

# Hilbert Basis Theorems\*

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# 1 A Proof of Hilbert Basis Theorems and an Extension to Formal Power Series

The Hilbert Basis Theorem is enlisted in the extension of Wiedijk's catalogue "Formalizing 100 Theorems" [4] , a well-known collection of challenge problems for the formalisation of mathematics.

In this paper, we present a formal proof of several versions of this theorem in Isabelle/HOL. Hilbert's basis theorem asserts that every ideal of a polynomial ring over a commutative ring has a finite generating family (a finite basis in Hilbert's terminology). A prominent alternative formulation is: every polynomial ring over a Noetherian ring is also Noetherian.

In more detail, the statement and our generalization can be presented as follows:

- **Hilbert's Basis Theorem.** Let  $\mathfrak{R}[X]$  denote the ring of polynomials in the indeterminate  $X$  over the commutative ring  $\mathfrak{R}$ . Then  $\mathfrak{R}[X]$  is Noetherian iff  $\mathfrak{R}$  is.
- **Corollary.**  $\mathfrak{R}[X_1, \dots, X_n]$  is Noetherian iff  $\mathfrak{R}$  is.
- **Extension.** If  $\mathfrak{R}$  is a Noetherian ring, then  $\mathfrak{R}[[X]]$  is a Noetherian ring, where  $\mathfrak{R}[[X]]$  denotes the formal power series over the ring  $\mathfrak{R}$ .

We also provide isomorphisms between the three types of polynomial rings defined in HOL-Algebra. Together with the fact that the noetherian property is preserved by isomorphism, we get Hilbert's Basis theorem for all three models. We believe that this technique has a wider potential of applications in the AFP library.

## 2 Ring Miscellaneous

**theory** *Ring-Misc*

**imports**

```
HOL-Algebra.RingHom
HOL-Algebra.QuotRing
HOL-Algebra.Embedded-Algebras
```

**begin**

Some lemmas that may be considered as useful, and that helps for the Hilbert's basis proof

**lemma** (**in** *ring*)*carrier-quot*:  $\langle \text{ideal } I \text{ } R \implies \text{carrier } (R \text{ Quot } I) = \{\{y \oplus x \mid y \in I\} \mid x \in \text{carrier } R\} \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**context**

```
fixes A B h
assumes ring-A:  $\langle \text{ring } A \rangle$ 
assumes ring-B:  $\langle \text{ring } B \rangle$ 
assumes h1: $\langle h \in \text{ring-iso } A \text{ } B \rangle$ 
```

**begin**

**interpretation** *ringA*: *ring A*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$   
**interpretation** *ringB*: *ring B*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**interpretation** *rhr:ring-hom-ring* *A B h*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *inv-img-exist*:  $\langle \forall xa \in \text{carrier } B. \exists y. y \in \text{carrier } A \wedge h y = xa \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *img-ideal-is-ideal*:  
**assumes** *j1*: $\langle \text{ideal } I \text{ } A \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle \text{ideal } (h ` I) \text{ } B \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *img-in-carrier-quot*:  $\langle \forall x \in \text{carrier } (A \text{ Quot } I). h ` x \in \text{carrier } (B \text{ Quot } (h ` I)) \rangle$  **if** *j2*: $\langle \text{ideal } I \text{ } A \rangle$  **for** *I*

 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

**lemma** *f8*: $\langle \forall xa \in \text{carrier } B \wedge xb \in I \implies h(xb \oplus_A \text{inv-into } (\text{carrier } A) \text{ } h \text{ } xa) = h \text{ } xb \oplus_B \text{ } xa \rangle$  **if** *j3*: $\langle \text{ideal } I \text{ } A \rangle$  **for** *I*  $xb \text{ } xa$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *f9*: $\langle \forall xa \in \text{carrier } B. \forall xb \in \text{carrier } A. \exists y. h \text{ } y = h \text{ } xb \oplus_B \text{ } xa \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

```

lemma img-over-set-is-iso: $\langle$ ideal I A  $\implies$  (( $\lambda$ ) h)  $\in$  ring-iso (A Quot I) (B Quot (h`I)) $\rangle$  for I
 $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 
end

lemma Quot-iso-cgen: $\langle$ a $\in$ carrier A  $\wedge$  b $\in$ carrier B  $\wedge$  cring A  $\wedge$  cring B  $\wedge$  h  $\in$ 
ring-iso A B  $\wedge$  h(a) = b
 $\implies$  A Quot (cgenideal A a)  $\simeq$  B Quot (cgenideal B b) $\rangle$ 
 $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 

end

