Lovasz Local Lemma

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Abstract

This entry aims to formalise several useful general techniques for using the *probabilistic method* for combinatorial structures (or discrete spaces more generally). In particular, it focuses on bounding tools, such as the union and complete independence bounds, and the first formalisation of the pivotal Lovász local lemma. The formalisation focuses on the general lemma, however also proves several useful variations, including the more well known symmetric version. Both the original formalisation and several of the variations used dependency graphs, which were formalised using Noschinski's general directed graph library [2]. Additionally, the entry provides several useful existence lemmas, required at the end of most probabilistic proofs on combinatorial structures. Finally, the entry includes several significant extensions to the existing probability libraries, particularly for conditional probability (such as Bayes theorem) and independent events. The formalisation is primarily based on Alon and Spencer's textbook [1], as well as Zhao's course notes [3].

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1 Extensional function extras

Counting lemmas (i.e. reasoning on cardinality) of sets on the extensional function relation

theory *PiE-Rel-Extras* imports *Card-Partitions*. *Card-Partitions* begin

1.1 Relations and Extensional Function sets

A number of lemmas to convert between relations and functions for counting purposes. Note, ultimately not needed in this formalisation, but may be of use in the future

lemma Range-unfold: Range $r = \{y. \exists x. (x, y) \in r\}$ by blast

definition fun-to-rel:: 'a set \Rightarrow 'b set \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow ('a \times 'b) set where fun-to-rel A B f \equiv {(a, b) | a b . a \in A \land b \in B \land f a = b}

definition rel-to-fun:: $('a \times 'b)$ set $\Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b)$ where rel-to-fun $R \equiv \lambda \ a$. (if $a \in Domain \ R$ then (THE b. $(a, b) \in R$) else undefined)

lemma fun-to-relI: $a \in A \implies b \in B \implies f \ a = b \implies (a, b) \in fun-to-rel A B f$ unfolding fun-to-rel-def by auto

lemma fun-to-rel-alt: fun-to-rel $A \ B \ f \equiv \{(a, f \ a) \mid a \ b \ . \ a \in A \land f \ a \in B\}$ unfolding fun-to-rel-def by simp

lemma fun-to-relI2: $a \in A \implies f a \in B \implies (a, f a) \in fun-to-rel A B f$ using fun-to-rel-alt by fast **lemma** rel-to-fun-in[simp]: $a \in Domain \ R \implies (rel-to-fun \ R) \ a = (THE \ b \ . (a, \ b) \in R)$

unfolding rel-to-fun-def by simp

lemma rel-to-fun-undefined[simp]: $a \notin Domain R \implies (rel-to-fun R) a = undefined$ unfolding rel-to-fun-def by simp

lemma single-valued-unique-Dom-iff: single-valued $R \leftrightarrow (\forall x \in Domain \ R. \exists ! y . (x, y) \in R)$ using single-valued-def by fastforce

lemma rel-to-fun-range: **assumes** single-valued R **assumes** $a \in Domain R$ **shows** (*THE* b . (a, b) $\in R$) \in Range R **using** single-valued-unique-Dom-iff **by** (metis Range-iff assms(1) assms(2) theI')

lemma rel-to-fun-extensional: single-valued $R \Longrightarrow$ rel-to-fun $R \in (Domain \ R \to_E Range \ R)$ by (intro PiE-I) (simp-all add: rel-to-fun-range)

```
lemma single-value-fun-to-rel: single-valued (fun-to-rel A B f)
unfolding single-valued-def fun-to-rel-def
by simp
```

lemma fun-to-rel-domain: **assumes** $f \in A \rightarrow_E B$ **shows** Domain (fun-to-rel A B f) = A **unfolding** fun-to-rel-def **using** assms **by** (auto simp add: subset-antisym subsetI Domain-unfold)

lemma fun-to-rel-range: **assumes** $f \in A \rightarrow_E B$ **shows** Range (fun-to-rel A B f) $\subseteq B$ **unfolding** fun-to-rel-def **using** assms **by** (auto simp add: subsetI Range-unfold)

lemma rel-to-fun-to-rel: **assumes** $f \in A \rightarrow_E B$ **shows** rel-to-fun (fun-to-rel A B f) = f **proof** (intro ext allI) **fix** x **show** rel-to-fun (fun-to-rel A B f) x = f x **proof** (cases $x \in A$) **case** True **then have** ind: $x \in Domain$ (fun-to-rel A B f) **using** fun-to-rel-domain assms

by blast have $(x, f x) \in fun$ -to-rel A B f using fun-to-rel-alt True single-value-fun-to-rel

```
using assms by fastforce
   moreover have rel-to-fun (fun-to-rel A B f) x = (THE b, (x, b) \in (fun-to-rel A B f))
(A \ B \ f) by (simp add: ind)
  ultimately show ?thesis using single-value-fun-to-rel single-valuedD the-equality
     by (metis (no-types, lifting))
 \mathbf{next}
   {\bf case} \ {\it False}
   then have x \notin Domain (fun-to-rel A B f) unfolding fun-to-rel-def
     by blast
   then show ?thesis
     using False assms by auto
 qed
qed
lemma fun-to-rel-to-fun:
 assumes single-valued R
 shows fun-to-rel (Domain R) (Range R) (rel-to-fun R) = R
proof (intro subset-antisym subsetI)
  fix x assume x \in fun-to-rel (Domain R) (Range R) (rel-to-fun R)
  then obtain a b where x = (a, b) and a \in Domain R and b \in Range R and
(rel-to-fun \ R \ a) = b
   using fun-to-rel-def by (smt (verit) mem-Collect-eq)
  then have b = (THE b'. (a, b') \in R) using rel-to-fun-in
   by simp
  then show x \in R
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) \langle a \in Domain R \rangle \langle x = (a, b) \rangle assms single-valued-unique-Dom-iff
the1-equality)
next
 fix x assume x \in R
 then obtain a b where x = (a, b) and (a, b) \in R and \forall c : (a, c) \in R \longrightarrow b
= c
   using assms
   by (metis prod.collapse single-valued-def)
  then have a \in Domain \ R \ b \in Range \ R by blast+
 then have b = (THE b', (a, b') \in R)
   by (metis \forall c. (a, c) \in R \longrightarrow b = c \forall x = (a, b) \forall x \in R \forall the-equality)
 then have (a, b) \in fun-to-rel (Domain R) (Range R) (rel-to-fun R)
   using \langle a \in Domain R \rangle \langle b \in Range R \rangle by (intro fun-to-rell) (simp-all)
  then show x \in fun-to-rel (Domain R) (Range R) (rel-to-fun R) using \langle x = (a, b) \rangle
b) by simp
qed
lemma bij-betw-fun-to-rel:
 assumes f \in A \to_E B
 shows bij-betw (\lambda \ a \ . \ (a, f \ a)) \ A \ (fun-to-rel \ A \ B \ f)
proof (intro bij-betw-imageI inj-onI)
 show \bigwedge x \ y. \ x \in A \implies y \in A \implies (x, f \ x) = (y, f \ y) \implies x = y by simp
next
 show (\lambda a. (a, f a)) ' A = fun-to-rel A B f
```

4

```
proof (intro subset-antisym subsetI)
   fix x assume x \in (\lambda a. (a, f a)) 'A
   then obtain a where a \in A and x = (a, f a) by blast
   then show x \in fun-to-rel A \ B \ f using fun-to-rel-alt assms
     by fastforce
  \mathbf{next}
   fix x assume x \in fun-to-rel A B f
   then show x \in (\lambda a. (a, f a)) 'A using fun-to-rel-alt
     using image-iff by fastforce
 \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma fun-to-rel-indiv-card:
 assumes f \in A \to_E B
 shows card (fun-to-rel A B f) = card A
 using bij-betw-fun-to-rel assms bij-betw-same-card of (\lambda \ a \ (a, f \ a)) \ A \ (fun-to-rel
A B f
 by (metis)
lemma fun-to-rel-inj:
 assumes C \subseteq A \rightarrow_E B
 shows inj-on (fun-to-rel A B) C
proof (intro inj-onI ext allI)
 fix f g x assume fin: f \in C and gin: g \in C and eq: fun-to-rel A B f = fun-to-rel
A B g
 then show f x = g x
 proof (cases x \in A)
   case True
   then have (x, f x) \in fun-to-rel A B f using fun-to-rel-alt
     by (smt (verit) PiE-mem assms fin fun-to-rel-def mem-Collect-eq subset-eq)
   moreover have (x, g x) \in fun-to-rel A B g using fun-to-rel-alt True
     by (smt (verit) PiE-mem assms fun-to-rel-def gin mem-Collect-eq subset-eq)
   ultimately show ?thesis using eq single-value-fun-to-rel single-valued-def
     by metis
 \mathbf{next}
   case False
   then have f x = undefined g x = undefined using fin gin assms by auto
   then show ?thesis by simp
 qed
qed
lemma fun-to-rel-ss: fun-to-rel A \ B \ f \subseteq A \times B
 unfolding fun-to-rel-def by auto
lemma card-fun-to-rel: C \subseteq A \rightarrow_E B \Longrightarrow card C = card ((\lambda f . fun-to-rel A B f
```

```
) (C)
```

using card-image fun-to-rel-inj by metis

1.2 Cardinality Lemmas

Lemmas to count variations of filtered sets over the extensional function set relation

lemma card-PiE-filter-range-set: assumes $\bigwedge a. a \in A' \Longrightarrow X a \in C$ assumes $A' \subseteq A$ assumes finite A shows card $\{f \in A \rightarrow_E C : \forall a \in A' : f a = X a\} = (card C) \cap (card A - card C)$ A'proof have finA: finite A' using assms(3) finite-subset assms(2) by auto have c1: card (A - A') = card A - card A' using assms(2)using card-Diff-subset finA by blast define $g :: (a \Rightarrow b) \Rightarrow (a \Rightarrow b)$ where $g \equiv \lambda f$. ($\lambda a'$. if $a' \in A'$ then undefined else f a') have bij-betw $g \{ f \in A \to_E C : \forall a \in A' : f a = X a \} ((A - A') \to_E C)$ **proof** (*intro bij-betw-imageI inj-onI*) fix h h' assume $h1in: h \in \{f \in A \to_E C, \forall a \in A', f a = X a\}$ and h2in: h' $\in \{f \in A \to_E C. \forall a \in A'. f a = X a\} g h = g h'$ **then have** eq: $(\lambda \ a' \ . \ if \ a' \in A' \ then \ undefined \ else \ h \ a') = (\lambda \ a' \ . \ if \ a' \in A'$ then undefined else h' a') using g-def by simp show h = h'proof (intro ext allI) fix xshow h x = h' x using h1in h2in eq by (cases $x \in A'$, simp, meson) qed \mathbf{next} show g ' $\{f \in A \rightarrow_E C, \forall a \in A', fa = Xa\} = A - A' \rightarrow_E C$ **proof** (*intro subset-antisym subsetI*) fix g' assume $g' \in g$ ' { $f \in A \rightarrow_E C$. $\forall a \in A'$. f a = X a} then obtain f' where geq: g' = g f' and fin: $f' \in A \to_E C$ and $\forall a \in A'$. f' a = X aby blast show $g' \in A - A' \rightarrow_E C$ using g-def fin geq by (intro PiE-I)(auto) \mathbf{next} fix g' assume gin: $g' \in A - A' \rightarrow_E C$ define f' where $f' = (\lambda \ a' \ . \ (if \ a' \in A' \ then \ X \ a' \ else \ g' \ a'))$ then have $eqc: \forall a' \in A'$. f'a' = Xa' by auto have fin: $f' \in A \to_E C$ proof (intro PiE-I) fix x assume $x \in A$ have $x \notin A' \Longrightarrow f' x = q' x$ using f'-def by auto moreover have $x \in A' \Longrightarrow f' = X x$ using f'-def by (simp add: $\langle x \in A' \rangle$ $A \rangle$) ultimately show $f' x \in C$ using gin $PiE-E \langle x \in A \rangle$ assms(1)[of x] by (metis Diff-iff)

```
\mathbf{next}
      fix x assume x \notin A
      then show f' x = undefined
        using f'-def gin assms(2) by auto
     ged
     have g' = g f' unfolding f'-def g-def
      by (auto simp add: fun-eq-iff) (metis DiffE PiE-arb gin)
     then show q' \in q ' {f \in A \to_E C. \forall a \in A'. f a = X a} using fin eqc by
blast
   qed
 qed
 then have card \{f \in A \to_E C : \forall a \in A' : f a = X a\} = card ((A - A') \to_E C)
C)
   using bij-betw-same-card by blast
 also have ... = (card C)^{card} (A - A')
   using card-funcsetE assms(3) by (metis finite-Diff)
 finally show ?thesis using c1 by auto
qed
```

- **lemma** card-PiE-filter-range-indiv: $X \ a' \in C \implies a' \in A \implies$ finite $A \implies$ card $\{f \in A \rightarrow_E C \ f \ a' = X \ a'\} = (card \ C) \cap (card \ A - 1)$ using card-PiE-filter-range-set[of $\{a'\} \ X \ C \ A$] by auto
- **lemma** card-PiE-filter-range-set-const: $c \in C \Longrightarrow A' \subseteq A \Longrightarrow$ finite $A \Longrightarrow$ card { $f \in A \rightarrow_E C : \forall a \in A' : f a = c$ } = (card C) ^(card A - card A') using card-PiE-filter-range-set[of A' $\lambda a : c$] by auto

lemma card-PiE-filter-range-set-nat: $c \in \{0..< n\} \Longrightarrow A' \subseteq A \Longrightarrow$ finite $A \Longrightarrow$ card $\{f \in A \rightarrow_E \{0..< n\} : \forall a \in A' : f a = c\} = n \cap (card A - card A')$ using card-PiE-filter-range-set-const[of $c \{0..< n\} A' A$] by auto

end

2 Digraph extensions

Extensions to the existing library for directed graphs, basically neighborhood

theory Digraph-Extensions imports Graph-Theory.Digraph Graph-Theory.Pair-Digraph begin

definition (in *pre-digraph*) *neighborhood* :: $a \Rightarrow a$ set where *neighborhood* $u \equiv \{v \in verts \ G \ . \ dominates \ G \ u \ v\}$

lemma (in wf-digraph) neighborhood-wf: neighborhood $v \subseteq$ verts G unfolding neighborhood-def by auto **lemma** (in *pair-pre-digraph*) *neighborhood-alt*: neighborhood $u = \{v \in pverts \ G \ . \ (u, v) \in parcs \ G\}$ unfolding neighborhood-def by simp **lemma** (in fin-digraph) neighborhood-finite: finite (neighborhood v) using neighborhood-wf finite-subset finite-verts by fast **lemma** (in wf-digraph) neighborhood-edge-iff: $y \in$ neighborhood $x \leftrightarrow (x, y) \in$ arcs-ends G ${\bf unfolding} \ neighborhood\text{-}def \ {\bf using} \ in\text{-}arcs\text{-}imp\text{-}in\text{-}arcs\text{-}ends \ {\bf by} \ auto$ **lemma** (in *loopfree-digraph*) neighborhood-self-not: $v \notin$ (neighborhood v) unfolding neighborhood-def using adj-not-same by auto lemma (in nomulti-digraph) inj-on-head-out-arcs: inj-on (head G) (out-arcs G u) **proof** (*intro inj-onI*) fix x y assume xin: $x \in out$ -arcs G u and yin: $y \in out$ -arcs G u and heq: head G x = head G ythen have tail G x = u tail G y = uusing out-arcs-def by auto then have arc-to-ends G x = arc-to-ends G yunfolding arc-to-ends-def heq by auto then show x = y using no-multi-arcs xin yin by simp

qed

lemma (in nomulti-digraph) out-degree-neighborhood: out-degree G u = card (neighborhood u)

proof -

let ?f = λ e. head G e have bij-betw ?f (out-arcs G u) (neighborhood u) proof (intro bij-betw-imageI) show inj-on (head G) (out-arcs G u) using inj-on-head-out-arcs by simp show head G ' out-arcs G u = neighborhood u unfolding neighborhood-def using in-arcs-imp-in-arcs-ends by auto qed then show ?thesis unfolding out-degree-def by (simp add: bij-betw-same-card) qed

lemma (in digraph) neighborhood-empty-iff: out-degree $G \ u = 0 \iff$ neighborhood $u = \{\}$

using out-degree-neighborhood neighborhood-finite by auto

 \mathbf{end}

3 General Event Lemmas

General lemmas for reasoning on events in probability spaces after different operations

```
theory Prob-Events-Extras
 imports
   HOL-Probability. Probability
   PiE-Rel-Extras
begin
context prob-space
begin
lemma prob-sum-Union:
 assumes measurable: finite A \ A \subseteq events disjoint A
 shows prob (\bigcup A) = (\sum e \in A. prob (e))
proof -
  obtain f where bb: bij-betw f \{0..< card A\} A
   using assms(1) ex-bij-betw-nat-finite by auto
 then have eq: f \in \{0 .. < card A\} = A
   by (simp add: bij-betw-imp-surj-on)
 moreover have inj-on f \{0..< card A\}
   using bb bij-betw-def by blast
  ultimately have disjoint-family-on f \{0..< card A\}
   using disjoint-image-disjoint-family-on [of f \{0..< card A\}] assms by auto
  moreover have (\sum e \in A. prob (e)) = (\sum i \in \{0.. < card A\}. prob (f i)) using
sum.reindex bb
   by (simp add: sum.reindex-bij-betw)
 ultimately show ?thesis using finite-measure-finite-Union eq assms(1) assms(2)
   by (metis bb bij-betw-finite)
\mathbf{qed}
lemma events-inter:
 assumes finite S
 assumes S \neq \{\}
 shows (\bigwedge A. A \in S \Longrightarrow A \in events) \Longrightarrow \bigcap S \in events
using assms proof (induct S rule: finite-ne-induct)
 case (singleton x)
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (insert x F)
 then show ?case using sets.Int
   by (metis complete-lattice-class.Inf-insert insertCI)
qed
lemma events-union:
 assumes finite S
 shows (\bigwedge A. A \in S \Longrightarrow A \in events) \Longrightarrow \bigcup S \in events
```

```
using assms(1) proof (induct S rule: finite-induct)
```

```
case empty
  then show ?case by auto
\mathbf{next}
  case (insert x F)
 then show ?case using sets.Un
   by (simp add: insertI1)
\mathbf{qed}
lemma prob-inter-set-lt-elem: A \in events \Longrightarrow prob (A \cap (\bigcap AS)) \leq prob A
 by (simp add: finite-measure-mono)
lemma Inter-event-ss: finite A \Longrightarrow A \subseteq events \Longrightarrow A \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow \bigcap A \in events
 by (simp add: events-inter subset-iff)
lemma prob-inter-ss-lt:
 assumes finite A
 assumes A \subseteq events
 assumes B \neq \{\}
 assumes B \subseteq A
 shows prob (\bigcap A) \leq prob (\bigcap B)
proof (cases B = A)
  case True
  then show ?thesis by simp
\mathbf{next}
  case False
 then obtain C where C = A - B and C \neq \{\}
   using assms(4) by auto
 then have \bigcap A = \bigcap C \cap \bigcap B
   by (metis Inter-Un-distrib Un-Diff-cancel2 assms(4) sup.orderE)
 moreover have \bigcap B \in events using assms(1) assms(3) assms(2) Inter-event-ss
   by (meson assms(2) assms(4) dual-order.trans finite-subset)
 ultimately show ?thesis using prob-inter-set-lt-elem
   by (simp add: inf-commute)
qed
lemma prob-inter-ss-lt-index:
 assumes finite A
 assumes F ' A \subseteq events
 assumes B \neq \{\}
 assumes B \subseteq A
 shows prob (\bigcap (F `A)) \leq prob (\bigcap (F `B))
using prob-inter-ss-lt[of F ' A F ' B] assms by auto
lemma space-compl-double:
 assumes S \subseteq events
 shows ((-) (space M)) '(((-) (space M)) 'S) = S
proof (intro subset-antisym subsetI)
 fix x assume x \in (-) (space M) '(-) (space M) 'S
```

then obtain x' where xeq: x = space M - x' and $x' \in (-)$ (space M) 'S by

blast

then obtain x'' where x' = space M - x'' and $xin: x'' \in S$ by blast then have x'' = x using *xeq* assms **by** (*simp add: Diff-Diff-Int Set.basic-monos*(7)) then show $x \in S$ using xin by simp \mathbf{next} fix x assume $x \in S$ then obtain x' where xeq: x' = space M - x and $x' \in (-)$ (space M) 'S by simp then have space $M - x' \in (-)$ (space M) '(-) (space M) 'S by auto moreover have space M - x' = x using xeq assms by (simp add: Diff-Diff-Int $\langle x \in S \rangle$ subset-iff) ultimately show $x \in (-)$ (space M) '(-) (space M) 'S by simp qed **lemma** *bij-betw-compl-sets*: **assumes** $S \subseteq events$ assumes S' = ((-) (space M)) 'S shows bij-betw ((-) (space M)) S' S**proof** (*intro bij-betwI'*) show $\bigwedge x \ y. \ x \in S' \Longrightarrow y \in S' \Longrightarrow (space \ M - x = space \ M - y) = (x = y)$ using assms(2) by blast \mathbf{next} show $\bigwedge x. x \in S' \Longrightarrow$ space $M - x \in S$ using space-compl-double assms by auto \mathbf{next} show $\bigwedge y. y \in S \Longrightarrow \exists x \in S'. y = space M - x$ using space-compl-double assms by *auto* qed **lemma** *bij-betw-compl-sets-rev*: **assumes** $S \subseteq events$ assumes S' = ((-) (space M)) 'S shows bij-betw ((-) (space M)) S S'**proof** (*intro bij-betwI'*) show $\bigwedge x \ y. \ x \in S \implies y \in S \implies (space \ M - x = space \ M - y) = (x = y)$ using assms by (metis Diff-Diff-Int sets.Int-space-eq1 subset-eq) \mathbf{next} show $\bigwedge x. x \in S \Longrightarrow$ space $M - x \in S'$ using space-compl-double assms by auto next show $\bigwedge y. y \in S' \Longrightarrow \exists x \in S. y = space M - x$ using space-compl-double assms by auto qed **lemma** prob0-basic-inter: $A \in events \implies B \in events \implies prob A = 0 \implies prob$ $(A \cap B) = 0$ by (metis Int-lower1 finite-measure-mono measure-le-0-iff)

lemma prob0-basic-Inter: $A \in events \implies B \subseteq events \implies prob A = 0 \implies prob$ $(A \cap (\bigcap B)) = 0$

by (metis Int-lower1 finite-measure-mono measure-le-0-iff)

lemma prob1-basic-inter: $A \in events \Longrightarrow B \in events \Longrightarrow prob A = 1 \Longrightarrow prob$ $(A \cap B) = prob B$ **by** (*metis inf-commute measure-space-inter prob-space*) **lemma** prob1-basic-Inter: **assumes** $A \in events B \subseteq events$ assumes prob A = 1assumes $B \neq \{\}$ assumes finite B shows prob $(A \cap (\bigcap B)) = prob (\bigcap B)$ proof have $\bigcap B \in events$ using Inter-event-ss assms by auto then show ?thesis using assms prob1-basic-inter by auto qed **lemma** compl-identity: $A \in events \Longrightarrow space M - (space M - A) = A$ **by** (*simp add: double-diff sets.sets-into-space*) **lemma** prob-addition-rule: $A \in events \Longrightarrow B \in events \Longrightarrow$ $prob (A \cup B) = prob A + prob B - prob (A \cap B)$ by (simp add: finite-measure-Diff' finite-measure-Union' inf-commute) **lemma** compl-subset-in-events: $S \subseteq$ events \Longrightarrow (-) (space M) ' $S \subseteq$ events by auto **lemma** prob-compl-diff-inter: $A \in events \Longrightarrow B \in events \Longrightarrow$ $prob (A \cap (space M - B)) = prob A - prob (A \cap B)$ by (simp add: Diff-Int-distrib finite-measure-Diff sets.Int) **lemma** bij-betw-prod-prob: bij-betw $f \land B \Longrightarrow (\prod b \in B. \text{ prob } b) = (\prod a \in A. \text{ prob } (f \land b))$ a))**by** (*simp add: prod.reindex-bij-betw*) definition event-compl :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a set where event-compl $A \equiv space M - A$ **lemma** compl-Union: $A \neq \{\} \implies space M - (\bigcup A) = (\bigcap a \in A : (space M$ a))by (simp)**lemma** compl-Union-fn: $A \neq \{\} \implies space M - (\bigcup (F \land A)) = (\bigcap a \in A \land (space A))$ M - F a))by (simp)end Reasoning on the probability of function sets

lemma card-PiE-val-ss-eq: assumes finite A assumes $b \in B$ assumes $d \subseteq A$ assumes $B \neq \{\}$ assumes finite B shows card $\{f \in (A \to_E B) : (\forall v \in d , fv = b)\}/card (A \to_E B) = 1/((card$ B) powi (card d)) (is card $\{f \in ?C : (\forall v \in d : fv = b)\}/card ?C = 1/((card B) powi (card d)))$ proof have *lt*: card $d \leq card A$ by (simp add: card-mono assms(1) assms(3)) then have scard: card $\{f \in ?C : \forall v \in d : fv = b\} = (card B) powi ((card A))$ - card d) using assms card-PiE-filter-range-set-const[of b B d A] assms by (simp flip: of-nat-diff) have Ccard: card ?C = (card B) powi (card A) using card-funcsetE assms(2)assms(1) by *auto* have bgt: card $B \neq 0$ using assms(5) assms(4) by auto have card $\{f \in ?C : \forall v \in d : fv = b\}/(card ?C) =$ ((card B) powi ((card A) - card d))/((card B) powi (card A))using Ccard scard by simp also have $\dots = (card B) powi (int (card A - card d) - int (card A))$ using bgt by (simp add: power-int-diff) also have $\dots = inverse ((card B) powi (card d))$ using power-int-minus of card B (int (card d))] by (simp add: lt) finally show ?thesis by (simp add: inverse-eq-divide) qed **lemma** card-PiE-val-indiv-eq: assumes finite A assumes $b \in B$ assumes $d \in A$ assumes $B \neq \{\}$ assumes finite B shows card $\{f \in (A \to_E B) : f d = b\}/card (A \to_E B) = 1/(card B)$ (is card $\{f \in ?C \ f \ d = b\}/card \ ?C = 1/(card \ B)$) proof have $\{d\} \subseteq A$ using assms(3) by simp**moreover have** $\bigwedge f : f \in ?C \Longrightarrow f d = b \longleftrightarrow (\forall d' \in \{d\}, f d' = b)$ by *auto* ultimately have card $\{f \in ?C \ .f \ d = b\}/card \ ?C = 1/((card B) \ powi \ (card$ $\{d\}))$ using card-PiE-val-ss-eq[of A b B $\{d\}$] assms by auto also have $\dots = 1/((card B) powi 1)$ by auto finally show ?thesis by simp qed **lemma** prob-uniform-ex-fun-space:

assumes finite A

assumes $b \in B$ **assumes** $d \subseteq A$ assumes $B \neq \{\}$ assumes $A \neq \{\}$ assumes finite B **shows** prob-space.prob (uniform-count-measure $(A \rightarrow_E B)$) { $f \in (A \rightarrow_E B)$. (\forall $v \in d \ .f \ v = b)\} =$ 1/((card B) powi (card d))proof let $?C = (A \rightarrow_E B)$ let ?M = uniform-count-measure ?Chave finC: finite ?C using assms(2) assms(6) assms(1)by (simp add: finite-PiE) moreover have $?C \neq \{\}$ using assms(4) assms(1)by (simp add: PiE-eq-empty-iff) ultimately interpret P: prob-space ?M using assms(3) by (simp add: prob-space-uniform-count-measure) have P.prob $\{f \in ?C : \forall v \in d : fv = b\} = card \{f \in ?C : \forall v \in d : fv = b\}/$ (card ?C)using measure-uniform-count-measure[of $?C \{ f \in ?C : \forall v \in d : fv = b \}$] finC assms(3)by *fastforce* then show ?thesis using card-PiE-val-ss-eq assms by (simp) qed **proposition** *integrable-uniform-count-measure-finite*:

proposition integrable-uniform-count-measure-finite: **fixes** $g :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b::{banach, second-countable-topology}$ **shows** $finite <math>A \implies$ integrable (uniform-count-measure A) g **unfolding** uniform-count-measure-def **using** integrable-point-measure-finite **by** fastforce

end

4 Conditional Probability Library Extensions

theory Cond-Prob-Extensions imports Prob-Events-Extras Design-Theory.Multisets-Extras begin

