

Interpreter_Optimizations

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Abstract

This Isabelle/HOL formalization builds on the `VeriComp` entry of the *Archive of Formal Proofs* to provide the following contributions:

- an operational semantics for a realistic virtual machine (`Std`) for dynamically typed programming languages;
- the formalization of an inline caching optimization (`Inca`), a proof of bisimulation with (`Std`), and a compilation function;
- the formalization of an unboxing optimization (`Ubx`), a proof of bisimulation with (`Inca`), and a simple compilation function.

This formalization was described in [1].

Contents

1	Generic lemmas	3
2	Environment	4
2.1	Generic lemmas	7
2.2	List-based implementation of environment	7
3	nth_opt	9
4	Generic lemmas	10
5	Non-empty list	13
6	Monadic bind	14
7	Conversion functions	15
8	pred_map	18

9 Rest	20
9.1 Function definition	21
9.2 Program	23
9.3 Stack frame	23
9.4 Dynamic state	24
10 n-ary operations	29
11 n-ary operations	30
12 Inline caching	31
12.1 Static representation	31
12.2 Semantics	32
13 n-ary operations	36
14 Unboxed caching	37
14.1 Static representation	37
14.2 Semantics	40
15 Locale imports	58
16 Normalization	59
17 Equivalence of call stacks	62
18 Simulation relation	67
19 Backward simulation	67
20 Forward simulation	84
21 Bisimulation	108
22 Strongest postcondition	108
23 Range validations	109
24 Basic block validation	110
25 Function definition validation	110
26 Program definition validation	110
27 Generic program rewriting	110
28 Lifting	112

29 Optimization	115
30 Compilation of function definition	121
31 Compilation of function environment	124
32 Compilation of program	126
32.1 Completeness of compilation	128
33 Dynamic values	131
34 Normal operations	132
35 Inlined operations	133
36 Unboxed operations	134
36.1 Typing	135
37 Generic definitions	139
38 Simulation relation	143
39 Backward simulation	143
40 Forward simulation	148
41 Bisimulation	153
41.1 Compilation of function definitions	153
41.2 Compilation of function environments	155
41.3 Compilation of programs	156
41.4 Completeness of compilation	157

```

theory Env
  imports Main HOL-Library.Library
begin

```

1 Generic lemmas

```

lemma map-of-list-allI:
  assumes  $\bigwedge k v. f k = \text{Some } v \implies P (k, v)$  and
     $\bigwedge k v. \text{map-of } kvs k = \text{Some } v \implies f k = \text{Some } v$  and
    distinct (map fst kvs)
  shows list-all P kvs
  using assms(2-)
proof (induction kvs)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next

```

```

case (Cons kv kvs)
from Cons.prems(1) have  $f (fst\ kv) = Some (snd\ kv)$ 
  by simp
hence  $P\ kv$ 
  using assms(1)
  by (cases kv; simp)
moreover have list-all P kvs
  using Cons.IH Cons.prems
  by (metis Some-eq-map-of-iff distinct.simps(2) list.set-intros(2) list.simps(9))
ultimately show ?case by simp
qed

```

2 Environment

```

locale env =
  fixes
    empty :: 'env and
    get :: 'env  $\Rightarrow$  'key  $\Rightarrow$  'val option and
    add :: 'env  $\Rightarrow$  'key  $\Rightarrow$  'val  $\Rightarrow$  'env and
    to-list :: 'env  $\Rightarrow$  ('key  $\times$  'val) list
  assumes
    get-empty: get empty x = None and
    get-add-eq: get (add e x v) x = Some v and
    get-add-neq:  $x \neq y \implies get (add e x v) y = get e y$  and
    to-list-correct: map-of (to-list e) = get e and
    to-list-distinct: distinct (map fst (to-list e))

```

begin

```

declare get-empty[simp]
declare get-add-eq[simp]
declare get-add-neq[simp]

```

```

definition singleton where
  singleton  $\equiv$  add empty

```

```

fun add-list :: 'env  $\Rightarrow$  ('key  $\times$  'val) list  $\Rightarrow$  'env where
  add-list e [] = e |
  add-list e (x # xs) = add (add-list e xs) (fst x) (snd x)

```

```

definition from-list :: ('key  $\times$  'val) list  $\Rightarrow$  'env where
  from-list  $\equiv$  add-list empty

```

```

lemma from-list-correct: get (from-list xs) = map-of xs
proof (induction xs)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
    using get-empty by (simp add: from-list-def)
next

```

```

case (Cons x xs)
show ?case
  using get-add-eq get-add-neq Cons.IH by (auto simp: from-list-def)
qed

```

```

lemma from-list-Nil[simp]: from-list [] = empty
by (simp add: from-list-def)

```

```

lemma get-from-list-to-list: get (from-list (to-list e)) = get e
proof
  fix x
  show get (from-list (to-list e)) x = get e x
    unfolding from-list-correct
    unfolding to-list-correct
    by (rule refl)
qed

```

```

lemma to-list-list-allI:
  assumes  $\bigwedge k v. \text{get } e \ k = \text{Some } v \implies P \ (k, v)$ 
  shows list-all P (to-list e)
proof (rule map-of-list-allI[of get e])
  fix k v
  show get e k = Some v  $\implies$  P (k, v)
    using assms by simp
next
  fix k v
  show map-of (to-list e) k = Some v  $\implies$  get e k = Some v
    unfolding to-list-correct by assumption
next
  show distinct (map fst (to-list e))
    by (rule to-list-distinct)
qed

```

```

definition map-entry where
  map-entry e k f  $\equiv$  case get e k of None  $\Rightarrow$  e | Some v  $\Rightarrow$  add e k (f v)

```

```

lemma get-map-entry-eq[simp]: get (map-entry e k f) k = map-option f (get e k)
unfolding map-entry-def
by (cases get e k simp-all)

```

```

lemma get-map-entry-neq[simp]: x  $\neq$  y  $\implies$  get (map-entry e x f) y = get e y
unfolding map-entry-def
by (cases get e x simp-all)

```

```

lemma dom-map-entry[simp]: dom (get (map-entry e k f)) = dom (get e)
unfolding dom-def
apply (rule Collect-cong)
by (metis None-eq-map-option-iff get-map-entry-eq get-map-entry-neq)

```

```

lemma get-map-entry-conv:
  get (map-entry e x f) y = map-option (λv. if x = y then f v else v) (get e y)
  unfolding map-entry-def
  by (cases get e x; cases x = y; simp add: option.map-ident)

lemma map-option-comp-map-entry:
  assumes  $\forall x \in \text{ran } (\text{get } e). f (g x) = f x$ 
  shows  $\text{map-option } f \circ \text{get } (\text{map-entry } e k g) = \text{map-option } f \circ \text{get } e$ 
  proof (intro ext)
    fix x
    show  $(\text{map-option } f \circ \text{get } (\text{map-entry } e k g)) x = (\text{map-option } f \circ \text{get } e) x$ 
    proof (cases k = x)
      case True
      thus ?thesis
      using assms(1)
      by (auto simp: get-map-entry-eq option.map-comp intro!: map-option-cong
ranI)
    next
      case False
      then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: get-map-entry-neq)
    qed
  qed

lemma map-option-comp-get-add:
  assumes  $k \in \text{dom } (\text{get } e)$  and  $\forall x \in \text{ran } (\text{get } e). f v = f x$ 
  shows  $\text{map-option } f \circ \text{get } (\text{add } e k v) = \text{map-option } f \circ \text{get } e$ 
  proof (intro ext)
    fix x
    show  $(\text{map-option } f \circ \text{get } (\text{add } e k v)) x = (\text{map-option } f \circ \text{get } e) x$ 
    proof (cases x = k)
      case True
      show ?thesis
      proof (cases get e x)
        case None
        thus ?thesis
        using True assms(1) by auto
      next
        case (Some v')
        thus ?thesis
        using True assms(2) by (auto intro: ranI)
      qed
    next
      case False
      thus ?thesis by simp
    qed
  qed
end

```

```

end
theory Env-list
  imports Env HOL-Library.Library
begin

```

2.1 Generic lemmas

```

lemma map-of-filter:
   $x \neq y \implies \text{map-of } (\text{filter } (\lambda z. \text{fst } z \neq y) \text{ } zs) \text{ } x = \text{map-of } zs \text{ } x$ 
  by (induction zs) auto

```

2.2 List-based implementation of environment

```

context
begin

```

```

qualified type-synonym ('key, 'val) t = ('key  $\times$  'val) list

```

```

qualified definition empty :: ('key, 'val) t where
  empty  $\equiv$  []

```

```

qualified definition get :: ('key, 'val) t  $\Rightarrow$  'key  $\Rightarrow$  'val option where
  get  $\equiv$  map-of

```

```

qualified definition add :: ('key, 'val) t  $\Rightarrow$  'key  $\Rightarrow$  'val  $\Rightarrow$  ('key, 'val) t where
  add e k v  $\equiv$  AList.update k v e

```

```

term filter

```

```

qualified fun to-list :: ('key, 'val) t  $\Rightarrow$  ('key  $\times$  'val) list where
  to-list [] = [] |
  to-list (x # xs) = x # to-list (filter ( $\lambda(k, v). k \neq \text{fst } x$ ) xs)

```

```

lemma get-empty: get empty x = None
  unfolding get-def empty-def
  by simp

```

```

lemma get-add-eq: get (add e x v) x = Some v
  unfolding get-def add-def
  by (simp add: update-Some-unfold)

```

```

lemma get-add-neq:  $x \neq y \implies \text{get } (\text{add } e \text{ } x \text{ } v) \text{ } y = \text{get } e \text{ } y$ 
  unfolding get-def add-def
  by (simp add: update-conv')

```

```

lemma to-list-correct: map-of (to-list e) = get e
  unfolding get-def
proof (induction e rule: to-list.induct)
  case 1

```

```

    then show ?case by simp
  next
    case (2 x xs)
    show ?case
    proof (rule ext)
      fix k'
      show map-of (to-list (x # xs)) k' = map-of (x # xs) k'
        using 2.IH map-of-filter
        by (auto simp add: case-prod-beta')
    qed
  qed

```

```

lemma set-to-list: set (to-list e)  $\subseteq$  set e
  by (induction e rule: to-list.induct) auto

```

```

lemma to-list-distinct: distinct (map fst (to-list e))
proof (induction e rule: to-list.induct)
  case 1
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (2 x xs)
  then show ?case
    using set-to-list
    by fastforce
qed

```

```

end

```

```

global-interpretation env-list:
  env Env-list.empty Env-list.get Env-list.add Env-list.to-list
  defines
    singleton = env-list.singleton and
    add-list = env-list.add-list and
    from-list = env-list.from-list
  apply (unfold-locales)
  by (simp-all add: get-empty get-add-eq get-add-neq to-list-correct to-list-distinct)

```

```

export-code Env-list.empty Env-list.get Env-list.add Env-list.to-list singleton add-list
  from-list
  in SML module-name Env

```

```

end
theory List-util
  imports Main
begin

```

```

inductive same-length :: 'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'b list  $\Rightarrow$  bool where

```


same-length-Nil: same-length [] [] |
same-length-Cons: same-length xs ys \implies same-length (x # xs) (y # ys)

code-pred *same-length* .

lemma *same-length-iff-eq-lengths: same-length xs ys \longleftrightarrow length xs = length ys*

proof

assume *same-length xs ys*

then show *length xs = length ys*

by (*induction xs ys rule: same-length.induct*) *simp-all*

next

assume *length xs = length ys*

then show *same-length xs ys*

proof (*induction xs arbitrary: ys*)

case *Nil*

then show *?case*

by (*simp add: same-length-Nil*)

next

case (*Cons x xs*)

then show *?case*

by (*metis length-Suc-conv same-length-Cons*)

qed

qed

lemma *same-length-Cons:*

same-length (x # xs) ys \implies $\exists y ys'. ys = y # ys'$

same-length xs (y # ys) \implies $\exists x xs'. xs = x # xs'$

proof –

assume *same-length (x # xs) ys*

then show *$\exists y ys'. ys = y # ys'$*

by (*induction x # xs ys rule: same-length.induct*) *simp*

next

assume *same-length xs (y # ys)*

then show *$\exists x xs'. xs = x # xs'$*

by (*induction xs y # ys rule: same-length.induct*) *simp*

qed

3 nth_opt

fun *nth-opt* **where**

nth-opt (x # -) 0 = Some x |

nth-opt (- # xs) (Suc n) = nth-opt xs n |

nth-opt - - = None

lemma *nth-opt-eq-Some-conv: nth-opt xs n = Some x \longleftrightarrow $n < \text{length } xs \wedge xs ! n = x$*

by (*induction xs n rule: nth-opt.induct; simp*)

lemmas *nth-opt-eq-SomeD[dest] = nth-opt-eq-Some-conv[THEN iffD1]*

4 Generic lemmas

lemma *list-rel-imp-pred1*:

assumes

list-all2 R xs ys **and**

$\bigwedge x y. (x, y) \in \text{set } (\text{zip } xs \text{ } ys) \implies R \ x \ y \implies P \ x$

shows *list-all* P xs

using *assms*

by (*induction* xs ys *rule: list.rel-induct*) *auto*

lemma *list-rel-imp-pred2*:

assumes

list-all2 R xs ys **and**

$\bigwedge x y. (x, y) \in \text{set } (\text{zip } xs \text{ } ys) \implies R \ x \ y \implies P \ y$

shows *list-all* P ys

using *assms*

by (*induction* xs ys *rule: list.rel-induct*) *auto*

lemma *eq-append-conv-conj*: $(zs = xs @ ys) = (xs = \text{take } (\text{length } xs) \ zs \wedge ys = \text{drop } (\text{length } xs) \ zs)$

by (*metis* *append-eq-conv-conj*)

lemma *list-all-list-updateI*: $\text{list-all } P \ xs \implies P \ x \implies \text{list-all } P \ (\text{list-update } xs \ n \ x)$

by (*induction* xs *arbitrary: n*) (*auto simp add: nat.split-sels(2)*)

lemmas *list-all2-update1-cong* = *list-all2-update-cong*[*of - - ys - ys ! i i for ys i, simplified*]

lemmas *list-all2-update2-cong* = *list-all2-update-cong*[*of - xs - xs ! i - i for xs i, simplified*]

lemma *map-list-update-id*:

$f \ (xs \ ! \ pc) = f \ instr \implies \text{map } f \ (xs[pc := instr]) = \text{map } f \ xs$

using *list-update-id map-update* **by** *metis*

lemma *list-all-eq-const-imp-replicate*:

assumes *list-all* $(\lambda x. x = y)$ xs

shows $xs = \text{replicate } (\text{length } xs) \ y$

using *assms*

by (*induction* xs ; *simp*)

lemma *list-all-eq-const-imp-replicate'*:

assumes *list-all* $((=) \ y)$ xs

shows $xs = \text{replicate } (\text{length } xs) \ y$

using *assms*

by (*induction* xs ; *simp*)

lemma *list-all-eq-const-replicate-lhs*[*intro*]:

list-all $(\lambda x. y = x)$ $(\text{replicate } n \ y)$

by (*simp add: list-all-length*)

```

lemma list-all-eq-const-replicate-rhs[intro]:
  list-all ( $\lambda x. x = y$ ) (replicate  $n$   $y$ )
  by (simp add: list-all-length)

lemma list-all-eq-const-replicate[simp]: list-all ( $(=)$   $c$ ) (replicate  $n$   $c$ )
  by (simp add: list-all-length)

lemma replicate-eq-map:
  assumes  $n = \text{length } xs$  and  $\bigwedge y. y \in \text{set } xs \implies f y = x$ 
  shows replicate  $n$   $x = \text{map } f xs$ 
  using assms
proof (induction xs arbitrary: n)
  case Nil
  thus ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons  $x$   $xs$ )
  thus ?case by (cases n; auto)
qed

lemma replicate-eq-impl-All-eq:
  shows replicate  $n$   $c = xs \implies (\forall x \in \text{set } xs. x = c)$ 
  by (meson in-set-replicate)

lemma rel-option-map-of:
  assumes list-all2 (rel-prod  $(=)$   $R$ )  $xs$   $ys$ 
  shows rel-option  $R$  (map-of  $xs$   $l$ ) (map-of  $ys$   $l$ )
  using assms
proof (induction xs ys rule: list.rel-induct)
  case Nil
  thus ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons  $x$   $xs$   $y$   $ys$ )
  from Cons.hyps have  $\text{fst } x = \text{fst } y$  and  $R (\text{snd } x) (\text{snd } y)$ 
  by (simp-all add: rel-prod-sel)
  show ?case
  proof (cases l = fst y)
  case True
  then show ?thesis
  by (simp add:  $\langle \text{fst } x = \text{fst } y \rangle \langle R (\text{snd } x) (\text{snd } y) \rangle$ )
  next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
  using Cons.IH
  by (simp add:  $\langle \text{fst } x = \text{fst } y \rangle$ )
qed
qed

lemma list-all2-rel-prod-nth:

```

```

assumes list-all2 (rel-prod R1 R2) xs ys and n < length xs
shows R1 (fst (xs ! n)) (fst (ys ! n))  $\wedge$  R2 (snd (xs ! n)) (snd (ys ! n))
using assms
proof (induction n arbitrary: xs ys)
  case 0
  then show ?case
    using assms(1,2)
    by (auto elim: list.rel-cases)
  next
  case (Suc n)
  then obtain x xs' y ys' where xs-def[simp]: xs = x # xs' and ys-def[simp]: ys
= y # ys'
    by (auto elim: list.rel-cases)
  show ?case
    using Suc.prem1 Suc.IH[of xs' ys']
    by force
qed

```

```

lemma list-all2-rel-prod-fst-hd:
assumes list-all2 (rel-prod R1 R2) xs ys and xs  $\neq$  []  $\vee$  ys  $\neq$  []
shows R1 (fst (hd xs)) (fst (hd ys))  $\wedge$  R2 (snd (hd xs)) (snd (hd ys))
using assms
by (auto simp: rel-prod-sel elim: list.rel-cases)

```

```

lemma list-all2-rel-prod-fst-last:
assumes list-all2 (rel-prod R1 R2) xs ys and xs  $\neq$  []  $\vee$  ys  $\neq$  []
shows R1 (fst (last xs)) (fst (last ys))  $\wedge$  R2 (snd (last xs)) (snd (last ys))
proof -
  have xs  $\neq$  [] and ys  $\neq$  []
    using assms by (auto elim: list.rel-cases)
  moreover have length xs = length ys
    by (rule assms(1)[THEN list-all2-lengthD])
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using list-all2-rel-prod-nth[OF assms(1)]
    by (simp add: last-conv-nth)
qed

```

```

lemma list-all-nthD[intro]: list-all P xs  $\implies$  n < length xs  $\implies$  P (xs ! n)
by (simp add: list-all-length)

```

```

lemma list-all P xs  $\implies$   $\forall x \in$  set xs. P x
using list-all-iff list.pred-set
by (simp add: list-all-iff)

```

```

lemma list-all-map-of-SomeD:
assumes list-all P kvs and map-of kvs k = Some v
shows P (k, v)
using assms

```

```

unfolding list.pred-set
by (auto dest: map-of-SomeD)

lemma list-all-not-nthD: list-all P xs  $\implies \neg P (xs ! n) \implies \text{length } xs \leq n$ 
proof (induction xs arbitrary: n)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
  by simp
next
  case (Cons x xs)
  then show ?case
  by (cases n) simp-all
qed

lemma list-all-butlast-not-nthD: list-all P (butlast xs)  $\implies \neg P (xs ! n) \implies \text{length } xs \leq \text{Suc } n$ 
  using list-all-not-nthD[of - butlast xs for xs, simplified]
  by (smt (z3) One-nat-def Suc-pred le-Suc-eq length-butlast length-greater-0-conv less-Suc-eq list.pred-inject(1) list-all-not-nthD not-le nth-butlast)

lemma list-all-replicateI[intro]: P x  $\implies \text{list-all } P (\text{replicate } n x)$ 
  unfolding list.pred-set
  by simp

lemma map-eq-append-replicate-conv:
  assumes map f xs = replicate n x @ ys
  shows map f (take n xs) = replicate n x
  using assms
  by (metis append-eq-conv-conj length-replicate take-map)

lemma map-eq-replicate-imp-list-all-const:
  map f xs = replicate n x  $\implies n = \text{length } xs \implies \text{list-all } (\lambda y. f y = x) xs$ 
  by (induction xs arbitrary: n) simp-all

lemma map-eq-replicateI: length xs = n  $\implies (\bigwedge x. x \in \text{set } xs \implies f x = c) \implies \text{map } f xs = \text{replicate } n c$ 
  by (induction xs arbitrary: n) auto

lemma list-all-dropI[intro]: list-all P xs  $\implies \text{list-all } P (\text{drop } n xs)$ 
  by (metis append-take-drop-id list-all-append)

```

5 Non-empty list

```

type-synonym 'a nlist = 'a × 'a list

```

```

end
theory Result
  imports
    Main

```

HOL-Library.Monad-Syntax
begin

datatype ('err, 'a) result =
 is-err: Error 'err |
 is-ok: Ok 'a

6 Monadic bind

context begin

qualified fun bind :: ('a, 'b) result \Rightarrow ('b \Rightarrow ('a, 'c) result) \Rightarrow ('a, 'c) result **where**
 bind (Error x) - = Error x |
 bind (Ok x) f = f x

end

adhoc-overloading

bind Result.bind

context begin

qualified lemma bind-Ok[simp]: $x \gg= Ok = x$
by (cases x) simp-all

qualified lemma bind-eq-Ok-conv: $(x \gg= f = Ok z) = (\exists y. x = Ok y \wedge f y = Ok z)$
by (cases x) simp-all

qualified lemmas bind-eq-OkD[dest!] = bind-eq-Ok-conv[THEN iffD1]

qualified lemmas bind-eq-OkE = bind-eq-OkD[THEN exE]

qualified lemmas bind-eq-OkI[intro] = conjI[THEN exI[THEN bind-eq-Ok-conv[THEN iffD2]]]

qualified lemma bind-eq-Error-conv:

$x \gg= f = Error z \longleftrightarrow x = Error z \vee (\exists y. x = Ok y \wedge f y = Error z)$

by (cases x) simp-all

qualified lemmas bind-eq-ErrorD[dest!] = bind-eq-Error-conv[THEN iffD1]

qualified lemmas bind-eq-ErrorE = bind-eq-ErrorD[THEN disjE]

qualified lemmas bind-eq-ErrorI =

disjI1[THEN bind-eq-Error-conv[THEN iffD2]]

conjI[THEN exI[THEN disjI2[THEN bind-eq-Error-conv[THEN iffD2]]]]

lemma if-then-else-Ok[simp]:

$(if\ a\ then\ b\ else\ Error\ c) = Ok\ d \longleftrightarrow a \wedge b = Ok\ d$

$(if\ a\ then\ Error\ c\ else\ b) = Ok\ d \longleftrightarrow \neg a \wedge b = Ok\ d$

by (cases a) simp-all

qualified lemma *if-then-else-Error*[simp]:
 $(\text{if } a \text{ then } \text{Ok } b \text{ else } c) = \text{Error } d \longleftrightarrow \neg a \wedge c = \text{Error } d$
 $(\text{if } a \text{ then } c \text{ else } \text{Ok } b) = \text{Error } d \longleftrightarrow a \wedge c = \text{Error } d$
by (*cases a*) *simp-all*

qualified lemma *map-eq-Ok-conv*: $\text{map-result } f \ g \ x = \text{Ok } y \longleftrightarrow (\exists x'. x = \text{Ok } x' \wedge y = g \ x')$
by (*cases x*; *auto*)

qualified lemma *map-eq-Error-conv*: $\text{map-result } f \ g \ x = \text{Error } y \longleftrightarrow (\exists x'. x = \text{Error } x' \wedge y = f \ x')$
by (*cases x*; *auto*)

qualified lemmas *map-eq-OkD*[*dest!*] = *iffD1*[*OF map-eq-Ok-conv*]
qualified lemmas *map-eq-ErrorD*[*dest!*] = *iffD1*[*OF map-eq-Error-conv*]

end

7 Conversion functions

context begin

qualified fun *of-option where*
of-option e None = Error e |
of-option e (Some x) = Ok x

qualified lemma *of-option-injective*[simp]: $(\text{of-option } e \ x = \text{of-option } e \ y) = (x = y)$
by (*cases x*; *cases y*; *simp*)

qualified lemma *of-option-eq-Ok*[simp]: $(\text{of-option } x \ y = \text{Ok } z) = (y = \text{Some } z)$
by (*cases y*) *simp-all*

qualified fun *to-option where*
to-option (Error -) = None |
to-option (Ok x) = Some x

qualified lemma *to-option-Some*[simp]: $(\text{to-option } r = \text{Some } x) = (r = \text{Ok } x)$
by (*cases r*) *simp-all*

qualified fun *those* :: $(\text{'err}, \text{'ok}) \text{ result list} \Rightarrow (\text{'err}, \text{'ok list}) \text{ result}$ **where**
those [] = Ok [] |
those (x # xs) = do {
y ← x;
ys ← those xs;
Ok (y # ys)
}

qualified lemma *those-Cons-OkD*: $\text{those } (x \ \# \ xs) = \text{Ok } ys \Longrightarrow \exists y \ ys'. ys = y \ \#$

$ys' \wedge x = Ok\ y \wedge those\ xs = Ok\ ys'$
by *auto*

end

end

theory *Option-Extra*

imports *Main*

begin

fun *ap-option* (**infixl** \diamond 60) **where**
 $(Some\ f) \diamond (Some\ x) = Some\ (f\ x) \mid$
 $- \diamond - = None$

lemma *ap-option-eq-Some-conv*: $f \diamond x = Some\ y \longleftrightarrow (\exists f'\ x'. f = Some\ f' \wedge x = Some\ x' \wedge y = f'\ x')$
by (*cases f; simp; cases x; auto*)

definition *ap-map-prod* **where**

$ap\text{-}map\text{-}prod\ f\ g\ p \equiv Some\ Pair \diamond f\ (fst\ p) \diamond g\ (snd\ p)$

lemma *ap-map-prod-eq-Some-conv*:

$ap\text{-}map\text{-}prod\ f\ g\ p = Some\ p' \longleftrightarrow (\exists x\ y. p = (x, y) \wedge (\exists x'\ y'. p' = (x', y') \wedge f\ x = Some\ x' \wedge g\ y = Some\ y'))$

proof (*cases p*)

case (*Pair x y*)

then show *?thesis*

unfolding *ap-map-prod-def*

by (*auto simp add: ap-map-prod-def ap-option-eq-Some-conv*)

qed

fun *ap-map-list* :: $('a \Rightarrow 'b\ option) \Rightarrow 'a\ list \Rightarrow 'b\ list\ option$ **where**

$ap\text{-}map\text{-}list\ -\ [] = Some\ [] \mid$

$ap\text{-}map\text{-}list\ f\ (x\ \#\ xs) = Some\ (\#) \diamond f\ x \diamond ap\text{-}map\text{-}list\ f\ xs$

lemma *length-ap-map-list*: $ap\text{-}map\text{-}list\ f\ xs = Some\ ys \Longrightarrow length\ ys = length\ xs$

by (*induction xs arbitrary: ys*) (*auto simp add: ap-option-eq-Some-conv*)

lemma *ap-map-list-imp-rel-option-map-of*:

assumes $ap\text{-}map\text{-}list\ f\ xs = Some\ ys$ **and**

$\bigwedge x\ y. (x, y) \in set\ (zip\ xs\ ys) \Longrightarrow f\ x = Some\ y \Longrightarrow fst\ x = fst\ y$

shows $rel\text{-}option\ (\lambda x\ y. f\ (k, x) = Some\ (k, y))\ (map\text{-}of\ xs\ k)\ (map\text{-}of\ ys\ k)$

using *assms*

proof (*induction xs arbitrary: ys*)

case *Nil*

thus *?case by simp*

next

case (*Cons x xs*)

from *Cons.prem*s **show** *?case*


```

apply (auto simp add: ap-option-eq-Some-conv option-rel-Some1 elim!: Cons.IH)
  apply (metis prod.collapse)
  apply (metis prod.collapse)
  by blast
qed

lemma ap-map-list-ap-map-prod-imp-rel-option-map-of:
  assumes ap-map-list (ap-map-prod Some f) xs = Some ys
  shows rel-option ( $\lambda x y. f x = \text{Some } y$ ) (map-of xs k) (map-of ys k)
  using assms
proof (induction xs arbitrary: ys)
  case Nil
  thus ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons x xs)
  from Cons.prem1 show ?case
  by (auto simp: ap-option-eq-Some-conv ap-map-prod-eq-Some-conv elim: Cons.IH[simplified])
qed

lemma ex-ap-map-list-eq-SomeI:
  assumes list-all ( $\lambda x. \exists y. f x = \text{Some } y$ ) xs
  shows  $\exists ys. \text{ap-map-list } f \text{ } xs = \text{Some } ys$ 
  using assms
  by (induction xs) auto

lemma ap-map-list-iff-list-all2:
  ap-map-list f xs = Some ys  $\longleftrightarrow$  list-all2 ( $\lambda x y. f x = \text{Some } y$ ) xs ys
proof (rule iffI)
  show ap-map-list f xs = Some ys  $\implies$  list-all2 ( $\lambda x y. f x = \text{Some } y$ ) xs ys
  by (induction xs arbitrary: ys) (auto simp: ap-option-eq-Some-conv)
next
  show list-all2 ( $\lambda x y. f x = \text{Some } y$ ) xs ys  $\implies$  ap-map-list f xs = Some ys
  by (induction xs ys rule: list.rel-induct) auto
qed

lemma ap-map-list-map-conv:
  assumes
    ap-map-list f xs = Some ys and
     $\bigwedge x y. x \in \text{set } xs \implies f x = \text{Some } y \implies y = g x$ 
  shows ys = map g xs
  using assms
  by (induction xs arbitrary: ys) (auto simp: ap-option-eq-Some-conv)

end
theory Map-Extra
  imports Main HOL-Library.Library
begin

lemmas map-of-eq-Some-imp-key-in-fst-dom[intro] =

```

domI[of map-of xs for xs, unfolded dom-map-of-conv-image-fst]

lemma *very-weak-map-of-SomeI*: $k \in \text{fst } \text{'set } kvs \implies \exists v. \text{map-of } kvs \ k = \text{Some } v$
by (*induction kvs*) *auto*

lemma *map-of-fst-hd-neq-Nil*[*simp*]:

assumes $xs \neq []$

shows $\text{map-of } xs \ (\text{fst } (\text{hd } xs)) = \text{Some } (\text{snd } (\text{hd } xs))$

using *assms*

by (*cases xs*) *simp-all*

definition *map-merge* **where**

$\text{map-merge } f \ m1 \ m2 \ x =$

(*case* ($m1 \ x, m2 \ x$) *of*

(*None, None*) $\implies \text{None}$

| (*None, Some z*) $\implies \text{Some } z$

| (*Some y, None*) $\implies \text{Some } y$

| (*Some y, Some z*) $\implies f \ y \ z$)

lemma *option-case-cancel*[*simp*]: (*case opt of None* $\implies x$ | *Some -* $\implies x$) = x

using *option.case-eq-if*

by (*simp add: option.case-eq-if*)

lemma *map-le-map-merge-Some-const*:

$f \subseteq_m \text{map-merge } (\lambda x \ y. \text{Some } x) \ f \ g$ **and**

$g \subseteq_m \text{map-merge } (\lambda x \ y. \text{Some } y) \ f \ g$

unfolding *map-le-def* *atomize-conj*

find-theorems - &&& -

proof (*intro conjI ballI*)

fix x

assume $x \in \text{dom } f$

then obtain y **where** $f \ x = \text{Some } y$

by *blast*

then show $f \ x = \text{map-merge } (\lambda x \ y. \text{Some } x) \ f \ g \ x$

unfolding *map-merge-def*

by *simp*

next

fix x

assume $x \in \text{dom } g$

then obtain z **where** $g \ x = \text{Some } z$

by *blast*

then show $g \ x = \text{map-merge } (\lambda x. \text{Some}) \ f \ g \ x$

unfolding *map-merge-def*

by (*simp add: option.case-eq-if*)

qed

8 pred_map

definition *pred-map* **where**

$pred\text{-}map\ P\ m \equiv (\forall x\ y. m\ x = Some\ y \longrightarrow P\ y)$

lemma *pred-map-get*:
 assumes *pred-map P m and m x = Some y*
 shows *P y*
 using *assms unfolding pred-map-def by simp*

end

theory *AList-Extra*

imports *HOL-Library.AList List-util*

begin

lemma *list-all2-rel-prod-updateI*:
 assumes *list-all2 (rel-prod (=) R) xs ys and R xval yval*
 shows *list-all2 (rel-prod (=) R) (AList.update k xval xs) (AList.update k yval ys)*
 using *assms(1,1,2)*
 by (*induction xs ys rule: list.rel-induct*) *auto*

lemma *length-map-entry[simp]*: $length\ (AList.map\ entry\ k\ f\ al) = length\ al$
 by (*induction al*) *simp-all*

lemma *map-entry-id0[simp]*: $AList.map\ entry\ k\ id = id$
proof (*rule ext*)
 fix *xs*
 show $AList.map\ entry\ k\ id\ xs = id\ xs$
 by (*induction xs*) *auto*
qed

lemma *map-entry-id*: $AList.map\ entry\ k\ id\ xs = xs$
 by *simp*

lemma *map-entry-map-of-Some-conv*:
 $map\ of\ xs\ k = Some\ v \implies AList.map\ entry\ k\ f\ xs = AList.update\ k\ (f\ v)\ xs$
 by (*induction xs*) *auto*

lemma *map-entry-map-of-None-conv*:
 $map\ of\ xs\ k = None \implies AList.map\ entry\ k\ f\ xs = xs$
 by (*induction xs*) *auto*

lemma *list-all2-rel-prod-map-entry*:
 assumes
 $list\ all2\ (rel\ prod\ (=)\ R)\ xs\ ys$ **and**
 $\bigwedge xval\ yval. map\ of\ xs\ k = Some\ xval \implies map\ of\ ys\ k = Some\ yval \implies R\ (f\ xval)\ (g\ yval)$
 shows $list\ all2\ (rel\ prod\ (=)\ R)\ (AList.map\ entry\ k\ f\ xs)\ (AList.map\ entry\ k\ g\ ys)$
 using *assms(1)[THEN rel-option-map-of, of k]*
proof (*cases rule: option.rel-cases*)
 case *None*

```

thus ?thesis
  using assms(1) by (simp add: map-entry-map-of-None-conv)
next
  case (Some xval yval)
  then show ?thesis
    using assms(1,2)
    by (auto simp add: map-entry-map-of-Some-conv intro!: list-all2-rel-prod-updateI)
qed

```

```

lemmas list-all2-rel-prod-map-entry1 = list-all2-rel-prod-map-entry[where g =
id, simplified]

```

```

lemmas list-all2-rel-prod-map-entry2 = list-all2-rel-prod-map-entry[where f = id,
simplified]

```

```

lemma list-all-updateI:
  assumes list-all P xs and P (k, v)
  shows list-all P (AList.update k v xs)
  using assms
  by (induction xs) auto

```

```

lemma set-update: set (AList.update k v xs) ⊆ {(k, v)} ∪ set xs
  by (induction xs) auto

```

end

theory *Global*

```

  imports HOL-Library.Library Result Env List-util Option-Extra Map-Extra AList-Extra

```

begin

```

sledgehammer-params [timeout = 30]

```

```

sledgehammer-params [provers = cvc4 e spass vampire z3 zipperposition]

```

```

declare K-record-comp[simp]

```

```

lemma if-then-Some-else-None-eq[simp]:
  (if a then Some b else None) = Some c  $\longleftrightarrow$  a  $\wedge$  b = c
  (if a then Some b else None) = None  $\longleftrightarrow$   $\neg$  a
  by (cases a) simp-all

```

```

lemma if-then-else-distributive: (if a then f b else f c) = f (if a then b else c)
  by simp

```

9 Rest

```

lemma map-ofD:
  fixes xs k opt
  assumes map-of xs k = opt
  shows opt = None  $\vee$  ( $\exists n < \text{length } xs. \text{opt} = \text{Some } (\text{snd } (xs ! n))$ )
  using assms

```

by (metis in-set-conv-nth map-of-SomeD not-Some-eq snd-conv)

lemma *list-all2-assoc-map-rel-get*:

assumes *list-all2* (=) (map fst xs) (map fst ys) **and** *list-all2* R (map snd xs) (map snd ys)

shows *rel-option* R (map-of xs k) (map-of ys k)

using *assms*[unfolded *list.rel-map*]

proof (induction xs ys rule: *list.rel-induct*)

case *Nil*

thus ?*case* by *simp*

next

case (*Cons* x xs y ys)

thus ?*case* by (cases k = fst x) *auto*

qed

9.1 Function definition

datatype ('label, 'instr) *fundef* =

Fundef (body: ('label × 'instr list) list) (arity: nat) (return: nat) (fundef-locals: nat)

lemma *rel-fundef-arithies*: *rel-fundef* r1 r2 gd1 gd2 \implies *arity* gd1 = *arity* gd2

by (*simp* add: *fundef.rel-sel*)

lemma *rel-fundef-return*: *rel-fundef* R1 R2 gd1 gd2 \implies *return* gd1 = *return* gd2

by (*simp* add: *fundef.rel-sel*)

lemma *rel-fundef-locals*: *rel-fundef* R1 R2 gd1 gd2 \implies *fundef-locals* gd1 = *fundef-locals* gd2

by (*simp* add: *fundef.rel-sel*)

lemma *rel-fundef-body-length*[*simp*]:

rel-fundef r1 r2 fd1 fd2 \implies *length* (body fd1) = *length* (body fd2)

by (*auto* intro: *list-all2-lengthD* *simp* add: *fundef.rel-sel*)

definition *funtype* **where**

funtype fd \equiv (*arity* fd, *return* fd)

lemma *rel-fundef-funtype*[*simp*]: *rel-fundef* R1 R2 fd1 fd2 \implies *funtype* fd1 = *funtype* fd2

by (*simp* add: *fundef.rel-sel* *funtype-def*)

lemma *rel-fundef-rel-fst-hd-bodies*:

assumes *rel-fundef* R1 R2 fd1 fd2 **and** *body* fd1 \neq [] \vee *body* fd2 \neq []

shows R1 (fst (hd (body fd1))) (fst (hd (body fd2)))

using *assms*

unfolding *fundef.rel-sel*

by (*auto* intro: *list-all2-rel-prod-fst-hd*[*THEN* *conjunct1*])

lemma *map-option-comp-conv*:
assumes
 $\bigwedge x. \text{rel-option } R (f x) (g x)$
 $\bigwedge fd1\ fd2. fd1 \in \text{ran } f \implies fd2 \in \text{ran } g \implies R\ fd1\ fd2 \implies h\ fd1 = i\ fd2$
shows $\text{map-option } h \circ f = \text{map-option } i \circ g$
proof (*intro ext*)
fix x
show $(\text{map-option } h \circ f)\ x = (\text{map-option } i \circ g)\ x$
using $\text{assms}(1)[\text{of } x]$
by (*cases rule: option.rel-cases*) (*auto intro: ranI assms(2)*)
qed

lemma *map-option-arity-comp-conv*:
assumes $(\bigwedge x. \text{rel-option } (\text{rel-fundef } R\ S)\ (f\ x)\ (g\ x))$
shows $\text{map-option } \text{arity} \circ f = \text{map-option } \text{arity} \circ g$
proof (*rule map-option-comp-conv*)
fix x **show** $\text{rel-option } (\text{rel-fundef } R\ S)\ (f\ x)\ (g\ x)$
by (*rule assms(1)*)
next
fix $fd1\ fd2$
show $\text{rel-fundef } R\ S\ fd1\ fd2 \implies \text{arity } fd1 = \text{arity } fd2$
by (*rule rel-fundef-arithies*)
qed

definition *wf-fundef where*
 $\text{wf-fundef } fd \iff \text{body } fd \neq []$

lemma *wf-fundef-non-empty-bodyD[dest,intro]*: $\text{wf-fundef } fd \implies \text{body } fd \neq []$
by (*simp add: wf-fundef-def*)

definition *wf-fundefs where*
 $\text{wf-fundefs } F \iff (\forall f\ fd. F\ f = \text{Some } fd \implies \text{wf-fundef } fd)$

lemma *wf-fundefsI*:
assumes $\bigwedge f\ fd. F\ f = \text{Some } fd \implies \text{wf-fundef } fd$
shows $\text{wf-fundefs } F$
using assms **by** (*simp add: wf-fundefs-def*)

lemma *wf-fundefsI'*:
assumes $\bigwedge f. \text{pred-option } \text{wf-fundef } (F\ f)$
shows $\text{wf-fundefs } F$
using assms **unfolding** wf-fundefs-def
by (*metis option.pred-inject(2)*)

lemma *wf-fundefs-imp-wf-fundef*:
assumes $\text{wf-fundefs } F$ **and** $F\ f = \text{Some } fd$
shows $\text{wf-fundef } fd$
using assms **by** (*simp add: wf-fundefs-def*)

hide-fact *wf-fundefs-def*

9.2 Program

datatype (*'fenv, 'henv, 'fun*) *prog* =
 Prog (*prog-fundefs: 'fenv*) (*heap: 'henv*) (*main-fun: 'fun*)

definition *wf-prog* **where**
 wf-prog *Get* *p* \longleftrightarrow *wf-fundefs* (*Get* (*prog-fundefs* *p*))

9.3 Stack frame

datatype (*'fun, 'label, 'operand*) *frame* =
 Frame *'fun 'label* (*prog-counter: nat*) (*regs: 'operand list*) (*operand-stack: 'operand list*)

definition *instr-at* **where**
 instr-at *fd label pc* =
 (*case map-of* (*body fd*) *label of*
 Some instrs \Rightarrow
 if *pc* < *length instrs* *then*
 Some (*instrs* ! *pc*)
 else
 None
 | *None* \Rightarrow *None*)

lemma *instr-atD*:
 assumes *instr-at* *fd l pc* = *Some instr*
 shows \exists *instrs*. *map-of* (*body fd*) *l* = *Some instrs* \wedge *pc* < *length instrs* \wedge *instrs* ! *pc* = *instr*
 using *assms*
 by (*cases map-of* (*body fd*) *l*) (*auto simp: instr-at-def*)

lemma *rel-fundef-imp-rel-option-instr-at*:
 assumes *rel-fundef* (=) *R fd1 fd2*
 shows *rel-option* *R* (*instr-at* *fd1 l pc*) (*instr-at* *fd2 l pc*)
 using *assms*
proof (*cases rule: fundef.rel-cases*)
 case (*Fundef bblocks1 - - bblocks2*)
 then show *?thesis*
 by (*auto simp: instr-at-def list-all2-lengthD*
 intro: list-all2-nthD2 elim!: option.rel-cases dest!: rel-option-map-of[*of - - - l*])
qed

definition *next-instr* **where**
 next-instr *F f label pc* \equiv *do* {
 fd \leftarrow *F f*;
 instr-at *fd label pc*
 }

lemma *next-instr-eq-Some-conv*:

next-instr F f l pc = Some instr \leftrightarrow $(\exists fd. F f = Some fd \wedge instr\text{-at } fd \ l \ pc = Some \ instr)$

by (*simp add: next-instr-def bind-eq-Some-conv*)

lemma *next-instrD*:

assumes *next-instr F f l pc = Some instr*

shows $\exists fd. F f = Some fd \wedge instr\text{-at } fd \ l \ pc = Some \ instr$

using *assms unfolding next-instr-def*

by (*cases F f; simp*)

lemma *next-instr-pc-lt-length-instrsI*:

assumes

next-instr F f l pc = Some instr **and**

F f = Some fd **and**

map-of (body fd) l = Some instrs

shows $pc < length \ instrs$

using *assms*

by (*auto dest!: next-instrD instr-atD*)

lemma *next-instr-get-map-ofD*:

assumes

next-instr F f l pc = Some instr **and**

F f = Some fd **and**

map-of (body fd) l = Some instrs

shows $pc < length \ instrs$ **and** $instrs ! pc = instr$

using *assms*

by (*auto dest!: next-instrD instr-atD*)

lemma *next-instr-length-instrs*:

assumes

F f = Some fd **and**

map-of (body fd) label = Some instrs

shows $next\text{-instr } F \ f \ label \ (length \ instrs) = None$

by (*simp add: assms next-instr-def instr-at-def*)

lemma *next-instr-take-Suc-conv*:

assumes *next-instr F f l pc = Some instr* **and**

F f = Some fd **and**

map-of (body fd) l = Some instrs

shows $take \ (Suc \ pc) \ instrs = take \ pc \ instrs \ @ \ [instr]$

using *assms*

by (*auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth dest!: next-instrD instr-atD*)

9.4 Dynamic state

datatype (*'fenv, 'henv, 'frame*) *state* =

State (state-fundefs: 'fenv) (heap: 'henv) (callstack: 'frame list)

definition *state-ok* **where**

state-ok $Get\ s \longleftrightarrow wf\ fundefs\ (Get\ (state\ fundefs\ s))$

inductive *final* **for** *F-get* *Return* **where**

finalI: $next\ instr\ (F\ get\ F)\ f\ l\ pc = Some\ Return \implies$
 $final\ F\ get\ Return\ (State\ F\ H\ [Frame\ f\ l\ pc\ R\ \Sigma])$

definition *allocate-frame* **where**

allocate-frame $f\ fd\ args\ uninitialized \equiv$
 $Frame\ f\ (fst\ (hd\ (body\ fd)))\ 0\ (args\ @\ replicate\ (fundef\ locals\ fd)\ uninitialized)$
□

inductive *load* **for** *F-get* *Uninitialized* **where**

F-get $F\ main = Some\ fd \implies arity\ fd = 0 \implies body\ fd \neq [] \implies$
 $load\ F\ get\ Uninitialized\ (Prog\ F\ H\ main)\ (State\ F\ H\ [allocate\ frame\ main\ fd\ []\ Uninitialized])$

lemma *length-neq-imp-not-list-all2*:

assumes $length\ xs \neq length\ ys$

shows $\neg list\ all2\ R\ xs\ ys$

proof (*rule notI*)

assume $list\ all2\ R\ xs\ ys$

hence $length\ xs = length\ ys$

by (*rule list-all2-lengthD*)

thus *False*

using *assms* **by** *contradiction*

qed

lemma *list-all2-rel-prod-conv*:

list-all2 $(rel\ prod\ R\ S)\ xs\ ys \longleftrightarrow$

$list\ all2\ R\ (map\ fst\ xs)\ (map\ fst\ ys) \wedge list\ all2\ S\ (map\ snd\ xs)\ (map\ snd\ ys)$

proof (*cases length xs = length ys*)

case *True*

then show *?thesis*

by (*induction xs ys rule: list-induct2*) (*auto simp: rel-prod-sel*)

next

case *False*

hence *neq-length-maps*:

