

The IMAP CmRDT

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Abstract

We provide our Isabelle/HOL formalization of a Conflict-free Replicated Data Type for Internet Message Access Protocol commands. To this end, we show that Strong Eventual Consistency (SEC) is guaranteed by proving the commutativity of concurrent operations. We base our formalization on the recently proposed "framework for establishing Strong Eventual Consistency for Conflict-free Replicated Datatypes" (AFP.CRDT) by Gomes et al. Hence, we provide an additional example of how the recently proposed framework can be used to design and prove CRDTs.

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1 Preface

A Conflict-free Replicated Data Type (CRDT) [5] ensures convergence of replicas without requiring a central coordination server or even a distributed coordination system based on consensus or locking. Despite the fact that Shapiro et al. provide a comprehensive collection of definitions for the most useful data types such as registers, sets, and lists [4], we observe that the use of CRDTs in standard IT services is rather uncommon. Therefore, we use the Internet Message Access Protocol (IMAP)—the de-facto standard protocol to retrieve and manipulate mail messages on an email server—as an example to show the feasibility of using CRDTs for replicating state of a standard IT service to achieve planetary scale.

Designing a *correct* CRDT is a challenging task. A CmRDT, the operation-based variant of a CRDT, requires all operations to commute. To this end, Gomes et al. recently published a CmRDT verification framework [1] in Isabelle/HOL.

In our most recent work [3], we presented *pluto*, our research prototype of a planetary-scale IMAP service. To achieve the claimed planet-scale, we designed a CmRDT that provides

multi-leader replication of mailboxes without the need of synchronous operations. In order to ensure the correctness of our proposed IMAP CmRDT, we implemented it in the verification framework proposed by Gomes et al.

In this work, we present our Isabelle/HOL proof of the necessary properties and show that our CmRDT indeed guarantees Strong Eventual Consistency (SEC). We contribute not only the certainty that our CmRDT design is correct, but also provide one more example of how the verification framework can be used to prove the correctness of a CRDT.

1.1 The IMAP CmRDT

In the rest of this work, we show how we modeled our IMAP CmRDT in Isabelle/HOL. We start by presenting the original IMAP CmRDT, followed by the implementation details of the Isabelle/HOL formalization. The presentation of our CmRDT in Spec. 1 is based on the syntax introduced in [4]. We highly recommend reading the foundational work by Shapiro et al. prior to following our proof documentation.

In essence, the IMAP CmRDT represents the state of a mailbox, containing folders (of type \mathcal{N}) and messages (of type \mathcal{M}). Moreover, we introduce metadata in form of tags (of type ID). All modeling details and a more detailed description of the CmRDT are provided in the original paper [3].

The only notable difference between the presented specification and our Isabelle/HOL formalization is, that we no longer distinguish between sets ID and \mathcal{M} and that the generated tags of *create* and *expunge* are handled explicitly. This makes the formalization slightly easier, because less type variables are introduced. The concrete definition can be found in the *IMAP-CRDT Definitions* section of the `IMAP-def.thy` file.

1.2 Proof Guide

Hint: In our proof, we build on top of the definitions given by Gomes et al. in [2]. We strongly recommend to read their paper first before following our proof. In fact, in our formalization we reuse the *locales* of the proposed framework and therefore this work cannot be compiled without the reference to [1].

Operation-based CRDTs require all concurrent operations to commute in order to ensure convergence. Therefore, we begin our verification by proving the commutativity of every combination of possible concurrent operations. Initially, we used *nitpick* to identify corner cases in our implementation. We prove the commutativity in Section 3 of the `IMAP-proof-commute.thy` file. The *critical conditions* to satisfy in order to commute, can be summarized as follows:

- The tags of a *create* and *expunge* operation or the messages of an *append* and *store* operation are never in the removed-set of a concurrent *delete* operation.
- The message of an *append* operation is never the message that is deleted by a concurrent *store* or *expunge* operation.
- The message inserted by a *store* operation is never the message that is deleted by a concurrent *store* or *expunge* operation.

The identified conditions obviously hold in regular traces of our system, because an item that has been inserted by one operation cannot be deleted by a concurrent operation. It simply cannot be present at the time of the initiation of the concurrent operation.

