

Interpolation Polynomials (in HOL-Algebra)

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Abstract

A well known result from algebra is that, on any field, there is exactly one polynomial of degree less than n interpolating n points [1, §7].

This entry contains a formalization of the above result, as well as the following generalization in the case of finite fields F : There are $|F|^{m-n}$ polynomials of degree less than $m \geq n$ interpolating the same n points, where $|F|$ denotes the size of the domain of the field. To establish the result the entry also includes a formalization of Lagrange interpolation, which might be of independent interest.

The formalized results are defined on the algebraic structures from HOL-Algebra, which are distinct from the type-class based structures defined in HOL. Note that there is an existing formalization for polynomial interpolation and, in particular, Lagrange interpolation by Thiemann and Yamada [2] on the type-class based structures in HOL.

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1 Bounded Degree Polynomials

This section contains a definition for the set of polynomials with a degree bound and establishes its cardinality.

theory *Bounded-Degree-Polynomials*

imports *HOL-Algebra.Polynomial-Divisibility*

begin

lemma (*in ring*) *coeff-in-carrier*: $p \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R) \implies \text{coeff } p \ i \in \text{carrier } R$

using *poly-coeff-in-carrier carrier-is-subring* **by** (*simp add: univ-poly-carrier*)

definition *bounded-degree-polynomials*

where *bounded-degree-polynomials* $F\ n = \{x. x \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } F) \wedge (\text{degree } x < n \vee x = [])\}$

Note: The definition for *bounded-degree-polynomials* includes the zero polynomial in *bounded-degree-polynomials* $F\ 0$. The reason for this adjustment is that, contrary to definition in HOL Algebra, most authors set the degree of the zero polynomial to $-\infty$ [1, §7.2.2]. That definition make some identities, such as $\deg(fg) = \deg f + \deg g$ for polynomials f and g unconditionally true. In particular, it prevents an unnecessary corner case in the statement of the results established in this entry.

lemma *bounded-degree-polynomials-length*:

bounded-degree-polynomials $F\ n = \{x. x \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } F) \wedge \text{length } x \leq n\}$

unfolding *bounded-degree-polynomials-def* **using** *leI order-less-le-trans* **by** *fast-force*

lemma (*in ring*) *fin-degree-bounded*:

assumes *finite* (*carrier* R)

shows *finite* (*bounded-degree-polynomials* $R\ n$)

proof –

have *bounded-degree-polynomials* $R\ n \subseteq \{p. \text{set } p \subseteq \text{carrier } R \wedge \text{length } p \leq n\}$

unfolding *bounded-degree-polynomials-length*

using *assms polynomial-incl univ-poly-carrier* **by** *blast*

thus *?thesis*

using *assms finite-lists-length-le finite-subset* **by** *fast*

qed

lemma (*in ring*) *non-empty-bounded-degree-polynomials*:

bounded-degree-polynomials $R\ k \neq \{\}$

proof –

have $0_{\text{poly-ring } R} \in \text{bounded-degree-polynomials } R\ k$

by (*simp add: bounded-degree-polynomials-def univ-poly-zero univ-poly-zero-closed*)

thus *?thesis* **by** *auto*

qed

lemma *in-image-by-witness*:

assumes $\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies g\ x \in B \wedge f\ (g\ x) = x$

shows $A \subseteq f\ ' B$

by (*metis assms image-eqI subsetI*)

lemma *card-mostly-constant-maps*:

assumes $y \in B$

shows $\text{card } \{f. \text{range } f \subseteq B \wedge (\forall x. x \geq n \longrightarrow f\ x = y)\} = \text{card } B \wedge^n (\text{is card } ?A = ?B)$

proof –

define f **where** $f = (\lambda f\ k. \text{if } k < n \text{ then } f\ k \text{ else } y)$

have $a: ?A \subseteq (f \text{ ‘ } (\{0..<n\} \rightarrow_E B))$
unfolding $f\text{-def}$
by (*rule in-image-by-witness*[**where** $g = \lambda f. \text{ restrict } f \{0..<n\}$], *auto*)

have $b: (f \text{ ‘ } (\{0..<n\} \rightarrow_E B)) \subseteq ?A$
using $f\text{-def}$ *assms* **by** *auto*

have $c: \text{inj-on } f \{0..<n\} \rightarrow_E B$
by (*rule inj-onI*, *metis PiE-E atLeastLessThan-iff ext f-def*)

have $\text{card } ?A = \text{card } (f \text{ ‘ } (\{0..<n\} \rightarrow_E B))$
using $a \ b$ **by** *auto*
also have $\dots = \text{card } (\{0..<n\} \rightarrow_E B)$
by (*metis c card-image*)
also have $\dots = \text{card } B^{\wedge n}$
by (*simp add: card-PiE[OF finite-atLeastLessThan]*)
finally show $?thesis$ **by** *simp*

qed

definition (*in ring*) *build-poly* **where**
 $\text{build-poly } f \ n = \text{normalize } (\text{rev } (\text{map } f \ [0..<n]))$

lemma (*in ring*) *poly-degree-bound-from-coeff*:
assumes $x \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$
assumes $\bigwedge k. k \geq n \implies \text{coeff } x \ k = \mathbf{0}$
shows $\text{degree } x < n \vee x = \mathbf{0}_{\text{poly-ring } R}$
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume $a: \neg(\text{degree } x < n \vee x = \mathbf{0}_{\text{poly-ring } R})$
hence $b: \text{lead-coeff } x \neq \mathbf{0}_R$
by (*metis assms(1) polynomial-def univ-poly-carrier univ-poly-zero*)
hence $\text{coeff } x (\text{degree } x) \neq \mathbf{0}$
by (*metis a lead-coeff-simp univ-poly-zero*)
moreover have $\text{degree } x \geq n$ **by** (*meson a not-le*)
ultimately show *False* **using** *assms(2)* **by** *blast*

qed

lemma (*in ring*) *poly-degree-bound-from-coeff-1*:
assumes $x \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$
assumes $\bigwedge k. k \geq n \implies \text{coeff } x \ k = \mathbf{0}$
shows $x \in \text{bounded-degree-polynomials } R \ n$
using *poly-degree-bound-from-coeff*[*OF assms*]
by (*simp add: bounded-degree-polynomials-def univ-poly-zero assms*)