4.1 Miscellaneous Set and List Lemmas

lemma nth-image-tl:
 assumes $xs \neq []$ shows nth $xs ` \{1..< length xs\} = set(tl xs)
proof have set (tl xs) = {(tl xs)!i | i. i < length (tl xs)}
 using set-conv-nth by metis</pre>$

then have set $(tl xs) = \{xs! (Suc i) \mid i. i < length xs - 1\}$ using nth-tl by fastforce then have set $(tl xs) = \{xs \mid j \mid j. j > 0 \land j < length xs\}$ by (smt (verit, best) Collect-cong Suc-diff-1 Suc-less-eq assms length-greater-0-conv *zero-less-Suc*) thus ?thesis by auto qed **lemma** *exists-list-card*: assumes finite Sobtains xs where set xs = S and length xs = card Sby (metis assms distinct-card finite-distinct-list) **lemma** *bij-betw-inter-empty*: assumes bij-betw $f \land B$ assumes $A' \subset A$ assumes $A^{\prime\prime} \subseteq A$ assumes $A' \cap A'' = \{\}$ shows $f' A' \cap f' A'' = \{\}$ by $(metis \ assms(1) \ assms(2) \ assms(3) \ assms(4) \ bij-betw-inter-subsets \ image-empty)$ **lemma** *bij-betw-image-comp-eq*: assumes bij-betw q T Sshows $(F \circ g)$ ' T = F ' Susing assms bij-betw-imp-surj-on by (metis image-comp) **lemma** prod-card-image-set-eq:

assumes bij-betw $f \{0..< card S\}$ S assumes finite Sshows $(\prod i \in \{n \dots < (card S)\} \cdot g(f i)) = (\prod i \in f' \{n \dots < card S\} \cdot g i)$ **proof** (cases $n \ge card S$) case True then show ?thesis by simp \mathbf{next} case False then show ?thesis using assms **proof** (*induct card S arbitrary: S*) case θ then show ?case by auto \mathbf{next} case (Suc x) then have *nlt*: n < Suc x by *simp* then have split: $\{n ... < Suc \ x\} = \{n ... < x\} \cup \{x\}$ by auto then have $f \in \{n ... < Suc \ x\} = f \in \{n ... < x\} \cup \{x\}\}$ by simp then have *fsplit*: $f \in \{n ... < Suc \ x\} = f \in \{n ... < x\} \cup \{f \ x\}$ by simp have $\{n ... < x\} \subseteq \{0 ... < card S\}$ using Suc(2) by *auto*

moreover have $\{x\} \subseteq \{0..< card S\}$ using Suc(2) by *auto* moreover have $\{n \le x\} \cap \{x\} = \{\}$ by *auto* ultimately have finter: $f \in \{n : < x\} \cap \{f x\} = \{\}$ using Suc.prems(2)Suc.prems(1)*bij-betw-inter-empty*[of $f \{0... < card S\} S \{n... < x\} \{x\}$] by auto have $(\prod i = n .. < Suc x. g(f i)) = (\prod i = n .. < x. g(f i)) * g(f(x))$ using nlt **by** simp **moreover have** $(\prod x \in f \in \{n \dots < Suc \ x\}, g x) = (\prod i \in f \in \{n \dots < x\}, g i) * g (f x)$ using finter fsplit **by** (simp add: Groups.mult-ac(2)) moreover have $(\prod i \in f' \{n ... < x\}, g i) = (\prod i = n ... < x, g (f i))$ proof let $?S' = f ` \{0.. < x\}$ have $\{0..< x\} \subseteq \{0..< card S\}$ using Suc(2) by *auto* then have bij: bij-betw $f \{0..< x\}$?S' using Suc.prems(2) using *bij-betw-subset* by *blast* moreover have card ?S' = x using bij-betw-same-card[of f {0..<x} ?S'] bij by auto moreover have finite ?S' using finite-subset by auto ultimately show ?thesis by (metis bij-betw-subset ivl-subset less-eq-nat. simps(1) order-refl prod. reindex-bij-betw) qed ultimately show ?case using Suc(2) by auto qed qed

lemma set-take-distinct-elem-not: **assumes** distinct xs **assumes** i < length xs **shows** $xs ! i \notin set (take i xs)$ **by** (metis assms(1) assms(2) distinct-take id-take-nth-drop not-distinct-conv-prefix)

4.2 Conditional Probability Basics

context *prob-space* begin

Abbreviation to mirror mathematical notations

abbreviation cond-prob-ev :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a set \Rightarrow real ($\langle \mathcal{P}'(- | -') \rangle$) where $\mathcal{P}(B | A) \equiv \mathcal{P}(x \text{ in } M. (x \in B) | (x \in A))$

lemma cond-prob-inter: $\mathcal{P}(B \mid A) = \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\omega \in B \cap A)) / \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\omega \in A))$ **using** cond-prob-def **by** auto **lemma** cond-prob-ev-def: **assumes** $A \in events \ B \in events$ **shows** $\mathcal{P}(B \mid A) = prob \ (A \cap B) / prob \ A$

proof -

have a: $\mathcal{P}(B \mid A) = \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\omega \in B \cap A)) / \mathcal{P}(\omega \text{ in } M. (\omega \in A))$ using cond-prob-inter by auto also have $\dots = prob \{ w \in space M : w \in B \cap A \} / prob \{ w \in space M : w \in A \}$ by *auto* finally show ?thesis using assms **by** (*simp add: Collect-conj-eq a inf-commute*) qed lemma measurable-in-ev: assumes $A \in events$ shows Measurable.pred M ($\lambda x . x \in A$) using assms by auto **lemma** *measure-uniform-measure-eq-cond-prob-ev*: **assumes** $A \in events B \in events$ shows $\mathcal{P}(A \mid B) = \mathcal{P}(x \text{ in uniform-measure } M \{x \in space \ M. \ x \in B\}, x \in A)$ using assms measurable-in-ev measure-uniform-measure-eq-cond-prob by auto **lemma** *measure-uniform-measure-eq-cond-prob-ev2*: **assumes** $A \in events \ B \in events$ shows $\mathcal{P}(A \mid B) = measure (uniform-measure M \{x \in space M. x \in B\}) A$ using measure-uniform-measure-eq-cond-prob-ev assms **by** (*metis Int-def sets.Int-space-eq1 space-uniform-measure*) **lemma** *measure-uniform-measure-eq-cond-prob-ev3*: **assumes** $A \in events \ B \in events$ shows $\mathcal{P}(A \mid B) = measure (uniform-measure M B) A$ using measure-uniform-measure-eq-cond-prob-ev assms Int-def sets. Int-space-eq1 space-uniform-measure by metis **lemma** *prob-space-cond-prob-uniform*: assumes prob $(\{x \in space M. Q x\}) > 0$ shows prob-space (uniform-measure $M \{x \in space M. Q x\}$) using assms by (intro prob-space-uniform-measure) (simp-all add: emeasure-eq-measure) **lemma** prob-space-cond-prob-event: assumes prob B > 0shows prob-space (uniform-measure M B) using assms by (intro prob-space-uniform-measure) (simp-all add: emeasure-eq-measure) Note this case shouldn't be used. Conditional probability should have > 0 assumption **lemma** cond-prob-empty: $\mathcal{P}(B \mid \{\}) = 0$ using cond-prob-inter[of B {}] by auto **lemma** cond-prob-space: $\mathcal{P}(A \mid space \ M) = \mathcal{P}(w \text{ in } M \cdot w \in A)$ proof – have p1: prob { $\omega \in space \ M. \ \omega \in space \ M$ } = 1

by (*simp add: prob-space*)

have $\bigwedge w. w \in space M \Longrightarrow w \in A \cap (space M) \longleftrightarrow w \in A$ by auto then have prob { $\omega \in space M. \omega \in A \cap space M$ } = $\mathcal{P}(w \text{ in } M \cdot w \in A)$ by meson

then show ?thesis using cond-prob-inter[of A space M] p1 by auto qed

lemma cond-prob-space-ev: assumes $A \in events$ shows $\mathcal{P}(A \mid space M) = prob A$

using cond-prob-space assms

by (*metis Int-commute Int-def measure-space-inter sets.top*)

lemma cond-prob-UNIV: $\mathcal{P}(A \mid UNIV) = \mathcal{P}(w \text{ in } M \cdot w \in A)$ **proof** – **have** p1: prob { $\omega \in \text{space } M \cdot \omega \in UNIV$ } = 1 **by** (simp add: prob-space) **have** $\bigwedge w \cdot w \in \text{space } M \implies w \in A \cap UNIV \longleftrightarrow w \in A$ **by** auto **then have** prob { $\omega \in \text{space } M \cdot \omega \in A \cap UNIV$ } = $\mathcal{P}(w \text{ in } M \cdot w \in A)$ **by** meson **then show** ?thesis using cond-prob-inter[of A UNIV] p1 by auto

\mathbf{qed}

lemma cond-prob-UNIV-ev: $A \in events \Longrightarrow \mathcal{P}(A \mid UNIV) = prob A$ using cond-prob-UNIV

by (*metis Int-commute Int-def measure-space-inter sets.top*)

lemma cond-prob-neg: **assumes** $A \in events \ B \in events$ **assumes** $prob \ A > 0$ **shows** $\mathcal{P}((space \ M - B) \mid A) = 1 - \mathcal{P}(B \mid A)$ **proof have** negB: space $M - B \in events$ **using** assms **by** auto **have** prob $((space \ M - B) \cap A) = prob \ A - prob \ (B \cap A)$ **by** $(simp \ add: \ Diff-Int-distrib2 \ assms(1) \ assms(2) \ finite-measure-Diff \ sets.Int)$ **then have** $\mathcal{P}((space \ M - B) \mid A) = (prob \ A - prob \ (B \cap A))/prob \ A$ **using** cond-prob-ev-def [of A space M - B] assms negB **by** $(simp \ add: \ Int-commute)$

also have ... = $((prob A)/prob A) - ((prob (B \cap A))/prob A)$ by (simp add: field-simps)

also have $\dots = 1 - ((prob (B \cap A))/prob A)$ using assms(3) by (simp add: field-simps)

finally show $\mathcal{P}((space \ M - B) \mid A) = 1 - \mathcal{P}(B \mid A)$ using cond-prob-ev-def[of A B] assms

by (*simp add: inf-commute*)

qed

4.3 Bayes Theorem

lemma prob-intersect-A:

assumes $A \in events \ B \in events$ shows prob $(A \cap B) = prob \ A * \mathcal{P}(B \mid A)$ using cond-prob-ev-def assms apply simp by (metis Int-lower1 finite-measure-mono measure-le-0-iff) **lemma** *prob-intersect-B*: **assumes** $A \in events \ B \in events$ shows prob $(A \cap B) = prob \ B * \mathcal{P}(A \mid B)$ using cond-prob-ev-def assms by (simp-all add: inf-commute)(metis Int-lower2 finite-measure-mono measure-le-0-iff) **theorem** *Bayes-theorem*: **assumes** $A \in events \ B \in events$ shows prob $B * \mathcal{P}(A \mid B) = prob A * \mathcal{P}(B \mid A)$ using prob-intersect-A prob-intersect-B assms by simp **corollary** Bayes-theorem-div: **assumes** $A \in events \ B \in events$ shows $\mathcal{P}(A \mid B) = (prob \ A * \mathcal{P}(B \mid A))/(prob \ B)$ using assms Bayes-theorem **by** (*metis cond-prob-ev-def prob-intersect-A*) **lemma** cond-prob-dual-intersect: **assumes** $A \in events \ B \in events \ C \in events$ assumes prob $C \neq 0$ shows $\mathcal{P}(A \mid (B \cap C)) = \mathcal{P}(A \cap B \mid C) / \mathcal{P}(B \mid C)$ (is ?LHS = ?RHS) proof have $B \cap C \in events$ using assms by auto then have *lhs:* $?LHS = prob (A \cap B \cap C)/prob (B \cap C)$ using assms cond-prob-ev-def [of $B \cap C A$] inf-commute inf-left-commute by (metis) have $A \cap B \in events$ using assms by auto then have $\mathcal{P}(A \cap B \mid C) = prob (A \cap B \cap C) / prob C$ using assms cond-prob-ev-def [of $C A \cap B$] inf-commute by (metis) moreover have $\mathcal{P}(B \mid C) = prob \ (B \cap C)/prob \ C$ using cond-prob-ev-def of C B] assms inf-commute by metis ultimately have $?RHS = (prob (A \cap B \cap C) / prob C)/(prob (B \cap C)/prob$ C)by simp also have ... = $(prob \ (A \cap B \cap C) \ / \ prob \ C)*(\ prob \ (C)/prob \ (B \cap C))$ by simp also have ... = prob $(A \cap B \cap C)/prob (B \cap C)$ using assms(4) by simpfinally show ?thesis using lhs by simp qed

lemma cond-prob-ev-double: **assumes** $A \in$ events $B \in$ events $C \in$ events **assumes** prob C > 0

shows $\mathcal{P}(x \text{ in (uniform-measure } M C), (x \in A) \mid (x \in B)) = \mathcal{P}(A \mid (B \cap C))$ proof let ?M = uniform-measure M Cinterpret cps: prob-space ?M using assms(4) prob-space-cond-prob-event by autohave proble: prob $C \neq 0$ using assms(4) by auto have ev: cps.events = events using sets-uniform-measure by auto have *iev*: $A \cap B \in events$ using assms(1) assms(2) by simphave $0: \mathcal{P}(x \text{ in } (uniform\text{-measure } M C)) : (x \in A) \mid (x \in B)) = cps.cond\text{-prob-ev}$ A B by simp also have $1: ... = (measure ?M (A \cap B))/(measure ?M B)$ using cond-prob-ev-def assms(1) assms(2) ev**by** (*metis Int-commute cps.cond-prob-ev-def*) also have $2: ... = \mathcal{P}((A \cap B) \mid C) / (measure ?M B)$ using measure-uniform-measure-eq-cond-prob-ev3[of $A \cap B C$] assms(3) iev by auto also have $3: ... = \mathcal{P}((A \cap B) \mid C) / \mathcal{P}(B \mid C)$ using measure-uniform-measure-eq-cond-prob-ev3 of B C] assms(3) assms(2) by auto also have $4: ... = \mathcal{P}(A \mid (B \cap C))$ using cond-prob-dual-intersect of $A \ B \ C$ assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) proble by presburger finally show ?thesis using 1 2 3 4 by presburger qed **lemma** cond-prob-inter-set-lt: **assumes** $A \in events \ B \in events \ AS \subseteq events$ assumes finite AS shows $\mathcal{P}((A \cap (\bigcap AS)) \mid B) \leq \mathcal{P}(A \mid B)$ (is ?LHS \leq ?RHS) using measure-uniform-measure-eq-cond-prob-ev finite-measure-mono **proof** (cases $AS = \{\}$) case True then have $(A \cap (\bigcap AS)) = A$ by simp then show ?thesis by simp next case False then have $(\bigcap AS) \in events$ using assms(3) assms(4) Inter-event-ss by simp then have $(A \cap (\bigcap AS)) \in events$ using assms by simp then have $?LHS = prob \ (A \cap (\bigcap AS) \cap B)/prob \ B$ using assms cond-prob-ev-def of B $(A \cap (\bigcap AS))$ inf-commute by metis **moreover have** prob $(A \cap (\bigcap AS) \cap B) \leq prob (A \cap B)$ using finite-measure-mono assms(1) inf-commute inf-left-commute by (metis assms(2) inf-sup-ord(1) sets.Int) ultimately show ?thesis using cond-prob-ev-def[of B A] by (simp add: assms(1) assms(2) divide-right-mono inf-commute) qed

4.4 Conditional Probability Multiplication Rule

Many list and indexed variations of this lemma

lemma prob-cond-Inter-List: assumes $xs \neq []$ **assumes** $\bigwedge A$. $A \in set xs \Longrightarrow A \in events$ shows prob $(\bigcap (set xs)) = prob (hd xs) * (\prod i = 1..<(length xs))$. $\mathcal{P}((xs \mid i) \mid (\bigcap (set \ (take \ i \ xs \)))))$ using assms(1) assms(2)**proof** (*induct xs rule: rev-nonempty-induct*) **case** (single x) then show ?case by auto \mathbf{next} **case** $(snoc \ x \ xs)$ have $xs \neq []$ **by** (*simp add: snoc.hyps*(1)) then have inev: $(\bigcap (set xs)) \in events$ using events-inter **by** (*simp add: snoc.prems*) have len: (length (xs @ [x])) = length xs + 1 by auto have *last-p*: $\mathcal{P}(x \mid (\bigcap (set \ xs))) =$ $\mathcal{P}((xs @ [x]) ! length xs | \bigcap (set (take (length xs) (xs @ [x]))))$ by *auto* have prob $(\bigcap (set (xs @ [x]))) = prob (x \cap (\bigcap (set xs)))$ by *auto* also have ... = prob $(\bigcap (set xs)) * \mathcal{P}(x \mid (\bigcap (set xs)))$ using prob-intersect-B snoc.prems inev by simp also have ... = prob (hd xs) * ($\prod i = 1.. < length xs. \mathcal{P}(xs ! i | \cap (set (take i i)))$ *xs*)))) * $\mathcal{P}(x \mid (\bigcap (set \ xs)))$ using snoc.hyps snoc.prems by auto finally have prob $(\bigcap (set (xs @ [x]))) = prob (hd (xs @[x])) *$ $(\prod i = 1 .. < length xs. \mathcal{P}((xs @ [x]) ! i | \cap (set (take i (xs @ [x]))))) * \mathcal{P}(x | i = 1 .. < length xs. \mathcal{P}((xs @ [x]) ! i | \cap (set (take i (xs @ [x])))))$ $(\bigcap (set xs)))$ using nth-append[of xs [x]] nth-take by (simp add: snoc.hyps(1)) then show ?case using last-p by auto qed **lemma** prob-cond-Inter-index: fixes n :: natassumes $n > \theta$ assumes $F \in \{0..< n\} \subseteq events$ shows prob $(\bigcap (F' \{ 0 ... < n \})) = prob (F 0) * (\prod i \in \{1 ... < n \})$ $\mathcal{P}(F \ i \mid (\bigcap \ (F'\{\theta ... < i\}))))$ proof define xs where $xs \equiv map \ F \ [0..< n]$ have prob $(\bigcap (set xs)) = prob (hd xs) * (\prod i = 1..<(length xs))$. $\mathcal{P}((xs \mid i) \mid (\bigcap (set (take \ i \ xs)))))$ using xs-def assms prob-cond-Inter-List[of xs] by *auto* then have prob $(\bigcap (set xs)) = prob (hd xs) * (\prod i \in \{1..< n\} : \mathcal{P}((xs ! i) | (\bigcap (set xs))) = prob (hd xs) * (\prod i \in \{1..< n\} : \mathcal{P}((xs ! i) | (\bigcap (set xs))))$ (take i xs))))) using xs-def by auto moreover have $hd xs = F \theta$

unfolding *xs-def* **by** (*simp add*: *assms*(1) *hd-map*) **moreover have** \bigwedge *i.* $i \in \{1..< n\} \Longrightarrow F ` \{0..< i\} = set (take i xs)$ by (metis at Least Less Than-iff at Least Less Than-upt image-set less-or-eq-imp-leplus-nat.add-0 take-map take-upt xs-def) ultimately show ?thesis using xs-def by auto qed **lemma** prob-cond-Inter-index-compl: fixes n :: natassumes $n > \theta$ assumes F ' $\{0..< n\} \subseteq events$ shows prob $(\bigcap x \in \{0..< n\}$. space M - F x) = prob (space $M - F \theta$) * $(\prod i)$ $\in \{1..< n\}$. $\mathcal{P}(space \ M - F \ i \mid (\bigcap \ j \in \{0 . . < i\}. \ space \ M - F \ j)))$ proof define G where $G \equiv \lambda$ i. space M - F i then have G ' $\{0..< n\} \subseteq events using assms(2)$ by auto then show ?thesis using prob-cond-Inter-index[of n G] G-def using assms(1) by blastqed **lemma** prob-cond-Inter-take-cond: assumes $xs \neq []$ **assumes** set $xs \subseteq events$ **assumes** $S \subseteq events$ assumes $S \neq \{\}$ assumes finite Sassumes prob $(\bigcap S) > 0$ shows $\mathcal{P}((\bigcap (set \ xs)) \mid (\bigcap \ S)) = (\prod \ i = 0 .. < (length \ xs) . \mathcal{P}((xs \ ! \ i) \mid (\bigcap (set \ ss))) = (\prod \ i = 0 .. < (length \ xs) . \mathcal{P}((xs \ ! \ i) \mid (\bigcap \ sst))$ $(take \ i \ xs \) \cup S))))$ proof define M' where M' = uniform-measure $M (\bigcap S)$ interpret cps: prob-space M' using prob-space-cond-prob-event M'-def assms(6) by *auto* have len: length xs > 0 using assms(1) by simphave cps-ev: cps.events = events using sets-uniform-measure M'-def by auto have sevents: $\bigcap S \in events$ using assms(3) assms(4) Inter-event-ss assms(5)by *auto* have fin: finite (set xs) by auto then have *xevents*: $\bigcap (set xs) \in events$ using assms(1) assms(2) Inter-event-ss by blast then have peq: $\mathcal{P}((\bigcap (set \ xs)) \mid (\bigcap \ S)) = cps.prob \ (\bigcap \ (set \ xs)))$ using measure-uniform-measure-eq-cond-prob-ev3[of \bigcap (set xs) \bigcap S] sevents M'-def **by** blast then have cps.prob $(\bigcap (set xs)) = cps.prob (hd xs) * (\prod i = 1..<(length xs))$. cps.cond- $prob-ev(xs!i) (\bigcap (set(take i xs))))$ using assms cps.prob-cond-Inter-List cps-ev

by blast **moreover have** cps.prob (hd xs) = $\mathcal{P}((xs \mid 0) \mid (\bigcap (set \ (take \ 0 \ xs \) \cup S)))$ proof – have ev: $hd xs \in events$ using assms(2) len by auto then have cps.prob (hd xs) = $\mathcal{P}(hd xs \mid \bigcap S)$ using ev sevents measure-uniform-measure-eq-cond-prob-ev3 of hd xs $\bigcap S$ M'-def by presburger then show ?thesis using len by (simp add: hd-conv-nth) qed moreover have $\bigwedge i$. $i > 0 \implies i < length xs \implies$ cps.cond-prob-ev ($xs \mid i$) (\bigcap (set ($take \ i \ xs$))) = $\mathcal{P}((xs \mid i) \mid (\bigcap (set \ (take \ i \ xs))))$ $) \cup S)))$ proof fix *i* assume *igt*: i > 0 and *ilt*: *i* <*length* xs then have set (take i xs) \subseteq events using assms(2)) **by** (*meson set-take-subset subset-trans*) moreover have set (take i xs) \neq {} using len igt ilt by auto ultimately have $(\bigcap (set (take \ i \ xs))) \in events$ using Inter-event-ss fin by auto moreover have $xs \mid i \in events$ using assms(2)using nth-mem subset-iff igt ilt by blast **moreover have** $(\bigcap (set (take \ i \ xs \) \cup S)) = (\bigcap (set (take \ i \ xs \))) \cap (\bigcap S)$ **by** (simp add: Inf-union-distrib) ultimately show cps.cond-prob-ev (xs ! i) $(\bigcap (set (take \ i \ xs \))) = \mathcal{P}((xs \ ! i) \mid i)$ $(\bigcap (set (take \ i \ xs \) \cup S)))$ using sevents cond-prob-ev-double [of $xs \mid i \ (\bigcap (set \ (take \ i \ xs \))) \cap S]$ assms(6) M'-def **by** presburger qed ultimately have eq: cps.prob $(\bigcap (set xs)) = \mathcal{P}((xs ! 0) | (\bigcap (set (take 0 xs)) \cup$ $(S)) * (\prod i \in \{1 ... < (length xs)\} .$ $\mathcal{P}((xs \mid i) \mid (\bigcap (set \ (take \ i \ xs \) \cup S))))$ by simp moreover have $\{1 .. < length xs\} = \{0 .. < length xs\} - \{0\}$ **by** (simp add: atLeast1-lessThan-eq-remove0 lessThan-atLeast0) moreover have finite $\{0..< length xs\}$ by auto **moreover have** $\theta \in \{\theta ... < length xs\}$ **by** (simp add: assms(1)) ultimately have $\mathcal{P}((xs \mid 0) \mid (\bigcap (set (take \mid 0 xs) \cup S))) * (\prod i \in \{1..<(length i)\})$ $xs)\}$. $\mathcal{P}((xs \mid i) \mid (\cap (set \ (take \ i \ xs \) \cup S)))) = (\prod i \in \{0.. < (length \ xs)\} \ .$ $\mathcal{P}((xs \mid i) \mid (\bigcap (set (take \ i \ xs \) \cup S))))$ using prod.remove[of $\{0..< length \ xs\}$ $0 \ \lambda \ i. \ \mathcal{P}((xs \ ! \ i) \ | \ (\bigcap (set \ (take \ i \ xs \) \cup S)))]$ by presburger then have cps.prob $(\bigcap (set xs)) = (\prod i \in \{0..<(length xs)\}\}$. $\mathcal{P}((xs \mid i) \mid (\bigcap (set (take \ i \ xs \) \cup S))))$ using eq by simp then show ?thesis using peq by auto qed

lemma prob-cond-Inter-index-cond-set: **fixes** n :: nat

assumes n > 0assumes finite Eassumes $E \neq \{\}$ **assumes** $E \subseteq events$ assumes F ' $\{0..< n\} \subseteq events$ assumes prob $(\bigcap E) > 0$ shows $\mathcal{P}((\bigcap (F ` \{0..< n\})) | (\bigcap E)) = (\prod i \in \{0..< n\}, \mathcal{P}(F i | (\bigcap ((F ` \{0..< i\})))) | (\bigcap E)) = (\prod i \in \{0..< n\}, \mathcal{P}(F i | (\bigcap ((F ` \{0..< i\}))))))$ $\cup E))))$ proof define M' where M' = uniform-measure $M (\bigcap E)$ interpret cps: prob-space M' using prob-space-cond-prob-event M'-def assms(6) by *auto* have cps-ev: cps.events = events using sets-uniform-measure M'-def by auto have sevents: $(\bigcap (E)) \in events$ using $assms(6) \ assms(2) \ assms(3) \ assms(4)$ Inter-event-ss by auto have fin: finite $(F ` \{0..< n\})$ by auto then have *xevents*: $\bigcap (F \in \{0..< n\}) \in events$ using assms Inter-event-ss by autothen have peq: $\mathcal{P}((\bigcap (F ` \{0..< n\})) \mid (\bigcap E)) = cps.prob (\bigcap (F ` \{0..< n\}))$ using measure-uniform-measure-eq-cond-prob-ev3[of \cap (F ' {0..<n}) \cap E] sevents M'-def by blast **moreover have** $F \{0..< n\} \subseteq cps.events$ using cps-ev assms(5) by force ultimately have cps.prob $(\bigcap (F ` \{0..< n\})) = cps.prob (F 0) * (\prod i = 1..< n)$ cps.cond-prob-ev (F i) $(\bigcap (F ` \{0..< i\})))$ using assms(1) cps.prob-cond-Inter-index [of n F] by blast moreover have cps.prob $(F \ \theta) = \mathcal{P}((F \ \theta) \mid (\bigcap E))$ proof – have ev: $F \ \theta \in events$ using $assms(1) \ assms(5)$ by auto then show ?thesis using ev sevents measure-uniform-measure-eq-cond-prob-ev3 [of F 0 $\cap E$] M'-def by presburger qed moreover have $\bigwedge i$. $i > 0 \implies i < n \implies$ $cps.cond-prob-ev\ (F\ i)\ (\bigcap\ (F\ `\ \{0..< i\})) = \mathcal{P}((F\ i)\ |\ (\bigcap\ (F\ `\ \{0..< i\})\ \cup\ E)))$ proof fix *i* assume *igt*: i > 0 and *ilt*: i < nthen have $(\bigcap (F ` \{0.. < i\})) \in events$ using assms subset-trans igt Inter-event-ss fin by auto **moreover have** $F i \in events$ using assms using subset-iff igt ilt by simp moreover have $(\bigcap ((F ` \{0..< i\}) \cup (E))) = (\bigcap ((F ` \{0..< i\}))) \cap (\bigcap (E))$ **by** (*simp add: Inf-union-distrib*) ultimately show cps.cond-prob-ev (F i) $(\bigcap (F ` \{0..< i\})) = \mathcal{P}((F i) \mid (\bigcap ((F i)))) = \mathcal{P}((F i)) \mid (\bigcap ((F i))) = \mathcal{P}((F i)) \mid (\bigcap ((F i))) \mid (\bigcap ((F i))$ $(\{\theta ... < i\}) \cup E)))$ using sevents cond-prob-ev-double[of F i $(\bigcap ((F ` \{0..< i\}))) \cap E]$ assms M'-def by presburger