Next, we show that the identified conditions actually hold for all concurrent operations. Because all tags and all inserted messages are globally unique, it can easily be shown that

Specification 1 The IMAP CmRDT

```
1: payload map  $u : \mathcal{N} \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(\text{ID}) \times \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{M})$   $\triangleright \{\text{foldername } f \mapsto (\{\text{tag } t\}, \{\text{msg } m\}), \dots\}$ 
2:   initial  $(\lambda x. (\emptyset, \emptyset))$ 
3: update create (foldername  $f$ )
4:   atSource
5:     let  $\alpha = \text{unique}()$ 
6:     downstream  $(f, \alpha)$ 
7:        $u(f) \mapsto (u(f)_1 \cup \{\alpha\}, u(f)_2)$ 
8: update delete (foldername  $f$ )
9:   atSource  $(f)$ 
10:    let  $R_1 = u(f)_1$ 
11:    let  $R_2 = u(f)_2$ 
12:    downstream  $(f, R_1, R_2)$ 
13:       $u(f) \mapsto (u(f)_1 \setminus R_1, u(f)_2 \setminus R_2)$ 
14: update append (foldername  $f$ , message  $m$ )
15:   atSource  $(m)$ 
16:     pre  $m$  is globally unique
17:     downstream  $(f, m)$ 
18:        $u(f) \mapsto (u(f)_1, u(f)_2 \cup \{m\})$ 
19: update expunge (foldername  $f$ , message  $m$ )
20:   atSource  $(f, m)$ 
21:     pre  $m \in u(f)_2$ 
22:     let  $\alpha = \text{unique}()$ 
23:     downstream  $(f, m, \alpha)$ 
24:        $u(f) \mapsto (u(f)_1 \cup \{\alpha\}, u(f)_2 \setminus \{m\})$ 
25: update store (foldername  $f$ , message  $m_{\text{old}}$ , message  $m_{\text{new}}$ )
26:   atSource  $(f, m_{\text{old}}, m_{\text{new}})$ 
27:     pre  $m_{\text{old}} \in u(f)_2$ 
28:     pre  $m_{\text{new}}$  is globally unique
29:     downstream  $(f, m_{\text{old}}, m_{\text{new}})$ 
30:        $u(f) \mapsto (u(f)_1, (u(f)_2 \setminus \{m_{\text{old}}\}) \cup \{m_{\text{new}}\})$ 
```

all conditions are satisfied. In Isabelle/HOL, showing this fact takes some effort. Fortunately, we were able to reuse parts of the Isabelle/HOL implementation of the OR-Set proof in [1]. The Isabelle/HOL proofs for the *critical conditions* are encapsulated in the `IMAP-proof-independent.thy` file.

With the introduced lemmas, we prove the final theorem that states that convergence is guaranteed. Due to all operations being commutative in case the *critical conditions* are satisfied and the *critical conditions* indeed are holding for all concurrent updates, all concurrent operations commute. The Isabelle/HOL proof is contained in the `IMAP-proof.thy` file.

2 IMAP-CRDT Definitions

We begin by defining the operations on a mailbox state. In addition to the interpretation of the operations, we define valid behaviours for the operations as assumptions for the network. We use the `network_with_constrained_ops` locale from the framework.

```

theory
  IMAP-def
imports
  CRDT.Network
begin

datatype ('id, 'a) operation =
  Create 'id 'a |
  Delete 'id set 'a |
  Append 'id 'a |
  Expunge 'a 'id 'id |
  Store 'a 'id 'id

type-synonym ('id, 'a) state = 'a  $\Rightarrow$  ('id set  $\times$  'id set)

```

```

definition op-elem :: ('id, 'a) operation  $\Rightarrow$  'a where
  op-elem oper  $\equiv$  case oper of
    Create i e  $\Rightarrow$  e |
    Delete is e  $\Rightarrow$  e |
    Append i e  $\Rightarrow$  e |
    Expunge e mo i  $\Rightarrow$  e |
    Store e mo i  $\Rightarrow$  e