$length\ (map\ fst\ xs) \neq length\ (map\ fst\ ys)$

$length\ (map\ snd\ xs) \neq length\ (map\ snd\ ys)$

by *simp-all*

show *?thesis*

using *length-neq-imp-not-list-all2* [*OF False*]

using *neq-length-maps* [*THEN length-neq-imp-not-list-all2*]

by *simp*

qed

definition *rewrite-fundef-body* ::

$(\text{'label}, \text{'instr}) \text{ fundef} \Rightarrow \text{'label} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{'instr} \Rightarrow (\text{'label}, \text{'instr}) \text{ fundef}$ **where**
 $\text{rewrite-fundef-body } \text{fd } \text{l } \text{n } \text{instr} =$
 $(\text{case } \text{fd} \text{ of } \text{Fundef } \text{bblocks } \text{ar } \text{ret } \text{locals} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{Fundef } (\text{AList.map-entry } \text{l } (\lambda \text{instrs}. \text{instrs}[\text{n} := \text{instr}]) \text{bblocks}) \text{ ar } \text{ret } \text{locals})$

lemma *rewrite-fundef-body-cases*[*case-names invalid-label valid-label*]:

assumes

$\bigwedge \text{bs } \text{ar } \text{ret } \text{locals}. \text{fd} = \text{Fundef } \text{bs } \text{ar } \text{ret } \text{locals} \Longrightarrow \text{map-of } \text{bs } \text{l} = \text{None} \Longrightarrow P$

$\bigwedge \text{bs } \text{ar } \text{ret } \text{locals } \text{instrs}. \text{fd} = \text{Fundef } \text{bs } \text{ar } \text{ret } \text{locals} \Longrightarrow \text{map-of } \text{bs } \text{l} = \text{Some } \text{instrs} \Longrightarrow P$

shows P

using *assms*

by (*cases fd*; *cases map-of (body fd) l*) *auto*

lemma *arity-rewrite-fundef-body*[*simp*]: $\text{arity } (\text{rewrite-fundef-body } \text{fd } \text{l } \text{pc } \text{instr}) = \text{arity } \text{fd}$

by (*cases fd*; *simp add: rewrite-fundef-body-def option.case-eq-if*)

lemma *return-rewrite-fundef-body*[*simp*]: $\text{return } (\text{rewrite-fundef-body } \text{fd } \text{l } \text{pc } \text{instr}) = \text{return } \text{fd}$

by (*cases fd*) (*simp add: rewrite-fundef-body-def option.case-eq-if*)

lemma *funtype-rewrite-fundef-body*[*simp*]: $\text{funtype } (\text{rewrite-fundef-body } \text{fd } \text{l } \text{pc } \text{instr}') = \text{funtype } \text{fd}$

by (*simp add: funtype-def*)

lemma *length-body-rewrite-fundef-body*[*simp*]:

$\text{length } (\text{body } (\text{rewrite-fundef-body } \text{fd } \text{l } \text{pc } \text{instr})) = \text{length } (\text{body } \text{fd})$

by (*cases fd*) (*simp add: rewrite-fundef-body-def*)

lemma *prod-in-set-fst-image-conv*: $(x, y) \in \text{set } \text{xy} \Longrightarrow x \in \text{fst } \text{'set } \text{xy}$

by (*metis fstI image-eqI*)

lemma *map-of-body-rewrite-fundef-body-conv-ineq*[*simp*]:

assumes $l \neq l'$

shows $\text{map-of } (\text{body } (\text{rewrite-fundef-body } \text{fd } \text{l } \text{pc } \text{instr})) \text{ l}' = \text{map-of } (\text{body } \text{fd}) \text{ l}'$

using *assms*

by (*cases fd*) (*simp add: rewrite-fundef-body-def map-of-map-entry*)

lemma *map-of-body-rewrite-fundef-body-conv-eq*[*simp*]:

$\text{map-of } (\text{body } (\text{rewrite-fundef-body } \text{fd } \text{l } \text{pc } \text{instr})) \text{ l} =$

$\text{map-option } (\lambda \text{xs}. \text{xs}[\text{pc} := \text{instr}]) (\text{map-of } (\text{body } \text{fd}) \text{l})$

by (*cases fd*) (*simp add: rewrite-fundef-body-def map-of-map-entry map-option-case*)

lemma *instr-at-rewrite-fundef-body-conv*:

$\text{instr-at } (\text{rewrite-fundef-body } \text{fd } \text{l}' \text{pc}' \text{instr}') \text{ l } \text{pc} =$

$\text{map-option } (\lambda \text{instr}. \text{if } \text{l} = \text{l}' \wedge \text{pc} = \text{pc}' \text{ then } \text{instr}' \text{ else } \text{instr}) (\text{instr-at } \text{fd } \text{l } \text{pc})$

proof (*cases fd*)

case (*Fundef bblocks ar ret locals*)

```

then show ?thesis
proof (cases instr-at fd l pc)
  case None
  then show ?thesis
  by (cases map-of bblocks l)
    (auto simp add: Fundef rewrite-fundef-body-def instr-at-def map-of-map-entry)
next
  case (Some instrs)
  then show ?thesis
  by (cases map-of bblocks l)
    (auto simp add: Fundef rewrite-fundef-body-def instr-at-def map-of-map-entry)
qed
qed

```

```

lemma fundef-locals-rewrite-fundef-body[simp]:
  fundef-locals (rewrite-fundef-body fd l pc instr) = fundef-locals fd
  by (cases fd; simp add: rewrite-fundef-body-def option.case-eq-if)

```

```

lemma rel-fundef-rewrite-body1:
  assumes
    rel-fd1-fd2: rel-fundef (=) R fd1 fd2 and
    instr-at-l-pc: instr-at fd1 l pc = Some instr and
    R-iff:  $\bigwedge x. R \text{ instr } x \longleftrightarrow R \text{ instr}' x$ 
  shows rel-fundef (=) R (rewrite-fundef-body fd1 l pc instr') fd2
  using assms(1)
proof (cases rule: fundef.rel-cases)
  case (Fundef xs ar' ret' locals' ys ar ret locals)
  show ?thesis
    using Fundef(3,3,1,2,4-) instr-at-l-pc
  proof (induction xs ys arbitrary: fd1 fd2 rule: list.rel-induct)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by (simp add: rewrite-fundef-body-def)
  next
  case (Cons x xs y ys)
  then show ?case
    apply (simp add: rewrite-fundef-body-def)
    apply safe
    using assms(3)
    apply (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) fun-upd-apply fundef.sel(1) instr-atD list-all2-lengthD
      list-all2-nthD2 list-all2-update1-cong map-of.simps(2) option.simps(1))
  prod.sel(1,2)
    rel-prod-sel)
  by (simp add: instr-at-def)
qed
qed

```

```

lemma rel-fundef-rewrite-body:
  assumes rel-fd1-fd2: rel-fundef (=) R fd1 fd2 and R-i1-i2: R i1 i2
  shows rel-fundef (=) R (rewrite-fundef-body fd1 l pc i1) (rewrite-fundef-body fd2

```

```

l pc i2)
  using assms(1)
proof (cases rule: fundef.rel-cases)
  case (Fundef bblocks1 ar1 ret1 locals1 bblocks2 ar2 ret2 locals2)
  then show ?thesis
    using R-i1-i2
    by (auto simp: rewrite-fundef-body-def
      intro!: list-all2-update-cong
      intro!: list-all2-rel-prod-map-entry
      dest: rel-option-map-of[of - - - l])
qed

lemma rewrite-fundef-body-triv:
  instr-at fd l pc = Some instr  $\implies$  rewrite-fundef-body fd l pc instr = fd
  by (cases fd)
  (auto simp add: rewrite-fundef-body-def map-entry-map-of-Some-conv update-triv
  dest: instr-atD)

lemma rel-fundef-rewrite-body2:
  assumes
    rel-fd1-fd2: rel-fundef (=) R fd1 fd2 and
    instr-at-l-pc: instr-at fd2 l pc = Some instr and
    R-iff:  $\bigwedge x. R x instr \longleftrightarrow R x instr'$ 
  shows rel-fundef (=) R fd1 (rewrite-fundef-body fd2 l pc instr')
  using assms(1)
proof (cases rule: fundef.rel-cases)
  case (Fundef xs ar' ret' locals' ys ar locals)
  moreover obtain instrs2 where
    map-of (body fd2) l = Some instrs2 and pc < length instrs2 and instrs2 ! pc
  = instr
    using instr-atD[OF instr-at-l-pc] by auto
  moreover then obtain instrs1 instr1 where
    map-of (body fd1) l = Some instrs1 and pc < length instrs1 and instrs1 ! pc
  = instr1
    using rel-fundef-imp-rel-option-instr-at[OF rel-fd1-fd2, of l pc]
    apply (auto simp add: instr-at-def option-rel-Some2)
    by (metis instr-atD instr-at-def)
  moreover have list-all2 R instrs1 instrs2
    using Fundef <map-of (body fd2) l = Some instrs2> <map-of (body fd1) l =
  Some instrs1>
    by (auto dest: rel-option-map-of[of - - - l])
  moreover hence R (instrs1 ! pc) (instrs2 ! pc)
    using <pc < length instrs1>
    by (auto intro: list-all2-nthD)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by (auto simp: rewrite-fundef-body-def R-iff
      intro!: list-all2-rel-prod-map-entry2
      intro: list-all2-update2-cong)
qed

```

```

lemma rel-fundef-rewrite-body2':
  assumes
    rel-fd1-fd2: rel-fundef (=) R fd1 fd2 and
    instr-at1: instr-at fd1 l pc = Some instr1 and
    R-instr1-instr2: R instr1 instr2'
  shows rel-fundef (=) R fd1 (rewrite-fundef-body fd2 l pc instr2')
  using assms(1)
proof (cases rule: fundef.rel-cases)
  case (Fundef bblocks1 ar1 ret1 locals1 bblocks2 ar2 ret2 locals2)
  moreover obtain instrs1 where
    map-of bblocks1 l = Some instrs1 and pc < length instrs1 and instrs1 ! pc =
    instr1
    using Fundef instr-at1 [THEN instr-atD] by auto

  moreover then obtain instrs2 instr2 where
    map-of (body fd2) l = Some instrs2 and pc < length instrs2 and instrs2 ! pc
    = instr2
    using Fundef rel-fd1-fd2
    apply (auto simp: option-rel-Some1 dest!: rel-option-map-of[where l = l])
    by (metis list-all2-lengthD)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using R-instr1-instr2
    by (auto simp: rewrite-fundef-body-def
      intro!: list-all2-update2-cong list-all2-rel-prod-map-entry2
      dest: rel-option-map-of[of - - l])
qed

thm rel-fundef-rewrite-body

lemma if-eq-const-conv: (if x then y else z) = w  $\longleftrightarrow$   $x \wedge y = w \vee \neg x \wedge z = w$ 
  by simp

lemma const-eq-if-conv:  $w = (\text{if } x \text{ then } y \text{ else } z) \longleftrightarrow x \wedge w = y \vee \neg x \wedge w = z$ 
  by auto

end
theory Op
  imports Main
begin

```

10 n-ary operations

```

locale nary-operations =
  fixes
     $\mathfrak{Op} :: 'op \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a$  and
     $\mathfrak{Arity} :: 'op \Rightarrow \text{nat}$ 
  assumes
     $\mathfrak{Op}\text{-Arity}\text{-domain}$ :  $\text{length } xs = \mathfrak{Arity} \text{ op} \implies \exists y. \mathfrak{Op} \text{ op } xs = y$ 

```

```

end
theory OpInl
  imports Op
begin

```

11 n-ary operations

```

locale nary-operations-inl =
  nary-operations  $\mathcal{O}p$   $\mathcal{A}rity$ 
for
   $\mathcal{O}p :: 'op \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a$  and  $\mathcal{A}rity +$ 
fixes
   $\mathcal{I}nl\mathcal{O}p :: 'opinl \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a$  and
   $\mathcal{I}nl :: 'op \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'opinl \text{ option}$  and
   $\mathcal{I}s\mathcal{I}nl :: 'opinl \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow bool$  and
   $\mathcal{D}e\mathcal{I}nl :: 'opinl \Rightarrow 'op$ 
assumes
   $\mathcal{I}nl\text{-invertible}: \mathcal{I}nl \text{ op } xs = \text{Some } opinl \Longrightarrow \mathcal{D}e\mathcal{I}nl \text{ opinl} = \text{op}$  and
   $\mathcal{I}nl\mathcal{O}p\text{-correct}: \text{length } xs = \mathcal{A}rity (\mathcal{D}e\mathcal{I}nl \text{ opinl}) \Longrightarrow \mathcal{I}nl\mathcal{O}p \text{ opinl } xs = \mathcal{O}p (\mathcal{D}e\mathcal{I}nl$ 
 $\text{ opinl}) \text{ xs}$  and
   $\mathcal{I}nl\text{-}\mathcal{I}s\mathcal{I}nl: \mathcal{I}nl \text{ op } xs = \text{Some } opinl \Longrightarrow \mathcal{I}s\mathcal{I}nl \text{ opinl } xs$ 

```

```

begin

```

```

lemma  $\mathcal{I}nl\text{-inj-on}: inj\text{-on } \mathcal{I}nl \{ op \mid op \text{ args. } \mathcal{I}nl \text{ op } \text{args} \neq None \}$ 
  apply (simp add: inj-on-def)
proof (intro allI impI, elim exE)
  fix  $op_1 \text{ } op_2 \text{ } args_1 \text{ } args_2 \text{ } opinl_1 \text{ } opinl_2$ 
  assume  $assms: \mathcal{I}nl \text{ } op_1 = \mathcal{I}nl \text{ } op_2 \quad \mathcal{I}nl \text{ } op_1 \text{ } args_1 = \text{Some } opinl_1 \quad \mathcal{I}nl \text{ } op_2 \text{ } args_2 =$ 
 $\text{Some } opinl_2$ 
  hence  $\mathcal{D}e\mathcal{I}nl \text{ } opinl_1 = op_1 \quad \mathcal{D}e\mathcal{I}nl \text{ } opinl_1 = op_2$ 
  by (auto intro:  $\mathcal{I}nl\text{-invertible}$ )
  thus  $op_1 = op_2$ 
  by simp
qed

```

```

abbreviation  $\mathcal{I}nl\text{-dom}$  where

```

```

 $\mathcal{I}nl\text{-dom} \equiv \{ op \mid op \text{ args. } \mathcal{I}nl \text{ op } \text{args} \neq None \}$ 

```

```

lemma  $bij\text{-betw } \mathcal{I}nl \text{ } \mathcal{I}nl\text{-dom} \{ \mathcal{I}nl \text{ } op \mid op. op \in \mathcal{I}nl\text{-dom} \}$ 
  using bij-betw-def
  unfolding image-def
  using  $\mathcal{I}nl\text{-inj-on}$ 
  by (auto simp add: bij-betw-def)

```

```

end

end
theory Dynamic
  imports Main
begin

locale dynval =
  fixes
    uninitialized :: 'dyn and
    is-true :: 'dyn  $\Rightarrow$  bool and
    is-false :: 'dyn  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  assumes
    not-true-and-false:  $\neg (is-true\ d \wedge is-false\ d)$ 
begin

lemma false-not-true: is-false d  $\Longrightarrow$   $\neg is-true\ d$ 
  using not-true-and-false by blast

lemma true-not-false: is-true d  $\Longrightarrow$   $\neg is-false\ d$ 
  using not-true-and-false by blast

lemma is-true-and-is-false-implies-False: is-true d  $\Longrightarrow is-false\ d \Longrightarrow False$ 
  using true-not-false false-not-true by simp

end

end
theory Inca
  imports Global OpInl Env Dynamic
         VeriComp.Language
begin

```

12 Inline caching

12.1 Static representation

```

datatype ('dyn, 'var, 'fun, 'label, 'op, 'opinl) instr =
  IPush 'dyn |
  IPop |
  IGet nat |
  ISet nat |
  ILoad 'var |
  IStore 'var |
  IOp 'op |
  IOpInl 'opinl |
  is-jump: ICJump 'label 'label |
  ICall 'fun |

```

is-return: *IReturn*

locale *inca* =
Fenv: *env F-empty F-get F-add F-to-list* +
Henv: *env heap-empty heap-get heap-add heap-to-list* +
dynval uninitialized is-true is-false +
nary-operations-inl $\mathcal{O}p$ $\mathcal{A}rity$ $\mathcal{I}nl\mathcal{O}p$ $\mathcal{I}nl$ $\mathcal{I}s\mathcal{I}nl$ $\mathcal{D}e\mathcal{I}nl$
for
— Functions environment
F-empty **and**
F-get :: '*fenv* \Rightarrow '*fun* \Rightarrow ('*label*, ('*dyn*, '*var*, '*fun*, '*label*, '*op*, '*opinl*) *instr*) *fundef*
option **and**
F-add **and** *F-to-list* **and**

— Memory heap
heap-empty **and**
heap-get :: '*henv* \Rightarrow '*var* \times '*dyn* \Rightarrow '*dyn option* **and**
heap-add **and** *heap-to-list* **and**

— Dynamic values
uninitialized :: '*dyn* **and** *is-true* **and** *is-false* **and**

— n-ary operations
 $\mathcal{O}p$:: '*op* \Rightarrow '*dyn list* \Rightarrow '*dyn* **and** $\mathcal{A}rity$ **and**
 $\mathcal{I}nl\mathcal{O}p$ **and** $\mathcal{I}nl$ **and** $\mathcal{I}s\mathcal{I}nl$ **and** $\mathcal{D}e\mathcal{I}nl$:: '*opinl* \Rightarrow '*op*
begin

12.2 Semantics

inductive *step* (**infix** \rightarrow 55) **where**

step-push:

next-instr (*F-get* *F*) *f l pc* = *Some (IPush d)* \Longrightarrow
*State F H (Frame f l pc R Σ # *st*)* \rightarrow *State F H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (d # Σ) # *st*)* |

step-pop:

next-instr (*F-get* *F*) *f l pc* = *Some IPop* \Longrightarrow
*State F H (Frame f l pc R (d # Σ) # *st*)* \rightarrow *State F H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R Σ # *st*)* |

step-get:

next-instr (*F-get* *F*) *f l pc* = *Some (IGet n)* \Longrightarrow
 $n < \text{length } R \Longrightarrow d = R ! n \Longrightarrow$
*State F H (Frame f l pc R Σ # *st*)* \rightarrow *State F H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (d # Σ) # *st*)* |

step-set:

next-instr (*F-get* *F*) *f l pc* = *Some (ISet n)* \Longrightarrow
 $n < \text{length } R \Longrightarrow R' = R[n := d] \Longrightarrow$

$State\ F\ H\ (Frame\ f\ l\ pc\ R\ (d\ \# \Sigma)\ \# st) \rightarrow State\ F\ H\ (Frame\ f\ l\ (Suc\ pc)\ R'\ \Sigma\ \# st) \mid$

step-load:

$next\ instr\ (F\text{-}get\ F)\ f\ l\ pc = Some\ (ILoad\ x) \implies$
 $heap\ get\ H\ (x, y) = Some\ d \implies$
 $State\ F\ H\ (Frame\ f\ l\ pc\ R\ (y\ \# \Sigma)\ \# st) \rightarrow State\ F\ H\ (Frame\ f\ l\ (Suc\ pc)\ R\ (d\ \# \Sigma)\ \# st) \mid$

step-store:

$next\ instr\ (F\text{-}get\ F)\ f\ l\ pc = Some\ (IStore\ x) \implies$
 $heap\ add\ H\ (x, y)\ d = H' \implies$
 $State\ F\ H\ (Frame\ f\ l\ pc\ R\ (y\ \# d\ \# \Sigma)\ \# st) \rightarrow State\ F\ H'\ (Frame\ f\ l\ (Suc\ pc)\ R\ \Sigma\ \# st) \mid$

step-op:

$next\ instr\ (F\text{-}get\ F)\ f\ l\ pc = Some\ (IOp\ op) \implies$
 $\mathcal{A}rity\ op = ar \implies ar \leq length\ \Sigma \implies \mathcal{I}nl\ op\ (take\ ar\ \Sigma) = None \implies$
 $\mathcal{O}p\ op\ (take\ ar\ \Sigma) = x \implies$
 $State\ F\ H\ (Frame\ f\ l\ pc\ R\ \Sigma\ \# st) \rightarrow State\ F\ H\ (Frame\ f\ l\ (Suc\ pc)\ R\ (x\ \# drop\ ar\ \Sigma)\ \# st) \mid$

step-op-inl:

$next\ instr\ (F\text{-}get\ F)\ f\ l\ pc = Some\ (IOp\ op) \implies$
 $\mathcal{A}rity\ op = ar \implies ar \leq length\ \Sigma \implies \mathcal{I}nl\ op\ (take\ ar\ \Sigma) = Some\ opinl \implies$
 $\mathcal{I}nl\mathcal{O}p\ opinl\ (take\ ar\ \Sigma) = x \implies$
 $F' = Fenv.map\ entry\ F\ f\ (\lambda fd. rewrite\ fundef\ body\ fd\ l\ pc\ (IOpInl\ opinl)) \implies$
 $State\ F\ H\ (Frame\ f\ l\ pc\ R\ \Sigma\ \# st) \rightarrow State\ F'\ H\ (Frame\ f\ l\ (Suc\ pc)\ R\ (x\ \# drop\ ar\ \Sigma)\ \# st) \mid$

step-op-inl-hit:

$next\ instr\ (F\text{-}get\ F)\ f\ l\ pc = Some\ (IOpInl\ opinl) \implies$
 $\mathcal{A}rity\ (\mathcal{D}e\mathcal{I}nl\ opinl) = ar \implies ar \leq length\ \Sigma \implies \mathcal{I}s\mathcal{I}nl\ opinl\ (take\ ar\ \Sigma) \implies$
 $\mathcal{I}nl\mathcal{O}p\ opinl\ (take\ ar\ \Sigma) = x \implies$
 $State\ F\ H\ (Frame\ f\ l\ pc\ R\ \Sigma\ \# st) \rightarrow State\ F\ H\ (Frame\ f\ l\ (Suc\ pc)\ R\ (x\ \# drop\ ar\ \Sigma)\ \# st) \mid$

step-op-inl-miss:

$next\ instr\ (F\text{-}get\ F)\ f\ l\ pc = Some\ (IOpInl\ opinl) \implies$
 $\mathcal{A}rity\ (\mathcal{D}e\mathcal{I}nl\ opinl) = ar \implies ar \leq length\ \Sigma \implies \neg \mathcal{I}s\mathcal{I}nl\ opinl\ (take\ ar\ \Sigma) \implies$
 $\mathcal{I}nl\mathcal{O}p\ opinl\ (take\ ar\ \Sigma) = x \implies$
 $F' = Fenv.map\ entry\ F\ f\ (\lambda fd. rewrite\ fundef\ body\ fd\ l\ pc\ (IOp\ (\mathcal{D}e\mathcal{I}nl\ opinl)))$
 \implies
 $State\ F\ H\ (Frame\ f\ l\ pc\ R\ \Sigma\ \# st) \rightarrow State\ F'\ H\ (Frame\ f\ l\ (Suc\ pc)\ R\ (x\ \# drop\ ar\ \Sigma)\ \# st) \mid$

step-cjump:

$next\ instr\ (F\text{-}get\ F)\ f\ l\ pc = Some\ (ICJump\ l_t\ l_f) \implies$
 $is\ true\ d \wedge l' = l_t \vee is\ false\ d \wedge l' = l_f \implies$

$State\ F\ H\ (Frame\ f\ l\ pc\ R\ (d\ \#\ \Sigma)\ \#\ st) \rightarrow State\ F\ H\ (Frame\ f\ l'\ 0\ R\ \Sigma\ \#\ st) \mid$

step-call:

$next\ instr\ (F\text{-}get\ F)\ f\ l\ pc = Some\ (ICall\ g) \implies$
 $F\text{-}get\ F\ g = Some\ gd \implies arity\ gd \leq length\ \Sigma \implies$
 $frame_g = allocate\text{-}frame\ g\ gd\ (take\ (arity\ gd)\ \Sigma)\ uninitialized \implies$
 $State\ F\ H\ (Frame\ f\ l\ pc\ R\ \Sigma\ \#\ st) \rightarrow State\ F\ H\ (frame_g\ \#\ Frame\ f\ l\ pc\ R\ \Sigma\ \#\ st) \mid$

step-return:

$next\ instr\ (F\text{-}get\ F)\ g\ l_g\ pc_g = Some\ IReturn \implies$
 $F\text{-}get\ F\ g = Some\ gd \implies arity\ gd \leq length\ \Sigma_f \implies$
 $length\ \Sigma_g = return\ gd \implies$
 $frame_{f'} = Frame\ f\ l_f\ (Suc\ pc_f)\ R_f\ (\Sigma_g\ @\ drop\ (arity\ gd)\ \Sigma_f) \implies$
 $State\ F\ H\ (Frame\ g\ l_g\ pc_g\ R_g\ \Sigma_g\ \#\ Frame\ f\ l_f\ pc_f\ R_f\ \Sigma_f\ \#\ st) \rightarrow State\ F\ H\ (frame_{f'}\ \#\ st)$

lemma *step-deterministic:*

assumes $s1 \rightarrow s2$ **and** $s1 \rightarrow s3$

shows $s2 = s3$

using *assms*

apply (*cases s1 s2 rule: step.cases*)

apply (*auto elim: step.cases dest: is-true-and-is-false-implies-False*) [3]

apply (*auto elim: step.cases dest: is-true-and-is-false-implies-False*) [3]

apply (*auto elim: step.cases dest: is-true-and-is-false-implies-False*) [3]

apply (*auto elim: step.cases dest: is-true-and-is-false-implies-False*) [3]

apply (*auto elim: step.cases dest: is-true-and-is-false-implies-False*) [1]

done

lemma *step-right-unique: right-unique step*

using *step-deterministic*

by (*rule right-uniqueI*)

lemma *final-finished:*

assumes *final F-get IReturn s*

shows *finished step s*

unfolding *finished-def*

proof (*rule notI*)

assume $\exists x. step\ s\ x$

then obtain s' **where** *step s s' by auto*

thus *False*

using $\langle final\ F\text{-}get\ IReturn\ s \rangle$

by (*auto simp: state-ok-def elim!: step.cases final.cases*)

qed

sublocale *semantics step final F-get IReturn*

using *final-finished step-deterministic*

by *unfold-locales*

```

definition load where
  load  $\equiv$  Global.load F-get uninitialized

sublocale language step final F-get IReturn load
  by unfold-locales

end

end
theory Unboxed
  imports Global Dynamic
begin

datatype type = Ubx1 | Ubx2

datatype ('dyn, 'ubx1, 'ubx2) unboxed =
  is-dyn-operand: OpDyn 'dyn |
  OpUbx1 'ubx1 |
  OpUbx2 'ubx2

fun typeof where
  typeof (OpDyn _) = None |
  typeof (OpUbx1 _) = Some Ubx1 |
  typeof (OpUbx2 _) = Some Ubx2

fun cast-Dyn where
  cast-Dyn (OpDyn d) = Some d |
  cast-Dyn - = None

fun cast-Ubx1 where
  cast-Ubx1 (OpUbx1 x) = Some x |
  cast-Ubx1 - = None

fun cast-Ubx2 where
  cast-Ubx2 (OpUbx2 x) = Some x |
  cast-Ubx2 - = None

locale unboxedval = dynval uninitialized is-true is-false
for uninitialized :: 'dyn and is-true and is-false +
fixes
  box-ubx1 :: 'ubx1  $\Rightarrow$  'dyn and unbox-ubx1 :: 'dyn  $\Rightarrow$  'ubx1 option and
  box-ubx2 :: 'ubx2  $\Rightarrow$  'dyn and unbox-ubx2 :: 'dyn  $\Rightarrow$  'ubx2 option
assumes
  box-unbox-inverse:
  unbox-ubx1 d = Some u1  $\implies$  box-ubx1 u1 = d
  unbox-ubx2 d = Some u2  $\implies$  box-ubx2 u2 = d
begin

```

```

fun unbox :: type ⇒ 'dyn ⇒ ('dyn, 'ubx1, 'ubx2) unboxed option where
  unbox Ubx1 = map-option OpUbx1 ∘ unbox-ubx1 |
  unbox Ubx2 = map-option OpUbx2 ∘ unbox-ubx2

fun cast-and-box where
  cast-and-box Ubx1 = map-option box-ubx1 ∘ cast-Ubx1 |
  cast-and-box Ubx2 = map-option box-ubx2 ∘ cast-Ubx2

fun norm-unboxed where
  norm-unboxed (OpDyn d) = d |
  norm-unboxed (OpUbx1 x) = box-ubx1 x |
  norm-unboxed (OpUbx2 x) = box-ubx2 x

fun box-operand where
  box-operand (OpDyn d) = OpDyn d |
  box-operand (OpUbx1 x) = OpDyn (box-ubx1 x) |
  box-operand (OpUbx2 x) = OpDyn (box-ubx2 x)

fun box-frame where
  box-frame f (Frame g l pc R Σ) = Frame g l pc R (if f = g then map box-operand
  Σ else Σ)

definition box-stack where
  box-stack f ≡ map (box-frame f)

end

end
theory OpUbx
  imports OpInl Unboxed
begin

```

13 n-ary operations

```

locale nary-operations-ubx =
  nary-operations-inl Op Arith InlOp Inl IsInl DeInl +
  unboxedval uninitialized is-true is-false box-ubx1 unbox-ubx1 box-ubx2 unbox-ubx2
for
  Op :: 'op ⇒ 'dyn list ⇒ 'dyn and Arith and
  InlOp and Inl and IsInl and DeInl :: 'opinl ⇒ 'op and
  uninitialized :: 'dyn and is-true and is-false and
  box-ubx1 :: 'ubx1 ⇒ 'dyn and unbox-ubx1 and
  box-ubx2 :: 'ubx2 ⇒ 'dyn and unbox-ubx2 +
fixes
  UbxOp :: 'opubx ⇒ ('dyn, 'ubx1, 'ubx2) unboxed list ⇒ ('dyn, 'ubx1, 'ubx2)
  unboxed option and
  Ubx :: 'opinl ⇒ type option list ⇒ 'opubx option and
  Box :: 'opubx ⇒ 'opinl and
  TypeOp :: 'opubx ⇒ type option list × type option

```

assumes
Ubx-invertible:
 $\text{Ubx } \text{opinl } ts = \text{Some } \text{opubx} \implies \text{Box } \text{opubx} = \text{opinl}$ **and**
UbxOp-correct:
 $\text{UbxOp } \text{opubx } \Sigma = \text{Some } z \implies \text{InlOp } (\text{Box } \text{opubx}) (\text{map norm-unboxed } \Sigma) =$
norm-unboxed z and
UbxOp-to-Inl:
 $\text{UbxOp } \text{opubx } \Sigma = \text{Some } z \implies \text{Inl } (\text{DeInl } (\text{Box } \text{opubx})) (\text{map norm-unboxed } \Sigma) = \text{Some } (\text{Box } \text{opubx})$ **and**

TypeOfOp-Arity:
 $\text{Arity } (\text{DeInl } (\text{Box } \text{opubx})) = \text{length } (\text{fst } (\text{TypeOfOp } \text{opubx}))$ **and**
Ubx-opubx-type:
 $\text{Ubx } \text{opinl } ts = \text{Some } \text{opubx} \implies \text{fst } (\text{TypeOfOp } \text{opubx}) = ts$ **and**

TypeOfOp-correct:
 $\text{TypeOfOp } \text{opubx} = (\text{map typeof } xs, \tau) \implies$
 $\exists y. \text{UbxOp } \text{opubx } xs = \text{Some } y \wedge \text{typeof } y = \tau$ **and**
TypeOfOp-complete:
 $\text{UbxOp } \text{opubx } xs = \text{Some } y \implies \text{TypeOfOp } \text{opubx} = (\text{map typeof } xs, \text{typeof } y)$

end
theory *Ubx*
imports *Global OpUbx Env*
VeriComp.Language
begin

14 Unboxed caching

14.1 Static representation

datatype (*'dyn, 'var, 'fun, 'label, 'op, 'opinl, 'opubx, 'num, 'bool*) *instr* =
IPush 'dyn | IPushUbx1 'num | IPushUbx2 'bool |
IPop |
IGet nat | IGetUbx type nat |
ISet nat | ISetUbx type nat |
ILoad 'var | ILoadUbx type 'var |
IStore 'var | IStoreUbx type 'var |
IOp 'op | IOpInl 'opinl | IOpUbx 'opubx |
is-jump: IJump 'label 'label |
is-fun-call: ICall 'fun |
is-return: IReturn

locale *ubx* =
Fenv: env F-empty F-get F-add F-to-list +
Henv: env heap-empty heap-get heap-add heap-to-list +
nary-operations-ubx
Op Arity
InlOp Inl IsInl DeInl

```

    uninitialized is-true is-false box-ubx1 unbox-ubx1 box-ubx2 unbox-ubx2
  UbxOp Ubx Box TypeOfOp
for
  — Functions environment
  F-empty and
  F-get :: 'fenv ⇒ 'fun ⇒ ('label, ('dyn, 'var, 'fun, 'label, 'op, 'opinl, 'opubx,
'num, 'bool) instr) fundef option and
  F-add and F-to-list and

  — Memory heap
  heap-empty and
  heap-get :: 'henv ⇒ 'var × 'dyn ⇒ 'dyn option and
  heap-add and heap-to-list and

  — Dynamic values
  uninitialized :: 'dyn and is-true and is-false and

  — Unboxed values
  box-ubx1 and unbox-ubx1 and
  box-ubx2 and unbox-ubx2 and

  — n-ary operations
  Op :: 'op ⇒ 'dyn list ⇒ 'dyn and Arity and
  InlOp and Inl and IsInl and DeInl :: 'opinl ⇒ 'op and
  UbxOp :: 'opubx ⇒ ('dyn, 'num, 'bool) unboxed list ⇒ ('dyn, 'num, 'bool) unboxed
option and
  Ubx :: 'opinl ⇒ type option list ⇒ 'opubx option and
  Box :: 'opubx ⇒ 'opinl and
  TypeOfOp
begin

```

lemmas map-option-funtype-comp-map-entry-rewrite-fundef-body[simp] =
Fenv.map-option-comp-map-entry[of - funtype λfd. rewrite-fundef-body fd l pc instr for l pc instr, simplified]

fun generalize-instr **where**
 generalize-instr (IPushUbx1 n) = IPush (box-ubx1 n) |
 generalize-instr (IPushUbx2 b) = IPush (box-ubx2 b) |
 generalize-instr (IGetUbx - n) = IGet n |
 generalize-instr (ISetUbx - n) = ISet n |
 generalize-instr (ILoadUbx - x) = ILoad x |
 generalize-instr (IStoreUbx - x) = IStore x |
 generalize-instr (IOpUbx opubx) = IOpInl (Box opubx) |
 generalize-instr instr = instr

lemma instr-sel-generalize-instr[simp]:
 is-jump (generalize-instr instr) ↔ is-jump instr
 is-fun-call (generalize-instr instr) ↔ is-fun-call instr

is-return (generalize-instr instr) \longleftrightarrow is-return instr
unfolding *atomize-conj*
by *(cases instr; simp)*

lemma *instr-sel-generalize-instr-comp[simp]:*
is-jump \circ generalize-instr = is-jump and
is-fun-call \circ generalize-instr = is-fun-call and
is-return \circ generalize-instr = is-return
unfolding *atomize-conj*
using *instr-sel-generalize-instr by auto*

fun *generalize-fundef where*
generalize-fundef (Fundef xs ar ret locals) =
Fundef (map-ran (λ -. map generalize-instr) xs) ar ret locals

lemma *generalize-instr-idempotent[simp]:*
generalize-instr (generalize-instr x) = generalize-instr x
by *(cases x) simp-all*

lemma *generalize-instr-idempotent-comp[simp]:*
generalize-instr \circ generalize-instr = generalize-instr
by *fastforce*

lemma *length-body-generalize-fundef[simp]: length (body (generalize-fundef fd)) =*
length (body fd)
by *(cases fd) (simp add: map-ran-def)*

lemma *arity-generalize-fundef[simp]: arity (generalize-fundef fd) = arity fd*
by *(cases fd) simp*

lemma *return-generalize-fundef[simp]: return (generalize-fundef fd) = return fd*
by *(cases fd) simp*

lemma *fundef-locals-generalize[simp]: fundef-locals (generalize-fundef fd) = fun-*
def-locals fd
by *(cases fd; simp)*

lemma *funtype-generalize-fundef[simp]: funtype (generalize-fundef fd) = funtype*
fd
by *(cases fd; simp add: funtype-def)*

lemmas *map-option-comp-map-entry-generalize-fundef[simp] =*
Fenv.map-option-comp-map-entry[of - funtype generalize-fundef, simplified]

lemma *image-fst-set-body-generalize-fundef[simp]:*
fst ' set (body (generalize-fundef fd)) = fst ' set (body fd)
by *(cases fd) (simp add: dom-map-ran)*

lemma *map-of-generalize-fundef-conv:*

$map-of (body (generalize-fundef fd)) l = map-option (map generalize-instr) (map-of (body fd) l)$

by (cases fd) (simp add: map-ran-conv)

lemma map-option-arity-get-map-entry-generalize-fundef[simp]:

$map-option\ arity \circ F-get (Fenv.map-entry\ F2\ f\ generalize-fundef) =$
 $map-option\ arity \circ F-get\ F2$

by (auto intro: Fenv.map-option-comp-map-entry)

lemma instr-at-generalize-fundef-conv:

$instr-at (generalize-fundef fd) l = map-option generalize-instr o instr-at fd l$

proof (intro ext)

fix n

show $instr-at (generalize-fundef fd) l n = (map-option generalize-instr \circ instr-at fd l) n$

proof (cases fd)

case (Fundef bblocks ar locals)

then show ?thesis

by (cases map-of bblocks l) (simp-all add: instr-at-def map-ran-conv)

qed

qed

14.2 Semantics

inductive step (infix \rightarrow 55) **where**

step-push:

$next-instr (F-get F) f l pc = Some (IPush d) \implies$

$State\ F\ H (Frame\ f\ l\ pc\ R\ \Sigma\ \# st) \rightarrow State\ F\ H (Frame\ f\ l (Suc\ pc)\ R (OpDyn\ d\ \# \Sigma)\ \# st) |$

step-push-ubx1:

$next-instr (F-get F) f l pc = Some (IPushUbx1 n) \implies$

$State\ F\ H (Frame\ f\ l\ pc\ R\ \Sigma\ \# st) \rightarrow State\ F\ H (Frame\ f\ l (Suc\ pc)\ R (OpUbx1\ n\ \# \Sigma)\ \# st) |$

step-push-ubx2:

$next-instr (F-get F) f l pc = Some (IPushUbx2 b) \implies$

$State\ F\ H (Frame\ f\ l\ pc\ R\ \Sigma\ \# st) \rightarrow State\ F\ H (Frame\ f\ l (Suc\ pc)\ R (OpUbx2\ b\ \# \Sigma)\ \# st) |$

step-pop:

$next-instr (F-get F) f l pc = Some IPop \implies$

$State\ F\ H (Frame\ f\ l\ pc\ R (x\ \# \Sigma)\ \# st) \rightarrow State\ F\ H (Frame\ f\ l (Suc\ pc)\ R\ \Sigma\ \# st) |$

step-get:

$next-instr (F-get F) f l pc = Some (IGet n) \implies$

$n < length\ R \implies cast-Dyn (R ! n) = Some\ d \implies$

$State\ F\ H (Frame\ f\ l\ pc\ R\ \Sigma\ \# st) \rightarrow State\ F\ H (Frame\ f\ l (Suc\ pc)\ R (OpDyn$

$d \# \Sigma) \# st) \mid$

step-get-ubx-hit:

$next-instr (F-get F) f l pc = Some (IGetUbx \tau n) \implies$
 $n < length R \implies cast-Dyn (R ! n) = Some d \implies unbox \tau d = Some blob \implies$
 $State F H (Frame f l pc R \Sigma \# st) \rightarrow State F H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (blob \# \Sigma) \# st) \mid$

step-get-ubx-miss:

$next-instr (F-get F) f l pc = Some (IGetUbx \tau n) \implies$
 $n < length R \implies cast-Dyn (R ! n) = Some d \implies unbox \tau d = None \implies$
 $F' = Fenv.map-entry F f generalize-fundef \implies$
 $State F H (Frame f l pc R \Sigma \# st) \rightarrow State F' H (box-stack f (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (OpDyn d \# \Sigma) \# st)) \mid$

step-set:

$next-instr (F-get F) f l pc = Some (ISet n) \implies$
 $n < length R \implies cast-Dyn blob = Some d \implies R' = R[n := OpDyn d] \implies$
 $State F H (Frame f l pc R (blob \# \Sigma) \# st) \rightarrow State F H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R' \Sigma \# st) \mid$

step-set-ubx:

$next-instr (F-get F) f l pc = Some (ISetUbx \tau n) \implies$
 $n < length R \implies cast-and-box \tau blob = Some d \implies R' = R[n := OpDyn d]$
 \implies
 $State F H (Frame f l pc R (blob \# \Sigma) \# st) \rightarrow State F H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R' \Sigma \# st) \mid$

step-load:

$next-instr (F-get F) f l pc = Some (ILoad x) \implies$
 $cast-Dyn i = Some i' \implies heap-get H (x, i') = Some d \implies$
 $State F H (Frame f l pc R (i \# \Sigma) \# st) \rightarrow State F H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (OpDyn d \# \Sigma) \# st) \mid$

step-load-ubx-hit:

$next-instr (F-get F) f l pc = Some (ILoadUbx \tau x) \implies$
 $cast-Dyn i = Some i' \implies heap-get H (x, i') = Some d \implies unbox \tau d = Some blob \implies$
 $State F H (Frame f l pc R (i \# \Sigma) \# st) \rightarrow State F H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (blob \# \Sigma) \# st) \mid$

step-load-ubx-miss:

$next-instr (F-get F) f l pc = Some (ILoadUbx \tau x) \implies$
 $cast-Dyn i = Some i' \implies heap-get H (x, i') = Some d \implies unbox \tau d = None$
 \implies
 $F' = Fenv.map-entry F f generalize-fundef \implies$
 $State F H (Frame f l pc R (i \# \Sigma) \# st) \rightarrow State F' H (box-stack f (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (OpDyn d \# \Sigma) \# st)) \mid$

step-store:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{next-instr } (F\text{-get } F) \text{ f l pc} = \text{Some } (I\text{Store } x) \implies \\
& \text{cast-Dyn } i = \text{Some } i' \implies \text{cast-Dyn } y = \text{Some } d \implies \text{heap-add } H (x, i') \text{ d} = \\
& H' \implies \\
& \text{State } F \text{ H } (\text{Frame } f \text{ l pc } R (i \# y \# \Sigma) \# st) \rightarrow \text{State } F \text{ H}' (\text{Frame } f \text{ l } (\text{Suc} \\
& \text{pc}) R \Sigma \# st) \mid
\end{aligned}$$

step-store-ubx:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{next-instr } (F\text{-get } F) \text{ f l pc} = \text{Some } (I\text{StoreUbx } \tau \text{ x}) \implies \\
& \text{cast-Dyn } i = \text{Some } i' \implies \text{cast-and-box } \tau \text{ blob} = \text{Some } d \implies \text{heap-add } H (x, \\
& i') \text{ d} = H' \implies \\
& \text{State } F \text{ H } (\text{Frame } f \text{ l pc } R (i \# \text{blob} \# \Sigma) \# st) \rightarrow \text{State } F \text{ H}' (\text{Frame } f \text{ l } (\text{Suc} \\
& \text{pc}) R \Sigma \# st) \mid
\end{aligned}$$

step-op:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{next-instr } (F\text{-get } F) \text{ f l pc} = \text{Some } (I\text{Op } op) \implies \\
& \mathfrak{Arity} \text{ op} = ar \implies ar \leq \text{length } \Sigma \implies \\
& \text{ap-map-list } \text{cast-Dyn } (\text{take } ar \Sigma) = \text{Some } \Sigma' \implies \\
& \mathfrak{Inl} \text{ op } \Sigma' = \text{None} \implies \mathfrak{Op} \text{ op } \Sigma' = x \implies \\
& \text{State } F \text{ H } (\text{Frame } f \text{ l pc } R \Sigma \# st) \rightarrow \text{State } F \text{ H } (\text{Frame } f \text{ l } (\text{Suc } \text{pc}) R (\text{OpDyn} \\
& x \# \text{drop } ar \Sigma) \# st) \mid
\end{aligned}$$

step-op-inl:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{next-instr } (F\text{-get } F) \text{ f l pc} = \text{Some } (I\text{Op } op) \implies \\
& \mathfrak{Arity} \text{ op} = ar \implies ar \leq \text{length } \Sigma \implies \\
& \text{ap-map-list } \text{cast-Dyn } (\text{take } ar \Sigma) = \text{Some } \Sigma' \implies \\
& \mathfrak{Inl} \text{ op } \Sigma' = \text{Some } opinl \implies \mathfrak{InlOp} \text{ opinl } \Sigma' = x \implies \\
& F' = \text{Fenv.map-entry } F \text{ f } (\lambda fd. \text{rewrite-fundef-body } fd \text{ l pc } (I\text{OpInl } opinl)) \implies \\
& \text{State } F \text{ H } (\text{Frame } f \text{ l pc } R \Sigma \# st) \rightarrow \text{State } F' \text{ H } (\text{Frame } f \text{ l } (\text{Suc } \text{pc}) R (\text{OpDyn} \\
& x \# \text{drop } ar \Sigma) \# st) \mid
\end{aligned}$$

step-op-inl-hit:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{next-instr } (F\text{-get } F) \text{ f l pc} = \text{Some } (I\text{OpInl } opinl) \implies \\
& \mathfrak{Arity} (\mathfrak{DeInl} \text{ opinl}) = ar \implies ar \leq \text{length } \Sigma \implies \\
& \text{ap-map-list } \text{cast-Dyn } (\text{take } ar \Sigma) = \text{Some } \Sigma' \implies \\
& \mathfrak{IsInl} \text{ opinl } \Sigma' \implies \mathfrak{InlOp} \text{ opinl } \Sigma' = x \implies \\
& \text{State } F \text{ H } (\text{Frame } f \text{ l pc } R \Sigma \# st) \rightarrow \text{State } F \text{ H } (\text{Frame } f \text{ l } (\text{Suc } \text{pc}) R (\text{OpDyn} \\
& x \# \text{drop } ar \Sigma) \# st) \mid
\end{aligned}$$

step-op-inl-miss:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{next-instr } (F\text{-get } F) \text{ f l pc} = \text{Some } (I\text{OpInl } opinl) \implies \\
& \mathfrak{Arity} (\mathfrak{DeInl} \text{ opinl}) = ar \implies ar \leq \text{length } \Sigma \implies \\
& \text{ap-map-list } \text{cast-Dyn } (\text{take } ar \Sigma) = \text{Some } \Sigma' \implies \\
& \neg \mathfrak{IsInl} \text{ opinl } \Sigma' \implies \mathfrak{InlOp} \text{ opinl } \Sigma' = x \implies \\
& F' = \text{Fenv.map-entry } F \text{ f } (\lambda fd. \text{rewrite-fundef-body } fd \text{ l pc } (I\text{Op } (\mathfrak{DeInl} \text{ opinl}))) \\
& \implies \\
& \text{State } F \text{ H } (\text{Frame } f \text{ l pc } R \Sigma \# st) \rightarrow \text{State } F' \text{ H } (\text{Frame } f \text{ l } (\text{Suc } \text{pc}) R (\text{OpDyn} \\
& x \# \text{drop } ar \Sigma) \# st) \mid
\end{aligned}$$

step-op-ubx:
 $next_instr (F.get F) f l pc = Some (IOpUbx opubx) \implies$
 $\mathcal{D}e\mathcal{I}n\ell (\mathcal{B}o\mathcal{Y} opubx) = op \implies \mathcal{A}rity op = ar \implies ar \leq length \Sigma \implies$
 $\mathcal{U}b\mathcal{Y}\mathcal{O}p opubx (take ar \Sigma) = Some x \implies$
 $State F H (Frame f l pc R \Sigma \# st) \rightarrow State F H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (x \#$
 $drop ar \Sigma) \# st) \mid$

step-cjump:
 $next_instr (F.get F) f l pc = Some (ICJump l_t l_f) \implies$
 $cast_Dyn y = Some d \implies is_true d \wedge l' = l_t \vee is_false d \wedge l' = l_f \implies$
 $State F H (Frame f l pc R (y \# \Sigma) \# st) \rightarrow State F H (Frame f l' 0 R \Sigma \#$
 $st) \mid$

step-call:
 $next_instr (F.get F) f l pc = Some (ICall g) \implies$
 $F.get F g = Some gd \implies arity gd \leq length \Sigma \implies$
 $list_all is_dyn_operand (take (arity gd) \Sigma) \implies$
 $frame_g = allocate_frame g gd (take (arity gd) \Sigma) (OpDyn uninitialized) \implies$
 $State F H (Frame f l pc R_f \Sigma \# st) \rightarrow State F H (frame_g \# Frame f l pc R_f$
 $\Sigma \# st) \mid$

step-return:
 $next_instr (F.get F) g l_g pc_g = Some IReturn \implies$
 $F.get F g = Some gd \implies arity gd \leq length \Sigma_f \implies$
 $length \Sigma_g = return gd \implies list_all is_dyn_operand \Sigma_g \implies$
 $frame_{f'} = Frame f l_f (Suc pc_f) R_f (\Sigma_g @ drop (arity gd) \Sigma_f) \implies$
 $State F H (Frame g l_g pc_g R_g \Sigma_g \# Frame f l_f pc_f R_f \Sigma_f \# st) \rightarrow State F H$
 $(frame_{f'} \# st)$

lemma *step-deterministic:*

assumes $s1 \rightarrow s2$ and $s1 \rightarrow s3$

shows $s2 = s3$

using *assms*

apply (*cases s1 s2 rule: step.cases*)

apply (*auto simp: next-instr-length-instrs elim: step.cases dest: is-true-and-is-false-implies-False*)
 $[3]$

apply (*auto simp: next-instr-length-instrs elim: step.cases dest: is-true-and-is-false-implies-False*)
 $[3]$

apply (*auto simp: next-instr-length-instrs elim: step.cases dest: is-true-and-is-false-implies-False*)
 $[3]$

apply (*auto simp: next-instr-length-instrs elim: step.cases dest: is-true-and-is-false-implies-False*)
 $[3]$

apply (*auto simp: next-instr-length-instrs elim: step.cases dest: is-true-and-is-false-implies-False*)
 $[3]$

apply (*auto simp: next-instr-length-instrs elim: step.cases dest: is-true-and-is-false-implies-False*)
 $[3]$

apply (*auto simp: next-instr-length-instrs elim!: step.cases dest: is-true-and-is-false-implies-False*)
 $[3]$

apply (*auto simp: next-instr-length-instrs elim!: step.cases dest: is-true-and-is-false-implies-False*)

```

[1]
  done

lemma step-right-unique: right-unique step
  using step-deterministic
  by (rule right-uniqueI)

lemma final-finished:
  assumes final F-get IReturn s
  shows finished step s
  unfolding finished-def
proof (rule notI)
  assume  $\exists x. \text{step } s \ x$ 
  then obtain s' where step s s' by auto
  thus False
    using  $\langle \text{final } F\text{-get } I\text{Return } s \rangle$ 
    by (auto simp: state-ok-def elim!: step.cases final.cases)
qed

sublocale ubx-sem: semantics step final F-get IReturn
  using final-finished step-deterministic
  by unfold-locales

definition load where
  load  $\equiv$  Global.load F-get (OpDyn uninitialized)

sublocale inca-lang: language step final F-get IReturn load
  by unfold-locales

end

end
theory Ubx-Verification
  imports HOL-Library.Sublist Ubx Map-Extra
begin

lemma f-g-eq-f-imp-f-comp-g-eq-f[simp]:  $(\bigwedge x. f (g x) = f x) \implies (f \circ g) = f$ 
  by (simp add: comp-def)

context ubx begin

inductive sp-instr for F ret where
  Push:
    sp-instr F ret (IPush d)  $\Sigma$  (None #  $\Sigma$ ) |
  PushUbx1:
    sp-instr F ret (IPushUbx1 u)  $\Sigma$  (Some Ubx1 #  $\Sigma$ ) |
  PushUbx2:
    sp-instr F ret (IPushUbx2 u)  $\Sigma$  (Some Ubx2 #  $\Sigma$ ) |
  Pop:

```

$sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } I\text{Pop } (\tau \# \Sigma) \Sigma \mid$
Get:
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (I\text{Get } n) \Sigma (None \# \Sigma) \mid$
GetUbx:
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (I\text{GetUbx } \tau \ n) \Sigma (Some \ \tau \# \Sigma) \mid$
Set:
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (I\text{Set } n) (None \# \Sigma) \Sigma \mid$
SetUbx:
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (I\text{SetUbx } \tau \ n) (Some \ \tau \# \Sigma) \Sigma \mid$
Load:
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (I\text{Load } x) (None \# \Sigma) (None \# \Sigma) \mid$
LoadUbx:
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (I\text{LoadUbx } \tau \ x) (None \# \Sigma) (Some \ \tau \# \Sigma) \mid$
Store:
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (I\text{Store } x) (None \# None \# \Sigma) \Sigma \mid$
StoreUbx:
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (I\text{StoreUbx } \tau \ x) (None \# Some \ \tau \# \Sigma) \Sigma \mid$
Op:
 $\Sigma i = (\text{replicate } (\mathcal{A}rity \ op) \ None \ @ \ \Sigma) \implies$
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (I\text{Op } op) \ \Sigma i (None \# \Sigma) \mid$
OpInl:
 $\Sigma i = (\text{replicate } (\mathcal{A}rity \ (\mathcal{D}e\mathcal{I}nl \ opinl)) \ None \ @ \ \Sigma) \implies$
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (I\text{OpInl } opinl) \ \Sigma i (None \# \Sigma) \mid$
OpUbx:
 $\Sigma i = \text{fst } (\mathcal{T}ype\mathcal{D}f\mathcal{D}p \ opubx) \ @ \ \Sigma \implies \text{result} = \text{snd } (\mathcal{T}ype\mathcal{D}f\mathcal{D}p \ opubx) \implies$
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (I\text{OpUbx } opubx) \ \Sigma i (\text{result} \# \Sigma) \mid$
CJump:
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (I\text{CJump } l_t \ l_f) [None] \ [] \mid$
Call:
 $F \ f = \text{Some } (ar, r) \implies \Sigma i = \text{replicate } ar \ None \ @ \ \Sigma \implies \Sigma o = \text{replicate } r \ None$
 $@ \ \Sigma \implies$
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (I\text{Call } f) \ \Sigma i \ \Sigma o \mid$
Return: $\Sigma i = \text{replicate } ret \ None \implies$
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } I\text{Return } \Sigma i \ []$

inductive $sp\text{-instrs}$ for $F \text{ ret}$ where

Nil:
 $sp\text{-instrs } F \text{ ret } [] \ \Sigma \ \Sigma \mid$
Cons:
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } instr \ \Sigma i \ \Sigma \implies sp\text{-instrs } F \text{ ret } instrs \ \Sigma \ \Sigma o \implies$
 $sp\text{-instrs } F \text{ ret } (instr \# instrs) \ \Sigma i \ \Sigma o$

lemmas $sp\text{-instrs-ConsE} = sp\text{-instrs.cases}[of \ - \ - \ x \# \ xs \ \text{for } x \ xs, \ \text{simplified}]$

lemma $sp\text{-instrs-ConsD}$:

assumes $sp\text{-instrs } F \text{ ret } (instr \# instrs) \ \Sigma i \ \Sigma o$
shows $\exists \Sigma. sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } instr \ \Sigma i \ \Sigma \wedge sp\text{-instrs } F \text{ ret } instrs \ \Sigma \ \Sigma o$
using *assms*
by (*auto elim: sp\text{-instrs-ConsE}*)

lemma *sp-instr-deterministic*:

assumes

sp-instr F ret instr $\Sigma i \Sigma o$ and

sp-instr F ret instr $\Sigma i \Sigma o'$

shows $\Sigma o = \Sigma o'$

using *assms* **by** (*auto elim!*: *sp-instr.cases*)

lemma *sp-instr-right-unique*: *right-unique* ($\lambda(\text{instr}, \Sigma i) \Sigma o$. *sp-instr F ret instr $\Sigma i \Sigma o$*)

by (*auto intro!*: *right-uniqueI intro: sp-instr-deterministic*)

lemma *sp-instrs-deterministic*:

assumes

sp-instrs F ret instr $\Sigma i \Sigma o$ and

sp-instrs F ret instr $\Sigma i \Sigma o'$

shows $\Sigma o = \Sigma o'$

using *assms*

proof (*induction instr $\Sigma i \Sigma o$ arbitrary: $\Sigma o'$ rule: sp-instrs.induct*)

case (*Nil Σ*)

then show *?case*

by (*auto elim: sp-instrs.cases*)

next

case (*Cons instr $\Sigma i \Sigma$ instrs Σo*)

from *Cons.prem*s **obtain** Σ' **where** *sp-instr F ret instr $\Sigma i \Sigma'$ and sp-instrs F ret instrs $\Sigma' \Sigma o'$*

by (*auto elim: sp-instrs.cases*)

hence $\Sigma' = \Sigma$ **and** *sp-instrs F ret instrs $\Sigma' \Sigma o'$*

using *Cons.hyps*

by (*auto intro: sp-instr-deterministic*)

then show *?case*

by (*auto intro: Cons.IH*)

qed

fun *fun-call-in-range* **where**

fun-call-in-range F (ICall f) $\longleftrightarrow f \in \text{dom } F$ |

fun-call-in-range F instr $\longleftrightarrow \text{True}$

lemma *fun-call-in-range-generalize-instr[simp]*:

fun-call-in-range F (generalize-instr instr) $\longleftrightarrow \text{fun-call-in-range F instr}$

by (*induction instr; simp*)

lemma *sp-instr-complete*:

assumes *fun-call-in-range F instr*

shows $\exists \Sigma i \Sigma o$. *sp-instr F ret instr $\Sigma i \Sigma o$*

using *assms*

by (*cases instr; auto intro: sp-instr.intros*)

lemma *sp-instr-Op2I*:

```

assumes  $\mathcal{A}rity\ op = 2$ 
shows  $sp\text{-instr}\ F\ ret\ (IOp\ op)\ (None\ \# \ None\ \# \ \Sigma)\ (None\ \# \ \Sigma)$ 
using  $sp\text{-instr}.Op[of\ -\ op]$ 
unfolding  $assms\ numeral\ 2\ eq\ 2$ 
by  $auto$ 

```

lemma

```

assumes
   $F\text{-def}: F = Map.empty$  and
   $arity\text{-op}: \mathcal{A}rity\ op = 2$ 
shows  $sp\text{-instrs}\ F\ 1\ [IPush\ x,\ IPush\ y,\ IOp\ op,\ IReturn]\ []\ []$ 
by ( $auto\ simp: arity\text{-op}\ numeral\ 2\ eq\ 2$ 
   $intro!: sp\text{-instrs}.intros$ 
   $intro: sp\text{-instr}.intros\ sp\text{-instr}\ Op2I$ )

```

lemma $sp\text{-instrs}\ NilD[dest]: sp\text{-instrs}\ F\ ret\ []\ \Sigma_i\ \Sigma_o \implies \Sigma_i = \Sigma_o$
by ($auto\ elim: sp\text{-instrs}.cases$)

lemma $sp\text{-instrs}\text{-list}\text{-update}:$

```

assumes
   $sp\text{-instrs}\ F\ ret\ instrs\ \Sigma_i\ \Sigma_o$  and
   $sp\text{-instr}\ F\ ret\ (instrs!n) = sp\text{-instr}\ F\ ret\ instr$ 
shows  $sp\text{-instrs}\ F\ ret\ (instrs[n := instr])\ \Sigma_i\ \Sigma_o$ 
using  $assms$ 
proof ( $induction\ instrs\ \Sigma_i\ \Sigma_o\ arbitrary: n\ rule: sp\text{-instrs}.induct$ )
  case ( $Nil\ \Sigma$ )
    thus  $?case$  by ( $auto\ intro: sp\text{-instrs}.Nil$ )
  next
    case ( $Cons\ instr\ \Sigma_i\ \Sigma\ instrs\ \Sigma_o$ )
    show  $?case$ 
    proof ( $cases\ n$ )
      case  $0$ 
        thus  $?thesis$ 
        using  $Cons.hyps\ Cons.prem[simplified\ 0,\ simplified]$ 
        by ( $auto\ intro: sp\text{-instrs}.Cons$ )
      next
        case ( $Suc\ n'$ )
        then show  $?thesis$ 
        using  $Cons.hyps\ Cons.prem[simplified\ Suc,\ simplified,\ THEN\ Cons.IH]$ 
        by ( $auto\ intro: sp\text{-instrs}.Cons$ )
    qed
  qed

```

lemma $sp\text{-instrs}\text{-appendD}:$

```

assumes  $sp\text{-instrs}\ F\ ret\ (instrs1\ @\ instrs2)\ \Sigma_i\ \Sigma_o$ 
shows  $\exists \Sigma. sp\text{-instrs}\ F\ ret\ instrs1\ \Sigma_i\ \Sigma \wedge sp\text{-instrs}\ F\ ret\ instrs2\ \Sigma\ \Sigma_o$ 
using  $assms$ 
proof ( $induction\ instrs1\ arbitrary: \Sigma_i$ )
  case  $Nil$ 

```

```

thus ?case by (auto intro: sp-instrs.Nil)
next
  case (Cons instr instrs1)
  then obtain  $\Sigma$  where sp-instr F ret instr  $\Sigma i \Sigma$  and sp-instrs F ret (instrs1 @
instrs2)  $\Sigma \Sigma o$ 
    by (auto elim: sp-instrs.cases)
  thus ?case
    by (auto intro: sp-instrs.Cons dest: Cons.IH)
qed

```

```

lemma sp-instrs-appendD':
  assumes sp-instrs F ret (instrs1 @ instrs2)  $\Sigma i \Sigma o$  and sp-instrs F ret instrs1
 $\Sigma i \Sigma$ 
  shows sp-instrs F ret instrs2  $\Sigma \Sigma o$ 
proof -
  obtain  $\Sigma'$  where
    sp-instrs1: sp-instrs F ret instrs1  $\Sigma i \Sigma'$  and
    sp-instrs2: sp-instrs F ret instrs2  $\Sigma' \Sigma o$ 
  using sp-instrs-appendD[OF assms(1)]
  by auto
  have  $\Sigma' = \Sigma$ 
  using sp-instrs-deterministic[OF assms(2) sp-instrs1] by simp
  thus ?thesis
  using sp-instrs2 by simp
qed

```

```

lemma sp-instrs-appendI[intro]:
  assumes sp-instrs F ret instrs1  $\Sigma i \Sigma$  and sp-instrs F ret instrs2  $\Sigma \Sigma o$ 
  shows sp-instrs F ret (instrs1 @ instrs2)  $\Sigma i \Sigma o$ 
  using assms
  by (induction instrs1  $\Sigma i \Sigma$  rule: sp-instrs.induct) (auto intro: sp-instrs.Cons)

```

```

lemma sp-instrs-singleton-conv[simp]:
  sp-instrs F ret [instr]  $\Sigma i \Sigma o \longleftrightarrow$  sp-instr F ret instr  $\Sigma i \Sigma o$ 
  by (auto intro: sp-instrs.intros elim: sp-instrs.cases)

```

```

lemma sp-instrs-singletonI:
  assumes sp-instr F ret instr  $\Sigma i \Sigma o$ 
  shows sp-instrs F ret [instr]  $\Sigma i \Sigma o$ 
  using assms by (auto intro: sp-instrs.intros)

```

```

fun local-var-in-range where
  local-var-in-range n (IGet k)  $\longleftrightarrow$  k < n |
  local-var-in-range n (IGetUbx  $\tau$  k)  $\longleftrightarrow$  k < n |
  local-var-in-range n (ISet k)  $\longleftrightarrow$  k < n |
  local-var-in-range n (ISetUbx  $\tau$  k)  $\longleftrightarrow$  k < n |
  local-var-in-range - -  $\longleftrightarrow$  True

```

```

lemma local-var-in-range-generalize-instr[simp]:

```


local-var-in-range n (*generalize-instr* $instr$) \longleftrightarrow *local-var-in-range* n $instr$
by (*cases* $instr$; *simp*)

lemma *local-var-in-range-comp-generalize-instr*[*simp*]:
local-var-in-range $n \circ$ *generalize-instr* = *local-var-in-range* n
using *local-var-in-range-generalize-instr*
by *auto*

fun *jump-in-range* **where**
jump-in-range L (*ICJump* l_t l_f) \longleftrightarrow $\{l_t, l_f\} \subseteq L$ |
jump-in-range L - \longleftrightarrow *True*

inductive *wf-basic-block* **for** F L *ret* n **where**
instrs $\neq [] \implies$
list-all (*local-var-in-range* n) *instrs* \implies
list-all (*fun-call-in-range* F) *instrs* \implies
list-all (*jump-in-range* L) *instrs* \implies
list-all ($\lambda i. \neg$ *is-jump* $i \wedge \neg$ *is-return* i) (*butlast* *instrs*) \implies
sp-instrs F *ret* *instrs* $[] [] \implies$
wf-basic-block F L *ret* n (*label*, *instrs*)

lemmas *wf-basic-blockI* = *wf-basic-block.simps*[*THEN iffD2*]
lemmas *wf-basic-blockD* = *wf-basic-block.simps*[*THEN iffD1*]

definition *wf-fundef* **where**
wf-fundef F $fd \longleftrightarrow$
body $fd \neq [] \wedge$
list-all
(*wf-basic-block* F (*fst* ‘ *set* (*body* fd)) (*return* fd) (*arity* fd + *fundef-locals* fd))
(*body* fd)

lemmas *wf-fundefI* = *wf-fundef-def*[*THEN iffD2*, *OF conjI*]
lemmas *wf-fundefD* = *wf-fundef-def*[*THEN iffD1*]
lemmas *wf-fundef-body-neq-NilD* = *wf-fundefD*[*THEN conjunct1*]
lemmas *wf-fundef-all-wf-basic-blockD* = *wf-fundefD*[*THEN conjunct2*]

definition *wf-fundefs* **where**
wf-fundefs $F \longleftrightarrow$ ($\forall f. \text{pred-option } (wf-fundef (map-option funtype \circ F)) (F f)$)

lemmas *wf-fundefsI* = *wf-fundefs-def*[*THEN iffD2*]
lemmas *wf-fundefsD* = *wf-fundefs-def*[*THEN iffD1*]

lemma *wf-fundefs-getD*:
shows *wf-fundefs* $F \implies F f = \text{Some } fd \implies wf-fundef (map-option funtype \circ F)$
 fd
by (*auto* *dest!*: *wf-fundefsD*[*THEN spec*, *of - f*])

definition *wf-prog* **where**
wf-prog $p \longleftrightarrow wf-fundefs (F-get (prog-fundefs p))$

definition *wf-state* **where**

wf-state $s \longleftrightarrow wf_fundefs (F_get (state_fundefs s))$

lemmas *wf-stateI* = *wf-state-def*[*THEN iffD2*]

lemmas *wf-stateD* = *wf-state-def*[*THEN iffD1*]

lemma *sp-instr-generalize0*:

assumes *sp-instr* F *ret instr* $\Sigma_i \Sigma_o$ **and**

$\Sigma_{i'} = \text{map } (\lambda-. \text{None}) \Sigma_i$ **and** $\Sigma_{o'} = \text{map } (\lambda-. \text{None}) \Sigma_o$

shows *sp-instr* F *ret* (*generalize-instr instr*) $\Sigma_{i'} \Sigma_{o'}$

using *assms*

proof (*induction instr* $\Sigma_i \Sigma_o$ *rule: sp-instr.induct*)

case (*OpUbx* Σ_i *opubx* Σ *result*)

then show *?case*

apply *simp*

unfolding *map-replicate-const*

unfolding $\Sigma_{\text{typeDfOpArity}}$ [*symmetric*]

by (*auto intro: sp-instr.OpInl*)

qed (*auto simp: intro: sp-instr.intros*)

lemma *sp-instrs-generalize0*:

assumes *sp-instrs* F *ret instrs* $\Sigma_i \Sigma_o$ **and**

$\Sigma_{i'} = \text{map } (\lambda-. \text{None}) \Sigma_i$ **and** $\Sigma_{o'} = \text{map } (\lambda-. \text{None}) \Sigma_o$

shows *sp-instrs* F *ret* (*map generalize-instr instrs*) $\Sigma_{i'} \Sigma_{o'}$

using *assms*

proof (*induction instrs* $\Sigma_i \Sigma_o$ *arbitrary: $\Sigma_{i'} \Sigma_{o'}$ rule: sp-instrs.induct*)

case (*Nil* Σ)

then show *?case*

by (*auto intro: sp-instrs.Nil*)

next

case (*Cons instr* $\Sigma_i \Sigma$ *instrs* Σ_o)

then show *?case*

by (*auto intro: sp-instrs.Cons sp-instr-generalize0*)

qed

lemmas *sp-instr-generalize* = *sp-instr-generalize0*[*OF - refl refl*]

lemmas *sp-instr-generalize-Nil-Nil* = *sp-instr-generalize*[*of - - [] []*, *simplified*]

lemmas *sp-instrs-generalize* = *sp-instrs-generalize0*[*OF - refl refl*]

lemmas *sp-instrs-generalize-Nil-Nil* = *sp-instrs-generalize*[*of - - [] []*, *simplified*]

lemma *jump-in-range-generalize-instr*[*simp*]:

jump-in-range L (*generalize-instr instr*) \longleftrightarrow *jump-in-range* L *instr*

by (*cases instr*) *simp-all*

lemma *wf-basic-block-map-generalize-instr*:

assumes *wf-basic-block* $F L$ *ret n* (*label, instrs*)

shows *wf-basic-block* $F L$ *ret n* (*label, map generalize-instr instrs*)

using *assms*

by (*auto simp add: wf-basic-block.simps list.pred-map map-butlast[symmetric]*
intro: sp-instrs-generalize-Nil-Nil)

lemma *list-all-wf-basic-block-generalize-fundef:*
assumes *list-all (wf-basic-block F L ret n) (body fd)*
shows *list-all (wf-basic-block F L ret n) (body (generalize-fundef fd))*
proof (*cases fd*)
case (*Fundef bblocks ar ret locals*)
then show *?thesis*
using *assms*
by (*auto simp: map-ran-def list.pred-map comp-def case-prod-beta*
intro: wf-basic-block-map-generalize-instr
elim!: list.pred-mono-strong)

qed

lemma *wf-fundefs-map-entry:*
assumes *wf-F: wf-fundefs (F-get F) and*
same-funtype: $\bigwedge fd. fd \in \text{ran } (F\text{-get } F) \implies \text{funtype } (f \text{ fd}) = \text{funtype } fd$ and
same-arity: $\bigwedge fd. F\text{-get } F \ x = \text{Some } fd \implies \text{arity } (f \text{ fd}) = \text{arity } fd$ and
same-return: $\bigwedge fd. F\text{-get } F \ x = \text{Some } fd \implies \text{return } (f \text{ fd}) = \text{return } fd$ and
same-body-length: $\bigwedge fd. F\text{-get } F \ x = \text{Some } fd \implies \text{length } (\text{body } (f \text{ fd})) = \text{length}$
(body fd) and
same-locals: $\bigwedge fd. F\text{-get } F \ x = \text{Some } fd \implies \text{fundef-locals } (f \text{ fd}) = \text{fundef-locals}$
fd and
same-labels: $\bigwedge fd. F\text{-get } F \ x = \text{Some } fd \implies \text{fst ' set } (\text{body } (f \text{ fd})) = \text{fst ' set}$
(body fd) and
list-all-wf-basic-block-f: $\bigwedge fd.$
F-get F x = Some fd \implies
list-all (wf-basic-block (map-option funtype \circ F-get F) (fst ' set (body fd))
(return fd)
(arity fd + fundef-locals fd) (body fd) \implies
list-all (wf-basic-block (map-option funtype \circ F-get F) (fst ' set (body fd))
(return fd)
(arity fd + fundef-locals fd) (body (f fd))
shows *wf-fundefs (F-get (Fenv.map-entry F x f))*
proof (*intro wf-fundefsI allI*)
fix *y*
let *?F' = F-get (Fenv.map-entry F x f)*
show *pred-option (wf-fundef (map-option funtype \circ ?F')) (?F' y)*
proof (*cases F-get F y*)
case *None*
then show *?thesis*
by (*simp add: Fenv.get-map-entry-conv*)
next
case (*Some gd*)
hence *wf-gd: wf-fundef (map-option funtype \circ F-get F) gd*
using *wf-F [THEN wf-fundefsD, THEN spec, of y] by simp*
then show *?thesis*
proof (*cases x = y*)

```

case True
moreover have wf-fundef (map-option funtype  $\circ$  F-get (Fenv.map-entry F y
f)) (f gd)
proof (rule wf-fundefI)
  show body (f gd)  $\neq$  []
  using same-body-length[unfolded True, OF Some]
  using wf-fundef-body-neq-NilD[OF wf-gd]
  by auto
next
  show list-all (wf-basic-block (map-option funtype  $\circ$  F-get (Fenv.map-entry
F y f))
    (fst ‘ set (body (f gd))) (return (f gd)) (arity (f gd) + fundef-locals (f gd)))
    (body (f gd))
  using Some True
  using wf-gd[THEN wf-fundefD] Some[unfolded True]
  by (auto simp: Fenv.map-option-comp-map-entry ranI assms(2-8) intro!:
wf-fundefI)
  qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  by (simp add: Some)
next
case False
then show ?thesis
  unfolding Fenv.get-map-entry-neq[OF False]
  unfolding Some option.pred-inject
  using wf-gd[THEN wf-fundefD]
  using same-funtype
  by (auto simp: Fenv.map-option-comp-map-entry intro! wf-fundefI)
  qed
qed
qed

```

lemma *wf-fundefs-generalize*:
assumes *wf-F*: *wf-fundefs* (*F-get F*)
shows *wf-fundefs* (*F-get* (*Fenv.map-entry* *F f generalize-fundef*))
using *wf-F*
apply (*elim wf-fundefs-map-entry*)
by (*auto elim: list-all-wf-basic-block-generalize-fundef*)

lemma *list-all-wf-basic-block-rewrite-fundef-body*:
assumes
list-all (*wf-basic-block* *F L ret n*) (*body fd*) **and**
instr-at *fd l pc = Some instr* **and**
sp-instr-eq: *sp-instr F ret instr = sp-instr F ret instr'* **and**
local-var-in-range-iff: *local-var-in-range n instr' \longleftrightarrow local-var-in-range n instr*
and
fun-call-in-range-iff: *fun-call-in-range F instr' \longleftrightarrow fun-call-in-range F instr*
and
jump-in-range-iff: *jump-in-range L instr' \longleftrightarrow jump-in-range L instr* **and**

```

    is-jump-iff: is-jump instr'  $\longleftrightarrow$  is-jump instr and
    is-return-iff: is-return instr'  $\longleftrightarrow$  is-return instr
shows list-all (wf-basic-block F L ret n) (body (rewrite-fundef-body fd l pc instr'))
proof (cases fd)
case (Fundef bblocks ar ret' locals)
have wf-bblocks: list-all (wf-basic-block F L ret n) bblocks
    using assms(1) unfolding Fundef by simp

moreover have wf-basic-block F L ret n (l, instrs[pc := instr'])
    if map-of bblocks l = Some instrs for instrs
proof -
    have wf-basic-block-l-instrs: wf-basic-block F L ret n (l, instrs)
    by (rule list-all-map-of-SomeD[OF wf-bblocks that])

    have nth-instrs-pc: pc < length instrs instrs ! pc = instr
    using assms(2)[unfolded instr-at-def Fundef, simplified, unfolded that, sim-
    plified]
    by simp-all

show ?thesis
proof (rule wf-basic-blockI, simp, intro conjI)
    show instrs  $\neq$  []
    using wf-basic-block-l-instrs
    by (auto elim: wf-basic-block.cases)
next
    show list-all (local-var-in-range n) (instrs[pc := instr'])
    using wf-basic-block-l-instrs nth-instrs-pc
    by (auto simp: local-var-in-range-iff
        elim!: wf-basic-block.cases intro!: list-all-list-updateI)
next
    show list-all ( $\lambda i. \neg$  is-jump i  $\wedge$   $\neg$  is-return i) (butlast (instrs[pc := instr']))
    using wf-basic-block-l-instrs nth-instrs-pc
    apply (auto simp: butlast-list-update elim!: wf-basic-block.cases)
    apply (rule list-all-list-updateI)
    apply assumption
    by (simp add: is-jump-iff is-return-iff list-all-length nth-butlast)
next
    show sp-instrs F ret (instrs[pc := instr']) [] []
    using wf-basic-block-l-instrs nth-instrs-pc sp-instr-eq
    by (auto elim!: wf-basic-block.cases elim!: sp-instrs-list-update)
next
    show list-all (fun-call-in-range F) (instrs[pc := instr'])
    using wf-basic-block-l-instrs nth-instrs-pc
    by (auto simp: fun-call-in-range-iff
        elim!: wf-basic-block.cases intro!: list-all-list-updateI)
next
    show list-all (jump-in-range L) (instrs[pc := instr'])
    using wf-basic-block-l-instrs nth-instrs-pc
    by (auto simp: jump-in-range-iff elim!: wf-basic-block.cases intro!: list-all-list-updateI)

```

qed
qed

with *Fundef show ?thesis*
using *assms(1,2)*
by (*auto simp add: rewrite-fundef-body-def map-entry-map-of-Some-conv*
intro: list-all-updateI dest!: instr-atD)

qed

lemma *wf-fundefs-rewrite-body:*

assumes *wf-fundefs (F-get F) and*
next-instr (F-get F) f l pc = Some instr and
sp-instr-eq: $\bigwedge ret.$
sp-instr (map-option funtype \circ F-get F) ret instr' =
sp-instr (map-option funtype \circ F-get F) ret instr and
local-var-in-range-iff: $\bigwedge n.$ local-var-in-range n instr' \longleftrightarrow local-var-in-range n
instr and
fun-call-in-range-iff:
fun-call-in-range (map-option funtype \circ F-get F) instr' \longleftrightarrow
fun-call-in-range (map-option funtype \circ F-get F) instr and
jump-in-range-iff: $\bigwedge L.$ jump-in-range L instr' \longleftrightarrow jump-in-range L instr and
is-jump-iff: is-jump instr' \longleftrightarrow is-jump instr and
is-return-iff: is-return instr' \longleftrightarrow is-return instr
shows *wf-fundefs (F-get (Fenv.map-entry F f ($\lambda fd.$ rewrite-fundef-body fd l pc*
instr')))

proof –

obtain *fd where F-f: F-get F f = Some fd and instr-at-pc: instr-at fd l pc =*
Some instr
using *assms(2)[THEN next-instrD]*
by *auto*

show *?thesis*
using *assms(1)*
proof (*rule wf-fundefs-map-entry*)
fix *fd*
show *fst ' set (body (rewrite-fundef-body fd l pc instr')) = fst ' set (body fd)*
by (*cases fd*) (*simp add: rewrite-fundef-body-def dom-map-entry*)
next
fix *gd*
assume *F-get F f = Some gd*
hence *gd = fd*
using *F-f by simp*
then show
list-all (wf-basic-block (map-option funtype \circ F-get F) (fst ' set (body gd))
(return gd)
(arity gd + fundef-locals gd) (body gd) \implies
list-all (wf-basic-block (map-option funtype \circ F-get F) (fst ' set (body gd))
(return gd)
(arity gd + fundef-locals gd) (body (rewrite-fundef-body gd l pc instr'))

```

    using assms(1,3-)
    using F-f instr-at-pc
    by (elim list-all-wf-basic-block-rewrite-fundef-body) simp-all
qed simp-all
qed

lemma sp-instr-Op-OpInl-conv:
  assumes op =  $\mathfrak{D}\mathfrak{c}\mathfrak{I}\mathfrak{n}\mathfrak{l}$  opinl
  shows sp-instr F ret (IOp op) = sp-instr F ret (IOpInl opinl)
  by (auto simp: assms elim: sp-instr.cases intro: sp-instr.OpInl sp-instr.Op)

lemma wf-state-step-preservation:
  assumes wf-state s and step s s'
  shows wf-state s'
  using assms(2,1)
proof (cases s s' rule: step.cases)
  case (step-op-inl F f l pc op ar  $\Sigma$   $\Sigma'$  opinl x F' H R st)
  then show ?thesis
    using assms(1)
    by (auto intro!: wf-stateI intro: sp-instr-Op-OpInl-conv[symmetric]
        elim!: wf-fundefs-rewrite-body dest!: wf-stateD  $\mathfrak{I}\mathfrak{n}\mathfrak{l}$ -invertible)
next
  case (step-op-inl-miss F f l pc opinl ar  $\Sigma$   $\Sigma'$  x F' H R st)
  then show ?thesis
    using assms(1)
    by (auto intro!: wf-stateI intro: sp-instr-Op-OpInl-conv
        elim!: wf-fundefs-rewrite-body dest!: wf-stateD)
qed (auto simp: box-stack-def
  intro!: wf-stateI wf-fundefs-generalize
  intro: sp-instr.intros
  dest!: wf-stateD)

end

end
theory Unboxed-lemmas
  imports Unboxed
begin

lemma cast-Dyn-eq-Some-imp-typeof: cast-Dyn u = Some d  $\implies$  typeof u = None
  by (auto elim: cast-Dyn.elims)

lemma typeof-bind-OpDyn[simp]: typeof  $\circ$  OpDyn = ( $\lambda$ -. None)
  by auto

lemma is-dyn-operand-eq-typeof: is-dyn-operand = ( $\lambda$ x. typeof x = None)

```

```

proof (intro ext)
  fix x
  show is-dyn-operand x = (typeof x = None)
    by (cases x; simp)
qed

lemma is-dyn-operand-eq-typeof-Dyn[simp]: is-dyn-operand x  $\longleftrightarrow$  typeof x = None
  by (cases x; simp)

lemma typeof-unboxed-eq-const:
  fixes x
  shows
    typeof x = None  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\exists d. x = OpDyn d$ )
    typeof x = Some Ubx1  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\exists n. x = OpUbx1 n$ )
    typeof x = Some Ubx2  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\exists b. x = OpUbx2 b$ )
  by (cases x; simp)+

lemmas typeof-unboxed-inversion = typeof-unboxed-eq-const[THEN iffD1]

lemma cast-inversions:
  cast-Dyn x = Some d  $\implies$  x = OpDyn d
  cast-Ubx1 x = Some n  $\implies$  x = OpUbx1 n
  cast-Ubx2 x = Some b  $\implies$  x = OpUbx2 b
  by (cases x; simp)+

lemma ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-replicate:
  assumes ap-map-list cast-Dyn xs = Some ys
  shows map typeof xs = replicate (length xs) None
  using assms
proof (induction xs arbitrary: ys)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons x xs)
  from Cons.prem show ?case
  by (auto intro: Cons.IH dest: cast-inversions(1) simp: ap-option-eq-Some-conv)
qed

context unboxedval begin

lemma unbox-typeof[simp]: unbox  $\tau$  d = Some blob  $\implies$  typeof blob = Some  $\tau$ 
  by (cases  $\tau$ ; auto)

lemma cast-and-box-imp-typeof[simp]: cast-and-box  $\tau$  blob = Some d  $\implies$  typeof
blob = Some  $\tau$ 
  using cast-inversions[of blob]
  by (induction  $\tau$ ; auto dest: cast-inversions[of blob])

lemma norm-unbox-inverse[simp]: unbox  $\tau$  d = Some blob  $\implies$  norm-unboxed blob

```



```

= d
  using box-unbox-inverse
  by (cases  $\tau$ ; auto)

lemma norm-cast-and-box-inverse[simp]:
  cast-and-box  $\tau$  blob = Some d  $\implies$  norm-unboxed blob = d
  by (induction  $\tau$ ; auto elim: cast-Dyn.elims cast-Ubx1.elims cast-Ubx2.elims)

lemma typeof-and-norm-unboxed-imp-cast-Dyn:
  assumes typeof  $x' = \text{None}$  norm-unboxed  $x' = x$ 
  shows cast-Dyn  $x' = \text{Some } x$ 
  using assms
  unfolding typeof-unboxed-eq-const
  by auto

lemma typeof-and-norm-unboxed-imp-cast-and-box:
  assumes typeof  $x' = \text{Some } \tau$  norm-unboxed  $x' = x$ 
  shows cast-and-box  $\tau$   $x' = \text{Some } x$ 
  using assms
  by (induction  $\tau$ ; induction  $x'$ ; simp)

lemma norm-unboxed-bind-OpDyn[simp]: norm-unboxed  $\circ$  OpDyn = id
  by auto

lemmas box-stack-Nil[simp] = list.map(1)[of box-frame f for f, folded box-stack-def]
lemmas box-stack-Cons[simp] = list.map(2)[of box-frame f for f, folded box-stack-def]

lemma typeof-box-operand[simp]: typeof (box-operand u) = None
  by (cases u) simp-all

lemma typeof-box-operand-comp[simp]: typeof  $\circ$  box-operand = ( $\lambda$ -. None)
  by auto

lemma is-dyn-box-operand: is-dyn-operand (box-operand x)
  by (cases x) simp-all

lemma is-dyn-operand-comp-box-operand[simp]: is-dyn-operand  $\circ$  box-operand =
( $\lambda$ -. True)
  using is-dyn-box-operand by auto

lemma norm-box-operand[simp]: norm-unboxed (box-operand x) = norm-unboxed
x
  by (cases x) simp-all

end

end

theory Inca-to-Ubx-simulation
  imports List-util Result

```

```

    VeriComp.Simulation
    Inca Ubx Ubx-Verification Unboxed-lemmas
begin

lemma take-:Suc n = length xs  $\implies$  take n xs = butlast xs
  using butlast-conv-take diff-Suc-1 append-butlast-last-id
  by (metis butlast-conv-take diff-Suc-1)

lemma append-take-singleton-conv:Suc n = length xs  $\implies$  xs = take n xs @ [xs !
n]
proof (induction xs arbitrary: n)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons x xs)
  then show ?case
  proof (cases n)
    case 0
    then show ?thesis
      using Cons
      by simp
  next
    case (Suc n')
    have Suc n' = length xs
      by (rule Cons.premis[unfolded Suc, simplified])
    from Suc show ?thesis
      by (auto intro: Cons.IH[OF «Suc n' = length xs»])
  qed
qed

```

15 Locale imports

```

locale inca-to-ubx-simulation =
  Sinca: inca
    Finca-empty Finca-get Finca-add Finca-to-list
    heap-empty heap-get heap-add heap-to-list
    uninitialized is-true is-false
     $\mathcal{D}p$   $\mathcal{A}rity$   $\mathcal{I}nl\mathcal{D}p$   $\mathcal{I}nl$   $\mathcal{I}s\mathcal{I}nl$   $\mathcal{D}e\mathcal{I}nl$  +
  Subx: ubx
    Fubx-empty Fubx-get Fubx-add Fubx-to-list
    heap-empty heap-get heap-add heap-to-list
    uninitialized is-true is-false
    box-ubx1 unbox-ubx1 box-ubx2 unbox-ubx2
     $\mathcal{D}p$   $\mathcal{A}rity$   $\mathcal{I}nl\mathcal{D}p$   $\mathcal{I}nl$   $\mathcal{I}s\mathcal{I}nl$   $\mathcal{D}e\mathcal{I}nl$   $\mathcal{U}bx\mathcal{D}p$   $\mathcal{U}bx$   $\mathcal{B}ox$   $\mathcal{I}npe\mathcal{D}f\mathcal{D}p$ 
  for
  — Functions environments
  Finca-empty and
  Finca-get :: 'fenv-inca  $\implies$  'fun  $\implies$  ('label, ('dyn, 'var, 'fun, 'label, 'op, 'opinl)
Inca.instr) fundef option and

```

Finca-add **and** *Finca-to-list* **and**

Fubx-empty **and**

Fubx-get :: 'fenv-ubx ⇒ 'fun ⇒ ('label, ('dyn, 'var, 'fun, 'label, 'op, 'opinl,
'opubx, 'ubx1, 'ubx2) Ubx.instr) fundef option **and**

Fubx-add **and** *Fubx-to-list* **and**

— Memory heap

heap-empty **and** *heap-get* :: 'henv ⇒ 'var × 'dyn ⇒ 'dyn option **and** *heap-add*
and *heap-to-list* **and**

— Dynamic values

uninitialized :: 'dyn **and** *is-true* **and** *is-false* **and**

— Unboxed values

box-ubx1 **and** *unbox-ubx1* **and**

box-ubx2 **and** *unbox-ubx2* **and**

— n-ary operations

Op **and** *Arity* **and** *InlOp* **and** *Inl* **and** *IsInl* **and** *DeInl* **and** *UbrOp* **and** *Ubr*
and *Box* **and** *TypeOpOp*
begin