lemma (*in ring*) *length-build-poly*:
 $\text{length } (\text{build-poly } f \ n) \leq n$
by (*metis length-map build-poly-def normalize-length-le length-rev length-upt less-imp-diff-less linorder-not-less*)

```

lemma (in ring) build-poly-degree:
  degree (build-poly f n) ≤ n-1
  using length-build-poly diff-le-mono by presburger

lemma (in ring) build-poly-poly:
  assumes  $\bigwedge i. i < n \implies f i \in \text{carrier } R$ 
  shows build-poly f n ∈ carrier (poly-ring R)
  unfolding build-poly-def univ-poly-carrier[symmetric]
  by (rule normalize-gives-polynomial, simp add:image-subset-iff Ball-def assms)

lemma (in ring) build-poly-coeff:
  coeff (build-poly f n) i = (if i < n then f i else 0)
proof -
  show coeff (build-poly f n) i = (if i < n then f i else 0)
    unfolding build-poly-def normalize-coeff[symmetric]
    by (cases i < n, (simp add:coeff-nth rev-nth coeff-length)+)
qed

lemma (in ring) build-poly-bounded:
  assumes  $\bigwedge k. k < n \implies f k \in \text{carrier } R$ 
  shows build-poly f n ∈ bounded-degree-polynomials R n
  unfolding bounded-degree-polynomials-length
  using build-poly-poly[OF assms] length-build-poly by auto

The following establishes the total number of polynomials with a degree less
than  $n$ . Unlike the results in the following sections, it is already possible to
establish this property for polynomials with coefficients in a ring.

lemma (in ring) bounded-degree-polynomials-card:
  card (bounded-degree-polynomials R n) = card (carrier R) ^ n
proof -
  have a:coeff ‘ bounded-degree-polynomials R n ⊆ {f. range f ⊆ (carrier R) ∧ (∀ k
  ≥ n. f k = 0)}
    by (rule image-subsetI, auto simp add:bounded-degree-polynomials-def coeff-length
  coeff-in-carrier)

  have b:{f. range f ⊆ (carrier R) ∧ (∀ k ≥ n. f k = 0)} ⊆ coeff ‘ bounded-degree-polynomials
  R n
    apply (rule in-image-by-witness[where g=λx. build-poly x n])
    by (auto simp add:build-poly-coeff intro:build-poly-bounded)

  have inj-on coeff (carrier (poly-ring R))
    by (rule inj-onI, simp add: coeff-iff-polynomial-cond univ-poly-carrier)

  hence coeff-inj: inj-on coeff (bounded-degree-polynomials R n)
    using inj-on-subset bounded-degree-polynomials-def by blast

  have card ( bounded-degree-polynomials R n) = card (coeff ‘ bounded-degree-polynomials
  R n)
    using coeff-inj card-image[symmetric] by blast

```

```

also have ... = card {f. range f ⊆ (carrier R) ∧ (∀ k ≥ n. f k = 0)}
  by (rule arg-cong[where f=card], rule order-antisym[OF a b])
also have ... = card (carrier R)n
  by (rule card-mostly-constant-maps, simp)
finally show ?thesis by simp
qed

end

```

2 Lagrange Interpolation

This section introduces the function *interpolate*, which constructs the Lagrange interpolation polynomials for a given set of points, followed by a theorem of its correctness.

```

theory Lagrange-Interpolation
  imports HOL-Algebra.Polynomial-Divisibility
begin

```

A finite product in a domain is 0 if and only if at least one factor is. This could be added to *HOL-Algebra.FiniteProduct* or *HOL-Algebra.Ring*.

```

lemma (in domain) finprod-zero-iff:
  assumes finite A
  assumes ∧ a. a ∈ A ⇒ f a ∈ carrier R
  shows finprod R f A = 0 ⇔ (∃ x ∈ A. f x = 0)
  using assms
proof (induct A rule: finite-induct)
  case empty
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (insert y F)
  moreover have f ∈ F → carrier R using insert by blast
  ultimately show ?case by (simp add:integral-iff)
qed

```

```

lemma (in ring) poly-of-const-in-carrier:
  assumes s ∈ carrier R
  shows poly-of-const s ∈ carrier (poly-ring R)
  using poly-of-const-def assms
  by (simp add:univ-poly-carrier[symmetric] polynomial-def)

```

```

lemma (in ring) eval-poly-of-const:
  assumes x ∈ carrier R
  shows eval (poly-of-const x) y = x
  using assms by (simp add:poly-of-const-def)

```

```

lemma (in ring) eval-in-carrier-2:
  assumes x ∈ carrier (poly-ring R)

```

assumes $y \in \text{carrier } R$
shows $\text{eval } x \ y \in \text{carrier } R$
using *eval-in-carrier univ-poly-carrier polynomial-incl assms* **by** *blast*

lemma (in *domain*) *poly-mult-degree-le-1*:
assumes $x \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$
assumes $y \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$
shows $\text{degree } (x \otimes_{\text{poly-ring } R} y) \leq \text{degree } x + \text{degree } y$
proof –
have $\text{degree } (x \otimes_{\text{poly-ring } R} y) = (\text{if } x = [] \vee y = [] \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } \text{degree } x + \text{degree } y)$
unfolding *univ-poly-mult*
by (*metis univ-poly-carrier assms(1,2) carrier-is-subring poly-mult-degree-eq*)
thus *?thesis* **by** (*metis nat-le-linear zero-le*)
qed

lemma (in *domain*) *poly-mult-degree-le*:
assumes $x \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$
assumes $y \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$
assumes $\text{degree } x \leq n$
assumes $\text{degree } y \leq m$
shows $\text{degree } (x \otimes_{\text{poly-ring } R} y) \leq n + m$
using *poly-mult-degree-le-1 assms add-mono* **by** *force*

lemma (in *domain*) *poly-add-degree-le*:
assumes $x \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$ $\text{degree } x \leq n$
assumes $y \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$ $\text{degree } y \leq n$
shows $\text{degree } (x \oplus_{\text{poly-ring } R} y) \leq n$
using *assms poly-add-degree*
by (*metis dual-order.trans max.bounded-iff univ-poly-add*)

lemma (in *domain*) *poly-sub-degree-le*:
assumes $x \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$ $\text{degree } x \leq n$
assumes $y \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$ $\text{degree } y \leq n$
shows $\text{degree } (x \ominus_{\text{poly-ring } R} y) \leq n$
proof –
interpret $x:\text{cring } \text{poly-ring } R$
using *carrier-is-subring domain.univ-poly-is-cring domain-axioms* **by** *auto*

show *?thesis*
unfolding *a-minus-def*
using *assms univ-poly-a-inv-degree carrier-is-subring poly-add-degree-le x.a-inv-closed*
by *simp*
qed