```

```

definition interpret-op :: ('id, 'a) operation  $\Rightarrow$  ('id, 'a) state  $\rightarrow$  ('id, 'a) state
  ( $\langle \cdot \rangle$ ) [0] 1000 where
  interpret-op oper state  $\equiv$ 
    let metadata = fst (state (op-elem oper));
        files = snd (state (op-elem oper));
        after = case oper of
          Create i e  $\Rightarrow$  (metadata  $\cup$  {i}, files) |
          Delete is e  $\Rightarrow$  (metadata - is, files - is) |
          Append i e  $\Rightarrow$  (metadata, files  $\cup$  {i}) |
          Expunge e mo i  $\Rightarrow$  (metadata  $\cup$  {i}, files - {mo}) |
          Store e mo i  $\Rightarrow$  (metadata, insert i (files - {mo}))
    in Some (state ((op-elem oper) := after))

```

In the definition of the valid behaviours of the operations, we define additional assumption the state where the operation is executed. In essence, a the tag of a *create*, *append*, *expunge*, and *store* operation is identical to the message number and therefore unique. A *delete* operation deletes all metadata and the content of a folder. The *store* and *expunge* operations must refer to an existing message.

```

definition valid-behaviours :: ('id, 'a) state  $\Rightarrow$  'id  $\times$  ('id, 'a) operation  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  valid-behaviours state msg  $\equiv$ 
  case msg of
    (i, Create j e)  $\Rightarrow$   $i = j$  |
    (i, Delete is e)  $\Rightarrow$   $is = \text{fst} (\text{state } e) \cup \text{snd} (\text{state } e)$  |
    (i, Append j e)  $\Rightarrow$   $i = j$  |
    (i, Expunge e mo j)  $\Rightarrow$   $i = j \wedge mo \in \text{snd} (\text{state } e)$  |
    (i, Store e mo j)  $\Rightarrow$   $i = j \wedge mo \in \text{snd} (\text{state } e)$ 

```

locale *imap* = *network-with-constrained-ops* - *interpret-op* $\lambda x. (\{\}, \{\})$ *valid-behaviours*

end

3 Commutativity of IMAP Commands

In this section we prove the commutativity of operations and identify the edge cases.

theory

IMAP-proof-commute

imports

IMAP-def

begin

lemma (**in** *imap*) *create-create-commute*:

shows $\langle \text{Create } i1 \ e1 \rangle \triangleright \langle \text{Create } i2 \ e2 \rangle = \langle \text{Create } i2 \ e2 \rangle \triangleright \langle \text{Create } i1 \ e1 \rangle$
<proof>

lemma (**in** *imap*) *create-delete-commute*:

assumes $i \notin is$

shows $\langle \text{Create } i \ e1 \rangle \triangleright \langle \text{Delete } is \ e2 \rangle = \langle \text{Delete } is \ e2 \rangle \triangleright \langle \text{Create } i \ e1 \rangle$
<proof>

lemma (**in** *imap*) *create-append-commute*:

shows $\langle \text{Create } i1 \ e1 \rangle \triangleright \langle \text{Append } i2 \ e2 \rangle = \langle \text{Append } i2 \ e2 \rangle \triangleright \langle \text{Create } i1 \ e1 \rangle$
<proof>

lemma (**in** *imap*) *create-expunge-commute*:

shows $\langle \text{Create } i1 \ e1 \rangle \triangleright \langle \text{Expunge } e2 \ \text{mo } i2 \rangle = \langle \text{Expunge } e2 \ \text{mo } i2 \rangle \triangleright \langle \text{Create } i1 \ e1 \rangle$
<proof>

lemma (**in** *imap*) *create-store-commute*:

shows $\langle \text{Create } i1 \ e1 \rangle \triangleright \langle \text{Store } e2 \ \text{mo } i2 \rangle = \langle \text{Store } e2 \ \text{mo } i2 \rangle \triangleright \langle \text{Create } i1 \ e1 \rangle$
<proof>

lemma (**in** *imap*) *delete-delete-commute*:

shows $\langle \text{Delete } i1 \ e1 \rangle \triangleright \langle \text{Delete } i2 \ e2 \rangle = \langle \text{Delete } i2 \ e2 \rangle \triangleright \langle \text{Delete } i1 \ e1 \rangle$
<proof>

lemma (**in** *imap*) *delete-append-commute*:

assumes $i \notin is$

shows $\langle \text{Delete } is \ e1 \rangle \triangleright \langle \text{Append } i \ e2 \rangle = \langle \text{Append } i \ e2 \rangle \triangleright \langle \text{Delete } is \ e1 \rangle$
<proof>

