

# Analysis of List Update Algorithms

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## Abstract

These theories formalize the quantitative analysis of a number of classical algorithms for the list update problem: 2-competitiveness of move-to-front, the lower bound of 2 for the competitiveness of deterministic list update algorithms and 1.6-competitiveness of the randomized COMB algorithm, the best randomized list update algorithm known to date.

An informal description is found in an accompanying report [HN16]. The material is based on the first two chapters of the book by Borodin and El-Yaniv [BEY98].

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# 1 List Inversion

**theory** *Inversion*

**imports** *List-Index.List\_Index*

**begin**

**abbreviation**  $dist\_perm\ xs\ ys \equiv distinct\ xs \wedge distinct\ ys \wedge set\ xs = set\ ys$

**definition**  $before\_in :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a\ list \Rightarrow bool$

$((- < / - / in -) [55,55,55] 55)$  **where**  
 $x < y\ in\ xs = (index\ xs\ x < index\ xs\ y \wedge y \in set\ xs)$

**definition**  $Inv :: 'a\ list \Rightarrow 'a\ list \Rightarrow ('a * 'a)\ set$  **where**

$Inv\ xs\ ys = \{(x,y). x < y\ in\ xs \wedge y < x\ in\ ys\}$

**lemma**  $before\_in\_setD1: x < y\ in\ xs \Longrightarrow x : set\ xs$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $before\_in\_setD2: x < y\ in\ xs \Longrightarrow y : set\ xs$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $not\_before\_in:$

$x : set\ xs \Longrightarrow y : set\ xs \Longrightarrow \neg x < y\ in\ xs \longleftrightarrow y < x\ in\ xs \vee x=y$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $before\_in\_irefl: x < x\ in\ xs = False$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $no\_before\_inI[simp]: x < y\ in\ xs \Longrightarrow (\neg y < x\ in\ xs) = True$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $finite\_Invs[simp]: finite(Inv\ xs\ ys)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $Inv\_id[simp]: Inv\ xs\ xs = \{\}$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $card\_Inv\_sym: card(Inv\ xs\ ys) = card(Inv\ ys\ xs)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $Inv\_tri\_ineq:$

$dist\_perm\ xs\ ys \Longrightarrow dist\_perm\ ys\ zs \Longrightarrow$   
 $Inv\ xs\ zs \subseteq Inv\ xs\ ys \cup Inv\ ys\ zs$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *card\_Inv\_tri\_ineq*:

$dist\_perm\ xs\ ys \implies dist\_perm\ ys\ zs \implies$   
 $card\ (Inv\ xs\ zs) \leq card(Inv\ xs\ ys) + card\ (Inv\ ys\ zs)$

*<proof>*

**end**

## 2 Swapping Adjacent Elements in a List

**theory** *Swaps*

**imports** *Inversion*

**begin**

Swap elements at index  $n$  and  $Suc\ n$ :

**definition** *swap n xs =*

*(if Suc n < size xs then xs[n := xs!Suc n, Suc n := xs!n] else xs)*

**lemma** *length\_swap[simp]*:  $length(swap\ i\ xs) = length\ xs$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *swap\_id[simp]*:  $Suc\ n \geq size\ xs \implies swap\ n\ xs = xs$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *distinct\_swap[simp]*:

$distinct(swap\ i\ xs) = distinct\ xs$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *swap\_Suc[simp]*:  $swap\ (Suc\ n)\ (a\ \#\ xs) = a\ \#\ swap\ n\ xs$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *index\_swap\_distinct*:

$distinct\ xs \implies Suc\ n < length\ xs \implies$

$index\ (swap\ n\ xs)\ x =$

*(if x = xs!n then Suc n else if x = xs!Suc n then n else index xs x)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set\_swap[simp]*:  $set(swap\ n\ xs) = set\ xs$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *nth\_swap\_id[simp]*:  $Suc\ i < length\ xs \implies swap\ i\ xs\ !\ i = xs!(i+1)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *before\_in\_swap*:

$dist\_perm\ xs\ ys \implies Suc\ n < size\ xs \implies$   
 $x < y\ in\ (swap\ n\ xs) \longleftrightarrow$   
 $x < y\ in\ xs \wedge \neg (x = xs!n \wedge y = xs!Suc\ n) \vee x = xs!Suc\ n \wedge y = xs!n$   
(proof)

**lemma** *Inv\_swap*: **assumes** *dist\_perm xs ys*

**shows**  $Inv\ xs\ (swap\ n\ ys) =$   
(if  $Suc\ n < size\ xs$   
then if  $ys!n < ys!Suc\ n$  in  $xs$   
then  $Inv\ xs\ ys \cup \{(ys!n, ys!Suc\ n)\}$   
else  $Inv\ xs\ ys - \{(ys!Suc\ n, ys!n)\}$   
else  $Inv\ xs\ ys$ )  
(proof)

Perform a list of swaps, from right to left:

**abbreviation** *swaps where*  $swaps == foldr\ swap$

**lemma** *swaps\_inv[simp]*:

$set\ (swaps\ sws\ xs) = set\ xs \wedge$   
 $size\ (swaps\ sws\ xs) = size\ xs \wedge$   
 $distinct\ (swaps\ sws\ xs) = distinct\ xs$   
(proof)

**lemma** *swaps\_eq\_Nil\_iff[simp]*:  $swaps\ acts\ xs = [] \longleftrightarrow xs = []$   
(proof)

**lemma** *swaps\_map\_Suc[simp]*:

$swaps\ (map\ Suc\ sws)\ (a \# xs) = a \# swaps\ sws\ xs$   
(proof)

**lemma** *card\_Inv\_swaps\_le*:

$distinct\ xs \implies card\ (Inv\ xs\ (swaps\ sws\ xs)) \leq length\ sws$   
(proof)

**lemma** *nth\_swaps*:  $\forall i \in set\ is. j < i \implies swaps\ is\ xs\ !\ j = xs\ !\ j$   
(proof)

**lemma** *not\_before0[simp]*:  $\sim x < xs\ !\ 0\ in\ xs$   
(proof)

**lemma** *before\_id[simp]*:  $[[\ distinct\ xs; i < size\ xs; j < size\ xs ] \implies$   
 $xs\ !\ i < xs\ !\ j\ in\ xs \longleftrightarrow i < j$   
(proof)

**lemma** *before\_swaps*:

$\llbracket \text{distinct } is; \forall i \in \text{set } is. \text{Suc } i < \text{size } xs; \text{distinct } xs; i \notin \text{set } is; i < j; j < \text{size } xs \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{swaps } is \text{ } xs \ ! \ i < \text{swaps } is \text{ } xs \ ! \ j \text{ in } xs$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *card\_Inv\_swaps*:

$\llbracket \text{distinct } is; \forall i \in \text{set } is. \text{Suc } i < \text{size } xs; \text{distinct } xs \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{card}(\text{Inv } xs \ (\text{swaps } is \text{ } xs)) = \text{length } is$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *swaps\_eq\_nth\_take\_drop*:  $i < \text{length } xs \implies$

$\text{swaps } [0..<i] \text{ } xs = xs!i \ \# \ \text{take } i \text{ } xs \ @ \ \text{drop } (\text{Suc } i) \text{ } xs$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *index\_swaps\_size*:  $\text{distinct } s \implies$

$\text{index } s \ q \leq \text{index } (\text{swaps } s \text{ } s) \ q + \text{length } s$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *index\_swaps\_last\_size*:  $\text{distinct } s \implies$

$\text{size } s \leq \text{index } (\text{swaps } s \text{ } s) \ (\text{last } s) + \text{length } s + 1$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**end**

### 3 Deterministic Online and Offline Algorithms

**theory** *On\_Off*

**imports** *Complex\_Main*

**begin**

**type\_synonym**  $( 's, 'r, 'a ) \text{ alg\_off} = 's \Rightarrow 'r \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list}$

**type\_synonym**  $( 's, 'is, 'r, 'a ) \text{ alg\_on} = ('s \Rightarrow 'is) * ('s * 'is \Rightarrow 'r \Rightarrow 'a * 'is)$

**locale** *On\_Off* =

**fixes**  $\text{step} :: 'state \Rightarrow 'request \Rightarrow 'answer \Rightarrow 'state$

**fixes**  $t :: 'state \Rightarrow 'request \Rightarrow 'answer \Rightarrow \text{nat}$

**fixes**  $\text{wf} :: 'state \Rightarrow 'request \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

**begin**

**fun**  $T :: 'state \Rightarrow 'request \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'answer \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$  **where**

$T\ s\ []\ [] = 0 \mid$   
 $T\ s\ (r\#\#rs)\ (a\#\#as) = t\ s\ r\ a + T\ (step\ s\ r\ a)\ rs\ as$

**definition** *Step* ::

$(\text{'state}, \text{'istate}, \text{'request}, \text{'answer})\ alg\_on$   
 $\Rightarrow \text{'state} * \text{'istate} \Rightarrow \text{'request} \Rightarrow \text{'state} * \text{'istate}$

**where**

$Step\ A\ s\ r = (let\ (a, is') = snd\ A\ s\ r\ in\ (step\ (fst\ s)\ r\ a,\ is'))$

**fun** *config'* ::  $(\text{'state}, \text{'is}, \text{'request}, \text{'answer})\ alg\_on \Rightarrow (\text{'state} * \text{'is}) \Rightarrow \text{'request}$   
*list*

$\Rightarrow (\text{'state} * \text{'is})$  **where**

$config'\ A\ s\ [] = s \mid$

$config'\ A\ s\ (r\#\#rs) = config'\ A\ (Step\ A\ s\ r)\ rs$

**lemma** *config'\_snoc*:  $config'\ A\ s\ (rs@[r]) = Step\ A\ (config'\ A\ s\ rs)\ r$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *config'\_append2*:  $config'\ A\ s\ (xs@ys) = config'\ A\ (config'\ A\ s\ xs)\ ys$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *config'\_induct*:  $P\ (fst\ init) \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge s\ q\ a.\ P\ s \Longrightarrow P\ (step\ s\ q\ a)) \Longrightarrow P\ (fst\ (config'\ A\ init\ rs))$   
*<proof>*

**abbreviation** *config where*

$config\ A\ s0\ rs == config'\ A\ (s0,\ fst\ A\ s0)\ rs$

**lemma** *config\_snoc*:  $config\ A\ s\ (rs@[r]) = Step\ A\ (config\ A\ s\ rs)\ r$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *config\_append*:  $config\ A\ s\ (xs@ys) = config'\ A\ (config\ A\ s\ xs)\ ys$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *config\_induct*:  $P\ s0 \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge s\ q\ a.\ P\ s \Longrightarrow P\ (step\ s\ q\ a)) \Longrightarrow P\ (fst\ (config\ A\ s0\ qs))$   
*<proof>*

**fun** *T\_on'* ::  $(\text{'state}, \text{'is}, \text{'request}, \text{'answer})\ alg\_on \Rightarrow (\text{'state} * \text{'is}) \Rightarrow \text{'request}$   
*list*  $\Rightarrow nat$  **where**

$T\_on'\ A\ s\ [] = 0 \mid$

$T\_on'\ A\ s\ (r\#\#rs) = (t\ (fst\ s)\ r\ (fst\ (snd\ A\ s\ r))) + T\_on'\ A\ (Step\ A\ s\ r)$



*rs*

**lemma** *T\_on'\_append*:  $T\_on' A s (xs@ys) = T\_on' A s xs + T\_on' A (config' A s xs) ys$   
*<proof>*

**abbreviation** *T\_on''* :: ('state, 'is, 'request, 'answer) alg\_on  $\Rightarrow$  'state  $\Rightarrow$  'request list  $\Rightarrow$  nat **where**  
 $T\_on'' A s rs == T\_on' A (s, fst A s) rs$

**lemma** *T\_on\_append*:  $T\_on'' A s (xs@ys) = T\_on'' A s xs + T\_on' A (config A s xs) ys$   
*<proof>*

**abbreviation** *T\_on\_n* A s0 xs n ==  $T\_on' A (config A s0 (take n xs)) [xs!n]$

**lemma** *T\_on\_as\_sum*:  $T\_on'' A s0 rs = sum (T\_on_n A s0 rs) \{..<length rs\}$   
*<proof>*

**fun** *off2* :: ('state, 'is, 'request, 'answer) alg\_on  $\Rightarrow$  ('state \* 'is, 'request, 'answer) alg\_off **where**  
 $off2 A s [] = []$  |  
 $off2 A s (r\#rs) = fst (snd A s r) \# off2 A (Step A s r) rs$

**abbreviation** *off* :: ('state, 'is, 'request, 'answer) alg\_on  $\Rightarrow$  ('state, 'request, 'answer) alg\_off **where**  
 $off A s0 \equiv off2 A (s0, fst A s0)$

**abbreviation** *T\_off* :: ('state, 'request, 'answer) alg\_off  $\Rightarrow$  'state  $\Rightarrow$  'request list  $\Rightarrow$  nat **where**  
 $T\_off A s0 rs == T s0 rs (A s0 rs)$

**abbreviation** *T\_on* :: ('state, 'is, 'request, 'answer) alg\_on  $\Rightarrow$  'state  $\Rightarrow$  'request list  $\Rightarrow$  nat **where**  
 $T\_on A == T\_off (off A)$

**lemma**  $T\_on\_on'$ :  $T\_off (\lambda s0. (off2 A (s0, x))) s0 qs = T\_on' A (s0, x) qs$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $T\_on\_on''$ :  $T\_on A s0 qs = T\_on'' A s0 qs$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $T\_on\_as\_sum$ :  $T\_on A s0 rs = sum (T\_on\_n A s0 rs) \{..<length rs\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition**  $T\_opt$  ::  $'state \Rightarrow 'request\ list \Rightarrow nat$  **where**  
 $T\_opt\ s\ rs = Inf \{T\ s\ rs\ as \mid as.\ size\ as = size\ rs\}$

**definition**  $compet$  ::  $('state, 'is, 'request, 'answer) alg\_on \Rightarrow real \Rightarrow 'state\ set$   
 $\Rightarrow bool$  **where**  
 $compet\ A\ c\ S = (\forall s \in S. \exists b \geq 0. \forall rs. wf\ s\ rs \longrightarrow real(T\_on\ A\ s\ rs) \leq c * T\_opt\ s\ rs + b)$

**lemma**  $length\_off[simp]$ :  $length(off2 A s rs) = length rs$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $compet\_mono$ : **assumes**  $compet\ A\ c\ S0$  **and**  $c \leq c'$   
**shows**  $compet\ A\ c'\ S0$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $competE$ : **fixes**  $c :: real$   
**assumes**  $compet\ A\ c\ S0$   $c \geq 0$   $\forall s0\ rs. size(aoff\ s0\ rs) = length\ rs$   $s0 \in S0$   
**shows**  $\exists b \geq 0. \forall rs. wf\ s0\ rs \longrightarrow T\_on\ A\ s0\ rs \leq c * T\_off\ aoff\ s0\ rs + b$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**end**

**end**

## 4 Probability Theory

**theory**  $Prob\_Theory$   
**imports**  $HOL-Probability.Probability$   
**begin**

**lemma** *integral\_map\_pmf*[simp]:  
**fixes**  $f::real \Rightarrow real$   
**shows**  $(\int x. f x \partial(\text{map\_pmf } g M)) = (\int x. f (g x) \partial M)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

#### 4.1 function $E$

**definition**  $E :: real \text{ pmf} \Rightarrow real$  **where**  
 $E M = (\int x. x \partial \text{measure\_pmf } M)$

##### translations

$\int x. f \partial M \leq CONST \text{ lebesgue\_integral } M (\lambda x. f)$

**notation** (*latex output*)  $E$  ( $E[-]$  [1] 100)

**lemma** *E\_const*[simp]:  $E (\text{return\_pmf } a) = a$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *E\_null*[simp]:  $E (\text{return\_pmf } 0) = 0$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *E\_finite\_sum*:  $\text{finite } (\text{set\_pmf } X) \Longrightarrow E X = (\sum_{x \in (\text{set\_pmf } X)} \text{pmf } X x * x)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *E\_of\_const*:  $E(\text{map\_pmf } (\lambda x. y) (X::real \text{ pmf})) = y$   $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *E\_nonneg*:  
**shows**  $(\forall x \in \text{set\_pmf } X. 0 \leq x) \Longrightarrow 0 \leq E X$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *E\_nonneg\_fun*: **fixes**  $f::'a \Rightarrow real$   
**shows**  $(\forall x \in \text{set\_pmf } X. 0 \leq f x) \Longrightarrow 0 \leq E (\text{map\_pmf } f X)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *E\_cong*:  
**fixes**  $f::'a \Rightarrow real$   
**shows**  $\text{finite } (\text{set\_pmf } X) \Longrightarrow (\forall x \in \text{set\_pmf } X. (f x) = (u x)) \Longrightarrow E (\text{map\_pmf } f X) = E (\text{map\_pmf } u X)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *E\_mono3*:  
**fixes**  $f::'a \Rightarrow real$

**shows**  $\text{integrable (measure\_pmf } X) f \implies \text{integrable (measure\_pmf } X) u$   
 $\implies (\forall x \in \text{set\_pmf } X. (f x) \leq (u x)) \implies E (\text{map\_pmf } f X) \leq E (\text{map\_pmf } u X)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *E\_mono2*:

**fixes**  $f::'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$

**shows**  $\text{finite (set\_pmf } X) \implies (\forall x \in \text{set\_pmf } X. (f x) \leq (u x)) \implies E$   
 $(\text{map\_pmf } f X) \leq E (\text{map\_pmf } u X)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *E\_linear\_diff2*:  $\text{finite (set\_pmf } A) \implies E (\text{map\_pmf } f A) - E (\text{map\_pmf } g A) = E (\text{map\_pmf } (\lambda x. (f x) - (g x)) A)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *E\_linear\_plus2*:  $\text{finite (set\_pmf } A) \implies E (\text{map\_pmf } f A) + E (\text{map\_pmf } g A) = E (\text{map\_pmf } (\lambda x. (f x) + (g x)) A)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *E\_linear\_sum2*:  $\text{finite (set\_pmf } D) \implies E(\text{map\_pmf } (\lambda x. (\sum i < up. f i x)) D)$   
 $= (\sum i < (up::\text{nat}). E(\text{map\_pmf } (f i) D))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *E\_linear\_sum\_allg*:  $\text{finite (set\_pmf } D) \implies E(\text{map\_pmf } (\lambda x. (\sum i \in A. f i x)) D)$   
 $= (\sum i \in (A::'a \text{ set}). E(\text{map\_pmf } (f i) D))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *E\_finite\_sum\_fun*:  $\text{finite (set\_pmf } X) \implies$   
 $E (\text{map\_pmf } f X) = (\sum x \in \text{set\_pmf } X. \text{pmf } X x * f x)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *E\_bernoulli*:  $0 \leq p \implies p \leq 1 \implies$   
 $E (\text{map\_pmf } f (\text{bernoulli\_pmf } p)) = p * (f \text{ True}) + (1 - p) * (f \text{ False})$   
 ⟨proof⟩

## 4.2 function bv

**fun**  $\text{bv}:: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{bool list pmf}$  **where**  
 $\text{bv } 0 = \text{return\_pmf } []$   
 $| \text{bv } (\text{Suc } n) = \text{do } \{$   
 $\quad (xs::\text{bool list}) \leftarrow \text{bv } n;$   
 $\quad (x::\text{bool}) \leftarrow (\text{bernoulli\_pmf } 0.5);$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{return\_pmf } (x\#xs) \\ \} \end{array}$$

**lemma** *bv\_finite*: *finite (bv n)*  
 <proof>

**lemma** *len\_bv\_n*:  $\forall xs \in \text{set\_pmf } (bv\ n). \text{length } xs = n$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *bv\_set*:  $\text{set\_pmf } (bv\ n) = \{x::\text{bool list}. \text{length } x = n\}$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *len\_not\_in\_bv*:  $\text{length } xs \neq n \implies xs \notin \text{set\_pmf } (bv\ n)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *not\_n\_bv\_0*:  $\text{length } xs \neq n \implies \text{pmf } (bv\ n)\ xs = 0$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *bv\_comp\_bernoulli*:  $n < l$   
 $\implies \text{map\_pmf } (\lambda y. y!n)\ (bv\ l) = \text{bernoulli\_pmf } (5 / 10)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *pmf\_2elemlist*:  $\text{pmf } (bv\ (\text{Suc } 0))\ ([x]) = \text{pmf } (bv\ 0)\ [] * \text{pmf}$   
 $(\text{bernoulli\_pmf } (5 / 10))\ x$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *pmf\_moreelemlist*:  $\text{pmf } (bv\ (\text{Suc } n))\ (x\#xs) = \text{pmf } (bv\ n)\ xs * \text{pmf}$   
 $(\text{bernoulli\_pmf } (5 / 10))\ x$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *list\_pmf*:  $\text{length } xs = n \implies \text{pmf } (bv\ n)\ xs = (1 / 2)^n$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *bv\_0\_notlen*:  $\text{pmf } (bv\ n)\ xs = 0 \implies \text{length } xs \neq n$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *length\_xs > n*:  $\text{length } xs > n \implies \text{pmf } (bv\ n)\ xs = 0$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *map\_hd\_list\_pmf*:  $\text{map\_pmf } \text{hd}\ (bv\ (\text{Suc } n)) = \text{bernoulli\_pmf } (5 /$   
 $10)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *map\_tl\_list\_pmf*:  $\text{map\_pmf } \text{tl}\ (bv\ (\text{Suc } n)) = bv\ n$

*<proof>*

### 4.3 function *flip*

**fun** *flip* :: *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool list*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool list* **where**

*flip* [] = []  
| *flip* 0 (x#xs) = ( $\neg$ x)#xs  
| *flip* (Suc n) (x#xs) = x#(*flip* n xs)

**lemma** *flip\_length[simp]*: *length* (*flip* i xs) = *length* xs

*<proof>*

**lemma** *flip\_out\_of\_bounds*:  $y \geq \text{length } X \implies \text{flip } y X = X$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *flip\_other*:  $y < \text{length } X \implies z < \text{length } X \implies z \neq y \implies \text{flip } z X$   
 $! y = X ! y$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *flip\_itself*:  $y < \text{length } X \implies \text{flip } y X ! y = (\neg X ! y)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *flip\_twice*: *flip* i (*flip* i b) = b

*<proof>*

**lemma** *flipidiflip*:  $y < \text{length } X \implies e < \text{length } X \implies \text{flip } e X ! y = (\text{if } e=y \text{ then } \sim (X ! y) \text{ else } X ! y)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *bernoulli\_Not*: *map\_pmf* *Not* (*bernoulli\_pmf* (1 / 2)) = (*bernoulli\_pmf* (1 / 2))

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inv\_flip\_bv*: *map\_pmf* (*flip* i) (*bv* n) = (*bv* n)

*<proof>*

### 4.4 Example for pmf

**definition** *twocoins* =

do {  
  *x*  $\leftarrow$  (*bernoulli\_pmf* 0.4);  
  *y*  $\leftarrow$  (*bernoulli\_pmf* 0.5);  
  *return\_pmf* (*x*  $\vee$  *y*)  
}

**lemma** *experiment0\_7*:  $\text{pmf twocoins True} = 0.7$   
 ⟨proof⟩

#### 4.5 Sum Distribution

**definition**  $\text{Sum\_pmf } p \text{ Da Db} = (\text{bernoulli\_pmf } p) \gg= (\%b. \text{if } b \text{ then } \text{map\_pmf Inl Da} \text{ else } \text{map\_pmf Inr Db})$

**lemma** *b0*:  $\text{bernoulli\_pmf } 0 = \text{return\_pmf False}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *b1*:  $\text{bernoulli\_pmf } 1 = \text{return\_pmf True}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *Sum\\_pmf\_0*:  $\text{Sum\_pmf } 0 \text{ Da Db} = \text{map\_pmf Inr Db}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *Sum\\_pmf\_1*:  $\text{Sum\_pmf } 1 \text{ Da Db} = \text{map\_pmf Inl Da}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**definition**  $\text{Proj1\_pmf } D = \text{map\_pmf } (\%a. \text{case } a \text{ of Inl } e \Rightarrow e) (\text{cond\_pmf } D \{f. (\exists e. \text{Inl } e = f)\})$

**lemma** *A*:  $(\text{case\_sum } (\lambda e. e) (\lambda a. \text{undefined})) (\text{Inl } e) = e$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *B*:  $\text{inj } (\text{case\_sum } (\lambda e. e) (\lambda a. \text{undefined}))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *none*:  $p > 0 \implies p < 1 \implies (\text{set\_pmf } (\text{bernoulli\_pmf } p \gg= (\lambda b. \text{if } b \text{ then } \text{map\_pmf Inl Da} \text{ else } \text{map\_pmf Inr Db})) \cap \{f. (\exists e. \text{Inl } e = f)\}) \neq \{\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *none2*:  $p > 0 \implies p < 1 \implies (\text{set\_pmf } (\text{bernoulli\_pmf } p \gg= (\lambda b. \text{if } b \text{ then } \text{map\_pmf Inl Da} \text{ else } \text{map\_pmf Inr Db})) \cap \{f. (\exists e. \text{Inr } e = f)\}) \neq \{\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *C*:  $\text{set\_pmf } (\text{Proj1\_pmf } (\text{Sum\_pmf } 0.5 \text{ Da Db})) = \text{set\_pmf Da}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *integral\_measure\_pmf*

**thm** *pmf\_cond pmf\_cond*[OF none]

**lemma** *proj1\_pmf*: **assumes**  $p > 0$   $p < 1$  **shows**  $Proj1\_pmf (Sum\_pmf\ p\ Da\ Db) = Da$   
<proof>

**definition**  $Proj2\_pmf\ D = map\_pmf\ (\%a. case\ a\ of\ Inr\ e \Rightarrow e)\ (cond\_pmf\ D\ \{f. (\exists\ e. Inr\ e = f)\})$

**lemma** *proj2\_pmf*: **assumes**  $p > 0$   $p < 1$  **shows**  $Proj2\_pmf (Sum\_pmf\ p\ Da\ Db) = Db$   
<proof>

**definition**  $invSum\ invA\ invB\ D\ x\ i == invA\ (Proj1\_pmf\ D)\ x\ i \wedge invB\ (Proj2\_pmf\ D)\ x\ i$

**lemma** *invSum\_split*:  $p > 0 \Longrightarrow p < 1 \Longrightarrow invA\ Da\ x\ i \Longrightarrow invB\ Db\ x\ i \Longrightarrow invSum\ invA\ invB\ (Sum\_pmf\ p\ Da\ Db)\ x\ i$   
<proof>

**term**  $(\%a. case\ a\ of\ Inl\ e \Rightarrow Inl\ (fa\ e) \mid Inr\ e \Rightarrow Inr\ (fb\ e))$

**definition**  $f\_on2\ fa\ fb = (\%a. case\ a\ of\ Inl\ e \Rightarrow map\_pmf\ Inl\ (fa\ e) \mid Inr\ e \Rightarrow map\_pmf\ Inr\ (fb\ e))$

**term** *bind\_pmf*

**lemma** *Sum\_bind\_pmf*: **assumes**  $a: bind\_pmf\ Da\ fa = Da'$  **and**  $b: bind\_pmf\ Db\ fb = Db'$

**shows**  $bind\_pmf\ (Sum\_pmf\ p\ Da\ Db)\ (f\_on2\ fa\ fb) = Sum\_pmf\ p\ Da'\ Db'$

<proof>

**definition**  $sum\_map\_pmf\ fa\ fb = (\%a. case\ a\ of\ Inl\ e \Rightarrow Inl\ (fa\ e) \mid Inr\ e \Rightarrow Inr\ (fb\ e))$

