

# The Ipurge Unwinding Theorem for CSP Noninterference Security

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## Abstract

The definition of noninterference security for Communicating Sequential Processes requires to consider any possible future, i.e. any indefinitely long sequence of subsequent events and any indefinitely large set of refused events associated to that sequence, for each process trace. In order to render the verification of the security of a process more straightforward, there is a need of some sufficient condition for security such that just individual accepted and refused events, rather than unbounded sequences and sets of events, have to be considered.

Of course, if such a sufficient condition were necessary as well, it would be even more valuable, since it would permit to prove not only that a process is secure by verifying that the condition holds, but also that a process is not secure by verifying that the condition fails to hold.

This paper provides a necessary and sufficient condition for CSP noninterference security, which indeed requires to just consider individual accepted and refused events and applies to the general case of a possibly intransitive policy. This condition follows Rushby's output consistency for deterministic state machines with outputs, and has to be satisfied by a specific function mapping security domains into equivalence relations over process traces. The definition of this function makes use of an intransitive purge function following Rushby's one; hence the name given to the condition, Ipurge Unwinding Theorem.

Furthermore, in accordance with Hoare's formal definition of deterministic processes, it is shown that a process is deterministic just in case it is a trace set process, i.e. it may be identified by means of a trace set alone, matching the set of its traces, in place of a failures-divergences pair. Then, variants of the Ipurge Unwinding Theorem are proven for deterministic processes and trace set processes.

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# 1 The Ipurge Unwinding Theorem in its general form

```

theory IpurgeUnwinding
imports Noninterference-CSP.CSPNoninterference List-Interleaving.ListInterleaving
begin

```

The definition of noninterference security for Communicating Sequential Processes given in [6] requires to consider any possible future, i.e. any indefinitely long sequence of subsequent events and any indefinitely large set of refused events associated to that sequence, for each process trace. In order to render the verification of the security of a process more straightforward, there is a need of some sufficient condition for security such that just individual accepted and refused events, rather than unbounded sequences and sets of events, have to be considered.

Of course, if such a sufficient condition were necessary as well, it would be even more valuable, since it would permit to prove not only that a process is secure by verifying that the condition holds, but also that a process is not secure by verifying that the condition fails to hold.

This section provides a necessary and sufficient condition for CSP noninterference security, which indeed requires to just consider individual accepted and refused events and applies to the general case of a possibly intransitive policy. This condition follows Rushby’s output consistency for deterministic state machines with outputs [8], and has to be satisfied by a specific function mapping security domains into equivalence relations over process traces. The definition of this function makes use of an intransitive purge function following Rushby’s one; hence the name given to the condition, *Ipurge Unwinding Theorem*.

The contents of this paper are based on those of [6]. The salient points of definitions and proofs are commented; for additional information, cf. Isabelle documentation, particularly [5], [4], [3], and [2].

For the sake of brevity, given a function  $F$  of type  $'a_1 \Rightarrow \dots \Rightarrow 'a_m \Rightarrow 'a_{m+1} \Rightarrow \dots \Rightarrow 'a_n \Rightarrow 'b$ , the explanatory text may discuss of  $F$  using attributes that would more exactly apply to a term of type  $'a_{m+1} \Rightarrow \dots \Rightarrow 'a_n \Rightarrow 'b$ . In this case, it shall be understood that strictly speaking, such attributes apply to a term matching pattern  $F\ a_1 \dots a_m$ .

## 1.1 Propaedeutic definitions and lemmas

The definition of CSP noninterference security formulated in [6] requires that some sets of events be refusals, i.e. sets of refused events, for some traces. Therefore, a sufficient condition for security just involving individual refused events will require that some single events be refused, viz. form singleton refusals, after the occurrence of some traces. However, such a statement may actually be a sufficient condition for security just in the case of a process such that the union of any set of singleton refusals for a given trace is itself a refusal for that trace.

This turns out to be true if and only if the union of any set  $A$  of refusals, not necessarily singletons, is still a refusal. The direct implication is trivial. As regards the converse one, let  $A'$  be the set of the singletons included in some element of  $A$ . Then, each element of  $A'$  is a singleton refusal by virtue of rule  $\llbracket (?xs, ?Y) \in failures\ ?P; ?X \subseteq ?Y \rrbracket \implies (?xs, ?X) \in failures\ ?P$ , so that the union of the elements of  $A'$ , which is equal to the union of the elements of  $A$ , is a refusal by hypothesis.

This property, henceforth referred to as *refusals union closure* and formalized in what follows, clearly holds for any process admitting a meaningful interpretation, as it would be a nonsense, in the case of a process modeling a real system, to say that some sets of events are refused after the occurrence of a trace, but their union is not. Thus, taking the refusals union closure of the process as an assumption for the equivalence between process security and a given condition, as will be done in the Ipurge Unwinding Theorem, does not give rise to any actual limitation on the applicability of such a result.

As for predicates *view partition* and *future consistent*, defined here below as well, they translate Rushby's predicates *view-partitioned* and *output consistent* [8], applying to deterministic state machines with outputs, into Hoare's Communicating Sequential Processes model of computation [1]. The reason for the verbal difference between the active form of predicate *view partition* and the passive form of predicate *view-partitioned* is that the implied subject of the former is a domain-relation map rather than a process, whose homologue in [8], viz. a machine, is the implied subject of the latter predicate instead.

More remarkably, the formal differences with respect to Rushby's original predicates are the following ones:

- The relations in the range of the domain-relation map hold between event lists rather than machine states.
- The domains appearing as inputs of the domain-relation map do not unnecessarily encompass all the possible values of the data type of domains, but just the domains in the range of the event-domain map.
- The equality of the outputs in domain  $u$  produced by machine states equivalent for  $u$ , as required by output consistency, is replaced by the equality of the events in domain  $u$  accepted or refused after the occurrence of event lists equivalent for  $u$ ; hence the name of the property, *future consistency*.

An additional predicate, *weakly future consistent*, renders future consistency less strict by requiring the equality of subsequent accepted and refused events to hold only for event domains not allowed to be affected by some event domain.

**type-synonym**  $('a, 'd) \text{ dom-rel-map} = 'd \Rightarrow ('a \text{ list} \times 'a \text{ list}) \text{ set}$

**type-synonym**  $('a, 'd) \text{ domset-rel-map} = 'd \text{ set} \Rightarrow ('a \text{ list} \times 'a \text{ list}) \text{ set}$

**definition**  $\text{ref-union-closed} :: 'a \text{ process} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  **where**

$\text{ref-union-closed } P \equiv$

$\forall xs \ A. (\exists X. X \in A) \longrightarrow (\forall X \in A. (xs, X) \in \text{failures } P) \longrightarrow$   
 $(xs, \bigcup X \in A. X) \in \text{failures } P$

**definition**  $\text{view-partition} ::$

$'a \text{ process} \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'd) \Rightarrow ('a, 'd) \text{ dom-rel-map} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  **where**  
 $\text{view-partition } P \ D \ R \equiv \forall u \in \text{range } D. \text{equiv } (\text{traces } P) \ (R \ u)$

**definition**  $\text{next-dom-events} ::$

$'a \text{ process} \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'd) \Rightarrow 'd \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set}$  **where**  
 $\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs \equiv \{x. u = D \ x \wedge x \in \text{next-events } P \ xs\}$

**definition**  $\text{ref-dom-events} ::$

$'a \text{ process} \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'd) \Rightarrow 'd \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set}$  **where**  
 $\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs \equiv \{x. u = D \ x \wedge \{x\} \in \text{refusals } P \ xs\}$

**definition**  $\text{future-consistent} ::$

$'a \text{ process} \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'd) \Rightarrow ('a, 'd) \text{ dom-rel-map} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  **where**  
 $\text{future-consistent } P \ D \ R \equiv$   
 $\forall u \in \text{range } D. \forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in R \ u \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \wedge$   
 $\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$

**definition**  $\text{weakly-future-consistent} ::$

$'a \text{ process} \Rightarrow ('d \times 'd) \text{ set} \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'd) \Rightarrow ('a, 'd) \text{ dom-rel-map} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  **where**

*weakly-future-consistent*  $P \ I \ D \ R \equiv$   
 $\forall u \in \text{range } D \cap (-I) \text{ `` } \text{range } D. \forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in R \ u \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \wedge$   
 $\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$

Here below are some lemmas propaedeutic for the proof of the Ipurge Unwinding Theorem, just involving constants defined in [6].

**lemma** *process-rule-2-traces*:

$xs @ xs' \in \text{traces } P \implies xs \in \text{traces } P$

**proof** (*simp add: traces-def Domain-iff, erule exE, rule-tac x = {} in exI*)

**qed** (*rule process-rule-2-failures*)

**lemma** *process-rule-4 [rule-format]*:

$(xs, X) \in \text{failures } P \longrightarrow (xs @ [x], \{\}) \in \text{failures } P \vee (xs, \text{insert } x \ X) \in \text{failures } P$

**proof** (*simp add: failures-def*)

**have** *Rep-process*  $P \in \text{process-set}$  (**is**  $?P' \in -$ ) **by** (*rule Rep-process*)

**hence**  $\forall xs \ x \ X. (xs, X) \in \text{fst } ?P' \longrightarrow$

$(xs @ [x], \{\}) \in \text{fst } ?P' \vee (xs, \text{insert } x \ X) \in \text{fst } ?P'$

**by** (*simp add: process-set-def process-prop-4-def*)

**thus**  $(xs, X) \in \text{fst } ?P' \longrightarrow$

$(xs @ [x], \{\}) \in \text{fst } ?P' \vee (xs, \text{insert } x \ X) \in \text{fst } ?P'$

**by blast**

**qed**

**lemma** *failures-traces*:

$(xs, X) \in \text{failures } P \implies xs \in \text{traces } P$

**by** (*simp add: traces-def Domain-iff, rule exI*)

**lemma** *traces-failures*:

$xs \in \text{traces } P \implies (xs, \{\}) \in \text{failures } P$

**proof** (*simp add: traces-def Domain-iff, erule exE*)

**qed** (*erule process-rule-3, simp*)

**lemma** *sinks-interference [rule-format]*:

$D \ x \in \text{sinks } I \ D \ u \ xs \longrightarrow$

$(u, D \ x) \in I \vee (\exists v \in \text{sinks } I \ D \ u \ xs. (v, D \ x) \in I)$

**proof** (*induction xs rule: rev-induct, simp, rule impI*)

**fix**  $x' \ xs$

**assume**

$A: D \ x \in \text{sinks } I \ D \ u \ xs \longrightarrow$

$(u, D \ x) \in I \vee (\exists v \in \text{sinks } I \ D \ u \ xs. (v, D \ x) \in I)$  **and**

$B: D \ x \in \text{sinks } I \ D \ u \ (xs @ [x'])$

**show**  $(u, D \ x) \in I \vee (\exists v \in \text{sinks } I \ D \ u \ (xs @ [x']). (v, D \ x) \in I)$

**proof** (*cases (u, D x') ∈ I ∨ (∃ v ∈ sinks I D u xs. (v, D x') ∈ I)*)

**case True**

**hence**  $D \ x = D \ x' \vee D \ x \in \text{sinks } I \ D \ u \ xs$  **using**  $B$  **by** *simp*

```

moreover {
  assume  $C: D\ x = D\ x'$ 
  have ?thesis using True
  proof (rule disjE, erule-tac [2] bexE)
    assume  $(u, D\ x') \in I$ 
    hence  $(u, D\ x) \in I$  using  $C$  by simp
    thus ?thesis ..
  next
    fix  $v$ 
    assume  $(v, D\ x') \in I$ 
    hence  $(v, D\ x) \in I$  using  $C$  by simp
    moreover assume  $v \in \text{sinks } I\ D\ u\ xs$ 
    hence  $v \in \text{sinks } I\ D\ u\ (xs @ [x'])$  by simp
    ultimately have  $\exists v \in \text{sinks } I\ D\ u\ (xs @ [x']). (v, D\ x) \in I$  ..
    thus ?thesis ..
  qed
}
moreover {
  assume  $D\ x \in \text{sinks } I\ D\ u\ xs$ 
  with  $A$  have  $(u, D\ x) \in I \vee (\exists v \in \text{sinks } I\ D\ u\ xs. (v, D\ x) \in I)$  ..
  hence ?thesis
  proof (rule disjE, erule-tac [2] bexE)
    assume  $(u, D\ x) \in I$ 
    thus ?thesis ..
  next
    fix  $v$ 
    assume  $(v, D\ x) \in I$ 
    moreover assume  $v \in \text{sinks } I\ D\ u\ xs$ 
    hence  $v \in \text{sinks } I\ D\ u\ (xs @ [x'])$  by simp
    ultimately have  $\exists v \in \text{sinks } I\ D\ u\ (xs @ [x']). (v, D\ x) \in I$  ..
    thus ?thesis ..
  qed
}
ultimately show ?thesis ..
next
case False
hence  $C: \text{sinks } I\ D\ u\ (xs @ [x']) = \text{sinks } I\ D\ u\ xs$  by simp
hence  $D\ x \in \text{sinks } I\ D\ u\ xs$  using  $B$  by simp
with  $A$  have  $(u, D\ x) \in I \vee (\exists v \in \text{sinks } I\ D\ u\ xs. (v, D\ x) \in I)$  ..
thus ?thesis using  $C$  by simp
qed
qed

lemma sinks-interference-eq:
   $((u, D\ x) \in I \vee (\exists v \in \text{sinks } I\ D\ u\ xs. (v, D\ x) \in I)) =$ 
   $(D\ x \in \text{sinks } I\ D\ u\ (xs @ [x]))$ 
proof (rule iffI, erule-tac [2] contrapos-pp, simp-all (no-asm-simp))
qed (erule contrapos-nn, rule sinks-interference)

```

In what follows, some lemmas concerning the constants defined above are proven.

In the definition of predicate *ref-union-closed*, the conclusion that the union of a set of refusals is itself a refusal for the same trace is subordinated to the condition that the set of refusals be nonempty. The first lemma shows that in the absence of this condition, the predicate could only be satisfied by a process admitting any event list as a trace, which proves that the condition must be present for the definition to be correct.

The subsequent lemmas prove that, for each domain  $u$  in the ranges respectively taken into consideration, the image of  $u$  under a future consistent or weakly future consistent domain-relation map may only correlate a pair of event lists such that either both are traces, or both are not traces. Finally, it is demonstrated that future consistency implies weak future consistency.

**lemma**

**assumes**  $A: \forall xs. A. (\forall X \in A. (xs, X) \in failures\ P) \longrightarrow$   
 $(xs, \bigcup X \in A. X) \in failures\ P$   
**shows**  $\forall xs. xs \in traces\ P$

**proof**

**fix**  $xs$   
**have**  $(\forall X \in \{\}. (xs, X) \in failures\ P) \longrightarrow (xs, \bigcup X \in \{\}. X) \in failures\ P$   
**using**  $A$  **by** *blast*  
**moreover have**  $\forall X \in \{\}. (xs, X) \in failures\ P$  **by** *simp*  
**ultimately have**  $(xs, \bigcup X \in \{\}. X) \in failures\ P$  **..**  
**thus**  $xs \in traces\ P$  **by** *(rule failures-traces)*

**qed**

**lemma** *traces-dom-events:*

**assumes**  $A: u \in range\ D$   
**shows**  $xs \in traces\ P =$   
 $(next-dom-events\ P\ D\ u\ xs \cup ref-dom-events\ P\ D\ u\ xs \neq \{\})$   
 $(is\ - = (?S \neq \{\}))$

**proof**

**have**  $\exists x. u = D\ x$  **using**  $A$  **by** *(simp add: image-def)*  
**then obtain**  $x$  **where**  $B: u = D\ x$  **..**  
**assume**  $xs \in traces\ P$   
**hence**  $(xs, \{\}) \in failures\ P$  **by** *(rule traces-failures)*  
**hence**  $(xs @ [x], \{\}) \in failures\ P \vee (xs, \{x\}) \in failures\ P$  **by** *(rule process-rule-4)*  
**moreover** {  
**assume**  $(xs @ [x], \{\}) \in failures\ P$   
**hence**  $xs @ [x] \in traces\ P$  **by** *(rule failures-traces)*  
**hence**  $x \in next-dom-events\ P\ D\ u\ xs$   
**using**  $B$  **by** *(simp add: next-dom-events-def next-events-def)*  
**hence**  $x \in ?S$  **..**  
**}**  
**moreover** {  
**assume**  $(xs, \{x\}) \in failures\ P$

hence  $x \in \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs$   
 using  $B$  by (simp add: ref-dom-events-def refusals-def)  
 hence  $x \in ?S \ ..$   
 }  
 ultimately have  $x \in ?S \ ..$   
 hence  $\exists x. x \in ?S \ ..$   
 thus  $?S \neq \{\}$  by (subst ex-in-conv [symmetric])  
 next  
 assume  $?S \neq \{\}$   
 hence  $\exists x. x \in ?S$  by (subst ex-in-conv)  
 then obtain  $x$  where  $x \in ?S \ ..$   
 moreover {  
   assume  $x \in \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs$   
   hence  $xs @ [x] \in \text{traces } P$  by (simp add: next-dom-events-def next-events-def)  
   hence  $xs \in \text{traces } P$  by (rule process-rule-2-traces)  
 }  
 moreover {  
   assume  $x \in \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs$   
   hence  $(xs, \{x\}) \in \text{failures } P$  by (simp add: ref-dom-events-def refusals-def)  
   hence  $xs \in \text{traces } P$  by (rule failures-traces)  
 }  
 ultimately show  $xs \in \text{traces } P \ ..$   
 qed

lemma *fc-traces*:

assumes

$A$ : future-consistent  $P \ D \ R$  and

$B$ :  $u \in \text{range } D$  and

$C$ :  $(xs, ys) \in R \ u$

shows  $(xs \in \text{traces } P) = (ys \in \text{traces } P)$

proof –

have  $\forall u \in \text{range } D. \forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in R \ u \longrightarrow$

$\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \wedge$

$\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$

using  $A$  by (simp add: future-consistent-def)

hence  $\forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in R \ u \longrightarrow$

$\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \wedge$

$\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$

using  $B \ ..$

hence  $(xs, ys) \in R \ u \longrightarrow$

$\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \wedge$

$\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$

by blast

hence  $\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \wedge$

$\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$

using  $C \ ..$

hence  $\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs \cup \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs \neq \{\} =$

$(\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \cup \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \neq \{\})$

by simp



**moreover have**  $xs \in \text{traces } P =$   
 $(\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs \cup \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs \neq \{\})$   
**using**  $B$  **by**  $(\text{rule traces-dom-events})$   
**moreover have**  $ys \in \text{traces } P =$   
 $(\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \cup \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \neq \{\})$   
**using**  $B$  **by**  $(\text{rule traces-dom-events})$   
**ultimately show**  $?thesis$  **by**  $\text{simp}$   
**qed**

**lemma**  $wfc\text{-traces}$ :

**assumes**

$A$ :  $\text{weakly-future-consistent } P \ I \ D \ R$  **and**

$B$ :  $u \in \text{range } D \cap (-I)$  “  $\text{range } D$  **and**

$C$ :  $(xs, ys) \in R \ u$

**shows**  $(xs \in \text{traces } P) = (ys \in \text{traces } P)$

**proof** –

**have**  $\forall u \in \text{range } D \cap (-I)$  “  $\text{range } D. \forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in R \ u \longrightarrow$

$\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \wedge$

$\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$

**using**  $A$  **by**  $(\text{simp add: weakly-future-consistent-def})$

**hence**  $\forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in R \ u \longrightarrow$

$\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \wedge$

$\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$

**using**  $B$  **..**

**hence**  $(xs, ys) \in R \ u \longrightarrow$

$\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \wedge$

$\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$

**by**  $\text{blast}$

**hence**  $\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \wedge$

$\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$

**using**  $C$  **..**

**hence**  $\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs \cup \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs \neq \{\} =$

$(\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \cup \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \neq \{\})$

**by**  $\text{simp}$

**moreover have**  $B'$ :  $u \in \text{range } D$  **using**  $B$  **..**

**hence**  $xs \in \text{traces } P =$

$(\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs \cup \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs \neq \{\})$

**by**  $(\text{rule traces-dom-events})$

**moreover have**  $ys \in \text{traces } P =$

$(\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \cup \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \neq \{\})$

**using**  $B'$  **by**  $(\text{rule traces-dom-events})$

**ultimately show**  $?thesis$  **by**  $\text{simp}$

**qed**

**lemma**  $fc\text{-implies-wfc}$ :

$\text{future-consistent } P \ D \ R \Longrightarrow \text{weakly-future-consistent } P \ I \ D \ R$

**by**  $(\text{simp only: future-consistent-def weakly-future-consistent-def, blast})$

Finally, the definition is given of an auxiliary function *singleton-set*, whose output is the set of the singleton subsets of a set taken as input, and then some basic properties of this function are proven.