lemma (in *domain*) *poly-sum-degree-le*:
assumes *finite A*
assumes $\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies \text{degree } (f x) \leq n$
assumes $\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies f x \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$

```

shows degree (finsum (poly-ring R) f A) ≤ n
using assms
proof (induct A rule:finite-induct)
  case empty
  interpret x:cring poly-ring R
  using carrier-is-subring domain.univ-poly-is-cring domain-axioms by auto
  show ?case using empty by (simp add:univ-poly-zero)
next
  case (insert x F)
  interpret x:cring poly-ring R
  using carrier-is-subring domain.univ-poly-is-cring domain-axioms by auto
  have a: degree (f x ⊕poly-ring R finsum (poly-ring R) f F) ≤ n
  using insert poly-add-degree-le x.finsum-closed by auto
  show ?case using insert a by auto
qed

definition (in ring) lagrange-basis-polynomial-aux where
  lagrange-basis-polynomial-aux S =
    (⊗poly-ring R s ∈ S. X ⊖poly-ring R (poly-of-const s))

lemma (in domain) lagrange-aux-eval:
  assumes finite S
  assumes S ⊆ carrier R
  assumes x ∈ carrier R
  shows (eval (lagrange-basis-polynomial-aux S) x) = (⊗ s ∈ S. x ⊖ s)
proof -
  interpret x:ring-hom-cring poly-ring R R (λp. eval p x)
  by (rule eval-cring-hom[OF carrier-is-subring assms(3)])

  have ∧a. a ∈ S ⇒ X ⊖poly-ring R (poly-of-const a) ∈ carrier (poly-ring R)
  by (meson poly-of-const-in-carrier carrier-is-subring assms(2) cring.cring-simprules(4)
      domain-def subsetD univ-poly-is-domain var-closed(1))

  moreover have ∧s. s ∈ S ⇒ eval (X ⊖poly-ring R (poly-of-const s) x) = x ⊖ s
  using assms var-closed carrier-is-subring poly-of-const-in-carrier subsetD[OF
    assms(2)]
  by (simp add:eval-var eval-poly-of-const)

  moreover have a-minus R x ∈ S → carrier R
  using assms by blast

  ultimately show ?thesis
  by (simp add:lagrange-basis-polynomial-aux-def x.hom-finprod cong:finprod-cong')
qed

lemma (in domain) lagrange-aux-poly:
  assumes finite S
  assumes S ⊆ carrier R
  shows lagrange-basis-polynomial-aux S ∈ carrier (poly-ring R)

```

```

proof –
  have  $a:\text{subring } (\text{carrier } R) \ R$ 
    using  $\text{carrier-is-subring } \text{assms}$  by  $\text{blast}$ 

  have  $b: \bigwedge a. a \in S \implies X \ominus_{\text{poly-ring } R} \text{poly-of-const } a \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$ 
    by ( $\text{meson } \text{poly-of-const-in-carrier } a \ \text{assms}(2) \ \text{cring.cring-simprules}(4) \ \text{domain-def } \text{subsetD}$ 
       $\text{univ-poly-is-domain } \text{var-closed}(1))$ 

  interpret  $x:\text{cring } \text{poly-ring } R$ 
    using  $\text{carrier-is-subring } \text{domain.univ-poly-is-cring } \text{domain-axioms}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 

  show  $?thesis$ 
    using  $\text{lagrange-basis-polynomial-aux-def } b \ x.\text{finprod-closed}[OF \ Pi-I]$  by  $\text{simp}$ 
qed

lemma (in  $\text{domain}$ )  $\text{poly-prod-degree-le}$ :
  assumes  $\text{finite } A$ 
  assumes  $\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies f \ x \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$ 
  shows  $\text{degree } (\text{finprod } (\text{poly-ring } R) \ f \ A) \leq (\sum x \in A. \text{degree } (f \ x))$ 
  using  $\text{assms}$ 
proof ( $\text{induct } A \ \text{rule:finite-induct}$ )
  case  $\text{empty}$ 
  interpret  $x:\text{cring } \text{poly-ring } R$ 
    using  $\text{carrier-is-subring } \text{domain.univ-poly-is-cring } \text{domain-axioms}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  show  $?case$  by ( $\text{simp } \text{add:univ-poly-one}$ )
next
  case ( $\text{insert } x \ F$ )
  interpret  $x:\text{cring } \text{poly-ring } R$ 
    using  $\text{carrier-is-subring } \text{domain.univ-poly-is-cring } \text{domain-axioms}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  have  $a:f \in F \rightarrow \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$ 
    using  $\text{insert}$  by  $\text{blast}$ 
  have  $b:f \ x \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$ 
    using  $\text{insert}$  by  $\text{blast}$ 
  have  $\text{degree } (\text{finprod } (\text{poly-ring } R) \ f \ (\text{insert } x \ F)) = \text{degree } (f \ x \otimes_{\text{poly-ring } R} \text{finprod } (\text{poly-ring } R) \ f \ F)$ 
    using  $a \ b \ \text{insert}$  by  $\text{simp}$ 
  also have  $\dots \leq \text{degree } (f \ x) + \text{degree } (\text{finprod } (\text{poly-ring } R) \ f \ F)$ 
    using  $\text{poly-mult-degree-le } x.\text{finprod-closed}[OF \ a] \ b$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  also have  $\dots \leq \text{degree } (f \ x) + (\sum y \in F. \text{degree } (f \ y))$ 
    using  $\text{insert}(3) \ a \ \text{add-mono}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  also have  $\dots = (\sum y \in (\text{insert } x \ F). \text{degree } (f \ y))$  using  $\text{insert}$  by  $\text{simp}$ 
  finally show  $?case$  by  $\text{simp}$ 
qed

lemma (in  $\text{domain}$ )  $\text{lagrange-aux-degree}$ :
  assumes  $\text{finite } S$ 
  assumes  $S \subseteq \text{carrier } R$ 
  shows  $\text{degree } (\text{lagrange-basis-polynomial-aux } S) \leq \text{card } S$ 

```


proof –

interpret $x:cring$ *poly-ring* R
using *carrier-is-subring domain.univ-poly-is-cring domain-axioms* **by** *auto*

have $degree\ X \leq 1$ **by** (*simp add:var-def*)
moreover have $\bigwedge y. y \in S \implies degree\ (poly\text{-}of\text{-}const\ y) \leq 1$ **by** (*simp add:poly-of-const-def*)
ultimately have $a: \bigwedge y. y \in S \implies degree\ (X \ominus_{poly\text{-}ring\ R} poly\text{-}of\text{-}const\ y) \leq 1$
by (*meson assms(2) in-mono poly-of-const-in-carrier poly-sub-degree-le var-closed[OF carrier-is-subring]*)

have $b: \bigwedge y. y \in S \implies (X \ominus_{poly\text{-}ring\ R} poly\text{-}of\text{-}const\ y) \in carrier\ (poly\text{-}ring\ R)$
by (*meson subsetD x.minus-closed var-closed(1)[OF carrier-is-subring] poly-of-const-in-carrier assms(2)*)

have $degree\ (lagrange\text{-}basis\text{-}polynomial\text{-}aux\ S) \leq (\sum y \in S. degree\ (X \ominus_{poly\text{-}ring\ R} poly\text{-}of\text{-}const\ y))$
using *lagrange-basis-polynomial-aux-def b poly-prod-degree-le[OF assms(1)]* **by** *auto*