**lemma** *Sum\_map\_pmf*: **assumes**  $a: map\_pmf\ fa\ Da = Da'$  **and**  $b: map\_pmf\ fb\ Db = Db'$



```

fb Db = Db'
  shows map_pmf (sum_map_pmf fa fb) (Sum_pmf p Da Db)
         = Sum_pmf p Da' Db'
⟨proof⟩

```

**end**

## 5 Randomized Online and Offline Algorithms

```

theory Competitive_Analysis
imports
  Prob_Theory
  On_Off
begin

```

### 5.1 Competitive Analysis Formalized

```

type_synonym ('s,'is,'r,'a)alg_on_step = ('s * 'is ⇒ 'r ⇒ ('a * 'is) pmf)
type_synonym ('s,'is)alg_on_init = ('s ⇒ 'is pmf)
type_synonym ('s,'is,'q,'a)alg_on_rand = ('s,'is)alg_on_init * ('s,'is,'q,'a)alg_on_step

```

#### 5.1.1 classes of algorithms

```

definition deterministic_init :: ('s,'is)alg_on_init ⇒ bool where
  deterministic_init I ⟷ (∀ init. card( set_pmf (I init)) = 1)

```

```

definition deterministic_step :: ('s,'is,'q,'a)alg_on_step ⇒ bool where
  deterministic_step S ⟷ (∀ i is q. card( set_pmf (S (i, is) q)) = 1)

```

```

definition random_step :: ('s,'is,'q,'a)alg_on_step ⇒ bool where
  random_step S ⟷ ~ deterministic_step S

```

#### 5.1.2 Randomized Online and Offline Algorithms

```

context On_Off
begin

```

```

fun steps where
  steps s [] [] = s
| steps s (q#qs) (a#as) = steps (step s q a) qs as

```

**lemma** *steps\_append*:  $\text{length } qs = \text{length } as \implies \text{steps } s (qs@qs') (as@as') = \text{steps } (\text{steps } s qs as) qs' as'$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *T\_append*:  $\text{length } qs = \text{length } as \implies T s (qs@[q]) (as@[a]) = T s qs as + t (\text{steps } s qs as) q a$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *T\_append2*:  $\text{length } qs = \text{length } as \implies T s (qs@qs') (as@as') = T s qs as + T (\text{steps } s qs as) qs' as'$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**abbreviation** *Step\_rand* :: ('state,'is,'request,'answer) alg\_on\_rand  $\Rightarrow$  'request  $\Rightarrow$  'state \* 'is  $\Rightarrow$  ('state \* 'is) pmf **where**  
*Step\_rand* A r s  $\equiv$  bind\_pmf ((snd A) s r) ( $\lambda(a,is'). \text{return\_pmf } (\text{step } (fst s) r a, is')$ )

**fun** *config'\_rand* :: ('state,'is,'request,'answer) alg\_on\_rand  $\Rightarrow$  ('state\*'is) pmf  $\Rightarrow$  'request list  
 $\Rightarrow$  ('state \* 'is) pmf **where**  
*config'\_rand* A s [] = s |  
*config'\_rand* A s (r#rs) = *config'\_rand* A (s  $\gg$  Step\_rand A r) rs

**lemma** *config'\_rand\_snoc*:  $\text{config}'\_rand A s (rs@[r]) = \text{config}'\_rand A s rs \gg \text{Step\_rand } A r$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *config'\_rand\_append*:  $\text{config}'\_rand A s (xs@ys) = \text{config}'\_rand A (\text{config}'\_rand A s xs) ys$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**abbreviation** *config\_rand* **where**  
*config\_rand* A s0 rs == *config'\_rand* A ((fst A s0)  $\gg$  ( $\lambda is. \text{return\_pmf } (s0, is)$ )) rs

**lemma** *config'\_rand\_induct*:  $(\forall x \in \text{set\_pmf } \text{init}. P (fst x)) \implies (\bigwedge s q a. P s \implies P (\text{step } s q a)) \implies \forall x \in \text{set\_pmf } (\text{config}'\_rand A \text{init } qs). P (fst x)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *config\_rand\_induct*:  $P\ s0 \implies (\bigwedge s\ q\ a. P\ s \implies P\ (\text{step}\ s\ q\ a)) \implies \forall x \in \text{set\_pmf}\ (\text{config\_rand}\ A\ s0\ qs). P\ (\text{fst}\ x)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**fun** *T\_on\_rand'* :: ('state,'is,'request,'answer) *alg\_on\_rand*  $\Rightarrow$  ('state\*'is) *pmf*  $\Rightarrow$  'request list  $\Rightarrow$  real **where**  
*T\_on\_rand'* A s [] = 0 |  
*T\_on\_rand'* A s (r#rs) = E ( s  $\gg$  (λs. bind\_pmf (snd A s r) (λ(a,is'). return\_pmf (real (t (fst s) r a)))) )  
 + *T\_on\_rand'* A (s  $\gg$  Step\_rand A r) rs

**lemma** *T\_on\_rand'\_append*:  $T\_on\_rand'\ A\ s\ (xs@ys) = T\_on\_rand'\ A\ s\ xs + T\_on\_rand'\ A\ (\text{config}'\_rand\ A\ s\ xs)\ ys$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**abbreviation** *T\_on\_rand* :: ('state,'is,'request,'answer) *alg\_on\_rand*  $\Rightarrow$  'state  $\Rightarrow$  'request list  $\Rightarrow$  real **where**  
*T\_on\_rand* A s rs == *T\_on\_rand'* A (fst A s  $\gg$  (λis. return\_pmf (s,is))) rs

**lemma** *T\_on\_rand\_append*:  $T\_on\_rand\ A\ s\ (xs@ys) = T\_on\_rand\ A\ s\ xs + T\_on\_rand'\ A\ (\text{config\_rand}\ A\ s\ xs)\ ys$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**abbreviation** *T\_on\_rand'\_n* A s0 xs n == *T\_on\_rand'* A (config'\_rand A s0 (take n xs)) [xs!n]

**lemma** *T\_on\_rand'\_as\_sum*:  $T\_on\_rand'\ A\ s0\ rs = \text{sum}\ (T\_on\_rand'\_n\ A\ s0\ rs)\ \{\dots < \text{length}\ rs\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**abbreviation** *T\_on\_rand\_n* A s0 xs n == *T\_on\_rand'* A (config\_rand A s0 (take n xs)) [xs!n]

**lemma** *T\_on\_rand\_as\_sum*:  $T\_on\_rand\ A\ s0\ rs = \text{sum}\ (T\_on\_rand\_n\ A\ s0\ rs)\ \{\dots < \text{length}\ rs\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *T\_on\_rand'\_nn*:  $T\_on\_rand'\ A\ s\ qs \geq 0$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *T\_on\_rand\_nn*:  $T\_on\_rand (I,S) s0 qs \geq 0$

*<proof>*

**definition** *compet\_rand* :: ('state,'is,'request,'answer) alg\_on\_rand  $\Rightarrow$  real  
 $\Rightarrow$  'state set  $\Rightarrow$  bool **where**

*compet\_rand* A c S0 = ( $\forall s \in S0. \exists b \geq 0. \forall rs. wf s rs \longrightarrow T\_on\_rand A s$   
 $rs \leq c * T\_opt s rs + b$ )

## 5.2 embedding of deterministic into randomized algorithms

**fun** *embed* :: ('state,'is,'request,'answer) alg\_on  $\Rightarrow$  ('state,'is,'request,'answer)  
alg\_on\_rand **where**

*embed* A = ( ( $\lambda s. return\_pmf (fst A s)$ ) ,  
( $\lambda s r. return\_pmf (snd A s r)$ ) )

**lemma** *T\_deter\_rand*:  $T\_off (\lambda s0. (off2 A (s0, x))) s0 qs = T\_on\_rand'$   
(*embed* A) (*return\_pmf* (s0,x)) qs

*<proof>*

**lemma** *config'\_embed*: *config'\_rand* (*embed* A) (*return\_pmf* s0) qs = *re-*  
*turn\_pmf* (*config' A* s0 qs)

*<proof>*

**lemma** *config\_embed*: *config\_rand* (*embed* A) s0 qs = *return\_pmf* (*config* A  
s0 qs)

*<proof>*

**lemma** *T\_on\_embed*:  $T\_on A s0 qs = T\_on\_rand (embed A) s0 qs$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *T\_on'\_embed*:  $T\_on' A (s0,x) qs = T\_on\_rand' (embed A) (return\_pmf$   
(s0,x)) qs

*<proof>*

**lemma** *compet\_embed*: *compet* A c S0 = *compet\_rand* (*embed* A) c S0

*<proof>*

end

end

## 6 Deterministic List Update

**theory** *Move\_to\_Front*

**imports**

*Swaps*

*On\_Off*

*Competitive\_Analysis*

**begin**

**declare** *Let\_def[simp]*

### 6.1 Function *mtf*

**definition** *mtf* :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list **where**

*mtf* *x* *xs* =

(if *x*  $\in$  set *xs* then *x* # (take (index *xs* *x*) *xs*) @ drop (index *xs* *x* + 1) *xs*  
else *xs*)

**lemma** *mtf\_id[simp]*: *x*  $\notin$  set *xs*  $\Longrightarrow$  *mtf* *x* *xs* = *xs*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *mtf0[simp]*: *x*  $\in$  set *xs*  $\Longrightarrow$  *mtf* *x* *xs* ! 0 = *x*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *before\_in\_mtf*: **assumes** *z*  $\in$  set *xs*

**shows** *x* < *y* in *mtf* *z* *xs*  $\longleftrightarrow$

(*y*  $\neq$  *z*  $\wedge$  (if *x*=*z* then *y*  $\in$  set *xs* else *x* < *y* in *xs*))

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Inv\_mtf*: set *xs* = set *ys*  $\Longrightarrow$  *z* : set *ys*  $\Longrightarrow$  *Inv* *xs* (*mtf* *z* *ys*) =

*Inv* *xs* *ys*  $\cup$  {(*x*,*z*) | *x*. *x* < *z* in *xs*  $\wedge$  *x* < *z* in *ys*}

– {(*z*,*x*) | *x*. *z* < *x* in *xs*  $\wedge$  *x* < *z* in *ys*}

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set\_mtf[simp]*: set(*mtf* *x* *xs*) = set *xs*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *length\_mtf[simp]*: size (*mtf* *x* *xs*) = size *xs*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *distinct\_mtf[simp]*:  $\text{distinct } (\text{mtf } x \text{ } xs) = \text{distinct } xs$   
*<proof>*

## 6.2 Function *mtf2*

**definition** *mtf2* ::  $\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list}$  **where**  
*mtf2*  $n \ x \ xs =$   
(if  $x : \text{set } xs$  then  $\text{swaps } [\text{index } xs \ x - n .. < \text{index } xs \ x]$   $xs$  else  $xs$ )

**lemma** *mtf\_eq\_mtf2*:  $\text{mtf } x \text{ } xs = \text{mtf2 } (\text{length } xs - 1) \ x \ xs$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *mtf20[simp]*:  $\text{mtf2 } 0 \ x \ xs = xs$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *length\_mtf2[simp]*:  $\text{length } (\text{mtf2 } n \ x \ xs) = \text{length } xs$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *set\_mtf2[simp]*:  $\text{set}(\text{mtf2 } n \ x \ xs) = \text{set } xs$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *distinct\_mtf2[simp]*:  $\text{distinct } (\text{mtf2 } n \ x \ xs) = \text{distinct } xs$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *card\_Inv\_mtf2*:  $xs!j = ys!0 \implies j < \text{length } xs \implies \text{dist\_perm } xs \ ys$   
 $\implies$   
 $\text{card } (\text{Inv } (\text{swaps } [i .. < j] \ xs) \ ys) = \text{card } (\text{Inv } xs \ ys) - \text{int}(j-i)$   
*<proof>*

## 6.3 Function *Lxy*

**definition** *Lxy* ::  $'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list}$  **where**  
*Lxy*  $xs \ S = \text{filter } (\lambda z. z \in S) \ xs$

**thm** *inter\_set\_filter*

**lemma** *Lxy\_length\_cons*:  $\text{length } (\text{Lxy } xs \ S) \leq \text{length } (\text{Lxy } (x\#xs) \ S)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *Lxy\_empty[simp]*:  $\text{Lxy } [] \ S = []$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *Lxy\_set\_filter*:  $\text{set } (\text{Lxy } xs \ S) = S \cap \text{set } xs$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Lxy\_distinct*: *distinct xs*  $\implies$  *distinct (Lxy xs S)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Lxy\_append*: *Lxy (xs@ys) S = Lxy xs S @ Lxy ys S*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Lxy\_snoc*: *Lxy (xs@[x]) S = (if  $x \in S$  then *Lxy xs S @ [x]* else *Lxy xs S*)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Lxy\_not*: *S  $\cap$  set xs = {}*  $\implies$  *Lxy xs S = []*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Lxy\_notin*: *set xs  $\cap$  S = {}*  $\implies$  *Lxy xs S = []*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Lxy\_in*: *x  $\in$  S*  $\implies$  *Lxy [x] S = [x]*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Lxy\_project*:

**assumes** *x  $\neq$  y* *x  $\in$  set xs* *y  $\in$  set xs* *distinct xs*

**and** *x < y* *in xs*

**shows** *Lxy xs {x,y} = [x,y]*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Lxy\_mono*: *{x,y}  $\subseteq$  set xs*  $\implies$  *distinct xs*  $\implies$  *x < y* *in xs = x < y* *in Lxy xs {x,y}*

*<proof>*

## 6.4 List Update as Online/Offline Algorithm

**type\_synonym** *'a state = 'a list*

**type\_synonym** *answer = nat \* nat list*

**definition** *step :: 'a state  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  answer  $\Rightarrow$  'a state* **where**

*step s r a =*

*(let (k,sws) = a in mtf2 k r (swaps sws s))*

**definition**  $t :: 'a \text{ state} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{answer} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$  **where**  
 $t \ s \ r \ a = (\text{let } (mf,sws) = a \text{ in index } (\text{swaps } sws \ s) \ r + 1 + \text{size } sws)$

**definition**  $\text{static}$  **where**  $\text{static } s \ rs = (\text{set } rs \subseteq \text{set } s)$

**interpretation**  $\text{On\_Off step } t \ \text{static} \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**type\_synonym**  $'a \ \text{alg\_off} = 'a \ \text{state} \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{list} \Rightarrow \text{answer list}$   
**type\_synonym**  $('a, 'is) \ \text{alg\_on} = ('a \ \text{state}, 'is, 'a, \text{answer}) \ \text{alg\_on}$

**lemma**  $T\_ge\_len$ :  $\text{length } as = \text{length } rs \Longrightarrow T \ s \ rs \ as \geq \text{length } rs$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $T\_off\_neq0$ :  $(\bigwedge rs \ s0. \text{size}(\text{alg } s0 \ rs) = \text{length } rs) \Longrightarrow$   
 $rs \neq [] \Longrightarrow T\_off \ \text{alg } s0 \ rs \neq 0$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{length\_step}[simp]$ :  $\text{length } (\text{step } s \ r \ as) = \text{length } s$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{step\_Nil\_iff}[simp]$ :  $\text{step } xs \ r \ act = [] \longleftrightarrow xs = []$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{set\_step2}$ :  $\text{set}(\text{step } s \ r \ (mf,sws)) = \text{set } s$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{set\_step}$ :  $\text{set}(\text{step } s \ r \ act) = \text{set } s$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{distinct\_step}$ :  $\text{distinct}(\text{step } s \ r \ as) = \text{distinct } s$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

## 6.5 Online Algorithm Move-to-Front is 2-Competitive

**definition**  $\text{MTF} :: ('a, \text{unit}) \ \text{alg\_on}$  **where**  
 $\text{MTF} = (\lambda_. (), \lambda s \ r. ((\text{size } (\text{fst } s) - 1, []), ()))$

It was first proved by Sleator and Tarjan [?] that the Move-to-Front algorithm is 2-competitive.

**lemma**  $\text{potential}$ :

**fixes**  $t :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a :: \text{linordered\_ab\_group\_add}$  **and**  $p :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a$   
**assumes**  $p0$ :  $p \ 0 = 0$  **and**  $ppos$ :  $\bigwedge n. p \ n \geq 0$   
**and**  $ub$ :  $\bigwedge n. t \ n + p(n+1) - p \ n \leq u \ n$



**shows**  $(\sum i < n. t\ i) \leq (\sum i < n. u\ i)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *potential2*:

**fixes**  $t :: nat \Rightarrow 'a::linordered\_ab\_group\_add$  **and**  $p :: nat \Rightarrow 'a$

**assumes**  $p0: p\ 0 = 0$  **and**  $ppos: \bigwedge n. p\ n \geq 0$

**and**  $ub: \bigwedge m. m < n \implies t\ m + p(m+1) - p\ m \leq u\ m$

**shows**  $(\sum i < n. t\ i) \leq (\sum i < n. u\ i)$

⟨proof⟩

**abbreviation**  $before\ x\ xs \equiv \{y. y < x\ in\ xs\}$

**abbreviation**  $after\ x\ xs \equiv \{y. x < y\ in\ xs\}$

**lemma** *finite\_before[simp]*:  $finite\ (before\ x\ xs)$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *finite\_after[simp]*:  $finite\ (after\ x\ xs)$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *before\_conv\_take*:

$x : set\ xs \implies before\ x\ xs = set\ (take\ (index\ xs\ x)\ xs)$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *card\_before*:  $distinct\ xs \implies x : set\ xs \implies card\ (before\ x\ xs) = index$

$xs\ x$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *before\_Un*:  $set\ xs = set\ ys \implies x : set\ xs \implies$

$before\ x\ ys = before\ x\ xs \cap before\ x\ ys \cup after\ x\ xs \cap before\ x\ ys$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *phi\_diff\_aux*:

$card\ (Inv\ xs\ ys \cup$

$\{(y, x) \mid y. y < x\ in\ xs \wedge y < x\ in\ ys\} -$

$\{(x, y) \mid y. x < y\ in\ xs \wedge y < x\ in\ ys\}) =$

$card\ (Inv\ xs\ ys) + card\ (before\ x\ xs \cap before\ x\ ys)$

$- int\ (card\ (after\ x\ xs \cap before\ x\ ys))$

(**is**  $card\ (?I \cup ?B - ?A) = card\ ?I + card\ ?b - int\ (card\ ?a)$ )

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *not\_before\_Cons[simp]*:  $\neg x < y\ in\ y \# xs$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *before\_Cons[simp]*:

$y \in \text{set } xs \implies y \neq x \implies \text{before } y (x\#xs) = \text{insert } x (\text{before } y xs)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *card\_before\_le\_index*:  $\text{card } (\text{before } x xs) \leq \text{index } xs x$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *config\_config\_length*:  $\text{length } (\text{fst } (\text{config } A \text{ init } qs)) = \text{length } \text{init}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *config\_config\_distinct*:

**shows**  $\text{distinct } (\text{fst } (\text{config } A \text{ init } qs)) = \text{distinct } \text{init}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *config\_config\_set*:

**shows**  $\text{set } (\text{fst } (\text{config } A \text{ init } qs)) = \text{set } \text{init}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *config\_config*:

$\text{set } (\text{fst } (\text{config } A \text{ init } qs)) = \text{set } \text{init}$

$\wedge \text{distinct } (\text{fst } (\text{config } A \text{ init } qs)) = \text{distinct } \text{init}$

$\wedge \text{length } (\text{fst } (\text{config } A \text{ init } qs)) = \text{length } \text{init}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *config\_dist\_perm*:

$\text{distinct } \text{init} \implies \text{dist\_perm } (\text{fst } (\text{config } A \text{ init } qs)) \text{ init}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *config\_rand\_length*:  $\forall x \in \text{set\_pmf } (\text{config\_rand } A \text{ init } qs). \text{length } (\text{fst } x) = \text{length } \text{init}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *config\_rand\_distinct*:

**shows**  $\forall x \in (\text{config\_rand } A \text{ init } qs). \text{distinct } (\text{fst } x) = \text{distinct } \text{init}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *config\_rand\_set*:

**shows**  $\forall x \in (\text{config\_rand } A \text{ init } qs). \text{set } (\text{fst } x) = \text{set } \text{init}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *config\_rand*:

$\forall x \in (\text{config\_rand } A \text{ init } qs). \text{set } (\text{fst } x) = \text{set } \text{init}$

$\wedge \text{distinct } (\text{fst } x) = \text{distinct } \text{init} \wedge \text{length } (\text{fst } x) = \text{length } \text{init}$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *config\_rand\_dist\_perm*:

$\text{distinct } \text{init} \implies \forall x \in (\text{config\_rand } A \text{ init } \text{qs}). \text{dist\_perm } (\text{fst } x) \text{ init}$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *amor\_mtf\_ub*: **assumes**  $x : \text{set } \text{ys} \text{ set } \text{xs} = \text{set } \text{ys}$

**shows**  $\text{int}(\text{card}(\text{before } x \text{ xs } \text{Int } \text{before } x \text{ ys})) - \text{card}(\text{after } x \text{ xs } \text{Int } \text{before } x \text{ ys})$

$\leq 2 * \text{int}(\text{index } \text{xs } x) - \text{card } (\text{before } x \text{ ys})$  (**is**  $?m - ?n \leq 2 * ?j - ?k$ )  
 <proof>

**locale** *MTF\_Off* =

**fixes**  $\text{as} :: \text{answer list}$

**fixes**  $\text{rs} :: 'a \text{ list}$

**fixes**  $\text{s0} :: 'a \text{ list}$

**assumes**  $\text{dist\_s0}[\text{simp}]$ :  $\text{distinct } \text{s0}$

**assumes**  $\text{len\_as}$ :  $\text{length } \text{as} = \text{length } \text{rs}$

**begin**

**definition**  $\text{mtf\_A} :: \text{nat list where}$

$\text{mtf\_A} = \text{map } \text{fst } \text{as}$

**definition**  $\text{sw\_A} :: \text{nat list list where}$

$\text{sw\_A} = \text{map } \text{snd } \text{as}$

**fun**  $\text{s\_A} :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list where}$

$\text{s\_A } 0 = \text{s0} \mid$

$\text{s\_A}(\text{Suc } n) = \text{step } (\text{s\_A } n) (\text{rs!}n) (\text{mtf\_A!}n, \text{sw\_A!}n)$

**lemma**  $\text{length\_s\_A}[\text{simp}]$ :  $\text{length}(\text{s\_A } n) = \text{length } \text{s0}$

<proof>

**lemma**  $\text{dist\_s\_A}[\text{simp}]$ :  $\text{distinct}(\text{s\_A } n)$

<proof>

**lemma**  $\text{set\_s\_A}[\text{simp}]$ :  $\text{set}(\text{s\_A } n) = \text{set } \text{s0}$

<proof>

**fun**  $s\_mtf :: nat \Rightarrow 'a\ list$  **where**  
 $s\_mtf\ 0 = s0 \mid$   
 $s\_mtf\ (Suc\ n) = mtf\ (rs!n)\ (s\_mtf\ n)$

**definition**  $t\_mtf :: nat \Rightarrow int$  **where**  
 $t\_mtf\ n = index\ (s\_mtf\ n)\ (rs!n) + 1$

**definition**  $T\_mtf :: nat \Rightarrow int$  **where**  
 $T\_mtf\ n = (\sum\ i < n.\ t\_mtf\ i)$

**definition**  $c\_A :: nat \Rightarrow int$  **where**  
 $c\_A\ n = index\ (swaps\ (sw\_A!n)\ (s\_A\ n))\ (rs!n) + 1$

**definition**  $f\_A :: nat \Rightarrow int$  **where**  
 $f\_A\ n = min\ (mtf\_A!n)\ (index\ (swaps\ (sw\_A!n)\ (s\_A\ n))\ (rs!n))$

**definition**  $p\_A :: nat \Rightarrow int$  **where**  
 $p\_A\ n = size\ (sw\_A!n)$

**definition**  $t\_A :: nat \Rightarrow int$  **where**  
 $t\_A\ n = c\_A\ n + p\_A\ n$

**definition**  $T\_A :: nat \Rightarrow int$  **where**  
 $T\_A\ n = (\sum\ i < n.\ t\_A\ i)$

**lemma**  $length\_s\_mtf[simp]: length\ (s\_mtf\ n) = length\ s0$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $dist\_s\_mtf[simp]: distinct\ (s\_mtf\ n)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $set\_s\_mtf[simp]: set\ (s\_mtf\ n) = set\ s0$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $dperm\_inv: dist\_perm\ (s\_A\ n)\ (s\_mtf\ n)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition**  $Phi :: nat \Rightarrow int\ (\Phi)$  **where**  
 $Phi\ n = card\ (Inv\ (s\_A\ n)\ (s\_mtf\ n))$

**lemma**  $phi0: Phi\ 0 = 0$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *phi\_pos*:  $\text{Phi } n \geq 0$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mtf\_ub*:  $t\_mtf\ n + \text{Phi } (n+1) - \text{Phi } n \leq 2 * c\_A\ n - 1 + p\_A\ n - f\_A\ n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *Sleator\_Tarjan*:  $T\_mtf\ n \leq (\sum_{i < n}. 2 * c\_A\ i + p\_A\ i - f\_A\ i) - n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *Sleator\_Tarjan'*:  $T\_mtf\ n \leq 2 * T\_A\ n - n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *T\_A\_nneg*:  $0 \leq T\_A\ n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *T\_mtf\_ub*:  $\forall i < n. rs!i \in \text{set } s0 \implies T\_mtf\ n \leq n * \text{size } s0$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *T\_mtf\_competitive*: **assumes**  $s0 \neq []$  **and**  $\forall i < n. rs!i \in \text{set } s0$   
**shows**  $T\_mtf\ n \leq (2 - 1 / (\text{size } s0)) * T\_A\ n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *t\_A\_t*:  $n < \text{length } rs \implies t\_A\ n = \text{int } (t\ (s\_A\ n)\ (rs\ !\ n)\ (as\ !\ n))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *T\_A\_eq\_lem*:  $(\sum_{i=0..<\text{length } rs}. t\_A\ i) = T\ (s\_A\ 0)\ (\text{drop } 0\ rs)\ (\text{drop } 0\ as)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *T\_A\_eq*:  $T\_A\ (\text{length } rs) = T\ s0\ rs\ as$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *nth\_off\_MTF*:  $n < \text{length } rs \implies \text{off}^2\ \text{MTF } s\ rs\ !\ n = (\text{size } (\text{fst } s) - 1, [])$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *t\_mtf\_MTF*:  $n < \text{length } rs \implies t\_mtf\ n = \text{int } (t\ (s\_mtf\ n)\ (rs\ !\ n)\ (\text{off } \text{MTF } s\ rs\ !\ n))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mtf\_MTF*:  $n < \text{length } rs \implies \text{length } s = \text{length } s0 \implies \text{mtf } (rs\ !\ n)$

$s =$   
*step s (rs ! n) (off MTF s0 rs ! n)*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *T\_mtf\_eq\_lem*:  $(\sum i=0..<length\ rs.\ t\_mtf\ i) =$   
 $T\ (s\_mtf\ 0)\ (drop\ 0\ rs)\ (drop\ 0\ (off\ MTF\ s0\ rs))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *T\_mtf\_eq*:  $T\_mtf\ (length\ rs) = T\_on\ MTF\ s0\ rs$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *MTF\_competitive2*:  $s0 \neq [] \implies \forall i < length\ rs.\ rs!i \in set\ s0 \implies$   
 $T\_on\ MTF\ s0\ rs \leq (2 - 1/(size\ s0)) * T\ s0\ rs\ as$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *MTF\_competitive'*:  $T\_on\ MTF\ s0\ rs \leq 2 * T\ s0\ rs\ as$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**end**

**theorem** *compet\_MTF*: **assumes**  $s0 \neq []$  *distinct s0 set rs  $\subseteq$  set s0*  
**shows**  $T\_on\ MTF\ s0\ rs \leq (2 - 1/(size\ s0)) * T\_opt\ s0\ rs$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *compet\_MTF'*: **assumes** *distinct s0*  
**shows**  $T\_on\ MTF\ s0\ rs \leq (2::real) * T\_opt\ s0\ rs$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *MTF\_is\_2\_competitive*: *compet MTF 2 {s . distinct s}*  
 ⟨proof⟩

## 6.6 Lower Bound for Competitiveness

This result is independent of MTF but is based on the list update problem defined in this theory.