qed

ultimately have eq: cps.prob $(\bigcap (F ` \{0..< n\})) = \mathcal{P}((F \ 0) \mid (\bigcap E)) * (\prod i \in \mathbb{N})$ $\{1..< n\}$. $\mathcal{P}((F \ i) \mid (\bigcap ((F \ (\{0 .. < i\}) \cup E))))$ by simp moreover have $\{1..< n\} = \{0..< n\} - \{0\}$ **by** (*simp add: atLeast1-lessThan-eq-remove0 lessThan-atLeast0*) ultimately have $\mathcal{P}((F \ 0) \mid (\bigcap E)) * (\prod i \in \{1..< n\}$. $\mathcal{P}((F \ i) \mid (\bigcap ((F \ i))) \in (i \in i))$ $\{\theta ... < i\}) \cup E)))) =$ $(\prod i \in \{0..< n\} : \mathcal{P}((F i) \mid (\bigcap ((F ` \{0..< i\}) \cup E))))$ using assms(1)prod.remove[of $\{0..< n\} \ 0 \ \lambda \ i. \ \mathcal{P}((F \ i) \mid (\bigcap ((F \ (\{0..< i\}) \cup E)))]$ by fastforce then show ?thesis using peq eq by auto qed **lemma** prob-cond-Inter-index-cond-compl-set: fixes n :: natassumes $n > \theta$ assumes finite Eassumes $E \neq \{\}$ **assumes** $E \subseteq events$ assumes $F \in \{0..< n\} \subseteq events$ assumes prob $(\bigcap E) > 0$ shows $\mathcal{P}((\bigcap ((-) (space M) `F ` \{0..< n\})) | (\bigcap E)) =$ $(\prod i = 0 .. < n . \mathcal{P}((space M - F i) \mid (\bigcap ((-) (space M) `F ` \{0 .. < i\} \cup E))))$ proof – define G where $G \equiv \lambda i$. (space M - F i) then have G ' $\{0..< n\} \subseteq events using assms(5)$ by auto then have $\mathcal{P}((\bigcap (G : \{0..< n\})) \mid (\bigcap E)) = (\prod i \in \{0..< n\}). \mathcal{P}(G i \mid (\bigcap ((G : \{0..< n\}))) \mid (\bigcap E)) = (\prod i \in \{0..< n\}).$ $\{\theta ... < i\} \cup E))))$ using prob-cond-Inter-index-cond-set [of $n \in G$] assms by blast moreover have $((-) (space M) ` F ` \{0..< n\}) = (G ` \{0..< n\})$ unfolding G-def by auto moreover have $\bigwedge i. i \in \{0.. < n\} \Longrightarrow \mathcal{P}((space M - F i) \mid (\bigcap ((-) (space M))))$ $F (0..< i \cup E)) =$ $\mathcal{P}(G \ i \mid (\bigcap ((G \ ` \{ \theta ... < i \}) \cup E)))$ proof fix *i* assume *iin*: $i \in \{0..< n\}$ have (-) (space M) 'F' $\{0 ... < i\} = G' \{0 ... < i\}$ unfolding G-def using iin by *auto* then show $\mathcal{P}((space \ M - F \ i) \mid (\bigcap ((-) \ (space \ M) \ 'F \ '\{0..< i\} \cup E))) =$ $\mathcal{P}(G \ i \mid (\cap ((G \ (\{0..< i\}) \cup E)))$ unfolding G-def by auto qed ultimately show ?thesis by auto qed **lemma** prob-cond-Inter-index-cond: fixes n :: natassumes $n > \theta$ assumes n < massumes F ' $\{0.. < m\} \subseteq events$ assumes prob $(\bigcap j \in \{n.. < m\}. F j) > 0$

shows $\mathcal{P}((\bigcap (F ` \{0..< n\})) | (\bigcap j \in \{n..< m\} . F j)) = (\prod i \in \{0..< n\}. \mathcal{P}(F i | (\bigcap ((F ` \{0..< i\}) \cup (F ` \{n..< m\})))))$ proof – let ?E = F ` {n..<m} have F ` {0..< n} ⊆ events using assms(2) assms(3) by auto moreover have ?E ⊆ events using assms(2) assms(3) by auto moreover have ?E ≤ lower l

lemma prob-cond-Inter-index-cond-compl: fixes n :: natassumes $n > \theta$ assumes n < massumes F ' {0..< m} \subseteq events assumes prob $(\bigcap j \in \{n.. < m\}, F j) > 0$ shows $\mathcal{P}((\bigcap ((-) (space M) \cdot F \cdot \{0..< n\})) | (\bigcap (F \cdot \{n..< m\}))) =$ $(\prod i = 0.. < n : \mathcal{P}((space \ M - F \ i) \mid (\bigcap ((-) \ (space \ M) \ `F \ `\{0.. < i\} \cup (F \ `$ $\{n..< m\}))))))$ proof **define** G where $G \equiv \lambda$ i. if (i < n) then (space M - F i) else F i then have G ' $\{0..< m\} \subseteq events using assms(3)$ by auto **moreover have** prob $(\bigcap j \in \{n ... < m\}$. G j) > 0 using G-def assms(4) by simp ultimately have $\mathcal{P}((\bigcap (G ` \{ 0 .. < n \})) \mid (\bigcap (G ` \{ n .. < m \}))) = (\prod i \in \{ 0 .. < n \})$ $\mathcal{P}(G \ i \mid (\bigcap ((G \ ` \{0..< i\}) \cup (G \ ` \{n..< m\})))))$ using prob-cond-Inter-index-cond [of $n \ m \ G$] $assms(1) \ assms(2)$ by blast moreover have $((-) (space M) \in F \in \{0..< n\}) = (G \in \{0..< n\})$ unfolding G-def by auto moreover have meq: $(F ` \{n..< m\}) = (G ` \{n..< m\})$ unfolding G-def by auto moreover have $\bigwedge i. i \in \{0.. < n\} \Longrightarrow \mathcal{P}((space M - F i) \mid (\bigcap ((-) (space M))))$ $F' \{0..< i\} \cup (F' \{n..< m\}))) =$ $\mathcal{P}(G \ i \mid (\bigcap ((G \ ` \{0..< i\}) \cup (G \ ` \{n..< m\}))))$ proof – fix *i* assume *iin*: $i \in \{0..< n\}$ then have (space M - F i) = G i unfolding G-def by auto moreover have (-) (space M) ' F ' $\{0...<i\} = G ' \{0...<i\}$ unfolding G-def using *iin* by *auto* ultimately show $\mathcal{P}((space \ M - F \ i) \mid (\bigcap ((-) \ (space \ M) \ ' F \ ' \{0...< i\} \cup (F$ $(n..< m\})))) =$ $\mathcal{P}(G \ i \mid (\bigcap ((G \ (\{0..< i\}) \cup (G \ (\{n..< m\})))) \text{ using meq by auto})))$ qed ultimately show ?thesis by auto ged

lemma prob-cond-Inter-take-cond-neg:

assumes $xs \neq []$ **assumes** set $xs \subseteq events$ **assumes** $S \subseteq events$ assumes $S \neq \{\}$ assumes finite Sassumes prob $(\bigcap S) > 0$ shows $\mathcal{P}((\bigcap ((-) (space M) (set xs))) | (\bigcap S)) =$ $(\prod i = 0.. < (length xs))$. $\mathcal{P}((space M - xs ! i) \mid (\bigcap ((-) (space M) ' (set (take M))))$ $i xs)) \cup S))))$ proof define ys where ys = map ((-) (space M)) xshave set: ((-) (space M) (set xs)) = set (ys)using ys-def by simp then have set $ys \subseteq events$ by (metis assms(2) image-subset-iff sets.compl-sets subsetD) moreover have $ys \neq []$ using ys-def assms(1) by simpultimately have $\mathcal{P}(\bigcap (set \ ys) \mid (\bigcap S)) =$ $(\prod i = 0.. < (length ys) . \mathcal{P}((ys ! i) | (\bigcap (set (take i ys) \cup S))))$ using prob-cond-Inter-take-cond assms by auto moreover have len: length ys = length xs using ys-def by auto **moreover have** $\bigwedge i$. $i < length xs \implies ys ! i = space M - xs ! i$ using ys-def nth-map len by auto **moreover have** $\bigwedge i. i < length xs \Longrightarrow set (take i ys) = (-) (space M)$ 'set (take i xs) using ys-def take-map len by (metis set-map) ultimately show ?thesis using set by auto qed **lemma** prob-cond-Inter-List-Index: assumes $xs \neq []$ **assumes** set $xs \subseteq events$ shows prob $(\bigcap (set xs)) = prob (hd xs) * (\prod i = 1..<(length xs))$. $\mathcal{P}((xs \mid i) \mid (\bigcap j \in \{0 \dots < i\} \mid xs \mid j)))$ proof have \bigwedge *i. i* < length $xs \implies set (take \ i \ xs) = ((!) \ xs \ (\{0..< i\}))$ by (*metis nat-less-le nth-image*) thus ?thesis using prob-cond-Inter-List[of xs] assms by auto qed lemma obtains-prob-cond-Inter-index: assumes $S \neq \{\}$ **assumes** $S \subseteq events$ assumes finite Sobtains xs where set xs = S and length xs = card S and $prob (\bigcap S) = prob (hd xs) * (\prod i = 1..<(length xs) . \mathcal{P}((xs ! i) \mid (\bigcap j \in \{0..<i\}))$. xs ! j)))using assms prob-cond-Inter-List-Index exists-list-card **by** (*metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*) *set-empty2*)

lemma *obtain-list-index*: assumes bij-betw g $\{0..< card S\}$ S assumes finite Sobtains xs where set xs = S and $\bigwedge i \, . \, i \in \{0 .. < card S\} \implies g \ i = xs \ ! \ i$ and distinct xs proof – let $?xs = map \ g \ [0..< card \ S]$ have seq: $g \in \{0.. < card S\} = S$ using assms(1)**by** (*simp add: bij-betw-imp-surj-on*) then have set-eq: set ?xs = Sby simp **moreover have** $\bigwedge i \, . \, i \in \{0 .. < card \ S\} \Longrightarrow g \ i = ?xs \ ! \ i$ by auto moreover have length 2xs = card S using seq by auto moreover have distinct ?xs using set-eq leneq **by** (*simp add: card-distinct*) ultimately show *?thesis* using that by blast qed **lemma** prob-cond-inter-fn: assumes bij-betw g $\{0..< card S\}$ S assumes finite Sassumes $S \neq \{\}$ **assumes** $S \subseteq events$ shows prob $(\bigcap S) = prob (g \ 0) * (\prod i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\} \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (\bigcap (g \ i))) \in (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\} \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (\bigcap (g \ i))) \in (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\} \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (\bigcap (g \ i))) \in (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\} \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (\bigcap (g \ i))) \in (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\} \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (\bigcap (g \ i))) \in (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\} \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (\bigcap (g \ i))) \in (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\} \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (\bigcap (g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (\bigcap (g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (\bigcap (g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid (i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\}) \ . \ \mathcal{P}(g \ i \mid$ $\{0..< i\}))))$ proof **obtain** *xs* where *seq: set xs* = *S* **and** *geq:* $\land i : i \in \{0 ... < card S\} \implies g i = xs$! i and distinct xs using obtain-list-index assms by auto then have len: length xs = card S by (metis distinct-card) then have prob $(\bigcap S) = prob (hd xs) * (\prod i \in \{1 .. < (length xs)\} . \mathcal{P}((xs ! i) |$ $(\bigcap j \in \{0 .. < i\} . xs ! j)))$ using prob-cond-Inter-List-Index[of xs] assms(3) assms(4) seq by auto then have prob $(\bigcap S) = prob (hd xs) * (\prod i \in \{1..< card S\})$. $\mathcal{P}(g i \mid (\bigcap j \in \{1,..< card S\})$. $\{\theta ... < i\} . g j)))$ using geq len by auto **moreover have** $hd xs = g \theta$ proof – have length xs > 0 using seq assms(3) by auto then have hd xs = xs ! 0by (simp add: hd-conv-nth) then show ?thesis using geq len using $\langle 0 < length xs \rangle$ by auto qed ultimately show ?thesis by simp qed

lemma prob-cond-inter-obtain-fn: assumes $S \neq \{\}$ assumes $S \subseteq events$ assumes finite Sobtains f where bij-betw f {0...<card S} S and prob ($\bigcap S$) = prob (f 0) * ($\prod i \in \{1...<(card S)\}$. $\mathcal{P}(f i \mid (\bigcap (f ` \{0...<i\}))))$ proof obtain f where bij-betw f {0...<card S} Susing assms(3) ex-bij-betw-nat-finite by blast then show ?thesis using that prob-cond-inter-fn assms by auto qed

```
lemma prob-cond-inter-obtain-fn-compl:
 assumes S \neq \{\}
 assumes S \subset events
 assumes finite S
 obtains f where bij-betw f \{0..< card S\} S and prob (\bigcap ((-) (space M) `S))
    prob (space M - f \theta) * (\prod i \in \{1 ... < (card S)\}). \mathcal{P}(space M - f i \mid (\bigcap ((-)
(space M) (f (\{0..< i\})))
proof -
 let ?c = (-) (space M)
 obtain f where bb: bij-betw f {0..< card S} S
   using assms(3) ex-bij-betw-nat-finite by blast
 moreover have bij: bij-betw ?c S((-) (space M) 'S)
   using bij-betw-compl-sets-rev assms(2) by auto
  ultimately have bij-betw (?c \circ f) {0..< card S} (?c \circ S)
   using bij-betw-comp-iff by blast
 moreover have ?c \ S \neq \{\} using assms(1) by auto
 moreover have finite (?c 'S) using assms(3) by auto
 moreover have ?c \ S \subseteq events using assms(2) by auto
 moreover have card S = card (?c 'S) using bij
   by (simp add: bij-betw-same-card)
  ultimately have prob (\bigcap (?c \, S)) = prob ((?c \circ f) \, \theta) *
   (\prod i \in \{1..<(card S)\} : \mathcal{P}((?c \circ f) i \mid (\bigcap ((?c \circ f) ` \{0..<i\}))))
   using prob-cond-inter-fn[of (?c \circ f) (?c \circ S)] by auto
  then have prob (\bigcap (?c `S)) = prob (space M - (f 0)) *
   (\prod i \in \{1..<(card S)\}. \mathcal{P}(space M - (fi) \mid (\bigcap ((?c \circ f) ` \{0..<i\})))) by simp
  then show ?thesis using that bb by simp
qed
```

lemma prob-cond-Inter-index-cond-fn: **assumes** $I \neq \{\}$ **assumes** finite I **assumes** finite E **assumes** $E \neq \{\}$

assumes $E \subseteq events$

assumes $F \, \, \cdot \, I \subseteq events$

assumes prob $(\bigcap E) > 0$ **assumes** bb: bij-betw $g \{0..< card I\} I$ shows $\mathcal{P}((\bigcap (F \ 'g \ '\{0..< card \ I\})) \mid (\bigcap E)) =$ $(\prod i \in \{0..< card I\}. \mathcal{P}(F(g i) \mid (\bigcap ((F'g(\{0..< i\}) \cup E))))$ proof let ?n = card Ihave eq: F ' $I = (F \circ g)$ ' {0..< card I} using bij-betw-image-comp-eq bb by metis moreover have 0 < ?n using assms(1) assms(2) by auto ultimately have $\mathcal{P}(\bigcap ((F \circ g) ` \{0..< card I\}) | \bigcap E) =$ $(\prod i = 0 \dots < n \mathcal{P}(F(g i) \mid \bigcap ((F \circ g) \land \{0 \dots < i\} \cup E)))$ using prob-cond-Inter-index-cond-set[of ?n E ($F \circ g$)] assms(3) assms(4)assms(5) assms(6)assms(7) by *auto* moreover have $\bigwedge i. i \in \{0...<?n\} \implies (F \circ g) ` \{0...<i\} = F ` g ` \{0...<i\}$ using *image-comp* by *auto* ultimately have $\mathcal{P}(\bigcap (F \circ g \circ \{0..< card I\}) \mid \bigcap E) = (\prod i = 0..< n. \mathcal{P}(F (g \circ I)))$ $i) | \bigcap (F', g', \{0..< i\} \cup E)))$ using *image-comp* [of F g $\{0..< card I\}$] by auto then show ?thesis using eq bb assms by blast qed **lemma** prob-cond-Inter-index-cond-obtains: assumes $I \neq \{\}$ assumes finite I

assumes finite I assumes finite E assumes $E \neq \{\}$ assumes $E \subseteq events$ assumes $F \cap I \subseteq events$ assumes $prob (\bigcap E) > 0$ obtains g where bij-betw g {0..<card I} I and $\mathcal{P}((\bigcap (F \cap g \cap \{0..<card I\})) |$ $(\bigcap E)) =$ $(\prod i \in \{0..<card I\}, \mathcal{P}(F(g i) | (\bigcap ((F \cap g \cap \{0..<i\}) \cup E))))$ proof – obtain a where bij bij-betw a {0 < card I} I using assms(2) explainbetw-mat_finit

obtain g where bb: bij-betw g $\{0..< card I\}$ I using assms(2) ex-bij-betw-nat-finite by auto

then show thesis using assms prob-cond-Inter-index-cond-fn[of $I \to F g$] that by blast

 \mathbf{qed}

 ${\bf lemma} \ prob-cond-Inter-index-cond-compl-fn:$

assumes $I \neq \{\}$ assumes finite I assumes finite E assumes $E \neq \{\}$ assumes $E \subseteq events$ assumes $F ` I \subseteq events$ assumes $prob (\bigcap E) > 0$ assumes bb: bij-betw $g \{0... < card I\} I$

shows $\mathcal{P}((\bigcap Aj \in I \text{ . space } M - F Aj) \mid (\bigcap E)) =$ $(\prod i \in \{0..< card I\})$. $\mathcal{P}(space M - F(g i) \mid (\bigcap (((\lambda Aj. space M - F Aj) 'g ')$ $\{\theta .. < i\}) \cup E))))$ proof let ?n = card Ilet $?G = \lambda$ *i. space* M - F *i* have eq: $?G ` I = (?G \circ g) ` \{0..< card I\}$ using bij-betw-image-comp-eq bb by metis then have $(?G \circ g)$ ' $\{0..< card I\} \subseteq events using assms(5)$ **by** (*metis* assms(6) compl-subset-in-events image-image) moreover have 0 < ?n using assms(1) assms(2) by autoultimately have $\mathcal{P}(\bigcap ((?G \circ g) \land \{0..< card I\}) \mid \bigcap E) = (\prod i = 0..<?n.$ $\mathcal{P}(\mathscr{C} (g \ i) \mid \bigcap ((\mathscr{C} \circ g) \ ` \{ \theta ... < i \} \cup E)))$ using prob-cond-Inter-index-cond-set[of ?n E (? $G \circ g$)] assms(3) assms(4)assms(5) assms(6)assms(7) by *auto* moreover have $\bigwedge i. i \in \{0..<?n\} \Longrightarrow (?G \circ g) ` \{0..<i\} = ?G ` g ` \{0..<i\}$ using image-comp by auto ultimately have $\mathcal{P}(\bigcap (?G `I) \mid \bigcap E) = (\prod i = 0 .. < ?n. \mathcal{P}(?G (g i) \mid \bigcap (?G$ $(g (\{0..< i\} \cup E)))$ using image-comp[of ?G g $\{0..< card I\}$] eq by auto then show ?thesis using bb by blast qed lemma prob-cond-Inter-index-cond-compl-obtains: assumes $I \neq \{\}$ assumes finite I assumes finite Eassumes $E \neq \{\}$ **assumes** $E \subseteq events$ assumes F ' $I \subseteq events$ assumes prob $(\bigcap E) > 0$ obtains g where bij-betw g $\{0..< card I\}$ I and $\mathcal{P}((\bigcap Aj \in I : space M - F Aj)$ $|(\bigcap E)) =$ $(\prod i \in \{0..< card I\})$. $\mathcal{P}(space M - F(g i) \mid (\bigcap (((\lambda Aj. space M - F Aj) 'g ')))$ $\{\theta ... < i\} \cup E))))$ proof let ?n = card Ilet $?G = \lambda i$. space M - F iobtain q where bb: bij-betw q $\{0...<?n\}$ I using assms(2) ex-bij-betw-nat-finite by auto then show ?thesis using assms prob-cond-Inter-index-cond-compl- $fn[of \ I \ E \ F \ g]$ that by blast qed **lemma** prob-cond-inter-index-fn2:

assumes $F' S \subseteq events$ assumes finite Sassumes card S > 0

assumes bij-betw q $\{0..< card S\}$ S shows prob $(\bigcap (F S)) = prob (F (g 0)) * (\prod i \in \{1 .. < (card S)\} . \mathcal{P}(F (g i) \mid C))$ $(\bigcap (F \ `g \ `\{0..{<}i\}))))$ proof have 1: F ' $S = (F \circ q)$ ' {0..< card S} using assms(4) bij-betw-image-comp-eq by metis moreover have prob $(\bigcap ((F \circ g) ` \{0.. < card S\})) =$ prob $(F (g \ 0)) * (\prod i \in \{1..<(card \ S)\} \ . \ \mathcal{P}(F (g \ i) \mid (\cap (F \ `g \ `\{0..<i\}))))$ using 1 prob-cond-Inter-index [of card $S F \circ g$] assms(3) assms(1) by auto ultimately show ?thesis using assms(4) by *metis* qed **lemma** prob-cond-inter-index-fn: assumes F ' $S \subseteq events$ assumes finite Sassumes $S \neq \{\}$ assumes bij-betw g $\{0..< card S\}$ S shows prob $(\bigcap (F S)) = prob (F (g 0)) * (\prod i \in \{1 .. < (card S)\})$. $\mathcal{P}(F (g i))$ $(\bigcap (F 'g ' \{0..< i\})))$ proof have card S > 0 using assms(3) assms(2)**by** (*simp add: card-gt-0-iff*) **moreover have** $(F \circ g)$ ' $\{0..< card S\} \subseteq events using assms(1) assms(4)$ using *bij-betw-imp-surj-on* by (*metis image-comp*) ultimately have prob $(\bigcap ((F \circ g) ` \{0..< card S\})) =$ prob $(F (g \ 0)) * (\prod i \in \{1 .. < (card \ S)\} \ . \ \mathcal{P}(F (g \ i) \mid (\bigcap (F \ ' g \ ' \{0 .. < i\}))))$ using prob-cond-Inter-index [of card $S F \circ q$] by auto moreover have $F \, \, S = (F \circ g) \, \, \{0.. < card \, S\}$ using assms(4)using *bij-betw-imp-surj-on image-comp* by (*metis*) ultimately show ?thesis using assms(4) by presburger qed **lemma** prob-cond-inter-index-obtain-fn: assumes $F \, \, {}^{\circ} S \subseteq events$ assumes finite Sassumes $S \neq \{\}$ obtains g where bij-betw g $\{0..< card S\}$ S and $prob (\bigcap (F S)) = prob (F (g 0)) * (\prod i \in \{1 .. < (card S)\} . \mathcal{P}(F (g i) \mid (\bigcap (F S))) = prob (F (g 0)) * (\prod i \in \{1 .. < (card S)\})$ `g ` { θ ..<i})))) proof **obtain** f where bb: bij-betw f {0..< card S} Susing assms(2) ex-bij-betw-nat-finite by blast then show ?thesis using prob-cond-inter-index-fn that assms by blast qed **lemma** prob-cond-inter-index-fn-compl:

assumes $S \neq \{\}$ assumes $F : S \subseteq events$ assumes finite S assumes bij-betw f {0..<card S} S shows prob ($\bigcap ((-) (space M) `F `S)$) = prob (space M - F (f 0)) * $(\prod i \in \{1..<(card S)\} . \mathcal{P}(space M - F (f i) | (\bigcap ((-) (space M) `F `f `$ ${0..<i}))))$ proof – define G where $G \equiv \lambda$ i. space M - F i then have $G `S \subseteq$ events using G-def assms(2) by auto then have prob ($\bigcap (G `S)$) = prob (G (f 0)) * ($\prod i = 1..<card S. \mathcal{P}(G (f i) |$ $\bigcap (G `f `\{0..<i\}))$) using prob-cond-inter-index-fn[of G S] assms by auto moreover have ($\bigcap ((-) (space M) `F `S)$) = ($\bigcap i \in S. space M - F i$) by auto ultimately show ?thesis unfolding G-def by auto qed

lemma prob-cond-inter-index-obtain-fn-compl: **assumes** $S \neq \{\}$ **assumes** $F \cdot S \subseteq$ events **assumes** finite S **obtains** f where bij-betw $f \{0...< card S\} S$ and $prob (\bigcap((-) (space M) \cdot F \cdot S)) = prob (space M - F (f 0)) *$ $(\prod i \in \{1...<(card S)\} \cdot \mathcal{P}(space M - F (f i) \mid (\bigcap((-) (space M) \cdot F \cdot f \cdot \{0...<i\}))))$ **proof obtain** f where bb: bij-betw $f \{0...< card S\} S$ **using** assms(3) ex-bij-betw-nat-finite **by** blast **then show** ?thesis **using** prob-cond-inter-index-fn-compl[of S F f] assms that **by** blast **qed**

```
lemma prob-cond-Inter-take:

assumes S \neq \{\}

assumes S \subseteq events

assumes finite S

obtains xs where set xs = S and length xs = card S and

prob (\bigcap S) = prob (hd xs) * (\prod i = 1..<(length xs) . \mathcal{P}((xs ! i) | (\bigcap (set (take i xs ))))))

using assms prob-cond-Inter-List exists-list-card

by (metis (no-types, lifting) set-empty2 subset-code(1))
```

lemma prob-cond-Inter-set-bound: **assumes** $A \neq \{\}$ **assumes** $A \subseteq$ events **assumes** finite A **assumes** $\bigwedge Ai \cdot f Ai \ge 0 \land f Ai \le 1$ **assumes** $\bigwedge Ai S. Ai \in A \Longrightarrow S \subseteq A - \{Ai\} \Longrightarrow S \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow \mathcal{P}(Ai \mid (\bigcap S)) \ge f$ Ai

