

# PAC Checker

Mathias Fleury and Daniela Kaufmann

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## Abstract

Generating and checking proof certificates is important to increase the trust in automated reasoning tools. In recent years formal verification using computer algebra became more important and is heavily used in automated circuit verification. An existing proof format which covers algebraic reasoning and allows efficient proof checking is the practical algebraic calculus. In this development, we present the verified checker Pastèque that is obtained by synthesis via the Refinement Framework.

This is the formalization going with our FMCAD'20 tool presentation [1].

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```

theory PAC-More-Poly
imports HOL-Library.Poly-Mapping HOL-Algebra.Polynomials Polynomials.MPoly-Type-Class
HOL-Algebra.Module HOL-Library.Countable-Set
begin

```

## 1 Overview

One solution to check circuit of multipliers is to use algebraic method, like producing proofs on polynomials. We are here interested in checking PAC proofs on the Boolean ring. The idea is the following: each variable represents an input or the output of a gate and we want to prove the bitwise multiplication of the input bits yields the output, namely the bitwise representation of the multiplication of the input (modulo  $2^n$  where  $n$  is the number of bits of the circuit).

Algebraic proof systems typically reason over polynomials in a ring  $\mathbb{K}[X]$ , where the variables  $X$  represent Boolean values. The aim of an algebraic proof is to derive whether a polynomial  $f$  can be derived from a given set of polynomials  $G = \{g_1, \dots, g_l\} \subseteq \mathbb{K}[X]$  together with the Boolean value constraints  $B(X) = \{x_i^2 - x_i \mid x_i \in X\}$ . In algebraic terms this means to show that the polynomial  $f \in \langle G \cup B(X) \rangle$ .

In our setting we set  $\mathbb{K} = \mathbb{Z}$  and we treat the Boolean value constraints implicitly, i.e., we consider proofs in the ring  $\mathbb{Z}[X]/\langle B(X) \rangle$  to admit shorter proofs

The checker takes as input 3 files:

1. an input file containing all polynomials that are initially present;
2. a target (or specification) polynomial ;

3. a “proof” file to check that contains the proof in PAC format that shows that the specification is in the ideal generated by the polynomials present initially.

Each step of the proof is either an addition of two polynomials previously derived, a multiplication from a previously derived polynomial and an arbitrary polynomial, and the deletion a derived polynomial.

One restriction on the proofs compared to generic PAC proofs is that  $x^2 = x$  in the Boolean ring we are considering.

The checker can produce two outputs: valid (meaning that each derived polynomial in the proof has been correctly derived and the specification polynomial was also derived at some point [either in the proof or as input]) or invalid (without proven information what went wrong).

The development is organised as follows:

- `PAC_Specification.thy` (this file) contains the specification as described above on ideals without any peculiarities on the PAC proof format
- `PAC_Checker_Specification.thy` specialises to the PAC format and enters the non-determinism monad to prepare the subsequent refinements.
- `PAC_Checker.thy` contains the refined version where polynomials are represented as lists.
- `PAC_Checker_Synthesis.thy` contains the efficient implementation with imperative data structure like a hash set.
- `PAC_Checker_MLton.thy` contains the code generation and the command to compile the file with the ML compiler MLton.

Here is an example of a proof and an input file (taken from the appendix of our FMCAD paper [1], available at [http://fmv.jku.at/pacheck\\_pasteque](http://fmv.jku.at/pacheck_pasteque)):

```
<res.input>      <res.proof>
1 x*y;          3  = fz, -z+1;
2 y*z-y-z+1;    4 * 3,  y-1, -fz*y+fz-y*z+y+z-1;
                  5 + 2,   4, -fz*y+fz;
                  2 d;
                  4 d;
<res.target>    6 * 1,   fz, fz*x*y;
-x*z+x;         1 d;
                  7 * 5,   x, -fz*x*y+fz*x;
                  8 + 6,   7, fz*x;
                  9 * 3,   x, -fz*x-x*z+x;
10 + 8,   9, -x*z+x;
```

Each line starts with a number that is used to index the (conclusion) polynomial. In the proof, there are four kind of steps:

1. `3 = fz, -z+1;` is an extension that introduces a new variable (in this case `fz`);

2.  $4 * 3$ ,  $y - 1$ ,  $-fz*y + fz - y*z + y + z - 1$ ; is a multiplication of the existing polynomial with index 3 by the arbitrary polynomial  $y - 1$  and generates the new polynomial  $-fz*y + fz - y*z + y + z - 1$  with index 4;
3.  $5 + 2$ ,  $4$ ,  $-fz*y + fz$ ; is an addition of the existing polynomials with index 2 and 4 and generates the new polynomial  $-fz*y + fz$  with index 5;
4.  $1 d$ ; deletes the polynomial with index 1 and it cannot be reused in subsequent steps.

Remark that unlike DRAT checker, we do forward checking and check every derived polynomial. The target polynomial can also be part of the input file.

## 2 Libraries

### 2.1 More Polynomials

Here are more theorems on polynomials. Most of these facts are extremely trivial and should probably be generalised and moved to the Isabelle distribution.

**lemma**  $Const_0\text{-add}$ :

```
<math>Const_0(a + b) = Const_0 a + Const_0 b</math>
by transfer
(simp add: Const0-def single-add)
```

**lemma**  $Const\text{-mult}$ :

```
<math>Const(a * b) = Const a * Const b</math>
by transfer (simp add: Const0-def times-monomial-monomial)
```

**lemma**  $Const_0\text{-mult}$ :

```
<math>Const_0(a * b) = Const_0 a * Const_0 b</math>
by transfer (simp add: Const0-def times-monomial-monomial)
```

**lemma**  $Const_0[\text{simp}]$ :

```
<math>Const 0 = 0</math>
by transfer (simp add: Const0-def)
```

**lemma (in -)**  $Const\text{-uminus}[\text{simp}]$ :

```
<math>Const(-n) = - Const n</math>
by transfer (auto simp: Const0-def monomial-uminus)
```

**lemma** [*simp*]:  $\langle Const_0 0 = 0 \rangle$

```
<math>\langle MPoly 0 = 0 \rangle
by (auto simp: Const0-def zero-mpoly-def)
```

**lemma**  $Const\text{-add}$ :

```
<math>Const(a + b) = Const a + Const b</math>
by transfer (simp add: Const0-def single-add)
```

**instance**  $mpoly :: (\text{comm-semiring-1}) \text{ comm-semiring-1}$

**by standard**

**lemma**  $degree\text{-uminus}[\text{simp}]$ :

```
<math>\langle \text{degree } (-A) x' = \text{degree } A x' \rangle
by (auto simp: degree-def uminus-mpoly.rep-eq)
```

```

lemma degree-sum-notin:
   $\langle x' \notin \text{vars } B \implies \text{degree } (A + B) x' = \text{degree } A x' \rangle$ 
  apply (auto simp: degree-def)
  apply (rule arg-cong[of _ - Max])
  apply standard+
  apply (auto simp: plus-mpoly.rep-eq UN-I UnE image-iff in-keys-iff subsetD vars-def lookup-add
    dest: keys-add intro: in-keys-plusI1 cong: ball-cong-simp)
  done

lemma degree-notin-vars:
   $\langle x \notin (\text{vars } B) \implies \text{degree } (B :: 'a :: \{\text{monoid-add}\} \text{ mpoly}) x = 0 \rangle$ 
  using degree-sum-notin[of x B 0]
  by auto

lemma not-in-vars-coeff0:
   $\langle x \notin \text{vars } p \implies \text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p (\text{monomial } (\text{Suc } 0) x) = 0 \rangle$ 
  by (subst not-not[symmetric], subst coeff-keys[symmetric])
    (auto simp: vars-def)

lemma keys-add':
   $p \in \text{keys } (f + g) \implies p \in \text{keys } f \cup \text{keys } g$ 
  by transfer auto

lemma keys-mapping-sum-add:
   $\langle \text{finite } A \implies \text{keys } (\text{mapping-of } (\sum v \in A. f v)) \subseteq \bigcup (\text{keys } ' \text{ mapping-of } ' f ' \text{ UNIV}) \rangle$ 
  by (induction A rule: finite-induct)
    (auto simp add: zero-mpoly.rep-eq plus-mpoly.rep-eq
      keys-plus-ninv-comm-monoid-add dest: keys-add')

lemma vars-sum-vars-union:
  fixes  $f :: \text{int mpoly} \Rightarrow \text{int mpoly}$ 
  assumes  $\langle \text{finite } \{v. f v \neq 0\} \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle \text{vars } (\sum v | f v \neq 0. f v * v) \subseteq \bigcup (\text{vars } ' \{v. f v \neq 0\}) \cup \bigcup (\text{vars } ' f ' \{v. f v \neq 0\}) \rangle$ 
    (is  $\langle ?A \subseteq ?B \rangle$ )
  proof
    fix  $p$ 
    assume  $\langle p \in \text{vars } (\sum v | f v \neq 0. f v * v) \rangle$ 
    then obtain  $x$  where  $\langle x \in \text{keys } (\text{mapping-of } (\sum v | f v \neq 0. f v * v)) \rangle$  and
       $p: \langle p \in \text{keys } x \rangle$ 
      by (auto simp: vars-def times-mpoly.rep-eq simp del: keys-mult)
    then have  $\langle x \in (\bigcup x. \text{keys } (\text{mapping-of } (f x) * \text{mapping-of } x)) \rangle$ 
      using keys-mapping-sum-add[of '{v. f v \neq 0}', '\lambda x. f x * x] assms
      by (auto simp: vars-def times-mpoly.rep-eq)
    then have  $\langle x \in (\bigcup x. \{a+b| a b. a \in \text{keys } (\text{mapping-of } (f x)) \wedge b \in \text{keys } (\text{mapping-of } x)\}) \rangle$ 
      using Union-mono[OF ] keys-mult by fast
    then show  $\langle p \in ?B \rangle$ 
      using p by (force simp: vars-def zero-mpoly.rep-eq dest!: keys-add')
  qed

```

```

lemma vars-in-right-only:
   $x \in \text{vars } q \implies x \notin \text{vars } p \implies x \in \text{vars } (p+q)$ 
  unfolding vars-def keys-def plus-mpoly.rep-eq lookup-plus-fun
  apply clarify

```

```

subgoal for xa
by (auto simp: vars-def keys-def plus-mpoly.rep-eq
      lookup-plus-fun intro!: exI[of - xa] dest!: spec[of - xa])
done

lemma [simp]:
  ‹vars 0 = {}›
by (simp add: vars-def zero-mpoly.rep-eq)

lemma vars-Un-nointer:
  ‹keys (mapping-of p) ∩ keys (mapping-of q) = {} ⟹ vars (p + q) = vars p ∪ vars q›
by (auto simp: vars-def plus-mpoly.rep-eq simp flip: More-MPoly-Type.keys-add dest!: keys-add')

lemmas [simp] = zero-mpoly.rep-eq

lemma polynomial-sum-monoms:
  fixes p :: ‹'a :: {comm-monoid-add,cancel-comm-monoid-add} mpoly›
  shows
    ‹p = (∑ x∈keys (mapping-of p). MPoly-Type.monom x (MPoly-Type.coeff p x))›
    ‹keys (mapping-of p) ⊆ I ⟹ finite I ⟹ p = (∑ x∈I. MPoly-Type.monom x (MPoly-Type.coeff p x))›
proof –
  define J where ‹J ≡ keys (mapping-of p)›
  define a where ‹a x ≡ coeff p x› for x
  have ‹finite (keys (mapping-of p))›
    by auto
  have ‹p = (∑ x∈I. MPoly-Type.monom x (MPoly-Type.coeff p x))›
    if ‹finite I› and ‹keys (mapping-of p) ⊆ I›
    for I
    using that
    unfolding a-def
  proof (induction I arbitrary: p rule: finite-induct)
    case empty
    then have ‹p = 0›
      using empty coeff-all-0 coeff-keys by blast
    then show ?case using empty by (auto simp: zero-mpoly.rep-eq)
  next
    case (insert x F) note fin = this(1) and xF = this(2) and IH = this(3) and
      incl = this(4)
    let ?p = ‹p - MPoly-Type.monom x (MPoly-Type.coeff p x)›
    have H: ‹¬xa. x ∈ F ⟹ xa ∈ F ⟹
      MPoly-Type.monom xa (MPoly-Type.coeff (p - MPoly-Type.monom x (MPoly-Type.coeff p x)))
    xa = MPoly-Type.monom xa (MPoly-Type.coeff p xa)
    by (metis (mono-tags, opaque-lifting) add-diff-cancel-right' remove-term-coeff
          remove-term-sum when-def)
    have ‹?p = (∑ xa∈F. MPoly-Type.monom xa (MPoly-Type.coeff ?p xa))›
      apply (rule IH)
      using incl apply –
      by standard (smt (verit) Diff-iff Diff-insert-absorb add-diff-cancel-right'
                  remove-term-keys remove-term-sum subsetD xF)
    also have ‹... = (∑ xa∈F. MPoly-Type.monom xa (MPoly-Type.coeff p xa))›
      by (use xF in ‹auto intro!: sum.cong simp: H›)
    finally show ?case
  
```

```

apply (subst (asm) remove-term-sum[of x p, symmetric])
apply (subst remove-term-sum[of x p, symmetric])
using xF fin by (auto simp: ac-simps)
qed
from this[of I] this[of J] show
  ‹p = (∑ x∈keys (mapping-of p). MPoly-Type.monom x (MPoly-Type.coeff p x))›
  ‹keys (mapping-of p) ⊆ I ⟹ finite I ⟹ p = (∑ x∈I. MPoly-Type.monom x (MPoly-Type.coeff p x))›
    by (auto simp: J-def)
qed

lemma vars-mult-monom:
  fixes p :: ‹int mpoly›
  shows ‹vars (p * (monom (monomial (Suc 0) x') 1)) = (if p = 0 then {} else insert x' (vars p))›
proof –
  let ?v = ‹monom (monomial (Suc 0) x') 1›
  have
    p: ‹p = (∑ x∈keys (mapping-of p). MPoly-Type.monom x (MPoly-Type.coeff p x))› (is ‹- = (∑ x ∈ ?I. ?f x)›)
    using polynomial-sum-monoms(1)[of p] .
  have pv: ‹p * ?v = (∑ x ∈ ?I. ?f x * ?v)›
    by (subst p) (auto simp: field-simps sum-distrib-left)
  define I where ‹I ≡ ?I›
  have in-keysD: ‹x ∈ keys (mapping-of (∑ x∈I. MPoly-Type.monom x (h x))) ⟹ x ∈ I›
    if ‹finite I› for I and h :: ‹- ⇒ int› and x
    using that by (induction rule: finite-induct)
    (force simp: monom.rep-eq empty-iff insert-iff keys-single coeff-monom
      simp: coeff-keys simp flip: coeff-add
      simp del: coeff-add)+
  have in-keys: ‹keys (mapping-of (∑ x∈I. MPoly-Type.monom x (h x))) = (∪ x ∈ I. (if h x = 0 then {} else {x}))›
    if ‹finite I› for I and h :: ‹- ⇒ int› and x
    supply in-keysD[dest]
    using that by (induction rule: finite-induct)
    (auto simp: plus-mpoly.rep-eq MPoly-Type-Class.keys-plus-eqI)

  have H[simp]: ‹vars ((∑ x∈I. MPoly-Type.monom x (h x))) = (∪ x∈I. (if h x = 0 then {} else keys x))›
    if ‹finite I› for I and h :: ‹- ⇒ int›
    using that by (auto simp: vars-def in-keys)

  have sums: ‹(∑ x∈I.
    MPoly-Type.monom (x + a') (c x)) =
    (∑ x ∈ (λx. x + a') ` I.
      MPoly-Type.monom x (c (x - a')) )›
    if ‹finite I› for I a' c q
    using that apply (induction rule: finite-induct)
    subgoal by auto
    subgoal
      unfolding image-insert by (subst sum.insert) auto
    done
  have non-zero-keysEx: ‹p ≠ 0 ⟹ ∃ a. a ∈ keys (mapping-of p)› for p :: ‹int mpoly›
    using mapping-of-inject by (fastforce simp add: ex-in-conv)

```

```

have ⟨finite I⟩ ⟨keys (mapping-of p) ⊆ I⟩
  unfolding I-def by auto
  then show
    ⟨vars (p * (monom (monomial (Suc 0) x') 1)) = (if p = 0 then {} else insert x' (vars p))⟩
    apply (subst pv, subst I-def[symmetric], subst mult-monom)
    apply (auto simp: mult-monom sums I-def)
    using Poly-Mapping.keys-add vars-def apply fastforce
    apply (auto dest!: non-zero-keysEx)
    apply (rule-tac x=⟨a + monomial (Suc 0) x'⟩ in bexI)
      apply (auto simp: coeff-keys)
      apply (simp add: in-keys-iff lookup-add)
    apply (auto simp: vars-def)
    apply (rule-tac x=⟨xa + monomial (Suc 0) x'⟩ in bexI)
      apply (auto simp: coeff-keys)
      apply (simp add: in-keys-iff lookup-add)
    done
  qed

```

```

term ⟨(x', u, lookup u x', A)⟩
lemma in-mapping-mult-single:
  ⟨x ∈ (λx. lookup x x') ‘keys (A * (Var₀ x' :: (nat ⇒₀ nat) ⇒₀ 'b :: {monoid-mult,zero-neq-one,semiring-0})) ⟷
  x > 0 ∧ x - 1 ∈ (λx. lookup x x') ‘keys (A)⟩
  apply (standard+; clarify)
  subgoal
    apply (auto elim!: in-keys-timesE simp: lookup-add)
    apply (auto simp: keys-def lookup-times-monomial-right Var₀-def lookup-single image-iff)
    done
  subgoal
    apply (auto elim!: in-keys-timesE simp: lookup-add)
    apply (auto simp: keys-def lookup-times-monomial-right Var₀-def lookup-single image-iff)
    done
  subgoal for xa
    apply (auto elim!: in-keys-timesE simp: lookup-add)
    apply (auto simp: keys-def lookup-times-monomial-right Var₀-def lookup-single image-iff lookup-add
      intro!: exI[of - ⟨xa + Poly-Mapping.single x' 1⟩])
    done
  done

```

```

lemma Max-Suc-Suc-Max:
  ⟨finite A ⇒ A ≠ {} ⇒ Max (insert 0 (Suc ` A)) =
  Suc (Max (insert 0 A))⟩
  by (induction rule: finite-induct)
  (auto simp: hom-Max-commute)

```

```

lemma [simp]:
  ⟨keys (Var₀ x' :: ('a ⇒₀ nat) ⇒₀ 'b :: {zero-neq-one}) = {Poly-Mapping.single x' 1}⟩
  by (auto simp: Var₀-def)

```

```

lemma degree-mult-Var:
  ⟨degree (A * Var x') x' = (if A = 0 then 0 else Suc (degree A x'))⟩ for A :: int mpoly
proof –
  have [simp]: ⟨A ≠ 0 ⇒

```

```

Max (insert 0 ((λx. Suc (lookup x x')) ` keys (mapping-of A))) =
Max (insert (Suc 0) ((λx. Suc (lookup x x')) ` keys (mapping-of A)))` 
unfolding image-image[of Suc ⟨λx. lookup x x', symmetric] image-insert[symmetric]
by (subst Max-Suc-Suc-Max, use mapping-of-inject in fastforce, use mapping-of-inject in fastforce)+
  (simp add: Max.hom-commute)
have ⟨A ≠ 0 ⟹
  Max (insert 0
    ((λx. lookup x x') ` 
     keys (mapping-of A * mapping-of (Var x')))) =
  Suc (Max (insert 0 ((λm. lookup m x') ` keys (mapping-of A))))` 
by (subst arg-cong[of - ⟨insert 0
  (Suc ` ((λx. lookup x x') ` keys (mapping-of A)))` Max])
  (auto simp: image-image Var.rep-eq lookup-plus-fun in-mapping-mult-single
   hom-Max-commute Max-Suc-Suc-Max
   elim!: in-keys-timesE split: if-splits))
then show ?thesis
by (auto simp: degree-def times-mpoly.rep-eq
  intro!: arg-cong[of - ⟨insert 0
  (Suc ` ((λx. lookup x x') ` keys (mapping-of A)))` Max])
qed

lemma degree-mult-Var':
⟨degree (Var x' * A) x' = (if A = 0 then 0 else Suc (degree A x'))` for A :: int mpoly⟩
by (simp add: degree-mult-Var semiring-normalization-rules(7))

lemma degree-times-le:
⟨degree (A * B) x ≤ degree A x + degree B x⟩
by (auto simp: degree-def times-mpoly.rep-eq
  max-def lookup-add add-mono
  dest!: set-rev-mp[OF - Poly-Mapping.keys-add]
  elim!: in-keys-timesE)

lemma monomial-inj:
monomial c s = monomial (d::'b::zero-neq-one) t ⟷ (c = 0 ∧ d = 0) ∨ (c = d ∧ s = t)
by (fastforce simp add: monomial-inj Poly-Mapping.single-def
  poly-mapping.Abs-poly-mapping-inject when-def fun-eq-iff
  cong: if-cong
  split: if-splits)

lemma MPoly-monomial-power':
⟨MPoly (monomial 1 x') ^ (n+1) = MPoly (monomial (1) (((λx. x + x') ^ n) x'))` 
by (induction n)
  (auto simp: times-mpoly.abs-eq mult-single ac-simps)

lemma MPoly-monomial-power:
⟨n > 0 ⟹ MPoly (monomial 1 x') ^ (n) = MPoly (monomial (1) (((λx. x + x') ^ (n - 1)) x'))` 
using MPoly-monomial-power'[of - ⟨n-1⟩]
by auto

lemma vars-uminus[simp]:
⟨vars (-p) = vars p` 
by (auto simp: vars-def uminus-mpoly.rep-eq)

lemma coeff-uminus[simp]:

```

```

⟨MPoly-Type.coeff (−p) x = −MPoly-Type.coeff p x⟩
by (auto simp: coeff-def uminus-mpoly.rep-eq)

definition decrease-key::'a ⇒ ('a ⇒₀ 'b:::{monoid-add, minus,one}) ⇒ ('a ⇒₀ 'b) where
decrease-key k0 f = Abs-poly-mapping (λk. if k = k0 ∧ lookup f k ≠ 0 then lookup f k − 1 else lookup f k)

lemma remove-key-lookup:
lookup (decrease-key k0 f) k = (if k = k0 ∧ lookup f k ≠ 0 then lookup f k − 1 else lookup f k)
unfolding decrease-key-def using finite-subset apply simp
apply (subst lookup-Abs-poly-mapping)
apply (auto intro: finite-subset[of - ⟨{x. lookup f x ≠ 0}⟩])
apply (subst lookup-Abs-poly-mapping)
apply (auto intro: finite-subset[of - ⟨{x. lookup f x ≠ 0}⟩])
done

lemma polynomial-split-on-var:
fixes p :: 'a :: {comm-monoid-add,cancel-comm-monoid-add,semiring-0,comm-semiring-1} mpoly
obtains q r where
⟨p = monom (monomial (Suc 0) x') 1 * q + r⟩ and
⟨x' ∉ vars r⟩

proof –
have [simp]: ⟨{x ∈ keys (mapping-of p). x' ∈ keys x} ∪
{x ∈ keys (mapping-of p). x' ∉ keys x} = keys (mapping-of p)⟩
by auto
have ⟨p = (∑ x∈keys (mapping-of p). MPoly-Type.monom x (MPoly-Type.coeff p x))⟩ (is ‘- = (∑ x ∈ ?I.
?f x)’)
using polynomial-sum-monoms(1)[of p].
also have ⟨... = (∑ x ∈ {x ∈ ?I. x' ∈ keys x}. ?f x) + (∑ x ∈ {x ∈ ?I. x' ∉ keys x}. ?f x)⟩ (is ‘- =
?pX + ?qX’)
by (subst comm-monoid-add-class.sum.union-disjoint[symmetric]) auto
finally have 1: ⟨p = ?pX + ?qX⟩ .
have H: ⟨0 < lookup x x' ⟹ (λk. (if x' = k then Suc 0 else 0) +
(if k = x' ∧ 0 < lookup x k then lookup x k − 1
else lookup x k)) = lookup x⟩ for x x'
by auto
have [simp]: ⟨finite {x. 0 < (Suc 0 when x' = x)}⟩ for x' :: nat and x
by (smt (verit) bounded-nat-set-is-finite lessI mem-Collect-eq neq0-conv when-cong when-neq-zero)
have H: ⟨x' ∈ keys x ⟹ monomial (Suc 0) x' + Abs-poly-mapping (λk. if k = x' ∧ 0 < lookup x k
then lookup x k − 1 else lookup x k) = x⟩
for x and x' :: nat
apply (simp only: keys-def single.abs-eq)
apply (subst plus-poly-mapping.abs-eq)
by (auto simp: eq-onp-def when-def H
intro!: finite-subset[of ⟨{xa. (xa = x' ∧ 0 < lookup x xa) → Suc 0 < lookup x x'} ∧
(xa ≠ x' → 0 < lookup x xa)}⟩ ⟨{xa. 0 < lookup x xa}⟩])
have [simp]: ⟨x' ∈ keys x ⟹
MPoly-Type.monom (monomial (Suc 0) x' + decrease-key x' x) n =
MPoly-Type.monom x n⟩ for x n and x'
apply (subst mpoly.mapping-of-inject[symmetric], subst poly-mapping.lookup-inject[symmetric])
unfolding mapping-of-monom lookup-single
apply (auto intro!: ext simp: decrease-key-def when-def H)
done

```

```

have pX: <?pX = monom (monomial (Suc 0) x') 1 * (∑ x ∈ {x ∈ ?I. x' ∈ keys x}. MPoly-Type.monom
(decrease-key x' x) (MPoly-Type.coeff p x))>
  (is _ = - * ?pX')
  by (subst sum-distrib-left, subst mult-monom)
    (auto intro!: sum.cong)
have x' ∉ vars ?qX
  using vars-setsum[of <{x. x ∈ keys (mapping-of p) ∧ x' ∉ keys x}> <?f>]
  by (auto dest!: vars-monom-subset[unfolded subset-eq Ball-def, rule-format])
then show ?thesis
  using that[of ?pX' ?qX]
  unfolding pX[symmetric] 1 [symmetric]
  by blast
qed

```

**lemma** polynomial-split-on-var2:

```

fixes p :: <int mpoly>
assumes x' ∉ vars s
obtains q r where
  <p = (monom (monomial (Suc 0) x') 1 - s) * q + r> and
  <x' ∉ vars r>
proof –
  have eq[simp]: <monom (monomial (Suc 0) x') 1 = Var x'>
  by (simp add: Var.abs-eq Var0-def monom.abs-eq)
  have ∀ m ≤ n. ∀ P::int mpoly. degree P x' < m → (Ǝ A B. P = (Var x' - s) * A + B ∧ x' ∉ vars
B)> for n
  proof (induction n)
    case 0
    then show ?case by auto
  next
    case (Suc n)
    then have IH: <m ≤ n ⇒ MPoly-Type.degree P x' < m ⇒
      (Ǝ A B. P = (Var x' - s) * A + B ∧ x' ∉ vars B)> for m P
    by fast
    show ?case
    proof (intro allI impI)
      fix m and P :: <int mpoly>
      assume m ≤ Suc n and deg: <MPoly-Type.degree P x' < m>
      consider
        <m ≤ n | m = Suc n>
        using <m ≤ Suc n> by linarith
      then show <∃ A B. P = (Var x' - s) * A + B ∧ x' ∉ vars B>
      proof cases
        case 1
        then show <?thesis>
          using Suc deg by blast
      next
        case [simp]: 2
        obtain A B where
          P: <P = Var x' * A + B> and
          <x' ∉ vars B>
        using polynomial-split-on-var[of P x'] unfolding eq by blast
        have P': <P = (Var x' - s) * A + (s * A + B)>
        by (auto simp: field-simps P)

```

```

have ‹A = 0 ∨ degree (s * A) x' < degree P x'›
  using deg ‹x' ∉ vars B› ‹x' ∉ vars s› degree-times-le[of s A x'] deg
  unfolding P
  by (auto simp: degree-sum-notin degree-mult-Var' degree-mult-Var degree-notin-vars
    split: if-splits)
then obtain A' B' where
  sA: ‹s*A = (Var x' - s) * A' + B'› and
  ‹x' ∉ vars B'›
  using IH[of ‹m-1› ‹s*A›] deg ‹x' ∉ vars B› that[of 0 0]
  by (cases ‹0 < n›) (auto dest!: vars-in-right-only)
have ‹P = (Var x' - s) * (A + A') + (B' + B)›
  unfolding P' sA by (auto simp: field-simps)
moreover have ‹x' ∉ vars (B' + B)›
  using ‹x' ∉ vars B'› ‹x' ∉ vars B›
  by (meson UnE subset-iff vars-add)
ultimately show ?thesis
  by fast
qed
qed
qed
then show ?thesis
  using that unfolding eq
  by blast
qed

```

```

lemma finit-whenI[intro]:
  ‹finite {x. (0 :: nat) < (y x)} ⟹ finite {x. 0 < (y x when x ≠ x')}›
  apply (rule finite-subset)
  defer apply assumption
  apply (auto simp: when-def)
  done

```

```

lemma polynomial-split-on-var-diff-sq2:
  fixes p :: int mpoly
  obtains q r s where
    ‹p = monom (monomial (Suc 0) x') 1 * q + r + s * (monom (monomial (Suc 0) x') 1 ^ 2 - monom
  (monomial (Suc 0) x') 1)› and
    ‹x' ∉ vars r› and
    ‹x' ∉ vars q›
proof -
  let ?v = ‹monom (monomial (Suc 0) x') 1 :: int mpoly›
  have H: ‹n < m ⟹ n > 0 ⟹ ∃ q. ?v ^ n = ?v + q * (?v ^ 2 - ?v)› for n m :: nat
  proof (induction m arbitrary: n)
    case 0
    then show ?case by auto
  next
    case (Suc m n) note IH = this(1-)
    consider
      ‹n < m› |
      ‹m = n› ‹n > 1› |
      ‹n = 1›
    using IH
    by (cases ‹n < m›; cases n) auto
  then show ?case
  proof cases

```

```

case 1
then show ?thesis using IH by auto
next
case 2
have eq:  $\langle ?v \wedge(n) = ((?v :: int mpoly) \wedge(n-2)) * (?v \wedge 2 - ?v) + ?v \wedge(n-1) \rangle$ 
using 2 by (auto simp: field-simps power-eq-if
    ideal.scale-right-diff-distrib)
obtain q where
 $q: \langle ?v \wedge(n-1) = ?v + q * (?v \wedge 2 - ?v) \rangle$ 
using IH(1)[of  $\langle n-1 \rangle$ ] 2
by auto
show ?thesis
using q unfolding eq
by (auto intro!: exI[of -  $\langle ?v \wedge(n-2) + q \rangle$ ] simp: distrib-right)
next
case 3
then show  $\langle ?thesis \rangle$ 
by auto
qed
qed
have H:  $\langle n > 0 \implies \exists q. ?v \wedge n = ?v + q * (?v \wedge 2 - ?v) \rangle$  for n
using H[of n  $\langle n+1 \rangle$ ]
by auto
obtain qr ::  $\langle nat \Rightarrow int mpoly \rangle$  where
 $qr: \langle n > 0 \implies ?v \wedge n = ?v + qr n * (?v \wedge 2 - ?v) \rangle$  for n
using H by metis
have vn:  $\langle (if \text{ lookup } x x' = 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } Var x' \wedge \text{lookup } x x') =$ 
 $(if \text{ lookup } x x' = 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } ?v) + (if \text{ lookup } x x' = 0 \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } 1) * qr (\text{lookup } x x') * (?v \wedge 2 - ?v) \rangle$ 
for x
by (simp add: qr[symmetric] Var-def Var_0-def monom.abs-eq[symmetric] cong: if-cong)

have q:  $\langle p = (\sum_{x \in \text{keys}(\text{mapping-of } p)} MPoly\text{-Type.monom } x (MPoly\text{-Type.coeff } p x)) \rangle$ 
by (rule polynomial-sum-monoms(1)[of p])
have [simp]:
 $\langle \text{lookup } x x' = 0 \implies$ 
 $\text{Abs-poly-mapping}(\lambda k. \text{lookup } x k \text{ when } k \neq x') = x \rangle$  for x
by (cases x, auto simp: poly-mapping.Abs-poly-mapping-inject)
    (auto intro!: ext simp: when-def)
have [simp]:  $\langle \text{finite } \{x. 0 < (a \text{ when } x' = x)\} \rangle$  for a :: nat
by (metis (no-types, lifting) infinite-nat-iff-unbounded less-not-refl lookup-single lookup-single-not-eq
mem-Collect-eq)

have [simp]:  $\langle ((\lambda x. x + \text{monomial}(\text{Suc } 0) x') \wedge(n))$ 
 $(\text{monomial}(\text{Suc } 0) x') = \text{Abs-poly-mapping}(\lambda k. (if k = x' \text{ then } n+1 \text{ else } 0)) \rangle$  for n
by (induction n)
    (auto simp: single-def Abs-poly-mapping-inject plus-poly-mapping.abs-eq eq-onp-def cong:if-cong)
have [simp]:  $\langle 0 < \text{lookup } x x' \implies$ 
 $\text{Abs-poly-mapping}(\lambda k. \text{lookup } x k \text{ when } k \neq x') +$ 
 $\text{Abs-poly-mapping}(\lambda k. \text{if } k = x' \text{ then } \text{lookup } x x' - \text{Suc } 0 + 1 \text{ else } 0) =$ 
 $x \rangle$  for x
apply (cases x, auto simp: poly-mapping.Abs-poly-mapping-inject plus-poly-mapping.abs-eq eq-onp-def)
apply (subst plus-poly-mapping.abs-eq)
apply (auto simp: poly-mapping.Abs-poly-mapping-inject plus-poly-mapping.abs-eq eq-onp-def)
apply (subst Abs-poly-mapping-inject)
apply auto

```

```

done
define f where
   $\langle f x = (\text{MPoly-Type.monom} (\text{remove-key } x' x) (\text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p x)) *$ 
     $(\text{if } \text{lookup } x x' = 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } \text{Var } x' \wedge (\text{lookup } x x')) \rangle \text{ for } x$ 
have f-alt-def:  $\langle f x = \text{MPoly-Type.monom } x (\text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p x) \rangle \text{ for } x$ 
  by (auto simp: f-def monom-def remove-key-def Var-def MPoly-monomial-power Var0-def
    mpoly.MPoly-inject monomial-inj times-mpoly.abs-eq
    times-mpoly.abs-eq mult-single)
have p:  $\langle p = (\sum_{x \in \text{keys}} (\text{mapping-of } p)).$ 
   $\text{MPoly-Type.monom} (\text{remove-key } x' x) (\text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p x) *$ 
   $(\text{if } \text{lookup } x x' = 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } ?v)) +$ 
   $(\sum_{x \in \text{keys}} (\text{mapping-of } p).$ 
   $\text{MPoly-Type.monom} (\text{remove-key } x' x) (\text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p x) *$ 
   $(\text{if } \text{lookup } x x' = 0 \text{ then } 0$ 
   $\text{else } 1) * qr (\text{lookup } x x') *$ 
   $(?v^2 - ?v)) \rangle$ 
  (is  $\langle - = ?a + ?v2v \rangle$ )
  apply (subst q)
unfolding f-alt-def[symmetric, abs-def] f-def vn semiring-class.distrib-left
  comm-semiring-1-class.semiring-normalization-rules(18) semiring-0-class.sum-distrib-right
by (simp add: semiring-class.distrib-left
  sum.distrib)

have I:  $\langle \text{keys} (\text{mapping-of } p) = \{x \in \text{keys} (\text{mapping-of } p). \text{lookup } x x' = 0\} \cup \{x \in \text{keys} (\text{mapping-of } p). \text{lookup } x x' \neq 0\} \rangle$ 
  by auto

have  $\langle p = (\sum_{x | x \in \text{keys}} (\text{mapping-of } p) \wedge \text{lookup } x x' = 0.$ 
   $\text{MPoly-Type.monom } x (\text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p x)) +$ 
   $(\sum_{x | x \in \text{keys}} (\text{mapping-of } p) \wedge \text{lookup } x x' \neq 0.$ 
   $\text{MPoly-Type.monom} (\text{remove-key } x' x) (\text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p x)) *$ 
   $(\text{MPoly-Type.monom} (\text{monomial} (\text{Suc } 0) x') 1) +$ 
   $(\sum_{x | x \in \text{keys}} (\text{mapping-of } p) \wedge \text{lookup } x x' \neq 0.$ 
   $\text{MPoly-Type.monom} (\text{remove-key } x' x) (\text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p x) *$ 
   $qr (\text{lookup } x x') *$ 
   $(?v^2 - ?v)) \rangle$ 
  (is  $\langle p = ?A + ?B * - + ?C * \rightarrow \rangle$ )
unfolding semiring-0-class.sum-distrib-right[of --  $\langle (\text{MPoly-Type.monom} (\text{monomial} (\text{Suc } 0) x') 1) \rangle$ ]
  apply (subst p)
  apply (subst (2)I)
  apply (subst I)
  apply (subst comm-monoid-add-class.sum.union-disjoint)
  apply auto[3]
  apply (subst comm-monoid-add-class.sum.union-disjoint)
  apply auto[3]
  apply (subst (4) sum.cong[OF refl, of --  $\langle \lambda x. \text{MPoly-Type.monom} (\text{remove-key } x' x) (\text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p x) *$ 
     $qr (\text{lookup } x x') \rangle \rangle]$ )
  apply (auto; fail)
  apply (subst (3) sum.cong[OF refl, of --  $\langle \lambda x. 0 \rangle \rangle]$ )
  apply (auto; fail)
  apply (subst (2) sum.cong[OF refl, of --  $\langle \lambda x. \text{MPoly-Type.monom} (\text{remove-key } x' x) (\text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p x) *$ 
     $(\text{MPoly-Type.monom} (\text{monomial} (\text{Suc } 0) x') 1) \rangle \rangle]$ )
  apply (auto; fail)

```

```

apply (subst (1) sum.cong[OF refl, of - - ⟨λx. MPoly-Type.monom x (MPoly-Type.coeff p x)⟩])
by (auto simp: f-def simp flip: f-alt-def)

moreover have ⟨ $x' \notin \text{vars } ?Ausing vars-setsum[of ⟨{ $x \in \text{keys } (\text{mapping-of } p)$ .  $\text{lookup } x x' = 0$ }⟩
    ⟨λx. MPoly-Type.monom x (MPoly-Type.coeff p x)⟩]
apply auto
apply (drule set-rev-mp, assumption)
apply (auto dest!: lookup-eq-zero-in-keys-contradict)
by (meson lookup-eq-zero-in-keys-contradict subsetD vars-monom-subset)
moreover have ⟨ $x' \notin \text{vars } ?Busing vars-setsum[of ⟨{ $x \in \text{keys } (\text{mapping-of } p)$ .  $\text{lookup } x x' \neq 0$ }⟩
    ⟨λx. MPoly-Type.monom (remove-key  $x' x$ ) (MPoly-Type.coeff p x)⟩]
apply auto
apply (drule set-rev-mp, assumption)
apply (auto dest!: lookup-eq-zero-in-keys-contradict)
apply (drule subsetD[OF vars-monom-subset])
apply (auto simp: remove-key-keys[symmetric])
done
ultimately show ?thesis apply -
apply (rule that[of ?B ?A ?C])
apply (auto simp: ac-simps)
done
qed$$ 
```

```

lemma polynomial-decomp-alien-var:
  fixes q A b :: ⟨int mpoly⟩
  assumes
    q: ⟨ $q = A * (\text{monom } (\text{monomial } (\text{Suc } 0) x') 1) + b$ ⟩ and
    x: ⟨ $x' \notin \text{vars } q$ ⟩ ⟨ $x' \notin \text{vars } b$ ⟩
  shows
    ⟨ $A = 0$ ⟩ and
    ⟨ $q = b$ ⟩
proof -
  let ?A = ⟨ $A * (\text{monom } (\text{monomial } (\text{Suc } 0) x') 1)$ ⟩
  have ⟨?A = q - b⟩
    using arg-cong[OF q, of ⟨λa. a - b⟩]
    by auto
  moreover have ⟨ $x' \notin \text{vars } (q - b)$ ⟩
    using x vars-in-right-only
    by fastforce
  ultimately have ⟨ $x' \notin \text{vars } (?A)$ ⟩
    by simp
  then have ⟨?A = 0⟩
    by (auto simp: vars-mult-monom split: if-splits)
  moreover have ⟨?A = 0 ⟹ A = 0⟩
    by (metis empty-not-insert mult-zero-left vars-mult-monom)
  ultimately show ⟨A = 0⟩
    by blast
  then show ⟨q = b⟩
    using q by auto
qed

lemma polynomial-decomp-alien-var2:

```

```

fixes q A b :: <int mpoly>
assumes
q: <q = A * (monom (monomial (Suc 0) x') 1 + p) + b> and
x: <x'notin vars q> <x'notin vars b> <x'notin vars p>
shows
<A = 0> and
<q = b>
proof -
let ?x = <monom (monomial (Suc 0) x') 1>
have x'[simp]: <?x = Var x'>
by (simp add: Var.abs-eq Var_0-def monom.abs-eq)
have <exists n Ax A'. A = ?x * Ax + A' ∧ x'notin vars A' ∧ degree Ax x' = n>
using polynomial-split-on-var[of A x'] by metis
from wellorder-class.exists-least-iff[THEN iffD1, OF this] obtain Ax A' n where
A: <A = Ax * ?x + A'> and
<x'notin vars A'> and
n: <MPoly-Type.degree Ax x' = n> and
H: <forall m Ax A'. m < n -->
A ≠ Ax * MPoly-Type.monom (monomial (Suc 0) x') 1 + A' ∨
x' ∈ vars A' ∨ MPoly-Type.degree Ax x' ≠ m>
unfolding wellorder-class.exists-least-iff[of <λn. ∃ Ax A'. A = Ax * ?x + A' ∧ x'notin vars A' ∧
degree Ax x' = n>]
by (auto simp: field-simps)

have <q = (A + Ax * p) * monom (monomial (Suc 0) x') 1 + (p * A' + b)>
unfolding q A by (auto simp: field-simps)
moreover have <x'notin vars q> <x'notin vars (p * A' + b)>
using x <x'notin vars A'>
by (smt (verit) UnE add.assoc add.commute calculation subset-iff vars-in-right-only vars-mult) +
ultimately have <A + Ax * p = 0> <q = p * A' + b>
by (rule polynomial-decomp-alien-var) +

have A': <A' = -Ax * ?x - Ax * p>
using <A + Ax * p = 0> unfolding A
by (metis (no-types, lifting) add-uminus-conv-diff eq-neg-iff-add-eq-0 minus-add-cancel
mult-minus-left)

have <A = - (Ax * p)>
using A unfolding A'
apply auto
done

obtain Axx Ax' where
Ax: <Ax = ?x * Axx + Ax'> and
<x'notin vars Ax'>
using polynomial-split-on-var[of Ax x'] by metis

have <A = ?x * (- Axx * p) + (- Ax' * p)>
unfolding <A = - (Ax * p)> Ax
by (auto simp: field-simps)

moreover have <x'notin vars (-Ax' * p)>
using <x'notin vars Ax'> by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) UnE add.right-neutral
add-minus-cancel assms(4) subsetD vars-in-right-only vars-mult)
moreover have <Axx ≠ 0 ==> MPoly-Type.degree (- Axx * p) x' < degree Ax x'>

```

```

using degree-times-le[of Axx p x] x
by (auto simp: Ax degree-sum-notin `x' ∉ vars Ax` degree-mult-Var'
    degree-notin-vars)
ultimately have [simp]: `Axx = 0`
  using H[of MPoly-Type.degree `(- Axx * p) x' ← Axx * p` ← Ax' * p]
  by (auto simp: n)
then have [simp]: `Ax' = Ax`
  using Ax by auto

show `A = 0`
  using A `A = - (Ax * p)` `x' ∉ vars `(- Ax' * p)` `x' ∉ vars A` polynomial-decomp-alien-var(1)
by force
  then show `q = b`
  using q by auto
qed

lemma vars-unE: `x ∈ vars (a * b) ⇒ (x ∈ vars a ⇒ thesis) ⇒ (x ∈ vars b ⇒ thesis) ⇒ thesis`
  using vars-mult[of a b] by auto

lemma in-keys-minusI1:
  assumes t ∈ keys p and t ∉ keys q
  shows t ∈ keys (p - q)
  using assms unfolding in-keys-iff lookup-minus by simp

lemma in-keys-minusI2:
  fixes t :: `'a` and q :: `'a ⇒₀ 'b :: {cancel-comm-monoid-add,group-add}`
  assumes t ∈ keys q and t ∉ keys p
  shows t ∈ keys (p - q)
  using assms unfolding in-keys-iff lookup-minus by simp

lemma in-vars-addE:
  `x ∈ vars (p + q) ⇒ (x ∈ vars p ⇒ thesis) ⇒ (x ∈ vars q ⇒ thesis) ⇒ thesis`
  by (meson UnE in-mono vars-add)

lemma lookup-monomial-If:
  `lookup (monomial v k) = (λk'. if k = k' then v else 0)`
  by (intro ext) (auto simp: lookup-single-not-eq)

lemma vars-mult-Var:
  `vars (Var x * p) = (if p = 0 then {} else insert x (vars p))` for p :: `int mpoly`
proof –
  have `p ≠ 0 ⇒
    ∃xa. (∃k. xa = monomial (Suc 0) x + k) ∧
      lookup (mapping-of p) (xa - monomial (Suc 0) x) ≠ 0 ∧
      0 < lookup xa x`
  by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) One-nat-def ab-semigroup-add-class.add.commute
    add-diff-cancel-right' aux lookup-add lookup-single-eq mapping-of-inject
    neq0-conv one-neq-zero plus-eq-zero-2 zero-mpoly.rep-eq)
  then show ?thesis
  apply (auto simp: vars-def times-mpoly.rep-eq Var.rep-eq
    elim!: in-keys-timesE dest: keys-add')
  apply (auto simp: keys-def lookup-times-monomial-left Var.rep-eq Var0-def adds-def
    lookup-add eq-diff-eq'[symmetric])

```

```

done
qed

lemma keys-mult-monomial:
  ⟨keys (monomial (n :: int) k * mapping-of a) = (if n = 0 then {} else ((+) k) ` keys (mapping-of a))⟩

proof –
  have [simp]: ⟨(∑ aa. (if k = aa then n else 0) *
    (∑ q. lookup (mapping-of a) q when k + xa = aa + q)) =
    (∑ aa. (if k = aa then n * (∑ q. lookup (mapping-of a) q when k + xa = aa + q) else 0))⟩
    for xa
  by (smt (verit) Sum-any.cong mult-not-zero)
  show ?thesis
  apply (auto simp: vars-def times-mpoly.rep-eq Const.rep-eq times-poly-mapping.rep-eq
    Const0-def elim!: in-keys-timesE split: if-splits)
  apply (auto simp: lookup-monomial-If prod-fun-def
    keys-def times-poly-mapping.rep-eq)
  done
qed

```

```

lemma vars-mult-Const:
  ⟨vars (Const n * a) = (if n = 0 then {} else vars a)⟩ for a :: ⟨int mpoly⟩
  by (auto simp: vars-def times-mpoly.rep-eq Const.rep-eq keys-mult-monomial
    Const0-def elim!: in-keys-timesE split: if-splits)

```

```

lemma coeff-minus: coeff p m - coeff q m = coeff (p-q) m
  by (simp add: coeff-def lookup-minus-mpoly.rep-eq)

```

```

lemma Const-1-eq-1: ⟨Const (1 :: int) = (1 :: int mpoly)⟩
  by (simp add: Const.abs-eq Const0-one one-mpoly.abs-eq)

```

```

lemma [simp]:
  ⟨vars (1 :: int mpoly) = {}⟩
  by (auto simp: vars-def one-mpoly.rep-eq Const-1-eq-1)

```

## 2.2 More Ideals

```

lemma
  fixes A :: ⟨(('x ⇒₀ nat) ⇒₀ 'a::comm-ring-1) set⟩
  assumes ⟨p ∈ ideal A⟩
  shows ⟨p * q ∈ ideal A⟩
  by (metis assms ideal.span-scale semiring-normalization-rules(7))

```

The following theorem is very close to *More-Modules.ideal* (*insert* ?a ?S) = {x. ∃ k. x - k \* ?a ∈ *More-Modules.ideal* ?S}, except that it is more useful if we need to take an element of *More-Modules.ideal* (*insert* a S).

```

lemma ideal-insert':
  ⟨More-Modules.ideal (insert a S) = {y. ∃ x k. y = x + k * a ∧ x ∈ More-Modules.ideal S}⟩
  apply (auto simp: ideal.span-insert
    intro: exI[of _ _ - k * a])
  apply (rule-tac x = ⟨x - k * a⟩ in exI)
  apply auto
  apply (rule-tac x = ⟨k⟩ in exI)
  apply auto
  done

```

```

lemma ideal-mult-right-in:
  ‹ $a \in \text{ideal } A \implies a * b \in \text{More-Modules.ideal } A$ ›
  by (metis ideal.span-scale mult.commute)

lemma ideal-mult-right-in2:
  ‹ $a \in \text{ideal } A \implies b * a \in \text{More-Modules.ideal } A$ ›
  by (metis ideal.span-scale)

lemma [simp]: ‹vars (Var x :: 'a :: {zero-neq-one} mpoly) = {x}›
  by (auto simp: vars-def Var.rep-eq Var0-def)

lemma vars-minus-Var-subset:
  ‹vars (p' - Var x :: 'a :: {ab-group-add,one,zero-neq-one} mpoly) ⊆ V ⇒ vars p' ⊆ insert x V›
  using vars-add[of ‹p' - Var x› ‹Var x›]
  by auto

lemma vars-add-Var-subset:
  ‹vars (p' + Var x :: 'a :: {ab-group-add,one,zero-neq-one} mpoly) ⊆ V ⇒ vars p' ⊆ insert x V›
  using vars-add[of ‹p' + Var x› ‹- Var x›]
  by auto

lemma coeff-monomial-in-varsD:
  ‹coeff p (monomial (Suc 0) x) ≠ 0 ⇒ x ∈ vars (p :: int mpoly)›
  by (auto simp: coeff-def vars-def keys-def
    intro!: exI[of - ‹monomial (Suc 0) x›])

lemma coeff-MPoly-monomial[simp]:
  ‹(MPoly-Type.coeff (MPoly (monomial a m)) m) = a›
  by (metis MPoly-Type.coeff-def lookup-single-eq monom.abs-eq monom.rep-eq)

```

end

```

theory Finite-Map-Multiset
imports
  HOL-Library.Finite-Map
  Nested-Multisets-Ordinals.Duplicate-Free-Multiset
begin

```

**notation** image-mset (infixr ‹#› 90)

### 3 Finite maps and multisets

#### 3.1 Finite sets and multisets

**abbreviation** mset-fset :: ‹'a fset ⇒ 'a multiset› **where**  
 ‹mset-fset N ≡ mset-set (fset N)›

**definition** fset-mset :: ‹'a multiset ⇒ 'a fset› **where**  
 ‹fset-mset N ≡ Abs-fset (set-mset N)›

**lemma** fset-mset-mset-fset: ‹fset-mset (mset-fset N) = N›
 **by** (auto simp: fset.fset-inverse fset-mset-def)

**lemma** mset-fset-fset-mset[simp]:

```

⟨mset-fset (fset-mset N) = remdups-mset N⟩
by (auto simp: fset.fset-inverse fset-mset-def Abs-fset-inverse remdups-mset-def)

```

```

lemma in-mset-fset-fmember[simp]: ⟨x ∈# mset-fset N ↔ x |∈ N⟩
by simp

```

```

lemma in-fset-mset-mset[simp]: ⟨x |∈ fset-mset N ↔ x ∈# N⟩
by (simp add: fset-mset-def Abs-fset-inverse)

```

### 3.2 Finite map and multisets

Roughly the same as *ran* and *dom*, but with duplication in the content (unlike their finite sets counterpart) while still working on finite domains (unlike a function mapping). Remark that *dom-m* (the keys) does not contain duplicates, but we keep for symmetry (and for easier use of multiset operators as in the definition of *ran-m*).

**definition** *dom-m* **where**

```
⟨dom-m N = mset-fset (fmdom N)⟩
```

**definition** *ran-m* **where**

```
⟨ran-m N = the ‘# fmlookup N ‘# dom-m N⟩
```

```

lemma dom-m-fmdrop[simp]: ⟨dom-m (fmdrop C N) = remove1-mset C (dom-m N)⟩
  unfolding dom-m-def
  by (cases ‘C |∈ fmdom N)
    (auto simp: mset-set.remove)

```

```

lemma dom-m-fmdrop-All: ⟨dom-m (fmdrop C N) = removeAll-mset C (dom-m N)⟩
  unfolding dom-m-def
  by (cases ‘C |∈ fmdom N)
    (auto simp: mset-set.remove)

```

```

lemma dom-m-fmupd[simp]: ⟨dom-m (fmupd k C N) = add-mset k (remove1-mset k (dom-m N))⟩
  unfolding dom-m-def
  by (cases ‘k |∈ fmdom N)
    (auto simp: mset-set.remove mset-set.insert-remove)

```

```

lemma distinct-mset-dom: ⟨distinct-mset (dom-m N)⟩
by (simp add: distinct-mset-mset-set dom-m-def)

```

```

lemma in-dom-m-lookup-iff: ⟨C ∈# dom-m N' ↔ fmlookup N' C ≠ None⟩
by (auto simp: dom-m-def fmdom.rep_eq fmlookup-dom'-iff)

```

```

lemma in-dom-in-ran-m[simp]: ⟨i ∈# dom-m N ⇒ the (fmlookup N i) ∈# ran-m N⟩
by (auto simp: ran-m-def)

```

```

lemma fmupd-same[simp]:
  ⟨x1 ∈# dom-m x1aa ⇒ fmupd x1 (the (fmlookup x1aa x1)) x1aa = x1aa⟩
by (metis fmap-ext fmupd-lookup in-dom-m-lookup-iff option.collapse)

```

```

lemma ran-m-fmempty[simp]: ⟨ran-m fmempty = {#}⟩ and
  dom-m-fmempty[simp]: ⟨dom-m fmempty = {#}⟩
by (auto simp: ran-m-def dom-m-def)

```

```

lemma fmrestrict-set-fmupd:
  ⟨a ∈ xs ⇒ fmrestrict-set xs (fmupd a C N) = fmupd a C (fmrestrict-set xs N)⟩

```

$\langle a \notin xs \implies fmrestrict-set xs (fmupd a C N) = fmrestrict-set xs N \rangle$   
**by** (auto simp: fmfilter-alt-defs)

**lemma** fset-fmdom-fmrestrict-set:  
 $\langle fset (fmdom (fmrestrict-set xs N)) = fset (fmdom N) \cap xs \rangle$   
**by** (auto simp: fmfilter-alt-defs)

**lemma** dom-m-fmrestrict-set:  $\langle dom-m (fmrestrict-set (set xs) N) = mset xs \cap\# dom-m N \rangle$   
**using** fset-fmdom-fmrestrict-set[of ‘set xs’ N] distinct-mset-dom[of N]  
distinct-mset-inter-remdups-mset[of ‘mset-fset (fmdom N)’ ‘mset xs’]  
**by** (auto simp: dom-m-def fset-mset-mset-fset finite-mset-set-inter multiset-inter-commute  
remdups-mset-def)

**lemma** dom-m-fmrestrict-set':  $\langle dom-m (fmrestrict-set xs N) = mset-set (xs \cap set-mset (dom-m N)) \rangle$   
**using** fset-fmdom-fmrestrict-set[of ‘xs’ N] distinct-mset-dom[of N]  
**by** (auto simp: dom-m-def fset-mset-mset-fset finite-mset-set-inter multiset-inter-commute  
remdups-mset-def)

**lemma** indom-mI:  $\langle fmlookup m x = Some y \implies x \in\# dom-m m \rangle$   
**by** (drule fmdomI) (auto simp: dom-m-def)

**lemma** fmupd-fmdrop-id:  
**assumes**  $\langle k \in| fmdom N' \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle fmupd k (the (fmlookup N' k)) (fmdrop k N') = N' \rangle$   
**proof** –  
**have** [simp]:  $\langle map-upd k (the (fmlookup N' k)) (\lambda x. if x \neq k then fmlookup N' x else None) = map-upd k (the (fmlookup N' k)) (fmlookup N') \rangle$   
**by** (auto intro!: ext simp: map-upd-def)  
**have** [simp]:  $\langle map-upd k (the (fmlookup N' k)) (fmlookup N') = fmlookup N' \rangle$   
**using** assms  
**by** (auto intro!: ext simp: map-upd-def)  
**have** [simp]:  $\langle finite (dom (\lambda x. if x = k then None else fmlookup N' x)) \rangle$   
**by** (subst dom-if) auto  
**show** ?thesis  
**apply** (auto simp: fmupd-def fmupd.abs-eq[symmetric])  
**unfolding** fmlookup-drop  
**apply** (simp add: fmlookup-inverse)  
**done**  
**qed**

**lemma** fm-member-split:  $\langle k \in| fmdom N' \implies \exists N'' v. N' = fmupd k v N'' \wedge the (fmlookup N' k) = v \wedge k \notin fmdom N'' \rangle$   
**by** (rule exI[of ‘fmdrop k N’])  
(auto simp: fmupd-fmdrop-id)

**lemma** fmdrop\_k\_fmupd\_k\_va\_N'':  $\langle fmdrop k (fmupd k v N'') = fmdrop k N'' \rangle$   
**by** (simp add: fmap-ext)

**lemma** fmap-ext-fmdom:  
 $\langle (fmdom N = fmdom N') \implies (\wedge x. x \in| fmdom N \implies fmlookup N x = fmlookup N' x) \implies N = N' \rangle$   
**by** (rule fmap-ext)

```

(case-tac ⟨x |∈| fmdom N⟩, auto simp: fmdom-notD)

lemma fmrestrict-set-insert-in:
⟨xa ∈ fset (fmdom N) ⟩
  fmrestrict-set (insert xa l1) N = fmupd xa (the (fmlookup N xa)) (fmrestrict-set l1 N)
by (rule fmap-ext-fmdom)
apply (auto simp: fset-fmdom-fmrestrict-set; fail) []
apply (auto simp: fmlookup-dom-if; fail)
done

lemma fmrestrict-set-insert-notin:
⟨xa ∉ fset (fmdom N) ⟩
  fmrestrict-set (insert xa l1) N = fmrestrict-set l1 N
by (rule fmap-ext-fmdom)
  (auto simp: fset-fmdom-fmrestrict-set)

lemma fmrestrict-set-insert-in-dom-m[simp]:
⟨xa ∈# dom-m N ⟩
  fmrestrict-set (insert xa l1) N = fmupd xa (the (fmlookup N xa)) (fmrestrict-set l1 N)
by (simp add: fmrestrict-set-insert-in dom-m-def)

lemma fmrestrict-set-insert-notin-dom-m[simp]:
⟨xa ∉# dom-m N ⟩
  fmrestrict-set (insert xa l1) N = fmrestrict-set l1 N
by (simp add: fmrestrict-set-insert-notin dom-m-def)

lemma fmlookup-restrict-set-id: ⟨fset (fmdom N) ⊆ A ⟹ fmrestrict-set A N = N⟩
by (metis fmap-ext fmdom'-alt-def fmdom'-notD fmlookup-restrict-set subset-if)

lemma fmlookup-restrict-set-id': ⟨set-mset (dom-m N) ⊆ A ⟹ fmrestrict-set A N = N⟩
by (rule fmlookup-restrict-set-id)
  (auto simp: dom-m-def)

lemma ran-m-mapsto-upd:
assumes
  NC: ⟨C ∈# dom-m N⟩
  shows ⟨ran-m (fmupd C C' N) = add-mset C' (remove1-mset (the (fmlookup N C)) (ran-m N))⟩
proof -
  define N' where
    ⟨N' = fmdrop C N⟩
  have N-N': ⟨dom-m N = add-mset C (dom-m N')⟩
    using NC unfolding N'-def by auto
  have ⟨C ∉# dom-m N'⟩
    using NC distinct-mset-dom[of N] unfolding N-N' by auto
  then show ?thesis
    by (auto simp: N-N' ran-m-def mset-set.insert-remove image-mset-remove1-mset-if
      intro!: image-mset-cong)
qed

lemma ran-m-mapsto-upd-notin:
assumes NC: ⟨C ∉# dom-m N⟩
  shows ⟨ran-m (fmupd C C' N) = add-mset C' (ran-m N)⟩
using NC
  by (auto simp: ran-m-def mset-set.insert-remove image-mset-remove1-mset-if
    intro!: image-mset-cong split: if-splits)

```

```

lemma image-mset-If-eq-notin:
  ‹C ≠# A ⇒ {#f (if x = C then a x else b x). x ∈# A#} = {# f(b x). x ∈# A #}›
  by (induction A) auto

lemma filter-mset-cong2:
  (¬x. x ∈# M ⇒ f x = g x) ⇒ M = N ⇒ filter-mset f M = filter-mset g N
  by (hyps, rule filter-mset-cong, simp)

lemma ran-m-fmdrop:
  ‹C ∈# dom-m N ⇒ ran-m (fmdrop C N) = remove1-mset (the (fmlookup N C)) (ran-m N)›
  using distinct-mset-dom[of N]
  by (cases fmlookup N C)
    (auto simp: ran-m-def image-mset-If-eq-notin[of C - λx. fst (the x)]
      dest!: multi-member-split
      intro!: filter-mset-cong2 image-mset-cong2)

lemma ran-m-fmdrop-notin:
  ‹C ∈# dom-m N ⇒ ran-m (fmdrop C N) = ran-m N›
  using distinct-mset-dom[of N]
  by (auto simp: ran-m-def image-mset-If-eq-notin[of C - λx. fst (the x)]
    dest!: multi-member-split
    intro!: filter-mset-cong2 image-mset-cong2)

lemma ran-m-fmdrop-If:
  ‹ran-m (fmdrop C N) = (if C ∈# dom-m N then remove1-mset (the (fmlookup N C)) (ran-m N) else
  ran-m N)›
  using distinct-mset-dom[of N]
  by (auto simp: ran-m-def image-mset-If-eq-notin[of C - λx. fst (the x)]
    dest!: multi-member-split
    intro!: filter-mset-cong2 image-mset-cong2)

lemma dom-m-empty-iff[iff]:
  ‹dom-m NU = {#} ↔ NU = fmempty›
  by (cases NU) (auto simp: dom-m-def mset-set.insert-remove)

end

```

```

theory WB-Sort
imports
  Refine-Imperative-HOL.IICF
  HOL-Library.Rewrite
  Nested-Multisets-Ordinals.Duplicate-Free-Multiset
begin

```

This a complete copy-paste of the IsaFoL version because sharing is too hard.

Every element between  $lo$  and  $hi$  can be chosen as pivot element.

```

definition choose-pivot :: ‹('b ⇒ 'b ⇒ bool) ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'b) ⇒ 'a list ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ nat nres› where
  ‹choose-pivot - - - lo hi = SPEC(λk. k ≥ lo ∧ k ≤ hi)›

```

The element at index  $p$  partitions the subarray  $lo..hi$ . This means that every element

```

definition isPartition-wrt :: ‹('b ⇒ 'b ⇒ bool) ⇒ 'b list ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ bool› where
  ‹isPartition-wrt R xs lo hi p ≡ (¬i. i ≥ lo ∧ i < p → R (xs!i) (xs!p)) ∧ (¬j. j > p ∧ j ≤ hi →
  R (xs!p) (xs!j))›

```

```

lemma isPartition-wrtI:
   $\langle (\wedge i. [i \geq lo; i < p] \Rightarrow R (xs!i) (xs!p)) \Rightarrow (\wedge j. [j > p; j \leq hi] \Rightarrow R (xs!p) (xs!j)) \Rightarrow isPartition-wrt R xs lo hi p \rangle$ 
  by (simp add: isPartition-wrt-def)

```

```

definition isPartition ::  $\langle 'a :: order\ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \rangle$  where
   $\langle isPartition xs lo hi p \equiv isPartition-wrt (\leq) xs lo hi p \rangle$ 

```

```

abbreviation isPartition-map ::  $\langle ('b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow 'a\ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \rangle$  where
   $\langle isPartition-map R h xs i j k \equiv isPartition-wrt (\lambda a b. R (h a) (h b)) xs i j k \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma isPartition-map-def':
   $\langle lo \leq p \Rightarrow p \leq hi \Rightarrow hi < length xs \Rightarrow isPartition-map R h xs lo hi p = isPartition-wrt R (map h xs) lo hi p \rangle$ 
  by (auto simp add: isPartition-wrt-def conjI)

```

Example: 6 is the pivot element (with index 4); 7::'a is equal to the  $length xs - 1$ .