**lemma** *rat\_fun\_lem*:  
**fixes**  $l\ c :: real$   
**assumes** *[simp]: F  $\neq$  bot*  
**assumes**  $0 < l$   
**assumes** *ev*:  
*eventually*  $(\lambda n.\ l \leq f\ n / g\ n)\ F$   
*eventually*  $(\lambda n.\ (f\ n + c) / (g\ n + d) \leq u)\ F$   
**and**  
 $g: LIM\ n\ F.\ g\ n\ :>\ at\_top$

**shows**  $l \leq u$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *compet\_lb0*:

**fixes**  $a$   $Aon$   $Aoff$   $cruel$

**defines**  $f$   $s0$   $rs == real(T\_on$   $Aon$   $s0$   $rs)$

**defines**  $g$   $s0$   $rs == real(T\_off$   $Aoff$   $s0$   $rs)$

**assumes**  $\bigwedge rs$   $s0$ .  $size(Aoff$   $s0$   $rs) = length$   $rs$  **and**  $\bigwedge n$ .  $cruel$   $n \neq []$

**assumes** *compet*  $Aon$   $c$   $S0$  **and**  $c \geq 0$  **and**  $s0 \in S0$

**and**  $l$ : *eventually*  $(\lambda n$ .  $f$   $s0$   $(cruel$   $n) / (g$   $s0$   $(cruel$   $n) + a) \geq l)$  *sequentially*

**and**  $g$ : *LIM*  $n$  *sequentially*.  $g$   $s0$   $(cruel$   $n) :>$  *at\_top*

**and**  $l > 0$  **and**  $\bigwedge n$ . *static*  $s0$   $(cruel$   $n)$

**shows**  $l \leq c$

⟨proof⟩

Sorting

**fun** *ins\_sws* **where**

*ins\_sws*  $k$   $x [] = [] |$

*ins\_sws*  $k$   $x (y\#ys) = (if$   $k$   $x \leq k$   $y$  *then*  $[]$  *else*  $map$  *Suc*  $(ins\_sws$   $k$   $x$   $ys)$   $@$   
 $[0])$

**fun** *sort\_sws* **where**

*sort\_sws*  $k [] = [] |$

*sort\_sws*  $k (x\#xs) =$

$ins\_sws$   $k$   $x (sort\_key$   $k$   $xs) @ map$  *Suc*  $(sort\_sws$   $k$   $xs)$

**lemma** *length\_ins\_sws*:  $length(ins\_sws$   $k$   $x$   $xs) \leq length$   $xs$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *length\_sort\_sws\_le*:  $length(sort\_sws$   $k$   $xs) \leq length$   $xs$   $^ 2$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *swaps\_ins\_sws*:

*swaps*  $(ins\_sws$   $k$   $x$   $xs) (x\#xs) = insert\_key$   $k$   $x$   $xs$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *swaps\_sort\_sws[simp]*:

*swaps*  $(sort\_sws$   $k$   $xs) xs = sort\_key$   $k$   $xs$

⟨proof⟩

The cruel adversary:

**fun** *cruel* ::  $('a, 'is)$  *alg\_on*  $\Rightarrow 'a$  *state*  $*$   $'is \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a$  *list* **where**

*cruel*  $A$   $s$   $0 = [] |$

$cruel\ A\ s\ (Suc\ n) = last\ (fst\ s) \# cruel\ A\ (Step\ A\ s\ (last\ (fst\ s)))\ n$

**definition**  $adv :: ('a, 'is)\ alg\_on \Rightarrow ('a::linorder)\ alg\_off$  **where**

$adv\ A\ s\ rs = (if\ rs = []\ then\ []\ else$

$\quad let\ crs = cruel\ A\ (Step\ A\ (s,\ fst\ A\ s)\ (last\ s))\ (size\ rs - 1)$

$\quad in\ (0,\ sort\_sws\ (\lambda x.\ size\ rs - 1 - count\_list\ crs\ x)\ s)\ \# replicate\ (size\ rs - 1)\ (0,\ []))$

**lemma**  $set\_cruel: s \neq [] \Longrightarrow set(cruel\ A\ (s,\ is)\ n) \subseteq set\ s$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $static\_cruel: s \neq [] \Longrightarrow static\ s\ (cruel\ A\ (s,\ is)\ n)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $T\_cruel:$

$s \neq [] \Longrightarrow distinct\ s \Longrightarrow$

$T\ s\ (cruel\ A\ (s,\ is)\ n)\ (off2\ A\ (s,\ is)\ (cruel\ A\ (s,\ is)\ n)) \geq n * (length\ s)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $length\_cruel[simp]: length\ (cruel\ A\ s\ n) = n$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $t\_sort\_sws: t\ s\ r\ (mf,\ sort\_sws\ k\ s) \leq size\ s^2 + size\ s + 1$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $T\_noop:$

$n = length\ rs \Longrightarrow T\ s\ rs\ (replicate\ n\ (0,\ [])) = (\sum\ r \leftarrow rs.\ index\ s\ r + 1)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $sorted\_asc: j \leq i \Longrightarrow i < size\ ss \Longrightarrow \forall x \in set\ ss.\ \forall y \in set\ ss.\ k(x) \leq k(y) \longrightarrow f\ y \leq f\ x$

$\Longrightarrow sorted\ (map\ k\ ss) \Longrightarrow f\ (ss\ !\ i) \leq f\ (ss\ !\ j)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $sorted\_weighted\_gauss\_Ico\_div2:$

**fixes**  $f :: nat \Rightarrow nat$

**assumes**  $\bigwedge i\ j.\ i \leq j \Longrightarrow j < n \Longrightarrow f\ i \geq f\ j$

**shows**  $(\sum\ i=0..<n.\ (i + 1) * f\ i) \leq (n + 1) * sum\ f\ \{0..<n\}\ div\ 2$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $T\_adv: assumes\ l \neq 0$



**shows**  $T\_off$  (*adv*  $A$ ) [ $0..<l$ ] (*cruel*  $A$  ([ $0..<l$ ],*fst*  $A$  [ $0..<l$ ])) (*Suc*  $n$ )  
 $\leq l^2 + l + 1 + (l + 1) * n \text{ div } 2$  (**is**  $?l \leq ?r$ )  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

The main theorem:

**theorem** *compet\_lb2*:  
**assumes** *compet*  $A$   $c$  { $xs::nat$  list.  $size\ xs = l$ } **and**  $l \neq 0$  **and**  $c \geq 0$   
**shows**  $c \geq 2*l/(l+1)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**end**

**theory** *Bit\_Strings*  
**imports** *Complex\_Main*  
**begin**

## 7 Lemmas about BitStrings and sets thereof

### 7.1 the set of bitstring of length m is finite

**lemma** *bitstrings\_finite*: *finite* { $xs::bool$  list.  $length\ xs = m$ }  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

### 7.2 how to calculate the cardinality of the set of bitstrings with certain bits already set

**lemma** *fbool*: *finite* { $xs. (\forall i \in X. xs ! i) \wedge (\forall i \in Y. \neg xs ! i) \wedge length\ xs = m \wedge f\ (xs!e)$ }  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**fun** *witness* :: *nat set*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool list* **where**  
*witness*  $X$   $0 = []$   
 $| witness\ X\ (Suc\ n) = (witness\ X\ n) @ [n \in X]$

**lemma** *witness\_length*:  $length\ (witness\ X\ n) = n$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *iswitness*:  $r < n \Longrightarrow ((witness\ X\ n)!r) = (r \in X)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *card1*:  $finite\ S \Longrightarrow finite\ X \Longrightarrow finite\ Y \Longrightarrow X \cap Y = \{\} \Longrightarrow S \cap (X \cup Y) = \{\} \Longrightarrow S \cup X \cup Y = \{0..<m\} \Longrightarrow$

$\text{card } \{xs. (\forall i \in X. xs ! i) \wedge (\forall i \in Y. \neg xs ! i) \wedge \text{length } xs = m\} = 2^{(m - \text{card } X - \text{card } Y)}$   
 <proof>

**lemma card2:** *assumes finite X and finite Y and  $X \cap Y = \{\}$  and  $x: X \cup Y \subseteq \{0..<m\}$*

**shows**  $\text{card } \{xs. (\forall i \in X. xs ! i) \wedge (\forall i \in Y. \neg xs ! i) \wedge \text{length } xs = m\} = 2^{(m - \text{card } X - \text{card } Y)}$

<proof>

### 7.3 Average out the second sum for free-absch

**lemma Expectation2or1:** *finite S  $\implies$  finite Tr  $\implies$  finite Fa  $\implies$   $\text{card } Tr + \text{card } Fa + \text{card } S \leq l \implies$*

$S \cap (Tr \cup Fa) = \{\} \implies Tr \cap Fa = \{\} \implies S \cup Tr \cup Fa \subseteq \{0..<l\} \implies$

$(\sum x \in \{xs. (\forall i \in Tr. xs ! i) \wedge (\forall i \in Fa. \neg xs ! i) \wedge \text{length } xs = l\}. \sum j \in S. \text{if } x ! j \text{ then } 2 \text{ else } 1)$

$= 3 / 2 * \text{real } (\text{card } S) * 2^{(l - \text{card } Tr - \text{card } Fa)}$

<proof>

end

## 8 Effect of mtf2

**theory** MTF2\_Effects

**imports** Move\_to\_Front

**begin**

**lemma** difind\_difelem:

$i < \text{length } xs \implies \text{distinct } xs \implies xs ! j = a \implies j < \text{length } xs \implies i \neq j$

$\implies \sim a = xs ! i$

<proof>

**lemma** fullchar: *assumes index xs q < length xs*

**shows**

$(i < \text{length } xs) =$

$(\text{index } xs q < i \wedge i < \text{length } xs$

$\vee \text{index } xs q = i$

$\vee \text{index } xs q - n \leq i \wedge i < \text{index } xs q$

$\vee i < \text{index } xs q - n)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *mtf2\_effect*:

$q \in \text{set } xs \implies \text{distinct } xs \implies (\text{index } xs \ q < i \wedge i < \text{length } xs \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs!i) = \text{index } xs \ (xs!i) \wedge \text{index } xs \ q < \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n$   
 $q \ xs) \ (xs!i) \wedge \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs!i) < \text{length } xs)$

$\wedge (\text{index } xs \ q = i \longrightarrow (\text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs!i) = \text{index } xs \ q - n \wedge$   
 $\text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs!i) = \text{index } xs \ q - n))$

$\wedge (\text{index } xs \ q - n \leq i \wedge i < \text{index } xs \ q \longrightarrow (\text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs!i)$   
 $= \text{Suc } (\text{index } xs \ (xs!i)) \wedge \text{index } xs \ q - n < \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs!i) \wedge$   
 $\text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs!i) \leq \text{index } xs \ q))$

$\wedge (i < \text{index } xs \ q - n \longrightarrow (\text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs!i) = \text{index } xs \ (xs!i)$   
 $\wedge \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs!i) < \text{index } xs \ q - n))$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *mtf2\_forward\_effect1*:

$q \in \text{set } xs \implies \text{distinct } xs \implies \text{index } xs \ q < i \wedge i < \text{length } xs$

$\implies \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs \ ! \ i) = \text{index } xs \ (xs \ ! \ i) \wedge \text{index } xs \ q <$   
 $\text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs \ ! \ i) \wedge \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs \ ! \ i) < \text{length } xs$  **and**

*mtf2\_forward\_effect2*:  $q \in \text{set } xs \implies \text{distinct } xs \implies \text{index } xs \ q = i$

$\implies \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs!i) = \text{index } xs \ q - n \wedge \text{index } xs \ q - n =$   
 $\text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs!i)$  **and**

*mtf2\_forward\_effect3*:  $q \in \text{set } xs \implies \text{distinct } xs \implies \text{index } xs \ q - n \leq i$   
 $\wedge i < \text{index } xs \ q$

$\implies \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs!i) = \text{Suc } (\text{index } xs \ (xs!i)) \wedge \text{index } xs \ q -$   
 $n < \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs!i) \wedge \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs!i) \leq \text{index } xs \ q$   
**and**

*mtf2\_forward\_effect4*:  $q \in \text{set } xs \implies \text{distinct } xs \implies i < \text{index } xs \ q - n$

$\implies \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs!i) = \text{index } xs \ (xs!i) \wedge \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs)$   
 $(xs!i) < \text{index } xs \ q - n$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *yes[simp]*:  $\text{index } xs \ x < \text{length } xs$

$\implies (xs! \ \text{index } xs \ x) = x$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *mtf2\_forward\_effect1'*:

$q \in \text{set } xs \implies \text{distinct } xs \implies \text{index } xs \ q < \text{index } xs \ x \wedge \text{index } xs \ x <$   
 $\text{length } xs$

$\implies \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ x = \text{index } xs \ x \wedge \text{index } xs \ q < \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n$   
 $q \ xs) \ x \wedge \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ x < \text{length } xs$

*<proof>*

**lemma**

$mtf2\_forward\_effect2'$ :  $q \in set\ xs \implies distinct\ xs \implies index\ xs\ q = index\ xs\ x$   
 $\implies index\ (mtf2\ n\ q\ xs)\ (xs!index\ xs\ x) = index\ xs\ q - n \wedge index\ xs\ q - n = index\ (mtf2\ n\ q\ xs)\ (xs!index\ xs\ x)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma**

$mtf2\_forward\_effect3'$ :  $q \in set\ xs \implies distinct\ xs \implies index\ xs\ q - n \leq index\ xs\ x \implies index\ xs\ x < index\ xs\ q$   
 $\implies index\ (mtf2\ n\ q\ xs)\ (xs!index\ xs\ x) = Suc\ (index\ xs\ (xs!index\ xs\ x)) \wedge index\ xs\ q - n < index\ (mtf2\ n\ q\ xs)\ (xs!index\ xs\ x) \wedge index\ (mtf2\ n\ q\ xs)\ (xs!index\ xs\ x) \leq index\ xs\ q$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma**

$mtf2\_forward\_effect4'$ :  $q \in set\ xs \implies distinct\ xs \implies index\ xs\ x < index\ xs\ q - n$   
 $\implies index\ (mtf2\ n\ q\ xs)\ (xs!index\ xs\ x) = index\ xs\ (xs!index\ xs\ x) \wedge index\ (mtf2\ n\ q\ xs)\ (xs!index\ xs\ x) < index\ xs\ q - n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *splitit*:  $(index\ xs\ q < i \wedge i < length\ xs \implies P)$

$\implies (index\ xs\ q = i \implies P)$   
 $\implies (index\ xs\ q - n \leq i \wedge i < index\ xs\ q \implies P)$   
 $\implies (i < index\ xs\ q - n \implies P)$   
 $\implies (i < length\ xs \implies P)$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mtf2\_forward\_beforeq*:  $q \in set\ xs \implies distinct\ xs \implies i < index\ xs\ q$

$\implies index\ (mtf2\ n\ q\ xs)\ (xs!i) \leq index\ xs\ q$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *x\_stays\_before\_y\_if\_y\_not\_moved\_to\_front*:

**assumes**  $q \in set\ xs\ distinct\ xs\ x \in set\ xs\ y \in set\ xs\ y \neq q$

**and**  $x < y\ in\ xs$

**shows**  $x < y\ in\ (mtf2\ n\ q\ xs)$

⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *swapped\_by\_mtf2*:  $q \in set\ xs \implies distinct\ xs \implies x \in set\ xs \implies$

$y \in \text{set } xs \implies$   
 $x < y \text{ in } xs \implies y < x \text{ in } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \implies y = q$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *x\_stays\_before\_y\_if\_y\_not\_moved\_to\_front\_2dir*:  $q \in \text{set } xs \implies \text{distinct } xs \implies x \in \text{set } xs \implies y \in \text{set } xs \implies y \neq q \implies$   
 $x < y \text{ in } xs = x < y \text{ in } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mtf2\_backwards\_effect1*:  
**assumes**  $\text{index } xs \ q < \text{length } xs \ q \in \text{set } xs \ \text{distinct } xs$   
 $\text{index } xs \ q < \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs \ ! \ i) \wedge \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs \ ! \ i)$   
 $< \text{length } xs$   
 $i < \text{length } xs$   
**shows**  $\text{index } xs \ q < i \wedge i < \text{length } xs$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mtf2\_backwards\_effect2*:  
**assumes**  $\text{index } xs \ q < \text{length } xs \ q \in \text{set } xs \ \text{distinct } xs \ \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs)$   
 $(xs \ ! \ i) = \text{index } xs \ q - n$   
 $i < \text{length } xs$   
**shows**  $\text{index } xs \ q = i$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mtf2\_backwards\_effect3*:  
**assumes**  $\text{index } xs \ q < \text{length } xs \ q \in \text{set } xs \ \text{distinct } xs$   
 $\text{index } xs \ q - n < \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs \ ! \ i) \wedge \text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs$   
 $\ ! \ i) \leq \text{index } xs \ q$   
 $i < \text{length } xs$   
**shows**  $\text{index } xs \ q - n \leq i \wedge i < \text{index } xs \ q$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mtf2\_backwards\_effect4*:  
**assumes**  $\text{index } xs \ q < \text{length } xs \ q \in \text{set } xs \ \text{distinct } xs$   
 $\text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ (xs \ ! \ i) < \text{index } xs \ q - n$   
 $i < \text{length } xs$   
**shows**  $i < \text{index } xs \ q - n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mtf2\_backwards\_effect4'*:  
**assumes**  $\text{index } xs \ q < \text{length } xs \ q \in \text{set } xs \ \text{distinct } xs$   
 $\text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs) \ x < \text{index } xs \ q - n$   
 $x \in \text{set } xs$

**shows**  $(\text{index } xs \ x) < \text{index } xs \ q - n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma**

**assumes** *distA*: *distinct A* **and**

*asm*:  $q \in \text{set } A$

**shows**

*mtf2\_mono*:  $q < x \text{ in } A \implies q < x \text{ in } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ A)$  **and**

*mtf2\_q\_after*:  $\text{index } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ A) \ q = \text{index } A \ q - n$

⟨proof⟩

### 8.1 effect of mtf2 on index

**lemma** *swapsthrough*:  $\text{distinct } xs \implies q \in \text{set } xs \implies \text{index } (\text{swaps } [\text{index } xs \ q - \text{entf}..<\text{index } xs \ q] \ xs) \ q = \text{index } xs \ q - \text{entf}$

⟨proof⟩

**term** *mtf2*

**lemma** *mtf2\_moves\_to\_front*:  $\text{distinct } xs \implies q \in \text{set } xs \implies \text{index } (\text{mtf2}$

$(\text{length } xs) \ q \ xs) \ q = 0$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *xy\_relativorder\_mtf2*:

**assumes**

$q \neq x \ q \neq y \ \text{distinct } xs \ x \in \text{set } xs \ y \in \text{set } xs \ q \in \text{set } xs$

**shows**  $x < y \text{ in } \text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs$

$= x < y \text{ in } xs$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mtf2\_moves\_to\_frontm1*:  $\text{distinct } xs \implies q \in \text{set } xs \implies \text{index } (\text{mtf2}$

$(\text{length } xs - 1) \ q \ xs) \ q = 0$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mtf2\_moves\_to\_front'*:  $\text{distinct } xs \implies y \in \text{set } xs \implies x \in \text{set } xs \implies$

$x \neq y \implies x < y \text{ in } \text{mtf2 } (\text{length } xs - 1) \ x \ xs = \text{True}$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mtf2\_moves\_to\_front''*:  $\text{distinct } xs \implies y \in \text{set } xs \implies x \in \text{set } xs \implies$

$x \neq y \implies x < y \text{ in } \text{mtf2 } (\text{length } xs) \ x \ xs = \text{True}$

$\langle proof \rangle$

end

## 9 BIT: an Online Algorithm for the List Update Problem

**theory** *BIT*  
**imports**  
  *Bit.Strings*  
  *MTF2\_Effects*  
**begin**

**abbreviation** *config'' A qs init n == config\_rand A init (take n qs)*

**lemma** *sum\_my*: **fixes**  $f g :: 'b \Rightarrow 'a :: ab\_group\_add$   
  **assumes** *finite A finite B*  
  **shows**  $(\sum x \in A. f x) - (\sum x \in B. g x)$   
     $= (\sum x \in (A \cap B). f x - g x) + (\sum x \in A - B. f x) - (\sum x \in B - A. g x)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *sum\_my2*:  $(\forall x \in A. f x = g x) \implies (\sum x \in A. f x) = (\sum x \in A. g x)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

### 9.1 Definition of BIT

**definition** *BIT\_init* ::  $('a \text{ state}, \text{bool list} * 'a \text{ list}) \text{alg\_on\_init}$  **where**  
   $BIT\_init \text{ init} = \text{map\_pmf } (\lambda l. (l, \text{init})) (\text{bv } (\text{length } \text{init}))$

**lemma**  $\sim \text{deterministic\_init } BIT\_init$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition** *BIT\_step* ::  $('a \text{ state}, \text{bool list} * 'a \text{ list}, 'a, \text{answer}) \text{alg\_on\_step}$   
**where**  
   $BIT\_step \ s \ q = (\text{let } a = ((\text{if } (\text{fst } (\text{snd } s))! (\text{index } (\text{snd } (\text{snd } s)) \ q)) \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } (\text{length } (\text{fst } s))), []) \text{ in}$

$return\_pmf (a, (flip (index (snd (snd s)) q) (fst (snd s)), snd (snd s))))$

**lemma** *deterministic\_step BIT\_step*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**abbreviation** *BIT* :: ('a state, bool list\*'a list, 'a, answer)alg\_on\_rand  
**where**  
 $BIT == (BIT\_init, BIT\_step)$

## 9.2 Properties of BIT's state distribution

**lemma** *BIT\_no\_paid*:  $\forall ((free,paid),-) \in (BIT\_step s q). paid=[]$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

### 9.2.1 About the Internal State

**term**  $(config\_rand (BIT\_init, BIT\_step) s0 qs)$

**lemma** *config'\_n\_init*: **fixes**  $qs\ init\ n$

**shows**  $map\_pmf (snd \circ snd) (config\_rand (BIT\_init, BIT\_step) init qs)$   
 $= map\_pmf (snd \circ snd) init$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *config\_n\_init*:  $map\_pmf (snd \circ snd) (config\_rand (BIT\_init, BIT\_step) s0 qs) = return\_pmf s0$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *config\_n\_init2*:  $\forall (-,(-,x)) \in set\_pmf (config\_rand (BIT\_init, BIT\_step) init qs). x = init$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *config\_n\_init3*:  $\forall x \in set\_pmf (config\_rand (BIT\_init, BIT\_step) init qs). snd (snd x) = init$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *config'\_n\_bv*: **fixes**  $qs\ init\ n$

**shows**  $map\_pmf (snd \circ snd) init = return\_pmf s0$   
 $\implies map\_pmf (fst \circ snd) init = bv (length s0)$   
 $\implies map\_pmf (snd \circ snd) (config\_rand (BIT\_init, BIT\_step) init qs)$   
 $= return\_pmf s0$



$\wedge \text{map\_pmf } (fst \circ snd) (\text{config\_rand } (BIT\_init, BIT\_step) \text{ init } qs) =$   
 $bv (\text{length } s0)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *config\_n\_bv\_2*:  $\text{map\_pmf } (snd \circ snd) (\text{config\_rand } (BIT\_init, BIT\_step) s0 \text{ } qs) = \text{return\_pmf } s0$   
 $\wedge \text{map\_pmf } (fst \circ snd) (\text{config\_rand } (BIT\_init, BIT\_step) s0 \text{ } qs) =$   
 $bv (\text{length } s0)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *config\_n\_bv*:  $\text{map\_pmf } (fst \circ snd) (\text{config\_rand } (BIT\_init, BIT\_step) s0 \text{ } qs) = bv (\text{length } s0)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *config\_n\_fst\_init\_length*:  $\forall (x, -) \in \text{set\_pmf } (\text{config\_rand } (BIT\_init, BIT\_step) s0 \text{ } qs). \text{length } x = \text{length } s0$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *config\_n\_fst\_init\_length2*:  $\forall x \in \text{set\_pmf } (\text{config\_rand } (BIT\_init, BIT\_step) s0 \text{ } qs). \text{length } (fst (snd x)) = \text{length } s0$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *fperms*:  $\text{finite } \{x :: 'a \text{ list}. \text{length } x = \text{length } \text{init} \wedge \text{distinct } x \wedge \text{set } x = \text{set } \text{init}\}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *finite\_config\_BIT*: **assumes** [*simp*]: *distinct init*  
**shows**  $\text{finite } (\text{set\_pmf } (\text{config\_rand } (BIT\_init, BIT\_step) \text{ init } qs))$  (**is finite** ?*D*)  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 9.3 BIT is 1.75-competitive (a combinatorial proof)

#### 9.3.1 Definition of the Locale and Helper Functions

**locale** *BIT\_Off* =  
**fixes** *acts* :: *answer list*  
**fixes** *qs* :: *'a list*

**fixes** *init* :: 'a list  
**assumes** *dist\_init[simp]*: *distinct init*  
**assumes** *len\_acts*: *length acts = length qs*  
**begin**

**lemma** *setinit*: (*index init*) ' *set init = {0..<length init}*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**definition** *free\_A* :: *nat list* **where**  
*free\_A = map fst acts*

**definition** *paid\_A'* :: *nat list list* **where**  
*paid\_A' = map snd acts*

**definition** *paid\_A* :: *nat list list* **where**  
*paid\_A = map (filter (λx. Suc x < length init)) paid\_A'*

**lemma** *len\_paid\_A[simp]*: *length paid\_A = length qs*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *len\_paid\_A'[simp]*: *length paid\_A' = length qs*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *paidAnm\_inbound*:  $n < \text{length } \text{paid\_A} \implies m < \text{length}(\text{paid\_A}!n)$   
 $\implies (\text{Suc } ((\text{paid\_A}!n)!(\text{length } (\text{paid\_A} ! n) - \text{Suc } m))) < \text{length } \text{init}$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**fun** *s\_A'* :: *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  'a list **where**  
*s\_A' 0 = init* |  
*s\_A'(Suc n) = step (s\_A' n) (qs!n) (free\_A!n, paid\_A!n)*

