

Algebra of Monotonic Boolean Transformers

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March 17, 2025

Abstract

Algebras of imperative programming languages have been successful in reasoning about programs. In general an algebra of programs is an algebraic structure with programs as elements and with program compositions (sequential composition, choice, skip) as algebra operations. Various versions of these algebras were introduced to model partial correctness, total correctness, refinement, demonic choice, and other aspects. We formalize here an algebra which can be used to model total correctness, refinement, demonic and angelic choice. The basic model of this algebra are monotonic Boolean transformers (monotonic functions from a Boolean algebra to itself).

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1 Introduction

Abstract algebra is a useful tool in mathematics. Rather than working with specific models like natural numbers and algebra of truth values, one could reason in a more abstract setting and obtain results which are more general

and applicable in different models. Algebras of logics are very important tools in studying various aspects of logical systems. Algebras of programming theories have also a significant contribution to the simplification of reasoning about programs. Programs are elements of an algebra and program compositions and program constants (sequential composition, choice, iteration, skip, fail) are the operations of the algebra. These operations satisfy a number of relations which are used for reasoning about programs. Kleene algebra with tests (KAT) [10] is an extension of Kleene algebra and it is suitable for reasoning about programs in a partial correctness framework. Various versions of Kleene algebras have been introduced, ranging from Kleene algebra with domain [7] and concurrent Kleene algebra [9] to an algebra for separation logic [6].

Refinement Calculus [1, 2, 5, 12] is a calculus based on (monotonic) predicate transformers suitable for program development in a total correctness framework. Within this calculus various aspects of imperative programming languages can be formalized. These include total correctness, partial correctness, demonic choice, and angelic choice. Demonic refinement algebra (DRA) was introduced in [15, 16] as a variation of KAT to allow also reasoning about total correctness. The intended model of DRA is the set of conjunctive predicate transformers and this algebra cannot represent angelic choice. General refinement algebra (GRA) was also introduced in [16], but few results were proved and they were mostly related to iteration. Although the intended model for GRA is the set of monotonic predicate transformers, GRA does not include the angelic choice operator. GRA has been further extended in [14] with enabledness and termination operators, and it was extended for probabilistic programs in [11].

This formalization is based on [13] where a different extension of GRA is introduced. In [13] GRA is extended with a dual operator [8, 3, 4, 5]. The intended model for this algebra is the set of monotonic Boolean transformers (monotonic functions from a Boolean algebra to itself).

This formalization is structured as follows. Section 2 introduces the monotonic Boolean transformers that are the basic model of the algebra. Section 3 introduces the monotonic Boolean transformers algebra and some of its properties. Section 4 introduces the Boolean algebra of assertions. In section 5 we introduce standard program statements and we prove their Hoare total correctness rules.

2 Monotonic Boolean Transformers

```
theory Mono-Bool-Tran
imports
  LatticeProperties.Complete-Lattice-Prop
  LatticeProperties.Conj-Disj
begin
```

The type of monotonic transformers is the type associated to the set of monotonic functions from a partially ordered set (poset) to itself. The type of monotonic transformers with the pointwise extended order is also a poset. The monotonic transformers with composition and identity form a monoid, and the monoid operation is compatible with the order.

Gradually we extend the algebraic structure of monotonic transformers to lattices, and complete lattices. We also introduce a dual operator $((\text{dual } f)p = -f(-p))$ on monotonic transformers over a boolean algebra. However the monotonic transformers over a boolean algebra are not closed to the pointwise extended negation operator.

Finally we introduce an iteration operator on monotonic transformers over a complete lattice.

unbundle *lattice-syntax*

lemma *Inf-comp-fun*:

$\prod M \circ f = (\prod m \in M. m \circ f)$
by (*simp add: fun-eq-iff image-comp*)

lemma *INF-comp-fun*:

$(\prod a \in A. g a) \circ f = (\prod a \in A. g a \circ f)$
by (*simp add: fun-eq-iff image-comp*)

lemma *Sup-comp-fun*:

$(\bigcup a \in A. g a) \circ f = (\bigcup a \in A. g a \circ f)$
by (*simp add: fun-eq-iff image-comp*)

lemma *SUP-comp-fun*:

$(\bigcup a \in A. g a) \circ f = (\bigcup a \in A. g a \circ f)$
by (*simp add: fun-eq-iff image-comp*)

lemma (**in** *order*) *mono-const* [*simp*]:

mono ($\lambda _. c$)
by (*auto intro: monoI*)

lemma (**in** *order*) *mono-id* [*simp*]:

mono id
by (*auto intro: order-class.monoI*)

lemma (**in** *order*) *mono-comp* [*simp*]:

mono f \implies *mono g* \implies *mono* ($f \circ g$)
by (*auto intro!: monoI elim!: monoE order-class.monoE*)

lemma (**in** *bot*) *mono-bot* [*simp*]:

mono \perp
by (*auto intro: monoI*)

lemma (**in** *top*) *mono-top* [*simp*]:

```

mono ⊤
by (auto intro: monoI)

```

```

lemma (in semilattice-inf) mono-inf [simp]:
assumes mono f and mono g
shows mono (f ⊓ g)
proof
fix a b
assume a ≤ b
have f a ⊓ g a ≤ f a by simp
also from ⟨mono f⟩ ⟨a ≤ b⟩ have ... ≤ f b by (auto elim: monoE)
finally have *: f a ⊓ g a ≤ f b .
have f a ⊓ g a ≤ g a by simp
also from ⟨mono g⟩ ⟨a ≤ b⟩ have ... ≤ g b by (auto elim: monoE)
finally have **: f a ⊓ g a ≤ g b .
from * ** show (f ⊓ g) a ≤ (f ⊓ g) b by auto
qed

```

```

lemma (in semilattice-sup) mono-sup [simp]:
assumes mono f and mono g
shows mono (f ⊔ g)
proof
fix a b
assume a ≤ b
from ⟨mono f⟩ ⟨a ≤ b⟩ have f a ≤ f b by (auto elim: monoE)
also have f b ≤ f b ⊔ g b by simp
finally have *: f a ≤ f b ⊔ g b .
from ⟨mono g⟩ ⟨a ≤ b⟩ have g a ≤ g b by (auto elim: monoE)
also have g b ≤ f b ⊔ g b by simp
finally have **: g a ≤ f b ⊔ g b .
from * ** show (f ⊔ g) a ≤ (f ⊔ g) b by auto
qed

```

```

lemma (in complete-lattice) mono-Inf [simp]:
assumes A ⊆ {f :: 'a ⇒ 'b: complete-lattice. mono f}
shows mono (⊖ A)
proof
fix a b
assume a ≤ b
{ fix f
assume f ∈ A
with assms have mono f by auto
with ⟨a ≤ b⟩ have f a ≤ f b by (auto elim: monoE)
}
then have (⊖ f ∈ A. f a) ≤ (⊖ f ∈ A. f b)
by (auto intro: complete-lattice-class.INF-greatest complete-lattice-class.INF-lower2)
then show (⊖ A) a ≤ (⊖ A) b by simp
qed

```

```

lemma (in complete-lattice) mono-Sup [simp]:
  assumes A ⊆ {f :: 'a ⇒ 'b:: complete-lattice. mono f}
  shows mono (⊔ A)
proof
  fix a b
  assume a ≤ b
  { fix f
    assume f ∈ A
    with assms have mono f by auto
    with ‹a ≤ b› have f a ≤ f b by (auto elim: monoE)
  }
  then have (⊔{f ∈ A. f a}) ≤ (⊔{f ∈ A. f b})
  by (auto intro: complete-lattice-class.SUP-least complete-lattice-class.SUP-upper2)
  then show (⊔ A) a ≤ (⊔ A) b by simp
qed

typedef (overloaded) 'a MonoTran = {f::'a::order ⇒ 'a . mono f}
proof
  show id ∈ ?MonoTran by simp
qed

lemma [simp]:
  mono (Rep-MonoTran f)
  using Rep-MonoTran [of f] by simp

setup-lifting type-definition-MonoTran

instantiation MonoTran :: (order) order
begin

lift-definition less-eq-MonoTran :: 'a MonoTran ⇒ 'a MonoTran ⇒ bool
  is less-eq .

lift-definition less-MonoTran :: 'a MonoTran ⇒ 'a MonoTran ⇒ bool
  is less .

instance
  by intro-classes (transfer, auto intro: order-antisym)+

end

instantiation MonoTran :: (order) monoid-mult
begin

lift-definition one-MonoTran :: 'a MonoTran
  is id
  by (fact mono-id)

lift-definition times-MonoTran :: 'a MonoTran ⇒ 'a MonoTran ⇒ 'a MonoTran

```

```

is comp
by (fact mono-comp)

instance
  by intro-classes (transfer, auto) +
end

instantiation MonoTran :: (order-bot) order-bot
begin

lift-definition bot-MonoTran :: 'a MonoTran
  is ⊥
  by (fact mono-bot)

instance
  by intro-classes (transfer, simp)

end

instantiation MonoTran :: (order-top) order-top
begin

lift-definition top-MonoTran :: 'a MonoTran
  is ⊤
  by (fact mono-top)

instance
  by intro-classes (transfer, simp)

end

instantiation MonoTran :: (lattice) lattice
begin

lift-definition inf-MonoTran :: 'a MonoTran ⇒ 'a MonoTran ⇒ 'a MonoTran
  is inf
  by (fact mono-inf)

lift-definition sup-MonoTran :: 'a MonoTran ⇒ 'a MonoTran ⇒ 'a MonoTran
  is sup
  by (fact mono-sup)

instance
  by intro-classes (transfer, simp) +
end

instance MonoTran :: (distrib-lattice) distrib-lattice

```

```

by intro-classes (transfer, rule sup-inf-distrib1)

instantiation MonoTran :: (complete-lattice) complete-lattice
begin

lift-definition Inf-MonoTran :: 'a MonoTran set  $\Rightarrow$  'a MonoTran
  is Inf
  by (rule mono-Inf) auto

lift-definition Sup-MonoTran :: 'a MonoTran set  $\Rightarrow$  'a MonoTran
  is Sup
  by (rule mono-Sup) auto

instance
  by intro-classes (transfer, simp add: Inf-lower Sup-upper Inf-greatest Sup-least)+

end

context includes lifting-syntax
begin

lemma [transfer-rule]:
  (rel-set A  $\implies$  (A  $\implies$  pcr-MonoTran HOL.eq)  $\implies$  pcr-MonoTran
  HOL.eq) ( $\lambda A f.$   $\sqcap(f`A)$ ) ( $\lambda A f.$   $\sqcap(f`A)$ )
  by transfer-prover

lemma [transfer-rule]:
  (rel-set A  $\implies$  (A  $\implies$  pcr-MonoTran HOL.eq)  $\implies$  pcr-MonoTran
  HOL.eq) ( $\lambda A f.$   $\sqcup(f`A)$ ) ( $\lambda A f.$   $\sqcup(f`A)$ )
  by transfer-prover

end

instance MonoTran :: (complete-distrib-lattice) complete-distrib-lattice
proof (intro-classes, transfer)
  fix A :: ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'a) set set
  assume  $\forall A \in A.$  Ball A mono
  from this have [simp]:  $\{f`A | f. \forall Y \in A. f Y \in Y\} = \{x. (\exists f. (\forall x. (\forall x \in x. mono x) \longrightarrow mono(f x)) \wedge x = f`A \wedge (\forall Y \in A. f Y \in Y)) \wedge (\forall x \in x. mono x)\}$ 
  apply safe
  apply (rule-tac x =  $\lambda x.$  if  $x \in A$  then  $f x$  else  $\perp$  in exI)
  apply (simp add: if-split image-def)
  by blast+

show  $\sqcap(Sup`A) \leq \sqcup(Inf`\{x. (\exists f \in Collect(pred-fun(\lambda A. Ball A mono) mono). x = f`A \wedge (\forall Y \in A. f Y \in Y)) \wedge Ball x mono\})$ 
  by (simp add: Inf-Sup)
qed