16 Normalization

fun *norm-instr* **where**

norm-instr (*Ubx.IPush* *d*) = *Inca.IPush* *d* |
norm-instr (*Ubx.IPushUbx1* *n*) = *Inca.IPush* (*box-ubx1* *n*) |
norm-instr (*Ubx.IPushUbx2* *b*) = *Inca.IPush* (*box-ubx2* *b*) |
norm-instr *Ubx.IPop* = *Inca.IPop* |
norm-instr (*Ubx.IGet* *n*) = *Inca.IGet* *n* |
norm-instr (*Ubx.IGetUbx* - *n*) = *Inca.IGet* *n* |
norm-instr (*Ubx.ISet* *n*) = *Inca.ISet* *n* |
norm-instr (*Ubx.ISetUbx* - *n*) = *Inca.ISet* *n* |
norm-instr (*Ubx.ILoad* *x*) = *Inca.ILoad* *x* |
norm-instr (*Ubx.ILoadUbx* - *x*) = *Inca.ILoad* *x* |
norm-instr (*Ubx.IStore* *x*) = *Inca.IStore* *x* |
norm-instr (*Ubx.IStoreUbx* - *x*) = *Inca.IStore* *x* |
norm-instr (*Ubx.IOp* *op*) = *Inca.IOp* *op* |
norm-instr (*Ubx.IOpInl* *op*) = *Inca.IOpInl* *op* |
norm-instr (*Ubx.IOpUbx* *op*) = *Inca.IOpInl* (*Box* *op*) |
norm-instr (*Ubx.ICJump* *l_t* *l_f*) = *Inca.ICJump* *l_t* *l_f* |
norm-instr (*Ubx.ICall* *x*) = *Inca.ICall* *x* |
norm-instr *Ubx.IReturn* = *Inca.IReturn*

lemma *norm-generalize-instr*[*simp*]: *norm-instr* (*Subx.generalize-instr* *instr*) = *norm-instr*
instr

by (*cases instr*) *simp-all*

abbreviation *norm-eq* **where**

norm-eq $x\ y \equiv x = \text{norm-instr } y$

definition *rel-fundefs* **where**

rel-fundefs $f\ g = (\forall x. \text{rel-option } (\text{rel-fundef } (=) \text{norm-eq}) (f\ x) (g\ x))$

lemma *rel-fundefsI*:

assumes $\bigwedge x. \text{rel-option } (\text{rel-fundef } (=) \text{norm-eq}) (F1\ x) (F2\ x)$

shows *rel-fundefs* $F1\ F2$

using *assms*

by (*simp add: rel-fundefs-def*)

lemma *rel-fundefsD*:

assumes *rel-fundefs* $F1\ F2$

shows *rel-option* (*rel-fundef* $(=)$ *norm-eq*) $(F1\ x) (F2\ x)$

using *assms*

by (*simp add: rel-fundefs-def*)

lemma *rel-fundefs-next-instr*:

assumes *rel-F1-F2*: *rel-fundefs* $F1\ F2$

shows *rel-option norm-eq* (*next-instr* $F1\ f\ l\ pc$) (*next-instr* $F2\ f\ l\ pc$)

using *rel-F1-F2*[*THEN rel-fundefsD*, *of f*]

proof (*cases rule: option.rel-cases*)

case *None*

thus *?thesis* **by** (*simp add: next-instr-def*)

next

case (*Some fd1 fd2*)

then show *?thesis*

by (*auto simp: next-instr-def intro: rel-fundef-imp-rel-option-instr-at*)

qed

lemma *rel-fundefs-next-instr1*:

assumes *rel-F1-F2*: *rel-fundefs* $F1\ F2$ **and** *next-instr1*: *next-instr* $F1\ f\ l\ pc = \text{Some instr1}$

shows $\exists \text{instr2}. \text{next-instr } F2\ f\ l\ pc = \text{Some instr2} \wedge \text{norm-eq } \text{instr1 } \text{instr2}$

using *rel-fundefs-next-instr*[*OF rel-F1-F2*, *of f l pc*]

unfolding *next-instr1*

unfolding *option-rel-Some1*

by *assumption*

lemma *rel-fundefs-next-instr2*:

assumes *rel-F1-F2*: *rel-fundefs* $F1\ F2$ **and** *next-instr2*: *next-instr* $F2\ f\ l\ pc = \text{Some instr2}$

shows $\exists \text{instr1}. \text{next-instr } F1\ f\ l\ pc = \text{Some instr1} \wedge \text{norm-eq } \text{instr1 } \text{instr2}$

using *rel-fundefs-next-instr*[*OF rel-F1-F2*, *of f l pc*]

unfolding *next-instr2*

unfolding *option-rel-Some2*

by *assumption*

lemma *rel-fundefs-empty*: *rel-fundefs* ($\lambda\cdot$. *None*) ($\lambda\cdot$. *None*)
by (*simp add: rel-fundefs-def*)

lemma *rel-fundefs-None1*:
assumes *rel-fundefs f g* **and** $f\ x = \text{None}$
shows $g\ x = \text{None}$
by (*metis assms rel-fundefs-def rel-option-None1*)

lemma *rel-fundefs-None2*:
assumes *rel-fundefs f g* **and** $g\ x = \text{None}$
shows $f\ x = \text{None}$
by (*metis assms rel-fundefs-def rel-option-None2*)

lemma *rel-fundefs-Some1*:
assumes *rel-fundefs f g* **and** $f\ x = \text{Some } y$
shows $\exists z. g\ x = \text{Some } z \wedge \text{rel-fundef } (=) \text{ norm-eq } y\ z$
proof –
from *assms(1)* **have** *rel-option (rel-fundef (=) norm-eq) (f x) (g x)*
unfolding *rel-fundefs-def* **by** *simp*
with *assms(2)* **show** *?thesis*
by (*simp add: option-rel-Some1*)
qed

lemma *rel-fundefs-Some2*:
assumes *rel-fundefs f g* **and** $g\ x = \text{Some } y$
shows $\exists z. f\ x = \text{Some } z \wedge \text{rel-fundef } (=) \text{ norm-eq } z\ y$
proof –
from *assms(1)* **have** *rel-option (rel-fundef (=) norm-eq) (f x) (g x)*
unfolding *rel-fundefs-def* **by** *simp*
with *assms(2)* **show** *?thesis*
by (*simp add: option-rel-Some2*)
qed

lemma *rel-fundefs-rel-option*:
assumes *rel-fundefs f g* **and** $\bigwedge x\ y. \text{rel-fundef } (=) \text{ norm-eq } x\ y \implies h\ x\ y$
shows *rel-option h (f z) (g z)*
proof –
have *rel-option (rel-fundef (=) norm-eq) (f z) (g z)*
using *assms(1)[unfolded rel-fundefs-def]* **by** *simp*
then show *?thesis*
unfolding *rel-option-unfold*
by (*auto simp add: assms(2)*)
qed

lemma *rel-fundef-generalizeI*:
assumes *rel-fundef (=) norm-eq fd1 fd2*
shows *rel-fundef (=) norm-eq fd1 (Subx.generalize-fundef fd2)*
using *assms*
by (*cases rule: fundef.rel-cases*)

(*auto simp: map-ran-def list.rel-map elim: list.rel-mono-strong*)

lemma *rel-fundefs-generalizeI*:

assumes *rel-fundefs (Finca-get F1) (Fubx-get F2)*

shows *rel-fundefs (Finca-get F1) (Fubx-get (Subx.Fenv.map-entry F2 f Subx.generalize-fundef))*

proof (*rule rel-fundefsI*)

fix *x*

show *rel-option (rel-fundef (=) norm-eq)*

(*Finca-get F1 x*) (*Fubx-get (Subx.Fenv.map-entry F2 f Subx.generalize-fundef)*

x)

unfolding *Subx.Fenv.get-map-entry-conv*

unfolding *option.rel-map*

using *assms(1)[THEN rel-fundefsD, of x]*

by (*auto intro: rel-fundef-generalizeI elim: option.rel-mono-strong*)

qed

lemma *rel-fundefs-rewriteI*:

assumes

rel-F1-F2: rel-fundefs (Finca-get F1) (Fubx-get F2) and

norm-eq instr1' instr2'

shows *rel-fundefs*

(*Finca-get (Sinca.Fenv.map-entry F1 f (λfd. rewrite-fundef-body fd l pc instr1'))*)

(*Fubx-get (Subx.Fenv.map-entry F2 f (λfd. rewrite-fundef-body fd l pc instr2'))*)

(**is** *rel-fundefs (Finca-get ?F1') (Fubx-get ?F2')*)

proof (*rule rel-fundefsI*)

fix *x*

show *rel-option (rel-fundef (=) norm-eq) (Finca-get ?F1' x) (Fubx-get ?F2' x)*

proof (*cases f = x*)

case *True*

show *?thesis*

using *rel-F1-F2[THEN rel-fundefsD, of x] True assms(2)*

by (*cases rule: option.rel-cases*) (*auto intro: rel-fundef-rewrite-body*)

next

case *False*

then show *?thesis*

using *rel-F1-F2[THEN rel-fundefsD, of x] by simp*

qed

qed

17 Equivalence of call stacks

definition *norm-stack* :: (*'dyn, 'ubx1, 'ubx2*) *unboxed list* ⇒ *'dyn list* **where**

norm-stack Σ ≡ *List.map Subx.norm-unboxed* Σ

lemma *norm-stack-Nil[simp]*: *norm-stack [] = []*

by (*simp add: norm-stack-def*)

lemma *norm-stack-Cons[simp]*: *norm-stack (d # Σ) = Subx.norm-unboxed d # norm-stack* Σ

by (*simp add: norm-stack-def*)

lemma *norm-stack-append*: *norm-stack* (*xs* @ *ys*) = *norm-stack xs* @ *norm-stack ys*
by (*simp add: norm-stack-def*)

lemmas *drop-norm-stack* = *drop-map*[**where** *f* = *Subx.norm-unboxed, folded norm-stack-def*]
lemmas *take-norm-stack* = *take-map*[**where** *f* = *Subx.norm-unboxed, folded norm-stack-def*]
lemmas *norm-stack-map* = *map-map*[**where** *f* = *Subx.norm-unboxed, folded norm-stack-def*]

lemma *norm-box-stack*[*simp*]: *norm-stack* (*map Subx.box-operand* Σ) = *norm-stack* Σ
by (*induction* Σ) (*auto simp: norm-stack-def*)

lemma *length-norm-stack*[*simp*]: *length* (*norm-stack xs*) = *length xs*
by (*simp add: norm-stack-def*)

definition *is-valid-fun-call* **where**
is-valid-fun-call *F f l pc* Σ *g* \equiv *next-instr F f l pc* = *Some (ICall g)* \wedge
(\exists *gd*. *F g* = *Some gd* \wedge *arity gd* \leq *length* Σ \wedge *list-all is-dyn-operand* (*take*
(*arity gd*) Σ))

lemma *is-valid-funcall-map-entry-generalize-fundefI*:
assumes *is-valid-fun-call* (*Fubx-get F2*) *g l pc* Σ *z*
shows *is-valid-fun-call* (*Fubx-get* (*Subx.Fenv.map-entry F2 f Subx.generalize-fundef*))
g l pc Σ *z*
proof (*cases f = z*)
case *True*
then show *?thesis*
using *assms*
by (*cases z = g*)
(*auto simp: is-valid-fun-call-def next-instr-def Subx.instr-at-generalize-fundef-conv*)
next
case *False*
then show *?thesis*
using *assms*
by (*cases Fubx-get F2 g*)
(*auto simp: is-valid-fun-call-def next-instr-def*
Subx.instr-at-generalize-fundef-conv Subx.Fenv.get-map-entry-conv)
qed

lemma *is-valid-fun-call-map-box-operandI*:
assumes *is-valid-fun-call* (*Fubx-get F2*) *g l pc* Σ *z*
shows *is-valid-fun-call* (*Fubx-get F2*) *g l pc* (*map Subx.box-operand* Σ) *z*
using *assms*
unfolding *is-valid-fun-call-def*
by (*auto simp: take-map list.pred-map list.pred-True*)

lemma *inst-at-rewrite-fundef-body-disj*:

```

instr-at (rewrite-fundef-body fd l pc instr) l pc = Some instr ∨
instr-at (rewrite-fundef-body fd l pc instr) l pc = None
proof (cases fd)
case (Fundef bblocks ar locals)
show ?thesis
proof (cases map-of bblocks l)
case None
thus ?thesis
using Fundef
by (simp add: rewrite-fundef-body-def instr-at-def map-entry-map-of-None-conv)
next
case (Some instr')
moreover hence l ∈ fst ' set bblocks
by (meson domI domIff map-of-eq-None-iff)
ultimately show ?thesis
using Fundef
apply (auto simp add: rewrite-fundef-body-def instr-at-def map-entry-map-of-Some-conv)
by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) length-list-update nth-list-update-eq option.case-eq-if
option.distinct(1) option.sel update-Some-unfold)
qed
qed

```

```

lemma is-valid-fun-call-map-entry-conv:
assumes next-instr (Fubx-get F2) f l pc = Some instr ¬ is-fun-call instr ¬
is-fun-call instr'
shows
is-valid-fun-call (Fubx-get (Subx.Fenv.map-entry F2 f (λfd. rewrite-fundef-body
fd l pc instr')))=
is-valid-fun-call (Fubx-get F2)
proof (intro ext)
fix f' l' pc' Σ g
show
is-valid-fun-call (Fubx-get (Subx.Fenv.map-entry F2 f (λfd. rewrite-fundef-body
fd l pc instr')) f' l' pc' Σ g =
is-valid-fun-call (Fubx-get F2) f' l' pc' Σ g
proof (cases f = f')
case True
then show ?thesis
using assms
apply (cases f = g)
by (auto simp: is-valid-fun-call-def next-instr-eq-Some-conv
instr-at-rewrite-fundef-body-conv if-split-eq1)
next
case False
then show ?thesis
using assms
apply (cases f = g)
by (auto simp: is-valid-fun-call-def next-instr-eq-Some-conv)
qed

```


qed

lemma *is-valid-fun-call-map-entry-neq-f-neq-l*:

assumes $f \neq g \ l \neq l'$

shows

$is_valid_fun_call (Fubx_get (Subx.Fenv.map_entry F2 f (\lambda fd. rewrite_fundef_body\ fd\ l\ pc\ instr^l)))\ g\ l' =$

$is_valid_fun_call (Fubx_get F2)\ g\ l'$

apply (*intro ext*)

unfolding *is-valid-fun-call-def*

using *assms*

apply (*simp add: next-instr-eq-Some-conv*)

apply (*rule iffI; simp*)

unfolding *Subx.Fenv.get-map-entry-conv*

apply *simp*

apply (*metis arity-rewrite-fundef-body*)

apply *safe*

by *simp*

inductive *rel-stacktraces* for *F* where

rel-stacktraces-Nil:

$rel_stacktraces\ F\ opt\ []\ []\ |$

rel-stacktraces-Cons:

$rel_stacktraces\ F\ (Some\ f)\ st1\ st2 \implies$

$\Sigma1 = map\ Subx.norm_unboxed\ \Sigma2 \implies$

$R1 = map\ Subx.norm_unboxed\ R2 \implies$

$list_all\ is_dyn_operand\ R2 \implies$

$F\ f = Some\ fd2 \implies map_of\ (body\ fd2)\ l = Some\ instrs \implies$

$Subx.sp_instrs\ (map_option\ funtype\ \circ\ F)\ (return\ fd2)\ (take\ pc\ instrs)\ []\ (map\ typeof\ \Sigma2) \implies$

$pred_option\ (is_valid_fun_call\ F\ f\ l\ pc\ \Sigma2)\ opt \implies$

$rel_stacktraces\ F\ opt\ (Frame\ f\ l\ pc\ R1\ \Sigma1\ \#\ st1)\ (Frame\ f\ l\ pc\ R2\ \Sigma2\ \#\ st2)$

lemma *rel-stacktraces-map-entry-gneralize-fundefI*[*intro*]:

assumes *rel-stacktraces* (*Fubx-get F2*) *opt st1 st2*

shows *rel-stacktraces* (*Fubx-get* (*Subx.Fenv.map-entry F2 f Subx.generalize-fundef*))
opt st1 (*Subx.box-stack f st2*)

using *assms(1)*

proof (*induction opt st1 st2 rule: rel-stacktraces.induct*)

case (*rel-stacktraces-Nil opt*)

thus *?case*

by (*auto intro: rel-stacktraces.rel-stacktraces-Nil*)

next

case (*rel-stacktraces-Cons g st1 st2 $\Sigma1\ \Sigma2\ R1\ R2\ gd2\ l\ instrs\ pc\ opt$*)

show *?case*

proof (*cases f = g*)

case *True*

then show *?thesis*

```

    using rel-stacktraces-Cons
  apply auto
  apply (rule rel-stacktraces.rel-stacktraces-Cons)
    apply assumption
    apply simp
    apply (rule refl)
    apply assumption
    apply simp
  by (auto simp add: take-map Subx.map-of-generalize-fundef-conv
      intro!: Subx.sp-instrs-generalize0
      intro!: is-valid-funcall-map-entry-generalize-fundefI is-valid-fun-call-map-box-operandI
      elim!: option.pred-mono-strong)
next
case False
then show ?thesis
  using rel-stacktraces-Cons
  by (auto intro: rel-stacktraces.intros is-valid-funcall-map-entry-generalize-fundefI
      elim!: option.pred-mono-strong)
qed
qed

```

lemma *rel-stacktraces-map-entry-rewrite-fundef-body*:

```

  assumes
    rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) opt st1 st2 and
    next-instr (Fubx-get F2) f l pc = Some instr and
     $\bigwedge$ ret. Subx.sp-instr (map-option funtype  $\circ$  Fubx-get F2) ret instr =
      Subx.sp-instr (map-option funtype  $\circ$  Fubx-get F2) ret instr' and
     $\neg$  is-fun-call instr  $\neg$  is-fun-call instr'
  shows rel-stacktraces
    (Fubx-get (Subx.Fenv.map-entry F2 f ( $\lambda$ fd. rewrite-fundef-body fd l pc instr')))
  opt st1 st2
  using assms(1)
  proof (induction opt st1 st2 rule: rel-stacktraces.induct)
    case (rel-stacktraces-Nil opt)
    then show ?case
      by (auto intro: rel-stacktraces.rel-stacktraces-Nil)
  next
  case (rel-stacktraces-Cons g st1 st2  $\Sigma$ 1  $\Sigma$ 2 R1 R2 gd2 l' instrs pc' opt)
  show ?case (is rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get ?F2') opt ?st1 ?st2)
  proof (cases f = g)
    case True
    show ?thesis
    proof (cases l' = l)
      case True
      show ?thesis
      apply (rule rel-stacktraces.rel-stacktraces-Cons)
      using rel-stacktraces-Cons.IH apply simp
      using rel-stacktraces-Cons.hyps apply simp
      using rel-stacktraces-Cons.hyps apply simp
    
```

```

using rel-stacktraces-Cons.hyps apply simp
using rel-stacktraces-Cons.hyps ⟨f = g⟩ apply simp
using rel-stacktraces-Cons.hyps True apply simp
using rel-stacktraces-Cons.hyps apply simp
using rel-stacktraces-Cons.hyps assms ⟨f = g⟩ True
apply (cases pc' ≤ pc) []
apply (auto simp add: take-update-swap intro!: Subx.sp-instrs-list-update
  dest!: next-instrD instr-atD) [2]
using rel-stacktraces-Cons.hyps
unfolding is-valid-fun-call-map-entry-conv[OF assms(2,4,5)]
by simp
next
case False
show ?thesis
proof (rule rel-stacktraces.rel-stacktraces-Cons)
  show Fubx-get ?F2' g = Some (rewrite-fundef-body gd2 l pc instr')
    unfolding ⟨f = g⟩
    using rel-stacktraces-Cons.hyps by simp
  next
  show pred-option (is-valid-fun-call (Fubx-get ?F2') g l' pc' Σ2) opt
    unfolding is-valid-fun-call-map-entry-conv[OF assms(2,4,5)]
    using rel-stacktraces-Cons.hyps by simp
  qed (insert rel-stacktraces-Cons False, simp-all)
qed
next
case False
then show ?thesis
  using rel-stacktraces-Cons
  by (auto simp: is-valid-fun-call-map-entry-conv[OF assms(2,4,5)]
    intro!: rel-stacktraces.rel-stacktraces-Cons)
qed
qed

```

18 Simulation relation

inductive match (infix ~ 55) **where**
 matchI: Subx.wf-state (State F2 H st2) \implies
 rel-fundefs (Finca-get F1) (Fubx-get F2) \implies
 rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None st1 st2 \implies
 match (State F1 H st1) (State F2 H st2)

lemmas matchI[consumes 0, case-names wf-state rel-fundefs rel-stacktraces] =
 match.intros(1)

19 Backward simulation

lemma map-eq-append-map-drop:
 map f xs = ys @ map f (drop n xs) \iff map f (take n xs) = ys

by (*metis append-same-eq append-take-drop-id map-append*)

lemma *ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-to-map-norm*:
assumes *ap-map-list cast-Dyn xs = Some ys*
shows *ys = map Subx.norm-unboxed xs*
proof –
from *assms* **have** *list-all2 (λx y. cast-Dyn x = Some y) xs ys*
by (*simp add: ap-map-list-iff-list-all2*)
thus *?thesis*
by (*induction xs ys rule: list.rel-induct*) (*auto dest: cast-inversions*)
qed

lemma *ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-to-all-Dyn*:
assumes *ap-map-list cast-Dyn xs = Some ys*
shows *list-all (λx. typeof x = None) xs*
proof –
from *assms* **have** *list-all2 (λx y. cast-Dyn x = Some y) xs ys*
by (*simp add: ap-map-list-iff-list-all2*)
hence *list-all2 (λx y. typeof x = None) xs ys*
by (*auto intro: list.rel-mono-strong cast-Dyn-eq-Some-imp-typeof*)
thus *?thesis*
by (*induction xs ys rule: list.rel-induct*) *auto*
qed

lemma *ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-map-typeof-replicate-conv*:
assumes *ap-map-list cast-Dyn xs = Some ys* **and** *n = length xs*
shows *map typeof xs = replicate n None*
using *assms*
by (*auto simp: list.pred-set intro!: replicate-eq-map[symmetric]*
dest!: ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-to-all-Dyn)

lemma *cast-Dyn-eq-Some-conv-norm-unboxed[simp]*: *cast-Dyn i = Some i' ⇒*
Subx.norm-unboxed i = i'
by (*cases i*) *simp-all*

lemma *cast-Dyn-eq-Some-conv-typeof[simp]*: *cast-Dyn i = Some i' ⇒ typeof i =*
None
by (*cases i*) *simp-all*

lemma *backward-lockstep-simulation*:
assumes *match s1 s2* **and** *Subx.step s2 s2'*
shows $\exists s1'. \text{Sinca.step } s1 \ s1' \wedge \text{match } s1' \ s2'$
using *assms*
proof (*induction s1 s2 rule: match.induct*)
case (*matchI F2 H st2 F1 st1*)
from *matchI(3,1,2,4)* **show** *?case*
proof (*induction None :: 'fun option st1 st2 rule: rel-stacktraces.induct*)
case *rel-stacktraces-Nil*
hence *False* **by** (*auto elim: Subx.step.cases*)

```

thus ?case by simp
next
  case (rel-stacktraces-Cons f st1 st2  $\Sigma 1$   $\Sigma 2$  R1 R2 fd2 l instrs pc)
  note hyps = rel-stacktraces-Cons.hyps
  note prems = rel-stacktraces-Cons.prems
  have wf-state2: Subx.wf-state (State F2 H (Frame f l pc R2  $\Sigma 2$  # st2)) using
prems by simp
  have rel-F1-F2: rel-fundefs (Finc-get F1) (Fubx-get F2) using prems by simp
  have rel-st1-st2: rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) (Some f) st1 st2 using hyps by
simp
  have  $\Sigma 1$ -def:  $\Sigma 1 = \text{map } \text{Subx.norm-unboxed } \Sigma 2$  using hyps by simp
  have R1-def: R1 = map Subx.norm-unboxed R2 using hyps by simp
  have all-dyn-R2: list-all is-dyn-operand R2 using hyps by simp
  have F2-f: Fubx-get F2 f = Some fd2 using hyps by simp
  have map-of-fd2-l: map-of (body fd2) l = Some instrs using hyps by simp
  have sp-instrs-prefix: Subx.sp-instrs (map-option funtype  $\circ$  Fubx-get F2) (return
fd2)
    (take pc instrs) [] (map typeof  $\Sigma 2$ )
    using hyps by simp

  note next-instr2 = rel-fundefs-next-instr2[OF rel-F1-F2]
  note sp-instrs-prefix' =
    Subx.sp-instrs-singletonI[THEN Subx.sp-instrs-appendI[OF sp-instrs-prefix]]

  obtain fd1 where
    F1-f: Finc-get F1 f = Some fd1 and rel-fd1-fd2: rel-fundef (=) norm-eq fd1
fd2
    using rel-fundefs-Some2[OF rel-F1-F2 F2-f] by auto

  have wf-F2: Subx.wf-fundefs (Fubx-get F2)
  by (rule wf-state2[THEN Subx.wf-stateD, simplified])

  have wf-fd2: Subx.wf-fundef (map-option funtype  $\circ$  Fubx-get F2) fd2
  using F2-f wf-F2[THEN Subx.wf-fundefsD, THEN spec, of f]
  by simp

  have
    instrs-neq-Nil: instrs  $\neq$  [] and
    all-jumps-in-range: list-all (Subx.jump-in-range (fst ' set (body fd2))) instrs
and
    sp-instrs-instrs: Subx.sp-instrs (map-option funtype  $\circ$  Fubx-get F2) (return
fd2) instrs [] []
    using list-all-map-of-SomeD[OF wf-fd2[THEN Subx.wf-fundef-all-wf-basic-blockD]
map-of-fd2-l]
    by (auto dest: Subx.wf-basic-blockD)

  have sp-instrs-instrs': Subx.sp-instrs (map-option funtype  $\circ$  Fubx-get F2) (return
fd2)
    (butlast instrs @ [instrs ! pc]) [] [] if pc-def: pc = length instrs - 1

```

```

unfolding pc-def last-conv-nth[OF instrs-neq-Nil, symmetric]
unfolding append-butlast-last-id[OF instrs-neq-Nil]
by (rule sp-instrs-instrs)

have sp-instr-last: Subx.sp-instr (map-option funtype  $\circ$  Fubx-get F2) (return
fd2)
  (instrs ! pc) (map typeof  $\Sigma 2$ ) [] if pc-def: pc = length instrs - 1
using sp-instrs-instrs'[OF pc-def]
using sp-instrs-prefix[unfolded pc-def butlast-conv-take[symmetric]]
by (auto dest!: Subx.sp-instrs-appendD^)

from list-all-map-of-SomeD[OF wf-fd2[THEN Subx.wf-fundef-all-wf-basic-blockD]
map-of-fd2-l]
have is-jump-nthD:  $\bigwedge n. \text{is-jump } (instrs ! n) \implies n < \text{length } instrs \implies n =$ 
length instrs - 1
by (auto dest!: Subx.wf-basic-blockD
list-all-butlast-not-nthD[of  $\lambda i. \neg \text{is-jump } i \wedge \neg Ubx.instr.is\text{-return } i,$ 
simplified, OF - disjI1])

note wf-s2' = Subx.wf-state-step-preservation[OF wf-state2 prems(3)]

from prems(3) show ?case
using wf-s2'
proof (induction State F2 H (Frame fl pc R2  $\Sigma 2$  # st2) s2' rule: Subx.step.induct)
case (step-push d)
let ?st1' = Frame fl (Suc pc) R1 (d #  $\Sigma 1$ ) # st1
let ?s1' = State F1 H ?st1'
show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x$  (State F2 H ?st2'))
proof (intro exI conjI)
show ?STEP ?s1'
using step-push.hyps
by (auto intro!: Sinca.step-push dest: next-instr2)
next
have rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
using step-push.hyps rel-stacktraces-Cons
using Subx.sp-instr.Push[THEN sp-instrs-prefix^]
by (auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth
intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
thus ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2 H ?st2')
using step-push.premis rel-F1-F2
by (auto intro: match.intros)
qed
next
case (step-push-ubx1 n)
let ?st1' = Frame fl (Suc pc) R1 (box-ubx1 n #  $\Sigma 1$ ) # st1
let ?s1' = State F1 H ?st1'
show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x$  (State F2 H ?st2'))
proof (intro exI conjI)
show ?STEP ?s1'

```

```

    using step-push-ubx1.hyps
    by (auto intro!: Sinca.step-push dest: next-instr2)
next
  have rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
    using step-push-ubx1.hyps rel-stacktraces-Cons
    using Subx.sp-instr.PushUbx1[THEN sp-instrs-prefix']
    by (auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth
        intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
  thus ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2 H ?st2')
    using step-push-ubx1.premis rel-F1-F2
    by (auto intro!: match.intros)
qed
next
  case (step-push-ubx2 b)
  let ?st1' = Frame fl (Suc pc) R1 (box-ubx2 b #  $\Sigma 1$ ) # st1
  let ?s1' = State F1 H ?st1'
  show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x (State F2 H ?st2')$ )
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show ?STEP ?s1'
      using step-push-ubx2.hyps
      by (auto intro!: Sinca.step-push dest: next-instr2)
  next
    have rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
      using step-push-ubx2.hyps rel-stacktraces-Cons
      using Subx.sp-instr.PushUbx2[THEN sp-instrs-prefix']
      by (auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth
          intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
    thus ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2 H ?st2')
      using step-push-ubx2.premis rel-F1-F2
      by (auto intro!: match.intros)
  qed
next
  case (step-pop d  $\Sigma 2'$ )
  let ?st1' = Frame fl (Suc pc) R1 (map Subx.norm-unboxed  $\Sigma 2'$ ) # st1
  let ?s1' = State F1 H ?st1'
  show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x (State F2 H ?st2')$ )
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show ?STEP ?s1'
      unfolding  $\Sigma 1$ -def
      using step-pop.hyps
      by (auto intro!: Sinca.step-pop dest: next-instr2)
  next
    have rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
      using step-pop.hyps rel-stacktraces-Cons
      by (auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth
          intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.Pop
          dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
    thus ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2 H ?st2')
      using step-pop.premis rel-F1-F2

```

```

    by (auto intro!: match.intros)
  qed
next
case (step-get n d)
let ?st1' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R1 (R1 ! n # map Subx.norm-unboxed  $\Sigma 2$ )
# st1
let ?s1' = State F1 H ?st1'
show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x (State F2 H ?st2')$ )
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show ?STEP ?s1'
    unfolding  $\Sigma 1$ -def R1-def
    using step-get.hyps
    by (auto intro!: Sinca.step-get dest: next-instr2)
next
have rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
  using step-get.hyps rel-stacktraces-Cons
  by (auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth
    intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.Get
    dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
thus ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2 H ?st2')
  using step-get.premis rel-F1-F2
  by (auto intro!: match.intros)
qed
next
case (step-get-ubx-hit  $\tau$  n d blob)
let ?st1' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R1 (R1 ! n # map Subx.norm-unboxed  $\Sigma 2$ )
# st1
let ?s1' = State F1 H ?st1'
show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x (State F2 H ?st2')$ )
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show ?STEP ?s1'
    unfolding  $\Sigma 1$ -def R1-def
    using step-get-ubx-hit.hyps
    by (auto intro!: Sinca.step-get dest: next-instr2)
next
have rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
  using step-get-ubx-hit.hyps rel-stacktraces-Cons
  by (auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth
    intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.GetUbx
    dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
thus ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2 H ?st2')
  using step-get-ubx-hit.premis rel-F1-F2
  by (auto intro!: match.intros)
qed
next
case (step-get-ubx-miss  $\tau$  n d F2')
hence R1 ! n = d
  by (simp add: R1-def)
let ?st1' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R1 (R1 ! n # map Subx.norm-unboxed  $\Sigma 2$ )

```



```

# st1
let ?s1' = State F1 H ?st1'
show ?case (is ∃ x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH x (State F2' H ?st2'))
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show ?STEP ?s1'
    unfolding Σ1-def R1-def
    using step-get-ubx-miss.hyps
    by (auto intro!: Sinca.step-get dest: next-instr2)
next
have rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2') None ?st1' ?st2'
  apply simp
proof (rule rel-stacktraces.intros)
  show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2') (Some f) st1 (Subx.box-stack f st2)
    unfolding step-get-ubx-miss.hyps
    using rel-st1-st2
    by (rule rel-stacktraces-map-entry-gneralize-fundefI)
next
show Fubx-get F2' f = Some (Subx.generalize-fundef fd2)
  unfolding step-get-ubx-miss.hyps
  using F2-f
  by simp
next
show map-of (body (Subx.generalize-fundef fd2)) l = Some (map Subx.generalize-instr
instrs)
  unfolding Subx.map-of-generalize-fundef-conv
  unfolding map-of-fd2-l
  by simp
next
show Subx.sp-instrs (map-option funtype ◦ Fubx-get F2')
  (return (Subx.generalize-fundef fd2))
  (take (Suc pc) (map Subx.generalize-instr instrs))
  [] (map typeof (OpDyn d # map Subx.box-operand Σ2))
  using step-get-ubx-miss.hyps F2-f map-of-fd2-l
  by (auto simp: take-map take-Suc-conv-app-nth simp del: map-append
intro!: sp-instrs-prefix'[THEN Subx.sp-instrs-generalize0] Subx.sp-instr.GetUbx
dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
qed (insert R1-def all-dyn-R2 ⟨R1 ! n = d⟩, simp-all)
thus ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2' H ?st2')
  using step-get-ubx-miss.premis rel-F1-F2
  unfolding step-get-ubx-miss.hyps
  by (auto intro!: match.intros rel-fundefs-generalizeI)
qed
next
case (step-set n blob d R2' Σ2')
let ?st1' = Frame fl (Suc pc) (map Subx.norm-unboxed R2') (map Subx.norm-unboxed
Σ2') # st1
let ?s1' = State F1 H ?st1'
show ?case (is ∃ x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH x (State F2 H ?st2'))
proof (intro exI conjI)

```

```

show ?STEP ?s1'
  unfolding  $\Sigma 1$ -def R1-def
  using step-set.hyps
  by (auto simp: map-update intro!: Sinca.step-set dest!: next-instr2)
next
have rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
  using step-set.hyps rel-stacktraces-Cons
  by (auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth
    intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.Set
    intro: list-all-list-updateI
    dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
thus ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2 H ?st2')
  using step-set.premis rel-F1-F2
  by (auto intro!: match.intros)
qed
next
case (step-set-ubx  $\tau$  n blob d R2'  $\Sigma 2'$ )
let ?st1' = Frame fl (Suc pc) (map Subx.norm-unboxed R2') (map Subx.norm-unboxed
 $\Sigma 2'$ ) # st1
let ?s1' = State F1 H ?st1'
show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x$  (State F2 H ?st2'))
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show ?STEP ?s1'
    unfolding  $\Sigma 1$ -def R1-def
    using step-set-ubx.hyps
    by (auto simp: map-update intro!: Sinca.step-set dest!: next-instr2)
next
have rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
  using step-set-ubx.hyps rel-stacktraces-Cons
  by (auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth
    intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.SetUbx
    intro: list-all-list-updateI
    dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
thus ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2 H ?st2')
  using step-set-ubx.premis rel-F1-F2
  by (auto intro!: match.intros)
qed
next
case (step-load x i i' d  $\Sigma 2'$ )
let ?st1' = Frame fl (Suc pc) R1 (d # map Subx.norm-unboxed  $\Sigma 2'$ ) # st1
let ?s1' = State F1 H ?st1'
show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x$  (State F2 H ?st2'))
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show ?STEP ?s1'
    unfolding  $\Sigma 1$ -def
    using step-load.hyps
    by (auto intro!: Sinca.step-load dest!: next-instr2)
next
have rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'

```

```

    using step-load.hyps rel-stacktraces-Cons
  by (auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth
      intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.Load
      dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
  thus ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2 H ?st2')
    using step-load.premis rel-F1-F2
    by (auto intro!: match.intros)
qed
next
case (step-load-ubx-hit  $\tau$  x i i' d blob  $\Sigma 2'$ )
let ?st1' = Frame fl (Suc pc) R1 (d # map Subx.norm-unboxed  $\Sigma 2'$ ) # st1
let ?s1' = State F1 H ?st1'
show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x$  (State F2 H ?st2'))
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show ?STEP ?s1'
    unfolding  $\Sigma 1$ -def
    using step-load-ubx-hit.hyps
    by (auto intro!: Sinca.step-load dest!: next-instr2)
next
have rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
  using step-load-ubx-hit.hyps rel-stacktraces-Cons
  by (auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth
      intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.LoadUbx
      dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
  thus ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2 H ?st2')
    using step-load-ubx-hit.premis rel-F1-F2
    by (auto intro!: match.intros)
qed
next
case (step-load-ubx-miss  $\tau$  x i i' d F2'  $\Sigma 2'$ )
let ?st1' = Frame fl (Suc pc) R1 (d # map Subx.norm-unboxed  $\Sigma 2'$ ) # st1
let ?s1' = State F1 H ?st1'
show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x$  (State F2' H ?st2'))
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show ?STEP ?s1'
    unfolding  $\Sigma 1$ -def
    using step-load-ubx-miss.hyps
    by (auto intro!: Sinca.step-load dest!: next-instr2)
next
have rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2') None ?st1' ?st2'
  apply simp
proof (rule rel-stacktraces.intros)
  show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2') (Some f) st1 (Subx.box-stack f st2)
    unfolding step-load-ubx-miss
    using rel-st1-st2
    by (rule rel-stacktraces-map-entry-gneralize-fundefI)
next
show Fubx-get F2' f = Some (Subx.generalize-fundef fd2)
  unfolding step-load-ubx-miss.hyps

```

```

    using F2-f by (simp add: Subx.map-of-generalize-fundef-conv)
  next
  show map-of (body (Subx.generalize-fundef fd2)) l =
    Some (map Subx.generalize-instr instrs)
  unfolding Subx.map-of-generalize-fundef-conv
  using step-load-ubx-miss.hyps F2-f map-of-fd2-l
  by simp
  next
  show Subx.sp-instrs (map-option funtype ◦ Fubx-get F2') (return (Subx.generalize-fundef
fd2))
    (take (Suc pc) (map Subx.generalize-instr instrs))
    [] (map typeof (OpDyn d # map Subx.box-operand Σ2'))
  using step-load-ubx-miss.hyps F2-f map-of-fd2-l
  by (auto simp: take-map take-Suc-conv-app-nth simp del: map-append
intro!: sp-instrs-prefix'[THEN Subx.sp-instrs-generalize0] Subx.sp-instr.LoadUbx
dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
qed (insert all-dyn-R2, simp-all add: R1-def)
thus ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2' H ?st2')
  using step-load-ubx-miss.premis rel-F1-F2
  unfolding step-load-ubx-miss.hyps
  by (auto intro: match.intros rel-fundefs-generalizeI)
qed
next
case (step-store x i i' y d H' Σ2')
let ?st1' = Frame fl (Suc pc) R1 (map Subx.norm-unboxed Σ2') # st1
let ?s1' = State F1 H' ?st1'
show ?case (is ∃ x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH x (State F2 H' ?st2'))
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show ?STEP ?s1'
  unfolding Σ1-def
  using step-store.hyps
  by (auto intro: Sinca.step-store dest!: next-instr2)
next
have rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
  using step-store.hyps rel-stacktraces-Cons
  by (auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth
intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.Store
dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
thus ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2 H' ?st2')
  using step-store.premis rel-F1-F2
  by (auto intro: match.intros)
qed
next
case (step-store-ubx τ x i i' blob d H' Σ2')
let ?st1' = Frame fl (Suc pc) R1 (map Subx.norm-unboxed Σ2') # st1
let ?s1' = State F1 H' ?st1'
show ?case (is ∃ x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH x (State F2 H' ?st2'))
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show ?STEP ?s1'

```

```

    unfolding  $\Sigma 1$ -def
    using step-store-ubx.hyps
    by (auto intro: Sinca.step-store dest!: next-instr2)
next
  have rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
  using step-store-ubx.hyps rel-stacktraces-Cons
  by (auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth
      intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.StoreUbx
      dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
  thus ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2 H' ?st2')
  using step-store-ubx.premis rel-F1-F2
  by (auto intro: match.intros)
qed
next
  case (step-op op ar  $\Sigma 2'$  x)
  let ?st1' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R1 (x # drop ar (map Subx.norm-unboxed
 $\Sigma 2$ )) # st1
  let ?s1' = State F1 H ?st1'
  show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x$  (State F2 H ?st2'))
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show ?STEP ?s1'
    unfolding  $\Sigma 1$ -def
    using step-op.hyps
    by (auto simp: take-map ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-to-map-norm[symmetric]
        intro!: Sinca.step-op dest!: next-instr2)
  next
  have rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
  using step-op.hyps rel-stacktraces-Cons
  by (auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth drop-map map-eq-append-map-drop
      simp: ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-map-typeof-replicate-conv
      intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.Op
      dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
  thus ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2 H ?st2')
  using step-op.premis rel-F1-F2
  by (auto intro: match.intros)
qed
next
  case (step-op-inl op ar  $\Sigma 2'$  opinl x F2')
  let ?F1' = Sinca.Fenv.map-entry F1 f ( $\lambda fd. rewrite-fundef-body fd l pc$ 
(Inca.IOpInl opinl))
  let ?st1' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R1 (x # drop ar (map Subx.norm-unboxed
 $\Sigma 2$ )) # st1
  let ?s1' = State ?F1' H ?st1'
  show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x$  (State F2' H ?st2'))
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show ?STEP ?s1'
    unfolding  $\Sigma 1$ -def
    using step-op-inl.hyps
    by (auto simp: take-map ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-to-map-norm[symmetric]

```

```

      intro!: Sinca.step-op-inl dest!: next-instr2)
next
show ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2' H ?st2')
  using step-op-inl.premis
proof (rule match.intros)
  show rel-fundefs (F1ca-get ?F1') (Fubx-get F2')
    unfolding step-op-inl.hyps
    using rel-F1-F2
    by (auto intro: rel-fundefs-rewriteI)
next
let ?fd2' = rewrite-fundef-body fd2 l pc (Ubx.instr.IOpInl opinl)
let ?instrs' = instrs[pc := Ubx.instr.IOpInl opinl]
show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2') None ?st1' ?st2'
proof (rule rel-stacktraces.intros)
  show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2') (Some f) st1 st2
    using step-op-inl.hyps rel-st1-st2 Sinca.Inl-invertible
    by (auto simp: Subx.sp-instr-Op-OpInl-conv
      intro: rel-stacktraces-map-entry-rewrite-fundef-body)
next
show Fubx-get F2' f = Some ?fd2'
  unfolding step-op-inl.hyps
  using F2-f by simp
next
show map-of (body ?fd2') l = Some ?instrs'
  using map-of-fd2-l by simp
next
show Subx.sp-instrs (map-option funtype ◦ Fubx-get F2')
  (return (rewrite-fundef-body fd2 l pc (Ubx.instr.IOpInl opinl)))
  (take (Suc pc) ?instrs') [] (map typeof (OpDyn x # drop ar Σ2))
  using rel-stacktraces-Cons step-op-inl.hyps
by (auto simp add: take-Suc-conv-app-nth Subx.Fenv.map-option-comp-map-entry
  map-eq-append-map-drop ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-map-typeof-replicate-conv
  Sinca.Inl-invertible
  intro!: sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.OpInl
  dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
qed (insert all-dyn-R2 R1-def, simp-all add: drop-map)
qed
next
case (step-op-inl-hit opinl ar Σ2' x)
let ?st1' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R1 (x # drop ar (map Subx.norm-unboxed
Σ2)) # st1
let ?s1' = State F1 H ?st1'
show ?case (is ∃ x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH x (State F2 H ?st2'))
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show ?STEP ?s1'
    unfolding Σ1-def
    using step-op-inl-hit.hyps
    by (auto simp: take-map ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-to-map-norm[symmetric])

```

```

      intro!: Sinca.step-op-inl-hit dest!: next-instr2)
next
show ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2 H ?st2')
  using step-op-inl-hit.premis rel-F1-F2
proof (rule match.intros)
  show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
  using step-op-inl-hit.hyps rel-stacktraces-Cons
  by (auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth drop-map map-eq-append-map-drop
      simp: ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-map-typeof-replicate-conv
      intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.OpInl
      dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
qed
qed
next
case (step-op-inl-miss opinl ar  $\Sigma 2' x F2'$ )
  let ?F1' = Sinca.Fenv.map-entry F1 f ( $\lambda fd. \text{rewrite-fundef-body } fd \ l \ pc$ 
(Inca.IOp ( $\mathfrak{D}\epsilon\mathfrak{I}nl \ opinl$ )))
  let ?st1' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R1 (x # drop ar (map Subx.norm-unboxed
 $\Sigma 2$ )) # st1
  let ?s1' = State ?F1' H ?st1'
  show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x (State F2' H ?st2')$ )
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show ?STEP ?s1'
    unfolding  $\Sigma 1$ -def
    using step-op-inl-miss.hyps
    by (auto simp: take-map ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-to-map-norm[symmetric]
        intro!: Sinca.step-op-inl-miss dest!: next-instr2)
next
show ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2' H ?st2')
  using step-op-inl-miss.premis
proof (rule match.intros)
  show rel-fundefs (Finca-get ?F1') (Fubx-get F2')
  unfolding step-op-inl-miss.hyps
  using rel-F1-F2
  by (auto intro: rel-fundefs-rewriteI)
next
let ?fd2' = rewrite-fundef-body fd2 l pc (Ubx.instr.IOp ( $\mathfrak{D}\epsilon\mathfrak{I}nl \ opinl$ ))
let ?instrs' = instrs[pc := Ubx.instr.IOp ( $\mathfrak{D}\epsilon\mathfrak{I}nl \ opinl$ )]
show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2') None ?st1' ?st2'
proof (rule rel-stacktraces.intros)
  show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2') (Some f) st1 st2
  using step-op-inl-miss.hyps rel-st1-st2 Sinca. $\mathfrak{I}nl$ -invertible
  by (auto intro: rel-stacktraces-map-entry-rewrite-fundef-body
      Subx.sp-instr-Op-OpInl-conv[OF refl, symmetric])
next
show Fubx-get F2' f = Some ?fd2'
  unfolding step-op-inl-miss.hyps
  using F2-f by simp
next

```

```

    show map-of (body ?fd2') l = Some ?instrs'
      using map-of-fd2-l by simp
  next
    show Subx.sp-instrs (map-option funtype ◦ Fubx-get F2')
      (return (rewrite-fundef-body fd2 l pc (Ubx.instr.IOp (ΣcInl opinl))))
      (take (Suc pc) ?instrs') [] (map typeof (OpDyn x # drop ar Σ2))
    using rel-stacktraces-Cons step-op-inl-miss.hyps
  by (auto simp add: take-Suc-conv-app-nth Subx.Fenv.map-option-comp-map-entry
      map-eq-append-map-drop ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-map-typeof-replicate-conv
      Sinca.Inl-invertible
      intro!: sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.Op
      dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
  qed (insert all-dyn-R2 R1-def, simp-all add: drop-map)
qed
qed
next
  case (step-op-ubx opubx op ar x)
  let ?st1' = Frame fl (Suc pc) R1 (Subx.norm-unboxed x # drop ar (map
Subx.norm-unboxed Σ2)) # st1
  let ?s1' = State F1 H ?st1'
  show ?case (is ∃ x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH x (State F2 H ?st2'))
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show ?STEP ?s1'
      unfolding Σ1-def
      using step-op-ubx.hyps
      by (auto simp: take-map
          intro!: Sinca.step-op-inl-hit
          intro: Subx.ΛbrOp-to-Inl[THEN Sinca.Inl-IsInl] Subx.ΛbrOp-correct
          dest: next-instr2)
  next
    show ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2 H ?st2')
      using step-op-ubx.premis rel-F1-F2
  proof (rule match.intros)
    show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
      using step-op-ubx.hyps rel-stacktraces-Cons
    by (auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth drop-map map-eq-append-map-drop
        intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.OpUbx
        dest!: next-instrD instr-atD
        dest!: Subx.TypeOfOp-complete)
  qed
qed
next
  case (step-cjump lt lf x d l' Σ2')
  hence instr-at fd2 l pc = Some (Ubx.instr.ICJump lt lf)
    using F2-f by (auto dest!: next-instrD)
  hence pc-in-dom: pc < length instrs and nth-instrs-pc: instrs ! pc = Ubx.instr.ICJump
lt lf
    using map-of-fd2-l by (auto dest!: instr-atD)
  hence {lt, lf} ⊆ fst ' set (body fd2)