**lemma** *length\_s\_A'[simp]*: *length(s\_A' n) = length init*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *dist\_s\_A'[simp]*: *distinct(s\_A' n)*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *set\_s\_A'[simp]*: *set(s\_A' n) = set init*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**fun** *s\_A* :: *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  'a list **where**  
*s\_A 0 = init* |  
*s\_A(Suc n) = step (s\_A n) (qs!n) (free\_A!n, paid\_A!n)*

**lemma** *length\_s\_A[simp]*:  $\text{length}(s\_A\ n) = \text{length}\ \text{init}$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *dist\_s\_A[simp]*:  $\text{distinct}(s\_A\ n)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *set\_s\_A[simp]*:  $\text{set}(s\_A\ n) = \text{set}\ \text{init}$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *cost\_paidAA'*:  $n < \text{length}\ \text{paid\_A}' \implies \text{length}\ (\text{paid\_A}'!n) \leq \text{length}\ (\text{paid\_A}'!n)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *swaps\_filtered*:  $\text{swaps}\ (\text{filter}\ (\lambda x. \text{Suc}\ x < \text{length}\ xs)\ ys)\ xs = \text{swaps}\ (ys)\ xs$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *s\_A s\_A'*:  $n < \text{length}\ \text{paid\_A}' \implies s\_A'\ n = s\_A\ n$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *s\_A s\_A''*:  $n < \text{length}\ qs \implies s\_A\ n = s\_A'\ n$   
*<proof>*

**definition** *t\_BIT* ::  $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{real}$  **where**  
 $t\_BIT\ n = T\_on\_rand\_n\ BIT\ \text{init}\ qs\ n$

**definition** *T\_BIT* ::  $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{real}$  **where**  
 $T\_BIT\ n = (\sum\ i < n. t\_BIT\ i)$

**definition** *c\_A* ::  $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{int}$  **where**  
 $c\_A\ n = \text{index}\ (\text{swaps}\ (\text{paid\_A}'!n)\ (s\_A\ n))\ (qs!n) + 1$

**definition** *f\_A* ::  $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{int}$  **where**  
 $f\_A\ n = \text{min}\ (\text{free\_A}'!n)\ (\text{index}\ (\text{swaps}\ (\text{paid\_A}'!n)\ (s\_A\ n))\ (qs!n))$

**definition** *p\_A* ::  $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{int}$  **where**  
 $p\_A\ n = \text{size}(\text{paid\_A}'!n)$

**definition** *t\_A* ::  $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{int}$  **where**  
 $t\_A\ n = c\_A\ n + p\_A\ n$

**definition**  $c_{A'} :: nat \Rightarrow int$  **where**  
 $c_{A'} n = index (swaps (paid_{A'}!n) (s_{A'} n)) (qs!n) + 1$

**definition**  $p_{A'} :: nat \Rightarrow int$  **where**  
 $p_{A'} n = size(paid_{A'}!n)$

**definition**  $t_{A'} :: nat \Rightarrow int$  **where**  
 $t_{A'} n = c_{A'} n + p_{A'} n$

**lemma**  $t_{A_{A'}}leq: n < length\ paid_{A'} \implies t_A n \leq t_{A'} n$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition**  $T_{A'} :: nat \Rightarrow int$  **where**  
 $T_{A'} n = (\sum i < n. t_{A'} i)$

**definition**  $T_A :: nat \Rightarrow int$  **where**  
 $T_A n = (\sum i < n. t_A i)$

**lemma**  $T_{A_{A'}}leq: n \leq length\ paid_{A'} \implies T_A n \leq T_{A'} n$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $T_{A_{A'}}leq': n \leq length\ qs \implies T_A n \leq T_{A'} n$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**fun**  $s'_A :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a\ list$  **where**  
 $s'_A n 0 = s_A n$   
 $| (s'_A n (Suc m)) = swap ((paid_A ! n)!(length (paid_A ! n) - (Suc m))) (s'_A n m)$

**lemma**  $set.s'_A[simp]: set (s'_A n m) = set\ init$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $len.s'_A[simp]: length (s'_A n m) = length\ init$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $distperm.s'_A[simp]: dist\_perm (s'_A n m)\ init$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $s'_A\_m\_le: m \leq (length (paid_A ! n)) \implies swaps (drop (length (paid_A ! n) - m) (paid_A ! n)) (s_A n) = s'_A n m$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $s'_A\text{-}m$ :  $\text{swaps } (\text{paid\_}A ! n) (s\_A n) = s'_A n (\text{length } (\text{paid\_}A ! n))$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition**  $\text{gebub} :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$  **where**  
 $\text{gebub } n m = \text{index init } ((s'_A n m)!(\text{Suc } ((\text{paid\_}A!n)!(\text{length } (\text{paid\_}A ! n) - \text{Suc } m))))$

**lemma**  $\text{gebub\_inBound}$ : **assumes** 1:  $n < \text{length } \text{paid\_}A$  **and** 2:  $m < \text{length } (\text{paid\_}A ! n)$   
**shows**  $\text{gebub } n m < \text{length init}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 9.3.2 The Potential Function

**fun**  $\text{phi} :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \times (\text{bool list} \times 'a \text{ list}) \Rightarrow \text{real } (\varphi)$  **where**  
 $\text{phi } n (c, (b, -)) = (\sum (x, y) \in (\text{Inv } c (s\_A n)). (\text{if } b!(\text{index init } y) \text{ then } 2 \text{ else } 1))$

**lemma**  $\text{phi}'$ :  $\text{phi } n z = (\sum (x, y) \in (\text{Inv } (\text{fst } z) (s\_A n)). (\text{if } (\text{fst } (\text{snd } z))!(\text{index init } y) \text{ then } 2 \text{ else } 1))$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{Inv\_empty2}$ :  $\text{length } d = 0 \Longrightarrow \text{Inv } c d = \{\}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**corollary**  $\text{Inv\_empty3}$ :  $\text{length init} = 0 \Longrightarrow \text{Inv } c (s\_A n) = \{\}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{phi\_empty2}$ :  $\text{length init} = 0 \Longrightarrow \text{phi } n (c, (b, i)) = 0$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{phi\_nonzero}$ :  $\text{phi } n (c, (b, i)) \geq 0$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition**  $\text{Phi} :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{real } (\Phi)$  **where**  
 $\text{Phi } n = E(\text{map\_pmf } (\varphi n) (\text{config'' BIT } \text{qs init } n))$

**definition**  $\text{PhiPlus} :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{real } (\Phi^+)$  **where**  
 $\text{PhiPlus } n = (\text{let}$   
 $\text{nextconfig} = \text{bind\_pmf } (\text{config'' BIT } \text{qs init } n)$   
 $(\lambda(s, is). \text{bind\_pmf } (\text{BIT\_step } (s, is) (\text{qs!}n)) (\lambda(a, nis). \text{return\_pmf}$

(step s (qs!n) a,nis)) )  
in  
E( map\_pmf (phi (Suc n)) nextconfig) )

**lemma** *PhiPlus\_is\_Phi\_Suc*:  $n < \text{length } qs \implies \text{PhiPlus } n = \text{Phi } (\text{Suc } n)$   
⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *phi0*:  $\text{Phi } 0 = 0$  ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *phi\_pos*:  $\text{Phi } n \geq 0$   
⟨proof⟩

### 9.3.3 Helper lemmas

**lemma** *swap\_subs*:  $\text{dist\_perm } X Y \implies \text{Inv } X (\text{swap } z Y) \subseteq \text{Inv } X Y \cup \{(Y ! z, Y ! \text{Suc } z)\}$   
⟨proof⟩

### 9.3.4 InvOf

**term** *Inv*

**abbreviation** *InvOf* y bits as  $\equiv \{(x,y) \mid x < y \text{ in bits} \wedge y < x \text{ in as}\}$

**lemma** *InvOf* y xs ys =  $\{(x,y) \mid x. (x,y) \in \text{Inv } xs \text{ ys}\}$   
⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *InvOf* y xs ys  $\subseteq \text{Inv } xs \text{ ys}$  ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *numberofIsbeschr*: **assumes**

*distxsys*:  $\text{dist\_perm } xs \text{ ys}$  **and**

*yinx*:  $y \in \text{set } xs$

**shows**  $\text{index } xs \ y \leq \text{index } ys \ y + \text{card } (\text{InvOf } y \ xs \ ys)$

(**is**  $?i\text{Bit} \leq ?iA + \text{card } ?I$ )

⟨proof⟩

**lemma**  $\text{length } \text{init} = 0 \implies \text{length } xs = \text{length } \text{init} \implies t \ xs \ q \ (mf, \text{sws}) = 1 + \text{length } \text{sws}$   
⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *integr\_index*:  $\text{integrable } (\text{measure\_pmf } (\text{config}'' (\text{BIT\_init}, \text{BIT\_step}) \text{qs } \text{init } n))$   
 $(\lambda(s, is). \text{real } (\text{Suc } (\text{index } s \ (qs ! n))))$

*<proof>*

### 9.3.5 Upper Bound on the Cost of BIT

**lemma** *t\_BIT\_ub2*:  $(qs!n) \notin \text{set init} \implies t\_BIT\ n \leq \text{Suc}(\text{size init})$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *t\_BIT\_ub*:  $(qs!n) \in \text{set init} \implies t\_BIT\ n \leq \text{size init}$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *T\_BIT\_ub*:  $\forall i < n. qs!i \in \text{set init} \implies T\_BIT\ n \leq n * \text{size init}$   
*<proof>*

### 9.3.6 Main Lemma

**lemma** *myub*:  $n < \text{length } qs \implies t\_BIT\ n + \text{Phi}(n + 1) - \text{Phi } n \leq (\gamma / 4) * t\_A\ n - 3/4$   
*<proof>*

### 9.3.7 Lift the Result to the Whole Request List

**lemma** *T\_BIT\_absch\_le*: **assumes** *nqs*:  $n \leq \text{length } qs$   
**shows**  $T\_BIT\ n \leq (\gamma / 4) * T\_A\ n - 3/4 * n$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *T\_BIT\_absch*: **assumes** *nqs*:  $n \leq \text{length } qs$   
**shows**  $T\_BIT\ n \leq (\gamma / 4) * T\_A'\ n - 3/4 * n$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *T\_A\_nneg*:  $0 \leq T\_A\ n$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *T\_BIT\_eq*:  $T\_BIT\ (\text{length } qs) = T\_on\_rand\ BIT\ \text{init } qs$   
*<proof>*

**corollary** *T\_BIT\_competitive*: **assumes**  $n \leq \text{length } qs$  **and**  $\text{init} \neq []$  **and**  
 $\forall i < n. qs!i \in \text{set init}$   
**shows**  $T\_BIT\ n \leq ((\gamma / 4) - 3/(4 * \text{size init})) * T\_A'\ n$   
*<proof>*

**lemma**  $t_{A'}t$ :  $n < \text{length } qs \implies t_{A'} n = \text{int } (t (s_{A'} n) (qs!n) (\text{acts } ! n))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma**  $T_{A'}\text{eq\_lem}$ :  $(\sum i=0..<\text{length } qs. t_{A'} i) = T (s_{A'} 0) (\text{drop } 0 \text{ } qs) (\text{drop } 0 \text{ } \text{acts})$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma**  $T_{A'}\text{eq}$ :  $T_{A'} (\text{length } qs) = T \text{ init } qs \text{ acts}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary**  $\text{BIT\_competitive3}$ :  $\text{init} \neq [] \implies \forall i < \text{length } qs. qs!i \in \text{set init} \implies T_{\text{BIT}} (\text{length } qs) \leq ((7/4) - 3 / (4 * \text{length } \text{init})) * T \text{ init } qs \text{ acts}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary**  $\text{BIT\_competitive2}$ :  $\text{init} \neq [] \implies \forall i < \text{length } qs. qs!i \in \text{set init} \implies T_{\text{on\_rand BIT}} \text{ init } qs \leq ((7/4) - 3 / (4 * \text{length } \text{init})) * T \text{ init } qs \text{ acts}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary**  $\text{BIT\_absch\_le}$ :  $\text{init} \neq [] \implies T_{\text{on\_rand BIT}} \text{ init } qs \leq (7 / 4) * (T \text{ init } qs \text{ acts}) - 3/4 * \text{length } qs$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**end**

### 9.3.8 Generalize Competitiveness of BIT

**lemma**  $\text{setdi}$ :  $\text{set } xs = \{0..<\text{length } xs\} \implies \text{distinct } xs$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem**  $\text{compet\_BIT}$ : **assumes**  $\text{init} \neq [] \text{ distinct } \text{init} \text{ set } qs \subseteq \text{set init}$   
**shows**  $T_{\text{on\_rand BIT}} \text{ init } qs \leq ((7/4) - 3 / (4 * \text{length } \text{init})) * T_{\text{opt}} \text{ init } qs$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem**  $\text{compet\_BIT4}$ : **assumes**  $\text{init} \neq [] \text{ distinct } \text{init}$   
**shows**  $T_{\text{on\_rand BIT}} \text{ init } qs \leq 7/4 * T_{\text{opt}} \text{ init } qs$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem**  $\text{compet\_BIT\_2}$ :  
 $\text{compet\_rand BIT } (7/4) \{ \text{init}. \text{init} \neq [] \wedge \text{distinct } \text{init} \}$   
 ⟨proof⟩



end

## 10 Partial cost model

**theory** *Partial\_Cost\_Model*

**imports** *Move\_to\_Front*

**begin**

**definition**  $t_p :: 'a \text{ state} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{answer} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$  **where**  
 $t_p \ s \ q \ a = (\text{let } (mf, sws) = a \text{ in index } (swaps \ sws \ s) \ q + \text{size } sws)$

**notation** (*latex*)  $t_p \ (t^*)$

**lemma**  $t_p t: t_p \ s \ q \ a + 1 = t \ s \ q \ a$  *<proof>*

**interpretation** *On\_Off step*  $t_p$  *static* *<proof>*

**abbreviation**  $T_p == T$

**abbreviation**  $T_{p-opt} == T_{opt}$

**abbreviation**  $T_{p-on} == T_{on}$

**abbreviation**  $T_{p-on-rand'} == T_{on-rand'}$

**abbreviation**  $T_{p-on-n} == T_{on-n}$

**abbreviation**  $T_{p-on-rand} == T_{on-rand}$

**abbreviation**  $T_{p-on-rand-n} == T_{on-rand-n}$

**abbreviation**  $config_p == config$

**abbreviation**  $compet_p == compet$

end

## 11 Equivalence of Regular Expression with Variables

**theory** *RExp\_Var*

**imports** *Regular-Sets.Equivalence\_Checking*

**begin**

**fun** *castdown*  $:: \text{nat rexp} \Rightarrow \text{nat rexp}$  **where**

$\text{castdown } Zero = Zero$

|  $\text{castdown } One = One$

|  $\text{castdown } (\text{Plus } a \ b) = \text{Plus } (\text{castdown } a) \ (\text{castdown } b)$   
 |  $\text{castdown } (\text{Times } a \ b) = \text{Times } (\text{castdown } a) \ (\text{castdown } b)$   
 |  $\text{castdown } (\text{Star } a) = \text{Star } (\text{castdown } a)$   
 |  $\text{castdown } (\text{Atom } x) = (\text{Atom } (x \ \text{div } 2))$

**fun**  $\text{castup} :: \text{nat rexp} \Rightarrow \text{nat rexp}$  **where**  
    $\text{castup } \text{Zero} = \text{Zero}$   
 |  $\text{castup } \text{One} = \text{One}$   
 |  $\text{castup } (\text{Plus } a \ b) = \text{Plus } (\text{castup } a) \ (\text{castup } b)$   
 |  $\text{castup } (\text{Times } a \ b) = \text{Times } (\text{castup } a) \ (\text{castup } b)$   
 |  $\text{castup } (\text{Star } a) = \text{Star } (\text{castup } a)$   
 |  $\text{castup } (\text{Atom } x) = \text{Atom } (2*x)$

**lemma**  $\text{castdown } (\text{castup } r) = r$   
 <proof>

**fun**  $\text{substvar} :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow (\text{nat} \Rightarrow ((\text{nat rexp}) \text{option})) \Rightarrow \text{nat rexp}$  **where**  
    $\text{substvar } i \ \sigma = (\text{case } \sigma \ i \ \text{of } \text{Some } x \Rightarrow x$   
     |  $\text{None} \Rightarrow \text{Atom } (2*i+1))$

**fun**  $w2\text{rexp} :: \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat rexp}$  **where**  
    $w2\text{rexp } [] = \text{One}$   
 |  $w2\text{rexp } (a\#as) = \text{Times } (\text{Atom } a) \ (w2\text{rexp } as)$

**lemma**  $\text{lang } (w2\text{rexp } as) = \{ as \}$   
 <proof>

**fun**  $\text{subst} :: \text{nat rexp} \Rightarrow (\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat rexp option}) \Rightarrow \text{nat rexp}$  **where**  
    $\text{subst } \text{Zero } \_ = \text{Zero}$   
 |  $\text{subst } \text{One } \_ = \text{One}$   
 |  $\text{subst } (\text{Atom } i) \ \sigma = (\text{if } i \ \text{mod } 2 = 0 \ \text{then } \text{Atom } i \ \text{else } \text{substvar } (i \ \text{div } 2) \ \sigma)$   
 |  $\text{subst } (\text{Plus } a \ b) \ \sigma = \text{Plus } (\text{subst } a \ \sigma) \ (\text{subst } b \ \sigma)$   
 |  $\text{subst } (\text{Times } a \ b) \ \sigma = \text{Times } (\text{subst } a \ \sigma) \ (\text{subst } b \ \sigma)$   
 |  $\text{subst } (\text{Star } a) \ \sigma = \text{Star } (\text{subst } a \ \sigma)$

**lemma**  $\text{subst\_w2rexp}: \text{lang } (\text{subst } (w2\text{rexp } (xs \ @ \ ys)) \ \sigma) = \text{lang } (\text{subst } (w2\text{rexp } xs) \ \sigma) \ @ \ @ \ \text{lang } (\text{subst } (w2\text{rexp } ys) \ \sigma)$   
 <proof>

**fun**  $\text{substW} :: \text{nat list} \Rightarrow (\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat rexp option}) \Rightarrow \text{nat rexp}$  **where**

$substW\ as\ \sigma = subst\ (w2rexp\ as)\ \sigma$

**fun**  $substL :: nat\ lang \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow nat\ rexp\ option) \Rightarrow nat\ rexp\ set$  **where**  
 $substL\ S\ \sigma = \{substW\ a\ \sigma \mid a. a \in S\}$

**fun**  $L :: nat\ rexp\ set \Rightarrow nat\ lang$  **where**  
 $L\ S = (\bigcup_{r \in S}. lang\ r)$

**lemma**  $L\_mono: S1 \subseteq S2 \Longrightarrow L\ S1 \subseteq L\ S2$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition**  $concS :: 'b\ rexp\ set \Rightarrow 'b\ rexp\ set \Rightarrow 'b\ rexp\ set$  **where**  
 $concS\ S1\ S2 = \{Times\ a\ b \mid a. b. a \in S1 \wedge b \in S2\}$

**lemma**  $substL\_conc: L\ (substL\ (L1\ @@\ L2)\ \sigma) = L\ (concS\ (substL\ L1\ \sigma)\ (substL\ L2\ \sigma))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $L\_conc: L\ (concS\ M1\ M2) = (L\ M1)\ @@\ (L\ M2)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $L\ (M1 \cup M2) = (L\ M1) \cup (L\ M2)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**fun**  $verund :: 'b\ rexp\ list \Rightarrow 'b\ rexp$  **where**  
 $verund\ [] = Zero$   
 $\mid verund\ [r] = r$   
 $\mid verund\ (r\#\rs) = Plus\ r\ (verund\ rs)$

**lemma**  $lang\_verund: r \in L\ (set\ rs) = (r \in lang\ (verund\ rs))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $obtainit:$   
**assumes**  $r \in lang\ (verund\ rs)$   
**shows**  $\exists x \in (set\ (rs::nat\ rexp\ list)). r \in lang\ x$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $lang\_verund4: L\ (set\ rs) = lang\ (verund\ rs)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $lang\_verund1: r \in L\ (set\ rs) \Longrightarrow r \in lang\ (verund\ rs)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *lang\_verund2*:  $r \in \text{lang } (\text{verund } rs) \implies r \in L (\text{set } rs)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**definition** *starS* :: 'b rexp set  $\Rightarrow$  'b rexp set **where**  
*starS* S = {Star (verund xs)|xs. set xs  $\subseteq$  S}

**lemma**  $[] \in L (\text{starS } S)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *power\_mono*:  $L1 \subseteq L2 \implies (L1::'a \text{ lang}) \wedge \wedge n \subseteq L2 \wedge \wedge n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *star\_mono*:  $L1 \subseteq L2 \implies \text{star } L1 \subseteq \text{star } L2$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *Lstar*:  $L(\text{starS } M) = \text{star } (L(M))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *substL\_star*:  $L (\text{substL } (\text{star } L1) \sigma) = L (\text{starS } (\text{substL } L1 \sigma))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *substitutionslemma*:  
 fixes E :: nat rexp  
 shows  $L (\text{substL } (\text{lang}(E)) \sigma) = \text{lang } (\text{subst } E \sigma)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *lift*:  $\text{lang } e1 = \text{lang } e2 \implies \text{lang } (\text{subst } e1 \sigma) = \text{lang } (\text{subst } e2 \sigma)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

## 11.1 Examples

**lemma**  $\text{lang } (\text{Plus } (\text{Atom } (x::\text{nat})) (\text{Atom } x)) = \text{lang } (\text{Atom } x)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**fun** *seq* :: 'a rexp list  $\Rightarrow$  'a rexp **where**  
*seq* [] = One |  
*seq* [r] = r |  
*seq* (r#rs) = Times r (seq rs)

**abbreviation** *question* **where** *question* x == Plus x One

**definition**  $L\_4cases (x::nat) y =$   
 $verund [seq[question (Atom x),(Atom y), (Atom y)],$   
 $seq[question (Atom x),(Atom y),(Atom x),Star(Times (Atom$   
 $y)(Atom x)), (Atom y),(Atom y)],$   
 $seq[question (Atom x),(Atom y),(Atom x),Star(Times (Atom$   
 $y)(Atom x)), (Atom x)],$   
 $seq[(Atom x),(Atom x)] ]$

**definition**  $L\_A x y = seq[question (Atom x),(Atom y), (Atom y)]$

**definition**  $L\_B x y = seq[question (Atom x),(Atom y),(Atom x),Star(Times (Atom y)(Atom x)), (Atom y),(Atom y)]$

**definition**  $L\_C x y = seq[question (Atom x),(Atom y),(Atom x),Star(Times (Atom y)(Atom x)), (Atom x)]$

**definition**  $L\_D x y = seq[(Atom x),(Atom x)]$

**lemma**  $L\_4cases x y = verund [L\_A x y, L\_B x y, L\_C x y, L\_D x y]$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition**  $L\_lasthasxx x y = (Plus (seq[question (Atom x), Star(Times (Atom y)(Atom x)), (Atom y),(Atom y)])$   
 $(seq[question (Atom y), Star(Times(Atom x) (Atom y)), (Atom x),(Atom x)]))$

**lemma**  $lastxx\_com: lang (L\_lasthasxx (x::nat) y) = lang (L\_lasthasxx y x)$   
 $(is lang ?A = lang ?B)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $lastxx\_is\_4cases: lang (L\_4cases x y) = lang (L\_lasthasxx x y) (is$   
 $lang ?A = lang ?B)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition**  $myUNIV x y = Star (Plus (Atom x) (Atom y))$

**lemma**  $myUNIV\_alle: lang (myUNIV x y) = \{xs. set xs \subseteq \{x,y\}\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition**  $nodouble x y = (Plus$   
 $(seq[question (Atom x), Star(Times(Atom y)(Atom x)), (Atom$

$y$ ))  
 $(seq[question (Atom y), Star(Times(Atom x) (Atom y)), (Atom x]]))$

**lemma** *myUNIV\_char*:  $lang (myUNIV (x::nat) y) = lang (Times (Star (L\_lasthasxx x y) (Plus One (nodouble x y))) (is lang ?A = lang ?B))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition** *mycasexxy*  $x y = Plus (seq[Star (Plus (Atom x) (Atom y)), Atom x, Atom x, Atom y])$   
 $(seq[Star (Plus (Atom x) (Atom y)), Atom y, Atom y, Atom x])$

**definition** *mycasexyx*  $x y = Plus (seq[Star (Plus (Atom x) (Atom y)), Atom x, Atom y, Atom x])$   
 $(seq[Star (Plus (Atom x) (Atom y)), Atom y, Atom x, Atom y])$

**definition** *mycasexx*  $x y = Plus (seq[Star (Plus (Atom x) (Atom y)), Atom x, Atom x])$   
 $(seq[Star (Plus (Atom x) (Atom y)), Atom y, Atom y])$

**definition** *mycasexy*  $x y = Plus (seq[Atom x, Atom y]) (seq[Atom y, Atom x])$

**definition** *mycasex*  $x y = Plus (Atom y) (Atom x)$

**definition** *mycases*  $x y = Plus$   
 $(mycasexxy x y)$   
 $(Plus (mycasexyx x y)$   
 $(Plus (mycasexx x y)$   
 $(Plus (mycasexy x y) (Plus (mycasex x y) (One))))))$

**lemma** *mycases\_char*:  $lang (myUNIV (x::nat) y) = lang (mycases x y) (is lang ?A = lang ?B)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**end**

## 12 OPT2

**theory** *OPT2*  
**imports**

*Partial\_Cost\_Model*

*RExp\_Var*

**begin**

**lemma**  $(N::\text{nat set}) \neq \{\} \implies \text{Inf } N : N$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *nn\_contains\_Inf*:

**fixes**  $S :: \text{nat set}$

**assumes**  $nn: S \neq \{\}$

**shows**  $\text{Inf } S \in S$

*<proof>*

## 12.1 Definition

**fun** *OPT2* :: 'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  (nat \* nat list) list **where**

*OPT2* [] [x,y] = []

| *OPT2* [a] [x,y] = [(0,[])]

| *OPT2* (a#b#σ') [x,y] = (if a=x then (0,[]) # (*OPT2* (b#σ') [x,y])  
else (if b=x then (0,[])# (*OPT2* (b#σ') [x,y])  
else (1,[])# (*OPT2* (b#σ') [y,x])))

**lemma** *OPT2\_length*:  $\text{length } (\text{OPT2 } \sigma [x, y]) = \text{length } \sigma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *OPT2x*:  $\text{OPT2 } (x\#\sigma') [x,y] = (0,[])\#(\text{OPT2 } \sigma' [x,y])$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *swapOpt*:  $T_{p\text{-opt}} [x,y] \sigma \leq 1 + T_{p\text{-opt}} [y,x] \sigma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *tt*:  $a \in \{x,y\} \implies \text{OPT2 } (\text{rest1}) (\text{step } [x,y] a (\text{hd } (\text{OPT2 } (a \# \text{rest1}) [x, y])))$

$= \text{tl } (\text{OPT2 } (a \# \text{rest1}) [x, y])$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *splitqsallg*:  $\text{Strat} \neq [] \implies a \in \{x,y\} \implies$

