

# The pi-calculus

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## Abstract

We formalise the pi-calculus using the nominal datatype package, based on ideas from the nominal logic by Pitts et al., and demonstrate an implementation in Isabelle/HOL. The purpose is to derive powerful induction rules for the semantics in order to conduct machine checkable proofs, closely following the intuitive arguments found in manual proofs. In this way we have covered many of the standard theorems of bisimulation equivalence and congruence, both late and early, and both strong and weak in a uniform manner. We thus provide one of the most extensive formalisations of the pi-calculus ever done inside a theorem prover.

A significant gain in our formulation is that agents are identified up to alpha-equivalence, thereby greatly reducing the arguments about bound names. This is a normal strategy for manual proofs about the pi-calculus, but that kind of hand waving has previously been difficult to incorporate smoothly in an interactive theorem prover. We show how the nominal logic formalism and its support in Isabelle accomplishes this and thus significantly reduces the tedium of conducting completely formal proofs. This improves on previous work using weak higher order abstract syntax since we do not need extra assumptions to filter out exotic terms and can keep all arguments within a familiar first-order logic.

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## 1 Overview

The following results of the pi-calculus meta-theory are formalised, where the notation (e) means that the results cover the early operational semantics and (l) the late one.

- strong bisimilarity is preserved by all operators except the input-prefix (e/l)
- strong equivalence is a congruence (e/l)
- weak bisimilarity is preserved by all operators except the input-prefix and sum (e/l)
- weak congruence is a congruence (e/l)
- strong equivalence respect the laws of structural congruence (l)
- all strongly equivalent agents are also weakly congruent which in turn are weakly bisimilar. Moreover, strongly equivalent agents are also strongly bisimilar (e/l)
- all late equivalences are included in their early counterparts.
- as a corollary of the last three points, all mentioned equivalences respect the laws of structural congruence
- the axiomatisation of the finite fragment of strong late bisimilarity is sound and complete
- The Hennessy lemma (l)

The file naming convention is hopefully self-explanatory, where the prefixes *Strong* and *Weak* denote that the file covers theories required to formalise properties of strong and weak bisimilarity respectively; if the file name contains *Early* or *Late* the theories work with the early or the late operational semantics of the pi-calculus respectively; if the file name contains *Sim* the theories cover simulation, file names containing *Bisim* cover bisimulation, and file names containing *Cong* cover weak congruence; files with the suffix *Pres* deal with theories that reason about preservation properties of operators such as a certain simulation or bisimulation being preserved by a certain operator; files with the suffix *SC* reason about structural congruence.

For a complete exposition of all of theories, please consult Bengtson's Ph. D. thesis [1]. A shorter presentation can be found in our LMCS article 'Formalising the pi-calculus using nominal logic' from 2009 [3]. A recollection of the axiomatisation results can be found in the SOS article 'A completeness proof for bisimulation in the pi-calculus using Isabelle' from 2007 [2].

## 2 Formalisation

```
theory Agent
imports HOL-Nominal.Nominal
```

```

begin

lemma pt-id:
  fixes x :: 'a
  and a :: 'x

  assumes pt: pt TYPE('a) TYPE('x)
  and at: at TYPE('x)
  shows [(a, a)] • x = x
⟨proof⟩

lemma pt-swap:
  fixes x :: 'a
  and a :: 'x
  and b :: 'x

  assumes pt: pt TYPE('a) TYPE('x)
  and at: at TYPE('x)

  shows [(a, b)] • x = [(b, a)] • x
⟨proof⟩

atom-decl name

lemmas name-fresh-abs = fresh-abs-fun-iff[OF pt-name-inst, OF at-name-inst,
OF fs-name1]
lemmas name-bij = at-bij[OF at-name-inst]
lemmas name-supp-abs = abs-fun-supp[OF pt-name-inst, OF at-name-inst, OF
fs-name1]
lemmas name-abs-eq = abs-fun-eq[OF pt-name-inst, OF at-name-inst]
lemmas name-supp = at-supp[OF at-name-inst]
lemmas name-calc = at-calc[OF at-name-inst]
lemmas name-fresh-fresh = pt-fresh-fresh[OF pt-name-inst, OF at-name-inst]
lemmas name-fresh-left = pt-fresh-left[OF pt-name-inst, OF at-name-inst]
lemmas name-fresh-right = pt-fresh-right[OF pt-name-inst, OF at-name-inst]
lemmas name-id[simp] = pt-id[OF pt-name-inst, OF at-name-inst]
lemmas name-swap-bij[simp] = pt-swap-bij[OF pt-name-inst, OF at-name-inst]
lemmas name-swap = pt-swap[OF pt-name-inst, OF at-name-inst]
lemmas name-rev-per = pt-rev-pi[OF pt-name-inst, OF at-name-inst]
lemmas name-per-rev = pt-pi-rev[OF pt-name-inst, OF at-name-inst]
lemmas name-exists-fresh = at-exists-fresh[OF at-name-inst, OF fs-name1]
lemmas name-perm-compose = pt-perm-compose[OF pt-name-inst, OF at-name-inst]

nominal-datatype pi = PiNil          (0)
| Output name name pi  (-{-}.- [120, 120, 110] 110)
| Tau pi              (τ.- [120] 110)
| Input name «name» pi (-<->.- [120, 120, 110] 110)
| Match name name pi ([¬¬].- [120, 120, 110] 110)
| Mismatch name name pi ([¬≠].- [120, 120, 110] 110)

```

$\mid Sum\ pi\ pi$	( <b>infixr</b> $\oplus$ 90)
$\mid Par\ pi\ pi$	( <b>infixr</b> $\parallel$ 85)
$\mid Res\ «name»\ pi$	( $<\nu->- [100, 100] 100$ )
$\mid Bang\ pi$	( $!- [110] 110$ )

**lemmas** *name-fresh*[simp] = *at-fresh*[OF *at-name-inst*]

**lemma** *alphaInput*:

**fixes** *a* :: *name*  
**and** *x* :: *name*  
**and** *P* :: *pi*  
**and** *c* :: *name*

**assumes** *A1*: *c*  $\notin$  *P*

**shows**  $a <x>.P = a <c>.([(x, c)] \cdot P)$   
*{proof}*

**lemma** *alphaRes*:

**fixes** *a* :: *name*  
**and** *P* :: *pi*  
**and** *c* :: *name*

**assumes** *A1*: *c*  $\notin$  *P*

**shows**  $<\nu a>P = <\nu c>([(a, c)] \cdot P)$   
*{proof}*

**definition** *subst-name* :: *name*  $\Rightarrow$  *name*  $\Rightarrow$  *name*  $\Rightarrow$  *name* ( $-[-::=-] [110, 110, 110] 110$ )

**where**

$a[b ::= c] \equiv if (a = b) then c else a$

**declare** *subst-name-def*[simp]

**lemma** *subst-name-eqvt*[eqvt]:

**fixes** *p* :: *name* *prm*  
**and** *a* :: *name*  
**and** *b* :: *name*  
**and** *c* :: *name*

**shows**  $p \cdot (a[b ::= c]) = (p \cdot a)[(p \cdot b) ::= (p \cdot c)]$   
*{proof}*

**nominal-primrec** (*freshness-context*: (*c*::*name*, *d*::*name*))  
*subs* :: *pi*  $\Rightarrow$  *name*  $\Rightarrow$  *name*  $\Rightarrow$  *pi* ( $-[-::=-] [100, 100, 100] 100$ )

**where**

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0}[c:=d] = \mathbf{0} \\ | \quad & \tau.(P)[c:=d] = \tau.(P[c:=d]) \\ | \quad & a\{b\}.P[c:=d] = (a[c:=d])\{(b[c:=d])\}.(P[c:=d]) \\ | \quad & [x \neq a; x \neq c; x \neq d] \implies (a < x >.P)[c:=d] = (a[c:=d]) < x >.(P[c:=d]) \\ | \quad & [a \sim b]P[c:=d] = [(a[c:=d]) \sim (b[c:=d])](P[c:=d]) \\ | \quad & [a \neq b]P[c:=d] = [(a[c:=d]) \neq (b[c:=d])](P[c:=d]) \\ | \quad & (P \oplus Q)[c:=d] = (P[c:=d]) \oplus (Q[c:=d]) \\ | \quad & (P \parallel Q)[c:=d] = (P[c:=d]) \parallel (Q[c:=d]) \\ | \quad & [x \neq c; x \neq d] \implies (< \nu x > P)[c:=d] = < \nu x > (P[c:=d]) \\ | \quad & !P[c:=d] = !(P[c:=d]) \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

**lemma** *forget*:

**fixes**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $b :: name$

**assumes**  $a \notin P$

**shows**  $P[a:=b] = P$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *fresh-fact2[rule-format]*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $b :: name$

**assumes**  $a \neq b$

**shows**  $a \notin P[a:=b]$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *subst-identity[simp]*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$

**shows**  $P[a:=a] = P$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *renaming*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $b :: name$   
**and**  $c :: name$

**assumes**  $c \notin P$

**shows**  $P[a:=b] = ((c, a) \cdot P)[c:=b]$

$\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma fresh-fact1:  
  fixes P :: pi  
  and a :: name  
  and b :: name  
  and c :: name
```

```
  assumes a # P  
  and a ≠ c
```

```
  shows a # P[b:=c]  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma eqvt-subs[eqvt]:  
  fixes p :: name prm  
  and P :: pi  
  and a :: name  
  and b :: name
```

```
  shows p · (P[a::=b]) = (p · P)[(p · a)::=(p · b)]  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma substInput[simp]:  
  fixes x :: name  
  and b :: name  
  and c :: name  
  and a :: name  
  and P :: pi
```

```
  assumes x ≠ b  
  and x ≠ c
```

```
  shows (a<x>.P)[b:=c] = (a[b:=c])<x>.(P[b:=c])  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma injPermSubst:  
  fixes P :: pi  
  and a :: name  
  and b :: name
```

```
  assumes b # P
```

```
  shows [(a, b)] · P = P[a::=b]  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```

lemma substRes2:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name

  assumes b  $\notin$  P

  shows  $\langle \nu a \rangle P = \langle \nu b \rangle (P[a:=b])$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma freshRes:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name

  shows a  $\notin$   $\langle \nu a \rangle P$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma substRes3:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name

  assumes b  $\notin$  P

  shows  $(\langle \nu a \rangle P)[a:=b] = \langle \nu b \rangle (P[a:=b])$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma suppSubst:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name

  shows supp(P[a:=b])  $\subseteq$  insert b ((supp P) - {a})
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

primrec seqSubs :: pi  $\Rightarrow$  (name  $\times$  name) list  $\Rightarrow$  pi (-[<->] [100,100] 100) where
  | P[[]] = P
  | P[<(x#\sigma)>] = (P[(fst x)::=(snd x)])[<\sigma>]

primrec seq-subst-name :: name  $\Rightarrow$  (name  $\times$  name) list  $\Rightarrow$  name where
  | seq-subst-name a [] = a
  | seq-subst-name a (x#\sigma) = seq-subst-name (a[(fst x)::=(snd x)]) \sigma

lemma freshSeqSubstName:
  fixes x :: name
  and   a :: name
  and   s :: (name  $\times$  name) list

```

```

assumes  $x \neq a$ 
and  $x \notin s$ 

shows  $x \neq \text{seq-subst-name } a \ s$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma seqSubstZero[simp]:
fixes  $\sigma :: (\text{name} \times \text{name}) \text{ list}$ 

shows  $\mathbf{0}[<\sigma>] = \mathbf{0}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma seqSubstTau[simp]:
fixes  $P :: \text{pi}$ 
and  $\sigma :: (\text{name} \times \text{name}) \text{ list}$ 

shows  $(\tau.(P)) [<\sigma>] = \tau.(P [<\sigma>])$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma seqSubstOutput[simp]:
fixes  $a :: \text{name}$ 
and  $b :: \text{name}$ 
and  $P :: \text{pi}$ 
and  $\sigma :: (\text{name} \times \text{name}) \text{ list}$ 

shows  $(a\{b\}.P) [<\sigma>] = (\text{seq-subst-name } a \ \sigma)\{(\text{seq-subst-name } b \ \sigma)\}.(P [<\sigma>])$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma seqSubstInput[simp]:
fixes  $a :: \text{name}$ 
and  $x :: \text{name}$ 
and  $P :: \text{pi}$ 
and  $\sigma :: (\text{name} \times \text{name}) \text{ list}$ 

assumes  $x \notin \sigma$ 

shows  $(a <x>.P) [<\sigma>] = (\text{seq-subst-name } a \ \sigma) <x>. (P [<\sigma>])$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma seqSubstMatch[simp]:
fixes  $a :: \text{name}$ 
and  $b :: \text{name}$ 
and  $P :: \text{pi}$ 
and  $\sigma :: (\text{name} \times \text{name}) \text{ list}$ 

shows  $([a \sim b]P) [<\sigma>] = [(\text{seq-subst-name } a \ \sigma) \sim (\text{seq-subst-name } b \ \sigma)](P [<\sigma>])$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma seqSubstMismatch[simp]:
  fixes a :: name
  and b :: name
  and P :: pi
  and σ :: (name × name) list

  shows ([a ≠ b]P)[<σ>] = [(seq-subst-name a σ) ≠ (seq-subst-name b σ)](P[<σ>])
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma seqSubstSum[simp]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and σ :: (name × name) list

  shows (P ⊕ Q)[<σ>] = (P[<σ>]) ⊕ (Q[<σ>])
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma seqSubstPar[simp]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and σ :: (name × name) list

  shows (P || Q)[<σ>] = (P[<σ>]) || (Q[<σ>])
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma seqSubstRes[simp]:
  fixes x :: name
  and P :: pi
  and σ :: (name × name) list

  assumes x # σ

  shows (<νx>P)[<σ>] = <νx>(P[<σ>])
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma seqSubstBang[simp]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and s :: (name × name) list

  shows (!P)[<σ>] = !(P[<σ>])
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma seqSubstEqvt[eqvt, simp]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and σ :: (name × name) list
  and p :: name prm

  shows p · (P[<σ>]) = (p · P)[<(p · σ)>]

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *seqSubstAppend*[simp]:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $\sigma :: (name \times name) list$   
**and**  $\sigma' :: (name \times name) list$

**shows**  $P[<(\sigma @ \sigma')>] = (P[<\sigma>])[<\sigma'>]$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *freshSubstChain*[intro]:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $\sigma :: (name \times name) list$   
**and**  $a :: name$

**assumes**  $a \notin P$   
**and**  $a \notin \sigma$

**shows**  $a \notin P[<\sigma>]$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**end**

**theory** *Late-Semantics*

**imports** *Agent*

**begin**

**nominal-datatype**  $subject = InputS\ name$   
 $| BoundOutputS\ name$

**nominal-datatype**  $freeRes = OutputR\ name\ name$   $([-] [130, 130] 110)$   
 $| TauR$   $(\tau 130)$

**nominal-datatype**  $residual = BoundR\ subject\ «name»\ pi$   $(-\ll-\prec - [80, 80, 80]$   
 $80)$   
 $| FreeR\ freeRes\ pi$   $(-\prec - [80, 80] 80)$

**lemmas**  $residualInject = residual.inject\ freeRes.inject\ subject.inject$

**abbreviation**  $Transitions-Inputjudge :: name \Rightarrow name \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow residual$   $(-\prec-> \prec - [80, 80, 80] 80)$   
**where**  $a < x > \prec P' \equiv ((InputS\ a) «x» \prec P')$

**abbreviation**  $Transitions-BoundOutputjudge :: name \Rightarrow name \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow residual$   
 $(-\prec\nu-> \prec - [80, 80, 80] 80)$   
**where**  $a < \nu x > \prec P' \equiv (BoundR\ (BoundOutputS\ a)\ x\ P')$

**inductive**  $transitions :: pi \Rightarrow residual \Rightarrow bool$   $(- \mapsto - [80, 80] 80)$   
**where**

<i>Tau:</i>	$\tau.(P) \mapsto \tau \prec P$
<i>Input:</i>	$x \neq a \implies a[x].P \mapsto a[x] \prec P$
<i>Output:</i>	$a\{b\}.P \mapsto a[b] \prec P$
<i>Match:</i>	$\llbracket P \mapsto Rs \rrbracket \implies [b \sim b]P \mapsto Rs$
<i>Mismatch:</i>	$\llbracket P \mapsto Rs; a \neq b \rrbracket \implies [a \neq b]P \mapsto Rs$
<i>Open:</i>	$\llbracket P \mapsto a[b] \prec P'; a \neq b \rrbracket \implies \langle \nu b \rangle P \mapsto a \langle \nu b \rangle \prec P'$
<i>Sum1:</i>	$\llbracket P \mapsto Rs \rrbracket \implies (P \oplus Q) \mapsto Rs$
<i>Sum2:</i>	$\llbracket Q \mapsto Rs \rrbracket \implies (P \oplus Q) \mapsto Rs$
<i>Par1B:</i>	$\llbracket P \mapsto a \langle x \rangle \prec P'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \notin a \rrbracket \implies P \parallel Q \mapsto a \langle x \rangle$
$\prec (P' \parallel Q)$	
<i>Par1F:</i>	$\llbracket P \mapsto \alpha \prec P' \rrbracket \implies P \parallel Q \mapsto \alpha \prec (P' \parallel Q)$
<i>Par2B:</i>	$\llbracket Q \mapsto a \langle x \rangle \prec Q'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \notin a \rrbracket \implies P \parallel Q \mapsto a \langle x \rangle$
$\prec (P \parallel Q')$	
<i>Par2F:</i>	$\llbracket Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \rrbracket \implies P \parallel Q \mapsto \alpha \prec (P \parallel Q')$
<i>Comm1:</i>	$\llbracket P \mapsto a[x] \prec P'; Q \mapsto a[b] \prec Q'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \neq a; x \neq b; x \notin Q' \rrbracket \implies P \parallel Q \mapsto \tau \prec P'[x:=b] \parallel Q'$
<i>Comm2:</i>	$\llbracket P \mapsto a[b] \prec P'; Q \mapsto a[x] \prec Q'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \neq a; x \neq b; x \notin P' \rrbracket \implies P \parallel Q \mapsto \tau \prec P' \parallel Q'[x:=b]$
<i>Close1:</i>	$\llbracket P \mapsto a[x] \prec P'; Q \mapsto a \langle \nu y \rangle \prec Q'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; y \notin P; y \notin Q; x \neq a; x \notin Q'; y \neq a; y \notin P'; x \neq y \rrbracket \implies P \parallel Q \mapsto \tau \prec \langle \nu y \rangle (P'[x:=y] \parallel Q')$
<i>Close2:</i>	$\llbracket P \mapsto a \langle \nu y \rangle \prec P'; Q \mapsto a[x] \prec Q'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; y \notin P; y \notin Q; x \neq a; x \notin P'; y \neq a; y \notin Q'; x \neq y \rrbracket \implies P \parallel Q \mapsto \tau \prec \langle \nu y \rangle (P' \parallel Q'[x:=y])$
<i>ResB:</i>	$\llbracket P \mapsto a \langle x \rangle \prec P'; y \notin a; y \neq x; x \notin P; x \notin a \rrbracket \implies \langle \nu y \rangle P \mapsto a \langle x \rangle \prec \langle \nu y \rangle P'$
<i>ResF:</i>	$\llbracket P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'; y \notin a \rrbracket \implies \langle \nu y \rangle P \mapsto \alpha \prec \langle \nu y \rangle P'$
<i>Bang:</i>	$\llbracket P \parallel !P \mapsto Rs \rrbracket \implies !P \mapsto Rs$

**equivariance transitions**  
**nominal-inductive transitions**  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *alphaBoundResidual*:

```

fixes a :: subject
and x :: name
and P :: pi
and x' :: name

```

**assumes** A1:  $x' \notin P$

**shows**  $a \langle x \rangle \prec P = a \langle x' \rangle \prec ((x, x') \cdot P)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma freshResidual:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Rs :: residual$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 

  assumes  $P \longmapsto Rs$ 
  and  $x \notin P$ 

  shows  $x \notin Rs$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma freshBoundDerivative:
  assumes  $P \longmapsto a\langle x \rangle \prec P'$ 
  and  $y \notin P$ 

  shows  $y \notin a$ 
  and  $y \neq x \implies y \notin P'$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma freshFreeDerivative:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $\alpha :: freeRes$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 
  and  $y :: name$ 

  assumes  $P \longmapsto \alpha \prec P'$ 
  and  $y \notin P$ 

  shows  $y \notin \alpha$ 
  and  $y \notin P'$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma substTrans[simp]:
  fixes  $b :: name$ 
  and  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $c :: name$ 

  assumes  $b \notin P$ 

  shows  $(P[a ::= b])[b ::= c] = P[a ::= c]$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma Input:
  fixes  $a :: name$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $P :: pi$ 

```

```

shows  $a < x >. P \xrightarrow{} a < x > \prec P$ 
⟨proof⟩

declare perm-fresh-fresh[simp] name-swap[simp] fresh-prod[simp]

lemma Par1B:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: subject$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \xrightarrow{} a \langle x \rangle \prec P'$ 
  and  $x \notin Q$ 

  shows  $P \parallel Q \xrightarrow{} a \langle x \rangle \prec P' \parallel Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Par2B:
  fixes  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: subject$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $Q' :: pi$ 
  and  $P :: pi$ 

  assumes  $QTrans: Q \xrightarrow{} a \langle x \rangle \prec Q'$ 
  and  $x \notin P$ 

  shows  $P \parallel Q \xrightarrow{} a \langle x \rangle \prec P \parallel Q'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Comm1:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $Q' :: pi$ 

  assumes  $PTrans: P \xrightarrow{} a < x > \prec P'$ 
  and  $QTrans: Q \xrightarrow{} a[b] \prec Q'$ 

  shows  $P \parallel Q \xrightarrow{} \tau \prec P'[x:=b] \parallel Q'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Comm2:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 

```

```

and    $b :: name$ 
and    $P' :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $x :: name$ 
and    $Q' :: pi$ 

assumes  $PTrans: P \xrightarrow{a[b]} \prec P'$ 
and      $QTrans: Q \xrightarrow{a<x>} \prec Q'$ 

shows  $P \parallel Q \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec P' \parallel (Q'[x:=b])$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Close1:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $a :: name$ 
  and    $x :: name$ 
  and    $P' :: pi$ 
  and    $Q :: pi$ 
  and    $y :: name$ 
  and    $Q' :: pi$ 

assumes  $PTrans: P \xrightarrow{a<x>} \prec P'$ 
and      $QTrans: Q \xrightarrow{a<\nu y>} \prec Q'$ 
and      $y \notin P$ 

shows  $P \parallel Q \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec <\nu y>(P'[x:=y] \parallel Q')$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Close2:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $a :: name$ 
  and    $y :: name$ 
  and    $P' :: pi$ 
  and    $Q :: pi$ 
  and    $x :: name$ 
  and    $Q' :: pi$ 

assumes  $PTrans: P \xrightarrow{a<\nu y>} \prec P'$ 
and      $QTrans: Q \xrightarrow{a<x>} \prec Q'$ 
and      $y \notin Q$ 

shows  $P \parallel Q \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec <\nu y>(P' \parallel (Q'[x:=y]))$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma ResB:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $a :: subject$ 
  and    $x :: name$ 
  and    $P' :: pi$ 

```

```

and     $y :: name$ 

assumes  $PTrans: P \rightarrow a\langle x \rangle \prec P'$ 
and     $y \# a$ 
and     $y \neq x$ 

shows  $\langle \nu y \rangle P \rightarrow a\langle x \rangle \prec \langle \nu y \rangle P'$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma  $outputInduct[consumes 1, case-names Output Match Mismatch Sum1 Sum2 Par1 Par2 Res Bang]:$ 
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and     $a :: name$ 
and     $b :: name$ 
and     $P' :: pi$ 
and     $F :: 'a::fs-name \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow name \Rightarrow name \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow bool$ 
and     $C :: 'a::fs-name$ 

assumes  $Trans: P \rightarrow a[b] \prec P'$ 
and     $\bigwedge a b P C. F C (a\{b\}.P) a b P$ 
and     $\bigwedge P a b P' c C. [P \rightarrow OutputR a b \prec P'; \bigwedge C. F C P a b P'] \Rightarrow F C ([c \sim c]P) a b P'$ 
and     $\bigwedge P a b P' c d C. [P \rightarrow OutputR a b \prec P'; \bigwedge C. F C P a b P'; c \neq d] \Rightarrow F C ([c \neq d]P) a b P'$ 
and     $\bigwedge P a b P' Q C. [P \rightarrow OutputR a b \prec P'; \bigwedge C. F C P a b P'] \Rightarrow F C (P \oplus Q) a b P'$ 
and     $\bigwedge Q a b Q' P C. [Q \rightarrow OutputR a b \prec Q'; \bigwedge C. F C Q a b Q'] \Rightarrow F C (P \oplus Q) a b Q'$ 
and     $\bigwedge P a b P' Q C. [P \rightarrow OutputR a b \prec P'; \bigwedge C. F C P a b P'] \Rightarrow F C (P \parallel Q) a b (P' \parallel Q)$ 
and     $\bigwedge Q a b Q' P C. [Q \rightarrow OutputR a b \prec Q'; \bigwedge C. F C Q a b Q'] \Rightarrow F C (P \parallel Q) a b (P \parallel Q')$ 
and     $\bigwedge P a b P' x C. [P \rightarrow OutputR a b \prec P'; x \neq a; x \neq b; x \# C; \bigwedge C. F C P a b P'] \Rightarrow F C (<\nu x \rangle P) a b (<\nu x \rangle P')$ 
and     $\bigwedge P a b P' C. [P \parallel !P \rightarrow OutputR a b \prec P'; \bigwedge C. F C (P \parallel !P) a b P'] \Rightarrow F C (!P) a b P'$ 

shows  $F C P a b P'$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma  $inputInduct[consumes 2, case-names Input Match Mismatch Sum1 Sum2 Par1 Par2 Res Bang]:$ 
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and     $a :: name$ 
and     $x :: name$ 
and     $P' :: pi$ 
and     $F :: ('a::fs-name) \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow name \Rightarrow name \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow bool$ 
and     $C :: 'a::fs-name$ 

```

```

assumes a:  $P \xrightarrow{a < x >} P'$ 
and       $x \notin P$ 
and       $cInput:$   $\bigwedge a x P C. F C (a < x >. P) a x P$ 
and       $cMatch:$   $\bigwedge P a x P' b C. [P \xrightarrow{a < x >} P'; \bigwedge C. F C P a x P'] \implies$ 
 $F C ([b \sim b] P) a x P'$ 
and       $cMismatch:$   $\bigwedge P a x P' b c C. [P \xrightarrow{a < x >} P'; \bigwedge C. F C P a x P'; b \neq c] \implies F C ([b \neq c] P) a x P'$ 
and       $cSum1:$   $\bigwedge P Q a x P' C. [P \xrightarrow{a < x >} P'; \bigwedge C. F C P a x P'] \implies$ 
 $F C (P \oplus Q) a x P'$ 
and       $cSum2:$   $\bigwedge P Q a x Q' C. [Q \xrightarrow{a < x >} Q'; \bigwedge C. F C Q a x Q'] \implies$ 
 $F C (P \oplus Q) a x Q'$ 
and       $cPar1B:$   $\bigwedge P P' Q a x C. [P \xrightarrow{a < x >} P'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \neq a;$ 
 $\bigwedge C. F C P a x P'] \implies$ 
 $F C (P \parallel Q) a x (P' \parallel Q)$ 
and       $cPar2B:$   $\bigwedge P Q Q' a x C. [Q \xrightarrow{a < x >} Q'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \neq a;$ 
 $\bigwedge C. F C Q a x Q'] \implies$ 
 $F C (P \parallel Q) a x (P \parallel Q')$ 
and       $cResB:$   $\bigwedge P P' a x y C. [P \xrightarrow{a < x >} P'; y \neq a; y \neq x; y \notin C;$ 
 $\bigwedge C. F C P a x P'] \implies F C (<\nu y>P) a x (<\nu y>P')$ 
and       $cBang:$   $\bigwedge P a x P' C. [P \parallel !P \xrightarrow{a < x >} P'; \bigwedge C. F C (P \parallel !P) a$ 
 $x P'] \implies$ 
 $F C (!P) a x P'$ 
shows  $F C P a x P'$ 
(proof)

```

**lemma** *boundOutputInduct*[consumes 2, case-names Match Mismatch Open Sum1 Sum2 Par1 Par2 Res Bang]:

```

fixes P :: pi
and   a :: name
and   x :: name
and   P' :: pi
and   F :: ('a::fs-name)  $\Rightarrow$  pi  $\Rightarrow$  name  $\Rightarrow$  name  $\Rightarrow$  pi  $\Rightarrow$  bool
and   C :: 'a::fs-name

assumes a:  $P \xrightarrow{a < \nu x >} P'$ 
and       $x \notin P$ 
and       $cMatch:$   $\bigwedge P a x P' b C. [P \xrightarrow{a < \nu x >} P'; \bigwedge C. F C P a x P'] \implies$ 
 $F C ([b \sim b] P) a x P'$ 
and       $cMismatch:$   $\bigwedge P a x P' b c C. [P \xrightarrow{a < \nu x >} P'; \bigwedge C. F C P a x P'; b \neq c] \implies F C ([b \neq c] P) a x P'$ 
and       $cOpen:$   $\bigwedge P a x P' C. [P \xrightarrow{(OutputR a x)} P'; a \neq x] \implies F C$ 
 $(<\nu x>P) a x P'$ 
and       $cSum1:$   $\bigwedge P Q a x P' C. [P \xrightarrow{a < \nu x >} P'; \bigwedge C. F C P a x P']$ 
 $\implies F C (P \oplus Q) a x P'$ 
and       $cSum2:$   $\bigwedge P Q a x Q' C. [Q \xrightarrow{a < \nu x >} Q'; \bigwedge C. F C Q a x Q']$ 
 $\implies F C (P \oplus Q) a x Q'$ 
and       $cPar1B:$   $\bigwedge P P' Q a x C. [P \xrightarrow{a < \nu x >} P'; x \notin Q; \bigwedge C. F C P a x$ 
 $P'] \implies$ 

```

$\text{and } cPar2B: \quad \wedge P Q Q' a x C. \llbracket Q \xrightarrow{a<\nu x>} \prec Q'; x \notin P; \wedge C. F C Q a$   
 $x Q \rrbracket \implies F C (P \parallel Q) a x (P' \parallel Q)$   
 $\text{and } cResB: \quad \wedge P P' a x y C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{a<\nu x>} \prec P'; y \neq a; y \neq x; y \notin C;$   
 $\wedge C. F C P a x P \rrbracket \implies F C (<\nu y>P) a x (<\nu y>P')$   
 $\text{and } cBang: \quad \wedge P a x P' C. \llbracket P \parallel !P \xrightarrow{a<\nu x>} \prec P'; \wedge C. F C (P \parallel !P) a$   
 $x P \rrbracket \implies F C (!P) a x P'$   
**shows**  $F C P a x P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $\tauauInduct[\text{consumes 1, case-names Tau Match Mismatch Sum1 Sum2 Par1}$   
 $\text{Par2 Comm1 Comm2 Close1 Close2 Res Bang}]:$

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $F :: 'a::fs-name \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow bool$   
**and**  $C :: 'a::fs-name$   
  
**assumes**  $Trans: P \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec P'$   
**and**  $\wedge P C. F C (\tau.(P)) P$   
**and**  $\wedge P P' c C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec P'; \wedge C. F C P P \rrbracket \implies F C ([c \sim c]P) P'$   
**and**  $\wedge P P' c d C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec P'; \wedge C. F C P P'; c \neq d \rrbracket \implies F C ([c \neq d]P)$   
 $P'$   
**and**  $\wedge P P' Q C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec P'; \wedge C. F C P P \rrbracket \implies F C (P \oplus Q) P'$   
**and**  $\wedge Q Q' P C. \llbracket Q \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec Q'; \wedge C. F C Q Q \rrbracket \implies F C (P \oplus Q) Q'$   
**and**  $\wedge P P' Q C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec P'; \wedge C. F C P P \rrbracket \implies F C (P \parallel Q) (P' \parallel Q)$   
**and**  $\wedge Q Q' P C. \llbracket Q \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec Q'; \wedge C. F C Q Q \rrbracket \implies F C (P \parallel Q) (P \parallel Q')$   
**and**  $\wedge P a x P' Q b Q' C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{(BoundR (InputS a) x P)}; Q \xrightarrow{OutputR}$   
 $a b \prec Q'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \notin C \rrbracket \implies F C (P \parallel Q) (P'[x:=b] \parallel Q')$   
**and**  $\wedge P a b P' Q x Q' C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{OutputR a b \prec P'}; Q \xrightarrow{(BoundR (InputS a) x Q')}; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \notin C \rrbracket \implies F C (P \parallel Q) (P' \parallel Q'[x:=b])$   
**and**  $\wedge P a x P' Q y Q' C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{(BoundR (InputS a) x P)}; Q \xrightarrow{a<\nu y>}$   
 $\prec Q'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \notin C; y \notin P; y \notin Q; y \notin C; x \neq y \rrbracket \implies F C (P \parallel Q) (<\nu y>(P'[x:=y] \parallel Q'))$   
**and**  $\wedge P a y P' Q x Q' C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{a<\nu y>} \prec P'; Q \xrightarrow{(BoundR (InputS a) x Q')}; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \notin C; y \notin P; y \notin Q; y \notin C; x \neq y \rrbracket \implies F C (P \parallel Q) (<\nu y>(P' \parallel Q'[x:=y]))$   
**and**  $\wedge P P' x C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec P'; x \notin C; \wedge C. F C P P \rrbracket \implies$   
 $F C (<\nu x>P) (<\nu x>P')$   
**and**  $\wedge P P' C. \llbracket P \parallel !P \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec P'; \wedge C. F C (P \parallel !P) P \rrbracket \implies F C (!P) P'$   
  
**shows**  $F C P P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**inductive**  $bangPred :: pi \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow bool$

**where**

$| aux1: bangPred P (!P)$   
 $| aux2: bangPred P (P \parallel !P)$

```

inductive-cases nilCases'[simplified pi.distinct residual.distinct]: 0  $\mapsto$  Rs
inductive-cases tauCases'[simplified pi.distinct residual.distinct]:  $\tau.(P)$   $\mapsto$  Rs
inductive-cases inputCases'[simplified pi.inject residualInject]:  $a < b >.P$   $\mapsto$  Rs
inductive-cases outputCases'[simplified pi.inject residualInject]:  $a \{ b \}.P$   $\mapsto$  Rs
inductive-cases matchCases'[simplified pi.inject residualInject]:  $[a \sim b]P$   $\mapsto$  Rs
inductive-cases mismatchCases'[simplified pi.inject residualInject]:  $[a \neq b]P$   $\mapsto$  Rs
inductive-cases sumCases'[simplified pi.inject residualInject]:  $P \oplus Q$   $\mapsto$  Rs
inductive-cases parCasesB'[simplified pi.distinct residual.distinct]:  $P \parallel Q$   $\mapsto$   $b \langle y \rangle \prec P'$ 
inductive-cases parCasesF'[simplified pi.distinct residual.distinct]:  $P \parallel Q$   $\mapsto$   $\alpha \prec P'$ 
inductive-cases resCases'[simplified pi.distinct residual.distinct]:  $<\nu x>P$   $\mapsto$  Rs
inductive-cases resCasesB'[simplified pi.distinct residual.distinct]:  $<\nu x'>P$   $\mapsto$   $a \langle y' \rangle \prec P'$ 
inductive-cases resCasesF'[simplified pi.distinct residual.distinct]:  $<\nu x>P$   $\mapsto$   $\alpha \prec P'$ 
inductive-cases bangCases[simplified pi.distinct residual.distinct]:  $!P$   $\mapsto$  Rs

lemma tauCases[consumes 1, case-names cTau]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and  $\alpha$  :: freeRes
  and P' :: pi

  assumes  $\tau.(P) \mapsto \alpha \prec P'$ 
  and  $\llbracket \alpha = \tau; P = P' \rrbracket \implies \text{Prop } (\tau) P$ 

  shows  $\text{Prop } \alpha P'$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma outputCases[consumes 1, case-names cOutput]:
  fixes a :: name
  and b :: name
  and P :: pi
  and  $\alpha$  :: freeRes
  and P' :: pi

  assumes  $a \{ b \}.P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'$ 
  and  $\llbracket \alpha = a[b]; P = P' \rrbracket \implies \text{Prop } (a[b]) P$ 

  shows  $\text{Prop } \alpha P'$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma zeroTrans[dest]:
  fixes Rs :: residual

  assumes 0  $\mapsto$  Rs

```

```

shows False
⟨proof⟩

lemma resZeroTrans[dest]:
  fixes x :: name
  and   Rs :: residual

  assumes <νx>0 —> Rs

  shows False
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma matchTrans[dest]:
  fixes a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   P :: pi
  and   Rs :: residual

  assumes [a¬b]P —> Rs
  and   a≠b

  shows False
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mismatchTrans[dest]:
  fixes a :: name
  and   P :: pi
  and   Rs :: residual

  assumes [a≠a]P —> Rs

  shows False
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma inputCases[consumes 4, case-names cInput]:
  fixes a :: name
  and   x :: name
  and   P :: pi
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes Input: a<x>.P —> b«y» ← yP'
  and   y ≠ a
  and   y ≠ x
  and   y ∉ P
  and   A:   [[b = InputS a; yP' = ([(x, y)] · P)]] —> Prop (InputS a) y ([(x, y)] · P)

  shows Prop b y yP'
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma tauBoundTrans[dest]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and a :: subject
  and x :: name
  and P' :: pi

  assumes  $\tau.(P) \xrightarrow{a \langle x \rangle} P'$ 

  shows False
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma tauOutputTrans[dest]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and a :: name
  and b :: name
  and P' :: pi

  assumes  $\tau.(P) \xrightarrow{a[b]} P'$ 

  shows False
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma inputFreeTrans[dest]:
  fixes a :: name
  and x :: name
  and P :: pi
  and  $\alpha$  :: freeRes
  and P' :: pi

  assumes  $a \langle x \rangle . P \xrightarrow{\alpha} P'$ 

  shows False
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma inputBoundOutputTrans[dest]:
  fixes a :: name
  and x :: name
  and P :: pi
  and b :: name
  and y :: name
  and P' :: pi

  assumes  $a \langle x \rangle . P \xrightarrow{b \langle \nu y \rangle} P'$ 

  shows False
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma outputTauTrans[dest]:

```