```

lemma  $\langle isPartition [0,5,3,4,6,9,8,10::nat] 0 7 4 \rangle$ 
  by (auto simp add: isPartition-def isPartition-wrt-def nth-Cons')

```

```

definition sublist ::  $\langle 'a\ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a\ list \rangle$  where
   $\langle sublist xs i j \equiv take (Suc j - i) (drop i xs) \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma take-Suc0:
   $\langle \neq [] \Rightarrow take (Suc 0) l = [l!0]$ 
   $0 < length l \Rightarrow take (Suc 0) l = [l!0]$ 
   $Suc n \leq length l \Rightarrow take (Suc 0) l = [l!0]$ 
  by (cases l, auto)+

```

```

lemma sublist-single:  $\langle i < length xs \Rightarrow sublist xs i i = [xs!i] \rangle$ 
  by (cases xs) (auto simp add: sublist-def take-Suc0)

```

```

lemma insert-eq:  $\langle insert a b = b \cup \{a\} \rangle$ 
  by auto

```

```

lemma sublist-nth:  $\langle [lo \leq hi; hi < length xs; k+lo \leq hi] \Rightarrow (sublist xs lo hi)!k = xs!(lo+k) \rangle$ 
  by (simp add: sublist-def)

```

```

lemma sublist-length:  $\langle [i \leq j; j < length xs] \Rightarrow length (sublist xs i j) = 1 + j - i \rangle$ 
  by (simp add: sublist-def)

```

```

lemma sublist-not-empty:  $\langle [i \leq j; j < length xs; xs \neq []] \Rightarrow sublist xs i j \neq [] \rangle$ 
  apply simp
  apply (rewrite List.length-greater-0-conv[symmetric])
  apply (rewrite sublist-length)
  by auto

```

```

lemma sublist-app:  $\langle [i1 \leq i2; i2 \leq i3] \Rightarrow sublist xs i1 i2 @ sublist xs (Suc i2) i3 = sublist xs i1 i3 \rangle$ 

```

```

unfolding sublist-def
by (smt (verit) Suc-eq-plus1-left Suc-le-mono append.assoc le-SucI le-add-diff-inverse le-trans same-append-eq
take-add)

definition sorted-sublist-wrt :: <('b ⇒ 'b ⇒ bool) ⇒ 'b list ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ bool> where
  <sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo hi = sorted-wrt R (sublist xs lo hi)>

definition sorted-sublist :: <'a :: linorder list ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ bool> where
  <sorted-sublist xs lo hi = sorted-sublist-wrt (≤) xs lo hi>

abbreviation sorted-sublist-map :: <('b ⇒ 'b ⇒ bool) ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'b) ⇒ 'a list ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ bool>
where
  <sorted-sublist-map R h xs lo hi ≡ sorted-sublist-wrt (λa b. R (h a) (h b)) xs lo hi>

lemma sorted-sublist-map-def':
  <lo < length xs ==> sorted-sublist-map R h xs lo hi ≡ sorted-sublist-wrt R (map h xs) lo hi>
  apply (simp add: sorted-sublist-wrt-def)
  by (simp add: drop-map sorted-wrt-map sublist-def take-map)

lemma sorted-sublist-wrt-refl: <i < length xs ==> sorted-sublist-wrt R xs i i>
  by (auto simp add: sorted-sublist-wrt-def sublist-single)

lemma sorted-sublist-refl: <i < length xs ==> sorted-sublist xs i i>
  by (auto simp add: sorted-sublist-def sorted-sublist-wrt-refl)

lemma sublist-map: <sublist (map f xs) i j = map f (sublist xs i j)>
  apply (auto simp add: sublist-def)
  by (simp add: drop-map take-map)

lemma take-set: <j ≤ length xs ==> x ∈ set (take j xs) ≡ (exists k. k < j ∧ xs!k = x)>
  by (rule eq-reflection) (auto simp add: take-set)

lemma drop-set: <j ≤ length xs ==> x ∈ set (drop j xs) ≡ (exists k. j ≤ k ∧ k < length xs ∧ xs!k = x)>
  by (smt (verit) Misc.in-set-drop-conv-nth)

lemma sublist-el: <i ≤ j ==> j < length xs ==> x ∈ set (sublist xs i j) ≡ (exists k. k < Suc j - i ∧ xs!(i+k) = x)>
  by (auto simp add: take-set sublist-def)

lemma sublist-el': <i ≤ j ==> j < length xs ==> x ∈ set (sublist xs i j) ≡ (exists k. i ≤ k ∧ k ≤ j ∧ xs!k = x)>
  apply (subst sublist-el, assumption, assumption)
  by (smt (verit) Groups.add-ac(2) le-add1 le-add-diff-inverse less-Suc-eq less-diff-conv nat-less-le or-
der-refl)

lemma sublist-lt: <hi < lo ==> sublist xs lo hi = []>
  by (auto simp add: sublist-def)

lemma nat-le-eq-or-lt: <(a :: nat) ≤ b = (a = b ∨ a < b)>
  by linarith

lemma sorted-sublist-wrt-le: <hi ≤ lo ==> hi < length xs ==> sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo hi>
  apply (auto simp add: nat-le-eq-or-lt)
  unfolding sorted-sublist-wrt-def

```

```

subgoal apply (rewrite sublist-single) by auto
subgoal by (auto simp add: sublist-lt)
done

```

Elements in a sorted sublists are actually sorted

```

lemma sorted-sublist-wrt-nth-le:
  assumes ⟨sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo hi⟩ and ⟨lo ≤ hi⟩ and ⟨hi < length xs⟩ and
    ⟨lo ≤ i⟩ and ⟨i < j⟩ and ⟨j ≤ hi⟩
  shows ⟨R (xs!i) (xs!j)⟩
proof –
  have A: ⟨lo < length xs⟩ using assms(2) assms(3) by linarith
  obtain i' where I: ⟨i = lo + i'⟩ using assms(4) le-Suc-ex by auto
  obtain j' where J: ⟨j = lo + j'⟩ by (meson assms(4) assms(5) dual-order.trans le-iff-add less-imp-le-nat)
  show ?thesis
    using assms(1) apply (simp add: sorted-sublist-wrt-def I J)
    apply (rewrite sublist-nth[symmetric, where k=i', where lo=lo, where hi=hi])
    using assms apply auto subgoal using I by linarith
    apply (rewrite sublist-nth[symmetric, where k=j', where lo=lo, where hi=hi])
    using assms apply auto subgoal using J by linarith
    apply (rule sorted-wrt-nth-less)
    apply auto
    subgoal using I J nat-add-left-cancel-less by blast
    subgoal apply (simp add: sublist-length) using J by linarith
    done
qed

```

We can make the assumption  $i < j$  weaker if we have a reflexivie relation.

```

lemma sorted-sublist-wrt-nth-le':
  assumes ref: ⟨ $\bigwedge x. R x x$ ⟩
  and ⟨sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo hi⟩ and ⟨lo ≤ hi⟩ and ⟨hi < length xs⟩
  and ⟨lo ≤ i⟩ and ⟨i ≤ j⟩ and ⟨j ≤ hi⟩
  shows ⟨R (xs!i) (xs!j)⟩
proof –
  have ⟨ $i < j \vee i = j$ ⟩ using ⟨ $i \leq j$ ⟩ by linarith
  then consider (a) ⟨ $i < j$ ⟩ |  

    (b) ⟨ $i = j$ ⟩ by blast
  then show ?thesis
  proof cases
    case a
    then show ?thesis
      using assms(2–5,7) sorted-sublist-wrt-nth-le by blast
    next
      case b
      then show ?thesis
        by (simp add: ref)
  qed
qed

```

```

lemma sorted-sublist-le: ⟨hi ≤ lo ⟹ hi < length xs ⟹ sorted-sublist xs lo hi⟩

```

```

by (auto simp add: sorted-sublist-def sorted-sublist-wrt-le)

lemma sorted-sublist-map-le: <hi ≤ lo ==> hi < length xs ==> sorted-sublist-map R h xs lo hi>
  by (auto simp add: sorted-sublist-wrt-le)

lemma sublist-cons: <lo < hi ==> hi < length xs ==> sublist xs lo hi = xs!lo # sublist xs (Suc lo) hi>
  by (metis Cons-eq-appendI append-self-conv2 less-imp-le-nat less-or-eq-imp-le less-trans
      sublist-app sublist-single)

lemma sorted-sublist-wrt-cons':
  <sorted-sublist-wrt R xs (lo+1) hi ==> lo ≤ hi ==> hi < length xs ==> (∀ j. lo < j ∧ j ≤ hi → R (xs!lo)
  (xs!j)) ==> sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo hi>
  apply (auto simp add: nat-le-eq-or-lt sorted-sublist-wrt-def)
  apply (auto 5 4 simp add: sublist-cons sublist-el less-diff-conv add.commute[of - lo]
    dest: Suc-lessI sublist-single)
  done

lemma sorted-sublist-wrt-cons:
  assumes trans: <(∀ x y z. [R x y; R y z] ==> R x z)> and
  <sorted-sublist-wrt R xs (lo+1) hi> and
  <lo ≤ hi> and <hi < length xs> and <R (xs!lo) (xs!(lo+1))>
  shows <sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo hi>
proof -
  show ?thesis
  apply (rule sorted-sublist-wrt-cons') using assms apply auto
  subgoal premises assms' for j
  proof -
    have A: <j=lo+1 ∨ j>lo+1> using assms'(5) by linarith
    show ?thesis
    using A proof
    assume A: <j=lo+1> show ?thesis
      by (simp add: A assms')
  next
    assume A: <j>lo+1> show ?thesis
    apply (rule trans)
    apply (rule assms(5))
    apply (rule sorted-sublist-wrt-nth-le[OF assms(2), where i=<lo+1>, where j=j])
    subgoal using A assms'(6) by linarith
    subgoal using assms'(3) less-imp-diff-less by blast
    subgoal using assms'(5) by auto
    subgoal using A by linarith
    subgoal by (simp add: assms'(6))
    done
  qed
  qed
done
qed

lemma sorted-sublist-map-cons:
  <((∀ x y z. [R (h x) (h y); R (h y) (h z)] ==> R (h x) (h z)) ==>
  sorted-sublist-map R h xs (lo+1) hi ==> lo ≤ hi ==> hi < length xs ==> R (h (xs!lo)) (h (xs!(lo+1)))>
  ==> sorted-sublist-map R h xs lo hi>
  by (blast intro: sorted-sublist-wrt-cons)

```

```

lemma sublist-snoc: <lo < hi ==> hi < length xs ==> sublist xs lo hi = sublist xs lo (hi-1) @ [xs!hi]>
  apply (simp add: sublist-def)
proof -
  assume a1: lo < hi
  assume hi < length xs
  then have take lo xs @ take (Suc hi - lo) (drop lo xs) = (take lo xs @ take (hi - lo) (drop lo xs)) @
  [xs ! hi]
    using a1 by (metis (no-types) Suc-diff-le add-Suc-right hd-drop-conv-nth le-add-diff-inverse less-imp-le-nat
  take-add take-hd-drop)
  then show take (Suc hi - lo) (drop lo xs) = take (hi - lo) (drop lo xs) @ [xs ! hi]
    by simp
qed

lemma sorted-sublist-wrt-snoc':
  <sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo (hi-1) ==> lo ≤ hi ==> hi < length xs ==> (∀j. lo ≤ j ∧ j < hi → R (xs!j))
  (xs!hi)) ==> sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo hi
  apply (simp add: sorted-sublist-wrt-def)
  apply (auto simp add: nat-le-eq-or-lt)
  subgoal by (simp add: sublist-single)
  by (auto simp add: sublist-snoc sublist-el sorted-wrt-append add.commute[of lo] less-diff-conv
  simp: leI simp flip:nat-le-eq-or-lt)

lemma sorted-sublist-wrt-snoc:
  assumes trans: <(∀x y z. [R x y; R y z] ==> R x z)> and
  <sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo (hi-1)> and
  <lo ≤ hi> and <hi < length xs> and <(R (xs!(hi-1)) (xs!hi))>
  shows <sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo hi>
proof -
  show ?thesis
  apply (rule sorted-sublist-wrt-snoc') using assms apply auto
  subgoal premises assms' for j
  proof -
    have A: <j=hi-1 ∨ j < hi-1> using assms'(6) by linarith
    show ?thesis
      using A proof
      assume A: <j=hi-1> show ?thesis
        by (simp add: A assms')
    next
      assume A: <j < hi-1> show ?thesis
        apply (rule trans)
        apply (rule sorted-sublist-wrt-nth-le[OF assms(2), where i=j, where j=<hi-1>])
        prefer 6
        apply (rule assms(5))
        apply auto
        subgoal using A assms'(5) by linarith
        subgoal using assms'(3) less-imp-diff-less by blast
        subgoal using assms'(5) by auto
        subgoal using A by linarith
        done
      qed
      qed
      done
  qed

```

```

lemma sublist-split:  $\langle lo \leq hi \Rightarrow lo < p \Rightarrow p < hi \Rightarrow hi < length xs \Rightarrow sublist xs lo p @ sublist xs (p+1) hi = sublist xs lo hi \rangle$ 
  by (simp add: sublist-app)

```

```

lemma sublist-split-part:  $\langle lo \leq hi \Rightarrow lo < p \Rightarrow p < hi \Rightarrow hi < length xs \Rightarrow sublist xs lo (p-1) @ xs!p # sublist xs (p+1) hi = sublist xs lo hi \rangle$ 
  by (auto simp add: sublist-split[symmetric] sublist-snoc[where xs=xs,where lo=lo,where hi=p])

```

A property for partitions (we always assume that  $R$  is transitive).

```

lemma isPartition-wrt-trans:
 $\langle (\bigwedge x y z. [R x y; R y z] \Rightarrow R x z) \Rightarrow$ 
 $isPartition-wrt R xs lo hi p \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\forall i j. lo \leq i \wedge i < p \wedge p < j \wedge j \leq hi \rightarrow R (xs!i) (xs!j)) \rangle$ 
  by (auto simp add: isPartition-wrt-def)

```

```

lemma isPartition-map-trans:
 $\langle (\bigwedge x y z. [R (h x) (h y); R (h y) (h z)] \Rightarrow R (h x) (h z)) \Rightarrow$ 
 $hi < length xs \Rightarrow$ 
 $isPartition-map R h xs lo hi p \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\forall i j. lo \leq i \wedge i < p \wedge p < j \wedge j \leq hi \rightarrow R (h (xs!i)) (h (xs!j))) \rangle$ 
  by (auto simp add: isPartition-wrt-def)

```

```

lemma merge-sorted-wrt-partitions-between':
 $\langle lo \leq hi \Rightarrow lo < p \Rightarrow p < hi \Rightarrow hi < length xs \Rightarrow$ 
 $isPartition-wrt R xs lo hi p \Rightarrow$ 
 $sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo (p-1) \Rightarrow sorted-sublist-wrt R xs (p+1) hi \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\forall i j. lo \leq i \wedge i < p \wedge p < j \wedge j \leq hi \rightarrow R (xs!i) (xs!j)) \Rightarrow$ 
 $sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo hi \rangle$ 
  apply (auto simp add: isPartition-def isPartition-wrt-def sorted-sublist-def sorted-sublist-wrt-def sub-
list-map)
  apply (simp add: sublist-split-part[symmetric])
  apply (auto simp add: List.sorted-wrt-append)
  subgoal by (auto simp add: sublist-el)
  subgoal by (auto simp add: sublist-el)
  subgoal by (auto simp add: sublist-el')
  done

```

```

lemma merge-sorted-wrt-partitions-between:
 $\langle (\bigwedge x y z. [R x y; R y z] \Rightarrow R x z) \Rightarrow$ 
 $isPartition-wrt R xs lo hi p \Rightarrow$ 
 $sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo (p-1) \Rightarrow sorted-sublist-wrt R xs (p+1) hi \Rightarrow$ 
 $lo \leq hi \Rightarrow hi < length xs \Rightarrow lo < p \Rightarrow p < hi \Rightarrow hi < length xs \Rightarrow$ 
 $sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo hi \rangle$ 
  by (simp add: merge-sorted-wrt-partitions-between' isPartition-wrt-trans)

```

The main theorem to merge sorted lists

```

lemma merge-sorted-wrt-partitions:
 $\langle isPartition-wrt R xs lo hi p \Rightarrow$ 
 $sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo (p - Suc 0) \Rightarrow sorted-sublist-wrt R xs (Suc p) hi \Rightarrow$ 
 $lo \leq hi \Rightarrow lo \leq p \Rightarrow p \leq hi \Rightarrow hi < length xs \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\forall i j. lo \leq i \wedge i < p \wedge p < j \wedge j \leq hi \rightarrow R (xs!i) (xs!j)) \Rightarrow$ 
 $sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo hi \rangle$ 
  subgoal premises assms
  proof -

```

```

have C:  $\langle lo = p \wedge p = hi \vee lo = p \wedge p < hi \vee lo < p \wedge p = hi \vee lo < p \wedge p < hi \rangle$ 
  using assms by linarith
show ?thesis
  using C apply auto
  subgoal —  $lo = p = hi$ 
    apply (rule sorted-sublist-wrt-refl)
    using assms by auto
  subgoal —  $lo = p < hi$ 
    using assms by (simp add: isPartition-def isPartition-wrt-def sorted-sublist-wrt-cons')
  subgoal —  $lo < p = hi$ 
    using assms by (simp add: isPartition-def isPartition-wrt-def sorted-sublist-wrt-snoc')
  subgoal —  $lo < p < hi$ 
    using assms
    apply (rewrite merge-sorted-wrt-partitions-between'[where p=p])
    by auto
  done
qed
done

```

**theorem** merge-sorted-map-partitions:

```

 $\langle (\bigwedge x y z. [R(hx)(hy); R(hy)(hz)] \Rightarrow R(hx)(hz)) \Rightarrow$ 
 $isPartition-map R h xs lo hi p \Rightarrow$ 
 $sorted-sublist-map R h xs lo (p - Suc 0) \Rightarrow sorted-sublist-map R h xs (Suc p) hi \Rightarrow$ 
 $lo \leq hi \Rightarrow lo \leq p \Rightarrow p \leq hi \Rightarrow hi < length xs \Rightarrow$ 
 $sorted-sublist-map R h xs lo hi \rangle$ 
apply (rule merge-sorted-wrt-partitions) apply auto
by (simp add: merge-sorted-wrt-partitions isPartition-map-trans)

```

**lemma** partition-wrt-extend:

```

 $\langle isPartition-wrt R xs lo' hi' p \Rightarrow$ 
 $hi < length xs \Rightarrow$ 
 $lo \leq lo' \Rightarrow lo' \leq hi \Rightarrow hi' \leq hi \Rightarrow$ 
 $lo' \leq p \Rightarrow p \leq hi' \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\bigwedge i. lo \leq i \Rightarrow i < lo' \Rightarrow R(xs!i)(xs!p)) \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\bigwedge j. hi' < j \Rightarrow j \leq hi \Rightarrow R(xs!p)(xs!j)) \Rightarrow$ 
 $isPartition-wrt R xs lo hi p \rangle$ 
unfolding isPartition-wrt-def
apply (intro conjI)
subgoal
  by (force simp: not-le)
subgoal
  using leI by blast
done

```

**lemma** partition-map-extend:

```

 $\langle isPartition-map R h xs lo' hi' p \Rightarrow$ 
 $hi < length xs \Rightarrow$ 
 $lo \leq lo' \Rightarrow lo' \leq hi \Rightarrow hi' \leq hi \Rightarrow$ 
 $lo' \leq p \Rightarrow p \leq hi' \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\bigwedge i. lo \leq i \Rightarrow i < lo' \Rightarrow R(h(xs!i))(h(xs!p))) \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\bigwedge j. hi' < j \Rightarrow j \leq hi \Rightarrow R(h(xs!p))(h(xs!j))) \Rightarrow$ 
 $isPartition-map R h xs lo hi p \rangle$ 
by (auto simp add: partition-wrt-extend)

```

```

lemma isPartition-empty:
   $\langle (\bigwedge j. [lo < j; j \leq hi] \implies R (xs ! lo) (xs ! j)) \implies$ 
   $isPartition\text{-}wrt R xs lo hi lo\rangle$ 
  by (auto simp add: isPartition-wrt-def)

lemma take-ext:
   $\langle (\forall i < k. xs ! i = xs ! i) \implies$ 
   $k < length xs \implies k < length xs' \implies$ 
   $take k xs' = take k xs\rangle$ 
  by (simp add: nth-take-lemma)

lemma drop-ext':
   $\langle (\forall i. i \geq k \wedge i < length xs \longrightarrow xs ! i = xs ! i) \implies$ 
   $0 < k \implies xs \neq [] \implies \dots$  These corner cases will be dealt with in the next lemma
   $length xs' = length xs \implies$ 
   $drop k xs' = drop k xs\rangle$ 
  apply (rewrite in  $\langle drop - \square = \dashv List.rev\text{-}rev\text{-}ident[symmetric]\rangle$ )
  apply (rewrite in  $\langle - = drop - \square \rangle List.rev\text{-}rev\text{-}ident[symmetric]$ )
  apply (rewrite in  $\langle \square = \dashv List.drop\text{-}rev\rangle$ )
  apply (rewrite in  $\langle - = \square \rangle List.drop\text{-}rev$ )
  apply simp
  apply (rule take-ext)
  by (auto simp add: rev-nth)

lemma drop-ext:
   $\langle (\forall i. i \geq k \wedge i < length xs \longrightarrow xs ! i = xs ! i) \implies$ 
   $length xs' = length xs \implies$ 
   $drop k xs' = drop k xs\rangle$ 
  apply (cases xs)
  apply auto
  apply (cases k)
  subgoal by (simp add: nth-equalityI)
  subgoal apply (rule drop-ext') by auto
  done

lemma sublist-ext':
   $\langle (\forall i. lo \leq i \wedge i \leq hi \longrightarrow xs ! i = xs ! i) \implies$ 
   $length xs' = length xs \implies$ 
   $lo \leq hi \implies Suc hi < length xs \implies$ 
   $sublist xs' lo hi = sublist xs lo hi\rangle$ 
  apply (simp add: sublist-def)
  apply (rule take-ext)
  by auto

lemma lt-Suc:  $\langle (a < b) = (Suc a = b \vee Suc a < b)\rangle$ 
  by auto

lemma sublist-until-end-eq-drop:  $\langle Suc hi = length xs \implies sublist xs lo hi = drop lo xs\rangle$ 
  by (simp add: sublist-def)

```

```

lemma sublist-ext:
   $\langle (\forall i. lo \leq i \wedge i \leq hi \longrightarrow xs[i] = xs[i]) \rangle \implies$ 
   $\langle \text{length } xs' = \text{length } xs \rangle \implies$ 
   $lo \leq hi \implies hi < \text{length } xs \implies$ 
   $\text{sublist } xs' \text{ lo hi} = \text{sublist } xs \text{ lo hi}$ 
  apply (auto simp add: lt-Suc[where a=hi])
  subgoal by (auto simp add: sublist-until-end-end-eq-drop drop-ext)
  subgoal by (auto simp add: sublist-ext')
  done

lemma sorted-wrt-lower-sublist-still-sorted:
  assumes  $\langle \text{sorted-sublist-wrt } R \text{ xs lo } (lo' - \text{Suc } 0) \rangle$  and
   $\langle lo \leq lo' \rangle$  and  $\langle lo' < \text{length } xs \rangle$  and
   $\langle (\forall i. lo \leq i \wedge i < lo' \longrightarrow xs[i] = xs[i]) \rangle$  and  $\langle \text{length } xs' = \text{length } xs \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle \text{sorted-sublist-wrt } R \text{ xs' lo } (lo' - \text{Suc } 0) \rangle$ 
proof -
  have l:  $\langle lo < lo' - 1 \vee lo \geq lo' - 1 \rangle$ 
  by linarith
  show ?thesis
    using l apply auto
    subgoal —  $lo < lo' - 1$ 
      apply (auto simp add: sorted-sublist-wrt-def)
      apply (rewrite sublist-ext[where xs=xs])
      using assms by (auto simp add: sorted-sublist-wrt-def)
    subgoal —  $lo \geq lo' - 1$ 
      using assms by (auto simp add: sorted-sublist-wrt-le)
    done
  qed

lemma sorted-map-lower-sublist-still-sorted:
  assumes  $\langle \text{sorted-sublist-map } R \text{ h xs lo } (lo' - \text{Suc } 0) \rangle$  and
   $\langle lo \leq lo' \rangle$  and  $\langle lo' < \text{length } xs \rangle$  and
   $\langle (\forall i. lo \leq i \wedge i < lo' \longrightarrow xs[i] = xs[i]) \rangle$  and  $\langle \text{length } xs' = \text{length } xs \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle \text{sorted-sublist-map } R \text{ h xs' lo } (lo' - \text{Suc } 0) \rangle$ 
  using assms by (rule sorted-wrt-lower-sublist-still-sorted)

lemma sorted-wrt-upper-sublist-still-sorted:
  assumes  $\langle \text{sorted-sublist-wrt } R \text{ xs } (hi' + 1) \text{ hi} \rangle$  and
   $\langle lo \leq lo' \rangle$  and  $\langle hi < \text{length } xs \rangle$  and
   $\langle \forall j. hi' < j \wedge j \leq hi \longrightarrow xs[j] = xs[j] \rangle$  and  $\langle \text{length } xs' = \text{length } xs \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle \text{sorted-sublist-wrt } R \text{ xs' } (hi' + 1) \text{ hi} \rangle$ 
proof -
  have l:  $\langle hi' + 1 < hi \vee hi' + 1 \geq hi \rangle$ 
  by linarith
  show ?thesis
    using l apply auto
    subgoal —  $hi' + 1 < hi$ 
      apply (auto simp add: sorted-sublist-wrt-def)
      apply (rewrite sublist-ext[where xs=xs])
      using assms by (auto simp add: sorted-sublist-wrt-def)
    subgoal —  $hi \leq hi' + 1$ 
      using assms by (auto simp add: sorted-sublist-wrt-le)
    done
  qed

```

```

lemma sorted-map-upper-sublist-still-sorted:
  assumes ⟨sorted-sublist-map R h xs (hi'+1) hi⟩ and
    ⟨lo ≤ lo'⟩ and ⟨hi < length xs⟩ and
    ⟨∀ j. hi' < j ∧ j ≤ hi → xs'!j = xs!j⟩ and ⟨length xs' = length xs⟩
  shows ⟨sorted-sublist-map R h xs' (hi'+1) hi⟩
  using assms by (rule sorted-wrt-upper-sublist-still-sorted)

The specification of the partition function

definition partition-spec :: ⟨('b ⇒ 'b ⇒ bool) ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'b) ⇒ 'a list ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a list ⇒ nat ⇒ bool⟩ where
  ⟨partition-spec R h xs lo hi xs' p ≡
    mset xs' = mset xs ∧ — The list is a permutation
    isPartition-map R h xs' lo hi p ∧ — We have a valid partition on the resulting list
    lo ≤ p ∧ p ≤ hi ∧ — The partition index is in bounds
    (∀ i. i < lo → xs'!i = xs!i) ∧ (∀ i. hi < i ∧ i < length xs' → xs'!i = xs!i) — Everything else is unchanged.

lemma in-set-take-conv-nth:
  ⟨x ∈ set (take n xs) ↔ (∃ m < min n (length xs). xs ! m = x)⟩
  by (metis in-set-conv-nth length-take min.commute min.strict-boundedE nth-take)

lemma mset-drop-upto: ⟨mset (drop a N) = {#N!i. i ∈# mset-set {a..<length N}#}⟩
proof (induction N arbitrary: a)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons c N)
  have upt: ⟨{0..<Suc (length N)} = insert 0 {1..<Suc (length N)}⟩
  by auto
  then have H: ⟨mset-set {0..<Suc (length N)} = add-mset 0 (mset-set {1..<Suc (length N)})⟩
  unfolding upt by auto
  have mset-case-Suc: ⟨#case x of 0 ⇒ c | Suc x ⇒ N ! x . x ∈# mset-set {Suc a..<Suc b}#⟩ =
    {#N ! (x-1) . x ∈# mset-set {Suc a..<Suc b}#} for a b
  by (rule image-mset-cong) (auto split: nat.splits)
  have Suc-Suc: ⟨{Suc a..<Suc b} = Suc ‘{a..<b}’ for a b
  by auto
  then have mset-set-Suc-Suc: ⟨mset-set {Suc a..<Suc b} = {#Suc n. n ∈# mset-set {a..<b}#}⟩ for a b
  unfolding Suc-Suc by (subst image-mset-mset-set[symmetric]) auto
  have *: ⟨{#N ! (x-Suc 0) . x ∈# mset-set {Suc a..<Suc b}#} = {#N ! x . x ∈# mset-set {a..<b}#}⟩
  for a b
  by (auto simp add: mset-set-Suc-Suc multiset.map-comp comp-def)
  show ?case
  apply (cases a)
  using Cons[of 0] Cons by (auto simp: nth-Cons drop-Cons H mset-case-Suc *)
qed

```

```

lemma mathias:
  assumes
    Perm: ⟨mset xs' = mset xs⟩
    and I: ⟨lo ≤ i⟩ ⟨i ≤ hi⟩ ⟨xs'!i = x⟩
    and Bounds: ⟨hi < length xs⟩
    and Fix: ⟨∀ i. i < lo ⇒ xs'!i = xs!i⟩ ⟨∀ j. [hi < j; j < length xs] ⇒ xs'!j = xs!j⟩
  shows ⟨∃ j. lo ≤ j ∧ j ≤ hi ∧ xs'!j = x⟩
  proof –

```

```

define xs1 xs2 xs3 xs1' xs2' xs3' where
  <xs1 = take lo xs> and
  <xs2 = take (Suc hi - lo) (drop lo xs)> and
  <xs3 = drop (Suc hi) xs> and
  <xs1' = take lo xs'> and
  <xs2' = take (Suc hi - lo) (drop lo xs')> and
  <xs3' = drop (Suc hi) xs'>
have [simp]: <length xs' = length xs>
  using Perm by (auto dest: mset-eq-length)
have [simp]: <mset xs1 = mset xs1'>
  using Fix(1) unfolding xs1-def xs1'-def
  by (metis Perm le-cases mset-eq-length nth-take-lemma take-all)
have [simp]: <mset xs3 = mset xs3'>
  using Fix(2) unfolding xs3-def xs3'-def mset-drop-upto
  by (auto intro: image-mset-cong)
have <xs = xs1 @ xs2 @ xs3> <xs' = xs1' @ xs2' @ xs3'>
  using I unfolding xs1-def xs2-def xs3-def xs1'-def xs2'-def xs3'-def
  by (metis append.assoc append-take-drop-id le-SucI le-add-diff-inverse order-trans take-add)+
moreover have <xs ! i = xs2 ! (i - lo)> <i ≥ length xs1>
  using I Bounds unfolding xs2-def xs1-def by (auto simp: nth-take min-def)
moreover have <x ∈ set xs2'>
  using I Bounds unfolding xs2'-def
  by (auto simp: in-set-take-conv-nth
    intro!: exI[of - <i - lo>])
ultimately have <x ∈ set xs2>
  using Perm I by (auto dest: mset-eq-setD)
then obtain j where <xs ! (lo + j) = x> <j ≤ hi - lo>
  unfolding in-set-conv-nth xs2-def
  by auto
then show ?thesis
  using Bounds I
  by (auto intro: exI[of - <lo+j>])
qed

```

If we fix the left and right rest of two permuted lists, then the sublists are also permutations.

But we only need that the sets are equal.

```

lemma mset-sublist-incl:
  assumes Perm: <mset xs' = mset xs>
  and Fix: <∀ i. i < lo ⇒ xs'!i = xs!i> <∀ j. [hi < j; j < length xs] ⇒ xs'!j = xs!j>
  and bounds: <lo ≤ hi> <hi < length xs>
  shows <set (sublist xs' lo hi) ⊆ set (sublist xs lo hi)>
proof
  fix x
  assume <x ∈ set (sublist xs' lo hi)>
  then have <∃ i. lo ≤ i ∧ i ≤ hi ∧ xs'!i = x>
    by (metis assms(1) bounds(1) bounds(2) size-mset sublist-el')
  then obtain i where I: <lo ≤ i> <i ≤ hi> <xs'!i = x> by blast
  have <∃ j. lo ≤ j ∧ j ≤ hi ∧ xs'!j = x>
    using Perm I bounds(2) Fix by (rule mathias, auto)
  then show <x ∈ set (sublist xs lo hi)>
    by (simp add: bounds(1) bounds(2) sublist-el')
qed

```

**lemma** mset-sublist-eq:

```

assumes ⟨ $mset\ xs' = mset\ xs$ ⟩
and ⟨ $\bigwedge i. i < lo \Rightarrow xs!i = xs!i$ ⟩
and ⟨ $\bigwedge j. [hi < j; j < length\ xs] \Rightarrow xs!j = xs!j$ ⟩
and bounds: ⟨ $lo \leq hi$ ⟩ ⟨ $hi < length\ xs$ ⟩
shows ⟨ $set\ (sublist\ xs'\ lo\ hi) = set\ (sublist\ xs\ lo\ hi)$ ⟩
proof
  show ⟨ $set\ (sublist\ xs'\ lo\ hi) \subseteq set\ (sublist\ xs\ lo\ hi)$ ⟩
    apply (rule mset-sublist-incl)
    using assms by auto
  show ⟨ $set\ (sublist\ xs\ lo\ hi) \subseteq set\ (sublist\ xs'\ lo\ hi)$ ⟩
    by (rule mset-sublist-incl) (metis assms size-mset)+
qed

```

Our abstract recursive quicksort procedure. We abstract over a partition procedure.

```

definition quicksort :: ⟨ $('b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow nat \times nat \times 'a\ list \Rightarrow 'a\ list\ nres$ ⟩ where
⟨ $quicksort\ R\ h = (\lambda(lo, hi, xs0). do \{$ 
  RECT ( $\lambda f\ (lo, hi, xs).$  do {
    ASSERT( $lo \leq hi \wedge hi < length\ xs \wedge mset\ xs = mset\ xs0$ ); — Premise for a partition function
     $(xs, p) \leftarrow SPEC(uncurry\ (partition-spec\ R\ h\ xs\ lo\ hi))$ ; — Abstract partition function
    ASSERT( $mset\ xs = mset\ xs0$ );
     $xs \leftarrow (if\ p - 1 \leq lo\ then\ RETURN\ xs\ else\ f\ (lo, p - 1, xs))$ ;
    ASSERT( $mset\ xs = mset\ xs0$ );
     $if\ hi \leq p + 1\ then\ RETURN\ xs\ else\ f\ (p + 1, hi, xs)$ 
  })\ (lo, hi, xs0)
})\)

```

As premise for *quicksor*, we only need that the indices are ok.

```

definition quicksort-pre :: ⟨ $('b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow 'a\ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a\ list \Rightarrow bool$ ⟩
where
⟨ $quicksort-pre\ R\ h\ xs0\ lo\ hi\ xs \equiv lo \leq hi \wedge hi < length\ xs \wedge mset\ xs = mset\ xs0$ ⟩

```

```

definition quicksort-post :: ⟨ $('b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a\ list \Rightarrow 'a\ list \Rightarrow bool$ ⟩
where

```

```

⟨ $quicksort-post\ R\ h\ lo\ hi\ xs\ xs' \equiv$ 
mset $\ xs' = mset\ xs \wedge$ 
sorted-sublist-map $\ R\ h\ xs'\ lo\ hi \wedge$ 
 $(\forall i. i < lo \rightarrow xs'!i = xs!i) \wedge$ 
 $(\forall j. hi < j \wedge j < length\ xs \rightarrow xs'!j = xs!j)$ ⟩

```

Convert Pure to HOL

```

lemma quicksort-postI:
⟨ $[mset\ xs' = mset\ xs; sorted-sublist-map\ R\ h\ xs'\ lo\ hi; (\bigwedge i. [i < lo] \Rightarrow xs'!i = xs!i); (\bigwedge j. [hi < j; j < length\ xs] \Rightarrow xs'!j = xs!j)] \Rightarrow quicksort-post\ R\ h\ lo\ hi\ xs\ xs'$ ⟩
by (auto simp add: quicksort-post-def)

```

The first case for the correctness proof of (abstract) quicksort: We assume that we called the partition function, and we have  $p - 1 \leq lo$  and  $hi \leq p + 1$ .

```

lemma quicksort-correct-case1:
assumes trans: ⟨ $\bigwedge x\ y\ z. [R\ (h\ x)\ (h\ y); R\ (h\ y)\ (h\ z)] \Rightarrow R\ (h\ x)\ (h\ z)$ ⟩ and lin: ⟨ $\bigwedge x\ y. x \neq y \Rightarrow R\ (h\ x)\ (h\ y) \vee R\ (h\ y)\ (h\ x)$ ⟩
and pre: ⟨quicksort-pre  $R\ h\ xs0\ lo\ hi\ xs$ ⟩
and part: ⟨partition-spec  $R\ h\ xs\ lo\ hi\ xs'$   $p$ ⟩
and ifs: ⟨ $p - 1 \leq lo$ ⟩ ⟨ $hi \leq p + 1$ ⟩
shows ⟨quicksort-post  $R\ h\ lo\ hi\ xs\ xs'$ ⟩
proof –

```

First boilerplate code step: 'unfold' the HOL definitions in the assumptions and convert them to Pure

```

have pre:  $\langle lo \leq hi \rangle \langle hi < length xs \rangle$ 
  using pre by (auto simp add: quicksort-pre-def)

have part:  $\langle mset xs' = mset xs \rangle \text{ True}$ 
   $\langle \text{isPartition-map } R h xs' lo hi p \rangle \langle lo \leq p \rangle \langle p \leq hi \rangle$ 
   $\langle \bigwedge i. i < lo \implies xs'!i = xs!i \rangle \langle \bigwedge i. [hi < i; i < length xs'] \implies xs'!i = xs!i \rangle$ 
  using part by (auto simp add: partition-spec-def)

have sorted-lower:  $\langle \text{sorted-sublist-map } R h xs' lo (p - Suc 0) \rangle$ 
proof -
  show ?thesis
    apply (rule sorted-sublist-wrt-le)
    subgoal using ifs(1) by auto
    subgoal using ifs(1) mset-eq-length part(1) pre(1) pre(2) by fastforce
    done
  qed

have sorted-upper:  $\langle \text{sorted-sublist-map } R h xs' (Suc p) hi \rangle$ 
proof -
  show ?thesis
    apply (rule sorted-sublist-wrt-le)
    subgoal using ifs(2) by auto
    subgoal using ifs(1) mset-eq-length part(1) pre(1) pre(2) by fastforce
    done
  qed

have sorted-middle:  $\langle \text{sorted-sublist-map } R h xs' lo hi \rangle$ 
proof -
  show ?thesis
    apply (rule merge-sorted-map-partitions[where p=p])
    subgoal by (rule trans)
    subgoal by (rule part)
    subgoal by (rule sorted-lower)
    subgoal by (rule sorted-upper)
    subgoal using pre(1) by auto
    subgoal by (simp add: part(4))
    subgoal by (simp add: part(5))
    subgoal by (metis part(1) pre(2) size-mset)
    done
  qed

show ?thesis
proof (intro quicksort-postI)
  show  $\langle mset xs' = mset xs \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: part(1))
next
  show  $\langle \text{sorted-sublist-map } R h xs' lo hi \rangle$ 
    by (rule sorted-middle)
next
  show  $\langle \bigwedge i. i < lo \implies xs'!i = xs!i \rangle$ 
    using part(6) by blast
next
```

```

show ⟨ $\bigwedge j. [hi < j; j < \text{length } xs] \implies xs' ! j = xs ! j$ ⟩
  by (metis part(1) part(7) size-mset)
qed
qed

```

In the second case, we have to show that the precondition still holds for  $(p+1, hi, x')$  after the partition.

**lemma** quicksort-correct-case2:

```

assumes
  pre: ⟨quicksort-pre R h xs0 lo hi xs⟩
  and part: ⟨partition-spec R h xs lo hi xs' p⟩
  and ifs: ⟨ $\neg hi \leq p + 1$ ⟩
shows ⟨quicksort-pre R h xs0 (Suc p) hi xs'⟩
proof –

```

First boilerplate code step: 'unfold' the HOL definitions in the assumptions and convert them to Pure

```

have pre: ⟨ $lo \leq hi$ ⟩ ⟨ $hi < \text{length } xs$ ⟩ ⟨ $mset xs = mset xs0$ ⟩
  using pre by (auto simp add: quicksort-pre-def)
have part: ⟨ $mset xs' = mset xs$ ⟩ True
  ⟨isPartition-map R h xs' lo hi p⟩ ⟨ $lo \leq p$ ⟩ ⟨ $p \leq hi$ ⟩
  ⟨ $\bigwedge i. i < lo \implies xs' ! i = xs ! i$ ⟩ ⟨ $\bigwedge i. [hi < i; i < \text{length } xs'] \implies xs' ! i = xs ! i$ ⟩
  using part by (auto simp add: partition-spec-def)
show ?thesis
  unfolding quicksort-pre-def
proof (intro conjI)
  show ⟨ $Suc p \leq hi$ ⟩
    using ifs by linarith
  show ⟨ $hi < \text{length } xs'$ ⟩
    by (metis part(1) pre(2) size-mset)
  show ⟨ $mset xs' = mset xs0$ ⟩
    using pre(3) part(1) by (auto dest: mset-eq-setD)
  qed
qed

```

**lemma** quicksort-post-set:

```

assumes ⟨quicksort-post R h lo hi xs xs'⟩

```

```

and bounds: ⟨ $lo \leq hi$ ⟩ ⟨ $hi < \text{length } xs$ ⟩

```

```

shows ⟨set (sublist xs' lo hi) = set (sublist xs lo hi)⟩

```

**proof** –

```

have ⟨ $mset xs' = mset xs$ ⟩ ⟨ $\bigwedge i. i < lo \implies xs' ! i = xs ! i$ ⟩ ⟨ $\bigwedge j. [hi < j; j < \text{length } xs] \implies xs' ! j = xs ! j$ ⟩
  using assms by (auto simp add: quicksort-post-def)
then show ?thesis
  using bounds by (rule mset-sublist-eq, auto)
qed

```

In the third case, we have run quicksort recursively on  $(p+1, hi, xs')$  after the partition, with  $hi <= p+1$  and  $p-1 <= lo$ .

**lemma** quicksort-correct-case3:

```

assumes trans: ⟨ $\bigwedge x y z. [R (h x) (h y); R (h y) (h z)] \implies R (h x) (h z)$ ⟩ and lin: ⟨ $\bigwedge x y. x \neq y \implies R (h x) (h y) \vee R (h y) (h x)$ ⟩
  and pre: ⟨quicksort-pre R h xs0 lo hi xs⟩
  and part: ⟨partition-spec R h xs lo hi xs' p⟩

```

**and ifs:**  $\langle p = Suc 0 \leq lo \wedge hi \leq Suc p \rangle$   
**and IH1':**  $\langle \text{quicksort-post } R h (\text{Suc } p) hi xs' xs'' \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle \text{quicksort-post } R h lo hi xs xs'' \rangle$   
**proof –**

First boilerplate code step: ‘unfold’ the HOL definitions in the assumptions and convert them to Pure

```

have pre:  $\langle lo \leq hi \rangle \langle hi < \text{length } xs \rangle \langle \text{mset } xs = \text{mset } xs0 \rangle$ 
  using pre by (auto simp add: quicksort-pre-def)
have part:  $\langle \text{mset } xs' = \text{mset } xs \rangle \text{ True}$ 
   $\langle \text{isPartition-map } R h xs' lo hi p \rangle \langle lo \leq p \rangle \langle p \leq hi \rangle$ 
   $\langle \bigwedge i. i < lo \implies xs'!i = xs!i \rangle \langle \bigwedge i. [hi < i; i < \text{length } xs] \implies xs'!i = xs!i \rangle$ 
  using part by (auto simp add: partition-spec-def)
have IH1:  $\langle \text{mset } xs'' = \text{mset } xs' \rangle \langle \text{sorted-sublist-map } R h xs'' (\text{Suc } p) hi \rangle$ 
   $\langle \bigwedge i. i < \text{Suc } p \implies xs''!i = xs'!i \rangle \langle \bigwedge j. [hi < j; j < \text{length } xs] \implies xs''!j = xs'!j \rangle$ 
  using IH1' by (auto simp add: quicksort-post-def)
note IH1-perm = quicksort-post-set[OF IH1']

have still-partition:  $\langle \text{isPartition-map } R h xs'' lo hi p \rangle$ 
proof(intro isPartition-wrtI)
  fix i assume  $\langle lo \leq i \rangle \langle i < p \rangle$ 
  show  $\langle R (h (xs'' ! i)) (h (xs'' ! p)) \rangle$ 

```

This holds because this part hasn’t changed

```

  using IH1(3)  $\langle i < p \rangle \langle lo \leq i \rangle \text{ isPartition-wrt-def part(3) by fastforce}$ 
next
  fix j assume  $\langle p < j \rangle \langle j \leq hi \rangle$ 

```

Obtain the position posJ where  $xs''!j$  was stored in  $xs'$ .

```

have  $\langle xs''!j \in \text{set } (\text{sublist } xs'' (\text{Suc } p) hi) \rangle$ 
  by (metis IH1(1) Suc-leI  $\langle j \leq hi \rangle \langle p < j \rangle$  less-le-trans mset-eq-length part(1) pre(2) sublist-el')
then have  $\langle xs''!j \in \text{set } (\text{sublist } xs' (\text{Suc } p) hi) \rangle$ 
  by (metis IH1-perm ifs(2) nat-le-linear part(1) pre(2) size-mset)
then have  $\exists posJ. \text{Suc } p \leq posJ \wedge posJ \leq hi \wedge xs''!j = xs'!posJ$ 
  by (metis Suc-leI  $\langle j \leq hi \rangle \langle p < j \rangle$  less-le-trans part(1) pre(2) size-mset sublist-el')
then obtain posJ :: nat where PosJ:  $\langle \text{Suc } p \leq posJ \rangle \langle posJ \leq hi \rangle \langle xs''!j = xs'!posJ \rangle$  by blast
then show  $\langle R (h (xs'' ! p)) (h (xs'' ! j)) \rangle$ 
  by (metis IH1(3) Suc-le-lessD isPartition-wrt-def lessI part(3))
qed

```

```

have sorted-lower:  $\langle \text{sorted-sublist-map } R h xs'' lo (p - \text{Suc } 0) \rangle$ 
proof –
  show ?thesis
    apply (rule sorted-sublist-wrt-le)
    subgoal by (simp add: ifs(1))
    subgoal using IH1(1) mset-eq-length part(1) part(5) pre(2) by fastforce
    done
qed

```

**note** sorted-upper = IH1(2)

```

have sorted-middle:  $\langle \text{sorted-sublist-map } R h xs'' lo hi \rangle$ 
proof –
  show ?thesis

```

```

apply (rule merge-sorted-map-partitions[where p=p])
subgoal by (rule trans)
subgoal by (rule still-partition)
subgoal by (rule sorted-lower)
subgoal by (rule sorted-upper)
subgoal using pre(1) by auto
subgoal by (simp add: part(4))
subgoal by (simp add: part(5))
subgoal by (metis IH1(1) part(1) pre(2) size-mset)
done
qed

show ?thesis
proof (intro quicksort-postI)
show ‹mset xs'' = mset xs›
using part(1) IH1(1) by auto — I was faster than sledgehammer :-)
next
show ‹sorted-sublist-map R h xs'' lo hi›
by (rule sorted-middle)
next
show ‹∀i. i < lo ⇒ xs'' ! i = xs ! i›
using IH1(3) le-SucI part(4) part(6) by auto
next show ‹∀j. hi < j ⇒ j < length xs ⇒ xs'' ! j = xs ! j›
by (metis IH1(4) part(1) part(7) size-mset)
qed
qed

```

In the 4th case, we have to show that the premise holds for  $(lo, p - 1, xs')$ , in case  $\neg p - 1 \leq lo$

Analogous to case 2.

```

lemma quicksort-correct-case4:
assumes
  pre: ‹quicksort-pre R h xs0 lo hi xs›
  and part: ‹partition-spec R h xs lo hi xs' p›
  and ifs: ‹¬ p = Suc 0 ≤ lo›
shows ‹quicksort-pre R h xs0 lo (p - Suc 0) xs'›
proof -

```

First boilerplate code step: 'unfold' the HOL definitions in the assumptions and convert them to Pure

```

have pre: ‹lo ≤ hi› ‹hi < length xs› ‹mset xs0 = mset xs›
using pre by (auto simp add: quicksort-pre-def)
have part: ‹mset xs' = mset xs› True
  ‹isPartition-map R h xs' lo hi p› ‹lo ≤ p› ‹p ≤ hi›
  ‹¬ i. i < lo ⇒ xs' ! i = xs ! i› ‹¬ i. [hi < i; i < length xs'] ⇒ xs' ! i = xs ! i›
using part by (auto simp add: partition-spec-def)

show ?thesis
unfolding quicksort-pre-def
proof (intro conjI)
show ‹lo ≤ p - Suc 0›
using ifs by linarith
show ‹p - Suc 0 < length xs'›

```

```

using mset-eq-length part(1) part(5) pre(2) by fastforce
show ⟨mset xs' = mset xs0⟩
  using pre(3) part(1) by (auto dest: mset-eq-setD)
qed
qed

```

In the 5th case, we have run quicksort recursively on (lo, p-1, xs').

**lemma** *quicksort-correct-case5*:

```

assumes trans: ⟨ $\bigwedge x y z. [R(hx)(hy); R(hy)(hz)] \implies R(hx)(hz)$ ⟩ and lin: ⟨ $\bigwedge x y. x \neq y \implies R(hx)(hy) \vee R(hy)(hx)$ ⟩
and pre: ⟨quicksort-pre R h xs0 lo hi xs⟩
and part: ⟨partition-spec R h xs lo hi xs' p⟩
and ifs: ⟨ $\neg p = \text{Suc } 0 \leq \text{lo}$ ⟩ ⟨ $\text{hi} \leq \text{Suc } p$ ⟩
and IH1': ⟨quicksort-post R h lo (p - Suc 0) xs' xs''⟩
shows ⟨quicksort-post R h lo hi xs xs''⟩
proof –

```

First boilerplate code step: 'unfold' the HOL definitions in the assumptions and convert them to Pure

```

have pre: ⟨ $\text{lo} \leq \text{hi}$ ⟩ ⟨ $\text{hi} < \text{length xs}$ ⟩
  using pre by (auto simp add: quicksort-pre-def)
have part: ⟨ $\text{mset xs}' = \text{mset xs}$ ⟩ True
  ⟨isPartition-map R h xs' lo hi p⟩ ⟨ $\text{lo} \leq p$ ⟩ ⟨ $p \leq \text{hi}$ ⟩
  ⟨ $\bigwedge i. i < \text{lo} \implies xs'!i = xs!i$ ⟩ ⟨ $\bigwedge i. [\text{hi} < i; i < \text{length xs}] \implies xs'!i = xs!i$ ⟩
  using part by (auto simp add: partition-spec-def)
have IH1: ⟨ $\text{mset xs}'' = \text{mset xs}'$ ⟩ ⟨sorted-sublist-map R h xs'' lo (p - Suc 0)⟩
  ⟨ $\bigwedge i. i < \text{lo} \implies xs''!i = xs'!i$ ⟩ ⟨ $\bigwedge j. [p - \text{Suc } 0 < j; j < \text{length xs}] \implies xs''!j = xs'!j$ ⟩
  using IH1' by (auto simp add: quicksort-post-def)
note IH1-perm = quicksort-post-set[OF IH1']

```

```

have still-partition: ⟨isPartition-map R h xs'' lo hi p⟩
proof(intro isPartition-wrtI)
  fix i assume ⟨ $\text{lo} \leq i$ ⟩ ⟨ $i < p$ ⟩

```

Obtain the position  $posI$  where  $xs''!i$  was stored in  $xs'$ .

```

have ⟨ $xs''!i \in \text{set}(\text{sublist xs'' lo (p - Suc 0)})$ ⟩
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) IH1(1) Suc-leI Suc-pred ⟨ $i < p$ ⟩ ⟨ $\text{lo} \leq i$ ⟩ le-less-trans less-imp-diff-less
mset-eq-length not-le not-less-zero part(1) part(5) pre(2) sublist-el')
  then have ⟨ $xs''!i \in \text{set}(\text{sublist xs' lo (p - Suc 0)})$ ⟩
    by (metis IH1-perm ifs(1) le-less-trans less-imp-diff-less mset-eq-length nat-le-linear part(1)
part(5) pre(2))
  then have ⟨ $\exists posI. \text{lo} \leq posI \wedge posI \leq p - \text{Suc } 0 \wedge xs''!i = xs'!posI$ ⟩
  proof — sledgehammer
    have p - Suc 0 < length xs
      by (meson diff-le-self le-less-trans part(5) pre(2))
    then show ?thesis
    by (metis (no-types) ⟨ $xs''!i \in \text{set}(\text{sublist xs' lo (p - Suc 0)})$ ⟩ ifs(1) mset-eq-length nat-le-linear
part(1) sublist-el')
    qed
  then obtain posI :: nat where PosI: ⟨ $\text{lo} \leq posI$ ⟩ ⟨ $posI \leq p - \text{Suc } 0$ ⟩ ⟨ $xs''!i = xs'!posI$ ⟩ by blast
  then show ⟨ $R(h(xs''!i))(h(xs''!p))$ ⟩
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) IH1(4) ⟨ $i < p$ ⟩ diff-Suc-less isPartition-wrt-def le-less-trans
mset-eq-length not-le not-less-eq part(1) part(3) part(5) pre(2) zero-less-Suc)
next

```

```

fix j assume <math>p < j \wedge j \leq hi</math>
then show <math>\langle R(h(xs'' ! p)) (h(xs'' ! j)) \rangle</math>
```

This holds because this part hasn't changed

```

by (smt (verit) IH1(4) add-diff-cancel-left' add-diff-inverse-nat diff-Suc-eq-diff-pred diff-le-self
ifs(1) isPartition-wrt-def le-less-Suc-eq less-le-trans mset-eq-length nat-less-le part(1) part(3) part(4)
plus-1-eq-Suc pre(2))
qed
```

**note** sorted-lower = IH1(2)

```

have sorted-upper: <math>\langle \text{sorted-sublist-map } R h xs'' (\text{Suc } p) hi \rangle</math>
proof -
  show ?thesis
  apply (rule sorted-sublist-wrt-le)
  subgoal by (simp add: ifs(2))
  subgoal using IH1(1) mset-eq-length part(1) part(5) pre(2) by fastforce
  done
qed
```

have sorted-middle: <math>\langle \text{sorted-sublist-map } R h xs'' lo hi \rangle</math>

```

proof -
  show ?thesis
  apply (rule merge-sorted-map-partitions[where p=p])
  subgoal by (rule trans)
  subgoal by (rule still-partition)
  subgoal by (rule sorted-lower)
  subgoal by (rule sorted-upper)
  subgoal using pre(1) by auto
  subgoal by (simp add: part(4))
  subgoal by (simp add: part(5))
  subgoal by (metis IH1(1) part(1) pre(2) size-mset)
  done
qed
```

show ?thesis

```

proof (intro quicksort-postI)
  show <math>\langle \text{mset } xs'' = \text{mset } xs \rangle</math>
    by (simp add: IH1(1) part(1))
next
  show <math>\langle \text{sorted-sublist-map } R h xs'' lo hi \rangle</math>
    by (rule sorted-middle)
next
  show <math>\langle \bigwedge i. i < lo \implies xs'' ! i = xs ! i \rangle</math>
    by (simp add: IH1(3) part(6))
next
  show <math>\langle \bigwedge j. hi < j \implies j < \text{length } xs \implies xs'' ! j = xs ! j \rangle</math>
    by (metis IH1(4) diff-le-self dual-order.strict-trans2 mset-eq-length part(1) part(5) part(7))
qed
qed
```

In the 6th case, we have run quicksort recursively on (lo, p-1, xs'). We show the precondition on the second call on (p+1, hi, xs")

**lemma** *quicksort-correct-case6*:

**assumes**

**pre:**  $\langle \text{quicksort-pre } R h xs0 lo hi xs \rangle$   
  **and part:**  $\langle \text{partition-spec } R h xs lo hi xs' p \rangle$   
  **and ifs:**  $\langle \neg p = \text{Suc } 0 \leq lo \rangle \wedge \langle \neg hi \leq \text{Suc } p \rangle$   
  **and IH1:**  $\langle \text{quicksort-post } R h lo (p - \text{Suc } 0) xs' xs'' \rangle$   
  **shows**  $\langle \text{quicksort-pre } R h xs0 (\text{Suc } p) hi xs'' \rangle$

**proof –**

First boilerplate code step: 'unfold' the HOL definitions in the assumptions and convert them to Pure

```

have pre:  $\langle lo \leq hi \rangle \langle hi < \text{length } xs \rangle \langle \text{mset } xs0 = \text{mset } xs \rangle$ 
  using pre by (auto simp add: quicksort-pre-def)
have part:  $\langle \text{mset } xs' = \text{mset } xs \rangle \text{ True}$ 
   $\langle \text{isPartition-map } R h xs' lo hi p \rangle \langle lo \leq p \rangle \langle p \leq hi \rangle$ 
   $\langle \bigwedge i. i < lo \implies xs'!i = xs!i \rangle \langle \bigwedge i. [hi < i; i < \text{length } xs] \implies xs'!i = xs!i \rangle$ 
  using part by (auto simp add: partition-spec-def)
have IH1:  $\langle \text{mset } xs'' = \text{mset } xs' \rangle \langle \text{sorted-sublist-map } R h xs'' lo (p - \text{Suc } 0) \rangle$ 
   $\langle \bigwedge i. i < lo \implies xs'!i = xs'!i \rangle \langle \bigwedge j. [p - \text{Suc } 0 < j; j < \text{length } xs'] \implies xs'!j = xs'!j \rangle$ 
  using IH1 by (auto simp add: quicksort-post-def)

show ?thesis
  unfolding quicksort-pre-def
proof (intro conjI)
  show  $\langle \text{Suc } p \leq hi \rangle$ 
  using ifs(2) by linarith
  show  $\langle hi < \text{length } xs'' \rangle$ 
  using IH1(1) mset-eq-length part(1) pre(2) by fastforce
  show  $\langle \text{mset } xs'' = \text{mset } xs0 \rangle$ 
  using pre(3) part(1) IH1(1) by (auto dest: mset-eq-setD)
qed
qed

```

In the 7th (and last) case, we have run quicksort recursively on  $(lo, p-1, xs')$ . We show the postcondition on the second call on  $(p+1, hi, xs'')$

**lemma** *quicksort-correct-case7*:

**assumes** trans:  $\langle \bigwedge x y z. [R (h x) (h y); R (h y) (h z)] \implies R (h x) (h z) \rangle$  **and lin:**  $\langle \bigwedge x y. x \neq y \implies R (h x) (h y) \vee R (h y) (h x) \rangle$   
  **and pre:**  $\langle \text{quicksort-pre } R h xs0 lo hi xs \rangle$   
  **and part:**  $\langle \text{partition-spec } R h xs lo hi xs' p \rangle$   
  **and ifs:**  $\langle \neg p = \text{Suc } 0 \leq lo \rangle \wedge \langle \neg hi \leq \text{Suc } p \rangle$   
  **and IH1':**  $\langle \text{quicksort-post } R h lo (p - \text{Suc } 0) xs' xs'' \rangle$   
  **and IH2':**  $\langle \text{quicksort-post } R h (\text{Suc } p) hi xs'' xs''' \rangle$   
  **shows**  $\langle \text{quicksort-post } R h lo hi xs xs''' \rangle$

**proof –**

First boilerplate code step: 'unfold' the HOL definitions in the assumptions and convert them to Pure

```

have pre:  $\langle lo \leq hi \rangle \langle hi < \text{length } xs \rangle$ 
  using pre by (auto simp add: quicksort-pre-def)
have part:  $\langle \text{mset } xs' = \text{mset } xs \rangle \text{ True}$ 
   $\langle \text{isPartition-map } R h xs' lo hi p \rangle \langle lo \leq p \rangle \langle p \leq hi \rangle$ 
   $\langle \bigwedge i. i < lo \implies xs'!i = xs!i \rangle \langle \bigwedge i. [hi < i; i < \text{length } xs] \implies xs'!i = xs!i \rangle$ 
  using part by (auto simp add: partition-spec-def)
have IH1:  $\langle \text{mset } xs'' = \text{mset } xs' \rangle \langle \text{sorted-sublist-map } R h xs'' lo (p - \text{Suc } 0) \rangle$ 

```

```

 $\langle \bigwedge i. i < lo \implies xs''!i = xs''!i \rangle \langle \bigwedge j. [p - Suc 0 < j; j < \text{length } xs] \implies xs''!j = xs''!j \rangle$ 
using IH1' by (auto simp add: quicksort-post-def)
note IH1-perm = quicksort-post-set[OF IH1']
have IH2: {mset xs''' = mset xs''} {sorted-sublist-map R h xs''' (Suc p) hi}
 $\langle \bigwedge i. i < Suc p \implies xs''!i = xs''!i \rangle \langle \bigwedge j. [hi < j; j < \text{length } xs'] \implies xs''!j = xs''!j \rangle$ 
using IH2' by (auto simp add: quicksort-post-def)
note IH2-perm = quicksort-post-set[OF IH2']

```

We still have a partition after the first call (same as in case 5)

```

have still-partition1: {isPartition-map R h xs'' lo hi p}
proof(intro isPartition-wrtI)
fix i assume {lo ≤ i} {i < p}

```

Obtain the position  $posI$  where  $xs''!i$  was stored in  $xs'$ .

```

have {xs''!i ∈ set (sublist xs'' lo (p - Suc 0))}
by (metis (no-types, lifting) IH1(1) Suc-leI Suc-pred {i < p} {lo ≤ i} le-less-trans less-imp-diff-less
mset-eq-length not-le not-less-zero part(1) part(5) pre(2) sublist-el')
then have {xs''!i ∈ set (sublist xs' lo (p - Suc 0))}
by (metis IH1-perm ifs(1) le-less-trans less-imp-diff-less mset-eq-length nat-le-linear part(1)
part(5) pre(2))
then have {∃ posI. lo ≤ posI ∧ posI ≤ p - Suc 0 ∧ xs''!i = xs''!posI}
proof -- sledgehammer
have p = Suc 0 < length xs
by (meson diff-le-self le-less-trans part(5) pre(2))
then show ?thesis
by (metis (no-types) {xs''!i ∈ set (sublist xs' lo (p - Suc 0))} ifs(1) mset-eq-length nat-le-linear
part(1) sublist-el')
qed
then obtain posI :: nat where PosI: {lo ≤ posI} {posI ≤ p - Suc 0} {xs''!i = xs''!posI} by blast
then show {R (h (xs''!i)) (h (xs''!p))}
by (metis (no-types, lifting) IH1(4) {i < p} diff-Suc-less isPartition-wrt-def le-less-trans
mset-eq-length not-le not-less-eq part(1) part(3) part(5) pre(2) zero-less-Suc)
next
fix j assume {p < j} {j ≤ hi}
then show {R (h (xs''!p)) (h (xs''!j))}

```

This holds because this part hasn't changed

```

by (smt (verit) IH1(4) add-diff-cancel-left' add-diff-inverse-nat diff-Suc-eq-diff-pred diff-le-self
ifs(1) isPartition-wrt-def le-less-Suc-eq less-le-trans mset-eq-length nat-less-le part(1) part(3) part(4)
plus-1-eq-Suc pre(2))
qed

```

We still have a partition after the second call (similar as in case 3)

```

have still-partition2: {isPartition-map R h xs''' lo hi p}
proof(intro isPartition-wrtI)
fix i assume {lo ≤ i} {i < p}
show {R (h (xs'''!i)) (h (xs'''!p))}

```

This holds because this part hasn't changed

```

using IH2(3) {i < p} {lo ≤ i} isPartition-wrt-def still-partition1 by fastforce
next
fix j assume {p < j} {j ≤ hi}

```

Obtain the position  $posJ$  where  $xs'''!j$  was stored in  $xs'''$ .

```

have <xs'''!j ∈ set (sublist xs''' (Suc p) hi)>
  by (metis IH1(1) IH2(1) Suc-leI ‹j ≤ hi› ‹p < j› ifs(2) nat-le-linear part(1) pre(2) size-mset
sublist-el')
  then have <xs'''!j ∈ set (sublist xs'' (Suc p) hi)>
    by (metis IH1(1) IH2-perm ifs(2) mset-eq-length nat-le-linear part(1) pre(2))
  then have <∃ posJ. Suc p ≤ posJ ∧ posJ ≤ hi ∧ xs'''!j = xs'''!posJ>
    by (metis IH1(1) ifs(2) mset-eq-length nat-le-linear part(1) pre(2) sublist-el')
  then obtain posJ :: nat where PosJ: <Suc p ≤ posJ› <posJ ≤ hi› <xs'''!j = xs'''!posJ› by blast
  then show <R (h (xs''' ! p)) (h (xs''' ! j))>
  proof — sledgehammer
    have ∀ n na as p. (p (as ! na::'a) (as ! posJ) ∨ posJ ≤ na) ∨ ¬ isPartition-wrt p as n hi na
      by (metis (no-types) PosJ(2) isPartition-wrt-def not-less)
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis IH2(3) PosJ(1) PosJ(3) lessI not-less-eq-eq still-partition1)
  qed
qed

```

We have that the lower part is sorted after the first recursive call

```
note sorted-lower1 = IH1(2)
```

We show that it is still sorted after the second call.

```

have sorted-lower2: <sorted-sublist-map R h xs''' lo (p-Suc 0)>
proof —
  show ?thesis
  using sorted-lower1 apply (rule sorted-wrt-lower-sublist-still-sorted)
  subgoal by (rule part)
  subgoal
    using IH1(1) mset-eq-length part(1) part(5) pre(2) by fastforce
  subgoal
    by (simp add: IH2(3))
  subgoal
    by (metis IH2(1) size-mset)
  done
qed

```

The second IH gives us the the upper list is sorted after the second recursive call

```
note sorted-upper2 = IH2(2)
```

Finally, we have to show that the entire list is sorted after the second recursive call.

```

have sorted-middle: <sorted-sublist-map R h xs''' lo hi>
proof —
  show ?thesis
  apply (rule merge-sorted-map-partitions[where p=p])
  subgoal by (rule trans)
  subgoal by (rule still-partition2)
  subgoal by (rule sorted-lower2)
  subgoal by (rule sorted-upper2)
  subgoal using pre(1) by auto
  subgoal by (simp add: part(4))
  subgoal by (simp add: part(5))
  subgoal by (metis IH1(1) IH2(1) part(1) pre(2) size-mset)
  done
qed

```

```

show ?thesis
proof (intro quicksort-postI)
  show ‹mset xs''' = mset xs›
    by (simp add: IH1(1) IH2(1) part(1))
next
  show ‹sorted-sublist-map R h xs''' lo hi›
    by (rule sorted-middle)
next
  show ‹!i. i < lo ==> xs''' ! i = xs ! i›
    using IH1(3) IH2(3) part(4) part(6) by auto
next
  show ‹!j. hi < j ==> j < length xs ==> xs''' ! j = xs ! j›
    by (metis IH1(1) IH1(4) IH2(4) diff-le-self ifs(2) le-SucI less-le-trans nat-le-eq-or-lt not-less
part(1) part(7) size-mset)
qed

qed

```

We can now show the correctness of the abstract quicksort procedure, using the refinement framework and the above case lemmas.

```

lemma quicksort-correct:
  assumes trans: ‹!x y z. [R (h x) (h y); R (h y) (h z)] ==> R (h x) (h z)› and lin: ‹!x y. x ≠ y ==>
R (h x) (h y) ∨ R (h y) (h x)›
  and Pre: ‹lo0 ≤ hi0› ‹hi0 < length xs0›
  shows ‹quicksort R h (lo0,hi0,xs0) ≤ ↓ Id (SPEC(λxs. quicksort-post R h lo0 hi0 xs0 xs))›
proof –
  have wf: ‹wf (measure (λ(lo, hi, xs). Suc hi - lo))›
    by auto
  define pre where ‹pre = (λ(lo,hi,xs). quicksort-pre R h xs0 lo hi xs)›
  define post where ‹post = (λ(lo,hi,xs). quicksort-post R h lo hi xs)›
  have pre: ‹pre (lo0,hi0,xs0)›
    unfolding quicksort-pre-def pre-def by (simp add: Pre)

```

We first generalize the goal a over all states.

```

have ‹WB-Sort.quicksort R h (lo0,hi0,xs0) ≤ ↓ Id (SPEC (post (lo0,hi0,xs0)))›
  unfolding quicksort-def prod.case
  apply (rule RECT-rule)
    apply (refine-mono)
    apply (rule wf)
    apply (rule pre)
  subgoal premises IH for f x
    apply (refine-vcg ASSERT-leI)
    unfolding pre-def post-def

  subgoal — First premise (assertion) for partition
    using IH(2) by (simp add: quicksort-pre-def pre-def)
  subgoal — Second premise (assertion) for partition
    using IH(2) by (simp add: quicksort-pre-def pre-def)
  subgoal
    using IH(2) by (auto simp add: quicksort-pre-def pre-def dest: mset-eq-setD)

```

Termination case:  $p - 1 \leq lo'$  and  $hi' \leq p + 1$ ; directly show postcondition

```

subgoal unfolding partition-spec-def by (auto dest: mset-eq-setD)
subgoal — Postcondition (after partition)
  apply –

```

```

using IH(2) unfolding pre-def apply (simp, elim conjE, split prod.splits)
using trans lin apply (rule quicksort-correct-case1) by auto

```

Case  $p - 1 \leq lo'$  and  $hi' < p + 1$  (Only second recursive call)

```

subgoal
apply (rule IH(1)[THEN order-trans])

```

Show that the invariant holds for the second recursive call

```

subgoal
using IH(2) unfolding pre-def apply (simp, elim conjE, split prod.splits)
apply (rule quicksort-correct-case2) by auto

```

Wellfoundedness (easy)

```

subgoal by (auto simp add: quicksort-pre-def partition-spec-def)

```

Show that the postcondition holds

```

subgoal
apply (simp add: Misc.subset-Collect-conv post-def, intro allI impI, elim conjE)
using trans lin apply (rule quicksort-correct-case3)
using IH(2) unfolding pre-def by auto
done

```

Case: At least the first recursive call

```

subgoal
apply (rule IH(1)[THEN order-trans])

```

Show that the precondition holds for the first recursive call

```

subgoal
using IH(2) unfolding post-def apply (simp, elim conjE, split prod.splits) apply auto
apply (rule quicksort-correct-case4) by auto

```

Wellfoundedness for first recursive call (easy)

```

subgoal by (auto simp add: quicksort-pre-def partition-spec-def)

```

Simplify some refinement suff...