$t_p [x, y] a (\text{hd } (\text{Strat})) +$

$(\text{let } L = \text{step } [x,y] a (\text{hd } (\text{Strat}))$

$\text{in } T_p L (\text{rest1}) (\text{tl } \text{Strat})) = T_p [x, y] (a \# \text{rest1}) \text{Strat}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *splitqs*:  $a \in \{x,y\} \implies T_p [x, y] (a \# \text{rest1}) (OPT2 (a \# \text{rest1}) [x, y])$   
 $= t_p [x, y] a (hd (OPT2 (a \# \text{rest1}) [x, y])) +$   
 $(let L=step [x,y] a (hd (OPT2 (a \# \text{rest1}) [x, y]))$   
 $in T_p L (\text{rest1}) (OPT2 (\text{rest1}) L))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *tpx*:  $t_p [x, y] x (hd (OPT2 (x \# \text{rest1}) [x, y])) = 0$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *yup*:  $T_p [x, y] (x \# \text{rest1}) (OPT2 (x \# \text{rest1}) [x, y])$   
 $= (let L=step [x,y] x (hd (OPT2 (x \# \text{rest1}) [x, y]))$   
 $in T_p L (\text{rest1}) (OPT2 (\text{rest1}) L))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *swapsxy*:  $A \in \{ [x,y], [y,x] \} \implies \text{swaps sws } A \in \{ [x,y], [y,x] \}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *mtf2xy*:  $A \in \{ [x,y], [y,x] \} \implies r \in \{x,y\} \implies \text{mtf2 } a r A \in \{ [x,y], [y,x] \}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *stepxy*: **assumes**  $q \in \{x,y\} A \in \{ [x,y], [y,x] \}$   
**shows**  $\text{step } A q a \in \{ [x,y], [y,x] \}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

## 12.2 Proof of Optimality

**lemma** *OPT2\_is\_lb*:  $set \sigma \subseteq \{x,y\} \implies x \neq y \implies T_p [x,y] \sigma (OPT2 \sigma [x,y])$   
 $\leq T_{p-opt} [x,y] \sigma$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *OPT2\_is\_ub*:  $set qs \subseteq \{x,y\} \implies x \neq y \implies T_p [x,y] qs (OPT2 qs [x,y])$   
 $\geq T_{p-opt} [x,y] qs$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *OPT2\_is\_opt*:  $set qs \subseteq \{x,y\} \implies x \neq y \implies T_p [x,y] qs (OPT2 qs [x,y]) = T_{p-opt} [x,y] qs$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$



### 12.3 Performance on the four phase forms

**lemma** *OPT2\_A*: **assumes**  $x \neq y$   $qs \in \text{lang } (\text{seq } [\text{Plus } (\text{Atom } x) \text{ One}, \text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } y])$   
**shows**  $T_p [x,y] qs (\text{OPT2 } qs [x,y]) = 1$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *OPT2\_A'*: **assumes**  $x \neq y$   $qs \in \text{lang } (\text{seq } [\text{Plus } (\text{Atom } x) \text{ One}, \text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } y])$   
**shows**  $\text{real } (T_p [x,y] qs (\text{OPT2 } qs [x,y])) = 1$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *OPT2\_B*: **assumes**  $x \neq y$   $qs = u @ v$   $u = [] \vee u = [x]$   $v \in \text{lang } (\text{seq} [\text{Times} (\text{Atom } y) (\text{Atom } x), \text{Star}(\text{Times} (\text{Atom } y) (\text{Atom } x)), \text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } y])$   
**shows**  $T_p [x,y] qs (\text{OPT2 } qs [x,y]) = (\text{length } v \text{ div } 2)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *OPT2\_B1*: **assumes**  $x \neq y$   $qs \in \text{lang } (\text{seq} [\text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } x, \text{Star}(\text{Times} (\text{Atom } y) (\text{Atom } x)), \text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } y])$   
**shows**  $\text{real } (T_p [x,y] qs (\text{OPT2 } qs [x,y])) = \text{length } qs / 2$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *OPT2\_B2*: **assumes**  $x \neq y$   $qs \in \text{lang } (\text{seq} [\text{Atom } x, \text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } x, \text{Star}(\text{Times} (\text{Atom } y) (\text{Atom } x)), \text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } y])$   
**shows**  $T_p [x,y] qs (\text{OPT2 } qs [x,y]) = ((\text{length } qs - 1) / 2)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *OPT2\_C*: **assumes**  $x \neq y$   $qs = u @ v$   $u = [] \vee u = [x]$   
**and**  $v \in \text{lang } (\text{seq} [\text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } x, \text{Star}(\text{Times} (\text{Atom } y) (\text{Atom } x)), \text{Atom } x])$   
**shows**  $T_p [x,y] qs (\text{OPT2 } qs [x,y]) = (\text{length } v \text{ div } 2)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *OPT2\_C1*: **assumes**  $x \neq y$   $qs \in \text{lang } (\text{seq} [\text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } x, \text{Star}(\text{Times} (\text{Atom } y) (\text{Atom } x)), \text{Atom } x])$   
**shows**  $\text{real } (T_p [x,y] qs (\text{OPT2 } qs [x,y])) = (\text{length } qs - 1) / 2$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *OPT2\_C2*: **assumes**  $x \neq y$   $qs \in \text{lang } (\text{seq} [\text{Atom } x, \text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } x, \text{Star}(\text{Times} (\text{Atom } y) (\text{Atom } x)), \text{Atom } x])$   
**shows**  $T_p [x,y] qs (\text{OPT2 } qs [x,y]) = ((\text{length } qs - 2) / 2)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *OPT2\_ub*:  $set\ qs \subseteq \{x,y\} \implies T_p\ [x,y]\ qs\ (OPT2\ qs\ [x,y]) \leq length\ qs$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *OPT2\_padded*:  $R \in \{[x,y],[y,x]\} \implies set\ qs \subseteq \{x,y\}$   
 $\implies T_p\ R\ (qs@[x,x])\ (OPT2\ (qs@[x,x])\ R)$   
 $\leq T_p\ R\ (qs@[x])\ (OPT2\ (qs@[x])\ R) + 1$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *OPT2\_split11*:  
**assumes** *xy*:  $x \neq y$   
**shows**  $R \in \{[x,y],[y,x]\} \implies set\ xs \subseteq \{x,y\} \implies set\ ys \subseteq \{x,y\} \implies OPT2$   
 $(xs@[x,x]@ys)\ R = OPT2\ (xs@[x,x])\ R\ @\ OPT2\ ys\ [x,y]$   
 <proof>

## 12.4 The function steps

**lemma** *steps\_append*:  $length\ qs = length\ as \implies steps\ s\ (qs@[q])\ (as@[a])$   
 $= step\ (steps\ s\ qs\ as)\ q\ a$   
 <proof>

end

## 13 Phase Partitioning

**theory** *Phase\_Partitioning*  
**imports** *OPT2*  
**begin**

### 13.1 Definition of Phases

**definition** *other*  $a\ x\ y = (if\ a=x\ then\ y\ else\ x)$

**definition** *Lxx* **where**  
 $Lxx\ (x::nat)\ y = lang\ (L\_lasthasxx\ x\ y)$

**lemma** *Lxx\_not\_nullable*:  $\square \notin Lxx\ x\ y$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *Lxx\_ends\_in\_two\_equal*:  $xs \in Lxx\ x\ y \implies \exists\ pref\ e.\ xs = pref\ @\ [e,e]$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma**  $Lxx\ x\ y = Lxx\ y\ x$  ⟨proof⟩

**definition** *hideit*  $x\ y = (Plus\ rexp.One\ (nodouble\ x\ y))$

**lemma** *Lxx\_othercase*:  $set\ qs \subseteq \{x,y\} \implies \neg (\exists\ xs\ ys.\ qs = xs\ @\ ys \wedge xs \in Lxx\ x\ y) \implies qs \in lang\ (hideit\ x\ y)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**fun** *pad* **where** *pad*  $xs\ x\ y = (if\ xs=[]\ then\ [x,x]\ else\ (if\ last\ xs = x\ then\ xs\ @\ [x]\ else\ xs\ @\ [y]))$

**lemma** *pad\_adds2*:  $qs \neq [] \implies set\ qs \subseteq \{x,y\} \implies pad\ qs\ x\ y = qs\ @\ [last\ qs]$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *nodouble\_padded*:  $qs \neq [] \implies qs \in lang\ (nodouble\ x\ y) \implies pad\ qs\ x\ y \in Lxx\ x\ y$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *UnE*

**lemma**  $c \in A \cup B \implies P$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *LxxE*:  $qs \in Lxx\ x\ y$

$\implies (qs \in lang\ (seq\ [Atom\ x,\ Atom\ x]) \implies P\ x\ y\ qs)$

$\implies (qs \in lang\ (seq\ [Plus\ (Atom\ x)\ rexp.One,\ Atom\ y,\ Atom\ x,\ Star\ (Times\ (Atom\ y)\ (Atom\ x)),\ Atom\ y,\ Atom\ y]) \implies P\ x\ y\ qs)$

$\implies (qs \in lang\ (seq\ [Plus\ (Atom\ x)\ rexp.One,\ Atom\ y,\ Atom\ x,\ Star\ (Times\ (Atom\ y)\ (Atom\ x)),\ Atom\ x]) \implies P\ x\ y\ qs)$

$\implies (qs \in lang\ (seq\ [Plus\ (Atom\ x)\ rexp.One,\ Atom\ y,\ Atom\ y]) \implies P\ x\ y\ qs)$

$\implies P\ x\ y\ qs$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *UnE LxxE*

**lemma**  $qs \in Lxx\ x\ y \implies P$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma**  $LxxI$ :  $(qs \in lang\ (seq\ [Atom\ x,\ Atom\ x]) \implies P\ x\ y\ qs)$   
 $\implies (qs \in lang\ (seq\ [Plus\ (Atom\ x)\ rexp.One,\ Atom\ y,\ Atom\ x,\ Star$   
 $(Times\ (Atom\ y)\ (Atom\ x)),\ Atom\ y,\ Atom\ y]) \implies P\ x\ y\ qs)$   
 $\implies (qs \in lang\ (seq\ [Plus\ (Atom\ x)\ rexp.One,\ Atom\ y,\ Atom\ x,\ Star$   
 $(Times\ (Atom\ y)\ (Atom\ x)),\ Atom\ x]) \implies P\ x\ y\ qs)$   
 $\implies (qs \in lang\ (seq\ [Plus\ (Atom\ x)\ rexp.One,\ Atom\ y,\ Atom\ y]) \implies P$   
 $x\ y\ qs)$   
 $\implies (qs \in Lxx\ x\ y \implies P\ x\ y\ qs)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma**  $Lxx1$ :  $xs \in Lxx\ x\ y \implies length\ xs \geq 2$   
 ⟨proof⟩

## 13.2 OPT2 Splitting

**lemma**  $ayay$ :  $length\ qs = length\ as \implies T_p\ s\ (qs@[q])\ (as@[a]) = T_p\ s\ qs$   
 $as + t_p\ (steps\ s\ qs\ as)\ q\ a$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma**  $tlofOPT2$ :  $Q \in \{x,y\} \implies set\ QS \subseteq \{x,y\} \implies R \in \{[x,y], [y,x]\}$   
 $\implies tl\ (OPT2\ ((Q\ \# \ QS)\ @\ [x,\ x])\ R) =$   
 $OPT2\ (QS\ @\ [x,\ x])\ (step\ R\ Q\ (hd\ (OPT2\ ((Q\ \# \ QS)\ @\ [x,\ x])\ R)))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma**  $T_p-split$ :  $length\ qs1 = length\ as1 \implies T_p\ s\ (qs1@qs2)\ (as1@as2) =$   
 $T_p\ s\ qs1\ as1 + T_p\ (steps\ s\ qs1\ as1)\ qs2\ as2$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma**  $T_p-splitting$ :  $x \neq y \implies set\ xs \subseteq \{x,y\} \implies set\ ys \subseteq \{x,y\} \implies$   
 $R \in \{[x,y],[y,x]\} \implies$   
 $T_p\ R\ (xs@[x,x])\ (OPT2\ (xs@[x,x])\ R) + T_p\ [x,y]\ ys\ (OPT2\ ys\ [x,y])$   
 $= T_p\ R\ (xs@[x,x]@ys)\ (OPT2\ (xs@[x,x]@ys)\ R)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma**  $OPTauseinander$ :  $x \neq y \implies set\ xs \subseteq \{x,y\} \implies set\ ys \subseteq \{x,y\} \implies$   
 $LTS \in \{[x,y],[y,x]\} \implies hd\ LTS = last\ xs \implies$   
 $xs = (pref\ @\ [hd\ LTS,\ hd\ LTS]) \implies$

$$T_p [x,y] xs (OPT2 xs [x,y]) + T_p LTS ys (OPT2 ys LTS)$$

$$= T_p [x,y] (xs@ys) (OPT2 (xs@ys) [x,y])$$

*<proof>*

### 13.3 Phase Partitioning lemma

**theorem** *Phase\_partitioning\_general:*

**fixes**  $P :: (nat\ state * 'is)\ pmf \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat\ list \Rightarrow bool$   
**and**  $A :: (nat\ state, 'is, nat, answer)\ alg\_on\_rand$   
**assumes**  $xny: (x0::nat) \neq y0$   
**and**  $cpos: (c::real) \geq 0$   
**and**  $static: set\ \sigma \subseteq \{x0, y0\}$   
**and**  $initial: P\ (map\_pmf\ (\%is.\ ([x0, y0], is))\ (fst\ A\ [x0, y0]))\ x0\ [x0, y0]$   
**and**  $D: \bigwedge a\ b\ \sigma\ s.\ \sigma \in Lxx\ a\ b \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow \{a, b\} = \{x0, y0\} \Longrightarrow P\ s\ a$   
 $[x0, y0] \Longrightarrow set\ \sigma \subseteq \{a, b\}$   
 $\Longrightarrow T\_on\_rand'\ A\ s\ \sigma \leq c * T_p\ [a, b]\ \sigma\ (OPT2\ \sigma\ [a, b]) \wedge P$   
 $(config'\_rand\ A\ s\ \sigma)\ (last\ \sigma)\ [x0, y0]$   
**shows**  $T_{p-on-rand}\ A\ [x0, y0]\ \sigma \leq c * T_{p-opt}\ [x0, y0]\ \sigma + c$   
*<proof>*

**term**  $A::(nat, 'is)\ alg\_on$

**theorem** *Phase\_partitioning\_general\_det:*

**fixes**  $P :: (nat\ state * 'is)\ \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat\ list \Rightarrow bool$   
**and**  $A :: (nat, 'is)\ alg\_on$   
**assumes**  $xny: (x0::nat) \neq y0$   
**and**  $cpos: (c::real) \geq 0$   
**and**  $static: set\ \sigma \subseteq \{x0, y0\}$   
**and**  $initial: P\ ([x0, y0], (fst\ A\ [x0, y0]))\ x0\ [x0, y0]$   
**and**  $D: \bigwedge a\ b\ \sigma\ s.\ \sigma \in Lxx\ a\ b \Longrightarrow a \neq b \Longrightarrow \{a, b\} = \{x0, y0\} \Longrightarrow P\ s\ a$   
 $[x0, y0] \Longrightarrow set\ \sigma \subseteq \{a, b\}$   
 $\Longrightarrow T\_on'\ A\ s\ \sigma \leq c * T_p\ [a, b]\ \sigma\ (OPT2\ \sigma\ [a, b]) \wedge P\ (config'\ A$   
 $s\ \sigma)\ (last\ \sigma)\ [x0, y0]$   
**shows**  $T_{p-on}\ A\ [x0, y0]\ \sigma \leq c * T_{p-opt}\ [x0, y0]\ \sigma + c$   
*<proof>*

**end**

## 14 List factoring technique

**theory** *List\_Factoring*

**imports**

*Partial\_Cost\_Model*  
*MTF2\_Effects*

**begin**

**hide\_const** *config compet*

## 14.1 Helper functions

### 14.1.1 Helper lemmas

**lemma** *befaf*: **assumes**  $q \in \text{set } s$  *distinct s*  
**shows**  $\text{before } q \ s \cup \{q\} \cup \text{after } q \ s = \text{set } s$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *index\_sum*: **assumes** *distinct s*  $q \in \text{set } s$   
**shows**  $\text{index } s \ q = (\sum e \in \text{set } s. \text{if } e < q \text{ in } s \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 14.1.2 ALG

**fun** *ALG* ::  $'a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow ('a \text{ list} * 'is) \Rightarrow \text{nat}$  **where**  
 $\text{ALG } x \ qs \ i \ s = (\text{if } x < (qs!i) \text{ in } fst \ s \text{ then } 1::\text{nat} \text{ else } 0)$

**lemma** *t<sub>p</sub>-sumofALG*:  $\text{distinct } (fst \ s) \Longrightarrow \text{snd } a = [] \Longrightarrow (qs!i) \in \text{set } (fst \ s)$   
 $\Longrightarrow t_p \ (fst \ s) \ (qs!i) \ a = (\sum e \in \text{set } (fst \ s). \text{ALG } e \ qs \ i \ s)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *t<sub>p</sub>-sumofALGreal*: **assumes**  $\text{distinct } (fst \ s)$   $\text{snd } a = []$   $qs!i \in \text{set } (fst \ s)$   
**shows**  $\text{real}(t_p \ (fst \ s) \ (qs!i) \ a) = (\sum e \in \text{set } (fst \ s). \text{real}(\text{ALG } e \ qs \ i \ s))$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 14.1.3 The function steps'

**fun** *steps'* **where**  
 $\text{steps}' \ s \ \_ \ 0 = s$   
 $| \text{steps}' \ s \ [] \ [] \ (\text{Suc } n) = s$   
 $| \text{steps}' \ s \ (q\#qs) \ (a\#as) \ (\text{Suc } n) = \text{steps}' \ (\text{step } s \ q \ a) \ qs \ as \ n$

**lemma** *steps'\_steps*:  $\text{length } as = \text{length } qs \Longrightarrow \text{steps}' \ s \ as \ qs \ (\text{length } as) = \text{steps } s \ as \ qs$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *steps'\_length*:  $\text{length } qs = \text{length } as \implies n \leq \text{length } as$   
 $\implies \text{length } (\text{steps}' s qs as n) = \text{length } s$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *steps'\_set*:  $\text{length } qs = \text{length } as \implies n \leq \text{length } as$   
 $\implies \text{set } (\text{steps}' s qs as n) = \text{set } s$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *steps'\_distinct2*:  $\text{length } qs = \text{length } as \implies n \leq \text{length } as$   
 $\implies \text{distinct } s \implies \text{distinct } (\text{steps}' s qs as n)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *steps'\_distinct*:  $\text{length } qs = \text{length } as \implies \text{length } as = n$   
 $\implies \text{distinct } (\text{steps}' s qs as n) = \text{distinct } s$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *steps'\_dist\_perm*:  $\text{length } qs = \text{length } as \implies \text{length } as = n$   
 $\implies \text{dist\_perm } s s \implies \text{dist\_perm } (\text{steps}' s qs as n) (\text{steps}' s qs as n)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *steps'\_rests*:  $\text{length } qs = \text{length } as \implies n \leq \text{length } as \implies \text{steps}' s$   
 $qs as n = \text{steps}' s (qs@r1) (as@r2) n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *steps'\_append*:  $\text{length } qs = \text{length } as \implies \text{length } qs = n \implies \text{steps}' s$   
 $s (qs@[q]) (as@[a]) (\text{Suc } n) = \text{step } (\text{steps}' s qs as n) q a$   
 ⟨proof⟩

#### 14.1.4 ALG'\_det

**definition** *ALG'\_det*  $\text{Strat } qs \text{ init } i x = \text{ALG } x qs i (\text{swaps } (\text{snd } (\text{Strat!}i))$   
 $(\text{steps}' \text{ init } qs \text{ Strat } i), ())$

**lemma** *ALG'\_det\_append*:  $n < \text{length } \text{Strat} \implies n < \text{length } qs \implies \text{ALG}'_{\text{det}}$   
 $\text{Strat } (qs@a) \text{ init } n x$   
 $= \text{ALG}'_{\text{det}} \text{ Strat } qs \text{ init } n x$   
 ⟨proof⟩

#### 14.1.5 ALG'

**abbreviation** *config''*  $A qs \text{ init } n == \text{config\_rand } A \text{ init } (\text{take } n qs)$

**definition**  $ALG' A qs \text{ init } i x = E(\text{map\_pmf } (ALG x qs i) (\text{config'' } A qs \text{ init } i))$

**lemma**  $ALG'_{refl}$ :  $qs!i = x \implies ALG' A qs \text{ init } i x = 0$   
 ⟨proof⟩

#### 14.1.6 $ALGxy\_det$

**definition**  $ALGxy\_det$  where

$ALGxy\_det A qs \text{ init } x y = (\sum i \in \{..<length\ qs\}. (\text{if } (qs!i \in \{y,x\}) \text{ then } ALG'_{det} A qs \text{ init } i y + ALG'_{det} A qs \text{ init } i x \text{ else } 0::nat))$

**lemma**  $ALGxy\_det\_alternativ$ :  $ALGxy\_det A qs \text{ init } x y$   
 $= (\sum i \in \{i. i < length\ qs \wedge (qs!i \in \{y,x\})\}. ALG'_{det} A qs \text{ init } i y + ALG'_{det} A qs \text{ init } i x)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

#### 14.1.7 $ALGxy$

**definition**  $ALGxy$  where

$ALGxy A qs \text{ init } x y = (\sum i \in \{..<length\ qs\} \cap \{i. (qs!i \in \{y,x\})\}. ALG' A qs \text{ init } i y + ALG' A qs \text{ init } i x)$

**lemma**  $ALGxy\_def2$ :

$ALGxy A qs \text{ init } x y = (\sum i \in \{i. i < length\ qs \wedge (qs!i \in \{y,x\})\}. ALG' A qs \text{ init } i y + ALG' A qs \text{ init } i x)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma**  $ALGxy\_append$ :  $ALGxy A (rs@[r]) \text{ init } x y =$

$ALGxy A rs \text{ init } x y + (\text{if } (r \in \{y,x\}) \text{ then } ALG' A (rs@[r]) \text{ init } (length\ rs) y + ALG' A (rs@[r]) \text{ init } (length\ rs) x \text{ else } 0)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma**  $ALGxy\_wholerange$ :  $ALGxy A qs \text{ init } x y$

$= (\sum i < (length\ qs). (\text{if } qs ! i \in \{y, x\} \text{ then } ALG' A qs \text{ init } i y + ALG' A qs \text{ init } i x \text{ else } 0))$

⟨proof⟩

## 14.2 Transformation to Blocking Cost

**lemma**  $umformung$ :

**fixes**  $A :: (('a::linorder) list, 'is, 'a, (nat * nat list)) \text{alg\_on\_rand}$

**assumes**  $no\_paid$ :  $\bigwedge is\ s\ q. \forall ((free, paid), -) \in (snd\ A\ (s, is)\ q). paid = []$

**assumes**  $inlist$ :  $set\ qs \subseteq set\ init$



**assumes** *dist*: *distinct init*  
**assumes**  $\bigwedge x. x < \text{length } qs \implies \text{finite } (\text{set\_pmf } (\text{config}'' A \text{ } qs \text{ } \text{init } x))$   
**shows**  $T_{p\text{-on\_rand}} A \text{ } \text{init } qs =$   
 $(\sum_{(x,y) \in \{(x,y). x \in \text{set } \text{init} \wedge y \in \text{set } \text{init} \wedge x < y\}}. ALGxy A \text{ } qs \text{ } \text{init } x$   
 $y)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *before\_in\_index1*:  
**fixes**  $l$   
**assumes**  $\text{set } l = \{x,y\}$  **and**  $\text{length } l = 2$  **and**  $x \neq y$   
**shows**  $(\text{if } (x < y \text{ in } l) \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } 1) = \text{index } l \text{ } x$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *before\_in\_index2*:  
**fixes**  $l$   
**assumes**  $\text{set } l = \{x,y\}$  **and**  $\text{length } l = 2$  **and**  $x \neq y$   
**shows**  $(\text{if } (x < y \text{ in } l) \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0) = \text{index } l \text{ } y$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *before\_in\_index*:  
**fixes**  $l$   
**assumes**  $\text{set } l = \{x,y\}$  **and**  $\text{length } l = 2$  **and**  $x \neq y$   
**shows**  $(x < y \text{ in } l) = (\text{index } l \text{ } x = 0)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 14.3 The pairwise property

**definition** *pairwise where*

$\text{pairwise } A = (\forall \text{init}. \text{distinct } \text{init} \implies (\forall qs \in \{xs. \text{set } xs \subseteq \text{set } \text{init}\}. \forall (x::('a::\text{linorder}), y) \in \{(x,y). x \in \text{set } \text{init} \wedge y \in \text{set } \text{init} \wedge x < y\}. T_{p\text{-on\_rand}} A (Lxy \text{ } \text{init } \{x,y\}) (Lxy \text{ } qs \text{ } \{x,y\}) = ALGxy A \text{ } qs \text{ } \text{init } x \text{ } y))$

**definition**  $P_{\text{before\_in}} x \text{ } y \text{ } A \text{ } qs \text{ } \text{init} = \text{map\_pmf } (\lambda p. x < y \text{ in } \text{fst } p)$   
 $(\text{config\_rand } A \text{ } \text{init } qs)$

**lemma** *T\_on\_n\_no\_paid*:

**assumes**  
 $\text{nopaid}: \bigwedge s \text{ } n. \text{map\_pmf } (\lambda x. \text{snd } (\text{fst } x)) (\text{snd } A \text{ } s \text{ } n) = \text{return\_pmf } []$   
**shows**  $T_{\text{on\_rand\_n}} A \text{ } \text{init } qs \text{ } i = E (\text{config}'' A \text{ } qs \text{ } \text{init } i \gg (\lambda p. \text{return\_pmf } (\text{real}(\text{index } (\text{fst } p) (qs \text{ } ! \text{ } i))))))$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *pairwise\_property\_lemma*:

**assumes**

*relativeorder*:  $(\bigwedge \text{init } qs. \text{distinct init} \implies qs \in \{xs. \text{set } xs \subseteq \text{set init}\})$

$\implies (\bigwedge x y. (x,y) \in \{(x,y). x \in \text{set init} \wedge y \in \text{set init} \wedge x \neq y\})$

$\implies x \neq y$

$\implies \text{Pbefore\_in } x y A qs \text{ init} = \text{Pbefore\_in } x y A (\text{Lxy } qs \{x,y\})$

$(\text{Lxy init } \{x,y\})$

)

**and** *nopaid*:  $\bigwedge xa r. \forall z \in \text{set\_pmf}(\text{snd } A xa r). \text{snd}(\text{fst } z) = []$

**shows** *pairwise* *A*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *umf\_pair*: **assumes**

*0*: *pairwise* *A*

**assumes** *1*:  $\bigwedge is s q. \forall ((\text{free}, \text{paid}), -) \in (\text{snd } A (s, is) q). \text{paid} = []$

**assumes** *2*:  $\text{set } qs \subseteq \text{set init}$

**assumes** *3*: *distinct init*

**assumes** *4*:  $\bigwedge x. x < \text{length } qs \implies \text{finite } (\text{set\_pmf } (\text{config}'' A qs \text{ init } x))$