**definition** *singleton-set* :: 'a set  $\Rightarrow$  'a set set **where**  
*singleton-set*  $X \equiv \{Y. \exists x \in X. Y = \{x\}\}$

**lemma** *singleton-set-some*:

$(\exists Y. Y \in \text{singleton-set } X) = (\exists x. x \in X)$   
**proof** (rule iffI, simp-all add: singleton-set-def, erule-tac [!] exE, erule bexE)  
 fix x  
 assume  $x \in X$   
 thus  $\exists x. x \in X$  ..  
**next**  
 fix x  
 assume  $A: x \in X$   
 have  $\{x\} = \{x\}$  ..  
 hence  $\exists x' \in X. \{x\} = \{x'\}$  using A ..  
 thus  $\exists Y. \exists x' \in X. Y = \{x'\}$  by (rule exI)  
**qed**

**lemma** *singleton-set-union*:

$(\bigcup Y \in \text{singleton-set } X. Y) = X$   
**proof** (subst singleton-set-def, rule equalityI, rule-tac [!] subsetI)  
 fix x  
 assume  $A: x \in (\bigcup Y \in \{Y'. \exists x' \in X. Y' = \{x'\}\}. Y)$   
 show  $x \in X$   
**proof** (rule UN-E [OF A], simp)  
**qed** (erule bexE, simp)  
**next**  
 fix x  
 assume  $A: x \in X$   
 show  $x \in (\bigcup Y \in \{Y'. \exists x' \in X. Y' = \{x'\}\}. Y)$   
**proof** (rule UN-I [of {x}])  
**qed** (simp-all add: A)  
**qed**

## 1.2 Additional intransitive purge functions and their properties

Functions *sinks-aux*, *ipurge-tr-aux*, and *ipurge-ref-aux*, defined here below, are auxiliary versions of functions *sinks*, *ipurge-tr*, and *ipurge-ref* taking as input a set of domains rather than a single domain. As shown below, these functions are useful for the study of single domain ones, involved in the definition of CSP noninterference security [6], since they distribute over list concatenation, while being susceptible to be expressed in terms of the corresponding single domain functions in case the input set of domains is a

singleton.

A further function, *unaffected-domains*, takes as inputs a set of domains  $U$  and an event list  $xs$ , and outputs the set of the event domains not allowed to be affected by  $U$  after the occurrence of  $xs$ .

```
function sinks-aux ::
  ('d × 'd) set ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'd) ⇒ 'd set ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'd set where
  sinks-aux - - U [] = U |
  sinks-aux I D U (xs @ [x]) = (if ∃ v ∈ sinks-aux I D U xs. (v, D x) ∈ I
    then insert (D x) (sinks-aux I D U xs)
    else sinks-aux I D U xs)
proof (atomize-elim, simp-all add: split-paired-all)
qed (rule rev-cases, rule disjI1, assumption, simp)
termination by lexicographic-order
```

```
function ipurge-tr-aux ::
  ('d × 'd) set ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'd) ⇒ 'd set ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'a list where
  ipurge-tr-aux - - - [] = [] |
  ipurge-tr-aux I D U (xs @ [x]) = (if ∃ v ∈ sinks-aux I D U xs. (v, D x) ∈ I
    then ipurge-tr-aux I D U xs
    else ipurge-tr-aux I D U xs @ [x])
proof (atomize-elim, simp-all add: split-paired-all)
qed (rule rev-cases, rule disjI1, assumption, simp)
termination by lexicographic-order
```

```
definition ipurge-ref-aux ::
  ('d × 'd) set ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'd) ⇒ 'd set ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'a set ⇒ 'a set where
  ipurge-ref-aux I D U xs X ≡
    {x ∈ X. ∀ v ∈ sinks-aux I D U xs. (v, D x) ∉ I}
```

```
definition unaffected-domains ::
  ('d × 'd) set ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'd) ⇒ 'd set ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'd set where
  unaffected-domains I D U xs ≡
    {u ∈ range D. ∀ v ∈ sinks-aux I D U xs. (v, u) ∉ I}
```

Function *ipurge-tr-rev*, defined here below in terms of function *sources*, is the reverse of function *ipurge-tr* with regard to both the order in which events are considered, and the criterion by which they are purged.

In some detail, both functions *sources* and *ipurge-tr-rev* take as inputs a domain  $u$  and an event list  $xs$ , whose recursive decomposition is performed by item prepending rather than appending. Then:

- *sources* outputs the set of the domains of the events in  $xs$  allowed to affect  $u$ ;
- *ipurge-tr-rev* outputs the sublist of  $xs$  obtained by recursively deleting the events not allowed to affect  $u$ , as detected via function *sources*.

In other words, these functions follow Rushby's ones *sources* and *ipurge* [8], formalized in [6] as *c-sources* and *c-ipurge*. The only difference consists of dropping the implicit supposition that the noninterference policy be reflexive, as done in the definition of CPS noninterference security [6]. This goal is achieved by defining the output of function *sources*, when it is applied to the empty list, as being the empty set rather than the singleton comprised of the input domain.

As for functions *sources-aux* and *ipurge-tr-rev-aux*, they are auxiliary versions of functions *sources* and *ipurge-tr-rev* taking as input a set of domains rather than a single domain. As shown below, these functions distribute over list concatenation, while being susceptible to be expressed in terms of the corresponding single domain functions in case the input set of domains is a singleton.

```
primrec sources :: ('d × 'd) set ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'd) ⇒ 'd ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'd set where
sources - - - [] = {} |
sources I D u (x # xs) =
  (if (D x, u) ∈ I ∨ (∃ v ∈ sources I D u xs. (D x, v) ∈ I)
   then insert (D x) (sources I D u xs)
   else sources I D u xs)
```

```
primrec ipurge-tr-rev :: ('d × 'd) set ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'd) ⇒ 'd ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'a list where
ipurge-tr-rev - - - [] = [] |
ipurge-tr-rev I D u (x # xs) = (if D x ∈ sources I D u (x # xs)
  then x # ipurge-tr-rev I D u xs
  else ipurge-tr-rev I D u xs)
```

```
primrec sources-aux ::
('d × 'd) set ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'd) ⇒ 'd set ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'd set where
sources-aux - - U [] = U |
sources-aux I D U (x # xs) = (if ∃ v ∈ sources-aux I D U xs. (D x, v) ∈ I
  then insert (D x) (sources-aux I D U xs)
  else sources-aux I D U xs)
```

```
primrec ipurge-tr-rev-aux ::
('d × 'd) set ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'd) ⇒ 'd set ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'a list where
ipurge-tr-rev-aux - - - [] = [] |
ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (x # xs) = (if ∃ v ∈ sources-aux I D U xs. (D x, v) ∈ I
  then x # ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U xs
  else ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U xs)
```

Here below are some lemmas on functions *sinks-aux*, *ipurge-tr-aux*, *ipurge-ref-aux*, and *unaffected-domains*. As anticipated above, these lemmas essentially concern distributivity over list concatenation and expressions in terms of single domain functions in the degenerate case of a singleton set of domains.

**lemma** *sinks-aux-subset*:

$U \subseteq \text{sinks-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs$

**proof** (*induction xs rule: rev-induct, simp-all, rule impI*)

**qed** (*rule subset-insertI2*)

**lemma** *sinks-aux-single-dom*:

$\text{sinks-aux } I \ D \ \{u\} \ xs = \text{insert } u \ (\text{sinks } I \ D \ u \ xs)$

**by** (*induction xs rule: rev-induct, simp-all add: insert-commute*)

**lemma** *sinks-aux-single-event*:

$\text{sinks-aux } I \ D \ U \ [x] = (\text{if } \exists v \in U. (v, D \ x) \in I$   
 $\text{then insert } (D \ x) \ U$   
 $\text{else } U)$

**proof** –

**have**  $\text{sinks-aux } I \ D \ U \ [x] = \text{sinks-aux } I \ D \ U \ ([ ] \ @ \ [x])$  **by** *simp*

**thus** *?thesis* **by** (*simp only: sinks-aux.simps*)

**qed**

**lemma** *sinks-aux-cons*:

$\text{sinks-aux } I \ D \ U \ (x \# \ xs) = (\text{if } \exists v \in U. (v, D \ x) \in I$   
 $\text{then sinks-aux } I \ D \ (\text{insert } (D \ x) \ U) \ xs$   
 $\text{else sinks-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs)$

**proof** (*induction xs rule: rev-induct, case-tac [!]  $\exists v \in U. (v, D \ x) \in I$ ,  
simp-all add: sinks-aux-single-event del: sinks-aux.simps(2)*)

**fix**  $x' \ xs$

**assume**  $A: \text{sinks-aux } I \ D \ U \ (x \# \ xs) = \text{sinks-aux } I \ D \ (\text{insert } (D \ x) \ U) \ xs$   
 $(\text{is } ?S = ?S')$

**show**  $\text{sinks-aux } I \ D \ U \ (x \# \ xs \ @ \ [x']) =$   
 $\text{sinks-aux } I \ D \ (\text{insert } (D \ x) \ U) \ (xs \ @ \ [x'])$

**proof** (*cases  $\exists v \in ?S. (v, D \ x') \in I$* )

**case** *True*

**hence**  $\text{sinks-aux } I \ D \ U \ ((x \# \ xs) \ @ \ [x']) = \text{insert } (D \ x') \ ?S$

**by** (*simp only: sinks-aux.simps, simp*)

**moreover have**  $\exists v \in ?S'. (v, D \ x') \in I$  **using**  $A$  **and** *True* **by** *simp*

**hence**  $\text{sinks-aux } I \ D \ (\text{insert } (D \ x) \ U) \ (xs \ @ \ [x']) = \text{insert } (D \ x') \ ?S'$

**by** *simp*

**ultimately show** *?thesis* **using**  $A$  **by** *simp*

**next**

**case** *False*

**hence**  $\text{sinks-aux } I \ D \ U \ ((x \# \ xs) \ @ \ [x']) = ?S$

**by** (*simp only: sinks-aux.simps, simp*)

**moreover have**  $\neg (\exists v \in ?S'. (v, D \ x') \in I)$  **using**  $A$  **and** *False* **by** *simp*

**hence**  $\text{sinks-aux } I \ D \ (\text{insert } (D \ x) \ U) \ (xs \ @ \ [x']) = ?S'$  **by** *simp*

**ultimately show** *?thesis* **using**  $A$  **by** *simp*

**qed**

**next**

**fix**  $x' \ xs$

**assume**  $A: \text{sinks-aux } I \ D \ U \ (x \# \ xs) = \text{sinks-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs$

$(\text{is } ?S = ?S')$

**show**  $\text{sinks-aux } I D U (x \# xs @ [x']) = \text{sinks-aux } I D U (xs @ [x'])$   
**proof** (*cases*  $\exists v \in ?S. (v, D x') \in I$ )  
  **case** *True*  
    **hence**  $\text{sinks-aux } I D U ((x \# xs) @ [x']) = \text{insert } (D x') ?S$   
    **by** (*simp only: sinks-aux.simps, simp*)  
    **moreover have**  $\exists v \in ?S'. (v, D x') \in I$  **using** *A* **and** *True* **by** *simp*  
    **hence**  $\text{sinks-aux } I D U (xs @ [x']) = \text{insert } (D x') ?S'$  **by** *simp*  
    **ultimately show** *?thesis* **using** *A* **by** *simp*  
  **next**  
    **case** *False*  
    **hence**  $\text{sinks-aux } I D U ((x \# xs) @ [x']) = ?S$   
    **by** (*simp only: sinks-aux.simps, simp*)  
    **moreover have**  $\neg (\exists v \in ?S'. (v, D x') \in I)$  **using** *A* **and** *False* **by** *simp*  
    **hence**  $\text{sinks-aux } I D U (xs @ [x']) = ?S'$  **by** *simp*  
    **ultimately show** *?thesis* **using** *A* **by** *simp*  
**qed**  
**qed**

**lemma** *ipurge-tr-aux-single-dom*:

$\text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D \{u\} xs = \text{ipurge-tr } I D u xs$   
**proof** (*induction xs rule: rev-induct, simp*)  
  **fix** *x xs*  
  **assume** *A*:  $\text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D \{u\} xs = \text{ipurge-tr } I D u xs$   
  **show**  $\text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D \{u\} (xs @ [x]) = \text{ipurge-tr } I D u (xs @ [x])$   
  **proof** (*cases*  $\exists v \in \text{sinks-aux } I D \{u\} xs. (v, D x) \in I$ ,  
  *simp-all only: ipurge-tr-aux.simps if-True if-False*)  
    **case** *True*  
      **hence**  $(u, D x) \in I \vee (\exists v \in \text{sinks } I D u xs. (v, D x) \in I)$   
      **by** (*simp add: sinks-aux-single-dom*)  
      **hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr } I D u (xs @ [x]) = \text{ipurge-tr } I D u xs$  **by** *simp*  
      **thus**  $\text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D \{u\} xs = \text{ipurge-tr } I D u (xs @ [x])$   
      **using** *A* **by** *simp*  
    **next**  
      **case** *False*  
      **hence**  $\neg ((u, D x) \in I \vee (\exists v \in \text{sinks } I D u xs. (v, D x) \in I))$   
      **by** (*simp add: sinks-aux-single-dom*)  
      **hence**  $D x \notin \text{sinks } I D u (xs @ [x])$   
      **by** (*simp only: sinks-interference-eq, simp*)  
      **hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr } I D u (xs @ [x]) = \text{ipurge-tr } I D u xs @ [x]$  **by** *simp*  
      **thus**  $\text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D \{u\} xs @ [x] = \text{ipurge-tr } I D u (xs @ [x])$   
      **using** *A* **by** *simp*  
  **qed**  
**qed**

**lemma** *ipurge-ref-aux-single-dom*:

$\text{ipurge-ref-aux } I D \{u\} xs X = \text{ipurge-ref } I D u xs X$   
**by** (*simp add: ipurge-ref-aux-def ipurge-ref-def sinks-aux-single-dom*)

**lemma** *ipurge-ref-aux-all* [*rule-format*]:

$(\forall u \in U. \neg (\exists v \in D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } xs). (u, v) \in I)) \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{ipurge-ref-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs \ X = X$   
**proof** (*induction xs, simp-all add: ipurge-ref-aux-def sinks-aux-cons*)  
**qed** (*rule impI, rule equalityI, rule-tac [!] subsetI, simp-all*)

**lemma** *ipurge-ref-all*:  
 $\neg (\exists v \in D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } xs). (u, v) \in I) \implies \text{ipurge-ref } I \ D \ u \ xs \ X = X$   
**by** (*subst ipurge-ref-aux-single-dom [symmetric], rule ipurge-ref-aux-all, simp*)

**lemma** *unaffected-domains-single-dom*:  
 $\{x \in X. D \ x \in \text{unaffected-domains } I \ D \ \{u\} \ xs\} = \text{ipurge-ref } I \ D \ u \ xs \ X$   
**by** (*simp add: ipurge-ref-def unaffected-domains-def sinks-aux-single-dom*)

Here below are some lemmas on functions *sources*, *ipurge-tr-rev*, *sources-aux*, and *ipurge-tr-rev-aux*. As anticipated above, the lemmas on the last two functions basically concern distributivity over list concatenation and expressions in terms of single domain functions in the degenerate case of a singleton set of domains.

**lemma** *sources-sinks*:  
 $\text{sources } I \ D \ u \ xs = \text{sinks } (I^{-1}) \ D \ u \ (\text{rev } xs)$   
**by** (*induction xs, simp-all*)

**lemma** *sources-sinks-aux*:  
 $\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs = \text{sinks-aux } (I^{-1}) \ D \ U \ (\text{rev } xs)$   
**by** (*induction xs, simp-all*)

**lemma** *sources-aux-subset*:  
 $U \subseteq \text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs$   
**by** (*subst sources-sinks-aux, rule sinks-aux-subset*)

**lemma** *sources-aux-append*:  
 $\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ (xs @ ys) = \text{sources-aux } I \ D \ (\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ ys) \ xs$   
**by** (*induction xs, simp-all*)

**lemma** *sources-aux-append-nil [rule-format]*:  
 $\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ ys = U \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ (xs @ ys) = \text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs$   
**by** (*induction xs, simp-all*)

**lemma** *ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append*:  
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ U \ (xs @ ys) =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ (\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ ys) \ xs @ \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ U \ ys$   
**by** (*induction xs, simp-all add: sources-aux-append*)

**lemma** *ipurge-tr-rev-aux-nil-1 [rule-format]*:  
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs = [] \longrightarrow (\forall u \in U. \neg (\exists v \in D \text{ ' } \text{set } xs. (v, u) \in I))$

**by** (*induction xs rule: rev-induct, simp-all add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append*)

**lemma** *ipurge-tr-rev-aux-nil-2* [*rule-format*]:

$(\forall u \in U. \neg (\exists v \in D \text{ ' set } xs. (v, u) \in I)) \longrightarrow \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs = []$

**by** (*induction xs rule: rev-induct, simp-all add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append*)

**lemma** *ipurge-tr-rev-aux-nil*:

$(\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs = []) = (\forall u \in U. \neg (\exists v \in D \text{ ' set } xs. (v, u) \in I))$

**proof** (*rule iffI, rule ballI, erule ipurge-tr-rev-aux-nil-1, assumption*)

**qed** (*rule ipurge-tr-rev-aux-nil-2, erule bspec*)

**lemma** *ipurge-tr-rev-aux-nil-sources* [*rule-format*]:

$\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs = [] \longrightarrow \text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs = U$

**by** (*induction xs, simp-all*)

**lemma** *ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append-nil-1* [*rule-format*]:

$\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ U \ ys = [] \longrightarrow$

$\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ U \ (xs @ ys) = \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs$

**by** (*induction xs, simp-all add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-nil-sources sources-aux-append-nil*)

**lemma** *ipurge-tr-rev-aux-first* [*rule-format*]:

$\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs = x \# \ ws \longrightarrow$

$(\exists ys \ zs. xs = ys @ x \# \ zs \wedge$

$\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ (\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ (x \# \ zs)) \ ys = [] \wedge$

$(\exists v \in \text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ zs. (D \ x, v) \in I))$

**proof** (*induction xs, simp, rule impI*)

**fix**  $x' \ xs$

**assume**

$A: \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs = x \# \ ws \longrightarrow$

$(\exists ys \ zs. xs = ys @ x \# \ zs \wedge$

$\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ (\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ (x \# \ zs)) \ ys = [] \wedge$

$(\exists v \in \text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ zs. (D \ x, v) \in I))$  **and**

$B: \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ U \ (x' \# \ xs) = x \# \ ws$

**show**  $\exists ys \ zs. x' \# \ xs = ys @ x \# \ zs \wedge$

$\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ (\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ (x \# \ zs)) \ ys = [] \wedge$

$(\exists v \in \text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ zs. (D \ x, v) \in I)$

**proof** (*cases*  $\exists v \in \text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs. (D \ x', v) \in I$ )

**case** *True*

**then have**  $x' = x$  **using** *B* **by** *simp*

**with** *True* **have**  $x' \# \ xs = x \# \ xs \wedge$

$\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ (\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ (x \# \ xs)) \ [] = [] \wedge$

$(\exists v \in \text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs. (D \ x, v) \in I)$

**by** *simp*

**thus** *?thesis* **by** *blast*

**next**

**case** *False*

**hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs = x \# \ ws$  **using** *B* **by** *simp*

**with** *A* **have**  $\exists ys \ zs. xs = ys @ x \# \ zs \wedge$

$\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ (\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ (x \# \ zs)) \ ys = [] \wedge$