lemma (**in** *imap*) *delete-expunge-commute*:

assumes $i \notin is$

shows $\langle \text{Delete } is \ e1 \rangle \triangleright \langle \text{Expunge } e2 \ \text{mo } i \rangle = \langle \text{Expunge } e2 \ \text{mo } i \rangle \triangleright \langle \text{Delete } is \ e1 \rangle$
<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *delete-store-commute*:

assumes $i \notin is$

shows $\langle Delete\ is\ e1 \rangle \triangleright \langle Store\ e2\ mo\ i \rangle = \langle Store\ e2\ mo\ i \rangle \triangleright \langle Delete\ is\ e1 \rangle$

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *append-append-commute*:

shows $\langle Append\ i1\ e1 \rangle \triangleright \langle Append\ i2\ e2 \rangle = \langle Append\ i2\ e2 \rangle \triangleright \langle Append\ i1\ e1 \rangle$

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *append-expunge-commute*:

assumes $i1 \neq mo$

shows $(\langle Append\ i1\ e1 \rangle \triangleright \langle Expunge\ e2\ mo\ i2 \rangle) = (\langle Expunge\ e2\ mo\ i2 \rangle \triangleright \langle Append\ i1\ e1 \rangle)$

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *append-store-commute*:

assumes $i1 \neq mo$

shows $(\langle Append\ i1\ e1 \rangle \triangleright \langle Store\ e2\ mo\ i2 \rangle) = (\langle Store\ e2\ mo\ i2 \rangle \triangleright \langle Append\ i1\ e1 \rangle)$

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *expunge-expunge-commute*:

shows $(\langle Expunge\ e1\ mo1\ i1 \rangle \triangleright \langle Expunge\ e2\ mo2\ i2 \rangle) = (\langle Expunge\ e2\ mo2\ i2 \rangle \triangleright \langle Expunge\ e1\ mo1\ i1 \rangle)$

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *expunge-store-commute*:

assumes $i1 \neq mo2$ **and** $i2 \neq mo1$

shows $(\langle Expunge\ e1\ mo1\ i1 \rangle \triangleright \langle Store\ e2\ mo2\ i2 \rangle) = (\langle Store\ e2\ mo2\ i2 \rangle \triangleright \langle Expunge\ e1\ mo1\ i1 \rangle)$

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *store-store-commute*:

assumes $i1 \neq mo2$ **and** $i2 \neq mo1$

shows $(\langle Store\ e1\ mo1\ i1 \rangle \triangleright \langle Store\ e2\ mo2\ i2 \rangle) = (\langle Store\ e2\ mo2\ i2 \rangle \triangleright \langle Store\ e1\ mo1\ i1 \rangle)$

<proof>

end

4 Proof Helpers

In this section we define and prove lemmas that help to show that all identified critical conditions hold for concurrent operations. Many of the following parts are derivations from the definitions and lemmas of Gomes et al.

theory

IMAP-proof-helpers

imports

IMAP-def

begin

lemma (in *imap*) *apply-operations-never-fails*:

assumes *xs prefix of i*

shows *apply-operations xs ≠ None*

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *create-id-valid*:

assumes *xs prefix of j*

and *Deliver (i1, Create i2 e) ∈ set xs*

shows *i1 = i2*

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *append-id-valid*:

assumes *xs prefix of j*

and *Deliver (i1, Append i2 e) ∈ set xs*

shows *i1 = i2*

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *expunge-id-valid*:

assumes *xs prefix of j*

and *Deliver (i1, Expunge e mo i2) ∈ set xs*

shows *i1 = i2*

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *store-id-valid*:

assumes *xs prefix of j*

and *Deliver (i1, Store e mo i2) ∈ set xs*

shows *i1 = i2*

<proof>

definition (in *imap*) *added-ids* :: ('id × ('id, 'b) operation) event list ⇒ 'b ⇒ 'id list **where**

added-ids es p ≡ List.map-filter (λx. case x of

Deliver (i, Create j e) ⇒ if e = p then Some j else None |

Deliver (i, Expunge e mo j) ⇒ if e = p then Some j else None |

- ⇒ None) es

definition (in *imap*) *added-files* :: ('id × ('id, 'b) operation) event list ⇒ 'b ⇒ 'id list **where**