**shows** *T<sub>p</sub>-on-rand* *A* *init* *qs*

$= (\sum (x,y) \in \{(x,y). x \in \text{set init} \wedge y \in \text{set init} \wedge x < y\}. \text{T}_{p\text{-on-rand}} A (\text{Lxy init } \{x,y\}) (\text{Lxy } qs \{x,y\}))$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

## 14.4 List Factoring for OPT

**fun** *ALG\_P* :: *nat list*  $\Rightarrow$  *'a*  $\Rightarrow$  *'a*  $\Rightarrow$  *'a list*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat* **where**

*ALG\_P* [] *x y xs* =  $(0 :: \text{nat})$

| *ALG\_P* (*s#ss*) *x y xs* =  $(\text{if } \text{Suc } s < \text{length } (\text{swaps } ss xs)$

$\text{then } (\text{if } ((\text{swaps } ss xs)!s=x \wedge (\text{swaps } ss xs)!(\text{Suc } s)=y)$

$\vee ((\text{swaps } ss xs)!s=y \wedge (\text{swaps } ss xs)!(\text{Suc } s)=x)$

$\text{then } 1$

$\text{else } 0)$

$\text{else } 0) + \text{ALG\_P } ss x y xs$

**lemma** *ALG\_P\_erwischt\_alle*:

**assumes** *dinit*: *distinct init*

**shows**

$\forall l < \text{length } sws. \text{Suc } (sws!l) < \text{length } \text{init} \implies \text{length } sws$

$= (\sum (x,y) \in \{(x,y). x \in \text{set } (\text{init} :: ('a :: \text{linorder}) \text{list}) \wedge y \in \text{set init} \wedge x < y\}. \text{ALG\_P } sws x y \text{init})$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $t_p\text{-sumofALGALGP}$ :

**assumes**  $\text{distinct } s \text{ } (qs!i) \in \text{set } s$

**and**  $\forall l < \text{length } (snd \ a). \text{Suc } ((snd \ a)!l) < \text{length } s$

**shows**  $t_p \ s \ (qs!i) \ a = (\sum e \in \text{set } s. \text{ALG } e \ qs \ i \ (\text{swaps } (snd \ a) \ s, ()))$

$+ (\sum (x,y) \in \{(x::('a::\text{linorder}), y). x \in \text{set } s \wedge y \in \text{set } s \wedge x < y\}. \text{ALG\_P}$

$(snd \ a) \ x \ y \ s)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition**  $\text{ALG\_P}' \text{ Strat } qs \ \text{init } i \ x \ y = \text{ALG\_P } (snd \ (\text{Strat}!i)) \ x \ y \ (\text{steps}'$   
 $\text{init } qs \ \text{Strat } i)$

**lemma**  $\text{ALG\_P}'\text{-rest}$ :  $n < \text{length } qs \implies n < \text{length } \text{Strat} \implies$

$\text{ALG\_P}' \ \text{Strat} \ (\text{take } n \ qs \ @ \ [qs \ ! \ n]) \ \text{init } n \ x \ y =$

$\text{ALG\_P}' \ (\text{take } n \ \text{Strat} \ @ \ [\text{Strat} \ ! \ n]) \ (\text{take } n \ qs \ @ \ [qs \ ! \ n]) \ \text{init } n \ x \ y$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{ALG\_P}'\text{-rest2}$ :  $n < \text{length } qs \implies n < \text{length } \text{Strat} \implies$

$\text{ALG\_P}' \ \text{Strat} \ qs \ \text{init } n \ x \ y =$

$\text{ALG\_P}' \ (\text{Strat}@r1) \ (qs@r2) \ \text{init } n \ x \ y$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition**  $\text{ALG\_Pxy}$  **where**

$\text{ALG\_Pxy} \ \text{Strat} \ qs \ \text{init } x \ y = (\sum i < \text{length } qs. \text{ALG\_P}' \ \text{Strat} \ qs \ \text{init } i \ x \ y)$

**lemma**  $\text{wegdamit}$ :  $\text{length } A < \text{length } \text{Strat} \implies b \notin \{x,y\} \implies \text{ALGxy\_det}$   
 $\text{Strat} \ (A \ @ \ [b]) \ \text{init } x \ y$

$= \text{ALGxy\_det} \ \text{Strat} \ A \ \text{init } x \ y$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{ALG\_P\_split}$ :  $\text{length } qs < \text{length } \text{Strat} \implies \text{ALG\_Pxy} \ \text{Strat} \ (qs@[q])$   
 $\text{init } x \ y = \text{ALG\_Pxy} \ \text{Strat} \ qs \ \text{init } x \ y$

+ ALG\_P' Strat (qs@[q]) init (length qs) x y  
 <proof>

**lemma** swap0in2: **assumes** set l = {x,y} x≠y length l = 2 dist\_perm l l  
**shows**  
 x < y in (swap 0) l = (~ x < y in l)  
 <proof>

**lemma** before\_in\_swap2:  
 dist\_perm xs ys ==> Suc n < size xs ==> x≠y ==>  
 x < y in (swap n xs) <->  
 (~ x < y in xs & (y = xs!n & x = xs!Suc n)  
 ∨ x < y in xs & ~(y = xs!Suc n & x = xs!n))  
 <proof>

**lemma** projected\_paid\_same\_effect:  
**assumes**  
 d: dist\_perm s1 s1  
**and** ee: x≠y  
**and** f: set s2 = {x, y}  
**and** g: length s2 = 2  
**and** h: dist\_perm s2 s2  
**shows** x < y in s1 = x < y in s2 ==>  
 x < y in swaps acs s1 = x < y in (swap 0 ^ ALG\_P acs x y s1) s2  
 <proof>

**lemma** steps\_steps':  
 length qs = length as ==> steps s qs as = steps' s qs as (length as)  
 <proof>

**lemma** T1\_7':  $T_p$  init qs Strat =  $T_{p-opt}$  init qs ==> length Strat = length qs  
 ==> n ≤ length qs ==>  
 x≠(y::('a::linorder)) ==>  
 x ∈ set init ==> y ∈ set init ==> distinct init ==>  
 set qs ⊆ set init ==>  
 (∃ Strat2 sws.

$T_p$  (opt (Lxy (init (x,y)) (Lxy (take n qs) (x,y))) /< T\_p (Lxy (init (x,y)) (Lxy (take n qs) (x,y)) Strat2) length Strat2 = length (Lxy (take

$n \text{ qs} \{x,y\}$   
 $\wedge (x < y \text{ in } (\text{steps}' \text{ init } (\text{take } n \text{ qs}) (\text{take } n \text{ Strat}) n))$   
 $= (x < y \text{ in } (\text{swaps } \text{sws} (\text{steps}' (Lxy \text{ init } \{x,y\}) (Lxy (\text{take } n \text{ qs}) \{x,y\}) \text{Strat2} (\text{length } \text{Strat2}))))$   
 $\wedge T_p (Lxy \text{ init } \{x,y\}) (Lxy (\text{take } n \text{ qs}) \{x,y\}) \text{Strat2} + \text{length } \text{sws}$   
 $=$   
 $ALGxy\_det \text{ Strat } (\text{take } n \text{ qs}) \text{ init } x \ y + ALG\_Pxy \text{ Strat } (\text{take } n \text{ qs})$   
 $\text{init } x \ y$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma T1\_7:**

**assumes**  $T_p \text{ init } \text{qs} \text{ Strat} = T_{p\_opt} \text{ init } \text{qs} \text{ length } \text{Strat} = \text{length } \text{qs}$   
 $x \neq (y::('a::\text{linorder})) \ x \in \text{set } \text{init} \ y \in \text{set } \text{init} \ \text{distinct } \text{init}$   
 $\text{set } \text{qs} \subseteq \text{set } \text{init}$   
**shows**  $T_{p\_opt} (Lxy \text{ init } \{x,y\}) (Lxy \ \text{qs} \ \{x,y\})$   
 $\leq ALGxy\_det \ \text{Strat} \ \text{qs} \ \text{init } x \ y + ALG\_Pxy \ \text{Strat} \ \text{qs} \ \text{init } x \ y$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma T\_snoc:**  $\text{length } \text{rs} = \text{length } \text{as}$

$\implies T \text{ init } (\text{rs}@[r]) (\text{as}@[a])$   
 $= T \text{ init } \text{rs} \ \text{as} + t_p (\text{steps}' \text{ init } \text{rs} \ \text{as} (\text{length } \text{rs})) \ r \ a$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma steps'\_snoc:**  $\text{length } \text{rs} = \text{length } \text{as} \implies n = (\text{length } \text{as})$

$\implies \text{steps}' \text{ init } (\text{rs}@[r]) (\text{as}@[a]) (\text{Suc } n) = \text{step } (\text{steps}' \text{ init } \text{rs} \ \text{as} \ n)$   
 $r \ a$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma steps'\_take:**

**assumes**  $n < \text{length } \text{qs} \ \text{length } \text{qs} = \text{length } \text{Strat}$   
**shows**  $\text{steps}' \text{ init } (\text{take } n \ \text{qs}) (\text{take } n \ \text{Strat}) \ n$   
 $= \text{steps}' \text{ init } \ \text{qs} \ \text{Strat} \ n$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma Tp\_darstellung:**  $\text{length } \text{qs} = \text{length } \text{Strat}$

$\implies T_p \text{ init } \text{qs} \ \text{Strat} =$   
 $(\sum i \in \{.. < \text{length } \text{qs}\}. t_p (\text{steps}' \text{ init } \text{qs} \ \text{Strat} \ i) (\text{qs}!i) (\text{Strat}!i))$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma umformung\_OPT':**

**assumes**  $\text{inlist}: \text{set } \text{qs} \subseteq \text{set } \text{init}$

**assumes** *dist*: *distinct init*  
**assumes** *qsStrat*:  $\text{length } qs = \text{length } Strat$   
**assumes** *noStupid*:  $\bigwedge x l. x < \text{length } Strat \implies l < \text{length } (\text{snd } (Strat ! x))$   
 $\implies \text{Suc } ((\text{snd } (Strat ! x))!l) < \text{length } \text{init}$   
**shows**  $T_p \text{ init } qs \text{ Strat} =$   
 $(\sum (x,y) \in \{(x,y) :: ('a :: \text{linorder})\}. x \in \text{set } \text{init} \wedge y \in \text{set } \text{init} \wedge x < y).$   
 $ALG_{xy\_det} \text{ Strat } qs \text{ init } x \ y + ALG_{Pxy} \text{ Strat } qs \text{ init } x \ y$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *nn\_contains\_Inf*:  
**fixes**  $S :: \text{nat set}$   
**assumes** *nn*:  $S \neq \{\}$   
**shows**  $\text{Inf } S \in S$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *steps\_length*:  $\text{length } qs = \text{length } as \implies \text{length } (\text{steps } s \ qs \ as) =$   
 $\text{length } s$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *OPT\_noStupid*:  
**fixes** *Strat*  
**assumes** [*simp*]:  $\text{length } Strat = \text{length } qs$   
**assumes** *opt*:  $T_p \text{ init } qs \text{ Strat} = T_p\text{-opt } \text{init } qs$   
**assumes** *init\_nempty*:  $\text{init} \neq []$   
**shows**  $\bigwedge x l. x < \text{length } Strat \implies$   
 $l < \text{length } (\text{snd } (Strat ! x)) \implies$   
 $\text{Suc } ((\text{snd } (Strat ! x))!l) < \text{length } \text{init}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *umformung\_OPT*:  
**assumes** *inlist*:  $\text{set } qs \subseteq \text{set } \text{init}$   
**assumes** *dist*: *distinct init*  
**assumes** *a*:  $T_p\text{-opt } \text{init } qs = T_p \text{ init } qs \text{ Strat}$   
**assumes** *b*:  $\text{length } qs = \text{length } Strat$   
**assumes** *c*:  $\text{init} \neq []$   
**shows**  $T_p\text{-opt } \text{init } qs =$   
 $(\sum (x,y) \in \{(x,y) :: ('a :: \text{linorder})\}. x \in \text{set } \text{init} \wedge y \in \text{set } \text{init} \wedge x < y).$

$ALG_{xy\_det} \text{ Strat } qs \text{ init } x \ y + ALG\_P_{xy} \text{ Strat } qs \text{ init } x \ y)$   
 <proof>

**corollary** *OPT\_zerlegen*:

**assumes**  
     *dist*: *distinct init*  
**and** *c*: *init* ≠ []  
**and** *setqsinit*: *set qs* ⊆ *set init*  
**shows**  $(\sum (x,y) \in \{(x,y) :: ('a::linorder)\}. x \in \text{set init} \wedge y \in \text{set init} \wedge x < y).$   
 $(T_{p\_opt} (Lxy \text{ init } \{x,y\}) (Lxy \text{ qs } \{x,y\}))$   
 $\leq T_{p\_opt} \text{ init } qs$   
 <proof>

## 14.5 Factoring Lemma

**lemma** *cardofpairs*:  $S \neq [] \implies \text{sorted } S \implies \text{distinct } S \implies \text{card } \{(x,y). x \in \text{set } S \wedge y \in \text{set } S \wedge x < y\} = ((\text{length } S) * (\text{length } S - 1)) / 2$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *factoringlemma\_withconstant*:

**fixes** *A*  
**and** *b*::*real*  
**and** *c*::*real*  
**assumes** *c*:  $c \geq 1$   
**assumes** *dist*:  $\forall e \in S0. \text{distinct } e$   
**assumes** *notempty*:  $\forall e \in S0. \text{length } e > 0$   
  
**assumes** *pw*: *pairwise A*  
  
**assumes** *on2*:  $\forall s0 \in S0. \exists b \geq 0. \forall qs \in \{x. \text{set } x \subseteq \text{set } s0\}. \forall (x,y) \in \{(x,y). x \in \text{set } s0 \wedge y \in \text{set } s0 \wedge x < y\}. T_{p\_on\_rand} A (Lxy \text{ s0 } \{x,y\}) (Lxy \text{ qs } \{x,y\}) \leq c * (T_{p\_opt} (Lxy \text{ s0 } \{x,y\}) (Lxy \text{ qs } \{x,y\})) + b$   
**assumes** *nopaid*:  $\bigwedge is \text{ s } q. \forall ((\text{free,paid}),-) \in (\text{snd } A (s, is) q). \text{paid} = []$   
**assumes** *4*:  $\bigwedge \text{init } qs. \text{distinct init} \implies \text{set } qs \subseteq \text{set init} \implies (\bigwedge x. x < \text{length } qs \implies \text{finite } (\text{set\_pmf } (\text{config'' } A \text{ qs init } x)))$   
  
**shows**  $\forall s0 \in S0. \exists b \geq 0. \forall qs \in \{x. \text{set } x \subseteq \text{set } s0\}. T_{p\_on\_rand} A \text{ s0 } qs \leq c * \text{real } (T_{p\_opt} \text{ s0 } qs) + b$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *factoringlemma\_withconstant'*:

```

fixes A
  and b::real
  and c::real
  assumes c: c ≥ 1
  assumes dist: ∀ e∈S0. distinct e
  assumes notempty: ∀ e∈S0. length e > 0

  assumes pw: pairwise A

  assumes on2: ∀ s0∈S0. ∃ b≥0. ∀ qs∈{x. set x ⊆ set s0}. ∀ (x,y)∈{(x,y).
x ∈ set s0 ∧ y∈set s0 ∧ x<y}. Tp-on_rand A (Lxy s0 {x,y}) (Lxy qs {x,y})
≤ c * (Tp-opt (Lxy s0 {x,y}) (Lxy qs {x,y})) + b
  assumes nopaid: ∧ is s q. ∀ ((free,paid),-) ∈ (snd A (s, is) q). paid=[]
  assumes 4: ∧ init qs. distinct init ⇒ set qs ⊆ set init ⇒ (∧ x.
x<length qs ⇒ finite (set_pmf (config'' A qs init x)))

  shows compet_rand A c S0
  ⟨proof⟩

end

```

## 15 TS: another 2-competitive Algorithm

```

theory TS
imports
  OPT2
  Phase_Partitioning
  Move_to_Front
  List_Factoring
  RExp_Var
begin

```

### 15.1 Definition of TS

**definition** *TS\_step-d* **where**

```

TS_step-d s q = ((
  (
    let li = index (snd s) q in
    (if li = length (snd s) then 0 — requested for first time
    else (let sincelast = take li (snd s)
         in (let S={x. x < q in (fst s) ∧ count_list sincelast x ≤ 1}
            in
            (if S={} then 0

```



```

      else
        (index (fst s) q) - Min ( (index (fst s)) ' S))
    )
  )
), [], q#(snd s))

```

**definition**  $rTS :: nat\ list \Rightarrow (nat, nat\ list)\ alg\_on$  **where**  $rTS\ h = ((\lambda s. h), TS\_step\_d)$

**fun**  $TSstep$  **where**

```

  TSstep qs n (is,s)
  = ((qs!n)#is,
    step s (qs!n) ((
      let li = index is (qs!n) in
      (if li = length is then 0 — requested for first time
      else (let sincelast = take li is
          in (let S={x. x < (qs!n) in s ^ count_list sincelast x ≤ 1}
          in
            (if S={} then 0
            else
              (index s (qs!n)) - Min ( (index s) ' S)))
        )
    )
  ), []))

```

**lemma**  $TSnopaid: (snd (fst (snd (rTS\ initH)\ is\ q))) = []$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**abbreviation**  $TSdet$  **where**

```

  TSdet init initH qs n == config (rTS\ initH)\ init (take n qs)

```

**lemma**  $TSdet\_Suc: Suc\ n \leq length\ qs \implies TSdet\ init\ initH\ qs\ (Suc\ n) =$   
 $Step\ (rTS\ initH)\ (TSdet\ init\ initH\ qs\ n)\ (qs!n)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**definition**  $s\_TS$  **where**  $s\_TS\ init\ initH\ qs\ n = fst\ (TSdet\ init\ initH\ qs\ n)$

**lemma**  $sndTSdet: n \leq length\ xs \implies snd\ (TSdet\ init\ initH\ xs\ n) = rev\ (take$

$n \text{ xs}$ ) @  $\text{initH}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

## 15.2 Behaviour of TS on lists of length 2

**lemma**

**fixes**  $hs \ x \ y$   
**assumes**  $x \neq y$   
**shows**  $\text{oneTS\_step} : \quad \text{TS\_step\_d} ([x, y], x\#y\#hs) \quad y = ((1, []), y \# x \# y \# hs)$   
**and**  $\text{oneTS\_stepyyy} : \quad \text{TS\_step\_d} ([x, y], y\#x\#hs) \quad y = ((\text{Suc } 0, []), y\#y\#x\#hs)$   
**and**  $\text{oneTS\_stepx} : \quad \text{TS\_step\_d} ([x, y], x\#x\#hs) \quad y = ((0, []), y \# x \# x \# hs)$   
**and**  $\text{oneTS\_stepy} : \quad \text{TS\_step\_d} ([x, y], []) \quad y = ((0, []), [y])$   
**and**  $\text{oneTS\_stepxy} : \quad \text{TS\_step\_d} ([x, y], [x]) \quad y = ((0, []), [y, x])$   
**and**  $\text{oneTS\_stepyy} : \quad \text{TS\_step\_d} ([x, y], [y]) \quad y = ((\text{Suc } 0, []), [y, y])$   
**and**  $\text{oneTS\_stepyx} : \quad \text{TS\_step\_d} ([x, y], hs) \quad x = ((0, []), x \# hs)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemmas**  $\text{oneTS\_steps} = \text{oneTS\_stepx} \ \text{oneTS\_stepxy} \ \text{oneTS\_stepyx} \ \text{oneTS\_stepy} \ \text{oneTS\_stepyy} \ \text{oneTS\_stepyyy} \ \text{oneTS\_step}$

## 15.3 Analysis of the Phases

**definition**  $\text{TS\_inv} \ c \ x \ i \equiv (\exists \text{hs}. c = \text{return\_pmf} ((\text{if } x=\text{hd } i \text{ then } i \text{ else rev } i), [x, x]@hs) )$   
 $\vee c = \text{return\_pmf} ((\text{if } x=\text{hd } i \text{ then } i \text{ else rev } i), [])$

**lemma**  $\text{TS\_inv\_sym} : a \neq b \implies \{a, b\} = \{x, y\} \implies z \in \{x, y\} \implies \text{TS\_inv} \ c \ z$   
 $[a, b] = \text{TS\_inv} \ c \ z \ [x, y]$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**abbreviation**  $\text{TS\_inv}' \ s \ x \ i == \text{TS\_inv} (\text{return\_pmf} \ s) \ x \ i$

**lemma**  $\text{TS\_inv}'\_det : \text{TS\_inv}' \ s \ x \ i = ((\exists \text{hs}. s = ((\text{if } x=\text{hd } i \text{ then } i \text{ else rev } i), [x, x]@hs) )$   
 $\vee s = ((\text{if } x=\text{hd } i \text{ then } i \text{ else rev } i), []))$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{TS\_inv}'\_det2 : \text{TS\_inv}' (s, h) \ x \ i = (\exists \text{hs}. (s, h) = ((\text{if } x=\text{hd } i \text{ then } i \text{ else rev } i), [x, x]@hs) )$   
 $\vee (s, h) = ((\text{if } x=\text{hd } i \text{ then } i \text{ else rev } i), [])$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 15.3.1 (yx)\*?

**lemma**  $TS\_yx'$ : **assumes**  $x \neq y$   $qs \in lang$  ( $Star(Times (Atom y) (Atom x))$ )

$\exists hs. h=[x,y]@hs$

**shows**  $T\_on'$  ( $rTS h0$ ) ( $[x,y],h$ ) ( $qs@r$ ) =  $length\ qs + T\_on'$  ( $rTS h0$ ) ( $[x,y],((rev\ qs)\ @h)$ )  $r$

$\wedge (\exists hs. ((rev\ qs)\ @h) = [x, y]\ @\ hs)$

$\wedge config'$  ( $rTS h0$ ) ( $[x, y],h$ )  $qs = ([x,y],rev\ qs\ @\ h)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

### 15.3.2 ?x

**lemma**  $TS\_x'$ :  $T\_on'$  ( $rTS h0$ ) ( $[x,y],h$ )  $[x] = 0 \wedge config'$  ( $rTS h0$ ) ( $[x, y],h$ )  $[x] = ([x,y], rev [x] @ h)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

### 15.3.3 ?yy

**lemma**  $TS\_yy'$ : **assumes**  $x \neq y \exists hs. h = [x, y] @ hs$

**shows**  $T\_on'$  ( $rTS h0$ ) ( $[x,y],h$ )  $[y, y] = 1 config'$  ( $rTS h0$ ) ( $[x, y],h$ )  $[y,y] = ([y,x],rev [y,y] @ h)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

### 15.3.4 yx(yx)\*?

**lemma**  $TS\_yxyx'$ : **assumes**  $[simp]: x \neq y$  **and**  $qs \in lang$  ( $seq[Times (Atom y) (Atom x)], Star(Times (Atom y) (Atom x))$ )

$(\exists hs. h=[x,x]@hs) \vee index\ h\ y = length\ h$

**shows**  $T\_on'$  ( $rTS h0$ ) ( $[x,y],h$ ) ( $qs@r$ ) =  $length\ qs - 1 + T\_on'$  ( $rTS h0$ ) ( $[x,y],rev\ qs\ @\ h$ )  $r$

$\wedge (\exists hs. (rev\ qs\ @\ h) = [x, y]\ @\ hs)$

$\wedge config'$  ( $rTS h0$ ) ( $[x, y],h$ )  $qs = ([x,y], rev\ qs\ @\ h)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $TS\_xr'$ : **assumes**  $x \neq y$   $qs \in lang$  ( $Plus (Atom x) One$ )

$h = [] \vee (\exists hs. h = [x, x] @ hs)$

**shows**  $T\_on'$  ( $rTS h0$ ) ( $[x,y],h$ ) ( $qs@r$ ) =  $T\_on'$  ( $rTS h0$ ) ( $[x,y],rev\ qs@h$ )  $r$

$((\exists hs. (rev\ qs\ @\ h) = [x, x] @ hs) \vee (rev\ qs\ @\ h) = [x] \vee (rev\ qs\ @\ h) = [])$

$config' (rTS\ h0) ([x,y],h) (qs@r) = config' (rTS\ h0) ([x,y],rev\ qs$   
 $@\ h)\ r$   
 ⟨proof⟩

### 15.3.5 (x+1)yx(yx)\*yy

**lemma** *ts\_b'*: **assumes**  $x \neq y$

$v \in lang\ (seq[Times\ (Atom\ y)\ (Atom\ x),\ Star\ (Times\ (Atom\ y)\ (Atom\ x))],\ Atom\ y,\ Atom\ y]$

$(\exists\ hs.\ h = [x, x] @\ hs) \vee h = [x] \vee h = []$

**shows**  $T\_on'\ (rTS\ h0) ([x, y], h)\ v = (length\ v - 2)$

$\wedge\ (\exists\ hs.\ (rev\ v @\ h) = [y,y]@hs) \wedge config' (rTS\ h0) ([x,y], h)\ v$   
 $= ([y,x], rev\ v @\ h)$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *TS\_b'1*: **assumes**  $x \neq y\ h = [] \vee (\exists\ hs.\ h = [x, x] @\ hs)$

$qs \in lang\ (seq\ [Atom\ y,\ Atom\ x,\ Star\ (Times\ (Atom\ y)\ (Atom\ x))],\ Atom\ y,\ Atom\ y]$

**shows**  $T\_on'\ (rTS\ h0) ([x, y], h)\ qs = (length\ qs - 2)$

$\wedge\ TS\_inv'\ (config'\ (rTS\ h0) ([x, y], h)\ qs)\ (last\ qs)\ [x,y]$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *TS\_b1''*: **assumes**

$x \neq y\ \{x, y\} = \{x0, y0\}\ TS\_inv\ s\ x\ [x0, y0]$

$set\ qs \subseteq \{x, y\}$

$qs \in lang\ (seq\ [Atom\ y,\ Atom\ x,\ Star\ (Times\ (Atom\ y)\ (Atom\ x))],\ Atom\ y,\ Atom\ y]$

**shows**  $TS\_inv\ (config'\_rand\ (embed\ (rTS\ h0))\ s\ qs)\ (last\ qs)\ [x0, y0]$

$\wedge\ T\_on\_rand'\ (embed\ (rTS\ h0))\ s\ qs = (length\ qs - 2)$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *ts\_b2'*: **assumes**  $x \neq y$

$qs \in lang\ (seq[Atom\ x,\ Times\ (Atom\ y)\ (Atom\ x),\ Star\ (Times\ (Atom\ y)\ (Atom\ x))],\ Atom\ y,\ Atom\ y]$

$(\exists\ hs.\ h = [x, x] @\ hs) \vee h = []$

**shows**  $T\_on'\ (rTS\ h0) ([x, y], h)\ qs = (length\ qs - 3)$

$\wedge\ config'\ (rTS\ h0) ([x,y], h)\ qs = ([y,x],rev\ qs@h) \wedge (\exists\ hs.\ (rev\ qs @\ h) = [y,y]@hs)$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *TS\_b2''*: **assumes**

$x \neq y \{x, y\} = \{x0, y0\} \text{TS\_inv } s \ x \ [x0, y0]$

$\text{set } qs \subseteq \{x, y\}$

$qs \in \text{lang } (\text{seq } [\text{Atom } x, \text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } x, \text{Star } (\text{Times } (\text{Atom } y) (\text{Atom } x)), \text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } y])$