assumes $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \implies prob Ai \ge f Ai$ shows prob $(\bigcap A) \ge (\prod a' \in A \ . \ f a')$ proof **obtain** *xs* where *eq*: *set* xs = A and *seq*: *length* xs = card A and $pA: prob (\bigcap A) = prob (hd xs) * (\prod i = 1.. < (length xs) . \mathcal{P}((xs ! i) | (\bigcap j \in I)))$ $\{\theta ... < i\}$. xs ! j))) using assms obtains-prob-cond-Inter-index[of A] by blast then have dis: distinct xs using card-distinct by *metis* then have $hd \ xs \in A$ using $eq \ hd$ -in-set assms(1) by autothen have prob $(hd \ xs) \ge (f \ (hd \ xs))$ using assms(6) by blast have $\bigwedge i$. $i \in \{1 ... < (length xs)\} \Longrightarrow \mathcal{P}((xs ! i) \mid (\bigcap j \in \{0 ... < i\} . xs ! j)) \ge f$ (xs ! i)proof fix *i* assume $i \in \{1 ... < length xs\}$ then have *ilb*: i > 1 and *iub*: i < length xs by *auto* then have *xsin*: $xs \mid i \in A$ using eq by *auto* define S where $S = (\lambda \ j. \ xs \ ! \ j) \ ` \{0..< i\}$ then have S = set (take i xs) by (simp add: iub less-or-eq-imp-le nth-image) then have $xs \mid i \notin S$ using dis set-take-distinct-elem-not iub by simp then have $S \subseteq A - \{(xs \mid i)\}$ **using** $\langle S = set (take \ i \ xs) \rangle$ eq set-take-subset by fastforce moreover have $S \neq \{\}$ using S-def ilb by (simp)moreover have $\mathcal{P}((xs \mid i) \mid (\bigcap j \in \{0... < i\} : xs \mid j)) = \mathcal{P}((xs \mid i) \mid (\bigcap Aj \in \{0,... < i\}))$ $S \cdot Aj))$ using S-def by auto ultimately show $\mathcal{P}((xs \mid i) \mid (\bigcap j \in \{0.. < i\} : xs \mid j)) \ge f(xs \mid i)$ using assms(5) xsin by auto \mathbf{qed} then have $(\prod i = 1.. < (length xs) \cdot \mathcal{P}((xs ! i) \mid (\bigcap j \in \{0.. < i\} \cdot xs ! j))) \geq$ $(\prod i = 1 .. < (length xs) . f (xs ! i))$ **by** (meson assms(4) prod-mono) **moreover have** $(\prod i = 1.. < (length xs) \cdot f(xs!i)) = (\prod a \in A - \{hd xs\} \cdot fa)$ proof have *ne*: $xs \neq []$ using assms(1) eq by *auto* have $A = (\lambda \ j. \ xs \ ! \ j)$ ' {0..< length xs} using eq **by** (*simp add: nth-image*) have $A - \{hd \ xs\} = set \ (tl \ xs)$ using dis by (metis Diff-insert-absorb distinct.simps(2) eq list.exhaust-sel list.set(2) ne) also have ... = $(\lambda \ j. \ xs \ ! \ j)$ ' {1..< length xs} using nth-image-tl ne by auto finally have Ahdeq: $A - \{hd xs\} = (\lambda j. xs ! j) ` \{1 ... < length xs\}$ by simp have io: inj-on (nth xs) {1..<length xs} using inj-on-nth dis **by** (*metis* atLeastLessThan-iff) have $(\prod i = 1..<(length xs) \cdot f (xs ! i)) = (\prod i \in \{1..<(length xs)\} \cdot f (xs ! i))$ i)) by simp also have ... = $(\prod i \in (\lambda j. xs ! j) ` \{1.. < length xs\} . f i)$ using io by (simp add: prod.reindex-cong) finally show ?thesis using Ahdeq

```
\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{using} \left( (\prod i = 1 ... < length \ xs. \ f \ (xs \ ! \ i)) = \ prod \ f \ ((!) \ xs \ ` \{1 ... < length \ xs\}) \right) \\ \mathbf{by} \ presburger \\ \mathbf{qed} \\ \mathbf{ultimately have} \ prob \ (\bigcap A) \geq f \ (hd \ xs) \ * \ (\prod a \in A - \{hd \ xs\} \ . \ f \ a) \\ \mathbf{using} \ pA \ \langle f \ (hd \ xs) \leq prob \ (hd \ xs) \right) \ assms(4) \ ordered-comm-semiring-class.comm-mult-left-mono \\ \mathbf{by} \ (simp \ add: \ mult-mono' \ prod-nonneg) \\ \mathbf{then \ show} \ ?thesis \\ \mathbf{by} \ (metis \ \langle hd \ xs \in A \rangle \ assms(3) \ prod.remove) \\ \mathbf{qed} \\ \mathbf{end} \end{array}
```

end

5 Independent Events

theory Indep-Events imports Cond-Prob-Extensions begin

5.1 More bijection helpers

lemma bij-betw-obtain-subsetr: **assumes** bij-betw $f \land B$ **assumes** $A' \subseteq A$ **obtains** B' where $B' \subseteq B$ and $B' = f \land A'$ **using** assms by (metis bij-betw-def image-mono)

lemma bij-betw-obtain-subsetl: **assumes** bij-betw f A B **assumes** $B' \subseteq B$ **obtains** A' where $A' \subseteq A$ and B' = f' A' **using** assms **by** (metis bij-betw-imp-surj-on subset-imageE)

lemma bij-betw-remove: bij-betw $f \land B \implies a \in A \implies bij-betw f (A - \{a\}) (B - \{f a\})$ **using** bij-betwE notIn-Un-bij-betw3 **by** (metis Un-insert-right insert-Diff member-remove remove-def sup-bot.right-neutral)

5.2 Independent Event Extensions

Extensions on both the indep_event definition and the indep_events definition

context *prob-space* begin

lemma indep-eventsD: indep-events $A \ I \Longrightarrow (A'I \subseteq events) \Longrightarrow J \subseteq I \Longrightarrow J \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow finite \ J \Longrightarrow prob (\bigcap j \in J. A \ j) = (\prod j \in J. prob (A \ j))$

using indep-events-def [of A I] by auto

lemma

assumes indep: indep-event A B**shows** indep-eventD-ev1: $A \in$ events and *indep-eventD-ev2*: $B \in events$ using indep unfolding indep-event-def indep-events-def UNIV-bool by auto **lemma** *indep-eventD*: assumes ie: indep-event A Bshows prob $(A \cap B) = prob (A) * prob (B)$ using assms indep-eventD-ev1 indep-eventD-ev2 ie[unfolded indep-event-def, THEN indep-eventsD, of UNIV] by (simp add: ac-simps UNIV-bool) **lemma** *indep-eventI*[*intro*]: **assumes** ev: $A \in events \ B \in events$ and indep: prob $(A \cap B) = prob \ A * prob \ B$ shows indep-event A B unfolding indep-event-def **proof** (*intro indep-eventsI*) **show** $\bigwedge i. i \in UNIV \Longrightarrow (case \ i \ of \ True \Rightarrow A \mid False \Rightarrow B) \in events$ using assms by (auto split: bool.split) next **fix** J :: bool set **assume** jss: $J \subseteq UNIV$ and jne: $J \neq \{\}$ and finJ: finite J have $J \in Pow UNIV$ by auto then have c: $J = UNIV \lor J = \{True\} \lor J = \{False\}$ using jne jss UNIV-bool **by** (*metis* (*full-types*) UNIV-eq-I insert-commute subset-insert subset-singletonD) **then show** prob $(\bigcap i \in J. case i of True \Rightarrow A | False \Rightarrow B) =$ $(\prod i \in J. prob (case i of True \Rightarrow A | False \Rightarrow B))$ unfolding UNIV-bool using indep by (auto simp: ac-simps) \mathbf{qed}

Alternate set definition - when no possibility of duplicate objects

definition indep-events-set :: 'a set set \Rightarrow bool where indep-events-set $E \equiv (E \subseteq events \land (\forall J. J \subseteq E \longrightarrow finite J \longrightarrow J \neq \{\} \longrightarrow prob$ $(\bigcap J) = (\prod i \in J. prob i)))$

lemma indep-events-setI[intro]: $E \subseteq$ events \Longrightarrow ($\bigwedge J$. $J \subseteq E \Longrightarrow$ finite $J \Longrightarrow J \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow$ prob ($\bigcap J$) = ($\prod i \in J$. prob i)) \Longrightarrow indep-events-set E

using indep-events-set-def by simp

lemma *indep-events-subset*:

indep-events-set $E \longleftrightarrow (\forall J \subseteq E. indep-events-set J)$ by (auto simp: indep-events-set-def)

lemma *indep-events-subset2*:

indep-events-set $E \Longrightarrow J \subseteq E \Longrightarrow$ indep-events-set J by (auto simp: indep-events-set-def)

lemma indep-events-set-events: indep-events-set $E \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge e. \ e \in E \Longrightarrow e \in events)$

using indep-events-set-def by auto

lemma indep-events-set-events-set indep-events-set $E \implies E \subseteq$ events using indep-events-set-events by auto

lemma indep-events-set-probs: indep-events-set $E \Longrightarrow J \subseteq E \Longrightarrow$ finite $J \Longrightarrow J \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow$ prob $(\bigcap J) = (\prod i \in J. \text{ prob } i)$

by (simp add: indep-events-set-def)

lemma indep-events-set-prod-all: indep-events-set $E \Longrightarrow$ finite $E \Longrightarrow E \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow$ prob $(\bigcap E) = prod prob E$ using indep-events-set-probs by simp

lemma indep-events-not-contain-compl: assumes indep-events-set Eassumes $A \in E$ assumes prob A > 0 prob A < 1shows (space M - A) $\notin E$ (is $?A' \notin E$) **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume \neg (?A') $\notin E$ then have $?A' \in E$ by *auto* then have $\{A, ?A'\} \subseteq E$ using assms(2) by auto moreover have finite $\{A, ?A'\}$ by simp moreover have $\{A, ?A'\} \neq \{\}$ by simp ultimately have prob $(\bigcap i \in \{A, ?A'\})$. $i = (\prod i \in \{A, ?A'\})$. prob iusing indep-events-set-probs [of $E \{A, ?A'\}$] assms(1) by auto then have prob $(A \cap ?A') = prob \ A * prob \ ?A'$ by simp moreover have prob $(A \cap ?A') = 0$ by simp **moreover have** prob A * prob ?A' = prob A * (1 - prob A)using assms(1) assms(2) indep-events-set-events prob-compl by auto moreover have prob A * (1 - prob A) > 0 using assms(3) assms(4) by (simpadd: algebra-simps) ultimately show False by auto qed **lemma** *indep-events-contain-compl-prob01*: assumes indep-events-set Eassumes $A \in E$

shows prob $A = 0 \lor prob A = 1$ proof (rule ccontr)

assumes space $M - A \in E$

let ?A' = space M - A

assume $a: \neg (prob \ A = 0 \lor prob \ A = 1)$ then have prob A > 0**by** (*simp add: zero-less-measure-iff*) moreover have prob A < 1using a measure-ge-1-iff by fastforce ultimately have $?A' \notin E$ using assms(1) assms(2) indep-events-not-contain-compl by auto then show False using assms(3) by auto qed **lemma** *indep-events-set-singleton*: assumes $A \in events$ shows indep-events-set $\{A\}$ **proof** (*intro indep-events-setI*) **show** $\{A\} \subseteq$ events using assms by simp next fix J assume $J \subseteq \{A\}$ finite $J J \neq \{\}$ then have $J = \{A\}$ by *auto* then show prob $(\bigcap J) = prod prob J$ by simp qed lemma indep-events-pairs: assumes indep-events-set S assumes $A \in S B \in S A \neq B$ shows indep-event A Busing assms indep-events-set-probs [of $S \{A, B\}$] by (intro indep-eventI) (simp-all add: indep-events-set-events) **lemma** indep-events-inter-pairs: assumes indep-events-set S assumes finite A finite B assumes $A \neq \{\} B \neq \{\}$ assumes $A \subseteq S B \subseteq S A \cap B = \{\}$ shows indep-event $(\bigcap A)$ $(\bigcap B)$ **proof** (*intro indep-eventI*) have $A \subseteq$ events $B \subseteq$ events using indep-events-set-events assms by auto then show $\cap A \in events \cap B \in events$ using Inter-event-ss assess by auto \mathbf{next} have $A \cup B \subseteq S$ using assms by auto then have prob $(\bigcap (A \cup B)) = prod prob (A \cup B)$ using assms by (metis Un-empty indep-events-subset infinite-Un prob-space.indep-events-set-prod-all *prob-space-axioms*) also have $\dots = prod \ prob \ A * prod \ prob \ B \ using \ assms(8)$ **by** (*simp add: assms*(2) *assms*(3) *prod.union-disjoint*) finally have prob $(\bigcap (A \cup B)) = prob (\bigcap A) * prob (\bigcap B)$ using assms indep-events-subset indep-events-set-prod-all by metis **moreover have** $\bigcap (A \cup B) = (\bigcap A \cap \bigcap B)$ by *auto* **ultimately show** prob $(\bigcap A \cap \bigcap B) = prob (\bigcap A) * prob (\bigcap B)$

```
by simp
qed
lemma indep-events-inter-single:
 assumes indep-events-set S
 assumes finite B
 assumes B \neq \{\}
 assumes A \in S B \subseteq S A \notin B
 shows indep-event A (\bigcap B)
proof -
 have \{A\} \neq \{\} finite \{A\} \{A\} \subseteq S using assms by simp-all
 moreover have \{A\} \cap B = \{\} using assms(6) by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis using indep-events-inter-pairs of S \{A\} B assms by
auto
qed
lemma indep-events-set-prob1:
 assumes A \in events
 assumes prob A = 1
 assumes A \notin S
 \textbf{assumes} \ indep\text{-}events\text{-}set \ S
 shows indep-events-set (S \cup \{A\})
proof (intro indep-events-setI)
  show S \cup \{A\} \subseteq events using assms(1) assms(4) indep-events-set-events by
auto
\mathbf{next}
 fix J assume jss: J \subseteq S \cup \{A\} and finJ: finite J and jne: J \neq \{\}
 show prob (\bigcap J) = prod prob J
 proof (cases A \in J)
   case t1: True
   then show ?thesis
   proof (cases J = \{A\})
     case True
     then show ?thesis using indep-events-set-singleton assms(1) by auto
   \mathbf{next}
     case False
     then have jun: (J - \{A\}) \cup \{A\} = J using t1 by auto
     have J - \{A\} \subseteq S using jss by auto
     then have iej: indep-events-set (J - \{A\}) using indep-events-subset2[of S
J - \{A\}] assms(4)
      by auto
     have jsse: J - \{A\} \subseteq events using indep-events-set-events jss
       using assms(4) by blast
     have jne2: J - \{A\} \neq \{\} using False jss jne by auto
     have split: (J - \{A\}) \cap \{A\} = \{\} by auto
     then have prob (\bigcap i \in J. i) = prob ((\bigcap i \in (J - \{A\}). i) \cap A) using jun
       by (metis Int-commute Inter-insert Un-ac(3) image-ident insert-is-Un)
     also have ... = prob ((\bigcap i \in (J - \{A\}), i))
       using prob1-basic-Inter[of A \ J - \{A\}] jsse assms(2) jne2 assms(1) finJ
```

```
by (simp add: Int-commute)
     also have ... = prob (\bigcap (J - \{A\})) * prob A using assms(2) by simp
     also have \dots = (prod \ prob \ (J - \{A\})) * prob \ A
        using iej indep-events-set-prod-all[of J - \{A\}] jne2 finJ finite-subset by
auto
     also have \dots = prod prob ((J - \{A\}) \cup \{A\}) using split
      by (metis finJ jun mult.commute prod.remove t1)
     finally show ?thesis using jun by auto
   qed
 \mathbf{next}
   case False
   then have jss2: J \subseteq S using jss by auto
   then have indep-events-set J using assms(4) indep-events-subset2 [of S J] by
auto
   then show ?thesis using indep-events-set-probs finJ jne jss2 by auto
 qed
qed
lemma indep-events-set-prob0:
 assumes A \in events
 assumes prob A = 0
 assumes A \notin S
 assumes indep-events-set S
 shows indep-events-set (S \cup \{A\})
proof (intro indep-events-setI)
  show S \cup \{A\} \subseteq events using assms(1) assms(4) indep-events-set-events by
auto
next
 fix J assume jss: J \subseteq S \cup \{A\} and finJ: finite J and jne: J \neq \{\}
 show prob (\bigcap J) = prod prob J
 proof (cases A \in J)
   case t1: True
   then show ?thesis
   proof (cases J = \{A\})
     case True
     then show ?thesis using indep-events-set-singleton assms(1) by auto
   next
     case False
     then have jun: (J - \{A\}) \cup \{A\} = J using t1 by auto
     have J - \{A\} \subseteq S using jss by auto
     then have iej: indep-events-set (J - \{A\}) using indep-events-subset2[of S
J - \{A\}] assms(4) by auto
     have jsse: J - \{A\} \subseteq events using indep-events-set-events jss
      using assms(4) by blast
     have jne2: J - \{A\} \neq \{\} using False jss jne by auto
     have split: (J - \{A\}) \cap \{A\} = \{\} by auto
     then have prob (\bigcap i \in J. i) = prob ((\bigcap i \in (J - \{A\}). i) \cap A) using jun
      by (metis Int-commute Inter-insert Un-ac(3) image-ident insert-is-Un)
     also have \dots = \theta
```

using prob0-basic-Inter[of $A J - \{A\}$] jsse assms(2) jne2 assms(1) finJ **by** (*simp add: Int-commute*) also have ... = prob $(\bigcap (J - \{A\})) * prob A using assms(2)$ by simp also have $\dots = (prod \ prob \ (J - \{A\})) * prob \ A$ using $iej \ indep-events-set-prod-all[of$ $J - \{A\}$ ine2 finJ finite-subset by auto also have $\dots = prod prob ((J - \{A\}) \cup \{A\})$ using split **by** (*metis finJ jun mult.commute prod.remove t1*) finally show ?thesis using jun by auto qed next case False then have *jss2*: $J \subseteq S$ using *jss* by *auto* then have indep-events-set J using assms(4) indep-events-subset2 [of S J] by auto then show ?thesis using indep-events-set-probs finJ jne jss2 by auto qed qed

lemma indep-event-commute: assumes indep-event A B shows indep-event B A using indep-eventI[of B A] indep-eventD[unfolded assms(1), of A B] by (metis Groups.mult-ac(2) Int-commute assms indep-eventD-ev1 indep-eventD-ev2)

Showing complement operation maintains independence

lemma indep-event-one-compl: assumes indep-event A B shows indep-event A (space M - B) proof - let ?B' = space M - B have $A = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap ?B')$ by (metis Int-Diff Int-Diff-Un assms prob-space.indep-eventD-ev1 prob-space-axioms sets.Int-space-eq2) then have prob $A = prob (A \cap B) + prob (A \cap ?B')$ by (metis Diff-Int-distrib Diff-disjoint assms finite-measure-Union indep-eventD-ev1 indep-eventD-ev2 sets.Int sets.compl-sets) then have prob $(A \cap ?B') = prob A - prob (A \cap B)$ by simp also have ... = prob A - prob A * prob B using indep-eventD assms(1) by auto also have ... = prob A * (1 - prob B)

by (*simp add: vector-space-over-itself.scale-right-diff-distrib*)

finally have prob $(A \cap ?B') = prob \ A * prob \ ?B'$

using prob-compl indep-eventD-ev1 assms(1) indep-eventD-ev2 by presburger then show indep-event A ?B' using indep-eventI indep-eventD-ev2 indep-eventD-ev1 assms(1)

by (meson sets.compl-sets)

 \mathbf{qed}

lemma *indep-event-one-compl-rev*: assumes $B \in events$ assumes indep-event A (space M - B) shows indep-event A B proof – have space $M - B \in events$ using indep-eventD-ev2 assms by auto have space M - (space M - B) = B using compl-identity assms by simp then show ?thesis using indep-event-one-compl[of A space M - B] assms(2) by auto qed **lemma** indep-event-double-compl: indep-event $A \ B \Longrightarrow$ indep-event (space M – A) (space M - B) using indep-event-one-compl indep-event-commute by auto **lemma** indep-event-double-compl-rev: $A \in events \Longrightarrow B \in events \Longrightarrow$ indep-event (space M - A) (space M - B) \Longrightarrow indep-event A Busing indep-event-double-compl[of space M - A space M - B] compl-identity by *auto* **lemma** *indep-events-set-one-compl*: assumes indep-events-set S assumes $A \in S$ shows indep-events-set $(\{space M - A\} \cup (S - \{A\}))$ **proof** (*intro indep-events-setI*) **show** {space M - A} \cup ($S - \{A\}$) \subseteq events using indep-events-set-events assms(1) assms(2) by auto next fix J assume jss: $J \subseteq \{space \ M - A\} \cup (S - \{A\})$ assume finJ: finite J assume *jne*: $J \neq \{\}$ show prob $(\bigcap J) = prod prob J$ **proof** (cases $J - \{space M - A\} = \{\})$ $\mathbf{case} \ True$ then have $J = \{space M - A\}$ using *jne* by *blast* then show ?thesis by simp next **case** *jne2*: *False* have *jss2*: $J - {space M - A} \subseteq S$ using *jss* assms(2) by *auto* moreover have $A \notin (J - \{space M - A\})$ using *jss* by *auto* moreover have finite $(J - \{space M - A\})$ using finJ by simp ultimately have indep-event $A (\bigcap (J - \{space M - A\}))$ using indep-events-inter-single of $S(J - \{space M - A\}) A$ assms jne2 by autothen have ie: indep-event (space M - A) ($\bigcap (J - \{space M - A\})$) using indep-event-one-compl indep-event-commute by auto have iess: indep-events-set $(J - \{space M - A\})$ using jss2 indep-events-subset2 [of $S J - \{space M - A\}$] assms(1) by auto show ?thesis

```
proof (cases space M - A \in J)
     case True
     then have split: J = (J - \{space M - A\}) \cup \{space M - A\} by auto
     then have prob (\bigcap J) = prob (\bigcap ((J - \{space M - A\})) \cup \{space M - A\})
A)) by simp
     also have ... = prob ((\bigcap (J - \{space M - A\})) \cap (space M - A))
      by (metis Inter-insert True \langle J = J - \{ space \ M - A \} \cup \{ space \ M - A \} \rangle
inf.commute insert-Diff)
     also have ... = prob (\bigcap (J - \{space M - A\})) * prob (space M - A)
        using ie indep-event D[of \cap (J - \{space M - A\}) \ space M - A] in-
dep-event-commute by auto
    also have ... = (prod \ prob \ ((J - \{space \ M - A\}))) * prob \ (space \ M - A)
       using indep-events-set-prod-all[of J - \{space M - A\}] iess jne2 finJ by
auto
     finally have prob (\bigcap J) = prod prob J using split
      by (metis Groups.mult-ac(2) True finJ prod.remove)
     then show ?thesis by simp
   next
     case False
     then show ?thesis using iess
      by (simp add: assms(1) finJ indep-events-set-prod-all jne)
   qed
 qed
qed
lemma indep-events-set-update-compl:
 assumes indep-events-set E
 assumes E = A \cup B
 assumes A \cap B = \{\}
 assumes finite E
 shows indep-events-set (((-) (space M) `A) \cup B)
using assms(2) assms(3) proof (induct card A arbitrary: A B)
 case \theta
 then show ?case using assms(1)
   using assms(4) by auto
\mathbf{next}
 case (Suc x)
 then obtain a A' where areq: A = insert \ a A' and anotin: a \notin A'
   by (metis card-Suc-eq-finite)
 then have xcard: card A' = x
   using Suc(2) Suc(3) assms(4) by auto
 let ?B' = B \cup \{a\}
 have E = A' \cup ?B' using and Suc. prems by auto
 moreover have A' \cap ?B' = \{\} using anotin Suc.prems(2) and by auto
 moreover have ?B' \neq \{\} by simp
 ultimately have ies: indep-events-set ((-) (space M) `A' \cup ?B')
   using Suc.hyps(1)[of A' ?B'] xcard by auto
 then have a \in A \cup B using and by auto
 then show ?case
```

proof $(cases (A \cup B) - \{a\} = \{\})$ case True then have $A = \{a\} B = \{\}$ using Suc.prems and by auto then have $((-) (space M) ` A \cup B) = \{space M - a\}$ by auto moreover have space $M - a \in events$ using aeq assms(1) Suc. prems indep-events-set-events by auto ultimately show ?thesis using indep-events-set-singleton by simp next case False have $a \in (-)$ (space M) ' $A' \cup ?B'$ using and by auto then have ie: indep-events-set ({space M - a} \cup ((-) (space M) ' $A' \cup ?B'$ $- \{a\}))$ using indep-events-set-one-compl[of (-) (space M) ' $A' \cup ?B'$ a] ies by auto show ?thesis **proof** (cases $a \in (-)$ (space M) ' A') case True then have space $M - a \in A'$ by $(smt (verit) \in A' \cup (B \cup \{a\}))$ assms(1) compl-identity image-iff indep-events-set-events indep-events-subset2 inf-sup-ord(3)) then have space $M - a \in A$ using and by auto **moreover have** indep-events-set A using Suc.prems(1) indep-events-subset2 assms(1)using aeq by blast moreover have $a \in A$ using and by auto ultimately have probes prob $a = 0 \lor prob \ a = 1$ using indep-events-contain-compl-prob01 [of A a] **by** auto have $((-) (space M) ` A \cup B) = (-) (space M) ` A' \cup \{space M - a\} \cup B$ using aeq by auto moreover have $((-) (space M) `A' \cup ?B' - \{a\}) = ((-) (space M) `A' \{a\}) \cup B$ using Suc.prems(2) and by auto moreover have (-) (space M) ' A' = ((-) (space M) ' $A' - \{a\}) \cup \{a\}$ using True by auto ultimately have $((-) (space M) ` A \cup B) = \{space M - a\} \cup ((-) (space M))$ M) ' $A' \cup ?B' - \{a\}$) $\cup \{a\}$ by (smt (verit) Un-empty-right Un-insert-right Un-left-commute) moreover have $a \notin \{space \ M - a\} \cup ((-) \ (space \ M) \ `A' \cup ?B' - \{a\})$ using Diff-disjoint (space $M - a \in A'$) another empty-iff insert-iff by fastforce **moreover have** $a \in events$ using Suc.prems(1) assms(1) indep-events-set-events aeq by auto ultimately show *?thesis* using ie indep-events-set-prob0 indep-events-set-prob1 probs by presburger next case False then have $(((-) (space M) A' \cup B') - \{a\}) = (-) (space M) A' \cup B$ using Suc.prems(2) and by auto moreover have (-) (space M) ' A = (-) (space M) ' $A' \cup \{ space M - a \}$

```
using aeq
      by simp
    ultimately have ((-) (space M) ` A \cup B) = \{space M - a\} \cup ((-) (space M))
M) 'A' \cup ?B' - \{a\})
      by auto
    then show ?thesis using ie by simp
   qed
 qed
qed
lemma indep-events-set-compl:
 assumes indep-events-set E
 assumes finite E
 shows indep-events-set ((\lambda \ e. \ space \ M - e) \ `E)
 using indep-events-set-update-compl[of E \in \{\}] assms by auto
lemma indep-event-empty:
 assumes A \in events
 shows indep-event A {}
 using assms indep-event I by auto
lemma indep-event-compl-inter:
 assumes indep-event A C
 assumes B \in events
 assumes indep-event A (B \cap C)
 shows indep-event A ((space M - B) \cap C)
proof (intro indep-eventI)
 show A \in events using assms(1) indep-eventD-ev1 by auto
 show (space M - B) \cap C \in events using assms(3) indep-eventD-ev2
   by (metis Diff-Int-distrib2 assms(1) sets.Diff sets.Int-space-eq1)
next
 have ac: A \cap C \in events using assms(1) indep-eventD-ev1 indep-eventD-ev2
sets.Int-space-eq1
   by auto
 have prob (A \cap ((space M - B) \cap C)) = prob (A \cap (space M - B) \cap C)
   by (simp add: inf-sup-aci(2))
 also have ... = prob (A \cap C \cap (space M - B))
   by (simp add: ac-simps)
 also have ... = prob (A \cap C) - prob (A \cap C \cap B)
   using prob-compl-diff-inter[of A \cap CB] ac assms(2) by auto
 also have ... = prob (A) * prob C - (prob A * prob (C \cap B))
   using assms(1) assms(3) indep-eventD
   by (simp add: inf-commute inf-left-commute)
 also have ... = prob A * (prob \ C - prob \ (C \cap B)) by (simp add: algebra-simps)
 finally have prob (A \cap ((space M - B) \cap C)) = prob A * (prob (C \cap (space M)))
(-B)))
   using prob-compl-diff-inter[of C B] using assms(1) assms(2)
   by (simp add: indep-eventD-ev2)
```

then show prob $(A \cap ((space M - B) \cap C)) = prob A * prob ((space M - B) \cap C)$ by (simp add: ac-simps) qed

lemma indep-events-index-subset: indep-events $F \ E \longleftrightarrow (\forall J \subseteq E. indep-events \ F \ J)$ **unfolding** indep-events-def **by** (meson image-mono set-eq-subset subset-trans)

