

The Königsberg Bridge Problem and the Friendship Theorem

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Abstract

This development provides a formalization of undirected graphs and simple graphs, which are based on Benedikt Nordhoff and Peter Lammich's simple formalization of labelled directed graphs [4] in the archive. Then, with our formalization of graphs, we have shown both necessary and sufficient conditions for Eulerian trails and circuits [2] as well as the fact that the Königsberg Bridge problem does not have a solution. In addition, we have also shown the Friendship Theorem in simple graphs[1, 3].

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theory *MoreGraph* **imports** *Complex-Main Dijkstra-Shortest-Path.Graph*
begin

1 Undirected Multigraph and undirected trails

locale *valid-unMultigraph=valid-graph G* **for** $G::('v,'w)$ *graph+*
assumes *corres[simp]:* $(v,w,u') \in \text{edges } G \longleftrightarrow (u',w,v) \in \text{edges } G$
and *no-id[simp]:* $(v,w,v) \notin \text{edges } G$

fun (**in** *valid-unMultigraph*) *is-trail* :: $'v \Rightarrow ('v,'w)$ *path* $\Rightarrow 'v \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ **where**
is-trail $v \ [] \ v' \longleftrightarrow v=v' \wedge v' \in V \ |$
is-trail $v \ ((v1,w,v2)\#ps) \ v' \longleftrightarrow v=v1 \wedge (v1,w,v2) \in E \wedge$
 $(v1,w,v2) \notin \text{set } ps \wedge (v2,w,v1) \notin \text{set } ps \wedge \text{is-trail } v2 \ ps \ v'$

2 Degrees and related properties

definition *degree* :: $'v \Rightarrow ('v,'w)$ *graph* $\Rightarrow \text{nat}$ **where**
degree $v \ g \equiv \text{card}(\{e. e \in \text{edges } g \wedge \text{fst } e = v\})$

definition *odd-nodes-set* :: $('v,'w)$ *graph* $\Rightarrow 'v$ *set* **where**
odd-nodes-set $g \equiv \{v. v \in \text{nodes } g \wedge \text{odd}(\text{degree } v \ g)\}$

definition *num-of-odd-nodes* :: $('v, 'w)$ *graph* $\Rightarrow \text{nat}$ **where**
num-of-odd-nodes $g \equiv \text{card}(\text{odd-nodes-set } g)$

definition *num-of-even-nodes* :: $('v, 'w)$ *graph* $\Rightarrow \text{nat}$ **where**
num-of-even-nodes $g \equiv \text{card}(\{v. v \in \text{nodes } g \wedge \text{even}(\text{degree } v \ g)\})$

definition *del-unEdge* **where** *del-unEdge* $v \ e \ v' \ g \equiv ()$
 $\text{nodes} = \text{nodes } g, \text{edges} = \text{edges } g - \{(v,e,v'),(v',e,v)\} \ ()$

definition *rev-path* :: $('v,'w)$ *path* $\Rightarrow ('v,'w)$ *path* **where**
rev-path $ps \equiv \text{map } (\lambda(a,b,c).(c,b,a)) (\text{rev } ps)$

fun *rem-unPath*:: $('v,'w)$ *path* $\Rightarrow ('v,'w)$ *graph* $\Rightarrow ('v,'w)$ *graph* **where**
rem-unPath $[] \ g = g$
rem-unPath $((v,w,v')\#ps) \ g =$
rem-unPath $ps \ (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ g)$

lemma *del-undirected*: *del-unEdge* $v \ e \ v' \ g = \text{delete-edge } v' \ e \ v \ (\text{delete-edge } v \ e \ v'$
 $g)$

unfolding *del-unEdge-def delete-edge-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *delete-edge-sym*: *del-unEdge* $v \ e \ v' \ g = \text{del-unEdge } v' \ e \ v \ g$

unfolding *del-unEdge-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *del-unEdge-valid[simp]*: **assumes** *valid-unMultigraph g*
shows *valid-unMultigraph (del-unEdge v e v' g)*

proof –

interpret *valid-unMultigraph g* **by** *fact*

show *?thesis*

unfolding *del-unEdge-def*

by *unfold-locales (auto dest: E-validD)*

qed

lemma *set-compre-diff*: $\{x \in A - B. P x\} = \{x \in A. P x\} - \{x \in B. P x\}$ **by** *blast*

lemma *set-compre-subset*: $B \subseteq A \implies \{x \in B. P x\} \subseteq \{x \in A. P x\}$ **by** *blast*

lemma *del-edge-undirected-degree-plus*: *finite (edges g) $\implies (v, e, v') \in edges g \implies (v', e, v) \in edges g \implies degree v (del-unEdge v e v' g) + 1 = degree v g$*

proof –

assume *assms: finite (edges g) (v, e, v') $\in edges g$ (v', e, v) $\in edges g$*

have *degree v (del-unEdge v e v' g) + 1*

= card ({ea $\in edges g - \{(v, e, v'), (v', e, v)\}. fst ea = v\}$ + 1

unfolding *del-unEdge-def degree-def* **by** *simp*

also have *... = card ({ea $\in edges g. fst ea = v\} - \{ea \in \{(v, e, v'), (v', e, v)\}. fst ea = v\}) + 1$*

by *(metis set-compre-diff)*

also have *... = card ({ea $\in edges g. fst ea = v\} - card(\{ea \in \{(v, e, v'), (v', e, v)\}. fst ea = v\})) + 1$*

fst ea = v\}) + 1

proof –

have $\{(v, e, v'), (v', e, v)\} \subseteq edges g$ **using** $\langle (v, e, v') \in edges g \rangle \langle (v', e, v) \in edges g \rangle$

by *auto*

hence $\{ea \in \{(v, e, v'), (v', e, v)\}. fst ea = v\} \subseteq \{ea \in edges g. fst ea = v\}$ **by** *auto*

moreover have *finite {ea $\in \{(v, e, v'), (v', e, v)\}. fst ea = v\}$* **by** *auto*

ultimately have *card ({ea $\in edges g. fst ea = v\} - \{ea \in \{(v, e, v'), (v', e, v)\}. fst ea = v\})) = card {ea $\in edges g. fst ea = v\} - card {ea \in \{(v, e, v'), (v', e, v)\}. fst ea = v\}$$*

(v', e, v)\}. fst ea = v\}) = card {ea $\in edges g. fst ea = v\} - card {ea \in \{(v, e, v'), (v', e, v)\}. fst ea = v\}$

fst ea = v\}

using *card-Diff-subset* **by** *blast*

thus *?thesis* **by** *auto*

qed

also have *... = card ({ea $\in edges g. fst ea = v\})$*

proof –

have $\{ea \in \{(v, e, v'), (v', e, v)\}. fst ea = v\} = \{(v, e, v')\}$ **by** *auto*

hence *card {ea $\in \{(v, e, v'), (v', e, v)\}. fst ea = v\} = 1$* **by** *auto*

moreover have *card {ea $\in edges g. fst ea = v\} \neq 0$*

by (*metis* (*lifting*, *mono-tags*) *Collect-empty-eq* *assms(1)* *assms(2)*
card-eq-0-iff *fst-conv* *mem-Collect-eq* *rev-finite-subset* *subsetI*)
ultimately show *?thesis* **by** *arith*
qed
finally have $\text{degree } v \text{ (del-unEdge } v \ e \ v' \ g) + 1 = \text{card } (\{ea \in \text{edges } g. \text{fst } ea = v\})$.
thus *?thesis* **unfolding** *degree-def* .
qed

lemma *del-edge-undirected-degree-plus'*: $\text{finite } (\text{edges } g) \implies (v, e, v') \in \text{edges } g$
 $\implies (v', e, v) \in \text{edges } g \implies \text{degree } v' \text{ (del-unEdge } v \ e \ v' \ g) + 1 = \text{degree } v' \ g$
by (*metis* *del-edge-undirected-degree-plus* *delete-edge-sym*)

lemma *del-edge-undirected-degree-minus[simp]*: $\text{finite } (\text{edges } g) \implies (v, e, v') \in \text{edges } g$
 $\implies (v', e, v) \in \text{edges } g \implies \text{degree } v \text{ (del-unEdge } v \ e \ v' \ g) = \text{degree } v \ g - (1 :: \text{nat})$

using *del-edge-undirected-degree-plus* **by** (*metis* *add-diff-cancel-left'* *add.commute*)

lemma *del-edge-undirected-degree-minus'[simp]*: $\text{finite } (\text{edges } g) \implies (v, e, v') \in \text{edges } g$
 $\implies (v', e, v) \in \text{edges } g \implies \text{degree } v' \text{ (del-unEdge } v \ e \ v' \ g) = \text{degree } v' \ g - (1 :: \text{nat})$
by (*metis* *del-edge-undirected-degree-minus* *delete-edge-sym*)

lemma *del-unEdge-com*: $\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \text{ (del-unEdge } n \ e \ n' \ g)$
 $= \text{del-unEdge } n \ e \ n' \text{ (del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ g)$
unfolding *del-unEdge-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *rem-unPath-com*: $\text{rem-unPath } ps \text{ (del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ g)$
 $= \text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \text{ (rem-unPath } ps \ g)$
proof (*induct* *ps* *arbitrary*: *g*)
case *Nil*
thus *?case* **by** (*metis* *rem-unPath.simps(1)*)
next
case (*Cons* *a* *ps'*)
thus *?case* **using** *del-unEdge-com*
by (*metis* *prod-cases3* *rem-unPath.simps(1)* *rem-unPath.simps(2)*)
qed

lemma *rem-unPath-valid[intro]*:
 $\text{valid-unMultigraph } g \implies \text{valid-unMultigraph } (\text{rem-unPath } ps \ g)$
proof (*induct* *ps*)
case *Nil*
thus *?case* **by** *simp*
next
case (*Cons* *x* *xs*)
thus *?case*
proof –

have *valid-unMultigraph* (*rem-unPath* ($x \# xs$) g) = *valid-unMultigraph*
 (*del-unEdge* (*fst* x) (*fst* (*snd* x)) (*snd* (*snd* x)) (*rem-unPath* xs g))
using *rem-unPath-com* **by** (*metis prod.collapse rem-unPath.simps*(2))
also have ...=*valid-unMultigraph* (*rem-unPath* xs g)
by (*metis Cons.hyps Cons.premis del-unEdge-valid*)
also have ...=*True*
using *Cons* **by** *auto*
finally have *?case=True* .
thus *?case* **by** *simp*
qed
qed

lemma (**in** *valid-unMultigraph*) *degree-frame*:
assumes *finite* (*edges* G) $x \notin \{v, v'\}$
shows *degree* x (*del-unEdge* v w v' G) = *degree* x G (**is** *?L=?R*)
proof (*cases* (v, w, v') \in *edges* G)
case *True*
have *?L=card*($\{e. e \in \text{edges } G - \{(v, w, v'), (v', w, v)\} \wedge \text{fst } e = x\}$)
by (*simp add:del-unEdge-def degree-def*)
also have ...=*card*($\{e. e \in \text{edges } G \wedge \text{fst } e = x\} - \{e. e \in \{(v, w, v'), (v', w, v)\} \wedge \text{fst } e = x\}$)
by (*metis set-compre-diff*)
also have ...=*card*($\{e. e \in \text{edges } G \wedge \text{fst } e = x\}$) **using** $\langle x \notin \{v, v'\} \rangle$
proof –
have $x \neq v \wedge x \neq v'$ **using** $\langle x \notin \{v, v'\} \rangle$ **by** *simp*
hence $\{e. e \in \{(v, w, v'), (v', w, v)\} \wedge \text{fst } e = x\} = \{\}$ **by** *auto*
thus *?thesis* **by** (*metis Diff-empty*)
qed
also have ...=*?R* **by** (*simp add:degree-def*)
finally show *?thesis* .
next
case *False*
moreover hence $(v', w, v) \notin E$ **using** *corres* **by** *auto*
ultimately have $E - \{(v, w, v'), (v', w, v)\} = E$ **by** *blast*
hence *del-unEdge* v w v' $G = G$ **by** (*auto simp add:del-unEdge-def*)
thus *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma [*simp*]: *rev-path* [] = [] **unfolding** *rev-path-def* **by** *simp*
lemma *rev-path-append*[*simp*]: *rev-path* ($xs @ ys$) = (*rev-path* ys) @ (*rev-path* xs)
unfolding *rev-path-def rev-append* **by** *auto*
lemma *rev-path-double*[*simp*]: *rev-path*(*rev-path* xs)= xs
unfolding *rev-path-def* **by** (*induct xs, auto*)

lemma *del-UnEdge-node*[*simp*]: $v \in \text{nodes } (\text{del-unEdge } u \ e \ u' \ G) \iff v \in \text{nodes } G$
by (*metis del-unEdge-def select-convs*(1))

lemma [intro!]: $finite (edges G) \implies finite (edges (del-unEdge u e u' G))$
by (metis del-unEdge-def finite-Diff select-convs(2))

lemma [intro!]: $finite (nodes G) \implies finite (nodes (del-unEdge u e u' G))$
by (metis del-unEdge-def select-convs(1))

lemma [intro!]: $finite (edges G) \implies finite (edges (rem-unPath ps G))$
proof (induct ps arbitrary:G)
case Nil
thus ?case **by** simp
next
case (Cons x xs)
hence $finite (edges (rem-unPath (x \# xs) G)) = finite (edges (del-unEdge (fst x) (fst (snd x)) (snd (snd x)) (rem-unPath xs G)))$
by (metis rem-unPath.simps(2) rem-unPath-com surjective-pairing)
also have $... = finite (edges (rem-unPath xs G))$
using del-unEdge-def
by (metis finite.emptyI finite-Diff2 finite-Diff-insert select-convs(2))
also have $... = True$ **using** Cons **by** auto
finally have ?case = True .
thus ?case **by** simp
qed

lemma del-UnEdge-frame[intro]:
 $x \in edges g \implies x \neq (v, e, v') \implies x \neq (v', e, v) \implies x \in edges (del-unEdge v e v' g)$
unfolding del-unEdge-def **by** auto

lemma [intro!]: $finite (nodes G) \implies finite (odd-nodes-set G)$
by (metis (lifting) mem-Collect-eq odd-nodes-set-def rev-finite-subset subsetI)

lemma [simp]: $nodes (del-unEdge u e u' G) = nodes G$
by (metis del-unEdge-def select-convs(1))

lemma [simp]: $nodes (rem-unPath ps G) = nodes G$
proof (induct ps)
case Nil
show ?case **by** simp
next
case (Cons x xs)
have $nodes (rem-unPath (x \# xs) G) = nodes (del-unEdge (fst x) (fst (snd x)) (snd (snd x)) (rem-unPath xs G))$
by (metis rem-unPath.simps(2) rem-unPath-com surjective-pairing)
also have $... = nodes (rem-unPath xs G)$ **by** auto
also have $... = nodes G$ **using** Cons **by** auto
finally show ?case .
qed

lemma [intro!]: $finite (nodes G) \implies finite (nodes (rem-unPath ps G))$ **by** auto

```

lemma in-set-rev-path[simp]:  $(v',w,v) \in \text{set } (\text{rev-path } ps) \iff (v,w,v') \in \text{set } ps$ 
proof (induct ps)
  case Nil
  thus ?case unfolding rev-path-def by auto
next
  case (Cons x xs)
  obtain x1 x2 x3 where  $x:x=(x1,x2,x3)$  by (metis prod-cases3)
  have  $\text{set } (\text{rev-path } (x \# xs)) = \text{set } ((\text{rev-path } xs) @ [(x3,x2,x1)])$ 
    unfolding rev-path-def
    using x by auto
  also have  $\dots = \text{set } (\text{rev-path } xs) \cup \{(x3,x2,x1)\}$  by auto
  finally have  $\text{set } (\text{rev-path } (x \# xs)) = \text{set } (\text{rev-path } xs) \cup \{(x3,x2,x1)\}$  .
  moreover have  $\text{set } (x \# xs) = \text{set } xs \cup \{(x1,x2,x3)\}$ 
    by (metis List.set-simps(2) insert-is-Un sup-commute x)
  ultimately show ?case using Cons by auto
qed

lemma rem-unPath-edges:
   $\text{edges}(\text{rem-unPath } ps \ G) = \text{edges } G - (\text{set } ps \cup \text{set } (\text{rev-path } ps))$ 
proof (induct ps)
  case Nil
  show ?case unfolding rev-path-def by auto
next
  case (Cons x xs)
  obtain x1 x2 x3 where  $x: x=(x1,x2,x3)$  by (metis prod-cases3)
  hence  $\text{edges}(\text{rem-unPath } (x \# xs) \ G) = \text{edges}(\text{del-unEdge } x1 \ x2 \ x3 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G))$ 
    by (metis rem-unPath.simps(2) rem-unPath-com)
  also have  $\dots = \text{edges}(\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G) - \{(x1,x2,x3), (x3,x2,x1)\}$ 
    by (metis del-unEdge-def select-convs(2))
  also have  $\dots = \text{edges } G - (\text{set } xs \cup \text{set } (\text{rev-path } xs)) - \{(x1,x2,x3), (x3,x2,x1)\}$ 
    by (metis Cons.hyps)
  also have  $\dots = \text{edges } G - (\text{set } (x \# xs) \cup \text{set } (\text{rev-path } (x \# xs)))$ 
    proof -
    have  $\text{set } (\text{rev-path } xs) \cup \{(x3,x2,x1)\} = \text{set } ((\text{rev-path } xs) @ [(x3,x2,x1)])$ 
      by (metis List.set-simps(2) empty-set set-append)
    also have  $\dots = \text{set } (\text{rev-path } (x \# xs))$  unfolding rev-path-def using x by
      auto
    finally have  $\text{set } (\text{rev-path } xs) \cup \{(x3,x2,x1)\} = \text{set } (\text{rev-path } (x \# xs))$  .
    moreover have  $\text{set } xs \cup \{(x1,x2,x3)\} = \text{set } (x \# xs)$ 
      by (metis List.set-simps(2) insert-is-Un sup-commute x)
    moreover have  $\text{edges } G - (\text{set } xs \cup \text{set } (\text{rev-path } xs)) - \{(x1,x2,x3), (x3,x2,x1)\}$ 
      =
      
$$\text{edges } G - ((\text{set } xs \cup \{(x1,x2,x3)\}) \cup (\text{set } (\text{rev-path } xs) \cup \{(x3,x2,x1)\}))$$

      by auto
    ultimately show ?thesis by auto
  qed
finally show ?case .

```

qed

lemma *rem-unPath-graph* [simp]:

rem-unPath (rev-path ps) G = rem-unPath ps G

proof –

have *nodes(rem-unPath (rev-path ps) G) = nodes(rem-unPath ps G)*

by *auto*

moreover have *edges(rem-unPath (rev-path ps) G) = edges(rem-unPath ps G)*

proof –

have *set (rev-path ps) ∪ set (rev-path (rev-path ps)) = set ps ∪ set (rev-path ps)*

by *auto*

thus *?thesis* **by** (*metis rem-unPath-edges*)

qed

ultimately show *?thesis* **by** *auto*

qed

lemma *distinct-rev-path*[simp]: *distinct (rev-path ps) ⟷ distinct ps*

proof (*induct ps*)

case *Nil*

show *?case* **by** *auto*

next

case (*Cons x xs*)

obtain *x1 x2 x3* **where** *x = (x1, x2, x3)* **by** (*metis prod-cases3*)

hence *distinct (rev-path (x # xs)) = distinct ((rev-path xs) @ [(x3, x2, x1)])*

unfolding *rev-path-def* **by** *auto*

also have *... = (distinct (rev-path xs) ∧ (x3, x2, x1) ∉ set (rev-path xs))*

by (*metis distinct.simps(2) distinct1-rotate rotate1.simps(2)*)

also have *... = distinct (x # xs)*

by (*metis Cons.hyps distinct.simps(2) in-set-rev-path x*)

finally have *distinct (rev-path (x # xs)) = distinct (x # xs)* .

thus *?case* .

qed

lemma (**in** *valid-unMultigraph*) *is-path-rev*: *is-path v' (rev-path ps) v ⟷ is-path v ps v'*

proof (*induct ps arbitrary: v*)

case *Nil*

show *?case* **by** *auto*

next

case (*Cons x xs*)

obtain *x1 x2 x3* **where** *x = (x1, x2, x3)* **by** (*metis prod-cases3*)

hence *is-path v' (rev-path (x # xs)) v = is-path v' ((rev-path xs) @ [(x3, x2, x1)])*

v

unfolding *rev-path-def* **by** *auto*

also have *... = (is-path v' (rev-path xs) x3 ∧ (x3, x2, x1) ∈ E ∧ is-path x1 [] v)* **by** *auto*

also have *... = (is-path x3 xs v' ∧ (x3, x2, x1) ∈ E ∧ is-path x1 [] v)* **using** *Cons.hyps*

by *auto*
also have ...=*is-path* v $(x\#xs)$ v'
by (*metis corres is-path.simps(1) is-path.simps(2) is-path-memb x*)
finally have *is-path* v' (*rev-path* $(x\#xs)$) v =*is-path* v $(x\#xs)$ v' .
thus ?*case* .
qed

lemma (in *valid-unMultigraph*) *singleton-distinct-path* [*intro*]:

$(v,w,v')\in E \implies$ *is-trail* v $[(v,w,v')]$ v'
by (*metis E-validD(2) all-not-in-conv is-trail.simps set-empty*)

lemma (in *valid-unMultigraph*) *is-trail-path*:

is-trail v ps $v' \longleftrightarrow$ *is-path* v ps $v' \wedge$ *distinct* $ps \wedge$ (*set* $ps \cap$ *set* (*rev-path* ps) = $\{\}$)

proof (*induct ps arbitrary:v*)

case *Nil*

show ?*case* **by** *auto*

next

case (*Cons* x xs)

obtain $x1$ $x2$ $x3$ **where** $x=(x1,x2,x3)$ **by** (*metis prod-cases3*)

hence *is-trail* v $(x\#xs)$ $v' = (v=x1 \wedge (x1,x2,x3)\in E \wedge$

$(x1,x2,x3)\notin set\ xs \wedge (x3,x2,x1)\notin set\ xs \wedge$ *is-trail* $x3$ xs $v')$

by (*metis is-trail.simps(2)*)

also have ...= $(v=x1 \wedge (x1,x2,x3)\in E \wedge (x1,x2,x3)\notin set\ xs \wedge (x3,x2,x1)\notin set\ xs$

\wedge *is-path* $x3$ xs v'

\wedge *distinct* $xs \wedge$ (*set* $xs \cap$ *set* (*rev-path* xs)= $\{\}$)

using *Cons.hyps* **by** *auto*

also have ...= $(is-path$ v $(x\#xs)$ $v' \wedge (x1,x2,x3) \neq (x3,x2,x1) \wedge (x1,x2,x3)\notin set$

xs

$\wedge (x3,x2,x1)\notin set\ xs \wedge$ *distinct* $xs \wedge$ (*set* $xs \cap$ *set* (*rev-path* xs)= $\{\}$)

by (*metis append-Nil is-path.simps(1) is-path.simps(2) is-path-split' no-id x*)

also have ...= $(is-path$ v $(x\#xs)$ $v' \wedge (x1,x2,x3) \neq (x3,x2,x1) \wedge (x3,x2,x1)\notin set$

xs

\wedge *distinct* $(x\#xs) \wedge$ (*set* $xs \cap$ *set* (*rev-path* xs)= $\{\}$)

by (*metis (full-types) distinct.simps(2) x*)

also have ...= $(is-path$ v $(x\#xs)$ $v' \wedge (x1,x2,x3) \neq (x3,x2,x1) \wedge$ *distinct* $(x\#xs)$

$\wedge (x3,x2,x1)\notin set\ xs \wedge$ *set* $xs \cap$ *set* (*rev-path* $(x\#xs)$)= $\{\}$)

proof –

have *set* (*rev-path* $(x\#xs)$) = *set* ((*rev-path* xs)@[$(x3,x2,x1)$]) **using** x **by**

auto

also have ... = *set* (*rev-path* xs) \cup $\{(x3,x2,x1)\}$ **by** *auto*

finally have *set* (*rev-path* $(x\#xs)$)=*set* (*rev-path* xs) \cup $\{(x3,x2,x1)\}$.

thus ?*thesis* **by** *blast*

qed

also have ...= $(is-path$ v $(x\#xs)$ $v' \wedge$ *distinct* $(x\#xs) \wedge$ (*set* $(x\#xs) \cap$ *set* (*rev-path* $(x\#xs)$)= $\{\}$)

proof –

have $(x3,x2,x1) \notin \text{set } xs \longleftrightarrow (x1,x2,x3) \notin \text{set } (\text{rev-path } xs)$ **using** *in-set-rev-path*
by *auto*
moreover have $\text{set } (\text{rev-path } (x\#xs)) = \text{set } (\text{rev-path } xs) \cup \{(x3,x2,x1)\}$
unfolding *rev-path-def* **using** *x* **by** *auto*
ultimately have $(x1,x2,x3) \neq (x3,x2,x1) \wedge (x3,x2,x1) \notin \text{set } xs$
 $\longleftrightarrow (x1,x2,x3) \notin \text{set } (\text{rev-path } (x\#xs))$ **by** *blast*
thus *?thesis*
by (*metis* (*mono-tags*) *Int-iff* *Int-insert-left-if0* *List.set-simps(2)* *empty-iff*
insertI1 *x*)
qed
finally have $\text{is-trail } v \ (x\#xs) \ v' \longleftrightarrow (\text{is-path } v \ (x\#xs) \ v' \wedge \text{distinct } (x\#xs)$
 $\wedge (\text{set } (x\#xs) \cap \text{set } (\text{rev-path } (x\#xs)) = \{\}))$.
thus *?case* .
qed

lemma (*in valid-unMultigraph*) *is-trail-rev*:
 $\text{is-trail } v' \ (\text{rev-path } ps) \ v \longleftrightarrow \text{is-trail } v \ ps \ v'$
using *rev-path-append* *is-trail-path* *is-path-rev* *distinct-rev-path*
by (*metis* *Int-commute* *distinct-append*)

lemma (*in valid-unMultigraph*) *is-trail-intro*[*intro*]:
 $\text{is-trail } v' \ ps \ v \implies \text{is-path } v' \ ps \ v$ **by** (*induct* *ps* *arbitrary:v',auto*)

lemma (*in valid-unMultigraph*) *is-trail-split*:
 $\text{is-trail } v \ (p1 @ p2) \ v' \implies (\exists u. \text{is-trail } v \ p1 \ u \wedge \text{is-trail } u \ p2 \ v')$
apply (*induct* *p1* *arbitrary: v,auto*)
apply (*metis* *is-trail-intro* *is-path-memb*)
done

lemma (*in valid-unMultigraph*) *is-trail-split'*: $\text{is-trail } v \ (p1 @ (u, w, u') \# p2) \ v'$
 $\implies \text{is-trail } v \ p1 \ u \wedge (u, w, u') \in E \wedge \text{is-trail } u' \ p2 \ v'$
by (*metis* *is-trail.simps(2)* *is-trail-split*)

lemma (*in valid-unMultigraph*) *distinct-elim*[*simp*]:
assumes $\text{is-trail } v \ ((v1, w, v2) \# ps) \ v'$
shows $(v1, w, v2) \in \text{edges}(\text{rem-unPath } ps \ G) \longleftrightarrow (v1, w, v2) \in E$

proof

assume $(v1, w, v2) \in \text{edges}(\text{rem-unPath } ps \ G)$
thus $(v1, w, v2) \in E$ **by** (*metis* *assms* *is-trail.simps(2)*)

next

assume $(v1, w, v2) \in E$
have $(v1, w, v2) \notin \text{set } ps \wedge (v2, w, v1) \notin \text{set } ps$ **by** (*metis* *assms* *is-trail.simps(2)*)
hence $(v1, w, v2) \notin \text{set } ps \wedge (v1, w, v2) \notin \text{set } (\text{rev-path } ps)$ **by** *simp*
hence $(v1, w, v2) \notin \text{set } ps \cup \text{set } (\text{rev-path } ps)$ **by** *simp*
hence $(v1, w, v2) \in \text{edges } G - (\text{set } ps \cup \text{set } (\text{rev-path } ps))$
using $\langle (v1, w, v2) \in E \rangle$ **by** *auto*
thus $(v1, w, v2) \in \text{edges}(\text{rem-unPath } ps \ G)$
by (*metis* *rem-unPath-edges*)

qed

lemma *distinct-path-subset*:

assumes *valid-unMultigraph* $G1$ *valid-unMultigraph* $G2$ *edges* $G1 \subseteq \text{edges } G2$
nodes $G1 \subseteq \text{nodes } G2$

assumes *distinct-G1:valid-unMultigraph.is-trail* $G1$ v ps v'

shows *valid-unMultigraph.is-trail* $G2$ v ps v' **using** *distinct-G1*

proof (*induct ps arbitrary:v*)

case *Nil*

hence $v=v' \wedge v' \in \text{nodes } G1$

by (*metis (full-types) assms(1) valid-unMultigraph.is-trail.simps(1)*)

hence $v=v' \wedge v' \in \text{nodes } G2$ **using** $\langle \text{nodes } G1 \subseteq \text{nodes } G2 \rangle$ **by** *auto*

thus *?case* **by** (*metis assms(2) valid-unMultigraph.is-trail.simps(1)*)

next

case (*Cons x xs*)

obtain $x1$ $x2$ $x3$ **where** $x:x=(x1,x2,x3)$ **by** (*metis prod-cases3*)

hence *valid-unMultigraph.is-trail* $G1$ $x3$ xs v'

by (*metis Cons.premss assms(1) valid-unMultigraph.is-trail.simps(2)*)

hence *valid-unMultigraph.is-trail* $G2$ $x3$ xs v' **using** *Cons* **by** *auto*

moreover **have** $x \in \text{edges } G1$

by (*metis Cons.premss assms(1) valid-unMultigraph.is-trail.simps(2) x*)

hence $x \in \text{edges } G2$ **using** $\langle \text{edges } G1 \subseteq \text{edges } G2 \rangle$ **by** *auto*

moreover **have** $v=x1 \wedge (x1,x2,x3) \notin \text{set } xs \wedge (x3,x2,x1) \notin \text{set } xs$

by (*metis Cons.premss assms(1) valid-unMultigraph.is-trail.simps(2) x*)

hence $v=x1$ $(x1,x2,x3) \notin \text{set } xs$ $(x3,x2,x1) \notin \text{set } xs$ **by** *auto*

ultimately show *?case* **by** (*metis assms(2) valid-unMultigraph.is-trail.simps(2)*)

x)

qed

lemma (**in** *valid-unMultigraph*) *distinct-path-intro'*:

assumes *valid-unMultigraph.is-trail* (*rem-unPath* p G) v ps v'

shows *is-trail* v ps v'

proof –

have *valid:valid-unMultigraph* (*rem-unPath* p G)

using *rem-unPath-valid[OF valid-unMultigraph-axioms,of p]* **by** *auto*

moreover **have** *nodes* (*rem-unPath* p G) $\subseteq V$ **by** *auto*

moreover **have** *edges* (*rem-unPath* p G) $\subseteq E$

using *rem-unPath-edges* **by** *auto*

ultimately show *?thesis*

using *distinct-path-subset[of rem-unPath p G G] valid-unMultigraph-axioms*

assms

by *auto*

qed

lemma (**in** *valid-unMultigraph*) *distinct-path-intro*:

assumes *valid-unMultigraph.is-trail* (*del-unEdge* $x1$ $x2$ $x3$ G) v ps v'

shows *is-trail* v ps v'

by (*metis (full-types) assms distinct-path-intro' rem-unPath.simps(1)*)

rem-unPath.simps(2))

lemma (in *valid-unMultigraph*) *distinct-elim-rev[simp]*:
assumes *is-trail* v $((v1,w,v2)\#ps)$ v'
shows $(v2,w,v1)\in\text{edges}(\text{rem-unPath } ps \ G) \longleftrightarrow (v2,w,v1)\in E$
proof –
have *valid-unMultigraph* $(\text{rem-unPath } ps \ G)$ **using** *valid-unMultigraph-axioms*
by *auto*
hence $(v2,w,v1)\in\text{edges}(\text{rem-unPath } ps \ G) \longleftrightarrow (v1,w,v2)\in\text{edges}(\text{rem-unPath } ps \ G)$
by (*metis valid-unMultigraph.corres*)
moreover **have** $(v2,w,v1)\in E \longleftrightarrow (v1,w,v2)\in E$ **using** *corres* **by** *simp*
ultimately show *?thesis* **using** *distinct-elim* **by** (*metis assms*)
qed

lemma (in *valid-unMultigraph*) *del-UnEdge-even*:
assumes $(v,w,v') \in E$ *finite* E
shows $v \in \text{odd-nodes-set}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) \longleftrightarrow \text{even}(\text{degree } v \ G)$
proof –
have $\text{degree } v \ (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) + 1 = \text{degree } v \ G$
using *del-edge-undirected-degree-plus* **corres** **by** (*metis assms*)
from *this* [*symmetric*] **have** $\text{odd}(\text{degree } v \ (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)) = \text{even}(\text{degree } v \ G)$
by *simp*
moreover **have** $v \in \text{nodes}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)$ **by** (*metis E-validD(1) assms(1) del-UnEdge-node*)
ultimately show *?thesis* **unfolding** *odd-nodes-set-def* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma (in *valid-unMultigraph*) *del-UnEdge-even'*:
assumes $(v,w,v') \in E$ *finite* E
shows $v' \in \text{odd-nodes-set}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) \longleftrightarrow \text{even}(\text{degree } v' \ G)$
proof –
show *?thesis* **by** (*metis (full-types) assms corres del-UnEdge-even delete-edge-sym*)
qed

lemma *del-UnEdge-even-even*:
assumes *valid-unMultigraph* G *finite(edges G)* *finite(nodes G)* $(v, w, v') \in \text{edges } G$
assumes *parity-assms*: $\text{even}(\text{degree } v \ G)$ $\text{even}(\text{degree } v' \ G)$
shows $\text{num-of-odd-nodes}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G + 2$
proof –
interpret G :*valid-unMultigraph* **by** *fact*
have $v \in \text{odd-nodes-set}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)$
by (*metis G.del-UnEdge-even assms(2) assms(4) parity-assms(1)*)
moreover **have** $v' \in \text{odd-nodes-set}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)$
by (*metis G.del-UnEdge-even' assms(2) assms(4) parity-assms(2)*)
ultimately **have** $\text{extra-odd-nodes}:\{v,v'\} \subseteq \text{odd-nodes-set}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)$
unfolding *odd-nodes-set-def* **by** *auto*
moreover **have** $v \notin \text{odd-nodes-set } G$ **and** $v' \notin \text{odd-nodes-set } G$

using *parity-assms* **unfolding** *odd-nodes-set-def* **by** *auto*
 hence vv' -*odd-disjoint*: $\{v, v'\} \cap \text{odd-nodes-set } G = \{\}$ **by** *auto*
 moreover have $\text{odd-nodes-set}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) - \{v, v'\} \subseteq \text{odd-nodes-set } G$
proof
 fix x
 assume x -*odd-set*: $x \in \text{odd-nodes-set}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) - \{v, v'\}$
 hence $\text{degree } x(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) = \text{degree } x \ G$
 by (*metis* *Diff-iff* G .*degree-frame* *assms*(2))
 hence $\text{odd}(\text{degree } x \ G)$ **using** x -*odd-set*
 unfolding *odd-nodes-set-def* **by** *auto*
 moreover have $x \in \text{nodes } G$ **using** x -*odd-set* **unfolding** *odd-nodes-set-def*
by *auto*
 ultimately show $x \in \text{odd-nodes-set } G$ **unfolding** *odd-nodes-set-def* **by** *auto*
qed
 moreover have $\text{odd-nodes-set } G \subseteq \text{odd-nodes-set}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)$
proof
 fix x
 assume x -*odd-set*: $x \in \text{odd-nodes-set } G$
 hence $x \notin \{v, v'\} \implies \text{odd}(\text{degree } x(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G))$
 by (*metis* (*lifting*) G .*degree-frame* *assms*(2) *mem-Collect-eq* *odd-nodes-set-def*)
 hence $x \notin \{v, v'\} \implies x \in \text{odd-nodes-set}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)$
 using x -*odd-set* *del-UnEdge-node* **unfolding** *odd-nodes-set-def* **by** *auto*
 moreover have $x \in \{v, v'\} \implies x \in \text{odd-nodes-set}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)$
 using *extra-odd-nodes* **by** *auto*
 ultimately show $x \in \text{odd-nodes-set}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)$ **by** *auto*
qed
ultimately have $\text{odd-nodes-set}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) = \text{odd-nodes-set } G \cup \{v, v'\}$
by *auto*
thus $\text{num-of-odd-nodes}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G + 2$
proof –
 assume $\text{odd-nodes-set}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) = \text{odd-nodes-set } G \cup \{v, v'\}$
 moreover have $v \neq v'$ **using** G .*no-id* $\langle (v, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle$ **by** *auto*
 hence $\text{card}\{v, v'\} = 2$ **by** *simp*
 moreover have $\text{odd-nodes-set } G \cap \{v, v'\} = \{\}$
 using vv' -*odd-disjoint* **by** *auto*
 moreover have *finite*($\text{odd-nodes-set } G$)
 by (*metis* (*lifting*) *assms*(3) *mem-Collect-eq* *odd-nodes-set-def* *rev-finite-subset*
subsetI)
 moreover have *finite* $\{v, v'\}$ **by** *auto*
 ultimately show *thesis* **unfolding** *num-of-odd-nodes-def* **using** *card-Un-disjoint*
by *metis*
qed
qed

lemma *del-UnEdge-even-odd*:

assumes *valid-unMultigraph* G *finite*(*edges* G) *finite*(*nodes* G) $(v, w, v') \in \text{edges } G$

assumes *parity-assms*: *even* (*degree* $v \ G$) *odd* (*degree* $v' \ G$)

shows $\text{num-of-odd-nodes}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G$

proof –

interpret G : *valid-unMultigraph* **by** *fact*

have $odd-v:v \in odd-nodes-set(del-unEdge\ v\ w\ v'\ G)$

by (*metis* $G.del-UnEdge-even\ assms(2)\ assms(4)\ parity-assms(1)$)

have $not-odd-v':v' \notin odd-nodes-set(del-unEdge\ v\ w\ v'\ G)$

by (*metis* $G.del-UnEdge-even'\ assms(2)\ assms(4)\ parity-assms(2)$)

have $odd-nodes-set(del-unEdge\ v\ w\ v'\ G) \cup \{v'\} \subseteq odd-nodes-set\ G \cup \{v\}$

proof

fix x

assume $x-prems: x \in odd-nodes-set\ (del-unEdge\ v\ w\ v'\ G) \cup \{v'\}$

have $x=v' \implies x \in odd-nodes-set\ G \cup \{v\}$

using *parity-assms*

by (*metis* (*lifting*) $G.E-validD(2)\ Un-def\ assms(4)\ mem-Collect-eq\ odd-nodes-set-def$)