```

### 3 Polynomials Ring Miscellaneous

**theory** Polynomials-Ring-Misc

**imports** HOL-Algebra.Polynomials

**begin**

Some lemmas that may be considered as useful, and that helps for the Hilbert's basis proof

**definition(in ring)** deg-poly-set: $\langle$ deg-poly-set S k = {a. a $\in$ S  $\wedge$  degree a = k}  $\cup$  {} $\rangle$

**definition (in ring)** lead-coeff-set: $\langle$ 'a list set  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a set $\rangle$

**where**  $\langle$ lead-coeff-set S k  $\equiv$  {coeff a (degree a) | a. a $\in$ deg-poly-set S k} $\rangle$

**lemma** rule-union: $\langle$ x $\in$ ( $\bigcup$  n $\leq$ k. A l n)  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\exists$  n $\leq$ k. x $\in$ A l n) $\rangle$ 
 $\langle$ proof $\rangle$

**lemma (in ring)** add-0-eq-0-is-0: $\langle$ a $\in$ carrier ((carrier R)[X])  $\implies$  []  $\oplus_{(carrier R)} [X]$ 
a = []  $\implies$  a = [] $\rangle$ 
 $\langle$ proof $\rangle$

**lemma (in domain)** inv-coeff-sum: $\langle$ a $\in$ carrier((carrier R)[X])  $\implies$  aa $\in$ carrier((carrier R)[X])
 $\implies$  a  $\oplus_{(carrier R)[X]}$  aa = []  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\forall$  n. coeff a n = inv<sub>add-monoid R</sub> (coeff aa n)) $\rangle$ 
 $\langle$ proof $\rangle$

**lemma (in ring)** coeffs-of-add-poly: $\langle$ a $\in$ carrier((carrier R)[X])  $\implies$  aa $\in$ carrier((carrier R)[X])
 $\implies$  coeff (a  $\oplus_{(carrier R)[X]}$  aa) n = coeff a n  $\oplus$  coeff aa n $\rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in ring)**  $length\text{-}add:\langle a \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \implies aa \in carrier((carrier R)[X])$   
 $\implies coeff a (degree a) \neq inv_{add\text{-}monoid R} coeff aa (degree aa)$   
 $\implies degree (a \oplus_{(carrier R)[X]} aa) = max (degree a) (degree aa)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in domain)**  $inv\text{-}imp\text{-}zero:\langle a \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \implies a \oplus_{(carrier R)[X]} a = []$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in domain)**  $R\text{-}subdom:\langle subdomain (carrier R) R \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in domain)**  $lead\text{-}coeff\text{-}in\text{-}carrier:$   
 $\langle ideal I ((carrier R)[X]) \implies a \in I \implies coeff a (degree a) \in (carrier R) \rangle$  **for**  $I a$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in domain)**  $degree\text{-}of\text{-}inv:\langle p \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \implies degree (inv_{add\text{-}monoid} ((carrier R)[X])) p = degree p \rangle$  **for**  $p$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in domain)**  $inv\text{-}in\text{-}deg\text{-}poly\text{-}set:\langle ideal I ((carrier R)[X]) \implies a \in deg\text{-}poly\text{-}set I k \rangle$   
 $\implies inv_{add\text{-}monoid} ((carrier R)[X]) a \in deg\text{-}poly\text{-}set I k \rangle$  **for**  $I k a$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in domain)**  $ideal\text{-}lead\text{-}coeff\text{-}set:\langle ideal (lead\text{-}coeff\text{-}set I k) R \rangle$   
**if**  $h':\langle ideal I ((carrier R)[X]) \rangle$  **for**  $I k$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in ring)**  $deg\text{-}poly\text{-}set\text{-}0:\langle deg\text{-}poly\text{-}set x' 0 = \{[a] \mid a. [a] \in x'\} \cup \{[]\} \rangle$  **for**  
 $x'::c list set$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in ring)**  $lead\text{-}coeff\text{-}set\text{-}0:\langle lead\text{-}coeff\text{-}set x' 0 = \{a. [a] \in x'\} \cup \{0\} \rangle$  **for**  $x'$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**end**