```



```

    using all-jumps-in-range by (auto simp: list-all-length)
  moreover have  $l' \in \{l_t, l_f\}$ 
    using step-cjump.hyps by auto
  ultimately have  $l' \in \text{fst } \text{'set (body fd2)}$ 
    by blast
  then obtain instrs' where map-of-l':  $\text{map-of (body fd2) } l' = \text{Some instrs'}$ 
    by (auto dest: weak-map-of-SomeI)

  have pc-def:  $pc = \text{length instrs} - 1$ 
    using is-jump-nthD[OF pc-in-dom] nth-instrs-pc by simp
  have  $\Sigma 2' \text{-eq-Nil: } \Sigma 2' = []$ 
    using sp-instr-last[OF pc-def] step-cjump.hyps
    by (auto simp: nth-instrs-pc elim!: Subx.sp-instr.cases)

  let ?st1' =  $\text{Frame } f l' 0 R1 (\text{map Subx.norm-unboxed } \Sigma 2') \# st1$ 
  let ?s1' =  $\text{State } F1 H ?st1'$ 
  show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x (\text{State } F2 H ?st2')$ )
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show ?STEP ?s1'
      unfolding  $\Sigma 1\text{-def}$ 
      using step-cjump.hyps
      by (auto intro!: Sinca.step-cjump dest: next-instr2)
  next
    show ?MATCH ?s1' ( $\text{State } F2 H ?st2'$ )
      using step-cjump.premis rel-F1-F2
    proof (rule match.intros)
      show  $\text{rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get } F2) \text{ None } ?st1' ?st2'$ 
        using map-of-l' rel-stacktraces-Cons(1,3-5)
      by (auto simp:  $\Sigma 2' \text{-eq-Nil}$  intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros intro: Subx.sp-instrs.Nil)
    qed
  qed
next
  case (step-call g gd2 frame_g)
  then obtain gd1 where
     $F1\text{-g: } \text{Finca-get } F1 g = \text{Some } gd1$  and  $\text{rel-gd1-gd2: } \text{rel-fundef (=) norm-eq}$ 
     $gd1 gd2$ 
    using rel-fundefs-Some2[OF rel-F1-F2] by auto

  have wf-gd2:  $\text{Subx.wf-fundef (map-option funtype } \circ \text{Fubx-get } F2) gd2$ 
    using Subx.wf-fundefs-getD[OF wf-F2] step-call.hyps by simp

  obtain intrs_g where  $gd2\text{-fst-bblock: } \text{map-of (body gd2) (fst (hd (body gd2)))}$ 
    =  $\text{Some intrs}_g$ 
    using Subx.wf-fundef-body-neq-NilD[OF wf-gd2]
  by (metis hd-in-set map-of-eq-None-iff not-Some-eq prod.collapse prod-in-set-fst-image-conv)

  let ?frame_g =  $\text{allocate-frame } g gd1 (\text{take (arity } gd1) \Sigma 1) \text{ uninitialized}$ 
  let ?st1' =  $?frame_g \# \text{Frame } f l pc R1 \Sigma 1 \# st1$ 
  let ?s1' =  $\text{State } F1 H ?st1'$ 

```

```

show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x (State F2 H ?st2')$ )
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show ?STEP ?s1'
    unfolding  $\Sigma 1$ -def
    using step-call.hyps F1-g rel-gd1-gd2
    by (auto simp: rel-fundef-arities intro!: Sinca.step-call dest: next-instr2)
next
show ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2 H ?st2')
  using step-call.premis rel-F1-F2
proof (rule match.intros)
  have FOO: fst (hd (body gd1)) = fst (hd (body gd2))
    apply (rule rel-fundef-rel-fst-hd-bodies[OF rel-gd1-gd2])
    using Subx.wf-fundefs-getD[OF wf-F2  $\langle Fubx-get F2 g = Some gd2 \rangle$ ]
    by (auto dest: Subx.wf-fundef-body-neq-NilD)
show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
  unfolding step-call allocate-frame-def FOO
proof (rule rel-stacktraces.intros(2))
  show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) (Some g)
    (Frame fl pc R1  $\Sigma 1 \# st1$ ) (Frame fl pc R2  $\Sigma 2 \# st2$ )
    using step-call rel-stacktraces-Cons
    by (auto simp: is-valid-fun-call-def intro: rel-stacktraces.intros)
next
show take (arity gd1)  $\Sigma 1 @ replicate (fundef-locals gd1) uninitialized =$ 
  map Subx.norm-unboxed (take (arity gd2)  $\Sigma 2 @$ 
  replicate (fundef-locals gd2) (OpDyn uninitialized))
  using rel-gd1-gd2
  by (simp add: rel-fundef-arities rel-fundef-locals take-map  $\Sigma 1$ -def)
next
show list-all is-dyn-operand (take (arity gd2)  $\Sigma 2 @$ 
  replicate (fundef-locals gd2) (OpDyn uninitialized))
  using step-call.hyps by auto
qed (insert step-call gd2-fst-bblock, simp-all add: Subx.sp-instrs.Nil)
qed
qed
next
case (step-return fd2'  $\Sigma 2_g$  frameg' g lg pcg R2g st2')
hence fd2-fd2'[simp]: fd2' = fd2
  using F2-f by simp
then obtain fd1 where
  F1-f: Finca-get F1 f = Some fd1 and rel-fd1-fd2: rel-fundef (=) norm-eq
  fd1 fd2
  using F2-f rel-fundefs-Some2[OF rel-F1-F2] by auto
show ?case
using rel-st1-st2 unfolding  $\langle Frame g l_g pc_g R2_g \Sigma 2_g \# st2' = st2 \rangle$ [symmetric]
proof (cases rule: rel-stacktraces.cases)
  case (rel-stacktraces-Cons st1'  $\Sigma 1_g$  R1g gd2 instrs)
  hence is-valid-call-f: is-valid-fun-call (Fubx-get F2) g lg pcg  $\Sigma 2_g$  f
  by simp
  let ?s1' = State F1 H (Frame g lg (Suc pcg) R1g ( $\Sigma 1 @ drop (arity fd2)$ )

```

```

Σ1g) # st1')
  show ?thesis (is ∃x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH x (State F2 H ?st2'))
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show ?STEP ?s1'
      unfolding rel-stacktraces-Cons
    proof (rule Sinca.step.step-return)
      show next-instr (Finca-get F1) f l pc = Some Inca.instr.IReturn
        using ⟨next-instr (Fubx-get F2) f l pc = Some Ubx.instr.IReturn⟩
        using rel-fundefs-next-instr2[OF rel-F1-F2]
        by force
    next
      show Finca-get F1 f = Some fd1
        by (rule F1-f)
    qed (insert step-return.hyps rel-fd1-fd2,
      simp-all add: Σ1-def rel-fundef-arities rel-fundef-return)
  next
    show ?MATCH ?s1' (State F2 H ?st2')
      unfolding step-return.hyps
    proof (rule match.intros)
      have next-instr (Fubx-get F2) g lg pcg = Some (Ubx.instr.ICall f) and
        arity fd2 ≤ length Σ2g and list-all is-dyn-operand (take (arity fd2)
Σ2g)
        using is-valid-call-f[unfolded is-valid-fun-call-def] F2-f
        by simp-all
      hence
        pcg-in-range: pcg < length instrs and
        nth-instrs-pcg: instrs ! pcg = Ubx.instr.ICall f
        using rel-stacktraces-Cons
        by (auto dest!: next-instrD instr-atD)
      have replicate-None: replicate (arity fd2) None = map typeof (take (arity
fd2) Σ2g)
        using ⟨arity fd2 ≤ length Σ2g⟩ ⟨list-all is-dyn-operand (take (arity fd2)
Σ2g)⟩
        by (auto simp: is-dyn-operand-eq-typeof list-all-iff intro!: replicate-eq-map)
      show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None
        (Frame g lg (Suc pcg) R1g (Σ1 @ drop (arity fd2) Σ1g) # st1')
        (Frame g lg (Suc pcg) R2g (Σ2 @ drop (arity fd2') Σ2g) # st2')
        using rel-stacktraces-Cons
        apply (auto simp: Σ1-def drop-map take-Suc-conv-app-nth[OF
pcg-in-range] nth-instrs-pcg
          intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros elim!: Subx.sp-instrs-appendI)
        apply (rule Subx.sp-instr.Call[of - - - - map typeof (drop (arity fd2)
Σ2g)])
        apply (simp add: F2-f funtype-def)
        apply (simp add: replicate-None map-append[symmetric])
        using ⟨length Σ2 = return fd2'⟩ ⟨list-all is-dyn-operand Σ2⟩
        by (auto simp: list.pred-set intro: replicate-eq-map[symmetric])
    qed (insert step-return rel-F1-F2, simp-all)
  qed

```

qed
 qed
 qed
 qed

lemma *match-final-backward*:
assumes *match s1 s2 and final-s2: final Fubx-get Ubx.IReturn s2*
shows *final Finca-get Inca.IReturn s1*
using $\langle \text{match } s1 \ s2 \rangle$
proof (*cases s1 s2 rule: match.cases*)
case (*matchI F2 H st2 F1 st1*)
show *?thesis*
using *final-s2[unfolded matchI]*
proof (*cases - - State F2 H st2 rule: final.cases*)
case (*finalI f l pc R Σ*)
then show *?thesis*
using *matchI*
by (*auto intro!: final.intros elim!: rel-stacktraces.cases dest: rel-fundefs-next-instr2*)
 qed
 qed

sublocale *inca-to-ubx-simulation*:
backward-simulation Sinca.step Subx.step
final Finca-get Inca.IReturn
final Fubx-get Ubx.IReturn
 $\lambda - . \text{False } \lambda - . \text{match}$
using *match-final-backward backward-lockstep-simulation*
lockstep-to-plus-backward-simulation[of match Subx.step Sinca.step]
by *unfold-locales auto*

20 Forward simulation

lemma *ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-eq-norm-stack*:
assumes *list-all ($\lambda x. x = \text{None}$) (map typeof xs)*
shows *ap-map-list cast-Dyn xs = Some (map Subx.norm-unboxed xs)*
using *assms*
proof (*induction xs*)
case *Nil*
thus *?case by simp*
next
case (*Cons x xs*)
from *Cons.prem* **have**
typeof-x: typeof x = None and
typeof-xs: list-all ($\lambda x. x = \text{None}$) (map typeof xs)
by *simp-all*
obtain *x'* **where** *x = OpDyn x'*
using *typeof-unboxed-inversion(1)[OF typeof-x]* **by** *auto*
then show *?case*
using *Cons.IH[OF typeof-xs]*

by *simp*
qed

lemma *forward-lockstep-simulation*:

assumes *match s1 s2* and *Sinca.step s1 s1'*
shows $\exists s2'. \text{Subx.step } s2 s2' \wedge \text{match } s1' s2'$
using *assms(1)*

proof (*cases s1 s2 rule: match.cases*)

case (*matchI F2 H st2 F1 st1*)

have *s2-def*: $s2 = \text{Global.state.State } F2 H st2$ using *matchI* by *simp*

have *rel-F1-F2*: *rel-fundefs (Finca-get F1) (Fubx-get F2)* using *matchI* by *simp*

have *wf-s2*: *Subx.wf-state s2* using *matchI* by *simp*

hence *wf-F2*: *Subx.wf-fundefs (Fubx-get F2)* by (*auto simp: s2-def dest: Subx.wf-stateD*)

note $wf-s2'I = \text{Subx.wf-state-step-preservation}[OF\ wf-s2]$

from $\langle \text{rel-stacktraces } (Fubx-get\ F2)\ \text{None}\ st1\ st2 \rangle$ show *?thesis*

proof (*cases Fubx-get F2 None :: 'fun option st1 st2 rule: rel-stacktraces.cases*)

case *rel-stacktraces-Nil*

with *matchI assms(2)* show *?thesis* by (*auto elim: Sinca.step.cases*)

next

case (*rel-stacktraces-Cons f st1' st2' Σ1 Σ2 R1 R2 fd2 l instrs pc*)

have *rel-st1'-st2'*: *rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) (Some f) st1' st2'*

using *rel-stacktraces-Cons* by *simp*

have *st2-def*: $st2 = \text{Frame } f\ l\ pc\ R2\ \Sigma2\ \# st2'$ using *rel-stacktraces-Cons* by *simp*

have $\Sigma1\text{-def}$: $\Sigma1 = \text{map } \text{Subx.norm-unboxed } \Sigma2$ using *rel-stacktraces-Cons* by *simp*

simp

have *all-dyn-R2*: *list-all is-dyn-operand R2* using *rel-stacktraces-Cons* by *simp*

have *F2-f*: $Fubx-get\ F2\ f = \text{Some } fd2$ using *rel-stacktraces-Cons* by *simp*

have *map-of-fd2-l*: $\text{map-of } (body\ fd2)\ l = \text{Some } instrs$ using *rel-stacktraces-Cons*

by *simp*

have *sp-instrs-prefix*: $\text{Subx.sp-instrs } (\text{map-option funtype } \circ Fubx-get\ F2)\ (\text{return } fd2)$

$(\text{take } pc\ instrs) \ []\ (\text{map typeof } \Sigma2)$

using *rel-stacktraces-Cons* by *simp*

note $\text{sp-instrs-prefix}' =$

$\text{Subx.sp-instrs-singletonI}[THEN\ \text{Subx.sp-instrs-appendI}[OF\ \text{sp-instrs-prefix}]]$

have *wf-fd2*: $\text{Subx.wf-fundef } (\text{map-option funtype } \circ Fubx-get\ F2)\ fd2$

using *wf-F2 F2-f* by (*auto dest: Subx.wf-fundefs-getD*)

hence *sp-instrs-instrs*:

$\text{Subx.sp-instrs } (\text{map-option funtype } \circ Fubx-get\ F2)\ (\text{return } fd2)\ instrs \ [] \ []$

using *wf-fd2[THEN Subx.wf-fundef-all-wf-basic-blockD]* *map-of-fd2-l*

by (*auto dest: list-all-map-of-SomeD[OF - map-of-fd2-l] dest: Subx.wf-basic-blockD*)

hence *sp-instrs-suffix*: $\text{Subx.sp-instrs } (\text{map-option funtype } \circ Fubx-get\ F2)\ (\text{return } fd2)$

$(instrs\ !\ pc\ \# \text{drop } (Suc\ pc)\ instrs)\ (\text{map typeof } \Sigma2) \ []$ if $pc < \text{length } instrs$

using *that Subx.sp-instrs-appendD'[OF - sp-instrs-prefix]*

```

by (simp add: Cons-nth-drop-Suc)

have
  instrs-neq-Nil: instrs ≠ [] and
  all-jumps-in-range: list-all (Subx.jump-in-range (fst ` set (body fd2))) instrs
and
  sp-instrs-instrs: Subx.sp-instrs (map-option funtype ∘ Fubx-get F2) (return
fd2) instrs [] []
  using list-all-map-of-SomeD[OF wf-fd2[THEN Subx.wf-fundef-all-wf-basic-blockD]
map-of-fd2-l]
  by (auto dest: Subx.wf-basic-blockD)

from assms(2)[unfolded matchI rel-stacktraces-Cons] show ?thesis
proof (induction State F1 H (Frame f l pc (map Subx.norm-unboxed R2) (map
Subx.norm-unboxed Σ2) # st1') s1' rule: Sinca.step.induct)
  case (step-push d)
  then obtain instr2 where
    next-instr2: next-instr (Fubx-get F2) f l pc = Some instr2 and
    norm-eq-instr1-instr2: norm-eq (Inca.IPush d) instr2
  by (auto dest: rel-fundefs-next-instr1[OF rel-F1-F2])
  then show ?case (is ∃ x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') x)
  proof (cases instr2)
    case (IPush d2)
    let ?st2' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R2 (OpDyn d # Σ2) # st2'
    let ?s2' = State F2 H ?st2'
    show ?thesis
    proof (intro exI conjI)
      show ?STEP ?s2'
        using next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2
        unfolding IPush
        by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def intro: Subx.step-push)
    next
      show ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') ?s2'
      proof (rule match.intros)
        show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
          using wf-F2 by (auto intro: Subx.wf-stateI)
      next
        show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
          using next-instr2 rel-stacktraces-Cons
          unfolding IPush
          by (auto simp: next-instr-take-Suc-conv
            intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' intro: Subx.sp-instr.Push)
      qed (simp-all add: rel-F1-F2)
    qed
  next
  case (IPushUbx1 u)
  let ?st2' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R2 (OpUbx1 u # Σ2) # st2'
  let ?s2' = State F2 H ?st2'
  show ?thesis

```

```

proof (intro exI conjI)
  show ?STEP ?s2'
    using next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2
    unfolding IPushUbx1
    by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def intro: Subx.step-push-ubx1)
next
  show ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') ?s2'
  proof (rule match.intros)
    show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
      using wf-F2 by (auto intro: Subx.wf-stateI)
    show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
      using next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2 rel-stacktraces-Cons
      unfolding IPushUbx1
      by (auto simp: next-instr-take-Suc-conv
        intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' intro: Subx.sp-instr.PushUbx1)
    qed (simp-all add: rel-F1-F2)
  qed
next
  case (IPushUbx2 u)
  let ?st2' = Frame fl (Suc pc) R2 (OpUbx2 u #  $\Sigma 2$ ) # st2'
  let ?s2' = State F2 H ?st2'
  show ?thesis
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show ?STEP ?s2'
      using next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2
      unfolding IPushUbx2
      by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def intro: Subx.step-push-ubx2)
  next
    show ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') ?s2'
    proof (rule match.intros)
      show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
        using wf-F2 by (auto intro: Subx.wf-stateI)
      show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
        using next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2 rel-stacktraces-Cons
        unfolding IPushUbx2
        by (auto simp: next-instr-take-Suc-conv
          intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' intro: Subx.sp-instr.PushUbx2)
      qed (simp-all add: rel-F1-F2)
    qed
  qed simp-all
next
  case (step-pop d  $\Sigma 1'$ )
  then obtain u  $\Sigma 2'$  where
     $\Sigma 2$ -def:  $\Sigma 2 = u \# \Sigma 2'$  and  $d = \text{Subx.norm-unboxed } u$  and
     $\Sigma 1'$ -def:  $\Sigma 1' = \text{map } \text{Subx.norm-unboxed } \Sigma 2'$ 
  by auto
  from step-pop obtain instr2 where
    next-instr2: next-instr (Fubx-get F2) fl pc = Some instr2 and
    norm-eq-instr1-instr2: norm-eq Inca.IPop instr2

```

```

    by (auto dest: rel-fundefs-next-instr1[OF rel-F1-F2])
  then show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') x$ )
proof (cases instr2)
  case IPop
  let ?st2' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R2  $\Sigma 2'$  # st2'
  let ?s2' = State F2 H ?st2'
  show ?thesis
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show ?STEP ?s2'
    using next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2
    unfolding IPop
    by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def  $\Sigma 2'$ -def intro: Subx.step-pop)
next
  show ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') ?s2'
proof (rule match.intros)
  show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
    using wf-F2 by (auto intro: Subx.wf-stateI)
next
  show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
    using next-instr2 rel-stacktraces-Cons
    unfolding IPop
    by (auto simp:  $\Sigma 2'$ -def  $\Sigma 1'$ -def next-instr-take-Suc-conv
      intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.Pop)
qed (simp-all add: rel-F1-F2)
qed
qed simp-all
next
  case (step-get n d)
  hence nth-R2-n: R2 ! n = OpDyn d
  using all-dyn-R2
  by (metis Subx.norm-unboxed.simps(1) is-dyn-operand-def length-map
    list-all-length nth-map)
  from step-get obtain instr2 where
    next-instr2: next-instr (Fubx-get F2) f l pc = Some instr2 and
    norm-eq-instr1-instr2: norm-eq (Inca.IGet n) instr2
  by (auto dest: rel-fundefs-next-instr1[OF rel-F1-F2])
  then show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') x$ )
proof (cases instr2)
  case (IGet n')
  hence n' = n using norm-eq-instr1-instr2 by simp
  let ?st2' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R2 (OpDyn d #  $\Sigma 2$ ) # st2'
  let ?s2' = State F2 H ?st2'
  show ?thesis
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show ?STEP ?s2'
    using step-get nth-R2-n
    using next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2
    unfolding IGet
    by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def intro: Subx.step-get)

```



```

next
  show ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') ?s2'
  proof (rule match.intros)
    show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
      using wf-F2 by (auto intro: Subx.wf-stateI)
  next
    show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
      using next-instr2 rel-stacktraces-Cons
      unfolding IGet
      by (auto simp: next-instr-take-Suc-conv
        intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' intro: Subx.sp-instr.Get)
  qed (simp-all add: rel-F1-F2)
qed
next
case (IGetUbx  $\tau$   $n'$ )
hence  $n' = n$  using norm-eq-instr1-instr2 by simp
show ?thesis
proof (cases Subx.unbox  $\tau$   $d$ )
  case None
  let ?F2' = Subx.Fenv.map-entry F2 f Subx.generalize-fundef
  let ?st2' = Subx.box-stack f (Frame fl (Suc pc) R2 (OpDyn d #  $\Sigma$ 2) #
st2')
  let ?s2' = State ?F2' H ?st2'
  show ?thesis
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show ?STEP ?s2'
      using step-get nth-R2-n None
      using next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2
      unfolding IGetUbx
      by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def intro: Subx.step-get-ubx-miss[simplified])
  next
    show ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') ?s2'
    proof (rule match.intros)
      show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
        using wf-F2
        by (auto intro!: Subx.wf-stateI intro: Subx.wf-fundefs-generalize)
    next
      show rel-fundefs (Finca-get F1) (Fubx-get ?F2')
        using rel-F1-F2
        by (auto intro: rel-fundefs-generalizeI)
    next
      have sp-instrs-gen: Subx.sp-instrs (map-option funtype  $\circ$  Fubx-get F2)
(return fd2)
      (take (Suc pc) (map Subx.generalize-instr instrs)) [] (map Map.empty
(OpDyn d #  $\Sigma$ 2))
      using rel-stacktraces-Cons step-get.hyps
      using IGetUbx  $\langle n' = n \rangle$ 
      using next-instr-get-map-ofD[OF next-instr2 F2-f map-of-fd2-l]
      by (auto simp: take-Suc-conv-app-nth take-map

```

```

      intro!: Subx.sp-instrs-appendI
      intro: Subx.sp-instrs-generalize0 Subx.sp-instr.Get)
    then show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get ?F2') None ?st1' ?st2'
      apply simp
    proof (rule rel-stacktraces.intros)
      show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get ?F2') (Some f) st1' (Subx.box-stack f
st2')
        using rel-st1'-st2' rel-stacktraces-map-entry-gneralize-fundefI by
simp
      next
      show Fubx-get ?F2' f = Some (Subx.generalize-fundef fd2)
        using F2-f by simp
      next
      show map-of (body (Subx.generalize-fundef fd2)) l =
        Some (map Subx.generalize-instr instrs)
        using map-of-fd2-l by (simp add: Subx.map-of-generalize-fundef-conv)
    qed (insert all-dyn-R2 map-of-fd2-l, simp-all add: Subx.map-of-generalize-fundef-conv)
  qed
  qed
  next
  case (Some u)
  let ?st2' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R2 (u #  $\Sigma 2$ ) # st2'
  let ?s2' = State F2 H ?st2'
  show ?thesis
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show ?STEP ?s2'
      using step-get nth-R2-n Some
      using next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2
      unfolding IGetUbx
      by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def intro: Subx.step-get-ubx-hit)
  next
  show ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') ?s2'
  proof (rule match.intros)
    show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
      using wf-F2 by (auto intro: Subx.wf-stateI)
  next
  show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
    using next-instr2 rel-stacktraces-Cons
    using Some
    unfolding IGetUbx
    by (auto simp: next-instr-take-Suc-conv
      intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' intro: Subx.sp-instr.GetUbx)
  qed (simp-all add: rel-F1-F2)
  qed
  qed
  qed simp-all
  next
  case (step-set n R1' d  $\Sigma 1'$ )
  then obtain u  $\Sigma 2'$  where

```

```

     $\Sigma 2$ -def:  $\Sigma 2 = u \# \Sigma 2'$  and d-def:  $d = \text{Subx.norm-unboxed } u$  and
     $\Sigma 1'$ -def:  $\Sigma 1' = \text{map Subx.norm-unboxed } \Sigma 2'$ 
  by auto
  from step-set obtain instr2 where
    next-instr2: next-instr (Fubx-get F2) f l pc = Some instr2 and
    norm-eq-instr1-instr2: norm-eq (Inca.ISet n) instr2
  by (auto dest: rel-fundefs-next-instr1[OF rel-F1-F2])
  have pc-in-range: pc < length instrs and nth-instrs-pc: instrs ! pc = instr2
  using next-instr-get-map-ofD[OF next-instr2 F2-f map-of-fd2-l]
  by simp-all
  from next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2
  show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH (\text{State } F1 H ?st1')$  x)
  proof (cases instr2)
    case (ISet n')
    hence n' = n using norm-eq-instr1-instr2 by simp
    have typeof-u: typeof u = None
    using sp-instrs-suffix[OF pc-in-range, unfolded nth-instrs-pc ISet, simplified]
    by (auto simp:  $\Sigma 2$ -def elim: Subx.sp-instrs.cases Subx.sp-instr.cases)
    hence cast-Dyn-u: cast-Dyn u = Some d
    by (auto simp add: d-def dest: Subx.typeof-and-norm-unboxed-imp-cast-Dyn)
    let ?R2' = R2[n := OpDyn d]
    let ?st2' = Frame f l (Suc pc) ?R2'  $\Sigma 2'$  # st2'
    let ?s2' = State F2 H ?st2'
    show ?thesis
    proof (intro exI conjI)
      show ?STEP ?s2'
      using step-set.hyps cast-Dyn-u
      using next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2
      unfolding ISet
      by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def  $\Sigma 2$ -def intro: Subx.step-set)
    next
      show ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') ?s2'
      proof (rule match.intros)
        show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
        using wf-F2 by (auto intro: Subx.wf-stateI)
      next
        show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
        using next-instr2 rel-stacktraces-Cons
        unfolding ISet
        using step-set.hyps cast-Dyn-u
        by (auto simp:  $\Sigma 1'$ -def  $\Sigma 2$ -def map-update next-instr-take-Suc-conv
            intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.Set
            intro: list-all-list-updateI)
      qed (simp-all add: rel-F1-F2)
    qed
  next
  case (ISetUbx  $\tau$  n')
  hence n' = n using norm-eq-instr1-instr2 by simp
  have typeof-u: typeof u = Some  $\tau$ 

```

```

using sp-instrs-suffix[OF pc-in-range, unfolded nth-instrs-pc ISetUbx,
simplified]
  by (auto simp:  $\Sigma 2$ -def elim: Subx.sp-instrs.cases Subx.sp-instr.cases)
  hence cast-and-box-u: Subx.cast-and-box  $\tau u = \text{Some } d$ 
by (auto simp add: d-def dest: Subx.typeof-and-norm-unboxed-imp-cast-and-box)
let ?R2' = R2[n := OpDyn d]
let ?st2' = Frame f l (Suc pc) ?R2'  $\Sigma 2'$  # st2'
let ?s2' = State F2 H ?st2'
show ?thesis
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show ?STEP ?s2'
    using step-set cast-and-box-u
    using next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2
    unfolding ISetUbx
    by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def  $\Sigma 2$ -def intro: Subx.step-set-ubx)
next
  show ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') ?s2'
  proof (rule match.intros)
    show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
      using wf-F2 by (auto intro: Subx.wf-stateI)
    next
      show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
        using next-instr2 rel-stacktraces-Cons
        unfolding ISetUbx
        using step-set.hyps cast-and-box-u
        by (auto simp:  $\Sigma 1'$ -def  $\Sigma 2$ -def map-update next-instr-take-Suc-conv
          intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.SetUbx
          intro: list-all-list-updateI)
      qed (simp-all add: rel-F1-F2)
    qed
  qed simp-all
next
case (step-load x y d  $\Sigma 1'$ )
then obtain u  $\Sigma 2'$  where
   $\Sigma 2$ -def:  $\Sigma 2 = u \# \Sigma 2'$  and d-def:  $y = \text{Subx.norm-unboxed } u$  and
 $\Sigma 1'$ -def:  $\Sigma 1' = \text{map } \text{Subx.norm-unboxed } \Sigma 2'$ 
  by auto
from step-load obtain instr2 where
  next-instr2: next-instr (Fubx-get F2) f l pc = Some instr2 and
  norm-eq-instr1-instr2: norm-eq (Inca.ILoad x) instr2
  by (auto dest: rel-fundefs-next-instr1[OF rel-F1-F2])
have pc-in-range: pc < length instrs and nth-instrs-pc: instrs ! pc = instr2
  using next-instr-get-map-ofD[OF next-instr2 F2-f map-of-fd2-l]
  by simp-all
from next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2
show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') x$ )
proof (cases instr2)
  case (ILoad x')
    hence x' = x using norm-eq-instr1-instr2 by simp

```

```

have typeof-u: typeof u = None
using sp-instrs-suffix[OF pc-in-range, unfolded nth-instrs-pc ILoad, simpli-
fied]
  by (auto simp:  $\Sigma 2$ -def elim: Subx.sp-instrs.cases Subx.sp-instr.cases)
hence cast-Dyn-u: cast-Dyn u = Some y
by (auto simp add: d-def dest: Subx.typeof-and-norm-unboxed-imp-cast-Dyn)
let ?st2' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R2 (OpDyn d #  $\Sigma 2'$ ) # st2'
let ?s2' = State F2 H ?st2'
show ?thesis
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show ?STEP ?s2'
    using step-load.hyps cast-Dyn-u next-instr2
    unfolding ILoad  $\langle x' = x \rangle$ 
    by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def  $\Sigma 2$ -def intro: Subx.step-load)
next
show ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') ?s2'
proof (rule match.intros)
  show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
    using wf-F2 by (auto intro: Subx.wf-stateI)
next
show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
  using next-instr2 rel-stacktraces-Cons
  unfolding ILoad  $\langle x' = x \rangle$ 
  using step-load.hyps cast-Dyn-u
  by (auto simp:  $\Sigma 1'$ -def  $\Sigma 2$ -def map-update next-instr-take-Suc-conv
      intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.Load
      intro: list-all-list-updateI)
qed (simp-all add: rel-F1-F2)
qed
next
case (ILoadUbx  $\tau x'$ )
hence  $x' = x$  using norm-eq-instr1-instr2 by simp
have typeof-u: typeof u = None
  using sp-instrs-suffix[OF pc-in-range, unfolded nth-instrs-pc ILoadUbx,
simplified]
  by (auto simp:  $\Sigma 2$ -def elim: Subx.sp-instrs.cases Subx.sp-instr.cases)
hence cast-Dyn-u: cast-Dyn u = Some y
by (auto simp add: d-def dest: Subx.typeof-and-norm-unboxed-imp-cast-Dyn)
show ?thesis
proof (cases Subx.unbox  $\tau d$ )
  case None
  let ?F2' = Subx.Fenv.map-entry F2 f Subx.generalize-fundef
  let ?st2' = Subx.box-stack f (Frame f l (Suc pc) R2 (OpDyn d #  $\Sigma 2'$ ) #
st2')
  let ?s2' = State ?F2' H ?st2'
  show ?thesis
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show ?STEP ?s2'
      using step-load.hyps next-instr2 cast-Dyn-u None

```

```

      unfolding ILoadUbx ⟨x' = x⟩
    by (auto simp add: s2-def st2-def Σ2-def intro: Subx.step-load-ubx-miss[simplified])
  next
    show ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') ?s2'
    proof (rule match.intros)
      show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
      using wf-F2
      by (auto intro!: Subx.wf-stateI intro: Subx.wf-fundefs-generalize)
    next
      show rel-fundefs (Finc-get F1) (Fubx-get ?F2')
      using rel-F1-F2
      by (auto intro: rel-fundefs-generalizeI)
    next
      have Subx.sp-instrs (map-option funtype ◦ Fubx-get F2) (return fd2)
        (take (Suc pc) (map Subx.generalize-instr instrs)) [] (None # map
Map.empty Σ2')
      using rel-stacktraces-Cons step-load.hyps
      using pc-in-range nth-instrs-pc
      using ILoadUbx ⟨x' = x⟩
      by (auto simp: Σ2-def take-Suc-conv-app-nth take-map
intro!: Subx.sp-instrs-appendI
intro: Subx.sp-instrs-generalize0 Subx.sp-instr.Load)
      thus rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get ?F2') None ?st1' ?st2'
      apply simp
      proof (rule rel-stacktraces.intros)
        show Fubx-get ?F2' f = Some (Subx.generalize-fundef fd2)
        using F2-f by simp
      next
        show map-of (body (Subx.generalize-fundef fd2)) l =
Some (map Subx.generalize-instr instrs)
        using map-of-fd2-l
        by (simp add: Subx.map-of-generalize-fundef-conv)
      qed (insert rel-F1-F2 all-dyn-R2 F2-f map-of-fd2-l rel-st1'-st2', auto
simp: Σ1'-def)
      qed
    qed
  next
    case (Some u2)
    let ?st2' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R2 (u2 # Σ2') # st2'
    let ?s2' = State F2 H ?st2'
    show ?thesis
    proof (intro exI conjI)
      show ?STEP ?s2'
      using step-load.hyps next-instr2 cast-Dyn-u Some
      unfolding ILoadUbx ⟨x' = x⟩
    by (auto simp add: s2-def st2-def Σ2-def intro: Subx.step-load-ubx-hit[simplified])
  next
    show ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') ?s2'
    proof (rule match.intros)

```

```

    show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
      using wf-F2
      by (auto intro!: Subx.wf-stateI intro: Subx.wf-fundefs-generalize)
  next
  show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
    using next-instr2 rel-stacktraces-Cons
    using Some typeof-u
    unfolding ILoadUbx
    by (auto simp:  $\Sigma 2$ -def  $\Sigma 1'$ -def next-instr-take-Suc-conv
        intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.LoadUbx)
  qed (insert rel-F1-F2, simp-all)
  qed
  qed simp-all
next
case (step-store x d1 d2 H'  $\Sigma 1'$ )
then obtain u1 u2  $\Sigma 2'$  where
   $\Sigma 2$ -def:  $\Sigma 2 = u1 \# u2 \# \Sigma 2'$  and
  d1-def: d1 = Subx.norm-unboxed u1 and
  d2-def: d2 = Subx.norm-unboxed u2 and
   $\Sigma 1'$ -def:  $\Sigma 1' = \text{map } \text{Subx.norm-unboxed } \Sigma 2'$ 
  by auto
from step-store obtain instr2 where
  next-instr2: next-instr (Fubx-get F2) f l pc = Some instr2 and
  norm-eq-instr1-instr2: norm-eq (Inca.instr.IStore x) instr2
  by (auto dest: rel-fundefs-next-instr1[OF rel-F1-F2])
have pc-in-range: pc < length instrs and nth-instrs-pc: instrs ! pc = instr2
  using next-instr-get-map-ofD[OF next-instr2 F2-f map-of-fd2-l]
  by simp-all
from next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2
show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH (\text{State } F1 H' ?st1') x$ )
proof (cases instr2)
  case (IStore x')
  hence x' = x using norm-eq-instr1-instr2 by simp
  have casts: cast-Dyn u1 = Some d1 cast-Dyn u2 = Some d2
    unfolding atomize-conj
    using sp-instrs-suffix[OF pc-in-range, unfolded nth-instrs-pc IStore, simplified]
  by (auto simp: d1-def d2-def  $\Sigma 2$ -def elim: Subx.sp-instrs.cases Subx.sp-instr.cases
      intro: Subx.typeof-and-norm-unboxed-imp-cast-Dyn)
  let ?st2' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R2  $\Sigma 2' \# st2'$ 
  let ?s2' = State F2 H' ?st2'
  show ?thesis
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show ?STEP ?s2'
      using step-store.hyps casts next-instr2
      unfolding IStore ⟨x' = x⟩
      by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def  $\Sigma 2$ -def intro: Subx.step-store)
  next

```

```

show ?MATCH (State F1 H' ?st1') ?s2'
proof (rule match.intros)
  show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
    using wf-F2 by (auto intro: Subx.wf-stateI)
next
  show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
    using next-instr2 rel-stacktraces-Cons
    unfolding IStore ⟨x' = x⟩
    using step-store.hyps casts
    by (auto simp: Σ1'-def Σ2-def map-update next-instr-take-Suc-conv
      intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.Store
      intro: list-all-list-updateI)
  qed (insert rel-F1-F2, simp-all)
qed
next
  case (IStoreUbx τ x')
  hence x' = x using norm-eq-instr1-instr2 by simp
  have casts: cast-Dyn u1 = Some d1 Subx.cast-and-box τ u2 = Some d2
    unfolding atomize-conj
    using sp-instrs-suffix[OF pc-in-range, unfolded nth-instrs-pc IStoreUbx,
simplified]
  by (auto simp: d1-def d2-def Σ2-def elim: Subx.sp-instrs.cases Subx.sp-instr.cases
    intro: Subx.typeof-and-norm-unboxed-imp-cast-Dyn
    intro: Subx.typeof-and-norm-unboxed-imp-cast-and-box)
  let ?st2' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R2 Σ2' # st2'
  let ?s2' = State F2 H' ?st2'
  show ?thesis
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show ?STEP ?s2'
      using step-store.hyps casts next-instr2
      unfolding IStoreUbx ⟨x' = x⟩
      by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def Σ2-def intro: Subx.step-store-ubx)
  next
  show ?MATCH (State F1 H' ?st1') ?s2'
  proof (rule match.intros)
    show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
      using wf-F2 by (auto intro: Subx.wf-stateI)
  next
    show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
      using next-instr2 rel-stacktraces-Cons
      unfolding IStoreUbx ⟨x' = x⟩
      using step-store.hyps casts
      by (auto simp: Σ1'-def Σ2-def map-update next-instr-take-Suc-conv
        intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.StoreUbx
        intro: list-all-list-updateI)
    qed (insert rel-F1-F2, simp-all)
  qed
qed simp-all
next

```



```

case (step-op op ar x)
then obtain instr2 where
  next-instr2: next-instr (Fubx-get F2) f l pc = Some instr2 and
  norm-eq-instr1-instr2: norm-eq (Inca.IOp op) instr2
  by (auto dest: rel-fundefs-next-instr1[OF rel-F1-F2])
have pc-in-range: pc < length instrs and nth-instrs-pc: instrs ! pc = instr2
  using next-instr-get-map-ofD[OF next-instr2 F2-f map-of-fd2-l]
  by simp-all
from next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2
show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP\ x \wedge ?MATCH\ (State\ F1\ H\ ?st1')\ x$ )
proof (cases instr2)
  case (IOp op')
  hence op' = op using norm-eq-instr1-instr2 by simp
  have casts:
    ap-map-list cast-Dyn (take ar  $\Sigma 2$ ) = Some (take ar (map Subx.norm-unboxed
 $\Sigma 2$ ))
  using sp-instrs-suffix[OF pc-in-range, unfolded nth-instrs-pc IOp, simplified]
  using step-op.hyps
  by (auto simp:  $\langle op' = op \rangle$  take-map
    elim!: Subx.sp-instrs.cases[of - - x # xs for x xs, simplified] Subx.sp-instr.cases
      intro!: ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-eq-norm-stack[of take ( $\mathcal{A}rity\ op$ )  $\Sigma 2$ ]
      dest!: map-eq-append-replicate-conv)
  let ?st2' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R2 (OpDyn x # drop ar  $\Sigma 2$ ) # st2'
  let ?s2' = State F2 H ?st2'
  show ?thesis
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show ?STEP ?s2'
      using step-op.hyps casts next-instr2
      unfolding IOp  $\langle op' = op \rangle$ 
      by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def intro: Subx.step-op)
    next
    show ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') ?s2'
    proof (rule match.intros)
      show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
        using wf-F2 by (auto intro: Subx.wf-stateI)
      next
      show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
        using step-op.hyps casts next-instr2 rel-stacktraces-Cons
        unfolding IOp  $\langle op' = op \rangle$ 
        by (auto simp: min-absorb2 take-map[symmetric] drop-map[symmetric]
          simp: next-instr-take-Suc-conv
          intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.Op
          intro: list-all-list-updateI
          dest!: ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-replicate[symmetric])
      qed (insert rel-F1-F2, simp-all)
    qed
  qed simp-all
next
case (step-op-inl op ar opinl x F1')

```

```

then obtain instr2 where
  next-instr2: next-instr (Fubx-get F2) fl pc = Some instr2 and
  norm-eq-instr1-instr2: norm-eq (Inca.IOP op) instr2
  by (auto dest: rel-fundefs-next-instr1[OF rel-F1-F2])
have pc-in-range: pc < length instrs and nth-instrs-pc: instrs ! pc = instr2
  using next-instr-get-map-ofD[OF next-instr2 F2-f map-of-fd2-l]
  by simp-all
from next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2
show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP\ x \wedge ?MATCH\ (State\ F1'\ H\ ?st1')\ x$ )
proof (cases instr2)
  case (IOP op')
  hence op' = op using norm-eq-instr1-instr2 by simp
  have casts:
    ap-map-list cast-Dyn (take ar  $\Sigma 2$ ) = Some (take ar (map Subx.norm-unboxed
 $\Sigma 2$ ))
  using sp-instrs-suffix[OF pc-in-range, unfolded nth-instrs-pc IOP, simplified]
  using step-op-inl.hyps
  by (auto simp:  $\langle op' = op \rangle$  take-map
    elim!: Subx.sp-instrs.cases[of - - x # xs for x xs, simplified] Subx.sp-instr.cases
    intro!: ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-eq-norm-stack[of take ( $\mathcal{A}rity\ op$ )  $\Sigma 2$ ]
    dest!: map-eq-append-replicate-conv)
  let ?st2' = Frame fl (Suc pc) R2 (OpDyn x # drop ar  $\Sigma 2$ ) # st2'
  let ?F2' = Subx.Fenv.map-entry F2 f ( $\lambda fd. rewrite-fundef-body\ fd\ l\ pc$ 
(Ubx.IOPInl opinl))
  let ?s2' = State ?F2' H ?st2'
  have step-s2-s2': ?STEP ?s2'
  using step-op-inl.hyps casts next-instr2
  unfolding IOP  $\langle op' = op \rangle$ 
  by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def intro: Subx.step-op-inl)
show ?thesis
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show ?STEP ?s2' by (rule step-s2-s2')
next
  show ?MATCH (State F1' H ?st1') ?s2'
  proof (rule match.intros)
  show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
  by (rule Subx.wf-state-step-preservation[OF wf-s2 step-s2-s2'])
next
  show rel-fundefs (Finca-get F1') (Fubx-get ?F2')
  using rel-F1-F2 step-op-inl
  by (auto intro: rel-fundefs-rewriteI)
next
  have rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
  using rel-st1'-st2'
  apply (rule rel-stacktraces.intros)
  using step-op-inl.hyps casts next-instr2 rel-stacktraces-Cons
  unfolding IOP  $\langle op' = op \rangle$ 
  by (auto simp: min-absorb2 take-map[symmetric] drop-map[symmetric]
simp: next-instr-take-Suc-conv)

```

```

      intro!: sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.Op
      dest!: ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-rotate[symmetric]
    then show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get ?F2') None ?st1' ?st2'
      apply (rule rel-stacktraces-map-entry-rewrite-fundef-body)
      apply (rule next-instr2)
      unfolding IOp ⟨op' = op⟩
      using Sinca.Inl-invertible Subx.sp-instr-Op-OpInl-conv step-op-inl.hyps(4)
  apply blast
    apply simp
    apply simp
    done
  qed
  qed
  qed simp-all
next
  case (step-op-inl-hit opinl ar x)
  then obtain instr2 where
    next-instr2: next-instr (Fubx-get F2) f l pc = Some instr2 and
    norm-eq-instr1-instr2: norm-eq (Inca.IOpInl opinl) instr2
  by (auto dest: rel-fundefs-next-instr1[OF rel-F1-F2])
  have pc-in-range: pc < length instrs and nth-instrs-pc: instrs ! pc = instr2
  using next-instr-get-map-ofD[OF next-instr2 F2-f map-of-fd2-l]
  by simp-all
  from next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2
  show ?case (is ∃ x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') x)
  proof (cases instr2)
    case (IOpInl opinl')
    hence opinl' = opinl using norm-eq-instr1-instr2 by simp
    have casts:
      ap-map-list cast-Dyn (take ar Σ2) = Some (take ar (map Subx.norm-unboxed
Σ2))
    using sp-instrs-suffix[OF pc-in-range, unfolded nth-instrs-pc IOpInl, sim-
simplified]
    using step-op-inl-hit.hyps
    by (auto simp: ⟨opinl' = opinl⟩ take-map
elim!: Subx.sp-instrs.cases[of - - x # xs for x xs, simplified] Subx.sp-instr.cases
intro!: ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-eq-norm-stack[of take (λt it) (∃c Inl opinl)])
Σ2]
    dest!: map-eq-append-rotate-conv)
  let ?st2' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R2 (OpDyn x # drop ar Σ2) # st2'
  let ?s2' = State F2 H ?st2'
  have step-s2-s2': ?STEP ?s2'
    using step-op-inl-hit.hyps casts next-instr2
    unfolding IOpInl ⟨opinl' = opinl⟩
    by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def intro: Subx.step-op-inl-hit)
  show ?thesis
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show ?STEP ?s2' by (rule step-s2-s2')
  next

```

```

show ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') ?s2'
proof (rule match.intros)
  show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
    by (rule Subx.wf-state-step-preservation[OF wf-s2 step-s2-s2'])
next
  show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
    using step-op-inl-hit.hyps casts next-instr2 rel-stacktraces-Cons
    unfolding IOpInl ⟨opinl' = opinl⟩
    by (auto simp: min-absorb2 take-map[symmetric] drop-map[symmetric]
      simp: next-instr-take-Suc-conv
      intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.OpInl
      intro: list-all-list-updateI
      dest!: ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-replicate[symmetric])
  qed (insert rel-F1-F2, simp-all)
qed
next
  case (IOpUbx opubx)
  hence opinl =  $\mathfrak{B}\mathfrak{o}\mathfrak{x}$  opubx using norm-eq-instr1-instr2 by simp
  let ?ar =  $\mathfrak{A}\mathfrak{r}\mathfrak{i}\mathfrak{t}\mathfrak{h}$  ( $\mathfrak{D}\mathfrak{e}\mathfrak{T}\mathfrak{h}$  ( $\mathfrak{B}\mathfrak{o}\mathfrak{x}$  opubx))

  obtain codom where typeof-opubx:  $\mathfrak{T}\mathfrak{h}\mathfrak{p}\mathfrak{e}\mathfrak{D}\mathfrak{f}\mathfrak{D}\mathfrak{p}$  opubx = (map typeof (take
    ?ar  $\Sigma 2$ ), codom)
    using sp-instrs-suffix[OF pc-in-range, unfolded nth-instrs-pc IOpUbx,
    simplified]
    by (cases  $\mathfrak{T}\mathfrak{h}\mathfrak{p}\mathfrak{e}\mathfrak{D}\mathfrak{f}\mathfrak{D}\mathfrak{p}$  opubx)
    (auto simp: eq-append-conv-conj Subx. $\mathfrak{T}\mathfrak{h}\mathfrak{p}\mathfrak{e}\mathfrak{D}\mathfrak{f}\mathfrak{D}\mathfrak{p}$ - $\mathfrak{A}\mathfrak{r}\mathfrak{i}\mathfrak{t}\mathfrak{h}$  take-map
    dest!: Subx.sp-instrs-ConsD elim!: Subx.sp-instr.cases)

  obtain u where
    eval-opubx:  $\mathfrak{A}\mathfrak{b}\mathfrak{r}\mathfrak{D}\mathfrak{p}$  opubx (take ?ar  $\Sigma 2$ ) = Some u and typeof-u: typeof u
    = codom
    using Subx. $\mathfrak{T}\mathfrak{h}\mathfrak{p}\mathfrak{e}\mathfrak{D}\mathfrak{f}\mathfrak{D}\mathfrak{p}$ -correct[OF typeof-opubx] by auto
  hence x-def: x = Subx.norm-unboxed u
    using step-op-inl-hit.hyps
    using Subx. $\mathfrak{A}\mathfrak{b}\mathfrak{r}\mathfrak{D}\mathfrak{p}$ -correct[OF eval-opubx]
    unfolding ⟨opinl =  $\mathfrak{B}\mathfrak{o}\mathfrak{x}$  opubx⟩ take-map
    by simp

  let ?st2' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R2 (u # drop ?ar  $\Sigma 2$ ) # st2'
  let ?s2' = State F2 H ?st2'

  have step-s2-s2': ?STEP ?s2'
    using step-op-inl-hit.hyps next-instr2
    unfolding IOpUbx ⟨opinl =  $\mathfrak{B}\mathfrak{o}\mathfrak{x}$  opubx⟩
    using eval-opubx
    by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def intro!: Subx.step-op-ubx)
  show ?thesis
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show ?STEP ?s2' by (rule step-s2-s2')