- **lemma** indep-events-index-subset2: indep-events $F E \Longrightarrow J \subseteq E \Longrightarrow$ indep-events F Jusing indep-events-index-subset by auto
- **lemma** indep-events-events-ss: indep-events $F E \implies F' E \subseteq events$ unfolding indep-events-def by (auto)
- **lemma** indep-events-events: indep-events $F E \implies (\bigwedge e. e \in E \implies F e \in events)$ using indep-events-events-ss by auto

```
lemma indep-events-probs: indep-events F E \Longrightarrow J \subseteq E \Longrightarrow finite J \Longrightarrow J \neq \{\}
\Longrightarrow prob (\bigcap (F ` J)) = (\prod i \in J. prob (F i))
unfolding indep-events-def by auto
```

lemma indep-events-prod-all: indep-events $F E \Longrightarrow$ finite $E \Longrightarrow E \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow$ prob $(\bigcap (F ` E)) = (\prod i \in E. \text{ prob } (F i))$ using indep-events-probs by auto

lemma indep-events-ev-not-contain-compl: assumes indep-events F Eassumes $A \in E$ assumes prob (F A) > 0 prob (F A) < 1shows (space M - F A) $\notin F$ ' E (is $?A' \notin F$ ' E) **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume $\neg ?A' \notin F ` E$ then have $?A' \in F' \in by$ auto then obtain Ae where aeq: ?A' = F Ae and $Ae \in E$ by blast then have $\{A, Ae\} \subseteq E$ using assms(2) by auto**moreover have** finite $\{A, Ae\}$ by simp moreover have $\{A, Ae\} \neq \{\}$ by simp ultimately have prob $(\bigcap i \in \{A, Ae\}, Fi) = (\prod i \in \{A, Ae\}, prob (Fi))$ using indep-events- $probs[of F E \{A, Ae\}] assms(1)$ by automoreover have $A \neq Ae$ using subprob-not-empty using aeq by auto ultimately have prob $(F A \cap ?A') = prob (F A) * prob (?A')$ using and by simp

moreover have prob $(F A \cap ?A') = 0$ by simp

moreover have prob (F A) * prob ?A' = prob (F A) * (1 - prob (F A)) **using** assms(1) assms(2) indep-events-events prob-compl by metis **moreover have** prob (F A) * (1 - prob (F A)) > 0 **using** assms(3) assms(4)by (simp add: algebra-simps) **ultimately show** False by auto qed

lemma indep-events-singleton: **assumes** $F A \in events$ **shows** indep-events $F \{A\}$ **proof** (intro indep-eventsI) **show** $\bigwedge i. i \in \{A\} \implies F i \in events$ using assms by simp **next fix** J assume $J \subseteq \{A\}$ finite $J J \neq \{\}$ **then have** $J = \{A\}$ by auto **then show** prob $(\bigcap (F \, ' J)) = (\prod i \in J. prob (F i))$ by simp **qed**

```
lemma indep-events-ev-pairs:

assumes indep-events F S

assumes A \in S B \in S A \neq B

shows indep-event (F A) (F B)

using assms indep-events-probs[of F S \{A, B\}]

by (intro indep-eventI) (simp-all add: indep-events-events)
```

lemma *indep-events-ev-inter-pairs*: assumes indep-events F Sassumes finite A finite Bassumes $A \neq \{\} B \neq \{\}$ assumes $A \subseteq S B \subseteq S A \cap B = \{\}$ **shows** indep-event $(\bigcap (F ` A)) (\bigcap (F ` B))$ **proof** (*intro indep-eventI*) have $(F \, A) \subseteq events (F \, B) \subseteq events$ using indep-events-events assms(1) assms(6) assms(7) by fast+then show \cap (F 'A) \in events \cap (F 'B) \in events using Inter-event-ss assms by auto \mathbf{next} have $A \cup B \subseteq S$ using assms by auto moreover have finite $(A \cup B)$ using assms(2) assms(3) by simpmoreover have $A \cup B \neq \{\}$ using assms by simp ultimately have prob $(\bigcap (F'(A \cup B))) = (\prod i \in A \cup B. prob (F i))$ using assms using indep-events-probs of $F S A \cup B$ by simp also have ... = $(\prod i \in A. prob (F i)) * (\prod i \in B. prob (F i))$ using assms(8) prod.union-disjoint[of $A \ B \ \lambda \ i.$ prob $(F \ i)$] $assms(2) \ assms(3)$ by simp finally have prob $(\bigcap (F'(A \cup B))) = prob (\bigcap (F'A)) * prob (\bigcap (F'B))$ using assms indep-events-index-subset indep-events-prod-all by metis moreover have $\bigcap (F'(A \cup B)) = (\bigcap (F'A)) \cap \bigcap (F'B)$ by *auto*

ultimately show prob $(\bigcap (F `A) \cap \bigcap (F `B)) = prob (\bigcap (F `A)) * prob (\bigcap (F `B))$ by simp ged

lemma *indep-events-ev-inter-single*: assumes indep-events F Sassumes finite B assumes $B \neq \{\}$ $\textbf{assumes}\ A \in S\ B \subseteq S\ A \notin B$ **shows** indep-event $(F \ A) \ (\bigcap (F \ `B))$ proof have $\{A\} \neq \{\}$ finite $\{A\} \{A\} \subseteq S$ using assms by simp-all moreover have $\{A\} \cap B = \{\}$ using assms(6) by autoultimately show ?thesis using indep-events-ev-inter-pairs [of $F S \{A\} B$] assms by *auto* qed **lemma** *indep-events-fn-eq*: assumes $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in E \implies F Ai = G Ai$ assumes indep-events F Eshows indep-events G E**proof** (*intro indep-eventsI*) show $\bigwedge i. i \in E \implies G i \in events using assms(2) indep-events-events assms(1)$ by *metis* \mathbf{next} fix J assume jss: $J \subseteq E$ finite $J J \neq \{\}$ moreover have G' J = F' J using assms(1) calculation(1) by auto **moreover have** $\bigwedge i : i \in J \Longrightarrow prob (G i) = prob (F i)$ using jss assms(1) by *auto* **moreover have** $(\prod i \in J. prob (F i)) = (\prod i \in J. prob (G i))$ using calculation(5) by *auto* ultimately show prob $(\bigcap (G `J)) = (\prod i \in J. prob (G i))$ using assms(2) indep-events-probs[of $F \in J$] by simp qed **lemma** indep-events-fn-eq-iff: assumes $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in E \implies F Ai = G Ai$ **shows** indep-events $F \to E \leftrightarrow indep$ -events $G \to E$ using indep-events-fn-eq assms by auto **lemma** *indep-events-one-compl*: assumes indep-events F Sassumes $A \in S$ shows indep-events (λ i. if (i = A) then (space M - F i) else F i) S (is indep-events (G S)**proof** (*intro indep-eventsI*)

show $\bigwedge i. i \in S \Longrightarrow (if i = A then space M - F i else F i) \in events$

```
using indep-events-events assms(1) assms(2)
   by (metis sets.compl-sets)
\mathbf{next}
 define G where G \equiv ?G
 fix J assume jss: J \subseteq S
 assume finJ: finite J
 assume jne: J \neq \{\}
 show prob (\bigcap i \in J. ?G i) = (\prod i \in J. prob (?G i))
 proof (cases J = \{A\})
   case True
   then show ?thesis by simp
 \mathbf{next}
   case jne2: False
   have jss2: J - \{A\} \subseteq S using jss assms(2) by auto
   moreover have A \notin (J - \{A\}) using jss by auto
   moreover have finite (J - \{A\}) using finJ by simp
   moreover have J - \{A\} \neq \{\} using jne2 jne by auto
   ultimately have indep-event (F A) (\cap (F (J - \{A\})))
     using indep-events-ev-inter-single [of F S (J - \{A\}) A] assms by auto
   then have ie: indep-event (G A) (\cap (G (J - \{A\})))
     using indep-event-one-compl indep-event-commute G-def by auto
   have iess: indep-events G(J - \{A\})
     using jss2 G-def indep-events-index-subset2 [of F S J - \{A\}] assms(1)
       indep-events-fn-eq[of J - \{A\}] by auto
   show ?thesis
   proof (cases A \in J)
     case True
     then have split: G ' J = insert (G A) (G ' (J - \{A\})) by auto
    then have prob (\bigcap (G `J)) = prob (\bigcap (insert (G A) (G `(J - \{A\})))) by
auto
     also have ... = prob ((G A) \cap \bigcap (G (J - \{A\})))
      using Inter-insert by simp
     also have \dots = prob (G A) * prob (\bigcap (G (J - \{A\})))
      using ie indep-eventD[of G \land (J - \{A\}))] by auto
     also have \dots = prob (G A) * (\prod i \in (J - \{A\})). prob (G i))
      using indep-events-prod-all[of G J - \{A\}] iess jne2 jne finJ by auto
     finally have prob (\bigcap (G'J)) = (\prod i \in J. prob (G i)) using split
      by (metis True finJ prod.remove)
     then show ?thesis using G-def by simp
   \mathbf{next}
     case False
     then have prob (\bigcap i \in J. G i) = (\prod i \in J. prob (G i)) using iess
      by (simp add: assms(1) finJ indep-events-prod-all jne)
     then show ?thesis using G-def by simp
   qed
 qed
qed
```

lemma *indep-events-update-compl*:

assumes indep-events F Eassumes $E = A \cup B$ assumes $A \cap B = \{\}$ assumes finite Eshows indep-events (λ Ai. if (Ai \in A) then (space M - (F Ai)) else (F Ai)) E using assms(2) assms(3) proof (induct card A arbitrary: A B) case θ let $?G = (\lambda Ai. if Ai \in A then space M - F Ai else F Ai)$ have E = B using $assms(4) \langle E = A \cup B \rangle \langle 0 = card A \rangle$ by simp then have $\land i. i \in E \implies F i = ?G i \text{ using } \langle A \cap B = \{\} by auto$ then show ?case using assms(1) indep-events-fn-eq[of E F ?G] by simp next case (Suc x) **define** G where $G \equiv (\lambda Ai. if Ai \in A \text{ then space } M - F Ai \text{ else } F Ai)$ obtain a A' where area insert a A' and anotin: $a \notin A'$ using Suc.hyps by (metis card-Suc-eq-finite) then have *xcard*: *card* A' = xusing Suc(2) Suc(3) assms(4) by auto **define** G1 where $G1 \equiv (\lambda Ai. if Ai \in A' then space M - F Ai else F Ai)$ let $?B' = B \cup \{a\}$ have eeq: $E = A' \cup ?B'$ using and Suc.prems by auto moreover have $A' \cap ?B' = \{\}$ using anotin Suc.prems(2) and by auto moreover have $?B' \neq \{\}$ by simp ultimately have ies: indep-events G1 $(A' \cup ?B')$ using Suc.hyps(1)[of A' ?B'] xcard G1-def by auto then have $a \in A \cup B$ using and by auto define G2 where $G2 \equiv \lambda Ai$. if Ai = a then (space M - (G1 Ai)) else (G1 Ai) have $a \in A' \cup ?B'$ by *auto* then have ie: indep-events G2 Eusing indep-events-one-compl[of G1 ($A' \cup ?B'$) a] ies G2-def eeq by auto moreover have $\bigwedge i$. $i \in E \implies G2 \ i = G \ i$ unfolding G2-def G1-def G-def by (simp add: aeq anotin) ultimately have indep-events G E using indep-events-fn-eq[of E G 2 G] by auto then show ?case using G-def by simp qed **lemma** *indep-events-compl*: assumes indep-events F Eassumes finite Eshows indep-events (λ Ai. space M - F Ai) E proof – have indep-events (λAi . if $Ai \in E$ then space M - F Ai else F Ai) E

using indep-events-update-compl $[of \ F \ E \ E \ \}$] assms by auto

moreover have $\bigwedge i. i \in E \Longrightarrow (\lambda Ai. if Ai \in E \text{ then space } M - F Ai \text{ else } F Ai)$ $i = (\lambda Ai. \text{ space } M - F Ai) i$

by simp

ultimately show *?thesis* using indep-events-fn-eq[of E (λAi . if $Ai \in E$ then space M - F Ai else F Ai)] by auto qed **lemma** *indep-events-impl-inj-on*: assumes finite A assumes indep-events F Aassumes $\bigwedge A'$. $A' \in A \Longrightarrow prob (F A') > 0 \land prob (F A') < 1$ shows inj-on F A**proof** (*intro inj-onI*, *rule ccontr*) fix x y assume xin: $x \in A$ and yin: $y \in A$ and feq: F x = F yassume contr: $x \neq y$ then have $\{x, y\} \subseteq A \{x, y\} \neq \{\}$ finite $\{x, y\}$ using xin yin by auto then have prob $(\bigcap j \in \{x, y\}, F j) = (\prod j \in \{x, y\}, prob (F j))$ using assms(2) indep-events-probs[of F A $\{x, y\}$] by auto **moreover have** $(\prod j \in \{x, y\}$. prob (F j)) = prob (F x) * prob (F y) using contr by auto moreover have prob $(\bigcap j \in \{x, y\}, F_j) = prob (F_x)$ using feq by simp ultimately have prob (F x) = prob (F x) * prob (F x) using feq by simp then show False using assms(3) using xin by fastforce \mathbf{qed} **lemma** indep-events-imp-set: assumes finite A assumes indep-events F Aassumes $\bigwedge A'$. $A' \in A \Longrightarrow prob (F A') > 0 \land prob (F A') < 1$ shows indep-events-set (F ` A)**proof** (*intro indep-events-setI*) show F ' $A \subseteq$ events using assms(2) indep-events-events by auto next fix J assume jss: $J \subseteq F$ 'A and finj: finite J and jne: $J \neq \{\}$ have bb: bij-betw F A (F 'A) using bij-betw-imageI indep-events-impl-inj-on assms by meson then obtain I where iss: $I \subseteq A$ and jeq: J = F 'I using *bij-betw-obtain-subsetl*[OF bb] *jss* by *metis* **moreover have** $I \neq \{\}$ finite I using finj jeq jne assms(1) finite-subset iss by blast+ultimately have prob $(\bigcap (F `I)) = (\prod i \in I. prob (F i))$ using *jne finj jss indep-events-probs*[of $F \land I$] assms(2) by (simp) moreover have bij-betw F I J using jeq iss jss bb by (meson bij-betw-subset) ultimately show prob $(\bigcap J) = prod prob J$ using bij-betw-prod-prob jeq by (metis) qed **lemma** *indep-event-set-equiv-bij*: assumes bij-betw $F \land E$ assumes finite E**shows** indep-events-set $E \longleftrightarrow$ indep-events F A

proof – have im: $F \cdot A = E$ using assms(1) by $(simp \ add: \ bij-betw-def)$ **then have** ss: $(\forall e. e \in E \longrightarrow e \in events) \longleftrightarrow (F `A \subseteq events)$ using *image-iff* by (*simp add: subset-iff*) have prob: $(\forall J. J \subseteq E \longrightarrow finite J \longrightarrow J \neq \{\} \longrightarrow prob (\bigcap i \in J. i) = (\prod i \in J.$ $prob i)) \longleftrightarrow$ $(\forall I. I \subseteq A \longrightarrow finite I \longrightarrow I \neq \{\} \longrightarrow prob (\bigcap i \in I. F i) = (\prod i \in I. prob$ $(F \ i)))$ **proof** (*intro allI impI iffI*) fix I assume p1: $\forall J \subseteq E$. finite $J \longrightarrow J \neq \{\} \longrightarrow prob (\bigcap i \in J. i) = prod prob$ Jand iss: $I \subseteq A$ and f1: finite I and i1: $I \neq \{\}$ then obtain J where jeq: J = F 'I and jss: $J \subseteq E$ using bij-betw-obtain-subsetr[OF assms(1) iss] by metis then have prob $(\bigcap J) = prod prob J$ using if f1 p1 iss by auto moreover have *bij-betw* F I J using *jeq jss assms*(1) *iss* **by** (*meson bij-betw-subset*) ultimately show prob $(\bigcap (F'I)) = (\prod i \in I. prob (Fi))$ using bij-betw-prod-prob **by** (*metis jeq*) next fix J assume $p2: \forall I \subseteq A$. finite $I \longrightarrow I \neq \{\} \longrightarrow prob (\bigcap (F `I)) = (\prod i \in I.$ prob (F i)and *jss*: $J \subseteq E$ and *f2*: *finite* J and *j1*: $J \neq \{\}$ then obtain I where iss: $I \subseteq A$ and jeq: J = F 'I using bij-betw-obtain-subsetl[OF assms(1)] by metis moreover have finite A using assms(1) assms(2)**by** (*simp add: bij-betw-finite*) ultimately have prob $(\bigcap (F `I)) = (\prod i \in I. prob (F i))$ using j1 f2 p2 jss **by** (*simp add: finite-subset*) **moreover have** bij-betw F I J using jeq iss assms(1) jss by (meson bij-betw-subset) ultimately show prob $(\bigcap i \in J. i) = prod prob J$ using bij-betw-prod-prob jeq **by** (*metis image-ident*) qed have indep-events-set $E \implies$ indep-events F A**proof** (*intro indep-eventsI*) **show** $\bigwedge i$. indep-events-set $E \Longrightarrow i \in A \Longrightarrow F$ $i \in events$ using indep-events-set-events ss by auto **show** $\land J$. indep-events-set $E \Longrightarrow J \subseteq A \Longrightarrow$ finite $J \Longrightarrow J \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow prob$ (\cap $(F ' J)) = (\prod i \in J. prob (F i))$ using indep-events-set-probs prob by auto qed moreover have indep-events $F A \implies indep-events$ -set E proof (intro indep-events-setI) have $\bigwedge e$. indep-events $F A \implies e \in E \implies e \in events$ using ss indep-events-def by *metis* then show indep-events $F A \Longrightarrow E \subseteq$ events by auto **show** $\land J$. indep-events $F A \Longrightarrow J \subseteq E \Longrightarrow$ finite $J \Longrightarrow J \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow prob (\bigcap J)$ = prod prob J

```
using prob indep-events-def by (metis image-ident)
qed
ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
```

5.3 Mutual Independent Events

Note, set based version only if no duplicates in usage case. The mutual_indep_events definition is more general and recommended

definition mutual-indep-set:: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a set set \Rightarrow bool **where** mutual-indep-set $A \ S \leftrightarrow A \in events \land S \subseteq events \land (\forall T \subseteq S . T \neq \{\} \longrightarrow prob \ (A \cap (\bigcap T)) = prob \ A * prob \ (\bigcap T))$

lemma mutual-indep-setI[intro]: $A \in events \implies S \subseteq events \implies (\bigwedge T. T \subseteq S)$ $\implies T \neq \{\} \implies$ prob $(A \cap (\bigcap T)) = prob \ A * prob \ (\bigcap T)) \implies mutual-indep-set \ A \ S$ using mutual-indep-set-def by simp

lemma mutual-indep-setD[dest]: mutual-indep-set $A \ S \implies T \subseteq S \implies T \neq \{\}$

 $\implies prob \ (A \cap (\bigcap T)) = prob \ A * prob \ (\bigcap T)$ using mutual-indep-set-def by simp

lemma mutual-indep-setD2[dest]: mutual-indep-set $A \subseteq A \in events$ using mutual-indep-set-def by simp

lemma mutual-indep-setD3[dest]: mutual-indep-set $A \ S \Longrightarrow S \subseteq$ events using mutual-indep-set-def by simp

lemma mutual-indep-subset: mutual-indep-set A $S \Longrightarrow T \subseteq S \Longrightarrow$ mutual-indep-set AT

using mutual-indep-set-def by auto

```
lemma mutual-indep-event-set-defD:

assumes mutual-indep-set A S

assumes finite T

assumes T \subseteq S

assumes T \neq \{\}

shows indep-event A \cap T

proof (intro indep-eventI)

show A \in events using mutual-indep-setD2 assms(1) by auto

show \cap T \in events using Inter-event-ss assms mutual-indep-setD3 finite-subset

by blast

show prob (A \cap \bigcap T) = prob A * prob (\bigcap T)

using assms(1) mutual-indep-setD assms(3) assms(4) by simp

qed
```

lemma mutual-indep-event-defI: $A \in events \implies S \subseteq events \implies (\bigwedge T. T \subseteq S)$

 $\implies T \neq \{\} \implies \\ indep-event \ A \ (\bigcap T)) \implies mutual-indep-set \ A \ S \\ \mathbf{using} \ indep-event D \ mutual-indep-set-def \ \mathbf{by} \ simp$

lemma mutual-indep-singleton-event: mutual-indep-set $A \ S \implies B \in S \implies$ indep-event $A \ B$

using mutual-indep-event-set-defD empty-subsetI **by** (metis Set.insert-mono cInf-singleton finite.emptyI finite-insert insert-absorb insert-not-empty)

lemma *mutual-indep-cond*: assumes $A \in events$ and $T \subseteq events$ and finite T and mutual-indep-set A S and $T \subseteq S$ and $T \neq \{\}$ and prob $(\bigcap T) \neq 0$ shows $\mathcal{P}(A \mid (\bigcap T)) = prob A$ proof have $\bigcap T \in events$ using assms **by** (*simp add: Inter-event-ss*) then have $\mathcal{P}(A \mid (\bigcap T)) = prob ((\bigcap T) \cap A)/prob(\bigcap T)$ using cond-prob-ev-def assms(1)by blast also have ... = prob $(A \cap (\bigcap T))/prob(\bigcap T)$ **by** (*simp add: inf-commute*) also have ... = prob $A * prob (\bigcap T)/prob(\bigcap T)$ using assms mutual-indep-setD by auto finally show ?thesis using assms(7) by simpqed **lemma** *mutual-indep-cond-full*: assumes $A \in events$ and $S \subseteq events$ and finite S and mutual-indep-set A S and $S \neq \{\}$ and prob $(\bigcap S) \neq 0$ shows $\mathcal{P}(A \mid (\bigcap S)) = prob A$ using mutual-indep-cond [of A S S] assms by auto **lemma** *mutual-indep-cond-single*: assumes $A \in events$ and $B \in events$ and mutual-indep-set A S and $B \in S$ and prob $B \neq 0$ shows $\mathcal{P}(A \mid B) = prob A$ using mutual-indep-cond [of $A \{B\} S$] assms by auto **lemma** mutual-indep-set-empty: $A \in events \Longrightarrow mutual-indep-set A \{\}$ using mutual-indep-setI by auto **lemma** not-mutual-indep-set-itself: assumes prob A > 0 and prob A < 1shows \neg mutual-indep-set $A \{A\}$ **proof** (*rule ccontr*) assume $\neg \neg$ mutual-indep-set A {A} then have mutual-indep-set $A \{A\}$ by simp

then have $\bigwedge T : T \subseteq \{A\} \Longrightarrow T \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow prob (A \cap (\bigcap T)) = prob A * prob$ $(\bigcap T)$ using *mutual-indep-setD* by *simp* then have eq: prob $(A \cap (\bigcap \{A\})) = prob \ A * prob \ (\bigcap \{A\})$ **by** blast have prob $(A \cap (\bigcap \{A\})) = prob A$ by simp moreover have prob $A * (prob (\cap \{A\})) = (prob A)^2$ **by** (*simp add: power2-eq-square*) ultimately show False using eq assms by auto qed **lemma** *is-mutual-indep-set-itself*: **assumes** $A \in events$ assumes prob $A = 0 \lor prob A = 1$ shows mutual-indep-set $A \{A\}$ **proof** (*intro mutual-indep-setI*) **show** $A \in events \{A\} \subseteq events$ using assms(1) by *auto* fix T assume $T \subseteq \{A\}$ and $T \neq \{\}$ then have teq: $T = \{A\}$ by auto have prob $(A \cap (\bigcap \{A\})) = prob A$ by simp **moreover have** prob $A * (prob (\cap \{A\})) = (prob A)^2$ **by** (*simp add: power2-eq-square*) ultimately show prob $(A \cap (\bigcap T)) = prob \ A * prob \ (\bigcap T)$ using teq assms by auto qed **lemma** *mutual-indep-set-singleton*: assumes indep-event A B **shows** mutual-indep-set $A \{B\}$ using indep-eventD-ev1 indep-eventD-ev2 assms by (intro mutual-indep-event-defI) (simp-all add: subset-singleton-iff) **lemma** *mutual-indep-set-one-compl*: assumes mutual-indep-set A Sassumes finite Sassumes $B \in S$ shows mutual-indep-set A ({space M - B} \cup S) **proof** (*intro mutual-indep-event-defI*) show $A \in events$ using assms(1) mutual-indep-setD2 by auto next **show** {space M - B} \cup (S) \subseteq events using assms(1) assms(2) mutual-indep-setD3 assms(3) by blast \mathbf{next} fix T assume jss: $T \subseteq \{space \ M - B\} \cup (S)$ assume the: $T \neq \{\}$ let $?T' = T - {space M - B}$ **show** indep-event $A (\bigcap T)$ **proof** (cases $?T' = \{\}$) case True

then have $T = \{space M - B\}$ using the by blast moreover have indep-event A B using assms(1) assms(3) assms(3) mutual-indep-singleton-event by auto ultimately show ?thesis using indep-event-one-compl by auto next **case** tne2: False have finT: finite T using jss assms(2) finite-subset by fast have tss2: $?T' \subseteq S$ using $jss \ assms(2)$ by autoshow ?thesis proof (cases space $M - B \in T$) case True have $?T' \cup \{B\} \subseteq S$ using assms(3) tss2 by auto then have indep-event $A (\cap (?T' \cup \{B\}))$ using assms(1) mutual-indep-event-set-defD tne2 finT**by** (meson Un-empty assms(2) finite-subset) moreover have indep-event $A (\bigcap ?T')$ using assms(1) mutual-indep-event-set-defD finT finite-subset tss2 tne2 by automoreover have $\bigcap (?T' \cup \{B\}) = B \cap (\bigcap ?T')$ by *auto* moreover have $B \in events$ using assms(3) assms(1) mutual-indep-setD3 by auto ultimately have indep-event A ((space $M - B) \cap (\bigcap ?T')$) using indep-event-compl-inter by auto then show ?thesis by (metis Inter-insert True insert-Diff) \mathbf{next} ${\bf case} \ {\it False}$ then have $T \subseteq S$ using *jss* by *auto* then show ?thesis using assms(1) mutual-indep-event-set-defD finT the by autoqed qed qed **lemma** *mutual-indep-events-set-update-compl*: assumes mutual-indep-set X Eassumes $E = A \cup B$ assumes $A \cap B = \{\}$ assumes finite E**shows** mutual-indep-set X (((-) (space M) ' A) \cup B) using assms(2) assms(3) proof (induct card A arbitrary: A B) case θ then show ?case using assms(1)using assms(4) by auto \mathbf{next} case (Suc x) then obtain a A' where areq: $A = insert \ a A'$ and anotin: $a \notin A'$ **by** (*metis card-Suc-eq-finite*) then have *xcard*: *card* A' = xusing Suc(2) Suc(3) assms(4) by auto

let $?B' = B \cup \{a\}$ have $E = A' \cup ?B'$ using and Suc.prems by auto moreover have $A' \cap ?B' = \{\}$ using anotin Suc.prems(2) and by auto ultimately have ies: mutual-indep-set X ((-) (space M) ' $A' \cup ?B'$) using Suc.hyps(1)[of A' ?B'] xcard by auto then have $a \in A \cup B$ using and by auto then show ?case **proof** $(cases (A \cup B) - \{a\} = \{\})$ case True then have $A = \{a\} B = \{\}$ using Suc.prems and by auto moreover have indep-event X a using mutual-indep-singleton-event ies by auto ultimately show ?thesis using mutual-indep-set-singleton indep-event-one-compl by simp \mathbf{next} case False let ?c = (-) (space M) have un: $?c ` A \cup B = ?c ` A' \cup (\{?c a\}) \cup (?B' - \{a\})$ using Suc(4) and by force moreover have $?B' - \{a\} \subseteq ?B'$ by *auto* moreover have $?B' - \{a\} \subseteq ?c `A' \cup \{?c a\} \cup (?B')$ by *auto* moreover have $?c `A' \cup \{?c a\} \subseteq ?c `A' \cup \{?c a\} \cup (?B')$ by auto ultimately have ss: $?c ` A \cup B \subseteq \{?c \ a\} \cup (?c ` A' \cup ?B')$ using Un-least by auto have $a \in (-)$ (space M) ' $A' \cup ?B'$ using and by auto then have ie: mutual-indep-set X ({?c a} \cup (?c 'A' \cup ?B')) using mutual-indep-set-one-compl[of X ?c ' $A' \cup ?B'$ a] ies $\langle E = A' \cup (B \cup B') \rangle$ $\{a\}$) assms(4) by blast then show ?thesis using mutual-indep-subset ss by auto qed qed **lemma** *mutual-indep-events-compl*: assumes finite Sassumes mutual-indep-set A Sshows mutual-indep-set A (($\lambda \ s$. space M - s) 'S) using mutual-indep-events-set-update-compl $[of A S S \{\}]$ assms by auto **lemma** *mutual-indep-set-all*: **assumes** $A \subseteq events$ assumes $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \implies (mutual-indep-set Ai (A - \{Ai\}))$ shows indep-events-set A**proof** (*intro indep-events-setI*) **show** $A \subseteq events$ using assms(1) by auto \mathbf{next} fix J assume ss: $J \subseteq A$ and fin: finite J and ne: $J \neq \{\}$

from fin ne ss show prob $(\bigcap J) = prod prob J$ proof (induct J rule: finite-ne-induct) case (singleton x) then show ?case by simp next case (insert x F) then have mutual-indep-set x $(A - \{x\})$ using assms(2) by simp moreover have $F \subseteq (A - \{x\})$ using insert.prems insert.hyps by auto ultimately have $prob \ (x \cap (\bigcap F)) = prob \ x * prob \ (\bigcap F)$ by (simp add: local.insert(2) mutual-indep-setD) then show ?case using insert.hyps insert.prems by simp qed qed