```

apply (simp add: Misc.subset-Collect-conv ASSERT-leI, intro allI impI conjI, elim conjE)
apply (rule ASSERT-leI)
apply (simp-all add: Misc.subset-Collect-conv ASSERT-leI)
subgoal unfolding quicksort-post-def pre-def post-def by (auto dest: mset-eq-setD)

```

Only the first recursive call: show postcondition

```

subgoal
using trans lin apply (rule quicksort-correct-case5)
using IH(2) unfolding pre-def post-def by auto

apply (rule ASSERT-leI)
subgoal unfolding quicksort-post-def pre-def post-def by (auto dest: mset-eq-setD)

```

Both recursive calls.

```

subgoal
apply (rule IH(1)[THEN order-trans])

```

Show precondition for second recursive call (after the first call)

```

subgoal
  unfolding pre-def post-def
  apply auto
  apply (rule quicksort-correct-case6)
  using IH(2) unfolding pre-def post-def by auto

```

Wellfoundedness for second recursive call (easy)

```
subgoal by (auto simp add: quicksort-pre-def partition-spec-def)
```

Show that the postcondition holds (after both recursive calls)

```

subgoal
  apply (simp add: Misc.subset-Collect-conv, intro allI impI, elim conjE)
  using trans lin apply (rule quicksort-correct-case7)
  using IH(2) unfolding pre-def post-def by auto
  done
  done
  done
  done

```

Finally, apply the generalized lemma to show the thesis.

```

then show ?thesis unfolding post-def by auto
qed

```

```

definition partition-main-inv :: <('b ⇒ 'b ⇒ bool) ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'b) ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a list ⇒ (nat × nat × 'a list) ⇒ bool> where
  ‹partition-main-inv R h lo hi xs0 p ≡
    case p of (i,j,xs) ⇒
      j < length xs ∧ j ≤ hi ∧ i < length xs ∧ lo ≤ i ∧ i ≤ j ∧ mset xs = mset xs0 ∧
      ( ∀ k. k ≥ lo ∧ k < i → R (h (xs!k)) (h (xs!hi))) ∧ — All elements from lo to i – 1 are smaller
      than the pivot
      ( ∀ k. k ≥ i ∧ k < j → R (h (xs!hi)) (h (xs!k))) ∧ — All elements from i to j – 1 are greater than
      the pivot
      ( ∀ k. k < lo → xs!k = xs0!k) ∧ — Everything below lo is unchanged
      ( ∀ k. k ≥ j ∧ k < length xs → xs!k = xs0!k) — All elements from j are unchanged (including
      everything above hi)
  ›

```

The main part of the partition function. The pivot is assumed to be the last element. This is exactly the "Lomuto partition scheme" partition function from Wikipedia.

```

definition partition-main :: <('b ⇒ 'b ⇒ bool) ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'b) ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a list ⇒ ('a list × nat)
nres> where
  ‹partition-main R h lo hi xs0 = do {
    ASSERT(hi < length xs0);
    pivot ← RETURN (h (xs0 ! hi));
    (i,j,xs) ← WHILETpartition-main-inv R h lo hi xs0 — We loop from j = lo to j = hi – 1.
    (λ(i,j,xs). j < hi)
    (λ(i,j,xs). do {
      ASSERT(i < length xs ∧ j < length xs);
      if R (h (xs!j)) pivot
    })
  }

```

```

    then RETURN (i+1, j+1, swap xs i j)
    else RETURN (i, j+1, xs)
  })
  (lo, lo, xs0); — i and j are both initialized to lo
  ASSERT(i < length xs ∧ j = hi ∧ lo ≤ i ∧ hi < length xs ∧ mset xs = mset xs0);
  RETURN (swap xs i hi, i)
}

```

**lemma** partition-main-correct:

**assumes** bounds:  $\langle hi < length xs \rangle \langle lo \leq hi \rangle$  **and**  
 $\text{trans: } \langle \bigwedge x y z. [R(hx)(hy); R(hy)(hz)] \implies R(hx)(hz) \rangle$  **and lin:**  $\langle \bigwedge x y. R(hx)(hy) \vee R(hy)(hx) \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle \text{partition-main } R h lo hi xs \leq \text{SPEC}(\lambda(xs', p)). mset xs = mset xs' \wedge$   
 $lo \leq p \wedge p \leq hi \wedge \text{isPartition-map } R h xs' lo hi p \wedge (\forall i. i < lo \longrightarrow xs'!i = xs!i) \wedge (\forall i. hi < i \wedge i < \text{length } xs' \longrightarrow xs'!i = xs!i) \rangle$

**proof** —

have K:  $\langle b \leq hi - Suc n \implies n > 0 \implies Suc n \leq hi \implies Suc b \leq hi - n \rangle$  **for** b hi n  
 by auto

have L:  $\langle \sim R(hx)(hy) \implies R(hy)(hx) \rangle$  **for** x y — Corollary of linearity  
 using assms by blast

have M:  $\langle a < Suc b \equiv a = b \vee a < b \rangle$  **for** a b  
 by linarith

have N:  $\langle (a::nat) \leq b \equiv a = b \vee a < b \rangle$  **for** a b  
 by arith

**show** ?thesis

**unfolding** partition-main-def choose-pivot-def

apply (refine-vcg WHILEIT-rule[**where**  $R = \langle \text{measure}(\lambda(i,j,xs). hi-j) \rangle$ ])

**subgoal** using assms by blast — We feed our assumption to the assertion

**subgoal** by auto — WF

**subgoal** — Invariant holds before the first iteration

**unfolding** partition-main-inv-def

using assms apply simp by linarith

**subgoal** unfolding partition-main-inv-def by simp

**subgoal** unfolding partition-main-inv-def by simp

**subgoal**

**unfolding** partition-main-inv-def

apply (auto dest: mset-eq-length)

done

**subgoal** unfolding partition-main-inv-def by (auto dest: mset-eq-length)

**subgoal**

**unfolding** partition-main-inv-def apply (auto dest: mset-eq-length)

by (metis L M mset-eq-length nat-le-eq-or-lt)

**subgoal** unfolding partition-main-inv-def by simp — assertions, etc

**subgoal** unfolding partition-main-inv-def by simp

**subgoal** unfolding partition-main-inv-def by (auto dest: mset-eq-length)

**subgoal** unfolding partition-main-inv-def by simp

**subgoal** unfolding partition-main-inv-def by (auto dest: mset-eq-length)

**subgoal** unfolding partition-main-inv-def by (auto dest: mset-eq-length)

**subgoal** unfolding partition-main-inv-def by (auto dest: mset-eq-length)

**subgoal** unfolding partition-main-inv-def by simp

**subgoal** unfolding partition-main-inv-def by simp

```

subgoal — After the last iteration, we have a partitioning! :-)
  unfolding partition-main-inv-def by (auto simp add: isPartition-wrt-def)
subgoal — And the lower out-of-bounds parts of the list haven't been changed
  unfolding partition-main-inv-def by auto
subgoal — And the upper out-of-bounds parts of the list haven't been changed
  unfolding partition-main-inv-def by auto
done
qed

```

```

definition partition-between ::  $\langle ('b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow ('a \text{ list} \times \text{nat}) \rangle$ 
nres where
   $\langle \text{partition-between } R h lo hi xs0 = \text{do } \{$ 
     $\text{ASSERT}(hi < \text{length } xs0 \wedge lo \leq hi);$ 
     $k \leftarrow \text{choose-pivot } R h xs0 lo hi; \text{ — choice of pivot}$ 
     $\text{ASSERT}(k < \text{length } xs0);$ 
     $xs \leftarrow \text{RETURN } (\text{swap } xs0 k hi); \text{ — move the pivot to the last position, before we start the actual}$ 
     $\text{loop}$ 
     $\text{ASSERT}(\text{length } xs = \text{length } xs0);$ 
     $\text{partition-main } R h lo hi xs$ 
   $\} \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma partition-between-correct:
assumes  $\langle hi < \text{length } xs \rangle$  and  $\langle lo \leq hi \rangle$  and
 $\langle \forall x y z. [R(hx)(hy); R(hy)(hz)] \implies R(hx)(hz) \rangle$  and  $\langle \forall x y. R(hx)(hy) \vee R(hy)(hx) \rangle$ 
shows  $\langle \text{partition-between } R h lo hi xs \leq \text{SPEC}(\text{uncurry } (\text{partition-spec } R h xs lo hi)) \rangle$ 
proof —
  have  $K: \langle b \leq hi - \text{Suc } n \implies n > 0 \implies \text{Suc } n \leq hi \implies \text{Suc } b \leq hi - n \rangle$  for  $b hi n$ 
    by auto
  show ?thesis
    unfolding partition-between-def choose-pivot-def
    apply (refine-vcg partition-main-correct)
    using assms apply (auto dest: mset-eq-length simp add: partition-spec-def)
    by (metis dual-order.strict-trans2 less-imp-not-eq2 mset-eq-length swap-nth)
  qed

```

We use the median of the first, the middle, and the last element.

```

definition choose-pivot3 where
   $\langle \text{choose-pivot3 } R h xs lo (hi::nat) = \text{do } \{$ 
     $\text{ASSERT}(lo < \text{length } xs);$ 
     $\text{ASSERT}(hi < \text{length } xs);$ 
     $\text{let } k' = (hi - lo) \text{ div } 2;$ 
     $\text{let } k = lo + k';$ 
     $\text{ASSERT}(k < \text{length } xs);$ 
     $\text{let } start = h(xs ! lo);$ 
     $\text{let } mid = h(xs ! k);$ 
     $\text{let } end = h(xs ! hi);$ 
     $\text{if } (R start mid \wedge R mid end) \vee (R end mid \wedge R mid start) \text{ then RETURN } k$ 
     $\text{else if } (R start end \wedge R end mid) \vee (R mid end \wedge R end start) \text{ then RETURN } hi$ 
     $\text{else RETURN } lo$ 
   $\} \rangle$ 

```

— We only have to show that this procedure yields a valid index between *lo* and *hi*.

```

lemma choose-pivot3-choose-pivot:
  assumes  $\langle lo < \text{length } xs \rangle \langle hi < \text{length } xs \rangle \langle hi \geq lo \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle \text{choose-pivot3 } R h xs lo hi \leq \Downarrow \text{Id} (\text{choose-pivot } R h xs lo hi) \rangle$ 
  unfolding choose-pivot3-def choose-pivot-def
  using assms by (auto intro!: ASSERT-leI simp: Let-def)

```

The refined partition function: We use the above pivot function and fold instead of non-deterministic iteration.

```

definition partition-between-ref
  ::  $\langle ('b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow ('a \text{ list} \times \text{nat}) \text{ nres} \rangle$ 
where
   $\langle \text{partition-between-ref } R h lo hi xs0 = \text{do} \{$ 
     $\text{ASSERT}(hi < \text{length } xs0 \wedge hi < \text{length } xs0 \wedge lo \leq hi);$ 
     $k \leftarrow \text{choose-pivot3 } R h xs0 lo hi; \text{ — choice of pivot}$ 
     $\text{ASSERT}(k < \text{length } xs0);$ 
     $xs \leftarrow \text{RETURN } (\text{swap } xs0 k hi); \text{ — move the pivot to the last position, before we start the actual loop}$ 
     $\text{ASSERT}(\text{length } xs = \text{length } xs0);$ 
     $\text{partition-main } R h lo hi xs$ 
   $\} \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma partition-main-ref':
   $\langle \text{partition-main } R h lo hi xs$ 
   $\leq \Downarrow ((\lambda a b c d. \text{Id}) a b c d) (\text{partition-main } R h lo hi xs) \rangle$ 
  by auto

```

```

lemma Down-id-eq:
   $\langle \Downarrow \text{Id } x = x \rangle$ 
  by auto

lemma partition-between-ref-partition-between:
   $\langle \text{partition-between-ref } R h lo hi xs \leq (\text{partition-between } R h lo hi xs) \rangle$ 
proof –
  have swap:  $\langle (\text{swap } xs k hi, \text{swap } xs ka hi) \in \text{Id} \rangle$  if  $\langle k = ka \rangle$ 
  for k ka
  using that by auto
  have [refine0]:  $\langle (h (xsa ! hi), h (xsaa ! hi)) \in \text{Id} \rangle$ 
  if  $\langle (xsa, xsaa) \in \text{Id} \rangle$ 
  for xsa xsaa
  using that by auto

  show ?thesis
  apply (subst (2) Down-id-eq[symmetric])
  unfolding partition-between-ref-def
  partition-between-def
  OP-def
  apply (refine-vcg choose-pivot3-choose-pivot swap partition-main-correct)
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal by auto

```

```

subgoal by auto
subgoal by auto
subgoal by auto
subgoal by auto
by (auto intro: Refine-Basic.Id-refine dest: mset-eq-length)
qed

```

Technical lemma for sepref

```

lemma partition-between-ref-partition-between':
⟨(uncurry2 (partition-between-ref R h), uncurry2 (partition-between R h)) ∈
(nat-rel ×r nat-rel) ×r ⟨Id⟩list-rel →f ⟨⟨Id⟩list-rel ×r nat-rel⟩nres-rel⟩
by (intro frefI nres-relI)
(auto intro: partition-between-ref-partition-between)

```

Example instantiation for pivot

```

definition choose-pivot3-impl where
⟨choose-pivot3-impl = choose-pivot3 (≤) id⟩

```

```

lemma partition-between-ref-correct:
assumes trans: ⟨ $\bigwedge x y z. [R(hx)(hy); R(hy)(hz)] \implies R(hx)(hz)$ ⟩ and lin: ⟨ $\bigwedge x y. R(hx)(hy) \vee R(hy)(hx)$ ⟩
and bounds: ⟨ $hi < length xs$ ⟩ ⟨ $lo \leq hi$ ⟩
shows ⟨partition-between-ref R h lo hi xs ≤ SPEC (uncurry (partition-spec R h xs lo hi))⟩
proof –
show ?thesis
apply (rule partition-between-ref-partition-between[THEN order-trans])
using bounds apply (rule partition-between-correct[where h=h])
subgoal by (rule trans)
subgoal by (rule lin)
done
qed

```

Refined quicksort algorithm: We use the refined partition function.

```

definition quicksort-ref :: ⟨- ⇒ - ⇒ nat × nat × 'a list ⇒ 'a list nres⟩ where
⟨quicksort-ref R h = ( $\lambda(lo, hi, xs0).$ 
do {
  RECT ( $\lambda f (lo, hi, xs).$  do {
    ASSERT( $lo \leq hi \wedge hi < length xs0 \wedge mset xs = mset xs0$ );
     $(xs, p) \leftarrow partition-between-ref R h lo hi xs;$  — This is the refined partition function. Note that we
    need the premises (trans,lin,bounds) here.
    ASSERT( $mset xs = mset xs0 \wedge p \geq lo \wedge p < length xs0$ );
     $xs \leftarrow (if p-1 \leq lo then RETURN xs else f (lo, p-1, xs));$ 
    ASSERT( $mset xs = mset xs0$ );
     $if hi \leq p+1 then RETURN xs else f (p+1, hi, xs)$ 
  }) ( $lo, hi, xs0$ )
})⟩

```

```

lemma fref-to-Down-curry2:
⟨(uncurry2 f, uncurry2 g) ∈ [P]f A → ⟨B⟩nres-rel ⟹
( $\bigwedge x x' y y' z z'. P((x', y'), z') \implies (((x, y), z), ((x', y'), z')) \in A \implies$ 
 $f x y z \leq \Downarrow B(g x' y' z')$ )⟩
unfolding fref-def uncurry-def nres-rel-def

```

by auto

**lemma** *fref-to-Down-curried*:

$$\langle (f, g) \in [P]_f A \rightarrow \langle B \rangle nres\text{-rel} \Rightarrow \\ (\bigwedge x x'. P x' \Rightarrow (x, x') \in A \Rightarrow \\ f x \leq \Downarrow B (g x')) \rangle$$

**unfolding** *fref-def uncurry-def nres-rel-def*

by auto

**lemma** *quicksort-ref-quicksort*:

**assumes** *bounds*:  $\langle hi < length xs \rangle \langle lo \leq hi \rangle$  **and**

*trans*:  $\langle \bigwedge x y z. [R (h x) (h y); R (h y) (h z)] \Rightarrow R (h x) (h z) \rangle$  **and** *lin*:  $\langle \bigwedge x y. R (h x) (h y) \vee R (h y) (h x) \rangle$

**shows**  $\langle quicksort\text{-ref } R h x0 \leq \Downarrow Id (quicksort R h x0) \rangle$

**proof** –

have *wf*:  $\langle wf (measure (\lambda(lo, hi, xs). Suc hi - lo)) \rangle$

by auto

have *pre*:  $\langle x0 = x0' \Rightarrow (x0, x0') \in Id \times_r Id \times_r \langle Id \rangle list\text{-rel} \rangle$  **for**  $x0 x0' :: \langle nat \times nat \times 'b list \rangle$

by auto

have [*refine0*]:  $\langle (x1e = x1d) \Rightarrow (x1e, x1d) \in Id \rangle$  **for**  $x1e x1d :: \langle 'b list \rangle$

by auto

**show** ?thesis

**unfolding** *quicksort-def quicksort-ref-def*

**apply** (*refine-vcg pre partition-between-ref-partition-between*'[THEN *fref-to-Down-curried2*])

First assertion (premise for partition)

**subgoal**

by auto

First assertion (premise for partition)

**subgoal**

by auto

**subgoal**

by (auto dest: mset-eq-length)

**subgoal**

by (auto dest: mset-eq-length mset-eq-setD)

Correctness of the concrete partition function

**subgoal**

apply (simp, rule partition-between-ref-correct)

**subgoal** by (rule trans)

**subgoal** by (rule lin)

**subgoal** by auto — first premise

**subgoal** by auto — second premise

done

**subgoal**

by (auto dest: mset-eq-length mset-eq-setD)

**subgoal** by (auto simp: partition-spec-def isPartition-wrt-def)

**subgoal** by (auto simp: partition-spec-def isPartition-wrt-def dest: mset-eq-length)

**subgoal**

by (auto dest: mset-eq-length mset-eq-setD)

**subgoal**

```

by (auto dest: mset-eq-length mset-eq-setD)
subgoal
  by (auto dest: mset-eq-length mset-eq-setD)
subgoal
  by (auto dest: mset-eq-length mset-eq-setD)

by simp+
qed

— Sort the entire list
definition full-quicksort where
  ‹full-quicksort R h xs ≡ if xs = [] then RETURN xs else quicksort R h (0, length xs - 1, xs)›

definition full-quicksort-ref where
  ‹full-quicksort-ref R h xs ≡
    if List.null xs then RETURN xs
    else quicksort-ref R h (0, length xs - 1, xs)›

definition full-quicksort-impl :: ‹nat list ⇒ nat list nres› where
  ‹full-quicksort-impl xs = full-quicksort-ref (≤) id xs›

lemma full-quicksort-ref-full-quicksort:
  assumes trans: ‹∀ x y z. [R (h x) (h y); R (h y) (h z)] ⇒ R (h x) (h z)› and lin: ‹∀x y. R (h x) (h y) ∨ R (h y) (h x)›
  shows ‹(full-quicksort-ref R h, full-quicksort R h) ∈
    (Id)list-rel → f (⟨Id⟩list-rel) nres-rel›

proof –
  show ?thesis
    unfolding full-quicksort-ref-def full-quicksort-def
    apply (intro frefI nres-relI)
    apply (auto intro!: quicksort-ref-quicksort[unfolded Down-id-eq] simp: List.null-def)
    subgoal by (rule trans)
    subgoal using lin by blast
    done
qed

lemma sublist-entire:
  ‹sublist xs 0 (length xs - 1) = xs›
  by (simp add: sublist-def)

lemma sorted-sublist-wrt-entire:
  assumes ‹sorted-sublist-wrt R xs 0 (length xs - 1)›
  shows ‹sorted-wrt R xs›

proof –
  have ‹sorted-wrt R (sublist xs 0 (length xs - 1))›
  using assms by (simp add: sorted-sublist-wrt-def )
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis sublist-entire)
qed

lemma sorted-sublist-map-entire:
  assumes ‹sorted-sublist-map R h xs 0 (length xs - 1)›
  shows ‹sorted-wrt (λ x y. R (h x) (h y)) xs›

```

```

proof -
  show ?thesis
    using assms by (rule sorted-sublist-wrt-entire)
qed

Final correctness lemma

theorem full-quicksort-correct-sorted:
  assumes
    trans:  $\langle \forall x y z. [R(hx)(hy); R(hy)(hz)] \implies R(hx)(hz) \rangle$  and lin:  $\langle \forall x y. x \neq y \implies R(hx)(hy) \vee R(hy)(hx) \rangle$ 
    shows  $\langle \text{full-quicksort } R h xs \leq \Downarrow \text{Id } (\text{SPEC}(\lambda xs'. mset xs' = mset xs \wedge \text{sorted-wrt } (\lambda x y. R(hx)(hy))) xs') \rangle$ 
proof -
  show ?thesis
    unfolding full-quicksort-def
    apply (refine-vcg)
    subgoal by simp — case xs= []
    subgoal by simp — case xs= []

    apply (rule quicksort-correct[THEN order-trans])
    subgoal by (rule trans)
    subgoal by (rule lin)
    subgoal by linarith
    subgoal by simp

    apply (simp add: Misc.subset-Collect-conv, intro allI impI conjI)
    subgoal
      by (auto simp add: quicksort-post-def)
    subgoal
      apply (rule sorted-sublist-map-entire)
      by (auto simp add: quicksort-post-def dest: mset-eq-length)
    done
qed

lemma full-quicksort-correct:
  assumes
    trans:  $\langle \forall x y z. [R(hx)(hy); R(hy)(hz)] \implies R(hx)(hz) \rangle$  and
    lin:  $\langle \forall x y. R(hx)(hy) \vee R(hy)(hx) \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle \text{full-quicksort } R h xs \leq \Downarrow \text{Id } (\text{SPEC}(\lambda xs'. mset xs' = mset xs)) \rangle$ 
  by (rule order-trans[OF full-quicksort-correct-sorted])
    (use assms in auto)

end

theory More-Loops
imports
  Refine-Monadic.Refine-While
  Refine-Monadic.Refine-Foreach
  HOL-Library.Rewrite
begin

```

### 3.3 More Theorem about Loops

Most theorem below have a counterpart in the Refinement Framework that is weaker (by missing assertions for example that are critical for code generation).

```

lemma Down-id-eq:
   $\Downarrow Id\ x = x$ 
  by auto

lemma while-upt WHILE-direct1:
   $b \geq a \implies$ 
   $\text{do } \{$ 
     $(-, \sigma) \leftarrow \text{WHILE}_T (\text{FOREACH-cond } c) (\lambda x. \text{do } \{ \text{ASSERT } (\text{FOREACH-cond } c\ x); \text{FOREACH-body } f\ x \})$ 
     $([a..<b], \sigma);$ 
     $\text{RETURN } \sigma$ 
   $\} \leq \text{do } \{$ 
     $(-, \sigma) \leftarrow \text{WHILE}_T (\lambda(i, x). i < b \wedge c\ x) (\lambda(i, x). \text{do } \{ \text{ASSERT } (i < b); \sigma' \leftarrow f\ i\ x; \text{RETURN } (i+1, \sigma') \}) (a, \sigma);$ 
     $\text{RETURN } \sigma$ 
   $\}$ 
  apply (rewrite at  $\leftarrow \leq \Leftrightarrow$  Down-id-eq[symmetric])
  apply (refine-vcg WHILET-refine[where  $R = \langle \{(l, x'), (i::nat, x::'a)\}. x = x' \wedge i \leq b \wedge i \geq a \wedge l = \text{drop } (i-a) [a..<b]\} \rangle$ ])
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal by (auto simp: FOREACH-cond-def)
  subgoal by (auto simp: FOREACH-body-def intro!: bind-refine[OF Id-refine])
  subgoal by auto
  done

lemma while-upt WHILE-direct2:
   $b \geq a \implies$ 
   $\text{do } \{$ 
     $(-, \sigma) \leftarrow \text{WHILE}_T (\text{FOREACH-cond } c) (\lambda x. \text{do } \{ \text{ASSERT } (\text{FOREACH-cond } c\ x); \text{FOREACH-body } f\ x \})$ 
     $([a..<b], \sigma);$ 
     $\text{RETURN } \sigma$ 
   $\} \geq \text{do } \{$ 
     $(-, \sigma) \leftarrow \text{WHILE}_T (\lambda(i, x). i < b \wedge c\ x) (\lambda(i, x). \text{do } \{ \text{ASSERT } (i < b); \sigma' \leftarrow f\ i\ x; \text{RETURN } (i+1, \sigma') \}) (a, \sigma);$ 
     $\text{RETURN } \sigma$ 
   $\}$ 
  apply (rewrite at  $\leftarrow \leq \Leftrightarrow$  Down-id-eq[symmetric])
  apply (refine-vcg WHILET-refine[where  $R = \langle \{(i::nat, x::'a), (l, x')\}. x = x' \wedge i \leq b \wedge i \geq a \wedge l = \text{drop } (i-a) [a..<b]\} \rangle$ ])
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal by (auto simp: FOREACH-cond-def)
  subgoal by (auto simp: FOREACH-body-def intro!: bind-refine[OF Id-refine])
  subgoal by auto
  done

lemma while-upt WHILE-direct:
   $b \geq a \implies$ 
   $\text{do } \{$ 
     $(-, \sigma) \leftarrow \text{WHILE}_T (\text{FOREACH-cond } c) (\lambda x. \text{do } \{ \text{ASSERT } (\text{FOREACH-cond } c\ x); \text{FOREACH-body } f\ x \})$ 
     $([a..<b], \sigma);$ 
     $\text{RETURN } \sigma$ 
   $\} = \text{do } \{$ 

```

```

 $(-, \sigma) \leftarrow WHILE_T (\lambda(i, x). i < b \wedge c x) (\lambda(i, x). do \{ ASSERT (i < b); \sigma' \leftarrow f i x; RETURN (i+1, \sigma')\}) (a, \sigma);$ 
 $RETURN \sigma$ 
 $\}$ 
using while-up $t$ -while-direct1[of a b] while-up $t$ -while-direct2[of a b]
unfolding order-eq-iff by fast

lemma while-nfoldli:
 $do \{$ 
 $(-, \sigma) \leftarrow WHILE_T (FOREACH-cond c) (\lambda x. do \{ ASSERT (FOREACH-cond c x); FOREACH-body f x\}) (l, \sigma);$ 
 $RETURN \sigma$ 
 $\} \leq nfoldli l c f \sigma$ 
apply (induct l arbitrary:  $\sigma$ )
apply (subst WHILET-unfold)
apply (simp add: FOREACH-cond-def)

apply (subst WHILET-unfold)
apply (auto
      simp: FOREACH-cond-def FOREACH-body-def
      intro: bind-mono Refine-Basic.bind-mono(1))
done

lemma nfoldli-while: nfoldli l c f  $\sigma$ 
 $\leq$ 
 $(WHILE_T^I$ 
 $(FOREACH-cond c) (\lambda x. do \{ ASSERT (FOREACH-cond c x); FOREACH-body f x\}) (l, \sigma)$ 
 $\gg$ 
 $(\lambda(-, \sigma). RETURN \sigma))$ 
proof (induct l arbitrary:  $\sigma$ )
  case Nil thus ?case by (subst WHILEIT-unfold) (auto simp: FOREACH-cond-def)
next
  case (Cons x ls)
  show ?case
  proof (cases c  $\sigma$ )
    case False thus ?thesis
      apply (subst WHILEIT-unfold)
      unfolding FOREACH-cond-def
      by simp
next
  case [simp]: True
  from Cons show ?thesis
    apply (subst WHILEIT-unfold)
    unfolding FOREACH-cond-def FOREACH-body-def
    apply clar simp
    apply (rule Refine-Basic.bind-mono)
    apply simp-all
    done
  qed
qed

lemma while-eq-nfoldli: do {
 $(-, \sigma) \leftarrow WHILE_T (FOREACH-cond c) (\lambda x. do \{ ASSERT (FOREACH-cond c x); FOREACH-body f x\}) (l, \sigma);$ 
 $RETURN \sigma$ 
 $\} = nfoldli l c f \sigma$ 

```

```

apply (rule antisym)
apply (rule while-nfoldli)
apply (rule order-trans[OF nfoldli-while[where I=λ-. True]])
apply (simp add: WHILET-def)
done

end

```

```

theory PAC-Specification
imports PAC-More-Poly
begin

```

## 4 Specification of the PAC checker

### 4.1 Ideals

```

type-synonym int-poly = ⟨int mpoly⟩
definition polynomial-bool :: ⟨int-poly set⟩ where
  ⟨polynomial-bool = (λc. Var c ^ 2 - Var c) ` UNIV⟩

definition pac-ideal where
  ⟨pac-ideal A ≡ ideal (A ∪ polynomial-bool)⟩

lemma X2-X-in-pac-ideal:
  ⟨Var c ^ 2 - Var c ∈ pac-ideal A⟩
  unfolding polynomial-bool-def pac-ideal-def
  by (auto intro: ideal.span-base)

lemma pac-idealI1[intro]:
  ⟨p ∈ A ⇒ p ∈ pac-ideal A⟩
  unfolding pac-ideal-def
  by (auto intro: ideal.span-base)

lemma pac-idealI2[intro]:
  ⟨p ∈ ideal A ⇒ p ∈ pac-ideal A⟩
  using ideal.span-subspace-induct pac-ideal-def by blast

lemma pac-idealI3[intro]:
  ⟨p ∈ ideal A ⇒ p*q ∈ pac-ideal A⟩
  by (metis ideal.span-scale mult.commute pac-idealI2)

lemma pac-ideal-Xsq2-iff:
  ⟨Var c ^ 2 ∈ pac-ideal A ⇔ Var c ∈ pac-ideal A⟩
  unfolding pac-ideal-def
  apply (subst (2) ideal.span-add-eq[symmetric, OF X2-X-in-pac-ideal[of c, unfolded pac-ideal-def]])
  apply auto
  done

lemma diff-in-polynomial-bool-pac-idealI:
  assumes a1: p ∈ pac-ideal A
  assumes a2: p - p' ∈ More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool
  shows ⟨p' ∈ pac-ideal A⟩
proof -
  have insert p polynomial-bool ⊆ pac-ideal A
  using a1 unfolding pac-ideal-def by (meson ideal.span-superset insert-subset le-sup-iff)

```

```

then show ?thesis
using a2 unfolding pac-ideal-def by (metis (no-types) ideal.eq-span-insert-eq ideal.span-subset-spanI
ideal.span-superset insert-subset subsetD)
qed

lemma diff-in-polynomial-bool-pac-idealI2:
assumes a1:  $p \in A$ 
assumes a2:  $p - p' \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool}$ 
shows  $\langle p' \in \text{pac-ideal } A \rangle$ 
using diff-in-polynomial-bool-pac-idealI[OF - assms(2), of A] assms(1)
by (auto simp: ideal.span-base)

```

```

lemma pac-ideal-alt-def:
⟨pac-ideal A = ideal (A ∪ ideal polynomial-bool)⟩
unfolding pac-ideal-def
by (meson ideal.span-eq ideal.span-mono ideal.span-superset le-sup-iff subset-trans sup-ge2)

```

The equality on ideals is restricted to polynomials whose variable appear in the set of ideals.  
The function restrict sets:

```

definition restricted-ideal-to where
⟨restricted-ideal-to B A = {p ∈ A. vars p ⊆ B}⟩

```

```

abbreviation restricted-ideal-toI where
⟨restricted-ideal-toI B A ≡ restricted-ideal-to B (pac-ideal (set-mset A))⟩

```

```

abbreviation restricted-ideal-toV where
⟨restricted-ideal-toV B ≡ restricted-ideal-to (UN (vars ` set-mset B))⟩

```

```

abbreviation restricted-ideal-toV I where
⟨restricted-ideal-toV I B A ≡ restricted-ideal-to (UN (vars ` set-mset B)) (pac-ideal (set-mset A))⟩

```

```

lemma restricted-idealI:
⟨p ∈ pac-ideal (set-mset A) ⟹ vars p ⊆ C ⟹ p ∈ restricted-ideal-toI C A⟩
unfolding restricted-ideal-to-def
by auto

```

```

lemma pac-ideal-insert-already-in:
⟨pq ∈ pac-ideal (set-mset A) ⟹ pac-ideal (insert pq (set-mset A)) = pac-ideal (set-mset A)⟩
by (auto simp: pac-ideal-alt-def ideal.span-insert-idI)

```

```

lemma pac-ideal-add:
⟨p ∈# A ⟹ q ∈# A ⟹ p + q ∈ pac-ideal (set-mset A)⟩
by (simp add: ideal.span-add ideal.span-base pac-ideal-def)

```

```

lemma pac-ideal-mult:
⟨p ∈# A ⟹ p * q ∈ pac-ideal (set-mset A)⟩
by (simp add: ideal.span-base pac-idealI3)

```

```

lemma pac-ideal-mono:
⟨A ⊆ B ⟹ pac-ideal A ⊆ pac-ideal B⟩
using ideal.span-mono[of ⟨A ∪ -> ⟨B ∪ ->]
by (auto simp: pac-ideal-def intro: ideal.span-mono)

```

## 4.2 PAC Format

The PAC format contains three kind of steps:

- `add` that adds up two polynomials that are known.
- `mult` that multiply a known polynomial with another one.
- `del` that removes a polynomial that cannot be reused anymore.

To model the simplification that happens, we add the  $p - p' \in \text{polynomial-bool}$  stating that  $p$  and  $p'$  are equivalent.

**type-synonym**  $\text{pac-st} = \langle (\text{nat set} \times \text{int-poly multiset}) \rangle$

```
inductive PAC-Format :: <pac-st ⇒ pac-st ⇒ bool> where
  add:
    ⟨PAC-Format (V, A) (V, add-mset p' A)⟩
  if
    ⟨p ∈ # A⟩ ⟨q ∈ # A⟩
    ⟨p+q - p' ∈ ideal polynomial-bool⟩
    ⟨vars p' ⊆ V⟩ |
  mult:
    ⟨PAC-Format (V, A) (V, add-mset p' A)⟩
  if
    ⟨p ∈ # A⟩
    ⟨p*q - p' ∈ ideal polynomial-bool⟩
    ⟨vars p' ⊆ V⟩
    ⟨vars q ⊆ V⟩ |
  del:
    ⟨p ∈ # A ⇒ PAC-Format (V, A) (V, A - {#p#})⟩ |
  extend-pos:
    ⟨PAC-Format (V, A) (V ∪ {x' ∈ vars (-Var x + p'). x' ∉ V}, add-mset (-Var x + p') A)⟩
  if
    ⟨(p')^2 - p' ∈ ideal polynomial-bool⟩
    ⟨vars p' ⊆ V⟩
    ⟨x ∉ V⟩
```

In the PAC format above, we have a technical condition on the normalisation:  $\text{vars } p' \subseteq \text{vars } (p + q)$  is here to ensure that we don't normalise  $\theta$  to  $(\text{Var } x)^2 - \text{Var } x$  for a new variable  $x$ . This is completely obvious for the normalisation process we have in mind when we write the specification, but we must add it explicitly because we are too general.

**lemmas**  $\text{PAC-Format-induct-split} =$   
 $\text{PAC-Format.induct}[\text{split-format}(\text{complete}), \text{of } V A V' A' \text{ for } V A V' A]$

**lemma**  $\text{PAC-Format-induct}[\text{consumes } 1, \text{case-names add mult del ext}]:$

**assumes**

⟨PAC-Format (V, A) (V', A')⟩ **and**

**cases:**

⟨ $\bigwedge p q p' A V. p \in # A \Rightarrow q \in # A \Rightarrow p+q - p' \in \text{ideal polynomial-bool} \Rightarrow \text{vars } p' \subseteq V \Rightarrow P V A V' (add-mset p' A)$ ⟩  
 ⟨ $\bigwedge p q p' A V. p \in # A \Rightarrow p*q - p' \in \text{ideal polynomial-bool} \Rightarrow \text{vars } p' \subseteq V \Rightarrow \text{vars } q \subseteq V \Rightarrow P V A V' (add-mset p' A)$ ⟩  
 ⟨ $\bigwedge p A V. p \in # A \Rightarrow P V A V' (A - \{#p#\})$ ⟩  
 ⟨ $\bigwedge p' x r.$  ⟩

$(p')^{\wedge}2 - (p') \in \text{ideal polynomial-bool} \implies \text{vars } p' \subseteq \mathcal{V} \implies x \notin \mathcal{V} \implies P \mathcal{V} A (\mathcal{V} \cup \{x' \in \text{vars } (p' - \text{Var } x). x' \notin \mathcal{V}\}) (\text{add-mset } (p' - \text{Var } x) A)$

shows

$\langle P \mathcal{V} A \mathcal{V}' A' \rangle$

using `assms(1)` apply –

by (induct  $V \equiv \mathcal{V} A \equiv A \mathcal{V}' A'$  rule: PAC-Format-induct-split)

(auto intro: `assms(1)` cases)

The theorem below (based on the proof ideal by Manuel Kauers) is the correctness theorem of extensions. Remark that the assumption  $\text{vars } q \subseteq \mathcal{V}$  is only used to show that  $x' \notin \text{vars } q$ .

lemma `extensions-are-safe`:

assumes  $\langle x' \in \text{vars } p \rangle$  and

$x': \langle x' \notin \mathcal{V} \rangle$  and

$\bigcup (\text{vars } ' \text{ set-mset } A) \subseteq \mathcal{V}$  and

$p\text{-x-coeff}: \langle \text{coeff } p (\text{monomial } (\text{Suc } 0) x') = 1 \rangle$  and

$\text{vars-}q: \langle \text{vars } q \subseteq \mathcal{V} \rangle$  and

$q: \langle q \in \text{More-Modules.ideal } (\text{insert } p (\text{set-mset } A \cup \text{polynomial-bool})) \rangle$  and

$\text{leading}: \langle x' \notin \text{vars } (p - \text{Var } x') \rangle$  and

$\text{diff}: \langle (\text{Var } x' - p)^2 - (\text{Var } x' - p) \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \rangle$

shows

$\langle q \in \text{More-Modules.ideal } (\text{set-mset } A \cup \text{polynomial-bool}) \rangle$

proof –

define  $p'$  where  $\langle p' \equiv p - \text{Var } x' \rangle$

let  $?v = \langle \text{Var } x' :: \text{int mpoly} \rangle$

have  $p-p': \langle p = ?v + p' \rangle$

by (auto simp:  $p'$ -def)

define  $q'$  where  $\langle q' \equiv \text{Var } x' - p \rangle$

have  $q-q': \langle p = ?v - q' \rangle$

by (auto simp:  $q'$ -def)

have  $\text{diff}: \langle q'^{\wedge}2 - q' \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \rangle$

using  $\text{diff}$  unfolding  $q-q'$  by auto

have [simp]:  $\langle \text{vars } ((\text{Var } c)^2 - \text{Var } c :: \text{int mpoly}) = \{c\} \rangle$  for  $c$

apply (auto simp: vars-def Var-def Var<sub>0</sub>-def mpoly.MPoly-inverse keys-def lookup-minus-fun  
lookup-times-monomial-right single.rep-eq split: if-splits)

apply (auto simp: vars-def Var-def Var<sub>0</sub>-def mpoly.MPoly-inverse keys-def lookup-minus-fun  
lookup-times-monomial-right single.rep-eq when-def ac-simps adds-def lookup-plus-fun

power2-eq-square times-mpoly.rep-eq minus-mpoly.rep-eq split: if-splits)

apply (rule-tac  $x = \langle (2 :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow_0 \text{nat}) * \text{monomial } (\text{Suc } 0) c \rangle$  in exI)

apply (auto dest: monomial-0D simp: plus-eq-zero-2 lookup-plus-fun mult-2)

by (meson Suc-neq-Zero monomial-0D plus-eq-zero-2)

have eq:  $\langle \text{More-Modules.ideal } (\text{insert } p (\text{set-mset } A \cup \text{polynomial-bool})) =$

$\text{More-Modules.ideal } (\text{insert } p (\text{set-mset } A \cup (\lambda c. \text{Var } c^{\wedge}2 - \text{Var } c) ' \{c. c \neq x'\})) \rangle$

(is  $\langle ?A = ?B \rangle$  is  $\langle - = \text{More-Modules.ideal } ?\text{trimmed} \rangle$ )

proof –

let  $?C = \langle \text{insert } p (\text{set-mset } A \cup (\lambda c. \text{Var } c^{\wedge}2 - \text{Var } c) ' \{c. c \neq x'\}) \rangle$

let  $?D = \langle (\lambda c. \text{Var } c^{\wedge}2 - \text{Var } c) ' \{c. c \neq x'\} \rangle$

have  $\text{diff}: \langle q'^{\wedge}2 - q' \in \text{More-Modules.ideal } ?D \rangle$  (is  $\langle ?q \in - \rangle$ )

proof –

obtain  $r t$  where

$q: \langle ?q = (\sum a \in t. r a * a) \rangle$  and

$\text{fin-}t: \langle \text{finite } t \rangle$  and

$t: \langle t \subseteq \text{polynomial-bool} \rangle$

```

using diff unfolding ideal.span-explicit
by auto
show ?thesis
proof (cases ‹?v^2 - ?v ≠ t›)
  case True
    then show ‹?thesis›
      using q fin-t t unfolding ideal.span-explicit
      by (auto intro!: exI[of - ‹t - {?v^2 - ?v}›] exI[of - r]
           simp: polynomial-bool-def sum-diff1)
next
  case False
  define t' where ‹t' = t - {?v^2 - ?v}›
  have t-t': ‹t = insert (?v^2 - ?v) t'› and
    notin: ‹?v^2 - ?v ∉ t'› and
    ‹t' ⊆ (λc. Var c ^ 2 - Var c) ‘{c. c ≠ x'}›
    using False t unfolding t'-def polynomial-bool-def by auto
  have mon: ‹monom (monomial (Suc 0) x') 1 = Var x'›
    by (auto simp: coeff-def minus-mpoly.rep-eq Var-def Var_0-def monom-def
          times-mpoly.rep-eq lookup-minus lookup-times-monomial-right mpoly.MPoly-inverse)
  then have ‹∀a. ∃g h. r a = ?v * g + h ∧ x' ∉ vars h›
    using polynomial-split-on-var[of ‹r -> x'›]
    by metis
  then obtain g h where
    r: ‹r a = ?v * g a + h a› and
    x'-h: ‹x' ∉ vars (h a)› for a
    using polynomial-split-on-var[of ‹r a› x'›]
    by metis
  have ‹?q = ((∑ a∈t'. g a * a) + r (?v^2 - ?v) * (?v - 1)) * ?v + (∑ a∈t'. h a * a)›
    using fin-t notin unfolding t-t' q r
    by (auto simp: field-simps comm-monoid-add-class.sum.distrib
          power2-eq-square ideal.scale-left-commute sum-distrib-left)
  moreover have ‹x' ∉ vars ?q›
    by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) Groups.add-ac(2) Un-iff add-diff-cancel-left'
        diff-minus-eq-add in-mono leading q'-def semiring-normalization-rules(29)
        vars-in-right-only vars-mult)
  moreover { have ‹x' ∉ (Union m∈t' - {?v^2 - ?v}. vars (h m * m))›
    using fin-t x'-h vars-mult[of ‹h ->] ‹t ⊆ polynomial-bool›
    by (auto simp: polynomial-bool-def t-t' elim!: vars-unE)
    then have ‹x' ∉ vars (∑ a∈t'. h a * a)›
      using vars-setsum[of ‹t'› ‹λa. h a * a›] fin-t x'-h t notin
      by (auto simp: t-t')
  }
  ultimately have ‹?q = (∑ a∈t'. h a * a)›
    unfolding mon[symmetric]
    by (rule polynomial-decomp-alien-var(2)[unfolded])
  then show ?thesis
    using t fin-t ‹t ⊆ (λc. Var c ^ 2 - Var c) ‘{c. c ≠ x'}›
    unfolding ideal.span-explicit t-t'
    by auto
qed
qed
have eq1: ‹More-Modules.ideal (insert p (set-mset A ∪ polynomial-bool)) =
  More-Modules.ideal (insert (?v^2 - ?v) ?C)›
  (is ‹More-Modules.ideal - = More-Modules.ideal (insert - ?C)›)

```

```

by (rule arg-cong[of - - More-Modules.ideal])
  (auto simp: polynomial-bool-def)
moreover have  $\langle ?v^2 - ?v \in \text{More-Modules.ideal} \rangle$  C
proof -
  have  $\langle ?v - q' \in \text{More-Modules.ideal} \rangle$  C
    by (auto simp: q-q' ideal.span-base)
  from ideal.span-scale[OF this, of  $\langle ?v + q' - 1 \rangle$ ] have  $\langle (?v - q') * (?v + q' - 1) \in \text{More-Modules.ideal} \rangle$  C
  by (auto simp: field-simps)
  moreover have  $\langle q'^2 - q' \in \text{More-Modules.ideal} \rangle$  C
    using diff by (smt (verit) Un-insert-right ideal.span-mono insert-subset subsetD sup-ge2)
  ultimately have  $\langle (?v - q') * (?v + q' - 1) + (q'^2 - q') \in \text{More-Modules.ideal} \rangle$  C
    by (rule ideal.span-add)
  moreover have  $\langle ?v^2 - ?v = (?v - q') * (?v + q' - 1) + (q'^2 - q') \rangle$ 
    by (auto simp: p'-def q-q' field-simps power2-eq-square)
  ultimately show ?thesis by simp
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  using ideal.span-insert-idI by blast
qed

have  $\langle n < m \implies n > 0 \implies \exists q. ?v^n = ?v + q * (?v^2 - ?v) \rangle$  for n m :: nat
proof (induction m arbitrary: n)
  case 0
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Suc m n) note IH = this(1-)
  consider
     $\langle n < m \rangle \mid$ 
     $\langle m = n \rangle \langle n > 1 \rangle \mid$ 
     $\langle n = 1 \rangle$ 
    using IH
    by (cases  $\langle n < m \rangle$ ; cases n) auto
  then show ?case
  proof cases
    case 1
    then show ?thesis using IH by auto
  next
    case 2
    have eq:  $\langle ?v^n = ((?v :: \text{int mpoly}) ^ (n - 2)) * (?v^2 - ?v) + ?v^{n-1} \rangle$ 
      using 2 by (auto simp: field-simps power-eq-if
        ideal.scale-right-diff-distrib)
    obtain q where
      q:  $\langle ?v^{n-1} = ?v + q * (?v^2 - ?v) \rangle$ 
      using IH(1)[of  $\langle n - 1 \rangle$ ] 2
      by auto
    show ?thesis
      using q unfolding eq
      by (auto intro!: exI[of -  $\langle \text{Var } x' ^ (n - 2) + q \rangle$ ] simp: distrib-right)
  next
    case 3
    then show ?thesis
      by auto
  qed
qed

```

```

obtain r t where
q: <q = ( $\sum_{a \in t} r a * a$ )> and
fin-t: <finite t> and
t: <t ⊆ ?trimmed>
using q unfolding eq unfolding ideal.span-explicit
by auto

define t' where <t' ≡ t - {p}>
have t': <t = (if p ∈ t then insert p t' else t')> and
t'[simp]: <p ∉ t'>
unfolding t'-def by auto
show ?thesis
proof (cases <r p = 0 ∨ p ∉ t>)
case True
have
q: <q = ( $\sum_{a \in t'} r a * a$ )> and
fin-t: <finite t'> and
t: <t' ⊆ set-mset A ∪ polynomial-bool>
using q fin-t t True t"
apply (subst (asm) t')
apply (auto intro: sum.cong simp: sum.insert-remove t'-def)
using q fin-t t True t"
apply (auto intro: sum.cong simp: sum.insert-remove t'-def polynomial-bool-def)
done
then show ?thesis
by (auto simp: ideal.span-explicit)
next
case False
then have <r p ≠ 0> and <p ∈ t>
by auto
then have t: <t = insert p t'>
by (auto simp: t'-def)

have <x' ∉ vars (- p')>
using leading p'-def vars-in-right-only by fastforce
have mon: <monom (monomial (Suc 0) x') 1 = Var x'>
by (auto simp: coeff-def minus-mpoly.rep-eq Var-def Var0-def monom-def
times-mpoly.rep-eq lookup-minus lookup-times-monomial-right mpoly.MPoly-inverse)
then have <∀ a. ∃ g h. r a = (?v + p') * g + h ∧ x' ∉ vars h>
using polynomial-split-on-var2[of x' <-p'> <r ->] <x' ∉ vars (- p')>
by (metis diff-minus-eq-add)
then obtain g h where
r: <r a = p * g a + h a> and
x'-h: <x' ∉ vars (h a)> for a
using polynomial-split-on-var2[of x' p' <r a>] unfolding p-p'[symmetric]
by metis

have ISABELLE-come-on: <a * (p * g a) = p * (a * g a)> for a
by auto
have q1: <q = p * ( $\sum_{a \in t'} g a * a$ ) + ( $\sum_{a \in t'} h a * a$ ) + p * r p>
(is <- = - + ?NOx' + ->)
using fin-t t" unfolding q t ISABELLE-come-on r

```

```

apply (subst semiring-class.distrib-right)+  

apply (auto simp: comm-monoid-add-class.sum.distrib semigroup-mult-class.mult.assoc  

  ISABLE-come-on simp flip: semiring-0-class.sum-distrib-right  

  semiring-0-class.sum-distrib-left)  

by (auto simp: field-simps)  

also have ... = (( $\sum a \in t'$ . g a * a) + r p) * p + ( $\sum a \in t'$ . h a * a)  

  by (auto simp: field-simps)  

finally have q-decomp:  $q = ((\sum a \in t'. g a * a) + r p) * p + (\sum a \in t'. h a * a)$   

  (is  $q = ?X * p + ?NOx'$ ).  
  

have [iff]:  $\langle \text{monomial } (\text{Suc } 0) c = 0 - \text{monomial } (\text{Suc } 0) c = \text{False} \rangle$  for c  

  by (metis One-nat-def diff-is-0-eq' le-eq-less-or-eq less-Suc-eq-le monomial-0-iff single-diff zero-neq-one)  

have  $\langle x \in t' \implies x' \in \text{vars } x \implies \text{False} \rangle$  for x  

  using  $\langle t \subseteq ?\text{trimmed} \rangle$  t assms(2,3)  

apply (auto simp: polynomial_bool_def dest!: multi-member-split)  

apply (frule set-rev-mp)  

apply assumption  

apply (auto dest!: multi-member-split)  

done  

then have  $\langle x' \notin (\bigcup m \in t'. \text{vars } (h m * m)) \rangle$   

  using fin-t x'-h vars-mult[of  $\langle h \rightarrow \cdot \rangle$ ]  

  by (auto simp: t elim!: vars-unE)  

then have  $\langle x' \notin \text{vars } ?NOx' \rangle$   

  using vars-setsum[of  $\langle t' \rangle$   $\langle \lambda a. h a * a \rangle$ ] fin-t x'-h  

  by (auto simp: t)  
  

moreover {  

  have  $\langle x' \notin \text{vars } p' \rangle$   

  using assms(7)  

  unfolding p'-def  

  by auto  

then have  $\langle x' \notin \text{vars } (h p * p') \rangle$   

  using vars-mult[of  $\langle h p \rangle$  p'] x'-h  

  by auto  

}  

ultimately have  

 $\langle x' \notin \text{vars } q \rangle$   

 $\langle x' \notin \text{vars } ?NOx' \rangle$   

 $\langle x' \notin \text{vars } p' \rangle$   

using x' vars-q vars-add[of  $\langle h p * p' \rangle$   $\langle \sum a \in t'. h a * a \rangle$ ] x'-h  

  leading p'-def  

by auto  

then have  $\langle ?X = 0 \rangle$  and q-decomp:  $\langle q = ?NOx' \rangle$   

unfolding mon[symmetric] p-p'  

using polynomial-decomp-alien-var2[OF q-decomp[unfolded p-p' mon[symmetric]]]  

by auto  
  

then have  $\langle r p = (\sum a \in t'. (- g a) * a) \rangle$   

  (is  $\langle - = ?CL \rangle$ )  

unfolding add.assoc add-eq-0-iff equation-minus-iff  

by (auto simp: sum-negf ac-simps)  
  

then have q2:  $\langle q = (\sum a \in t'. a * (r a - p * g a)) \rangle$ 

```

```

using fin-t unfolding q
apply (auto simp: t r q
  comm-monoid-add-class.sum.distrib[symmetric]
  sum-distrib-left
  sum-distrib-right
  left-diff-distrib
  intro!: sum.cong)
apply (auto simp: field-simps)
done
then show ?thesis
using t fin-t {t ⊆ ?trimmed} unfolding ideal.span-explicit
by (auto intro!: exI[of - t] exI[of - λa. r a - p * g a]
  simp: field-simps polynomial_bool_def)
qed
qed

lemma extensions-are-safe-uminus:
assumes {x' ∈ vars p} and
{x': x' ∉ V} and
{UN (vars ` set-mset A) ⊆ V} and
p-x-coeff: {coeff p (monomial (Suc 0) x') = -1} and
vars-q: {vars q ⊆ V} and
q: {q ∈ More-Modules.ideal (insert p (set-mset A ∪ polynomial_bool))} and
leading: {x' ∉ vars (p + Var x')} and
diff: {(Var x' + p) ^ 2 - (Var x' + p) ∈ More-Modules.ideal polynomial_bool}
shows
{q ∈ More-Modules.ideal (set-mset A ∪ polynomial_bool)}
proof –
have {q ∈ More-Modules.ideal (insert (- p) (set-mset A ∪ polynomial_bool))}
by (metis ideal.span-breakdown_eq minus_mult_minus q)

then show ?thesis
using extensions-are-safe[of x' {-p} V A q] assms
using vars-in-right-only by force
qed

This is the correctness theorem of a PAC step: no polynomials are added to the ideal.

lemma vars-subst-in-left-only:
{x ∉ vars p ==> x ∈ vars (p - Var x)} for p :: int mpoly
by (metis One-nat-def Var.abs_eq Var_0_def group_eq_aux monom.abs_eq mult_numeral_1 polynomial_decomp_alien_var(1) zero_neq_numeral)

lemma vars-subst-in-left-only-diff-iff:
fixes p :: int mpoly
assumes {x ∉ vars p}
shows {vars (p - Var x) = insert x (vars p)}
proof –
have {Axa. x ∉ vars p ==> xa ∈ vars (p - Var x) ==> xa ∉ vars p ==> xa = x}
by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) diff_0_right diff_minus_eq_add empty_iff in_vars_addE insert_iff
  keys_single_minus_diff_eq monom_one mult_right_neutral one_neq_zero single_zero
  vars_monom_keys vars_mult_Var vars_uminus)
moreover have {Axa. x ∉ vars p ==> xa ∈ vars p ==> xa ∈ vars (p - Var x)}
by (metis add.inverse_inverse diff_minus_eq_add empty_iff insert_iff keys_single_minus_diff_eq
  monom_one mult_right_neutral one_neq_zero single_zero vars_in_right_only vars_monom_keys
  vars_mult_Var vars_uminus)

```

```

ultimately show ?thesis
  using assms
  by (auto simp: vars-subst-in-left-only)
qed

lemma vars-subst-in-left-only-iff:
  ‹ $x \notin \text{vars } p \implies \text{vars } (p + \text{Var } x) = \text{insert } x (\text{vars } p)$ › for  $p :: \langle \text{int mpoly} \rangle$ 
  using vars-subst-in-left-only-diff-iff[of  $x \leftarrow -p$ ]
  by (metis diff-0 diff-diff-add vars-uminus)

lemma coeff-add-right-notin:
  ‹ $x \notin \text{vars } p \implies \text{MPoly-Type.coeff } (\text{Var } x - p) (\text{monomial } (\text{Suc } 0) x) = 1$ ›
  apply (auto simp flip: coeff-minus simp: not-in-vars-coeff0)
  by (simp add: MPoly-Type.coeff-def Var.rep-eq Var0-def)

lemma coeff-add-left-notin:
  ‹ $x \notin \text{vars } p \implies \text{MPoly-Type.coeff } (p - \text{Var } x) (\text{monomial } (\text{Suc } 0) x) = -1$ › for  $p :: \langle \text{int mpoly} \rangle$ 
  apply (auto simp flip: coeff-minus simp: not-in-vars-coeff0)
  by (simp add: MPoly-Type.coeff-def Var.rep-eq Var0-def)

lemma ideal-insert-polynomial-bool-swap: ‹ $r - s \in \text{ideal polynomial-bool} \implies$ 
  More-Modules.ideal (insert r (A ∪ polynomial-bool)) = More-Modules.ideal (insert s (A ∪ polynomial-bool))›
  apply auto
  using ideal.eq-span-insert-eq ideal.span-mono sup-ge2 apply blast+
  done

lemma PAC-Format-subset-ideal:
  ‹PAC-Format (V, A) (V', B) ⟹ ∪(vars ` set-mset A) ⊆ V ⟹
  restricted-ideal-toI V B ⊆ restricted-ideal-toI V A ∧ V ⊆ V' ∧ ∪(vars ` set-mset B) ⊆ V'›
  unfolding restricted-ideal-to-def
  apply (induction rule:PAC-Format-induct)
  subgoal for p q pq A V
    using vars-add
    by (force simp: ideal.span-add-eq ideal.span-base pac-ideal-insert-already-in[OF diff-in-polynomial-bool-pac-idealI[of
      ‹p + q› ↪ pq]]]
      pac-ideal-add
      intro!: diff-in-polynomial-bool-pac-idealI[of ‹p + q› ↪ pq])
  subgoal for p q pq
    using vars-mult[of p q]
    by (force simp: ideal.span-add-eq ideal.span-base pac-ideal-mult
      pac-ideal-insert-already-in[OF diff-in-polynomial-bool-pac-idealI[of ‹p*q› ↪ pq]]))
  subgoal for p A
    using pac-ideal-mono[of ‹set-mset (A - {#p#})› ` set-mset A›]
    by (auto dest: in-diffD)
  subgoal for p x' r'
    apply (subgoal-tac ‹x' ∉ vars p›)
    using extensions-are-safe-uminus[of x' ← Var x' + p V A] unfolding pac-ideal-def
    apply (auto simp: vars-subst-in-left-only coeff-add-left-notin)
    done
  done

```

In general, if deletions are disallowed, then the stronger  $B = \text{pac-ideal } A$  holds.

```

lemma restricted-ideal-to-restricted-ideal-toID:
  ‹restricted-ideal-to V (set-mset A) ⊆ restricted-ideal-toI V A›

```

```
by (auto simp add: Collect-disj-eq pac-idealI1 restricted-ideal-to-def)
```

```
lemma rtranclp-PAC-Format-subset-ideal:
  ‹rtranclp PAC-Format (V, A) (V', B) ⟹ ⋃(vars ` set-mset A) ⊆ V ⟹
    restricted-ideal-to_I V B ⊆ restricted-ideal-to_I V A ∧ V ⊆ V' ∧ ⋃(vars ` set-mset B) ⊆ V'›
  apply (induction rule:rtranclp-induct[of PAC-Format ‹(-, -)› ‹(-, -)›, split-format(complete)])
  subgoal
    by (simp add: restricted-ideal-to-restricted-ideal-to_ID)
  subgoal
    by (drule PAC-Format-subset-ideal)
    (auto simp: restricted-ideal-to-def Collect-mono-iff)
  done
```

```
end
```

```
theory PAC-Map-Rel
imports
  Refine-Imperative-HOL.IICF Finite-Map-Multiset
begin
```

## 5 Hash-Map for finite mappings

This function declares hash-maps for ('a, 'b) fmap, that are nicer to use especially here where everything is finite.

**definition** fmap-rel **where**

```
[to-relAPP]:
fmap-rel K V ≡ {(m1, m2).
  (∀ i j. i |∈| fmdom m2 → (j, i) ∈ K → (the (fmlookup m1 j), the (fmlookup m2 i)) ∈ V) ∧
  fset (fmdom m1) ⊆ Domain K ∧ fset (fmdom m2) ⊆ Range K ∧
  (∀ i j. (i, j) ∈ K → j |∈| fmdom m2 ↔ i |∈| fmdom m1)}
```

**lemma** fmap-rel-alt-def:

```
⟨⟨K, V⟩fmap-rel ≡
  {(m1, m2).
    (∀ i j. i ∈# dom-m m2 →
      (j, i) ∈ K → (the (fmlookup m1 j), the (fmlookup m2 i)) ∈ V) ∧
    fset (fmdom m1) ⊆ Domain K ∧
    fset (fmdom m2) ⊆ Range K ∧
    (∀ i j. (i, j) ∈ K → (j ∈# dom-m m2) = (i ∈# dom-m m1))}
```

›

**unfolding** fmap-rel-def dom-m-def  
**by** auto

**lemma** fmdom-empty-fmempty-iff[simp]: ‹fmdom m = {} ↔ m = fmempty›  
**by** (metis fmdom-empty fmdrop-fset-fmdom fmdrop-fset-null)

**lemma** fmap-rel-empty1-simp[simp]:

```
(fmempty, m) ∈ ⟨K, V⟩fmap-rel ↔ m = fmempty
apply (cases ‹fmdom m = {}›)
apply (auto simp: fmap-rel-def[])
by (auto simp add: fmap-rel-def simp del: fmdom-empty-fmempty-iff)
```

```

lemma fmap-rel-empty2-simp[simp]:
   $(m, \text{fmempty}) \in \langle K, V \rangle \text{fmap-rel} \longleftrightarrow m = \text{fmempty}$ 
  apply (cases  $\langle \text{fmdom } m = \{\} \rangle$ )
  apply (auto simp: fmap-rel-def[])
  by (fastforce simp add: fmap-rel-def simp del: fmdom-empty-fmempty-iff)

```

**sepref-decl-intf** ('k,'v) f-map is ('k, 'v) fmap

```

lemma [synth-rules]:  $\llbracket \text{INTF-OF-REL } K \text{ TYPE('k)}; \text{INTF-OF-REL } V \text{ TYPE('v)} \rrbracket$ 
 $\implies \text{INTF-OF-REL } (\langle K, V \rangle \text{fmap-rel}) \text{ TYPE}((\text{'k}, \text{'v}) \text{ f-map})$  by simp

```

## 5.1 Operations

**sepref-decl-op** fmap-empty: fmempty ::  $\langle K, V \rangle \text{fmap-rel}$  .

```

sepref-decl-op fmap-is-empty: (=) fmempty ::  $\langle K, V \rangle \text{fmap-rel} \rightarrow \text{bool-rel}$ 
  apply (rule fref-ncI)
  apply parametricity
  apply (rule fun-relI; auto)
  done

```

```

lemma fmap-rel-fmupd-fmap-rel:
   $\langle (A, B) \in \langle K, R \rangle \text{fmap-rel} \implies (p, p') \in K \implies (q, q') \in R \implies$ 
   $(\text{fmupd } p \ q \ A, \text{fmupd } p' \ q' \ B) \in \langle K, R \rangle \text{fmap-rel} \rangle$ 
  if single-valued K single-valued ( $K^{-1}$ )
  using that
  unfolding fmap-rel-alt-def
  apply (case-tac  $\langle p' \in \# \text{dom-}m \ B \rangle$ )
  apply (auto simp add: all-conj-distrib IS-RIGHT-UNIQUED dest!: multi-member-split)
  done

```

```

sepref-decl-op fmap-update: fmupd ::  $K \rightarrow V \rightarrow \langle K, V \rangle \text{fmap-rel} \rightarrow \langle K, V \rangle \text{fmap-rel}$ 
  where single-valued K single-valued ( $K^{-1}$ )
  apply (rule fref-ncI)
  apply parametricity
  apply (intro fun-relI)
  by (rule fmap-rel-fmupd-fmap-rel)

```

```

lemma remove1-mset-eq-add-mset-iff:
   $\langle \text{remove1-mset } a \ A = \text{add-mset } a \ A' \longleftrightarrow A = \text{add-mset } a \ (\text{add-mset } a \ A') \rangle$ 
  by (metis add-mset-add-single add-mset-diff-bothsides diff-zero remove1-mset-eqE)

```

```

lemma fmap-rel-fmdrop-fmap-rel:
   $\langle (\text{fmdrop } p \ A, \text{fmdrop } p' \ B) \in \langle K, R \rangle \text{fmap-rel} \rangle$ 
  if single: single-valued K single-valued ( $K^{-1}$ ) and
    H0:  $\langle (A, B) \in \langle K, R \rangle \text{fmap-rel} \rangle \langle (p, p') \in K \rangle$ 
  proof –
    have H:  $\langle \bigwedge Aa j.$ 
       $\forall i. i \in \# \text{dom-}m \ B \longrightarrow (\forall j. (j, i) \in K \longrightarrow (\text{the } (\text{fmlookup } A \ j), \text{the } (\text{fmlookup } B \ i)) \in R) \implies$ 
       $\text{remove1-mset } p' \ (\text{dom-}m \ B) = \text{add-mset } p' \ Aa \implies (j, p') \in K \implies \text{False}$ 
      by (metis dom-m-fmdrop fmlookup-drop in-dom-m-lookup-iff union-single-eq-member)
    have H2:  $\langle \bigwedge i Aa j.$ 
       $(p, p') \in K \implies$ 

```

```

 $\forall i. i \in \# \text{dom-}m B \rightarrow (\forall j. (j, i) \in K \rightarrow (\text{the } (\text{fmlookup } A j), \text{the } (\text{fmlookup } B i)) \in R) \Rightarrow$ 
 $\forall i j. (i, j) \in K \rightarrow (j \in \# \text{dom-}m B) = (i \in \# \text{dom-}m A) \Rightarrow$ 
 $\text{remove1-}m\text{set } p'(\text{dom-}m B) = \text{add-}m\text{set } i Aa \Rightarrow$ 
 $(j, i) \in K \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\text{the } (\text{fmlookup } A j), \text{the } (\text{fmlookup } B i)) \in R \wedge j \in \# \text{remove1-}m\text{set } p(\text{dom-}m A) \wedge$ 
 $i \in \# \text{remove1-}m\text{set } p'(\text{dom-}m B)$ 
 $\langle \bigwedge i j Aa.$ 
 $(p, p') \in K \Rightarrow$ 
 $\text{single-valued } K \Rightarrow$ 
 $\text{single-valued } (K^{-1}) \Rightarrow$ 
 $\forall i. i \in \# \text{dom-}m B \rightarrow (\forall j. (j, i) \in K \rightarrow (\text{the } (\text{fmlookup } A j), \text{the } (\text{fmlookup } B i)) \in R) \Rightarrow$ 
 $\text{fset } (\text{fmdom } A) \subseteq \text{Domain } K \Rightarrow$ 
 $\text{fset } (\text{fmdom } B) \subseteq \text{Range } K \Rightarrow$ 
 $\forall i j. (i, j) \in K \rightarrow (j \in \# \text{dom-}m B) = (i \in \# \text{dom-}m A) \Rightarrow$ 
 $(i, j) \in K \Rightarrow \text{remove1-}m\text{set } p(\text{dom-}m A) = \text{add-}m\text{set } i Aa \Rightarrow j \in \# \text{remove1-}m\text{set } p'(\text{dom-}m B)$ 
using single
by (metis IS-RIGHT-UNIQUED converse.intros dom-m-fmdrop fmlookup-drop in-dom-m-lookup-iff
union-single-eq-member)+
show ⟨(fmdrop p A, fmdrop p' B) ∈ ⟨K, Rusing that
unfolding fmap-rel-alt-def
by (auto simp add: all-conj-distrib IS-RIGHT-UNIQUED
dest!: multi-member-split dest: H H2)
qed

sepref-decl-op fmap-delete: fmdrop :: K → ⟨K, VK, Vwhere single-valued K single-valued (K-1)
apply (rule fref-ncI)
apply parametricity
by (auto simp add: fmap-rel-fmdrop-fmap-rel)

lemma fmap-rel-nat-the-fmlookup[intro]:
⟨(A, B) ∈ ⟨S, Rp, p') ∈ S ⇒ p' ∈ # dom-m B ⇒
(the (fmlookup A p), the (fmlookup B p')) ∈ R
by (auto simp: fmap-rel-alt-def distinct-mset-dom)

lemma fmap-rel-in-dom-iff:
⟨(aa, a'a) ∈ ⟨K, Va, a') ∈ K ⇒
a' ∈ # dom-m a'a ↔
a ∈ # dom-m aa)
unfolding fmap-rel-alt-def
by auto

lemma fmap-rel-fmlookup-rel:
⟨(a, a') ∈ K ⇒ (aa, a'a) ∈ ⟨K, Vaa a, fmlookup a'a a') ∈ ⟨Vusing fmap-rel-nat-the-fmlookup[of aa a'a K V a a'']]
fmap-rel-in-dom-iff[of aa a'a K V a a'']]
in-dom-m-lookup-iff[of a'a a'a]
in-dom-m-lookup-iff[of a aa]
by (cases ⟨a' ∈ # dom-m a'a⟩)
(auto simp del: fmap-rel-nat-the-fmlookup)

```

```

sepref-decl-op fmap-lookup:  $\text{fmlookup} :: \langle K, V \rangle \text{fmap-rel} \rightarrow K \rightarrow \langle V \rangle \text{option-rel}$ 
  apply (rule fref-ncI)
  apply parametricity
  apply (intro fun-reII)
  apply (rule fmap-rel-fmlookup-rel; assumption)
  done

```

```

lemma in-fdom-alt:  $k \in \# \text{dom-}m \ m \longleftrightarrow \neg \text{is-None } (\text{fmlookup } m \ k)$ 
  by (auto split: option.split intro: fmdom-notI fmdomI simp: dom-m-def)

```

```

sepref-decl-op fmap-contains-key:  $\lambda k \ m. \ k \in \# \text{dom-}m \ m :: K \rightarrow \langle K, V \rangle \text{fmap-rel} \rightarrow \text{bool-rel}$ 
  unfolding in-fdom-alt
  apply (rule fref-ncI)
  apply parametricity
  apply (rule fmap-rel-fmlookup-rel; assumption)
  done

```

## 5.2 Patterns

```

lemma pat-fmap-empty[pat-rules]:  $\text{fmempty} \equiv \text{op-fmap-empty}$  by simp

```

```

lemma pat-map-is-empty[pat-rules]:
   $(=) \$m\$fmempty \equiv \text{op-fmap-is-empty\$m}$ 
   $(=) \$fmempty\$m \equiv \text{op-fmap-is-empty\$m}$ 
   $(=) \$\{\#\}(\text{dom-}m\$m)\$m \equiv \text{op-fmap-is-empty\$m}$ 
   $(=) \$\{\#\}(\text{dom-}m\$m) \equiv \text{op-fmap-is-empty\$m}$ 
  unfolding atomize-eq
  by (auto dest: sym)

```

```

lemma op-map-contains-key[pat-rules]:
   $(\in \#) \$k \$ (\text{dom-}m\$m) \equiv \text{op-fmap-contains-key\$'k\$'m}$ 
  by (auto intro!: eq-reflection)

```

## 5.3 Mapping to Normal Hashmaps

```

abbreviation map-of-fmap ::  $\langle ('k \Rightarrow 'v \text{ option}) \Rightarrow ('k, 'v) \text{ fmap} \rangle$  where
   $\langle \text{map-of-fmap } h \equiv \text{Abs-fmap } h \rangle$ 

```

```

definition map-fmap-rel where
   $\langle \text{map-fmap-rel} = \text{br map-of-fmap } (\lambda a. \text{finite } (\text{dom } a)) \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma fmdrop-set-None:
   $\langle (\text{op-map-delete}, \text{fmdrop}) \in \text{Id} \rightarrow \text{map-fmap-rel} \rightarrow \text{map-fmap-rel} \rangle$ 
  apply (auto simp: map-fmap-rel-def br-def)
  apply (subst fmdrop.abs-eq)
  apply (auto simp: eq-onp-def fmap.Abs-fmap-inject
    map-drop-def map-filter-finite
    intro!: ext)
  apply (auto simp: map-filter-def)
  done

```

```

lemma map-upd-fmupd:
   $\langle (\text{op-map-update}, \text{fmupd}) \in \text{Id} \rightarrow \text{Id} \rightarrow \text{map-fmap-rel} \rightarrow \text{map-fmap-rel} \rangle$ 
  apply (auto simp: map-fmap-rel-def br-def)
  apply (subst fmupd.abs-eq)

```

```

apply (auto simp: eq-onp-def fmap.Abs-fmap-inject
      map-drop-def map-filter-finite map-upd-def
      intro!: ext)
done

```

Technically *op-map-lookup* has the arguments in the wrong direction.