## 4 The weak Hilbert Basis theorem

**theory** *Weak-Hilbert-Basis*

**imports**

*HOL-Algebra.Polynomials*

```

HOL-Algebra.Indexed-Polynomials
Polynomials-Ring-Misc
Padic-Field.Cring-Multivariable-Poly
HOL-Algebra.Module
Ring-Misc
begin

```

In this section, we show what we called "weak" Hilbert basis theorem, meaning Hilbert basis theorem for univariate polynomials. The theorem is done for all three (Polynomials, UP, IP with card = 1) models of polynomials that exists in HOL-Algebra.

## 4.1 Weak Hilbert Basis

```

lemma (in noetherian-domain) weak-Hilbert-basis:<noetherian-ring ((carrier R)[X])>
⟨proof⟩

```

## 4.2 Some properties of noetherian rings

Assuming I is an ideal of A and A is noetherian, then  $A/I$  is noetherian.

```

lemma noetherian-ring-imp-quot-noetherian-ring:
  assumes h1:<noetherian-ring A> and h2:<ideal I A>
  shows <noetherian-ring (A Quot I)>
⟨proof⟩

```

If A is noetherian and  $A \simeq B$  then B is noetherian.

```

lemma noetherian-isom-imp-noetherian:
  assumes h1:<noetherian-ring A ∧ ring B ∧ A ≈ B>
  shows <noetherian-ring B>
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in domain) subring:<subring (carrier R) R>
⟨proof⟩

```

## 4.3 Some properties of the polynomial rings regarding ideals and quotients

```

lemma (in domain) gen-is-cgen:<(genideal ((carrier R)[X]) {X}) = cgenideal ((carrier R)[X]) X>
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in domain) principal-X:<principalideal (genideal ((carrier R)[X]) {X}) ((carrier R)[X])>
⟨proof⟩

