

Negatively Associated Random Variables

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Abstract

Negative Association is a generalization of independence for random variables, that retains some of the key properties of independent random variables. In particular closure properties, such as composition with monotone functions, as well as, the well-known Chernoff-Hoeffding bounds.

This entry introduces the concept and verifies the most important closure properties, as well as, the concentration inequalities. It also verifies the FKG inequality, which is a generalization of Chebyshev's sum inequality for distributive lattices and a key tool for establishing negative association, but has also many applications beyond the context of negative association, in particular, statistical physics and graph theory.

As an example, permutation distributions are shown to be negatively associated, from which many more sets of negatively random variables can be derived, such as, e.g., n -subsets, or the balls-into-bins process.

Finally, the entry derives a correct false-positive rate for Bloom filters using the library.

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1 Preliminary Definitions and Lemmas

theory *Negative-Association-Util*

imports

Concentration-Inequalities.Concentration-Inequalities-Preliminary

Universal-Hash-Families.Universal-Hash-Families-More-Product-PMF

begin

abbreviation (*input*) *flip* :: $\langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'c \rangle \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'c$ **where**
 $\langle \text{flip } f \ x \ y \equiv f \ y \ x \rangle$

Additional introduction rules for boundedness:

lemma *bounded-const-min*:

fixes $f :: 'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$

assumes *bdd-below* ($f \ 'M$)

shows *bounded* $((\lambda x. \min c (f \ x)) \ 'M)$

proof –

obtain h **where** $\bigwedge x. x \in M \implies f \ x \geq h$ **using** *assms(1)* **unfolding** *bdd-below-def*
by *auto*

thus *?thesis* **by** (*intro boundedI*[**where** $B = \max |c| \ |-h|$]) *force*
qed

lemma *bounded-prod*:

fixes $f :: 'i \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$

assumes *finite* I

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies \text{bounded } (f \ i \ 'T)$

shows *bounded* $((\lambda x. (\prod i \in I. f \ i \ x)) \ 'T)$

using *assms* **by** (*induction* I) (*auto intro:bounded-mult-comp bounded-const*)

lemma *bounded-vec-mult-comp*:

fixes $f \ g :: 'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$

assumes *bounded* ($f \ 'T$) *bounded* ($g \ 'T$)

shows *bounded* $((\lambda x. (f \ x) *_{\mathbb{R}} (g \ x)) \ 'T)$

using *bounded-mult-comp[OF assms]* **by** *simp*

lemma *bounded-max*:

fixes $f :: 'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$

assumes *bounded* $((\lambda x. f \ x) \ 'T)$

shows *bounded* $((\lambda x. \max c (f \ x)) \ 'T)$

proof –

obtain m **where** $\text{norm } (f \ x) \leq m$ **if** $x \in T$ **for** x
using *assms* **unfolding** *bounded-iff* **by** *auto*

thus *?thesis* **by** (*intro boundedI*[**where** $B = \max m \ c$]) *fastforce*
qed

lemma *bounded-of-bool*: *bounded* (*range of-bool*) **by** *auto*

lemma *bounded-range-imp*:
assumes *bounded (range f)*
shows *bounded (($\lambda\omega. f (h \omega)$) ‘ S)*
by (*intro bounded-subset[OF assms]*) *auto*

The following allows to state integrability and conditions about the integral simultaneously, e.g. *has-int-that M f ($\lambda x. x \leq c$)* says f is integrable on M and the integral smaller or equal to c.

definition *has-int-that where*
has-int-that M f P = (integrable M f \wedge (P ($\int \omega. f \omega \partial M$)))

lemma *true-eq-iff*: *P \implies True = P* **by** *auto*

lemma *le-trans*: *y \leq z \implies x \leq y \longrightarrow x \leq (z :: 'a :: order)* **by** *auto*

lemma *has-int-that-mono*:
assumes $\bigwedge x. P x \longrightarrow Q x$
shows *has-int-that M f P \leq has-int-that M f Q*
using *assms unfolding has-int-that-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *has-int-thatD*:
assumes *has-int-that M f P*
shows *integrable M f P (integral^L M f)*
using *assms has-int-that-def* **by** *auto*

This is useful to specify which components a functional depends on.

definition *depends-on :: (('a \implies 'b) \implies 'c) \implies 'a set \implies bool*
where *depends-on f I = ($\forall x y. \text{restrict } x I = \text{restrict } y I \longrightarrow f x = f y$)*

lemma *depends-onI*:
assumes $\bigwedge x. f x = f (\lambda i. \text{if } i \in I \text{ then } (x i) \text{ else undefined})$
shows *depends-on f I*

proof –

have *f x = f y* **if** *restrict x I = restrict y I* **for** *x y*

proof –

have *f x = f (restrict x I)* **using** *assms unfolding restrict-def* **by** *simp*

also have *... = f (restrict y I)* **using** *that* **by** *simp*

also have *... = f y* **using** *assms unfolding restrict-def* **by** *simp*

finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*

qed

thus *?thesis* **unfolding** *depends-on-def* **by** *blast*

qed

lemma *depends-on-comp*:
assumes *depends-on f I*
shows *depends-on (g \circ f) I*
using *assms unfolding depends-on-def* **by** (*metis o-apply*)

lemma *depends-on-comp-2*:
assumes *depends-on f I*

shows *depends-on* $(\lambda x. g (f x)) I$
using *assms unfolding depends-on-def by metis*

lemma *depends-onD*:
assumes *depends-on f I*
shows $f \omega = f (\lambda i \in I. (\omega i))$
using *assms unfolding depends-on-def by (metis extensional-restrict restrict-extensional)*

lemma *depends-onD2*:
assumes *depends-on f I restrict x I = restrict y I*
shows $f x = f y$
using *assms unfolding depends-on-def by metis*

lemma *depends-on-empty*:
assumes *depends-on f {}*
shows $f \omega = f \text{undefined}$
by (*intro depends-onD2[OF assms]*) *auto*

lemma *depends-on-mono*:
assumes $I \subseteq J$ *depends-on f I*
shows *depends-on f J*
using *assms unfolding depends-on-def by (metis restrict-restrict Int-absorb1)*

abbreviation *square-integrable M f* \equiv *integrable M ((power2 :: real \Rightarrow real) \circ f)*

There are many results in the field of negative association, where a statement is true for simultaneously monotone or anti-monotone functions. With the below construction, we introduce a mechanism where we can parameterize on the direction of a relation:

datatype *RelDirection* = *Fwd* | *Rev*

definition *dir-le* :: *RelDirection* \Rightarrow ($'d :: \text{order}$) \Rightarrow ($'d :: \text{order}$) \Rightarrow *bool* (**infixl** $\leq_{\geq 1} 60$)
where *dir-le* η = (*if* $\eta = \text{Fwd}$ *then* (\leq) *else* (\geq))

lemma *dir-le[simp]*:
 $(\leq_{\text{Fwd}}) = (\leq)$
 $(\leq_{\text{Rev}}) = (\geq)$
by (*auto simp:dir-le-def*)

definition *dir-sign* :: *RelDirection* \Rightarrow $'a :: \{\text{one}, \text{uminus}\}$ (± 1)
where *dir-sign* η = (*if* $\eta = \text{Fwd}$ *then* 1 *else* (-1))

lemma *dir-le-refl*: $x \leq_{\eta} x$
by (*cases* η) *auto*

lemma *dir-sign[simp]*:
 $(\pm_{\text{Fwd}}) = (1)$
 $(\pm_{\text{Rev}}) = (-1)$

by (auto simp:dir-sign-def)

lemma conv-rel-to-sign:

fixes $f :: 'a::order \Rightarrow real$

shows $monotone (\leq) (\leq_{\geq \eta}) f = mono ((*)(\pm_{\eta}) \circ f)$

by (cases η) (simp-all add:monotone-def)

instantiation RelDirection :: times

begin

definition times-RelDirection :: RelDirection \Rightarrow RelDirection \Rightarrow RelDirection **where**

times-RelDirection-def: times-RelDirection $x y = (if\ x = y\ then\ Fwd\ else\ Rev)$

instance by standard

end

lemmas rel-dir-mult[simp] = times-RelDirection-def

lemma dir-mult-hom: $(\pm_{\sigma} * \tau) = (\pm_{\sigma}) * ((\pm_{\tau})::real)$

unfolding dir-sign-def times-RelDirection-def **by** (cases σ , auto intro:RelDirection.exhaust)

Additional lemmas about clamp for the specific case on reals.

lemma clamp-eqI2:

assumes $x \in \{a..b::real\}$

shows $x = clamp\ a\ b\ x$

using assms **unfolding** clamp-def **by** simp

lemma clamp-eqI:

assumes $|x| \leq (a::real)$

shows $x = clamp\ (-a)\ a\ x$

using assms **by** (intro clamp-eqI2) auto

lemma clamp-real-def:

fixes $x :: real$

shows $clamp\ a\ b\ x = max\ a\ (min\ x\ b)$

proof –

consider (i) $x < a$ | (ii) $x \geq a\ x \leq b$ | (iii) $x > b$ **by** linarith

thus ?thesis **unfolding** clamp-def **by** (cases) auto

qed

lemma clamp-range:

assumes $a \leq b$

shows $\bigwedge x. clamp\ a\ b\ x \geq a \wedge x. clamp\ a\ b\ x \leq b$ $range\ (clamp\ a\ b) \subseteq \{a..b::real\}$

using assms **by** (auto simp: clamp-real-def)

lemma clamp-abs-le:

assumes $a \geq (0::real)$

shows $|clamp\ (-a)\ a\ x| \leq |x|$

using assms **unfolding** clamp-real-def **by** simp

```

lemma bounded-clamp:
  fixes a b :: real
  shows bounded ((clamp a b o f) ' S)
proof (cases a ≤ b)
  case True
  show ?thesis using clamp-range[OF True] bounded-closed-interval bounded-subset
    by (metis image-comp image-mono subset-UNIV)
  next
  case False
  hence clamp a b (f x) = a for x unfolding clamp-def by (simp add: max-def)
  hence (clamp a b o f) ' S ⊆ {a..a} by auto
  thus ?thesis using bounded-subset bounded-closed-interval by metis
qed

```

```

lemma bounded-clamp-alt:
  fixes a b :: real
  shows bounded ((λx. clamp a b (f x)) ' S)
  using bounded-clamp by (auto simp: comp-def)

```

```

lemma clamp-borel[measurable]:
  fixes a b :: 'a::{euclidean-space, second-countable-topology}
  shows clamp a b ∈ borel-measurable borel
  unfolding clamp-def by measurable

```

```

lemma monotone-clamp:
  assumes monotone (≤) (≤≥η) f
  shows monotone (≤) (≤≥η) (λω. clamp a (b::real) (f ω))
  using assms unfolding monotone-def clamp-real-def by (cases η) force+

```

This part introduces the term *KL-div* as the Kullback-Leibler divergence between a pair of Bernoulli random variables. The expression is useful to express some of the Chernoff bounds more concisely [12, Th. 1].

```

lemma radon-nikodym-pmf:
  assumes set-pmf p ⊆ set-pmf q
  defines f ≡ (λx. ennreal (pmf p x / pmf q x))
  shows
    AE x in measure-pmf q. RN-deriv q p x = f x (is ?R1)
    AE x in measure-pmf p. RN-deriv q p x = f x (is ?R2)
proof -
  have pmf p x = 0 if pmf q x = 0 for x
    using assms(1) that by (meson pmf-eq-0-set-pmf subset-iff)
  hence a:(pmf q x * (pmf p x / pmf q x)) = pmf p x for x by simp
  have emeasure (density q f) A = emeasure p A (is ?L = ?R) for A
proof -
  have ?L = set-nn-integral (measure-pmf q) A f
    by (subst emeasure-density) auto
  also have ... = (∫+ x∈A. ennreal (pmf q x) * f x ∂count-space UNIV)
    by (simp add: ac-simps nn-integral-measure-pmf)
  also have ... = (∫+ x∈A. ennreal (pmf p x) ∂count-space UNIV)

```

using a **unfolding** f -def by (subst ennreal-mult^[symmetric]) simp-all
 also have ... = emeasure (bind-pmf p return-pmf) A
 unfolding emeasure-bind-pmf nn-integral-measure-pmf by simp
 also have ... = ?R by simp
 finally show ?thesis by simp
qed
 hence density (measure-pmf q) f = measure-pmf p by (intro measure-eqI) auto
 hence AE x in measure-pmf q. f x = RN-deriv q p x by (intro measure-pmf.RN-deriv-unique)
 simp
 thus ?R1 **unfolding** AE-measure-pmf-iff by auto
 thus ?R2 using assms **unfolding** AE-measure-pmf-iff by auto
qed

lemma *KL-divergence-pmf*:
 assumes set-pmf q \subseteq set-pmf p
 shows *KL-divergence* b (measure-pmf p) (measure-pmf q) = ($\int x. \log b$ (pmf q x
 / pmf p x) ∂ q)
 unfolding *KL-divergence-def* *entropy-density-def*
 by (intro integral-cong-AE AE-mp[OF radon-nikodym-pmf(2)][OF assms(1)] AE-I2)
 auto

definition *KL-div* :: real \Rightarrow real \Rightarrow real **where**
KL-div p q = *KL-divergence* (exp 1) (bernoulli-pmf q) (bernoulli-pmf p)

lemma *KL-div-eq*:
 assumes q \in {0<.. <1 } p \in {0..1}
 shows *KL-div* p q = p * ln (p/q) + (1-p) * ln ((1-p)/(1-q)) (is ?L = ?R)
proof –
 have set-pmf (bernoulli-pmf p) \subseteq set-pmf (bernoulli-pmf q)
 using assms(1) set-pmf-bernoulli by auto
 hence ?L = ($\int x. \ln$ (pmf (bernoulli-pmf p) x / pmf (bernoulli-pmf q) x)
 ∂ bernoulli-pmf p)
 unfolding *KL-div-def* by (subst *KL-divergence-pmf*) (simp-all add:log-ln[symmetric])
 also have ... = ?R
 using assms(1,2) by (subst integral-bernoulli-pmf) auto
 finally show ?thesis by simp
qed

lemma *KL-div-swap*:
 assumes q \in {0<.. <1 } p \in {0..1}
 shows *KL-div* p q = *KL-div* (1-p) (1-q)
 using assms by (subst (1 2) *KL-div-eq*) auto

A few results about independent random variables:

lemma (in prob-space) *indep-vars-const*:
 assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies c i \in \text{space } (N i)$
 shows *indep-vars* N ($\lambda i. c i$) I
proof –
 have rv: random-variable (N i) ($\lambda. c i$) if $i \in I$ for i using assms[OF that]

```

by simp
have b:indep-sets (λi. {space M, {}}) I
proof (intro indep-setsI, goal-cases)
  case (1 i) thus ?case by simp
next
  case (2 A J)
  show ?case
  proof (cases ∀j ∈ J. A j = space M)
    case True thus ?thesis using 2(1) by (simp add:prob-space)
  next
    case False
    then obtain i where i:A i = {} i ∈ J using 2 by auto
    hence prob (∩ (A ` J)) = prob {} by (intro arg-cong[where f=prob]) auto
    also have ... = 0 by simp
    also have ... = (∏j∈J. prob (A j))
      using i by (intro prod-zero[symmetric] 2 bexI[where x=i]) auto
    finally show ?thesis by simp
  qed
qed
have {(λ-. c i) -' A ∩ space M |A. A ∈ sets (N i)} = {space M, {}} (is ?L =
?R) if i ∈ I for i
proof
  show ?L ⊆ ?R by auto
next
  have (λA. (λ-. c i) -' A ∩ space M) {} = {} {} ∈ N i by auto
  hence {} ∈ ?L unfolding image-Collect[symmetric] by blast
  moreover have (λA. (λ-. c i) -' A ∩ space M) (space (N i)) = space M space
(N i) ∈ N i
  using assms[OF that] by auto
  hence space M ∈ ?L unfolding image-Collect[symmetric] by blast
  ultimately show ?R ⊆ ?L by simp
qed
hence indep-sets (λi. {(λ-. c i) -' A ∩ space M |A. A ∈ sets (N i)}) I
  using iffD2[OF indep-sets-cong b] b by simp
thus ?thesis unfolding indep-vars-def2 by (intro conjI rv ballI)
qed

```

lemma *indep-vars-map-pmf*:

```

assumes prob-space.indep-vars (measure-pmf p) (λ-. discrete) (λi. X i ∘ f) I
shows prob-space.indep-vars (map-pmf f p) (λ-. discrete) X I
using assms unfolding map-pmf-rep-eq by (intro measure-pmf.indep-vars-distr)
auto

```

lemma *indep-var-pair-pmf*:

```

fixes x y :: 'a pmf
shows prob-space.indep-var (pair-pmf x y) discrete fst discrete snd
proof -
  have split-bool-univ: UNIV = insert True {False} by auto

```



```

have pair-prod: pair-pmf x y = map-pmf (λω. (ω True, ω False)) (prod-pmf
UNIV (case-bool x y))
unfolding split-bool-univ by (subst Pi-pmf-insert)
(simp-all add:map-pmf-comp Pi-pmf-singleton pair-map-pmf2 case-prod-beta)

have case-bool-eq: case-bool discrete discrete = (λ-. discrete)
by (intro ext) (simp add: bool.case-eq-if)

have prob-space.indep-vars (prod-pmf UNIV (case-bool x y)) (λ-. discrete) (λi ω.
ω i) UNIV
by (intro indep-vars-Pi-pmf) auto
moreover have (λi. (case-bool fst snd i) ∘ (λω. ((ω True)::'a, ω False))) = (λi
ω. ω i)
by (auto intro!:ext split:bool.splits)
ultimately show ?thesis
unfolding prob-space.indep-var-def[OF prob-space-measure-pmf] pair-prod case-bool-eq
by (intro indep-vars-map-pmf) simp
qed

lemma measure-pair-pmf: measure (pair-pmf p q) (A × B) = measure p A *
measure q B (is ?L = ?R)
proof –
have ?L = measure (pair-pmf p q) ((A ∩ set-pmf p) × (B ∩ set-pmf q))
by (intro measure-eq-AE AE-pmfI) auto
also have ... = measure p (A ∩ set-pmf p) * measure q (B ∩ set-pmf q)
by (intro measure-pmf-prob-product) auto
also have ... = ?R by (intro arg-cong2[where f=(*)] measure-eq-AE AE-pmfI)
auto
finally show ?thesis by simp
qed

instance bool :: second-countable-topology
proof
show ∃ B::bool set set. countable B ∧ open = generate-topology B
by (intro exI[of - range lessThan ∪ range greaterThan]) (auto simp: open-bool-def)
qed

end

```

2 Definition

This section introduces the concept of negatively associated random variables (RVs). The definition follows, as closely as possible, the original description by Joag-Dev and Proschan [13].

However, the following modifications have been made:

Singleton and empty sets of random variables are considered negatively associated. This is useful because it simplifies many of the induction proofs. The

second modification is that the RV's don't have to be real valued. Instead the range can be into any linearly ordered space with the borel σ -algebra. This is a major enhancement compared to the original work, as well as results by following authors [6, 7, 8, 14, 17].

theory *Negative-Association-Definition*

imports

Concentration-Inequalities.Bienaymes-Identity

Negative-Association-Util

begin

context *prob-space*

begin

definition *neg-assoc* :: ('i \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'c :: {linorder-topology}) \Rightarrow 'i set \Rightarrow bool

where *neg-assoc* X I = (

($\forall i \in I. \text{random-variable borel } (X i)$) \wedge

($\forall (f::\text{nat} \Rightarrow ('i \Rightarrow 'c) \Rightarrow \text{real}) J. J \subseteq I \wedge$

($\forall \iota < 2. \text{bounded } (\text{range } (f \iota)) \wedge \text{mono}(f \iota) \wedge \text{depends-on } (f \iota) ([J, I-J]! \iota) \wedge$

$f \iota \in \text{PiM } ([J, I-J]! \iota) (\lambda \cdot. \text{borel}) \rightarrow_M \text{borel} \longrightarrow$

$\text{covariance } (f 0 \circ \text{flip } X) (f 1 \circ \text{flip } X) \leq 0$))

lemma *neg-assocI*:

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \Longrightarrow \text{random-variable borel } (X i)$

assumes $\bigwedge f g J. J \subseteq I$

$\Longrightarrow \text{depends-on } f J \Longrightarrow \text{depends-on } g (I-J)$

$\Longrightarrow \text{mono } f \Longrightarrow \text{mono } g$

$\Longrightarrow \text{bounded } (\text{range } f::\text{real set}) \Longrightarrow \text{bounded } (\text{range } g)$

$\Longrightarrow f \in \text{PiM } J (\lambda \cdot. \text{borel}) \rightarrow_M \text{borel} \Longrightarrow g \in \text{PiM } (I-J) (\lambda \cdot. \text{borel}) \rightarrow_M \text{borel}$

$\Longrightarrow \text{covariance } (f \circ \text{flip } X) (g \circ \text{flip } X) \leq 0$

shows *neg-assoc* X I

using *assms unfolding neg-assoc-def* **by** (*auto simp:numeral-eq-Suc All-less-Suc*)

lemma *neg-assocI2*:

assumes [*measurable*]: $\bigwedge i. i \in I \Longrightarrow \text{random-variable borel } (X i)$

assumes $\bigwedge f g J. J \subseteq I$

$\Longrightarrow \text{depends-on } f J \Longrightarrow \text{depends-on } g (I-J)$

$\Longrightarrow \text{mono } f \Longrightarrow \text{mono } g$

$\Longrightarrow \text{bounded } (\text{range } f) \Longrightarrow \text{bounded } (\text{range } g)$

$\Longrightarrow f \in \text{PiM } J (\lambda \cdot. \text{borel}) \rightarrow_M (\text{borel} :: \text{real measure})$

$\Longrightarrow g \in \text{PiM } (I-J) (\lambda \cdot. \text{borel}) \rightarrow_M (\text{borel} :: \text{real measure})$

$\Longrightarrow (\int \omega. f(\lambda i. X i \omega) * g(\lambda i. X i \omega) \partial M) \leq (\int \omega. f(\lambda i. X i \omega) \partial M) * (\int \omega. g(\lambda i. X i \omega) \partial M)$

shows *neg-assoc* X I

proof (*rule neg-assocI, goal-cases*)

case (1 i) **thus** ?*case* **using** *assms(1)* **by** *auto*

next

case (2 f g J)

note [*measurable*] = 2(8,9)

note $\text{bounded} = \text{integrable-bounded bounded-intros}$

have $[\text{measurable}]$: *random-variable borel* $(\lambda\omega. f (\lambda i. X i \omega))$
using $\text{subsetD}[OF 2(1)]$ **by** $(\text{subst depends-onD}[OF 2(2)])$ *measurable*
moreover have $[\text{measurable}]$: *random-variable borel* $(\lambda\omega. g (\lambda i. X i \omega))$
by $(\text{subst depends-onD}[OF 2(3)])$ *measurable*
moreover have *integrable* $M (\lambda\omega. ((f \circ (\lambda x y. X y x)) \omega)^2)$
unfolding comp-def by $(\text{intro bounded bounded-subset}[OF 2(6)])$ *auto*
moreover have *integrable* $M (\lambda\omega. ((g \circ (\lambda x y. X y x)) \omega)^2)$
unfolding comp-def by $(\text{intro bounded bounded-subset}[OF 2(7)])$ *auto*
ultimately show $?case$ **using** $\text{assms}(2)[OF 2(1-9)]$
by $(\text{subst covariance-eq})$ $(\text{auto simp:comp-def})$

qed

lemma *neg-assoc-empty*:

neg-assoc $X \{\}$

proof $(\text{intro neg-assocI2, goal-cases})$

case $(1 i)$

then show $?case$ **by** *simp*

next

case $(2 f g J)$

define $fc gc$ **where** $fc:fc = f \text{ undefined}$ **and** $gc:gc = g \text{ undefined}$

have *depends-on* $f \{\}$ *depends-on* $g \{\}$ **using** 2 **by** *auto*

hence $fg\text{-simps}: f = (\lambda x. fc) \ g = (\lambda x. gc)$ **unfolding** $fc gc$ **using** *depends-on-empty*
by *auto*

then show $?case$ **unfolding** $fg\text{-simps}$ **by** $(\text{simp add:prob-space})$

qed

lemma *neg-assoc-singleton*:

assumes *random-variable borel* $(X i)$

shows *neg-assoc* $X \{i\}$

proof $(\text{rule neg-assocI2, goal-cases})$

case $(1 i)$

then show $?case$ **using** *assms* **by** *auto*

next

case $(2 f g J)$

show $?case$

proof $(\text{cases } J = \{i\})$

case *True*

define fc **where** $fc = f \text{ undefined}$

have $f:f = (\lambda-. fc)$

unfolding $fc\text{-def}$ **by** $(\text{intro ext depends-onD2}[OF 2(2)])$ (auto simp:True)

then show $?thesis$ **unfolding** f **by** $(\text{simp add:prob-space})$

next

case *False*

hence $J: J = \{i\}$ **using** $2(1)$ **by** *auto*

define gc **where** $gc = g \text{ undefined}$

have $g:g = (\lambda-. gc)$

unfolding *gc-def* **by** (*intro ext depends-onD2[OF 2(3)]*) (*auto simp:J*)
then show *?thesis* **unfolding** *g* **by** (*simp add:prob-space*)
qed
qed

lemma *neg-assoc-imp-measurable*:
assumes *neg-assoc X I*
assumes $i \in I$
shows *random-variable borel (X i)*
using *assms* **unfolding** *neg-assoc-def* **by** *auto*

Even though the assumption was that defining property is true for pairs of monotone functions over the random variables, it is also true for pairs of anti-monotone functions.

lemma *neg-assoc-imp-mult-mono-bounded*:
fixes $f g :: ('i \Rightarrow 'c::linorder-topology) \Rightarrow real$
assumes *neg-assoc X I*
assumes $J \subseteq I$
assumes *bounded (range f) bounded (range g)*
assumes *monotone (\leq) ($\leq_{\geq \eta}$) f monotone (\leq) ($\leq_{\geq \eta}$) g*
assumes *depends-on f J depends-on g (I-J)*
assumes [*measurable*]: $f \in borel\text{-measurable } (Pi_M J (\lambda\cdot. borel))$
assumes [*measurable*]: $g \in borel\text{-measurable } (Pi_M (I-J) (\lambda\cdot. borel))$
shows
covariance (f o flip X) (g o flip X) ≤ 0
*($\int \omega. f (\lambda i. X i \omega) * g (\lambda i. X i \omega) \partial M \leq expectation (\lambda x. f(\lambda y. X y x)) * expectation (\lambda x. g(\lambda y. X y x))$)*
(is ?L \leq ?R)

proof –

define *q* **where** $q \iota = (if \iota = 0 \text{ then } f \text{ else } g)$ **for** $\iota :: nat$
define *h* **where** $h \iota = ((* (\pm \eta)) \circ (q \iota))$ **for** $\iota :: nat$

note [*measurable*] = *neg-assoc-imp-measurable[OF assms(1)]*
note *bounded* = *integrable-bounded bounded-intros*

have *1:bounded (range ((* (\pm \eta)) \circ (q \iota)) depends-on (q \iota) ([J,I-J]!\iota)*
 $q \iota \in PiM ([J,I-J]!\iota) (\lambda\cdot. borel) \rightarrow_M borel \text{ mono } ((* (\pm \eta)) \circ (q \iota))$ **if** $\iota \in \{0,1\}$
for ι
using *that assms* **unfolding** *q-def conv-rel-to-sign* **by** (*auto intro:bounded-mult-comp*)

have *2: ((* (\pm \eta::real)) $\in borel \rightarrow_M borel$ by simp*

have *3: $\forall \iota < Suc (Suc 0). bounded (range (h \iota)) \wedge mono(h \iota) \wedge depends-on (h \iota)$*
 $([J,I-J]!\iota) \wedge$
 $h \iota \in PiM ([J,I-J]!\iota) (\lambda\cdot. borel) \rightarrow_M borel$ **unfolding** *All-less-Suc h-def*
by (*intro conjI 1 depends-on-comp measurable-comp[OF - 2]*) *auto*

have *covariance (f o flip X) (g o flip X) = covariance (q 0 o flip X) (q 1 o flip X)*

unfolding q -def **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = \text{covariance } (h \ 0 \circ \text{flip } X) (h \ 1 \circ \text{flip } X)$
unfolding h -def *covariance-def comp-def* **by** (*cases* η) (*auto simp: algebra-simps*)
also have $\dots \leq 0$ **using** \exists *assms(1,2) numeral-2-eq-2* **unfolding** *neg-assoc-def*
by *metis*
finally show $\text{covariance } (f \circ \text{flip } X) (g \circ \text{flip } X) \leq 0$ **by** *simp*

moreover have m - f : *random-variable borel* $(\lambda x. f(\lambda i. X \ i \ x))$
using *subsetD[OF assms(2)]* **by** (*subst depends-onD[OF assms(7)]*) *measurable*
moreover have m - g : *random-variable borel* $(\lambda x. g(\lambda i. X \ i \ x))$
by (*subst depends-onD[OF assms(8)]*) *measurable*
moreover have *integrable* M $(\lambda \omega. ((f \circ (\lambda x \ y. X \ y \ x)) \ \omega)^2)$ **unfolding** *comp-def*
by (*intro bounded bounded-subset[OF assms(3)] measurable-compose[OF m-f]*)
auto
moreover have *integrable* M $(\lambda \omega. ((g \circ (\lambda x \ y. X \ y \ x)) \ \omega)^2)$ **unfolding** *comp-def*
by (*intro bounded bounded-subset[OF assms(4)] measurable-compose[OF m-g]*)
auto

ultimately show $?L \leq ?R$ **by** (*subst (asm) covariance-eq*) (*auto simp: comp-def*)
qed

lemma *lim-min-n*: $(\lambda n. \text{min } (\text{real } n) \ x) \longrightarrow x$

proof –

define m **where** $m = \text{nat } \lceil x \rceil$
have $\text{min } (\text{real } (n+m)) \ x = x$ **for** n **unfolding** m -def **by** (*intro min-absorb2*)
linarith
hence $(\lambda n. \text{min } (\text{real } (n+m)) \ x) \longrightarrow x$ **by** *simp*
thus *?thesis* **using** *LIMSEQ-offset[where k=m]* **by** *fast*
qed

lemma *lim-clamp-n*: $(\lambda n. \text{clamp } (-\text{real } n) (\text{real } n) \ x) \longrightarrow x$

proof –

define m **where** $m = \text{nat } \lceil |x| \rceil$
have $\text{clamp } (-\text{real } (n+m)) (\text{real } (n+m)) \ x = x$ **for** n **unfolding** m -def
by (*intro clamp-eqI[symmetric]*) *linarith*
hence $(\lambda n. \text{clamp } (-\text{real } (n+m)) (\text{real } (n+m)) \ x) \longrightarrow x$ **by** *simp*
thus *?thesis* **using** *LIMSEQ-offset[where k=m]* **by** *fast*
qed

lemma *neg-assoc-imp-mult-mono*:

fixes $f \ g :: ('i \Rightarrow 'c::\text{linorder-topology}) \Rightarrow \text{real}$

assumes *neg-assoc* $X \ I$

assumes $J \subseteq I$

assumes *square-integrable* M $(f \circ \text{flip } X)$ *square-integrable* M $(g \circ \text{flip } X)$

assumes *monotone* (\leq) $(\leq_{\geq \eta})$ f *monotone* (\leq) $(\leq_{\geq \eta})$ g

assumes *depends-on* $f \ J$ *depends-on* $g \ (I-J)$

assumes [*measurable*]: $f \in \text{borel-measurable } (Pi_M \ J \ (\lambda-. \text{borel}))$

assumes [*measurable*]: $g \in \text{borel-measurable } (Pi_M \ (I-J) \ (\lambda-. \text{borel}))$

shows $(\int \omega. f \ (\lambda i. X \ i \ \omega) * g \ (\lambda i. X \ i \ \omega) \ \partial M) \leq (\int x. f(\lambda y. X \ y \ x) \ \partial M) * (\int x.$

$g(\lambda y. X y x)\partial M$
 (is $?L \leq ?R$)
proof –
 let $?cf = \lambda n x. \text{clamp } (-\text{real } n) (\text{real } n) (f x)$
 let $?cg = \lambda n x. \text{clamp } (-\text{real } n) (\text{real } n) (g x)$

note $[\text{measurable}] = \text{neg-assoc-imp-measurable}[OF \text{ assms}(1)]$

have $m\text{-}f$: *random-variable borel* $(\lambda x. f(\lambda i. X i x))$
using $\text{subsetD}[OF \text{ assms}(2)]$ **by** $(\text{subst depends-onD}[OF \text{ assms}(7)])$ *measurable*

have $m\text{-}g$: *random-variable borel* $(\lambda x. g(\lambda i. X i x))$
by $(\text{subst depends-onD}[OF \text{ assms}(8)])$ *measurable*

note $\text{intro-rules} = \text{borel-measurable-times measurable-compose}[OF - \text{clamp-borel}]$
AE-I2
 $\text{measurable-compose}[OF - \text{borel-measurable-norm}] \text{ lim-clamp-n } m\text{-}f \ m\text{-}g$

have a : $(\lambda n. (\int \omega. ?cf n (\lambda i. X i \omega) * ?cg n (\lambda i. X i \omega) \partial M)) \longrightarrow ?L$ **using**
assms(3,4)
by $(\text{intro integral-dominated-convergence}[\mathbf{where } w = \lambda \omega. \text{norm } (f(\lambda i. X i \omega)) * \text{norm } (g(\lambda i. X i \omega))])$
 $\text{intro-rules tendsto-mult cauchy-schwartz}(1)[\mathbf{where } M = M]$
 $(\text{auto intro!} : \text{clamp-abs-le mult-mono simp add:comp-def abs-mult})$

have $(\lambda n. (\int x. ?cf n (\lambda y. X y x)\partial M)) \longrightarrow (\int x. f(\lambda y. X y x)\partial M)$
using $\text{square-integrable-imp-integrable}[OF \ m\text{-}f] \text{ assms}(3)$ **unfolding** *comp-def*
by $(\text{intro integral-dominated-convergence}[\mathbf{where } w = \lambda \omega. \text{norm } (f(\lambda i. X i \omega))])$
intro-rules
 $(\text{simp-all add:clamp-abs-le})$

moreover have $(\lambda n. (\int x. ?cg n (\lambda y. X y x)\partial M)) \longrightarrow (\int x. g(\lambda y. X y x)\partial M)$
using $\text{square-integrable-imp-integrable}[OF \ m\text{-}g] \text{ assms}(4)$ **unfolding** *comp-def*
by $(\text{intro integral-dominated-convergence}[\mathbf{where } w = \lambda \omega. \text{norm } (g(\lambda i. X i \omega))])$
intro-rules
 $(\text{simp-all add:clamp-abs-le})$

ultimately have b : $(\lambda n. (\int x. ?cf n (\lambda y. X y x)\partial M) * (\int x. ?cg n (\lambda y. X y x)$
 $\partial M)) \longrightarrow ?R$
by $(\text{rule tendsto-mult})$

show *?thesis*
by $(\text{intro lim-mono}[OF - a \ b, \mathbf{where } N = 0] \text{ bounded-clamp-alt assms}(5,6,9,10)$
monotone-clamp
 $\text{neg-assoc-imp-mult-mono-bounded}[OF \text{ assms}(1,2), \mathbf{where } \eta = \eta] \text{ depends-on-comp-2}[OF$
*assms}(7)]
 $\text{measurable-compose}[OF - \text{clamp-borel}] \text{ depends-on-comp-2}[OF \text{ assms}(8)])$
qed*

