

A Compositional and Unified Translation of LTL into ω -Automata

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Abstract

We present a formalisation of the unified translation approach of linear temporal logic (LTL) into ω -automata from [1]. This approach decomposes LTL formulas into “simple” languages and allows a clear separation of concerns: first, we formalise the purely logical result yielding this decomposition; second, we instantiate this generic theory to obtain a construction for deterministic (state-based) Rabin automata (DRA). We extract from this particular instantiation an executable tool translating LTL to DRAs. To the best of our knowledge this is the first verified translation from LTL to DRAs that is proven to be double exponential in the worst case which asymptotically matches the known lower bound.

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1 Syntactic Fragments and Stability

*theory Syntactic-Fragments-and-Stability
imports*

*LTL.LTL HOL-Library.Sublist
begin*

— We use prefix and suffix on infinite words.

hide-const Sublist.prefix Sublist.suffix

1.1 The fragments μ LTL and ν LTL

```
fun is- $\mu$ LTL :: 'a ltn  $\Rightarrow$  bool
where
  is- $\mu$ LTL truen = True
  | is- $\mu$ LTL falsen = True
  | is- $\mu$ LTL propn(-) = True
  | is- $\mu$ LTL npropn(-) = True
  | is- $\mu$ LTL ( $\varphi$  andn  $\psi$ ) = (is- $\mu$ LTL  $\varphi$   $\wedge$  is- $\mu$ LTL  $\psi$ )
  | is- $\mu$ LTL ( $\varphi$  orn  $\psi$ ) = (is- $\mu$ LTL  $\varphi$   $\wedge$  is- $\mu$ LTL  $\psi$ )
  | is- $\mu$ LTL (Xn  $\varphi$ ) = is- $\mu$ LTL  $\varphi$ 
  | is- $\mu$ LTL ( $\varphi$  Un  $\psi$ ) = (is- $\mu$ LTL  $\varphi$   $\wedge$  is- $\mu$ LTL  $\psi$ )
  | is- $\mu$ LTL ( $\varphi$  Mn  $\psi$ ) = (is- $\mu$ LTL  $\varphi$   $\wedge$  is- $\mu$ LTL  $\psi$ )
  | is- $\mu$ LTL - = False
```

```
fun is- $\nu$ LTL :: 'a ltn  $\Rightarrow$  bool
where
  is- $\nu$ LTL truen = True
  | is- $\nu$ LTL falsen = True
  | is- $\nu$ LTL propn(-) = True
  | is- $\nu$ LTL npropn(-) = True
  | is- $\nu$ LTL ( $\varphi$  andn  $\psi$ ) = (is- $\nu$ LTL  $\varphi$   $\wedge$  is- $\nu$ LTL  $\psi$ )
  | is- $\nu$ LTL ( $\varphi$  orn  $\psi$ ) = (is- $\nu$ LTL  $\varphi$   $\wedge$  is- $\nu$ LTL  $\psi$ )
  | is- $\nu$ LTL (Xn  $\varphi$ ) = is- $\nu$ LTL  $\varphi$ 
```

```

|  $\text{is-}\nu\text{-LTL}(\varphi \ W_n \ \psi) = (\text{is-}\nu\text{-LTL } \varphi \wedge \text{is-}\nu\text{-LTL } \psi)$ 
|  $\text{is-}\nu\text{-LTL}(\varphi \ R_n \ \psi) = (\text{is-}\nu\text{-LTL } \varphi \wedge \text{is-}\nu\text{-LTL } \psi)$ 
|  $\text{is-}\nu\text{-LTL} - = \text{False}$ 

```

```

definition  $\mu\text{LTL} :: \text{'a ltl set where}$ 
 $\mu\text{LTL} = \{\varphi. \text{ is-}\mu\text{-LTL } \varphi\}$ 

```

```

definition  $\nu\text{LTL} :: \text{'a ltl set where}$ 
 $\nu\text{LTL} = \{\varphi. \text{ is-}\nu\text{-LTL } \varphi\}$ 

```

```

lemma  $\mu\text{LTL-simp}[simp]:$ 
 $\varphi \in \mu\text{LTL} \longleftrightarrow \text{is-}\mu\text{-LTL } \varphi$ 
unfolding  $\mu\text{LTL-def}$  by  $\text{simp}$ 

```

```

lemma  $\nu\text{LTL-simp}[simp]:$ 
 $\varphi \in \nu\text{LTL} \longleftrightarrow \text{is-}\nu\text{-LTL } \varphi$ 
unfolding  $\nu\text{LTL-def}$  by  $\text{simp}$ 

```

1.1.1 Subformulas in μLTL and νLTL

```

fun  $\text{subformulas}_\mu :: \text{'a ltl} \Rightarrow \text{'a ltl set}$ 
where
 $\text{subformulas}_\mu(\varphi \ \text{and}_n \ \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \psi$ 
|  $\text{subformulas}_\mu(\varphi \ \text{or}_n \ \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \psi$ 
|  $\text{subformulas}_\mu(X_n \ \varphi) = \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$ 
|  $\text{subformulas}_\mu(\varphi \ U_n \ \psi) = \{\varphi \ U_n \ \psi\} \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \psi$ 
|  $\text{subformulas}_\mu(\varphi \ R_n \ \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \psi$ 
|  $\text{subformulas}_\mu(\varphi \ W_n \ \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \psi$ 
|  $\text{subformulas}_\mu(\varphi \ M_n \ \psi) = \{\varphi \ M_n \ \psi\} \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \psi$ 
|  $\text{subformulas}_\mu - = \{\}$ 

```

```

fun  $\text{subformulas}_\nu :: \text{'a ltl} \Rightarrow \text{'a ltl set}$ 
where
 $\text{subformulas}_\nu(\varphi \ \text{and}_n \ \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\nu \psi$ 
|  $\text{subformulas}_\nu(\varphi \ \text{or}_n \ \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\nu \psi$ 
|  $\text{subformulas}_\nu(X_n \ \varphi) = \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$ 
|  $\text{subformulas}_\nu(\varphi \ U_n \ \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\nu \psi$ 
|  $\text{subformulas}_\nu(\varphi \ R_n \ \psi) = \{\varphi \ R_n \ \psi\} \cup \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\nu \psi$ 
|  $\text{subformulas}_\nu(\varphi \ W_n \ \psi) = \{\varphi \ W_n \ \psi\} \cup \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\nu \psi$ 
|  $\text{subformulas}_\nu(\varphi \ M_n \ \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\nu \psi$ 
|  $\text{subformulas}_\nu - = \{\}$ 

```

lemma subformulas_μ -semantics:
 $\text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi = \{\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi. \exists \psi_1 \psi_2. \psi = \psi_1 \ U_n \ \psi_2 \vee \psi = \psi_1 \ M_n \ \psi_2\}$
by (induction φ) auto

lemma subformulas_ν -semantics:
 $\text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi = \{\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi. \exists \psi_1 \psi_2. \psi = \psi_1 \ R_n \ \psi_2 \vee \psi = \psi_1 \ W_n \ \psi_2\}$
by (induction φ) auto

lemma subformulas_μ -subfrmlsn:
 $\text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \subseteq \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi$
by (induction φ) auto

lemma subformulas_ν -subfrmlsn:
 $\text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \subseteq \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi$
by (induction φ) auto

lemma subformulas_μ -finite:
 $\text{finite}(\text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi)$
by (induction φ) auto

lemma subformulas_ν -finite:
 $\text{finite}(\text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi)$
by (induction φ) auto

lemma subformulas_μ -subset:
 $\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \implies \text{subformulas}_\mu \psi \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$
by (induction φ) auto

lemma subformulas_ν -subset:
 $\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \implies \text{subformulas}_\nu \psi \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$
by (induction φ) auto

lemma subfrmlsn- μLTL :
 $\varphi \in \mu LTL \implies \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \subseteq \mu LTL$
by (induction φ) auto

lemma subfrmlsn- νLTL :
 $\varphi \in \nu LTL \implies \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \subseteq \nu LTL$
by (induction φ) auto

lemma $\text{subfrmlsn-}\mu\nu LTL$:
 $\varphi \in \mu\nu LTL \implies \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \subseteq \mu\nu LTL$
by (induction φ) auto

lemma $\text{subformulas}_{\mu\nu}$ -disjoint:
 $\text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cap \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi = \{\}$

unfolding subformulas_μ -semantics subformulas_ν -semantics
by *fastforce*

lemma $\text{subformulas}_{\mu\nu}$ -*subfrmlsn*:

$$\text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \subseteq \text{subfrmlsn} \varphi$$

using subformulas_μ -*subfrmlsn* subformulas_ν -*subfrmlsn* **by** *blast*

lemma $\text{subformulas}_{\mu\nu}$ -*card*:

$$\text{card}(\text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi) = \text{card}(\text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi) + \text{card}(\text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi)$$

by (*simp add: subformulas_{μν}-disjoint subformulas_μ-finite subformulas_ν-finite card-Un-disjoint*)

1.2 Stability

definition $\text{GF-singleton } w \varphi \equiv \text{if } w \models_n G_n (\varphi) \text{ then } \{\varphi\} \text{ else } \{\}$

definition $\text{F-singleton } w \varphi \equiv \text{if } w \models_n F_n \varphi \text{ then } \{\varphi\} \text{ else } \{\}$

declare $\text{GF-singleton-def} [\text{simp}] \text{ F-singleton-def} [\text{simp}]$

fun $\mathcal{G}\mathcal{F} :: 'a \text{ ltl}n \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set word} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltl}n \text{ set}$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{G}\mathcal{F}(\varphi \text{ and}_n \psi) w &= \mathcal{G}\mathcal{F} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{G}\mathcal{F} \psi w \\ |\mathcal{G}\mathcal{F}(\varphi \text{ or}_n \psi) w &= \mathcal{G}\mathcal{F} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{G}\mathcal{F} \psi w \\ |\mathcal{G}\mathcal{F}(X_n \varphi) w &= \mathcal{G}\mathcal{F} \varphi w \\ |\mathcal{G}\mathcal{F}(\varphi U_n \psi) w &= \text{GF-singleton } w (\varphi U_n \psi) \cup \mathcal{G}\mathcal{F} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{G}\mathcal{F} \psi w \\ |\mathcal{G}\mathcal{F}(\varphi R_n \psi) w &= \mathcal{G}\mathcal{F} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{G}\mathcal{F} \psi w \\ |\mathcal{G}\mathcal{F}(\varphi W_n \psi) w &= \mathcal{G}\mathcal{F} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{G}\mathcal{F} \psi w \\ |\mathcal{G}\mathcal{F}(\varphi M_n \psi) w &= \text{GF-singleton } w (\varphi M_n \psi) \cup \mathcal{G}\mathcal{F} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{G}\mathcal{F} \psi w \\ |\mathcal{G}\mathcal{F} \dots &= \{\} \end{aligned}$$

fun $\mathcal{F} :: 'a \text{ ltl}n \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set word} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltl}n \text{ set}$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}(\varphi \text{ and}_n \psi) w &= \mathcal{F} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{F} \psi w \\ |\mathcal{F}(\varphi \text{ or}_n \psi) w &= \mathcal{F} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{F} \psi w \\ |\mathcal{F}(X_n \varphi) w &= \mathcal{F} \varphi w \\ |\mathcal{F}(\varphi U_n \psi) w &= \text{F-singleton } w (\varphi U_n \psi) \cup \mathcal{F} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{F} \psi w \\ |\mathcal{F}(\varphi R_n \psi) w &= \mathcal{F} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{F} \psi w \\ |\mathcal{F}(\varphi W_n \psi) w &= \mathcal{F} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{F} \psi w \\ |\mathcal{F}(\varphi M_n \psi) w &= \text{F-singleton } w (\varphi M_n \psi) \cup \mathcal{F} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{F} \psi w \\ |\mathcal{F} \dots &= \{\} \end{aligned}$$

lemma $\mathcal{G}\mathcal{F}$ -semantics:

$\mathcal{GF} \varphi w = \{\psi. \psi \in \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \wedge w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi)\}$
by (induction φ) force+

lemma \mathcal{F} -semantics:

$\mathcal{F} \varphi w = \{\psi. \psi \in \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \wedge w \models_n F_n \psi\}$
by (induction φ) force+

lemma \mathcal{GF} -semantics':

$\mathcal{GF} \varphi w = \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cap \{\psi. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi)\}$
unfolding \mathcal{GF} -semantics **by** auto

lemma \mathcal{F} -semantics':

$\mathcal{F} \varphi w = \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cap \{\psi. w \models_n F_n \psi\}$
unfolding \mathcal{F} -semantics **by** auto

lemma \mathcal{GF} - \mathcal{F} -subset:

$\mathcal{GF} \varphi w \subseteq \mathcal{F} \varphi w$
unfolding \mathcal{GF} -semantics \mathcal{F} -semantics **by** force

lemma \mathcal{GF} -finite:

$\text{finite} (\mathcal{GF} \varphi w)$
by (induction φ) auto

lemma \mathcal{GF} -subformulas $_\mu$:

$\mathcal{GF} \varphi w \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$
unfolding \mathcal{GF} -semantics **by** force

lemma \mathcal{GF} -subfrmlsn:

$\mathcal{GF} \varphi w \subseteq \text{subfrmlsn} \varphi$
using \mathcal{GF} -subformulas $_\mu$ subformulas $_\mu$ -subfrmlsn **by** blast

lemma \mathcal{GF} -elim:

$\psi \in \mathcal{GF} \varphi w \implies w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi)$
unfolding \mathcal{GF} -semantics **by** simp

lemma \mathcal{GF} -suffix:

$\mathcal{GF} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w) = \mathcal{GF} \varphi w$

proof

show $\mathcal{GF} \varphi w \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$
unfolding \mathcal{GF} -semantics **by** auto

next

show $\mathcal{GF} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w) \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi w$
unfolding \mathcal{GF} -semantics GF-Inf-many

```

proof auto
  fix  $\psi$ 
  assume  $\exists_{\infty j}. \text{suffix } (i + j) w \models_n \psi$ 
  then have  $\exists_{\infty j}. \text{suffix } (j + i) w \models_n \psi$ 
    by (simp add: algebra-simps)
  then show  $\exists_{\infty j}. \text{suffix } j w \models_n \psi$ 
    using INFM-nat-add by blast
  qed
qed

lemma  $\mathcal{GF}$ -subset:
 $\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \implies \mathcal{GF} \psi w \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi w$ 
unfolding  $\mathcal{GF}$ -semantics using subformulas $_{\mu}$ -subset by blast

lemma  $\mathcal{F}$ -finite:
 $\text{finite } (\mathcal{F} \varphi w)$ 
by (induction  $\varphi$ ) auto

lemma  $\mathcal{F}$ -subformulas $_{\mu}$ :
 $\mathcal{F} \varphi w \subseteq \text{subformulas}_{\mu} \varphi$ 
unfolding  $\mathcal{F}$ -semantics by force

lemma  $\mathcal{F}$ -subfrmlsn:
 $\mathcal{F} \varphi w \subseteq \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi$ 
using  $\mathcal{F}$ -subformulas $_{\mu}$  subformulas $_{\mu}$ -subfrmlsn by blast

lemma  $\mathcal{F}$ -elim:
 $\psi \in \mathcal{F} \varphi w \implies w \models_n F_n \psi$ 
unfolding  $\mathcal{F}$ -semantics by simp

lemma  $\mathcal{F}$ -suffix:
 $\mathcal{F} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w) \subseteq \mathcal{F} \varphi w$ 
unfolding  $\mathcal{F}$ -semantics by auto

lemma  $\mathcal{F}$ -subset:
 $\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \implies \mathcal{F} \psi w \subseteq \mathcal{F} \varphi w$ 
unfolding  $\mathcal{F}$ -semantics using subformulas $_{\mu}$ -subset by blast

definition  $\mu$ -stable  $\varphi w \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{GF} \varphi w = \mathcal{F} \varphi w$ 

lemma suffix- $\mu$ -stable:
 $\forall_{\infty i}. \mu\text{-stable } \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$ 

```

proof –

have $\forall \psi \in \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi. \forall_{\infty i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi) \longleftrightarrow \text{suffix } i w \models_n F_n \psi}$
using *Alm-all-GF-F by blast*

then have $\forall_{\infty i. \forall \psi \in \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi. \text{suffix } i w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi) \longleftrightarrow \text{suffix } i w \models_n F_n \psi}$
using *subformulas_μ-finite eventually-ball-finite by fast*

then have $\forall_{\infty i. \{\psi \in \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi. \text{suffix } i w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi)\} = \{\psi \in \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi. \text{suffix } i w \models_n F_n \psi\}}$
by (rule *MOST-mono*) (*blast intro: Collect-cong*)

then show ?thesis

unfolding $\mu\text{-stable-def } \mathcal{GF}\text{-semantics } \mathcal{F}\text{-semantics}$
by (rule *MOST-mono*) *simp*

qed

lemma $\mu\text{-stable-subfrmlsn}:$

$\mu\text{-stable } \varphi w \implies \psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \implies \mu\text{-stable } \psi w$

proof –

assume *a1*: $\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi$ and *a2*: $\mu\text{-stable } \varphi w$
have $\text{subformulas}_\mu \psi \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$

using *a1* by (*simp add: subformulas_μ-subset*)

moreover

have $\mathcal{GF} \varphi w = \mathcal{F} \varphi w$

using *a2* by (*meson μ-stable-def*)

ultimately show ?thesis

by (metis (no-types) *Un-commute F-semantics' GF-semantics' μ-stable-def inf-left-commute inf-sup-absorb sup.orderE*)

qed

lemma $\mu\text{-stable-suffix}:$

$\mu\text{-stable } \varphi w \implies \mu\text{-stable } \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$

by (metis *F-suffix GF-F-subset GF-suffix μ-stable-def subset-antisym*)

definition $FG\text{-singleton } w \varphi \equiv \text{if } w \models_n F_n (G_n \varphi) \text{ then } \{\varphi\} \text{ else } \{\}$

definition $G\text{-singleton } w \varphi \equiv \text{if } w \models_n G_n \varphi \text{ then } \{\varphi\} \text{ else } \{\}$

declare *FG-singleton-def* [*simp*] *G-singleton-def* [*simp*]

fun $\mathcal{FG} :: 'a \text{ ltl}n \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set word} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltl}n \text{ set}$
where

```

 $\mathcal{FG}(\varphi \text{ and}_n \psi) w = \mathcal{FG}\varphi w \cup \mathcal{FG}\psi w$ 
|  $\mathcal{FG}(\varphi \text{ or}_n \psi) w = \mathcal{FG}\varphi w \cup \mathcal{FG}\psi w$ 
|  $\mathcal{FG}(X_n \varphi) w = \mathcal{FG}\varphi w$ 
|  $\mathcal{FG}(\varphi U_n \psi) w = \mathcal{FG}\varphi w \cup \mathcal{FG}\psi w$ 
|  $\mathcal{FG}(\varphi R_n \psi) w = \text{FG-singleton } w (\varphi R_n \psi) \cup \mathcal{FG}\varphi w \cup \mathcal{FG}\psi w$ 
|  $\mathcal{FG}(\varphi W_n \psi) w = \text{FG-singleton } w (\varphi W_n \psi) \cup \mathcal{FG}\varphi w \cup \mathcal{FG}\psi w$ 
|  $\mathcal{FG}(\varphi M_n \psi) w = \mathcal{FG}\varphi w \cup \mathcal{FG}\psi w$ 
|  $\mathcal{FG}\text{--} = \{\}$ 

```

fun $\mathcal{G} :: 'a ltn \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set word} \Rightarrow 'a ltn \text{ set}$

where

```

 $\mathcal{G}(\varphi \text{ and}_n \psi) w = \mathcal{G}\varphi w \cup \mathcal{G}\psi w$ 
|  $\mathcal{G}(\varphi \text{ or}_n \psi) w = \mathcal{G}\varphi w \cup \mathcal{G}\psi w$ 
|  $\mathcal{G}(X_n \varphi) w = \mathcal{G}\varphi w$ 
|  $\mathcal{G}(\varphi U_n \psi) w = \mathcal{G}\varphi w \cup \mathcal{G}\psi w$ 
|  $\mathcal{G}(\varphi R_n \psi) w = \text{G-singleton } w (\varphi R_n \psi) \cup \mathcal{G}\varphi w \cup \mathcal{G}\psi w$ 
|  $\mathcal{G}(\varphi W_n \psi) w = \text{G-singleton } w (\varphi W_n \psi) \cup \mathcal{G}\varphi w \cup \mathcal{G}\psi w$ 
|  $\mathcal{G}(\varphi M_n \psi) w = \mathcal{G}\varphi w \cup \mathcal{G}\psi w$ 
|  $\mathcal{G}\text{--} = \{\}$ 

```

lemma \mathcal{FG} -semantics:

$\mathcal{FG}\varphi w = \{\psi \in \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi. w \models_n F_n(G_n \psi)\}$
by (induction φ) force+

lemma \mathcal{G} -semantics:

$\mathcal{G}\varphi w \equiv \{\psi \in \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi. w \models_n G_n \psi\}$
by (induction φ) force+

lemma \mathcal{FG} -semantics':

$\mathcal{FG}\varphi w = \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cap \{\psi. w \models_n F_n(G_n \psi)\}$
unfolding \mathcal{FG} -semantics **by** auto

lemma \mathcal{G} -semantics':

$\mathcal{G}\varphi w = \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cap \{\psi. w \models_n G_n \psi\}$
unfolding \mathcal{G} -semantics **by** auto

lemma \mathcal{G} - \mathcal{FG} -subset:

$\mathcal{G}\varphi w \subseteq \mathcal{FG}\varphi w$
unfolding \mathcal{G} -semantics \mathcal{FG} -semantics **by** force

lemma \mathcal{FG} -finite:

$\text{finite } (\mathcal{FG}\varphi w)$
by (induction φ) auto

lemma \mathcal{FG} -subformulas $_{\nu}$:

$\mathcal{FG} \varphi w \subseteq \text{subformulas}_{\nu} \varphi$

unfolding \mathcal{FG} -semantics by force

lemma \mathcal{FG} -subfrmlsn:

$\mathcal{FG} \varphi w \subseteq \text{subfrmlsn} \varphi$

using \mathcal{FG} -subformulas $_{\nu}$ subformulas $_{\nu}$ -subfrmlsn by blast

lemma \mathcal{FG} -elim:

$\psi \in \mathcal{FG} \varphi w \implies w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi)$

unfolding \mathcal{FG} -semantics by simp

lemma \mathcal{FG} -suffix:

$\mathcal{FG} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w) = \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$

proof

show $\mathcal{FG} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w) \subseteq \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$

unfolding \mathcal{FG} -semantics by auto

next

show $\mathcal{FG} \varphi w \subseteq \mathcal{FG} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$

unfolding \mathcal{FG} -semantics FG-Alm-all

proof auto

fix ψ

assume $\forall \infty j. \text{suffix } j w \models_n \psi$

then have $\forall \infty j. \text{suffix } (j + i) w \models_n \psi$

using MOST-nat-add by meson

then show $\forall \infty j. \text{suffix } (i + j) w \models_n \psi$

by (simp add: algebra-simps)

qed

qed

lemma \mathcal{FG} -subset:

$\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn} \varphi \implies \mathcal{FG} \psi w \subseteq \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$

unfolding \mathcal{FG} -semantics using subformulas $_{\nu}$ -subset by blast

lemma \mathcal{G} -finite:

$\text{finite } (\mathcal{G} \varphi w)$

by (induction φ) auto

lemma \mathcal{G} -subformulas $_{\nu}$:

$\mathcal{G} \varphi w \subseteq \text{subformulas}_{\nu} \varphi$

unfolding \mathcal{G} -semantics by force

lemma \mathcal{G} -subfrmlsn:

$\mathcal{G} \varphi w \subseteq \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi$
using \mathcal{G} -subformulas $_{\nu}$ subformulas $_{\nu}$ -subfrmlsn **by** blast

lemma \mathcal{G} -elim:

$\psi \in \mathcal{G} \varphi w \implies w \models_n G_n \psi$
unfolding \mathcal{G} -semantics **by** simp

lemma \mathcal{G} -suffix:

$\mathcal{G} \varphi w \subseteq \mathcal{G} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$
unfolding \mathcal{G} -semantics **by** auto

lemma \mathcal{G} -subset:

$\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \implies \mathcal{G} \psi w \subseteq \mathcal{G} \varphi w$
unfolding \mathcal{G} -semantics **using** subformulas $_{\nu}$ -subset **by** blast

definition ν -stable $\varphi w \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{F}\mathcal{G} \varphi w = \mathcal{G} \varphi w$

lemma suffix- ν -stable:

$\forall_{\infty j}. \nu\text{-stable } \varphi (\text{suffix } j w)$

proof –

have $\forall \psi \in \text{subformulas}_{\nu} \varphi. \forall_{\infty i}. \text{suffix } i w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi) \longleftrightarrow \text{suffix } i w \models_n G_n \psi$
using Alm-all-FG-G **by** blast

then have $\forall_{\infty i}. \forall \psi \in \text{subformulas}_{\nu} \varphi. \text{suffix } i w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi) \longleftrightarrow \text{suffix } i w \models_n G_n \psi$
using subformulas $_{\nu}$ -finite eventually-ball-finite **by** fast

then have $\forall_{\infty i}. \{\psi \in \text{subformulas}_{\nu} \varphi. \text{suffix } i w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi)\} = \{\psi \in \text{subformulas}_{\nu} \varphi. \text{suffix } i w \models_n G_n \psi\}$
by (rule MOST-mono) (blast intro: Collect-cong)

then show ?thesis

unfolding ν -stable-def $\mathcal{F}\mathcal{G}$ -semantics \mathcal{G} -semantics
by (rule MOST-mono) simp

qed

lemma ν -stable-subfrmlsn:

$\nu\text{-stable } \varphi w \implies \psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \implies \nu\text{-stable } \psi w$

proof –

assume a1: $\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi$ **and** a2: $\nu\text{-stable } \varphi w$
have subformulas $_{\nu} \psi \subseteq \text{subformulas}_{\nu} \varphi$

```

using a1 by (simp add: subformulas $\nu$ -subset)
moreover
have  $\mathcal{FG} \varphi w = \mathcal{G} \varphi w$ 
using a2 by (meson  $\nu$ -stable-def)
ultimately show ?thesis
by (metis (no-types) Un-commute  $\mathcal{G}$ -semantics'  $\mathcal{FG}$ -semantics'  $\nu$ -stable-def
inf-left-commute inf-sup-absorb sup.orderE)
qed

```

lemma ν -stable-suffix:

```

 $\nu$ -stable  $\varphi w \implies \nu$ -stable  $\varphi$  (suffix i w)
by (metis  $\mathcal{FG}$ -suffix  $\mathcal{G}$ - $\mathcal{FG}$ -subset  $\mathcal{G}$ -suffix  $\nu$ -stable-def antisym-conv)

```

1.3 Definitions with Lists for Code Export

The μ - and ν -subformulas as lists:

```

fun subformulas $\mu$ -list :: ' $a$  ltn  $\Rightarrow$  ' $a$  ltn list
where
  subformulas $\mu$ -list ( $\varphi$  andn  $\psi$ ) = List.union (subformulas $\mu$ -list  $\varphi$ ) (subformulas $\mu$ -list  $\psi$ )
  | subformulas $\mu$ -list ( $\varphi$  orn  $\psi$ ) = List.union (subformulas $\mu$ -list  $\varphi$ ) (subformulas $\mu$ -list  $\psi$ )
  | subformulas $\mu$ -list ( $X_n \varphi$ ) = subformulas $\mu$ -list  $\varphi$ 
  | subformulas $\mu$ -list ( $\varphi U_n \psi$ ) = List.insert ( $\varphi U_n \psi$ ) (List.union (subformulas $\mu$ -list  $\varphi$ ) (subformulas $\mu$ -list  $\psi$ ))
  | subformulas $\mu$ -list ( $\varphi R_n \psi$ ) = List.union (subformulas $\mu$ -list  $\varphi$ ) (subformulas $\mu$ -list  $\psi$ )
  | subformulas $\mu$ -list ( $\varphi W_n \psi$ ) = List.union (subformulas $\mu$ -list  $\varphi$ ) (subformulas $\mu$ -list  $\psi$ )
  | subformulas $\mu$ -list ( $\varphi M_n \psi$ ) = List.insert ( $\varphi M_n \psi$ ) (List.union (subformulas $\mu$ -list  $\varphi$ ) (subformulas $\mu$ -list  $\psi$ ))
  | subformulas $\mu$ -list - = []

```



```

fun subformulas $\nu$ -list :: ' $a$  ltn  $\Rightarrow$  ' $a$  ltn list
where
  subformulas $\nu$ -list ( $\varphi$  andn  $\psi$ ) = List.union (subformulas $\nu$ -list  $\varphi$ ) (subformulas $\nu$ -list  $\psi$ )
  | subformulas $\nu$ -list ( $\varphi$  orn  $\psi$ ) = List.union (subformulas $\nu$ -list  $\varphi$ ) (subformulas $\nu$ -list  $\psi$ )
  | subformulas $\nu$ -list ( $X_n \varphi$ ) = subformulas $\nu$ -list  $\varphi$ 
  | subformulas $\nu$ -list ( $\varphi U_n \psi$ ) = List.union (subformulas $\nu$ -list  $\varphi$ ) (subformulas $\nu$ -list  $\psi$ )
  | subformulas $\nu$ -list ( $\varphi R_n \psi$ ) = List.insert ( $\varphi R_n \psi$ ) (List.union (subformulas $\nu$ -list  $\varphi$ ) (subformulas $\nu$ -list  $\psi$ ))

```

```

 $\varphi)$  ( $\text{subformulas}_\nu$ -list  $\psi$ ))
|  $\text{subformulas}_\nu$ -list  $(\varphi W_n \psi) = \text{List.insert} (\varphi W_n \psi) (\text{List.union} (\text{subformulas}_\nu$ -list  $\varphi)$  ( $\text{subformulas}_\nu$ -list  $\psi$ ))
|  $\text{subformulas}_\nu$ -list  $(\varphi M_n \psi) = \text{List.union} (\text{subformulas}_\nu$ -list  $\varphi)$  ( $\text{subformulas}_\nu$ -list  $\psi$ )
|  $\text{subformulas}_\nu$ -list  $- = []$ 

```

lemma subformulas_μ -list-set:
 $\text{set} (\text{subformulas}_\mu$ -list $\varphi) = \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$
by (induction φ) auto

lemma subformulas_ν -list-set:
 $\text{set} (\text{subformulas}_\nu$ -list $\varphi) = \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$
by (induction φ) auto

lemma subformulas_μ -list-distinct:
 $\text{distinct} (\text{subformulas}_\mu$ -list $\varphi)$
by (induction φ) auto

lemma subformulas_ν -list-distinct:
 $\text{distinct} (\text{subformulas}_\nu$ -list $\varphi)$
by (induction φ) auto

lemma subformulas_μ -list-length:
 $\text{length} (\text{subformulas}_\mu$ -list $\varphi) = \text{card} (\text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi)$
by (metis subformulas_μ -list-set subformulas_μ -list-distinct distinct-card)

lemma subformulas_ν -list-length:
 $\text{length} (\text{subformulas}_\nu$ -list $\varphi) = \text{card} (\text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi)$
by (metis subformulas_ν -list-set subformulas_ν -list-distinct distinct-card)

We define the list of advice sets as the product of all subsequences of the μ - and ν -subformulas of a formula.

definition advice-sets :: ' a ltn \Rightarrow (' a ltn list \times ' a ltn list) list
where
 $\text{advice-sets } \varphi = \text{List.product} (\text{subseqs} (\text{subformulas}_\mu$ -list $\varphi)) (\text{subseqs} (\text{subformulas}_\nu$ -list $\varphi))$

lemma subset-subseq:
 $X \subseteq \text{set} ys \longleftrightarrow (\exists xs. X = \text{set} xs \wedge \text{subseq} xs ys)$
by (metis (no-types, lifting) Pow-iff image-iff in-set-subseqs subseqs-powset)

lemma subseqs-subformulas $_\mu$ -list:
 $X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\exists xs. X = \text{set} xs \wedge xs \in \text{set} (\text{subseqs} (\text{subformulas}_\mu$ -list

```

 $\varphi)))$ 
by (metis subset-subseq subformulas $_{\mu}$ -list-set in-set-subseqs)

lemma subseqs-subformulas $_{\nu}$ -list:
 $Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_{\nu} \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\exists ys. Y = \text{set } ys \wedge ys \in \text{set}(\text{subseqs}(\text{subformulas}_{\nu}\text{-list} \varphi)))$ 
by (metis subset-subseq subformulas $_{\nu}$ -list-set in-set-subseqs)

lemma advice-sets-subformulas:
 $X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_{\mu} \varphi \wedge Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_{\nu} \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\exists xs ys. X = \text{set } xs \wedge Y = \text{set } ys \wedge (xs, ys) \in \text{set}(\text{advice-sets } \varphi))$ 
unfolding advice-sets-def set-product subseqs-subformulas $_{\mu}$ -list subseqs-subformulas $_{\nu}$ -list
by blast

lemma subseqs-not-empty:
 $\text{subseqs } xs \neq []$ 
by (metis empty-iff list.set(1) subseqs-refl)

lemma product-not-empty:
 $xs \neq [] \implies ys \neq [] \implies \text{List.product } xs ys \neq []$ 
by (induction xs) simp-all

lemma advice-sets-not-empty:
 $\text{advice-sets } \varphi \neq []$ 
unfolding advice-sets-def using subseqs-not-empty product-not-empty by
blast

lemma advice-sets-length:
 $\text{length } (\text{advice-sets } \varphi) \leq 2^{\wedge} \text{card } (\text{subfrmlsn } \varphi)$ 
unfolding advice-sets-def length-product length-subseqs subformulas $_{\mu}$ -list-length
subformulas $_{\nu}$ -list-length power-add[symmetric]
by (metis Suc-1 card-mono lessI power-increasing-iff subformulas $_{\mu\nu}$ -card
subformulas $_{\mu\nu}$ -subfrmlsn subfrmlsn-finite)

lemma advice-sets-element-length:
 $(xs, ys) \in \text{set}(\text{advice-sets } \varphi) \implies \text{length } xs \leq \text{card } (\text{subfrmlsn } \varphi)$ 
 $(xs, ys) \in \text{set}(\text{advice-sets } \varphi) \implies \text{length } ys \leq \text{card } (\text{subfrmlsn } \varphi)$ 
unfolding advice-sets-def set-product
by (metis SigmaD1 card-mono in-set-subseqs list-emb-length order-trans
subformulas $_{\mu}$ -list-length subformulas $_{\mu}$ -subfrmlsn subfrmlsn-finite)
(bmetis SigmaD2 card-mono in-set-subseqs list-emb-length order-trans
subformulas $_{\nu}$ -list-length subformulas $_{\nu}$ -subfrmlsn subfrmlsn-finite)

```

```

lemma advice-sets-element-subfrmlsn:
  ( $xs, ys \in set(\text{advice-sets } \varphi) \implies set xs \subseteq subformulas_\mu \varphi$ )
  ( $xs, ys \in set(\text{advice-sets } \varphi) \implies set ys \subseteq subformulas_\nu \varphi$ )
  unfolding advice-sets-def set-product
  by (meson SigmaD1 subseqs-subformulas $_\mu$ -list)
    (meson SigmaD2 subseqs-subformulas $_\nu$ -list)

end

```

2 The “after”-Function

```

theory After
imports
  LTL.LTL LTL.Equivalence-Relations Syntactic-Fragments-and-Stability
begin

```

2.1 Definition of af

```

primrec af-letter :: 'a ltn  $\Rightarrow$  'a set  $\Rightarrow$  'a ltn
where
  af-letter true $_n$   $\nu = true_n$ 
  | af-letter false $_n$   $\nu = false_n$ 
  | af-letter prop $_n(a)$   $\nu = (\text{if } a \in \nu \text{ then } true_n \text{ else } false_n)$ 
  | af-letter nprop $_n(a)$   $\nu = (\text{if } a \notin \nu \text{ then } true_n \text{ else } false_n)$ 
  | af-letter ( $\varphi \text{ and}_n \psi$ )  $\nu = (\text{af-letter } \varphi \nu) \text{ and}_n (\text{af-letter } \psi \nu)$ 
  | af-letter ( $\varphi \text{ or}_n \psi$ )  $\nu = (\text{af-letter } \varphi \nu) \text{ or}_n (\text{af-letter } \psi \nu)$ 
  | af-letter ( $X_n \varphi$ )  $\nu = \varphi$ 
  | af-letter ( $\varphi \text{ U}_n \psi$ )  $\nu = (\text{af-letter } \psi \nu) \text{ or}_n ((\text{af-letter } \varphi \nu) \text{ and}_n (\varphi \text{ U}_n \psi))$ 
  | af-letter ( $\varphi \text{ R}_n \psi$ )  $\nu = (\text{af-letter } \psi \nu) \text{ and}_n ((\text{af-letter } \varphi \nu) \text{ or}_n (\varphi \text{ R}_n \psi))$ 
  | af-letter ( $\varphi \text{ W}_n \psi$ )  $\nu = (\text{af-letter } \psi \nu) \text{ or}_n ((\text{af-letter } \varphi \nu) \text{ and}_n (\varphi \text{ W}_n \psi))$ 
  | af-letter ( $\varphi \text{ M}_n \psi$ )  $\nu = (\text{af-letter } \psi \nu) \text{ and}_n ((\text{af-letter } \varphi \nu) \text{ or}_n (\varphi \text{ M}_n \psi))$ 

```

```

abbreviation af :: 'a ltn  $\Rightarrow$  'a set list  $\Rightarrow$  'a ltn
where
  af  $\varphi w \equiv foldl$  af-letter  $\varphi w$ 

```

```

lemma af-decompose:
  af ( $\varphi \text{ and}_n \psi$ )  $w = (\text{af } \varphi w) \text{ and}_n (\text{af } \psi w)$ 
  af ( $\varphi \text{ or}_n \psi$ )  $w = (\text{af } \varphi w) \text{ or}_n (\text{af } \psi w)$ 