```

```

next
  show ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') ?s2'
  proof (rule match.intros)
    show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
      by (rule Subx.wf-state-step-preservation[OF wf-s2 step-s2-s2'])
  next
  show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
    using step-op-inl-hit.hyps next-instr2 rel-stacktraces-Cons
    unfolding IOpUbx ⟨opinl = Bop opubx⟩ x-def
    by (auto simp: typeof-opubx typeof-u
      simp: min-absorb2 take-map[symmetric] drop-map[symmetric]
      intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.OpUbx
      dest!: ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-replicate[symmetric])
  qed (insert rel-F1-F2, simp-all)
qed
qed simp-all
next
case (step-op-inl-miss opinl ar x F1')
then obtain instr2 where
  next-instr2: next-instr (Fubx-get F2) f l pc = Some instr2 and
  norm-eq-instr1-instr2: norm-eq (Inca.IOpInl opinl) instr2
  by (auto dest: rel-fundefs-next-instr1[OF rel-F1-F2])
have pc-in-range: pc < length instrs and nth-instrs-pc: instrs ! pc = instr2
  using next-instr-get-map-ofD[OF next-instr2 F2-f map-of-fd2-l]
  by simp-all
from next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2
show ?case (is ∃ x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH (State F1' H ?st1') x)
proof (cases instr2)
  case (IOpInl opinl')
  hence opinl' = opinl using norm-eq-instr1-instr2 by simp
  have casts:
    ap-map-list cast-Dyn (take ar Σ2) = Some (take ar (map Subx.norm-unboxed
Σ2))
    using sp-instrs-suffix[OF pc-in-range, unfolded nth-instrs-pc IOpInl, sim-
simplified]
    using step-op-inl-miss.hyps
  by (auto simp: ⟨opinl' = opinl⟩ take-map
    elim!: Subx.sp-instrs.cases[of - - x # xs for x xs, simplified] Subx.sp-instr.cases
    intro!: ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-eq-norm-stack[of take (Altity) (DcInl opinl))
Σ2]
    dest!: map-eq-append-replicate-conv)
  let ?st2' = Frame f l (Suc pc) R2 (OpDyn x # drop ar Σ2) # st2'
  let ?F2' = Subx.Fenv.map-entry F2 f (λfd. rewrite-fundef-body fd l pc
(Ubx.IOp (DcInl opinl)))
  let ?s2' = State ?F2' H ?st2'
  have step-s2-s2': ?STEP ?s2'
    using step-op-inl-miss.hyps casts next-instr2
    unfolding IOpInl ⟨opinl' = opinl⟩

```

```

    by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def intro: Subx.step-op-inl-miss)
  show ?thesis
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show ?STEP ?s2' by (rule step-s2-s2')
  next
  show ?MATCH (State F1' H ?st1') ?s2'
  proof (rule match.intros)
    show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
      by (rule Subx.wf-state-step-preservation[OF wf-s2 step-s2-s2'])
  next
  show rel-fundefs (Finca-get F1') (Fubx-get ?F2')
    using rel-F1-F2 step-op-inl-miss.hypos
    by (auto intro: rel-fundefs-rewriteI)
  next
  have rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
    using rel-st1'-st2'
    apply (rule rel-stacktraces.intros)
    using step-op-inl-miss.hypos casts next-instr2 rel-stacktraces-Cons
    unfolding IOpInl ⟨opinl' = opinl⟩
    by (auto simp: min-absorb2 take-map[symmetric] drop-map[symmetric]
        simp: next-instr-take-Suc-conv
        intro!: sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.OpInl
        dest!: ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-replicate[symmetric])
  then show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get ?F2') None ?st1' ?st2'
    apply (rule rel-stacktraces-map-entry-rewrite-fundef-body)
    apply (rule next-instr2)
    unfolding IOpInl ⟨opinl' = opinl⟩
    using Sinca.∫nl-invertible Subx.sp-instr-Op-OpInl-conv step-op-inl-miss.hypos
  apply metis
    apply simp
    apply simp
    done
  qed
  qed
  next
  case (IOpUbx opubx)
  hence opinl = ∃oꝑ opubx using norm-eq-instr1-instr2 by simp
  let ?ar = ∃itih (∃e∫nl (∃oꝑ opubx))

  obtain codom where typeof-opubx: ∫hpe∫f∫p opubx = (map typeof (take
    ?ar ∑2), codom)
    using sp-instrs-suffix[OF pc-in-range, unfolded nth-instrs-pc IOpUbx,
    simplified]
    by (cases ∫hpe∫f∫p opubx)
      (auto simp: eq-append-conv-conj Subx.∫hpe∫f∫p-∃itih take-map
        dest!: Subx.sp-instrs-ConsD elim!: Subx.sp-instr.cases)
  obtain u where ∫hꝑ opubx (take ?ar ∑2) = Some u
    using Subx.∫hpe∫f∫p-correct[OF typeof-opubx] by auto
  hence ∫s∫nl opinl (take ?ar ∑1)

```

```

    unfolding  $\Sigma 1$ -def
  by (auto simp:  $\langle \text{opinl} = \mathfrak{B}\text{or } \text{opubx} \rangle$  take-map dest: Subx.AbrOp-to-Inl[THEN
Sinca.Inl-IsInl])
  hence False
  using step-op-inl-miss.hyps
  by (simp add:  $\Sigma 1$ -def  $\langle \text{opinl} = \mathfrak{B}\text{or } \text{opubx} \rangle$ )
  thus ?thesis by simp
qed simp-all
next
case (step-cjump  $l_t$   $l_f$   $d$   $l'$   $\Sigma 1'$ )
then obtain  $u$   $\Sigma 2'$  where
   $\Sigma 2$ -def:  $\Sigma 2 = u \# \Sigma 2'$  and
   $d$ -def:  $d = \text{Subx.norm-unboxed } u$  and
   $\Sigma 1'$ -def:  $\Sigma 1' = \text{map } \text{Subx.norm-unboxed } \Sigma 2'$ 
  by auto
from step-cjump.hyps obtain instr2 where
  next-instr2: next-instr (Fubx.get F2)  $f$   $l$   $pc = \text{Some } \text{instr2}$  and
  norm-eq-instr1-instr2: norm-eq (Inca.ICJump  $l_t$   $l_f$ ) instr2
  by (auto dest: rel-fundefs-next-instr1[OF rel-F1-F2])
have pc-in-range:  $pc < \text{length } \text{instrs}$  and nth-instrs-pc:  $\text{instrs} ! pc = \text{instr2}$ 
  using next-instr-get-map-ofD[OF next-instr2 F2-f map-of-fd2-l]
  by simp-all

from next-instr2 norm-eq-instr1-instr2
show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH (\text{State } F1 H ?st1') x$ )
proof (cases instr2)
  case (ICJump  $l_t'$   $l_f'$ )
  hence  $l_t' = l_t$  and  $l_f' = l_f$  using norm-eq-instr1-instr2 by simp-all
  hence  $\{l_t, l_f\} \subseteq \text{fst } \text{'set (body fd2)}$ 
  using all-jumps-in-range pc-in-range nth-instrs-pc ICJump by (auto simp:
list-all-length)
  moreover have  $l' \in \{l_t, l_f\}$ 
  using step-cjump.hyps by auto
  ultimately have  $l' \in \text{fst } \text{'set (body fd2)}$ 
  by blast
  then obtain instrs' where map-of-l': map-of (body fd2) l' = Some instrs'
  by (auto dest: weak-map-of-SomeI)

  have sp-instrs-instrs': Subx.sp-instrs (map-option funtype  $\circ$  Fubx.get F2)
  (return fd2)
  (butlast instrs @ [instrs ! pc]) [] [] if pc-def:  $pc = \text{length } \text{instrs} - 1$ 
  unfolding pc-def last-conv-nth[OF instrs-neq-Nil, symmetric]
  unfolding append-butlast-last-id[OF instrs-neq-Nil]
  by (rule sp-instrs-instrs)

  have sp-instr-last: Subx.sp-instr (map-option funtype  $\circ$  Fubx.get F2) (return
fd2)
  (instrs ! pc) (map typeof  $\Sigma 2$ ) [] if pc-def:  $pc = \text{length } \text{instrs} - 1$ 
  using sp-instrs-instrs'[OF pc-def]

```

```

using sp-instrs-prefix[unfolded pc-def butlast-conv-take[symmetric]]
by (auto dest!: Subx.sp-instrs-appendD)

have is-jump-nthD:  $\bigwedge n. \text{is-jump } (instrs ! n) \implies n < \text{length } instrs \implies n =$ 
length instrs - 1
using list-all-map-of-SomeD[OF wf-fd2[THEN Subx.wf-fundef-all-wf-basic-blockD]
map-of-fd2-l]
by (auto dest!: Subx.wf-basic-blockD
list-all-butlast-not-nthD[of  $\lambda i. \neg \text{is-jump } i \wedge \neg \text{Ubx.instr.is-return } i,$ 
simplified, OF - disjI1])

have pc-def: pc = length instrs - 1
using is-jump-nthD[OF - pc-in-range] nth-instrs-pc ICJump by simp
have  $\Sigma 2' \text{-eq-Nil}$ :  $\Sigma 2' = []$ 
using sp-instr-last[OF pc-def] step-cjump.hyps
by (auto simp:  $\Sigma 2 \text{-def d-def nth-instrs-pc ICJump elim!$ : Subx.sp-instr.cases)

have cast: cast-Dyn u = Some d
using sp-instrs-suffix[OF pc-in-range, unfolded nth-instrs-pc ICJump,
simplified]
by (auto simp:  $\Sigma 2 \text{-def d-def dest!$ : Subx.sp-instrs-ConsD elim!: Subx.sp-instr.cases
intro: Subx.typeof-and-norm-unboxed-imp-cast-Dyn)

let ?st2' = Frame f l' 0 R2  $\Sigma 2'$  # st2'
let ?s2' = State F2 H ?st2'

have step-s2-s2': ?STEP ?s2'
using step-cjump.hyps cast next-instr2
unfolding ICJump  $\langle l_t' = l_t \rangle \langle l_f' = l_f \rangle$ 
by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def  $\Sigma 2 \text{-def intro!$ : Subx.step-cjump)
show ?thesis
proof (intro exI conjI)
show ?STEP ?s2' by (rule step-s2-s2')
next
show ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') ?s2'
proof (rule match.intros)
show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
by (rule Subx.wf-state-step-preservation[OF wf-s2 step-s2-s2'])
next
show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
using step-cjump.hyps cast next-instr2 rel-stacktraces-Cons
using map-of-l'
unfolding ICJump  $\langle l_t' = l_t \rangle \langle l_f' = l_f \rangle \Sigma 1' \text{-def } \Sigma 2' \text{-eq-Nil}$ 
by (auto simp: min-absorb2 take-map[symmetric] drop-map[symmetric]
simp: next-instr-take-Suc-conv
intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros sp-instrs-prefix' Subx.sp-instr.CJump
intro: Subx.sp-instrs.Nil
dest!: ap-map-list-cast-Dyn-replicate[symmetric])
qed (insert rel-F1-F2, simp-all)

```



```

    qed
  qed simp-all
next
case (step-call g gd1 frameg)
then obtain instr2 where
  next-instr2: next-instr (Fubx-get F2) f l pc = Some instr2 and
  norm-eq-instr1-instr2: norm-eq (Inca.ICall g) instr2
  by (auto dest: rel-fundefs-next-instr1[OF rel-F1-F2])
have pc-in-range: pc < length instrs and nth-instrs-pc: instrs ! pc = instr2
  using next-instr-get-map-ofD[OF next-instr2 F2-f map-of-fd2-l]
  by simp-all

from step-call.hyps obtain gd2 where
  F2-g: Fubx-get F2 g = Some gd2 and rel-gd1-gd2: rel-fundef (=) norm-eq
gd1 gd2
  using rel-fundefs-Some1[OF rel-F1-F2] by auto

have wf-gd2: Subx.wf-fundef (map-option funtype ∘ Fubx-get F2) gd2
  by (rule Subx.wf-fundefs-getD[OF wf-F2 F2-g])

obtain intrsg where gd2-fst-bblock: map-of (body gd2) (fst (hd (body gd2)))
= Some intrsg
  using Subx.wf-fundef-body-neq-NilD[OF wf-gd2]
  by (metis hd-in-set map-of-eq-None-iff not-Some-eq prod.collapse prod-in-set-fst-image-conv)

from norm-eq-instr1-instr2
show ?case (is ∃ x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') x)
proof (cases instr2)
  case (ICall g')
  hence g' = g using norm-eq-instr1-instr2 by simp
  hence all-dyn-args: list-all is-dyn-operand (take (arity gd2) Σ2)
  using sp-instrs-suffix[OF pc-in-range, unfolded nth-instrs-pc ICall, simplified]
  using F2-g
  by (auto simp: funtype-def eq-append-conv-conj take-map list.pred-set
  dest!: Subx.sp-instrs-ConsD replicate-eq-impl-Ball-eq elim!: Subx.sp-instr.cases)

let ?frameg = allocate-frame g gd2 (take (arity gd2) Σ2) (OpDyn uninitial-
ized)
let ?st2' = ?frameg # Frame f l pc R2 Σ2 # st2'
let ?s2' = State F2 H ?st2'

have step-s2-s2': ?STEP ?s2'
  using step-call.hyps next-instr2 F2-g rel-gd1-gd2 all-dyn-args
  unfolding ICall ⟨g' = g⟩
  by (auto simp: s2-def st2-def rel-fundef-arities intro!: Subx.step-call)
show ?thesis
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show ?STEP ?s2' by (rule step-s2-s2')
next

```

```

show ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') ?s2'
proof (rule match.intros)
  show Subx.wf-state ?s2'
    by (rule Subx.wf-state-step-preservation[OF wf-s2 step-s2-s2'])
next
  have FOO: fst (hd (body gd1)) = fst (hd (body gd2))
    apply (rule rel-fundef-rel-fst-hd-bodies[OF rel-gd1-gd2])
    using Subx.wf-fundefs-getD[OF wf-F2 ⟨Fubx-get F2 g = Some gd2⟩]
    by (auto dest: Subx.wf-fundef-body-neq-NilD)
  show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) None ?st1' ?st2'
    unfolding step-call.hyps allocate-frame-def FOO
  proof (rule rel-stacktraces.intros)
    show Fubx-get F2 g = Some gd2
      by (rule F2-g)
    next
      show rel-stacktraces (Fubx-get F2) (Some g)
        (Frame f l pc (map Subx.norm-unboxed R2) (map Subx.norm-unboxed
Σ2) # st1')
          (Frame f l pc R2 Σ2 # st2')
        using step-call.hyps rel-stacktraces-Cons next-instr2 F2-g rel-gd1-gd2
all-dyn-args
      unfolding ICall ⟨g' = g⟩
      by (auto simp: is-valid-fun-call-def rel-fundef-arities intro!: rel-stacktraces.intros)
      qed (insert rel-gd1-gd2 all-dyn-args gd2-fst-bblock,
simp-all add: take-map rel-fundef-arities rel-fundef-locals Subx.sp-instrs.Nil
list-all-replicateI)
      qed (insert rel-F1-F2, simp-all)
    qed
  qed simp-all
next
case (step-return fd1 Σ1g frameg' g lg pcg R1g st1'')
then obtain instr2 where
  next-instr2: next-instr (Fubx-get F2) f l pc = Some instr2 and
  norm-eq-instr1-instr2: norm-eq Inca.IReturn instr2
  by (auto dest: rel-fundefs-next-instr1[OF rel-F1-F2])
have pc-in-range: pc < length instrs and nth-instrs-pc: instrs ! pc = instr2
  using next-instr-get-map-ofD[OF next-instr2 F2-f map-of-fd2-l]
  by simp-all

from step-return.hyps have rel-fd1-fd2: rel-fundef (=) norm-eq fd1 fd2
  using rel-fundefsD[OF rel-F1-F2, of f] F2-f by simp

from norm-eq-instr1-instr2
show ?case (is ∃ x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH (State F1 H ?st1') x)
proof (cases instr2)
  case IReturn
    have map-typeof-Σ2: map typeof Σ2 = replicate (return fd2) None
      using sp-instrs-suffix[OF pc-in-range, unfolded nth-instrs-pc IReturn,
simplified]

```



```

lemma match-final-forward:
  assumes match s1 s2 and final-s1: final Finca-get Inca.IReturn s1
  shows final Fubx-get Ubx.IReturn s2
  using  $\langle$ match s1 s2 $\rangle$ 
proof (cases s1 s2 rule: match.cases)
  case (matchI F2 H st2 F1 st1)
  show ?thesis
    using final-s1[unfolded matchI]
  proof (cases - - State F1 H st1 rule: final.cases)
    case (finalI f l pc R  $\Sigma$ )
    then show ?thesis
      using matchI
      by (auto intro!: final.intros elim: rel-stacktraces.cases norm-instr.elims[OF
sym]
        dest: rel-fundefs-next-instr1)
    qed
  qed

```

```

sublocale inca-ubx-forward-simulation:
  forward-simulation Sinca.step Subx.step
  final Finca-get Inca.IReturn
  final Fubx-get Ubx.IReturn
   $\lambda-$  -. False  $\lambda-$  match
  using match-final-forward forward-lockstep-simulation
  using lockstep-to-plus-forward-simulation[of match Sinca.step - Subx.step]
  by unfold-locales auto

```

21 Bisimulation

```

sublocale inca-ubx-bisimulation:
  bisimulation Sinca.step Subx.step final Finca-get Inca.IReturn final Fubx-get Ubx.IReturn
   $\lambda-$  -. False  $\lambda-$  match
  by unfold-locales

```

end

end

theory *Inca-Verification*

imports *Inca*

begin

context *inca begin*

22 Strongest postcondition

inductive *sp-instr* **for** *F ret* **where**

Push:

$sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (IPush d) \Sigma (Suc \Sigma) \mid$
Pop:
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } IPop (Suc \Sigma) \Sigma \mid$
Get:
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (IGet n) \Sigma (Suc \Sigma) \mid$
Set:
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (ISet n) (Suc \Sigma) \Sigma \mid$
Load:
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (ILoad x) (Suc \Sigma) (Suc \Sigma) \mid$
Store:
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (IStore x) (Suc (Suc \Sigma)) \Sigma \mid$
Op:
 $\Sigma i = \mathfrak{Arity} \text{ op} + \Sigma \implies$
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (IOp \text{ op}) \Sigma i (Suc \Sigma) \mid$
OpInl:
 $\Sigma i = \mathfrak{Arity} (\mathfrak{DecInl} \text{ opinl}) + \Sigma \implies$
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (IOpInl \text{ opinl}) \Sigma i (Suc \Sigma) \mid$
CJump:
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (ICJump l_t l_f) 1 0 \mid$
Call:
 $F f = \text{Some } (ar, r) \implies \Sigma i = ar + \Sigma \implies \Sigma o = r + \Sigma \implies$
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } (ICall f) \Sigma i \Sigma o \mid$
Return: $\Sigma i = \text{ret} \implies$
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } IReturn \Sigma i 0$

$sp\text{-instr}$ calculates the strongest postcondition of the arity of the operand stack.

inductive $sp\text{-instrs}$ for $F \text{ ret}$ where

Nil:
 $sp\text{-instrs } F \text{ ret } [] \Sigma \Sigma \mid$
Cons:
 $sp\text{-instr } F \text{ ret } instr \Sigma i \Sigma \implies sp\text{-instrs } F \text{ ret } instrs \Sigma \Sigma o \implies$
 $sp\text{-instrs } F \text{ ret } (instr \# instrs) \Sigma i \Sigma o$

23 Range validations

fun $local\text{-var-in-range}$ where

$local\text{-var-in-range } n (IGet k) \longleftrightarrow k < n \mid$
 $local\text{-var-in-range } n (ISet k) \longleftrightarrow k < n \mid$
 $local\text{-var-in-range } - - \longleftrightarrow True$

fun $jump\text{-in-range}$ where

$jump\text{-in-range } L (ICJump l_t l_f) \longleftrightarrow \{l_t, l_f\} \subseteq L \mid$
 $jump\text{-in-range } L - \longleftrightarrow True$

fun $fun\text{-call-in-range}$ where

$fun\text{-call-in-range } F (ICall f) \longleftrightarrow f \in \text{dom } F \mid$
 $fun\text{-call-in-range } F instr \longleftrightarrow True$

24 Basic block validation

definition *wf-basic-block* **where**

```
wf-basic-block F L ret n bblock  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
  (let (label, instrs) = bblock in
    list-all (local-var-in-range n) instrs  $\wedge$ 
    list-all (jump-in-range L) instrs  $\wedge$ 
    list-all (fun-call-in-range F) instrs  $\wedge$ 
    list-all ( $\lambda i. \neg$  Inca.is-jump  $i \wedge \neg$  Inca.is-return  $i$ ) (butlast instrs)  $\wedge$ 
    instrs  $\neq$  []  $\wedge$ 
    sp-instrs F ret instrs 0 0)
```

25 Function definition validation

definition *wf-fundef* **where**

```
wf-fundef F fd  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
  body fd  $\neq$  []  $\wedge$ 
  list-all
    (wf-basic-block F (fst 'set (body fd)) (return fd) (arity fd + fundef-locals fd))
    (body fd)
```

26 Program definition validation

definition *wf-prog* **where**

```
wf-prog p  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
  (let F = F-get (prog-fundefs p) in
    pred-map (wf-fundef (map-option funtype  $\circ$  F)) F)
```

end

end

theory *Inca-to-Ubx-compiler*

imports *Inca-to-Ubx-simulation Result*

Inca-Verification

VeriComp.Compiler

HOL-Library.Monad-Syntax

begin

27 Generic program rewriting

primrec *monadic-fold-map* **where**

```
monadic-fold-map f acc [] = Some (acc, []) |
monadic-fold-map f acc (x # xs) = do {
  (acc', x')  $\leftarrow$  f acc x;
  (acc'', xs')  $\leftarrow$  monadic-fold-map f acc' xs;
  Some (acc'', x' # xs')
}
```

lemma *monadic-fold-map-length*:

monadic-fold-map f acc xs = Some (acc', xs') \implies length xs = length xs'

by (*induction xs arbitrary: acc xs'*) (*auto simp: bind-eq-Some-conv*)

lemma *monadic-fold-map-ConsD[dest]*:

assumes *monadic-fold-map f a (x # xs) = Some (c, ys)*

shows $\exists y ys' b. ys = y \# ys' \wedge f a x = Some (b, y) \wedge \text{monadic-fold-map } f b xs = Some (c, ys')$

using *assms*

by (*auto simp add: bind-eq-Some-conv*)

lemma *monadic-fold-map-eq-Some-conv*:

monadic-fold-map f a (x # xs) = Some (c, ys) \longleftrightarrow

($\exists y ys' b. f a x = Some (b, y) \wedge \text{monadic-fold-map } f b xs = Some (c, ys') \wedge ys = y \# ys'$)

by (*auto simp add: bind-eq-Some-conv*)

lemma *monadic-fold-map-eq-Some-conv'*:

monadic-fold-map f a (x # xs) = Some p \longleftrightarrow

($\exists y ys' b. f a x = Some (b, y) \wedge \text{monadic-fold-map } f b xs = Some (fst p, ys') \wedge snd p = y \# ys'$)

by (*cases p*) (*auto simp add: bind-eq-Some-conv*)

lemma *monadic-fold-map-list-all2*:

assumes *monadic-fold-map f acc xs = Some (acc', ys)* **and**

$\bigwedge acc acc' x y. f acc x = Some (acc', y) \implies P x y$

shows *list-all2 P xs ys*

using *assms(1)*

proof (*induction xs arbitrary: acc ys*)

case *Nil*

then show *?case by simp*

next

case (*Cons x xs*)

show *?case*

using *Cons.prem*s

by (*auto simp: bind-eq-Some-conv intro: assms(2) Cons.IH*)

qed

lemma *monadic-fold-map-list-all*:

assumes *monadic-fold-map f acc xs = Some (acc', ys)* **and**

$\bigwedge acc acc' x y. f acc x = Some (acc', y) \implies P y$

shows *list-all P ys*

proof –

have *list-all2 ($\lambda-. P$) xs ys*

using *assms*

by (*auto elim: monadic-fold-map-list-all2*)

thus *?thesis*

by (*auto elim: list-rel-imp-pred2*)

qed

```

fun gen-pop-push where
  gen-pop-push instr (domain, codomain)  $\Sigma$  = (
    let ar = length domain in
    if ar  $\leq$  length  $\Sigma$   $\wedge$  take ar  $\Sigma$  = domain then
      Some (instr, codomain @ drop ar  $\Sigma$ )
    else
      None
  )

```

context inca-to-ubx-simulation **begin**

28 Lifting

```

fun lift-instr :: -  $\Rightarrow$  -  $\Rightarrow$  -  $\Rightarrow$  -  $\Rightarrow$  -  $\Rightarrow$  -  $\Rightarrow$ 
  ((-, -, -, -, -, 'opubx, 'ubx1, 'ubx2) Ubx.instr  $\times$  -) option where
  lift-instr F L ret N (Inca.IPush d)  $\Sigma$  = Some (IPush d, None #  $\Sigma$ ) |
  lift-instr F L ret N Inca.IPop (- #  $\Sigma$ ) = Some (IPop,  $\Sigma$ ) |
  lift-instr F L ret N (Inca.IGet n)  $\Sigma$  = (if n < N then Some (IGet n, None #  $\Sigma$ )
  else None) |
  lift-instr F L ret N (Inca.ISet n) (None #  $\Sigma$ ) = (if n < N then Some (ISet n,
 $\Sigma$ ) else None) |
  lift-instr F L ret N (Inca.ILoad x) (None #  $\Sigma$ ) = Some (ILoad x, None #  $\Sigma$ ) |
  lift-instr F L ret N (Inca.IStore x) (None # None #  $\Sigma$ ) = Some (IStore x,  $\Sigma$ ) |
  lift-instr F L ret N (Inca.IOp op)  $\Sigma$  =
    gen-pop-push (IOp op) (replicate (Arity op) None, [None])  $\Sigma$  |
  lift-instr F L ret N (Inca.IOpInl opinl)  $\Sigma$  =
    gen-pop-push (IOpInl opinl) (replicate (Arity (OpInl opinl)) None, [None])  $\Sigma$  |
  lift-instr F L ret N (Inca.ICJump lt lf) [None] =
    (if List.member L lt  $\wedge$  List.member L lf then Some (ICJump lt lf, []) else None)
  |
  lift-instr F L ret N (Inca.ICall f)  $\Sigma$  = do {
    (ar, ret)  $\leftarrow$  F f;
    gen-pop-push (ICall f) (replicate ar None, replicate ret None)  $\Sigma$ 
  } |
  lift-instr F L ret N Inca.IReturn  $\Sigma$  =
    (if  $\Sigma$  = replicate ret None then Some (IReturn, []) else None) |
  lift-instr - - - - - = None

```

definition lift-instrs **where**

```

lift-instrs F L ret N  $\equiv$ 
  monadic-fold-map ( $\lambda$  $\Sigma$  instr. map-option prod.swap (lift-instr F L ret N instr
 $\Sigma$ ))

```

lemma lift-instrs-length:

```

assumes lift-instrs F L ret N  $\Sigma$  i xs = Some ( $\Sigma$ o, ys)
shows length xs = length ys
using assms unfolding lift-instrs-def
by (auto intro: monadic-fold-map-length)

```


lemma *lift-instrs-not-Nil*: *lift-instrs F L ret N Σi xs = Some (Σo , ys) \implies xs \neq [] \longleftrightarrow ys \neq []*
using *lift-instrs-length by fastforce*

lemma *lift-instrs-NilD[dest]*:
assumes *lift-instrs F L ret N Σi [] = Some (Σo , ys)*
shows $\Sigma o = \Sigma i \wedge ys = []$
using *assms*
by (*simp-all add: lift-instrs-def*)

lemmas *Some-eq-bind-conv = bind-eq-Some-conv[unfolded eq-commute[of Option.bind f g Some x for f g x]]*

lemma *lift-instr-is-jump*:
assumes *lift-instr F L ret N x $\Sigma i = Some (y, \Sigma o)$*
shows *Inca.is-jump x \longleftrightarrow Ubx.is-jump y*
using *assms*
by (*rule lift-instr.elims*)
(auto simp add: if-split-eq2 Let-def Some-eq-bind-conv)

lemma *lift-instr-is-return*:
assumes *lift-instr F L ret N x $\Sigma i = Some (y, \Sigma o)$*
shows *Inca.is-return x \longleftrightarrow Ubx.is-return y*
using *assms*
by (*rule lift-instr.elims*)
(auto simp add: if-split-eq2 Let-def Some-eq-bind-conv)

lemma *lift-instrs-all-not-jump-not-return*:
assumes *lift-instrs F L ret N Σi xs = Some (Σo , ys)*
shows
list-all ($\lambda i. \neg$ Inca.is-jump $i \wedge \neg$ Inca.is-return i) xs \longleftrightarrow
list-all ($\lambda i. \neg$ Ubx.is-jump $i \wedge \neg$ Ubx.is-return i) ys
using *assms*

proof (*induction xs arbitrary: $\Sigma i \Sigma o ys$*)

case *Nil*

then show *?case by (simp add: lift-instrs-def)*

next

case (*Cons x xs*)

from *Cons.premis show ?case*

apply (*simp add: lift-instrs-def bind-eq-Some-conv*)

apply (*fold lift-instrs-def*)

by (*auto simp add: Cons.IH lift-instr-is-jump lift-instr-is-return*)

qed

lemma *lift-instrs-all-butlast-not-jump-not-return*:
assumes *lift-instrs F L ret N Σi xs = Some (Σo , ys)*
shows
list-all ($\lambda i. \neg$ Inca.is-jump $i \wedge \neg$ Inca.is-return i) (butlast xs) \longleftrightarrow

$list\text{-}all (\lambda i. \neg Ubx.is\text{-}jump\ i \wedge \neg Ubx.is\text{-}return\ i)$ (*butlast ys*)
using $lift\text{-}instrs\text{-}length[OF\ assms(1)]\ assms$ **unfolding** $lift\text{-}instrs\text{-}def$
proof (*induction xs ys arbitrary: $\Sigma i\ \Sigma o$ rule: list-induct2*)
case *Nil*
then show *?case by simp*
next
case (*Cons x xs y ys*)
thus *?case*
by (*auto simp add: bind-eq-Some-conv lift-instr-is-jump lift-instr-is-return*)
qed

lemma *lift-instr-sp*:
assumes $lift\text{-}instr\ F\ L\ ret\ N\ x\ \Sigma i = Some\ (y,\ \Sigma o)$
shows $Subx.sp\text{-}instr\ F\ ret\ y\ \Sigma i\ \Sigma o$
using $assms$
apply (*induction F L ret N x Σi rule: lift-instr.induct;*
auto simp: Let-def intro: Subx.sp-instr.intros)
apply (*rule Subx.sp-instr.Op, metis append-take-drop-id*)
apply (*rule Subx.sp-instr.OpInl, metis append-take-drop-id*)
apply (*auto simp add: bind-eq-Some-conv intro!: Subx.sp-instr.Call, metis ap-*
pend-take-drop-id)
done

lemma *lift-instrs-sp*:
assumes $lift\text{-}instrs\ F\ L\ ret\ N\ \Sigma i\ xs = Some\ (\Sigma o,\ ys)$
shows $Subx.sp\text{-}instrs\ F\ ret\ ys\ \Sigma i\ \Sigma o$
using $assms$ **unfolding** $lift\text{-}instrs\text{-}def$
proof (*induction xs arbitrary: $\Sigma i\ \Sigma o\ ys$*)
case *Nil*
thus *?case by (auto intro: Subx.sp-instrs.Nil)*
next
case (*Cons x xs*)
from *Cons.premis show ?case*
by (*auto simp add: bind-eq-Some-conv intro: Subx.sp-instrs.Cons lift-instr-sp*
Cons.IH)
qed

lemma *lift-instr-fun-call-in-range*:
assumes $lift\text{-}instr\ F\ L\ ret\ N\ x\ \Sigma i = Some\ (y,\ \Sigma o)$
shows $Subx.fun\text{-}call\text{-}in\text{-}range\ F\ y$
using $assms$
by (*induction F L ret N x Σi rule: lift-instr.induct*) (*auto simp: Let-def bind-eq-Some-conv*)

lemma *lift-instrs-all-fun-call-in-range*:
assumes $lift\text{-}instrs\ F\ L\ ret\ N\ \Sigma i\ xs = Some\ (\Sigma o,\ ys)$
shows $list\text{-}all\ (Subx.fun\text{-}call\text{-}in\text{-}range\ F)\ ys$
using $assms$ **unfolding** $lift\text{-}instrs\text{-}def$
by (*auto intro!: monadic-fold-map-list-all intro: lift-instr-fun-call-in-range*)

lemma *lift-instr-local-var-in-range*:
assumes *lift-instr* $F L \text{ ret } N x \Sigma i = \text{Some } (y, \Sigma o)$
shows *Subx.local-var-in-range* $N y$
using *assms*
by (*induction* $F L \text{ ret } N x \Sigma i$ *rule: lift-instr.induct*) (*auto simp: Let-def bind-eq-Some-conv*)

lemma *lift-instrs-all-local-var-in-range*:
assumes *lift-instrs* $F L \text{ ret } N \Sigma i xs = \text{Some } (\Sigma o, ys)$
shows *list-all* (*Subx.local-var-in-range* N) *ys*
using *assms* **unfolding** *lift-instrs-def*
by (*auto intro!: monadic-fold-map-list-all intro: lift-instr-local-var-in-range*)

lemma *lift-instr-jump-in-range*:
assumes *lift-instr* $F L \text{ ret } N x \Sigma i = \text{Some } (y, \Sigma o)$
shows *Subx.jump-in-range* (*set* L) *y*
using *assms*
by (*induction* $F L \text{ ret } N x \Sigma i$ *rule: lift-instr.induct*)
(*auto simp: Let-def bind-eq-Some-conv in-set-member*)

lemma *lift-instrs-all-jump-in-range*:
assumes *lift-instrs* $F L \text{ ret } N \Sigma i xs = \text{Some } (\Sigma o, ys)$
shows *list-all* (*Subx.jump-in-range* (*set* L)) *ys*
using *assms* **unfolding** *lift-instrs-def*
by (*auto intro!: monadic-fold-map-list-all intro: lift-instr-jump-in-range*)

lemma *lift-instr-norm*:
lift-instr $F L \text{ ret } N \text{ instr1 } \Sigma 1 = \text{Some } (\text{instr2}, \Sigma 2) \implies \text{norm-eq } \text{instr1 } \text{instr2}$
by (*induction* *instr1* $\Sigma 1$ *rule: lift-instr.induct*) (*auto simp: Let-def bind-eq-Some-conv*)

lemma *lift-instrs-all-norm*:
assumes *lift-instrs* $F L \text{ ret } N \Sigma 1 \text{ instrs1} = \text{Some } (\Sigma 2, \text{instrs2})$
shows *list-all2* *norm-eq* *instrs1* *instrs2*
using *assms* **unfolding** *lift-instrs-def*
by (*auto simp: lift-instr-norm elim!: monadic-fold-map-list-all2*)

29 Optimization

context
fixes *load-oracle* $:: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{type option}$
begin

definition *orelse* $:: 'a \text{ option} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ option} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ option}$ (**infixr** *orelse* 55) **where**
 $x \text{ or else } y = (\text{case } x \text{ of } \text{Some } x' \Rightarrow \text{Some } x' \mid \text{None} \Rightarrow y)$

lemma *None-orelse[simp]*: $\text{None } \text{orelse } y = y$
by (*simp add: or else-def*)

lemma *orelse-None[simp]*: $x \text{ or else } \text{None} = x$
by (*cases* x) (*simp-all add: or else-def*)

lemma *Some-orelse[simp]*: *Some x orelse y = Some x*
by (*simp add: orelse-def*)

lemma *orelse-eq-Some-conv*:
 $x \text{ orelse } y = \text{Some } z \longleftrightarrow (x = \text{Some } z \vee x = \text{None} \wedge y = \text{Some } z)$
by (*cases x*) *simp-all*

lemma *orelse-eq-SomeE*:
assumes
 $x \text{ orelse } y = \text{Some } z$ **and**
 $x = \text{Some } z \implies P$ **and**
 $x = \text{None} \implies y = \text{Some } z \implies P$
shows P
using *assms(1)*
unfolding *orelse-def*
by (*cases x; auto intro: assms(2,3)*)

fun *drop-prefix where*
 $\text{drop-prefix } [] \text{ } ys = \text{Some } ys \mid$
 $\text{drop-prefix } (x \# xs) (y \# ys) = (\text{if } x = y \text{ then } \text{drop-prefix } xs \text{ } ys \text{ else } \text{None}) \mid$
 $\text{drop-prefix } - - = \text{None}$

lemma *drop-prefix-append-prefix[simp]*: $\text{drop-prefix } xs (xs @ ys) = \text{Some } ys$
by (*induction xs*) *simp-all*

lemma *drop-prefix-eq-Some-conv*: $\text{drop-prefix } xs \text{ } ys = \text{Some } zs \longleftrightarrow ys = xs @ zs$
by (*induction xs ys arbitrary: zs rule: drop-prefix.induct*)
(auto simp: if-split-eq1)

fun *optim-instr where*
 $\text{optim-instr } - - - (\text{IPush } d) \Sigma =$
 $\text{Some } \text{Pair} \diamond (\text{Some } \text{IPushUbx1} \diamond (\text{unbox-ubx1 } d)) \diamond \text{Some } (\text{Some } \text{Ubx1} \# \Sigma)$
orelse
 $\text{Some } \text{Pair} \diamond (\text{Some } \text{IPushUbx2} \diamond (\text{unbox-ubx2 } d)) \diamond \text{Some } (\text{Some } \text{Ubx2} \# \Sigma)$
orelse
 $\text{Some } (\text{IPush } d, \text{None} \# \Sigma)$
 \mid
 $\text{optim-instr } - - - (\text{IPushUbx1 } n) \Sigma = \text{Some } (\text{IPushUbx1 } n, \text{Some } \text{Ubx1} \# \Sigma) \mid$
 $\text{optim-instr } - - - (\text{IPushUbx2 } b) \Sigma = \text{Some } (\text{IPushUbx2 } b, \text{Some } \text{Ubx2} \# \Sigma) \mid$
 $\text{optim-instr } - - - \text{IPop } (- \# \Sigma) = \text{Some } (\text{IPop}, \Sigma) \mid$
 $\text{optim-instr } - - \text{pc } (\text{IGet } n) \Sigma =$
 $\text{map-option } (\lambda \tau. (\text{IGetUbx } \tau \text{ } n, \text{Some } \tau \# \Sigma)) (\text{load-oracle } \text{pc}) \text{ orelse}$
 $\text{Some } (\text{IGet } n, \text{None} \# \Sigma) \mid$
 $\text{optim-instr } - - \text{pc } (\text{IGetUbx } \tau \text{ } n) \Sigma = \text{Some } (\text{IGetUbx } \tau \text{ } n, \text{Some } \tau \# \Sigma) \mid$
 $\text{optim-instr } - - - (\text{ISet } n) (\text{None} \# \Sigma) = \text{Some } (\text{ISet } n, \Sigma) \mid$
 $\text{optim-instr } - - - (\text{ISet } n) (\text{Some } \tau \# \Sigma) = \text{Some } (\text{ISetUbx } \tau \text{ } n, \Sigma) \mid$
 $\text{optim-instr } - - - (\text{ISetUbx } - \text{ } n) (\text{None} \# \Sigma) = \text{Some } (\text{ISet } n, \Sigma) \mid$
 $\text{optim-instr } - - - (\text{ISetUbx } - \text{ } n) (\text{Some } \tau \# \Sigma) = \text{Some } (\text{ISetUbx } \tau \text{ } n, \Sigma) \mid$

$optim\text{-}instr - - pc (ILoad\ x) (None\ \# \Sigma) =$
 $map\text{-}option\ (\lambda\tau. (ILoadUbx\ \tau\ x, Some\ \tau\ \# \Sigma))\ (load\text{-}oracle\ pc)\ orelse$
 $Some\ (ILoad\ x, None\ \# \Sigma)\ |$
 $optim\text{-}instr - - - (ILoadUbx\ \tau\ x) (None\ \# \Sigma) = Some\ (ILoadUbx\ \tau\ x, Some\ \tau\ \#$
 $\Sigma)\ |$
 $optim\text{-}instr - - - (IStore\ x) (None\ \# None\ \# \Sigma) = Some\ (IStore\ x, \Sigma)\ |$
 $optim\text{-}instr - - - (IStore\ x) (None\ \# Some\ \tau\ \# \Sigma) = Some\ (IStoreUbx\ \tau\ x, \Sigma)\ |$
 $optim\text{-}instr - - - (IStoreUbx\ -\ x) (None\ \# None\ \# \Sigma) = Some\ (IStore\ x, \Sigma)\ |$
 $optim\text{-}instr - - - (IStoreUbx\ -\ x) (None\ \# Some\ \tau\ \# \Sigma) = Some\ (IStoreUbx\ \tau\ x,$
 $\Sigma)\ |$
 $optim\text{-}instr - - - (IOp\ op)\ \Sigma =$
 $map\text{-}option\ (\lambda\Sigma o. (IOp\ op, None\ \# \Sigma o))\ (drop\text{-}prefix\ (replicate\ (\mathfrak{A}rity\ op)$
 $None)\ \Sigma)\ |$
 $optim\text{-}instr - - - (IOpInl\ opinl)\ \Sigma = ($
 $let\ ar = \mathfrak{A}rity\ (\mathfrak{D}e\mathfrak{I}nl\ opinl)\ in$
 $if\ ar \leq length\ \Sigma\ then$
 $case\ \mathfrak{U}bx\ opinl\ (take\ ar\ \Sigma)\ of$
 $None \Rightarrow map\text{-}option\ (\lambda\Sigma o. (IOpInl\ opinl, None\ \# \Sigma o))\ (drop\text{-}prefix\ (replicate$
 $ar\ None)\ \Sigma)\ |$
 $Some\ opubx \Rightarrow map\text{-}option\ (\lambda\Sigma o. (IOpUbx\ opubx, snd\ (\mathfrak{T}hpe\mathfrak{D}f\mathfrak{D}p\ opubx)$
 $\# \Sigma o))$
 $(drop\text{-}prefix\ (fst\ (\mathfrak{T}hpe\mathfrak{D}f\mathfrak{D}p\ opubx))\ \Sigma)$
 $else$
 $None$
 $)\ |$
 $optim\text{-}instr - - - (IOpUbx\ opubx)\ \Sigma =$
 $(let\ p = \mathfrak{T}hpe\mathfrak{D}f\mathfrak{D}p\ opubx\ in$
 $map\text{-}option\ (\lambda\Sigma o. (IOpUbx\ opubx, snd\ p\ \# \Sigma o))\ (drop\text{-}prefix\ (fst\ p)\ \Sigma))\ |$
 $optim\text{-}instr - - - (ICJump\ l_t\ l_f)\ [None] = Some\ (ICJump\ l_t\ l_f, [])\ |$
 $optim\text{-}instr\ F - - (ICall\ f)\ \Sigma = do\ \{$
 $(ar, ret) \leftarrow F\ f;$
 $\Sigma o \leftarrow drop\text{-}prefix\ (replicate\ ar\ None)\ \Sigma;$
 $Some\ (ICall\ f, replicate\ ret\ None\ @\ \Sigma o)$
 $\}\ |$
 $optim\text{-}instr - ret - IReturn\ \Sigma = (if\ \Sigma = replicate\ ret\ None\ then\ Some\ (IReturn,$
 $[]) else\ None)\ |$
 $optim\text{-}instr - - - - - = None$

definition *optim-instrs where*

$optim\text{-}instrs\ F\ ret \equiv \lambda pc\ \Sigma i\ instrs.$
 $map\text{-}option\ (\lambda((-,\ \Sigma o), instrs'). (\Sigma o, instrs'))$
 $(monadic\text{-}fold\text{-}map\ (\lambda(pc, \Sigma)\ instr.$
 $map\text{-}option\ (\lambda(instr', \Sigma o). ((Suc\ pc, \Sigma o), instr'))\ (optim\text{-}instr\ F\ ret\ pc\ instr$
 $\Sigma))$
 $(pc, \Sigma i)\ instrs)$

lemma *optim-instrs-Cons-eq-Some-conv:*

$optim\text{-}instrs\ F\ ret\ pc\ \Sigma i\ (instr\ \# instrs) = Some\ (\Sigma o, ys) \longleftrightarrow (\exists y\ ys'\ \Sigma.$
 $ys = y\ \# ys' \wedge$