Property P4 [13]

lemma *neg-assoc-subset*:
assumes $J \subseteq I$
assumes *neg-assoc* $X I$
shows *neg-assoc* $X J$
proof (*rule neg-assocI,goal-cases*)
case (1 *i*)
then show ?*case* **using** *neg-assoc-imp-measurable*[*OF assms(2)*] *assms(1)* **by**
auto
next
case (2 *f g K*)
have $a:K \subseteq I$ **using** 2 *assms(1)* **by** *auto*

have $g = g \circ (\lambda m. \text{restrict } m (J-K))$
using 2 *depends-onD unfolding comp-def* **by** (*intro ext*) *auto*
also have $\dots \in \text{borel-measurable } (Pi_M (I - K) (\lambda-. \text{borel}))$
using 2 *assms(1)* **by** (*intro measurable-comp*[*OF measurable-restrict-subset*])
auto
finally have $g \in \text{borel-measurable } (Pi_M (I - K) (\lambda-. \text{borel}))$ **by** *simp*
moreover have *depends-on* $g (I-K)$ **using** *depends-on-mono assms(1)* 2
by (*metis Diff-mono dual-order.eq-iff*)
ultimately show *covariance* $(f \circ \text{flip } X) (g \circ \text{flip } X) \leq 0$
using 2 **by** (*intro neg-assoc-imp-mult-mono-bounded*[*OF assms(2)*] *a*, **where**
 $\eta = Fwd$) *simp-all*
qed

lemma *neg-assoc-imp-mult-mono-nonneg*:
fixes $f g :: ('i \Rightarrow 'c::\text{linorder-topology}) \Rightarrow \text{real}$
assumes *neg-assoc* $X I J \subseteq I$
assumes $\text{range } f \subseteq \{0..\}$ $\text{range } g \subseteq \{0..\}$
assumes *integrable* $M (f \circ \text{flip } X)$ *integrable* $M (g \circ \text{flip } X)$
assumes *monotone* $(\leq) (\leq_{\geq \eta}) f$ *monotone* $(\leq) (\leq_{\geq \eta}) g$
assumes *depends-on* $f J$ *depends-on* $g (I-J)$
assumes $f \in \text{borel-measurable } (Pi_M J (\lambda-. \text{borel}))$ $g \in \text{borel-measurable } (Pi_M$
 $(I-J) (\lambda-. \text{borel}))$
shows *has-int-that* $M (\lambda \omega. f (\text{flip } X \ \omega) * g (\text{flip } X \ \omega))$
 $(\lambda r. r \leq \text{expectation } (f \circ \text{flip } X) * \text{expectation } (g \circ \text{flip } X))$
proof –
let ?*cf* = $(\lambda n x. \text{min } (\text{real } n) (f x))$
let ?*cg* = $(\lambda n x. \text{min } (\text{real } n) (g x))$

define *u* **where** $u = (\lambda \omega. f (\lambda i. X i \ \omega) * g (\lambda i. X i \ \omega))$
define *h* **where** $h \ n \ \omega = ?cf \ n \ (\lambda i. X i \ \omega) * ?cg \ n \ (\lambda i. X i \ \omega)$ **for** $n \ \omega$
define *x* **where** $x = (\text{SUP } n. \text{expectation } (h \ n))$

note *borel-intros* = *borel-measurable-times borel-measurable-const borel-measurable-min*
borel-measurable-power

note *bounded-intros'* = *integrable-bounded bounded-intros bounded-const-min*

have *f-meas*: *random-variable borel* $(\lambda x. f (\lambda i. X i x))$

using *borel-measurable-integrable*[*OF* *assms*(5)] **by** (*simp* *add:comp-def*)
have *g-meas: random-variable borel* ($\lambda x. g (\lambda i. X i x)$)
using *borel-measurable-integrable*[*OF* *assms*(6)] **by** (*simp* *add:comp-def*)

have *h-int: integrable M (h n) for n*
unfolding *h-def* **using** *assms*(3,4) **by** (*intro* *bounded-intros'* *borel-intros* *f-meas* *g-meas*) *fast+*

have *exp-h-le-R: expectation (h n) \leq expectation (f \circ flip X) * expectation (g \circ flip X)* **for** *n*
proof –

have *square-integrable M (($\lambda a. \min (\text{real } n) (f a)$) \circ ($\lambda x y. X y x$))*
using *assms*(3) **unfolding** *comp-def*
by (*intro* *bounded-intros'* *bdd-belowI*[**where** *m=0*] *borel-intros* *f-meas*) *auto*
moreover **have** *square-integrable M (($\lambda a. \min (\text{real } n) (g a)$) \circ ($\lambda x y. X y x$))*
using *assms*(4) **unfolding** *comp-def*
by (*intro* *bounded-intros'* *bdd-belowI*[**where** *m=0*] *borel-intros* *g-meas*) *auto*
moreover **have** *monotone (\leq) ($\leq \geq \eta$) (($\lambda a. \min (\text{real } n) (f a)$))*
using *monotoneD*[*OF* *assms*(7)] **unfolding** *comp-def* *min-mult-distrib-left*
by (*intro* *monotoneI*) (*cases* η , *fastforce+*)
moreover **have** *monotone (\leq) ($\leq \geq \eta$) (($\lambda a. \min (\text{real } n) (g a)$))*
using *monotoneD*[*OF* *assms*(8)] **unfolding** *comp-def* *min-mult-distrib-left*
by (*intro* *monotoneI*) (*cases* η , *fastforce+*)
ultimately **have** *expectation (h n) \leq expectation (?cf n \circ flip X) * expectation (?cg n \circ flip X)*
unfolding *h-def* *comp-def*
by (*intro* *neg-assoc-imp-mult-mono*[*OF* *assms*(1–2)] *borel-intros* *assms*(11,12) *depends-on-comp-2*[*OF* *assms*(10)] *depends-on-comp-2*[*OF* *assms*(9)]) (*auto* *simp:comp-def*)
also **have** *... \leq expectation (f \circ flip X) * expectation (g \circ flip X)*
using *assms*(3,4) **by** (*intro* *mult-mono* *integral-nonneg-AE* *AE-I2* *integral-mono'* *assms*(5,6)) *auto*
finally **show** *?thesis* **by** *simp*
qed

have *h-mono-ptw: AE ω in M. mono ($\lambda n. h n \omega$)*
using *assms*(3,4) **unfolding** *h-def* **by** (*intro* *AE-I2* *monoI* *mult-mono*) *auto*
have *h-mono: mono ($\lambda n. \text{expectation } (h n)$)*
by (*intro* *monoI* *integral-mono-AE* *AE-mp*[*OF* *h-mono-ptw* *AE-I2*] *h-int*) (*simp* *add:mono-def*)

have *random-variable borel u* **using** *f-meas* *g-meas* **unfolding** *u-def* **by** (*intro* *borel-intros*)
moreover **have** *AE ω in M. ($\lambda n. h n \omega$) \longrightarrow u ω*
unfolding *h-def* *u-def* **by** (*intro* *tendsto-mult* *lim-min-n* *AE-I2*)
moreover **have** *bdd-above (range ($\lambda n. \text{expectation } (h n)$))*
using *exp-h-le-R* **by** (*intro* *bdd-aboveI*) *auto*
hence ($\lambda n. \text{expectation } (h n)$) \longrightarrow *x*
using *LIMSEQ-incseq-SUP*[*OF* - *h-mono*] **unfolding** *x-def* **by** *simp*

ultimately have *has-bochner-integral* M u x **using** *h-int h-mono-ptw*
by (*intro has-bochner-integral-monotone-convergence*[**where** $f=h$])
moreover have $x \leq \text{expectation } (f \circ \text{flip } X) * \text{expectation } (g \circ \text{flip } X)$
unfolding *x-def* **by** (*intro cSUP-least exp-h-le-R*) *simp*
ultimately show *?thesis unfolding has-bochner-integral-iff u-def has-int-that-def*
by *auto*
qed

Property P2 [13]

lemma *neg-assoc-imp-prod-mono*:

fixes $f :: 'i \Rightarrow ('c::\text{linorder-topology}) \Rightarrow \text{real}$
assumes *finite* I
assumes *neg-assoc* X I
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies \text{integrable } M (\lambda\omega. f i (X i \omega))$
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies \text{monotone } (\leq) (\leq_{\eta}) (f i)$
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies \text{range } (f i) \subseteq \{0..\}$
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies f i \in \text{borel-measurable borel}$
shows *has-int-that* $M (\lambda\omega. (\prod i \in I. f i (X i \omega))) (\lambda r. r \leq (\prod i \in I. \text{expectation } (\lambda\omega. f i (X i \omega))))$
using *assms*

proof (*induction* I *rule:finite-induct*)

case *empty* **then show** *?case* **by** (*simp add:has-int-that-def*)

next

case (*insert* x F)

define g **where** $g v = f x (v x)$ **for** v

define h **where** $h v = (\prod i \in F. f i (v i))$ **for** v

have $0: \{x\} \subseteq \text{insert } x F$ **by** *auto*

have *ran-g*: $\text{range } g \subseteq \{0..\}$ **using** *insert(7)* **unfolding** *g-def* **by** *auto*

have $\text{True} = \text{has-int-that } M (\lambda\omega. \prod i \in F. f i (X i \omega)) (\lambda r. r \leq (\prod i \in F. \text{expectation } (\lambda\omega. f i (X i \omega))))$

by (*intro true-eq-iff insert neg-assoc-subset[OF - insert(4)]*) *auto*

also have $\dots = \text{has-int-that } M (h \circ \text{flip } X) (\lambda r. r \leq (\prod i \in F. \text{expectation } (\lambda\omega. f i (X i \omega))))$

unfolding *h-def* **by** (*intro arg-cong2*[**where** $f=\text{has-int-that } M$] *refl*)(*simp add:comp-def*)

finally have $2: \text{has-int-that } M (h \circ \text{flip } X) (\lambda r. r \leq (\prod i \in F. \text{expectation } (\lambda\omega. f i (X i \omega))))$

by *simp*

have $(\prod i \in F. f i (v i)) \geq 0$ **for** v **using** *insert(7)* **by** (*intro prod-nonneg*) *auto*

hence $\text{range } h \subseteq \{0..\}$ **unfolding** *h-def* **by** *auto*

moreover have *integrable* $M (g \circ \text{flip } X)$ **unfolding** *g-def* **using** *insert(5)* **by** (*auto simp:comp-def*)

moreover have $3: \text{monotone } (\leq) (\leq_{\eta}) (f x)$ **using** *insert(6)* **by** *simp*

have *monotone* $(\leq) (\leq_{\eta}) g$ **using** *monotoneD[OF 3]*

unfolding $g\text{-def}$ **by** (*intro monotoneI*) (*auto simp:comp-def le-fun-def*)
moreover have $4:\text{monotone } (\leq) (\leq_{\geq\eta}) (f\ i) \wedge x. f\ i\ x \geq 0$ **if** $i \in F$ **for** i
using *that insert(6,7)* **by** *force+*
hence $\text{monotone } (\leq) (\leq_{\geq\eta})\ h$ **using** $\text{monotoneD}[OF\ 4(1)]$ **unfolding** $h\text{-def}$
by (*intro monotoneI*) (*cases η , auto intro:prod-mono simp:comp-def le-fun-def*)
moreover have $\text{depends-on } g\ \{x\}$ **unfolding** $g\text{-def}$ **by** (*intro depends-onI*) *force*
moreover have $\text{depends-on } h\ F$
unfolding $h\text{-def}$ **by** (*intro depends-onI prod.cong refl*) *force*
hence $\text{depends-on } h\ (F - \{x\})$ **using** *insert(2)* **by** *simp*
moreover have $g \in \text{borel-measurable } (Pi_M\ \{x\})\ (\lambda\cdot. \text{borel})$ **unfolding** $g\text{-def}$
by (*intro measurable-compose[OF - insert(8)] measurable-component-singleton*)
auto
moreover have $h \in \text{borel-measurable } (Pi_M\ F)\ (\lambda\cdot. \text{borel})$
unfolding $h\text{-def}$ **by** (*intro borel-measurable-prod measurable-compose[OF - insert(8)]*)
measurable-component-singleton) *auto*
hence $h \in \text{borel-measurable } (Pi_M\ (F - \{x\}))\ (\lambda\cdot. \text{borel})$ **using** *insert(2)* **by**
simp
ultimately have $\text{True} = \text{has-int-that } M\ (\lambda\omega. g\ (\text{flip } X\ \omega) * h\ (\text{flip } X\ \omega))$
 $(\lambda r. r \leq \text{expectation } (g \circ \text{flip } X) * \text{expectation } (h \circ \text{flip } X))$
by (*intro true-eq-iff neg-assoc-imp-mult-mono-nonneg[OF insert(4) 0, where*
 $\eta=\eta]$
ran-g has-int-thatD[OF 2]) simp-all
also have $\dots = \text{has-int-that } M\ (\lambda\omega. (\prod_{i \in \text{insert } x\ F}. f\ i\ (X\ i\ \omega)))$
 $(\lambda r. r \leq \text{expectation } (g \circ \text{flip } X) * \text{expectation } (h \circ \text{flip } X))$
unfolding $g\text{-def } h\text{-def}$ **using** *insert(1,2)* **by** (*intro arg-cong2[where f=has-int-that*
 $M]$ *refl*) *simp*
also have $\dots \leq \text{has-int-that } M\ (\lambda\omega. (\prod_{i \in \text{insert } x\ F}. f\ i\ (X\ i\ \omega)))$
 $(\lambda r. r \leq \text{expectation } (g \circ \text{flip } X) * (\prod_{i \in F}. \text{expectation } (f\ i \circ X\ i)))$
using *ran-g has-int-thatD[OF 2]* **by** (*intro has-int-that-mono le-trans mult-left-mono*
integral-nonneg-AE AE-I2) (*auto simp: comp-def*)
also have $\dots = \text{has-int-that } M$
 $(\lambda\omega. \prod_{i \in \text{insert } x\ F}. f\ i\ (X\ i\ \omega))\ (\lambda r. r \leq (\prod_{i \in \text{insert } x\ F}. \text{expectation } (f\ i \circ$
 $X\ i)))$
using *insert(1,2)* **by** (*intro arg-cong2[where f=has-int-that M]* *refl*) (*simp*
add:g-def comp-def)
finally show *?case* **using** *le-boolE* **by** (*simp add:comp-def*)
qed

Property P5 [13]

lemma *neg-assoc-compose*:

fixes $f :: 'j \Rightarrow ('i \Rightarrow ('c::\text{linorder-topology})) \Rightarrow ('d::\text{linorder-topology})$

assumes *finite I*

assumes *neg-assoc X I*

assumes $\bigwedge j. j \in J \implies \text{deps } j \subseteq I$

assumes $\bigwedge j1\ j2. j1 \in J \implies j2 \in J \implies j1 \neq j2 \implies \text{deps } j1 \cap \text{deps } j2 = \{\}$

assumes $\bigwedge j. j \in J \implies \text{monotone } (\leq) (\leq_{\geq\eta}) (f\ j)$

assumes $\bigwedge j. j \in J \implies \text{depends-on } (f\ j)\ (\text{deps } j)$

assumes $\bigwedge j. j \in J \implies f\ j \in \text{borel-measurable } (Pi_M\ (\text{deps } j))\ (\lambda\cdot. \text{borel})$

shows $neg\text{-}assoc (\lambda j \omega. f j (\lambda i. X i \omega)) J$
proof (*rule neg-assocI, goal-cases*)
case (1 *i*)
note [*measurable*] = $neg\text{-}assoc\text{-}imp\text{-}measurable[OF\ assms(2)]\ assms(7)[OF\ 1]$
note $3 = assms(3)[OF\ 1]$
have $2: f i (\lambda i. X i \omega) = f i (\lambda i \in deps\ i. X i \omega)$ **for** ω
using 3 **by** (*intro depends-onD2[OF assms(6)] 1*) *fastforce*
show *?case unfolding 2 by measurable (rule subsetD[OF 3])*
next
case (2 *g h K*)

let $?g = (\lambda \omega. g (\lambda j. f j \omega))$
let $?h = (\lambda \omega. h (\lambda j. f j \omega))$

note $dep\text{-}f = depends\text{-}onD[OF\ depends\text{-}on\text{-}mono[OF\ \text{-}\ assms(6)],\ symmetric]$

have *g-alt-1*: $?g = (\lambda \omega. g (\lambda j \in J. f j \omega))$
using $2(1)$ **by** (*intro ext depends-onD[OF depends-on-mono[OF - 2(2)]]*) *auto*
have *g-alt-2*: $?g = (\lambda \omega. g (\lambda j \in K. f j \omega))$
by (*intro ext depends-onD[OF 2(2)]]*)
have *g-alt-3*: $?g = (\lambda \omega. g (\lambda j \in K. f j (restrict\ \omega\ (deps\ j))))$ **unfolding** *g-alt-2*
using $2(1)$
by (*intro restrict-ext ext arg-cong[where f=g] depends-onD[OF assms(6)]]*) *auto*

have *h-alt-1*: $?h = (\lambda \omega. h (\lambda j \in J. f j \omega))$
by (*intro ext depends-onD[OF depends-on-mono[OF - 2(3)]]*) *auto*
have *h-alt-2*: $?h = (\lambda \omega. h (\lambda j \in J-K. f j \omega))$
by (*intro ext depends-onD[OF 2(3)]]*)
have *h-alt-3*: $?h = (\lambda \omega. h (\lambda j \in J-K. f j (restrict\ \omega\ (deps\ j))))$ **unfolding**
h-alt-2
by (*intro restrict-ext ext arg-cong[where f=h] depends-onD[OF assms(6)]]*) *auto*

have $3: \bigcup (deps\ ' (J-K)) \subseteq I - \bigcup (deps\ ' K)$ **using** $assms(3,4)$ $2(1)$ **by** *blast*

have $\bigcup (deps\ ' K) \subseteq I$ **using** $2(1)$ $assms(3)$ **by** *auto*
moreover **have** *bounded (range ?g) bounded (range ?h)*
using $2(6,7)$ **by** (*auto intro: bounded-subset*)
moreover **have** *monotone (\leq) ($\leq \geq \eta$) ?g*
unfolding *g-alt-1* **using** $monotoneD[OF\ assms(5)]$
by (*intro monotoneI (cases η , auto intro!: monoD[OF 2(4)] le-funI*)
moreover **have** *monotone (\leq) ($\leq \geq \eta$) ?h*
unfolding *h-alt-1* **using** $monotoneD[OF\ assms(5)]$
by (*intro monotoneI (cases η , auto intro!: monoD[OF 2(5)] le-funI*)
moreover **have** *depends-on ?g ($\bigcup (deps\ ' K)$)*
using $2(1)$ **unfolding** *g-alt-2*
by (*intro depends-onI arg-cong[where f=g] restrict-ext depends-onD2[OF*
assms(6)]]) *auto*
moreover **have** *depends-on ?h ($\bigcup (deps\ ' (J-K))$)*
unfolding *h-alt-2*

by (intro depends-onI arg-cong[where f=h] restrict-ext depends-onD2[OF
 assms(6)]) auto
 hence depends-on ?h (I - \bigcup (deps ' K)) using depends-on-mono[OF 3] by
 auto
 moreover have ?g \in borel-measurable (Pi_M (\bigcup (deps ' K)) (λ -. borel))
 unfolding g-alt-3 using 2(1)
 by (intro measurable-compose[OF - 2(8)] measurable-compose[OF - assms(7)]
 measurable-restrict measurable-component-singleton) auto
 moreover have ?h \in borel-measurable (Pi_M (I - \bigcup (deps ' K)) (λ -. borel))
 unfolding h-alt-3 using 3
 by (intro measurable-compose[OF - 2(9)] measurable-compose[OF - assms(7)]
 measurable-restrict
 measurable-component-singleton) auto
 ultimately have covariance (?g \circ flip X) (?h \circ flip X) \leq 0
 by (rule neg-assoc-imp-mult-mono-bounded[OF assms(2), where J= \bigcup (deps ' K)
 and $\eta=\eta$])
 thus covariance (g \circ (λ x y. f y (λ i. X i x))) (h \circ (λ x y. f y (λ i. X i x))) \leq 0
 by (simp add:comp-def)
 qed

lemma neg-assoc-compose-simple:

fixes f :: 'i \Rightarrow ('c::linorder-topology) \Rightarrow ('d::linorder-topology)

assumes finite I

assumes neg-assoc X I

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies$ monotone (\leq) (\leq_{η}) (f i)

assumes [measurable]: $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies$ f i \in borel-measurable borel

shows neg-assoc (λ i ω . f i (X i ω)) I

proof -

have depends-on (λ ω . f i (ω i)) {i} if i \in I for i

by (intro depends-onI) auto

moreover have monotone (\leq) (\leq_{η}) (λ ω . f i (ω i)) if i \in I for i

using monotoneD[OF assms(3)[OF that]] by (intro monotoneI) (cases η , auto
 dest:le-funE)

ultimately show ?thesis

by (intro neg-assoc-compose[OF assms(1,2), where deps= λ i. {i} and $\eta=\eta$])
 simp-all

qed

lemma covariance-distr:

fixes f g :: 'b \Rightarrow real

assumes [measurable]: $\varphi \in M \rightarrow_M N$ f \in borel-measurable N g \in borel-measurable
 N

shows prob-space.covariance (distr M N φ) f g = covariance (f \circ φ) (g \circ φ) (is
 ?L = ?R)

proof -

let ?M' = distr M N φ

have ps-distr: prob-space ?M' by (intro prob-space-distr) measurable

interpret p2: prob-space ?M'

using ps-distr by auto

have $?L = \text{expectation } (\lambda x. (f(\varphi x) - \text{expectation } (\lambda x. f(\varphi x))) * (g(\varphi x) - \text{expectation } (\lambda x. g(\varphi x))))$
unfolding $p2.\text{covariance-def}$ **by** $(\text{subst } (1\ 2\ 3)\ \text{integral-distr})\ \text{measurable}$
also have $\dots = ?R$
unfolding $\text{covariance-def comp-def}$ **by** simp
finally show $?thesis$ **by** simp
qed

lemma $\text{neg-assoc-iff-distr}$:

assumes $[\text{measurable}]$: $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies X\ i \in \text{borel-measurable } M$

shows $\text{neg-assoc } X\ I \longleftrightarrow$

$\text{prob-space.neg-assoc } (\text{distr } M\ (Pi_M\ I\ (\lambda-. \text{borel}))\ (\lambda\omega. \lambda i \in I. X\ i\ \omega))\ (\text{flip } id)\ I$
(is $?L \longleftrightarrow ?R$ **)**

proof

let $?M' = \text{distr } M\ (Pi_M\ I\ (\lambda-. \text{borel}))\ (\lambda\omega. \lambda i \in I. X\ i\ \omega)$

have ps-distr : $\text{prob-space } ?M'$

by $(\text{intro prob-space-distr})\ \text{measurable}$

interpret $p2$: $\text{prob-space } ?M'$

using ps-distr **by** auto

show $?R$ **if** $?L$

proof $(\text{rule } p2.\text{neg-assocI},\ \text{goal-cases})$

case $(1\ i)$

thus $?case$ **using** assms **that** **unfolding** id-def **by** measurable

next

case $(2\ f\ g\ J)$

have dep-I : $\text{depends-on } f\ I\ \text{depends-on } g\ I$

using $\text{depends-on-mono}[OF\ \text{Diff-subset}[of\ I\ J]]\ \text{depends-on-mono}[OF\ 2(1)]$
 $2(2-3)$ **by** auto

have $f\text{-meas}[\text{measurable}]$: $(\lambda x. f\ x) \in \text{borel-measurable } (Pi_M\ I\ (\lambda-. \text{borel}))$

by $(\text{subst depends-onD}[OF\ 2(2)])\ (\text{intro } 2\ \text{measurable-compose}[OF\ \text{measurable-restrict-subset}])$

have $g\text{-meas}[\text{measurable}]$: $(\lambda x. g\ x) \in \text{borel-measurable } (Pi_M\ I\ (\lambda-. \text{borel}))$

by $(\text{subst depends-onD}[OF\ 2(3)])$

$(\text{intro } 2\ \text{measurable-compose}[OF\ \text{measurable-restrict-subset}],\ \text{auto})$

have $\text{covariance } (f \circ id \circ (\lambda\omega. \lambda i \in I. X\ i\ \omega))\ (g \circ id \circ (\lambda\omega. \lambda i \in I. X\ i\ \omega)) =$

$\text{covariance } (f \circ \text{flip } X)\ (g \circ \text{flip } X)$

using $\text{depends-onD}[OF\ \text{dep-I}(2)]\ \text{depends-onD}[OF\ \text{dep-I}(1)]$ **by** $(\text{simp add:comp-def})$

also have $\dots \leq 0$

using 2 **by** $(\text{intro neg-assoc-imp-mult-mono-bounded}[OF\ \text{that } 2(1,6,7)],\ \text{where } \eta = \text{Fwd})\ \text{simp-all}$

finally have $\text{covariance } (f \circ id \circ (\lambda\omega. \lambda i \in I. X\ i\ \omega))\ (g \circ id \circ (\lambda\omega. \lambda i \in I. X\ i\ \omega)) \leq 0$ **by** simp

thus $?case$ **by** $(\text{subst covariance-distr})\ \text{measurable}$

qed

show ?L **if** ?R

proof (rule neg-assocI, goal-cases)

case (1 i)

then show ?case **by** measurable

next

case (2 f g J)

have dep-I: depends-on f I depends-on g I

using depends-on-mono[OF Diff-subset[of I J]] depends-on-mono[OF 2(1)]

 2(2-3) **by** auto

have f-meas[measurable]: $(\lambda x. f x) \in \text{borel-measurable } (Pi_M I (\lambda \cdot. \text{borel}))$

by (subst depends-onD[OF 2(2)]) (intro 2 measurable-compose[OF measurable-restrict-subset])

have g-meas[measurable]: $(\lambda x. g x) \in \text{borel-measurable } (Pi_M I (\lambda \cdot. \text{borel}))$

by (subst depends-onD[OF 2(3)])

 (intro 2 measurable-compose[OF measurable-restrict-subset], auto)

note [measurable] = 2(8,9)

have covariance $(f \circ (\lambda x y. X y x)) (g \circ (\lambda x y. X y x)) =$

 covariance $(f \circ (\lambda \omega. \lambda i \in I. X i \omega)) (g \circ (\lambda \omega. \lambda i \in I. X i \omega))$

using depends-onD[OF dep-I(2)] depends-onD[OF dep-I(1)] **by** (simp add:comp-def)

also have ... = p2.covariance $(f \circ id) (g \circ id)$ **by** (subst covariance-distr)

measurable

also have ... ≤ 0

using 2 **by** (intro p2.neg-assoc-imp-mult-mono-bounded[OF that 2(1), where $\eta = Fwd$])

 (simp-all add:comp-def)

finally show ?case **by** simp

qed

qed

lemma neg-assoc-cong:

assumes finite I

assumes [measurable]: $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies Y i \in \text{borel-measurable } M$

assumes neg-assoc X I $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies AE \omega \text{ in } M. X i \omega = Y i \omega$

shows neg-assoc Y I

proof –

have [measurable]: $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies X i \in \text{borel-measurable } M$

using neg-assoc-imp-measurable[OF assms(3)] **by** auto

let ?B = $(\lambda \cdot. \text{borel})$

have a:AE x in M. $(\forall i \in I. (X i x = Y i x))$ **by** (intro AE-finite-allI assms)

have AE x in M. $(\lambda i \in I. X i x) = (\lambda i \in I. Y i x)$ **by** (intro AE-mp[OF a AE-I2])

auto

hence b:distr M $(Pi_M I ?B) (\lambda \omega. \lambda i \in I. X i \omega) = \text{distr } M (Pi_M I ?B) (\lambda \omega. \lambda i \in I.$

$Y i \omega$
by (*intro distr-cong-AE refl*) *measurable*
have *prob-space.neg-assoc* (*distr M (PiM I (λ-. borel)) (λω. λi∈I. X i ω)*) (*flip id*) *I*
using *assms(2,3)* **by** (*intro iffD1[OF neg-assoc-iff-distr]*) *measurable*
thus *?thesis unfolding b using assms(2)*
by (*intro iffD2[OF neg-assoc-iff-distr[where I=I]]*) *auto*
qed

lemma *neg-assoc-reindex-aux:*

assumes *inj-on h I*
assumes *neg-assoc X (h ' I)*
shows *neg-assoc (λk. X (h k)) I*
proof (*rule neg-assocI, goal-cases*)
case (*1 i*) **thus** *?case using neg-assoc-imp-measurable[OF assms(2)]* **by** *simp*
next
case (*2 f g J*)
let *?f = (λω. f (compose J ω h))*
let *?g = (λω. g (compose (I-J) ω h))*

note *neg-assoc-imp-mult-mono-intros =*

neg-assoc-imp-mult-mono-bounded(1)[OF assms(2), where J=h'J and η=Fwd]
measurable-compose[OF - 2(8)] measurable-compose[OF - 2(9)]
measurable-compose[OF - measurable-finmap-compose]
bounded-range-imp[OF 2(6)] bounded-range-imp[OF 2(7)]

have [*simp*]:*h ' I - h ' J = h ' (I-J)*
using *assms(1) 2(1)* **by** (*simp add: inj-on-image-set-diff*)

have *covariance (f◦(λx y. X(h y)x)) (g◦(λx y. X(h y)x)) = covariance (?f ◦ flip X) (?g ◦ flip X)*

unfolding *comp-def*

by (*intro arg-cong2[where f=covariance] ext depends-onD2[OF 2(2)] depends-onD2[OF 2(3)]*)

(*auto simp:compose-def*)

also have $\dots \leq 0$ **using** *2(1)*

by (*intro neg-assoc-imp-mult-mono-intros monotoneI depends-onI*) (*auto intro!: monoD[OF 2(4)] monoD[OF 2(5)] simp:le-fun-def compose-def restrict-def cong:if-cong*)

finally show *?case* **by** *simp*

qed

lemma *neg-assoc-reindex:*

assumes *inj-on h I finite I*

shows *neg-assoc X (h ' I) \longleftrightarrow neg-assoc (λk. X (h k)) I* (**is** *?L \longleftrightarrow ?R*)

proof

assume *?L*

thus *?R* **using** *neg-assoc-reindex-aux[OF assms(1)]* **by** *blast*

next

note $inv-h-inj = inj-on-the-inv-into[OF\ assms(1)]$
assume $a: ?R$
hence $b: neg-assoc (\lambda k. X (h (the-inv-into I h k))) (h ' I)$
using $the-inv-into-onto[OF\ assms(1)]$ **by** $(intro\ neg-assoc-reindex-aux[OF\ inv-h-inj])$
auto
show $?L$
using $f-the-inv-into-f[OF\ assms(1)]\ neg-assoc-imp-measurable[OF\ a]\ assms(2)$
by $(intro\ neg-assoc-cong[OF\ -\ -\ b])\ auto$
qed

lemma *measurable-compose-merge-1:*

assumes $depends-on\ h\ K$
assumes $h \in PiM\ K\ M' \rightarrow_M\ N\ K \subseteq I \cup J$
assumes $(\lambda x. restrict\ (fst\ (f\ x))\ (K \cap I)) \in A \rightarrow_M\ PiM\ (K \cap I)\ M'$
assumes $(\lambda x. restrict\ (snd\ (f\ x))\ (K \cap J)) \in A \rightarrow_M\ PiM\ (K \cap J)\ M'$
shows $(\lambda x. h(merge\ I\ J\ (f\ x))) \in A \rightarrow_M\ N$

proof –

let $?f1 = \lambda x. fst\ (f\ x)$
let $?f2 = \lambda x. snd\ (f\ x)$
let $?g1 = \lambda x. restrict\ (fst\ (f\ x))\ (K \cap I)$
let $?g2 = \lambda x. restrict\ (snd\ (f\ x))\ (K \cap J)$

have $a1: (\lambda x. merge\ I\ J\ (?g1\ x,\ ?g2\ x)\ i) \in A \rightarrow_M\ M'\ i$ **if** $i \in K \cap I$ **for** i
using $that\ measurable-compose[OF\ assms(4)]\ measurable-component-singleton[OF\ that]]$
by $(simp\ add:merge-def)$

have $a2: (\lambda x. merge\ I\ J\ (?g1\ x,\ ?g2\ x)\ i) \in A \rightarrow_M\ M'\ i$ **if** $i \in K \cap J$ **and** $i \notin I$ **for** i
using $that\ measurable-compose[OF\ assms(5)]\ measurable-component-singleton[OF\ that(1)]]$
by $(simp\ add:merge-def)$

have $a: (\lambda x. merge\ I\ J\ (?g1\ x,\ ?g2\ x)\ i) \in A \rightarrow_M\ M'\ i$ **if** $i \in K$ **for** i
using $assms(3)\ a1\ a2\ that\ by\ auto$

have $(\lambda x. h(merge\ I\ J\ (f\ x))) = (\lambda x. h(merge\ I\ J\ (?f1\ x,\ ?f2\ x)))$ **by** $simp$
also have $\dots = (\lambda x. h(\lambda i \in K. merge\ I\ J\ (?f1\ x,\ ?f2\ x)\ i))$
using $depends-onD[OF\ assms(1)]$ **by** $simp$
also have $\dots = (\lambda x. h(\lambda i \in K. merge\ I\ J\ (?g1\ x,\ ?g2\ x)\ i))$
by $(intro\ ext\ arg-cong[where\ f=h])\ (auto\ simp:comp-def\ restrict-def\ merge-def\ case-prod-beta)$

also have $\dots \in A \rightarrow_M\ N$
by $(intro\ measurable-compose[OF\ -\ assms(2)]\ measurable-restrict\ a)$
finally show $?thesis$ **by** $simp$

qed

lemma *measurable-compose-merge-2:*

assumes $depends-on\ h\ K\ h \in PiM\ K\ M' \rightarrow_M\ N\ K \subseteq I \cup J$
assumes $(\lambda x. restrict\ (f\ x)\ (K \cap I)) \in A \rightarrow_M\ PiM\ (K \cap I)\ M'$

assumes $(\lambda x. \text{restrict } (g \ x) \ (K \cap J)) \in A \rightarrow_M \text{PiM } (K \cap J) \ M'$
shows $(\lambda x. h(\text{merge } I \ J \ (f \ x, g \ x))) \in A \rightarrow_M N$
using *assms* **by** $(\text{intro measurable-compose-merge-1}[\text{OF } \text{assms}(1-3)]) \ \text{simp-all}$

lemma *neg-assoc-combine*:

fixes $I \ I1 \ I2 :: 'i \ \text{set}$

fixes $X :: 'i \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('b::\text{linorder-topology})$

assumes $\text{finite } I \ I1 \cup I2 = I \ I1 \cap I2 = \{\}$

assumes $\text{indep-var } (\text{PiM } I1 \ (\lambda-. \ \text{borel})) \ (\lambda\omega. \ \lambda i \in I1. \ X \ i \ \omega) \ (\text{PiM } I2 \ (\lambda-. \ \text{borel}))$
 $(\lambda\omega. \ \lambda i \in I2. \ X \ i \ \omega)$

assumes *neg-assoc* $X \ I1$

assumes *neg-assoc* $X \ I2$

shows *neg-assoc* $X \ I$

proof –

define $X' \ \text{where } X' \ i = (\text{if } i \in I \ \text{then } X \ i \ \text{else } (\lambda-. \ \text{undefined})) \ \text{for } i$

have *X-measurable: random-variable borel* $(X \ i) \ \text{if } i \in I \ \text{for } i$
using *that assms(2) neg-assoc-imp-measurable* $[\text{OF } \text{assms}(5)]$
neg-assoc-imp-measurable $[\text{OF } \text{assms}(6)] \ \text{by } \text{auto}$

have *rv[measurable]: random-variable borel* $(X' \ i) \ \text{for } i$
unfolding *X'-def* **using** *X-measurable* **by** *auto*

have *na-I1: neg-assoc* $X' \ I1$ **using** *neg-assoc-cong*
unfolding *X'-def* **using** *assms(1,2) neg-assoc-imp-measurable* $[\text{OF } \text{assms}(5)]$
by $(\text{intro } \text{neg-assoc-cong}[\text{OF } - - \text{assms}(5)] \ \text{AE-I2}) \ \text{auto}$

have *na-I2: neg-assoc* $X' \ I2$ **using** *neg-assoc-cong*
unfolding *X'-def* **using** *assms(1,2) neg-assoc-imp-measurable* $[\text{OF } \text{assms}(6)]$
by $(\text{intro } \text{neg-assoc-cong}[\text{OF } - - \text{assms}(6)] \ \text{AE-I2}) \ \text{auto}$

have *iv:indep-var* $(\text{PiM } I1 \ (\lambda-. \ \text{borel}))(\lambda\omega. \ \lambda i \in I1. \ X' \ i \ \omega)(\text{PiM } I2 \ (\lambda-. \ \text{borel}))(\lambda\omega. \ \lambda i \in I2. \ X' \ i \ \omega)$

using *assms(2,4) unfolding indep-var-def X'-def* **by** $(\text{auto } \text{simp } \text{add:restrict-def } \text{cong:if-cong})$

let $?N = \text{PiM } I1 \ (\lambda-. \ \text{borel}) \otimes_M \ \text{PiM } I2 \ (\lambda-. \ \text{borel})$

let $?A = \text{distr } M \ (\text{PiM } I1 \ (\lambda-. \ \text{borel})) \ (\lambda\omega. \ \lambda i \in I1. \ X' \ i \ \omega)$

let $?B = \text{distr } M \ (\text{PiM } I2 \ (\lambda-. \ \text{borel})) \ (\lambda\omega. \ \lambda i \in I2. \ X' \ i \ \omega)$

let $?H = \text{distr } M \ ?N \ (\lambda\omega. \ (\lambda i \in I1. \ X' \ i \ \omega, \ \lambda i \in I2. \ X' \ i \ \omega))$

have *indep: ?H = (?A \otimes_M ?B)*

and *rvs: random-variable* $(\text{PiM } I1 \ (\lambda-. \ \text{borel})) \ (\lambda\omega. \ \lambda i \in I1. \ X' \ i \ \omega)$

random-variable $(\text{PiM } I2 \ (\lambda-. \ \text{borel})) \ (\lambda\omega. \ \lambda i \in I2. \ X' \ i \ \omega)$

using *iffD1* $[\text{OF } \text{indep-var-distribution-eq } \text{iv}] \ \text{by } \text{auto}$

interpret *pa: prob-space* $?A \ \text{by } (\text{intro } \text{prob-space-distr } \text{rvs})$

interpret *pb: prob-space* $?B \ \text{by } (\text{intro } \text{prob-space-distr } \text{rvs})$

interpret *pair-sigma-finite* $?A \ ?B$

```

using pa.sigma-finite-measure pb.sigma-finite-measure by (intro pair-sigma-finite.intro)

interpret pab: prob-space (?A  $\otimes_M$  ?B)
by (intro prob-space-pair pa.prob-space-axioms pb.prob-space-axioms)

have pa-na: pa.neg-assoc ( $\lambda x y. y x$ ) I1
using assms(2) iffD1[OF neg-assoc-iff-distr na-I1] by fastforce

have pb-na: pb.neg-assoc ( $\lambda x y. y x$ ) I2
using assms(2) iffD1[OF neg-assoc-iff-distr na-I2] by fastforce

have na-X': neg-assoc X' I
proof (rule neg-assocI2, goal-cases)
case (1 i) thus ?case by measurable
next
case (2 f g K)

note bounded-intros =
bounded-range-imp[OF 2(6)] bounded-range-imp[OF 2(7)] pa.integrable-bounded
pb.integrable-bounded pab.integrable-bounded bounded-intros pb.finite-measure-axioms

have [measurable]:
restrict x I  $\in$  space (PiM I ( $\lambda \cdot$ . borel)) for x :: ('i  $\Rightarrow$  'b) and I by (simp
add:space-PiM)

have a: K  $\subseteq$  I1  $\cup$  I2 using 2 assms(2) by auto
have b: I-K  $\subseteq$  I1  $\cup$  I2 using assms(2) by auto

note merge-1 = measurable-compose-merge-2[OF 2(2,8) a] measurable-compose-merge-2[OF
2(3,9) b]
note merge-2 = measurable-compose-merge-1[OF 2(2,8) a] measurable-compose-merge-1[OF
2(3,9) b]

have merge-mono:
merge I1 I2 (w, y)  $\leq$  merge I1 I2 (x, z) if w  $\leq$  x y  $\leq$  z for w x y z :: 'i  $\Rightarrow$  'b
using le-funD[OF that(1)] le-funD[OF that(2)] unfolding merge-def by
(intro le-funI) auto

have split-h: h  $\circ$  flip X' = ( $\lambda \omega. h$  (merge I1 I2 ( $\lambda i \in I1. X' i \omega, \lambda i \in I2. X' i$ 
 $\omega$ )))
if depends-on h I for h :: -  $\Rightarrow$  real
using assms(2) unfolding comp-def
by (intro ext depends-onD2[OF that] (auto simp: restrict-def merge-def))

have depends-on f I depends-on g I
using 2(1) by (auto intro: depends-on-mono[OF - 2(2)] depends-on-mono[OF
- 2(3)])
note split = split-h[OF this(1)] split-h[OF this(2)]