```

by (*induction w rule: rev-induct*) *simp-all*

lemma *af-simps[simp]*:

af true_n w = true_n

af false_n w = false_n

af (X_n φ) (x # xs) = af φ xs

by (*induction w*) *simp-all*

lemma *af-ite-simps[simp]*:

af (if P then true_n else false_n) w = (if P then true_n else false_n)

af (if P then false_n else true_n) w = (if P then false_n else true_n)

by *simp-all*

lemma *af-subsequence-append*:

i ≤ j ⇒ j ≤ k ⇒ af (af φ (w [i → j])) (w [j → k]) = af φ (w [i → k])

by (*metis foldl-append le-Suc-ex map-append subsequence-def upt-add-eq-append*)

lemma *af-subsequence-U*:

af (φ U_n ψ) (w [0 → Suc n]) = (af ψ (w [0 → Suc n])) or_n ((af φ (w [0 → Suc n])) and_n af (φ U_n ψ) (w [1 → Suc n]))

by (*induction n*) *fastforce+*

lemma *af-subsequence-U'*:

af (φ U_n ψ) (a # xs) = (af ψ (a # xs)) or_n ((af φ (a # xs)) and_n af (φ U_n ψ) xs)

by (*simp add: af-decompose*)

lemma *af-subsequence-R*:

af (φ R_n ψ) (w [0 → Suc n]) = (af ψ (w [0 → Suc n])) and_n ((af φ (w [0 → Suc n])) or_n af (φ R_n ψ) (w [1 → Suc n]))

by (*induction n*) *fastforce+*

lemma *af-subsequence-R'*:

af (φ R_n ψ) (a # xs) = (af ψ (a # xs)) and_n ((af φ (a # xs)) or_n af (φ R_n ψ) xs)

by (*simp add: af-decompose*)

lemma *af-subsequence-W*:

af (φ W_n ψ) (w [0 → Suc n]) = (af ψ (w [0 → Suc n])) or_n ((af φ (w [0 → Suc n])) and_n af (φ W_n ψ) (w [1 → Suc n]))

by (*induction n*) *fastforce+*

lemma *af-subsequence-W'*:

af (φ W_n ψ) (a # xs) = (af ψ (a # xs)) or_n ((af φ (a # xs)) and_n af

```

( $\varphi W_n \psi$ )  $xs$ )
by (simp add: af-decompose)

lemma af-subsequence-M:
 $af(\varphi M_n \psi)(w[0 \rightarrow Suc n]) = (af \psi(w[0 \rightarrow Suc n])) \text{ and}_n ((af \varphi(w[0 \rightarrow Suc n])) \text{ or}_n af(\varphi M_n \psi)(w[1 \rightarrow Suc n]))$ 
by (induction n) fastforce+

lemma af-subsequence-M':
 $af(\varphi M_n \psi)(a \# xs) = (af \psi(a \# xs)) \text{ and}_n ((af \varphi(a \# xs)) \text{ or}_n af(\varphi M_n \psi) xs)$ 
by (simp add: af-decompose)

lemma suffix-build[simp]:
 $\text{suffix}(Suc n)(x \#\# xs) = \text{suffix } n \text{ } xs$ 
by fastforce

lemma af-letter-build:
 $(x \#\# w) \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow w \models_n \text{af-letter } \varphi \text{ } x$ 
proof (induction  $\varphi$  arbitrary:  $x \text{ } w$ )
  case (Until-ltln  $\varphi \psi$ )
    then show ?case
      unfolding ltln-expand-Until by force
  next
    case (Release-ltln  $\varphi \psi$ )
      then show ?case
        unfolding ltln-expand-Release by force
  next
    case (WeakUntil-ltln  $\varphi \psi$ )
      then show ?case
        unfolding ltln-expand-WeakUntil by force
  next
    case (StrongRelease-ltln  $\varphi \psi$ )
      then show ?case
        unfolding ltln-expand-StrongRelease by force
  qed simp+

lemma af-ltl-continuation:
 $(w \sim w') \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow w' \models_n af \varphi \text{ } w$ 
proof (induction  $w$  arbitrary:  $\varphi \text{ } w'$ )
  case (Cons  $x \text{ } xs$ )
    then show ?case
      using af-letter-build by fastforce
  qed simp

```

2.2 Range of the after function

lemma *af-letter-atoms*:

atoms-ltln (*af-letter* φ ν) \subseteq *atoms-ltln* φ
by (*induction* φ) *auto*

lemma *af-atoms*:

atoms-ltln (*af* φ w) \subseteq *atoms-ltln* φ
by (*induction* w *rule:* *rev-induct*) (*simp, insert af-letter-atoms, fastforce*)

lemma *af-letter-nested-prop-atoms*:

nested-prop-atoms (*af-letter* φ ν) \subseteq *nested-prop-atoms* φ
by (*induction* φ) *auto*

lemma *af-nested-prop-atoms*:

nested-prop-atoms (*af* φ w) \subseteq *nested-prop-atoms* φ
by (*induction* w *rule:* *rev-induct*) (*auto, insert af-letter-nested-prop-atoms, blast*)

lemma *af-letter-range*:

range (*af-letter* φ) $\subseteq \{\psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi\}$
using *af-letter-nested-prop-atoms* **by** *blast*

lemma *af-range*:

range (*af* φ) $\subseteq \{\psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi\}$
using *af-nested-prop-atoms* **by** *blast*

2.3 Subformulas of the after function

lemma *af-letter-subformulas _{μ}* :

subformulas _{μ} (*af-letter* φ ξ) = *subformulas _{μ}* φ
by (*induction* φ) *auto*

lemma *af-subformulas _{μ}* :

subformulas _{μ} (*af* φ w) = *subformulas _{μ}* φ
using *af-letter-subformulas _{μ}*
by (*induction* w *arbitrary:* φ *rule:* *rev-induct*) (*simp, fastforce*)

lemma *af-letter-subformulas _{ν}* :

subformulas _{ν} (*af-letter* φ ξ) = *subformulas _{ν}* φ
by (*induction* φ) *auto*

lemma *af-subformulas _{ν}* :

subformulas _{ν} (*af* φ w) = *subformulas _{ν}* φ

using *af-letter-subformulas_v*
by (*induction w arbitrary: φ rule: rev-induct*) (*simp, fastforce*)

2.4 Stability and the after function

lemma $\mathcal{GF}\text{-}af$:

$\mathcal{GF}(\text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)) (\text{suffix } i w) = \mathcal{GF} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$
unfolding \mathcal{GF} -semantics' *af-subformulas_μ* **by** *blast*

lemma $\mathcal{F}\text{-}af$:

$\mathcal{F}(\text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)) (\text{suffix } i w) = \mathcal{F} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$
unfolding \mathcal{F} -semantics' *af-subformulas_μ* **by** *blast*

lemma $\mathcal{FG}\text{-}af$:

$\mathcal{FG}(\text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)) (\text{suffix } i w) = \mathcal{FG} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$
unfolding \mathcal{FG} -semantics' *af-subformulas_v* **by** *blast*

lemma $\mathcal{G}\text{-}af$:

$\mathcal{G}(\text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)) (\text{suffix } i w) = \mathcal{G} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$
unfolding \mathcal{G} -semantics' *af-subformulas_v* **by** *blast*

2.5 Congruence

lemma *af-letter-lang-congruent*:

$\varphi \sim_L \psi \implies \text{af-letter } \varphi \nu \sim_L \text{af-letter } \psi \nu$
unfolding *ttl-lang-equiv-def*
using *af-letter-build* **by** *blast*

lemma *af-lang-congruent*:

$\varphi \sim_L \psi \implies \text{af } \varphi w \sim_L \text{af } \psi w$
unfolding *ttl-lang-equiv-def* **using** *af-ttl-continuation*
by (*induction φ*) *blast+*

lemma *af-letter-subst*:

af-letter $\varphi \nu = \text{subst } \varphi (\lambda \psi. \text{Some } (\text{af-letter } \psi \nu))$
by (*induction φ*) *auto*

lemma *af-letter-prop-congruent*:

$\varphi \rightarrow_P \psi \implies \text{af-letter } \varphi \nu \rightarrow_P \text{af-letter } \psi \nu$
 $\varphi \sim_P \psi \implies \text{af-letter } \varphi \nu \sim_P \text{af-letter } \psi \nu$
by (*metis af-letter-subst subst-respects-ttl-prop-entailment*) +

lemma *af-prop-congruent*:

$$\varphi \rightarrow_P \psi \implies af \varphi w \rightarrow_P af \psi w$$

$$\varphi \sim_P \psi \implies af \varphi w \sim_P af \psi w$$

by (*induction w arbitrary: $\varphi \psi$*) (*insert af-letter-prop-congruent, fast-force+*)

lemma *af-letter-const-congruent*:

$$\varphi \sim_C \psi \implies af\text{-letter } \varphi \nu \sim_C af\text{-letter } \psi \nu$$

by (*metis af-letter-subst subst-respects-ltl-const-entailment*)

lemma *af-const-congruent*:

$$\varphi \sim_C \psi \implies af \varphi w \sim_C af \psi w$$

by (*induction w arbitrary: $\varphi \psi$*) (*insert af-letter-const-congruent, fast-force+*)

lemma *af-letter-one-step-back*:

$$\{x. \mathcal{A} \models_P af\text{-letter } x \sigma\} \models_P \varphi \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{A} \models_P af\text{-letter } \varphi \sigma$$

by (*induction φ*) *simp-all*

2.6 Implications

lemma *af-F-prefix-prop*:

$$af(F_n \varphi) w \rightarrow_P af(F_n \varphi) (w' @ w)$$

by (*induction w'*) (*simp add: ltl-prop-implies-def af-decompose(1,2)*) +

lemma *af-G-prefix-prop*:

$$af(G_n \varphi) (w' @ w) \rightarrow_P af(G_n \varphi) w$$

by (*induction w'*) (*simp add: ltl-prop-implies-def af-decompose(1,2)*) +

lemma *af-F-prefix-lang*:

$$w \models_n af(F_n \varphi) ys \implies w \models_n af(F_n \varphi) (xs @ ys)$$

using *af-F-prefix-prop ltl-prop-implication-implies-ltl-implication* **by** *blast*

lemma *af-G-prefix-lang*:

$$w \models_n af(G_n \varphi) (xs @ ys) \implies w \models_n af(G_n \varphi) ys$$

using *af-G-prefix-prop ltl-prop-implication-implies-ltl-implication* **by** *blast*

lemma *af-F-prefix-const-equiv-true*:

$$af(F_n \varphi) w \sim_C true_n \implies af(F_n \varphi) (w' @ w) \sim_C true_n$$

using *af-F-prefix-prop ltl-const-equiv-implies-prop-equiv(1) ltl-prop-equiv-true-implies-true*

by blast

lemma af-G-prefix-const-equiv-false:

af ($G_n \varphi$) $w \sim_C false_n \implies af (G_n \varphi) (w' @ w) \sim_C false_n$

using af-G-prefix-prop ltl-const-equiv-implies-prop-equiv(2) ltl-prop-equiv-false-implied-by-false
by blast

lemma af-F-prefix-lang-equiv-true:

af ($F_n \varphi$) $w \sim_L true_n \implies af (F_n \varphi) (w' @ w) \sim_L true_n$

unfolding ltl-lang-equiv-def

using af-F-prefix-lang by fastforce

lemma af-G-prefix-lang-equiv-false:

af ($G_n \varphi$) $w \sim_L false_n \implies af (G_n \varphi) (w' @ w) \sim_L false_n$

unfolding ltl-lang-equiv-def

using af-G-prefix-lang by fastforce

locale af-congruent = ltl-equivalence +

assumes

af-letter-congruent: $\varphi \sim \psi \implies af\text{-letter } \varphi \nu \sim af\text{-letter } \psi \nu$

begin

lemma af-congruence:

$\varphi \sim \psi \implies af \varphi xs \sim af \psi xs$

by (induction xs arbitrary: $\varphi \psi$) (insert af-letter-congruent, fastforce+)

lemma af-append-congruent:

af $\varphi w \sim af \psi w \implies af \varphi (w @ w') \sim af \psi (w @ w')$

by (simp add: af-congruence)

lemma af-append-true:

af $\varphi w \sim true_n \implies af \varphi (w @ w') \sim true_n$

using af-congruence by fastforce

lemma af-append-false:

af $\varphi w \sim false_n \implies af \varphi (w @ w') \sim false_n$

using af-congruence by fastforce

lemma prefix-append-subsequence:

$i \leq j \implies (\text{prefix } i w) @ (w [i \rightarrow j]) = \text{prefix } j w$

by (metis le-add-diff-inverse subsequence-append)

```

lemma af-prefix-congruent:
   $i \leq j \implies af \varphi (prefix i w) \sim af \psi (prefix i w) \implies af \varphi (prefix j w) \sim af \psi (prefix j w)$ 
  by (metis af-congruence foldl-append prefix-append-subsequence)+

lemma af-prefix-true:
   $i \leq j \implies af \varphi (prefix i w) \sim true_n \implies af \varphi (prefix j w) \sim true_n$ 
  by (metis af-append-true prefix-append-subsequence)

lemma af-prefix-false:
   $i \leq j \implies af \varphi (prefix i w) \sim false_n \implies af \varphi (prefix j w) \sim false_n$ 
  by (metis af-append-false prefix-append-subsequence)

end

```

interpretation lang-af-congruent: af-congruent (\sim_L)
by unfold-locales (rule af-letter-lang-congruent)

interpretation prop-af-congruent: af-congruent (\sim_P)
by unfold-locales (rule af-letter-prop-congruent)

interpretation const-af-congruent: af-congruent (\sim_C)
by unfold-locales (rule af-letter-const-congruent)

2.7 After in μLTL and νLTL

```

lemma valid-prefix-implies-ltl:
   $af \varphi (prefix i w) \sim_L true_n \implies w \models_n \varphi$ 
proof –
  assume  $af \varphi (prefix i w) \sim_L true_n$ 

  then have suffix  $i w \models_n af \varphi (prefix i w)$ 
  unfolding ltl-lang-equiv-def using semantics-ltln.simps(1) by blast

```

```

then show  $w \models_n \varphi$ 
  using af-ltl-continuation by force
qed

```

```

lemma ltl-implies-satisfiable-prefix:
   $w \models_n \varphi \implies \neg (af \varphi (prefix i w) \sim_L false_n)$ 

```

```

proof -
  assume  $w \models_n \varphi$ 

  then have  $\text{suffix } i w \models_n af \varphi \ (\text{prefix } i w)$ 
    using  $af\text{-ltl-continuation}$  by  $fastforce$ 

  then show  $\neg (af \varphi \ (\text{prefix } i w) \sim_L \text{false}_n)$ 
    unfolding  $ltl\text{-lang-equiv-def}$  using  $\text{semantics-ltl}\text{n}.simp(2)$  by  $blast$ 
qed

lemma  $\mu LTL\text{-implies-valid-prefix}:$ 
 $\varphi \in \mu LTL \implies w \models_n \varphi \implies \exists i. af \varphi \ (\text{prefix } i w) \sim_C \text{true}_n$ 
proof (induction  $\varphi$  arbitrary:  $w$ )
  case  $\text{True-ltln}$ 
  then show  $?case$ 
    using  $ltl\text{-const-equiv-equivp equivp-reflp}$  by  $fastforce$ 
next
  case  $(Prop-ltln x)$ 
  then show  $?case$ 
    by (metis af-letter.simps(3) foldl-Cons foldl-Nil ltl-const-equiv-equivp equivp-reflp semantics-ltln.simps(3) subsequence-singleton)
next
  case  $(Nprop-ltln x)$ 
  then show  $?case$ 
    by (metis af-letter.simps(4) foldl-Cons foldl-Nil ltl-const-equiv-equivp equivp-reflp semantics-ltln.simps(4) subsequence-singleton)
next
  case  $(And-ltln \varphi_1 \varphi_2)$ 

  then obtain  $i_1 i_2$  where  $af \varphi_1 \ (\text{prefix } i_1 w) \sim_C \text{true}_n$  and  $af \varphi_2 \ (\text{prefix } i_2 w) \sim_C \text{true}_n$ 
    by  $fastforce$ 

  then have  $af \varphi_1 \ (\text{prefix } (i_1 + i_2) w) \sim_C \text{true}_n$  and  $af \varphi_2 \ (\text{prefix } (i_2 + i_1) w) \sim_C \text{true}_n$ 
    using  $\text{const-af-congruent.af-prefix-true le-add1}$  by  $blast+$ 

  then have  $af (\varphi_1 \text{ and}_n \varphi_2) \ (\text{prefix } (i_1 + i_2) w) \sim_C \text{true}_n$ 
    unfolding  $af\text{-decompose}$  by (simp add: add.commute)

  then show  $?case$ 
    by  $blast$ 
next
  case  $(Or-ltln \varphi_1 \varphi_2)$ 

```

```

then obtain i where af  $\varphi_1$  (prefix i w)  $\sim_C \text{true}_n \vee$  af  $\varphi_2$  (prefix i w)
 $\sim_C \text{true}_n$ 
by auto

then show ?case
unfolding af-decompose by auto
next
case (Next-ltln  $\varphi$ )

then obtain i where af  $\varphi$  (prefix i (suffix 1 w))  $\sim_C \text{true}_n$ 
by fastforce

then show ?case
by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def add.right-neutral af-simps(3)
foldl-Nil foldl-append subsequence-append subsequence-shift subsequence-singleton)
next
case (Until-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )

then obtain k where suffix k w  $\models_n \varphi_2$  and  $\forall j < k$ . suffix j w  $\models_n \varphi_1$ 
by fastforce

then show ?case
proof (induction k arbitrary: w)
case 0

then obtain i where af  $\varphi_2$  (prefix i w)  $\sim_C \text{true}_n$ 
using Until-ltl by fastforce

then have af  $\varphi_2$  (prefix (Suc i) w)  $\sim_C \text{true}_n$ 
using const-af-congruent.af-prefix-true le-Suci by blast

then have af  $(\varphi_1 U_n \varphi_2)$  (prefix (Suc i) w)  $\sim_C \text{true}_n$ 
unfolding af-subsequence-U by simp

then show ?case
by blast
next
case (Suc k)

then have suffix k (suffix 1 w)  $\models_n \varphi_2$  and  $\forall j < k$ . suffix j (suffix 1 w)
 $\models_n \varphi_1$ 
by (simp add: Suc.prem +)

```

```

then obtain i where i-def: af ( $\varphi_1 \ U_n \ \varphi_2$ ) (prefix i (suffix 1 w))  $\sim_C$  truen
using Suc.IH by blast

obtain j where af  $\varphi_1$  (prefix j w)  $\sim_C$  truen
using Until-ltln Suc by fastforce

then have af  $\varphi_1$  (prefix (Suc (j + i)) w)  $\sim_C$  truen
using const-af-congruent.af-prefix-true le-SucI le-add1 by blast

moreover

from i-def have af ( $\varphi_1 \ U_n \ \varphi_2$ ) (w [1  $\rightarrow$  Suc (j + i)])  $\sim_C$  truen
by (metis One-nat-def const-af-congruent.af-prefix-true le-add2 plus-1-eq-Suc
subsequence-shift)

ultimately

have af ( $\varphi_1 \ U_n \ \varphi_2$ ) (prefix (Suc (j + i)) w)  $\sim_C$  truen
unfolding af-subsequence-U by simp

then show ?case
by blast
qed
next
case (StrongRelease-ltln  $\varphi_1 \ \varphi_2$ )

then obtain k where suffix k w  $\models_n \varphi_1$  and  $\forall j \leq k. \text{suffix } j w \models_n \varphi_2$ 
by fastforce

then show ?case
proof (induction k arbitrary: w)
case 0

then obtain i1 i2 where af  $\varphi_1$  (prefix i1 w)  $\sim_C$  truen and af  $\varphi_2$ 
(prefix i2 w)  $\sim_C$  truen
using StrongRelease-ltln by fastforce

then have af  $\varphi_1$  (prefix (Suc (i1 + i2)) w)  $\sim_C$  truen and af  $\varphi_2$  (prefix
(Suc (i2 + i1)) w)  $\sim_C$  truen
using const-af-congruent.af-prefix-true le-SucI le-add1 by blast+

then have af ( $\varphi_1 \ M_n \ \varphi_2$ ) (prefix (Suc (i1 + i2)) w)  $\sim_C$  truen
unfolding af-subsequence-M by (simp add: add.commute)

```

```

then show ?case
  by blast
next
  case (Suc k)

    then have suffix k (suffix 1 w)  $\models_n \varphi_1$  and  $\forall j \leq k. \text{suffix } j (\text{suffix } 1 w)$ 
 $\models_n \varphi_2$ 
  by (simp add: Suc.prems)+

    then obtain i where i-def: af ( $\varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2$ ) (prefix i (suffix 1 w))  $\sim_C$  truen
    using Suc.IH by blast

    obtain j where af  $\varphi_2$  (prefix j w)  $\sim_C$  truen
    using StrongRelease-ltln Suc by fastforce

    then have af  $\varphi_2$  (prefix (Suc (j + i)) w)  $\sim_C$  truen
    using const-af-congruent.af-prefix-true le-SucI le-add1 by blast

moreover

from i-def have af ( $\varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2$ ) (w [1  $\rightarrow$  Suc (j + i)])  $\sim_C$  truen
  by (metis One-nat-def const-af-congruent.af-prefix-true le-add2 plus-1-eq-Suc
  subsequence-shift)

ultimately

have af ( $\varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2$ ) (prefix (Suc (j + i)) w)  $\sim_C$  truen
  unfolding af-subsequence-M by simp

then show ?case
  by blast
qed
qed force+

lemma satisfiable-prefix-implies- $\nu$ LTL:
 $\varphi \in \nu LTL \implies \nexists i. af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w) \sim_C \text{false}_n \implies w \models_n \varphi$ 
proof (erule contrapos-np, induction  $\varphi$  arbitrary: w)
  case False-ltln
  then show ?case
  using ltl-const-equiv-equivp equivp-reflp by fastforce
next
  case (Prop-ltln x)

```

```

then show ?case
  by (metis af-letter.simps(3) foldl-Cons foldl-Nil ltl-const-equiv-equivp
equivp-reflp semantics-ltln.simps(3) subsequence-singleton)
next
  case (Nprop-ltln x)
  then show ?case
    by (metis af-letter.simps(4) foldl-Cons foldl-Nil ltl-const-equiv-equivp
equivp-reflp semantics-ltln.simps(4) subsequence-singleton)
next
  case (And-ltln φ1 φ2)

  then obtain i where af φ1 (prefix i w) ~C falsen ∨ af φ2 (prefix i w)
~C falsen
  by auto

  then show ?case
    unfolding af-decompose by auto
next
  case (Or-ltln φ1 φ2)

  then obtain i1 i2 where af φ1 (prefix i1 w) ~C falsen and af φ2 (prefix
i2 w) ~C falsen
  by fastforce

  then have af φ1 (prefix (i1 + i2) w) ~C falsen and af φ2 (prefix (i2
+ i1) w) ~C falsen
  using const-af-congruent.af-prefix-false le-add1 by blast+

  then have af (φ1 orn φ2) (prefix (i1 + i2) w) ~C falsen
  unfolding af-decompose by (simp add: add.commute)

  then show ?case
    by blast
next
  case (Next-ltln φ)

  then obtain i where af φ (prefix i (suffix 1 w)) ~C falsen
  by fastforce

  then show ?case
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def add.right-neutral af-simps(3)
foldl-Nil foldl-append subsequence-append subsequence-shift subsequence-singleton)
next
  case (Release-ltln φ1 φ2)

```

```

then obtain k where  $\neg \text{suffix } k w \models_n \varphi_2$  and  $\forall j < k. \neg \text{suffix } j w \models_n$ 
 $\varphi_1$ 
by fastforce

then show ?case
proof (induction k arbitrary: w)
case 0

then obtain i where af  $\varphi_2$  (prefix i w)  $\sim_C \text{false}_n$ 
using Release-ltl by fastforce

then have af  $\varphi_2$  (prefix (Suc i) w)  $\sim_C \text{false}_n$ 
using const-af-congruent.af-prefix-false le-SucI by blast

then have af  $(\varphi_1 R_n \varphi_2)$  (prefix (Suc i) w)  $\sim_C \text{false}_n$ 
unfolding af-subsequence-R by simp

then show ?case
by blast
next
case (Suc k)

then have  $\neg \text{suffix } k (\text{suffix } 1 w) \models_n \varphi_2$  and  $\forall j < k. \neg \text{suffix } j (\text{suffix } 1$ 
w)  $\models_n \varphi_1$ 
by (simp add: Suc.prem)+

then obtain i where i-def: af  $(\varphi_1 R_n \varphi_2)$  (prefix i (suffix 1 w))  $\sim_C$ 
 $\text{false}_n$ 
using Suc.IH by blast

obtain j where af  $\varphi_1$  (prefix j w)  $\sim_C \text{false}_n$ 
using Release-ltl Suc by fastforce

then have af  $\varphi_1$  (prefix (Suc (j + i)) w)  $\sim_C \text{false}_n$ 
using const-af-congruent.af-prefix-false le-SucI le-add1 by blast

moreover

from i-def have af  $(\varphi_1 R_n \varphi_2)$  ( $w [1 \rightarrow \text{Suc} (j + i)]$ )  $\sim_C \text{false}_n$ 
by (metis One-nat-def const-af-congruent.af-prefix-false le-add2 plus-1-eq-Suc
subsequence-shift)

ultimately

```

```

have af ( $\varphi_1 R_n \varphi_2$ ) (prefix (Suc (j + i)) w)  $\sim_C \text{false}_n$ 
  unfolding af-subsequence-R by auto

then show ?case
  by blast
qed

next
  case (WeakUntil-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )

    then obtain k where  $\neg \text{suffix } k w \models_n \varphi_1$  and  $\forall j \leq k. \neg \text{suffix } j w \models_n \varphi_2$ 
      by fastforce

    then show ?case
    proof (induction k arbitrary: w)
      case 0

      then obtain i1 i2 where af  $\varphi_1$  (prefix i1 w)  $\sim_C \text{false}_n$  and af  $\varphi_2$  (prefix i2 w)  $\sim_C \text{false}_n$ 
        using WeakUntil-ltln by fastforce

      then have af  $\varphi_1$  (prefix (Suc (i1 + i2)) w)  $\sim_C \text{false}_n$  and af  $\varphi_2$  (prefix (Suc (i2 + i1)) w)  $\sim_C \text{false}_n$ 
        using const-af-congruent.af-prefix-false le-SucI le-add1 by blast+

      then have af ( $\varphi_1 W_n \varphi_2$ ) (prefix (Suc (i1 + i2)) w)  $\sim_C \text{false}_n$ 
        unfolding af-subsequence-W by (simp add: add.commute)

      then show ?case
        by blast

next
  case (Suc k)

    then have  $\neg \text{suffix } k (\text{suffix } 1 w) \models_n \varphi_1$  and  $\forall j \leq k. \neg \text{suffix } j (\text{suffix } 1 w) \models_n \varphi_2$ 
      by (simp add: Suc.prems)+

    then obtain i where i-def: af ( $\varphi_1 W_n \varphi_2$ ) (prefix i (suffix 1 w))  $\sim_C \text{false}_n$ 
      using Suc.IH by blast

    obtain j where af  $\varphi_2$  (prefix j w)  $\sim_C \text{false}_n$ 
      using WeakUntil-ltln Suc by fastforce

```

then have $\text{af } \varphi_2 (\text{prefix} (\text{Suc} (j + i)) w) \sim_C \text{false}_n$
using *const-af-congruent.af-prefix-false le-SucI le-add1* **by** *blast*

moreover

from *i-def* **have** $\text{af } (\varphi_1 W_n \varphi_2) (w [1 \rightarrow \text{Suc} (j + i)]) \sim_C \text{false}_n$
by (*metis One-nat-def const-af-congruent.af-prefix-false le-add2 plus-1-eq-Suc subsequence-shift*)

ultimately

have $\text{af } (\varphi_1 W_n \varphi_2) (\text{prefix} (\text{Suc} (j + i)) w) \sim_C \text{false}_n$
unfolding *af-subsequence-W* **by** *simp*

then show $?case$
by *blast*
qed
qed *force+*

context *ltl-equivalence*
begin

lemma *valid-prefix-implies-ltl*:
 $\text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i w) \sim \text{true}_n \implies w \models_n \varphi$
using *valid-prefix-implies-ltl eq-implies-lang* **by** *blast*

lemma *ltl-implies-satisfiable-prefix*:
 $w \models_n \varphi \implies \neg (\text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i w) \sim \text{false}_n)$
using *ltl-implies-satisfiable-prefix eq-implies-lang* **by** *blast*

lemma *μLTL -implies-valid-prefix*:
 $\varphi \in \mu LTL \implies w \models_n \varphi \implies \exists i. \text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i w) \sim \text{true}_n$
using *μLTL -implies-valid-prefix const-implies-eq* **by** *blast*

lemma *satisfiable-prefix-implies- νLTL* :
 $\varphi \in \nu LTL \implies \nexists i. \text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i w) \sim \text{false}_n \implies w \models_n \varphi$
using *satisfiable-prefix-implies- νLTL const-implies-eq* **by** *blast*

lemma *af- μLTL* :
 $\varphi \in \mu LTL \implies w \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\exists i. \text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i w) \sim \text{true}_n)$

using *valid-prefix-implies-ltl* μLTL -implies-*valid-prefix* **by** *blast*

lemma *af- νLTL :*

$\varphi \in \nu LTL \implies w \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\forall i. \neg (af \varphi (prefix i w) \sim false_n))$

using *ltl-implies-satisfiable-prefix satisfiable-prefix-implies- νLTL* **by** *blast*

lemma *af- μLTL -GF:*

$\varphi \in \mu LTL \implies w \models_n G_n (F_n \varphi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall i. \exists j. af (F_n \varphi) (w[i \rightarrow j]) \sim true_n)$

proof –

assume $\varphi \in \mu LTL$

then have $F_n \varphi \in \mu LTL$

by *simp*

have $w \models_n G_n (F_n \varphi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall i. suffix i w \models_n F_n \varphi)$

by *simp*

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow (\forall i. \exists j. af (F_n \varphi) (prefix j (suffix i w)) \sim true_n)$

using *af- μLTL [OF $\langle F_n \varphi \in \mu LTL \rangle$] by blast*

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow (\forall i. \exists j. af (F_n \varphi) (prefix (j - i) (suffix i w)) \sim true_n)$

by (*metis diff-add-inverse*)

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow (\forall i. \exists j. af (F_n \varphi) (w[i \rightarrow j]) \sim true_n)$

unfolding *subsequence-prefix-suffix ..*

finally show ?thesis

by *blast*

qed

lemma *af- νLTL -FG:*

$\varphi \in \nu LTL \implies w \models_n F_n (G_n \varphi) \longleftrightarrow (\exists i. \forall j. \neg (af (G_n \varphi) (w[i \rightarrow j]) \sim false_n))$

proof –

assume $\varphi \in \nu LTL$

then have $G_n \varphi \in \nu LTL$

by *simp*

have $w \models_n F_n (G_n \varphi) \longleftrightarrow (\exists i. suffix i w \models_n G_n \varphi)$

by *force*

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow (\exists i. \forall j. \neg (af (G_n \varphi) (prefix j (suffix i w)) \sim false_n))$

using *af- νLTL [OF $\langle G_n \varphi \in \nu LTL \rangle$] by blast*

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow (\exists i. \forall j. \neg (af (G_n \varphi) (prefix (j - i) (suffix i w)) \sim false_n))$

by (*metis diff-add-inverse*)

also have ... $\longleftrightarrow (\exists i. \forall j. \neg (af(G_n \varphi) (w[i \rightarrow j]) \sim false_n))$

unfolding subsequence-prefix-suffix ..

finally show ?thesis

by blast

qed

end

Bring Propositional Equivalence into scope

interpretation af-congruent (\sim_P)

by unfold-locales (rule af-letter-prop-congruent)

end

3 Advice functions

theory Advice

imports

LTL.LTL LTL.Equivalence-Relations

Syntactic-Fragments-and-Stability After

begin

3.1 The GF and FG Advice Functions

fun GF-advice :: 'a ltl set \Rightarrow 'a ltln ($\langle \cdot \rangle_\nu$ [90,60] 89)

where

$(X_n \psi)[X]_\nu = X_n (\psi[X]_\nu)$

| $(\psi_1 \text{ and}_n \psi_2)[X]_\nu = (\psi_1[X]_\nu) \text{ and}_n (\psi_2[X]_\nu)$

| $(\psi_1 \text{ or}_n \psi_2)[X]_\nu = (\psi_1[X]_\nu) \text{ or}_n (\psi_2[X]_\nu)$

| $(\psi_1 \text{ W}_n \psi_2)[X]_\nu = (\psi_1[X]_\nu) \text{ W}_n (\psi_2[X]_\nu)$

| $(\psi_1 \text{ R}_n \psi_2)[X]_\nu = (\psi_1[X]_\nu) \text{ R}_n (\psi_2[X]_\nu)$

| $(\psi_1 \text{ U}_n \psi_2)[X]_\nu = (\text{if } (\psi_1 \text{ U}_n \psi_2) \in X \text{ then } (\psi_1[X]_\nu) \text{ W}_n (\psi_2[X]_\nu) \text{ else } false_n)$

| $(\psi_1 \text{ M}_n \psi_2)[X]_\nu = (\text{if } (\psi_1 \text{ M}_n \psi_2) \in X \text{ then } (\psi_1[X]_\nu) \text{ R}_n (\psi_2[X]_\nu) \text{ else } false_n)$

| $\varphi[-]_\nu = \varphi$

fun FG-advice :: 'a ltl set \Rightarrow 'a ltln ($\langle \cdot \rangle_\mu$ [90,60] 89)

where

$(X_n \psi)[Y]_\mu = X_n (\psi[Y]_\mu)$

| $(\psi_1 \text{ and}_n \psi_2)[Y]_\mu = (\psi_1[Y]_\mu) \text{ and}_n (\psi_2[Y]_\mu)$

| $(\psi_1 \text{ or}_n \psi_2)[Y]_\mu = (\psi_1[Y]_\mu) \text{ or}_n (\psi_2[Y]_\mu)$

| $(\psi_1 \text{ U}_n \psi_2)[Y]_\mu = (\psi_1[Y]_\mu) \text{ U}_n (\psi_2[Y]_\mu)$

| $(\psi_1 \text{ M}_n \psi_2)[Y]_\mu = (\psi_1[Y]_\mu) \text{ M}_n (\psi_2[Y]_\mu)$

$$\begin{aligned}
| (\psi_1 \ W_n \ \psi_2)[Y]_\mu &= (\text{if } (\psi_1 \ W_n \ \psi_2) \in Y \text{ then } \text{true}_n \text{ else } (\psi_1[Y]_\mu) \ U_n \\
&\quad (\psi_2[Y]_\mu)) \\
| (\psi_1 \ R_n \ \psi_2)[Y]_\mu &= (\text{if } (\psi_1 \ R_n \ \psi_2) \in Y \text{ then } \text{true}_n \text{ else } (\psi_1[Y]_\mu) \ M_n \\
&\quad (\psi_2[Y]_\mu)) \\
| \varphi[-]_\mu &= \varphi
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *GF-advice- νLTL :*

$$\begin{aligned}
\varphi[X]_\nu &\in \nu LTL \\
\varphi \in \nu LTL &\implies \varphi[X]_\nu = \varphi \\
\text{by (induction } \varphi) \text{ auto}
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *FG-advice- μLTL :*

$$\begin{aligned}
\varphi[X]_\mu &\in \mu LTL \\
\varphi \in \mu LTL &\implies \varphi[X]_\mu = \varphi \\
\text{by (induction } \varphi) \text{ auto}
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *GF-advice-subfrmlsn:*

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{subfrmlsn } (\varphi[X]_\nu) &\subseteq \{\psi[X]_\nu \mid \psi. \psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi\} \\
\text{by (induction } \varphi) \text{ force+}
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *FG-advice-subfrmlsn:*

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{subfrmlsn } (\varphi[Y]_\mu) &\subseteq \{\psi[Y]_\mu \mid \psi. \psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi\} \\
\text{by (induction } \varphi) \text{ force+}
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *GF-advice-subfrmlsn-card:*

$$\text{card } (\text{subfrmlsn } (\varphi[X]_\nu)) \leq \text{card } (\text{subfrmlsn } \varphi)$$

proof –

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{have } \text{card } (\text{subfrmlsn } (\varphi[X]_\nu)) &\leq \text{card } \{\psi[X]_\nu \mid \psi. \psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi\} \\
\text{by (simp add: subfrmlsn-finite GF-advice-subfrmlsn card-mono)}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{also have } \dots \leq \text{card } (\text{subfrmlsn } \varphi)$$

$$\text{by (metis Collect-mem-eq card-image-le image-Collect subfrmlsn-finite)}$$

finally show ?thesis .

qed

lemma *FG-advice-subfrmlsn-card:*

$$\text{card } (\text{subfrmlsn } (\varphi[Y]_\mu)) \leq \text{card } (\text{subfrmlsn } \varphi)$$

proof –

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{have } \text{card } (\text{subfrmlsn } (\varphi[Y]_\mu)) &\leq \text{card } \{\psi[Y]_\mu \mid \psi. \psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi\} \\
\text{by (simp add: subfrmlsn-finite FG-advice-subfrmlsn card-mono)}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{also have } \dots \leq \text{card } (\text{subfrmlsn } \varphi)$$

by (*metis Collect-mem-eq card-image-le image-Collect subfrmlsn-finite*)

finally show ?*thesis* .

qed

lemma *GF-advice-monotone*:

$$X \subseteq Y \implies w \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu \implies w \models_n \varphi[Y]_\nu$$

proof (*induction* φ *arbitrary*: w)

case (*Until-ltl* $\varphi \psi$)

then show ?*case*

by (*cases* $\varphi U_n \psi \in X$) (*simp-all, blast*)

next

case (*Release-ltl* $\varphi \psi$)

then show ?*case* **by** (*simp, blast*)

next

case (*WeakUntil-ltl* $\varphi \psi$)

then show ?*case* **by** (*simp, blast*)

next

case (*StrongRelease-ltl* $\varphi \psi$)

then show ?*case*

by (*cases* $\varphi M_n \psi \in X$) (*simp-all, blast*)

qed auto

lemma *FG-advice-monotone*:

$$X \subseteq Y \implies w \models_n \varphi[X]_\mu \implies w \models_n \varphi[Y]_\mu$$

proof (*induction* φ *arbitrary*: w)

case (*Until-ltl* $\varphi \psi$)

then show ?*case* **by** (*simp, blast*)

next

case (*Release-ltl* $\varphi \psi$)

then show ?*case*

by (*cases* $\varphi R_n \psi \in X$) (*auto, blast*)

next

case (*WeakUntil-ltl* $\varphi \psi$)

then show ?*case*

by (*cases* $\varphi W_n \psi \in X$) (*auto, blast*)

next

case (*StrongRelease-ltl* $\varphi \psi$)

then show ?*case* **by** (*simp, blast*)

qed auto

lemma *GF-advice-ite-simps[simp]*:

$$(\text{if } P \text{ then } \text{true}_n \text{ else } \text{false}_n)[X]_\nu = (\text{if } P \text{ then } \text{true}_n \text{ else } \text{false}_n)$$

$$(\text{if } P \text{ then } \text{false}_n \text{ else } \text{true}_n)[X]_\nu = (\text{if } P \text{ then } \text{false}_n \text{ else } \text{true}_n)$$

by simp-all

lemma *FG-advice-ite-simps[simp]*:
 $(\text{if } P \text{ then } \text{true}_n \text{ else } \text{false}_n)[Y]_\mu = (\text{if } P \text{ then } \text{true}_n \text{ else } \text{false}_n)$
 $(\text{if } P \text{ then } \text{false}_n \text{ else } \text{true}_n)[Y]_\mu = (\text{if } P \text{ then } \text{false}_n \text{ else } \text{true}_n)$
by simp-all