```

definition fmlookup' where
  [simp]: ‹fmlookup' A k = fmlookup k A›

```

```

lemma [def-pat-rules]:
  ‹((∈#)k$(dom-m$A)) ≡ Not$(is-None$(fmlookup'$k$A))›
  by (simp add: fold-is-None in-fdom-alt)

```

```

lemma op-map-lookup-fmlookup:
  ‹(op-map-lookup, fmlookup') ∈ Id → map-fmap-rel → (Id)option-rel›
  by (auto simp: map-fmap-rel-def br-def fmap.Abs-fmap-inverse)

```

```

abbreviation hm-fmap-assn where
  ‹hm-fmap-assn K V ≡ hr-comp (hm.assn K V) map-fmap-rel›

```

```

lemmas fmap-delete-hnr [sepref-fr-rules] =
  hm.delete-hnr[FCOMP fmdrop-set-None]

```

```

lemmas fmap-update-hnr [sepref-fr-rules] =
  hm.update-hnr[FCOMP map-upd-fmupd]

```

```

lemmas fmap-lookup-hnr [sepref-fr-rules] =
  hm.lookup-hnr[FCOMP op-map-lookup-fmlookup]

```

```

lemma fmempty-empty:
  ‹(uncurry0 (RETURN op-map-empty), uncurry0 (RETURN fmempty)) ∈ unit-rel →f (map-fmap-rel)nres-rel›
  by (auto simp: map-fmap-rel-def br-def fmempty-def frefI nres-reII)

```

```

lemmas [sepref-fr-rules] =
  hm.empty-hnr[FCOMP fmempty-empty, unfolded op-fmap-empty-def[symmetric]]

```

```

abbreviation iam-fmap-assn where
  ‹iam-fmap-assn K V ≡ hr-comp (iam.assn K V) map-fmap-rel›

```

```

lemmas iam-fmap-delete-hnr [sepref-fr-rules] =
  iam.delete-hnr[FCOMP fmdrop-set-None]

```

```

lemmas iam-ffmap-update-hnr [sepref-fr-rules] =
  iam.update-hnr[FCOMP map-upd-fmupd]

```

```

lemmas iam-ffmap-lookup-hnr [sepref-fr-rules] =
  iam.lookup-hnr[FCOMP op-map-lookup-fmlookup]

```

```

definition op-iam-fmap-empty where
  ‹op-iam-fmap-empty = fmempty›

```

```

lemma iam-fmempty-empty:
  ⟨(uncurry0 (RETURN op-map-empty), uncurry0 (RETURN op-iam-fmap-empty)) ∈ unit-rel →f
  ⟨map-fmap-rel⟩nres-rel⟩
  by (auto simp: map-fmap-rel-def br-def fmempty-def frefI nres-relI op-iam-fmap-empty-def)

lemmas [sepref-fr-rules] =
  iam.empty-hnr[FCOMP fmempty-empty, unfolded op-iam-fmap-empty-def[symmetric]]

definition upper-bound-on-dom where
  ⟨upper-bound-on-dom A = SPEC(λn. ∀ i ∈ #(dom-m A). i < n)⟩

lemma [sepref-fr-rules]:
  ⟨((Array.len), upper-bound-on-dom) ∈ (iam-fmap-assn nat-assn V)k →a nat-assn⟩
proof –
  have [simp]: ⟨finite (dom b) ⟹ i ∈ fset (fmdom (map-of-fmap b)) ⟷ i ∈ dom b⟩ for i b
  by (subst fmdom.abs-eq)
    (auto simp: eq-omp-def fset.Abs-fset-inverse)
  have 2: ⟨nat-rel = the-pure (nat-assn)⟩ and
    3: ⟨nat-assn = pure nat-rel⟩
  by auto
  have [simp]: ⟨the-pure (λa c :: nat. ↑ (c = a)) = nat-rel⟩
  apply (subst 2)
  apply (subst 3)
  apply (subst pure-def)
  apply auto
  done

  have [simp]: ⟨(iam-of-list l, b) ∈ the-pure (λa c :: nat. ↑ (c = a)) → ⟨the-pure V⟩option-rel ⟹
    b i = Some y ⟹ i < length l ⟷ i b l y⟩
  by (auto dest!: fun-relD[of - - - i i] simp: option-rel-def
    iam-of-list-def split: if-splits)
  show ?thesis
  by sepref-to-hoare
    (sep-auto simp: upper-bound-on-dom-def hr-comp-def iam.assn-def map-rel-def
      map-fmap-rel-def is-iam-def br-def dom-m-def)
qed

lemma fmap-rel-nat-rel-dom-m[simp]:
  ⟨(A, B) ∈ (nat-rel, R)fmap-rel ⟹ dom-m A = dom-m B⟩
  by (subst distinct-set-mset-eq-iff[symmetric])
    (auto simp: fmap-rel-alt-def distinct-mset-dom
      simp del: fmap-rel-nat-the-fmlookup)

lemma ref-two-step':
  ⟨A ≤ B ⟹ ↓ R A ≤ ↓ R B⟩
  using ref-two-step by auto

end

theory PAC-Checker-Specification
imports PAC-Specification
  Refine-Imperative-HOL.IICF
  Finite-Map-Multiset
begin

```

## 6 Checker Algorithm

In this level of refinement, we define the first level of the implementation of the checker, both with the specification as on ideals and the first version of the loop.

### 6.1 Specification

```

datatype status =
  is-failed: FAILED |
  is-success: SUCCESS |
  is-found: FOUND

lemma is-success-alt-def:
  ‹is-success a ↔ a = SUCCESS›
  by (cases a) auto

datatype ('a, 'b, 'lbls) pac-step =
  Add (pac-src1: 'lbls) (pac-src2: 'lbls) (new-id: 'lbls) (pac-res: 'a) |
  Mult (pac-src1: 'lbls) (pac-mult: 'a) (new-id: 'lbls) (pac-res: 'a) |
  Extension (new-id: 'lbls) (new-var: 'b) (pac-res: 'a) |
  Del (pac-src1: 'lbls)

type-synonym pac-state = ‹(nat set × int-poly multiset)›

definition PAC-checker-specification
  :: ‹int-poly ⇒ int-poly multiset ⇒ (status × nat set × int-poly multiset) nres›
where
  ‹PAC-checker-specification spec A = SPEC(λ(b, V, B).
    (¬is-failed b → restricted-ideal-toI (⋃(vars ` set-mset A) ∪ vars spec) B ⊆ restricted-ideal-toI
    (⋃(vars ` set-mset A) ∪ vars spec) A) ∧
    (is-found b → spec ∈ pac-ideal (set-mset A)))›

definition PAC-checker-specification-spec
  :: ‹int-poly ⇒ pac-state ⇒ (status × pac-state) ⇒ bool›
where
  ‹PAC-checker-specification-spec spec = (λ(V, A) (b, B). (¬is-failed b → ⋃(vars ` set-mset A) ⊆ V) ∧
    (is-success b → PAC-Format** (V, A) B) ∧
    (is-found b → PAC-Format** (V, A) B ∧ spec ∈ pac-ideal (set-mset A)))›

abbreviation PAC-checker-specification2
  :: ‹int-poly ⇒ (nat set × int-poly multiset) ⇒ (status × (nat set × int-poly multiset)) nres›
where
  ‹PAC-checker-specification2 spec A ≡ SPEC(PAC-checker-specification-spec spec A)›

definition PAC-checker-specification-step-spec
  :: ‹pac-state ⇒ int-poly ⇒ pac-state ⇒ (status × pac-state) ⇒ bool›
where
  ‹PAC-checker-specification-step-spec = (λ(V0, A0) spec (V, A) (b, B).
    (is-success b →
      ⋃(vars ` set-mset A0) ⊆ V0 ∧
      ⋃(vars ` set-mset A) ⊆ V ∧ PAC-Format** (V0, A0) (V, A) ∧ PAC-Format** (V, A) B) ∧
    (is-found b →
      ⋃(vars ` set-mset A0) ⊆ V0 ∧
      ⋃(vars ` set-mset A) ⊆ V ∧ PAC-Format** (V0, A0) (V, A) ∧ PAC-Format** (V, A) B) ∧
    )›
  
```

```

spec ∈ pac-ideal (set-mset A0)))⟩

abbreviation PAC-checker-specification-step2
  :: ⟨pac-state ⇒ int-poly ⇒ pac-state ⇒ (status × pac-state) nres⟩
where
  ⟨PAC-checker-specification-step2 A0 spec A ≡ SPEC(PAC-checker-specification-step-spec A0 spec A)⟩

definition normalize-poly-spec :: ⟨-⟩ where
  ⟨normalize-poly-spec p = SPEC (λr. p − r ∈ ideal polynomial-bool ∧ vars r ⊆ vars p)⟩

lemma normalize-poly-spec-alt-def:
  ⟨normalize-poly-spec p = SPEC (λr. r − p ∈ ideal polynomial-bool ∧ vars r ⊆ vars p)⟩
  unfolding normalize-poly-spec-def
  by (auto dest: ideal.span-neg)

definition mult-poly-spec :: ⟨int mpoly ⇒ int mpoly ⇒ int mpoly nres⟩ where
  ⟨mult-poly-spec p q = SPEC (λr. p * q − r ∈ ideal polynomial-bool)⟩

definition check-add :: ⟨(nat, int mpoly) fmap ⇒ nat set ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ int mpoly ⇒ bool nres⟩ where
  ⟨check-add A V p q i r =
    SPEC(λb. b → p ∈# dom-m A ∧ q ∈# dom-m A ∧ i ∉# dom-m A ∧ vars r ⊆ V ∧
      the (fmlookup A p) + the (fmlookup A q) − r ∈ ideal polynomial-bool)⟩

definition check-mult :: ⟨(nat, int mpoly) fmap ⇒ nat set ⇒ nat ⇒ int mpoly ⇒ nat ⇒ int mpoly ⇒ bool nres⟩ where
  ⟨check-mult A V p q i r =
    SPEC(λb. b → p ∈# dom-m A ∧ i ∉# dom-m A ∧ vars q ⊆ V ∧ vars r ⊆ V ∧
      the (fmlookup A p) * q − r ∈ ideal polynomial-bool)⟩

definition check-extension :: ⟨(nat, int mpoly) fmap ⇒ nat set ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ int mpoly ⇒ (bool) nres⟩ where
  ⟨check-extension A V i v p =
    SPEC(λb. b → (i ∉# dom-m A ∧
      (v ∉ V ∧
        (p + Var v)2 − (p + Var v) ∈ ideal polynomial-bool ∧
        vars (p + Var v) ⊆ V)))⟩

fun merge-status where
  ⟨merge-status (FAILED) - = FAILED⟩ |
  ⟨merge-status - (FAILED) = FAILED⟩ |
  ⟨merge-status FOUND - = FOUND⟩ |
  ⟨merge-status - FOUND = FOUND⟩ |
  ⟨merge-status - - = SUCCESS⟩

type-synonym fpac-step = ⟨nat set × (nat, int-poly) fmap⟩

definition check-del :: ⟨(nat, int mpoly) fmap ⇒ nat ⇒ bool nres⟩ where
  ⟨check-del A p =
    SPEC(λb. b → True)⟩

```

## 6.2 Algorithm

**definition** PAC-checker-step  
 :: ⟨int-poly ⇒ (status × fpac-step) ⇒ (int-poly, nat, nat) pac-step ⇒

$(status \times fpac-step) nres \rangle$   
**where**  
 $\langle PAC\text{-checker-step} = (\lambda spec (stat, (\mathcal{V}, A)) st. case st of$   
 $Add - - - \Rightarrow$   
 $do \{$   
 $r \leftarrow normalize-poly-spec (pac-res st);$   
 $eq \leftarrow check-add A \mathcal{V} (pac-src1 st) (pac-src2 st) (new-id st) r;$   
 $st' \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda st'. (\neg is-failed st' \wedge is-found st' \longrightarrow r - spec \in ideal polynomial-bool));$   
 $if eq$   
 $then RETURN (merge-status stat st',$   
 $\mathcal{V}, fmupd (new-id st) r A)$   
 $else RETURN (FAILED, (\mathcal{V}, A))$   
 $\}$   
 $| Del - \Rightarrow$   
 $do \{$   
 $eq \leftarrow check-del A (pac-src1 st);$   
 $if eq$   
 $then RETURN (stat, (\mathcal{V}, fmdrop (pac-src1 st) A))$   
 $else RETURN (FAILED, (\mathcal{V}, A))$   
 $\}$   
 $| Mult - - - \Rightarrow$   
 $do \{$   
 $r \leftarrow normalize-poly-spec (pac-res st);$   
 $q \leftarrow normalize-poly-spec (pac-mult st);$   
 $eq \leftarrow check-mult A \mathcal{V} (pac-src1 st) q (new-id st) r;$   
 $st' \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda st'. (\neg is-failed st' \wedge is-found st' \longrightarrow r - spec \in ideal polynomial-bool));$   
 $if eq$   
 $then RETURN (merge-status stat st',$   
 $\mathcal{V}, fmupd (new-id st) r A)$   
 $else RETURN (FAILED, (\mathcal{V}, A))$   
 $\}$   
 $| Extension - - - \Rightarrow$   
 $do \{$   
 $r \leftarrow normalize-poly-spec (pac-res st - Var (new-var st));$   
 $(eq) \leftarrow check-extension A \mathcal{V} (new-id st) (new-var st) r;$   
 $if eq$   
 $then do \{$   
 $RETURN (stat,$   
 $insert (new-var st) \mathcal{V}, fmupd (new-id st) (r) A)$   
 $else RETURN (FAILED, (\mathcal{V}, A))$   
 $\}$   
 $) \rangle$

**definition**  $polys\text{-rel} :: \langle ((nat, int mpoly) fmap \times -) set \rangle$  **where**  
 $\langle polys\text{-rel} = \{(A, B). B = (ran-m A)\} \rangle$

**definition**  $polys\text{-rel-full} :: \langle ((nat set \times (nat, int mpoly) fmap) \times -) set \rangle$  **where**  
 $\langle polys\text{-rel-full} = \{((\mathcal{V}, A), (\mathcal{V}', B)). (A, B) \in polys\text{-rel} \wedge \mathcal{V} = \mathcal{V}'\} \rangle$

**lemma**  $polys\text{-rel-update-remove}:$

$\langle x13 \notin \# dom-m A \implies x11 \in \# dom-m A \implies x12 \in \# dom-m A \implies x11 \neq x12 \implies (A, B) \in polys\text{-rel}$   
 $\implies$   
 $(fmupd x13 r (fmdrop x11 (fmdrop x12 A)),$   
 $add-mset r B - \{\#\text{the } (fmlookup A x11), \text{the } (fmlookup A x12)\#\})$   
 $\in polys\text{-rel} \rangle$

```

<x13 $\notin$ #dom-m A $\Rightarrow$ x11 $\in$ # dom-m A $\Rightarrow$ (A,B) $\in$ polys-rel $\Rightarrow$  

(fmupd x13 r (fmdrop x11 A), add-mset r B - {#the (fmlookup A x11)} $\in$ polys-rel)  

<x13 $\notin$ #dom-m A $\Rightarrow$ (A,B) $\in$ polys-rel $\Rightarrow$  

(fmupd x13 r A, add-mset r B) $\in$ polys-rel  

<x13 $\in$ #dom-m A $\Rightarrow$ (A,B) $\in$ polys-rel $\Rightarrow$  

(fmdrop x13 A, remove1-mset (the (fmlookup A x13)) B) $\in$ polys-rel  

using distinct-mset-dom[of A]  

apply (auto simp: polys-rel-def ran-m-mapsto-upd ran-m-mapsto-upd-notin  

ran-m-fmdrop)  

apply (subst ran-m-mapsto-upd-notin)  

apply (auto dest: in-diffD dest!: multi-member-split simp: ran-m-fmdrop ran-m-fmdrop-If distinct-mset-remove1-All  

ran-m-def  

add-mset-eq-add-mset removeAll-notin  

split: if-splits intro!: image-mset-cong)  

done

lemma polys-rel-in-dom-inD:  

<(A, B) $\in$ polys-rel $\Rightarrow$  

x12 $\in$ # dom-m A $\Rightarrow$  

the (fmlookup A x12) $\in$ # B  

by (auto simp: polys-rel-def)

lemma PAC-Format-add-and-remove:  

<r - x14 $\in$ More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool $\Rightarrow$  

(A, B) $\in$ polys-rel $\Rightarrow$  

x12 $\in$ # dom-m A $\Rightarrow$  

x13 $\notin$ # dom-m A $\Rightarrow$  

vars r $\subseteq$ V $\Rightarrow$  

2 * the (fmlookup A x12) - r $\in$ More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool $\Rightarrow$  

PAC-Format** (V, B) (V, remove1-mset (the (fmlookup A x12)) (add-mset r B))  

<r - x14 $\in$ More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool $\Rightarrow$  

(A, B) $\in$ polys-rel $\Rightarrow$  

the (fmlookup A x11) + the (fmlookup A x12) - r $\in$ More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool $\Rightarrow$  

x11 $\in$ # dom-m A $\Rightarrow$  

x12 $\in$ # dom-m A $\Rightarrow$  

vars r $\subseteq$ V $\Rightarrow$  

PAC-Format** (V, B) (V, add-mset r B)  

<r - x14 $\in$ More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool $\Rightarrow$  

(A, B) $\in$ polys-rel $\Rightarrow$  

x11 $\in$ # dom-m A $\Rightarrow$  

x12 $\in$ # dom-m A $\Rightarrow$  

the (fmlookup A x11) + the (fmlookup A x12) - r $\in$ More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool $\Rightarrow$  

vars r $\subseteq$ V $\Rightarrow$  

x11 $\neq$ x12 $\Rightarrow$  

PAC-Format** (V, B)  

(V, add-mset r B - {#the (fmlookup A x11), the (fmlookup A x12)})  

<(A, B) $\in$ polys-rel $\Rightarrow$  

r - x34 $\in$ More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool $\Rightarrow$  

x11 $\in$ # dom-m A $\Rightarrow$  

the (fmlookup A x11) * x32 - r $\in$ More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool $\Rightarrow$  

vars x32 $\subseteq$ V $\Rightarrow$  

vars r $\subseteq$ V $\Rightarrow$  

PAC-Format** (V, B) (V, add-mset r B)  

<(A, B) $\in$ polys-rel $\Rightarrow$
```

```

 $r - x34 \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \implies$ 
 $x11 \in \# \text{dom-}m A \implies$ 
 $\text{the}(\text{fmlookup } A \ x11) * x32 - r \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \implies$ 
 $\text{vars } x32 \subseteq \mathcal{V} \implies$ 
 $\text{vars } r \subseteq \mathcal{V} \implies$ 
 $\text{PAC-Format}^{**}(\mathcal{V}, B) (\mathcal{V}, \text{remove1-mset}(\text{the}(\text{fmlookup } A \ x11)) (\text{add-mset } r \ B)) \rangle$ 
 $\langle (A, B) \in \text{polys-rel} \implies$ 
 $x12 \in \# \text{dom-}m A \implies$ 
 $\text{PAC-Format}^{**}(\mathcal{V}, B) (\mathcal{V}, \text{remove1-mset}(\text{the}(\text{fmlookup } A \ x12)) B) \rangle$ 
 $\langle (A, B) \in \text{polys-rel} \implies$ 
 $(p' + \text{Var } x)^2 - (p' + \text{Var } x) \in \text{ideal polynomial-bool} \implies$ 
 $x \notin \mathcal{V} \implies$ 
 $x \notin \text{vars}(p' + \text{Var } x) \implies$ 
 $\text{vars}(p' + \text{Var } x) \subseteq \mathcal{V} \implies$ 
 $\text{PAC-Format}^{**}(\mathcal{V}, B)$ 
 $(\text{insert } x \ \mathcal{V}, \text{add-mset } p' \ B) \rangle$ 
subgoal
  apply (rule converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
  apply (rule PAC-Format.add[of ⟨the (fmlookup A x12)⟩ B ⟨the (fmlookup A x12)⟩])
  apply (auto dest: polys-rel-in-dom-inD)
  apply (rule converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
  apply (rule PAC-Format.del[of ⟨the (fmlookup A x12)⟩])
  apply (auto dest: polys-rel-in-dom-inD)
  done
subgoal H2
  apply (rule converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
  apply (rule PAC-Format.add[of ⟨the (fmlookup A x11)⟩ B ⟨the (fmlookup A x12)⟩])
  apply (auto dest: polys-rel-in-dom-inD)
  done
subgoal
  apply (rule rtranclp-trans)
  apply (rule H2; assumption)
  apply (rule converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
  apply (rule PAC-Format.del[of ⟨the (fmlookup A x12)⟩])
  apply (auto dest: polys-rel-in-dom-inD)
  apply (rule converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
  apply (rule PAC-Format.del[of ⟨the (fmlookup A x11)⟩])
  apply (auto dest: polys-rel-in-dom-inD)
  apply (auto simp: polys-rel-def ran-m-def add-mset-eq-add-mset dest!: multi-member-split)
  done
subgoal H2
  apply (rule converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
  apply (rule PAC-Format.mult[of ⟨the (fmlookup A x11)⟩ B ⟨x32⟩ r])
  apply (auto dest: polys-rel-in-dom-inD)
  done
subgoal
  apply (rule rtranclp-trans)
  apply (rule H2; assumption)
  apply (rule converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
  apply (rule PAC-Format.del[of ⟨the (fmlookup A x11)⟩])
  apply (auto dest: polys-rel-in-dom-inD)
  done
subgoal
  apply (rule converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
  apply (rule PAC-Format.del[of ⟨the (fmlookup A x12)⟩ B])

```

```

apply (auto dest: polys-rel-in-dom-ind)
done
subgoal
  apply (rule converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
  apply (rule PAC-Format.extend-pos[of ⟨p' + Var x⟩ - x])
  using coeff-monomila-in-varsD[of ⟨p' - Var x⟩ x]
  apply (auto dest: polys-rel-in-dom-ind simp: vars-in-right-only vars-subst-in-left-only)
  apply (subgoal-tac ‹V ∪ {x' ∈ vars (p'). x' ≠ V} = insert x V›)
  apply simp
  using coeff-monomila-in-varsD[of p' x]
  apply (auto dest: vars-add-Var-subset vars-minus-Var-subset polys-rel-in-dom-ind simp: vars-subst-in-left-only-iff)
  using vars-in-right-only vars-subst-in-left-only by force
done

abbreviation status-rel :: ⟨(status × status) set⟩ where
⟨status-rel ≡ Id⟩

lemma is-merge-status[simp]:
⟨is-failed (merge-status a st') ⟷ is-failed a ∨ is-failed st'⟩
⟨is-found (merge-status a st') ⟷ ¬is-failed a ∧ ¬is-failed st' ∧ (is-found a ∨ is-found st')⟩
⟨is-success (merge-status a st') ⟷ (is-success a ∨ is-success st')⟩
by (cases a; cases st'; auto; fail)+

lemma status-rel-merge-status:
⟨(merge-status a b, SUCCESS) ∉ status-rel ⟷
(a = FAILED) ∨ (b = FAILED) ∨
a = FOUND ∨ (b = FOUND)⟩
by (cases a; cases b; auto)

lemma Ex-status-iff:
⟨(∃ a. P a) ⟷ P SUCCESS ∨ P FOUND ∨ (P (FAILED))⟩
apply auto
apply (case-tac a; auto)
done

lemma is-failed-alt-def:
⟨is-failed st' ⟷ ¬is-success st' ∧ ¬is-found st'⟩
by (cases st') auto

lemma merge-status-eq-iff[simp]:
⟨merge-status a SUCCESS = SUCCESS ⟷ a = SUCCESS⟩
⟨merge-status a SUCCESS = FOUND ⟷ a = FOUND⟩
⟨merge-status SUCCESS a = SUCCESS ⟷ a = SUCCESS⟩
⟨merge-status SUCCESS a = FOUND ⟷ a = FOUND⟩
⟨merge-status SUCCESS a = FAILED ⟷ a = FAILED⟩
⟨merge-status a SUCCESS = FAILED ⟷ a = FAILED⟩
⟨merge-status FOUND a = FAILED ⟷ a = FAILED⟩
⟨merge-status a FOUND = FAILED ⟷ a = FAILED⟩
⟨merge-status a FOUND = SUCCESS ⟷ False⟩
⟨merge-status a b = FOUND ⟷ (a = FOUND ∨ b = FOUND) ∧ (a ≠ FAILED ∧ b ≠ FAILED)⟩
apply (cases a; auto; fail)+
apply (cases a; cases b; auto; fail)+
done

```

**lemma** *fmdrop-irrelevant*:  $\langle x11 \notin \text{dom-}m A \implies \text{fmdrop } x11 A = A \rangle$   
**by** (*simp add: fmap-ext in-dom-m-lookup-iff*)

**lemma** *PAC-checker-step-PAC-checker-specification2*:

**fixes**  $a :: \langle \text{status} \rangle$

**assumes**  $AB: \langle ((\mathcal{V}, A), (\mathcal{V}_B, B)) \in \text{polys-rel-full} \rangle$  **and**  
 $\langle \neg \text{is-failed } a \rangle$  **and**  
[*simp,intro*]:  $\langle a = \text{FOUND} \implies \text{spec} \in \text{pac-ideal} (\text{set-mset } A_0) \rangle$  **and**  
 $A_0 B: \langle \text{PAC-Format}^{**} (\mathcal{V}_0, A_0) (\mathcal{V}, B) \rangle$  **and**  
 $\text{spec}_0: \langle \text{vars spec} \subseteq \mathcal{V}_0 \rangle$  **and**  
 $\text{vars-}A_0: \langle \bigcup (\text{vars} ' \text{set-mset } A_0) \subseteq \mathcal{V}_0 \rangle$

**shows**  $\langle \text{PAC-checker-step spec } (a, (\mathcal{V}, A)) \text{ st} \leq \Downarrow (\text{status-rel} \times_r \text{polys-rel-full}) (\text{PAC-checker-specification-step2} (\mathcal{V}_0, A_0) \text{ spec } (\mathcal{V}, B)) \rangle$

**proof** –

**have**

$\langle \mathcal{V}_B = \mathcal{V} \rangle$  **and**  
[*simp, intro*]:  $\langle (A, B) \in \text{polys-rel} \rangle$   
**using**  $AB$   
**by** (*auto simp: polys-rel-full-def*)

**have**  $H0: \langle 2 * \text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x12) - r \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \implies r \in \text{pac-ideal}$   
 $\quad (\text{insert} (\text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x12)))$   
 $\quad ((\lambda x. \text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x)) ' \text{set-mset } Aa)) \text{ for } x12 r Aa$

**by** (*metis (no-types, lifting) ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute diff-in-polynomial-bool-pac-idealI ideal.span-base pac-idealI3 set-image-mset set-mset-add-mset-insert union-single-eq-member*) +

**then have**  $H0': \langle \bigwedge Aa. 2 * \text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x12) - r \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \implies r - \text{spec} \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \implies \text{spec} \in \text{pac-ideal} (\text{insert} (\text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x12))) ((\lambda x. \text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x)) ' \text{set-mset } Aa)) \text{ for } r x12$   
**by** (*metis (no-types, lifting) diff-in-polynomial-bool-pac-idealI*)

**have**  $H1: \langle x12 \in \# \text{dom-}m A \implies 2 * \text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x12) - r \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \implies r - \text{spec} \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \implies \text{vars spec} \subseteq \text{vars } r \implies \text{spec} \in \text{pac-ideal} (\text{set-mset } B) \text{ for } x12 r$   
**using**  $\langle (A, B) \in \text{polys-rel} \rangle$   
*ideal.span-add*[*OF ideal.span-add*[*OF ideal.span-neg ideal.span-neg, of*  $\langle \text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x12) \rangle - \langle \text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x12) \rangle$ , *of*  $\langle \text{set-mset } B \cup \text{polynomial-bool} \rangle \langle 2 * \text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x12) - r \rangle$ ]]  
**unfolding** *polys-rel-def*  
**by** (*auto dest!: multi-member-split simp: ran-m-def intro: H0'*)

**have**  $H2': \langle \text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x11) + \text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x12) - r \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \implies B = \text{add-mset} (\text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x11)) \{ \# \text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x). x \in \# Aa \# \} \implies (\text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x11) + \text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x12) - r \in \text{More-Modules.ideal}$   
 $\quad (\text{insert} (\text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x11)))$   
 $\quad ((\lambda x. \text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x)) ' \text{set-mset } Aa \cup \text{polynomial-bool})) \implies - r \in \text{More-Modules.ideal}$   
 $\quad (\text{insert} (\text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x11)))$   
 $\quad ((\lambda x. \text{the} (\text{fmlookup } A x)) ' \text{set-mset } Aa \cup \text{polynomial-bool})) \implies$

```

 $r \in \text{pac-ideal}(\text{insert}(\text{the}(\text{fmlookup } A \ x11)) ((\lambda x. \text{the}(\text{fmlookup } A \ x)) \setminus \text{set-mset } Aa))$ 
for  $r \ x12 \ x11 \ A \ Aa$ 
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting)) Un-insert-left diff-diff-eq2 diff-in-polynomial-bool-pac-idealI diff-zero
ideal.span-diff ideal.span-neg minus-diff-eq pac-idealI1 pac-ideal-def set-image-mset
set-mset-add-mset-insert union-single-eq-member)
have  $H2: \langle x11 \in \# \text{dom-}m \ A \implies$ 
 $x12 \in \# \text{dom-}m \ A \implies$ 
 $\text{the}(\text{fmlookup } A \ x11) + \text{the}(\text{fmlookup } A \ x12) - r \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \implies$ 
 $r - \text{spec} \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \implies$ 
 $\text{spec} \in \text{pac-ideal}(\text{set-mset } B) \text{ for } x12 \ r \ x11$ 
using  $\langle (A, B) \in \text{polys-rel} \rangle$ 
ideal.span-add[OF ideal.span-add[OF ideal.span-neg ideal.span-neg,
of \langle the(fmlookup A x11) - the(fmlookup A x12) \rangle,
of \langle set-mset B \cup \text{polynomial-bool} \rangle \langle the(fmlookup A x11) + the(fmlookup A x12) - r \rangle]
unfolding polys-rel-def
by (subgoal-tac \langle r \in \text{pac-ideal}(\text{set-mset } B) \rangle)
(auto dest!: multi-member-split simp: ran-m-def ideal.span-base
intro: diff-in-polynomial-bool-pac-idealI simp: H2')

have  $H3': \langle \text{the}(\text{fmlookup } A \ x12) * q - r \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \implies$ 
 $r - \text{spec} \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \implies$ 
 $r \in \text{pac-ideal}(\text{insert}(\text{the}(\text{fmlookup } A \ x12)) ((\lambda x. \text{the}(\text{fmlookup } A \ x)) \setminus \text{set-mset } Aa))$ 
for  $Aa \ x12 \ r \ q$ 
by (metis (no-types, lifting) ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult.commute diff-in-polynomial-bool-pac-idealI
ideal.span-base pac-idealI3 set-image-mset set-mset-add-mset-insert union-single-eq-member)

have  $H3: \langle x12 \in \# \text{dom-}m \ A \implies$ 
 $\text{the}(\text{fmlookup } A \ x12) * q - r \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \implies$ 
 $r - \text{spec} \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \implies$ 
 $\text{spec} \in \text{pac-ideal}(\text{set-mset } B) \text{ for } x12 \ r \ q$ 
using  $\langle (A, B) \in \text{polys-rel} \rangle$ 
ideal.span-add[OF ideal.span-add[OF ideal.span-neg ideal.span-neg,
of \langle the(fmlookup A x12) - the(fmlookup A x12) \rangle,
of \langle set-mset B \cup \text{polynomial-bool} \rangle \langle 2 * \text{the}(fmlookup A x12) - r \rangle]
unfolding polys-rel-def
by (subgoal-tac \langle r \in \text{pac-ideal}(\text{set-mset } B) \rangle)
(auto dest!: multi-member-split simp: ran-m-def H3'
intro: diff-in-polynomial-bool-pac-idealI)

have [intro]:  $\langle \text{spec} \in \text{pac-ideal}(\text{set-mset } B) \implies \text{spec} \in \text{pac-ideal}(\text{set-mset } A_0) \rangle \text{ and}$ 
 $\text{vars-}B: \langle \bigcup (\text{vars} \setminus \text{set-mset } B) \subseteq \mathcal{V} \rangle \text{ and}$ 
 $\text{vars-}B: \langle \bigcup (\text{vars} \setminus \text{set-mset } (\text{ran-}m \ A)) \subseteq \mathcal{V} \rangle$ 
using rtrancl-PAC-Format-subset-ideal[OF A0B vars-A0] spec0 \langle (A, B) \in polys-rel \rangle [unfolded
polys-rel-def, simplified]
by (smt (verit) in-mono mem-Collect-eq restricted-ideal-to-def)+

have  $\text{eq-successI}: \langle st' \neq \text{FAILED} \implies$ 
 $st' \neq \text{FOUND} \implies st' = \text{SUCCESS} \text{ for } st'$ 
by (cases st' auto)
have  $\text{vars-diff-inv}: \langle \text{vars}(\text{Var } x2 - r) = \text{vars}(r - \text{Var } x2 :: \text{int mpoly}) \rangle \text{ for } x2 \ r$ 
using vars-uminus[of \langle Var x2 - r \rangle]
by (auto simp del: vars-uminus)
have  $\text{vars-add-inv}: \langle \text{vars}(\text{Var } x2 + r) = \text{vars}(r + \text{Var } x2 :: \text{int mpoly}) \rangle \text{ for } x2 \ r$ 
unfolding add.commute[of \langle Var x2 \rangle r ..]

```

```

have [iff]: ‹a ≠ FAILED› and
[intro]: ‹a ≠ SUCCESS ⟹ a = FOUND› and
[simp]: ‹merge-status a FOUND = FOUND›
  using assms(2) by (cases a; auto) +
note [[goals-limit=1]]
show ?thesis
  unfolding PAC-checker-step-def PAC-checker-specification-step-spec-def
    normalize-poly-spec-alt-def check-mult-def check-add-def
    check-extension-def polys-rel-full-def
  apply (cases st)
  apply clarsimp-all
  subgoal for x11 x12 x13 x14
    apply (refine-vcg lhs-step-If)
    subgoal for r ega st'
      using assms vars-B apply -
      apply (rule RETURN-SPEC-refine)
      apply (rule-tac x = ‹(merge-status a st', V, add-mset r B)› in exI)
      by (auto simp: polys-rel-update-remove ran-m-mapsto-upd-notin
        intro: PAC-Format-add-and-remove H2 dest: rtranclp-PAC-Format-subset-ideal)
    subgoal
      by (rule RETURN-SPEC-refine)
      (auto simp: Ex-status-iff dest: rtranclp-PAC-Format-subset-ideal)
    done
  subgoal for x11 x12 x13 x14
    apply (refine-vcg lhs-step-If)
    subgoal for r q ega st'
      using assms vars-B apply -
      apply (rule RETURN-SPEC-refine)
      apply (rule-tac x = ‹(merge-status a st', V, add-mset r B)› in exI)
      by (auto intro: polys-rel-update-remove intro: PAC-Format-add-and-remove(3-) H3
        dest: rtranclp-PAC-Format-subset-ideal)
    subgoal
      by (rule RETURN-SPEC-refine)
      (auto simp: Ex-status-iff)
    done
  subgoal for x31 x32 x34
    apply (refine-vcg lhs-step-If)
    subgoal for r x
      using assms vars-B apply -
      apply (rule RETURN-SPEC-refine)
      apply (rule-tac x = ‹(a, insert x32 V, add-mset r B)› in exI)
      apply (auto simp: intro!: polys-rel-update-remove PAC-Format-add-and-remove(5-)
        dest: rtranclp-PAC-Format-subset-ideal)
    done
  subgoal
    by (rule RETURN-SPEC-refine)
    (auto simp: Ex-status-iff)
  done
  subgoal for x11
    unfolding check-del-def
    apply (refine-vcg lhs-step-If)
    subgoal for eq
      using assms vars-B apply -
      apply (rule RETURN-SPEC-refine)

```

```

apply (cases `x11 ∈# dom-m A)
subgoal
  apply (rule-tac x = `⟨(a,V, remove1-mset (the (fmlookup A x11)) B)⟩ in exI)
  apply (auto simp: polys-rel-update-remove PAC-Format-add-and-remove
    is-failed-def is-success-def is-found-def
    dest!: eq-successI
    split: if-splits
    dest: rtranclp-PAC-Format-subset-ideal
    intro: PAC-Format-add-and-remove H3)
  done
subgoal
  apply (rule-tac x = `⟨(a,V, B)⟩ in exI)
  apply (auto simp: fmdrop-irrelevant
    is-failed-def is-success-def is-found-def
    dest!: eq-successI
    split: if-splits
    dest: rtranclp-PAC-Format-subset-ideal
    intro: PAC-Format-add-and-remove)
  done
done
subgoal
  by (rule RETURN-SPEC-refine)
    (auto simp: Ex-status-iff)
  done
done
qed

```

**definition** *PAC-checker*  
 $:: \langle \text{int-poly} \Rightarrow \text{fpac-step} \Rightarrow \text{status} \Rightarrow (\text{int-poly}, \text{nat}, \text{nat}) \text{ pac-step list} \Rightarrow (\text{status} \times \text{fpac-step}) \text{ nres} \rangle$

**where**

```

⟨PAC-checker spec A b st = do {
  (S, -) ← WHILET
  ((λ((b :: status, A :: fpac-step), st). ¬is-failed b ∧ st ≠ []))
  ((λ((bA), st). do {
    ASSERT(st ≠ []);
    S ← PAC-checker-step spec (bA) (hd st);
    RETURN (S, tl st)
  }))
  ((b, A), st);
  RETURN S
}⟩

```

**lemma** *PAC-checker-specification-spec-trans*:  
 $\langle \text{PAC-checker-specification-spec spec A (st, x2)} \implies \text{PAC-checker-specification-step-spec A spec x2 (st', x1a)} \implies \text{PAC-checker-specification-spec spec A (st', x1a)} \rangle$   
**unfolding** *PAC-checker-specification-spec-def*  
*PAC-checker-specification-step-spec-def*  
**apply** auto  
**using** is-failed-alt-def **apply** blast+  
**done**

```

lemma RES-SPEC-eq:
  ⟨RES Φ = SPEC(λP. P ∈ Φ)⟩
  by auto

lemma is-failed-is-success-completeD:
  ⟨¬ is-failed x ⟹ ¬ is-success x ⟹ is-found x⟩
  by (cases x) auto

lemma PAC-checker-PAC-checker-specification2:
  ⟨(A, B) ∈ polys-rel-full ⟹
    ¬ is-failed a ⟹
    (a = FOUND ⟹ spec ∈ pac-ideal (set-mset (snd B))) ⟹
    ∪(vars ‘ set-mset (ran-m (snd A))) ⊆ fst B ⟹
    vars spec ⊆ fst B ⟹
    PAC-checker spec A a st ≤ ↓ (status-rel ×r polys-rel-full) (PAC-checker-specification2 spec B)⟩
  unfolding PAC-checker-def conc-fun-RES
  apply (subst RES-SPEC-eq)
  apply (refine-vcg WHILET-rule[where
    I = ⟨λ((bB), st). bB ∈ (status-rel ×r polys-rel-full)-1 “
      Collect (PAC-checker-specification-spec spec B)⟩
    and R = ⟨measure (λ(-, st). Suc (length st))⟩])
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal apply (auto simp: PAC-checker-specification-spec-def)
    apply (cases B; cases A)
    apply (auto simp: polys-rel-def polys-rel-full-def Image-iff)
    done
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal
    apply auto
    apply (rule
      PAC-checker-step-PAC-checker-specification2[of - - - - - ⟨fst B⟩, THEN order-trans])
    apply assumption
    apply assumption
    apply (auto intro: PAC-checker-specification-spec-trans simp: conc-fun-RES)
    apply (auto simp: PAC-checker-specification-spec-def polys-rel-full-def polys-rel-def
      dest: PAC-Format-subset-ideal
      dest: is-failed-is-success-completeD; fail)+
    by (auto simp: Image-iff intro: PAC-checker-specification-spec-trans
      simp: polys-rel-def polys-rel-full-def)
  subgoal
    by auto
  done

definition remap-polys-polynomial-bool :: ⟨int mpoly ⇒ nat set ⇒ (nat, int-poly) fmap ⇒ (status × fpac-step) nres⟩ where
  ⟨remap-polys-polynomial-bool spec = (λV A.
    SPEC(λ(st, V', A'). (¬ is-failed st →
      dom-m A = dom-m A' ∧
      (∀ i ∈# dom-m A. the (fmlookup A i) – the (fmlookup A' i) ∈ ideal polynomial-bool) ∧
      ∪(vars ‘ set-mset (ran-m A)) ⊆ V' ∧
      ∪(vars ‘ set-mset (ran-m A')) ⊆ V') ∧
      (st = FOUND → spec ∈# ran-m A'))⟩

definition remap-polys-change-all :: ⟨int mpoly ⇒ nat set ⇒ (nat, int-poly) fmap ⇒ (status × fpac-step) nres⟩ where

```

```

<remap-polys-change-all spec = ( $\lambda \mathcal{V} A. SPEC (\lambda (st, \mathcal{V}', A')).$ 
  ( $\neg is-failed st \rightarrow$ 
    pac-ideal (set-mset (ran-m A)) = pac-ideal (set-mset (ran-m A'))  $\wedge$ 
     $\bigcup (vars` set-mset (ran-m A)) \subseteq \mathcal{V}' \wedge$ 
     $\bigcup (vars` set-mset (ran-m A')) \subseteq \mathcal{V}') \wedge$ 
    (st = FOUND  $\rightarrow$  spec  $\in \# ran-m A')))$ 

lemma fmap-eq-dom-iff:
< $A = A' \longleftrightarrow dom-m A = dom-m A' \wedge (\forall i \in \# dom-m A. the (fmlookup A i) = the (fmlookup A' i))$ >
  by (metis fmap-ext in-dom-m-lookup-iff option.expand)

lemma ideal-remap-incl:
< $finite A' \implies (\forall a' \in A'. \exists a \in A. a - a' \in B) \implies ideal (A' \cup B) \subseteq ideal (A \cup B)$ >
  apply (induction A' rule: finite-induct)
  apply (auto intro: ideal.span-mono)
  using ideal.span-mono sup-ge2 apply blast
  proof -
    fix x :: 'a and F :: 'a set and xa :: 'a and a :: 'a
    assume a1:  $a \in A$ 
    assume a2:  $a - x \in B$ 
    assume a3:  $xa \in More-Modules.ideal (insert x (F \cup B))$ 
    assume a4:  $More-Modules.ideal (F \cup B) \subseteq More-Modules.ideal (A \cup B)$ 
    have x:  $x \in More-Modules.ideal (A \cup B)$ 
      using a2 a1 by (metis (no-types, lifting) Un-upper1 Un-upper2 add-diff-cancel-left' diff-add-cancel
        ideal.module-axioms ideal.span-diff in-mono module.span-superset)
    then show xa:  $xa \in More-Modules.ideal (A \cup B)$ 
      using a4 a3 ideal.span-insert-subset by blast
  qed

lemma pac-ideal-remap-eq:
< $dom-m b = dom-m ba \implies$ 
   $\forall i \in \# dom-m ba. the (fmlookup b i) = the (fmlookup ba i)$ 
   $\in More-Modules.ideal polynomial\_bool \implies$ 
  pac-ideal (( $\lambda x. the (fmlookup b x)$ ) ` set-mset (dom-m ba)) = pac-ideal (( $\lambda x. the (fmlookup ba x)$ ) ` set-mset (dom-m ba))>
  unfold pac-ideal-alt-def
  apply standard
  subgoal
    apply (rule ideal-remap-incl)
    apply (auto dest!: multi-member-split
      dest: ideal.span-neg)
    apply (drule ideal.span-neg)
    apply auto
    done
  subgoal
    by (rule ideal-remap-incl)
    (auto dest!: multi-member-split)
  done

lemma remap-polys-polynomial_bool-remap-polys-change-all:
< $remap-polys-polynomial\_bool spec \mathcal{V} A \leq remap-polys-change-all spec \mathcal{V} A$ >
  unfold remap-polys-polynomial_bool-def remap-polys-change-all-def
  apply (simp add: ideal.span-zero fmap-eq-dom-iff ideal.span-eq)
  apply (auto dest: multi-member-split simp: ran-m-def ideal.span-base pac-ideal-remap-eq

```

```

add-mset-eq-add-mset
eq-commute[of <add-mset - -> <dom-m (A :: (nat, int mpoly)fmap)> for A]
done

definition remap-polys :: <int mpoly ⇒ nat set ⇒ (nat, int-poly) fmap ⇒ (status × fpac-step) nres>
where
  <remap-polys spec = (λV A. do{
    dom ← SPEC(λdom. set-mset (dom-m A) ⊆ dom ∧ finite dom);

    failed ← SPEC(λ-::bool. True);
    if failed
    then do {
      RETURN (FAILED, V, fmempty)
    }
    else do {
      (b, N) ← FOREACH dom
      (λi (b, V, A').
        if i ∈# dom-m A
        then do {
          p ← SPEC(λp. the (fmlookup A i) – p ∈ ideal polynomial-bool ∧ vars p ⊆ vars (the (fmlookup
          A i)));
          eq ← SPEC(λeq. eq → p = spec);
          V ← SPEC(λV'. V ∪ vars (the (fmlookup A i)) ⊆ V');
          RETURN(b ∨ eq, V, fmupd i p A')
        } else RETURN (b, V, A')
      (False, V, fmempty);
      RETURN (if b then FOUND else SUCCESS, N)
    }
  })>

lemma remap-polys-spec:
<remap-polys spec V A ≤ remap-polys-polynomial-bool spec V A>
unfolding remap-polys-def remap-polys-polynomial-bool-def
apply (refine-vcg FOREACH-rule[where
  I = <λdom (b, V, A') .
    set-mset (dom-m A') = set-mset (dom-m A) – dom ∧
    (∀ i ∈ set-mset (dom-m A) – dom. the (fmlookup A i) – the (fmlookup A' i) ∈ ideal polynomial-bool)
  ∧
    ∪(vars ‘ set-mset (ran-m (fmrestrict-set (set-mset (dom-m A')) A))) ⊆ V ∧
    ∪(vars ‘ set-mset (ran-m A')) ⊆ V ∧
    (b → spec ∈# ran-m A'))]>
subgoal by auto
subgoal
  by auto
subgoal by auto
subgoal using ideal.span-add by auto
subgoal by auto
subgoal by auto

```

```

subgoal by clarsimp auto
subgoal
  supply[[goals-limit=1]]
  by (auto simp add: ran-m-mapsto-upd-notin dom-m-fmrestrict-set' subset-eq)
subgoal
  supply[[goals-limit=1]]
  by (auto simp add: ran-m-mapsto-upd-notin dom-m-fmrestrict-set' subset-eq)
subgoal
  by (auto simp: ran-m-mapsto-upd-notin)
subgoal
  by auto
subgoal
  by auto
subgoal
  by (auto simp add: ran-m-mapsto-upd-notin dom-m-fmrestrict-set' subset-eq)
subgoal
  by (auto simp add: ran-m-mapsto-upd-notin dom-m-fmrestrict-set' subset-eq)
subgoal
  by auto
subgoal
  by (auto simp: distinct-set-mset-eq-iff[symmetric] distinct-mset-dom)
subgoal
  by (auto simp: distinct-set-mset-eq-iff[symmetric] distinct-mset-dom)
subgoal
  by (auto simp add: ran-m-mapsto-upd-notin dom-m-fmrestrict-set' subset-eq
    fmlookup-restrict-set-id')
subgoal
  by (auto simp add: ran-m-mapsto-upd-notin dom-m-fmrestrict-set' subset-eq)
subgoal
  by (auto simp add: ran-m-mapsto-upd-notin dom-m-fmrestrict-set' subset-eq
    fmlookup-restrict-set-id')
done

```

### 6.3 Full Checker

```

definition full-checker
  :: <int-poly ⇒ (nat, int-poly) fmap ⇒ (int-poly, nat, nat) pac-step list ⇒ (status × -) nres>
where
  <full-checker spec0 A pac = do {
    spec ← normalize-poly-spec spec0;
    (st, V, A) ← remap-polys-change-all spec {} A;
    if is-failed st then
      RETURN (st, V, A)
    else do {
      V ← SPEC(λV'. V ∪ vars spec0 ⊆ V');
      PAC-checker spec (V, A) st pac
    }
  }>

```

```

lemma restricted-ideal-to-mono:
  <restricted-ideal-toI V I ⊆ restricted-ideal-toI V' J ==>
  U ⊆ V ==>
  restricted-ideal-toI U I ⊆ restricted-ideal-toI U J>
  by (auto simp: restricted-ideal-to-def)

```

```

lemma pac-ideal-idemp: <pac-ideal (pac-ideal A) = pac-ideal A>

```

**by** (metis dual-order.antisym ideal.span-subset-spanI ideal.span-superset le-sup-iff pac-ideal-def)

**lemma** full-checker-spec:

**assumes**  $\langle(A, A') \in polys\text{-rel}\rangle$

**shows**

$\langle full\text{-checker}\ spec\ A\ pac\ \leq\ \Downarrow\{(st, G), (st', G')\}.\ (st, st') \in status\text{-rel} \wedge (st \neq FAILED \longrightarrow (G, G') \in polys\text{-rel}\text{-full})\}$   
 $(PAC\text{-checker}\text{-specification}\ spec\ (A'))\rangle$

**proof** –

**have**  $H: \langle set\text{-mset}\ b \subseteq pac\text{-ideal}\ (set\text{-mset}\ (ran\text{-}m\ A)) \implies x \in pac\text{-ideal}\ (set\text{-mset}\ b) \implies x \in pac\text{-ideal}\ (set\text{-mset}\ A') \rangle$  **for**  $b\ x$

**using assms apply** –

**by** (drule pac-ideal-mono) (auto simp: polys-rel-def pac-ideal-idemp)

**have** 1:  $\langle x \in \{(st, V', A')\}.$

$(\neg is\text{-failed}\ st \longrightarrow pac\text{-ideal}\ (set\text{-mset}\ (ran\text{-}m\ x2))) =$   
 $pac\text{-ideal}\ (set\text{-mset}\ (ran\text{-}m\ A')) \wedge$   
 $\bigcup (vars\ ' set\text{-mset}\ (ran\text{-}m\ ABC)) \subseteq V' \wedge$   
 $\bigcup (vars\ ' set\text{-mset}\ (ran\text{-}m\ A')) \subseteq V' \wedge$   
 $(st = FOUND \longrightarrow spec\ a \in ran\text{-}m\ A')\} \implies$   
 $x = (st, x') \implies x' = (V', Aa) \implies ((V', Aa), V', ran\text{-}m\ Aa) \in polys\text{-rel}\text{-full}\rangle$  **for**  $Aa\ spec\ a\ x2\ st\ x$

$V'\ V\ x'\ ABC$

**by** (auto simp: polys-rel-def polys-rel-full-def)

**have**  $H1: \langle \bigwedge a\ aa\ b\ xa\ x\ x1a\ x1\ x2\ spec\ a.$

$vars\ spec \subseteq x1b \implies$   
 $\bigcup (vars\ ' set\text{-mset}\ (ran\text{-}m\ A)) \subseteq x1b \implies$   
 $\bigcup (vars\ ' set\text{-mset}\ (ran\text{-}m\ x2a)) \subseteq x1b \implies$   
 $restricted\text{-ideal}\text{-to}_I\ x1b\ b \subseteq restricted\text{-ideal}\text{-to}_I\ x1b\ (ran\text{-}m\ x2a) \implies$   
 $xa \in restricted\text{-ideal}\text{-to}_I\ (\bigcup (vars\ ' set\text{-mset}\ (ran\text{-}m\ A)) \cup vars\ spec)\ b \implies$   
 $xa \in restricted\text{-ideal}\text{-to}_I\ (\bigcup (vars\ ' set\text{-mset}\ (ran\text{-}m\ A)) \cup vars\ spec)\ (ran\text{-}m\ x2a)\rangle$

**for**  $x1b\ b\ xa\ x2a$

**by** (drule restricted-ideal-to-mono[of \_ \_ \_ \_  $\bigcup (vars\ ' set\text{-mset}\ (ran\text{-}m\ A)) \cup vars\ spec$ ])  
**auto**

**have**  $H2: \langle \bigwedge a\ aa\ b\ spec\ a\ x2\ x1a\ x1b\ x2a.$

$spec = spec\ a \in More\text{-}Modules.ideal\ polynomial\text{-}bool \implies$   
 $vars\ spec \subseteq x1b \implies$   
 $\bigcup (vars\ ' set\text{-mset}\ (ran\text{-}m\ A)) \subseteq x1b \implies$   
 $\bigcup (vars\ ' set\text{-mset}\ (ran\text{-}m\ x2a)) \subseteq x1b \implies$   
 $spec\ a \in pac\text{-ideal}\ (set\text{-mset}\ (ran\text{-}m\ x2a)) \implies$   
 $restricted\text{-ideal}\text{-to}_I\ x1b\ b \subseteq restricted\text{-ideal}\text{-to}_I\ x1b\ (ran\text{-}m\ x2a) \implies$   
 $spec \in pac\text{-ideal}\ (set\text{-mset}\ (ran\text{-}m\ x2a))\rangle$

**by** (metis (no-types, lifting) group-eq-aux ideal.span-add ideal.span-base in-mono pac-ideal-alt-def sup.cobounded2)

**show** ?thesis

**supply**[[goals-limit=1]]

**unfolding** full-checker-def normalize-poly-spec-def

$PAC\text{-checker}\text{-specification}\text{-def}\ remap\text{-}polys\text{-change}\text{-all}\text{-def}$

**apply** (refine-vcg PAC-checker-PAC-checker-specification2[THEN order-trans, of - -]  
*lhs-step-If*)

**subgoal** **by** (auto simp: is-failed-def RETURN-RES-refine-iff)

**apply** (rule 1; assumption)

**subgoal**

**using** fmap-ext assms **by** (auto simp: polys-rel-def ran-m-def)

**subgoal**

**by** auto

```

subgoal
  by auto
subgoal for spec a x1 x2 x x1a x2a x1b
  apply (rule ref-two-step[OF conc-fun-R-mono])
  apply auto[]
  using assms
  by (auto simp add: PAC-checker-specification-spec-def conc-fun-RES polys-rel-def H1 H2
      polys-rel-full-def
      dest!: rtranclp-PAC-Format-subset-ideal dest: is-failed-is-success-completeD)
done
qed

```

```

lemma full-checker-spec':
shows
  ⟨(uncurry2 full-checker, uncurry2 (λspec A . PAC-checker-specification spec A)) ∈
    (Id ×r polys-rel) ×r Id →f ⟨{((st, G), (st', G')). (st, st') ∈ status-rel ∧
      (st ≠ FAILED → (G, G') ∈ polys-rel-full)}⟩ nres-rel⟩
using full-checker-spec
by (auto intro!: frefI nres-rell)

```

```

end
theory PAC-Polynomials
  imports PAC-Specification Finite-Map-Multiset
begin

```

## 7 Polynomials of strings

Isabelle's definition of polynomials only work with variables of type *nat*. Therefore, we introduce a version that uses strings by using an injective function that converts a string to a natural number. It exists because strings are countable. Remark that the whole development is independent of the function.

### 7.1 Polynomials and Variables

```

lemma poly-embed-EX:
  ⟨∃φ. bij (φ :: string ⇒ nat)⟩
  by (rule countableE-infinite[of ⟨UNIV :: string set⟩])
    (auto intro!: infinite-UNIV-listI)

```

Using a multiset instead of a list has some advantage from an abstract point of view. First, we can have monomials that appear several times and the coefficient can also be zero. Basically, we can represent un-normalised polynomials, which is very useful to talk about intermediate states in our program.

```

type-synonym term-poly = ⟨string multiset⟩
type-synonym mset-polynomial =
  ⟨(term-poly * int) multiset⟩

```

```

definition normalized-poly :: ⟨mset-polynomial ⇒ bool⟩ where
  ⟨normalized-poly p ↔
    distinct-mset (fst `# p) ∧
    0 ∉# snd `# p⟩

```

```

lemma normalized-poly-simps[simp]:
  ⟨normalized-poly {#}⟩
  ⟨normalized-poly (add-mset t p) ⟷ snd t ≠ 0 ∧
    fst t ≠# fst ‘# p ∧ normalized-poly p⟩
  by (auto simp: normalized-poly-def)

lemma normalized-poly-mono:
  ⟨normalized-poly B ⟹ A ⊆# B ⟹ normalized-poly A⟩
  unfolding normalized-poly-def
  by (auto intro: distinct-mset-mono image-mset-subseteq-mono)

definition mult-poly-by-monom :: ⟨term-poly * int ⇒ mset-polynomial ⇒ mset-polynomial⟩ where
  ⟨mult-poly-by-monom = (λys q. image-mset (λxs. (fst xs + fst ys, snd ys * snd xs)) q)⟩

definition mult-poly-raw :: ⟨mset-polynomial ⇒ mset-polynomial ⇒ mset-polynomial⟩ where
  ⟨mult-poly-raw p q =
    (sum-mset ((λy. mult-poly-by-monom y q) ‘# p)))⟩

definition remove-powers :: ⟨mset-polynomial ⇒ mset-polynomial⟩ where
  ⟨remove-powers xs = image-mset (apfst remdups-mset) xs⟩

definition all-vars-mset :: ⟨mset-polynomial ⇒ string multiset⟩ where
  ⟨all-vars-mset p = ∑ # (fst ‘# p)⟩

abbreviation all-vars :: ⟨mset-polynomial ⇒ string set⟩ where
  ⟨all-vars p ≡ set-mset (all-vars-mset p)⟩

definition add-to-coefficient :: ⟨- ⇒ mset-polynomial ⇒ mset-polynomial⟩ where
  ⟨add-to-coefficient = (λ(a, n) b. {#(a', -) ∈# b. a' ≠ a#} +
    (if n + sum-mset (snd ‘# {#(a', -) ∈# b. a' = a#}) = 0 then {#}
      else {#(a, n + sum-mset (snd ‘# {#(a', -) ∈# b. a' = a#}))#}))⟩

definition normalize-poly :: ⟨mset-polynomial ⇒ mset-polynomial⟩ where
  ⟨normalize-poly p = fold-mset add-to-coefficient {#} p⟩

lemma add-to-coefficient-simps:
  ⟨n + sum-mset (snd ‘# {#(a', -) ∈# b. a' = a#}) ≠ 0 ⟹
    add-to-coefficient (a, n) b = {#(a', -) ∈# b. a' ≠ a#} +
    {#(a, n + sum-mset (snd ‘# {#(a', -) ∈# b. a' = a#}))#}⟩
  ⟨n + sum-mset (snd ‘# {#(a', -) ∈# b. a' = a#}) = 0 ⟹
    add-to-coefficient (a, n) b = {#(a', -) ∈# b. a' ≠ a#} and
    add-to-coefficient-simps-If:
    ⟨add-to-coefficient (a, n) b = {#(a', -) ∈# b. a' ≠ a#} +
      (if n + sum-mset (snd ‘# {#(a', -) ∈# b. a' = a#}) = 0 then {#}
        else {#(a, n + sum-mset (snd ‘# {#(a', -) ∈# b. a' = a#}))#})⟩
  by (auto simp: add-to-coefficient-def)

interpretation comp-fun-commute ⟨add-to-coefficient⟩
proof –
  have [iff]:
    ⟨a ≠ aa ⟹
      ((case x of (a', -) ⇒ a' = a) ∧ (case x of (a', -) ⇒ a' ≠ aa)) ⟷

```

```

(case x of (a', -) => a' = a) for a' aa a x
by auto
show <comp-fun-commute add-to-coefficient>
  unfolding add-to-coefficient-def
  by standard
  (auto intro!: ext simp: filter-filter-mset ac-simps add-eq-0-iff)
qed

```

```

lemma normalized-poly-normalize-poly[simp]:
  <normalized-poly (normalize-poly p)>
  unfolding normalize-poly-def
  apply (induction p)
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal for x p
    by (cases x)
    (auto simp: add-to-coefficient-simps-If
      intro: normalized-poly-mono)
done

```

## 7.2 Addition

```

inductive add-poly-p :: <mset-polynomial × mset-polynomial × mset-polynomial ⇒ mset-polynomial ×
mset-polynomial × mset-polynomial ⇒ bool> where
add-new-coeff-r:
  <add-poly-p (p, add-mset x q, r) (p, q, add-mset x r)> |
add-new-coeff-l:
  <add-poly-p (add-mset x p, q, r) (p, q, add-mset x r)> |
add-same-coeff-l:
  <add-poly-p (add-mset (x, n) p, q, add-mset (x, m) r) (p, q, add-mset (x, n + m) r)> |
add-same-coeff-r:
  <add-poly-p (p, add-mset (x, n) q, add-mset (x, m) r) (p, q, add-mset (x, n + m) r)> |
rem-0-coeff:
  <add-poly-p (p, q, add-mset (x, 0) r) (p, q, r)>

```

```
inductive-cases add-poly-pE: <add-poly-p S T>
```

```
lemmas add-poly-p-induct =
  add-poly-p.induct[split-format(complete)]
```

```

lemma add-poly-p-empty-l:
  <add-poly-p** (p, q, r) ({#}, q, p + r)>
  apply (induction p arbitrary: r)
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) add-new-coeff-l r-into-rtranclp
      rtranclp-trans union-mset-add-mset-left union-mset-add-mset-right)
done

```

```

lemma add-poly-p-empty-r:
  <add-poly-p** (p, q, r) (p, {#}, q + r)>
  apply (induction q arbitrary: r)
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) add-new-coeff-r r-into-rtranclp
      rtranclp-trans union-mset-add-mset-left union-mset-add-mset-right)
done

```

```

lemma add-poly-p-sym:
  ⟨add-poly-p (p, q, r) (p', q', r') ⟷ add-poly-p (q, p, r) (q', p', r')⟩
  apply (rule iffI)
  subgoal
    by (cases rule: add-poly-p.cases, assumption)
      (auto intro: add-poly-p.intros)
  subgoal
    by (cases rule: add-poly-p.cases, assumption)
      (auto intro: add-poly-p.intros)
  done

lemma wf-if-measure-in-wf:
  ⟨wf R ⟹ (Λa b. (a, b) ∈ S ⟹ (ν a, ν b) ∈ R) ⟹ wf S⟩
  by (metis in-inv-image wfE-min wfI-min wf-inv-image)

lemma lexn-n:
  ⟨n > 0 ⟹ (x # xs, y # ys) ∈ lexn r n ⟷
  (length xs = n - 1 ∧ length ys = n - 1) ∧ ((x, y) ∈ r ∨ (x = y ∧ (xs, ys) ∈ lexn r (n - 1)))⟩
  apply (cases n)
  apply simp
  by (auto simp: map-prod-def image-iff lexn-prod-def)

lemma wf-add-poly-p:
  ⟨wf {(x, y). add-poly-p y x}⟩
  by (rule wf-if-measure-in-wf[where R = ⟨lexn less-than 3⟩ and
    ν = ⟨λ(a,b,c). [size a, size b, size c]⟩])
  (auto simp: add-poly-p.simps wf-lexn
    simp: lexn-n simp del: lexn.simps(2))

lemma mult-poly-by-monom-simps[simp]:
  ⟨mult-poly-by-monom t {#} = {#}⟩
  ⟨mult-poly-by-monom t (ps + qs) = mult-poly-by-monom t ps + mult-poly-by-monom t qs⟩
  ⟨mult-poly-by-monom a (add-mset p ps) = add-mset (fst a + fst p, snd a * snd p) (mult-poly-by-monom a ps)⟩
  proof –
    interpret comp-fun-commute ⟨(λxs. add-mset (xs + t))⟩ for t
    by standard auto
    show
      ⟨mult-poly-by-monom t (ps + qs) = mult-poly-by-monom t ps + mult-poly-by-monom t qs⟩ for t
      by (induction ps)
        (auto simp: mult-poly-by-monom-def)
    show
      ⟨mult-poly-by-monom a (add-mset p ps) = add-mset (fst a + fst p, snd a * snd p) (mult-poly-by-monom a ps)⟩
      ⟨mult-poly-by-monom t {#} = {#}⟩ for t
      by (auto simp: mult-poly-by-monom-def)
  qed

inductive mult-poly-p :: ⟨mset-polynomial ⇒ mset-polynomial × mset-polynomial ⇒ mset-polynomial
  × mset-polynomial ⇒ bool⟩
  for q :: mset-polynomial where
  mult-step:
    ⟨mult-poly-p q (add-mset (xs, n) p, r) (p, (λ(ys, m). (remdups-mset (xs + ys), n * m)) '# q + r)⟩

```

```
lemmas mult-poly-p-induct = mult-poly-p.induct[split-format(complete)]
```

### 7.3 Normalisation

```
inductive normalize-poly-p :: <mset-polynomial ⇒ mset-polynomial ⇒ bool> where
rem-0-coeff[simp, intro]:
  <normalize-poly-p p q ⇒ normalize-poly-p (add-mset (xs, 0) p) q> |
merge-dup-coeff[simp, intro]:
  <normalize-poly-p p q ⇒ normalize-poly-p (add-mset (xs, m) (add-mset (xs, n) p)) (add-mset (xs, m + n) q)> |
same[simp, intro]:
  <normalize-poly-p p p> |
keep-coeff[simp, intro]:
  <normalize-poly-p p q ⇒ normalize-poly-p (add-mset x p) (add-mset x q)>
```

### 7.4 Correctness

This locales maps string polynomials to real polynomials.