also have $\dots \leq (\sum y \in S. 1)$
using *sum-mono a* **by** *force*

also have $\dots = card\ S$ **by** *simp*

finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*

qed

definition (*in ring*) *lagrange-basis-polynomial* **where**
 $lagrange\text{-}basis\text{-}polynomial\ S\ x = lagrange\text{-}basis\text{-}polynomial\text{-}aux\ S$
 $\otimes_{poly\text{-}ring\ R} (poly\text{-}of\text{-}const\ (inv_R\ (\bigotimes s \in S. x \ominus s)))$

lemma (*in field*)

assumes *finite S*
assumes $S \subseteq carrier\ R$
assumes $x \in carrier\ R - S$
shows

lagrange-one: eval (lagrange-basis-polynomial S x) x = 1 **and**
lagrange-degree: degree (lagrange-basis-polynomial S x) ≤ card S **and**
lagrange-zero: $\bigwedge s. s \in S \implies eval\ (lagrange\text{-}basis\text{-}polynomial\ S\ x)\ s = 0$ **and**
lagrange-poly: lagrange-basis-polynomial S x ∈ carrier (poly-ring R)

proof –

interpret $x:ring\text{-}hom\text{-}cring$ *poly-ring* $R\ R\ (\lambda p. eval\ p\ x)$
using *assms carrier-is-subring eval-cring-hom* **by** *blast*

define p **where** $p = lagrange\text{-}basis\text{-}polynomial\text{-}aux\ S$
have $a: eval\ p\ x = (\bigotimes s \in S. x \ominus s)$
using *assms* **by** (*simp add:p-def lagrange-aux-eval*)

have $b: p \in carrier\ (poly\text{-}ring\ R)$ **using** *assms*
by (*simp add:p-def lagrange-aux-poly*)

have $\bigwedge y. y \in S \implies a\text{-minus}\ R\ x\ y \in carrier\ R$

```

using assms by blast

hence  $c:\text{finprod } R \ (a - \text{minus } R \ x) \ S \in \text{Units } R$ 
using finprod-closed[OF Pi-I] assms
by (auto simp add:field-Units finprod-zero-iff)

have  $\text{eval } (\text{lagrange-basis-polynomial } S \ x) \ x =$ 
 $(\bigotimes s \in S. \ x \ominus s) \otimes \text{eval } (\text{poly-of-const } (\text{inv finprod } R \ (a - \text{minus } R \ x) \ S)) \ x$ 
using poly-of-const-in-carrier Units-inv-closed c p-def[symmetric]
by (simp add: lagrange-basis-polynomial-def x.hom-mult[OF b] a)
also have  $\dots = \mathbf{1}$ 
using poly-of-const-in-carrier Units-inv-closed c eval-poly-of-const by simp
finally show  $\text{eval } (\text{lagrange-basis-polynomial } S \ x) \ x = \mathbf{1}$  by simp

have  $\text{degree } (\text{lagrange-basis-polynomial } S \ x) \leq \text{degree } p + \text{degree } (\text{poly-of-const } (\text{inv finprod } R \ (a - \text{minus } R \ x) \ S))$ 
unfolding lagrange-basis-polynomial-def p-def[symmetric]
using poly-mult-degree-le[OF b] poly-of-const-in-carrier Units-inv-closed c by
auto
also have  $\dots \leq \text{card } S + 0$ 
using add-mono lagrange-aux-degree[OF assms(1) assms(2)] p-def poly-of-const-def
by auto
finally show  $\text{degree } (\text{lagrange-basis-polynomial } S \ x) \leq \text{card } S$  by simp

show  $\bigwedge s. s \in S \implies \text{eval } (\text{lagrange-basis-polynomial } S \ x) \ s = \mathbf{0}$ 
proof –
fix  $s$ 
assume  $d:s \in S$ 

interpret  $s:\text{ring-hom-cring poly-ring } R \ R \ (\lambda p. \text{eval } p \ s)$ 
using eval-cring-hom carrier-is-subring assms d by blast

have  $\text{eval } p \ s = \text{finprod } R \ (a - \text{minus } R \ s) \ S$ 
using subsetD[OF assms(2) d] assms
by (simp add:p-def lagrange-aux-eval)
also have  $\dots = \mathbf{0}$ 
using subsetD[OF assms(2)] d assms by (simp add: finprod-zero-iff)
finally have  $\text{eval } p \ s = \mathbf{0}_R$  by simp

moreover have  $\text{eval } (\text{poly-of-const } (\text{inv finprod } R \ (a - \text{minus } R \ x) \ S)) \ s \in \text{carrier}$ 
 $R$ 
using s.hom-closed poly-of-const-in-carrier Units-inv-closed c by blast

ultimately show  $\text{eval } (\text{lagrange-basis-polynomial } S \ x) \ s = \mathbf{0}$ 
using poly-of-const-in-carrier Units-inv-closed c
by (simp add:lagrange-basis-polynomial-def Let-def p-def[symmetric] s.hom-mult[OF b])
qed

```

```

interpret r:cring poly-ring R
  using carrier-is-subring domain.univ-poly-is-cring domain-axioms by auto

show lagrange-basis-polynomial S x ∈ carrier (poly-ring R)
  using lagrange-basis-polynomial-def p-def[symmetric] poly-of-const-in-carrier
Units-inv-closed
  a b c by simp
qed

definition (in ring) interpolate where
  interpolate S f =
    ( $\bigoplus_{poly\text{-}ring\ R\ s \in S. \text{lagrange-basis-polynomial } (S - \{s\})\ s} s \otimes_{poly\text{-}ring\ R} (poly\text{-of-const } (f\ s))$ )

Let  $f$  be a function and  $S$  be a finite subset of the domain of the field.
Then interpolate S f will return a polynomial with degree less than card S
interpolating  $f$  on  $S$ .

theorem (in field)
  assumes finite S
  assumes  $S \subseteq carrier\ R$ 
  assumes  $f \restriction S \subseteq carrier\ R$ 
  shows
    interpolate-poly: interpolate S f ∈ carrier (poly-ring R) and
    interpolate-degree: degree (interpolate S f) ≤ card S - 1 and
    interpolate-eval:  $\bigwedge s. s \in S \implies eval\ (interpolate\ S\ f)\ s = f\ s$ 
proof -
  interpret r:cring poly-ring R
  using carrier-is-subring domain.univ-poly-is-cring domain-axioms by auto

  have  $a: \bigwedge x. x \in S \implies \text{lagrange-basis-polynomial } (S - \{x\})\ x \in carrier\ (poly\text{-ring } R)$ 
  by (meson lagrange-poly assms Diff-iff finite-Diff in-mono insertI1 subset-insertI2 subset-insert-iff)

  have  $b: \bigwedge x. x \in S \implies f\ x \in carrier\ R$  using assms by blast

  have  $c: \bigwedge x. x \in S \implies degree\ (\text{lagrange-basis-polynomial } (S - \{x\})\ x) \leq card\ S - 1$ 
  by (metis (full-types) lagrange-degree DiffI Diff-insert-absorb assms(1) assms(2) card-Diff-singleton finite-insert insert-subset mk-disjoint-insert)

  have  $d: \bigwedge x. x \in S \implies$ 
     $degree\ (\text{lagrange-basis-polynomial } (S - \{x\})\ x \otimes_{poly\text{-ring } R} poly\text{-of-const } (f\ x))$ 
     $\leq (card\ S - 1) + 0$ 
  using poly-of-const-in-carrier[OF b] poly-mult-degree-le[OF a] c poly-of-const-def
by fastforce

show interpolate S f ∈ carrier (poly-ring R)
  using interpolate-def poly-of-const-in-carrier a b by simp