3.2 Advice Functions on Nested Propositions

definition *nested-prop-atoms_ν* :: 'a ltnl \Rightarrow 'a ltnl set \Rightarrow 'a ltnl set
where

$$\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu \varphi X = \{\psi[X]_\nu \mid \psi. \psi \in \text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi\}$$

definition *nested-prop-atoms_μ* :: 'a ltnl \Rightarrow 'a ltnl set \Rightarrow 'a ltnl set
where

$$\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\mu \varphi X = \{\psi[X]_\mu \mid \psi. \psi \in \text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi\}$$

lemma *nested-prop-atoms_ν-finite*:
 $\text{finite}(\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu \varphi X)$
by (simp add: nested-prop-atoms_ν-def nested-prop-atoms-finite)

lemma *nested-prop-atoms_μ-finite*:
 $\text{finite}(\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\mu \varphi X)$
by (simp add: nested-prop-atoms_μ-def nested-prop-atoms-finite)

lemma *nested-prop-atoms_ν-card*:
 $\text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu \varphi X) \leq \text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi)$
unfolding *nested-prop-atoms_ν-def*
by (metis Collect-mem-eq card-image-le image-Collect nested-prop-atoms-finite)

lemma *nested-prop-atoms_μ-card*:
 $\text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\mu \varphi X) \leq \text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi)$
unfolding *nested-prop-atoms_μ-def*
by (metis Collect-mem-eq card-image-le image-Collect nested-prop-atoms-finite)

lemma *GF-advice-nested-prop-atoms_ν*:
 $\text{nested-prop-atoms}(\varphi[X]_\nu) \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu \varphi X$
by (induction φ) (unfold nested-prop-atoms_ν-def, force+)

lemma *FG-advice-nested-prop-atoms_μ*:
 $\text{nested-prop-atoms}(\varphi[Y]_\mu) \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms}_\mu \varphi Y$
by (induction φ) (unfold nested-prop-atoms_μ-def, force+)

lemma *nested-prop-atoms_ν-subset*:

$\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \implies \text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu \varphi X$
 $\subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu \psi X$
unfolding $\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu\text{-def}$ **by** *blast*

lemma $\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\mu\text{-subset}:$

$\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \implies \text{nested-prop-atoms}_\mu \varphi Y$
 $\subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms}_\mu \psi Y$
unfolding $\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\mu\text{-def}$ **by** *blast*

lemma $\text{GF-advice-nested-prop-atoms-card}:$

$\text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms}(\varphi[X]_\nu)) \leq \text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi)$

proof –

have $\text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms}(\varphi[X]_\nu)) \leq \text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu \varphi X)$
by (*simp add: nested-prop-atoms_ν-finite GF-advice-nested-prop-atoms_ν card-mono*)

then show $?thesis$

using $\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu\text{-card le-trans}$ **by** *blast*

qed

lemma $\text{FG-advice-nested-prop-atoms-card}:$

$\text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms}(\varphi[Y]_\mu)) \leq \text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi)$

proof –

have $\text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms}(\varphi[Y]_\mu)) \leq \text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\mu \varphi Y)$
by (*simp add: nested-prop-atoms_μ-finite FG-advice-nested-prop-atoms_μ card-mono*)

then show $?thesis$

using $\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\mu\text{-card le-trans}$ **by** *blast*

qed

3.3 Intersecting the Advice Set

lemma $\text{GF-advice-inter}:$

$X \cap \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \subseteq S \implies \varphi[X \cap S]_\nu = \varphi[X]_\nu$

by (*induction* φ) *auto*

lemma $\text{GF-advice-inter-subformulas}:$

$\varphi[X \cap \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi]_\nu = \varphi[X]_\nu$

using GF-advice-inter **by** *blast*

lemma $\text{GF-advice-minus-subformulas}:$

$\psi \notin \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \implies \varphi[X - \{\psi\}]_\nu = \varphi[X]_\nu$

proof –

```

assume  $\psi \notin \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$ 
then have  $\text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cap X \subseteq X - \{\psi\}$ 
  by blast
then show  $\varphi[X - \{\psi\}]_\nu = \varphi[X]_\nu$ 
  by (metis GF-advice-inter Diff-subset Int-absorb1 inf.commute)
qed

```

lemma *GF-advice-minus-size*:

```

 $\llbracket \text{size } \varphi \leq \text{size } \psi; \varphi \neq \psi \rrbracket \implies \varphi[X - \{\psi\}]_\nu = \varphi[X]_\nu$ 
using subfrmlsn-size subformulas $\mu$ -subfrmlsn GF-advice-minus-subformulas
by fastforce

```

lemma *FG-advice-inter*:

```

 $Y \cap \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \subseteq S \implies \varphi[Y \cap S]_\mu = \varphi[Y]_\mu$ 
by (induction  $\varphi$ ) auto

```

lemma *FG-advice-inter-subformulas*:

```

 $\varphi[Y \cap \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi]_\mu = \varphi[Y]_\mu$ 
using FG-advice-inter by blast

```

lemma *FG-advice-minus-subformulas*:

```

 $\psi \notin \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \implies \varphi[Y - \{\psi\}]_\mu = \varphi[Y]_\mu$ 

```

proof –

```

assume  $\psi \notin \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$ 
then have  $\text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cap Y \subseteq Y - \{\psi\}$ 
  by blast
then show  $\varphi[Y - \{\psi\}]_\mu = \varphi[Y]_\mu$ 
  by (metis FG-advice-inter Diff-subset Int-absorb1 inf.commute)
qed

```

lemma *FG-advice-minus-size*:

```

 $\llbracket \text{size } \varphi \leq \text{size } \psi; \varphi \neq \psi \rrbracket \implies \varphi[Y - \{\psi\}]_\mu = \varphi[Y]_\mu$ 
using subfrmlsn-size subformulas $\nu$ -subfrmlsn FG-advice-minus-subformulas
by fastforce

```

lemma *FG-advice-insert*:

```

 $\llbracket \psi \notin Y; \text{size } \varphi < \text{size } \psi \rrbracket \implies \varphi[\text{insert } \psi Y]_\mu = \varphi[Y]_\mu$ 
by (metis FG-advice-minus-size Diff-insert-absorb less-imp-le neq-iff)

```

3.4 Correctness GF-advice function

lemma *GF-advice-a1*:

```

 $\llbracket \mathcal{F} \varphi w \subseteq X; w \models_n \varphi \rrbracket \implies w \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu$ 

```

```

proof (induction  $\varphi$  arbitrary:  $w$ )
  case (Next-ltln  $\varphi$ )
    then show ?case
      using  $\mathcal{F}$ -suffix by simp blast
next
  case (Until-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )

    have  $\mathcal{F}(\varphi_1 W_n \varphi_2) w \subseteq \mathcal{F}(\varphi_1 U_n \varphi_2) w$ 
      by fastforce
    then have  $\mathcal{F}(\varphi_1 W_n \varphi_2) w \subseteq X$  and  $w \models_n \varphi_1 W_n \varphi_2$ 
      using Until-ltln.prems ltln-strong-to-weak by blast+
    then have  $w \models_n \varphi_1[X]_\nu W_n \varphi_2[X]_\nu$ 
      using Until-ltln.IH
      by simp (meson  $\mathcal{F}$ -suffix subset-trans sup.boundedE)

moreover

  have  $w \models_n \varphi_1 U_n \varphi_2$ 
    using Until-ltln.prems by simp
  then have  $\varphi_1 U_n \varphi_2 \in \mathcal{F}(\varphi_1 U_n \varphi_2) w$ 
    by force
  then have  $\varphi_1 U_n \varphi_2 \in X$ 
    using Until-ltln.prems by fast

  ultimately show ?case
    by auto
next
  case (Release-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
    then show ?case
      by simp (meson  $\mathcal{F}$ -suffix subset-trans sup.boundedE)
next
  case (WeakUntil-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
    then show ?case
      by simp (meson  $\mathcal{F}$ -suffix subset-trans sup.boundedE)
next
  case (StrongRelease-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )

    have  $\mathcal{F}(\varphi_1 R_n \varphi_2) w \subseteq \mathcal{F}(\varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2) w$ 
      by fastforce
    then have  $\mathcal{F}(\varphi_1 R_n \varphi_2) w \subseteq X$  and  $w \models_n \varphi_1 R_n \varphi_2$ 
      using StrongRelease-ltln.prems ltln-strong-to-weak by blast+
    then have  $w \models_n \varphi_1[X]_\nu R_n \varphi_2[X]_\nu$ 
      using StrongRelease-ltln.IH
      by simp (meson  $\mathcal{F}$ -suffix subset-trans sup.boundedE)

```

moreover

```
have  $w \models_n \varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2$ 
  using StrongRelease-ltln.prem by simp
then have  $\varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2 \in \mathcal{F}(\varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2) w$ 
  by force
then have  $\varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2 \in X$ 
  using StrongRelease-ltln.prem by fast
```

```
ultimately show ?case
  by auto
qed auto
```

```
lemma GF-advice-a2-helper:
   $\forall \psi \in X. w \models_n G_n(F_n \psi); w \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu \implies w \models_n \varphi$ 
proof (induction  $\varphi$  arbitrary:  $w$ )
  case (Next-ltln  $\varphi$ )
  then show ?case
    unfolding GF-advice.simps semantics-ltln.simps(7)
    using GF-suffix by blast
next
  case (Until-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
  then have  $\varphi_1 U_n \varphi_2 \in X$ 
    using ccontr[of  $\varphi_1 U_n \varphi_2 \in X$ ] by force
  then have  $w \models_n F_n \varphi_2$ 
    using Until-ltln.prem by fastforce
```

moreover

```
have  $w \models_n (\varphi_1 U_n \varphi_2)[X]_\nu$ 
  using Until-ltln.prem by simp
then have  $w \models_n (\varphi_1[X]_\nu) W_n (\varphi_2[X]_\nu)$ 
  unfolding GF-advice.simps using < $\varphi_1 U_n \varphi_2 \in X$ > by simp
then have  $w \models_n \varphi_1 W_n \varphi_2$ 
  unfolding GF-advice.simps semantics-ltln.simps(10)
  by (metis GF-suffix Until-ltln.IH Until-ltln.prem(1))
```

```
ultimately show ?case
  using ltln-weak-to-strong by blast
next
  case (Release-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
  then show ?case
```

```

unfolding GF-advice.simps semantics-ltln.simps(9)
by (metis GF-suffix Release-ltln.IH Release-ltln.prem(1))
next
case (WeakUntil-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
then show ?case
unfolding GF-advice.simps semantics-ltln.simps(10)
by (metis GF-suffix)
next
case (StrongRelease-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
then have  $\varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2 \in X$ 
using ccontr[of  $\varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2 \in X$ ] by force
then have  $w \models_n F_n \varphi_1$ 
using StrongRelease-ltln.prem by fastforce

moreover

have  $w \models_n (\varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2)[X]_\nu$ 
using StrongRelease-ltln.prem by simp
then have  $w \models_n (\varphi_1[X]_\nu) R_n (\varphi_2[X]_\nu)$ 
unfolding GF-advice.simps using < $\varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2 \in X$ > by simp
then have  $w \models_n \varphi_1 R_n \varphi_2$ 
unfolding GF-advice.simps semantics-ltln.simps(9)
by (metis GF-suffix StrongRelease-ltln.IH StrongRelease-ltln.prem(1))

ultimately show ?case
using ltln-weak-to-strong by blast
qed auto

```

```

lemma GF-advice-a2:
 $\llbracket X \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi w; w \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu \rrbracket \implies w \models_n \varphi$ 
by (metis GF-advice-a2-helper GF-elim subset-eq)

```

```

lemma GF-advice-a3:
 $\llbracket X = \mathcal{F} \varphi w; X = \mathcal{GF} \varphi w \rrbracket \implies w \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow w \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu$ 
using GF-advice-a1 GF-advice-a2 by fastforce

```

3.5 Correctness FG-advice function

```

lemma FG-advice-b1:
 $\llbracket \mathcal{FG} \varphi w \subseteq Y; w \models_n \varphi \rrbracket \implies w \models_n \varphi[Y]_\mu$ 
proof (induction  $\varphi$  arbitrary:  $w$ )
case (Next-ltln  $\varphi$ )
then show ?case

```

```

    using  $\mathcal{FG}$ -suffix by simp blast
next
  case (Until-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
    then show ?case
      by simp (metis  $\mathcal{FG}$ -suffix)
next
  case (Release-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
    show ?case
    proof (cases  $\varphi_1 R_n \varphi_2 \in Y$ )
      case False
        then have  $\varphi_1 R_n \varphi_2 \notin \mathcal{FG}(\varphi_1 R_n \varphi_2) w$ 
          using Release-ltln.prems by blast
        then have  $\neg w \models_n G_n \varphi_2$ 
          by fastforce
        then have  $w \models_n \varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2$ 
          using Release-ltln.prems ltln-weak-to-strong by blast

    moreover

      have  $\mathcal{FG}(\varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2) w \subseteq \mathcal{FG}(\varphi_1 R_n \varphi_2) w$ 
        by fastforce
      then have  $\mathcal{FG}(\varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2) w \subseteq Y$ 
        using Release-ltln.prems by blast

    ultimately show ?thesis
      using Release-ltln.IH by simp (metis  $\mathcal{FG}$ -suffix)
    qed simp
next
  case (WeakUntil-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
    show ?case
    proof (cases  $\varphi_1 W_n \varphi_2 \in Y$ )
      case False
        then have  $\varphi_1 W_n \varphi_2 \notin \mathcal{FG}(\varphi_1 W_n \varphi_2) w$ 
          using WeakUntil-ltln.prems by blast
        then have  $\neg w \models_n G_n \varphi_1$ 
          by fastforce
        then have  $w \models_n \varphi_1 U_n \varphi_2$ 
          using WeakUntil-ltln.prems ltln-weak-to-strong by blast

    moreover

      have  $\mathcal{FG}(\varphi_1 U_n \varphi_2) w \subseteq \mathcal{FG}(\varphi_1 W_n \varphi_2) w$ 

```

```

by fastforce
then have  $\mathcal{FG}(\varphi_1 U_n \varphi_2) w \subseteq Y$ 
  using WeakUntil-ltln.prem by blast

ultimately show ?thesis
  using WeakUntil-ltln.IH by simp (metis  $\mathcal{FG}$ -suffix)
qed simp
next
  case (StrongRelease-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
  then show ?case
    by simp (metis  $\mathcal{FG}$ -suffix)
qed auto

lemma FG-advice-b2-helper:
   $\llbracket \forall \psi \in Y. w \models_n G_n \psi; w \models_n \varphi[Y]_\mu \rrbracket \implies w \models_n \varphi$ 
proof (induction  $\varphi$  arbitrary:  $w$ )
  case (Until-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
  then show ?case
    by simp (metis (no-types, lifting) suffix-suffix)
next
  case (Release-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
  then show ?case
proof (cases  $\varphi_1 R_n \varphi_2 \in Y$ )
  case True
  then show ?thesis
    using Release-ltln.prem by force
next
  case False
  then have  $w \models_n (\varphi_1[Y]_\mu) M_n (\varphi_2[Y]_\mu)$ 
    using Release-ltln.prem by simp
  then have  $w \models_n \varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2$ 
    using Release-ltln
    by simp (metis (no-types, lifting) suffix-suffix)
  then show ?thesis
    using ltln-strong-to-weak by fast
qed
next
  case (WeakUntil-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
  then show ?case
proof (cases  $\varphi_1 W_n \varphi_2 \in Y$ )
  case True
  then show ?thesis
    using WeakUntil-ltln.prem by force
next

```

```

case False
then have w  $\models_n (\varphi_1[Y]_\mu) \ U_n (\varphi_2[Y]_\mu)$ 
  using WeakUntil-ltln.prem by simp
then have w  $\models_n \varphi_1 \ U_n \varphi_2$ 
  using WeakUntil-ltln
  by simp (metis (no-types, lifting) suffix-suffix)
then show ?thesis
  using ltln-strong-to-weak by fast
qed
next
case (StrongRelease-ltln  $\varphi_1 \ \varphi_2$ )
then show ?case
  by simp (metis (no-types, lifting) suffix-suffix)
qed auto

lemma FG-advice-b2:
 $\llbracket Y \subseteq \mathcal{G} \varphi \ w; w \models_n \varphi[Y]_\mu \rrbracket \implies w \models_n \varphi$ 
by (metis FG-advice-b2-helper G-elim subset-eq)

```

```

lemma FG-advice-b3:
 $\llbracket Y = \mathcal{F}\mathcal{G} \varphi \ w; Y = \mathcal{G} \varphi \ w \rrbracket \implies w \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow w \models_n \varphi[Y]_\mu$ 
using FG-advice-b1 FG-advice-b2 by fastforce

```

3.6 Advice Functions and the “after” Function

```

lemma GF-advice-af-letter:
 $(x \# \# w) \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu \implies w \models_n (\text{af-letter } \varphi \ x)[X]_\nu$ 
proof (induction  $\varphi$ )
case (Until-ltln  $\varphi_1 \ \varphi_2$ )
  then have w  $\models_n \text{af-letter } ((\varphi_1 \ U_n \ \varphi_2)[X]_\nu) \ x$ 
    using af-letter-build by blast
  then show ?case
    using Until-ltln.IH af-letter-build by fastforce
next
  case (Release-ltln  $\varphi_1 \ \varphi_2$ )
    then have w  $\models_n \text{af-letter } ((\varphi_1 \ R_n \ \varphi_2)[X]_\nu) \ x$ 
      using af-letter-build by blast
    then show ?case
      using Release-ltln.IH af-letter-build by auto
next

```

```

case (WeakUntil-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
  then have  $w \models_n af\text{-letter} ((\varphi_1 W_n \varphi_2)[X]_\nu) x$ 
    using af-letter-build by blast

  then show ?case
    using WeakUntil-ltln.IH af-letter-build by auto
  next
    case (StrongRelease-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
      then have  $w \models_n af\text{-letter} ((\varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2)[X]_\nu) x$ 
        using af-letter-build by blast

      then show ?case
        using StrongRelease-ltln.IH af-letter-build by force
      qed auto

lemma FG-advice-af-letter:
   $w \models_n (af\text{-letter } \varphi x)[Y]_\mu \implies (x \# w) \models_n \varphi[Y]_\mu$ 
proof (induction  $\varphi$ )
  case (Prop-ltln a)
  then show ?case
    using semantics-ltln.simps(3) by fastforce
  next
    case (Until-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
    then show ?case
      unfolding af-letter.simps FG-advice.simps semantics-ltln.simps(5,6)
      using af-letter-build apply (cases  $w \models_n af\text{-letter } \varphi_2 x[Y]_\mu$ ) apply force
      by (metis af-letter.simps(8) semantics-ltln.simps(5) semantics-ltln.simps(6))
    next
      case (Release-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
      then show ?case
        apply (cases  $\varphi_1 R_n \varphi_2 \in Y$ )
        apply simp
        unfolding af-letter.simps FG-advice.simps semantics-ltln.simps(5,6)
        using af-letter-build apply (cases  $w \models_n af\text{-letter } \varphi_1 x[Y]_\mu$ ) apply force
        by (metis (full-types) af-letter.simps(11) semantics-ltln.simps(5) semantics-ltln.simps(6))
    next
      case (WeakUntil-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
      then show ?case
        apply (cases  $\varphi_1 W_n \varphi_2 \in Y$ )
        apply simp
        unfolding af-letter.simps FG-advice.simps semantics-ltln.simps(5,6)

```

```

using af-letter-build apply (cases w  $\models_n$  af-letter  $\varphi \varphi x[Y]_\mu$ ) apply force
by (metis (full-types) af-letter.simps(8) semantics-ltln.simps(5) semantics-ltln.simps(6))
next
case (StrongRelease-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
then show ?case
unfolding af-letter.simps FG-advice.simps semantics-ltln.simps(5,6)
using af-letter-build apply (cases w  $\models_n$  af-letter  $\varphi_1 x[Y]_\mu$ ) apply force
by (metis af-letter.simps(11) semantics-ltln.simps(5) semantics-ltln.simps(6))
qed auto

```

lemma GF-advice-af:

```

( $w \sim w'$ )  $\models_n \varphi[X]_\nu \implies w' \models_n (af \varphi w)[X]_\nu$ 
by (induction w arbitrary:  $\varphi$ ) (simp, insert GF-advice-af-letter, fastforce)

```

lemma FG-advice-af:

```

 $w' \models_n (af \varphi w)[X]_\mu \implies (w \sim w') \models_n \varphi[X]_\mu$ 
by (induction w arbitrary:  $\varphi$ ) (simp, insert FG-advice-af-letter, fastforce)

```

lemma GF-advice-af-2:

```

 $w \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu \implies \text{suffix } i w \models_n (af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w))[X]_\nu$ 
using GF-advice-af by force

```

lemma FG-advice-af-2:

```

\text{suffix } i w \models_n (af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w))[X]_\mu \implies w \models_n \varphi[X]_\mu
using FG-advice-af by force

```

lemma prefix-suffix-subsequence: $\text{prefix } i (\text{suffix } j w) = (w [j \rightarrow i + j])$
by (simp add: add.commute)

We show this generic lemma to prove the following theorems:

lemma GF-advice-sync:

fixes index :: nat \Rightarrow nat

fixes formula :: nat \Rightarrow 'a ltln

assumes $\bigwedge i. i < n \implies \exists j. \text{suffix } ((\text{index } i) + j) w \models_n af (\text{formula } i)$
 $(w [\text{index } i \rightarrow (\text{index } i) + j])[X]_\nu$
shows $\exists k. (\forall i < n. k \geq \text{index } i \wedge \text{suffix } k w \models_n af (\text{formula } i)) (w [\text{index } i \rightarrow k])[X]_\nu$

using assms

proof (induction n)

case (Suc n)

obtain k1 **where** leq1: $\bigwedge i. i < n \implies k1 \geq \text{index } i$

```

and suffix1:  $\bigwedge i. i < n \implies \text{suffix } k1 w \models_n af (\text{formula } i) (w [(index i) \rightarrow k1]) [X]_\nu$ 
using Suc less-SucI by blast

obtain k2 where leq2:  $k2 \geq \text{index } n$ 
and suffix2:  $\text{suffix } k2 w \models_n af (\text{formula } n) (w [\text{index } n \rightarrow k2]) [X]_\nu$ 
using le-add1 Suc.preds by blast

define k where  $k \equiv k1 + k2$ 

have  $\bigwedge i. i < Suc n \implies k \geq \text{index } i$ 
unfolding k-def by (metis leq1 leq2 less-SucE trans-le-add1 trans-le-add2)

moreover

{
have  $\bigwedge i. i < n \implies \text{suffix } k w \models_n af (\text{formula } i) (w [(index i) \rightarrow k]) [X]_\nu$ 
unfolding k-def
by (metis GF-advice-af-2[OF suffix1, unfolded suffix-suffix prefix-suffix-subsequence]
af-subsequence-append leq1 add.commute le-add1)

moreover

have  $\text{suffix } k w \models_n af (\text{formula } n) (w [\text{index } n \rightarrow k]) [X]_\nu$ 
unfolding k-def
by (metis GF-advice-af-2[OF suffix2, unfolded suffix-suffix prefix-suffix-subsequence]
af-subsequence-append leq2 add.commute le-add1)

ultimately

have  $\bigwedge i. i \leq n \implies \text{suffix } k w \models_n af (\text{formula } i) (w [(index i) \rightarrow k]) [X]_\nu$ 
using nat-less-le by blast
}

ultimately

show ?case
by (meson less-Suc-eq-le)
qed simp

lemma GF-advice-sync-and:
assumes  $\exists i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w) [X]_\nu$ 
assumes  $\exists i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n af \psi (\text{prefix } i w) [X]_\nu$ 
shows  $\exists i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w) [X]_\nu \wedge \text{suffix } i w \models_n af \psi (\text{prefix }$ 
```

$i\ w)[X]_{\nu}$

proof –

let $?formula = \lambda i :: nat. (if (i = 0) then \varphi else \psi)$

have $assms: \bigwedge i. i < 2 \implies \exists j. suffix j w \models_n af (?formula i) (w [0 \rightarrow j])[X]_{\nu}$

using $assms$ by simp

obtain k where $k\text{-def}: \bigwedge i :: nat. i < 2 \implies suffix k w \models_n af (if i = 0 then \varphi else \psi) (prefix k w)[X]_{\nu}$

using $GF\text{-advice-sync}[of 2 \ \lambda i. 0\ w\ ?formula, simplified, OF assms, simplified]$ by blast

show $?thesis$

using $k\text{-def}[of 0]\ k\text{-def}[of 1]$ by auto

qed

lemma $GF\text{-advice-sync-less}:$

assumes $\bigwedge i. i < n \implies \exists j. suffix (i + j) w \models_n af \varphi (w [i \rightarrow j + i])[X]_{\nu}$

assumes $\exists j. suffix (n + j) w \models_n af \psi (w [n \rightarrow j + n])[X]_{\nu}$

shows $\exists k \geq n. (\forall j < n. suffix k w \models_n af \varphi (w [j \rightarrow k])[X]_{\nu}) \wedge suffix k w \models_n af \psi (w [n \rightarrow k])[X]_{\nu}$

proof –

let $?index = \lambda i. min i n$

let $?formula = \lambda i. if (i < n) then \varphi else \psi$

{

fix i

assume $i < Suc n$

then have $min\text{-def}: min i n = i$

by simp

have $\exists j. suffix ((?index i) + j) w \models_n af (?formula i) (w [?index i \rightarrow (?index i) + j])[X]_{\nu}$

unfolding $min\text{-def}$

by (cases $i < n$)
 $(metis (full-types) assms(1) add.commute, metis (full-types) assms(2)$
 $\langle i < Suc n \rangle add.commute less-SucE)$

}

then obtain k where $leq: (\bigwedge i. i < Suc n \implies min i n \leq k)$
and $suffix: \bigwedge i. i < Suc n \implies suffix k w \models_n af (if i < n then \varphi else \psi)$
 $(w [min i n \rightarrow k])[X]_{\nu}$

using $GF\text{-advice-sync}[of Suc n\ ?index\ w\ ?formula\ X]$ by metis

have $\forall j < n. suffix k w \models_n af \varphi (w [j \rightarrow k])[X]_{\nu}$
using $suffix$ by (metis (full-types) less-SucI min.strict-order-iff)

moreover

have $\text{suffix } k \ w \models_n \text{af } \psi \ (w [n \rightarrow k])[X]_\nu$
using $\text{suffix}[of \ n, simplified]$ **by** *blast*

moreover

have $k \geq n$
using *leq* **by** *presburger*

ultimately

show $?thesis$

by *auto*

qed

lemma *GF-advice-sync-lesseq*:

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \leq n \implies \exists j. \text{suffix } (i + j) \ w \models_n \text{af } \varphi \ (w [i \rightarrow j + i])[X]_\nu$

assumes $\exists j. \text{suffix } (n + j) \ w \models_n \text{af } \psi \ (w [n \rightarrow j + n])[X]_\nu$

shows $\exists k \geq n. (\forall j \leq n. \text{suffix } k \ w \models_n \text{af } \varphi \ (w [j \rightarrow k])[X]_\nu) \wedge \text{suffix } k \ w \models_n \text{af } \psi \ (w [n \rightarrow k])[X]_\nu$

proof –

let $?index = \lambda i. \min i n$

let $?formula = \lambda i. \text{if } (i \leq n) \text{ then } \varphi \text{ else } \psi$

{

fix *i*

assume $i < \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)$

hence $\exists j. \text{suffix } ((?index i) + j) \ w \models_n \text{af } (?formula i) \ (w [?index i \rightarrow (?index i) + j])[X]_\nu$

proof (cases $i < \text{Suc } n$)

case *True*

then have *min-def*: $\min i n = i$

by *simp*

show $?thesis$

unfolding *min-def* **by** (*metis (full-types) assms(1) Suc-leI Suc-le-mono*

True add.commute)

next

case *False*

then have *i-def*: $i = \text{Suc } n$

using $\langle i < \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n) \rangle \text{ less-antisym}$ **by** *blast*

have *min-def*: $\min i n = n$

unfolding *i-def* **by** *simp*

show $?thesis$

```

using assms(2) False
by (simp add: min-def add.commute)
qed
}

then obtain k where leq: ( $\bigwedge i. i \leq \text{Suc } n \implies \min i n \leq k$ )
and suffix:  $\bigwedge i :: \text{nat}. i < \text{Suc } n \implies \text{suffix } k w \models_n af$  (if  $i \leq n$ 
then  $\varphi$  else  $\psi$ ) ( $w [\min i n \rightarrow k]$ )[X] $_{\nu}$ 
using GF-advice-sync[of Suc (Suc n) ?index w ?formula X]
by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) less-Suc-eq min-le-iff-disj)

have  $\forall j \leq n. \text{suffix } k w \models_n af \varphi (w [j \rightarrow k])$ [X] $_{\nu}$ 
using suffix by (metis (full-types) le-SucI less-Suc-eq-le min.orderE)

moreover

have suffix k w  $\models_n af \psi (w [n \rightarrow k])$ [X] $_{\nu}$ 
using suffix[of Suc n, simplified] by linarith

moreover

have k  $\geq n$ 
using leq by presburger

ultimately
show ?thesis
by auto
qed

lemma af-subsequence-U-GF-advice:
assumes i  $\leq n$ 
assumes suffix n w  $\models_n ((af \psi (w [i \rightarrow n]))$ [X] $_{\nu}$ )
assumes  $\bigwedge j. j < i \implies \text{suffix } n w \models_n ((af \varphi (w [j \rightarrow n]))$ [X] $_{\nu}$ )
shows suffix (Suc n) w  $\models_n (af (\varphi U_n \psi) (\text{prefix } (\text{Suc } n) w))$ [X] $_{\nu}$ 
using assms
proof (induction i arbitrary: w n)
case 0
then have A: suffix n w  $\models_n ((af \psi (w [0 \rightarrow n]))$ [X] $_{\nu}$ )
by blast
then have suffix (Suc n) w  $\models_n (af \psi (w [0 \rightarrow \text{Suc } n]))$ [X] $_{\nu}$ 
using GF-advice-af-2[OF A, of 1] by simp
then show ?case
unfolding GF-advice.simps af-subsequence-U semantics-ltln.simps by
blast

```

```

next
  case (Suc i)
    have suffix (Suc n) w  $\models_n$  (af  $\varphi$  (prefix (Suc n) w))[X] $_{\nu}$ 
      using Suc.prems(3)[OF zero-less-Suc, THEN GF-advice-af-2, unfolded suffix-suffix, of 1]
        by simp
    moreover
      have B: (Suc (n - 1)) = n
        using Suc by simp
      note Suc.IH[of n - 1 suffix 1 w, unfolded suffix-suffix] Suc.prems
      then have suffix (Suc n) w  $\models_n$  (af ( $\varphi$  Un  $\psi$ ) (w [1  $\rightarrow$  (Suc n)]))[X] $_{\nu}$ 
        by (metis B One-nat-def Suc-le-mono Suc-mono plus-1-eq-Suc subsequence-shift)
      ultimately
        show ?case
          unfolding af-subsequence-U semantics-ltln.simps GF-advice.simps by
            blast
    qed

lemma af-subsequence-M-GF-advice:
  assumes i  $\leq n$ 
  assumes suffix n w  $\models_n$  ((af  $\varphi$  (w [i  $\rightarrow$  n])))[X] $_{\nu}$ 
  assumes  $\bigwedge j. j \leq i \implies \text{suffix } n \text{ } w \models_n ((\text{af } \psi (\text{w } [j \rightarrow n])))$ [X] $_{\nu}$ 
  shows suffix (Suc n) w  $\models_n$  (af ( $\varphi$  Mn  $\psi$ ) (prefix (Suc n) w))[X] $_{\nu}$ 
  using assms
  proof (induction i arbitrary: w n)
    case 0
      then have A: suffix n w  $\models_n$  ((af  $\psi$  (w [0  $\rightarrow$  n])))[X] $_{\nu}$ 
        by blast
      have suffix (Suc n) w  $\models_n$  (af  $\psi$  (w [0  $\rightarrow$  Suc n])))[X] $_{\nu}$ 
        using GF-advice-af-2[OF A, of 1] by simp
    moreover
      have suffix (Suc n) w  $\models_n$  (af  $\varphi$  (w [0  $\rightarrow$  Suc n])))[X] $_{\nu}$ 
        using GF-advice-af-2[OF 0.prems(2), of 1, unfolded suffix-suffix] by
          auto
      ultimately
        show ?case
          unfolding af-subsequence-M GF-advice.simps semantics-ltln.simps by
            blast
    next
      case (Suc i)
        have suffix 1 (suffix n w)  $\models_n$  af (af  $\psi$  (prefix n w)) [suffix n w 0][X] $_{\nu}$ 
          by (metis (no-types) GF-advice-af-2 Suc.prems(3) plus-1-eq-Suc subsequence-singleton suffix-0 suffix-suffix zero-le)

```

```

then have suffix (Suc n) w  $\models_n$  (af  $\psi$  (prefix (Suc n) w))[X] $_{\nu}$ 
  using Suc.prems(3)[THEN GF-advice-af-2, unfolded suffix-suffix, of 1]
by simp
moreover
have B: (Suc (n - 1)) = n
  using Suc by simp
note Suc.IH[of - suffix 1 w, unfolded subsequence-shift suffix-suffix]
then have suffix (Suc n) w  $\models_n$  (af ( $\varphi M_n \psi$ ) (w [1  $\rightarrow$  (Suc n]))) [X] $_{\nu}$ 
  by (metis B One-nat-def Suc-le-mono plus-1-eq-Suc Suc.prems)
ultimately
show ?case
unfolding af-subsequence-M semantics-ltln.simps GF-advice.simps by
blast
qed

```

```

lemma af-subsequence-R-GF-advice:
assumes i  $\leq n$ 
assumes suffix n w  $\models_n$  ((af  $\varphi$  (w [i  $\rightarrow$  n]))) [X] $_{\nu}$ 
assumes  $\bigwedge j. j \leq i \implies \text{suffix } n \text{ } w \models_n ((\text{af } \psi (\text{w } [j \rightarrow n])) [\text{X}]_{\nu})$ 
shows suffix (Suc n) w  $\models_n$  (af ( $\varphi R_n \psi$ ) (prefix (Suc n) w)) [X] $_{\nu}$ 
using assms
proof (induction i arbitrary: w n)
case 0
then have A: suffix n w  $\models_n$  ((af  $\psi$  (w [0  $\rightarrow$  n]))) [X] $_{\nu}$ 
  by blast
have suffix (Suc n) w  $\models_n$  (af  $\psi$  (w [0  $\rightarrow$  Suc n]))) [X] $_{\nu}$ 
  using GF-advice-af-2[OF A, of 1] by simp
moreover
have suffix (Suc n) w  $\models_n$  (af  $\varphi$  (w [0  $\rightarrow$  Suc n]))) [X] $_{\nu}$ 
  using GF-advice-af-2[OF 0.prems(2), of 1, unfolded suffix-suffix] by
auto
ultimately
show ?case
unfolding af-subsequence-R GF-advice.simps semantics-ltln.simps by
blast
next
case (Suc i)
have suffix 1 (suffix n w)  $\models_n$  af (af  $\psi$  (prefix n w)) [suffix n w 0] [X] $_{\nu}$ 
  by (metis (no-types) GF-advice-af-2 Suc.prems(3) plus-1-eq-Suc subsequence-singleton suffix-0 suffix-suffix zero-le)
then have suffix (Suc n) w  $\models_n$  (af  $\psi$  (prefix (Suc n) w)) [X] $_{\nu}$ 
  using Suc.prems(3)[THEN GF-advice-af-2, unfolded suffix-suffix, of 1]
by simp
moreover

```

```

have B: ( $Suc(n - 1)$ ) =  $n$ 
  using  $Suc$  by simp
  note  $Suc.IH[of - suffix 1 w, unfolded subsequence-shift suffix-suffix]$ 
  then have  $\text{suffix}(Suc n) w \models_n ((af(\varphi R_n \psi)(w[1 \rightarrow (Suc n)])))[X]_\nu$ 
    by (metis B One-nat-def Suc-le-mono plus-1-eq-Suc Suc.prems)
  ultimately
  show ?case
    unfolding af-subsequence-R semantics-ltln.simps GF-advice.simps by
    blast
qed

lemma af-subsequence-W-GF-advice:
assumes  $i \leq n$ 
assumes  $\text{suffix } n w \models_n ((af \psi (w[i \rightarrow n])))[X]_\nu$ 
assumes  $\bigwedge j. j < i \implies \text{suffix } n w \models_n ((af \varphi (w[j \rightarrow n])))[X]_\nu$ 
shows  $\text{suffix}(Suc n) w \models_n ((af(\varphi W_n \psi)(prefix(Suc n) w)))[X]_\nu$ 
using assms
proof (induction i arbitrary: w n)
  case 0
  then have A:  $\text{suffix } n w \models_n ((af \psi (w[0 \rightarrow n])))[X]_\nu$ 
    by blast
  have  $\text{suffix}(Suc n) w \models_n ((af \psi (w[0 \rightarrow Suc n])))[X]_\nu$ 
    using GF-advice-af-2[OF A, of 1] by simp
  then show ?case
    unfolding af-subsequence-W GF-advice.simps semantics-ltln.simps by
    blast
  next
    case (Suc i)
    have  $\text{suffix}(Suc n) w \models_n ((af \varphi (prefix(Suc n) w)))[X]_\nu$ 
      using Suc.prems(3)[OF zero-less-Suc, THEN GF-advice-af-2, unfolded
      suffix-suffix, of 1]
      by simp
    moreover
    have B: ( $Suc(n - 1)$ ) =  $n$ 
      using  $Suc$  by simp
      note  $Suc.IH[of n - 1 suffix 1 w, unfolded suffix-suffix]$  Suc.prems
      then have  $\text{suffix}(Suc n) w \models_n ((af(\varphi W_n \psi)(w[1 \rightarrow (Suc n)])))[X]_\nu$ 
        by (metis B One-nat-def Suc-le-mono Suc-mono plus-1-eq-Suc subse-
        quence-shift)
      ultimately
      show ?case
        unfolding af-subsequence-W unfolding semantics-ltln.simps GF-advice.simps
        by simp
qed