```
locale poly-embed =
  fixes φ :: <string ⇒ nat>
  assumes φ-inj: <inj φ>
begin

definition poly-of-vars :: term-poly ⇒ ('a :: {comm-semiring-1}) mpoly where
  <poly-of-vars xs = fold-mset (λa b. Var (φ a) * b) (1 :: 'a mpoly) xs>

lemma poly-of-vars-simps[simp]:
  shows
    <poly-of-vars (add-mset x xs) = Var (φ x) * (poly-of-vars xs :: ('a :: {comm-semiring-1}) mpoly)> (is ?A) and
    <poly-of-vars (xs + ys) = poly-of-vars xs * (poly-of-vars ys :: ('a :: {comm-semiring-1}) mpoly)> (is ?B)
  proof -
    interpret comp-fun-commute <(λa b. (b :: 'a :: {comm-semiring-1} mpoly) * Var (φ a))>
      by standard
      (auto simp: algebra-simps ac-simps
        Var-def times-monomial-monomial intro!: ext)

    show ?A
      by (auto simp: poly-of-vars-def comp-fun-commute-axioms fold-mset-fusion
        ac-simps)
    show ?B
      apply (auto simp: poly-of-vars-def ac-simps)
      by (simp add: local.comp-fun-commute-axioms local.fold-mset-fusion
        semiring-normalization-rules(18))
  qed
```

```
definition mononom-of-vars where
  <mononom-of-vars ≡ (λ(xs, n). (+) (Const n * poly-of-vars xs))>
```

```
interpretation comp-fun-commute <mononom-of-vars>
  by standard
  (auto simp: algebra-simps ac-simps mononom-of-vars-def
```

*Var-def times-monomial-monomial intro!: ext)*

**lemma** [simp]:

$\langle \text{poly-of-vars } \{\#\} = 1 \rangle$   
**by** (auto simp: poly-of-vars-def)

**lemma** mononom-of-vars-add[simp]:

$\langle \text{NO-MATCH } 0 b \Rightarrow \text{mononom-of-vars } xs b = \text{Const } (\text{snd } xs) * \text{poly-of-vars } (\text{fst } xs) + b \rangle$   
**by** (cases xs)  
(auto simp: ac-simps mononom-of-vars-def)

**definition** polynomial-of-mset ::  $\langle \text{mset-polynomial} \Rightarrow \text{-} \rangle$  **where**

$\langle \text{polynomial-of-mset } p = \text{sum-mset } (\text{mononom-of-vars } \{\# p\} 0) \rangle$

**lemma** polynomial-of-mset-append[simp]:

$\langle \text{polynomial-of-mset } (xs + ys) = \text{polynomial-of-mset } xs + \text{polynomial-of-mset } ys \rangle$   
**by** (auto simp: ac-simps Const-def polynomial-of-mset-def)

**lemma** polynomial-of-mset-Cons[simp]:

$\langle \text{polynomial-of-mset } (\text{add-mset } x ys) = \text{Const } (\text{snd } x) * \text{poly-of-vars } (\text{fst } x) + \text{polynomial-of-mset } ys \rangle$   
**by** (cases x)  
(auto simp: ac-simps polynomial-of-mset-def mononom-of-vars-def)

**lemma** polynomial-of-mset-empty[simp]:

$\langle \text{polynomial-of-mset } \{\#\} = 0 \rangle$   
**by** (auto simp: polynomial-of-mset-def)

**lemma** polynomial-of-mset-mult-poly-by-monom[simp]:

$\langle \text{polynomial-of-mset } (\text{mult-poly-by-monom } x ys) =$   
 $(\text{Const } (\text{snd } x) * \text{poly-of-vars } (\text{fst } x) * \text{polynomial-of-mset } ys) \rangle$   
**by** (induction ys)  
(auto simp: Const-mult algebra-simps)

**lemma** polynomial-of-mset-mult-poly-raw[simp]:

$\langle \text{polynomial-of-mset } (\text{mult-poly-raw } xs ys) = \text{polynomial-of-mset } xs * \text{polynomial-of-mset } ys \rangle$   
**unfolding** mult-poly-raw-def  
**by** (induction xs arbitrary: ys)  
(auto simp: Const-mult algebra-simps)

**lemma** polynomial-of-mset-uminus:

$\langle \text{polynomial-of-mset } \{\# \text{case } x \text{ of } (a, b) \Rightarrow (a, - b). x \in \#\text{za}\#\} =$   
 $- \text{polynomial-of-mset za} \rangle$   
**by** (induction za)  
auto

**lemma** X2-X-polynomial-bool-mult-in:

$\langle \text{Var } (x1) * (\text{Var } (x1) * p) - \text{Var } (x1) * p \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \rangle$   
**using** ideal-mult-right-in[*OF X2-X-in-pac-ideal*[of *x1 { }*, unfolded pac-ideal-def], of *p*]  
**by** (auto simp: right-diff-distrib ac-simps power2-eq-square)

**lemma** polynomial-of-list-remove-powers-polynomial-bool:

$\langle (\text{polynomial-of-mset } xs) - \text{polynomial-of-mset } (\text{remove-powers } xs) \in \text{ideal polynomial-bool} \rangle$   
**proof** (induction xs)

```

case empty
then show ?case by (auto simp: remove-powers-def ideal.span-zero)
next
case (add x xs)
have H1:  $x_1 \in \# x_2 \Rightarrow$ 
  Var ( $\varphi x_1$ ) * poly-of-vars  $x_2 - p \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \longleftrightarrow$ 
  poly-of-vars  $x_2 - p \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool}$ 
   $\triangleright \text{for } x_1 x_2 p$ 
apply (subst (2) ideal.span-add-eq[symmetric,
  of (Var ( $\varphi x_1$ ) * poly-of-vars  $x_2 - \text{poly-of-vars } x_2$ )])
apply (drule multi-member-split)
apply (auto simp: X2-X-polynomial-bool-mult-in)
done

have diff:  $\langle \text{poly-of-vars } (x) - \text{poly-of-vars } (\text{remdups-mset } (x)) \rangle \in \text{ideal polynomial-bool}$  for x
by (induction x)
  (auto simp: remove-powers-def ideal.span-zero H1
    simp flip: right-diff-distrib intro!: ideal.span-scale)
have [simp]:  $\langle \text{polynomial-of-mset } xs -$ 
   $\text{polynomial-of-mset } (\text{apfst remdups-mset } \# xs)$ 
   $\in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \Rightarrow$ 
   $\text{poly-of-vars } ys * \text{poly-of-vars } ys -$ 
   $\text{poly-of-vars } ys * \text{poly-of-vars } (\text{remdups-mset } ys)$ 
   $\in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \Rightarrow$ 
   $\text{polynomial-of-mset } xs + \text{Const } y * \text{poly-of-vars } ys -$ 
   $(\text{polynomial-of-mset } (\text{apfst remdups-mset } \# xs)) +$ 
   $\text{Const } y * \text{poly-of-vars } (\text{remdups-mset } ys)$ 
   $\in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool} \text{ for } y ys$ 
by (metis add-diff-add diff ideal.scale-right-diff-distrib ideal.span-add ideal.span-scale)
show ?case
  using add
  apply (cases x)
  subgoal for ys y
    using ideal-mult-right-in2[OF diff, of (poly-of-vars ys) ys]
    by (auto simp: remove-powers-def right-diff-distrib
      ideal.span-diff ideal.span-add field-simps)
  done
qed

lemma add-poly-p-polynomial-of-mset:
   $\langle \text{add-poly-p } (p, q, r) (p', q', r') \Rightarrow$ 
   $\text{polynomial-of-mset } r + (\text{polynomial-of-mset } p + \text{polynomial-of-mset } q) =$ 
   $\text{polynomial-of-mset } r' + (\text{polynomial-of-mset } p' + \text{polynomial-of-mset } q')$ 
apply (induction rule: add-poly-p-induct)
subgoal
  by auto
subgoal
  by auto
subgoal
  by (auto simp: algebra-simps Const-add)
subgoal
  by (auto simp: algebra-simps Const-add)
subgoal
  by (auto simp: algebra-simps Const-add)
done

```

```

lemma rtranclp-add-poly-p-polynomial-of-mset:
  ‹add-poly-p** (p, q, r) (p', q', r') ⟹
    polynomial-of-mset r + (polynomial-of-mset p + polynomial-of-mset q) =
    polynomial-of-mset r' + (polynomial-of-mset p' + polynomial-of-mset q')›
by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct[of add-poly-p ⟨(−, −, −)⟩ ⟨(−, −, −)⟩, split-format(complete), of for r])
  (auto dest: add-poly-p-polynomial-of-mset)

lemma rtranclp-add-poly-p-polynomial-of-mset-full:
  ‹add-poly-p** (p, q, {#}) ({#}, {#}, r') ⟹
    polynomial-of-mset r' = (polynomial-of-mset p + polynomial-of-mset q)›
by (drule rtranclp-add-poly-p-polynomial-of-mset)
  (auto simp: ac-simps add-eq-0-iff)

lemma poly-of-vars-remdups-mset:
  ‹poly-of-vars (remdups-mset (xs)) – (poly-of-vars xs)
    ∈ More-Modules.ideal polynomial_bool›
apply (induction xs)
subgoal by (auto simp: ideal.span-zero)
subgoal for x xs
  apply (cases ‘x ∈# xs’)
  apply (metis (no-types, lifting) X2-X-polynomial_bool-mult-in diff-add-cancel diff-diff-eq2
    ideal.span-diff insert-DiffM poly-of-vars-simps(1) remdups-mset-singleton-sum)
by (metis (no-types, lifting) ideal.span-scale poly-of-vars-simps(1) remdups-mset-singleton-sum
  right-diff-distrib)
done

lemma polynomial-of-mset-mult-map:
  ‹polynomial-of-mset
    {#case x of (ys, n) ⇒ (remdups-mset (ys + xs), n * m). x ∈# q#} –
    Const m * (poly-of-vars xs * polynomial-of-mset q)
    ∈ More-Modules.ideal polynomial_bool›
(is ‘?P q ∈ -’)
proof (induction q)
  case empty
  then show ?case by (auto simp: algebra-simps ideal.span-zero)
next
  case (add x q)
  then have uP: ‘–?P q ∈ More-Modules.ideal polynomial_bool’
    using ideal.span-neg by blast
  have ‘Const b * (Const m * poly-of-vars (remdups-mset (a + xs))) –
    Const b * (Const m * (poly-of-vars a * poly-of-vars xs))
    ∈ More-Modules.ideal polynomial_bool’ for a b
  by (auto simp: Const-mult simp flip: right-diff-distrib' poly-of-vars-simps
    intro!: ideal.span-scale poly-of-vars-remdups-mset)
  then show ?case
    apply (subst ideal.span-add-eq2[symmetric, OF uP])
    apply (cases x)
    apply (auto simp: field-simps Const-mult simp flip:
      intro!: ideal.span-scale poly-of-vars-remdups-mset)
  done
qed

lemma mult-poly-p-mult-ideal:

```

```

⟨mult-poly-p q (p, r) (p', r') ⟹
  (polynomial-of-mset p' * polynomial-of-mset q + polynomial-of-mset r') – (polynomial-of-mset p *
  polynomial-of-mset q + polynomial-of-mset r)
  ∈ ideal polynomial-bool⟩
proof (induction rule: mult-poly-p-induct)
  case (mult-step xs n p r)
  show ?case
    by (auto simp: algebra-simps polynomial-of-mset-mult-map)
qed

lemma rtranclp-mult-poly-p-mult-ideal:
⟨(mult-poly-p q)** (p, r) (p', r') ⟹
  (polynomial-of-mset p' * polynomial-of-mset q + polynomial-of-mset r') – (polynomial-of-mset p *
  polynomial-of-mset q + polynomial-of-mset r)
  ∈ ideal polynomial-bool⟩
apply (induction p' r' rule: rtranclp-induct[of ⟨mult-poly-p q⟩ ⟨(p, r)⟩ ⟨(p', r')⟩ for p' q', split-format(complete)])
subgoal
  by (auto simp: ideal.span-zero)
subgoal for a b aa ba
  apply (drule mult-poly-p-mult-ideal)
  apply (drule ideal.span-add)
  apply assumption
  by (auto simp: group-add-class.diff-add-eq-diff-diff-swap
    add.inverse-distrib-swap ac-simps add-diff-eq
    simp flip: diff-add-eq-diff-diff-swap)
done

lemma rtranclp-mult-poly-p-mult-ideal-final:
⟨(mult-poly-p q)** (p, {#}) ({#}, r) ⟹
  (polynomial-of-mset r) – (polynomial-of-mset p * polynomial-of-mset q)
  ∈ ideal polynomial-bool⟩
by (drule rtranclp-mult-poly-p-mult-ideal) auto

lemma normalize-poly-p-poly-of-mset:
⟨normalize-poly-p p q ⟹ polynomial-of-mset p = polynomial-of-mset q⟩
apply (induction rule: normalize-poly-p.induct)
apply (auto simp: Const-add algebra-simps)
done

lemma rtranclp-normalize-poly-p-poly-of-mset:
⟨normalize-poly-p** p q ⟹ polynomial-of-mset p = polynomial-of-mset q⟩
by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
  (auto simp: normalize-poly-p-poly-of-mset)

end

It would be nice to have the property in the other direction too, but this requires a deep dive
into the definitions of polynomials.

locale poly-embed-bij = poly-embed +
  fixes V N
  assumes φ-bij: ⟨bij-betw φ V N⟩
begin

definition φ' :: ⟨nat ⇒ string⟩ where

```

```

⟨φ' = the-inv-into V φ⟩

lemma φ'-φ[simp]:
  ⟨x ∈ V ⟹ φ' (φ x) = x⟩
  using φ-bij unfolding φ'-def
  by (meson bij-betw-imp-inj-on the-inv-into-f-f)

```

```

lemma φ-φ'[simp]:
  ⟨x ∈ N ⟹ φ (φ' x) = x⟩
  using φ-bij unfolding φ'-def
  by (meson f-the-inv-into-f-bij-betw)

```

**end**

**end**

```

theory PAC-Polynomials-Term
  imports PAC-Polynomials
    Refine-Imperative-HOL.IICF
begin

```

## 8 Terms

We define some helper functions.

### 8.1 Ordering

```

lemma fref-to-Down-curried-left:
  fixes f:: ⟨'a ⇒ 'b ⇒ 'c nres⟩ and
    A::⟨('a × 'b) × 'd) set⟩
  shows
    ⟨(uncurry f, g) ∈ [P]f A → ⟨B⟩nres-rel ⟹
      (A a b x'. P x' ⟹ ((a, b), x') ∈ A ⟹ f a b ≤ B (g x'))⟩
  unfolding fref-def uncurry-def nres-rel-def
  by auto

```

```

lemma fref-to-Down-curried-right:
  fixes g :: ⟨'a ⇒ 'b ⇒ 'c nres⟩ and f :: ⟨'d ⇒ - nres⟩ and
    A::⟨('d × ('a × 'b)) set⟩
  shows
    ⟨(f, uncurry g) ∈ [P]f A → ⟨B⟩nres-rel ⟹
      (A a b x'. P (a,b) ⟹ (x', (a, b)) ∈ A ⟹ f x' ≤ B (g a b))⟩
  unfolding fref-def uncurry-def nres-rel-def
  by auto

```

```

type-synonym term-poly-list = ⟨string list⟩
type-synonym llist-polynomial = ⟨(term-poly-list × int) list⟩

```

We instantiate the characters with typeclass linorder to be able to talk about sorted and so on.

```

definition less-eq-char :: ⟨char ⇒ char ⇒ bool⟩ where
  ⟨less-eq-char c d = (((of-char c) :: nat) ≤ of-char d)⟩

```

```

definition less-char :: ⟨char ⇒ char ⇒ bool⟩ where

```

```

⟨less-char c d = (((of-char c) :: nat) < of-char d)⟩

global-interpretation char: linorder less-eq-char less-char
  using linorder-char
  unfolding linorder-class-def class.linorder-def
    less-eq-char-def[symmetric] less-char-def[symmetric]
    class.order-def order-class-def
    class.preorder-def preorder-class-def
    ord-class-def
  apply auto
  done

abbreviation less-than-char :: ⟨(char × char) set⟩ where
  ⟨less-than-char ≡ p2rel less-char⟩

```

```

lemma less-than-char-def:
  ⟨(x,y) ∈ less-than-char ⟷ less-char x y⟩
  by (auto simp: p2rel-def)

```

```

lemma trans-less-than-char[simp]:
  ⟨trans less-than-char⟩ and
  irrefl-less-than-char:
    ⟨irrefl less-than-char⟩ and
  antisym-less-than-char:
    ⟨antisym less-than-char⟩
  by (auto simp: less-than-char-def trans-def irrefl-def antisym-def)

```

## 8.2 Polynomials

```

definition var-order-rel :: ⟨(string × string) set⟩ where
  ⟨var-order-rel ≡ lexord less-than-char⟩

```

```

abbreviation var-order :: ⟨string ⇒ string ⇒ bool⟩ where
  ⟨var-order ≡ rel2p var-order-rel⟩

```

```

abbreviation term-order-rel :: ⟨(term-poly-list × term-poly-list) set⟩ where
  ⟨term-order-rel ≡ lexord var-order-rel⟩

```

```

abbreviation term-order :: ⟨term-poly-list ⇒ term-poly-list ⇒ bool⟩ where
  ⟨term-order ≡ rel2p term-order-rel⟩

```

```

definition term-poly-list-rel :: ⟨(term-poly-list × term-poly) set⟩ where
  ⟨term-poly-list-rel = {(xs, ys).
    ys = mset xs ∧
    distinct xs ∧
    sorted-wrt (rel2p var-order-rel) xs}⟩

```

```

definition unsorted-term-poly-list-rel :: ⟨(term-poly-list × term-poly) set⟩ where
  ⟨unsorted-term-poly-list-rel = {(xs, ys).
    ys = mset xs ∧ distinct xs}⟩

```

```

definition poly-list-rel :: ⟨- ⇒ (('a × int) list × mset-polynomial) set⟩ where
  ⟨poly-list-rel R = {(xs, ys).
    (xs, ys) ∈ ⟨R ×r int-rel⟩ list-rel O list-mset-rel ∧
    0 ∉# snd '# ys}⟩

```

**definition** *sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt* ::  $\langle ('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool})$   
 $\Rightarrow ('a \times \text{string multiset}) \text{ set} \Rightarrow (('a \times \text{int}) \text{ list} \times \text{mset-polynomial}) \text{ set} \rangle$  **where**  
 $\langle \text{sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt } S R = \{(xs, ys)\}.$   
 $(xs, ys) \in \langle R \times_r \text{int-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel } O \text{ list-mset-rel} \wedge$   
 $\text{sorted-wrt } S (\text{map fst } xs) \wedge$   
 $\text{distinct } (\text{map fst } xs) \wedge$   
 $0 \notin \text{snd } \# ys \rangle$

**abbreviation** *sorted-poly-list-rel* **where**  
 $\langle \text{sorted-poly-list-rel } R \equiv \text{sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt } R \text{ term-poly-list-rel} \rangle$

**abbreviation** *sorted-poly-rel* **where**  
 $\langle \text{sorted-poly-rel} \equiv \text{sorted-poly-list-rel term-order} \rangle$

**definition** *sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-wrt* ::  $\langle ('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool})$   
 $\Rightarrow ('a \times \text{string multiset}) \text{ set} \Rightarrow (('a \times \text{int}) \text{ list} \times \text{mset-polynomial}) \text{ set} \rangle$  **where**  
 $\langle \text{sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-wrt } S R = \{(xs, ys)\}.$   
 $(xs, ys) \in \langle R \times_r \text{int-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel } O \text{ list-mset-rel} \wedge$   
 $\text{sorted-wrt } S (\text{map fst } xs) \wedge$   
 $0 \notin \text{snd } \# ys \rangle$

**abbreviation** *sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel* **where**  
 $\langle \text{sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel } R \equiv \text{sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-wrt } R \text{ term-poly-list-rel} \rangle$

**abbreviation** *sorted-repeat-poly-rel* **where**  
 $\langle \text{sorted-repeat-poly-rel} \equiv \text{sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel } (\text{rel2p } (\text{Id} \cup \text{lexord var-order-rel})) \rangle$

**abbreviation** *unsorted-poly-rel* **where**  
 $\langle \text{unsorted-poly-rel} \equiv \text{poly-list-rel term-poly-list-rel} \rangle$

**lemma** *sorted-poly-list-rel-empty-l*[simp]:  
 $\langle ([], s') \in \text{sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt } S T \longleftrightarrow s' = \{\#\} \rangle$   
**by** (cases *s'*)  
 $(\text{auto simp: sorted-poly-list-rel-def list-mset-rel-def br-def})$

**definition** *fully-unsorted-poly-list-rel* ::  $\langle - \Rightarrow (('a \times \text{int}) \text{ list} \times \text{mset-polynomial}) \text{ set} \rangle$  **where**  
 $\langle \text{fully-unsorted-poly-list-rel } R = \{(xs, ys)\}.$   
 $(xs, ys) \in \langle R \times_r \text{int-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel } O \text{ list-mset-rel} \rangle$

**abbreviation** *fully-unsorted-poly-rel* **where**  
 $\langle \text{fully-unsorted-poly-rel} \equiv \text{fully-unsorted-poly-list-rel unsorted-term-poly-list-rel} \rangle$

**lemma** *fully-unsorted-poly-list-rel-empty-iff*[simp]:  
 $\langle (p, \{\#\}) \in \text{fully-unsorted-poly-list-rel } R \longleftrightarrow p = [] \rangle$   
 $\langle ([], p') \in \text{fully-unsorted-poly-list-rel } R \longleftrightarrow p' = \{\#\} \rangle$   
**by** (auto simp: *fully-unsorted-poly-list-rel-def list-mset-rel-def br-def*)

**definition** *poly-list-rel-with0* ::  $\langle - \Rightarrow (('a \times \text{int}) \text{ list} \times \text{mset-polynomial}) \text{ set} \rangle$  **where**  
 $\langle \text{poly-list-rel-with0 } R = \{(xs, ys)\}.$   
 $(xs, ys) \in \langle R \times_r \text{int-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel } O \text{ list-mset-rel} \rangle$

```

abbreviation unsorted-poly-rel-with0 where
  ⟨unsorted-poly-rel-with0 ≡ fully-unsorted-poly-list-rel term-poly-list-rel⟩

lemma poly-list-rel-with0-empty-iff[simp]:
  ⟨(p, {#}) ∈ poly-list-rel-with0 R ↔ p = []⟩
  ⟨([], p') ∈ poly-list-rel-with0 R ↔ p' = {#}⟩
  by (auto simp: poly-list-rel-with0-def list-mset-rel-def br-def)

definition sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrt :: ⟨('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool)
  ⇒ ('a × string multiset) set ⇒ (('a × int) list × mset-polynomial) set⟩ where
  ⟨sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrt S R = {(xs, ys).
    (xs, ys) ∈ ⟨R ×r int-rel⟩ list-rel O list-mset-rel ∧
    sorted-wrt S (map fst xs)}⟩

abbreviation sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0 where
  ⟨sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0 R ≡ sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrt R term-poly-list-rel⟩

abbreviation sorted-repeat-poly-rel-with0 where
  ⟨sorted-repeat-poly-rel-with0 ≡ sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0 (rel2p (Id ∪ lexord var-order-rel))⟩

lemma term-poly-list-relD:
  ⟨(xs, ys) ∈ term-poly-list-rel ⇒ distinct xs⟩
  ⟨(xs, ys) ∈ term-poly-list-rel ⇒ ys = mset xs⟩
  ⟨(xs, ys) ∈ term-poly-list-rel ⇒ sorted-wrt (rel2p var-order-rel) xs⟩
  ⟨(xs, ys) ∈ term-poly-list-rel ⇒ sorted-wrt (rel2p (Id ∪ var-order-rel)) xs⟩
  apply (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-def; fail)+
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) CollectD UnI2 rel2p-def sorted-wrt-mono-rel split-conv
    term-poly-list-rel-def)

end
theory PAC-Polynomials-Operations
  imports PAC-Polynomials-Term PAC-Checker-Specification
begin

```

### 8.3 Addition

In this section, we refine the polynomials to lists. These lists will be used in our checker to represent the polynomials and execute operations.

There is one *key* difference between the list representation and the usual representation: in the former, coefficients can be zero and monomials can appear several times. This makes it easier to reason on intermediate representation where this has not yet been sanitized.

```

fun add-poly-l' :: <llist-polynomial × llist-polynomial ⇒ llist-polynomial> where
  ⟨add-poly-l'⟩ (p, []) = p
  ⟨add-poly-l'⟩ ([] , q) = q
  ⟨add-poly-l'⟩ ((xs, n) # p, (ys, m) # q) =
    (if xs = ys then if n + m = 0 then add-poly-l' (p, q) else
     let pq = add-poly-l' (p, q) in
     ((xs, n + m) # pq)
    else if (xs, ys) ∈ term-order-rel
    then
      let pq = add-poly-l' (p, (ys, m) # q) in
      ((xs, n) # pq)
    else

```

```

let pq = add-poly-l' ((xs, n) # p, q) in
((ys, m) # pq)
)}
```

**definition** *add-poly-l* ::  $\langle llist\text{-polynomial} \times llist\text{-polynomial} \Rightarrow llist\text{-polynomial} \text{ nres} \rangle$  **where**

```

⟨add-poly-l = RECT
(λadd-poly-l (p, q).
  case (p, q) of
    (p, []) ⇒ RETURN p
  | ( [], q ) ⇒ RETURN q
  | ((xs, n) # p, (ys, m) # q) ⇒
    (if xs = ys then if n + m = 0 then add-poly-l (p, q) else
      do {
        pq ← add-poly-l (p, q);
        RETURN ((xs, n + m) # pq)
      }
    else if (xs, ys) ∈ term-order-rel
      then do {
        pq ← add-poly-l (p, (ys, m) # q);
        RETURN ((xs, n) # pq)
      }
    else do {
      pq ← add-poly-l ((xs, n) # p, q);
      RETURN ((ys, m) # pq)
    }))⟩
```

**definition** *nonzero-coeffs* **where**

```

⟨nonzero-coeffs a ↔ 0 ≠# snd ‘#’ a⟩
```

**lemma** *nonzero-coeffs-simps*[simp]:

```

⟨nonzero-coeffs {#}
⟨nonzero-coeffs (add-mset (xs, n) a) ↔ nonzero-coeffs a ∧ n ≠ 0⟩
by (auto simp: nonzero-coeffs-def)
```

**lemma** *nonzero-coeffsD*:

```

⟨nonzero-coeffs a ⇒ (x, n) ∈# a ⇒ n ≠ 0⟩
by (auto simp: nonzero-coeffs-def)
```

**lemma** *sorted-poly-list-rel-ConsD*:

```

⟨((ys, n) # p, a) ∈ sorted-poly-list-rel S ⇒ (p, remove1-mset (mset ys, n) a) ∈ sorted-poly-list-rel S
∧
(mset ys, n) ∈# a ∧ (∀x ∈ set p. S ys (fst x)) ∧ sorted-wrt (rel2p var-order-rel) ys ∧
distinct ys ∧ ys ∉ set (map fst p) ∧ n ≠ 0 ∧ nonzero-coeffs a⟩
unfolding sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def prod.case mem-Collect-eq
list-rel-def
apply (clarify)
apply (subst (asm) list.relsel)
apply (intro conjI)
apply (rename-tac y, rule-tac b = ‘tl y’ in relcompI)
apply (auto simp: sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def list-mset-rel-def br-def
list.tl-def term-poly-list-rel-def nonzero-coeffs-def split: list.splits)
done
```

**lemma** *sorted-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff*:

```

⟨((ys, n) # p, a) ∈ sorted-poly-list-rel S ↔ (p, remove1-mset (mset ys, n) a) ∈ sorted-poly-list-rel S
```

```

 $\wedge$ 
 $(mset ys, n) \in \# a \wedge (\forall x \in set p. S ys (fst x)) \wedge sorted-wrt (rel2p var-order-rel) ys \wedge$ 
 $distinct ys \wedge ys \notin set (map fst p) \wedge n \neq 0 \wedge nonzero-coeffs a$ 
apply (rule iffI)
subgoal
  by (auto dest!: sorted-poly-list-rel-ConsD)
subgoal
  unfolding sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def prod.case mem-Collect-eq
    list-rel-def
  apply (clarsimp)
  apply (intro conjI)
  apply (rename-tac y; rule-tac b = `((mset ys, n) \# y)` in relcompI)
  by (auto simp: sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def list-mset-rel-def br-def
    term-poly-list-rel-def add-mset-eq-add-mset eq-commute[of - `mset` -])
    nonzero-coeffs-def
  dest!: multi-member-split)
done

```

```

lemma sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-ConsD:
 $((ys, n) \# p, a) \in sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel S \implies (p, remove1-mset (mset ys, n) a) \in sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel$ 
 $S \wedge$ 
 $(mset ys, n) \in \# a \wedge (\forall x \in set p. S ys (fst x)) \wedge sorted-wrt (rel2p var-order-rel) ys \wedge$ 
 $distinct ys \wedge n \neq 0 \wedge nonzero-coeffs a$ 
unfolding sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-wrt-def prod.case mem-Collect-eq
  list-rel-def
apply (clarsimp)
apply (subst (asm) list.relsel)
apply (intro conjI)
apply (rename-tac y, rule-tac b = `tl y` in relcompI)
apply (auto simp: sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def list-mset-rel-def br-def
  list.tl-def term-poly-list-rel-def nonzero-coeffs-def split: list.splits)
done

```

```

lemma sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff:
 $((ys, n) \# p, a) \in sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel S \longleftrightarrow (p, remove1-mset (mset ys, n) a) \in sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel$ 
 $S \wedge$ 
 $(mset ys, n) \in \# a \wedge (\forall x \in set p. S ys (fst x)) \wedge sorted-wrt (rel2p var-order-rel) ys \wedge$ 
 $distinct ys \wedge n \neq 0 \wedge nonzero-coeffs a$ 
apply (rule iffI)
subgoal
  by (auto dest!: sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-ConsD)
subgoal
  unfolding sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-wrt-def prod.case mem-Collect-eq
    list-rel-def
  apply (clarsimp)
  apply (intro conjI)
  apply (rename-tac y, rule-tac b = `((mset ys, n) \# y)` in relcompI)
  by (auto simp: sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-wrt-def list-mset-rel-def br-def
    term-poly-list-rel-def add-mset-eq-add-mset eq-commute[of - `mset` -])
    nonzero-coeffs-def
  dest!: multi-member-split)
done

```

```

lemma add-poly-p-add-mset-sum-0:
  ‹n + m = 0 ⟹ add-poly-p** (A, Aa, {#}) ({#}, {#}, r) ⟹
    add-poly-p***
      (add-mset (mset ys, n) A, add-mset (mset ys, m) Aa, {#})
      ({#}, {#}, r)›
apply (rule converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
apply (rule add-poly-p.add-new-coeff-r)
apply (rule converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
apply (rule add-poly-p.add-same-coeff-l)
apply (rule converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
apply (auto intro: add-poly-p.rem-0-coeff)
done

lemma monoms-add-poly-l'D:
  ‹(aa, ba) ∈ set (add-poly-l' x) ⟹ aa ∈ fst ` set (fst x) ∨ aa ∈ fst ` set (snd x)›
by (induction x rule: add-poly-l'.induct)
  (auto split: if-splits)

lemma add-poly-p-add-to-result:
  ‹add-poly-p** (A, B, r) (A', B', r') ⟹
    add-poly-p***
      (A, B, p + r) (A', B', p + r')›
apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct[of add-poly-p ‹(-, -, -)› ‹(-, -, -)›, split-format(complete), of for r])
subgoal by auto
by (elim add-poly-pE)
  (metis (no-types, lifting) Pair-inject add-poly-p.intros rtranclp.simps union-mset-add-mset-right)+

lemma add-poly-p-add-mset-comb:
  ‹add-poly-p** (A, Aa, {#}) ({#}, {#}, r) ⟹
    add-poly-p***
      (add-mset (xs, n) A, Aa, {#})
      ({#}, {#}, add-mset (xs, n) r)›
apply (rule converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
apply (rule add-poly-p.add-new-coeff-l)
using add-poly-p-add-to-result[of A Aa ‹{#}› ‹{#}› ‹{#}› r ‹{(xs, n)}›]
by auto

lemma add-poly-p-add-mset-comb2:
  ‹add-poly-p** (A, Aa, {#}) ({#}, {#}, r) ⟹
    add-poly-p***
      (add-mset (ys, n) A, add-mset (ys, m) Aa, {#})
      ({#}, {#}, add-mset (ys, n + m) r)›
apply (rule converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
apply (rule add-poly-p.add-new-coeff-r)
apply (rule converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
apply (rule add-poly-p.add-same-coeff-l)
using add-poly-p-add-to-result[of A Aa ‹{#}› ‹{#}› ‹{#}› r ‹{(ys, n+m)}›]
by auto

lemma add-poly-p-add-mset-comb3:
  ‹add-poly-p** (A, Aa, {#}) ({#}, {#}, r) ⟹
    add-poly-p***
```

```

(A, add-mset (ys, m) Aa, {#})
  ({#, #}, add-mset (ys, m) r)
apply (rule converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
apply (rule add-poly-p.add-new-coeff-r)
using add-poly-p-add-to-result[of A Aa {#} {#} {#} r {#}(ys, m){#}]
by auto

lemma total-on-lexord:
  <Relation.total-on UNIV R ==> Relation.total-on UNIV (lexord R)
apply (auto simp: Relation.total-on-def)
by (meson lexord-linear)

lemma antisym-lexord:
  <antisym R ==> irrefl R ==> antisym (lexord R)
by (auto simp: antisym-def lexord-def irrefl-def
  elim!: list-match-lel-lel)

lemma less-than-char-linear:
  <(a, b) ∈ less-than-char ∨
    a = b ∨ (b, a) ∈ less-than-char>
by (auto simp: less-than-char-def)

lemma total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear:
  <xs ≠ ys ==> (xs, ys) ∉ lexord (lexord less-than-char) ↔
    (ys, xs) ∈ lexord (lexord less-than-char)>
using lexord-linear[of <lexord less-than-char> xs ys]
using lexord-linear[of <less-than-char>] less-than-char-linear
using lexord-irrefl[OF irrefl-less-than-char]
  antisym-lexord[OF antisym-lexord[OF antisym-less-than-char irrefl-less-than-char]]
apply (auto simp: antisym-def Relation.total-on-def)
done

lemma sorted-poly-list-rel nonzeroD:
  <(p, r) ∈ sorted-poly-list-rel term-order ==>
    nonzero-coeffs (r)>
  <(p, r) ∈ sorted-poly-list-rel (rel2p (lexord (lexord less-than-char))) ==>
    nonzero-coeffs (r)>
by (auto simp: sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def nonzero-coeffs-def)

lemma add-poly-l'-add-poly-p:
  assumes <(pq, pq') ∈ sorted-poly-rel ×r sorted-poly-rel>
  shows <∃ r. (add-poly-l' pq, r) ∈ sorted-poly-rel ∧
    add-poly-p** (fst pq', snd pq', {#}) ({#, #}, r)>
supply [[goals-limit=1]]
using assms
apply (induction <pq> arbitrary: pq' rule: add-poly-l'.induct)
subgoal for p pq'
  using add-poly-p-empty-l[of <fst pq'> {#} {#}]
  by (cases pq') (auto intro!: exI[of - <fst pq'>])
subgoal for x p pq'
  using add-poly-p-empty-r[of {#} <snd pq'> {#}]
  by (cases pq') (auto intro!: exI[of - <snd pq'>])
subgoal premises p for xs n p ys m q pq'
  apply (cases pq') — Isabelle does a completely stupid case distinction here

```

```

apply (cases `xs = ys`)
subgoal
  apply (cases `n + m = 0`)
  subgoal
    using p(1)[of `((remove1-mset (mset xs, n) (fst pq'), remove1-mset (mset ys, m) (snd pq')))`]


(5-)

apply (auto dest!: sorted-poly-list-rel-ConsD multi-member-split
  )
  using add-poly-p-add-mset-sum-0 by blast
subgoal
  using p(2)[of `((remove1-mset (mset xs, n) (fst pq'), remove1-mset (mset ys, m) (snd pq')))`]


(5-)

apply (auto dest!: sorted-poly-list-rel-ConsD multi-member-split)
  apply (rule-tac x = `add-mset (mset ys, n + m) r` in exI)
  apply (fastforce dest!: monoms-add-poly-l'D simp: sorted-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff rel2p-def
  sorted-poly-list-rel-nonzeroD var-order-rel-def
  intro: add-poly-p-add-mset-comb2)
  done
done
subgoal
  apply (cases `(`xs, ys)` ∈ term-order-rel`)
  subgoal
    using p(3)[of `((remove1-mset (mset xs, n) (fst pq'), (snd pq')))`] p(5-)
    apply (auto dest!: multi-member-split simp: sorted-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff rel2p-def)
    apply (rule-tac x = `add-mset (mset xs, n) r` in exI)
    apply (auto dest!: monoms-add-poly-l'D)
    apply (auto intro: lexord-trans add-poly-p-add-mset-comb simp: lexord-transI var-order-rel-def)
    apply (rule lexord-trans)
    apply assumption
    apply (auto intro: lexord-trans add-poly-p-add-mset-comb simp: lexord-transI
    sorted-poly-list-rel-nonzeroD var-order-rel-def)
    using total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear by fastforce

subgoal
  using p(4)[of `(`fst pq', remove1-mset (mset ys, m) (snd pq')))`] p(5-)
  apply (auto dest!: multi-member-split simp: sorted-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff rel2p-def
  var-order-rel-def)
  apply (rule-tac x = `add-mset (mset ys, m) r` in exI)
  apply (auto dest!: monoms-add-poly-l'D
  simp: total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear)
  apply (auto intro: lexord-trans add-poly-p-add-mset-comb simp: lexord-transI
  total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear var-order-rel-def)
  apply (rule lexord-trans)
  apply assumption
  apply (auto intro: lexord-trans add-poly-p-add-mset-comb3 simp: lexord-transI
  sorted-poly-list-rel-nonzeroD var-order-rel-def)
  using total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear by fastforce
  done
done
done

```

**lemma** add-poly-l-add-poly:  
`add-poly-l x = RETURN (add-poly-l' x)`  
**unfolding** add-poly-l-def

```

by (induction x rule: add-poly-l'.induct)
  (solves <subst RECT-unfold, refine-mono, simp split: list.split>)+

lemma add-poly-l-spec:
  <(add-poly-l, uncurry ( $\lambda p\ q.\ SPEC(\lambda r.\ add\text{-}poly\text{-}p^{**}(p, q, \{\#\}) (\{\#\}, \{\#\}, r))) \in$ 
    sorted-poly-rel  $\times_r$  sorted-poly-rel  $\rightarrow_f$  <sorted-poly-rel>nres-rel>
  unfolding add-poly-l-add-poly
  apply (intro nres-relI frefI)
  apply (drule add-poly-l'-add-poly-p)
  apply (auto simp: conc-fun-RES)
  done

definition sort-poly-spec :: <llist-polynomial  $\Rightarrow$  llist-polynomial nres> where
  <sort-poly-spec p =
     $SPEC(\lambda p'. mset p = mset p' \wedge sorted\text{-}wrt (rel2p (Id \cup term\text{-}order\text{-}rel)) (map fst p'))>$ 

lemma sort-poly-spec-id:
  assumes < $(p, p') \in unsorted\text{-}poly\text{-}rel$ >
  shows <sort-poly-spec p  $\leq \Downarrow$  (sorted-repeat-poly-rel) (RETURN p')>

proof -
  obtain y where
    py: < $(p, y) \in (term\text{-}poly\text{-}list\text{-}rel \times_r int\text{-}rel) list\text{-}rel$ > and
    p'-y: < $p' = mset y$ > and
    zero: < $0 \notin snd 'p'$ >
  using assms
  unfolding sort-poly-spec-def poly-list-rel-def sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def
  by (auto simp: list-mset-rel-def br-def)
  then have [simp]: < $length y = length p$ >
    by (auto simp: list-rel-def list-all2-conv-all-nth)
  have H: < $(x, p')$ 
     $\in (term\text{-}poly\text{-}list\text{-}rel \times_r int\text{-}rel) list\text{-}rel O list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel$ >
    if px: < $mset p = mset x$ > and < $sorted\text{-}wrt (rel2p (Id \cup lexord var\text{-}order\text{-}rel)) (map fst x)$ >
    for x :: <llist-polynomial>

proof -
  from px have < $length x = length p$ >
    by (metis size-mset)
  from px have < $mset x = mset p$ >
    by simp
  then obtain f where < $f permutes \{.. <length p\}$ > < $permute\text{-}list f p = x$ >
    by (rule mset-eq-permutation)
  with < $length x = length p$ > have f: < $bij\text{-}betw f \{.. <length x\} \{.. <length p\}$ >
    by (simp add: permutes-imp-bij)
  from < $f permutes \{.. <length p\}$ > < $permute\text{-}list f p = x$ > [symmetric]
  have [simp]: < $\bigwedge i. i < length x \implies x ! i = p ! (f i)$ >
    by (simp add: permute-list-nth)
  let ?y = < $map (\lambda i. y ! f i) [0 .. < length x]$ >
  have < $i < length y \implies (p ! f i, y ! f i) \in term\text{-}poly\text{-}list\text{-}rel \times_r int\text{-}rel$ > for i
    using list-all2-nthD[of - p y
      < $f i$ >, OF py[unfolded list-rel-def mem-Collect-eq prod.case]]
    mset-eq-length[OF px] f
    by (auto simp: list-rel-def list-all2-conv-all-nth bij-betw-def)
  then have < $(x, ?y) \in (term\text{-}poly\text{-}list\text{-}rel \times_r int\text{-}rel) list\text{-}rel$ > and
    xy: < $length x = length y$ >
    using py list-all2-nthD[of < $rel2p (term\text{-}poly\text{-}list\text{-}rel \times_r int\text{-}rel)$ > p y
      < $f i$ > for i, simplified] mset-eq-length[OF px]

```

```

by (auto simp: list-rel-def list-all2-conv-all-nth)
moreover {
  have f: ‹mset-set {0..} = f ‘# mset-set {0..}›
    using f mset-eq-length[OF px]
    by (auto simp: bij-betw-def lessThan-atLeast0 image-mset-mset-set)
  have ‹mset y = {#y ! f x. x ∈# mset-set {0..}#}›
    by (subst drop-0[symmetric], subst mset-drop-upto, subst xy[symmetric], subst f)
    auto
  then have ‹(?y, p') ∈ list-mset-rel›
    by (auto simp: list-mset-rel-def br-def p'-y)
}
ultimately show ?thesis
  by (auto intro!: relcompI[of - ?y])
qed
show ?thesis
  using zero
  unfolding sort-poly-spec-def poly-list-rel-def sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-wrt-def
  by refine-rcg (auto intro: H)
qed

```

## 8.4 Multiplication

```

fun mult-monoms :: ‹term-poly-list ⇒ term-poly-list ⇒ term-poly-list› where
  ‹mult-monoms p [] = p› |
  ‹mult-monoms [] p = p› |
  ‹mult-monoms (x # p) (y # q) =
    (if x = y then x # mult-monoms p q
     else if (x, y) ∈ var-order-rel then x # mult-monoms p (y # q)
     else y # mult-monoms (x # p) q)›

lemma term-poly-list-rel-empty-iff[simp]:
  ‹([], q') ∈ term-poly-list-rel ↔ q' = {#}›
  by (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-def)

lemma mset-eqD-set-mset: ‹mset xs = A ⇒ set xs = set-mset A›
  by auto

lemma term-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff:
  ‹(y # p, p') ∈ term-poly-list-rel ↔
    (p, remove1-mset y p') ∈ term-poly-list-rel ∧
    y ∈# p' ∧ y ∉ set p ∧ y ∉# remove1-mset y p' ∧
    (∀x ∈# mset p. (y, x) ∈ var-order-rel)›
  by (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-def rel2p-def dest!: multi-member-split mset-eqD-set-mset)

lemma var-order-rel-antisym[simp]:
  ‹(y, y) ∉ var-order-rel›
  by (simp add: less-than-char-def lexord-irreflexive var-order-rel-def)

lemma term-poly-list-rel-remdups-mset:
  ‹(p, p') ∈ term-poly-list-rel ⇒
    (p, remdups-mset p') ∈ term-poly-list-rel›
  by (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-def distinct-mset-remdups-mset-id simp flip: distinct-mset-mset-distinct)

lemma var-notin-notin-mult-monomsD:
  ‹y ∈ set (mult-monoms p q) ⇒ y ∈ set p ∨ y ∈ set q›
  by (induction p q arbitrary: p' q' rule: mult-monoms.induct) (auto split: if-splits)

```

```

lemma term-poly-list-rel-set-mset:
   $\langle (p, q) \in \text{term-poly-list-rel} \Rightarrow \text{set-mset } q \rangle$ 
  by (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-def)

lemma mult-monoms-spec:
   $\langle (\text{mult-monoms}, (\lambda a b. \text{remdups-mset } (a + b))) \in \text{term-poly-list-rel} \rightarrow \text{term-poly-list-rel} \rightarrow \text{term-poly-list-rel} \rangle$ 
proof -
  have [dest]:  $\langle \text{remdups-mset } (A + Aa) = \text{add-mset } y Ab \Rightarrow y \notin A \Rightarrow$ 
     $y \notin Aa \Rightarrow$ 
    False for Aa Ab y A
  by (metis set-mset-remdups-mset union-iff union-single-eq-member)
  show ?thesis
  apply (intro fun-rell)
  apply (rename-tac p p' q q')
  subgoal for p p' q q'
    apply (induction p q arbitrary: p' q' rule: mult-monoms.induct)
    subgoal by (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff rel2p-def term-poly-list-rel-remdups-mset)
    subgoal for x p p' q'
      by (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff rel2p-def term-poly-list-rel-remdups-mset
        dest!: multi-member-split[of - q'])
    subgoal premises p for x p y q p' q'
      apply (cases x = y)
      subgoal
        using p(1)[of <remove1-mset y p'> <remove1-mset y q'>] p(4-)
        by (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff rel2p-def
          dest!: var-notin-notin-mult-monomsD
          dest!: multi-member-split)
      subgoal
        apply (cases <(x, y) ∈ var-order-rel>)
        subgoal
          using p(2)[of <remove1-mset x p'> <q'>] p(4-)
          apply (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff
            term-poly-list-rel-set-mset rel2p-def var-order-rel-def
            dest!: multi-member-split[of - p] multi-member-split[of - q']
            var-notin-notin-mult-monomsD
            split: if-splits)
          apply (meson lexord-cons-cons list.inject total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear)
          apply (meson lexord-cons-cons list.inject total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear)
          apply (meson lexord-cons-cons list.inject total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear)
          using lexord-trans trans-less-than-char var-order-rel-antisym
          unfolding var-order-rel-def apply blast+
          done
        subgoal
          using p(3)[of <p'> <remove1-mset y q'>] p(4-)
          apply (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff rel2p-def
            term-poly-list-rel-set-mset rel2p-def var-order-rel-antisym
            dest!: multi-member-split[of - p] multi-member-split[of - q']
            var-notin-notin-mult-monomsD
            split: if-splits)
          using lexord-trans trans-less-than-char var-order-rel-antisym
          unfolding var-order-rel-def apply blast
          apply (meson lexord-cons-cons list.inject total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear)
          by (meson less-than-char-linear lexord-linear lexord-trans trans-less-than-char)
        done
      done
    done
  done
done

```

```

done
done
qed

definition mult-monomials :: <term-poly-list × int ⇒ term-poly-list × int ⇒ term-poly-list × int>
where
  <mult-monomials = (λ(x, a) (y, b). (mult-monomials x y, a * b))>

definition mult-poly-raw :: <llist-polynomial ⇒ llist-polynomial ⇒ llist-polynomial> where
  <mult-poly-raw p q = foldl (λb x. map (mult-monomials x) q @ b) [] p>

fun map-append where
  <map-append f b [] = b |>
  <map-append f b (x # xs) = f x # map-append f b xs>

lemma map-append-alt-def:
  <map-append f b xs = map f xs @ b>
  by (induction f b xs rule: map-append.induct)
    auto

lemma foldl-append-empty:
  <NO-MATCH [] xs ⇒ foldl (λb x. f x @ b) xs p = foldl (λb x. f x @ b) [] p @ xs>
  apply (induction p arbitrary: xs)
  apply simp
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) NO-MATCH-def append.assoc append-self-conv foldl-Cons)

lemma poly-list-rel-empty-iff[simp]:
  <([], r) ∈ poly-list-rel R ↔ r = {#}>
  by (auto simp: poly-list-rel-def list-mset-rel-def br-def)

lemma mult-poly-raw-simp[simp]:
  <mult-poly-raw [] q = []>
  <mult-poly-raw (x # p) q = mult-poly-raw p q @ map (mult-monomials x) q>
  subgoal by (auto simp: mult-poly-raw-def)
  subgoal by (induction p) (auto simp: mult-poly-raw-def foldl-append-empty)
  done

lemma sorted-poly-list-relD:
  <(q, q') ∈ sorted-poly-list-rel R ⇒ q' = (λ(a, b). (mset a, b)) '# mset q>
  apply (induction q arbitrary: q')
  apply (auto simp: sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def list-mset-rel-def br-def
    list-rel-split-right-iff)
  apply (subst (asm)(2) term-poly-list-rel-def)
  apply (simp add: relcomp.relcompI)
  done

lemma list-all2-in-set-ExD:
  <list-all2 R p q ⇒ x ∈ set p ⇒ ∃y ∈ set q. R x y>
  by (induction p q rule: list-all2-induct)
    auto

inductive-cases mult-poly-p-elim: <mult-poly-p q (A, r) (B, r')>
```

```

lemma mult-poly-p-add-mset-same:
  ‹(mult-poly-p q')** (A, r) (B, r') ⟹ (mult-poly-p q')** (add-mset x A, r) (add-mset x B, r')›
  apply (induction rule: rtranclp-induct[of ‹mult-poly-p q'› ‹(-, r)› ‹(p', q')› for p' q'', split-format(complete)])
  subgoal by simp
  apply (rule rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl)
  apply assumption
  by (auto elim!: mult-poly-p-elim intro: mult-poly-p.intros
        intro: rtranclp.rtrancl-into-rtrancl simp: add-mset-commute[of x])

lemma mult-poly-raw-mult-poly-p:
  assumes ‹(p, p') ∈ sorted-poly-rel› and ‹(q, q') ∈ sorted-poly-rel›
  shows ‹∃ r. (mult-poly-raw p q, r) ∈ unsorted-poly-rel ∧ (mult-poly-p q')** (p', {#}) ({#}, r)›
proof –
  have H: ‹(q, q') ∈ sorted-poly-list-rel term-order ⟹ n < length q ⟹
    distinct aa ⟹ sorted-wrt var-order aa ⟹
    (mult-monoms aa (fst (q ! n)),
     mset (mult-monoms aa (fst (q ! n)))) ∈ term-poly-list-rel for aa n
  using mult-monoms-spec[unfolded fun-rel-def, simplified] apply –
  apply (drule bspec[of - - ‹(aa, (mset aa))›])
  apply (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-def[])
  unfolding prod.case sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def
  apply clarsimp
  subgoal for y
    apply (drule bspec[of - - ‹(fst (q ! n), mset (fst (q ! n)))›])
    apply (cases ‹q ! n›; cases ‹y ! n›)
    using param-nth[of n y n q ‹term-poly-list-rel ×r int-rel›]
    by (auto simp: list-rel-imp-same-length term-poly-list-rel-def)
  done

  have H': ‹(q, q') ∈ sorted-poly-list-rel term-order ⟹
    distinct aa ⟹ sorted-wrt var-order aa ⟹
    (ab, ba) ∈ set q ⟹
    remdups-mset (mset aa + mset ab) = mset (mult-monoms aa ab) for aa n ab ba
  using mult-monoms-spec[unfolded fun-rel-def, simplified] apply –
  apply (drule bspec[of - - ‹(aa, (mset aa))›])
  apply (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-def[])
  unfolding prod.case sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def
  apply clarsimp
  subgoal for y
    apply (drule bspec[of - - ‹(ab, mset ab)›])
    apply (auto simp: list-rel-imp-same-length term-poly-list-rel-def list-rel-def
      dest: list-all2-in-set-ExD)
  done
  done

have H: ‹(q, q') ∈ sorted-poly-list-rel term-order ⟹
  a = (aa, b) ⟹
  (pq, r) ∈ unsorted-poly-rel ⟹
  p' = add-mset (mset aa, b) A ⟹
  ∀ x ∈ set p. term-order aa (fst x) ⟹
  sorted-wrt var-order aa ⟹
  distinct aa ⟹ b ≠ 0 ⟹
  (Λaaa. (aaa, 0) ≠# q') ⟹
  (pq @

```

```

map (mult-monomials (aa, b)) q,
  {#case x of (ys, n) => (remdups-mset (mset aa + ys), n * b)
  . x ∈# q' #} +
r)
  ∈ unsorted-poly-rel for a p p' pq aa b r
apply (auto simp: poly-list-rel-def)
apply (rule-tac b = `y @ map (λ(a,b). (mset a, b)) (map (mult-monomials (aa, b)) q)` in relcompI)
apply (auto simp: list-rel-def list-all2-append list-all2-lengthD H
list-mset-rel-def br-def mult-monomials-def case-prod-beta intro!: list-all2-all-nthI
simp: sorted-poly-list-relD)
apply (subst sorted-poly-list-relD[of q q' term-order])
apply (auto simp: case-prod-beta H' intro!: image-mset-cong)
done

show ?thesis
using assms
apply (induction p arbitrary: p')
subgoal
  by auto
subgoal premises p for a p p'
  using p(1)[of `remove1-mset (mset (fst a), snd a) p'`] p(2-)
  apply (cases a)
  apply (auto simp: sorted-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff
dest!: multi-member-split)
  apply (rule-tac x = `(λ(ys, n). (remdups-mset (mset (fst a) + ys), n * snd a)) '# q' + r` in exI)
  apply (auto 5 3 intro: mult-poly-p.intros simp: intro!: H
dest: sorted-poly-list-rel-nonzeroD nonzero-coeffsD)
  apply (rule rtranclp-trans)
  apply (rule mult-poly-p-add-mset-same)
  apply assumption
  apply (rule converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
  apply (auto intro!: mult-poly-p.intros simp: ac-simps)
  done
done
qed

fun merge-coeffs :: `llist-polynomial ⇒ llist-polynomial` where
`merge-coeffs [] = []` |
`merge-coeffs [(xs, n)] = [(xs, n)]` |
`merge-coeffs ((xs, n) # (ys, m) # p) =
(if xs = ys
then if n + m ≠ 0 then merge-coeffs ((xs, n + m) # p) else merge-coeffs p
else (xs, n) # merge-coeffs ((ys, m) # p))` |

abbreviation (in −) monomoms :: `llist-polynomial ⇒ term-poly-list set` where
`monomoms p ≡ fst `set p` `

lemma fst-normalize-polynomial-subset:
`monomoms (merge-coeffs p) ⊆ monomoms p`
by (induction p rule: merge-coeffs.induct) auto

lemma fst-normalize-polynomial-subsetD:
`((a, b) ∈ set (merge-coeffs p) ⇒ a ∈ monomoms p)`
```

```

apply (induction p rule: merge-coeffs.induct)
subgoal
  by auto
subgoal
  by auto
subgoal
  by (auto split: if-splits)
done

lemma distinct-merge-coeffs:
  assumes <sorted-wrt R (map fst xs)> and <transp R> <antisymp R>
  shows <distinct (map fst (merge-coeffs xs))>
  using assms
  by (induction xs rule: merge-coeffs.induct)
    (auto 5 4 dest: antisympD dest!: fst-normalize-polynomial-subsetD)

lemma in-set-merge-coeffsD:
  <(a, b) ∈ set (merge-coeffs p) ⟹ ∃ b. (a, b) ∈ set p>
  by (auto dest!: fst-normalize-polynomial-subsetD)

lemma rtranclp-normalize-poly-add-mset:
  <normalize-poly-p** A r ⟹ normalize-poly-p** (add-mset x A) (add-mset x r)>
  by (induction rule: rtranclp-induct)
    (auto dest: normalize-poly-p.keep-coeff[of - - x])

lemma nonzero-coeffs-diff:
  <nonzero-coeffs A ⟹ nonzero-coeffs (A - B)>
  by (auto simp: nonzero-coeffs-def dest: in-diffD)

lemma merge-coeffs-is-normalize-poly-p:
  <(xs, ys) ∈ sorted-repeat-poly-rel ⟹ ∃ r. (merge-coeffs xs, r) ∈ sorted-poly-rel ∧ normalize-poly-p** ys r>
  apply (induction xs arbitrary: ys rule: merge-coeffs.induct)
  subgoal by (auto simp: sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-wrt-def sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def)
  subgoal
    by (auto simp: sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-wrt-def sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def)
  subgoal premises p for xs n ys m p ysa
    apply (cases <xs = ys>, cases <m+n ≠ 0>)
    subgoal
      using p(1)[of <add-mset (mset ys, m+n) ysa - {#(mset ys, m), (mset ys, n)#}>] p(4-)
      apply (auto simp: sorted-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff ac-simps add-mset-commute
        remove1-mset-add-mset-If nonzero-coeffs-diff sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff)
      apply (rule-tac x = <r> in exI)
      using normalize-poly-p.merge-dup-coeff[of <ysa - {#(mset ys, m), (mset ys, n)#}> <ysa - {#(mset ys, m), (mset ys, n)#}> <mset ys m n>]
      by (auto dest!: multi-member-split simp del: normalize-poly-p.merge-dup-coeff
        simp: add-mset-commute
        intro: converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
    subgoal
      using p(2)[of <ysa - {#(mset ys, m), (mset ys, n)#}>] p(4-)
      apply (auto simp: sorted-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff ac-simps add-mset-commute
        remove1-mset-add-mset-If nonzero-coeffs-diff sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff)
      apply (rule-tac x = <r> in exI)
      using normalize-poly-p.rem-0-coeff[of <add-mset (mset ys, m +n) ysa - {#(mset ys, m), (mset ys, n)}>]

```

```

 $ys, n) \#} \rangle \langle add-mset (mset ys, m + n) ysa - \{ \#(mset ys, m), (mset ys, n) \#} \rangle \langle mset ys \rangle$ 
  using normalize-poly-p.merge-dup-coeff[of  $\langle ysa - \{ \#(mset ys, m), (mset ys, n) \#} \rangle \langle ysa - \{ \#(mset ys, m), (mset ys, n) \#} \rangle \langle mset ys \rangle m n$ ]
  by (force intro: add-mset-commute[of  $\langle (mset ys, n) \rangle \langle (mset ys, -n) \rangle$ ]
    converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp
    dest!: multi-member-split
    simp del: normalize-poly-p.rem-0-coeff
    simp: add-eq-0-iff2
    intro: normalize-poly-p.rem-0-coeff)
subgoal
  using p(3)[of  $\langle add-mset (mset ys, m) ysa - \{ \#(mset xs, n), (mset ys, m) \#} \rangle$ ] p(4 -)
  apply (auto simp: sorted-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff ac-simps add-mset-commute
    remove1-mset-add-mset-If sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff)
  apply (rule-tac x =  $\langle add-mset (mset xs, n) r \rangle$  in exI)
  apply (auto dest!: in-set-merge-coeffsD)
  apply (auto intro: normalize-poly-p.intros rtranclp-normalize-poly-add-mset
    simp: rel2p-def var-order-rel-def
    dest!: multi-member-split
    dest: sorted-poly-list-rel-nonzeroD)
  using total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear apply fastforce
  using total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear apply fastforce
done
done
done

```

## 8.5 Normalisation

```

definition normalize-poly where
   $\langle \text{normalize-poly } p = \text{do } \{$ 
     $p \leftarrow \text{sort-poly-spec } p;$ 
    RETURN (merge-coeffs p)
   $\} \rangle$ 
definition sort-coeff ::  $\langle \text{string list} \Rightarrow \text{string list nres} \rangle$  where
   $\langle \text{sort-coeff } ys = \text{SPEC}(\lambda xs. \text{mset } xs = \text{mset } ys \wedge \text{sorted-wrt } (\text{rel2p } (\text{Id} \cup \text{var-order-rel})) xs) \rangle$ 

lemma distinct-var-order-Id-var-order:
   $\langle \text{distinct } a \implies \text{sorted-wrt } (\text{rel2p } (\text{Id} \cup \text{var-order-rel})) a \implies$ 
     $\text{sorted-wrt var-order } a \rangle$ 
  by (induction a) (auto simp: rel2p-def)

definition sort-all-coeffs ::  $\langle \text{llist-polynomial} \Rightarrow \text{llist-polynomial nres} \rangle$  where
   $\langle \text{sort-all-coeffs } xs = \text{monadic-nfoldli } xs (\lambda -. \text{RETURN True}) (\lambda (a, n) b. \text{do } \{a \leftarrow \text{sort-coeff } a; \text{RETURN } ((a, n) \# b)\}) [] \rangle$ 

lemma sort-all-coeffs-gen:
  assumes  $\langle (\forall xs \in \text{mononoms } xs'. \text{sorted-wrt } (\text{rel2p } (\text{var-order-rel})) xs) \rangle$  and
     $\langle \forall x \in \text{mononoms } (xs @ xs'). \text{distinct } x \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle \text{monadic-nfoldli } xs (\lambda -. \text{RETURN True}) (\lambda (a, n) b. \text{do } \{a \leftarrow \text{sort-coeff } a; \text{RETURN } ((a, n) \# b)\}) xs' \leq$ 
     $\Downarrow \text{Id } (\text{SPEC}(\lambda ys. \text{map } (\lambda (a,b). (\text{mset } a, b)) (\text{rev } xs @ xs') = \text{map } (\lambda (a,b). (\text{mset } a, b)) (ys) \wedge$ 
     $(\forall xs \in \text{mononoms } ys. \text{sorted-wrt } (\text{rel2p } (\text{var-order-rel})) xs))) \rangle$ 
proof -
  have H:  $\langle$ 
     $\forall x \in \text{set } xs'. \text{sorted-wrt var-order } (\text{fst } x) \implies$ 
     $\text{sorted-wrt } (\text{rel2p } (\text{Id} \cup \text{var-order-rel})) x \implies$ 
     $(aaa, ba) \in \text{set } xs' \implies$ 

```

```

sorted-wrt (rel2p (Id ∪ var-order-rel)) aaa› for xs xs' ba aa b x aaa
by (metis UnCI fst-eqD rel2p-def sorted-wrt-mono-rel)
show ?thesis
using assms
unfolding sort-all-coeffs-def sort-coeff-def
apply (induction xs arbitrary: xs')
subgoal
using assms
by auto
subgoal premises p for a xs
using p(2-)
apply (cases a, simp only: monadic-nfoldli-simp bind-to-let-conv Let-def if-True Refine-Basic.nres-monad3
intro-spec-refine-iff prod.case)
by (auto 5 3 simp: intro-spec-refine-iff image-Un
dest: same-mset-distinct-iff
intro!: p(1)[THEN order-trans] distinct-var-order-Id-var-order
simp: H)
done
qed

definition shuffle-coefficients where
`shuffle-coefficients xs = (SPEC(λys. map (λ(a,b). (mset a, b)) (rev xs)) = map (λ(a,b). (mset a, b))
ys ∧
(∀ xs ∈ mononomes ys. sorted-wrt (rel2p (var-order-rel)) xs)))›

lemma sort-all-coeffs:
`∀ x ∈ mononomes xs. distinct x ==>
sort-all-coeffs xs ≤↓ Id (shuffle-coefficients xs)`›
unfolding sort-all-coeffs-def shuffle-coefficients-def
by (rule sort-all-coeffs-gen[THEN order-trans])
auto

lemma unsorted-term-poly-list-rel-mset:
`((ys, aa) ∈ unsorted-term-poly-list-rel ==> mset ys = aa)`›
by (auto simp: unsorted-term-poly-list-rel-def)

lemma RETURN-map-alt-def:
`RETURN o (map f) =
REC_T (λg xs.
case xs of
[] ⇒ RETURN []
| x # xs ⇒ do {xs ← g xs; RETURN (f x # xs)})`›
unfolding comp-def
apply (subst eq-commute)
apply (intro ext)
apply (induct-tac x)
subgoal
apply (subst REC_T-unfold)
apply refine-mono
apply auto
done
subgoal
apply (subst REC_T-unfold)
apply refine-mono
apply auto

```