)

moreover **have** $x=v \implies x \in odd-nodes-set\ G \cup \{v\}$

by (*metis* *insertI1\ insert-is-Un\ sup-commute*)

moreover **have** $x \notin \{v, v'\} \implies x \in odd-nodes-set\ (del-unEdge\ v\ w\ v'\ G)$

using $x-prems$ **by** *auto*

hence $x \notin \{v, v'\} \implies x \in odd-nodes-set\ G$ **unfolding** *odd-nodes-set-def*

using $G.degree-frame\ \langle finite\ (edges\ G) \rangle$ **by** *auto*

hence $x \notin \{v, v'\} \implies x \in odd-nodes-set\ G \cup \{v\}$ **by** *simp*

ultimately show $x \in odd-nodes-set\ G \cup \{v\}$ **by** *auto*

qed

moreover **have** $odd-nodes-set\ G \cup \{v\} \subseteq odd-nodes-set(del-unEdge\ v\ w\ v'\ G) \cup \{v'\}$

proof

fix x

assume $x-prems: x \in odd-nodes-set\ G \cup \{v\}$

have $x=v \implies x \in odd-nodes-set\ (del-unEdge\ v\ w\ v'\ G) \cup \{v'\}$

by (*metis* *UnI1\ odd-v*)

moreover **have** $x=v' \implies x \in odd-nodes-set\ (del-unEdge\ v\ w\ v'\ G) \cup \{v'\}$

by *auto*

moreover **have** $x \notin \{v, v'\} \implies x \in odd-nodes-set\ G \cup \{v\}$ **using** $x-prems$ **by** *auto*

hence $x \notin \{v, v'\} \implies x \in odd-nodes-set\ (del-unEdge\ v\ w\ v'\ G) \cup \{v'\}$ **unfolding** *odd-nodes-set-def*

using $G.degree-frame\ \langle finite\ (edges\ G) \rangle$ **by** *auto*

hence $x \notin \{v, v'\} \implies x \in odd-nodes-set\ (del-unEdge\ v\ w\ v'\ G) \cup \{v'\}$ **by** *simp*

ultimately show $x \in odd-nodes-set\ (del-unEdge\ v\ w\ v'\ G) \cup \{v'\}$ **by** *auto*

qed

ultimately have $odd-nodes-set(del-unEdge\ v\ w\ v'\ G) \cup \{v'\} = odd-nodes-set\ G \cup \{v\}$

by *auto*

moreover **have** $odd-nodes-set\ G \cap \{v\} = \{v\}$

using *parity-assms* **unfolding** *odd-nodes-set-def* **by** *auto*

moreover **have** $odd-nodes-set(del-unEdge\ v\ w\ v'\ G) \cap \{v'\} = \{v'\}$

by (*metis* *Int-insert-left-if0\ inf-bot-left\ inf-commute\ not-odd-v'*)

moreover **have** *finite* ($odd-nodes-set(del-unEdge\ v\ w\ v'\ G)$)

using (*finite* (*nodes* G)) **by** *auto*

moreover have $\text{finite } (\text{odd-nodes-set } G)$ **using** $\langle \text{finite } (\text{nodes } G) \rangle$ **by auto**
ultimately have $\text{card}(\text{odd-nodes-set } G) + \text{card } \{v\} =$
 $\text{card}(\text{odd-nodes-set}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)) + \text{card } \{v'\}$
using $\text{card-Un-disjoint}[\text{of odd-nodes-set } (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) \ \{v'\}]$
 $\text{card-Un-disjoint}[\text{of odd-nodes-set } G \ \{v\}]$
by auto
thus *?thesis* **unfolding** $\text{num-of-odd-nodes-def}$ **by simp**
qed

lemma *del-UnEdge-odd-even*:

assumes $\text{valid-unMultigraph } G \ \text{finite}(\text{edges } G) \ \text{finite}(\text{nodes } G) \ (v, w, v') \in \text{edges } G$
assumes $\text{parity-assms: odd } (\text{degree } v \ G) \ \text{even } (\text{degree } v' \ G)$
shows $\text{num-of-odd-nodes}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G$
by $(\text{metis assms del-UnEdge-even-odd delete-edge-sym parity-assms valid-unMultigraph.corres})$

lemma *del-UnEdge-odd-odd*:

assumes $\text{valid-unMultigraph } G \ \text{finite}(\text{edges } G) \ \text{finite}(\text{nodes } G) \ (v, w, v') \in \text{edges } G$
assumes $\text{parity-assms: odd } (\text{degree } v \ G) \ \text{odd } (\text{degree } v' \ G)$
shows $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } G = \text{num-of-odd-nodes}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) + 2$

proof –

interpret $G:\text{valid-unMultigraph}$ **by fact**
have $v \notin \text{odd-nodes-set}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)$
by $(\text{metis } G.\text{del-UnEdge-even assms}(2) \ \text{assms}(4) \ \text{parity-assms}(1))$
moreover have $v' \notin \text{odd-nodes-set}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)$
by $(\text{metis } G.\text{del-UnEdge-even}' \ \text{assms}(2) \ \text{assms}(4) \ \text{parity-assms}(2))$
ultimately have $vv'\text{-disjoint: } \{v, v'\} \cap \text{odd-nodes-set}(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) =$
 $\{\}$
by $(\text{metis } (\text{full-types}) \ \text{Int-insert-left-if0 inf-bot-left})$
moreover have $\text{extra-odd-nodes: } \{v, v'\} \subseteq \text{odd-nodes-set}(G)$
unfolding odd-nodes-set-def
using $\langle (v, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle$
by $(\text{metis } (\text{lifting}) \ G.E\text{-validD empty-subsetI insert-subset mem-Collect-eq parity-assms})$

moreover have $\text{odd-nodes-set } G - \{v, v'\} \subseteq \text{odd-nodes-set } (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)$

proof

fix x
assume $x \text{-odd-set: } x \in \text{odd-nodes-set } G - \{v, v'\}$
hence $\text{degree } x \ G = \text{degree } x \ (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)$
by $(\text{metis } \text{Diff-iff } G.\text{degree-frame assms}(2))$
hence $\text{odd}(\text{degree } x \ (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G))$ **using** $x\text{-odd-set}$
unfolding odd-nodes-set-def **by auto**
moreover have $x \in \text{nodes } (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)$
using $x\text{-odd-set}$ **unfolding** odd-nodes-set-def **by auto**
ultimately show $x \in \text{odd-nodes-set } (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)$
unfolding odd-nodes-set-def **by auto**

qed

moreover have $odd\text{-nodes}\text{-set} (del\text{-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) \subseteq odd\text{-nodes}\text{-set } G$
proof
fix x
assume $x\text{-odd}\text{-set}$: $x \in odd\text{-nodes}\text{-set} (del\text{-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)$
hence $x \notin \{v, v'\} \implies odd(\text{degree } x \ G)$
using $assms \ G.\text{degree}\text{-frame}$ **unfolding** $odd\text{-nodes}\text{-set}\text{-def}$
by $auto$
hence $x \notin \{v, v'\} \implies x \in odd\text{-nodes}\text{-set } G$
using $x\text{-odd}\text{-set} \ del\text{-UnEdge}\text{-node}$ **unfolding** $odd\text{-nodes}\text{-set}\text{-def}$
by $auto$
moreover have $x \in \{v, v'\} \implies x \in odd\text{-nodes}\text{-set } G$
using $extra\text{-odd}\text{-nodes}$ **by** $auto$
ultimately show $x \in odd\text{-nodes}\text{-set } G$ **by** $auto$
qed
ultimately have $odd\text{-nodes}\text{-set } G = odd\text{-nodes}\text{-set} (del\text{-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) \cup \{v, v'\}$

by $auto$
thus $?thesis$
proof –
assume $odd\text{-nodes}\text{-set } G = odd\text{-nodes}\text{-set} (del\text{-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) \cup \{v, v'\}$
moreover have $odd\text{-nodes}\text{-set} (del\text{-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) \cap \{v, v'\} = \{\}$
using $vv'\text{-disjoint}$ **by** $auto$
moreover have $finite(odd\text{-nodes}\text{-set} (del\text{-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G))$
using $assms \ del\text{-UnEdge}\text{-node} \ finite\text{-subset}$ **unfolding** $odd\text{-nodes}\text{-set}\text{-def}$
by $auto$
moreover have $finite \ \{v, v'\}$ **by** $auto$
ultimately have $card(odd\text{-nodes}\text{-set } G)$
 $= card(odd\text{-nodes}\text{-set} (del\text{-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)) + card\{v, v'\}$
unfolding $num\text{-of}\text{-odd}\text{-nodes}\text{-def}$
using $card\text{-Un}\text{-disjoint}$
by $metis$
moreover have $v \neq v'$ **using** $G.\text{no}\text{-id} \ \langle (v, w, v') \in edges \ G \rangle$ **by** $auto$
hence $card\{v, v'\} = 2$ **by** $simp$
ultimately show $?thesis$ **unfolding** $num\text{-of}\text{-odd}\text{-nodes}\text{-def}$ **by** $simp$
qed
qed

lemma (in $valid\text{-unMultigraph}$) $rem\text{-UnPath}\text{-parity}\text{-}v'$:
assumes $finite \ E \ is\text{-trail } v \ ps \ v'$
shows $v \neq v' \iff (odd (\text{degree } v' (rem\text{-unPath } ps \ G)) = even(\text{degree } v' \ G))$ **using**
 $assms$
proof (induct ps arbitrary: v)
case Nil
thus $?case$ **by** (metis $is\text{-trail}.\text{simps}(1) \ rem\text{-unPath}.\text{simps}(1)$)
next
case (Cons $x \ xs$) **print-cases**
obtain $x1 \ x2 \ x3$ **where** $x = (x1, x2, x3)$ **by** (metis $prod\text{-cases}3$)
hence $rem\text{-}x:\text{odd} (\text{degree } v' (rem\text{-unPath } (x\#xs) \ G)) = odd(\text{degree } v' (del\text{-unEdge}$
 $\ x1 \ x2 \ x3 \ (rem\text{-unPath } xs \ G)))$


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    by (metis rem-unPath.simps(2) rem-unPath-com)
  have  $x3=v' \implies ?case$ 
  proof (cases  $v=v'$ )
    case True
      assume  $x3=v'$ 
      have  $x1=v'$  using  $x$  by (metis Cons.prems(2) True is-trail.simps(2))
      thus ?thesis using  $\langle x3=v' \rangle$  by (metis Cons.prems(2) is-trail.simps(2) no-id
x)
    next
      case False
      assume  $x3=v'$ 
      have  $odd (degree v' (rem-unPath (x \# xs) G)) = odd (degree v' (
        del-unEdge x1 x2 x3 (rem-unPath xs G)))$  using  $rem-x$  .
      also have  $...=odd (degree v' (rem-unPath xs G) - 1)$ 
      proof -
        have  $finite (edges (rem-unPath xs G))$ 
          by (metis (full-types) assms(1) finite-Diff rem-unPath-edges)
        moreover have  $(x1,x2,x3) \in edges (rem-unPath xs G)$ 
          by (metis Cons.prems(2) distinct-elim is-trail.simps(2) x)
        moreover have  $(x3,x2,x1) \in edges (rem-unPath xs G)$ 
          by (metis Cons.prems(2) corres distinct-elim-rev is-trail.simps(2) x)
        ultimately show ?thesis
          by (metis  $\langle x3 = v' \rangle$  del-edge-undirected-degree-minus delete-edge-sym x)
      qed
      also have  $...=even (degree v' (rem-unPath xs G))$ 
      proof -
        have  $(x1,x2,x3) \in E$  by (metis Cons.prems(2) is-trail.simps(2) x)
        hence  $(x3,x2,x1) \in edges (rem-unPath xs G)$ 
          by (metis Cons.prems(2) corres distinct-elim-rev x)
        hence  $(x3,x2,x1) \in \{e \in edges (rem-unPath xs G). fst e = v'\}$ 
          using  $\langle x3=v' \rangle$  by (metis (mono-tags) fst-conv mem-Collect-eq)
        moreover have  $finite \{e \in edges (rem-unPath xs G). fst e = v'\}$ 
          using  $\langle finite E \rangle$  by auto
        ultimately have  $degree v' (rem-unPath xs G) \neq 0$ 
          unfolding degree-def by auto
        thus ?thesis by auto
      qed
      also have  $...=even (degree v' G)$ 
        using  $\langle x3 = v' \rangle$  assms
        by (metis (mono-tags) Cons.hyps Cons.prems(2) is-trail.simps(2) x)
      finally have  $odd (degree v' (rem-unPath (x \# xs) G)) = even (degree v' G)$  .
      thus ?thesis by (metis False)
    qed
  moreover have  $x3 \neq v' \implies ?case$ 
  proof (cases  $v=v'$ )
    case True
      assume  $x3 \neq v'$ 
      have  $odd (degree v' (rem-unPath (x \# xs) G)) = odd (degree v' (
        del-unEdge x1 x2 x3 (rem-unPath xs G)))$  using  $rem-x$  .

```

```

also have ...=odd(degree v' (rem-unPath xs G) - 1)
proof -
  have finite (edges (rem-unPath xs G))
    by (metis (full-types) assms(1) finite-Diff rem-unPath-edges)
  moreover have (x1,x2,x3) ∈ edges (rem-unPath xs G)
    by (metis Cons.prem(2) distinct-elim is-trail.simps(2) x)
  moreover have (x3,x2,x1) ∈ edges (rem-unPath xs G)
    by (metis Cons.prem(2) corres distinct-elim-rev is-trail.simps(2) x)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using True x
  by (metis Cons.prem(2) del-edge-undirected-degree-minus is-trail.simps(2))
qed
also have ...=even(degree v' (rem-unPath xs G))
proof -
  have (x1,x2,x3) ∈ E by (metis Cons.prem(2) is-trail.simps(2) x)
  hence (x1,x2,x3) ∈ edges (rem-unPath xs G)
    by (metis Cons.prem(2) distinct-elim)
  hence (x1,x2,x3) ∈ {e ∈ edges (rem-unPath xs G). fst e = v'}
    using ⟨v=v'⟩ x Cons
  by (metis (lifting, mono-tags) fst-conv is-trail.simps(2) mem-Collect-eq)

  moreover have finite {e ∈ edges (rem-unPath xs G). fst e = v'}
    using ⟨finite E⟩ by auto
  ultimately have degree v' (rem-unPath xs G) ≠ 0
    unfolding degree-def by auto
  thus ?thesis by auto
qed
also have ...≠even (degree v' G)
  using ⟨x3 ≠ v'⟩ assms
  by (metis Cons.hyps Cons.prem(2) is-trail.simps(2) x)
finally have odd (degree v' (rem-unPath (x # xs) G)) ≠ even (degree v' G) .
thus ?thesis by (metis True)
next
case False
assume x3 ≠ v'
have odd (degree v' (rem-unPath (x # xs) G)) = odd (degree v' (
  del-unEdge x1 x2 x3 (rem-unPath xs G))) using rem-x .
also have ...=odd(degree v' (rem-unPath xs G))
proof -
  have v=x1 by (metis Cons.prem(2) is-trail.simps(2) x)
  hence v' ∉ {x1,x3} by (metis (mono-tags) False ⟨x3 ≠ v'⟩ empty-iff
insert-iff)
  moreover have valid-unMultigraph (rem-unPath xs G)
    using valid-unMultigraph-axioms by auto
  moreover have finite (edges (rem-unPath xs G))
    by (metis (full-types) assms(1) finite-Diff rem-unPath-edges)
  ultimately have degree v' (del-unEdge x1 x2 x3 (rem-unPath xs G))
    = degree v' (rem-unPath xs G) using degree-frame
  by (metis valid-unMultigraph.degree-frame)

```

```

      thus ?thesis by simp
    qed
  also have ...=even (degree v' G)
    using assms x (x3 ≠ v')
    by (metis Cons.hyps Cons.prem2 is-trail.simps2)
  finally have odd (degree v' (rem-unPath (x # xs) G))=even (degree v' G) .
  thus ?thesis by (metis False)
  qed
  ultimately show ?case by auto
  qed

lemma (in valid-unMultigraph) rem-UnPath-parity-v:
  assumes finite E is-trail v ps v'
  shows v≠v' ⟷ (odd (degree v (rem-unPath ps G)) = even (degree v G))
  by (metis assms is-trail-rev rem-UnPath-parity-v' rem-unPath-graph)

lemma (in valid-unMultigraph) rem-UnPath-parity-others:
  assumes finite E is-trail v ps v' n∉{v,v'}
  shows even (degree n (rem-unPath ps G)) = even (degree n G) using assms
  proof (induct ps arbitrary: v)
    case Nil
    thus ?case by auto
  next
    case (Cons x xs)
    obtain x1 x2 x3 where x:x=(x1,x2,x3) by (metis prod-cases3)
    hence even (degree n (rem-unPath (x#xs) G))= even (degree n (
      del-unEdge x1 x2 x3 (rem-unPath xs G)))
    by (metis rem-unPath.simps2 rem-unPath-com)
    have n=x3 ⟹ ?case
    proof -
      assume n=x3
      have even (degree n (rem-unPath (x#xs) G))= even (degree n (
        del-unEdge x1 x2 x3 (rem-unPath xs G)))
      by (metis rem-unPath.simps2 rem-unPath-com x)
      also have ...=even (degree n (rem-unPath xs G) - 1)
      proof -
        have finite (edges (rem-unPath xs G))
          by (metis (full-types) assms1 finite-Diff rem-unPath-edges)
        moreover have (x1,x2,x3) ∈ edges (rem-unPath xs G)
          by (metis Cons.prem2 distinct-elim is-trail.simps2 x)
        moreover have (x3,x2,x1) ∈ edges (rem-unPath xs G)
          by (metis Cons.prem2 corres distinct-elim-rev is-trail.simps2 x)
        ultimately show ?thesis
          using (n = x3) del-edge-undirected-degree-minus'
          by auto
      qed
    qed
  next
    case (Cons x xs)
    also have ...=odd (degree n (rem-unPath xs G))
    proof -
      have (x1,x2,x3) ∈ E by (metis Cons.prem2 is-trail.simps2 x)
    qed
  qed

```

hence $(x3,x2,x1) \in \text{edges } (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G)$
by $(\text{metis } \text{Cons.prem}(2) \ \text{corres } \text{distinct-elim-rem } x)$
hence $(x3,x2,x1) \in \{e \in \text{edges } (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G). \text{fst } e = n\}$
using $\langle n=x3 \rangle$ **by** $(\text{metis } (\text{mono-tags}) \ \text{fst-conv } \text{mem-Collect-eq})$
moreover have $\text{finite } \{e \in \text{edges } (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G). \text{fst } e = n\}$
using $\langle \text{finite } E \rangle$ **by** *auto*
ultimately have $\text{degree } n \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G) \neq 0$
unfolding degree-def **by** *auto*
thus *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed
also have $\dots = \text{even}(\text{degree } n \ G)$
proof –
have $x3 \neq v'$ **by** $(\text{metis } \langle n = x3 \rangle \ \text{assms}(3) \ \text{insert-iff})$
hence $\text{odd } (\text{degree } x3 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G)) = \text{even}(\text{degree } x3 \ G)$
using $\text{Cons } \text{assms}$
by $(\text{metis } \text{is-trail.simp}(2) \ \text{rem-UnPath-parity-v } x)$
thus *?thesis* **using** $\langle n=x3 \rangle$ **by** *auto*
qed
finally have $\text{even } (\text{degree } n \ (\text{rem-unPath } (x\#xs) \ G)) = \text{even}(\text{degree } n \ G)$.
thus *?thesis* .
qed
moreover have $n \neq x3 \implies ?\text{case}$
proof –
assume $n \neq x3$
have $\text{even } (\text{degree } n \ (\text{rem-unPath } (x\#xs) \ G)) = \text{even } (\text{degree } n \ (\text{del-unEdge } x1 \ x2 \ x3 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G)))$
by $(\text{metis } \text{rem-unPath.simp}(2) \ \text{rem-unPath-com } x)$
also have $\dots = \text{even}(\text{degree } n \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G))$
proof –
have $v=x1$ **by** $(\text{metis } \text{Cons.prem}(2) \ \text{is-trail.simp}(2) \ x)$
hence $n \notin \{x1,x3\}$ **by** $(\text{metis } \text{Cons.prem}(3) \ \langle n \neq x3 \rangle \ \text{insertE } \text{insertI1 } \text{singletonE})$
moreover have $\text{valid-unMultigraph } (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G)$
using $\text{valid-unMultigraph-axioms}$ **by** *auto*
moreover have $\text{finite } (\text{edges } (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G))$
by $(\text{metis } (\text{full-types}) \ \text{assms}(1) \ \text{finite-Diff } \text{rem-unPath-edges})$
ultimately have $\text{degree } n \ (\text{del-unEdge } x1 \ x2 \ x3 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G)) = \text{degree } n \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G)$ **using** degree-frame
by $(\text{metis } \text{valid-unMultigraph.degree-frame})$
thus *?thesis* **by** *simp*
qed
also have $\dots = \text{even}(\text{degree } n \ G)$
using $\text{Cons } \text{assms } \langle n \neq x3 \rangle \ x$ **by** *auto*
finally have $\text{even } (\text{degree } n \ (\text{rem-unPath } (x\#xs) \ G)) = \text{even}(\text{degree } n \ G)$.
thus *?thesis* .
qed
ultimately show *?case* **by** *auto*
qed

```

lemma (in valid-unMultigraph) rem-UnPath-even:
  assumes finite E finite V is-trail v ps v'
  assumes parity-assms: even (degree v' G)
  shows num-of-odd-nodes (rem-unPath ps G) = num-of-odd-nodes G
    + (if even (degree v G) ∧ v ≠ v' then 2 else 0) using assms
proof (induct ps arbitrary:v)
  case Nil
  thus ?case by auto
next
  case (Cons x xs)
  obtain x1 x2 x3 where x:x=(x1,x2,x3) by (metis prod-cases3)
  have fin-nodes: finite (nodes (rem-unPath xs G)) using Cons by auto
  have fin-edges: finite (edges (rem-unPath xs G)) using Cons by auto
  have valid-rem-xs: valid-unMultigraph (rem-unPath xs G) using valid-unMultigraph-axioms

  by auto
  have x-in:(x1,x2,x3)∈edges (rem-unPath xs G)
  by (metis (full-types) Cons.prem3 distinct-elim is-trail.simps(2) x)
  have even (degree x1 (rem-unPath xs G))
     $\implies$  even (degree x3 (rem-unPath xs G))  $\implies$  ?case
proof –
  assume parity-x1-x3: even (degree x1 (rem-unPath xs G))
    even (degree x3 (rem-unPath xs G))
  have num-of-odd-nodes (rem-unPath (x#xs) G) = num-of-odd-nodes
    (del-unEdge x1 x2 x3 (rem-unPath xs G))
  by (metis rem-unPath.simps(2) rem-unPath-com x)
  also have ... = num-of-odd-nodes (rem-unPath xs G) + 2
  using parity-x1-x3 fin-nodes fin-edges valid-rem-xs x-in del-UnEdge-even-even

  by metis
  also have ... = num-of-odd-nodes G + (if even (degree x3 G) ∧ x3 ≠ v' then 2 else
0) + 2
  using Cons.hyps[OF ⟨finite E⟩ ⟨finite V⟩, of x3] ⟨is-trail v (x # xs) v'⟩
    ⟨even (degree v' G)⟩ x
  by auto
  also have ... = num-of-odd-nodes G + 2
proof –
  have even (degree x3 G) ∧ x3 ≠ v'  $\longleftrightarrow$  odd (degree x3 (rem-unPath xs G))
  using Cons.prem3 assms
  by (metis is-trail.simps(2) parity-x1-x3(2) rem-UnPath-parity-v x)
  thus ?thesis using parity-x1-x3(2) by auto
  qed
  also have ... = num-of-odd-nodes G + (if even (degree v G) ∧ v ≠ v' then 2 else
0)
proof –
  have x1 ≠ x3 by (metis valid-rem-xs valid-unMultigraph.no-id x-in)
  moreover hence x1 ≠ v'
  using Cons assms
  by (metis is-trail.simps(2) parity-x1-x3(1) rem-UnPath-parity-v' x)

```

ultimately have $x1 \notin \{x3, v'\}$ **by** *auto*
hence $even(\text{degree } x1 \ G)$
using *Cons.prem3 assms(1) assms(2) parity-x1-x3(1)*
by *(metis (full-types) is-trail.simps(2) rem-UnPath-parity-others x)*
hence $even(\text{degree } x1 \ G) \wedge x1 \neq v'$ **using** $\langle x1 \neq v' \rangle$ **by** *auto*
hence $even(\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge v \neq v'$ **by** *(metis Cons.prem3 is-trail.simps(2))*
x)
thus *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed
finally have $num\text{-of-odd-nodes } (rem\text{-unPath } (x\#xs) \ G) =$
 $num\text{-of-odd-nodes } G + (\text{if } even(\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge v \neq v' \text{ then } 2 \text{ else } 0)$.
thus *?thesis* .
qed
moreover have $even(\text{degree } x1 \ (rem\text{-unPath } xs \ G)) \implies$
 $odd(\text{degree } x3 \ (rem\text{-unPath } xs \ G)) \implies ?case$
proof –
assume *parity-x1-x3: even (degree x1 (rem-unPath xs G))*
 $odd(\text{degree } x3 \ (rem\text{-unPath } xs \ G))$
have $num\text{-of-odd-nodes } (rem\text{-unPath } (x\#xs) \ G) = num\text{-of-odd-nodes}$
 $(del\text{-unEdge } x1 \ x2 \ x3 \ (rem\text{-unPath } xs \ G))$
by *(metis rem-unPath.simps(2) rem-unPath-com x)*
also have $\dots = num\text{-of-odd-nodes } (rem\text{-unPath } xs \ G)$
using *parity-x1-x3 fin-nodes fin-edges valid-rem-xs x-in*
by *(metis del-UnEdge-even-odd)*
also have $\dots = num\text{-of-odd-nodes } G + (\text{if } even(\text{degree } x3 \ G) \wedge x3 \neq v' \text{ then } 2 \text{ else } 0)$
0)
using *Cons.hyps Cons.prem3 assms(1) assms(2) parity-assms x*
by *auto*
also have $\dots = num\text{-of-odd-nodes } G + 2$
proof –
have $even(\text{degree } x3 \ G) \wedge x3 \neq v' \iff odd(\text{degree } x3 \ (rem\text{-unPath } xs \ G))$
using *Cons.prem3 assms*
by *(metis is-trail.simps(2) parity-x1-x3(2) rem-UnPath-parity-v x)*
thus *?thesis* **using** *parity-x1-x3(2)* **by** *auto*
qed
also have $\dots = num\text{-of-odd-nodes } G + (\text{if } even(\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge v \neq v' \text{ then } 2 \text{ else } 0)$
0)
proof –
have $x1 \neq x3$ **by** *(metis valid-rem-xs valid-unMultigraph.no-id x-in)*
moreover hence $x1 \neq v'$
using *Cons assms*
by *(metis is-trail.simps(2) parity-x1-x3(1) rem-UnPath-parity-v' x)*
ultimately have $x1 \notin \{x3, v'\}$ **by** *auto*
hence $even(\text{degree } x1 \ G)$
using *Cons.prem3 assms(1) assms(2) parity-x1-x3(1)*
by *(metis (full-types) is-trail.simps(2) rem-UnPath-parity-others x)*
hence $even(\text{degree } x1 \ G) \wedge x1 \neq v'$ **using** $\langle x1 \neq v' \rangle$ **by** *auto*
hence $even(\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge v \neq v'$ **by** *(metis Cons.prem3 is-trail.simps(2))*

x) **thus** *?thesis* **by** *auto*
 qed
 finally have $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } (\text{rem-unPath } (x\#xs) \ G) =$
 $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } G + (\text{if even}(\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge v \neq v' \text{ then } 2 \text{ else}$
 $0)$.
 thus *?thesis* .
 qed
 moreover have $\text{odd } (\text{degree } x1 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G)) \implies$
 $\text{even}(\text{degree } x3 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G)) \implies \text{?case}$
 proof –
 assume *parity-x1-x3*: $\text{odd } (\text{degree } x1 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G))$
 $\text{even } (\text{degree } x3 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G))$
 have $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } (\text{rem-unPath } (x\#xs) \ G) = \text{num-of-odd-nodes}$
 $(\text{del-unEdge } x1 \ x2 \ x3 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G))$
 by (*metis rem-unPath.simps(2) rem-unPath-com x*)
 also have $\dots = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G)$
 using *parity-x1-x3 fin-nodes fin-edges valid-rem-xs x-in*
 by (*metis del-UnEdge-odd-even*)
 also have $\dots = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G + (\text{if even}(\text{degree } x3 \ G) \wedge x3 \neq v' \text{ then } 2 \text{ else}$
 $0)$)
 using *Cons.hyps Cons.prem(3) assms(1) assms(2) parity-assms x*
 by *auto*
 also have $\dots = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G$
 proof –
 have $\text{even}(\text{degree } x3 \ G) \wedge x3 \neq v' \iff \text{odd } (\text{degree } x3 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G))$
 using *Cons.prem(3) assms*
 by (*metis is-trail.simps(2) parity-x1-x3(2) rem-UnPath-parity-v x*)
 thus *?thesis* **using** *parity-x1-x3(2)* **by** *auto*
 qed
 also have $\dots = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G + (\text{if even}(\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge v \neq v' \text{ then } 2 \text{ else}$
 $0)$)
 proof (*cases v ≠ v'*)
 case *True*
 have $x1 \neq x3$ **by** (*metis valid-rem-xs valid-unMultigraph.no-id x-in*)
 moreover have *is-trail* $x3 \ xs \ v'$
 by (*metis Cons.prem(3) is-trail.simps(2) x*)
 ultimately have $\text{odd } (\text{degree } x1 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G))$
 $\iff \text{odd}(\text{degree } x1 \ G)$
 using *True parity-x1-x3(1) rem-UnPath-parity-others x Cons.prem(3)*
 $\text{assms}(1) \text{ assms}(2)$
 by *auto*
 hence $\text{odd}(\text{degree } x1 \ G)$ **by** (*metis parity-x1-x3(1)*)
 thus *?thesis*
 by (*metis (mono-tags) Cons.prem(3) Nat.add-0-right is-trail.simps(2)*)
 x)
 next
 case *False*
 then show *?thesis* **by** *auto*

qed
finally have $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } (\text{rem-unPath } (x\#xs) G) =$
 $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } G + (\text{if even}(\text{degree } v G) \wedge v \neq v' \text{ then } 2 \text{ else}$
 $0)$.
thus *?thesis* .
qed
moreover have $\text{odd } (\text{degree } x1 (\text{rem-unPath } xs G)) \implies$
 $\text{odd}(\text{degree } x3 (\text{rem-unPath } xs G)) \implies \text{?case}$
proof –
assume *parity-x1-x3*: $\text{odd } (\text{degree } x1 (\text{rem-unPath } xs G))$
 $\text{odd } (\text{degree } x3 (\text{rem-unPath } xs G))$
have $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } (\text{rem-unPath } (x\#xs) G) = \text{num-of-odd-nodes}$
 $(\text{del-unEdge } x1 x2 x3 (\text{rem-unPath } xs G))$
by *(metis rem-unPath.simps(2) rem-unPath-com x)*
also have $\dots = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } (\text{rem-unPath } xs G) - (2::\text{nat})$
using *del-UnEdge-odd-odd*
by *(metis add-implies-diff fin-edges fin-nodes parity-x1-x3 valid-rem-xs x-in)*

also have $\dots = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G + (\text{if even}(\text{degree } x3 G) \wedge x3 \neq v' \text{ then } 2 \text{ else}$
 $0) - (2::\text{nat})$
using *Cons assms*
by *(metis is-trail.simps(2) x)*
also have $\dots = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G$
proof –
have $\text{even}(\text{degree } x3 G) \wedge x3 \neq v' \iff \text{odd } (\text{degree } x3 (\text{rem-unPath } xs G))$
using *Cons.premss assms*
by *(metis is-trail.simps(2) parity-x1-x3(2) rem-UnPath-parity-v x)*
thus *?thesis using parity-x1-x3(2) by auto*
qed
also have $\dots = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G + (\text{if even}(\text{degree } v G) \wedge v \neq v' \text{ then } 2 \text{ else}$
 $0)$
proof (*cases v ≠ v'*)
case *True*
have $x1 \neq x3$ **by** *(metis valid-rem-xs valid-unMultigraph.no-id x-in)*
moreover have *is-trail x3 xs v'*
by *(metis Cons.premss(3) is-trail.simps(2) x)*
ultimately have $\text{odd } (\text{degree } x1 (\text{rem-unPath } xs G))$
 $\iff \text{odd}(\text{degree } x1 G)$
using *True Cons.premss(3) assms(1) assms(2) parity-x1-x3(1) rem-UnPath-parity-others*
 x
by *auto*
hence $\text{odd}(\text{degree } x1 G)$ **by** *(metis parity-x1-x3(1))*
thus *?thesis*
by *(metis (mono-tags) Cons.premss(3) Nat.add-0-right is-trail.simps(2)*
 $x)$
next
case *False*
thus *?thesis by (metis (mono-tags) add-0-iff)*
qed

finally have $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } (\text{rem-unPath } (x\#xs) \ G) =$
 $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } G + (\text{if even}(\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge v \neq v' \text{ then } 2 \text{ else } 0)$.
thus *?thesis* .
qed
ultimately show *?case* **by** *metis*
qed

lemma (in *valid-unMultigraph*) *rem-UnPath-odd*:
assumes *finite E finite V is-trail v ps v'*
assumes *parity-assms: odd (degree v' G)*
shows $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } (\text{rem-unPath } ps \ G) = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G$
 $+ (\text{if odd } (\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge v \neq v' \text{ then } -2 \text{ else } 0)$ **using** *assms*
proof (*induct ps arbitrary:v*)
case *Nil*
thus *?case* **by** *auto*
next
case (*Cons x xs*)
obtain $x1 \ x2 \ x3$ **where** $x:x=(x1,x2,x3)$ **by** (*metis prod-cases3*)
have *fin-nodes: finite (nodes (rem-unPath xs G))* **using** *Cons* **by** *auto*
have *fin-edges: finite (edges (rem-unPath xs G))* **using** *Cons* **by** *auto*
have *valid-rem-xs: valid-unMultigraph (rem-unPath xs G)* **using** *valid-unMultigraph-axioms*

by *auto*
have $x\text{-in}:(x1,x2,x3) \in \text{edges } (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G)$
by (*metis (full-types) Cons.prem3 distinct-elim is-trail.simps(2) x*)
have *even (degree x1 (rem-unPath xs G))*
 $\implies \text{even}(\text{degree } x3 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G)) \implies \text{?case}$
proof –
assume *parity-x1-x3: even (degree x1 (rem-unPath xs G))*
 $\text{even } (\text{degree } x3 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G))$
have $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } (\text{rem-unPath } (x\#xs) \ G) = \text{num-of-odd-nodes}$
 $(\text{del-unEdge } x1 \ x2 \ x3 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G))$
by (*metis rem-unPath.simps(2) rem-unPath-com x*)
also have $\dots = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G) + 2$
using *parity-x1-x3 fin-nodes fin-edges valid-rem-xs x-in del-UnEdge-even-even*

by *metis*
also have $\dots = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G + (\text{if odd}(\text{degree } x3 \ G) \wedge x3 \neq v' \text{ then } -2$
 $\text{else } 0) + 2$
using *Cons.hyps[OF (finite E) (finite V), of x3] (is-trail v (x # xs) v')*
 $(\text{odd } (\text{degree } v' \ G)) \ x$
by *auto*
also have $\dots = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G$
proof –
have $\text{odd } (\text{degree } x3 \ G) \wedge x3 \neq v' \iff \text{even } (\text{degree } x3 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G))$

using *Cons.prem3 assms*
by (*metis is-trail.simps(2) parity-x1-x3(2) rem-UnPath-parity-v x*)