```

```

lemma af-subsequence-R-GF-advice-connect:
  assumes i ≤ n
  assumes suffix n w ⊨n af (φ Rn ψ) (w [i → n])[X]ν
  assumes ∪j. j ≤ i ⇒ suffix n w ⊨n ((af ψ (w [j → n]))[X]ν)
  shows suffix (Suc n) w ⊨n (af (φ Rn ψ) (prefix (Suc n) w))[X]ν
  using assms
proof (induction i arbitrary: w n)
  case 0
    then have A: suffix n w ⊨n ((af ψ (w [0 → n]))[X]ν)
    by blast
    have suffix (Suc n) w ⊨n (af ψ (w [0 → Suc n]))[X]ν
    using GF-advice-af-2[OF A, of 1] by simp
    moreover
    have suffix (Suc n) w ⊨n (af (φ Rn ψ) (w [0 → Suc n]))[X]ν
    using GF-advice-af-2[OF 0.prems(2), of 1, unfolded suffix-suffix] by
    simp
    ultimately
    show ?case
    unfolding af-subsequence-R GF-advice.simps semantics-ltln.simps by
    blast
  next
    case (Suc i)
    have suffix 1 (suffix n w) ⊨n af (af ψ (prefix n w)) [suffix n w 0][X]ν
    by (metis (no-types) GF-advice-af-2 Suc.prems(3) plus-1-eq-Suc subse-
        quence-singleton suffix-0 suffix-suffix zero-le)
    then have suffix (Suc n) w ⊨n (af ψ (prefix (Suc n) w))[X]ν
    using Suc.prems(3)[THEN GF-advice-af-2, unfolded suffix-suffix, of 1]
    by simp
    moreover
    have B: (Suc (n - 1)) = n
    using Suc by simp
    note Suc.IH[of - suffix 1 w, unfolded subsequence-shift suffix-suffix]
    then have suffix (Suc n) w ⊨n (af (φ Rn ψ) (w [1 → (Suc n)]))[X]ν
    by (metis B One-nat-def Suc-le-mono plus-1-eq-Suc Suc.prems)
    ultimately
    show ?case
    unfolding af-subsequence-R semantics-ltln.simps GF-advice.simps by
    blast
  qed

lemma af-subsequence-W-GF-advice-connect:
  assumes i ≤ n
  assumes suffix n w ⊨n af (φ Wn ψ) (w [i → n])[X]ν

```

```

assumes  $\bigwedge j. j < i \implies \text{suffix } n w \models_n ((af \varphi (w[j \rightarrow n]))[X]_\nu)$ 
shows  $\text{suffix } (\text{Suc } n) w \models_n (af (\varphi W_n \psi) (\text{prefix } (\text{Suc } n) w))[X]_\nu$ 
using assms
proof (induction i arbitrary: w n)
  case 0
    have  $\text{suffix } (\text{Suc } n) w \models_n \text{af-letter } (af (\varphi W_n \psi) (\text{prefix } n w)) (w n)[X]_\nu$ 
    by (simp add: 0.prem(2) GF-advice-af-letter)
  moreover
    have  $\text{prefix } (\text{Suc } n) w = \text{prefix } n w @ [w n]$ 
    using subseq-to-Suc by blast
  ultimately show ?case
    by (metis (no-types) foldl.simps(1) foldl.simps(2) foldl-append)
next
  case (Suc i)
    have  $\text{suffix } (\text{Suc } n) w \models_n (af \varphi (\text{prefix } (\text{Suc } n) w))[X]_\nu$ 
    using Suc.prem(3)[OF zero-less-Suc, THEN GF-advice-af-2, unfolded
suffix-suffix, of 1] by simp
  moreover
    have  $n > 0$  and B:  $(\text{Suc } (n - 1)) = n$ 
    using Suc by simp+
  note Suc.IH[of  $n - 1$  suffix 1 w, unfolded suffix-suffix] Suc.prem
  then have  $\text{suffix } (\text{Suc } n) w \models_n (af (\varphi W_n \psi) (w[1 \rightarrow (\text{Suc } n)]))[X]_\nu$ 
    by (metis B One-nat-def Suc-le-mono Suc-mono plus-1-eq-Suc subse-
quene-shift)
  ultimately
  show ?case
  unfolding af-subsequence-W unfolding semantics-ltn.simps GF-advice.simps
by simp
qed

```

3.7 Advice Functions and Propositional Entailment

lemma GF-advice-prop-entailment:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{A} \models_P \varphi[X]_\nu &\implies \{\psi. \psi[X]_\nu \in \mathcal{A}\} \models_P \varphi \\ \text{false}_n \notin \mathcal{A} &\implies \{\psi. \psi[X]_\nu \in \mathcal{A}\} \models_P \varphi \implies \mathcal{A} \models_P \varphi[X]_\nu \end{aligned}$$

by (induction φ) (auto, meson, meson)

lemma GF-advice-iff-prop-entailment:

$$\text{false}_n \notin \mathcal{A} \implies \mathcal{A} \models_P \varphi[X]_\nu \longleftrightarrow \{\psi. \psi[X]_\nu \in \mathcal{A}\} \models_P \varphi$$

by (metis GF-advice-prop-entailment)

lemma FG-advice-prop-entailment:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{true}_n \in \mathcal{A} &\implies \mathcal{A} \models_P \varphi[Y]_\mu \implies \{\psi. \psi[Y]_\mu \in \mathcal{A}\} \models_P \varphi \\ \{\psi. \psi[Y]_\mu \in \mathcal{A}\} \models_P \varphi &\implies \mathcal{A} \models_P \varphi[Y]_\mu \end{aligned}$$

by (*induction* φ) *auto*

lemma *FG-advice-iff-prop-entailment*:

$\text{true}_n \in \mathcal{A} \implies \mathcal{A} \models_P \varphi[X]_\mu \longleftrightarrow \{\psi. \psi[X]_\mu \in \mathcal{A}\} \models_P \varphi$
by (*metis FG-advice-prop-entailment*)

lemma *GF-advice-subst*:

$\varphi[X]_\nu = \text{subst } \varphi (\lambda\psi. \text{Some } (\psi[X]_\nu))$
by (*induction* φ) *auto*

lemma *FG-advice-subst*:

$\varphi[X]_\mu = \text{subst } \varphi (\lambda\psi. \text{Some } (\psi[X]_\mu))$
by (*induction* φ) *auto*

lemma *GF-advice-prop-congruent*:

$\varphi \rightarrow_P \psi \implies \varphi[X]_\nu \rightarrow_P \psi[X]_\nu$
 $\varphi \sim_P \psi \implies \varphi[X]_\nu \sim_P \psi[X]_\nu$
by (*metis GF-advice-subst subst-respects-ltl-prop-entailment*) +

lemma *FG-advice-prop-congruent*:

$\varphi \rightarrow_P \psi \implies \varphi[X]_\mu \rightarrow_P \psi[X]_\mu$
 $\varphi \sim_P \psi \implies \varphi[X]_\mu \sim_P \psi[X]_\mu$
by (*metis FG-advice-subst subst-respects-ltl-prop-entailment*) +

3.8 GF-advice with Equivalence Relations

```

locale GF-advice-congruent = ltl-equivalence +
  fixes
    normalise :: 'a ltln  $\Rightarrow$  'a ltln
  assumes
    normalise-eq:  $\varphi \sim \text{normalise } \varphi$ 
  assumes
    normalise-monotonic:  $w \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu \implies w \models_n (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu$ 
  assumes
    normalise-eventually-equivalent:
       $w \models_n (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu \implies (\exists i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n (\text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i w))[X]_\nu)$ 
  assumes
    GF-advice-congruent:  $\varphi \sim \psi \implies (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu \sim (\text{normalise } \psi)[X]_\nu$ 
begin

```

lemma *normalise-language-equivalent*[*simp*]:

$w \models_n \text{normalise } \varphi \longleftrightarrow w \models_n \varphi$
using *normalise-eq ltl-lang-equiv-def eq-implies-lang* **by** *blast*

```

end

interpretation prop-GF-advice-compatible: GF-advice-congruent ( $\sim_P$ ) id
by unfold-locales (simp add: GF-advice-af GF-advice-prop-congruent(2))+
end

```

4 The Master Theorem

theory Master-Theorem

imports

Advice After

begin

4.1 Checking $X \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi w$ and $Y \subseteq \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$

lemma $X\text{-}\mathcal{GF}\text{-}Y\text{-}\mathcal{FG}$:

assumes

$X\text{-}\mu: X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$

and

$Y\text{-}\nu: Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$

and

$X\text{-}\mathcal{GF}: \forall \psi \in X. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu)$

and

$Y\text{-}\mathcal{FG}: \forall \psi \in Y. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu)$

shows

$X \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi w \wedge Y \subseteq \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$

proof –

— Custom induction rule with *size* as a partial order

note *induct* = finite-ranking-induct[**where** *f* = *size*]

have *finite* ($X \cup Y$)

using $\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-finite}$ $\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-finite}$ $X\text{-}\mu$ $Y\text{-}\nu$ finite-subset

by blast+

then show ?thesis

using assms

proof (*induction* $X \cup Y$ arbitrary: $X Y \varphi$ *rule*: *induct*)

case (*insert* ψS)

note *IH* = *insert*(3)

note *insert-S* = $\langle \text{insert } \psi S = X \cup Y \rangle$

note $X\text{-}\mu = \langle X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \rangle$

note $Y\text{-}\nu = \langle Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \rangle$

note $X\text{-}GF = \langle \forall \psi \in X. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu) \rangle$
note $Y\text{-}FG = \langle \forall \psi \in Y. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu) \rangle$

from $X\text{-}\mu Y\text{-}\nu$ **have** $X \cap Y = \{\}$
using $\text{subformulas}_{\mu\nu}\text{-disjoint}$ **by** *fast*

from *insert-S* $X\text{-}\mu Y\text{-}\nu$ **have** $\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi$
using $\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-subfrmlsn}$ $\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-subfrmlsn}$ **by** *blast*

show ?case
proof (*cases* $\psi \notin S$, *cases* $\psi \in X$)
assume $\psi \notin S$ **and** $\psi \in X$

{
— Show $X - \{\psi\} \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi w$ and $Y \subseteq \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$

then have $\psi \notin Y$
using $\langle X \cap Y = \{\} \rangle$ **by** *auto*
then have $S = (X - \{\psi\}) \cup Y$
using *insert-S* $\langle \psi \notin S \rangle$ **by** *fast*

moreover

have $\forall \psi' \in Y. \psi'[X - \{\psi\}]_\nu = \psi'[X]_\nu$
using *GF-advice-minus-size insert(1,2,4)* $\langle \psi \notin Y \rangle$ **by** *fast*

ultimately have $X - \{\psi\} \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi w$ **and** $Y \subseteq \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$
using *IH[of $X - \{\psi\}$ $Y \varphi$] $X\text{-}\mu Y\text{-}\nu X\text{-}GF Y\text{-}FG$* **by** *auto*
}

moreover

{
— Show $\psi \in \mathcal{GF} \varphi w$

have $w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu)$
using *X-GF* $\langle \psi \in X \rangle$ **by** *simp*
then have $\exists \infty i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n \psi[Y]_\mu$
unfolding *GF-Inf-many* **by** *simp*

moreover

from $Y\text{-}\nu$ **have** *finite* Y
using $\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-finite}$ *finite-subset* **by** *auto*

```

have  $\forall \varphi \in Y. w \models_n F_n (G_n \varphi)$ 
  using  $\langle Y \subseteq \mathcal{FG} \varphi w \rangle$  by (blast dest:  $\mathcal{FG}$ -elim)
then have  $\forall \varphi \in Y. \forall_{\infty i}. \text{suffix } i w \models_n G_n \varphi$ 
  using FG-suffix-G by blast
then have  $\forall_{\infty i}. \forall \varphi \in Y. \text{suffix } i w \models_n G_n \varphi$ 
  using  $\langle \text{finite } Y \rangle$  eventually-ball-finite by fast

```

ultimately

```

have  $\exists_{\infty i}. \text{suffix } i w \models_n \psi[Y]_{\mu} \wedge (\forall \varphi \in Y. \text{suffix } i w \models_n G_n \varphi)$ 
  using INFM-conjI by auto
then have  $\exists_{\infty i}. \text{suffix } i w \models_n \psi$ 
  by (elim frequently-elim1) (metis FG-advice-b2-helper)
then have  $w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi)$ 
  unfolding GF-Inf-many by simp
then have  $\psi \in \mathcal{GF} \varphi w$ 
  unfolding GF-semantics using  $\langle \psi \in X \rangle$  X- $\mu$  by auto
}

```

ultimately show ?thesis

by auto

next

assume $\psi \notin S$ **and** $\psi \notin X$

then have $\psi \in Y$

using insert **by** fast

{

— Show $X \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi w$ and $Y - \{\psi\} \subseteq \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$

then have $S \cap X = X$

using insert $\langle \psi \notin X \rangle$ **by** fast

then have $S = X \cup (Y - \{\psi\})$

using insert-S $\langle \psi \notin S \rangle$ **by** fast

moreover

```

have  $\forall \psi' \in X. \psi'[Y - \{\psi\}]_{\mu} = \psi'[Y]_{\mu}$ 
  using FG-advice-minus-size insert(1,2,4)  $\langle \psi \notin X \rangle$  by fast

```

ultimately have $X \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi w$ **and** $Y - \{\psi\} \subseteq \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$

using IH[of $X Y - \{\psi\} \varphi$] X- μ Y- ν X-GF Y-FG **by** auto
}

moreover

{
— Show $\psi \in \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$

have $w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu)$
using $\langle Y \text{-} FG \psi \in Y \rangle$ **by** *simp*
then have $\forall \infty i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n \psi[X]_\nu$
unfolding *FG-Alm-all* **by** *simp*

moreover

have $\forall \varphi \in X. w \models_n G_n (F_n \varphi)$
using $\langle X \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi w \rangle$ **by** (*blast dest: GF-elim*)
then have $\forall \infty i. \forall \varphi \in X. \text{suffix } i w \models_n G_n (F_n \varphi)$
by *simp*

ultimately

have $\forall \infty i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n \psi[X]_\nu \wedge (\forall \varphi \in X. \text{suffix } i w \models_n G_n (F_n \varphi))$
using *MOST-conjI* **by** *auto*
then have $\forall \infty i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n \psi$
by (*elim MOST-mono*) (*metis GF-advice-a2-helper*)
then have $w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi)$
unfolding *FG-Alm-all* **by** *simp*
then have $\psi \in \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$
unfolding *FG-semantics* **using** $\langle \psi \in Y \rangle$ $Y \text{-} \nu$ **by** *auto*
}

ultimately show *?thesis*

by *auto*

next

assume $\neg \psi \notin S$
then have $S = X \cup Y$
using *insert* **by** *fast*
then show *?thesis*
using *insert* **by** *auto*
qed
qed fast
qed

lemma *GF-implies-GF*:

$\forall \psi \in \mathcal{GF} \varphi w. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[\mathcal{FG} \varphi w]_\mu)$
proof safe
fix ψ
assume $\psi \in \mathcal{GF} \varphi w$
then have $\exists_\infty i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n \psi$
using $\mathcal{GF}\text{-elim } GF\text{-Inf-many}$ **by** *blast*
moreover
have $\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi$
using $\langle \psi \in \mathcal{GF} \varphi w \rangle \mathcal{GF}\text{-subfrmlsn}$ **by** *blast*
then have $\bigwedge i w. \mathcal{FG} \psi (\text{suffix } i w) \subseteq \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$
using $\mathcal{FG}\text{-suffix } \mathcal{FG}\text{-subset}$ **by** *blast*
ultimately have $\exists_\infty i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n \psi[\mathcal{FG} \varphi w]_\mu$
by (*elim frequently-elim1*) (*metis FG-advice-b1*)
then show $w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[\mathcal{FG} \varphi w]_\mu)$
unfolding $GF\text{-Inf-many}$ **by** *simp*
qed

lemma $\mathcal{FG}\text{-implies-FG}$:
 $\forall \psi \in \mathcal{FG} \varphi w. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[\mathcal{GF} \varphi w]_\nu)$
proof safe
fix ψ
assume $\psi \in \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$
then have $\forall_\infty i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n \psi$
using $\mathcal{FG}\text{-elim } FG\text{-Alm-all}$ **by** *blast*
moreover
 $\{$
have $\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi$
using $\langle \psi \in \mathcal{FG} \varphi w \rangle \mathcal{FG}\text{-subfrmlsn}$ **by** *blast*
moreover have $\forall_\infty i. \mathcal{GF} \psi (\text{suffix } i w) = \mathcal{F} \psi (\text{suffix } i w)$
using $\text{suffix-}\mu\text{-stable unfolding } \mu\text{-stable-def}$ **by** *blast*
ultimately have $\forall_\infty i. \mathcal{F} \psi (\text{suffix } i w) \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi w$
unfolding $MOST\text{-nat-le}$ **by** (*metis GF-subset GF-suffix*)

}

ultimately have $\forall \infty i. \mathcal{F} \psi (\text{suffix } i w) \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi w \wedge \text{suffix } i w \models_n \psi$
using eventually-conj by auto

then have $\forall \infty i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n \psi[\mathcal{GF} \varphi w]_\nu$
using GF-advice-a1 by (elim eventually-mono) auto

then show $w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[\mathcal{GF} \varphi w]_\nu)$
unfolding FG-Alm-all by simp
qed

4.2 Putting the pieces together: The Master Theorem

theorem *master-theorem-ltr*:

assumes

$w \models_n \varphi$

obtains X and Y where

$X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$

and

$Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$

and

$\exists i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)[X]_\nu$

and

$\forall \psi \in X. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu)$

and

$\forall \psi \in Y. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu)$

proof

show $\mathcal{GF} \varphi w \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$

by (rule GF-subformulas $_\mu$)

next

show $\mathcal{FG} \varphi w \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$

by (rule FG-subformulas $_\nu$)

next

obtain i **where** $\mathcal{GF} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w) = \mathcal{F} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$

using suffix- μ -stable unfolding MOST-nat μ -stable-def by fast

then have $\mathcal{F} (af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)) (\text{suffix } i w) \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi w$

using GF-af F-af GF-suffix by fast

moreover

have $\text{suffix } i w \models_n af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)$

using af-ltl-continuation $\langle w \models_n \varphi \rangle$ by fastforce

ultimately show $\exists i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)[\mathcal{GF} \varphi w]_\nu$
using GF-advice-a1 by blast

next

show $\forall \psi \in \mathcal{GF} \varphi w. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[\mathcal{FG} \varphi w]_\mu)$
by (rule GF-implies-GF)

next

show $\forall \psi \in \mathcal{FG} \varphi w. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[\mathcal{GF} \varphi w]_\nu)$
by (rule FG-implies-FG)

qed

theorem *master-theorem-rtl*:

assumes

$X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$

and

$Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$

and

1: $\exists i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)[X]_\nu$

and

2: $\forall \psi \in X. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu)$

and

3: $\forall \psi \in Y. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu)$

shows

$w \models_n \varphi$

proof –

from 1 obtain i **where** $\text{suffix } i w \models_n af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)[X]_\nu$

by blast

moreover

from assms have $X \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi w$

using X-GF-Y-FG by blast

then have $X \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$

using GF-suffix by fast

ultimately have $\text{suffix } i w \models_n af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)$

using GF-advice-a2 GF-af by metis

then show $w \models_n \varphi$

using af-ltl-continuation by force

qed

theorem *master-theorem*:

$w \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow$

$(\exists X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi.$

$(\exists Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi.$

$(\exists i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)[X]_\nu)$
 $\wedge (\forall \psi \in X. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu))$
 $\wedge (\forall \psi \in Y. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu)))$
by (*metis master-theorem-ltr master-theorem-rtl*)

4.3 The Master Theorem on Languages

definition $L_1 \varphi X = \{w. \exists i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)[X]_\nu\}$

definition $L_2 X Y = \{w. \forall \psi \in X. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu)\}$

definition $L_3 X Y = \{w. \forall \psi \in Y. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu)\}$

corollary *master-theorem-language*:

language-ltln $\varphi = \bigcup \{L_1 \varphi X \cap L_2 X Y \cap L_3 X Y \mid X Y. X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \wedge Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi\}$

proof *safe*

fix w

assume $w \in \text{language-ltln } \varphi$

then have $w \models_n \varphi$

unfolding *language-ltln-def* **by** *simp*

then obtain $X Y$ **where** $X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$ **and** $Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$

and $\exists i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)[X]_\nu$

and $\forall \psi \in X. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu)$

and $\forall \psi \in Y. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu)$

using *master-theorem-ltr* **by** *metis*

then have $w \in L_1 \varphi X$ **and** $w \in L_2 X Y$ **and** $w \in L_3 X Y$

unfolding *L1-def L2-def L3-def* **by** *simp+*

then show $w \in \bigcup \{L_1 \varphi X \cap L_2 X Y \cap L_3 X Y \mid X Y. X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \wedge Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi\}$

using $\langle X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \rangle \langle Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \rangle$ **by** *blast*

next

fix $w X Y$

assume $X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$ **and** $Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$

and $w \in L_1 \varphi X$ **and** $w \in L_2 X Y$ **and** $w \in L_3 X Y$

then show $w \in \text{language-ltln } \varphi$

unfolding *language-ltln-def L1-def L2-def L3-def*

using *master-theorem-rtl* **by** *blast*

qed

end

5 Asymmetric Variant of the Master Theorem

theory *Asymmetric-Master-Theorem*

imports

Advice After

begin

This variant of the Master Theorem fixes only a subset Y of νLTL subformulas and all conditions depend on the index i . While this does not lead to a simple DRA construction, but can be used to build NBAs and LDBAs.

lemma *FG-advice-b1-helper*:

$\psi \in subfrmlsn \varphi \implies suffix i w \models_n \psi \implies suffix i w \models_n \psi[\mathcal{FG} \varphi w]_\mu$

proof –

assume $\psi \in subfrmlsn \varphi$

then have $\mathcal{FG} \psi (suffix i w) \subseteq \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$

using \mathcal{FG} -suffix subformulas $_\nu$ -subset **unfolding** \mathcal{FG} -semantics' **by** fast

moreover

assume $suffix i w \models_n \psi$

ultimately show $suffix i w \models_n \psi[\mathcal{FG} \varphi w]_\mu$

using *FG-advice-b1* **by** blast

qed

lemma *FG-advice-b2-helper*:

$S \subseteq \mathcal{G} \varphi (suffix i w) \implies i \leq j \implies suffix j w \models_n \psi[S]_\mu \implies suffix j w \models_n \psi$

proof –

fix $i j$

assume $S \subseteq \mathcal{G} \varphi (suffix i w)$ **and** $i \leq j$ **and** $suffix j w \models_n \psi[S]_\mu$

then have $suffix j w \models_n \psi[S \cap subformulas_\nu \psi]_\mu$

using *FG-advice-inter-subformulas* **by** metis

moreover

have $S \cap subformulas_\nu \psi \subseteq \mathcal{G} \psi (suffix i w)$

using $\langle S \subseteq \mathcal{G} \varphi (suffix i w) \rangle$ **unfolding** \mathcal{G} -semantics' **by** blast

then have $S \cap \text{subformulas}_\nu \psi \subseteq \mathcal{G} \psi$ (*suffix j w*)
using \mathcal{G} -suffix $\langle i \leq j \rangle \text{ inf.absorb-iff2 le-Suc-ex by fastforce}$
ultimately show $\text{suffix } j \text{ } w \models_n \psi$
using FG-advice-b2 **by** blast
qed

lemma $Y\mathcal{G}$:
assumes
 $Y\text{-}\nu: Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$
and
 $Y\text{-}G\text{-}1: \forall \psi_1 \psi_2. \psi_1 R_n \psi_2 \in Y \longrightarrow \text{suffix } i \text{ } w \models_n G_n (\psi_2[Y]_\mu)$
and
 $Y\text{-}G\text{-}2: \forall \psi_1 \psi_2. \psi_1 W_n \psi_2 \in Y \longrightarrow \text{suffix } i \text{ } w \models_n G_n (\psi_1[Y]_\mu \text{ or}_n \psi_2[Y]_\mu)$
shows
 $Y \subseteq \mathcal{G} \varphi$ (*suffix i w*)

proof –
— Custom induction rule with *size* as a partial order
note *induct* = finite-ranking-induct[**where** $f = \text{size}$]

have *finite Y*
using $Y\text{-}\nu$ finite-subset subformulas $_\nu$ -finite **by** auto

then show ?thesis
using assms
proof (induction *Y* rule: *induct*)
case (insert ψ *S*)

show ?case
proof (cases $\psi \notin S$)
assume $\psi \notin S$

note FG-advice-insert = FG-advice-insert[*OF* $\langle \psi \notin S \rangle$]

{
— Show $S \subseteq \mathcal{G} \varphi$ (*suffix i w*)

{
fix $\psi_1 \psi_2$
assume $\psi_1 R_n \psi_2 \in S$

then have $\text{suffix } i \text{ } w \models_n G_n \psi_2[\text{insert } \psi \text{ } S]_\mu$
using insert(5) **by** blast

then have *suffix i w* $\models_n G_n \psi_2[S]_\mu$
using $\langle \psi_1 R_n \psi_2 \in S \rangle$ *FG-advice-insert insert.hyps(2)*
by *fastforce*
}

moreover

{

fix $\psi_1 \psi_2$
assume $\psi_1 W_n \psi_2 \in S$

then have *suffix i w* $\models_n G_n (\psi_1[\text{insert } \psi S]_\mu \text{ or}_n \psi_2[\text{insert } \psi S]_\mu)$
using *insert(6)* **by** *blast*

then have *suffix i w* $\models_n G_n (\psi_1[S]_\mu \text{ or}_n \psi_2[S]_\mu)$
using $\langle \psi_1 W_n \psi_2 \in S \rangle$ *FG-advice-insert insert.hyps(2)*
by *fastforce*
}

ultimately

have $S \subseteq \mathcal{G} \varphi$ (*suffix i w*)
using *insert.IH insert.prems(1)* **by** *blast*
}

moreover

{

— Show $\psi \in \mathcal{G} \varphi$ (*suffix i w*)

have $\psi \in \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$
using *insert.prems(1)* **by** *fast*
then have *suffix i w* $\models_n G_n \psi$
using *subformulas_ν-semantics*
proof (*cases* ψ)
case (*Release-ltln* $\psi_1 \psi_2$)

then have *suffix i w* $\models_n G_n \psi_2[\text{insert } \psi S]_\mu$
using *insert.prems(2)* **by** *blast*
then have *suffix i w* $\models_n G_n \psi_2[S]_\mu$
using *Release-ltln FG-advice-insert* **by** *simp*
then have *suffix i w* $\models_n G_n \psi_2$
using *FG-advice-b2-helper[OF ⟨S ⊆ G φ (suffix i w)⟩]* **by** *auto*

```

then show ?thesis
  using Release-ltln globally-release
  by blast
next
  case (WeakUntil-ltln  $\psi_1 \psi_2$ )
    then have suffix  $i w \models_n G_n (\psi_1[\text{insert } \psi S]_\mu \text{ or}_n \psi_2[\text{insert } \psi S]_\mu)$ 
      using insert.prems(3) by blast
    then have suffix  $i w \models_n G_n (\psi_1 \text{ or}_n \psi_2)[S]_\mu$ 
      using WeakUntil-ltln FG-advice-insert by simp
    then have suffix  $i w \models_n G_n (\psi_1 \text{ or}_n \psi_2)$ 
      using FG-advice-b2-helper[ $\text{OF } \langle S \subseteq \mathcal{G} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w) \rangle, \text{ of- } \psi_1 \text{ or}_n \psi_2]$ 
      by force
    then show ?thesis
      unfolding WeakUntil-ltln semantics-ltln.simp
      by (metis order-refl suffix-suffix)
    qed fast+

    then have  $\psi \in \mathcal{G} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$ 
      unfolding  $\mathcal{G}$ -semantics using  $\langle \psi \in \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \rangle$ 
      by simp
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis
  by blast
next
  assume  $\neg \psi \notin S$ 
  then have insert  $\psi S = S$ 
  by auto
  then show ?thesis
  using insert by simp
  qed
  qed simp
  qed

```

theorem asymmetric-master-theorem-ltr:

assumes
 $w \models_n \varphi$
obtains Y **and** i **where**
 $Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$
and
 suffix $i w \models_n af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)[Y]_\mu$
and

$\forall \psi_1 \psi_2. \psi_1 R_n \psi_2 \in Y \longrightarrow \text{suffix } i w \models_n G_n (\psi_2[Y]_\mu)$
and
 $\forall \psi_1 \psi_2. \psi_1 W_n \psi_2 \in Y \longrightarrow \text{suffix } i w \models_n G_n (\psi_1[Y]_\mu \text{ or}_n \psi_2[Y]_\mu)$
proof
let $?Y = \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$

show $?Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$
by (rule \mathcal{FG} -subformulas $_\nu$)
next
let $?Y = \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$
let $?i = \text{SOME } i. ?Y = \mathcal{G} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$

have $\text{suffix } ?i w \models_n af \varphi (\text{prefix } ?i w)$
using af-ltl-continuation $\langle w \models_n \varphi \rangle$ **by** fastforce
then show $\text{suffix } ?i w \models_n af \varphi (\text{prefix } ?i w)[?Y]_\mu$
by (metis \mathcal{FG} -suffix FG-advice-b1 \mathcal{FG} -af order-refl)
next
let $?Y = \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$
let $?i = \text{SOME } i. ?Y = \mathcal{G} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$

have $\exists i. ?Y = \mathcal{G} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$
using suffix- ν -stable \mathcal{FG} -suffix **unfolding** ν -stable-def MOST-nat
by fast
then have $Y\text{-}G: ?Y = \mathcal{G} \varphi (\text{suffix } ?i w)$
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) someI-ex)

show $\forall \psi_1 \psi_2. \psi_1 R_n \psi_2 \in ?Y \longrightarrow \text{suffix } ?i w \models_n G_n (\psi_2[?Y]_\mu)$
proof safe
fix $\psi_1 \psi_2$
assume $\psi_1 R_n \psi_2 \in ?Y$

then have $\text{suffix } ?i w \models_n G_n (\psi_1 R_n \psi_2)$
using $Y\text{-}G$ \mathcal{G} -semantics' **by** blast
then have $\text{suffix } ?i w \models_n G_n \psi_2$
by force

moreover

have $\psi_2 \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi$
using \mathcal{FG} -subfrmlsn $\langle \psi_1 R_n \psi_2 \in ?Y \rangle$ subfrmlsn-subset **by** force

ultimately show $\text{suffix } ?i w \models_n G_n (\psi_2 [?Y]_\mu)$
using FG-advice-b1-helper **by** fastforce
qed

next

let $?Y = \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$
let $?i = SOME i. ?Y = \mathcal{G} \varphi (suffix i w)$

have $\exists i. ?Y = \mathcal{G} \varphi (suffix i w)$

using *suffix- ν -stable FG-suffix unfolding ν -stable-def MOST-nat*
by *fast*

then have $Y\text{-}G: ?Y = \mathcal{G} \varphi (suffix ?i w)$

by *(rule someI-ex)*

show $\forall \psi_1 \psi_2. \psi_1 W_n \psi_2 \in ?Y \longrightarrow suffix ?i w \models_n G_n (\psi_1[?Y]_\mu \text{ or}_n \psi_2[?Y]_\mu)$

proof *safe*

fix $\psi_1 \psi_2$

assume $\psi_1 W_n \psi_2 \in ?Y$

then have $suffix ?i w \models_n G_n (\psi_1 W_n \psi_2)$

using *Y-G G-semantics' by blast*

then have $suffix ?i w \models_n G_n (\psi_1 \text{ or}_n \psi_2)$

by *force*

moreover

have $\psi_1 \in subfrmlsn \varphi$ **and** $\psi_2 \in subfrmlsn \varphi$

using *FG-subfrmlsn ⟨ψ₁ Wₙ ψ₂ ∈ ?Y⟩ subfrmlsn-subset by force+*

ultimately show $suffix ?i w \models_n G_n (\psi_1[?Y]_\mu \text{ or}_n \psi_2[?Y]_\mu)$

using *FG-advice-b1-helper by fastforce*

qed

qed

theorem *asymmetric-master-theorem-rtl*:

assumes

1: $Y \subseteq subformulas_\nu \varphi$

and

2: $suffix i w \models_n af \varphi (prefix i w)[Y]_\mu$

and

3: $\forall \psi_1 \psi_2. \psi_1 R_n \psi_2 \in Y \longrightarrow suffix i w \models_n G_n (\psi_2[Y]_\mu)$

and

4: $\forall \psi_1 \psi_2. \psi_1 W_n \psi_2 \in Y \longrightarrow suffix i w \models_n G_n (\psi_1[Y]_\mu \text{ or}_n \psi_2[Y]_\mu)$

shows

$w \models_n \varphi$

proof –

have $suffix i w \models_n af \varphi (prefix i w)$

by (*metis assms Y-G FG-advice-b2 G-af*)

then show $w \models_n \varphi$
using *af-ltl-continuation by force*
qed

theorem *asymmetric-master-theorem*:

$w \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow$
 $(\exists i. \exists Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi.$
 $\text{suffix } i w \models_n \text{af } \varphi \text{ (prefix } i w)[Y]_\mu$
 $\wedge (\forall \psi_1 \psi_2. \psi_1 R_n \psi_2 \in Y \longrightarrow \text{suffix } i w \models_n G_n (\psi_2[Y]_\mu))$
 $\wedge (\forall \psi_1 \psi_2. \psi_1 W_n \psi_2 \in Y \longrightarrow \text{suffix } i w \models_n G_n (\psi_1[Y]_\mu \text{ or}_n \psi_2[Y]_\mu)))$
by (*metis asymmetric-master-theorem-ltr asymmetric-master-theorem-rtl*)

end

6 Master Theorem with Reduced Subformulas

theory *Restricted-Master-Theorem*

imports

Master-Theorem

begin

6.1 Restricted Set of Subformulas

fun *restricted-subformulas-inner* :: '*a ltl*n' \Rightarrow '*a ltl*n set'

where

$\text{restricted-subformulas-inner}(\varphi \text{ and}_n \psi) = \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \varphi \cup \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \psi$
 $| \text{restricted-subformulas-inner}(\varphi \text{ or}_n \psi) = \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \varphi \cup \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \psi$
 $| \text{restricted-subformulas-inner}(X_n \varphi) = \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \varphi$
 $| \text{restricted-subformulas-inner}(\varphi U_n \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\nu(\varphi U_n \psi) \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu(\varphi U_n \psi)$
 $| \text{restricted-subformulas-inner}(\varphi R_n \psi) = \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \varphi \cup \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \psi$
 $| \text{restricted-subformulas-inner}(\varphi W_n \psi) = \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \varphi \cup \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \psi$
 $| \text{restricted-subformulas-inner}(\varphi M_n \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\nu(\varphi M_n \psi) \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu(\varphi M_n \psi)$
 $| \text{restricted-subformulas-inner} - = \{\}$

fun *restricted-subformulas* :: '*a ltl*n' \Rightarrow '*a ltl*n set'

where

```

restricted-subformulas ( $\varphi$  andn  $\psi$ ) = restricted-subformulas  $\varphi$   $\cup$  restricted-subformulas  $\psi$ 
| restricted-subformulas ( $\varphi$  orn  $\psi$ ) = restricted-subformulas  $\varphi$   $\cup$  restricted-subformulas  $\psi$ 
| restricted-subformulas ( $X_n \varphi$ ) = restricted-subformulas  $\varphi$ 
| restricted-subformulas ( $\varphi U_n \psi$ ) = restricted-subformulas  $\varphi$   $\cup$  restricted-subformulas  $\psi$ 
| restricted-subformulas ( $\varphi R_n \psi$ ) = restricted-subformulas  $\varphi$   $\cup$  restricted-subformulas-inner  $\psi$ 
| restricted-subformulas ( $\varphi W_n \psi$ ) = restricted-subformulas-inner  $\varphi$   $\cup$  restricted-subformulas  $\psi$ 
| restricted-subformulas ( $\varphi M_n \psi$ ) = restricted-subformulas  $\varphi$   $\cup$  restricted-subformulas  $\psi$ 
| restricted-subformulas - = {}

```

lemma GF-advice-restricted-subformulas-inner:

restricted-subformulas-inner ($\varphi[X]_\nu$) = {}

by (induction φ) simp-all

lemma GF-advice-restricted-subformulas:

restricted-subformulas ($\varphi[X]_\nu$) = {}

by (induction φ) (simp-all add: GF-advice-restricted-subformulas-inner)

lemma restricted-subformulas-inner-subset:

restricted-subformulas-inner $\varphi \subseteq$ subformulas _{ν} φ \cup subformulas _{μ} φ

by (induction φ) auto

lemma restricted-subformulas-subset':

restricted-subformulas $\varphi \subseteq$ restricted-subformulas-inner φ

by (induction φ) (insert restricted-subformulas-inner-subset, auto)

lemma restricted-subformulas-subset:

restricted-subformulas $\varphi \subseteq$ subformulas _{ν} φ \cup subformulas _{μ} φ

using restricted-subformulas-inner-subset restricted-subformulas-subset' **by**
auto

lemma restricted-subformulas-size:

$\psi \in$ restricted-subformulas $\varphi \implies$ size $\psi <$ size φ

proof –

have $\bigwedge \varphi.$ restricted-subformulas-inner $\varphi \subseteq$ subfrmlsn φ

using restricted-subformulas-inner-subset subformulas _{$\mu\nu$} -subfrmlsn **by**
blast

then have inner: $\bigwedge \psi \varphi.$ $\psi \in$ restricted-subformulas-inner $\varphi \implies$ size ψ