$(\exists v \in \text{sources-aux } I D U \text{ } zs. (D x, v) \in I) \dots$   
**then obtain**  $ys$  **and**  $zs$  **where**  $xs: xs = ys @ x \# zs \wedge$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (\text{sources-aux } I D U (x \# zs)) \text{ } ys = [] \wedge$   
 $(\exists v \in \text{sources-aux } I D U \text{ } zs. (D x, v) \in I)$   
**by** *blast*  
**then have**  
 $\neg (\exists v \in \text{sources-aux } I D (\text{sources-aux } I D U (x \# zs)) \text{ } ys. (D x', v) \in I)$   
**using** *False* **by** (*simp add: sources-aux-append*)  
**hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (\text{sources-aux } I D U (x \# zs)) (x' \# ys) =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (\text{sources-aux } I D U (x \# zs)) \text{ } ys$   
**by** *simp*  
**with**  $xs$  **have**  $x' \# xs = (x' \# ys) @ x \# zs \wedge$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (\text{sources-aux } I D U (x \# zs)) (x' \# ys) = [] \wedge$   
 $(\exists v \in \text{sources-aux } I D U \text{ } zs. (D x, v) \in I)$   
**by** (*simp del: sources-aux.simps*)  
**thus** *?thesis* **by** *blast*  
**qed**  
**qed**

**lemma** *ipurge-tr-rev-aux-last-1* [*rule-format*]:

$\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U \text{ } xs = ws @ [x] \longrightarrow (\exists v \in U. (D x, v) \in I)$

**proof** (*induction xs rule: rev-induct, simp, rule impI*)

**fix**  $xs \ x'$

**assume**

$A: \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U \text{ } xs = ws @ [x] \longrightarrow (\exists v \in U. (D x, v) \in I)$  **and**

$B: \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U \text{ } (xs @ [x']) = ws @ [x]$

**show**  $\exists v \in U. (D x, v) \in I$

**proof** (*cases*  $\exists v \in U. (D x', v) \in I$ )

**case** *True*

**hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U \text{ } (xs @ [x']) =$

$\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (\text{insert } (D x') \text{ } U) \text{ } xs @ [x']$

**by** (*simp add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append*)

**hence**  $x' = x$  **using**  $B$  **by** *simp*

**thus** *?thesis* **using** *True* **by** *simp*

**next**

**case** *False*

**hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U \text{ } (xs @ [x']) = \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U \text{ } xs$

**by** (*simp add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append*)

**hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U \text{ } xs = ws @ [x]$  **using**  $B$  **by** *simp*

**with**  $A$  **show** *?thesis* **..**

**qed**

**qed**

**lemma** *ipurge-tr-rev-aux-last-2* [*rule-format*]:

$\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U \text{ } xs = ws @ [x] \longrightarrow$

$(\exists ys \ zs. xs = ys @ x \# zs \wedge \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U \text{ } zs = [])$

**proof** (*induction xs rule: rev-induct, simp, rule impI*)

**fix**  $xs \ x'$

**assume**

$A: \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U xs = ws @ [x] \longrightarrow$   
 $(\exists ys zs. xs = ys @ x \# zs \wedge \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U zs = [])$  **and**  
 $B: \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ [x']) = ws @ [x]$   
**show**  $\exists ys zs. xs @ [x'] = ys @ x \# zs \wedge \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U zs = []$   
**proof** (cases  $\exists v \in U. (D x', v) \in I$ )  
   **case** *True*  
     **hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ [x']) =$   
        $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (\text{insert } (D x') U) xs @ [x']$   
     **by** (simp add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append)  
     **hence**  $xs @ [x'] = xs @ x \# [] \wedge \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U [] = []$   
     **using** *B* **by** simp  
     **thus** ?thesis **by** blast  
   **next**  
     **case** *False*  
     **hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ [x']) = \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U xs$   
     **by** (simp add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append)  
     **hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U xs = ws @ [x]$  **using** *B* **by** simp  
     **with** *A* **have**  $\exists ys zs. xs = ys @ x \# zs \wedge \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U zs = []$  ..  
     **then obtain** *ys* **and** *zs* **where**  
        $C: xs = ys @ x \# zs \wedge \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U zs = []$   
       **by** blast  
     **hence**  $xs @ [x'] = ys @ x \# zs @ [x']$  **by** simp  
     **moreover have**  
        $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (zs @ [x']) = \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U zs$   
       **using** *False* **by** (simp add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append)  
     **hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (zs @ [x']) = []$  **using** *C* **by** simp  
     **ultimately have**  $xs @ [x'] = ys @ x \# zs @ [x'] \wedge$   
        $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (zs @ [x']) = []$  ..  
     **thus** ?thesis **by** blast  
   **qed**  
**qed**

**lemma** *ipurge-tr-rev-aux-all* [rule-format]:  
 $(\forall v \in D \text{ ' set } xs. \exists u \in U. (v, u) \in I) \longrightarrow \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U xs = xs$   
**proof** (induction *xs*, simp, rule impI, simp, erule conjE)  
   **fix** *xs*  
   **assume**  $\exists u \in U. (D x, u) \in I$   
   **then obtain** *u* **where** *A*:  $u \in U$  **and** *B*:  $(D x, u) \in I$  ..  
   **have**  $U \subseteq \text{sources-aux } I D U xs$  **by** (rule sources-aux-subset)  
   **hence**  $u \in \text{sources-aux } I D U xs$  **using** *A* ..  
   **with** *B* **show**  $\exists u \in \text{sources-aux } I D U xs. (D x, u) \in I$  ..  
**qed**

Here below, further properties of the functions defined above are investigated thanks to the introduction of function *offset*, which searches a list for a given item and returns the offset of its first occurrence, if any, from the first item of the list.

**primrec** *offset* :: *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  '*a*  $\Rightarrow$  '*a list*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat option* **where**  
*offset* - - [] = *None* |  
*offset* *n x (y # ys)* = (if *y* = *x* then *Some n* else *offset (Suc n) x ys*)

**lemma** *offset-not-none-1* [rule-format]:

*offset k x xs  $\neq$  None  $\longrightarrow$  ( $\exists$  *ys zs. xs* = *ys @ x # zs*)*

**proof** (induction *xs* arbitrary: *k, simp, rule impI*)

**fix** *w xs k*

**assume**

*A*:  $\bigwedge k. \text{offset } k \ x \ xs \neq \text{None} \longrightarrow (\exists \text{ys zs. } xs = \text{ys} @ x \# zs)$  **and**

*B*: *offset k x (w # xs)  $\neq$  None*

**show**  $\exists \text{ys zs. } w \# xs = \text{ys} @ x \# zs$

**proof** (cases *w* = *x*, *simp*)

**case** *True*

**hence** *x # xs* = [] @ *x # xs* **by** *simp*

**thus**  $\exists \text{ys zs. } x \# xs = \text{ys} @ x \# zs$  **by** *blast*

**next**

**case** *False*

**hence** *offset k x (w # xs)* = *offset (Suc k) x xs* **by** *simp*

**hence** *offset (Suc k) x xs  $\neq$  None* **using** *B* **by** *simp*

**moreover** have *offset (Suc k) x xs  $\neq$  None  $\longrightarrow$  ( $\exists \text{ys zs. xs} = \text{ys} @ x \# zs$ )*

**using** *A* .

**ultimately** have  $\exists \text{ys zs. xs} = \text{ys} @ x \# zs$  **by** *simp*

**then** obtain *ys* and *zs* **where** *xs* = *ys @ x # zs* **by** *blast*

**hence** *w # xs* = (*w # ys*) @ *x # zs* **by** *simp*

**thus**  $\exists \text{ys zs. } w \# xs = \text{ys} @ x \# zs$  **by** *blast*

**qed**

**qed**

**lemma** *offset-not-none-2* [rule-format]:

*xs* = *ys @ x # zs  $\longrightarrow$  offset k x xs  $\neq$  None*

**proof** (induction *xs* arbitrary: *ys k, simp-all del: not-None-eq, rule impI*)

**fix** *w xs ys k*

**assume**

*A*:  $\bigwedge \text{ys}' k'. xs = \text{ys}' @ x \# zs \longrightarrow \text{offset } k' \ x \ (\text{ys}' @ x \# zs) \neq \text{None}$  **and**

*B*: *w # xs* = *ys @ x # zs*

**show** *offset k x (ys @ x # zs)  $\neq$  None*

**proof** (cases *ys*, *simp-all del: not-None-eq, rule impI*)

**fix** *y' ys'*

**have** *xs* = *ys' @ x # zs  $\longrightarrow$  offset (Suc k) x (ys' @ x # zs)  $\neq$  None*

**using** *A* .

**moreover** assume *ys* = *y' # ys'*

**hence** *xs* = *ys' @ x # zs* **using** *B* **by** *simp*

**ultimately** show *offset (Suc k) x (ys' @ x # zs)  $\neq$  None ..*

**qed**

**qed**

**lemma** *offset-not-none*:

(*offset k x xs  $\neq$  None*) = ( $\exists \text{ys zs. xs} = \text{ys} @ x \# zs$ )

by (rule iffI, erule offset-not-none-1, (erule exE)+, rule offset-not-none-2)

**lemma** offset-addition [rule-format]:

offset k x xs  $\neq$  None  $\longrightarrow$  offset (n + m) x xs = Some (the (offset n x xs) + m)

**proof** (induction xs arbitrary: k n, simp, rule impI)

fix w xs k n

assume

A:  $\bigwedge k n.$  offset k x xs  $\neq$  None  $\longrightarrow$

offset (n + m) x xs = Some (the (offset n x xs) + m) and

B: offset k x (w # xs)  $\neq$  None

show offset (n + m) x (w # xs) = Some (the (offset n x (w # xs)) + m)

**proof** (cases w = x, simp-all)

case False

hence offset k x (w # xs) = offset (Suc k) x xs by simp

hence offset (Suc k) x xs  $\neq$  None using B by simp

moreover have offset (Suc k) x xs  $\neq$  None  $\longrightarrow$

offset (Suc n + m) x xs = Some (the (offset (Suc n) x xs) + m)

using A .

ultimately show offset (Suc (n + m)) x xs =

Some (the (offset (Suc n) x xs) + m)

by simp

qed

qed

**lemma** offset-suc:

assumes A: offset k x xs  $\neq$  None

shows offset (Suc n) x xs = Some (Suc (the (offset n x xs)))

**proof** –

have offset (Suc n) x xs = offset (n + Suc 0) x xs by simp

also have ... = Some (the (offset n x xs) + Suc 0) using A by (rule offset-addition)

also have ... = Some (Suc (the (offset n x xs))) by simp

finally show ?thesis .

qed

**lemma** ipurge-tr-rev-aux-first-offset [rule-format]:

xs = ys @ x # zs  $\wedge$  ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D (sources-aux I D U (x # zs)) ys = []  $\wedge$

( $\exists v \in$  sources-aux I D U zs. (D x, v)  $\in$  I)  $\longrightarrow$

ys = take (the (offset 0 x xs)) xs

**proof** (induction xs arbitrary: ys, simp, rule impI, (erule conjE)+)

fix x' xs ys

assume

A:  $\bigwedge ys.$  xs = ys @ x # zs  $\wedge$

ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D (sources-aux I D U (x # zs)) ys = []  $\wedge$

( $\exists v \in$  sources-aux I D U zs. (D x, v)  $\in$  I)  $\longrightarrow$

ys = take (the (offset 0 x xs)) xs and

B: x' # xs = ys @ x # zs and

C: ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D (sources-aux I D U (x # zs)) ys = [] and

D:  $\exists v \in$  sources-aux I D U zs. (D x, v)  $\in$  I

**show**  $ys = \text{take } (\text{the } (\text{offset } 0 \ x \ (x' \# \ xs))) \ (x' \# \ xs)$   
**proof**  $(\text{cases } ys)$   
    **case**  $Nil$   
    **then have**  $x' = x$  **using**  $B$  **by**  $\text{simp}$   
    **with**  $Nil$  **show**  $?thesis$  **by**  $\text{simp}$   
**next**  
    **case**  $(Cons \ y \ ys')$   
    **hence**  $E: xs = ys' @ x \# \ zs$  **using**  $B$  **by**  $\text{simp}$   
    **moreover have**  
         $F: \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ (\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ (x \# \ zs)) \ (y \# \ ys') = []$   
    **using**  $Cons$  **and**  $C$  **by**  $\text{simp}$   
    **hence**  
         $G: \neg (\exists v \in \text{sources-aux } I \ D \ (\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ (x \# \ zs)) \ ys'. \ (D \ y, \ v) \in I)$   
    **by**  $(\text{rule-tac notI}, \text{simp})$   
    **hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ (\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ (x \# \ zs)) \ ys' = []$   
    **using**  $F$  **by**  $\text{simp}$   
    **ultimately have**  $xs = ys' @ x \# \ zs \wedge$   
         $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ (\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ (x \# \ zs)) \ ys' = [] \wedge$   
         $(\exists v \in \text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ zs. \ (D \ x, \ v) \in I)$   
    **using**  $D$  **by**  $\text{blast}$   
    **with**  $A$  **have**  $H: ys' = \text{take } (\text{the } (\text{offset } 0 \ x \ xs)) \ xs \ ..$   
    **have**  $I: x' = y$  **using**  $Cons$  **and**  $B$  **by**  $\text{simp}$   
    **hence**  
         $J: \neg (\exists v \in \text{sources-aux } I \ D \ (\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ zs) \ (ys' @ [x]). \ (D \ x', \ v) \in I)$   
    **using**  $G$  **by**  $(\text{simp add: sources-aux-append})$   
    **have**  $x' \neq x$   
**proof**  
    **assume**  $x' = x$   
    **hence**  $\exists v \in \text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ zs. \ (D \ x', \ v) \in I$  **using**  $D$  **by**  $\text{simp}$   
    **then obtain**  $v$  **where**  $K: v \in \text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ zs$  **and**  $L: (D \ x', \ v) \in I \ ..$   
    **have**  $\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ zs \subseteq$   
         $\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ (\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ zs) \ (ys' @ [x])$   
    **by**  $(\text{rule sources-aux-subset})$   
    **hence**  $v \in \text{sources-aux } I \ D \ (\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ zs) \ (ys' @ [x])$  **using**  $K \ ..$   
    **with**  $L$  **have**  
         $\exists v \in \text{sources-aux } I \ D \ (\text{sources-aux } I \ D \ U \ zs) \ (ys' @ [x]). \ (D \ x', \ v) \in I \ ..$   
    **thus**  $False$  **using**  $J$  **by**  $\text{contradiction}$   
**qed**  
**hence**  $\text{offset } 0 \ x \ (x' \# \ xs) = \text{offset } (Suc \ 0) \ x \ xs$  **by**  $\text{simp}$   
**also have**  $\dots = \text{Some } (\text{Suc } (\text{the } (\text{offset } 0 \ x \ xs)))$   
**proof**  $-$   
    **have**  $\exists ys \ zs. \ xs = ys @ x \# \ zs$  **using**  $E$  **by**  $\text{blast}$   
    **hence**  $\text{offset } 0 \ x \ xs \neq None$  **by**  $(\text{simp only: offset-not-none})$   
    **thus**  $?thesis$  **by**  $(\text{rule offset-suc})$   
**qed**  
**finally have**  $\text{take } (\text{the } (\text{offset } 0 \ x \ (x' \# \ xs))) \ (x' \# \ xs) =$   
     $x' \# \ \text{take } (\text{the } (\text{offset } 0 \ x \ xs)) \ xs$   
**by**  $\text{simp}$   
**thus**  $?thesis$  **using**  $Cons$  **and**  $H$  **and**  $I$  **by**  $\text{simp}$

qed  
qed

**lemma** *ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append-nil-2* [rule-format]:

*ipurge-tr-rev-aux*  $I D U (xs @ ys) = ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D V xs \longrightarrow$   
*ipurge-tr-rev-aux*  $I D U ys = []$

**proof** (*induction xs, simp, simp only: append-Cons, rule impI*)

**fix**  $x xs$

**assume**

$A: ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (xs @ ys) = ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D V xs \longrightarrow$   
 $ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U ys = []$  **and**

$B: ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (x \# xs @ ys) = ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D V (x \# xs)$

**show**  $ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U ys = []$

**proof** (*cases*  $\exists v \in sources-aux I D V xs. (D x, v) \in I$ )

**case** *True*

**hence**  $C: ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (x \# xs @ ys) =$   
 $x \# ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D V xs$

**using**  $B$  **by** *simp*

**hence**  $\exists vs ws. x \# xs @ ys = vs @ x \# ws \wedge$   
 $ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D (sources-aux I D U (x \# ws)) vs = [] \wedge$   
 $(\exists v \in sources-aux I D U ws. (D x, v) \in I)$

**by** (*rule ipurge-tr-rev-aux-first*)

**then obtain**  $vs$  **and**  $ws$  **where**  $*$ :  $x \# xs @ ys = vs @ x \# ws \wedge$   
 $ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D (sources-aux I D U (x \# ws)) vs = [] \wedge$   
 $(\exists v \in sources-aux I D U ws. (D x, v) \in I)$

**by** *blast*

**then have**  $vs = take (the (offset 0 x (x \# xs @ ys))) (x \# xs @ ys)$   
**by** (*rule ipurge-tr-rev-aux-first-offset*)

**hence**  $vs = []$  **by** *simp*

**with**  $*$  **have**  $\exists v \in sources-aux I D U (xs @ ys). (D x, v) \in I$  **by** *simp*

**hence**  $ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (xs @ ys) = ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D V xs$   
**using**  $C$  **by** *simp*

**with**  $A$  **show** *?thesis ..*

**next**

**case** *False*

**moreover have**  $\neg (\exists v \in sources-aux I D U (xs @ ys). (D x, v) \in I)$

**proof**

**assume**  $\exists v \in sources-aux I D U (xs @ ys). (D x, v) \in I$

**hence**  $ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D V (x \# xs) =$   
 $x \# ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (xs @ ys)$

**using**  $B$  **by** *simp*

**hence**  $\exists vs ws. x \# xs = vs @ x \# ws \wedge$   
 $ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D (sources-aux I D V (x \# ws)) vs = [] \wedge$   
 $(\exists v \in sources-aux I D V ws. (D x, v) \in I)$

**by** (*rule ipurge-tr-rev-aux-first*)

**then obtain**  $vs$  **and**  $ws$  **where**  $*$ :  $x \# xs = vs @ x \# ws \wedge$   
 $ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D (sources-aux I D V (x \# ws)) vs = [] \wedge$   
 $(\exists v \in sources-aux I D V ws. (D x, v) \in I)$

**by** *blast*

```

then have  $vs = \text{take } (\text{the } (\text{offset } 0 \ x \ (x \# \ xs))) \ (x \# \ xs)$ 
by (rule ipurge-tr-rev-aux-first-offset)
hence  $vs = []$  by simp
with * have  $\exists v \in \text{sources-aux } I \ D \ V \ xs. \ (D \ x, \ v) \in I$  by simp
thus False using False by contradiction
qed
ultimately have  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ U \ (xs \ @ \ ys) =$ 
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ V \ xs$ 
using B by simp
with A show ?thesis ..
qed
qed

```

**lemma** *ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append-nil*:  
 $(\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ U \ (xs \ @ \ ys) = \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs) =$   
 $(\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ U \ ys = [])$   
**by** (rule *iffI*, *erule ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append-nil-2*, *rule ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append-nil-1*)

In what follows, it is proven by induction that the lists output by functions *ipurge-tr* and *ipurge-tr-rev*, as well as those output by *ipurge-tr-aux* and *ipurge-tr-rev-aux*, satisfy predicate *Interleaves* (cf. [7]), in correspondence with suitable input predicates expressed in terms of functions *sinks* and *sinks-aux*, respectively. Then, some lemmas on the aforesaid functions are demonstrated without induction, using previous lemmas along with the properties of predicate *Interleaves*.