```

fixes a :: name
and b :: name
and P :: pi
and P' :: pi

assumes a{b}.P  $\longmapsto_{\tau} \prec P'$ 

shows False
⟨proof⟩

lemma outputBoundTrans[dest]:
fixes a :: name
and b :: name
and P :: pi
and c :: subject
and x :: name
and P' :: pi

assumes a{b}.P  $\longmapsto_{c \ll x \gg} \prec P'$ 

shows False
⟨proof⟩

lemma outputIneqTrans[dest]:
fixes a :: name
and b :: name
and P :: pi
and c :: name
and d :: name
and P' :: pi

assumes a{b}.P  $\longmapsto_{c[d]} \prec P'$ 
and a  $\neq c \vee b \neq d$ 

shows False
⟨proof⟩

lemma outputFreshTrans[dest]:
fixes a :: name
and b :: name
and P :: pi
and  $\alpha$  :: freeRes
and P' :: pi

assumes a{b}.P  $\longmapsto_{\alpha} \prec P'$ 
and a  $\notin \alpha \vee b \notin \alpha$ 

shows False
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma inputIneqTrans[dest]:
  fixes a :: name
  and   x :: name
  and   P :: pi
  and   b :: subject
  and   y :: name
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes a<x>.P  $\longmapsto$  b«y»  $\prec$  P'
  and     a  $\notin$  b

  shows False
  {proof}

lemma resTauBoundTrans[dest]:
  fixes x :: name
  and   P :: pi
  and   a :: subject
  and   y :: name
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes < $\nu x$ > $\tau$ .(P)  $\longmapsto$  a«y»  $\prec$  P'

  shows False
  {proof}

lemma resTauOutputTrans[dest]:
  fixes x :: name
  and   P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes < $\nu x$ > $\tau$ .(P)  $\longmapsto$  a[b]  $\prec$  P'

  shows False
  {proof}

lemma resInputFreeTrans[dest]:
  fixes x :: name
  fixes a :: name
  and   y :: name
  and   P :: pi
  and    $\alpha$  :: freeRes
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes < $\nu x$ >a<y>.P  $\longmapsto$   $\alpha$   $\prec$  P'

```

```

shows False
⟨proof⟩

lemma resInputBoundOutputTrans[dest]:
  fixes x :: name
  and   a :: name
  and   y :: name
  and   P :: pi
  and   b :: name
  and   z :: name
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes <νx>a<y>.P ↣ b<νz> ⊢ P'

  shows False
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma resOutputTauTrans[dest]:
  fixes x :: name
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   P :: pi
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes <νx>a{b}.P ↣ τ ⊢ P'

  shows False
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma resOutputInputTrans[dest]:
  fixes x :: name
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   P :: pi
  and   c :: name
  and   y :: name
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes <νx>a{b}.P ↣ c<y> ⊢ P'

  shows False
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma resOutputOutputTrans[dest]:
  fixes x :: name
  and   a :: name
  and   P :: pi
  and   b :: name
  and   y :: name

```

```

and  $P' :: pi$ 

assumes  $\langle \nu x \rangle a\{x\}.P \longmapsto b[y] \prec P'$ 

shows False
⟨proof⟩

lemma resTrans[dest]:
fixes  $x :: name$ 
and  $b :: name$ 
and  $Rs :: residual$ 
and  $y :: name$ 

shows  $\langle \nu x \rangle x\{b\}.P \longmapsto Rs \implies \text{False}$ 
and  $\langle \nu x \rangle x\langle y \rangle .P \longmapsto Rs \implies \text{False}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma matchCases[consumes 1, case-names cMatch]:
fixes  $a :: name$ 
and  $b :: name$ 
and  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Rs :: residual$ 
and  $F :: name \Rightarrow name \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ 

assumes  $[a \rightsquigarrow b]P \longmapsto Rs$ 
and  $\llbracket P \longmapsto Rs; a = b \rrbracket \implies F a a$ 

shows  $F a b$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma mismatchCases[consumes 1, case-names cMismatch]:
fixes  $a :: name$ 
and  $b :: name$ 
and  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Rs :: residual$ 
and  $F :: name \Rightarrow name \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ 

assumes Trans:  $[a \neq b]P \longmapsto Rs$ 
and cMatch:  $\llbracket P \longmapsto Rs; a \neq b \rrbracket \implies F a b$ 

shows  $F a b$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma sumCases[consumes 1, case-names cSum1 cSum2]:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Q :: pi$ 
and  $Rs :: residual$ 

assumes Trans:  $P \oplus Q \longmapsto Rs$ 

```

```

and      cSum1:  $P \mapsto R_s \implies \text{Prop}$ 
and      cSum2:  $Q \mapsto R_s \implies \text{Prop}$ 

shows Prop
⟨proof⟩

lemma name-abs-alpha:
fixes a :: name
and b :: name
and P :: pi

assumes b ∉ P

shows [a].P = [b].([(a, b)] • P)
⟨proof⟩

lemma parCasesB[consumes 3, case-names cPar1 cPar2]:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and a :: subject
and x :: name
and PQ' :: pi
and C :: 'a::fs-name

assumes P || Q ↦ a«x» ⊲ PQ'
and x ∉ P
and x ∉ Q
and ⋀P'. P ↦ a«x» ⊲ P' ⇒ Prop (P' || Q)
and ⋀Q'. Q ↦ a«x» ⊲ Q' ⇒ Prop (P || Q')

shows Prop PQ'
⟨proof⟩

lemma parCasesF[consumes 1, case-names cPar1 cPar2 cComm1 cComm2 cClose1
cClose2]:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and α :: freeRes
and P' :: pi
and C :: 'a::fs-name
and F :: freeRes ⇒ pi ⇒ bool

assumes Trans: P || Q ↦ α ⊲ PQ'
and icPar1F: ⋀P'. [P ↦ α ⊲ P] ⇒ F α (P' || Q)
and icPar2F: ⋀Q'. [Q ↦ α ⊲ Q] ⇒ F α (P || Q')
and icComm1: ⋀P' Q' a b x. [P ↦ a<x> ⊲ P'; Q ↦ a[b] ⊲ Q'; x ∉ P;
x ∉ Q; x ≠ a; x ≠ b; x ∉ Q'; x ∉ C; α = τ] ⇒ F (τ) (P'[x:=b] || Q')
and icComm2: ⋀P' Q' a b x. [P ↦ a[b] ⊲ P'; Q ↦ a<x> ⊲ Q'; x ∉ P;

```

$$\begin{aligned}
& x \notin Q; x \neq a; x \neq b; x \notin P'; x \notin C; \alpha = \tau \] \implies F(\tau)(P' \parallel Q'[x:=b]) \\
& \text{and } icClose1: \bigwedge P' Q' a x y. [P \mapsto a < x > \prec P'; Q \mapsto a < \nu y > \prec Q'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \neq a; x \neq y; x \notin Q'; y \notin P; y \notin Q; y \neq a; y \notin P'; x \notin C; y \notin C; \alpha = \tau] \\
& \implies F(\tau)(<\nu y>(P'[x:=y] \parallel Q')) \\
& \text{and } icClose2: \bigwedge P' Q' a x y. [P \mapsto a < \nu y > \prec P'; Q \mapsto a < x > \prec Q'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \neq a; x \neq y; x \notin P'; y \notin P; y \notin Q; y \neq a; y \notin Q'; x \notin C; y \notin C; \alpha = \tau] \\
& \implies F(\tau)(<\nu y>(P' \parallel Q'[x:=y]))
\end{aligned}$$

**shows**  $F \alpha PQ'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $resCasesF[consumes 1, case-names cRes]$ :

**fixes**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $\alpha :: freeRes$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $C :: 'a::fs-name$

**assumes**  $<\nu x>P \mapsto \alpha \prec xP'$   
**and**  $\bigwedge P'. [P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'; x \notin \alpha] \implies F(<\nu x>P')$

**shows**  $F xP'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $resCasesB[consumes 3, case-names cOpen cRes]$ :

**fixes**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: subject$   
**and**  $y :: name$   
**and**  $yP' :: pi$   
**and**  $C :: 'a::fs-name$

**assumes**  $Trans: <\nu y>P \mapsto a < x > \prec yP'$   
**and**  $xineqy: x \neq y$   
**and**  $xineqy: x \notin P$   
**and**  $rcOpen: \bigwedge b P'. [P \mapsto b[y] \prec P'; b \neq y; a = BoundOutputS b] \implies F(BoundOutputS b) ((x, y) \cdot P')$   
**and**  $rcResB: \bigwedge P'. [P \mapsto a < x > \prec P'; y \notin a] \implies F a (<\nu y>P')$

**shows**  $F a yP'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $bangInduct[consumes 1, case-names cPar1B cPar1F cPar2B cPar2F cComm1 cComm2 cClose1 cClose2 cBang]$ :

**fixes**  $F :: 'a::fs-name \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow residual \Rightarrow bool$   
**and**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Rs :: residual$

```

and    $C :: 'a::fs-name$ 

assumes  $Trans: !P \rightarrow R_s$ 
and    $cPar1B: \bigwedge a\ x\ P'\ C. [[P \rightarrow a\langle x \rangle \prec P'; x \notin P; x \notin C]] \implies F\ C\ (P \parallel !P) (a\langle x \rangle \prec P' \parallel !P)$ 
and    $cPar1F: \bigwedge \alpha\ P'\ C. [[P \rightarrow \alpha \prec P]] \implies F\ C\ (P \parallel !P) (\alpha \prec P' \parallel !P)$ 
and    $cPar2B: \bigwedge a\ x\ P'\ C. [[!P \rightarrow a\langle x \rangle \prec P'; x \notin P; x \notin C; \bigwedge C. F\ C\ (!P) (a\langle x \rangle \prec P')]] \implies$ 
 $F\ C\ (P \parallel !P) (a\langle x \rangle \prec P \parallel P')$ 
and    $cPar2F: \bigwedge \alpha\ P'\ C. [[!P \rightarrow \alpha \prec P'; \bigwedge C. F\ C\ (!P) (\alpha \prec P')]] \implies F\ C\ (P \parallel !P) (\alpha \prec P \parallel P')$ 
and    $cComm1: \bigwedge a\ x\ P'\ b\ P''\ C. [[P \rightarrow a\langle x \rangle \prec P'; !P \rightarrow (OutputR\ a\ b) \prec P''; x \notin C; \bigwedge C. F\ C\ (!P) ((OutputR\ a\ b) \prec P'')]] \implies$ 
 $F\ C\ (P \parallel !P) (\tau \prec (P'[x:=b]) \parallel P'')$ 
and    $cComm2: \bigwedge a\ b\ P'\ x\ P''\ C. [[P \rightarrow (OutputR\ a\ b) \prec P'; !P \rightarrow a\langle x \rangle \prec P''; x \notin C; \bigwedge C. F\ C\ (!P) (a\langle x \rangle \prec P'')]] \implies$ 
 $F\ C\ (P \parallel !P) (\tau \prec P' \parallel (P''[x:=b]))$ 
and    $cClose1: \bigwedge a\ x\ P'\ y\ P''\ C. [[P \rightarrow a\langle x \rangle \prec P'; !P \rightarrow a\langle \nu y \rangle \prec P''; y \notin P; x \notin C; y \notin C; \bigwedge C. F\ C\ (!P) (a\langle \nu y \rangle \prec P'')]] \implies$ 
 $F\ C\ (P \parallel !P) (\tau \prec \langle \nu y \rangle ((P'[x:=y]) \parallel P''))$ 
and    $cClose2: \bigwedge a\ y\ P'\ x\ P''\ C. [[P \rightarrow a\langle \nu y \rangle \prec P'; !P \rightarrow a\langle x \rangle \prec P''; y \notin P; x \notin C; y \notin C; \bigwedge C. F\ C\ (!P) (a\langle x \rangle \prec P'')]] \implies$ 
 $F\ C\ (P \parallel !P) (\tau \prec \langle \nu y \rangle ((P' \parallel (P''[x:=y])))$ 
and    $cBang: \bigwedge R_s\ C. [[P \parallel !P \rightarrow R_s; \bigwedge C. F\ C\ (P \parallel !P) R_s]] \implies F\ C\ (!P)$ 
 $R_s$ 

shows  $F\ C\ (!P)$   $R_s$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

end

theory Late-Semantics1
imports Late-Semantics
begin

free-constructors case-subject for
 $InputS$ 
 $| BoundOutputS$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

free-constructors case-freeRes for
 $OutputR$ 
 $| TauR$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

end

theory Rel
  imports Agent
begin

definition eqvt :: (('a::pt-name) × ('a::pt-name)) set ⇒ bool
  where eqvt Rel ≡ (oreach x (perm::name prm). x ∈ Rel → perm • x ∈ Rel)

lemma eqvtRelI:
  fixes Rel :: ('a::pt-name × 'a) set
  and P :: 'a
  and Q :: 'a
  and perm :: name prm

  assumes eqvt Rel
  and (P, Q) ∈ Rel

  shows (perm • P, perm • Q) ∈ Rel
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma eqvtRelE:
  fixes Rel :: ('a::pt-name × 'a) set
  and P :: 'a
  and Q :: 'a
  and perm :: name prm

  assumes eqvt Rel
  and (perm • P, perm • Q) ∈ Rel

  shows (P, Q) ∈ Rel
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma eqvtTrans[intro]:
  fixes Rel :: ('a::pt-name × 'a) set
  and Rel' :: ('a × 'a) set

  assumes EqvtRel: eqvt Rel
  and EqvtRel': eqvt Rel'

  shows eqvt (Rel O Rel')
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma eqvtUnion[intro]:
  fixes Rel :: ('a::pt-name × 'a) set
  and Rel' :: ('a × 'a) set

  assumes EqvtRel: eqvt Rel
  and EqvtRel': eqvt Rel'

```

```

shows eqvt (Rel ∪ Rel')
⟨proof⟩

definition substClosed :: (pi × pi) set ⇒ (pi × pi) set where
  substClosed Rel ≡ {(P, Q) | P Q. ∀σ. (P[<σ>], Q[<σ>]) ∈ Rel}

lemma eqvtSubstClosed:
  fixes Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  assumes eqvtRel: eqvt Rel
  shows eqvt (substClosed Rel)
⟨proof⟩

lemma substClosedSubset:
  fixes Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  shows substClosed Rel ⊆ Rel
⟨proof⟩

lemma partUnfold:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and σ :: (name × name) list
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  assumes (P, Q) ∈ substClosed Rel
  shows (P[<σ>], Q[<σ>]) ∈ substClosed Rel
⟨proof⟩

inductive-set bangRel :: (pi × pi) set ⇒ (pi × pi) set
for Rel :: (pi × pi) set
where
  BRBang: (P, Q) ∈ Rel ⇒ (!P, !Q) ∈ bangRel Rel
  | BRPar: (R, T) ∈ Rel ⇒ (P, Q) ∈ (bangRel Rel) ⇒ (R ∥ P, T ∥ Q) ∈ (bangRel Rel)
  | BRRRes: (P, Q) ∈ bangRel Rel ⇒ (<νa>P, <νa>Q) ∈ bangRel Rel

inductive-cases BRBangCases': (P, !Q) ∈ bangRel Rel
inductive-cases BRParCases': (P, Q ∥ !Q) ∈ bangRel Rel
inductive-cases BRRResCases': (P, <νx>Q) ∈ bangRel Rel

lemma eqvtBangRel:
  fixes Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  assumes eqvtRel: eqvt Rel

```

**shows**  $\text{eqvt}(\text{bangRel } \text{Rel})$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{BRBangCases}[\text{consumes } 1, \text{ case-names } \text{BRBang}]$ :

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $\text{Rel} :: (pi \times pi) \text{ set}$   
**and**  $F :: pi \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

**assumes**  $(P, !Q) \in \text{bangRel } \text{Rel}$   
**and**  $\bigwedge P. (P, Q) \in \text{Rel} \implies F (!P)$

**shows**  $F P$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{BRCases}[\text{consumes } 1, \text{ case-names } \text{BRCases}]$ :

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $\text{Rel} :: (pi \times pi) \text{ set}$   
**and**  $F :: pi \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

**assumes**  $(P, Q \parallel !Q) \in \text{bangRel } \text{Rel}$   
**and**  $\bigwedge P R. [(P, Q) \in \text{Rel}; (R, !Q) \in \text{bangRel } \text{Rel}] \implies F (P \parallel R)$

**shows**  $F P$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{bangRelSubset}$ :

**fixes**  $\text{Rel} :: (pi \times pi) \text{ set}$   
**and**  $\text{Rel}' :: (pi \times pi) \text{ set}$

**assumes**  $(P, Q) \in \text{bangRel } \text{Rel}$   
**and**  $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in \text{Rel} \implies (P, Q) \in \text{Rel}'$

**shows**  $(P, Q) \in \text{bangRel } \text{Rel}'$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{bangRelSymmetric}$ :

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $\text{Rel} :: (pi \times pi) \text{ set}$

**assumes**  $A: (P, Q) \in \text{bangRel } \text{Rel}$   
**and**  $\text{Sym}: \bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in \text{Rel} \implies (Q, P) \in \text{Rel}$

**shows**  $(Q, P) \in \text{bangRel } \text{Rel}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**primrec**  $\text{resChain} :: \text{name list} \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow pi$  **where**

```

base: resChain [] P = P
| step: resChain (x#xs) P = <νx>(resChain xs P)

lemma resChainPerm[simp]:
  fixes perm :: name prm
  and   lst :: name list
  and   P   :: pi

  shows perm • (resChain lst P) = resChain (perm • lst) (perm • P)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma resChainFresh:
  fixes a  :: name
  and   lst :: name list
  and   P   :: pi

  assumes a ∉ (lst, P)

  shows a ∉ (resChain lst P)
  ⟨proof⟩

end

theory Strong-Late-Sim
  imports Late-Semantics1 Rel
begin

definition derivative :: pi ⇒ pi ⇒ subject ⇒ name ⇒ (pi × pi) set ⇒ bool where
  derivative P Q a x Rel ≡ case a of InputS b ⇒ (forall u. (P[x:=u], Q[x:=u]) ∈ Rel)
  | BoundOutputS b ⇒ (P, Q) ∈ Rel

definition simulation :: pi ⇒ (pi × pi) set ⇒ pi ⇒ bool (- ~[−] - [80, 80, 80]
80) where
  P ~[Rel] Q ≡ (forall a x Q'. Q ↣ a«x» ⊲ Q' ∧ x ∉ P → (exists P'. P ↣ a«x» ⊲ P'
  ∧ derivative P' Q' a x Rel)) ∧
  (forall α Q'. Q ↣ α ⊲ Q' → (exists P'. P ↣ α ⊲ P' ∧ (P', Q') ∈ Rel))

lemma monotonic:
  fixes A :: (pi × pi) set
  and   B :: (pi × pi) set
  and   P :: pi
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes P ~[A] P'
  and     A ⊆ B

  shows P ~[B] P'
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma derivativeMonotonic:
  fixes A ::  $(pi \times pi)$  set
  and   B ::  $(pi \times pi)$  set
  and   P ::  $pi$ 
  and   Q ::  $pi$ 
  and   a :: subject
  and   x :: name

  assumes derivative P Q a x A
  and     A  $\subseteq$  B

  shows derivative P Q a x B
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma derivativeEqvtI:
  fixes P   ::  $pi$ 
  and   Q   ::  $pi$ 
  and   a   :: subject
  and   x   :: name
  and   Rel ::  $(pi \times pi)$  set
  and   perm :: name prm

  assumes Der: derivative P Q a x Rel
  and     Eqvt: eqvt Rel

  shows derivative (perm • P) (perm • Q) (perm • a) (perm • x) Rel
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma derivativeEqvtI2:
  fixes P   ::  $pi$ 
  and   Q   ::  $pi$ 
  and   a   :: subject
  and   x   :: name
  and   Rel ::  $(pi \times pi)$  set
  and   perm :: name prm

  assumes Der: derivative P Q a x Rel
  and     Eqvt: eqvt Rel

  shows derivative (perm • P) (perm • Q) a (perm • x) Rel
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma freshUnit[simp]:
  fixes y :: name

  shows y # ()
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma simCasesCont[consumes 1, case-names Bound Free]:

```

```

fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
and C :: 'a::fs-name

assumes Eqvt: eqvt Rel
and Bound: ∀ a x Q'. [Q ↦ a«x» ⊢ Q'; x ∉ P; x ∉ Q; x ∉ a; x ∉ C] ⇒
  ∃ P'. P ↦ a«x» ⊢ P' ∧ derivative P' Q' a x Rel
and Free: ∀ α Q'. Q ↦ α ⊢ Q' ⇒ ∃ P'. P ↦ α ⊢ P' ∧ (P', Q') ∈ Rel

shows P ↦[Rel] Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma simCases[case-names Bound Free]:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

assumes Bound: ∀ a y Q'. [Q ↦ a«y» ⊢ Q'; y ∉ P] ⇒ ∃ P'. P ↦ a«y» ⊢
  P' ∧ derivative P' Q' a y Rel
and Free: ∀ α Q'. Q ↦ α ⊢ Q' ⇒ ∃ P'. P ↦ α ⊢ P' ∧ (P', Q') ∈ Rel

shows P ↦[Rel] Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma resSimCases[consumes 1, case-names BoundOutput BoundR FreeR]:
fixes x :: name
and P :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
and Q :: pi
and C :: 'a::fs-name

assumes Eqvt: eqvt Rel
and BoundO: ∀ Q' a. [Q ↦ a[x] ⊢ Q'; a ≠ x] ⇒ ∃ P'. P ↦ a<νx> ⊢
  P' ∧ (P', Q') ∈ Rel
and BR: ∀ Q' a y. [Q ↦ a«y» ⊢ Q'; x ∉ a; x ≠ y; y ∉ C] ⇒ ∃ P'. P
  ↦ a«y» ⊢ P' ∧ derivative P' (<νx>Q') a y Rel
and BF: ∀ Q' α. [Q ↦ α ⊢ Q'; x ∉ α] ⇒ ∃ P'. P ↦ α ⊢ P' ∧ (P',
  <νx>Q') ∈ Rel

shows P ↦[Rel] <νx>Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma simE:
fixes P :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
and Q :: pi
and a :: subject
and x :: name

```

```

and  $Q' :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$ 

shows  $Q \mapsto a\langle x \rangle \prec Q' \implies x \# P \implies \exists P'. P \mapsto a\langle x \rangle \prec P' \wedge (\text{derivative } P'$   

 $Q' \text{ a } x \text{ Rel})$ 
and  $Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \implies \exists P'. P \mapsto \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma eqvtI:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Q :: pi$ 
and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) \text{ set}$ 
and  $perm :: name prm$ 

assumes Sim:  $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$ 
and  $RelRel' : Rel \subseteq Rel'$ 
and  $EqvtRel' : EqvtRel Rel'$ 

shows  $(perm \cdot P) \rightsquigarrow[Rel'] (perm \cdot Q)$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma derivativeReflexive:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $a :: subject$ 
and  $x :: name$ 
and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) \text{ set}$ 

assumes  $Id \subseteq Rel$ 

shows derivative  $P P a x Rel$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma reflexive:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) \text{ set}$ 

assumes  $Id \subseteq Rel$ 

shows  $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] P$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma transitive:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Q :: pi$ 
and  $R :: pi$ 
and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) \text{ set}$ 

```

```

and   Rel' :: (pi × pi) set
and   Rel'' :: (pi × pi) set

assumes PSimQ: P ~>[Rel] Q
and    QSimR: Q ~>[Rel'] R
and    Eqvt': eqvt Rel''
and    Trans: Rel O Rel' ⊆ Rel''

shows P ~>[Rel''] R
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Strong-Late-Bisim
imports Strong-Late-Sim
begin

lemma monoAux: A ⊆ B ==> P ~>[A] Q —> P ~>[B] Q
⟨proof⟩

coinductive-set bisim :: (pi × pi) set
where
  step: [][P ~>[bisim] Q; (Q, P) ∈ bisim] ==> (P, Q) ∈ bisim
monos monoAux

abbreviation
  strongBisimJudge (infixr ~ 65) where P ~ Q ≡ (P, Q) ∈ bisim

lemma monotonic': mono(λS. {(P, Q) | P Q. P ~>[S] Q ∧ Q ~>[S] P})
⟨proof⟩

lemma monotonic: mono(λp x1 x2.
  ∃P Q. x1 = P ∧
  x2 = Q ∧ P ~>[{(xa, x). p xa x}] Q ∧ Q ~>[{(xa, x). p xa x}] P)
⟨proof⟩

lemma bisimCoinduct[case-names cSim cSym , consumes 1]:
assumes p: (P, Q) ∈ X
and    rSim: ⋀R S. (R, S) ∈ X ==> R ~[(X ∪ bisim)] S
and    rSym: ⋀R S. (R, S) ∈ X ==> (S, R) ∈ X

shows P ~ Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma bisimE:
fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi

```

```

assumes  $P \sim Q$ 

shows  $P \rightsquigarrow[\text{bisim}] Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{bisimI}:$ 
  fixes  $P :: \text{pi}$ 
  and  $Q :: \text{pi}$ 

assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow[\text{bisim}] Q$ 
and  $Q \sim P$ 

shows  $P \sim Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

definition  $\text{old-bisim} :: (\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  where
 $\text{old-bisim Rel} \equiv \forall (P, Q) \in \text{Rel}. P \rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}] Q \wedge (Q, P) \in \text{Rel}$ 

lemma  $\text{oldBisimBisimEq}:$ 
  shows  $(\bigcup \{\text{Rel. } (\text{old-bisim Rel})\}) = \text{bisim}$  (is ?LHS = ?RHS)
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{reflexive}:$ 
  fixes  $P :: \text{pi}$ 

shows  $P \sim P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{symmetric}:$ 
  fixes  $P :: \text{pi}$ 
  and  $Q :: \text{pi}$ 

assumes  $P \sim Q$ 

shows  $Q \sim P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{bisimClosed}:$ 
  fixes  $P :: \text{pi}$ 
  and  $Q :: \text{pi}$ 
  and  $p :: \text{name prm}$ 

assumes  $P \sim Q$ 

shows  $(p \cdot P) \sim (p \cdot Q)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{bisimEqvt[simp]}:$ 
  shows  $\text{eqvt bisim}$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *transitive*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
  **and**  $Q :: pi$   
  **and**  $R :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \sim Q$   
  **and**  $Q \sim R$

**shows**  $P \sim R$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *bisimTransitiveCoinduct*[*case-names cSim cSym*, *case-conclusion bisim step, consumes 2*]:

**assumes**  $(P, Q) \in X$   
  **and** *eqvt*  $X$   
  **and**  $rSim: \bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in X \implies R \rightsquigarrow [(bisim O (X \cup bisim) O bisim)] S$   
  **and**  $rSym: \bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in X \implies (S, R) \in bisim O (X \cup bisim) O bisim$

**shows**  $P \sim Q$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**end**

**theory** *Strong-Late-Bisim-Subst*

**imports** *Strong-Late-Bisim*

**begin**

**abbreviation**

*StrongEqJudge* (**infixr**  $\sim^s 65$ ) **where**  $P \sim^s Q \equiv (P, Q) \in (substClosed bisim)$

**lemma** *congBisim*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
  **and**  $Q :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \sim^s Q$

**shows**  $P \sim Q$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *eqvt*:

**shows** *eqvt* (*substClosed bisim*)

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *eqClosed*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
  **and**  $Q :: pi$

```

and perm :: name prm

assumes P ~s Q

shows (perm • P) ~s (perm • Q)
⟨proof⟩

lemma reflexive:
fixes P :: pi

shows P ~s P
⟨proof⟩

lemma symmetric:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi

assumes P ~s Q

shows Q ~s P
⟨proof⟩

lemma transitive:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and R :: pi

assumes P ~s Q
and Q ~s R

shows P ~s R
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Strong-Late-Sim-Pres
imports Strong-Late-Sim
begin

lemma tauPres:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
and Rel' :: (pi × pi) set

assumes PRelQ: (P, Q) ∈ Rel

shows τ.(P) ~>[Rel] τ.(Q)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma inputPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and x :: name
  and Q :: pi
  and a :: name
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes PRelQ: ∀ y. (P[x::=y], Q[x::=y]) ∈ Rel
  and Eqvt: eqvt Rel

  shows a<x>. P ~>[Rel] a<x>. Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma outputPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and a :: name
  and b :: name
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  and Rel' :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes PRelQ: (P, Q) ∈ Rel

  shows a{b}. P ~>[Rel] a{b}. Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma matchPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and a :: name
  and b :: name
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  and Rel' :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes PSimQ: P ~>[Rel] Q
  and Rel ⊆ Rel'

  shows [a¬b] P ~>[Rel'] [a¬b] Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mismatchPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and a :: name
  and b :: name
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  and Rel' :: (pi × pi) set

```

**assumes**  $PSimQ: P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$   
**and**  $Rel \subseteq Rel'$

**shows**  $[a \neq b]P \rightsquigarrow[Rel'] [a \neq b]Q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $sumPres$ :

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $R :: pi$

**assumes**  $PSimQ: P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$   
**and**  $Id \subseteq Rel'$   
**and**  $Rel \subseteq Rel'$

**shows**  $P \oplus R \rightsquigarrow[Rel'] Q \oplus R$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $parCompose$ :

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $R :: pi$   
**and**  $T :: pi$   
**and**  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**and**  $Rel' :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**and**  $Rel'' :: (pi \times pi) set$

**assumes**  $PSimQ: P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$   
**and**  $RSimT: R \rightsquigarrow[Rel'] T$   
**and**  $PRelQ: (P, Q) \in Rel$   
**and**  $RRel'T: (R, T) \in Rel'$   
**and**  $Par: \bigwedge P Q R T. [(P, Q) \in Rel; (R, T) \in Rel'] \implies (P \parallel R, Q \parallel T)$   
 $\in Rel''$   
**and**  $Res: \bigwedge P Q a. (P, Q) \in Rel'' \implies (<\nu a>P, <\nu a>Q) \in Rel''$   
**and**  $EqvtRel: eqvt Rel$   
**and**  $EqvtRel': eqvt Rel'$   
**and**  $EqvtRel'': eqvt Rel''$

**shows**  $P \parallel R \rightsquigarrow[Rel''] Q \parallel T$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $parPres$ :

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $R :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $b :: name$   
**and**  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**and**  $Rel' :: (pi \times pi) set$

```

assumes PSimQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}] Q$ 
and PRelQ:  $(P, Q) \in \text{Rel}$ 
and Par:  $\bigwedge P Q R. (P, Q) \in \text{Rel} \implies (P \parallel R, Q \parallel R) \in \text{Rel}'$ 
and Res:  $\bigwedge P Q a. (P, Q) \in \text{Rel}' \implies (\langle \nu a \rangle P, \langle \nu a \rangle Q) \in \text{Rel}'$ 
and EqvtRel: eqvt Rel
and EqvtRel': eqvt Rel'

shows  $P \parallel R \rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}'] Q \parallel R$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma resDerivative:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and a :: subject
  and x :: name
  and y :: name
  and Rel ::  $(\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$ 
  and Rel' ::  $(\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$ 

assumes Der: derivative P Q a x Rel
and Rel:  $\bigwedge (P::\text{pi}) (Q::\text{pi}) (x::\text{name}). (P, Q) \in \text{Rel} \implies (\langle \nu x \rangle P, \langle \nu x \rangle Q) \in \text{Rel}'$ 
and Eqv: eqvt Rel

shows derivative ( $\langle \nu y \rangle P$ ) ( $\langle \nu y \rangle Q$ ) a x Rel'
⟨proof⟩

lemma resPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and Rel ::  $(\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$ 
  and x :: name
  and Rel' ::  $(\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$ 

assumes PSimQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}] Q$ 
and ResRel:  $\bigwedge (P::\text{pi}) (Q::\text{pi}) (x::\text{name}). (P, Q) \in \text{Rel} \implies (\langle \nu x \rangle P, \langle \nu x \rangle Q) \in \text{Rel}'$ 
and RelRel': Rel ⊆ Rel'
and EqvtRel: eqvt Rel
and EqvtRel': eqvt Rel'

shows  $\langle \nu x \rangle P \rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}'] \langle \nu x \rangle Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma resChainI:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and Rel ::  $(\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$ 

```

```

and   xs :: name list

assumes PRelQ:  $P \sim [Rel] Q$ 
and    eqvtRel: eqvt Rel
and    Res:  $\bigwedge P Q x. (P, Q) \in Rel \implies (\langle \nu x \rangle P, \langle \nu x \rangle Q) \in Rel$ 

shows (resChain xs)  $P \rightsquigarrow [Rel] (\text{resChain } xs) Q$ 
(proof)

lemma bangPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   Rel ::  $(\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$ 

  assumes PRelQ:  $(P, Q) \in Rel$ 
  and    Sim:  $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in Rel \implies P \rightsquigarrow [Rel] Q$ 
  and    eqvtRel: eqvt Rel

  shows  $\neg P \rightsquigarrow [\text{bangRel Rel}] \neg Q$ 
(proof)

end

theory Strong-Late-Bisim-Pres
  imports Strong-Late-Bisim Strong-Late-Sim-Pres
begin

lemma tauPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes P ~ Q

  shows  $\tau.(P) \sim \tau.(Q)$ 
(proof)

lemma inputPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name

  assumes PSimQ:  $\forall y. P[x:=y] \sim Q[x:=y]$ 

  shows  $a \langle x \rangle . P \sim a \langle x \rangle . Q$ 
(proof)

lemma outputPres:
  fixes P :: pi

```

```

and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $a :: name$ 
and    $b :: name$ 

assumes  $P \sim Q$ 

shows  $a\{b\}.P \sim a\{b\}.Q$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma  $matchPres$ :
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $a :: name$ 
and    $b :: name$ 

assumes  $P \sim Q$ 

shows  $[a \sim b]P \sim [a \sim b]Q$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma  $mismatchPres$ :
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $a :: name$ 
and    $b :: name$ 

assumes  $P \sim Q$ 

shows  $[a \neq b]P \sim [a \neq b]Q$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma  $sumPres$ :
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $R :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \sim Q$ 

shows  $P \oplus R \sim Q \oplus R$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma  $resPres$ :
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $x :: name$ 

assumes  $P \sim Q$ 

shows  $\langle \nu x \rangle P \sim \langle \nu x \rangle Q$ 

```

```

⟨proof⟩

lemma parPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   R :: pi

  assumes P ∼ Q

  shows P || R ∼ Q || R
⟨proof⟩

lemma bangPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes PBiSimQ: P ∼ Q

  shows !P ∼ !Q
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Strong-Late-Bisim-Subst-Pres
  imports Strong-Late-Bisim-Subst Strong-Late-Bisim-Pres
begin

lemma tauPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes P ∼s Q

  shows τ.(P) ∼s τ.(Q)
⟨proof⟩

lemma inputPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name

  assumes P ∼s Q

  shows a<x>. P ∼s a<x>. Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma outputPres:

```

```

fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi

assumes P ~s Q

shows a{b}.P ~s a{b}.Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma matchPres:
fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi
and   a :: name
and   b :: name

assumes P ~s Q

shows [a¬b]P ~s [a¬b]Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma mismatchPres:
fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi
and   a :: name
and   b :: name

assumes P ~s Q

shows [a≠b]P ~s [a≠b]Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma sumPres:
fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi
and   R :: pi

assumes P ~s Q

shows P ⊕ R ~s Q ⊕ R
⟨proof⟩

lemma parPres:
fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi
and   R :: pi

assumes P ~s Q

shows P || R ~s Q || R
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma resPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   x :: name

  assumes PeqQ:  $P \sim^s Q$ 

  shows  $\langle \nu x \rangle P \sim^s \langle \nu x \rangle Q$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma bangPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes  $P \sim^s Q$ 

  shows !P  $\sim^s$  !Q
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

end

theory Late-Tau-Chain
  imports Late-Semantics1
begin

  abbreviation tauChain-judge :: pi  $\Rightarrow$  pi  $\Rightarrow$  bool ( $\cdot \Rightarrow_{\tau} \cdot [80, 80]$  80)
  where P  $\Rightarrow_{\tau}$  P'  $\equiv$  (P, P')  $\in \{(P, P') \mid P P'. P \mapsto_{\tau} \prec P'\}^*$ 

  lemma singleTauChain:
    fixes P :: pi
    and   P' :: pi

    assumes P  $\mapsto_{\tau} \prec P'$ 

    shows P  $\Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 
     $\langle proof \rangle$ 

  lemma tauChainAddTau[dest]:
    fixes P :: pi
    and   P' :: pi
    and   P'' :: pi

    shows P  $\Rightarrow_{\tau} P' \Rightarrow P' \mapsto_{\tau} \prec P'' \Rightarrow P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P''$ 
    and P  $\mapsto_{\tau} \prec P' \Rightarrow P' \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'' \Rightarrow P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P''$ 
     $\langle proof \rangle$ 

  lemma tauChainInduct[consumes 1, case-names id ih]:
    fixes P :: pi