```

**named-theorems** poly

```

lemma (in ring) PIDl-X[poly]:
```

$\langle (cgenideal ((carrier R)[X]) X) = \{a \otimes_{(carrier R)} [X] \mid a. a \in carrier((carrier R)[X])\} \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) Idl-X[poly]:**  
 $\langle (genideal ((carrier R)[X]) \{X\}) = \{a \otimes_{(carrier R)} [X] \mid a. a \in carrier((carrier R)[X])\} \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) Idl-X-is-X[poly]:**  
 $\langle p \in (genideal ((carrier R)[X]) \{X\}) \implies \exists a \in carrier((carrier R)[X]). p = a \otimes_{(carrier R)} [X] \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) degree-of-nonempty-p[poly]:**  
 $\langle a \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \wedge a \neq [] \implies coeff a (degree a) \neq \mathbf{0} \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) coeff-0-of-mult-X[poly]:**  
 $\langle a \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \implies coeff (a \otimes_{(carrier R)} [X]) 0 = \mathbf{0} \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) zero-coeff-of-Idl-X[poly]:**  
 $\langle p \in genideal ((carrier R)[X]) \{X\} \implies coeff p 0 = \mathbf{0} \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) mult-X-append-0[poly]:**  
 $\langle p \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \implies p \neq [] \implies poly-mult p X = p @ [\mathbf{0}] \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) polynomial-incl':**  
 $\langle p \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \implies set p \subseteq (carrier R) \rangle$   
**for p**  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) hd-in-carrier:**  
 $\langle p \neq [] \implies p \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \implies (inv_{add-monoid R} (hd p)) \in (carrier R) \rangle$   
**for p**  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) inv-in-carrier:**  
 $\langle p \neq [] \implies p \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \implies (inv_{add-monoid R} (hd p)) \# replicate (degree p) \mathbf{0} \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \rangle$   
**for p**  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) inv-lc-coeff:**  
 $\langle p \neq [] \implies p \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \implies (inv_{add-monoid R} (hd p)) \# replicate (degree p) \mathbf{0} \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \rangle$   
**for p**  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) take-in-RX:**  $\langle p \in \text{carrier}((\text{carrier } R)[X]) \Rightarrow n \leq \text{length } p \Rightarrow (\text{set } (\text{take } n \ p)) \subseteq (\text{carrier } R) \rangle$  **for**  $p \ n$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) normalize-take-is-poly:**  
 $\langle p \in \text{carrier}((\text{carrier } R)[X]) \Rightarrow n \leq \text{length } p \Rightarrow \text{normalize } (\text{take } n \ p) \in \text{carrier}((\text{carrier } R)[X]) \rangle$  **for**  $n \ p$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) normalize-take-is-take:**  $\langle p \in \text{carrier}((\text{carrier } R)[X]) \wedge n \leq \text{length } p \Rightarrow \text{normalize } (\text{take } n \ p) = \text{take } n \ p \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) take-in-carrier:**  $\langle p \in \text{carrier}((\text{carrier } R)[X]) \Rightarrow n \leq \text{length } p \Rightarrow (\text{take } n \ p) \in \text{carrier}((\text{carrier } R)[X]) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) take-misc-poly:**  $\langle p \in \text{carrier}((\text{carrier } R)[X]) \Rightarrow p \neq [] \Rightarrow \text{coeff } p \ 0 = \mathbf{0} \Rightarrow ((\text{take } (\text{degree } p) \ p)) \otimes_{(\text{carrier } R)} [X] = p \rangle$  **for**  $p$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) length-geq-2:**  $\langle \text{normalize } p \neq [] \wedge \neg(\exists a. \text{normalize } p = [a]) \Rightarrow \text{length } p \geq 2 \rangle$  **for**  $p :: 'a \text{ list}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) norm-take-not-mt:**  $\langle \text{length } (\text{normalize } p) \geq 2 \Rightarrow \text{normalize } (\text{take } (\text{degree } p) \ p) \neq [] \rangle$  **for**  $p :: 'a \text{ list}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) normalize-take-invariant:**  $\langle p \in \text{carrier}((\text{carrier } R)[X]) \Rightarrow p \neq [] \Rightarrow (\text{normalize } (\text{take } (\text{degree } p) \ p)) @ [\text{coeff } p \ 0] = p \rangle$   
**for**  $p$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) lower-coeff-add:**  $\langle p \neq [] \Rightarrow p \in \text{carrier}((\text{carrier } R)[X]) \wedge b \in (\text{carrier } R) \rangle$   
 $\Rightarrow \text{coeff } (((\text{normalize } p) @ [\mathbf{0}]) \oplus_{(\text{carrier } R)} [X] \ [b]) = \text{coeff } ((\text{normalize } p) @ [b])$   
**for**  $p \ b$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) cons-in-RX:**  $\langle a @ p \in \text{carrier}((\text{carrier } R)[X]) \Rightarrow \text{normalize } p \in \text{carrier}((\text{carrier } R)[X]) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) p-in-norm:**  $\langle p \in \text{carrier}((\text{carrier } R)[X]) \Rightarrow \text{normalize } p = p \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) lower-coeff-add':**  $\langle p \neq [] \Rightarrow p \in \text{carrier}((\text{carrier } R)[X]) \wedge b \in$