$\leq \text{size } \varphi$
using *subfrmlsn-size dual-order.strict-implies-order*
by *blast*

show $\psi \in \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi \implies \text{size } \psi < \text{size } \varphi$
by (*induction* φ *arbitrary*: ψ) (*fastforce dest: inner*) +
qed

lemma *restricted-subformulas-notin*:
 $\varphi \notin \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi$
using *restricted-subformulas-size by auto*

lemma *restricted-subformulas-superset*:
 $\psi \in \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi \implies \text{subformulas}_\nu \psi \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \psi \subseteq \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi$
proof –
assume $\psi \in \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi$
then obtain χx **where**
 $\psi \in \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \chi$ **and** $(x R_n \chi) \in \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \vee (\chi W_n x) \in \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$
by (*induction* φ) *auto*

moreover

have $\bigwedge \psi_1 \psi_2. (\psi_1 R_n \psi_2) \in \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \implies \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \psi_2 \subseteq \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi$
 $\bigwedge \psi_1 \psi_2. (\psi_1 W_n \psi_2) \in \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \implies \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \psi_1 \subseteq \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi$
by (*induction* φ) (*simp-all; insert restricted-subformulas-subset'*, *blast*) +

moreover

have $\text{subformulas}_\nu \psi \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \psi \subseteq \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \chi$
using $\langle \psi \in \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \chi \rangle$
proof (*induction* χ)
case (*Until-ltln* $\chi_1 \chi_2$)
then show $?case$
apply (*cases* $\psi = \chi_1 U_n \chi_2$)
apply *auto[1]*
apply *simp*
apply (*cases* $\psi \in \text{subformulas}_\nu \chi_1$)
apply (*meson le-supI1 le-supI2 subformulas_\mu-subset subformulas_\nu-subfrmlsn*)

```

subformulas $\nu$ -subset subset-eq subset-insertI2)
  apply (cases  $\psi \in$  subformulas $\nu$   $\chi 2$ )
    apply (meson le-supI1 le-supI2 subformulas $\mu$ -subset subformulas $\nu$ -subfrmlsn
subformulas $\nu$ -subset subset-eq subset-insertI2)
      apply (cases  $\psi \in$  subformulas $\mu$   $\chi 1$ )
        apply (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) Un-insert-right subformu-
las $\mu$ -subfrmlsn subformulas $\mu$ -subset subformulas $\nu$ -subset subsetD sup.coboundedI2
sup-commute)
          apply simp
          by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) Un-insert-right subformulas $\mu$ -subfrmlsn
subformulas $\mu$ -subset subformulas $\nu$ -subset subsetD sup.coboundedI2 sup-commute)
next
  case (Release-ltln  $\chi 1 \chi 2$ )
  then show ?case by simp blast
next
  case (WeakUntil-ltln  $\chi 1 \chi 2$ )
  then show ?case by simp blast
next
  case (StrongRelease-ltln  $\chi 1 \chi 2$ )
  then show ?case
    apply (cases  $\psi = \chi 1 M_n \chi 2$ )
      apply auto[1]
      apply simp
      apply (cases  $\psi \in$  subformulas $\nu$   $\chi 1$ )
        apply (meson le-supI1 le-supI2 subformulas $\mu$ -subset subformulas $\nu$ -subfrmlsn
subformulas $\nu$ -subset subset-eq subset-insertI2)
          apply (cases  $\psi \in$  subformulas $\nu$   $\chi 2$ )
            apply (meson le-supI1 le-supI2 subformulas $\mu$ -subset subformulas $\nu$ -subfrmlsn
subformulas $\nu$ -subset subset-eq subset-insertI2)
              apply (cases  $\psi \in$  subformulas $\mu$   $\chi 1$ )
                apply (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) Un-insert-right subformu-
las $\mu$ -subfrmlsn subformulas $\mu$ -subset subformulas $\nu$ -subset subsetD sup.coboundedI2
sup-commute)
                  apply simp
                  by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) Un-insert-right subformulas $\mu$ -subfrmlsn
subformulas $\mu$ -subset subformulas $\nu$ -subset subsetD sup.coboundedI2 sup-commute)
qed auto

```

ultimately

```

show subformulas $\nu$   $\psi \cup$  subformulas $\mu$   $\psi \subseteq$  restricted-subformulas  $\varphi$ 
  by blast
qed

```

```

lemma restricted-subformulas-W- $\mu$ :
  subformulas $_{\mu}$   $\varphi \subseteq$  restricted-subformulas ( $\varphi \ W_n \psi$ )
  by (induction  $\varphi$ ) auto

lemma restricted-subformulas-R- $\mu$ :
  subformulas $_{\mu}$   $\psi \subseteq$  restricted-subformulas ( $\varphi \ R_n \psi$ )
  by (induction  $\psi$ ) auto

lemma restrict-af-letter:
  restricted-subformulas (af-letter  $\varphi \sigma$ ) = restricted-subformulas  $\varphi$ 
proof (induction  $\varphi$ )
  case (Release-ltl $n$   $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
  then show ?case
    using restricted-subformulas-subset' by simp blast
next
  case (WeakUntil-ltl $n$   $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
  then show ?case
    using restricted-subformulas-subset' by simp blast
qed auto

lemma restrict-af:
  restricted-subformulas (af  $\varphi w$ ) = restricted-subformulas  $\varphi$ 
  by (induction  $w$  rule: rev-induct) (auto simp: restrict-af-letter)

```

6.2 Restricted Master Theorem / Lemmas

```

lemma delay-2:
  assumes  $\mu$ -stable  $\varphi w$ 
  assumes  $w \models_n \varphi$ 
  shows  $\exists i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n \text{af } \varphi \ (\text{prefix } i w)[\{\psi. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi)\} \cap$ 
  restricted-subformulas  $\varphi]_n$ 
  using assms
proof (induction  $\varphi$  arbitrary:  $w$ )
  case (Prop-ltl $n$   $x$ )
  then show ?case
    by (metis GF-advice.simps(10) GF-advice-af prefix-suffix)
next
  case (Nprop-ltl $n$   $x$ )
  then show ?case
    by (metis GF-advice.simps(11) GF-advice-af prefix-suffix)
next
  case (And-ltl $n$   $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
let ?X =  $\{\psi. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi)\} \cap$  restricted-subformulas ( $\varphi_1 \text{and}_n \varphi_2$ )

```

```

let ?X1 = {ψ. w ⊨n Gn (Fn ψ)} ∩ restricted-subformulas φ1
let ?X2 = {ψ. w ⊨n Gn (Fn ψ)} ∩ restricted-subformulas φ2

have ?X1 ⊆ ?X and ?X2 ⊆ ?X
  by auto

moreover

obtain i j where suffix i w ⊨n af φ1 (prefix i w)[?X1]ν
  and suffix j w ⊨n af φ2 (prefix j w)[?X2]ν
  using μ-stable-subfrmlsn[OF ‘μ-stable (φ1 andn φ2) w’] And-ltln by
    fastforce

ultimately

obtain k where suffix k w ⊨n af φ1 (prefix k w)[?X]ν
  and suffix k w ⊨n af φ2 (prefix k w)[?X]ν
  using GF-advice-sync-and GF-advice-monotone by blast

thus ?case
  unfolding af-decompose semantics-ltln.simps(5) GF-advice.simps by
    blast
next
  case (Or-ltln φ1 φ2)
  let ?X = {ψ. w ⊨n Gn (Fn ψ)} ∩ restricted-subformulas (φ1 andn φ2)
  let ?X1 = {ψ. w ⊨n Gn (Fn ψ)} ∩ restricted-subformulas φ1
  let ?X2 = {ψ. w ⊨n Gn (Fn ψ)} ∩ restricted-subformulas φ2

  have ?X1 ⊆ ?X and ?X2 ⊆ ?X
    by auto

moreover

obtain i j where suffix i w ⊨n af φ1 (prefix i w)[?X1]ν ∨ suffix j w ⊨n
  af φ2 (prefix j w)[?X2]ν
  using μ-stable-subfrmlsn[OF ‘μ-stable (φ1 orn φ2) w’] Or-ltln by fast-
    force

ultimately

obtain k where suffix k w ⊨n af φ1 (prefix k w)[?X]ν ∨ suffix k w ⊨n
  af φ2 (prefix k w)[?X]ν
  using GF-advice-monotone by blast

```

```

thus ?case
  unfolding af-decompose semantics-ltln.simps(6) GF-advice.simps by
auto
next
  case (Next-ltln φ)
  then have stable: μ-stable φ (suffix 1 w)
    and suffix: suffix 1 w ⊨n φ
    using F-suffix GF-F-subset GF-suffix
    by (simp-all add: μ-stable-def) fast
  show ?case
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) Next-ltln.IH[OF stable suffix, unfolded
      suffix-suffix prefix-suffix-subsequence GF-suffix] One-nat-def add.commute
      af-simps(3) foldl-Nil foldl-append restricted-subformulas.simps(3) subsequence-append
      subsequence-singleton)
next
  case (Until-ltln φ1 φ2)
  let ?X = {ψ. w ⊨n Gn (Fn ψ)} ∩ restricted-subformulas (φ1 Un φ2)
  let ?X1 = {ψ. w ⊨n Gn (Fn ψ)} ∩ restricted-subformulas φ1
  let ?X2 = {ψ. w ⊨n Gn (Fn ψ)} ∩ restricted-subformulas φ2

  have stable-1: ∀i. μ-stable φ1 (suffix i w)
    and stable-2: ∀i. μ-stable φ2 (suffix i w)
    using μ-stable-subfrmlsn[OF Until-ltln.prems(1)] by (simp add: μ-stable-suffix)+

  obtain i where ∀j. j < i ⇒ suffix j w ⊨n φ1 and suffix i w ⊨n φ2
    using Until-ltln by auto

  then have ∀j. j < i ⇒ ∃k. suffix (j + k) w ⊨n af φ1 (w [j → k +
    j])[?X1]ν
    and ∃k. suffix (i + k) w ⊨n af φ2 (w [i → k + i])[?X2]ν
    using Until-ltln.IH(1)[OF stable-1, unfolded suffix-suffix prefix-suffix-subsequence
      GF-suffix]
    using Until-ltln.IH(2)[OF stable-2, unfolded suffix-suffix prefix-suffix-subsequence
      GF-suffix]
    by blast+
moreover
have ?X1 ⊆ ?X
  and ?X2 ⊆ ?X
  by auto
ultimately

```

```

obtain k where k ≥ i
  and suffix k w ⊨n af φ2 (w [i → k])[?X]ν
  and ∀j. j < i ⇒ suffix k w ⊨n af φ1 (w [j → k])[?X]ν
  using GF-advice-sync-less[of i w φ1 ?X φ2] GF-advice-monotone[of - ?X] by meson

hence suffix (Suc k) w ⊨n af (φ1 Un φ2) (prefix (Suc k) w)[?X]ν
  by (rule af-subsequence-U-GF-advice)

then show ?case
  by blast
next
  case (WeakUntil-ltln φ1 φ2)

let ?X = {ψ. w ⊨n Gn (Fn ψ)} ∩ restricted-subformulas (φ1 Wn φ2)
let ?X1 = {ψ. w ⊨n Gn (Fn ψ)} ∩ restricted-subformulas φ1
let ?X2 = {ψ. w ⊨n Gn (Fn ψ)} ∩ restricted-subformulas φ2

have stable-1: ∀i. μ-stable φ1 (suffix i w)
  and stable-2: ∀i. μ-stable φ2 (suffix i w)
  using μ-stable-subfrmlsn[OF WeakUntil-ltln.prems(1)] by (simp add: μ-stable-suffix)+

{
  assume Until-ltln: w ⊨n φ1 Un φ2
  then obtain i where ∀j. j < i ⇒ suffix j w ⊨n φ1 and suffix i w ⊨n φ2
    by auto

  then have ∀j. j < i ⇒ ∃k. suffix (j + k) w ⊨n af φ1 (w [j → k + j])[?X1]ν
    and ∃k. suffix (i + k) w ⊨n af φ2 (w [i → k + i])[?X2]ν
    using WeakUntil-ltln.IH(1)[OF stable-1, unfolded suffix-suffix prefix-suffix-subsequence GF-suffix]
    using WeakUntil-ltln.IH(2)[OF stable-2, unfolded suffix-suffix prefix-suffix-subsequence GF-suffix]
    by blast+
}

moreover
have ?X1 ⊆ ?X
  and ?X2 ⊆ ?X
  using restricted-subformulas-subset' by force+

```

ultimately

```

obtain  $k$  where  $k \geq i$ 
  and  $\text{suffix } k w \models_n af \varphi_2 (w[i \rightarrow k])[\mathbf{?}X]_\nu$ 
  and  $\bigwedge j. j < i \implies \text{suffix } k w \models_n af \varphi_1 (w[j \rightarrow k])[\mathbf{?}X]_\nu$ 
  using  $\text{GF-advice-sync-less}[\text{of } i w \varphi_1 \mathbf{?}X \varphi_2]$   $\text{GF-advice-monotone}[\text{of } -\mathbf{?}X]$  by meson

```

```

hence  $\text{suffix } (\text{Suc } k) w \models_n af (\varphi_1 W_n \varphi_2)$  ( $\text{prefix } (\text{Suc } k) w)[\mathbf{?}X]_\nu$ 
  by (rule  $\text{af-subsequence-W-GF-advice}$ )

```

hence $\mathbf{?}case$

by blast

}

moreover

{

assume $\text{Globally-ltl}_n: w \models_n G_n \varphi_1$

{

fix j

have $\text{suffix } j w \models_n \varphi_1$

using Globally-ltl_n **by** simp

then have $\text{suffix } j w \models_n \varphi_1[\{\psi. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi)\}]_\nu$

by (metis stable-1 GF-advice-a1 $\mathcal{GF}\text{-suffix }$ $\mu\text{-stable-def}$ $\mathcal{GF}\text{-elim}$ mem-Collect-eq subsetI)

then have $\text{suffix } j w \models_n \varphi_1[\mathbf{?}X]_\nu$

by (metis GF-advice-inter restricted-subformulas-W- μ le-infI2)

}

then have $w \models_n (\varphi_1 W_n \varphi_2)[\mathbf{?}X]_\nu$

by simp

then have $\mathbf{?}case$

using GF-advice-af-2 **by** blast

}

ultimately

show $\mathbf{?}case$

using $\text{WeakUntil-ltl}_n.\text{prems}(2)$ $\text{ltln-weak-to-strong}(1)$ **by** blast

next

case ($\text{Release-ltl}_n \varphi_1 \varphi_2$)

let $\mathbf{?}X = \{\psi. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi)\} \cap \text{restricted-subformulas } (\varphi_1 R_n \varphi_2)$

let $\mathbf{?}X_1 = \{\psi. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi)\} \cap \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi_1$

let $\mathbf{?}X_2 = \{\psi. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi)\} \cap \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi_2$

have $\text{stable-1}: \bigwedge i. \mu\text{-stable } \varphi_1 (\text{suffix } i w)$

and stable-2: $\bigwedge i. \mu\text{-stable } \varphi_2$ (*suffix* $i w$)
using $\mu\text{-stable-subfrmlsn}[OF\ Release\text{-ltln}.prems(1)]$ **by** (*simp add: mu-stable-suffix*) +
{
assume *Until-ltln*: $w \models_n \varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2$
then obtain i **where** $\bigwedge j. j \leq i \implies \text{suffix } j w \models_n \varphi_2$ **and** $\text{suffix } i w \models_n \varphi_1$
by auto
then have $\bigwedge j. j \leq i \implies \exists k. \text{suffix } (j+k) w \models_n af \varphi_2 (w[j \rightarrow k+j])[?X2]_\nu$
and $\exists k. \text{suffix } (i+k) w \models_n af \varphi_1 (w[i \rightarrow k+i])[?X1]_\nu$
using *Release-ltln.IH(1)* [*OF stable-1, unfolded suffix-suffix prefix-suffix-subsequence GF-suffix*]
using *Release-ltln.IH(2)* [*OF stable-2, unfolded suffix-suffix prefix-suffix-subsequence GF-suffix*]
by *blast+*
moreover
have $?X1 \subseteq ?X$
and $?X2 \subseteq ?X$
using *restricted-subformulas-subset'* **by** *force+*
ultimately
obtain k **where** $k \geq i$
and $\text{suffix } k w \models_n af \varphi_1 (w[i \rightarrow k])[?X]_\nu$
and $\bigwedge j. j \leq i \implies \text{suffix } k w \models_n af \varphi_2 (w[j \rightarrow k])[?X]_\nu$
using *GF-advice-sync-lesseq*[*of i w* $\varphi_2 ?X \varphi_1$] *GF-advice-monotone*[*of - ?X*] **by** *meson*
hence $\text{suffix } (\text{Suc } k) w \models_n af (\varphi_1 R_n \varphi_2) (\text{prefix } (\text{Suc } k) w)[?X]_\nu$
by (*rule af-subsequence-R-GF-advice*)
hence $?case$
by *blast*
}
moreover
{
assume *Globally-ltln*: $w \models_n G_n \varphi_2$
{
fix j
have $\text{suffix } j w \models_n \varphi_2$

```

using Globally-ltln by simp
then have suffix j w ⊨n φ2[{ψ. w ⊨n Gn (Fn ψ)}]ν
  by (metis stable-2 GF-advice-a1 GF-suffix μ-stable-def GF-elim
mem-Collect-eq subsetI)
  then have suffix j w ⊨n φ2[?X]ν
    by (metis GF-advice-inter restricted-subformulas-R-μ le-infI2)
  }

then have w ⊨n (φ1 Rn φ2)[?X]ν
  by simp
then have ?case
  using GF-advice-af-2 by blast
}
ultimately
show ?case
  using Release-ltln.prems(2) ltln-weak-to-strong(3) by blast
next
  case (StrongRelease-ltln φ1 φ2)

let ?X = {ψ. w ⊨n Gn (Fn ψ)} ∩ restricted-subformulas (φ1 Mn φ2)
let ?X1 = {ψ. w ⊨n Gn (Fn ψ)} ∩ restricted-subformulas φ1
let ?X2 = {ψ. w ⊨n Gn (Fn ψ)} ∩ restricted-subformulas φ2

have stable-1: ∀i. μ-stable φ1 (suffix i w)
  and stable-2: ∀i. μ-stable φ2 (suffix i w)
  using μ-stable-subfrmlsn[OF StrongRelease-ltln.prems(1)] by (simp add:
μ-stable-suffix)+

obtain i where ∀j. j ≤ i ⇒ suffix j w ⊨n φ2 and suffix i w ⊨n φ1
  using StrongRelease-ltln by auto

then have ∀j. j ≤ i ⇒ ∃k. suffix (j + k) w ⊨n af φ2 (w [j → k +
j])[?X2]ν
  and ∃k. suffix (i + k) w ⊨n af φ1 (w [i → k + i])[?X1]ν
  using StrongRelease-ltln.IH(1)[OF stable-1, unfolded suffix-suffix pre-
fix-suffix-subsequence GF-suffix]
  using StrongRelease-ltln.IH(2)[OF stable-2, unfolded suffix-suffix pre-
fix-suffix-subsequence GF-suffix]
  by blast+

moreover

have ?X1 ⊆ ?X
  and ?X2 ⊆ ?X

```

by auto

ultimately

obtain k where $k \geq i$

and $\text{suffix } k w \models_n af \varphi_1 (w [i \rightarrow k])[?X]_\nu$

and $\bigwedge j. j \leq i \implies \text{suffix } k w \models_n af \varphi_2 (w [j \rightarrow k])[?X]_\nu$

using $GF\text{-advice-sync-lesseq}[\text{of } i w \varphi_2 ?X \varphi_1]$ $GF\text{-advice-monotone}[\text{of}$

- $?X]$ by meson

hence $\text{suffix } (\text{Suc } k) w \models_n af (\varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2)$ ($\text{prefix } (\text{Suc } k) w)[?X]_\nu$

by (rule af-subsequence-M-GF-advice)

then show $?case$

by blast

qed simp+

theorem master-theorem-restricted:

$w \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow$

$(\exists X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cap \text{restricted-subformulas} \varphi.$

$(\exists Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cap \text{restricted-subformulas} \varphi.$

$(\exists i. (\text{suffix } i w \models_n af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)[X]_\nu)$

$\wedge (\forall \psi \in X. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu))$

$\wedge (\forall \psi \in Y. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu))))$

(is $?lhs \longleftrightarrow ?rhs$)

proof

assume $?lhs$

obtain i where $\mu\text{-stable } \varphi$ ($\text{suffix } i w$)

by (metis MOST-nat less-Suc-eq suffix-mu-stable)

hence stable: $\mu\text{-stable } (af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w))$ ($\text{suffix } i w$)

by (simp add: F-af GF-af mu-stable-def)

let $?\varphi' = af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)$

let $?X' = GF \varphi w \cap \text{restricted-subformulas} \varphi$

let $?Y' = FG \varphi w \cap \text{restricted-subformulas} \varphi$

have 1: $\text{suffix } i w \models_n ?\varphi'$

using ‹?lhs› af-ltl-continuation by force

have 2: $\bigwedge j. af (af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)) (\text{prefix } j (\text{suffix } i w)) = af \varphi (\text{prefix } (i + j) w)$

by (simp add: subsequence-append)

have $\exists: \mathcal{GF} \varphi w = \mathcal{GF} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$

using \mathcal{GF} -af \mathcal{GF} -suffix **by** blast

have $\exists j. \text{suffix } (i + j) w \models_n af (\varphi') (\text{prefix } j (\text{suffix } i w))[\mathcal{X}'_\nu]$

using delay-2[*OF stable 1*] **unfolding** suffix-suffix 2 restrict-af 3 **unfold**ing \mathcal{GF} -semantics'

by (metis (no-types, lifting) GF-advice-inter-subformulas af-subformulas $_\mu$ inf-assoc inf-commute)

hence $\exists i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)[\mathcal{X}'_\nu]$

using 2 **by** auto

moreover

{
fix ψ

have $\bigwedge X. \psi \in \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi \implies \psi[X \cap \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi]_\mu = \psi[X]_\mu$

by (metis le-supE restricted-subformulas-superset FG-advice-inter inf.coboundedI2)

hence $\psi \in \mathcal{X}' \implies w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[\mathcal{Y}]_\mu)$
using \mathcal{GF} -implies-GF **by** force

}

moreover

{
fix ψ

have $\bigwedge X. \psi \in \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi \implies \psi[X \cap \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi]_\nu = \psi[X]_\nu$

by (metis le-supE restricted-subformulas-superset GF-advice-inter inf.coboundedI2)

hence $\psi \in \mathcal{Y}' \implies w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[\mathcal{X}]_\nu)$
using \mathcal{FG} -implies-FG **by** force

}

moreover

have $\mathcal{X}' \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cap \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi$

using \mathcal{GF} -subformulas $_\mu$ **by** blast

moreover

have $?Y' \subseteq subformulas_\nu \varphi \cap restricted-subformulas \varphi$
using \mathcal{FG} -subformulas, **by** blast

ultimately show $?rhs$
by meson
qed (*insert master-theorem, fast*)

corollary *master-theorem-restricted-language*:

language-ltl_n $\varphi = \bigcup \{L_1 \varphi X \cap L_2 X Y \cap L_3 X Y \mid X Y. X \subseteq subformulas_\mu \varphi \cap restricted-subformulas \varphi \wedge Y \subseteq subformulas_\nu \varphi \cap restricted-subformulas \varphi\}$

proof safe
fix w
assume $w \in language-ltl_n \varphi$

then have $w \models_n \varphi$
unfolding *language-ltl_n-def* **by** simp

then obtain $X Y$ **where**

1: $X \subseteq subformulas_\mu \varphi \cap restricted-subformulas \varphi$
and **2:** $Y \subseteq subformulas_\nu \varphi \cap restricted-subformulas \varphi$
and $\exists i. suffix i w \models_n af \varphi (prefix i w)[X]_\nu$
and $\forall \psi \in X. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu)$
and $\forall \psi \in Y. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu)$
using *master-theorem-restricted* **by** metis

then have $w \in L_1 \varphi X$ **and** $w \in L_2 X Y$ **and** $w \in L_3 X Y$
unfolding *L₁-def* *L₂-def* *L₃-def* **by** simp+

then show $w \in \bigcup \{L_1 \varphi X \cap L_2 X Y \cap L_3 X Y \mid X Y. X \subseteq subformulas_\mu \varphi \cap restricted-subformulas \varphi \wedge Y \subseteq subformulas_\nu \varphi \cap restricted-subformulas \varphi\}$

using 1 2 **by** blast

next

fix $w X Y$
assume $X \subseteq subformulas_\mu \varphi \cap restricted-subformulas \varphi$ **and** $Y \subseteq subformulas_\nu \varphi \cap restricted-subformulas \varphi$
and $w \in L_1 \varphi X$ **and** $w \in L_2 X Y$ **and** $w \in L_3 X Y$

then show $w \in language-ltl_n \varphi$
unfolding *language-ltl_n-def* *L₁-def* *L₂-def* *L₃-def*
using *master-theorem-restricted* **by** blast

qed

6.3 Definitions with Lists for Code Export

```

definition restricted-advice-sets :: 'a ltn  $\Rightarrow$  ('a ltn list  $\times$  'a ltn list) list
where
  restricted-advice-sets  $\varphi = \text{List.product}(\text{subseqs}(\text{List.filter}(\lambda x. x \in \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi) (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \varphi))) (\text{subseqs}(\text{List.filter}(\lambda x. x \in \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi) (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \varphi)))$ 

lemma subseqs-subformulas $_\mu$ -restricted-list:
   $X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cap \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\exists xs. X = \text{set } xs \wedge xs \in \text{set}(\text{subseqs}(\text{List.filter}(\lambda x. x \in \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi) (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \varphi))))$ 
  by (metis in-set-subseqs inf-commute inter-set-filter subformulas $_\mu$ -list-set subset-subseq)

lemma subseqs-subformulas $_\nu$ -restricted-list:
   $Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cap \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\exists ys. Y = \text{set } ys \wedge ys \in \text{set}(\text{subseqs}(\text{List.filter}(\lambda x. x \in \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi) (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \varphi))))$ 
  by (metis in-set-subseqs inf-commute inter-set-filter subformulas $_\nu$ -list-set subset-subseq)

lemma restricted-advice-sets-subformulas:
   $X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cap \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi \wedge Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cap \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\exists xs ys. X = \text{set } xs \wedge Y = \text{set } ys \wedge (xs, ys) \in \text{set}(\text{restricted-advice-sets } \varphi))$ 
  unfolding restricted-advice-sets-def set-product subseqs-subformulas $_\mu$ -restricted-list subseqs-subformulas $_\nu$ -restricted-list by blast

lemma restricted-advice-sets-not-empty:
  restricted-advice-sets  $\varphi \neq []$ 
  unfolding restricted-advice-sets-def using subseqs-not-empty product-not-empty by blast

end

```

7 Transition Functions for Deterministic Automata

```

theory Transition-Functions
imports
  ..../Logical-Characterization/After
  ..../Logical-Characterization/Advice
begin

```

This theory defines three functions based on the “after”-function which we use as transition functions for deterministic automata.

```
locale transition-functions =
  af-congruent + GF-advice-congruent
begin
```

7.1 After Functions with Resets for $GF \mu LTL$ and $FG \nu LTL$

definition $af\text{-letter}_F :: 'a ltl \Rightarrow 'a ltl \Rightarrow 'a set \Rightarrow 'a ltl$

where

$$af\text{-letter}_F \varphi \psi \nu = (\text{if } \psi \sim true_n \text{ then } F_n \varphi \text{ else } af\text{-letter} \psi \nu)$$

definition $af\text{-letter}_G :: 'a ltl \Rightarrow 'a ltl \Rightarrow 'a set \Rightarrow 'a ltl$

where

$$af\text{-letter}_G \varphi \psi \nu = (\text{if } \psi \sim false_n \text{ then } G_n \varphi \text{ else } af\text{-letter} \psi \nu)$$

abbreviation $af_F :: 'a ltl \Rightarrow 'a ltl \Rightarrow 'a set list \Rightarrow 'a ltl$

where

$$af_F \varphi \psi w \equiv foldl (af\text{-letter}_F \varphi) \psi w$$

abbreviation $af_G :: 'a ltl \Rightarrow 'a ltl \Rightarrow 'a set list \Rightarrow 'a ltl$

where

$$af_G \varphi \psi w \equiv foldl (af\text{-letter}_G \varphi) \psi w$$

lemma $af_F\text{-step}:$

$$af_F \varphi \psi w \sim true_n \implies af_F \varphi \psi (w @ [\nu]) = F_n \varphi$$

by (induction w rule: rev-induct) (auto simp: af-letter_F-def)

lemma $af_G\text{-step}:$

$$af_G \varphi \psi w \sim false_n \implies af_G \varphi \psi (w @ [\nu]) = G_n \varphi$$

by (induction w rule: rev-induct) (auto simp: af-letter_G-def)

lemma $af_F\text{-segments}:$

$$af_F \varphi \psi w = F_n \varphi \implies af_F \varphi \psi (w @ w') = af_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) w'$$

by simp

lemma $af_G\text{-segments}:$

$$af_G \varphi \psi w = G_n \varphi \implies af_G \varphi \psi (w @ w') = af_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) w'$$

by simp

lemma $af\text{-not-true-implies-af-equals-af}_F:$

$$(\bigwedge xs ys. w = xs @ ys \implies \neg af \psi xs \sim true_n) \implies af_F \varphi \psi w = af \psi w$$

```

proof (induction w rule: rev-induct)
case (snoc x xs)

then have  $af_F \varphi \psi xs = af \psi xs$ 
by simp

moreover

have  $\neg af \psi xs \sim true_n$ 
using snoc.prems by blast

ultimately show ?case
by (metis af-letterF-def foldl-Cons foldl-Nil foldl-append)
qed simp

lemma af-not-false-implies-af-equals-afG:
 $(\bigwedge xs ys. w = xs @ ys \implies \neg af \psi xs \sim false_n) \implies af_G \varphi \psi w = af \psi w$ 
proof (induction w rule: rev-induct)
case (snoc x xs)

then have  $af_G \varphi \psi xs = af \psi xs$ 
by simp

moreover

have  $\neg af \psi xs \sim false_n$ 
using snoc.prems by blast

ultimately show ?case
by (metis af-letterG-def foldl-Cons foldl-Nil foldl-append)
qed simp

lemma afF-not-true-implies-af-equals-afF:
 $(\bigwedge xs ys. w = xs @ ys \implies \neg af_F \varphi \psi xs \sim true_n) \implies af_F \varphi \psi w = af \psi w$ 
proof (induction w rule: rev-induct)
case (snoc x xs)

then have  $af_F \varphi \psi xs = af \psi xs$ 
by simp

moreover

```

```

have  $\neg af_F \varphi \psi xs \sim true_n$ 
  using snoc.prem by blast

ultimately show ?case
  by (metis af-letterF-def foldl-Cons foldl-Nil foldl-append)
qed simp

lemma afG-not-false-implies-af-equals-afG:
  ( $\bigwedge xs ys. w = xs @ ys \implies \neg af_G \varphi \psi xs \sim false_n$ )  $\implies af_G \varphi \psi w = af \psi w$ 
proof (induction w rule: rev-induct)
  case (snoc x xs)

then have afG  $\varphi \psi xs = af \psi xs$ 
  by simp

moreover

have  $\neg af_G \varphi \psi xs \sim false_n$ 
  using snoc.prem by blast

ultimately show ?case
  by (metis af-letterG-def foldl-Cons foldl-Nil foldl-append)
qed simp

lemma afF-true-implies-af-true:
  afF  $\varphi \psi w \sim true_n \implies af \psi w \sim true_n$ 
  by (metis af-append-true af-not-true-implies-af-equals-afF)

lemma afG-false-implies-af-false:
  afG  $\varphi \psi w \sim false_n \implies af \psi w \sim false_n$ 
  by (metis af-append-false af-not-false-implies-af-equals-afG)

lemma af-equiv-true-afF-prefix-true:
  af  $\psi w \sim true_n \implies \exists xs ys. w = xs @ ys \wedge af_F \varphi \psi xs \sim true_n$ 
proof (induction w rule: rev-induct)
  case (snoc a w)
  then show ?case
  proof (cases af  $\psi w \sim true_n$ )
    case False

then have  $\bigwedge xs ys. w = xs @ ys \implies \neg af \psi xs \sim true_n$ 

```

```

using af-append-true by blast

then have afF φ ψ w = af ψ w
  using af-not-true-implies-af-equals-afF by auto

then have afF φ ψ (w @ [a]) = af ψ (w @ [a])
  by (simp add: False af-letterF-def)

then show ?thesis
  by (metis append-Nil2 snoc.prems)
qed (insert snoc, force)
qed (simp add: const-implies-eq)

lemma af-equiv-false-afG-prefix-false:
  af ψ w ~ falsen ⟹ ∃ xs ys. w = xs @ ys ∧ afG φ ψ xs ~ falsen
proof (induction w rule: rev-induct)
  case (snoc a w)
  then show ?case
  proof (cases af ψ w ~ falsen)
    case False

    then have ⋀ xs ys. w = xs @ ys ⟹ ¬ af ψ xs ~ falsen
      using af-append-false by blast

    then have afG φ ψ w = af ψ w
      using af-not-false-implies-af-equals-afG by auto

    then have afG φ ψ (w @ [a]) = af ψ (w @ [a])
      by (simp add: False af-letterG-def)

    then show ?thesis
      by (metis append-Nil2 snoc.prems)
    qed (insert snoc, force)
    qed (simp add: const-implies-eq)

lemma append-take-drop:
  w = xs @ ys ⟷ xs = take (length xs) w ∧ ys = drop (length xs) w
  by (metis append-eq-conv-conj)

lemma subsequence-split:
  (w [i → j]) = xs @ ys ⟹ xs = (w [i → i + length xs])
  by (simp add: append-take-drop) (metis add-diff-cancel-left' subsequence-length
  subsequence-prefix-suffix)

```

lemma *subsequence-append-general*:

$$i \leq k \implies k \leq j \implies (w [i \rightarrow j]) = (w [i \rightarrow k]) @ (w [k \rightarrow j])$$

by (*metis le-Suc-ex map-append subsequence-def upt-add-eq-append*)

lemma *af_F-semantics-rtl*:

assumes

$$\forall i. \exists j > i. af_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow j]) \sim true_n$$

shows

$$\forall i. \exists j. af (F_n \varphi) (w [i \rightarrow j]) \sim_L true_n$$

proof

fix *i*

from assms obtain *j* **where** *j > i* **and** $af_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow j]) \sim true_n$

by blast

then have *X*: $af_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow Suc j]) = F_n \varphi$

using af_F-step by auto

obtain *k* **where** *k > j* **and** $af_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow k]) \sim true_n$

using assms using Suc-le-eq by blast

then have $af_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) (w [Suc j \rightarrow k]) \sim true_n$

using af_F-segments[OF X] by (*metis le-Suc-ex le-simps(3) subsequence-append*)

then have $af (F_n \varphi) (w [Suc j \rightarrow k]) \sim true_n$

using af_F-true-implies-af-true by blast

then show $\exists k. af (F_n \varphi) (w [i \rightarrow k]) \sim_L true_n$

by (*metis (full-types) af-F-prefix-lang-equiv-true eq-implies-lang subsequence-append-general Suc-le-eq <i < j> <j < k> less-SucI order.order-iff-strict*)

qed

lemma *af_F-semantics-ltr*:

assumes

$$\forall i. \exists j. af (F_n \varphi) (w [i \rightarrow j]) \sim true_n$$

shows

$$\forall i. \exists j > i. af_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow j]) \sim true_n$$

proof (rule ccontr)

define *resets* **where** *resets* = {*i*. $af_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow i]) \sim true_n$ }

define *m* **where** *m* = (*if* *resets* = {} *then* 0 *else* *Suc* (*Max* *resets*))

assume $\neg (\forall i. \exists j > i. af_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow j]) \sim true_n)$

then have *finite resets*

using infinite-nat-iff-unbounded resets-def by force

then have *resets* ≠ {} $\implies af_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow Max resets]) \sim true_n$

```

unfolding resets-def using Max-in by blast
then have m-reset:  $\text{af}_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow m]) = F_n \varphi$ 
unfold m-def using afF-step by auto

{
  fix i
  assume  $i \geq m$ 

  with m-reset have  $\neg \text{af}_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow i]) \sim \text{true}_n$ 
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Max-ge-iff Suc-n-not-le-n ⟨finite resets⟩
      empty-Collect-eq m-def mem-Collect-eq resets-def)
  with m-reset have  $\neg \text{af}_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) (w [m \rightarrow i]) \sim \text{true}_n$ 
    by (metis (mono-tags, opaque-lifting) ⟨ $m \leq i$ ⟩ afF-segments bot-nat-def
      le0 subsequence-append-general)
}

then have  $\#j. \text{af}_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) (w [m \rightarrow j]) \sim \text{true}_n$ 
  by (metis le-cases subseq-to-smaller)
then have  $\#j. \text{af} (F_n \varphi) (w [m \rightarrow j]) \sim \text{true}_n$ 
  by (metis af-equiv-true-afF-prefix-true subsequence-split)
then show False
  using assms by blast
qed

```

```

lemma afG-semantics-rtl:
assumes
   $\exists i. \forall j > i. \neg \text{af}_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow j]) \sim \text{false}_n$ 
shows
   $\exists i. \forall j. \neg \text{af} (G_n \varphi) (w [i \rightarrow j]) \sim \text{false}_n$ 
proof
  define resets where resets = { $i. \text{af}_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow i]) \sim \text{false}_n$ }
  define m where m = (if resets = {} then 0 else Suc (Max resets))

  from assms have finite resets
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) infinite-nat-iff-unbounded mem-Collect-eq
      resets-def)
  then have resets  $\neq \{\} \implies \text{af}_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow \text{Max resets}]) \sim \text{false}_n$ 
    unfold resets-def using Max-in by blast
  then have m-reset:  $\text{af}_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow m]) = G_n \varphi$ 
    unfold m-def using afG-step by auto

{
  fix i
}

```

assume $i \geq m$

with m -reset **have** $\neg af_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow i]) \sim false_n$
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Max-ge-iff Suc-n-not-le-n ⟨finite resets⟩
empty-Collect-eq m-def mem-Collect-eq resets-def)
with m -reset **have** $\neg af_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) (w [m \rightarrow i]) \sim false_n$
by (metis (mono-tags, opaque-lifting) ⟨ $m \leq i$ ⟩ af_G-segments bot-nat-def
le0 subsequence-append-general)
}

then have $\forall j. \neg af_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) (w [m \rightarrow j]) \sim false_n$
by (metis le-cases subseq-to-smaller)
then show $\forall j. \neg af (G_n \varphi) (w [m \rightarrow j]) \sim false_n$
by (metis af-equiv-false-af_G-prefix-false subsequence-split)
qed

lemma af_G-semantics-ltr:

assumes

$\exists i. \forall j. \neg af (G_n \varphi) (w [i \rightarrow j]) \sim_L false_n$

shows

$\exists i. \forall j > i. \neg af_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow j]) \sim false_n$

proof (rule ccontr, auto)

assume 1: $\forall i. \exists j > i. af_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow j]) \sim false_n$