```

```

definition
dual-fun (f::'a::boolean-algebra  $\Rightarrow$  'a) = uminus  $\circ$  f  $\circ$  uminus

lemma dual-fun-apply [simp]:
dual-fun f p = - f (- p)
by (simp add: dual-fun-def)

lemma mono-dual-fun [simp]:
mono f  $\Rightarrow$  mono (dual-fun f)
apply (rule monoI)
apply (erule monoE)
apply auto
done

lemma (in order) mono-inf-fun [simp]:
fixes x :: 'b::semilattice-inf
shows mono (inf x)
by (auto intro!: order-class.monoI semilattice-inf-class.inf-mono)

lemma (in order) mono-sup-fun [simp]:
fixes x :: 'b::semilattice-sup
shows mono (sup x)
by (auto intro!: order-class.monoI semilattice-sup-class.sup-mono)

lemma mono-comp-fun:
fixes f :: 'a::order  $\Rightarrow$  'b::order
shows mono f  $\Rightarrow$  mono (( $\circ$ ) f)
by (rule monoI) (auto simp add: le-fun-def elim: monoE)

definition
Omega-fun f g = inf g  $\circ$  comp f

lemma Omega-fun-apply [simp]:
Omega-fun f g h p = (g p  $\sqcap$  f (h p))
by (simp add: Omega-fun-def)

lemma mono-Omega-fun [simp]:
mono f  $\Rightarrow$  mono (Omega-fun f g)
unfolding Omega-fun-def
by (auto intro: mono-comp mono-comp-fun)

lemma mono-mono-Omega-fun [simp]:
fixes f :: 'b::order  $\Rightarrow$  'a::semilattice-inf and g :: 'c::semilattice-inf  $\Rightarrow$  'a
shows mono f  $\Rightarrow$  mono g  $\Rightarrow$  mono-mono (Omega-fun f g)
apply (auto simp add: mono-mono-def Omega-fun-def)
apply (rule mono-comp)
apply (rule mono-inf-fun)

```

```

apply (rule mono-comp-fun)
apply assumption
done

definition
omega-fun f = lfp (Omega-fun f id)

definition
star-fun f = gfp (Omega-fun f id)

lemma mono-omega-fun [simp]:
fixes f :: 'a::complete-lattice ⇒ 'a
assumes mono f
shows mono (omega-fun f)
proof
fix a b :: 'a
assume a ≤ b
from assms have mono (lfp (Omega-fun f id))
by (auto intro: mono-mono-Omega-fun)
with ⟨a ≤ b⟩ show omega-fun f a ≤ omega-fun f b
by (auto simp add: omega-fun-def elim: monoE)
qed

lemma mono-star-fun [simp]:
fixes f :: 'a::complete-lattice ⇒ 'a
assumes mono f
shows mono (star-fun f)
proof
fix a b :: 'a
assume a ≤ b
from assms have mono (gfp (Omega-fun f id))
by (auto intro: mono-mono-Omega-fun)
with ⟨a ≤ b⟩ show star-fun f a ≤ star-fun f b
by (auto simp add: star-fun-def elim: monoE)
qed

lemma lfp-omega-lowerbound:
mono f ⇒ Omega-fun f g A ≤ A ⇒ omega-fun f ∘ g ≤ A
apply (simp add: omega-fun-def)
apply (rule-tac P = λ x . x ∘ g ≤ A and f = Omega-fun f id in lfp-ordinal-induct)
apply simp-all
apply (simp add: le-fun-def o-def inf-fun-def id-def Omega-fun-def)
apply auto
apply (rule-tac y = f (A x) ▷ g x in order-trans)
apply simp-all
apply (rule-tac y = f (S (g x)) in order-trans)
apply simp-all
apply (simp add: mono-def) apply (auto simp add: ac-simps)
apply (unfold Sup-comp-fun)

```

```

apply (rule SUP-least)
by auto

lemma gfp-omega-upperbound:
mono f  $\implies$  A  $\leq$  Omega-fun f g A  $\implies$  A  $\leq$  star-fun f  $\circ$  g
apply (simp add: star-fun-def)
apply (rule-tac P =  $\lambda x . A \leq x \circ g$  and f = Omega-fun f id in gfp-ordinal-induct)
apply simp-all
apply (simp add: le-fun-def o-def inf-fun-def id-def Omega-fun-def)
apply auto
apply (rule-tac y = f (A x)  $\sqcap$  g x in order-trans)
apply simp-all
apply (rule-tac y = f (A x) in order-trans)
apply simp-all
apply (simp add: mono-def)
apply (unfold Inf-comp-fun)
apply (rule INF-greatest)
by auto

lemma lfp-omega-greatest:
assumes  $\bigwedge u . \text{Omega-fun } f g u \leq u \implies A \leq u$ 
shows A  $\leq$  omega-fun f  $\circ$  g
apply (unfold omega-fun-def)
apply (simp add: lfp-def)
apply (unfold Inf-comp-fun)
apply (rule INF-greatest)
apply simp
apply (rule assms)
apply (simp add: le-fun-def)
done

lemma gfp-star-least:
assumes  $\bigwedge u . u \leq \text{Omega-fun } f g u \implies u \leq A$ 
shows star-fun f  $\circ$  g  $\leq A$ 
apply (unfold star-fun-def)
apply (simp add: gfp-def)
apply (unfold Sup-comp-fun)
apply (rule SUP-least)
apply simp
apply (rule assms)
apply (simp add: le-fun-def)
done

lemma lfp-omega:
mono f  $\implies$  omega-fun f  $\circ$  g = lfp (Omega-fun f g)
apply (rule antisym)
apply (rule lfp-omega-lowerbound)
apply simp-all
apply (simp add: lfp-def)

```

```

apply (rule Inf-greatest)
apply safe
apply (rule-tac y = Omega-fun f g x in order-trans)
apply simp-all
apply (rule-tac f = Omega-fun f g in monoD)
apply simp-all
apply (rule Inf-lower)
apply simp
apply (rule lfp-omega-greatest)
apply (simp add: lfp-def)
apply (rule Inf-lower)
by simp

lemma gfp-star:
mono f ==> star-fun f o g = gfp (Omega-fun f g)
apply (rule antisym)
apply (rule gfp-star-least)
apply (simp add: gfp-def)
apply (rule Sup-upper, simp)
apply (rule gfp-omega-upperbound)
apply simp-all
apply (simp add: gfp-def)
apply (rule Sup-least)
apply safe
apply (rule-tac y = Omega-fun f g x in order-trans)
apply simp-all
apply (rule-tac f = Omega-fun f g in monoD)
apply simp-all
apply (rule Sup-upper)
by simp

definition
assert-fun p q = (p ⊓ q :: 'a::semilattice-inf)

lemma mono-assert-fun [simp]:
mono (assert-fun p)
apply (simp add: assert-fun-def mono-def, safe)
by (rule-tac y = x in order-trans, simp-all)

lemma assert-fun-le-id [simp]: assert-fun p ≤ id
by (simp add: assert-fun-def id-def le-fun-def)

lemma assert-fun-disjunctive [simp]: assert-fun (p::'a::distrib-lattice) ∈ Apply.disjunctive
by (simp add: assert-fun-def Apply.disjunctive-def inf-sup-distrib)

definition
assertion-fun = range assert-fun

lemma assert-cont:

```

```

(x :: 'a::boolean-algebra  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\leq id \Rightarrow x \in Apply.\text{disjunctive} \Rightarrow x = \text{assert-fun}$ 
(x  $\top$ )
  apply (rule antisym)
  apply (simp-all add: le-fun-def assert-fun-def, safe)
  apply (rule-tac f = x in monoD, simp-all)
  apply (subgoal-tac x top = sup (x xa) (x (-xa)))
  apply simp
  apply (subst inf-sup-distrib)
  apply simp
  apply (rule-tac y = inf (- xa) xa in order-trans)
  supply [[simproc del: boolean-algebra-cancel-inf]]
  apply (simp del: compl-inf-bot)
  apply (rule-tac y = x (- xa) in order-trans)
  apply simp
  apply simp
  apply simp
  apply (cut-tac x = x and y = xa and z = -xa in Apply.\text{disjunctive}D, simp)
  apply (subst (asm) sup-commute)
  apply (subst (asm) compl-sup-top)
  by simp

lemma assertion-fun-disj-less-one: assertion-fun = Apply.\text{disjunctive}  $\cap \{x::'a::\text{boolean-algebra}$ 
 $\Rightarrow 'a . x \leq id\}$ 
  apply safe
  apply (simp-all add: assertion-fun-def, auto simp add: image-def)
  apply (rule-tac x = x  $\top$  in exI)
  by (rule assert-cont, simp-all)

lemma assert-fun-dual: ((assert-fun p) o  $\top$ )  $\sqcap$  (dual-fun (assert-fun p)) = assert-fun p
  by (simp add: fun-eq-iff inf-fun-def dual-fun-def o-def assert-fun-def top-fun-def
    inf-sup-distrib)

lemma assertion-fun-dual: x  $\in$  assertion-fun  $\Rightarrow$  (x o  $\top$ )  $\sqcap$  (dual-fun x) = x
  by (simp add: assertion-fun-def, safe, simp add: assert-fun-dual)

lemma assertion-fun-MonoTran [simp]: x  $\in$  assertion-fun  $\Rightarrow$  mono x
  by (unfold assertion-fun-def, auto)

lemma assertion-fun-le-one [simp]: x  $\in$  assertion-fun  $\Rightarrow$  x  $\leq id$ 
  by (unfold assertion-fun-def, auto)

end

```

3 Algebra of Monotonic Boolean Transformers

```

theory Mono-Bool-Tran-Algebra
imports Mono-Bool-Tran
begin

```

In this section we introduce the *algebra of monotonic boolean transformers*. This is a bounded distributive lattice with a monoid operation, a dual operator and an iteration operator. The standard model for this algebra is the set of monotonic boolean transformers introduced in the previous section.

```

class dual =
  fixes dual::'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a ( $\langle - \wedge o \rangle$  [81] 80)

class omega =
  fixes omega::'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a ( $\langle - \wedge \omega \rangle$  [81] 80)

class star =
  fixes star::'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a ( $\langle (- \wedge *) \rangle$  [81] 80)

class dual-star =
  fixes dual-star::'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a ( $\langle (- \wedge \otimes) \rangle$  [81] 80)

class mbt-algebra = monoid-mult + dual + omega + distrib-lattice + order-top +
order-bot + star + dual-star +
assumes
  dual-le:  $(x \leq y) = (y \wedge o \leq x \wedge o)$ 
  and dual-dual [simp]:  $(x \wedge o) \wedge o = x$ 
  and dual-comp:  $(x * y) \wedge o = x \wedge o * y \wedge o$ 
  and dual-one [simp]:  $1 \wedge o = 1$ 
  and top-comp [simp]:  $\top * x = \top$ 
  and inf-comp:  $(x \sqcap y) * z = (x * z) \sqcap (y * z)$ 
  and le-comp:  $x \leq y \implies z * x \leq z * y$ 
  and dual-neg:  $(x * \top) \sqcap (x \wedge o * \perp) = \perp$ 
  and omega-fix:  $x \wedge \omega = (x * (x \wedge \omega)) \sqcap 1$ 
  and omega-least:  $(x * z) \sqcap y \leq z \implies (x \wedge \omega) * y \leq z$ 
  and star-fix:  $x \wedge * = (x * (x \wedge *)) \sqcap 1$ 
  and star-greatest:  $z \leq (x * z) \sqcap y \implies z \leq (x \wedge *) * y$ 
  and dual-star-def:  $(x \wedge \otimes) = (((x \wedge o) \wedge *) \wedge o)$ 
begin

lemma le-comp-right:  $x \leq y \implies x * z \leq y * z$ 
  apply (cut-tac x = x and y = y and z = z in inf-comp)
  apply (simp add: inf-absorb1)
  apply (subgoal-tac x * z  $\sqcap$  (y * z)  $\leq$  y * z)
  apply simp
  by (rule inf-le2)

subclass bounded-lattice
  proof qed

end

instantiation MonoTran :: (complete-boolean-algebra) mbt-algebra
begin
```

```

lift-definition dual-MonoTran :: 'a MonoTran  $\Rightarrow$  'a MonoTran
  is dual-fun
  by (fact mono-dual-fun)

lift-definition omega-MonoTran :: 'a MonoTran  $\Rightarrow$  'a MonoTran
  is omega-fun
  by (fact mono-omega-fun)

lift-definition star-MonoTran :: 'a MonoTran  $\Rightarrow$  'a MonoTran
  is star-fun
  by (fact mono-star-fun)

definition dual-star-MonoTran :: 'a MonoTran  $\Rightarrow$  'a MonoTran
where
  ( $x::('a MonoTran)$ )  $\wedge \otimes = ((x \wedge o) \wedge *) \wedge o$ 

instance proof
  fix x y :: 'a MonoTran show ( $x \leq y$ )  $= (y \wedge o \leq x \wedge o)$ 
    apply transfer
    apply (auto simp add: fun-eq-iff le-fun-def)
    apply (drule-tac x = -xa in spec)
    apply simp
    done
  next
    fix x :: 'a MonoTran show ( $x \wedge o$ )  $\wedge o = x$ 
    apply transfer
    apply (simp add: fun-eq-iff)
    done
  next
    fix x y :: 'a MonoTran show ( $x * y$ )  $\wedge o = x \wedge o * y \wedge o$ 
    apply transfer
    apply (simp add: fun-eq-iff)
    done
  next
    show ( $1::'a MonoTran$ )  $\wedge o = 1$ 
    apply transfer
    apply (simp add: fun-eq-iff)
    done
  next
    fix x :: 'a MonoTran show  $\top * x = \top$ 
    apply transfer
    apply (simp add: fun-eq-iff)
    done
  next
    fix x y z :: 'a MonoTran show ( $x \sqcap y$ ) * z  $= (x * z) \sqcap (y * z)$ 
    apply transfer
    apply (simp add: fun-eq-iff)
    done
  next