$optim\text{-}instr\ F\ ret\ pc\ instr\ \Sigma i = Some\ (y, \Sigma) \wedge$
 $optim\text{-}instrs\ F\ ret\ (Suc\ pc)\ \Sigma\ instrs = Some\ (\Sigma o, ys')$
unfolding $optim\text{-}instrs\text{-}def$
by $(auto\ simp: bind\text{-}eq\text{-}Some\text{-}conv)$

lemma $optim\text{-}instrs\text{-}length$:
assumes $optim\text{-}instrs\ F\ ret\ pc\ \Sigma i\ xs = Some\ (\Sigma o, ys)$
shows $length\ xs = length\ ys$
using $assms$ **unfolding** $optim\text{-}instrs\text{-}def$
by $(auto\ intro: monadic\text{-}fold\text{-}map\text{-}length)$

lemma $optim\text{-}instrs\text{-}not\text{-}Nil$: $optim\text{-}instrs\ F\ ret\ pc\ \Sigma i\ xs = Some\ (\Sigma o, ys) \implies xs \neq [] \longleftrightarrow ys \neq []$
using $optim\text{-}instrs\text{-}length$ **by** $fastforce$

lemma $optim\text{-}instrs\text{-}NilD[dest]$:
assumes $optim\text{-}instrs\ F\ ret\ pc\ \Sigma i\ [] = Some\ (\Sigma o, ys)$
shows $\Sigma o = \Sigma i \wedge ys = []$
using $assms$
by $(simp\text{-}all\ add: optim\text{-}instrs\text{-}def)$

lemma $optim\text{-}instrs\text{-}ConsD[dest]$:
assumes $optim\text{-}instrs\ F\ ret\ pc\ \Sigma i\ (x \# xs) = Some\ (\Sigma o, ys)$
shows $\exists y\ ys'\ \Sigma. ys = y \# ys' \wedge$
 $optim\text{-}instr\ F\ ret\ pc\ x\ \Sigma i = Some\ (y, \Sigma) \wedge$
 $optim\text{-}instrs\ F\ ret\ (Suc\ pc)\ \Sigma\ xs = Some\ (\Sigma o, ys')$
using $assms$
unfolding $optim\text{-}instrs\text{-}def$
by $(auto\ simp: bind\text{-}eq\text{-}Some\text{-}conv)$

lemma $optim\text{-}instr\text{-}norm$:
assumes $optim\text{-}instr\ F\ ret\ pc\ instr1\ \Sigma 1 = Some\ (instr2, \Sigma 2)$
shows $norm\text{-}instr\ instr1 = norm\text{-}instr\ instr2$
using $assms$
by $(cases\ (F, ret, pc, instr1, \Sigma 1)\ rule: optim\text{-}instr.cases)$
 $(auto\ simp: ap\text{-}option\text{-}eq\text{-}Some\text{-}conv\ Let\text{-}def\ if\text{-}split\text{-}eq1\ bind\text{-}eq\text{-}Some\text{-}conv\ option.case\text{-}eq\text{-}if$
 $orelse\text{-}eq\text{-}Some\text{-}conv$
 $dest!: Subx.box\text{-}unbox\text{-}inverse\ dest: Subx.\mathbb{1}b\mathbb{x}\text{-}invertible)$

lemma $optim\text{-}instrs\text{-}all\text{-}norm$:
assumes $optim\text{-}instrs\ F\ ret\ pc\ \Sigma 1\ instrs1 = Some\ (\Sigma 2, instrs2)$
shows $list\text{-}all2\ (\lambda i1\ i2. norm\text{-}instr\ i1 = norm\text{-}instr\ i2)\ instrs1\ instrs2$
using $assms$ **unfolding** $optim\text{-}instrs\text{-}def$
by $(auto\ simp: optim\text{-}instr\text{-}norm\ elim!: monadic\text{-}fold\text{-}map\text{-}list\text{-}all2)$

lemma $optim\text{-}instr\text{-}is\text{-}jump$:
assumes $optim\text{-}instr\ F\ ret\ pc\ x\ \Sigma i = Some\ (y, \Sigma o)$
shows $is\text{-}jump\ x \longleftrightarrow is\text{-}jump\ y$

using *assms*
by (*cases* (F , *ret*, *pc*, x , Σi) *rule: optim-instr.cases*;
simp add: orelse-eq-Some-conv ap-option-eq-Some-conv bind-eq-Some-conv
Let-def if-split-eq1 option.case-eq-if;
safe; simp)

lemma *optim-instr-is-return*:
assumes *optim-instr* F *ret* *pc* x $\Sigma i = \text{Some } (y, \Sigma o)$
shows *is-return* $x \longleftrightarrow \text{is-return } y$
using *assms*
by (*cases* (F , *ret*, *pc*, x , Σi) *rule: optim-instr.cases*;
simp add: orelse-eq-Some-conv ap-option-eq-Some-conv bind-eq-Some-conv
Let-def if-split-eq1 option.case-eq-if;
safe; simp)

lemma *optim-instrs-all-butlast-not-jump-not-return*:
assumes *optim-instrs* F *ret* *pc* Σi $xs = \text{Some } (\Sigma o, ys)$
shows
list-all ($\lambda i. \neg \text{is-jump } i \wedge \neg \text{is-return } i$) (*butlast* xs) \longleftrightarrow
list-all ($\lambda i. \neg \text{is-jump } i \wedge \neg \text{is-return } i$) (*butlast* ys)
using *optim-instrs-length[OF assms(1)] assms*
proof (*induction* xs ys *arbitrary: pc* Σi Σo *rule: list-induct2*)
case *Nil*
thus *?case* **by** *simp*
next
case (*Cons* x xs y ys)
from *Cons.prem*s **obtain** Σ **where**
optim-x: optim-instr F *ret* *pc* x $\Sigma i = \text{Some } (y, \Sigma)$ **and**
optim-xs: optim-instrs F *ret* (*Suc* *pc*) Σ $xs = \text{Some } (\Sigma o, ys)$
by *auto*
show *?case*
using *Cons.hyps*
using *optim-x optim-xs*
apply (*simp add: Cons.IH optim-instr-is-jump optim-instr-is-return*)
by *fastforce*
qed

lemma *optim-instr-jump-in-range*:
assumes *optim-instr* F *ret* *pc* x $\Sigma i = \text{Some } (y, \Sigma o)$
shows *Subx.jump-in-range* L $x \longleftrightarrow \text{Subx.jump-in-range } L$ y
using *assms*
by (*cases* (F , *ret*, *pc*, x , Σi) *rule: optim-instr.cases*)
(auto simp: ap-option-eq-Some-conv Let-def if-split-eq1 option.case-eq-if
bind-eq-Some-conv orelse-eq-Some-conv)

lemma *optim-instrs-all-jump-in-range*:
assumes *optim-instrs* F *ret* *pc* Σi $xs = \text{Some } (\Sigma o, ys)$
shows *list-all* (*Subx.jump-in-range* L) $xs \longleftrightarrow \text{list-all } (\text{Subx.jump-in-range } L)$ ys
using *assms*

by (induction xs arbitrary: pc Σi Σo ys) (auto simp: optim-instr-jump-in-range)

lemma *optim-instr-fun-call-in-range*:

assumes *optim-instr* F ret pc x $\Sigma i = \text{Some } (y, \Sigma o)$

shows $\text{Subx.fun-call-in-range } F x \longleftrightarrow \text{Subx.fun-call-in-range } F y$

using *assms*

by (cases (F , ret, pc, x , Σi) rule: *optim-instr.cases*)

(auto simp: *ap-option-eq-Some-conv Let-def if-split-eq1 option.case-eq-if*
bind-eq-Some-conv orelse-eq-Some-conv)

lemma *optim-instrs-all-fun-call-in-range*:

assumes *optim-instrs* F ret pc Σi $xs = \text{Some } (\Sigma o, ys)$

shows $\text{list-all } (\text{Subx.fun-call-in-range } F) xs \longleftrightarrow \text{list-all } (\text{Subx.fun-call-in-range } F) ys$

using *assms*

by (induction xs arbitrary: pc Σi Σo ys) (auto simp: *optim-instr-fun-call-in-range*)

lemma *optim-instr-local-var-in-range*:

assumes *optim-instr* F ret pc x $\Sigma i = \text{Some } (y, \Sigma o)$

shows $\text{Subx.local-var-in-range } N x \longleftrightarrow \text{Subx.local-var-in-range } N y$

using *assms*

by (cases (F , ret, pc, x , Σi) rule: *optim-instr.cases*)

(auto simp: *ap-option-eq-Some-conv Let-def if-split-eq1 option.case-eq-if*
bind-eq-Some-conv orelse-eq-Some-conv)

lemma *optim-instrs-all-local-var-in-range*:

assumes *optim-instrs* F ret pc Σi $xs = \text{Some } (\Sigma o, ys)$

shows $\text{list-all } (\text{Subx.local-var-in-range } N) xs \longleftrightarrow \text{list-all } (\text{Subx.local-var-in-range } N) ys$

using *assms*

by (induction xs arbitrary: pc Σi Σo ys) (auto simp: *optim-instr-local-var-in-range*)

lemma *optim-instr-sp*:

assumes *optim-instr* F ret pc x $\Sigma i = \text{Some } (y, \Sigma o)$

shows $\text{Subx.sp-instr } F \text{ ret } y \Sigma i \Sigma o$

using *assms*

by (cases (F , ret, pc, x , Σi) rule: *optim-instr.cases*)

(auto simp add: *Let-def if-split-eq1 option.case-eq-if*
simp: ap-option-eq-Some-conv orelse-eq-Some-conv drop-prefix-eq-Some-conv

bind-eq-Some-conv

intro: Subx.sp-instr.intros)

lemma *optim-instrs-sp*:

assumes *optim-instrs* F ret pc Σi $xs = \text{Some } (\Sigma o, ys)$

shows $\text{Subx.sp-instrs } F \text{ ret } ys \Sigma i \Sigma o$

using *assms*

by (induction xs arbitrary: pc Σi Σo ys)

(auto intro!: *Subx.sp-instrs.intros optim-instr-sp*)

30 Compilation of function definition

definition *compile-basic-block where*

```

compile-basic-block F L ret N  $\equiv$ 
  ap-map-prod Some ( $\lambda i1$ . do {
    -  $\leftarrow$  if i1  $\neq$  [] then Some () else None;
    -  $\leftarrow$  if list-all ( $\lambda i$ .  $\neg$  Inca.is-jump i  $\wedge$   $\neg$  Inca.is-return i) (butlast i1) then
Some () else None;
    ( $\Sigma o$ , i2)  $\leftarrow$  lift-instrs F L ret N ( [] :: type option list) i1;
    if  $\Sigma o = []$  then
      case optim-instrs F ret 0 ( [] :: type option list) i2 of
        Some ( $\Sigma o'$ , i2')  $\Rightarrow$  Some (if  $\Sigma o' = []$  then i2' else i2) |
        None  $\Rightarrow$  Some i2
    else
      None
  })

```

lemma *compile-basic-block-rel-prod-all-norm-eq:*

assumes *compile-basic-block* *F L ret N bblock1 = Some bblock2*

shows *rel-prod* (=) (*list-all2 norm-eq*) *bblock1 bblock2*

using *assms*

unfolding *compile-basic-block-def*

apply (*auto simp add: ap-map-prod-eq-Some-conv bind-eq-Some-conv*

simp: if-split-eq1

intro: lift-instrs-all-norm

dest!: optim-instrs-all-norm lift-instrs-all-norm)

subgoal **premises** *prems* **for** - *xs zs ys*

using \langle *list-all2 norm-eq* *xs ys \rangle*

proof (*rule list-all2-trans*[*of norm-eq* λi . *norm-eq* (*norm-instr* *i*) *norm-eq* *xs ys* *zs*, *simplified*])

show *list-all2* (λi . *norm-eq* (*norm-instr* *i*)) *ys zs*

proof (*cases optim-instrs* *F ret 0* [] *ys*)

case *None*

with *prems* **show** *?thesis* **by** (*simp add: list.rel-refl*)

next

case (*Some p*)

with *prems* **show** *?thesis*

by (*cases p*) (*auto simp: list.rel-refl intro: optim-instrs-all-norm*)

qed

qed

done

lemma *list-all-iff-butlast-last:*

assumes *xs* \neq []

shows *list-all* *P xs* \longleftrightarrow *list-all* *P* (*butlast xs*) \wedge *P* (*last xs*)

using *assms*

by (*induction xs*) *auto*

lemma *compile-basic-block-wf:*

```

assumes compile-basic-block F L ret N x = Some y
shows Subx.wf-basic-block F (set L) ret N y
proof –
obtain f instrs1 instrs2 instrs3 where
  x-def: x = (f, instrs1) and
  y-def: y = (f, instrs3) and
  instrs1 ≠ [] and
  all-not-jump-not-return-instrs1:
    list-all (λi. ¬ Inca.is-jump i ∧ ¬ Inca.is-return i) (butlast instrs1) and
    lift-instrs1: lift-instrs F L ret N ([] :: type option list) instrs1 = Some ([],
instrs2) and
    instr4-defs: instrs3 = instrs2 ∨
    optim-instrs F ret 0 ([] :: type option list) instrs2 = Some ([], instrs3)
using assms
unfolding compile-basic-block-def
apply (auto simp: ap-map-prod-eq-Some-conv bind-eq-Some-conv if-split-eq1
option.case-eq-if)
by blast

have instrs3 ≠ []
  using instr4-defs ⟨instrs1 ≠ []⟩
  using lift-instrs-not-Nil[OF lift-instrs1]
  by (auto simp: optim-instrs-not-Nil)
moreover have list-all (Subx.local-var-in-range N) instrs3
  using instr4-defs lift-instrs1
  by (auto dest: lift-instrs-all-local-var-in-range simp: optim-instrs-all-local-var-in-range)
moreover have list-all (Subx.fun-call-in-range F) instrs3
  using instr4-defs lift-instrs1
  by (auto dest: lift-instrs-all-fun-call-in-range simp: optim-instrs-all-fun-call-in-range)
moreover have list-all (Subx.jump-in-range (set L)) instrs3
  using instr4-defs lift-instrs1
  by (auto dest: lift-instrs-all-jump-in-range simp: optim-instrs-all-jump-in-range)
moreover have list-all (λi. ¬ Ubx.instr.is-jump i ∧ ¬ Ubx.instr.is-return i)
(butlast instrs3)
  using instr4-defs lift-instrs1 all-not-jump-not-return-instrs1
  by (auto simp:
    lift-instrs-all-butlast-not-jump-not-return
    optim-instrs-all-butlast-not-jump-not-return)
moreover have Subx.sp-instrs F ret instrs3 [] []
  using instr4-defs lift-instrs1
  by (auto intro: lift-instrs-sp optim-instrs-sp)
ultimately show ?thesis
  by (auto simp: y-def intro!: Subx.wf-basic-blockI)
qed

fun compile-fundef where
  compile-fundef F (Fundef bblocks1 ar ret locals) = do {
    - ← if bblocks1 = [] then None else Some ();
    bblocks2 ← ap-map-list (compile-basic-block F (map fst bblocks1) ret (ar +

```

```

locals)) bblocks1;
  Some (Fundef bblocks2 ar ret locals)
}

```

lemma *compile-fundef-arithies*: $\text{compile-fundef } F \text{ fd1} = \text{Some fd2} \implies \text{arity fd1} = \text{arity fd2}$
by (cases fd1) (auto simp: bind-eq-Some-conv)

lemma *compile-fundef-returns*: $\text{compile-fundef } F \text{ fd1} = \text{Some fd2} \implies \text{return fd1} = \text{return fd2}$
by (cases fd1) (auto simp: bind-eq-Some-conv)

lemma *compile-fundef-locals*:
 $\text{compile-fundef } F \text{ fd1} = \text{Some fd2} \implies \text{fundef-locals fd1} = \text{fundef-locals fd2}$
by (cases fd1) (auto simp: bind-eq-Some-conv)

lemma *if-then-None-else-Some-eq[simp]*:
 $(\text{if } a \text{ then None else Some } b) = \text{Some } c \longleftrightarrow \neg a \wedge b = c$
 $(\text{if } a \text{ then None else Some } b) = \text{None} \longleftrightarrow a$
by (cases a) simp-all

lemma

assumes $\text{compile-fundef } F \text{ fd1} = \text{Some fd2}$

shows

rel-compile-fundef: $\text{rel-fundef } (=) \text{norm-eq fd1 fd2}$ (**is** ?REL) **and**
wf-compile-fundef: $\text{Subx.wf-fundef } F \text{ fd2}$ (**is** ?WF)

unfolding *atomize-conj*

proof (cases fd1)

case (Fundef bblocks1 ar ret locals)

with *assms* **obtain** bblocks2 **where**

bblocks1 $\neq []$ **and**

lift-bblocks1:

$\text{ap-map-list } (\text{compile-basic-block } F (\text{map fst bblocks1}) \text{ret } (\text{ar} + \text{locals})) \text{ bblocks1}$

$= \text{Some bblocks2}$ **and**

fd2-def: $\text{fd2} = \text{Fundef bblocks2 ar ret locals}$

by (auto simp *add*: bind-eq-Some-conv)

show ?REL \wedge ?WF

proof (rule *conjI*)

show ?REL

unfolding *Fundef fd2-def*

proof (rule *fundef.rel-intros*)

show *list-all2* (rel-prod (=) (list-all2 norm-eq)) bblocks1 bblocks2

using *lift-bblocks1*

unfolding *ap-map-list-iff-list-all2*

by (auto elim: *list.rel-mono-strong intro*: compile-basic-block-rel-prod-all-norm-eq)

qed *simp-all*

next

have bblocks2 $\neq []$

```

    using ‹bblocks1 ≠ []› length-ap-map-list[OF lift-bblocks1] by force
  moreover have list-all (Subx.wf-basic-block F (fst ‹set bblocks1›) ret (ar +
locals)) bblocks2
    using lift-bblocks1
    unfolding ap-map-list-iff-list-all2
    by (auto elim!: list-rel-imp-pred2 dest: compile-basic-block-wf)
  moreover have fst ‹set bblocks1› = fst ‹set bblocks2›
    using lift-bblocks1
    unfolding ap-map-list-iff-list-all2
    by (induction bblocks1 bblocks2 rule: list.rel-induct)
      (auto simp add: compile-basic-block-def ap-map-prod-eq-Some-conv)
  ultimately show ?WF
    unfolding fd2-def
    by (auto intro: Subx.wf-fundefI)
qed
qed

end

end

```

```

locale inca-ubx-compiler =
  inca-to-ubx-simulation Finca-empty Finca-get
  for
    Finca-empty and
    Finca-get :: - ⇒ 'fun ⇒ - option +
  fixes
    load-oracle :: 'fun ⇒ nat ⇒ type option
begin

```

31 Compilation of function environment

definition *compile-env-entry* **where**

```

  compile-env-entry F ≡ λp. ap-map-prod Some (compile-fundef (load-oracle (fst
p)) F) p

```

lemma *rel-compile-env-entry*:

```

  assumes compile-env-entry F (f, fd1) = Some (f, fd2)

```

```

  shows rel-fundef (=) norm-eq fd1 fd2

```

```

  using assms unfolding compile-env-entry-def

```

```

  by (auto simp: ap-map-prod-eq-Some-conv intro!: rel-compile-fundef)

```

definition *compile-env* **where**

```

  compile-env e ≡ do {
    let fundefs1 = Finca-to-list e;
    fundefs2 ← ap-map-list (compile-env-entry (map-option funtype ∘ Finca-get e))
fundefs1;
    Some (Subx.Fenv.from-list fundefs2)
  }

```

```

lemma rel-ap-map-list-ap-map-list-compile-env-entries:
  assumes ap-map-list (compile-env-entry F) xs = Some ys
  shows rel-fundefs (Finca-get (Sinca.Fenv.from-list xs)) (Fubx-get (Subx.Fenv.from-list
ys))
  using assms
proof (induction xs arbitrary: ys)
  case Nil
  thus ?case
    using rel-fundefs-empty by simp
next
  case (Cons x xs)
  from Cons.prems obtain y ys' where
    ys-def: ys = y # ys' and
    compile-env-x: compile-env-entry F x = Some y and
    compile-env-xs: ap-map-list (compile-env-entry F) xs = Some ys'
    by (auto simp add: ap-option-eq-Some-conv)

  obtain f fd1 fd2 where
    prods: x = (f, fd1) y = (f, fd2) and compile-fundef (load-oracle f) F fd1 =
Some fd2
    using compile-env-x
    by (cases x (auto simp: compile-env-entry-def eq-fst-iff ap-map-prod-eq-Some-conv))

  have rel-fundef (=) norm-eq fd1 fd2
    using compile-env-x[unfolded prods]
    by (auto intro: rel-compile-env-entry)
  thus ?case
    using Cons.IH[OF compile-env-xs, THEN rel-fundefsD]
    unfolding prods ys-def
    unfolding Sinca.Fenv.from-list-correct Subx.Fenv.from-list-correct
    by (auto intro: rel-fundefsI)
qed

lemma rel-fundefs-compile-env:
  assumes compile-env F1 = Some F2
  shows rel-fundefs (Finca-get F1) (Fubx-get F2)
proof –
  from assms obtain xs where
    ap-map-list-F1: ap-map-list (compile-env-entry (map-option funtype o Finca-get
F1)) (Finca-to-list F1) = Some xs and
    F2-def: F2 = Subx.Fenv.from-list xs
    by (auto simp: compile-env-def bind-eq-Some-conv)

  show ?thesis
    using rel-ap-map-list-ap-map-list-compile-env-entries[OF ap-map-list-F1]
    unfolding F2-def Sinca.Fenv.get-from-list-to-list
    by assumption
qed

```

32 Compilation of program

fun *compile where*

compile (*Prog F1 H f*) = *Some Prog* \diamond *compile-env F1* \diamond *Some H* \diamond *Some f*

lemma *ap-map-list-cong*:

assumes $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{set } ys \implies f x = g x$ **and** $xs = ys$

shows *ap-map-list f xs = ap-map-list g ys*

using *assms*

by (*induction xs arbitrary: ys*) *auto*

lemma *compile-env-wf-fundefs*:

assumes *compile-env F1 = Some F2*

shows *Subx.wf-fundefs (Fubx-get F2)*

proof (*intro Subx.wf-fundefsI allI*)

fix *f*

obtain *xs where*

ap-map-list-F1: ap-map-list (compile-env-entry (map-option funtype \circ Finca-get F1)) (Finca-to-list F1) = Some xs **and**

F2-def: F2 = Subx.Fenv.from-list xs

using *assms* **by** (*auto simp: compile-env-def bind-eq-Some-conv*)

have *rel-map-of-F1-xs*:

$\bigwedge f. \text{rel-option } (\lambda x y. \text{compile-fundef } (\text{load-oracle } f) (\text{map-option funtype } \circ \text{Finca-get } F1)) x = \text{Some } y$

$(\text{map-of } (\text{Finca-to-list } F1) f) (\text{map-of } xs f)$

using *ap-map-list-F1*

by (*auto simp: compile-env-entry-def ap-map-prod-eq-Some-conv*

dest: ap-map-list-imp-rel-option-map-of)

have *funtype-F1-eq-funtype-F2*:

map-option funtype \circ Finca-get F1 = map-option funtype \circ Fubx-get F2

proof (*rule ext, simp*)

fix *x*

show *map-option funtype (Finca-get F1 x) = map-option funtype (Fubx-get F2 x)*

unfolding *F2-def Subx.Fenv.from-list-correct Sinca.Fenv.to-list-correct[symmetric]*

using *rel-map-of-F1-xs[of x]*

by (*cases rule: option.rel-cases*)

(*simp-all add: funtype-def compile-fundef-arities compile-fundef-returns*)

qed

show *pred-option (Subx.wf-fundef (map-option funtype \circ Fubx-get F2)) (Fubx-get F2 f)*

proof (*cases map-of (Finca-to-list F1) f*)

case *None*

thus *?thesis*

using *rel-map-of-F1-xs[of f, unfolded None]*

by (*simp add: F2-def Subx.Fenv.from-list-correct*)

```

next
  case (Some fd1)
  show ?thesis
    using rel-map-of-F1-xs[of f, unfolded Some option-rel-Some1]
    unfolding funtype-F1-eq-funtype-F2 F2-def Subx.Fenv.from-list-correct
    by (auto intro: wf-compile-fundef)
qed
qed

lemma compile-load:
  assumes
    compile-p1: compile p1 = Some p2 and
    load: Subx.load p2 s2
  shows  $\exists s1. \text{Sinca.load } p1 \ s1 \wedge \text{match } s1 \ s2$ 
proof -
  obtain F1 H main where p1-def: p1 = Prog F1 H main
  by (cases p1) simp
  then obtain F2 where
    compile-F1: compile-env F1 = Some F2 and
    p2-def: p2 = Prog F2 H main
  using compile-p1
  by (auto simp: ap-option-eq-Some-conv)

note rel-F1-F2 = rel-fundefs-compile-env[OF compile-F1]

show ?thesis
  using assms(2) unfolding p2-def Subx.load-def
proof (cases - - s2 rule: Global.load.cases)
  case (1 fd2)
  then obtain fd1 where
    F1-main: Finca-get F1 main = Some fd1 and rel-fd1-fd2: rel-fundef (=)
norm-eq fd1 fd2
  using rel-fundefs-Some2[OF rel-F1-F2]
  by auto

let ?s1 = State F1 H [allocate-frame main fd1 [] uninitialized]

show ?thesis
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show Sinca.load p1 ?s1
  unfolding Sinca.load-def p1-def
  using 1 F1-main rel-fd1-fd2
  by (auto simp: rel-fundef-arities intro!: Global.load.intros dest: rel-fundef-body-length)
next
  have Subx.wf-state s2
  unfolding 1
  using compile-F1
  by (auto intro!: Subx.wf-stateI intro: compile-env-wf-fundefs)
  then show match ?s1 s2

```

```

using 1 rel-F1-F2 rel-fd1-fd2
by (auto simp: allocate-frame-def rel-fundef-locals
      simp: rel-fundef-rel-fst-hd-bodies[OF rel-fd1-fd2 disjI2]
      intro!: match.intros rel-stacktraces.intros intro: Subx.sp-instrs.Nil)
qed
qed
qed

interpretation std-to-inca-compiler:
  compiler Sinca.step Subx.step final Finca-get Inca.IReturn final Fubx-get Ubx.IReturn
  Sinca.load Subx.load
  λ- -. False λ-. match compile
using compile-load
by unfold-locales auto

```

32.1 Completeness of compilation

lemma *lift-instr-None-preservation*:

```

assumes lift-instr F L ret N instr  $\Sigma = \text{Some } (instr', \Sigma')$  and list-all ((=) None)  $\Sigma$ 
shows list-all ((=) None)  $\Sigma'$ 
using assms
by (cases (F, L, ret, N, instr,  $\Sigma$ ) rule: lift-instr.cases)
      (auto simp: Let-def bind-eq-Some-conv)

```

lemma *lift-instr-complete*:

```

assumes
  Sinca.local-var-in-range N instr and
  Sinca.jump-in-range (set L) instr and
  Sinca.fun-call-in-range F instr and
  Sinca.sp-instr F ret instr (length  $\Sigma$ ) k and
  list-all ((=) None)  $\Sigma$ 
shows  $\exists instr' \Sigma'. \text{lift-instr } F L \text{ ret } N \text{ instr } \Sigma = \text{Some } (instr', \Sigma') \wedge \text{length } \Sigma' = k$ 
using assms
by (cases (F, L, ret, N, instr,  $\Sigma$ ) rule: lift-instr.cases)
      (auto simp add: in-set-member Let-def
        dest: Map.domD dest!: list-all-eq-const-imp-replicate' elim: Sinca.sp-instr.cases)

```

lemma *lift-instrs-complete*:

```

fixes  $\Sigma :: \text{type option list}$ 
assumes
  list-all (Sinca.local-var-in-range N) instrs and
  list-all (Sinca.jump-in-range (set L)) instrs and
  list-all (Sinca.fun-call-in-range F) instrs and
  Sinca.sp-instrs F ret instrs (length  $\Sigma$ ) k and
  list-all ((=) None)  $\Sigma$ 
shows  $\exists \Sigma' instrs'. \text{lift-instrs } F L \text{ ret } N \Sigma \text{ instrs} = \text{Some } (\Sigma', instrs') \wedge \text{length } \Sigma' = k$ 

```



```

using assms
proof (induction instrs arbitrary:  $\Sigma$ )
  case Nil
  thus ?case
    unfolding lift-instrs-def
    by (auto elim: Sinca.sp-instrs.cases)
next
  case (Cons instr instrs')
  from Cons.premis(4) obtain k' where
    sp-head: Sinca.sp-instr F ret instr (length  $\Sigma$ ) k' and
    sp-tail: Sinca.sp-instrs F ret instrs' k' k
    by (cases rule: Sinca.sp-instrs.cases) simp

have inv-instrs':
  list-all (Sinca.local-var-in-range N) instrs'
  list-all (Sinca.jump-in-range (set L)) instrs'
  list-all (Sinca.fun-call-in-range F) instrs'
  using Cons.premis(1-3) by simp-all

from Cons.premis(1-3,5) obtain instr2  $\Sigma$ tmp where
  lift-head: lift-instr F L ret N instr  $\Sigma = \text{Some} (instr2, \Sigma$ tmp) and
  length  $\Sigma$ tmp = k'
  using lift-instr-complete[OF - - - sp-head, of N L] by auto
hence list-all ((=) None)  $\Sigma$ tmp
  by (meson Cons.premis(5) lift-instr-None-preservation)
then obtain instrs2 and  $\Sigma' :: \text{type option list where}$ 
  lift-tail: lift-instrs F L ret N  $\Sigma$ tmp instrs' = \text{Some} (\Sigma', instrs2) and
  length  $\Sigma' = k$ 
  using Cons.IH[OF inv-instrs', of  $\Sigma$ tmp] sp-tail
  unfolding \langle length  $\Sigma$ tmp = k \rangle
  by auto
show ?case
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show lift-instrs F L ret N  $\Sigma (instr \# instrs') = \text{Some} (\Sigma', instr2 \# instrs2)$ 
  using lift-head lift-tail
  by (simp add: lift-instrs-def)
next
  show length  $\Sigma' = k$ 
  by (rule \langle length  $\Sigma' = k \rangle$ )
qed
qed

lemma optim-instr-complete:
  assumes sp: Subx.sp-instr F ret instr  $\Sigma \Sigma'$ 
  shows  $\exists \Sigma'' instr'. \text{optim-instr } \mathcal{O} F \text{ ret pc instr } \Sigma = \text{Some} (instr', \Sigma'') \wedge \text{length } \Sigma' = \text{length } \Sigma''$ 
  using sp
proof (cases F ret instr  $\Sigma \Sigma'$  rule: Subx.sp-instr.cases)
  case (Push d)

```

```

thus ?thesis
  by (cases unbox-ubx1 d; cases unbox-ubx2 d) simp-all
next
  case (Get n)
  thus ?thesis
    by (cases  $\mathcal{O}$  pc) simp-all
next
  case (Load x  $\Sigma$ )
  then show ?thesis
    by (cases  $\mathcal{O}$  pc) simp-all
next
  case (OpInl opinl  $\Sigma$ )
  then show ?thesis
    by (cases  $\mathbb{A}\mathbb{B}\mathbb{X}$  opinl (replicate (NatToInt opinl)) None))
      (simp-all add: Let-def Subx. $\mathbb{A}\mathbb{B}\mathbb{X}$ -opubx-type)
qed simp-all

```

lemma compile-basic-block-complete:

```

assumes wf-bblock1: Sinca.wf-basic-block F (set L) ret n bblock1
shows  $\exists$  bblock2. compile-basic-block  $\mathcal{O}$  F L ret n bblock1 = Some bblock2
proof (cases bblock1)
  case (Pair label instrs1)
  moreover obtain instrs2 where
    lift-instrs F L ret n ( $[] ::$  type option list) instrs1 = Some ( $[],$  instrs2)
  using wf-bblock1 [unfolded Pair, simplified]
  using lift-instrs-complete [of n instrs1 L F ret  $[]$  0]
  by (auto simp: Sinca.wf-basic-block-def)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using wf-bblock1 [unfolded Pair, simplified]
    apply (simp add: compile-basic-block-def ap-map-prod-eq-Some-conv)
    by (cases optim-instrs  $\mathcal{O}$  F ret 0  $[]$  instrs2) (auto simp: Sinca.wf-basic-block-def)
qed

```

lemma bind-eq-map-option[simp]: $x \gg= (\lambda y. \text{Some } (f y)) = \text{map-option } f x$
by (cases x) simp-all

lemma compile-fundef-complete:

```

assumes wf-fd1: Sinca.wf-fundef F fd1
shows  $\exists$  fd2. compile-fundef  $\mathcal{O}$  F fd1 = Some fd2
proof (cases fd1)
  case (Fundef bblocks ar ret locals)
  then obtain bblock bblocks' where bblocks-def: bblocks = bblock # bblocks'
    using wf-fd1 by (cases bblocks; auto simp: Sinca.wf-fundef-def)
  obtain label instrs where bblock = (label, instrs)
    by (cases bblock) simp
  show ?thesis
    using wf-fd1
    by (auto simp add: Fundef Sinca.wf-fundef-def
      intro!: ex-ap-map-list-eq-SomeI intro: compile-basic-block-complete)

```

```

      elim!: list.pred-mono-strong)
qed

lemma compile-env-entry-complete:
  assumes wf-fd1: Sinca.wf-fundef F fd1
  shows  $\exists fd2. compile-env-entry F (f, fd1) = Some fd2$ 
  using compile-fundef-complete[OF wf-fd1]
  by (simp add: compile-env-entry-def ap-map-prod-eq-Some-conv)

lemma compile-env-complete:
  assumes wf-F1: pred-map (Sinca.wf-fundef (map-option funtype  $\circ$  Finca-get F1))
    (Finca-get F1)
  shows  $\exists F2. compile-env F1 = Some F2$ 
  proof -
    show ?thesis
      using wf-F1
      by (auto simp add: compile-env-def
        intro: ex-ap-map-list-eq-SomeI Sinca.Fenv.to-list-list-allI compile-env-entry-complete
          pred-map-get)
  qed

theorem compile-complete:
  assumes wf-p1: Sinca.wf-prog p1
  shows  $\exists p2. compile p1 = Some p2$ 
  proof (cases p1)
    case (Prog F1 H main)
    then show ?thesis
      using wf-p1 unfolding Sinca.wf-prog-def
      by (auto simp: Let-def dest: compile-env-complete)
  qed

end

end

theory Op-example
  imports OpUbx Global Unboxed-lemmas
begin

```

33 Dynamic values

```

datatype dynamic = DNil | DBool bool | DNum int

```

```

definition is-true where
  is-true d  $\equiv$  (d = DBool True)

```

```

definition is-false where
  is-false d  $\equiv$  (d = DBool False)

```

```

interpretation dynval-dynamic: dynval DNil is-true is-false

```

```

proof unfold-locales
  fix d
  show  $\neg (is\text{-}true\ d \wedge is\text{-}false\ d)$ 
    by (cases d) (simp-all add: is-true-def is-false-def)
qed

```

```

fun unbox-num :: dynamic  $\Rightarrow$  int option where
  unbox-num (DNum n) = Some n |
  unbox-num - = None

```

```

fun unbox-bool :: dynamic  $\Rightarrow$  bool option where
  unbox-bool (DBool b) = Some b |
  unbox-bool - = None

```

interpretation *unboxed-dynamic*:

unboxedval DNil is-true is-false DNum unbox-num DBool unbox-bool

proof (*unfold-locales*)

```

  fix d n
  show unbox-num d = Some n  $\Longrightarrow$  DNum n = d
    by (cases d; simp add: )

```

next

```

  fix d b
  show unbox-bool d = Some b  $\Longrightarrow$  DBool b = d
    by (cases d; simp add:)

```

qed

34 Normal operations

datatype *op* =

```

  OpNeg |
  OpAdd |
  OpMul

```

fun *ar* :: *op* \Rightarrow *nat* **where**

```

  ar OpNeg = 1 |
  ar OpAdd = 2 |
  ar OpMul = 2

```

fun *eval-Neg* :: *dynamic list* \Rightarrow *dynamic* **where**

```

  eval-Neg [DBool b] = DBool ( $\neg b$ ) |
  eval-Neg [-] = DNil

```

fun *eval-Add* :: *dynamic list* \Rightarrow *dynamic* **where**

```

  eval-Add [DBool x, DBool y] = DBool ( $x \vee y$ ) |
  eval-Add [DNum x, DNum y] = DNum ( $x + y$ ) |
  eval-Add [-, -] = DNil

```

fun *eval-Mul* :: *dynamic list* \Rightarrow *dynamic* **where**

```

  eval-Mul [DBool x, DBool y] = DBool ( $x \wedge y$ ) |

```

eval-Mul [DNum *x*, DNum *y*] = DNum (*x* * *y*) |
eval-Mul [-, -] = DNil

fun *eval* :: *op* ⇒ *dynamic list* ⇒ *dynamic* **where**
eval OpNeg = *eval-Neg* |
eval OpAdd = *eval-Add* |
eval OpMul = *eval-Mul*

lemma *eval-arith-domain*: *length xs = ar op* ⇒ ∃*y*. *eval op xs = y*
by *simp*

interpretation *op-Op*: *nary-operations eval ar*
using *eval-arith-domain*
by (*unfold-locales; simp*)

35 Inlined operations

datatype *opinl* =
OpAddNum |
OpMulNum

fun *inl* :: *op* ⇒ *dynamic list* ⇒ *opinl option* **where**
inl OpAdd [DNum -, DNum -] = *Some OpAddNum* |
inl OpMul [DNum -, DNum -] = *Some OpMulNum* |
inl - - = *None*

inductive *isinl* :: *opinl* ⇒ *dynamic list* ⇒ *bool* **where**
isinl OpAddNum [DNum -, DNum -] |
isinl OpMulNum [DNum -, DNum -]

fun *deinl* :: *opinl* ⇒ *op* **where**
deinl OpAddNum = *OpAdd* |
deinl OpMulNum = *OpMul*

lemma *inl-inj*: *inj inl*
unfolding *inj-def*

proof (*intro allI impI*)

fix *x y*

assume *inl x = inl y*

thus *x = y*

unfolding *fun-eq-iff*

by (*cases x; cases y; auto elim: inl.elims simp: HOL.eq-commute[of None]*)

qed

lemma *inl-invertible*: *inl op xs = Some opinl* ⇒ *deinl opinl = op*
by (*induction op xs rule: inl.induct; simp*)

fun *eval-AddNum* :: *dynamic list* ⇒ *dynamic* **where**
eval-AddNum [DNum *x*, DNum *y*] = DNum (*x* + *y*) |

eval-AddNum [*DBool* *x*, *DBool* *y*] = *DBool* (*x* ∨ *y*) |
eval-AddNum [-, -] = *DNil*

fun *eval-MulNum* :: *dynamic list* ⇒ *dynamic* **where**
eval-MulNum [*DNum* *x*, *DNum* *y*] = *DNum* (*x* * *y*) |
eval-MulNum [*DBool* *x*, *DBool* *y*] = *DBool* (*x* ∧ *y*) |
eval-MulNum [-, -] = *DNil*

fun *eval-inl* :: *opinl* ⇒ *dynamic list* ⇒ *dynamic* **where**
eval-inl *OpAddNum* = *eval-AddNum* |
eval-inl *OpMulNum* = *eval-MulNum*

lemma *eval-AddNum-correct*:
 $length\ xs = 2 \implies eval-AddNum\ xs = eval-Add\ xs$
by (*induction* *xs* *rule*: *eval-AddNum.induct*; *simp*)

lemma *eval-MulNum-correct*:
 $length\ xs = 2 \implies eval-MulNum\ xs = eval-Mul\ xs$
by (*induction* *xs* *rule*: *eval-MulNum.induct*; *simp*)

lemma *eval-inl-correct*:
 $length\ xs = ar\ (deinl\ opinl) \implies eval-inl\ opinl\ xs = eval\ (deinl\ opinl)\ xs$
using *eval-AddNum-correct* *eval-MulNum-correct*
by (*cases* *opinl*; *simp*)

lemma *inl-isinl*:
 $inl\ op\ xs = Some\ opinl \implies isinl\ opinl\ xs$
by (*induction* *op* *xs* *rule*: *inl.induct*; *auto* *intro*: *isinl.intros*)

interpretation *op-OpInl*: *nary-operations-inl* *eval* *ar* *eval-inl* *inl* *isinl* *deinl*
using *inl-invertible*
using *eval-inl-correct*
using *inl-isinl*
by (*unfold-locales*; *simp*)

36 Unboxed operations

datatype *opubx* =
OpAddNumUbx

fun *ubx* :: *opinl* ⇒ *type option list* ⇒ *opubx option* **where**
ubx *OpAddNum* [*Some* *Ubx1*, *Some* *Ubx1*] = *Some* *OpAddNumUbx* |
ubx - - = *None*

fun *deubx* :: *opubx* ⇒ *opinl* **where**
deubx *OpAddNumUbx* = *OpAddNum*

lemma *ubx-invertible*: $ubx\ opinl\ xs = Some\ opubx \implies deubx\ opubx = opinl$
by (*induction* *opinl* *xs* *rule*: *ubx.induct*; *simp*)

```

fun eval-AddNumUbx where
  eval-AddNumUbx [OpUbx1 x, OpUbx1 y] = Some (OpUbx1 (x + y)) |
  eval-AddNumUbx - = None

fun eval-ubx where
  eval-ubx OpAddNumUbx = eval-AddNumUbx

lemma eval-ubx-correct:
  eval-ubx opubx xs = Some z  $\implies$ 
  eval-inl (deubx opubx) (map unboxed-dynamic.norm-unboxed xs) = unboxed-dynamic.norm-unboxed
  z
  apply (cases opubx; simp)
  by (induction xs rule: eval-AddNumUbx.induct) auto

lemma eval-ubx-to-inl:
  assumes eval-ubx opubx  $\Sigma$  = Some z
  shows inl (deinl (deubx opubx)) (map unboxed-dynamic.norm-unboxed  $\Sigma$ ) =
  Some (deubx opubx)
proof (cases opubx)
  case OpAddNumUbx
  then have eval-AddNumUbx  $\Sigma$  = Some z
  using assms by simp
  then show ?thesis
  using OpAddNumUbx
  by (induction  $\Sigma$  rule: eval-AddNumUbx.induct) simp-all
qed

```

36.1 Typing

```

fun typeof-opubx :: opubx  $\Rightarrow$  type option list  $\times$  type option where
  typeof-opubx OpAddNumUbx = ([Some Ubx1, Some Ubx1], Some Ubx1)

lemma ubx-imp-typeof-opubx:
  ubx opinl ts = Some opubx  $\implies$  fst (typeof-opubx opubx) = ts
  by (induction opinl ts rule: ubx.induct; simp)

lemma typeof-opubx-correct:
  typeof-opubx opubx = (map typeof xs, codomain)  $\implies$ 
   $\exists y.$  eval-ubx opubx xs = Some y  $\wedge$  typeof y = codomain
proof (induction opubx)
  case OpAddNumUbx
  obtain n1 n2 where xs-def: xs = [OpUbx1 n1, OpUbx1 n2] and codomain =
  Some Ubx1
  using OpAddNumUbx[symmetric]
  by (auto dest!: typeof-unboxed-inversion)
  then show ?case by simp
qed

```

```

lemma typeof-opubx-complete:
  eval-ubx opubx xs = Some y  $\implies$ 
    typeof-opubx opubx = (map typeof xs, typeof y)
proof (induction opubx)
  case OpAddNumUbx
  then show ?case
    by (auto elim: eval-AddNumUbx.elims)
qed

lemma typeof-opubx-ar: length (fst (typeof-opubx opubx)) = ar (deinl (deubx op-ubx))
  by (induction opubx; simp)

interpretation op-OpUbx:
  nary-operations-ubx
  eval ar eval-inl inl isinl deinl
  DNil is-true is-false DNum unbox-num DBool unbox-bool
  eval-ubx ubx deubx typeof-opubx
using ubx-invertible
using eval-ubx-correct
using eval-ubx-to-inl
using ubx-imp-typeof-opubx
using typeof-opubx-correct
using typeof-opubx-complete
using typeof-opubx-ar
by (unfold-locales; (simp; fail)?)

end
theory Std
  imports List-util Global Op Env Dynamic
  VeriComp.Language
begin

datatype ('dyn, 'var, 'fun, 'label, 'op) instr =
  IPush 'dyn |
  IPop |
  IGet nat |
  ISet nat |
  ILoad 'var |
  IStore 'var |
  IOp 'op |
  ICJump 'label 'label |
  ICall 'fun |
  is-return: IReturn

locale std =
  Fenv: env F-empty F-get F-add F-to-list +
  Henv: env heap-empty heap-get heap-add heap-to-list +

```


dynval uninitialized is-true is-false +
nary-operations \mathfrak{Op} \mathfrak{Arity}
for
— Functions environment
F-empty **and**
F-get :: 'fenv \Rightarrow 'fun \Rightarrow ('label, ('dyn, 'var, 'fun, 'label, 'op) instr) fundef option
and
F-add **and** *F-to-list* **and**

— Memory heap
heap-empty **and**
heap-get :: 'henv \Rightarrow 'var \times 'dyn \Rightarrow 'dyn option **and**
heap-add **and** *heap-to-list* **and**

— Dynamic values
uninitialized :: 'dyn **and** *is-true* **and** *is-false* **and**