{

fix i

obtain j where $j > i$ **and** $af_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow j]) \sim false_n$

using 1 **by** blast

then have $X: af_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow Suc j]) = G_n \varphi$

using af_G-step **by** auto

obtain k **where** $k > j$ **and** $af_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow k]) \sim false_n$

using 1 **using** Suc-le-eq **by** blast

then have $af_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) (w [Suc j \rightarrow k]) \sim false_n$

using af_G-segments[OF X] **by** (metis le-Suc-ex le-simps(3) subsequence-append)

then have $af (G_n \varphi) (w [Suc j \rightarrow k]) \sim false_n$

using af_G-false-implies-af-false **by** fastforce

then have $af (G_n \varphi) (w [Suc j \rightarrow k]) \sim_L false_n$

using eq-implies-lang **by** fastforce

then have $af (G_n \varphi) (w [i \rightarrow k]) \sim_L false_n$

by (metis (full-types) af_G-prefix-lang-equiv-false subsequence-append-general
Suc-le-eq ⟨ $i < j$ ⟩ ⟨ $j < k$ ⟩ less-SucI order.order-iff-strict)

then have $\exists j. af (G_n \varphi) (w [i \rightarrow j]) \sim_L false_n$

```

    by fast
}

then show False
  using assms by blast
qed

```

7.2 After Function using GF-advice

definition $af\text{-letter}_\nu :: 'a \text{ ltn set} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltn} \times 'a \text{ ltn} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltn} \times 'a \text{ ltn}$

where

$af\text{-letter}_\nu X p \nu = (\text{if } \text{snd } p \sim \text{false}_n \text{ then } (af\text{-letter} (\text{fst } p) \nu, (\text{normalise} (af\text{-letter} (\text{fst } p) \nu)) [X]_\nu) \text{ else } (af\text{-letter} (\text{fst } p) \nu, af\text{-letter} (\text{snd } p) \nu))$

abbreviation $af_\nu :: 'a \text{ ltn set} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltn} \times 'a \text{ ltn} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltn} \times 'a \text{ ltn}$

where

$af_\nu X p w \equiv \text{foldl} (af\text{-letter}_\nu X) p w$

lemma $af\text{-letter}_\nu\text{-fst}[\text{simp}]$:

$\text{fst} (af\text{-letter}_\nu X p \nu) = af\text{-letter} (\text{fst } p) \nu$
by ($\text{simp add: } af\text{-letter}_\nu\text{-def}$)

lemma $af\text{-letter}_\nu\text{-snd}[\text{simp}]$:

$\text{snd } p \sim \text{false}_n \implies \text{snd} (af\text{-letter}_\nu X p \nu) = (\text{normalise} (af\text{-letter} (\text{fst } p) \nu)) [X]_\nu$
 $\neg (\text{snd } p) \sim \text{false}_n \implies \text{snd} (af\text{-letter}_\nu X p \nu) = af\text{-letter} (\text{snd } p) \nu$
by ($\text{simp-all add: } af\text{-letter}_\nu\text{-def}$)

lemma $af_\nu\text{-fst}$:

$\text{fst} (af_\nu X p w) = af (\text{fst } p) w$
by ($\text{induction } w \text{ rule: rev-induct}$) simp+

lemma $af_\nu\text{-snd}$:

$\neg af (\text{snd } p) w \sim \text{false}_n \implies \text{snd} (af_\nu X p w) = af (\text{snd } p) w$
by ($\text{induction } w \text{ rule: rev-induct}$) ($\text{simp-all, metis } af\text{-letter}_\nu\text{-snd}(2)$ $af\text{-letter.simps}(2)$ $af\text{-letter-congruent}$)

lemma $af_\nu\text{-snd}'$:

$\forall i. \neg \text{snd} (af_\nu X p (\text{take } i w)) \sim \text{false}_n \implies \text{snd} (af_\nu X p w) = af (\text{snd } p) w$
by ($\text{induction } w \text{ rule: rev-induct}$) ($\text{simp-all, metis } af\text{-letter}_\nu\text{-snd}(2)$ diff-is-0-eq)

foldl-Nil le-cases take-all take-eq-Nil)

lemma af_ν -step:

$\text{snd } (af_\nu X (\xi, \zeta) w) \sim \text{false}_n \implies \text{snd } (af_\nu X (\xi, \zeta) (w @ [\nu])) = (\text{normalise } (af \xi (w @ [\nu]))) [X]_\nu$
by (*simp add: af_ν-fst*)

lemma af_ν -segments:

$af_\nu X (\xi, \zeta) w = (af \xi w, (af \xi w) [X]_\nu) \implies af_\nu X (\xi, \zeta) (w @ w') = af_\nu X (af \xi w, (af \xi w) [X]_\nu) w'$
by (*induction w' rule: rev-induct*) *fastforce+*

lemma af_ν -semantics-ltr:

assumes

$\exists i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n (af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)) [X]_\nu$

shows

$\exists m. \forall k \geq m. \neg \text{snd } (af_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi) [X]_\nu) (\text{prefix } (\text{Suc } k) w)) \sim \text{false}_n$

proof

define *resets* **where** *resets* = {*i*. $\text{snd } (af_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi) [X]_\nu) (\text{prefix } i w)) \sim \text{false}_n$ }

define *m* **where** *m* = (*if* *resets* = {} *then* 0 *else* *Suc* (*Max* *resets*))

from assms obtain *i* **where** 1: $\text{suffix } i w \models_n (af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)) [X]_\nu$
by *blast*

{

fix *j*

assume *i* $\leq j$ **and** *j* \in *resets*

let $? \varphi = af \varphi (\text{prefix } (\text{Suc } j) w)$

from 1 **have** $\forall n. \text{suffix } n (\text{suffix } i w) \models_n (\text{normalise } (af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w @ \text{prefix } n (\text{suffix } i w))) [X]_\nu)$
using *normalise-monotonic* **by** (*simp add: GF-advice-af*)

then have $\text{suffix } (\text{Suc } j) w \models_n (\text{normalise } (af \varphi (\text{prefix } (\text{Suc } j) w))) [X]_\nu$
by (*metis (no-types) {i} \leq j add.right-neutral le-SucI le-Suc-ex subsequence-append subsequence-shift suffix-suffix*)

then have $\forall k > j. \neg af ((\text{normalise } (af \varphi (\text{prefix } (\text{Suc } j) w))) [X]_\nu) (w [Suc j \rightarrow k]) \sim \text{false}_n$
by (*metis ttl-implies-satisfiable-prefix subsequence-prefix-suffix*)

then have $\forall k > j. \neg \text{snd}(\text{af}_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu) (w [\text{Suc } j \rightarrow k])) \sim \text{false}_n$
by (metis af_ν - snd snd - eqD)

moreover

{

have $\text{fst}(\text{af}_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu) (\text{prefix}(\text{Suc } j) w)) = \varphi$
by (simp add: af_ν - fst)

moreover

have $\text{snd}(\text{af}_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu) (\text{prefix } j w)) \sim \text{false}_n$
using $\langle j \in \text{resets} \rangle$ resets - def **by** blast

ultimately have $\text{af}_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu) (\text{prefix}(\text{Suc } j) w) = (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu)$
by (metis (no-types) af_ν - step prod. collapse subseq-to-Suc zero-le)
}

ultimately have $\forall k > j. \neg \text{snd}(\text{af}_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu) ((w [0 \rightarrow \text{Suc } j]) @ (w [\text{Suc } j \rightarrow k]))) \sim \text{false}_n$
by (simp add: af_ν - segments)

then have $\forall k > j. \neg \text{snd}(\text{af}_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu) (\text{prefix } k w)) \sim \text{false}_n$
by (metis Suc-leI le0 subsequence-append-general)

then have $\forall k \in \text{resets}. k \leq j$

using $\langle j \in \text{resets} \rangle$ resets - def le-less-linear **by** blast
}

then have finite resets

by (meson finite-nat-set-iff-bounded-le infinite-nat-iff-unbounded-le)

then have $\text{resets} \neq \{\} \implies \text{snd}(\text{af}_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu) (\text{prefix } (\text{Max } \text{resets}) w)) \sim \text{false}_n$
using Max-in resets - def **by** blast

then have $\forall k \geq m. \neg \text{snd}(\text{af}_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu) (\text{prefix } k w)) \sim \text{false}_n$
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Max-ge Suc-n-not-le-n ⟨finite resets ⟩ empty-Collect-eq m-def mem-Collect-eq order.trans resets - def)

```

then show  $\forall k \geq m. \neg \text{snd}(\text{af}_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu) (\text{prefix } (\text{Suc } k) w)) \sim \text{false}_n$ 
    using le-SucI by blast
qed

```

lemma af_ν-semantics-rtl:

assumes

$\exists n. \forall k \geq n. \neg \text{snd}(\text{af}_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu) (\text{prefix } (\text{Suc } k) w)) \sim \text{false}_n$

shows

$\exists i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n \text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)[X]_\nu$

proof –

define resets **where** $\text{resets} = \{i. \text{snd}(\text{af}_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu) (\text{prefix } i w)) \sim \text{false}_n\}$

define m **where** $m = (\text{if } \text{resets} = \{\} \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } \text{Suc}(\text{Max } \text{resets}))$

from assms obtain n **where** $\forall k \geq n. \neg \text{snd}(\text{af}_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu) (\text{prefix } (\text{Suc } k) w)) \sim \text{false}_n$
by blast

then have $\forall k > n. \neg \text{snd}(\text{af}_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu) (\text{prefix } k w)) \sim \text{false}_n$
by (metis le-SucE lessE less-imp-le-nat)

then have finite resets

by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) infinite-nat-iff-unbounded mem-Collect-eq resets-def)

then have $\forall i \geq m. \neg \text{snd}(\text{af}_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu) (\text{prefix } i w)) \sim \text{false}_n$
unfolding resets-def m-def **using** Max-ge not-less-eq-eq **by** auto

then have $\forall i. \neg \text{snd}(\text{af}_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu) ((w[0 \rightarrow m]) @ (w[m \rightarrow i]))) \sim \text{false}_n$
by (metis le0 nat-le-linear subseq-to-smaller subsequence-append-general)

moreover

let ?φ = af φ (prefix m w)

have $\text{resets} \neq \{\} \implies \text{snd}(\text{af}_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu) (\text{prefix } (\text{Max } \text{resets}) w)) \sim \text{false}_n$
using Max-in ⟨finite resets⟩ resets-def **by** blast

```

then have  $\text{prefix-}\varphi': \text{snd} (\text{af}_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu) (\text{prefix } m w)) =$   

 $(\text{normalise } ?\varphi)[X]_\nu$   

by (auto simp: GF-advice-congruent m-def afν-fst)

ultimately have  $\forall i. \neg \text{snd} (\text{af}_\nu X (?\varphi, (\text{normalise } ?\varphi)[X]_\nu) (w [m \rightarrow i])) \sim \text{false}_n$   

by (metis afν-fst foldl-append fst-conv prod.collapse)

then have  $\forall i. \neg \text{af} ((\text{normalise } ?\varphi)[X]_\nu) (w [m \rightarrow i]) \sim \text{false}_n$   

by (metis prefix-φ' afν-fst afν-snd' fst-conv prod.collapse subsequence-take)

then have  $\text{suffix } m w \models_n (\text{normalise} (\text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } m w))) [X]_\nu$   

by (metis GF-advice-νLTL(1) satisfiable-prefix-implies-νLTL add.right-neutral  

subsequence-shift)

from this[THEN normalise-eventually-equivalent]
show  $\exists i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n \text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)[X]_\nu$   

by (metis add.commute af-subsequence-append le-add1 le-add-same-cancel1  

prefix-suffix-subsequence suffix-suffix)
qed

end

```

7.3 Reachability Bounds

We show that the reach of each after-function is bounded by the atomic propositions of the input formula.

```

locale transition-functions-size = transition-functions +
assumes
  normalise-nested-propos: nested-prop-atoms  $\varphi \supseteq$  nested-prop-atoms (normalise
 $\varphi$ )
begin

lemma af-letterF-nested-prop-atoms:
  nested-prop-atoms  $\psi \subseteq$  nested-prop-atoms ( $F_n \varphi$ )  $\implies$  nested-prop-atoms
  (af-letterF  $\varphi \psi \nu$ )  $\subseteq$  nested-prop-atoms ( $F_n \varphi$ )
  by (induction  $\psi$ ) (auto simp: af-letterF-def, insert af-letter-nested-prop-atoms,
blast+)

lemma afF-nested-prop-atoms:
  nested-prop-atoms  $\psi \subseteq$  nested-prop-atoms ( $F_n \varphi$ )  $\implies$  nested-prop-atoms
  (afF  $\varphi \psi w$ )  $\subseteq$  nested-prop-atoms ( $F_n \varphi$ )

```

by (induction w rule: rev-induct) (insert af-letter_F-nested-prop-atoms, auto)

lemma af-letter_F-range:

nested-prop-atoms $\psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi) \implies \text{range } (\text{af-letter}_F \varphi \psi) \subseteq \{\psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi)\}$

using af-letter_F-nested-prop-atoms **by** blast

lemma af_F-range:

nested-prop-atoms $\psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi) \implies \text{range } (\text{af}_F \varphi \psi) \subseteq \{\psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi)\}$

using af_F-nested-prop-atoms **by** blast

lemma af-letter_G-nested-prop-atoms:

nested-prop-atoms $\psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (G_n \varphi) \implies \text{nested-prop-atoms } (\text{af-letter}_G \varphi \psi \nu) \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (G_n \varphi)$

by (induction ψ) (auto simp: af-letter_G-def, insert af-letter-nested-prop-atoms, blast+)

lemma af_G-nested-prop-atoms:

nested-prop-atoms $\psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (G_n \varphi) \implies \text{nested-prop-atoms } (\text{af}_G \varphi \psi w) \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (G_n \varphi)$

by (induction w rule: rev-induct) (insert af-letter_G-nested-prop-atoms, auto)

lemma af-letter_G-range:

nested-prop-atoms $\psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (G_n \varphi) \implies \text{range } (\text{af-letter}_G \varphi \psi) \subseteq \{\psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (G_n \varphi)\}$

using af-letter_G-nested-prop-atoms **by** blast

lemma af_G-range:

nested-prop-atoms $\psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (G_n \varphi) \implies \text{range } (\text{af}_G \varphi \psi) \subseteq \{\psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (G_n \varphi)\}$

using af_G-nested-prop-atoms **by** blast

lemma af-letter_v-snd-nested-prop-atoms-helper:

$\text{snd } p \sim \text{false}_n \implies \text{nested-prop-atoms } (\text{snd } (\text{af-letter}_v X p \nu)) \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms}_v (\text{fst } p) X$

$\neg \text{snd } p \sim \text{false}_n \implies \text{nested-prop-atoms } (\text{snd } (\text{af-letter}_v X p \nu)) \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (\text{snd } p)$

by (simp-all add: af-letter-nested-prop-atoms nested-prop-atoms_v-def)

(metis GF-advice-nested-prop-atoms_v af-letter-nested-prop-atoms nested-prop-atoms_v-subset dual-order.trans nested-prop-atoms_v-def normalise-nested-propos)

lemma *af-letter_ν-fst-nested-prop-atoms*:
nested-prop-atoms (*fst* (*af-letter_ν* *X p ν*)) ⊆ *nested-prop-atoms* (*fst p*)
by (*simp add: af-letter-nested-prop-atoms*)

lemma *af-letter_ν-snd-nested-prop-atoms*:
nested-prop-atoms (*snd* (*af-letter_ν* *X p ν*)) ⊆ (*nested-prop-atoms_ν* (*fst p*)
X) ∪ (*nested-prop-atoms* (*snd p*))
using *af-letter_ν-snd-nested-prop-atoms-helper* **by** *blast*

lemma *af-letter_ν-fst-range*:
range (*fst* ◦ *af-letter_ν* *X p*) ⊆ { ψ . *nested-prop-atoms* ψ ⊆ *nested-prop-atoms* (*fst p*)}
using *af-letter_ν-fst-nested-prop-atoms* **by** *force*

lemma *af-letter_ν-snd-range*:
range (*snd* ◦ *af-letter_ν* *X p*) ⊆ { ψ . *nested-prop-atoms* ψ ⊆ (*nested-prop-atoms_ν* (*fst p*) *X*) ∪ *nested-prop-atoms* (*snd p*)}
using *af-letter_ν-snd-nested-prop-atoms* **by** *force*

lemma *af-letter_ν-range*:
range (*af-letter_ν* *X p*) ⊆ { ψ . *nested-prop-atoms* ψ ⊆ *nested-prop-atoms* (*fst p*)} × { ψ . *nested-prop-atoms* ψ ⊆ (*nested-prop-atoms_ν* (*fst p*) *X*) ∪ *nested-prop-atoms* (*snd p*)}
proof –
have *range* (*af-letter_ν* *X p*) ⊆ *range* (*fst* ◦ *af-letter_ν* *X p*) × *range* (*snd* ◦ *af-letter_ν* *X p*)
by (*simp add: image-subset-iff mem-Times-iff*)
also have ... ⊆ { ψ . *nested-prop-atoms* ψ ⊆ *nested-prop-atoms* (*fst p*)} × { ψ . *nested-prop-atoms* ψ ⊆ (*nested-prop-atoms_ν* (*fst p*) *X*) ∪ *nested-prop-atoms* (*snd p*)}
using *af-letter_ν-fst-range af-letter_ν-snd-range* **by** *blast*

finally show ?thesis .
qed

lemma *af_ν-fst-nested-prop-atoms*:
nested-prop-atoms (*fst* (*af_ν* *X p w*)) ⊆ *nested-prop-atoms* (*fst p*)
by (*induction w rule: rev-induct*) (*auto, insert af-letter-nested-prop-atoms, blast*)

lemma *af-letter-nested-prop-atoms_ν*:
nested-prop-atoms_ν (*af-letter* φ ν) *X* ⊆ *nested-prop-atoms_ν* φ *X*
by (*induction* φ) (*simp-all add: nested-prop-atoms_ν-def, blast+*)

lemma $af_\nu\text{-}fst\text{-}nested\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms_\nu$:

$\text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms_\nu (\text{fst} (af_\nu X p w)) X \subseteq \text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms_\nu (\text{fst} p) X$

by (*induction w rule: rev-induct*) (*auto, insert af-letter-nested-prop-atoms_ν, blast*)

lemma $af_\nu\text{-}fst\text{-}range$:

$\text{range} (\text{fst} \circ af_\nu X p) \subseteq \{\psi. \text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms \psi \subseteq \text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms (\text{fst} p)\}$

using $af_\nu\text{-}fst\text{-}nested\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms$ **by** *fastforce*

lemma $af_\nu\text{-}snd\text{-}nested\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms$:

$\text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms (\text{snd} (af_\nu X p w)) \subseteq (\text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms_\nu (\text{fst} p) X) \cup (\text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms (\text{snd} p))$

proof (*induction w arbitrary: p rule: rev-induct*)

case ($snoc x xs$)

let $?p = af_\nu X p xs$

have $\text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms (\text{snd} (af_\nu X p (xs @ [x]))) \subseteq (\text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms_\nu (\text{fst} ?p) X) \cup (\text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms (\text{snd} ?p))$

by (*simp add: af-letter_ν-snd-nested-prop-atoms*)

then show $?case$

using $snoc af_\nu\text{-}fst\text{-}nested\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms_\nu$ **by** *blast*

qed (*simp add: nested-prop-atoms_ν-def*)

lemma $af_\nu\text{-}snd\text{-}range$:

$\text{range} (\text{snd} \circ af_\nu X p) \subseteq \{\psi. \text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms \psi \subseteq (\text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms_\nu (\text{fst} p) X) \cup \text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms (\text{snd} p)\}$

using $af_\nu\text{-}snd\text{-}nested\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms$ **by** *fastforce*

lemma $af_\nu\text{-}range$:

$\text{range} (af_\nu X p) \subseteq \{\psi. \text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms \psi \subseteq \text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms (\text{fst} p)\} \times \{\psi. \text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms \psi \subseteq (\text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms_\nu (\text{fst} p) X) \cup \text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms (\text{snd} p)\}$

proof –

have $\text{range} (af_\nu X p) \subseteq \text{range} (\text{fst} \circ af_\nu X p) \times \text{range} (\text{snd} \circ af_\nu X p)$

by (*simp add: image-subset-iff mem-Times-iff*)

also have $\dots \subseteq \{\psi. \text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms \psi \subseteq \text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms (\text{fst} p)\} \times \{\psi. \text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms \psi \subseteq (\text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms_\nu (\text{fst} p) X) \cup \text{nested}\text{-}prop\text{-}atoms (\text{snd} p)\}$

using $af_\nu\text{-}fst\text{-}range af_\nu\text{-}snd\text{-}range$ **by** *blast*

```

finally show ?thesis .
qed

end

end

```

8 Quotient Type Emulation for Locales

```

theory Quotient-Type
imports
  Main
begin

locale quotient =
  fixes
    eq :: 'a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool
  and
    Rep :: 'b ⇒ 'a
  and
    Abs :: 'a ⇒ 'b
  assumes
    Rep-inverse: Abs (Rep a) = a
  and
    Abs-eq: Abs x = Abs y ←→ eq x y
begin

lemma Rep-inject:
  Rep x = Rep y ←→ x = y
  by (metis Rep-inverse)

lemma Rep-Abs-eq:
  eq x (Rep (Abs x))
  by (metis Abs-eq Rep-inverse)

end

end

```

9 Convert between ω -Words and Streams

```

theory Omega-Words-Fun-Stream

```

```

imports
  HOL-Library.Omega-Words-Fun HOL-Library.Stream
begin

definition to-omega :: 'a stream  $\Rightarrow$  'a word where
  to-omega  $\equiv$  snth

definition to-stream :: 'a word  $\Rightarrow$  'a stream where
  to-stream w  $\equiv$  smap w nats

lemma to-omega-to-stream[simp]:
  to-omega (to-stream w) = w
  unfolding to-omega-def to-stream-def
  by auto

lemma to-stream-to-omega[simp]:
  to-stream (to-omega s) = s
  unfolding to-omega-def to-stream-def
  by (metis stream-smap-nats)

lemma bij-to-omega:
  bij to-omega
  by (metis bijI' to-omega-to-stream to-stream-to-omega)

lemma bij-to-stream:
  bij to-stream
  by (metis bijI' to-omega-to-stream to-stream-to-omega)

lemma image-intersection[simp]:
  to-omega ` (A ∩ B) = to-omega ` A ∩ to-omega ` B
  to-stream ` (C ∩ D) = to-stream ` C ∩ to-stream ` D
  by (simp-all add: bij-is-inj bij-to-omega bij-to-stream image-Int)

lemma to-stream-snth[simp]:
  (to-stream w) !! k = w k
  by (simp add: to-stream-def)

lemma to-omega-index[simp]:
  (to-omega s) k = s !! k
  by (metis to-stream-snth to-stream-to-omega)

```

```

lemma to-stream-stake[simp]:
  stake k (to-stream w) = prefix k w
  by (induction k) (simp add: to-stream-def)+

lemma to-omega-prefix[simp]:
  prefix k (to-omega s) = stake k s
  by (metis to-stream-stake to-stream-to-omega)

lemma in-image[simp]:
  x ∈ to-omega ‘ X ↔ to-stream x ∈ X
  y ∈ to-stream ‘ Y ↔ to-omega y ∈ Y
  by force+

end

```

10 Constructing DRAs for LTL Formulas

```

theory DRA-Construction
imports
  Transition-Functions
  ..../Quotient-Type
  ..../Omega-Words-Fun-Stream
  HOL-Library.Log-Nat
  ..../Logical-Characterization/Master-Theorem
  ..../Logical-Characterization/Restricted-Master-Theorem
  Transition-Systems-and-Automata.DBA-Combine
  Transition-Systems-and-Automata.DCA-Combine
  Transition-Systems-and-Automata.DRA-Combine
begin

```

— We use prefix and suffix on infinite words.
hide-const Sublist.prefix Sublist.suffix

```

locale dra-construction = transition-functions eq normalise + quotient eq
Rep Abs
  for
    eq :: 'a ltn ⇒ 'a ltn ⇒ bool (infix ⟨~⟩ 75)
  and
    normalise :: 'a ltn ⇒ 'a ltn

```

```

and
  Rep :: 'ltlq  $\Rightarrow$  'a ltn
and
  Abs :: 'a ltn  $\Rightarrow$  'ltlq
begin

```

10.1 Lifting Setup

abbreviation $true_n$ -lifted :: 'ltlq ($\langle \uparrow true_n \rangle$) **where**
 $\uparrow true_n \equiv Abs\ true_n$

abbreviation $false_n$ -lifted :: 'ltlq ($\langle \uparrow false_n \rangle$) **where**
 $\uparrow false_n \equiv Abs\ false_n$

abbreviation af-letter-lifted :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'ltlq \Rightarrow 'ltlq ($\langle \uparrow afletter \rangle$) **where**
 $\uparrow afletter\ \nu\ \varphi \equiv Abs\ (af-letter\ (Rep\ \varphi)\ \nu)$

abbreviation af-lifted :: 'ltlq \Rightarrow 'a set list \Rightarrow 'ltlq ($\langle \uparrow af \rangle$) **where**
 $\uparrow af\ \varphi\ w \equiv fold\ \uparrow afletter\ w\ \varphi$

abbreviation GF-advice-lifted :: 'ltlq \Rightarrow 'a ltn set \Rightarrow 'ltlq ($\langle \uparrow [-]_\nu \rangle$ [90,60]
89) **where**
 $\varphi \uparrow [X]_\nu \equiv Abs\ ((Rep\ \varphi)[X]_\nu)$

lemma af-letter-lifted-semantics:
 $\uparrow afletter\ \nu\ (Abs\ \varphi) = Abs\ (af-letter\ \varphi\ \nu)$
by (metis Rep-Abs-eq af-letter-congruent Abs-eq)

lemma af-lifted-semantics:
 $\uparrow af\ (Abs\ \varphi)\ w = Abs\ (af\ \varphi\ w)$
by (induction w rule: rev-induct) (auto simp: Abs-eq, insert Rep-Abs-eq
af-letter-congruent eq-sym, blast)

lemma af-lifted-range:
 $range\ (\uparrow af\ (Abs\ \varphi)) \subseteq \{Abs\ \psi \mid \psi. nested-prop-atoms\ \psi \subseteq nested-prop-atoms\ \varphi\}$
using af-lifted-semantics af-nested-prop-atoms **by** blast

definition af-letter_F-lifted :: 'a ltn \Rightarrow 'a set \Rightarrow 'ltlq \Rightarrow 'ltlq ($\langle \uparrow afletter_F \rangle$)
where
 $\uparrow afletter_F\ \varphi\ \nu\ \psi \equiv Abs\ (af-letter_F\ \varphi\ (Rep\ \psi)\ \nu)$

definition $af\text{-letter}_G\text{-lifted} :: 'a ltn \Rightarrow 'a set \Rightarrow 'ltlq \Rightarrow 'ltlq (\langle \uparrow af\text{letter}_G \rangle)$
where

$$\uparrow af\text{letter}_G \varphi \nu \psi \equiv Abs (af\text{-letter}_G \varphi (Rep \psi) \nu)$$

lemma $af\text{-letter}_F\text{-lifted-semantics}:$

$$\uparrow af\text{letter}_F \varphi \nu (Abs \psi) = Abs (af\text{-letter}_F \varphi \psi \nu)$$

by (metis $af\text{-letter}_F\text{-lifted-def}$ $Rep\text{-inverse}$ $af\text{-letter}_F\text{-def}$ $af\text{-letter-congruent}$ $Abs\text{-eq}$)

lemma $af\text{-letter}_G\text{-lifted-semantics}:$

$$\uparrow af\text{letter}_G \varphi \nu (Abs \psi) = Abs (af\text{-letter}_G \varphi \psi \nu)$$

by (metis $af\text{-letter}_G\text{-lifted-def}$ $Rep\text{-inverse}$ $af\text{-letter}_G\text{-def}$ $af\text{-letter-congruent}$ $Abs\text{-eq}$)

abbreviation $af_F\text{-lifted} :: 'a ltn \Rightarrow 'ltlq \Rightarrow 'a set list \Rightarrow 'ltlq (\langle \uparrow af_F \rangle)$

where

$$\uparrow af_F \varphi \psi w \equiv fold (\uparrow af\text{letter}_F \varphi) w \psi$$

abbreviation $af_G\text{-lifted} :: 'a ltn \Rightarrow 'ltlq \Rightarrow 'a set list \Rightarrow 'ltlq (\langle \uparrow af_G \rangle)$

where

$$\uparrow af_G \varphi \psi w \equiv fold (\uparrow af\text{letter}_G \varphi) w \psi$$

lemma $af_F\text{-lifted-semantics}:$

$$\uparrow af_F \varphi (Abs \psi) w = Abs (af_F \varphi \psi w)$$

by (induction w rule: rev-induct) (auto simp: $af\text{-letter}_F\text{-lifted-semantics})$

lemma $af_G\text{-lifted-semantics}:$

$$\uparrow af_G \varphi (Abs \psi) w = Abs (af_G \varphi \psi w)$$

by (induction w rule: rev-induct) (auto simp: $af\text{-letter}_G\text{-lifted-semantics})$

definition $af\text{-letter}_\nu\text{-lifted} :: 'a ltn set \Rightarrow 'a set \Rightarrow 'ltlq \times 'ltlq \Rightarrow 'ltlq \times 'ltlq (\langle \uparrow af\text{letter}_\nu \rangle)$

where

$$\uparrow af\text{letter}_\nu X \nu p \equiv$$

$$(Abs (fst (af\text{-letter}_\nu X (Rep (fst p), Rep (snd p)) \nu)),\\ Abs (snd (af\text{-letter}_\nu X (Rep (fst p), Rep (snd p)) \nu)))$$

abbreviation $af_\nu\text{-lifted} :: 'a ltn set \Rightarrow 'ltlq \times 'ltlq \Rightarrow 'a set list \Rightarrow 'ltlq \times 'ltlq (\langle \uparrow af_\nu \rangle)$

where

$$\uparrow af_\nu X p w \equiv fold (\uparrow af\text{letter}_\nu X) w p$$

lemma $af\text{-letter}_\nu\text{-lifted-semantics}:$

$\uparrow afletter_\nu X \nu (Abs x, Abs y) = (Abs (fst (af-letter_\nu X (x, y) \nu)), Abs (snd (af-letter_\nu X (x, y) \nu)))$
by (*simp add: af-letter_{\nu}-def af-letter_{\nu}-lifted-def*) (*insert GF-advice-congruent Rep-Abs-eq Rep-inverse af-letter-lifted-semantics eq-trans Abs-eq, blast*)

lemma *af_{\nu}-lifted-semantics*:

$\uparrow af_\nu X (Abs \xi, Abs \zeta) w = (Abs (fst (af_\nu X (\xi, \zeta) w)), Abs (snd (af_\nu X (\xi, \zeta) w)))$

apply (*induction w rule: rev-induct*)

apply (*auto simp: af-letter_{\nu}-lifted-def af-letter_{\nu}-lifted-semantics af-letter-lifted-semantics*)

by (*metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) af-letter_{\nu}-lifted-def af_{\nu}-fst af-letter_{\nu}-lifted-semantics eq-fst-iff prod.sel(2)*)

10.2 Büchi automata for basic languages

definition $\mathfrak{A}_\mu :: 'a ltl n \Rightarrow ('a set, 'ltlq) dba$ **where**

$\mathfrak{A}_\mu \varphi = dba\ UNIV\ (Abs\ \varphi)\ \uparrow afletter\ (\lambda\psi.\ \psi = \uparrow true_n)$

definition $\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-}GF :: 'a ltl n \Rightarrow ('a set, 'ltlq) dba$ **where**

$\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-}GF \varphi = dba\ UNIV\ (Abs\ (F_n\ \varphi))\ (\uparrow afletter_F\ \varphi)\ (\lambda\psi.\ \psi = \uparrow true_n)$

definition $\mathfrak{A}_\nu :: 'a ltl n \Rightarrow ('a set, 'ltlq) dca$ **where**

$\mathfrak{A}_\nu \varphi = dca\ UNIV\ (Abs\ \varphi)\ \uparrow afletter\ (\lambda\psi.\ \psi = \uparrow false_n)$

definition $\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-}FG :: 'a ltl n \Rightarrow ('a set, 'ltlq) dca$ **where**

$\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-}FG \varphi = dca\ UNIV\ (Abs\ (G_n\ \varphi))\ (\uparrow afletter_G\ \varphi)\ (\lambda\psi.\ \psi = \uparrow false_n)$

lemma *dba-run*:

DBA.run (dba UNIV p δ α) (to-stream w) p unfolding dba.run-alt-def

by *simp*

lemma *dca-run*:

DCA.run (dca UNIV p δ α) (to-stream w) p unfolding dca.run-alt-def

by *simp*

lemma \mathfrak{A}_μ -language:

$\varphi \in \mu LTL \implies \text{to-stream } w \in DBA.language\ (\mathfrak{A}_\mu\ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow w \models_n \varphi$

proof –

assume $\varphi \in \mu LTL$

then have $w \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\forall n. \exists k \geq n. af\ \varphi\ (w[0 \rightarrow k]) \sim true_n)$

by (*meson af-μLTL af-prefix-true le-cases*)

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow (\forall n. \exists k \geq n. af \varphi (w[0 \rightarrow Suc k]) \sim true_n)$
by (meson af-prefix-true le-SucI order-refl)

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow inf \psi. \psi = \uparrow true_n$ (DBA.trace ($\mathfrak{A}_\mu \varphi$) (to-stream w) (Abs φ))
by (simp add: inf-snth \mathfrak{A}_μ -def DBA.transition-def af-lifted-semantics Abs-eq[symmetric] af-letter-lifted-semantics)

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow$ to-stream $w \in DBA.language$ ($\mathfrak{A}_\mu \varphi$)
unfolding \mathfrak{A}_μ -def dba.initial-def dba.accepting-def **by** (auto simp: dba-run)

finally show ?thesis
by simp
qed

lemma \mathfrak{A}_μ -GF-language:
 $\varphi \in \mu LTL \implies$ to-stream $w \in DBA.language$ (\mathfrak{A}_μ -GF φ) $\longleftrightarrow w \models_n G_n$ ($F_n \varphi$)

proof –
assume $\varphi \in \mu LTL$
then have $w \models_n G_n$ ($F_n \varphi$) $\longleftrightarrow (\forall n. \exists k. af (F_n \varphi) (w[n \rightarrow k]) \sim_L true_n)$
using ltl-lang-equivalence.af- μLTL -GF **by** blast

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow (\forall n. \exists k > n. af_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) (w[0 \rightarrow k]) \sim true_n)$
using af_F-semantics-ltr af_F-semantics-rtl
using $\langle \varphi \in \mu LTL \rangle$ af- μLTL -GF calculation **by** blast

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow (\forall n. \exists k \geq n. af_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) (w[0 \rightarrow Suc k]) \sim true_n)$
by (metis less-Suc-eq-le less-imp-Suc-add)

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow inf \psi. \psi = \uparrow true_n$ (DBA.trace (\mathfrak{A}_μ -GF φ) (to-stream w) (Abs ($F_n \varphi$)))
by (simp add: inf-snth \mathfrak{A}_μ -GF-def DBA.transition-def af_F-lifted-semantics Abs-eq[symmetric] af-letter_F-lifted-semantics)

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow$ to-stream $w \in DBA.language$ (\mathfrak{A}_μ -GF φ)
unfolding \mathfrak{A}_μ -GF-def dba.initial-def dba.accepting-def **by** (auto simp: dba-run)

finally show ?thesis
by simp

qed

lemma \mathfrak{A}_ν -language:

$\varphi \in \nu LTL \implies \text{to-stream } w \in DCA.\text{language } (\mathfrak{A}_\nu \varphi) \longleftrightarrow w \models_n \varphi$

proof –

assume $\varphi \in \nu LTL$

then have $w \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\exists n. \forall k \geq n. \neg af \varphi (w[0 \rightarrow k]) \sim false_n)$

by (meson af- νLTL af-prefix-false le-cases order-refl)

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow (\exists n. \forall k \geq n. \neg af \varphi (w[0 \rightarrow Suc k]) \sim false_n)$

by (meson af-prefix-false le-SucI order-refl)

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow fins (\lambda \psi. \psi = \uparrow false_n) (DCA.\text{trace } (\mathfrak{A}_\nu \varphi) (\text{to-stream } w) (\text{Abs } \varphi))$

by (simp add: inf-synth \mathfrak{A}_ν -def DBA.transition-def af-lifted-semantics Abs-eq[symmetric] af-letter-lifted-semantics)

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow \text{to-stream } w \in DCA.\text{language } (\mathfrak{A}_\nu \varphi)$

unfolding \mathfrak{A}_ν -def dca.initial-def dca.rejecting-def **by** (auto simp: dca-run)

finally show ?thesis

by simp

qed

lemma \mathfrak{A}_ν -FG-language:

$\varphi \in \nu LTL \implies \text{to-stream } w \in DCA.\text{language } (\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-FG } \varphi) \longleftrightarrow w \models_n F_n (G_n \varphi)$

proof –

assume $\varphi \in \nu LTL$

then have $w \models_n F_n (G_n \varphi) \longleftrightarrow (\exists k. \forall j. \neg af (G_n \varphi) (w[k \rightarrow j]) \sim_L false_n)$

using $ltl\text{-lang-equivalence}.\text{af-}\nu LTL\text{-FG}$ **by** blast

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow (\exists n. \forall k > n. \neg af_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) (w[0 \rightarrow k]) \sim false_n)$

using $af_G\text{-semantics-ltr}$ $af_G\text{-semantics-rtl}$

using $\langle \varphi \in \nu LTL \rangle$ $af\text{-}\nu LTL\text{-FG}$ calculation **by** blast