```

```

fix x y z :: 'a MonoTran assume A:  $x \leq y$  from A show  $z * x \leq z * y$ 
  apply transfer
  apply (auto simp add: le-fun-def elim: monoE)
  done
next
fix x :: 'a MonoTran show  $x * \top \sqcap (x \wedge o * \perp) = \perp$ 
  apply transfer
  apply (simp add: fun-eq-iff)
  done
next
fix x :: 'a MonoTran show  $x \wedge \omega = x * x \wedge \omega \sqcap 1$ 
  apply transfer
  apply (simp add: fun-eq-iff)
  apply (simp add: omega-fun-def Omega-fun-def)
  apply (subst lfp-unfold, simp-all add: ac-simps)
  apply (auto intro!: mono-comp mono-comp-fun)
  done
next
fix x y z :: 'a MonoTran assume A:  $x * z \sqcap y \leq z$  from A show  $x \wedge \omega * y \leq z$ 
  apply transfer
  apply (auto simp add: lfp-omega lfp-def)
  apply (rule Inf-lower)
  apply (auto simp add: Omega-fun-def ac-simps)
  done
next
fix x :: 'a MonoTran show  $x \wedge * = x * x \wedge * \sqcap 1$ 
  apply transfer
  apply (auto simp add: star-fun-def Omega-fun-def)
  apply (subst gfp-unfold, simp-all add: ac-simps)
  apply (auto intro!: mono-comp mono-comp-fun)
  done
next
fix x y z :: 'a MonoTran assume A:  $z \leq x * z \sqcap y$  from A show  $z \leq x \wedge * * y$ 
  apply transfer
  apply (auto simp add: gfp-star gfp-def)
  apply (rule Sup-upper)
  apply (auto simp add: Omega-fun-def)
  done
next
fix x :: 'a MonoTran show  $x \wedge \otimes = ((x \wedge o) \wedge *) \wedge o$ 
  by (simp add: dual-star-MonoTran-def)
qed

context mbt-algebra begin

lemma dual-top [simp]:  $\top \wedge o = \perp$ 
  apply (rule order.antisym, simp-all)

```

by (*subst dual-le, simp*)

lemma *dual-bot* [*simp*]: $\perp \wedge o = \top$
apply (*rule order.antisym, simp-all*)
by (*subst dual-le, simp*)

lemma *dual-inf*: $(x \sqcap y) \wedge o = (x \wedge o) \sqcup (y \wedge o)$
apply (*rule order.antisym, simp-all, safe*)
apply (*subst dual-le, simp, safe*)
apply (*subst dual-le, simp*)
apply (*subst dual-le, simp*)
apply (*subst dual-le, simp*)
by (*subst dual-le, simp*)

lemma *dual-sup*: $(x \sqcup y) \wedge o = (x \wedge o) \sqcap (y \wedge o)$
apply (*rule order.antisym, simp-all, safe*)
apply (*subst dual-le, simp*)
apply (*subst dual-le, simp*)
apply (*subst dual-le, simp, safe*)
apply (*subst dual-le, simp*)
by (*subst dual-le, simp*)

lemma *sup-comp*: $(x \sqcup y) * z = (x * z) \sqcup (y * z)$
apply (*subgoal-tac* $((x \wedge o) \sqcap y \wedge o) * z \wedge o = ((x \wedge o) * z \wedge o) \sqcap (y \wedge o * z \wedge o)$)
apply (*simp add: dual-inf dual-comp*)
by (*simp add: inf-comp*)

lemma *dual-eq*: $x \wedge o = y \wedge o \implies x = y$
apply (*subgoal-tac* $(x \wedge o) \wedge o = (y \wedge o) \wedge o$)
apply (*subst (asm) dual-dual*)
apply (*subst (asm) dual-dual*)
by *simp-all*

lemma *dual-neg-top* [*simp*]: $(x \wedge o * \perp) \sqcup (x * \top) = \top$
apply (*rule dual-eq*)
by (*simp add: dual-sup dual-comp dual-neg*)

lemma *bot-comp* [*simp*]: $\perp * x = \perp$
by (*rule dual-eq, simp add: dual-comp*)

lemma [*simp*]: $(x * \top) * y = x * \top$
by (*simp add: mult.assoc*)

lemma [*simp*]: $(x * \perp) * y = x * \perp$
by (*simp add: mult.assoc*)

lemma *gt-one-comp*: $1 \leq x \implies y \leq x * y$
by (*cut-tac* $x = 1$ **and** $y = x$ **and** $z = y$ **in** *le-comp-right*, *simp-all*)

theorem *omega-comp-fix*: $x \wedge \omega * y = (x * (x \wedge \omega) * y) \sqcap y$
apply (*subst omega-fix*)
by (*simp add: inf-comp*)

theorem *dual-star-fix*: $x \wedge \otimes = (x * (x \wedge \otimes)) \sqcup 1$
by (*metis dual-comp dual-dual dual-inf dual-one dual-star-def star-fix*)

theorem *star-comp-fix*: $x \wedge * * y = (x * (x \wedge *) * y) \sqcap y$
apply (*subst star-fix*)
by (*simp add: inf-comp*)

theorem *dual-star-comp-fix*: $x \wedge \otimes * y = (x * (x \wedge \otimes) * y) \sqcup y$
apply (*subst dual-star-fix*)
by (*simp add: sup-comp*)

theorem *dual-star-least*: $(x * z) \sqcup y \leq z \implies (x \wedge \otimes) * y \leq z$
apply (*subst dual-le*)
apply (*simp add: dual-star-def dual-comp*)
apply (*rule star-greatest*)
apply (*subst dual-le*)
by (*simp add: dual-inf dual-comp*)

lemma *omega-one [simp]*: $1 \wedge \omega = \perp$
apply (*rule order.antisym, simp-all*)
by (*cut-tac* $x = 1 :: 'a$ **and** $y = 1$ **and** $z = \perp$ **in** *omega-least*, *simp-all*)

lemma *omega-mono*: $x \leq y \implies x \wedge \omega \leq y \wedge \omega$
apply (*cut-tac* $x = x$ **and** $y = 1$ **and** $z = y \wedge \omega$ **in** *omega-least*, *simp-all*)
apply (*subst* (2) *omega-fix*, *simp-all*)
apply (*rule-tac* $y = x * y \wedge \omega$ **in** *order-trans*, *simp*)
by (*rule le-comp-right, simp*)
end

sublocale *mbt-algebra* < *conjunctive inf inf times*
done
sublocale *mbt-algebra* < *disjunctive sup sup times*
done

context *mbt-algebra* **begin**
lemma *dual-conjunctive*: $x \in \text{conjunctive} \implies x \wedge o \in \text{disjunctive}$
apply (*simp add: conjunctive-def disjunctive-def*)
apply *safe*
apply (*rule dual-eq*)
by (*simp add: dual-comp dual-sup*)

```

lemma dual-disjunctive:  $x \in \text{disjunctive} \implies x \wedge o \in \text{conjunctive}$ 
  apply (simp add: conjunctive-def disjunctive-def)
  apply safe
  apply (rule dual-eq)
  by (simp add: dual-comp dual-inf)

lemma comp-pres-conj:  $x \in \text{conjunctive} \implies y \in \text{conjunctive} \implies x * y \in \text{conjunctive}$ 
  apply (subst conjunctive-def, safe)
  by (simp add: mult.assoc conjunctiveD)

lemma comp-pres-disj:  $x \in \text{disjunctive} \implies y \in \text{disjunctive} \implies x * y \in \text{disjunctive}$ 
  apply (subst disjunctive-def, safe)
  by (simp add: mult.assoc disjunctiveD)

lemma start-pres-conj:  $x \in \text{conjunctive} \implies (x \wedge *) \in \text{conjunctive}$ 
  apply (subst conjunctive-def, safe)
  apply (rule order.antisym, simp-all)
  apply (metis inf-le1 inf-le2 le-comp)
  apply (rule star-greatest)
  apply (subst conjunctiveD, simp)
  apply (subst star-comp-fix)
  apply (subst star-comp-fix)
  by (metis inf.assoc inf-left-commute mult.assoc order-refl)

lemma dual-star-pres-disj:  $x \in \text{disjunctive} \implies x \wedge \otimes \in \text{disjunctive}$ 
  apply (simp add: dual-star-def)
  apply (rule dual-conjunctive)
  apply (rule start-pres-conj)
  by (rule dual-disjunctive, simp)

```

3.1 Assertions

Usually, in Kleene algebra with tests or in other program algebras, tests or assertions or assumptions are defined using an existential quantifier. An element of the algebra is a test if it has a complement with respect to \perp and 1 . In this formalization assertions can be defined much simpler using the dual operator.

definition

$$\text{assertion} = \{x . x \leq 1 \wedge (x * \top) \sqcap (x \wedge o) = x\}$$

```

lemma assertion-prop:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies (x * \top) \sqcap 1 = x$ 
  apply (simp add: assertion-def)
  apply safe
  apply (rule order.antisym)
  apply simp-all
  proof -
    assume [simp]:  $x \leq 1$ 

```

```

assume A:  $x * \top \sqcap x \wedge o = x$ 
have  $x * \top \sqcap 1 \leq x * \top \sqcap x \wedge o$ 
  apply simp
  apply (rule-tac y = 1 in order-trans)
  apply simp
  apply (subst dual-le)
  by simp
also have ... =  $x$  by (cut-tac A, simp)
finally show  $x * \top \sqcap 1 \leq x$  .

next
assume A:  $x * \top \sqcap x \wedge o = x$ 
have  $x = x * \top \sqcap x \wedge o$  by (simp add: A)
also have ...  $\leq x * \top$  by simp
finally show  $x \leq x * \top$  .

qed

lemma dual-assertion-prop:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies ((x \wedge o) * \perp) \sqcup 1 = x \wedge o$ 
  apply (rule dual-eq)
  by (simp add: dual-sup dual-comp assertion-prop)

lemma assertion-disjunctive:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies x \in \text{disjunctive}$ 
  apply (simp add: disjunctive-def, safe)
  apply (drule assertion-prop)
  proof -
    assume A:  $x * \top \sqcap 1 = x$ 
    fix y z::'a
    have  $x * (y \sqcup z) = (x * \top \sqcap 1) * (y \sqcup z)$  by (cut-tac A, simp)
    also have ... =  $(x * \top) \sqcap (y \sqcup z)$  by (simp add: inf-comp)
    also have ... =  $((x * \top) \sqcap y) \sqcup ((x * \top) \sqcap z)$  by (simp add: inf-sup-distrib)
    also have ... =  $((x * \top) \sqcap 1) * y \sqcup (((x * \top) \sqcap 1) * z)$  by (simp add: inf-comp)
    also have ... =  $x * y \sqcup x * z$  by (cut-tac A, simp)
    finally show  $x * (y \sqcup z) = x * y \sqcup x * z$  .

qed

lemma Abs-MonoTran-injective:  $\text{mono } x \implies \text{mono } y \implies \text{Abs-MonoTran } x = \text{Abs-MonoTran } y \implies x = y$ 
  apply (subgoal-tac Rep-MonoTran (Abs-MonoTran x) = Rep-MonoTran (Abs-MonoTran y))
  apply (subst (asm) Abs-MonoTran-inverse, simp)
  by (subst (asm) Abs-MonoTran-inverse, simp-all)
end

lemma mbta-MonoTran-disjunctive:  $\text{Rep-MonoTran} \cdot \text{disjunctive} = \text{Apply.disjunctive}$ 
  apply (simp add: disjunctive-def Apply.disjunctive-def)
  apply transfer
  apply auto
  proof -
    fix f :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a and a b