```

    thus ?thesis using parity-x1-x3(2) by auto
  qed
  also have ...=num-of-odd-nodes G+(if odd(degree v G) ∧ v≠v' then -2 else
0)
  proof (cases v≠v')
  case True
  have x1≠x3 by (metis valid-rem-xs valid-unMultigraph.no-id x-in)
  moreover have is-trail x3 xs v'
    by (metis Cons.premis(3) is-trail.simps(2) x)
  ultimately have even (degree x1 (rem-unPath xs G))
    ↔ even (degree x1 G)
    using True Cons.premis(3) assms(1) assms(2) parity-x1-x3(1)
    rem-UnPath-parity-others x
    by auto
  hence even (degree x1 G) by (metis parity-x1-x3(1))
  thus ?thesis
    by (metis (hide-lams, mono-tags) Cons.premis(3) is-trail.simps(2)
    monoid-add-class.add.right-neutral x)
  next
  case False
  then show ?thesis by auto
  qed
  finally have num-of-odd-nodes (rem-unPath (x#xs) G)=
    num-of-odd-nodes G+(if odd(degree v G) ∧ v≠v' then -2 else
0) .
  thus ?thesis .
  qed
  moreover have even (degree x1 (rem-unPath xs G)) ⇒
    odd(degree x3 (rem-unPath xs G)) ⇒ ?case
  proof -
  assume parity-x1-x3: even (degree x1 (rem-unPath xs G))
    odd (degree x3 (rem-unPath xs G))
  have num-of-odd-nodes (rem-unPath (x#xs) G)= num-of-odd-nodes
    (del-unEdge x1 x2 x3 (rem-unPath xs G))
    by (metis rem-unPath.simps(2) rem-unPath-com x)
  also have ... =num-of-odd-nodes (rem-unPath xs G)
    using parity-x1-x3 fin-nodes fin-edges valid-rem-xs x-in
    by (metis del-UnEdge-even-odd)
  also have ...=num-of-odd-nodes G+(if odd(degree x3 G) ∧ x3≠v' then - 2
else 0 )
    using Cons.hyps[OF ⟨finite E⟩ ⟨finite V⟩, of x3] Cons.premis(3) assms(1)
    assms(2)
    parity-assms x
    by auto
  also have ...=num-of-odd-nodes G
  proof -
  have odd(degree x3 G) ∧ x3≠v' ↔ even (degree x3 (rem-unPath xs G))
    using Cons.premis assms
    by (metis is-trail.simps(2) parity-x1-x3(2) rem-UnPath-parity-v x)

```

thus *?thesis* **using** *parity-x1-x3(2)* **by** *auto*
qed
also have ... = *num-of-odd-nodes G + (if odd(degree v G) \wedge $v \neq v'$ then -2 else*
0)
proof (*cases v \neq v'*)
case *True*
have $x1 \neq x3$ **by** (*metis valid-rem-xs valid-unMultigraph.no-id x-in*)
moreover have *is-trail x3 xs v'*
by (*metis Cons.prem3 is-trail.simp2 x*)
ultimately have *even (degree x1 (rem-unPath xs G))*
 \longleftrightarrow *even (degree x1 G)*
using *True Cons.prem3 assms(1) assms(2) parity-x1-x3(1)*
rem-UnPath-parity-others x
by *auto*
hence *even (degree x1 G)* **by** (*metis parity-x1-x3(1)*)
with *Cons.prem3 x* **show** *?thesis* **by** *auto*
next
case *False*
then show *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed
finally have *num-of-odd-nodes (rem-unPath (x#xs) G) =*
num-of-odd-nodes G + (if odd(degree v G) \wedge $v \neq v'$ then -2 else
0) .
thus *?thesis* .
qed
moreover have *odd (degree x1 (rem-unPath xs G)) \implies*
even(degree x3 (rem-unPath xs G)) \implies ?case
proof –
assume *parity-x1-x3: odd (degree x1 (rem-unPath xs G))*
even (degree x3 (rem-unPath xs G))
have *num-of-odd-nodes (rem-unPath (x#xs) G) = num-of-odd-nodes*
(del-unEdge x1 x2 x3 (rem-unPath xs G))
by (*metis rem-unPath.simp2 rem-unPath-com x*)
also have ... = *num-of-odd-nodes (rem-unPath xs G)*
using *parity-x1-x3 fin-nodes fin-edges valid-rem-xs x-in*
by (*metis del-UnEdge-odd-even*)
also have ... = *num-of-odd-nodes G + (if odd(degree x3 G) \wedge $x3 \neq v'$ then -2*
else 0)
using *Cons.hyps Cons.prem3 assms(1) assms(2) parity-assms x*
by *auto*
also have ... = *num-of-odd-nodes G + (- 2)*
proof –
have *odd(degree x3 G) \wedge $x3 \neq v'$ \longleftrightarrow even (degree x3 (rem-unPath xs G))*
using *Cons.prem3 assms*
by (*metis is-trail.simp2 parity-x1-x3(2) rem-UnPath-parity-v x*)
hence *odd(degree x3 G) \wedge $x3 \neq v'$* **by** (*metis parity-x1-x3(2)*)
thus *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed
also have ... = *num-of-odd-nodes G + (if odd(degree v G) \wedge $v \neq v'$ then -2 else*

0) **proof** –
have $x1 \neq x3$ **by** (metis valid-rem-xs valid-unMultigraph.no-id x-in)
moreover hence $x1 \neq v'$
using Cons.assms
by (metis is-trail.simps(2) parity-x1-x3(1) rem-UnPath-parity-v' x)
ultimately have $x1 \notin \{x3, v'\}$ **by** auto
hence $\text{odd}(\text{degree } x1 \ G)$
using Cons.prem(3) assms(1) assms(2) parity-x1-x3(1)
by (metis (full-types) is-trail.simps(2) rem-UnPath-parity-others x)
hence $\text{odd}(\text{degree } x1 \ G) \wedge x1 \neq v'$ **using** $\langle x1 \neq v' \rangle$ **by** auto
hence $\text{odd}(\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge v \neq v'$ **by** (metis Cons.prem(3) is-trail.simps(2))

x) **thus** ?thesis **by** auto
qed
finally have $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } (\text{rem-unPath } (x\#xs) \ G) =$
 $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } G + (\text{if } \text{odd}(\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge v \neq v' \text{ then } -2 \text{ else } 0)$

0) . **thus** ?thesis .
qed
moreover have $\text{odd}(\text{degree } x1 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G)) \implies$
 $\text{odd}(\text{degree } x3 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G)) \implies ?case$

proof –
assume parity-x1-x3: $\text{odd}(\text{degree } x1 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G))$
 $\text{odd}(\text{degree } x3 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G))$
have $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } (\text{rem-unPath } (x\#xs) \ G) = \text{num-of-odd-nodes}$
 $(\text{del-unEdge } x1 \ x2 \ x3 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G))$
by (metis rem-unPath.simps(2) rem-unPath-com x)
also have $\dots = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G) - (2::\text{nat})$
using del-UnEdge-odd-odd
by (metis add-implies-diff fin-edges fin-nodes parity-x1-x3 valid-rem-xs x-in)

also have $\dots = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G - (2::\text{nat})$
proof –
have $\text{odd}(\text{degree } x3 \ G) \wedge x3 \neq v' \longleftrightarrow \text{even}(\text{degree } x3 \ (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G))$
using Cons.prem(3) assms
by (metis is-trail.simps(2) parity-x1-x3(2) rem-UnPath-parity-v x)
hence $\neg(\text{odd}(\text{degree } x3 \ G) \wedge x3 \neq v')$ **by** (metis parity-x1-x3(2))
have $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } (\text{rem-unPath } xs \ G) =$
 $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } G + (\text{if } \text{odd}(\text{degree } x3 \ G) \wedge x3 \neq v' \text{ then } -2 \text{ else } 0)$
by (metis Cons.hyps Cons.prem(3) assms(1) assms(2)
is-trail.simps(2) parity-assms x)
thus ?thesis
using $\langle \neg(\text{odd}(\text{degree } x3 \ G) \wedge x3 \neq v') \rangle$ **by** auto
qed
also have $\dots = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G + (\text{if } \text{odd}(\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge v \neq v' \text{ then } -2 \text{ else } 0)$

0) **proof** –
have $x1 \neq x3$ **by** (metis valid-rem-xs valid-unMultigraph.no-id x-in)

moreover hence $x1 \neq v'$
using *Cons.assms*
by (*metis is-trail.simps(2) parity-x1-x3(1) rem-UnPath-parity-v' x*)
ultimately have $x1 \notin \{x3, v'\}$ **by** *auto*
hence $\text{odd}(\text{degree } x1 \ G)$
using *Cons.prem(3) assms(1) assms(2) parity-x1-x3(1)*
by (*metis (full-types) is-trail.simps(2) rem-UnPath-parity-others x*)
hence $\text{odd}(\text{degree } x1 \ G) \wedge x1 \neq v'$ **using** $\langle x1 \neq v' \rangle$ **by** *auto*
hence $\text{odd}(\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge v \neq v'$ **by** (*metis Cons.prem(3) is-trail.simps(2)*)

x)

hence $v \in \text{odd-nodes-set } G$
using *Cons.prem(3) E-validD(1) x unfolding odd-nodes-set-def*
by *auto*
moreover have $v' \in \text{odd-nodes-set } G$
using *is-path-memb[OF is-trail-intro[OF assms(3)]] parity-assms*
unfolding *odd-nodes-set-def*
by *auto*
ultimately have $\{v, v'\} \subseteq \text{odd-nodes-set } G$ **by** *auto*
moreover have $v \neq v'$ **by** (*metis odd (degree v G) \wedge v \neq v'*)
hence $\text{card}\{v, v'\} = 2$ **by** *auto*
moreover have $\text{finite}(\text{odd-nodes-set } G)$
using $\langle \text{finite } V \rangle$ **unfolding** *odd-nodes-set-def*
by *auto*
ultimately have $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } G \geq 2$ **by** (*metis card-mono num-of-odd-nodes-def*)

thus *?thesis* **using** $\langle \text{odd}(\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge v \neq v' \rangle$ **by** *auto*
qed
finally have $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } (\text{rem-unPath } (x \# xs) \ G) =$
 $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } G + (\text{if } \text{odd}(\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge v \neq v' \text{ then } -2 \text{ else } 0)$.

thus *?thesis* .
qed
ultimately show *?case* **by** *metis*
qed

lemma (*in valid-unMultigraph*) *rem-UnPath-cycle*:
assumes *finite E finite V is-trail v ps v' v=v'*
shows $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } (\text{rem-unPath } ps \ G) = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G$ (**is** $?L = ?R$)
proof (*cases even (degree v' G)*)
case *True*
hence $?L = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G + (\text{if } \text{even}(\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge v \neq v' \text{ then } 2 \text{ else } 0)$
by (*metis assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) rem-UnPath-even*)
with *assms* **show** *?thesis* **by** *auto*
next
case *False*
hence $?L = \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G + (\text{if } \text{odd}(\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge v \neq v' \text{ then } -2 \text{ else } 0)$
by (*metis assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) rem-UnPath-odd*)
thus *?thesis* **using** $\langle v = v' \rangle$ **by** *auto*
qed

3 Connectivity

definition (in *valid-unMultigraph*) *connected*::bool **where**
connected $\equiv \forall v \in V. \forall v' \in V. v \neq v' \longrightarrow (\exists ps. \text{is-path } v \text{ } ps \text{ } v')$

lemma (in *valid-unMultigraph*) *connected* $\implies \forall v \in V. \forall v' \in V. v \neq v' \longrightarrow (\exists ps. \text{is-trail } v \text{ } ps \text{ } v')$

proof (*rule,rule,rule*)

fix *v v'*

assume $v \in V \ v' \in V \ v \neq v'$

assume *connected*

obtain *ps where is-path v ps v'* **by** (*metis* $\langle \text{connected} \rangle \langle v \in V \rangle \langle v' \in V \rangle \langle v \neq v' \rangle$
connected-def)

then obtain *ps' where is-trail v ps' v'*

proof (*induct ps arbitrary:v*)

case *Nil*

thus ?*case* **by** (*metis is-trail.simps(1) is-path.simps(1)*)

next

case (*Cons x xs*)

obtain *x1 x2 x3 where x:x=(x1,x2,x3)* **by** (*metis prod-cases3*)

have *is-path x3 xs v'* **by** (*metis Cons.prem(2) is-path.simps(2) x*)

moreover have $\bigwedge ps'. \text{is-trail } x3 \text{ } ps' \text{ } v' \implies \text{thesis}$

proof –

fix *ps'*

assume *is-trail x3 ps' v'*

hence $(x1, x2, x3) \notin \text{set } ps' \wedge (x3, x2, x1) \notin \text{set } ps' \implies \text{is-trail } v \text{ } (x \# ps') \text{ } v'$

by (*metis Cons.prem(2) is-trail.simps(2) is-path.simps(2) x*)

moreover have $(x1, x2, x3) \in \text{set } ps' \implies \exists ps1. \text{is-trail } v \text{ } ps1 \text{ } v'$

proof –

assume $(x1, x2, x3) \in \text{set } ps'$

then obtain *ps1 ps2 where ps'=ps1@(x1,x2,x3)#ps2* **by** (*metis*
split-list)

hence *is-trail v (x#ps2) v'*

using $\langle \text{is-trail } x3 \text{ } ps' \text{ } v' \rangle x$

by (*metis Cons.prem(2) is-trail.simps(2)*)

is-trail-split is-path.simps(2))

thus ?*thesis* **by** *rule*

qed

moreover have $(x3, x2, x1) \in \text{set } ps' \implies \exists ps1. \text{is-trail } v \text{ } ps1 \text{ } v'$

proof –

assume $(x3, x2, x1) \in \text{set } ps'$

then obtain *ps1 ps2 where ps'=ps1@(x3,x2,x1)#ps2* **by** (*metis*
split-list)

hence *is-trail v ps2 v'*

using $\langle \text{is-trail } x3 \text{ } ps' \text{ } v' \rangle x$

by (*metis Cons.prem(2) is-trail.simps(2)*)

is-trail-split is-path.simps(2))

thus ?*thesis* **by** *rule*

qed

ultimately show *thesis* **using** *Cons* **by** *auto*
qed
ultimately show *?case* **using** *Cons* **by** *auto*
qed
thus $\exists ps. is_trail\ v\ ps\ v'$ **by** *rule*
qed

lemma (in *valid-unMultigraph*) *no-rep-length: is-trail v ps v' \implies length ps = card(set ps)*
by (*induct ps arbitrary:v, auto*)

lemma (in *valid-unMultigraph*) *path-in-edges: is-trail v ps v' \implies set ps \subseteq E*
proof (*induct ps arbitrary:v*)
case *Nil*
show *?case* **by** *auto*
next
case (*Cons x xs*)
obtain *x1 x2 x3* **where** *x:x=(x1,x2,x3)* **by** (*metis prod-cases3*)
hence *is-trail x3 xs v'* **using** *Cons* **by** *auto*
hence *set xs \subseteq E* **using** *Cons* **by** *auto*
moreover *have x \in E* **using** *Cons* **by** (*metis is-trail-intro is-path.simps(2) x*)
ultimately show *?case* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma (in *valid-unMultigraph*) *trail-bound:*
assumes *finite E is-trail v ps v'*
shows *length ps \leq card E*
by (*metis (hide-lams, no-types) assms(1) assms(2) card-mono no-rep-length path-in-edges*)

definition (in *valid-unMultigraph*) *exist-path-length:: 'v \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool* **where**
exist-path-length v l \equiv $\exists v' ps. is-trail v' ps v \wedge length ps = l$

lemma (in *valid-unMultigraph*) *longest-path:*
assumes *finite E n \in V*
shows $\exists v. \exists max_path. is_trail\ v\ max_path\ n \wedge$
 $(\forall v'. \forall e \in E. \neg is_trail\ v'\ (e \# max_path)\ n)$
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume *contro: $\neg (\exists v max_path. is-trail v max_path n$*
 $\wedge (\forall v'. \forall e \in E. \neg is-trail v' (e \# max_path) n))$
hence *induct: $(\forall v max_path. is-trail v max_path n$*
 $\longrightarrow (\exists v'. \exists e \in E. is-trail v' (e \# max_path) n))$ **by** *auto*
have *is-trail n [] n* **using** $\langle n \in V \rangle$ **by** *auto*
hence *exist-path-length n 0* **unfolding** *exist-path-length-def* **by** *auto*
moreover *have $\forall y. exist-path-length\ n\ y \longrightarrow y \leq card\ E$*
using *trail-bound[OF (finite E)]* **unfolding** *exist-path-length-def*
by *auto*
hence *bound: $\forall y. exist-path-length\ n\ y \longrightarrow y \leq card\ E$* **by** *auto*
ultimately *have exist-path-length n (GREATEST x. exist-path-length n x)*

using *GreatestI-nat* **by** *auto*
then obtain v *max-path* **where**
 $\text{max-path:is-trail } v \text{ max-path } n \text{ length max-path} = (\text{GREATEST } x. \text{ exist-path-length } n \ x)$
by (*metis exist-path-length-def*)
hence $\exists v' e. \text{is-trail } v' (e \# \text{max-path}) \ n$ **using** *induct* **by** *metis*
hence $\text{exist-path-length } n \ (\text{length max-path} + 1)$
by (*metis One-nat-def exist-path-length-def list.size(4)*)
hence $\text{length max-path} + 1 \leq (\text{GREATEST } x. \text{ exist-path-length } n \ x)$
by (*metis Greatest-le-nat bound*)
hence $\text{length max-path} + 1 \leq \text{length max-path}$ **using** *max-path* **by** *auto*
thus *False* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *even-card'*:
assumes $\text{even}(\text{card } A) \ x \in A$
shows $\exists y \in A. y \neq x$
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume $\neg (\exists y \in A. y \neq x)$
hence $\forall y \in A. y = x$ **by** *auto*
hence $A = \{x\}$ **by** (*metis all-not-in-conv assms(2) insertI2 mk-disjoint-insert*)
hence $\text{card}(A) = 1$ **by** *auto*
thus *False* **using** $\langle \text{even}(\text{card } A) \rangle$ **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *odd-card*:
assumes $\text{finite } A \ \text{odd}(\text{card } A)$
shows $\exists x. x \in A$
by (*metis all-not-in-conv assms(2) card-empty even-zero*)

lemma (*in valid-unMultigraph*) *extend-distinct-path*:
assumes $\text{finite } E \ \text{is-trail } v' \ ps \ v$
assumes $\text{parity-assms} : (\text{even } (\text{degree } v' \ G) \wedge v' \neq v) \vee (\text{odd } (\text{degree } v' \ G) \wedge v' = v)$
shows $\exists e \ v1. \text{is-trail } v1 \ (e \# ps) \ v$
proof –
have $(\text{even } (\text{degree } v' \ G) \wedge v' \neq v) \implies \text{odd}(\text{degree } v' \ (\text{rem-unPath } ps \ G))$
by (*metis assms(1) assms(2) rem-UnPath-parity-v*)
moreover have $(\text{odd } (\text{degree } v' \ G) \wedge v' = v) \implies \text{odd}(\text{degree } v' \ (\text{rem-unPath } ps \ G))$
by (*metis assms(1) assms(2) rem-UnPath-parity-v'*)
ultimately have $\text{odd}(\text{degree } v' \ (\text{rem-unPath } ps \ G))$ **using** *parity-assms* **by** *auto*
hence $\text{odd}(\text{card } \{e. \text{fst } e = v' \wedge e \in \text{edges } G - (\text{set } ps \cup \text{set } (\text{rev-path } ps))\})$
using *rem-unPath-edges unfolding degree-def*
by (*metis (lifting, no-types) Collect-cong*)
hence $\{e. \text{fst } e = v' \wedge e \in E - (\text{set } ps \cup \text{set } (\text{rev-path } ps))\} \neq \{\}$
by (*metis empty-iff finite.emptyI odd-card*)
then obtain $v0 \ w$ **where** $v0w : (v', w, v0) \in E \ (v', w, v0) \notin \text{set } ps \cup \text{set } (\text{rev-path } ps)$ **by** *auto*

hence *is-trail* $v0 \ ((v0,w,v')\#ps) \ v$
by (*metis* (*hide-lams*, *mono-tags*) *Un-iff* *assms*(2) *corres* *in-set-rev-path* *is-trail.simps*(2))

thus *?thesis* **by** *metis*
qed

replace an edge (or its reverse in a path) by another path (in an undirected graph)

fun *replace-by-UnPath*:: ('v,'w) *path* \Rightarrow 'v \times 'w \times 'v \Rightarrow ('v,'w) *path* \Rightarrow ('v,'w) *path* **where**
replace-by-UnPath [] - - = [] |
replace-by-UnPath (x#xs) (v,e,v') ps =
 (if x=(v,e,v') then ps@*replace-by-UnPath* xs (v,e,v') ps
 else if x=(v',e,v) then (rev-path ps)@*replace-by-UnPath* xs (v,e,v') ps
 else x#*replace-by-UnPath* xs (v,e,v') ps)

lemma (in *valid-unMultigraph*) *del-unEdge-connectivity*:

assumes *connected* \exists ps. *valid-graph.is-path* (*del-unEdge* v e v' G) v ps v'

shows *valid-unMultigraph.connected* (*del-unEdge* v e v' G)

proof –

have *valid-unMulti:valid-unMultigraph* (*del-unEdge* v e v' G)

using *valid-unMultigraph-axioms* **by** *simp*

have *valid-graph: valid-graph* (*del-unEdge* v e v' G)

using *valid-graph-axioms* *del-undirected* **by** (*metis* *delete-edge-valid*)

obtain *ex-path* **where** *ex-path:valid-graph.is-path* (*del-unEdge* v e v' G) v *ex-path* v'

by (*metis* *assms*(2))

show *?thesis* **unfolding** *valid-unMultigraph.connected-def*[*OF* *valid-unMulti*]

proof (*rule,rule,rule*)

fix n n'

assume n : n \in *nodes* (*del-unEdge* v e v' G)

assume n' : n' \in *nodes* (*del-unEdge* v e v' G)

assume n \neq n'

obtain ps **where** ps:*is-path* n ps n'

by (*metis* $\langle n \neq n' \rangle$ n n' \langle connected \rangle *connected-def* *del-UnEdge-node*)

hence *valid-graph.is-path* (*del-unEdge* v e v' G)

n (*replace-by-UnPath* ps (v,e,v') *ex-path*) n'

proof (*induct* ps *arbitrary:n*)

case Nil

thus *?case* **by** (*metis* *is-path.simps*(1) n' *replace-by-UnPath.simps*(1))

valid-graph

valid-graph.is-path-simps(1))

next

case (*Cons* x xs)

obtain x1 x2 x3 **where** x:x=(x1,x2,x3) **by** (*metis* *prod-cases3*)

have x=(v,e,v') \implies *?case*

proof –

assume x=(v,e,v')

hence *valid-graph.is-path* (*del-unEdge* v e v' G)

```

      n (replace-by-UnPath (x#xs) (v,e,v') ex-path) n'
    = valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v e v' G)
      n (ex-path@(replace-by-UnPath xs (v,e,v') ex-path)) n'
    by (metis replace-by-UnPath.simps(2))
  also have ...=True
  by (metis Cons.hyps Cons.premis ⟨x = (v, e, v')⟩ ex-path is-path.simps(2))
valid-graph
  valid-graph.is-path-split)
  finally show ?thesis by simp
qed
moreover have x=(v',e,v) ⇒ ?case
proof -
  assume x=(v',e,v)
  hence valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v e v' G)
    n (replace-by-UnPath (x#xs) (v,e,v') ex-path) n'
    = valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v e v' G)
      n ((rev-path ex-path)@(replace-by-UnPath xs (v,e,v') ex-path)) n'
  by (metis Cons.premis is-path.simps(2) no-id replace-by-UnPath.simps(2))
  also have ...=True
  by (metis Cons.hyps Cons.premis ⟨x = (v', e, v)⟩ is-path.simps(2))
ex-path valid-graph
  valid-graph.is-path-split valid-unMulti valid-unMultigraph.is-path-rev)
  finally show ?thesis by simp
qed
moreover have x≠(v,e,v') ∧ x≠(v',e,v) ⇒ ?case
  by (metis Cons.hyps Cons.premis del-UnEdge-frame is-path.simps(2)
    replace-by-UnPath.simps(2)
    valid-graph valid-graph.is-path.simps(2) x)
  ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
thus ∃ ps. valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v e v' G) n ps n' by auto
qed
qed

lemma (in valid-unMultigraph) path-between-odds:
  assumes odd(degree v G) odd(degree v' G) finite E v≠v' num-of-odd-nodes G=2
  shows ∃ ps. is-trail v ps v'
proof -
  have v∈V
  proof (rule ccontr)
    assume v∉V
    hence ∀ e ∈ E. fst e ≠ v by (metis E-valid(1) imageI subsetD)
    hence degree v G=0 unfolding degree-def using ⟨finite E⟩
    by force
    thus False using ⟨odd(degree v G)⟩ by auto
  qed
  have v'∈V
  proof (rule ccontr)
    assume v'∉V

```

hence $\forall e \in E. \text{fst } e \neq v'$ **by** $(\text{metis } E\text{-valid}(1) \text{ imageI subsetD})$
hence $\text{degree } v' G = 0$ **unfolding** degree-def **using** $\langle \text{finite } E \rangle$
by force
thus False **using** $\langle \text{odd}(\text{degree } v' G) \rangle$ **by auto**
qed
then obtain $\text{max-path } v0$ **where** max-path :
 $\text{is-trail } v0 \text{ max-path } v'$
 $(\forall n. \forall w \in E. \neg \text{is-trail } n (w \# \text{max-path}) v')$
using $\text{longest-path}[of v']$ **by** $(\text{metis } \text{assms}(3))$
have $\text{even}(\text{degree } v0 G) \implies v0 = v' \implies v0 = v$
by $(\text{metis } \text{assms}(2))$
moreover have $\text{even}(\text{degree } v0 G) \implies v0 \neq v' \implies v0 = v$
proof –
assume $\text{even}(\text{degree } v0 G) \ v0 \neq v'$
hence $\exists w \ v1. \text{is-trail } v1 (w \# \text{max-path}) v'$
by $(\text{metis } \text{assms}(3) \text{ extend-distinct-path } \text{max-path}(1))$
thus $?thesis$ **by** $(\text{metis } (\text{full-types}) \text{ is-trail.simps}(2) \text{ max-path}(2) \text{ prod.exhaust})$
qed
moreover have $\text{odd}(\text{degree } v0 G) \implies v0 = v' \implies v0 = v$
proof –
assume $\text{odd}(\text{degree } v0 G) \ v0 = v'$
hence $\exists w \ v1. \text{is-trail } v1 (w \# \text{max-path}) v'$
by $(\text{metis } \text{assms}(3) \text{ extend-distinct-path } \text{max-path}(1))$
thus $?thesis$ **by** $(\text{metis } (\text{full-types}) \text{ List.set-simps}(2) \text{ insert-subset } \text{max-path}(2) \text{ path-in-edges})$
qed
moreover have $\text{odd}(\text{degree } v0 G) \implies v0 \neq v' \implies v0 = v$
proof $(\text{rule } \text{ccontr})$
assume $v0 \neq v \ \text{odd}(\text{degree } v0 G) \ v0 \neq v'$
moreover have $v \in \text{odd-nodes-set } G$
using $\langle v \in V \rangle \langle \text{odd}(\text{degree } v G) \rangle$ **unfolding** odd-nodes-set-def
by auto
moreover have $v' \in \text{odd-nodes-set } G$
using $\langle v' \in V \rangle \langle \text{odd}(\text{degree } v' G) \rangle$
unfolding odd-nodes-set-def
by auto
ultimately have $\{v, v', v0\} \subseteq \text{odd-nodes-set } G$
using $\text{is-path-memb}[OF \text{ is-trail-intro}[OF \langle \text{is-trail } v0 \text{ max-path } v' \rangle]] \text{max-path}(1)$
unfolding odd-nodes-set-def
by auto
moreover have $\text{card } \{v, v', v0\} = 3$ **using** $\langle v0 \neq v \rangle \langle v \neq v' \rangle \langle v0 \neq v' \rangle$ **by auto**
moreover have $\text{finite } (\text{odd-nodes-set } G)$
using $\text{assms}(5) \text{ card-eq-0-iff}[of \text{odd-nodes-set } G]$ **unfolding** $\text{num-of-odd-nodes-def}$

by auto
ultimately have $3 \leq \text{card}(\text{odd-nodes-set } G)$ **by** $(\text{metis } \text{card-mono})$
thus False **using** $\langle \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G = 2 \rangle$ **unfolding** $\text{num-of-odd-nodes-def}$
by auto

qed
ultimately have $v0=v$ **by** *auto*
thus *?thesis* **by** (*metis max-path(1)*)
qed

lemma (**in** *valid-unMultigraph*) *del-unEdge-even-connectivity*:
assumes *finite E finite V connected* $\forall n \in V. \text{even}(\text{degree } n \ G) \ (v, e, v') \in E$
shows *valid-unMultigraph.connected* (*del-unEdge v e v' G*)
proof –
have *valid-unMulti:valid-unMultigraph* (*del-unEdge v e v' G*)
using *valid-unMultigraph-axioms* **by** *simp*
have *valid-graph: valid-graph* (*del-unEdge v e v' G*)
using *valid-graph-axioms del-undirected* **by** (*metis delete-edge-valid*)
have *fin-E'*: *finite(edges (del-unEdge v e v' G))*
by (*metis (hide-lams, no-types) assms(1) del-undirected delete-edge-def*
finite-Diff select-convs(2))
have *fin-V'*: *finite(nodes (del-unEdge v e v' G))*
by (*metis (mono-tags) assms(2) del-undirected delete-edge-def select-convs(1)*)
have *all-even*: $\forall n \in \text{nodes} \ (del-unEdge \ v \ e \ v' \ G). \ n \notin \{v, v'\}$
 $\longrightarrow \text{even}(\text{degree } n \ (del-unEdge \ v \ e \ v' \ G))$
by (*metis (full-types) assms(1) assms(4) degree-frame del-UnEdge-node*)
have *even* (*degree v G*) **by** (*metis (full-types) E-validD(1) assms(4) assms(5)*)
moreover have *even* (*degree v' G*) **by** (*metis (full-types) E-validD(2) assms(4)*
assms(5))
moreover have *num-of-odd-nodes G = 0*
using $\langle \forall n \in V. \text{even}(\text{degree } n \ G) \rangle \langle \text{finite } V \rangle$
unfolding *num-of-odd-nodes-def odd-nodes-set-def* **by** *auto*
ultimately have *num-of-odd-nodes (del-unEdge v e v' G) = 2*
using *del-UnEdge-even-even[of G v e v', OF valid-unMultigraph-axioms]*
by (*metis assms(1) assms(2) assms(5) monoid-add-class.add.left-neutral*)
moreover have *odd (degree v (del-unEdge v e v' G))*
using $\langle \text{even}(\text{degree } v \ G) \rangle \text{del-UnEdge-even}'[OF \ \langle (v, e, v') \in E \rangle \langle \text{finite } E \rangle]$
unfolding *odd-nodes-set-def*
by *auto*
moreover have *odd (degree v' (del-unEdge v e v' G))*
using $\langle \text{even}(\text{degree } v' \ G) \rangle \text{del-UnEdge-even}'[OF \ \langle (v, e, v') \in E \rangle \langle \text{finite } E \rangle]$
unfolding *odd-nodes-set-def*
by *auto*
moreover have *finite (edges (del-unEdge v e v' G))*
using $\langle \text{finite } E \rangle$ **by** *auto*
moreover have $v \neq v'$ **using** *no-id* $\langle (v, e, v') \in E \rangle$ **by** *auto*
ultimately have $\exists ps. \text{valid-unMultigraph.is-trail} \ (del-unEdge \ v \ e \ v' \ G) \ v \ ps \ v'$
using *valid-unMultigraph.path-between-odds[OF valid-unMulti, of v v']*
by *auto*
thus *?thesis*
by (*metis (full-types) assms(3) del-unEdge-connectivity valid-unMulti*
valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-intro)
qed

lemma (in *valid-graph*) *path-end:ps≠[]* \implies *is-path v ps v'* \implies *v'=snd (snd(last ps))*

by (*induct ps arbitrary:v,auto*)

lemma (in *valid-unMultigraph*) *connectivity-split*:

assumes *connected* \neg *valid-unMultigraph.connected (del-unEdge v w v' G)*

$(v,w,v')\in E$

obtains *G1 G2* **where**

nodes G1 = {*n. \exists ps. valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) n ps v*}

and *edges G1* = {(*n,e,n'*). (*n,e,n'*) \in edges (del-unEdge v w v' G)

\wedge *n* \in *nodes G1* \wedge *n'* \in *nodes G1*}

and *nodes G2* = {*n. \exists ps. valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) n ps v'*}

and *edges G2* = {(*n,e,n'*). (*n,e,n'*) \in edges (del-unEdge v w v' G)

\wedge *n* \in *nodes G2* \wedge *n'* \in *nodes G2*}

and *edges G1* \cup *edges G2* = *edges (del-unEdge v w v' G)*

and *edges G1* \cap *edges G2* = {}

and *nodes G1* \cup *nodes G2* = *nodes (del-unEdge v w v' G)*

and *nodes G1* \cap *nodes G2* = {}

and *valid-unMultigraph G1*

and *valid-unMultigraph G2*

and *valid-unMultigraph.connected G1*

and *valid-unMultigraph.connected G2*

proof –

have *valid0:valid-graph (del-unEdge v w v' G)* **using** *valid-graph-axioms*

by (*metis del-undirected delete-edge-valid*)

have *valid0':valid-unMultigraph (del-unEdge v w v' G)* **using** *valid-unMultigraph-axioms*

by (*metis del-unEdge-valid*)

obtain *G1-nodes* **where** *G1-nodes:G1-nodes* =

{*n. \exists ps. valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) n ps v*}

by *metis*

then obtain *G1* **where** *G1:G1* =

(*nodes* = *G1-nodes*, *edges* = {(*n,e,n'*). (*n,e,n'*) \in edges (del-unEdge v w v' G)

\wedge *n* \in *G1-nodes* \wedge *n'* \in *G1-nodes*})

by *metis*

obtain *G2-nodes* **where** *G2-nodes:G2-nodes* =

{*n. \exists ps. valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) n ps v'*}

by *metis*

then obtain *G2* **where** *G2:G2* =

(*nodes* = *G2-nodes*, *edges* = {(*n,e,n'*). (*n,e,n'*) \in edges (del-unEdge v w v' G)

\wedge *n* \in *G2-nodes* \wedge *n'* \in *G2-nodes*})

by *metis*

have *valid-G1:valid-unMultigraph G1*

using *G1 valid-unMultigraph.corres[OF valid0'] valid-unMultigraph.no-id[OF valid0']*

by (*unfold-locales,auto*)

hence *valid-G1':valid-graph G1* **using** *valid-unMultigraph-def* **by** *auto*

have *valid-G2:valid-unMultigraph G2*

```

using G2 valid-unMultigraph.corres[OF valid0'] valid-unMultigraph.no-id[OF
valid0']
by (unfold-locales, auto)
hence valid-G2': valid-graph G2 using valid-unMultigraph-def by auto
have nodes G1={n.  $\exists$  ps. valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) n ps v}
using G1-nodes G1 by auto
moreover have edges G1={n, e, n'. (n, e, n') $\in$ edges (del-unEdge v w v' G)
 $\wedge$  n $\in$ nodes G1  $\wedge$  n' $\in$ nodes G1}
using G1-nodes G1 by auto
moreover have nodes G2={n.  $\exists$  ps. valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G)
n ps v'}
using G2-nodes G2 by auto
moreover have edges G2={n, e, n'. (n, e, n') $\in$ edges (del-unEdge v w v' G)
 $\wedge$  n $\in$ nodes G2  $\wedge$  n' $\in$ nodes G2}
using G2-nodes G2 by auto
moreover have nodes G1  $\cup$  nodes G2=nodes (del-unEdge v w v' G)
proof (rule ccontr)
assume nodes G1  $\cup$  nodes G2  $\neq$  nodes (del-unEdge v w v' G)
moreover have nodes G1  $\subseteq$  nodes (del-unEdge v w v' G)
using valid-graph.is-path-memb[OF valid0'] G1 G1-nodes by auto
moreover have nodes G2  $\subseteq$  nodes (del-unEdge v w v' G)
using valid-graph.is-path-memb[OF valid0'] G2 G2-nodes by auto
ultimately obtain n where n:
n $\in$ nodes (del-unEdge v w v' G) n $\notin$ nodes G1 n $\notin$ nodes G2
by auto
hence n-neg-v :  $\neg(\exists$  ps. valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) n ps v)
and
n-neg-v':  $\neg(\exists$  ps. valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) n ps v')
using G1 G1-nodes G2 G2-nodes by auto
hence n $\neq$ v by (metis n(1) valid0' valid-graph.is-path-simps(1))
then obtain nvs where nvs: is-path n nvs v using <connected>
by (metis E-validD(1) assms(3) connected-def del-UnEdge-node n(1))
then obtain nvs' where nvs': nvs'=takeWhile ( $\lambda$ x. x $\neq$ (v, w, v') $\wedge$ x $\neq$ (v', w, v))
nvs by auto
moreover have nvs-nvs':nvs=nvs'@dropWhile ( $\lambda$ x. x $\neq$ (v, w, v') $\wedge$ x $\neq$ (v', w, v))
nvs
using nvs' takeWhile-dropWhile-id by auto
ultimately obtain n' where is-path-nvs': is-path n nvs' n'
and is-path n' (dropWhile ( $\lambda$ x. x $\neq$ (v, w, v') $\wedge$ x $\neq$ (v', w, v)) nvs) v
using nvs is-path-split[of n nvs' dropWhile ( $\lambda$ x. x $\neq$ (v, w, v') $\wedge$ x $\neq$ (v', w, v))
nvs] by auto
have n'=v  $\vee$  n'=v'
proof (cases dropWhile ( $\lambda$ x. x $\neq$ (v, w, v') $\wedge$ x $\neq$ (v', w, v)) nvs)
case Nil
hence nvs=nvs' using nvs-nvs' by (metis append-Nil2)
hence n'=v using nvs is-path-nvs' path-end by (metis (mono-tags)
is-path.simps(1))
thus ?thesis by auto
next

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```

case (Cons x xs)
hence dropWhile (λx. x≠(v,w,v')∧x≠(v',w,v)) nvs≠[] by auto
hence hd (dropWhile (λx. x≠(v,w,v')∧x≠(v',w,v)) nvs)=(v,w,v')
      ∨ hd (dropWhile (λx. x≠(v,w,v')∧x≠(v',w,v)) nvs)=(v',w,v)
      by (metis (lifting, full-types) hd-dropWhile)
hence x=(v,w,v')∨x=(v',w,v) using Cons by auto
thus ?thesis
      using (is-path n' (dropWhile (λx. x ≠ (v, w, v') ∧ x ≠ (v', w, v)) nvs)
v)
      by (metis Cons is-path.simps(2))
qed
moreover have valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) n nvs' n'
using is-path-nvs' nvs'
proof (induct nvs' arbitrary:n nvs)
  case Nil
thus ?case by (metis del-UnEdge-node is-path.simps(1) valid0 valid-graph.is-path.simps(1))
next
  case (Cons x xs)
  obtain x1 x2 x3 where x:x=(x1,x2,x3) by (metis prod-cases3)
  hence is-path x3 xs n' using Cons by auto
  moreover have xs = takeWhile (λx. x ≠ (v, w, v') ∧ x ≠ (v', w, v)) (tl
nvs)
    using (x ≠ xs = takeWhile (λx. x ≠ (v, w, v') ∧ x ≠ (v', w, v)) nvs)
    by (metis (lifting, no-types) append-Cons list.distinct(1) takeWhile.simps(2))

    takeWhile-dropWhile-id list.sel(3))
  ultimately have valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) x3 xs n'
    using Cons by auto
  moreover have x≠(v,w,v') ∧ x≠(v',w,v)
    using Cons(3) set-takeWhileD[of x (λx. x ≠ (v, w, v') ∧ x ≠ (v', w,
v)) nvs]
    by (metis List.set.simps(2) insertI1)
  hence x∈edges (del-unEdge v w v' G)
    by (metis Cons.prem(1) del-UnEdge-frame is-path.simps(2) x)
  ultimately show ?case using x
  by (metis Cons.prem(1) is-path.simps(2) valid0 valid-graph.is-path.simps(2))
qed
ultimately show False using n-neg-v n-neg-v' by auto
qed
moreover have nodes G1 ∩ nodes G2={ }
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume nodes G1 ∩ nodes G2 ≠ { }
  then obtain n where n:n∈nodes G1 n∈nodes G2 by auto
  then obtain nvs nv's where
    nvs : valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) n nvs v and
    nv's : valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) n nv's v'
  using G1 G2 G1-nodes G2-nodes by auto
  hence valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) v ((rev-path nvs)@nv's) v'
  using valid-unMultigraph.is-path-rev[OF valid0'] valid-graph.is-path-split[OF

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valid0]
  by auto
  hence valid-unMultigraph.connected (del-unEdge v w v' G)
  by (metis assms(1) del-unEdge-connectivity)
  thus False by (metis assms(2))
qed
moreover have edges G1  $\cup$  edges G2 = edges (del-unEdge v w v' G)
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume edges G1  $\cup$  edges G2  $\neq$  edges (del-unEdge v w v' G)
  moreover have edges G1  $\subseteq$  edges (del-unEdge v w v' G) using G1 by auto
  moreover have edges G2  $\subseteq$  edges (del-unEdge v w v' G) using G2 by auto
  ultimately obtain n e n' where
    nen':
    (n,e,n') $\in$ edges (del-unEdge v w v' G)
    (n,e,n') $\notin$ edges G1 (n,e,n') $\notin$ edges G2
  by auto
  moreover have n $\in$ nodes (del-unEdge v w v' G)
  by (metis nen'(1) valid0 valid-graph.E-validD(1))
  moreover have n' $\in$ nodes (del-unEdge v w v' G)
  by (metis nen'(1) valid0 valid-graph.E-validD(2))
  ultimately have (n $\in$ nodes G1  $\wedge$  n' $\in$ nodes G2) $\vee$ (n $\in$ nodes G2 $\wedge$ n' $\in$ nodes
G1)
  using G1 G2 (nodes G1  $\cup$  nodes G2=nodes (del-unEdge v w v' G)) by auto
  moreover have n $\in$ nodes G1  $\implies$  n' $\in$ nodes G2  $\implies$  False
  proof -
    assume n $\in$ nodes G1 n' $\in$ nodes G2
    then obtain nvs nv's where
      nvs : valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) n nvs v and
      nv's : valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) n' nv's v'
    using G1 G2 G1-nodes G2-nodes by auto
    hence valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) v
      ((rev-path nvs) $\@$ (n,e,n') $\#$ nv's) v'
  using valid-unMultigraph.is-path-rev[OF valid0'] valid-graph.is-path-split'[OF
valid0]
    (n,e,n') $\in$ edges (del-unEdge v w v' G)
  by auto
  hence valid-unMultigraph.connected (del-unEdge v w v' G)
  by (metis assms(1) del-unEdge-connectivity)
  thus False by (metis assms(2))
qed
moreover have n $\in$ nodes G2  $\implies$  n' $\in$ nodes G1  $\implies$  False
proof -
  assume n' $\in$ nodes G1 n $\in$ nodes G2
  then obtain n'vs nvs where
    n'vs : valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) n' n'vs v and
    nvs : valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) n nvs v'
  using G1 G2 G1-nodes G2-nodes by auto
  moreover have (n',e,n) $\in$ edges (del-unEdge v w v' G)
  by (metis nen'(1) valid0' valid-unMultigraph.corres)

```



```

    ultimately have valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) v
      ((rev-path n'vs)@(n',e,n)#nvs) v'
  using valid-unMultigraph.is-path-rev[OF valid0'] valid-graph.is-path-split'[OF
valid0]
    by auto
    hence valid-unMultigraph.connected (del-unEdge v w v' G)
      by (metis assms(1) del-unEdge-connectivity)
    thus False by (metis assms(2))
  qed
  ultimately show False by auto
  qed
  moreover have edges G1 ∩ edges G2={ }
  proof (rule ccontr)
    assume edges G1 ∩ edges G2 ≠ { }
    then obtain n e n' where (n,e,n')∈edges G1 (n,e,n')∈edges G2 by auto
    hence n∈nodes G1 n∈nodes G2 using G1 G2 by auto
    thus False using (nodes G1 ∩ nodes G2={ }) by auto
  qed
  moreover have valid-unMultigraph.connected G1
  unfolding valid-unMultigraph.connected-def[OF valid-G1]
  proof (rule,rule,rule)
    fix n n'
    assume n : n ∈nodes G1
    assume n': n'∈nodes G1
    assume n≠n'
    obtain ps where valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) n ps v
      using G1 G1-nodes n by auto
    hence ps:valid-graph.is-path G1 n ps v
    proof (induct ps arbitrary:n)
      case Nil
      moreover have v∈nodes G1 using G1 G1-nodes valid0
        by (metis (lifting, no-types) calculation mem-Collect-eq select-convs(1)
          valid-graph.is-path.simps(1))
      ultimately show ?case
        by (metis valid0 valid-G1 valid-unMultigraph.is-trail.simps(1)
          valid-graph.is-path.simps(1) valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-intro)
    next
      case (Cons x xs)
      obtain x1 x2 x3 where x:x=(x1,x2,x3) by (metis prod-cases3)
      have x1∈nodes G1 using G1 G1-nodes Cons.prem1 x
      by (metis (lifting) mem-Collect-eq select-convs(1) valid0 valid-graph.is-path.simps(2))
      moreover have (x1,x2,x3)∈edges (del-unEdge v w v' G)
        by (metis Cons.prem1 valid0 valid-graph.is-path.simps(2) x)
      ultimately have (x1,x2,x3)∈edges G1
        using G1 G2 (nodes G1 ∩ nodes G2={ }) (edges G1 ∪ edges G2=edges
(del-unEdge v w v' G))
      by (metis (full-types) IntI Un-iff bex-empty valid-G2' valid-graph.E-validD(1)
)
    moreover have valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) x3 xs v

```

by (metis Cons.premis valid0 valid-graph.is-path.simps(2) x)
 hence valid-graph.is-path G1 x3 xs v using Cons.hyps by auto
 moreover have x1=n by (metis Cons.premis valid0 valid-graph.is-path.simps(2))
 x) ultimately show ?case using x valid-G1' by (metis valid-graph.is-path.simps(2))

qed
obtain ps' where valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) n' ps' v
 using G1 G1-nodes n' by auto
hence ps':valid-graph.is-path G1 n' ps' v
proof (induct ps' arbitrary:n')
 case Nil
moreover have v∈nodes G1 using G1 G1-nodes valid0
 by (metis (lifting, no-types) calculation mem-Collect-eq select-convs(1)
 valid-graph.is-path.simps(1))
ultimately show ?case
 by (metis valid0 valid-G1 valid-unMultigraph.is-trail.simps(1)
 valid-graph.is-path.simps(1) valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-intro)

next
 case (Cons x xs)
obtain x1 x2 x3 where x:x=(x1,x2,x3) by (metis prod-cases3)
have x1∈nodes G1 using G1 G1-nodes Cons.premis x
by (metis (lifting) mem-Collect-eq select-convs(1) valid0 valid-graph.is-path.simps(2))
moreover have (x1,x2,x3)∈edges (del-unEdge v w v' G)
 by (metis Cons.premis valid0 valid-graph.is-path.simps(2) x)
ultimately have (x1,x2,x3)∈edges G1
 using G1 G2 ⟨nodes G1 ∩ nodes G2={⟩
 ⟨edges G1 ∪ edges G2=edges (del-unEdge v w v' G)⟩
by (metis (full-types) IntI Un-iff bex-empty valid-G2' valid-graph.E-validD(1))
moreover have valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge v w v' G) x3 xs v
 by (metis Cons.premis valid0 valid-graph.is-path.simps(2) x)
hence valid-graph.is-path G1 x3 xs v using Cons.hyps by auto
moreover have x1=n' by (metis Cons.premis valid0 valid-graph.is-path.simps(2))
 x) ultimately show ?case using x valid-G1' by (metis valid-graph.is-path.simps(2))

qed
hence valid-graph.is-path G1 v (rev-path ps') n'
 using valid-unMultigraph.is-path-rev[OF valid-G1]
 by auto
hence valid-graph.is-path G1 n (ps@(rev-path ps')) n'
 using ps valid-graph.is-path-split[OF valid-G1',of n ps rev-path ps' n']
 by auto
thus ∃ps. valid-graph.is-path G1 n ps n' by auto

qed
moreover have valid-unMultigraph.connected G2
unfolding valid-unMultigraph.connected-def[OF valid-G2]
proof (rule,rule,rule)
fix n n'