```

```

and    $P' :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 
and    $F P$ 
and    $\bigwedge P' P''. \llbracket P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'; P' \mapsto_{\tau} \prec P''; F P' \rrbracket \Rightarrow F P''$ 

shows  $F P'$ 
(proof)

lemma eqvtChainI[eqvt]:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $P' :: pi$ 
and    $perm :: name prm$ 

assumes  $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 

shows  $(perm \cdot P) \Rightarrow_{\tau} (perm \cdot P')$ 
(proof)

lemma eqvtChainE:
fixes  $perm :: name prm$ 
and    $P :: pi$ 
and    $P' :: pi$ 

assumes Trans:  $(perm \cdot P) \Rightarrow_{\tau} (perm \cdot P')$ 

shows  $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 
(proof)

lemma eqvtChainEq:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $P' :: pi$ 
and    $perm :: name prm$ 

shows  $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P' = (perm \cdot P) \Rightarrow_{\tau} (perm \cdot P')$ 
(proof)

lemma freshChain:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $P' :: pi$ 
and    $x :: name$ 

assumes  $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 
and    $x \notin P$ 

shows  $x \notin P'$ 
(proof)

```

```

lemma matchChain:
  fixes b :: name
  and   P :: pi
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes P ==> $\tau$  P'
  and    P ≠ P'

  shows [b ∼ b]P ==> $\tau$  P'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mismatchChain:
  fixes a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   P :: pi
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes PChain: P ==> $\tau$  P'
  and    aineqb: a ≠ b
  and    PineqP': P ≠ P'

  shows [a ≠ b]P ==> $\tau$  P'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sum1Chain[rule-format]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   P' :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes P ==> $\tau$  P'
  and    P ≠ P'

  shows P ⊕ Q ==> $\tau$  P'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sum2Chain[rule-format]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   Q' :: pi

  assumes Q ==> $\tau$  Q'
  and    Q ≠ Q'

  shows P ⊕ Q ==> $\tau$  Q'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Par1Chain:
  fixes P :: pi

```

```

and    $P' :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 

shows  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_{\tau} P' \parallel Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Par2Chain:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $Q :: pi$ 
  and    $Q' :: pi$ 

  assumes  $Q \Rightarrow_{\tau} Q'$ 

  shows  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_{\tau} P \parallel Q'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma chainPar:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $P' :: pi$ 
  and    $Q :: pi$ 
  and    $Q' :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 
  and    $Q \Rightarrow_{\tau} Q'$ 

  shows  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_{\tau} P' \parallel Q'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma ResChain:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $P' :: pi$ 
  and    $a :: name$ 

  assumes  $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 

  shows  $\langle \nu a \rangle P \Rightarrow_{\tau} \langle \nu a \rangle P'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma substChain:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $x :: name$ 
  and    $b :: name$ 
  and    $P' :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P[\text{Trans: } P[x:=b]] \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 

  shows  $P[x:=b] \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'[x:=b]$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma bangChain:
  fixes P :: pi
  and  P' :: pi
```

```
assumes PTrans:  $P \parallel !P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 
and   P'ineq:  $P' \neq P \parallel !P$ 
```

```
shows !P  $\Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 
```

$\langle proof \rangle$

end

theory Weak-Late-Step-Semantics

imports Late-Tau-Chain

begin

```
definition inputTransition :: pi  $\Rightarrow$  name  $\Rightarrow$  pi  $\Rightarrow$  name  $\Rightarrow$  name  $\Rightarrow$  pi  $\Rightarrow$  bool (-
 $\Rightarrow_l$  in  $\rightarrow$ - $\leftarrow$ - $\rightarrow$   $\prec$  - [80, 80, 80, 80, 80] 80)
```

```
where  $P \Rightarrow_l u$  in  $P'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P' \equiv \exists P'''. P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P''' \wedge P''' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P''$ 
 $\wedge P''[x::=u] \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 
```

```
definition transition :: ( $pi \times$  Late-Semantics.residual) set where
```

```
transition  $\equiv \{x. \exists P P' \alpha P'' P'''. P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P' \wedge P' \rightarrow \alpha \prec P'' \wedge P'' \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'''$ 
 $\wedge x = (P, \alpha \prec P''')\} \cup$ 
 $\{x. \exists P P' a y P'' P'''. P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P' \wedge (P' \rightarrow (a < \nu y > \prec P'')) \wedge P''$ 
 $\Rightarrow_{\tau} P'''\wedge x = (P, (a < \nu y > \prec P'''))\}$ 
```

```
abbreviation weakTransition-judge :: pi  $\Rightarrow$  Late-Semantics.residual  $\Rightarrow$  bool (-
 $\Rightarrow_l$  - [80, 80] 80)
```

where  $P \Rightarrow_l Rs \equiv (P, Rs) \in transition$

lemma weakNonInput[dest]:

```
fixes P :: pi
and  a :: name
and  x :: name
and  P' :: pi
```

```
assumes  $P \Rightarrow_l a < x > \prec P'$ 
```

```
shows False
```

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma transitionI:

```
fixes P :: pi
and  P''' :: pi
and   $\alpha$  :: freeRes
and  P'' :: pi
```

```

and  $P' :: pi$ 
and  $a :: name$ 
and  $x :: name$ 
and  $u :: name$ 

shows  $\llbracket P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'''; P''' \rightarrow_{\alpha} \prec P''; P'' \Rightarrow_{\tau} P \rrbracket \Rightarrow P \Rightarrow_l \alpha \prec P'$ 
and  $\llbracket P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'''; P''' \rightarrow_{a<\nu x>} \prec P''; P'' \Rightarrow_{\tau} P \rrbracket \Rightarrow P \Rightarrow_l a <\nu x> \prec P'$ 
and  $\llbracket P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'''; P''' \rightarrow_{a<x>} \prec P''; P''[x:=u] \Rightarrow_{\tau} P \rrbracket \Rightarrow P \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow_{a<x>} \prec P'$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

**lemma** transitionE:

```

fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $\alpha :: freeRes$ 
and  $P' :: pi$ 
and  $P'' :: pi$ 
and  $a :: name$ 
and  $u :: name$ 
and  $x :: name$ 

```

```

shows  $P \Rightarrow_l \alpha \prec P' \Rightarrow \exists P'' P'''. P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'' \wedge P'' \rightarrow_{\alpha} \prec P'''' \wedge P'''' \Rightarrow_{\tau} P' \text{ (is -} \Rightarrow ?thesis1)$ 
and  $\llbracket P \Rightarrow_l a <\nu x> \prec P'; x \notin P \rrbracket \Rightarrow \exists P'' P'''. P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'''' \wedge P'''' \rightarrow_{a <\nu x>} \prec P'' \wedge P'' \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 
and  $\llbracket P \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow_{a <x>} \prec P' \rrbracket \Rightarrow \exists P'''. P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'''' \wedge P'''' \rightarrow_{a <x>} \prec P'' \wedge P''[x:=u] \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

**lemma** alphaInput:

```

fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $u :: name$ 
and  $P'' :: pi$ 
and  $a :: name$ 
and  $x :: name$ 
and  $P' :: pi$ 
and  $y :: name$ 

```

```

assumes PTrans:  $P \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow_{a <x>} \prec P'$ 
and yFreshP:  $y \notin P$ 

```

```

shows  $P \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } ((x, y) \cdot P') \rightarrow_{a <y>} \prec P'$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

**lemma** tauActionChain:

```

fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $P' :: pi$ 

```

```

shows  $P \Rightarrow_l \tau \prec P' \Rightarrow P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 

```

```

and  $P \neq P' \implies P \implies_{\tau} P' \implies P \implies_{l\tau} \prec P'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma singleActionChain:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $\alpha :: freeRes$ 
  and  $u :: name$ 

  shows  $P \mapsto a<\nu x> \prec P' \implies P \implies_{l a <\nu x>} \prec P'$ 
  and  $\llbracket P \mapsto a <x> \prec P \rrbracket \implies P \implies_{l u} \text{in } P' \rightarrow a <x> \prec P'[x ::= u]$ 
  and  $P \mapsto \alpha \prec P' \implies P \implies_{l \alpha} \prec P'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Tau:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 

  shows  $\tau.(P) \implies_l \tau \prec P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Input:
  fixes  $a :: name$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $u :: name$ 
  and  $P :: pi$ 

  shows  $a <x>.P \implies_{l u} \text{in } P \rightarrow a <x> \prec P[x ::= u]$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Output:
  fixes  $a :: name$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $P :: pi$ 

  shows  $a \{b\}.P \implies_{l a[b]} \prec P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Match:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Rs :: residual$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $u :: name$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 

  shows  $P \implies_l Rs \implies [a \sim a]P \implies_l Rs$ 
  and  $P \implies_{l u} \text{in } P'' \rightarrow b <x> \prec P' \implies [a \sim a]P \implies_{l u} \text{in } P'' \rightarrow b <x> \prec P'$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Mismatch*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Rs :: residual$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $c :: name$   
**and**  $u :: name$   
**and**  $b :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$

**shows**  $[P \Rightarrow_l Rs; a \neq c] \Rightarrow [a \neq c] P \Rightarrow_l Rs$   
**and**  $[P \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow b < x > \prec P'; a \neq c] \Rightarrow [a \neq c] P \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow b < x > \prec P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Open*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $b :: name$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$

**assumes** *Trans*:  $P \Rightarrow_l a[b] \prec P'$   
**and**  $aInEqb: a \neq b$

**shows**  $\langle \nu b \rangle P \Rightarrow_l a \langle \nu b \rangle \prec P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Sum1*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Rs :: residual$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $u :: name$   
**and**  $P'' :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$

**shows**  $P \Rightarrow_l Rs \Rightarrow P \oplus Q \Rightarrow_l Rs$   
**and**  $P \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P' \Rightarrow P \oplus Q \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Sum2*:  
**fixes**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $Rs :: residual$   
**and**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $u :: name$   
**and**  $Q'' :: pi$

```

and    $a :: name$ 
and    $x :: name$ 
and    $Q' :: pi$ 

shows  $Q \Rightarrow_l R_s \Rightarrow P \oplus Q \Rightarrow_l R_s$ 
and    $Q \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } Q'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec Q' \Rightarrow P \oplus Q \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } Q'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec Q'$ 
(proof)

lemma  $Par1B$ :
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $a :: name$ 
  and    $x :: name$ 
  and    $P' :: pi$ 
  and    $u :: name$ 
  and    $P'' :: pi$ 

shows  $\llbracket P \Rightarrow_l a < \nu x > \prec P'; x \notin Q \rrbracket \Rightarrow P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_l a < \nu x > \prec (P' \parallel Q)$ 
and    $\llbracket P \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P'; x \notin Q \rrbracket \Rightarrow P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } (P'' \parallel Q) \rightarrow a < x >$ 
prec P' \parallel Q
(proof)

lemma  $Par1F$ :
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $\alpha :: freeRes$ 
  and    $P' :: pi$ 

assumes  $PTrans: P \Rightarrow_l \alpha \prec P'$ 

shows  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_l \alpha \prec (P' \parallel Q)$ 
(proof)

lemma  $Par2B$ :
  fixes  $Q :: pi$ 
  and    $a :: name$ 
  and    $x :: name$ 
  and    $Q' :: pi$ 
  and    $P :: pi$ 
  and    $u :: name$ 
  and    $Q'' :: pi$ 

shows  $Q \Rightarrow_l a < \nu x > \prec Q' \Rightarrow x \notin P \Rightarrow P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_l a < \nu x > \prec (P \parallel Q')$ 
and    $Q \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } Q'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec Q' \Rightarrow x \notin P \Rightarrow P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } (P \parallel Q'') \rightarrow a < x > \prec P \parallel Q'$ 
(proof)

lemma  $Par2F$ :
  fixes  $Q :: pi$ 
  and    $\alpha :: freeRes$ 
  and    $Q' :: pi$ 

```

```

assumes QTrans:  $Q \Rightarrow_l \alpha \prec Q'$ 

shows  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_l \alpha \prec (P \parallel Q')$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Comm1:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $P'' :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $Q' :: pi$ 

assumes PTrans:  $P \Rightarrow_l b \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P'$ 
and QTrans:  $Q \Rightarrow_l a[b] \prec Q'$ 

shows  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_l \tau \prec P' \parallel Q'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Comm2:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $Q'' :: pi$ 
  and  $Q' :: pi$ 

assumes PTrans:  $P \Rightarrow_l a[b] \prec P'$ 
and QTrans:  $Q \Rightarrow_l b \text{ in } Q'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec Q'$ 

shows  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_l \tau \prec P' \parallel Q'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Close1:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $y :: name$ 
  and  $P'' :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $Q' :: pi$ 

assumes PTrans:  $P \Rightarrow_l y \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P'$ 

```

**and**  $QTrans: Q \Rightarrow_{l\alpha<\nu y>} \prec Q'$   
**and**  $yFreshP: y \notin P$   
**and**  $yFreshQ: y \notin Q$

**shows**  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_{l\tau} \prec <\nu y>(P' \parallel Q')$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Close2*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $y :: name$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $Q'' :: pi$   
**and**  $Q' :: pi$

**assumes**  $PTrans: P \Rightarrow_{l\alpha<\nu y>} \prec P'$   
**and**  $QTrans: Q \Rightarrow_{ly \text{ in } Q'' \rightarrow a <x>} \prec Q'$   
**and**  $yFreshP: y \notin P$   
**and**  $yFreshQ: y \notin Q$

**shows**  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_{l\tau} \prec <\nu y>(P' \parallel Q')$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *ResF*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $\alpha :: freeRes$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $x :: name$

**assumes**  $PTrans: P \Rightarrow_{l\alpha} \prec P'$   
**and**  $xFreshAlpha: x \notin \alpha$

**shows**  $<\nu x>P \Rightarrow_{l\alpha} \prec <\nu x>P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *ResB*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $y :: name$   
**and**  $u :: name$   
**and**  $P'' :: pi$

**shows**  $\llbracket P \Rightarrow_{l\alpha<\nu x>} \prec P'; y \neq a; y \neq x; x \notin P \rrbracket \Rightarrow <\nu y>P \Rightarrow_{l\alpha<\nu x>} \prec <\nu y>P'$   
**and**  $\llbracket P \Rightarrow_{lu \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow a <x>} \prec P'; y \neq a; y \neq x; y \neq u \rrbracket \Rightarrow <\nu y>P \Rightarrow_{lu \text{ in }}$

$(\langle \nu y \rangle P'') \rightarrow a < x > \prec (\langle \nu y \rangle P)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Bang*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Rs :: residual$   
**and**  $u :: name$   
**and**  $P'' :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$

**shows**  $P \parallel !P \Rightarrow_l Rs \Rightarrow !P \Rightarrow_l Rs$   
**and**  $P \parallel !P \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P' \Rightarrow !P \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *tauTransitionChain*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \Rightarrow_l \tau \prec P'$

**shows**  $P \Rightarrow_\tau P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *chainTransitionAppend*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $Rs :: residual$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $P'' :: pi$   
**and**  $u :: name$   
**and**  $P''' :: pi$   
**and**  $\alpha :: freeRes$

**shows**  $P \Rightarrow_\tau P' \Rightarrow P'' \Rightarrow_l Rs \Rightarrow P \Rightarrow_l Rs$   
**and**  $P \Rightarrow_\tau P'' \Rightarrow P'' \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } P''' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P' \Rightarrow P \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } P''' \rightarrow a < x >$   
 $\prec P'$   
**and**  $P \Rightarrow_l a < \nu x > \prec P'' \Rightarrow P'' \Rightarrow_\tau P' \Rightarrow x \notin P \Rightarrow P \Rightarrow_l a < \nu x > \prec P'$   
**and**  $P \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } P''' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P'' \Rightarrow P'' \Rightarrow_\tau P' \Rightarrow P \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } P''' \rightarrow a < x >$   
 $\prec P'$   
**and**  $P \Rightarrow_l \alpha \prec P'' \Rightarrow P'' \Rightarrow_\tau P' \Rightarrow P \Rightarrow_l \alpha \prec P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *freshInputTransition*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$

```

and     $u :: name$ 
and     $P'' :: pi$ 
and     $P' :: pi$ 
and     $c :: name$ 

assumes  $PTrans: P \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P'$ 
and       $cFreshP: c \notin P$ 
and       $cinequ: c \neq u$ 

shows  $c \notin P'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma freshBoundOutputTransition:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and     $a :: name$ 
  and     $x :: name$ 
  and     $P' :: pi$ 
  and     $c :: name$ 

  assumes  $PTrans: P \Rightarrow_l a < \nu x > \prec P'$ 
  and       $cFreshP: c \notin P$ 
  and       $cineqx: c \neq x$ 

  shows  $c \notin P'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma freshTauTransition:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and     $c :: name$ 

  assumes  $PTrans: P \Rightarrow_l \tau \prec P'$ 
  and       $cFreshP: c \notin P$ 

  shows  $c \notin P'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma freshOutputTransition:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and     $a :: name$ 
  and     $b :: name$ 
  and     $P' :: pi$ 
  and     $c :: name$ 

  assumes  $PTrans: P \Rightarrow_l a[b] \prec P'$ 
  and       $cFreshP: c \notin P$ 

  shows  $c \notin P'$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma eqvtI:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Rs :: residual
  and perm :: name prm
  and u :: name
  and P'' :: pi
  and a :: name
  and x :: name
  and P' :: pi

  shows P ==>_l Rs ==> (perm • P) ==>_l (perm • Rs)
  and P ==>_l u in P'' → a < x > ↯ P' ==> (perm • P) ==>_l (perm • u) in (perm •
P'') → (perm • a) < (perm • x) > ↯ (perm • P')
  ⟨proof⟩

lemmas freshTransition = freshBoundOutputTransition freshOutputTransition
          freshInputTransition freshTauTransition

end

theory Weak-Late-Semantics
  imports Weak-Late-Step-Semantics
begin

definition weakTransition :: (pi × residual) set
  where weakTransition ≡ Weak-Late-Step-Semantics.transition ∪ {x. ∃ P. x =
(P, τ ↯ P)}

abbreviation weakLateTransition-judge :: pi ⇒ residual ⇒ bool (- ==>_l ^ - [80, 80]
80)
  where P ==>_l ^ Rs ≡ (P, Rs) ∈ weakTransition

lemma transitionI:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Rs :: residual
  and P' :: pi

  shows P ==>_l Rs ==> P ==>_l ^ Rs
  and P ==>_l ^ τ ↯ P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma transitionCases[consumes 1, case-names Step Stay]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Rs :: residual
  and P' :: pi

  assumes P ==>_l ^ Rs
  and P ==>_l Rs ==> F Rs

```

```

and       $Rs = \tau \prec P \implies F (\tau \prec P)$ 

shows  $F Rs$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma singleActionChain:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $\alpha :: freeRes$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'$ 

  shows  $P \implies_l^{\hat{}} (\alpha \prec P')$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Tau:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 

  shows  $\tau.(P) \implies_l^{\hat{}} \tau \prec P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Output:
  fixes  $a :: name$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $P :: pi$ 

  shows  $a\{b\}.P \implies_l^{\hat{}} a[b] \prec P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Match:
  fixes  $a :: name$ 
  and  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 
  and  $\alpha :: freeRes$ 

  shows  $P \implies_l^{\hat{}} b<\nu x> \prec P' \implies [a \rightsquigarrow a]P \implies_l^{\hat{}} b<\nu x> \prec P'$ 
  and  $P \implies_l^{\hat{}} \alpha \prec P' \implies P \neq P' \implies [a \rightsquigarrow a]P \implies_l^{\hat{}} \alpha \prec P'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Mismatch:
  fixes  $a :: name$ 
  and  $c :: name$ 
  and  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 
  and  $\alpha :: freeRes$ 

```

**shows**  $\llbracket P \Rightarrow_l \hat{b} < \nu x > \prec P'; a \neq c \rrbracket \Rightarrow [a \neq c] P \Rightarrow_l \hat{b} < \nu x > \prec P'$   
**and**  $P \Rightarrow_l \hat{\alpha} \prec P' \Rightarrow P \neq P' \Rightarrow a \neq c \Rightarrow [a \neq c] P \Rightarrow_l \hat{\alpha} \prec P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Open*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $b :: name$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
  
**assumes** *Trans*:  $P \Rightarrow_l \hat{a}[b] \prec P'$   
**and**  $aInEqb: a \neq b$   
  
**shows**  $\langle \nu b > P \Rightarrow_l \hat{a} < \nu b > \prec P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Par1B*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
  
**assumes** *PTrans*:  $P \Rightarrow_l \hat{a} < \nu x > \prec P'$   
**and**  $xFreshQ: x \notin Q$   
  
**shows**  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_l \hat{a} < \nu x > \prec (P' \parallel Q)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Par1F*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $\alpha :: freeRes$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
  
**assumes** *PTrans*:  $P \Rightarrow_l \hat{\alpha} \prec P'$   
  
**shows**  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_l \hat{\alpha} \prec (P' \parallel Q)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Par2B*:  
**fixes**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $Q' :: pi$   
  
**assumes** *QTrans*:  $Q \Rightarrow_l \hat{a} < \nu x > \prec Q'$   
**and**  $xFreshP: x \notin P$   
  
**shows**  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_l \hat{a} < \nu x > \prec (P \parallel Q')$

$\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma Par2F:  
  fixes Q :: pi  
  and  α :: freeRes  
  and  Q' :: pi  
  
  assumes QTrans:  $Q \Rightarrow_l \hat{\alpha} \prec Q'$ 
```

```
  shows  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_l \hat{\alpha} \prec (P \parallel Q')$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma Comm1:  
  fixes P :: pi  
  and  a :: name  
  and  b :: name  
  and  P'' :: pi  
  and  P' :: pi  
  and  Q :: pi  
  and  Q' :: pi
```

```
  assumes PTrans:  $P \Rightarrow_l b \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P'$   
  and    QTrans:  $Q \Rightarrow_l \hat{a}[b] \prec Q'$ 
```

```
  shows  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_l \tau \prec P' \parallel Q'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma Comm2:  
  fixes P :: pi  
  and  a :: name  
  and  b :: name  
  and  Q'' :: pi  
  and  P' :: pi  
  and  Q :: pi  
  and  Q' :: pi
```

```
  assumes PTrans:  $P \Rightarrow_l \hat{a}[b] \prec P'$   
  and    QTrans:  $Q \Rightarrow_l b \text{ in } Q'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec Q'$ 
```

```
  shows  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_l \tau \prec P' \parallel Q'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma Close1:  
  fixes P :: pi  
  and  y :: name  
  and  P'' :: pi  
  and  a :: name  
  and  x :: name  
  and  P' :: pi
```

```

and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $Q' :: pi$ 

assumes  $PTrans: P \Rightarrow_l^y \text{in } P'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P'$ 
and    $QTrans: Q \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{y}} a < \nu y > \prec Q'$ 
and    $xFreshP: y \notin P$ 
and    $xFreshQ: y \notin Q$ 

```

**shows**  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{\tau}} \prec < \nu y > (P' \parallel Q')$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Close2*:

```

fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $a :: name$ 
and    $x :: name$ 
and    $P' :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $y :: name$ 
and    $Q'' :: pi$ 
and    $Q' :: pi$ 

```

```

assumes  $PTrans: P \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{y}} a < \nu y > \prec P'$ 
and    $QTrans: Q \Rightarrow_l^y \text{in } Q'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec Q'$ 
and    $xFreshP: y \notin P$ 
and    $xFreshQ: y \notin Q$ 

```

**shows**  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{\tau}} \prec < \nu y > (P' \parallel Q')$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *ResF*:

```

fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $\alpha :: freeRes$ 
and    $P' :: pi$ 
and    $x :: name$ 

```

```

assumes  $PTrans: P \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{\alpha}} \prec P'$ 
and    $xFreshAlpha: x \notin \alpha$ 

```

**shows**  $< \nu x > P \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{\alpha}} \prec < \nu x > P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *ResB*:

```

fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $a :: name$ 
and    $x :: name$ 
and    $P' :: pi$ 
and    $y :: name$ 

```

```

assumes  $PTrans: P \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{a}} a < \nu x > \prec P'$ 

```

```

and       $y \neq a$ 
and       $y \neq x$ 
and       $x \text{Fresh} P : x \notin P$ 

shows  $\langle \nu y \rangle P \implies_l^{\hat{}} a \langle \nu x \rangle \prec (\langle \nu y \rangle P')$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma Bang:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Rs :: residual$ 

assumes  $P \parallel !P \implies_l^{\hat{}} Rs$ 
and  $Rs \neq \tau \prec P \parallel !P$ 

shows  $!P \implies_l^{\hat{}} Rs$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma tauTransitionChain:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $P' :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \implies_l^{\hat{}} \tau \prec P'$ 

shows  $P \implies_{\tau} P'$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma chainTransitionAppend:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $P' :: pi$ 
and  $Rs :: residual$ 
and  $a :: name$ 
and  $x :: name$ 
and  $P'' :: pi$ 
and  $\alpha :: freeRes$ 

shows  $P \implies_{\tau} P' \implies P' \implies_l^{\hat{}} Rs \implies P \implies_l^{\hat{}} Rs$ 
and  $P \implies_l^{\hat{}} a \langle \nu x \rangle \prec P'' \implies P'' \implies_{\tau} P' \implies x \notin P \implies P \implies_l^{\hat{}} a \langle \nu x \rangle \prec P'$ 
and  $P \implies_l^{\hat{}} \alpha \prec P'' \implies P'' \implies_{\tau} P' \implies P \implies_l^{\hat{}} \alpha \prec P'$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma weakEqWeakTransitionAppend:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $P' :: pi$ 
and  $\alpha :: freeRes$ 
and  $P'' :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \text{Trans}: P \implies_l \tau \prec P'$ 
and  $P' \text{Trans}: P' \implies_l^{\hat{}} \alpha \prec P''$ 

```

**shows**  $P \Rightarrow_l \alpha \prec P''$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *freshBoundOutputTransition*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $c :: name$

**assumes**  $PTrans: P \Rightarrow_l \hat{a} < \nu x > \prec P'$   
**and**  $cFreshP: c \notin P$   
**and**  $cineqx: c \neq x$

**shows**  $c \notin P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *freshTauTransition*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $c :: name$

**assumes**  $PTrans: P \Rightarrow_l \hat{\tau} \prec P'$   
**and**  $cFreshP: c \notin P$

**shows**  $c \notin P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *freshOutputTransition*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $b :: name$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $c :: name$

**assumes**  $PTrans: P \Rightarrow_l \hat{a}[b] \prec P'$   
**and**  $cFreshP: c \notin P$

**shows**  $c \notin P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *eqvtI*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Rs :: residual$   
**and**  $perm :: name prm$

**assumes**  $P \Rightarrow_l \hat{Rs}$

**shows**  $(perm \cdot P) \Rightarrow_l \hat{(perm \cdot Rs)}$

$\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma freshInputTransition:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 
  and  $c :: name$ 

  assumes  $PTrans: P \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{}} a < b > \prec P'$ 
  and  $cFreshP: c \notin P$ 
  and  $cineqb: c \neq b$ 

  shows  $c \notin P'$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemmas freshTransition = freshBoundOutputTransition freshOutputTransition
          freshInputTransition freshTauTransition

```

**end**

```

theory Weak-Late-Sim
  imports Weak-Late-Semantics Strong-Late-Sim
begin

```

```

definition weakSimAct ::  $pi \Rightarrow residual \Rightarrow ('a::fs-name) \Rightarrow (pi \times pi)$  set  $\Rightarrow bool$ 
where
   $weakSimAct P Rs C Rel \equiv (\forall Q' a x. Rs = a < \nu x > \prec Q' \rightarrow x \notin C \rightarrow (\exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{}} a < \nu x > \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel)) \wedge$ 
   $(\forall Q' a x. Rs = a < x > \prec Q' \rightarrow x \notin C \rightarrow (\exists P''. \forall u. \exists P'. P \Rightarrow_{lu} \text{in } P'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P' \wedge (P', Q'[x:=u]) \in Rel)) \wedge$ 
   $(\forall Q' \alpha. Rs = \alpha \prec Q' \rightarrow (\exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{}} \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel))$ 

```

```

definition weakSimAux ::  $pi \Rightarrow (pi \times pi)$  set  $\Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow bool$  where
   $weakSimAux P Rel Q \equiv (\forall Q' a x. (Q \mapsto a < \nu x > \prec Q' \wedge x \notin P) \rightarrow (\exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{}} a < \nu x > \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel)) \wedge$ 
   $(\forall Q' a x. (Q \mapsto a < x > \prec Q' \wedge x \notin P) \rightarrow (\exists P''. \forall u. \exists P'. P \Rightarrow_{lu} \text{in } P'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P' \wedge (P', Q'[x:=u]) \in Rel)) \wedge$ 
   $(\forall Q' \alpha. Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \rightarrow (\exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{}} \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel))$ 

```

```

definition weakSimulation ::  $pi \Rightarrow (pi \times pi)$  set  $\Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow bool$  (-  $\rightsquigarrow \hat{<->} - [80, 80, 80] 80)$  where
   $P \rightsquigarrow \hat{<Rel>} Q \equiv (\forall Rs. Q \mapsto Rs \rightarrow weakSimAct P Rs P Rel)$ 

```

**lemmas** *simDef* = *weakSimAct-def* *weakSimulation-def*

**lemma** *weakSimAux P Rel Q* = *weakSimulation P Rel Q*

$\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma monotonic:
  fixes A ::  $(pi \times pi)$  set
  and   B ::  $(pi \times pi)$  set
  and   P ::  $pi$ 
  and   P' ::  $pi$ 

  assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle A \rangle P'$ 
  and      $A \subseteq B$ 

  shows  $P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle B \rangle P'$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** simCasesCont[consumes 1, case-names Bound Input Free]:

```

  fixes P ::  $pi$ 
  and   Q ::  $pi$ 
  and   Rel ::  $(pi \times pi)$  set
  and   C :: 'a::fs-name

  assumes Eqvt: eqvt Rel
  and   Bound:  $\bigwedge Q' a x. [x \notin C; Q \rightarrowtail a < \nu x > \prec Q'] \Rightarrow \exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{}} a < \nu x >$ 
             $\prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$ 
  and   Input:  $\bigwedge Q' a x. [x \notin C; Q \rightarrowtail a < x > \prec Q'] \Rightarrow \exists P''. \forall u. \exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l u$ 
             $in P'' \rightarrowtail a < x > \prec P' \wedge (P', Q'[x:=u]) \in Rel$ 
  and   Free:  $\bigwedge Q' \alpha. Q \rightarrowtail \alpha \prec Q' \Rightarrow (\exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{}} \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in$ 
             $Rel)$ 

  shows  $P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle Rel \rangle Q$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** simCases[case-names Bound Input Free]:

```

  fixes P ::  $pi$ 
  and   Q ::  $pi$ 
  and   Rel ::  $(pi \times pi)$  set
  and   C :: 'a::fs-name

  assumes Bound:  $\bigwedge Q' a x. [Q \rightarrowtail a < \nu x > \prec Q'; x \notin P] \Rightarrow \exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{}} a < \nu x >$ 
             $\prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$ 
  and   Input:  $\bigwedge Q' a x. [Q \rightarrowtail a < x > \prec Q'; x \notin P] \Rightarrow \exists P''. \forall u. \exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l u$ 
             $in P'' \rightarrowtail a < x > \prec P' \wedge (P', Q'[x:=u]) \in Rel$ 
  and   Free:  $\bigwedge Q' \alpha. Q \rightarrowtail \alpha \prec Q' \Rightarrow (\exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{}} \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in$ 
             $Rel)$ 

  shows  $P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle Rel \rangle Q$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** simActBoundCases[consumes 1, case-names Input BoundOutput]:

**fixes** P ::  $pi$

```

and    $a :: \text{subject}$ 
and    $x :: \text{name}$ 
and    $Q' :: \text{pi}$ 
and    $C :: 'a::\text{fs-name}$ 
and    $\text{Rel} :: (\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$ 

assumes  $\text{EqvtRel}: \text{eqvt Rel}$ 
and    $\text{DerInput}: \bigwedge b. a = \text{InputS } b \implies (\exists P''. \forall u. \exists P'. (P \implies_l u \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow b < x > \prec P') \wedge (P', Q'[x:=u]) \in \text{Rel})$ 
and    $\text{DerBoundOutput}: \bigwedge b. a = \text{BoundOutputS } b \implies (\exists P'. (P \implies_l \hat{b} < \nu x > \prec P') \wedge (P', Q') \in \text{Rel})$ 

shows  $\text{weakSimAct } P (a \ll x \gg \prec Q') P \text{ Rel}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{simActFreeCases}[\text{consumes } 0, \text{ case-names } \text{Der}]$ :
fixes  $P :: \text{pi}$ 
and    $\alpha :: \text{freeRes}$ 
and    $Q' :: \text{pi}$ 
and    $\text{Rel} :: (\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$ 

assumes  $\exists P'. (P \implies_l \hat{\alpha} \prec P') \wedge (P', Q') \in \text{Rel}$ 

shows  $\text{weakSimAct } P (\alpha \prec Q') P \text{ Rel}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{simE}$ :
fixes  $P :: \text{pi}$ 
and    $\text{Rel} :: (\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$ 
and    $Q :: \text{pi}$ 
and    $a :: \text{name}$ 
and    $x :: \text{name}$ 
and    $u :: \text{name}$ 
and    $Q' :: \text{pi}$ 

assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \text{Rel} Q$ 

shows  $Q \mapsto a < \nu x > \prec Q' \implies x \notin P \implies \exists P'. P \implies_l \hat{a} < \nu x > \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in \text{Rel}$ 
and    $Q \mapsto a < x > \prec Q' \implies x \notin P \implies \exists P''. \forall u. \exists P'. P \implies_l u \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P' \wedge (P', Q'[x:=u]) \in \text{Rel}$ 
and    $Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \implies (\exists P'. P \implies_l \hat{\alpha} \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in \text{Rel})$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{weakSimTauChain}$ :
fixes  $P :: \text{pi}$ 
and    $\text{Rel} :: (\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$ 
and    $Q :: \text{pi}$ 
and    $Q' :: \text{pi}$ 

```

**assumes**  $QChain: Q \Rightarrow_{\tau} Q'$   
**and**  $PRelQ: (P, Q) \in Rel$   
**and**  $Sim: \bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in Rel \Rightarrow P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle Rel \rangle Q$

**shows**  $\exists P'. P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $simE2$ :  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $Q' :: pi$

**assumes**  $PSimQ: P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle Rel \rangle Q$   
**and**  $Sim: \bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in Rel \Rightarrow P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle Rel \rangle Q$   
**and**  $Eqvt: eqvt Rel$   
**and**  $PRelQ: (P, Q) \in Rel$

**shows**  $Q \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{}} a < \nu x > \prec Q' \Rightarrow x \notin P \Rightarrow \exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{}} a < \nu x > \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$   
**and**  $Q \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{}} \alpha \prec Q' \Rightarrow \exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l^{\hat{}} \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $eqvtI$ :  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**and**  $perm :: name prm$

**assumes**  $Sim: P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle Rel \rangle Q$   
**and**  $RelRel': Rel \subseteq Rel'$   
**and**  $EqvtRel': eqvt Rel'$

**shows**  $(perm \cdot P) \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle Rel' \rangle (perm \cdot Q)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $reflexive$ :  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$

**assumes**  $Id \subseteq Rel$

**shows**  $P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle Rel \rangle P$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma transitive:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and R :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  and Rel' :: (pi × pi) set
  and Rel'' :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes QSimR: Q ~^<Rel'> R
  and Eqvt: eqvt Rel
  and Eqvt': eqvt Rel''
  and Trans: Rel O Rel' ⊆ Rel''
  and Sim: ⋀P Q. (P, Q) ∈ Rel ==> P ~^<Rel> Q
  and PRelQ: (P, Q) ∈ Rel

  shows P ~^<Rel''> R
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma strongSimWeakSim:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes PSimQ: P ~[Rel] Q

  shows P ~^<Rel> Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma strongAppend:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and R :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  and Rel' :: (pi × pi) set
  and Rel'' :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes PSimQ: P ~^<Rel> Q
  and QSimR: Q ~[Rel'] R
  and Eqvt'': eqvt Rel''
  and Trans: Rel O Rel' ⊆ Rel''

  shows P ~^<Rel''> R
  ⟨proof⟩

end

theory Weak-Late-Bisim
  imports Weak-Late-Sim Strong-Late-Bisim

```

**begin**

**lemma** *monoAux*:  $A \subseteq B \implies P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle A \rangle Q \longrightarrow P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle B \rangle Q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**coinductive-set** *weakBisim* ::  $(pi \times pi)$  set

**where**

**step**:  $\llbracket P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle weakBisim \rangle Q; (Q, P) \in weakBisim \rrbracket \implies (P, Q) \in weakBisim$   
**monos** *monoAux*

**abbreviation**

*weakBisimJudge* (**infixr**  $\approx 65$ ) **where**  $P \approx Q \equiv (P, Q) \in weakBisim$

**lemma** *weakBisimCoinductAux*[*case-names* *weakBisim*, *case-conclusion* *weakBisim step*, *consumes* 1]:

**assumes**  $p: (P, Q) \in X$   
**and** **step**:  $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle (X \cup weakBisim) \rangle Q \wedge ((Q, P) \in X \vee Q \approx P)$

**shows**  $P \approx Q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *weakBisimCoinduct*[*consumes* 1, *case-names* *cSim cSym*]:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$

**assumes**  $(P, Q) \in X$   
**and**  $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle (X \cup weakBisim) \rangle Q$   
**and**  $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies (Q, P) \in X$

**shows**  $P \approx Q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *weak-coinduct*[*case-names* *weakBisim*, *case-conclusion* *weakBisim step*, *consumes* 1]:

**assumes**  $p: (P, Q) \in X$   
**and** **step**:  $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle X \rangle Q \wedge (Q, P) \in X$

**shows**  $P \approx Q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *weakBisimWeakCoinduct*[*consumes* 1, *case-names* *cSim cSym*]:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$

**assumes**  $(P, Q) \in X$   
**and**  $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle X \rangle Q$   
**and**  $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies (Q, P) \in X$