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow (\exists n. \forall k \geq n. \neg af_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) (w[0 \rightarrow Suc k]) \sim false_n)$

by (metis less-Suc-eq-le less-imp-Suc-add)

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow fins (\lambda \psi. \psi = \uparrow false_n) (DCA.\text{trace } (\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-FG } \varphi) (\text{to-stream } w) (\text{Abs } (G_n \varphi)))$

by (*simp add: inf-snth \mathfrak{A}_ν -FG-def DBA.transition-def af_G-lifted-semantics Abs-eq[symmetric] af-letter_G-lifted-semantics*)

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow$ *to-stream w* \in *DCA.language* (\mathfrak{A}_ν -FG φ)
unfolding \mathfrak{A}_ν -FG-def *dca.initial-def dca.rejecting-def* **by** (*auto simp: dca-run*)

finally show ?thesis
by *simp*
qed

10.3 A DCA checking the GF-advice Function

definition $\mathfrak{C} :: 'a ltl \Rightarrow 'a ltl set \Rightarrow ('a set, 'ltlq \times 'ltlq) dca$ **where**
 $\mathfrak{C} \varphi X = dca UNIV (Abs \varphi, Abs ((normalise \varphi)[X]_\nu)) (\uparrow afletter_\nu X) (\lambda p. snd p = \uparrow false_n)$

lemma \mathfrak{C} -language:

to-stream w \in *DCA.language* ($\mathfrak{C} \varphi X$) \longleftrightarrow ($\exists i.$ *suffix i w* $\models_n af \varphi$ (*prefix i w*) $[X]_\nu$)

proof –

have ($\exists i.$ *suffix i w* $\models_n af \varphi$ (*prefix i w*) $[X]_\nu$)
 \longleftrightarrow ($\exists m.$ $\forall k \geq m.$ \neg *snd* (*af* _{ν} *X* (φ , (*normalise* φ) $[X]_\nu$)) (*prefix* (*Suc k*) *w*)) \sim *false_n*)
using *af _{ν} -semantics-ltr af _{ν} -semantics-rtl* **by** *blast*

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow$ *fins* ($\lambda p.$ *snd p* = $\uparrow false_n$) (*DCA.trace* ($\mathfrak{C} \varphi X$)
(*to-stream w*) (*Abs* φ , *Abs* ((*normalise* φ) $[X]_\nu$)))
by (*simp add: inf-snth \mathfrak{C} -def DCA.transition-def af _{ν} -lifted-semantics af-letter _{ν} -lifted-semantics Abs-eq*)

also have $\dots \longleftrightarrow$ *to-stream w* \in *DCA.language* ($\mathfrak{C} \varphi X$)
by (*simp add: \mathfrak{C} -def dca.initial-def dca.rejecting-def dca.language-def dca-run*)

finally show ?thesis
by *blast*
qed

10.4 A DRA for each combination of sets X and Y

lemma *dba-language*:

($\bigwedge w.$ *to-stream w* \in *DBA.language* $\mathfrak{A} \longleftrightarrow w \models_n \varphi \implies DBA.language \mathfrak{A}$)

$= \{w. \text{to-omega } w \models_n \varphi\}$
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Collect-cong dba.language-def mem-Collect-eq to-stream-to-omega)

lemma dca-language:

$(\bigwedge w. \text{to-stream } w \in DCA.\text{language } \mathfrak{A} \longleftrightarrow w \models_n \varphi) \implies DCA.\text{language } \mathfrak{A} = \{w. \text{to-omega } w \models_n \varphi\}$
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Collect-cong dca.language-def mem-Collect-eq to-stream-to-omega)

definition $\mathfrak{A}_1 :: 'a ltnl \Rightarrow 'a ltnl \text{ list} \Rightarrow ('a \text{ set}, 'ltlq \times 'ltlq) \text{ dca where}$
 $\mathfrak{A}_1 \varphi xs = \mathfrak{C} \varphi (\text{set } xs)$

lemma \mathfrak{A}_1 -language:

$\text{to-omega} 'DCA.\text{language} (\mathfrak{A}_1 \varphi xs) = L_1 \varphi (\text{set } xs)$
by (simp add: \mathfrak{A}_1 -def L_1 -def set-eq-iff \mathfrak{C} -language)

lemma \mathfrak{A}_1 -alphabet:

$DCA.\text{alphabet} (\mathfrak{A}_1 \varphi xs) = UNIV$
unfolding \mathfrak{A}_1 -def \mathfrak{C} -def **by** simp

definition $\mathfrak{A}_2 :: 'a ltnl \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a ltnl \text{ list} \Rightarrow ('a \text{ set}, 'ltlq \text{ list degen}) \text{ dca where}$
 $\mathfrak{A}_2 xs ys = DBA.\text{Combine.intersect-list} (\text{map } (\lambda\psi. \mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-GF} (\psi[\text{set } ys]_\mu)) ys)$

lemma \mathfrak{A}_2 -language:

$\text{to-omega} 'DBA.\text{language} (\mathfrak{A}_2 xs ys) = L_2 (\text{set } xs) (\text{set } ys)$
by (simp add: \mathfrak{A}_2 -def L_2 -def set-eq-iff dba-language[OF \mathfrak{A}_μ -GF-language[OF FG-advice- μ LTL(1)]])

lemma \mathfrak{A}_2 -alphabet:

$DBA.\text{alphabet} (\mathfrak{A}_2 xs ys) = UNIV$
by (simp add: \mathfrak{A}_2 -def \mathfrak{A}_μ -GF-def)

definition $\mathfrak{A}_3 :: 'a ltnl \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a ltnl \text{ list} \Rightarrow ('a \text{ set}, 'ltlq \text{ list}) \text{ dca where}$
 $\mathfrak{A}_3 xs ys = DCA.\text{Combine.intersect-list} (\text{map } (\lambda\psi. \mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-FG} (\psi[\text{set } xs]_\nu)) ys)$

lemma \mathfrak{A}_3 -language:

$\text{to-omega} 'DCA.\text{language} (\mathfrak{A}_3 xs ys) = L_3 (\text{set } xs) (\text{set } ys)$

by (*simp add: A₃-def L₃-def set-eq-iff dca-language[OF A_v-FG-language[OF GF-advice-νLTL(1)]]*)

lemma A₃-alphabet:

DCA.alphabet (A₃ xs ys) = UNIV

by (*simp add: A₃-def A_v-FG-def*)

definition A' φ xs ys = intersect-bc (A₂ xs ys) (DCA-Combine.intersect (A₁ φ xs) (A₃ xs ys))

lemma A'-language:

to-omega ‘ DRA.language (A' φ xs ys) = (L₁ φ (set xs) ∩ L₂ (set xs) (set ys) ∩ L₃ (set xs) (set ys))

by (*simp add: A'-def A₁-language A₂-language A₃-language*) fastforce

lemma A'-alphabet:

DRA.alphabet (A' φ xs ys) = UNIV

by (*simp add: A'-def A₁-alphabet A₂-alphabet A₃-alphabet*)

10.5 A DRA for L φ

This is the final constant constructing a deterministic Rabin automaton using the pure version of the $?w \models_n ?\varphi = (\exists X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu ?\varphi. \exists Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu ?\varphi. (\exists i. \text{suffix } i ?w \models_n \text{af } ?\varphi (\text{prefix } i ?w)[X]_\nu) \wedge (\forall \psi \in X. ?w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu)) \wedge (\forall \psi \in Y. ?w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu)))$.

definition ltl-to-dra φ = DRA-Combine.union-list (map (λ(xs, ys). A' φ xs ys) (advice-sets φ))

lemma ltl-to-dra-language:

to-omega ‘ DRA.language (ltl-to-dra φ) = language-ltn φ

proof –

have ($\bigcap (a, b) \in \text{set} (\text{advice-sets } \varphi)$. dra.alphabet (A' φ a b)) =

($\bigcup (a, b) \in \text{set} (\text{advice-sets } \varphi)$. dra.alphabet (A' φ a b))

using advice-sets-not-empty **by** (*simp add: A'-alphabet*)

then have *: DRA.language (DRA-Combine.union-list (map (λ(x, y). A' φ x y) (advice-sets φ))) =

$\bigcup (\text{DRA.language ‘ set} (\text{map} (\lambda(x, y). A' \varphi x y) (\text{advice-sets } \varphi)))$

by (*simp add: split-def*)

have language-ltn φ = $\bigcup \{(L_1 \varphi X \cap L_2 X Y \cap L_3 X Y) \mid X Y. X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \wedge Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi\}$

unfolding master-theorem-language **by** auto

also have ... = $\bigcup \{L_1 \varphi (\text{set } xs) \cap L_2 (\text{set } xs) (\text{set } ys) \cap L_3 (\text{set } xs) (\text{set } ys)\}$

```

 $ys) \mid xs\;ys.\;(xs,\;ys) \in set\;(advice-sets\;\varphi)\}$ 
unfolding advice-sets-subformulas by (metis (no-types, lifting))
also have ... =  $\bigcup \{to\text{-}\omega\text{' DRA.language }(\mathfrak{A}'\;\varphi\;xs\;ys) \mid xs\;ys.\;(xs,\;ys) \in set\;(advice-sets\;\varphi)\}$ 
by (simp add:  $\mathfrak{A}'\text{-language}$ )
finally show ?thesis
using * by (auto simp add: ltl-to-dra-def)
qed

```

lemma ltl-to-dra-alphabet:
 $alphabet\;(ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra\;\varphi) = UNIV$
by (auto simp: ltl-to-dra-def $\mathfrak{A}'\text{-alphabet}$)

10.6 A DRA for $L\;\varphi$ with Restricted Advice Sets

The following constant uses the $?w \models_n ?\varphi = (\exists X \subseteq subformulas_\mu ?\varphi \cap restricted\text{-}subformulas ?\varphi. \exists Y \subseteq subformulas_\nu ?\varphi \cap restricted\text{-}subformulas ?\varphi. \exists i. suffix i ?w \models_n af ?\varphi (prefix i ?w)[X]_\nu \wedge (\forall \psi \in X. ?w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu)) \wedge (\forall \psi \in Y. ?w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu)))$ to reduce the size of the resulting automaton.

definition ltl-to-dra-restricted $\varphi = DRA\text{-Combine.union-list}\;(map\;(\lambda(xs,\;ys).\;\mathfrak{A}'\;\varphi\;xs\;ys)\;(restricted\text{-}advice-sets\;\varphi))$

lemma ltl-to-dra-restricted-language:
 $to\text{-}\omega\text{' DRA.language } (ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra\text{-}restricted\;\varphi) = language\text{-}ltln\;\varphi$
proof –
have $(\bigcap (a,\;b) \in set\;(restricted\text{-}advice-sets\;\varphi). dra.alphabet\;(\mathfrak{A}'\;\varphi\;a\;b)) = (\bigcup (a,\;b) \in set\;(restricted\text{-}advice-sets\;\varphi). dra.alphabet\;(\mathfrak{A}'\;\varphi\;a\;b))$
using restricted-advice-sets-not-empty **by** (simp add: $\mathfrak{A}'\text{-alphabet}$)
then have *: $DRA.language\;(DRA\text{-Combine.union-list}\;(map\;(\lambda(x,\;y).\;\mathfrak{A}'\;\varphi\;x\;y)\;(restricted\text{-}advice-sets\;\varphi))) = \bigcup (DRA.language\;' set\;(map\;(\lambda(x,\;y).\;\mathfrak{A}'\;\varphi\;x\;y)\;(restricted\text{-}advice-sets\;\varphi)))$
by (simp add: split-def)
have $language\text{-}ltln\;\varphi = \bigcup \{(L_1\;\varphi\;X \cap L_2\;X\;Y \cap L_3\;X\;Y) \mid X\;Y. X \subseteq subformulas_\mu\;\varphi \cap restricted\text{-}subformulas\;\varphi \wedge Y \subseteq subformulas_\nu\;\varphi \cap restricted\text{-}subformulas\;\varphi\}$
unfolding master-theorem-restricted-language **by** auto
also have ... = $\bigcup \{L_1\;\varphi\;(set\;xs) \cap L_2\;(set\;xs)\;(set\;ys) \cap L_3\;(set\;xs)\;(set\;ys) \mid xs\;ys.\;(xs,\;ys) \in set\;(restricted\text{-}advice-sets\;\varphi)\}$
unfolding restricted-advice-sets-subformulas **by** (metis (no-types, lifting))
also have ... = $\bigcup \{to\text{-}\omega\text{' DRA.language }(\mathfrak{A}'\;\varphi\;xs\;ys) \mid xs\;ys.\;(xs,\;$

```

 $ys) \in set (restricted-advice-sets \varphi)\}$ 
by (simp add:  $\mathfrak{A}'$ -language)
finally show ?thesis
using * by (auto simp add: ltl-to-dra-restricted-def)
qed

```

```

lemma ltl-to-dra-restricted-alphabet:
  alphabet (ltl-to-dra-restricted  $\varphi$ ) = UNIV
  by (auto simp: ltl-to-dra-restricted-def  $\mathfrak{A}'$ -alphabet)

```

10.7 A DRA for $L \varphi$ with a finite alphabet

Until this point, we use $UNIV$ as the alphabet in all places. To explore the automaton, however, we need a way to fix the alphabet to some finite set.

```

definition dra-set-alphabet :: ('a set, 'b) dra  $\Rightarrow$  'a set set  $\Rightarrow$  ('a set, 'b) dra
where
  dra-set-alphabet  $\mathfrak{A}$   $\Sigma$  = dra  $\Sigma$  (initial  $\mathfrak{A}$ ) (transition  $\mathfrak{A}$ ) (condition  $\mathfrak{A}$ )

```

```

lemma dra-set-alphabet-language:
   $\Sigma \subseteq alphabet \mathfrak{A} \implies language (dra-set-alphabet \mathfrak{A} \Sigma) = language \mathfrak{A} \cap \{s. sset s \subseteq \Sigma\}$ 
  by (auto simp add: dra-set-alphabet-def dra.language-def set-eq-iff dra.run-alt-def streams-iff-sset)

```

```

lemma dra-set-alphabet-alphabet[simp]:
  alphabet (dra-set-alphabet  $\mathfrak{A}$   $\Sigma$ ) =  $\Sigma$ 
  unfolding dra-set-alphabet-def by simp

```

```

lemma dra-set-alphabet-nodes:
   $\Sigma \subseteq alphabet \mathfrak{A} \implies DRA.nodes (dra-set-alphabet \mathfrak{A} \Sigma) \subseteq DRA.nodes \mathfrak{A}$ 
  unfolding dra-set-alphabet-def dra.nodes-alt-def dra.reachable-alt-def dra.path-alt-def
  by auto

```

```

definition ltl-to-dra-alphabet  $\varphi$  Ap = dra-set-alphabet (ltl-to-dra-restricted  $\varphi$ ) (Pow Ap)

```

```

lemma ltl-to-dra-alphabet-language:
assumes
  atoms-ltln  $\varphi \subseteq Ap$ 
shows
  to-omega ` language (ltl-to-dra-alphabet  $\varphi$  Ap) = language-ltln  $\varphi \cap \{w. range w \subseteq Pow Ap\}$ 

```

```

proof -
  have 1:  $\text{Pow } Ap \subseteq \text{alphabet } (\text{ltl-to-dra-restricted } \varphi)$ 
    unfolding  $\text{ltl-to-dra-restricted-alphabet}$  by simp

  show ?thesis
    unfolding  $\text{ltl-to-dra-alphabet-def } \text{dra-set-alphabet-language}[OF\ 1]$ 
    by (simp add: ltl-to-dra-restricted-language sset-range) force
  qed

lemma  $\text{ltl-to-dra-alphabet-alphabet}[\text{simp}]$ :
   $\text{alphabet } (\text{ltl-to-dra-alphabet } \varphi \text{ } Ap) = \text{Pow } Ap$ 
  unfolding  $\text{ltl-to-dra-alphabet-def}$  by simp

lemma  $\text{ltl-to-dra-alphabet-nodes}$ :
   $DRA.\text{nodes } (\text{ltl-to-dra-alphabet } \varphi \text{ } Ap) \subseteq DRA.\text{nodes } (\text{ltl-to-dra-restricted } \varphi)$ 
  unfolding  $\text{ltl-to-dra-alphabet-def}$ 
  by (rule dra-set-alphabet-nodes) (simp add: ltl-to-dra-restricted-alphabet)

```

end

10.8 Verified Bounds for Number of Nodes

Using two additional assumptions, we can show a double-exponential size bound for the constructed automaton.

```

lemma  $\text{list-prod-mono}$ :
 $f \leq g \implies (\prod x \leftarrow xs. f x) \leq (\prod x \leftarrow xs. g x)$  for  $f g :: 'a \Rightarrow \text{nat}$ 
  by (induction xs) (auto simp: le-funD mult-le-mono)

lemma  $\text{list-prod-const}$ :
 $(\bigwedge x. x \in \text{set } xs \implies f x \leq c) \implies (\prod x \leftarrow xs. f x) \leq c \wedge \text{length } xs$  for  $f :: 'a \Rightarrow \text{nat}$ 
  by (induction xs) (auto simp: mult-le-mono)

```

```

lemma  $\text{card-insert-Suc}$ :
   $\text{card } (\text{insert } x \text{ } S) \leq \text{Suc } (\text{card } S)$ 
  by (metis Suc-n-not-le-n card.infinite card-insert-if finite-insert linear)

```

```

lemma  $\text{nat-power-le-imp-le}$ :
 $0 < a \implies a \leq b \implies x \wedge a \leq x \wedge b$  for  $x :: \text{nat}$ 

```

by (*metis leD linorder-le-less-linear nat-power-less-imp-less neq0-conv power-eq-0-iff*)

lemma *const-less-power*:
 $n < x \wedge n \text{ if } x > 1$
using *that by* (*induction n*) (*auto simp: less-trans-Suc*)

lemma *floorlog-le-const*:
 $\text{floorlog } x \leq n$
by (*induction n*) (*simp add: floorlog-eq-zero-iff, metis Suc-lessI floorlog-le-iff le-SucI power-inject-exp*)

locale *dra-construction-size* = *dra-construction* + *transition-functions-size*
+
assumes
equiv-finite: $\text{finite } P \implies \text{finite } \{\text{Abs } \psi \mid \psi. \text{prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq P\}$
assumes
equiv-card: $\text{finite } P \implies \text{card } \{\text{Abs } \psi \mid \psi. \text{prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq P\} \leq 2^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} \text{card } P$
begin

lemma *af_F-lifted-range*:
nested-prop-atoms $\psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi) \implies \text{range } (\uparrow \text{af}_F \varphi (\text{Abs } \psi)) \subseteq \{\text{Abs } \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi)\}$
using *af_F-lifted-semantics af_F-nested-prop-atoms* **by** *blast*

lemma *af_G-lifted-range*:
nested-prop-atoms $\psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (G_n \varphi) \implies \text{range } (\uparrow \text{af}_G \varphi (\text{Abs } \psi)) \subseteq \{\text{Abs } \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (G_n \varphi)\}$
using *af_G-lifted-semantics af_G-nested-prop-atoms* **by** *blast*

lemma \mathfrak{A}_μ -*nodes*:
DBA.nodes ($\mathfrak{A}_\mu \varphi$) $\subseteq \{\text{Abs } \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi\}$
unfolding \mathfrak{A}_μ -*def*
using *af-lifted-semantics af-nested-prop-atoms* **by** *fastforce*

lemma \mathfrak{A}_μ -*GF-nodes*:
DBA.nodes (\mathfrak{A}_μ -*GF* φ) $\subseteq \{\text{Abs } \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi)\}$
unfolding \mathfrak{A}_μ -*GF-def* *dba.nodes-alt-def* *dba.reachable-alt-def*

using $af_F\text{-nested-prop-atoms}[of F_n \varphi]$ **by** (*auto simp: af_F-lifted-semantics*)

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-nodes}:$

$DCA.nodes(\mathfrak{A}_\nu \varphi) \subseteq \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. nested\text{-prop-atoms} \psi \subseteq nested\text{-prop-atoms} \varphi\}$

unfolding $\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-def}$

using $af\text{-lifted-semantics}$ $af\text{-nested-prop-atoms}$ **by** *fastforce*

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-FG-nodes}:$

$DCA.nodes(\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-FG} \varphi) \subseteq \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. nested\text{-prop-atoms} \psi \subseteq nested\text{-prop-atoms}(G_n \varphi)\}$

unfolding $\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-FG-def}$ $dca.nodes\text{-alt-def}$ $dca.reachable\text{-alt-def}$

using $af_G\text{-nested-prop-atoms}[of G_n \varphi]$ **by** (*auto simp: af_G-lifted-semantics*)

lemma $\mathfrak{C}\text{-nodes-normalise}:$

$DCA.nodes(\mathfrak{C} \varphi X) \subseteq \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. nested\text{-prop-atoms} \psi \subseteq nested\text{-prop-atoms} \varphi\} \times \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. nested\text{-prop-atoms} \psi \subseteq nested\text{-prop-atoms}_\nu(\text{normalise } \varphi) X\}$

unfolding $\mathfrak{C}\text{-def}$ $dca.nodes\text{-alt-def}$ $dca.reachable\text{-alt-def}$

apply (*auto simp add: af_{\nu}-lifted-semantics af-letter_{\nu}-lifted-semantics*)

using $af_\nu\text{-fst-nested-prop-atoms}$ **apply** *force*

by (*metis GF-advice-nested-prop-atoms_{\nu} af_{\nu}-snd-nested-prop-atoms Abs-eq af_{\nu}-lifted-semantics fst-conv normalise-eq snd-conv sup.absorb-iff1*)

lemma $\mathfrak{C}\text{-nodes}:$

$DCA.nodes(\mathfrak{C} \varphi X) \subseteq \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. nested\text{-prop-atoms} \psi \subseteq nested\text{-prop-atoms} \varphi\} \times \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. nested\text{-prop-atoms} \psi \subseteq nested\text{-prop-atoms}_\nu \varphi X\}$

unfolding $\mathfrak{C}\text{-def}$ $dca.nodes\text{-alt-def}$ $dca.reachable\text{-alt-def}$

apply (*auto simp add: af_{\nu}-lifted-semantics af-letter_{\nu}-lifted-semantics*)

using $af_\nu\text{-fst-nested-prop-atoms}$ **apply** *force*

by (*metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) GF-advice-nested-prop-atoms_{\nu} af_{\nu}-snd-nested-prop-atoms fst-eqD nested-prop-atoms_{\nu}-subset normalise-nested-propos order-refl order-trans snd-eqD sup.order-iff*)

lemma $equiv\text{-subset}:$

$\{Abs \psi \mid \psi. nested\text{-prop-atoms} \psi \subseteq P\} \subseteq \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. prop\text{-atoms} \psi \subseteq P\}$

using $prop\text{-atoms-nested-prop-atoms}$ **by** *blast*

lemma $equiv\text{-finite}':$

$\text{finite } P \implies \text{finite } \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. nested\text{-prop-atoms} \psi \subseteq P\}$

using $equiv\text{-finite}$ $equiv\text{-subset}$ finite-subset **by** *fast*

lemma *equiv-card'*:

finite P \implies *card {Abs ψ | ψ. nested-prop-atoms ψ ⊆ P} ≤ 2 ^ 2 ^ card P*
by (*metis (mono-tags, lifting) equiv-card equiv-subset equiv-finite card-mono le-trans*)

lemma *nested-prop-atoms-finite*:

finite {Abs ψ | ψ. nested-prop-atoms ψ ⊆ nested-prop-atoms φ}
using *equiv-finite'[OF Equivalence-Relations.nested-prop-atoms-finite]*.

lemma *nested-prop-atoms-card*:

card {Abs ψ | ψ. nested-prop-atoms ψ ⊆ nested-prop-atoms φ} ≤ 2 ^ 2 ^ card (nested-prop-atoms φ)
using *equiv-card'[OF Equivalence-Relations.nested-prop-atoms-finite]*.

lemma *nested-prop-atoms_ν-finite*:

finite {Abs ψ | ψ. nested-prop-atoms ψ ⊆ nested-prop-atoms_ν φ X}
using *equiv-finite'[OF nested-prop-atoms_ν-finite]* **by** *fast*

lemma *nested-prop-atoms_ν-card*:

card {Abs ψ | ψ. nested-prop-atoms ψ ⊆ nested-prop-atoms_ν φ X} ≤ 2 ^ 2 ^ card (nested-prop-atoms φ) (**is** *?lhs ≤ ?rhs*)

proof –

have *finite {Abs ψ | ψ. prop-atoms ψ ⊆ nested-prop-atoms_ν φ X}*
by (*simp add: nested-prop-atoms_ν-finite Advice.nested-prop-atoms_ν-finite equiv-finite*)

then have *?lhs ≤ card {Abs ψ | ψ. prop-atoms ψ ⊆ (nested-prop-atoms_ν φ X)}*

using *card-mono equiv-subset* **by** *blast*

also have *... ≤ 2 ^ 2 ^ card (nested-prop-atoms_ν φ X)*

using *equiv-card[OF Advice.nested-prop-atoms_ν-finite]* **by** *fast*

also have *... ≤ ?rhs*

using *nested-prop-atoms_ν-card* **by** *auto*

finally show *?thesis*.

qed

lemma *ℳ_μ-GF-nodes-finite*:

finite (DBA.nodes (ℳ_μ-GF φ))

using finite-subset[*OF* \mathfrak{A}_μ -*GF-nodes nested-prop-atoms-finite*] .

lemma \mathfrak{A}_ν -*FG-nodes-finite*:

finite (*DCA.nodes* (\mathfrak{A}_ν -*FG* φ))

using finite-subset[*OF* \mathfrak{A}_ν -*FG-nodes nested-prop-atoms-finite*] .

lemma \mathfrak{A}_μ -*GF-nodes-card*:

card (*DBA.nodes* (\mathfrak{A}_μ -*GF* φ)) $\leq 2 \wedge 2 \wedge \text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms}(F_n \varphi))$

using le-trans[*OF* card-mono[*OF* nested-prop-atoms-finite \mathfrak{A}_μ -*GF-nodes*]
nested-prop-atoms-card] .

lemma \mathfrak{A}_ν -*FG-nodes-card*:

card (*DCA.nodes* (\mathfrak{A}_ν -*FG* φ)) $\leq 2 \wedge 2 \wedge \text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms}(G_n \varphi))$

using le-trans[*OF* card-mono[*OF* nested-prop-atoms-finite \mathfrak{A}_ν -*FG-nodes*]
nested-prop-atoms-card] .

lemma \mathfrak{A}_2 -*nodes-finite-helper*:

list-all (*finite* \circ *DBA.nodes*) (*map* ($\lambda\psi. \mathfrak{A}_\mu$ -*GF* ($\psi[\text{set } ys]_\mu$))) *xs*)

by (auto simp: list.pred-map list-all-iff \mathfrak{A}_μ -*GF-nodes-finite*)

lemma \mathfrak{A}_2 -*nodes-finite*:

finite (*DBA.nodes* (\mathfrak{A}_2 *xs* *ys*)))

unfolding \mathfrak{A}_2 -def **using** *DBA-Combine.intersect-list-nodes-finite* \mathfrak{A}_2 -*nodes-finite-helper*

.

lemma \mathfrak{A}_3 -*nodes-finite-helper*:

list-all (*finite* \circ *DCA.nodes*) (*map* ($\lambda\psi. \mathfrak{A}_\nu$ -*FG* ($\psi[\text{set } xs]_\nu$))) *ys*)

by (auto simp: list.pred-map list-all-iff \mathfrak{A}_ν -*FG-nodes-finite*)

lemma \mathfrak{A}_3 -*nodes-finite*:

finite (*DCA.nodes* (\mathfrak{A}_3 *xs* *ys*)))

unfolding \mathfrak{A}_3 -def **using** *DCA-Combine.intersect-list-nodes-finite* \mathfrak{A}_3 -*nodes-finite-helper*

.

lemma \mathfrak{A}_2 -*nodes-card*:

assumes

length *xs* $\leq n$

and

$\bigwedge \psi. \psi \in \text{set } xs \implies \text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi) \leq n$

shows

card (*DBA.nodes* (\mathfrak{A}_2 *xs* *ys*))) $\leq 2 \wedge 2 \wedge (n + \text{floorlog } 2 n + 2)$

proof –

have 1: $\bigwedge \psi. \psi \in \text{set } xs \implies \text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms}(F_n \psi[\text{set } ys]_\mu)) \leq$

$Suc\ n$
proof –
fix ψ
assume $\psi \in set\ xs$

have $card\ (nested-prop-atoms\ (F_n\ (\psi[set\ ys]_\mu))) \leq Suc\ (card\ (nested-prop-atoms\ (\psi[set\ ys]_\mu)))$
by (*simp add: card-insert-Suc*)

also have $\dots \leq Suc\ (card\ (nested-prop-atoms\ \psi))$
by (*simp add: FG-advice-nested-prop-atoms-card*)

also have $\dots \leq Suc\ n$
by (*simp add: assms(2) {ψ ∈ set xs}*)

finally show $card\ (nested-prop-atoms\ (F_n\ (\psi[set\ ys]_\mu))) \leq Suc\ n$.
qed

have $(\prod\psi\leftarrow xs.\ card\ (DBA.nodes\ (\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-}GF\ (\psi[set\ ys]_\mu)))) \leq (\prod\psi\leftarrow xs.\ 2 \wedge 2 \wedge card\ (nested-prop-atoms\ (F_n\ (\psi[set\ ys]_\mu))))$
by (*rule list-prod-mono*) (*insert \mathfrak{A}_μ -GF-nodes-card le-fun-def, blast*)

also have $\dots \leq (2 \wedge 2 \wedge Suc\ n) \wedge length\ xs$
by (*rule list-prod-const*) (*metis 1 Suc-leI nat-power-le-imp-le nat-power-eq-Suc-0-iff neq0-conv pos2 zero-less-power*)

also have $\dots \leq (2 \wedge 2 \wedge Suc\ n) \wedge n$
using *assms(1)* *nat-power-le-imp-le* **by** *fastforce*

also have $\dots = 2 \wedge (n * 2 \wedge Suc\ n)$
by (*metis Groups.mult-ac(2) power-mult*)

also have $\dots \leq 2 \wedge (2 \wedge floorlog\ 2\ n * 2 \wedge Suc\ n)$
by (*cases n = 0*) (*auto simp: floorlog-bounds less-imp-le-nat*)

also have $\dots = 2 \wedge 2 \wedge (Suc\ n + floorlog\ 2\ n)$
by (*simp add: power-add*)

finally have $2: (\prod\psi\leftarrow xs.\ card\ (DBA.nodes\ (\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-}GF\ (\psi[set\ ys]_\mu)))) \leq 2 \wedge 2 \wedge (Suc\ n + floorlog\ 2\ n)$.

have $card\ (DBA.nodes\ (\mathfrak{A}_2\ xs\ ys)) \leq max\ 1\ (length\ xs) * (\prod\psi\leftarrow xs.\ card\ (DBA.nodes\ (\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-}GF\ (\psi[set\ ys]_\mu))))$
using *DBA-Combine.intersect-list-nodes-card* [*OF \mathfrak{A}_2 -nodes-finite-helper*]

```

by (auto simp:  $\mathfrak{A}_2$ -def comp-def)

also have ...  $\leq \max 1 n * 2^{\lceil 2^{\lceil (\text{Suc } n + \text{floorlog } 2 n) \rceil} \rceil}$ 
  using assms(1) 2 by (simp add: mult-le-mono)

also have ...  $\leq 2^{\lceil (\text{floorlog } 2 n) \rceil} * 2^{\lceil 2^{\lceil (\text{Suc } n + \text{floorlog } 2 n) \rceil} \rceil}$ 
  by (cases n = 0) (auto simp: floorlog-bounds less-imp-le-nat)

also have ...  $= 2^{\lceil (\text{floorlog } 2 n + 2^{\lceil (\text{Suc } n + \text{floorlog } 2 n) \rceil}) \rceil}$ 
  by (simp add: power-add)

also have ...  $\leq 2^{\lceil (n + 2^{\lceil (\text{Suc } n + \text{floorlog } 2 n) \rceil}) \rceil}$ 
  by (simp add: floorlog-le-const)

also have ...  $\leq 2^{\lceil 2^{\lceil (n + \text{floorlog } 2 n + 2) \rceil} \rceil}$ 
  by simp (metis const-less-power Suc-1 add-Suc-right add-leE lessI less-imp-le-nat
power-Suc)

finally show ?thesis .
qed

```

```

lemma  $\mathfrak{A}_3$ -nodes-card:
assumes
  length ys  $\leq n$ 
and
   $\bigwedge \psi. \psi \in \text{set } ys \implies \text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi) \leq n$ 
shows
   $\text{card}(\text{DCA.nodes } (\mathfrak{A}_3 \text{ xs } ys)) \leq 2^{\lceil 2^{\lceil (n + \text{floorlog } 2 n + 1) \rceil} \rceil}$ 
proof -
  have 1:  $\bigwedge \psi. \psi \in \text{set } ys \implies \text{card}(\text{DCA.nodes } (\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-FG } (\psi[\text{set } xs]_\nu))) \leq 2^{\lceil 2^{\lceil \text{Suc } n \rceil} \rceil}$ 
  proof -
    fix  $\psi$ 
    assume  $\psi \in \text{set } ys$ 

    have  $\text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms } (G_n \psi[\text{set } xs]_\nu)) \leq \text{Suc } (\text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms } (\psi[\text{set } xs]_\nu)))$ 
      by (simp add: card-insert-Suc)

    also have ...  $\leq \text{Suc } (\text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi))$ 
      by (simp add: GF-advice-nested-prop-atoms-card)

    also have ...  $\leq \text{Suc } n$ 

```

by (*simp add: assms(2) {ψ ∈ set ys}*)

finally have ϑ : *card (nested-prop-atoms (G_n ψ[set xs]_ν)) ≤ Suc n* .

then show ?thesis ψ

by (*intro le-trans[OF A_ν-FG-nodes-card]) (meson one-le-numeral power-increasing)*)

qed

have *card (DCA.nodes (A₃ xs ys)) ≤ (Π ψ ← ys. card (DCA.nodes (A_ν-FG (ψ[set xs]_ν))))*

unfolding A₃-def **using** DCA-Combine.intersect-list-nodes-card[*OF A₃-nodes-finite-helper*]

by (*auto simp: comp-def*)

also have ... $\leq (2 \wedge 2 \wedge Suc n) \wedge length ys$

by (*rule list-prod-const*) (*rule 1*)

also have ... $\leq (2 \wedge 2 \wedge Suc n) \wedge n$

by (*simp add: assms(1) power-increasing*)

also have ... $\leq 2 \wedge (n * 2 \wedge Suc n)$

by (*metis le-refl mult.commute power-mult*)

also have ... $\leq 2 \wedge (2 \wedge floorlog 2 n * 2 \wedge Suc n)$

by (*cases {n > 0}*) (*simp-all add: floorlog-bounds less-imp-le-nat*)

also have ... $= 2 \wedge 2 \wedge (n + floorlog 2 n + 1)$

by (*simp add: power-add*)

finally show ?thesis .