added-files es p ≡ List.map-filter (λx. case x of

Deliver (i, Append j e) ⇒ if e = p then Some j else None |

Deliver (i, Store e mo j) ⇒ if e = p then Some j else None |

- ⇒ None) es

— added files simplifier

lemma (in *imap*) [*simp*]:

shows *added-files [] e = []*

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) [*simp*]:
shows *added-files* (*xs* @ *ys*) *e* = *added-files xs e* @ *added-files ys e*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma (in *imap*) *added-files-Broadcast-collapse* [*simp*]:
shows *added-files* ([*Broadcast e*]) *e'* = []
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma (in *imap*) *added-files-Deliver-Delete-collapse* [*simp*]:
shows *added-files* ([*Deliver (i, Delete is e)*]) *e'* = []
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma (in *imap*) *added-files-Deliver-Create-collapse* [*simp*]:
shows *added-files* ([*Deliver (i, Create j e)*]) *e'* = []
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma (in *imap*) *added-files-Deliver-Expunge-collapse* [*simp*]:
shows *added-files* ([*Deliver (i, Expunge e mo j)*]) *e'* = []
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma (in *imap*) *added-files-Deliver-Append-diff-collapse* [*simp*]:
shows $e \neq e' \implies$ *added-files* ([*Deliver (i, Append j e)*]) *e'* = []
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma (in *imap*) *added-files-Deliver-Append-same-collapse* [*simp*]:
shows *added-files* ([*Deliver (i, Append j e)*]) *e* = [*j*]
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma (in *imap*) *added-files-Deliver-Store-diff-collapse* [*simp*]:
shows $e \neq e' \implies$ *added-files* ([*Deliver (i, Store e mo j)*]) *e'* = []
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma (in *imap*) *added-files-Deliver-Store-same-collapse* [*simp*]:
shows *added-files* ([*Deliver (i, Store e mo j)*]) *e* = [*j*]
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma (in *imap*) [*simp*]:
shows *added-ids* [] *e* = []
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma (in *imap*) *split-ids* [*simp*]:
shows *added-ids* (*xs* @ *ys*) *e* = *added-ids xs e* @ *added-ids ys e*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma (in *imap*) *added-ids-Broadcast-collapse* [*simp*]:
shows *added-ids* ([*Broadcast e*]) *e'* = []
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma (in *imap*) *added-ids-Deliver-Delete-collapse* [*simp*]:

shows *added-ids* ($[Deliver (i, Delete\ is\ e)]$) $e' = []$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in *imap*) *added-ids-Deliver-Append-collapse* [*simp*]:
shows *added-ids* ($[Deliver (i, Append\ j\ e)]$) $e' = []$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in *imap*) *added-ids-Deliver-Store-collapse* [*simp*]:
shows *added-ids* ($[Deliver (i, Store\ e\ mo\ j)]$) $e' = []$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in *imap*) *added-ids-Deliver-Create-diff-collapse* [*simp*]:
shows $e \neq e' \implies$ *added-ids* ($[Deliver (i, Create\ j\ e)]$) $e' = []$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in *imap*) *added-ids-Deliver-Expunge-diff-collapse* [*simp*]:
shows $e \neq e' \implies$ *added-ids* ($[Deliver (i, Expunge\ e\ mo\ j)]$) $e' = []$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in *imap*) *added-ids-Deliver-Create-same-collapse* [*simp*]:
shows *added-ids* ($[Deliver (i, Create\ j\ e)]$) $e = [j]$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in *imap*) *added-ids-Deliver-Expunge-same-collapse* [*simp*]:
shows *added-ids* ($[Deliver (i, Expunge\ e\ mo\ j)]$) $e = [j]$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in *imap*) *expunge-id-not-in-set*:
assumes $i1 \notin set (added-ids [Deliver (i, Expunge\ e\ mo\ i2)])\ e$
shows $i1 \neq i2$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in *imap*) *apply-operations-added-ids*:
assumes $es\ prefix\ of\ j$
and $apply-operations\ es = Some\ f$
shows $fst (f\ x) \subseteq set (added-ids\ es\ x)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in *imap*) *apply-operations-added-files*:
assumes $es\ prefix\ of\ j$
and $apply-operations\ es = Some\ f$
shows $snd (f\ x) \subseteq set (added-files\ es\ x)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in *imap*) *Deliver-added-files*:
assumes $xs\ prefix\ of\ j$
and $i \in set (added-files\ xs\ e)$
shows $Deliver (i, Append\ i\ e) \in set\ xs \vee (\exists\ mo . Deliver (i, Store\ e\ mo\ i) \in set\ xs)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