```

```

assume prem:  $\forall y. \text{mono } y \longrightarrow (\forall z. \text{mono } z \longrightarrow f \circ y \sqcup z = (f \circ y) \sqcup (f \circ z))$ 
{ fix g h :: 'b  $\Rightarrow$  'a
  assume mono g and mono h
  then have  $f \circ g \sqcup h = (f \circ g) \sqcup (f \circ h)$ 
    using prem by blast
} note * = this
assume mono f
show  $f(a \sqcup b) = f a \sqcup f b$  (is ?P = ?Q)
proof (rule order-antisym)
  show ?P  $\leq$  ?Q
    using * [of  $\lambda\_. a \lambda\_. b$ ] by (simp add: comp-def fun-eq-iff)
next
  from ⟨mono f⟩ show ?Q  $\leq$  ?P
    using Fun.semilattice-sup-class.mono-sup by blast
  qed
next
  fix f :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a
  assume  $\forall y z. f(y \sqcup z) = f y \sqcup f z$ 
  then have *:  $\bigwedge y z. f(y \sqcup z) = f y \sqcup f z$  by blast
  show mono f
  proof
    fix a b :: 'a
    assume a  $\leq$  b
    then show  $f a \leq f b$ 
      unfolding sup.order-iff * [symmetric] by simp
  qed
qed

lemma assertion-MonoTran: assertion = Abs-MonoTran ` assertion-fun
  apply (safe)
  apply (subst assertion-fun-disj-less-one)
  apply (simp add: image-def)
  apply (rule-tac x = Rep-MonoTran x in bexI)
  apply (simp add: Rep-MonoTran-inverse)
  apply safe
  apply (drule assertion-disjunctive)
  apply (unfold mbta-MonoTran-disjunctive [THEN sym], simp)
  apply (simp add: assertion-def less-eq-MonoTran-def one-MonoTran-def Abs-MonoTran-inverse)
  apply (simp add: assertion-def)
  by (simp-all add: inf-MonoTran-def less-eq-MonoTran-def
    times-MonoTran-def dual-MonoTran-def top-MonoTran-def Abs-MonoTran-inverse
    one-MonoTran-def assertion-fun-dual)

context mbt-algebra begin
lemma assertion-conjunctive:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies x \in \text{conjunctive}$ 
  apply (simp add: conjunctive-def, safe)
  apply (drule assertion-prop)
proof –
  assume A:  $x * \top \sqcap 1 = x$ 

```

```

fix y z::'a
have x * (y ∩ z) = (x * ⊤ ∩ 1) * (y ∩ z) by (cut-tac A, simp)
also have ... = (x * ⊤) ∩ (y ∩ z) by (simp add: inf-comp)
also have ... = ((x * ⊤) ∩ y) ∩ ((x * ⊤) ∩ z)
  apply (rule order.antisym, simp-all, safe)
  apply (rule-tac y = y ∩ z in order-trans)
  apply (rule inf-le2)
  apply simp
  apply (rule-tac y = y ∩ z in order-trans)
  apply (rule inf-le2)
  apply simp-all
  apply (simp add: inf-assoc)
  apply (rule-tac y = x * ⊤ ∩ y in order-trans)
  apply (rule inf-le1)
  apply simp
  apply (rule-tac y = x * ⊤ ∩ z in order-trans)
  apply (rule inf-le2)
  by simp
  also have ... = (((x * ⊤) ∩ 1) * y) ∩ (((x * ⊤) ∩ 1) * z) by (simp add:
inf-comp)
  also have ... = (x * y) ∩ (x * z) by (cut-tac A, simp)
  finally show x * (y ∩ z) = (x * y) ∩ (x * z) .
qed

lemma dual-assertion-conjunctive: x ∈ assertion ==> x ^ o ∈ conjunctive
  apply (drule assertion-disjunctive)
  by (rule dual-disjunctive, simp)

lemma dual-assertion-disjunct: x ∈ assertion ==> x ^ o ∈ disjunctive
  apply (drule assertion-conjunctive)
  by (rule dual-conjunctive, simp)

lemma [simp]: x ∈ assertion ==> y ∈ assertion ==> x ∩ y ≤ x * y
  apply (simp add: assertion-def, safe)
  proof -
    assume A: x ≤ 1
    assume B: x * ⊤ ∩ x ^ o = x
    assume C: y ≤ 1
    assume D: y * ⊤ ∩ y ^ o = y
    have x ∩ y = (x * ⊤ ∩ x ^ o) ∩ (y * ⊤ ∩ y ^ o) by (cut-tac B D, simp)
    also have ... ≤ (x * ⊤) ∩ (((x ^ o) * (y * ⊤)) ∩ ((x ^ o) * (y ^ o)))
    apply (simp, safe)
      apply (rule-tac y = x * ⊤ ∩ x ^ o in order-trans)
      apply (rule inf-le1)
      apply simp
      apply (rule-tac y = y * ⊤ in order-trans)
      apply (rule-tac y = y * ⊤ ∩ y ^ o in order-trans)
      apply (rule inf-le2)

```

```

apply simp
apply (rule gt-one-comp)
apply (subst dual-le, simp add: A)
apply (rule-tac y = y  $\wedge$  o in order-trans)
apply (rule-tac y = y *  $\top$   $\sqcap$  y  $\wedge$  o in order-trans)
apply (rule inf-le2)
apply simp
apply (rule gt-one-comp)
by (subst dual-le, simp add: A)
also have ... = ((x *  $\top$ )  $\sqcap$  (x  $\wedge$  o)) * ((y *  $\top$ )  $\sqcap$  (y  $\wedge$  o))
apply (cut-tac x = x in dual-assertion-conjunctive)
apply (cut-tac A, cut-tac B, simp add: assertion-def)
by (simp add: inf-comp conjunctiveD)
also have ... = x * y
by (cut-tac B, cut-tac D, simp)
finally show x  $\sqcap$  y  $\leq$  x * y .
qed

lemma [simp]: x ∈ assertion  $\Rightarrow$  x * y  $\leq$  y
by (unfold assertion-def, cut-tac x = x and y = 1 and z = y in le-comp-right,
simp-all)

lemma [simp]: x ∈ assertion  $\Rightarrow$  y ∈ assertion  $\Rightarrow$  x * y  $\leq$  x
apply (subgoal-tac x * y  $\leq$  (x *  $\top$ )  $\sqcap$  (x  $\wedge$  o))
apply (simp add: assertion-def)
apply (simp, safe)
apply (rule le-comp, simp)
apply (rule-tac y = 1 in order-trans)
apply (rule-tac y = y in order-trans)
apply simp
apply (simp add: assertion-def)
by (subst dual-le, simp add: assertion-def)

lemma assertion-inf-comp-eq: x ∈ assertion  $\Rightarrow$  y ∈ assertion  $\Rightarrow$  x  $\sqcap$  y = x * y
by (rule order.antisym, simp-all)

lemma one-right-assertion [simp]: x ∈ assertion  $\Rightarrow$  x * 1 = x
apply (drule assertion-prop)
proof -
assume A: x *  $\top$   $\sqcap$  1 = x
have x * 1 = (x *  $\top$   $\sqcap$  1) * 1 by (simp add: A)
also have ... = x *  $\top$   $\sqcap$  1 by (simp add: inf-comp)
also have ... = x by (simp add: A)
finally show ?thesis .
qed

lemma [simp]: x ∈ assertion  $\Rightarrow$  x  $\sqcup$  1 = 1
by (rule order.antisym, simp-all add: assertion-def)

```

```

lemma [simp]:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies 1 \sqcup x = 1$ 
by (rule order.antisym, simp-all add: assertion-def)

lemma [simp]:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies x \sqcap 1 = x$ 
by (rule order.antisym, simp-all add: assertion-def)

lemma [simp]:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies 1 \sqcap x = x$ 
by (rule order.antisym, simp-all add: assertion-def)

lemma [simp]:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies x \leq x * \top$ 
by (cut-tac  $x = 1$  and  $y = \top$  and  $z = x$  in le-comp, simp-all)

lemma [simp]:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies x \leq 1$ 
by (simp add: assertion-def)

definition
neg-assert ( $x::'a$ ) =  $(x \wedge o * \perp) \sqcap 1$ 

lemma sup-uminus[simp]:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies x \sqcup \text{neg-assert } x = 1$ 
apply (simp add: neg-assert-def)
apply (simp add: sup-inf-distrib)
apply (rule order.antisym, simp-all)
apply (unfold assertion-def)
apply safe
apply (subst dual-le)
apply (simp add: dual-sup dual-comp)
apply (subst inf-commute)
by simp

lemma inf-uminus[simp]:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies x \sqcap \text{neg-assert } x = \perp$ 
apply (simp add: neg-assert-def)
apply (rule order.antisym, simp-all)
apply (rule-tac  $y = x \sqcap (x \wedge o * \perp)$  in order-trans)
apply simp
apply (rule-tac  $y = x \wedge o * \perp \sqcap 1$  in order-trans)
apply (rule inf-le2)
apply simp
apply (rule-tac  $y = (x * \top) \sqcap (x \wedge o * \perp)$  in order-trans)
apply simp
apply (rule-tac  $y = x$  in order-trans)
apply simp-all
by (simp add: dual-neg)

lemma uminus-assertion[simp]:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies \text{neg-assert } x \in \text{assertion}$ 
apply (subst assertion-def)
apply (simp add: neg-assert-def)

```

```

apply (simp add: inf-comp dual-inf dual-comp inf-sup-distrib)
apply (subst inf-commute)
by (simp add: dual-neg)

lemma uminus-uminus [simp]:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies \neg\text{-assert}(\neg\text{-assert } x) = x$ 
apply (simp add: neg-assert-def)
by (simp add: dual-inf dual-comp sup-comp assertion-prop)

lemma dual-comp-neg [simp]:  $x \wedge o * y \sqcup (\neg\text{-assert } x) * \top = x \wedge o * y$ 
apply (simp add: neg-assert-def inf-comp)
apply (rule order.antisym, simp-all)
by (rule le-comp, simp)

lemma [simp]:  $(\neg\text{-assert } x) \wedge o * y \sqcup x * \top = (\neg\text{-assert } x) \wedge o * y$ 
apply (simp add: neg-assert-def inf-comp dual-inf dual-comp sup-comp)
by (rule order.antisym, simp-all)

lemma [simp]:  $x * \top \sqcup (\neg\text{-assert } x) \wedge o * y = (\neg\text{-assert } x) \wedge o * y$ 
by (simp add: neg-assert-def inf-comp dual-inf dual-comp sup-comp)

lemma inf-assertion [simp]:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies y \in \text{assertion} \implies x \sqcap y \in \text{assertion}$ 
apply (subst assertion-def)
apply safe
apply (rule-tac  $y = x$  in order-trans)
apply simp-all
apply (simp add: assertion-inf-comp-eq)
proof -
assume A:  $x \in \text{assertion}$ 
assume B:  $y \in \text{assertion}$ 
have C:  $(x * \top) \sqcap (x \wedge o) = x$ 
by (cut-tac A, unfold assertion-def, simp)
have D:  $(y * \top) \sqcap (y \wedge o) = y$ 
by (cut-tac B, unfold assertion-def, simp)
have  $x * y = ((x * \top) \sqcap (x \wedge o)) * ((y * \top) \sqcap (y \wedge o))$  by (simp add: C D)
also have ... =  $x * \top \sqcap ((x \wedge o) * ((y * \top) \sqcap (y \wedge o)))$  by (simp add: inf-comp)
also have ... =  $x * \top \sqcap ((x \wedge o) * (y * \top)) \sqcap ((x \wedge o) * (y \wedge o))$ 
by (cut-tac A, cut-tac  $x = x$  in dual-assertion-conjunctive, simp-all add: conjunctiveD inf-assoc)
also have ... =  $((x * \top) \sqcap (x \wedge o)) * (y * \top) \sqcap ((x \wedge o) * (y \wedge o))$ 
by (simp add: inf-comp)
also have ... =  $(x * y * \top) \sqcap ((x * y) \wedge o)$  by (simp add: C mult.assoc dual-comp)
finally show  $(x * y * \top) \sqcap ((x * y) \wedge o) = x * y$  by simp
qed

lemma comp-assertion [simp]:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies y \in \text{assertion} \implies x * y \in \text{assertion}$ 
by (subst assertion-inf-comp-eq [THEN sym], simp-all)

```

```

lemma sup-assertion [simp]:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies y \in \text{assertion} \implies x \sqcup y \in \text{assertion}$ 
  apply (subst assertion-def)
  apply safe
  apply (unfold assertion-def)
  apply simp
  apply safe
  proof -
    assume [simp]:  $x \leq 1$ 
    assume [simp]:  $y \leq 1$ 
    assume A:  $x * \top \sqcap x \wedge o = x$ 
    assume B:  $y * \top \sqcap y \wedge o = y$ 
    have  $(y * \top) \sqcap (x \wedge o) \sqcap (y \wedge o) = (x \wedge o) \sqcap (y * \top) \sqcap (y \wedge o)$  by (simp add: inf-commute)
    also have ... =  $(x \wedge o) \sqcap ((y * \top) \sqcap (y \wedge o))$  by (simp add: inf-assoc)
    also have ... =  $(x \wedge o) \sqcap y$  by (simp add: B)
    also have ... = y
      apply (rule order.antisym, simp-all)
      apply (rule-tac y = 1 in order-trans)
      apply simp
      by (subst dual-le, simp)
    finally have [simp]:  $(y * \top) \sqcap (x \wedge o) \sqcap (y \wedge o) = y$  .
    have  $x * \top \sqcap (x \wedge o) \sqcap (y \wedge o) = x \sqcap (y \wedge o)$  by (simp add: A)
    also have ... = x
      apply (rule order.antisym, simp-all)
      apply (rule-tac y = 1 in order-trans)
      apply simp
      by (subst dual-le, simp)
    finally have [simp]:  $x * \top \sqcap (x \wedge o) \sqcap (y \wedge o) = x$  .
    have  $(x \sqcup y) * \top \sqcap (x \sqcup y) \wedge o = (x * \top \sqcup y * \top) \sqcap ((x \wedge o) \sqcap (y \wedge o))$  by (simp add: sup-comp dual-sup)
    also have ... =  $x \sqcup y$  by (simp add: inf-sup-distrib inf-assoc [THEN sym])
    finally show  $(x \sqcup y) * \top \sqcap (x \sqcup y) \wedge o = x \sqcup y$  .
  qed

lemma [simp]:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies x * x = x$ 
  by (simp add: assertion-inf-comp-eq [THEN sym])

lemma [simp]:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies (x \wedge o) * (x \wedge o) = x \wedge o$ 
  apply (rule dual-eq)
  by (simp add: dual-comp assertion-inf-comp-eq [THEN sym])

lemma [simp]:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies x * (x \wedge o) = x$ 
  proof -
    assume A:  $x \in \text{assertion}$ 
    have B:  $x * \top \sqcap (x \wedge o) = x$  by (cut-tac A, unfold assertion-def, simp)
    have  $x * x \wedge o = (x * \top \sqcap (x \wedge o)) * x \wedge o$  by (simp add: B)
    also have ... =  $x * \top \sqcap (x \wedge o)$  by (cut-tac A, simp add: inf-comp)
  