```

shows  $P \approx Q$ 
⟨proof⟩
lemma monotonic:  $\text{mono}(\lambda p\ x1\ x2. \exists P\ Q. x1 = P \wedge x2 = Q \wedge P \rightsquigarrow^{\wedge} \langle\{(xa, x). p\ xa\ x\}\rangle P)$ 

$\{xa\}$  >  $Q \wedge Q \rightsquigarrow^{\wedge} \langle\{(xa, x). p\ xa\ x\}\rangle P$


⟨proof⟩

lemma unfoldE:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \approx Q$ 

shows  $P \rightsquigarrow^{\wedge} \langle \text{weakBisim} \rangle Q$ 
and  $Q \approx P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma unfoldI:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow^{\wedge} \langle \text{weakBisim} \rangle Q$ 
and  $Q \approx P$ 

shows  $P \approx Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma eqvt:
  shows eqvt weakBisim
⟨proof⟩

lemma eqvtI:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $perm :: name\ perm$ 

assumes  $P \approx Q$ 

shows  $(perm \cdot P) \approx (perm \cdot Q)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma weakBisimEqvt[simp]:
  shows eqvt weakBisim
⟨proof⟩

lemma strongBisimWeakBisim:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 

assumes PSimQ:  $P \sim Q$ 

```

```

shows  $P \approx Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma reflexive:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 

  shows  $P \approx P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma symmetric:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \approx Q$ 

  shows  $Q \approx P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma transitive:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $R :: pi$ 

  assumes  $PBiSimQ: P \approx Q$ 
  and  $QBiSimR: Q \approx R$ 

  shows  $P \approx R$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma transitive-coinduct-weak[case-names  $WeakBisimEarly$ , case-conclusion  $WeakBisimEarly$  step, consumes 2]:
  assumes  $p: (P, Q) \in X$ 
  and  $Eqvt: eqvt X$ 
  and  $step: \bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{<}} \langle bisim O X O bisim \rangle Q \wedge (Q, P) \in X$ 

  shows  $P \approx Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma weakBisimTransitiveCoinduct[case-names  $cSim$   $cSym$ , consumes 2]:
  assumes  $p: (P, Q) \in X$ 
  and  $Eqvt: eqvt X$ 
  and  $rSim: \bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{<}} \langle bisim O X O bisim \rangle Q$ 
  and  $rSym: \bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies (Q, P) \in X$ 

  shows  $P \approx Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

**end**

**theory** *Weak-Late-Step-Sim*

**imports** *Weak-Late-Step-Semantics Weak-Late-Sim Strong-Late-Sim*

**begin**

**definition** *weakStepSimAct* :: *pi*  $\Rightarrow$  *residual*  $\Rightarrow$  ('*a::fs-name*)  $\Rightarrow$  (*pi*  $\times$  *pi*) *set*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool* **where**

*weakStepSimAct P Rs C Rel*  $\equiv$  ( $\forall Q' a x. Rs = a < \nu x > \prec Q' \rightarrow x \notin C \rightarrow (\exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l a < \nu x > \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel) \wedge$   
 $(\forall Q' a x. Rs = a < x > \prec Q' \rightarrow x \notin C \rightarrow (\exists P''. \forall u. \exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P' \wedge (P', Q'[x::=u]) \in Rel) \wedge$   
 $(\forall Q' \alpha. Rs = \alpha \prec Q' \rightarrow (\exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel))$

**definition** *weakStepSimAux* :: *pi*  $\Rightarrow$  (*pi*  $\times$  *pi*) *set*  $\Rightarrow$  *pi*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool* **where**

*weakStepSimAux P Rel Q*  $\equiv$  ( $\forall Q' a x. (Q \mapsto a < \nu x > \prec Q' \wedge x \notin P) \rightarrow (\exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l a < \nu x > \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel) \wedge$   
 $(\forall Q' a x. (Q \mapsto a < x > \prec Q' \wedge x \notin P) \rightarrow (\exists P''. \forall u. \exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } P'' \rightarrow a < x > \prec P' \wedge (P', Q'[x::=u]) \in Rel) \wedge$   
 $(\forall Q' \alpha. Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \rightarrow (\exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel))$

**definition** *weakStepSim* :: *pi*  $\Rightarrow$  (*pi*  $\times$  *pi*) *set*  $\Rightarrow$  *pi*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool* (-  $\rightsquigarrow$  - [80, 80, 80] 80) **where**

*P*  $\rightsquigarrow_{Rel} Q$   $\equiv$  ( $\forall Rs. Q \mapsto Rs \rightarrow weakStepSimAct P Rs P Rel$ )

**lemmas** *weakStepSimDef* = *weakStepSimAct-def* *weakStepSim-def*

**lemma** *weakStepSimAux P Rel Q* = *weakStepSim P Rel Q*

*{proof}*

**lemma** *monotonic*:

**fixes** *A* :: (*pi*  $\times$  *pi*) *set*

**and** *B* :: (*pi*  $\times$  *pi*) *set*

**and** *P* :: *pi*

**and** *P'* :: *pi*

**assumes** *P*  $\rightsquigarrow_{A} P'$

**and** *A*  $\subseteq B$

**shows** *P*  $\rightsquigarrow_{B} P'$

*{proof}*

**lemma** *simCasesCont*[consumes 1, case-names Bound Input Free]:

**fixes** *P* :: *pi*

**and** *Q* :: *pi*

**and** *Rel* :: (*pi*  $\times$  *pi*) *set*

**and** *C* :: '*a::fs-name*

```

assumes Eqvt: eqvt Rel
and Bound:  $\bigwedge Q' \forall x. [x \notin C; Q \rightarrowtail a < \nu x > \prec Q] \implies \exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l a < \nu x >$   

 $\prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$ 
and Input:  $\bigwedge Q' \forall x. [x \notin C; Q \rightarrowtail a < x > \prec Q] \implies \exists P''. \forall u. \exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l u$   

 $in P'' \rightarrowtail a < x > \prec P' \wedge (P', Q'[x:=u]) \in Rel$ 
and Free:  $\bigwedge Q' \forall \alpha. Q \rightarrowtail \alpha \prec Q' \implies (\exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel)$ 

shows  $P \rightsquigarrow_{Rel} Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma simCases[consumes 0, case-names Bound Input Free]:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Q :: pi$ 
and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 
and  $C :: 'a::fs-name$ 

assumes Bound:  $\bigwedge Q' \forall x. [Q \rightarrowtail a < \nu x > \prec Q'; x \notin P] \implies \exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l a < \nu x >$   

 $\prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$ 
and Input:  $\bigwedge Q' \forall x. [Q \rightarrowtail a < x > \prec Q'; x \notin P] \implies \exists P''. \forall u. \exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l u$   

 $in P'' \rightarrowtail a < x > \prec P' \wedge (P', Q'[x:=u]) \in Rel$ 
and Free:  $\bigwedge Q' \forall \alpha. Q \rightarrowtail \alpha \prec Q' \implies (\exists P'. P \Rightarrow_l \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel)$ 

shows  $P \rightsquigarrow_{Rel} Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma simActBoundCases[consumes 1, case-names Input BoundOutput]:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $a :: subject$ 
and  $x :: name$ 
and  $Q' :: pi$ 
and  $C :: 'a::fs-name$ 
and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

assumes EqvtRel: eqvt Rel
and DerInput:  $\bigwedge b. a = InputS b \implies (\exists P''. \forall u. \exists P'. (P \Rightarrow_l u \text{ in } P'' \rightarrowtail b < x >$   

 $\prec P') \wedge (P', Q'[x:=u]) \in Rel)$ 
and DerBoundOutput:  $\bigwedge b. a = BoundOutputS b \implies (\exists P'. (P \Rightarrow_l b < \nu x >$   

 $\prec P') \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel)$ 

shows weakStepSimAct  $P (a \ll x \rr \prec Q') P Rel$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma simActFreeCases[consumes 0, case-names Free]:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $\alpha :: freeRes$ 
and  $C :: 'a::fs-name$ 
and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

```

**assumes**  $\text{Der}: \exists P'. (P \Rightarrow_{l\alpha} \prec P') \wedge (P', Q') \in \text{Rel}$

**shows**  $\text{weakStepSimAct } P (\alpha \prec Q') P \text{ Rel}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{simE}$ :

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $\text{Rel} :: (pi \times pi) \text{ set}$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: \text{name}$   
**and**  $x :: \text{name}$   
**and**  $u :: \text{name}$   
**and**  $Q' :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} Q$

**shows**  $Q \xrightarrow{a<\nu x>} \prec Q' \Rightarrow x \notin P \Rightarrow \exists P'. P \Rightarrow_{l\alpha} \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in \text{Rel}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{weakSimTauChain}$ :

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $\text{Rel} :: (pi \times pi) \text{ set}$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $Q' :: pi$

**assumes**  $Q\text{Chain}: Q \Rightarrow_{\tau} Q'$   
**and**  $P\text{RelQ}: (P, Q) \in \text{Rel}$   
**and**  $\text{Sim}: \bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in \text{Rel} \Rightarrow P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} Q$

**shows**  $\exists P'. P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P' \wedge (P', Q') \in \text{Rel}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{strongSimWeakEqSim}$ :

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $\text{Rel} :: (pi \times pi) \text{ set}$

**assumes**  $P\text{SimQ}: P \rightsquigarrow_{[\text{Rel}]} Q$

**shows**  $P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} Q$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{weakSimWeakEqSim}$ :

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$

```

and   Rel :: ( $pi \times pi$ ) set
assumes P  $\rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel \rangle} Q$ 
shows P  $\rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}}_{\langle Rel \rangle} Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma eqvtI:
fixes P ::  $pi$ 
and   Q ::  $pi$ 
and   Rel :: ( $pi \times pi$ ) set
and   perm :: name prm

assumes Sim: P  $\rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel \rangle} Q$ 
and   RelRel': Rel  $\subseteq$  Rel'
and   EqvtRel': eqvt Rel'

shows (perm • P)  $\rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel' \rangle} (perm \cdot Q)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma simE2:
fixes P ::  $pi$ 
and   Rel :: ( $pi \times pi$ ) set
and   Q ::  $pi$ 
and   a :: name
and   x :: name
and   Q' ::  $pi$ 

assumes PSimQ: P  $\rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel \rangle} Q$ 
and   Sim:  $\bigwedge P \ Q. (P, Q) \in Rel \implies P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}}_{\langle Rel \rangle} Q$ 
and   Eqvt: eqvt Rel
and   PRelQ: (P, Q)  $\in Rel$ 

shows Q  $\implies_{\alpha} \exists P'. P \rightsquigarrow_{\alpha} Q \wedge (P', Q) \in Rel$ 
and   Q  $\implies_{\alpha} \exists P'. P \rightsquigarrow_{\alpha} Q \wedge (P', Q) \in Rel$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma reflexive:
fixes P ::  $pi$ 
and   Rel :: ( $pi \times pi$ ) set

assumes Id  $\subseteq Rel$ 
shows P  $\rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel \rangle} P$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma transitive:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $R :: pi$ 
  and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 
  and  $Rel' :: (pi \times pi) set$ 
  and  $Rel'' :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

  assumes  $PSimQ: P \rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel \rangle} Q$ 
  and  $QSimR: Q \rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel' \rangle} R$ 
  and  $Eqvt: eqvt Rel$ 
  and  $Eqvt': eqvt Rel''$ 
  and  $Trans: Rel \cap Rel' \subseteq Rel''$ 
  and  $Sim: \bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in Rel \implies P \rightsquigarrow^{\sim}_{\langle Rel \rangle} Q$ 
  and  $PRelQ: (P, Q) \in Rel$ 

  shows  $P \rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel'' \rangle} R$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

end

theory Weak-Late-Cong
  imports Weak-Late-Bisim Weak-Late-Step-Sim Strong-Late-Bisim
begin

  definition congruence ::  $(pi \times pi) set$  where
    congruence ≡  $\{(P, Q) | P Q. P \rightsquigarrow_{\langle weakBisim \rangle} Q \wedge Q \rightsquigarrow_{\langle weakBisim \rangle} P\}$ 
  abbreviation congruenceJudge (infixr  $\simeq$  65) where  $P \simeq Q \equiv (P, Q) \in congruence$ 

  lemma unfoldE:
    fixes  $P :: pi$ 
    and  $Q :: pi$ 
    and  $s :: (name \times name) list$ 

    assumes  $P \simeq Q$ 

    shows  $P \rightsquigarrow_{\langle weakBisim \rangle} Q$ 
    and  $Q \rightsquigarrow_{\langle weakBisim \rangle} P$ 
    ⟨proof⟩

  lemma unfoldI:
    fixes  $P :: pi$ 
    and  $Q :: pi$ 

    assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow_{\langle weakBisim \rangle} Q$ 
    and  $Q \rightsquigarrow_{\langle weakBisim \rangle} P$ 

    shows  $P \simeq Q$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *eqvt*:  
  **shows** *eqvt congruence*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *eqvtI*:  
  **fixes** *P :: pi*  
  **and**   *Q :: pi*  
  **and**   *perm :: name prm*

**assumes** *P  $\simeq$  Q*

**shows**  $(perm \cdot P) \simeq (perm \cdot Q)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *strongBisimWeakEq*:  
  **fixes** *P :: pi*  
  **and**   *Q :: pi*

**assumes** *P  $\sim$  Q*

**shows** *P  $\simeq$  Q*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *congruenceWeakBisim*:  
  **fixes** *P :: pi*  
  **and**   *Q :: pi*

**assumes** *P  $\simeq$  Q*

**shows** *P  $\approx$  Q*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *congruenceSubsetWeakBisim*:  
  **shows** *congruence  $\subseteq$  weakBisim*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *reflexive*:  
  **fixes** *P :: pi*

**shows** *P  $\simeq$  P*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *symmetric*:  
  **fixes** *P :: pi*  
  **and**   *Q :: pi*

```

assumes  $P \simeq Q$ 

shows  $Q \simeq P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma transitive:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $R :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \simeq Q$ 
  and  $Q \simeq R$ 

  shows  $P \simeq R$ 
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Weak-Late-Bisim-Subst
  imports Weak-Late-Bisim Strong-Late-Bisim-Subst
begin

consts weakBisimSubst ::  $(pi \times pi)$  set
abbreviation
  weakBisimSubstJudge (infixr  $\approx^s$  65) where  $P \approx^s Q \equiv (P, Q) \in (\text{substClosed}$   

 $\text{weakBisim})$ 

lemma congBisim:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \approx^s Q$ 

  shows  $P \approx Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma strongBisimWeakBisim:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \sim^s Q$ 

  shows  $P \approx^s Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma eqvt:
  shows eqvt (substClosed weakBisim)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma eqvtI:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   perm :: name prm

  assumes P ≈s Q

  shows (perm • P) ≈s (perm • Q)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma reflexive:
  fixes P :: pi

  shows P ≈s P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma symmetric:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes P ≈s Q

  shows Q ≈s P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma transitive:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   R :: pi

  assumes P ≈s Q
  and   Q ≈s R

  shows P ≈s R
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma partUnfold:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   s :: (name × name) list

  assumes P ≈s Q

  shows P[<s>] ≈s Q[<s>]
  ⟨proof⟩

end

```

```

theory Weak-Late-Cong-Subst
imports Weak-Late-Cong Weak-Late-Bisim-Subst Strong-Late-Bisim-Subst
begin

definition congruenceSubst ::  $pi \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow bool$  (infixr  $\simeq^s$  65) where
 $P \simeq^s Q \equiv (P, Q) \in (substClosed \ congruence)$ 

lemmas congruenceSubstDef = congruenceSubst-def congruence-def substClosed-def

lemma unfoldE:
fixes P ::  $pi$ 
and Q ::  $pi$ 
and s ::  $(name \times name) list$ 

assumes  $P \simeq^s Q$ 

shows  $P[<s>] \rightsquigarrow_{weakBisim} Q[<s>]$ 
and  $Q[<s>] \rightsquigarrow_{weakBisim} P[<s>]$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma unfoldI:
fixes P ::  $pi$ 
and Q ::  $pi$ 

assumes  $\forall s. P[<s>] \rightsquigarrow_{weakBisim} Q[<s>] \wedge Q[<s>] \rightsquigarrow_{weakBisim} P[<s>]$ 

shows  $P \simeq^s Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma weakEqSubset:
shows  $substClosed \ congruence \subseteq weakBisim$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma weakCongWeakEq:
fixes P ::  $pi$ 
and Q ::  $pi$ 

assumes  $P \simeq^s Q$ 

shows  $P \simeq Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma eqvt:
shows eqvt (substClosed congruence)
⟨proof⟩

lemma eqvtI:
fixes P ::  $pi$ 

```

```

and     $Q :: pi$ 
and     $perm :: name\; prm$ 

assumes  $P \simeq^s Q$ 

shows  $(perm \cdot P) \simeq^s (perm \cdot Q)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma strongEqWeakCong:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and     $Q :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \sim^s Q$ 

shows  $P \simeq^s Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma congSubstBisimSubst:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and     $Q :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \simeq^s Q$ 

shows  $P \approx^s Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma reflexive:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 

shows  $P \simeq^s P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma symetric:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and     $Q :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \simeq^s Q$ 

shows  $Q \simeq^s P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma transitive:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and     $Q :: pi$ 
  and     $R :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \simeq^s Q$ 
and       $Q \simeq^s R$ 

```

```

shows  $P \simeq^s R$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma partUnfold:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $s :: (name \times name) list$ 

  assumes  $P \simeq^s Q$ 

  shows  $P[<s>] \simeq^s Q[<s>]$ 
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Strong-Late-Sim-SC
  imports Strong-Late-Sim
begin

lemma nilSim[dest]:
  fixes  $a :: name$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 

  shows  $\mathbf{0} \rightsquigarrow [Rel] \tau.(P) \implies False$ 
  and  $\mathbf{0} \rightsquigarrow [Rel] a <x>.P \implies False$ 
  and  $\mathbf{0} \rightsquigarrow [Rel] a\{b\}.P \implies False$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma nilSimRight:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

  shows  $P \rightsquigarrow [Rel] \mathbf{0}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma matchIdLeft:
  fixes  $a :: name$ 
  and  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

  assumes  $Id \subseteq Rel$ 

```

```

shows [ $a \sim a$ ]  $P \rightsquigarrow [Rel] P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $matchIdRight$ :
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

  assumes  $IdRel: Id \subseteq Rel$ 

  shows  $P \rightsquigarrow [Rel] [a \sim a] P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $matchNilLeft$ :
  fixes  $a :: name$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $P :: pi$ 

  assumes  $a \neq b$ 

  shows  $\mathbf{0} \rightsquigarrow [Rel] [a \sim b] P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $mismatchIdLeft$ :
  fixes  $a :: name$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

  assumes  $Id \subseteq Rel$ 
  and  $a \neq b$ 

  shows  $[a \neq b] P \rightsquigarrow [Rel] P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $mismatchIdRight$ :
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

  assumes  $IdRel: Id \subseteq Rel$ 
  and  $aineqb: a \neq b$ 

  shows  $P \rightsquigarrow [Rel] [a \neq b] P$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma mismatchNilLeft:
  fixes a :: name
  and P :: pi

  shows 0 ~>[Rel] [a ≠ a]P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sumSym:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes Id: Id ⊆ Rel

  shows P ⊕ Q ~>[Rel] Q ⊕ P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sumIdempLeft:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes Id ⊆ Rel

  shows P ~>[Rel] P ⊕ P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sumIdempRight:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes I: Id ⊆ Rel

  shows P ⊕ P ~>[Rel] P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sumAssocLeft:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and R :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes Id: Id ⊆ Rel

  shows (P ⊕ Q) ⊕ R ~>[Rel] P ⊕ (Q ⊕ R)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma sumAssocRight:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and R :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes Id: Id ⊆ Rel

  shows P ⊕ (Q ⊕ R) ~>[Rel] (P ⊕ Q) ⊕ R
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sumZeroLeft:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes Id: Id ⊆ Rel

  shows P ⊕ 0 ~>[Rel] P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sumZeroRight:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes Id: Id ⊆ Rel

  shows P ~>[Rel] P ⊕ 0
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sumResLeft:
  fixes x :: name
  and P :: pi
  and Q :: pi

  assumes Id: Id ⊆ Rel
  and Eqvt: eqvt Rel

  shows (<νx>P) ⊕ (<νx>Q) ~>[Rel] <νx>(P ⊕ Q)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sumResRight:
  fixes x :: name
  and P :: pi
  and Q :: pi

  assumes Id: Id ⊆ Rel
  and Eqvt: eqvt Rel

  shows <νx>(P ⊕ Q) ~>[Rel] (<νx>P) ⊕ (<νx>Q)

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *parZeroLeft*:

**fixes** *P* :: *pi*

**and**   *Rel* :: (*pi* × *pi*) set

**assumes** *ParZero*:  $\bigwedge Q. (Q \parallel \mathbf{0}, Q) \in Rel$

**shows** *P*  $\parallel \mathbf{0} \rightsquigarrow [Rel] P$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *parZeroRight*:

**fixes** *P* :: *pi*

**and**   *Rel* :: (*pi* × *pi*) set

**assumes** *ParZero*:  $\bigwedge Q. (Q, Q \parallel \mathbf{0}) \in Rel$

**shows** *P*  $\rightsquigarrow [Rel] P \parallel \mathbf{0}$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *parSym*:

**fixes** *P* :: *pi*

**and**   *Q* :: *pi*

**and**   *Rel* :: (*pi* × *pi*) set

**assumes** *Sym*:  $\bigwedge R S. (R \parallel S, S \parallel R) \in Rel$

**and**    *Res*:  $\bigwedge R S x. (R, S) \in Rel \implies (\langle \nu x \rangle R, \langle \nu x \rangle S) \in Rel$

**shows** *P*  $\parallel Q \rightsquigarrow [Rel] Q \parallel P$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *parAssocLeft*:

**fixes** *P* :: *pi*

**and**   *Q* :: *pi*

**and**   *R* :: *pi*

**and**   *Rel* :: (*pi* × *pi*) set

**assumes** *Ass*:  $\bigwedge S T U. ((S \parallel T) \parallel U, S \parallel (T \parallel U)) \in Rel$

**and**    *Res*:  $\bigwedge S T x. (S, T) \in Rel \implies (\langle \nu x \rangle S, \langle \nu x \rangle T) \in Rel$

**and**    *FreshExt*:  $\bigwedge S T U x. x \notin S \implies (\langle \nu x \rangle ((S \parallel T) \parallel U), S \parallel \langle \nu x \rangle (T \parallel U)) \in Rel$

**and**    *FreshExt'*:  $\bigwedge S T U x. x \notin U \implies ((\langle \nu x \rangle (S \parallel T)) \parallel U, \langle \nu x \rangle (S \parallel (T \parallel U))) \in Rel$

**shows**  $(P \parallel Q) \parallel R \rightsquigarrow [Rel] P \parallel (Q \parallel R)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *substRes3*:

**fixes** *a* :: *name*  
  **and**   *P* :: *pi*  
  **and**   *x* :: *name*

**shows**  $\langle\nu a\rangle P[x:=a] = \langle\nu x\rangle([(x, a)] \cdot P)$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *scopeExtParLeft*:

**fixes** *P* :: *pi*  
  **and**   *Q* :: *pi*  
  **and**   *a* :: *name*  
  **and**   *lst* :: *name list*  
  **and**   *Rel* ::  $(\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$

**assumes** *x*  $\notin$  *P*  
  **and**   *Id*:      *Id*  $\subseteq$  *Rel*  
  **and**   *EqvtRel*:   *eqvt Rel*  
  **and**   *Res*:      $\bigwedge R S y. y \notin R \implies (\langle\nu y\rangle(R \parallel S), R \parallel \langle\nu y\rangle S) \in Rel$   
  **and**   *ScopeExt*:  $\bigwedge R S y z. y \notin R \implies (\langle\nu y\rangle \langle\nu z\rangle(R \parallel S), \langle\nu z\rangle(R \parallel \langle\nu y\rangle S)) \in Rel$

**shows**  $\langle\nu x\rangle(P \parallel Q) \rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}] P \parallel \langle\nu x\rangle Q$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *scopeExtParRight*:

**fixes** *P* :: *pi*  
  **and**   *Q* :: *pi*  
  **and**   *a* :: *name*  
  **and**   *Rel* ::  $(\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$

**assumes** *x*  $\notin$  *P*  
  **and**   *Id*:      *Id*  $\subseteq$  *Rel*  
  **and**   *EqvtRel*:   *eqvt Rel*  
  **and**   *Res*:      $\bigwedge R S y. y \notin R \implies (R \parallel \langle\nu y\rangle S, \langle\nu y\rangle(R \parallel S)) \in Rel$   
  **and**   *ScopeExt*:  $\bigwedge R S y z. y \notin R \implies (\langle\nu z\rangle(R \parallel \langle\nu y\rangle S), \langle\nu y\rangle \langle\nu z\rangle(R \parallel S)) \in Rel$

**shows**  $P \parallel \langle\nu x\rangle Q \rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}] \langle\nu x\rangle(P \parallel Q)$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *resNilRight*:

**fixes** *x* :: *name*  
  **and**   *Rel* ::  $(\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$

**shows** **0**  $\rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}] \langle\nu x\rangle \mathbf{0}$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *resComm*:

```

fixes a :: name
and b :: name
and P :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

assumes ResComm: ∀c d Q. (<νc><νd>Q, <νd><νc>Q) ∈ Rel
and Id: Id ⊆ Rel
and EqvtRel: eqvt Rel

shows <νa><νb>P ~>[Rel] <νb><νa>P
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma bangLeftSC:
fixes P :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

```

```
assumes Id ⊆ Rel
```

```
shows !P ~>[Rel] P || !P
⟨proof⟩
```

```

lemma bangRightSC:
fixes P :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

```

```
assumes IdRel: Id ⊆ Rel
```

```
shows P || !P ~>[Rel] !P
⟨proof⟩
```

```

lemma resNilLeft:
fixes x :: name
and y :: name
and P :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
and b :: name

```

```
shows 0 ~>[Rel] <νx>(x<y>.P)
and 0 ~>[Rel] <νx>(x{b}.P)
⟨proof⟩
```

```

lemma resInputLeft:
fixes x :: name
and a :: name
and y :: name
and P :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

```

```

assumes xineqa:  $x \neq a$ 
and     xineqy:  $x \neq y$ 
and     Eqvt: eqvt Rel
and     Id: Id ⊆ Rel

shows  $\langle \nu x \rangle a \langle y \rangle . P \rightsquigarrow [Rel] a \langle y \rangle . (\langle \nu x \rangle P)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma resInputRight:
fixes a :: name
and     y :: name
and     x :: name
and     P :: pi
and     Rel :: (pi × pi) set

assumes xineqa:  $x \neq a$ 
and     xineqy:  $x \neq y$ 
and     Eqvt: eqvt Rel
and     Id: Id ⊆ Rel

shows  $a \langle y \rangle . (\langle \nu x \rangle P) \rightsquigarrow [Rel] \langle \nu x \rangle a \langle y \rangle . P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma resOutputLeft:
fixes x :: name
and     a :: name
and     b :: name
and     P :: pi
and     Rel :: (pi × pi) set

assumes xineqa:  $x \neq a$ 
and     xineqb:  $x \neq b$ 
and     Id: Id ⊆ Rel

shows  $\langle \nu x \rangle a\{b\} . P \rightsquigarrow [Rel] a\{b\} . (\langle \nu x \rangle P)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma resOutputRight:
fixes x :: name
and     a :: name
and     b :: name
and     P :: pi
and     Rel :: (pi × pi) set

assumes xineqa:  $x \neq a$ 
and     xineqb:  $x \neq b$ 
and     Id: Id ⊆ Rel
and     Eqvt: eqvt Rel

```

```

shows  $a\{b\}.(<\nu x>P) \rightsquigarrow [Rel] <\nu x>a\{b\}.P$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma resTauLeft:
  fixes  $x :: name$ 
  and  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

  assumes  $Id: Id \subseteq Rel$ 

  shows  $<\nu x>(\tau.(P)) \rightsquigarrow [Rel] \tau.(<\nu x>P)$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma resTauRight:
  fixes  $x :: name$ 
  and  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

  assumes  $Id: Id \subseteq Rel$ 

  shows  $\tau.(<\nu x>P) \rightsquigarrow [Rel] <\nu x>(\tau.(P))$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

end

theory Strong-Late-Bisim-SC
  imports Strong-Late-Bisim-Pres Strong-Late-Sim-SC
begin

lemma nilBisim[dest]:
  fixes  $a :: name$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $P :: pi$ 

  shows  $\tau.(P) \sim \mathbf{0} \implies False$ 
  and  $a<\!\!x\!\!>.P \sim \mathbf{0} \implies False$ 
  and  $a\{b\}.P \sim \mathbf{0} \implies False$ 
  and  $\mathbf{0} \sim \tau.(P) \implies False$ 
  and  $\mathbf{0} \sim a<\!\!x\!\!>.P \implies False$ 
  and  $\mathbf{0} \sim a\{b\}.P \implies False$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma matchId:
  fixes  $a :: name$ 
  and  $P :: pi$ 

```

```
shows [ $a \sim a$ ]  $P \sim P$ 
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma matchNil:
```

```
  fixes a :: name  
  and b :: name
```

```
  assumes a ≠ b
```

```
  shows [ $a \sim b$ ]  $P \sim \mathbf{0}$ 
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma mismatchId:
```

```
  fixes a :: name  
  and b :: name  
  and P :: pi
```

```
  assumes a ≠ b
```

```
  shows [ $a \neq b$ ]  $P \sim P$ 
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma mismatchNil:
```

```
  fixes a :: name  
  and P :: pi
```

```
  shows [ $a \neq a$ ]  $P \sim \mathbf{0}$ 
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma nilRes:
```

```
  fixes x :: name
```

```
  shows  $\langle \nu x \rangle \mathbf{0} \sim \mathbf{0}$ 
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma resComm:
```

```
  fixes x :: name  
  and y :: name  
  and P :: pi
```

```
  shows  $\langle \nu x \rangle \langle \nu y \rangle P \sim \langle \nu y \rangle \langle \nu x \rangle P$ 
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma sumSym:
```

```
  fixes P :: pi
```

```

and    $Q :: pi$ 

shows  $P \oplus Q \sim Q \oplus P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma sumIdemp:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 

shows  $P \oplus P \sim P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma sumAssoc:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $R :: pi$ 

shows  $(P \oplus Q) \oplus R \sim P \oplus (Q \oplus R)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma sumZero:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 

shows  $P \oplus \mathbf{0} \sim P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma parZero:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 

shows  $P \parallel \mathbf{0} \sim P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma parSym:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 

shows  $P \parallel Q \sim Q \parallel P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma scopeExtPar:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $x :: name$ 

assumes  $x \notin P$ 

shows  $\langle \nu x \rangle (P \parallel Q) \sim P \parallel \langle \nu x \rangle Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma scopeExtPar':
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   x :: name

  assumes xFreshQ: x ∉ Q

  shows <νx>(P || Q) ~ (<νx>P) || Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma parAssoc:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   R :: pi

  shows (P || Q) || R ~ P || (Q || R)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma scopeFresh:
  fixes x :: name
  and   P :: pi

  assumes x ∉ P

  shows <νx>P ~ P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sumRes:
  fixes x :: name
  and   P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  shows <νx>(P ⊕ Q) ~ (<νx>P) ⊕ (<νx>Q)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma scopeExtSum:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   x :: name

  assumes x ∉ P

  shows <νx>(P ⊕ Q) ~ P ⊕ <νx>Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma bangSC:
  fixes P :: pi

```

```

shows !P ~ P || !P
⟨proof⟩

lemma resNil:
  fixes x :: name
  and   y :: name
  and   P :: pi
  and   b :: name

  shows <νx>x<y>.P ~ 0
  and   <νx>x{b}.P ~ 0
⟨proof⟩

lemma resInput:
  fixes x :: name
  and   a :: name
  and   y :: name
  and   P :: pi

  assumes x ≠ a
  and   x ≠ y

  shows <νx>a<y>.P ~ a<y>.(<νx>P)
⟨proof⟩

lemma resOutput:
  fixes x :: name
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   P :: pi

  assumes x ≠ a
  and   x ≠ b

  shows <νx>a{b}.P ~ a{b}.(<νx>P)
⟨proof⟩

lemma resTau:
  fixes x :: name
  and   P :: pi

  shows <νx>τ.(P) ~ τ.(<νx>P)
⟨proof⟩

inductive structCong :: pi ⇒ pi ⇒ bool (- ≡s - [70, 70] 70)
where
  Refl: P ≡s P
  | Sym: P ≡s Q ⇒ Q ≡s P

```

```

| Trans:  $\llbracket P \equiv_s Q; Q \equiv_s R \rrbracket \implies P \equiv_s R$ 
| SumComm:  $P \oplus Q \equiv_s Q \oplus P$ 
| SumAssoc:  $(P \oplus Q) \oplus R \equiv_s P \oplus (Q \oplus R)$ 
| SumId:  $P \oplus \mathbf{0} \equiv_s P$ 
| ParComm:  $P \parallel Q \equiv_s Q \parallel P$ 
| ParAssoc:  $(P \parallel Q) \parallel R \equiv_s P \parallel (Q \parallel R)$ 
| ParId:  $P \parallel \mathbf{0} \equiv_s P$ 
| MatchId:  $[a \sim a]P \equiv_s P$ 
| ResNil:  $\langle \nu x \rangle \mathbf{0} \equiv_s \mathbf{0}$ 
| ResComm:  $\langle \nu x \rangle \langle \nu y \rangle P \equiv_s \langle \nu y \rangle \langle \nu x \rangle P$ 
| ResSum:  $\langle \nu x \rangle (P \oplus Q) \equiv_s \langle \nu x \rangle P \oplus \langle \nu x \rangle Q$ 
| ScopeExtPar:  $x \notin P \implies \langle \nu x \rangle (P \parallel Q) \equiv_s P \parallel \langle \nu x \rangle Q$ 
| InputRes:  $\llbracket x \neq a; x \neq y \rrbracket \implies \langle \nu x \rangle a \langle y \rangle . P \equiv_s a \langle y \rangle . (\langle \nu x \rangle P)$ 
| OutputRes:  $\llbracket x \neq a; x \neq b \rrbracket \implies \langle \nu x \rangle a \{ b \} . P \equiv_s a \{ b \} . (\langle \nu x \rangle P)$ 
| TauRes:  $\langle \nu x \rangle \tau . (P) \equiv_s \tau . (\langle \nu x \rangle P)$ 
| BangUnfold:  $!P \equiv_s P \parallel !P$ 

lemma structCongBisim:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \equiv_s Q$ 

  shows  $P \sim Q$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

end

theory Strong-Late-Bisim-Subst-SC
  imports Strong-Late-Bisim-Subst-Pres Strong-Late-Bisim-SC
begin

lemma matchId:
  fixes  $a :: name$ 
  and  $P :: pi$ 

  shows  $[a \sim a]P \sim^s P$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma mismatchNil:
  fixes  $a :: name$ 
  and  $P :: pi$ 

  shows  $[a \neq a]P \sim^s \mathbf{0}$ 

```

```

⟨proof⟩

lemma scopeFresh:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   x :: name

  assumes xFreshP: x ∉ P

  shows <νx>P ~s P
⟨proof⟩

lemma resComm:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   x :: name
  and   y :: name

  shows <νx><νy>P ~s <νy><νx>P
⟨proof⟩

lemma sumZero:
  fixes P :: pi

  shows P ⊕ 0 ~s P
⟨proof⟩

lemma sumSym:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  shows P ⊕ Q ~s Q ⊕ P
⟨proof⟩

lemma sumAssoc:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   R :: pi

  shows (P ⊕ Q) ⊕ R ~s P ⊕ (Q ⊕ R)
⟨proof⟩

lemma sumRes:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   x :: name

  shows <νx>(P ⊕ Q) ~s <νx>P ⊕ <νx>Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma scopeExtSum:

```

```

fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi
and   x :: name

assumes xFreshP: x  $\notin$  P

shows  $\langle \nu x \rangle (P \oplus Q) \sim^s P \oplus \langle \nu x \rangle Q$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma parZero:
fixes P :: pi

shows P || 0  $\sim^s$  P
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma parSym:
fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi

shows P || Q  $\sim^s$  Q || P
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma parAssoc:
fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi
and   R :: pi

shows (P || Q) || R  $\sim^s$  P || (Q || R)
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma scopeExtPar:
fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi
and   x :: name

assumes xFreshP: x  $\notin$  P

shows  $\langle \nu x \rangle (P || Q) \sim^s P || \langle \nu x \rangle Q$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma scopeExtPar':
fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi
and   x :: name

assumes xFreshP: x  $\notin$  Q

shows  $\langle \nu x \rangle (P || Q) \sim^s (\langle \nu x \rangle P) || Q$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma bangSC:
  fixes P :: pi

  shows !P ~s P || !P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma nilRes:
  fixes x :: name

  shows <νx>0 ~s 0
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma resTau:
  fixes x :: name
  and P :: pi

  shows <νx>(τ.(P)) ~s τ.(<νx>P)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma resOutput:
  fixes x :: name
  and a :: name
  and b :: name
  and P :: pi

  assumes x ≠ a
  and x ≠ b

  shows <νx>(a{b}.(P)) ~s a{b}.(<νx>P)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma resInput:
  fixes x :: name
  and a :: name
  and b :: name
  and P :: pi

  assumes x ≠ a
  and x ≠ y

  shows <νx>(a<y>.(P)) ~s a<y>.(<νx>P)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma bisimSubstStructCong:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi

  assumes P ≡s Q