```

done
done

lemma fully-unsorted-poly-rel-Cons-iff:
   $\langle ((ys, n) \# p, a) \in \text{fully-unsorted-poly-rel} \longleftrightarrow$ 
   $(p, \text{remove1-mset } (\text{mset } ys, n) a) \in \text{fully-unsorted-poly-rel} \wedge$ 
   $(\text{mset } ys, n) \in \# a \wedge \text{distinct } ys \rangle$ 
apply (auto simp: poly-list-rel-def list-rel-split-right-iff list-mset-rel-def br-def
  unsorted-term-poly-list-rel-def
  nonzero-coeffs-def fully-unsorted-poly-list-rel-def dest!: multi-member-split)
apply blast
apply (rule-tac b =  $\langle (mset ys, n) \# ys \rangle$  in relcompI)
apply auto
done

lemma map-mset-unsorted-term-poly-list-rel:
   $\langle (\bigwedge a. a \in \text{monomoms } s \implies \text{distinct } a) \implies \forall x \in \text{monomoms } s. \text{distinct } x \implies$ 
   $(\forall xs \in \text{monomoms } s. \text{sorted-wrt } (\text{rel2p } (\text{Id} \cup \text{var-order-rel})) xs) \implies$ 
   $(s, \text{map } (\lambda(a, y). (\text{mset } a, y)) s) \in \langle \text{term-poly-list-rel} \times_r \text{int-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel}$ 
by (induction s) (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-def
  distinct-var-order-Id-var-order)

lemma list-rel-unsorted-term-poly-list-relD:
   $\langle (p, y) \in \langle \text{unsorted-term-poly-list-rel} \times_r \text{int-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel} \implies$ 
   $\text{mset } y = (\lambda(a, y). (\text{mset } a, y)) \# \text{mset } p \wedge (\forall x \in \text{monomoms } p. \text{distinct } x) \rangle$ 
by (induction p arbitrary: y)
  (auto simp: list-rel-split-right-iff
  unsorted-term-poly-list-rel-def)

lemma shuffle-terms-distinct-iff:
assumes  $\langle \text{map } (\lambda(a, y). (\text{mset } a, y)) p = \text{map } (\lambda(a, y). (\text{mset } a, y)) s \rangle$ 
shows  $\langle (\forall x \in \text{set } p. \text{distinct } (\text{fst } x)) \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \in \text{set } s. \text{distinct } (\text{fst } x)) \rangle$ 
proof –
  have  $\langle \forall x \in \text{set } s. \text{distinct } (\text{fst } x) \rangle$ 
  if m:  $\langle \text{map } (\lambda(a, y). (\text{mset } a, y)) p = \text{map } (\lambda(a, y). (\text{mset } a, y)) s \rangle$  and
    dist:  $\langle \forall x \in \text{set } p. \text{distinct } (\text{fst } x) \rangle$ 
  for s p
  proof standard+
  fix x
  assume x:  $\langle x \in \text{set } s \rangle$ 
  obtain v n where [simp]:  $\langle x = (v, n) \rangle$  by (cases x)
  then have  $\langle (\text{mset } v, n) \in \text{set } (\text{map } (\lambda(a, y). (\text{mset } a, y)) p) \rangle$ 
    using x unfolding m by auto
  then obtain v' where
     $\langle (v', n) \in \text{set } p \rangle$  and
     $\langle \text{mset } v' = \text{mset } v \rangle$ 
    by (auto simp: image-iff)
  then show  $\langle \text{distinct } (\text{fst } x) \rangle$ 
    using dist by (metis x = (v, n) distinct-mset-mset-distinct fst-conv)
  qed
  from this[of p s] this[of s p]
  show  $\langle ?thesis \rangle$ 
  unfolding assms

```

```

by blast
qed

lemma
   $\langle (p, y) \in \langle \text{unsorted-term-poly-list-rel} \times_r \text{int-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel} \Rightarrow$ 
     $(a, b) \in \text{set } p \Rightarrow \text{distinct } a$ 
  using list-rel-unsorted-term-poly-list-relD by fastforce

lemma sort-all-coeffs-unsorted-poly-rel-with0:
  assumes  $\langle (p, p') \in \text{fully-unsorted-poly-rel} \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle \text{sort-all-coeffs } p \leq \Downarrow (\text{unsorted-poly-rel-with0}) (\text{RETURN } p') \rangle$ 

proof -
  have H:  $\langle (\text{map } (\lambda(a, y). (\text{mset } a, y)) (\text{rev } p)) =$ 
     $\text{map } (\lambda(a, y). (\text{mset } a, y)) s \longleftrightarrow$ 
     $(\text{map } (\lambda(a, y). (\text{mset } a, y)) p) =$ 
     $\text{map } (\lambda(a, y). (\text{mset } a, y)) (\text{rev } s) \rangle \text{ for } s$ 
  by (auto simp flip: rev-map simp: eq-commute[of \ $\langle \text{rev } (\text{map } -) \rangle \langle \text{map } - \rangle$ ])
  have 1:  $\langle \bigwedge s. y. (p, y) \in \langle \text{unsorted-term-poly-list-rel} \times_r \text{int-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel} \Rightarrow$ 
     $p' = \text{mset } y \Rightarrow$ 
     $\text{map } (\lambda(a, y). (\text{mset } a, y)) (\text{rev } p) = \text{map } (\lambda(a, y). (\text{mset } a, y)) s \Rightarrow$ 
     $\forall x \in \text{set } s. \text{sorted-wrt var-order } (\text{fst } x) \Rightarrow$ 
     $(s, \text{map } (\lambda(a, y). (\text{mset } a, y)) s) \in \langle \text{term-poly-list-rel} \times_r \text{int-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel}$ 
  by (auto 4 4 simp: rel2p-def
    dest!: list-rel-unsorted-term-poly-list-relD
    dest: shuffle-terms-distinct-iff[THEN iffD1]
    intro!: map-mset-unsorted-term-poly-list-rel
    sorted-wrt-mono-rel[of - `rel2p (var-order-rel)` `rel2p (Id \cup var-order-rel)`])
  have 2:  $\langle \bigwedge s. y. (p, y) \in \langle \text{unsorted-term-poly-list-rel} \times_r \text{int-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel} \Rightarrow$ 
     $p' = \text{mset } y \Rightarrow$ 
     $\text{map } (\lambda(a, y). (\text{mset } a, y)) (\text{rev } p) = \text{map } (\lambda(a, y). (\text{mset } a, y)) s \Rightarrow$ 
     $\forall x \in \text{set } s. \text{sorted-wrt var-order } (\text{fst } x) \Rightarrow$ 
     $\text{mset } y = \{\# \text{case } x \text{ of } (a, x) \Rightarrow (\text{mset } a, x). x \in \# \text{mset } s \#\}$ 
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) list-rel-unsorted-term-poly-list-relD mset-map mset-rev)
  show ?thesis
    apply (rule sort-all-coeffs[THEN order-trans])
    using assms
    by (auto simp: shuffle-coefficients-def poly-list-rel-def
      RETURN-def fully-unsorted-poly-list-rel-def list-mset-rel-def
      br-def dest: list-rel-unsorted-term-poly-list-relD
      intro!: RES-refine relcompI[of - `map (\lambda(a, y). (\text{mset } a, y)) (\text{rev } p)`]
      1 2)

qed

lemma sort-poly-spec-id':
  assumes  $\langle (p, p') \in \text{unsorted-poly-rel-with0} \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle \text{sort-poly-spec } p \leq \Downarrow (\text{sorted-repeat-poly-rel-with0}) (\text{RETURN } p') \rangle$ 

proof -
  obtain y where
    py:  $\langle (p, y) \in \langle \text{term-poly-list-rel} \times_r \text{int-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel} \rangle \text{ and }$ 
    p'-y:  $\langle p' = \text{mset } y \rangle$ 
  using assms
  unfolding fully-unsorted-poly-list-rel-def poly-list-rel-def sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def
  by (auto simp: list-mset-rel-def br-def)
  then have [simp]:  $\langle \text{length } y = \text{length } p \rangle$ 

```

```

by (auto simp: list-rel-def list-all2-conv-all-nth)
have H: ⟨(x, p') ∈ ⟨term-poly-list-rel ×r int-rel⟩list-rel O list-mset-rel⟩
  if px: ⟨mset p = mset x⟩ and ⟨sorted-wrt (rel2p (Id ∪ lexord var-order-rel)) (map fst x)⟩
    for x :: llist-polynomial
proof –
  from px have ⟨length x = length p⟩
    by (metis size-mset)
  from px have ⟨mset x = mset p⟩
    by simp
  then obtain f where ⟨f permutes {..<length p}⟩ ⟨permute-list f p = x⟩
    by (rule mset-eq-permutation)
  with ⟨length x = length p⟩ have f: ⟨bij-betw f {..<length x} {..<length p}⟩
    by (simp add: permutes-imp-bij)
  from ⟨f permutes {..<length p}⟩ ⟨permute-list f p = x⟩ [symmetric]
  have [simp]: ⟨\ $\bigwedge i. i < \text{length } x \implies x ! i = p ! (f i)$ ⟩
    by (simp add: permute-list-nth)
  let ?y = ⟨map (λi. y ! f i) [0 ..< length x]⟩
  have ⟨i < length y ⟹ (p ! f i, y ! f i) ∈ term-poly-list-rel ×r int-rel⟩ for i
    using list-all2-nthD[of - p y
      ⟨f i⟩, OF py[unfolded list-rel-def mem-Collect-eq prod.case]]
    mset-eq-length[OF px] f
    by (auto simp: list-rel-def list-all2-conv-all-nth bij-betw-def)
  then have ⟨(x, ?y) ∈ ⟨term-poly-list-rel ×r int-rel⟩list-rel⟩ and
    xy: ⟨length x = length y⟩
    using py list-all2-nthD[of ⟨rel2p (term-poly-list-rel ×r int-rel)⟩ p y
      ⟨f i⟩ for i, simplified] mset-eq-length[OF px]
    by (auto simp: list-rel-def list-all2-conv-all-nth)
  moreover {
    have f: ⟨mset-set {0..<length x} = f ‘# mset-set {0..<length x}⟩
      using f mset-eq-length[OF px]
      by (auto simp: bij-betw-def lessThan-atLeast0 image-mset-mset-set)
    have ⟨mset y = {#y ! f x. x ∈# mset-set {0..<length x} #}⟩
      by (subst drop-0[symmetric], subst mset-drop-upto, subst xy[symmetric], subst f)
      auto
    then have ⟨(?y, p') ∈ list-mset-rel⟩
      by (auto simp: list-mset-rel-def br-def p'-y)
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis
  by (auto intro!: relcompI[of - ?y])
qed
show ?thesis
  unfolding sort-poly-spec-def poly-list-rel-def sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrt-def
  by refine-rcg (auto intro: H)
qed

```

```

fun merge-coeffs0 :: llist-polynomial ⇒ llist-polynomial where
  ⟨merge-coeffs0 [] = []⟩ |
  ⟨merge-coeffs0 [(xs, n)] = (if n = 0 then [] else [(xs, n)])⟩ |
  ⟨merge-coeffs0 ((xs, n) # (ys, m) # p) =
    (if xs = ys
      then if n + m ≠ 0 then merge-coeffs0 ((xs, n + m) # p) else merge-coeffs0 p
      else if n = 0 then merge-coeffs0 ((ys, m) # p)
      else (xs, n) # merge-coeffs0 ((ys, m) # p))⟩

```

```

lemma sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrt-ConsD:
   $\langle ((ys, n) \# p, a) \in \text{sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrt } S \text{ term-poly-list-rel} \implies$ 
     $(p, \text{remove1-mset } (\text{mset } ys, n) a) \in \text{sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrt } S \text{ term-poly-list-rel} \wedge$ 
     $(\text{mset } ys, n) \in \# a \wedge (\forall x \in \text{set } p. S \text{ ys } (\text{fst } x)) \wedge \text{sorted-wrt } (\text{rel2p var-order-rel}) \text{ ys} \wedge$ 
     $\text{distinct } ys\rangle$ 
unfolding sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrt-def prod.case mem-Collect-eq
  list-rel-def
apply (clar simp)
apply (subst (asm) list.relsel)
apply (intro conjI)
apply (rule-tac b = ‹tl y› in relcompI)
apply (auto simp: sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def list-mset-rel-def br-def)
apply (case-tac ‹lead-coeff y›; case-tac y)
apply (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-def)
apply (case-tac ‹lead-coeff y›; case-tac y)
apply (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-def)
apply (case-tac ‹lead-coeff y›; case-tac y)
apply (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-def)
apply (case-tac ‹lead-coeff y›; case-tac y)
apply (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-def)
done

lemma sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrtl-Cons-iff:
   $\langle ((ys, n) \# p, a) \in \text{sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrt } S \text{ term-poly-list-rel} \longleftrightarrow$ 
     $(p, \text{remove1-mset } (\text{mset } ys, n) a) \in \text{sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrt } S \text{ term-poly-list-rel} \wedge$ 
     $(\text{mset } ys, n) \in \# a \wedge (\forall x \in \text{set } p. S \text{ ys } (\text{fst } x)) \wedge \text{sorted-wrt } (\text{rel2p var-order-rel}) \text{ ys} \wedge$ 
     $\text{distinct } ys\rangle$ 
apply (rule iffI)
subgoal
  by (auto dest!: sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrt-ConsD)
subgoal
  unfolding sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def prod.case mem-Collect-eq
    list-rel-def sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrt-def
  apply (clar simp)
  apply (rule-tac b = ‹(mset ys, n) # y› in relcompI)
  by (auto simp: sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def list-mset-rel-def br-def
    term-poly-list-rel-def add-mset-eq-add-mset eq-commute[of - ‹mset -›]
    nonzero-coeffs-def
    dest!: multi-member-split)
done

lemma fst-normalize0-polynomial-subsetD:
   $\langle (a, b) \in \text{set } (\text{merge-coeffs0 } p) \implies a \in \text{monomoms } p \rangle$ 
apply (induction p rule: merge-coeffs0.induct)
subgoal
  by auto
subgoal
  by (auto split: if-splits)
subgoal
  by (auto split: if-splits)
done

lemma in-set-merge-coeffs0D:

```

```

<(a, b) ∈ set (merge-coeffs0 p) ==> ∃ b. (a, b) ∈ set p>
by (auto dest!: fst-normalize0-polynomial-subsetD)

```

```

lemma merge-coeffs0-is-normalize-poly-p:
  <(xs, ys) ∈ sorted-repeat-poly-rel-with0 ==> ∃ r. (merge-coeffs0 xs, r) ∈ sorted-poly-rel ∧ normalize-poly-p** ys r>
  apply (induction xs arbitrary: ys rule: merge-coeffs0.induct)
  subgoal by (auto simp: sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-wrt-def sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def
    sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrt-def list-mset-rel-def br-def)
  subgoal for xs n ys
    by (force simp: sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-wrt-def sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def
      sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrt-def list-mset-rel-def br-def
      list-rel-split-right-iff)
  subgoal premises p for xs n ys m p ysa
    apply (cases <xs = ys>, cases <m+n ≠ 0>)
    subgoal
      using p(1)[of <add-mset (mset ys, m+n) ysa - {#(mset ys, m), (mset ys, n)#}>] p(5-)
      apply (auto simp: sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrtl-Cons-iff ac-simps add-mset-commute
        remove1-mset-add-mset-If nonzero-coeffs-diff sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff)
      apply (auto intro: normalize-poly-p.intros add-mset-commute add-mset-commute
        converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp dest!: multi-member-split
        simp del: normalize-poly-p.merge-dup-coeff)
      apply (rule-tac x = <r> in exI)
      using normalize-poly-p.merge-dup-coeff[of <ysa - {#(mset ys, m), (mset ys, n)#}> <ysa - {#(mset ys, m), (mset ys, n)#}> <mset ys> m n]
      by (auto intro: normalize-poly-p.intros
        converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp dest!: multi-member-split
        simp: add-mset-commute[of <(mset ys, n)> <(mset ys, m)>]
        simp del: normalize-poly-p.merge-dup-coeff)
    subgoal
      using p(2)[of <ysa - {#(mset ys, m), (mset ys, n)#}>] p(5-)
      apply (auto simp: sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrtl-Cons-iff ac-simps add-mset-commute
        remove1-mset-add-mset-If nonzero-coeffs-diff sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff)
      apply (rule-tac x = <r> in exI)
      using normalize-poly-p.rem-0-coeff[of <add-mset (mset ys, m+n) ysa - {#(mset ys, m), (mset ys, n)#}> <add-mset (mset ys, m+n) ysa - {#(mset ys, m), (mset ys, n)#}> <mset ys>]
      using normalize-poly-p.merge-dup-coeff[of <ysa - {#(mset ys, m), (mset ys, n)#}> <ysa - {#(mset ys, m), (mset ys, n)#}> <mset ys> m n]
      by (force intro: normalize-poly-p.intros converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp
        dest!: multi-member-split
        simp del: normalize-poly-p.rem-0-coeff
        simp: add-mset-commute[of <(mset ys, n)> <(mset ys, m)>])
    apply (cases <n = 0>)
    subgoal
      using p(3)[of <add-mset (mset ys, m) ysa - {#(mset xs, n), (mset ys, m)#}>] p(4-)
      apply (auto simp: sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrtl-Cons-iff ac-simps add-mset-commute
        remove1-mset-add-mset-If sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff)
      apply (rule-tac x = <r> in exI)
      apply (auto dest!: in-set-merge-coeffsD)
      by (force intro: rtranclp-normalize-poly-add-mset converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp
        simp: rel2p-def var-order-rel-def sorted-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff
        dest!: multi-member-split
        dest: sorted-poly-list-rel-nonzeroD)
    subgoal

```

```

using p(4)[of <add-mset (mset ys, m) ysa - {#(mset xs, n), (mset ys, m)#}>] p(5-)
apply (auto simp: sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-with0-wrtl-Cons-iff ac-simps add-mset-commute
        remove1-mset-add-mset-If sorted-repeat-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff)
apply (rule-tac x = <add-mset (mset xs, n) r> in exI)
apply (auto dest!: in-set-merge-coeffs0D)
apply (auto intro: normalize-poly-p.intros rtranclp-normalize-poly-add-mset
        simp: rel2p-def var-order-rel-def sorted-poly-list-rel-Cons-iff
        dest!: multi-member-split
        dest: sorted-poly-list-rel-nonzeroD)
using in-set-merge-coeffs0D total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear apply fastforce
using in-set-merge-coeffs0D total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear apply fastforce
done
done
done

definition full-normalize-poly where
<full-normalize-poly p = do {
  p ← sort-all-coeffs p;
  p ← sort-poly-spec p;
  RETURN (merge-coeffs0 p)
}>

fun sorted-remdups where
<sorted-remdups (x # y # zs) =
  (if x = y then sorted-remdups (y # zs) else x # sorted-remdups (y # zs)) | 
<sorted-remdups zs = zs>

lemma set-sorted-remdups[simp]:
<set (sorted-remdups xs) = set xs>
by (induction xs rule: sorted-remdups.induct)
auto

lemma distinct-sorted-remdups:
<sorted-wrt R xs ==> antisym R ==> distinct (sorted-remdups xs)>
by (induction xs rule: sorted-remdups.induct)
(auto dest: antisymD)

lemma full-normalize-poly-normalize-poly-p:
assumes <(p, p') ∈ fully-unsorted-poly-rel>
shows <full-normalize-poly p ≤ ⊥ (sorted-poly-rel) (SPEC (λr. normalize-poly-p** p' r))>
(is <?A ≤ ⊥ ?R ?B>)
proof -
have 1: <?B = do {
  p' ← RETURN p';
  p' ← RETURN p';
  SPEC (λr. normalize-poly-p** p' r)
}>
by auto
have [refine0]: <sort-all-coeffs p ≤ SPEC(λp. (p, p') ∈ unsorted-poly-rel-with0)>
by (rule sort-all-coeffs-unsorted-poly-rel-with0[OF assms, THEN order-trans])
(auto simp: conc-fun-RES RETURN-def)
have [refine0]: <sort-poly-spec p ≤ SPEC (λc. (c, p') ∈ sorted-repeat-poly-rel-with0)>
if <(p, p') ∈ unsorted-poly-rel-with0>
for p p'
by (rule sort-poly-spec-id'[THEN order-trans, OF that])

```

```

(auto simp: conc-fun-RES RETURN-def)
show ?thesis
apply (subst 1)
unfolding full-normalize-poly-def
by (refine-rcg)
(auto intro!: RES-refine
dest!: merge-coeffs0-is-normalize-poly-p
simp: RETURN-def)
qed

definition mult-poly-full :: <-> where
⟨mult-poly-full p q = do {
let pq = mult-poly-raw p q;
normalize-poly pq
}⟩

lemma normalize-poly-normalize-poly-p:
assumes ⟨(p, p') ∈ unsorted-poly-rel⟩
shows ⟨normalize-poly p ≤ ⇄ (sorted-poly-rel) (SPEC (λr. normalize-poly-p** p' r))⟩
proof –
have 1: ⟨SPEC (λr. normalize-poly-p** p' r) = do {
p' ← RETURN p';
SPEC (λr. normalize-poly-p** p' r)
}⟩
by auto
show ?thesis
unfolding normalize-poly-def
apply (subst 1)
apply (refine-rcg sort-poly-spec-id[OF assms]
merge-coeffs-is-normalize-poly-p)
subgoal
by (drule merge-coeffs-is-normalize-poly-p)
(auto intro!: RES-refine simp: RETURN-def)
done
qed

```

## 8.6 Multiplication and normalisation

```

definition mult-poly-p' :: <-> where
⟨mult-poly-p' p' q' = do {
pq ← SPEC(λr. (mult-poly-p q')** (p', {#}) ({#}, r));
SPEC (λr. normalize-poly-p** pq r)
}⟩

lemma unsorted-poly-rel-fully-unsorted-poly-rel:
⟨unsorted-poly-rel ⊆ fully-unsorted-poly-rel⟩
proof –
have ⟨term-poly-list-rel ×r int-rel ⊆ unsorted-term-poly-list-rel ×r int-rel⟩
by (auto simp: unsorted-term-poly-list-rel-def term-poly-list-rel-def)
from list-rel-mono[OF this]
show ?thesis
unfolding poly-list-rel-def fully-unsorted-poly-list-rel-def
by (auto simp:)
qed

lemma mult-poly-full-mult-poly-p':

```

```

assumes ‹(p, p') ∈ sorted-poly-rel› ‹(q, q') ∈ sorted-poly-rel›
shows ‹mult-poly-full p q ≤ ⇤ (sorted-poly-rel) (mult-poly-p' p' q')›
unfolding mult-poly-full-def mult-poly-p'-def
apply (refine-rcg full-normalize-poly-normalize-poly-p
    normalize-poly-normalize-poly-p)
apply (subst RETURN-RES-refine-iff)
apply (subst Bex-def)
apply (subst mem-Collect-eq)
apply (subst conj-commute)
apply (rule mult-poly-raw-mult-poly-p[OF assms(1,2)])
subgoal
  by blast
done

```

```

definition add-poly-spec :: ‹-› where
  ‹add-poly-spec p q = SPEC (λr. p + q - r ∈ ideal polynomial-bool)›

```

```

definition add-poly-p' :: ‹-› where
  ‹add-poly-p' p q = SPEC(λr. add-poly-p** (p, q, {#}) ({#}, {#}, r))›

```

```

lemma add-poly-l-add-poly-p':
assumes ‹(p, p') ∈ sorted-poly-rel› ‹(q, q') ∈ sorted-poly-rel›
shows ‹add-poly-l (p, q) ≤ ⇤ (sorted-poly-rel) (add-poly-p' p' q')›
unfolding add-poly-p'-def
apply (refine-rcg add-poly-l-spec[THEN fref-to-Down-curly-right, THEN order-trans, of - p' q'])
subgoal by auto
subgoal using assms by auto
subgoal
  by auto
done

```

## 8.7 Correctness

```

context poly-embed
begin

```

```

definition mset-poly-rel where
  ‹mset-poly-rel = {(a, b). b = polynomial-of-mset a}›

```

```

definition var-rel where
  ‹var-rel = br φ (λ-. True)›

```

```

lemma normalize-poly-p-normalize-poly-spec:
  ‹(p, p') ∈ mset-poly-rel ==>
    SPEC (λr. normalize-poly-p** p r) ≤ ⇤ mset-poly-rel (normalize-poly-spec p')›
  by (auto simp: mset-poly-rel-def rtranclp-normalize-poly-p-poly-of-mset ideal.span-zero
    normalize-poly-spec-def intro!: RES-refine)

```

```

lemma mult-poly-p'-mult-poly-spec:
  ‹(p, p') ∈ mset-poly-rel ==> (q, q') ∈ mset-poly-rel ==>
    mult-poly-p' p q ≤ ⇤ mset-poly-rel (mult-poly-spec p' q')›
  unfolding mult-poly-p'-def mult-poly-spec-def
  apply refine-rcg
  apply (auto simp: mset-poly-rel-def dest!: rtranclp-mult-poly-p-mult-ideal-final)
  apply (intro RES-refine)

```

```

using ideal.span-add-eq2 ideal.span-zero
by (fastforce dest!: rtranclp-normalize-poly-p-poly-of-mset intro: ideal.span-add-eq2)

lemma add-poly-p'-add-poly-spec:
  ⟨(p, p') ∈ mset-poly-rel ⟹ (q, q') ∈ mset-poly-rel ⟹
  add-poly-p' p q ≤ ↓mset-poly-rel (add-poly-spec p' q')⟩
  unfolding add-poly-p'-def add-poly-spec-def
  apply (auto simp: mset-poly-rel-def dest!: rtranclp-add-poly-p-polynomial-of-mset-full)
  apply (intro RES-refine)
  apply (auto simp: rtranclp-add-poly-p-polynomial-of-mset-full ideal.span-zero)
  done

end

definition weak-equality-l :: ⟨llist-polynomial ⇒ llist-polynomial ⇒ bool nres⟩ where
  ⟨weak-equality-l p q = RETURN (p = q)⟩

definition weak-equality :: ⟨int mpoly ⇒ int mpoly ⇒ bool nres⟩ where
  ⟨weak-equality p q = SPEC (λr. r → p = q)⟩

definition weak-equality-spec :: ⟨mset-polynomial ⇒ mset-polynomial ⇒ bool nres⟩ where
  ⟨weak-equality-spec p q = SPEC (λr. r → p = q)⟩

lemma term-poly-list-rel-same-rightD:
  ⟨(a, aa) ∈ term-poly-list-rel ⟹ (a, ab) ∈ term-poly-list-rel ⟹ aa = ab⟩
  by (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-def)

lemma list-rel-term-poly-list-rel-same-rightD:
  ⟨(xa, y) ∈ ⟨term-poly-list-rel ×r int-rel⟩ list-rel ⟹
  (xa, ya) ∈ ⟨term-poly-list-rel ×r int-rel⟩ list-rel ⟹
  y = ya⟩
  by (induction xa arbitrary: y ya)
  (auto simp: list-rel-split-right-iff
  dest: term-poly-list-rel-same-rightD)

lemma weak-equality-l-weak-equality-spec:
  ⟨(uncurry weak-equality-l, uncurry weak-equality-spec) ∈
  sorted-poly-rel ×r sorted-poly-rel →f (bool-rel) nres-rel⟩
  by (intro frefI nres-relI)
  (auto simp: weak-equality-l-def weak-equality-spec-def
  sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def list-mset-rel-def br-def
  dest: list-rel-term-poly-list-rel-same-rightD)

end
theory PAC-Misc
  imports Main
begin

```

I believe this should be added to the simplifier by default...

```

lemma Collect-eq-comp':
  {(x, y). P x y} O {(c, a). c = f a} = {(x, a). P x (f a)}
  by auto

```

```

lemma in-set-conv-iff:
   $x \in \text{set}(\text{take } n \text{ xs}) \longleftrightarrow (\exists i < n. i < \text{length } xs \wedge xs ! i = x)$ 
  by (metis in-set-conv-nth length-take min-less-iff-conj nth-take)

lemma in-set-take-conv-nth:
   $x \in \text{set}(\text{take } n \text{ xs}) \longleftrightarrow (\exists i < \min n (\text{length } xs). xs ! i = x)$ 
  by (simp add: in-set-conv-iff)

lemma in-set-remove1D:
   $a \in \text{set}(\text{remove1 } x \text{ xs}) \implies a \in \text{set } xs$ 
  by (meson notin-set-remove1)

end

theory PAC-Checker
imports PAC-Polynomials-Operations
  PAC-Checker-Specification
  PAC-Map-Rel
  Show.Show
  Show.Show-Instances
  PAC-Misc
begin

```

## 9 Executable Checker

In this layer we finally refine the checker to executable code.

### 9.1 Definitions

Compared to the previous layer, we add an error message when an error is discovered. We do not attempt to prove anything on the error message (neither that there really is an error, nor that the error message is correct).

```

Extended error message datatype 'a code-status =
  is-cfailed: CFAILED (the-error: 'a) |
  CSUCCESS |
  is-cfound: CFOUND

```

In the following function, we merge errors. We will never merge an error message with an another error message; hence we do not attempt to concatenate error messages.

```

fun merge-cstatus where
  ⟨merge-cstatus (CFAILED a) - = CFAILED a⟩ |
  ⟨merge-cstatus - (CFAILED a) = CFAILED a⟩ |
  ⟨merge-cstatus CFOUND - = CFOUND⟩ |
  ⟨merge-cstatus - CFOUND = CFOUND⟩ |
  ⟨merge-cstatus - - = CSUCCESS⟩

definition code-status-status-rel :: ⟨('a code-status × status) set⟩ where
  ⟨code-status-status-rel =
    {(CFOUND, FOUND), (CSUCCESS, SUCCESS)} ∪
    {(CFAILED a, FAILED)| a. True}⟩

lemma in-code-status-status-rel-iff[simp]:

```

```

⟨(CFOUND, b) ∈ code-status-status-rel ↔ b = FOUND⟩
⟨(a, FOUND) ∈ code-status-status-rel ↔ a = CFOUND⟩
⟨(CSUCCESS, b) ∈ code-status-status-rel ↔ b = SUCCESS⟩
⟨(a, SUCCESS) ∈ code-status-status-rel ↔ a = CSUCCESS⟩
⟨(a, FAILED) ∈ code-status-status-rel ↔ is-cfailed a⟩
⟨(CFAILED C, b) ∈ code-status-status-rel ↔ b = FAILED⟩
by (cases a; cases b; auto simp: code-status-status-rel-def; fail) +

```

**Refinement relation**

```

fun pac-step-rel-raw :: ⟨('olbl × 'lbl) set ⇒ ('a × 'b) set ⇒ ('c × 'd) set ⇒
('a, 'c, 'olbl) pac-step ⇒ ('b, 'd, 'lbl) pac-step ⇒ bool where
⟨pac-step-rel-raw R1 R2 R3 (Add p1 p2 i r) (Add p1' p2' i' r') ⟶
(p1, p1') ∈ R1 ∧ (p2, p2') ∈ R1 ∧ (i, i') ∈ R1 ∧
(r, r') ∈ R2⟩ |
⟨pac-step-rel-raw R1 R2 R3 (Mult p1 p2 i r) (Mult p1' p2' i' r') ⟶
(p1, p1') ∈ R1 ∧ (p2, p2') ∈ R2 ∧ (i, i') ∈ R1 ∧
(r, r') ∈ R2⟩ |
⟨pac-step-rel-raw R1 R2 R3 (Del p1) (Del p1') ⟶
(p1, p1') ∈ R1⟩ |
⟨pac-step-rel-raw R1 R2 R3 (Extension i x p1) (Extension j x' p1') ⟶
(i, j) ∈ R1 ∧ (x, x') ∈ R3 ∧ (p1, p1') ∈ R2⟩ |
⟨pac-step-rel-raw R1 R2 R3 - - ⟶ False⟩

```

```

fun pac-step-rel-assn :: ⟨('olbl ⇒ 'lbl ⇒ assn) ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'b ⇒ assn) ⇒ ('c ⇒ 'd ⇒ assn) ⇒ ('a, 'c,
'olbl) pac-step ⇒ ('b, 'd, 'lbl) pac-step ⇒ assn where
⟨pac-step-rel-assn R1 R2 R3 (Add p1 p2 i r) (Add p1' p2' i' r') =
R1 p1 p1' * R1 p2 p2' * R1 i i' *
R2 r r'⟩ |
⟨pac-step-rel-assn R1 R2 R3 (Mult p1 p2 i r) (Mult p1' p2' i' r') =
R1 p1 p1' * R2 p2 p2' * R1 i i' *
R2 r r'⟩ |
⟨pac-step-rel-assn R1 R2 R3 (Del p1) (Del p1') =
R1 p1 p1'⟩ |
⟨pac-step-rel-assn R1 R2 R3 (Extension i x p1) (Extension i' x' p1') =
R1 i i' * R3 x x' * R2 p1 p1'⟩ |
⟨pac-step-rel-assn R1 R2 - - - = false⟩

```

**lemma** pac-step-rel-assn-alt-def:

```

⟨pac-step-rel-assn R1 R2 R3 x y = (
case (x, y) of
(Add p1 p2 i r, Add p1' p2' i' r') ⇒
R1 p1 p1' * R1 p2 p2' * R1 i i' * R2 r r'
| (Mult p1 p2 i r, Mult p1' p2' i' r') ⇒
R1 p1 p1' * R2 p2 p2' * R1 i i' * R2 r r'
| (Del p1, Del p1') ⇒ R1 p1 p1'
| (Extension i x p1, Extension i' x' p1') ⇒ R1 i i' * R3 x x' * R2 p1 p1'
| - ⇒ false)
by (auto split: pac-step.splits)

```

**Addition checking** **definition** error-msg **where**

```

⟨error-msg i msg = CFAILED ("s CHECKING failed at line " @ show i @ " with error " @ msg)⟩

```

**definition** error-msg-notin-dom-err **where**

```

⟨error-msg-notin-dom-err = "notin domain"⟩

```

**definition** error-msg-notin-dom :: ⟨nat ⇒ string **where**

```

<error-msg-notin-dom i = show i @ error-msg-notin-dom-err>

definition error-msg-reused-dom where
  <error-msg-reused-dom i = show i @ "already in domain">

definition error-msg-not-equal-dom where
  <error-msg-not-equal-dom p q pq r = show p @ "+" @ show q @ "=" @ show pq @ "not equal"
  @ show r>

definition check-not-equal-dom-err :: llist-polynomial  $\Rightarrow$  llist-polynomial  $\Rightarrow$  llist-polynomial  $\Rightarrow$  llist-polynomial
 $\Rightarrow$  string nres where
  <check-not-equal-dom-err p q pq r = SPEC ( $\lambda$ -. True)>

definition vars-llist :: llist-polynomial  $\Rightarrow$  string set where
  <vars-llist xs =  $\bigcup$ (set ‘fst’ set xs)>

definition check-addition-l ::  $\langle - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow$  string set  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  llist-polynomial  $\Rightarrow$  string
  code-status nres where
  <check-addition-l spec A V p q i r = do {
    let b =  $p \in \# \text{dom-}m A \wedge q \in \# \text{dom-}m A \wedge i \notin \# \text{dom-}m A \wedge \text{vars-llist } r \subseteq V$ ;
    if  $\neg b$ 
      then RETURN (error-msg i ((if  $p \notin \# \text{dom-}m A$  then error-msg-notin-dom p else [])) @ (if  $q \notin \# \text{dom-}m A$  then error-msg-notin-dom p else []))
           @ (if  $i \in \# \text{dom-}m A$  then error-msg-reused-dom p else []))
    else do {
      ASSERT ( $p \in \# \text{dom-}m A$ );
      let p = the (fmlookup A p);
      ASSERT ( $q \in \# \text{dom-}m A$ );
      let q = the (fmlookup A q);
      pq  $\leftarrow$  add-poly-l (p, q);
      b  $\leftarrow$  weak-equality-l pq r;
      b'  $\leftarrow$  weak-equality-l r spec;
      if b then (if b' then RETURN CFOUND else RETURN CSUCCESS)
      else do {
        c  $\leftarrow$  check-not-equal-dom-err p q pq r;
        RETURN (error-msg i c)}
      }
    }
  }>

Multiplication checking definition check-mult-l-dom-err :: bool  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  bool  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  string
  nres where
  <check-mult-l-dom-err p-notin p i-already i = SPEC ( $\lambda$ -. True)>

```

```

definition check-mult-l-mult-err :: llist-polynomial  $\Rightarrow$  llist-polynomial  $\Rightarrow$  llist-polynomial  $\Rightarrow$  llist-polynomial
 $\Rightarrow$  string nres where
  <check-mult-l-mult-err p q pq r = SPEC ( $\lambda$ -. True)>

```

```

definition check-mult-l ::  $\langle - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  llist-polynomial  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  llist-polynomial  $\Rightarrow$  string
  code-status nres where

```

```

⟨check-mult-l spec A V p q i r = do {
  let b =  $p \in \# \text{dom-m } A \wedge i \notin \# \text{dom-m } A \wedge \text{vars-llist } q \subseteq V \wedge \text{vars-llist } r \subseteq V$ ;
  if  $\neg b$ 
  then do {
    c  $\leftarrow$  check-mult-l-dom-err ( $p \notin \# \text{dom-m } A$ ) p ( $i \in \# \text{dom-m } A$ ) i;
    RETURN (error-msg i c)
  } else do {
    ASSERT ( $p \in \# \text{dom-m } A$ );
    let p = the (fmlookup A p);
    pq  $\leftarrow$  mult-poly-full p q;
    b  $\leftarrow$  weak-equality-l pq r;
    b'  $\leftarrow$  weak-equality-l r spec;
    if b then (if b' then RETURN CFOUND else RETURN CSUCCESS) else do {
      c  $\leftarrow$  check-mult-l-mult-err p q pq r;
      RETURN (error-msg i c)
    }
  }
}
⟩

```

**Deletion checking** **definition**  $\text{check-del-l} :: \langle - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{string code-status nres} \rangle$  **where**  
 $\langle \text{check-del-l spec A p} = \text{RETURN CSUCCESS} \rangle$

**Extension checking** **definition**  $\text{check-extension-l-dom-err} :: \langle \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{string nres} \rangle$  **where**  
 $\langle \text{check-extension-l-dom-err p} = \text{SPEC } (\lambda \cdot. \text{ True}) \rangle$

**definition**  $\text{check-extension-l-no-new-var-err} :: \langle \text{llist-polynomial} \Rightarrow \text{string nres} \rangle$  **where**  
 $\langle \text{check-extension-l-no-new-var-err p} = \text{SPEC } (\lambda \cdot. \text{ True}) \rangle$

**definition**  $\text{check-extension-l-new-var-multiple-err} :: \langle \text{string} \Rightarrow \text{llist-polynomial} \Rightarrow \text{string nres} \rangle$  **where**  
 $\langle \text{check-extension-l-new-var-multiple-err v p} = \text{SPEC } (\lambda \cdot. \text{ True}) \rangle$

**definition**  $\text{check-extension-l-side-cond-err}$   
 $:: \langle \text{string} \Rightarrow \text{llist-polynomial} \Rightarrow \text{llist-polynomial} \Rightarrow \text{llist-polynomial} \Rightarrow \text{string nres} \rangle$   
**where**  
 $\langle \text{check-extension-l-side-cond-err v p p' q} = \text{SPEC } (\lambda \cdot. \text{ True}) \rangle$

**definition**  $\text{check-extension-l}$   
 $:: \langle - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow \text{string set} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{string} \Rightarrow \text{llist-polynomial} \Rightarrow (\text{string code-status}) \text{ nres} \rangle$   
**where**  
 $\langle \text{check-extension-l spec A V i v p} = \text{do } \{$   
 let  $b = i \notin \# \text{dom-m } A \wedge v \notin V \wedge ([v], -1) \in \text{set } p$ ;  
 if  $\neg b$   
 then do {  
 c  $\leftarrow$  check-extension-l-dom-err i;  
 RETURN (error-msg i c)
 } else do {  
 let  $p' = \text{remove1 } ([v], -1) p$ ;  
 let  $b = \text{vars-llist } p' \subseteq V$ ;  
 if  $\neg b$   
 then do {  
 c  $\leftarrow$  check-extension-l-new-var-multiple-err v p';  
 RETURN (error-msg i c)
 }
 } else do {  
}
}
⟩

```

 $p2 \leftarrow \text{mult-poly-full } p' p';$ 
 $\text{let } p' = \text{map } (\lambda(a,b). (a, -b)) p';$ 
 $q \leftarrow \text{add-poly-l } (p2, p');$ 
 $eq \leftarrow \text{weak-equality-l } q [];$ 
 $\text{if } eq \text{ then do } \{$ 
 $\quad \text{RETURN } (\text{CSUCCESS})$ 
 $\} \text{ else do } \{$ 
 $\quad c \leftarrow \text{check-extension-l-side-cond-err } v p p' q;$ 
 $\quad \text{RETURN } (\text{error-msg } i c)$ 
 $\}$ 
 $\}$ 
 $\}$ 
 $\}$ 

```

**lemma** *check-extension-alt-def*:

```

⟨check-extension A V i v p ≥ do {
  b ← SPEC(λb. b → i ∉ dom-m A ∧ v ∉ V);
  if ¬b
  then RETURN (False)
  else do {
    p' ← RETURN (p + Var v);
    b ← SPEC(λb. b → vars p' ⊆ V);
    if ¬b
    then RETURN (False)
    else do {
      pq ← mult-poly-spec p' p';
      let p' = - p';
      p ← add-poly-spec pq p';
      eq ← weak-equality p 0;
      if eq then RETURN (True)
      else RETURN (False)
    }
  }
}

```

**proof** –

```

have [intro]: ⟨ab ∉ V ⟩ ⇒
  vars ba ⊆ V ⇒
  MPoly-Type.coeff (ba + Var ab) (monomial (Suc 0) ab) = 1 ∵ for ab ba
by (subst coeff-add[symmetric], subst not-in-vars-coeff0)
  (auto simp flip: coeff-add monom.abs-eq
   simp: not-in-vars-coeff0 MPoly-Type.coeff-def
   Var.abs-eq Var₀-def lookup-single-eq monom.rep-eq)
have [simp]: ⟨MPoly-Type.coeff p (monomial (Suc 0) ab) = -1 ⟩
  if ⟨vars (p + Var ab) ⊆ V ⟩
  ⟨ab ∉ V ⟩
  for ab
proof –
  define q where ⟨q ≡ p + Var ab⟩
  then have p: ⟨p = q - Var ab⟩
  by auto
  show ?thesis
  unfolding p
  apply (subst coeff-minus[symmetric], subst not-in-vars-coeff0)
  using that unfolding q-def[symmetric]

```

```

by (auto simp flip: coeff-minus simp: not-in-vars-coeff0
      Var.abs-eq Var0-def simp flip: monom.abs-eq
      simp: not-in-vars-coeff0 MPoly-Type.coeff-def
      Var.abs-eq Var0-def lookup-single-eq monom.rep-eq)
qed
have [simp]: ‹vars (p - Var ab) = vars (Var ab - p)› for ab
  using vars-uminus[of ‹p - Var ab›]
  by simp
show ?thesis
  unfolding check-extension-def
  apply (auto 5 5 simp: check-extension-def weak-equality-def
          mult-poly-spec-def field-simps
          add-poly-spec-def power2-eq-square cong: if-cong
          intro!: intro-spec-refine[where R=Id, simplified]
          split: option.splits dest: ideal.span-add)
  done
qed

lemma RES-RES-RETURN-RES: ‹RES A ≈ (λT. RES (f T)) = RES (⋃(f ` A))›
  by (auto simp: pw-eq-iff refine-pw-simps)

lemma check-add-alt-def:
  ‹check-add A V p q i r ≥
    do {
      b ← SPEC(λb. b → p ∈# dom-m A ∧ q ∈# dom-m A ∧ i ∉# dom-m A ∧ vars r ⊆ V);
      if ¬b
      then RETURN False
      else do {
        ASSERT (p ∈# dom-m A);
        let p = the (fmlookup A p);
        ASSERT (q ∈# dom-m A);
        let q = the (fmlookup A q);
        pq ← add-poly-spec p q;
        eq ← weak-equality pq r;
        RETURN eq
      }
    }› (is ‹_ ≤ ?A›)
proof –
  have check-add-alt-def: ‹check-add A V p q i r = do {
    b ← SPEC(λb. b → p ∈# dom-m A ∧ q ∈# dom-m A ∧ i ∉# dom-m A ∧ vars r ⊆ V);
    if ¬b then SPEC(λb. b → p ∈# dom-m A ∧ q ∈# dom-m A ∧ i ∉# dom-m A ∧ vars r ⊆ V ∧
              the (fmlookup A p) + the (fmlookup A q) - r ∈ ideal polynomial-bool)
    else
      SPEC(λb. b → p ∈# dom-m A ∧ q ∈# dom-m A ∧ i ∉# dom-m A ∧ vars r ⊆ V ∧
            the (fmlookup A p) + the (fmlookup A q) - r ∈ ideal polynomial-bool)}›
  (is ‹_ = ?B›)
  by (auto simp: check-add-def RES-RES-RETURN-RES)
  have ‹?A ≤ ↓ Id (check-add A V p q i r)›
  apply refine-vcg
  apply ((auto simp: check-add-alt-def weak-equality-def
           add-poly-spec-def RES-RES-RETURN-RES summarize-ASSERT-conv
           cong: if-cong
           intro!: ideal.span-zero; fail)+)

```

```

done
then show ?thesis
  unfolding check-add-alt-def[symmetric]
  by simp
qed

lemma check-mult-alt-def:
  ‹check-mult A V p q i r ≥
    do {
      b ← SPEC(λb. b → p ∈# dom-m A ∧ i ∉# dom-m A ∧ vars q ⊆ V ∧ vars r ⊆ V);
      if ¬b
      then RETURN False
      else do {
        ASSERT (p ∈# dom-m A);
        let p = the (fmlookup A p);
        pq ← mult-poly-spec p q;
        p ← weak-equality pq r;
        RETURN p
      }
    }›
  unfolding check-mult-def
  apply (rule refine-IdD)
  by refine-vcg
    (auto simp: check-mult-def weak-equality-def
      mult-poly-spec-def RES-RES-RETURN-RES
      intro!: ideal.span-zero
      exI[of - ‹the (fmlookup A p) * q›])

primrec insort-key-rel :: ('b ⇒ 'b ⇒ bool) ⇒ 'b ⇒ 'b list ⇒ 'b list where
insort-key-rel f x [] = [x] |
insort-key-rel f x (y#ys) =
  (if f x y then (x#y#ys) else y#(insort-key-rel f x ys))

lemma set-insort-key-rel[simp]: ‹set (insort-key-rel R x xs) = insert x (set xs)›
  by (induction xs)
  auto

lemma sorted-wrt-insort-key-rel:
  ‹totalp-on (insert x (set xs)) R ⇒ transp R ⇒ reflp R ⇒
    sorted-wrt R xs ⇒ sorted-wrt R (insort-key-rel R x xs)›
  by (induction xs)
  (auto dest: transpD reflpD simp: totalp-on-def)

lemma sorted-wrt-insort-key-rel2:
  ‹totalp-on (insert x (set xs)) R ⇒ transp R ⇒ x ∉ set xs ⇒
    sorted-wrt R xs ⇒ sorted-wrt R (insort-key-rel R x xs)›
  by (induction xs)
  (auto dest: transpD simp: totalp-on-def in-mono)

Step checking definition PAC-checker-l-step :: ‹- ⇒ string code-status × string set × - ⇒ (llist-polynomial, string, nat) pac-step ⇒ -› where
  ‹PAC-checker-l-step = (λspec (st', V, A) st. case st of
    Add _ _ _ _ ⇒
    do {
      r ← full-normalize-poly (pac-res st);
```

```

 $eq \leftarrow \text{check-addition-l spec } A \mathcal{V} (\text{pac-src1 } st) (\text{pac-src2 } st) (\text{new-id } st) r;$ 
 $\text{let } - = eq;$ 
 $\text{if } \neg \text{is-cfailed } eq$ 
 $\text{then RETURN } (\text{merge-cstatus } st' eq,$ 
 $\mathcal{V}, \text{fmupd } (\text{new-id } st) r A)$ 
 $\text{else RETURN } (eq, \mathcal{V}, A)$ 
 $}$ 
 $| Del - \Rightarrow$ 
 $\text{do } \{$ 
 $eq \leftarrow \text{check-del-l spec } A (\text{pac-src1 } st);$ 
 $\text{let } - = eq;$ 
 $\text{if } \neg \text{is-cfailed } eq$ 
 $\text{then RETURN } (\text{merge-cstatus } st' eq, \mathcal{V}, \text{fmdrop } (\text{pac-src1 } st) A)$ 
 $\text{else RETURN } (eq, \mathcal{V}, A)$ 
 $}$ 
 $| Mult - - - \Rightarrow$ 
 $\text{do } \{$ 
 $r \leftarrow \text{full-normalize-poly } (\text{pac-res } st);$ 
 $q \leftarrow \text{full-normalize-poly } (\text{pac-mult } st);$ 
 $eq \leftarrow \text{check-mult-l spec } A \mathcal{V} (\text{pac-src1 } st) q (\text{new-id } st) r;$ 
 $\text{let } - = eq;$ 
 $\text{if } \neg \text{is-cfailed } eq$ 
 $\text{then RETURN } (\text{merge-cstatus } st' eq,$ 
 $\mathcal{V}, \text{fmupd } (\text{new-id } st) r A)$ 
 $\text{else RETURN } (eq, \mathcal{V}, A)$ 
 $}$ 
 $| Extension - - \Rightarrow$ 
 $\text{do } \{$ 
 $r \leftarrow \text{full-normalize-poly } (([\text{new-var } st], -1) \# (\text{pac-res } st));$ 
 $(eq) \leftarrow \text{check-extension-l spec } A \mathcal{V} (\text{new-id } st) (\text{new-var } st) r;$ 
 $\text{if } \neg \text{is-cfailed } eq$ 
 $\text{then do } \{$ 
 $\text{RETURN } (st',$ 
 $\text{insert } (\text{new-var } st) \mathcal{V}, \text{fmupd } (\text{new-id } st) r A)\}$ 
 $\text{else RETURN } (eq, \mathcal{V}, A)$ 
 $}$ 
 $)\rangle$ 

```

**lemma pac-step-rel-raw-def:**  
 $\langle K, V, R \rangle \text{pac-step-rel-raw} = \text{pac-step-rel-raw } K V R$   
**by** (auto intro!: ext simp: relAPP-def)

**definition monomoms-equal-up-to-reorder where**  
 $\langle \text{monomoms-equal-up-to-reorder } xs \text{ ys} \longleftrightarrow$   
 $\text{map } (\lambda(a, b). (\text{mset } a, b)) \text{ xs} = \text{map } (\lambda(a, b). (\text{mset } a, b)) \text{ ys} \rangle$

**definition normalize-poly-l where**  
 $\langle \text{normalize-poly-l } p = \text{SPEC } (\lambda p'.$   
 $\text{normalize-poly-p}^{**} ((\lambda(a, b). (\text{mset } a, b)) \# \text{mset } p) ((\lambda(a, b). (\text{mset } a, b)) \# \text{mset } p') \wedge$ 
 $0 \notin \# \text{snd } \# \text{mset } p' \wedge$ 
 $\text{sorted-wrt } (\text{rel2p } (\text{term-order-rel} \times_r \text{int-rel})) p' \wedge$ 
 $(\forall x \in \text{monomoms } p'. \text{sorted-wrt } (\text{rel2p } \text{var-order-rel}) x)) \rangle$

```

definition remap-polys-l-dom-err :: ⟨string nres⟩ where
⟨remap-polys-l-dom-err = SPEC (λ-. True)⟩

definition remap-polys-l :: ⟨llist-polynomial ⇒ string set ⇒ (nat, llist-polynomial) fmap ⇒
(- code-status × string set × (nat, llist-polynomial) fmap) nres⟩ where
⟨remap-polys-l spec = (λV A. do{
  dom ← SPEC(λdom. set-mset (dom-m A) ⊆ dom ∧ finite dom);
  failed ← SPEC(λ-::bool. True);
  if failed
  then do {
    c ← remap-polys-l-dom-err;
    RETURN (error-msg (0 :: nat) c, V, fmempty)
  }
  else do {
    (b, V, A) ← FOREACH dom
    (λi (b, V, A').
      if i ∈# dom-m A
      then do {
        p ← full-normalize-poly (the (fmlookup A i));
        eq ← weak-equality-l p spec;
        V ← RETURN(V ∪ vars-llist (the (fmlookup A i)));
        RETURN(b ∨ eq, V, fmupd i p A')
      } else RETURN (b, V, A')
    )
    (False, V, fmempty);
    RETURN (if b then CFOUND else CSUCCESS, V, A)
  }})
⟩

```

```

definition PAC-checker-l where
⟨PAC-checker-l spec A b st = do {
  (S, -) ← WHILET
  (λ((b, A), n). ¬is-cfailed b ∧ n ≠ [])
  (λ((bA), n). do {
    ASSERT(n ≠ []);
    S ← PAC-checker-l-step spec bA (hd n);
    RETURN (S, tl n)
  })
  ((b, A), st);
  RETURN S
},⟩

```

## 9.2 Correctness

We now enter the locale to reason about polynomials directly.

```

context poly-embed
begin

```

```

abbreviation pac-step-rel where
⟨pac-step-rel ≡ p2rel (⟨Id, fully-unsorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel, var-rel⟩ pac-step-rel-raw)⟩

abbreviation fmap-polys-rel where
⟨fmap-polys-rel ≡ ⟨nat-rel, sorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel⟩ fmap-rel⟩

```

```

lemma
⟨normalize-poly-p s0 s ⟹

```

```

 $(s0, p) \in mset\text{-}poly\text{-}rel \implies$ 
 $(s, p) \in mset\text{-}poly\text{-}rel$ 
by (auto simp: mset-poly-rel-def normalize-poly-p-poly-of-mset)

lemma vars-poly-of-vars:
  ‹vars (poly-of-vars a :: int mpoly) ⊆ (φ ` set-mset a)›
by (induction a)
  (auto simp: vars-mult-Var)

lemma vars-polynomial-of-mset:
  ‹vars (polynomial-of-mset za) ⊆ ∪(image φ ` (set-mset o fst) ` set-mset za)›
apply (induction za)
using vars-poly-of-vars
by (fastforce elim!: in-vars-addE simp: vars-mult-Const split: if-splits)+

lemma fully-unsorted-poly-rel-vars-subset-vars-llist:
  ‹(A, B) ∈ fully-unsorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel ⇒ vars B ⊆ φ ` vars-llist A›
by (auto simp: fully-unsorted-poly-list-rel-def mset-poly-rel-def
  set-rel-def var-rel-def br-def vars-llist-def list-rel-append2 list-rel-append1
  list-rel-split-right-iff list-mset-rel-def image-iff
  unsorted-term-poly-list-rel-def list-rel-split-left-iff
  dest!: set-rev-mp[OF - vars-polynomial-of-mset] split-list
  dest: multi-member-split
  dest: arg-cong[of ‹mset -> add-mset -> set-mset›])

lemma fully-unsorted-poly-rel-extend-vars:
  ‹(A, B) ∈ fully-unsorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel ⇒
  (x1c, x1a) ∈ ‹var-rel›set-rel ⇒
  RETURN (x1c ∪ vars-llist A)
  ≤ ‡(‐(var-rel)‐set‐rel)
  (SPEC ((≤) (x1a ∪ vars (B))))›
using fully-unsorted-poly-rel-vars-subset-vars-llist[of A B]
apply (subst RETURN-RES-refine-iff)
apply clarsimp
apply (rule exI[of - ‹x1a ∪ φ ` vars-llist A›])
apply (auto simp: set-rel-def var-rel-def br-def
  dest: fully-unsorted-poly-rel-vars-subset-vars-llist)
done

lemma remap-polys-l-remap-polys:
assumes
  AB: ‹(A, B) ∈ ‹nat-rel, fully-unsorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel›fmap-rel› and
  spec: ‹(spec, spec') ∈ sorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel› and
  V: ‹(V, V') ∈ ‹var-rel›set-rel›
shows ‹remap-polys-l spec V A ≤
  ‡(code-status-status-rel ×r ‹var-rel›set-rel ×r fmap-polys-rel) (remap-polys spec' V' B)›
  (is ‹- ≤ ‡?R -›)
proof –
  have 1: ‹inj-on id (dom :: nat set)› for dom
    by auto
  have H: ‹x ∈# dom-m A ⇒
    (¬p. (the (fmlookup A x), p) ∈ fully-unsorted-poly-rel ⇒
    (p, the (fmlookup B x)) ∈ mset-poly-rel ⇒ thesis) ⇒
    thesis› for x thesis
  using fmap-rel-nat-the-fmlookup[OF AB, of x x] fmap-rel-nat-rel-dom-m[OF AB] by auto

```

```

have full-normalize-poly: <full-normalize-poly (the (fmlookup A x))>
≤ ⇝ (sorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel)
  (SPEC
    (λp. the (fmlookup B x') - p ∈ More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool ∧
      vars p ⊆ vars (the (fmlookup B x'))))
  if x-dom: <x ∈# dom-m A> and <(x, x') ∈ Id> for x x'
  apply (rule H[OF x-dom])
  subgoal for p
  apply (rule full-normalize-poly-normalize-poly-p[THEN order-trans])
  apply assumption
  subgoal
    using that(2) apply -
    unfolding conc-fun-chain[symmetric]
    by (rule ref-two-step', rule RES-refine)
    (auto simp: rtranclp-normalize-poly-p-poly-of-mset
      mset-poly-rel-def ideal.span-zero)
  done
  done

have H': <(p, pa) ∈ sorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel ==>
  weak-equality-l p spec ≤ SPEC (λeqa. eqa → pa = spec') for p pa
  using spec by (auto simp: weak-equality-l-def weak-equality-spec-def
    list-mset-rel-def br-def mset-poly-rel-def
    dest: list-rel-term-poly-list-rel-same-rightD sorted-poly-list-reld)

have emp: <(V, V') ∈ <var-rel>set-rel ==>
  ((False, V, fmempty), False, V', fmempty) ∈ bool-rel ×r <var-rel>set-rel ×r fmap-polys-rel for V V'
  by auto
show ?thesis
using assms
unfolding remap-polys-l-def remap-polys-l-dom-err-def
  remap-polys-def prod.case
apply (refine-rec full-normalize-poly fmap-rel-fmupd-fmap-rel)
subgoal
  by auto
subgoal
  by auto
subgoal
  by (auto simp: error-msg-def)
apply (rule 1)
subgoal by auto
apply (rule emp)
subgoal
  using V by auto
subgoal by auto
subgoal by auto
subgoal by (rule H')
apply (rule fully-unsorted-poly-rel-extend-vars)
subgoal by (auto intro!: fmap-rel-nat-the-fmlookup)
subgoal by (auto intro!: fmap-rel-fmupd-fmap-rel)
subgoal by (auto intro!: fmap-rel-fmupd-fmap-rel)
subgoal by auto
subgoal by auto
done
qed

```

```

lemma fref-to-Down-curry:
   $\langle \text{uncurry } f, \text{uncurry } g \rangle \in [P]_f A \rightarrow \langle B \rangle \text{nres-rel} \Rightarrow$ 
     $(\lambda x x' y y'. P(x', y') \Rightarrow ((x, y), (x', y')) \in A \Rightarrow f x y \leq \Downarrow B(g x' y'))$ 
unfolding fref-def uncurry-def nres-rel-def
by auto

lemma weak-equality-spec-weak-equality:
   $\langle (p, p') \in \text{mset-poly-rel} \Rightarrow$ 
     $(r, r') \in \text{mset-poly-rel} \Rightarrow$ 
       $\text{weak-equality-spec } p r \leq \text{weak-equality } p' r'$ 
unfolding weak-equality-spec-def weak-equality-def
by (auto simp: mset-poly-rel-def)

lemma weak-equality-l-weak-equality-l'[refine]:
   $\langle \text{weak-equality-l } p q \leq \Downarrow \text{bool-rel } (\text{weak-equality } p' q') \rangle$ 
  if  $\langle (p, p') \in \text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel} \rangle$ 
     $\langle (q, q') \in \text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel} \rangle$ 
  for p p' q q'
  using that
  by (auto intro!: weak-equality-l-weak-equality-spec[THEN fref-to-Down-curry, THEN order-trans]
    ref-two-step'
    weak-equality-spec-weak-equality
    simp flip: conc-fun-chain)

lemma error-msg-ne-SUCCESS[iff]:
   $\langle \text{error-msg } i m \neq \text{CSUCCESS} \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{error-msg } i m \neq \text{CFOUND} \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{is-cfailed } (\text{error-msg } i m) \rangle$ 
   $\langle \neg \text{is-cfound } (\text{error-msg } i m) \rangle$ 
by (auto simp: error-msg-def)

lemma sorted-poly-rel-vars-llist:
   $\langle (r, r') \in \text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel} \Rightarrow$ 
     $\text{vars } r' \subseteq \varphi \text{ ' vars-llist } r \rangle$ 
apply (auto simp: mset-poly-rel-def
  set-rel-def var-rel-def br-def vars-llist-def list-rel-append2 list-rel-append1
  list-rel-split-right-iff list-mset-rel-def image-iff sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def
  dest!: set-rev-mp[OF - vars-polynomial-of-mset]
  dest!: split-list)
apply (auto dest!: multi-member-split simp: list-rel-append1
  term-poly-list-rel-def eq-commute[of - <mset ->]
  list-rel-split-right-iff list-rel-append2 list-rel-split-left-iff
  dest: arg-cong[of <mset -> add-mset - -> set-mset])
done

lemma check-addition-l-check-add:
assumes  $\langle (A, B) \in \text{ fmap-polys-rel} \rangle$  and  $\langle (r, r') \in \text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel} \rangle$ 
   $\langle (p, p') \in \text{Id} \rangle$   $\langle (q, q') \in \text{Id} \rangle$   $\langle (i, i') \in \text{nat-rel} \rangle$ 
   $\langle (\mathcal{V}', \mathcal{V}) \in \langle \text{var-rel} \rangle \text{set-rel} \rangle$ 
shows
   $\langle \text{check-addition-l spec } A \mathcal{V}' p q i r \leq \Downarrow \{(st, b). (\neg \text{is-cfailed } st \longleftrightarrow b) \wedge$ 

```

```

(is-cfound st → spec = r) } (check-add B V p' q' i' r') }

proof –
  have [refine]:
    ⟨add-poly-l (p, q) ≤ ⟩ (sorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel) (add-poly-spec p' q') }
    if ⟨(p, p') ∈ sorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel⟩
      ⟨(q, q') ∈ sorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel⟩
    for p p' q q'
    using that
    by (auto intro!: add-poly-l-add-poly-p'[THEN order-trans] ref-two-step'
      add-poly-p'-add-poly-spec
      simp flip: conc-fun-chain)

show ?thesis
  using assms
  unfolding check-addition-l-def
  check-not-equal-dom-err-def apply –
  apply (rule order-trans)
  defer
  apply (rule ref-two-step')
  apply (rule check-add-alt-def)
  apply refine-rcg
  subgoal
    by (drule sorted-poly-rel-vars-llist)
    (auto simp: set-rel-def var-rel-def br-def)
  subgoal
    by auto
  subgoal
    by (auto simp: weak-equality-l-def bind-RES-RETURN-eq)
  done
qed

lemma check-del-l-check-del:
  ⟨(A, B) ∈ fmap-polys-rel ⟹ (x3, x3a) ∈ Id ⟹ check-del-l spec A (pac-src1 (Del x3)) ≤ ⟩ {((st, b), (¬is-cfailed st ↔ b) ∧ (b → st = CSUCCESS))} (check-del B (pac-src1 (Del x3a)))
  unfolding check-del-l-def check-del-def
  by (refine-vcg lhs-step-If RETURN-SPEC-refine)
  (auto simp: fmap-rel-nat-rel-dom-m bind-RES-RETURN-eq)

lemma check-mult-l-check-mult:
  assumes ⟨(A, B) ∈ fmap-polys-rel⟩ and ⟨(r, r') ∈ sorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel⟩ and
  ⟨(q, q') ∈ sorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel⟩
  ⟨(p, p') ∈ Id⟩ ⟨(i, i') ∈ nat-rel⟩ ⟨(V, V') ∈ {var-rel} set-rel⟩
  shows
  ⟨check-mult-l spec A V p q i r ≤ ⟩ {((st, b), (¬is-cfailed st ↔ b) ∧
  (is-cfound st → spec = r))} (check-mult B V' p' q' i' r') }

```

```

proof -
  have [refine]:
    ⟨mult-poly-full p q ≤ ⟩ (sorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel) (mult-poly-spec p' q')⟩
    if ⟨(p, p') ∈ sorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel⟩
      ⟨(q, q') ∈ sorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel⟩
    for p p' q q'
    using that
    by (auto intro!: mult-poly-full-mult-poly-p'[THEN order-trans] ref-two-step'
      mult-poly-p'-mult-poly-spec
      simp flip: conc-fun-chain)

  show ?thesis
  using assms
  unfolding check-mult-l-def
    check-mult-l-mult-err-def check-mult-l-dom-err-def apply -
    apply (rule order-trans)
    defer
    apply (rule ref-two-step')
    apply (rule check-mult-alt-def)
    apply refine-rec
    subgoal
      by (drule sorted-poly-rel-vars-llist) +
        (fastforce simp: set-rel-def var-rel-def br-def)
    subgoal
      by auto
    done
qed

```

```

lemma normalize-poly-normalize-poly-spec:
  assumes ⟨(r, t) ∈ unsorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel⟩
  shows
    ⟨normalize-poly r ≤ ⟩ (sorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel) (normalize-poly-spec t)⟩
proof -
  obtain s where
    rs: ⟨(r, s) ∈ unsorted-poly-rel⟩ and
    st: ⟨(s, t) ∈ mset-poly-rel⟩
  using assms by auto
  show ?thesis
  by (rule normalize-poly-normalize-poly-p[THEN order-trans, OF rs])
  (use st in ⟨auto dest!: rtranclp-normalize-poly-p-poly-of-mset
    intro!: ref-two-step' RES-refine exI[of - t]
    simp: normalize-poly-spec-def ideal.span-zero mset-poly-rel-def
    simp flip: conc-fun-chain⟩)
qed

```

**lemma** remove1-list-rel:

```

 $\langle (xs, ys) \in \langle R \rangle \text{ list-rel} \Rightarrow$ 
 $(a, b) \in R \Rightarrow$ 
 $\text{IS-RIGHT-UNIQUE } R \Rightarrow$ 
 $\text{IS-LEFT-UNIQUE } R \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\text{remove1 } a \ xs, \text{remove1 } b \ ys) \in \langle R \rangle \text{ list-rel}$ 
by (induction xs ys rule: list-rel-induct)
(auto simp: single-valued-def IS-LEFT-UNIQUE-def)

lemma remove1-list-rel2:
 $\langle (xs, ys) \in \langle R \rangle \text{ list-rel} \Rightarrow$ 
 $(a, b) \in R \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\bigwedge c. (a, c) \in R \Rightarrow c = b) \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\bigwedge c. (c, b) \in R \Rightarrow c = a) \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\text{remove1 } a \ xs, \text{remove1 } b \ ys) \in \langle R \rangle \text{ list-rel}$ 
apply (induction xs ys rule: list-rel-induct)
apply (solves <simp (no-asm)>)
by (smt (verit) list-rel-simp(4) remove1.simps(2))

lemma remove1-sorted-poly-rel-mset-poly-rel:
assumes
 $\langle (r, r') \in \text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel} \rangle \text{ and}$ 
 $\langle ([a], 1) \in \text{set } r \rangle$ 
shows
 $\langle (\text{remove1 } ([a], 1) \ r, r' - \text{Var } (\varphi \ a))$ 
 $\in \text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel} \rangle$ 
proof –
have [simp]:  $\langle ([a], \{\#a#\}) \in \text{term-poly-list-rel} \rangle$ 
 $\langle \bigwedge aa. ([a], aa) \in \text{term-poly-list-rel} \longleftrightarrow aa = \{\#a#\} \rangle$ 
by (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-def)
have H:
 $\langle \bigwedge aa. ([a], aa) \in \text{term-poly-list-rel} \Rightarrow aa = \{\#a#\} \rangle$ 
 $\langle \bigwedge aa. (aa, \{\#a#\}) \in \text{term-poly-list-rel} \Rightarrow aa = [a] \rangle$ 
by (auto simp: single-valued-def IS-LEFT-UNIQUE-def
term-poly-list-rel-def)

have [simp]:  $\langle \text{Const } (1 :: \text{int}) = (1 :: \text{int mpoly}) \rangle$ 
by (simp add: Const.abs-eq Const0-one one-mpoly.abs-eq)
have [simp]:  $\langle \text{sorted-wrt term-order } (\text{map fst } r) \Rightarrow$ 
 $\text{sorted-wrt term-order } (\text{map fst } (\text{remove1 } ([a], 1) \ r)) \rangle$ 
by (induction r) auto
have [intro]:  $\langle \text{distinct } (\text{map fst } r) \Rightarrow \text{distinct } (\text{map fst } (\text{remove1 } x \ r)) \rangle$  for x
by (induction r) (auto dest: notin-set-remove1)
have [simp]:  $\langle (r, ya) \in \langle \text{term-poly-list-rel} \times_r \text{int-rel} \rangle \text{ list-rel} \Rightarrow$ 
 $\text{polynomial-of-mset } (\text{mset ya}) - \text{Var } (\varphi \ a) =$ 
 $\text{polynomial-of-mset } (\text{remove1-mset } (\{\#a#\}, 1) (\text{mset ya})) \rangle$  for ya
using assms
by (auto simp: list-rel-append1 list-rel-split-right-iff
dest!: split-list)

show ?thesis
using assms
apply (elim relcompEpair)
apply (rename-tac za, rule-tac b = <remove1-mset> (\{\#a#\}, 1) za) in relcompI
apply (auto simp: mset-poly-rel-def sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def Collect-eq-comp'
intro!: relcompI[of - <remove1> (\{\#a#\}, 1) ya]

```