```

assume  $n : n \in \text{nodes } G2$ 
assume  $n' : n' \in \text{nodes } G2$ 
assume  $n \neq n'$ 
obtain  $ps$  where  $\text{valid-graph.is-path } (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) \ n \ ps \ v'$ 
  using  $G2 \ G2\text{-nodes } n$  by auto
hence  $ps : \text{valid-graph.is-path } G2 \ n \ ps \ v'$ 
proof (induct ps arbitrary:n)
  case Nil
    moreover have  $v' \in \text{nodes } G2$  using  $G2 \ G2\text{-nodes } \text{valid0}$ 
      by (metis (lifting, no-types) calculation mem-Collect-eq select-convs(1))
       $\text{valid-graph.is-path.simps(1)}$ 
    ultimately show ?case
      by (metis valid0 valid-G2 valid-unMultigraph.is-trail.simps(1))
       $\text{valid-graph.is-path.simps(1)}$   $\text{valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-intro}$ 
  next
    case (Cons x xs)
      obtain  $x1 \ x2 \ x3$  where  $x : x = (x1, x2, x3)$  by (metis prod-cases3)
      have  $x1 \in \text{nodes } G2$  using  $G2 \ G2\text{-nodes } \text{Cons.prem } x$ 
      by (metis (lifting) mem-Collect-eq select-convs(1) valid0 valid-graph.is-path.simps(2))
      moreover have  $(x1, x2, x3) \in \text{edges } (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)$ 
        by (metis Cons.prem valid0 valid-graph.is-path.simps(2) x)
      ultimately have  $(x1, x2, x3) \in \text{edges } G2$ 
      using  $\langle \text{nodes } G1 \cap \text{nodes } G2 = \{ \} \rangle \langle \text{edges } G1 \cup \text{edges } G2 = \text{edges } (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) \rangle$ 
      by (metis IntI Un-iff assms(1) be-empty connected-def del-UnEdge-node)
       $\text{valid0 } \text{valid0}'$ 
       $\text{valid-G1}' \ \text{valid-graph.E-validD(1)} \ \text{valid-graph.E-validD(2)} \ \text{valid-unMultigraph.no-id}$ 
      moreover have  $\text{valid-graph.is-path } (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) \ x3 \ xs \ v'$ 
        by (metis Cons.prem valid0 valid-graph.is-path.simps(2) x)
      hence  $\text{valid-graph.is-path } G2 \ x3 \ xs \ v'$  using  $\text{Cons.hyps}$  by auto
      moreover have  $x1 = n$  by (metis Cons.prem valid0 valid-graph.is-path.simps(2))
       $x$ 
      ultimately show ?case using  $x \ \text{valid-G2}'$  by (metis valid-graph.is-path.simps(2))

    qed
obtain  $ps'$  where  $\text{valid-graph.is-path } (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) \ n' \ ps' \ v'$ 
  using  $G2 \ G2\text{-nodes } n'$  by auto
hence  $ps' : \text{valid-graph.is-path } G2 \ n' \ ps' \ v'$ 
proof (induct ps' arbitrary:n')
  case Nil
    moreover have  $v' \in \text{nodes } G2$  using  $G2 \ G2\text{-nodes } \text{valid0}$ 
      by (metis (lifting, no-types) calculation mem-Collect-eq select-convs(1))
       $\text{valid-graph.is-path.simps(1)}$ 
    ultimately show ?case
      by (metis valid0 valid-G2 valid-unMultigraph.is-trail.simps(1))
       $\text{valid-graph.is-path.simps(1)}$   $\text{valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-intro}$ 
  next
    case (Cons x xs)
      obtain  $x1 \ x2 \ x3$  where  $x : x = (x1, x2, x3)$  by (metis prod-cases3)

```

have $x1 \in \text{nodes } G2$ **using** $G2$ $G2\text{-nodes}$ $\text{Cons.prem}s$ x
by (*metis* (*lifting*) *mem-Collect-eq* *select-convs*(1) *valid0* *valid-graph.is-path.simps*(2))
moreover have $(x1, x2, x3) \in \text{edges } (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)$
by (*metis* $\text{Cons.prem}s$ *valid0* *valid-graph.is-path.simps*(2) x)
ultimately have $(x1, x2, x3) \in \text{edges } G2$
using $\langle \text{nodes } G1 \cap \text{nodes } G2 = \{\} \rangle$ $\langle \text{edges } G1 \cup \text{edges } G2 = \text{edges}$
 $(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G) \rangle$
by (*metis* *IntI* *Un-iff* *assms*(1) *bx-empty* *connected-def* *del-UnEdge-node*
valid0 *valid0'*
valid-G1' *valid-graph.E-validD*(1) *valid-graph.E-validD*(2) *valid-unMultigraph.no-id*)
moreover have *valid-graph.is-path* $(\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ v' \ G)$ $x3$ xs v'
by (*metis* $\text{Cons.prem}s$ *valid0* *valid-graph.is-path.simps*(2) x)
hence *valid-graph.is-path* $G2$ $x3$ xs v' **using** Cons.hyps **by** *auto*
moreover have $x1 = n'$ **by** (*metis* $\text{Cons.prem}s$ *valid0* *valid-graph.is-path.simps*(2)
 x)
ultimately show *?case* **using** x *valid-G2'* **by** (*metis* *valid-graph.is-path.simps*(2))

qed
hence *valid-graph.is-path* $G2$ v' $(\text{rev-path } ps')$ n'
using *valid-unMultigraph.is-path-rev*[*OF* *valid-G2*]
by *auto*
hence *valid-graph.is-path* $G2$ n $(ps @ (\text{rev-path } ps'))$ n'
using ps *valid-graph.is-path-split*[*OF* *valid-G2'*, *of* n ps $\text{rev-path } ps'$ n']
by *auto*
thus $\exists ps.$ *valid-graph.is-path* $G2$ n ps n' **by** *auto*
qed
ultimately show *?thesis* **using** *valid-G1* *valid-G2* **that** **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *sub-graph-degree-frame*:

assumes *valid-graph* $G2$ $\text{edges } G1 \cup \text{edges } G2 = \text{edges } G$ $\text{nodes } G1 \cap \text{nodes}$
 $G2 = \{\}$ $n \in \text{nodes } G1$

shows $\text{degree } n \ G = \text{degree } n \ G1$

proof –

have $\{e \in \text{edges } G. \text{fst } e = n\} \subseteq \{e \in \text{edges } G1. \text{fst } e = n\}$

proof

fix e **assume** $e \in \{e \in \text{edges } G. \text{fst } e = n\}$

hence $e \in \text{edges } G$ $\text{fst } e = n$ **by** *auto*

moreover have $n \notin \text{nodes } G2$

using $\langle \text{nodes } G1 \cap \text{nodes } G2 = \{\} \rangle$ $\langle n \in \text{nodes } G1 \rangle$

by *auto*

hence $e \notin \text{edges } G2$ **using** *valid-graph.E-validD*[*OF* $\langle \text{valid-graph } G2 \rangle$] $\langle \text{fst } e = n \rangle$

by (*metis* *prod.exhaust* *fst-conv*)

ultimately have $e \in \text{edges } G1$ **using** $\langle \text{edges } G1 \cup \text{edges } G2 = \text{edges } G \rangle$ **by**
auto

thus $e \in \{e \in \text{edges } G1. \text{fst } e = n\}$ **using** $\langle \text{fst } e = n \rangle$ **by** *auto*

qed

moreover have $\{e \in \text{edges } G1. \text{fst } e = n\} \subseteq \{e \in \text{edges } G. \text{fst } e = n\}$
by (*metis (lifting) Collect-mono Un-iff assms(2)*)
ultimately show *?thesis unfolding degree-def by auto*
qed

lemma *odd-nodes-no-edge[simp]: finite (nodes g) \implies num-of-odd-nodes (g (edges:={})) = 0*
unfolding *num-of-odd-nodes-def odd-nodes-set-def degree-def by simp*

4 Adjacent nodes

definition (*in valid-unMultigraph*) *adjacent:: 'v \Rightarrow 'v \Rightarrow bool where*
adjacent v v' \equiv $\exists w. (v, w, v') \in E$

lemma (*in valid-unMultigraph*) *adjacent-sym: adjacent v v' \longleftrightarrow adjacent v' v*
unfolding *adjacent-def by auto*

lemma (*in valid-unMultigraph*) *adjacent-no-loop[simp]: adjacent v v' \implies v \neq v'*
unfolding *adjacent-def by auto*

lemma (*in valid-unMultigraph*) *adjacent-V[simp]:*
assumes *adjacent v v'*
shows *v \in V v' \in V*
using *assms E-validD unfolding adjacent-def by auto*

lemma (*in valid-unMultigraph*) *adjacent-finite:*
finite E \implies finite {n. adjacent v n}

proof –

assume *finite E*

{ fix *S v*

have *finite S \implies finite {n. $\exists w. (v, w, n) \in S$ }*

proof (*induct S rule: finite-induct*)

case *empty*

thus *?case by auto*

next

case (*insert x F*)

obtain *x1 x2 x3 where x: x=(x1,x2,x3) by (metis prod-cases3)*

have *x1=v \implies ?case*

proof –

assume *x1=v*

hence *{n. $\exists w. (v, w, n) \in \text{insert } x F$ } = \text{insert } x3 \{n. \exists w. (v, w, n) \in*

F}

using *x by auto*

thus *?thesis using insert by auto*

qed

moreover have *x1 \neq v \implies ?case*

proof –

assume *x1 \neq v*

hence $\{n. \exists w. (v, w, n) \in \text{insert } x F\} = \{n. \exists w. (v, w, n) \in F\}$ **using**
x by auto
 thus *?thesis using insert by auto*
 qed
 ultimately show *?case by auto*
 qed }
 note *aux=this*
 show *?thesis using aux[OF ⟨finite E⟩, of v] unfolding adjacent-def by auto*
 qed

5 Undirected simple graph

locale *valid-unSimpGraph=valid-unMultigraph G for G::('v,'w) graph+*
 assumes *no-multi[simp]: (v,w,u) ∈ edges G ⇒ (v,w',u) ∈ edges G*
 $\Rightarrow w = w'$

lemma (in *valid-unSimpGraph*) *finV-to-finE[simp]:*

assumes *finite V*

shows *finite E*

proof (*cases {(v1,v2). adjacent v1 v2}={}*)

case *True*

hence $E = \{\}$ **unfolding adjacent-def by auto**

thus *finite E by auto*

next

case *False*

have $\{(v1,v2). \text{adjacent } v1 \ v2\} \subseteq V \times V$ **using adjacent-V by auto**

moreover have *finite (V × V) using ⟨finite V⟩ by auto*

ultimately have *finite {(v1,v2). adjacent v1 v2} using finite-subset by auto*

hence *card {(v1,v2). adjacent v1 v2} ≠ 0 using False card-eq-0-iff by auto*

moreover have *card E = card {(v1,v2). adjacent v1 v2}*

proof –

have $(\lambda(v1,w,v2). (v1,v2))'E = \{(v1,v2). \text{adjacent } v1 \ v2\}$

proof –

have $\bigwedge x. x \in (\lambda(v1,w,v2). (v1,v2))'E \Rightarrow x \in \{(v1,v2). \text{adjacent } v1 \ v2\}$

unfolding adjacent-def by auto

moreover have $\bigwedge x. x \in \{(v1,v2). \text{adjacent } v1 \ v2\} \Rightarrow x \in (\lambda(v1,w,v2).$

$(v1,v2))'E$

unfolding adjacent-def by force

ultimately show ?thesis by force

qed

moreover have *inj-on (λ(v1,w,v2). (v1,v2)) E unfolding inj-on-def by auto*

ultimately show ?thesis by (metis card-image)

qed

ultimately show finite E by (metis card-infinite)

qed

lemma *del-unEdge-valid'[simp]: valid-unSimpGraph G ⇒*

$valid-unSimpGraph (del-unEdge v w u G)$
proof –
 assume $valid-unSimpGraph G$
 hence $valid-unMultigraph (del-unEdge v w u G)$
 using $valid-unSimpGraph-def[of G] del-unEdge-valid[of G]$ **by auto**
 moreover have $valid-unSimpGraph-axioms (del-unEdge v w u G)$
 using $valid-unSimpGraph.no-multi[OF \langle valid-unSimpGraph G \rangle]$
 unfolding $valid-unSimpGraph-axioms-def del-unEdge-def$ **by auto**
 ultimately show $valid-unSimpGraph (del-unEdge v w u G)$ **using** $valid-unSimpGraph-def$
by auto
qed

lemma (in $valid-unSimpGraph$) $del-UnEdge-non-adj$:
 $(v,w,u) \in E \implies \neg valid-unMultigraph.adjacent (del-unEdge v w u G) v u$
proof

assume $(v, w, u) \in E$
 and $ccontr: valid-unMultigraph.adjacent (del-unEdge v w u G) v u$
 have $valid: valid-unMultigraph (del-unEdge v w u G)$
 using $valid-unMultigraph-axioms$ **by auto**
 then obtain w' where $vw'u: (v,w',u) \in edges (del-unEdge v w u G)$
 using $ccontr$ **unfolding** $valid-unMultigraph.adjacent-def[OF valid]$ **by auto**
 hence $(v,w',u) \notin \{(v,w,u), (u,w,v)\}$ **unfolding** $del-unEdge-def$ **by auto**
 hence $w' \neq w$ **by auto**
 moreover have $(v,w',u) \in E$ **using** $vw'u$ **unfolding** $del-unEdge-def$ **by auto**
 ultimately show $False$ **using** $no-multi[of v w u w'] \langle (v, w, u) \in E \rangle$ **by auto**
qed

lemma (in $valid-unSimpGraph$) $degree-adjacent$: $finite E \implies degree v G = card \{n. adjacent v n\}$

using $valid-unSimpGraph-axioms$
proof (induct $degree v G$ arbitrary: G)
 case 0
 note $valid3 = \langle valid-unSimpGraph G \rangle$
 hence $valid2: valid-unMultigraph G$ **using** $valid-unSimpGraph-def$ **by auto**
 have $\{a. valid-unMultigraph.adjacent G v a\} = \{\}$
proof (rule $ccontr$)
 assume $\{a. valid-unMultigraph.adjacent G v a\} \neq \{\}$
 then obtain $w u$ where $(v,w,u) \in edges G$
 unfolding $valid-unMultigraph.adjacent-def[OF valid2]$ **by auto**
 hence $degree v G \neq 0$ **using** $\langle finite (edges G) \rangle$ **unfolding** $degree-def$ **by auto**
 thus $False$ **using** $\langle 0 = degree v G \rangle$ **by auto**
qed

thus ?case **by** (metis 0.hyps card-empty)

next

case (Suc n)
 hence $\{e \in edges G. fst e = v\} \neq \{\}$ **using** $card-empty$ **unfolding** $degree-def$ **by**
 force

then obtain $w u$ where $(v,w,u) \in edges G$ **by auto**
 have $valid: valid-unMultigraph G$ **using** $\langle valid-unSimpGraph G \rangle valid-unSimpGraph-def$

by auto
hence $\text{valid}' : \text{valid-unMultigraph} (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ u \ G)$ **by auto**
have $\text{valid-unSimpGraph} (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ u \ G)$
using $\text{del-unEdge-valid}' \langle \text{valid-unSimpGraph } G \rangle$ **by auto**
moreover have $n = \text{degree } v (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ u \ G)$
using $\langle \text{Suc } n = \text{degree } v \ G \rangle \langle (v, w, u) \in \text{edges } G \rangle \text{del-edge-undirected-degree-plus} [\text{of } G \ v \ w \ u]$
by $(\text{metis } \text{Suc.prem1} \ 1 \ \text{Suc-eq-plus1} \ \text{diff-Suc-1} \ \text{valid} \ \text{valid-unMultigraph.corres})$
moreover have $\text{finite} (\text{edges} (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ u \ G))$
using $\langle \text{finite} (\text{edges } G) \rangle$ **unfolding** del-unEdge-def
by auto
ultimately have $\text{degree } v (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ u \ G)$
 $= \text{card} (\text{Collect} (\text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent} (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ u \ G) \ v))$
using Suc.hyps **by auto**
moreover have $\text{Suc}(\text{card} (\{n. \text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent} (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ u \ G) \ v \ n\})) = \text{card} (\{n. \text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent } G \ v \ n\})$
using $\text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent-def} [OF \ \text{valid}]$
proof –
have $\{n. \text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent} (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ u \ G) \ v \ n\} \subseteq \{n. \text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent } G \ v \ n\}$
using $\text{del-unEdge-def} [\text{of } v \ w \ u \ G]$
unfolding $\text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent-def} [OF \ \text{valid}]$
 $\text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent-def} [OF \ \text{valid}]$
by auto
moreover have $u \in \{n. \text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent } G \ v \ n\}$
using $\langle (v, w, u) \in \text{edges } G \rangle$ **unfolding** $\text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent-def} [OF \ \text{valid}]$ **by auto**
ultimately have $\{n. \text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent} (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ u \ G) \ v \ n\} \cup \{u\} \subseteq \{n. \text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent } G \ v \ n\}$ **by auto**
moreover have $\{n. \text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent } G \ v \ n\} - \{u\} \subseteq \{n. \text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent} (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ u \ G) \ v \ n\}$
using $\text{del-unEdge-def} [\text{of } v \ w \ u \ G]$
unfolding $\text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent-def} [OF \ \text{valid}]$
 $\text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent-def} [OF \ \text{valid}]$
by auto
ultimately have $\{n. \text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent} (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ u \ G) \ v \ n\} \cup \{u\} = \{n. \text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent } G \ v \ n\}$ **by auto**
moreover have $u \notin \{n. \text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent} (\text{del-unEdge } v \ w \ u \ G) \ v \ n\}$
using $\text{valid-unSimpGraph.del-UnEdge-non-adj} [OF \ \langle \text{valid-unSimpGraph } G \rangle \langle (v, w, u) \in \text{edges } G \rangle]$
by auto
moreover have $\text{finite} \{n. \text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent } G \ v \ n\}$
using $\text{valid-unMultigraph.adjacent-finite} [OF \ \text{valid} \ \langle \text{finite} (\text{edges } G) \rangle]$ **by simp**
ultimately show $?thesis$


```

    by (metis Un-insert-right card-insert-disjoint finite-Un sup-bot-right)
  qed
  ultimately show ?case by (metis Suc.hyps(2) ⟨n = degree v (del-unEdge v w u
G)⟩)
  qed
end

```

```

theory KoenigsbergBridge imports MoreGraph
begin

```

6 Definition of Eulerian trails and circuits

```

definition (in valid-unMultigraph) is-Eulerian-trail:: 'v⇒('v,'w) path⇒'v⇒ bool
where
  is-Eulerian-trail v ps v'≡ is-trail v ps v' ∧ edges (rem-unPath ps G) = {}

```

```

definition (in valid-unMultigraph) is-Eulerian-circuit:: 'v ⇒ ('v,'w) path ⇒ 'v ⇒
bool where
  is-Eulerian-circuit v ps v'≡ (v=v') ∧ (is-Eulerian-trail v ps v')

```

7 Necessary conditions for Eulerian trails and circuits

```

lemma (in valid-unMultigraph) euclerian-rev:
  is-Eulerian-trail v' (rev-path ps) v=is-Eulerian-trail v ps v'

```

proof –

```

  have is-trail v' (rev-path ps) v=is-trail v ps v'
    by (metis is-trail-rev)
  moreover have edges (rem-unPath (rev-path ps) G)=edges (rem-unPath ps G)
    by (metis rem-unPath-graph)
  ultimately show ?thesis unfolding is-Eulerian-trail-def by auto
qed

```

```

theorem (in valid-unMultigraph) euclerian-cycle-ex:
  assumes is-Eulerian-circuit v ps v' finite V finite E
  shows ∀v∈V. even (degree v G)

```

proof –

```

  obtain v ps v' where cycle:is-Eulerian-circuit v ps v' using assms by auto
  hence edges (rem-unPath ps G) = {}
    unfolding is-Eulerian-circuit-def is-Eulerian-trail-def
    by simp
  moreover have nodes (rem-unPath ps G)=nodes G by auto
  ultimately have rem-unPath ps G = G (edges:={}) by auto
  hence num-of-odd-nodes (rem-unPath ps G) = 0 by (metis assms(2) odd-nodes-no-edge)
  moreover have v=v'

```

by (metis <is-Eulerian-circuit v ps v'> is-Eulerian-circuit-def)
 hence num-of-odd-nodes (rem-unPath ps G)=num-of-odd-nodes G
 by (metis assms(2) assms(3) cycle is-Eulerian-circuit-def
 is-Eulerian-trail-def rem-UnPath-cycle)
 ultimately have num-of-odd-nodes G=0 by auto
 moreover have finite(odd-nodes-set G)
 using <finite V> unfolding odd-nodes-set-def by auto
 ultimately have odd-nodes-set G = {} unfolding num-of-odd-nodes-def by
 auto
 thus ?thesis unfolding odd-nodes-set-def by auto
 qed

theorem (in valid-unMultigraph) euclerian-path-ex:
 assumes is-Eulerian-trail v ps v' finite V finite E
 shows ($\forall v \in V. \text{even}(\text{degree } v \ G) \vee (\text{num-of-odd-nodes } G = 2)$)
proof –
 obtain v ps v' where path:is-Eulerian-trail v ps v' using assms by auto
 hence edges (rem-unPath ps G) = {}
 unfolding is-Eulerian-trail-def
 by simp
 moreover have nodes (rem-unPath ps G)=nodes G by auto
 ultimately have rem-unPath ps G = G (edges:={}) by auto
 hence odd-nodes: num-of-odd-nodes (rem-unPath ps G) = 0
 by (metis assms(2) odd-nodes-no-edge)
 have $v \neq v' \implies ?thesis$
proof (cases even(degree v' G))
 case True
 assume $v \neq v'$
 have is-trail v ps v' by (metis is-Eulerian-trail-def path)
 hence num-of-odd-nodes (rem-unPath ps G) = num-of-odd-nodes G
 + (if even (degree v G) then 2 else 0)
 using rem-UnPath-even True <finite V> <finite E> <v≠v'> by auto
 hence num-of-odd-nodes G + (if even (degree v G) then 2 else 0)=0
 using odd-nodes by auto
 hence num-of-odd-nodes G = 0 by auto
 moreover have finite(odd-nodes-set G)
 using <finite V> unfolding odd-nodes-set-def by auto
 ultimately have odd-nodes-set G = {} unfolding num-of-odd-nodes-def by
 auto
 thus ?thesis unfolding odd-nodes-set-def by auto
 next
 case False
 assume $v \neq v'$
 have is-trail v ps v' by (metis is-Eulerian-trail-def path)
 hence num-of-odd-nodes (rem-unPath ps G) = num-of-odd-nodes G
 + (if odd (degree v G) then -2 else 0)
 using rem-UnPath-odd False <finite V> <finite E> <v≠v'> by auto
 hence odd-nodes-if: num-of-odd-nodes G + (if odd (degree v G) then -2 else

```

0)=0
  using odd-nodes by auto
have odd (degree v G)  $\implies$  ?thesis
  proof -
    assume odd (degree v G)
    hence num-of-odd-nodes G = 2 using odd-nodes-if by auto
    thus ?thesis by simp
  qed
moreover have even(degree v G)  $\implies$  ?thesis
  proof -
    assume even (degree v G)
    hence num-of-odd-nodes G = 0 using odd-nodes-if by auto
    moreover have finite(odd-nodes-set G)
      using (finite V) unfolding odd-nodes-set-def by auto
    ultimately have odd-nodes-set G = {} unfolding num-of-odd-nodes-def
  by auto
    thus ?thesis unfolding odd-nodes-set-def by auto
  qed
ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
moreover have v=v'  $\implies$  ?thesis
  by (metis assms(2) assms(3) euclerian-cycle-ex is-Eulerian-circuit-def path)
ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed

```

8 Specific case of the Konigsberg Bridge Problem

```

datatype kon-node = a | b | c | d

```

```

datatype kon-bridge = ab1 | ab2 | ac1 | ac2 | ad1 | bd1 | cd1

```

```

definition kon-graph :: (kon-node, kon-bridge) graph where

```

```

  kon-graph  $\equiv$  (nodes = {a, b, c, d},
    edges = {(a, ab1, b), (b, ab1, a),
      (a, ab2, b), (b, ab2, a),
      (a, ac1, c), (c, ac1, a),
      (a, ac2, c), (c, ac2, a),
      (a, ad1, d), (d, ad1, a),
      (b, bd1, d), (d, bd1, b),
      (c, cd1, d), (d, cd1, c)} )

```

```

instantiation kon-node :: enum

```

```

begin

```

```

definition [simp]: enum-class.enum = [a, b, c, d]

```

```

definition [simp]: enum-class.enum-all P  $\longleftrightarrow$  P a  $\wedge$  P b  $\wedge$  P c  $\wedge$  P d

```

```

definition [simp]: enum-class.enum-ex P  $\longleftrightarrow$  P a  $\vee$  P b  $\vee$  P c  $\vee$  P d

```

```

instance proof qed (auto, (case-tac x, auto)+)

```

```

end

```

```

instantiation kon-bridge :: enum
begin
definition [simp]:enum-class.enum =[ab1,ab2,ac1,ac2,ad1,cd1,bd1]
definition [simp]:enum-class.enum-all  $P \longleftrightarrow P \text{ ab1} \wedge P \text{ ab2} \wedge P \text{ ac1} \wedge P \text{ ac2}$ 
 $\wedge P \text{ ad1} \wedge P \text{ bd1}$ 
 $\wedge P \text{ cd1}$ 
definition [simp]:enum-class.enum-ex  $P \longleftrightarrow P \text{ ab1} \vee P \text{ ab2} \vee P \text{ ac1} \vee P \text{ ac2}$ 
 $\vee P \text{ ad1} \vee P \text{ bd1}$ 
 $\vee P \text{ cd1}$ 
instance proof qed (auto,(case-tac x,auto)+)
end

interpretation kon-graph: valid-unMultigraph kon-graph
proof (unfold-locales)
  show fst ‘ edges kon-graph  $\subseteq$  nodes kon-graph by eval
next
  show snd ‘ snd ‘ edges kon-graph  $\subseteq$  nodes kon-graph by eval
next
  have  $\forall v w u'. ((v, w, u') \in \text{edges } \textit{kon-graph}) = ((u', w, v) \in \text{edges } \textit{kon-graph})$ 
  by eval
  thus  $\bigwedge v w u'. ((v, w, u') \in \text{edges } \textit{kon-graph}) = ((u', w, v) \in \text{edges } \textit{kon-graph})$ 
by simp
next
  have  $\forall v w. (v, w, v) \notin \text{edges } \textit{kon-graph}$  by eval
  thus  $\bigwedge v w. (v, w, v) \notin \text{edges } \textit{kon-graph}$  by simp
qed

theorem  $\neg \textit{kon-graph.is-Eulerian-trail } v1 \text{ p } v2$ 
proof
  assume kon-graph.is-Eulerian-trail } v1 \text{ p } v2
  moreover have finite (nodes kon-graph) by (metis finite-code)
  moreover have finite (edges kon-graph) by (metis finite-code)
  ultimately have contra:
  ( $\forall v \in \text{nodes } \textit{kon-graph}. \text{even } (\text{degree } v \textit{ kon-graph})$ )  $\vee$  (num-of-odd-nodes kon-graph
 $=2$ )
  by (metis kon-graph.euclerian-path-ex)
  have odd(degree a kon-graph) by eval
  moreover have odd(degree b kon-graph) by eval
  moreover have odd(degree c kon-graph) by eval
  moreover have odd(degree d kon-graph) by eval
  ultimately have  $\neg(\text{num-of-odd-nodes } \textit{kon-graph} =2)$  by eval
  moreover have  $\neg(\forall v \in \text{nodes } \textit{kon-graph}. \text{even } (\text{degree } v \textit{ kon-graph}))$  by eval
  ultimately show False using contra by auto
qed

```

9 Sufficient conditions for Eulerian trails and circuits

lemma (in *valid-unMultigraph*) *eulerian-cons*:
assumes
valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail (*del-unEdge* *v0 w v1 G*) *v1 ps v2*
 $(v0, w, v1) \in E$
shows *is-Eulerian-trail* *v0 ((v0, w, v1) # ps) v2*
proof –
have *valid:valid-unMultigraph* (*del-unEdge* *v0 w v1 G*)
using *valid-unMultigraph-axioms* **by** *auto*
hence *distinct:valid-unMultigraph.is-trail* (*del-unEdge* *v0 w v1 G*) *v1 ps v2*
using *assms* **unfolding** *valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def* [*OF valid*]
by *auto*
hence *set ps* \subseteq *edges* (*del-unEdge* *v0 w v1 G*)
using *valid-unMultigraph.path-in-edges* [*OF valid*] **by** *auto*
moreover **have** $(v0, w, v1) \notin$ *edges* (*del-unEdge* *v0 w v1 G*)
unfolding *del-unEdge-def* **by** *auto*
moreover **have** $(v1, w, v0) \notin$ *edges* (*del-unEdge* *v0 w v1 G*)
unfolding *del-unEdge-def* **by** *auto*
ultimately **have** $(v0, w, v1) \notin$ *set ps* $(v1, w, v0) \notin$ *set ps* **by** *auto*
moreover **have** *is-trail* *v1 ps v2*
using *distinct-path-intro* [*OF distinct*] .
ultimately **have** *is-trail* *v0 ((v0, w, v1) # ps) v2*
using $\langle (v0, w, v1) \in E \rangle$ **by** *auto*
moreover **have** *edges* (*rem-unPath* *ps* (*del-unEdge* *v0 w v1 G*)) = {}
using *assms* **unfolding** *valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def* [*OF valid*]
by *auto*
hence *edges* (*rem-unPath* $((v0, w, v1) \# ps)$ *G*) = {}
by (*metis* *rem-unPath.simps*(2))
ultimately **show** *?thesis* **unfolding** *is-Eulerian-trail-def* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma (in *valid-unMultigraph*) *eulerian-cons'*:
assumes
valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail (*del-unEdge* *v2 w v3 G*) *v1 ps v2*
 $(v2, w, v3) \in E$
shows *is-Eulerian-trail* *v1 (ps @ [(v2, w, v3)]) v3*
proof –
have *valid:valid-unMultigraph* (*del-unEdge* *v3 w v2 G*)
using *valid-unMultigraph-axioms* *del-unEdge-valid* **by** *auto*
have *del-unEdge* *v2 w v3 G* = *del-unEdge* *v3 w v2 G*
by (*metis* *delete-edge-sym*)
hence *valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail* (*del-unEdge* *v3 w v2 G*) *v2*
 $(rev\text{-}path\ ps)$ *v1* **using** *assms* *valid-unMultigraph.eulerian-rev* [*OF valid*]
by *auto*
hence *is-Eulerian-trail* *v3 ((v3, w, v2) # (rev-path ps)) v1*
using *eulerian-cons* **by** (*metis* *assms*(2) *corres*)
hence *is-Eulerian-trail* *v1 (rev-path((v3, w, v2) # (rev-path ps))) v3*

using *euclerian-rev* **by** *auto*
moreover have $\text{rev-path}((v3,w,v2)\#(\text{rev-path } ps)) = \text{rev-path}(\text{rev-path } ps)\@[(v2,w,v3)]$
unfolding *rev-path-def* **by** *auto*
hence $\text{rev-path}((v3,w,v2)\#(\text{rev-path } ps))=ps\@[(v2,w,v3)]$ **by** *auto*
ultimately show *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *eulerian-split*:

assumes $\text{nodes } G1 \cap \text{nodes } G2 = \{ \}$ $\text{edges } G1 \cap \text{edges } G2 = \{ \}$
 $\text{valid-unMultigraph } G1$ $\text{valid-unMultigraph } G2$
 $\text{valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail } G1$ $v1$ $ps1$ $v1'$
 $\text{valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail } G2$ $v2$ $ps2$ $v2'$
shows $\text{valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail } (\text{nodes}=\text{nodes } G1 \cup \text{nodes } G2,$
 $\text{edges}=\text{edges } G1 \cup \text{edges } G2 \cup \{ (v1',w,v2),(v2,w,v1') \})$ $v1$ $(ps1\@[(v1',w,v2)\#ps2)$
 $v2'$

proof –

have $\text{valid-graph } G1$ **using** $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G1 \rangle$ $\text{valid-unMultigraph-def}$ **by** *auto*

have $\text{valid-graph } G2$ **using** $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G2 \rangle$ $\text{valid-unMultigraph-def}$ **by** *auto*

obtain G **where** $G:G=(\text{nodes}=\text{nodes } G1 \cup \text{nodes } G2, \text{edges}=\text{edges } G1 \cup \text{edges } G2$

$\cup \{ (v1',w,v2),(v2,w,v1') \})$

by *metis*

have $v1' \in \text{nodes } G1$

by (*metis* (*full-types*) $\langle \text{valid-graph } G1 \rangle$ *assms*(3) *assms*(5) $\text{valid-graph.is-path-memb}$ $\text{valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-intro}$ $\text{valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def}$)

moreover have $v2 \in \text{nodes } G2$

by (*metis* (*full-types*) $\langle \text{valid-graph } G2 \rangle$ *assms*(4) *assms*(6) $\text{valid-graph.is-path-memb}$ $\text{valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-intro}$ $\text{valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def}$)

ultimately have $\text{valid-unMultigraph } (\text{nodes}=\text{nodes } G1 \cup \text{nodes } G2, \text{edges}=\text{edges } G1 \cup \text{edges } G2 \cup$

$\{ (v1',w,v2),(v2,w,v1') \})$

using

$\text{valid-unMultigraph.corres}[OF \langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G1 \rangle]$

$\text{valid-unMultigraph.no-id}[OF \langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G1 \rangle]$

$\text{valid-unMultigraph.corres}[OF \langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G2 \rangle]$

$\text{valid-unMultigraph.no-id}[OF \langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G2 \rangle]$

$\text{valid-graph.E-validD}[OF \langle \text{valid-graph } G1 \rangle]$

$\text{valid-graph.E-validD}[OF \langle \text{valid-graph } G2 \rangle]$

$\langle \text{nodes } G1 \cap \text{nodes } G2 = \{ \} \rangle$

proof (*unfold-locales,auto*)

fix aa ab ba

assume $(aa, ab, ba) \in \text{edges } G1$

thus $ba \in \text{nodes } G1$ **by** (*metis* $\langle \bigwedge v' v e. (v, e, v') \in \text{edges } G1 \implies v' \in \text{nodes } G1 \rangle$)

next

fix aa ab ba

assume $ba \notin \text{nodes } G2$ $(aa, ab, ba) \in \text{edges } G2$

```

      thus  $ba \in \text{nodes } G1$  by (metis  $\langle \text{valid-graph } G2 \rangle \text{ valid-graph.E-validD}(2)$ )
    qed
  hence  $\text{valid}: \text{valid-unMultigraph } G$  using  $G$  by auto
  hence  $\text{valid}': \text{valid-graph } G$  using  $\text{valid-unMultigraph-def}$  by auto
  moreover have  $\text{valid-unMultigraph.is-trail } G v1 (ps1@((v1',w,v2)\#ps2)) v2'$ 
  proof -
    have  $ps1-G:\text{valid-unMultigraph.is-trail } G v1 ps1 v1'$ 
    proof -
      have  $\text{valid-unMultigraph.is-trail } G1 v1 ps1 v1'$  using  $\text{assms}$ 
      by (metis  $\text{valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def}$ )
      moreover have  $\text{edges } G1 \subseteq \text{edges } G$  by (metis  $G \text{ UnI1 } \text{Un-assoc}$ 
         $\text{select-convs}(2) \text{ subrelI}$ )
      moreover have  $\text{nodes } G1 \subseteq \text{nodes } G$  by (metis  $G \text{ inf-sup-absorb } \text{le-iff-inf}$ 
         $\text{select-convs}(1)$ )
      ultimately show  $?thesis$ 
      using  $\text{distinct-path-subset}[of G1 G,OF \langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G1 \rangle \text{ valid}]$ 
    by auto
    qed
    have  $ps2-G:\text{valid-unMultigraph.is-trail } G v2 ps2 v2'$ 
    proof -
      have  $\text{valid-unMultigraph.is-trail } G2 v2 ps2 v2'$  using  $\text{assms}$ 
      by (metis  $\text{valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def}$ )
      moreover have  $\text{edges } G2 \subseteq \text{edges } G$  by (metis  $G \text{ inf-sup-ord}(3) \text{ le-supE}$ 
         $\text{select-convs}(2)$ )
      moreover have  $\text{nodes } G2 \subseteq \text{nodes } G$  by (metis  $G \text{ inf-sup-ord}(4)$ 
         $\text{select-convs}(1)$ )
      ultimately show  $?thesis$ 
      using  $\text{distinct-path-subset}[of G2 G,OF \langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G2 \rangle \text{ valid}]$ 
    by auto
    qed
    have  $\text{valid-graph.is-path } G v1 (ps1@((v1',w,v2)\#ps2)) v2'$ 
    proof -
      have  $\text{valid-graph.is-path } G v1 ps1 v1'$ 
      by (metis  $ps1-G \text{ valid } \text{valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-intro}$ )
      moreover have  $\text{valid-graph.is-path } G v2 ps2 v2'$ 
      by (metis  $ps2-G \text{ valid } \text{valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-intro}$ )
      moreover have  $(v1',w,v2) \in \text{edges } G$ 
      using  $G$  by auto
      ultimately show  $?thesis$ 
      using  $\text{valid-graph.is-path-split}'[OF \text{valid}',of v1 ps1 v1' w v2 ps2 v2']$  by
    auto
    qed
  moreover have  $\text{distinct } (ps1@((v1',w,v2)\#ps2))$ 
  proof -
    have  $\text{distinct } ps1$  by (metis  $ps1-G \text{ valid } \text{valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-path}$ )
    moreover have  $\text{distinct } ps2$ 
    by (metis  $ps2-G \text{ valid } \text{valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-path}$ )
    moreover have  $\text{set } ps1 \cap \text{set } ps2 = \{\}$ 
    proof -

```