```

```

show degree (interpolate S f) ≤ card S - 1
  using poly-sum-degree-le[OF assms(1) d] poly-of-const-in-carrier[OF b] inter-
  polate-def a by simp

have e:subring (carrier R) R
  using carrier-is-subring assms by blast

show  $\bigwedge s. s \in S \implies \text{eval } (\text{interpolate } S f) s = f s$ 
proof -
  fix s
  assume f:s ∈ S
  interpret s:ring-hom-cring poly-ring R R (λp. eval p s)
  using eval-cring-hom[OF e] assms f by blast
  have g: $\bigwedge i. i \in S \implies$ 
    eval (lagrange-basis-polynomial (S - {i}) i)  $\otimes_{\text{poly-ring } R}$  poly-of-const (f i)
  s =
    (if s = i then f s else 0)
proof -
  fix i
  assume i-in-S: i ∈ S
  have eval (lagrange-basis-polynomial (S - {i}) i)  $\otimes_{\text{poly-ring } R}$  poly-of-const (f
i)) s =
    eval (lagrange-basis-polynomial (S - {i}) i) s  $\otimes$  f i
  using b i-in-S poly-of-const-in-carrier
  by (simp add: s.hom-mult[OF a] eval-poly-of-const)
  also have ... = (if s = i then f s else 0)
  using b i-in-S poly-of-const-in-carrier assms f
  apply (cases s=i, simp, subst lagrange-one, auto)
  by (subst lagrange-zero, auto)
finally show
  eval (lagrange-basis-polynomial (S - {i}) i)  $\otimes_{\text{poly-ring } R}$  poly-of-const (f i)
  s =
    (if s = i then f s else 0) by simp
qed

have eval (interpolate S f) s =
  ( $\bigoplus_{x \in S. \text{eval } (\text{lagrange-basis-polynomial } (S - \{x\}) x) \otimes_{\text{poly-ring } R} \text{poly-of-const } (f x)) s$ )
  using poly-of-const-in-carrier[OF b] a e
  by (simp add: interpolate-def s.hom-finsum[OF Pi-I] comp-def)
  also have ... = ( $\bigoplus_{x \in S. \text{if } s = x \text{ then } f s \text{ else } 0$ )
  using b g by (simp cong: finsum-cong)
  also have ... = f s
  using finsum-singleton[OF f assms(1)] f assms by auto
  finally show eval (interpolate S f) s = f s by simp
qed
qed

```

end

3 Cardinalities of Interpolation Polynomials

This section establishes the cardinalities of the set of polynomials with a degree bound interpolating a given set of points.

theory *Interpolation-Polynomial-Cardinalities*

imports *Bounded-Degree-Polynomials Lagrange-Interpolation*

begin

lemma (in *ring*) *poly-add-coeff*:

assumes $x \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$

assumes $y \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$

shows $\text{coeff } (x \oplus_{\text{poly-ring } R} y) k = \text{coeff } x k \oplus \text{coeff } y k$

by (*metis* *assms univ-poly-carrier polynomial-incl univ-poly-add poly-add-coeff*)

lemma (in *domain*) *poly-neg-coeff*:

assumes $x \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$

shows $\text{coeff } (\ominus_{\text{poly-ring } R} x) k = \ominus \text{coeff } x k$

proof –

interpret $x:\text{cring } \text{poly-ring } R$

using *assms cring-def carrier-is-subring domain.univ-poly-is-cring domain-axioms*

by *auto*

have $a:\mathbf{0}_{\text{poly-ring } R} = x \ominus_{\text{poly-ring } R} x$

by (*metis* *x.r-right-minus-eq assms(1)*)

have $\mathbf{0} = \text{coeff } (\mathbf{0}_{\text{poly-ring } R}) k$ **by** (*simp add:univ-poly-zero*)

also have $\dots = \text{coeff } x k \oplus \text{coeff } (\ominus_{\text{poly-ring } R} x) k$ **using** *a assms*

by (*simp add:a-minus-def poly-add-coeff*)

finally have $\mathbf{0} = \text{coeff } x k \oplus \text{coeff } (\ominus_{\text{poly-ring } R} x) k$ **by** *simp*

thus *?thesis*

by (*metis* *local.minus-minus x.a-inv-closed sum-zero-eq-neg coeff-in-carrier assms*)

qed

lemma (in *domain*) *poly-subtract-coeff*:

assumes $x \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$

assumes $y \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$

shows $\text{coeff } (x \ominus_{\text{poly-ring } R} y) k = \text{coeff } x k \ominus \text{coeff } y k$

proof –

interpret $x:\text{cring } \text{poly-ring } R$

using *assms cring-def carrier-is-subring domain.univ-poly-is-cring domain-axioms*

by *auto*

show *?thesis*

using *assms* **by** (*simp add:a-minus-def poly-add-coeff poly-neg-coeff*)

qed

A polynomial with more zeros than its degree is the zero polynomial.

lemma (in *field*) *max-roots*:

assumes $p \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$

assumes $K \subseteq \text{carrier } R$

assumes *finite* K

assumes $\text{degree } p < \text{card } K$

assumes $\bigwedge x. x \in K \implies \text{eval } p \ x = 0$

shows $p = 0_{\text{poly-ring } R}$

proof (rule *ccontr*)

assume $p \neq 0_{\text{poly-ring } R}$

hence $a:p \neq []$ **by** (*simp add: univ-poly-zero*)

have $\bigwedge x. \text{count } (\text{mset-set } K) \ x \leq \text{count } (\text{roots } p) \ x$

proof –

fix x

show $\text{count } (\text{mset-set } K) \ x \leq \text{count } (\text{roots } p) \ x$

proof (*cases* $x \in K$)

case *True*

hence *is-root* $p \ x$

by (*meson a assms(2,5) is-ring is-root-def subsetD*)

hence $x \in \text{set-mset } (\text{roots } p)$

using *assms(1) roots-mem-iff-is-root field-def* **by** *force*

hence $1 \leq \text{count } (\text{roots } p) \ x$ **by** *simp*

moreover have $\text{count } (\text{mset-set } K) \ x = 1$ **using** *True assms(3)* **by** *simp*

ultimately show *?thesis* **by** *presburger*

next

case *False*

hence $\text{count } (\text{mset-set } K) \ x = 0$ **by** *simp*

then show *?thesis* **by** *presburger*

qed

qed

hence $\text{mset-set } K \subseteq \# \text{ roots } p$

by (*simp add: subseteq-mset-def*)

hence $\text{card } K \leq \text{size } (\text{roots } p)$

by (*metis size-mset-mono size-mset-set*)

moreover have $\text{size } (\text{roots } p) \leq \text{degree } p$

using *a size-roots-le-degree assms* **by** *auto*

ultimately show *False* **using** *assms(4)*

by (*meson leD less-le-trans*)

qed

definition (in *ring*) *split-poly*

where *split-poly* $K \ p = (\text{restrict } (\text{eval } p) \ K, \lambda k. \text{coeff } p \ (k + \text{card } K))$