```

for ya ::  $\langle (string\ multiset \times\ int)\ list \rangle$   $\text{remove1-list-rel2}\ intro: H$ 
  simp: list-mset-rel-def br-def
  dest: in-diffD)
done
qed

lemma remove1-sorted-poly-rel-mset-poly-rel-minus:
assumes
 $\langle (r, r') \in \text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel} \rangle \text{ and}$ 
 $\langle ([a], -1) \in \text{set } r \rangle$ 
shows
 $\langle (\text{remove1 } ([a], -1) r, r' + \text{Var } (\varphi a))$ 
 $\in \text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel} \rangle$ 
proof –
have [simp]:  $\langle ([a], \{\#a\#}) \in \text{term-poly-list-rel} \rangle$ 
 $\langle \bigwedge aa. ([a], aa) \in \text{term-poly-list-rel} \longleftrightarrow aa = \{\#a\#} \rangle$ 
by (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-def)
have H:
 $\langle \bigwedge aa. ([a], aa) \in \text{term-poly-list-rel} \implies aa = \{\#a\#} \rangle$ 
 $\langle \bigwedge aa. (aa, \{\#a\#}) \in \text{term-poly-list-rel} \implies aa = [a] \rangle$ 
by (auto simp: single-valued-def IS-LEFT-UNIQUE-def
  term-poly-list-rel-def)

have [simp]:  $\langle \text{Const } (1 :: int) = (1 :: int\ mpoly) \rangle$ 
by (simp add: Const.abs_eq Const_0-one one-mpoly.abs_eq)
have [simp]:  $\langle \text{sorted-wrt term-order } (\text{map fst } r) \implies$ 
 $\text{sorted-wrt term-order } (\text{map fst } (\text{remove1 } ([a], -1) r)) \rangle$ 
by (induction r) auto
have [intro]:  $\langle \text{distinct } (\text{map fst } r) \implies \text{distinct } (\text{map fst } (\text{remove1 } x r)) \rangle$  for x
apply (induction r) apply auto
by (meson img-fst in-set-remove1D)
have [simp]:  $\langle (r, ya) \in \langle \text{term-poly-list-rel} \times_r \text{int-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel} \implies$ 
 $\text{polynomial-of-mset } (\text{mset ya}) + \text{Var } (\varphi a) =$ 
 $\text{polynomial-of-mset } (\text{remove1-mset } (\{\#a\#}, -1) (\text{mset ya})) \rangle$  for ya
using assms
by (auto simp: list-rel-append1 list-rel-split-right-iff
  dest!: split-list)

show ?thesis
using assms
apply (elim relcompEpair)
apply (rename-tac za, rule-tac b =  $\langle \text{remove1-mset } (\{\#a\#}, -1) za \rangle$  in relcompI)
by (auto simp: mset-poly-rel-def sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def Collect-eq-comp'
  dest: in-diffD
  intro!: relcompI[of -  $\langle \text{remove1 } (\{\#a\#}, -1) ya \rangle$ 
    for ya ::  $\langle (string\ multiset \times\ int)\ list \rangle$   $\text{remove1-list-rel2}\ intro: H$ 
    simp: list-mset-rel-def br-def)
qed

```

```

lemma insert-var-rel-set-rel:
 $\langle (\mathcal{V}, \mathcal{V}') \in \langle \text{var-rel} \rangle \text{set-rel} \implies$ 
 $(yb, x2) \in \text{var-rel} \implies$ 
 $(\text{insert } yb \mathcal{V}, \text{insert } x2 \mathcal{V}') \in \langle \text{var-rel} \rangle \text{set-rel} \rangle$ 
by (auto simp: var-rel-def set-rel-def)

```

```

lemma var-rel-set-rel-iff:
   $\langle(\mathcal{V}, \mathcal{V}') \in \langle\text{var-rel}\rangle\text{set-rel} \Rightarrow$ 
   $(yb, x2) \in \text{var-rel} \Rightarrow$ 
   $yb \in \mathcal{V} \longleftrightarrow x2 \in \mathcal{V}'$ 
  using  $\varphi\text{-inj inj-eq}$  by (fastforce simp: var-rel-def set-rel-def br-def)

lemma check-extension-l-check-extension:
  assumes  $\langle(A, B) \in \text{fmap-polys-rel} \wedge \langle(r, r') \in \text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel} \wedge$ 
   $\langle(i, i') \in \text{nat-rel} \wedge \langle(\mathcal{V}, \mathcal{V}') \in \langle\text{var-rel}\rangle\text{set-rel} \wedge \langle(x, x') \in \text{var-rel} \rangle$ 
  shows
     $\langle\text{check-extension-l spec } A \mathcal{V} i x r \leq$ 
     $\Downarrow\{(st), (b)\}.$ 
     $(\neg\text{is-cfailed } st \longleftrightarrow b) \wedge$ 
     $(\text{is-cfound } st \longrightarrow \text{spec} = r) \} (\text{check-extension } B \mathcal{V}' i' x' r')$ 
proof –
  have  $\langle x' = \varphi x \rangle$ 
  using assms(5) by (auto simp: var-rel-def br-def)
  have [refine]:
     $\langle\text{mult-poly-full } p q \leq \Downarrow (\text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel}) (\text{mult-poly-spec } p' q') \rangle$ 
    if  $\langle(p, p') \in \text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel} \rangle$ 
       $\langle(q, q') \in \text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel} \rangle$ 
    for  $p p' q q'$ 
    using that
    by (auto intro!: mult-poly-full-mult-poly-p'[THEN order-trans] ref-two-step'
      mult-poly-p'-mult-poly-spec
      simp flip: conc-fun-chain)
  have [refine]:
     $\langle\text{add-poly-l } (p, q) \leq \Downarrow (\text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel}) (\text{add-poly-spec } p' q') \rangle$ 
    if  $\langle(p, p') \in \text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel} \rangle$ 
       $\langle(q, q') \in \text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel} \rangle$ 
    for  $p p' q q'$ 
    using that
    by (auto intro!: add-poly-l-add-poly-p'[THEN order-trans] ref-two-step'
      add-poly-p'-add-poly-spec
      simp flip: conc-fun-chain)
  have [simp]:  $\langle(l, l') \in \langle\text{term-poly-list-rel} \times_r \text{int-rel}\rangle\text{list-rel} \Rightarrow$ 
     $(\text{map } (\lambda(a, b). (a, - b)) l, \text{map } (\lambda(a, b). (a, - b)) l') \in \langle\text{term-poly-list-rel} \times_r \text{int-rel}\rangle\text{list-rel} \rangle$ 
    for  $l l'$ 
    by (induction l l' rule: list-rel-induct)
      (auto simp: list-mset-rel-def br-def)

  have [intro!]:
     $\langle(x2c, za) \in \langle\text{term-poly-list-rel} \times_r \text{int-rel}\rangle\text{list-rel } O \text{ list-mset-rel} \Rightarrow$ 
     $(\text{map } (\lambda(a, b). (a, - b)) x2c, za) \in \langle\text{term-poly-list-rel} \times_r \text{int-rel}\rangle\text{list-rel } O \text{ list-mset-rel} \rangle$ 
    for  $x2c za$ 
    apply (auto)
    subgoal for  $y$ 
      apply (induction x2c y rule: list-rel-induct)
      apply (auto simp: list-mset-rel-def br-def)
      apply (rename-tac a ba aa l l', rule-tac b =  $\langle(aa, - ba) \# \text{map } (\lambda(a, b). (a, - b)) l'\rangle$  in relcompI)
      by auto

```

```

done
have [simp]:  $\langle(\lambda x. \text{fst} (\text{case } x \text{ of } (a, b) \Rightarrow (a, - b))) = \text{fst}\rangle$ 
  by (auto intro: ext)

have uminus:  $\langle(x2c, x2a) \in \text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel} \Rightarrow$ 
   $(\text{map } (\lambda(a, b). (a, - b)) x2c,$ 
   $- x2a)$ 
   $\in \text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel}\rangle$  for x2c x2a x1c x1a
apply (clar simp simp: sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def
  mset-poly-rel-def)
apply (rule-tac b =  $\langle(\lambda(a, b). (a, - b)) \# za\rangle$  in relcompI)
by (auto simp: sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def
  mset-poly-rel-def comp-def polynomial-of-mset-uminus)
have [simp]:  $\langle[], 0\rangle \in \text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel}$ 
by (auto simp: sorted-poly-list-rel-wrt-def
  mset-poly-rel-def list-mset-rel-def br-def
  intro!: relcompI[of -  $\{\#\}$ ])
show ?thesis
unfolding check-extension-l-def
  check-extension-l-dom-err-def
  check-extension-l-no-new-var-err-def
  check-extension-l-new-var-multiple-err-def
  check-extension-l-side-cond-err-def
apply (rule order-trans)
defer
apply (rule ref-two-step')
apply (rule check-extension-alt-def)
apply (refine-vcg )
subgoal using assms(1,3,4,5)
  by (auto simp: var-rel-set-rel-iff)
subgoal using assms(1,3,4,5)
  by (auto simp: var-rel-set-rel-iff)
subgoal by auto
subgoal by auto
apply (subst  $\langle x' = \varphi x \rangle$ , rule remove1-sorted-poly-rel-mset-poly-rel-minus)
subgoal using assms by auto
subgoal using assms by auto
subgoal using sorted-poly-rel-vars-llist[of  $\langle r \rangle \langle r' \rangle$ ] assms
  by (force simp: set-rel-def var-rel-def br-def
    dest!: sorted-poly-rel-vars-llist)
subgoal by auto
subgoal by auto
subgoal using assms by auto
subgoal using assms by auto
apply (rule uminus)
subgoal using assms by auto
done
qed

```

**lemma** full-normalize-poly-diff-ideal:

```

fixes dom
assumes  $\langle(p, p') \in \text{fully-unsorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel}\rangle$ 
shows
   $\langle\text{full-normalize-poly } p$ 
   $\leq \Downarrow (\text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel})$ 
   $(\text{normalize-poly-spec } p')\rangle$ 
proof –
  obtain q where
    pq:  $\langle(p, q) \in \text{fully-unsorted-poly-rel}\rangle$  and qp':  $\langle(q, p') \in \text{mset-poly-rel}\rangle$ 
  using assms by auto
  show ?thesis
    unfolding normalize-poly-spec-def
    apply (rule full-normalize-poly-normalize-poly-p[THEN order-trans])
    apply (rule pq)
    unfolding conc-fun-chain[symmetric]
    by (rule ref-two-step', rule RES-refine)
    (use qp' in  $\langle\text{auto dest!: rtranclp-normalize-poly-p-poly-of-mset}$ 
     simp: mset-poly-rel-def ideal.span-zero)
qed

```

**lemma** insort-key-rel-decomp:

```

 $\langle\exists ys zs. xs = ys @ zs \wedge \text{insort-key-rel } R x xs = ys @ x \# zs\rangle$ 
apply (induction xs)
subgoal by auto
subgoal for a xs
  by (force intro: exI[of - <a # ->])
done

```

**lemma** list-rel-append-same-length:

```

 $\langle\text{length } xs = \text{length } xs' \implies (xs @ ys, xs' @ ys') \in \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel} \longleftrightarrow (xs, xs') \in \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel} \wedge (ys, ys') \in \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel}\rangle$ 
by (auto simp: list-rel-def list-all2-append2 dest: list-all2-lengthD)

```

**lemma** term-poly-list-rel-list-relD:  $\langle(ys, cs) \in \langle \text{term-poly-list-rel} \times_r \text{int-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel} \implies$

```

  cs = map ( $\lambda(a, y). (mset a, y)$ ) ys
by (induction ys arbitrary: cs)
  (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-def list-rel-def list-all2-append list-all2-Cons1 list-all2-Cons2)

```

**lemma** term-poly-list-rel-single:  $\langle([x32], \{\#x32#\}) \in \text{term-poly-list-rel}\rangle$

```

by (auto simp: term-poly-list-rel-def)

```

**lemma** unsorted-poly-rel-list-rel-list-rel-minus:

```

 $\langle(\text{map } (\lambda(a, b). (a, - b)) r, yc)$ 
 $\in \langle \text{unsorted-term-poly-list-rel} \times_r \text{int-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel} \implies$ 
   $(r, \text{map } (\lambda(a, b). (a, - b)) yc)$ 
 $\in \langle \text{unsorted-term-poly-list-rel} \times_r \text{int-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel}\rangle$ 
by (induction r arbitrary: yc)
  (auto simp: elim!: list-relE3)

```

**lemma** mset-poly-rel-minus:  $\langle(\{\#(a, b)\#}, v') \in \text{mset-poly-rel} \implies$

```

  (mset yc, r')  $\in \text{mset-poly-rel} \implies$ 
  (r, yc)
 $\in \langle \text{unsorted-term-poly-list-rel} \times_r \text{int-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel} \implies$ 
  (add-mset (a, b) (mset yc),
  v' + r')

```

```

 $\in mset\text{-}poly\text{-}rel$ 
by (induction r arbitrary: r')
  (auto simp: mset-poly-rel-def polynomial-of-mset-uminus)

lemma fully-unsorted-poly-rel-diff:
   $\langle [v], v' \rangle \in \text{fully-unsorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel} \implies$ 
   $(r, r') \in \text{fully-unsorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel} \implies$ 
   $(v \# r,$ 
   $v' + r')$ 
   $\in \text{fully-unsorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel}$ 
apply auto
apply (rule-tac b =  $\langle y + ya \rangle$  in relcompI)
apply (auto simp: fully-unsorted-poly-list-rel-def list-mset-rel-def br-def)
apply (rule-tac b =  $\langle yb @ yc \rangle$  in relcompI)
apply (auto elim!: list-relE3 simp: unsorted-poly-rel-list-rel-list-rel-uminus mset-poly-rel-minus)
done

lemma PAC-checker-l-step-PAC-checker-step:
assumes
   $\langle (Ast, Bst) \rangle \in \text{code-status-status-rel} \times_r \langle \text{var-rel} \rangle \text{set-rel} \times_r \text{fmap-polys-rel} \text{ and}$ 
   $\langle (st, st') \rangle \in \text{pac-step-rel} \text{ and}$ 
  spec:  $\langle (spec, spec') \rangle \in \text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel}$ 
shows
   $\langle \text{PAC-checker-l-step spec Ast st} \leq \Downarrow (\text{code-status-status-rel} \times_r \langle \text{var-rel} \rangle \text{set-rel} \times_r \text{fmap-polys-rel}) \rangle$ 
  (PAC-checker-step spec' Bst st')
proof -
  obtain A V cst B V' cst' where
    Ast:  $\langle Ast = (cst, V, A) \rangle \text{ and}$ 
    Bst:  $\langle Bst = (cst', V', B) \rangle \text{ and}$ 
    V[intro]:  $\langle (V, V') \in \langle \text{var-rel} \rangle \text{set-rel} \rangle \text{ and}$ 
    AB:  $\langle (A, B) \in \text{fmap-polys-rel} \rangle$ 
     $\langle (cst, cst') \in \text{code-status-status-rel} \rangle$ 
  using assms(1)
  by (cases Ast; cases Bst; auto)
  have [refine]:  $\langle (r, ra) \rangle \in \text{sorted-poly-rel } O \text{ mset-poly-rel} \implies$ 
    (eqa, eqaa)
     $\in \{(st, b). (\neg \text{is-cfailed st} \longleftrightarrow b) \wedge (\text{is-cfound st} \longrightarrow \text{spec} = r)\} \implies$ 
    RETURN eqa
     $\leq \Downarrow \text{code-status-status-rel}$ 
    (SPEC
       $(\lambda st'. (\neg \text{is-failed st}' \wedge$ 
       $\text{is-found st}' \longrightarrow$ 
       $ra - \text{spec}' \in \text{More-Modules.ideal polynomial-bool}))$ )
  for r ra eqa eqaa
  using spec
  by (cases eqa)
    (auto intro!: RETURN-RES-refine dest!: sorted-poly-list-relD
      simp: mset-poly-rel-def ideal.span-zero)
  have [simp]:  $\langle (eqa, st'a) \rangle \in \text{code-status-status-rel} \implies$ 
    (merge-cstatus cst eqa, merge-status cst' st'a)
     $\in \text{code-status-status-rel} \text{ for eqa st'a}$ 
  using AB
  by (cases eqa; cases st'a)
    (auto simp: code-status-status-rel-def)
  have [simp]:  $\langle (\text{merge-cstatus cst CSUCCESS}, cst') \rangle \in \text{code-status-status-rel}$ 

```

```

using AB
by (cases st)
  (auto simp: code-status-status-rel-def)
have [simp]: «(x32, x32a) ∈ var-rel ⇒
  ([[x32], -1::int]], -Var x32a) ∈ fully-unsorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel» for x32 x32a
by (auto simp: mset-poly-rel-def fully-unsorted-poly-list-rel-def list-mset-rel-def br-def
  unsorted-term-poly-list-rel-def var-rel-def Const-1-eq-1
  intro!: relcompI[of - `#(#{#x32#}, -1 :: int)`]
  relcompI[of - `#[{#x32#}, -1]`])
have H3: «p - Var a = (-Var a) + p» for p :: int mpoly and a
  by auto
show ?thesis
using assms(2)
unfolding PAC-checker-l-step-def PAC-checker-step-def Ast Bst prod.case
apply (cases st; cases st'; simp only: p2rel-def pac-step.case
  pac-step-rel-raw-def mem-Collect-eq prod.case pac-step-rel-raw.simps)
subgoal
  apply (refine-rcg normalize-poly-normalize-poly-spec
    check-mult-l-check-mult check-addition-l-check-add
    full-normalize-poly-diff-ideal)
  subgoal using AB by auto
  subgoal using AB by auto
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal by (auto intro: V)
  apply assumption+
  subgoal
    by (auto simp: code-status-status-rel-def)
  subgoal
    by (auto intro!: fmap-rel-fmupd-fmap-rel
      fmap-rel-fmdrop-fmap-rel AB)
  subgoal using AB by auto
  done
  subgoal
    apply (refine-rcg normalize-poly-normalize-poly-spec
      check-mult-l-check-mult check-addition-l-check-add
      full-normalize-poly-diff-ideal[unfolded normalize-poly-spec-def[symmetric]])
  subgoal using AB by auto
  subgoal using AB by auto
  subgoal using AB by auto
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal by auto
  apply assumption+
  subgoal
    by (auto simp: code-status-status-rel-def)
  subgoal
    by (auto intro!: fmap-rel-fmupd-fmap-rel
      fmap-rel-fmdrop-fmap-rel AB)
  subgoal using AB by auto
  done
  subgoal
    apply (refine-rcg full-normalize-poly-diff-ideal
      check-extension-l-check-extension)

```

```

subgoal using AB by (auto intro!: fully-unsorted-poly-rel-diff[of - ``Var - :: int mpoly], unfolded
H3[symmetric]] simp: comp-def case-prod-beta)
  subgoal using AB by auto
  subgoal using AB by auto
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal
    by (auto simp: code-status-status-rel-def)
  subgoal
    by (auto simp: AB
      intro!: fmap-rel-fmupd-fmap-rel insert-var-rel-set-rel)
  subgoal
    by (auto simp: code-status-status-rel-def AB
      code-status.is-cfailed-def)
  done
subgoal
  apply (refine-rcg normalize-poly-normalize-poly-spec
    check-del-l-check-del check-addition-l-check-add
    full-normalize-poly-diff-ideal[unfolded normalize-poly-spec-def[symmetric]])
subgoal using AB by auto
subgoal using AB by auto
subgoal
  by (auto intro!: fmap-rel-fmupd-fmap-rel
    fmap-rel-fmdrop-fmap-rel code-status-status-rel-def AB)
subgoal
  by (auto intro!: fmap-rel-fmupd-fmap-rel
    fmap-rel-fmdrop-fmap-rel AB)
done
done
qed

lemma code-status-status-rel-discrim-iff:
  ⟨(x1a, x1c) ∈ code-status-status-rel ⟹ is-cfailed x1a ↔ is-failed x1c⟩
  ⟨(x1a, x1c) ∈ code-status-status-rel ⟹ is-cfound x1a ↔ is-found x1c⟩
  by (cases x1a; cases x1c; auto; fail)+

lemma PAC-checker-l-PAC-checker:
assumes
  ⟨(A, B) ∈ ⟨var-rel⟩set-rel ×r fmap-polys-rel⟩ and
  ⟨(st, st') ∈ ⟨pac-step-rel⟩list-rel⟩ and
  ⟨(spec, spec') ∈ sorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel⟩ and
  ⟨(b, b') ∈ code-status-status-rel⟩
shows
  ⟨PAC-checker-l spec A b st ≤↓ (code-status-status-rel ×r ⟨var-rel⟩set-rel ×r fmap-polys-rel) (PAC-checker
spec' B b' st')⟩
proof –
  have [refine0]: ⟨((b, A), st), (b', B), st'⟩ ∈ ((code-status-status-rel ×r ⟨var-rel⟩set-rel ×r fmap-polys-rel)
×r ⟨pac-step-rel⟩list-rel)
    using assms by (auto simp: code-status-status-rel-def)
  show ?thesis
    using assms
  unfolding PAC-checker-l-def PAC-checker-def
  apply (refine-rcg PAC-checker-l-step-PAC-checker-step
    WHILEIT-refine[where R = ⟨((bool-rel ×r ⟨var-rel⟩set-rel ×r fmap-polys-rel) ×r ⟨pac-step-rel⟩list-rel)⟩])
  subgoal by (auto simp: code-status-status-rel-discrim-iff)

```

```

subgoal by auto
subgoal by (auto simp: neq-Nil-conv)
subgoal by (auto simp: neq-Nil-conv intro!: param-nth)
subgoal by (auto simp: neq-Nil-conv)
subgoal by auto
done
qed

end

lemma less-than-char-of-char[code-unfold]:
  ‹(x, y) ∈ less-than-char ⟷ (of-char x :: nat) < of-char y›
  by (auto simp: less-than-char-def less-char-def)

lemmas [code] =
  add-poly-l'.simp[unfolded var-order-rel-def]

export-code add-poly-l' in SML module-name test

definition full-checker-l
  :: llist-polynomial ⇒ (nat, llist-polynomial) fmap ⇒ (-, string, nat) pac-step list ⇒
    (string code-status × -) nres
where
  ‹full-checker-l spec A st = do {
    spec' ← full-normalize-poly spec;
    (b, V, A) ← remap-polys-l spec' {} A;
    if is-cfailed b
    then RETURN (b, V, A)
    else do {
      let V = V ∪ vars-llist spec;
      PAC-checker-l spec' (V, A) b st
    }
  }›

context poly-embed
begin

term normalize-poly-spec
thm full-normalize-poly-diff-ideal[unfolded normalize-poly-spec-def[symmetric]]
abbreviation unsorted-fmap-polys-rel where
  ‹unsorted-fmap-polys-rel ≡ ⟨nat-rel, fully-unsorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel⟩fmap-rel›

lemma full-checker-l-full-checker:
assumes
  ‹(A, B) ∈ unsorted-fmap-polys-rel and
  ‹(st, st') ∈ ⟨pac-step-rel⟩list-rel and
  ‹(spec, spec') ∈ fully-unsorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel›
shows
  ‹full-checker-l spec A st ≤ ↓ (code-status-status-rel ×r ⟨var-rel⟩set-rel ×r fmap-polys-rel) (full-checker
  spec' B st')›
proof –
  have [refine]:
```

```

⟨(spec, spec') ∈ sorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel ⟹
⟨V, V'⟩ ∈ ⟨var-rel⟩ set-rel ⟹
remap-polys-l spec V A ≤ ∄(code-status-status-rel ×r ⟨var-rel⟩ set-rel ×r fmap-polys-rel)
  (remap-polys-change-all spec' V' B) ⋅ for spec spec' V V'
apply (rule remap-polys-l-remap-polys[THEN order-trans, OF assms(1)])
apply assumption+
apply (rule ref-two-step[OF order.refl])
apply(rule remap-polys-spec[THEN order-trans])
by (rule remap-polys-polynomial-bool-remap-polys-change-all)

```

```

show ?thesis
unfolding full-checker-l-def full-checker-def
apply (refine-rcg remap-polys-l-remap-polys
  full-normalize-poly-diff-ideal[unfolded normalize-poly-spec-def[symmetric]]
  PAC-checker-l-PAC-checker)
subgoal
  using assms(3) .
subgoal by auto
subgoal by (auto simp: is-cfailed-def is-failed-def)
subgoal by auto
apply (rule fully-unsorted-poly-rel-extend-vars)
subgoal using assms(3) .
subgoal by auto
subgoal by auto
subgoal
  using assms(2) by (auto simp: p2rel-def)
subgoal by auto
done
qed

```

```

lemma full-checker-l-full-checker':
⟨uncurry2 full-checker-l, uncurry2 full-checker⟩ ∈
((fully-unsorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel) ×r unsorted-fmap-polys-rel) ×r ⟨pac-step-rel⟩ list-rel →f
  ((code-status-status-rel ×r ⟨var-rel⟩ set-rel ×r fmap-polys-rel) nres-rel)
apply (intro frefI nres-relI)
using full-checker-l-full-checker by force

```

end

```

definition remap-polys-l2 :: llist-polynomial ⇒ string set ⇒ (nat, llist-polynomial) fmap ⇒ - nres
where
⟨remap-polys-l2 spec = (λV A. do{
  n ← upper-bound-on-dom A;
  b ← RETURN (n ≥ 2^64);
  if b
  then do {
    c ← remap-polys-l-dom-err;
    RETURN (error-msg (0 :: nat) c, V, fmempty)
  }
  else do {
    (b, V, A) ← nfoldli ([0..<n]) (λ_. True)
    (λi (b, V, A'). if i ∈# dom-m A
      then do {

```

```

ASSERT(fmlookup A i ≠ None);
p ← full-normalize-poly (the (fmlookup A i));
eq ← weak-equality-l p spec;
V ← RETURN (V ∪ vars-llist (the (fmlookup A i)));
RETURN(b ∨ eq, V, fmupd i p A')
} else RETURN (b, V, A')
)
(False, V, fmempty);
RETURN (if b then CFOUND else CSUCCESS, V, A)
}
})>

lemma remap-polys-l2-remap-polys-l:
⟨remap-polys-l2 spec V A ≤ ↓ Id (remap-polys-l spec V A)⟩

proof –
have [refine]: ⟨(A, A') ∈ Id ⟹ upper-bound-on-dom A
≤ ↓ {(n, dom). dom = set [0..<n]} (SPEC (λdom. set-mset (dom-m A') ⊆ dom ∧ finite dom))⟩ for
A A'
unfolding upper-bound-on-dom-def
apply (rule RES-refine)
apply (auto simp: upper-bound-on-dom-def)
done
have 1: ⟨inj-on id dom⟩ for dom
by auto
have 2: ⟨x ∈# dom-m A ⟹
x' ∈# dom-m A' ⟹
(x, x') ∈ nat-rel ⟹
(A, A') ∈ Id ⟹
full-normalize-poly (the (fmlookup A x))
≤ ↓ Id
(full-normalize-poly (the (fmlookup A' x')))⟩
for A A' x x'
by (auto)
have 3: ⟨(n, dom) ∈ {(n, dom). dom = set [0..<n]} ⟹
([0..<n], dom) ∈ ⟨nat-rel⟩ list-set-rel⟩ for n dom
by (auto simp: list-set-rel-def br-def)
have 4: ⟨(p,q) ∈ Id ⟹
weak-equality-l p spec ≤ ↓Id (weak-equality-l q spec)⟩ for p q spec
by auto

have 6: ⟨a = b ⟹ (a, b) ∈ Id⟩ for a b
by auto
show ?thesis
unfolding remap-polys-l2-def remap-polys-l-def
apply (refine-rcg LFO-refine[where R= ⟨Id ×r ⟨Id⟩ set-rel ×r Id⟩])
subgoal by auto
subgoal by auto
subgoal by auto
apply (rule 3)
subgoal by auto
subgoal by (simp add: in-dom-m-lookup-iff)
subgoal by (simp add: in-dom-m-lookup-iff)
apply (rule 2)
subgoal by auto
subgoal by auto

```

```

subgoal by auto
subgoal by auto
apply (rule 4; assumption)
apply (rule 6)
subgoal by auto
done
qed
end

theory PAC-Checker-Relation
imports PAC-Checker WB-Sort Native-Word.Uint64
begin

```

## 10 Various Refinement Relations

When writing this, it was not possible to share the definition with the IsaSAT version.

```

definition uint64-nat-rel :: (uint64 × nat) set where
  ⟨uint64-nat-rel = br nat-of-uint64 (λ-. True)⟩

abbreviation uint64-nat-assn where
  ⟨uint64-nat-assn ≡ pure uint64-nat-rel⟩

instantiation uint32 :: hashable
begin
definition hashCode-uint32 :: ⟨uint32 ⇒ uint32⟩ where
  ⟨hashCode-uint32 n = n⟩

definition def-hashmap-size-uint32 :: ⟨uint32 itself ⇒ nat⟩ where
  ⟨def-hashmap-size-uint32 = (λ-. 16)⟩
  — same as nat
instance
  by standard (simp add: def-hashmap-size-uint32-def)
end

instantiation uint64 :: hashable
begin

context
  includes bit-operations-syntax
begin

definition hashCode-uint64 :: ⟨uint64 ⇒ uint32⟩ where
  ⟨hashCode-uint64 n = (uint32-of-nat (nat-of-uint64 ((n) AND ((2 :: uint64) ^ 32 - 1))))⟩

end

definition def-hashmap-size-uint64 :: ⟨uint64 itself ⇒ nat⟩ where
  ⟨def-hashmap-size-uint64 = (λ-. 16)⟩
  — same as nat

```

```

instance
  by standard (simp add: def-hashmap-size-uint64-def)
end

lemma word-nat-of-uint64-Rep-inject[simp]: ⟨nat-of-uint64 ai = nat-of-uint64 bi  $\longleftrightarrow$  ai = bi⟩
  by transfer (simp add: word-unat-eq-iff)

instance uint64 :: heap
  by standard (auto simp: inj-def exI[of - nat-of-uint64])

instance uint64 :: semiring-numeral
  by standard

lemma nat-of-uint64-012[simp]: ⟨nat-of-uint64 0 = 0⟩ ⟨nat-of-uint64 2 = 2⟩ ⟨nat-of-uint64 1 = 1⟩
  by (simp-all add: nat-of-uint64.rep-eq zero-uint64.rep-eq one-uint64.rep-eq)

definition uint64-of-nat-conv where
  [simp]: ⟨uint64-of-nat-conv (x :: nat) = x⟩

lemma less-upper-bintrunc-id: ⟨n < 264  $\implies$  n ≥ 0  $\implies$  take-bit b n = n⟩ for n :: int
  by (rule take-bit-int-eq-self)

lemma nat-of-uint64-uint64-of-nat-id: ⟨n < 264  $\implies$  nat-of-uint64 (uint64-of-nat n) = n⟩
  by transfer (simp add: take-bit-nat-eq-self unsigned-of-nat)

lemma [sepref-fr-rules]:
  ⟨(return o uint64-of-nat, RETURN o uint64-of-nat-conv) ∈ [λa. a < 264]_a nat-assnk → uint64-nat-assn⟩
  by sepref-to-hoare
  (sep-auto simp: uint64-nat-rel-def br-def nat-of-uint64-uint64-of-nat-id)

definition string-rel :: ⟨(String.literal × string) set⟩ where
  ⟨string-rel = {(x, y). y = String.explode x}⟩

abbreviation string-assn :: ⟨string ⇒ String.literal ⇒ assn⟩ where
  ⟨string-assn ≡ pure string-rel⟩

lemma eq-string-eq:
  ⟨((=), (=)) ∈ string-rel → string-rel → bool-rel⟩
  by (auto intro!: frefI simp: string-rel-def String.less-literal-def
  less-than-char-def rel2p-def literal.explode-inject)

lemmas eq-string-eq-hnr =
  eq-string-eq[sepref-import-param]

definition string2-rel :: ⟨(string × string) set⟩ where
  ⟨string2-rel ≡ ⟨Id⟩ list-rel⟩

abbreviation string2-assn :: ⟨string ⇒ string ⇒ assn⟩ where
  ⟨string2-assn ≡ pure string2-rel⟩

abbreviation monom-rel where
  ⟨monom-rel ≡ ⟨string-rel⟩ list-rel⟩

abbreviation monom-assn where
  ⟨monom-assn ≡ list-assn string-assn⟩

```

```

abbreviation monomial-rel where
  ‹monomial-rel ≡ monom-rel ×r int-rel›

abbreviation monomial-assn where
  ‹monomial-assn ≡ monom-assn ×a int-assn›

abbreviation poly-rel where
  ‹poly-rel ≡ ⟨monomial-rel⟩ list-rel›

abbreviation poly-assn where
  ‹poly-assn ≡ list-assn monomial-assn›

lemma poly-assn-alt-def:
  ‹poly-assn = pure poly-rel›
  by (simp add: list-assn-pure-conv)

abbreviation polys-assn where
  ‹polys-assn ≡ hm-fmap-assn uint64-nat-assn poly-assn›

lemma string-rel-string-assn:
  ‹(↑ ((c, a) ∈ string-rel)) = string-assn a c›
  by (auto simp: pure-app-eq)

lemma single-valued-string-rel:
  ‹single-valued string-rel›
  by (auto simp: single-valued-def string-rel-def)

lemma IS-LEFT-UNIQUE-string-rel:
  ‹IS-LEFT-UNIQUE string-rel›
  by (auto simp: IS-LEFT-UNIQUE-def single-valued-def string-rel-def
    literal.explode-inject)

lemma IS-RIGHT-UNIQUE-string-rel:
  ‹IS-RIGHT-UNIQUE string-rel›
  by (auto simp: single-valued-def string-rel-def
    literal.explode-inject)

lemma single-valued-monom-rel: ‹single-valued monom-rel›
  by (rule list-rel-sv)
  (auto intro!: frefI simp: string-rel-def
    rel2p-def single-valued-def p2rel-def)

lemma single-valued-monomial-rel:
  ‹single-valued monomial-rel›
  using single-valued-monom-rel
  by (auto intro!: frefI simp:
    rel2p-def single-valued-def p2rel-def)

lemma single-valued-monom-rel': ‹IS-LEFT-UNIQUE monom-rel›
  unfolding IS-LEFT-UNIQUE-def inv-list-rel-eq string2-rel-def
  by (rule list-rel-sv) +
  (auto intro!: frefI simp: string-rel-def
    rel2p-def single-valued-def p2rel-def literal.explode-inject)

```

```

lemma single-valued-monomial-rel':
  ‹IS-LEFT-UNIQUE monomial-rel›
  using single-valued-monom-rel'
  unfolding IS-LEFT-UNIQUE-def inv-list-rel-eq
  by (auto intro!: frefl simp:
    rel2p-def single-valued-def p2rel-def)

lemma [safe-constraint-rules]:
  ‹Sepref-Constraints.CONSTRAINT single-valued string-rel›
  ‹Sepref-Constraints.CONSTRAINT IS-LEFT-UNIQUE string-rel›
  by (auto simp: CONSTRAINT-def single-valued-def
    string-rel-def IS-LEFT-UNIQUE-def literal.explode-inject)

lemma eq-string-monom-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  ‹(uncurry (return oo (=)), uncurry (RETURN oo (=))) ∈ monom-assnk *a monom-assnk →a bool-assn›
  using single-valued-monom-rel' single-valued-monom-rel
  unfolding list-assn-pure-conv
  by sepref-to-hoare
    (sep-auto simp: list-assn-pure-conv string-rel-string-assn
      single-valued-def IS-LEFT-UNIQUE-def
      dest!: mod-starD
      simp flip: inv-list-rel-eq)

definition term-order-rel' where
  [simp]: ‹term-order-rel' x y = ((x, y) ∈ term-order-rel)›

lemma term-order-rel[def-pat-rules]:
  ‹(∈)$(x,y)$term-order-rel ≡ term-order-rel'$x$y›
  by auto

lemma term-order-rel-alt-def:
  ‹term-order-rel = lexord (p2rel char.lexordp)›
  by (auto simp: p2rel-def char.lexordp-conv-lexord var-order-rel-def intro!: arg-cong[of - - lexord])

instantiation char :: linorder
begin
  definition less-char where [symmetric, simp]: less-char = PAC-Polynomials-Term.less-char
  definition less-eq-char where [symmetric, simp]: less-eq-char = PAC-Polynomials-Term.less-eq-char
instance
  apply standard
  using char.linorder-axioms
  by (auto simp: class.linorder-def class.order-def class.preorder-def
    less-eq-char-def less-than-char-def class.order-axioms-def
    class.linorder-axioms-def p2rel-def less-char-def)
end

instantiation list :: (linorder) linorder
begin
  definition less-list where less-list = lexordp (<)
  definition less-eq-list where less-eq-list = lexordp-eq

```

```

instance
proof standard
  have [dest]:  $\langle \bigwedge x y :: 'a :: \text{linorder list}. (x, y) \in \text{lexord} \{(x, y). x < y\} \Rightarrow$   

     $\text{lexordp-eq } y x \Rightarrow \text{False} \rangle$ 
  by (metis lexordp-antisym lexordp-conv-lexord lexordp-eq-conv-lexord)
  have [simp]:  $\langle \bigwedge x y :: 'a :: \text{linorder list}. \text{lexordp-eq } x y \Rightarrow$   

     $\neg \text{lexordp-eq } y x \Rightarrow$   

     $(x, y) \in \text{lexord} \{(x, y). x < y\} \rangle$ 
  using lexordp-conv-lexord lexordp-conv-lexordp-eq by blast
  show
     $\langle (x < y) = \text{Restricted-Predicates.strict } (\leq) x y \rangle$ 
     $\langle x \leq x \rangle$ 
     $\langle x \leq y \Rightarrow y \leq z \Rightarrow x \leq z \rangle$ 
     $\langle x \leq y \Rightarrow y \leq x \Rightarrow x = y \rangle$ 
     $\langle x \leq y \vee y \leq x \rangle$ 
    for x y z ::  $\langle 'a :: \text{linorder list} \rangle$ 
    by (auto simp: less-list-def less-eq-list-def List.lexordp-def
      lexordp-conv-lexord lexordp-into-lexordp-eq lexordp-antisym
      antisym-def lexordp-eq-refl lexordp-eq-linear intro: lexordp-eq-trans
      dest: lexordp-eq-antisym)
  qed

```

end

```

lemma term-order-rel'-alt-def-lexord:
   $\langle \text{term-order-rel}' x y = \text{ord-class.lexordp } x y \rangle \text{ and}$ 
  term-order-rel'-alt-def:
   $\langle \text{term-order-rel}' x y \longleftrightarrow x < y \rangle$ 
proof -
  show
     $\langle \text{term-order-rel}' x y = \text{ord-class.lexordp } x y \rangle$ 
     $\langle \text{term-order-rel}' x y \longleftrightarrow x < y \rangle$ 
    unfolding less-than-char-of-char[symmetric, abs-def]
    by (auto simp: lexordp-conv-lexord less-eq-list-def
      less-list-def lexordp-def var-order-rel-def
      rel2p-def term-order-rel-alt-def p2rel-def)
  qed

```

```

lemma list-rel-list-rel-order-iff:
  assumes  $\langle (a, b) \in \langle \text{string-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel} \rangle \langle (a', b') \in \langle \text{string-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel} \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle a < a' \longleftrightarrow b < b' \rangle$ 
proof
  have H:  $\langle (a, b) \in \langle \text{string-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel} \Rightarrow$   

     $(a, cs) \in \langle \text{string-rel} \rangle \text{list-rel} \Rightarrow b = cs \rangle \text{ for } cs$ 
  using single-valued-monom-rel' IS-RIGHT-UNIQUE-string-rel
  unfolding string2-rel-def
  by (subst (asm) list-rel-sv-iff[symmetric])
  (auto simp: single-valued-def)
  assume  $\langle a < a' \rangle$ 
  then consider
    u u' where  $\langle a' = a @ u \# u' \rangle \mid$ 
    u aa v w aaa where  $\langle a = u @ aa \# v \rangle \langle a' = u @ aaa \# w \rangle \langle aa < aaa \rangle$ 
  by (subst (asm) less-list-def)

```

```

(auto simp: lexord-def List.lexordp-def
  list-rel-append1 list-rel-split-right-iff)
then show ⟨b < b'⟩
proof cases
  case 1
  then show ⟨b < b'⟩
    using assms
    by (subst less-list-def)
      (auto simp: lexord-def List.lexordp-def
        list-rel-append1 list-rel-split-right-iff dest: H)
next
  case 2
  then obtain u' aa' v' w' aaa' where
    ⟨b = u' @ aa' # v'⟩ ⟨b' = u' @ aaa' # w'⟩
    ⟨(aa, aa') ∈ string-rel⟩
    ⟨(aaa, aaa') ∈ string-rel⟩
    using assms
    by (smt (verit) list-rel-append1 list-rel-split-right-iff single-valued-def single-valued-monom-rel)
  with ⟨aa < aaa⟩ have ⟨aa' < aaa'⟩
    by (auto simp: string-rel-def less-literal.rep-eq less-list-def
      lexordp-conv-lexord lexordp-def char.lexordp-conv-lexord
      simp flip: less-char-def PAC-Polynomials-Term.less-char-def)
  then show ⟨b < b'⟩
    using ⟨b = u' @ aa' # v'⟩ ⟨b' = u' @ aaa' # w'⟩
    by (subst less-list-def)
      (fastforce simp: lexord-def List.lexordp-def
        list-rel-append1 list-rel-split-right-iff)
qed
next
  have H: ⟨(a, b) ∈ string-rel⟩ list-rel ==>
    ⟨a', b) ∈ string-rel⟩ list-rel ==> a = a' for a a' b
    using single-valued-monom-rel'
    by (auto simp: single-valued-def IS-LEFT-UNIQUE-def
      simp flip: inv-list-rel-eq)
  assume ⟨b < b'⟩
  then consider
    u u' where ⟨b' = b @ u # u'⟩ |
    u aa v w aaa where ⟨b = u @ aa # v⟩ ⟨b' = u @ aaa # w⟩ ⟨aa < aaa⟩
    by (subst (asm) less-list-def)
      (auto simp: lexord-def List.lexordp-def
        list-rel-append1 list-rel-split-right-iff)
  then show ⟨a < a'⟩
  proof cases
    case 1
    then show ⟨a < a'⟩
      using assms
      by (subst less-list-def)
        (auto simp: lexord-def List.lexordp-def
          list-rel-append2 list-rel-split-left-iff dest: H)
  next
    case 2
    then obtain u' aa' v' w' aaa' where
      ⟨a = u' @ aa' # v'⟩ ⟨a' = u' @ aaa' # w'⟩
      ⟨(aa', aa) ∈ string-rel⟩
      ⟨(aaa', aaa) ∈ string-rel⟩

```

```

using assms
by (auto simp: lexord-def List.lexordp-def
      list-rel-append2 list-rel-split-left-iff dest: H)
with ‹aa < aaa› have ‹aa' < aaa'›
by (auto simp: string-rel-def less-literal.rep-eq less-list-def
      lexordp-conv-lexord lexordp-def char.lexordp-conv-lexord
      simp flip: less-char-def PAC-Polynomials-Term.less-char-def)
then show ‹a < a'›
using ‹a = u' @ aa' # v'› ‹a' = u' @ aaa' # w'›
by (subst less-list-def)
      (fastforce simp: lexord-def List.lexordp-def
      list-rel-append1 list-rel-split-right-iff)
qed
qed

```

```

lemma string-rel-le[sepref-import-param]:
shows ‹((<), (<)) ∈ {string-rel}list-rel → {string-rel}list-rel → bool-rel›
by (auto intro!: fun-relI simp: list-rel-list-rel-order-iff)

```

```

lemma [sepref-import-param]:
assumes ‹CONSTRAINT IS-LEFT-UNIQUE R› ‹CONSTRAINT IS-RIGHT-UNIQUE R›
shows ‹(remove1, remove1) ∈ R → {R}list-rel → {R}list-rel›
apply (intro fun-relI)
subgoal premises p for x y xs ys
using p(2) p(1) assms
by (induction xs ys rule: list-rel-induct)
      (auto simp: IS-LEFT-UNIQUE-def single-valued-def)
done

```

```

instantiation pac-step :: (heap, heap, heap) heap
begin

```

```

instance
proof standard
obtain f :: ‹'a ⇒ nat› where
  f: ‹inj f›
  by blast
obtain g :: ‹nat × nat × nat × nat × nat ⇒ nat› where
  g: ‹inj g›
  by blast
obtain h :: ‹'b ⇒ nat› where
  h: ‹inj h›
  by blast
obtain i :: ‹'c ⇒ nat› where
  i: ‹inj i›
  by blast
have [iff]: ‹g a = g b ⟷ a = b› ‹h a'' = h b'' ⟷ a'' = b''› ‹f a' = f b' ⟷ a' = b'›
  ‹i a''' = i b''' ⟷ a''' = b'''› for a b a' b' a'' b'' a''' b'''
using f g h i unfolding inj-def by blast+
let ?f = ‹λx :: ('a, 'b, 'c) pac-step.
  g (case x of
    Add a b c d ⇒ (0, i a, i b, i c, f d)
    | Del a ⇒ (1, i a, 0, 0, 0)
```

```

| Mult a b c d ⇒ (2, i a, f b, i c, f d)
| Extension a b c ⇒ (3, i a, f c, 0, h b))›
have ⟨inj ?f›
  apply (auto simp: inj-def)
  apply (case-tac x; case-tac y)
  apply auto
  done
then show ‹∃f :: ('a, 'b, 'c) pac-step ⇒ nat. inj f›
  by blast
qed

end

end
theory PAC-Assoc-Map-Rel
  imports PAC-Map-Rel
begin

```

## 11 Hash Map as association list

```

type-synonym ('k, 'v) hash-assoc = ‹('k × 'v) list›

definition hassoc-map-rel-raw :: ‹((('k, 'v) hash-assoc × -) set)› where
  ‹hassoc-map-rel-raw = br map-of (λ_. True)›

abbreviation hassoc-map-assn :: ‹('k ⇒ 'v option) ⇒ ('k, 'v) hash-assoc ⇒ assn› where
  ‹hassoc-map-assn ≡ pure (hassoc-map-rel-raw)›

lemma hassoc-map-rel-raw-empty[simp]:
  ‹([], m) ∈ hassoc-map-rel-raw ↔ m = Map.empty›
  ‹(p, Map.empty) ∈ hassoc-map-rel-raw ↔ p = []›
  ‹hassoc-map-assn Map.empty [] = emp›
  by (auto simp: hassoc-map-rel-raw-def br-def pure-def)

definition hassoc-new :: ‹('k, 'v) hash-assoc Heap› where
  ‹hassoc-new = return []›

lemma precise-hassoc-map-assn: ‹precise hassoc-map-assn›
  by (auto intro!: precise-pure)
  (auto simp: single-valued-def hassoc-map-rel-raw-def
    br-def)

definition hassoc-isEmpty :: ‹('k × 'v) list ⇒ bool Heap› where
  ‹hassoc-isEmpty ht ≡ return (length ht = 0)›

```

```

interpretation hassoc: bind-map-empty hassoc-map-assn hassoc-new
  by unfold-locales
  (auto intro: precise-hassoc-map-assn
    simp: ent-refl-true hassoc-new-def
    intro!: return-cons-rule)

```

```

interpretation hassoc: bind-map-is-empty hassoc-map-assn hassoc-isEmpty
  by unfold-locales

```

```

(auto simp: precise-hassoc-map-assn hassoc-isEmpty-def ent-refl-true
intro!: precise-pure return-cons-rule)

definition op-assoc-empty ≡ IICF-Map.op-map-empty

interpretation hassoc: map-custom-empty op-assoc-empty
by unfold-locales (simp add: op-assoc-empty-def)

lemmas [sepref-fr-rules] = hassoc.empty-hnr[folded op-assoc-empty-def]

definition hassoc-update :: 'k ⇒ 'v ⇒ ('k, 'v) hash-assoc ⇒ ('k, 'v) hash-assoc Heap where
hassoc-update k v ht = return ((k, v) # ht)

lemma hassoc-map-assn-Cons:
⟨hassoc-map-assn (m) (p) ⟹A hassoc-map-assn (m(k ↪ v)) ((k, v) # p) * true⟩
by (auto simp: hassoc-map-rel-raw-def pure-def br-def)

interpretation hassoc: bind-map-update hassoc-map-assn hassoc-update
by unfold-locales
(auto intro!: return-cons-rule
simp: hassoc-update-def hassoc-map-assn-Cons)

definition hassoc-delete :: 'k ⇒ ('k, 'v) hash-assoc ⇒ ('k, 'v) hash-assoc Heap where
⟨hassoc-delete k ht = return (filter (λ(a, b). a ≠ k) ht)⟩

lemma hassoc-map-of-filter-all:
⟨map-of p | `(- {k}) = map-of (filter (λ(a, b). a ≠ k) p)⟩
apply (induction p)
apply (auto simp: restrict-map-def fun-eq-iff split: if-split)
apply presburger+
done

lemma hassoc-map-assn-hassoc-delete: <<hassoc-map-assn m p> hassoc-delete k p <<hassoc-map-assn
(m | `(- {k}))>t>
by (auto simp: hassoc-delete-def hassoc-map-rel-raw-def pure-def br-def
hassoc-map-of-filter-all
intro!: return-cons-rule)

interpretation hassoc: bind-map-delete hassoc-map-assn hassoc-delete
by unfold-locales
(auto intro: hassoc-map-assn-hassoc-delete)

definition hassoc-lookup :: 'k ⇒ ('k, 'v) hash-assoc ⇒ 'v option Heap where
⟨hassoc-lookup k ht = return (map-of ht k)⟩

lemma hassoc-map-assn-hassoc-lookup:
<<hassoc-map-assn m p> hassoc-lookup k p <λr. hassoc-map-assn m p * ↑ (r = m k)>t>
by (auto simp: hassoc-lookup-def hassoc-map-rel-raw-def pure-def br-def
hassoc-map-of-filter-all
intro!: return-cons-rule)

interpretation hassoc: bind-map-lookup hassoc-map-assn hassoc-lookup

```

```

by unfold-locales
  (rule hassoc-map-assn-hassoc-lookup)

setup Locale-Code.open-block
interpretation hassoc: gen-contains-key-by-lookup hassoc-map-assn hassoc-lookup
  by unfold-locales
setup Locale-Code.close-block

interpretation hassoc: bind-map-contains-key hassoc-map-assn hassoc.contains-key
  by unfold-locales

```

## 11.1 Conversion from assoc to other map

```

definition hash-of-assoc-map where
  <hash-of-assoc-map xs = fold (λ(k, v) m. if m k ≠ None then m else m(k ↦ v)) xs Map.empty>

```

```

lemma map-upd-map-add-left:
  <m(a ↦ b) ++ m' = m ++ (if a ∉ dom m' then m'(a ↦ b) else m')>

```

```

proof –

```

```

  have <m' a = Some y ==> m(a ↦ b) ++ m' = m ++ m' for y
    by (metis (no-types) fun-upd-triv fun-upd-upd map-add-assoc map-add-empty map-add-upd
        map-le-iff-map-add-commute)

```

```

  then show ?thesis
    by auto

```

```

qed

```

```

lemma fold-map-of-alt:

```

```

  <fold (λ(k, v) m. if m k ≠ None then m else m(k ↦ v)) xs m' = map-of xs ++ m'>
  by (induction xs arbitrary: m')
    (auto simp: map-upd-map-add-left)

```

```

lemma map-of-alt-def:

```

```

  <map-of xs = hash-of-assoc-map xs>
  using fold-map-of-alt[of xs Map.empty]
  unfolding hash-of-assoc-map-def
  by auto

```

```

definition hashmap-conv where

```

```

  [simp]: <hashmap-conv x = x>

```

```

lemma hash-of-assoc-map-id:

```

```

  <(hash-of-assoc-map, hashmap-conv) ∈ hassoc-map-rel-raw → Id>
  by (auto intro!: fun-relI simp: hassoc-map-rel-raw-def br-def map-of-alt-def)

```

```

definition hassoc-map-rel where

```

```

  hassoc-map-rel-internal-def:

```

```

  <hassoc-map-rel K V = hassoc-map-rel-raw O ⟨K, V⟩ map-rel>

```

```

lemma hassoc-map-rel-def:

```

```

  <⟨K, V⟩ hassoc-map-rel = hassoc-map-rel-raw O ⟨K, V⟩ map-rel>
  unfolding relAPP-def hassoc-map-rel-internal-def
  by auto

```

```

end

```

```

theory PAC-Checker-Init
imports PAC-Checker WB-Sort PAC-Checker-Relation
begin

```

## 12 Initial Normalisation of Polynomials

### 12.1 Sorting

Adapted from the theory *HOL-ex.MergeSort* by Tobias Nipkow. We did not change much, but we refine it to executable code and try to improve efficiency.

```

fun merge :: - ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'a list
where
  merge f (x#xs) (y#ys) =
    (if f x y then x # merge f xs (y#ys) else y # merge f (x#xs) ys)
  | merge f xs [] = xs
  | merge f [] ys = ys

lemma mset-merge [simp]:
  mset (merge f xs ys) = mset xs + mset ys
  by (induct f xs ys rule: merge.induct) (simp-all add: ac-simps)

lemma set-merge [simp]:
  set (merge f xs ys) = set xs ∪ set ys
  by (induct f xs ys rule: merge.induct) auto

lemma sorted-merge:
  transp f ⟹ (∀x y. f x y ∨ f y x) ⟹
  sorted-wrt f (merge f xs ys) ⟷ sorted-wrt f xs ∧ sorted-wrt f ys
  apply (induct f xs ys rule: merge.induct)
  apply (auto simp add: ball-Un not-le less-le dest: transpD)
  apply blast
  apply (blast dest: transpD)
  done

fun msort :: - ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'a list
where
  msort f [] = []
  | msort f [x] = [x]
  | msort f xs = merge f
    (msort f (take (size xs div 2) xs))
    (msort f (drop (size xs div 2) xs))

fun swap-ternary :: <->nat⇒nat⇒('a × 'a × 'a) ⇒ ('a × 'a × 'a) where
  <swap-ternary f m n =
  (if (m = 0 ∧ n = 1)
  then (λ(a, b, c). iff a b then (a, b, c)
  else (b,a,c))
  else if (m = 0 ∧ n = 2)
  then (λ(a, b, c). iff a c then (a, b, c)
  else (c,b,a))
  else if (m = 1 ∧ n = 2)
  then (λ(a, b, c). iff b c then (a, b, c)
  else (a,c,b))
  else (λ(a, b, c). (a,b,c)))>

```

```

fun msort2 :: -  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list
where
| msort2 f [] = []
| msort2 f [x] = [x]
| msort2 f [x,y] = (if f x y then [x,y] else [y,x])
| msort2 f xs = merge f
    (msort f (take (size xs div 2) xs))
    (msort f (drop (size xs div 2) xs))

lemmas [code del] =
  msort2.simps

declare msort2.simps[simp del]
lemmas [code] =
  msort2.simps[unfolded swap-ternary.simps, simplified]

declare msort2.simps[simp]

lemma msort-msort2:
  fixes xs :: ' :: linorder list'
  shows  $\langle \text{msort } (\leq) \text{ xs} = \text{msort2 } (\leq) \text{ xs} \rangle$ 
  apply (induction  $\langle (\leq) :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$  xs rule: msort2.induct)
  apply (auto dest: transpD)
  done

lemma sorted-msort:
  transp f  $\Longrightarrow$  ( $\bigwedge x y. f x y \vee f y x$ )  $\Longrightarrow$ 
  sorted-wrt f (msort f xs)
  by (induct f xs rule: msort.induct) (simp-all add: sorted-merge)

lemma mset-msort[simp]:
  mset (msort f xs) = mset xs
  by (induction f xs rule: msort.induct)
    (simp-all add: union-code)

```

## 12.2 Sorting applied to monomials

```

lemma merge-coeffs-alt-def:
   $\langle (\text{RETURN } o \text{ merge-coeffs}) p =$ 
  RECT( $\lambda f p.$ 
    (case p of
      []  $\Rightarrow$  RETURN []
      | [-]  $\Rightarrow$  RETURN p
      | ((xs, n) # (ys, m) # p)  $\Rightarrow$ 
        (if xs = ys
          then if n + m  $\neq$  0 then f ((xs, n + m) # p) else f p
          else do {p  $\leftarrow$  f ((ys, m) # p); RETURN ((xs, n) # p)})))
    p)
  apply (induction p rule: merge-coeffs.induct)
  subgoal by (subst RECT-unfold, refine-mono) auto
  subgoal by (subst RECT-unfold, refine-mono) auto
  subgoal for x p y q
  by (subst RECT-unfold, refine-mono)
  (smt case-prod-conv list.simps(5) merge-coeffs.simps(3) nres-monad1
    push-in-let-conv(2))

```

**done**

**lemma** *hn-invalid-recover*:

```
<is-pure R ==> hn-invalid R = ( $\lambda x y. R x y * \text{true}$ )
<is-pure R ==> invalid-assn R = ( $\lambda x y. R x y * \text{true}$ )
by (auto simp: is-pure-conv invalid-pure-recover hn-ctxt-def intro!: ext)
```

**lemma** *safe-poly-vars*:

**shows**

```
[safe-constraint-rules]:
  is-pure (poly-assn) and
[safe-constraint-rules]:
  is-pure (monom-assn) and
[safe-constraint-rules]:
  is-pure (monomial-assn) and
[safe-constraint-rules]:
  is-pure string-assn
```

**by** (auto intro!: pure-prod list-assn-pure simp: prod-assn-pure-conv)

**lemma** *invalid-assn-distrib*:

```
<invalid-assn monom-assn  $\times_a$  invalid-assn int-assn ==> invalid-assn (monom-assn  $\times_a$  int-assn)
apply (simp add: invalid-pure-recover hn-invalid-recover
  safe-constraint-rules)
apply (subst hn-invalid-recover)
apply (rule safe-poly-vars(2))
apply (subst hn-invalid-recover)
apply (rule safe-poly-vars)
apply (auto intro!: ext)
done
```

**lemma** *WTF-RF-recover*:

```
<hn-ctxt (invalid-assn monom-assn  $\times_a$  invalid-assn int-assn) xb
  x'a  $\vee_A$ 
  hn-ctxt monomial-assn xb x'a ==>t
  hn-ctxt (monomial-assn) xb x'a>
by (smt assn-aci(5) hn-ctxt-def invalid-assn-distrib invalid-pure-recover is-pure-conv
  merge-thms(4) merge-true-star reorder-enttI safe-poly-vars(3) star-aci(2) star-aci(3))
```

**lemma** *WTF-RF*:

```
<hn-ctxt (invalid-assn monom-assn  $\times_a$  invalid-assn int-assn) xb x'a *
  (hn-invalid poly-assn la l'a * hn-invalid int-assn a2' a2 *
   hn-invalid monom-assn a1' a1 *
   hn-invalid poly-assn l l' *
   hn-invalid monomial-assn xa x' *
   hn-invalid poly-assn ax px) ==>t
  hn-ctxt (monomial-assn) xb x'a *
  hn-ctxt poly-assn
  la l'a *
  hn-ctxt poly-assn l l' *
  (hn-invalid int-assn a2' a2 *
   hn-invalid monom-assn a1' a1 *
   hn-invalid monomial-assn xa x' *
   hn-invalid poly-assn ax px)>
<hn-ctxt (invalid-assn monom-assn  $\times_a$  invalid-assn int-assn) xa x' *
  (hn-ctxt poly-assn l l' * hn-invalid poly-assn ax px) ==>t
```

```

hn-ctxt (monomial-assn) xa x' *
hn-ctxt poly-assn l l' *
hn-ctxt poly-assn ax px *
emp
by sepref-dbg-trans-step+

```

The refinement framework is completely lost here when synthesizing the constants – it does not understand what is pure (actually everything) and what must be destroyed.