```

have *step-1*: $(\int y. f(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ (x, y)) * g(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ (x, y)) \ \partial ?B) \leq$
 $(\int y. f(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ (x, y)) \ \partial ?B) * (\int y. g(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ (x, y)) \ \partial ?B)$ (**is** *?L1*
 $\leq ?R1$)
for x
proof –
have *step1-1*: *monotone* $(\leq) (\leq_{Fwd}) (\lambda a. f(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ (x, a)))$
unfolding *dir-le* **by** $(\text{intro } \text{monoI } \text{monoD}[OF \ 2(4)] \ \text{merge-mono}) \ \text{simp}$
have *step1-2*: *monotone* $(\leq) (\leq_{Fwd}) (\lambda a. g(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ (x, a)))$
unfolding *dir-le* **by** $(\text{intro } \text{monoI } \text{monoD}[OF \ 2(5)] \ \text{merge-mono}) \ \text{simp}$
have *step1-3*: *depends-on* $(\lambda a. f(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ (x, a))) (K \cap I2)$
by $(\text{subst } \text{depends-onD}[OF \ 2(2)])$
 $(\text{auto } \text{intro}:\text{depends-onI } \text{simp}:\text{merge-def } \text{restrict-def } \text{cong}:\text{if-cong})$
have *step1-4*: *depends-on* $(\lambda a. g(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ (x, a))) (I2 - K \cap I2)$
by $(\text{subst } \text{depends-onD}[OF \ 2(3)])$
 $(\text{auto } \text{intro}:\text{depends-onI } \text{simp}:\text{merge-def } \text{restrict-def } \text{cong}:\text{if-cong})$
show *?thesis*
by $(\text{intro } \text{pb.neg-assoc-imp-mult-mono-bounded}(2)[OF \ \text{pb-na}, \ \text{where } \eta = Fwd$
and $J = K \cap I2]$
 $\text{bounded-intros } \text{merge-1 } \text{step1-1 } \text{step1-2 } \text{step1-3 } \text{step1-4}) \ \text{measurable}$
qed

have *step2-1*: *monotone* $(\leq) (\leq_{Fwd}) (\lambda a. \text{pb.expectation } (\lambda y. f(\text{merge } I1 \ I2$
 $(a, y))))$
unfolding *dir-le*
by $(\text{intro } \text{monoI } \text{integral-mono } \text{bounded-intros } \text{merge-1 } \text{monoD}[OF \ 2(4)]$
 $\text{merge-mono}) \ \text{measurable}$

have *step2-2*: *monotone* $(\leq) (\leq_{Fwd}) (\lambda a. \text{pb.expectation } (\lambda y. g(\text{merge } I1 \ I2$
 $(a, y))))$
unfolding *dir-le*
by $(\text{intro } \text{monoI } \text{integral-mono } \text{bounded-intros } \text{merge-1 } \text{monoD}[OF \ 2(5)]$
 $\text{merge-mono}) \ \text{measurable}$

have *step2-3*: *depends-on* $(\lambda a. \text{pb.expectation } (\lambda y. f(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ (a, y)))) (K$
 $\cap I1)$
by $(\text{subst } \text{depends-onD}[OF \ 2(2)])$
 $(\text{auto } \text{intro}:\text{depends-onI } \text{simp}:\text{merge-def } \text{restrict-def } \text{cong}:\text{if-cong})$

have *step2-4*: *depends-on* $(\lambda a. \text{pb.expectation } (\lambda y. g(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ (a, y))))$
 $(I1 - K \cap I1)$
by $(\text{subst } \text{depends-onD}[OF \ 2(3)])$
 $(\text{auto } \text{intro}:\text{depends-onI } \text{simp}:\text{merge-def } \text{restrict-def } \text{cong}:\text{if-cong})$

have $(\int \omega. (f \circ \text{flip } X') \ \omega * (g \circ \text{flip } X') \ \omega \ \partial M) = (\int \omega. f(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ \omega) *$
 $g(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ \omega) \ \partial ?H)$
unfolding *split* **by** $(\text{intro } \text{integral-distr}[\text{symmetric}] \ \text{merge-2 } \text{borel-measurable-times})$
 measurable
also have $\dots = (\int \omega. f(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ \omega) * g(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ \omega) \ \partial (?A \otimes_M ?B))$
unfolding *indep* **by** *simp*

also have ... = ($\int x. (\int y. f(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ (x,y)) * g(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ (x,y)) \ \partial ?B$) $\partial ?A$)
by (*intro integral-fst'*[*symmetric*] *bounded-intros merge-2 borel-measurable-times*) *measurable*
also have ... \leq ($\int x. (\int y. f(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ (x,y)) \ \partial ?B$) * ($\int y. g(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ (x,y)) \ \partial ?B$) $\partial ?A$)
by (*intro integral-mono-AE bounded-intros step-1 AE-I2 pb.borel-measurable-lebesgue-integral borel-measurable-times iffD2*[*OF measurable-split-conv*] *merge-2*) *measurable*
also have ... \leq ($\int x. (\int y. f(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ (x,y)) \ \partial ?B$) $\partial ?A$) * ($\int x. (\int y. g(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ (x,y)) \ \partial ?B$) $\partial ?A$)
by (*intro pa.neg-assoc-imp-mult-mono-bounded*[*OF pa-na, where $\eta = Fwd$ and $J = K \cap I1$*]
bounded-intros pb.borel-measurable-lebesgue-integral iffD2[*OF measurable-split-conv*]
merge-2 step2-1 step2-2 step2-3 step2-4) *measurable*
also have ... = ($\int \omega. f(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ \omega) \ \partial (?A \otimes_M ?B)$) * ($\int \omega. g(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ \omega) \ \partial (?A \otimes_M ?B)$)
by (*intro arg-cong2*[*where $f = (*)$*] *integral-fst' merge-2 bounded-intros*) *measurable*
also have ... = ($\int \omega. f(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ \omega) \ \partial ?H$) * ($\int \omega. g(\text{merge } I1 \ I2 \ \omega) \ \partial ?H$)
unfolding *indep by simp*
also have ... = ($\int \omega. (f \circ \text{flip } X') \ \omega \ \partial M$) * ($\int \omega. (g \circ \text{flip } X') \ \omega \ \partial M$)
unfolding *split by* (*intro arg-cong2*[*where $f = (*)$*] *integral-distr merge-2*) *measurable*
finally show *?case by* (*simp add:comp-def*)
qed
show *?thesis by* (*intro neg-assoc-cong*[*OF assms(1) X-measurable na-X'*]) (*simp-all add:X'-def*)
qed

Property P7 [13]

lemma *neg-assoc-union:*

fixes $I :: 'i \text{ set}$

fixes $p :: 'j \Rightarrow 'i \text{ set}$

fixes $X :: 'i \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('b :: \text{linorder-topology})$

assumes *finite* $I \cup (p \ ` J) = I$

assumes *indep-vars* ($\lambda j. \text{PiM } (p \ j) \ (\lambda -. \text{borel})$) ($\lambda j \ \omega. \lambda i \in p \ j. X \ i \ \omega$) J

assumes $\bigwedge j. j \in J \Longrightarrow \text{neg-assoc } X \ (p \ j)$

assumes *disjoint-family-on* $p \ J$

shows *neg-assoc* $X \ I$

proof –

let $?B = (\lambda -. \text{borel})$

define T **where** $T = \{j \in J. p \ j \neq \{\}\}$

define g **where** $g \ i = (\text{THE } j. j \in J \wedge i \in p \ j)$ **for** i

have $g \ i = j$ **if** $i \in p \ j \ j \in J$ **for** $i \ j$ **unfolding** *g-def*

proof (*rule the1-equality*)

show $\exists !j. j \in J \wedge i \in p \ j$

using *assms(5)* **that** **unfolding** *bex1-def disjoint-family-on-def* **by** *auto*

show $j \in J \wedge i \in p j$ **using** *that* **by** *auto*
qed

have *ran-T*: $T \subseteq J$ **unfolding** *T-def* **by** *simp*
hence *disjoint-family-on p T* **using** *assms(5)* *disjoint-family-on-mono* **by** *metis*
moreover **have** *finite* $(\bigcup (p \text{ ' } T))$ **using** *ran-T* *assms(1,2)*
by (*meson Union-mono finite-subset image-mono*)
moreover **have** $\bigwedge i. i \in T \implies p i \neq \{\}$ **unfolding** *T-def* **by** *auto*
ultimately **have** *fin-T*: *finite T* **using** *infinite-disjoint-family-imp-infinite-UNION*
by *auto*

have *neg-assoc X* $(\bigcup (p \text{ ' } T))$
using *fin-T ran-T*
proof (*induction T rule:finite-induct*)
case *empty* **thus** *?case* **using** *neg-assoc-empty* **by** *simp*
next
case (*insert x F*)

note $r = \text{indep-var-compose}[OF \text{ indep-var-restrict}[OF \text{ assms}(3), \text{ where } A=F \text{ and } B=\{x\}] \text{ -}]$

have $a: (\lambda\omega. \lambda i \in \bigcup (p \text{ ' } F). X i \omega) = (\lambda\omega. \lambda i \in \bigcup (p \text{ ' } F). \omega (g i) i) \circ (\lambda\omega. \lambda i \in F. \lambda i \in p i. X i \omega)$
using *insert(4)* *g* **by** (*intro restrict-ext ext*) *auto*
have $b: (\lambda\omega. \lambda i \in p x. X i \omega) = (\lambda\omega i. \omega x i) \circ (\lambda\omega. \lambda i \in \{x\}. \lambda i \in p i. X i \omega)$
by (*simp add:comp-def restrict-def*)

have $c: (\lambda x. x (g i) i) \in \text{borel-measurable} (Pi_M F (\lambda j. Pi_M (p j) ?B))$ **if** $i \in (\bigcup (p \text{ ' } F))$ **for** i
proof –
have $h: i \in p (g i)$ **and** $q: g i \in F$ **using** *g* **that** *insert(4)* **by** *auto*
thus *?thesis*
by (*intro measurable-compose[OF measurable-component-singleton[OF q]]*)
measurable
qed

have *finite* $(\bigcup (p \text{ ' } \text{insert } x \text{ } F))$ **using** *assms(1,2)* *insert(4)*
by (*meson Sup-subset-mono image-mono infinite-super*)
moreover **have** $\bigcup (p \text{ ' } F) \cup p x = \bigcup (p \text{ ' } \text{insert } x \text{ } F)$ **by** *auto*
moreover **have** $\bigcup (p \text{ ' } F) \cap p x = \{\}$
using *assms(5)* *insert(2,4)* **unfolding** *disjoint-family-on-def* **by** *fast*
moreover **have**
indep-var $(Pi_M (\bigcup (p \text{ ' } F)) ?B) (\lambda\omega. \lambda i \in \bigcup (p \text{ ' } F). X i \omega) (Pi_M (p x) ?B) (\lambda\omega. \lambda i \in p x. X i \omega)$
unfolding a b **using** *insert(1,2,4)* **by** (*intro r measurable-restrict c*) *simp-all*
moreover **have** *neg-assoc X* $(\bigcup (p \text{ ' } F))$ **using** *insert(4)* **by** (*intro insert(3)*)
auto
moreover **have** *neg-assoc X* $(p x)$ **using** *insert(4)* **by** (*intro assms(4)*) *auto*
ultimately **show** *?case* **by** (*rule neg-assoc-combine*)

qed
 moreover have $(\bigcup (p \text{ ' } T)) = I$ using *assms(2)* **unfolding** *T-def* by *auto*
 ultimately show *?thesis* by *auto*
 qed

Property P5 [13]

lemma *indep-imp-neg-assoc*:

assumes *finite I*

assumes *indep-vars* $(\lambda-. \text{ borel}) X I$

shows *neg-assoc* $X I$

proof –

have *a: neg-assoc* $X \{i\}$ **if** $i \in I$ **for** i

using *that* *assms(2)* **unfolding** *indep-vars-def*

by (*intro neg-assoc-singleton*) *auto*

have *b*: $(\bigcup_{j \in I}. \{j\}) = I$ **by** *auto*

have *c*: *indep-vars* $(\lambda j. \text{Pi}_M \{j\} (\lambda-. \text{ borel})) (\lambda j \omega. \lambda i \in \{j\}. X j \omega) I$

by (*intro indep-vars-compose2*[*OF assms(2)*]) *measurable*

have *d*: *indep-vars* $(\lambda j. \text{Pi}_M \{j\} (\lambda-. \text{ borel})) (\lambda j \omega. \lambda i \in \{j\}. X i \omega) I$

by (*intro iffD2*[*OF indep-vars-cong c*] *restrict-ext ext*) *auto*

show *?thesis* **by** (*intro neg-assoc-union*[*OF assms(1) b d a*]) (*auto simp: disjoint-family-on-def*)

qed

end

lemma *neg-assoc-map-pmf*:

shows *measure-pmf.neg-assoc* $(\text{map-pmf } f \text{ } p) X I = \text{measure-pmf.neg-assoc } p (\lambda i \omega. X i (f \omega)) I$

(**is** *?L* \longleftrightarrow *?R*)

proof –

let *?d1* = *distr* $(\text{measure-pmf } (\text{map-pmf } f \text{ } p)) (\text{Pi}_M I (\lambda-. \text{ borel})) (\lambda \omega. \lambda i \in I. X i \omega)$

let *?d2* = *distr* $(\text{measure-pmf } p) (\text{Pi}_M I (\lambda-. \text{ borel})) (\lambda \omega. \lambda i \in I. X i (f \omega))$

have *emeasure ?d1 A* = *emeasure ?d2 A* **if** $A \in \text{sets } (\text{Pi}_M I (\lambda-. \text{ borel}))$ **for** A

proof –

have *emeasure ?d1 A* = *emeasure* $(\text{measure-pmf } p) \{x. (\lambda i \in I. X i (f x)) \in A\}$

using *that* **by** (*subst emeasure-distr*) (*simp-all add: vimage-def space-PiM*)

also have $\dots = \text{emeasure } ?d2 A$

using *that* **by** (*subst emeasure-distr*) (*simp-all add: space-PiM vimage-def*)

finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*

qed

hence $a: ?d1 = ?d2$ **by** (*intro measure-eqI*) *auto*

have $?L \longleftrightarrow \text{prob-space.neg-assoc } ?d1 (\lambda x y. y x) I$

by (*subst measure-pmf.neg-assoc-iff-distr*) *auto*

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow \text{prob-space.neg-assoc } ?d2 (\lambda x y. y x) I$

unfolding *a* **by** *simp*

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow ?R$

```

    by (subst measure-pmf.neg-assoc-iff-distr) auto
  finally show ?thesis by simp
qed

end

```

3 Chernoff-Hoeffding Bounds

This section shows that all the well-known Chernoff-Hoeffding bounds hold also for negatively associated random variables. The proofs follow the derivations by Hoeffding [11], as well as, Motwani and Raghavan [16, Ch. 4], with the modification that the crucial steps, where the classic proofs use independence, are replaced with the application of Property P2 for negatively associated RV's.

```

theory Negative-Association-Chernoff-Bounds

```

```

imports

```

```

  Negative-Association-Definition

```

```

  Concentration-Inequalities.McDiarmid-Inequality

```

```

  Weighted-Arithmetic-Geometric-Mean. Weighted-Arithmetic-Geometric-Mean

```

```

begin

```

```

context prob-space

```

```

begin

```

```

context

```

```

  fixes I :: 'i set

```

```

  fixes X :: 'i ⇒ 'a ⇒ real

```

```

  assumes na-X: neg-assoc X I

```

```

  assumes fin-I: finite I

```

```

begin

```

```

private lemma transfer-to-clamped-vars:

```

```

  assumes (∀i∈I. AE ω in M. X i ω ∈ {a i..b i} ∧ a i ≤ b i)

```

```

  assumes X-def: X = (λi. clamp (a i) (b i) ∘ X i)

```

```

  shows neg-assoc X I (is ?A)

```

```

    and ∧i. i ∈ I ⇒ expectation (X i) = expectation (X i)

```

```

    and P(ω in M. (∑ i ∈ I. X i ω) ≤≥η c) = P(ω in M. (∑ i ∈ I. X i ω) ≤≥η

```

```

c) (is ?C)

```

```

    and ∧i ω. i ∈ I ⇒ X i ω ∈ {a i..b i}

```

```

    and ∧i S. i ∈ I ⇒ bounded (X i ' S)

```

```

    and ∧i. i ∈ I ⇒ expectation (X i) ∈ {a i..b i}

```

```

proof –

```

```

  note [measurable] = clamp-borel

```

```

  note rv-X = neg-assoc-imp-measurable[OF na-X]

```

```

hence rv-X: random-variable borel (X i) if i ∈ I for i

```

```

  unfolding X-def using rv-X[OF that] by measurable

```

have $a:AE\ x\ in\ M. \mathcal{X}\ i\ x = X\ i\ x\ \text{if}\ i \in I\ \text{for}\ i$
unfolding \mathcal{X} -def **using** *clamp-eqI2* **by** (*intro AE-mp[OF bspec[OF assms(1) that] AE-I2]*) *auto*

hence $b:AE\ x\ in\ M. (\forall i \in I. \mathcal{X}\ i\ x = X\ i\ x)$
by (*intro AE-finite-all[OF fin-I]*) *simp*

show $?A$
using a **by** (*intro neg-assoc-cong[OF fin-I rv- \mathcal{X} na-X]*) *force+*

show $expectation\ (\mathcal{X}\ i) = expectation\ (X\ i)\ \text{if}\ i \in I\ \text{for}\ i$
by (*intro integral-cong-AE a rv-X rv- \mathcal{X} that*)

have $\{\omega \in space\ M. (\sum_{i \in I} X\ i\ \omega) \leq_{\geq \eta} c\} \in events$ **using** $rv-X$ **by** (*cases η*) *simp-all*

moreover **have** $\{\omega \in space\ M. (\sum_{i \in I} \mathcal{X}\ i\ \omega) \leq_{\geq \eta} c\} \in events$ **using** $rv-\mathcal{X}$ **by** (*cases η*) *simp-all*

ultimately show $?C$ **by** (*intro measure-eq-AE AE-mp[OF b AE-I2]*) *auto*

show $c:\mathcal{X}\ i\ \omega \in \{a\ i..b\ i\}\ \text{if}\ i \in I\ \text{for}\ \omega\ i$
unfolding \mathcal{X} -def *comp-def* **using** *assms(1)* *clamp-range that* **by** *simp*

show $d:\text{bounded}\ (\mathcal{X}\ i\ 'S)\ \text{if}\ i \in I\ \text{for}\ S\ i$
using c *[OF that] assms(2) bounded-clamp* **by** *blast*

show $expectation\ (\mathcal{X}\ i) \in \{a\ i..b\ i\}\ \text{if}\ i \in I\ \text{for}\ i$
unfolding *atLeastAtMost-iff* **using** c *[OF that] rv- \mathcal{X} [OF that]*
by (*intro conjI integral-ge-const integral-le-const AE-I2 integrable-bounded d [OF that] auto*)
qed

lemma *ln-one-plus-x-lower-bound*:

assumes $x \geq (0::real)$

shows $2*x/(2+x) \leq \ln\ (1 + x)$

proof –

define v **where** $v\ x = \ln(1+x) - 2 * x / (2+x)$ **for** $x :: real$

define v' **where** $v'\ x = 1/(1+x) - 4/(2+x)^2$ **for** $x :: real$

have v -deriv: (v has-real-derivative ($v'\ x$)) (at x) **if** $x \geq 0$ **for** x
using *that* **unfolding** v -def v' -def *power2-eq-square* **by** (*auto intro!: derivative-eq-intros*)

have v -deriv-nonneg: $v'\ x \geq 0$ **if** $x \geq 0$ **for** x

using *that* **unfolding** v' -def

by (*simp add: divide-simps power2-eq-square*) (*simp add: algebra-simps*)

have v -mono: $v\ x \leq v\ y$ **if** $x \leq y$ $x \geq 0$ **for** $x\ y$

using v -deriv v -deriv-nonneg *that* *order-trans*

by (*intro DERIV-nonneg-imp-nondecreasing [OF that(1)]*) *blast*

have $0 = v\ 0$ **unfolding** v -def **by** *simp*
also have $\dots \leq v\ x$ **using** v -mono *assms* **by** *auto*
finally have $v\ x \geq 0$ **by** *simp*
thus *?thesis* **unfolding** v -def **by** *simp*
qed

Based on Theorem 4.1 by Motwani and Raghavan [16].

theorem *multiplicative-bernoulli-bound-upper*:

assumes $\delta > 0$
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies AE\ \omega\ in\ M. X\ i\ \omega \in \{0..1\}$
defines $\mu \equiv (\sum i \in I. expectation\ (X\ i))$
shows $\mathcal{P}(\omega\ in\ M. (\sum i \in I. X\ i\ \omega) \geq (1+\delta) * \mu) \leq (exp\ \delta / ((1+\delta) powr\ (1+\delta)))$
 $powr\ \mu$ (**is** *?L* \leq *?R*)
and $\mathcal{P}(\omega\ in\ M. (\sum i \in I. X\ i\ \omega) \geq (1+\delta) * \mu) \leq exp\ (-\delta^2) * \mu / (2+\delta)$
(**is** \leq *?R1*)

proof –

define \mathcal{X} **where** $\mathcal{X} = (\lambda i. clamp\ 0\ 1 \circ X\ i)$
have *transfer-to-clamped-vars-assms*: $(\forall i \in I. AE\ \omega\ in\ M. X\ i\ \omega \in \{0..1\} \wedge 0 \leq (1::real))$
using *assms(2)* **by** *auto*
note *ttcv* = *transfer-to-clamped-vars*[*OF transfer-to-clamped-vars-assms* \mathcal{X} -def]
note [*measurable*] = *neg-assoc-imp-measurable*[*OF ttcv(1)*]

define t **where** $t = \ln\ (1+\delta)$
have $t > 0$ **using** *assms(1)* **unfolding** t -def **by** *simp*

let $?h = (\lambda x. 1 + (exp\ t - 1) * x)$

note *bounded'* = *integrable-bounded bounded-prod bounded-vec-mult-comp bounded-intros*
ttcv(5)

have *int*: *integrable* $M\ (\mathcal{X}\ i)$ **if** $i \in I$ **for** i
using *that* **by** (*intro bounded'*) *simp-all*

have $2*\delta \leq (2+\delta)* \ln\ (1 + \delta)$
using *assms(1)* *ln-one-plus-x-lower-bound*[*OF less-imp-le*[*OF assms(1)*]] **by**
(*simp add:field-simps*)
hence $(1+\delta)*(2*\delta) \leq (1 + \delta) *(2+\delta)* \ln\ (1 + \delta)$ **using** *assms(1)* **by** *simp*
hence $a:(\delta - (1 + \delta) * \ln\ (1 + \delta)) \leq -(\delta^2)/(2+\delta)$
using *assms(1)* **by** (*simp add:field-simps power2-eq-square*)

have $\mu \geq 0$ **unfolding** μ -def **using** *ttcv(2,6)* **by** (*intro sum-nonneg*)
auto

note \mathcal{X} -prod-mono = *has-int-thatD(2)*[*OF neg-assoc-imp-prod-mono*[*OF fin-I*
ttcv(1), **where** $\eta = Fwd$]]

have $?L = \mathcal{P}(\omega\ in\ M. (\sum i \in I. \mathcal{X}\ i\ \omega) \geq (1+\delta) * \mu)$ **using** *ttcv(3)*[**where**
 $\eta = Rev$] **by** *simp*

also have ... = $\mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\prod i \in I. \exp (t * \mathcal{X} i \omega)) \geq \exp (t * (1+\delta) * \mu))$
using *t-gt-0* **by** (*simp add: sum-distrib-left[symmetric] exp-sum[OF fin-I,symmetric]*)
also have ... $\leq \text{expectation} (\lambda \omega. (\prod i \in I. \exp (t * \mathcal{X} i \omega))) / \exp (t*(1+\delta)*\mu)$
by (*intro integral-Markov-inequality-measure[where A={}] bounded' AE-I2 prod-nonneg fin-I*)
simp-all
also have ... $\leq (\prod i \in I. \text{expectation} (\lambda \omega. \exp (t*\mathcal{X} i \omega))) / \exp (t*(1+\delta)*\mu)$
using *t-gt-0* **by** (*intro divide-right-mono X-prod-mono bounded' image-subsetI monotoneI*) *simp-all*
also have ... = $(\prod i \in I. \text{expectation} (\lambda \omega. \exp ((1-\mathcal{X} i \omega) *_{\mathbb{R}} 0 + \mathcal{X} i \omega *_{\mathbb{R}} t))) / \exp (t*(1+\delta)*\mu)$
by (*simp add:ac-simps*)
also have ... $\leq (\prod i \in I. \text{expectation} (\lambda \omega. (1-\mathcal{X} i \omega) * \exp 0 + \mathcal{X} i \omega * \exp t)) / \exp (t*(1+\delta)*\mu)$
using *ttcv(4)*
by (*intro divide-right-mono prod-mono integral-mono conjI bounded' convex-onD[OF exp-convex]*)
simp-all
also have ... = $(\prod i \in I. ?h (\text{expectation} (\mathcal{X} i))) / \exp (t*(1+\delta)*\mu)$
using *int* **by** (*simp add:algebra-simps prob-space cong:prod.cong*)
also have ... $\leq (\prod i \in I. \exp((\exp t-1)* \text{expectation} (\mathcal{X} i))) / \exp (t*(1+\delta)*\mu)$
using *t-gt-0 ttcv(4)*
by (*intro divide-right-mono prod-mono exp-ge-add-one-self conjI add-nonneg-nonneg mult-nonneg-nonneg*) *simp-all*
also have ... = $\exp ((\exp t-1)* \mu) / \exp (t*(1+\delta)*\mu)$
unfolding *exp-sum[OF fin-I, symmetric] mu-def* **by** (*simp add:ttcv(2) sum-distrib-left*)
also have ... = $\exp (\delta * \mu) / \exp (\ln (1+\delta)*(1+\delta) * \mu)$
using *assms(1) unfolding mu-def t-def* **by** (*simp add:sum-distrib-left*)
also have ... = $\exp \delta \text{ powr } \mu / \exp (\ln(1+\delta)*(1+\delta)) \text{ powr } \mu$
unfolding *powr-def* **by** (*simp add:ac-simps*)
also have ... = $?R$ **using** *assms(1)* **by** (*subst powr-divide*) (*simp-all add:powr-def*)
finally show $?L \leq ?R$ **by** *simp*
also have ... = $\exp (\mu * \ln (\exp \delta / \exp ((1 + \delta) * \ln (1 + \delta))))$
using *assms unfolding powr-def* **by** *simp*
also have ... = $\exp (\mu * (\delta - (1 + \delta) * \ln (1 + \delta)))$ **by** (*subst ln-div*) *simp-all*
also have ... $\leq \exp (\mu * (-\delta^2)/(2+\delta))$
by (*intro iffD2[OF exp-le-cancel-iff] mult-left-mono a mu-ge-0*)
also have ... = $?R1$ **by** *simp*
finally show $?L \leq ?R1$ **by** *simp*

qed

lemma *ln-one-minus-x-lower-bound*:

assumes $x \in \{0::\text{real}..<1\}$

shows $(x^2/2-x)/(1-x) \leq \ln (1 - x)$

proof –

define v **where** $v x = \ln(1-x) - (x^2/2-x) / (1-x)$ **for** $x :: \text{real}$

define v' **where** $v' x = -1/(1-x) - (-x^2/2+x-1)/((1-x)^2)$ **for** $x :: \text{real}$

have v -deriv: (v has-real-derivative ($v' x$)) (at x) **if** $x \in \{0..<1\}$ **for** x

using that unfolding $v\text{-def } v'\text{-def power2-eq-square}$
by (*auto intro!:derivative-eq-intros simp:algebra-simps*)
have $v\text{-deriv-nonneg: } v' x \geq 0 \text{ if } x \geq 0 \text{ for } x$
using that unfolding $v'\text{-def by (simp add:divide-simps power2-eq-square)}$

have $v\text{-mono: } v x \leq v y \text{ if } x \leq y \text{ } x \geq 0 \text{ } y < 1 \text{ for } x y$
using $v\text{-deriv } v\text{-deriv-nonneg that unfolding atLeastLessThan-iff}$
by (*intro DERIV-nonneg-imp-nondecreasing[OF that(1)]*)
(metis (mono-tags, opaque-lifting) Ico-eq-Ico ivl-subset linorder-not-le order-less-irrefl)

have $0 = v 0 \text{ unfolding } v\text{-def by simp}$
also have $\dots \leq v x \text{ using } v\text{-mono assms by auto}$
finally have $v x \geq 0 \text{ by simp}$
thus *?thesis* **unfolding** $v\text{-def by simp}$
qed

Based on Theorem 4.2 by Motwani and Raghavan [16].