To establish the count of the number of polynomials of degree less than n interpolating a function f on K where $|K| \leq n$, the function *split-poly* K establishes a bijection between the polynomials of degree less than n and the values of the polynomials on K in combination with the coefficients of order $|K|$ and greater.

For the injectivity: Note that the difference of two polynomials whose coefficients of order $|K|$ and larger agree must have a degree less than $|K|$ and because their values agree on k points, it must have $|K|$ zeros and hence is the zero polynomial.

For the surjectivity: Let p be a polynomial whose coefficients larger than $|K|$ are chosen, and all other coefficients be 0. Now it is possible to find a polynomial q interpolating $f - p$ on K using Lagrange interpolation. Then $p + q$ will interpolate f on K and because the degree of q is less than $|K|$ its coefficients of order $|K|$ will be the same as those of p .

A tempting question is whether it would be easier to instead establish a bijection between the polynomials of degree less than n and its values on $K \cup K'$ where K' are arbitrarily chosen $n - |K|$ points in the field. This approach is indeed easier, however, it fails for the case where the size of the field is less than n .

lemma (in *field*) *split-poly-inj*:

assumes *finite K*

assumes $K \subseteq \text{carrier } R$

shows *inj-on* (*split-poly K*) (*carrier (poly-ring R)*)

proof

fix x

fix y

assume $a1: x \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$

assume $a2: y \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$

assume $a3: \text{split-poly } K \ x = \text{split-poly } K \ y$

interpret $x: \text{cring } \text{poly-ring } R$

using *carrier-is-subring domain.univ-poly-is-cring domain-axioms* **by** *auto*

have $x\text{-}y\text{-carrier}: x \ominus_{\text{poly-ring } R} y \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$ **using** $a1 \ a2$ **by** *simp*

have $\bigwedge k. \text{coeff } x \ (k + \text{card } K) = \text{coeff } y \ (k + \text{card } K)$

using $a3$ **by** (*simp add: split-poly-def, meson*)

hence $\bigwedge k. \text{coeff } (x \ominus_{\text{poly-ring } R} y) \ (k + \text{card } K) = \mathbf{0}$

using *coeff-in-carrier a1 a2* **by** (*simp add: poly-subtract-coeff*)

hence $\text{degree } (x \ominus_{\text{poly-ring } R} y) < \text{card } K \vee (x \ominus_{\text{poly-ring } R} y) = \mathbf{0}_{\text{poly-ring } R}$

by (*metis poly-degree-bound-from-coeff add.commute le-iff-add x-y-carrier*)

moreover have $\bigwedge k. k \in K \implies \text{eval } x \ k = \text{eval } y \ k$

using $a3$ **by** (*simp add: split-poly-def restrict-def, meson*)

hence $\bigwedge k. k \in K \implies \text{eval } x \ k \ominus \text{eval } y \ k = \mathbf{0}$

by (*metis eval-in-carrier univ-poly-carrier polynomial-incl a1 assms(2) in-mono r-right-minus-eq*)

hence $\bigwedge k. k \in K \implies \text{eval } (x \ominus_{\text{poly-ring } R} y) \ k = \mathbf{0}$

using $a1 \ a2$ *subsetD[OF assms(2)] carrier-is-subring*

by (*simp add: ring-hom-cring.hom-sub[OF eval-cring-hom]*)

ultimately have $x \ominus_{\text{poly-ring } R} y = \mathbf{0}_{\text{poly-ring } R}$

using *max-roots x-y-carrier assms* **by** *blast*

then show $x = y$

```

    using  $x.r\text{-right-minus-eq}$ [OF a1 a2] by simp
  qed

lemma (in field) split-poly-image:
  assumes finite K
  assumes  $K \subseteq \text{carrier } R$ 
  shows  $\text{split-poly } K \subseteq \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R) \supseteq$ 
     $(K \rightarrow_E \text{carrier } R) \times \{f. \text{range } f \subseteq \text{carrier } R \wedge (\exists n. \forall k \geq n. f\ k = \mathbf{0}_R)\}$ 
proof (rule subsetI)
  fix x
  assume a1:  $x \in (K \rightarrow_E \text{carrier } R) \times \{f. \text{range } f \subseteq \text{carrier } R \wedge (\exists (n::nat). \forall k \geq n. f\ k = \mathbf{0})\}$ 
  have a2:  $\text{fst } x \in (K \rightarrow_E \text{carrier } R)$ 
  using a by (simp add: mem-Times-iff)
  obtain n where a3:  $\text{snd } x \in \{f. \text{range } f \subseteq \text{carrier } R \wedge (\forall k \geq n. f\ k = \mathbf{0})\}$ 
  using a mem-Times-iff by force
  have a4:  $\bigwedge y. \text{snd } x\ y \in \text{carrier } R$  using a3 by blast

  define w where  $w = \text{build-poly } (\lambda i. \text{if } i \geq \text{card } K \text{ then } (\text{snd } x\ (i - \text{card } K)) \text{ else } \mathbf{0})\ (\text{card } K + n)$ 

  have w-carr:  $w \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$ 
  unfolding w-def by (rule build-poly-poly, simp add: a4)

  have w-eval-range:  $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier } R \implies \text{local.eval } w\ x \in \text{carrier } R$ 
proof -
  fix x
  assume w-eval-range-1:  $x \in \text{carrier } R$ 
  interpret  $x:\text{ring-hom-crng } \text{poly-ring } R\ R\ (\lambda p. \text{eval } p\ x)$ 
  using eval-crng-hom[OF carrier-is-subring] assms w-eval-range-1 by blast
  show  $\text{eval } w\ x \in \text{carrier } R$ 
  by (rule x.hom-closed[OF w-carr])
qed

interpret  $r:\text{crng } \text{poly-ring } R$ 
using carrier-is-subring domain.univ-poly-is-crng domain-axioms by auto

define y where  $y = \text{interpolate } K\ (\lambda k. \text{fst } x\ k \ominus \text{eval } w\ k)$ 
define r where  $r = y \oplus_{\text{poly-ring } R} w$ 

have x-minus-w-in-carrier:  $\bigwedge z. z \in K \implies \text{fst } x\ z \ominus \text{eval } w\ z \in \text{carrier } R$ 
using a1 PiE-def Pi-def minus-closed subsetD[OF assms(2)] w-eval-range by
auto

have y-poly:  $y \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$  unfolding y-def
using x-minus-w-in-carrier interpolate-poly[OF assms(1) assms(2)] image-subsetI
by force

have y-degree:  $\text{degree } y \leq \text{card } K - 1$ 