— n-ary operations
 \mathfrak{Op} :: 'op \Rightarrow 'dyn list \Rightarrow 'dyn **and** \mathfrak{Arity}
begin

inductive *step* (**infix** \rightarrow 55) **where**
step-push:
next-instr (*F-get* *F*) *f l pc* = *Some* (*IPush* *d*) \Longrightarrow
State F H (*Frame f l pc R* Σ # *st*) \rightarrow *State F H* (*Frame f l* (*Suc pc*) *R* (*d* #
 Σ) # *st*) |

step-pop:
next-instr (*F-get* *F*) *f l pc* = *Some* *IPop* \Longrightarrow
State F H (*Frame f l pc R* (*d* # Σ) # *st*) \rightarrow *State F H* (*Frame f l* (*Suc pc*) *R*
 Σ # *st*) |

step-get:
next-instr (*F-get* *F*) *f l pc* = *Some* (*IGet* *n*) \Longrightarrow
n < *length R* \Longrightarrow *d* = *R* ! *n* \Longrightarrow
State F H (*Frame f l pc R* Σ # *st*) \rightarrow *State F H* (*Frame f l* (*Suc pc*) *R* (*d* #
 Σ) # *st*) |

step-set:
next-instr (*F-get* *F*) *f l pc* = *Some* (*ISet* *n*) \Longrightarrow
n < *length R* \Longrightarrow *R'* = *R*[*n* := *d*] \Longrightarrow
State F H (*Frame f l pc R* (*d* # Σ) # *st*) \rightarrow *State F H* (*Frame f l* (*Suc pc*) *R'*
 Σ # *st*) |

step-load:
next-instr (*F-get* *F*) *f l pc* = *Some* (*ILoad* *x*) \Longrightarrow
heap-get H (*x*, *y*) = *Some* *d* \Longrightarrow
State F H (*Frame f l pc R* (*y* # Σ) # *st*) \rightarrow *State F H* (*Frame f l* (*Suc pc*) *R*
(*d* # Σ) # *st*) |

step-store:
 $next_instr (F.get F) f l pc = Some (IStore x) \implies$
 $heap_add H (x, y) d = H' \implies$
 $State F H (Frame f l pc R (y \# d \# \Sigma) \# st) \rightarrow State F H' (Frame f l (Suc pc) R \Sigma \# st) |$

step-op:
 $next_instr (F.get F) f l pc = Some (IOp op) \implies$
 $\mathfrak{A}rity op = ar \implies ar \leq length \Sigma \implies \mathfrak{D}p op (take ar \Sigma) = x \implies$
 $State F H (Frame f l pc R \Sigma \# st) \rightarrow State F H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (x \# drop ar \Sigma) \# st) |$

step-cjump:
 $next_instr (F.get F) f l pc = Some (ICJump l_t l_f) \implies$
 $is_true d \wedge l' = l_t \vee is_false d \wedge l' = l_f \implies$
 $State F H (Frame f l pc R (d \# \Sigma) \# st) \rightarrow State F H (Frame f l' 0 R \Sigma \# st) |$

step-call:
 $next_instr (F.get F) f l pc = Some (ICall g) \implies$
 $F.get F g = Some gd \implies arity gd \leq length \Sigma \implies$
 $frame_g = allocate_frame g gd (take (arity gd) \Sigma) uninitialized \implies$
 $State F H (Frame f l pc R \Sigma \# st) \rightarrow State F H (frame_g \# Frame f l pc R \Sigma \# st) |$

step-return:
 $next_instr (F.get F) g l_g pc_g = Some IReturn \implies$
 $F.get F g = Some gd \implies arity gd \leq length \Sigma_f \implies$
 $length \Sigma_g = return gd \implies$
 $frame_{f'} = Frame f l_f (Suc pc_f) R_f (\Sigma_g @ drop (arity gd) \Sigma_f) \implies$
 $State F H (Frame g l_g pc_g R_g \Sigma_g \# Frame f l_f pc_f R_f \Sigma_f \# st) \rightarrow State F H (frame_{f'} \# st)$

lemma *step-deterministic:*
assumes $s1 \rightarrow s2$ **and** $s1 \rightarrow s3$
shows $s2 = s3$
using *assms*
apply (*cases s1 s2 rule: step.cases*)
apply (*auto elim: step.cases dest: is-true-and-is-false-implies-False*) [3]
apply (*auto elim: step.cases dest: is-true-and-is-false-implies-False*) [3]
apply (*auto elim: step.cases dest: is-true-and-is-false-implies-False*) [3]
apply (*auto elim: step.cases dest: is-true-and-is-false-implies-False*) [1]
done

lemma *step-right-unique: right-unique step*
using *step-deterministic*
by (*rule right-uniqueI*)

```

lemma final-finished:
  assumes final F-get IReturn s
  shows finished step s
  unfolding finished-def
proof (rule notI)
  assume  $\exists x. \textit{step s x}$ 
  then obtain s' where step s s' by auto
  thus False
  using  $\langle \textit{final F-get IReturn s} \rangle$ 
  by (auto simp: state-ok-def elim!: step.cases final.cases)
qed

```

```

sublocale semantics step final F-get IReturn
  using final-finished step-deterministic
  by unfold-locales

```

```

definition load where
  load  $\equiv$  Global.load F-get uninitialized

```

```

sublocale language step final F-get IReturn load
  by unfold-locales

```

end

```

end
theory Std-to-Inca-simulation
  imports Global List-util Std Inca
  VeriComp.Simulation
begin

```

37 Generic definitions

```

locale std-inca-simulation =
  Sstd: std
  Fstd-empty Fstd-get Fstd-add Fstd-to-list
  heap-empty heap-get heap-add heap-to-list
  uninitialized is-true is-false
   $\text{Op Arity} +$ 
  Sinca: inca
  Finca-empty Finca-get Finca-add Finca-to-list
  heap-empty heap-get heap-add heap-to-list
  uninitialized is-true is-false
   $\text{Op Arity InlOp Inl IsInl DeInl}$ 
for
  — Functions environments
  Fstd-empty and
  Fstd-get :: 'fenv-std  $\Rightarrow$  'fun  $\Rightarrow$  ('label, ('dyn, 'var, 'fun, 'label, 'op) Std.instr)
fundef option and
  Fstd-add and Fstd-to-list and

```

Finca-empty **and**
Finca-get :: 'fenv-inca \Rightarrow 'fun \Rightarrow ('label, ('dyn, 'var, 'fun, 'label, 'op, 'opinl)
Inca.instr) *fundef option* **and**
Finca-add **and** *Finca-to-list* **and**

— Memory heap
heap-empty **and**
heap-get :: 'henv \Rightarrow 'var \times 'dyn \Rightarrow 'dyn option **and**
heap-add **and** *heap-to-list* **and**

— Dynamic values
uninitialized :: 'dyn **and** *is-true* **and** *is-false* **and**

— n-ary operations
 \mathfrak{Op} :: 'op \Rightarrow 'dyn list \Rightarrow 'dyn **and** \mathfrak{Arity} **and**
 \mathfrak{InlOp} **and** \mathfrak{Inl} **and** \mathfrak{IsInl} **and** \mathfrak{DeInl} :: 'opinl \Rightarrow 'op

begin

fun *norm-instr* **where**

norm-instr (*Inca.IPush* d) = *Std.IPush* d |
norm-instr *Inca.IPop* = *Std.IPop* |
norm-instr (*Inca.IGet* n) = *Std.IGet* n |
norm-instr (*Inca.ISet* n) = *Std.ISet* n |
norm-instr (*Inca.ILoad* x) = *Std.ILoad* x |
norm-instr (*Inca.IStore* x) = *Std.IStore* x |
norm-instr (*Inca.IOp* op) = *Std.IOp* op |
norm-instr (*Inca.IOpInl* opinl) = *Std.IOp* (\mathfrak{DeInl} opinl) |
norm-instr (*Inca.ICJump* l_t l_f) = *Std.ICJump* l_t l_f |
norm-instr (*Inca.ICall* x) = *Std.ICall* x |
norm-instr *Inca.IReturn* = *Std.IReturn*

abbreviation *norm-eq* **where**

norm-eq x y \equiv *norm-instr* y = x

definition *rel-fundefs* **where**

rel-fundefs f g = (\forall x. *rel-option* (*rel-fundef* (=) *norm-eq*) (f x) (g x))

lemma *rel-fundefsI*:

assumes \bigwedge x. *rel-option* (*rel-fundef* (=) *norm-eq*) (F1 x) (F2 x)

shows *rel-fundefs* F1 F2

using *assms*

by (*simp add: rel-fundefs-def*)

lemma *rel-fundefsD*:

assumes *rel-fundefs* F1 F2

shows *rel-option* (*rel-fundef* (=) *norm-eq*) (F1 x) (F2 x)

using *assms*

by (*simp add: rel-fundefs-def*)

```

lemma rel-fundefs-next-instr:
  assumes rel-F1-F2: rel-fundefs F1 F2
  shows rel-option norm-eq (next-instr F1 f l pc) (next-instr F2 f l pc)
proof –
  have rel-option (rel-fundef (=) norm-eq) (F1 f) (F2 f)
    using rel-F1-F2[unfolded rel-fundefs-def] by simp
  thus ?thesis
  proof (cases rule: option.rel-cases)
    case None
    then show ?thesis by (simp add: next-instr-def)
  next
    case (Some fd1 fd2)
    hence rel-option (list-all2 norm-eq) (map-of (body fd1) l) (map-of (body fd2)
l)
      by (auto elim!: fundef.rel-cases intro: rel-option-map-of)
    then show ?thesis
      by (cases rule: option.rel-cases;
simp add: next-instr-def instr-at-def Some list-all2-conv-all-nth)
  qed
qed

```

```

lemma rel-fundefs-next-instr1:
  assumes rel-F1-F2: rel-fundefs F1 F2 and next-instr1: next-instr F1 f l pc =
Some instr1
  shows  $\exists$  instr2. next-instr F2 f l pc = Some instr2  $\wedge$  norm-eq instr1 instr2
  using rel-fundefs-next-instr[OF rel-F1-F2, of f l pc]
  unfolding next-instr1
  unfolding option-rel-Some1
  by assumption

```

```

lemma rel-fundefs-next-instr2:
  assumes rel-F1-F2: rel-fundefs F1 F2 and next-instr2: next-instr F2 f l pc =
Some instr2
  shows  $\exists$  instr1. next-instr F1 f l pc = Some instr1  $\wedge$  norm-eq instr1 instr2
  using rel-fundefs-next-instr[OF rel-F1-F2, of f l pc]
  unfolding next-instr2
  unfolding option-rel-Some2
  by assumption

```

```

lemma rel-fundefs-empty: rel-fundefs ( $\lambda$ -. None) ( $\lambda$ -. None)
  by (simp add: rel-fundefs-def)

```

```

lemma rel-fundefs-None1:
  assumes rel-fundefs f g and f x = None
  shows g x = None
  by (metis assms rel-fundefs-def rel-option-None1)

```

```

lemma rel-fundefs-None2:

```

```

assumes rel-fundefs f g and g x = None
shows f x = None
by (metis assms rel-fundefs-def rel-option-None2)

lemma rel-fundefs-Some1:
assumes rel-fundefs f g and f x = Some y
shows  $\exists z. g x = Some z \wedge \text{rel-fundef } (=) \text{ norm-eq } y z$ 
proof –
from assms(1) have rel-option (rel-fundef (=) norm-eq) (f x) (g x)
unfolding rel-fundefs-def by simp
with assms(2) show ?thesis
by (simp add: option-rel-Some1)
qed

lemma rel-fundefs-Some2:
assumes rel-fundefs f g and g x = Some y
shows  $\exists z. f x = Some z \wedge \text{rel-fundef } (=) \text{ norm-eq } z y$ 
proof –
from assms(1) have rel-option (rel-fundef (=) norm-eq) (f x) (g x)
unfolding rel-fundefs-def by simp
with assms(2) show ?thesis
by (simp add: option-rel-Some2)
qed

lemma rel-fundefs-rel-option:
assumes rel-fundefs f g and  $\bigwedge x y. \text{rel-fundef } (=) \text{ norm-eq } x y \implies h x y$ 
shows rel-option h (f z) (g z)
proof –
have rel-option (rel-fundef (=) norm-eq) (f z) (g z)
using assms(1)[unfolded rel-fundefs-def] by simp
then show ?thesis
unfolding rel-option-unfold
by (auto simp add: assms(2))
qed

lemma rel-fundefs-rewriteI2:
assumes
  rel-F1-F2: rel-fundefs (Fstd-get F1) (Finca-get F2) and
  next-instr1: next-instr (Fstd-get F1) f l pc = Some instr1
  norm-eq instr1 instr2'
shows rel-fundefs (Fstd-get F1)
  (Finca-get (Sinca.Fenv.map-entry F2 f (\lambda fd. rewrite-fundef-body fd l pc instr2')))
  (is rel-fundefs (Fstd-get ?F1') (Finca-get ?F2'))
proof (rule rel-fundefsI)
fix x
show rel-option (rel-fundef (=) norm-eq) (Fstd-get ?F1' x) (Finca-get ?F2' x)
proof (cases f = x)
  case True
  show ?thesis

```

```

    using rel-F1-F2[THEN rel-fundefsD, of x] True next-instr1 assms(3)
    by (cases rule: option.rel-cases)
      (auto intro!: rel-fundef-rewrite-body2' dest!: next-instrD)
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
    using rel-F1-F2[THEN rel-fundefsD, of x] by simp
qed
qed

```

38 Simulation relation

inductive *match* (infix \sim 55) **where**
wf-fundefs (*Fstd-get F1*) \implies
rel-fundefs (*Fstd-get F1*) (*Finca-get F2*) \implies
(*State F1 H st*) \sim (*State F2 H st*)

39 Backward simulation

lemma *backward-lockstep-simulation*:

assumes *Sinca.step s2 s2'* **and** *match s1 s2*
shows $\exists s1'. \text{Sstd.step } s1 \ s1' \wedge \text{match } s1' \ s2'$

proof –

from *assms(2)* **obtain** *F1 F2 H st* **where**
s1-def: *s1 = State F1 H st* **and**
s2-def: *s2 = State F2 H st* **and**
ok-F1: *wf-fundefs (Fstd-get F1)* **and**
rel-F1-F2: *rel-fundefs (Fstd-get F1) (Finca-get F2)*
by (*auto elim: match.cases*)

note *rel-F1-F2-next-instr = rel-fundefs-next-instr[OF rel-F1-F2]*

from *assms(1)* **show** *?thesis*

unfolding *s1-def s2-def*

proof (*induction State F2 H st s2' rule: Sinca.step.induct*)

case (*step-push f l pc d R Σ st'*)

show *?case (is $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x$)*

proof –

let *?s1' = State F1 H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (d # Σ) # st')*

have *?STEP ?s1'*

using *step-push rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc]*

by (*auto intro!: Sstd.step-push simp: option-rel-Some2*)

moreover **have** *?MATCH ?s1'*

using *ok-F1 rel-F1-F2* **by** (*auto intro: match.intros*)

ultimately **show** *?thesis* **by** *blast*

qed

next

case (*step-pop f l pc R d Σ st'*)

```

show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x$ )
proof -
  let ?s1' = State F1 H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R  $\Sigma$  # st')
  have ?STEP ?s1'
    using step-pop rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc]
    by (auto intro!: Sstd.step-pop simp: option-rel-Some2)
  moreover have ?MATCH ?s1'
    using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
next
case (step-get f l pc n R d  $\Sigma$  st')
show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x$ )
proof -
  let ?s1' = State F1 H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (d #  $\Sigma$ ) # st')
  have ?STEP ?s1'
    using step-get rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc]
    by (auto intro: Sstd.step-get simp: option-rel-Some2)
  moreover have ?MATCH ?s1'
    using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
next
case (step-set f l pc n R R' d  $\Sigma$  st')
show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x$ )
proof -
  let ?s1' = State F1 H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R'  $\Sigma$  # st')
  have ?STEP ?s1'
    using step-set rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc]
    by (auto intro: Sstd.step-set simp: option-rel-Some2)
  moreover have ?MATCH ?s1'
    using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
next
case (step-load f l pc x y d R  $\Sigma$  st')
show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x$ )
proof -
  let ?s1' = State F1 H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (d #  $\Sigma$ ) # st')
  have ?STEP ?s1'
    using step-load rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc]
    by (auto intro!: Sstd.step-load simp: option-rel-Some2)
  moreover have ?MATCH ?s1'
    using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
next
case (step-store f l pc x y d H' R  $\Sigma$  st')
show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP x \wedge ?MATCH x$ )

```



```

proof –
  let ?s1' = State F1 H' (Frame f l (Suc pc) R  $\Sigma$  # st')
  have ?STEP ?s1'
    using step-store rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc]
    by (auto intro!: Sstd.step-store simp: option-rel-Some2)
  moreover have ?MATCH ?s1'
    using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
next
case (step-op f l pc op ar  $\Sigma$  x R st')
show ?case (is  $\exists x$ . ?STEP x  $\wedge$  ?MATCH x)
proof –
  let ?s1' = State F1 H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (x # drop ar  $\Sigma$ ) # st')
  have ?STEP ?s1'
    using step-op rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc]
    by (auto intro!: Sstd.step-op simp: option-rel-Some2)
  moreover have ?MATCH ?s1'
    using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
next
case (step-op-inl f l pc op ar  $\Sigma$  opinl x F2' R st')
then obtain instr1 where
  next-instr1: next-instr (Fstd-get F1) f l pc = Some instr1 and
  norm-eq-instr1-instr2: norm-eq instr1 (Inca.IOp op)
  using rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc] by (simp add: option-rel-Some2)
then show ?case (is  $\exists x$ . ?STEP x  $\wedge$  ?MATCH x)
proof (cases instr1)
  case (IOp op')
  hence op' = op using norm-eq-instr1-instr2 by simp
  let ?s1' = State F1 H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (x # drop ar  $\Sigma$ ) # st')
  have ?STEP ?s1'
    using step-op-inl next-instr1 IOp <op' = op>
    using Sinca.InlOp-correct Sinca.Inl-invertible
    by (auto intro: Sstd.step-op)
  moreover have ?MATCH ?s1'
    using ok-F1 step-op-inl next-instr1 IOp <op' = op>
    using Sinca.Inl-invertible
    by (auto intro!: match.intros intro: rel-fundefs-rewriteI2[OF rel-F1-F2])
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed simp-all
next
case (step-op-inl-hit f l pc opinl ar  $\Sigma$  x R st')
show ?case (is  $\exists x$ . ?STEP x  $\wedge$  ?MATCH x)
proof –
  let ?s1' = State F1 H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (x # drop ar  $\Sigma$ ) # st')
  have ?STEP ?s1'
    using step-op-inl-hit rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc]

```

```

    using Sinca.∫nlOp-correct
    by (auto intro: Sstd.step-op simp: option-rel-Some2)
  moreover have ?MATCH ?s1'
    using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
next
case (step-op-inl-miss f l pc opinl ar Σ x F' R st')
then obtain instr1 where
  next-instr1: next-instr (Fstd-get F1) f l pc = Some instr1 and
  norm-eq-instr1-instr2: norm-eq instr1 (Inca.IOpInl opinl)
  using rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc] by (simp add: option-rel-Some2)
then show ?case (is ∃ x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH x)
proof (cases instr1)
  case (IOp op)
  hence op = ∅c∫nl opinl using norm-eq-instr1-instr2 by simp
  let ?s1' = State F1 H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (x # drop ar Σ) # st')
  have ?STEP ?s1'
    using step-op-inl-miss next-instr1 IOp ⟨op = ∅c∫nl opinl⟩
    using Sinca.∫nlOp-correct
    by (auto intro: Sstd.step-op)
  moreover have ?MATCH ?s1'
    using ok-F1 step-op-inl-miss next-instr1 IOp ⟨op = ∅c∫nl opinl⟩
    using Sinca.∫nl-invertible
    by (auto intro!: match.intros intro: rel-fundefs-rewriteI2[OF rel-F1-F2])
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed simp-all
next
case (step-cjump f l pc l_t l_f d l' R Σ st')
show ?case (is ∃ x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH x)
proof -
  let ?s1' = State F1 H (Frame f l' 0 R Σ # st')
  have ?STEP ?s1'
    using step-cjump rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc]
    by (auto intro: Sstd.step-cjump simp: option-rel-Some2)
  moreover have ?MATCH ?s1'
    using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
next
case (step-call f l_f pc_f g gd2 Σ_f frame_g R_f st')
then obtain gd1 where
  F1-g: Fstd-get F1 g = Some gd1 and
  rel-gd1-gd2: rel-fundef (=) norm-eq gd1 gd2
  using rel-fundefs-Some2[OF rel-F1-F2] by blast

have same-fst-label-gd1-gd2: fst (hd (body gd1)) = fst (hd (body gd2))
using wf-fundefs-imp-wf-fundef[OF ok-F1 F1-g, unfolded wf-fundef-def] rel-gd1-gd2
by (auto elim!: fundef.rel-cases dest: list-all2-rel-prod-fst-hd)

```

```

show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP\ x \wedge ?MATCH\ x$ )
proof –
  let ? $\Sigma_g = take\ (arity\ gd1)\ \Sigma_f$ 
  let ? $lg = (fst\ (hd\ (body\ gd1)))$ 
  let ? $s1' = State\ F1\ H\ (frame_g\ \# \ Frame\ f\ l_f\ pc_f\ R_f\ \Sigma_f\ \# \ st')$ 
  have ?STEP ? $s1'$ 
    using step-call rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f lf pcf]
    using F1-g same-fst-label-gd1-gd2 rel-gd1-gd2
    by (auto intro!: Sstd.step-call
      simp: option-rel-Some2 allocate-frame-def rel-fundef-arities rel-fundef-locals)
  moreover have ?MATCH ? $s1'$ 
    using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2
    by (auto intro: match.intros)
  ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
next
case (step-return g lg pcg gd2  $\Sigma_f\ \Sigma_g\ frame_{f'}\ f\ l_f\ pc_f\ R_f\ R_g\ st'$ )
then obtain gd1 where
  F1-g: Fstd-get F1 g = Some gd1 and
  rel-gd1-gd2: rel-fundef (=) norm-eq gd1 gd2
  using rel-fundefs-Some2[OF rel-F1-F2] by blast
obtain instr1 where
  next-instr1: next-instr (Fstd-get F1) g lg pcg = Some instr1 and
  norm-eq-instr1-instr2: norm-eq instr1 Inca.IReturn
using step-return rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of g lg pcg] by (simp add: option-rel-Some2)
then show ?case (is  $\exists x. ?STEP\ x \wedge ?MATCH\ x$ )
proof (cases instr1)
  case IReturn
  let ? $s1' = State\ F1\ H\ (frame_{f'}\ \# \ st')$ 
  have ?STEP ? $s1'$ 
    using step-return next-instr1 IReturn
    using F1-g rel-gd1-gd2
    by (auto intro!: Sstd.step-return simp: rel-fundef-arities rel-fundef-return)
  moreover have ?MATCH ? $s1'$ 
    using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
  ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed simp-all
qed
qed

lemma match-final-backward:
  assumes match s1 s2 and final-s2: final Finca-get Inca.IReturn s2
  shows final Fstd-get Std.IReturn s1
  using ⟨match s1 s2⟩
proof (cases s1 s2 rule: match.cases)
  case (1 F1 F2 H st)
  show ?thesis
    using final-s2[unfolded 1]

```

```

proof (cases - - State F2 H st rule: final.cases)
  case (finalI f l pc R Σ)
  then show ?thesis
  using 1
  by (auto intro!: final.intros dest: rel-fundefs-next-instr2)
qed
qed

```

```

sublocale std-inca-simulation:
  backward-simulation where
    step1 = Sstd.step and final1 = final Fstd-get Std.IReturn and
    step2 = Sinca.step and final2 = final Finca-get Inca.IReturn and
    order = λ-. False and match = λ-. match
  using match-final-backward backward-lockstep-simulation
  lockstep-to-plus-backward-simulation[of match Sinca.step Sstd.step]
  by unfold-locales auto

```

40 Forward simulation

```

lemma forward-lockstep-simulation:
  assumes Sstd.step s1 s1' and match s1 s2
  shows ∃ s2'. Sinca.step s2 s2' ∧ s1' ~ s2'

```

```

proof -
  from assms(2) obtain F1 F2 H st where
    s1-def: s1 = State F1 H st and
    s2-def: s2 = State F2 H st and
    ok-F1: wf-fundefs (Fstd-get F1) and
    rel-F1-F2: rel-fundefs (Fstd-get F1) (Finca-get F2)
  by (auto elim: match.cases)

```

```

note rel-F1-F2-next-instr = rel-fundefs-next-instr[OF rel-F1-F2]

```

```

from assms(1) show ?thesis
  unfolding s1-def s2-def
proof(induction State F1 H st s1' rule: Sstd.step.induct)
  case (step-push f l pc d R Σ st')
  show ?case (is ∃ x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH x)
  proof -
    let ?s1' = State F2 H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (d # Σ) # st')
    have ?STEP ?s1'
      using step-push rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc]
    by (auto intro!: Sinca.step-push elim: norm-instr.elims simp: option-rel-Some1)
    moreover have ?MATCH ?s1'
      using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
    ultimately show ?thesis by blast
  qed
next
  case (step-pop f l pc R d Σ st')
  show ?case (is ∃ x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH x)

```

```

proof –
  let ?s1' = State F2 H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R Σ # st')
  have ?STEP ?s1'
    using step-pop rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc]
  by (auto intro: Sinca.step-pop elim: norm-instr.elims simp: option-rel-Some1)
  moreover have ?MATCH ?s1'
    using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
next
case (step-get f l pc n R d Σ st')
show ?case (is ∃x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH x)
proof –
  let ?s1' = State F2 H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (d # Σ) # st')
  have ?STEP ?s1'
    using step-get rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc]
  by (auto intro: Sinca.step-get elim: norm-instr.elims simp: option-rel-Some1)
  moreover have ?MATCH ?s1'
    using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
next
case (step-set f l pc n R R' d Σ st')
show ?case (is ∃x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH x)
proof –
  let ?s1' = State F2 H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R' Σ # st')
  have ?STEP ?s1'
    using step-set rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc]
  by (auto intro: Sinca.step-set elim: norm-instr.elims simp: option-rel-Some1)
  moreover have ?MATCH ?s1'
    using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
next
case (step-load f l pc x y d R Σ st')
show ?case (is ∃x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH x)
proof –
  let ?s1' = State F2 H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (d # Σ) # st')
  have ?STEP ?s1'
    using step-load rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc]
  by (auto intro: Sinca.step-load elim: norm-instr.elims simp: option-rel-Some1)
  moreover have ?MATCH ?s1'
    using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
next
case (step-store f l pc x y d H' R Σ st')
show ?case (is ∃x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH x)
proof –

```

```

let ?s1' = State F2 H' (Frame f l (Suc pc) R Σ # st')
have ?STEP ?s1'
  using step-store rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc]
by (auto intro: Sinca.step-store elim: norm-instr.elims simp: option-rel-Some1)
moreover have ?MATCH ?s1'
  using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
next
case (step-op f l pc op ar Σ x R st')
then obtain instr2 where
  next-instr2: next-instr (Finca-get F2) f l pc = Some instr2 and
  norm-eq-instr2: norm-eq (Std.IOp op) instr2
  using rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc] by (auto simp: option-rel-Some1)
thus ?case (is ∃ x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH x)
proof (cases instr2)
  case (IOp op')
  then have op' = op using norm-eq-instr2 by simp
  show ?thesis
  proof (cases ∃! op' (take ar Σ))
    case None
    let ?s2' = State F2 H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (x # drop ar Σ) # st')
    have ?STEP ?s2'
      using None IOp step-op ⟨op' = op⟩ next-instr2
      by (auto intro: Sinca.step-op)
    moreover have ?MATCH ?s2'
      using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
    ultimately show ?thesis by auto
  next
  case (Some opinl)
  let ?F2' = Sinca.Fenv.map-entry F2 f (λfd. rewrite-fundef-body fd l pc
(IOpInl opinl))
  let ?s2' = State ?F2' H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (x # drop ar Σ) # st')
  have ?STEP ?s2'
    using Some IOp step-op ⟨op' = op⟩
    using Sinca.∃!Op-correct Sinca.∃!-invertible next-instr2
    by (auto intro: Sinca.step-op-inl)
  moreover have ?MATCH ?s2'
    using ok-F1 step-op IOp ⟨op' = op⟩ Some
    by (auto intro!: match.intros intro: rel-fundefs-rewriteI2[OF rel-F1-F2]
simp: Sinca.∃!-invertible)
  ultimately show ?thesis by auto
  qed
next
case (IOpInl opinl)
hence op = ∃c∃! opinl using norm-eq-instr2 by simp
show ?thesis
proof (cases ∃s∃! opinl (take ar Σ))
  case True

```

```

let ?s2' = State F2 H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (x # drop ar Σ) # st')
have ?STEP ?s2'
  using step-op IOpInl ⟨op = DeJnl opinl⟩ True
  using next-instr2 Sinca.JnlOp-correct
  by (auto intro: Sinca.step-op-inl-hit)
moreover have ?MATCH ?s2'
  using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
ultimately show ?thesis by auto
next
case False
let ?F2' = Sinca.Fenv.map-entry F2 f (λfd. rewrite-fundef-body fd l pc (IOp
(DeJnl opinl)))
let ?s2' = State ?F2' H (Frame f l (Suc pc) R (x # drop ar Σ) # st')
have ?STEP ?s2'
  using step-op IOpInl ⟨op = DeJnl opinl⟩ False
  using next-instr2 Sinca.JnlOp-correct
  by (auto intro: Sinca.step-op-inl-miss)
moreover have ?MATCH ?s2'
  using ok-F1 step-op ⟨op = DeJnl opinl⟩
  by (auto intro!: match.intros intro: rel-fundefs-rewriteI2[OF rel-F1-F2])
ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
qed simp-all
next
case (step-cjump f l pc lt lf d l' R Σ st')
show ?case (is ∃x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH x)
proof -
let ?s1' = State F2 H (Frame f l' 0 R Σ # st')
have ?STEP ?s1'
  using step-cjump rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f l pc]
  by (auto intro: Sinca.step-cjump elim: norm-instr.elims simp: option-rel-Some1)
moreover have ?MATCH ?s1'
  using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
next
case (step-call f lf pcf g gd1 Σf frameg Rf st')
then obtain gd2 where
  F2-g: Finca-get F2 g = Some gd2 and
  rel-gd1-gd2: rel-fundef (=) norm-eq gd1 gd2
  using rel-fundefs-Some1[OF rel-F1-F2] by blast

have same-fst-label-gd1-gd2: fst (hd (body gd1)) = fst (hd (body gd2))
  using rel-gd1-gd2
  using wf-fundefs-imp-wf-fundef[OF ok-F1 ⟨Fstd-get F1 g = Some gd1⟩,
unfolding wf-fundef-def]
  by (auto elim: fundef.rel-cases dest!: list-all2-rel-prod-fst-hd)

show ?case (is ∃x. ?STEP x ∧ ?MATCH x)

```

```

proof –
  let ? $\Sigma_g$  = take (arity gd2)  $\Sigma_f$ 
  let ? $s_2'$  = State F2 H (frameg # Frame f lf pcf Rf  $\Sigma_f$  # st')
  have ?STEP ? $s_2'$ 
    using step-call F2-g rel-gd1-gd2 rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of f lf pcf]
    using same-fst-label-gd1-gd2
    by (auto intro!: Sinca.step-call elim: norm-instr.elims
      simp: option-rel-Some1 rel-fundef-arities rel-fundef-locals allocate-frame-def)
  moreover have ?MATCH ? $s_2'$ 
    using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2
    by (auto intro: match.intros)
  ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
next
  case (step-return g lg pcg gd1  $\Sigma_f$   $\Sigma_g$  framef' f lf pcf Rf Rg st')
  then obtain gd2 where
    F2-g: Finca-get F2 g = Some gd2 and
    rel-gd1-gd2: rel-fundef (=) norm-eq gd1 gd2
    using rel-fundefs-Some1[OF rel-F1-F2] by blast
  obtain instr2 where
    next-instr2: next-instr (Finca-get F2) g lg pcg = Some instr2 and
    norm-eq-instr1-instr2: norm-eq Std.IReturn instr2
  using step-return rel-F1-F2-next-instr[of g lg pcg] by (auto simp: option-rel-Some1)
  thus ?case (is  $\exists x$ . ?STEP x  $\wedge$  ?MATCH x)
  proof (cases instr2)
    case IReturn
    let ? $s_1'$  = State F2 H (framef' # st')
    have ?STEP ? $s_1'$ 
      using step-return next-instr2 IReturn
      using F2-g rel-gd1-gd2
      by (auto intro!: Sinca.step-return simp: rel-fundef-arities rel-fundef-return)
    moreover have ?MATCH ? $s_1'$ 
      using ok-F1 rel-F1-F2 by (auto intro: match.intros)
    ultimately show ?thesis by auto
  qed simp-all
qed
qed

lemma match-final-forward:
  assumes match s1 s2 and final-s1: final Fstd-get Std.IReturn s1
  shows final Finca-get Inca.IReturn s2
  using  $\langle$ match s1 s2 $\rangle$ 
  proof (cases s1 s2 rule: match.cases)
    case (1 F1 F2 H st)
    show ?thesis
      using final-s1[unfolded 1]
    proof (cases - - State F1 H st rule: final.cases)
      case (finalI f l pc R  $\Sigma$ )
      then show ?thesis

```



```

    using 1
    by (auto intro: final.intros elim: norm-instr.elims dest: rel-fundefs-next-instr1)
qed
qed

```

```

sublocale std-inca-forward-simulation:
  forward-simulation where
    step1 = Sstd.step and final1 = final Fstd-get Std.IReturn and
    step2 = Sinca.step and final2 = final Finca-get Inca.IReturn and
    order =  $\lambda$ - -. False and match =  $\lambda$ -. match
  using match-final-forward forward-lockstep-simulation
  lockstep-to-plus-forward-simulation[of match Sstd.step - Sinca.step]
  by unfold-locales auto

```

41 Bisimulation

```

sublocale std-inca-bisimulation:
  bisimulation where
    step1 = Sstd.step and final1 = final Fstd-get Std.IReturn and
    step2 = Sinca.step and final2 = final Finca-get Inca.IReturn and
    order =  $\lambda$ - -. False and match =  $\lambda$ -. match
  by unfold-locales

```

end

end

```

theory Std-to-Inca-compiler
  imports Std-to-Inca-simulation
  VeriComp.Compiler
begin

```

41.1 Compilation of function definitions

```

fun compile-instr where
  compile-instr (Std.IPush d) = Inca.IPush d |
  compile-instr Std.IPop = Inca.IPop |
  compile-instr (Std.IGet n) = Inca.IGet n |
  compile-instr (Std.ISet n) = Inca.ISet n |
  compile-instr (Std.ILoad x) = Inca.ILoad x |
  compile-instr (Std.IStore x) = Inca.IStore x |
  compile-instr (Std.IOp op) = Inca.IOp op |
  compile-instr (Std.ICJump lt lf) = Inca.ICJump lt lf |
  compile-instr (Std.ICall f) = Inca.ICall f |
  compile-instr Std.IReturn = Inca.IReturn

```

```

fun compile-fundef where
  compile-fundef (Fundef [] - -) = None |
  compile-fundef (Fundef bblocks ar ret locals) =
    Some (Fundef (map-ran ( $\lambda$ -. map compile-instr) bblocks) ar ret locals)

```

context *std-inca-simulation* **begin**

lemma *lambda-eq-eq[simp]*: $(\lambda x y. y = x) = (=)$
apply (*intro ext*)
by *blast*

lemma *norm-compile-instr*:
norm-instr (compile-instr instr) = instr
by (*cases instr*) *auto*

lemma *rel-compile-fundef*:
assumes *compile-fundef fd1 = Some fd2*
shows *rel-fundef (=) norm-eq fd1 fd2*
using *assms*
proof (*cases rule: compile-fundef.elims*)
case (*2 x xs ar*)
then show *?thesis*
by (*auto intro: list.rel-refl*
simp: const-eq-if-conv list.rel-map norm-compile-instr map-ran-def case-prod-beta
rel-prod-sel)
qed *simp-all*

lemma *rel-fundef-imp-fundef-ok-iff*:
assumes *rel-fundef (=) norm-eq fd1 fd2*
shows *wf-fundef fd1 \longleftrightarrow wf-fundef fd2*
unfolding *wf-fundef-def*
using *assms*
by (*auto simp: list-all2-rel-prod-conv list.rel-eq elim: fundef.rel-cases*)

lemma *rel-fundefs-imp-wf-fundefs-iff*:
assumes *rel-f-g: rel-fundefs f g*
shows *wf-fundefs f \longleftrightarrow wf-fundefs g*
proof (*rule iffI*)
assume *wf-fundefs f* **show** *wf-fundefs g*
proof (*rule wf-fundefsI*)
fix *x fd*
assume *g x = Some fd* **thus** *wf-fundef fd*
using \langle *wf-fundefs f* \rangle
by (*meson rel-f-g rel-fundef-imp-fundef-ok-iff rel-fundefs-Some2 wf-fundefs-imp-wf-fundef*)
qed
next
show *wf-fundefs g \implies wf-fundefs f*
using *rel-f-g*
by (*meson rel-fundef-imp-fundef-ok-iff rel-fundefs-Some1 wf-fundefs-imp-wf-fundef*
wf-fundefsI)
qed

lemma *compile-fundef-wf*:

```

assumes compile-fundef fd = Some fd'
shows wf-fundef fd'
using assms
proof (cases rule: compile-fundef.elims)
  case (2 x xs ar)
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: const-eq-if-conv wf-fundef-def map-ran-Cons-sel)
qed simp-all

```

41.2 Compilation of function environments

definition *compile-env* where

```

compile-env e ≡
  Some Sinca.Fenv.from-list ◊ ap-map-list (ap-map-prod Some compile-fundef)
  (Fstd-to-list e)

```

lemma *compile-env-imp-rel-option*:

```

assumes compile-env F1 = Some F2
shows rel-option (λfd1 fd2. compile-fundef fd1 = Some fd2) (Fstd-get F1 f)
  (Finca-get F2 f)

```

proof –

```

from assms(1) obtain xs where
  ap-map-list-F1: ap-map-list (ap-map-prod Some compile-fundef) (Fstd-to-list
  F1) = Some xs and
  F2-def: F2 = Sinca.Fenv.from-list xs
by (auto simp add: compile-env-def ap-option-eq-Some-conv)

```

show ?thesis

```

unfolding F2-def Sinca.Fenv.from-list-correct[symmetric]

```

```

unfolding Sinca.Fenv.from-list-correct

```

```

unfolding Sstd.Fenv.to-list-correct[symmetric]

```

```

using ap-map-list-F1

```

```

by (simp add: ap-map-list-ap-map-prod-imp-rel-option-map-of)

```

qed

lemma *Finca-get-compile*:

```

assumes compile-F1: compile-env F1 = Some F2
shows Finca-get F2 f = Fstd-get F1 f ≫≧ compile-fundef
using compile-env-imp-rel-option[OF assms(1), of f]
by (auto elim!: option.rel-cases)

```

lemma *compile-env-rel-fundefs*:

```

assumes compile-env F1 = Some F2
shows rel-fundefs (Fstd-get F1) (Finca-get F2)
unfolding rel-fundefs-def

```

proof (rule allI)

fix f

```

show rel-option (rel-fundef (=) norm-eq) (Fstd-get F1 f) (Finca-get F2 f)
using compile-env-imp-rel-option[OF assms(1), of f]

```

by (auto elim!: option.rel-cases intro: rel-compile-fundef)
 qed

lemma *compile-env-imp-wf-fundefs2*:
 assumes *compile-env* $F1 = \text{Some } F2$
 shows *wf-fundefs* (*Finca-get* $F2$)
 unfolding *Finca-get-compile*[*OF* *assms*(1)]
 by (auto simp: *bind-eq-Some-conv* intro!: *wf-fundefsI* intro: *compile-fundef-wf*)

41.3 Compilation of programs

fun *compile where*
compile (*Prog* $F1$ H f) = *Some Prog* \diamond *compile-env* $F1$ \diamond *Some H* \diamond *Some f*

theorem *compile-load*:
 assumes
 compile-p1: *compile* $p1 = \text{Some } p2$ **and**
 load: *Sinca.load* $p2$ $s2$
 shows $\exists s1. \text{Sstd.load } p1$ $s1 \wedge \text{match } s1$ $s2$
proof (*cases* $p1$)
 case (*Prog* $F1$ H *main*)
 with *assms*(1) **obtain** $F2$ **where**
 compile-F1: *compile-env* $F1 = \text{Some } F2$ **and**
 p2-def: $p2 = \text{Prog } F2$ H *main*
 by (auto simp: *ap-option-eq-Some-conv*)

show *?thesis*
 using *assms*(2) **unfolding** *p2-def* *Sinca.load-def*
proof (*cases* - - - $s2$ *rule*: *load.cases*)
 case (1 $fd2$)
 from 1 **obtain** $fd1$ **where**
 F1-main: *Fstd-get* $F1$ *main* = *Some fd1* **and** *compile-fd1*: *compile-fundef* $fd1$
 = *Some fd2*
 using *Finca-get-compile*[*OF* *compile-F1*] **by** (auto simp: *bind-eq-Some-conv*)

note *rel-fd1-fd2* = *rel-compile-fundef*[*OF* *compile-fd1*]
hence *first-label-fd1-fd2*: *fst* (*hd* (*body* $fd1$)) = *fst* (*hd* (*body* $fd2$))
 using 1
 by (auto elim!: *fundef.rel-cases* *dest*: *list-all2-rel-prod-fst-hd*)

have *bodies-fd1-fd2*: *body* $fd1 = [] \longleftrightarrow \text{body } fd2 = []$
 using *rel-fundef-body-length*[*OF* *rel-fd1-fd2*]
 by *auto*

let $?s1 = \text{State } F1$ H [*allocate-frame* *main* $fd1$ [] *uninitialized*]

show *?thesis*
proof (*intro* *exI* *conjI*)
 show *Sstd.load* $p1$ $?s1$

```

    unfolding Prog
    using 1 F1-main rel-fd1-fd2 bodies-fd1-fd2
    by (auto simp: rel-fundef-arities Sstd.load-def intro!: load.intros)
next
note rel-F1-F2 = compile-env-rel-fundefs[OF compile-F1]
moreover have wf-fundefs (Fstd-get F1)
proof (rule wf-fundefsI)
  fix f fd1
  assume Fstd-get F1 f = Some fd1
  then show wf-fundef fd1
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Finca-get-compile bind.bind-lunit compile-F1
      rel-F1-F2 compile-fundef-wf rel-fundef-imp-fundef-ok-iff
      rel-fundefs-Some1)
qed
ultimately show match ?s1 s2
  unfolding 1
  using rel-fd1-fd2
  by (auto simp: allocate-frame-def first-label-fd1-fd2 rel-fundef-locals
      intro: match.intros)
qed
qed
qed

```

```

sublocale std-to-inca-compiler:
  compiler where
    step1 = Sstd.step and final1 = final Fstd-get Std.IReturn and load1 = Sstd.load
and
    step2 = Sinca.step and final2 = final Finca-get Inca.IReturn and load2 =
Sinca.load and
    order = λ-. False and match = λ-. match and compile = compile
using compile-load
by unfold-locales auto

```

41.4 Completeness of compilation

```

lemma compile-fundef-complete:
  assumes wf-fundef fd1
  shows  $\exists fd2. compile-fundef fd1 = Some fd2$ 
proof (cases fd1)
  case (Fundef bbs ar)
  then obtain bb bbs' where bbs-def:  $bbs = bb \# bbs'$ 
    using assms(1) by (cases bbs; auto)
  show ?thesis
    using assms
    unfolding Fundef bbs-def
    by simp
qed

```

```

lemma compile-env-complete:

```

assumes *wf-F1*: *wf-fundefs* (*Fstd-get F1*)
shows $\exists F2. \text{compile-env } F1 = \text{Some } F2$
proof –
show *?thesis*
using *wf-F1*
by (*auto simp: compile-env-def ap-option-eq-Some-conv ap-map-prod-eq-Some-conv*
intro!: ex-ap-map-list-eq-SomeI Sstd.Fenv.to-list-list-allI compile-fundef-complete
intro: wf-fundefs-imp-wf-fundef)
qed

theorem *compile-complete*:
assumes *wf-p1*: *wf-prog Fstd-get p1*
shows $\exists p2. \text{compile } p1 = \text{Some } p2$
proof (*cases p1*)
case (*Prog x1 x2 x3*)
then show *?thesis*
using *wf-p1 unfolding wf-prog-def*
by (*auto dest: compile-env-complete*)
qed

theorem *compile-load-forward*:
assumes
wf-p1: *wf-prog Fstd-get p1* **and** *load-p1*: *Sstd.load p1 s1*
shows $\exists p2 s2. \text{compile } p1 = \text{Some } p2 \wedge \text{Sinca.load } p2 s2 \wedge \text{match } s1 s2$
proof –
from *load-p1* **obtain** *F1 H main fd1* **where**
p1-def: *p1 = Prog F1 H main* **and**
s1-def: *s1 = Global.state.State F1 H [allocate-frame main fd1 [] uninitialized]*
and
F1-main: *Fstd-get F1 main = Some fd1* **and**
arity-fd1: *arity fd1 = 0*
by (*auto simp: Sstd.load-def elim: load.cases*)

obtain *F2* **where** *compile-F1*: *compile-env F1 = Some F2*
using *wf-p1[unfolded p1-def wf-prog-def, simplified]*
using *compile-env-complete[of F1]*
by *auto*

obtain *fd2* **where**
F2-main: *Finca-get F2 main = Some fd2* **and** *compile-fd1*: *compile-fundef fd1*
 $= \text{Some } fd2$
using *compile-env-imp-rel-option[OF compile-F1, of main]*
unfolding *F1-main option-rel-Some1*
by *auto*

hence *rel-fd1-fd2*: *rel-fundef (=) norm-eq fd1 fd2*
using *rel-compile-fundef* **by** *auto*

note *wf-fd2 = compile-fundef-wf[OF compile-fd1]*

```

let ?s2 = State F2 H [allocate-frame main fd2 [] uninitialized]

show ?thesis
proof (intro exI conjI)
  show compile p1 = Some (Prog F2 H main)
    by (simp add: p1-def compile-F1)
next
  show Sinca.load (Prog F2 H main) ?s2
    using F2-main arity-fd1
    using rel-fundef-arities[OF rel-fd1-fd2]
    using compile-fundef-wf[OF compile-fd1]
    by (auto simp: wf-fundef-def Sinca.load-def intro: load.intros)
next
  have fst (hd (body fd1)) = fst (hd (body fd2))
    using rel-fd1-fd2 wf-fd2
    by (auto simp add: fundef.rel-sel wf-fundef-def list-all2-rel-prod-fst-hd)
  moreover have wf-fundefs (Fstd-get F1)
    using compile-env-imp-wf-fundefs2[OF compile-F1]
  using compile-env-rel-fundefs[OF compile-F1, THEN rel-fundefs-imp-wf-fundefs-iff]
    by simp
  ultimately show match s1 ?s2
    unfolding s1-def
    using rel-fd1-fd2 compile-env-rel-fundefs[OF compile-F1]
    by (auto simp: allocate-frame-def rel-fundef-locals intro!: match.intros)
qed
qed

end

end

```

References

- [1] M. Desharnais and S. Brunthaler. Towards efficient and verified virtual machines for dynamic languages. In *Proceedings of the 10th ACM SIG-PLAN International Conference on Certified Programs and Proofs, CPP 2021*. Association for Computing Machinery, 2021.