restrict **by** *fast*

lemma *Ax4-AxP4*: $\langle \text{Ax4} = \text{AxP4} \circ \text{lift} \rangle$

proof

fix $p :: \langle 'i \text{ fm} \rangle$
show $\langle \text{Ax4 } p = (\text{AxP4} \circ \text{lift}) p \rangle$
unfolding *comp-apply* **using** *lower-lift*
by (*smt (verit, best) Ax4.simps AxP4.simps lift.simps(1, 5–6) lower.simps(5–6)*)

qed

abbreviation *validPK4* ($\langle - \models_{!K4} - \rangle [50, 50] 50$) **where**

$\langle G \models_{!K4} p \equiv \text{transitive}; G \models_! p \rangle$

lemma *strong-completeness_{PK4}*:

assumes $\langle G \models_{!K4} p \rangle$

shows $\langle G \vdash_{!K4} p \rangle$

using *strong-completeness_{PB} assms strong-completeness_{K4}* **unfolding** *Ax4-AxP4*

theorem *main_{PK4}*: $\langle G \models_{!K4} p \longleftrightarrow G \vdash_{!K4} p \rangle$

using *strong-soundness_{PK4}* [*of G p*] *strong-completeness_{PK4}* [*of G p*] **by** *fast*

corollary $\langle G \models_{!K4} p \implies \text{transitive}; G \models_{!K4} p \rangle$
using *strong-soundness*_{PK4}[of G p] *strong-completeness*_{PK4}[of G p] **by fast**

13 System PAL + K5

inductive *AxP5* :: $\langle 'i \text{ pfm} \implies \text{bool} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{AxP5} (L_1 \ i \ p \longrightarrow_! K_1 \ i \ (L_1 \ i \ p)) \rangle$

abbreviation *SystemPK5* ($\langle - \vdash_{!K5} - \rangle [50, 50] \ 50$) **where**
 $\langle G \vdash_{!K5} p \equiv \text{AxP5}; (\lambda -. \text{True}); G \vdash_! p \rangle$

lemma *soundness-AxP5*: $\langle \text{AxP5} \ p \implies \text{Euclidean} \ M \implies w \in \mathcal{W} \ M \implies M, w \models_! p \rangle$
by (*induct* p *rule: AxP5.induct*) (*unfold Euclidean-def psemantics.simps, blast*)

lemma *Euclidean-restrict*: $\langle \text{Euclidean} \ M \implies \text{Euclidean} \ (M[r!]) \rangle$
unfolding *Euclidean-def* **by auto**

lemma *strong-soundness*_{PK5}: $\langle G \vdash_{!K5} p \implies \text{Euclidean}; G \models_{!K5} p \rangle$
using *strong-soundness*_P[of *AxP5* *Euclidean* $\langle \lambda -. \text{True} \rangle G$ p]
soundness-AxP5 *Euclidean-restrict* **by fast**

lemma *Ax5-AxP5*: $\langle \text{Ax5} = \text{AxP5} \circ \text{lift} \rangle$

proof

fix $p :: \langle 'i \ \text{fm} \rangle$

show $\langle \text{Ax5} \ p = (\text{AxP5} \circ \text{lift}) \ p \rangle$

unfolding *comp-apply* **using** *lower-lift*

by (*smt* (*verit, best*) *Ax5.simps* *AxP5.simps* *lift.simps*(1, 5-6) *lower.simps*(5-6))

qed

abbreviation *validPK5* ($\langle - \models_{!K5} - \rangle [50, 50] \ 50$) **where**
 $\langle G \models_{!K5} p \equiv \text{Euclidean}; G \models_! p \rangle$

lemma *strong-completeness*_{PK5}:

assumes $\langle G \models_{!K5} p \rangle$

shows $\langle G \vdash_{!K5} p \rangle$

using *strong-completeness*_{PB} *assms* *strong-completeness*_{K5} **unfolding** *Ax5-AxP5*