```


unfolding $y\text{-def}$
using $x\text{-minus-}w\text{-in-carrier}$ $interpolate\text{-degree}[OF\ assms(1)\ assms(2)]\ image\text{-subset}I$
by $force$

have $y\text{-len}$: $length\ y \leq card\ K$
proof ($cases\ K=\{\}$)
 case $True$
 then show $?thesis$
 by ($simp\ add:y\text{-def}\ interpolate\text{-def}\ univ\text{-poly-zero}$)
next
 case $False$
 then show $?thesis$
 by ($metis\ y\text{-degree}\ Suc\text{-le-}D\ assms(1)\ card\text{-gt-}0\text{-iff}\ diff\text{-Suc-}1\ not\text{-less-eq-eq}\ order.strict\text{-iff-not}$)
qed

have $r\text{-poly}$: $r \in carrier\ (poly\text{-ring}\ R)$
using $r\text{-def}\ y\text{-poly}\ w\text{-carr}$ **by** $simp$

have $coeff\text{-}r$: $\bigwedge k. coeff\ r\ (k + card\ K) = snd\ x\ k$
proof –
 fix $k :: nat$
 have $y\text{-len}'$: $length\ y \leq k + card\ K$ **using** $y\text{-len}\ trans\text{-le-add2}$ **by** $blast$
 have $coeff\ r\ (k + card\ K) = coeff\ y\ (k + card\ K) \oplus coeff\ w\ (k + card\ K)$
 by ($simp\ add:r\text{-def}\ poly\text{-add-coeff}[OF\ y\text{-poly}\ w\text{-carr}]$)
 also have $\dots = 0 \oplus coeff\ w\ (k + card\ K)$
 using $coeff\text{-length}[OF\ y\text{-len}']$ **by** $simp$
 also have $\dots = coeff\ w\ (k + card\ K)$
 using $coeff\text{-in-carrier}[OF\ w\text{-carr}]$ **by** $simp$
 also have $\dots = snd\ x\ k$
 using $a2$ **by** ($simp\ add:w\text{-def}\ build\text{-poly-coeff}\ not\text{-less}$)
 finally show $coeff\ r\ (k + card\ K) = snd\ x\ k$ **by** $simp$
qed

have $eval\text{-}r$: $\bigwedge k. k \in K \implies eval\ r\ k = fst\ x\ k$
proof –
 fix k
 assume $b:k \in K$
 interpret $s:ring\text{-hom-crng}\ poly\text{-ring}\ R\ R\ (\lambda p. eval\ p\ k)$
 using $eval\text{-crng-hom}[OF\ carrier\text{-is-subring}]\ assms\ b$ **by** $blast$

have $k\text{-carr}$: $k \in carrier\ R$ **using** $assms(2)\ b$ **by** $blast$
have $fst\text{-}x\text{-}k\text{-carr}$: $\bigwedge k. k \in K \implies fst\ x\ k \in carrier\ R$
 using $a1\ PiE\text{-def}\ Pi\text{-def}$ **by** $blast$
have $eval\ r\ k = eval\ y\ k \oplus eval\ w\ k$
 using $y\text{-poly}\ w\text{-carr}$ **by** ($simp\ add:r\text{-def}$)
also have $\dots = fst\ x\ k \ominus local.eval\ w\ k \oplus local.eval\ w\ k$
 using $assms\ b\ x\text{-minus-}w\text{-in-carrier}$
 by ($simp\ add:y\text{-def}\ interpolate\text{-eval}[OF\ -\ -\ image\text{-subset}I]$)

```

also have ... =  $\text{fst } x \ k \oplus (\ominus \text{local.eval } w \ k \oplus \text{local.eval } w \ k)$ 
using  $\text{fst-x-k-carr}[OF \ b] \ \text{w-eval-range}[OF \ k\text{-carr}]$ 
by ( $\text{simp add:a-minus-def a-assoc}$ )
also have ... =  $\text{fst } x \ k$ 
using  $\text{fst-x-k-carr}[OF \ b] \ \text{w-eval-range}[OF \ k\text{-carr}]$ 
by ( $\text{simp add:a-comm r-neg}$ )
finally show  $\text{eval } r \ k = \text{fst } x \ k$  by  $\text{simp}$ 
qed

have  $r \in (\text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R))$ 
by ( $\text{metis r-poly}$ )
moreover have  $\bigwedge y. (\text{if } y \in K \text{ then } \text{eval } r \ y \text{ else undefined}) = \text{fst } x \ y$ 
using  $a1 \ \text{eval-r PiE-E}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
hence  $\text{split-poly } K \ r = x$ 
by ( $\text{simp add:split-poly-def prod-eq-iff coeff-r restrict-def}$ )
ultimately show  $x \in \text{split-poly } K \ ' (\text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R))$ 
by  $\text{blast}$ 
qed

```

This is like *card-vimage-inj* but supports *inj-on* instead.

```

lemma card-vimage-inj-on:
  assumes  $\text{inj-on } f \ B$ 
  assumes  $A \subseteq f \ ' \ B$ 
  shows  $\text{card } (f \ -' \ A \cap B) = \text{card } A$ 
proof -
  have  $A = f \ ' \ (f \ -' \ A \cap B)$  using  $\text{assms}(2)$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  thus  $?thesis$  using  $\text{assms card-image}$ 
  by ( $\text{metis inf-le2 inj-on-subset}$ )
qed

```

```

lemma inv-subsetI:
  assumes  $\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies f \ x \in B \implies x \in C$ 
  shows  $f \ -' \ B \cap A \subseteq C$ 
  using  $\text{assms}$  by  $\text{force}$ 

```

The following establishes the main result of this section: There are $|F|^{n-k}$ polynomials of degree less than n interpolating $k \leq n$ points.

```

lemma restrict-eq-imp:
  assumes  $\text{restrict } f \ A = \text{restrict } g \ A$ 
  assumes  $x \in A$ 
  shows  $f \ x = g \ x$ 
  by ( $\text{metis restrict-def assms}$ )