qed

lemma A₁-nodes-finite:

finite (DCA.nodes (A₁ φ xs))

unfolding A₁-def

by (*metis (no-types, lifting) finite-subset C-nodes finite-SigmaI nested-prop-atoms_ν-finite nested-prop-atoms-finite*)

lemma A₁-nodes-card:

assumes

card (subfrm_{sn} φ) ≤ n

shows

$$\text{card}(\text{DCA.nodes}(\mathfrak{A}_1 \varphi xs)) \leq 2^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} (n + 1)$$

proof –

let $\text{?fst} = \{\text{Abs } \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi\}$

let $\text{?snd} = \{\text{Abs } \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms}_{\nu} \varphi (\text{set } xs)\}$

have 1: $\text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi) \leq n$

by (meson card-mono[*OF subfrmlsn-finite nested-prop-atoms-subfrmlsn assms le-trans*])

have $\text{card}(\text{DCA.nodes}(\mathfrak{A}_1 \varphi xs)) \leq \text{card}(\text{?fst} \times \text{?snd})$

unfolding $\mathfrak{A}_1\text{-def}$

by (rule card-mono) (*simp-all add: C-nodes nested-prop-atoms_ν-finite nested-prop-atoms-finite*)

also have ... $= \text{card } \text{?fst} * \text{card } \text{?snd}$

using $\text{nested-prop-atoms}_{\nu}\text{-finite card-cartesian-product by blast}$

also have ... $\leq 2^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} \text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi) * 2^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} \text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi)$

using $\text{nested-prop-atoms}_{\nu}\text{-card nested-prop-atoms-card mult-le-mono by blast}$

also have ... $= 2^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} (\text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi) + 1)$

by (*simp add: semiring-normalization-rules(36)*)

also have ... $\leq 2^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} (n + 1)$

using $\text{assms } 1$ **by** *simp*

finally show $\text{?thesis}.$

qed

lemma $\mathfrak{A}'\text{-nodes-finite}:$

finite ($\text{DRA.nodes}(\mathfrak{A}' \varphi xs ys)$)

unfolding $\mathfrak{A}'\text{-def}$

using $\text{intersect-nodes-finite intersect-bc-nodes-finite}$

using $\mathfrak{A}_1\text{-nodes-finite } \mathfrak{A}_2\text{-nodes-finite } \mathfrak{A}_3\text{-nodes-finite}$

by *fast*

lemma $\mathfrak{A}'\text{-nodes-card}:$

assumes

$\text{length } xs \leq n$
and
 $\bigwedge \psi. \psi \in \text{set } xs \implies \text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi) \leq n$
and
 $\text{length } ys \leq n$
and
 $\bigwedge \psi. \psi \in \text{set } ys \implies \text{card}(\text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi) \leq n$
and
 $\text{card}(\text{subfrmlsn } \varphi) \leq n$
shows
 $\text{card}(DRA.\text{nodes}(\mathfrak{A}' \varphi xs ys)) \leq 2^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} (n + \text{floorlog } 2 n + 4)$
proof –
have $n + 1 \leq n + \text{floorlog } 2 n + 2$
by auto

then have 1: $(2::nat)^{\wedge}(n + 1) \leq 2^{\wedge}(n + \text{floorlog } 2 n + 2)$
using one-le-numeral power-increasing **by** blast

have $\text{card}(DRA.\text{nodes}(\mathfrak{A}' \varphi xs ys)) \leq \text{card}(DCA.\text{nodes}(\mathfrak{A}_1 \varphi xs)) * \text{card}(DBA.\text{nodes}(\mathfrak{A}_2 xs ys)) * \text{card}(DCA.\text{nodes}(\mathfrak{A}_3 xs ys))$ (**is** ?lhs \leq ?rhs)
proof (unfold $\mathfrak{A}'\text{-def}$)
have $\text{card}(DBA.\text{nodes}(\mathfrak{A}_2 xs ys)) * \text{card}(DCA.\text{nodes}(DCA\text{-Combine.intersect}(\mathfrak{A}_1 \varphi xs)(\mathfrak{A}_3 xs ys))) \leq ?rhs$
by (simp add: intersect-nodes-card[*OF* \mathfrak{A}_1 -nodes-finite \mathfrak{A}_3 -nodes-finite])
then show $\text{card}(DRA.\text{nodes}(\text{intersect-bc}(\mathfrak{A}_2 xs ys)(DCA\text{-Combine.intersect}(\mathfrak{A}_1 \varphi xs)(\mathfrak{A}_3 xs ys)))) \leq ?rhs$
by (meson intersect-bc-nodes-card[*OF* \mathfrak{A}_2 -nodes-finite intersect-nodes-finite[*OF* \mathfrak{A}_1 -nodes-finite \mathfrak{A}_3 -nodes-finite]] basic-trans-rules(23))
qed

also have $\dots \leq 2^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} (n + 1) * 2^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} (n + \text{floorlog } 2 n + 2) * 2^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} (n + \text{floorlog } 2 n + 1)$
using \mathfrak{A}_1 -nodes-card[*OF* assms(5)] \mathfrak{A}_2 -nodes-card[*OF* assms(1,2)] \mathfrak{A}_3 -nodes-card[*OF* assms(3,4)]
by (metis mult-le-mono)

also have $\dots = 2^{\wedge}(2^{\wedge}(n + 1) + 2^{\wedge}(n + \text{floorlog } 2 n + 2) + 2^{\wedge}(n + \text{floorlog } 2 n + 1))$
by (metis power-add)

also have $\dots \leq 2^{\wedge}(4 * 2^{\wedge}(n + \text{floorlog } 2 n + 2))$
using 1 **by** auto

```

finally show ?thesis
  by (simp add: numeral.simps(2) power-add)
qed

lemma subformula-nested-prop-atoms-subfrmlsn:
 $\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \implies \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi$ 
  using nested-prop-atoms-subfrmlsn subfrmlsn-subset by blast

lemma ltl-to-dra-nodes-finite:
  finite (DRA.nodes (ltl-to-dra  $\varphi$ ))
  unfolding ltl-to-dra-def
  apply (rule DRA-Combine.union-list-nodes-finite)
  apply (simp add: split-def  $\mathfrak{A}'$ -alphabet advice-sets-not-empty)
  apply (simp add: list.pred-set split-def  $\mathfrak{A}'$ -nodes-finite)
  done

lemma ltl-to-dra-restricted-nodes-finite:
  finite (DRA.nodes (ltl-to-dra-restricted  $\varphi$ ))
  unfolding ltl-to-dra-restricted-def
  apply (rule DRA-Combine.union-list-nodes-finite)
  apply (simp add: split-def  $\mathfrak{A}'$ -alphabet advice-sets-not-empty)
  apply (simp add: list.pred-set split-def  $\mathfrak{A}'$ -nodes-finite)
  done

lemma ltl-to-dra-alphabet-nodes-finite:
  finite (DRA.nodes (ltl-to-dra-alphabet  $\varphi$  AP))
  using ltl-to-dra-alphabet-nodes ltl-to-dra-restricted-nodes-finite finite-subset
  by fast

lemma ltl-to-dra-nodes-card:
  assumes
    card (subfrmlsn  $\varphi$ )  $\leq n$ 
  shows
    card (DRA.nodes (ltl-to-dra  $\varphi$ ))  $\leq 2^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} (2 * n + \text{floorlog } 2 n + 4)$ 
  proof -
    let ?map = map ( $\lambda(x, y). \mathfrak{A}' \varphi x y$ ) (advice-sets  $\varphi$ )
    have 1:  $\bigwedge x::nat. x > 0 \implies x^{\wedge} \text{length } (\text{advice-sets } \varphi) \leq x^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} \text{card } (\text{subfrmlsn } \varphi)$ 
      by (metis advice-sets-length linorder-not-less nat-power-less-imp-less)
    have card (DRA.nodes (ltl-to-dra  $\varphi$ ))  $\leq \text{prod-list } (\text{map } (\text{card} \circ \text{DRA.nodes}))$ 

```

```

?map)
  unfolding ltl-to-dra-def
  apply (rule DRA-Combine.union-list-nodes-card)
  unfolding list.pred-set using  $\mathfrak{A}'$ -nodes-finite by auto

also have ... =  $(\prod (x, y) \leftarrow \text{advice-sets } \varphi. \text{ card } (\text{DRA.nodes } (\mathfrak{A}' \varphi x y)))$ 
  by (induction advice-sets  $\varphi$ ) (auto, metis (no-types, lifting) comp-apply split-def)

also have ...  $\leq (2^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} (n + \text{floorlog } 2 n + 4))^{\wedge} \text{length } (\text{advice-sets } \varphi)$ 
proof (rule list-prod-const, unfold split-def, rule  $\mathfrak{A}'$ -nodes-card)
  show  $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{set } (\text{advice-sets } \varphi) \implies \text{length } (\text{fst } x) \leq n$ 
    using advice-sets-element-length assms by fastforce

  show  $\bigwedge x \psi. [\![x \in \text{set } (\text{advice-sets } \varphi); \psi \in \text{set } (\text{fst } x)]\!] \implies \text{card } (\text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi) \leq n$ 
    using advice-sets-element-subfrmlsn(1) assms subformula-nested-prop-atoms-subfrmlsn subformulas $_{\mu}$ -subfrmlsn
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) card-mono subfrmlsn-finite subset-iff sup.absorb-iff2 sup.coboundedI1 surjective-pairing)

  show  $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{set } (\text{advice-sets } \varphi) \implies \text{length } (\text{snd } x) \leq n$ 
    using advice-sets-element-length assms by fastforce

  show  $\bigwedge x \psi. [\![x \in \text{set } (\text{advice-sets } \varphi); \psi \in \text{set } (\text{snd } x)]\!] \implies \text{card } (\text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi) \leq n$ 
    using advice-sets-element-subfrmlsn(2) assms subformula-nested-prop-atoms-subfrmlsn subformulas $_{\nu}$ -subfrmlsn
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) card-mono subfrmlsn-finite subset-iff sup.absorb-iff2 sup.coboundedI1 surjective-pairing)
qed (insert assms, blast)

also have ...  $\leq (2^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} (n + \text{floorlog } 2 n + 4))^{\wedge} (2^{\wedge} \text{card } (\text{subfrmlsn } \varphi))$ 
  by (simp add: 1)

also have ...  $\leq (2^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} (n + \text{floorlog } 2 n + 4))^{\wedge} (2^{\wedge} n)$ 
  by (simp add: assms power-increasing)

also have ... =  $2^{\wedge} (2^{\wedge} n * 2^{\wedge} (n + \text{floorlog } 2 n + 4))$ 
  by (simp add: ac-simps power-mult [symmetric])

also have ... =  $2^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} (2 * n + \text{floorlog } 2 n + 4)$ 
  by (simp add: power-add) (simp add: mult-2 power-add)

```

```
finally show ?thesis .
```

```
qed
```

We verify the size bound of the automaton to be double exponential.

```
theorem ltl-to-dra-size:
```

```
  card (DRA.nodes (ltl-to-dra φ)) ≤ 2 ^ 2 ^ (2 * size φ + floorlog 2 (size φ) + 4)
```

```
  using ltl-to-dra-nodes-card subfrmlsn-card by blast
```

```
end
```

```
end
```

11 Implementation of the DRA Construction

```
theory DRA-Implementation
```

```
imports
```

```
  DRA-Construction
```

```
  LTL.Rewriting
```

```
  Transition-Systems-and-Automata.DRA-Translate
```

```
begin
```

11.1 Generating the Explicit Automaton

We convert the implicit automaton to its explicit representation and afterwards proof the final correctness theorem and the overall size bound.

```
definition dra-to-drai :: ('a, 'b) dra ⇒ 'a list ⇒ ('a, 'b) drai
```

```
where
```

```
  dra-to-drai A Σ = drai Σ (initial A) (transition A) (condition A)
```

```
lemma dra-to-drai-language:
```

```
  set Σ = alphabet A ⇒ language (drai-dra (dra-to-drai A Σ)) = language A
```

```
  by (simp add: dra-to-drai-def drai-dra-def)
```

```
definition drai-to-draei :: nat ⇒ ('a, 'b :: hashable) drai ⇒ ('a, nat) draei
```

```
where
```

```
  drai-to-draei hms = to-draei-impl (=) bounded-hashcode-nat hms
```

```
lemma dra-to-drai-rel:
```

```
assumes
```

$(\Sigma, \text{alphabet } A) \in \langle \text{Id} \rangle \text{ list-set-rel}$
shows
 $(\text{dra-to-drai } A \Sigma, A) \in \langle \text{Id}, \text{Id} \rangle \text{ drai-dra-rel}$
proof –
have $(A, A) \in \langle \text{Id}, \text{Id} \rangle \text{ dra-rel}$
by *simp*

then have $(\text{dra-to-drai } A \Sigma, \text{dra}(\text{alphabet } A) \text{ (initial } A) \text{ (transition } A)$
 $(\text{condition } A)) \in \langle \text{Id}, \text{Id} \rangle \text{ drai-dra-rel}$
unfolding *dra-to-drai-def* **using** *assms* **by** *parametricity*

then show *?thesis*
by *simp*
qed

lemma *drai-language-rel*:
fixes
 $A :: (\text{'label}, \text{'state} :: \text{hashable}) \text{ dra}$
assumes
 $(\Sigma, \text{alphabet } A) \in \langle \text{Id} \rangle \text{ list-set-rel}$
and
 $\text{finite } (\text{DRA.nodes } A)$
and
 $\text{is-valid-def-hm-size } \text{TYPE}(\text{'state}) \text{ hms}$
shows
 $\text{DRA.language } (\text{drae-dra } (\text{draei-drae } (\text{drai-to-draei } \text{hms } (\text{dra-to-drai } A \Sigma)))) = \text{DRA.language } A$
proof –
have $(\text{dra-to-drai } A \Sigma, A) \in \langle \text{Id}, \text{Id} \rangle \text{ drai-dra-rel}$
using *dra-to-drai-rel assms* **by** *fast*

then have $(\text{drai-to-draei } \text{hms } (\text{dra-to-drai } A \Sigma), \text{to-draei } A) \in \langle \text{Id-on } (\text{dra.alphabet } A), \text{rel } (\text{dra-to-drai } A \Sigma) \text{ A } (=) \text{ bounded-hashcode-nat } \text{hms} \rangle \text{ draei-dra-rel}$
unfolding *drai-to-draei-def*
using *to-draei-impl-refine[unfolded autoref-tag-defs]*
by *parametricity (simp-all add: assms is-bounded-hashcode-def bounded-hashcode-nat-bounds)*

then have $(\text{DRA.language } ((\text{drae-dra} \circ \text{draei-drae}) \text{ (drai-to-draei } \text{hms } (\text{dra-to-drai } A \Sigma))), \text{DRA.language } (\text{id } (\text{to-draei } A))) \in \langle \langle \text{Id-on } (\text{dra.alphabet } A) \rangle \text{ stream-rel} \rangle \text{ set-rel}$
by *parametricity*

then show *?thesis*

```

by (simp add: to-draei-def)
qed

```

11.2 Defining the Alphabet

```

fun atoms-ltlc-list :: 'a ltlc  $\Rightarrow$  'a list
where
  atoms-ltlc-list truec = []
  | atoms-ltlc-list falsec = []
  | atoms-ltlc-list propc(q) = [q]
  | atoms-ltlc-list (notc  $\varphi$ ) = atoms-ltlc-list  $\varphi$ 
  | atoms-ltlc-list ( $\varphi$  andc  $\psi$ ) = List.union (atoms-ltlc-list  $\varphi$ ) (atoms-ltlc-list  $\psi$ )
  | atoms-ltlc-list ( $\varphi$  orc  $\psi$ ) = List.union (atoms-ltlc-list  $\varphi$ ) (atoms-ltlc-list  $\psi$ )
  | atoms-ltlc-list ( $\varphi$  impliesc  $\psi$ ) = List.union (atoms-ltlc-list  $\varphi$ ) (atoms-ltlc-list  $\psi$ )
  | atoms-ltlc-list (Xc  $\varphi$ ) = atoms-ltlc-list  $\varphi$ 
  | atoms-ltlc-list (Fc  $\varphi$ ) = atoms-ltlc-list  $\varphi$ 
  | atoms-ltlc-list (Gc  $\varphi$ ) = atoms-ltlc-list  $\varphi$ 
  | atoms-ltlc-list ( $\varphi$  Uc  $\psi$ ) = List.union (atoms-ltlc-list  $\varphi$ ) (atoms-ltlc-list  $\psi$ )
  | atoms-ltlc-list ( $\varphi$  Rc  $\psi$ ) = List.union (atoms-ltlc-list  $\varphi$ ) (atoms-ltlc-list  $\psi$ )
  | atoms-ltlc-list ( $\varphi$  Wc  $\psi$ ) = List.union (atoms-ltlc-list  $\varphi$ ) (atoms-ltlc-list  $\psi$ )
  | atoms-ltlc-list ( $\varphi$  Mc  $\psi$ ) = List.union (atoms-ltlc-list  $\varphi$ ) (atoms-ltlc-list  $\psi$ )

```

```

lemma atoms-ltlc-list-set:
  set (atoms-ltlc-list  $\varphi$ ) = atoms-ltlc  $\varphi$ 
by (induction  $\varphi$ ) simp-all

```

```

lemma atoms-ltlc-list-distinct:
  distinct (atoms-ltlc-list  $\varphi$ )
by (induction  $\varphi$ ) simp-all

```

```

definition ltl-alphabet :: 'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a set list
where
  ltl-alphabet AP = map set (subseqs AP)

```

11.3 The Final Constant

We require the quotient type to be hashable in order to efficiently explore the automaton.

```
locale dra-implementation = dra-construction-size - - - Abs
```

```

for
  Abs :: 'a ltn  $\Rightarrow$  'ltlq :: hashable
begin

definition ltn-to-draei :: 'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a ltn  $\Rightarrow$  ('a set, nat) draei
where
  ltn-to-draei AP  $\varphi$  = drai-to-draei (Suc (size  $\varphi$ )) (drai-to-drai (ltn-to-dra-alphabet
 $\varphi$  (set AP)) (ltn-alphabet AP))

definition ltlc-to-draei :: 'a ltlc  $\Rightarrow$  ('a set, nat) draei
where
  ltlc-to-draei  $\varphi$  = ltn-to-draei (atoms-ltlc-list  $\varphi$ ) (simplify Slow (ltlc-to-ltn
 $\varphi$ ))

lemma ltn-to-dra-alphabet-rel:
  distinct AP  $\implies$  (ltn-alphabet AP, alphabet (ltn-to-dra-alphabet  $\psi$  (set AP)))
 $\in \langle Id \rangle$  list-set-rel
  unfolding ltn-to-dra-alphabet-alphabet ltn-alphabet-def
  by (simp add: list-set-rel-def in-br-conv subseqs-powset distinct-set-subseqs)

lemma ltlc-to-ltn-simplify-atoms:
  atoms-ltn (simplify Slow (ltlc-to-ltn  $\varphi$ ))  $\subseteq$  atoms-ltlc  $\varphi$ 
  using ltlc-to-ltn-atoms simplify-atoms by fast

lemma valid-def-hm-size:
  is-valid-def-hm-size TYPE('state) (Suc (size  $\varphi$ )) for  $\varphi :: 'a$  ltn
  unfolding is-valid-def-hm-size-def
  using ltn.size-neq by auto

theorem final-correctness:
  to-omega 'language (drae-drae (ltlc-to-draei  $\varphi$ )))
  = language-ltlc  $\varphi$   $\cap$  {w. range w  $\subseteq$  Pow (atoms-ltlc  $\varphi$ )}
  unfolding ltlc-to-draei-def ltn-to-draei-def
  unfolding draei-language-rel[OF ltn-to-dra-alphabet-rel[OF atoms-ltlc-list-distinct]]
ltn-to-dra-alphabet-nodes-finite valid-def-hm-size]
  unfolding atoms-ltlc-list-set
  unfolding ltlc-to-ltn-simplify-atoms
  unfolding ltlc-to-ltn-atoms language-ltn-def language-ltlc-def ltlc-to-ltn-semantics
simplify-correct ..

end

end

```

12 Additional Equivalence Relations

```
theory Extra-Equivalence-Relations
imports
  LTL.LTL LTL.Equivalence-Relations After Advice
begin
```

12.1 Propositional Equivalence with Implicit LTL Unfolding

```
fun Unf :: 'a ltl̄n ⇒ 'a ltl̄n
where
  Unf (φ Un ψ) = ((φ Un ψ) andn Unf φ) orn Unf ψ
  | Unf (φ Wn ψ) = ((φ Wn ψ) andn Unf φ) orn Unf ψ
  | Unf (φ Mn ψ) = ((φ Mn ψ) orn Unf φ) andn Unf ψ
  | Unf (φ Rn ψ) = ((φ Rn ψ) orn Unf φ) andn Unf ψ
  | Unf (φ andn ψ) = Unf φ andn Unf ψ
  | Unf (φ orn ψ) = Unf φ orn Unf ψ
  | Unf φ = φ

lemma Unf-sound:
  w ⊨n Unf φ ↔ w ⊨n φ
proof (induction φ arbitrary: w)
  case (Until-ltl̄n φ1 φ2)
    then show ?case
      by (simp, metis less-linear not-less0 suffix-0)
  next
    case (Release-ltl̄n φ1 φ2)
      then show ?case
        by (simp, metis less-linear not-less0 suffix-0)
  next
    case (WeakUntil-ltl̄n φ1 φ2)
      then show ?case
        by (simp, metis bot.extremum-unique bot-nat-def less-eq-nat.simps(1)
           suffix-0)
  qed (simp-all, fastforce)

lemma Unf-lang-equiv:
  φ ~L Unf φ
  by (simp add: Unf-sound ltl-lang-equiv-def)

lemma Unf-idem:
  Unf (Unf φ) ~P Unf φ
  by (induction φ) (auto simp: ltl-prop-equiv-def)
```

```

definition ltl-prop-unfold-equiv :: 'a ltn ⇒ 'a ltn ⇒ bool (infix ⟨~Q⟩ 75)
where
  φ ~Q ψ ≡ (Unf φ) ~P (Unf ψ)

lemma ltl-prop-unfold-equiv-equivp:
  equivp (~Q)
  by (metis ltl-prop-equiv-equivp ltl-prop-unfold-equiv-def equivpI equivp-def
    reflpI sympI transpI)

lemma unfolding-prop-unfold-idem:
  Unf φ ~Q φ
  unfoldng ltl-prop-unfold-equiv-def by (rule Unf-idem)

lemma unfolding-is-subst: Unf φ = subst φ (λψ. Some (Unf ψ))
  by (induction φ) auto

lemma ltl-prop-equiv-implies-ltl-prop-unfold-equiv:
  φ ~P ψ ⟹ φ ~Q ψ
  by (metis ltl-prop-unfold-equiv-def unfolding-is-subst subst-respects-ltl-prop-entailment(2))

lemma ltl-prop-unfold-equiv-implies-ltl-lang-equiv:
  φ ~Q ψ ⟹ φ ~L ψ
  by (metis ltl-prop-equiv-implies-ltl-lang-equiv ltl-lang-equiv-def Unf-sound
    ltl-prop-unfold-equiv-def)

lemma ltl-prop-unfold-equiv-gt-and-lt:
  (~C) ≤ (~Q) (~P) ≤ (~Q) (~Q) ≤ (~L)
  using ltl-prop-equiv-implies-ltl-prop-unfold-equiv ltl-prop-equivalence.ge-const-equiv
  ltl-prop-unfold-equiv-implies-ltl-lang-equiv
  by blast+

quotient-type 'a ltn_Q = 'a ltn / (~Q)
  by (rule ltl-prop-unfold-equiv-equivp)

instantiation ltn_Q :: (type) equal
begin

lift-definition ltn_Q-eq-test :: 'a ltn_Q ⇒ 'a ltn_Q ⇒ bool is λx y. x ~Q y
  by (metis ltn_Q.abs-eq-iff)

definition
  eq_Q: equal-class.equal ≡ ltn_Q-eq-test

instance

```

by (standard; simp add: $\text{eq}_Q \text{ ltl}_Q\text{-eq-test.rep-eq}$, metis Quotient-ltl $_Q$ Quotient-rel-rep)

end

lemma af-letter-unfolding:

af-letter ($\text{Unf } \varphi$) $\nu \sim_P$ af-letter φ ν

by (induction φ) (simp-all add: ltl-prop-equiv-def, blast+)

lemma af-letter-prop-unfold-congruent:

assumes $\varphi \sim_Q \psi$

shows af-letter φ $\nu \sim_Q$ af-letter ψ ν

proof –

have $\text{Unf } \varphi \sim_P \text{Unf } \psi$

using assms **by** (simp add: ltl-prop-unfold-equiv-def ltl-prop-equiv-def)

then have af-letter ($\text{Unf } \varphi$) $\nu \sim_P$ af-letter ($\text{Unf } \psi$) ν

by (simp add: prop-af-congruent.af-letter-congruent)

then have af-letter φ $\nu \sim_P$ af-letter ψ ν

by (metis af-letter-unfolding ltl-prop-equivalence.eq-sym ltl-prop-equivalence.eq-trans)

then show af-letter φ $\nu \sim_Q$ af-letter ψ ν

by (rule ltl-prop-equiv-implies-ltl-prop-unfold-equiv)

qed

lemma GF-advice-prop-unfold-congruent:

assumes $\varphi \sim_Q \psi$

shows ($\text{Unf } \varphi$)[X] $_\nu \sim_Q$ ($\text{Unf } \psi$)[X] $_\nu$

proof –

have $\text{Unf } \varphi \sim_P \text{Unf } \psi$

using assms

by (simp add: ltl-prop-unfold-equiv-def ltl-prop-equiv-def)

then have ($\text{Unf } \varphi$)[X] $_\nu \sim_P$ ($\text{Unf } \psi$)[X] $_\nu$

by (simp add: GF-advice-prop-congruent(2))

then show ($\text{Unf } \varphi$)[X] $_\nu \sim_Q$ ($\text{Unf } \psi$)[X] $_\nu$

by (simp add: ltl-prop-equiv-implies-ltl-prop-unfold-equiv)

qed

interpretation prop-unfold-equivalence: ltl-equivalence (\sim_Q)

by unfold-locales (metis ltl-prop-unfold-equiv-equivp ltl-prop-unfold-equiv-gt-and-lt)+

interpretation af-congruent (\sim_Q)

by unfold-locales (rule af-letter-prop-unfold-congruent)

lemma unfolding-monotonic:

$w \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu \implies w \models_n (\text{Unf } \varphi)[X]_\nu$

```

proof (induction  $\varphi$ )
  case (Until-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
    then show ?case
      by (cases ( $\varphi_1 U_n \varphi_2$ )  $\in X$ ) force+
next
  case (Release-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
    then show ?case
      using ltln-expand-Release by auto
next
  case (WeakUntil-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
    then show ?case
      using ltln-expand-WeakUntil by auto
next
  case (StrongRelease-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
    then show ?case
      by (cases ( $\varphi_1 M_n \varphi_2$ )  $\in X$ ) force+
qed auto

lemma unfolding-next-step-equivalent:
 $w \models_n (\text{Unf } \varphi)[X]_\nu \implies \text{suffix 1 } w \models_n (\text{af-letter } \varphi (w\ 0))[X]_\nu$ 
proof (induction  $\varphi$ )
  case (Next-ltln  $\varphi$ )
    then show ?case
      unfolding Unf.simps by (metis GF-advice-af-letter build-split)
next
  case (Until-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
    then show ?case
      unfolding Unf.simps
      by (metis GF-advice.simps(2) GF-advice.simps(3) GF-advice-af-letter af-letter.simps(8) build-split semantics-ltln.simps(5) semantics-ltln.simps(6))
next
  case (Release-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
    then show ?case
      unfolding Unf.simps
      by (metis GF-advice.simps(2) GF-advice.simps(3) GF-advice-af-letter One-nat-def af-letter.simps(9) build-first semantics-ltln.simps(5) semantics-ltln.simps(6))
next
  case (WeakUntil-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
    then show ?case
      unfolding Unf.simps
      by (metis GF-advice.simps(2) GF-advice.simps(3) GF-advice-af-letter af-letter.simps(10) build-split semantics-ltln.simps(5) semantics-ltln.simps(6))
next
  case (StrongRelease-ltln  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )

```

```

then show ?case
  unfolding Unf.simps
    by (metis GF-advice.simps(2) GF-advice.simps(3) GF-advice-af-letter
af-letter.simps(11) build-split semantics-ltln.simps(5) semantics-ltln.simps(6))
qed auto

lemma nested-prop-atoms-Unf:
  nested-prop-atoms (Unf  $\varphi$ )  $\subseteq$  nested-prop-atoms  $\varphi$ 
  by (induction  $\varphi$ ) auto

lemma refine-image:
  assumes  $\bigwedge x y. f x = f y \longrightarrow g x = g y$ 
  assumes finite ( $f`X$ )
  shows finite ( $g`X$ )
  and card ( $f`X$ )  $\geq$  card ( $g`X$ )
  proof -
    obtain Y where  $Y \subseteq X$  and finite Y and Y-def:  $f`X = f`Y$ 
      using assms by (meson finite-subset-image subset-refl)
    moreover
    {
      fix x
      assume  $x \in X$ 
      then have  $g x \in g`Y$ 
        by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) `x \in X` assms(1) Y-def image-iff)
    }
    then have  $g`X = g`Y$ 
      using assms `Y  $\subseteq$  X` by blast
    ultimately
    show finite ( $g`X$ )
      by simp

    from `finite Y` have card ( $f`Y$ )  $\geq$  card ( $g`Y$ )
    proof (induction Y rule: finite-induct)
      case (insert x F)

        then have 1: finite ( $g`F$ ) and 2: finite ( $f`F$ )
          by simp-all

        have  $f x \in f`F \implies g x \in g`F$ 
          using assms(1) by blast

        then show ?case
          using insert by (simp add: card-insert-if[OF 1] card-insert-if[OF 2])

```

qed *simp*

then show *card* ($f`X$) \geq *card* ($g`X$)
by (*simp add:* $Y\text{-def } \langle g`X = g`Y \rangle$)
qed

lemma *abs-ltlnP-implies-abs-ltlnQ*:

$\text{abs-ltlnP } \varphi = \text{abs-ltlnP } \psi \longrightarrow \text{abs-ltlnQ } \varphi = \text{abs-ltlnQ } \psi$
by (*simp add:* $\text{ltl-prop-equiv-implies-ltl-prop-unfold-equiv } \text{ltlnP.abs-eq-iff}$
 ltlnQ.abs-eq-iff)

lemmas *prop-unfold-equiv-helper* = *refine-image*[of *abs-ltlnP abs-ltlnQ*, *OF*
abs-ltlnP-implies-abs-ltlnQ]

lemma *prop-unfold-equiv-finite*:

$\text{finite } P \implies \text{finite } \{\text{abs-ltlnQ } \psi \mid \psi. \text{prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq P\}$
using *prop-unfold-equiv-helper(1)*[*OF prop-equiv-finite[unfolded image-Collect[symmetric]]*]
unfolding *image-Collect[symmetric]* .

lemma *prop-unfold-equiv-card*:

$\text{finite } P \implies \text{card } \{\text{abs-ltlnQ } \psi \mid \psi. \text{prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq P\} \leq 2^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} \text{card } P$
using *prop-unfold-equiv-helper(2)*[*OF prop-equiv-finite[unfolded image-Collect[symmetric]]*]
prop-equiv-card
unfolding *image-Collect[symmetric]*
by *fastforce*

lemma *Unf-eventually-equivalent*:

$w \models_n \text{Unf } \varphi[X]_\nu \implies \exists i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n \text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)[X]_\nu$
by (*metis (full-types) One-nat-def foldl.simps(1) foldl.simps(2) subsequence-singleton unfolding-next-step-equivalent*)

interpretation *prop-unfold-GF-advice-compatible*: *GF-advice-congruent* (\sim_Q)

Unf

by *unfold-locales (simp-all add: unfolding-prop-unfold-idem prop-unfold-equivivalence.eq-sym*
unfolding-monotonic Unf-eventually-equivalent GF-advice-prop-unfold-congruent)

end

13 Instantiation of the LTL to DRA construction

theory *DRA-Instantiation*

imports

DRA-Implementation

LTL.Equivalence-Relations
LTL.Disjunctive-Normal-Form
../Logical-Characterization/Extra-Equivalence-Relations
HOL-Library.Log-Nat
Deriving.Derive

begin

13.1 Hash Functions for Quotient Types

derive *hashable ltn*

definition *cube a = a * a * a*

instantiation *set :: (hashable) hashable*
begin

definition [*simp*]: *hashcode (x :: 'a set) = Finite-Set.fold (plus o cube o hashcode) (uint32-of-nat (card x)) x*
definition *def-hashmap-size = (λ- :: 'a set itself. 2 * def-hashmap-size TYPE('a))*

instance

proof

from *def-hashmap-size[where ?'a = 'a]*
show *1 < def-hashmap-size TYPE('a set)*
by (*simp add: def-hashmap-size-set-def*)
qed

end

instantiation *fset :: (hashable) hashable*
begin

definition [*simp*]: *hashcode (x :: 'a fset) = hashcode (fset x)*
definition *def-hashmap-size = (λ- :: 'a fset itself. 2 * def-hashmap-size TYPE('a))*

instance

proof

from *def-hashmap-size[where ?'a = 'a]*
show *1 < def-hashmap-size TYPE('a fset)*
by (*simp add: def-hashmap-size-fset-def*)

```

qed

end

instantiation  $ltn_P :: (\text{hashable}) \text{ hashable}$ 
begin

definition [simp]: hashcode ( $\varphi :: 'a ltn_P$ ) = hashcode (min-dnf (rep-ltn_P  $\varphi$ ))
definition def hashmap-size = ( $\lambda \cdot :: 'a ltn_P$  itself. def hashmap-size TYPE('a ltn))

instance
proof
  from def hashmap-size[where ?'a = 'a]
  show  $1 < \text{def hashmap-size } \text{TYPE}('a ltn_P)$ 
    by (simp add: def hashmap-size-ltn_P-def def hashmap-size-ltn-def)
qed

end

instantiation  $ltn_Q :: (\text{hashable}) \text{ hashable}$ 
begin

definition [simp]: hashcode ( $\varphi :: 'a ltn_Q$ ) = hashcode (min-dnf (Unf (rep-ltn_Q  $\varphi$ )))
definition def hashmap-size = ( $\lambda \cdot :: 'a ltn_Q$  itself. def hashmap-size TYPE('a ltn))

instance
proof
  from def hashmap-size[where ?'a = 'a]
  show  $1 < \text{def hashmap-size } \text{TYPE}('a ltn_Q)$ 
    by (simp add: def hashmap-size-ltn_Q-def def hashmap-size-ltn-def)
qed

end

```

13.2 Interpretations with Equivalence Relations

We instantiate the construction locale with propositional equivalence and obtain a function converting a formula into an abstract automaton.

global-interpretation $ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P$: dra-implementation (\sim_P) id rep-ltln $_P$ abs-ltln $_P$

defines $ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra}$

and $ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra\text{-}restricted_P = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra\text{-}restricted$

and $ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra\text{-}alphabet_P = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra\text{-}alphabet$

and $\mathfrak{A}'_P = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.\mathfrak{A}'$

and $\mathfrak{A}_{1P} = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.\mathfrak{A}_1$

and $\mathfrak{A}_{2P} = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.\mathfrak{A}_2$

and $\mathfrak{A}_{3P} = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.\mathfrak{A}_3$

and $\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-}FG_P = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-}FG$

and $\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-}GF_P = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-}GF$

and $af\text{-}letter_{GP} = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.af\text{-}letter_G$

and $af\text{-}letter_{FP} = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.af\text{-}letter_F$

and $af\text{-}letter_G\text{-}lifted_P = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.af\text{-}letter_G\text{-}lifted$

and $af\text{-}letter_F\text{-}lifted_P = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.af\text{-}letter_F\text{-}lifted$

and $af\text{-}letter_\nu\text{-}lifted_P = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.af\text{-}letter_\nu\text{-}lifted$

and $\mathfrak{C}_P = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.\mathfrak{C}$

and $af\text{-}letter_\nu P = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.af\text{-}letter_\nu$

and $ltln\text{-}to\text{-}draei_P = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.ltln\text{-}to\text{-}draei$

and $ltlc\text{-}to\text{-}draei_P = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.ltgc\text{-}to\text{-}draei$

by unfold-locales (meson Quotient-abs-rep Quotient-ltln $_P$, simp-all add: Quotient-abs-rep Quotient-ltln $_P$ ltln $_P$.abs-eq-iff prop-equiv-card prop-equiv-finite)

thm $ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra\text{-}language$
thm $ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra\text{-}size$
thm $ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_P.final\text{-}correctness$

Similarly, we instantiate the locale with a different equivalence relation and obtain another constant for translation of LTL to deterministic Rabin automata.

global-interpretation $ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_Q$: dra-implementation (\sim_Q) Unf rep-ltln $_Q$ abs-ltln $_Q$

defines $ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_Q = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_Q.ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra$

and $ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra\text{-}restricted_Q = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_Q.ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra\text{-}restricted$

and $ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra\text{-}alphabet_Q = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_Q.ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra\text{-}alphabet$

and $\mathfrak{A}'_Q = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_Q.\mathfrak{A}'$

and $\mathfrak{A}_{1Q} = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_Q.\mathfrak{A}_1$

and $\mathfrak{A}_{2Q} = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_Q.\mathfrak{A}_2$

and $\mathfrak{A}_{3Q} = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_Q.\mathfrak{A}_3$

and $\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-}FG_Q = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_Q.\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-}FG$

and $\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-}GF_Q = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_Q.\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-}GF$

and $af\text{-}letter_{GQ} = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_Q.af\text{-}letter_G$

and $af\text{-}letter_{FQ} = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_Q.af\text{-}letter_F$

and $af\text{-}letter_G\text{-}lifted_Q = ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra_Q.af\text{-}letter_G\text{-}lifted$

```

and af-letterF-liftedQ = ltl-to-draQ.af-letterF-lifted
and af-letterν-liftedQ = ltl-to-draQ.af-letterν-lifted
and ℋQ = ltl-to-draQ.ℋ
and af-letterνQ = ltl-to-draQ.af-letterν
and ltn-to-draeiQ = ltl-to-draQ.ltn-to-draei
and ltc-to-draeiQ = ltl-to-draQ.ltc-to-draei
by unfold-locales (meson Quotient-abs-rep Quotient-ltnQ, simp-all add:
Quotient-abs-rep Quotient-ltnQ ltnQ.abs-eq-iff nested-prop-atoms-Unf prop-unfold-equiv-finite
prop-unfold-equiv-card)

thm ltl-to-draQ.ltl-to-dra-language
thm ltl-to-draQ.ltl-to-dra-size
thm ltl-to-draQ.final-correctness

```

We allow the user to choose one of the two equivalence relations.

```
datatype equiv = Prop | PropUnfold
```

```

fun ltc-to-draei :: equiv => ('a :: hashable) ltc => ('a set, nat) draei
where
  ltc-to-draei Prop = ltc-to-draeiP
  | ltc-to-draei PropUnfold = ltc-to-draeiQ

```

```
end
```

14 Code export to Standard ML

```

theory Code-Export
imports
  LTL-to-DRA/DRA-Instantiation
  LTL.Code-Equations
  HOL-Library.Code-Target-Numeral
begin

```

14.1 Hashing Sets

```

global-interpretation comp-fun-commute plus o cube o hashcode :: ('a :: hashable) => hashcode => hashcode
by unfold-locales (auto simp: cube-def)

```

```

lemma [code]:
  hashcode (set xs) = fold (plus o cube o hashcode) (remdups xs) (uint32-of-nat
  (length (remdups xs)))
by (simp add: fold-set-fold-remdups length-remdups-card-conv)

```

```

lemma [code]:
  hashcode (abs-ltlnP φ) = hashcode (min-dnf φ)
  by simp

lemma min-dnf-rep-abs[simp]:
  min-dnf (Unf (rep-ltlnQ (abs-ltlnQ φ))) = min-dnf (Unf φ)
  using Quotient3-ltlnQ ltl-prop-equiv-min-dnf ltl-prop-unfold-equiv-def rep-abs-rsp
  by fastforce

lemma [code]:
  hashcode (abs-ltlnQ φ) = hashcode (min-dnf (Unf φ))
  by simp

```

14.2 LTL to DRA

```

declare ltl-to-draP.af-letterF-lifted-semantics [code]
declare ltl-to-draP.af-letterG-lifted-semantics [code]
declare ltl-to-draP.af-letterν-lifted-semantics [code]

declare ltl-to-draQ.af-letterF-lifted-semantics [code]
declare ltl-to-draQ.af-letterG-lifted-semantics [code]
declare ltl-to-draQ.af-letterν-lifted-semantics [code]

definition atoms-ltlc-list-literals :: String.literal ltlc ⇒ String.literal list
where
  atoms-ltlc-list-literals = atoms-ltlc-list

definition ltlc-to-draei-literals :: equiv ⇒ String.literal ltlc ⇒ (String.literal set, nat) draei
where
  ltlc-to-draei-literals = ltlc-to-draei

definition sort-transitions :: (nat × String.literal set × nat) list ⇒ (nat ×
  String.literal set × nat) list
where
  sort-transitions = sort-key fst

export-code True-ltlc Iff-ltlc ltlc-to-draei-literals Prop PropUnfold
  alphabeteti initialei transitionei conditionei
  integer-of-nat atoms-ltlc-list-literals sort-transitions set
  in SML module-name LTL file-prefix LTL-to-DRA

```

14.3 LTL to NBA

14.4 LTL to LDBA

end

References

- [1] J. Esparza, J. Kretínský, and S. Sickert. One theorem to rule them all: A unified translation of LTL into ω -automata. In A. Dawar and E. Grädel, editors, *Proceedings of the 33rd Annual ACM/IEEE Symposium on Logic in Computer Science, LICS 2018, Oxford, UK, July 09-12, 2018*, pages 384–393. ACM, 2018.