```

    have set ps1 ⊆ edges G1
      by (metis assms(3) assms(5) valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def
          valid-unMultigraph.path-in-edges)
    moreover have set ps2 ⊆ edges G2
      by (metis assms(4) assms(6) valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def
          valid-unMultigraph.path-in-edges)
    ultimately show ?thesis using ⟨edges G1 ∩ edges G2 = {}⟩ by auto
  qed
  moreover have (v1', w, v2) ∉ edges G1
    using ⟨v2 ∈ nodes G2⟩ ⟨valid-graph G1⟩
    by (metis Int-iff all-not-in-conv assms(1) valid-graph.E-validD(2))
  hence (v1', w, v2) ∉ set ps1
  by (metis (full-types) assms(3) assms(5) subsetD valid-unMultigraph.path-in-edges
      valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def )
  moreover have (v1', w, v2) ∉ edges G2
    using ⟨v1' ∈ nodes G1⟩ ⟨valid-graph G2⟩
    by (metis assms(1) disjoint-iff-not-equal valid-graph.E-validD(1))
  hence (v1', w, v2) ∉ set ps2
  by (metis (full-types) assms(4) assms(6) in-mono valid-unMultigraph.path-in-edges
      valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def )
  ultimately show ?thesis using distinct-append by auto
  qed
  moreover have set (ps1 @ ((v1', w, v2) # ps2)) ∩ set (rev-path (ps1 @ ((v1', w, v2) # ps2)))
= {}
  proof -
    have set ps1 ∩ set (rev-path ps1) = {}
      by (metis ps1-G valid valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-path)
    moreover have set (rev-path ps2) ⊆ edges G2
      by (metis assms(4) assms(6) valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-rev
          valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def valid-unMultigraph.path-in-edges)
    hence set ps1 ∩ set (rev-path ps2) = {}
      using assms
    v1 ]
    v2 ]
    valid-unMultigraph.path-in-edges[OF ⟨valid-unMultigraph G1⟩, of v1 ps1
    v2 ]
    valid-unMultigraph.path-in-edges[OF ⟨valid-unMultigraph G2⟩, of v2 ps2
  unfolding valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def[OF ⟨valid-unMultigraph
  G1⟩]
    valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def[OF ⟨valid-unMultigraph G2⟩]
    by auto
  moreover have set ps2 ∩ set (rev-path ps2) = {}
    by (metis ps2-G valid valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-path)
  moreover have set (rev-path ps1) ⊆ edges G1
    by (metis assms(3) assms(5) valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def
        valid-unMultigraph.path-in-edges valid-unMultigraph.euclerian-rev)
  hence set ps2 ∩ set (rev-path ps1) = {}
    by (metis calculation(2) distinct-append distinct-rev-path ps1-G ps2-G
    rev-path-append
    rev-path-double valid valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-path)

```


moreover have $(v2, w, v1') \notin \text{set } (ps1 @ ((v1', w, v2) \# ps2))$
proof –
have $(v2, w, v1') \notin \text{edges } G1$
using $\langle v2 \in \text{nodes } G2 \rangle \langle \text{valid-graph } G1 \rangle$
by $(\text{metis Int-iff all-not-in-conv assms}(1) \text{ valid-graph.E-validD}(1))$
hence $(v2, w, v1') \notin \text{set } ps1$
by $(\text{metis assms}(3) \text{ assms}(5) \text{ split-list valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-split'}$
 $\text{ valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def})$
moreover have $(v2, w, v1') \notin \text{edges } G2$
using $\langle v1' \in \text{nodes } G1 \rangle \langle \text{valid-graph } G2 \rangle$
by $(\text{metis IntI assms}(1) \text{ empty-iff valid-graph.E-validD}(2))$
hence $(v2, w, v1') \notin \text{set } ps2$
by $(\text{metis (full-types) assms}(4) \text{ assms}(6) \text{ in-mono valid-unMultigraph.path-in-edges}$
 $\text{ valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def})$
moreover have $(v2, w, v1') \neq (v1', w, v2)$
using $\langle v1' \in \text{nodes } G1 \rangle \langle v2 \in \text{nodes } G2 \rangle$
by $(\text{metis IntI Pair-inject assms}(1) \text{ assms}(5) \text{ bex-empty})$
ultimately show $?thesis$ **by** *auto*
qed
ultimately show $?thesis$ **using** *rev-path-append* **by** *auto*
qed
ultimately show $?thesis$ **using** *valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-path*[*OF valid*]
by *auto*
qed
moreover have $\text{edges } (\text{rem-unPath } (ps1 @ ((v1', w, v2) \# ps2)) \ G) = \{\}$
proof –
have $\text{edges } (\text{rem-unPath } (ps1 @ ((v1', w, v2) \# ps2)) \ G) = \text{edges } G -$
 $(\text{set } (ps1 @ ((v1', w, v2) \# ps2)) \cup \text{set } (\text{rev-path } (ps1 @ ((v1', w, v2) \# ps2))))$
by $(\text{metis rem-unPath-edges})$
also have $\dots = \text{edges } G - (\text{set } ps1 \cup \text{set } ps2 \cup \text{set } (\text{rev-path } ps1) \cup \text{set } (\text{rev-path}$
 $ps2)$
 $\cup \{(v1', w, v2), (v2, w, v1')\})$ **using** *rev-path-append* **by** *auto*
finally have $\text{edges } (\text{rem-unPath } (ps1 @ ((v1', w, v2) \# ps2)) \ G) = \text{edges } G -$
 $(\text{set } ps1 \cup$
 $\text{set } ps2 \cup \text{set } (\text{rev-path } ps1) \cup \text{set } (\text{rev-path } ps2) \cup \{(v1', w, v2), (v2, w, v1')\})$
 $.$

moreover have $\text{edges } (\text{rem-unPath } ps1 \ G1) = \{\}$
by $(\text{metis assms}(3) \text{ assms}(5) \text{ valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def})$
hence $\text{edges } G1 - (\text{set } ps1 \cup \text{set } (\text{rev-path } ps1)) = \{\}$
by $(\text{metis rem-unPath-edges})$
moreover have $\text{edges } (\text{rem-unPath } ps2 \ G2) = \{\}$
by $(\text{metis assms}(4) \text{ assms}(6) \text{ valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def})$
hence $\text{edges } G2 - (\text{set } ps2 \cup \text{set } (\text{rev-path } ps2)) = \{\}$
by $(\text{metis rem-unPath-edges})$
ultimately show $?thesis$ **using** *G* **by** *auto*
qed
ultimately show $?thesis$ **by** $(\text{metis } G \text{ valid valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def})$
qed

lemma (in *valid-unMultigraph*) *eulerian-sufficient*:
assumes *finite V finite E connected V≠{}*
shows *num-of-odd-nodes G = 2* \implies
 $(\exists v \in V. \exists v' \in V. \exists ps. \text{odd}(\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge \text{odd}(\text{degree } v' \ G) \wedge (v \neq v') \wedge \text{is-Eulerian-trail } v \ ps \ v')$
and *num-of-odd-nodes G=0* $\implies (\forall v \in V. \exists ps. \text{is-Eulerian-circuit } v \ ps \ v)$
using $\langle \text{finite } E \rangle \langle \text{finite } V \rangle \text{valid-unMultigraph-axioms } \langle V \neq \{\} \rangle \langle \text{connected} \rangle$
proof (*induct card E arbitrary: G rule: less-induct*)
case *less*
assume *finite (edges G) and finite (nodes G) and valid-unMultigraph G and nodes G≠{}*
and *valid-unMultigraph.connected G and num-of-odd-nodes G = 2*
have *valid-graph G* **using** $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G \rangle \text{valid-unMultigraph-def}$ **by** *auto*
obtain *n1 n2* **where**
n1: n1 ∈ nodes G odd(degree n1 G)
and n2: n2 ∈ nodes G odd(degree n2 G)
and n1 ≠ n2 **unfolding** *num-of-odd-nodes-def odd-nodes-set-def*
proof –
have $\forall S. \text{card } S = 2 \longrightarrow (\exists n1 \ n2. n1 \in S \wedge n2 \in S \wedge n1 \neq n2)$
by (*metis card-eq-0-iff equals0I even-card' even-numeral zero-neq-numeral*)
then obtain *t1 t2*
where $t1 \in \{v \in \text{nodes } G. \text{odd}(\text{degree } v \ G)\} \ t2 \in \{v \in \text{nodes } G. \text{odd}(\text{degree } v \ G)\} \ t1 \neq t2$
using $\langle \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G = 2 \rangle$ **unfolding** *num-of-odd-nodes-def odd-nodes-set-def*
by *force*
thus *?thesis* **by** (*metis (lifting) that mem-Collect-eq*)
qed
have *even-except-two: $\bigwedge n. n \in \text{nodes } G \implies n \neq n1 \implies n \neq n2 \implies \text{even}(\text{degree } n \ G)$*
proof (*rule ccontr*)
fix *n* **assume** $n \in \text{nodes } G \ n \neq n1 \ n \neq n2 \ \text{odd}(\text{degree } n \ G)$
have $n \in \text{odd-nodes-set } G$
by (*metis (mono-tags) $\langle n \in \text{nodes } G \rangle \langle \text{odd}(\text{degree } n \ G) \rangle \text{mem-Collect-eq odd-nodes-set-def}$*)
moreover $n1 \in \text{odd-nodes-set } G$
by (*metis (mono-tags) mem-Collect-eq n1(1) n1(2) odd-nodes-set-def*)
moreover $n2 \in \text{odd-nodes-set } G$
using *n2(1) n2(2) unfolding odd-nodes-set-def* **by** *auto*
ultimately $\{n, n1, n2\} \subseteq \text{odd-nodes-set } G$ **by** *auto*
moreover $\text{card}\{n, n1, n2\} \geq 3$ **using** $\langle n1 \neq n2 \rangle \langle n \neq n1 \rangle \langle n \neq n2 \rangle$ **by** *auto*
moreover *finite (odd-nodes-set G)*
using $\langle \text{finite}(\text{nodes } G) \rangle$ **unfolding** *odd-nodes-set-def* **by** *auto*
ultimately $\text{card}(\text{odd-nodes-set } G) \geq 3$
using *card-mono[of odd-nodes-set G {n, n1, n2}]* **by** *auto*
thus *False* **using** $\langle \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G = 2 \rangle$ **unfolding** *num-of-odd-nodes-def*
by *auto*
qed
have $\{e \in \text{edges } G. \text{fst } e = n1\} \neq \{\}$
using *n1*

by (*metis* (*full-types*) *degree-def empty-iff finite.emptyI odd-card*)
then obtain $v' = w$ **where** $(n1, w, v') \in \text{edges } G$ **by** *auto*
have $v' = n2 \implies (\exists v \in \text{nodes } G. \exists v' \in \text{nodes } G. \exists ps. \text{odd} (\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge \text{odd} (\text{degree } v' \ G) \wedge v \neq v')$
 $\wedge \text{valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail } G \ v \ ps \ v'$
proof (*cases* *valid-unMultigraph.connected* (*del-unEdge* $n1 \ w \ n2 \ G$))
assume $v' = n2$
assume *conneted'*: *valid-unMultigraph.connected* (*del-unEdge* $n1 \ w \ n2 \ G$)
moreover have *num-of-odd-nodes* (*del-unEdge* $n1 \ w \ n2 \ G$) = 0
using $\langle (n1, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle \langle \text{finite} (\text{edges } G) \rangle \langle \text{finite} (\text{nodes } G) \rangle \langle v' = n2 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G = 2 \rangle \langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G \rangle \text{del-UnEdge-odd-odd}$
 $n1(2) \ n2(2)$
by *force*
moreover have *finite* (*edges* (*del-unEdge* $n1 \ w \ n2 \ G$))
using $\langle \text{finite} (\text{edges } G) \rangle$ **by** *auto*
moreover have *finite* (*nodes* (*del-unEdge* $n1 \ w \ n2 \ G$))
using $\langle \text{finite} (\text{nodes } G) \rangle$ **by** *auto*
moreover have $\text{edges } G - \{(n1, w, n2), (n2, w, n1)\} \subset \text{edges } G$
using *Diff-iff Diff-subset* $\langle (n1, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle \langle v' = n2 \rangle$
by *fast*
hence $\text{card} (\text{edges} (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ n2 \ G)) < \text{card} (\text{edges } G)$
using $\langle \text{finite} (\text{edges } G) \rangle \text{psubset-card-mono}[\text{of } \text{edges } G \ \text{edges } G - \{(n1, w, n2), (n2, w, n1)\}]$
unfolding *del-unEdge-def* **by** *auto*
moreover have *valid-unMultigraph* (*del-unEdge* $n1 \ w \ n2 \ G$)
using $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G \rangle \text{del-unEdge-valid}$ **by** *auto*
moreover have $\text{nodes} (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ n2 \ G) \neq \{\}$
by (*metis* (*full-types*) *del-UnEdge-node empty-iff n1(1)*)
ultimately have $\forall v \in \text{nodes} (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ n2 \ G). \exists ps. \text{valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-circuit}$
 $(\text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ n2 \ G) \ v \ ps \ v$
using *less.hyps*[*of* *del-unEdge* $n1 \ w \ n2 \ G$] **by** *auto*
thus *?thesis* **using** *eulerian-cons*
by (*metis* $\langle (n1, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle \langle n1 \neq n2 \rangle \langle v' = n2 \rangle \langle \text{valid-unMultigraph}$
 $G \rangle$
 $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph} (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ n2 \ G) \rangle \text{del-UnEdge-node } n1(1) \ n1(2)$
 $n2(1) \ n2(2)$
 $\text{valid-unMultigraph.eulerian-cons } \text{valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-circuit-def}$)
next
assume $v' = n2$
assume *not-conneted'*: $\neg \text{valid-unMultigraph.connected} (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ n2 \ G)$
have *valid0*: *valid-unMultigraph* (*del-unEdge* $n1 \ w \ n2 \ G$)
using $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G \rangle \text{del-unEdge-valid}$ **by** *auto*
hence *valid0'*: *valid-graph* (*del-unEdge* $n1 \ w \ n2 \ G$)
using *valid-unMultigraph-def* **by** *auto*
have *all-even*: $\forall n \in \text{nodes} (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ n2 \ G). \text{even}(\text{degree } n (\text{del-unEdge}$
 $n1 \ w \ n2 \ G))$
proof –
have *even* (*degree* $n1 (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ n2 \ G)$)
using $\langle (n1, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle \langle \text{finite} (\text{edges } G) \rangle \langle v' = n2 \rangle \langle \text{valid-unMultigraph}$
 $G \rangle \ n1$

by (auto simp add: valid-unMultigraph.corres)
 moreover have even (degree n2 (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G))
 using $\langle (n1, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle \langle \text{finite } (\text{edges } G) \rangle \langle v' = n2 \rangle \langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G \rangle n2$
 by (auto simp add: valid-unMultigraph.corres)
 moreover have $\bigwedge n. n \in \text{nodes } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } n2 \text{ } G) \implies n \neq n1 \implies$
 $n \neq n2 \implies$
 even (degree n (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G))
 using valid-unMultigraph.degree-frame[OF $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G \rangle$,
 of - n1 n2 w] even-except-two
 by (metis (no-types) $\langle \text{finite } (\text{edges } G) \rangle$ del-unEdge-def empty-iff insert-iff
 select-convs(1))
 ultimately show ?thesis by auto
 qed
 have $(n1, w, n2) \in \text{edges } G$ by (metis $\langle (n1, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle \langle v' = n2 \rangle$)
 hence $(n2, w, n1) \in \text{edges } G$ by (metis $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G \rangle$ valid-unMultigraph.corres)
 obtain G1 G2 where
 G1-nodes: nodes G1 = $\{n. \exists ps. \text{valid-graph.is-path } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } n2 \text{ } G)$
 $n \text{ ps } n1\}$
 and G1-edges: edges G1 = $\{(n, e, n'). (n, e, n') \in \text{edges } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } n2$
 G)
 $\wedge n \in \text{nodes } G1 \wedge n' \in \text{nodes } G1\}$
 and G2-nodes: nodes G2 = $\{n. \exists ps. \text{valid-graph.is-path } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } n2 \text{ } G) \text{ n ps } n2\}$
 and G2-edges: edges G2 = $\{(n, e, n'). (n, e, n') \in \text{edges } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } n2$
 G) $\wedge n \in \text{nodes } G2$
 $\wedge n' \in \text{nodes } G2\}$
 and G1-G2-edges-union: edges G1 \cup edges G2 = edges (del-unEdge n1 w
 n2 G)
 and edges G1 \cap edges G2 = $\{\}$
 and G1-G2-nodes-union: nodes G1 \cup nodes G2 = nodes (del-unEdge n1 w
 n2 G)
 and nodes G1 \cap nodes G2 = $\{\}$
 and valid-unMultigraph G1
 and valid-unMultigraph G2
 and valid-unMultigraph.connected G1
 and valid-unMultigraph.connected G2
 using valid-unMultigraph.connectivity-split[OF $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G \rangle$
 $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph.connected } G \rangle \langle \neg \text{valid-unMultigraph.connected } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } n2 \text{ } G) \rangle$
 $\langle (n1, w, n2) \in \text{edges } G \rangle]$.
 have edges (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G) \subset edges G
 unfolding del-unEdge-def using $\langle (n1, w, n2) \in \text{edges } G \rangle \langle (n2, w, n1) \in \text{edges } G \rangle$ by auto
 hence card (edges G1) < card (edges G) using G1-G2-edges-union
 by (metis (full-types) $\langle \text{finite } (\text{edges } G) \rangle$ inf-sup-absorb less-infI2 psubset-card-mono)
 moreover have finite (edges G1)
 using G1-G2-edges-union $\langle \text{finite } (\text{edges } G) \rangle$
 by (metis $\langle \text{edges } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } n2 \text{ } G) \subset \text{edges } G \rangle$ finite-Un less-imp-le)

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rev-finite-subset)
  moreover have nodes G1  $\subseteq$  nodes (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G)
    by (metis G1-G2-nodes-union Un-upper1)
  hence finite (nodes G1)
    using ⟨finite (nodes G)⟩ del-UnEdge-node rev-finite-subset by auto
  moreover have n1  $\in$  nodes G1
  proof -
    have n1 $\in$ nodes (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G) using ⟨n1 $\in$ nodes G⟩ by auto
    hence valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G) n1 [] n1
      using valid0' by (metis valid-graph.is-path-simps(1))
    thus ?thesis using G1-nodes by auto
  qed
  hence nodes G1  $\neq$  {} by auto
  moreover have num-of-odd-nodes G1 = 0
  proof -
    have valid-graph G2 using ⟨valid-unMultigraph G2⟩ valid-unMultigraph-def
  by auto
    hence  $\forall n \in \text{nodes } G1. \text{degree } n \text{ } G1 = \text{degree } n \text{ } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } n2 \text{ } G)$ 
    using sub-graph-degree-frame[of G2 G1 (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G)]
      by (metis G1-G2-edges-union ⟨nodes G1  $\cap$  nodes G2 = {}⟩)
    hence  $\forall n \in \text{nodes } G1. \text{even}(\text{degree } n \text{ } G1)$  using all-even
      by (metis G1-G2-nodes-union Un-iff)
    thus ?thesis
      unfolding num-of-odd-nodes-def odd-nodes-set-def
      by (metis (lifting) Collect-empty-eq card-eq-0-iff)
  qed
  ultimately have  $\forall v \in \text{nodes } G1. \exists ps. \text{valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-circuit}$ 
  G1 v ps v
    using less.hyps[of G1] ⟨valid-unMultigraph G1⟩ ⟨valid-unMultigraph.connected
  G1⟩
      by auto
  then obtain ps1 where ps1:valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail G1 n1 ps1
  n1
    using ⟨n1 $\in$ nodes G1⟩
  by (metis (full-types) ⟨valid-unMultigraph G1⟩ valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-circuit-def)
  have card (edges G2) < card (edges G)
    using G1-G2-edges-union ⟨edges (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G)  $\subset$  edges G⟩
  by (metis (full-types) ⟨finite (edges G)⟩ inf-sup-ord(4) le-less-trans psubset-card-mono)
  moreover have finite (edges G2)
    using G1-G2-edges-union ⟨finite (edges G)⟩
  by (metis ⟨edges (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G)  $\subset$  edges G⟩ finite-Un less-imp-le
  rev-finite-subset)
  moreover have nodes G2  $\subseteq$  nodes (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G)
    by (metis G1-G2-nodes-union Un-upper2)
  hence finite (nodes G2)
    using ⟨finite (nodes G)⟩ del-UnEdge-node rev-finite-subset by auto
  moreover have n2  $\in$  nodes G2
  proof -
    have n2 $\in$ nodes (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G)

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    using ⟨n2∈nodes G⟩ by auto
    hence valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G) n2 [] n2
      using valid0' by (metis valid-graph.is-path-simps(1))
    thus ?thesis using G2-nodes by auto
  qed
  hence nodes G2 ≠ {} by auto
  moreover have num-of-odd-nodes G2 = 0
    proof -
      have valid-graph G1 using ⟨valid-unMultigraph G1⟩ valid-unMultigraph-def
    by auto
      hence ∀ n∈nodes G2. degree n G2 = degree n (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G)
        using sub-graph-degree-frame[of G1 G2 (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G)]
        by (metis G1-G2-edges-union ⟨nodes G1 ∩ nodes G2 = {}⟩ inf-commute
sup-commute)
      hence ∀ n∈nodes G2. even(degree n G2) using all-even
        by (metis G1-G2-nodes-union Un-iff)
      thus ?thesis
        unfolding num-of-odd-nodes-def odd-nodes-set-def
        by (metis (lifting) Collect-empty-eq card-eq-0-iff)
    qed
    ultimately have ∀ v∈nodes G2. ∃ ps. valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-circuit
G2 v ps v
      using less.hyps[of G2] ⟨valid-unMultigraph G2⟩ ⟨valid-unMultigraph.connected
G2⟩
      by auto
    then obtain ps2 where ps2:valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail G2 n2 ps2
n2
      using ⟨n2∈nodes G2⟩
      by (metis (full-types) ⟨valid-unMultigraph G2⟩ valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-circuit-def)
    have (|nodes = nodes G1 ∪ nodes G2, edges = edges G1 ∪ edges G2 ∪ {(n1,
w, n2),
(n2, w, n1)}|)=G
      proof -
        have edges (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G) ∪ {(n1, w, n2),(n2, w, n1)} =edges
G
          using ⟨(n1,w,n2)∈edges G⟩ ⟨(n2,w,n1)∈edges G⟩
          unfolding del-unEdge-def by auto
        moreover have nodes (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G)=nodes G
          unfolding del-unEdge-def by auto
        ultimately have (|nodes = nodes (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G), edges =
edges (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G) ∪ {(n1, w, n2), (n2, w, n1)}|)=G
          by auto
        moreover have (|nodes = nodes G1 ∪ nodes G2, edges = edges G1 ∪
edges G2 ∪
{(n1, w, n2),(n2, w, n1)}|)=(|nodes = nodes (del-unEdge n1 w n2
G),edges
= edges (del-unEdge n1 w n2 G) ∪ {(n1, w, n2), (n2, w, n1)}|)
          by (metis G1-G2-edges-union G1-G2-nodes-union)
        ultimately show ?thesis by auto

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qed
moreover have *valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail* ($\langle \text{nodes} = \text{nodes } G1 \cup \text{nodes } G2, \text{edges} = \text{edges } G1 \cup \text{edges } G2 \cup \{(n1, w, n2), (n2, w, n1)\} \rangle n1 \text{ (ps1 @ (n1, w, n2) \# ps2) } n2$)
using *eulerian-split*[*of* $G1 \ G2 \ n1 \ ps1 \ n1 \ n2 \ ps2 \ n2 \ w$]
by (*metis* $\langle \text{edges } G1 \cap \text{edges } G2 = \{\} \rangle \langle \text{nodes } G1 \cap \text{nodes } G2 = \{\} \rangle$)
 $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G1 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G2 \rangle \text{ ps1 ps2}$)
ultimately show *?thesis* **by** (*metis* $\langle n1 \neq n2 \rangle n1(1) \ n1(2) \ n2(1) \ n2(2)$)
qed
moreover have $v' \neq n2 \implies (\exists v \in \text{nodes } G. \exists v' \in \text{nodes } G. \exists ps. \text{odd}(\text{degree } v \ G) \wedge \text{odd}(\text{degree } v' \ G) \wedge v \neq v' \wedge \text{valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail } G \ v \ ps \ v')$
proof (*cases* *valid-unMultigraph.connected* (*del-unEdge* $n1 \ w \ v' \ G$))
case *True*
assume $v' \neq n2$
assume *connected'*:*valid-unMultigraph.connected* (*del-unEdge* $n1 \ w \ v' \ G$)
have $n1 \in \text{nodes} \text{ (del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ v' \ G)$ **by** (*metis* *del-UnEdge-node* $n1(1)$)
hence *even-n1*:*even*(*degree* $n1 \text{ (del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ v' \ G)$)
using *valid-unMultigraph.del-UnEdge-even*[*OF* $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G \rangle \langle (n1, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle$
 $\langle \text{finite}(\text{edges } G) \rangle \langle \text{odd}(\text{degree } n1 \ G) \rangle$)
unfolding *odd-nodes-set-def* **by** *auto*
moreover have *odd-n2*:*odd*(*degree* $n2 \text{ (del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ v' \ G)$)
using *valid-unMultigraph.degree-frame*[*OF* $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G \rangle \langle \text{finite}(\text{edges } G) \rangle,$
 $\langle \text{of } n2 \ n1 \ v' \ w \rangle \langle n1 \neq n2 \rangle \langle v' \neq n2 \rangle$)
by (*metis* *empty-iff insert-iff* $n2(2)$)
moreover have *even* (*degree* $v' \ G$)
using *even-except-two*[*of* v']
by (*metis* (*full-types*) $\langle (n1, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle \langle v' \neq n2 \rangle \langle \text{valid-graph } G \rangle$
 $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G \rangle \text{valid-graph.E-validD}(2) \text{valid-unMultigraph.no-id}$)
hence *odd-v'*:*odd*(*degree* $v' \text{ (del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ v' \ G)$)
using *valid-unMultigraph.del-UnEdge-even'*[*OF* $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G \rangle \langle (n1, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle$
 $\langle \text{finite}(\text{edges } G) \rangle$)
unfolding *odd-nodes-set-def* **by** *auto*
ultimately have *two-odds:num-of-odd-nodes* (*del-unEdge* $n1 \ w \ v' \ G$) = 2
by (*metis* (*lifting*) $\langle v' \neq n2 \rangle \langle \text{valid-graph } G \rangle \langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G \rangle$
 $\langle (n1, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle \langle \text{finite}(\text{edges } G) \rangle \langle \text{finite}(\text{nodes } G) \rangle \langle \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G = 2 \rangle$
 $\text{del-UnEdge-odd-even even-except-two } n1(2) \text{valid-graph.E-validD}(2)$)
moreover have *valid0*:*valid-unMultigraph* (*del-unEdge* $n1 \ w \ v' \ G$)
using *del-unEdge-valid* $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G \rangle$ **by** *auto*
moreover have $\text{edges } G - \{(n1, w, v'), (v', w, n1)\} \subset \text{edges } G$
using $\langle (n1, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle$ **by** *auto*
hence $\text{card}(\text{edges} \text{ (del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ v' \ G)) < \text{card}(\text{edges } G)$
using $\langle \text{finite}(\text{edges } G) \rangle$ **unfolding** *del-unEdge-def*

```

    by (metis (hide-lams, no-types) psubset-card-mono select-convs(2))
  moreover have finite (edges (del-unEdge n1 w v' G))
    unfolding del-unEdge-def
    by (metis (full-types) ⟨finite (edges G)⟩ finite-Diff select-convs(2))
  moreover have finite (nodes (del-unEdge n1 w v' G))
    unfolding del-unEdge-def by (metis ⟨finite (nodes G)⟩ select-convs(1))
  moreover have nodes (del-unEdge n1 w v' G) ≠ {}
    by (metis (full-types) del-UnEdge-node empty-iff n1(1))
  ultimately obtain s t ps where
    s: s ∈ nodes (del-unEdge n1 w v' G) odd (degree s (del-unEdge n1 w v' G))
    and t: t ∈ nodes (del-unEdge n1 w v' G) odd (degree t (del-unEdge n1 w v'
G))
    and s ≠ t
    and s-ps-t: valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail (del-unEdge n1 w v' G) s
ps t
    using connected' less.hyps[of (del-unEdge n1 w v' G)] by auto
  hence (s=n2 ∧ t=v') ∨ (s=v' ∧ t=n2)
    using odd-n2 odd-v' two-odds ⟨finite (edges G)⟩ ⟨valid-unMultigraph G⟩
    by (metis (mono-tags) del-UnEdge-node empty-iff even-except-two even-n1
insert-iff
    valid-unMultigraph.degree-frame)
  moreover have s=n2 ⇒ t=v' ⇒ ?thesis
    by (metis ⟨(n1, w, v') ∈ edges G⟩ ⟨n1 ≠ n2⟩ ⟨valid-unMultigraph G⟩ n1(1)
n1(2) n2(1) n2(2)
    s-ps-t valid0 valid-unMultigraph.eulerian-rev valid-unMultigraph.eulerian-cons)
  moreover have s=v' ⇒ t=n2 ⇒ ?thesis
    by (metis ⟨(n1, w, v') ∈ edges G⟩ ⟨n1 ≠ n2⟩ ⟨valid-unMultigraph G⟩ n1(1)
n1(2) n2(1) n2(2)
    s-ps-t valid-unMultigraph.eulerian-cons)
  ultimately show ?thesis by auto
next
case False
assume v' ≠ n2
assume not-conneted: ¬valid-unMultigraph.connected (del-unEdge n1 w v' G)
have (v', w, n1) ∈ edges G using ⟨(n1, w, v') ∈ edges G⟩
  by (metis ⟨valid-unMultigraph G⟩ valid-unMultigraph.corres)
have valid0: valid-unMultigraph (del-unEdge n1 w v' G)
  using ⟨valid-unMultigraph G⟩ del-unEdge-valid by auto
hence valid0': valid-graph (del-unEdge n1 w v' G)
  using valid-unMultigraph-def by auto
have even-n1: even (degree n1 (del-unEdge n1 w v' G))
  using valid-unMultigraph.del-UnEdge-even[OF ⟨valid-unMultigraph G⟩
⟨(n1, w, v') ∈ edges G⟩
  ⟨finite (edges G)⟩] n1
  unfolding odd-nodes-set-def by auto
moreover have odd-n2: odd (degree n2 (del-unEdge n1 w v' G))
using ⟨n1 ≠ n2⟩ ⟨v' ≠ n2⟩ n2 valid-unMultigraph.degree-frame[OF ⟨valid-unMultigraph
G⟩
  ⟨finite (edges G)⟩, of n2 n1 v' w]

```


by auto
moreover have $v' \neq n1$
using $\text{valid-unMultigraph.no-id}[OF \langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G \rangle] \langle (n1, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle$ **by auto**
hence $\text{odd-}v':\text{odd}(\text{degree } v' (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } v' G))$
using $\langle v' \neq n2 \rangle$ $\text{even-except-two}[of v']$
 $\text{valid-graph.E-validD}(2)[OF \langle \text{valid-graph } G \rangle \langle (n1, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle]$
 $\text{valid-unMultigraph.del-UnEdge-even}'[OF \langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G \rangle \langle (n1, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle]$
 $\langle \text{finite } (\text{edges } G) \rangle]$
unfolding odd-nodes-set-def **by auto**
ultimately have $\text{even-except-two}': \wedge n. n \in \text{nodes } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } v' G) \implies n \neq n2$
 $\implies n \neq v' \implies \text{even}(\text{degree } n (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } v' G))$
using $\text{del-UnEdge-node}[of - n1 \text{ w } v' G]$ even-except-two $\text{valid-unMultigraph.degree-frame}[OF \langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G \rangle \langle \text{finite } (\text{edges } G) \rangle, of - n1 \text{ w } v' w]$
by force
obtain $G1 \ G2$ **where**
 $G1\text{-nodes: nodes } G1 = \{n. \exists ps. \text{valid-graph.is-path } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } v' G) \text{ n ps } n1\}$
and $G1\text{-edges: edges } G1 = \{(n, e, n'). (n, e, n') \in \text{edges } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } v' G) \wedge n \in \text{nodes } G1 \wedge n' \in \text{nodes } G1\}$
and $G2\text{-nodes: nodes } G2 = \{n. \exists ps. \text{valid-graph.is-path } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } v' G) \text{ n ps } v'\}$
and $G2\text{-edges: edges } G2 = \{(n, e, n'). (n, e, n') \in \text{edges } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } v' G) \wedge n \in \text{nodes } G2 \wedge n' \in \text{nodes } G2\}$
and $G1\text{-}G2\text{-edges-union: edges } G1 \cup \text{edges } G2 = \text{edges } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } v' G)$
and $\text{edges } G1 \cap \text{edges } G2 = \{\}$
and $G1\text{-}G2\text{-nodes-union: nodes } G1 \cup \text{nodes } G2 = \text{nodes } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } v' G)$
and $\text{nodes } G1 \cap \text{nodes } G2 = \{\}$
and $\text{valid-unMultigraph } G1$
and $\text{valid-unMultigraph } G2$
and $\text{valid-unMultigraph.connected } G1$
and $\text{valid-unMultigraph.connected } G2$
using $\text{valid-unMultigraph.connectivity-split}[OF \langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G \rangle \langle \text{valid-unMultigraph.connected } G \rangle \text{ not-conneted } \langle (n1, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle]$
.

have $n2 \in \text{nodes } G2$ **using** $\text{extend-distinct-path}$
proof –
have $\text{finite } (\text{edges } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } v' G))$
unfolding del-unEdge-def **using** $\langle \text{finite } (\text{edges } G) \rangle$ **by auto**
moreover have $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \text{ w } v' G) = 2$
by $(\text{metis } \langle (n1, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle \langle (v', w, n1) \in \text{edges } G \rangle \langle \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G = 2 \rangle$
 $\langle v' \neq n2 \rangle \langle \text{valid-graph } G \rangle \text{del-UnEdge-even-odd delete-edge-sym}$

```

even-except-two
  ⟨finite (edges G)⟩ ⟨finite (nodes G)⟩ ⟨valid-unMultigraph G⟩
  n1(2) valid-graph.E-validD(2) valid-unMultigraph.no-id
  ultimately have ∃ ps. valid-unMultigraph.is-trail (del-unEdge n1 w v' G)
n2 ps v'
  using valid-unMultigraph.path-between-odds[OF valid0,of n2 v',OF odd-n2
odd-v'] ⟨v'≠n2⟩
  by auto
  hence ∃ ps. valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge n1 w v' G) n2 ps v'
  by (metis valid0 valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-intro)
  thus ?thesis using G2-nodes by auto
qed
have v'∈nodes G2
proof -
  have valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge n1 w v' G) v' [] v'
  by (metis (full-types) ⟨(n1, w, v') ∈ edges G⟩ ⟨valid-graph G⟩ del-UnEdge-node
  valid0' valid-graph.E-validD(2) valid-graph.is-path-simps(1))
  thus ?thesis by (metis (lifting) G2-nodes mem-Collect-eq)
qed
have edges-subset:edges (del-unEdge n1 w v' G) ⊂ edges G
  using ⟨(n1,w,v')∈edges G⟩ ⟨(v',w,n1)∈edges G⟩
  unfolding del-unEdge-def by auto
  hence card (edges G1) < card (edges G)
  by (metis G1-G2-edges-union inf-sup-absorb ⟨finite (edges G)⟩ less-infI2
psubset-card-mono)
  moreover have finite (edges G1)
  by (metis (full-types) G1-G2-edges-union edges-subset finite-Un finite-subset
  ⟨finite (edges G)⟩ less-imp-le)
  moreover have finite (nodes G1)
  using G1-G2-nodes-union ⟨finite (nodes G)⟩
  unfolding del-unEdge-def
  by (metis (full-types) finite-Un select-convs(1))
  moreover have n1∈nodes G1
  proof -
    have valid-graph.is-path (del-unEdge n1 w v' G) n1 [] n1
    by (metis (full-types) del-UnEdge-node n1(1) valid0' valid-graph.is-path-simps(1))
    thus ?thesis by (metis (lifting) G1-nodes mem-Collect-eq)
  qed
  moreover hence nodes G1 ≠ {} by auto
  moreover have num-of-odd-nodes G1 = 0
  proof -
    have ∀ n∈nodes G1. even(degree n (del-unEdge n1 w v' G))
    using even-except-two' odd-v' odd-n2 ⟨n2∈nodes G2⟩ ⟨nodes G1 ∩ nodes
G2 = {}⟩
    ⟨v'∈nodes G2⟩
    by (metis (full-types) G1-G2-nodes-union Un-iff disjoint-iff-not-equal)
  moreover have valid-graph G2
  using ⟨valid-unMultigraph G2⟩ valid-unMultigraph-def
  by auto

```

ultimately have $\forall n \in \text{nodes } G1. \text{even}(\text{degree } n \ G1)$
using *sub-graph-degree-frame*[of $G2 \ G1 \ \text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ v' \ G$]
by (*metis* $G1\text{-}G2\text{-edges-union } \langle \text{nodes } G1 \cap \text{nodes } G2 = \{\} \rangle$)
thus *?thesis unfolding num-of-odd-nodes-def odd-nodes-set-def*
by (*metis* (*lifting*) *card-eq-0-iff empty-Collect-eq*)
qed
ultimately obtain $ps1$ **where** $ps1:\text{valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail } G1$
 $n1 \ ps1 \ n1$
using (*valid-unMultigraph* $G1$) (*valid-unMultigraph.connected* $G1$) *less.hyps*[of
 $G1$]
by (*metis* *valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-circuit-def*)
have $\text{card}(\text{edges } G2) < \text{card}(\text{edges } G)$
by (*metis* $G1\text{-}G2\text{-edges-union } \langle \text{finite}(\text{edges } G) \rangle \text{edges-subset inf-sup-absorb}$
 less-infI2
 $\text{psubset-card-mono sup-commute}$)
moreover have $\text{finite}(\text{edges } G2)$
by (*metis* (*full-types*) $G1\text{-}G2\text{-edges-union edges-subset finite-Un } \langle \text{finite}(\text{edges}$
 $G) \rangle \text{less-le}$
 rev-finite-subset)
moreover have $\text{finite}(\text{nodes } G2)$
by (*metis* (*mono-tags*) $G1\text{-}G2\text{-nodes-union del-UnEdge-node le-sup-iff } \langle \text{finite}$
 $(\text{nodes } G) \rangle$
 $\text{rev-finite-subset subsetI}$)
moreover have $\text{nodes } G2 \neq \{\}$ **using** ($v' \in \text{nodes } G2$) **by** *auto*
moreover have $\text{num-of-odd-nodes } G2 = 2$
proof –
have $\forall n \in \text{nodes } G2. n \notin \{n2, v'\} \longrightarrow \text{even}(\text{degree } n \ (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ v' \ G))$
using *even-except-two'*
by (*metis* (*full-types*) $G1\text{-}G2\text{-nodes-union Un-iff insert-iff$)
moreover have *valid-graph* $G1$
using (*valid-unMultigraph* $G1$) *valid-unMultigraph-def* **by** *auto*
ultimately have $\forall n \in \text{nodes } G2. n \notin \{n2, v'\} \longrightarrow \text{even}(\text{degree } n \ G2)$
using *sub-graph-degree-frame*[of $G1 \ G2 \ \text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ v' \ G$]
by (*metis* $G1\text{-}G2\text{-edges-union Int-commute Un-commute } \langle \text{nodes } G1 \cap$
 $\text{nodes } G2 = \{\} \rangle$)
hence $\forall n \in \text{nodes } G2. n \notin \{n2, v'\} \longrightarrow n \notin \{v \in \text{nodes } G2. \text{odd}(\text{degree } v \ G2)\}$
by (*metis* (*lifting*) *mem-Collect-eq*)
moreover have $\text{odd}(\text{degree } n2 \ G2)$
using *sub-graph-degree-frame*[of $G1 \ G2 \ \text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ v' \ G$]
by (*metis* (*hide-lams, no-types*) $G1\text{-}G2\text{-edges-union } \langle \text{nodes } G1 \cap \text{nodes}$
 $G2 = \{\} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{valid-graph } G1 \rangle \langle n2 \in \text{nodes } G2 \rangle \text{inf-assoc inf-bot-right inf-sup-absorb}$
 $\text{odd-n2 sup-bot-right sup-commute}$)
hence $n2 \in \{v \in \text{nodes } G2. \text{odd}(\text{degree } v \ G2)\}$
by (*metis* (*lifting*) $\langle n2 \in \text{nodes } G2 \rangle \text{mem-Collect-eq}$)
moreover have $\text{odd}(\text{degree } v' \ G2)$
using *sub-graph-degree-frame*[of $G1 \ G2 \ \text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ v' \ G$]
by (*metis* $G1\text{-}G2\text{-edges-union Int-commute Un-commute } \langle \text{nodes } G1 \cap$
 $\text{nodes } G2 = \{\} \rangle$)

$\langle v' \in \text{nodes } G2 \rangle \langle \text{valid-graph } G1 \rangle \text{ odd-}v'$
hence $v' \in \{v \in \text{nodes } G2. \text{ odd } (\text{degree } v \ G2)\}$
by (metis (full-types) Collect-conj-eq Collect-mem-eq Int-Collect $\langle v' \in \text{nodes } G2 \rangle$)
ultimately have $\{v \in \text{nodes } G2. \text{ odd } (\text{degree } v \ G2)\} = \{n2, v'\}$
using (finite (nodes G2)) **by** (induct G2, auto)
thus ?thesis **using** $\langle v' \neq n2 \rangle$
unfolding num-of-odd-nodes-def odd-nodes-set-def **by** auto
qed
ultimately obtain $s \ t \ ps2$ **where**
 $s: s \in \text{nodes } G2 \text{ odd } (\text{degree } s \ G2)$
and $t: t \in \text{nodes } G2 \text{ odd } (\text{degree } t \ G2)$
and $s \neq t$
and $s\text{-}ps2\text{-}t: \text{valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail } G2 \ s \ ps2 \ t$
using $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G2 \rangle \langle \text{valid-unMultigraph.connected } G2 \rangle \text{ less.hyps[of } G2]$
by auto
moreover have valid-graph G1
using $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G1 \rangle \text{ valid-unMultigraph-def}$ **by** auto
ultimately have $(s = n2 \wedge t = v') \vee (s = v' \wedge t = n2)$
using odd-n2 odd-v' even-except-two'
 $\text{sub-graph-degree-frame[of } G1 \ G2 \ (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ v' \ G)]$
by (metis G1-G2-edges-union G1-G2-nodes-union UnI1 $\langle \text{nodes } G1 \cap \text{nodes } G2 = \{\} \rangle \text{ inf-commute}$
 sup commute)
moreover have merge-G1-G2: $(\text{nodes} = \text{nodes } G1 \cup \text{nodes } G2, \text{edges} = \text{edges } G1 \cup \text{edges } G2 \cup$
 $\{(n1, w, v'), (v', w, n1)\}) = G$
proof –
have $\text{edges } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ v' \ G) \cup \{(n1, w, v'), (v', w, n1)\} = \text{edges } G$
using $\langle (n1, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle \langle (v', w, n1) \in \text{edges } G \rangle$
unfolding del-unEdge-def **by** auto
moreover have $\text{nodes } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ v' \ G) = \text{nodes } G$
unfolding del-unEdge-def **by** auto
ultimately have $(\text{nodes} = \text{nodes } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ v' \ G), \text{edges} =$
 $\text{edges } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ v' \ G) \cup \{(n1, w, v'), (v', w, n1)\}) = G$
by auto
moreover have $(\text{nodes} = \text{nodes } G1 \cup \text{nodes } G2, \text{edges} = \text{edges } G1 \cup$
 $\text{edges } G2 \cup$
 $\{(n1, w, v'), (v', w, n1)\}) = (\text{nodes} = \text{nodes } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ v' \ G), \text{edges} =$
 $\text{edges } (\text{del-unEdge } n1 \ w \ v' \ G) \cup \{(n1, w, v'), (v', w, n1)\})$
by (metis G1-G2-edges-union G1-G2-nodes-union)
ultimately show ?thesis **by** auto
qed
moreover have $s = n2 \implies t = v' \implies ?thesis$
using eulerian-split[of G1 G2 n1 ps1 n1 v' (rev-path ps2) n2 w] merge-G1-G2
by (metis $\langle \text{edges } G1 \cap \text{edges } G2 = \{\} \rangle \langle n1 \neq n2 \rangle \langle \text{nodes } G1 \cap \text{nodes } G2 =$
 $\{\} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G1 \rangle \langle \text{valid-unMultigraph } G2 \rangle \ n1(1) \ n1(2) \ n2(1)$

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n2(2) ps1 s-ps2-t
  valid-unMultigraph.euclerian-rev)
moreover have  $s=v' \implies t=n2 \implies ?thesis$ 
  using eulerian-split[of G1 G2 n1 ps1 n1 v' ps2 n2 w] merge-G1-G2
  by (metis ⟨edges G1 ∩ edges G2 = {⟩ ⟨n1 ≠ n2⟩ ⟨nodes G1 ∩ nodes G2 =
{⟩
  ⟨valid-unMultigraph G1⟩ ⟨valid-unMultigraph G2⟩ n1(1) n1(2) n2(1) n2(2)
ps1 s-ps2-t)
  ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
ultimately show  $\exists v \in \text{nodes } G. \exists v' \in \text{nodes } G. \exists ps. \text{odd}(\text{degree } v \text{ } G) \wedge \text{odd}(\text{degree } v' \text{ } G) \wedge v \neq v'$ 
   $\wedge \text{valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail } G \text{ } v \text{ } ps \text{ } v'$ 
by auto
next
case less
assume finite (edges G) and finite (nodes G) and valid-unMultigraph G and
nodes G ≠ {
  and valid-unMultigraph.connected G and num-of-odd-nodes G = 0
show  $\forall v \in \text{nodes } G. \exists ps. \text{valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-circuit } G \text{ } v \text{ } ps \text{ } v$ 
proof (rule,cases card (nodes G)=1)
  fix v assume  $v \in \text{nodes } G$ 
  assume card (nodes G) = 1
  hence nodes G = {v}
  using ⟨v ∈ nodes G⟩ card-Suc-eq[of nodes G 0] empty-iff insert-iff[of - v]
  by auto
  have edges G = {}
  proof (rule ccontr)
  assume edges G ≠ {}
  then obtain e1 e2 e3 where  $e:(e1,e2,e3) \in \text{edges } G$  by (metis ex-in-conv
prod-cases3)
  hence e1=e3 using ⟨nodes G = {v⟩
  by (metis (hide-lams, no-types) append-Nil2 valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-rev
valid-unMultigraph.is-trail.simps(1) ⟨valid-unMultigraph G⟩ singletonE
valid-unMultigraph.is-trail-split valid-unMultigraph.singleton-distinct-path)
  thus False by (metis e ⟨valid-unMultigraph G⟩ valid-unMultigraph.no-id)
qed
hence valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-circuit G v [] v
by (metis ⟨nodes G = {v⟩ insert-subset ⟨valid-unMultigraph G⟩ rem-unPath.simps(1)
subsetI valid-unMultigraph.is-trail.simps(1)
valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-circuit-def
valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail-def)
thus  $\exists ps. \text{valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-circuit } G \text{ } v \text{ } ps \text{ } v$  by auto
next
fix v assume  $v \in \text{nodes } G$ 
assume card (nodes G) ≠ 1
moreover have card (nodes G) ≠ 0 using ⟨nodes G ≠ {⟩
  by (metis card-eq-0-iff ⟨finite (nodes G)⟩)
ultimately have card (nodes G) ≥ 2 by auto

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then obtain  $n$  where  $\text{card } (\text{nodes } G) = \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)$ 
  by (metis le-iff-add add-2-eq-Suc)
hence  $\exists n \in \text{nodes } G. n \neq v$  by (auto dest!: card-eq-SucD)
then obtain  $v' w$  where  $(v, w, v') \in \text{edges } G$ 
  proof –
    assume  $\text{pre}: \bigwedge w v'. (v, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \implies \text{thesis}$ 
    assume  $\exists n \in \text{nodes } G. n \neq v$ 
    then obtain  $ps$  where  $ps: \exists v'. \text{valid-graph.is-path } G v ps v' \wedge ps \neq \text{Nil}$ 
      using valid-unMultigraph-def
    by (metis (full-types) (v \in nodes G) (valid-unMultigraph G) valid-graph.is-path.simps(1))
      (valid-unMultigraph.connected G) valid-unMultigraph.connected-def)
    then obtain  $v0 w v'$  where  $\exists ps'. ps = \text{Cons } (v0, w, v') ps'$  by (metis
neq-Nil-conv prod-cases3)
    hence  $v0 = v$ 
      using valid-unMultigraph-def
    by (metis (valid-unMultigraph G) ps valid-graph.is-path.simps(2))
    hence  $(v, w, v') \in \text{edges } G$ 
      using valid-unMultigraph-def
    by (metis (exists ps'. ps = (v0, w, v') # ps') (valid-unMultigraph G) ps
valid-graph.is-path.simps(2))
    thus ?thesis by (metis pre)
  qed
have all-even:  $\forall x \in \text{nodes } G. \text{even}(\text{degree } x G)$ 
  using  $\langle \text{finite } (\text{nodes } G) \rangle \langle \text{num-of-odd-nodes } G = 0 \rangle$ 
  unfolding num-of-odd-nodes-def odd-nodes-set-def by auto
have odd-v:  $\text{odd}(\text{degree } v (\text{del-unEdge } v w v' G))$ 
  using  $\langle v \in \text{nodes } G \rangle$  all-even valid-unMultigraph.del-UnEdge-even[OF
(valid-unMultigraph G)
   $\langle (v, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle \langle \text{finite } (\text{edges } G) \rangle$ 
  unfolding odd-nodes-set-def by auto
have odd-v':  $\text{odd}(\text{degree } v' (\text{del-unEdge } v w v' G))$ 
  using valid-unMultigraph.del-UnEdge-even'[OF (valid-unMultigraph G) (v,
w, v') \in edges G
   $\langle \text{finite } (\text{edges } G) \rangle$ 
  all-even valid-graph.E-validD(2)[OF - (v, w, v') \in edges G]
(valid-unMultigraph G)
  unfolding valid-unMultigraph-def odd-nodes-set-def
  by auto
have valid-unMulti: valid-unMultigraph (del-unEdge v w v' G)
  by (metis del-unEdge-valid (valid-unMultigraph G))
moreover have valid-graph: valid-graph (del-unEdge v w v' G)
  using valid-unMultigraph-def del-undirected
  by (metis (valid-unMultigraph G) delete-edge-valid)
moreover have fin-E':  $\text{finite}(\text{edges } (\text{del-unEdge } v w v' G))$ 
  using  $\langle \text{finite}(\text{edges } G) \rangle$  unfolding del-unEdge-def by auto
moreover have fin-V':  $\text{finite}(\text{nodes } (\text{del-unEdge } v w v' G))$ 
  using  $\langle \text{finite}(\text{nodes } G) \rangle$  unfolding del-unEdge-def by auto
moreover have less-card:  $\text{card}(\text{edges } (\text{del-unEdge } v w v' G)) < \text{card}(\text{edges } G)$ 
  unfolding del-unEdge-def using  $\langle (v, w, v') \in \text{edges } G \rangle$ 

```

```

    by (metis Diff-insert2 card-Diff2-less ⟨finite (edges G)⟩ ⟨valid-unMultigraph
G⟩
        select-convs(2) valid-unMultigraph.corres)
  moreover have num-of-odd-nodes (del-unEdge v w v' G) = 2
    using ⟨valid-unMultigraph G⟩ ⟨num-of-odd-nodes G = 0⟩ ⟨v ∈ nodes G⟩
all-even
    del-UnEdge-even-even[OF ⟨valid-unMultigraph G⟩ ⟨finite (edges G)⟩ ⟨finite
(nodes G)⟩
        ⟨(v, w, v') ∈ edges G⟩] valid-graph.E-validD(2)[OF - ⟨(v, w, v') ∈ edges
G⟩]
  unfolding valid-unMultigraph-def
  by auto
  moreover have valid-unMultigraph.connected (del-unEdge v w v' G)
    using ⟨finite (edges G)⟩ ⟨finite (nodes G)⟩ ⟨valid-unMultigraph G⟩
        ⟨valid-unMultigraph.connected G⟩
  by (metis ⟨(v, w, v') ∈ edges G⟩ all-even valid-unMultigraph.del-unEdge-even-connectivity)
  moreover have nodes(del-unEdge v w v' G) ≠ {}
    by (metis ⟨v ∈ nodes G⟩ del-UnEdge-node emptyE)
  ultimately obtain n1 n2 ps where
    n1-n2:
      n1 ∈ nodes (del-unEdge v w v' G)
      n2 ∈ nodes (del-unEdge v w v' G)
      odd (degree n1 (del-unEdge v w v' G))
      odd (degree n2 (del-unEdge v w v' G))
      n1 ≠ n2
    and
      ps-eulerian:
        valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-trail (del-unEdge v w v' G) n1 ps n2
  by (metis ⟨num-of-odd-nodes (del-unEdge v w v' G) = 2⟩ less.hyps(1))
have n1 = v ⇒ n2 = v' ⇒ valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-circuit G v (ps@[v', w, v])
v
  using ps-eulerian
  by (metis ⟨(v, w, v') ∈ edges G⟩ delete-edge-sym ⟨valid-unMultigraph G⟩
        valid-unMultigraph.corres valid-unMultigraph.eulerian-cons'
        valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-circuit-def)
  moreover have n1 = v' ⇒ n2 = v ⇒ ∃ ps. valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-circuit
G v ps v
    by (metis ⟨(v, w, v') ∈ edges G⟩ ⟨valid-unMultigraph G⟩ ps-eulerian
        valid-unMultigraph.eulerian-cons valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-circuit-def)
  moreover have (n1 = v ∧ n2 = v') ∨ (n2 = v ∧ n1 = v')
    by (metis (mono-tags) all-even del-UnEdge-node insert-iff ⟨finite (edges G)⟩
        ⟨valid-unMultigraph G⟩ n1-n2(1) n1-n2(2) n1-n2(3) n1-n2(4) n1-n2(5))
singletonE
    valid-unMultigraph.degree-frame)
  ultimately show ∃ ps. valid-unMultigraph.is-Eulerian-circuit G v ps v by
auto
qed
qed
end