Prefered version using indexed notation

definition mutual-indep-events:: 'a set \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow 'a set) \Rightarrow nat set \Rightarrow bool where mutual-indep-events $A \in I \iff A \in events \land (F \cap I \subseteq events) \land (\forall J \subseteq I \cup J \neq \{\} \longrightarrow prob (A \cap (\bigcap j \in J \cup F j)) = prob A * prob (\bigcap j \in J \cup F j))$

lemma mutual-indep-eventsI[intro]: $A \in events \implies (F ` I \subseteq events) \implies (\bigwedge J. J \subseteq I \implies J \neq \{\} \implies$ prob $(A \cap (\bigcap j \in J . F j)) = prob \ A * prob \ (\bigcap j \in J . F j)) \implies mutual-indep-events \ A F I$ using mutual-indep-events-def by simp

lemma mutual-indep-eventsD[dest]: mutual-indep-events $A \ F \ I \implies J \subseteq I \implies J \neq \{\} \implies prob \ (A \cap (\bigcap j \in J \ . \ F \ j)) = prob \ A * prob \ (\bigcap j \in J \ . \ F \ j)$ using mutual-indep-events-def by simp

lemma mutual-indep-eventsD2[dest]: mutual-indep-events $A \in I \implies A \in events$ using mutual-indep-events-def by simp

lemma mutual-indep-events D3[dest]: mutual-indep-events A F I \implies F ' I \subseteq events

using mutual-indep-events-def by simp

lemma mutual-indep-ev-subset: mutual-indep-events $A \ F \ I \implies J \subseteq I \implies$ mutual-indep-events $A \ F \ J$

using mutual-indep-events-def by (meson image-mono subset-trans)

lemma mutual-indep-event-defD: **assumes** mutual-indep-events $A \in F I$ **assumes** finite J **assumes** $J \subseteq I$ **assumes** $J \neq \{\}$ **shows** indep-event $A (\bigcap j \in J \cdot F j)$ **proof** (intro indep-eventI) **show** $A \in events$ **using** mutual-indep-setD2 assms(1) by auto **show** prob $(A \cap \bigcap (F \land J)) = prob A * prob (\bigcap (F \land J))$

using assms(1) mutual-indep-eventsD assms(3) assms(4) by simphave finite $(F \, \, J)$ using finite-subset assms(2) by simpthen show $(\bigcap j \in J \, . \, F \, j) \in events$ using Inter-event-ss[of F 'J] assms mutual-indep-eventsD3 by blast qed **lemma** mutual-ev-indep-event-defI: $A \in events \implies F$ ' $I \subseteq events \implies (\bigwedge J. J)$ $\subseteq I \Longrightarrow J \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow$ indep-event $A (\bigcap (F' J))) \Longrightarrow$ mutual-indep-events $A \in I$ using indep-eventD mutual-indep-events-def[of $A \ F \ I$] by auto **lemma** *mutual-indep-ev-singleton-event*: assumes mutual-indep-events A F I assumes $B \in F$ ' Ishowsindep-event A B proof obtain J where beg: B = F J and $J \in I$ using assms(2) by blast then have $\{J\} \subseteq I$ and finite $\{J\}$ and $\{J\} \neq \{\}$ by auto moreover have $B = \bigcap (F ` \{J\})$ using beq by simp ultimately show ?thesis using mutual-indep-event-defD assms(1) by meson qed **lemma** *mutual-indep-ev-singleton-event2*: assumes mutual-indep-events A F I assumes $i \in I$ shows indep-event A(F i)using mutual-indep-event-defD[of $A \in I \{i\}$] assms by auto **lemma** *mutual-indep-iff*: shows mutual-indep-events $A \ F \ I \longleftrightarrow$ mutual-indep-set $A \ (F \ I)$ **proof** (*intro iffI mutual-indep-setI mutual-indep-eventsI*) show mutual-indep-events $A \in I \implies A \in events$ using mutual-indep-events D2by simp show mutual-indep-set $A(F' I) \Longrightarrow A \in events$ using mutual-indep-set D2 by simp show mutual-indep-events $A \ F I \Longrightarrow F' I \subseteq events$ using mutual-indep-events D3by simp show mutual-indep-set $A(F' I) \Longrightarrow F' I \subseteq$ events using mutual-indep-set D3 by simp show $\bigwedge T$. mutual-indep-events $A \in I \implies T \subseteq F : I \implies T \neq \{\} \implies prob (A)$ $\cap \cap T$ = prob A * prob ($\cap T$) using mutual-indep-eventsD by (metis empty-is-image subset-imageE) show $\bigwedge J$. mutual-indep-set A $(F `I) \Longrightarrow J \subseteq I \Longrightarrow J \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow prob (A \cap \bigcap$ $(F ` J)) = prob A * prob (\bigcap (F ` J))$ using mutual-indep-setD by (simp add: image-mono) ged

lemma *mutual-indep-ev-cond*:

assumes $A \in events$ and $F' J \subseteq events$ and finite J and mutual-indep-events A F I and $J \subseteq I$ and $J \neq \{\}$ and prob $(\bigcap (F J)) \neq I$ 0 shows $\mathcal{P}(A \mid (\bigcap (F'J))) = prob A$ proof have $\bigcap (F \, 'J) \in events$ using assms **by** (*simp add: Inter-event-ss*) then have $\mathcal{P}(A \mid (\bigcap (F \land J))) = prob ((\bigcap (F \land J)) \cap A)/prob(\bigcap (F \land J))$ using cond-prob-ev-def assms(1) by blastalso have ... = $prob (A \cap (\bigcap (F ` J)))/prob(\bigcap (F ` J))$ by (simp add: inf-commute) also have ... = prob $A * prob (\bigcap (F `J))/prob(\bigcap (F `J))$ using assms mutual-indep-eventsD by auto finally show ?thesis using assms(7) by simpqed **lemma** *mutual-indep-ev-cond-full*: assumes $A \in events$ and $F \cap I \subseteq events$ and finite I and mutual-indep-events A F I and $I \neq \{\}$ and prob $(\bigcap (F \cap I)) \neq 0$ shows $\mathcal{P}(A \mid (\bigcap (F `I))) = prob A$ using mutual-indep-ev-cond [of $A \in I I$] assms by auto **lemma** *mutual-indep-ev-cond-single*: **assumes** $A \in events$ and $B \in events$ and mutual-indep-events $A \ F \ I$ and $B \in F' \ I$ and prob $B \neq 0$ shows $\mathcal{P}(A \mid B) = prob A$ proof obtain *i* where B = F *i* and $i \in I$ using assms by blast then show ?thesis using mutual-indep-ev-cond of $A \in \{i\} I$ assms by auto qed **lemma** mutual-indep-ev-empty: $A \in events \implies mutual-indep-events A F \{\}$ using mutual-indep-eventsI by auto **lemma** not-mutual-indep-ev-itself: assumes prob A > 0 and prob A < 1 and A = F i**shows** \neg mutual-indep-events A F {i} **proof** (*rule ccontr*) **assume** $\neg \neg$ *mutual-indep-events* $A \in \{i\}$ then have mutual-indep-events $A \in \{i\}$ by simp then have $\bigwedge J : J \subseteq \{i\} \Longrightarrow J \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow prob (A \cap (\bigcap (F'J))) = prob A *$ prob $(\bigcap (F ` J))$ using mutual-indep-eventsD by simp then have eq: prob $(A \cap (\bigcap (F'\{i\}))) = prob \ A * prob \ (\bigcap (F'\{i\})))$ by blast have prob $(A \cap (\bigcap (F \{i\}))) = prob A$ using assms(3) by simp**moreover have** prob $A * (prob (\cap \{A\})) = (prob A)^2$ by (simp add: power2-eq-square)

ultimately show *False* using *eq assms* by *auto* qed

lemma *is-mutual-indep-ev-itself*: assumes $A \in events$ and A = F iassumes prob $A = 0 \lor prob A = 1$ shows mutual-indep-events $A \in \{i\}$ **proof** (*intro mutual-indep-eventsI*) show $A \in events \ F' \{i\} \subseteq events \ using \ assms(1) \ assms(2) \ by \ auto$ fix J assume $J \subseteq \{i\}$ and $J \neq \{\}$ then have teq: $J = \{i\}$ by auto have prob $(A \cap (\bigcap (F \{i\}))) = prob A$ using assms(2) by simp**moreover have** prob $A * (prob (\cap (F `\{i\}))) = (prob A) ^2$ using assms(2) by (simp add: power2-eq-square) ultimately show prob $(A \cap \bigcap (F'J)) = prob A * prob (\bigcap (F'J))$ using teq assms by auto qed **lemma** *mutual-indep-ev-singleton*: assumes indep-event A (F i) shows mutual-indep-events $A \in \{i\}$ using indep-eventD-ev1 indep-eventD-ev2 assms by (intro mutual-ev-indep-event-defI) (simp-all add: subset-singleton-iff) **lemma** *mutual-indep-ev-one-compl*: assumes mutual-indep-events A F I assumes finite I assumes $i \in I$ assumes space M - F i = F jshows mutual-indep-events $A F (\{j\} \cup I)$ **proof** (*intro mutual-ev-indep-event-defI*) show $A \in events$ using assms(1) mutual-indep-setD2 by auto \mathbf{next} show F ' $(\{j\} \cup I) \subseteq events$ using assms(1) assms(2) mutual-indep-eventsD3 assms(3) assms(4)by (metis image-insert image-subset-iff insert-is-Un insert-subset sets.compl-sets) \mathbf{next} fix J assume jss: $J \subseteq \{j\} \cup I$

assume tne: $J \neq \{\}$ let $?J' = J - \{j\}$ show indep-event $A (\bigcap (F 'J))$ proof (cases $?J' = \{\}$) case True then have $J = \{j\}$ using the by blast moreover have indep-event A (F i)using assms(1) assms mutual-indep-ev-singleton-event2 by simp ultimately show ?thesis using indep-event-one-compl assms(4) by fastforce next

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case tne2: False have finT: finite J using $jss \ assms(2)$ finite-subset by fast have tss2: $?J' \subseteq I$ using $jss \ assms(2)$ by autoshow ?thesis proof (cases $j \in J$) case True have $?J' \cup \{i\} \subseteq I$ using assms(3) tss2 by auto then have indep-event $A (\bigcap (F' ?J' \cup \{Fi\}))$ using assms(1) mutual-indep-event-defD tne2 finT assms(2) finite-subset by (metis Diff-cancel Un-Diff-cancel Un-absorb Un-insert-right image-insert) moreover have indep-event $A (\bigcap (F ` ?J'))$ using assms(1) mutual-indep-event-defD finT finite-subset tss2 tne2 by auto moreover have $(\bigcap (F' ?J' \cup \{F' i\})) = F' i \cap (\bigcap (F' ?J'))$ by auto moreover have $F i \in events$ using assms(3) assms(1) mutual-indep-eventsD3 by simp ultimately have indep-event A $(F j \cap (\bigcap (F' ?J')))$ using indep-event-compl-inter[of $A \cap (F' ?J') F i$] assms(4) by auto then show ?thesis using Inter-insert True insert-Diff by (metis image-insert) \mathbf{next} case False then have $J \subseteq I$ using *jss* by *auto* then show ?thesis using assms(1) mutual-indep-event-defD finT the by auto qed qed qed **lemma** *mutual-indep-events-update-compl*: assumes mutual-indep-events X F Sassumes $S = A \cup B$ assumes $A \cap B = \{\}$ assumes finite Sassumes bij-betw $G \land A'$ assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in A \Longrightarrow F(G i) = space M - F i$ shows mutual-indep-events $X F (A' \cup B)$ using assms(2) assms(3) assms(6) assms(5) proof (induct card A arbitrary: AB A'case θ then have a empty: $A = \{\}$ using finite-subset assms(4) by simp then have $A' = \{\}$ using 0.prems(4) by (metis all-not-in-conv bij-betwE bij-betw-inv) then show ?case using assms(1) using 0.prems(1) aempty by simp \mathbf{next} case (Suc x) then obtain a C where areq: $C = A - \{a\}$ and ain: $a \in A$ by *fastforce* then have *xcard*: *card* C = xusing Suc(2) Suc(3) assms(4) by auto let $?C' = A' - \{G a\}$ have compl: $(\bigwedge i. i \in C \Longrightarrow F (G i) = space M - F i)$ using Suc.prems and

by simp

have bb: bij-betw G C ?C' using Suc.prems(4) are bij-betw-remove[of G A A' a] ain by simp let $?B' = B \cup \{a\}$ have $S = C \cup ?B'$ using any Suc. prems ain by auto moreover have $C \cap ?B' = \{\}$ using ain Suc.prems(2) and by auto ultimately have ies: mutual-indep-events X F ($?C' \cup ?B'$) using Suc.hyps(1)[of C ?B'] xcard compl bb by auto then have $a \in A \cup B$ using ain by auto then show ?case **proof** $(cases (A \cup B) - \{a\} = \{\})$ case True then have acq: $A = \{a\}$ and beq: $B = \{\}$ using Suc. prems ain by auto then have $A' = \{G a\}$ using an Suc. prems ain and bb bij-betwE bij-betw-empty1 insert-Diff by (metis Un-Int-eq(4) Un-commute $\langle C \cap (B \cup \{a\}) = \{\}\rangle \langle S = C \cup (B \cup \{a\}) = \{\}\rangle$ $\{a\})$ moreover have F(G a) = space M - (F a) using Suc. prems ain by auto moreover have indep-event X (F a) using mutual-indep-ev-singleton-event ies by auto ultimately show ?thesis using mutual-indep-ev-singleton indep-event-one-compl beq by auto \mathbf{next} case False have un: $A' \cup B = ?C' \cup \{G \ a\} \cup (?B' - \{a\})$ using Suc.prems acq by (metis Diff-insert-absorb Un-empty-right Un-insert-right ain bij-betwE disjoint-iff-not-equal insert-Diff) moreover have $?B' - \{a\} \subseteq ?B'$ by *auto* moreover have $?B' - \{a\} \subseteq ?C' \cup \{G \ a\} \cup (?B')$ by auto moreover have $?C' \cup \{G a\} \subseteq ?C' \cup \{G a\} \cup (?B')$ by auto ultimately have ss: $A' \cup B \subseteq \{G \ a\} \cup (?C' \cup ?B')$ using Un-least by auto have $a \in ?C' \cup ?B'$ using and by auto then have ie: mutual-indep-events $X F (\{G \ a\} \cup (?C' \cup ?B'))$ using mutual-indep-ev-one-compl[of X F ($?C' \cup ?B'$) a G a] using Suc.prems(3) by (metis $\langle S = C \cup (B \cup \{a\}) \rangle$ ain assms(4) bb bij-betw-finite ies infinite-Un)

then show ?thesis using mutual-indep-ev-subset ss by auto qed

qed

lemma mutual-indep-ev-events-compl: **assumes** finite S **assumes** mutual-indep-events A F S **assumes** bij-betw G S S' **assumes** $\bigwedge i. i \in S \implies F(G i) = space M - F i$ **shows** mutual-indep-events A F S' **using** mutual-indep-events-update-compl[of A F S S {}] assms by auto

Important lemma on relation between independence and mutual inde-

pendence of a set **lemma** *mutual-indep-ev-set-all*: **assumes** $F \, \, {}^{\cdot} I \subseteq events$ assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies (mutual-indep-events (F i) F (I - \{i\}))$ shows indep-events F I **proof** (*intro indep-eventsI*) show $\bigwedge i. i \in I \Longrightarrow F i \in events$ using assms(1) by auto \mathbf{next} fix J assume ss: $J \subseteq I$ and fin: finite J and ne: $J \neq \{\}$ from fin ne ss show prob $(\bigcap (F , J)) = (\prod i \in J. prob (F i))$ **proof** (*induct J rule: finite-ne-induct*) **case** (singleton x) then show ?case by simp \mathbf{next} case (insert x X) then have mutual-indep-events $(F x) F (I - \{x\})$ using assms(2) by simp**moreover have** $X \subseteq (I - \{x\})$ **using** *insert.prems insert.hyps* **by** *auto* ultimately have prob $(F x \cap (\bigcap (F'X))) = prob (F x) * prob (\bigcap (F'X))$ **by** (*simp add: local.insert*(2) *mutual-indep-eventsD*) then show ?case using insert.hyps insert.prems by simp qed qed end

6 The Basic Probabilistic Method Framework

This theory includes all aspects of step (3) and (4) of the basic method framework, which are purely probabilistic

theory Basic-Method imports Indep-Events begin

end

6.1 More Set and Multiset lemmas

lemma card-size-set-mset: card (set-mset A) \leq size Ausing size-multiset-overloaded-eq by (metis card-eq-sum count-greater-eq-one-iff sum-mono)

lemma Union-exists: $\{a \in A : \exists b \in B : P \ a \ b\} = (\bigcup b \in B : \{a \in A : P \ a \ b\})$ by blast

lemma Inter-forall: $B \neq \{\} \implies \{a \in A : \forall b \in B : P \ a \ b\} = (\bigcap b \in B : \{a \in A : P \ a \ b\})$ by auto

lemma function-map-multi-filter-size:

assumes image-mset F (mset-set A) = B and finite Ashows card $\{a \in A : P(F a)\} = size \{\# b \in \# B : P b \#\}$ using assms(2) assms(1) proof (induct A arbitrary: B rule: finite-induct) case *empty* then show ?case by simp \mathbf{next} case (insert x C) then have beg: $B = image\text{-mset } F (mset\text{-set } C) + \{\#F x \#\}$ by auto then show ?case proof (cases P(F x)) case True then have filter-mset P B = filter-mset P (image-mset F (mset-set C)) + {#Fx#**by** (simp add: True beq) then have s: size (filter-mset P B) = size (filter-mset P (image-mset F (mset-set (C))) + 1using size-single size-union by auto have $\{a \in insert \ x \ C. \ P \ (F \ a)\} = insert \ x \ \{a \in C. \ P \ (F \ a)\}$ using True by auto **moreover have** $x \notin \{a \in C. P(F a)\}$ **using** *insert.hyps*(2) **by** *simp* ultimately have card $\{a \in insert \ x \ C. \ P \ (F \ a)\} = card \{a \in C. \ P \ (F \ a)\} +$ 1 using card-insert-disjoint insert.hyps(1) by auto then show ?thesis using s insert.hyps(3) by simp \mathbf{next} case False then have filter-mset P B = filter-mset P (image-mset F (mset-set C)) using beq by simp moreover have $\{a \in insert \ x \ C. \ P \ (F \ a)\} = \{a \in C. \ P \ (F \ a)\}$ using False by *auto* ultimately show *?thesis* using *insert.hyps*(3) by *simp* qed qed **lemma** *bij-mset-obtain-set-elem*: **assumes** image-mset F (mset-set A) = Bassumes $b \in \# B$ obtains a where $a \in A$ and F a = busing assms set-image-mset by (metis finite-set-mset-set image-iff mem-simps(2) mset-set infinite set-mset-empty)

lemma bij-mset-obtain-mset-elem: **assumes** finite A **assumes** image-mset F (mset-set A) = B **assumes** $a \in A$ **obtains** b where $b \in \# B$ and F a = b**using** assms by fastforce

lemma prod-fn-le1:

fixes $f :: c \Rightarrow (d :: \{comm-monoid-mult, linordered-semidom\})$ assumes finite A assumes $A \neq \{\}$ assumes $\bigwedge y. y \in A \Longrightarrow f y \ge 0 \land f y < 1$ shows $(\prod x \in A. f x) < 1$ using assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) proof (induct A rule: finite-ne-induct) **case** (singleton x) then show ?case by auto next **case** (insert x F) then show ?case **proof** (cases $x \in F$) case True then show ?thesis using insert.hyps by auto next case False then have prod f (insert x F) = f x * prod f F by (simp add: local.insert(1)) moreover have prod f F < 1 using insert.hyps insert.prems by auto **moreover have** $f x < 1 f x \ge 0$ using *insert.prems* by *auto* ultimately show *?thesis* by (metis basic-trans-rules(20) basic-trans-rules(23) more-arith-simps(6) mult-left-less-imp-less verit-comp-simplify1(3)) qed qed

context *prob-space* begin

6.2 Existence Lemmas

lemma prob-lt-one-obtain: assumes $\{e \in space \ M \ . \ Q \ e\} \in events$ assumes prob $\{e \in space \ M \ . \ Q \ e\} < 1$ obtains e where $e \in space \ M$ and $\neg \ Q \ e$ proof – have sin: $\{e \in space \ M \ . \ \neg \ Q \ e\} \in events$ using assms(1) using sets.sets-Collect-neg by blast have prob $\{e \in space \ M \ . \ \neg \ Q \ e\} = 1 - prob \ \{e \in space \ M \ . \ Q \ e\}$ using prob-neg assms by auto then have prob $\{e \in space \ M \ . \ \neg \ Q \ e\} > 0$ using assms(2) by auto then show ?thesis using that by (smt (verit, best) empty-Collect-eq measure-empty) qed

lemma prob-gt-zero-obtain:

assumes $\{e \in space \ M \ . \ Q \ e\} \in events$ assumes $prob \ \{e \in space \ M \ . \ Q \ e\} > 0$ obtains e where $e \in space \ M$ and $Q \ e$ using assms by $(smt \ (verit) \ empty$ -Collect-eq inf.strict-order-iff measure-empty) **lemma** *inter-gt0-event*: **assumes** F ' $I \subseteq events$ assumes prob $(\bigcap i \in I \ . \ (space \ M - (F \ i))) > 0$ shows $(\bigcap i \in I : (space M - (F i))) \in events$ and $(\bigcap i \in I : (space M - (F i))) \in events$ $(i))) \neq \{\}$ using assms using measure-notin-sets by (smt (verit), fastforce) **lemma** *obtain-intersection*: **assumes** F ' $I \subseteq events$ assumes prob $(\bigcap i \in I : (space M - (F i))) > 0$ obtains e where $e \in space \ M$ and $\bigwedge i. i \in I \Longrightarrow e \notin F i$ proof have ine: $(\bigcap i \in I : (space M - (F i))) \neq \{\}$ using inter-gt0-event[of F I] assms by fast then obtain e where $\bigwedge i$. $i \in I \implies e \in space M - F i$ by blast then show ?thesis **by** (*metis Diff-iff ex-in-conv subprob-not-empty that*) qed **lemma** *obtain-intersection-prop*: assumes F ' $I \subseteq events$ assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \Longrightarrow F i = \{e \in space M : P e i\}$ assumes prob $(\bigcap i \in I \ . \ (space \ M - (F \ i))) > 0$ obtains e where $e \in space \ M$ and $\bigwedge i. i \in I \Longrightarrow \neg P \ e \ i$ proof **obtain** e where ein: $e \in space \ M$ and $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies e \notin F i$ using obtain-intersection assms(1) assms(3) by auto then have $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies e \in \{e \in space \ M : \neg P \ e \ i\}$ using assms(2) by simpthen show ?thesis using ein that by simp qed lemma not-in-big-union: assumes $\bigwedge i : i \in A \Longrightarrow e \notin i$ shows $e \notin (\bigcup A)$ using assms by (induct A rule: infinite-finite-induct) auto **lemma** *not-in-big-union-fn*: assumes $\bigwedge i : i \in A \Longrightarrow e \notin F i$ shows $e \notin (\bigcup i \in A \cdot F i)$ using assms by (induct A rule: infinite-finite-induct) auto **lemma** obtain-intersection-union: **assumes** F ' $I \subseteq events$ assumes prob $(\bigcap i \in I \ . \ (space \ M - (F \ i))) > 0$ obtains e where $e \in space \ M$ and $e \notin (\bigcup i \in I. \ F \ i)$ proof – **obtain** e where $e \in space M$ and $cond: \bigwedge i. i \in I \implies e \notin F i$ using obtain-intersection[of F I] assms by blast

then show ?thesis using not-in-big-union- $fn[of \ I \ e \ F]$ that by blast qed

6.3 Basic Bounds

Lemmas on the Complete Independence and Union bound

lemma complete-indep-bound1: assumes finite A assumes $A \neq \{\}$ **assumes** $A \subseteq events$ assumes indep-events-set A assumes $\bigwedge a \, . \, a \in A \Longrightarrow prob \ a < 1$ shows prob (space $M - (\bigcap A)$) > 0 proof have $\bigcap A \in events$ using assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) Inter-event-ss by simp then have prob (space $M - (\bigcap A)$) = 1 - prob ($\bigcap A$) **by** (*simp add: prob-compl*) then have 1: prob (space $M - (\bigcap A)$) = 1 - prod prob A using indep-events-set-prod-all assms by simp moreover have prod prob A < 1 using assms(5) assms(1) assms(2) assms(4)indep-events-set-events by (metis Inf-lower (prob (space $M - \bigcap A$) = 1 - prob ($\bigcap A$)) basic-trans-rules(21) 1 diff-qt-0-iff-qt finite-has-maximal finite-measure-mono) ultimately show ?thesis by simp qed **lemma** complete-indep-bound1-index: assumes finite A assumes $A \neq \{\}$ assumes $F \stackrel{?}{\cdot} A \subseteq events$ assumes indep-events F A assumes $\bigwedge a : a \in A \Longrightarrow prob (F a) < 1$ shows prob (space $M - (\bigcap (F'A))) > 0$ proof have pos: $\bigwedge a. a \in A \Longrightarrow prob (F a) \ge 0$ using assms(3) by auto have $\bigcap (F \land A) \in events$ using $assms(1) \ assms(2) \ assms(3)$ Inter-event-ss by simp then have eq: prob (space $M - (\bigcap (F'A)) = 1 - prob (\bigcap (F'A))$ **by** (*simp add: prob-compl*) then have prob (space $M - (\bigcap (F'A)) = 1 - (\prod i \in A. prob (F'i))$ using indep-events-prod-all assms by simp moreover have $(\prod i \in A. prob (F i)) < 1$ using assms(5) eq assms(2) assms(1) prod-fn-le1[of $A \lambda i$. prob (F i)] by auto ultimately show ?thesis by simp

qed

 ${\bf lemma} \ complete{-}indep{-}bound 2{:}$

assumes finite A **assumes** $A \subseteq events$ assumes indep-events-set A assumes $\bigwedge a \, . \, a \in A \Longrightarrow prob \ a < 1$ **shows** prob (space $M - (\lfloor \rfloor A)) > 0$ **proof** (cases $A = \{\}$) case True then show ?thesis by (simp add: True prob-space) next case False then have prob (space $M - \bigcup A$) = prob ($\bigcap a \in A$. (space M - a)) by simp **moreover have** indep-events-set $((\lambda \ a. \ space \ M - a) \ `A)$ using assms(1) assms(3) indep-events-set-compl by auto moreover have finite ((λ a. space M - a) 'A) using assms(1) by auto moreover have $((\lambda \ a. \ space \ M - a) \ `A) \neq \{\}$ using False by auto ultimately have eq: prob (space $M - \bigcup A$) = prod prob (($\lambda a. space M - a$) ' A)using indep-events-set-prod-all of $((\lambda \ a. \ space \ M - a) \ `A)]$ by linarith have $\bigwedge a. a \in ((\lambda \ a. \ space \ M - a) \ `A) \Longrightarrow prob \ a > 0$ proof fix a assume $a \in ((\lambda \ a. \ space \ M - a) \ `A)$ then obtain a' where a = space M - a' and $ain: a' \in A$ by blast then have prob a = 1 - prob a' using prob-compl assms(2) by auto moreover have prob a' < 1 using assms(4) ain by simp ultimately show prob a > 0 by simp qed then have prod prob (($\lambda a. space M - a$) 'A) > 0 by (meson prod-pos) then show *?thesis* using *eq* by *simp* \mathbf{qed} **lemma** complete-indep-bound2-index: assumes finite A assumes $F ` A \subseteq events$ assumes indep-events F A assumes $\bigwedge a : a \in A \Longrightarrow prob (F a) < 1$ shows prob (space $M - (\lfloor \rfloor (F ` A))) > 0$ **proof** (cases $A = \{\}$) case True then show ?thesis by (simp add: True prob-space) next case False then have prob (space $M - \bigcup (F A)$) = prob ($\bigcap a \in A$. (space M - F a)) by simp **moreover have** indep-events (λ a. space M - F a) A using assms(1) assms(3) indep-events-compl by auto ultimately have eq: prob (space $M - \bigcup (F \land A)) = (\prod i \in A. prob ((\lambda a. space$ M - F a) i))using indep-events-prod-all[of (λ a. space M - F a) A] assms(1) False by

using indep-events-prod-all[of (λ a. space M - F a) A] assms(1) False b linarith have $\bigwedge a. a \in A \implies prob (space M - F a) > 0$ using prob-compl assms(2) assms(4) by auto then have $(\prod i \in A. prob ((\lambda a. space M - F a) i)) > 0$ by (meson prod-pos) then show ?thesis using eq by simp qed

lemma complete-indep-bound3: **assumes** finite A **assumes** $A \neq \{\}$ **assumes** $F ` A \subseteq events$ **assumes** indep-events F A **assumes** $\bigwedge a . a \in A \Longrightarrow prob (F a) < 1$ **shows** $prob (\bigcap a \in A. space M - F a) > 0$ **using** complete-indep-bound2-index compl-Union-fn assms by auto