```

sepref-definition merge-coeffs-impl
  is <RETURN o merge-coeffs>
  :: < $\text{poly-assn}^d \rightarrow_a \text{poly-assn}$ >
  supply [[goals-limit=1]]
  unfolding merge-coeffs-alt-def
    HOL-list.fold-custom-empty poly-assn-alt-def
  apply (rewrite in < $\leftrightarrow$ > annotate-assn[where A=<poly-assn>])
  apply sepref-dbg-preproc
  apply sepref-dbg-cons-init
  apply sepref-dbg-id
  apply sepref-dbg-monadify
  apply sepref-dbg-opt-init
  apply (rule WTF-RF | sepref-dbg-trans-step)+
  apply sepref-dbg-opt
  apply sepref-dbg-cons-solve
  apply sepref-dbg-cons-solve
  apply sepref-dbg-constraints
  done

definition full-quicksort-poly where
  < $\text{full-quicksort-poly} = \text{full-quicksort-ref } (\lambda x y. x = y \vee (x, y) \in \text{term-order-rel}) \text{ fst}$ >

lemma down-eq-id-list-rel: < $\Downarrow(\langle Id \rangle \text{list-rel}) x = x$ >
  by auto

definition quicksort-poly:: < $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{llist-polynomial} \Rightarrow (\text{llist-polynomial}) \text{ nres}$ > where
  < $\text{quicksort-poly } x y z = \text{quicksort-ref } (\leq) \text{ fst } (x, y, z)$ >

term partition-between-ref

definition partition-between-poly :: < $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{llist-polynomial} \Rightarrow (\text{llist-polynomial} \times \text{nat}) \text{ nres}$ >
where
  < $\text{partition-between-poly} = \text{partition-between-ref } (\leq) \text{ fst}$ >

definition partition-main-poly :: < $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{llist-polynomial} \Rightarrow (\text{llist-polynomial} \times \text{nat}) \text{ nres}$ > where
  < $\text{partition-main-poly} = \text{partition-main } (\leq) \text{ fst}$ >

lemma string-list-trans:
  < $(xa :: \text{char list list}, ya) \in \text{lexord } (\text{lexord } \{(x, y). x < y\}) \implies$ 
   $(ya, z) \in \text{lexord } (\text{lexord } \{(x, y). x < y\}) \implies$ 
   $(xa, z) \in \text{lexord } (\text{lexord } \{(x, y). x < y\})$ >
  by (smt (verit) less-char-def char.less-trans less-than-char-def lexord-partial-trans p2rel-def)

lemma full-quicksort-sort-poly-spec:
  < $(\text{full-quicksort-poly}, \text{sort-poly-spec}) \in \langle \langle Id \rangle \text{list-rel} \rightarrow_f \langle \langle Id \rangle \text{list-rel} \rangle \text{ nres-rel}$ >
proof -
  have xs: < $(xs, xs) \in \langle \langle Id \rangle \text{list-rel} \rangle$ > and < $\Downarrow(\langle Id \rangle \text{list-rel}) x = x$ > for x xs

```

```

by auto
show ?thesis
apply (intro frefI nres-rell)
unfolding full-quicksort-poly-def
apply (rule full-quicksort-ref-full-quicksort[THEN fref-to-Down-curry, THEN order-trans])
subgoal
  by (auto simp: rel2p-def var-order-rel-def p2rel-def Relation.total-on-def
    dest: string-list-trans)
subgoal
  using total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear[unfolded var-order-rel-def]
  apply (auto simp: rel2p-def var-order-rel-def p2rel-def Relation.total-on-def less-char-def)
  done
subgoal by fast
apply (rule xs)
apply (subst down-eq-id-list-rel)
unfolding sorted-wrt-map sort-poly-spec-def
apply (rule full-quicksort-correct-sorted[where R = <(\lambda x y. x = y ∨ (x, y) ∈ term-order-rel)> and
  h = <fst>,
  THEN order-trans])
subgoal
  by (auto simp: rel2p-def var-order-rel-def p2rel-def Relation.total-on-def dest: string-list-trans)
subgoal for x y
  using total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear[unfolded var-order-rel-def]
  apply (auto simp: rel2p-def var-order-rel-def p2rel-def Relation.total-on-def
    less-char-def)
  done
subgoal
  by (auto simp: rel2p-def p2rel-def)
  done
qed

```

### 12.3 Lifting to polynomials

```

definition merge-sort-poly :: <-> where
  ⟨merge-sort-poly = msort (λa b. fst a ≤ fst b)⟩

definition merge-monoms-poly :: <-> where
  ⟨merge-monoms-poly = msort (≤)⟩

definition merge-poly :: <-> where
  ⟨merge-poly = merge (λa b. fst a ≤ fst b)⟩

definition merge-monoms :: <-> where
  ⟨merge-monoms = merge (≤)⟩

definition msort-poly-impl :: <(String.literal list × int) list => -> where
  ⟨msort-poly-impl = msort (λa b. fst a ≤ fst b)⟩

definition msort-monoms-impl :: <(String.literal list) => -> where
  ⟨msort-monoms-impl = msort (≤)⟩

lemma msort-poly-impl-alt-def:
  ⟨msort-poly-impl xs =
    (case xs of
      [] ⇒ []
      | [a] ⇒ [a]
      | _ ⇒ msort (λa b. fst a ≤ fst b) xs)
    )⟩

```

```

| [a,b] ⇒ if fst a ≤ fst b then [a,b]else [b,a]
| xs ⇒ merge-poly
  (msort-poly-impl (take ((length xs) div 2) xs))
  (msort-poly-impl (drop ((length xs) div 2) xs)))›
unfolding msort-poly-impl-def
apply (auto split: list.splits simp: merge-poly-def)
done

lemma le-term-order-rel':
⟨(≤) = (λx y. x = y ∨ term-order-rel' x y)›
apply (intro ext)
apply (auto simp add: less-list-def less-eq-list-def
lexordp-eq-conv-lexord lexordp-def)
using term-order-rel'-alt-def-lexord term-order-rel'-def apply blast
using term-order-rel'-alt-def-lexord term-order-rel'-def apply blast
done

fun lexord-eq where
⟨lexord-eq [] - = True⟩ |
⟨lexord-eq (x # xs) (y # ys) = (x < y ∨ (x = y ∧ lexord-eq xs ys))⟩ |
⟨lexord-eq - - = False⟩

lemma [simp]:
⟨lexord-eq [] [] = True⟩
⟨lexord-eq (a # b)[] = False⟩
⟨lexord-eq [] (a # b) = True⟩
apply auto
done

lemma var-order-rel':
⟨(≤) = (λx y. x = y ∨ (x,y) ∈ var-order-rel)›
by (intro ext)
(auto simp add: less-list-def less-eq-list-def
lexordp-eq-conv-lexord lexordp-def var-order-rel-def
lexordp-conv-lexord p2rel-def)

lemma var-order-rel'':
⟨(x,y) ∈ var-order-rel ↔ x < y⟩
by (metis leD less-than-char-linear lexord-linear neq_iff var-order-rel' var-order-rel-antisym
var-order-rel-def)

lemma lexord-eq-alt-def1:
⟨a ≤ b = lexord-eq a b⟩ for a b :: ⟨String.literal list⟩
unfolding le-term-order-rel'
apply (induction a b rule: lexord-eq.induct)
apply (auto simp: var-order-rel'' less-eq-list-def)
done

lemma lexord-eq-alt-def2:
⟨(RETURN oo lexord-eq) xs ys =
RECT (λf (xs, ys).
  case (xs, ys) of
    [] , -) ⇒ RETURN True
  | (x # xs, y # ys) ⇒

```

```

if  $x < y$  then RETURN True
else if  $x = y$  then  $f(x, y)$  else RETURN False
| -  $\Rightarrow$  RETURN False)
(xs, ys)›
apply (subst eq-commute)
apply (induction xs ys rule: lexord-eq.induct)
subgoal by (subst RECT-unfold, refine-mono) auto
subgoal by (subst RECT-unfold, refine-mono) auto
subgoal by (subst RECT-unfold, refine-mono) auto
done

definition var-order' where
[simp]: ‹var-order' = var-order›

lemma var-order-rel[def-pat-rules]:
‹(( $\in$ )$(x,y)$var-order-rel  $\equiv$  var-order'$x$y)›
by (auto simp: p2rel-def rel2p-def)

lemma var-order-rel-alt-def:
‹var-order-rel = p2rel char.lexordp›
apply (auto simp: p2rel-def char.lexordp-conv-lexord var-order-rel-def)
using char.lexordp-conv-lexord apply auto
done

lemma var-order-rel-var-order:
‹(x, y)  $\in$  var-order-rel  $\longleftrightarrow$  var-order x y›
by (auto simp: rel2p-def)

lemma var-order-string-le[sepref-import-param]:
‹(( $<$ ), var-order')  $\in$  string-rel  $\rightarrow$  string-rel  $\rightarrow$  bool-rel›
apply (auto intro!: frefI simp: string-rel-def String.less-literal-def
rel2p-def linorder.lexordp-conv-lexord[OF char.linorder-axioms,
unfolded less-eq-char-def] var-order-rel-def
p2rel-def
simp flip: PAC-Polynomials-Term.less-char-def)
using char.lexordp-conv-lexord apply auto
done

lemma [sepref-import-param]:
‹(( $\leq$ ), ( $\leq$ ))  $\in$  monom-rel  $\rightarrow$  monom-rel  $\rightarrow$  bool-rel›
apply (intro fun-rell)
using list-rel-list-rel-order-iff by fastforce

lemma [sepref-import-param]:
‹(( $<$ ), ( $<$ ))  $\in$  string-rel  $\rightarrow$  string-rel  $\rightarrow$  bool-rel›
proof –
have [iff]: ‹ord.lexordp (<) (literal.explode a) (literal.explode aa)  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
List.lexordp (<) (literal.explode a) (literal.explode aa)› for a aa
apply (rule iffI)
apply (metis PAC-Checker-Relation.less-char-def char.lexordp-conv-lexord less-list-def
p2rel-def var-order-rel'' var-order-rel-def)
apply (metis PAC-Checker-Relation.less-char-def char.lexordp-conv-lexord less-list-def
p2rel-def var-order-rel'' var-order-rel-def)
done

```

```

show ?thesis
unfolding string-rel-def less-literal.rep-eq less-than-char-def
  less-eq-list-def PAC-Polynomials-Term.less-char-def[symmetric]
by (intro fun-rell)
  (auto simp: string-rel-def less-literal.rep-eq
    less-list-def char.lexordp-conv-lexord lexordp-eq-refl
    lexordp-eq-conv-lexord)
qed

lemma lexordp-char-char: <ord-class.lexordp = char.lexordp>
unfolding char.lexordp-def ord-class.lexordp-def
by (rule arg-cong[of - - lfp])
  (auto intro!: ext)

lemma [sepref-import-param]:
<((≤), (≤)) ∈ string-rel → string-rel → bool-rel>
unfolding string-rel-def less-eq-literal.rep-eq less-than-char-def
  less-eq-list-def PAC-Polynomials-Term.less-char-def[symmetric]
by (intro fun-rell)
  (auto simp: string-rel-def less-eq-literal.rep-eq less-than-char-def
    less-eq-list-def char.lexordp-eq-conv-lexord lexordp-eq-refl
    lexordp-eq-conv-lexord lexordp-char-char
    simp flip: less-char-def[abs-def])

sepref-register lexord-eq
sepref-definition lexord-eq-term
  is <uncurry (RETURN oo lexord-eq)>
  :: <monom-assnk *a monom-assnk →a bool-assn>
  supply[[goals-limit=1]]
unfolding lexord-eq-alt-def2
by sepref

declare lexord-eq-term.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

lemmas [code del] = msort-poly-impl-def msort-monoms-impl-def
lemmas [code] =
  msort-poly-impl-def[unfolded lexord-eq-alt-def1[abs-def]]
  msort-monoms-impl-def[unfolded msort-msort2]

lemma term-order-rel-trans:
<(a, aa) ∈ term-order-rel ⇒
  (aa, ab) ∈ term-order-rel ⇒ (a, ab) ∈ term-order-rel>
by (metis PAC-Checker-Relation.less-char-def p2rel-def string-list-trans var-order-rel-def)

lemma merge-sort-poly-sort-poly-spec:
<(RETURN o merge-sort-poly, sort-poly-spec) ∈ <Id>list-rel →f <<Id>list-rel>nres-rel>
unfolding sort-poly-spec-def merge-sort-poly-def
apply (intro frefI nres-rell)
using total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear var-order-rel-def
by (auto intro!: sorted-msort simp: sorted-wrt-map rel2p-def
  le-term-order-rel' transp-def dest: term-order-rel-trans)

lemma msort-alt-def:

```

```

⟨RETURN o (msort f) =
RECT (λg xs.
  case xs of
    [] ⇒ RETURN []
  | [x] ⇒ RETURN [x]
  | - ⇒ do {
    a ← g (take (size xs div 2) xs);
    b ← g (drop (size xs div 2) xs);
    RETURN (merge f a b)})⟩
apply (intro ext)
unfolding comp-def
apply (induct-tac f x rule: msort.induct)
subgoal by (subst RECT-unfold, refine-mono) auto
subgoal by (subst RECT-unfold, refine-mono) auto
subgoal
  by (subst RECT-unfold, refine-mono)
  (smt (verit) let-to-bind-conv list.simps(5) msort.simps(3))
done

```

```

lemma monomial-rel-order-map:
⟨(x, a, b) ∈ monomial-rel ⟹
  (y, aa, bb) ∈ monomial-rel ⟹
  fst x ≤ fst y ⟷ a ≤ aa⟩
apply (cases x; cases y)
apply auto
using list-rel-list-rel-order-iff by fastforce+

```

```

lemma step-rewrite-pure:
fixes K :: ⟨('olbl × 'lbl) set⟩
shows
  ⟨pure (p2rel ((K, V, R)pac-step-rel-raw)) = pac-step-rel-assn (pure K) (pure V) (pure R)⟩
  ⟨monomial-assn = pure (monom-rel ×r int-rel)⟩ and
poly-assn-list:
  ⟨poly-assn = pure ((monom-rel ×r int-rel)list-rel)⟩
subgoal
  apply (intro ext)
  apply (case-tac x; case-tac xa)
  apply (auto simp: relAPP-def p2rel-def pure-def)
  done
subgoal H
  apply (intro ext)
  apply (case-tac x; case-tac xa)
  by (simp add: list-assn-pure-conv)
subgoal
  unfolding H
  by (simp add: list-assn-pure-conv relAPP-def)
done

```

```

lemma safe-pac-step-rel-assn[safe-constraint-rules]:
  is-pure K ⟹ is-pure V ⟹ is-pure R ⟹ is-pure (pac-step-rel-assn K V R)
  by (auto simp: step-rewrite-pure(1)[symmetric] is-pure-conv)

```

```

lemma merge-poly-merge-poly:

```

```

⟨(merge-poly, merge-poly)
 ∈ poly-rel → poly-rel → poly-rel⟩
unfolding merge-poly-def
apply (intro fun-relI)
subgoal for a a' aa a'a
  apply (induction ⟨(λ(a :: String.literal list × int)
    (b :: String.literal list × int). fst a ≤ fst b)⟩ a aa
    arbitrary: a' a'a
    rule: merge.induct)
subgoal
  by (auto elim!: list-relE3 list-relE4 list-relE list-relE2
    simp: monomial-rel-order-map)
subgoal
  by (auto elim!: list-relE3 list-relE)
subgoal
  by (auto elim!: list-relE3 list-relE4 list-relE list-relE2)
done
done

lemmas [fcomp-norm-unfold] =
  poly-assn-list[symmetric]
  step-rewrite-pure(1)

lemma merge-poly-merge-poly2:
  ⟨(a, b) ∈ poly-rel ⟹ (a', b') ∈ poly-rel ⟹
    (merge-poly a a', merge-poly b b') ∈ poly-rel⟩
  using merge-poly-merge-poly
  unfolding fun-rel-def
  by auto

lemma list-rel-takeD:
  ⟨(a, b) ∈ ⟨R⟩list-rel ⟹ (n, n') ∈ Id ⟹ (take n a, take n' b) ∈ ⟨R⟩list-rel⟩
  by (simp add: list-rel-eq-listrel listrel-iff-nth relAPP-def)

lemma list-rel-dropD:
  ⟨(a, b) ∈ ⟨R⟩list-rel ⟹ (n, n') ∈ Id ⟹ (drop n a, drop n' b) ∈ ⟨R⟩list-rel⟩
  by (simp add: list-rel-eq-listrel listrel-iff-nth relAPP-def)

lemma merge-sort-poly[sepref-import-param]:
  ⟨(msort-poly-impl, merge-sort-poly)
   ∈ poly-rel → poly-rel⟩
  unfolding merge-sort-poly-def msort-poly-impl-def
  apply (intro fun-relI)
  subgoal for a a'
    apply (induction ⟨(λ(a :: String.literal list × int)
      (b :: String.literal list × int). fst a ≤ fst b)⟩ a
      arbitrary: a'
      rule: msort.induct)
  subgoal
    by auto
  subgoal
    by (auto elim!: list-relE3 list-relE)
  subgoal premises p
    using p
    by (auto elim!: list-relE3 list-relE4 list-relE list-relE2

```

```

simp: merge-poly-def[symmetric]
intro!: list-rel-takeD list-rel-dropD
intro!: merge-poly-merge-poly2 p(1)[simplified] p(2)[simplified],
auto simp: list-rel-imp-same-length)
done
done

```

**lemmas** [sepref-fr-rules] = merge-sort-poly[FCOMP merge-sort-poly-sort-poly-spec]

```

sepref-definition partition-main-poly-impl
  is <uncurry2 partition-main-poly>
  :: <nat-assnk *a nat-assnk *a poly-assnk →a prod-assn poly-assn nat-assn >
  unfolding partition-main-poly-def partition-main-def
    term-order-rel'-def[symmetric]
    term-order-rel'-alt-def
    le-term-order-rel'
  by sepref

```

**declare** partition-main-poly-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

```

sepref-definition partition-between-poly-impl
  is <uncurry2 partition-between-poly>
  :: <nat-assnk *a nat-assnk *a poly-assnk →a prod-assn poly-assn nat-assn >
  unfolding partition-between-poly-def partition-between-ref-def
    partition-main-poly-def[symmetric]
  unfolding choose-pivot3-def
    term-order-rel'-def[symmetric]
    term-order-rel'-alt-def choose-pivot-def
    lexord-eq-alt-def1
  by sepref

```

**declare** partition-between-poly-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

```

sepref-definition quicksort-poly-impl
  is <uncurry2 quicksort-poly>
  :: <nat-assnk *a nat-assnk *a poly-assnk →a poly-assn>
  unfolding partition-main-poly-def quicksort-ref-def quicksort-poly-def
    partition-between-poly-def[symmetric]
  by sepref

```

**lemmas** [sepref-fr-rules] = quicksort-poly-impl.refine

```

sepref-register quicksort-poly
sepref-definition full-quicksort-poly-impl
  is <full-quicksort-poly>
  :: <poly-assnk →a poly-assn>
  unfolding full-quicksort-poly-def full-quicksort-ref-def
    quicksort-poly-def[symmetric]
    le-term-order-rel'[symmetric]
    term-order-rel'-def[symmetric]
    List.null-def
  by sepref

```

```

lemmas sort-poly-spec-hnr =
  full-quicksort-poly-impl.refine[FCOMP full-quicksort-sort-poly-spec]

declare merge-coeffs-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

sepref-definition normalize-poly-impl
  is <normalize-poly>
  :: <poly-assnk →a poly-assn>
  supply [[goals-limit=1]]
  unfolding normalize-poly-def
  by sepref

declare normalize-poly-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

definition full-quicksort-vars where
  <full-quicksort-vars = full-quicksort-ref (λx y. x = y ∨ (x, y) ∈ var-order-rel) id>

definition quicksort-vars:: <nat ⇒ nat ⇒ string list ⇒ (string list) nres> where
  <quicksort-vars x y z = quicksort-ref (≤) id (x, y, z)>

definition partition-between-vars :: <nat ⇒ nat ⇒ string list ⇒ (string list × nat) nres> where
  <partition-between-vars = partition-between-ref (≤) id>

definition partition-main-vars :: <nat ⇒ nat ⇒ string list ⇒ (string list × nat) nres> where
  <partition-main-vars = partition-main (≤) id>

lemma total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear2:
  <xs ≠ ys ⟹ (xs, ys) ∉ lexord (less-than-char) ⟷
    (ys, xs) ∈ lexord less-than-char>
  using lexord-linear[of <less-than-char> xs ys]
  using lexord-linear[of <less-than-char>] less-than-char-linear
  apply (auto simp: Relation.total-on-def)
  using lexord-irrefl[OF irrefl-less-than-char]
  antisym-lexord[OF antisym-less-than-char irrefl-less-than-char]
  apply (auto simp: antisym-def)
  done

lemma string-trans:
  <(xa, ya) ∈ lexord {(x::char, y::char). x < y} ⟹
  (ya, z) ∈ lexord {(x::char, y::char). x < y} ⟹
  (xa, z) ∈ lexord {(x::char, y::char). x < y}>
  by (smt (verit) less-char-def char.less-trans less-than-char-def lexord-partial-trans p2rel-def)

lemma full-quicksort-sort-vars-spec:
  <(full-quicksort-vars, sort-coeff) ∈ ⟨Id⟩list-rel →f ⟨⟨Id⟩list-rel⟩nres-rel>
proof –
  have xs: <(xs, xs) ∈ ⟨Id⟩list-rel> and <↓(⟨Id⟩list-rel) x = x> for x xs
    by auto
  show ?thesis
    apply (intro frefI nres-rell)
    unfolding full-quicksort-vars-def

```

```

apply (rule full-quicksort-ref-full-quicksort[THEN fref-to-Down-curried, THEN order-trans])
subgoal
  by (auto simp: rel2p-def var-order-rel-def p2rel-def Relation.total-on-def
        dest: string-trans)
subgoal
  using total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear2[unfolded var-order-rel-def]
  apply (auto simp: rel2p-def var-order-rel-def p2rel-def Relation.total-on-def less-char-def)
  done
subgoal by fast
  apply (rule xs)
  apply (subst down-eq-id-list-rel)
unfolding sorted-wrt-map sort-coeff-def
  apply (rule full-quicksort-correct-sorted[where R = <( $\lambda x y. x = y \vee (x, y) \in \text{var-order-rel}$ )> and h = <id>, THEN order-trans])
subgoal
  by (auto simp: rel2p-def var-order-rel-def p2rel-def Relation.total-on-def dest: string-trans)
subgoal for x y
  using total-on-lexord-less-than-char-linear2[unfolded var-order-rel-def]
  by (auto simp: rel2p-def var-order-rel-def p2rel-def Relation.total-on-def less-char-def)
subgoal
  by (auto simp: rel2p-def p2rel-def rel2p-def[abs-def])
  done
qed

```

```

sepref-definition partition-main-vars-impl
  is <uncurry2 partition-main-vars>
  :: < $\text{nat-assn}^k *_a \text{nat-assn}^k *_a (\text{monom-assn})^k \rightarrow_a \text{prod-assn} (\text{monom-assn}) \text{ nat-assn}$ >
unfolding partition-main-vars-def partition-main-def
  var-order-rel-var-order
  var-order'-def[symmetric]
  term-order-rel'-alt-def
  le-term-order-rel'
  id-apply
  by sepref

```

```
declare partition-main-vars-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]
```

```

sepref-definition partition-between-vars-impl
  is <uncurry2 partition-between-vars>
  :: < $\text{nat-assn}^k *_a \text{nat-assn}^k *_a \text{monom-assn}^k \rightarrow_a \text{prod-assn} \text{ monom-assn} \text{ nat-assn}$ >
unfolding partition-between-vars-def partition-between-ref-def
  partition-main-vars-def[symmetric]
unfolding choose-pivot3-def
  term-order-rel'-def[symmetric]
  term-order-rel'-alt-def choose-pivot-def
  le-term-order-rel' id-apply
  by sepref

```

```
declare partition-between-vars-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]
```

```

sepref-definition quicksort-vars-impl
  is <uncurry2 quicksort-vars>

```

```

:: <nat-assnk *a nat-assnk *a monom-assnk →a monom-assn>
unfolding partition-main-vars-def quicksort-ref-def quicksort-vars-def
partition-between-vars-def[symmetric]
by sepref

```

```
lemmas [sepref-fr-rules] = quicksort-vars-impl.refine
```

```
sepref-register quicksort-vars
```

```

lemma le-var-order-rel:
⟨(≤) = (λx y. x = y ∨ (x, y) ∈ var-order-rel)⟩
by (intro ext)
(auto simp add: less-list-def less-eq-list-def rel2p-def
p2rel-def lexordp-conv-lexord p2rel-def var-order-rel-def
lexordp-eq-conv-lexord lexordp-def)

```

```

sepref-definition full-quicksort-vars-impl
is <full-quicksort-vars>
:: <monom-assnk →a monom-assn>
unfolding full-quicksort-vars-def full-quicksort-ref-def
quicksort-vars-def[symmetric]
le-var-order-rel[symmetric]
term-order-rel'-def[symmetric]
List.null-def
by sepref

```

```
lemmas sort-vars-spec-hnr =
full-quicksort-vars-impl.refine[FCOMP full-quicksort-sort-vars-spec]
```

```

lemma string-rel-order-map:
⟨(x, a) ∈ string-rel ⟹
(y, aa) ∈ string-rel ⟹
x ≤ y ⟷ a ≤ aa⟩
unfolding string-rel-def less-eq-literal.rep-eq less-than-char-def
less-eq-list-def PAC-Polynomials-Term.less-char-def[symmetric]
by (auto simp: string-rel-def less-eq-literal.rep-eq less-than-char-def
less-eq-list-def char.lexordp-eq-conv-lexord lexordp-eq-refl
lexordp-char-char lexordp-eq-conv-lexord
simp flip: less-char-def[abs-def])

```

```

lemma merge-monoms-merge-monoms:
⟨(merge-monoms, merge-monoms) ∈ monom-rel → monom-rel → monom-rel⟩
unfolding merge-monoms-def
apply (intro fun-reII)
subgoal for a a' aa a'a
apply (induction ⟨(λ(a :: String.literal)
(b :: String.literal). a ≤ b)⟩ a aa
arbitrary: a' a'a
rule: merge.induct)
subgoal
by (auto elim!: list-relE3 list-relE4 list-relE list-relE2
simp: string-rel-order-map)
subgoal

```

```

by (auto elim!: list-relE3 list-relE)
subgoal
  by (auto elim!: list-relE3 list-relE4 list-relE list-relE2)
done
done

lemma merge-monoms-merge-monoms2:
   $\langle (a, b) \in \text{monom-rel} \Rightarrow (a', b') \in \text{monom-rel} \Rightarrow$ 
   $(\text{merge-monoms } a \text{ } a', \text{merge-monoms } b \text{ } b') \in \text{monom-rel}$ 
using merge-monoms-merge-monoms
unfolding fun-rel-def merge-monoms-def
by auto

lemma msort-monoms-impl:
   $\langle (\text{msort-monoms-impl}, \text{merge-monoms-poly})$ 
   $\in \text{monom-rel} \rightarrow \text{monom-rel}$ 
unfolding msort-monoms-impl-def merge-monoms-poly-def
apply (intro fun-relI)
subgoal for a a'
  apply (induction ⟨(λ(a :: String.literal)
    (b :: String.literal). a ≤ b)⟩ a
  arbitrary: a'
  rule: msort.induct)
subgoal
  by auto
subgoal
  by (auto elim!: list-relE3 list-relE)
subgoal premises p
  using p
  by (auto elim!: list-relE3 list-relE4 list-relE list-relE2
    simp: merge-monoms-def[symmetric] intro!: list-rel-takeD list-rel-dropD
    intro!: merge-monoms-merge-monoms2 p(1)[simplified] p(2)[simplified])
    (simp-all add: list-rel-imp-same-length)
done
done

lemma merge-sort-monoms-sort-monoms-spec:
   $\langle (\text{RETURN } o \text{merge-monoms-poly}, \text{sort-coeff}) \in \langle \text{Id} \rangle \text{list-rel} \rightarrow_f \langle \langle \text{Id} \rangle \text{list-rel} \rangle \text{nres-rel} \rangle$ 
unfolding merge-monoms-poly-def sort-coeff-def
by (intro frefI nres-relI)
  (auto intro!: sorted-msort simp: sorted-wrt-map rel2p-def
    le-term-order-rel' transp-def rel2p-def[abs-def]
    simp flip: le-var-order-rel)

sepref-register sort-coeff
lemma [sepref-fr-rules]:
   $\langle (\text{return } o \text{msort-monoms-impl}, \text{sort-coeff}) \in \text{monom-assn}^k \rightarrow_a \text{monom-assn} \rangle$ 
using msort-monoms-impl[sepref-param, FCOMP merge-sort-monoms-sort-monoms-spec]
by auto

sepref-definition sort-all-coeffs-impl
  is ⟨sort-all-coeffs⟩
   $:: \langle \text{poly-assn}^k \rightarrow_a \text{poly-assn} \rangle$ 
unfolding sort-all-coeffs-def

```

```

HOL-list.fold-custom-empty
by sepref

declare sort-all-coeffs-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

lemma merge-coeffs0-alt-def:
   $\langle \text{RETURN } o \text{ merge-coeffs0} \rangle p =$ 
   $\text{REC}_T(\lambda f p.$ 
   $(\text{case } p \text{ of}$ 
   $\quad [] \Rightarrow \text{RETURN } []$ 
   $\quad [p] \Rightarrow \text{if } \text{snd } p = 0 \text{ then RETURN } [] \text{ else RETURN } [p]$ 
   $\quad ((xs, n) \# (ys, m) \# p) \Rightarrow$ 
   $\quad (\text{if } xs = ys$ 
   $\quad \text{then if } n + m \neq 0 \text{ then } f ((xs, n + m) \# p) \text{ else } f p$ 
   $\quad \text{else if } n = 0 \text{ then}$ 
   $\quad \text{do } \{p \leftarrow f ((ys, m) \# p);\}$ 
   $\quad \text{RETURN } p\}$ 
   $\quad \text{else do } \{p \leftarrow f ((ys, m) \# p);\}$ 
   $\quad \text{RETURN } ((xs, n) \# p)\}))$ 
 $\quad p\rangle$ 
apply (subst eq-commute)
apply (induction p rule: merge-coeffs0.induct)
subgoal by (subst REC-unfold, refine-mono) auto
subgoal by (subst REC-unfold, refine-mono) auto
subgoal by (subst REC-unfold, refine-mono) (auto simp: let-to-bind-conv)
done

```

Again, Sepref does not understand what is going here.

```

sepref-definition merge-coeffs0-impl
  is  $\langle \text{RETURN } o \text{ merge-coeffs0} \rangle$ 
  ::  $\langle \text{poly-assn}^k \rightarrow_a \text{poly-assn} \rangle$ 
  supply [[goals-limit=1]]
  unfolding merge-coeffs0-alt-def
    HOL-list.fold-custom-empty
    apply sepref-dbg-preproc
    apply sepref-dbg-cons-init
    apply sepref-dbg-id
    apply sepref-dbg-monadify
    apply sepref-dbg-opt-init
    apply (rule WTF-RF | sepref-dbg-trans-step)+
    apply sepref-dbg-opt
    apply sepref-dbg-cons-solve
    apply sepref-dbg-cons-solve
    apply sepref-dbg-constraints
    done

```

```
declare merge-coeffs0-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]
```

```

sepref-definition fully-normalize-poly-impl
  is  $\langle \text{full-normalize-poly} \rangle$ 
  ::  $\langle \text{poly-assn}^k \rightarrow_a \text{poly-assn} \rangle$ 
  supply [[goals-limit=1]]
  unfolding full-normalize-poly-def
  by sepref

```

```
declare fully-normalize-poly-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]
```

```
end
```

```
theory PAC-Version
  imports Main
begin
```

This code was taken from IsaFoR. However, for the AFP, we use the version name *AFP*, instead of a mercurial version.

```
local-setup ‹
  let
    val version = AFP
  in
    Local-Theory.define
      ((binding ‹version›, NoSyn),
       ((binding ‹version-def›, []), HOLogic.mk-literal version)) #> #2
  end
›
```

```
declare version-def [code]
```

```
end
```

```
theory PAC-Checker-Synthesis
  imports PAC-Checker WB-Sort PAC-Checker-Relation
  PAC-Checker-Init More-Loops PAC-Version
begin
```

## 13 Code Synthesis of the Complete Checker

We here combine refine the full checker, using the initialisation provided in another file and adding more efficient data structures (mostly replacing the set of variables by a more efficient hash map).

```
abbreviation vars-assn where
  ‹vars-assn ≡ hs.assn string-assn›

fun vars-of-monom-in where
  ‹vars-of-monom-in [] - = True› |
  ‹vars-of-monom-in (x # xs) V -> x ∈ V ∧ vars-of-monom-in xs V›

fun vars-of-poly-in where
  ‹vars-of-poly-in [] - = True› |
  ‹vars-of-poly-in ((x, -) # xs) V -> vars-of-monom-in x V ∧ vars-of-poly-in xs V›

lemma vars-of-monom-in-alt-def:
  ‹vars-of-monom-in xs V -> set xs ⊆ V›
  by (induction xs)
    auto

lemma vars-llist-alt-def:
  ‹vars-llist xs ⊆ V -> vars-of-poly-in xs V›
```

```

by (induction xs)
  (auto simp: vars-llist-def vars-of-monom-in-alt-def)

lemma vars-of-monom-in-alt-def2:
  ‹vars-of-monom-in xs V ⟷ fold (λx b. b ∧ x ∈ V) xs True›
  apply (subst foldr-fold[symmetric])
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal by (induction xs) auto
  done

sepref-definition vars-of-monom-in-impl
  is ‹uncurry (RETURN oo vars-of-monom-in)›
  :: ‹(list-assn string-assn)k *a vars-assnk →a bool-assn›
  unfolding vars-of-monom-in-alt-def2
  by sepref

declare vars-of-monom-in-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

lemma vars-of-poly-in-alt-def2:
  ‹vars-of-poly-in xs V ⟷ fold (λ(x, -) b. b ∧ vars-of-monom-in x V) xs True›
  apply (subst foldr-fold[symmetric])
  subgoal by auto
  subgoal by (induction xs) auto
  done

sepref-definition vars-of-poly-in-impl
  is ‹uncurry (RETURN oo vars-of-poly-in)›
  :: ‹(poly-assn)k *a vars-assnk →a bool-assn›
  unfolding vars-of-poly-in-alt-def2
  by sepref

declare vars-of-poly-in-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

definition union-vars-monom :: ‹string list ⇒ string set ⇒ string set› where
  ‹union-vars-monom xs V = fold insert xs V›

definition union-vars-poly :: ‹llist-polynomial ⇒ string set ⇒ string set› where
  ‹union-vars-poly xs V = fold (λ(xs, -) V. union-vars-monom xs V) xs V›

lemma union-vars-monom-alt-def:
  ‹union-vars-monom xs V = V ∪ set xs›
  unfolding union-vars-monom-def
  apply (subst foldr-fold[symmetric])
  subgoal for x y
    by (cases x; cases y) auto
  subgoal
    by (induction xs) auto
  done

lemma union-vars-poly-alt-def:
  ‹union-vars-poly xs V = V ∪ vars-llist xs›
  unfolding union-vars-poly-def
  apply (subst foldr-fold[symmetric])

```

```

subgoal for x y
by (cases x; cases y)
  (auto simp: union-vars-monom-alt-def)
subgoal
by (induction xs)
  (auto simp: vars-llist-def union-vars-monom-alt-def)
done

sepref-definition union-vars-monom-impl
  is <uncurry (RETURN oo union-vars-monom)>
  :: <monom-assnk *a vars-assnd →a vars-assn>
  unfolding union-vars-monom-def
  by sepref

declare union-vars-monom-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

sepref-definition union-vars-poly-impl
  is <uncurry (RETURN oo union-vars-poly)>
  :: <poly-assnk *a vars-assnd →a vars-assn>
  unfolding union-vars-poly-def
  by sepref

declare union-vars-poly-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

hide-const (open) Autoref-Fix-Rel.CONSTRAINT

fun status-assn where
  <status-assn - CSUCCESS CSUCCESS = emp> |
  <status-assn - CFOUND CFOUND = emp> |
  <status-assn R (CFAILED a) (CFAILED b) = R a b> |
  <status-assn --- = false>

lemma SUCCESS-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  <(uncurry0 (return CSUCCESS), uncurry0 (RETURN CSUCCESS)) ∈ unit-assnk →a status-assn R>
  by (sepref-to-hoare)
    sep-auto

lemma FOUND-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  <(uncurry0 (return CFOUND), uncurry0 (RETURN CFOUND)) ∈ unit-assnk →a status-assn R>
  by (sepref-to-hoare)
    sep-auto

lemma is-success-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  <CONSTRAINT is-pure R ==>
  <((return o is-cfound), (RETURN o is-cfound)) ∈ (status-assn R)k →a bool-assn>
  apply (sepref-to-hoare)
  apply (rename-tac xi x; case-tac xi; case-tac x)
  apply sep-auto+
  done

lemma is-cfailed-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  <CONSTRAINT is-pure R ==>
  <((return o is-cfailed), (RETURN o is-cfailed)) ∈ (status-assn R)k →a bool-assn>
  apply (sepref-to-hoare)

```

```

apply (rename-tac  $xi\ x$ ; case-tac  $xi$ ; case-tac  $x$ )
apply sep-auto+
done

lemma merge-cstatus-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  ‹CONSTRAINT is-pure  $R \implies$ 
  (uncurry (return oo merge-cstatus), uncurry (RETURN oo merge-cstatus)) ∈
  (status-assn  $R$ ) $^k *_a$  (status-assn  $R$ ) $^k \rightarrow_a$  status-assn  $R$ 
apply (sepref-to-hoare)
by (case-tac  $b$ ; case-tac  $bi$ ; case-tac  $a$ ; case-tac  $ai$ ; sep-auto simp: is-pure-conv pure-app-eq)

```

```

sepref-definition add-poly-impl
  is ‹add-poly-l›
  :: ‹(poly-assn × $_a$  poly-assn) $^k \rightarrow_a$  poly-assn›
  supply [[goals-limit=1]]
  unfolding add-poly-l-def
    HOL-list.fold-custom-empty
    term-order-rel'-def[symmetric]
    term-order-rel'-alt-def
  by sepref

```

```

declare add-poly-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

```

```

sepref-register mult-monomials
lemma mult-monoms-alt-def:
  ‹(RETURN oo mult-monoms)  $x\ y = REC_T$ 
  ( $\lambda f\ (p,\ q).$ 
   case  $(p,\ q)$  of
   |  $[]\ ,\ -)$   $\Rightarrow$  RETURN  $q$ 
   |  $(-, \ [])$   $\Rightarrow$  RETURN  $p$ 
   |  $(x \ #\ p,\ y \ #\ q) \Rightarrow$ 
     (if  $x = y$  then do {
        $pq \leftarrow f\ (p,\ q);$ 
       RETURN  $(x \ #\ pq)$ 
     } else if  $(x,\ y) \in var-order-rel$ 
     then do {
        $pq \leftarrow f\ (p,\ y \ #\ q);$ 
       RETURN  $(x \ #\ pq)$ 
     } else do {
        $pq \leftarrow f\ (x \ #\ p,\ q);$ 
       RETURN  $(y \ #\ pq)$ 
     }))  

   $(x,\ y)$ 
apply (subst eq-commute)
apply (induction  $x\ y$  rule: mult-monoms.induct)
subgoal for  $p$ 
  by (subst RECt-unfold, refine-mono) (auto split: list.splits)
subgoal for  $p$ 
  by (subst RECt-unfold, refine-mono) (auto split: list.splits)
subgoal for  $x\ p\ y\ q$ 
  by (subst RECt-unfold, refine-mono) (auto split: list.splits simp: let-to-bind-conv)
done

```

```

sepref-definition mult-monoms-impl
  is <uncurry (RETURN oo mult-monoms)>
  :: <(monom-assn)k *a (monom-assn)k →a (monom-assn)>
  supply [[goals-limit=1]]
  unfolding mult-poly-raw-def
    HOL-list.fold-custom-empty
    var-order'-def[symmetric]
    term-order-rel'-alt-def
    mult-monoms-alt-def
    var-order-rel-var-order
  by sepref

declare mult-monoms-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

sepref-definition mult-monomials-impl
  is <uncurry (RETURN oo mult-monomials)>
  :: <(monomial-assn)k *a (monomial-assn)k →a (monomial-assn)>
  supply [[goals-limit=1]]
  unfolding mult-monomials-def
    HOL-list.fold-custom-empty
    term-order-rel'-def[symmetric]
    term-order-rel'-alt-def
  by sepref

lemma map-append-alt-def2:
  <(RETURN o (map-append f b)) xs = RECT
  (λg xs. case xs of [] ⇒ RETURN b
  | x # xs ⇒ do {
    y ← g xs;
    RETURN (f x # y)
  }) xs>
  apply (subst eq-commute)
  apply (induction f b xs rule: map-append.induct)
  subgoal by (subst RECT-unfold, refine-mono) auto
  subgoal by (subst RECT-unfold, refine-mono) auto
  done

definition map-append-poly-mult where
  <map-append-poly-mult x = map-append (mult-monomials x)>

declare mult-monomials-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

sepref-definition map-append-poly-mult-impl
  is <uncurry2 (RETURN ooo map-append-poly-mult)>
  :: <monomial-assnk *a poly-assnk *a poly-assnk →a poly-assn>
  unfolding map-append-poly-mult-def
    map-append-alt-def2
  by sepref

declare map-append-poly-mult-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

```

TODO foldl ( $\lambda l\ x.\ l @ [?f\ x]$ ) [] ?l = map ?f ?l is the worst possible implementation of map!

**sepref-definition** mult-poly-raw-impl

```

is <uncurry (RETURN oo mult-poly-raw)>
:: <poly-assnk *a poly-assnk →a poly-assn>
supply [[goals-limit=1]]
supply [[eta-contract = false, show-abbrevs=false]]
unfolding mult-poly-raw-def
  HOL-list.fold-custom-empty
  term-order-rel'-def[symmetric]
  term-order-rel'-alt-def
  foldl-conv-fold
  fold-eq-nfoldli
  map-append-poly-mult-def[symmetric]
  map-append-alt-def[symmetric]
by sepref

```

```
declare mult-poly-raw-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]
```

```

sepref-definition mult-poly-impl
is <uncurry mult-poly-full>
:: <poly-assnk *a poly-assnk →a poly-assn>
supply [[goals-limit=1]]
unfolding mult-poly-full-def
  HOL-list.fold-custom-empty
  term-order-rel'-def[symmetric]
  term-order-rel'-alt-def
by sepref

```

```
declare mult-poly-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]
```

```

lemma inverse-monomial:
  <(monom-rel-1 ×r int-rel = (monom-rel ×r int-rel)-1>
by (auto)

```

```

lemma eq-poly-rel-eq[sepref-import-param]:
  <((=), (=)) ∈ poly-rel → poly-rel → bool-rel>
  using list-rel-sv[of <monomial-rel>, OF single-valued-monomial-rel]
  using list-rel-sv[OF single-valued-monomial-rel'[unfolded IS-LEFT-UNIQUE-def inv-list-rel-eq]]
  unfolding inv-list-rel-eq[symmetric]
  by (auto intro!: frefl simp:
    rel2p-def single-valued-def p2rel-def
    simp del: inv-list-rel-eq)

```

```

sepref-definition weak-equality-l-impl
is <uncurry weak-equality-l>
:: <poly-assnk *a poly-assnk →a bool-assn>
supply [[goals-limit=1]]
unfolding weak-equality-l-def
by sepref

```

```
declare weak-equality-l-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]
sepref-register add-poly-l mult-poly-full
```

```

abbreviation raw-string-assn :: <string ⇒ string ⇒ assn> where
  <raw-string-assn ≡ list-assn id-assn>
```

```

definition show-nat :: <nat ⇒ string> where
  ⟨show-nat i = show i⟩

lemma [sepref-import-param]:
  ⟨(show-nat, show-nat) ∈ nat-rel → ⟨Id⟩ list-rel⟩
  by (auto intro: fun-relI)

lemma status-assn-pure-conv:
  ⟨status-assn (id-assn) a b = id-assn a b⟩
  by (cases a; cases b)
  (auto simp: pure-def)

lemma [sepref-fr-rules]:
  ⟨(uncurry3 (λx y. return oo (error-msg-not-equal-dom x y)), uncurry3 check-not-equal-dom-err) ∈
  poly-assnk *a poly-assnk *a poly-assnk *a poly-assnk →a raw-string-assn⟩
  unfolding show-nat-def[symmetric] list-assn-pure-conv
  prod-assn-pure-conv check-not-equal-dom-err-def
  by (sepref-to-hoare; sep-auto simp: error-msg-not-equal-dom-def)

lemma [sepref-fr-rules]:
  ⟨(return o (error-msg-notin-dom o nat-of-uint64), RETURN o error-msg-notin-dom) ∈
  uint64-nat-assnk →a raw-string-assn⟩
  ⟨(return o (error-msg-reused-dom o nat-of-uint64), RETURN o error-msg-reused-dom) ∈
  uint64-nat-assnk →a raw-string-assn⟩
  ⟨(uncurry (return oo (λi. error-msg (nat-of-uint64 i))), uncurry (RETURN oo error-msg)) ∈
  uint64-nat-assnk *a raw-string-assnk →a status-assn raw-string-assn⟩
  ⟨(uncurry (return oo error-msg), uncurry (RETURN oo error-msg)) ∈
  nat-assnk *a raw-string-assnk →a status-assn raw-string-assn⟩
  unfolding error-msg-notin-dom-def list-assn-pure-conv list-rel-id-simp
  unfolding status-assn-pure-conv
  unfolding show-nat-def[symmetric]
  by (sepref-to-hoare; sep-auto simp: uint64-nat-rel-def br-def; fail) +
  sepref-definition check-addition-l-impl
  is ⟨uncurry6 check-addition-l⟩
  :: ⟨poly-assnk *a polys-assnk *a vars-assnk *a uint64-nat-assnk *a uint64-nat-assnk *a
  uint64-nat-assnk *a poly-assnk →a status-assn raw-string-assn⟩
  supply [[goals-limit=1]]
  unfolding mult-poly-full-def
  HOL-list.fold-custom-empty
  term-order-rel'-def[symmetric]
  term-order-rel'-alt-def
  check-addition-l-def
  in-dom-m-lookup-iff
  fmlookup'-def[symmetric]
  vars-llist-alt-def
  by sepref

declare check-addition-l-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

sepref-register check-mult-l-dom-err

```

```

definition check-mult-l-dom-err-impl where
⟨check-mult-l-dom-err-impl pd p ia i =
  (if pd then "The polynomial with id " @ show (nat-of-uint64 p) @ " was not found" else "") @
  (if ia then "The id of the resulting id " @ show (nat-of-uint64 i) @ " was already given" else "")⟩

definition check-mult-l-mult-err-impl where
⟨check-mult-l-mult-err-impl p q pq r =
  "Multiplying " @ show p @ " by " @ show q @ " gives " @ show pq @ " and not " @ show r⟩

lemma [sepref-fr-rules]:
⟨(uncurry3 ((λx y. return oo (check-mult-l-dom-err-impl x y))),  

  uncurry3 (check-mult-l-dom-err)) ∈ bool-assnk *a uint64-nat-assnk *a bool-assnk *a uint64-nat-assnk  

  →a raw-string-assn⟩  

  unfolding check-mult-l-dom-err-def check-mult-l-dom-err-impl-def list-assn-pure-conv  

  apply sepref-to-hoare  

  apply sep-auto  

  done

lemma [sepref-fr-rules]:
⟨(uncurry3 ((λx y. return oo (check-mult-l-mult-err-impl x y))),  

  uncurry3 (check-mult-l-mult-err)) ∈ poly-assnk *a poly-assnk *a poly-assnk *a poly-assnk →a raw-string-assn⟩  

  unfolding check-mult-l-mult-err-def check-mult-l-mult-err-impl-def list-assn-pure-conv  

  apply sepref-to-hoare  

  apply sep-auto  

  done

sepref-definition check-mult-l-impl
  is ⟨uncurry6 check-mult-l
    :: ⟨poly-assnk *a polys-assnk *a vars-assnk *a uint64-nat-assnk *a poly-assnk *a uint64-nat-assnk *a
    poly-assnk →a status-assn raw-string-assn⟩
    supply [[goals-limit=1]]
    unfolding check-mult-l-def
      HOL-list.fold-custom-empty
      term-order-rel'-def[symmetric]
      term-order-rel'-alt-def
      in-dom-m-lookup-iff
      fmlookup'-def[symmetric]
      vars-llist-alt-def
    by sepref

declare check-mult-l-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

definition check-ext-l-dom-err-impl :: ⟨uint64 ⇒ -> where
⟨check-ext-l-dom-err-impl p =
  "There is already a polynomial with index " @ show (nat-of-uint64 p)⟩

lemma [sepref-fr-rules]:
⟨(((return o (check-ext-l-dom-err-impl))),  

  (check-extension-l-dom-err)) ∈ uint64-nat-assnk →a raw-string-assn⟩  

  unfolding check-extension-l-dom-err-def check-ext-l-dom-err-impl-def list-assn-pure-conv  

  apply sepref-to-hoare  

  apply sep-auto  

  done

```

```

definition check-extension-l-no-new-var-err-impl ::  $\text{--} \Rightarrow \text{--}$  where
  ⟨check-extension-l-no-new-var-err-impl p =
    "No new variable could be found in polynomial" @ show p⟩

lemma [sepref-fr-rules]:
  (((return o (check-extension-l-no-new-var-err-impl))),  

   (check-extension-l-no-new-var-err)) ∈ poly-assnk →a raw-string-assn  

unfolding check-extension-l-no-new-var-err-impl-def check-extension-l-no-new-var-err-def  

  list-assn-pure-conv  

apply sepref-to-hoare  

apply sep-auto  

done

definition check-extension-l-side-cond-err-impl ::  $\text{--} \Rightarrow \text{--}$  where
  ⟨check-extension-l-side-cond-err-impl v p r s =  

    "Error while checking side conditions of extensions polynow, var is" @ show v @  

    " polynomial is" @ show p @ "side condition p*p - p =" @ show s @ " and should be 0"⟩

lemma [sepref-fr-rules]:
  (((uncurry3 (λx y. return oo (check-extension-l-side-cond-err-impl x y))),  

   uncurry3 (check-extension-l-side-cond-err)) ∈ string-assnk *a poly-assnk *a poly-assnk  

   *a poly-assnk →a raw-string-assn)  

unfolding check-extension-l-side-cond-err-impl-def check-extension-l-side-cond-err-def  

  list-assn-pure-conv  

apply sepref-to-hoare  

apply sep-auto  

done

definition check-extension-l-new-var-multiple-err-impl ::  $\text{--} \Rightarrow \text{--}$  where
  ⟨check-extension-l-new-var-multiple-err-impl v p =  

    "Error while checking side conditions of extensions polynow, var is" @ show v @  

    " but it either appears at least once in the polynomial or another new variable is created" @  

    show p @ " but should not."⟩

lemma [sepref-fr-rules]:
  (((uncurry (return oo (check-extension-l-new-var-multiple-err-impl))),  

   uncurry (check-extension-l-new-var-multiple-err)) ∈ string-assnk *a poly-assnk →a raw-string-assn)  

unfolding check-extension-l-new-var-multiple-err-impl-def  

  check-extension-l-new-var-multiple-err-def  

  list-assn-pure-conv  

apply sepref-to-hoare  

apply sep-auto  

done

sepref-register check-extension-l-dom-err fmlookup'  

  check-extension-l-side-cond-err check-extension-l-no-new-var-err  

  check-extension-l-new-var-multiple-err

definition uminus-poly :: ⟨llist-polynomial ⇒ llist-polynomial⟩ where
  ⟨uminus-poly p' = map (λ(a, b). (a, - b)) p'⟩

sepref-register uminus-poly
lemma [sepref-import-param]:
  ⟨(map (λ(a, b). (a, - b)), uminus-poly) ∈ poly-rel → poly-rel⟩

```

```

unfolding uminus-poly-def
apply (intro fun-relI)
subgoal for p p'
  by (induction p p' rule: list-rel-induct)
  auto
done

sepref-register vars-of-poly-in
  weak-equality-l

lemma [safe-constraint-rules]:
  <Sepref-Constraints.CONSTRAINT single-valued (the-pure monomial-assn)> and
  single-valued-the-monomial-assn:
    <single-valued (the-pure monomial-assn)>
    <single-valued ((the-pure monomial-assn)-1)>
    unfolding IS-LEFT-UNIQUE-def[symmetric]
    by (auto simp: step-rewrite-pure single-valued-monomial-rel single-valued-monomial-rel' Sepref-Constraints.CONSTRAI

sepref-definition check-extension-l-impl
  is <uncurry5 check-extension-l>
  :: <poly-assnk *a polys-assnk *a vars-assnk *a uint64-nat-assnk *a string-assnk *a poly-assnk →a
    status-assn raw-string-assn>
  supply option.splits[split] single-valued-the-monomial-assn[simp]
  supply [[goals-limit=1]]
  unfolding
    HOL-list.fold-custom-empty
    term-order-rel'-def[symmetric]
    term-order-rel'-alt-def
    in-dom-m-lookup-iff
    fmlookup'-def[symmetric]
    vars-llist-alt-def
    check-extension-l-def
    not-not
    option.case-eq-if
    uminus-poly-def[symmetric]
    HOL-list.fold-custom-empty
  by sepref

declare check-extension-l-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

sepref-definition check-del-l-impl
  is <uncurry2 check-del-l>
  :: <poly-assnk *a polys-assnk *a uint64-nat-assnk →a status-assn raw-string-assn>
  supply [[goals-limit=1]]
  unfolding check-del-l-def
    in-dom-m-lookup-iff
    fmlookup'-def[symmetric]
  by sepref

lemmas [sepref-fr-rules] = check-del-l-impl.refine

abbreviation pac-step-rel where
  <pac-step-rel ≡ p2rel (⟨Id, ⟨monomial-rel⟩ list-rel, Id⟩ pac-step-rel-raw)⟩

```

```

sepref-register PAC-Polynomials-Operations.normalize-poly
pac-src1 pac-src2 new-id pac-mult case-pac-step check-mult-l
check-addition-l check-del-l check-extension-l

lemma pac-step-rel-assn-alt-def2:
  ⟨hn-ctxt (pac-step-rel-assn nat-assn poly-assn id-assn) b bi =
    hn-val
    (p2rel
      ((nat-rel, poly-rel, Id :: (string × -) set) pac-step-rel-raw)) b bi⟩
unfolding poly-assn-list hn-ctxt-def
by (induction nat-assn poly-assn id-assn :: string ⇒ → b bi rule: pac-step-rel-assn.induct)
  (auto simp: p2rel-def hn-val-unfold pac-step-rel-raw.simps relAPP-def
  pure-app-eq)

lemma is-AddD-import[sepref-fr-rules]:
assumes ⟨CONSTRAINT is-pure K⟩ ⟨CONSTRAINT is-pure V⟩
shows
  ⟨(return o pac-res, RETURN o pac-res) ∈ [λx. is-Add x ∨ is-Mult x ∨ is-Extension x]a
    (pac-step-rel-assn K V R)k → V⟩
  ⟨(return o pac-src1, RETURN o pac-src1) ∈ [λx. is-Add x ∨ is-Mult x ∨ is-Del x]a (pac-step-rel-assn
    K V R)k → K⟩
  ⟨(return o new-id, RETURN o new-id) ∈ [λx. is-Add x ∨ is-Mult x ∨ is-Extension x]a (pac-step-rel-assn
    K V R)k → K⟩
  ⟨(return o is-Add, RETURN o is-Add) ∈ (pac-step-rel-assn K V R)k →a bool-assn⟩
  ⟨(return o is-Mult, RETURN o is-Mult) ∈ (pac-step-rel-assn K V R)k →a bool-assn⟩
  ⟨(return o is-Del, RETURN o is-Del) ∈ (pac-step-rel-assn K V R)k →a bool-assn⟩
  ⟨(return o is-Extension, RETURN o is-Extension) ∈ (pac-step-rel-assn K V R)k →a bool-assn⟩
using assms
by (sepref-to-hoare; sep-auto simp: pac-step-rel-assn-alt-def is-pure-conv ent-true-drop pure-app-eq
  split: pac-step.splits; fail)+

lemma [sepref.fr-rules]:
⟨CONSTRAINT is-pure K ⇒
  (return o pac-src2, RETURN o pac-src2) ∈ [λx. is-Add x]a (pac-step-rel-assn K V R)k → K⟩
⟨CONSTRAINT is-pure V ⇒
  (return o pac-mult, RETURN o pac-mult) ∈ [λx. is-Mult x]a (pac-step-rel-assn K V R)k → V⟩
⟨CONSTRAINT is-pure R ⇒
  (return o new-var, RETURN o new-var) ∈ [λx. is-Extension x]a (pac-step-rel-assn K V R)k → R⟩
by (sepref-to-hoare; sep-auto simp: pac-step-rel-assn-alt-def is-pure-conv ent-true-drop pure-app-eq
  split: pac-step.splits; fail)+

lemma is-Mult-lastI:
  ⟨¬ is-Add b ⇒ ¬is-Mult b ⇒ ¬is-Extension b ⇒ is-Del b⟩
by (cases b) auto

sepref-register is-cfailed is-Del

definition PAC-checker-l-step' :: - where
  ⟨PAC-checker-l-step' a b c d = PAC-checker-l-step a (b, c, d)⟩

lemma PAC-checker-l-step-alt-def:
  ⟨PAC-checker-l-step a bcd e = (let (b,c,d) = bcd in PAC-checker-l-step' a b c d e)⟩
unfolding PAC-checker-l-step'-def by auto

```

```

sepref-decl-intf ('k) acode-status is ('k) code-status
sepref-decl-intf ('k, 'b, 'lbl) apac-step is ('k, 'b, 'lbl) pac-step

sepref-register merge-cstatus full-normalize-poly new-var is-Add

lemma poly-rel-the-pure:
  ‹poly-rel = the-pure poly-assn› and
  nat-rel-the-pure:
    ‹nat-rel = the-pure nat-assn› and
    WTF-RF: ‹pure (the-pure nat-assn) = nat-assn›
  unfolding poly-assn-list
  by auto

lemma [safe-constraint-rules]:
  ‹CONSTRAINT IS-LEFT-UNIQUE uint64-nat-rel› and
  single-valued-uint64-nat-rel[safe-constraint-rules]:
    ‹CONSTRAINT single-valued uint64-nat-rel›
  by (auto simp: IS-LEFT-UNIQUE-def single-valued-def uint64-nat-rel-def br-def)

sepref-definition check-step-impl
  is ‹uncurry4 PAC-checker-l-step'›
  :: ‹poly-assnk *a (status-assn raw-string-assn)d *a vars-assnd *a polys-assnd *a (pac-step-rel-assn (uint64-nat-assn) poly-assn (string-assn :: string ⇒ -))d →a
    status-assn raw-string-assn ×a vars-assn ×a polys-assn›
  supply [[goals-limit=1]] is-Mult-lastI[intro] single-valued-uint64-nat-rel[simp]
  unfolding PAC-checker-l-step-def PAC-checker-l-step'-def
    pac-step.case-eq-if Let-def
    is-success-alt-def[symmetric]
    uminus-poly-def[symmetric]
    HOL-list.fold-custom-empty
  by sepref

declare check-step-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

sepref-register PAC-checker-l-step PAC-checker-l-step' fully-normalize-poly-impl

definition PAC-checker-l' where
  ‹PAC-checker-l' p V A status steps = PAC-checker-l p (V, A) status steps›

lemma PAC-checker-l-alt-def:
  ‹PAC-checker-l p VA status steps =
    (let (V, A) = VA in PAC-checker-l' p V A status steps)›
  unfolding PAC-checker-l'-def by auto

sepref-definition PAC-checker-l-impl
  is ‹uncurry4 PAC-checker-l'›
  :: ‹poly-assnk *a vars-assnd *a polys-assnd *a (status-assn raw-string-assn)d *a
    (list-assn (pac-step-rel-assn (uint64-nat-assn) poly-assn string-assn))k →a
    status-assn raw-string-assn ×a vars-assn ×a polys-assn›
  supply [[goals-limit=1]] is-Mult-lastI[intro]
  unfolding PAC-checker-l-def is-success-alt-def[symmetric] PAC-checker-l-step-alt-def
    nres-bind-let-law[symmetric] PAC-checker-l'-def
  apply (subst nres-bind-let-law)
  by sepref

```

```

declare PAC-checker-l-impl.refine[sepref-fr-rules]

abbreviation polys-assn-input where
  `polys-assn-input ≡ iam-fmap-assn nat-assn poly-assn`

definition remap-polys-l-dom-err-impl :: <-> where
  `remap-polys-l-dom-err-impl =
    "Error during initialisation. Too many polynomials where provided. If this happens," @
    "please report the example to the authors, because something went wrong during " @
    "code generation (code generation to arrays is likely to be broken)."`

```

```

lemma [sepref-fr-rules]:
  `((uncurry0 (return (remap-polys-l-dom-err-impl))),  

   uncurry0 (remap-polys-l-dom-err)) ∈ unit-assnk →a raw-string-assn`  

  unfolding remap-polys-l-dom-err-def  

  remap-polys-l-dom-err-def  

  list-assn-pure-conv  

  by sepref-to-hoare sep-auto

```

MLton is not able to optimise the calls to pow.

```

lemma pow-2-64: <(2::nat) ^ 64 = 18446744073709551616>
  by auto

```

**sepref-register** upper-bound-on-dom op-fmap-empty

```

sepref-definition remap-polys-l-impl
  is `uncurry2 remap-polys-l2`
  :: `poly-assnk *a vars-assnd *a polys-assn-inputd →a
    status-assn raw-string-assn ×a vars-assn ×a polys-assn`  

  supply [[goals-limit=1]] is-Mult-lastI[intro] indom-mI[dest]
  unfolding remap-polys-l2-def op-fmap-empty-def[symmetric] while-eq-nfoldli[symmetric]
  while-upt WHILE-direct pow-2-64
  in-dom-m-lookup-iff
  fmlookup'-def[symmetric]
  union-vars-poly-alt-def[symmetric]
  apply (rewrite at <fmupd □ uint64-of-nat-conv-def[symmetric]>)
  apply (subst while-upt WHILE-direct)
  apply simp
  apply (rewrite at <op-fmap-empty> annotate-assn[where A=<polys-assn>])
  by sepref

```

```

lemma remap-polys-l2-remap-polys-l:
  `((uncurry2 remap-polys-l2, uncurry2 remap-polys-l) ∈ (Id ×r ⟨Id⟩set-rel) ×r Id →f ⟨Id⟩nres-rel)`  

  apply (intro frefI fun-rell nres-rell)  

  using remap-polys-l2-remap-polys-l by auto

```

```

lemma [sepref-fr-rules]:
  `((uncurry2 remap-polys-l-impl,  

   uncurry2 remap-polys-l) ∈ poly-assnk *a vars-assnd *a polys-assn-inputd →a
    status-assn raw-string-assn ×a vars-assn ×a polys-assn`  

  using hfcomp-tcomp-pre[OF remap-polys-l2-remap-polys-l remap-polys-l-impl.refine]  

  by (auto simp: hrp-comp-def hfprod-def)

```

**sepref-register** remap-polys-l

```

sepref-definition full-checker-l-impl
  is <uncurry2 full-checker-l>
  :: <poly-assnk *a polys-assn-inputd *a (list-assn (pac-step-rel-assn (uint64-nat-assn) poly-assn string-assn))k
  →a
    status-assn raw-string-assn ×a vars-assn ×a polys-assn>
  supply [[goals-limit=1]] is-Mult-lastI[intro]
  unfolding full-checker-l-def hs.fold-custom-empty
    union-vars-poly-alt-def[symmetric]
    PAC-checker-l-alt-def
  by sepref

sepref-definition PAC-update-impl
  is <uncurry2 (RETURN ooo fmupd)>
  :: <nat-assnk *a poly-assnk *a (polys-assn-input)d →a polys-assn-input>
  unfolding comp-def
  by sepref

sepref-definition PAC-empty-impl
  is <uncurry0 (RETURN fmempty)>
  :: <unit-assnk →a polys-assn-input>
  unfolding op-iam-fmap-empty-def[symmetric] pat-fmap-empty
  by sepref

sepref-definition empty-vars-impl
  is <uncurry0 (RETURN {})>
  :: <unit-assnk →a vars-assn>
  unfolding hs.fold-custom-empty
  by sepref

```

This is a hack for performance. There is no need to recheck that that a char is valid when working on chars coming from strings... It is not that important in most cases, but in our case the preformance difference is really large.

```

definition unsafe-asciis-of-literal :: <-> where
  <unsafe-asciis-of-literal xs = String.ascii-of-literal xs>

definition unsafe-asciis-of-literal' :: <-> where
  [simp, symmetric, code]: <unsafe-asciis-of-literal' = unsafe-asciis-of-literal>

code-printing
  constant unsafe-asciis-of-literal' →
    (SML) !(List.map (fn c => let val k = Char.ord c in IntInf.fromInt k end) /o String.explode)

```

Now comes the big and ugly and unsafe hack.

Basically, we try to avoid the conversion to IntInf when calculating the hash. The performance gain is roughly 40%, which is a LOT and definitively something we need to do. We are aware that the SML semantic encourages compilers to optimise conversions, but this does not happen here, corroborating our early observation on the verified SAT solver IsaSAT.x

```

definition raw-explode where
  [simp]: <raw-explode = String.explode>
code-printing
  constant raw-explode →
    (SML) String.explode

```

```

definition <hashcode-literal' s ≡
  foldl (λh x. h * 33 + uint32-of-int (of-char x)) 5381
  (raw-explode s)

lemmas [code] =
  hashcode-literal-def[unfolded String.explode-code
  unsafe-asciis-of-literal-def[symmetric]]

```

**definition** uint32-of-char **where**  
 [symmetric, code-unfold]: <uint32-of-char x = uint32-of-int (int-of-char x)>

```

code-printing
constant uint32-of-char →
  (SML) !(Word32.fromInt /o (Char.ord))

```

```

lemma [code]: <hashcode s = hashcode-literal' s>
  unfolding hashcode-literal-def hashcode-list-def
  apply (auto simp: unsafe-asciis-of-literal-def hashcode-list-def
  String.ascii-is-of-literal-def hashcode-literal-def hashcode-literal'-def)
  done

```

We compile Pastèque in `PAC_Checker_MLton.thy`.

```

export-code PAC-checker-l-impl PAC-update-impl PAC-empty-impl the-error is-cfailed is-cfound
  int-of-integer Del Add Mult nat-of-integer String.implode remap-polys-l-impl
  fully-normalize-poly-impl union-vars-poly-impl empty-vars-impl
  full-checker-l-impl check-step-impl CSUCCESS
  Extension hashcode-literal' version
  in SML-imp module-name PAC-Checker

```

## 14 Correctness theorem

```

context poly-embed
begin

definition full-poly-assn where
  <full-poly-assn = hr-comp poly-assn (fully-unsorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel)>

definition full-poly-input-assn where
  <full-poly-input-assn = hr-comp
  (hr-comp polys-assn-input
  ((nat-rel, fully-unsorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel)fmap-rel))
  polys-rel>

definition fully-pac-assn where
  <fully-pac-assn = (list-assn
  (hr-comp (pac-step-rel-assn uint64-nat-assn poly-assn string-assn)
  (p2rel
  ((nat-rel,
  fully-unsorted-poly-rel O
  mset-poly-rel, var-rel\pac-step-rel-raw))))>

definition code-status-assn where
  <code-status-assn = hr-comp (status-assn raw-string-assn)
  code-status-status-rel>

```

```
definition full-vars-assn where
  ⟨full-vars-assn = hr-comp (hs.assn string-assn)
    (⟨var-rel⟩set-rel)⟩
```

```
lemma polys-rel-full-polys-rel:
  ⟨polys-rel-full = Id ×r polys-rel⟩
  by (auto simp: polys-rel-full-def)
```

```
definition full-polys-assn :: ⟨-⟩ where
  ⟨full-polys-assn = hr-comp (hr-comp polys-assn
    (⟨nat-rel,
      sorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel⟩fmap-rel))
    polys-rel⟩
```

Below is the full correctness theorems. It basically states that:

1. assuming that the input polynomials have no duplicate variables

Then:

1. if the checker returns *CFOUND*, the spec is in the ideal and the PAC file is correct
2. if the checker returns *CSUCCESS*, the PAC file is correct (but there is no information on the spec, aka checking failed)
3. if the checker return *CFAILED err*, then checking failed (and *err* might give you an indication of the error, but the correctness theorem does not say anything about that).

The input parameters are:

4. the specification polynomial represented as a list
5. the input polynomials as hash map (as an array of option polynomial)
6. a representation of the PAC proofs.

```
lemma PAC-full-correctness:
  ⟨(uncurry2 full-checker-l-impl,
    uncurry2 (λspec A . PAC-checker-specification spec A))
  ∈ (full-poly-assn)k *a (full-poly-input-assn)d *a (fully-pac-assn)k →a hr-comp
  (code-status-assn ×a full-vars-assn ×a hr-comp polys-assn
    (⟨nat-rel, sorted-poly-rel O mset-poly-rel⟩fmap-rel))
  {((st, G), st', G')}.
  st = st' ∧ (st ≠ FAILED → (G, G') ∈ Id ×r polys-rel)}⟩
```

using

```
full-checker-l-impl.refine[FCOMP full-checker-l-full-checker',
  FCOMP full-checker-spec',
  unfolded full-poly-assn-def[symmetric]
  full-poly-input-assn-def[symmetric]
  fully-pac-assn-def[symmetric]
  code-status-assn-def[symmetric]
  full-vars-assn-def[symmetric]
  polys-rel-full-polys-rel
  hr-comp-prod-conv
  full-polys-assn-def[symmetric]]
```

```

  hr-comp-Id2
  by auto

```

It would be more efficient to move the parsing to Isabelle, as this would be more memory efficient (and also reduce the TCB). But now comes the fun part: It cannot work. A stream (of a file) is consumed by side effects. Assume that this would work. The code could look like:

*Let (read-file file) f*

This code is equal to (in the HOL sense of equality): *let - = read-file file in Let (read-file file) f*. However, as an hypothetical *read-file* changes the underlying stream, we would get the next token. Remark that this is already a weird point of ML compilers. Anyway, I see currently two solutions to this problem:

1. The meta-argument: use it only in the Refinement Framework in a setup where copies are disallowed. Basically, this works because we can express the non-duplication constraints on the type level. However, we cannot forbid people from expressing things directly at the HOL level.
2. On the target language side, model the stream as the stream and the position. Reading takes two arguments. First, the position to read. Second, the stream (and the current position) to read. If the position to read does not match the current position, return an error. This would fit the correctness theorem of the code generation (roughly “if it terminates without exception, the answer is the same”), but it is still unsatisfactory.

**end**

```

definition  $\varphi :: \langle string \Rightarrow nat \rangle$  where
   $\langle \varphi = (SOME \varphi. bij \varphi) \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma bij- $\varphi$ :  $\langle bij \varphi \rangle$ 
  using someI[of  $\langle \lambda \varphi :: string \Rightarrow nat. bij \varphi \rangle$ ]
  unfolding  $\varphi$ -def[symmetric]
  using poly-embed-EX
  by auto

```

```

global-interpretation PAC: poly-embed where

```

```

   $\varphi = \varphi$ 
  apply standard
  apply (use bij- $\varphi$  in  $\langle auto simp: bij-def \rangle$ )
  done

```

The full correctness theorem is (*uncurry2 full-checker-l-impl*, *uncurry2* ( $\lambda spec A -. PAC\text{-checker}\text{-specification}$   $spec A$ ))  $\in$  *PAC.full-poly-assn<sup>k</sup>*  $*_a$  *PAC.full-poly-input-assn<sup>d</sup>*  $*_a$  *PAC.fully-pac-assn<sup>k</sup>*  $\rightarrow_a$  *hr-comp* (*PAC.code-status-assn*  $\times_a$  *PAC.full-vars-assn*  $\times_a$  *hr-comp* (*hm-fmap-assn* *uint64-nat-assn* (*list-assn* (*monom-assn*  $\times_a$  *id-assn*))) (*nat-rel*, *sorted-poly-rel* O *PAC.mset-poly-rel*) *fmap-rel*)) {((*st*, *G*), *st'*, *G'*). *st* = *st'*  $\wedge$  (*st*  $\neq$  FAILED  $\longrightarrow$  (*G*, *G'*)  $\in$  *Id*  $\times_r$  *polys-rel*)}.

**end**

```

theory PAC-Checker-MLton
  imports PAC-Checker-Synthesis
begin

```

```

export-code PAC-checker-l-impl PAC-update-impl PAC-empty-impl the-error is-cfailed is-cfound

```

```

int-of-integer Del Add Mult nat-of-integer String.implode remap-polys-l-impl
fully-normalize-poly-impl union-vars-poly-impl empty-vars-impl
full-checker-l-impl check-step-impl CSUCCESS
Extension hashcode-literal' version
in SML-imp module-name PAC-Checker
file-prefix checker

```

Here is how to compile it:

```

compile-generated-files -
  external-files
    <code/parser.sml>
    <code/pasteque.sml>
    <code/pasteque.mlb>
  where <fn dir =>
    let
      val exec = Generated-Files.execute (dir + Path.basic code);
      val _ =
        exec <Compilation>
          (verbatim <$ISABELLE-MLTON $ISABELLE-MLTON-OPTIONS > ^
           -const 'MLton.safe false' -verbose 1 -default-type int64 -output pasteque ^ 
           -codegen native -inline 700 -cc-opt -O3 pasteque.mlb);
    in () end
  end

```

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## References

- [1] D. Kaufmann, M. Fleury, and A. Biere. The proof checkers pacheck and pasteque for the practical algebraic calculus. In O. Strichman and A. Ivrii, editors, *Formal Methods in Computer-Aided Design, FMCAD 2020, September 21-24, 2020*. IEEE, 2020.