```

```

shows  $P \sim^s Q$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

end

theory Weak-Late-Cong-Subst-SC
imports Weak-Late-Cong-Subst Strong-Late-Bisim-Subst-SC
begin

lemma resComm:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 

shows  $\langle \nu a \rangle \langle \nu b \rangle P \simeq^s \langle \nu b \rangle \langle \nu a \rangle P$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma matchId:
fixes  $a :: name$ 
and  $P :: pi$ 

shows  $[a \sim a]P \simeq^s P$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma matchNil:
fixes  $a :: name$ 
and  $P :: pi$ 

shows  $[a \neq a]P \simeq^s 0$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma sumSym:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Q :: pi$ 

shows  $P \oplus Q \simeq^s Q \oplus P$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma sumAssoc:

```

```

fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and R :: pi

shows (P ⊕ Q) ⊕ R  $\simeq^s$  P ⊕ (Q ⊕ R)
⟨proof⟩

lemma sumZero:
fixes P :: pi

shows P ⊕ 0  $\simeq^s$  P
⟨proof⟩

lemma parZero:
fixes P :: pi

shows P || 0  $\simeq^s$  P
⟨proof⟩

lemma parSym:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi

shows P || Q  $\simeq^s$  Q || P
⟨proof⟩

lemma scopeExtPar:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and x :: name

assumes x  $\notin$  P

shows < $\nu x$ >(P || Q)  $\simeq^s$  P || < $\nu x$ >Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma scopeExtPar':
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and x :: name

assumes xFreshQ: x  $\notin$  Q

shows < $\nu x$ >(P || Q)  $\simeq^s$  (< $\nu x$ >P) || Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma parAssoc:

```

```

fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and R :: pi

shows (P || Q) || R  $\simeq^s$  P || (Q || R)
⟨proof⟩

lemma scopeFresh:
  fixes P :: pi
  and a :: name

  assumes aFreshP: a  $\notin$  P

  shows < $\nu a$ >P  $\simeq^s$  P
⟨proof⟩

lemma scopeExtSum:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and x :: name

  assumes x  $\notin$  P

  shows < $\nu x$ >(P  $\oplus$  Q)  $\simeq^s$  P  $\oplus$  < $\nu x$ >Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma bangSC:
  fixes P

  shows !P  $\simeq^s$  P || !P
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Weak-Late-Step-Sim-Pres
  imports Weak-Late-Step-Sim
begin

lemma tauPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi  $\times$  pi) set
  and Rel' :: (pi  $\times$  pi) set

  assumes PRelQ: (P, Q)  $\in$  Rel

  shows  $\tau.(P) \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} \tau.(Q)$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma inputPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name
  and   Rel :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes PRelQ: ∀ y. (P[x::=y], Q[x::=y]) ∈ Rel
  and     Eqvt: eqvt Rel

  shows a<x>. P ~~~<Rel> a<x>. Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma outputPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  and   Rel' :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes PRelQ: (P, Q) ∈ Rel

  shows a{b} . P ~~~<Rel> a{b} . Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma matchPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  and   Rel' :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes PSimQ: P ~~~<Rel> Q
  and     RelRel': Rel ⊆ Rel'

  shows [a¬b] P ~~~<Rel'> [a¬b] Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mismatchPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  and   Rel' :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes PSimQ: P ~~~<Rel> Q

```

```

and       $\text{RelRel}' : \text{Rel} \subseteq \text{Rel}'$ 

shows  $[a \neq b]P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}'} [a \neq b]Q$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma sumCompose:
  fixes  $P :: \text{pi}$ 
  and    $Q :: \text{pi}$ 
  and    $R :: \text{pi}$ 
  and    $T :: \text{pi}$ 

assumes  $\text{PSimQ}: P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} Q$ 
and      $\text{RSimT}: R \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} T$ 
and      $\text{RelRel}' : \text{Rel} \subseteq \text{Rel}'$ 

shows  $P \oplus R \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}'} Q \oplus T$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma sumPres:
  fixes  $P :: \text{pi}$ 
  and    $Q :: \text{pi}$ 
  and    $R :: \text{pi}$ 

assumes  $\text{PSimQ}: P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} Q$ 
and      $\text{Id}: \text{Id} \subseteq \text{Rel}$ 
and      $\text{RelRel}' : \text{Rel} \subseteq \text{Rel}'$ 

shows  $P \oplus R \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}'} Q \oplus R$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma parPres:
  fixes  $P :: \text{pi}$ 
  and    $Q :: \text{pi}$ 
  and    $R :: \text{pi}$ 
  and    $\text{Rel} :: (\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$ 
  and    $\text{Rel}' :: (\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$ 

assumes  $\text{PSimQ}: P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} Q$ 
and      $\text{PRelQ}: (P, Q) \in \text{Rel}$ 
and      $\text{Par}: \bigwedge P Q R. (P, Q) \in \text{Rel} \implies (P \parallel R, Q \parallel R) \in \text{Rel}'$ 
and      $\text{Res}: \bigwedge P Q a. (P, Q) \in \text{Rel}' \implies (<\nu a>P, <\nu a>Q) \in \text{Rel}'$ 
and      $\text{EqvtRel}: \text{eqvt Rel}$ 
and      $\text{EqvtRel}': \text{eqvt Rel}'$ 

shows  $P \parallel R \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}'} Q \parallel R$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma resPres:
  fixes  $P :: \text{pi}$ 

```

```

and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 
and    $x :: name$ 
and    $Rel' :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

assumes  $PSimQ: P \rightsquigarrow_{Rel} Q$ 
and    $ResRel: \bigwedge (P::pi) (Q::pi) (x::name). (P, Q) \in Rel \implies (\langle \nu x \rangle P, \langle \nu x \rangle Q)$ 
 $\in Rel'$ 
and    $RelRel': Rel \subseteq Rel'$ 
and    $EqvtRel: eqvt Rel$ 
and    $EqvtRel': eqvt Rel'$ 

shows  $\langle \nu x \rangle P \rightsquigarrow_{Rel'} \langle \nu x \rangle Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma bangPres:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $Q :: pi$ 
  and    $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

  assumes  $PSimQ: P \rightsquigarrow_{Rel'} Q$ 
  and    $PRelQ: (P, Q) \in Rel$ 
  and    $Sim: \bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in Rel \implies P \rightsquigarrow_{Rel'} Q$ 
  and    $RelRel': \bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in Rel \implies (P, Q) \in Rel'$ 
  and    $EqvtRel': eqvt Rel'$ 

  shows  $!P \rightsquigarrow_{bangRel Rel'} !Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Weak-Late-Bisim-SC
  imports Weak-Late-Bisim Strong-Late-Bisim-SC
begin

lemma resComm:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 

  shows  $\langle \nu a \rangle \langle \nu b \rangle P \approx \langle \nu b \rangle \langle \nu a \rangle P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma matchId:
  fixes  $a :: name$ 

```

```

and    $P :: pi$ 

shows  $[a \sim a]P \approx P$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

**lemma** *mismatchId*:

```

fixes  $a :: name$ 
and    $b :: name$ 
and    $P :: pi$ 

```

**assumes**  $a \neq b$

```

shows  $[a \neq b]P \approx P$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

**lemma** *mismatchZero*:

```

fixes  $a :: name$ 
and    $P :: pi$ 

```

```

shows  $[a \neq a]P \approx \mathbf{0}$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

**lemma** *sumSym*:

```

fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 

```

```

shows  $P \oplus Q \approx Q \oplus P$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

**lemma** *sumAssoc*:

```

fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $R :: pi$ 

```

```

shows  $(P \oplus Q) \oplus R \approx P \oplus (Q \oplus R)$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

**lemma** *sumZero*:

```

fixes  $P :: pi$ 

```

```

shows  $P \oplus \mathbf{0} \approx P$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma parZero:
  fixes P :: pi
  shows P || 0 ≈ P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma parSym:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  shows P || Q ≈ Q || P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma scopeExtPar:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   x :: name
  assumes x ∉ P
  shows <νx>(P || Q) ≈ P || <νx>Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma scopeExtPar':
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   x :: name
  assumes xFreshQ: x ∉ Q
  shows <νx>(P || Q) ≈ (<νx>P) || Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma parAssoc:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   R :: pi
  shows (P || Q) || R ≈ P || (Q || R)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma freshRes:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  assumes aFreshP: a ∉ P
  shows <νa>P ≈ P
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma scopeExtSum:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   x :: name

  assumes x ∉ P

  shows <νx>(P ⊕ Q) ≈ P ⊕ <νx>Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma bangSC:
  fixes P

  shows !P ≈ P || !P
  ⟨proof⟩

end

theory Weak-Late-Sim-Pres
  imports Weak-Late-Sim
begin

lemma tauPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  and   Rel' :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes PRelQ: (P, Q) ∈ Rel

  shows τ.(P) ↪^<Rel> τ.(Q)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma inputPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name
  and   Rel :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes PRelQ: ∀ y. (P[x:=y], Q[x:=y]) ∈ Rel
  and     Eqvt: eqvt Rel

  shows a<x>.P ↪^<Rel> a<x>.Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma outputPres:
  fixes P :: pi

```

```

and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $a :: name$ 
and    $b :: name$ 
and    $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 
and    $Rel' :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

assumes  $PRelQ: (P, Q) \in Rel$ 

shows  $a\{b\}.P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} <Rel> a\{b\}.Q$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma  $matchPres:$ 
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $a :: name$ 
and    $b :: name$ 
and    $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 
and    $Rel' :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

assumes  $PSimQ: P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} <Rel> Q$ 
and    $RelStay: \bigwedge P Q a. (P, Q) \in Rel \implies ([a \sim a]P, Q) \in Rel$ 
and    $RelRel': Rel \subseteq Rel'$ 

shows  $[a \sim b]P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} <Rel'\> [a \sim b]Q$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma  $mismatchPres:$ 
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $a :: name$ 
and    $b :: name$ 
and    $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 
and    $Rel' :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

assumes  $PSimQ: P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} <Rel> Q$ 
and    $RelStay: \bigwedge P Q a b. [(P, Q) \in Rel; a \neq b] \implies ([a \neq b]P, Q) \in Rel$ 
and    $RelRel': Rel \subseteq Rel'$ 

shows  $[a \neq b]P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} <Rel'\> [a \neq b]Q$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma  $parCompose:$ 
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $R :: pi$ 
and    $T :: pi$ 
and    $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 
and    $Rel' :: (pi \times pi) set$ 
and    $Rel'' :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

```

```

assumes PSimQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{\cdot}} \langle Rel \rangle Q$ 
and RSimT:  $R \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{\cdot}} \langle Rel' \rangle T$ 
and PRelQ:  $(P, Q) \in Rel$ 
and RRel'T:  $(R, T) \in Rel'$ 
and Par:  $\bigwedge P Q R T. [(P, Q) \in Rel; (R, T) \in Rel'] \implies (P \parallel R, Q \parallel T)$ 
 $\in Rel''$ 
and Res:  $\bigwedge P Q a. (P, Q) \in Rel'' \implies (\langle \nu a \rangle P, \langle \nu a \rangle Q) \in Rel''$ 
and EqvtRel: eqvt Rel
and EqvtRel': eqvt Rel'
and EqvtRel'': eqvt Rel''
```

**shows**  $P \parallel R \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{\cdot}} \langle Rel'' \rangle Q \parallel T$

*(proof)*

**lemma** parPres:

```

fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and R :: pi
and a :: name
and b :: name
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
and Rel' :: (pi × pi) set
```

**assumes** PSimQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{\cdot}} \langle Rel \rangle Q$ 
**and** PRelQ:  $(P, Q) \in Rel$ 
**and** Par:  $\bigwedge P Q R. (P, Q) \in Rel \implies (P \parallel R, Q \parallel R) \in Rel'$ 
**and** Res:  $\bigwedge P Q a. (P, Q) \in Rel' \implies (\langle \nu a \rangle P, \langle \nu a \rangle Q) \in Rel'$ 
**and** EqvtRel: eqvt Rel
**and** EqvtRel': eqvt Rel'

**shows**  $P \parallel R \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{\cdot}} \langle Rel' \rangle Q \parallel R$

*(proof)*

**lemma** resPres:

```

fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
and x :: name
and Rel' :: (pi × pi) set
```

**assumes** PSimQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{\cdot}} \langle Rel \rangle Q$ 
**and** ResRel:  $\bigwedge (P::pi) (Q::pi) (x::name). (P, Q) \in Rel \implies (\langle \nu x \rangle P, \langle \nu x \rangle Q)$ 
 $\in Rel'$ 
**and** RelRel':  $Rel \subseteq Rel'$ 
**and** EqvtRel: eqvt Rel
**and** EqvtRel': eqvt Rel'

**shows**  $\langle \nu x \rangle P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{\cdot}} \langle Rel' \rangle \langle \nu x \rangle Q$

$\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma resChainI:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  and lst :: name list

  assumes eqvtRel: eqvt Rel
  and Res: ⋀P Q a. (P, Q) ∈ Rel  $\implies$  (<νa>P, <νa>Q) ∈ Rel
  and PRelQ: P  $\rightsquigarrow$ ^<Rel> Q

  shows (resChain lst) P  $\rightsquigarrow$ ^<Rel> (resChain lst) Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma bangPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes PSimQ: P  $\rightsquigarrow$ ^<Rel> Q
  and PRelQ: (P, Q) ∈ Rel
  and Sim: ⋀P Q. (P, Q) ∈ Rel  $\implies$  P  $\rightsquigarrow$ ^<Rel> Q

  and ParComp: ⋀P Q R T. [(P, Q) ∈ Rel; (R, T) ∈ Rel]  $\implies$  (P || R, Q
  || T) ∈ Rel'
  and Res: ⋀P Q x. (P, Q) ∈ Rel'  $\implies$  (<νx>P, <νx>Q) ∈ Rel'

  and RelStay: ⋀P Q. (P || !P, Q) ∈ Rel'  $\implies$  (!P, Q) ∈ Rel'
  and BangRelRel': (bangRel Rel) ⊆ Rel'
  and eqvtRel': eqvt Rel'

  shows !P  $\rightsquigarrow$ ^<Rel'> !Q
  ⟨proof⟩

end

theory Weak-Late-Bisim-Pres
  imports Weak-Late-Bisim-SC Weak-Late-Sim-Pres Strong-Late-Bisim-SC
begin

lemma tauPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi

  assumes P ≈ Q

  shows τ.(P) ≈ τ.(Q)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma inputPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name

  assumes PSimQ:  $\forall y. P[x:=y] \approx Q[x:=y]$ 

  shows  $a < x >. P \approx a < x >. Q$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma outputPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name

  assumes P  $\approx$  Q

  shows  $a\{b\}.(P) \approx a\{b\}.(Q)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma resPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   x :: name

  assumes PBiSimQ: P  $\approx$  Q

  shows  $<\nu x>P \approx <\nu x>Q$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma matchPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name

  assumes P  $\approx$  Q

  shows  $[a \sim b]P \approx [a \sim b]Q$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma mismatchPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name

```

```

assumes  $P \approx Q$ 

shows  $[a \neq b]P \approx [a \neq b]Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma parPres:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $R :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \approx Q$ 

shows  $P \parallel R \approx Q \parallel R$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma bangPres:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 

assumes PBisimQ:  $P \approx Q$ 

shows  $\neg P \approx \neg Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Weak-Late-Cong-Pres
  imports Weak-Late-Cong Weak-Late-Step-Sim-Pres Weak-Late-Bisim-Pres
begin

lemma tauPres:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \simeq Q$ 

shows  $\tau.(P) \simeq \tau.(Q)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma outputPres:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \simeq Q$ 

shows  $a\{b\}.P \simeq a\{b\}.Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma inputPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name

  assumes PSimQ:  $\forall y. P[x:=y] \simeq Q[x:=y]$ 

  shows  $a < x >. P \simeq a < x >. Q$ 
  {proof}

lemma matchPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name

  assumes P  $\simeq$  Q

  shows  $[a \sim b]P \simeq [a \sim b]Q$ 
  {proof}

lemma mismatchPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name

  assumes P  $\simeq$  Q

  shows  $[a \neq b]P \simeq [a \neq b]Q$ 
  {proof}

lemma sumPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   R :: pi

  assumes P  $\simeq$  Q

  shows P  $\oplus$  R  $\simeq$  Q  $\oplus$  R
  {proof}

lemma parPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   R :: pi

  assumes P  $\simeq$  Q

```

```

shows  $P \parallel R \simeq Q \parallel R$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma resPres:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 

  assumes  $PeqQ: P \simeq Q$ 

  shows  $\langle\nu x\rangle P \simeq \langle\nu x\rangle Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma congruenceBang:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \simeq Q$ 

  shows  $!P \simeq !Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Early-Semantics
  imports Agent
begin

  declare name-fresh[simp del]

  nominal-datatype freeRes = InputR name name
    110) (‐<-> [110, 110]
    | OutputR name name (‐[-] [110, 110] 110)
    | TauR (τ 110)

  nominal-datatype residual = BoundOutputR name «name» pi (‐<ν-> ‐‐ [110,
  110, 110] 110)
    | FreeR freeRes pi

  lemma alphaBoundOutput:
    fixes  $a :: name$ 
    and  $x :: name$ 
    and  $P :: pi$ 
    and  $x' :: name$ 

    assumes  $A1: x' \notin P$ 

    shows  $a\langle\nu x\rangle \prec P = a\langle\nu x'\rangle \prec ([x, x']) \cdot P$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

**declare** *name-fresh*[simp]

**abbreviation** *Transitions-Freejudge* ( $\cdot \prec \cdot [80, 80] 80$ ) **where**  $\alpha \prec P' \equiv (\text{FreeR } \alpha P')$

**inductive** *TransitionsEarly* ::  $pi \Rightarrow residual \Rightarrow bool$  ( $\cdot \mapsto \cdot [80, 80] 80$ )  
**where**

$Tau:$	$\tau.(P) \mapsto \tau \prec P$
$  Input:$	$\llbracket x \neq a; x \neq u \rrbracket \implies a < x . P \mapsto a < u . \prec (P[x::=u])$
$  Output:$	$a\{b\}.P \mapsto a[b] \prec P$
$  Match:$	$\llbracket P \mapsto V \rrbracket \implies [b \sim b]P \mapsto V$
$  Mismatch:$	$\llbracket P \mapsto V; a \neq b \rrbracket \implies [a \neq b]P \mapsto V$
$  Open:$	$\llbracket P \mapsto a[b] \prec P'; a \neq b \rrbracket \implies \langle \nu b . P \mapsto a < \nu b . \prec P'$
$  Sum1:$	$\llbracket P \mapsto V \rrbracket \implies (P \oplus Q) \mapsto V$
$  Sum2:$	$\llbracket Q \mapsto V \rrbracket \implies (P \oplus Q) \mapsto V$
$  Par1B:$	$\llbracket P \mapsto a < \nu x . \prec P'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \neq a \rrbracket \implies P \parallel Q \mapsto a < \nu x . \prec (P' \parallel Q)$
$  Par1F:$	$\llbracket P \mapsto \alpha \prec P \rrbracket \implies P \parallel Q \mapsto \alpha \prec (P' \parallel Q)$
$  Par2B:$	$\llbracket Q \mapsto a < \nu x . \prec Q'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \neq a \rrbracket \implies P \parallel Q \mapsto a < \nu x . \prec (P \parallel Q')$
$  Par2F:$	$\llbracket Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q \rrbracket \implies P \parallel Q \mapsto \alpha \prec (P \parallel Q')$
$  Comm1:$	$\llbracket P \mapsto a < b . \prec P'; Q \mapsto a[b] \prec Q \rrbracket \implies P \parallel Q \mapsto \tau \prec P'$
$\parallel Q'$	
$  Comm2:$	$\llbracket P \mapsto a[b] \prec P'; Q \mapsto a < b . \prec Q \rrbracket \implies P \parallel Q \mapsto \tau \prec P'$
$\parallel Q'$	
$  Close1:$	$\llbracket P \mapsto a < x . \prec P'; Q \mapsto a < \nu x . \prec Q'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \neq a \rrbracket \implies P \parallel Q \mapsto \tau \prec \langle \nu x . (P' \parallel Q')$
$  Close2:$	$\llbracket P \mapsto a < \nu x . \prec P'; Q \mapsto a < x . \prec Q'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \neq a \rrbracket \implies P \parallel Q \mapsto \tau \prec \langle \nu x . (P' \parallel Q')$
$  ResB:$	$\llbracket P \mapsto a < \nu x . \prec P'; y \neq a; y \neq x; x \notin P; x \neq a \rrbracket \implies \langle \nu y . P \mapsto a < \nu x . \prec (\langle \nu y . P')$
$  ResF:$	$\llbracket P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'; y \notin a \rrbracket \implies \langle \nu y . P \mapsto \alpha \prec \langle \nu y . P'$
$  Bang:$	$\llbracket P \parallel !P \mapsto V \rrbracket \implies !P \mapsto V$

**equivariance** *TransitionsEarly*

**nominal-inductive** *TransitionsEarly*

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemmas** [simp] = *freeRes.inject*

**lemma** *freshOutputAction*:

```

fixes P :: pi
and   a :: name
and   b :: name
and   P' :: pi
and   c :: name

assumes P  $\longmapsto$  a[b]  $\prec$  P'
and   c  $\notin$  P

shows c  $\neq$  a and c  $\neq$  b and c  $\notin$  P'
⟨proof⟩

lemma freshInputAction:
fixes P :: pi
and   a :: name
and   b :: name
and   P' :: pi
and   c :: name

assumes P  $\longmapsto$  a<b>  $\prec$  P'
and   c  $\notin$  P

shows c  $\neq$  a
⟨proof⟩

lemma freshBoundOutputAction:
fixes P :: pi
and   a :: name
and   x :: name
and   P' :: pi
and   c :: name

assumes P  $\longmapsto$  a< $\nu$ x>  $\prec$  P'
and   c  $\notin$  P

shows c  $\neq$  a
⟨proof⟩

lemmas freshAction = freshOutputAction freshInputAction freshBoundOutputAction

lemma freshInputTransition:
fixes P :: pi
and   a :: name
and   u :: name
and   P' :: pi
and   c :: name

assumes P  $\longmapsto$  a<u>  $\prec$  P'

```

**and**  $c \notin P$   
**and**  $c \neq u$

**shows**  $c \notin P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *freshBoundOutputTransition*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $c :: name$

**assumes**  $P \xrightarrow{\quad} a<\nu x> \prec P'$   
**and**  $c \notin P$   
**and**  $c \neq x$

**shows**  $c \notin P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *freshTauTransition*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $c :: name$

**assumes**  $P \xrightarrow{\quad} \tau \prec P'$   
**and**  $c \notin P$

**shows**  $c \notin P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *freshFreeTransition*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $\alpha :: freeRes$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $c :: name$

**assumes**  $P \xrightarrow{\quad} \alpha \prec P'$   
**and**  $c \notin P$   
**and**  $c \notin \alpha$

**shows**  $c \notin P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemmas** *freshTransition* = *freshInputTransition* *freshOutputAction* *freshFreeTransition*

*freshBoundOutputTransition* *freshTauTransition*

**lemma** *substTrans[simp]*:  $b \notin P \implies ((P :: pi)[a ::= b])[b ::= c] = P[a ::= c]$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Input*:  
**fixes**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $u :: name$   
**and**  $P :: pi$

**shows**  $a < x >. P \rightarrowtail a < u > \prec P[x ::= u]$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Par1B*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \rightarrowtail a < \nu x > \prec P'$   
**and**  $x \notin Q$

**shows**  $P \parallel Q \rightarrowtail a < \nu x > \prec (P' \parallel Q)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Par2B*:  
**fixes**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $Q' :: pi$   
**and**  $P :: pi$

**assumes**  $Q \rightarrowtail a < \nu x > \prec Q'$   
**and**  $x \notin P$

**shows**  $P \parallel Q \rightarrowtail a < \nu x > \prec (P \parallel Q')$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *inputInduct*[consumes 1, case-names *cInput cMatch cMismatch cSum1 cSum2 cPar1 cPar2 cRes cBang*]:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $u :: name$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $F :: 'a::fs-name \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow name \Rightarrow name \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow bool$   
**and**  $C :: 'a::fs-name$

**assumes** *Trans*:  $P \rightarrowtail a < u > \prec P'$   
**and**  $\bigwedge a x P u C. [x \notin C; x \neq u; x \neq a] \implies F C (a < x >. P) a u (P[x ::= u])$   
**and**  $\bigwedge P a u P' b C. [P \rightarrowtail a < u > \prec P'; \bigwedge C. F C P a u P] \implies F C ([b \rightsquigarrow b] P)$

$a \ u \ P'$   
**and**  $\bigwedge P \ a \ u \ P' \ b \ c \ C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{a<u>} \prec P'; \bigwedge C. F \ C \ P \ a \ u \ P'; b \neq c \rrbracket \implies F \ C ([b \neq c]P) \ a \ u \ P'$   
**and**  $\bigwedge P \ a \ u \ P' \ Q \ C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{a<u>} \prec P'; \bigwedge C. F \ C \ P \ a \ u \ P' \rrbracket \implies F \ C (P \oplus Q) \ a \ u \ P'$   
**and**  $\bigwedge Q \ a \ u \ Q' \ P \ C. \llbracket Q \xrightarrow{a<u>} \prec Q'; \bigwedge C. F \ C \ Q \ a \ u \ Q' \rrbracket \implies F \ C (P \oplus Q) \ a \ u \ Q'$   
**and**  $\bigwedge P \ a \ u \ P' \ Q \ C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{a<u>} \prec P'; \bigwedge C. F \ C \ P \ a \ u \ P' \rrbracket \implies F \ C (P \parallel Q) \ a \ u \ (P' \parallel Q)$   
**and**  $\bigwedge Q \ a \ u \ Q' \ P \ C. \llbracket Q \xrightarrow{a<u>} \prec Q'; \bigwedge C. F \ C \ Q \ a \ u \ Q' \rrbracket \implies F \ C (P \parallel Q) \ a \ u \ (P \parallel Q')$   
**and**  $\bigwedge P \ a \ u \ P' \ x \ C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{a<u>} \prec P'; x \neq a; x \neq u; x \notin C; \bigwedge C. F \ C \ P \ a \ u \ P' \rrbracket \implies F \ C (<\nu x>P) \ a \ u \ (<\nu x>P')$   
**and**  $\bigwedge P \ a \ u \ P' \ C. \llbracket P \parallel !P \xrightarrow{a<u>} \prec P'; \bigwedge C. F \ C (P \parallel !P) \ a \ u \ P' \rrbracket \implies F \ C (!P) \ a \ u \ P'$

**shows**  $F \ C \ P \ a \ u \ P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *inputAlpha*:

**assumes**  $P \xrightarrow{a<u>} \prec P'$   
**and**  $u \notin P$   
**and**  $r \notin P'$

**shows**  $P \xrightarrow{a<r>} \prec ((u, r) \cdot P')$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Close1*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $Q' :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \xrightarrow{a<x>} \prec P'$   
**and**  $Q \xrightarrow{a<\nu x>} \prec Q'$   
**and**  $x \notin P$

**shows**  $P \parallel Q \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec <\nu x>(P' \parallel Q')$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Close2*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $Q' :: pi$

```

assumes  $P \xrightarrow{a<\nu x>} \prec P'$ 
and  $Q \xrightarrow{a<x>} \prec Q'$ 
and  $x \notin Q$ 

shows  $P \parallel Q \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec <\nu x>(P' \parallel Q')$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma ResB:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 
  and  $y :: name$ 

  assumes  $P \xrightarrow{a<\nu x>} \prec P'$ 
  and  $y \neq a$ 
  and  $y \neq x$ 

  shows  $<\nu y>P \xrightarrow{a<\nu x>} \prec (<\nu y>P')$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma outputInduct[consumes 1, case-names Output Match Mismatch Sum1 Sum2 Par1 Par2 Res Bang]:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 
  and  $F :: 'a::fs-name \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow name \Rightarrow name \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow bool$ 
  and  $C :: 'a::fs-name$ 

  assumes Trans:  $P \xrightarrow{a[b]} \prec P'$ 
  and  $\bigwedge a b P C. F C (a\{b\}.P) a b P$ 
  and  $\bigwedge P a b P' c C. [P \xrightarrow{\text{OutputR}} a b \prec P'; \bigwedge C. F C P a b P'] \implies F C ([c \sim c]P) a b P'$ 
  and  $\bigwedge P a b P' c d C. [P \xrightarrow{\text{OutputR}} a b \prec P'; \bigwedge C. F C P a b P'; c \neq d] \implies F C ([c \neq d]P) a b P'$ 
  and  $\bigwedge P a b P' Q C. [P \xrightarrow{\text{OutputR}} a b \prec P'; \bigwedge C. F C P a b P'] \implies F C (P \oplus Q) a b P'$ 
  and  $\bigwedge Q a b Q' P C. [Q \xrightarrow{\text{OutputR}} a b \prec Q'; \bigwedge C. F C Q a b Q'] \implies F C (P \oplus Q) a b Q'$ 
  and  $\bigwedge P a b P' Q C. [P \xrightarrow{\text{OutputR}} a b \prec P'; \bigwedge C. F C P a b P'] \implies F C (P \parallel Q) a b (P' \parallel Q)$ 
  and  $\bigwedge Q a b Q' P C. [Q \xrightarrow{\text{OutputR}} a b \prec Q'; \bigwedge C. F C Q a b Q'] \implies F C (P \parallel Q) a b (P \parallel Q')$ 
  and  $\bigwedge P a b P' x C. [P \xrightarrow{\text{OutputR}} a b \prec P'; x \neq a; x \neq b; x \notin C; \bigwedge C. F C P a b P'] \implies$ 
     $F C (<\nu x>P) a b (<\nu x>P')$ 
  and  $\bigwedge P a b P' C. [P \parallel !P \xrightarrow{\text{OutputR}} a b \prec P'; \bigwedge C. F C (P \parallel !P) a b P'] \implies$ 
     $F C (<\nu x>P) a b (<\nu x>P')$ 

```

$\implies F C (!P) a b P'$

**shows**  $F C P a b P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *boundOutputInduct*[consumes 2, case-names Match Mismatch Open Sum1 Sum2 Par1 Par2 Res Bang]:

```

fixes P :: pi
and a :: name
and x :: name
and P' :: pi
and F :: ('a::fs-name)  $\Rightarrow$  pi  $\Rightarrow$  name  $\Rightarrow$  name  $\Rightarrow$  pi  $\Rightarrow$  bool
and C :: 'a::fs-name

assumes a:  $P \xrightarrow{a} \nu x < P'$ 
and xFreshP:  $x \notin P$ 
and cMatch:  $\bigwedge P a x P' b C. [P \xrightarrow{a} \nu x < P'; \bigwedge C. F C P a x P'] \implies F C ([b \rightsquigarrow b]P) a x P'$ 
and cMismatch:  $\bigwedge P a x P' b c C. [P \xrightarrow{a} \nu x < P'; \bigwedge C. F C P a x P'; b \neq c] \implies F C ([b \neq c]P) a x P'$ 
and cOpen:  $\bigwedge P a x P' C. [P \xrightarrow{(OutputR a x)} < P'; a \neq x] \implies F C (< \nu x > P) a x P'$ 
and cSum1:  $\bigwedge P Q a x P' C. [P \xrightarrow{a} \nu x < P'; \bigwedge C. F C P a x P'] \implies F C (P \oplus Q) a x P'$ 
and cSum2:  $\bigwedge P Q a x Q' C. [Q \xrightarrow{a} \nu x < Q'; \bigwedge C. F C Q a x Q'] \implies F C (P \oplus Q) a x Q'$ 
and cPar1B:  $\bigwedge P P' Q a x C. [P \xrightarrow{a} \nu x < P'; x \notin Q; \bigwedge C. F C P a x P'] \implies F C (P \parallel Q) a x (P' \parallel Q)$ 
and cPar2B:  $\bigwedge P Q Q' a x C. [Q \xrightarrow{a} \nu x < Q'; x \notin P; \bigwedge C. F C Q a x Q'] \implies F C (P \parallel Q) a x (P' \parallel Q')$ 
and cResB:  $\bigwedge P P' a x y C. [P \xrightarrow{a} \nu x < P'; y \neq a; y \neq x; y \notin C; \bigwedge C. F C P a x P'] \implies F C (< \nu y > P) a x (< \nu y > P')$ 
and cBang:  $\bigwedge P a x P' C. [P \parallel !P \xrightarrow{a} \nu x < P'; \bigwedge C. F C (P \parallel !P) a x P'] \implies F C (!P) a x P'$ 

shows  $F C P a x P'$   

 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

**lemma** *tauInduct*[consumes 1, case-names Tau Match Mismatch Sum1 Sum2 Par1 Par2 Comm1 Comm2 Close1 Close2 Res Bang]:

```

fixes P :: pi
and P' :: pi
and F :: 'a::fs-name  $\Rightarrow$  pi  $\Rightarrow$  pi  $\Rightarrow$  bool
and C :: 'a::fs-name

assumes Trans:  $P \xrightarrow{\tau} < P'$ 
and  $\bigwedge P C. F C (\tau.(P)) P$ 

```

and  $\wedge P P' a C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec P'; \wedge C. F C P P' \rrbracket \implies F C ([a \sim a]P) P'$   
 and  $\wedge P P' a b C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec P'; \wedge C. F C P P'; a \neq b \rrbracket \implies F C ([a \neq b]P)$   
 $P'$   
 and  $\wedge P P' Q C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec P'; \wedge C. F C P P' \rrbracket \implies F C (P \oplus Q) P'$   
 and  $\wedge Q Q' P C. \llbracket Q \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec Q'; \wedge C. F C Q Q' \rrbracket \implies F C (P \oplus Q) Q'$   
 and  $\wedge P P' Q C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec P'; \wedge C. F C P P' \rrbracket \implies F C (P \parallel Q) (P' \parallel Q)$   
 and  $\wedge Q Q' P C. \llbracket Q \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec Q'; \wedge C. F C Q Q' \rrbracket \implies F C (P \parallel Q) (P \parallel Q')$   
 and  $\wedge P a b P' Q Q' C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{a < b} \prec P'; Q \xrightarrow{\text{OutputR}} a b \prec Q' \rrbracket \implies F$   
 $C (P \parallel Q) (P' \parallel Q')$   
 and  $\wedge P a b P' Q Q' C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{\text{OutputR}} a b \prec P'; Q \xrightarrow{a < b} \prec Q' \rrbracket \implies F$   
 $C (P \parallel Q) (P' \parallel Q')$   
 and  $\wedge P a x P' Q Q' C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{a < x} \prec P'; Q \xrightarrow{a < \nu x} \prec Q'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \neq a; x \notin C \rrbracket \implies F C (P \parallel Q) (<\nu x>(P' \parallel Q'))$   
 and  $\wedge P a x P' Q Q' C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{a < \nu x} \prec P'; Q \xrightarrow{a < x} \prec Q'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \neq a; x \notin C \rrbracket \implies F C (P \parallel Q) (<\nu x>(P' \parallel Q'))$   
 and  $\wedge P P' x C. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec P'; x \notin C; \wedge C. F C P P' \rrbracket \implies$   
 $F C (<\nu x>P) (<\nu x>P')$   
 and  $\wedge P P' C. \llbracket P \parallel !P \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec P'; \wedge C. F C (P \parallel !P) P' \rrbracket \implies F C (!P) P'$

**shows**  $F C P P'$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**inductive**  $bangPred :: pi \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow bool$

**where**

$aux1: bangPred P (!P)$   
 $| aux2: bangPred P (P \parallel !P)$

**inductive-cases**  $tauCases'[\text{simplified } pi.\text{distinct residual.distinct}]: \tau.(P) \xrightarrow{} Rs$   
**inductive-cases**  $inputCases'[\text{simplified } pi.\text{inject residual.inject}]: a < b >.P \xrightarrow{} Rs$   
**inductive-cases**  $outputCases'[\text{simplified } pi.\text{inject residual.inject}]: a\{b\}.P \xrightarrow{} Rs$   
**inductive-cases**  $matchCases'[\text{simplified } pi.\text{inject residual.inject}]: [a \sim b]P \xrightarrow{} Rs$   
**inductive-cases**  $mismatchCases'[\text{simplified } pi.\text{inject residual.inject}]: [a \neq b]P \xrightarrow{} Rs$   
**inductive-cases**  $sumCases'[\text{simplified } pi.\text{inject residual.inject}]: P \oplus Q \xrightarrow{} Rs$   
**inductive-cases**  $parCasesB'[\text{simplified } pi.\text{distinct residual.distinct}]: A \parallel B \xrightarrow{} b < \nu y > \prec A'$   
**inductive-cases**  $parCasesF'[\text{simplified } pi.\text{distinct residual.distinct}]: P \parallel Q \xrightarrow{} \alpha \prec P'$   
**inductive-cases**  $resCasesB'[\text{simplified } pi.\text{distinct residual.distinct}]: <\nu x'>A \xrightarrow{} a < \nu y' > \prec A'$   
**inductive-cases**  $resCasesF'[\text{simplified } pi.\text{distinct residual.distinct}]: <\nu x>A \xrightarrow{} \alpha \prec A'$

**lemma**  $tauCases:$

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $\alpha :: freeRes$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$

**assumes**  $\tau.(P) \xrightarrow{} \alpha \prec P'$

```

and      Prop ( $\tau$ ) P

shows Prop  $\alpha$  P'
{proof}

lemma inputCases[consumes 1, case-names cInput]:
fixes a :: name
and   x :: name
and   P :: pi
and   P' :: pi

assumes Input:  $a < x >. P \xrightarrow{\alpha} P'$ 
and     A:  $\bigwedge u. \text{Prop}(a < u >) (P[x ::= u])$ 

shows Prop  $\alpha$  P'
{proof}

lemma outputCases:
fixes P :: pi
and    $\alpha$  :: freeRes
and   P' :: pi

assumes  $a \{ b \}. P \xrightarrow{\alpha} P'$ 
and     Prop (OutputR a b) P

shows Prop  $\alpha$  P'
{proof}

lemma zeroTrans[dest]:
fixes Rs :: residual

assumes 0  $\xrightarrow{} e$  Rs

shows False
{proof}

lemma mismatchTrans[dest]:
fixes a :: name
and   P :: pi
and   Rs :: residual

assumes [ $a \neq a$ ] P  $\xrightarrow{} Rs$ 

shows False
{proof}

lemma matchCases[consumes 1, case-names Match]:
fixes a :: name
and   b :: name