```

```

theorem (in field) interpolating-polynomials-card:
  assumes  $\text{finite } K$ 
  assumes  $K \subseteq \text{carrier } R$ 
  assumes  $f \ ' \ K \subseteq \text{carrier } R$ 
  shows  $\text{card } \{\omega \in \text{bounded-degree-polynomials } R \mid (\text{card } K + n). (\forall k \in K. \text{eval } \omega \ k = f \ k)\} = \text{card } (\text{carrier } R)^\wedge n$ 

```

(is card ?A = ?B)
proof –
 define z **where** $z = \text{restrict } f \ K$
 define M **where** $M = \{f. \text{ range } f \subseteq \text{carrier } R \wedge (\forall k \geq n. f \ k = \mathbf{0})\}$

 hence *inj-on-bounded*: *inj-on* (*split-poly* K) (*carrier* (*poly-ring* R))
 using *split-poly-inj*[*OF* *assms*(1) *assms*(2)] **by** *blast*

 have $?A \subseteq \text{split-poly } K - ' (\{z\} \times M)$
 unfolding *split-poly-def* *z-def* *M-def* *bounded-degree-polynomials-length*
 by (*rule subsetI*, *auto* *intro!*:*coeff-in-carrier* *coeff-length*)
 moreover have $?A \subseteq \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$
 unfolding *bounded-degree-polynomials-length* **by** *blast*
 ultimately have $a: ?A \subseteq \text{split-poly } K - ' (\{z\} \times M) \cap \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$
 by *blast*

 have $\bigwedge x \ k. (\lambda k. \text{coeff } x \ (k + \text{card } K)) \in M \implies k \geq n + \text{card } K \implies \text{coeff } x \ k = \mathbf{0}$
 by (*simp* *add:M-def*, *metis* *Nat.le-diff-conv2* *Nat.le-imp-diff-is-add* *add-leD2*)
 hence $\text{split-poly } K - ' (\{z\} \times M) \cap \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R) \subseteq \text{bounded-degree-polynomials } R \ (\text{card } K + n)$
 unfolding *split-poly-def* *z-def* **using** *poly-degree-bound-from-coeff-1* *inv-subsetI*
by *force*
 moreover have $\bigwedge \omega \ k. \omega \in \text{split-poly } K - ' (\{z\} \times M) \cap \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R) \implies k \in K \implies \text{eval } \omega \ k = f \ k$
 unfolding *split-poly-def* *z-def* **using** *restrict-eq-imp* **by** *fastforce*
 ultimately have $b: \text{split-poly } K - ' (\{z\} \times M) \cap \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R) \subseteq ?A$
 by *blast*

 have $z \in K \rightarrow_E \text{carrier } R$
 unfolding *z-def* **using** *assms*(3) **by** *auto*
 moreover have $M \subseteq \{f. \text{ range } f \subseteq \text{carrier } R \wedge (\exists n. (\forall k \geq n. f \ k = \mathbf{0}))\}$
 unfolding *M-def* **by** *blast*
 ultimately have $c: \{z\} \times M \subseteq \text{split-poly } K - ' \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$
 using *split-poly-image*[*OF* *assms*(1) *assms*(2)] **by** *fast*

 have $\text{card } ?A = \text{card } (\text{split-poly } K - ' (\{z\} \times M) \cap \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R))$
 using *order-antisym*[*OF* *a* *b*] **by** *simp*
 also have $\dots = \text{card } (\{z\} \times M)$
 using *card-vimage-inj-on*[*OF* *inj-on-bounded*] *c* **by** *blast*
 also have $\dots = \text{card } (\text{carrier } R)^{\wedge n}$
 by (*simp* *add:card-cartesian-product* *M-def* *card-mostly-constant-maps*)
 finally show *?thesis* **by** *simp*
qed

A corollary is the classic result [1, Theorem 7.15] that there is exactly one polynomial of degree less than n interpolating n points:

corollary (in *field*) *interpolating-polynomial-one*:
 assumes *finite* K

assumes $K \subseteq \text{carrier } R$
assumes $f \text{ ' } K \subseteq \text{carrier } R$
shows $\text{card } \{\omega \in \text{bounded-degree-polynomials } R \text{ (card } K). (\forall k \in K. \text{eval } \omega \text{ } k = f \text{ } k)\} = 1$
using *interpolating-polynomials-card*[*OF* *assms*(1) *assms*(2) *assms*(3), **where**
 $n=0$]
by *simp*

In the case of fields with infinite carriers, it is possible to conclude that there are infinitely many polynomials of degree less than n interpolating $k < n$ points.

corollary (*in field*) *interpolating-polynomial-inf*:
assumes *infinite* (*carrier* R)
assumes *finite* K $K \subseteq \text{carrier } R$ $f \text{ ' } K \subseteq \text{carrier } R$
assumes $n > 0$
shows *infinite* $\{\omega \in \text{bounded-degree-polynomials } R \text{ (card } K + n). (\forall k \in K. \text{eval } \omega \text{ } k = f \text{ } k)\}$
(is infinite ?A)
proof –
have $\{\} \subset \{\omega \in \text{bounded-degree-polynomials } R \text{ (card } K). (\forall k \in K. \text{eval } \omega \text{ } k = f \text{ } k)\}$
using *interpolating-polynomial-one*[*OF* *assms*(2) *assms*(3) *assms*(4)] **by** *fast-force*
also have $\dots \subseteq ?A$
unfolding *bounded-degree-polynomials-def* **by** *auto*
finally have $a: ?A \neq \{\}$ **by** *auto*

have $\text{card } ?A = \text{card } (\text{carrier } R) \wedge n$
using *interpolating-polynomials-card*[*OF* *assms*(2) *assms*(3) *assms*(4), **where**
 $n=n$] **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = 0$
using *assms*(1) *assms*(5) **by** *simp*
finally have $b: \text{card } ?A = 0$ **by** *simp*

show *?thesis* **using** $a \ b \text{ card-0-eq}$ **by** *blast*
qed

The following is an additional independent result: The evaluation homomorphism is injective for degree one polynomials.

lemma (*in field*) *eval-inj-if-degree-1*:
assumes $p \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$ $\text{degree } p = 1$
shows *inj-on* (*eval* p) (*carrier* R)
proof –
obtain $u \ v$ **where** $p\text{-def}: p = [u, v]$ **using** *assms*
by (*cases* p , *cases* (*tl* p), *auto*)

have $u \in \text{carrier } R - \{0\}$ **using** $p\text{-def}$ *assms* **by** *blast*
moreover have $v \in \text{carrier } R$ **using** $p\text{-def}$ *assms* **by** *blast*
ultimately show *?thesis* **by** (*simp* *add: p-def field-Units inj-on-def*)

qed

end

References

- [1] V. Shoup. *A Computational Introduction to Number theory and Algebra*. Cambridge university press, 2009.
- [2] R. Thiemann and A. Yamada. Polynomial interpolation. *Archive of Formal Proofs*, Jan. 2016. https://isa-afp.org/entries/Polynomial_Interpolation.html, Formal proof development.