theorem *multiplicative-chernoff-bound-lower:*
assumes $\delta \in \{0 < .. < 1\}$
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies AE \omega \text{ in } M. X i \omega \in \{0..1\}$
defines $\mu \equiv (\sum i \in I. \text{expectation } (X i))$
shows $\mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. X i \omega) \leq (1-\delta)*\mu) \leq (\exp (-\delta)/(1-\delta) \text{ powr } (1-\delta))$
 $\text{powr } \mu \text{ (is ?L } \leq \text{ ?R)}$
and $\mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. X i \omega) \leq (1-\delta)*\mu) \leq (\exp (-\delta^2*\mu/2)) \text{ (is - } \leq$
 ?R1)

proof –
define \mathcal{X} **where** $\mathcal{X} = (\lambda i. \text{clamp } 0 \ 1 \circ X i)$
have *transfer-to-clamped-vars-assms:* $(\forall i \in I. AE \omega \text{ in } M. X i \omega \in \{0 .. 1\}) \wedge 0$
 $\leq (1::\text{real})$
using *assms(2)* **by** *auto*
note *tvc = transfer-to-clamped-vars[OF transfer-to-clamped-vars-assms \mathcal{X} -def]*
note [*measurable*] = *neg-assoc-imp-measurable[OF tvc(1)]*

define t **where** $t = \ln (1-\delta)$
have $t < 0 \text{ using } \text{assms}(1) \text{ unfolding } t\text{-def by simp}$

let $?h = (\lambda x. 1 + (\exp t - 1) * x)$

note *bounded' = integrable-bounded bounded-prod bounded-vec-mult-comp bounded-intros tvc(5)*

have $\mu\text{-ge-0: } \mu \geq 0 \text{ unfolding } \mu\text{-def using } \text{tvc}(2,6) \text{ by (intro sum-nonneg)}$
auto

have *int: integrable M (X i) if i ∈ I for i*
using that by (intro bounded') simp-all

note $\mathcal{X}\text{-prod-mono} = \text{has-int-thatD}(2)[\text{OF } \text{neg-assoc-imp-prod-mono}[\text{OF } \text{fin-I tvc}(1), \text{ where } \eta = \text{Rev}]]$

have $0: 0 \leq 1 + (\exp t - 1) * \text{expectation } (\mathcal{X} i)$ **if** $i \in I$ **for** i
proof –
have $0 \leq 1 + (\exp t - 1) * 1$ **by** *simp*
also have $\dots \leq 1 + (\exp t - 1) * \text{expectation } (\mathcal{X} i)$
using *t-lt-0 ttcv(6)[OF that]* **by** (*intro add-mono mult-left-mono-neg*) *auto*
finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*
qed

have $\delta \in \{0..<1\}$ **using** *assms(1)* **by** *simp*
from *ln-one-minus-x-lower-bound[OF this]*
have $\delta^2 / 2 - \delta \leq (1 - \delta) * \ln (1 - \delta)$ **using** *assms(1)* **by** (*simp add:field-simps*)
hence $1: -\delta - (1 - \delta) * \ln (1 - \delta) \leq -\delta^2 / 2$ **by** (*simp add:algebra-simps*)

have $?L = \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. \mathcal{X} i \omega) \leq (1 - \delta) * \mu)$ **using** *ttcv(3)[where*
 $\eta = \text{Fwd}]$ **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\prod i \in I. \exp (t * \mathcal{X} i \omega)) \geq \exp (t * (1 - \delta) * \mu))$
using *t-lt-0* **by** (*simp add: sum-distrib-left[symmetric] exp-sum[OF fin-I, symmetric]*)
also have $\dots \leq \text{expectation } (\lambda \omega. (\prod i \in I. \exp (t * \mathcal{X} i \omega))) / \exp (t * (1 - \delta) * \mu)$
by (*intro integral-Markov-inequality-measure[where A={}] bounded' AE-I2*
prod-nonneg fin-I
simp-all
also have $\dots \leq (\prod i \in I. \text{expectation } (\lambda \omega. \exp (t * \mathcal{X} i \omega))) / \exp (t * (1 - \delta) * \mu)$
using *t-lt-0* **by** (*intro divide-right-mono X-prod-mono bounded' image-subsetI*
monotoneI) *simp-all*
also have $\dots = (\prod i \in I. \text{expectation } (\lambda \omega. \exp ((1 - \mathcal{X} i \omega) *_{\mathbb{R}} 0 + \mathcal{X} i \omega *_{\mathbb{R}}$
 $t))) / \exp (t * (1 - \delta) * \mu)$
by (*simp add:ac-simps*)
also have $\dots \leq (\prod i \in I. \text{expectation } (\lambda \omega. (1 - \mathcal{X} i \omega) * \exp 0 + \mathcal{X} i \omega * \exp$
 $t)) / \exp (t * (1 - \delta) * \mu)$
using *ttcv(4)*
by (*intro divide-right-mono prod-mono integral-mono conjI bounded' convex-onD[OF*
exp-convex])
simp-all
also have $\dots = (\prod i \in I. ?h (\text{expectation } (\mathcal{X} i))) / \exp (t * (1 - \delta) * \mu)$
using *int* **by** (*simp add:algebra-simps prob-space cong:prod.cong*)
also have $\dots \leq (\prod i \in I. \exp((\exp t - 1) * \text{expectation } (\mathcal{X} i))) / \exp (t * (1 - \delta) * \mu)$
using 0 **by** (*intro divide-right-mono prod-mono exp-ge-add-one-self conjI*)
simp-all
also have $\dots = \exp ((\exp t - 1) * \mu) / \exp (t * (1 - \delta) * \mu)$
unfolding *exp-sum[OF fin-I, symmetric] mu-def* **by** (*simp add:ttcv(2) sum-distrib-left*)
also have $\dots = \exp ((-\delta) * \mu) / \exp (\ln (1 - \delta) * (1 - \delta) * \mu)$
using *assms(1) unfolding mu-def t-def* **by** (*simp add:sum-distrib-left*)
also have $\dots = \exp (-\delta) \text{powr } \mu / \exp (\ln (1 - \delta) * (1 - \delta)) \text{powr } \mu$
unfolding *powr-def* **by** (*simp add:ac-simps*)
also have $\dots = ?R$ **using** *assms(1)* **by** (*subst powr-divide*) (*simp-all add:powr-def*)
finally show $?L \leq ?R$ **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = \exp (\mu * (-\delta - (1 - \delta) * \ln (1 - \delta)))$
using *assms(1) unfolding powr-def* **by** (*simp add:ln-div*)

also have $\dots \leq \exp(\mu * (-(\delta \wedge 2) / 2))$
by (*intro iffD2[OF exp-le-cancel-iff] mult-left-mono μ -ge-0 1*)
finally show $?L \leq ?R1$ **by** (*simp add:ac-simps*)
qed

theorem *multiplicative-chernoff-bound-two-sided:*

assumes $\delta \in \{0 < .. < 1\}$
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies AE \omega \text{ in } M. X i \omega \in \{0..1\}$
defines $\mu \equiv (\sum i \in I. \text{expectation } (X i))$
shows $\mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. |(\sum i \in I. X i \omega) - \mu| \geq \delta * \mu) \leq 2 * (\exp(-(\delta \wedge 2) * \mu / 3))$ (**is**
 $?L \leq ?R$)

proof –

define \mathcal{X} **where** $\mathcal{X} = (\lambda i. \text{clamp } 0 \ 1 \circ X i)$
have *transfer-to-clamped-vars-assms*: $(\forall i \in I. AE \omega \text{ in } M. X i \omega \in \{0 .. 1\}) \wedge 0 \leq (1 :: \text{real})$
using *assms(2)* **by** *auto*
note *ttcv* = *transfer-to-clamped-vars[OF transfer-to-clamped-vars-assms \mathcal{X} -def]*
have μ -ge-0: $\mu \geq 0$ **unfolding** μ -def **using** *ttcv(2,6)* **by** (*intro sum-nonneg*)
auto

note [*measurable*] = *neg-assoc-imp-measurable[OF na-X]*

have $?L = \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. X i \omega) \geq (1 + \delta) * \mu \vee (\sum i \in I. X i \omega) \leq (1 - \delta) * \mu)$
unfolding *abs-real-def*

by (*intro arg-cong[where f=prob] Collect-cong*) (*auto simp:algebra-simps*)
also have $\dots = \text{measure } M(\{\omega \in \text{space } M. (\sum i \in I. X i \omega) \geq (1 + \delta) * \mu\} \cup \{\omega \in \text{space } M. (\sum i \in I. X i \omega) \leq (1 - \delta) * \mu\})$

by (*intro arg-cong[where f=prob] auto*)
also have $\dots \leq \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. X i \omega) \geq (1 + \delta) * \mu) + \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. X i \omega) \leq (1 - \delta) * \mu)$

by (*intro measure-Un-le*) *measurable*
also have $\dots \leq \exp(-(\delta \wedge 2) * \mu / (2 + \delta)) + \exp(-(\delta \wedge 2) * \mu / 2)$

unfolding μ -def **using** *assms(1,2)*

by (*intro multiplicative-chernoff-bound-lower multiplicative-chernoff-bound-upper add-mono*) *auto*

also have $\dots \leq \exp(-(\delta \wedge 2) * \mu / 3) + \exp(-(\delta \wedge 2) * \mu / 3)$

using *assms(1)* μ -ge-0 **by** (*intro iffD2[OF exp-le-cancel-iff] add-mono divide-left-mono-neg*) *auto*

also have $\dots = ?R$ **by** *simp*

finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*

qed

lemma *additive-chernoff-bound-upper-aux:*

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies AE \omega \text{ in } M. X i \omega \in \{0..1\}$ $I \neq \{\}$
defines $\mu \equiv (\sum i \in I. \text{expectation } (X i)) / \text{real } (\text{card } I)$
assumes $\delta \in \{0 < .. < 1 - \mu\}$ $\mu \in \{0 < .. < 1\}$
shows $\mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. X i \omega) \geq (\mu + \delta) * \text{real } (\text{card } I)) \leq \exp(-\text{real } (\text{card } I) * KL\text{-div } (\mu + \delta) \ \mu)$

(is ?L ≤ ?R)

proof –

define \mathcal{X} **where** $\mathcal{X} = (\lambda i. \text{clamp } 0 \ 1 \circ X \ i)$

have *transfer-to-clamped-vars-assms*: $(\forall i \in I. AE \ \omega \ \text{in } M. X \ i \ \omega \in \{0..1\} \wedge 0 \leq (1::\text{real}))$

using *assms(1)* **by** *auto*

note *ttcv* = *transfer-to-clamped-vars[OF transfer-to-clamped-vars-assms \mathcal{X} -def]*

note [*measurable*] = *neg-assoc-imp-measurable[OF ttcv(1)]*

define $t :: \text{real}$ **where** $t = \ln ((\mu + \delta) / \mu) - \ln ((1 - \mu - \delta) / (1 - \mu))$

let ?h = $\lambda x. 1 + (\exp t - 1) * x$

let ?n = *real (card I)*

have *n-gt-0*: ?n > 0 **using** *assms(2)* *fin-I* **by** *auto*

have $a: (1 - \mu - \delta) > 0 \ \mu > 0 \ 1 - \mu > 0 \ \mu + \delta > 0$

using *assms(4,5)* **by** *auto*

have $\ln ((1 - \mu - \delta) / (1 - \mu)) < 0$ **using** a *assms(4)* **by** (*intro ln-less-zero*) *auto*

moreover **have** $\ln ((\mu + \delta) / \mu) > 0$ **using** a *assms(4)* **by** (*intro ln-gt-zero*) *auto*

ultimately **have** *t-gt-0*: $t > 0$ **unfolding** *t-def* **by** *simp*

note *bounded'* = *integrable-bounded bounded-prod bounded-vec-mult-comp bounded-intros ttcv(5)*

note *\mathcal{X} -prod-mono* = *has-int-thatD(2)[OF neg-assoc-imp-prod-mono[OF fin-I ttcv(1), where $\eta = \text{Fwd}$]]*

have *int*: *integrable M ($\mathcal{X} \ i$) if $i \in I$ for i*

using *that* **by** (*intro bounded'*) *simp-all*

have $0: 0 \leq 1 + (\exp t - 1) * \text{expectation } (\mathcal{X} \ i)$ **if** $i \in I$ **for** i

using *t-gt-0 ttcv(6)[OF that]* **by** (*intro add-nonneg-nonneg mult-nonneg-nonneg*) *auto*

have $1 + (\exp t - 1) * \mu = 1 + ((\mu + \delta) * (1 - \mu) / (\mu * (1 - \mu - \delta)) - 1) * \mu$

using a **unfolding** *t-def exp-diff* **by** *simp*

also **have** $\dots = 1 + (\delta / (\mu * (1 - \mu - \delta))) * \mu$

using a **by** (*subst divide-diff-eq-iff*) (*simp, simp add:algebra-simps*)

also **have** $\dots = (1 - \mu - \delta) / (1 - \mu - \delta) + (\delta / (1 - \mu - \delta))$ **using** a **by** *simp*

also **have** $\dots = (1 - \mu) / (1 - \mu - \delta)$

unfolding *add-divide-distrib[symmetric]* **by** (*simp add:algebra-simps*)

also **have** $\dots = \text{inverse } ((1 - \mu - \delta) / (1 - \mu))$ **using** a **by** *simp*

also **have** $\dots = \exp (\ln (\text{inverse } ((1 - \mu - \delta) / (1 - \mu))))$ **using** a **by** *simp*

also **have** $\dots = \exp (- \ln((1 - \mu - \delta) / (1 - \mu)))$ **using** a **by** (*subst ln-inverse*) *(simp-all)*

finally have $1: 1 + (\exp t - 1) * \mu = \exp (- \ln((1-\mu-\delta) / (1-\mu)))$ **by** *simp*

have $?L = \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. \mathcal{X} i \omega) \geq (\mu+\delta) * ?n)$ **using** *ttcv(3)* [**where** $\eta = \text{Rev}$] **by** *simp*

also have $\dots = \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\prod i \in I. \exp (t * \mathcal{X} i \omega)) \geq \exp (t * (\mu+\delta) * ?n))$

using *t-gt-0* **by** (*simp add: sum-distrib-left[symmetric] exp-sum[OF fin-I, symmetric]*)

also have $\dots \leq \text{expectation } (\lambda \omega. (\prod i \in I. \exp (t * \mathcal{X} i \omega))) / \exp (t * (\mu+\delta) * ?n)$

by (*intro integral-Markov-inequality-measure[where A={}] bounded' AE-I2 prod-nonneg fin-I simp-all*)

also have $\dots \leq (\prod i \in I. \text{expectation } (\lambda \omega. \exp (t * \mathcal{X} i \omega))) / \exp (t * (\mu+\delta) * ?n)$

using *t-gt-0* **by** (*intro divide-right-mono X-prod-mono bounded' image-subsetI monotoneI simp-all*)

also have $\dots = (\prod i \in I. \text{expectation } (\lambda \omega. \exp ((1-\mathcal{X} i \omega) *_{\mathbb{R}} 0 + \mathcal{X} i \omega *_{\mathbb{R}} t))) / \exp (t * (\mu+\delta) * ?n)$

by (*simp add: ac-simps*)

also have $\dots \leq (\prod i \in I. \text{expectation } (\lambda \omega. (1-\mathcal{X} i \omega) * \exp 0 + \mathcal{X} i \omega * \exp t)) / \exp (t * (\mu+\delta) * ?n)$

using *ttcv(4)*

by (*intro divide-right-mono prod-mono integral-mono conjI bounded' convex-onD[OF exp-convex] simp-all*)

also have $\dots = (\prod i \in I. ?h (\text{expectation } (\mathcal{X} i))) / \exp (t * (\mu+\delta) * ?n)$

using *int* **by** (*simp add: algebra-simps prob-space cong: prod.cong*)

also have $\dots = (\text{root } (\text{card } I) (\prod i \in I. 1 + (\exp t - 1) * \text{expectation } (\mathcal{X} i))) \wedge (\text{card } I) / \exp (t * (\mu+\delta) * ?n)$

using *n-gt-0*

by (*intro arg-cong2[where f=(/)] real-root-pow-pos2[symmetric] prod-nonneg refl 0) auto*

also have $\dots \leq ((\sum i \in I. 1 + (\exp t - 1) * \text{expectation } (\mathcal{X} i)) / ?n)^{\wedge} (\text{card } I) / \exp (t * (\mu+\delta) * ?n)$

by (*intro divide-right-mono power-mono arithmetic-geometric-mean[OF fin-I] real-root-ge-zero prod-nonneg 0) simp-all*)

also have $\dots \leq ((\sum i \in I. 1 + (\exp t - 1) * \text{expectation } (\mathcal{X} i)) / ?n)^{\text{powr } ?n} / \exp (t * (\mu+\delta) * ?n)$

using *n-gt-0 0* **by** (*subst powr-realpow' (auto intro!: sum-nonneg divide-nonneg-pos 0)*)

also have $\dots \leq ((\sum i \in I. 1 + (\exp t - 1) * \text{expectation } (\mathcal{X} i)) / ?n)^{\text{powr } ?n} / \exp (t * (\mu+\delta) * ?n)$

using *ttcv(2)* **by** (*simp cong: sum.cong*)

also have $\dots = (1 + (\exp t - 1) * \mu)^{\text{powr } ?n} / \exp (t * (\mu+\delta) * ?n)$

using *n-gt-0 unfolding μ -def sum.distrib sum-distrib-left[symmetric]* **by** (*simp add: divide-simps*)

also have $\dots = (1 + (\exp t - 1) * \mu)^{\text{powr } ?n} / \exp (t * (\mu+\delta))^{\text{powr } ?n}$

unfolding *powr-def* **by** *simp*

also have $\dots = ((1 + (\exp t - 1) * \mu) / \exp (t * (\mu+\delta)))^{\text{powr } ?n}$

using *a t-gt-0* **by** (*auto intro: powr-divide[symmetric] add-nonneg-nonneg mult-nonneg-nonneg*)
also have $\dots = (\exp(-\ln((1-\mu-\delta)/(1-\mu))) * \exp(-(t * (\mu+\delta))))$ *powr ?n*
unfolding *1 exp-minus inverse-eq-divide* **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = \exp(-\ln((1-\mu-\delta)/(1-\mu)) - t * (\mu+\delta))$ *powr ?n*
unfolding *exp-add[symmetric]* **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = \exp(-\ln((1-\mu-\delta)/(1-\mu)) - (\ln((\mu+\delta)/\mu) - \ln((1-\mu-\delta)/(1-\mu)) * (\mu+\delta)))$
powr ?n
using *a unfolding t-def* **by** (*simp add:divide-simps*)
also have $\dots = \exp(-KL-div(\mu+\delta) \mu)$ *powr ?n*
using *a* **by** (*subst KL-div-eq*) (*simp-all add:field-simps*)
also have $\dots = ?R$ **unfolding** *powr-def* **by** *simp*
finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *additive-chernoff-bound-upper-aux-2:*

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies AE \omega \text{ in } M. X i \omega \in \{0..1\} \ I \neq \{\}$
defines $\mu \equiv (\sum i \in I. \text{expectation}(X i)) / \text{real}(\text{card } I)$
assumes $\mu \in \{0 < .. < 1\}$
shows $\mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. X i \omega) \geq \text{real}(\text{card } I)) \leq \exp(-\text{real}(\text{card } I) * KL-div$
 $1 \ \mu)$
(is ?L ≤ ?R)

proof –

define \mathcal{X} **where** $\mathcal{X} = (\lambda i. \text{clamp } 0 \ 1 \circ X i)$
have *transfer-to-clamped-vars-assms: ($\forall i \in I. AE \omega \text{ in } M. X i \omega \in \{0..1\} \wedge 0 \leq$*
($1 :: \text{real}$))

using *assms(1)* **by** *auto*

note *tccv = transfer-to-clamped-vars[OF transfer-to-clamped-vars-assms \mathcal{X} -def]*

note *[measurable] = neg-assoc-imp-measurable[OF tccv(1)]*

let $?n = \text{real}(\text{card } I)$

have *n-gt-0: ?n > 0* **using** *assms(2) fin-I* **by** *auto*

note *bounded' = integrable-bounded bounded-prod bounded-vec-mult-comp bounded-intros*
tccv(5)

bounded-max

note *\mathcal{X} -prod-mono = has-int-thatD(2)[OF neg-assoc-imp-prod-mono[OF fin-I*
tccv(1), where $\eta = Fwd$]]

have *a2: ($\prod i \in I. \max 0 (X i \omega) \geq 1$ if $(\sum i \in I. X i \omega) \geq ?n$ for ω*

proof –

have $(\sum i \in I. 1 - X i \omega) \leq 0$ **using** *that* **by** (*simp add:sum-subtractf*)

moreover have $(\sum i \in I. 1 - X i \omega) \geq 0$ **using** *tccv(4)* **by** (*intro sum-nonneg*)
simp

ultimately have $(\sum i \in I. 1 - X i \omega) = 0$ **by** *simp*

with *iffD1[OF sum-nonneg-eq-0-iff[OF fin-I] this]*

have $\forall i \in I. 1 - X i \omega = 0$ **using** *tccv(4)* **by** *simp*

hence $\mathcal{X} i \omega = 1$ if $i \in I$ for i using that by auto
 thus *?thesis* by (intro prod-ge-1) fastforce
 qed

have $?L = \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. \mathcal{X} i \omega) \geq ?n)$ using ttcv(3)[where $\eta = \text{Rev}$] by simp
 also have $\dots \leq \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\prod i \in I. \max 0 (\mathcal{X} i \omega)) \geq 1)$
 using a2 by (intro finite-measure-mono) auto
 also have $\dots \leq \text{expectation } (\lambda \omega. (\prod i \in I. \max 0 (\mathcal{X} i \omega))) / 1$
 by (intro integral-Markov-inequality-measure[where $A = \{\}$] bounded' AE-I2 prod-nonneg fn-I)
 auto
 also have $\dots \leq (\prod i \in I. \text{expectation } (\lambda \omega. \max 0 (\mathcal{X} i \omega))) / 1$
 by (intro divide-right-mono \mathcal{X} -prod-mono bounded' image-subsetI monotoneI) simp-all
 also have $\dots \leq (\prod i \in I. \text{expectation } (\mathcal{X} i))$ using ttcv(4) by simp
 also have $\dots = (\text{root } (\text{card } I) (\prod i \in I. \text{expectation } (\mathcal{X} i))) \wedge (\text{card } I)$
 using n-gt-0 ttcv(6) by (intro real-root-pow-pos2[symmetric] prod-nonneg refl) auto
 also have $\dots \leq ((\sum i \in I. \text{expectation } (\mathcal{X} i)) / ?n) \wedge (\text{card } I)$
 using ttcv(6) by (intro power-mono arithmetic-geometric-mean[OF fn-I] real-root-ge-zero prod-nonneg) auto
 also have $\dots \leq ((\sum i \in I. \text{expectation } (\mathcal{X} i)) / ?n) \text{ powr } ?n$
 using n-gt-0 ttcv(6) by (subst powr-realpow') (auto intro!: sum-nonneg divide-nonneg-pos)
 also have $\dots \leq \mu \text{ powr } ?n$ using ttcv(2) unfolding μ -def by simp
 also have $\dots = ?R$ using assms(4) unfolding powr-def by (subst KL-div-eq) (auto simp: ln-div)
 finally show *?thesis* by simp
 qed

Based on Theorem 1 by Hoeffding [11].

lemma *additive-chernoff-bound-upper*:

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies \text{AE } \omega \text{ in } M. X i \omega \in \{0..1\}$ $I \neq \{\}$
 defines $\mu \equiv (\sum i \in I. \text{expectation } (X i)) / \text{real } (\text{card } I)$
 assumes $\delta \in \{0..1 - \mu\}$ $\mu \in \{0 < .. < 1\}$
 shows $\mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. X i \omega) \geq (\mu + \delta) * \text{real } (\text{card } I)) \leq \text{exp } (-\text{real } (\text{card } I) * \text{KL-div } (\mu + \delta) \mu)$
 (is $?L \leq ?R$)

proof –

note [measurable] = neg-assoc-imp-measurable[OF na-X]

let $?n = \text{real } (\text{card } I)$

have n-gt-0: $?n > 0$ using assms fn-I by auto

note X -prod-mono = has-int-thatD(2)[OF neg-assoc-imp-prod-mono[OF fn-I na-X, where $\eta = \text{Fwd}$]]

have b:AE x in $M. (\forall i \in I. X i x \in \{0..1\})$

using *assms(1)* **by** (*intro AE-finite-allI[OF fin-I]*) *simp*
hence *c:AE x in M. ($\sum_{i \in I}. 1 - X i x \geq 0$)*
by (*intro AE-mp[OF b AE-I2]*) *impI sum-nonneg auto*

consider (*i*) $\delta=0$ | (*ii*) $\delta \in \{0 < .. < 1 - \mu\}$ | (*iii*) $1 - \mu = \delta$ **using** *assms(4)* **by**
fastforce
thus *?thesis*
proof (*cases*)
case *i*
hence *KL-div ($\mu + \delta$) $\mu = 0$* **using** *assms(4,5)* **by** (*subst KL-div-eq*) *auto*
thus *?thesis* **by** *simp*
next
case *ii*
thus *?thesis unfolding μ -def* **using** *assms* **by** (*intro additive-chernoff-bound-upper-aux*)
auto
next
case *iii*
hence *a: $\mu + \delta = 1$* **by** *simp*
thus *?thesis unfolding a mult-1 unfolding μ -def* **using** *assms*
by (*intro additive-chernoff-bound-upper-aux-2*) *auto*
qed
qed

Based on Theorem 2 by Hoeffding [11].

lemma *hoeffding-bound-upper:*

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies a i \leq b i$
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies AE \omega \text{ in } M. X i \omega \in \{a i..b i\}$
defines $n \equiv \text{real } (\text{card } I)$
defines $\mu \equiv (\sum_{i \in I}. \text{expectation } (X i))$
assumes $\delta \geq 0$ $(\sum_{i \in I}. (b i - a i)^2) > 0$
shows $\mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum_{i \in I}. X i \omega) \geq \mu + \delta * n) \leq \exp(-2 * (n * \delta)^2 / (\sum_{i \in I}. (b i - a i)^2))$
(is ?L \leq ?R)
proof (*cases $\delta=0$*)
case *True* **thus** *?thesis* **by** *simp*
next
case *False*
define \mathcal{X} **where** $\mathcal{X} = (\lambda i. \text{clamp } (a i) (b i) \circ X i)$
have *transfer-to-clamped-vars-assms: ($\forall i \in I. AE \omega \text{ in } M. X i \omega \in \{a i..b i\} \wedge a i \leq b i$)*
using *assms(1,2)* **by** *auto*
note *ttcv = transfer-to-clamped-vars[OF transfer-to-clamped-vars-assms \mathcal{X} -def]*
note [*measurable*] = *neg-assoc-imp-measurable[OF ttcv(1)]*

define s **where** $s = (\sum_{i \in I}. (b i - a i)^2)$
have *s-gt-0: $s > 0$* **using** *assms* **unfolding** *s-def* **by** *auto*

have *I-ne: $I \neq \{\}$* **using** *assms(6)* **by** *auto*

have $n\text{-gt-0}$: $n > 0$ **using** $I\text{-ne}$ $\text{fin-}I$ **unfolding** $n\text{-def}$ **by** auto

define t **where** $t = 4 * \delta * n / s$

have $t\text{-gt-0}$: $t > 0$ **unfolding** $t\text{-def}$ **using** False $n\text{-gt-0}$ $s\text{-gt-0}$ assms **by** auto

note $\text{bounded}' = \text{integrable-bounded}$ bounded-prod $\text{bounded-vec-mult-comp}$ bounded-intros $\text{ttcv}(5)$

note $\mathcal{X}\text{-prod-mono} = \text{has-int-that}D(2)[\text{OF } \text{neg-assoc-imp-prod-mono}[\text{OF } \text{fin-}I \text{ttcv}(1), \text{where } \eta = \text{Fwd}]]$

have int : $\text{integrable } M (\mathcal{X} i)$ **if** $i \in I$ **for** i
using that **by** $(\text{intro } \text{bounded}') \text{simp-all}$

define ν **where** $\nu i = \text{expectation } (X i)$ **for** i
have 1 : $\text{expectation } (\lambda x. \mathcal{X} i x - \nu i) = 0$ **if** $i \in I$ **for** i
unfolding $\nu\text{-def}$ **using** $\text{int}[\text{OF } \text{that}] \text{ttcv}(2)[\text{OF } \text{that}]$ **by** $(\text{simp } \text{add:prob-space})$

have $?L = \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. \mathcal{X} i \omega) \geq \mu + \delta * n)$ **using** $\text{ttcv}(3)$ **[where** $\eta = \text{Rev}]$
by simp
also $\text{have } \dots = \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. \mathcal{X} i \omega - \nu i) \geq \delta * n)$
using $n\text{-gt-0}$ **unfolding** $\mu\text{-def}$ $\nu\text{-def}$ **by** $(\text{simp } \text{add:algebra-simps } \text{sum-subtractf})$
also $\text{have } \dots = \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\prod i \in I. \exp (t * (\mathcal{X} i \omega - \nu i))) \geq \exp (t * \delta * n))$
using $t\text{-gt-0}$ **by** $(\text{simp } \text{add:sum-distrib-left}[\text{symmetric}] \text{exp-sum}[\text{OF } \text{fin-}I, \text{symmetric}])$
also $\text{have } \dots \leq \text{expectation } (\lambda \omega. (\prod i \in I. \exp (t * (\mathcal{X} i \omega - \nu i)))) / \exp (t * \delta * n)$
by $(\text{intro } \text{integral-Markov-inequality-measure}[\text{where } A = \{\}] \text{bounded}' \text{AE-I2 } \text{prod-nonneg } \text{fin-}I)$
 simp-all
also $\text{have } \dots \leq (\prod i \in I. \text{expectation } (\lambda \omega. \exp (t * (\mathcal{X} i \omega - \nu i)))) / \exp (t * \delta * n)$
using $t\text{-gt-0}$ **by** $(\text{intro } \text{divide-right-mono } \mathcal{X}\text{-prod-mono } \text{bounded}' \text{image-subsetI } \text{monotoneI}) \text{simp-all}$
also $\text{have } \dots \leq (\prod i \in I. \exp (t^2 * ((b i - \nu i) - (a i - \nu i))^2 / 8)) / \exp (t * \delta * n)$
using $\text{ttcv}(4) 1$
by $(\text{intro } \text{divide-right-mono } \text{prod-mono } \text{conjI } \text{Hoeffdings-lemma-bochner } t\text{-gt-0 } \text{AE-I2}) \text{simp-all}$
also $\text{have } \dots = (\prod i \in I. \exp (t^2 * (b i - a i)^2 / 8)) / \exp (t * \delta * n)$ **by** simp
also $\text{have } \dots = \exp (t^2 / 8) * (\sum i \in I. (b i - a i)^2) / \exp (t * \delta * n)$
unfolding $\text{exp-sum}[\text{OF } \text{fin-}I, \text{symmetric}]$ **by** $(\text{simp } \text{add:algebra-simps } \text{sum-distrib-left})$
also $\text{have } \dots = \exp (t^2 / 8) * s - t * \delta * n$
unfolding exp-diff $s\text{-def}$ **by** simp
also $\text{have } \dots = \exp (-2 * (n * \delta)^2 / s)$
using $s\text{-gt-0}$ **unfolding** $t\text{-def}$ **by** $(\text{simp } \text{add:divide-simps } \text{power2-eq-square})$
also $\text{have } \dots = ?R$ **unfolding** $s\text{-def}$ **by** simp
finally $\text{show } ?\text{thesis}$ **by** simp

qed

end

Dual and two-sided versions of Theorem 1 and 2 by Hoeffding [11].

lemma additive-chernoff-bound-lower:

assumes *neg-assoc* X I *finite* I
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies AE \ \omega \text{ in } M. \ X \ i \ \omega \in \{0..1\} \ I \neq \{\}$
defines $\mu \equiv (\sum i \in I. \text{expectation } (X \ i)) / \text{real } (\text{card } I)$
assumes $\delta \in \{0..\mu\} \ \mu \in \{0<..
shows $\mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. X \ i \ \omega) \leq (\mu - \delta) * \text{real } (\text{card } I)) \leq \text{exp } (-\text{real } (\text{card } I) * KL\text{-div } (\mu - \delta) \ \mu)$
(is ?L ≤ ?R)
proof –
note [*measurable*] = *neg-assoc-imp-measurable*[*OF assms*(1)]

have *int[simp]*: *integrable* $M \ (X \ i)$ **if** $i \in I$ **for** i
using *that* **by** (*intro integrable-const-bound*[**where** $B=1$] *AE-mp*[*OF assms*(3)] [*OF that*] *AE-I2*]) *auto*
have *n-gt-0*: *real* (*card* I) > 0 **using** *assms* **by** *auto*

hence 0: $(1 - \mu) = (\sum i \in I. \text{expectation } (\lambda \omega. 1 - X \ i \ \omega)) / \text{real } (\text{card } I)$
unfolding $\mu\text{-def}$ **by** (*simp add:prob-space sum-subtractf divide-simps*)
have 1: *neg-assoc* ($\lambda i \ \omega. 1 - X \ i \ \omega$) I
by (*intro neg-assoc-compose-simple*[*OF assms*(2,1), **where** $\eta = \text{Rev}$]) (*auto intro:antimonoI*)

have 2: $\delta \leq (1 - (1 - \mu)) \ \delta \geq 0$ **using** *assms* **by** *auto*
have 3: $1 - \mu \in \{0<.. **using** *assms* **by** *auto*
have ?L = $\mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. 1 - X \ i \ \omega) \geq ((1 - \mu) + \delta) * \text{real } (\text{card } I))$
by (*simp add:sum-subtractf algebra-simps*)
also have ... $\leq \text{exp } (-\text{real } (\text{card } I) * KL\text{-div } ((1 - \mu) + \delta) \ (1 - \mu))$
using *assms*(3) 1 2 3 **unfolding** 0 **by** (*intro additive-chernoff-bound-upper assms*(2,4)) *auto*
also have ... = $\text{exp } (-\text{real } (\text{card } I) * KL\text{-div } (1 - (\mu - \delta)) \ (1 - \mu))$ **by** (*simp add:algebra-simps*)
also have ... = ?R **using** *assms*(6,7) **by** (*subst KL-div-swap*) (*simp-all add:algebra-simps*)
finally show ?thesis **by** *simp*
qed$$

lemma hoeffding-bound-lower:

assumes *neg-assoc* X I *finite* I
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies a \ i \leq b \ i$
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies AE \ \omega \text{ in } M. \ X \ i \ \omega \in \{a \ i..b \ i\}$
defines $n \equiv \text{real } (\text{card } I)$
defines $\mu \equiv (\sum i \in I. \text{expectation } (X \ i))$
assumes $\delta \geq 0 \ (\sum i \in I. (b \ i - a \ i)^2) > 0$
shows $\mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. X \ i \ \omega) \leq \mu - \delta * n) \leq \text{exp } (-2 * (n * \delta)^2 / (\sum i \in I. (b \ i - a \ i)^2))$
(is ?L ≤ ?R)

proof –

have $0: -\mu = (\sum i \in I. \text{expectation } (\lambda \omega. - X i \omega))$ **unfolding** $\mu\text{-def}$ **by** (*simp add:sum-negf*)

have $1: \text{neg-assoc } (\lambda i \omega. - X i \omega) I$

by (*intro neg-assoc-compose-simple[OF assms(2,1), where $\eta = \text{Rev}$]*) (*auto intro:antimonoI*)

have $?L = \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. - X i \omega) \geq (-\mu) + \delta * n)$ **by** (*simp add:algebra-simps sum-negf*)

also have $\dots \leq \exp(-2 * (n * \delta)^2 / (\sum i \in I. ((-a i) - (-b i))^2))$

using *assms(3,4,8)* **unfolding** 0 n-def **by** (*intro hoeffding-bound-upper[OF 1] assms(2,4,7)*) *auto*

also have $\dots = ?R$ **by** *simp*

finally show $?thesis$ **by** *simp*

qed

lemma *hoeffding-bound-two-sided*:

assumes *neg-assoc X I finite I*

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies a i \leq b i$

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies AE \omega \text{ in } M. X i \omega \in \{a i..b i\} I \neq \{\}$

defines $n \equiv \text{real } (\text{card } I)$

defines $\mu \equiv (\sum i \in I. \text{expectation } (X i))$

assumes $\delta \geq 0 (\sum i \in I. (b i - a i)^2) > 0$

shows $\mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. |(\sum i \in I. X i \omega) - \mu| \geq \delta * n) \leq 2 * \exp(-2 * (n * \delta)^2 / (\sum i \in I. (b i - a i)^2))$

(**is** $?L \leq ?R$)

proof –

note [*measurable*] = *neg-assoc-imp-measurable[OF assms(1)]*

have $?L = \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. X i \omega) \geq \mu + \delta * n \vee (\sum i \in I. X i \omega) \leq \mu - \delta * n)$

unfolding *abs-real-def* **by** (*intro arg-cong[where $f = \text{prob}$] Collect-cong*) *auto*

also have $\dots = \text{measure } M (\{\omega \in \text{space } M. (\sum i \in I. X i \omega) \geq \mu + \delta * n\} \cup \{\omega \in \text{space } M. (\sum i \in I. X i \omega) \leq \mu - \delta * n\})$

by (*intro arg-cong[where $f = \text{prob}$]*) *auto*

also have $\dots \leq \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. X i \omega) \geq \mu + \delta * n) + \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\sum i \in I. X i \omega) \leq \mu - \delta * n)$

by (*intro measure-Un-le*) *measurable*

also have $\dots \leq \exp(-2 * (n * \delta)^2 / (\sum i \in I. (b i - a i)^2)) + \exp(-2 * (n * \delta)^2 / (\sum i \in I. (b i - a i)^2))$

unfolding *n-def $\mu\text{-def}$* **by** (*intro hoeffding-bound-lower hoeffding-bound-upper add-mono assms*)

also have $\dots = ?R$ **by** *simp*

finally show $?thesis$ **by** *simp*

qed

end

end

4 The FKG inequality

The FKG inequality [9] is a generalization of Chebyshev's less known other inequality. It is sometimes referred to as Chebyshev's sum inequality. Although there is also a continuous version, which can be stated as:

$$E[fg] \geq E[f]E[g]$$

where f, g are continuous simultaneously monotone or simultaneously antimonotone functions on the Lebesgue probability space $[a, b] \subseteq \mathbb{R}$. (Ef denotes the expectation of the function.)

Note that the inequality is also true for totally ordered discrete probability spaces, for example: $\{1, \dots, n\}$ with uniform probabilities.

The FKG inequality is essentially a generalization of the above to not necessarily totally ordered spaces, but finite distributive lattices.