5 Independence of IMAP Commands

In this section we show that two concurrent operations that reference to the same tag must be identical.

theory

IMAP-proof-independent

imports

IMAP-def

IMAP-proof-helpers

begin

lemma (in *imap*) *Broadcast-Expunge-Deliver-prefix-closed:*

assumes $xs @ [Broadcast\ (i,\ Expunge\ e\ mo\ i)]$ prefix of j

shows $Deliver\ (mo,\ Append\ mo\ e) \in set\ xs \vee$

$(\exists\ mo2.\ Deliver\ (mo,\ Store\ e\ mo2\ mo) \in set\ xs)$

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *Broadcast-Store-Deliver-prefix-closed:*

assumes $xs @ [Broadcast\ (i,\ Store\ e\ mo\ i)]$ prefix of j

shows $Deliver\ (mo,\ Append\ mo\ e) \in set\ xs \vee$

$(\exists\ mo2.\ Deliver\ (mo,\ Store\ e\ mo2\ mo) \in set\ xs)$

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *Deliver-added-ids:*

assumes xs prefix of j

and $i \in set\ (added-ids\ xs\ e)$

shows $Deliver\ (i,\ Create\ i\ e) \in set\ xs \vee$

$(\exists\ mo.\ Deliver\ (i,\ Expunge\ e\ mo\ i) \in set\ xs)$

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *Broadcast-Deliver-prefix-closed:*

assumes $xs @ [Broadcast\ (r,\ Delete\ ix\ e)]$ prefix of j

and $i \in ix$

shows $Deliver\ (i,\ Create\ i\ e) \in set\ xs \vee$

$Deliver\ (i,\ Append\ i\ e) \in set\ xs \vee$

$(\exists\ mo.\ Deliver\ (i,\ Expunge\ e\ mo\ i) \in set\ xs) \vee$

$(\exists\ mo.\ Deliver\ (i,\ Store\ e\ mo\ i) \in set\ xs)$

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *concurrent-create-delete-independent-technical:*

assumes $i \in is$

and xs prefix of j

and $(i,\ Create\ i\ e) \in set\ (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$

and $(ir,\ Delete\ is\ e) \in set\ (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$

shows $hb\ (i,\ Create\ i\ e)\ (ir,\ Delete\ is\ e)$

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *concurrent-store-expunge-independent-technical:*

assumes *xs* prefix of *j*
and $(i, \text{Store } e \text{ mo } i) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
and $(r, \text{Expunge } e \text{ i } r) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
shows $hb (i, \text{Store } e \text{ mo } i) (r, \text{Expunge } e \text{ i } r)$

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *concurrent-store-expunge-independent-technical2:*

assumes *xs* prefix of *j*
and $(i, \text{Store } e1 \text{ mo2 } i) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
and $(r, \text{Expunge } e \text{ mo } r) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
shows $mo2 \neq r$

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *concurrent-store-delete-independent-technical:*

assumes $i \in is$
and *xs* prefix of *j*
and $(i, \text{Store } e \text{ mo } i) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
and $(ir, \text{Delete } is \text{ e}) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
shows $hb (i, \text{Store } e \text{ mo } i) (ir, \text{Delete } is \text{ e})$

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *concurrent-append-delete-independent-technical:*

assumes $i \in is$
and *xs* prefix of *j*
and $(i, \text{Append } i \text{ e}) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
and $(ir, \text{Delete } is \text{ e}) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
shows $hb (i, \text{Append } i \text{ e}) (ir, \text{Delete } is \text{ e})$

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *concurrent-append-expunge-independent-technical:*

assumes $i = mo$
and *xs* prefix of *j*
and $(i, \text{Append } i \text{ e}) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
and $(r, \text{Expunge } e \text{ mo } r) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
shows $hb (i, \text{Append } i \text{ e}) (r, \text{Expunge } e \text{ mo } r)$