.

theorem *main*_{PK5}: $\langle G \models_{!K5} p \longleftrightarrow G \vdash_{!K5} p \rangle$

using *strong-soundness*_{PK5}[of G p] *strong-completeness*_{PK5}[of G p] **by fast**

corollary $\langle G \models_{!K5} p \implies \text{Euclidean}; G \models_{!K5} p \rangle$

using *strong-soundness*_{PK5}[of G p] *strong-completeness*_{PK5}[of G p] **by fast**

14 System PAL + S4

abbreviation $SystemPS_4$ ($\langle \vdash_{!S_4} \rightarrow [50, 50] 50 \rangle$ **where**

$\langle G \vdash_{!S_4} p \equiv AxPT \oplus AxP_4; (\lambda \cdot True); G \vdash_! p \rangle$

lemma $soundness-AxPT_4$: $\langle (AxPT \oplus AxP_4) p \implies refltrans M \implies w \in \mathcal{W} M \implies M, w \models_! p \rangle$

using $soundness-AxPT$ $soundness-AxP_4$ **by fast**

lemma $refltrans-restrict$: $\langle refltrans M \implies refltrans (M[r!]) \rangle$

using $reflexive-restrict$ $transitive-restrict$ **by blast**

lemma $strong-soundness_{PS_4}$: $\langle G \vdash_{!S_4} p \implies refltrans; G \models_{! \star} p \rangle$

using $strong-soundness_P$ [of $\langle AxPT \oplus AxP_4 \rangle$ $refltrans$ $\langle \lambda \cdot True \rangle$ $G p$]
 $soundness-AxPT_4$ $refltrans-restrict$ **by fast**

lemma AxT_4-AxPT_4 : $\langle (AxT \oplus Ax_4) = (AxPT \oplus AxP_4) \text{ o lift} \rangle$

using $AxT-AxPT$ Ax_4-AxP_4 **unfolding comp-apply by metis**

abbreviation $validPS_4$ ($\langle \models_{!S_4} \rightarrow [50, 50] 50 \rangle$ **where**

$\langle G \models_{!S_4} p \equiv refltrans; G \models_! p \rangle$

theorem $strong-completeness_{PS_4}$:

assumes $\langle G \models_{!S_4} p \rangle$

shows $\langle G \vdash_{!S_4} p \rangle$

using $strong-completeness_{PB}$ $assms$ $strong-completeness_{S_4}$ **unfolding** AxT_4-AxPT_4

theorem $main_{PS_4}$: $\langle G \models_{!S_4} p \longleftrightarrow G \vdash_{!S_4} p \rangle$

using $strong-soundness_{PS_4}$ [of $G p$] $strong-completeness_{PS_4}$ [of $G p$] **by fast**

corollary $\langle G \models_{!S_4} p \implies refltrans; G \models_{! \star} p \rangle$

using $strong-soundness_{PS_4}$ [of $G p$] $strong-completeness_{PS_4}$ [of $G p$] **by fast**

15 System PAL + S5

abbreviation $SystemPS_5$ ($\langle \vdash_{!S_5} \rightarrow [50, 50] 50 \rangle$ **where**

$\langle G \vdash_{!S_5} p \equiv AxPT \oplus AxPB \oplus AxP_4; (\lambda \cdot True); G \vdash_! p \rangle$

abbreviation $AxPTB_4$:: $\langle 'i pfm \Rightarrow bool \rangle$ **where**

$\langle AxPTB_4 \equiv AxPT \oplus AxPB \oplus AxP_4 \rangle$

lemma $soundness-AxPTB_4$: $\langle AxPTB_4 p \implies equivalence M \implies w \in \mathcal{W} M \implies M, w \models_! p \rangle$

using $soundness-AxPT$ $soundness-AxPB$ $soundness-AxP_4$ **by fast**

lemma $equivalence-restrict$: $\langle equivalence M \implies equivalence (M[r!]) \rangle$