**lemma** *Interleaves-ipurge-tr*:  
 $xs \cong \{ \text{ipurge-tr-rev } I \ D \ u \ xs, \ \text{rev } (\text{ipurge-tr } (I^{-1}) \ D \ u \ (\text{rev } xs)),$   
 $\lambda y \ ys. \ D \ y \in \text{sinks } (I^{-1}) \ D \ u \ (\text{rev } (y \# \ ys)) \}$   
**proof** (*induction xs, simp, simp only: rev.simps*)  
**fix**  $x \ xs$   
**assume**  $A: xs \cong \{ \text{ipurge-tr-rev } I \ D \ u \ xs, \ \text{rev } (\text{ipurge-tr } (I^{-1}) \ D \ u \ (\text{rev } xs)),$   
 $\lambda y \ ys. \ D \ y \in \text{sinks } (I^{-1}) \ D \ u \ (\text{rev } ys \ @ \ [y]) \}$   
 $(\text{is } - \cong \{ ?ys, ?zs, ?P \})$   
**show**  $x \# \ xs \cong$   
 $\{ \text{ipurge-tr-rev } I \ D \ u \ (x \# \ xs), \ \text{rev } (\text{ipurge-tr } (I^{-1}) \ D \ u \ (\text{rev } xs \ @ \ [x])), \ ?P \}$   
**proof** (*cases ?P x xs, simp-all add: sources-sinks del: sinks.simps*)  
**case** *True*  
**thus**  $x \# \ xs \cong \{ x \# \ ?ys, ?zs, ?P \}$  **using** *A* **by** (*cases ?zs, simp-all*)  
**next**  
**case** *False*  
**thus**  $x \# \ xs \cong \{ ?ys, x \# \ ?zs, ?P \}$  **using** *A* **by** (*cases ?ys, simp-all*)  
**qed**  
**qed**

**lemma** *Interleaves-ipurge-tr-aux*:  
 $xs \cong \{ \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs, \ \text{rev } (\text{ipurge-tr-aux } (I^{-1}) \ D \ U \ (\text{rev } xs)),$

$\lambda y \text{ } ys. \exists v \in \text{sinks-aux } (I^{-1}) \text{ } D \text{ } U \text{ } (\text{rev } ys). (D \text{ } y, v) \in I\}$   
**proof** (*induction xs, simp, simp only: rev.simps*)  
**fix**  $x \text{ } xs$   
**assume**  $A: xs \cong \{\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \text{ } D \text{ } U \text{ } xs,$   
 $\text{rev } (\text{ipurge-tr-aux } (I^{-1}) \text{ } D \text{ } U \text{ } (\text{rev } xs)),$   
 $\lambda y \text{ } ys. \exists v \in \text{sinks-aux } (I^{-1}) \text{ } D \text{ } U \text{ } (\text{rev } ys). (D \text{ } y, v) \in I\}$   
 $(\text{is } - \cong \{\text{?ys}, \text{?zs}, \text{?P}\})$   
**show**  $x \# xs \cong$   
 $\{\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \text{ } D \text{ } U \text{ } (x \# xs),$   
 $\text{rev } (\text{ipurge-tr-aux } (I^{-1}) \text{ } D \text{ } U \text{ } (\text{rev } xs @ [x])), \text{?P}\}$   
**proof** (*cases ?P x xs, simp-all (no-asm-simp) add: sources-sinks-aux*)  
**case** *True*  
**thus**  $x \# xs \cong \{x \# \text{?ys}, \text{?zs}, \text{?P}\}$  **using**  $A$  **by** (*cases ?zs, simp-all*)  
**next**  
**case** *False*  
**thus**  $x \# xs \cong \{\text{?ys}, x \# \text{?zs}, \text{?P}\}$  **using**  $A$  **by** (*cases ?ys, simp-all*)  
**qed**  
**qed**

**lemma** *ipurge-tr-aux-all*:  
 $(\text{ipurge-tr-aux } I \text{ } D \text{ } U \text{ } xs = xs) = (\forall u \in U. \neg (\exists v \in D \text{ ' set } xs. (u, v) \in I))$   
**proof** –  
**have**  $A: \text{rev } xs \cong \{\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } (I^{-1}) \text{ } D \text{ } U \text{ } (\text{rev } xs),$   
 $\text{rev } (\text{ipurge-tr-aux } ((I^{-1})^{-1}) \text{ } D \text{ } U \text{ } (\text{rev } (\text{rev } xs))),$   
 $\lambda y \text{ } ys. \exists v \in \text{sinks-aux } ((I^{-1})^{-1}) \text{ } D \text{ } U \text{ } (\text{rev } ys). (D \text{ } y, v) \in (I^{-1})\}$   
 $(\text{is } - \cong \{-, -, \text{?P}\})$   
**by** (*rule Interleaves-ipurge-tr-aux*)  
**show** *?thesis*  
**proof**  
**assume**  $\text{ipurge-tr-aux } I \text{ } D \text{ } U \text{ } xs = xs$   
**hence**  $\text{rev } xs \cong \{\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } (I^{-1}) \text{ } D \text{ } U \text{ } (\text{rev } xs), \text{rev } xs, \text{?P}\}$   
**using**  $A$  **by** *simp*  
**hence**  $\text{rev } xs \simeq \{\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } (I^{-1}) \text{ } D \text{ } U \text{ } (\text{rev } xs), \text{rev } xs, \text{?P}\}$   
**by** (*rule Interleaves-interleaves*)  
**moreover have**  $\text{rev } xs \simeq \{\[], \text{rev } xs, \text{?P}\}$  **by** (*rule interleaves-nil-all*)  
**ultimately have**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } (I^{-1}) \text{ } D \text{ } U \text{ } (\text{rev } xs) = \[]$   
**by** (*rule interleaves-equal-fst*)  
**thus**  $\forall u \in U. \neg (\exists v \in D \text{ ' set } xs. (u, v) \in I)$   
**by** (*simp add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-nil*)  
**next**  
**assume**  $\forall u \in U. \neg (\exists v \in D \text{ ' set } xs. (u, v) \in I)$   
**hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } (I^{-1}) \text{ } D \text{ } U \text{ } (\text{rev } xs) = \[]$   
**by** (*simp add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-nil*)  
**hence**  $\text{rev } xs \cong \{\[], \text{rev } (\text{ipurge-tr-aux } I \text{ } D \text{ } U \text{ } xs), \text{?P}\}$  **using**  $A$  **by** *simp*  
**hence**  $\text{rev } xs \simeq \{\[], \text{rev } (\text{ipurge-tr-aux } I \text{ } D \text{ } U \text{ } xs), \text{?P}\}$   
**by** (*rule Interleaves-interleaves*)  
**hence**  $\text{rev } xs \simeq \{\text{rev } (\text{ipurge-tr-aux } I \text{ } D \text{ } U \text{ } xs), \[], \lambda w \text{ } ws. \neg \text{?P } w \text{ } ws\}$   
**by** (*subst (asm) interleaves-swap*)  
**moreover have**  $\text{rev } xs \simeq \{\text{rev } xs, \[], \lambda w \text{ } ws. \neg \text{?P } w \text{ } ws\}$



by (rule interleaves-all-nil)  
 ultimately have  $\text{rev } (\text{ipurge-tr-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs) = \text{rev } xs$   
 by (rule interleaves-equal-fst)  
 thus  $\text{ipurge-tr-aux } I \ D \ U \ xs = xs$  by simp  
 qed  
 qed

**lemma** *ipurge-tr-rev-aux-single-dom*:  
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I \ D \ \{u\} \ xs = \text{ipurge-tr-rev } I \ D \ u \ xs$  (is  $?ys = ?ys'$ )  
**proof** –  
 have  $xs \cong \{?ys, \text{rev } (\text{ipurge-tr-aux } (I^{-1}) \ D \ \{u\} \ (\text{rev } xs))\},$   
 $\lambda y \ ys. \exists v \in \text{sinks-aux } (I^{-1}) \ D \ \{u\} \ (\text{rev } ys). (D \ y, v) \in I\}$   
 by (rule Interleaves-ipurge-tr-aux)  
 hence  $xs \cong \{?ys, \text{rev } (\text{ipurge-tr } (I^{-1}) \ D \ u \ (\text{rev } xs))\},$   
 $\lambda y \ ys. (u, D \ y) \in I^{-1} \vee (\exists v \in \text{sinks } (I^{-1}) \ D \ u \ (\text{rev } ys). (v, D \ y) \in I^{-1})\}$   
 by (simp add: ipurge-tr-aux-single-dom sinks-aux-single-dom)  
 hence  $xs \cong \{?ys, \text{rev } (\text{ipurge-tr } (I^{-1}) \ D \ u \ (\text{rev } xs))\},$   
 $\lambda y \ ys. D \ y \in \text{sinks } (I^{-1}) \ D \ u \ (\text{rev } (y \# ys))\}$   
 (is  $- \cong \{-, ?zs, ?P\}$ )  
 by (simp only: sinks-interference-eq, simp)  
 moreover have  $xs \cong \{?ys', ?zs, ?P\}$  by (rule Interleaves-ipurge-tr)  
 ultimately show  $?thesis$  by (rule Interleaves-equal-fst)  
 qed

**lemma** *ipurge-tr-all*:  
 $(\text{ipurge-tr } I \ D \ u \ xs = xs) = (\neg (\exists v \in D \ ' \text{set } xs. (u, v) \in I))$   
 by (subst ipurge-tr-aux-single-dom [symmetric], simp add: ipurge-tr-aux-all)

**lemma** *ipurge-tr-rev-all*:  
 $\forall v \in D \ ' \text{set } xs. (v, u) \in I \implies \text{ipurge-tr-rev } I \ D \ u \ xs = xs$   
**proof** (subst ipurge-tr-rev-aux-single-dom [symmetric], rule ipurge-tr-rev-aux-all)  
 qed (simp (no-asm-simp))

### 1.3 A domain-relation map based on intransitive purge

In what follows, constant *rel-ipurge* is defined as the domain-relation map that associates each domain  $u$  to the relation comprised of the pairs of traces whose images under function  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev } I \ D \ u$  are equal, viz. whose events affecting  $u$  are the same.

An auxiliary domain set-relation map, *rel-ipurge-aux*, is also defined by replacing *ipurge-tr-rev* with *ipurge-tr-rev-aux*, so as to exploit the distributivity of the latter function over list concatenation. Unsurprisingly, since *ipurge-tr-rev-aux* degenerates into *ipurge-tr-rev* for a singleton set of domains, the same happens for *rel-ipurge-aux* and *rel-ipurge*.

Subsequently, some basic properties of domain-relation map *rel-ipurge* are proven, namely that it is a view partition, and is future consistent if and only if it is weakly future consistent. The nontrivial implication, viz. the direct

one, derives from the fact that for each domain  $u$  allowed to be affected by any event domain, function  $ipurge\text{-}tr\text{-}rev\ I\ D\ u$  matches the identity function, so that two traces are correlated by the image of  $rel\text{-}ipurge$  under  $u$  just in case they are equal.

**definition**  $rel\text{-}ipurge ::$

$'a\ process \Rightarrow ('d \times 'd)\ set \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'd) \Rightarrow ('a, 'd)\ dom\text{-}rel\text{-}map$  **where**  
 $rel\text{-}ipurge\ P\ I\ D\ u \equiv \{(xs, ys). xs \in traces\ P \wedge ys \in traces\ P \wedge$   
 $ipurge\text{-}tr\text{-}rev\ I\ D\ u\ xs = ipurge\text{-}tr\text{-}rev\ I\ D\ u\ ys\}$

**definition**  $rel\text{-}ipurge\text{-}aux ::$

$'a\ process \Rightarrow ('d \times 'd)\ set \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'd) \Rightarrow ('a, 'd)\ domset\text{-}rel\text{-}map$  **where**  
 $rel\text{-}ipurge\text{-}aux\ P\ I\ D\ U \equiv \{(xs, ys). xs \in traces\ P \wedge ys \in traces\ P \wedge$   
 $ipurge\text{-}tr\text{-}rev\text{-}aux\ I\ D\ U\ xs = ipurge\text{-}tr\text{-}rev\text{-}aux\ I\ D\ U\ ys\}$

**lemma**  $rel\text{-}ipurge\text{-}aux\text{-}single\text{-}dom$ :

$rel\text{-}ipurge\text{-}aux\ P\ I\ D\ \{u\} = rel\text{-}ipurge\ P\ I\ D\ u$   
**by** ( $simp\ add$ :  $rel\text{-}ipurge\text{-}def\ rel\text{-}ipurge\text{-}aux\text{-}def\ ipurge\text{-}tr\text{-}rev\text{-}aux\text{-}single\text{-}dom$ )

**lemma**  $view\text{-}partition\text{-}rel\text{-}ipurge$ :

$view\text{-}partition\ P\ D\ (rel\text{-}ipurge\ P\ I\ D)$   
**proof** ( $subst\ view\text{-}partition\text{-}def$ ,  $rule\ ballI$ ,  $rule\ equivI$ )  
**fix**  $u$   
**show**  $refl\text{-}on\ (traces\ P)\ (rel\text{-}ipurge\ P\ I\ D\ u)$   
**proof** ( $rule\ refl\text{-}onI$ ,  $simp\text{-}all\ add$ :  $rel\text{-}ipurge\text{-}def$ )  
**qed** ( $rule\ subsetI$ ,  $simp\ add$ :  $split\text{-}paired\text{-}all$ )  
**next**  
**fix**  $u$   
**show**  $sym\ (rel\text{-}ipurge\ P\ I\ D\ u)$   
**by** ( $rule\ symI$ ,  $simp\ add$ :  $rel\text{-}ipurge\text{-}def$ )  
**next**  
**fix**  $u$   
**show**  $trans\ (rel\text{-}ipurge\ P\ I\ D\ u)$   
**by** ( $rule\ transI$ ,  $simp\ add$ :  $rel\text{-}ipurge\text{-}def$ )  
**qed**

**lemma**  $fc\text{-}equals\text{-}wfc\text{-}rel\text{-}ipurge$ :

$future\text{-}consistent\ P\ D\ (rel\text{-}ipurge\ P\ I\ D) =$   
 $weakly\text{-}future\text{-}consistent\ P\ I\ D\ (rel\text{-}ipurge\ P\ I\ D)$   
**proof** ( $rule\ iffI$ ,  $erule\ fc\text{-}implies\text{-}wfc$ ,  
 $simp\ only$ :  $future\text{-}consistent\text{-}def\ weakly\text{-}future\text{-}consistent\text{-}def$ ,  
 $rule\ ballI$ , ( $rule\ allI$ ) $+$ ,  $rule\ impI$ )  
**fix**  $u\ xs\ ys$   
**assume**  
 $A$ :  $\forall u \in range\ D \cap (-I) \text{ “ } range\ D. \forall xs\ ys. (xs, ys) \in rel\text{-}ipurge\ P\ I\ D\ u \longrightarrow$   
 $next\text{-}dom\text{-}events\ P\ D\ u\ xs = next\text{-}dom\text{-}events\ P\ D\ u\ ys \wedge$   
 $ref\text{-}dom\text{-}events\ P\ D\ u\ xs = ref\text{-}dom\text{-}events\ P\ D\ u\ ys$  **and**  
 $B$ :  $u \in range\ D$  **and**

```

  C: (xs, ys) ∈ rel-ipurge P I D u
show next-dom-events P D u xs = next-dom-events P D u ys ∧
  ref-dom-events P D u xs = ref-dom-events P D u ys
proof (cases u ∈ range D ∩ (−I) “ range D)
  case True
  with A have ∀ xs ys. (xs, ys) ∈ rel-ipurge P I D u ⟶
    next-dom-events P D u xs = next-dom-events P D u ys ∧
    ref-dom-events P D u xs = ref-dom-events P D u ys ..
  hence (xs, ys) ∈ rel-ipurge P I D u ⟶
    next-dom-events P D u xs = next-dom-events P D u ys ∧
    ref-dom-events P D u xs = ref-dom-events P D u ys
  by blast
  thus ?thesis using C ..
next
  case False
  hence D: u ∉ (−I) “ range D using B by simp
  have ipurge-tr-rev I D u xs = ipurge-tr-rev I D u ys
  using C by (simp add: rel-ipurge-def)
  moreover have ∀ zs. ipurge-tr-rev I D u zs = zs
  proof (rule allI, rule ipurge-tr-rev-all, rule ballI, erule imageE, rule ccontr)
    fix v x
    assume (v, u) ∉ I
    hence (v, u) ∈ −I by simp
    moreover assume v = D x
    hence v ∈ range D by simp
    ultimately have u ∈ (−I) “ range D ..
    thus False using D by contradiction
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed

```

#### 1.4 The Ipurge Unwinding Theorem: proof of condition sufficiency

The Ipurge Unwinding Theorem, formalized in what follows as theorem *ipurge-unwinding*, states that a necessary and sufficient condition for the CSP noninterference security [6] of a process being refusals union closed is that domain-relation map *rel-ipurge* be weakly future consistent. Notwithstanding the equivalence of future consistency and weak future consistency for *rel-ipurge* (cf. above), expressing the theorem in terms of the latter reduces the range of the domains to be considered in order to prove or disprove the security of a process, and then is more convenient.

According to the definition of CSP noninterference security formulated in [6], a process is regarded as being secure just in case the occurrence of an event  $e$  may only affect future events allowed to be affected by  $e$ . Identifying security with the weak future consistency of *rel-ipurge* means reversing the

view of the problem with respect to the direction of time. In fact, from this view, a process is secure just in case the occurrence of an event  $e$  may only be affected by past events allowed to affect  $e$ . Therefore, what the Ipurge Unwinding Theorem proves is that ultimately, opposite perspectives with regard to the direction of time give rise to equivalent definitions of the noninterference security of a process.

Here below, it is proven that the condition expressed by the Ipurge Unwinding Theorem is sufficient for security.