```

```

also have ... = x by (simp add: B)
finally show ?thesis .
qed

lemma [simp]:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies (x \wedge o) * x = x \wedge o$ 
  apply (rule dual-eq)
  by (simp add: dual-comp)

```

```

lemma [simp]:  $\perp \in \text{assertion}$ 
  by (unfold assertion-def, simp)

```

```

lemma [simp]:  $1 \in \text{assertion}$ 
  by (unfold assertion-def, simp)

```

3.2 Weakest precondition of true

definition

```

wpt x =  $(x * \top) \sqcap 1$ 

```

```

lemma wpt-is-assertion [simp]:  $wpt x \in \text{assertion}$ 
  apply (unfold wpt-def assertion-def, safe)
  apply simp
  apply (simp add: inf-comp dual-inf dual-comp inf-sup-distrib)
  apply (rule order.antisym)
  by (simp-all add: dual-neg)

```

```

lemma wpt-comp:  $(wpt x) * x = x$ 
  apply (simp add: wpt-def inf-comp)
  apply (rule order.antisym, simp-all)
  by (cut-tac x = 1 and y =  $\top$  and z = x in le-comp, simp-all)

```

```

lemma wpt-comp-2:  $wpt(x * y) = wpt(x * (wpt y))$ 
  by (simp add: wpt-def inf-comp mult.assoc)

```

```

lemma wpt-assertion [simp]:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies wpt x = x$ 
  by (simp add: wpt-def assertion-prop)

```

```

lemma wpt-le-assertion:  $x \in \text{assertion} \implies x * y = y \implies wpt y \leq x$ 
  apply (simp add: wpt-def)
  proof -
    assume A:  $x \in \text{assertion}$ 
    assume B:  $x * y = y$ 
    have  $y * \top \sqcap 1 = x * (y * \top) \sqcap 1$  by (simp add: B mult.assoc [THEN sym])
    also have ...  $\leq x * \top \sqcap 1$ 
      apply simp
      apply (rule-tac y = x * (y *  $\top$ ) in order-trans)
      apply simp-all
      by (rule le-comp, simp)
  qed

```

```

also have ... = x by (cut-tac A, simp add: assertion-prop)
finally show y * T □ 1 ≤ x .
qed

lemma wpt-choice: wpt (x □ y) = wpt x □ wpt y
apply (simp add: wpt-def inf-comp)
proof -
  have x * T □ 1 □ (y * T □ 1) = x * T □ ((y * T □ 1) □ 1) apply (subst
inf-assoc) by (simp add: inf-commute)
  also have ... = x * T □ (y * T □ 1) by (subst inf-assoc, simp)
  also have ... = (x * T) □ (y * T) □ 1 by (subst inf-assoc, simp)
  finally show x * T □ (y * T) □ 1 = x * T □ 1 □ (y * T □ 1) by simp
qed
end

context lattice begin
lemma [simp]: x ≤ y ==> x □ y = x
  by (simp add: inf-absorb1)
end

context mbt-algebra begin

lemma wpt-dual-assertion-comp: x ∈ assertion ==> y ∈ assertion ==> wpt ((x ^ o) * y) = (neg-assert x) □ y
apply (simp add: wpt-def neg-assert-def)
proof -
  assume A: x ∈ assertion
  assume B: y ∈ assertion
  have C: ((x ^ o) * ⊥) □ 1 = x ^ o
    by (rule dual-assertion-prop, rule A)
  have x ^ o * y * T □ 1 = (((x ^ o) * ⊥) □ 1) * y * T □ 1 by (simp add: C)
  also have ... = ((x ^ o) * ⊥ □ (y * T)) □ 1 by (simp add: sup-comp)
  also have ... = (((x ^ o) * ⊥) □ 1) □ ((y * T) □ 1) by (simp add:
inf-sup-distrib2)
  also have ... = (((x ^ o) * ⊥) □ 1) □ y by (cut-tac B, drule assertion-prop,
simp)
  finally show x ^ o * y * T □ 1 = (((x ^ o) * ⊥) □ 1) □ y .
qed

lemma le-comp-left-right: x ≤ y ==> u ≤ v ==> x * u ≤ y * v
apply (rule-tac y = x * v in order-trans)
apply (rule le-comp, simp)
by (rule le-comp-right, simp)

lemma wpt-dual-assertion: x ∈ assertion ==> wpt (x ^ o) = 1
apply (simp add: wpt-def)
apply (rule order.antisym)
apply simp-all

```

```

apply (cut-tac x = 1 and y = x ^ o and u = 1 and v = ⊤ in le-comp-left-right)
apply simp-all
apply (subst dual-le)
by simp

lemma assertion-commute: x ∈ assertion  $\implies$  y ∈ conjunctive  $\implies$  y * x = wpt(y
* x) * y
apply (simp add: wpt-def)
apply (simp add: inf-comp)
apply (drule-tac x = y and y = x * ⊤ and z = 1 in conjunctiveD)
by (simp add: mult.assoc [THEN sym] assertion-prop)

lemma wpt-mono: x ≤ y  $\implies$  wpt x ≤ wpt y
apply (simp add: wpt-def)
apply (rule-tac y = x * ⊤ in order-trans, simp-all)
by (rule le-comp-right, simp)

lemma a ∈ conjunctive  $\implies$  x * a ≤ a * y  $\implies$  (x ^ ω) * a ≤ a * (y ^ ω)
apply (rule omega-least)
apply (simp add: mult.assoc [THEN sym])
apply (rule-tac y = a * y * y ^ ω □ a in order-trans)
apply (simp)
apply (rule-tac y = x * a * y ^ ω in order-trans, simp-all)
apply (rule le-comp-right, simp)
apply (simp add: mult.assoc)
apply (subst (2) omega-fix)
by (simp add: conjunctiveD)

lemma [simp]: x ≤ 1  $\implies$  y * x ≤ y
by (cut-tac x = x and y = 1 and z = y in le-comp, simp-all)

lemma [simp]: x ≤ x * ⊤
by (cut-tac x = 1 and y = ⊤ and z = x in le-comp, simp-all)

lemma [simp]: x * ⊥ ≤ x
by (cut-tac x = ⊥ and y = 1 and z = x in le-comp, simp-all)

end

```

3.3 Monotonic Boolean trasformers algebra with post condition statement

definition

```
post-fun (p::'a::order) q = (if p ≤ q then (⊤::'b::{order-bot,order-top}) else ⊥)
```

```
lemma mono-post-fun [simp]: mono (post-fun (p::'a::{order-bot,order-top}))
apply (simp add: post-fun-def mono-def, safe)
apply (subgoal-tac p ≤ y, simp)
```

```

apply (rule-tac y = x in order-trans)
apply simp-all
done

lemma post-top [simp]: post-fun p p = ⊤
by (simp add: post-fun-def)

lemma post-refin [simp]: mono S ==> ((S p)::'a::bounded-lattice) ⊓ (post-fun p) x
≤ S x
apply (simp add: le-fun-def assert-fun-def post-fun-def, safe)
by (rule-tac f = S in monoD, simp-all)

class post-mbt-algebra = mbt-algebra +
fixes post :: 'a ⇒ 'a
assumes post-1: (post x) * x * ⊤ = ⊤
and post-2: y * x * ⊤ ⊓ (post x) ≤ y

instantiation MonoTran :: (complete-boolean-algebra) post-mbt-algebra
begin

lift-definition post-MonoTran :: 'a::complete-boolean-algebra MonoTran ⇒ 'a::complete-boolean-algebra
MonoTran
is λx. post-fun (x ⊤)
by (rule mono-post-fun)

instance proof
fix x :: 'a MonoTran show post x * x * ⊤ = ⊤
apply transfer
apply (simp add: fun-eq-iff)
done
fix x y :: 'a MonoTran show y * x * ⊤ ⊓ post x ≤ y
apply transfer
apply (simp add: le-fun-def)
done
qed

end

```

3.4 Complete monotonic Boolean transformers algebra

```

class complete-mbt-algebra = post-mbt-algebra + complete-distrib-lattice +
assumes Inf-comp: (Inf X) * z = (INF x ∈ X . (x * z))

instance MonoTran :: (complete-boolean-algebra) complete-mbt-algebra
apply intro-classes
apply transfer
apply (simp add: Inf-comp-fun)
done

```

```

context complete-mbt-algebra begin
lemma dual-Inf: ( $\text{Inf } X$ )  $\wedge o = (\text{SUP } x \in X . x \wedge o)$ 
  apply (rule order.antisym)
  apply (subst dual-le, simp)
  apply (rule Inf-greatest)
  apply (subst dual-le, simp)
  apply (rule SUP-upper, simp)
  apply (rule SUP-least)
  apply (subst dual-le, simp)
  by (rule Inf-lower, simp)

lemma dual-Sup: ( $\text{Sup } X$ )  $\wedge o = (\text{INF } x \in X . x \wedge o)$ 
  apply (rule order.antisym)
  apply (rule INF-greatest)
  apply (subst dual-le, simp)
  apply (rule Sup-upper, simp)
  apply (subst dual-le, simp)
  apply (rule Sup-least)
  apply (subst dual-le, simp)
  by (rule INF-lower, simp)

lemma INF-comp: ( $\bigcap (f`A)$ ) * z = ( $\text{INF } a \in A . (f a) * z$ )
  unfolding Inf-comp
  apply (subgoal-tac (( $\lambda x::'a. x * z$ ) ` f` A) = (( $\lambda a::'b. f a * z$ ) ` A))
  by auto

lemma dual-INF: ( $\bigcap (f`A)$ )  $\wedge o = (\text{SUP } a \in A . (f a) \wedge o)$ 
  unfolding Inf-comp dual-Inf
  apply (subgoal-tac (dual ` f` A) = (( $\lambda a::'b. f a \wedge o$ ) ` A))
  by auto

lemma dual-SUP: ( $\bigcup (f`A)$ )  $\wedge o = (\text{INF } a \in A . (f a) \wedge o)$ 
  unfolding dual-Sup
  apply (subgoal-tac (dual ` f` A) = (( $\lambda a::'b. f a \wedge o$ ) ` A))
  by auto

lemma Sup-comp: ( $\text{Sup } X$ ) * z = ( $\text{SUP } x \in X . (x * z)$ )
  apply (rule dual-eq)
  by (simp add: dual-comp dual-Sup dual-SUP INF-comp image-comp)

lemma SUP-comp: ( $\bigcup (f`A)$ ) * z = ( $\text{SUP } a \in A . (f a) * z$ )
  unfolding Sup-comp
  apply (subgoal-tac (( $\lambda x::'a. x * z$ ) ` f` A) = (( $\lambda a::'b. f a * z$ ) ` A))
  by auto

lemma Sup-assertion [simp]:  $X \subseteq \text{assertion} \implies \text{Sup } X \in \text{assertion}$ 
  apply (unfold assertion-def)
  apply safe