**shows**  $\text{TS\_inv } (\text{config\_rand } (\text{embed } (r\text{TS } h0)) \ s \ qs) \ (\text{last } qs) \ [x0, y0]$

$\wedge \text{T\_on\_rand}' (\text{embed } (r\text{TS } h0)) \ s \ qs = (\text{length } qs - 3)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *TS\_b'*: **assumes**  $x \neq y \ h = [] \vee (\exists \ hs. \ h = [x, x] \ @ \ hs)$

$qs \in \text{lang } (\text{seq } [\text{Plus } (\text{Atom } x) \ \text{rexp.One}, \text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } x, \text{Star } (\text{Times } (\text{Atom } y) (\text{Atom } x)), \text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } y])$

**shows**  $\text{T\_on}' (r\text{TS } h0) \ ([x, y], h) \ qs$

$\leq 2 * T_p \ [x, y] \ qs \ (\text{OPT2 } qs \ [x, y]) \wedge \text{TS\_inv}' (\text{config}' (r\text{TS } h0) \ ([x, y], h) \ qs) \ (\text{last } qs) \ [x, y]$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 15.3.6 (x+1)yy

**lemma** *ts\_a'*: **assumes**  $x \neq y \ qs \in \text{lang } (\text{seq } [\text{Plus } (\text{Atom } x) \ \text{One}, \text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } y])$

$h = [] \vee (\exists \ hs. \ h = [x, x] \ @ \ hs)$

**shows**  $\text{TS\_inv}' (\text{config}' (r\text{TS } h0) \ ([x, y], h) \ qs) \ (\text{last } qs) \ [x, y]$

$\wedge \text{T\_on}' (r\text{TS } h0) \ ([x, y], h) \ qs = 2$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *TS\_a'*: **assumes**  $x \neq y$

$h = [] \vee (\exists \ hs. \ h = [x, x] \ @ \ hs)$

**and**  $qs \in \text{lang } (\text{seq } [\text{Plus } (\text{Atom } x) \ \text{rexp.One}, \text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } y])$

**shows**  $\text{T\_on}' (r\text{TS } h0) \ ([x, y], h) \ qs \leq 2 * T_p \ [x, y] \ qs \ (\text{OPT2 } qs \ [x, y])$

$\wedge \text{TS\_inv}' (\text{config}' (r\text{TS } h0) \ ([x, y], h) \ qs) \ (\text{last } qs) \ [x, y]$

$\wedge \text{T\_on}' (r\text{TS } h0) \ ([x, y], h) \ qs = 2$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *TS\_a''*: **assumes**

$x \neq y \ {x, y} = \{x0, y0\} \ \text{TS\_inv } s \ x \ [x0, y0]$

$\text{set } qs \subseteq \{x, y\} \ qs \in \text{lang } (\text{seq } [\text{Plus } (\text{Atom } x) \ \text{One}, \text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } y])$

**shows**

$\text{TS\_inv } (\text{config\_rand } (\text{embed } (r\text{TS } h0)) \ s \ qs) \ (\text{last } qs) \ [x0, y0]$

$\wedge \text{T\_p\_on\_rand}' (\text{embed } (r\text{TS } h0)) \ s \ qs = 2$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 15.3.7 $x+yx(yx)^*x$

**lemma**  $ts\_c'$ : **assumes**  $x \neq y$

$v \in lang (seq[Times (Atom y) (Atom x), Star (Times (Atom y) (Atom x))], Atom x]$

$(\exists hs. h = [x, x] @ hs) \vee h = [x] \vee h = []$

**shows**  $T\_on' (rTS h0) ([x, y], h) v = (length v - 2)$

$\wedge config' (rTS h0) ([x, y], h) v = ([x, y], rev v @ h) \wedge (\exists hs. (rev v @ h) = [x, x] @ hs)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $TS\_c1''$ : **assumes**

$x \neq y \{x, y\} = \{x0, y0\} TS\_inv s x [x0, y0]$

$set qs \subseteq \{x, y\}$

$qs \in lang (seq [Atom y, Atom x, Star (Times (Atom y) (Atom x))], Atom x]$

**shows**  $TS\_inv (config\_rand (embed (rTS h0)) s qs) (last qs) [x0, y0]$

$\wedge T\_on\_rand' (embed (rTS h0)) s qs = (length qs - 2)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $ts\_c2'$ : **assumes**  $x \neq y$

$qs \in lang (seq [Atom x, Times (Atom y) (Atom x), Star (Times (Atom y) (Atom x))], Atom x]$

$(\exists hs. h = [x, x] @ hs) \vee h = []$

**shows**  $T\_on' (rTS h0) ([x, y], h) qs = (length qs - 3)$

$\wedge config' (rTS h0) ([x, y], h) qs = ([x, y], rev qs @ h) \wedge (\exists hs. (rev qs @ h) = [x, x] @ hs)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $TS\_c2''$ : **assumes**

$x \neq y \{x, y\} = \{x0, y0\} TS\_inv s x [x0, y0]$

$set qs \subseteq \{x, y\}$

$qs \in lang (seq [Atom x, Atom y, Atom x, Star (Times (Atom y) (Atom x))], Atom x]$

**shows**  $TS\_inv (config\_rand (embed (rTS h0)) s qs) (last qs) [x0, y0]$

$\wedge T\_on\_rand' (embed (rTS h0)) s qs = (length qs - 3)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $TS\_c'$ : **assumes**  $x \neq y h = [] \vee (\exists hs. h = [x, x] @ hs)$

$qs \in lang (seq [Plus (Atom x) rexp.One, Atom y, Atom x, Star (Times (Atom y) (Atom x))], Atom x]$

**shows**  $T\_on' (rTS\ h0) ([x, y], h)\ qs$   
 $\leq 2 * T_p [x, y]\ qs (OPT2\ qs [x, y]) \wedge TS\_inv' (config' (rTS\ h0) ([x, y], h)\ qs) (last\ qs) [x, y]$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

### 15.3.8 xx

**lemma** *request\_first*:  $x \neq y \implies Step (rTS\ h) ([x, y], is)\ x = ([x, y], x\#is)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *ts\_d'*:  $qs \in Lxx\ x\ y \implies$   
 $x \neq y \implies$   
 $h = [] \vee (\exists hs. h = [x, x] @ hs) \implies$   
 $qs \in lang (seq [Atom\ x, Atom\ x]) \implies$   
 $T\_on' (rTS\ h0) ([x, y], h)\ qs = 0 \wedge$   
 $TS\_inv' (config' (rTS\ h0) ([x, y], h)\ qs)\ x [x, y]$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *TS\_d'*: **assumes**  $xny$ :  $x \neq y$  **and**  $h = [] \vee (\exists hs. h = [x, x] @ hs)$   
**and**  $qs$ is:  $qs \in lang (seq [Atom\ x, Atom\ x])$   
**shows**  $T\_on' (rTS\ h0) ([x, y], h)\ qs \leq 2 * T_p [x, y]\ qs (OPT2\ qs [x, y])$   
**and**  $TS\_inv' (config' (rTS\ h0) ([x, y], h)\ qs) (last\ qs) [x, y]$   
**and**  $T\_on' (rTS\ h0) ([x, y], h)\ qs = 0$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *TS\_d''*: **assumes**  
 $x \neq y\ \{x, y\} = \{x0, y0\}\ TS\_inv\ s\ x [x0, y0]$   
 $set\ qs \subseteq \{x, y\}$   
 $qs \in lang (seq [Atom\ x, Atom\ x])$   
**shows**  $TS\_inv (config\_rand (embed (rTS\ h0))\ s\ qs) (last\ qs) [x0, y0]$   
 $\wedge T\_on\_rand' (embed (rTS\ h0))\ s\ qs = 0$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

## 15.4 Phase Partitioning

**lemma** *D'*: **assumes**  $\sigma' \in Lxx\ x\ y$  **and**  $x \neq y$  **and**  $TS\_inv' ([x, y], h)\ x [x, y]$   
**shows**  $T\_on' (rTS\ h0) ([x, y], h)\ \sigma' \leq 2 * T_p [x, y]\ \sigma' (OPT2\ \sigma' [x, y])$   
 $\wedge TS\_inv (config\_rand (embed (rTS\ h0)) (return\_pmf ([x, y], h))\ \sigma')$

$(last \sigma) [x, y]$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**theorem**  $TS\_OPT2'$ :  $(x::nat) \neq y \implies set \sigma \subseteq \{x,y\}$   
 $\implies T_{p-on} (rTS []) [x,y] \sigma \leq 2 * real (T_{p-opt} [x,y] \sigma) + 2$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

## 15.5 TS is pairwise

**lemma**  $config\_distinct[simp]$ :  
**shows**  $distinct (fst (config' A S qs)) = distinct (fst S)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $config\_set[simp]$ :  
**shows**  $set (fst (config' A S qs)) = set (fst S)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $s\_TS\_append$ :  $i \leq length\ as \implies s\_TS\ init\ h\ (as@bs)\ i = s\_TS\ init\ h\ as\ i$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $s\_TS\_distinct$ :  $distinct\ init \implies i < length\ qs \implies distinct\ (fst\ (TSdet\ init\ h\ qs\ i))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $othersdontinterfere$ :  $distinct\ init \implies i < length\ qs \implies a \in set\ init \implies b \in set\ init \implies set\ qs \subseteq set\ init \implies qs!i \notin \{a,b\} \implies a < b\ in\ s\_TS\ init\ h\ qs\ i \implies a < b\ in\ s\_TS\ init\ h\ qs\ (Suc\ i)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $TS\_mono$ :  
**fixes**  $l::nat$   
**assumes**  $1: x < y\ in\ s\_TS\ init\ h\ xs\ (length\ xs)$   
**and**  $Lin\_cs: l \leq length\ cs$   
**and**  $firstocc: \forall j < l. cs ! j \neq y$   
**and**  $x \notin set\ cs$   
**and**  $di: distinct\ init$   
**and**  $inin: set\ (xs @ cs) \subseteq set\ init$   
**shows**  $x < y\ in\ s\_TS\ init\ h\ (xs@cs)\ (length\ (xs)+l)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $step\_no\_action$ :  $step\ s\ q\ (0, []) = s$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$



**lemma** *s\_TS\_set*:  $i \leq \text{length } qs \implies \text{set } (s\_TS \text{ init } h \text{ } qs \ i) = \text{set } \text{init}$   
(*proof*)

**lemma** *count\_notin2*:  $\text{count\_list } xs \ x = 0 \implies x \notin \text{set } xs$   
(*proof*)

**lemma** *count\_append*:  $\text{count\_list } (xs@ys) \ x = \text{count\_list } xs \ x + \text{count\_list } ys \ x$   
(*proof*)

**lemma** *count\_rev*:  $\text{count\_list } (\text{rev } xs) \ x = \text{count\_list } xs \ x$   
(*proof*)

**lemma** *mtf2\_q\_passes*: **assumes**  $q \in \text{set } xs \ \text{distinct } xs$   
**and**  $\text{index } xs \ q - n \leq \text{index } xs \ x \ \text{index } xs \ x < \text{index } xs \ q$   
**shows**  $q < x \ \text{in } (\text{mtf2 } n \ q \ xs)$   
(*proof*)

**lemma** *twotox*:  
**assumes**  $\text{count\_list } bs \ y \leq 1$   
**and** *distinct init*  
**and**  $x \in \text{set } \text{init}$   
**and**  $y : \text{set } \text{init}$   
**and**  $x \notin \text{set } bs$   
**and**  $x \neq y$   
**shows**  $x < y \ \text{in } s\_TS \ \text{init } h \ (as@[x]@bs@[x]) \ (\text{length } (as@[x]@bs@[x]))$   
(*proof*)

**lemma** *count\_drop*:  $\text{count\_list } (\text{drop } n \ cs) \ x \leq \text{count\_list } cs \ x$   
(*proof*)

**lemma** *count\_take\_less*: **assumes**  $n \leq m$   
**shows**  $\text{count\_list } (\text{take } n \ cs) \ x \leq \text{count\_list } (\text{take } m \ cs) \ x$   
(*proof*)

**lemma** *count\_take*:  $\text{count\_list } (\text{take } n \ cs) \ x \leq \text{count\_list } cs \ x$   
(*proof*)

**lemma** *casexy*: **assumes**  $\sigma = as@[x]@bs@[x]@cs$   
**and**  $x \notin \text{set } cs$   
**and**  $\text{set } cs \subseteq \text{set } \text{init}$   
**and**  $x \in \text{set } \text{init}$   
**and** *distinct init*

**and**  $x \notin \text{set } bs$   
**and**  $\text{set } as \subseteq \text{set } \text{init}$   
**and**  $\text{set } bs \subseteq \text{set } \text{init}$   
**shows**  $(\%i. i < \text{length } cs \longrightarrow (\forall j < i. cs!j \neq cs!i) \longrightarrow cs!i \neq x$   
 $\longrightarrow (cs!i) \notin \text{set } bs$   
 $\longrightarrow x < (cs!i) \text{ in } (s\_TS \text{ init } h \sigma (\text{length } (as@[x]@bs@[x]) + i + 1))) i$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *nopaid*:  $\text{snd } (\text{fst } (TS\_step\_d \ s \ q)) = [] \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *staysuntouched*:

**assumes**  $d[\text{simp}]$ :  $\text{distinct } (\text{fst } S)$   
**and**  $x: x \in \text{set } (\text{fst } S)$   
**and**  $y: y \in \text{set } (\text{fst } S)$   
**shows**  $\text{set } qs \subseteq \text{set } (\text{fst } S) \implies x \notin \text{set } qs \implies y \notin \text{set } qs$   
 $\implies x < y \text{ in } \text{fst } (\text{config}' (rTS \ []) \ S \ qs) = x < y \text{ in } \text{fst } S$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *staysuntouched'*:

**assumes**  $d[\text{simp}]$ :  $\text{distinct } \text{init}$   
**and**  $x: x \in \text{set } \text{init}$   
**and**  $y: y \in \text{set } \text{init}$   
**and**  $\text{set } qs \subseteq \text{set } \text{init}$   
**and**  $x \notin \text{set } qs$  **and**  $y \notin \text{set } qs$   
**shows**  $x < y \text{ in } \text{fst } (\text{config } (rTS \ []) \ \text{init } qs) = x < y \text{ in } \text{init}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *projEmpty*:  $Lxy \ qs \ S = [] \implies x \in S \implies x \notin \text{set } qs$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *Lxy\_index\_mono*:

**assumes**  $x \in S \ y \in S$   
**and**  $\text{index } xs \ x < \text{index } xs \ y$   
**and**  $\text{index } xs \ y < \text{length } xs$   
**and**  $x \neq y$   
**shows**  $\text{index } (Lxy \ xs \ S) \ x < \text{index } (Lxy \ xs \ S) \ y$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *proj\_Cons*:

**assumes** *filterd\_cons*:  $Lxy \ qs \ S = a \# as$   
**and**  $a\_filter$ :  $a \in S$   
**obtains**  $\text{pre } \text{suf}$  **where**  $qs = \text{pre } @ [a] @ \text{suf}$  **and**  $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies x \notin \text{set } \text{pre}$   
**and**  $Lxy \ \text{suf } S = as$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Lxy\_rev*:  $rev (Lxy\ qs\ S) = Lxy (rev\ qs)\ S$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *proj\_Snoc*:

**assumes** *filterd\_cons*:  $Lxy\ qs\ S = as@[a]$

**and** *a\_filter*:  $a \in S$

**obtains** *pre suf* **where**  $qs = pre\ @\ [a]\ @\ suf$  **and**  $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies x \notin set\ suf$

**and**  $Lxy\ pre\ S = as$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *sndTSconfig'*:  $snd (config' (rTS\ initH) (init, [])\ qs) = rev\ qs\ @\ []$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *projxx*:

**fixes**  $e\ a\ bs$

**assumes** *axy*:  $a \in \{x, y\}$

**assumes** *ane*:  $a \neq e$

**assumes** *exy*:  $e \in \{x, y\}$

**assumes** *add*:  $f \in \{[], [e]\}$

**assumes** *bsaxy*:  $set (bs\ @\ [a]\ @\ f) \subseteq \{x, y\}$

**assumes** *Lxyinitxy*:  $Lxy\ init\ \{x, y\} \in \{\{x, y\}, \{y, x\}\}$

**shows**  $a < e$  **in**  $fst (config_p (rTS\ []) (Lxy\ init\ \{x, y\}) ((bs\ @\ [a]\ @\ f)\ @\ [a]))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *oneposs*:

**assumes** *set xs* =  $\{x, y\}$

**assumes**  $x \neq y$

**assumes** *distinct xs*

**assumes** *True*:  $x < y$  **in**  $xs$

**shows**  $xs = [x, y]$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *twoposs*:

**assumes** *set xs* =  $\{x, y\}$

**assumes**  $x \neq y$

**assumes** *distinct xs*

**shows**  $xs \in \{\{x, y\}, \{y, x\}\}$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *TS\_pairwise'*: **assumes**  $qs \in \{xs. set\ xs \subseteq set\ init\}$

$(x, y) \in \{(x, y). x \in \text{set init} \wedge y \in \text{set init} \wedge x \neq y\}$   
 $x \neq y \text{ distinct init}$   
**shows**  $P_{\text{before\_in}} x y (\text{embed } (rTS \ [])) \text{ qs init} =$   
 $P_{\text{before\_in}} x y (\text{embed } (rTS \ [])) (Lxy \text{ qs } \{x, y\}) (Lxy \text{ init } \{x, y\})$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**theorem**  $TS\_pairwise: pairwise (\text{embed } (rTS \ []))$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

## 15.6 TS is 2-compet

**lemma**  $TS\_compet': pairwise (\text{embed } (rTS \ [])) \implies$   
 $\forall s0 \in \{\text{init} :: (\text{nat list}). \text{distinct init} \wedge \text{init} \neq []\}. \exists b \geq 0. \forall \text{qs} \in \{x. \text{set } x \subseteq$   
 $\text{set } s0\}. T_{p\_on\_rand} (\text{embed } (rTS \ [])) s0 \text{ qs} \leq (2 :: \text{real}) * T_{p\_opt} s0 \text{ qs} + b$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $TS\_compet: compet\_rand (\text{embed } (rTS \ [])) 2 \{\text{init}. \text{distinct init} \wedge$   
 $\text{init} \neq []\}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**end**

## 16 BIT is pairwise

**theory**  $BIT\_pairwise$   
**imports**  $List\_Factoring BIT$   
**begin**

**lemma**  $L\_nth: S \subseteq \{.. < \text{length init}\}$   
 $\implies \text{map\_pmf } (\lambda l. \text{nth} l S) (\text{Prob\_Theory.bv } (\text{length init}))$   
 $= (\text{Prob\_Theory.bv } (\text{length } (\text{nth} \text{ init } S)))$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $L\_nth\_Lxy:$   
**assumes**  $x \in \text{set init } y \in \text{set init } x \neq y \text{ distinct init}$   
**shows**  $\text{map\_pmf } (\lambda l. \text{nth} l \{\text{index init } x, \text{index init } y\}) (\text{Prob\_Theory.bv}$   
 $(\text{length init}))$   
 $= (\text{Prob\_Theory.bv } (\text{length } (Lxy \text{ init } \{x, y\})))$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{nth\_map}: \text{map } f (\text{nth } xs S) = \text{nth } (\text{map } f xs) S$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *nths\_empty*:  $(\forall i \in S. i \geq \text{length } xs) \implies \text{nths } xs \ S = []$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *nths\_project'*:  $i < \text{length } xs \implies j < \text{length } xs \implies i < j$   
 $\implies \text{nths } xs \ \{i, j\} = [xs!i, xs!j]$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *nths\_project*:  
**assumes**  $i < \text{length } xs \ j < \text{length } xs \ i < j$   
**shows**  $\text{nths } xs \ \{i, j\} ! 0 = xs ! i \wedge \text{nths } xs \ \{i, j\} ! 1 = xs ! j$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *BIT\_pairwise'*:  
**assumes**  $set \ qs \subseteq set \ init$   
 $(x, y) \in \{(x, y). x \in set \ init \wedge y \in set \ init \wedge x \neq y\}$   
**and**  $\forall x, y: x \neq y \text{ and } dinit: \text{distinct } init$   
**shows**  $P_{\text{before\_in } x \ y \ BIT \ qs \ init} = P_{\text{before\_in } x \ y \ BIT \ (Lxy \ qs \ \{x, y\})}$   
 $(Lxy \ init \ \{x, y\})$   
 <proof>

**theorem** *BIT\_pairwise*: *pairwise BIT*  
 <proof>

end

## 17 BIT is 1.75 competitive on lists of length 2

**theory** *BIT\_2comp\_on2*  
**imports** *BIT Phase\_Partitioning*  
**begin**

### 17.1 auxliary lemmas

#### 17.1.1 *E\_bernoulli3*

**lemma** *E\_bernoulli3*: **assumes**  $0 < p$   
**and**  $p < 1$   
**and**  $finite \ (set\_pmf \ (bind\_pmf \ (bernoulli\_pmf \ p) \ f))$   
**shows**  $E \ (bind\_pmf \ (bernoulli\_pmf \ p) \ f) = E(f \ True) * p + E(f \ False) * (1 - p)$   
**(is ?L = ?R)**  
 <proof>

### 17.1.2 types of configurations

**definition** *type0* *init* *x* *y* = *do* {  
     (*a*::*bool*) ← (*bernoulli\_pmf* 0.5);  
     (*b*::*bool*) ← (*bernoulli\_pmf* 0.5);  
     *return\_pmf* ([*x*,*y*], ([*a*,*b*],*init*))  
 }

**definition** *type1* *init* *x* *y* = *do* {  
     (*a*::*bool*) ← (*bernoulli\_pmf* 0.5);  
     (*b*::*bool*) ← (*bernoulli\_pmf* 0.5);  
     *return\_pmf* ( *if*  $\sim[a,b]!(\text{index } \textit{init } x) \wedge [a,b]!(\text{index } \textit{init } y)$  *then*  
     ([*y*,*x*], ([*a*,*b*],*init*))  
     *else* ([*x*,*y*], ([*a*,*b*],*init*)))  
 }

**definition** *type3* *init* *x* *y* = *do* {  
     (*a*::*bool*) ← (*bernoulli\_pmf* 0.5);  
     (*b*::*bool*) ← (*bernoulli\_pmf* 0.5);  
     *return\_pmf* ( *if*  $[a,b]!(\text{index } \textit{init } x) \wedge \sim[a,b]!(\text{index } \textit{init } y)$  *then*  
     ([*x*,*y*], ([*a*,*b*],*init*))  
     *else* ([*y*,*x*], ([*a*,*b*],*init*)))  
 }

**definition** *type4* *init* *x* *y* = *do* {  
     (*a*::*bool*) ← (*bernoulli\_pmf* 0.5);  
     (*b*::*bool*) ← (*bernoulli\_pmf* 0.5);  
     *return\_pmf* ( *if*  $\sim[a,b]!(\text{index } \textit{init } y)$  *then* ([*x*,*y*], ([*a*,*b*],*init*))  
     *else* ([*y*,*x*], ([*a*,*b*],*init*)))  
 }

**definition** *BIT\_inv* *s* *x* *i* == (*s* = (*type0* *i* *x* (*hd* (*filter* ( $\lambda y. y \neq x$ ) *i*))))

**lemma** *BIT\_inv2*:  $x \neq y \implies z \in \{x, y\} \implies \text{BIT\_inv } s \ z \ [x, y] = (s = \text{type0 } [x, y] \ z \ (\text{other } z \ x \ y))$   
 <*proof*>

### 17.1.3 cost of BIT

**lemma** *costBIT\_0x*:

*assumes*  $x \neq y \ x : \{x0, y0\} \ y \in \{x0, y0\}$   
     *shows*

$E \ (\text{type0 } [x0, y0] \ x \ y \gg=$   
      $(\lambda s. \text{BIT\_step } s \ x \gg=$

$(\lambda(a, is'). \text{return\_pmf } (\text{real } (t_p \text{ (fst } s) x a)))) = 0$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *costBIT\_0y*:

**assumes**  $x \neq y \ x : \{x0, y0\} \ y \in \{x0, y0\}$

**shows**

$E \text{ (type0 } [x0, y0] x y \gg=$

$(\lambda s. \text{BIT\_step } s y \gg=$

$(\lambda(a, is'). \text{return\_pmf } (\text{real } (t_p \text{ (fst } s) y a)))) = 1$

<proof>

**lemma** *costBIT\_1x*:

**assumes**  $x \neq y \ x : \{x0, y0\} \ y \in \{x0, y0\}$

**shows**

$E \text{ (type1 } [x0, y0] x y \gg=$

$(\lambda s. \text{BIT\_step } s x \gg=$

$(\lambda(a, is'). \text{return\_pmf } (\text{real } (t_p \text{ (fst } s) x a)))) = 1/4$

<proof>

**lemma** *costBIT\_1y*:

**assumes**  $x \neq y \ x : \{x0, y0\} \ y \in \{x0, y0\}$

**shows**

$E \text{ (type1 } [x0, y0] x y \gg=$

$(\lambda s. \text{BIT\_step } s y \gg=$

$(\lambda(a, is'). \text{return\_pmf } (\text{real } (t_p \text{ (fst } s) y a)))) = 3/4$

<proof>

**lemma** *costBIT\_3x*:

**assumes**  $x \neq y \ x : \{x0, y0\} \ y \in \{x0, y0\}$

**shows**

$E \text{ (type3 } [x0, y0] x y \gg=$

$(\lambda s. \text{BIT\_step } s x \gg=$

$(\lambda(a, is'). \text{return\_pmf } (\text{real } (t_p \text{ (fst } s) x a)))) = 3/4$

<proof>

**lemma** *costBIT\_3y*:

**assumes**  $x \neq y \ x : \{x0, y0\} \ y \in \{x0, y0\}$

**shows**

$E \text{ (type3 } [x0, y0] x y \gg=$

$(\lambda s. \text{BIT\_step } s y \gg=$

$(\lambda(a, is'). \text{return\_pmf } (\text{real } (t_p \text{ (fst } s) y a)))) = 1/4$

<proof>

**lemma** *costBIT\_4x*:

**assumes**  $x \neq y \ x : \{x0, y0\} \ y \in \{x0, y0\}$   
**shows**  
 $E \ (type4 \ [x0, y0] \ x \ y \ \gg=$   
 $\ (\lambda s. \ BIT\_step \ s \ x \ \gg=$   
 $\ (\lambda(a, is'). \ return\_pmf \ (real \ (t_p \ (fst \ s) \ x \ a)))) = 0.5$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *costBIT\_4y*:

**assumes**  $x \neq y \ x : \{x0, y0\} \ y \in \{x0, y0\}$   
**shows**  
 $E \ (type4 \ [x0, y0] \ x \ y \ \gg=$   
 $\ (\lambda s. \ BIT\_step \ s \ y \ \gg=$   
 $\ (\lambda(a, is'). \ return\_pmf \ (real \ (t_p \ (fst \ s) \ y \ a)))) = 0.5$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemmas**  $costBIT = costBIT\_0x \ costBIT\_0y \ costBIT\_1x \ costBIT\_1y \ cost-$   
 $BIT\_3x \ costBIT\_3y \ costBIT\_4x \ costBIT\_4y$