**lemma** *ipurge-tr-rev-ipurge-tr-aux-1* [rule-format]:

$U \subseteq \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ ys @ zs) =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs)$

**proof** (induction  $zs$  arbitrary:  $U$  rule: rev-induct, rule-tac [!] impI, simp)

**fix**  $U$

**assume**  $A: U \subseteq \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) []$

**have**  $\forall u \in U. \forall v \in D \text{ ' set } ys. (v, u) \notin I$

**proof**

**fix**  $u$

**assume**  $u \in U$

**with**  $A$  **have**  $u \in \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) []$  ..

**thus**  $\forall v \in D \text{ ' set } ys. (v, u) \notin I$  **by** (simp add: unaffected-domains-def)

**qed**

**hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U ys = []$  **by** (simp add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-nil)

**thus**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ ys) = \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U xs$

**by** (simp add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append-nil)

**next**

**fix**  $z zs U$

**let**  $?U' = \text{insert } (D z) U$

**assume**

$A: \bigwedge U. U \subseteq \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs \longrightarrow$

$\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ ys @ zs) =$

$\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs)$  **and**

$B: U \subseteq \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) (zs @ [z])$

**have**  $C: U \subseteq \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs$

**proof**

**fix**  $u$

**assume**  $u \in U$

**with**  $B$  **have**  $u \in \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) (zs @ [z])$  ..

**thus**  $u \in \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs$

**by** (simp add: unaffected-domains-def)

**qed**

**have**  $D: \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ ys @ zs) =$

$\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs)$

**proof** –

**have**  $U \subseteq \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs \longrightarrow$

$\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ ys @ zs) =$

$\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs)$

```

    using A .
    thus ?thesis using C ..
qed
have E:  $\neg (\exists v \in \text{sinks-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs. (v, D z) \in I) \longrightarrow$ 
   $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D ?U' (xs @ ys @ zs) =$ 
   $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D ?U' (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs)$ 
  (is ?P  $\longrightarrow$  ?Q)
proof
  assume ?P
  have ?U'  $\subseteq$  unaffected-domains I D (D ' set ys) zs  $\longrightarrow$ 
     $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D ?U' (xs @ ys @ zs) =$ 
     $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D ?U' (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs)$ 
    using A .
  moreover have ?U'  $\subseteq$  unaffected-domains I D (D ' set ys) zs
    by (simp add: C, simp add: unaffected-domains-def <?P> [simplified])
  ultimately show ?Q ..
qed
show  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ ys @ zs @ [z]) =$ 
   $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) (zs @ [z]))$ 
proof (cases  $\exists v \in \text{sinks-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs. (v, D z) \in I,$ 
  simp-all (no-asm-simp))
  case True
  have  $\neg (\exists u \in U. (D z, u) \in I)$ 
  proof
    assume  $\exists u \in U. (D z, u) \in I$ 
    then obtain u where F:  $u \in U$  and G:  $(D z, u) \in I$  ..
    have  $D z \in \text{sinks-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) (zs @ [z])$  using True by simp
    with G have  $\exists v \in \text{sinks-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) (zs @ [z]). (v, u) \in I$  ..
    moreover have  $u \in \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) (zs @ [z])$ 
      using B and F ..
    hence  $\neg (\exists v \in \text{sinks-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) (zs @ [z]). (v, u) \in I)$ 
      by (simp add: unaffected-domains-def)
    ultimately show False by contradiction
  qed
  hence  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U ((xs @ ys @ zs) @ [z]) =$ 
     $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ ys @ zs)$ 
    by (subst ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append, simp)
  also have ... =  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U$ 
     $(xs @ \text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs)$ 
    using D .
  finally show  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ ys @ zs @ [z]) =$ 
     $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs)$ 
    by simp
next
  case False
  note F = this
  show  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ ys @ zs @ [z]) =$ 
     $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs @ [z])$ 
  proof (cases  $\exists u \in U. (D z, u) \in I$ )

```

```

case True
hence ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U ((xs @ ys @ zs) @ [z]) =
  ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D ?U' (xs @ ys @ zs) @ [z]
by (subst ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append, simp)
also have ... =
  ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D ?U' (xs @ ipurge-tr-aux I D (D ' set ys) zs) @ [z]
using E and F by simp
also have ... =
  ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U ((xs @ ipurge-tr-aux I D (D ' set ys) zs) @ [z])
using True by (subst ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append, simp)
finally show ?thesis by simp
next
case False
hence ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U ((xs @ ys @ zs) @ [z]) =
  ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (xs @ ys @ zs)
by (subst ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append, simp)
also have ... =
  ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (xs @ ipurge-tr-aux I D (D ' set ys) zs)
using D .
also have ... =
  ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U ((xs @ ipurge-tr-aux I D (D ' set ys) zs) @ [z])
using False by (subst ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append, simp)
finally show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed
qed

lemma ipurge-tr-rev-ipurge-tr-aux-2 [rule-format]:
  U ⊆ unaffected-domains I D (D ' set ys) zs →
  ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (xs @ ys) =
  ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (xs @ ys @ ipurge-tr-aux I D (D ' set ys) zs)
proof (induction zs arbitrary: U rule: rev-induct, rule-tac [!] impI, simp)
  fix U
  assume A: U ⊆ unaffected-domains I D (D ' set ys) []
  have ∀ u ∈ U. ∀ v ∈ D ' set ys. (v, u) ∉ I
  proof
    fix u
    assume u ∈ U
    with A have u ∈ unaffected-domains I D (D ' set ys) [] ..
    thus ∀ v ∈ D ' set ys. (v, u) ∉ I by (simp add: unaffected-domains-def)
  qed
  hence ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U ys = [] by (simp add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-nil)
  hence ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (xs @ ys) = ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U xs
  by (simp add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append-nil)
  thus ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U xs = ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (xs @ ys) ..
next
  fix z zs U
  let ?U' = insert (D z) U
  assume

```

$A: \bigwedge U. U \subseteq \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ zs) =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ ys @ \text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs) \text{ and}$   
 $B: U \subseteq \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) (zs @ [z])$   
**have**  $C: U \subseteq \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs$   
**proof**  
**fix**  $u$   
**assume**  $u \in U$   
**with**  $B$  **have**  $u \in \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) (zs @ [z]) \dots$   
**thus**  $u \in \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs$   
**by** (*simp add: unaffected-domains-def*)  
**qed**  
**have**  $D: \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ zs) =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ ys @ \text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs)$   
**proof**  $-$   
**have**  $U \subseteq \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ zs) =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ ys @ \text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs)$   
**using**  $A$  .  
**thus** *?thesis using C* ..  
**qed**  
**have**  $E: \neg (\exists v \in \text{sinks-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs. (v, D z) \in I) \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D ?U' (xs @ zs) =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D ?U' (xs @ ys @ \text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs)$   
**(is ?P  $\longrightarrow$  ?Q)**  
**proof**  
**assume** *?P*  
**have**  $?U' \subseteq \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D ?U' (xs @ zs) =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D ?U' (xs @ ys @ \text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs)$   
**using**  $A$  .  
**moreover have**  $?U' \subseteq \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs$   
**by** (*simp add: C, simp add: unaffected-domains-def <?P> [simplified]*)  
**ultimately show** *?Q* ..  
**qed**  
**show**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ zs @ [z]) =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D U (xs @ ys @ \text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) (zs @ [z]))$   
**proof** (*cases  $\exists v \in \text{sinks-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) zs. (v, D z) \in I$ , simp-all (no-asm-simp)*)  
**case** *True*  
**have**  $\neg (\exists u \in U. (D z, u) \in I)$   
**proof**  
**assume**  $\exists u \in U. (D z, u) \in I$   
**then obtain**  $u$  **where**  $F: u \in U$  **and**  $G: (D z, u) \in I$  ..  
**have**  $D z \in \text{sinks-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) (zs @ [z])$  **using** *True* **by** *simp*  
**with**  $G$  **have**  $\exists v \in \text{sinks-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) (zs @ [z]). (v, u) \in I$  ..  
**moreover have**  $u \in \text{unaffected-domains } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) (zs @ [z])$   
**using**  $B$  **and**  $F$  ..  
**hence**  $\neg (\exists v \in \text{sinks-aux } I D (D \text{ ' set } ys) (zs @ [z]). (v, u) \in I)$

```

    by (simp add: unaffected-domains-def)
  ultimately show False by contradiction
qed
hence ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U ((xs @ zs) @ [z]) =
  ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (xs @ zs)
  by (subst ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append, simp)
also have
  ... = ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (xs @ ys @ ipurge-tr-aux I D (D ' set ys) zs)
  using D .
finally show ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (xs @ zs @ [z]) =
  ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (xs @ ys @ ipurge-tr-aux I D (D ' set ys) zs)
  by simp
next
case False
note F = this
show ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (xs @ zs @ [z]) =
  ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (xs @ ys @ ipurge-tr-aux I D (D ' set ys) zs @ [z])
proof (cases  $\exists u \in U. (D z, u) \in I$ )
case True
hence ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U ((xs @ zs) @ [z]) =
  ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D ?U' (xs @ zs) @ [z]
  by (subst ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append, simp)
also have ... =
  ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D ?U'
  (xs @ ys @ ipurge-tr-aux I D (D ' set ys) zs) @ [z]
  using E and F by simp
also have ... =
  ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U
  ((xs @ ys @ ipurge-tr-aux I D (D ' set ys) zs) @ [z])
  using True by (subst ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append, simp)
finally show ?thesis by simp
next
case False
hence ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U ((xs @ zs) @ [z]) =
  ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (xs @ zs)
  by (subst ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append, simp)
also have ... =
  ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U (xs @ ys @ ipurge-tr-aux I D (D ' set ys) zs)
  using D .
also have ... =
  ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D U
  ((xs @ ys @ ipurge-tr-aux I D (D ' set ys) zs) @ [z])
  using False by (subst ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append, simp)
finally show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed
qed

```

lemma ipurge-tr-rev-ipurge-tr-1:



**assumes**  $A: u \in \text{unaffected-domains } I D \{D y\} zs$   
**shows**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev } I D u (xs @ y \# zs) =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev } I D u (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs)$   
**proof** –  
**have**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev } I D u (xs @ y \# zs) =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D \{u\} (xs @ [y] @ zs)$   
**by** (*simp add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-single-dom*)  
**also have**  $\dots = \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D \{u\}$   
 $(xs @ \text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D (D ' \text{set } [y]) zs)$   
**by** (*rule ipurge-tr-rev-ipurge-tr-aux-1, simp add: A*)  
**also have**  $\dots = \text{ipurge-tr-rev } I D u (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs)$   
**by** (*simp add: ipurge-tr-aux-single-dom ipurge-tr-rev-aux-single-dom*)  
**finally show** ?thesis .  
**qed**

**lemma ipurge-tr-rev-ipurge-tr-2:**  
**assumes**  $A: u \in \text{unaffected-domains } I D \{D y\} zs$   
**shows**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev } I D u (xs @ zs) =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev } I D u (xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs)$   
**proof** –  
**have**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev } I D u (xs @ zs) = \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D \{u\} (xs @ zs)$   
**by** (*simp add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-single-dom*)  
**also have**  
 $\dots = \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D \{u\} (xs @ [y] @ \text{ipurge-tr-aux } I D (D ' \text{set } [y]) zs)$   
**by** (*rule ipurge-tr-rev-ipurge-tr-aux-2, simp add: A*)  
**also have**  $\dots = \text{ipurge-tr-rev } I D u (xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs)$   
**by** (*simp add: ipurge-tr-aux-single-dom ipurge-tr-rev-aux-single-dom*)  
**finally show** ?thesis .  
**qed**

**lemma iu-condition-imply-secure-aux-1:**  
**assumes**  
 $RUC: \text{ref-union-closed } P$  **and**  
 $IU: \text{weakly-future-consistent } P I D (\text{rel-ipurge } P I D)$  **and**  
 $A: (xs @ y \# ys, Y) \in \text{failures } P$  **and**  
 $B: xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys \in \text{traces } P$  **and**  
 $C: \exists y'. y' \in \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) ys Y$   
**shows**  $(xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys, \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) ys Y) \in \text{failures } P$   
**proof** –  
**let** ?A = *singleton-set* (*ipurge-ref* *I D* (*D y*) *ys Y*)  
**have**  $(\exists X. X \in ?A) \longrightarrow$   
 $(\forall X \in ?A. (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys, X) \in \text{failures } P) \longrightarrow$   
 $(xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys, \bigcup X \in ?A. X) \in \text{failures } P$   
**using** *RUC* **by** (*simp add: ref-union-closed-def*)  
**moreover obtain**  $y'$  **where**  $D: y' \in \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) ys Y$  **using** *C* ..  
**hence**  $\exists X. X \in ?A$  **by** (*simp add: singleton-set-some, rule exI*)  
**ultimately have**  $(\forall X \in ?A. (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys, X) \in \text{failures } P) \longrightarrow$   
 $(xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys, \bigcup X \in ?A. X) \in \text{failures } P$  ..  
**moreover have**  $\forall X \in ?A. (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys, X) \in \text{failures } P$

**proof** (rule ballI, simp add: singleton-set-def, erule bexE, simp)  
**fix**  $y'$   
**have**  $\forall u \in \text{range } D \cap (-I) \text{ `` range } D.$   
 $\forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P \ I \ D \ u \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$   
**using**  $IU$  **by** (simp add: weakly-future-consistent-def)  
**moreover assume**  $E: y' \in \text{ipurge-ref } I \ D \ (D \ y) \ ys \ Y$   
**hence**  $(D \ y, D \ y') \notin I$  **by** (simp add: ipurge-ref-def)  
**hence**  $D \ y' \in \text{range } D \cap (-I) \text{ `` range } D$  **by** (simp add: Image-iff, rule exI)  
**ultimately have**  $\forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P \ I \ D \ (D \ y') \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ (D \ y') \ xs = \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ (D \ y') \ ys \ ..$   
**hence**  
 $F: (xs @ y \# ys, xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I \ D \ (D \ y) \ ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P \ I \ D \ (D \ y') \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ (D \ y') \ (xs @ y \# ys) =$   
 $\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ (D \ y') \ (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I \ D \ (D \ y) \ ys)$   
**by** blast  
**have**  $y' \in \{x \in Y. D \ x \in \text{unaffected-domains } I \ D \ \{D \ y\} \ ys\}$   
**using**  $E$  **by** (simp add: unaffected-domains-single-dom)  
**hence**  $D \ y' \in \text{unaffected-domains } I \ D \ \{D \ y\} \ ys$  **by** simp  
**hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev } I \ D \ (D \ y') \ (xs @ y \# ys) =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev } I \ D \ (D \ y') \ (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I \ D \ (D \ y) \ ys)$   
**by** (rule ipurge-tr-rev-ipurge-tr-1)  
**moreover have**  $xs @ y \# ys \in \text{traces } P$  **using**  $A$  **by** (rule failures-traces)  
**ultimately have**  
 $(xs @ y \# ys, xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I \ D \ (D \ y) \ ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P \ I \ D \ (D \ y')$   
**using**  $B$  **by** (simp add: rel-ipurge-def)  
**with**  $F$  **have**  $\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ (D \ y') \ (xs @ y \# ys) =$   
 $\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ (D \ y') \ (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I \ D \ (D \ y) \ ys) \ ..$   
**moreover have**  $y' \in \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ (D \ y') \ (xs @ y \# ys)$   
**proof** (simp add: ref-dom-events-def refusals-def)  
**have**  $\{y'\} \subseteq Y$  **using**  $E$  **by** (simp add: ipurge-ref-def)  
**with**  $A$  **show**  $(xs @ y \# ys, \{y'\}) \in \text{failures } P$  **by** (rule process-rule-3)  
**qed**  
**ultimately have**  $y' \in \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ (D \ y')$   
 $(xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I \ D \ (D \ y) \ ys)$   
**by** simp  
**thus**  $(xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I \ D \ (D \ y) \ ys, \{y'\}) \in \text{failures } P$   
**by** (simp add: ref-dom-events-def refusals-def)  
**qed**  
**ultimately have**  $(xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I \ D \ (D \ y) \ ys, \bigcup X \in ?A. X) \in \text{failures } P \ ..$   
**thus**  $?thesis$  **by** (simp only: singleton-set-union)  
**qed**

**lemma** *iu-condition-imply-secure-aux-2:*

**assumes**

$RUC: \text{ref-union-closed } P$  **and**

$IU: \text{weakly-future-consistent } P \ I \ D \ (\text{rel-ipurge } P \ I \ D)$  **and**

$A: (xs @ zs, Z) \in \text{failures } P$  **and**

$B: xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I \ D \ (D \ y) \ zs \in \text{traces } P$  **and**

$C: \exists z'. z' \in \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) zs Z$   
**shows**  $(xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs, \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) zs Z) \in \text{failures } P$   
**proof** –  
**let**  $?A = \text{singleton-set } (\text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) zs Z)$   
**have**  $(\exists X. X \in ?A) \longrightarrow$   
 $(\forall X \in ?A. (xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs, X) \in \text{failures } P) \longrightarrow$   
 $(xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs, \bigcup X \in ?A. X) \in \text{failures } P$   
**using** *RUC* **by** (*simp add: ref-union-closed-def*)  
**moreover obtain**  $z'$  **where**  $D: z' \in \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) zs Z$  **using** *C* ..  
**hence**  $\exists X. X \in ?A$  **by** (*simp add: singleton-set-some, rule exI*)  
**ultimately have**  
 $(\forall X \in ?A. (xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs, X) \in \text{failures } P) \longrightarrow$   
 $(xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs, \bigcup X \in ?A. X) \in \text{failures } P$  ..  
**moreover have**  $\forall X \in ?A. (xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs, X) \in \text{failures } P$   
**proof** (*rule ballI, simp add: singleton-set-def, erule bexE, simp*)  
**fix**  $z'$   
**have**  $\forall u \in \text{range } D \cap (-I) \text{ “ range } D.$   
 $\forall xs ys. (xs, ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P I D u \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{ref-dom-events } P D u xs = \text{ref-dom-events } P D u ys$   
**using** *IU* **by** (*simp add: weakly-future-consistent-def*)  
**moreover assume**  $E: z' \in \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) zs Z$   
**hence**  $(D y, D z') \notin I$  **by** (*simp add: ipurge-ref-def*)  
**hence**  $D z' \in \text{range } D \cap (-I) \text{ “ range } D$  **by** (*simp add: Image-iff, rule exI*)  
**ultimately have**  $\forall xs ys. (xs, ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P I D (D z') \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{ref-dom-events } P D (D z') xs = \text{ref-dom-events } P D (D z') ys$  ..  
**hence**  
 $F: (xs @ zs, xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P I D (D z') \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{ref-dom-events } P D (D z') (xs @ zs) =$   
 $\text{ref-dom-events } P D (D z') (xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs)$   
**by** *blast*  
**have**  $z' \in \{x \in Z. D x \in \text{unaffected-domains } I D \{D y\} zs\}$   
**using** *E* **by** (*simp add: unaffected-domains-single-dom*)  
**hence**  $D z' \in \text{unaffected-domains } I D \{D y\} zs$  **by** *simp*  
**hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev } I D (D z') (xs @ zs) =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev } I D (D z') (xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs)$   
**by** (*rule ipurge-tr-rev-ipurge-tr-2*)  
**moreover have**  $xs @ zs \in \text{traces } P$  **using** *A* **by** (*rule failures-traces*)  
**ultimately have**  
 $(xs @ zs, xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P I D (D z')$   
**using** *B* **by** (*simp add: rel-ipurge-def*)  
**with** *F* **have**  $\text{ref-dom-events } P D (D z') (xs @ zs) =$   
 $\text{ref-dom-events } P D (D z') (xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs)$  ..  
**moreover have**  $z' \in \text{ref-dom-events } P D (D z') (xs @ zs)$   
**proof** (*simp add: ref-dom-events-def refusals-def*)  
**have**  $\{z'\} \subseteq Z$  **using** *E* **by** (*simp add: ipurge-ref-def*)  
**with** *A* **show**  $(xs @ zs, \{z'\}) \in \text{failures } P$  **by** (*rule process-rule-3*)  
**qed**  
**ultimately have**  $z' \in \text{ref-dom-events } P D (D z')$   
 $(xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs)$

by *simp*  
 thus  $(xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs, \{z'\}) \in \text{failures } P$   
 by (*simp add: ref-dom-events-def refusals-def*)  
 qed  
 ultimately have  
 $(xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs, \bigcup X \in ?A. X) \in \text{failures } P ..$   
 thus *?thesis* by (*simp only: singleton-set-union*)  
 qed

**lemma** *iu-condition-imply-secure-1* [rule-format]:  
 assumes  
   *RUC*: *ref-union-closed* *P* and  
   *IU*: *weakly-future-consistent* *P* *I D* (*rel-ipurge* *P* *I D*)  
 shows  $(xs @ y \# ys, Y) \in \text{failures } P \longrightarrow$   
    $(xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys, \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) ys Y) \in \text{failures } P$   
**proof** (*induction* *ys* *arbitrary*: *Y* *rule*: *rev-induct*, *rule-tac* [!] *impI*)  
 fix *Y*  
 assume *A*:  $(xs @ [y], Y) \in \text{failures } P$   
 show  $(xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) [], \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) [] Y) \in \text{failures } P$   
**proof** (*cases*  $\exists y'. y' \in \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) [] Y$ )  
   case *True*  
     have  $xs @ [y] \in \text{traces } P$  **using** *A* **by** (*rule failures-traces*)  
     hence  $xs \in \text{traces } P$  **by** (*rule process-rule-2-traces*)  
     hence  $xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) [] \in \text{traces } P$  **by** *simp*  
     with *RUC* and *IU* and *A* **show** *?thesis*  
     **using** *True* **by** (*rule iu-condition-imply-secure-aux-1*)  
   next  
   case *False*  
     **moreover** have  $(xs, \{\}) \in \text{failures } P$  **using** *A* **by** (*rule process-rule-2*)  
     **ultimately show** *?thesis* **by** *simp*  
   qed  
 next  
 fix *y'* *ys* *Y*  
 assume  
   *A*:  $\bigwedge Y'. (xs @ y \# ys, Y') \in \text{failures } P \longrightarrow$   
      $(xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys, \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) ys Y') \in \text{failures } P$  **and**  
   *B*:  $(xs @ y \# ys @ [y'], Y) \in \text{failures } P$   
 have  $(xs @ y \# ys, \{\}) \in \text{failures } P \longrightarrow$   
    $(xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys, \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) ys \{\}) \in \text{failures } P$   
   (is  $\longrightarrow (-, ?Y') \in -$ )  
   **using** *A* .  
**moreover** have  $((xs @ y \# ys) @ [y'], Y) \in \text{failures } P$  **using** *B* **by** *simp*  
 hence *C*:  $(xs @ y \# ys, \{\}) \in \text{failures } P$  **by** (*rule process-rule-2*)  
**ultimately have**  $(xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys, ?Y') \in \text{failures } P ..$   
**moreover** have  $\{\} \subseteq ?Y' ..$   
**ultimately have** *D*:  $(xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys, \{\}) \in \text{failures } P$   
   **by** (*rule process-rule-3*)  
 have *E*:  $xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) (ys @ [y']) \in \text{traces } P$   
**proof** (*cases* *D* *y' \in sinks* *I D (D y) (ys @ [y'])*)