The proof follows the derivation in the book by Alon and Spencer [2, Ch. 6].

theory *Negative-Association-FKG-Inequality*

imports

Negative-Association-Util

Birkhoff-Finite-Distributive-Lattices.Birkhoff-Finite-Distributive-Lattices

begin

theorem *four-functions-helper:*

fixes $\varphi :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{real}$

assumes *finite I*

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in \{0..3\} \implies \varphi \ i \in \text{Pow } I \rightarrow \{0..1\}$

assumes $\bigwedge A \ B. A \subseteq I \implies B \subseteq I \implies \varphi \ 0 \ A * \varphi \ 1 \ B \leq \varphi \ 2 \ (A \cup B) * \varphi \ 3 \ (A \cap B)$

shows $(\sum A \in \text{Pow } I. \varphi \ 0 \ A) * (\sum B \in \text{Pow } I. \varphi \ 1 \ B) \leq (\sum C \in \text{Pow } I. \varphi \ 2 \ C) * (\sum D \in \text{Pow } I. \varphi \ 3 \ D)$

using *assms*

proof (*induction I arbitrary:φ rule:finite-induct*)

case *empty*

then show *?case using empty by auto*

next

case (*insert x I*)

define φ' **where** $\varphi' \ i \ A = \varphi \ i \ A + \varphi \ i \ (A \cup \{x\})$ **for** $i \ A$

have $a: (\sum A \in \text{Pow } (\text{insert } x \ I). \varphi \ i \ A) = (\sum A \in \text{Pow } I. \varphi' \ i \ A)$ (**is** *?L1 = ?R1*)

for i

proof –

have *?L1 =* $(\sum A \in \text{Pow } I. \varphi \ i \ A) + (\sum A \in \text{insert } x \ ' \ \text{Pow } I. \varphi \ i \ A)$

using *insert(1,2) unfolding Pow-insert by (intro sum.union-disjoint) auto*

also have $\dots = (\sum A \in \text{Pow } I. \varphi \ i \ A) + (\sum A \in \text{Pow } I. \varphi \ i \ (\text{insert } x \ A))$

using *insert(2) by (subst sum.reindex) (auto intro!:inj-onI)*

also have $\dots = ?R1$ **using** *insert(1) unfolding φ'-def sum.distrib by simp*

```

finally show ?thesis by simp
qed

have  $\varphi$ -int:  $\varphi\ 0\ A * \varphi\ 1\ B \leq \varphi\ 2\ C * \varphi\ 3\ D$ 
if  $C = A \cup B\ D = A \cap B\ A \subseteq \text{insert } x\ I\ B \subseteq \text{insert } x\ I$  for  $A\ B\ C\ D$ 
using that insert(5) by auto

have  $\varphi$ -nonneg:  $\varphi\ i\ A \geq 0$  if  $A \subseteq \text{insert } x\ I\ i \in \{0..3\}$  for  $i\ A$ 
using that insert(4) by auto

have  $\varphi'$  0 A *  $\varphi'$  1 B  $\leq \varphi'$  2 (A  $\cup$  B) *  $\varphi'$  3 (A  $\cap$  B) if A  $\subseteq$  I B  $\subseteq$  I for A B
proof -
  define a0 a1 where a:  $a0 = \varphi\ 0\ A\ a1 = \varphi\ 0\ (\text{insert } x\ A)$ 
  define b0 b1 where b:  $b0 = \varphi\ 1\ B\ b1 = \varphi\ 1\ (\text{insert } x\ B)$ 
  define c0 c1 where c:  $c0 = \varphi\ 2\ (A \cup B)\ c1 = \varphi\ 2\ (\text{insert } x\ (A \cup B))$ 
  define d0 d1 where d:  $d0 = \varphi\ 3\ (A \cap B)\ d1 = \varphi\ 3\ (\text{insert } x\ (A \cap B))$ 

  have 0: $a0 * b0 \leq c0 * d0$  using that unfolding a b c d by (intro  $\varphi$ -int) auto
  have 1: $a0 * b1 \leq c1 * d0$  using that insert(2) unfolding a b c d by (intro  $\varphi$ -int) auto
  have 2: $a1 * b0 \leq c1 * d0$  using that insert(2) unfolding a b c d by (intro  $\varphi$ -int) auto
  have 3: $a1 * b1 \leq c1 * d1$  using that insert(2) unfolding a b c d by (intro  $\varphi$ -int) auto
  have 4: $a0 \geq 0\ a1 \geq 0\ b0 \geq 0\ b1 \geq 0$  using that unfolding a b by (auto intro!:  $\varphi$ -nonneg)
  have 5: $c0 \geq 0\ c1 \geq 0\ d0 \geq 0\ d1 \geq 0$  using that unfolding c d by (auto intro!:  $\varphi$ -nonneg)

  consider (a)  $c1 = 0$  | (b)  $d0 = 0$  | (c)  $c1 > 0\ d0 > 0$  using 4 5 by argo

  then have  $(a0 + a1) * (b0 + b1) \leq (c0 + c1) * (d0 + d1)$ 
  proof (cases)
    case a
    hence  $a0 * b1 = 0\ a1 * b0 = 0\ a1 * b1 = 0$ 
    using 1 2 3 by (intro order-antisym mult-nonneg-nonneg 4 5; simp-all)+
    then show ?thesis unfolding distrib-left distrib-right
    using 0 4 5 by (metis add-mono mult-nonneg-nonneg)
  next
    case b
    hence  $a0 * b0 = 0\ a0 * b1 = 0\ a1 * b0 = 0$ 
    using 0 1 2 by (intro order-antisym mult-nonneg-nonneg 4 5; simp-all)+
    then show ?thesis unfolding distrib-left distrib-right
    using 3 4 5 by (metis add-mono mult-nonneg-nonneg)
  next
    case c
    have  $0 \leq (c1*d0 - a0*b1) * (c1*d0 - a1*b0)$ 
    using 1 2 by (intro mult-nonneg-nonneg) auto
    hence  $(a0 + a1) * (b0 + b1)*d0*c1 \leq (a0*b0 + c1*d0) * (c1*d0 + a1*b1)$ 

```

by (*simp add:algebra-simps*)
hence $(a0 + a1) * (b0 + b1) \leq ((a0*b0)/d0 + c1) * (d0 + (a1*b1)/c1)$
using *c 4 5* **by** (*simp add:field-simps*)
also have $\dots \leq (c0 + c1) * (d0 + d1)$
using *0 3 c 4 5* **by** (*intro mult-mono add-mono order.refl*) (*simp add:field-simps*)+
finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*
qed

thus *?thesis* **unfolding** φ' -def *a b c d* **by** *auto*
qed

moreover have $\varphi' i \in Pow I \rightarrow \{0..\}$ **if** $i \in \{0..3\}$ **for** i
using *insert(4)[OF that]* **unfolding** φ' -def **by** (*auto intro!:add-nonneg-nonneg*)
ultimately show *?case* **unfolding** a **by** (*intro insert(3)*) *auto*
qed

The following is the Ahlswede-Daykin inequality [1] also referred to by Alon and Spencer as the four functions theorem [2, Th. 6.1.1].

theorem *four-functions:*

fixes $\alpha \beta \gamma \delta :: 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{real}$
assumes *finite I*
assumes $\alpha \in Pow I \rightarrow \{0..\}$ $\beta \in Pow I \rightarrow \{0..\}$ $\gamma \in Pow I \rightarrow \{0..\}$ $\delta \in Pow I \rightarrow \{0..\}$
assumes $\bigwedge A B. A \subseteq I \implies B \subseteq I \implies \alpha A * \beta B \leq \gamma (A \cup B) * \delta (A \cap B)$
assumes $M \subseteq Pow I$ $N \subseteq Pow I$
shows $(\sum A \in M. \alpha A) * (\sum B \in N. \beta B) \leq (\sum C | \exists A \in M. \exists B \in N. C = A \cup B. \gamma C) * (\sum D | \exists A \in M. \exists B \in N. D = A \cap B. \delta D)$
(is ?L ≤ ?R)

proof –

define α' **where** $\alpha' A = (if A \in M then \alpha A else 0)$ **for** A
define β' **where** $\beta' B = (if B \in N then \beta B else 0)$ **for** B
define γ' **where** $\gamma' C = (if \exists A \in M. \exists B \in N. C = A \cup B then \gamma C else 0)$ **for** C
define δ' **where** $\delta' D = (if \exists A \in M. \exists B \in N. D = A \cap B then \delta D else 0)$ **for** D

define φ **where** $\varphi i = [\alpha', \beta', \gamma', \delta'] ! i$ **for** i

have *list-all* ($\lambda i. \varphi i \in Pow I \rightarrow \{0..\}$) [*0..<4*]
unfolding φ -def α' -def β' -def γ' -def δ' -def **using** *assms(2–5)*
by (*auto simp add:numeral-eq-Suc*)
hence φ -nonneg: $\varphi i \in Pow I \rightarrow \{0..\}$ **if** $i \in \{0..3\}$ **for** i
unfolding *list.pred-set* **using** *that* **by** *auto*

have $0: \varphi 0 A * \varphi 1 B \leq \varphi 2 (A \cup B) * \varphi 3 (A \cap B)$ **(is ?L1 ≤ ?R1)** **if** $A \subseteq I$ $B \subseteq I$ **for** $A B$

proof (*cases A ∈ M ∧ B ∈ N*)

case *True*

have $?L1 = \alpha A * \beta B$ **using** *True* **unfolding** φ -def α' -def β' -def **by** *auto*
also have $\dots \leq \gamma (A \cup B) * \delta (A \cap B)$ **by** (*intro that assms(6)*)
also have $\dots = ?R1$ **using** *True* **unfolding** γ' -def δ' -def φ -def **by** *auto*


```

finally show ?thesis by simp
next
  case False
  hence ?L1 = 0 unfolding  $\alpha'$ -def  $\beta'$ -def  $\varphi$ -def by auto
  also have ...  $\leq$  ?R1 using  $\varphi$ -nonneg[of 2]  $\varphi$ -nonneg[of 3] that
    by (intro mult-nonneg-nonneg) auto
  finally show ?thesis by simp
qed

have fin-pow: finite (Pow I) using assms(1) by simp

have ?L = ( $\sum A \in \text{Pow } I. \alpha' A$ ) * ( $\sum B \in \text{Pow } I. \beta' B$ )
  unfolding  $\alpha'$ -def  $\beta'$ -def using assms(1,7,8) by (simp add: sum.If-cases
Int-absorb1)
  also have ... = ( $\sum A \in \text{Pow } I. \varphi 0 A$ ) * ( $\sum A \in \text{Pow } I. \varphi 1 A$ ) unfolding
 $\varphi$ -def by simp
  also have ...  $\leq$  ( $\sum A \in \text{Pow } I. \varphi 2 A$ ) * ( $\sum A \in \text{Pow } I. \varphi 3 A$ )
    by (intro four-functions-helper assms(1)  $\varphi$ -nonneg 0) auto
  also have ... = ( $\sum A \in \text{Pow } I. \gamma' A$ ) * ( $\sum B \in \text{Pow } I. \delta' B$ ) unfolding  $\varphi$ -def
by simp
  also have ... = ?R
    unfolding  $\gamma'$ -def  $\delta'$ -def sum.If-cases[OF fin-pow] sum.neutral-const add-0-right
using assms(7,8)
    by (intro arg-cong2[where  $f=(*)$ ] sum.cong refl) auto
  finally show ?thesis by simp
qed

```

Using Birkhoff's Representation Theorem [3, 5] it is possible to generalize the previous to finite distributive lattices [2, Cor. 6.1.2].

lemma *four-functions-in-lattice*:

```

fixes  $\alpha \beta \gamma \delta :: 'a :: \text{finite-distrib-lattice} \Rightarrow \text{real}$ 
assumes range  $\alpha \subseteq \{0..\}$  range  $\beta \subseteq \{0..\}$  range  $\gamma \subseteq \{0..\}$  range  $\delta \subseteq \{0..\}$ 
assumes  $\bigwedge x y. \alpha x * \beta y \leq \gamma (x \sqcup y) * \delta (x \sqcap y)$ 
shows ( $\sum x \in M. \alpha x$ ) * ( $\sum y \in N. \beta y$ )  $\leq$  ( $\sum c \mid \exists x \in M. \exists y \in N. c = x \sqcup y. \gamma c$ ) * ( $\sum d \mid$ 
 $\exists x \in M. \exists y \in N. d = x \sqcap y. \delta d$ )
  (is ?L  $\leq$  ?R)

```

proof –

```

let ?e =  $\lambda x :: 'a. \{ \mid x \}$ 
let ?f = the-inv ?e

```

have *ran-e*: *range* ?e = $\mathcal{O}\mathcal{J}$ **by** (*rule* *bij-betw-imp-surj-on*[OF *birkhoffs-theorem*])

have *inj-e*: *inj* ?e **by** (*rule* *bij-betw-imp-inj-on*[OF *birkhoffs-theorem*])

define *conv* :: ($'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$) $\Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{real}$

where *conv* $\varphi I =$ (*if* $I \in \mathcal{O}\mathcal{J}$ *then* φ (?f I) *else* 0) **for** φI

define $\alpha' \beta' \gamma' \delta'$ **where** *prime-def*: $\alpha' = \text{conv } \alpha \beta' = \text{conv } \beta \gamma' = \text{conv } \gamma \delta' =$
conv δ

have $1: \text{conv } \varphi \in \text{Pow } \mathcal{J} \rightarrow \{0..\}$ **if** $\text{range } \varphi \subseteq \{(0::\text{real})..\}$ **for** φ
using that unfolding conv-def by (intro Pi-I) auto

have $0: \alpha' A * \beta' B \leq \gamma' (A \cup B) * \delta' (A \cap B)$ **if** $A \subseteq \mathcal{J} B \subseteq \mathcal{J}$ **for** $A B$
proof (cases $A \in \mathcal{OJ} \wedge B \in \mathcal{OJ}$)
case True
define $x y$ **where** $xy: x = ?f A y = ?f B$

have $p0: ?e (x \sqcup y) = A \cup B$
using True ran-e unfolding join-irreducibles-join-homomorphism xy
by (subst (1 2) f-the-inv-into-f[OF inj-e]) auto
hence $p1: A \cup B \in \mathcal{OJ}$ **using ran-e by auto**

have $p2: ?e (x \sqcap y) = A \cap B$
using True ran-e unfolding join-irreducibles-meet-homomorphism xy
by (subst (1 2) f-the-inv-into-f[OF inj-e]) auto
hence $p3: A \cap B \in \mathcal{OJ}$ **using ran-e by auto**

have $\alpha' A * \beta' B = \alpha (?f A) * \beta (?f B)$ **using True unfolding prime-def conv-def by simp**
also have $\dots \leq \gamma (?f A \sqcup ?f B) * \delta (?f A \sqcap ?f B)$ **by (intro assms(5))**
also have $\dots = \gamma (x \sqcup y) * \delta (x \sqcap y)$ **unfolding xy by simp**
also have $\dots = \gamma (?f (?e (x \sqcup y))) * \delta (?f (?e (x \sqcap y)))$ **by (simp add: the-inv-f-f[OF inj-e])**
also have $\dots = \gamma (?f (A \cup B)) * \delta (?f (A \cap B))$ **unfolding p0 p2 by auto**
also have $\dots = \gamma' (A \cup B) * \delta' (A \cap B)$ **using p1 p3 unfolding prime-def conv-def by auto**
finally show ?thesis by simp

next
case False
hence $\alpha' A * \beta' B = 0$ **unfolding prime-def conv-def by simp**
also have $\dots \leq \gamma' (A \cup B) * \delta' (A \cap B)$ **unfolding prime-def using 1 that assms(3,4) by (intro mult-nonneg-nonneg) auto**
finally show ?thesis by simp

qed

define M' **where** $M' = (\lambda x. \{ x \}) ' M$
define N' **where** $N' = (\lambda x. \{ x \}) ' N$

have $\text{ran1}: M' \subseteq \mathcal{OJ} N' \subseteq \mathcal{OJ}$ **unfolding M'-def N'-def using ran-e by auto**
hence $\text{ran2}: M' \subseteq \text{Pow } \mathcal{J} N' \subseteq \text{Pow } \mathcal{J}$ **unfolding down-irreducibles-def by auto**

have $?f \in ?e ' S \rightarrow S$ **for** S **using inj-e by (simp add: Pi-iff the-inv-f-f)**
hence $\text{bij-betw}: \text{bij-betw } ?f (?e ' S) S$ **for** $S :: 'a \text{ set}$
by (intro bij-betwI[where $g = ?e$] the-inv-f-f the-inv-into-f inj-e) auto

have $a: \{C. \exists A \in M'. \exists B \in N'. C = A \cup B\} = ?e ' \{c. \exists x \in M. \exists y \in N. c = x \sqcup y\}$
unfolding M'-def N'-def Set.bex-simps join-irreducibles-join-homomorphism[symmetric]

by auto
 have $b: \{D. \exists A \in M'. \exists B \in N'. D = A \cap B\} = ?e \text{ ' } \{c. \exists x \in M. \exists y \in N. c = x \sqcap y\}$
 unfolding $M'\text{-def } N'\text{-def Set.bex-simps join-irreducibles-meet-homomorphism[symmetric]$
 by auto

have $M'\text{-}N'\text{-un-ran}: \{C. \exists A \in M'. \exists B \in N'. C = A \cup B\} \subseteq \mathcal{OJ}$
 unfolding a using ran-e by auto
 have $M'\text{-}N'\text{-int-ran}: \{C. \exists A \in M'. \exists B \in N'. C = A \cap B\} \subseteq \mathcal{OJ}$
 unfolding b using ran-e by auto

have $?L = (\sum A \in M'. \alpha (?f A)) * (\sum A \in N'. \beta (?f A))$
 unfolding $M'\text{-def } N'\text{-def}$
 by (intro arg-cong2[where f=(*)] sum.reindex-bij-betw[symmetric] bij-betw)
 also have $\dots = (\sum A \in M'. \alpha' A) * (\sum A \in N'. \beta' A)$
 unfolding prime-def conv-def using ran1 by (intro arg-cong2[where f=(*)] sum.cong refl) auto
 also have $\dots \leq (\sum C \mid \exists A \in M'. \exists B \in N'. C = A \cup B. \gamma' C) * (\sum D \mid \exists A \in M'. \exists B \in N'. D = A \cap B. \delta' D)$
 using ran2 by (intro four-functions[where I= \mathcal{J}] 0) (auto intro!:1 assms simp:prime-def)
 also have $\dots = (\sum C \mid \exists A \in M'. \exists B \in N'. C = A \cup B. \gamma (?f C)) * (\sum D \mid \exists A \in M'. \exists B \in N'. D = A \cap B. \delta (?f D))$
 using $M'\text{-}N'\text{-un-ran } M'\text{-}N'\text{-int-ran}$ unfolding prime-def conv-def
 by (intro arg-cong2[where f=(*)] sum.cong refl) auto
 also have $\dots = ?R$
 unfolding a b by (intro arg-cong2[where f=(*)] sum.reindex-bij-betw bij-betw)
 finally show $?thesis$ by simp
 qed

theorem fkg-inequality:

fixes $\mu :: 'a :: \text{finite-distrib-lattice} \Rightarrow \text{real}$
 assumes $\text{range } \mu \subseteq \{0..\}$ $\text{range } f \subseteq \{0..\}$ $\text{range } g \subseteq \{0..\}$
 assumes $\bigwedge x y. \mu x * \mu y \leq \mu (x \sqcup y) * \mu (x \sqcap y)$
 assumes mono f mono g
 shows $(\sum x \in \text{UNIV}. \mu x * f x) * (\sum x \in \text{UNIV}. \mu x * g x) \leq (\sum x \in \text{UNIV}. \mu x * f x * g x) * \text{sum } \mu \text{ UNIV}$
 (is $?L \leq ?R$)

proof -

define α where $\alpha x = \mu x * f x$ for x
 define β where $\beta x = \mu x * g x$ for x
 define γ where $\gamma x = \mu x * f x * g x$ for x
 define δ where $\delta x = \mu x$ for x

have $0 : f x \geq 0$ if $\text{range } f \subseteq \{0..\}$ for $f :: 'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$ and x
 using that by auto

note $\mu f g \text{-nonneg} = 0[\text{OF assms}(1)] 0[\text{OF assms}(2)] 0[\text{OF assms}(3)]$

have $1 : \alpha x * \beta y \leq \gamma (x \sqcup y) * \delta (x \sqcap y)$ (is $?L1 \leq ?R1$) for $x y$

proof –
have $?L1 = (\mu x * \mu y) * (f x * g y)$ **unfolding** α -def β -def **by** (*simp add:ac-simps*)
also have $\dots \leq (\mu (x \sqcup y) * \mu (x \sqcap y)) * (f x * g y)$
using *assms(2,3)* **by** (*intro mult-right-mono assms(4) mult-nonneg-nonneg*)
auto
also have $\dots \leq (\mu (x \sqcup y) * \mu (x \sqcap y)) * (f (x \sqcup y) * g (x \sqcup y))$
using *μfg-nonneg*
by (*intro mult-left-mono mult-mono monoD[OF assms(5)] monoD[OF assms(6)] mult-nonneg-nonneg*)
simp-all
also have $\dots = ?R1$ **unfolding** γ -def δ -def **by** *simp*
finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*
qed

have $?L = (\sum x \in UNIV. \alpha x) * (\sum y \in UNIV. \beta y)$ **unfolding** α -def β -def **by** *simp*
also have $\dots \leq (\sum c \mid \exists x \in UNIV. \exists y \in UNIV. c = x \sqcup y. \gamma c) * (\sum d \mid \exists x \in UNIV. \exists y \in UNIV. d = x \sqcap y. \delta d)$
using *μfg-nonneg* **by** (*intro four-functions-in-lattice 1*) (*auto simp:α-def β-def γ-def δ-def*)
also have $\dots = (\sum x \in UNIV. \gamma x) * (\sum x \in UNIV. \delta x)$
using *sup.idem*[**where** $'a = 'a$] *inf.idem*[**where** $'a = 'a$]
by (*intro arg-cong2*[**where** $f = (*)$] *sum.cong refl UNIV-eq-I*[*symmetric*] *CollectI*) (*metis UNIV-I*)
also have $\dots = ?R$ **unfolding** γ -def δ -def **by** *simp*
finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*
qed

theorem *fkq-inequality-gen*:

fixes $\mu :: 'a :: \text{finite-distrib-lattice} \Rightarrow \text{real}$
assumes *range* $\mu \subseteq \{0..\}$
assumes $\bigwedge x y. \mu x * \mu y \leq \mu (x \sqcup y) * \mu (x \sqcap y)$
assumes *monotone* $(\leq) (\leq_{\tau})$ *f* *monotone* $(\leq) (\leq_{\sigma})$ *g*
shows $(\sum x \in UNIV. \mu x * f x) * (\sum x \in UNIV. \mu x * g x) \leq_{\tau * \sigma} (\sum x \in UNIV. \mu x * f x * g x) * \text{sum } \mu \text{ UNIV}$
(is $?L \leq_{\tau * \sigma} ?R$ **)**

proof –

define *a* **where** $a = \text{max } (MAX x. -f x * (\pm_{\tau})) (MAX x. -g x * (\pm_{\sigma}))$

define *f'* **where** $f' x = a + f x * (\pm_{\tau})$ **for** *x*

define *g'* **where** $g' x = a + g x * (\pm_{\sigma})$ **for** *x*

have *f'*-mono: *mono f'* **unfolding** *f'*-def **using** *monotoneD*[*OF assms(3)*]

by (*intro monoI add-mono order.refl*) (*cases* τ , *auto simp:comp-def ac-simps*)

have *g'*-mono: *mono g'* **unfolding** *g'*-def **using** *monotoneD*[*OF assms(4)*]

by (*intro monoI add-mono order.refl*) (*cases* σ , *auto simp:comp-def ac-simps*)

have f' -nonneg: $f' x \geq 0$ **for** x
unfolding f' -def a -def $\text{max-add-distrib-left}$
by (*intro* max.coboundedI1) (*auto* *intro!*: Max.coboundedI *simp*: algebra-simps real-0-le-add-iff)

have g' -nonneg: $g' x \geq 0$ **for** x
unfolding g' -def a -def $\text{max-add-distrib-left}$
by (*intro* max.coboundedI2) (*auto* *intro!*: Max.coboundedI *simp*: algebra-simps real-0-le-add-iff)

let $?M = (\sum x \in \text{UNIV}. \mu x)$
let $?sum = (\lambda f. (\sum x \in \text{UNIV}. \mu x * f x))$

have $(\pm_{\tau * \sigma}) * ?L = ?sum (\lambda x. f x * (\pm_{\tau})) * ?sum (\lambda x. g x * (\pm_{\sigma}))$
by (*simp* add:ac-simps $\text{sum-distrib-left[symmetric]}$ dir-mult-hom del:rel-dir-mult)
also have $\dots = (?sum (\lambda x. (f x * (\pm_{\tau}) + a)) - ?M * a) * (?sum (\lambda x. (g x * (\pm_{\sigma}) + a)) - ?M * a)$
by (*simp* add:algebra-simps sum.distrib sum-distrib-left)
also have $\dots = (?sum f') * (?sum g') - ?M * a * ?sum f' - ?M * a * ?sum g' + ?M * ?M * a * a$
unfolding f' -def g' -def **by** (*simp* add:algebra-simps)
also have $\dots \leq ((\sum x \in \text{UNIV}. \mu x * f' x * g' x) * ?M) - ?M * a * ?sum f' - ?M * a * ?sum g' + ?M * ?M * a * a$
using f' -nonneg g' -nonneg
by (*intro* diff-mono add-mono order.refl fkg-inequality $\text{assms}(1,2)$ f' -mono g' -mono) *auto*
also have $\dots = ?sum (\lambda x. (f x * (\pm_{\tau})) * (g x * (\pm_{\sigma}))) * ?M$
unfolding f' -def g' -def **by** (*simp* add:algebra-simps sum.distrib $\text{sum-distrib-left[symmetric]}$)
also have $\dots = (\pm_{\tau * \sigma}) * ?R$
by (*simp* add:ac-simps sum.distrib $\text{sum-distrib-left[symmetric]}$ dir-mult-hom del:rel-dir-mult)
finally have $(\pm_{\tau * \sigma}) * ?L \leq (\pm_{\tau * \sigma}) * ?R$ **by** *simp*
thus $?thesis$ **by** (*cases* $\tau * \sigma$, *auto*)

qed

theorem $\text{fkg-inequality-pmf}$:

fixes $M :: ('a :: \text{finite-distrib-lattice}) \text{ pmf}$
fixes $f g :: 'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$
assumes $\bigwedge x y. \text{pmf } M x * \text{pmf } M y \leq \text{pmf } M (x \sqcup y) * \text{pmf } M (x \sqcap y)$
assumes $\text{monotone } (\leq) (\leq_{\geq \tau}) f \text{ monotone } (\leq) (\leq_{\geq \sigma}) g$
shows $(\int x. f x \partial M) * (\int x. g x \partial M) \leq_{\geq \tau} * \sigma (\int x. f x * g x \partial M)$
(is $?L \leq_{\geq} ?R$)

proof –

have $0: ?L = (\sum a \in \text{UNIV}. \text{pmf } M a * f a) * (\sum a \in \text{UNIV}. \text{pmf } M a * g a)$
by (*subst* (1 2) $\text{integral-measure-pmf-real}$ [**where** $A = \text{UNIV}$]) (*auto* *simp*: ac-simps)
have $?R = ?R * (\int x. 1 \partial M)$ **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = (\sum a \in \text{UNIV}. \text{pmf } M a * f a * g a) * \text{sum } (\text{pmf } M) \text{ UNIV}$
by (*subst* (1 2) $\text{integral-measure-pmf-real}$ [**where** $A = \text{UNIV}$]) (*auto* *simp*: ac-simps)
finally have $1: ?R = (\sum a \in \text{UNIV}. \text{pmf } M a * f a * g a) * \text{sum } (\text{pmf } M) \text{ UNIV}$ **by** *simp*

```

thus ?thesis unfolding 0 1
  by (intro fkg-inequality-gen assms) auto
qed

end

```

5 Preliminary Results on Lattices

This entry establishes a few missing lemmas for the set-based theory of lattices from “HOL-Algebra”. In particular, it introduces the sublocale for distributive lattices.

More crucially, a transfer theorem which can be used in conjunction with the Types-To-Sets mechanism to be able to work with locally defined finite distributive lattices.

This is being needed for the verification of the negative association of permutation distributions in Section 6.

```

theory Negative-Association-More-Lattices
  imports HOL-Algebra.Lattice
begin

```

Lemma 1 Birkhoff Lattice Theory, p.8, L3

```

lemma (in lattice) meet-assoc-law:
  assumes  $x \in \text{carrier } L$   $y \in \text{carrier } L$   $z \in \text{carrier } L$ 
  shows  $x \sqcap (y \sqcap z) = (x \sqcap y) \sqcap z$ 
  using assms by (metis (full-types) eq-is-equal weak-meet-assoc)

```

Lemma 1 Birkhoff Lattice Theory, p.8, L3

```

lemma (in lattice) join-assoc-law:
  assumes  $x \in \text{carrier } L$   $y \in \text{carrier } L$   $z \in \text{carrier } L$ 
  shows  $x \sqcup (y \sqcup z) = (x \sqcup y) \sqcup z$ 
  using assms by (metis (full-types) eq-is-equal weak-join-assoc)

```

Lemma 1 Birkhoff Lattice Theory, p.8, L4

```

lemma (in lattice) absorbion-law:
  assumes  $x \in \text{carrier } L$   $y \in \text{carrier } L$ 
  shows  $x \sqcap (x \sqcup y) = x$   $x \sqcup (x \sqcap y) = x$ 
proof –
  have  $x \sqsubseteq x \sqcup y$  using assms join-left by auto
  hence  $x = x \sqcap (x \sqcup y)$  using assms by (intro iffD1[OF le-iff-join]) auto
  thus  $x \sqcap (x \sqcup y) = x$  by simp

  have  $x \sqcap y \sqsubseteq x$  using assms meet-left by auto
  hence  $(x \sqcap y) \sqcup x = x$  using assms le-iff-meet by (intro iffD1[OF le-iff-meet])
auto
  thus  $x \sqcup (x \sqcap y) = x$  using join-comm by metis
qed

```

Theorem 9 Birkhoff Lattice Theory, p.11

lemma (in lattice) *distrib-laws-equiv*:

defines *meet-distrib* $\equiv (\forall x y z. \{x,y,z\} \subseteq \text{carrier } L \longrightarrow (x \sqcap (y \sqcup z)) = (x \sqcap y) \sqcup (x \sqcap z))$

defines *join-distrib* $\equiv (\forall x y z. \{x,y,z\} \subseteq \text{carrier } L \longrightarrow (x \sqcup (y \sqcap z)) = (x \sqcup y) \sqcap (x \sqcup z))$

shows *meet-distrib* \longleftrightarrow *join-distrib*

proof

assume *a:meet-distrib*

have $(x \sqcup y) \sqcap (x \sqcup z) = x \sqcup (y \sqcap z)$ (is ?L = ?R) **if** $\{x,y,z\} \subseteq \text{carrier } L$ **for** *x y z*

proof –

have ?L = $((x \sqcup y) \sqcap x) \sqcup ((x \sqcup y) \sqcap z)$ **using** *a* **that unfolding** *meet-distrib-def* **by simp**

also have $\dots = x \sqcup (z \sqcap (x \sqcup y))$ **using** *that absorbtion-law meet-comm* **by** (*metis insert-subset*)

also have $\dots = x \sqcup ((z \sqcap x) \sqcup (z \sqcap y))$ **using** *a* **that unfolding** *meet-distrib-def* **by simp**

also have $\dots = (x \sqcup (z \sqcap x)) \sqcup (z \sqcap y)$ **using** *that meet-assoc-law join-assoc-law* **by simp**

also have $\dots = x \sqcup (z \sqcap y)$ **using** *that absorbtion-law meet-comm* **by** (*metis insert-subset*)

also have $\dots = ?R$ **by** (*metis meet-comm*)

finally show *?thesis* **by simp**

qed

thus *join-distrib* **unfolding** *join-distrib-def* **by auto**

next

assume *a:join-distrib*

have $(x \sqcap y) \sqcup (x \sqcap z) = x \sqcap (y \sqcup z)$ (is ?L = ?R) **if** $\{x,y,z\} \subseteq \text{carrier } L$ **for** *x y z*

proof –

have ?L = $((x \sqcap y) \sqcup x) \sqcap ((x \sqcap y) \sqcup z)$ **using** *a* **that unfolding** *join-distrib-def* **by simp**

also have $\dots = x \sqcap (z \sqcup (x \sqcap y))$ **using** *that absorbtion-law join-comm* **by** (*metis insert-subset*)

also have $\dots = x \sqcap ((z \sqcup x) \sqcap (z \sqcup y))$ **using** *a* **that unfolding** *join-distrib-def* **by simp**

also have $\dots = (x \sqcap (z \sqcup x)) \sqcap (z \sqcup y)$ **using** *that meet-assoc-law join-assoc-law* **by simp**

also have $\dots = x \sqcap (z \sqcup y)$ **using** *that absorbtion-law join-comm* **by** (*metis insert-subset*)

also have $\dots = ?R$ **by** (*metis join-comm*)

finally show *?thesis* **by simp**

qed

thus *meet-distrib* **unfolding** *meet-distrib-def* **by auto**

qed

lemma (in lattice) *lub-unique-set*:

assumes *is-lub L z S*

shows $z = \bigsqcup S$
proof –
have $a:is-lub L z' S \implies z = z'$ **for** z'
using *least-unique assms* **by** *simp*
show *?thesis*
unfolding *sup-def*
by (*rule someI2*[**where** $a=z$], *rule assms(1)*, *rule a*)
qed

lemma (**in** *lattice*) *lub-unique*:
assumes $is-lub L z \{x,y\}$
shows $z = x \sqcup y$
using *lub-unique-set*[*OF assms*] **unfolding** *join-def* **by** *auto*

lemma (**in** *lattice*) *glb-unique-set*:
assumes $is-glb L z S$
shows $z = \bigsqcap S$
proof –
have $a:is-glb L z' S \implies z = z'$ **for** z'
using *greatest-unique assms(1)* **by** *simp*
show *?thesis*
unfolding *meet-def inf-def*
by (*rule someI2*[**where** $a=z$], *rule assms(1)*, *rule a*)
qed

lemma (**in** *lattice*) *glb-unique*:
assumes $is-glb L z \{x,y\}$
shows $z = x \sqcap y$
using *glb-unique-set*[*OF assms*] **unfolding** *meet-def* **by** *auto*

lemma (**in** *lattice*) *inf-lower*:
assumes $S \subseteq carrier L$ $s \in S$ *finite S*
shows $\bigsqcap S \sqsubseteq s$
proof –
have $is-glb L (\bigsqcap S) S$ **using** *assms(2)* **by** (*intro finite-inf-greatest assms(1,3)*) *auto*
hence $(\bigsqcap S) \in Lower L S$ **using** *greatest-mem* **by** *metis*
thus *?thesis* **using** *assms(1,2)* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma (**in** *lattice*) *sup-upper*:
assumes $S \subseteq carrier L$ $s \in S$ *finite S*
shows $s \sqsubseteq \bigsqcup S$
proof –
have $is-lub L (\bigsqcup S) S$ **using** *assms(2)* **by** (*intro finite-sup-least assms(1,3)*) *auto*
hence $(\bigsqcup S) \in Upper L S$ **using** *least-mem* **by** *metis*
thus *?thesis* **using** *assms(1,2)* **by** *auto*
qed

locale *distrib-lattice* = *lattice* +
assumes *max-distrib*:
 $x \in \text{carrier } L \implies y \in \text{carrier } L \implies z \in \text{carrier } L \implies (x \sqcap (y \sqcup z)) = (x \sqcap y) \sqcup (x \sqcap z)$
begin

lemma *min-distrib*:
assumes $x \in \text{carrier } L \ y \in \text{carrier } L \ z \in \text{carrier } L$
shows $(x \sqcup (y \sqcap z)) = (x \sqcup y) \sqcap (x \sqcup z)$
proof –
have $a: \forall x \ y \ z. \{x, y, z\} \subseteq \text{carrier } L \longrightarrow x \sqcap (y \sqcup z) = x \sqcap y \sqcup x \sqcap z$ **using**
max-distrib **by** *auto*
show *?thesis* **using** *iffD1*[*OF distrib-laws-equiv a*] *assms* **by** *simp*
qed

end

locale *finite-ne-distrib-lattice* = *distrib-lattice* +
assumes *non-empty-carrier*: $\text{carrier } L \neq \{\}$
assumes *finite-carrier*: *finite* ($\text{carrier } L$)
begin

lemma *bounded-lattice-axioms-1*: $\exists x. \text{least } L \ x \ (\text{carrier } L)$
proof –
have $\bigcap \text{carrier } L \in \text{Lower } L \ (\text{carrier } L)$
by (*intro greatest-mem*[**where** $L=L$] *finite-inf-greatest*[*OF finite-carrier - non-empty-carrier*])
auto
hence $\forall x \in \text{carrier } L. (\bigcap \text{carrier } L) \sqsubseteq x$ **unfolding** *Lower-def* **by** *auto*
moreover **have** $\bigcap \text{carrier } L \in \text{carrier } L$
using *finite-inf-closed*[*OF finite-carrier - non-empty-carrier*] **by** *auto*
ultimately **have** $\text{least } L \ (\bigcap \text{carrier } L) \ (\text{carrier } L)$
unfolding *least-def* **by** *auto*

thus *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *bounded-lattice-axioms-2*: $\exists x. \text{greatest } L \ x \ (\text{carrier } L)$
proof –
have $\bigcup \text{carrier } L \in \text{Upper } L \ (\text{carrier } L)$
by (*intro least-mem*[**where** $L=L$] *finite-sup-least*[*OF finite-carrier - non-empty-carrier*])
auto
hence $\forall x \in \text{carrier } L. x \sqsubseteq (\bigcup \text{carrier } L)$ **unfolding** *Upper-def* **by** *auto*
moreover **have** $\bigcup \text{carrier } L \in \text{carrier } L$
using *finite-sup-closed*[*OF finite-carrier - non-empty-carrier*] **by** *auto*
ultimately **have** $\text{greatest } L \ (\bigcup \text{carrier } L) \ (\text{carrier } L)$
unfolding *greatest-def* **by** *auto*

thus *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed

sublocale *bounded-lattice*
using *bounded-lattice-axioms-1 bounded-lattice-axioms-2*
by (*unfold-locales*) *auto*

lemma *inf-empty*: $\bigcap \{\} = \top$
proof –
have *is-glb* $L \top \{\}$ **using** *top-greatest* **by** *simp*
thus *?thesis* **using** *glb-unique-set* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *inf-closed*: $S \subseteq \text{carrier } L \implies \bigcap S \in \text{carrier } L$
using *finite-carrier inf-empty top-closed finite-inf-closed*
by (*metis finite-subset*)