$(carrier R) \implies (((normalize p) @[\mathbf{0}]) \oplus_{(carrier R)} [X] [b]) = ((normalize p) @ [b])$   
**for**  $p b$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) poly-invariant:**  $\langle p \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \implies p \neq [] \implies ((normalize (take (degree p) p)) \otimes_{(carrier R)} [X]^X) \oplus_{(carrier R)} [X] [coeff p 0] = p \rangle$   
**for**  $p$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) gen-ideal-X-iff:**  $\langle p \in (genideal ((carrier R)[X]) \{X\}) \longleftrightarrow (p \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \wedge coeff p 0 = \mathbf{0}) \rangle$  **for**  $p::\langle a list \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) gen-ideal-X-iff':**  $\langle (genideal ((carrier R)[X]) \{X\}) = \{p \in carrier((carrier R)[X]). coeff p 0 = \mathbf{0}\} \rangle$  **for**  $p::\langle a list \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) quot-X-is-R:**  $\langle carrier(((carrier R)[X]) Quot (genideal ((carrier R)[X]) \{X\})) = \{\{x \in carrier((carrier R)[X]). coeff x 0 = a\} | a. a \in (carrier R)\} \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) uniq-a-quot:**  
 $\langle c \in carrier(((carrier R)[X]) Quot (genideal ((carrier R)[X]) \{X\})) \implies \exists! a \in (carrier R). \forall y \in c. coeff y 0 = a \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) append-in-carrier:**  $\langle a \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \wedge b \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \implies a @ b \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) The-a-is-a:**  $\langle a \in (carrier R) \implies (\text{THE } aa. \forall y \in \{x | x. x \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \wedge local.coeff x 0 = a\}. local.coeff y 0 = aa) = a \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) poly-mult-in-carrier2:**  
 $\langle \text{set } p1 \subseteq carrier R; \text{set } p2 \subseteq carrier R \rangle \implies \text{poly-mult } p1 p2 \in carrier((carrier R)[X])$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) normalize-equiv:**  $\langle \text{polynomial } (carrier R) (normalize p) \longleftrightarrow (coeff (normalize p)) \in carrier(UP R) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) p-in-RX-imp-in-P:**  $\langle p \in carrier((carrier R)[X]) \implies coeff p \in up R \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) X-has-correp:**  $\text{coeff } X = (\lambda i. \text{ if } i = 1 \text{ then } \mathbf{1} \text{ else } \mathbf{0})$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) mult-is-mult:**  
 $\langle \{x,y\} \subseteq \text{carrier } ((\text{carrier } R)[X]) \implies \text{coeff } (x \otimes_{(\text{carrier } R)[X]} y) = \text{coeff } x \otimes_{UP R} \text{coeff } y \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) add-is-add:**  $x \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R) \implies$   
 $y \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R)$   
 $\implies \text{coeff } (x \oplus_{\text{poly-ring } R} y) = \text{coeff } x \oplus_{UP R} \text{coeff } y$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

#### 4.4 The isomorphisms between the different models of polynomials

**lemma (in ring) coeff-iso-RX-P:**  $\text{coeff} \in \text{ring-iso } (\text{poly-ring } R) (UP R)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) RX-iso-P:**  $\langle (\text{carrier } R)[X] \simeq (UP R) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) R-isom-RX-X:**  $R \simeq (((\text{carrier } R)[X]) \text{ Quot } (\text{genideal } ((\text{carrier } R)[X]) \{X\}))$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) RX-imp-RX-over-X:**  
 $\langle \text{noetherian-ring } (\text{carrier } R[X]) \implies \text{noetherian-ring } (\text{carrier } R[X] \text{ Quot } \text{genideal } ((\text{carrier } R[X]) \{X\})) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) noetherian-RX-imp-noetherian-R:**  
 $\langle \text{noetherian-ring } ((\text{carrier } R)[X]) \implies \text{noetherian-ring } R \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma principal-imp-noetherian:**  $\langle \text{principal-domain } R \implies \text{noetherian-ring } R \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in ring) coeff-iff-poly-carrier:**  $x \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R) \implies$   
 $y \in \text{carrier } (\text{poly-ring } R) \implies (x=y) \longleftrightarrow \text{coeff } x = \text{coeff } y$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

```

lemma zero-is-zero: $\langle B = B(\text{zero} := \mathbf{0}_B) \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma ring-iso-imp-iso: $\langle A \simeq B \implies A \cong B \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma (in ring) iso-imp-exist-0: $\langle R \simeq B \implies \exists x. \text{ring } (B(\text{zero}:=x)) \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma (in domain) noetherian-R-imp-noetherian-UP-R:
  assumes h1: $\langle \text{noetherian-ring } R \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle \text{noetherian-ring } (\text{UP } R) \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma (in domain) noetheriandom-R-imp-noetheriandom-UP-R:
  assumes h1: $\langle \text{noetherian-domain } R \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle \text{noetherian-domain } (\text{UP } R) \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma (in cring) Pring-one-index-isom-P: $\langle (\text{Pring } R \{N\}) \simeq \text{UP } R \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma (in cring) P-isom-Pring-one-index: $\langle \text{UP } R \simeq (\text{Pring } R \{N\}) \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma (in domain) P-iso-RX: $\langle \text{UP } R \simeq ((\text{carrier } R)[X]) \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma (in domain) IP-noeth-imp-R-noeth: $\langle \text{noetherian-ring } (\text{Pring } R \{a\}) \implies$ 
   $\text{noetherian-ring } R \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma (in domain) R-iso-UPR-quot-X: $\langle R \simeq (\text{UP } R) \text{ Quot } (\text{cgenideal } (\text{UP } R) (\lambda i.$ 
   $\text{if } i=1 \text{ then } \mathbf{1} \text{ else } \mathbf{0})) \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

end