**case** *True*  
**hence**  $(xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) (ys @ [y']), \{\}) \in \text{failures } P$  **using** *D* **by** *simp*  
**thus** *?thesis* **by** (rule *failures-traces*)  
**next**  
**case** *False*  
**have**  $\forall u \in \text{range } D \cap (-I) \text{ “ range } D.$   
 $\forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P I D u \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P D u xs = \text{next-dom-events } P D u ys$   
**using** *IU* **by** (*simp* add: *weakly-future-consistent-def*)  
**moreover** **have**  $(D y, D y') \notin I$   
**using** *False* **by** (*simp* add: *sinks-interference-eq* [*symmetric*] del: *sinks.simps*)  
**hence**  $D y' \in \text{range } D \cap (-I) \text{ “ range } D$  **by** (*simp* add: *Image-iff*, rule *exI*)  
**ultimately** **have**  $\forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P I D (D y') \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P D (D y') xs = \text{next-dom-events } P D (D y') ys \dots$   
**hence**  
 $F: (xs @ y \# ys, xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P I D (D y') \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P D (D y') (xs @ y \# ys) =$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P D (D y') (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys)$   
**by** *blast*  
**have**  $\forall v \in \text{insert } (D y) (\text{sinks } I D (D y) ys). (v, D y') \notin I$   
**using** *False* **by** (*simp* add: *sinks-interference-eq* [*symmetric*] del: *sinks.simps*)  
**hence**  $\forall v \in \text{sinks-aux } I D \{D y\} ys. (v, D y') \notin I$   
**by** (*simp* add: *sinks-aux-single-dom*)  
**hence**  $D y' \in \text{unaffected-domains } I D \{D y\} ys$   
**by** (*simp* add: *unaffected-domains-def*)  
**hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev } I D (D y') (xs @ y \# ys) =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev } I D (D y') (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys)$   
**by** (rule *ipurge-tr-rev-ipurge-tr-1*)  
**moreover** **have**  $xs @ y \# ys \in \text{traces } P$  **using** *C* **by** (rule *failures-traces*)  
**moreover** **have**  $xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys \in \text{traces } P$   
**using** *D* **by** (rule *failures-traces*)  
**ultimately** **have**  
 $(xs @ y \# ys, xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P I D (D y')$   
**by** (*simp* add: *rel-ipurge-def*)  
**with** *F* **have**  $\text{next-dom-events } P D (D y') (xs @ y \# ys) =$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P D (D y') (xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys) \dots$   
**moreover** **have**  $y' \in \text{next-dom-events } P D (D y') (xs @ y \# ys)$   
**proof** (*simp* add: *next-dom-events-def* *next-events-def*)  
**qed** (rule *failures-traces* [*OF B*])  
**ultimately** **have**  $y' \in \text{next-dom-events } P D (D y')$   
 $(xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys)$   
**by** *simp*  
**hence**  $xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) ys @ [y'] \in \text{traces } P$   
**by** (*simp* add: *next-dom-events-def* *next-events-def*)  
**thus** *?thesis* **using** *False* **by** *simp*  
**qed**  
**show**  $(xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) (ys @ [y']), \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) (ys @ [y']) Y)$   
 $\in \text{failures } P$   
**proof** (*cases*  $\exists x. x \in \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) (ys @ [y']) Y$ )

```

    case True
  with RUC and IU and B and E show ?thesis by (rule iu-condition-imply-secure-aux-1)
next
  case False
  moreover have  $(xs @ \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) (ys @ [y']), \{\}) \in \text{failures } P$ 
  using E by (rule traces-failures)
  ultimately show ?thesis by simp
qed
qed

lemma iu-condition-imply-secure-2 [rule-format]:
  assumes
    RUC: ref-union-closed P and
    IU: weakly-future-consistent P I D (rel-ipurge P I D) and
    Y:  $xs @ [y] \in \text{traces } P$ 
  shows  $(xs @ zs, Z) \in \text{failures } P \longrightarrow$ 
     $(xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs, \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) zs Z) \in \text{failures } P$ 
proof (induction zs arbitrary: Z rule: rev-induct, rule-tac [!] impI)
  fix Z
  assume A:  $(xs @ [], Z) \in \text{failures } P$ 
  show  $(xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) [], \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) [] Z) \in \text{failures } P$ 
proof (cases  $\exists z'. z' \in \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) [] Z$ )
  case True
  have  $xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) [] \in \text{traces } P$  using Y by simp
  with RUC and IU and A show ?thesis
  using True by (rule iu-condition-imply-secure-aux-2)
next
  case False
  moreover have  $(xs @ [y], \{\}) \in \text{failures } P$  using Y by (rule traces-failures)
  ultimately show ?thesis by simp
qed
next
  fix z zs Z
  assume
    A:  $\bigwedge Z. (xs @ zs, Z) \in \text{failures } P \longrightarrow$ 
       $(xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs, \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) zs Z) \in \text{failures } P$  and
    B:  $(xs @ zs @ [z], Z) \in \text{failures } P$ 
  have  $(xs @ zs, \{\}) \in \text{failures } P \longrightarrow$ 
     $(xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs, \text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) zs \{\}) \in \text{failures } P$ 
    (is  $- \longrightarrow (-, ?Z') \in -$ )
  using A .
  moreover have  $((xs @ zs) @ [z], Z) \in \text{failures } P$  using B by simp
  hence C:  $(xs @ zs, \{\}) \in \text{failures } P$  by (rule process-rule-2)
  ultimately have  $(xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs, ?Z') \in \text{failures } P$  ..
  moreover have  $\{\} \subseteq ?Z'$  ..
  ultimately have D:  $(xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs, \{\}) \in \text{failures } P$ 
    by (rule process-rule-3)
  have E:  $xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) (zs @ [z]) \in \text{traces } P$ 
proof (cases  $D z \in \text{sinks } I D (D y) (zs @ [z])$ )

```

**case** *True*  
**hence**  $(xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) (zs @ [z]), \{\}) \in \text{failures } P$   
**using** *D* **by** *simp*  
**thus** *?thesis* **by** (rule *failures-traces*)  
**next**  
**case** *False*  
**have**  $\forall u \in \text{range } D \cap (-I) \text{ “ range } D.$   
 $\forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P I D u \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P D u xs = \text{next-dom-events } P D u ys$   
**using** *IU* **by** (*simp* add: *weakly-future-consistent-def*)  
**moreover** **have**  $(D y, D z) \notin I$   
**using** *False* **by** (*simp* add: *sinks-interference-eq* [*symmetric*] del: *sinks.simps*)  
**hence**  $D z \in \text{range } D \cap (-I) \text{ “ range } D$  **by** (*simp* add: *Image-iff*, rule *exI*)  
**ultimately** **have**  $\forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P I D (D z) \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P D (D z) xs = \text{next-dom-events } P D (D z) ys \dots$   
**hence**  
 $F: (xs @ zs, xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P I D (D z) \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P D (D z) (xs @ zs) =$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P D (D z) (xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs)$   
**by** *blast*  
**have**  $\forall v \in \text{insert } (D y) (\text{sinks } I D (D y) zs). (v, D z) \notin I$   
**using** *False* **by** (*simp* add: *sinks-interference-eq* [*symmetric*] del: *sinks.simps*)  
**hence**  $\forall v \in \text{sinks-aux } I D \{D y\} zs. (v, D z) \notin I$   
**by** (*simp* add: *sinks-aux-single-dom*)  
**hence**  $D z \in \text{unaffected-domains } I D \{D y\} zs$   
**by** (*simp* add: *unaffected-domains-def*)  
**hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev } I D (D z) (xs @ zs) =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev } I D (D z) (xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs)$   
**by** (rule *ipurge-tr-rev-ipurge-tr-2*)  
**moreover** **have**  $xs @ zs \in \text{traces } P$  **using** *C* **by** (rule *failures-traces*)  
**moreover** **have**  $xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs \in \text{traces } P$   
**using** *D* **by** (rule *failures-traces*)  
**ultimately** **have**  
 $(xs @ zs, xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P I D (D z)$   
**by** (*simp* add: *rel-ipurge-def*)  
**with** *F* **have**  $\text{next-dom-events } P D (D z) (xs @ zs) =$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P D (D z) (xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs) \dots$   
**moreover** **have**  $z \in \text{next-dom-events } P D (D z) (xs @ zs)$   
**proof** (*simp* add: *next-dom-events-def* *next-events-def*)  
**qed** (rule *failures-traces* [*OF B*])  
**ultimately** **have**  $z \in \text{next-dom-events } P D (D z)$   
 $(xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs)$   
**by** *simp*  
**hence**  $xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) zs @ [z] \in \text{traces } P$   
**by** (*simp* add: *next-dom-events-def* *next-events-def*)  
**thus** *?thesis* **using** *False* **by** *simp*  
**qed**  
**show**  $(xs @ y \# \text{ipurge-tr } I D (D y) (zs @ [z]),$   
 $\text{ipurge-ref } I D (D y) (zs @ [z]) Z)$

```

    ∈ failures P
  proof (cases ∃ x. x ∈ ipurge-ref I D (D y) (zs @ [z]) Z)
    case True
    with RUC and IU and B and E show ?thesis by (rule iu-condition-imply-secure-aux-2)
  next
    case False
    moreover have (xs @ y # ipurge-tr I D (D y) (zs @ [z]), {}) ∈ failures P
    using E by (rule traces-failures)
    ultimately show ?thesis by simp
  qed
qed

```

**theorem** *iu-condition-imply-secure*:

```

  assumes
    RUC: ref-union-closed P and
    IU: weakly-future-consistent P I D (rel-ipurge P I D)
  shows secure P I D
proof (simp add: secure-def futures-def, (rule allI)+, rule impI, erule conjE)
  fix xs y ys Y zs Z
  assume
    A: (xs @ y # ys, Y) ∈ failures P and
    B: (xs @ zs, Z) ∈ failures P
  show (xs @ ipurge-tr I D (D y) ys, ipurge-ref I D (D y) ys Y) ∈ failures P ∧
    (xs @ y # ipurge-tr I D (D y) zs, ipurge-ref I D (D y) zs Z) ∈ failures P
  (is ?P ∧ ?Q)
proof
  show ?P using RUC and IU and A by (rule iu-condition-imply-secure-1)
next
  have ((xs @ [y]) @ ys, Y) ∈ failures P using A by simp
  hence (xs @ [y], {}) ∈ failures P by (rule process-rule-2-failures)
  hence xs @ [y] ∈ traces P by (rule failures-traces)
  with RUC and IU show ?Q using B by (rule iu-condition-imply-secure-2)
qed
qed

```

## 1.5 The Ipurge Unwinding Theorem: proof of condition necessity

Here below, it is proven that the condition expressed by the Ipurge Unwinding Theorem is necessary for security. Finally, the lemmas concerning condition sufficiency and necessity are gathered in the main theorem.

**lemma** *secure-implies-failure-consistency-aux* [rule-format]:

```

  assumes S: secure P I D
  shows (xs @ ys @ zs, X) ∈ failures P ⟶
    ipurge-tr-rev-aux I D (D ' (X ∪ set zs)) ys = [] ⟶ (xs @ zs, X) ∈ failures P
proof (induction ys rule: rev-induct, simp-all, (rule impI)+)
  fix y ys

```



**assume** \*: *ipurge-tr-rev-aux*  $I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) (ys @ [y]) = []$   
**then have**  $A: \neg (\exists v \in D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs). (D y, v) \in I)$   
     **by** (*cases*  $\exists v \in D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs). (D y, v) \in I$ ,  
         *simp-all add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append*)  
**with** \* **have**  $B: \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) ys = []$   
     **by** (*simp add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append*)  
**assume**  $(xs @ ys @ y \# zs, X) \in \text{failures } P$   
**hence**  $(y \# zs, X) \in \text{futures } P (xs @ ys)$  **by** (*simp add: futures-def*)  
**hence** (*ipurge-tr*  $I D (D y) zs$ , *ipurge-ref*  $I D (D y) zs X$ )  
      $\in \text{futures } P (xs @ ys)$   
     **using**  $S$  **by** (*simp add: secure-def*)  
**moreover have** *ipurge-tr*  $I D (D y) zs = zs$  **using**  $A$  **by** (*simp add: ipurge-tr-all*)  
**moreover have** *ipurge-ref*  $I D (D y) zs X = X$  **using**  $A$  **by** (*rule ipurge-ref-all*)  
**ultimately have**  $(zs, X) \in \text{futures } P (xs @ ys)$  **by** *simp*  
**hence**  $C: (xs @ ys @ zs, X) \in \text{failures } P$  **by** (*simp add: futures-def*)  
**assume**  $(xs @ ys @ zs, X) \in \text{failures } P \longrightarrow$   
     *ipurge-tr-rev-aux*  $I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) ys = [] \longrightarrow$   
      $(xs @ zs, X) \in \text{failures } P$   
**hence** *ipurge-tr-rev-aux*  $I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) ys = [] \longrightarrow$   
      $(xs @ zs, X) \in \text{failures } P$   
     **using**  $C$  **..**  
**thus**  $(xs @ zs, X) \in \text{failures } P$  **using**  $B$  **..**  
**qed**

**lemma** *secure-implies-failure-consistency* [*rule-format*]:  
     **assumes**  $S: \text{secure } P I D$   
     **shows**  $(xs, ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge-aux } P I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) \longrightarrow$   
          $(xs @ zs, X) \in \text{failures } P \longrightarrow (ys @ zs, X) \in \text{failures } P$   
**proof** (*induction*  $ys$  *arbitrary: xs zs rule: rev-induct*,  
     *simp-all add: rel-ipurge-aux-def, (rule-tac [!] impI)+, (erule-tac [!] conjE)+*)  
     **fix**  $xs zs$   
     **assume**  $(xs @ zs, X) \in \text{failures } P$   
     **hence**  $([] @ xs @ zs, X) \in \text{failures } P$  **by** *simp*  
     **moreover assume** *ipurge-tr-rev-aux*  $I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) xs = []$   
     **ultimately have**  $([] @ zs, X) \in \text{failures } P$   
         **using**  $S$  **by** (*rule-tac secure-implies-failure-consistency-aux*)  
     **thus**  $(zs, X) \in \text{failures } P$  **by** *simp*  
**next**  
     **fix**  $y ys xs zs$   
     **assume**  
          $A: \bigwedge xs' zs'. xs' \in \text{traces } P \wedge ys \in \text{traces } P \wedge$   
             *ipurge-tr-rev-aux*  $I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs')) xs' =$   
             *ipurge-tr-rev-aux*  $I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs')) ys \longrightarrow$   
              $(xs' @ zs', X) \in \text{failures } P \longrightarrow (ys @ zs', X) \in \text{failures } P$  **and**  
          $B: (xs @ zs, X) \in \text{failures } P$  **and**  
          $C: xs \in \text{traces } P$  **and**  
          $D: ys @ [y] \in \text{traces } P$  **and**  
          $E: \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) xs =$   
             *ipurge-tr-rev-aux*  $I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) (ys @ [y])$

**show**  $(ys @ y \# zs, X) \in \text{failures } P$   
**proof** (cases  $\exists v \in D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs). (D y, v) \in I$ )  
**case** *True*  
**hence**  $F$ :  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) xs =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } (y \# zs))) ys @ [y]$   
**using**  $E$  **by** (*simp add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append*)  
**hence**  
 $\exists vs ws. xs = vs @ y \# ws \wedge \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) ws = []$   
**by** (*rule ipurge-tr-rev-aux-last-2*)  
**then obtain**  $vs$  **and**  $ws$  **where**  
 $G$ :  $xs = vs @ y \# ws \wedge \text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) ws = []$   
**by** *blast*  
**hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) xs =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) ((vs @ [y]) @ ws)$   
**by** *simp*  
**hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) xs =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) (vs @ [y])$   
**using**  $G$  **by** (*simp only: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append-nil*)  
**moreover have**  $\exists v \in D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs). (D y, v) \in I$   
**using**  $F$  **by** (*rule ipurge-tr-rev-aux-last-1*)  
**ultimately have**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) xs =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } (y \# zs))) vs @ [y]$   
**by** (*simp add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append*)  
**hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } (y \# zs))) vs =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } (y \# zs))) ys$   
**using**  $F$  **by** *simp*  
**moreover have**  $vs @ y \# ws \in \text{traces } P$  **using**  $C$  **and**  $G$  **by** *simp*  
**hence**  $vs \in \text{traces } P$  **by** (*rule process-rule-2-traces*)  
**moreover have**  $ys \in \text{traces } P$  **using**  $D$  **by** (*rule process-rule-2-traces*)  
**moreover have**  $vs \in \text{traces } P \wedge ys \in \text{traces } P \wedge$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } (y \# zs))) vs =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } (y \# zs))) ys \longrightarrow$   
 $(vs @ y \# zs, X) \in \text{failures } P \longrightarrow (ys @ y \# zs, X) \in \text{failures } P$   
**using**  $A$  .  
**ultimately have**  $H$ :  $(vs @ y \# zs, X) \in \text{failures } P \longrightarrow$   
 $(ys @ y \# zs, X) \in \text{failures } P$   
**by** *simp*  
**have**  $((vs @ [y]) @ ws @ zs, X) \in \text{failures } P$  **using**  $B$  **and**  $G$  **by** *simp*  
**moreover have**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) ws = []$  **using**  $G$  ..  
**ultimately have**  $((vs @ [y]) @ zs, X) \in \text{failures } P$   
**using**  $S$  **by** (*rule-tac secure-implies-failure-consistency-aux*)  
**thus** *?thesis* **using**  $H$  **by** *simp*  
**next**  
**case** *False*  
**hence**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) xs =$   
 $\text{ipurge-tr-rev-aux } I D (D \text{ ' } (X \cup \text{set } zs)) ys$   
**using**  $E$  **by** (*simp add: ipurge-tr-rev-aux-append*)  
**moreover have**  $ys \in \text{traces } P$  **using**  $D$  **by** (*rule process-rule-2-traces*)  
**moreover have**  $xs \in \text{traces } P \wedge ys \in \text{traces } P \wedge$

$ipurge\text{-}tr\text{-}rev\text{-}aux\ I\ D\ (D\ ' (X \cup set\ zs))\ xs =$   
 $ipurge\text{-}tr\text{-}rev\text{-}aux\ I\ D\ (D\ ' (X \cup set\ zs))\ ys \longrightarrow$   
 $(xs @ zs, X) \in failures\ P \longrightarrow (ys @ zs, X) \in failures\ P$   
**using**  $A$  .  
**ultimately have**  $(ys @ zs, X) \in failures\ P$  **using**  $B$  **and**  $C$  **by**  $simp$   
**hence**  $(zs, X) \in futures\ P\ ys$  **by**  $(simp\ add: futures\text{-}def)$   
**moreover have**  $\exists Y. ([y], Y) \in futures\ P\ ys$   
**using**  $D$  **by**  $(simp\ add: traces\text{-}def\ Domain\text{-}iff\ futures\text{-}def)$   
**then obtain**  $Y$  **where**  $([y], Y) \in futures\ P\ ys$  ..  
**ultimately have**  
 $(y \# ipurge\text{-}tr\ I\ D\ (D\ y)\ zs, ipurge\text{-}ref\ I\ D\ (D\ y)\ zs\ X) \in futures\ P\ ys$   
**using**  $S$  **by**  $(simp\ add: secure\text{-}def)$   
**moreover have**  $ipurge\text{-}tr\ I\ D\ (D\ y)\ zs = zs$   
**using**  $False$  **by**  $(simp\ add: ipurge\text{-}tr\text{-}all)$   
**moreover have**  $ipurge\text{-}ref\ I\ D\ (D\ y)\ zs\ X = X$   
**using**  $False$  **by**  $(rule\ ipurge\text{-}ref\text{-}all)$   
**ultimately show**  $?thesis$  **by**  $(simp\ add: futures\text{-}def)$   
**qed**  
**qed**