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *concurrent-append-store-independent-technical:*

assumes $i = mo$
and *xs* prefix of *j*
and $(i, \text{Append } i \text{ e}) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
and $(r, \text{Store } e \text{ mo } r) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
shows $hb (i, \text{Append } i \text{ e}) (r, \text{Store } e \text{ mo } r)$

<proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *concurrent-expunge-delete-independent-technical:*

assumes $i \in is$
and xs prefix of j
and $(i, \text{Expunge } e \text{ mo } i) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
and $(ir, \text{Delete is } e) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
shows $hb (i, \text{Expunge } e \text{ mo } i) (ir, \text{Delete is } e)$
 <proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *concurrent-store-store-independent-technical*:
assumes xs prefix of j
and $(i, \text{Store } e \text{ mo } i) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
and $(r, \text{Store } e \text{ i } r) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
shows $hb (i, \text{Store } e \text{ mo } i) (r, \text{Store } e \text{ i } r)$
 <proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *expunge-delete-tag-causality*:
assumes $i \in is$
and xs prefix of j
and $(i, \text{Expunge } e1 \text{ mo } i) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
and $(ir, \text{Delete is } e2) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
and $\text{pre@[Broadcast } (ir, \text{Delete is } e2)]$ prefix of k
shows $\text{Deliver } (i, \text{Expunge } e2 \text{ mo } i) \in \text{set } (\text{history } k)$
 <proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *expunge-delete-ids-imply-messages-same*:
assumes $i \in is$
and xs prefix of j
and $(i, \text{Expunge } e1 \text{ mo } i) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
and $(ir, \text{Delete is } e2) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
shows $e1 = e2$
 <proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *store-delete-ids-imply-messages-same*:
assumes $i \in is$
and xs prefix of j
and $(i, \text{Store } e1 \text{ mo } i) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
and $(ir, \text{Delete is } e2) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
shows $e1 = e2$
 <proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *create-delete-ids-imply-messages-same*:
assumes $i \in is$
and xs prefix of j
and $(i, \text{Create } i \text{ e1}) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
and $(ir, \text{Delete is } e2) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
shows $e1 = e2$
 <proof>

lemma (in *imap*) *append-delete-ids-imply-messages-same*:
assumes $i \in is$

and xs prefix of j
and $(i, \text{Append } i \ e1) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
and $(ir, \text{Delete } is \ e2) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
shows $e1 = e2$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (**in** imap) $\text{append-expunge-ids-imply-messages-same}$:
assumes $i = mo$
and xs prefix of j
and $(i, \text{Append } i \ e1) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
and $(r, \text{Expunge } e2 \ mo \ r) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
shows $e1 = e2$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (**in** imap) $\text{append-store-ids-imply-messages-same}$:
assumes $i = mo$
and xs prefix of j
and $(i, \text{Append } i \ e1) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
and $(r, \text{Store } e2 \ mo \ r) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
shows $e1 = e2$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (**in** imap) $\text{expunge-store-ids-imply-messages-same}$:
assumes xs prefix of j
and $(i, \text{Store } e1 \ mo \ i) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
and $(r, \text{Expunge } e2 \ i \ r) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
shows $e1 = e2$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (**in** imap) $\text{store-store-ids-imply-messages-same}$:
assumes xs prefix of j
and $(i, \text{Store } e1 \ mo \ i) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
and $(r, \text{Store } e2 \ i \ r) \in \text{set } (\text{node-deliver-messages } xs)$
shows $e1 = e2$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

6 Convergence of the IMAP-CRDT

In this final section show that concurrent updates commute and thus Strong Eventual Convergence is achieved.