```

```

theory FriendshipTheory
  imports MoreGraph HOL-Number-Theory.Number-Theory
begin

```

10 Common steps

definition (in *valid-unSimpGraph*) *non-adj* :: 'v ⇒ 'v ⇒ bool **where**
non-adj v v' ≡ v ∈ V ∧ v' ∈ V ∧ v ≠ v' ∧ ¬adjacent v v'

lemma (in *valid-unSimpGraph*) *no-quad*:
assumes $\bigwedge v u. v \in V \implies u \in V \implies v \neq u \implies \exists! n. \text{adjacent } v \ n \wedge \text{adjacent } u \ n$
shows $\neg (\exists v1 \ v2 \ v3 \ v4. v2 \neq v4 \wedge v1 \neq v3 \wedge \text{adjacent } v1 \ v2 \wedge \text{adjacent } v2 \ v3 \wedge$
adjacent v3 v4
 $\wedge \text{adjacent } v4 \ v1)$

proof

assume $\exists v1 \ v2 \ v3 \ v4. v2 \neq v4 \wedge v1 \neq v3 \wedge \text{adjacent } v1 \ v2 \wedge \text{adjacent } v2 \ v3 \wedge$
adjacent v3 v4 ∧ adjacent v4 v1

then obtain v1 v2 v3 v4 **where**

v2 ≠ v4 v1 ≠ v3 adjacent v1 v2 adjacent v2 v3 adjacent v3 v4 adjacent v4 v1

by *auto*

hence $\exists! n. \text{adjacent } v1 \ n \wedge \text{adjacent } v3 \ n$ **using** *assms*[of v1 v3] **by** *auto*

thus *False*

by (*metis* ⟨adjacent v1 v2⟩ ⟨adjacent v2 v3⟩ ⟨adjacent v3 v4⟩ ⟨adjacent v4 v1⟩
⟨v2 ≠ v4⟩
adjacent-sym)

qed

lemma *even-card-set*:

assumes *finite* A **and** $\forall x \in A. f \ x \in A \wedge f \ x \neq x \wedge f \ (f \ x) = x$

shows *even*(card A) **using** *assms*

proof (*induct* card A *arbitrary*:A *rule*:*less-induct*)

case *less*

have A = {} ⇒ ?case **by** *auto*

moreover have A ≠ {} ⇒ ?case

proof –

assume A ≠ {}

then obtain x **where** x ∈ A **by** *auto*

hence f x ∈ A **and** f x ≠ x **by** (*metis* *less.prem*s(2))+

obtain B **where** B : B = A - {x, f x} **by** *auto*

hence *finite* B **using** ⟨*finite* A⟩ **by** *auto*

moreover have card B < card A **using** B ⟨*finite* A⟩

by (*metis* *Diff-insert* ⟨f x ∈ A⟩ ⟨x ∈ A⟩ *card-Diff2-less*)

moreover have $\forall x \in B. f \ x \in B \wedge f \ x \neq x \wedge f \ (f \ x) = x$

proof

fix y **assume** y ∈ B

hence y ∈ A **using** B **by** *auto*

hence f y ≠ y **and** f (f y) = y **by** (*metis* *less.prem*s(2))+

moreover have $f y \in B$
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume $f y \notin B$
have $f y \in A$ **by** (*metis* $\langle y \in A \rangle$ *less.prem*s(2))
hence $f y \in \{x, f x\}$ **by** (*metis* B *DiffI* $\langle f y \notin B \rangle$)
moreover have $f y = x \implies \text{False}$
by (*metis* B *Diff-iff* *Diff-insert2* $\langle f (f y) = y \rangle$ $\langle y \in B \rangle$ *singleton-iff*)
moreover have $f y = f x \implies \text{False}$
by (*metis* B *Diff-iff* $\langle x \in A \rangle$ $\langle y \in B \rangle$ *insertCI* *less.prem*s(2))
ultimately show *False* **by** *auto*
qed
ultimately show $f y \in B \wedge f y \neq y \wedge f (f y) = y$ **by** *auto*
qed
ultimately have *even* (*card* B) **by** (*metis* (*full-types*) *less.hyps*)
moreover have $\{x, f x\} \subseteq A$ **using** $\langle f x \in A \rangle$ $\langle x \in A \rangle$ **by** *auto*
moreover have *card* $\{x, f x\} = 2$ **using** $\langle f x \neq x \rangle$ **by** *auto*
ultimately show *?case* **using** B $\langle \text{finite } A \rangle$ *card-mono* [*of* A $\{x, f x\}$]
by (*simp* *add: card-Diff-subset*)
qed
ultimately show *?case* **by** *metis*
qed

lemma (*in* *valid-unSimpGraph*) *even-degree*:
assumes *friend-asm*: $\bigwedge v u. v \in V \implies u \in V \implies v \neq u \implies \exists! n. \text{adjacent } v n \wedge \text{adjacent } u n$
and *finite* E
shows $\forall v \in V. \text{even}(\text{degree } v G)$
proof
fix v **assume** $v \in V$
obtain f **where** $f: f = (\lambda n. (\text{SOME } v'. n \in V \longrightarrow n \neq v \longrightarrow \text{adjacent } n v' \wedge \text{adjacent } v v'))$ **by** *auto*
have $\bigwedge n. n \in V \longrightarrow n \neq v \longrightarrow (\exists v'. \text{adjacent } n v' \wedge \text{adjacent } v v')$
proof (*rule, rule*)
fix n **assume** $n \in V$ $n \neq v$
hence $\exists! v'. \text{adjacent } n v' \wedge \text{adjacent } v v'$
using *friend-asm*[*of* $n v$] $\langle v \in V \rangle$ **unfolding** *non-adj-def* **by** *auto*
thus $\exists v'. \text{adjacent } n v' \wedge \text{adjacent } v v'$ **by** *auto*
qed
hence $f\text{-ex}: \bigwedge n. (\exists v'. n \in V \longrightarrow n \neq v \longrightarrow \text{adjacent } n v' \wedge \text{adjacent } v v')$ **by** *auto*
have $\forall x \in \{n. \text{adjacent } v n\}. f x \in \{n. \text{adjacent } v n\} \wedge f x \neq x \wedge f (f x) = x$
proof
fix x **assume** $x \in \{n. \text{adjacent } v n\}$
hence *adjacent* $v x$ **by** *auto*
have $f x \in \{n. \text{adjacent } v n\}$
using *someI-ex*[*OF* $f\text{-ex}$, *of* x]
by (*metis* $\langle \text{adjacent } v x \rangle$ *adjacent-V*(2) *adjacent-no-loop* *f mem-Collect-eq*)
moreover have $f x \neq x$
using *someI-ex*[*OF* $f\text{-ex}$, *of* x]

by (*metis* $\langle \text{adjacent } v \ x \rangle$ *adjacent-V*(2) *adjacent-no-loop* *f*)
moreover have $f \ (f \ x) = x$
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume $f \ (f \ x) \neq x$
have *adjacent* $(f \ x) \ (f \ (f \ x))$
using *someI-ex*[*OF f-ex, of f x*]
by (*metis* (*full-types*) *adjacent-V*(2) *adjacent-no-loop* *calculation*(1) *f* *mem-Collect-eq*)
moreover have *adjacent* $(f \ (f \ x)) \ v$
using *someI-ex*[*OF f-ex, of f x*] **by** (*metis* *adjacent-V*(1) *adjacent-sym* *calculation f*)
moreover have *adjacent* $x \ (f \ x)$
using *someI-ex*[*OF f-ex, of f x*] **by** (*metis* $\langle \text{adjacent } v \ x \rangle$ *adjacent-V*(2) *adjacent-no-loop f*)
moreover have $v \neq f \ x$
by (*metis* $\langle f \ x \in \{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\} \rangle$ *adjacent-no-loop* *mem-Collect-eq*)
ultimately show *False*
using *no-quad*[*OF friend-asm*] **using** $\langle \text{adjacent } v \ x \rangle$ $\langle f \ (f \ x) \neq x \rangle$
by *metis*
qed
ultimately show $f \ x \in \{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\} \wedge f \ x \neq x \wedge f \ (f \ x) = x$ **by** *auto*
qed
moreover have *finite* $\{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\}$ **by** (*metis* *adjacent-finite* *assms*(2))
ultimately have *even* (*card* $\{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\}$)
using *even-card-set*[*of* $\{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\}$ *f*] **by** *auto*
thus *even*(*degree* $v \ G$) **by** (*metis* *assms*(2) *degree-adjacent*)
qed

lemma (*in valid-unSimpGraph*) *degree-two-windmill*:
assumes *friend-asm*: $\bigwedge v \ u. v \in V \implies u \in V \implies v \neq u \implies \exists ! n. \text{adjacent } v \ n \wedge \text{adjacent } u \ n$
and *finite* *E* **and** *card* $V \geq 2$
shows $(\exists v \in V. \text{degree } v \ G = 2) \iff (\exists v. \forall n \in V. n \neq v \longrightarrow \text{adjacent } v \ n)$
proof
assume $\exists v \in V. \text{degree } v \ G = 2$
then obtain v **where** *degree* $v \ G = 2$ **by** *auto*
hence *card* $\{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\} = 2$ **using** *degree-adjacent*[*OF* $\langle \text{finite } E \rangle$, *of v*] **by** *auto*
then obtain $v1 \ v2$ **where** $v1 \ v2 : \{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\} = \{v1, v2\}$ **and** $v1 \neq v2$
proof –
obtain $v1 \ S$ **where** $\{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\} = \text{insert } v1 \ S$ **and** $v1 \notin S$ **and** *card* $S = 1$
using $\langle \text{card } \{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\} = 2 \rangle$ *card-Suc-eq*[*of* $\{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\}$ 1] **by** *auto*
then obtain $v2$ **where** $S = \text{insert } v2 \ \{\}$
using *card-Suc-eq*[*of* $S \ 0$] **by** *auto*
hence $\{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\} = \{v1, v2\}$ **and** $v1 \neq v2$
using $\langle \{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\} = \text{insert } v1 \ S \rangle$ $\langle v1 \notin S \rangle$ **by** *auto*
thus *?thesis* **using** *that*[*of v1 v2*] **by** *auto*

qed
have $adjacent\ v1\ v2$
proof –
obtain n **where** $adjacent\ v\ n\ adjacent\ v1\ n$ **using** $friend-assm[of\ v\ v1]$
by ($metis\ (full-types)\ adjacent-V(2)\ adjacent-sym\ insertI1\ mem-Collect-eq\ v1v2$)
hence $n \in \{n. adjacent\ v\ n\}$ **by** $auto$
moreover **have** $n \neq v1$ **by** ($metis\ \langle adjacent\ v1\ n \rangle\ adjacent-no-loop$)
ultimately **have** $n = v2$ **using** $v1v2$ **by** $auto$
thus $?thesis$ **by** ($metis\ \langle adjacent\ v1\ n \rangle$)
qed
have $v1v2-adj: \forall x \in V. x \in \{n. adjacent\ v1\ n\} \cup \{n. adjacent\ v2\ n\}$
proof
fix x **assume** $x \in V$
have $x = v \implies x \in \{n. adjacent\ v1\ n\} \cup \{n. adjacent\ v2\ n\}$
by ($metis\ Un-iff\ adjacent-sym\ insertI1\ mem-Collect-eq\ v1v2$)
moreover **have** $x \neq v \implies x \in \{n. adjacent\ v1\ n\} \cup \{n. adjacent\ v2\ n\}$
proof –
assume $x \neq v$
then **obtain** y **where** $adjacent\ v\ y\ adjacent\ x\ y$
using $friend-assm[of\ v\ x]$
by ($metis\ Collect-empty-eq\ \langle x \in V \rangle\ adjacent-V(1)\ all-not-in-conv\ insertCI\ v1v2$)
hence $y = v1 \vee y = v2$ **using** $v1v2$ **by** $auto$
thus $x \in \{n. adjacent\ v1\ n\} \cup \{n. adjacent\ v2\ n\}$ **using** $\langle adjacent\ x\ y \rangle$
by ($metis\ UnI1\ UnI2\ adjacent-sym\ mem-Collect-eq$)
qed
ultimately **show** $x \in \{n. adjacent\ v1\ n\} \cup \{n. adjacent\ v2\ n\}$ **by** $auto$
qed
have $\{n. adjacent\ v1\ n\} - \{v2, v\} = \{\} \implies \exists v. \forall n \in V. n \neq v \longrightarrow adjacent\ v\ n$
proof ($rule\ exI[of\ -\ v2], rule, rule$)
fix n **assume** $v1-adj: \{n. adjacent\ v1\ n\} - \{v2, v\} = \{\}$ **and** $n \in V$ **and** $n \neq v2$
have $n \in \{n. adjacent\ v2\ n\}$
proof ($cases\ n = v$)
case $True$
show $?thesis$ **by** ($metis\ True\ adjacent-sym\ insertI1\ insert-commute\ mem-Collect-eq\ v1v2$)
next
case $False$
have $n \notin \{n. adjacent\ v1\ n\}$ **by** ($metis\ DiffI\ False\ \langle n \neq v2 \rangle\ empty-iff\ insert-iff\ v1-adj$)
thus $?thesis$ **by** ($metis\ Un-iff\ \langle n \in V \rangle\ v1v2-adj$)
qed
thus $adjacent\ v2\ n$ **by** $auto$
qed
moreover **have** $\{n. adjacent\ v2\ n\} - \{v1, v\} = \{\} \implies \exists v. \forall n \in V. n \neq v \longrightarrow adjacent\ v\ n$
proof ($rule\ exI[of\ -\ v1], rule, rule$)

```

fix n assume v2-adj: {n. adjacent v2 n} - {v1, v} = {} and n ∈ V and n
≠ v1
  have n ∈ {n. adjacent v1 n}
  proof (cases n=v)
    case True
      show ?thesis by (metis True adjacent-sym insertI1 mem-Collect-eq v1v2)
    next
      case False
        have n ∉ {n. adjacent v2 n} by (metis DiffI False ⟨n ≠ v1⟩ empty-iff
insert-iff v2-adj)
        thus ?thesis by (metis Un-iff ⟨n ∈ V⟩ v1v2-adj)
      qed
    thus adjacent v1 n by auto
  qed
moreover have {n. adjacent v1 n} - {v2, v} ≠ {} ⇒ {n. adjacent v2 n} - {v1, v} ≠ {}
⇒ False
proof -
  assume {n. adjacent v1 n} - {v2, v} ≠ {} {n. adjacent v2 n} - {v1, v} ≠
{}
  then obtain a b where a: a ∈ {n. adjacent v1 n} - {v2, v}
  and b: b ∈ {n. adjacent v2 n} - {v1, v}
  by auto
  have a=b ⇒ False
  proof -
    assume a=b
    have adjacent v1 a using a by auto
    moreover have adjacent a v2 using b ⟨a=b⟩ adjacent-sym by auto
    moreover have a≠v by (metis DiffD2 ⟨a = b⟩ b doubleton-eq-iff insertI1)
    moreover have adjacent v2 v
      by (metis (full-types) adjacent-sym inf-sup-aci(5) insertI1 insert-is-Un
mem-Collect-eq
v1v2)
    moreover have adjacent v v1 by (metis (full-types) insertI1 mem-Collect-eq
v1v2)
    ultimately show False using no-quad[OF friend-assm]
      using ⟨v1≠v2⟩ by auto
    qed
  moreover have a≠b ⇒ False
  proof -
    assume a≠b
    moreover have a ∈ V using a by (metis DiffD1 adjacent-V(2) mem-Collect-eq)
    moreover have b ∈ V using b by (metis DiffD1 adjacent-V(2) mem-Collect-eq)
    ultimately obtain c where adjacent a c adjacent b c
      using friend-assm[of a b] by auto
    hence c ∈ {n. adjacent v1 n} ∪ {n. adjacent v2 n}
      by (metis (full-types) adjacent-V(2) v1v2-adj)
    moreover have c ∈ {n. adjacent v1 n} ⇒ False
    proof -
      assume c ∈ {n. adjacent v1 n}

```

hence *adjacent v1 c* **by** *auto*
moreover have *adjacent c b* **by** (*metis* \langle *adjacent b c* \rangle *adjacent-sym*)
moreover have *adjacent b v2*
by (*metis* (*full-types*) *Diff-iff adjacent-sym b mem-Collect-eq*)
moreover have *adjacent v2 v1* **by** (*metis* \langle *adjacent v1 v2* \rangle *adjacent-sym*)
moreover have *c \neq v2*
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume \neg *c \neq v2*
hence *c=v2* **by** *auto*
hence *adjacent v2 a* **by** (*metis* \langle *adjacent a c* \rangle *adjacent-sym*)
moreover have *adjacent v2 v*
by (*metis* *adjacent-sym insert-iff mem-Collect-eq v1v2*)
moreover have *adjacent v1 v*
using *adjacent-sym v1v2* **by** *auto*
moreover have *adjacent v1 a* **by** (*metis* (*full-types*) *Diff-iff a*
mem-Collect-eq)
ultimately have *a=v* **using** *friend-assm*[*of v1 v2*]
by (*metis* \langle *v1 \neq v2* \rangle *adjacent-V(1)*)
thus *False* **using** *a* **by** *auto*
qed
moreover have *b \neq v1* **by** (*metis* *DiffD2 b insertI1*)
ultimately show *False* **using** *no-quad*[*OF friend-assm*] **by** *auto*
qed
moreover have *c \in {n. adjacent v2 n}* \implies *False*
proof –
assume *c \in {n. adjacent v2 n}*
hence *adjacent c v2* **by** (*metis* *adjacent-sym mem-Collect-eq*)
moreover have *adjacent a c* **using** \langle *adjacent a c* \rangle .
moreover have *adjacent v1 a* **by** (*metis* (*full-types*) *Diff-iff a*
mem-Collect-eq)
moreover have *adjacent v2 v1* **by** (*metis* \langle *adjacent v1 v2* \rangle *adjacent-sym*)
moreover have *c \neq v1*
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume \neg *c \neq v1*
hence *c=v1* **by** *auto*
hence *adjacent v1 b* **by** (*metis* \langle *adjacent b c* \rangle *adjacent-sym*)
moreover have *adjacent v2 v*
by (*metis* *adjacent-sym insert-iff mem-Collect-eq v1v2*)
moreover have *adjacent v1 v*
using *adjacent-sym v1v2* **by** *auto*
moreover have *adjacent v2 b* **by** (*metis* *Diff-iff b mem-Collect-eq*)
ultimately have *b=v* **using** *friend-assm*[*of v1 v2*]
by (*metis* \langle *v1 \neq v2* \rangle *adjacent-V(1)*)
thus *False* **using** *b* **by** *auto*
qed
moreover have *a \neq v2* **by** (*metis* *DiffD2 a insertI1*)
ultimately show *False* **using** *no-quad*[*OF friend-assm*] **by** *auto*
qed
ultimately show *False* **by** *auto*

```

      qed
    ultimately show False by auto
  qed
  ultimately show  $\exists v. \forall n \in V. n \neq v \longrightarrow \text{adjacent } v \ n$  by auto
next
assume  $\exists v. \forall n \in V. n \neq v \longrightarrow \text{adjacent } v \ n$ 
then obtain v where  $v: \forall n \in V. n \neq v \longrightarrow \text{adjacent } v \ n$  by auto
obtain v1 where  $v1 \in V \ v1 \neq v$ 
proof (cases  $v \in V$ )
  case False
  have  $V \neq \{\}$  using  $\langle 2 \leq \text{card } V \rangle$  by auto
  then obtain v1 where  $v1 \in V$  by auto
  thus ?thesis using False that[of v1] by auto
next
  case True
  then obtain S where  $V = \text{insert } v \ S \ v \notin S$ 
    using mk-disjoint-insert[OF True] by auto
  moreover have finite V using  $\langle 2 \leq \text{card } V \rangle$ 
    by (metis add-leE card-infinite not-one-le-zero numeral-Bit0 numeral-One)
  ultimately have  $1 \leq \text{card } S$ 
    using  $\langle 2 \leq \text{card } V \rangle \ \text{card.insert}[of \ S \ v] \ \text{finite-insert}[of \ v \ S]$  by auto
  hence  $S \neq \{\}$  by auto
  then obtain v1 where  $v1 \in S$  by auto
  hence  $v1 \neq v$  using  $\langle v \notin S \rangle$  by auto
  thus thesis using that[of v1]  $\langle v1 \in S \rangle \ \langle V = \text{insert } v \ S \rangle$  by auto
qed
hence  $v \in V$  using v by (metis adjacent-V(1))
then obtain v2 where adjacent v1 v2 adjacent v v2 using friend-assm[of v v1]

  by (metis  $\langle v1 \in V \rangle \ \langle v1 \neq v \rangle$ )
  have degree v1 G ≠ 2  $\implies$  False
  proof -
    assume degree v1 G ≠ 2
    hence  $\text{card } \{n. \text{adjacent } v1 \ n\} \neq 2$  by (metis assms(2) degree-adjacent)
    have  $\{v, v2\} \subseteq \{n. \text{adjacent } v1 \ n\}$ 
      by (metis  $\langle \text{adjacent } v1 \ v2 \rangle \ \langle v1 \in V \rangle \ \langle v1 \neq v \rangle \ \text{adjacent-sym} \ \text{bot-least}$ 
insert-subset
      mem-Collect-eq v)
    moreover have  $v \neq v2$  using  $\langle \text{adjacent } v \ v2 \rangle \ \text{adjacent-no-loop}$  by auto
    hence  $\text{card } \{v, v2\} = 2$  by auto
    ultimately have  $\text{card } \{n. \text{adjacent } v1 \ n\} \geq 2$ 
      using adjacent-finite[OF  $\langle \text{finite } E \rangle$ , of v1] by (metis card-mono)
    hence  $\text{card } \{n. \text{adjacent } v1 \ n\} \geq 3$  using  $\langle \text{card } \{n. \text{adjacent } v1 \ n\} \neq 2 \rangle$  by
auto
  then obtain v3 where  $v3 \in \{n. \text{adjacent } v1 \ n\}$  and  $v3 \notin \{v, v2\}$ 
    using  $\langle \{v, v2\} \subseteq \{n. \text{adjacent } v1 \ n\} \rangle \ \langle \text{card } \{v, v2\} = 2 \rangle$ 
    by (metis  $\langle \text{card } \{n. \text{adjacent } v1 \ n\} \neq 2 \rangle \ \text{subsetI} \ \text{subset-antisym}$ )
  hence adjacent v1 v3 by auto
  moreover have adjacent v3 v using v

```

by (metis $\langle v3 \notin \{v, v2\} \rangle$ adjacent-V(2) adjacent-sym calculation insertCI)
 moreover have adjacent v v2 using \langle adjacent v v2 \rangle .
 moreover have adjacent v2 v1 using \langle adjacent v1 v2 \rangle adjacent-sym by auto
 moreover have $v1 \neq v$ using $\langle v1 \neq v \rangle$.
 moreover have $v3 \neq v2$ by (metis $\langle v3 \notin \{v, v2\} \rangle$ insert-subset subset-insertI)
 ultimately show False using no-quad[OF friend-assm] by auto
 qed
 thus $\exists v \in V. \text{degree } v \ G = 2$ using $\langle v1 \in V \rangle$ by auto
 qed

lemma (in valid-unSimpGraph) regular:

assumes friend-assm: $\bigwedge v \ u. v \in V \implies u \in V \implies v \neq u \implies \exists! n. \text{adjacent } v \ n \ \wedge$
 adjacent u n

and finite E and finite V and $\neg(\exists v \in V. \text{degree } v \ G = 2)$

shows $\exists k. \forall v \in V. \text{degree } v \ G = k$

proof –

{ fix v u assume non-adj v u

obtain v-adj where $v\text{-adj}:v\text{-adj}=\{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\}$ by auto

obtain u-adj where $u\text{-adj}:u\text{-adj}=\{n. \text{adjacent } u \ n\}$ by auto

obtain f where $f:f = (\lambda n. (\text{SOME } v'. n \in V \longrightarrow n \neq u \longrightarrow \text{adjacent } n \ v' \ \wedge$
 adjacent u v')) by auto

have $\bigwedge n. n \in V \longrightarrow n \neq u \longrightarrow (\exists v'. \text{adjacent } n \ v' \ \wedge \text{adjacent } u \ v')$

proof (rule,rule)

fix n assume $n \in V \ n \neq u$

hence $\exists! v'. \text{adjacent } n \ v' \ \wedge \text{adjacent } u \ v'$

using friend-assm[of n u] \langle non-adj v u \rangle unfolding non-adj-def by auto

thus $\exists v'. \text{adjacent } n \ v' \ \wedge \text{adjacent } u \ v'$ by auto

qed

hence f-ex: $\bigwedge n. (\exists v'. n \in V \longrightarrow n \neq u \longrightarrow \text{adjacent } n \ v' \ \wedge \text{adjacent } u \ v')$ by
 auto

obtain v-adj-u where $v\text{-adj}:u\text{-adj}=\{f \ v\text{-adj}\}$ by auto

have finite u-adj using u-adj adjacent-finite[OF \langle finite E \rangle] by auto

have finite v-adj using v-adj adjacent-finite[OF \langle finite E \rangle] by auto

hence finite v-adj-u using v-adj-u adjacent-finite[OF \langle finite E \rangle] by auto

have inj-on f v-adj unfolding inj-on-def

proof (rule ccontr)

assume $\neg(\forall x \in v\text{-adj}. \forall y \in v\text{-adj}. f \ x = f \ y \longrightarrow x = y)$

then obtain x y where $x \in v\text{-adj} \ y \in v\text{-adj} \ f \ x = f \ y \ x \neq y$ by auto

have $x \in V$ by (metis $\langle x \in v\text{-adj} \rangle$ adjacent-V(2) mem-Collect-eq v-adj)

moreover have $x \neq u$ by (metis \langle non-adj v u \rangle $\langle x \in v\text{-adj} \rangle$ mem-Collect-eq
 non-adj-def v-adj)

ultimately have adjacent (f x) u and adjacent x (f x)

using someI-ex[OF f-ex[of x]] adjacent-sym by (metis f)+

hence $f \ x \neq v$ by (metis \langle non-adj v u \rangle non-adj-def)

have $y \in V$ by (metis $\langle y \in v\text{-adj} \rangle$ adjacent-V(2) mem-Collect-eq v-adj)

moreover have $y \neq u$ by (metis \langle non-adj v u \rangle $\langle y \in v\text{-adj} \rangle$ mem-Collect-eq
 non-adj-def v-adj)

ultimately have adjacent y (f y) using someI-ex[OF f-ex[of y]] by (metis
 f)

hence $x \neq y \wedge v \neq f x \wedge \text{adjacent } v x \wedge \text{adjacent } x (f x) \wedge \text{adjacent } (f x)$
 y
 $\wedge \text{adjacent } y v$
using $\langle x \in v\text{-adj} \rangle \langle y \in v\text{-adj} \rangle \langle f x = f y \rangle \langle x \neq y \rangle \langle \text{adjacent } x (f x) \rangle v\text{-adj}$
 $\text{adjacent-sym } \langle f x \neq v \rangle$
by auto
thus *False* **using** *no-quad*[*OF friend-assm*] **by auto**
qed
then have $\text{card } v\text{-adj} = \text{card } v\text{-adj-}u$ **by** (*metis card-image v-adj-u*)
moreover have $v\text{-adj-}u \subseteq u\text{-adj}$
proof
fix x **assume** $x \in v\text{-adj-}u$
then obtain y **where** $y \in v\text{-adj}$
and $x = (\text{SOME } v'. y \in V \longrightarrow y \neq u \longrightarrow \text{adjacent } y v' \wedge \text{adjacent } u v')$
using *f image-def v-adj-u* **by auto**
hence $y \in V \longrightarrow y \neq u \longrightarrow \text{adjacent } y x \wedge \text{adjacent } u x$ **using** *someI-ex*[*OF*
 $f\text{-ex}$ [*of y*]]
by auto
moreover have $y \in V$ **by** (*metis* $\langle y \in v\text{-adj} \rangle$ *adjacent-V*(2) *mem-Collect-eq*
 $v\text{-adj}$)
moreover have $y \neq u$ **by** (*metis* $\langle \text{non-adj } v u \rangle \langle y \in v\text{-adj} \rangle$ *mem-Collect-eq*
 $\text{non-adj-def } v\text{-adj}$)
ultimately have $\text{adjacent } u x$ **by auto**
thus $x \in u\text{-adj}$ **unfolding** $u\text{-adj}$ **by auto**
qed
moreover have $\text{card } v\text{-adj} = \text{degree } v G$ **using** *degree-adjacent*[*OF* $\langle \text{finite } E \rangle$,
 $\text{of } v$] $v\text{-adj}$ **by auto**
moreover have $\text{card } u\text{-adj} = \text{degree } u G$ **using** *degree-adjacent*[*OF* $\langle \text{finite } E \rangle$,
 $\text{of } u$] $u\text{-adj}$ **by auto**
ultimately have $\text{degree } v G \leq \text{degree } u G$ **using** $\langle \text{finite } u\text{-adj} \rangle$
by (*metis* $\langle \text{inj-on } f v\text{-adj} \rangle$ *card-inj-on-le v-adj-u*) }
hence $\text{non-adj-degree} : \bigwedge v u. \text{non-adj } v u \implies \text{degree } v G = \text{degree } u G$
by (*metis adjacent-sym antisym non-adj-def*)
have $\text{card } V = 3 \implies ?\text{thesis}$
proof
assume $\text{card } V = 3$
then obtain $v1 v2 v3$ **where** $V = \{v1, v2, v3\}$ $v1 \neq v2$ $v2 \neq v3$ $v1 \neq v3$
proof –
obtain $v1 S1$ **where** $VS1 : V = \text{insert } v1 S1$ **and** $v1 \notin S1$ **and** $\text{card } S1$
 $= 2$
using *card-Suc-eq*[*of V 2*] $\langle \text{card } V = 3 \rangle$ **by auto**
then obtain $v2 S2$ **where** $S1S2 : S1 = \text{insert } v2 S2$ **and** $v2 \notin S2$ **and**
 $\text{card } S2 = 1$
using *card-Suc-eq*[*of S1 1*] **by auto**
then obtain $v3$ **where** $S2 = \{v3\}$
using *card-Suc-eq*[*of S2 0*] **by auto**
hence $V = \{v1, v2, v3\}$ **using** $VS1 S1S2$ **by auto**
moreover have $v1 \neq v2$ $v2 \neq v3$ $v1 \neq v3$ **using** $VS1 S1S2$ $\langle v1 \notin S1 \rangle \langle v2 \notin S2 \rangle$
 $\langle S2 = \{v3\} \rangle$ **by auto**

ultimately show *?thesis* using that by auto
 qed
 obtain n where adjacent $v1$ n adjacent $v2$ n
 using friend-asm[of $v1$ $v2$] by (metis $\langle V = \{v1, v2, v3\} \rangle \langle v1 \neq v2 \rangle$ insertI1
 insertI2)
 moreover hence $n=v3$
 using $\langle V = \{v1, v2, v3\} \rangle$ adjacent- $V(2)$ adjacent-no-loop
 by (metis (mono-tags) empty-iff insertE)
 moreover obtain n' where adjacent $v2$ n' adjacent $v3$ n'
 using friend-asm[of $v2$ $v3$] by (metis $\langle V = \{v1, v2, v3\} \rangle \langle v2 \neq v3 \rangle$ insertI1
 insertI2)
 moreover hence $n'=v1$
 using $\langle V = \{v1, v2, v3\} \rangle$ adjacent- $V(2)$ adjacent-no-loop
 by (metis (mono-tags) empty-iff insertE)
 ultimately have adjacent $v1$ $v2$ and adjacent $v2$ $v3$ and adjacent $v3$ $v1$
 using adjacent-sym by auto
 have degree $v1$ $G=2$
 proof –
 have $v2 \in \{n. \text{adjacent } v1 \ n\}$ and $v3 \in \{n. \text{adjacent } v1 \ n\}$ and $v1 \notin \{n. \text{adjacent } v1 \ n\}$
 using $\langle \text{adjacent } v1 \ v2 \rangle \langle \text{adjacent } v3 \ v1 \rangle$ adjacent-sym
 by (auto,metis adjacent-no-loop)
 hence $\{n. \text{adjacent } v1 \ n\} = \{v2, v3\}$ using $\langle V = \{v1, v2, v3\} \rangle$ by auto
 thus *?thesis* using degree-adjacent[OF $\langle \text{finite } E \rangle$, of $v1$] $\langle v2 \neq v3 \rangle$ by auto
 qed
 moreover have degree $v2$ $G=2$
 proof –
 have $v1 \in \{n. \text{adjacent } v2 \ n\}$ and $v3 \in \{n. \text{adjacent } v2 \ n\}$ and $v2 \notin \{n. \text{adjacent } v2 \ n\}$
 using $\langle \text{adjacent } v1 \ v2 \rangle \langle \text{adjacent } v2 \ v3 \rangle$ adjacent-sym
 by (auto,metis adjacent-no-loop)
 hence $\{n. \text{adjacent } v2 \ n\} = \{v1, v3\}$ using $\langle V = \{v1, v2, v3\} \rangle$ by force
 thus *?thesis* using degree-adjacent[OF $\langle \text{finite } E \rangle$, of $v2$] $\langle v1 \neq v3 \rangle$ by auto
 qed
 moreover have degree $v3$ $G=2$
 proof –
 have $v1 \in \{n. \text{adjacent } v3 \ n\}$ and $v2 \in \{n. \text{adjacent } v3 \ n\}$ and $v3 \notin \{n. \text{adjacent } v3 \ n\}$
 using $\langle \text{adjacent } v3 \ v1 \rangle \langle \text{adjacent } v2 \ v3 \rangle$ adjacent-sym
 by (auto,metis adjacent-no-loop)
 hence $\{n. \text{adjacent } v3 \ n\} = \{v1, v2\}$ using $\langle V = \{v1, v2, v3\} \rangle$ by force
 thus *?thesis* using degree-adjacent[OF $\langle \text{finite } E \rangle$, of $v3$] $\langle v1 \neq v2 \rangle$ by auto
 qed
 ultimately show $\forall v \in V. \text{degree } v \ G = 2$ using $\langle V = \{v1, v2, v3\} \rangle$ by auto
 qed
 moreover have card $V=2 \implies \text{False}$
 proof –
 assume card $V=2$

obtain $v1\ v2$ **where** $V=\{v1,v2\}$ $v1\neq v2$
proof –
obtain $v1\ S1$ **where** $VS1:V = insert\ v1\ S1$ **and** $v1 \notin S1$ **and** $card\ S1$
 $= 1$
using $card-Suc-eq[of\ V\ 1]$ $\langle card\ V=2 \rangle$ **by** *auto*
then obtain $v2$ **where** $S1=\{v2\}$
using $card-Suc-eq[of\ S1\ 0]$ **by** *auto*
hence $V=\{v1,v2\}$ **using** $VS1$ **by** *auto*
moreover have $v1\neq v2$ **using** $\langle v1 \notin S1 \rangle$ $\langle S1=\{v2\} \rangle$ **by** *auto*
ultimately show *?thesis* **using** *that* **by** *auto*
qed
then obtain $v3$ **where** $adjacent\ v1\ v3\ adjacent\ v2\ v3$
using $friend-assm[of\ v1\ v2]$ **by** *auto*
hence $v3\neq v2$ **and** $v3\neq v1$ **by** $(metis\ adjacent-no-loop)+$
hence $v3 \notin V$ **using** $\langle V=\{v1,v2\} \rangle$ **by** *auto*
thus *False* **using** $\langle adjacent\ v1\ v3 \rangle$ **by** $(metis\ (full-types)\ adjacent-V(2))$
qed
moreover have $card\ V=1 \implies ?thesis$
proof
assume $card\ V=1$
then obtain $v1$ **where** $V=\{v1\}$ **using** $card-eq-SucD[of\ V\ 0]$ **by** *auto*
have $E=\{\}$
proof $(rule\ ccontr)$
assume $E\neq\{\}$
then obtain $x1\ x2\ x3$ **where** $x:(x1,x2,x3)\in E$ **by** *auto*
hence $x1=v1$ **and** $x3=v1$ **using** $\langle V=\{v1\} \rangle$ $E-validD$ **by** *auto*
thus *False* **using** $no-id\ x$ **by** *auto*
qed
hence $degree\ v1\ G=0$ **unfolding** $degree-def$ **by** *auto*
thus $\forall v\in V. degree\ v\ G = 0$ **using** $\langle V=\{v1\} \rangle$ **by** *auto*
qed
moreover have $card\ V=0 \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $card\ V=0$
hence $V=\{\}$ **using** $\langle finite\ V \rangle$ **by** *auto*
thus *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed
moreover have $card\ V \geq 4 \implies \neg(\exists v\ u. non-adj\ v\ u) \implies False$
proof –
assume $\neg(\exists v\ u. non-adj\ v\ u)$ $card\ V \geq 4$
hence $non-non-adj:\bigwedge v\ u. v \notin V \vee u \notin V \vee v=u \vee adjacent\ v\ u$ **unfolding**
 $non-adj-def$ **by** *auto*
obtain $v1\ v2\ v3\ v4$ **where** $v1\in V\ v2\in V\ v3\in V\ v4\in V$ $v1\neq v2\ v1\neq v3\ v1\neq v4$
 $v2\neq v3\ v2\neq v4\ v3\neq v4$
proof –
obtain $v1\ B1$ **where** $V = insert\ v1\ B1$ $v1 \notin B1$ $card\ B1 \geq 3$
using $\langle card\ V \geq 4 \rangle$ $card-le-Suc-iff[of\ 3\ V]$ **by** *auto*
then obtain $v2\ B2$ **where** $B1 = insert\ v2\ B2$ $v2 \notin B2$ $card\ B2 \geq 2$
using $card-le-Suc-iff[of\ 2\ B1]$ **by** *auto*

then obtain $v_3 \in B_3$ **where** $B_2 = \text{insert } v_3 \ B_3 \ v_3 \notin B_3 \ \text{card } B_3 \geq 1$
using *card-le-Suc-iff*[of 1 B_2] **by** *auto*
then obtain $v_4 \in B_4$ **where** $B_3 = \text{insert } v_4 \ B_4 \ v_4 \notin B_4$
using *card-le-Suc-iff*[of 0 B_3] **by** *auto*
have $v_1 \in V$ **by** (*metis* $\langle V = \text{insert } v_1 \ B_1 \rangle \ \text{insert-subset} \ \text{order-refl}$)
moreover have $v_2 \in V$
by (*metis* $\langle B_1 = \text{insert } v_2 \ B_2 \rangle \ \langle V = \text{insert } v_1 \ B_1 \rangle \ \text{insert-subset} \ \text{subset-insertI}$)
moreover have $v_3 \in V$
by (*metis* $\langle B_1 = \text{insert } v_2 \ B_2 \rangle \ \langle B_2 = \text{insert } v_3 \ B_3 \rangle \ \langle V = \text{insert } v_1 \ B_1 \rangle \ \text{insert-iff}$)
moreover have $v_4 \in V$
by (*metis* $\langle B_1 = \text{insert } v_2 \ B_2 \rangle \ \langle B_2 = \text{insert } v_3 \ B_3 \rangle \ \langle B_3 = \text{insert } v_4 \ B_4 \rangle \ \langle V = \text{insert } v_1 \ B_1 \rangle \ \text{insert-iff}$)
moreover have $v_1 \neq v_2$
by (*metis* (*full-types*) $\langle B_1 = \text{insert } v_2 \ B_2 \rangle \ \langle v_1 \notin B_1 \rangle \ \text{insertI1}$)
moreover have $v_1 \neq v_3$
by (*metis* $\langle B_1 = \text{insert } v_2 \ B_2 \rangle \ \langle B_2 = \text{insert } v_3 \ B_3 \rangle \ \langle v_1 \notin B_1 \rangle \ \text{insert-iff}$)
moreover have $v_1 \neq v_4$
by (*metis* $\langle B_1 = \text{insert } v_2 \ B_2 \rangle \ \langle B_2 = \text{insert } v_3 \ B_3 \rangle \ \langle B_3 = \text{insert } v_4 \ B_4 \rangle \ \langle v_1 \notin B_1 \rangle \ \text{insert-iff}$)
moreover have $v_2 \neq v_3$
by (*metis* (*full-types*) $\langle B_2 = \text{insert } v_3 \ B_3 \rangle \ \langle v_2 \notin B_2 \rangle \ \text{insertI1}$)
moreover have $v_2 \neq v_4$
by (*metis* $\langle B_2 = \text{insert } v_3 \ B_3 \rangle \ \langle B_3 = \text{insert } v_4 \ B_4 \rangle \ \langle v_2 \notin B_2 \rangle \ \text{insert-iff}$)
moreover have $v_3 \neq v_4$
by (*metis* (*full-types*) $\langle B_3 = \text{insert } v_4 \ B_4 \rangle \ \langle v_3 \notin B_3 \rangle \ \text{insertI1}$)
ultimately show *?thesis* **using** *that* **by** *auto*
qed
hence *adjacent* $v_1 \ v_2$ **using** *non-non-adj* **by** *auto*
moreover have *adjacent* $v_2 \ v_3$ **using** *non-non-adj* **by** (*metis* $\langle v_2 \in V \rangle \ \langle v_2 \neq v_3 \rangle \ \langle v_3 \in V \rangle$)
moreover have *adjacent* $v_3 \ v_4$ **using** *non-non-adj* **by** (*metis* $\langle v_3 \in V \rangle \ \langle v_3 \neq v_4 \rangle \ \langle v_4 \in V \rangle$)
moreover have *adjacent* $v_4 \ v_1$ **using** *non-non-adj* **by** (*metis* $\langle v_1 \in V \rangle \ \langle v_1 \neq v_4 \rangle \ \langle v_4 \in V \rangle$)
ultimately show *False* **using** *no-quad*[*OF friend-asm*]
by (*metis* $\langle v_1 \neq v_3 \rangle \ \langle v_2 \neq v_4 \rangle$)
qed
moreover have $\text{card } V \geq 4 \implies (\exists v \ u. \ \text{non-adj } v \ u) \implies \text{?thesis}$
proof –
assume $(\exists v \ u. \ \text{non-adj } v \ u) \ \text{card } V \geq 4$
then obtain $v \ u$ **where** *non-adj* $v \ u$ **by** *auto*
then obtain w **where** *adjacent* $v \ w$ **and** *adjacent* $u \ w$
and *unique*: $\forall n. \ \text{adjacent } v \ n \ \wedge \ \text{adjacent } u \ n \ \longrightarrow \ n = w$
using *friend-asm*[of $v \ u$] **unfolding** *non-adj-def* **by** *auto*
have $\forall n \in V. \ \text{degree } n \ G = \text{degree } v \ G$
proof