**lemma** *secure-implies-trace-consistency*:  
 $secure\ P\ I\ D \Longrightarrow (xs, ys) \in rel\text{-}ipurge\text{-}aux\ P\ I\ D\ (D\ ' set\ zs) \Longrightarrow$   
 $xs @ zs \in traces\ P \Longrightarrow ys @ zs \in traces\ P$   
**proof**  $(simp\ add: traces\text{-}def\ Domain\text{-}iff, rule\text{-}tac\ x = \{\}$  **in**  $exI,$   
 $rule\ secure\text{-}implies\text{-}failure\text{-}consistency, simp\text{-}all)$   
**qed**  $(erule\ exE, erule\ process\text{-}rule\text{-}3, simp)$

**lemma** *secure-implies-next-event-consistency*:  
 $secure\ P\ I\ D \Longrightarrow (xs, ys) \in rel\text{-}ipurge\ P\ I\ D\ (D\ x) \Longrightarrow$   
 $x \in next\text{-}events\ P\ xs \Longrightarrow x \in next\text{-}events\ P\ ys$   
**by**  $(auto\ simp\ add: next\text{-}events\text{-}def\ rel\text{-}ipurge\text{-}aux\text{-}single\text{-}dom\ intro: secure\text{-}implies\text{-}trace\text{-}consistency)$

**lemma** *secure-implies-refusal-consistency*:  
 $secure\ P\ I\ D \Longrightarrow (xs, ys) \in rel\text{-}ipurge\text{-}aux\ P\ I\ D\ (D\ ' X) \Longrightarrow$   
 $X \in refusals\ P\ xs \Longrightarrow X \in refusals\ P\ ys$   
**by**  $(simp\ add: refusals\text{-}def, subst\ append\text{-}Nil2\ [symmetric],$   
 $rule\ secure\text{-}implies\text{-}failure\text{-}consistency, simp\text{-}all)$

**lemma** *secure-implies-ref-event-consistency*:  
 $secure\ P\ I\ D \Longrightarrow (xs, ys) \in rel\text{-}ipurge\ P\ I\ D\ (D\ x) \Longrightarrow$   
 $\{x\} \in refusals\ P\ xs \Longrightarrow \{x\} \in refusals\ P\ ys$   
**by**  $(rule\ secure\text{-}implies\text{-}refusal\text{-}consistency, simp\text{-}all\ add: rel\text{-}ipurge\text{-}aux\text{-}single\text{-}dom)$

**theorem** *secure-implies-iu-condition*:  
**assumes**  $S$ :  $secure\ P\ I\ D$   
**shows**  $future\text{-}consistent\ P\ D\ (rel\text{-}ipurge\ P\ I\ D)$   
**proof**  $(simp\ add: future\text{-}consistent\text{-}def\ next\text{-}dom\text{-}events\text{-}def\ ref\text{-}dom\text{-}events\text{-}def,$   
 $(rule\ allI)+, rule\ impI, rule\ conjI, rule\text{-}tac\ [!]\ equalityI, rule\text{-}tac\ [!]\ subsetI,$   
 $simp\text{-}all, erule\text{-}tac\ [!]\ conjE)$

```

fix  $xs\ ys\ x$ 
assume  $(xs, ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P\ I\ D\ (D\ x)$  and  $x \in \text{next-events } P\ xs$ 
with  $S$  show  $x \in \text{next-events } P\ ys$  by (rule secure-implies-next-event-consistency)
next
  fix  $xs\ ys\ x$ 
  have  $\forall u \in \text{range } D. \text{equiv } (\text{traces } P) (\text{rel-ipurge } P\ I\ D\ u)$ 
    using view-partition-rel-ipurge by (simp add: view-partition-def)
  hence  $\text{sym } (\text{rel-ipurge } P\ I\ D\ (D\ x))$  by (simp add: equiv-def)
  moreover assume  $(xs, ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P\ I\ D\ (D\ x)$ 
  ultimately have  $(ys, xs) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P\ I\ D\ (D\ x)$  by (rule symE)
  moreover assume  $x \in \text{next-events } P\ ys$ 
  ultimately show  $x \in \text{next-events } P\ xs$ 
    using  $S$  by (rule-tac secure-implies-next-event-consistency)
next
  fix  $xs\ ys\ x$ 
  assume  $(xs, ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P\ I\ D\ (D\ x)$  and  $\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P\ xs$ 
  with  $S$  show  $\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P\ ys$  by (rule secure-implies-ref-event-consistency)
next
  fix  $xs\ ys\ x$ 
  have  $\forall u \in \text{range } D. \text{equiv } (\text{traces } P) (\text{rel-ipurge } P\ I\ D\ u)$ 
    using view-partition-rel-ipurge by (simp add: view-partition-def)
  hence  $\text{sym } (\text{rel-ipurge } P\ I\ D\ (D\ x))$  by (simp add: equiv-def)
  moreover assume  $(xs, ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P\ I\ D\ (D\ x)$ 
  ultimately have  $(ys, xs) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P\ I\ D\ (D\ x)$  by (rule symE)
  moreover assume  $\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P\ ys$ 
  ultimately show  $\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P\ xs$ 
    using  $S$  by (rule-tac secure-implies-ref-event-consistency)
qed

theorem ipurge-unwinding:
   $\text{ref-union-closed } P \implies$ 
   $\text{secure } P\ I\ D = \text{weakly-future-consistent } P\ I\ D\ (\text{rel-ipurge } P\ I\ D)$ 
proof (rule iffI, subst fc-equals-wfc-rel-ipurge [symmetric])
qed (erule secure-implies-iu-condition, rule iu-condition-impl-secure)

end

```

## 2 The Ipurge Unwinding Theorem for deterministic and trace set processes

```

theory DeterministicProcesses
imports IpurgeUnwinding
begin

```

In accordance with Hoare's formal definition of deterministic processes [1], this section shows that a process is deterministic just in case it is a *trace set process*, i.e. it may be identified by means of a trace set alone, matching

the set of its traces, in place of a failures-divergences pair. Then, variants of the Ipurge Unwinding Theorem are proven for deterministic processes and trace set processes.

## 2.1 Deterministic processes

Here below are the definitions of predicates *d-future-consistent* and *d-weakly-future-consistent*, which are variants of predicates *future-consistent* and *weakly-future-consistent* meant for applying to deterministic processes. In some detail, being deterministic processes such that refused events are completely specified by accepted events (cf. [1], [6]), the new predicates are such that their truth values can be determined by just considering the accepted events of the process taken as input.

Then, it is proven that these predicates are characterized by the same connection as that of their general-purpose counterparts, viz. *d-future-consistent* implies *d-weakly-future-consistent*, and they are equivalent for domain-relation map *rel-ipurge*. Finally, the predicates are shown to be equivalent to their general-purpose counterparts in the case of a deterministic process.

**definition** *d-future-consistent* ::

*'a process*  $\Rightarrow$  (*'a*  $\Rightarrow$  *'d*)  $\Rightarrow$  (*'a*, *'d*) *dom-rel-map*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool* **where**  
*d-future-consistent* *P D R*  $\equiv$   
 $\forall u \in \text{range } D. \forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in R \ u \longrightarrow$   
 $(xs \in \text{traces } P) = (ys \in \text{traces } P) \wedge$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$

**definition** *d-weakly-future-consistent* ::

*'a process*  $\Rightarrow$  (*'d*  $\times$  *'d*) *set*  $\Rightarrow$  (*'a*  $\Rightarrow$  *'d*)  $\Rightarrow$  (*'a*, *'d*) *dom-rel-map*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool* **where**  
*d-weakly-future-consistent* *P I D R*  $\equiv$   
 $\forall u \in \text{range } D \cap (-I) \text{ `` } \text{range } D. \forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in R \ u \longrightarrow$   
 $(xs \in \text{traces } P) = (ys \in \text{traces } P) \wedge$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$

**lemma** *dfc-implies-dwfc*:

*d-future-consistent* *P D R*  $\implies$  *d-weakly-future-consistent* *P I D R*  
**by** (*simp only*: *d-future-consistent-def* *d-weakly-future-consistent-def*, *blast*)

**lemma** *dfc-equals-dwfc-rel-ipurge*:

*d-future-consistent* *P D* (*rel-ipurge* *P I D*) =  
*d-weakly-future-consistent* *P I D* (*rel-ipurge* *P I D*)

**proof** (*rule iffI*, *erule dfc-implies-dwfc*,

*simp only*: *d-future-consistent-def* *d-weakly-future-consistent-def*,  
*rule ballI*, (*rule allI*) $+$ , *rule impI*)

**fix** *u xs ys*

**assume**

*A*:  $\forall u \in \text{range } D \cap (-I) \text{ `` } \text{range } D. \forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P \ I \ D \ u \longrightarrow$

$(xs \in \text{traces } P) = (ys \in \text{traces } P) \wedge$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$  **and**  
 $B: u \in \text{range } D$  **and**  
 $C: (xs, ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P \ I \ D \ u$   
**show**  $(xs \in \text{traces } P) = (ys \in \text{traces } P) \wedge$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$   
**proof** (cases  $u \in \text{range } D \cap (-I)$  “  $\text{range } D$  )  
**case** *True*  
**with**  $A$  **have**  $\forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P \ I \ D \ u \longrightarrow$   
 $(xs \in \text{traces } P) = (ys \in \text{traces } P) \wedge$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$  ..  
**hence**  $(xs, ys) \in \text{rel-ipurge } P \ I \ D \ u \longrightarrow$   
 $(xs \in \text{traces } P) = (ys \in \text{traces } P) \wedge$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$   
**by** *blast*  
**thus** *?thesis* **using**  $C$  ..  
**next**  
**case** *False*  
**hence**  $D: u \notin (-I)$  “  $\text{range } D$  **using**  $B$  **by** *simp*  
**have**  $\text{ipurge-tr-rev } I \ D \ u \ xs = \text{ipurge-tr-rev } I \ D \ u \ ys$   
**using**  $C$  **by** (*simp* *add: rel-ipurge-def*)  
**moreover** **have**  $\forall zs. \text{ipurge-tr-rev } I \ D \ u \ zs = zs$   
**proof** (*rule allI*, *rule ipurge-tr-rev-all*, *rule ballI*, *erule imageE*, *rule ccontr*)  
**fix**  $v \ x$   
**assume**  $(v, u) \notin I$   
**hence**  $(v, u) \in -I$  **by** *simp*  
**moreover** **assume**  $v = D \ x$   
**hence**  $v \in \text{range } D$  **by** *simp*  
**ultimately** **have**  $u \in (-I)$  “  $\text{range } D$  ..  
**thus** *False* **using**  $D$  **by** *contradiction*  
**qed**  
**ultimately** **show** *?thesis* **by** *simp*  
**qed**  
**qed**

**lemma** *d-fc-equals-dfc:*

**assumes**  $A: \text{deterministic } P$   
**shows**  $\text{future-consistent } P \ D \ R = \text{d-future-consistent } P \ D \ R$   
**proof** (*rule iffI*, *simp-all* *only: d-future-consistent-def*,  
*rule ballI*, (*rule allI*) $+$ , *rule impI*, *rule conjI*, *rule fc-traces*, *assumption* $+$ ,  
*simp-all* *add: future-consistent-def* *del: ball-simps*)  
**assume**  $B: \forall u \in \text{range } D. \forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in R \ u \longrightarrow$   
 $(xs \in \text{traces } P) = (ys \in \text{traces } P) \wedge$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$   
**show**  $\forall u \in \text{range } D. \forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in R \ u \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$   
**proof** (*rule ballI*, (*rule allI*) $+$ , *rule impI*,  
*simp* *add: ref-dom-events-def* *set-eq-iff*, *rule allI*)  
**fix**  $u \ xs \ ys \ x$

```

assume  $u \in \text{range } D$ 
with  $B$  have  $\forall xs\ ys. (xs, ys) \in R\ u \longrightarrow$ 
   $(xs \in \text{traces } P) = (ys \in \text{traces } P) \wedge$ 
   $\text{next-dom-events } P\ D\ u\ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P\ D\ u\ ys \ ..$ 
hence  $(xs, ys) \in R\ u \longrightarrow$ 
   $(xs \in \text{traces } P) = (ys \in \text{traces } P) \wedge$ 
   $\text{next-dom-events } P\ D\ u\ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P\ D\ u\ ys$ 
by blast
moreover assume  $(xs, ys) \in R\ u$ 
ultimately have  $C: (xs \in \text{traces } P) = (ys \in \text{traces } P) \wedge$ 
   $\text{next-dom-events } P\ D\ u\ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P\ D\ u\ ys \ ..$ 
show  $(u = D\ x \wedge \{x\} \in \text{refusals } P\ xs) = (u = D\ x \wedge \{x\} \in \text{refusals } P\ ys)$ 
proof (cases  $u = D\ x$ , simp-all, cases  $xs \in \text{traces } P$ )
  assume  $D: u = D\ x$  and  $E: xs \in \text{traces } P$ 
  have
     $A': \forall xs \in \text{traces } P. \forall X. X \in \text{refusals } P\ xs = (X \cap \text{next-events } P\ xs = \{\})$ 
    using  $A$  by (simp add: deterministic-def)
  hence  $\forall X. X \in \text{refusals } P\ xs = (X \cap \text{next-events } P\ xs = \{\})$  using  $E \ ..$ 
  hence  $\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P\ xs = (\{x\} \cap \text{next-events } P\ xs = \{\}) \ ..$ 
  moreover have  $ys \in \text{traces } P$  using  $C$  and  $E$  by simp
  with  $A'$  have  $\forall X. X \in \text{refusals } P\ ys = (X \cap \text{next-events } P\ ys = \{\}) \ ..$ 
  hence  $\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P\ ys = (\{x\} \cap \text{next-events } P\ ys = \{\}) \ ..$ 
  moreover have  $\{x\} \cap \text{next-events } P\ xs = \{x\} \cap \text{next-events } P\ ys$ 
  proof (simp add: set-eq-iff, rule allI, rule iffI, erule-tac [!], conjE, simp-all)
    assume  $x \in \text{next-events } P\ xs$ 
  hence  $x \in \text{next-dom-events } P\ D\ u\ xs$  using  $D$  by (simp add: next-dom-events-def)
    hence  $x \in \text{next-dom-events } P\ D\ u\ ys$  using  $C$  by simp
    thus  $x \in \text{next-events } P\ ys$  by (simp add: next-dom-events-def)
  next
    assume  $x \in \text{next-events } P\ ys$ 
  hence  $x \in \text{next-dom-events } P\ D\ u\ ys$  using  $D$  by (simp add: next-dom-events-def)
    hence  $x \in \text{next-dom-events } P\ D\ u\ xs$  using  $C$  by simp
    thus  $x \in \text{next-events } P\ xs$  by (simp add: next-dom-events-def)
  qed
ultimately show  $(\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P\ xs) = (\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P\ ys)$  by simp
next
  assume  $D: xs \notin \text{traces } P$ 
  hence  $\forall X. (xs, X) \notin \text{failures } P$  by (simp add: traces-def Domain-iff)
  hence  $\text{refusals } P\ xs = \{\}$  by (rule-tac equals0I, simp add: refusals-def)
  moreover have  $ys \notin \text{traces } P$  using  $C$  and  $D$  by simp
  hence  $\forall X. (ys, X) \notin \text{failures } P$  by (simp add: traces-def Domain-iff)
  hence  $\text{refusals } P\ ys = \{\}$  by (rule-tac equals0I, simp add: refusals-def)
  ultimately show  $(\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P\ xs) = (\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P\ ys)$  by simp
qed
qed
qed

```

**lemma** *d-wfc-equals-dwfc:*  
**assumes**  $A: \text{deterministic } P$

**shows** *weakly-future-consistent*  $P \ I \ D \ R = d\text{-weakly-future-consistent} \ P \ I \ D \ R$   
**proof** (rule *iffI*, simp-all only: *d-weakly-future-consistent-def*,  
rule *ballI*, (rule *allI*)<sup>+</sup>, rule *impI*, rule *conjI*, rule *wfc-traces*, *assumption*<sup>+</sup>,  
simp-all add: *weakly-future-consistent-def* del: *ball-simps*)  
**assume**  $B: \forall u \in \text{range } D \cap (-I) \text{ ``range } D. \forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in R \ u \longrightarrow$   
 $(xs \in \text{traces } P) = (ys \in \text{traces } P) \wedge$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$   
**show**  $\forall u \in \text{range } D \cap (-I) \text{ ``range } D. \forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in R \ u \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{ref-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$   
**proof** (rule *ballI*, (rule *allI*)<sup>+</sup>, rule *impI*,  
simp (no-asm-simp) add: *ref-dom-events-def* *set-eq-iff*, rule *allI*)  
**fix**  $u \ xs \ ys \ x$   
**assume**  $u \in \text{range } D \cap (-I) \text{ ``range } D$   
**with**  $B$  **have**  $\forall xs \ ys. (xs, ys) \in R \ u \longrightarrow$   
 $(xs \in \text{traces } P) = (ys \in \text{traces } P) \wedge$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \ ..$   
**hence**  $(xs, ys) \in R \ u \longrightarrow$   
 $(xs \in \text{traces } P) = (ys \in \text{traces } P) \wedge$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$   
**by** *blast*  
**moreover assume**  $(xs, ys) \in R \ u$   
**ultimately have**  $C: (xs \in \text{traces } P) = (ys \in \text{traces } P) \wedge$   
 $\text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs = \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys \ ..$   
**show**  $(u = D \ x \wedge \{x\} \in \text{refusals } P \ xs) = (u = D \ x \wedge \{x\} \in \text{refusals } P \ ys)$   
**proof** (cases  $u = D \ x$ , simp-all, cases  $xs \in \text{traces } P$ )  
**assume**  $D: u = D \ x$  **and**  $E: xs \in \text{traces } P$   
**have**  $A': \forall xs \in \text{traces } P. \forall X.$   
 $X \in \text{refusals } P \ xs = (X \cap \text{next-events } P \ xs = \{\})$   
**using**  $A$  **by** (simp add: *deterministic-def*)  
**hence**  $\forall X. X \in \text{refusals } P \ xs = (X \cap \text{next-events } P \ xs = \{\})$  **using**  $E \ ..$   
**hence**  $\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P \ xs = (\{x\} \cap \text{next-events } P \ xs = \{\}) \ ..$   
**moreover have**  $ys \in \text{traces } P$  **using**  $C$  **and**  $E$  **by** simp  
**with**  $A'$  **have**  $\forall X. X \in \text{refusals } P \ ys = (X \cap \text{next-events } P \ ys = \{\}) \ ..$   
**hence**  $\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P \ ys = (\{x\} \cap \text{next-events } P \ ys = \{\}) \ ..$   
**moreover have**  $\{x\} \cap \text{next-events } P \ xs = \{x\} \cap \text{next-events } P \ ys$   
**proof** (simp add: *set-eq-iff*, rule *allI*, rule *iffI*, *erule-tac* [!], *conjE*, simp-all)  
**assume**  $x \in \text{next-events } P \ xs$   
**hence**  $x \in \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs$  **using**  $D$  **by** (simp add: *next-dom-events-def*)  
**hence**  $x \in \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$  **using**  $C$  **by** simp  
**thus**  $x \in \text{next-events } P \ ys$  **by** (simp add: *next-dom-events-def*)  
**next**  
**assume**  $x \in \text{next-events } P \ ys$   
**hence**  $x \in \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ ys$  **using**  $D$  **by** (simp add: *next-dom-events-def*)  
**hence**  $x \in \text{next-dom-events } P \ D \ u \ xs$  **using**  $C$  **by** simp  
**thus**  $x \in \text{next-events } P \ xs$  **by** (simp add: *next-dom-events-def*)  
**qed**  
**ultimately show**  $(\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P \ xs) = (\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P \ ys)$  **by** simp  
**next**  
**assume**  $D: xs \notin \text{traces } P$



hence  $\forall X. (xs, X) \notin \text{failures } P$  by (simp add: traces-def Domain-iff)  
 hence  $\text{refusals } P \text{ } xs = \{\}$  by (rule-tac equals0I, simp add: refusals-def)  
 moreover have  $ys \notin \text{traces } P$  using  $C$  and  $D$  by simp  
 hence  $\forall X. (ys, X) \notin \text{failures } P$  by (simp add: traces-def Domain-iff)  
 hence  $\text{refusals } P \text{ } ys = \{\}$  by (rule-tac equals0I, simp add: refusals-def)  
 ultimately show  $(\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P \text{ } xs) = (\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P \text{ } ys)$  by simp  
 qed  
 qed  
 qed

Here below is the proof of a variant of the Ipurge Unwinding Theorem applying to deterministic processes. Unsurprisingly, its enunciation contains predicate *d-weakly-future-consistent* in place of *weakly-future-consistent*. Furthermore, the assumption that the process be refusals union closed is replaced by the assumption that it be deterministic, since the former property is shown to be entailed by the latter.