using $reflexive-restrict$ $symmetric-restrict$ $transitive-restrict$ **by blast**

lemma *strong-soundness_{PS5}*: $\langle G \vdash_{1S5} p \implies \text{equivalence}; G \Vdash_{1\star} p \rangle$
using *strong-soundness_P*[of *AxPTB4* equivalence $\langle \lambda\cdot. \text{True} \rangle G p$]
soundness-AxPTB4 equivalence-restrict **by fast**

lemma *AxTB4-AxPTB4*: $\langle \text{AxTB4} = \text{AxPTB4} \text{ o lift} \rangle$
using *AxT-AxPT* *AxB-AxPB* *Ax4-AxP4* **unfolding** *comp-apply* **by metis**

abbreviation *validPS5* ($\langle \cdot \Vdash_{1S5} \cdot \rangle [50, 50] 50$) **where**
 $\langle G \Vdash_{1S5} p \equiv \text{equivalence}; G \Vdash_1 p \rangle$

theorem *strong-completeness_{PS5}*:
assumes $\langle G \Vdash_{1S5} p \rangle$
shows $\langle G \vdash_{1S5} p \rangle$
using *strong-completeness_{PB}* *assms* *strong-completeness_{S5}* **unfolding** *AxTB4-AxPTB4*
.

theorem *main_{PS5}*: $\langle G \Vdash_{1S5} p \longleftrightarrow G \vdash_{1S5} p \rangle$
using *strong-soundness_{PS5}*[of *G p*] *strong-completeness_{PS5}*[of *G p*] **by fast**

corollary $\langle G \Vdash_{1S5} p \implies \text{equivalence}; G \Vdash_{1\star} p \rangle$
using *strong-soundness_{PS5}*[of *G p*] *strong-completeness_{PS5}*[of *G p*] **by fast**

16 System PAL + S5'

abbreviation *SystemPS5'* ($\langle \cdot \vdash_{1S5}' \cdot \rangle [50, 50] 50$) **where**
 $\langle G \vdash_{1S5}' p \equiv \text{AxPT} \oplus \text{AxP5}; (\lambda\cdot. \text{True}); G \vdash_1 p \rangle$

abbreviation *AxPT5* :: $\langle i \text{ pfm} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle \text{AxPT5} \equiv \text{AxPT} \oplus \text{AxP5} \rangle$

lemma *soundness-AxPT5*: $\langle \text{AxPT5} p \implies \text{equivalence} M \implies w \in \mathcal{W} M \implies M, w \Vdash_1 p \rangle$
using *soundness-AxPT* *soundness-AxPT* *soundness-AxP5* *symm-trans-Euclid* **by fast**

lemma *strong-soundness_{PS5'}*: $\langle G \vdash_{1S5}' p \implies \text{equivalence}; G \Vdash_{1\star} p \rangle$
using *strong-soundness_P*[of *AxPT5* equivalence $\langle \lambda\cdot. \text{True} \rangle G p$]
soundness-AxPT5 equivalence-restrict **by fast**

lemma *AxT5-AxPT5*: $\langle \text{AxT5} = \text{AxPT5} \text{ o lift} \rangle$
using *AxT-AxPT* *Ax5-AxP5* **unfolding** *comp-apply* **by metis**

theorem *strong-completeness_{PS5'}*:
assumes $\langle G \Vdash_{1S5}' p \rangle$
shows $\langle G \vdash_{1S5}' p \rangle$
using *strong-completeness_{PB}* *assms* *strong-completeness_{S5'}* **unfolding** *AxT5-AxPT5*
.

theorem *main_{PS5'}*: $\langle G \Vdash_{1S5}' p \longleftrightarrow G \vdash_{1S5}' p \rangle$

using *strong-soundness*_{PS5}'[of $G p$] *strong-completeness*_{PS5}'[of $G p$] **by fast**
end

References

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