theory

IMAP-proof

imports

IMAP-def

IMAP-proof-commute

IMAP-proof-helpers

IMAP-proof-independent

begin

corollary (**in** *imap*) *concurrent-create-delete-independent*:

assumes $\neg hb (i, Create\ i\ e1) (ir, Delete\ is\ e2)$
and $\neg hb (ir, Delete\ is\ e2) (i, Create\ i\ e1)$
and *xs prefix of j*
and $(i, Create\ i\ e1) \in set (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$
and $(ir, Delete\ is\ e2) \in set (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$
shows $i \notin is$
<proof>

corollary (**in** *imap*) *concurrent-append-delete-independent*:

assumes $\neg hb (i, Append\ i\ e1) (ir, Delete\ is\ e2)$
and $\neg hb (ir, Delete\ is\ e2) (i, Append\ i\ e1)$
and *xs prefix of j*
and $(i, Append\ i\ e1) \in set (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$
and $(ir, Delete\ is\ e2) \in set (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$
shows $i \notin is$
<proof>

corollary (**in** *imap*) *concurrent-append-expunge-independent*:

assumes $\neg hb (i, Append\ i\ e1) (r, Expunge\ e2\ mo\ r)$
and $\neg hb (r, Expunge\ e2\ mo\ r) (i, Append\ i\ e1)$
and *xs prefix of j*
and $(i, Append\ i\ e1) \in set (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$
and $(r, Expunge\ e2\ mo\ r) \in set (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$
shows $i \neq mo$
<proof>

corollary (**in** *imap*) *concurrent-append-store-independent*:

assumes $\neg hb (i, Append\ i\ e1) (r, Store\ e2\ mo\ r)$
and $\neg hb (r, Store\ e2\ mo\ r) (i, Append\ i\ e1)$
and *xs prefix of j*
and $(i, Append\ i\ e1) \in set (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$
and $(r, Store\ e2\ mo\ r) \in set (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$
shows $i \neq mo$
<proof>

corollary (**in** *imap*) *concurrent-expunge-delete-independent*:

assumes $\neg hb (i, Expunge\ e1\ mo\ i) (ir, Delete\ is\ e2)$
and $\neg hb (ir, Delete\ is\ e2) (i, Expunge\ e1\ mo\ i)$
and *xs prefix of j*
and $(i, Expunge\ e1\ mo\ i) \in set (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$
and $(ir, Delete\ is\ e2) \in set (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$
shows $i \notin is$
<proof>

corollary (**in** *imap*) *concurrent-store-delete-independent*:

assumes $\neg hb (i, Store\ e1\ mo\ i) (ir, Delete\ is\ e2)$
and $\neg hb (ir, Delete\ is\ e2) (i, Store\ e1\ mo\ i)$
and $xs\ prefix\ of\ j$
and $(i, Store\ e1\ mo\ i) \in set\ (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$
and $(ir, Delete\ is\ e2) \in set\ (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$
shows $i \notin is$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

corollary (in *imap*) *concurrent-store-expunge-independent*:
assumes $\neg hb (i, Store\ e1\ mo\ i) (r, Expunge\ e2\ mo2\ r)$
and $\neg hb (r, Expunge\ e2\ mo2\ r) (i, Store\ e1\ mo\ i)$
and $xs\ prefix\ of\ j$
and $(i, Store\ e1\ mo\ i) \in set\ (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$
and $(r, Expunge\ e2\ mo2\ r) \in set\ (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$
shows $i \neq mo2 \wedge r \neq mo$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

corollary (in *imap*) *concurrent-store-store-independent*:
assumes $\neg hb (i, Store\ e1\ mo\ i) (r, Store\ e2\ mo2\ r)$
and $\neg hb (r, Store\ e2\ mo2\ r) (i, Store\ e1\ mo\ i)$
and $xs\ prefix\ of\ j$
and $(i, Store\ e1\ mo\ i) \in set\ (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$
and $(r, Store\ e2\ mo2\ r) \in set\ (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$
shows $i \neq mo2 \wedge r \neq mo$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in *imap*) *concurrent-operations-commute*:
assumes $xs\ prefix\ of\ i$
shows $hb.concurrent-ops-commute\ (node-deliver-messages\ xs)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

theorem (in *imap*) *convergence*:
assumes $set\ (node-deliver-messages\ xs) = set\ (node-deliver-messages\ ys)$
and $xs\ prefix\ of\ i$
and $ys\ prefix\ of\ j$
shows $apply-operations\ xs = apply-operations\ ys$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

context *imap* **begin**

sublocale *sec: strong-eventual-consistency weak-hb hb interp-msg*
 $\lambda ops.\exists xs\ i.\ xs\ prefix\ of\ i \wedge node-deliver-messages\ xs = ops\ \lambda x.(\{\},\{\})$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end
end

References

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