```

```

and    $P :: pi$ 
and    $Rs :: residual$ 
and    $F :: name \Rightarrow name \Rightarrow bool$ 

assumes  $Trans: [a \sim b]P \mapsto Rs$ 
and      $cMatch: P \mapsto Rs \implies F a a$ 

shows  $F a b$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $mismatchCases[consumes 1, case-names Mismatch]:$ 
fixes  $a :: name$ 
and    $b :: name$ 
and    $P :: pi$ 
and    $Rs :: residual$ 
and    $F :: name \Rightarrow name \Rightarrow bool$ 

assumes  $Trans: [a \neq b]P \mapsto Rs$ 
and      $cMatch: [P \mapsto Rs; a \neq b] \implies F a b$ 

shows  $F a b$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $sumCases[consumes 1, case-names Sum1 Sum2]:$ 
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $Rs :: residual$ 

assumes  $Trans: P \oplus Q \mapsto Rs$ 
and      $cSum1: P \mapsto Rs \implies F$ 
and      $cSum2: Q \mapsto Rs \implies F$ 

shows  $F$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $parCasesB[consumes 1, case-names cPar1 cPar2]:$ 
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $a :: name$ 
and    $x :: name$ 
and    $PQ' :: pi$ 

assumes  $Trans: P \parallel Q \mapsto a < \nu x > \prec PQ'$ 
and      $icPar1B: \bigwedge P'. [P \mapsto a < \nu x > \prec P'; x \notin Q] \implies F (P' \parallel Q)$ 
and      $icPar2B: \bigwedge Q'. [Q \mapsto a < \nu x > \prec Q'; x \notin P] \implies F (P \parallel Q')$ 

shows  $F PQ'$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma parCasesOutput[consumes 1, case-names Par1 Par2]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and a :: name
  and b :: name
  and P' :: pi

  assumes P || Q  $\xrightarrow{a[b]} \prec PQ'$ 
  and  $\bigwedge P'. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{a[b]} \prec P \rrbracket \implies F(P' \parallel Q)$ 
  and  $\bigwedge Q'. \llbracket Q \xrightarrow{a[b]} \prec Q \rrbracket \implies F(P \parallel Q')$ 

  shows F PQ'
  (proof)

lemma parCasesInput[consumes 1, case-names Par1 Par2]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and a :: name
  and b :: name
  and P' :: pi

  assumes Trans: P || Q  $\xrightarrow{a < b >} \prec PQ'$ 
  and icPar1F:  $\bigwedge P'. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{a < b >} \prec P \rrbracket \implies F(P' \parallel Q)$ 
  and icPar2F:  $\bigwedge Q'. \llbracket Q \xrightarrow{a < b >} \prec Q \rrbracket \implies F(P \parallel Q')$ 

  shows F PQ'
  (proof)

lemma parCasesF[consumes 1, case-names cPar1 cPar2 cComm1 cComm2 cClose1
cClose2]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and  $\alpha$  :: freeRes
  and P' :: pi
  and C :: 'a::fs-name

  assumes Trans: P || Q  $\xrightarrow{\alpha} \prec PQ'$ 
  and icPar1F:  $\bigwedge P'. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{\alpha} \prec P \rrbracket \implies F\alpha(P' \parallel Q)$ 
  and icPar2F:  $\bigwedge Q'. \llbracket Q \xrightarrow{\alpha} \prec Q \rrbracket \implies F\alpha(P \parallel Q')$ 
  and icComm1:  $\bigwedge P' Q' a b. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{a < b >} \prec P'; Q \xrightarrow{a[b]} \prec Q \rrbracket \implies F(\tau)$ 
   $(P' \parallel Q')$ 
  and icComm2:  $\bigwedge P' Q' a b. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{a[b]} \prec P'; Q \xrightarrow{a < b >} \prec Q \rrbracket \implies F(\tau)$ 
   $(P' \parallel Q')$ 
  and icClose1:  $\bigwedge P' Q' a x. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{a < x >} \prec P'; Q \xrightarrow{a < \nu x >} \prec Q'; x \notin P;$ 
 $x \notin C \rrbracket \implies F(\tau)(<\nu x>(P' \parallel Q'))$ 
  and icClose2:  $\bigwedge P' Q' a x. \llbracket P \xrightarrow{a < \nu x >} \prec P'; Q \xrightarrow{a < x >} \prec Q'; x \notin Q;$ 
 $x \notin C \rrbracket \implies F(\tau)(<\nu x>(P' \parallel Q'))$ 

  shows F  $\alpha$  PQ'

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma resCasesF[consumes 2, case-names Res]:
  fixes x :: name
  and P :: pi
  and  $\alpha$  :: freeRes
  and P' :: pi

  assumes Trans:  $\langle \nu x \rangle P \longmapsto \alpha \prec RP'$ 
  and xFreshAlpha:  $x \notin \alpha$ 
  and rcResF:  $\bigwedge P'. P \longmapsto \alpha \prec P' \implies F (\langle \nu x \rangle P')$ 

```

**shows** F RP'

$\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma resCasesB[consumes 2, case-names Open Res]:
  fixes x :: name
  and P :: pi
  and a :: name
  and y :: name
  and RP' :: pi

```

**assumes** Trans:  $\langle \nu y \rangle P \longmapsto a \langle \nu x \rangle \prec RP'$

**and** xineqy:  $x \neq y$   
**and** rcOpen:  $\bigwedge P'. [P \longmapsto (\text{OutputR } a \ y) \prec P'; a \neq y] \implies F ([x, y] \cdot P')$   
**and** rcResB:  $\bigwedge P'. [P \longmapsto a \langle \nu x \rangle \prec P'; y \neq a] \implies F (\langle \nu y \rangle P')$

**shows** F RP'

$\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma bangInduct[consumes 1, case-names Par1B Par1F Par2B Par2F Comm1
Comm2 Close1 Close2 Bang]:
  fixes F :: 'a::fs-name  $\Rightarrow$  pi  $\Rightarrow$  residual  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  and P :: pi
  and Rs :: residual
  and C :: 'a::fs-name

```

```

  assumes Trans: !P  $\longmapsto$  Rs
  and cPar1B:  $\bigwedge a \ x \ P' \ C. [P \longmapsto a \langle \nu x \rangle \prec P'; x \notin P; x \notin C] \implies F \ C \ (P \parallel !P) \ (a \langle \nu x \rangle \prec (P' \parallel !P))$ 
  and cPar1F:  $\bigwedge (\alpha :: \text{freeRes}) \ (P' :: \text{pi}) \ C. [P \longmapsto \alpha \prec P'] \implies F \ C \ (P \parallel !P) \ (\alpha \prec P' \parallel !P)$ 
  and cPar2B:  $\bigwedge a \ x \ P' \ C. [!P \longmapsto a \langle \nu x \rangle \prec P'; x \notin P; x \notin C; \bigwedge C. F \ C \ (!P) \ (a \langle \nu x \rangle \prec (P' \parallel P'))] \implies F \ C \ (P \parallel !P) \ (a \langle \nu x \rangle \prec P')$ 
  and cPar2F:  $\bigwedge \alpha \ P' \ C. [!P \longmapsto \alpha \prec P'; \bigwedge C. F \ C \ (!P) \ (\alpha \prec P')] \implies F \ C \ (P \parallel !P) \ (\alpha \prec P \parallel P')$ 
  and cComm1:  $\bigwedge a \ P' \ b \ P'' \ C. [P \longmapsto a \langle b \rangle \prec P'; !P \longmapsto (\text{OutputR } a \ b) \prec P''; \bigwedge C. F \ C \ (!P) \ ((\text{OutputR } a \ b) \prec P'')] \implies F \ C \ (P \parallel !P) \ (\tau \prec P' \parallel P'')$ 

```

**and**  $cComm2: \bigwedge a b P' P'' C. [P \mapsto (OutputR a b) \prec P'; !P \mapsto a < b > \prec P''; \bigwedge C. F C (!P) (a < b > \prec P'')] \implies F C (P \parallel !P) (\tau \prec P' \parallel P'')$   
**and**  $cClose1: \bigwedge a x P' P'' C. [P \mapsto a < x > \prec P'; !P \mapsto a < \nu x > \prec P''; x \notin P; x \notin C; \bigwedge C. F C (!P) (a < \nu x > \prec P'')] \implies F C (P \parallel !P) (\tau \prec \langle \nu x \rangle (P' \parallel P''))$   
**and**  $cClose2: \bigwedge a x P' P'' C. [P \mapsto a < \nu x > \prec P'; !P \mapsto a < x > \prec P''; x \notin P; x \notin C; \bigwedge C. F C (!P) (a < x > \prec P'')] \implies F C (P \parallel !P) (\tau \prec \langle \nu x \rangle (P' \parallel P''))$   
**and**  $cBang: \bigwedge R s C. [P \parallel !P \mapsto R s; \bigwedge C. F C (P \parallel !P) R s] \implies F C (!P) R s$

**shows**  $F C (!P) R s$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**end**

**theory** Strong-Early-Sim  
**imports** Early-Semantics Rel  
**begin**

**definition** strongSimEarly ::  $pi \Rightarrow (pi \times pi) set \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow bool$  ( $\sim \sim [-]$  - [80, 80, 80]) **where**  
 $P \sim \sim [Rel] Q \equiv (\forall a y Q'. Q \mapsto a < \nu y > \prec Q' \longrightarrow y \notin P \longrightarrow (\exists P'. P \mapsto a < \nu y > \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel)) \wedge$   
 $(\forall \alpha Q'. Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \longrightarrow (\exists P'. P \mapsto \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel))$

**lemma** monotonic:

**fixes**  $A :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**and**  $B :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**and**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \sim \sim [A] P'$   
**and**  $A \subseteq B$

**shows**  $P \sim \sim [B] P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** freshUnit[simp]:  
**fixes**  $y :: name$

**shows**  $y \notin ()$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** simCasesCont[consumes 1, case-names Bound Free]:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$

```

and    $C :: 'a::fs-name$ 

assumes  $Eqvt: eqvt Rel$ 
and     $Bound: \bigwedge a y Q'. [Q \mapsto a<\nu y> \prec Q'; y \notin P; y \notin Q; y \notin C] \implies \exists P'.$ 
 $P \mapsto a<\nu y> \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$ 
and     $Free: \bigwedge \alpha Q'. Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \implies \exists P'. P \mapsto \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$ 

shows  $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $simCases[consumes 0, case-names Bound Free]:$ 
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 
and    $C :: 'a::fs-name$ 

assumes  $Bound: \bigwedge a y Q'. [Q \mapsto a<\nu y> \prec Q'; y \notin P] \implies \exists P'. P \mapsto a<\nu y>$ 
 $\prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$ 
and     $Free: \bigwedge \alpha Q'. Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \implies \exists P'. P \mapsto \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$ 

shows  $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $elim:$ 
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $a :: name$ 
and    $x :: name$ 
and    $Q' :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$ 

shows  $Q \mapsto a<\nu x> \prec Q' \implies x \notin P \implies \exists P'. P \mapsto a<\nu x> \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$ 
and     $Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \implies \exists P'. P \mapsto \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $eqvtI:$ 
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 
and    $perm :: name prm$ 

assumes  $Sim: P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$ 
and     $RelRel': Rel \subseteq Rel'$ 
and     $EqvtRel': eqvt Rel'$ 

shows  $(perm \cdot P) \rightsquigarrow[Rel'] (perm \cdot Q)$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma reflexive:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
```

```
assumes Id ⊆ Rel
```

```
shows P ~[Rel] P
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemmas fresh-prod[simp]
```

```
lemma transitive:
```

```
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and R :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  and Rel' :: (pi × pi) set
  and Rel'' :: (pi × pi) set
```

```
assumes PSimQ: P ~[Rel] Q
and QSimR: Q ~[Rel'] R
and Eqvt': eqvt Rel''
and Trans: Rel O Rel' ⊆ Rel''
```

```
shows P ~[Rel''] R
⟨proof⟩
```

```
end
```

```
theory Strong-Early-Bisim
```

```
imports Strong-Early-Sim
begin
```

```
lemma monoAux: A ⊆ B ==> P ~[A] Q —> P ~[B] Q
⟨proof⟩
```

```
coinductive-set bisim :: (pi × pi) set
```

```
where
```

```
step: [P ~[bisim] Q; (Q, P) ∈ bisim] ==> (P, Q) ∈ bisim
monos monoAux
```

```
abbreviation strongBisimJudge (infixr ∼ 65) where P ∼ Q ≡ (P, Q) ∈ bisim
```

**lemma** *bisimCoinductAux*[*case-names bisim, case-conclusion StrongBisim step, consumes 1*]:

**assumes**  $p: (P, Q) \in X$   
**and**  $\text{step}: \bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies P \rightsquigarrow[(X \cup \text{bisim})] Q \wedge (Q, P) \in \text{bisim} \cup X$

**shows**  $P \sim Q$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *bisimCoinduct*[*consumes 1, case-names cSim cSym*]:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$

**assumes**  $(P, Q) \in X$   
**and**  $\bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in X \implies R \rightsquigarrow[(X \cup \text{bisim})] S$   
**and**  $\bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in X \implies (S, R) \in X$

**shows**  $P \sim Q$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *weak-coinduct*[*case-names bisim, case-conclusion StrongBisim step, consumes 1*]:

**assumes**  $p: (P, Q) \in X$   
**and**  $\text{step}: \bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies P \rightsquigarrow[X] Q \wedge (Q, P) \in X$

**shows**  $P \sim Q$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *bisimWeakCoinduct*[*consumes 1, case-names cSim cSym*]:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$

**assumes**  $(P, Q) \in X$   
**and**  $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies P \rightsquigarrow[X] Q$   
**and**  $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies (Q, P) \in X$

**shows**  $P \sim Q$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *monotonic*:  $\text{mono}(\lambda p x1 x2. \exists P Q. x1 = P \wedge x2 = Q \wedge P \rightsquigarrow[\{(xa, x). p\} xa x] Q \wedge Q \rightsquigarrow[\{(xa, x). p\} xa x] P)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *bisimE*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \sim Q$

**shows**  $P \rightsquigarrow[\text{bisim}] Q$

**and**  $Q \sim P$

$\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{bisimClosed}[\text{eqvt}]:$

**fixes**  $P :: \text{pi}$

**and**  $Q :: \text{pi}$

**and**  $p :: \text{name prm}$

**assumes**  $P \sim Q$

**shows**  $(p \cdot P) \sim (p \cdot Q)$

$\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{eqvt}[\text{simp}]:$

**shows**  $\text{eqvt bisim}$

$\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{reflexive}:$

**fixes**  $P :: \text{pi}$

**shows**  $P \sim P$

$\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{transitive}:$

**fixes**  $P :: \text{pi}$

**and**  $Q :: \text{pi}$

**and**  $R :: \text{pi}$

**assumes**  $P \text{BiSim} Q: P \sim Q$

**and**  $Q \text{BiSim} R: Q \sim R$

**shows**  $P \sim R$

$\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

**end**

**theory**  $\text{Strong-Early-Bisim-Subst}$

**imports**  $\text{Strong-Early-Bisim}$

**begin**

**abbreviation**  $\text{StrongCongEarlyJudge} (\text{infixr } \sim^s 65) \text{ where } P \sim^s Q \equiv (P, Q) \in (\text{substClosed bisim})$

**lemma**  $\text{congBisim}:$

**fixes**  $P :: \text{pi}$

**and**  $Q :: \text{pi}$

**assumes**  $P \sim^s Q$

```

shows  $P \sim Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma eqvt:
shows eqvt (substClosed bisim)
⟨proof⟩

lemma eqvtI:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Q :: pi$ 
and  $perm :: name\ perm$ 

assumes  $P \sim^s Q$ 

shows  $(perm \cdot P) \sim^s (perm \cdot Q)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma reflexive:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 

shows  $P \sim^s P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma symetric:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Q :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \sim^s Q$ 

shows  $Q \sim^s P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma transitive:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Q :: pi$ 
and  $R :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \sim^s Q$ 
and  $Q \sim^s R$ 

shows  $P \sim^s R$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma partUnfold:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Q :: pi$ 
and  $s :: (name \times name)\ list$ 

```

```

assumes  $P \sim^s Q$ 

shows  $P[<s>] \sim^s Q[<s>]$ 
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Strong-Early-Sim-Pres
imports Strong-Early-Sim
begin

lemma tauPres:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

  assumes  $PRelQ: (P, Q) \in Rel$ 

  shows  $\tau.(P) \rightsquigarrow [Rel] \tau.(Q)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma inputPres:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

  assumes  $PRelQ: \forall y. (P[x:=y], Q[x:=y]) \in Rel$ 
  and  $Eqvt: eqvt Rel$ 

  shows  $a <x>.P \rightsquigarrow [Rel] a <x>.Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma outputPres:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 
  and  $Rel' :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

  assumes  $PRelQ: (P, Q) \in Rel$ 

  shows  $a\{b\}.P \rightsquigarrow [Rel] a\{b\}.Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma matchPres:

```

```

fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and a :: name
and b :: name
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
and Rel' :: (pi × pi) set

assumes PSimQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}] Q$ 
and RelRel':  $\text{Rel} \subseteq \text{Rel}'$ 
shows [a¬b]P  $\rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}'] [a\neg b]Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma mismatchPres:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and a :: name
and b :: name
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
and Rel' :: (pi × pi) set

assumes PSimQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}] Q$ 
and RelRel':  $\text{Rel} \subseteq \text{Rel}'$ 
shows [a≠b]P  $\rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}'] [a\neq b]Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma sumPres:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and R :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
and Rel' :: (pi × pi) set

assumes P  $\rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}] Q$ 
and C1:  $\text{Id} \subseteq \text{Rel}'$ 
and Rel ⊆ Rel'

shows P ⊕ R  $\rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}'] Q \oplus R$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma parCompose:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and R :: pi
and T :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
and Rel' :: (pi × pi) set
and Rel'' :: (pi × pi) set

```

```

assumes PSimQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}] Q$ 
and     RSimT:  $R \rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}'] S$ 
and     PRelQ:  $(P, Q) \in \text{Rel}$ 
and     RRel'T:  $(R, S) \in \text{Rel}'$ 
and     Par:  $\bigwedge P' Q' R' S'. [(P', Q') \in \text{Rel}; (R', S') \in \text{Rel}'] \implies (P' \parallel R', Q' \parallel S') \in \text{Rel}''$ 
and     Res:  $\bigwedge S T x. (S, T) \in \text{Rel}'' \implies (\langle\nu x\rangle S, \langle\nu x\rangle T) \in \text{Rel}''$ 

shows  $P \parallel R \rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}'] Q \parallel S$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma parPres:
  fixes  $P :: \text{pi}$ 
  and    $Q :: \text{pi}$ 
  and    $R :: \text{pi}$ 
  and    $a :: \text{name}$ 
  and    $b :: \text{name}$ 
  and    $\text{Rel} :: (\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$ 
  and    $\text{Rel}' :: (\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$ 

  assumes PSimQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}] Q$ 
  and     PRelQ:  $(P, Q) \in \text{Rel}$ 
  and     Par:  $\bigwedge S T U. (S, T) \in \text{Rel} \implies (S \parallel U, T \parallel U) \in \text{Rel}'$ 
  and     Res:  $\bigwedge S T x. (S, T) \in \text{Rel}' \implies (\langle\nu x\rangle S, \langle\nu x\rangle T) \in \text{Rel}'$ 

shows  $P \parallel R \rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}'] Q \parallel R$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma resPres:
  fixes  $P :: \text{pi}$ 
  and    $Q :: \text{pi}$ 
  and    $\text{Rel} :: (\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$ 
  and    $x :: \text{name}$ 
  and    $\text{Rel}' :: (\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$ 

  assumes PSimQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}] Q$ 
  and     ResSet:  $\bigwedge (R::\text{pi}) (S::\text{pi}) (y::\text{name}). (R, S) \in \text{Rel} \implies (\langle\nu y\rangle R, \langle\nu y\rangle S) \in \text{Rel}'$ 
  and     RelRel':  $\text{Rel} \subseteq \text{Rel}'$ 
  and     EqvtRel:  $\text{eqvt Rel}$ 
  and     EqvtRel':  $\text{eqvt Rel}'$ 

shows  $\langle\nu x\rangle P \rightsquigarrow[\text{Rel}'] \langle\nu x\rangle Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma resChainI:
  fixes  $P :: \text{pi}$ 
  and    $Q :: \text{pi}$ 
  and    $\text{Rel} :: (\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$ 

```

```

and    lst :: name list

assumes eqvtRel: eqvt Rel
and      Res:  $\bigwedge R S \ x. (R, S) \in Rel \implies (\langle\nu x\rangle R, \langle\nu x\rangle S) \in Rel$ 
and      PRelQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$ 

shows (resChain lst)  $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] (\text{resChain } lst) \ Q$ 
(proof)

lemma bangPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and    Q :: pi
  and    Rel ::  $(\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$ 

  assumes PRelQ:  $(P, Q) \in Rel$ 
  and      Sim:  $\bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in Rel \implies R \rightsquigarrow[Rel] S$ 
  and      eqvtRel: eqvt Rel

  shows !P  $\rightsquigarrow[\text{bangRel Rel}] !Q$ 
(proof)

end

theory Strong-Early-Bisim-Pres
  imports Strong-Early-Bisim Strong-Early-Sim-Pres
begin

lemma tauPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and    Q :: pi

  assumes P ~ Q

  shows  $\tau.(P) \sim \tau.(Q)$ 
(proof)

lemma inputPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and    Q :: pi
  and    a :: name
  and    x :: name

  assumes PSimQ:  $\forall y. P[x:=y] \sim Q[x:=y]$ 

  shows  $a< x >.P \sim a< x >.Q$ 
(proof)

```

```

lemma outputPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name

  assumes P ~ Q

  shows a{b}.P ~ a{b}.Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma matchPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name

  assumes P ~ Q

  shows [a¬b]P ~ [a¬b]Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mismatchPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name

  assumes P ~ Q

  shows [a≠b]P ~ [a≠b]Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sumPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   R :: pi

  assumes P ~ Q

  shows P ⊕ R ~ Q ⊕ R
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma resPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   x :: name

  assumes P ~ Q

```

**shows**  $\langle \nu x \rangle P \sim \langle \nu x \rangle Q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *parPres*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $R :: pi$   
**and**  $T :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \sim Q$

**shows**  $P \parallel R \sim Q \parallel R$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *bangRelBisimE*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$

**assumes**  $A: (P, Q) \in \text{bangRel Rel}$   
**and**  $Sym: \bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in Rel \implies (Q, P) \in Rel$

**shows**  $(Q, P) \in \text{bangRel Rel}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *bangPres*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$

**assumes** *PBiSimQ*:  $P \sim Q$

**shows**  $\neg P \sim \neg Q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**end**

**theory** *Strong-Early-Bisim-Subst-Pres*  
**imports** *Strong-Early-Bisim-Subst* *Strong-Early-Bisim-Pres*  
**begin**

**lemma** *tauPres*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \sim^s Q$

**shows**  $\tau.(P) \sim^s \tau.(Q)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma inputPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name

  assumes P  $\sim^s$  Q

  shows a<x>. P  $\sim^s$  a<x>. Q
  {proof}

lemma outputPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes P  $\sim^s$  Q

  shows a{b}. P  $\sim^s$  a{b}. Q
  {proof}

lemma matchPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name

  assumes P  $\sim^s$  Q

  shows [a  $\sim$  b] P  $\sim^s$  [a  $\sim$  b] Q
  {proof}

lemma mismatchPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name

  assumes P  $\sim^s$  Q

  shows [a  $\neq$  b] P  $\sim^s$  [a  $\neq$  b] Q
  {proof}

lemma sumPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   R :: pi

  assumes P  $\sim^s$  Q

```

```

shows  $P \oplus R \sim^s Q \oplus R$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma parPres:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $R :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \sim^s Q$ 

  shows  $P \parallel R \sim^s Q \parallel R$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma resPres:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 

  assumes  $P eq Q : P \sim^s Q$ 

  shows  $\langle \nu x \rangle P \sim^s \langle \nu x \rangle Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma bangPres:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \sim^s Q$ 

  shows  $!P \sim^s !Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Early-Tau-Chain
  imports Early-Semantics
begin

  abbreviation  $tauChain :: pi \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow bool (\cdot \implies_{\tau} \cdot [80, 80] 80)$ 
    where  $P \implies_{\tau} P' \equiv (P, P') \in \{(P, P') \mid P P'. P \mapsto_{\tau} \prec P'\}^*$ 

  lemma tauActTauChain:
    fixes  $P :: pi$ 
    and  $P' :: pi$ 

    assumes  $P \mapsto_{\tau} \prec P'$ 

    shows  $P \implies_{\tau} P'$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma tauChainAddTau[intro]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and P' :: pi
  and P'' :: pi

  shows P ==>_tau P' ==> P' ->_tau < P'' ==> P ==>_tau P''
  and P ->_tau < P' ==> P' ==>_tau P'' ==> P ==>_tau P''
```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma tauChainInduct[consumes 1, case-names id ih]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and P' :: pi

  assumes P ==>_tau P'
  and F P
  and &P'' P''' . [P ==>_tau P''; P'' ->_tau < P'''; F P'''] ==> F P'''
```

shows F P'

$\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma eqvtChainI:
  fixes P :: pi
  and P' :: pi
  and perm :: name prm
```

assumes P ==>\_tau P'

```
shows (perm • P) ==>_tau (perm • P')
```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma eqvtChainE:
  fixes perm :: name prm
  and P :: pi
  and P' :: pi
```

assumes Trans: (perm • P) ==>\_tau (perm • P')

shows P ==>\_tau P'

$\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma eqvtChainEq:
  fixes P :: pi
  and P' :: pi
  and perm :: name prm
```

shows P ==>\_tau P' = (perm • P) ==>\_tau (perm • P')

$\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma freshChain:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   P' :: pi
  and   x :: name

  assumes P  $\Longrightarrow_{\tau}$  P'
  and     x  $\notin$  P

  shows   x  $\notin$  P'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma matchChain:
  fixes b :: name
  and   P :: pi
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes P  $\Longrightarrow_{\tau}$  P'
  and     P  $\neq P'$ 

  shows [b ∼ b]P  $\Longrightarrow_{\tau}$  P'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mismatchChain:
  fixes a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   P :: pi
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes PChain: P  $\Longrightarrow_{\tau}$  P'
  and     aineqb: a  $\neq b$ 
  and     PineqP': P  $\neq P'$ 

  shows [a ≠ b]P  $\Longrightarrow_{\tau}$  P'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sum1Chain:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   P' :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes P  $\Longrightarrow_{\tau}$  P'
  and     P  $\neq P'$ 

  shows P  $\oplus$  Q  $\Longrightarrow_{\tau}$  P'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sum2Chain:
  fixes P :: pi

```

```

and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $Q' :: pi$ 

assumes  $Q \Rightarrow_{\tau} Q'$ 
and    $Q \neq Q'$ 

shows  $P \oplus Q \Rightarrow_{\tau} Q'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Par1Chain:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $P' :: pi$ 
  and    $Q :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 

  shows  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_{\tau} P' \parallel Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Par2Chain:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $Q :: pi$ 
  and    $Q' :: pi$ 

  assumes  $Q \Rightarrow_{\tau} Q'$ 

  shows  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_{\tau} P \parallel Q'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma chainPar:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $P' :: pi$ 
  and    $Q :: pi$ 
  and    $Q' :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 
  and    $Q \Rightarrow_{\tau} Q'$ 

  shows  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow_{\tau} P' \parallel Q'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma ResChain:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $P' :: pi$ 
  and    $a :: name$ 

  assumes  $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 

  shows  $\langle \nu a \rangle P \Rightarrow_{\tau} \langle \nu a \rangle P'$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma substChain:  
  fixes P :: pi  
  and x :: name  
  and b :: name  
  and P' :: pi
```

```
assumes PTrans:  $P[x:=b] \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 
```

```
shows  $P[x:=b] \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'[x:=b]$ 
```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma bangChain:  
  fixes P :: pi  
  and P' :: pi
```

```
assumes PTrans:  $P \parallel !P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$   
and  $P' \neq P \parallel !P$ 
```

```
shows  $!P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ 
```

$\langle proof \rangle$

end

```
theory Weak-Early-Step-Semantics  
  imports Early-Tau-Chain  
begin
```

```
lemma inputSupportDerivative:  
  assumes  $P \rightarrowtail a[x] \prec P'$ 
```

```
shows  $(supp P') - \{x\} \subseteq supp P$ 
```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma outputSupportDerivative:  
  fixes P :: pi  
  and a :: name  
  and b :: name  
  and P' :: pi
```

```
assumes  $P \rightarrowtail a[b] \prec P'$ 
```

```
shows  $(supp P') \subseteq ((supp P)::name set)$ 
```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma boundOutputSupportDerivative:  
  assumes  $P \rightarrowtail a[\nu x] \prec P'$   
  and  $x \notin P$ 
```

**shows**  $(\text{supp } P') - \{x\} \subseteq \text{supp } P$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\tau\text{auSupportDerivative}:$

**assumes**  $P \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec P'$

**shows**  $((\text{supp } P')::\text{name set}) \subseteq \text{supp } P$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\tau\text{auChainSupportDerivative}:$

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \xrightarrow{\tau} P'$

**shows**  $((\text{supp } P')::\text{name set}) \subseteq (\text{supp } P)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition**  $\text{outputTransition} :: pi \Rightarrow \text{name} \Rightarrow \text{name} \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow \text{bool} (- \Rightarrow - \prec - [80, 80, 80] 80)$

**where**  $P \xrightarrow{\alpha} \prec P' \equiv \exists P''' P''. P \xrightarrow{\tau} P''' \wedge P''' \xrightarrow{\alpha} \prec P'' \wedge P'' \xrightarrow{\tau} P'$

**definition**  $\text{freeTransition} :: pi \Rightarrow \text{freeRes} \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow \text{bool} (- \Rightarrow - \prec - [80, 80, 80] 80)$

**where**  $P \xrightarrow{\alpha} \prec P' \equiv \exists P''' P''. P \xrightarrow{\tau} P''' \wedge P''' \xrightarrow{\alpha} \prec P'' \wedge P'' \xrightarrow{\tau} P'$

**lemma**  $\text{transitionI}:$

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $P''' :: pi$   
**and**  $\alpha :: \text{freeRes}$   
**and**  $P'' :: pi$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: \text{name}$   
**and**  $x :: \text{name}$

**shows**  $\llbracket P \xrightarrow{\tau} P'''; P''' \xrightarrow{\alpha} \prec P''; P'' \xrightarrow{\tau} P' \rrbracket \implies P \xrightarrow{\alpha} \prec P'$   
**and**  $\llbracket P \xrightarrow{\tau} P'''; P''' \xrightarrow{\alpha} \prec P''; P'' \xrightarrow{\tau} P' \rrbracket \implies P \xrightarrow{\alpha} \prec P'$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{transitionE}:$

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $\alpha :: \text{freeRes}$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: \text{name}$   
**and**  $x :: \text{name}$

**shows**  $P \xrightarrow{\alpha} \prec P' \implies (\exists P'' P'''. P \xrightarrow{\tau} P'' \wedge P'' \xrightarrow{\alpha} \prec P''' \wedge P''' \xrightarrow{\tau}$

$P')$   
**and**  $P \Rightarrow a<\nu x> \prec P' \Rightarrow \exists P'' P'''. P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P''' \wedge P''' \mapsto a<\nu x> \prec P'' \wedge P'' \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *weakTransitionAlpha*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $y :: name$

**assumes** *PTrans*:  $P \Rightarrow a<\nu x> \prec P'$   
**and**  $y \notin P$

**shows**  $P \Rightarrow a<\nu y> \prec ([x, y] \cdot P')$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *singleActionChain*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Rs :: residual$

**shows**  $P \mapsto a<\nu x> \prec P' \Rightarrow P \Rightarrow a<\nu x> \prec P'$   
**and**  $P \mapsto a \prec P' \Rightarrow P \Rightarrow a \prec P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Tau*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$

**shows**  $\tau.(P) \Rightarrow \tau \prec P$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Input*:  
**fixes**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $u :: name$   
**and**  $P :: pi$

**shows**  $a < x >. P \Rightarrow a < u > \prec P[x := u]$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Output*:  
**fixes**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $b :: name$   
**and**  $P :: pi$

**shows**  $a \{ b \}. P \Rightarrow a[b] \prec P$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma Match:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   b :: name
  and   x :: name
  and   a :: name
  and   P' :: pi
  and   α :: freeRes

  shows P ==> b<νx> ⊢ P' ==> [a¬a]P ==> b<νx> ⊢ P'
  and   P ==> α ⊢ P' ==> [a¬a]P ==> α ⊢ P'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Mismatch:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   c :: name
  and   x :: name
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   P' :: pi
  and   α :: freeRes

  shows [P ==> c<νx> ⊢ P'; a ≠ b] ==> [a≠b]P ==> c<νx> ⊢ P'
  and   [P ==> α ⊢ P'; a ≠ b] ==> [a≠b]P ==> α ⊢ P'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Open:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes PTrans: P ==> a[b] ⊢ P'
  and   a ≠ b

  shows <νb>P ==> a<νb> ⊢ P'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Sum1:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name
  and   P' :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   α :: freeRes

  shows P ==> a<νx> ⊢ P' ==> P ⊕ Q ==> a<νx> ⊢ P'
  and   P ==> α ⊢ P' ==> P ⊕ Q ==> α ⊢ P'
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma Sum2:
  fixes Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name
  and   Q' :: pi
  and   P :: pi
  and   α :: freeRes

  shows Q ==> a<νx> ⊢ Q' ==> P ⊕ Q ==> a<νx> ⊢ Q'
  and   Q ==> α ⊢ Q' ==> P ⊕ Q ==> α ⊢ Q'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Par1B:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name
  and   P' :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes PTrans: P ==> a<νx> ⊢ P'
  and   x ∉ Q

  shows P || Q ==> a<νx> ⊢ (P' || Q)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Par1F:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   α :: freeRes
  and   P' :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes PTrans: P ==> α ⊢ P'

  shows P || Q ==> α ⊢ (P' || Q)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Par2B:
  fixes Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name
  and   Q' :: pi
  and   P :: pi

  assumes QTrans: Q ==> a<νx> ⊢ Q'
  and   x ∉ P

  shows P || Q ==> a<νx> ⊢ (P || Q')
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma Par2F:
  fixes Q :: pi
  and   α :: freeRes
  and   Q' :: pi
  and   P :: pi

  assumes QTrans: Q ==>α < Q'

  shows P || Q ==>α < (P || Q')
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Comm1:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   P' :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   Q' :: pi

  assumes PTrans: P ==>a<b> < P'
  and   QTrans: Q ==>a[b] < Q'

  shows P || Q ==>τ < P' || Q'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Comm2:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   P' :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   Q' :: pi

  assumes PTrans: P ==>a[b] < P'
  and   QTrans: Q ==>a<b> < Q'

  shows P || Q ==>τ < P' || Q'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Close1:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name
  and   P' :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   Q' :: pi

  assumes PTrans: P ==>a<x> < P'
  and   QTrans: Q ==>a<νx> < Q'

```

**and**  $x \notin P$

**shows**  $P \parallel Q \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec <\nu x>(P' \parallel Q')$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Close2*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $Q' :: pi$

**assumes**  $PTrans: P \xrightarrow{a<\nu x>} \prec P'$   
**and**  $QTrans: Q \xrightarrow{a<x>} \prec Q'$   
**and**  $xFreshQ: x \notin Q$

**shows**  $P \parallel Q \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec <\nu x>(P' \parallel Q')$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *ResF*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $\alpha :: freeRes$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $x :: name$

**assumes**  $PTrans: P \xrightarrow{\alpha} \prec P'$   
**and**  $x \notin \alpha$

**shows**  $<\nu x>P \xrightarrow{\alpha} \prec <\nu x>P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *ResB*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $y :: name$

**assumes**  $PTrans: P \xrightarrow{a<\nu x>} \prec P'$   
**and**  $y \neq a$   
**and**  $y \neq x$

**shows**  $<\nu y>P \xrightarrow{a<\nu x>} \prec (<\nu y>P')$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Bang*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Rs :: residual$

```

shows  $P \parallel !P \Rightarrow a<\nu x> \prec P' \Rightarrow !P \Rightarrow a<\nu x> \prec P'$ 
and  $P \parallel !P \Rightarrow \alpha \prec P' \Rightarrow !P \Rightarrow \alpha \prec P'$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

**lemma** tauTransitionChain:

```

fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $P' :: pi$ 

```

```

assumes  $P \Rightarrow \tau \prec P'$ 

```

```

shows  $P \Rightarrow \tau P'$ 

```

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** chainTransitionAppend:

```

fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $P' :: pi$ 
and  $Rs :: residual$ 
and  $a :: name$ 
and  $x :: name$ 
and  $P'' :: pi$ 
and  $\alpha :: freeRes$ 

```

```

shows  $P \Rightarrow a<\nu x> \prec P'' \Rightarrow P'' \Rightarrow \tau P' \Rightarrow P \Rightarrow a<\nu x> \prec P'$ 

```

```

and  $P \Rightarrow \alpha \prec P'' \Rightarrow P'' \Rightarrow \tau P' \Rightarrow P \Rightarrow \alpha \prec P'$ 

```

```

and  $P \Rightarrow \tau P'' \Rightarrow P'' \Rightarrow a<\nu x> \prec P' \Rightarrow P \Rightarrow a<\nu x> \prec P'$ 

```