#### 17.1.4 state transformation of BIT

**abbreviation**  $BIT\_Step \ s \ x == (s \ \gg= (\lambda s. \ BIT\_step \ s \ x \ \gg= (\lambda(a, is').$   
 $return\_pmf \ (step \ (fst \ s) \ x \ a, \ is'))))$

**lemma** *oneBIT\_step0x*:

**assumes**  $x \neq y \ x : \{x0, y0\} \ y \in \{x0, y0\}$   
**shows**  $BIT\_Step \ (type0 \ [x0, y0] \ x \ y) \ x = type0 \ [x0, y0] \ x \ y$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *oneBIT\_step0y*:

**assumes**  $x \neq y \ x : \{x0, y0\} \ y \in \{x0, y0\}$   
**shows**  $BIT\_Step \ (type0 \ [x0, y0] \ x \ y) \ y = type4 \ [x0, y0] \ x \ y$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *oneBIT\_step1x*:

**assumes**  $x \neq y \ x : \{x0, y0\} \ y \in \{x0, y0\}$   
**shows**  $BIT\_Step \ (type1 \ [x0, y0] \ x \ y) \ x = type0 \ [x0, y0] \ x \ y$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *oneBIT\_step1y*:

**assumes**  $x \neq y \ x : \{x0, y0\} \ y \in \{x0, y0\}$   
**shows**  $BIT\_Step \ (type1 \ [x0, y0] \ x \ y) \ y = type3 \ [x0, y0] \ x \ y$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *oneBIT\_step3x*:



**assumes**  $x \neq y$   $x : \{x0, y0\}$   $y : \{x0, y0\}$   
**shows**  $BIT\_Step$  ( $type3$  [ $x0, y0$ ]  $x$   $y$ )  $x = type1$  [ $x0, y0$ ]  $x$   $y$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $oneBIT\_step3y$ :

**assumes**  $x \neq y$   $x : \{x0, y0\}$   $y \in \{x0, y0\}$   
**shows**  $BIT\_Step$  ( $type3$  [ $x0, y0$ ]  $x$   $y$ )  $y = type0$  [ $x0, y0$ ]  $y$   $x$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $oneBIT\_step4x$ :

**assumes**  $x \neq y$   $x : \{x0, y0\}$   $y \in \{x0, y0\}$   
**shows**  $BIT\_Step$  ( $type4$  [ $x0, y0$ ]  $x$   $y$ )  $x = type1$  [ $x0, y0$ ]  $x$   $y$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $oneBIT\_step4y$ :

**assumes**  $x \neq y$   $x : \{x0, y0\}$   $y \in \{x0, y0\}$   
**shows**  $BIT\_Step$  ( $type4$  [ $x0, y0$ ]  $x$   $y$ )  $y = type0$  [ $x0, y0$ ]  $y$   $x$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemmas**  $oneBIT\_step = oneBIT\_step0x$   $oneBIT\_step0y$   $oneBIT\_step1x$   $oneBIT\_step1y$   
 $oneBIT\_step3x$   $oneBIT\_step3y$   $oneBIT\_step4x$   $oneBIT\_step4y$

## 17.2 Analysis of the four phase forms

### 17.2.1 $yx$

**lemma**  $bit\_yx$ : **assumes**  $x \neq y$   
**and**  $kas$ :  $init \in \{[x, y], [y, x]\}$   
**and**  $qs \in lang$  ( $Star$ ( $Times$  ( $Atom$   $y$ ) ( $Atom$   $x$ )))  
**shows**  $T_{p\_on\_rand}' BIT$  ( $type1$   $init$   $x$   $y$ ) ( $qs@r$ ) =  $0.75 * length$   $qs +$   
 $T_{p\_on\_rand}' BIT$  ( $type1$   $init$   $x$   $y$ )  $r$   
 $\wedge config'_rand BIT$  ( $type1$   $init$   $x$   $y$ )  $qs = (type1$   $init$   $x$   $y$ )  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

### 17.2.2 $(yx)*yx$

**lemma**  $bit\_yxyx$ : **assumes**  $x \neq y$  **and**  $kas$ :  $init \in \{[x, y], [y, x]\}$  **and**  
 $qs \in lang$  ( $seq$ [ $Times$  ( $Atom$   $y$ ) ( $Atom$   $x$ ),  $Star$ ( $Times$  ( $Atom$   $y$ ) ( $Atom$   $x$ ))])  
**shows**  $T_{p\_on\_rand}' BIT$  ( $type0$   $init$   $x$   $y$ ) ( $qs@r$ ) =  $0.75 * length$   $qs +$   
 $T_{p\_on\_rand}' BIT$  ( $type1$   $init$   $x$   $y$ )  $r$   
 $\wedge config'_rand BIT$  ( $type0$   $init$   $x$   $y$ )  $qs = (type1$   $init$   $x$   $y$ )  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

### 17.2.3 $x^{\wedge}+..$

**lemma** *BIT\_x*: **assumes**  $x \neq y$

$init \in \{[x,y],[y,x]\}$   $qs \in lang (Plus (Atom x) One)$

**shows**  $T_{p\_on\_rand'} BIT (type0\ init\ x\ y) (qs@r) = T_{p\_on\_rand'} BIT (type0\ init\ x\ y) r$

$\wedge config'_rand\ BIT (type0\ init\ x\ y) qs = (type0\ init\ x\ y)$

*<proof>*

### 17.2.4 Phase Form A

**lemma** *BIT\_a*: **assumes**  $x \neq y$

$init \in \{[x,y],[y,x]\}$

$qs \in lang (seq [Plus (Atom x) One, Atom y, Atom y])$

**shows**  $config'_rand\ BIT (type0\ init\ x\ y) qs = (type0\ init\ y\ x)$  (**is** ?C)

**and**  $b: T_{p\_on\_rand'} BIT (type0\ init\ x\ y) qs = 1.5$  (**is** ?T)

*<proof>*

**lemma** *bit\_a*: **assumes**

$x \neq y$   $\{x, y\} = \{x0, y0\}$   $BIT\_inv\ s\ x\ [x0, y0]$

$set\ qs \subseteq \{x, y\}$   $qs \in lang (seq [Plus (Atom x) One, Atom y, Atom y])$

**shows**

$T_{p\_on\_rand'} BIT\ s\ qs \leq 1.75 * T_p [x,y] qs$  (*OPT2*  $qs [x,y]$ )

$\wedge BIT\_inv (config'_rand\ BIT\ s\ qs) (last\ qs) [x0, y0]$

$\wedge T_{p\_on\_rand'} BIT\ s\ qs = 1.5$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *bit\_a''*:  $a \neq b \implies$

$\{a, b\} = \{x, y\} \implies$

$BIT\_inv\ s\ a\ [x, y] \implies$

$set\ qs \subseteq \{a, b\} \implies$

$qs \in lang (seq [question (Atom a), Atom b, Atom b]) \implies$

$BIT\_inv (Partial\_Cost\_Model.config'_rand\ BIT\ s\ qs) (last\ qs) [x, y]$

$\wedge T_{p\_on\_rand'} BIT\ s\ qs = 1.5$

*<proof>*

### 17.2.5 Phase Form B

**lemma** *BIT\_b*: **assumes**  $A: x \neq y$

$init \in \{[x,y],[y,x]\}$

$v \in lang (seq [Times (Atom y) (Atom x), Star (Times (Atom y) (Atom x)), Atom y, Atom y])$

**shows**  $T_{p\_on\_rand'} BIT (type0\ init\ x\ y) v = 0.75 * length\ v - 0.5$  (**is** ?T)

**and**  $config'_rand\ BIT (type0\ init\ x\ y) v = (type0\ init\ y\ x)$  (**is** ?C)

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *bit.b''1*: **assumes**

$x \neq y \{x, y\} = \{x0, y0\} \text{ BIT\_inv } s \ x \ [x0, y0]$

$set \ qs \subseteq \{x, y\}$

$qs \in lang \ (seq[Atom \ y, \ Atom \ x, \ Star(Times \ (Atom \ y) \ (Atom \ x)), \ Atom \ y, \ Atom \ y])$

**shows**  $\text{BIT\_inv} \ (config\_rand \ \text{BIT} \ s \ qs) \ (last \ qs) \ [x0, y0] \wedge$   
 $T_{p\_on\_rand'} \ \text{BIT} \ s \ qs = 0.75 * length \ qs - 0.5$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *BIT.b2*: **assumes**  $A: x \neq y$

$init \in \{[x,y],[y,x]\}$

$v \in lang \ (seq[Atom \ x, \ Times \ (Atom \ y) \ (Atom \ x), \ Star \ (Times \ (Atom \ y) \ (Atom \ x)), \ Atom \ y, \ Atom \ y])$

**shows**  $T_{p\_on\_rand'} \ \text{BIT} \ (type0 \ init \ x \ y) \ v = 0.75 * (length \ v - 1) - 0.5 \ (\text{is } ?T)$

**and**  $config\_rand \ \text{BIT} \ (type0 \ init \ x \ y) \ v = (type0 \ init \ y \ x) \ (\text{is } ?C)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *bit.b''2*: **assumes**

$x \neq y \{x, y\} = \{x0, y0\} \text{ BIT\_inv } s \ x \ [x0, y0]$

$set \ qs \subseteq \{x, y\}$

$qs \in lang \ (seq[Atom \ x, \ Atom \ y, \ Atom \ x, \ Star(Times \ (Atom \ y) \ (Atom \ x)), \ Atom \ y, \ Atom \ y])$

**shows**  $\text{BIT\_inv} \ (config\_rand \ \text{BIT} \ s \ qs) \ (last \ qs) \ [x0, y0] \wedge$   
 $T_{p\_on\_rand'} \ \text{BIT} \ s \ qs = 0.75 * (length \ qs - 1) - 0.5$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *bit.b*: **assumes**  $x \neq y$

$init \in \{[x,y],[y,x]\}$

$qs \in lang \ (seq[Plus \ (Atom \ x) \ One, \ Atom \ y, \ Atom \ x, \ Star(Times \ (Atom \ y) \ (Atom \ x)), \ Atom \ y, \ Atom \ y])$

**shows**  $T_{p\_on\_rand'} \ \text{BIT} \ (type0 \ init \ x \ y) \ qs \leq 1.75 * T_p \ [x,y] \ qs \ (OPT2 \ qs \ [x,y])$

**and**  $config\_rand \ \text{BIT} \ (type0 \ init \ x \ y) \ qs = type0 \ init \ y \ x$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *bit.b''*: **assumes**

$x \neq y \{x, y\} = \{x0, y0\} \text{ BIT\_inv } s \ x \ [x0, y0]$

$set\ qs \subseteq \{x, y\}$   
 $qs \in lang\ (seq[Plus\ (Atom\ x)\ One,\ Atom\ y,\ Atom\ x,\ Star(Times\ (Atom\ y)\ (Atom\ x)),\ Atom\ y,\ Atom\ y])$

**shows**

$T_{p-on-rand'}\ BIT\ s\ qs \leq 1.75 * T_p\ [x,y]\ qs\ (OPT2\ qs\ [x,y])$   
 $\wedge\ BIT\_inv\ (config\_rand\ BIT\ s\ qs)\ (last\ qs)\ [x0,\ y0]$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $bit\_b''$ :  $a \neq b \implies$

$\{a, b\} = \{x, y\} \implies$

$BIT\_inv\ s\ a\ [x, y] \implies$

$set\ qs \subseteq \{a, b\} \implies$

$qs \in lang\ (seq[Plus\ (Atom\ x)\ One,\ Atom\ y,\ Atom\ x,\ Star(Times\ (Atom\ y)\ (Atom\ x)),\ Atom\ y,\ Atom\ y]) \implies$

$BIT\_inv\ (Partial\_Cost\_Model.config\_rand\ BIT\ s\ qs)\ (last\ qs)\ [x, y]$   
 $\wedge\ T_{p-on-rand'}\ BIT\ s\ qs = 1.5$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

### 17.2.6 Phase Form C

**lemma**  $BIT\_c$ : **assumes**  $x \neq y$

$init \in \{[x,y],[y,x]\}$

$v \in lang\ (seq\ [Times\ (Atom\ y)\ (Atom\ x),\ Star\ (Times\ (Atom\ y)\ (Atom\ x)),\ Atom\ x])$

**shows**  $T_{p-on-rand'}\ BIT\ (type0\ init\ x\ y)\ v = 0.75 * length\ v - 0.5$

**and**  $config\_rand\ BIT\ (type0\ init\ x\ y)\ v = (type0\ init\ x\ y)\ (is\ ?C)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $bit\_c''1$ : **assumes**

$x \neq y\ \{x, y\} = \{x0, y0\}\ BIT\_inv\ s\ x\ [x0, y0]$

$set\ qs \subseteq \{x, y\}$

$qs \in lang\ (seq[Atom\ y,\ Atom\ x,\ Star(Times\ (Atom\ y)\ (Atom\ x)),\ Atom\ x])$

**shows**  $BIT\_inv\ (config\_rand\ BIT\ s\ qs)\ (last\ qs)\ [x0, y0] \wedge$

$T_{p-on-rand'}\ BIT\ s\ qs = 0.75 * length\ qs - 0.5$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $bit\_c$ : **assumes**  $x \neq y$

$init \in \{[x,y],[y,x]\}$

$qs \in lang\ (seq[Plus\ (Atom\ x)\ One,\ Atom\ y,\ Atom\ x,\ Star(Times\ (Atom\ y)\ (Atom\ x)),\ Atom\ x])$

**shows**  $T_{p-on-rand'}\ BIT\ (type0\ init\ x\ y)\ qs \leq 1.75 * T_p\ [x,y]\ qs\ (OPT2\ qs\ [x,y])$

**and**  $config\_rand\ BIT\ (type0\ init\ x\ y)\ qs = type0\ init\ x\ y$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *bit.c''*: **assumes**

$x \neq y \ \{x, y\} = \{x0, y0\} \ \text{BIT\_inv} \ s \ x \ [x0, y0]$   
 $\text{set } qs \subseteq \{x, y\}$

$qs \in \text{lang} (\text{seq}[\text{Plus} (\text{Atom } x) \ \text{One}, \text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } x, \text{Star}(\text{Times} (\text{Atom } y) (\text{Atom } x)), \text{Atom } x])$

**shows**

$T_{p\text{-on-rand}'} \ \text{BIT} \ s \ qs \leq 1.75 * T_p \ [x,y] \ qs \ (\text{OPT2} \ qs \ [x,y])$   
 $\wedge \ \text{BIT\_inv} \ (\text{config}'\text{-rand} \ \text{BIT} \ s \ qs) \ (\text{last } qs) \ [x0, y0]$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *BIT.c2*: **assumes**  $A: x \neq y$

$\text{init} \in \{[x,y],[y,x]\}$

$v \in \text{lang} (\text{seq} [\text{Atom } x, \text{Times} (\text{Atom } y) (\text{Atom } x), \text{Star} (\text{Times} (\text{Atom } y) (\text{Atom } x)), \text{Atom } x])$

**shows**  $T_{p\text{-on-rand}'} \ \text{BIT} \ (\text{type0} \ \text{init} \ x \ y) \ v = 0.75 * (\text{length } v - 1) - 0.5$  (**is** ? $T$ )

**and**  $\text{config}'\text{-rand} \ \text{BIT} \ (\text{type0} \ \text{init} \ x \ y) \ v = (\text{type0} \ \text{init} \ x \ y)$  (**is** ? $C$ )

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *bit.c''2*: **assumes**

$x \neq y \ \{x, y\} = \{x0, y0\} \ \text{BIT\_inv} \ s \ x \ [x0, y0]$   
 $\text{set } qs \subseteq \{x, y\}$

$qs \in \text{lang} (\text{seq}[\text{Atom } x, \text{Atom } y, \text{Atom } x, \text{Star}(\text{Times} (\text{Atom } y) (\text{Atom } x)), \text{Atom } x])$

**shows**  $\text{BIT\_inv} \ (\text{config}'\text{-rand} \ \text{BIT} \ s \ qs) \ (\text{last } qs) \ [x0, y0] \wedge$

$T_{p\text{-on-rand}'} \ \text{BIT} \ s \ qs = 0.75 * (\text{length } qs - 1) - 0.5$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 17.2.7 Phase Form D

**lemma** *bit.d*: **assumes**

$x \neq y \ \{x, y\} = \{x0, y0\} \ \text{BIT\_inv} \ s \ x \ [x0, y0]$   
 $\text{set } qs \subseteq \{x, y\} \ qs \in \text{lang} (\text{seq} [\text{Atom } x, \text{Atom } x])$

**shows**  $T_{p\text{-on-rand}'} \ \text{BIT} \ s \ qs \leq 175 / 10^2 * \text{real} (T_p \ [x, y] \ qs \ (\text{OPT2} \ qs \ [x, y])) \wedge$

$\text{BIT\_inv} \ (\text{config}'\text{-rand} \ \text{BIT} \ s \ qs) \ (\text{last } qs) \ [x0, y0] \wedge$

$T_{p\text{-on-rand}'} \ \text{BIT} \ s \ qs = 0$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *bit.d'*: **assumes**

$x \neq y \{x, y\} = \{x0, y0\} BIT\_inv \ s \ x \ [x0, y0]$

$set \ qs \subseteq \{x, y\} \ qs \in lang \ (seq \ [Atom \ x, \ Atom \ x])$

**shows**  $BIT\_inv \ (config\_rand \ BIT \ s \ qs) \ (last \ qs) \ [x0, y0] \wedge$

$T_{p-on-rand'} \ BIT \ s \ qs = 0$

*<proof>*

### 17.3 Phase Partitioning

**lemma** *BIT\_inv\_initial*: **assumes**  $(x::nat) \neq y$

**shows**  $BIT\_inv \ (map\_pmf \ (Pair \ [x, y]) \ (fst \ BIT \ [x, y])) \ x \ [x, y]$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *D''*: **assumes**  $qs \in Lx \ a \ b$

$a \neq b \{a, b\} = \{x, y\} BIT\_inv \ s \ a \ [x, y]$

$set \ qs \subseteq \{a, b\}$

**shows**  $T_{p-on-rand'} \ BIT \ s \ qs \leq 175 / 10^2 * real \ (T_p \ [a, b] \ qs \ (OPT2 \ qs \ [a, b])) \wedge$

$BIT\_inv \ (Partial\_Cost\_Model.config\_rand \ BIT \ s \ qs) \ (last \ qs) \ [x, y]$

*<proof>*

**theorem** *BIT\_175comp\_on\_2*:

**assumes**  $(x::nat) \neq y \ set \ \sigma \subseteq \{x, y\}$

**shows**  $T_{p-on-rand} \ BIT \ [x, y] \ \sigma \leq 1.75 * real \ (T_{p-opt} \ [x, y] \ \sigma) + 1.75$

*<proof>*

**end**

## 18 COMB

**theory** *Comb*

**imports** *TS BIT\_2comp\_on2 BIT\_pairwise*

**begin**

### 18.1 Definition of COMB

**type\_synonym** *CombState* =  $(bool \ list * nat \ list) + (nat \ list)$

**definition** *COMB\_init* ::  $nat \ list \Rightarrow (nat \ state, CombState) \ alg\_on\_init$

**where**

$COMB\_init \ h \ init =$

$Sum\_pmf \ 0.8 \ (fst \ BIT \ init) \ (fst \ (embed \ (rTS \ h)) \ init)$

**lemma** *COMB\_init[simp]*: *COMB\_init h init =*  
do {  
  (*b::bool*)  $\leftarrow$  (*bernoulli\_pmf 0.8*);  
  (*xs::bool list*)  $\leftarrow$  *Prob\_Theory.bv (length init)*;  
  *return\_pmf (if b then Inl (xs, init) else Inr h)*  
}

*<proof>*

**definition** *COMB\_step* :: (*nat state, CombState, nat, answer*) *alg\_on\_step*  
**where**  
*COMB\_step s q = (case snd s of Inl b  $\Rightarrow$  map\_pmf ( $\lambda((a,b),c).$  ((*a,b*),*Inl c*)) (*BIT\_step (fst s, b) q*)*  
| *Inr b  $\Rightarrow$  map\_pmf ( $\lambda((a,b),c).$  ((*a,b*),*Inr c*))*  
(*return\_pmf (TS\_step\_d (fst s, b) q)*))

**definition** *COMB h = (COMB\_init h, COMB\_step)*

## 18.2 Comb 1.6-competitive on 2 elements

**abbreviation** *noc* == ( $\%x.$  *case x of Inl (s,is)  $\Rightarrow$  (s,*Inl is*) | Inr (s,is)  $\Rightarrow$  (s,*Inr is*)*)

**abbreviation** *con* == ( $\%(s,is).$  *case is of Inl is  $\Rightarrow$  Inl (s,is) | Inr is  $\Rightarrow$  Inr (s,is)*)

**definition** *inv\_COMB s x i* == ( $\exists Da Db.$  *finite (set\_pmf Da)  $\wedge$  finite (set\_pmf Db)  $\wedge$*   
(*map\_pmf con s*) = *Sum\_pmf 0.8 Da Db  $\wedge$  BIT\_inv Da x i  $\wedge$  TS\_inv Db x i*)

**lemma** *noccon*: *noc o con = id*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *connoc*: *con o noc = id*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *obligation1'*: **assumes** *map\_pmf con s = Sum\_pmf (8 / 10) Da Db*  
**shows** *config'\_rand (COMB h) s qs =*  
*map\_pmf noc (Sum\_pmf (8 / 10) (config'\_rand BIT Da qs)*  
*(config'\_rand (embed (rTS h)) Db qs))*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *obligation1''*:  
**shows** *config\_rand (COMB h) init qs =*  
*map\_pmf noc (Sum\_pmf (8 / 10) (config\_rand BIT init qs))*

(*config\_rand* (*embed* (*rTS h*)) *init qs*)

*<proof>*

**lemma** *obligation1*: **assumes** *map\_pmf con s = Sum\_pmf (8 / 10) Da Db*  
**shows** *map\_pmf con (config'\_rand (COMB []) s qs) =*  
*Sum\_pmf (8 / 10) (config'\_rand BIT Da qs)*  
*(config'\_rand (embed (rTS [])) Db qs)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *BIT\_config'\_fin*: *finite (set\_pmf s)  $\implies$  finite (set\_pmf (config'\_rand BIT s qs))*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *TS\_config'\_fin*: *finite (set\_pmf s)  $\implies$  finite (set\_pmf (config'\_rand (embed (rTS h)) s qs))*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *obligation2*: **assumes** *map\_pmf con s = Sum\_pmf (8 / 10) Da Db*  
**and** *finite (set\_pmf Da)*  
**and** *finite (set\_pmf Db)*  
**shows** *T<sub>p</sub>-on\_rand' (COMB []) s qs =*  
*2 / 10 \* T<sub>p</sub>-on\_rand' (embed (rTS [])) Db qs +*  
*8 / 10 \* T<sub>p</sub>-on\_rand' BIT Da qs*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Combination*:

**fixes** *bit*

**assumes** *qs  $\in$  pattern a  $\neq$  b {a, b} = {x, y} set qs  $\subseteq$  {a, b}*

**and** *inv\_COMB s a [x, y]*

**and** *TS:  $\bigwedge s h. a \neq b \implies \{a, b\} = \{x, y\} \implies TS\_inv s a [x, y] \implies$*   
*set qs  $\subseteq$  {a, b}*

$\implies qs \in pattern \implies$

*TS\_inv (config'\_rand (embed (rTS h)) s qs) (last qs) [x, y]*

$\wedge T_p\text{-on\_rand}' (embed (rTS h)) s qs = ts$

**and** *BIT:  $\bigwedge s. a \neq b \implies \{a, b\} = \{x, y\} \implies BIT\_inv s a [x, y] \implies$*   
*set qs  $\subseteq$  {a, b}*

$\implies qs \in pattern \implies$

*BIT\_inv (config'\_rand BIT s qs) (last qs) [x, y]*

$\wedge T_p\text{-on\_rand}' BIT s qs = bit$

**and** *OPT\_cost: a  $\neq$  b  $\implies qs \in pattern \implies real (T_p [a, b] qs (OPT2$*   
*qs [a, b])) = opt*

**and** *absch: qs  $\in$  pattern  $\implies 0.2 * ts + 0.8 * bit \leq 1.6 * opt$*

**shows** *T<sub>p</sub>-on\_rand' (COMB []) s qs  $\leq 16 / 10 * real (T_p [a, b] qs (OPT2$*   
*qs [a, b]))  $\wedge$*



*inv-COMB* (*Partial\_Cost\_Model.config'\_rand* (*COMB* []) *s qs*) (*last qs*)  
 [*x, y*]  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**theorem** *COMB\_OPT2'*: ( $x::nat \neq y \implies \text{set } \sigma \subseteq \{x,y\}$ )  
 $\implies T_{p\text{-on\_rand}} (\text{COMB } []) [x,y] \sigma \leq 1.6 * \text{real } (T_{p\text{-opt}} [x,y] \sigma) + 1.6$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

### 18.3 COMB pairwise

**lemma** *config\_rand\_COMB*: *config\_rand* (*COMB h*) *init qs* = *do* {  
   ( $b::bool$ )  $\leftarrow$  (*bernoulli\_pmf* 0.8);  
   ( $b1,b2$ )  $\leftarrow$  (*config\_rand BIT* *init qs*);  
   ( $t1,t2$ )  $\leftarrow$  (*config\_rand* (*embed* (*rTS h*)) *init qs*);  
   *return\_pmf* (*if* *b* *then* ( $b1, \text{Inl } b2$ ) *else* ( $t1, \text{Inr } t2$ ))  
   } (**is** ?*LHS* = ?*RHS*)  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *COMB\_no\_paid*:  $\forall ((\text{free}, \text{paid}), t) \in \text{set\_pmf } (\text{snd } (\text{COMB } [])) (s, \text{is}) q. \text{paid} = []$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *COMB\_pairwise*: *pairwise* (*COMB* [])  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

### 18.4 COMB 1.6-competitive

**lemma** *finite\_config\_TS*: *finite* (*set\_pmf* (*config''* (*embed* (*rTS h*)) *qs* *init n*)) (**is** *finite ?D*)  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *COMB\_has\_finite\_config\_set*: **assumes** [*simp*]: *distinct* *init*  
**and** *set qs*  $\subseteq$  *set* *init*  
**shows** *finite* (*set\_pmf* (*config\_rand* (*COMB h*) *init qs*))  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**theorem** *COMB\_competitive*:  $\forall s0 \in \{x::nat \text{ list. } \text{distinct } x \wedge x \neq []\}.$   
 $\exists b \geq 0. \forall qs \in \{x. \text{set } x \subseteq \text{set } s0\}.$   
 $T_{p\text{-on\_rand}} (\text{COMB } []) s0 qs \leq ((8::nat)/(5::nat)) * T_{p\text{-opt}} s0$   
 $qs + b$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**theorem** *COMB\_competitive\_nice*: *compet\_rand* (*COMB* []) ((8::nat)/(5::nat))  
{*x*::nat list. *distinct* *x* ∧ *x*≠[]}  
⟨*proof*⟩

**end**

## References

- [BEY98] Allan Borodin and Ran El-Yaniv. *Online Computation and Competitive Analysis*. Cambridge University Press, 1998.
- [HN16] Maximilian P.L. Haslbeck and Tobias Nipkow. Verified analysis of list update algorithms. [http://www.in.tum.de/~nipkow/pubs/list\\_update.pdf](http://www.in.tum.de/~nipkow/pubs/list_update.pdf), 2016.