Combining complete independence with existence step

lemma complete-indep-bound-obtain: **assumes** finite A **assumes** $A \subseteq events$ **assumes** indep-events-set A **assumes** $\bigwedge a \cdot a \in A \Longrightarrow prob \ a < 1$ **obtains** e where $e \in space \ M$ and $e \notin \bigcup A$ **proof have** prob (space $M - (\bigcup A)$) > 0 using complete-indep-bound2 assms by auto **then show** ?thesis **by** (metis Diff-eq-empty-iff less-numeral-extra(3) measure-empty subsetI that) **qed**

lemma Union-bound-events: **assumes** finite A **assumes** $A \subseteq$ events **shows** prob $(\bigcup A) \leq (\sum a \in A. \text{ prob } a)$ **using** finite-measure-subadditive-finite[of $A \lambda x. x$] assms by auto

```
lemma Union-bound-events-fun:

assumes finite A

assumes f ' A \subseteq events

shows prob (\bigcup (f ' A)) \leq (\sum a \in A. prob (f a))

by (simp add: assms(1) assms(2) finite-measure-subadditive-finite)
```

lemma Union-bound-avoid: **assumes** finite A **assumes** $(\sum a \in A. \text{ prob } a) < 1$ **assumes** $A \subseteq events$ **shows** prob (space $M - \bigcup A$) > 0 **proof have** $\bigcup A \in events$ **by** (simp add: assms(1) assms(3) sets.finite-Union) then have prob (space $M - \bigcup A$) = 1 - prob ($\bigcup A$) using prob-compl by simp moreover have prob ($\bigcup A$) < 1 using assms Union-bound-events by fastforce ultimately show ?thesis by simp qed

lemma Union-bound-avoid-fun: assumes finite A assumes $(\sum a \in A. \text{ prob } (f a)) < 1$ assumes $f'A \subseteq \text{events}$ shows prob $(\text{space } M - \bigcup (f \cdot A)) > 0$ proof – have $\bigcup (f \cdot A) \in \text{events}$ by (simp add: assms(1) assms(3) sets.finite-Union)then have prob $(\text{space } M - \bigcup (f \cdot A)) = 1 - \text{prob } (\bigcup (f \cdot A))$ using prob-compl by simp moreover have prob $(\bigcup (f \cdot A)) < 1$ using assms Union-bound-events-fun by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) sum.cong)ultimately show ?thesis by simp qed

Combining union bound with existance step

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{lemma Union-bound-obtain:}\\ \textbf{assumes finite } A\\ \textbf{assumes } (\sum a \in A. \ prob \ a) < 1\\ \textbf{assumes } A \subseteq events\\ \textbf{obtains } e \ \textbf{where } e \in space \ M \ \textbf{and } e \notin \bigcup A\\ \textbf{proof } -\\ \textbf{have } prob \ (space \ M - \bigcup A) > 0 \ \textbf{using } Union-bound-avoid \ assms \ \textbf{by } simp\\ \textbf{then show } ?thesis \ \textbf{using } that \ prob-gt-zero-obtain\\ \textbf{by } (metis \ Diff-eq-empty-iff \ less-numeral-extra(3) \ measure-empty \ subsetI)\\ \textbf{qed} \end{array}$

lemma Union-bound-obtain-fun: **assumes** finite A **assumes** $(\sum a \in A. \text{ prob } (f a)) < 1$ **assumes** $f \cdot A \subseteq \text{events}$ **obtains** e where $e \in \text{space } M$ and $e \notin \bigcup (f \cdot A)$ **proof have** prob (space $M - \bigcup (f \cdot A)) > 0$ using Union-bound-avoid-fun assms by simp **then show** ?thesis using that prob-gt-zero-obtain by (metis Diff-eq-empty-iff less-numeral-extra(3) measure-empty subsetI) **qed**

lemma Union-bound-obtain-compl: assumes finite A assumes $(\sum a \in A. prob a) < 1$

```
assumes A \subseteq events

obtains e where e \in (space \ M - \bigcup A)

proof –

have prob (space M - \bigcup A) > 0 using Union-bound-avoid assms by simp

then show ?thesis using that prob-gt-zero-obtain

by (metis all-not-in-conv measure-empty verit-comp-simplify(2) verit-comp-simplify1(3))

qed
```

lemma Union-bound-obtain-compl-fun: assumes finite A assumes $(\sum a \in A. \text{ prob } (f a)) < 1$ assumes $f ` A \subseteq \text{ events}$ obtains e where $e \in (\text{space } M - \bigcup (f ` A))$ proof obtain e where $e \in \text{space } M$ and $e \notin \bigcup (f ` A)$ using assms Union-bound-obtain-fun by blast then have $e \in \text{space } M - \bigcup (f ` A)$ by simp then show ?thesis by fact qed

end

end

7 Lovasz Local Lemma

```
theory Lovasz-Local-Lemma

imports

Basic-Method

HOL-Real-Asymp.Real-Asymp

Indep-Events

Digraph-Extensions

begin
```

7.1 Random Lemmas on Product Operator

lemma prod-constant-ge: **fixes** $y :: 'b :: \{ comm-monoid-mult, linordered-semidom \}$ **assumes** $card A \le k$ **assumes** $y \ge 0$ and y < 1 **shows** $(\prod x \in A. y) \ge y \land k$ **using** assms power-decreasing **by** fastforce

lemma (in *linordered-idom*) prod-mono3: **assumes** finite $J I \subseteq J \land i. i \in J \implies 0 \le f i \ (\land i. i \in J \implies f i \le 1)$ **shows** prod $f J \le prod f I$ **proof** – **have** prod $f J \le (\prod i \in J. if i \in I then f i else 1)$ **using** assms **by** (intro prod-mono) auto also have $\ldots = prod f I$ using $\langle finite J \rangle \langle I \subseteq J \rangle$ by (simp add: prod.If-cases Int-absorb1)finally show ?thesis . qed

lemma bij-on-ss-image: **assumes** $A \subseteq B$ **assumes** bij-betw g B B' **shows** g ' $A \subseteq B'$ **using** assms by (auto simp add: bij-betw-apply subsetD)

```
lemma bij-on-ss-proper-image:

assumes A \subset B

assumes bij-betw g \ B \ B'

shows g \ A \subset B'

by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) assms bij-betw-iff-bijections bij-betw-subset leD psubsetD

psubsetI subsetI)
```

7.2 Dependency Graph Concept

Uses directed graphs. The pair_digraph locale was sufficient as multi-edges are irrelevant

locale dependency-digraph = pair-digraph G :: nat pair-pre-digraph + prob-space M :: 'a measurefor G M + fixes $F :: nat \Rightarrow 'a set$ **assumes** vss: F (pverts G) \subseteq events assumes mis: $\bigwedge i. i \in (pverts \ G) \Longrightarrow mutual-indep-events (F i) F ((pverts \ G))$ $-(\{i\} \cup neighborhood i))$ begin **lemma** *dep-graph-indiv-nh-indep*: **assumes** $A \in pverts \ G \ B \in pverts \ G$ assumes $B \notin neighborhood A$ assumes $A \neq B$ assumes prob $(F B) \neq 0$ shows $\mathcal{P}((F A) \mid (F B)) = prob (F A)$ proofhave $B \notin \{A\} \cup neighborhood \ A \ using \ assms(3) \ assms(4) \ by \ auto$ then have $B \in (pverts \ G - (\{A\} \cup neighborhood \ A))$ using assms(2) by auto **moreover have** mutual-indep-events (F A) F (pverts $G - (\{A\} \cup neighborhood$ A)) using mis assms by auto ultimately show ?thesis using $assms(5) \ assms(1) \ assms(2) \ vss \ mutual-indep-ev-cond-single \ by \ auto$ qed lemma mis-subset:

assumes $i \in pverts \ G$ assumes $A \subseteq pverts \ G$ shows mutual-indep-events (F i) F (A - ({i} \cup neighborhood i)) **proof** (cases $A \subseteq (\{i\} \cup neighborhood i))$ case True then have $A - (\{i\} \cup neighborhood i) = \{\}$ by auto then show ?thesis using mutual-indep-ev-empty vss assms(1) by blast next case False then have $A - (\{i\} \cup neighborhood i) \subseteq pverts G - (\{i\} \cup neighborhood i)$ using assms(2) by autothen show ?thesis using mutual-indep-ev-subset mis assms(1) by blast qed **lemma** dep-graph-indep-events: **assumes** $A \subseteq pverts \ G$ assumes $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \implies out\text{-}degree \ G \ Ai = 0$ shows indep-events F A proof have $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \implies (mutual-indep-events (F Ai) F (A - \{Ai\}))$ proof fix Ai assume $ain: Ai \in A$ then have $(neighborhood Ai) = \{\}$ using assms(2) neighborhood-empty-iff by simp **moreover have** mutual-indep-events $(F Ai) F (A - (\{Ai\} \cup neighborhood Ai))$ using mis-subset [of Ai A] ain assms(1) by autoultimately show mutual-indep-events $(F Ai) F (A - \{Ai\})$ by simp qed then show ?thesis using mutual-indep-ev-set-all[of F A] vss by auto qed

 \mathbf{end}

7.3 Lovasz Local General Lemma

context *prob-space* begin

lemma compl-sets-index: **assumes** $F \cdot A \subseteq$ events **shows** $(\lambda \ i. \ space \ M - F \ i) \cdot A \subseteq$ events **proof** (intro subsetI) **fix** x **assume** $x \in (\lambda i. \ space \ M - F \ i) \cdot A$ **then obtain** i where $xeq: x = space \ M - F \ i$ and $i \in A$ by blast **then have** $F \ i \in$ events using assms by auto **thus** $x \in$ events using sets.compl-sets xeq by simp **qed**

lemma lovasz-inductive-base: **assumes** dependency-digraph $G \ M \ F$ **assumes** $\bigwedge Ai \ . Ai \in A \implies g \ Ai \ge 0 \ \land g \ Ai < 1$

assumes $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \Longrightarrow (prob (FAi) \le (gAi) * (\prod Aj \in pre-digraph.neighborhood$ G Ai. (1 - (g Aj))))assumes $Ai \in A$ assumes pverts G = Ashows prob $(F Ai) \leq g Ai$ proof have genprod: $\bigwedge S. S \subseteq A \Longrightarrow (\prod Aj \in S . (1 - (g Aj))) \le 1$ using assms(2)by (*smt* (*verit*) *prod-le-1 subsetD*) interpret dg: dependency-digraph G M F using assms(1) by simphave dg.neighborhood $Ai \subseteq A$ using assms(3) dg.neighborhood-wf assms(5) by simpthen show ?thesis using genprod assms mult-left-le by (smt (verit))qed **lemma** *lovasz-inductive-base-set*: assumes $N \subset A$ assumes $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \implies g Ai \ge 0 \land g Ai < 1$ assumes $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \Longrightarrow (prob (FAi) \le (gAi) * (\prod Aj \in N. (1 - (gAj))))$ assumes $Ai \in A$ shows prob $(F Ai) \leq g Ai$ proof – have genprod: $\bigwedge S. S \subseteq A \Longrightarrow (\prod Aj \in S . (1 - (g Aj))) \le 1$ using assms(2)**by** (*smt* (*verit*) *prod-le-1 subsetD*) then show ?thesis using genprod assms mult-left-le by (smt (verit)) qed **lemma** *split-prob-lt-helper*: assumes dep-graph: dependency-digraph G M Fassumes dep-graph-verts: pverts G = Aassumes fbounds: $\bigwedge i \, : \, i \in A \Longrightarrow f \, i \ge 0 \, \land f \, i < 1$ assumes prob-Ai: \bigwedge Ai. Ai \in A \Longrightarrow prob (F Ai) \leq $(f Ai) * (\prod Aj \in pre-digraph.neighborhood G Ai . (1 - (f Aj)))$ assumes aiin: $Ai \in A$ assumes $N \subseteq pre-digraph.neighborhood \ G \ Ai$ assumes $\exists P1 P2. \mathcal{P}(FAi \mid \bigcap Aj \in S. space M - FAj) = P1/P2 \land$ $P1 \leq prob \ (F \ Ai) \land P2 \geq (\prod \ Aj \in N \ . \ (1 - (f \ Aj)))$ shows $\mathcal{P}(F Ai \mid \bigcap Aj \in S. space M - F Aj) \leq f Ai$ proof interpret dg: dependency-digraph G M F using assms(1) by simphave $lt1: \bigwedge Aj. Aj \in A \implies (1 - (fAj)) \leq 1$ using assms(3) by autohave $gt0: \bigwedge Aj. Aj \in A \Longrightarrow (1 - (fAj)) > 0$ using assms(3) by auto then have $prodgt0: \bigwedge S'. S' \subseteq A \implies (\prod Aj \in S'. (1 - fAj)) > 0$ using prod-pos by (metis subsetD) obtain P1 P2 where peq: $\mathcal{P}(F Ai \mid \bigcap Aj \in S. space M - F Aj) = P1/P2$ and $P1 \leq prob \ (F \ Ai)$ and p2gt: $P2 \ge (\prod Aj \in N . (1 - (f Aj)))$ using $assms(\gamma)$ by auto

then have $P1 \leq (fAi) * (\prod Aj \in pre-digraph.neighborhood \ GAi \ . (1 - (fAj)))$

using prob-Ai aiin by fastforce

moreover have $P2 \ge (\prod Aj \in dg.neighborhood Ai . (1 - (f Aj)))$ using assms(6)

gt0 dg.neighborhood-wf dep-graph-verts subset-iff lt1 dg.neighborhood-finite p2gt by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) prod-mono3)

ultimately have $P1/P2 \leq ((f \ Ai) * (\prod \ Aj \in dg.neighborhood \ Ai \ . (1 - (f \ Aj))))/(\prod \ Aj \in dg.neighborhood \ Ai \ . (1 - (f \ Aj))))$

using frac-le[of $(f Ai) * (\prod Aj \in dg.neighborhood Ai . (1 - (f Aj))) P1 (\prod Aj \in dg.neighborhood Ai . (1 - (f Aj)))]$

prodgt0[of dg.neighborhood Ai] assms(3) dg.neighborhood-wf[of Ai]

by $(simp \ add: assms(2) \ bounded-measure \ finite-measure-compl \ assms(5))$

then show ?thesis **using** prodgt0[of dg.neighborhood Ai] dg.neighborhood-wf[of Ai] assms(2) peq

by (metis divide-eq-imp rel-simps(70))

\mathbf{qed}

lemma lovasz-inequality: assumes finS: finite S **assumes** sevents: $F \, \, G \subseteq events$ assumes S-subset: $S \subseteq A - \{Ai\}$ assumes prob2: prob $(\bigcap Aj \in S . (space M - (F Aj))) > 0$ assumes *irange*: $i \in \{0.. < card S1\}$ **assumes** bb: bij-betw g $\{0..< card S1\}$ S1 assumes s1-def: $S1 = (S \cap N)$ assumes s2-def: S2 = S - S1assumes *ne-cond*: $i > 0 \lor S2 \neq \{\}$ assumes hyps: $\bigwedge B. B \subset S \Longrightarrow g \ i \in A \Longrightarrow B \subseteq A - \{g \ i\} \Longrightarrow B \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow$ $0 < prob (\bigcap Aj \in B. space M - F Aj) \Longrightarrow \mathcal{P}(F(g i) | \bigcap Aj \in B. space M - F$ $Aj \leq f (g i)$ shows $\mathcal{P}((space \ M - F \ (g \ i)) \mid (\bigcap \ ((\lambda \ i. \ space \ M - F \ i) \ `g \ `\{0..< i\} \cup ((\lambda \ i.$ space M - F i 'S2)))) $\geq (1 - f (g i))$ proof let $?c = (\lambda \ i. \ space \ M - F \ i)$ define S1ss where S1ss = g ' {0..<i} have $i \notin \{0..<i\}$ by simp **moreover have** $\{0... < i\} \subseteq \{0... < card S1\}$ using *irange* by *simp* ultimately have ginotin1: $g i \notin S1ss$ using bb S1ss-def irange **by** (*smt* (*verit*, *best*) *bij-betw-iff-bijections image-iff subset-eq*) have ginotin2: $g \ i \notin S2$ unfolding s2-def using irange bb by (simp add: bij-betwE) have $qiS: q \ i \in S$ using irange bij-betw-imp-surj-on imageI Int-iff s1-def bb by blast have $\{0..< i\} \subset \{0..< card S1\}$ using *irange* by *auto* then have $S1ss \subset S1$ unfolding S1ss-def using irange bb bij-on-ss-proper-image by meson

then have sss: $S1ss \cup S2 \subset S$ using s1-def s2-def by blast

moreover have *xsiin*: $g \ i \in Ausing irange$

using giS S-subset by (metis DiffE in-mono)

moreover have ne: $S1ss \cup S2 \neq \{\}$ using ne-cond S1ss-def by auto

moreover have $S1ss \cup S2 \subseteq A - \{g \ i\}$ using S-subset sss ginotin1 ginotin2 by auto

moreover have $gt02: 0 < prob (\bigcap (?c `(S1ss \cup S2)))$ using $finS \ prob2$ sevents prob-inter-ss-lt-index[of $S ?c \ S1ss \cup S2$] ne sss compl-sets-index[of $F \ S$] by fastforce

ultimately have $ltfAi: \mathcal{P}(F(g \ i) \mid \bigcap (?c \ (S1ss \cup S2))) \leq f(g \ i)$ using $hyps[of \ S1ss \cup S2]$ by blast

have ?c (S1ss \cup S2) \subseteq events using sss (S1ss \subset S1) compl-subset-in-events sevents s1-def s2-def

by fastforce

then have \bigcap (?c '(S1ss \cup S2)) \in events using Inter-event-ss sss

by (meson $\langle S1ss \cup S2 \neq \{\}$) finite-imageI finite-subset image-is-empty finS subset-iff-psubset-eq)

moreover have $F(g i) \in events$ using *xsiin giS sevents* by *auto*

ultimately have $\mathcal{P}(?c(g i) | \bigcap (?c (S1ss \cup S2))) \ge 1 - f(g i)$

using cond-prob-neg[of \bigcap (?c '(S1ss \cup S2)) F (g i)] gt02 xsiin ltfAi by simp then show $\mathcal{P}(?c (g i) | (\bigcap (?c 'g ' \{0..<i\} \cup (?c 'S2)))) \ge (1 - f (g i))$

by (simp add: S1ss-def image-Un)

qed

The main helper lemma

lemma *lovasz-inductive*: assumes finA: finite A **assumes** Aevents: $F ` A \subseteq events$ assumes fbounds: $\bigwedge i \, . \, i \in A \Longrightarrow f \, i \ge 0 \, \land f \, i < 1$ assumes dep-graph: dependency-digraph G M Fassumes dep-graph-verts: pverts G = Aassumes prob-Ai: \bigwedge Ai. Ai \in A \Longrightarrow prob (F Ai) \leq $(f Ai) * (\prod Aj \in pre-digraph.neighborhood G Ai . (1 - (f Aj)))$ assumes Ai-in: $Ai \in A$ assumes S-subset: $S \subseteq A - \{Ai\}$ assumes S-nempty: $S \neq \{\}$ assumes prob2: prob $(\bigcap Aj \in S \ . \ (space M - (F Aj))) > 0$ shows $\mathcal{P}((F Ai) \mid (\bigcap Aj \in S . (space M - (F Aj)))) \leq f Ai$ proof let $?c = \lambda$ *i.* space M - F *i* have ceq: $\bigwedge A$. ?c ' A = ((-) (space M)) ' (F ` A) by auto **interpret** dg: dependency-digraph G M F using assms(4) by simp have finS: finite S using assms finite-subset by (metis finite-Diff) show $\mathcal{P}((FAi) \mid (\bigcap Aj \in S \ . \ (space M - (FAj)))) \leq fAi$ using finS Ai-in S-subset S-nempty prob2 **proof** (induct S arbitrary: Ai rule: finite-psubset-induct) **case** (psubset S) define S1 where $S1 = (S \cap dg.neighborhood Ai)$ define S2 where S2 = S - S1have $\bigwedge s \, . \, s \in S2 \implies s \in A - (\{Ai\} \cup dg.neighborhood Ai)$

using S1-def S2-def psubset.prems(2) by blast

then have s2ssmis: $S2 \subseteq A - (\{Ai\} \cup dg.neighborhood Ai)$ by auto

have sevents: $F \, \cdot S \subseteq events \, using \, assms(2) \, psubset.prems(2) \, by \, auto$

then have s1events: $F \, : S1 \subseteq events$ using S1-def by auto

have finS2: finite S2 and finS1: finite S1 using S2-def S1-def by (simp-all add: psubset(1))

have mutual-indep-set (FAi) (F `S2) using dg.mis[ofAi] mutual-indep-ev-subset s2ssmis

psubset.prems(1) dep-graph-verts mutual-indep-iff by auto

then have mis2: mutual-indep-set (F Ai) (?c 'S2)

using mutual-indep-events-compl[of F 'S2 F Ai] finS2 ceq[of S2] by simp have scompl-ev: ?c 'S \subseteq events

using compl-sets-index sevents by simp

then have s2cev: ?c ' $S2 \subseteq$ events using S2-def scompl-ev by blast

have $(\bigcap Aj \in S \ . \ space \ M - (F \ Aj)) \subseteq (\bigcap Aj \in S2 \ . \ space \ M - (F \ Aj))$

unfolding S2-def using Diff-subset image-mono Inter-anti-mono by blast then have $S2 \neq \{\} \implies prob (\bigcap Aj \in S2 \ . \ space \ M - (F \ Aj)) \neq 0$ using

 $psubset.prems(4) \ s2cev$

finS2 Inter-event-ss[of ?c 'S2] finite-measure-mono[of \bigcap (?c 'S) \bigcap (?c 'S2)] by simp

then have s2prob-eq: $S2 \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow \mathcal{P}((F Ai) \mid (\cap (?c ` S2))) = prob (F Ai)$ using assms(2)

mutual-indep-cond-full[of F Ai ?c `S2] psubset.prems(1) s2cev finS2 mis2 by simp

show ?case **proof** (cases $S1 = \{\}$)

case True

then show ?thesis **using** lovasz-inductive-base[of G F A f Ai] psubset.prems(3) S2-def

assms(3) assms(4) psubset.prems(1) prob-Ai s2prob-eq dep-graph-verts by (simp)

next

case s1F: False

then have csgt0: card S1 > 0 using s1F finS1 card-gt-0-iff by blast

obtain g where bb: bij-betw g $\{0..< card S1\}$ S1 using finS1 ex-bij-betw-nat-finite by auto

have igt 0: $\bigwedge i$. $i \in \{0 .. < card S1\} \Longrightarrow 1 - f(g i) \ge 0$

using S1-def psubset.prems(2) bb bij-betw-apply assms(3) by fastforce have s1ss: $S1 \subseteq dq.neighborhood Ai$ using S1-def by auto

moreover have $\exists P1 P2$. $\mathcal{P}(FAi \mid \bigcap Aj \in S. space M - FAj) = P1/P2 \land P1 \leq prob (FAi)$

 $\land P2 \ge (\prod Aj \in S1 \ . \ (1 - (f Aj)))$ **proof** (cases S2 = {})

case True

then have Seq: S1 = S using S1-def S2-def by auto

have inter-eventsS: ($\bigcap Aj \in S$. (space $M - (F Aj))) \in$ events using psubset. prems assms

by (meson measure-notin-sets zero-less-measure-iff)

then have peq: $\mathcal{P}((F Ai) \mid (\bigcap Aj \in S1 \ . \ ?c \ Aj)) =$

 $prob ((\bigcap Aj \in S1 . ?c Aj) \cap (F Ai))/prob ((\bigcap (?c `S1)))$

(is $\mathcal{P}((F Ai) \mid (\bigcap Aj \in S1 \ . \ ?c \ Aj)) = ?Num/?Den)$

using cond-prob-ev-def[of $(\bigcap Aj \in S1 \ . \ (space \ M - (F \ Aj))) \ F \ Ai]$

using Seq psubset.prems(1) assms(2) by blast

have ?Num \leq prob (F Ai) using finite-measure-mono assms(2) psubset.prems(1) by simp

moreover have $?Den \ge (\prod Aj \in S1 \cdot (1 - (f Aj)))$

proof –

have pcond: prob $(\bigcap (?c `S1)) =$

 $prob \ (?c \ (g \ 0)) \ * \ (\prod i \in \{1..< card \ S1\} \ . \ \mathcal{P}(?c \ (g \ i) \ | \ (\bigcap (?c \ `g \ `i \ (g \ i)))))$

using prob-cond-inter-index-fn-compl[of S1 F] Seq s1events psubset(1) s1F bb by auto

have ineq: \bigwedge i. $i \in \{1 ... < card S1\} \Longrightarrow \mathcal{P}(?c (g i) \mid (\bigcap (?c 'g ' \{0 ... < i\}))) \ge (1 - (f (g i)))$

using $lovasz-inequality[of S1 F A Ai - S1 g S1 {} f]$ sevents finS psubset.prems(2)