**lemma** *d-implies-ruc*:

**assumes**  $A$ : *deterministic*  $P$

**shows** *ref-union-closed*  $P$

**proof** (subst *ref-union-closed-def*, (rule *allI*)<sup>+</sup>, (rule *impI*)<sup>+</sup>, erule *exE*)

**fix**  $xs \ A \ X$

**have**  $\forall xs \in \text{traces } P. \forall X. X \in \text{refusals } P \text{ } xs = (X \cap \text{next-events } P \text{ } xs = \{\})$

**using**  $A$  **by** (simp add: *deterministic-def*)

**moreover assume**  $B$ :  $\forall X \in A. (xs, X) \in \text{failures } P$  **and**  $X \in A$

**hence**  $(xs, X) \in \text{failures } P$  ..

**hence**  $xs \in \text{traces } P$  **by** (rule *failures-traces*)

**ultimately have**  $C$ :  $\forall X. X \in \text{refusals } P \text{ } xs = (X \cap \text{next-events } P \text{ } xs = \{\})$  ..

**have**  $D$ :  $\forall X \in A. X \cap \text{next-events } P \text{ } xs = \{\}$

**proof**

**fix**  $X$

**assume**  $X \in A$

**with**  $B$  **have**  $(xs, X) \in \text{failures } P$  ..

**hence**  $X \in \text{refusals } P \text{ } xs$  **by** (simp add: *refusals-def*)

**thus**  $X \cap \text{next-events } P \text{ } xs = \{\}$  **using**  $C$  **by** simp

**qed**

**have**  $(\bigcup X \in A. X) \in \text{refusals } P \text{ } xs = ((\bigcup X \in A. X) \cap \text{next-events } P \text{ } xs = \{\})$

**using**  $C$  ..

**hence**  $E$ :  $(xs, \bigcup X \in A. X) \in \text{failures } P =$

$((\bigcup X \in A. X) \cap \text{next-events } P \text{ } xs = \{\})$

**by** (simp add: *refusals-def*)

**show**  $(xs, \bigcup X \in A. X) \in \text{failures } P$

**proof** (rule *ssubst* [*OF*  $E$ ], rule *equals0I*, erule *IntE*, erule *UN-E*)

**fix**  $x \ X$

**assume**  $X \in A$

**with**  $D$  **have**  $X \cap \text{next-events } P \text{ } xs = \{\}$  ..

**moreover assume**  $x \in X$  **and**  $x \in \text{next-events } P \text{ } xs$

**hence**  $x \in X \cap \text{next-events } P \text{ xs} ..$   
**hence**  $\exists x. x \in X \cap \text{next-events } P \text{ xs} ..$   
**hence**  $X \cap \text{next-events } P \text{ xs} \neq \{\}$  **by** (*subst ex-in-conv [symmetric]*)  
**ultimately show** *False* **by** *contradiction*  
**qed**  
**qed**

**theorem** *d-ipurge-unwinding:*

**assumes** *A: deterministic P*

**shows** *secure P I D = d-weakly-future-consistent P I D (rel-ipurge P I D)*

**proof** (*insert d-wfc-equals-dwfc [of P I D rel-ipurge P I D, OF A], erule subst*)

**qed** (*insert d-implies-ruc [OF A], rule ipurge-unwinding*)

## 2.2 Trace set processes

In [1], section 2.8, Hoare formulates a simplified definition of a deterministic process, identified with a *trace set*, i.e. a set of event lists containing the empty list and any prefix of each of its elements. Of course, this is consistent with the definition of determinism applying to processes identified with failures-divergences pairs, which implies that their refusals are completely specified by their traces (cf. [1], [6]).

Here below are the definitions of a function *ts-process*, converting the input set of lists into a process, and a predicate *trace-set*, returning *True* just in case the input set of lists has the aforesaid properties. An analysis is then conducted about the output of the functions defined in [6], section 1.1, when acting on a *trace set process*, i.e. a process that may be expressed as *ts-process T* where *trace-set T* matches *True*.

**definition** *ts-process* :: 'a list set  $\Rightarrow$  'a process **where**

*ts-process T*  $\equiv$  *Abs-process* ( $\{(xs, X). xs \in T \wedge (\forall x \in X. xs @ [x] \notin T)\}, \{\}$ )

**definition** *trace-set* :: 'a list set  $\Rightarrow$  bool **where**

*trace-set T*  $\equiv [] \in T \wedge (\forall xs x. xs @ [x] \in T \longrightarrow xs \in T)$

**lemma** *ts-process-rep:*

**assumes** *A: trace-set T*

**shows** *Rep-process (ts-process T) =*

$(\{(xs, X). xs \in T \wedge (\forall x \in X. xs @ [x] \notin T)\}, \{\})$

**proof** (*subst ts-process-def, rule Abs-process-inverse, simp add: process-set-def,*

*(subst conj-assoc [symmetric])+, (rule conjI)+, simp-all add:*

*process-prop-1-def*

*process-prop-2-def*

*process-prop-3-def*

*process-prop-4-def*

*process-prop-5-def*

*process-prop-6-def*)

**show**  $[] \in T$  **using** *A* **by** (*simp add: trace-set-def*)

**next**  
**show**  $\forall xs. (\exists x. xs @ [x] \in T \wedge (\exists X. \forall x' \in X. xs @ [x, x'] \notin T)) \longrightarrow xs \in T$   
**proof** (*rule allI*, *rule impI*, *erule exE*, *erule conjE*)  
**fix**  $xs\ x$   
**have**  $\forall xs\ x. xs @ [x] \in T \longrightarrow xs \in T$  **using**  $A$  **by** (*simp add: trace-set-def*)  
**hence**  $xs @ [x] \in T \longrightarrow xs \in T$  **by** *blast*  
**moreover assume**  $xs @ [x] \in T$   
**ultimately show**  $xs \in T$  ..  
**qed**  
**next**  
**show**  $\forall xs\ X. xs \in T \wedge (\exists Y. (\forall x \in Y. xs @ [x] \notin T) \wedge X \subseteq Y) \longrightarrow$   
 $(\forall x \in X. xs @ [x] \notin T)$   
**proof** (*((rule allI)+, rule impI, (erule conjE, (erule exE)?)+, rule ballI)*)  
**fix**  $xs\ x\ X\ Y$   
**assume**  $\forall x \in Y. xs @ [x] \notin T$   
**moreover assume**  $X \subseteq Y$  **and**  $x \in X$   
**hence**  $x \in Y$  ..  
**ultimately show**  $xs @ [x] \notin T$  ..  
**qed**  
**qed**

**lemma** *ts-process-failures*:  
 $trace\text{-}set\ T \Longrightarrow$   
 $failures\ (ts\text{-}process\ T) = \{(xs, X). xs \in T \wedge (\forall x \in X. xs @ [x] \notin T)\}$   
**by** (*drule ts-process-rep, simp add: failures-def*)

**lemma** *ts-process-futures*:  
 $trace\text{-}set\ T \Longrightarrow$   
 $futures\ (ts\text{-}process\ T)\ xs =$   
 $\{(ys, Y). xs @ ys \in T \wedge (\forall y \in Y. xs @ ys @ [y] \notin T)\}$   
**by** (*simp add: futures-def ts-process-failures*)

**lemma** *ts-process-traces*:  
 $trace\text{-}set\ T \Longrightarrow traces\ (ts\text{-}process\ T) = T$   
**proof** (*drule ts-process-failures, simp add: traces-def, rule set-eqI, rule iffI, simp-all*)  
**qed** (*rule-tac x = {} in exI, simp*)

**lemma** *ts-process-refusals*:  
 $trace\text{-}set\ T \Longrightarrow xs \in T \Longrightarrow$   
 $refusals\ (ts\text{-}process\ T)\ xs = \{X. \forall x \in X. xs @ [x] \notin T\}$   
**by** (*drule ts-process-failures, simp add: refusals-def*)

**lemma** *ts-process-next-events*:  
 $trace\text{-}set\ T \Longrightarrow (x \in next\text{-}events\ (ts\text{-}process\ T)\ xs) = (xs @ [x] \in T)$   
**by** (*drule ts-process-traces, simp add: next-events-def*)

In what follows, the proof is given of two results which provide a connection between the notions of deterministic and trace set processes: any trace set

process is deterministic, and any process is deterministic just in case it is equal to the trace set process corresponding to the set of its traces.

**lemma** *ts-process-d*:

*trace-set*  $T \implies \text{deterministic } (\text{ts-process } T)$   
**proof** (*frule ts-process-traces*, *simp add: deterministic-def*, *rule ballI*,  
*drule ts-process-refusals*, *assumption*, *simp add: next-events-def*,  
*rule allI*, *rule iffI*)  
**fix**  $xs\ X$   
**assume**  $\forall x \in X. xs @ [x] \notin T$   
**thus**  $X \cap \{x. xs @ [x] \in T\} = \{\}$   
**by** (*rule-tac equals0I*, *erule-tac IntE*, *simp*)  
**next**  
**fix**  $xs\ X$   
**assume**  $A: X \cap \{x. xs @ [x] \in T\} = \{\}$   
**show**  $\forall x \in X. xs @ [x] \notin T$   
**proof** (*rule ballI*, *rule notI*)  
**fix**  $x$   
**assume**  $x \in X$  **and**  $xs @ [x] \in T$   
**hence**  $x \in X \cap \{x. xs @ [x] \in T\}$  **by** *simp*  
**moreover** **have**  $x \notin X \cap \{x. xs @ [x] \in T\}$  **using**  $A$  **by** (*rule equals0D*)  
**ultimately** **show** *False* **by** *contradiction*  
**qed**  
**qed**

**definition** *divergences* :: 'a process  $\Rightarrow$  'a list set **where**  
*divergences*  $P \equiv \text{snd } (\text{Rep-process } P)$

**lemma** *d-divergences*:

**assumes**  $A: \text{deterministic } P$   
**shows** *divergences*  $P = \{\}$   
**proof** (*subst divergences-def*, *rule equals0I*)  
**fix**  $xs$   
**have**  $B: \text{Rep-process } P \in \text{process-set } (\text{is } ?P' \in -)$  **by** (*rule Rep-process*)  
**hence**  $\forall xs. \exists x. xs \in \text{snd } ?P' \longrightarrow xs @ [x] \in \text{snd } ?P'$   
**by** (*simp add: process-set-def process-prop-5-def*)  
**hence**  $\exists x. xs \in \text{snd } ?P' \longrightarrow xs @ [x] \in \text{snd } ?P' ..$   
**then obtain**  $x$  **where**  $xs \in \text{snd } ?P' \longrightarrow xs @ [x] \in \text{snd } ?P' ..$   
**moreover** **assume**  $C: xs \in \text{snd } ?P'$   
**ultimately** **have**  $D: xs @ [x] \in \text{snd } ?P' ..$   
**have**  $E: \forall xs\ X. xs \in \text{snd } ?P' \longrightarrow (xs, X) \in \text{fst } ?P'$   
**using**  $B$  **by** (*simp add: process-set-def process-prop-6-def*)  
**hence**  $xs \in \text{snd } ?P' \longrightarrow (xs, \{x\}) \in \text{fst } ?P'$  **by** *blast*  
**hence**  $\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P\ xs$   
**using**  $C$  **by** (*drule-tac mp*, *simp-all add: failures-def refusals-def*)  
**moreover** **have**  $xs @ [x] \in \text{snd } ?P' \longrightarrow (xs @ [x], \{\}) \in \text{fst } ?P'$   
**using**  $E$  **by** *blast*  
**hence**  $(xs @ [x], \{\}) \in \text{failures } P$   
**using**  $D$  **by** (*drule-tac mp*, *simp-all add: failures-def*)

hence  $F: xs @ [x] \in \text{traces } P$  **by** (rule failures-traces)  
 hence  $\{x\} \cap \text{next-events } P \ xs \neq \{\}$  **by** (simp add: next-events-def)  
 ultimately have  $G: (\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P \ xs) \neq (\{x\} \cap \text{next-events } P \ xs = \{\})$   
**by** simp  
 have  $\forall xs \in \text{traces } P. \forall X. X \in \text{refusals } P \ xs = (X \cap \text{next-events } P \ xs = \{\})$   
**using**  $A$  **by** (simp add: deterministic-def)  
 moreover have  $xs \in \text{traces } P$  **using**  $F$  **by** (rule process-rule-2-traces)  
 ultimately have  $\forall X. X \in \text{refusals } P \ xs = (X \cap \text{next-events } P \ xs = \{\})$  ..  
 hence  $\{x\} \in \text{refusals } P \ xs = (\{x\} \cap \text{next-events } P \ xs = \{\})$  ..  
 thus  $\text{False}$  **using**  $G$  **by** contradiction  
 qed

**lemma** trace-set-traces:

trace-set (traces  $P$ )  
**proof** (simp only: trace-set-def traces-def failures-def Domain-iff,  
 rule conjI, (rule-tac [2] allI)+, rule-tac [2] impI, erule-tac [2] exE)  
 have  $\text{Rep-process } P \in \text{process-set}$  (**is**  $?P' \in \cdot$ ) **by** (rule Rep-process)  
 hence  $([], \{\}) \in \text{fst } ?P'$  **by** (simp add: process-set-def process-prop-1-def)  
 thus  $\exists X. ([], X) \in \text{fst } ?P'$  ..  
 next  
 fix  $xs \ x \ X$   
 have  $\text{Rep-process } P \in \text{process-set}$  (**is**  $?P' \in \cdot$ ) **by** (rule Rep-process)  
 hence  $\forall xs \ x \ X. (xs @ [x], X) \in \text{fst } ?P' \longrightarrow (xs, \{\}) \in \text{fst } ?P'$   
**by** (simp add: process-set-def process-prop-2-def)  
 hence  $(xs @ [x], X) \in \text{fst } ?P' \longrightarrow (xs, \{\}) \in \text{fst } ?P'$  **by** blast  
 moreover assume  $(xs @ [x], X) \in \text{fst } ?P'$   
 ultimately have  $(xs, \{\}) \in \text{fst } ?P'$  ..  
 thus  $\exists X. (xs, X) \in \text{fst } ?P'$  ..  
 qed

**lemma** d-implies-ts-process-traces:

deterministic  $P \implies \text{ts-process (traces } P) = P$   
**proof** (simp add: Rep-process-inject [symmetric] prod-eq-iff failures-def [symmetric],  
 insert trace-set-traces [of  $P$ ], frule ts-process-rep, frule d-divergences,  
 simp add: divergences-def deterministic-def)  
 assume  $A: \forall xs \in \text{traces } P. \forall X.$   
 $(X \in \text{refusals } P \ xs) = (X \cap \text{next-events } P \ xs = \{\})$   
 assume  $B: \text{trace-set (traces } P)$   
 hence  $C: \text{traces (ts-process (traces } P)) = \text{traces } P$  **by** (rule ts-process-traces)  
 show  $\text{failures (ts-process (traces } P)) = \text{failures } P$   
**proof** (rule equalityI, rule-tac [!] subsetI, simp-all only: split-paired-all)  
 fix  $xs \ X$   
 assume  $D: (xs, X) \in \text{failures (ts-process (traces } P))$   
 hence  $xs \in \text{traces (ts-process (traces } P))$  **by** (rule failures-traces)  
 hence  $E: xs \in \text{traces } P$  **using**  $C$  **by** simp  
 with  $B$  have  
 $\text{refusals (ts-process (traces } P)) \ xs = \{X. \forall x \in X. xs @ [x] \notin \text{traces } P\}$   
**by** (rule ts-process-refusals)  
 moreover have  $X \in \text{refusals (ts-process (traces } P)) \ xs$

using  $D$  by (*simp add: refusals-def*)  
 ultimately have  $\forall x \in X. xs @ [x] \notin \text{traces } P$  by *simp*  
 hence  $X \cap \text{next-events } P \text{ } xs = \{\}$   
 by (*rule-tac equals0I, erule-tac IntE, simp add: next-events-def*)  
 moreover have  $\forall X. (X \in \text{refusals } P \text{ } xs) = (X \cap \text{next-events } P \text{ } xs = \{\})$   
 using  $A$  and  $E$  ..  
 hence  $(X \in \text{refusals } P \text{ } xs) = (X \cap \text{next-events } P \text{ } xs = \{\})$  ..  
 ultimately have  $X \in \text{refusals } P \text{ } xs$  by *simp*  
 thus  $(xs, X) \in \text{failures } P$  by (*simp add: refusals-def*)  
 next  
 fix  $xs \ X$   
 assume  $D: (xs, X) \in \text{failures } P$   
 hence  $E: xs \in \text{traces } P$  by (*rule failures-traces*)  
 with  $A$  have  $\forall X. (X \in \text{refusals } P \text{ } xs) = (X \cap \text{next-events } P \text{ } xs = \{\})$  ..  
 hence  $(X \in \text{refusals } P \text{ } xs) = (X \cap \text{next-events } P \text{ } xs = \{\})$  ..  
 moreover have  $X \in \text{refusals } P \text{ } xs$  using  $D$  by (*simp add: refusals-def*)  
 ultimately have  $F: X \cap \{x. xs @ [x] \in \text{traces } P\} = \{\}$   
 by (*simp add: next-events-def*)  
 have  $\forall x \in X. xs @ [x] \notin \text{traces } P$   
 proof (*rule ballI, rule notI*)  
 fix  $x$   
 assume  $x \in X$  and  $xs @ [x] \in \text{traces } P$   
 hence  $x \in X \cap \{x. xs @ [x] \in \text{traces } P\}$  by *simp*  
 moreover have  $x \notin X \cap \{x. xs @ [x] \in \text{traces } P\}$  using  $F$  by (*rule equals0D*)  
 ultimately show *False* by *contradiction*  
 qed  
 moreover have  
 $\text{refusals } (ts\text{-process } (\text{traces } P)) \text{ } xs = \{X. \forall x \in X. xs @ [x] \notin \text{traces } P\}$   
 using  $B$  and  $E$  by (*rule ts-process-refusals*)  
 ultimately have  $X \in \text{refusals } (ts\text{-process } (\text{traces } P)) \text{ } xs$  by *simp*  
 thus  $(xs, X) \in \text{failures } (ts\text{-process } (\text{traces } P))$  by (*simp add: refusals-def*)  
 qed  
 qed  
  
**lemma** *ts-process-traces-implies-d*:  
 $ts\text{-process } (\text{traces } P) = P \implies \text{deterministic } P$   
 by (*insert trace-set-traces [of P], drule ts-process-d, simp*)  
  
**lemma** *d-equals-ts-process-traces*:  
 $\text{deterministic } P = (ts\text{-process } (\text{traces } P) = P)$   
 by (*rule iffI, erule d-implies-ts-process-traces, rule ts-process-traces-implies-d*)

Finally, a variant of the Ipurge Unwinding Theorem applying to trace set processes is derived from the variant for deterministic processes. Particularly, the assumption that the process be deterministic is replaced by the assumption that it be a trace set process, since the former property is entailed by the latter (cf. above).

**theorem** *ts-ipurge-unwinding*:  
 $\text{trace-set } T \implies$   
 $\text{secure } (\text{ts-process } T) \text{ } I \text{ } D =$   
 $d\text{-weakly-future-consistent } (\text{ts-process } T) \text{ } I \text{ } D \text{ } (\text{rel-ipurge } (\text{ts-process } T) \text{ } I \text{ } D)$   
**by** (rule *d-ipurge-unwinding*, rule *ts-process-d*)  
**end**

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