lemma *inf-insert*:
assumes $x \in \text{carrier } L \ S \subseteq \text{carrier } L$
shows $\bigcap (\text{insert } x \ S) = x \sqcap (\bigcap S)$
proof –
have *fin-S*: *finite* S **using** *finite-carrier assms(2) finite-subset* **by** *metis*
have *inf-S-carr*: $\bigcap S \in \text{carrier } L$ **using** *inf-closed[OF assms(2)]* **by** *force*

have $x \sqcap (\bigcap S) \sqsubseteq s$ **if** $s \in S$ **for** s
proof –
have $\bigcap S \sqsubseteq s$ **using** *that fin-S assms(2)*
by (*metis empty-iff finite-inf-greatest greatest-Lower-below*)
moreover **have** $x \sqcap (\bigcap S) \sqsubseteq \bigcap S$ **using** *inf-S-carr assms(1) meet-right* **by** *metis*

ultimately show *?thesis* **using** *inf-S-carr meet-closed*
by (*meson assms le-trans subsetD that*)
qed

moreover **have** $x \sqcap (\bigcap S) \sqsubseteq x$ **using** *inf-S-carr assms(1) meet-left* **by** *metis*
ultimately **have** $x \sqcap (\bigcap S) \in \text{Lower } L$ (*insert* $x \ S$)
using *assms(1) meet-closed inf-S-carr unfolding Lower-def* **by** *auto*
moreover **have** $y \sqsubseteq (x \sqcap (\bigcap S))$ **if** $y \in \text{Lower } L$ (*insert* $x \ S$) **for** y
proof –
have *y-carr*: $y \in \text{carrier } L$ **using** *that assms unfolding Lower-def* **by** *auto*
have *y-lb*: $y \sqsubseteq x$ **using** *that assms unfolding Lower-def* **by** *auto*

moreover **have** $y \in \text{Lower } L \ S$ **using** *that unfolding Lower-def* **by** *auto*
hence $y \sqsubseteq \bigcap S$ **using** *finite-inf-greatest[OF fin-S assms(2)]*
by (*metis greatest-le inf-empty top-higher y-carr*)
ultimately show *?thesis*
using *y-carr inf-S-carr assms(1) meet-le* **by** *simp*
qed

ultimately **have** *is-glb* $L (x \sqcap (\bigcap S))$ (*insert* $x \ S$) **by** (*simp add: greatest-def*)
thus *?thesis* **by** (*intro glb-unique-set[symmetric]*)
qed

lemma *sup-empty*: $\bigsqcup \{\} = \perp$

proof –

have *is-lub* $L \perp \{\}$ **using** *bottom-least* **by** *simp*

thus *?thesis* **using** *lub-unique-set* **by** *auto*

qed

lemma *sup-closed*: $S \subseteq \text{carrier } L \implies \bigsqcup S \in \text{carrier } L$

using *finite-carrier sup-empty bottom-closed finite-sup-closed*

by (*metis finite-subset*)

lemma *sup-insert*:

assumes $x \in \text{carrier } L$ $S \subseteq \text{carrier } L$

shows $\bigsqcup (\text{insert } x S) = x \sqcup (\bigsqcup S)$

proof –

have *fin-S*: *finite* S **using** *finite-carrier assms(2) finite-subset* **by** *metis*

have *sup-S-carr*: $\bigsqcup S \in \text{carrier } L$ **using** *sup-closed[OF assms(2)]* **by** *force*

have $s \sqsubseteq x \sqcup (\bigsqcup S)$ **if** $s \in S$ **for** s

proof –

have $s \sqsubseteq \bigsqcup S$ **using** *that fin-S assms(2)*

by (*metis empty-iff finite-sup-least least-Upper-above*)

moreover have $\bigsqcup S \sqsubseteq x \sqcup (\bigsqcup S)$ **using** *sup-S-carr assms(1) join-right* **by**

metis

ultimately show *?thesis* **using** *sup-S-carr join-closed assms*

by (*meson le-trans subsetD that*)

qed

moreover have $x \sqsubseteq x \sqcup (\bigsqcup S)$ **using** *sup-S-carr assms(1) join-left* **by** *metis*

ultimately have $x \sqcup (\bigsqcup S) \in \text{Upper } L$ (*insert x S*)

using *assms(1) sup-S-carr unfolding Upper-def* **by** *auto*

moreover have $x \sqcup (\bigsqcup S) \sqsubseteq y$ **if** $y \in \text{Upper } L$ (*insert x S*) **for** y

proof –

have *y-carr*: $y \in \text{carrier } L$ **using** *that assms unfolding Lower-def* **by** *auto*

have *y-lb*: $x \sqsubseteq y$ **using** *that assms* **by** *auto*

moreover have $y \in \text{Upper } L$ S **using** *that unfolding Upper-def* **by** *auto*

hence $\bigsqcup S \sqsubseteq y$ **using** *finite-sup-least[OF fin-S assms(2)]*

using *least-le sup-empty bottom-lower y-carr* **by** *metis*

ultimately show *?thesis*

using *y-carr sup-S-carr assms(1) join-le* **by** *simp*

qed

ultimately have *is-lub* $L (x \sqcup (\bigsqcup S))$ (*insert x S*) **by** (*simp add: least-def*)

thus *?thesis* **by** (*intro lub-unique-set[symmetric]*)

qed

lemma *inf-carrier*: $\bigsqcap (\text{carrier } L) = \perp$

proof –

have $\bigsqcap \text{carrier } L \in \text{Lower } L$ (*carrier L*)

by (*intro greatest-mem[where L=L] finite-inf-greatest[OF finite-carrier - non-empty-carrier]*)
 auto

hence $\forall x \in \text{carrier } L. (\sqcap \text{ carrier } L) \sqsubseteq x$ **unfolding** *Lower-def* **by** *auto*
moreover have $\sqcap \text{ carrier } L \in \text{carrier } L$
using *finite-inf-closed*[*OF finite-carrier - non-empty-carrier*] **by** *auto*
ultimately show *?thesis* **by** (*intro bottom-eq*) *auto*
qed

lemma *sup-carrier*: $\sqcup (\text{carrier } L) = \top$
proof –
have $\sqcup \text{ carrier } L \in \text{Upper } L (\text{carrier } L)$
by (*intro least-mem*[**where** $L=L$] *finite-sup-least*[*OF finite-carrier - non-empty-carrier*])
auto
hence $\forall x \in \text{carrier } L. x \sqsubseteq (\sqcup \text{ carrier } L)$ **unfolding** *Upper-def* **by** *auto*
moreover have $\sqcup \text{ carrier } L \in \text{carrier } L$
using *finite-sup-closed*[*OF finite-carrier - non-empty-carrier*] **by** *auto*
ultimately show *?thesis* **by** (*intro top-eq*) *auto*
qed

lemma *transfer-to-type*:
assumes *finite* (*carrier* L) *type-definition* *Rep* *Abs* (*carrier* L)
defines $\text{inf}' \equiv (\lambda M. \text{Abs } (\sqcap \text{ Rep } 'M))$
defines $\text{sup}' \equiv (\lambda M. \text{Abs } (\sqcup \text{ Rep } 'M))$
defines $\text{join}' \equiv (\lambda x y. \text{Abs } (\text{Rep } x \sqcap \text{Rep } y))$
defines $\text{le}' \equiv (\lambda x y. (\text{Rep } x \sqsubseteq \text{Rep } y))$
defines $\text{less}' \equiv (\lambda x y. (\text{Rep } x \sqsubset \text{Rep } y))$
defines $\text{meet}' \equiv (\lambda x y. (\text{Abs } (\text{Rep } x \sqcup \text{Rep } y)))$
defines $\text{bot}' \equiv (\text{Abs } \perp :: 'c)$
defines $\text{top}' \equiv \text{Abs } \top$
shows *class.finite-distrib-lattice* $\text{inf}' \text{ sup}' \text{ join}' \text{ le}' \text{ less}' \text{ meet}' \text{ bot}' \text{ top}'$
proof –
interpret *type-definition* *Rep* *Abs* (*carrier* L)
using *assms*(2) **by** *auto*

note $\text{defs} = \text{inf}'\text{-def } \text{sup}'\text{-def } \text{join}'\text{-def } \text{le}'\text{-def } \text{less}'\text{-def } \text{meet}'\text{-def } \text{bot}'\text{-def } \text{bot}'\text{-def } \text{top}'\text{-def}$

note $\text{td} = \text{Rep } \text{Rep}\text{-inverse } \text{Abs}\text{-inverse } \text{inf}\text{-closed } \text{sup}\text{-closed } \text{meet}\text{-closed } \text{join}\text{-closed } \text{Rep}\text{-range}$

have *class-lattice*: *class.lattice* $\text{join}' \text{ le}' \text{ less}' \text{ meet}'$
unfolding defs **using** td
proof (*unfold-locales*, *goal-cases*)
case 1 **thus** *?case* **unfolding** *lless-eq* **by** *auto*
next
case 2 **thus** *?case* **by** (*metis le-refl*)
next
case 3 **thus** *?case* **by** (*metis le-trans*)
next
case 4 **thus** *?case* **by** (*meson Rep-inject local.le-antisym*)
next

```

    case 5 thus ?case by (metis meet-left)
next
    case 6 thus ?case by (metis meet-right)
next
    case 7 thus ?case by (metis meet-le)
next
    case 8 thus ?case by (metis join-left)
next
    case 9 thus ?case by (metis join-right)
next
    case 10 thus ?case by (metis join-le)
qed

have class-distrib-lattice: class.distrib-lattice join' le' less' meet'
  unfolding class.distrib-lattice-def eqTrueI[OF class-lattice]
  unfolding defs class.distrib-lattice-axioms-def using td
  using min-distrib by auto

have class-finite: class.finite TYPE('c)
  by (unfold-locales) (metis assms(1) Abs-image finite-imageI)

have class-finite-lattice: class.finite-lattice inf' sup' join' le' less' meet' bot' top'
  unfolding class.finite-lattice-def eqTrueI[OF class-lattice] eqTrueI[OF class-finite]
  unfolding defs class.distrib-lattice-axioms-def class.finite-lattice-axioms-def us-
ing td
proof (intro conjI TrueI, goal-cases)
  case 1 thus ?case using sup-carrier inf-empty by simp
next
  case 2 thus ?case unfolding image-insert by (metis inf-insert image-subsetI)
next
  case 3 thus ?case using inf-carrier sup-empty by simp
next
  case 4 thus ?case unfolding image-insert by (metis sup-insert image-subsetI)
next
  case 5 thus ?case using inf-carrier by simp
next
  case 6 thus ?case using sup-carrier by simp
qed

show ?thesis
  using class-finite-lattice class-distrib-lattice
  unfolding class.finite-distrib-lattice-def by auto
qed

end

end

```

6 Permutation Distributions

One of the fundamental examples for negatively associated random variables are permutation distributions.

Let x_1, \dots, x_n be n (not-necessarily) distinct values from a totally ordered set, then we choose a permutation $\sigma : \{0, \dots, n - 1\} \rightarrow \{0, \dots, n - 1\}$ uniformly at random. Then the random variables defined by $X_i(\sigma) = x_{\sigma(i)}$ are negatively associated.

An important special case is the case where x consists of 1 one and $(n - 1)$ zeros, modelling randomly putting a ball into one of n bins. Of course the process can be repeated independently, the resulting distribution is also referred to as the balls into bins process. Because of the closure properties established before, it is possible to conclude that the number of hits of each bin in such a process are also negatively associated random variables.

In this section, we will derive that permutation distributions are negatively associated. The proof follows Dubashi [8, Th. 10] closely. A very short proof was presented in the work by Joag-Dev [13], however after close inspection that proof seemed to be missing a lot of details. In fact, I don't think it is correct.

theory *Negative-Association-Permutation-Distributions*

imports

Negative-Association-Definition

Negative-Association-FKG-Inequality

Negative-Association-More-Lattices

Finite-Fields.Finite-Fields-More-PMF

HOL-Types-To-Sets.Types-To-Sets

Executable-Randomized-Algorithms.Randomized-Algorithm

Twelvefold-Way.Card-Bijections

begin

The following introduces a lattice for n -element subsets of a finite set (with size larger or equal to n .) A subset x is smaller or equal to y , if the smallest element of x is smaller or equal to the smallest element of y , the second smallest element of x is smaller or equal to the second smallest element of y , etc.)

The lattice is introduced without name by Dubashi [?, Example 7].

definition *le-ordered-set-lattice* :: ('a::linorder) set \Rightarrow 'a set \Rightarrow bool

where *le-ordered-set-lattice* $S T = \text{list-all2 } (\leq) (\text{sorted-list-of-set } S) (\text{sorted-list-of-set } T)$

definition *ordered-set-lattice* :: ('a :: linorder) set \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a set gorder

where *ordered-set-lattice* $S n =$

(| *carrier* = { $T. T \subseteq S \wedge \text{finite } T \wedge \text{card } T = n$ },

eq = (=),

le = *le-ordered-set-lattice* |)

definition *osl-repr* :: ('a :: linorder) set \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a set \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a
where *osl-repr* S n e = ($\lambda i \in \{..<n\}$. sorted-list-of-set e ! i)

lemma *osl-carr-sorted-list-of-set*:

assumes *finite* S n \leq *card* S
assumes s \in *carrier* (*ordered-set-lattice* S n)
defines t \equiv *sorted-list-of-set* s
shows *finite* s *card* s = n s \subseteq S *length* t = n set t = s *sorted-wrt* (<) t
using *assms* **unfolding** *ordered-set-lattice-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *ordered-set-lattice-carrier-intro*:

assumes *finite* S n \leq *card* S
assumes set s \subseteq S *distinct* s *length* s = n
shows set s \in *carrier* (*ordered-set-lattice* S n)
using *assms* *distinct-card* **unfolding** *ordered-set-lattice-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *osl-list-repr-inj*:

assumes *finite* S n \leq *card* S
assumes s \in *carrier* (*ordered-set-lattice* S n)
assumes t \in *carrier* (*ordered-set-lattice* S n)
assumes $\bigwedge i$. *osl-repr* S n s i = *osl-repr* S n t i
shows s = t

proof –

note c1 = *osl-carr-sorted-list-of-set*[OF *assms*(1,2,3)]
note c2 = *osl-carr-sorted-list-of-set*[OF *assms*(1,2,4)]

have *sorted-list-of-set* s ! i = *sorted-list-of-set* t ! i **if** i < n **for** i
using *assms*(5) **that** **unfolding** *osl-repr-def* *lessThan-iff* *restrict-def* **by** *metis*
hence *sorted-list-of-set* s = *sorted-list-of-set* t
using c1(4) c2(4) **by** (*intro* *nth-equalityI*) *auto*
thus s = t
using c1(1) c2(1) *sorted-list-of-set-inject* **by** *auto*

qed

lemma *osl-leD*:

assumes *finite* S n \leq *card* S
assumes e \in *carrier* (*ordered-set-lattice* S n)
assumes f \in *carrier* (*ordered-set-lattice* S n)
shows e \sqsubseteq *ordered-set-lattice* S n f \longleftrightarrow ($\forall i$. *osl-repr* S n e i \leq *osl-repr* S n f i) (**is**
?*L* = ?*R*)

proof –

note c1 = *osl-carr-sorted-list-of-set*[OF *assms*(1,2,3)]
note c2 = *osl-carr-sorted-list-of-set*[OF *assms*(1,2,4)]

have ?*L* = *list-all2* (\leq) (*sorted-list-of-set* e) (*sorted-list-of-set* f)
unfolding *ordered-set-lattice-def* *le-ordered-set-lattice-def* **by** *simp*
also have ... = ?*R* **using** c1(4) c2(4) **unfolding** *list-all2-conv-all-nth* *osl-repr-def*
by *simp*

```

finally show ?thesis by simp
qed

lemma ordered-set-lattice-partial-order:
  fixes S :: ('a :: linorder) set
  assumes finite S n ≤ card S
  shows partial-order (ordered-set-lattice S n)
proof –
  let ?L = ordered-set-lattice S n

  note osl-list-repr-inj = osl-list-repr-inj[OF assms]
  note osl-leD = osl-leD[OF assms]

  have ref:x ⊆?L x if x ∈ carrier ?L for x
    using osl-leD that by auto

  have antisym:x = y if x ⊆?L y y ⊆?L x x ∈ carrier ?L y ∈ carrier ?L for x y
    using osl-leD osl-list-repr-inj that by (metis order-antisym)

  have trans:x ⊆?L z
    if x ⊆?L y y ⊆?L z x ∈ carrier ?L y ∈ carrier ?L z ∈ carrier ?L for x y z
    using osl-leD that by (meson order-trans)

  have eq-eq: (.= ?L) = (=) unfolding ordered-set-lattice-def by simp

  show partial-order ?L
    using ref antisym trans eq-eq by (unfold-locales) presburger+
qed

lemma map2-max-mono:
  fixes xs :: ('a :: linorder) list
  assumes length xs = length ys
  assumes sorted-wrt (<) xs sorted-wrt (<) ys
  shows sorted-wrt (<) (map2 max xs ys)
  using assms
proof (induction xs ys rule:list-induct2)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons x xs y ys)
  have max x y < max a b if (a,b) ∈ set (zip xs ys) for a b
  proof –
    have x < a using set-zip-leftD[OF that] Cons(3) by auto
    moreover have y < b using set-zip-rightD[OF that] Cons(4) by auto
    ultimately show ?thesis by (auto intro: max.strict-coboundedI1 max.strict-coboundedI2)
  qed
  moreover have sorted-wrt (<) (map2 max xs ys)
    using Cons(3,4) by (intro Cons(2)) auto
  ultimately show ?case by auto

```


qed

lemma *map2-min-mono*:

fixes $xs :: ('a :: \text{linorder}) \text{ list}$

assumes $\text{length } xs = \text{length } ys$

assumes $\text{sorted-wrt } (<) \text{ } xs \text{ sorted-wrt } (<) \text{ } ys$

shows $\text{sorted-wrt } (<) \text{ } (\text{map2 } \text{min } xs \text{ } ys)$

using *assms*

proof (*induction xs ys rule:list-induct2*)

case *Nil*

then show *?case* **by** *simp*

next

case (*Cons x xs y ys*)

have $\text{min } x \text{ } y < \text{min } a \text{ } b$ **if** $(a,b) \in \text{set } (\text{zip } xs \text{ } ys)$ **for** $a \text{ } b$

proof –

have $x < a$ **using** *set- zip-leftD [OF that] Cons(3)* **by** *auto*

moreover have $y < b$ **using** *set- zip-rightD [OF that] Cons(4)* **by** *auto*

ultimately show *?thesis* **by** (*auto intro: min.strict-coboundedI1 min.strict-coboundedI2*)

qed

moreover have $\text{sorted-wrt } (<) \text{ } (\text{map2 } \text{min } xs \text{ } ys)$

using *Cons(3,4)* **by** (*intro Cons(2)*) *auto*

ultimately show *?case* **by** *auto*

qed

lemma *ordered-set-lattice-carrier-finite-ne*:

assumes $\text{finite } S \text{ } n \leq \text{card } S$

shows $\text{carrier } (\text{ordered-set-lattice } S \text{ } n) \neq \{\}$ $\text{finite } (\text{carrier } (\text{ordered-set-lattice } S \text{ } n))$

proof –

let $?C = \text{carrier } (\text{ordered-set-lattice } S \text{ } n)$

have $0 < (\text{card } S \text{ choose } n)$ **by** (*intro zero-less-binomial assms(2)*)

also have $\dots = \text{card } \{T. T \subseteq S \wedge \text{card } T = n\}$ **unfolding** *n-subsets[OF assms(1)]* **by** *simp*

also have $\dots = \text{card } \{T. T \subseteq S \wedge \text{finite } T \wedge \text{card } T = n\}$

using *assms(1) finite-subset* **by** (*intro arg-cong[where f=card] Collect-cong*)

auto

also have $\dots = \text{card } ?C$ **unfolding** *ordered-set-lattice-def* **by** *simp*

finally have $\text{card } ?C > 0$ **by** *simp*

thus $?C \neq \{\}$ $\text{finite } ?C$ **unfolding** *card-gt-0-iff* **by** *auto*

qed

lemma *ordered-set-lattice-lattice*:

fixes $S :: ('a :: \text{linorder}) \text{ set}$

assumes $\text{finite } S \text{ } n \leq \text{card } S$

shows $\text{finite-ne-distrib-lattice } (\text{ordered-set-lattice } S \text{ } n)$

proof –

let $?L = \text{ordered-set-lattice } S \text{ } n$

```

note osl-leD = osl-leD[OF assms]
note osl-list-repr-inj = osl-list-repr-inj[OF assms]

interpret partial-order ?L by (intro ordered-set-lattice-partial-order assms)

define lmax where lmax x y = set (map2 max (sorted-list-of-set x) (sorted-list-of-set y))
for x y :: 'a set

define lmin where lmin x y = set (map2 min (sorted-list-of-set x) (sorted-list-of-set y))
for x y :: 'a set

have lmax-1:
  osl-repr S n (lmax s t) i = max (osl-repr S n s i) (osl-repr S n t i) (is ?L1 = ?R1)
  lmax s t ∈ carrier ?L
  if s ∈ carrier ?L t ∈ carrier ?L for s t i
proof –
  note s-carr = osl-carr-sorted-list-of-set[OF assms that(1)]
  note t-carr = osl-carr-sorted-list-of-set[OF assms that(2)]

  have s:sorted-wrt (<) (map2 max (sorted-list-of-set s) (sorted-list-of-set t))
    using s-carr t-carr by (intro map2-max-mono) auto
  hence ?L1 = (λi ∈ {..<n}. (map2 max (sorted-list-of-set s) (sorted-list-of-set t)) ! i) i
    unfolding lmax-def osl-repr-def strict-sorted-iff
    by (subst linorder-class.sorted-list-of-set.idem-if-sorted-distinct) auto
  also have ... = (λi ∈ {..<n}. max (sorted-list-of-set s ! i) (sorted-list-of-set t ! i)) i
    using s-carr t-carr by simp
  also have ... = ?R1 unfolding osl-repr-def by auto
  finally show ?L1 = ?R1 by simp

  have set (zip (sorted-list-of-set s) (sorted-list-of-set t)) ⊆ S × S
    using s-carr(3,5) t-carr(3,5) by (auto intro:set-zip-leftD set-zip-rightD)
  hence set (map2 max (sorted-list-of-set s) (sorted-list-of-set t)) ⊆ S
    by (auto simp:max-def)
  thus lmax s t ∈ carrier ?L
    using s-carr t-carr s unfolding lmax-def strict-sorted-iff
    by (intro ordered-set-lattice-carrier-intro[OF assms]) auto
qed

have lmin-1:
  osl-repr S n (lmin s t) i = min (osl-repr S n s i) (osl-repr S n t i) (is ?L1 = ?R1)
  lmin s t ∈ carrier ?L
  if s ∈ carrier ?L t ∈ carrier ?L for s t i
proof –

```

note $s\text{-carr} = \text{osl-carr-sorted-list-of-set}[OF \text{ assms that}(1)]$
note $t\text{-carr} = \text{osl-carr-sorted-list-of-set}[OF \text{ assms that}(2)]$

have $s:\text{sorted-wrt } (<) (\text{map2 min } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } s) (\text{sorted-list-of-set } t))$
using $s\text{-carr } t\text{-carr}$ **by** $(\text{intro map2-min-mono}) \text{ auto}$
hence $?L1 = (\lambda i \in \{..<n\}. (\text{map2 min } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } s) (\text{sorted-list-of-set } t)) ! i) i$
unfolding $lmin\text{-def } osl\text{-repr-def } \text{strict-sorted-iff}$
by $(\text{subst linorder-class.sorted-list-of-set.idem-if-sorted-distinct}) \text{ auto}$
also have $\dots = (\lambda i \in \{..<n\}. \text{min } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } s ! i) (\text{sorted-list-of-set } t ! i)) i$
using $s\text{-carr } t\text{-carr}$ **by** simp
also have $\dots = ?R1$ **unfolding** $osl\text{-repr-def}$ **by** auto
finally show $?L1 = ?R1$ **by** simp

have $\text{set } (\text{zip } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } s) (\text{sorted-list-of-set } t)) \subseteq S \times S$
using $s\text{-carr}(3,5) \ t\text{-carr}(3,5)$ **by** $(\text{auto intro:set-zip-leftD set-zip-rightD})$
hence $\text{set } (\text{map2 min } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } s) (\text{sorted-list-of-set } t)) \subseteq S$
by $(\text{auto simp:min-def})$
thus $lmin \ s \ t \in \text{carrier } ?L$
using $s\text{-carr } t\text{-carr } s$ **unfolding** $lmin\text{-def } \text{strict-sorted-iff}$
by $(\text{intro ordered-set-lattice-carrier-intro}[OF \text{ assms}]) \text{ auto}$
qed

have $lmax: \text{is-lub } ?L (lmax \ x \ y) \ \{x,y\}$ **if** $x \in \text{carrier } ?L \ y \in \text{carrier } ?L$ **for** $x \ y$
using $\text{that } lmax\text{-1 } osl\text{-leD}$ **by** $(\text{intro least-UpperI}) (\text{auto simp:Upper-def})$
hence $\exists s. \text{is-lub } ?L \ s \ \{x, y\}$ **if** $x \in \text{carrier } ?L \ y \in \text{carrier } ?L$ **for** $x \ y$
using that **by** auto
hence $1: \text{upper-semilattice } ?L$ **by** $(\text{unfold-locales}) \text{ auto}$

have $lmin: \text{is-glb } ?L (lmin \ x \ y) \ \{x,y\}$ **if** $x \in \text{carrier } ?L \ y \in \text{carrier } ?L$ **for** $x \ y$
using $\text{that } lmin\text{-1 } osl\text{-leD}$ **by** $(\text{intro greatest-LowerI}) (\text{auto simp:Lower-def})$
hence $\exists s. \text{is-glb } ?L \ s \ \{x, y\}$ **if** $x \in \text{carrier } ?L \ y \in \text{carrier } ?L$ **for** $x \ y$
using that **by** auto
hence $2: \text{lower-semilattice } ?L$ **by** $(\text{unfold-locales}) \text{ auto}$

have $4: \text{lattice } ?L$ **using** $1 \ 2$ **unfolding** lattice-def **by** auto
interpret $\text{lattice } ?L$ **using** 4 **by** simp

have $\text{join-eq}: x \sqcap_{?L} y = lmin \ x \ y$ **if** $x \in \text{carrier } ?L \ y \in \text{carrier } ?L$ **for** $x \ y$
by $(\text{intro glb-unique[symmetric] that } lmin)$

have $\text{meet-eq}: x \sqcup_{?L} y = lmax \ x \ y$ **if** $x \in \text{carrier } ?L \ y \in \text{carrier } ?L$ **for** $x \ y$
by $(\text{intro lub-unique[symmetric] that } lmax)$

have $(x \sqcap_{?L} (y \sqcup_{?L} z)) = (x \sqcap_{?L} y) \sqcup_{?L} (x \sqcap_{?L} z)$
if $x \in \text{carrier } ?L \ y \in \text{carrier } ?L \ z \in \text{carrier } ?L$ **for** $x \ y \ z$
proof –
have $osl\text{-repr } S \ n (lmin \ x (lmax \ y \ z)) \ i = osl\text{-repr } S \ n (lmax (lmin \ x \ y) (lmin$

$x z$) **for** i
using $lmax-1$ **that** $lmin-1$ **by** (*simp add: min-max-distrib2*)
hence $lmin\ x\ (lmax\ y\ z) = lmax\ (lmin\ x\ y)\ (lmin\ x\ z)$
by (*intro osl-list-repr-inj lmax-1 lmin-1 that allI*)
thus $?thesis$ **using** *that* **by** (*simp add: meet-eq join-eq lmax-1 lmin-1*)
qed
thus $?thesis$ **using** 4 *ordered-set-lattice-carrier-finite-ne[OF assms(1,2)]* **by** (*unfold-locales*)
auto
qed

lemma *insort-eq*:

fixes $xs :: ('a :: linorder)\ list$
assumes *sorted xs*
shows $\exists\ ys\ zs.\ insort\ e\ xs = ys@e\#zs \wedge ys@zs=xs \wedge set\ ys \subseteq \{..<e\} \wedge set\ zs \subseteq \{e..\}$
proof –
let $?ys = takeWhile\ (\lambda x.\ x < e)\ xs$
let $?zs = dropWhile\ (\lambda x.\ x < e)\ xs$

have $a:insort\ e\ xs = ?ys@e\#?zs$ **by** (*induction xs*) *auto*

have *sorted* ($?ys@e\#?zs$) **unfolding** $a[symmetric]$ **using** *assms sorted-insort* **by** *auto*
hence *sorted* ($[e]@?zs$) **by** (*simp add: sorted-append*)
hence $set\ ?zs \subseteq \{e..\}$ **unfolding** *sorted-append* **by** *auto*
moreover **have** $set\ ?ys \subseteq \{..<e\}$ **by** (*metis lessThan-iff set-takeWhileD subset-eq*)
moreover **have** $?ys\ @\ ?zs = xs$ **by** *simp*
ultimately **show** $?thesis$ **using** a **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *list-all2-insort*:

fixes $xs\ ys :: ('a :: linorder)\ list$
assumes $length\ xs = length\ ys$ *sorted xs sorted ys*
shows $list-all2\ (\leq)\ xs\ ys \longleftrightarrow list-all2\ (\leq)\ (insort\ e\ xs)\ (insort\ e\ ys)$
proof –
obtain $x1\ x3$ **where** xs :
 $xs = x1@x3$ $insort\ e\ xs = x1@e\#x3$ $set\ x1 \subseteq \{..<e\}$ $set\ x3 \subseteq \{e..\}$
using *insort-eq[OF assms(2)]* **by** *blast*
obtain $y1\ y3$ **where** ys : $ys = y1@y3$
 $insort\ e\ ys = y1@e\#y3$ $set\ y1 \subseteq \{..<e\}$ $set\ y3 \subseteq \{e..\}$
using *insort-eq[OF assms(3)]* **by** *blast*

have $l: length\ y1 + length\ y3 = length\ x1 + length\ x3$ **using** *assms(1)* $xs(1)$ $ys(1)$ **by** *simp*

have $list-all2\ (\leq)\ xs\ ys \longleftrightarrow list-all2\ (\leq)\ (x1@x3)\ (y1@y3)$ **by** (*simp add: xs ys*)
also **have** $\dots \longleftrightarrow list-all2\ (\leq)\ (x1@e\#x3)\ (y1@e\#y3)$ (**is** $?L \longleftrightarrow ?R$)

```

proof (cases length x1 < length y1)
  case True
    have length x3 > 0 using l True by linarith

    hence (x1@x3) ! length x1 ≥ e
      using xs(4) nth-mem in-mono unfolding nth-append by fastforce
    moreover have (y1@y3) ! length x1 < e
      using True ys(3) nth-mem unfolding nth-append by auto
    moreover have length x1 < length (x1@x3) using l True by auto
    ultimately have !?L = False
      unfolding xs ys list-all2-conv-all-nth by (meson leD order.trans)

    have (y1@e#y3) ! length x1 < e
      using True ys(3) nth-mem unfolding nth-append by auto
    moreover have (x1@e#x3) ! length x1 = e by simp
    moreover have length x1 < length (x1@e#x3) using l True by auto
    ultimately have ?R = False
      unfolding xs(2) ys(2) list-all2-conv-all-nth by (metis leD)

    thus ?thesis using 1 by auto
  next
    case False
    let ?x1 = take (length y1) x1
    define x2 where [simp]: x2 = drop (length y1) x1

    define y2 where [simp]: y2 = take (length x1 - length y1) y3
    let ?y3 = drop (length x1 - length y1) y3

    have l2: length x2 = length y2 using False l by simp
    have set-x2: set x2 ⊆ {..<e}
      unfolding x2-def using xs(3) set-drop-subset subset-trans by metis
    have set-y2: set y2 ⊆ {e..}
      unfolding y2-def using ys(4) set-take-subset subset-trans by metis

    have set (x2@[e]) ⊆ {..e} set (e#y2) ⊆ {e..}
      using set-x2 set-y2 by auto
    hence a':list-all2 (λx y. x ≤ e ∧ e ≤ y) (x2@[e]) (e#y2)
      using l2 set-zip-leftD set-zip-rightD by (intro list-all2I conjI ballI case-prodI2)
    fastforce+
    have a:list-all2 (≤) (x2@[e]) (e#y2) by (intro list-all2-mono[OF a']) auto

    have b':list-all2 (λx y. x ≤ e ∧ e ≤ y) x2 y2
      using l2 set-x2 set-y2 set-zip-leftD set-zip-rightD by (intro list-all2I conjI
ballI case-prodI2) fastforce+
    have b:list-all2 (≤) x2 y2 by (intro list-all2-mono[OF b']) auto

    have ?L ↔ list-all2 (≤) ((?x1@x2)@x3) (y1@y2@?y3) by simp
    also have ... ↔ list-all2 (≤) (?x1@x2@x3) (y1@y2@?y3) using append-assoc
by metis