```

and  $P \Rightarrow \tau P'' \Rightarrow P'' \Rightarrow \alpha \prec P' \Rightarrow P \Rightarrow \alpha \prec P'$ 

```

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** freshBoundOutputTransition:

```

fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $a :: name$ 
and  $x :: name$ 
and  $P' :: pi$ 
and  $c :: name$ 

```

```

assumes  $PTrans: P \Rightarrow a<\nu x> \prec P'$ 

```

```

and  $c \notin P$ 

```

```

and  $c \neq x$ 

```

```

shows  $c \notin P'$ 

```

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** freshTauTransition:

```

fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $c :: name$ 

```

```

assumes  $PTrans: P \Rightarrow \tau \prec P'$ 

```

```

and       $c \notin P$ 

shows  $c \notin P'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma freshOutputTransition:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 
  and  $c :: name$ 

  assumes PTrans:  $P \Rightarrow a[b] \prec P'$ 
  and       $c \notin P$ 

  shows  $c \notin P'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma eqvtI[eqvt]:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 
  and  $p :: name\; prm$ 
  and  $\alpha :: freeRes$ 

  shows  $P \Rightarrow a<\nu x> \prec P' \Rightarrow (p \cdot P) \Rightarrow (p \cdot a)<\nu(p \cdot x)> \prec (p \cdot P')$ 
  and       $P \Rightarrow \alpha \prec P' \Rightarrow (p \cdot P) \Rightarrow (p \cdot \alpha) \prec (p \cdot P')$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma freshInputTransition:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 
  and  $c :: name$ 

  assumes PTrans:  $P \Rightarrow a[b] \prec P'$ 
  and       $c \notin P$ 
  and       $c \neq b$ 

  shows  $c \notin P'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemmas freshTransition = freshBoundOutputTransition freshOutputTransition  

freshInputTransition freshTauTransition

```

**end**

```

theory Weak-Early-Semantics
  imports Weak-Early-Step-Semantics
begin

definition weakFreeTransition ::  $pi \Rightarrow freeRes \Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow bool$  ( $- \Rightarrow^{\wedge} - \prec - [80, 80, 80] 80$ )
  where  $P \Rightarrow^{\wedge} \alpha \prec P' \equiv P \Rightarrow \alpha \prec P' \vee (\alpha = \tau \wedge P = P')$ 

lemma weakTransitionI:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $\alpha :: freeRes$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 

  shows  $P \Rightarrow \alpha \prec P' \Rightarrow P \Rightarrow^{\wedge} \alpha \prec P'$ 
  and  $P \Rightarrow^{\wedge} \tau \prec P$ 
  (proof)

lemma transitionCases[consumes 1, case-names Step Stay]:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $\alpha :: freeRes$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \Rightarrow^{\wedge} \alpha \prec P'$ 
  and  $P \Rightarrow \alpha \prec P' \Rightarrow F \alpha P'$ 
  and  $F(\tau) P$ 

  shows  $F \alpha P'$ 
  (proof)

lemma singleActionChain:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $\alpha :: freeRes$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'$ 

  shows  $P \Rightarrow^{\wedge} \alpha \prec P'$ 
  (proof)

lemma Tau:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 

  shows  $\tau.(P) \Rightarrow^{\wedge} \tau \prec P$ 
  (proof)

lemma Input:
  fixes  $a :: name$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $u :: name$ 

```

**and**  $P :: pi$

**shows**  $a < x >. P \Rightarrow^{\wedge} a < u > \prec P[x := u]$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Output*:

**fixes**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $b :: name$   
**and**  $P :: pi$

**shows**  $a\{b\}. P \Rightarrow^{\wedge} a[b] \prec P$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Par1F*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $\alpha :: freeRes$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \Rightarrow^{\wedge} \alpha \prec P'$

**shows**  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow^{\wedge} \alpha \prec (P' \parallel Q)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Par2F*:

**fixes**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $\alpha :: freeRes$   
**and**  $Q' :: pi$   
**and**  $P :: pi$

**assumes**  $Q Trans: Q \Rightarrow^{\wedge} \alpha \prec Q'$

**shows**  $P \parallel Q \Rightarrow^{\wedge} \alpha \prec (P \parallel Q')$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *ResF*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $\alpha :: freeRes$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$   
**and**  $x :: name$

**assumes**  $P \Rightarrow^{\wedge} \alpha \prec P'$   
**and**  $x \notin \alpha$

**shows**  $\langle \nu x > P \Rightarrow^{\wedge} \alpha \prec \langle \nu x > P'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Bang*:

```

fixes P :: pi
and   Rs :: residual

assumes P || !P ==> ^α < P'
and   P' ≠ P || !P

shows !P ==> ^α < P'
⟨proof⟩

lemma tauTransitionChain[simp]:
fixes P :: pi
and   P' :: pi

shows P ==> ^τ < P' = P ==>_τ P'
⟨proof⟩

lemma tauStepTransitionChain[simp]:
fixes P :: pi
and   P' :: pi

assumes P ≠ P'

shows P ==>_τ < P' = P ==>_τ P'
⟨proof⟩

lemma chainTransitionAppend:
fixes P :: pi
and   P' :: pi
and   Rs :: residual
and   a :: name
and   x :: name
and   P'' :: pi
and   α :: freeRes

shows P ==>_τ P'' ==> P'' ==> ^α < P' ==> P ==> ^α < P'
and   P ==> ^α < P'' ==> P'' ==>_τ P' ==> P ==> ^α < P'
⟨proof⟩

lemma freshTauTransition:
fixes P :: pi
and   c :: name

assumes P ==> ^τ < P'
and   c ∉ P

shows c ∉ P'
⟨proof⟩

lemma freshOutputTransition:

```

```

fixes P :: pi
and   a :: name
and   b :: name
and   P' :: pi
and   c :: name

assumes P ==> ` a[b] <- P'
and   c # P

shows c # P'
⟨proof⟩

lemma eqvtI:
fixes P :: pi
and   α :: freeRes
and   P' :: pi
and   p :: name prm

assumes P ==> ` α <- P'

shows (p · P) ==> ` (p · α) <- (p · P')
⟨proof⟩

lemma freshInputTransition:
fixes P :: pi
and   a :: name
and   b :: name
and   P' :: pi
and   c :: name

assumes P ==> ` a<b> <- P'
and   c # P
and   c ≠ b

shows c # P'
⟨proof⟩

lemmas freshTransition = freshBoundOutputTransition freshOutputTransition
          freshInputTransition freshTauTransition

end

theory Weak-Early-Sim
imports Weak-Early-Semantics Strong-Early-Sim-Pres
begin

definition weakSimulation :: pi ⇒ (pi × pi) set ⇒ pi ⇒ bool (- ~~<-> - [80, 80,
80] 80)
where P ~~<Rel> Q ≡ (forall a x. Q'. Q —> a<νx> <- Q' ∧ x # P —> (exists P'. P

```

$\Rightarrow a<\nu x> \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel) \wedge$   
 $(\forall \alpha \ Q'. Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \rightarrow (\exists P'. P \Rightarrow^{\hat{\alpha}} \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel))$

**lemma** *monotonic*:

**fixes**  $A :: (pi \times pi)$  set  
**and**  $B :: (pi \times pi)$  set  
**and**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \rightsquigarrow A P'$   
**and**  $A \subseteq B$

**shows**  $P \rightsquigarrow B P'$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *simCasesCont*[consumes 1, case-names Bound Free]:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $Rel :: (pi \times pi)$  set  
**and**  $C :: 'a::fs-name$

**assumes**  $Eqvt: eqvt Rel$   
**and**  $Bound: \bigwedge a \ x \ Q'. [Q \mapsto a<\nu x> \prec Q'; x \notin P; x \notin Q; x \neq a; x \notin C] \Rightarrow \exists P'. P \Rightarrow a<\nu x> \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$   
**and**  $Free: \bigwedge \alpha \ Q'. Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \Rightarrow \exists P'. P \Rightarrow^{\hat{\alpha}} \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$

**shows**  $P \rightsquigarrow Rel Q$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *simCases*[case-names Bound Free]:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $Rel :: (pi \times pi)$  set  
**and**  $C :: 'a::fs-name$

**assumes**  $\bigwedge Q' \ a \ x. [Q \mapsto a<\nu x> \prec Q'; x \notin P] \Rightarrow \exists P'. P \Rightarrow a<\nu x> \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$   
**and**  $\bigwedge Q' \ a. Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \Rightarrow \exists P'. P \Rightarrow^{\hat{\alpha}} \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$

**shows**  $P \rightsquigarrow Rel Q$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *simE*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Rel :: (pi \times pi)$  set  
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: name$   
**and**  $x :: name$

```

and    $Q' :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} Q$ 

shows  $Q \rightarrowtail_{\alpha} Q' \Rightarrow x \notin P \Rightarrow \exists P'. P \rightarrowtail_{\alpha} Q' \wedge (P', Q') \in \text{Rel}$ 
and    $Q \rightarrowtail_{\alpha} Q' \Rightarrow \exists P'. P \rightarrowtail_{\alpha} Q' \wedge (P', Q') \in \text{Rel}$ 
(proof)

lemma weakSimTauChain:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $\text{Rel} :: (pi \times pi) \text{ set}$ 
and    $\text{Rel}' :: (pi \times pi) \text{ set}$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $Q' :: pi$ 

assumes QChain:  $Q \Rightarrow_{\tau} Q'$ 
and    $\text{PRelQ}: (P, Q) \in \text{Rel}$ 
and    $\text{PSimQ}: \bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in \text{Rel} \Rightarrow R \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} S$ 

shows  $\exists P'. P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P' \wedge (P', Q') \in \text{Rel}$ 
(proof)

lemma simE2:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $\text{Rel} :: (pi \times pi) \text{ set}$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $a :: \text{name}$ 
and    $x :: \text{name}$ 
and    $Q' :: pi$ 

assumes Sim:  $\bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in \text{Rel} \Rightarrow R \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} S$ 
and    $\text{Eqvt}: \text{eqvt Rel}$ 
and    $\text{PRelQ}: (P, Q) \in \text{Rel}$ 

shows  $Q \rightarrowtail_{\alpha} Q' \Rightarrow x \notin P \Rightarrow \exists P'. P \rightarrowtail_{\alpha} Q' \wedge (P', Q') \in \text{Rel}$ 
and    $Q \rightarrowtail_{\alpha} Q' \Rightarrow \exists P'. P \rightarrowtail_{\alpha} Q' \wedge (P', Q') \in \text{Rel}$ 
(proof)

lemma eqvtI:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 
and    $\text{Rel} :: (pi \times pi) \text{ set}$ 
and    $\text{perm} :: \text{name prm}$ 

assumes PSimQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} Q$ 
and    $\text{RelRel}' : \text{Rel} \subseteq \text{Rel}'$ 
and    $\text{EqvtRel}' : \text{eqvt Rel}'$ 

```

**shows**  $(perm \cdot P) \rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel' \rangle} (perm \cdot Q)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *reflexive*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**assumes**  $Id \subseteq Rel$

**shows**  $P \rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel \rangle} P$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *transitive*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $R :: pi$   
**and**  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**and**  $Rel' :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**and**  $Rel'' :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**assumes**  $QSimR: Q \rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel' \rangle} R$   
**and**  $Eqvt: eqvt Rel$   
**and**  $Eqvt'': eqvt Rel''$   
**and**  $Trans: Rel O Rel' \subseteq Rel''$   
**and**  $Sim: \bigwedge S T. (S, T) \in Rel \implies S \rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel \rangle} T$   
**and**  $PRelQ: (P, Q) \in Rel$   
**shows**  $P \rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel'' \rangle} R$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *strongAppend*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $R :: pi$   
**and**  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**and**  $Rel' :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**and**  $Rel'' :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**assumes**  $PSimQ: P \rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel \rangle} Q$   
**and**  $QSimR: Q \rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel' \rangle} R$   
**and**  $Eqvt'': eqvt Rel''$   
**and**  $Trans: Rel O Rel' \subseteq Rel''$   
**shows**  $P \rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel'' \rangle} R$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma strongSimWeakSim:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  assumes PSimQ: P ~>[Rel] Q
  shows P ~<Rel> Q
  ⟨proof⟩
end

theory Weak-Early-Bisim
  imports Weak-Early-Sim Strong-Early-Bisim
begin

lemma monoAux: A ⊆ B ==> P ~<A> Q —> P ~<B> Q
  ⟨proof⟩

coinductive-set weakBisim :: (pi × pi) set
where
  step: [P ~<weakBisim> Q; (Q, P) ∈ weakBisim] ==> (P, Q) ∈ weakBisim
monos monoAux

abbreviation weakEarlyBisimJudge (infixr ≈ 65) where P ≈ Q ≡ (P, Q) ∈ weakBisim

lemma weakBisimCoinductAux[case-names weakBisim, case-conclusion weakBisim
  step, consumes 1]:
  assumes p: (P, Q) ∈ X
  and step: ⋀P Q. (P, Q) ∈ X ==> P ~<(X ∪ weakBisim)> Q ∧ (Q, P) ∈ X
    ∪ weakBisim

  shows P ≈ Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma weakBisimWeakCoinductAux[case-names weakBisim, case-conclusion weak-
  Bisim step, consumes 1]:
  assumes p: (P, Q) ∈ X
  and step: ⋀P Q. (P, Q) ∈ X ==> P ~<X> Q ∧ (Q, P) ∈ X

  shows P ≈ Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma weakBisimCoinduct[consumes 1, case-names cSim cSym]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and X :: (pi × pi) set

```

```

assumes ( $P, Q \in X$ )
and       $\bigwedge R. S. (R, S) \in X \implies R \rightsquigarrow_{(X \cup \text{weakBisim})} S$ 
and       $\bigwedge R. S. (R, S) \in X \implies (S, R) \in X$ 

```

```

shows  $P \approx Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```
lemma weakBisimWeakCoinduct[consumes 1, case-names cSim cSym]:
```

```

fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and       $Q :: pi$ 
and       $X :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

```

```

assumes ( $P, Q \in X$ )
and       $\bigwedge P. Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies P \rightsquigarrow_X Q$ 
and       $\bigwedge P. Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies (Q, P) \in X$ 

```

```

shows  $P \approx Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```
lemma weakBisimE:
```

```

fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and       $Q :: pi$ 

```

```

assumes  $P \approx Q$ 

```

```

shows  $P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{weakBisim}} Q$ 
and       $Q \approx P$ 

```

```
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma weakBisimI:
```

```

fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and       $Q :: pi$ 

```

```

assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{weakBisim}} Q$ 
and       $Q \approx P$ 

```

```

shows  $P \approx Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```
lemma eqvt[simp]:
```

```

shows eqvt weakBisim
⟨proof⟩

```

```
lemma eqvtI[eqvt]:
```

```

fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and       $Q :: pi$ 
and       $perm :: name prm$ 

```

```

assumes  $P \approx Q$ 

```

**shows**  $(perm \cdot P) \approx (perm \cdot Q)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *strongBisimWeakBisim*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
  **and**    $Q :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \sim Q$

**shows**  $P \approx Q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *reflexive*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$

**shows**  $P \approx P$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *symetric*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
  **and**    $Q :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \approx Q$

**shows**  $Q \approx P$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *transitive*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
  **and**    $Q :: pi$   
  **and**    $R :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \approx Q$   
  **and**    $Q \approx R$

**shows**  $P \approx R$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *weakBisimWeakUpto*[case-names *cSim cSym*, consumes 1]:

**assumes**  $p: (P, Q) \in X$   
  **and**   *Eqvt*: *eqvt X*  
  **and**   *rSim*:  $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies P \rightsquigarrow_{(weakBisim O X O bisim)} Q$   
  **and**   *rSym*:  $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies (Q, P) \in X$

**shows**  $P \approx Q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *weakBisimUpto*[case-names *cSim cSym*, consumes 1]:

**assumes**  $p: (P, Q) \in X$   
**and**  $\text{Eqvt}: \text{eqvt } X$   
**and**  $rSim: \bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in X \implies R \rightsquigarrow_{\langle \text{weakBisim } O (X \cup \text{weakBisim}) O \text{ bisim} \rangle} S$   
**and**  $rSym: \bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in X \implies (S, R) \in X$

**shows**  $P \approx Q$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *transitive-coinduct-weak*[case-names  $cSim$   $cSym$ , consumes 2]:  
**assumes**  $p: (P, Q) \in X$   
**and**  $\text{Eqvt}: \text{eqvt } X$   
**and**  $rSim: \bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies P \rightsquigarrow_{\langle \text{bisim } O X O \text{ bisim} \rangle} Q$   
**and**  $rSym: \bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies (Q, P) \in \text{bisim } O X O \text{ bisim}$

**shows**  $P \approx Q$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**end**

**theory** *Weak-Early-Step-Sim*  
**imports** *Weak-Early-Sim* *Strong-Early-Sim*  
**begin**

**definition** *weakStepSimulation* ::  $pi \Rightarrow (pi \times pi)$  set  $\Rightarrow pi \Rightarrow \text{bool} (- \rightsquigarrow \langle - \rangle - [80, 80, 80] 80)$  **where**  
 $P \rightsquigarrow \langle \text{Rel} \rangle Q \equiv (\forall Q' a x. Q \xrightarrow{a<\nu x>} \prec Q' \longrightarrow x \sharp P \longrightarrow (\exists P'. P \implies a<\nu x> \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in \text{Rel})) \wedge$   
 $(\forall Q' \alpha. Q \xrightarrow{\alpha} \prec Q' \longrightarrow (\exists P'. P \implies \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in \text{Rel}))$

**lemma** *monotonic*:

**fixes**  $A :: (pi \times pi)$  set  
**and**  $B :: (pi \times pi)$  set  
**and**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $P' :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \rightsquigarrow \langle A \rangle P'$   
**and**  $A \subseteq B$

**shows**  $P \rightsquigarrow \langle B \rangle P'$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *simCasesCont*[consumes 1, case-names *Bound* *Free*]:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $\text{Rel} :: (pi \times pi)$  set  
**and**  $C :: 'a::fs-name$

```

assumes Eqvt: eqvt Rel
and Bound:  $\bigwedge a\ x\ Q'. \llbracket x \notin C; Q \mapsto a<\nu x> \prec Q \rrbracket \implies \exists P'. P \implies a<\nu x> \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$ 
and Free:  $\bigwedge \alpha\ Q'. Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \implies \exists P'. P \implies \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$ 

shows  $P \rightsquigarrow \langle Rel \rangle Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma simCases[consumes 0, case-names Bound Free]:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Q :: pi$ 
and Rel ::  $(pi \times pi)$  set
and C :: 'a::fs-name

assumes  $\bigwedge a\ x\ Q'. \llbracket Q \mapsto a<\nu x> \prec Q'; x \notin P \rrbracket \implies \exists P'. P \implies a<\nu x> \prec P'$ 
 $\wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$ 
and  $\bigwedge \alpha\ Q'. Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \implies \exists P'. P \implies \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$ 

shows  $P \rightsquigarrow \langle Rel \rangle Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma simE:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and Rel ::  $(pi \times pi)$  set
and  $Q :: pi$ 
and a :: name
and x :: name
and  $Q' :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow \langle Rel \rangle Q$ 

shows  $Q \mapsto a<\nu x> \prec Q' \implies x \notin P \implies \exists P'. P \implies a<\nu x> \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$ 
and  $Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \implies \exists P'. P \implies \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma simE2:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and Rel ::  $(pi \times pi)$  set
and  $Q :: pi$ 
and a :: name
and x :: name
and  $Q' :: pi$ 

assumes PSimQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow \langle Rel \rangle Q$ 
and Sim:  $\bigwedge R\ S. (R, S) \in Rel \implies R \rightsquigarrow \langle Rel \rangle S$ 
and Eqvt: eqvt Rel
and PRelQ:  $(P, Q) \in Rel$ 

```

**shows**  $Q \Rightarrow a<\nu x> \prec Q' \Rightarrow x \sharp P \Rightarrow \exists P'. P \Rightarrow a<\nu x> \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$   
**and**  $Q \Rightarrow \alpha \prec Q' \Rightarrow \exists P'. P \Rightarrow \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *eqvtI*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**and**  $perm :: name prm$   
**assumes**  $PSimQ: P \rightsquigarrow \langle\langle Rel \rangle\rangle Q$   
**and**  $RelRel': Rel \subseteq Rel'$   
**and**  $EqvtRel': eqvt Rel'$   
**shows**  $(perm \cdot P) \rightsquigarrow \langle\langle Rel' \rangle\rangle (perm \cdot Q)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *reflexive*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**assumes**  $Id \subseteq Rel$

**shows**  $P \rightsquigarrow \langle\langle Rel \rangle\rangle P$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *transitive*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $R :: pi$   
**and**  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**and**  $Rel' :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**and**  $Rel'' :: (pi \times pi) set$   
**assumes**  $PSimQ: P \rightsquigarrow \langle\langle Rel \rangle\rangle Q$   
**and**  $QSimR: Q \rightsquigarrow \langle\langle Rel' \rangle\rangle R$   
**and**  $Eqvt: eqvt Rel$   
**and**  $Eqvt'': eqvt Rel''$   
**and**  $Trans: Rel O Rel' \subseteq Rel''$   
**and**  $Sim: \bigwedge S T. (S, T) \in Rel \implies S \rightsquigarrow \langle\langle Rel \rangle\rangle T$   
**and**  $PRelQ: (P, Q) \in Rel$   
**shows**  $P \rightsquigarrow \langle\langle Rel'' \rangle\rangle R$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma strongSimWeakSim:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes PSimQ: P ~>[Rel] Q

  shows P ~>«Rel» Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma weakSimWeakEqSim:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes P ~>«Rel» Q

  shows P ~><Rel> Q
  ⟨proof⟩

end

theory Weak-Early-Cong
  imports Weak-Early-Bisim Weak-Early-Step-Sim Strong-Early-Bisim
  begin

    definition weakCongruence :: pi ⇒ pi ⇒ bool (infixr ≈ 65)
    where P ≈ Q ≡ P ~>«weakBisim» Q ∧ Q ~>«weakBisim» P

    lemma weakCongISym[consumes 1, case-names cSym cSim]:
      fixes P :: pi
      and Q :: pi

      assumes Prop P Q
      and ⋀R S. Prop R S ⇒ Prop S R
      and ⋀R S. Prop R S ⇒ (F R) ~>«weakBisim» (F S)

      shows F P ≈ F Q
      ⟨proof⟩

    lemma weakCongISym2[consumes 1, case-names cSim]:
      fixes P :: pi
      and Q :: pi

      assumes P ≈ Q
      and ⋀R S. R ≈ S ⇒ (F R) ~>«weakBisim» (F S)

      shows F P ≈ F Q
      ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma weakCongEE:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   s :: (name × name) list

  assumes P ≈ Q

  shows P ~«weakBisim» Q
  and   Q ~«weakBisim» P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma weakCongI:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes P ~«weakBisim» Q
  and   Q ~«weakBisim» P

  shows P ≈ Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma eqvtI[eqvt]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   p :: name prm

  assumes P ≈ Q

  shows (p · P) ≈ (p · Q)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma strongBisimWeakCong:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes P ~ Q

  shows P ≈ Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma congruenceWeakBisim:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes P ≈ Q

  shows P ≈ Q
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma reflexive:
  fixes P :: pi

  shows P  $\simeq$  P
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma symmetric:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes P  $\simeq$  Q

  shows Q  $\simeq$  P
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma transitive:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   R :: pi

  assumes P  $\simeq$  Q
  and   Q  $\simeq$  R

  shows P  $\simeq$  R
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

end

theory Weak-Early-Bisim-Subst
  imports Weak-Early-Bisim Strong-Early-Bisim-Subst
  begin

    consts weakBisimSubst :: (pi  $\times$  pi) set
    abbreviation weakEarlyBisimSubstJudge (infixr  $\approx^s$  65) where P  $\approx^s$  Q  $\equiv$  (P, Q)  $\in$  (substClosed weakBisim)

    lemma congBisim:
      fixes P :: pi
      and   Q :: pi

      assumes P  $\approx^s$  Q

      shows P  $\approx$  Q
       $\langle proof \rangle$ 

    lemma strongBisimWeakBisim:
      fixes P :: pi
      and   Q :: pi

```

```

assumes  $P \sim^s Q$ 

shows  $P \approx^s Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma eqvt:
shows eqvt (substClosed weakBisim)
⟨proof⟩

lemma eqvtI[eqvt]:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Q :: pi$ 
and  $perm :: name prm$ 

assumes  $P \approx^s Q$ 

shows  $(perm \cdot P) \approx^s (perm \cdot Q)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma reflexive:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 

shows  $P \approx^s P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma symetric:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Q :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \approx^s Q$ 

shows  $Q \approx^s P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma transitive:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Q :: pi$ 
and  $R :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \approx^s Q$ 
and  $Q \approx^s R$ 

shows  $P \approx^s R$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma partUnfold:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Q :: pi$ 

```

```

and    $s :: (name \times name) list$ 

assumes  $P \approx^s Q$ 

shows  $P[<s>] \approx^s Q[<s>]$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

end

theory Weak-Early-Cong-Subst
  imports Weak-Early-Cong Weak-Early-Bisim-Subst Strong-Early-Bisim-Subst
begin

consts congruenceSubst ::  $(pi \times pi) set$ 

definition weakCongruenceSubst (infixr  $\simeq^s 65$ ) where  $P \simeq^s Q \equiv \forall \sigma. P[<\sigma>]$ 
 $\simeq Q[<\sigma>]$ 

lemma unfoldE:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $Q :: pi$ 
  and    $s :: (name \times name) list$ 

  assumes  $P \simeq^s Q$ 

  shows  $P[<s>] \rightsquigarrow \langle\langle weakBisim \rangle\rangle Q[<s>]$ 
  and    $Q[<s>] \rightsquigarrow \langle\langle weakBisim \rangle\rangle P[<s>]$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma unfoldI:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $Q :: pi$ 

  assumes  $\bigwedge s. P[<s>] \rightsquigarrow \langle\langle weakBisim \rangle\rangle Q[<s>]$ 
  and    $\bigwedge s. Q[<s>] \rightsquigarrow \langle\langle weakBisim \rangle\rangle P[<s>]$ 

  shows  $P \simeq^s Q$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma weakCongWeakEq:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $Q :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \simeq^s Q$ 

  shows  $P \simeq Q$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma eqvtI:

```

```

fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi
and   p :: name prm

assumes P  $\simeq^s$  Q

shows (p + P)  $\simeq^s$  (p + Q)
⟨proof⟩

lemma strongEqWeakCong:
fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi

assumes P  $\sim^s$  Q

shows P  $\simeq^s$  Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma congSubstBisimSubst:
fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi

assumes P  $\simeq^s$  Q

shows P  $\approx^s$  Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma reflexive:
fixes P :: pi

shows P  $\simeq^s$  P
⟨proof⟩

lemma symmetric:
fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi

assumes P  $\simeq^s$  Q

shows Q  $\simeq^s$  P
⟨proof⟩

lemma transitive:
fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi
and   R :: pi

assumes P  $\simeq^s$  Q
and   Q  $\simeq^s$  R

```

```

shows  $P \simeq^s R$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma partUnfold:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $s :: (name \times name) list$ 

  assumes  $P \simeq^s Q$ 

  shows  $P[<s>] \simeq^s Q[<s>]$ 
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Weak-Early-Step-Sim-Pres
  imports Weak-Early-Step-Sim
begin

lemma tauPres:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 
  and  $Rel' :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

  assumes  $PRelQ: (P, Q) \in Rel$ 

  shows  $\tau.(P) \rightsquigarrow \langle\langle Rel \rangle\rangle \tau.(Q)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma inputPres:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$ 

  assumes  $PRelQ: \forall y. (P[x:=y], Q[x:=y]) \in Rel$ 
  and  $Eqvt: eqvt Rel$ 

  shows  $a <x>.P \rightsquigarrow \langle\langle Rel \rangle\rangle a <x>.Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma outputPres:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $a :: name$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 

```

```

and   Rel :: ( $pi \times pi$ ) set
and   Rel' :: ( $pi \times pi$ ) set

assumes PRelQ: ( $P, Q$ ) ∈ Rel

shows  $a\{b\}.P \rightsquigarrow \langle Rel \rangle a\{b\}.Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma matchPres:
  fixes P ::  $pi$ 
  and   Q ::  $pi$ 
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   Rel :: ( $pi \times pi$ ) set
  and   Rel' :: ( $pi \times pi$ ) set

assumes PSimQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow \langle Rel \rangle Q$ 
and     RelRel': Rel ⊆ Rel'

shows  $[a \sim b]P \rightsquigarrow \langle Rel' \rangle [a \sim b]Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma mismatchPres:
  fixes P ::  $pi$ 
  and   Q ::  $pi$ 
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   Rel :: ( $pi \times pi$ ) set
  and   Rel' :: ( $pi \times pi$ ) set

assumes PSimQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow \langle Rel \rangle Q$ 
and     RelRel': Rel ⊆ Rel'

shows  $[a \neq b]P \rightsquigarrow \langle Rel' \rangle [a \neq b]Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma sumPres:
  fixes P ::  $pi$ 
  and   Q ::  $pi$ 
  and   R ::  $pi$ 

assumes PSimQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow \langle Rel \rangle Q$ 
and     RelRel': Rel ⊆ Rel'
and     C: Id ⊆ Rel'

shows  $P \oplus R \rightsquigarrow \langle Rel' \rangle Q \oplus R$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma parPres:

```

```

fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and R :: pi
and T :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
and Rel' :: (pi × pi) set
and Rel'' :: (pi × pi) set

assumes PSimQ: P ~>«Rel» Q
and PRelQ: (P, Q) ∈ Rel
and Par: ⋀S T U. (S, T) ∈ Rel ==> (S || U, T || U) ∈ Rel'
and Res: ⋀S T x. (S, T) ∈ Rel' ==> (<νx>S, <νx>T) ∈ Rel'

shows P || R ~>«Rel'» Q || R
⟨proof⟩

lemma resPres:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
and x :: name
and Rel' :: (pi × pi) set

assumes PSimQ: P ~>«Rel» Q
and C1: ⋀R S x. (R, S) ∈ Rel ==> (<νx>R, <νx>S) ∈ Rel'
and RelRel': Rel ⊆ Rel'
and EqvtRel: eqvt Rel
and EqvtRel': eqvt Rel'

shows <νx>P ~>«Rel'» <νx>Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma resChainI:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
and lst :: name list

assumes EqvtRel: eqvt Rel
and Res: ⋀R S x. (R, S) ∈ Rel ==> (<νx>R, <νx>S) ∈ Rel
and PRelQ: P ~>«Rel» Q

shows (resChainI lst) P ~>«Rel» (resChainI lst) Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma bangPres:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

```

```

assumes PRelQ:  $(P, Q) \in Rel$ 
and     Sim:  $\bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in Rel \implies R \rightsquigarrow \langle\langle Rel' \rangle\rangle S$ 
and     C1:  $Rel \subseteq Rel'$ 
and     eqvtRel:  $eqvt Rel'$ 

shows !P  $\rightsquigarrow \langle\langle bangRel Rel' \rangle\rangle !Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Weak-Early-Sim-Pres
  imports Weak-Early-Sim
begin

lemma tauPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   Rel ::  $(pi \times pi)$  set
  and   Rel' ::  $(pi \times pi)$  set

assumes PRelQ:  $(P, Q) \in Rel$ 

shows  $\tau.(P) \rightsquigarrow \langle\langle Rel \rangle\rangle \tau.(Q)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma inputPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   x :: name
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   Rel ::  $(pi \times pi)$  set

assumes PRelQ:  $\forall y. (P[x:=y], Q[x:=y]) \in Rel$ 
and     Eqvt:  $eqvt Rel$ 

shows  $a\langle x \rangle.P \rightsquigarrow \langle\langle Rel \rangle\rangle a\langle x \rangle.Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma outputPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   Rel ::  $(pi \times pi)$  set

assumes PRelQ:  $(P, Q) \in Rel$ 

shows  $a\{b\}.P \rightsquigarrow \langle\langle Rel \rangle\rangle a\{b\}.Q$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma matchPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and a :: name
  and b :: name
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  and Rel' :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes PSimQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} Q$ 
  and RelRel':  $\text{Rel} \subseteq \text{Rel}'$ 
  and RelStay:  $\bigwedge R S c. (R, S) \in \text{Rel} \implies ([c \sim c]R, S) \in \text{Rel}$ 

  shows [a ∼ b]P  $\rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}'} [a \sim b]Q$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma mismatchPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and a :: name
  and b :: name
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  and Rel' :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes PSimQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} Q$ 
  and RelRel':  $\text{Rel} \subseteq \text{Rel}'$ 
  and RelStay:  $\bigwedge R S c d. [(R, S) \in \text{Rel}; c \neq d] \implies ([c \neq d]R, S) \in \text{Rel}$ 

  shows [a ≠ b]P  $\rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}'} [a \neq b]Q$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma parCompose:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and R :: pi
  and S :: pi
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
  and Rel' :: (pi × pi) set
  and Rel'' :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes PSimQ:  $P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} Q$ 
  and RSimT:  $R \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}'} S$ 
  and PRelQ:  $(P, Q) \in \text{Rel}$ 
  and RRel'T:  $(R, S) \in \text{Rel}'$ 
  and Par:  $\bigwedge P' Q' R' S'. [(P', Q') \in \text{Rel}; (R', S') \in \text{Rel}'] \implies (P' \parallel R', Q' \parallel S') \in \text{Rel}''$ 
  and Res:  $\bigwedge T U x. (T, U) \in \text{Rel}'' \implies (<\nu x>T, <\nu x>U) \in \text{Rel}''$ 

```

**shows**  $P \parallel R \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}''} Q \parallel S$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *parPres*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $R :: pi$   
**and**  $a :: \text{name}$   
**and**  $\text{Rel} :: (\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$   
**and**  $\text{Rel}' :: (\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$

**assumes**  $\text{PSimQ}: P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} Q$   
**and**  $\text{PRelQ}: (P, Q) \in \text{Rel}$   
**and**  $\text{Par}: \bigwedge S T U. (S, T) \in \text{Rel} \implies (S \parallel U, T \parallel U) \in \text{Rel}'$   
**and**  $\text{Res}: \bigwedge S T x. (S, T) \in \text{Rel}' \implies (\langle \nu x \rangle S, \langle \nu x \rangle T) \in \text{Rel}'$

**shows**  $P \parallel R \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}'} Q \parallel R$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *resPres*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $\text{Rel} :: (\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$   
**and**  $x :: \text{name}$   
**and**  $\text{Rel}' :: (\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$

**assumes**  $\text{PSimQ}: P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} Q$   
**and**  $\text{ResRel}: \bigwedge R S y. (R, S) \in \text{Rel} \implies (\langle \nu y \rangle R, \langle \nu y \rangle S) \in \text{Rel}'$   
**and**  $\text{RelRel}': \text{Rel} \subseteq \text{Rel}'$   
**and**  $\text{EqvtRel}: \text{eqvt Rel}$   
**and**  $\text{EqvtRel}': \text{eqvt Rel}'$

**shows**  $\langle \nu x \rangle P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}'} \langle \nu x \rangle Q$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *resChainI*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $\text{Rel} :: (\text{pi} \times \text{pi}) \text{ set}$   
**and**  $\text{lst} :: \text{name list}$

**assumes**  $\text{eqvtRel}: \text{eqvt Rel}$   
**and**  $\text{Res}: \bigwedge R S y. (R, S) \in \text{Rel} \implies (\langle \nu y \rangle R, \langle \nu y \rangle S) \in \text{Rel}$   
**and**  $\text{PRelQ}: P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} Q$

**shows**  $(\text{resChain lst}) P \rightsquigarrow_{\text{Rel}} (\text{resChain lst}) Q$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *bangPres*:

```

fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

assumes PRelQ: (P, Q) ∈ Rel
and Sim: ⋀R S. (R, S) ∈ Rel ⇒ R ~> Rel > S

and ParComp: ⋀R S T U. [(R, S) ∈ Rel; (T, U) ∈ Rel] ⇒ (R || T, S
|| U) ∈ Rel'
and Res: ⋀R S x. (R, S) ∈ Rel' ⇒ (<νx>R, <νx>S) ∈ Rel'

and RelStay: ⋀R S. (R || !R, S) ∈ Rel' ⇒ (!R, S) ∈ Rel'
and BangRelRel': (bangRel Rel) ⊆ Rel'
and eqvtRel': eqvt Rel'

shows !P ~> Rel' > !Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma bangRelSim:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and Rel :: (pi × pi) set
and Rel'l :: (pi × pi) set

assumes PBangRelQ: (P, Q) ∈ bangRel Rel
and Sim: ⋀R S. (R, S) ∈ Rel ⇒ R ~> Rel > S

and ParComp: ⋀R S T U. [(R, S) ∈ Rel; (T, U) ∈ Rel] ⇒ (R || T, S
|| U) ∈ Rel'
and Res: ⋀R S x. (R, S) ∈ Rel' ⇒ (<νx>R, <νx>S) ∈ Rel'

and RelStay: ⋀R S. (R || !R, S) ∈ Rel' ⇒ (!R, S) ∈ Rel'
and BangRelRel': (bangRel Rel) ⊆ Rel'
and eqvtRel': eqvt Rel'
and Eqvt: eqvt Rel

shows P ~> Rel' > Q
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Strong-Early-Late-Comp
imports Strong-Late-Bisim-Subst-SC Strong-Early-Bisim-Subst
begin

abbreviation TransitionsLate-judge (- →l - [80, 80] 80) where P →l Rs ≡
transitions P Rs
abbreviation TransitionsEarly-judge (- →e - [80, 80] 80) where P →e Rs ≡
TransitionsEarly P Rs

```

```

abbreviation Transitions-InputjudgeLate (-<->  $\prec_l$  - [80, 80] 80) where  $a < x >$   