```

```

apply (rule Sup-least)
apply blast
apply (simp add: Sup-comp dual-Sup Sup-inf)
apply (subgoal-tac ((λy . y ⊢ ⊤ ⊢ (dual ' X)) ' (λx . x * ⊤) ' X) = X)
apply simp
proof -
  assume A: X ⊆ {x. x ≤ 1 ∧ x * ⊤ ⊢ x ∧ o = x}
  have B [simp]: !! x . x ∈ X ==> x * ⊤ ⊢ (⊤ ⊢ (dual ' X)) = x
  proof -
    fix x
    assume C: x ∈ X
    have x * ⊤ ⊢ (dual ' X) = x * ⊤ ⊢ (x ∧ o ⊢ ⊤ ⊢ (dual ' X))
      apply (subgoal-tac ⊤ ⊢ (dual ' X) = (x ∧ o ⊢ ⊤ ⊢ (dual ' X)), simp)
      apply (rule order.antisym, simp-all)
      apply (rule Inf-lower, cut-tac C, simp)
      done
    also have ... = x ⊢ ⊤ ⊢ (dual ' X) by (unfold inf-assoc [THEN sym], cut-tac
      A, cut-tac C, auto)
    also have ... = x
      apply (rule order.antisym, simp-all)
      apply (rule INF-greatest)
      apply (cut-tac A C)
      apply (rule-tac y = 1 in order-trans)
      apply auto[1]
      apply (subst dual-le, auto)
      done
    finally show x * ⊤ ⊢ (dual ' X) = x .
  qed
  show (λy. y ⊢ ⊤ ⊢ (dual ' X)) ' (λx . x * ⊤) ' X = X
    by (simp add: image-comp)
qed

lemma Sup-range-assertion [simp]: (!!w . p w ∈ assertion) ==> Sup (range p) ∈
assertion
  by (rule Sup-assertion, auto)

lemma Sup-less-assertion [simp]: (!!w . p w ∈ assertion) ==> Sup-less p w ∈ as-
sertion
  by (unfold Sup-less-def, rule Sup-assertion, auto)

theorem omega-lfp:
  x ∧ ω * y = lfp (λ z . (x * z) ⊢ y)
  apply (rule order.antisym)
  apply (rule lfp-greatest)
  apply (drule omega-least, simp)
  apply (rule lfp-lowerbound)
  apply (subst (2) omega-fix)
  by (simp add: inf-comp mult.assoc)
end

```

```

lemma [simp]: mono ( $\lambda (t::'a::mbt-algebra) . x * t \sqcap y$ )
  apply (simp add: mono-def, safe)
  apply (rule-tac  $y = x * xa$  in order-trans, simp)
  by (rule le-comp, simp)

class mbt-algebra-fusion = mbt-algebra +
assumes fusion:  $(\forall t . x * t \sqcap y \sqcap z \leq u * (t \sqcap z) \sqcap v)$ 
 $\implies (x \wedge \omega) * y \sqcap z \leq (u \wedge \omega) * v$ 

lemma
  class.mbt-algebra-fusion (1::'a::complete-mbt-algebra) ((*)) ( $\sqcap$ ) ( $\leq$ ) ( $<$ ) ( $\sqcup$ ) dual
dual-star omega star  $\perp \top$ 
  apply unfold-locales
  apply (cut-tac  $h = \lambda t . t \sqcap z$  and  $f = \lambda t . x * t \sqcap y$  and  $g = \lambda t . u * t \sqcap v$  in weak-fusion)
  apply (rule inf-Disj)
  apply simp-all
  apply (simp add: le-fun-def)
  by (simp add: omega-lfp)

context mbt-algebra-fusion
begin

lemma omega-star:  $x \in \text{conjunctive} \implies x \wedge \omega = wpt (x \wedge \omega) * (x \wedge *)$ 
  apply (simp add: wpt-def inf-comp)
  apply (rule order.antisym)
  apply (cut-tac  $x = x$  and  $y = 1$  and  $z = x \wedge \omega * \top \sqcap x \wedge *$  in omega-least)
  apply (simp-all add: conjunctiveD,safe)
  apply (subst (2) omega-fix)
  apply (simp add: inf-comp inf-assoc mult.assoc)
  apply (metis inf.commute inf-assoc inf-le1 star-fix)
  apply (cut-tac  $x = x$  and  $y = \top$  and  $z = x \wedge *$  and  $u = x$  and  $v = 1$  in
fusion)
  apply (simp add: conjunctiveD)
  apply (metis inf-commute inf-le1 le-infE star-fix)
  by (metis mult.right-neutral)

lemma omega-pres-conj:  $x \in \text{conjunctive} \implies x \wedge \omega \in \text{conjunctive}$ 
  apply (subst omega-star, simp)
  apply (rule comp-pres-conj)
  apply (rule assertion-conjunctive, simp)
  by (rule start-pres-conj, simp)
end

end

```

4 Boolean Algebra of Assertions

```

theory Assertion-Algebra
imports Mono-Bool-Tran-Algebra
begin

This section introduces the boolean algebra of assertions. The type Assertion and the boolean operation are introduced based on the set assertion and the operations on the monotonic boolean transformers algebra. The type Assertion over a complete monotonic boolean transformers algebra is a complete boolean algebra.

typedef (overloaded) ('a::mbt-algebra) Assertion = assertion::'a set
  apply (rule-tac  $x = \perp$  in exI)
  by (unfold assertion-def, simp)

```

definition

```

assert :: 'a::mbt-algebra Assertion  $\Rightarrow$  'a ( $\langle\{\cdot -\} \rangle [0] 1000$ ) where
   $\{\cdot p\} = \text{Rep-Assertion } p$ 

```

definition

```

abs-wpt  $x = \text{Abs-Assertion } (wpt x)$ 

```

lemma [simp]: $\{\cdot p\} \in \text{assertion}$
by (unfold assert-def, cut-tac $x = p$ **in** Rep-Assertion, simp)

lemma [simp]: $\text{abs-wpt } (\{\cdot p\}) = p$
apply (simp add: abs-wpt-def)
by (simp add: assert-def Rep-Assertion-inverse)

lemma [simp]: $x \in \text{assertion} \Rightarrow \{\cdot \text{Abs-Assertion } x\} = x$
apply (simp add: assert-def)
by (rule Abs-Assertion-inverse, simp)

lemma [simp]: $x \in \text{assertion} \Rightarrow \{\cdot \text{abs-wpt } x\} = x$
apply (simp add: abs-wpt-def assert-def)
by (rule Abs-Assertion-inverse, simp)

lemma assert-injective: $\{\cdot p\} = \{\cdot q\} \Rightarrow p = q$
proof –
assume $A: \{\cdot p\} = \{\cdot q\}$
have $p = \text{abs-wpt } (\{\cdot p\})$ **by** simp
also have ... $= q$ **by** (subst A , simp)
finally show ?thesis .
qed

instantiation Assertion :: (mbt-algebra) boolean-algebra
begin

```

definition
  uminus-Assertion-def:  $\neg p = \text{abs-wpt}(\text{neg-assert } \{\cdot p\})$ 

definition
  bot-Assertion-def:  $\perp = \text{abs-wpt } \perp$ 

definition
  top-Assertion-def:  $\top = \text{abs-wpt } 1$ 

definition
  inf-Assertion-def:  $p \sqcap q = \text{abs-wpt } (\{\cdot p\} \sqcap \{\cdot q\})$ 

definition
  sup-Assertion-def:  $p \sqcup q = \text{abs-wpt } (\{\cdot p\} \sqcup \{\cdot q\})$ 

definition
  less-eq-Assertion-def:  $(p \leq q) = (\{\cdot p\} \leq \{\cdot q\})$ 

definition
  less-Assertion-def:  $(p < q) = (\{\cdot p\} < \{\cdot q\})$ 

definition
  minus-Assertion-def:  $(p :: 'a \text{ Assertion}) - q = p \sqcap \neg q$ 

instance
proof
  fix  $x y :: 'a \text{ Assertion}$  show  $(x < y) = (x \leq y \wedge \neg y \leq x)$ 
    by (simp add: less-Assertion-def less-eq-Assertion-def less-le-not-le)
  next
    fix  $x :: 'a \text{ Assertion}$  show  $x \leq x$  by (simp add: less-eq-Assertion-def)
  next
    fix  $x y z :: 'a \text{ Assertion}$  assume  $A: x \leq y$  assume  $B: y \leq z$  from A and B
    show  $x \leq z$ 
      by (simp add: less-eq-Assertion-def)
    next
      fix  $x y :: 'a \text{ Assertion}$  assume  $A: x \leq y$  assume  $B: y \leq x$  from A and B
      show  $x = y$ 
        apply (cut-tac p = x and q = y in assert-injective)
        by (rule antisym, simp-all add: less-eq-Assertion-def)
    next
      fix  $x y :: 'a \text{ Assertion}$  show  $x \sqcap y \leq x$ 
        by (simp add: less-eq-Assertion-def inf-Assertion-def)
      fix  $x y :: 'a \text{ Assertion}$  show  $x \sqcap y \leq y$ 
        by (simp add: less-eq-Assertion-def inf-Assertion-def)
    next
      fix  $x y z :: 'a \text{ Assertion}$  assume  $A: x \leq y$  assume  $B: x \leq z$  from A and B
      show  $x \leq y \sqcap z$ 
        by (simp add: less-eq-Assertion-def inf-Assertion-def)
    next

```

```

fix x y :: 'a Assertion show x ≤ x ∪ y
  by (simp add: less-eq-Assertion-def sup-Assertion-def)
fix x y :: 'a Assertion show y ≤ x ∪ y
  by (simp add: less-eq-Assertion-def sup-Assertion-def)
next
  fix x y z :: 'a Assertion assume A: y ≤ x assume B: z ≤ x from A and B
show y ∪ z ≤ x
  by (simp add: less-eq-Assertion-def sup-Assertion-def)
next
  fix x :: 'a Assertion show ⊥ ≤ x
  by (simp add: less-eq-Assertion-def bot-Assertion-def)
next
  fix x :: 'a Assertion show x ≤ ⊤
  by (simp add: less-eq-Assertion-def top-Assertion-def)
next
  fix x y z :: 'a Assertion show x ∪ y ∩ z = (x ∪ y) ∩ (x ∪ z)
  by (simp add: less-eq-Assertion-def sup-Assertion-def inf-Assertion-def sup-inf-distrib)
next
  fix x :: 'a Assertion show x ∩ - x = ⊥
  by (simp add: inf-Assertion-def uminus-Assertion-def bot-Assertion-def)
next
  fix x :: 'a Assertion show x ∪ - x = ⊤
  by (simp add: sup-Assertion-def uminus-Assertion-def top-Assertion-def)
next
  fix x y :: 'a Assertion show x - y = x ∩ - y
  by (simp add: minus-Assertion-def)
qed

end

```

```

lemma assert-image [simp]: assert `A ⊆ assertion
  by auto

instantiation Assertion :: (complete-mbt-algebra) complete-lattice
begin
  definition
    Sup-Assertion-def: Sup A = abs-wpt (Sup (assert `A))

  definition
    Inf-Assertion-def: Inf (A::('a Assertion) set) = - (Sup (uminus `A))

lemma Sup1: (x::'a Assertion) ∈ A ==> x ≤ Sup A
  apply (simp add: Sup-Assertion-def less-eq-Assertion-def Abs-Assertion-inverse)
  by (rule Sup-upper, simp)

lemma Sup2: (∀x::'a Assertion . x ∈ A ==> x ≤ z) ==> Sup A ≤ z
  apply (simp add: Sup-Assertion-def less-eq-Assertion-def Abs-Assertion-inverse)
  apply (rule Sup-least)

```

```

by blast

instance
proof
fix x :: 'a Assertion fix A assume A:  $x \in A$  from A show Inf A  $\leq x$ 
apply (simp add: Inf-Assertion-def)
apply (subst compl-le-compl-iff [THEN sym], simp)
by (rule Sup1, simp)
next
fix z :: 'a Assertion fix A assume A:  $\bigwedge x . x \in A \implies z \leq x$  from A show z  $\leq$ 
Inf A
apply (simp add: Inf-Assertion-def)
apply (subst compl-le-compl-iff [THEN sym], simp)
apply (rule Sup2)
apply safe
by simp
next
fix x :: 'a Assertion fix A assume A:  $x \in A$  from A show x  $\leq$  Sup A
by (rule Sup1)
next
fix z :: 'a Assertion fix A assume A:  $\bigwedge x . x \in A \implies x \leq z$  from A show Sup
A  $\leq z$ 
by (rule Sup2)
next
show Inf {} = ( $\top :: 'a Assertion$ )
by (auto simp: Inf-Assertion-def Sup-Assertion-def compl-bot-eq [symmetric]
bot-Assertion-def)
next
show Sup {} = ( $\perp :: 'a Assertion$ )
by (auto simp: Sup-Assertion-def bot-Assertion-def)
qed
end

lemma assert-top [simp]:  $\{\cdot\top\} = 1$ 
by (simp add: top-Assertion-def)

lemma assert-Sup:  $\{\cdot\text{Sup } A\} = \text{Sup } (\text{assert } 'A)$ 
by (simp add: Sup-Assertion-def Abs-Assertion-inverse)

lemma assert-Inf:  $\{\cdot\text{Inf } A\} = (\text{Inf } (\text{assert } 'A)) \sqcap 1$ 
proof (cases A = {})
case True then show ?thesis by simp
next
note image-cong-simp [cong del]
case False then show ?thesis
apply (simp add: Inf-Assertion-def uminus-Assertion-def)
apply (simp add: neg-assert-def assert-Sup dual-Sup Inf-comp inf-commute inf-Inf
comp-def)