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fix  $n$  assume  $n \in V$ 
moreover have  $n=v \implies \text{degree } n \ G = \text{degree } v \ G$  by auto
moreover have  $n=u \implies \text{degree } n \ G = \text{degree } v \ G$ 
  using non-adj-degree  $\langle \text{non-adj } v \ u \rangle$  by auto
moreover have  $n \neq v \implies n \neq u \implies n \neq w \implies \text{degree } n \ G = \text{degree } v \ G$ 
proof –
  assume  $n \neq v \ n \neq u \ n \neq w$ 
  have non-adj  $v \ n \implies \text{degree } n \ G = \text{degree } v \ G$  by (metis non-adj-degree)
  moreover have non-adj  $u \ n \implies \text{degree } n \ G = \text{degree } v \ G$ 
    by (metis  $\langle \text{non-adj } v \ u \rangle$  non-adj-degree)
  moreover have  $\neg \text{non-adj } u \ n \implies \neg \text{non-adj } v \ n \implies \text{degree } n \ G =$ 
degree } v \ G
    by (metis  $\langle n \in V \rangle \langle n \neq w \rangle \langle \text{non-adj } v \ u \rangle$  non-adj-def unique)
  ultimately show  $\text{degree } n \ G = \text{degree } v \ G$  by auto
qed
moreover have  $n=w \implies \text{degree } n \ G = \text{degree } v \ G$ 
proof –
  assume  $n=w$ 
  moreover have  $\neg(\exists v. \forall n \in V. n \neq v \longrightarrow \text{adjacent } v \ n)$ 
  using  $\langle \text{card } V \geq 4 \rangle$  degree-two-windmill assms(2) assms(4) friend-asm
    by auto
  ultimately obtain  $w1$  where  $w1 \in V \ w1 \neq w \ \text{non-adj } w \ w1$ 
    by (metis  $\langle n \in V \rangle$  non-adj-def)
  have  $w1=v \implies \text{degree } n \ G = \text{degree } v \ G$ 
    by (metis  $\langle n = w \rangle \langle \text{non-adj } w \ w1 \rangle$  non-adj-degree)
  moreover have  $w1=u \implies \text{degree } n \ G = \text{degree } v \ G$ 
    by (metis  $\langle \text{adjacent } u \ w \rangle \langle \text{non-adj } w \ w1 \rangle$  adjacent-sym non-adj-def)
  moreover have  $w1 \neq u \implies w1 \neq v \implies \text{degree } n \ G = \text{degree } v \ G$ 
    by (metis  $\langle n = w \rangle \langle \text{non-adj } v \ u \rangle \langle \text{non-adj } w \ w1 \rangle$  non-adj-def
non-adj-degree unique)
  ultimately show  $\text{degree } n \ G = \text{degree } v \ G$  by auto
qed
  ultimately show  $\text{degree } n \ G = \text{degree } v \ G$  by auto
qed
thus ?thesis by auto
qed
ultimately show ?thesis by force
qed

```

11 Exclusive steps for combinatorial proofs

```

fun (in valid-unSimpGraph) adj-path:: ' $v \Rightarrow 'v \ \text{list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  where
  adj-path  $v \ [] = (v \in V)$ 
  | adj-path  $v \ (u \ # \ us) = (\text{adjacent } v \ u \ \wedge \ \text{adj-path } u \ us)$ 

```

```

lemma (in valid-unSimpGraph) adj-path-butlast:
  adj-path  $v \ ps \implies \text{adj-path } v \ (\text{butlast } ps)$ 
by (induct ps arbitrary: v, auto)

```

lemma (in *valid-unSimpGraph*) *adj-path-V*:
 $adj\text{-}path\ v\ ps \implies set\ ps \subseteq V$
by (*induct ps arbitrary:v, auto*)

lemma (in *valid-unSimpGraph*) *adj-path-V'*:
 $adj\text{-}path\ v\ ps \implies v \in V$
by (*induct ps arbitrary:v, auto*)

lemma (in *valid-unSimpGraph*) *adj-path-app*:
 $adj\text{-}path\ v\ ps \implies ps \neq [] \implies adjacent\ (last\ ps)\ u \implies adj\text{-}path\ v\ (ps@[u])$
proof (*induct ps arbitrary:v*)
case *Nil*
thus *?case* **by** *auto*
next
case (*Cons x xs*)
thus *?case* **by** (*cases xs, auto*)
qed

lemma (in *valid-unSimpGraph*) *adj-path-app'*:
 $adj\text{-}path\ v\ (ps\ @\ [q]) \implies ps \neq [] \implies adjacent\ (last\ ps)\ q$
proof (*induct ps arbitrary:v*)
case *Nil*
thus *?case* **by** *auto*
next
case (*Cons x xs*)
thus *?case* **by** (*cases xs, auto*)
qed

lemma *card-partition'*:
assumes $\forall v \in A. card\ \{n. R\ v\ n\} = k\ k > 0\ finite\ A$
 $\forall v1\ v2. v1 \neq v2 \implies \{n. R\ v1\ n\} \cap \{n. R\ v2\ n\} = \{\}$
shows $card\ (\bigcup v \in A. \{n. R\ v\ n\}) = k * card\ A$
proof –
have $\bigwedge C. C \in (\lambda x. \{n. R\ x\ n\})\ 'A \implies card\ C = k$
proof –
fix *C* **assume** $C \in (\lambda x. \{n. R\ x\ n\})\ 'A$
show $card\ C = k$ **by** (*metis (mono-tags) <C ∈ (λx. {n. R x n}) 'A> assms(1) imageE*)
qed
moreover **have** $\bigwedge C1\ C2. C1 \in (\lambda x. \{n. R\ x\ n\})\ 'A \implies C2 \in (\lambda x. \{n. R\ x\ n\})\ 'A \implies C1 \neq C2 \implies C1 \cap C2 = \{\}$
proof –
fix *C1 C2* **assume** $C1 \in (\lambda x. \{n. R\ x\ n\})\ 'A\ C2 \in (\lambda x. \{n. R\ x\ n\})\ 'A\ C1 \neq C2$
obtain *v1* **where** $v1 \in A\ C1 = \{n. R\ v1\ n\}$ **by** (*metis <C1 ∈ (λx. {n. R x n}) 'A> imageE*)
obtain *v2* **where** $v2 \in A\ C2 = \{n. R\ v2\ n\}$ **by** (*metis <C2 ∈ (λx. {n. R x n})*

‘ A *imageE*)
have $v1 \neq v2$ **by** (*metis* $\langle C1 = \{n. R v1 n\} \langle C1 \neq C2 \rangle \langle C2 = \{n. R v2 n\} \rangle$)
thus $C1 \cap C2 = \{\}$ **by** (*metis* $\langle C1 = \{n. R v1 n\} \langle C2 = \{n. R v2 n\} \rangle$)
assms(4)
qed
moreover have $\bigcup ((\lambda x. \{n. R x n\}) \text{ ‘ } A) = (\bigcup x \in A. \{n. R x n\})$ **by** *auto*
moreover have *finite* $((\lambda x. \{n. R x n\}) \text{ ‘ } A)$ **by** (*metis* *assms(3)* *finite-imageI*)
moreover have *finite* $(\bigcup ((\lambda x. \{n. R x n\}) \text{ ‘ } A))$ **by** (*metis* (*full-types*) *assms(1)*)

assms(2) *assms(3)* *card-eq-0-iff finite-UN-I less-nat-zero-code*)
moreover have $\text{card } A = \text{card } ((\lambda x. \{n. R x n\}) \text{ ‘ } A)$
proof –
have *inj-on* $(\lambda x. \{n. R x n\}) A$ **unfolding** *inj-on-def*
using $\langle \forall v1 v2. v1 \neq v2 \longrightarrow \{n. R v1 n\} \cap \{n. R v2 n\} = \{\} \rangle$
by (*metis* *assms(1)* *assms(2)* *card-empty inf.idem less-le*)
thus *?thesis* **by** (*metis* *card-image*)
qed
ultimately show *?thesis* **using** *card-partition*[*of* $(\lambda x. \{n. R x n\}) \text{ ‘ } A$] **by** *auto*
qed

lemma (*in* *valid-unSimpGraph*) *path-count*:
assumes $k\text{-adj} : \bigwedge v. v \in V \implies \text{card } \{n. \text{adjacent } v n\} = k$ **and** $v \in V$ **and** *finite* V **and** $k > 0$
shows $\text{card } \{ps. \text{length } ps = l \wedge \text{adj-path } v ps\} = k^l$
proof (*induct l rule:nat.induct*)
case *zero*
have $\{ps. \text{length } ps = 0 \wedge \text{adj-path } v ps\} = \{\}\}$ **using** $\langle v \in V \rangle$ **by** *auto*
thus *?case* **by** *auto*
next
case (*Suc n*)
obtain *ext* **where** *ext*: $\text{ext} = (\lambda ps ps'. ps' \neq [] \wedge (\text{butlast } ps' = ps) \wedge \text{adj-path } v ps')$
by *auto*
have $\forall ps \in \{ps. \text{length } ps = n \wedge \text{adj-path } v ps\}. \text{card } \{ps'. \text{ext } ps ps'\} = k$
proof
fix *ps* **assume** $ps \in \{ps. \text{length } ps = n \wedge \text{adj-path } v ps\}$
hence *adj-path* $v ps$ **and** $\text{length } ps = n$ **by** *auto*
obtain *qs* **where** $qs : qs = \{n. \text{if } ps = [] \text{ then } \text{adjacent } v n \text{ else } \text{adjacent } (\text{last } ps) n\}$ **by** *auto*
hence $\text{card } qs = k$
proof (*cases* $ps = []$)
case *True*
thus *?thesis* **using** qs *k-adj*[*OF* $\langle v \in V \rangle$] **by** *auto*
next
case *False*
have $\text{last } ps \in V$ **using** *adj-path-V* **by** (*metis* *False* $\langle \text{adj-path } v ps \rangle$)
last-in-set subsetD)
thus *?thesis* **using** *k-adj*[*of last ps*] *False qs* **by** *auto*
qed
obtain *app* **where** $\text{app} : \text{app} = (\lambda q. ps @ [q])$ **by** *auto*

```

have app ' qs = {ps'. ext ps ps'}
proof -
  have  $\bigwedge xs. xs \in \text{app ' qs} \implies xs \in \{ps'. \text{ext ps ps}'\}$ 
  proof (rule, cases ps=[])
    case True
      fix xs assume xs  $\in$  app ' qs
      then obtain q where q  $\in$  qs app q=xs by (metis imageE)
      hence adjacent v q and xs=ps@[q] using qs app True by auto
      hence adj-path v xs
        by (metis True adj-path.simps(1) adj-path.simps(2) adjacent-V(2))
    case False
      fix xs assume xs  $\in$  app ' qs
      then obtain q where q  $\in$  qs app q=xs by (metis imageE)
      hence adjacent (last ps) q using qs app False by auto
      hence adj-path v (ps@[q]) using  $\langle \text{adj-path v ps} \rangle$  False adj-path-app by
append-Nil)
      moreover have butlast xs = ps using  $\langle xs=ps@[q] \rangle$  by auto
      ultimately show ext ps xs using ext  $\langle xs=ps@[q] \rangle$  by auto
  next
    case False
      fix xs assume xs  $\in$  app ' qs
      then obtain q where q  $\in$  qs app q=xs by (metis imageE)
      hence adjacent (last ps) q using qs app False by auto
      hence adj-path v (ps@[q]) using  $\langle \text{adj-path v ps} \rangle$  False adj-path-app by
auto)
      hence adj-path v xs by (metis  $\langle \text{app q = xs} \rangle$  app)
      moreover have butlast xs=ps by (metis  $\langle \text{app q = xs} \rangle$  app butlast-snoc)
      ultimately show ext ps xs by (metis False butlast.simps(1) ext)
  qed
moreover have  $\bigwedge xs. xs \in \{ps'. \text{ext ps ps}'\} \implies xs \in \text{app ' qs}$ 
proof (cases ps=[])
  case True
    hence qs = {n. adjacent v n} using qs by auto
    fix xs assume xs  $\in$  {ps'. ext ps ps'}
    hence xs  $\neq$  [] and (butlast xs=ps) and adj-path v xs using ext by auto
    thus xs  $\in$  app ' qs
      using True app  $\langle qs = \{n. \text{adjacent v n}\} \rangle$ 
      by (metis adj-path.simps(2) append-butlast-last-id append-self-conv2)
  case False
    hence mem-Collect-eq
  next
    case False
      fix xs assume xs  $\in$  {ps'. ext ps ps'}
      hence xs  $\neq$  [] and (butlast xs=ps) and adj-path v xs using ext by auto
      then obtain q where xs=ps@[q] by (metis append-butlast-last-id)
      hence adjacent (last ps) q using  $\langle \text{adj-path v xs} \rangle$  False adj-path-app' by
auto)
      thus xs  $\in$  app ' qs using qs
        by (metis (lifting, full-types) False  $\langle xs = ps @ [q] \rangle$  app imageI)
  mem-Collect-eq)
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
moreover have inj-on app qs using app unfolding inj-on-def by auto

```

ultimately show $\text{card } \{ps'. \text{ext } ps \text{ } ps'\} = k$ **by** (*metis* $\langle \text{card } qs = k \rangle$ *card-image*)
qed
moreover have $\forall ps1 \ ps2. \ ps1 \neq ps2 \longrightarrow \{n. \text{ext } ps1 \ n\} \cap \{n. \text{ext } ps2 \ n\} = \{\}$
using *ext* **by** *auto*
moreover have $\text{finite } \{ps. \text{length } ps = n \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps\}$
using *Suc.hyps* *assms* **by** (*auto* *intro: card-ge-0-finite*)
ultimately have $\text{card } (\bigcup v \in \{ps. \text{length } ps = n \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps\}. \{n. \text{ext } v \ n\})$
 $= k * \text{card } \{ps. \text{length } ps = n \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps\}$
using *card-partition'* [of $\{ps. \text{length } ps = n \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps\}$ *ext* k] $\langle k > 0 \rangle$ **by**
auto
moreover have $\{ps. \text{length } ps = n + 1 \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps\}$
 $= (\bigcup ps \in \{ps. \text{length } ps = n \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps\}. \{ps'. \text{ext } ps \ ps'\})$
proof –
have $\bigwedge xs. \ xs \in \{ps. \text{length } ps = n + 1 \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps\} \implies$
 $xs \in (\bigcup ps \in \{ps. \text{length } ps = n \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps\}. \{ps'. \text{ext } ps \ ps'\})$
proof –
fix xs **assume** $xs \in \{ps. \text{length } ps = n + 1 \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps\}$
hence $\text{length } xs = n + 1$ **and** $\text{adj-path } v \ xs$ **by** *auto*
hence $\text{butlast } xs \in \{ps. \text{length } ps = n \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps\}$
using *adj-path-butlast* *length-butlast* *mem-Collect-eq* **by** *auto*
thus $xs \in (\bigcup ps \in \{ps. \text{length } ps = n \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps\}. \{ps'. \text{ext } ps \ ps'\})$
using $\langle \text{adj-path } v \ xs \rangle$ $\langle \text{length } xs = n + 1 \rangle$ *UN-iff* *ext* *length-greater-0-conv*

 mem-Collect-eq
by *auto*
qed
moreover have $\bigwedge xs. \ xs \in (\bigcup ps \in \{ps. \text{length } ps = n \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps\}. \{ps'. \text{ext } ps \ ps'\}) \implies$
 $xs \in \{ps. \text{length } ps = n + 1 \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps\}$
proof –
fix xs **assume** $xs \in (\bigcup ps \in \{ps. \text{length } ps = n \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps\}. \{ps'. \text{ext } ps \ ps'\})$
then obtain ys **where** $\text{length } ys = n$ $\text{adj-path } v \ ys$ $\text{ext } ys \ xs$ **by** *auto*
hence $\text{length } xs = n + 1$ **using** *ext* **by** *auto*
thus $xs \in \{ps. \text{length } ps = n + 1 \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps\}$
by (*metis* (*lifting*, *full-types*) $\langle \text{ext } ys \ xs \rangle$ *ext* *mem-Collect-eq*)
qed
ultimately show *?thesis* **by** *fast*
qed
ultimately show $\text{card } \{ps. \text{length } ps = (\text{Suc } n) \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps\} = k \wedge (\text{Suc } n)$
using *Suc.hyps* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma (in *valid-unSimpGraph*) *total-v-num*:

assumes *friend-assm*: $\bigwedge v \ u. \ v \in V \implies u \in V \implies v \neq u \implies \exists ! n. \text{adjacent } v \ n \wedge \text{adjacent } u \ n$

and *finite E* **and** *finite V* **and** $V \neq \{\}$ **and** $\forall v \in V. \text{degree } v \ G = k$ **and** $k > 0$

shows $\text{card } V = k * k - k + 1$

proof –

have $k\text{-adj}:\bigwedge v. v \in V \implies \text{card}(\{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\})=k$ **by** (*metis* *assms(2)* *assms(5)*)
degree-adjacent)
obtain v **where** $v \in V$ **using** $\langle V \neq \{\} \rangle$ **by** *auto*
obtain $l2\text{-eq-}v$ **where** $l2\text{-eq-}v: l2\text{-eq-}v = \{ps. \text{length } ps = 2 \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps \wedge \text{last } ps = v\}$ **by** *auto*
have $\text{card } l2\text{-eq-}v = k$
proof –
obtain hds **where** $hds: hds = \text{hd}' \ l2\text{-eq-}v$ **by** *auto*
moreover **have** $hds = \{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\}$
proof –
have $\bigwedge x. x \in hds \implies x \in \{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\}$
proof
fix x **assume** $x \in hds$
then **obtain** ps **where** $\text{hd } ps = x$ $\text{length } ps = 2$ $\text{adj-path } v \ ps$ $\text{last } ps = v$
using $hds \ l2\text{-eq-}v$ **by** *auto*
thus $\text{adjacent } v \ x$
by (*metis* (*full-types*) *adj-path.simps(2)* *list.sel(1)* *length-0-conv*
neq-Nil-conv
zero-neq-numeral)
qed
moreover **have** $\bigwedge x. x \in \{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\} \implies x \in hds$
proof –
fix x **assume** $x \in \{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\}$
obtain ps **where** $ps = [x, v]$ **by** *auto*
hence $\text{hd } ps = x$ **and** $\text{length } ps = 2$ **and** $\text{adj-path } v \ ps$ **and** $\text{last } ps = v$
using $\langle x \in \{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\} \rangle$ *adjacent-sym* **by** *auto*
thus $x \in hds$ **by** (*metis* (*lifting*, *mono-tags*) *hds image-eqI* *l2-eq-v*
mem-Collect-eq)
qed
ultimately **show** $hds = \{n. \text{adjacent } v \ n\}$ **by** *auto*
qed
moreover **have** $\text{inj-on } \text{hd } l2\text{-eq-}v$ **unfolding** inj-on-def
proof (*rule+*)
fix $x \ y$ **assume** $x \in l2\text{-eq-}v$ $y \in l2\text{-eq-}v$ $\text{hd } x = \text{hd } y$
hence $\text{length } x = 2$ **and** $\text{last } x = \text{last } y$ **and** $\text{length } y = 2$
using $l2\text{-eq-}v$ **by** *auto*
hence $x!1 = y!1$
using $\text{last-conv-nth}[of \ x] \ \text{last-conv-nth}[of \ y]$ **by** *force*
moreover **have** $x!0 = y!0$
using $\langle \text{hd } x = \text{hd } y \rangle \langle \text{length } x = 2 \rangle \langle \text{length } y = 2 \rangle$
by (*metis* *hd-conv-nth* *length-greater-0-conv*)
ultimately **show** $x = y$ **using** $\langle \text{length } x = 2 \rangle \langle \text{length } y = 2 \rangle$
using $\text{nth-equalityI}[of \ x \ y]$
by (*metis* *One-nat-def less-2-cases*)
qed
ultimately **show** $\text{card } l2\text{-eq-}v = k$ **using** $k\text{-adj}[OF \ \langle v \in V \rangle]$ **by** (*metis* *card-image*)
qed
obtain $l2\text{-neq-}v$ **where** $l2\text{-neq-}v: l2\text{-neq-}v = \{ps. \text{length } ps = 2 \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps \wedge \text{last } ps \neq v\}$ **by** *auto*

have $\text{card } l2\text{-neq-}v = k*k-k$
proof –
obtain $l2\text{-}v$ **where** $l2\text{-}v:l2\text{-}v=\{ps. \text{length } ps=2 \wedge \text{adj-path } v \ ps\}$ **by** *auto*
hence $\text{card } l2\text{-}v=k*k$ **using** $\text{path-count}[OF \ k\text{-adj,of } v \ 2] \ (0 < k) \ (\text{finite } V)$
 $(v \in V)$
by (*simp add: power2-eq-square*)
hence *finite* $l2\text{-}v$ **using** $(k > 0)$ **by** (*metis card-infinite mult-is-0 neq0-conv*)
moreover **have** $l2\text{-}v=l2\text{-neq-}v \cup l2\text{-eq-}v$ **using** $l2\text{-}v \ l2\text{-neq-}v \ l2\text{-eq-}v$ **by** *auto*
moreover **have** $l2\text{-neq-}v \cap l2\text{-eq-}v = \{\}$ **using** $l2\text{-neq-}v \ l2\text{-eq-}v$ **by** *auto*
ultimately **have** $\text{card } l2\text{-neq-}v = \text{card } l2\text{-}v - \text{card } l2\text{-eq-}v$
by (*metis Int-commute Nat.add-0-right Un-commute card-Diff-subset-Int card-Un-Int*
 $\text{card-gt-0-iff diff-add-inverse finite-Diff finite-Un inf-sup-absorb less-nat-zero-code}$)
thus $\text{card } l2\text{-neq-}v = k*k-k$ **using** $(\text{card } l2\text{-eq-}v=k)$ **using** $(\text{card } l2\text{-}v=k*k)$
by *auto*
qed
moreover **have** *bij-betw last* $l2\text{-neq-}v \ \{n. n \in V \wedge n \neq v\}$
proof –
have $\text{last}' \ l2\text{-neq-}v = \{n. n \in V \wedge n \neq v\}$
proof –
have $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{last}' \ l2\text{-neq-}v \implies x \in \{n. n \in V \wedge n \neq v\}$
proof
fix x **assume** $x \in \text{last}' \ l2\text{-neq-}v$
then **obtain** ps **where** $\text{length } ps = 2 \ \text{adj-path } v \ ps \ \text{last } ps=x \ \text{last } ps \neq v$
using $l2\text{-neq-}v$ **by** *auto*
hence $(\text{last } ps) \in V$
by (*metis (full-types) adj-path-V last-in-set length-0-conv rev-subsetD zero-neq-numeral*)
thus $x \in V \wedge x \neq v$ **using** $(\text{last } ps=x) \ (\text{last } ps \neq v)$ **by** *auto*
qed
moreover **have** $\bigwedge x. x \in \{n. n \in V \wedge n \neq v\} \implies x \in \text{last}' \ l2\text{-neq-}v$
proof –
fix x **assume** $x: x \in \{n \in V. n \neq v\}$
then **obtain** y **where** $\text{adjacent } v \ y \ \text{adjacent } x \ y$
using $\text{friend-assm}[of \ v \ x] \ (v \in V)$ **by** *auto*
hence $\text{adj-path } v \ [y,x]$ **using** $\text{adjacent-sym}[of \ x \ y]$ **by** *auto*
hence $[y,x] \in l2\text{-neq-}v$ **using** $l2\text{-neq-}v \ x$ **by** *auto*
thus $x \in \text{last}' \ l2\text{-neq-}v$ **by** (*metis imageI last.simps not-Cons-self2*)
qed
ultimately **show** *?thesis* **by** *fast*
qed
moreover **have** *inj-on last* $l2\text{-neq-}v$ **unfolding** *inj-on-def*
proof (*rule,rule,rule*)
fix $x \ y$ **assume** $x \in l2\text{-neq-}v \ y \in l2\text{-neq-}v \ \text{last } x = \text{last } y$
hence $\text{length } x=2$ **and** $\text{adj-path } v \ x$ **and** $\text{last } x \neq v$ **and** $\text{length } y=2$ **and**
 $\text{adj-path } v \ y$
and $\text{last } y \neq v$
using $l2\text{-neq-}v$ **by** *auto*

```

obtain  $x1\ x2\ y1\ y2$  where  $x:x=[x1,x2]$  and  $y:y=[y1,y2]$ 
proof –
  { fix  $l$  assume  $length\ l=2$ 
    obtain  $h1\ t$  where  $l=h1\#\#t$  and  $length\ t=1$ 
      using  $\langle length\ l=2 \rangle\ Suc\text{-}length\text{-}conv[of\ 1\ l]$  by auto
    then obtain  $h2$  where  $t=[h2]$ 
      using  $Suc\text{-}length\text{-}conv[of\ 0\ t]$  by auto
    have  $\exists h1\ h2. l=[h1,h2]$  using  $\langle l=h1\#\#t \rangle\ \langle t=[h2] \rangle$  by auto }
    thus ?thesis using  $\langle length\ x=2 \rangle\ \langle length\ y=2 \rangle$  by metis
  qed
hence  $x2\neq v$  and  $y2\neq v$  using  $\langle last\ x\neq v \rangle\ \langle last\ y\neq v \rangle$  by auto
moreover have adjacent  $v\ x1$  and adjacent  $x2\ x1$  and  $x2\in V$ 
  using  $\langle adj\text{-}path\ v\ x \rangle\ x\ adjacent\text{-}sym$  by auto
moreover have adjacent  $v\ y1$  and adjacent  $y2\ y1$  and  $y2\in V$ 
  using  $\langle adj\text{-}path\ v\ y \rangle\ y\ adjacent\text{-}sym$  by auto
ultimately have  $x1=y1$  using friend-assm  $\langle v\in V \rangle$ 
  by  $(metis\ \langle last\ x = last\ y \rangle\ last\text{-}ConsL\ last\text{-}ConsR\ not\text{-}Cons\text{-}self2\ x\ y)$ 
thus  $x=y$  using  $x\ y\ \langle last\ x = last\ y \rangle$  by auto
qed
ultimately show ?thesis unfolding bij-betw-def by auto
qed
hence  $card\ l2\text{-}neg\text{-}v = card\ \{n. n\in V \wedge n\neq v\}$  by  $(metis\ bij\text{-}betw\text{-}same\text{-}card)$ 
ultimately have  $card\ \{n. n\in V \wedge n\neq v\}=k*k-k$  by auto
moreover have  $card\ V = card\ \{n. n\in V \wedge n\neq v\} + card\ \{v\}$ 
proof –
  have  $V=\{n. n\in V \wedge n\neq v\} \cup \{v\}$  using  $\langle v\in V \rangle$  by auto
moreover have  $\{n. n\in V \wedge n\neq v\} \cap \{v\}=\{\}$  by auto
ultimately show ?thesis
  using  $\langle finite\ V \rangle\ card\text{-}Un\text{-}disjoint[of\ \{n \in V. n \neq v\}\ \{v\}]$  finite-Un
  by auto
qed
ultimately show  $card\ V = k*k-k+1$  by auto
qed

```

```

lemma rotate-eq:rotate1  $xs=rotate1\ ys \implies xs=ys$ 
proof  $(induct\ xs\ arbitrary:ys)$ 
  case Nil
    thus ?case by  $(metis\ rotate1\text{-}is\text{-}Nil\text{-}conv)$ 
next
  case  $(Cons\ n\ ns)$ 
    hence  $ys\neq []$  by  $(metis\ list.\text{distinct}(1)\ rotate1\text{-}is\text{-}Nil\text{-}conv)$ 
    thus ?case using Cons by  $(metis\ butlast\text{-}snoc\ last\text{-}snoc\ list.\text{exhaust}\ rotate1.\text{simps}(2))$ 
qed

```