 $psubset.prems(4) \quad bb \ psubset.hyps(2)[of - g -] \ Seq \ by \ fastforce$ have $(\bigwedge i. i \in \{1..< card \ S1\} \Longrightarrow 1 - f \ (g \ i) \ge 0)$ using igt0 by simpthen have $(\prod i \in \{1..< (card \ S1)\} \ . \ \mathcal{P}(?c \ (g \ i) \mid (\bigcap (?c \ `g \ `\{0..< i\}))))$ $\ge (\prod i \in \{1..< (card \ S1)\} \ . \ (1 - (f \ (g \ i))))$ using ineq prod-mono by $(smt(verit, \ ccfv-threshold))$

moreover have prob $(?c (g \ 0)) \ge (1 - f (g \ 0))$

proof -

have $g0in: g \ 0 \in A$ using $bb \ csgt0$ using $psubset.prems(2) \ bij-betwE$ Seq by fastforce

then have prob $(?c (g \ 0)) = 1 - prob (F (g \ 0))$ using Aevents by (simp add: prob-compl)

then show ?thesis using lovasz-inductive-base[of $G \ F \ A \ f \ g \ 0$] prob-Ai assms(4) dep-graph-verts founds g0 in by auto

qed

moreover have $0 \leq (\prod i = 1.. < card S1. 1 - f(g i))$ using *igt0* by (force intro: prod-nonneg)

ultimately have prob $(\bigcap (?c `S1)) \ge (1 - (f (g \ 0))) * (\prod i \in \{1 ... < (card S1)\} . (1 - (f (g \ i))))$

using pcond igt0 mult-mono'[of $(1 - (f (g \ 0)))]$ by fastforce

moreover have $\{0..< card S1\} = \{0\} \cup \{1..< card S1\}$ using csgt0 by

ultimately have prob $(\bigcap (?c `S1)) \ge (\prod i \in \{0..<(card S1)\} . (1 - (f(g i))))$ by auto

moreover have $(\prod i \in \{0..<(card S1)\} \cdot (1 - (f(g(i))))) = (\prod i \in S1 \cdot (1 - (f(i))))$

using prod.reindex-bij-betw bb by simp

ultimately show ?thesis by simp

 \mathbf{qed}

ultimately show ?thesis using peq Seq by blast

next

auto

case s2F: False have s2inter: \bigcap (?c 'S2) \in events using s2F finS2 s2cev Inter-event-ss[of ?c ' S2] by auto

have split: $(\bigcap Aj \in S \ (?c \ Aj)) = (\bigcap (?c \ S1)) \cap (\bigcap (?c \ S2))$

using S1-def S2-def by auto

then have $\mathcal{P}(F Ai \mid (\bigcap Aj \in S . (?c Aj))) = \mathcal{P}(F Ai \mid (\bigcap (?c `S1)) \cap (\bigcap (?c `S2)))$ by simp

moreover have s2n0: prob $(\bigcap (?c ` S2)) \neq 0$ using psubset.prems(4) S2-def

by (metis Int-lower2 split finite-measure-mono measure-le-0-iff s2inter semiring-norm(137))

moreover have \bigcap (?c 'S1) \in events

using finS1 S1-def scompl-ev s1F Inter-event-ss[of (?c 'S1)] by auto

ultimately have peq: $\mathcal{P}(FAi \mid (\bigcap Aj \in S \ . \ (?c \ Aj))) = \mathcal{P}(FAi \cap (\bigcap (?c \ `S1)) \mid \bigcap (?c \ `S2))/$

 $\mathcal{P}(\bigcap (?c `S1) \mid \bigcap (?c `S2)) ($ is $\mathcal{P}(F Ai \mid (\bigcap Aj \in S . (?c Aj))) = ?Num/?Den)$

using cond-prob-dual-intersect[of F Ai \bigcap (?c 'S1) \bigcap (?c 'S2)] assms(2) psubset.prems(1) s2inter by fastforce

have ?Num $\leq \mathcal{P}(F \ Ai \mid \bigcap (?c \ S2))$ using cond-prob-inter-set-lt[of F Ai $\bigcap (?c \ S2)$?c S2]

using s1events finS1 psubset.prems(1) assms(2) s2inter finite-imageI[of S1 F] by blast

then have $?Num \leq prob \ (F \ Ai)$ using $s2F \ s2prob-eq$ by auto

moreover have $?Den \ge (\prod Aj \in S1 . (1 - (f Aj)))$ using *psubset.hyps* proof –

have prob $(\bigcap (?c `S2)) > 0$ using s2n0 by (meson zero-less-measure-iff)

then have pcond: $\mathcal{P}(\bigcap (?c \ S1) \mid \bigcap (?c \ S2)) =$

 $(\prod i = 0..< card S1 \cdot \mathcal{P}(?c (g i) | (\bigcap (?c 'g '\{0..<i\} \cup (?c 'S2)))))$ using prob-cond-Inter-index-cond-compl-fn[of S1 ?c 'S2 F] s1F finS1 s2cev finS2 s2F

s1events bb by auto

have $\bigwedge i. i \in \{0.. < card S1\} \Longrightarrow \mathcal{P}(?c (g i) \mid (\bigcap (?c 'g ' \{0.. < i\} \cup (?c 'S2)))) \ge (1 - f (g i))$

using lovasz-inequality[of S F A Ai - S1 g dg.neighborhood Ai S2 f] S1-def S2-def sevents

finS psubset.prems(2) psubset.prems(4) bb psubset.hyps(2)[of - g -] psubset(1) s2F by meson

then have c1: $\mathcal{P}(\bigcap (?c \ S1) \mid \bigcap (?c \ S2)) \ge (\prod i = 0 .. < card S1 . (1 - f (g i)))$

using prod-mono igt0 pcond bb **by** (smt(verit, ccfv-threshold))

then have $\mathcal{P}(\bigcap (?c \ S1) \mid \bigcap (?c \ S2)) \ge (\prod i \in \{0..< card \ S1\} \ (1 - f (g \ i)))$ by blast

moreover have $(\prod i \in \{0..< card S1\} \cdot (1 - f (g i))) = (\prod x \in S1 \cdot (1 - f x))$ using bb

using prod.reindex-bij-betw by fastforce ultimately show ?thesis by simp

qed

ultimately show ?thesis using peq by blast

qed

```
ultimately show ?thesis by (intro split-prob-lt-helper[of G F A])
       (simp-all add: dep-graph dep-graph-verts fbounds psubset.prems(1) prob-Ai)
   qed
 qed
qed
    The main lemma
theorem lovasz-local-general:
  assumes A \neq \{\}
 assumes F \, \, A \subseteq events
 assumes finite A
 assumes \bigwedge Ai. Ai \in A \implies fAi \ge 0 \land fAi < 1
 assumes dependency-digraph G M F
 assumes \bigwedge Ai. Ai \in A \Longrightarrow (prob (FAi) \le (fAi) * (\prod Aj \in pre-digraph.neighborhood
G Ai. (1 - (f Aj))))
 assumes pverts G = A
 shows prob (\bigcap Ai \in A : (space M - (FAi))) \geq (\prod Ai \in A : (1 - fAi)) (\prod
Ai \in A. (1 - f Ai) > 0
proof -
 show gt0: (\prod Ai \in A : (1 - fAi)) > 0 using assms(4) by (simp add: prod-pos)
 let ?c = \lambda i. space M - F i
 interpret dg: dependency-digraph G M F using assms(5) by simp
 have general: \bigwedge Ai \ S. \ Ai \in A \implies S \subseteq A - \{Ai\} \implies S \neq \{\} \implies prob (\bigcap Aj)
\in S . (?c Aj) > 0
   \implies \mathcal{P}(F Ai \mid (\bigcap Aj \in S . (?c Aj))) \leq f Ai
   using assms lovasz-inductive [of A \ F \ f \ G] by simp
 have base: \bigwedge Ai. Ai \in A \implies prob (F Ai) \leq f Ai
   using lovasz-inductive-base assms(4) assms(6) assms(5) assms(7) by blast
 show prob (\bigcap Ai \in A : (?c Ai)) \ge (\prod Ai \in A : (1 - f Ai))
   using assms(3) assms(1) assms(2) assms(4) general base
  proof (induct A rule: finite-ne-induct)
   case (singleton x)
   then show ?case using singleton.prems singleton prob-compl by auto
  next
   case (insert x X)
   define Ax where Ax = ?c ' (insert x X)
   have xie: F x \in events using insert.prems by simp
   have A'ie: \bigcap (?c \, X) \in events using insert.prems insert.hyps by auto
    have (\bigwedge Ai \ S. \ Ai \in insert \ x \ X \Longrightarrow S \subseteq insert \ x \ X - \{Ai\} \Longrightarrow S \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow
prob \ (\bigcap Aj \in S \ . \ (?c \ Aj)) > 0
     \implies \mathcal{P}(F Ai \mid \bigcap (?c `S)) \leq f Ai) using insert.prems by simp
   then have (\bigwedge Ai \ S. \ Ai \in X \Longrightarrow S \subseteq X - \{Ai\} \Longrightarrow S \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow prob (\bigcap Aj)
\in S. (?c Aj)) > \theta
     \implies \mathcal{P}(F Ai \mid \bigcap (?c `S)) \leq f Ai) by auto
   then have A'gt: (\prod Ai \in X. \ 1 - fAi) \leq prob (\cap (?c `X))
    using insert.hyps(4) insert.prems(2) insert.prems(1) insert.prems(4) by auto
    then have prob (\bigcap (?c ` X)) > 0 using insert.hyps insert.prems prod-pos
basic-trans-rules(22)
        diff-gt-0-iff-gt by (metis (no-types, lifting) insert-Diff insert-subset sub-
```

set-insertI) then have $\mathcal{P}((?c \ x) \mid (\bigcap (?c \ `X))) = 1 - \mathcal{P}(F \ x \mid (\bigcap (?c \ `X)))$ using cond-prob-neg[of $\bigcap (?c `X) F x$] xie A'ie by simp **moreover have** $\mathcal{P}(F \mid (\bigcap (?c \mid X))) \leq f \mid using insert.prems(3)[of \mid X]$ insert.hyps(2) insert(3) $A'gt \langle 0 < prob (\cap (?c `X)) \rangle$ by fastforce ultimately have pnxgt: $\mathcal{P}((?c \ x) \mid (\bigcap (?c \ 'X))) \geq 1 - f \ x \ by \ simp$ have $xgt0: 1 - fx \ge 0$ using insert.prems(2)[of x] by auto have prob $(\bigcap Ax) = prob ((?c x) \cap \bigcap (?c 'X))$ using Ax-def by simp also have ... = prob $(\bigcap (?c `X)) * \mathcal{P}((?c x) \mid (\bigcap (?c `X)))$ using prob-intersect-B xie A'ie by simp also have $\ldots \ge (\prod Ai \in X. \ 1 - fAi) * (1 - fx)$ using A'gt pnxgt mult-left-le $\langle 0 < prob \ (\bigcap (?c `X)) \rangle xgt0 mult-mono by (smt(verit))$ finally have prob $(\bigcap Ax) \ge (\prod Ai \in insert \ x \ X. \ 1 - f \ Ai)$ by (simp add: local.insert(1) local.insert(3) mult.commute) then show ?case using Ax-def by auto qed qed

7.4 Lovasz Corollaries and Variations

corollary lovasz-local-general-positive: **assumes** $A \neq \{\}$ **assumes** $F \cdot A \subseteq$ events **assumes** finite A **assumes** $\bigwedge Ai \cdot Ai \in A \implies f Ai \ge 0 \land f Ai < 1$ **assumes** $\bigwedge Ai \cdot Ai \in A \implies f Ai \ge 0 \land f Ai < 1$ **assumes** $\bigwedge Ai \cdot Ai \in A \implies (prob (F Ai) \le (f Ai) * (\prod Aj \in pre-digraph.neighborhood G Ai. (1 - (f Aj))))$ **assumes** pverts G = A **shows** prob ($\bigcap Ai \in A \cdot (space M - (F Ai))) > 0$ **using** assms lovasz-local-general(1)[of A F f G] lovasz-local-general(2)[of A F f G] **by** simp

theorem *lovasz-local-symmetric-dep-graph*:

fixes e :: realfixes d :: natassumes $A \neq \{\}$ assumes $F ` A \subseteq events$ assumes finite Aassumes dependency-digraph G M Fassumes $\bigwedge Ai. Ai \in A \Longrightarrow out-degree G Ai \leq d$ assumes $\bigwedge Ai. Ai \in A \Longrightarrow prob (F Ai) \leq p$ assumes $exp(1) * p * (d + 1) \leq 1$ assumes pverts G = Ashows $prob (\bigcap Ai \in A . (space M - (F Ai))) > 0$ proof (cases d = 0) case True interpret g: dependency-digraph G M F using assms(4) by simp

True by simp moreover have p < 1proof have $exp(1) * p \leq 1$ using assms(7) True by simpthen show ?thesis using exp-qt-one less-1-mult linorder-neqE-linordered-idom rel-simps(68)verit-prod-simplify(2) by (smt (verit) mult-le-cancel-left1)qed ultimately show ?thesis using complete-indep-bound3 [of A F] assms(2) assms(1) assms(3) assms(6)by force next $\mathbf{case} \ \mathit{False}$ define $f :: nat \Rightarrow real$ where $f \equiv (\lambda Ai \cdot 1 / (d+1))$ then have founds: $\bigwedge Ai$. $f Ai \ge 0 \land f Ai < 1$ using f-def False by simp **interpret** dg: dependency-digraph G M F using assms(4) by auto have $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \implies prob (F Ai) \leq (f Ai) * (\prod Aj \in dg.neighborhood Ai$. (1 - (f A j)))proof fix Ai assume $ain: Ai \in A$ have d-boundslt1: (1/(d+1)) < 1 and d-boundsgt0: (1/(d+1)) > 0 using False by fastforce+ have *d*-bounds2: $(1 - (1 / (d + 1)))^{d} < 1$ using False **by**(simp add: field-simps) (smt (verit) of-nat-0-le-iff power-mono-iff) have d-bounds0: $(1 - (1 / (d + 1)))^{d} > 0$ using False by (simp) have exp(1) > (1 + 1/d) powr d using exp-1-gt-powr False by simp then have exp(1) > (1 + 1/d) d using False by (simp add: powr-realpow zero-compare-simps(2))moreover have $1/(1+1/d) \hat{d} = (1 - (1/(d+1))) \hat{d}$ proof have $1/(1+1/d) \hat{d} = 1/((d/d) + 1/d) \hat{d}$ by (simp add: field-simps) then show ?thesis by (simp add: field-simps) aed ultimately have *exp-lt*: $1/exp(1) < (1 - (1 / (d + 1)))^{d}$ by (metis d-bounds0 frac-less2 less-eq-real-def of-nat-zero-less-power-iff power-eq-if zero-less-divide-1-iff) then have $(1/(d+1))*(1-(1/(d+1)))^d > (1/(d+1))*(1/exp(1))$ using exp-lt mult-strict-left-mono[of 1/exp(1) $(1 - (1/(d+1)))^d (1/(d+1))]$ d-boundslt1 by simp then have $(1/(d+1))*(1-(1/(d+1)))^{d} > (1/((d+1))*exp(1)))$ by autothen have gtp: $(1 / (d + 1)) * (1 - (1 / (d + 1)))^{d} > p$ **by** (*smt* (*verit*, *ccfv-SIG*) *d-boundslt1 d-boundsqt0 assms*(7) *divide-divide-eq-left* divide-less-cancel divide-less-eq divide-nonneq-nonpos nonzero-mult-div-cancel-left not-exp-le-zero)

have indep-events F A using g.dep-graph-indep-events [of A] assms(8) assms(5)

have card $(dg.neighborhood Ai) \leq d$ using assms(5) dg.out-degree-neighborhood ain by auto

then have $(\prod Aj \in dg.neighborhood Ai . (1 - (1 / (d + 1)))) \ge (1 - (1 / (d + 1)))^d$

using prod-constant-ge[of dg.neighborhood Ai d 1 - (1/d+1)] using d-boundslt1 by auto

then have $(1 / (d + 1)) * (\prod Aj \in dg.neighborhood Ai . (1 - (1 / (d + 1)))) \ge (1 / (d + 1)) * (1 - (1 / (d + 1)))^d$

by (*simp add: divide-right-mono*) then have $(1/(d+1)) * (\prod Aj \in dg.neighborhood Ai \cdot (1 - (1/(d+1))))$ > pusing gtp by simp then show prob $(F Ai) \leq f Ai * (\prod Aj \in dg.neighborhood Ai . (1 - f Aj))$ using $assms(6) \langle Ai \in A \rangle$ f-def by force qed then show ?thesis using lovasz-local-general-positive[of $A \ F \ f \ G$] assms(4) assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) assms(8) founds by autoqed **corollary** *lovasz-local-symmetric4gt*: fixes e :: realfixes d :: natassumes $A \neq \{\}$ assumes $F ` A \subseteq events$ assumes finite A assumes dependency-digraph G M Fassumes $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \implies out\text{-}degree \ G \ Ai \leq d$ assumes $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \implies prob \ (F \ Ai) \le p$ assumes $4 * p * d \leq 1$ assumes $d \geq 3$ **assumes** pverts G = Ashows prob $(\bigcap Ai \in A : (space M - F Ai)) > 0$ proof have $exp(1) * p * (d + 1) \le 1$ **proof** (cases p = 0) case True then show ?thesis by simp next case False then have pgt: p > 0 using assms(1) assms(6) assms(3) ex-min-if-finite less-eq-real-def by $(meson \ basic-trans-rules(23) \ basic-trans-rules(24) \ linorder-neqE-linordered-idom$ measure-nonneg) have $3 * (d + 1) \le 4 * d$ by (simp add: field-simps assms(8)) then have $exp(1) * (d + 1) \leq 4 * d$ using exp-le exp-gt-one[of 1] assms(8)

 $\mathbf{by} \; (smt \; (verit, \; del-insts) \; Num.of-nat-simps(2) \; Num.of-nat-simps(5) \; le-add2 \\ le-eq-less-or-eq$

 $mult-right-mono\ nat-less-real-le\ numeral.simps(3)\ numerals(1)\ of-nat-numeral)$

then have $exp(1) * (d + 1) * p \le 4 * d * p$ using pgt by simp then show ?thesis using assms(7) by (simp add: field-simps) ged

then show ?thesis using assms lovasz-local-symmetric-dep-graph[of A F G d p] by auto

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qed
```

lemma *lovasz-local-symmetric*4: fixes e :: realfixes d :: natassumes $A \neq \{\}$ assumes $F \stackrel{?}{\cdot} A \subseteq events$ assumes finite A assumes dependency-digraph G M Fassumes $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \Longrightarrow out\text{-}degree \ G \ Ai \leq d$ assumes $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \implies prob (F Ai) \leq p$ assumes $4 * p * d \leq 1$ assumes $d \ge 1$ **assumes** pverts G = Ashows prob $(\bigcap Ai \in A : (space M - F Ai)) > 0$ **proof** (cases $d \ge 3$) case True then show ?thesis using lovasz-local-symmetric4gt assms by presburger \mathbf{next} case d3: False define $f :: nat \Rightarrow real$ where $f \equiv (\lambda Ai \cdot 1 / (d + 1))$ then have founds: $\bigwedge Ai$. $f Ai \ge 0 \land f Ai < 1$ using f-def assms(8) by simp **interpret** dg: dependency-digraph G M F using assms(4) by auto have $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \implies prob (F Ai) \leq (f Ai) * (\prod Aj \in dg.neighborhood Ai$. (1 - (f A j)))proof fix Ai assume $ain: Ai \in A$ have d-boundslt1: (1/(d+1)) < 1 and d-boundsgt0: (1/(d+1)) > 0 using assms by fastforce+ have plt: $1/(4*d) \ge p$ using assms(7) assms(8) $\mathbf{by} \ (metis \ (mono-tags, \ opaque-lifting) \ Num.of-nat-simps (5) \ bot-nat-0.not-eq-extremum and the second second$ le-numeral-extra(2) more-arith-simps(11) mult-of-nat-commute nat-0-less-mult-iff of-nat-0-less-iff of-nat-numeral $pos-divide-less-eq\ rel-simps(51)\ verit-comp-simplify(3))$ then have gtp: $(1 / (d + 1)) * (1 - (1 / (d + 1)))^d \ge p$ **proof** (cases d = 1) case False then have d = 2 using d3 assms(8) by auto then show ?thesis using plt by (simp add: field-simps)

qed (simp)

have card $(dg.neighborhood Ai) \leq d$ using assms(5) dg.out-degree-neighborhoodain by auto

then have $(\prod Aj \in dg.neighborhood Ai . (1 - (1 / (d + 1)))) \ge (1 - (1 / (d + 1)))^d$

using prod-constant-ge[of dg.neighborhood Ai d 1 - (1/d+1)] using d-boundslt1 by auto

then have $(1 / (d + 1)) * (\prod Aj \in dg.neighborhood Ai . (1 - (1 / (d + 1)))) \ge (1 / (d + 1)) * (1 - (1 / (d + 1)))^d$

by (*simp add: divide-right-mono*)

then have $(1 / (d + 1)) * (\prod Aj \in dg.neighborhood Ai . (1 - (1 / (d + 1)))) \ge p$

using gtp by simp

then show prob $(F Ai) \leq f Ai * (\prod Aj \in dg.neighborhood Ai . (1 - f Aj))$ using $assms(6) \langle Ai \in A \rangle$ f-def by force

 \mathbf{qed}

then show ?thesis

using lovasz-local-general-positive[of $A \ F \ f \ G$] $assms(4) \ assms(1) \ assms(2)$ $assms(3) \ assms(9) \ fbounds$ by auto

\mathbf{qed}

Converting between dependency graph and indexed set representation of mutual independence

lemma (in pair-digraph) g-Ai-simplification: assumes $Ai \in A$ assumes $g Ai \subseteq A - \{Ai\}$ assumes powerts G = Aassumes parcs $G = \{e \in A \times A : snd \ e \in (A - (\{fst \ e\} \cup (g \ (fst \ e))))\}$ shows $g Ai = A - (\{Ai\} \cup neighborhood \ Ai)$ proof – have $g Ai = A - (\{Ai\} \cup \{v \in A : v \in (A - (\{Ai\} \cup (g \ (Ai))))\})$ using assms(2) by autothen have $g Ai = A - (\{Ai\} \cup \{v \in A : (Ai, v) \in parcs \ G\})$ using Collect-cong $assms(1) \ mem$ -Collect-eq $assms(3) \ assms(4)$ by autothen show $g \ Ai = A - (\{Ai\} \cup neighborhood \ Ai)$ unfolding neighborhood-def using assms(3) by simpqed

lemma define-dep-graph-set: **assumes** $A \neq \{\}$ **assumes** $F \cdot A \subseteq events$ **assumes** finite A **assumes** $\bigwedge Ai. Ai \in A \implies g Ai \subseteq A - \{Ai\} \land mutual\text{-indep-events} (F Ai) F$ (g Ai) **shows** dependency-digraph ($| pverts = A, parcs = \{e \in A \times A . snd \ e \in (A - (\{fst \ e\} \cup (g \ (fst \ e))))\} \} M F$ (**is** dependency-digraph ?G M F) **proof interpret** pd: pair-digraph ?G

using assms(3)by (unfold-locales) auto have $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \implies g Ai \subseteq A - \{Ai\}$ using assms(4) by simpthen have $\bigwedge i. i \in A \implies g i = A - (\{i\} \cup pd.neighborhood i)$ using pd.g-Ai-simplification[of - A g] pd.pair-digraph by auto then have dependency-digraph GMF using assms(2) assms(4) by (unfold-locales) autothen show ?thesis by simp qed **lemma** define-dep-graph-deg-bound: assumes $A \neq \{\}$ assumes $F ` A \subseteq events$ assumes finite A assumes $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \implies g Ai \subseteq A - \{Ai\} \land card (g Ai) \ge card A - d - 1$ \wedge mutual-indep-events (F Ai) F (q Ai)shows $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \Longrightarrow$ out-degree () pverts = A, parcs = { $e \in A \times A$. snd $e \in (A - ({fst e}) \cup (g (fst)))$ $e))))) \} |) Ai \leq d$ (is $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \implies out\text{-}degree (with\text{-}proj ?G) Ai \leq d$) proof interpret pd: dependency-digraph ?G M F using assms define-dep-graph-set by simp **show** \bigwedge Ai. Ai \in A \Longrightarrow out-degree ?G Ai \leq d proof fix Ai assume $a: Ai \in A$ then have geq: $q Ai = A - (\{Ai\} \cup pd.neighborhood Ai)$ using assms(4)[of Ai] pd.pair-digraph pd.g-Ai-simplification[of Ai A g] by simp then have *pss*: $g Ai \subset A$ using *a* by *auto* then have card $(g Ai) = card (A - (\{Ai\} \cup pd.neighborhood Ai))$ using assms(4) geg by argo **moreover have** ss: $({Ai} \cup pd.neighborhood Ai) \subseteq A$ using pd.neighborhood-wf a by simp **moreover have** finite $({Ai} \cup pd.neighborhood Ai)$ using calculation(2) assms(3) finite-subset by auto **moreover have** $Ai \notin pd.neighborhood$ Ai using pd.neighborhood-self-not by simp moreover have card $\{Ai\} = 1$ using is-singleton-altdef by auto **moreover have** cardss: card ($\{Ai\} \cup pd.neighborhood Ai$) = 1 + card (pd.neighborhoodAi) using calculation(5) calculation(4) card-Un-disjoint pd.neighborhood-finite by autoultimately have eq: card (g Ai) = card A - 1 - card (pd.neighborhood Ai)using card-Diff-subset[of ({Ai} \cup pd.neighborhood Ai) A] assms(3) by presburger have ggt: $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \implies card (g Ai) \ge int (card A) - int d - 1$ using assms(4) by fastforcehave card (pd.neighborhood Ai) = card A - 1 - card (g Ai)

using $cardss \ assms(3) \ card-mono \ diff-add-inverse \ diff-diff-cancel \ diff-le-mono \ ss \ eq$

by (*metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*))

moreover have card $A \ge (1 + card (g Ai))$ using pss assms(3) card-seteq not-less-eq-eq by auto

ultimately have card (pd.neighborhood Ai) = int (card A) - 1 - int (card (g Ai)) by auto

moreover have int $(card (g Ai)) \ge (card A) - (int d) - 1$ using ggt a by simp

ultimately show out-degree ?G $Ai \leq d$ using pd.out-degree-neighborhood by simp

qed

 \mathbf{qed}

lemma obtain-dependency-graph:

assumes $A \neq \{\}$

assumes $F \, \, {}^{\circ} A \subseteq events$ **assumes** finite A

assumes finite Aassumes $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \Longrightarrow$

 $(\exists S : S \subseteq A - \{Ai\} \land card S \ge card A - d - 1 \land mutual-indep-events (F Ai) F S)$

obtains G where dependency-digraph G M F pverts $G = A \land Ai$. $Ai \in A \Longrightarrow$ out-degree G $Ai \leq d$

proof -

obtain g where gdef: $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \implies g Ai \subseteq A - \{Ai\} \land card (g Ai) \ge card A - d - 1 \land$

mutual-indep-events (F Ai) F (g Ai) using assms(4) by metis then show ?thesis

using define-dep-graph-set[of $A \ F \ g$] define-dep-graph-deg-bound[of $A \ F \ g \ d$]that assms by auto



This is the variation of the symmetric version most commonly in use

theorem *lovasz-local-symmetric*:

fixes d :: natassumes $A \neq \{\}$ assumes $F \land A \subseteq events$ assumes finite Aassumes $\bigwedge Ai. Ai \in A \Longrightarrow (\exists S . S \subseteq A - \{Ai\} \land card S \ge card A - d - 1$ $\land mutual-indep-events (F Ai) F S)$ assumes $\bigwedge Ai. Ai \in A \Longrightarrow prob (F Ai) \le p$ assumes $exp(1)*p*(d+1) \le 1$ shows $prob (\bigcap Ai \in A . (space M - (F Ai))) > 0$ proof obtain G where odg: dependency-digraph G M F pverts $G = A \bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A$ $\Longrightarrow out-degree G Ai \le d$ using assms obtain-dependency-graph by metis

then show ?thesis using odg assms lovasz-local-symmetric-dep-graph[of $A \ F \ G \ d \ p$] by auto

\mathbf{qed}

lemma lovasz-local-symmetric4-set: fixes d :: natassumes $A \neq \{\}$ **assumes** F ' $A \subseteq events$ assumes finite A assumes $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \implies (\exists S : S \subseteq A - \{Ai\} \land card S \ge card A - d - 1$ \land mutual-indep-events (F Ai) F S) assumes $\bigwedge Ai$. $Ai \in A \implies prob (F Ai) \le p$ assumes $4 * p * d \leq 1$ assumes $d \geq 1$ shows prob $(\bigcap Ai \in A . (space M - F Ai)) > 0$ proof **obtain** G where odg: dependency-digraph G M F pverts $G = A \land Ai$. $Ai \in A$ \implies out-degree G Ai < dusing assms obtain-dependency-graph by metis then show ?thesis using odg assms lovasz-local-symmetric4 [of $A \ F \ G \ d \ p$] by autoqed end end theory Lovasz-Local-Root imports PiE-Rel-Extras Digraph-Extensions Prob-Events-Extras Cond-Prob-Extensions

Indep-Events Basic-Method

Lovasz-Local-Lemma begin end

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