 $\prec_l P' \equiv (\text{Late-Semantics.BoundR} (\text{Late-Semantics.InputS } a) x P')$   

abbreviation Transitions-OutputjudgeLate (-[-]  $\prec_l$  - [80, 80] 80) where  $a[b] \prec_l$   

 $P' \equiv (\text{Late-Semantics.FreeR} (\text{Late-Semantics.OutputR } a b) P')$   

abbreviation Transitions-BoundOutputjudgeLate (-< $\nu$ ->  $\prec_l$  - [80, 80] 80) where  

 $a < \nu x > \prec_l P' \equiv (\text{Late-Semantics.BoundR} (\text{Late-Semantics.BoundOutputS } a) x P')$   

abbreviation Transitions-TaujudgeLate ( $\tau \prec_l$  - 80) where  $\tau \prec_l P' \equiv (\text{Late-Semantics.FreeR}$   

 $\text{Late-Semantics.TauR } P')$   

  

abbreviation Transitions-InputjudgeEarly (-<->  $\prec_e$  - [80, 80] 80) where  $a < x >$   

 $\prec_e P' \equiv (\text{Early-Semantics.FreeR} (\text{Early-Semantics.InputR } a x) P')$   

abbreviation Transitions-OutputjudgeEarly (-[-]  $\prec_e$  - [80, 80] 80) where  $a[b] \prec_e$   

 $P' \equiv (\text{Early-Semantics.FreeR} (\text{Early-Semantics.OutputR } a b) P')$   

abbreviation Transitions-BoundOutputjudgeEarly (-< $\nu$ ->  $\prec_e$  - [80, 80] 80) where  

 $a < \nu x > \prec_e P' \equiv (\text{Early-Semantics.BoundOutputR } a x P')$   

abbreviation Transitions-TaujudgeEarly ( $\tau \prec_e$  - 80) where  $\tau \prec_e P' \equiv (\text{Early-Semantics.FreeR}$   

 $\text{Early-Semantics.TauR } P')$   

  

lemma earlyLateOutput:  

  fixes  $P :: pi$   

  and  $a :: name$   

  and  $b :: name$   

  and  $P' :: pi$   

  

assumes  $P \longmapsto_e a[b] \prec_e P'$   

  

shows  $P \longmapsto_l a[b] \prec_l P'$   

(proof)  

  

lemma lateEarlyOutput:  

  fixes  $P :: pi$   

  and  $a :: name$   

  and  $b :: name$   

  and  $P' :: pi$   

  

assumes  $P \longmapsto_l a[b] \prec_l P'$   

  

shows  $P \longmapsto_e a[b] \prec_e P'$   

(proof)  

  

lemma outputEq:  

  fixes  $P :: pi$   

  and  $a :: name$   

  and  $b :: name$   

  and  $P' :: pi$   

  

shows  $P \longmapsto_e a[b] \prec_e P' = P \longmapsto_l a[b] \prec_l P'$   

(proof)

```

```

lemma lateEarlyBoundOutput:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes P  $\rightarrow_l a < \nu x >$   $\prec_l P'$ 

  shows P  $\rightarrow_e a < \nu x >$   $\prec_e P'$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma earlyLateBoundOutput:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes P  $\rightarrow_e a < \nu x >$   $\prec_e P'$ 

  shows P  $\rightarrow_l a < \nu x >$   $\prec_l P'$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma BoundOutputEq:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name
  and   P' :: pi

  shows P  $\rightarrow_e a < \nu x >$   $\prec_e P' = P \rightarrow_l a < \nu x >$   $\prec_l P'$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma lateEarlyInput:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name
  and   P' :: pi
  and   u :: name

  assumes PTrans: P  $\rightarrow_l a < x >$   $\prec_l P'$ 

  shows P  $\rightarrow_e a < u >$   $\prec_e (P'[x ::= u])$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma earlyLateInput:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name
  and   P' :: pi

```

```

and    $u :: \text{name}$ 
and    $C :: 'a::fs\text{-name}$ 

assumes  $P \xrightarrow{e} a < u > \prec_e P'$ 
and    $x \notin P$ 

shows  $\exists P''. P \xrightarrow{l} a < x > \prec_l P'' \wedge P' = P''[x := u]$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma lateEarlyTau:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $P' :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \xrightarrow{l} \tau \prec_l P'$ 

shows  $P \xrightarrow{e} \tau \prec_e P'$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma earlyLateTau:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $P' :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \xrightarrow{e} \tau \prec_e P'$ 

shows  $P \xrightarrow{l} \tau \prec_l P'$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma tauEq:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $P' :: pi$ 

shows  $P \xrightarrow{e} (\text{Early-Semantics.FreeR Early-Semantics.TauR } P') = P \xrightarrow{\tau} \prec_l P'$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

**abbreviation** *simLate-judge* ( $- \rightsquigarrow_l [-] - [80, 80, 80] 80$ ) **where**  $P \rightsquigarrow_l [Rel] Q \equiv$   
*Strong-Late-Sim.simulation*  $P Rel Q$   
**abbreviation** *simEarly-judge* ( $- \rightsquigarrow_e [-] - [80, 80, 80] 80$ ) **where**  $P \rightsquigarrow_e [Rel] Q \equiv$   
*Strong-Early-Sim.strongSimEarly*  $P Rel Q$

```

lemma lateEarlySim:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $Q :: pi$ 
  and    $Rel :: (pi \times pi) \text{ set}$ 

assumes  $PSimQ: P \rightsquigarrow_l [Rel] Q$ 

```

**shows**  $P \rightsquigarrow_e [Rel] Q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**abbreviation**  $bisimLate-judge (- \sim_l - [80, 80] 80)$  **where**  $P \sim_l Q \equiv (P, Q) \in Strong-Late-Bisim.bisim$   
**abbreviation**  $bisimEarly-judge (- \sim_e - [80, 80] 80)$  **where**  $P \sim_e Q \equiv (P, Q) \in Strong-Early-Bisim.bisim$

**lemma**  $lateEarlyBisim:$

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \sim_l Q$

**shows**  $P \sim_e Q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**abbreviation**  $congLate-judge (- \sim^{s_l} - [80, 80] 80)$  **where**  $P \sim^{s_l} Q \equiv (P, Q) \in (substClosed Strong-Late-Bisim.bisim)$   
**abbreviation**  $congEarly-judge (- \sim^{s_e} - [80, 80] 80)$  **where**  $P \sim^{s_e} Q \equiv (P, Q) \in (substClosed Strong-Early-Bisim.bisim)$

**lemma**  $lateEarlyCong:$

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \sim^{s_l} Q$

**shows**  $P \sim^{s_e} Q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $earlyCongStructCong:$

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \equiv_s Q$

**shows**  $P \sim^{s_e} Q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $earlyBisimStructCong:$

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$

```

assumes  $P \equiv_s Q$ 
shows  $P \sim_e Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Strong-Early-Bisim-SC
imports Strong-Early-Bisim Strong-Late-Bisim-SC Strong-Early-Late-Comp
begin

lemma resComm:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 

shows  $\langle \nu a \rangle \langle \nu b \rangle P \sim_e \langle \nu b \rangle \langle \nu a \rangle P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma matchId:
fixes  $a :: name$ 
and  $P :: pi$ 

shows  $[a \sim a] P \sim_e P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma mismatchId:
fixes  $a :: name$ 
and  $b :: name$ 
and  $P :: pi$ 

assumes  $a \neq b$ 

shows  $[a \neq b] P \sim_e P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma mismatchNil:
fixes  $a :: name$ 
and  $P :: pi$ 

shows  $[a \neq a] P \sim_e 0$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma sumSym:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  shows P ⊕ Q ~e Q ⊕ P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sumAssoc:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   R :: pi

  shows (P ⊕ Q) ⊕ R ~e P ⊕ (Q ⊕ R)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sumZero:
  fixes P :: pi

  shows P ⊕ 0 ~e P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma parZero:
  fixes P :: pi

  shows P || 0 ~e P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma parSym:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  shows P || Q ~e Q || P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma scopeExtPar:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   x :: name

  assumes x ∉ P

  shows <νx>(P || Q) ~e P || <νx>Q
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma scopeExtPar':
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   x :: name

  assumes xFreshQ: x ∉ Q

  shows <νx>(P || Q) ~e (<νx>P) || Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma parAssoc:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   R :: pi

  shows (P || Q) || R ~e P || (Q || R)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma freshRes:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name

  assumes aFreshP: a ∉ P

  shows <νa>P ~e P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma scopeExtSum:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   x :: name

  assumes x ∉ P

  shows <νx>(P ⊕ Q) ~e P ⊕ <νx>Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma bangSC:
  fixes P

  shows !P ~e P || !P
  ⟨proof⟩

end

theory Weak-Early-Bisim-SC
  imports Weak-Early-Bisim Strong-Early-Bisim-SC
begin

```

```

lemma weakBisimStructCong:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes P ≡s Q

  shows P ≈ Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma matchId:
  fixes a :: name
  and   P :: pi

  shows [a ↶ a]P ≈ P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mismatchId:
  fixes a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   P :: pi

  assumes a ≠ b

  shows [a ≠ b]P ≈ P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mismatchNil:
  fixes a :: name
  and   P :: pi

  shows [a ≠ a]P ≈ 0
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma resComm:
  fixes P :: pi

  shows <νa><νb>P ≈ <νb><νa>P
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sumSym:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

```

**shows**  $P \oplus Q \approx Q \oplus P$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *sumAssoc*:  
  **fixes**  $P :: pi$   
  **and**    $Q :: pi$   
  **and**    $R :: pi$

**shows**  $(P \oplus Q) \oplus R \approx P \oplus (Q \oplus R)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *sumZero*:  
  **fixes**  $P :: pi$

**shows**  $P \oplus \mathbf{0} \approx P$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *parZero*:  
  **fixes**  $P :: pi$

**shows**  $P \parallel \mathbf{0} \approx P$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *parSym*:  
  **fixes**  $P :: pi$   
  **and**    $Q :: pi$

**shows**  $P \parallel Q \approx Q \parallel P$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *scopeExtPar*:  
  **fixes**  $P :: pi$   
  **and**    $Q :: pi$   
  **and**    $x :: name$

**assumes**  $x \notin P$

**shows**  $\langle \nu x \rangle (P \parallel Q) \approx P \parallel \langle \nu x \rangle Q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *scopeExtPar'*:  
  **fixes**  $P :: pi$   
  **and**    $Q :: pi$   
  **and**    $x :: name$

**assumes**  $x \notin Q$

```

shows < $\nu x>(P \parallel Q) \approx (<\nu x>P) \parallel Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma parAssoc:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   R :: pi

shows (P ∥ Q) ∥ R ≈ P ∥ (Q ∥ R)
⟨proof⟩

lemma freshRes:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name

assumes a # P

shows < $\nu a>P \approx P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma scopeExtSum:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   x :: name

assumes x # P

shows < $\nu x>(P \oplus Q) \approx P \oplus <\nu x>Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma bangSC:
  fixes P

shows !P ≈ P ∥ !P
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Weak-Early-Bisim-Pres
  imports Strong-Early-Bisim-Pres Weak-Early-Sim-Pres Weak-Early-Bisim-SC
  Weak-Early-Bisim
begin

lemma tauPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

```

**assumes**  $P \approx Q$

**shows**  $\tau.(P) \approx \tau.(Q)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *outputPres*:  
  **fixes**  $P :: pi$   
  **and**  $Q :: pi$   
  **and**  $a :: name$   
  **and**  $b :: name$

**assumes**  $P \approx Q$

**shows**  $a\{b\}.P \approx a\{b\}.Q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *inputPres*:  
  **fixes**  $P :: pi$   
  **and**  $Q :: pi$   
  **and**  $a :: name$   
  **and**  $x :: name$

**assumes**  $PSimQ: \forall y. P[x:=y] \approx Q[x:=y]$

**shows**  $a< x>.P \approx a< x>.Q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *resPres*:  
  **fixes**  $P :: pi$   
  **and**  $Q :: pi$   
  **and**  $x :: name$

**assumes**  $P \approx Q$

**shows**  $<\nu x>P \approx <\nu x>Q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *matchPres*:  
  **fixes**  $P :: pi$   
  **and**  $Q :: pi$   
  **and**  $a :: name$   
  **and**  $b :: name$

**assumes**  $P \approx Q$

**shows**  $[a \sim b]P \approx [a \sim b]Q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *mismatchPres*:

```

fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and a :: name
and b :: name

assumes P ≈ Q

shows [a≠b]P ≈ [a≠b]Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma parPres:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and R :: pi

assumes P ≈ Q

shows P || R ≈ Q || R
⟨proof⟩

lemma bangPres:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi

assumes PBisimQ: P ≈ Q

shows !P ≈ !Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma bangRelSubWeakBisim:
shows bangRel weakBisim ⊆ weakBisim
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Weak-Early-Cong-Pres
imports Weak-Early-Cong Weak-Early-Step-Sim-Pres Weak-Early-Bisim-Pres
begin

lemma tauPres:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi

assumes P ≈ Q

shows τ.(P) ≈ τ.(Q)
⟨proof⟩

lemma outputPres:

```

```

fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi

assumes P  $\simeq$  Q

shows a{b}.P  $\simeq$  a{b}.Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma matchPres:
fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi
and   a :: name
and   b :: name

assumes P  $\simeq$  Q

shows [a  $\setminus$  b]P  $\simeq$  [a  $\setminus$  b]Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma mismatchPres:
fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi
and   a :: name
and   b :: name

assumes P  $\simeq$  Q

shows [a  $\neq$  b]P  $\simeq$  [a  $\neq$  b]Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma sumPres:
fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi
and   R :: pi

assumes P  $\simeq$  Q

shows P  $\oplus$  R  $\simeq$  Q  $\oplus$  R
⟨proof⟩

lemma parPres:
fixes P :: pi
and   Q :: pi
and   R :: pi

assumes P  $\simeq$  Q

shows P  $\parallel$  R  $\simeq$  Q  $\parallel$  R
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma resPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   x :: name

  assumes PeqQ:  $P \simeq Q$ 

  shows  $\langle \nu x \rangle P \simeq \langle \nu x \rangle Q$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma bangPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes P  $\simeq Q$ 

  shows !P  $\simeq !Q$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

end

theory Weak-Early-Cong-Subst-Pres
imports Weak-Early-Cong-Subst Weak-Early-Cong-Pres
begin

lemma weakCongStructCong:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes P  $\equiv_s Q$ 

  shows P  $\simeq^s Q$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma tauPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes P  $\simeq^s Q$ 

  shows  $\tau.(P) \simeq^s \tau.(Q)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma inputPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi
  and   a :: name

```

```

and    $x :: name$ 

assumes  $P \equiv Q : P \simeq^s Q$ 

shows  $a < x >.P \simeq^s a < x >.Q$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma  $outputPres$ :
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $Q :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \simeq^s Q$ 

shows  $a\{b\}.P \simeq^s a\{b\}.Q$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma  $matchPres$ :
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $Q :: pi$ 
  and    $a :: name$ 
  and    $b :: name$ 

assumes  $P \simeq^s Q$ 

shows  $[a \sim b]P \simeq^s [a \sim b]Q$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma  $mismatchPres$ :
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $Q :: pi$ 
  and    $a :: name$ 
  and    $b :: name$ 

assumes  $P \simeq^s Q$ 

shows  $[a \neq b]P \simeq^s [a \neq b]Q$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma  $sumPres$ :
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and    $Q :: pi$ 
  and    $R :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \simeq^s Q$ 

shows  $P \oplus R \simeq^s Q \oplus R$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma  $parPres$ :

```

```

fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and R :: pi

assumes P  $\simeq^s$  Q

shows P || R  $\simeq^s$  Q || R
⟨proof⟩

lemma resPres:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi
and x :: name

assumes PeqQ: P  $\simeq^s$  Q

shows < $\nu x>$ P  $\simeq^s$  < $\nu x>$ Q
⟨proof⟩

lemma bangPres:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi

assumes P  $\simeq^s$  Q

shows !P  $\simeq^s$  !Q
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Strong-Late-Expansion-Law
imports Strong-Late-Bisim-SC
begin

nominal-primrec summands :: pi  $\Rightarrow$  pi set where
summands 0 = {}
| summands ( $\tau.(P)$ ) = { $\tau.(P)$ }
|  $x \notin a \implies$  summands ( $a<math>x>.P$ ) = { $a<math>x>.P$ }
| summands ( $a\{b\}.P$ ) = { $a\{b\}.P$ }
| summands ([ $a \sim b$ ]P) = {}
| summands ([ $a \neq b$ ]P) = {}
| summands ( $P \oplus Q$ ) = (summands P)  $\cup$  (summands Q)
| summands ( $P \parallel Q$ ) = {}
| summands (< $\nu x>$ P) = (if ( $\exists a P'. a \neq x \wedge P = a\{x\}.P'$ ) then ({< $\nu x>$ P}) else {})
| summands (!P) = {}
⟨proof⟩

lemma summandsInput[simp]:

```

```

fixes a :: name
and x :: name
and P :: pi

shows summands (a<x>.P) = {a<x>.P}
⟨proof⟩

lemma finiteSummands:
  fixes P :: pi

  shows finite(summands P)
⟨proof⟩

lemma boundSummandDest[dest]:
  fixes x :: name
  and y :: name
  and P' :: pi
  and P :: pi

  assumes <νx>x{y}.P' ∈ summands P

  shows False
⟨proof⟩

lemma summandFresh:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and x :: name

  assumes P ∈ summands Q
  and x ∉ Q

  shows x ∉ P
⟨proof⟩

nominal-primrec hnf :: pi ⇒ bool where
  hnf 0 = True
  | hnf (τ.(P)) = True
  | x ∉ a ⇒ hnf (a<x>.P) = True
  | hnf (a{b}.P) = True
  | hnf ([a¬b]P) = False
  | hnf ([a≠b]P) = False
  | hnf (P ⊕ Q) = ((hnf P) ∧ (hnf Q) ∧ P ≠ 0 ∧ Q ≠ 0)
  | hnf (P ∥ Q) = False
  | hnf (<νx>P) = (∃ a P'. a ≠ x ∧ P = a{x}.P')
  | hnf (!P) = False
⟨proof⟩

lemma hnfInput[simp]:

```

```

fixes a :: name
and x :: name
and P :: pi

shows hnf (a<x>.P)
⟨proof⟩

lemma summandTransition:
fixes P :: pi
and a :: name
and x :: name
and b :: name
and P' :: pi

assumes hnf P

shows P ↦τ ↲ P' = (τ.(P') ∈ summands P)
and P ↦a<x> ↲ P' = (a<x>.P' ∈ summands P)
and P ↦a[b] ↲ P' = (a{b}.P' ∈ summands P)
and a ≠ x ==> P ↦a<νx> ↲ P' = (<νx>a{x}.P' ∈ summands P)
⟨proof⟩

definition expandSet :: pi ⇒ pi ⇒ pi set where
expandSet P Q ≡ {τ.(P' || Q) | P'. τ.(P') ∈ summands P} ∪
{τ.(P || Q') | Q'. τ.(Q') ∈ summands Q} ∪
{a{b}.(P' || Q) | a b P'. a{b}.P' ∈ summands P} ∪
{a{b}.(P || Q') | a b Q'. a{b}.Q' ∈ summands Q} ∪
{a<x>.(P' || Q) | a x P'. a<x>.P' ∈ summands P ∧ x # Q}
∪
{a<x>.(P || Q') | a x Q'. a<x>.Q' ∈ summands Q ∧ x # P} ∪
{<νx>a{x}.(P' || Q) | a x P'. <νx>a{x}.P' ∈ summands P
∧ x # Q} ∪
{<νx>a{x}.(P || Q') | a x Q'. <νx>a{x}.Q' ∈ summands
Q ∧ x # P} ∪
{τ.(P'[x:=b] || Q') | x P' b Q'. ∃ a. a<x>.P' ∈ summands P
∧ a{b}.Q' ∈ summands Q} ∪
{τ.(P' || (Q'[x:=b])) | b P' x Q'. ∃ a. a{b}.P' ∈ summands
P ∧ a<x>.Q' ∈ summands Q} ∪
{τ.(<νy>(P'[x:=y] || Q')) | x P' y Q'. ∃ a. a<x>.P' ∈
summands P ∧ <νy>a{y}.Q' ∈ summands Q ∧ y # P} ∪
{τ.(<νy>(P' || (Q'[x:=y]))) | y P' x Q'. ∃ a. <νy>a{y}.P'
∈ summands P ∧ a<x>.Q' ∈ summands Q ∧ y # Q}

lemma finiteExpand:
fixes P :: pi
and Q :: pi

shows finite(expandSet P Q)

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *expandHnf*:  
  **fixes**  $P :: pi$   
  **and**  $Q :: pi$

**shows**  $\forall R \in (\text{expandSet } P \ Q). \ hnf R$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**inductive-set** *sumComposeSet* ::  $(pi \times pi \ set) \ set$   
**where**

*empty*:  $(\mathbf{0}, \{\}) \in \text{sumComposeSet}$   
  | *insert*:  $[\exists Q \in S; (P, S - \{Q\}) \in \text{sumComposeSet}] \implies (P \oplus Q, S) \in \text{sumComposeSet}$

**lemma** *expandAction*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
  **and**  $Q :: pi$   
  **and**  $S :: pi \ set$

**assumes**  $(P, S) \in \text{sumComposeSet}$   
  **and**  $Q \in S$   
  **and**  $Q \mapsto R_s$

**shows**  $P \mapsto R_s$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *expandAction'*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
  **and**  $Q :: pi$   
  **and**  $R :: pi$

**assumes**  $(R, S) \in \text{sumComposeSet}$   
  **and**  $R \mapsto R_s$

**shows**  $\exists P \in S. P \mapsto R_s$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *expandTrans*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
  **and**  $Q :: pi$   
  **and**  $R :: pi$   
  **and**  $a :: name$   
  **and**  $b :: name$   
  **and**  $x :: name$

**assumes** *Exp*:  $(R, \text{expandSet } P \ Q) \in \text{sumComposeSet}$   
  **and**  $P_{hnf} : hnf P$   
  **and**  $Q_{hnf} : hnf Q$

**shows**  $(P \parallel Q \xrightarrow{\tau} P') = (R \xrightarrow{\tau} P')$   
**and**  $(P \parallel Q \xrightarrow{a[b]} P') = (R \xrightarrow{a[b]} P')$   
**and**  $(P \parallel Q \xrightarrow{a<x>} P') = (R \xrightarrow{a<x>} P')$   
**and**  $(P \parallel Q \xrightarrow{a<\nu x>} P') = (R \xrightarrow{a<\nu x>} P')$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *expandLeft*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $R :: pi$   
**and**  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$

**assumes**  $Exp: (R, expandSet P Q) \in sumComposeSet$   
**and**  $Phnf: hnf P$   
**and**  $Qhnf: hnf Q$   
**and**  $Id: Id \subseteq Rel$

**shows**  $P \parallel Q \rightsquigarrow [Rel] R$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *expandRight*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $R :: pi$   
**and**  $Rel :: (pi \times pi) set$

**assumes**  $Exp: (R, expandSet P Q) \in sumComposeSet$   
**and**  $Phnf: hnf P$   
**and**  $Qhnf: hnf Q$   
**and**  $Id: Id \subseteq Rel$

**shows**  $R \rightsquigarrow [Rel] P \parallel Q$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *expandSC*:

**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$   
**and**  $R :: pi$

**assumes**  $(R, expandSet P Q) \in sumComposeSet$   
**and**  $Phnf: hnf P$   
**and**  $Qhnf: hnf Q$

**shows**  $P \parallel Q \sim R$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**end**

```

theory Strong-Late-Axiomatisation
  imports Strong-Late-Expansion-Law
begin

lemma inputSuppPres:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and x :: name
  and Rel :: (pi × pi) set

  assumes PRelQ: ∀y. y ∈ supp(P, Q, x) ⇒ (P[x::=y], Q[x::=y]) ∈ Rel
  and Eqvt: eqvt Rel

  shows a<x>.P ~~[Rel] a<x>.Q
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma inputSuppPresBisim:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi
  and x :: name

  assumes PSimQ: ∀y. y ∈ supp(P, Q, x) ⇒ P[x::=y] ~ Q[x::=y]

  shows a<x>.P ~ a<x>.Q
  ⟨proof⟩

inductive equiv :: pi ⇒ pi ⇒ bool (infixr ≡e 80)
where
  Refl: P ≡e P
  | Sym: P ≡e Q ⇒ Q ≡e P
  | Trans: [P ≡e Q; Q ≡e R] ⇒ P ≡e R

  | Match: [a ∼ a]P ≡e P
  | Match': a ≠ b ⇒ [a ∼ b]P ≡e 0

  | Mismatch: a ≠ b ⇒ [a ≠ b]P ≡e P
  | Mismatch': [a ≠ a]P ≡e 0

  | SumSym: P ⊕ Q ≡e Q ⊕ P
  | SumAssoc: (P ⊕ Q) ⊕ R ≡e P ⊕ (Q ⊕ R)
  | SumZero: P ⊕ 0 ≡e P
  | SumIdemp: P ⊕ P ≡e P
  | SumRes: <νx>(P ⊕ Q) ≡e (<νx>P) ⊕ (<νx>Q)

  | ResNil: <νx>0 ≡e 0
  | ResInput: [x ≠ a; x ≠ y] ⇒ <νx>a<y>.P ≡e a<y>.(<νx>P)
  | ResInput': <νx>x<y>.P ≡e 0
  | ResOutput: [x ≠ a; x ≠ b] ⇒ <νx>a{b}.P ≡e a{b}.(<νx>P)
  | ResOutput': <νx>x{b}.P ≡e 0

```

```

| ResTau:            $\langle\nu x\rangle\tau.(P) \equiv_e \tau.(\langle\nu x\rangle P)$ 
| ResComm:           $\langle\nu x\rangle\langle\nu y\rangle P \equiv_e \langle\nu y\rangle\langle\nu x\rangle P$ 
| ResFresh:          $x \# P \implies \langle\nu x\rangle P \equiv_e P$ 

| Expand:           $\llbracket(R, \text{expandSet } P \ Q) \in \text{sumComposeSet}; \text{hnf } P; \text{hnf } Q\rrbracket \implies P$ 
||  $Q \equiv_e R$ 

| SumPres:           $P \equiv_e Q \implies P \oplus R \equiv_e Q \oplus R$ 
| ParPres:           $\llbracket P \equiv_e P'; Q \equiv_e Q'\rrbracket \implies P \parallel Q \equiv_e P' \parallel Q'$ 
| ResPres:           $P \equiv_e Q \implies \langle\nu x\rangle P \equiv_e \langle\nu x\rangle Q$ 
| TauPres:           $P \equiv_e Q \implies \tau.(P) \equiv_e \tau.(Q)$ 
| OutputPres:         $P \equiv_e Q \implies a\{b\}.P \equiv_e a\{b\}.Q$ 
| InputPres:          $\forall y \in \text{supp}(P, Q, x). P[x:=y] \equiv_e Q[x:=y] \implies a\langle x \rangle.P \equiv_e a\langle x \rangle.Q$ 

lemma SumIdemp':
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \equiv_e P'$ 

  shows  $P \oplus P' \equiv_e P$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma SumPres':
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $P' :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 
  and  $Q' :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \equiv_e P'$ 
  and  $Q \equiv_e Q'$ 

  shows  $P \oplus Q \equiv_e P' \oplus Q'$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma sound:
  fixes  $P :: pi$ 
  and  $Q :: pi$ 

  assumes  $P \equiv_e Q$ 

  shows  $P \sim Q$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma zeroDest[dest]:
  fixes  $a :: name$ 
  and  $b :: name$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 

```

```

and  $P :: pi$ 

shows  $(a\{b\}.P) \equiv_e \mathbf{0} \implies False$ 
and  $(a<x>.P) \equiv_e \mathbf{0} \implies False$ 
and  $(\tau.(P)) \equiv_e \mathbf{0} \implies False$ 

and  $\mathbf{0} \equiv_e a\{b\}.P \implies False$ 
and  $\mathbf{0} \equiv_e a<x>.P \implies False$ 
and  $\mathbf{0} \equiv_e \tau.(P) \implies False$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma eq-eqvt:
fixes  $pi :: name$   $prm$ 
and  $x :: 'a :: pt-name$ 
shows  $pi \cdot (x = y) = ((pi \cdot x) = (pi \cdot y))$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

nominal-primrec depth ::  $pi \Rightarrow nat$  where
   $depth \mathbf{0} = 0$ 
  |  $depth (\tau.(P)) = 1 + (depth P)$ 
  |  $a \notin x \implies depth (a<x>.P) = 1 + (depth P)$ 
  |  $depth (a\{b\}.P) = 1 + (depth P)$ 
  |  $depth ([a \sim b]P) = (depth P)$ 
  |  $depth ([a \neq b]P) = (depth P)$ 
  |  $depth (P \oplus Q) = max (depth P) (depth Q)$ 
  |  $depth (P \parallel Q) = ((depth P) + (depth Q))$ 
  |  $depth (<\nu x>P) = (depth P)$ 
  |  $depth (!P) = (depth P)$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma depthEqvt[simp]:
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $p :: name$   $prm$ 

shows  $depth(p \cdot P) = depth P$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma depthInput[simp]:
fixes  $a :: name$ 
and  $x :: name$ 
and  $P :: pi$ 

shows  $depth (a<x>.P) = 1 + (depth P)$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

nominal-primrec valid ::  $pi \Rightarrow bool$  where
   $valid \mathbf{0} = True$ 
  |  $valid (\tau.(P)) = valid P$ 
  |  $x \notin a \implies valid (a<x>.P) = valid P$ 

```

```

| valid (a{b}.P) = valid P
| valid ([a¬b]P) = valid P
| valid ([a≠b]P) = valid P
| valid (P ⊕ Q) = ((valid P) ∧ (valid Q))
| valid (P ∥ Q) = ((valid P) ∧ (valid Q))
| valid (<νx>P) = valid P
| valid (!P) = False
⟨proof⟩

lemma validEqvt[simp]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and p :: name prm

  shows valid(p · P) = valid P
⟨proof⟩

lemma validInput[simp]:
  fixes a :: name
  and x :: name
  and P :: pi

  shows valid (a<x>.P) = valid P
⟨proof⟩

lemma depthMin[intro]:
  fixes P

  shows 0 ≤ depth P
⟨proof⟩

lemma hnfTransition:
  fixes P :: pi

  assumes hnf P
  and P ≠ 0

  shows ∃Rs. P →→ Rs
⟨proof⟩

definition uhnf :: pi ⇒ bool where
  uhnf P ≡ hnf P ∧ (∀R ∈ summands P. ∀R' ∈ summands P. R ≠ R' →→ ¬(R ≡e R'))

lemma summandsIdemp:
  fixes P :: pi
  and Q :: pi

  assumes Q ∈ summands P
  and Q ≡e Q'

```

**shows**  $P \oplus Q' \equiv_e P$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *uhnfSum*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$

**assumes**  $Phnf: uhnf P$   
**and**  $Qhnf: uhnf Q$   
**and**  $validP: valid P$   
**and**  $validQ: valid Q$

**shows**  $\exists R. uhnf R \wedge valid R \wedge P \oplus Q \equiv_e R \wedge (depth R) \leq (depth (P \oplus Q))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *uhnfRes*:  
**fixes**  $x :: name$   
**and**  $P :: pi$

**assumes**  $Phnf: uhnf P$   
**and**  $validP: valid P$

**shows**  $\exists P'. uhnf P' \wedge valid P' \wedge \langle \nu x \rangle P \equiv_e P' \wedge depth P' \leq depth(\langle \nu x \rangle P)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *expandHnf*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $S :: pi set$

**assumes**  $(P, S) \in sumComposeSet$   
**and**  $\forall P \in S. uhnf P \wedge valid P$

**shows**  $\exists P'. uhnf P' \wedge valid P' \wedge P \equiv_e P' \wedge depth P' \leq depth P$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *hnfSummandsRemove*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$   
**and**  $Q :: pi$

**assumes**  $P \in summands Q$   
**and**  $uhnf Q$

**shows**  $(summands Q) - \{P' \mid P'. P' \in summands Q \wedge P' \equiv_e P\} = (summands Q) - \{P\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *pullSummand*:  
**fixes**  $P :: pi$

```

and    $Q :: pi$ 

assumes  $P \in \text{summands } Q$ 
and    $\text{uhnf } Q$ 

shows  $\exists Q'. P \oplus Q' \equiv_e Q \wedge (\text{summands } Q') = ((\text{summands } Q) - \{x. \exists P'. x = P' \wedge P' \in (\text{summands } Q) \wedge P' \equiv_e P\}) \wedge \text{uhnf } Q'$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma  $nSym$ :
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 

assumes  $\neg(P \equiv_e Q)$ 

shows  $\neg(Q \equiv_e P)$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma  $\text{summandsZero}$ :
fixes  $P :: pi$ 

assumes  $\text{summands } P = \{\}$ 
and    $\text{hnf } P$ 

shows  $P = \mathbf{0}$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma  $\text{summandsZero}'$ :
fixes  $P :: pi$ 

assumes  $\text{summands } P = \{\}$ 
and    $\text{uhnf } P$ 

shows  $P = \mathbf{0}$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma  $\text{summandEquiv}$ :
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and    $Q :: pi$ 

assumes  $\text{uhnf } P$ 
and    $\text{uhnf } Q$ 
and    $\text{PinQ: } \forall P' \in \text{summands } P. \exists Q' \in \text{summands } Q. P' \equiv_e Q'$ 
and    $\text{QinP: } \forall Q' \in \text{summands } Q. \exists P' \in \text{summands } P. Q' \equiv_e P'$ 

shows  $P \equiv_e Q$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma validSubst[simp]:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   p :: pi

  shows valid(P[a==b]) = valid P
  (proof)

lemma validOutputTransition:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes P —> a[b] ⊲ P'
  and     valid P

  shows valid P'
  (proof)

lemma validInputTransition:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes PTrans: P —> a<x> ⊲ P'
  and     validP: valid P

  shows valid P'
  (proof)

lemma validBoundOutputTransition:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   x :: name
  and   P' :: pi

  assumes PTrans: P —> a<νx> ⊲ P'
  and     validP: valid P

  shows valid P'
  (proof)

lemma validTauTransition:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   P' :: pi

```

```

assumes PTrans:  $P \xrightarrow{\tau} P'$ 
and      validP: valid P

shows valid P'
⟨proof⟩

lemmas validTransition = validInputTransition validOutputTransition validTau-
Transition validBoundOutputTransition

lemma validSummand:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   P' :: pi
  and   a :: name
  and   b :: name
  and   x :: name

  assumes valid P
  and     hnf P

  shows  $\tau.(P') \in \text{summands } P \implies \text{valid } P'$ 
  and    $a\{b\}.P' \in \text{summands } P \implies \text{valid } P'$ 
  and    $a < x >.P' \in \text{summands } P \implies \text{valid } P'$ 
  and    $\llbracket a \neq x; \langle \nu x \rangle a\{x\}.P' \in \text{summands } P \rrbracket \implies \text{valid } P'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma validExpand:
  fixes P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

  assumes valid P
  and     valid Q
  and     uhnf P
  and     uhnf Q

  shows  $\forall R \in (\text{expandSet } P \ Q). \text{uhnf } R \wedge \text{valid } R$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma expandComplete:
  fixes F :: pi set

  assumes finite F

  shows  $\exists P. (P, F) \in \text{sumComposeSet}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma expandDepth:
  fixes F :: pi set
  and   P :: pi
  and   Q :: pi

```

```

assumes  $(P, F) \in sumComposeSet$ 
and  $F \neq \{\}$ 

shows  $\exists Q \in F. \ depth P \leq depth Q \wedge (\forall R \in F. \ depth R \leq depth Q)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $depthSubst[simp]$ :
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $a :: name$ 
and  $b :: name$ 

shows  $depth(P[a:=b]) = depth P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $depthTransition$ :
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $a :: name$ 
and  $b :: name$ 
and  $P' :: pi$ 

assumes  $Phnf: hnf P$ 

shows  $P \mapsto a[b] \prec P' \implies depth P' < depth P$ 
and  $P \mapsto a<x> \prec P' \implies depth P' < depth P$ 
and  $P \mapsto \tau \prec P' \implies depth P' < depth P$ 
and  $P \mapsto a<\nu x> \prec P' \implies depth P' < depth P$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $maxExpandDepth$ :
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Q :: pi$ 
and  $R :: pi$ 

assumes  $R \in expandSet P Q$ 
and  $hnf P$ 
and  $hnf Q$ 

shows  $depth R \leq depth(P \parallel Q)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $expandDepth'$ :
fixes  $P :: pi$ 
and  $Q :: pi$ 

assumes  $Phnf: hnf P$ 
and  $Qhnf: hnf Q$ 

shows  $\exists R. (R, expandSet P Q) \in sumComposeSet \wedge depth R \leq depth(P \parallel Q)$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *validToHnf*:

**fixes** *P* :: *pi*

**assumes** *valid P*

**shows**  $\exists Q. \text{uhnf } Q \wedge \text{valid } Q \wedge Q \equiv_e P \wedge (\text{depth } Q) \leq (\text{depth } P)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *depthZero*:

**fixes** *P* :: *pi*

**assumes** *depth P = 0*

**and**     *uhnf P*

**shows** *P = 0*

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *completeAux*:

**fixes** *n* :: *nat*

**and**    *P* :: *pi*

**and**    *Q* :: *pi*

**assumes** *depth P + depth Q ≤ n*

**and**     *valid P*

**and**     *valid Q*

**and**     *uhnf P*

**and**     *uhnf Q*

**and**     *P ~ Q*

**shows** *P ≡\_e Q*

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *complete*:

**fixes** *P* :: *pi*

**and**    *Q* :: *pi*

**assumes** *validP: valid P*

**and**     *validQ: valid Q*

**and**     *PBisimQ: P ~ Q*

**shows** *P ≡\_e Q*

$\langle proof \rangle$

**end**

## References

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