```

lemma rotate-diff:rotate  $m\ xs=rotate\ n\ xs \implies rotate\ (m-n)\ xs = xs$ 
proof  $(induct\ m\ arbitrary:n)$ 
  case  $0$ 
    thus ?case by auto

```

next
case ($Suc\ m'$)
hence $n=0 \implies ?case$ **by** *auto*
moreover have $n \neq 0 \implies ?case$
proof –
assume $n \neq 0$
then obtain n' **where** $n': n = Suc\ n'$ **by** (*metis nat.exhaust*)
hence $rotate\ m'\ xs = rotate\ n'\ xs$
using $\langle rotate\ (Suc\ m')\ xs = rotate\ n\ xs \rangle$ *rotate-eq rotate-Suc*
by *auto*
hence $rotate\ (m' - n')\ xs = xs$ **by** (*metis Suc.hyps*)
moreover have $Suc\ m' - n = m' - n'$
by (*metis n' diff-Suc-Suc*)
ultimately show $?case$ **by** *auto*
qed
ultimately show $?case$ **by** *fast*
qed

lemma (**in** *valid-unSimpGraph*) *exist-degree-two*:
assumes *friend-asm*: $\bigwedge v\ u. v \in V \implies u \in V \implies v \neq u \implies \exists! n. adjacent\ v\ n \wedge adjacent\ u\ n$
and *finite E* **and** *finite V* **and** $card\ V \geq 2$
shows $\exists v \in V. degree\ v\ G = 2$
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume $\neg (\exists v \in V. degree\ v\ G = 2)$
hence $\bigwedge v. v \in V \implies degree\ v\ G \neq 2$ **by** *auto*
obtain k **where** $k\text{-adj}$: $\bigwedge v. v \in V \implies card\ \{n. adjacent\ v\ n\} = k$ **using** *regular[OF friend-asm]*
by (*metis* $\langle \neg (\exists v \in V. degree\ v\ G = 2) \rangle$ *assms(2) assms(3) degree-adjacent*)
have $k \geq 4$
proof –
obtain $v1\ v2$ **where** $v1 \in V\ v2 \in V\ v1 \neq v2$
using $\langle card\ V \geq 2 \rangle$ **by** (*metis* $\langle \neg (\exists v \in V. degree\ v\ G = 2) \rangle$ *assms(2)*)
degree-two-windmill
have $k \neq 0$
proof
assume $k = 0$
obtain $v3$ **where** $adjacent\ v1\ v3$ **using** *friend-asm*[*OF* $\langle v1 \in V \rangle \langle v2 \in V \rangle$
 $\langle v1 \neq v2 \rangle$] **by** *auto*
hence $card\ \{n. adjacent\ v1\ n\} \neq 0$ **using** *adjacent-finite*[*OF* $\langle finite\ E \rangle$]
by *auto*
moreover have $card\ \{n. adjacent\ v1\ n\} = 0$ **using** $k\text{-adj}$ [*OF* $\langle v1 \in V \rangle$]
by (*metis* $\langle k = 0 \rangle$)
ultimately show *False* **by** *simp*
qed
moreover have *even k* **using** *even-degree*[*OF* *friend-asm*]
by (*metis* $\langle v1 \in V \rangle$ *assms(2) degree-adjacent k-adj*)
hence $k \neq 1$ **and** $k \neq 3$ **by** *auto*
moreover have $k \neq 2$ **using** $\langle \bigwedge v. v \in V \implies degree\ v\ G \neq 2 \rangle$ *degree-adjacent*

k-adj
by (*metis* $\langle v1 \in V \rangle$ *assms*(2))
ultimately show *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed
obtain *T* **where** $T:T=(\lambda l::nat. \{ps. length\ ps = l+1 \wedge adj\text{-}path\ (hd\ ps)\ (tl\ ps)\})$ **by** *auto*
have $T\text{-}count:\wedge l::nat. card\ (T\ l) = (k*k-k+1)*k^l$ **using** *card-partition'*
proof –
fix $l::nat$
obtain *ext* **where** $ext:ext=(\lambda v\ ps. adj\text{-}path\ v\ (tl\ ps) \wedge hd\ ps=v \wedge length\ ps=l+1)$ **by** *auto*
have $\forall v \in V. card\ \{ps. ext\ v\ ps\} = k^l$
proof
fix *v* **assume** $v \in V$
have $\wedge ps. ps \in tl\ '\ \{ps. ext\ v\ ps\} \implies ps \in \{ps. length\ ps=l \wedge adj\text{-}path\ v\ ps\}$
proof –
fix *ps* **assume** $ps \in tl\ '\ \{ps. ext\ v\ ps\}$
then obtain ps' **where** $adj\text{-}path\ v\ (tl\ ps')\ hd\ ps'=v\ length\ ps'=l+1$
using *ext* **by** *auto*
hence $adj\text{-}path\ v\ ps$ **and** $length\ ps=l$ **by** *auto*
thus $ps \in \{ps. length\ ps=l \wedge adj\text{-}path\ v\ ps\}$ **by** *auto*
qed
moreover have $\wedge ps. ps \in \{ps. length\ ps=l \wedge adj\text{-}path\ v\ ps\} \implies ps \in tl\ '\ \{ps. ext\ v\ ps\}$
proof –
fix *ps* **assume** $ps \in \{ps. length\ ps = l \wedge adj\text{-}path\ v\ ps\}$
hence $length\ ps=l$ **and** $adj\text{-}path\ v\ ps$ **by** *auto*
moreover obtain ps' **where** $ps'=v\ \#ps$ **by** *auto*
ultimately have $adj\text{-}path\ v\ (tl\ ps')$ **and** $hd\ ps'=v$ **and** $length\ ps'=l+1$
by *auto*
thus $ps \in tl\ '\ \{ps. ext\ v\ ps\}$
by (*metis* $\langle ps' = v\ \#ps \rangle$ *ext imageI mem-Collect-eq list.sel*(3))
qed
ultimately have $tl\ '\ \{ps. ext\ v\ ps\} = \{ps. length\ ps=l \wedge adj\text{-}path\ v\ ps\}$
by *fast*
moreover have $inj\text{-}on\ tl\ \{ps. ext\ v\ ps\}$ **unfolding** *inj-on-def*
proof (*rule,rule,rule*)
fix *x y* **assume** $x \in Collect\ (ext\ v)\ y \in Collect\ (ext\ v)\ tl\ x = tl\ y$
hence $hd\ x=hd\ y$ **and** $x \neq []$ **and** $y \neq []$ **using** *ext* **by** *auto*
thus $x=y$ **using** $\langle tl\ x = tl\ y \rangle$ **by** (*metis* *list.sel*(1,3) *list.exhaust*)
qed
moreover have $card\ \{ps. length\ ps=l \wedge adj\text{-}path\ v\ ps\} = k^l$
using *path-count[OF k-adj,of v l]* $\langle 4 \leq k \rangle \langle v \in V \rangle$ *assms*(3)
by *auto*
ultimately show $card\ \{ps. ext\ v\ ps\} = k^l$ **by** (*metis* *card-image*)
qed
moreover have $\forall v1\ v2. v1 \neq v2 \implies \{n. ext\ v1\ n\} \cap \{n. ext\ v2\ n\} = \{\}$

using *ext* **by** *auto*
moreover **have** $(\bigcup v \in V. \{n. \text{ext } v \ n\}) = T \ l$
proof –
have $\bigwedge ps. ps \in (\bigcup v \in V. \{n. \text{ext } v \ n\}) \implies ps \in T \ l$ **using** *T*
proof –
fix *ps* **assume** $ps \in (\bigcup v \in V. \{n. \text{ext } v \ n\})$
then **obtain** *v* **where** $v \in V \ \text{adj-path } v \ (tl \ ps) \ \text{hd } ps = v \ \text{length } ps = l$
+ 1
using *ext* **by** *auto*
hence $\text{length } ps = l + 1$ **and** $\text{adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps)$ **by** *auto*
thus $ps \in T \ l$ **using** *T* **by** *auto*
qed
moreover **have** $\bigwedge ps. ps \in T \ l \implies ps \in (\bigcup v \in V. \{n. \text{ext } v \ n\})$
proof –
fix *ps* **assume** $ps \in T \ l$
hence $\text{length } ps = l + 1$ **and** $\text{adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps)$ **using** *T* **by**
auto
moreover **then** **obtain** *v* **where** $v = hd \ ps \ v \in V$
by $(metis \ \text{adj-path.simps}(1) \ \text{adj-path.simps}(2) \ \text{adjacent-V}(1))$
list.exhaust
ultimately **show** $ps \in (\bigcup v \in V. \{n. \text{ext } v \ n\})$ **using** *ext* **by** *auto*
qed
ultimately **show** *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed
ultimately **have** $\text{card } (T \ l) = \text{card } V * k^l$
using $\text{card-partition}'[of \ V \ \text{ext } k^l] \ \langle 4 \leq k \rangle \ \text{assms}(3) \ \text{mult.commute}$
nat-one-le-power
by *auto*
moreover **have** $\text{card } V = (k * k - k + 1)$
using $\text{total-v-num}[OF \ \text{friend-assm,of } k] \ k\text{-adj degree-adjacent } \langle \text{finite } E \rangle$
 $\langle \text{finite } V \rangle$
 $\langle \text{card } V \geq 2 \rangle \ \langle 4 \leq k \rangle \ \text{card-gt-0-iff}$
by *force*
ultimately **show** $\text{card } (T \ l) = (k * k - k + 1) * k^l$ **by** *auto*
qed
obtain *C* **where** $C : C = (\lambda l :: nat. \{ps. \text{length } ps = l + 1 \wedge \text{adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps)$
 $\wedge \text{adjacent } (last \ ps) \ (hd \ ps)\})$ **by** *auto*
obtain *C-star* **where** $C\text{-star} : C\text{-star} = (\lambda l :: nat. \{ps. \text{length } ps = l + 1 \wedge \text{adj-path}$
 $(hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps)$
 $\wedge (last \ ps) = (hd \ ps)\})$ **by** *auto*
have $\bigwedge l :: nat. \text{card } (C \ (l + 1)) = k * \text{card } (C\text{-star } l) + \text{card } (T \ l - C\text{-star } l)$
proof –
fix $l :: nat$
have $C \ (l + 1) = \{ps. \text{length } ps = l + 2 \wedge \text{adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps) \wedge \text{adjacent}$
 $(last \ ps) \ (hd \ ps)$
 $\wedge last \ (butlast \ ps) = hd \ ps\} \cup \{ps. \text{length } ps = l + 2 \wedge \text{adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl$
 $ps) \wedge$
 $\text{adjacent } (last \ ps) \ (hd \ ps) \wedge last \ (butlast \ ps) \neq hd \ ps\}$ **using** *C* **by** *auto*

moreover have $\{ps. \text{length } ps = l+2 \wedge \text{adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps) \wedge \text{adjacent}$
 $(last \ ps) \ (hd \ ps)$
 $\wedge \text{last } (butlast \ ps)=hd \ ps\} \cap \{ps. \text{length } ps = l+2 \wedge \text{adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl$
 $ps) \wedge$
 $\text{adjacent } (last \ ps) \ (hd \ ps) \wedge \text{last } (butlast \ ps)\neq hd \ ps\} = \{\}$ **by auto**
moreover have finite $(C \ (l+1))$
proof –
have $C \ (l+1) \subseteq T \ (l+1)$ **using** $C \ T$ **by auto**
moreover have $(k * k - k + 1) * k \wedge (l + 1) \neq 0$ **using** $\langle k \geq 4 \rangle$ **by auto**
hence finite $(T \ (l+1))$ **using** $T\text{-count}[of \ l+1]$ **by** $(metis \ \text{card-infinite})$
ultimately show $?thesis$ **by** $(metis \ \text{finite-subset})$
qed
ultimately have $\text{card } (C \ (l+1)) = \text{card } \{ps. \text{length } ps = l+2 \wedge \text{adj-path}$
 $(hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps)$
 $\wedge \text{adjacent } (last \ ps) \ (hd \ ps) \wedge \text{last } (butlast \ ps)=hd \ ps\} + \text{card } \{ps. \text{length}$
 $ps = l+2 \wedge$
 $\text{adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps) \wedge \text{adjacent } (last \ ps) \ (hd \ ps) \wedge \text{last } (butlast \ ps)\neq hd$
 $ps\}$
using $\text{card-Un-disjoint}[of \ \{ps. \text{length } ps = l + 2 \wedge \text{adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps)$
 $\wedge \text{adjacent}$
 $(last \ ps) \ (hd \ ps) \wedge \text{last } (butlast \ ps) = hd \ ps\} \ \{ps. \text{length } ps = l + 2 \wedge$
 $\text{adj-path } (hd \ ps)$
 $(tl \ ps) \wedge \text{adjacent } (last \ ps) \ (hd \ ps) \wedge \text{last } (butlast \ ps) \neq hd \ ps\}]$ finite-Un
by auto
moreover have $\text{card } \{ps. \text{length } ps = l+2 \wedge \text{adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps)$
 $\wedge \text{adjacent } (last \ ps) \ (hd \ ps) \wedge \text{last } (butlast \ ps)=hd \ ps\} = k * \text{card } (C\text{-star}$
 $l)$
proof –
obtain ext **where** $ext: ext=(\lambda ps \ ps'. \ ps' \neq [] \wedge (butlast \ ps'=ps)$
 $\wedge \text{adj-path } (hd \ ps') \ (tl \ ps'))$ **by auto**
have $\forall ps \in (C\text{-star } l). \ \text{card } \{ps'. \ ext \ ps \ ps'\} = k$
proof
fix ps **assume** $ps \in C\text{-star } l$
hence $\text{length } ps = l + 1$ **and** $\text{adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps)$ **and** $\text{last } ps =$
 $hd \ ps$
using $C\text{-star}$ **by auto**
obtain qs **where** $qs:qs=\{v. \ \text{adjacent } (last \ ps) \ v\}$ **by auto**
obtain app **where** $app:app=(\lambda v. \ ps@[v])$ **by auto**
have $app \ ' \ qs = \{ps'. \ ext \ ps \ ps'\}$
proof –
have $\bigwedge x. \ x \in app \ ' \ qs \implies x \in \{ps'. \ ext \ ps \ ps'\}$
proof
fix x **assume** $x \in app \ ' \ qs$
then obtain y **where** $\text{adjacent } (last \ ps) \ y \ x=ps@[y]$ **using** qs
 app **by auto**
moreover hence $\text{adj-path } (hd \ x) \ (tl \ x)$
by $(cases \ tl \ ps = [], \ \text{metis } \text{adj-path.simps}(1) \ \text{adj-path.simps}(2)$
 $\text{adjacent-V}(2) \ \text{append-Nil } list.sel(1,3) \ \text{hd-append } \text{snoc-eq-iff-butlast}$

tl-append2, metis ⟨adj-path (hd ps) (tl ps)⟩ adj-path-app

hd-append

last-tl list.sel(2) tl-append2)

ultimately show *ext ps x using ext by (metis snoc-eq-iff-butlast)*
qed
moreover have $\bigwedge x. x \in \{ps'. ext\ ps\ ps'\} \implies x \in app\ 'qs$
proof –
fix *x* **assume** $x \in \{ps'. ext\ ps\ ps'\}$
hence $x \neq []$ **and** $butlast\ x = ps$ **and** $adj\text{-}path\ (hd\ x)\ (tl\ x)$
using *ext by auto*
have $adjacent\ (last\ ps)\ (last\ x)$
proof (*cases length ps=1*)
case *True*
hence $length\ x = 2$ **using** $\langle butlast\ x = ps \rangle$ **by** *auto*
then obtain *x1 t1* **where** $x = x1 \# t1$ **and** $length\ t1 = 1$
using *Suc-length-conv[of 1 x]* **by** *auto*
then obtain *x2* **where** $t1 = [x2]$
using *Suc-length-conv[of 0 t1]* **by** *auto*
have $x = [x1, x2]$ **using** $\langle x = x1 \# t1 \rangle\ \langle t1 = [x2] \rangle$ **by** *auto*
thus $adjacent\ (last\ ps)\ (last\ x)$
using $\langle adj\text{-}path\ (hd\ x)\ (tl\ x) \rangle\ \langle butlast\ x = ps \rangle$ **by** *auto*
next
case *False*
hence $tl\ ps \neq []$
by (*metis ⟨length ps = l + 1⟩ add-0-iff add-diff-cancel-left'*
length-0-conv length-tl add.commute)
moreover have $adj\text{-}path\ (hd\ x)\ (tl\ ps\ @\ [last\ x])$
using $\langle adj\text{-}path\ (hd\ x)\ (tl\ x) \rangle\ \langle butlast\ x = ps \rangle\ \langle x \neq [] \rangle$
by (*metis append-butlast-last-id calculation list.sel(2)*)
tl-append2)
ultimately have $adjacent\ (last\ (tl\ ps))\ (last\ x)$
using $adj\text{-}path\text{-}app'\ [of\ hd\ x\ tl\ ps\ last\ x]$
by *auto*
thus $adjacent\ (last\ ps)\ (last\ x)$ **by** (*metis ⟨tl ps ≠ []⟩ last-tl*)
qed
thus $x \in app\ 'qs$ **using** $app\ qs$
by (*metis ⟨butlast x = ps⟩ ⟨x ≠ []⟩ append-butlast-last-id*)

mem-Collect-eq

rev-image-eqI)

qed
ultimately show *?thesis by auto*
qed
moreover have $inj\text{-}on\ app\ qs$ **using** $app\ unfolding\ inj\text{-}on\text{-}def$ **by**

auto

moreover have $last\ ps \in V$
using $\langle length\ ps = l + 1 \rangle\ \langle adj\text{-}path\ (hd\ ps)\ (tl\ ps) \rangle\ adj\text{-}path\text{-}V$
by (*metis ⟨last ps = hd ps⟩ adj-path.simps(1) last-in-set last-tl*)
subset-code(1))
hence $card\ qs = k$ **using** $qs\ k\text{-}adj$ **by** *auto*

ultimately show $\text{card } \{ps'. \text{ ext } ps \text{ } ps'\} = k$ by (metis card-image)
 qed
 moreover have finite (C-star l)
 proof -
 have C-star l \subseteq T l using C-star T by auto
 moreover have $(k * k - k + 1) * k \wedge l \neq 0$ using $\langle k \geq 4 \rangle$ by auto
 hence finite (T l) using T-count[of l] by (metis card-infinite)
 ultimately show ?thesis by (metis finite-subset)
 qed
 moreover have $\forall ps1 \ ps2. \ ps1 \neq ps2 \longrightarrow \{ps'. \text{ ext } ps1 \text{ } ps'\} \cap \{ps'. \text{ ext } ps2 \text{ } ps'\} = \{\}$
 using ext by auto
 moreover have $(\bigcup ps \in (C\text{-star } l). \{ps'. \text{ ext } ps \text{ } ps'\}) = \{ps. \text{ length } ps = l+2$
 $\wedge \text{ adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps) \wedge \text{ adjacent } (last \ ps) \ (hd \ ps) \wedge \text{ last } (butlast \ ps) = hd \ ps\}$
 proof -
 have $\bigwedge x. x \in (\bigcup ps \in (C\text{-star } l). \{ps'. \text{ ext } ps \text{ } ps'\}) \implies x \in \{ps. \text{ length } ps = l+2$
 $\wedge \text{ adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps) \wedge \text{ adjacent } (last \ ps) \ (hd \ ps) \wedge \text{ last } (butlast \ ps) = hd \ ps\}$
 proof
 fix x assume $x \in (\bigcup ps \in C\text{-star } l. \{ps'. \text{ ext } ps \text{ } ps'\})$
 then obtain ps where $ps \in C\text{-star } l$ ext ps x by auto
 hence $\text{length } ps = l + 1$ and $\text{adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps)$ and $\text{last } ps = hd \ ps$
 and $x \neq []$ and $\text{butlast } x = ps \text{ adj-path } (hd \ x) \ (tl \ x)$
 using C-star ext by auto
 have $\text{length } x = l + 2$
 using $\langle \text{butlast } x = ps \rangle \langle \text{length } ps = l + 1 \rangle \text{ length-butlast}$ by auto
 moreover have $\text{adj-path } (hd \ x) \ (tl \ x)$ by (metis $\langle \text{adj-path } (hd \ x) \ (tl \ x) \rangle$)
 moreover have $\text{adjacent } (last \ x) \ (hd \ x)$
 proof -
 have $\text{length } x \geq 2$ using $\langle \text{length } x = l + 2 \rangle$ by auto
 hence $\text{adjacent } (last \ (butlast \ x)) \ (last \ x)$ using $\langle \text{adj-path } (hd \ x) \ (tl \ x) \rangle$
 by (induct x, auto, metis adj-path.simps(2) append-butlast-last-id
 append-eq-Cons-conv, metis adj-path-app' append-butlast-last-id)
 hence $\text{adjacent } (last \ ps) \ (last \ x)$ using $\langle \text{butlast } x = ps \rangle$ by auto
 hence $\text{adjacent } (hd \ ps) \ (last \ x)$ using $\langle \text{last } ps = hd \ ps \rangle$ by auto
 hence $\text{adjacent } (hd \ x) \ (last \ x)$
 using $\langle \text{butlast } x = ps \rangle \langle \text{length } ps = l + 1 \rangle$
 by (cases x) auto
 thus ?thesis using adjacent-sym by auto
 qed
 moreover have $\text{last } (butlast \ x) = hd \ x$

by (*metis* $\langle \text{butlast } x = ps \rangle \langle \text{last } ps = \text{hd } ps \rangle \langle x \neq [] \rangle$ *adjacent-no-loop*
butlast.simps(2) *calculation(3)* *list.sel(1)* *last-ConsL* *neq-Nil-conv*)
ultimately show $\text{length } x = l + 2 \wedge \text{adj-path } (\text{hd } x) (\text{tl } x)$
 $\wedge \text{adjacent } (\text{last } x) (\text{hd } x) \wedge \text{last } (\text{butlast } x) = \text{hd } x$
by *auto*
qed
moreover have $\bigwedge x. x \in \{ps. \text{length } ps = l+2 \wedge \text{adj-path } (\text{hd } ps) (\text{tl } ps)\}$
 $\wedge \text{adjacent } (\text{last } ps) (\text{hd } ps) \wedge \text{last } (\text{butlast } ps) = \text{hd } ps \} \implies$
 $x \in (\bigcup ps \in (C\text{-star } l). \{ps'. \text{ext } ps \text{ } ps'\})$
proof –
fix x **assume** $x \in \{ps. \text{length } ps = l+2 \wedge \text{adj-path } (\text{hd } ps) (\text{tl } ps)$
 $\wedge \text{adjacent } (\text{last } ps) (\text{hd } ps) \wedge \text{last } (\text{butlast } ps) = \text{hd } ps \}$
hence $\text{length } x = l+2$ **and** $\text{adj-path } (\text{hd } x) (\text{tl } x)$ **and** $\text{adjacent } (\text{last } x)$
 $(\text{hd } x)$
and $\text{last } (\text{butlast } x) = \text{hd } x$ **by** *auto*
obtain ps **where** $ps : ps = \text{butlast } x$ **by** *auto*
have $ps \in C\text{-star } l$
proof –
have $\text{length } ps = l + 1$ **using** $ps \langle \text{length } x = l+2 \rangle$ **by** *auto*
moreover have $\text{hd } ps = \text{hd } x$
using $ps \langle \text{length } x = l+2 \rangle$
by (*metis* (*full-types*) $\langle \text{adjacent } (\text{last } x) (\text{hd } x) \rangle$ *adjacent-no-loop*
append-Nil *append-butlast-last-id* *butlast.simps(1)* *list.sel(1)*
hd-append2)
hence $\text{adj-path } (\text{hd } ps) (\text{tl } ps)$ **using** *adj-path-butlast*
by (*metis* $\langle \text{adj-path } (\text{hd } x) (\text{tl } x) \rangle$ *butlast-tl ps*)
moreover have $\text{last } ps = \text{hd } ps$
by (*metis* $\langle \text{hd } ps = \text{hd } x \rangle \langle \text{last } (\text{butlast } x) = \text{hd } x \rangle$ *ps*)
ultimately show *?thesis* **using** *C-star* **by** *auto*
qed
moreover have $\text{ext } ps \ x$ **using** *ext*
by (*metis* $\langle \text{adj-path } (\text{hd } x) (\text{tl } x) \rangle \langle \text{adjacent } (\text{last } x) (\text{hd } x) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{last } (\text{butlast } x) = \text{hd } x \rangle$ *adjacent-no-loop* *butlast.simps(1)* *ps*)
ultimately show $x \in (\bigcup ps \in (C\text{-star } l). \{ps'. \text{ext } ps \text{ } ps'\})$ **by** *auto*
qed
ultimately show *?thesis* **by** *fast*
qed
ultimately show *?thesis* **using** *card-partition'* [*of* *C-star* l *ext* k] $\langle k \geq 4 \rangle$
by *auto*
qed
moreover have $\text{card } \{ps. \text{length } ps = l+2 \wedge \text{adj-path } (\text{hd } ps) (\text{tl } ps) \wedge$
 $\text{adjacent } (\text{last } ps) (\text{hd } ps) \wedge \text{last } (\text{butlast } ps) \neq \text{hd } ps \} = \text{card } (T \ l \ - \ C\text{-star } l)$
proof –
obtain app **where** $app : app = (\lambda ps. ps @ [SOME \ n. \text{adjacent } (\text{last } ps) \ n] \wedge$
 $\text{adjacent } (\text{hd } ps) \ n]$

by auto
have $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{app} \langle T l - C\text{-star } l \rangle \implies x \in \{ps. \text{length } ps = l+2 \wedge \text{adj-path}$
 $(hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps) \wedge$
 $\text{adjacent } (last \ ps) \ (hd \ ps) \wedge \text{last } (butlast \ ps) \neq hd \ ps\}$
proof
fix x **assume** $x \in \text{app} \langle T l - C\text{-star } l \rangle$
then obtain ps **where** $\text{length } ps = l + 1 \ \text{adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps) \ \text{last}$
 $ps \neq hd \ ps$
 $x = \text{app } ps$
using $T \ C\text{-star}$ **by auto**
hence $last \ ps \in V$
using $\text{adj-path-V}[OF \ \langle \text{adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps) \rangle]$
by $(cases \ ps)$ **auto**
hence $\exists n. \text{adjacent } (last \ ps) \ n \wedge \text{adjacent } (hd \ ps) \ n$
using $\text{adj-path-V}[OF \ \langle \text{adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps) \rangle] \ \langle last \ ps \neq hd \ ps \rangle$
 $\text{friend-assm}[of \ last \ ps \ hd \ ps]$
by auto
moreover have $last \ x = (SOME \ n. \text{adjacent } (last \ ps) \ n \wedge \text{adjacent } (hd$
 $ps) \ n)$
using $\text{app } \langle x = \text{app } ps \rangle$ **by auto**
ultimately have $\text{adjacent } (last \ ps) \ (last \ x)$ **and** $\text{adjacent } (hd \ ps) \ (last$
 $x)$
using $someI\text{-ex}$ **by** $(metis \ (lifting))+$
have $hd \ x = hd \ ps$ **using** $\langle x = \text{app } ps \rangle \ \langle \text{length } ps = l+1 \rangle \ \text{app}$
by $(cases \ ps)$ **auto**
have $\text{length } x = l + 2$ **using** $\langle x = \text{app } ps \rangle \ \langle \text{length } ps = l+1 \rangle \ \text{app}$ **by auto**
moreover have $\text{adj-path } (hd \ x) \ (tl \ x)$
proof –
have $last \ (tl \ ps) = last \ ps$ **using** $\langle \text{length } ps = l+1 \rangle$
by $(metis \ \langle last \ ps \neq hd \ ps \rangle \ \text{list.sel}(1,3) \ \text{last-ConsL} \ \text{last-tl}$
 $\text{neq-Nil-conv})$
moreover have $\text{length } ps \neq 1$ **using** $\langle last \ ps \neq hd \ ps \rangle$
by $(metis \ \text{Suc-eq-plus1-left} \ \text{gen-length-code}(1) \ \text{gen-length-def}$
 $\text{list.sel}(1)$
 $\text{last-ConsL} \ \text{length-Suc-conv} \ \text{neq-Nil-conv})$
hence $tl \ ps \neq []$ **using** $\langle \text{length } ps = l+1 \rangle$
by $(auto \ simp: \ \text{length-Suc-conv})$
ultimately have $\text{adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps \ @ \ [last \ x])$
using $\text{adj-path-app}[OF \ \langle \text{adj-path } (hd \ ps) \ (tl \ ps) \rangle, of \ last \ x]$
 $\langle \text{adjacent } (last \ ps) \ (last \ x) \rangle$
by auto
moreover have $tl \ ps \ @ \ [last \ x] = tl \ x$
using $\langle x = \text{app } ps \rangle \ \text{app}$
by $(metis \ \langle last \ x = (SOME \ n. \text{adjacent } (last \ ps) \ n \wedge \text{adjacent}$
 $(hd \ ps) \ n) \ \langle$
 $tl \ ps \neq [] \rangle \ \text{list.sel}(2) \ \text{tl-append2})$
ultimately show $?thesis$ **using** $\langle hd \ x = hd \ ps \rangle$ **by auto**
qed
moreover have $\text{adjacent } (last \ x) \ (hd \ x)$

using $\langle hd\ x=hd\ ps \rangle \langle adjacent\ (hd\ ps)\ (last\ x) \rangle adjacent\text{-}sym$ **by** *auto*
moreover have $last\ (butlast\ x) \neq hd\ x$
using $\langle last\ ps \neq hd\ ps \rangle \langle hd\ x=hd\ ps \rangle$
by $(metis\ \langle x = app\ ps \rangle app\ butlast\text{-}snoc)$
ultimately show $length\ x = l + 2 \wedge adj\text{-}path\ (hd\ x)\ (tl\ x) \wedge adjacent$
 $(last\ x)\ (hd\ x)$
 $\wedge last\ (butlast\ x) \neq hd\ x$
by *auto*
qed
moreover have $\bigwedge x. x \in \{ps. length\ ps = l+2 \wedge adj\text{-}path\ (hd\ ps)\ (tl\ ps) \wedge$
 $adjacent\ (last\ ps)\ (hd\ ps) \wedge last\ (butlast\ ps) \neq hd\ ps\} \implies x \in app\ '(T\ l -$
 $C\text{-}star\ l)$
proof –
fix x **assume** $x \in \{ps. length\ ps = l+2 \wedge adj\text{-}path\ (hd\ ps)\ (tl\ ps) \wedge$
 $adjacent\ (last\ ps)\ (hd\ ps) \wedge last\ (butlast\ ps) \neq hd\ ps\}$
hence $length\ x=l+2$ **and** $adj\text{-}path\ (hd\ x)\ (tl\ x)$ **and** $adjacent\ (last\ x)$
 $(hd\ x)$
and $last\ (butlast\ x) \neq hd\ x$
by *auto*
hence $butlast\ x \in T\ l - C\text{-}star\ l$
proof –
have $length\ (butlast\ x) = l + 1$
using $\langle length\ x = l + 2 \rangle length\text{-}butlast$ **by** *auto*
moreover have $hd\ (butlast\ x) = hd\ x$
using $\langle length\ x=l+2 \rangle$
by $(metis\ append\text{-}butlast\text{-}last\text{-}id\ butlast.\textit{simps}(1)\ calculation$
 $diff\text{-}add\text{-}inverse$
 $diff\text{-}cancel2\ hd\text{-}append\ length\text{-}butlast\ add.\textit{commute}\ num.\textit{distinct}(1)$
 $one\text{-}eq\text{-}numeral\text{-}iff)$
hence $adj\text{-}path\ (hd\ (butlast\ x))\ (tl\ (butlast\ x))$
using $\langle adj\text{-}path\ (hd\ x)\ (tl\ x) \rangle$ **by** $(metis\ adj\text{-}path\text{-}butlast\ butlast\text{-}tl)$
moreover have $last\ (butlast\ x) \neq hd\ (butlast\ x)$
using $\langle last\ (butlast\ x) \neq hd\ x \rangle \langle hd\ (butlast\ x) = hd\ x \rangle$ **by** *auto*
ultimately show $?thesis$ **using** $T\ C\text{-}star$ **by** *auto*
qed
moreover have $app\ (butlast\ x) = x$ **using** *app*
proof –
have $last\ (butlast\ x) \in V$
proof $(cases\ length\ x \geq 3)$
case *True*
hence $last\ (butlast\ x) \in set\ (tl\ x)$
proof $(induct\ x)$
case *Nil*
thus $?case$ **by** *auto*
next
case $(Cons\ x1\ t1)$
have $length\ t1 < 3 \implies ?case$
proof –

```

      assume length t1 < 3
      hence length t1 = 2 using ⟨3 ≤ length (x1 # t1)⟩ by auto
      then obtain x2 t2 where t1 = x2 # t2 length t2 = 1
        using Suc-length-conv[of 1 t1] by auto
      then obtain x3 where t2 = [x3]
        using Suc-length-conv[of 0 t2] by auto
      have t1 = [x2, x3] using ⟨t1 = x2 # t2⟩ ⟨t2 = [x3]⟩ by auto
      thus ?case by auto
    qed
  moreover have length t1 ≥ 3 ⇒ ?case
  proof -
    assume length t1 ≥ 3
    hence last (butlast t1) ∈ set (tl t1)
      using Cons.hyps by auto
    thus ?case
      by (metis butlast.simps(2) in-set-butlastD last.simps
          length-butlast length-greater-0-conv length-pos-if-in-set
          length-tl list.sel(3))
  qed
  ultimately show ?case by force
qed
thus ?thesis using adj-path-V[OF ⟨adj-path (hd x) (tl x)⟩] by
auto

next
case False
hence length x = 2 using ⟨length x = l + 2⟩ by auto
then obtain x1 x2 where x = [x1, x2]
proof -
  obtain x1 t1 where x = x1 # t1 length t1 = 1
    using Suc-length-conv[of 1 x] ⟨length x = 2⟩ by auto
  then obtain x2 where t1 = [x2]
    using Suc-length-conv[of 0 t1] by auto
  have x = [x1, x2] using ⟨x = x1 # t1⟩ ⟨t1 = [x2]⟩ by auto
  thus ?thesis using that by auto
qed
hence last (butlast x) = hd x by auto
thus ?thesis using adj-path-V'[OF ⟨adj-path (hd x) (tl x)⟩] by
auto

qed
moreover have hd (butlast x) = hd x using ⟨length x = l + 2⟩
by (metis ⟨adjacent (last x) (hd x)⟩ adjacent-no-loop append-butlast-last-id
    butlast.simps(1) list.sel(1) hd-append)
hence hd (butlast x) ∈ V using adj-path-V'[OF ⟨adj-path (hd x) (tl
x)⟩] by auto
moreover have last (butlast x) ≠ hd (butlast x)
  using ⟨last (butlast x) ≠ hd x⟩ ⟨hd (butlast x) = hd x⟩ by auto
ultimately have ∃! n. adjacent (last (butlast x)) n ∧ adjacent (hd

```

```

(butlast x) n
  using friend-asm by auto
  moreover have length x ≥ 2 using length x = l + 2 by auto
  hence adjacent (last (butlast x)) (last x)
    using adj-path (hd x) (tl x)
  by (induct x, auto, metis (full-types) adj-path.simps(2) append-Nil
    append-butlast-last-id, metis adj-path-app' append-butlast-last-id)
  moreover have adjacent (hd (butlast x)) (last x)
  using adjacent (last x) (hd x) hd (butlast x) = hd x adjacent-sym
  by auto
  ultimately have (SOME n. adjacent (last (butlast x)) n
     $\wedge$  adjacent (hd (butlast x)) n = last x)
  using some1-equality by fast
  moreover have x = (butlast x)@[last x]
  by (metis adjacent (last (butlast x)) (last x) adjacent-no-loop
    append-butlast-last-id butlast.simps(1))
  ultimately show ?thesis using app by auto
qed
  ultimately show x ∈ app'(T l - C-star l) by (metis image-iff)
qed
  ultimately have app'(T l - C-star l) = {ps. length ps = l + 2 ∧ adj-path
(hd ps) (tl ps)  $\wedge$ 
  adjacent (last ps) (hd ps) ∧ last (butlast ps) ≠ hd ps} by fast
  moreover have inj-on app (T l - C-star l) using app unfolding inj-on-def
by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis by (metis card-image)
qed
  ultimately show card (C (l + 1)) = k * card (C-star l) + card (T l -
C-star l) by auto
qed
  hence  $\bigwedge l :: \text{nat. card (C (l + 1)) mod (k - (1 :: \text{nat})) = 1}$ 
  proof -
    fix l :: nat
    have C-star l ⊆ T l using C-star T by auto
    moreover have card (T l) ≠ 0 using T-count (k ≥ 4) by auto
    hence finite (T l) using k ≥ 4 by (metis card-infinite)
    ultimately have card (T l - C-star l) = card (T l) - card (C-star l)
    by (metis card-Diff-subset rev-finite-subset)
    hence card (C (l + 1)) = k * card (C-star l) + (card (T l) - card (C-star l))
    using  $\bigwedge l :: \text{nat. card (C (l + 1)) = k * card (C-star l) + card (T l - C-star$ 
l)
    by auto
  also have  $\dots = k * \text{card (C-star l)} + \text{card (T l)} - \text{card (C-star l)}$ 
  proof -
    have card (T l) ≥ card (C-star l)
    using C-star l ⊆ T l finite (T l) by (metis card-mono)
    thus ?thesis by auto
  qed
  also have  $\dots = k * \text{card (C-star l)} - \text{card (C-star l)} + \text{card (T l)}$ 

```

```

proof -
  have  $\text{card } (T \ l) \geq \text{card } (C\text{-star } l)$ 
    using  $\langle C\text{-star } l \subseteq T \ l \rangle$   $\langle \text{finite } (T \ l) \rangle$  by  $(\text{metis card-mono})$ 
  moreover have  $k * \text{card } (C\text{-star } l) \geq \text{card } (C\text{-star } l)$  using  $\langle k \geq 4 \rangle$  by auto
  ultimately show  $?thesis$  by auto
qed
also have  $\dots = (k - (1 :: \text{nat})) * \text{card } (C\text{-star } l) + \text{card } (T \ l)$  using  $\langle k \geq 4 \rangle$ 
  by  $(\text{metis monoid-mult-class.mult.left-neutral diff-mult-distrib})$ 
finally have  $\text{card } (C \ (l + 1)) = (k - (1 :: \text{nat})) * \text{card } (C\text{-star } l) + \text{card } (T \ l)$  .
hence  $\text{card } (C \ (l + 1)) \bmod (k - (1 :: \text{nat})) = \text{card } (T \ l) \bmod (k - (1 :: \text{nat}))$  using
 $\langle k \geq 4 \rangle$ 
  by  $(\text{metis mod-mult-self3 mult.commute})$ 
also have  $\dots = ((k * k - k + 1) * k^l) \bmod (k - (1 :: \text{nat}))$  using  $T\text{-count}$  by auto
also have  $\dots = ((k - (1 :: \text{nat})) * k + 1) * k^l \bmod (k - (1 :: \text{nat}))$ 
  proof -
    have  $k * k - k + 1 = (k - (1 :: \text{nat})) * k + 1$  using  $\langle k \geq 4 \rangle$  by  $(\text{metis diff-mult-distrib}$ 
 $\text{nat-mult-1})$ 
    thus  $?thesis$  by auto
  qed
also have  $\dots = 1 * k^l \bmod (k - (1 :: \text{nat}))$ 
  by  $(\text{metis mod-mult-right-eq mod-mult-self1 add.commute mult.commute})$ 
also have  $\dots = k^l \bmod (k - (1 :: \text{nat}))$  by auto
also have  $\dots = (k - (1 :: \text{nat}) + 1)^l \bmod (k - (1 :: \text{nat}))$  using  $\langle k \geq 4 \rangle$  by auto
also have  $\dots = 1^l \bmod (k - (1 :: \text{nat}))$  by  $(\text{metis mod-add-self2 add.commute}$ 
 $\text{power-mod})$ 
also have  $\dots = 1 \bmod (k - (1 :: \text{nat}))$  by auto
also have  $\dots = 1$  using  $\langle k \geq 4 \rangle$  by auto
finally show  $\text{card } (C \ (l + 1)) \bmod (k - (1 :: \text{nat})) = 1$  .
qed
obtain  $p :: \text{nat}$  where  $\text{prime } p$   $p \ \text{dvd } (k - (1 :: \text{nat}))$  using  $\langle k \geq 4 \rangle$ 
by  $(\text{metis Suc-eq-plus1 Suc-numeral add-One-commute eq-iff le-diff-conv numeral-le-iff}$ 
 $\text{one-le-numeral one-plus-BitM prime-factor-nat semiring-norm(69) semiring-norm(71)})$ 
hence  $p\text{-minus-1} : p - (1 :: \text{nat}) + 1 = p$ 
by  $(\text{metis add-diff-inverse add.commute not-less-iff-gr-or-eq prime-nat-iff})$ 
hence  $*$ :  $\bigwedge l :: \text{nat}. \text{card } (C \ (l + 1)) \bmod p = 1$ 
  using  $\langle \bigwedge l :: \text{nat}. \text{card } (C \ (l + 1)) \bmod (k - (1 :: \text{nat})) = 1 \rangle$   $\text{mod-mod-cancel[OF } \langle p$ 
 $\text{dvd } (k - (1 :: \text{nat})) \rangle]$ 
   $\langle \text{prime } p \rangle$ 
by  $(\text{metis mod-if prime-gt-1-nat})$ 
have  $\text{card } (C \ (p - 1)) \bmod p = 1$ 
proof  $(\text{cases } 2 \leq p)$ 
  case  $\text{True}$  with  $*$   $[of \ p - 2]$  show  $?thesis$ 
  by  $(\text{metis Nat.add-diff-assoc2 add-le-cancel-right diff-diff-left one-add-one}$ 
 $\text{p-minus-1})$ 
next
  case  $\text{False}$  with  $*$   $[of \ p - 2]$   $\langle \text{prime } p \rangle$   $\text{prime-ge-2-nat}$  show  $?thesis$ 
  by  $\text{blast}$ 
qed

```

```

moreover have card (C (p-(1::nat))) mod p=0 using C
proof -
  have closure1:  $\bigwedge x. x \in C (p-(1::nat)) \implies \text{rotate1 } x \in C (p-(1::nat))$ 
  proof -
    fix x assume x ∈ C (p-(1::nat))
    hence length x = p and adj-path (hd x) (tl x) and adjacent (last x) (hd
x)
      using C p-minus-1 by auto
    have adjacent (last (rotate1 x)) (hd (rotate1 x))
    proof -
      have x ≠ [] using ⟨length x=p⟩ ⟨prime p⟩ by auto
      hence adjacent (last (rotate1 x)) (hd (rotate1 x))=adjacent (hd x) (hd
(tl x))
        by (metis ⟨adjacent (last x) (hd x)⟩ adjacent-no-loop append-Nil
list.sel(1,3)
hd-append2 last-snoc list.exhaust rotate1-hd-tl)
      also have ...=True using ⟨adj-path (hd x) (tl x)⟩
      using ⟨adjacent (last x) (hd x)⟩ ⟨x ≠ []⟩
      by (metis adj-path.simps(2) adjacent-no-loop append1-eq-conv
append-Nil
append-butlast-last-id list.sel(1,3) list.exhaust)
    finally show ?thesis by auto
  qed
moreover have adj-path (hd (rotate1 x)) (tl (rotate1 x))
proof -
  have x ≠ [] using ⟨length x=p⟩ ⟨prime p⟩ by auto
  then obtain y ys where y=hd x ys=tl x by auto
  hence adj-path y ys and adjacent (last ys) y and ys ≠ []
    by (metis ⟨adj-path (hd x) (tl x)⟩, metis ⟨adjacent (last x) (hd x)⟩ ⟨y
= hd x⟩
⟨ys = tl x⟩ adjacent-no-loop list.sel(1,3) last.simps last-tl list.exhaust
, metis ⟨adjacent (last x) (hd x)⟩ ⟨x ≠ []⟩ ⟨ys = tl x⟩ adjacent-no-loop
list.sel(1,3)
last-ConsL neq-Nil-conv)
  hence adj-path (hd (rotate1 x)) (tl (rotate1 x))
    =adj-path (hd (ys@[y])) (tl (ys@[y]))
    using ⟨x ≠ []⟩ ⟨y=hd x⟩ ⟨ys=tl x⟩ by (metis rotate1-hd-tl)
  also have ...=adj-path (hd ys) ((tl ys)@[y])
    by (metis ⟨ys ≠ []⟩ hd-append tl-append2)
  also have ...=True
    using adj-path-app[OF ⟨adj-path y ys⟩ ⟨ys ≠ []⟩ ⟨adjacent (last ys) y⟩]
    ⟨ys ≠ []⟩
    by (metis adj-path.simps(2) append-Cons list.sel(1,3) list.exhaust)
  finally show ?thesis by auto
qed
moreover have length (rotate1 x) = p using ⟨length x=p⟩ by auto
ultimately show rotate1 x ∈ C (p-(1::nat)) using C p-minus-1 by auto
qed
have closure:  $\bigwedge n x. x \in C (p-(1::nat)) \implies \text{rotate } n x \in C (p-(1::nat))$ 

```



```

proof -
  fix  $n\ x$  assume  $x \in C\ (p - (1 :: nat))$ 
  thus  $rotate\ n\ x \in C\ (p - (1 :: nat))$ 
  by (induct n, auto, metis One-nat-def closure1)
qed
obtain  $r$  where  $r:r=\{(x,y). x \in C\ (p - (1 :: nat)) \wedge (\exists n < p. rotate\ n\ x=y)\}$ 
by auto
have  $\bigwedge x. x \in C\ (p - (1 :: nat)) \implies p\ dvd\ card\ \{y. (\exists n < p. rotate\ n\ x=y)\}$ 
proof -
  fix  $x$  assume  $x \in C\ (p - (1 :: nat))$ 
  hence  $length\ x=p$  using  $C\ p\ minus\ 1$  by auto
  have  $\{y. (\exists n < p. rotate\ n\ x=y)\} = (\lambda n. rotate\ n\ x)^{\{0..<p\}}$  by auto
  moreover have  $\bigwedge n1\ n2. n1 \in \{0..<p\} \implies n2 \in \{0..<p\} \implies n1 \neq n2 \implies$ 
 $rotate\ n1\ x \neq rotate\ n2\ x$ 
proof
  fix  $n1\ n2$  assume  $n1 \in \{0..<p\}\ n2 \in \{0..<p\}\ n1 \neq n2$   $rotate\ n1\ x$ 
 $= rotate\ n2\ x$ 
  { fix  $n1\ n2$ 
assume  $n1 \in \{0..<p\}\ n2 \in \{0..<p\}\ rotate\ n1\ x = rotate\ n2\ x\ n1 > n2$ 
obtain  $s::nat$  where  $s*(n1-n2) \bmod p=1\ s>0$ 
proof -
  have  $n1-n2>0$  and  $n1-n2<p$ 
  using  $\langle n1 \in \{0..<p\}\ \langle n2 \in \{0..<p\}\ \langle n1 > n2 \rangle$  by auto
  with  $\langle prime\ p \rangle$  have  $coprime\ (n1 - n2)\ p$ 
  by (simp add: prime-nat-iff'' coprime-commute [of p])
  then have  $\exists x. [(n1 - n2) * x = 1] \bmod p$ 
  by (simp add: cong-solve-coprime-nat)
  then obtain  $s$  where  $s * (n1 - n2) \bmod p = 1$ 
  using  $\langle prime\ p \rangle\ prime\ gt\ 1\ nat$  [of p]
  by (auto simp add: cong-def ac-simps)
  moreover hence  $s>0$  by (metis mod-0 mult-0 neq0-conv
 $zero\ neq\ one$ )
  ultimately show ?thesis using that by auto
qed
have  $rotate\ (s*n1)\ x = rotate\ (s*n2)\ x$ 
using  $\langle rotate\ n1\ x = rotate\ n2\ x \rangle$ 
apply (induct s)
apply (auto simp add: algebra-simps)
by (metis add.commute rotate-rotate)
hence  $rotate\ (s*n1 - s*n2)\ x = x$ 
using rotate-diff by auto
  hence  $rotate\ (s*(n1-n2))\ x = x$  by (metis diff-mult-distrib
 $mult.commute$ )
hence  $rotate\ 1\ x = x$  using  $\langle s*(n1-n2) \bmod p=1 \rangle\ \langle length\ x=p \rangle$ 
by (metis rotate-conv-mod)
hence  $rotate\ 1\ x = x$  by auto
have  $hd\ x = hd\ (tl\ x)$  using  $\langle prime\ p \rangle\ \langle length\ x=p \rangle$ 
proof -
have  $length\ x \geq 2$  using  $\langle prime\ p \rangle\ \langle length\ x=p \rangle$  using prime-ge-2-nat

```

by *blast*

hence $\text{length } (tl\ x) \geq 1$ by *force*
hence $x \neq []$ and $tl\ x \neq []$ by *auto+*
hence $x = (hd\ x) \# (hd\ (tl\ x)) \# (tl\ (tl\ x))$ using *hd-Cons-tl* by *auto*
hence $(hd\ (tl\ x)) \# (tl\ (tl\ x)) @ [hd\ x] = (hd\ x) \# (hd\ (tl\ x)) \# (tl\ (tl\ x))$
using $\langle rotate1\ x = x \rangle$ by $(metis\ Cons-eq-appendI\ rotate1.\text{simps}(2))$
thus *?thesis* by *auto*
qed

moreover have $hd\ x \neq hd\ (tl\ x)$
proof –
have *adj-path* $(hd\ x)\ (tl\ x)$ using $\langle x \in C\ (p - (1::nat)) \rangle\ C$ by *auto*
moreover have $\text{length } x \geq 2$ using $\langle \text{prime } p \rangle\ \langle \text{length } x = p \rangle$ using
prime-ge-2-nat by *blast*
hence $\text{length } (tl\ x) \geq 1$ by *force*
hence $tl\ x \neq []$ by *force*
ultimately have *adjacent* $(hd\ x)\ (hd\ (tl\ x))$
by $(metis\ adj-path.\text{simps}(2)\ list.sel(1)\ list.exhaust)$
thus *?thesis* by $(metis\ adjacent-no-loop)$
qed

ultimately have *False* by *auto* }
thus *False*
by $(metis\ \langle n1 \in \{0..<p\}\ \langle n1 \neq n2 \rangle\ \langle n2 \in \{0..<p\}\ \langle rotate\ n1\ x =$
rotate\ n2\ x \rangle
less-linear)
qed

hence *inj-on* $(\lambda n. rotate\ n\ x)\ \{0..<p\}$ unfolding *inj-on-def* by *fast*
ultimately have $\text{card } \{y. (\exists n < p. rotate\ n\ x = y)\} = \text{card } \{0..<p\}$ by
(metis card-image)
hence $\text{card } \{y. (\exists n < p. rotate\ n\ x = y)\} = p$ by *auto*
thus $p\ \text{dvd}\ \text{card } \{y. (\exists n < p. rotate\ n\ x = y)\}$ by *auto*
qed

hence $\forall X \in C\ (p - (1::nat))\ //\ r. p\ \text{dvd}\ \text{card } X$ unfolding *quotient-def*
Image-def r by *auto*
moreover have *reft-on* $(C\ (p - 1))\ r$
proof –
have $r \subseteq C\ (p - 1) \times C\ (p - 1)$
proof
fix x assume $x \in r$
hence $\text{fst } x \in C\ (p - 1)$ and $\exists n. \text{snd } x = rotate\ n\ (\text{fst } x)$ using r by
auto
moreover then obtain n where $\text{snd } x = rotate\ n\ (\text{fst } x)$ by *auto*
ultimately have $\text{snd } x \in C\ (p - 1)$ using *closure* by *auto*
moreover have $x = (\text{fst } x, \text{snd } x)$ using $\langle x \in r \rangle\ r$ by *auto*
ultimately show $x \in C\ (p - 1) \times C\ (p - 1)$ using $\langle \text{fst } x \in C\ (p -$
1) \rangle
by $(metis\ SigmaI)$
qed

moreover have $\forall x \in C\ (p - 1). (x, x) \in r$
proof

fix x assume $x \in C (p - 1)$
 hence rotate 0 $x \in C (p - 1)$ using closure by auto
 moreover have $0 < p$ using $\langle \text{prime } p \rangle$ by (auto intro: prime-gt-0-nat)
 ultimately have $(x, \text{rotate } 0 \ x) \in r$ using $\langle x \in C (p - 1) \rangle r$ by auto
 moreover have rotate 0 $x = x$ by auto
 ultimately show $(x, x) \in r$ by auto
 qed
 ultimately show ?thesis using refl-on-def by auto
 qed
 moreover have sym r unfolding sym-def
 proof (rule, rule, rule)
 fix $x \ y$ assume $(x, y) \in r$
 hence $x \in C (p - 1)$ using r by auto
 hence length $x = p$ using $C \text{ p-minus-1}$ by auto
 obtain n where $n < p$ rotate $n \ x = y$ using $\langle (x, y) \in r \rangle r$ by auto
 hence $y \in C (p - 1)$ using closure[OF $\langle x \in C (p - 1) \rangle$] by auto
 have $n = 0 \implies (y, x) \in r$
 proof -
 assume $n = 0$
 hence $x = y$ using $\langle \text{rotate } n \ x = y \rangle$ by auto
 thus $(y, x) \in r$ using $\langle \text{refl-on } (C (p - 1)) \ r \rangle \langle y \in C (p - 1) \rangle$ refl-on-def
 by fast
 qed
 moreover have $n \neq 0 \implies (y, x) \in r$
 proof -
 assume $n \neq 0$
 have rotate $(p - n) \ y = x$
 proof -
 have rotate $(p - n) \ y = \text{rotate } (p - n) (\text{rotate } n \ x)$
 using $\langle \text{rotate } n \ x = y \rangle$ by auto
 also have rotate $(p - n) (\text{rotate } n \ x) = \text{rotate } (p - n + n) \ x$
 using rotate-rotate by auto
 also have $\dots = \text{rotate } p \ x$ using $\langle n < p \rangle$ by auto
 also have $\dots = \text{rotate } 0 \ x$ using $\langle \text{length } x = p \rangle$ by auto
 also have $\dots = x$ by auto
 finally show ?thesis .
 qed
 moreover have $p - n < p$ using $\langle n < p \rangle \langle n \neq 0 \rangle$ by auto
 ultimately show $(y, x) \in r$ using $r \langle y \in C (p - 1) \rangle$ by auto
 qed
 ultimately show $(y, x) \in r$ by auto
 qed
 moreover have trans r unfolding trans-def
 proof (rule, rule, rule, rule, rule)
 fix $x \ y \ z$ assume $(x, y) \in r \ (y, z) \in r$
 hence $x \in C (p - 1)$ using r by auto
 hence length $x = p$ using $C \text{ p-minus-1}$ by auto
 obtain $n1 \ n2$ where $n1 < p \ n2 < p \ y = \text{rotate } n1 \ x \ z = \text{rotate } n2 \ y$
 using $r \langle (x, y) \in r \rangle \langle (y, z) \in r \rangle$ by auto

hence $z = \text{rotate } (n2+n1) \ x$ **by** *(metis rotate-rotate)*
hence $z = \text{rotate } ((n2+n1) \bmod p) \ x$ **using** $\langle \text{length } x = p \rangle$ **by** *(metis rotate-conv-mod)*
moreover have $(n2+n1) \bmod p < p$ **by** *(metis <prime p> mod-less-divisor prime-gt-0-nat)*
ultimately show $(x,z) \in r$ **using** $\langle x \in C(p-1) \rangle r$ **by** *auto*
qed
moreover have *finite* $(C(p-1))$
by *(metis <card (C(p-1)) mod p = 1> card-eq-0-iff mod-0 zero-neq-one)*
ultimately have $p \text{ dvd } \text{card } (C(p-(1::nat)))$ **using** *equiv-imp-dvd-card equiv-def* **by** *fast*
thus $\text{card } (C(p-(1::nat))) \bmod p = 0$ **by** *(metis dvd-eq-mod-eq-0)*
qed
ultimately show *False* **by** *auto*
qed

theorem *(in valid-unSimpGraph) friendship-thm:*

assumes *friend-asm*: $\bigwedge v \ u. \ v \in V \implies u \in V \implies v \neq u \implies \exists! n. \ \text{adjacent } v \ n \wedge \text{adjacent } u \ n$

and *finite* V

shows $\exists v. \ \forall n \in V. \ n \neq v \longrightarrow \text{adjacent } v \ n$

proof –

have $\text{card } V = 0 \implies ?thesis$

using $\langle \text{finite } V \rangle$

by *(metis all-not-in-conv card-seteq empty-subsetI le0)*

moreover have $\text{card } V = 1 \implies ?thesis$

proof –

assume $\text{card } V = 1$

then obtain v **where** $V = \{v\}$

using *card-eq-SucD[of V 0]* **by** *auto*

hence $\forall n \in V. \ n = v$ **by** *auto*

thus $\exists v. \ \forall n \in V. \ n \neq v \longrightarrow \text{adjacent } v \ n$ **by** *auto*

qed

moreover have $\text{card } V \geq 2 \implies ?thesis$

proof –

assume $\text{card } V \geq 2$

hence $\exists v \in V. \ \text{degree } v \ G = 2$

using *exist-degree-two[OF friend-asm]* $\langle \text{finite } V \rangle$ **by** *auto*

thus *?thesis*

using *degree-two-windmill[OF friend-asm]* $\langle \text{card } V \geq 2 \rangle$ $\langle \text{finite } V \rangle$ **by** *auto*

qed

ultimately show *?thesis* **by** *force*

qed

end

References

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