```

```

apply (rule-tac f = Inf in arg-cong)
apply safe
apply simp
apply (subst inf-commute)
apply (simp add: image-def uminus-Assertion-def)
apply (simp add: neg-assert-def dual-comp dual-inf sup-comp assertion-prop)
apply auto [1]
apply (simp)
apply (subst image-def, simp)
apply (simp add: uminus-Assertion-def)
apply (subst inf-commute)
apply (simp add: neg-assert-def dual-comp dual-inf sup-comp assertion-prop)
apply auto
done
qed

lemma assert-Inf-ne:  $A \neq \{\} \implies \{\cdot\text{Inf } A\} = \text{Inf} (\text{assert} ` A)$ 
apply (unfold assert-Inf)
apply (rule antisym)
apply simp-all
apply safe
apply (erule notE)
apply (rule-tac y = {\cdot x} in order-trans)
by (simp-all add: INF-lower)

lemma assert-Sup-range:  $\{\cdot\text{Sup} (\text{range } p)\} = \text{Sup} (\text{range} (\text{assert} o p))$ 
apply (subst assert-Sup)
by (rule-tac f = Sup in arg-cong, auto)

lemma assert-Sup-less:  $\{\cdot \text{Sup-less } p w\} = \text{Sup-less} (\text{assert} o p) w$ 
apply (simp add: Sup-less-def)
apply (subst assert-Sup)
by (rule-tac f = Sup in arg-cong, auto)

end

```

5 Program statements, Hoare and refinement rules

```

theory Statements
imports Assertion-Algebra
begin

```

In this section we introduce assume, if, and while program statements as well as Hoare triples, and data refinement. We prove Hoare correctness rules for the program statements and we prove some theorems linking Hoare correctness statement to (data) refinement. Most of the theorems assume a monotonic boolean transformers algebra. The theorem stating the equiva-

lence between a Hoare correctness triple and a refinement statement holds under the assumption that we have a monotonic boolean transformers algebra with post condition statement.

definition

```
assume :: 'a::mbt-algebra Assertion ⇒ 'a (⟨[· - ]⟩ [0] 1000) where
[·p] = {·p} ^ o
```

lemma [simp]: {·p} * T □ [·p] = {·p}

```
apply (subgoal-tac {·p} ∈ assertion)
apply (subst (asm) assertion-def, simp add: assume-def)
by simp
```

lemma [simp]: [·p] * x ∙ {·¬p} * T = [·p] * x
by (simp add: assume-def uminus-Assertion-def)

lemma [simp]: {·p} * T ∙ {·¬p} * x = {·¬p} * x
by (simp add: assume-def uminus-Assertion-def)

lemma assert-sup: {·p ∙ q} = {·p} ∙ {·q}
by (simp add: sup-Assertion-def)

lemma assert-inf: {·p ∙ q} = {·p} ∙ {·q}
by (simp add: inf-Assertion-def)

lemma assert-neg: {·¬p} = neg-assert {·p}
by (simp add: uminus-Assertion-def)

lemma assert-false [simp]: {·⊥} = ⊥
by (simp add: bot-Assertion-def)

lemma if-Assertion-assumption: ({·p} * x) ∙ ({·¬p} * y) = ([·p] * x) □ ([·¬p] * y)

proof –

have ({·p} * x) ∙ {·¬p} * y = ({·p} * T □ [·p]) * x ∙ ({·¬p} * T □ [·¬p]) * y
by simp

also have ... = ({·p} * T □ ([·p] * x)) ∙ ({·¬p} * T □ ([·¬p] * y)) by (unfold inf-comp, simp)

also have ... = ((({·p} * T □ ([·p] * x))) ∙ ({·¬p} * T)) □ ((({·p} * T □ ([·p] * x))) ∙ ({·¬p} * y)) by (simp add: sup-inf-distrib)

also have ... = ((({·p} * T ∙ {·¬p} * T)) □ ((({·p} * x) ∙ ({·¬p} * y))) □ ((({·p} * x) ∙ ({·¬p} * y)))
by (simp add: sup-inf-distrib2)

also have ... = ([·p] * x) □ ([·¬p] * y) □ ((({·p} * x) ∙ ({·¬p} * y)))

apply (simp add: sup-comp [THEN sym])

by (simp add: assert-sup [THEN sym] inf-assoc)

also have ... = ([·p] * x) □ ([·¬p] * y)

by (rule antisym, simp-all add: inf-assoc)

finally show ?thesis .

qed

definition $wp\ x\ p = abs\text{-}wpt\ (x * \{\cdot\}\ p)$ **lemma** $wp\text{-}assume: wp\ [\cdot\ p]\ q = \neg p \sqcup q$
apply (*simp add: wp-def abs-wpt-def*)
apply (*rule assert-injective*)
apply *simp*
by (*simp add: assert-sup assert-neg assume-def wpt-dual-assertion-comp*)**lemma** $assert\text{-}commute: y \in conjunctive \implies y * \{\cdot\}\ p = \{\cdot\}\ wp\ y\ p * y$
apply (*simp add: wp-def abs-wpt-def*)
by (*rule assertion-commute, simp-all*)**lemma** $wp\text{-}assert: wp\ \{\cdot\}\ p = p \sqcap q$
by (*simp add: wp-def assertion-inf-comp-eq [THEN sym] assert-inf [THEN sym]*)**lemma** $wp\text{-}mono [simp]: mono\ (wp\ x)$
apply (*simp add: le-fun-def wp-def abs-wpt-def less-eq-Assertion-def mono-def*)
apply (*simp add: wpt-def, safe*)
apply (*rule-tac y = x * \{\cdot\}\ xa\ * \top\ in order-trans, simp-all*)
apply (*rule le-comp-right*)
by (*rule le-comp, simp*)**lemma** $wp\text{-}mono2: p \leq q \implies wp\ x\ p \leq wp\ x\ q$
apply (*cut-tac x = x in wp-mono*)
apply (*unfold mono-def*)
by *blast***lemma** $wp\text{-}fun\text{-}mono [simp]: mono\ wp$
apply (*simp add: le-fun-def wp-def abs-wpt-def less-eq-Assertion-def mono-def*)
apply (*simp add: wpt-def, safe*)
apply (*rule-tac y = x * \{\cdot\}\ xa\ * \top\ in order-trans, simp-all*)
apply (*rule le-comp-right*)
by (*rule le-comp-right, simp*)**lemma** $wp\text{-}fun\text{-}mono2: x \leq y \implies wp\ x\ p \leq wp\ y\ p$
apply (*cut-tac wp-fun-mono*)
apply (*unfold mono-def*)
apply (*simp add: le-fun-def*)
by *blast***lemma** $wp\text{-}comp: wp\ (x * y)\ p = wp\ x\ (wp\ y\ p)$
apply (*simp add: wp-def abs-wpt-def*)
by (*unfold wpt-comp-2 [THEN sym] mult.assoc, simp*)**lemma** $wp\text{-}choice: wp\ (x \sqcap y) = wp\ x \sqcap wp\ y$

```

apply (simp add: fun-eq-iff wp-def inf-fun-def inf-comp inf-Assertion-def abs-wpt-def)
by (simp add: wpt-choice)

lemma [simp]: wp 1 = id
apply (unfold fun-eq-iff, safe)
apply (rule assert-injective)
by (simp add: wp-def abs-wpt-def)

lemma wp-omega-fix: wp (x  $\wedge$   $\omega$ ) p = wp x (wp (x  $\wedge$   $\omega$ ) p)  $\sqcap$  p
apply (subst omega-fix)
by (simp add: wp-choice wp-comp)

lemma wp-omega-least: (wp x r)  $\sqcap$  p  $\leq$  r  $\implies$  wp (x  $\wedge$   $\omega$ ) p  $\leq$  r
apply (simp add: wp-def abs-wpt-def inf-Assertion-def less-eq-Assertion-def)
apply (simp add: wpt-def)
apply (rule-tac y = {·r} *  $\top$   $\sqcap$  1 in order-trans)
apply simp
apply (rule-tac y = x  $\wedge$   $\omega$  * {·p} *  $\top$  in order-trans, simp)
apply (simp add: mult.assoc)
apply (rule omega-least)
apply (drule-tac z =  $\top$  in le-comp-right)
apply (simp add: inf-comp mult.assoc [THEN sym])
by (simp add: assertion-prop)

lemma Assertion-wp: {·wp x p} = (x * {·p} *  $\top$ )  $\sqcap$  1
apply (simp add: wp-def abs-wpt-def)
by (simp add: wpt-def)

definition
hoare p S q = (p  $\leq$  wp S q)

definition
grd x = - (wp x  $\perp$ )

lemma grd-comp: [·grd x] * x = x
apply (simp add: grd-def wp-def uminus-Assertion-def assume-def neg-assert-def
abs-wpt-def dual-sup sup-comp)
apply (simp add: wpt-def dual-inf sup-comp dual-comp bot-Assertion-def)
by (rule antisym, simp-all)

lemma assert-assume: {·p} * [·p] = {·p}
by (simp add: assume-def)

lemma dual-assume: [·p]  $\wedge$  o = {·p}
by (simp add: assume-def)

lemma assume-prop: ([·p] *  $\perp$ )  $\sqcup$  1 = [·p]
by (simp add: assume-def dual-assertion-prop)

```

An alternative definition of a Hoare triple

```

definition hoare1 p S q = ([· p] * S * [· -q] = ⊤)

lemma hoare1 p S q = hoare p S q
  apply (simp add: hoare1-def dual-inf dual-comp)
  apply (simp add: hoare-def wp-def less-eq-Assertion-def abs-wpt-def)
  apply (simp add: wpt-def)
  apply safe
  proof -
    assume A: [· p] * S * [· -q] = ⊤
    have {· p} ≤ {· p} * ⊤ by simp
    also have ... ≤ {· p} * ⊤ * ⊥ by (unfold mult.assoc, simp)
    also have ... = {· p} * [· p] * S * [· -q] * ⊥ by (subst A [THEN sym], simp
add: mult.assoc)
    also have ... = {· p} * S * [· -q] * ⊥ by (simp add: assert-assume)
    also have ... ≤ {· p} * S * {· q} * ⊤
      apply (simp add: mult.assoc)
      apply (rule le-comp, rule le-comp)
      apply (simp add: assume-def uminus-Assertion-def)
      by (simp add: neg-assert-def dual-inf dual-comp sup-comp)
    also have ... ≤ S * {· q} * ⊤ by (simp add: mult.assoc)
    finally show {· p} ≤ S * {· q} * ⊤ .
  next
    assume A: {· p} ≤ S * {· q} * ⊤
    have ⊤ = ((S * {· q}) ^ o) * ⊥ ∪ S * {· q} * ⊤ by simp
    also have ... ≤ [· p] * ⊥ ∪ S * {· q} * ⊤
      apply (simp del: dual-neg-top)
      apply (rule-tac y = [· p] * ⊥ in order-trans, simp-all)
      apply (subst dual-le)
      apply (simp add: dual-comp dual-assume)
      apply (cut-tac x = {· p} and y = S * {· q} * ⊤ and z = ⊤ in le-comp-right)
      apply (rule A)
      by (simp add: mult.assoc)
    also have ... = [· p] * S * ({· q} * ⊤)
      apply (subst (2) assume-prop [THEN sym])
      by (simp-all add: sup-comp mult.assoc)
    also have ... ≤ [· p] * S * ({· q} * ⊤ ∪ 1)
      by (rule le-comp, simp)
    also have ... = [· p] * S * [· -q]
      apply (simp add: assume-def uminus-Assertion-def)
      by (simp add: neg-assert-def dual-inf dual-comp)
    finally show [· p] * S * [· -q] = ⊤
      by (rule-tac antisym, simp-all)
  qed

lemma hoare-choice: hoare p (x ∩ y) q = ((hoare p) x q & (hoare p y q))
  apply (unfold hoare-def wp-choice inf-fun-def)
  by auto