```

also have ... \longleftrightarrow $list\text{-}all2 (\leq) ?x1\ y1 \wedge list\text{-}all2 (\leq) (x2 @ x3) (y2 @ ?y3)$
using *False* **by** (*intro list-all2-append*) *auto*
also have ... \longleftrightarrow $list\text{-}all2 (\leq) ?x1\ y1 \wedge (list\text{-}all2 (\leq) x2\ y2 \wedge list\text{-}all2 (\leq) x3\ ?y3)$
using *l False* **by** (*intro arg-cong2[where f=(\wedge)] refl list-all2-append*) *simp*
also have ... \longleftrightarrow $list\text{-}all2 (\leq) ?x1\ y1 \wedge (list\text{-}all2 (\leq) (x2 @ [e]) (e \# y2) \wedge list\text{-}all2 (\leq) x3\ ?y3)$
using *a b* **by** *simp*
also have ... \longleftrightarrow $list\text{-}all2 (\leq) ?x1\ y1 \wedge (list\text{-}all2 (\leq) ((x2 @ [e]) @ x3) ((e \# y2) @ ?y3))$
using *l False* **by** (*intro arg-cong2[where f=(\wedge)] refl list-all2-append[symmetric]*)
simp
also have ... \longleftrightarrow $list\text{-}all2 (\leq) (?x1 @ ((x2 @ [e]) @ x3)) (y1 @ ((e \# y2) @ ?y3))$
using *False* **by** (*intro list-all2-append[symmetric]*) *auto*
also have ... \longleftrightarrow $list\text{-}all2 (\leq) ((?x1 @ x2) @ (e \# x3)) (y1 @ e \# (y2 @ ?y3))$
using *append-assoc* **by** (*intro arg-cong2[where f=list-all2 (\leq)]*) *simp-all*
also have ... \longleftrightarrow *?R* **by** *simp*
finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*
qed
also have ... \longleftrightarrow $list\text{-}all2 (\leq) (insort\ e\ xs) (insort\ e\ ys)$ **using** *xs ys* **by** *simp*
finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *le-ordered-set-lattice-diff*:

fixes *x y* :: (*'a* :: *linorder*) *set*

assumes *finite x finite y card x = card y*

shows *le-ordered-set-lattice x y \longleftrightarrow le-ordered-set-lattice (x - y) (y - x)*

proof -

let *?le = le-ordered-set-lattice*

define *u v S* **where** *vars: u = x - y v = y - x S = x \cap y*

have *fins: finite S finite u finite v* **unfolding** *vars* **using** *assms* **by** *auto*

have *disj: S \cap u = {} S \cap v = {}* **unfolding** *vars* **by** *auto*

have *cards: card u = card v* **unfolding** *vars* **using** *assms*
by (*simp add: card-le-sym-Diff order-antisym*)

have *?le x y = ?le (u \cup S) (v \cup S)* **unfolding** *vars* **by** (*intro arg-cong2[where f=?le]*) *auto*

also have ... = *?le u v* **using** *fins(1) disj*

proof (*induction S rule:finite-induct*)

case empty **thus** *?case* **by** *simp*

next

case (*insert x F*)

define *us* **where** *us = sorted-list-of-set (u \cup F)*

define *vs* **where** *vs = sorted-list-of-set (v \cup F)*

have *card (u \cup F) = card u + card F* **using** *insert fins* **by** (*intro card-Un-disjoint*)
auto

also have ... = *card v + card F* **using** *cards* **by** *auto*

also have $\dots = \text{card } (v \cup F)$ **using** *insert fins* **by** (*intro card-Un-disjoint[symmetric]*)
auto
finally have *cards'*: $\text{card } (u \cup F) = \text{card } (v \cup F)$ **by** *simp*

have $?le (u \cup \text{insert } x F) (v \cup \text{insert } x F) = ?le (\text{insert } x (u \cup F)) (\text{insert } x (v \cup F))$
by *simp*
also have $\dots = \text{list-all2 } (\leq) (\text{insort } x us) (\text{insort } x vs)$
unfolding *le-ordered-set-lattice-def us-def vs-def* **using** *insert fins(2,3)*
by (*intro arg-cong2[where f=list-all2 (≤)] sorted-list-of-set-insert*) *auto*
also have $\dots = \text{list-all2 } (\leq) us vs$
using *cards'* **by** (*intro list-all2-insort[symmetric]*) (*simp-all add:us-def vs-def*)
also have $\dots = ?le (u \cup F) (v \cup F)$
unfolding *le-ordered-set-lattice-def us-def vs-def* **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = ?le u v$ **using** *insert* **by** (*intro insert*) *auto*
finally show *?case* **by** *simp*

qed
also have $\dots = ?le (x - y) (y - x)$ **unfolding** *vars* **by** *simp*
finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*

qed

lemma *ordered-set-lattice-carrier*:
assumes $T \in \text{carrier } (\text{ordered-set-lattice } S n)$
shows *finite T card T = n T ⊆ S*
using *assms* **unfolding** *ordered-set-lattice-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *ordered-set-lattice-dual*:
assumes *finite S n ≤ card S*
defines $L \equiv \text{ordered-set-lattice } S n$
defines $M \equiv \text{ordered-set-lattice } S (\text{card } S - n)$
shows
 $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier } L \implies (S - x) \in \text{carrier } M$
 $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier } M \implies (S - x) \in \text{carrier } L$
 $\bigwedge x y. x \in \text{carrier } L \wedge y \in \text{carrier } L \implies x \sqsubseteq_L y \iff (S - y) \sqsubseteq_M (S - x)$

proof (*goal-cases*)
case (1 *x*)
thus *?case* **using** *assms(1,2)* **unfolding** *ordered-set-lattice-def M-def L-def*
by (*auto intro:card-Diff-subset*)

next
case (2 *x*)
thus *?case* **using** *assms(1,2)* **unfolding** *ordered-set-lattice-def M-def L-def*
by (*auto simp:card-Diff-subset-Int Int-absorb1*)

next
case (3 *x y*)
hence *a:finite x finite y card x = card y x ⊆ S y ⊆ S*
unfolding *ordered-set-lattice-def M-def L-def* **by** *auto*

have *b:card (S - m) = card S - card m if m ⊆ S for m*
using *that assms(1) card-Diff-subset finite-subset[OF - assms(1)]* **by** *auto*

have *le-ordered-set-lattice* $x\ y = le\text{-ordered-set-lattice}\ (x-y)\ (y-x)$
by (*intro le-ordered-set-lattice-diff* a)
also have $\dots = le\text{-ordered-set-lattice}\ ((S-y)-(S-x))\ ((S-x)-(S-y))$
using a **by** (*intro arg-cong2*[**where** $f=le\text{-ordered-set-lattice}$]) *auto*
also have $\dots = le\text{-ordered-set-lattice}\ (S - y)\ (S - x)$
using $a\ b\ \text{assms}(1)$ **by** (*intro le-ordered-set-lattice-diff*[*symmetric*]) *auto*
finally have *le-ordered-set-lattice* $x\ y = le\text{-ordered-set-lattice}\ (S - y)\ (S - x)$
by *simp*
thus *?case unfolding ordered-set-lattice-def M-def L-def* **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *bij-betw-ord-set-lattice-pairs*:

assumes *finite* $S\ n \leq \text{card}\ S$

defines $L \equiv \text{ordered-set-lattice}\ S\ n$

assumes $x \in \text{carrier}\ L\ y \in \text{carrier}\ L\ x \sqsubseteq_L y$

shows $\exists \varphi. \text{bij-betw}\ \varphi\ x\ y \wedge \text{strict-mono-on}\ x\ \varphi \wedge (\forall e. \varphi\ e \geq e)$

proof –

let $?xs = \text{sorted-list-of-set}\ x$

let $?ys = \text{sorted-list-of-set}\ y$

let $?p1 = \text{the-inv-into}\ \{\dots < n\}\ (\lambda i. ?xs\ !\ i)$

let $?p2 = (\lambda i. ?ys\ !\ i)$

have $x: \text{card}\ x = n\ \text{finite}\ x$ **using** *assms*(4) **unfolding** *L-def ordered-set-lattice-def*
by *auto*

have $y: \text{card}\ y = n\ \text{finite}\ y$ **using** *assms*(5) **unfolding** *L-def ordered-set-lattice-def*
by *auto*

have $l\text{-}xs: \text{length}\ ?xs = n$ **using** *length-sorted-list-of-set* x **by** *simp*

have $l\text{-}ys: \text{length}\ ?ys = n$ **using** *length-sorted-list-of-set* y **by** *simp*

have $le: ?xs\ !\ i \leq ?ys\ !\ i$ **if** $i \in \{\dots < n\}$ **for** i

using *assms*(6) $l\text{-}xs\ l\text{-}ys$ **that** **unfolding** *L-def ordered-set-lattice-def le-ordered-set-lattice-def*
by (*auto simp add: list-all2-conv-all-nth*)

have $xs\text{-strict-mono}: \text{strict-mono-on}\ \{\dots < n\}\ ((!) ?xs)$

using *strict-sorted-list-of-set*

by (*metis l-xs lessThan-iff sorted-wrt-iff-nth-less strict-mono-onI*)

hence $inj\text{-}xs: \text{inj-on}\ ((!) ?xs)\ \{\dots < n\}$ **using** *strict-mono-on-imp-inj-on* **by** *auto*

have $set\ ?xs = x$ **using** *set-sorted-list-of-set* x **by** *simp*

hence $ran\text{-}xs: ((!) ?xs)\ ' \{\dots < n\} = x$ **using** *set-conv-nth* **unfolding** $l\text{-}xs$ [*symmetric*]
by *fast*

have $set\ ?ys = y$ **using** *set-sorted-list-of-set* y **by** *simp*

hence $ran\text{-}ys: ((!) ?ys)\ ' \{\dots < n\} = y$ **using** *set-conv-nth* **unfolding** $l\text{-}ys$ [*symmetric*]
by *fast*

have $p1\text{-strict-mono}: \text{strict-mono-on}\ x\ ?p1$

proof (*rule strict-mono-onI*)
fix $r\ s$ **assume** $a: r \in x\ s \in x\ r < s$
have $?p1\ r \in \{..<n\}$ **using** $a\ ran\text{-}xs$ **by** (*intro the-inv-into-into[OF inj-xs]*)
auto
moreover have $?p1\ s \in \{..<n\}$ **using** $a\ ran\text{-}xs$ **by** (*intro the-inv-into-into[OF inj-xs]*) *auto*
moreover have $?xs ! (?p1\ r) = r$ **using** $a\ ran\text{-}xs$ **by** (*intro f-the-inv-into-f[OF inj-xs]*) *auto*
moreover have $?xs ! (?p1\ s) = s$ **using** $a\ ran\text{-}xs$ **by** (*intro f-the-inv-into-f[OF inj-xs]*) *auto*
ultimately show $?p1\ r < ?p1\ s$ **using** $a(\beta)\ strict\text{-}mono\text{-}on\text{-}leD[OF\ xs\text{-}strict\text{-}mono]$
by *fastforce*
qed

have $ran\text{-}p1: ?p1\ 'x = \{..<n\}$ **using** $ran\text{-}xs\ the\text{-}inv\text{-}into\text{-}onto[OF\ inj\text{-}xs]$ **by** *simp*

have $p2\text{-}strict\text{-}mono: strict\text{-}mono\text{-}on\ \{..<n\}\ ?p2$
using *strict-sorted-list-of-set*
by (*metis l-ys lessThan-iff sorted-wrt-iff-nth-less strict-mono-onI*)

define φ **where** $\varphi = (\lambda e. \text{if } e \in x \text{ then } (?p2\ (?p1\ e)) \text{ else } e)$

have $strict\text{-}mono\text{-}on\ x\ (?p2 \circ ?p1)$

proof (*rule strict-mono-onI*)

fix $r\ s$ **assume** $a: r \in x\ s \in x\ r < s$

have $?p1\ r < ?p1\ s$ **using** $a\ strict\text{-}mono\text{-}onD[OF\ p1\text{-}strict\text{-}mono]$ **by** *auto*

moreover have $?p1\ r \in \{..<n\}\ ?p1\ s \in \{..<n\}$ **using** $a\ ran\text{-}p1$ **by** *auto*

ultimately show $(?p2 \circ ?p1)\ r < (?p2 \circ ?p1)\ s$

using $strict\text{-}mono\text{-}onD[OF\ p2\text{-}strict\text{-}mono]$ **by** *simp*

qed

hence $\varphi\text{-}strict\text{-}mono: strict\text{-}mono\text{-}on\ x\ \varphi$ **unfolding** $\varphi\text{-}def\ strict\text{-}mono\text{-}on\text{-}def$
by *simp*

hence $\varphi\text{-}inj: inj\text{-}on\ \varphi\ x$ **using** $strict\text{-}mono\text{-}on\text{-}imp\text{-}inj\text{-}on$ **by** *auto*

have $\varphi\ 'x \subseteq y$ **using** $ran\text{-}p1\ ran\text{-}ys$ **unfolding** $\varphi\text{-}def$ **by** *auto*

hence $\varphi\ 'x = y$ **using** $card\text{-}image[OF\ \varphi\text{-}inj]\ x\ y$ **by** (*intro card-seteq*) *auto*

hence $bij\text{-}betw\ \varphi\ x\ y$ **using** $\varphi\text{-}inj$ **unfolding** $bij\text{-}betw\text{-}def$ **by** *auto*

moreover have $\varphi\ e \geq e$ **for** e

proof (*cases* $e \in x$)

case *True*

have $e = ?xs ! (?p1\ e)$

using *True ran-xs* **by** (*intro f-the-inv-into-f[symmetric] inj-xs*) *auto*

also have $\dots \leq ?p2\ (?p1\ e)$ **using** $ran\text{-}p1\ True$ **by** (*intro le*) *auto*

also have $\dots = \varphi\ e$ **using** *True* **by** (*simp add:\varphi-def*)

finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*

next

case *False*

then show *?thesis* **unfolding** φ -def **by** *simp*
qed

ultimately show *?thesis* **using** φ -strict-mono **by** *auto*
qed

definition *bij-pmf* $I F = \text{pmf-of-set } \{f. \text{bij-betw } f I F \wedge f \in \text{extensional } I\}$

lemma *card-bijections'*:
assumes *finite* A *finite* B $\text{card } A = \text{card } B$
shows $\text{card } \{f. \text{bij-betw } f A B \wedge f \in \text{extensional } A\} = \text{fact } (\text{card } A)$ (**is** $?L = ?R$)
proof –
have $?L = \text{card } \{f \in A \rightarrow_E B. \text{bij-betw } f A B\}$
using *bij-betw-imp-surj-on*[**where** $A=A$ **and** $B=B$]
by (*intro arg-cong*[**where** $f=\text{card}$] *Collect-cong*) (*auto simp:PiE-def Pi-def*)
also have $\dots = \text{fact } (\text{card } A)$ **using** *card-bijections*[*OF* *assms*] *assms*(3) **by**
simp
finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *bij-betw-non-empty-finite*:
assumes *finite* I *finite* F $\text{card } I = \text{card } F$
shows
finite $\{f. \text{bij-betw } f I F \wedge f \in \text{extensional } I\}$ (**is** $?T1$)
 $\{f. \text{bij-betw } f I F \wedge f \in \text{extensional } I\} \neq \{\}$ (**is** $?T2$)
proof –
have $\text{fact } (\text{card } I) > (0::\text{nat})$ **using** *fact-gt-zero* **by** *simp*
thus $?T1$ $?T2$
using *card-bijections'*[*OF* *assms*] *card-gt-0-iff* **by** *force+*
qed

lemma *bij-pmf*:
assumes *finite* I *finite* F $\text{card } I = \text{card } F$
shows
 $\text{set-pmf } (\text{bij-pmf } I F) = \{f. \text{bij-betw } f I F \wedge f \in \text{extensional } I\}$
finite ($\text{set-pmf } (\text{bij-pmf } I F)$)
using *bij-betw-non-empty-finite*[*OF* *assms*] **unfolding** *bij-pmf-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *expectation-ge-eval-at-point*:
assumes $\bigwedge y. y \in \text{set-pmf } p \implies f y \geq (0::\text{real})$
assumes *integrable* $p f$
shows $\text{pmf } p x * f x \leq (\int x. f x \partial p)$ (**is** $?L \leq ?R$)
proof –
have $?L = (\sum a \in \{x\}. f a * \text{of-bool}(a=x) * \text{pmf } p a)$ **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = (\int a. f a * \text{of-bool}(a=x) \partial p)$
by (*intro integral-measure-pmf-real*[*symmetric*]) *auto*
also have $\dots \leq ?R$
using *assms* **by** (*intro integral-mono-AE'* *AE-pmfI*) *auto*

finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *split-bij-pmf*:

assumes *finite I finite F card I = card F J \subseteq I*

shows *bij-pmf I F =*

do {
 $S \leftarrow \text{pmf-of-set } \{S. \text{card } S = \text{card } J \wedge S \subseteq F\}$;
 $\varphi \leftarrow \text{bij-pmf } J S$;
 $\psi \leftarrow \text{bij-pmf } (I-J) (F-S)$;
 $\text{return-pmf } (\text{merge } J (I-J) (\varphi, \psi))$
} **(is** *?L = ?R*)

proof (*rule pmf-eq-iff-le*)

fix *x*

let *?p1 = pmf-of-set {S. card S = card J \wedge S \subseteq F}*

let *?p2 = bij-pmf J*

let *?p3 = ($\lambda S. \text{bij-pmf } (I-J) (F-S)$)*

have *f0: finite J using finite-subset assms(1,4) by metis*

have *f1: finite (I-J) using finite-subset assms(1,4) by force*

note *pos1 = pmf-of-set[OF bij-betw-non-empty-finite(2,1)[OF assms(1-3)]]*

show *pmf (bij-pmf I F) x \leq pmf ?R x*

proof (*cases x \in set-pmf ?L*)

case *True*

hence *a: bij-betw x I F x \in extensional I*

using *bij-pmf[OF assms(1-3)] by auto*

define *T where T = x ' J*

define *y where y = restrict x J*

define *z where z = restrict x (I-J)*

have *x-on-compl: x ' (I-J) = (F-T) using a assms(4) unfolding T-def
bij-betw-def*

by (*subst inj-on-image-set-diff[where C=I]*) *auto*

have *T-F: T \subseteq F using bij-betw-imp-surj-on[OF a(1)] assms(4) unfolding
T-def by auto*

have *f2: finite T using assms(2) T-F finite-subset by auto*

have *f3: finite (F - T) using assms(2) T-F finite-subset by auto*

have *c1: card J = card T*

unfolding *T-def using assms(4) inj-on-subset bij-betw-imp-inj-on[OF a(1)]*

by (*intro card-image[symmetric]*) *auto*

have *c2: card (I-J) = card (F-T)*

unfolding *x-on-compl[symmetric] using inj-on-subset bij-betw-imp-inj-on[OF
a(1)]*

by (*intro card-image*[*symmetric*]) *force*

have $\text{restrict } x (J \cup (I - J)) = \text{restrict } x I$ **using** *assms(4)* **by** *force*
also have $\dots = x$ **using** *a extensional-restrict* **by** *auto*
finally have $b:\text{restrict } x (J \cup (I - J)) = x$ **by** *simp*

have $y: y \in \text{extensional } J$ *bij-betw* $y J T$
using *assms(4)* *inj-on-subset a y-def* **unfolding** *bij-betw-def T-def* **by** *auto*

have $z \text{ ' } (I-J) = (F-T)$ **using** *x-on-compl* **unfolding** *z-def* **by** *auto*
hence $z: z \in \text{extensional } (I-J)$ *bij-betw* $z (I-J) (F-T)$
using *a z-def* **unfolding** *bij-betw-def T-def* **by** (*auto intro:inj-on-diff*)

have *pos-assms2*: $\{S. \text{card } S = \text{card } J \wedge S \subseteq F\} \neq \{\}$ *finite* $\{S. \text{card } S = \text{card } J \wedge S \subseteq F\}$
using *T-F c1* **by** (*auto intro!: finite-subset[OF - iffD2[OF finite-Pow-iff assms(2)]]*)

note *pos3* =
 $\text{pmf-of-set}[OF \text{bij-betw-non-empty-finite}(2,1)[OF f0 f2 c1]]$
 $\text{pmf-of-set}[OF \text{bij-betw-non-empty-finite}(2,1)[OF f1 f3 c2]]$

have *fin-pmf1*: *finite* (*set-pmf* $?p1$) **using** *pos-assms2* *set-pmf-of-set* **by** *simp*
note [*simp*] = *integrable-measure-pmf-finite*[*OF fin-pmf1, where 'b=real*]

have *fin-pmf2*: *finite* (*set-pmf* ($?p2 T$)) **by** (*intro bij-pmf*[*OF f0 f2 c1*])
note [*simp*] = *integrable-measure-pmf-finite*[*OF fin-pmf2, where 'b=real*]

have *fin-pmf3*: *finite* (*set-pmf* ($?p3 T$)) **by** (*intro bij-pmf*[*OF f1 f3 c2*])
note [*simp*] = *integrable-measure-pmf-finite*[*OF fin-pmf3, where 'b=real*]

have $\text{pmf } ?L x = 1 / \text{real } (\text{card } \{f. \text{bij-betw } f I F \wedge f \in \text{extensional } I\})$
using *a pos1* **unfolding** *bij-pmf-def* **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = 1 / \text{real } (\text{fact } (\text{card } I))$ **using** *assms* **by** (*simp add: card-bijections'*)
also have $\dots = 1 / \text{real } (\text{fact } (\text{card } J) * \text{fact } (\text{card } I - \text{card } J) * (\text{card } I \text{ choose } \text{card } J))$
using *assms(1,4)* *card-mono* **by** (*subst binomial-fact-lemma*) *auto*
also have $\dots = 1 / \text{real } ((\text{card } F \text{ choose } \text{card } J) * \text{fact } (\text{card } J) * \text{fact } (\text{card } (I-J)))$
using *assms(3)* *card-Diff-subset*[*OF f0 assms(4)*] **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = 1 / \text{real}(\text{card } \{S. S \subseteq F \wedge \text{card } S = \text{card } J\} * \text{card } \{f. \text{bij-betw } f J T \wedge f \in \text{extensional } J\} * \text{card } \{f. \text{bij-betw } f (I-J) (F-T) \wedge f \in \text{extensional } (I-J)\})$
using *f0 f1 f2 f3 assms(2) c1 c2* **by** (*simp add:card-bijections' n-subsets*)
also have $\dots = \text{pmf } ?p1 T * \text{pmf } (?p2 T) y * \text{pmf } (?p3 T) z$
using $y z c1 T-F$ **unfolding** *bij-pmf-def pos3 pmf-of-set*[*OF pos-assms2*]
by (*simp add:conj-commute*)
also have $\dots = \text{pmf } ?p1 T * (\text{pmf } (?p2 T) y * (\text{pmf } (?p3 T) z * \text{of-bool}(\text{merge } J (I-J) (y, z) = x)))$

unfolding y -def z -def *merge-restrict merge-x-x-eq-restrict* b **by** *simp*
also have $\dots \leq \text{pmf } ?p1 \ T * (\text{pmf } (?p2 \ T) \ y * (\int \psi. \text{of-bool}(\text{merge } J \ (I-J) \ (y, \psi) = x) \ \partial ?p3 \ T))$
by (*intro mult-left-mono expectation-ge-eval-at-point integral-nonneg-AE AE-pmfI*)
simp-all
also have $\dots \leq \text{pmf } ?p1 \ T * (\int \varphi. (\int \psi. \text{of-bool}(\text{merge } J \ (I-J) \ (\varphi, \psi) = x) \ \partial ?p3 \ T) \ \partial ?p2 \ T)$
by (*intro mult-left-mono expectation-ge-eval-at-point integral-nonneg-AE AE-pmfI*)
simp-all
also have $\dots \leq (\int S. (\int \varphi. (\int \psi. \text{of-bool}(\text{merge } J \ (I-J) \ (\varphi, \psi) = x) \ \partial ?p3 \ S) \ \partial ?p2 \ S) \ \partial ?p1)$
by (*intro expectation-ge-eval-at-point integral-nonneg-AE AE-pmfI*) *simp-all*
also have $\dots = \text{pmf } ?R \ x$ **unfolding** *pmf-bind* **by** (*simp add:indicator-def*)
finally show $?thesis$ **by** *simp*
next
case *False*
hence $\text{pmf } ?L \ x = 0$ **by** (*simp add:set-pmf-iff*)
also have $\dots \leq \text{pmf } ?R \ x$ **by** *simp*
finally show $?thesis$ **by** *simp*
qed
qed

lemma *map-bij-pmf*:

assumes *finite I finite F card I = card F inj-on φ F*

shows $\text{map-pmf } (\lambda f. (\lambda x \in I. \varphi(f \ x))) \ (\text{bij-pmf } I \ F) = \text{bij-pmf } I \ (\varphi \ ' \ F)$

proof –

let $?h = \text{the-inv-into } F \ \varphi$

have h -bij: *bij-betw* $?h \ (\varphi \ ' \ F) \ F$

using *assms(4)* **by** (*simp add:bij-betw-the-inv-into inj-on-imp-bij-betw*)

have *bij-betw* $(\lambda f. (\lambda x \in I. \varphi(f \ x)))$

$\{f. \text{bij-betw } f \ I \ F \wedge f \in \text{extensional } I\} \{f. \text{bij-betw } f \ I \ (\varphi \ ' \ F) \wedge f \in \text{extensional } I\}$

proof (*intro bij-betwI[where $g=(\lambda f. (\lambda x \in I. ?h(f \ x)))$], goal-cases*)

case 1 thus *?case*

using *bij-betw-trans[OF inj-on-imp-bij-betw[OF assms(4)], where $A=I$]*

by (*auto simp:comp-def*)

next

case 2 thus *?case*

using *bij-betw-trans[OF h-bij, where $A=I$]* **by** (*auto simp:comp-def*)

next

case $(\exists x)$

hence $x \in I \rightarrow F \ x \in \text{extensional } I$ **using** *bij-betw-imp-surj-on* **by** *auto*

hence $(\lambda \omega \in I. ?h \ ((\lambda y \in I. \varphi \ (x \ y)) \ \omega)) \ \omega = x \ \omega$ **for** ω

by (*auto intro!:the-inv-into-f-f[OF assms(4)] simp:restrict-def extensional-def*)

thus *?case* **by** *auto*

next

case $(\forall y)$

hence $y \in I \rightarrow (\varphi \text{ ' } F) y \in \textit{extensional } I$ **using** *bij-betw-imp-surj-on* **by** *blast+*
hence $(\lambda x \in I. \varphi ((\lambda x \in I. \textit{the-inv-into } F \varphi (y x)) x)) \omega = y \omega$ **for** ω
by *(auto intro!:f-the-inv-into-f[OF assms(4)] simp: restrict-def extensional-def)*
thus *?case* **by** *auto*
qed
thus *?thesis*
unfolding *bij-pmf-def* **by** *(intro map-pmf-of-set-bij-betw bij-betw-non-empty-finite assms)*
qed

lemma *pmf-of-multiset-eq-pmf-of-setI*:
assumes $c > 0 \quad x \neq \{\#\}$
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in y \implies \textit{count } x \ i = c$
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in \# x \implies i \in y$
shows *pmf-of-multiset* $x = \textit{pmf-of-set } y$
proof *(rule pmf-eqI)*
fix i

have *a:set-mset* $x = y$ **using** *assms(1,3,4)* *count-eq-zero-iff* **by** *force*
hence *y-ne*: $y \neq \{\}$ *finite* y **using** *assms(2)* **by** *auto*

have *size* $x = \textit{sum } (\textit{count } x) \ y$ **unfolding** *size-multiset-overloaded-eq* a **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = \textit{sum } (\lambda _. c) \ y$ **by** *(intro sum.cong refl assms(3)) auto*
also have $\dots = c * \textit{card } y$ **using** *y-ne* **by** *simp*
finally have $c * \textit{card } y = \textit{size } x$ **by** *simp*
hence *rel*: $\textit{real } (\textit{size } x) / \textit{real } c = \textit{real } (\textit{card } y)$
using *assms(1)* **by** *(simp add:field-simps flip:of-nat-mult)*

have *pmf* *(pmf-of-multiset* $x) \ i = \textit{real } (\textit{count } x \ i) / \textit{real } (\textit{size } x)$
using *assms(2)* **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = \textit{real } c * \textit{of-bool}(i \in y) / \textit{real } (\textit{size } x)$
using *assms* **by** *(auto simp:of-bool-def count-eq-zero-iff)*
also have $\dots = \textit{of-bool}(i \in y) / \textit{real } (\textit{card } y)$
unfolding *rel[symmetric]* **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = \textit{pmf} (\textit{pmf-of-set } y) \ i$
using *y-ne* **by** *simp*
finally show *pmf* *(pmf-of-multiset* $x) \ i = \textit{pmf} (\textit{pmf-of-set } y) \ i$ **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *card-multi-bij*:
assumes *finite* J
assumes $I = \bigcup (A \text{ ' } J)$ *disjoint-family-on* $A \ J$
assumes $\bigwedge j. j \in J \implies \textit{finite } (A \ j) \wedge \textit{finite } (B \ j) \wedge \textit{card } (A \ j) = \textit{card } (B \ j)$
shows $\textit{card } \{f. (\forall j \in J. \textit{bij-betw } f \ (A \ j) \ (B \ j)) \wedge f \in \textit{extensional } I\} = \prod_{i \in J. \textit{fact } (\textit{card } (A \ i))}$
(is *card* *?L* = *?R*)

proof –
define g **where** $g \ i = (\textit{THE } j. j \in J \wedge i \in A \ j)$ **for** i
have $g: g \ i = j$ **if** $i \in A \ j \ j \in J$ **for** $i \ j$ **unfolding** *g-def*

```

proof (rule the1-equality)
  show  $\exists! j. j \in J \wedge i \in A j$ 
    using assms(3) that unfolding bex1-def disjoint-family-on-def by auto
  show  $j \in J \wedge i \in A j$  using that by auto
qed

have bij-betw ( $\lambda\varphi. (\lambda i \in I. \varphi (g i) i)$ 
  ( $PiE J (\lambda j. \{f. \text{bij-betw } f (A j) (B j) \wedge f \in \text{extensional } (A j)\})$ ) ?L
proof (intro bij-betwI[where  $g = \lambda x. \lambda i \in J. \text{restrict } x (A i)$ ] Pi-I, goal-cases)
  case (1 x)
  have bij-betw ( $\lambda i \in I. x (g i) i$ ) (A j) (B j) if  $j \in J$  for  $j$ 
  proof –
    have last:bij-betw (x j) (A j) (B j) using that 1 by auto
    have  $A j \subseteq I$  using that assms(2) by auto
    thus ?thesis using g that by (intro iffD2[OF bij-betw-cong last]) auto
  qed
  thus ?case using 1 by auto
next
  case (2 x)
  thus ?case by (intro iffD2[OF restrict-PiE-iff] ballI) simp
next
  case (3 x)
  have restrict ( $\lambda i \in I. x (g i) i$ ) (A j) = x j if  $j \in J$  for  $j$ 
  proof –
    have  $A j \subseteq I$  using that assms(2) by auto
    moreover have  $x j \in \text{extensional } (A j)$  using that 3 by auto
    hence restrict ( $\lambda i. x (g i) i$ ) (A j) = x j
      using g that unfolding restrict-def extensional-def by auto
    ultimately show ?thesis unfolding restrict-restrict using Int-absorb1 by
metis
  qed
  thus ?case using 3 unfolding extensional-def PiE-def by auto
next
  case (4 y)
  have ( $\lambda j \in J. \text{restrict } y (A j)$ ) (g i) i = y i if that' :  $i \in I$  for  $i$ 
  proof –
    obtain  $j$  where  $i \in A j$   $j \in J$  using that' assms(2) by auto
    thus ?thesis using g by simp
  qed
  thus ?case using 4 unfolding extensional-def by auto
qed

hence card ?L = card ( $PiE J (\lambda j. \{f. \text{bij-betw } f (A j) (B j) \wedge f \in \text{extensional } (A j)\})$ )
  using bij-betw-same-card[symmetric] by auto
also have  $\dots = (\prod i \in J. \text{card } \{f. \text{bij-betw } f (A i) (B i) \wedge f \in \text{extensional } (A i)\})$ 
  unfolding card-PiE[OF assms(1)] by simp
also have  $\dots = (\prod i \in J. \text{fact } (\text{card } (A i)))$ 

```

using *assms(4)* by (*intro prod.cong card-bijections'*) *auto*
 finally show *?thesis* by *simp*
 qed

lemma *map-bij-pmf-non-inj*:

fixes *I* :: 'a set

fixes *F* :: 'b set

fixes φ :: 'b \Rightarrow 'c

assumes *finite I finite F card I = card F*

defines $q \equiv \{f. f \in \text{extensional } I \wedge \{\#\!f\ x. x \in\# \text{ mset-set } I\#\} = \{\#\!\varphi\ x. x \in\# \text{ mset-set } F\#\}\}$

shows *map-pmf* ($\lambda f. (\lambda x \in I. \varphi(f\ x))$) (*bij-pmf I F*) = *pmf-of-set q* (*is ?L = -*)

proof -

let $?G = \{\#\!\varphi\ x. x \in\# \text{ mset-set } F\#\}$

let $?G' = \text{set-mset } ?G$

define *c* :: nat where $c = (\prod i \in \text{set-mset } ?G. \text{fact } (\text{count } ?G\ i))$

note *ne* = *bij-betw-non-empty-finite[OF assms(1-3)]*

note *cim* = *count-image-mset-eq-card-vimage*

have $c \geq 1$ **unfolding** *c-def* by (*intro prod-ge-1*) *auto*

hence *c-gt-0*: $c > 0$ by *simp*

have $?L = \text{pmf-of-multiset } \{\#\!\lambda x \in I. \varphi(f\ x). f \in\# \text{ mset-set } \{f. \text{bij-betw } f\ I\ F \wedge f \in \text{extensional } I\}\#\}$

unfolding *bij-pmf-def* by (*intro map-pmf-of-set[OF ne]*)

also have $\dots = \text{pmf-of-set } q$ **unfolding** *q-def*

proof (*rule pmf-of-multiset-eq-pmf-of-setI[OF c-gt-0],goal-cases*)

case 1

have $\text{card } \{f. \text{bij-betw } f\ I\ F \wedge f \in \text{extensional } I\} > 0$ **using** *ne* by *fastforce*

thus *?case* by (*simp add:nonempty-has-size*)

next

case (2 *f*)

hence *a*: *image-mset f (mset-set I) = image-mset φ (mset-set F)* by *simp*

hence $\text{card } \{x \in F. \varphi\ x = g\} = \text{card } \{x \in I. f\ x = g\}$ **for** *g*

using *cim[OF assms(1)] cim[OF assms(2)]* by *metis*

hence *b*: $\text{card } (\varphi\ -'\ \{g\} \cap F) = \text{card } (f\ -'\ \{g\} \cap I)$ **for** *g*

by (*auto simp add:Int-def conj-commute*)

have *c*: *bij-betw ω I F $\wedge (\lambda i \in I. \varphi(\omega\ i)) = f \longleftrightarrow (\forall g \in ?G'. \text{bij-betw } \omega (f\ -'\ \{g\} \cap I) (\varphi\ -'\ \{g\} \cap F))$*

(*is ?L1 = ?R1*) **for** ω

proof

assume *?L1*

hence *d*: *bij-betw ω I F* **and** *e*: $\forall i \in I. \varphi(\omega\ i) = f\ i$ by *auto*

have *bij-betw $\omega (f\ -'\ \{g\} \cap I) (\varphi\ -'\ \{g\} \cap F)$* **if** $g \in ?G'$ **for** *g*

proof -

have $\text{card } (\varphi\ -'\ \{g\} \cap F) = \text{card } (\omega\ -'\ (f\ -'\ \{g\} \cap I))$

unfolding b **using** d
by (*intro card-image[symmetric]*) (*simp add: bij-betw-imp-inj-on inj-on-Int*)
hence $\omega^{-1}(f^{-1}\{g\} \cap I) = \varphi^{-1}\{g\} \cap F$
using *assms(2)* **e** *bij-betw-imp-surj-on[OF d]* **by** (*intro card-seteq image-subsetI*) *auto*
thus *?thesis* **by** (*intro bij-betw-subset[OF d]*) *auto*
qed
thus *?R1* **by** *auto*
next
assume $f: ?R1$

have $g: \varphi(\omega i) = f i$ **if** $i \in I$ **for** i
proof –
have $f i \in ?G'$ **unfolding** a [*symmetric*] **using** *that* *assms(1)* **by** *auto*
hence $\omega^{-1}(f^{-1}\{f i\} \cap I) = (\varphi^{-1}\{f i\} \cap F)$
using *bij-betw-imp-surj-on* **using** f **by** *metis*
thus *?thesis* **using** *that* **by** (*auto simp add: vimage-def*)
qed
have $x = y$ **if** $x \in I$ $y \in I$ $\omega x = \omega y$ **for** x y
proof –
have $f x \in ?G'$ **unfolding** a [*symmetric*] **using** *that* *assms(1)* **by** *auto*
hence *inj-on* $\omega(f^{-1}\{f x\} \cap I)$ **using** f *bij-betw-imp-inj-on* **by** *blast*
moreover **have** $f x = f y$ **using** *that* g **by** *metis*
ultimately **show** $x = y$ **using** *that(1,2,3)* *inj-onD*[**where** $f=\omega$, OF -
that(3)] **by** *fastforce*
qed
hence $h: \text{inj-on } \omega I$ **by** (*rule inj-onI*)

have $i: \omega^{-1} I \subseteq F$
proof (*rule image-subsetI*)
fix x **assume** $x \in I$
hence $f x \in ?G'$ $x \in (f^{-1}\{f x\} \cap I)$ **using** *assms(1)* **unfolding** a [*symmetric*]
by *auto*
thus $\omega x \in F$ **using** *bij-betw-imp-surj-on* f **by** *fast*
qed
have *bij-betw* $\omega I F$
using *card-image[OF h]* *assms(3)* **unfolding** *bij-betw-def*
by (*intro conjI card-seteq i h assms*) *auto*
thus *?L1* **using** g **2** **unfolding** *restrict-def extensional-def* **by** *auto*
qed

have $j: f^{-1} I \subseteq \varphi^{-1} F$ **using** a
by (*metis assms(1,2)*) *finite-set-mset-mset-set multiset.set-map set-eq-subset*)

have $c = (\prod g \in ?G'. \text{fact } (\text{card } (f^{-1}\{g\} \cap I)))$
unfolding b [*symmetric*] c -*def* *cim[OF assms(2)]*
by (*simp add: vimage-def Int-def conj-commute*)
also **have** $\dots = \text{card } \{\omega. (\forall g \in ?G'. \text{bij-betw } \omega (f^{-1}\{g\} \cap I) (\varphi^{-1}\{g\} \cap F))\}$
 $\wedge \omega \in \text{extensional } I$

```

    using assms(1,2) j b
    by (intro card-multi-bij[symmetric]) (auto simp: vimage-def disjoint-family-on-def)
    also have ... = card { $\omega$ . bij-betw  $\omega$  I F  $\wedge$   $\omega \in$  extensional I  $\wedge$  ( $\lambda i \in I$ .  $\varphi$  ( $\omega$ 
i) = f)}
    using c by (intro arg-cong[where f=card] Collect-cong) auto
    finally show ?case using ne by (subst count-image-mset-eq-card-vimage) auto
next
  case (3 f)
  then obtain u where u-def:bij-betw  $u$  I F  $u \in$  extensional I  $f =$  ( $\lambda x$ .  $\lambda xa \in I$ .
 $\varphi$  ( $x$  xa)) u
    using ne by auto

  have image-mset f (mset-set I) = image-mset  $\varphi$  (image-mset u (mset-set I))
  using assms(1) unfolding u-def(3) multiset.map-comp by (intro image-mset-cong)
auto
  also have ... = image-mset  $\varphi$  (mset-set F) using image-mset-mset-set u-def(1)
    unfolding bij-betw-def by (intro arg-cong2[where f=image-mset] refl) auto
  finally have image-mset f (mset-set I) = image-mset  $\varphi$  (mset-set F) by simp

  moreover have  $f \in$  extensional I unfolding u-def(3) by auto
  ultimately show ?case by simp
qed
finally show ?thesis by simp
qed

```

lemmas *fk-g-inequality-pmf-internalized* = *fk-g-inequality-pmf[unoverload-type 'a]*

lemma *permutation-distributions-are-neg-associated*:

```

  fixes F :: ('a :: linorder-topology) set
  fixes I :: 'b set
  assumes finite F finite I card I = card F
  shows measure-pmf.neg-assoc (bij-pmf I F) ( $\lambda i$   $\omega$ .  $\omega$  i) I
proof (rule measure-pmf.neg-assocI2, goal-cases)
  case (1 i) thus ?case by simp
next
  case (2 f g J)

```

```

  have fin-J: finite J using 2(1) assms(2) finite-subset by metis
  have fin-I-J: finite (I - J) using 2(1) assms(2) finite-subset by blast

```

```

  define k where k = card J

```

```

  have k-le-F:  $k \leq$  card F unfolding k-def using 2(1) assms(2,3) card-mono by
force

```

```

  let ?p0 = bij-pmf I F
  let ?p1 = pmf-of-set {S. card S = card J  $\wedge$   $S \subseteq F$ }
  let ?p2 =  $\lambda S$ . bij-pmf J S
  let ?p3 =  $\lambda S$ . bij-pmf (I - J) (F - S)

```

note $set\text{-}pmf\text{-}p0 = bij\text{-}pmf[OF\ assms(2,1,3)]$

note $integrable\text{-}p0[simp] = integrable\text{-}measure\text{-}pmf\text{-}finite[OF\ set\text{-}pmf\text{-}p0(2)$, **where**
' $b=real$]

note $dep\text{-}f = 2(2)$
note $dep\text{-}g = 2(3)$

have $bounded\text{-}f: bounded\ (f\ 'S)$ **for** S **using** $bounded\text{-}subset[OF\ 2(6)\ image\text{-}mono]$
by $simp$

have $bounded\text{-}g: bounded\ (g\ 'S)$ **for** S **using** $bounded\text{-}subset[OF\ 2(7)\ im\text{-}age\text{-}mono]$ **by** $simp$

note $mono\text{-}f = 2(4)$
note $mono\text{-}g = 2(5)$

let $?L = ordered\text{-}set\text{-}lattice\ F\ k$

define f' **where** $f'\ S = (\int\ \varphi.\ f\ \varphi\ \partial^{?p2}\ S)$ **for** S
define g' **where** $g'\ S = (\int\ \varphi.\ g\ \varphi\ \partial^{?p3}\ S)$ **for** S

interpret $L: finite\text{-}ne\text{-}distrib\text{-}lattice\ ordered\text{-}set\text{-}lattice\ F\ k$
by $(intro\ ordered\text{-}set\text{-}lattice\text{-}lattice\ assms(1)\ k\text{-}le\text{-}F)$

have $carr\text{-}L\text{-}ne: carrier\ ?L \neq \{\}$ **and** $fin\text{-}L: finite\ (carrier\ ?L)$
using $ordered\text{-}set\text{-}lattice\text{-}carrier\text{-}finite\text{-}ne[OF\ assms(1)\ k\text{-}le\text{-}F]$ **by** $auto$

have $mono\text{-}f': monotone\text{-}on\ (carrier\ ?L)\ (\sqsubseteq_{?L})\ (\leq)\ f'$
proof $(rule\ monotone\text{-}onI)$
fix $S\ T$
assume $a: S \sqsubseteq_{?L}\ T$ $S \in carrier\ ?L$ $T \in carrier\ ?L$
then obtain ϱ **where** $\varrho\text{-}bij: bij\text{-}betw\ \varrho\ S\ T$ **and** $\varrho\text{-}inc: \bigwedge e.\ \varrho\ e \geq e$
using $bij\text{-}betw\text{-}ord\text{-}set\text{-}lattice\text{-}pairs[OF\ assms(1)\ k\text{-}le\text{-}F]$ **by** $blast$

note $S\text{-}carr = ordered\text{-}set\text{-}lattice\text{-}carrier[OF\ a(2)]$
have $c: card\ J = card\ S$ **using** $S\text{-}carr\ k\text{-}def$ **by** $auto$

note $set\text{-}pmf\text{-}p2 = bij\text{-}pmf[OF\ fin\text{-}J\ S\text{-}carr(1)\ c]$
note $int = integrable\text{-}measure\text{-}pmf\text{-}finite[OF\ set\text{-}pmf\text{-}p2(2)]$

have $f'\ S = (\int\ \varphi.\ f\ (\lambda\omega \in J.\ \varphi\ \omega)\ \partial^{?p2}\ S)$ **unfolding** $f'\text{-}def$
using $set\text{-}pmf\text{-}p2\ extensional\text{-}restrict$ **by** $(intro\ integral\text{-}cong\text{-}AE\ AE\text{-}pmfI)$

force+
also have $\dots \leq (\int\ \varphi.\ f\ (\lambda\omega \in J.\ \varrho(\varphi\ \omega))\ \partial^{?p2}\ S)$ **unfolding** $f'\text{-}def$
using $\varrho\text{-}inc$ **unfolding** $restrict\text{-}def$
by $(intro\ integral\text{-}mono\text{-}AE\ AE\text{-}pmfI\ monoD[OF\ mono\text{-}f]\ int)$ $(auto\ simp: le\text{-}fun\text{-}def)$

also have $\dots = (\int\ \varphi.\ f\ \varphi\ \partial(\text{map}\text{-}pmf\ (\lambda\varphi.\ (\lambda\omega \in J.\ \varrho(\varphi\ \omega)))\ (?p2\ S)))$ **by** $simp$

also have ... = ($\int \varphi. f \varphi \partial(?p2 (\varrho ' S))$)
using *ordered-set-lattice-carrier*[*OF a(2)*] *k-def*
by (*intro arg-cong2*[**where** *f=measure-pmf.expectation*] *map-bij-pmf refl*
bij-betw-imp-inj-on[*OF \varrho-bij*] *fin-J*) *auto*
also have ... = ($\int \varphi. f \varphi \partial?p2 T$) **using** *bij-betw-imp-surj-on*[*OF \varrho-bij*] **by**
simp
finally show $f' S \leq f' T$ **unfolding** *f'-def* **by** *simp*
qed

have *mono-g'*: *monotone-on* (*carrier ?L*) ($\sqsubseteq_{?L}$) (\leq) ($(*)(-1) \circ g'$)
proof (*rule monotone-onI*)
fix *S T*
let *?M* = *ordered-set-lattice F (card F-k)*
assume *a:S \sqsubseteq_{?L} T S \in carrier ?L T \in carrier ?L*
hence *a': (F-T) \sqsubseteq_{?M} (F-S) (F-S) \in carrier ?M (F-T) \in carrier ?M*
using *ordered-set-lattice-dual*[*OF assms(1) k-le-F*] **by** *auto*
then obtain *\varrho* **where** *\varrho-bij: bij-betw \varrho (F-T) (F-S)* **and** *\varrho-inc: \bigwedge e. \varrho e \geq e*
using *bij-betw-ord-set-lattice-pairs*[*OF assms(1) k-le-F*] **by** (*meson diff-le-self*)
note *T-carr = ordered-set-lattice-carrier*[*OF a'(3)*]

have *c: card (I-J) = card (F-T)*
using *assms ordered-set-lattice-carrier*[*OF a(3)*] *k-def 2(1) fin-J*
by (*simp add: card-Diff-subset*)
note *set-pmf-p3 = bij-pmf*[*OF fin-I-J T-carr(1) c*]
note *int = integrable-measure-pmf-finite*[*OF set-pmf-p3(2)*]

have $g' T = (\int \varphi. g (\lambda\omega \in I-J. \varphi \omega) \partial?p3 T)$ **unfolding** *g'-def*
using *set-pmf-p3 extensional-restrict* **by** (*intro integral-cong-AE AE-pmfI*)
force+
also have ... $\leq (\int \varphi. g (\lambda\omega \in I-J. \varrho(\varphi \omega)) \partial?p3 T)$ **unfolding** *g'-def* *re-*
strict-def **using** *\varrho-inc*
by (*intro integral-mono-AE AE-pmfI monoD*[*OF mono-g*] *int*) (*auto simp:*
le-fun-def)
also have ... = ($\int \varphi. g \varphi \partial(\text{map-pmf } (\lambda\varphi. (\lambda\omega \in I-J. \varrho(\varphi \omega))) (?p3 T))$) **by**
simp
also have ... = ($\int \varphi. g \varphi \partial(\text{bij-pmf } (I - J) (\varrho ' (F-T)))$) **using** *assms*
by (*intro arg-cong2*[**where** *f=measure-pmf.expectation*] *map-bij-pmf refl*
bij-betw-imp-inj-on[*OF \varrho-bij*] *fin-J c*) *auto*
also have ... = ($\int \varphi. g \varphi \partial?p3 S$) **using** *bij-betw-imp-surj-on*[*OF \varrho-bij*] **by**
simp
finally have $g' T \leq g' S$ **unfolding** *g'-def* **by** *simp*
thus $(*) (-1) \circ g' S \leq (*) (-1) \circ g' T$ **by** *simp*
qed

have ($\int S. f' S * g' S \partial?p1$) \leq ($\int S. f' S \partial?p1$) * ($\int S. g' S \partial?p1$)
if *td: \exists (Rep :: 'x \Rightarrow 'a set) Abs. type-definition Rep Abs (carrier ?L)*
proof -
obtain *Rep :: 'x \Rightarrow 'a set* **and** *Abs* **where** *td:type-definition Rep Abs (carrier*
?L)

```

using td by auto
interpret type-definition Rep Abs carrier ?L using td by auto

have carr-L: carrier ?L = {S. card S = card J ∧ S ⊆ F}
using finite-subset[OF - assms(1)] unfolding ordered-set-lattice-def k-def
by (auto simp add:set-eq-iff)

have Rep-bij: bij-betw Rep UNIV {S. card S = card J ∧ S ⊆ F}
using Rep-range Rep-inject carr-L unfolding bij-betw-def by (intro conjI
inj-onI) auto

have fin-UNIV: finite (UNIV :: 'x set)
using fin-L carr-L Rep-bij bij-betw-finite by metis

let ?p1' = pmf-of-set (UNIV :: 'x set)
have rep-p1: ?p1 = map-pmf Rep ?p1'
by (intro UNIV-not-empty map-pmf-of-set-bij-betw[symmetric] Rep-bij fin-UNIV)

note * = L.transfer-to-type[OF fin-L td]

note fkf = fkf-inequality-pmf-internalized[OF *]

have mono-rep-f': monotone (λS T. Rep S ⊆?L Rep T) (≤) (f' ∘ Rep)
using mono-f' Rep unfolding monotone-on-def by simp
have mono-rep-g': monotone (λS T. Rep S ⊆?L Rep T) (≥) (g' ∘ Rep)
using mono-g' Rep unfolding monotone-on-def by simp
have pmf-const: pmf ?p1' x = 1/(real (CARD('x))) for x
by (subst pmf-of-set[OF - fin-UNIV]) auto

have  $(\int S. f' S * g' S \partial ?p1) = (\int S. f' (Rep S) * g' (Rep S) \partial ?p1')$ 
unfolding rep-p1 by simp
also have  $\dots \leq (\int S. f' (Rep S) \partial ?p1') * (\int S. g' (Rep S) \partial ?p1')$ 
using mono-rep-f' mono-rep-g'
by (intro fkf[where τ=Fwd and σ=Rev, simplified]) (simp-all add:comp-def
pmf-const)
also have  $\dots = (\int S. f' S \partial ?p1) * (\int S. g' S \partial ?p1)$ 
unfolding rep-p1 by simp
finally show  $(\int S. f' S * g' S \partial ?p1) \leq (\int S. f' S \partial ?p1) * (\int S. g' S \partial ?p1)$ 
by simp
qed

note core-result = this[cancel-type-definition, OF carr-L-ne]

note split-p0 = split-bij-pmf[OF assms(2,1,3) 2(1)]

have  $(\int x. f x * g x \partial \text{bij-pmf } I F) =$ 
 $(\int S. (\int \varphi. (\int \psi. f(\text{merge } J (I-J) (\varphi,\psi))) * g(\text{merge } J (I-J) (\varphi,\psi)) \partial ?p3 S)$ 
 $\partial ?p2 S) \partial ?p1)$ 
unfolding k-def by (simp add:split-p0 bounded-intros bounded-f bounded-g)

```

integral-bind-pmf
also have ... = $(\int S. (\int \varphi. (\int \psi. f \varphi * g \psi \partial^? p3 S) \partial^? p2 S) \partial^? p1)$
by (*intro integral-cong-AE AE-pmfI arg-cong2*[**where** $f=(*)$] *depends-onD2*[*OF dep-f*]
depends-onD2[*OF dep-g*]) *simp-all*
also have ... = $(\int S. (\int \varphi. f \varphi \partial^? p2 S) * (\int \psi. g \psi \partial^? p3 S) \partial^? p1)$ **by** *simp*
also have ... $\leq (\int S. (\int \varphi. f \varphi \partial^? p2 S) \partial^? p1) * (\int S. (\int \varphi. g \varphi \partial^? p3 S) \partial^? p1)$
using *core-result unfolding f'-def g'-def* **by** *simp*
also have ... = $(\int S. (\int \varphi. (\int \psi. f \varphi \partial^? p3 S) \partial^? p2 S) \partial^? p1) * (\int S. (\int \varphi. (\int \psi. g \psi \partial^? p3 S) \partial^? p2 S) \partial^? p1)$
by *simp*
also have ... =
 $(\int S. (\int \varphi. (\int \psi. f (\text{merge } J (I-J) (\varphi, \psi)) \partial^? p3 S) \partial^? p2 S) \partial^? p1) *$
 $(\int S. (\int \varphi. (\int \psi. g (\text{merge } J (I-J) (\varphi, \psi)) \partial^? p3 S) \partial^? p2 S) \partial^? p1)$
by (*intro arg-cong2*[**where** $f=(*)$] *integral-cong-AE AE-pmfI depends-onD2*[*OF dep-f*]
depends-onD2[*OF dep-g*]) *simp-all*
also have ... = $(\int x. f x \partial^? p0) * (\int x. g x \partial^? p0)$
unfolding *k-def* **by** (*simp add:split-p0 bounded-intros bounded-f bounded-g*
integral-bind-pmf)
finally show $(\int x. f x * g x \partial^? p0) \leq (\int x. f x \partial^? p0) * (\int x. g x \partial^? p0)$ **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *multiset-permutation-distributions-are-neg-associated:*

fixes $F :: ('a :: \text{linorder-topology}) \text{ multiset}$
fixes $I :: 'b \text{ set}$
assumes *finite I card I = size F*
defines $p \equiv \text{pmf-of-set } \{\varphi. \varphi \in \text{extensional } I \wedge \text{image-mset } \varphi (\text{mset-set } I) = F\}$
shows *measure-pmf.neg-assoc p* $(\lambda i \omega. \omega \ i) \ I$

proof –

let $?xs = \text{sorted-list-of-multiset } F$
define α **where** $\alpha \ k = ?xs \ ! (\text{min } k (\text{length } ?xs - 1))$ **for** k

let $?N = \{.. < \text{size } F\}$
let $?h = (\lambda f. (\lambda i \in I. \alpha (f \ i)))$

have *sorted-xs: sorted ?xs* **by** (*induction F, auto simp:sorted-insort*)

have *mono- α : mono α*

proof (*cases ?xs = []*)

case *True* **thus** *?thesis* **unfolding** α -*def* **by** *simp*

next

case *False* **thus** *?thesis* **unfolding** α -*def*

by (*intro monoI sorted-nth-mono*[*OF sorted-xs*]) (*simp-all add: min.strict-coboundedI2*)

qed

have *l-xs: length ?xs = size F* **by** (*metis mset-sorted-list-of-multiset size-mset*)

have *image-mset α* $(\text{mset-set } \{.. < \text{size } F\}) = \text{image-mset } (!) \ ?xs \ (\text{mset-set}$

$\{..<size\ F\}$
unfolding α -def l -xs[symmetric] **by** (intro image-mset-cong) auto
also have $\dots = mset\ ?xs$ **unfolding** l -xs[symmetric]
by (metis map-nth mset-map mset-set-upto-eq-mset-upto)
also have $\dots = F$ **by** simp
finally have $0: image-mset\ \alpha\ (mset-set\ \{..<size\ F\}) = F$ **by** simp

have $map-pmf\ (\lambda f. (\lambda i \in I. \alpha\ (f\ i)))\ (bij-pmf\ I\ ?N) =$
 $pmf-of-set\ \{f \in extensional\ I. image-mset\ f\ (mset-set\ I) = image-mset\ \alpha$
 $(mset-set\ \{..<size\ F\})\}$
using *assms* **by** (intro map-bij-pmf-non-inj) auto
also have $\dots = p$ **unfolding** p -def 0 **by** simp
finally have $1: map-pmf\ (\lambda f. (\lambda i \in I. \alpha\ (f\ i)))\ (bij-pmf\ I\ ?N) = p$ **by** simp

have $2: measure-pmf.neg-assoc\ (bij-pmf\ I\ \{..<size\ F\})\ (\lambda i\ \omega. \omega\ i)\ I$
using *assms*(1,2) **by** (intro permutation-distributions-are-neg-associated) auto

have $measure-pmf.neg-assoc\ (bij-pmf\ I\ \{..<size\ F\})\ (\lambda i\ \omega. if\ i \in I\ then\ \alpha(\omega\ i)$
 $else\ undefined)\ I$
using *mono- α* **by** (intro measure-pmf.neg-assoc-compose-simple[OF *assms*(1)
2, *where* $\eta = Fwd$]
borel-measurable-continuous-onI) *simp-all*
hence $measure-pmf.neg-assoc\ (map-pmf\ (\lambda f. (\lambda i \in I. \alpha\ (f\ i)))\ (bij-pmf\ I\ \{..<size$
 $F\}))\ (\lambda i\ \omega. \omega\ i)\ I$
by (*simp add: neg-assoc-map-pmf restrict-def if-distrib if-distribR*)
thus *?thesis* **unfolding** 1 **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *n-subsets-prob*:

assumes $d \leq card\ S$ *finite* S $s \in S$

shows

$measure-pmf.prob\ (pmf-of-set\ \{a. a \subseteq S \wedge card\ a = d\})\ \{\omega. s \notin \omega\} = (1 -$
 $real\ d / card\ S)$

$measure-pmf.prob\ (pmf-of-set\ \{a. a \subseteq S \wedge card\ a = d\})\ \{\omega. s \in \omega\} = real$
 $d / card\ S$

proof –

let $?C = \{a. a \subseteq S \wedge card\ a = d\}$

have $card\ ?C > 0$ **unfolding** *n-subsets*[OF *assms*(2)] **using** *zero-less-binomial*[OF
assms(1)] **by** *simp*

hence $ne: ?C \neq \{\}$ *finite* $?C$ **using** *card-gt-0-iff* **by** *blast+*

have $card-S-gt-0: card\ S > 0$ **using** *assms*(2,3) *card-gt-0-iff* **by** *auto*

have $measure\ (pmf-of-set\ ?C)\ \{x. s \notin x\} = real\ (card\ \{T. T \subseteq S \wedge card\ T = d$
 $\wedge s \notin T\}) / card\ ?C$

by (*subst measure-pmf-of-set*[OF *ne*]) (*simp-all add: Int-def*)

also have $\dots = real\ (card\ \{T. T \subseteq (S - \{s\}) \wedge card\ T = d\}) / card\ ?C$

by (intro *arg-cong2*[*where* $f = (\lambda x\ y. real\ (card\ x) / y)$]) *Collect-cong* *auto*

also have $\dots = \text{real}(\text{card } (S - \{s\}) \text{ choose } d) / \text{real}(\text{card } S \text{ choose } d)$
using *assms(1,2)* **by** (*subst (1 2) n-subsets*) *auto*
also have $\dots = \text{real}((\text{card } S - 1) \text{ choose } d) / \text{real}(\text{card } S \text{ choose } d)$ **using**
assms **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = \text{real}(\text{card } S * ((\text{card } S - 1) \text{ choose } d)) / \text{real}(\text{card } S * (\text{card } S$
*choose } d))
using *card-S-gt-0* **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = \text{real}(\text{card } S - d) / \text{real}(\text{card } S)$
unfolding *binomial-absorb-comp[symmetric]* **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = (\text{real}(\text{card } S) - \text{real } d) / \text{real}(\text{card } S)$
using *assms* **by** (*subst of-nat-diff*) *auto*
also have $\dots = (1 - \text{real } d / \text{card } S)$ **using** *card-S-gt-0* **by** (*simp add:field-simps*)
finally show $\text{measure}(\text{pmf-of-set } ?C) \{x. s \notin x\} = (1 - \text{real } d / \text{card } S)$ **by** *simp*

hence $\langle 1 - \text{measure}(\text{pmf-of-set } ?C) \{x. s \notin x\} = \text{real } d / \text{card } S \rangle$ **by** *simp*
thus $\text{measure-pmf.prob}(\text{pmf-of-set } ?C) \{\omega. s \in \omega\} = \text{real } d / \text{card } S$
by (*subst (asm) measure-pmf.prob-compl[symmetric]*) (*auto simp:diff-eq Compl-eq*)
qed*

lemma *n-subsets-distribution-neg-assoc:*

assumes *finite S k ≤ card S*
defines $p \equiv \text{pmf-of-set } \{T. T \subseteq S \wedge \text{card } T = k\}$
shows $\text{measure-pmf.neg-assoc } p (\in) S$
proof –
define $F :: \text{bool multiset}$ **where** $F = \text{replicate-mset } k \text{ True} + \text{replicate-mset}(\text{card } S - k) \text{ False}$
let $?qset = \{ \varphi \in \text{extensional } S. \text{image-mset } \varphi (\text{mset-set } S) = F \}$
define q **where** $q = \text{pmf-of-set } ?qset$

have $a: \text{card } S = \text{size } F$ **unfolding** *F-def* **using** *assms(2)* **by** *simp*

have $b: \text{image-mset } \varphi (\text{mset-set } S) = F \iff \text{card}(\varphi - \{ \text{True} \} \cap S) = k$
(is $?L \iff ?R$) **for** φ
proof –
have $de: \text{card}(\varphi - \{ \text{False} \} \cap S) + \text{card}(\varphi - \{ \text{True} \} \cap S) = \text{card } S$
using *assms(1)* **by** (*subst card-Un-disjoint[symmetric]*) (*auto intro:arg-cong[where f=card]*)

have $?L \iff (\forall i. \text{count } \{ \# \varphi x. x \in \# \text{mset-set } S \# \} i = \text{count } F i)$ **using**
multiset-eq-iff **by** *blast*
also have $\dots \iff (\forall i. \text{card}(\varphi - \{ i \} \cap S) = \text{count } F i)$
unfolding *count-image-mset-eq-card-vimage[OF assms(1)] vimage-def Int-def*
by (*simp add:conj-commute*)
also have $\dots \iff \text{card}(\varphi - \{ \text{True} \} \cap S) = k \wedge \text{card}(\varphi - \{ \text{False} \} \cap S) =$
 $(\text{card } S - k)$
unfolding *F-def* **using** *assms(1)* **by** *auto*
also have $\dots \iff ?R$ **using** *assms(2)* *de* **by** *auto*
finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*
qed


```

have bij-betw ( $\lambda\omega. \lambda s \in S. s \in \omega$ )  $\{T. T \subseteq S \wedge \text{card } T = k\}$  ?qset unfolding b
  by (intro bij-betwI [where  $g = \lambda\varphi. \{x. x \in S \wedge \varphi x\}$ ] Pi-I ext)
    (auto intro: arg-cong [where  $f = \text{card}$ ] simp: extensional-def vimage-def Int-def
conj-commute)
moreover have card  $\{T. T \subseteq S \wedge \text{card } T = k\} > 0$ 
  unfolding n-subsets [OF assms(1)] by (intro zero-less-binomial assms(2))
hence  $\{T. T \subseteq S \wedge \text{card } T = k\} \neq \{\}$   $\wedge$  finite  $\{T. T \subseteq S \wedge \text{card } T = k\}$ 
  using card-gt-0-iff by blast
ultimately have c: map-pmf ( $\lambda\omega. \lambda s \in S. s \in \omega$ )  $p = q$ 
  unfolding p-def q-def by (intro map-pmf-of-set-bij-betw) auto

have measure-pmf.neg-assoc (map-pmf ( $\lambda\omega. \lambda s \in S. s \in \omega$ )  $p$ ) ( $\lambda i \omega. \omega i$ )  $S$ 
  unfolding c q-def by (intro multiset-permutation-distributions-are-neg-associated
a assms(1))
hence d:measure-pmf.neg-assoc  $p$  ( $\lambda s \omega. \text{if } s \in S \text{ then } (s \in \omega) \text{ else undefined}$ )  $S$ 
  unfolding neg-assoc-map-pmf by (simp add: restrict-def cong: if-cong)
show ?thesis by (intro measure-pmf.neg-assoc-cong [OF assms(1) - d] AE-pmfI)
auto
qed

end

```

7 Application: Bloom Filters

The false positive probability of Bloom Filters is a case where negative association is really useful. Traditionally it is derived only approximately. Bloom [4] first derives the expected number of bits set to true given the number of elements inserted, then the false positive probability is computed, pretending that the expected number of bits is the actual number of bits.

Both Blooms original derivation and Mitzenmacher and Upfal [15] use this method.

A more correct approach would be to derive a tail bound for the number of set bits and derive a false-positive probability based on that, which unfortunately leads to a complex formula.

An exact result has later been derived using combinatorial methods by Gopinathan and Sergey [10]. However their formula is less useful, as it consists of a sum with Stirling numbers and binomial coefficients.

It is however easy to see that the original bound derived by Bloom is a correct upper bound for the false positive probability using negative association. (This is pointed out by Bao et al. [?].)

In this section, we derive the same bound using this library as an example for the applicability of this library.

```

theory Negative-Association-Bloom-Filters
  imports Negative-Association-Permutation-Distributions

```

begin

fun *bloom-filter-pmf* **where**

```

bloom-filter-pmf 0 d N = return-pmf {} |
bloom-filter-pmf (Suc n) d N = do {
  h ← bloom-filter-pmf n d N;
  a ← pmf-of-set {a. a ⊆ {..N::nat} ∧ card a = d};
  return-pmf (a ∪ h)
}

```

lemma *bloom-filter-neg-assoc*:

assumes $d \leq N$

shows *measure-pmf.neg-assoc* (*bloom-filter-pmf* n d N) ($\lambda i \omega. i \in \omega$) {..*N*}

proof (*induction* n)

case 0

have *a:measure-pmf.neg-assoc* (*bloom-filter-pmf* 0 d N) ($\lambda - . \text{False}$) {..*N*}

by (*intro measure-pmf.indep-imp-neg-assoc measure-pmf.indep-vars-const*) *auto*

show ?*case* **by** (*intro measure-pmf.neg-assoc-cong*[*OF* - - *a*] *AE-pmfI*) *simp-all*

next

case (*Suc* n)

let ?*l* = *bloom-filter-pmf* n d N

let ?*r* = *pmf-of-set* {a. a ⊆ {..*N*} ∧ *card* a = d}

define *f* **where** $f j \omega = (\omega (True, j) \vee \omega (False, j))$ **for** ω **and** $j :: nat$

have *f-borel*: $f i \in \text{borel-measurable } (Pi_M (UNIV \times \{i\}) (\lambda - . \text{borel}))$ (**is** ?*L* ∈ ?*R*) **for** *i*

proof –

have $f i = (\lambda \omega. \text{max}(fst \omega) (snd \omega)) \circ (\lambda \omega. (\omega (True, i), \omega (False, i)))$ **unfolding** *f-def* **by** *auto*

also have ... ∈ ?*R* **by** (*intro measurable-comp*[**where** *N=borel* ⊗_{*M*} *borel*]) *measurable*

finally show ?*thesis* **by** *simp*

qed

have $0:\{True\} \times \{..*N\} \cup \{False\} \times \{..*N\} = UNIV \times \{..*N\}***$ **by** *auto*

have $s:\{b\} \times \{..*N\} = \text{Pair } b \text{ ' } \{..*N\}**$ **for** $b :: bool$ **by** *auto*

have *measure-pmf.neg-assoc* (*map-pmf snd* (*pair-pmf* ?*l* ?*r*)) ($\lambda i \omega. i \in \omega$) {..*N*}

unfolding *map-snd-pair-pmf* **using** *assms* **by** (*intro n-subsets-distribution-neg-assoc*) *auto*

hence *na-l*:

measure-pmf.neg-assoc (*pair-pmf* ?*l* ?*r*) ($\lambda i \omega. snd i \in \text{case-bool } fst \text{ snd } (fst i) \omega$) ({*False*} × {..*N*})

unfolding *s neg-assoc-map-pmf* **by** (*subst measure-pmf.neg-assoc-reindex*) (*auto intro:inj-onI*)

have *measure-pmf.neg-assoc* (*map-pmf fst* (*pair-pmf ?l ?r*)) (\in) ($\{..<N\}$)
unfolding *map-fst-pair-pmf* **using** *Suc* **by** *simp*
hence *na-r*:
measure-pmf.neg-assoc (*pair-pmf ?l ?r*) ($\lambda i \omega. \text{snd } i \in \text{case-bool fst snd (fst } i)$
 ω) ($\{True\} \times \{..<N\}$)
unfolding *s neg-assoc-map-pmf* **by** (*subst measure-pmf.neg-assoc-reindex*)
(*auto intro:inj-onI*)

have *c: prob-space.indep-var* (*pair-pmf ?l ?r*)
(*PiM* ($\{True\} \times \{..<N\}$) ($\lambda-. \text{borel}$)) *x* (*PiM* ($\{False\} \times \{..<N\}$) ($\lambda-. \text{borel}$))
y
if $x = ((\lambda \omega. \lambda i \in \{True\} \times \{..<N\}. \text{snd } i \in \omega) \circ \text{fst})$ $y = ((\lambda \omega. \lambda i \in \{False\} \times$
 $\{..<N\}. \text{snd } i \in \omega) \circ \text{snd})$
for *x y*
unfolding *that* **by** (*intro prob-space.indep-var-compose[OF - indep-var-pair-pmf]*)
prob-space-measure-pmf)
(*auto simp:space-PiM*)

have *a:measure-pmf.neg-assoc* (*pair-pmf ?l ?r*) ($\lambda i \omega. \text{snd } i \in \text{case-bool fst snd}$
(*fst } i*) ω) ($UNIV \times \{..<N\}$)
by (*intro measure-pmf.neg-assoc-combine[OF - 0] na-l na-r c*) (*auto simp:*
restrict-def mem-Times-iff)
have *measure-pmf.neg-assoc* (*pair-pmf ?l ?r*) ($\lambda i \omega. f i (\lambda i. \text{snd } i \in \text{case-bool fst}$
snd (fst } i)) ω) ($\{..<N\}$)
by (*intro measure-pmf.neg-assoc-compose[OF - a, where deps= $\lambda j. UNIV \times \{j\}$*)
and $\eta = Fwd$)
monotoneI depends-onI f-borel) (*auto simp:f-def*)
hence *measure-pmf.neg-assoc* (*pair-pmf ?l ?r*) ($\lambda i \omega. i \in \text{fst } \omega \vee i \in \text{snd } \omega$)
 $\{..<N\}$)
unfolding *f-def* **by** (*simp add:case-prod-beta'*)
hence *measure-pmf.neg-assoc* (*map-pmf* (*case-prod* (\cup)) (*pair-pmf ?l ?r*)) (\in)
 $\{..<N\}$)
unfolding *neg-assoc-map-pmf* **by** (*simp add:case-prod-beta'*)
thus *?case* **by** (*simp add:pair-pmf-def map-bind-pmf Un-commute*)
qed

lemma *bloom-filter-cell-prob*:
assumes $d \leq N$ $i < N$
shows *measure* (*bloom-filter-pmf* n d N) $\{\omega. i \in \omega\} = 1 - (1 - \text{real } d / \text{real } N)^{\wedge n}$
proof –
have *measure* (*bloom-filter-pmf* n d N) $\{\omega. i \notin \omega\} = (1 - \text{real } d / \text{real } N)^{\wedge n}$
proof (*induction* n)
case 0 **thus** *?case* **by** *simp*
next
case (*Suc* n)
let *?p* = *pair-pmf* (*bloom-filter-pmf* n d N) (*pmf-of-set* $\{a. a \subseteq \{..<N\} \wedge \text{card}$
 $a = d\}$)

have $a: \{\omega. i \notin \text{fst } \omega \wedge i \notin \text{snd } \omega\} = (\{\omega. i \notin \omega\}) \times (\{\omega. i \notin \omega\})$ **by** *auto*

have $\text{measure } ?p \{\omega. i \notin \text{fst } \omega \wedge i \notin \text{snd } \omega\} = (1 - \text{real } d/N)^{\wedge n} * (1 - \text{real } d/\text{card } \{..<N\})$

using *assms unfolding a measure-pair-pmf*

by (*intro Suc n-subsets-prob(1) arg-cong2[where f=(*)] auto*)

also have $\dots = (1 - \text{real } d/N)^{\wedge (n+1)}$ **by** *simp*

finally have $\text{measure } ?p \{\omega. i \notin \text{fst } \omega \wedge i \notin \text{snd } \omega\} = (1 - \text{real } d/N)^{\wedge (n+1)}$

by *simp*

hence $\text{measure } (\text{map-pmf } (\lambda\omega. \text{snd } \omega \cup \text{fst } \omega) ?p) \{\omega. i \notin \omega\} = (1 - \text{real } d/N)^{\wedge (n+1)}$

by (*simp add:disj-commute*)

thus $?case$ **by** (*simp add:pair-pmf-def map-bind-pmf*)

qed

hence $1 - \text{measure } (\text{bloom-filter-pmf } n \ d \ N) \{\omega. i \in \omega\} = (1 - \text{real } d/\text{real } N)^{\wedge n}$

by (*subst measure-pmf.prob-compl[symmetric] (auto simp:set-diff-eq)*)

thus $?thesis$ **by** *simp*

qed

lemma *bloom-filter-false-positive-prob:*

assumes $d \leq N \ T \subseteq \{..<N\} \ \text{card } T = d$

shows $\text{measure } (\text{bloom-filter-pmf } n \ d \ N) \{\omega. T \subseteq \omega\} \leq (1 - (1 - \text{real } d/\text{real } N)^{\wedge n})^{\wedge d}$

(is $?L \leq ?R$)

proof –

let $?p = \text{bloom-filter-pmf } n \ d \ N$

have $na: \text{measure-pmf.neg-assoc } (\text{bloom-filter-pmf } n \ d \ N) (\lambda i \omega. i \in \omega) \ T$

by (*intro measure-pmf.neg-assoc-subset[OF assms(2) bloom-filter-neg-assoc] assms(1)*)

have $\text{fin-T: finite } T$ **using** *assms(2) finite-subset* **by** *auto*

hence $a: \text{of-bool } (T \subseteq y) = (\prod t \in T. \text{of-bool } (t \in y)::\text{real})$ **for** y

by (*induction T*) *auto*

have $?L = \text{measure } ?p (\{\omega. T \subseteq \omega\} \cap \text{space } ?p)$ **by** *simp*

also have $\dots = (\int \omega. (\prod t \in T. \text{of-bool}(t \in \omega)) \ \partial ?p)$

unfolding *Bochner-Integration.integral-indicator[symmetric] indicator-def*

using a **by** (*intro integral-cong-AE AE-pmfI*) *auto*

also have $\dots \leq (\prod t \in T. (\int \omega. \text{of-bool}(t \in \omega) \ \partial ?p))$

by (*intro has-int-thatD(2)[OF measure-pmf.neg-assoc-imp-prod-mono[OF - na, where $\eta=Fwd$]]*)

integrable-bounded-pmf bounded-range-imp[OF bounded-of-bool] fin-T

borel-measurable-continuous-onI (*auto intro:monoI*)

also have $\dots = (\prod t \in T. \text{measure } ?p (\{\omega. t \in \omega\} \cap \text{space } ?p))$

unfolding *Bochner-Integration.integral-indicator[symmetric] indicator-def* **by**

simp

also have $\dots = (\prod t \in T. \text{measure } ?p \{\omega. t \in \omega\})$ **by** *simp*

also have $\dots = (\prod t \in T. 1 - (1 - \text{real } d/\text{real } N)^{\wedge n})$

```

    using assms(1,2) by (intro prod.cong bloom-filter-cell-prob) auto
    also have ... = ?R using assms(3) by simp
    finally show ?thesis by simp
qed

end

```

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