```

definition

```

if-stm:: 'a::mbt-algebra Assertion  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a ((If (-)/ then (-)/ else (-))  

[0, 0, 10] 10) where  

if-stm b x y = (([· b] * x)  $\sqcap$  ([· -b] * y))

lemma if-assertion: (If p then x else y) = {·p} * x  $\sqcup$  {· -p} * y  

by (simp add: if-stm-def if-Assertion-assumption)

lemma hoare-if: hoare p (If b then x else y) q = (hoare (p  $\sqcap$  b) x q  $\wedge$  hoare (p  $\sqcap$   

-b) y q)  

by (simp add: hoare-def if-stm-def wp-choice inf-fun-def wp-comp wp-assume  

sup-neg-inf)

lemma hoare-comp: hoare p (x * y) q = ( $\exists$  r . (hoare p x r)  $\wedge$  (hoare r y q))  

apply (simp add: hoare-def wp-comp)  

apply safe  

apply (rule-tac x = wp y q in exI, simp)  

apply (rule-tac y = wp x r in order-trans, simp)  

apply (rule-tac f = wp x in monoD)  

by simp-all

lemma hoare-refinement: hoare p S q = ({·p} * (post {·q})  $\leq$  S)  

apply (simp add: hoare-def less-eq-Assertion-def Assertion-wp)  

proof  

assume A: {·p}  $\leq$  S * {·q} *  $\top$   

have {·p} * post {·q} = ({·p} *  $\top$   $\sqcap$  1) * post {·q} by (simp add: assertion-prop)  

also have ... = {·p} *  $\top$   $\sqcap$  post {·q} by (simp add: inf-comp)  

also have ...  $\leq$  S * {·q} *  $\top$   $\sqcap$  post {·q} apply simp  

apply (rule-tac y = {·p} *  $\top$  in order-trans, simp-all)  

apply (cut-tac x = {·p} and y = S * {·q} *  $\top$  and z =  $\top$  in le-comp-right)  

by (rule A, simp)  

also have ...  $\leq$  S by (simp add: post-2)  

finally show {·p} * post {·q}  $\leq$  S.  

next  

assume A: {·p} * post {·q}  $\leq$  S  

have {·p} = {·p} *  $\top$   $\sqcap$  1 by (simp add: assertion-prop)  

also have ... = {·p} * ((post {·q}) * {·q} *  $\top$ )  $\sqcap$  1 by (simp add: post-1)  

also have ...  $\leq$  {·p} * ((post {·q}) * {·q} *  $\top$ ) by simp  

also have ...  $\leq$  S * {·q} *  $\top$   

apply (cut-tac x = {·p} * post {·q} and y = S and z = {·q} *  $\top$  in  

le-comp-right)  

apply (simp add: A)  

by (simp add: mult.assoc)  

finally show {·p}  $\leq$  S * {·q} *  $\top$ .  

qed

```

theorem hoare-fixpoint-mbt:

```

F x = x
 $\implies$  (!!(w::'a::well-founded) f . ( $\bigwedge$ v. v < w  $\implies$  hoare (p v) f q)  $\implies$  hoare (p
w) (F f) q)

```

```

 $\implies \text{hoare } (p u) x q$ 
apply (rule less-induct1)
proof -
  fix xa
  assume A:  $\bigwedge w f. (\bigwedge v. v < w \implies \text{hoare } (p v) f q) \implies \text{hoare } (p w) (F f) q$ 
  assume B:  $F x = x$ 
  assume C:  $\bigwedge y. y < xa \implies \text{hoare } (p y) x q$ 
  have D:  $\text{hoare } (p xa) (F x) q$ 
    apply (rule A)
    by (rule C, simp)
  show  $\text{hoare } (p xa) x q$ 
    by (cut-tac D, simp add: B)
qed

```

```

lemma hoare-Sup:  $\text{hoare } (\text{Sup } P) x q = (\forall p \in P. \text{hoare } p x q)$ 
  apply (simp add: hoare-def)
  apply auto
  apply (rule-tac y = Sup P in order-trans, simp-all add: Sup-upper)
  apply (rule Sup-least)
  by simp

```

theorem hoare-fixpoint-complete-mbt:

```

 $F x = x$ 
 $\implies (\exists! w f. \text{hoare } (\text{Sup-less } p w) f q \implies \text{hoare } (p w) (F f) q)$ 
 $\implies \text{hoare } (\text{Sup } (\text{range } p)) x q$ 
apply (simp add: hoare-Sup Sup-less-def, safe)
apply (rule-tac F = F in hoare-fixpoint-mbt)
by auto

```

definition

```

while:: 'a::mbt-algebra Assertion  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a ((While (-)/ do (-)) [0, 10] 10)
where
  while p x = ([· p] * x)  $\wedge$   $\omega$  * [· -p]

```

lemma while-false: $(\text{While } \perp \text{ do } x) = 1$

```

apply (unfold while-def)
apply (subst omega-fix)
by (simp-all add: assume-def)

```

lemma while-true: $(\text{While } \top \text{ do } 1) = \perp$

```

apply (unfold while-def)
by (rule antisym, simp-all add: assume-def)

```

lemma hoare-wp [simp]: $\text{hoare } (\text{wp } x q) x q$

```

by (simp add: hoare-def)

```

lemma hoare-comp-wp: $\text{hoare } p (x * y) q = \text{hoare } p x (\text{wp } y q)$

```

apply (unfold hoare-comp, safe)
apply (simp add: hoare-def)

```

```

apply (rule-tac  $y = wp x r$  in order-trans, simp)
apply (rule wp-mono2, simp)
by (rule-tac  $x = wp y q$  in exI, simp)

lemma (in mbt-algebra) hoare-assume: hoare  $p [\cdot b]$   $q = (p \sqcap b \leq q)$ 
by (simp add: hoare-def wp-assume sup-neg-inf)

lemma (in mbt-algebra) hoare-assume-comp: hoare  $p ([\cdot b] * x)$   $q = \text{hoare} (p \sqcap b)$ 
 $x q$ 
apply (simp add: hoare-comp-wp hoare-assume)
by (simp add: hoare-def)

lemma hoare-while-mbt:
 $(\forall (w::'b::well-founded) r . (\forall v . v < w \longrightarrow p v \leq r) \longrightarrow \text{hoare} ((p w) \sqcap b) x r) \implies$ 
 $(\forall u . p u \leq q) \implies \text{hoare} (p w) (\text{While } b \text{ do } x) (q \sqcap \neg b)$ 
apply (unfold while-def)
apply (rule-tac  $F = \lambda z. [\cdot b] * x * z \sqcap [\cdot - b]$  in hoare-fixpoint-mbt)
apply (simp add: mult.assoc [THEN sym])
apply (simp add: omega-comp-fix)
apply (unfold hoare-choice)
apply safe
apply (subst hoare-comp-wp)
apply (subst hoare-assume-comp)
apply (drule-tac  $x = w$  in spec)
apply (drule-tac  $x = wp f (q \sqcap \neg b)$  in spec)
apply (auto simp add: hoare-def) [1]
apply (auto simp add: hoare-assume)
apply (rule-tac  $y = p w$  in order-trans)
by simp-all

lemma hoare-while-complete-mbt:
 $(\forall w::'b::well-founded . \text{hoare} ((p w) \sqcap b) x (\text{Sup-less } p w)) \implies$ 
 $\text{hoare} (\text{Sup} (\text{range } p)) (\text{While } b \text{ do } x) ((\text{Sup} (\text{range } p)) \sqcap \neg b)$ 
apply (simp add: hoare-Sup, safe)
apply (rule hoare-while-mbt)
apply safe
apply (drule-tac  $x = w$  in spec)
apply (simp add: hoare-def)
apply (rule-tac  $y = wp x (\text{Sup-less } p w)$  in order-trans, simp-all)
apply (rule wp-mono2)
apply (simp add: Sup-less-def)
apply (rule Sup-least, auto)
by (rule SUP-upper, simp)

```

definition

$$\text{datarefin } S \ S1 \ D \ D1 = (D * S \leq S1 * D1)$$

lemma $\text{hoare } p \ S \ q \implies \text{datarefin } S \ S1 \ D \ D1 \implies \text{hoare} (wp D p) \ S1 \ (wp D1 q)$

```

apply (simp add: hoare-def datarefin-def)
apply (simp add: wp-comp [THEN sym] mult.assoc [THEN sym])
apply (rule-tac y = wp (D * S) q in order-trans)
apply (subst wp-comp)
apply (rule monoD, simp-all)
by (rule wp-fun-mono2, simp-all)

lemma hoare p S q ==> datarefin ({·p} * S) S1 D D1 ==> hoare (wp D p) S1 (wp
D1 q)
  apply (simp add: hoare-def datarefin-def)
  apply (rule-tac y = wp (D * {·p} * S) q in order-trans)
  apply (simp add: mult.assoc)
  apply (subst wp-comp)
  apply (rule monoD, simp-all)
  apply (subst wp-comp)
  apply (unfold wp-assert, simp)
  apply (unfold wp-comp [THEN sym])
  apply (rule wp-fun-mono2)
  by (simp add: mult.assoc)

lemma inf-pres-conj: x ∈ conjunctive ==> y ∈ conjunctive ==> x ∩ y ∈ conjunctive
  apply (subst conjunctive-def, safe)
  apply (simp add: inf-comp conjunctiveD)
  by (metis (opaque-lifting, no-types) inf-assoc inf-left-commute)

lemma sup-pres-disj: x ∈ disjunctive ==> y ∈ disjunctive ==> x ∪ y ∈ disjunctive
  apply (subst disjunctive-def, safe)
  apply (simp add: sup-comp disjunctiveD)
  by (metis (opaque-lifting, no-types) sup-assoc sup-left-commute)

lemma assumption-conjunctive [simp]: [·p] ∈ conjunctive
  by (simp add: assume-def dual-disjunctive assertion-disjunctive)

lemma assumption-disjunctive [simp]: [·p] ∈ disjunctive
  by (simp add: assume-def dual-conjunctive assertion-conjunctive)

lemma if-pres-conj: x ∈ conjunctive ==> y ∈ conjunctive ==> (If p then x else y) ∈
conjunctive
  apply (unfold if-stm-def)
  by (simp add: inf-pres-conj comp-pres-conj)

lemma if-pres-disj: x ∈ disjunctive ==> y ∈ disjunctive ==> (If p then x else y) ∈
disjunctive
  apply (unfold if-assertion)
  by (simp add: sup-pres-disj comp-pres-disj assertion-disjunctive)

lemma while-dual-star: (While p do (x::'a::mbt-algebra)) = (({· p} * x) ^⊗ * {· -p})
}
  apply (simp add: while-def)

```

```

apply (rule antisym)
apply (rule omega-least)
proof -
  have  $([\cdot p] * x * ((\{\cdot p\} * x) \widehat{\otimes} * \{\cdot - p\}) \sqcap [\cdot - p]) = (\{\cdot p\} * x * ((\{\cdot p\} * x) \widehat{\otimes} * \{\cdot - p\})) \sqcup \{\cdot - p\}$ 
    apply (unfold mult.assoc)
    by (cut-tac p = p and x =  $(x * ((\{\cdot p\} * x) \widehat{\otimes} * \{\cdot - p\}))$  and y = 1 in if-Assertion-assumption, simp)
  also have ... =  $(\{\cdot p\} * x) \widehat{\otimes} * \{\cdot - p\}$ 
    by (simp add: mult.assoc [THEN sym], simp add: dual-star-comp-fix [THEN sym])
  finally show  $[\cdot p] * x * ((\{\cdot p\} * x) \widehat{\otimes} * \{\cdot - p\}) \sqcap [\cdot - p] \leq (\{\cdot p\} * x) \widehat{\otimes} * \{\cdot - p\}$  by simp
next
show  $(\{\cdot p\} * x) \widehat{\otimes} * \{\cdot - p\} \leq ([\cdot p] * x) \wedge \omega * [\cdot - p]$ 
  apply (rule dual-star-least)
  proof -
    have  $\{\cdot p\} * x * (([\cdot p] * x) \wedge \omega * [\cdot - p]) \sqcup \{\cdot - p\} = [\cdot p] * x * (([\cdot p] * x) \wedge \omega * [\cdot - p]) \sqcap [\cdot - p]$ 
      apply (unfold mult.assoc)
      by (cut-tac p = p and x =  $(x * (([\cdot p] * x) \wedge \omega * [\cdot - p]))$  and y = 1 in if-Assertion-assumption, simp)
    also have ... =  $([\cdot p] * x) \wedge \omega * [\cdot - p]$ 
      apply (simp add: mult.assoc [THEN sym])
      by (metis omega-comp-fix)
    finally show  $\{\cdot p\} * x * (([\cdot p] * x) \wedge \omega * [\cdot - p]) \sqcup \{\cdot - p\} \leq ([\cdot p] * x) \wedge \omega * [\cdot - p]$  by simp
qed
qed

lemma while-pres-disj:  $(x::'a::mbt-algebra) \in \text{disjunctive} \implies (\text{While } p \text{ do } x) \in \text{disjunctive}$ 
apply (unfold while-dual-star)
apply (rule comp-pres-disj)
apply (rule dual-star-pres-disj)
by (rule comp-pres-disj, simp-all add: assertion-disjunctive)

lemma while-pres-conj:  $(x::'a::mbt-algebra-fusion) \in \text{conjunctive} \implies (\text{While } p \text{ do } x) \in \text{conjunctive}$ 
apply (unfold while-def)
by (simp add: comp-pres-conj omega-pres-conj)

unbundle no lattice-syntax
end

```

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