```

## 5 The Hilbert Basis theorem for Indexed Polynomials Rings

**theory** *Hilbert-Basis*

**imports** *Weak-Hilbert-Basis*

**begin**

### 5.1 The isomorphism between $A[X_0..X_n]$ and $A[X_0..X_{n-1}][X_n]$

This part until *varfactoriso* is due to Aaron Crighton

```
lemma ring-iso-memI':
  assumes  $f \in \text{ring-hom } R S$ 
  assumes  $g \in \text{ring-hom } S R$ 
  assumes  $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier } R \implies g(f x) = x$ 
  assumes  $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier } S \implies f(g x) = x$ 
  shows  $f \in \text{ring-iso } R S$ 
   $g \in \text{ring-iso } S R$ 
  {proof}
```

```
lemma(in cring) var-factor-inverse:
  assumes  $I = J_0 \cup J_1$ 
  assumes  $J_1 \subseteq I$ 
  assumes  $J_1 \cap J_0 = \{\}$ 
  assumes  $\psi_1 = (\text{var-factor-inv } I J_0 J_1)$ 
  assumes  $\psi_0 = (\text{var-factor } I J_0 J_1)$ 
  assumes  $P \in \text{carrier } (\text{Pring } (\text{Pring } R J_0) J_1)$ 
  shows  $\psi_0(\psi_1 P) = P$ 
  {proof}
```

```
lemma(in cring) var-factor-iso:
  assumes  $I = J_0 \cup J_1$ 
  assumes  $J_1 \subseteq I$ 
  assumes  $J_1 \cap J_0 = \{\}$ 
  assumes  $\psi_1 = (\text{var-factor-inv } I J_0 J_1)$ 
  assumes  $\psi_0 = (\text{var-factor } I J_0 J_1)$ 
  shows  $\psi_0 \in \text{ring-iso } (\text{Pring } R I) (\text{Pring } (\text{Pring } R J_0) J_1)$ 
   $\psi_1 \in \text{ring-iso } (\text{Pring } (\text{Pring } R J_0) J_1) (\text{Pring } R I)$ 
  {proof}
```

```
lemma (in cring) is-iso-Prings:
  assumes  $h_1:I = J_0 \cup J_1$ 
  assumes  $h_2:J_1 \subseteq I$ 
  assumes  $h_3:J_1 \cap J_0 = \{\}$ 
```

**shows**  $(\text{Pring} (\text{Pring } R J0) J1) \simeq (\text{Pring } R I)$  **and**  $(\text{Pring } R I) \simeq (\text{Pring} (\text{Pring } R J0) J1)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

## 5.2 Preliminaries lemmas

**lemma (in cring) poly-no-var:**  
**assumes**  $\langle x \in ((\text{carrier } R) [\mathcal{X}_{\{\}}]) \wedge xa \neq \{\#\}$   
**shows**  $\langle x xa = 0 \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in cring) R-isom-P-mt:**  $\langle R \simeq \text{Pring } R \{\} \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

## 5.3 Hilbert Basis theorem

We show after this Hilbert basis theorem, based on Indexed Polynomials in HOL-Algebra and its extension in *PadicFields*

**theorem (in domain) Hilbert-basis:**  
**assumes**  $h1:\langle \text{noetherian-ring } R \rangle$  **and**  $h2:\langle \text{finite } I \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle \text{noetherian-ring } (\text{Pring } R I) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) R-noetherian-implies-IP-noetherian:**  
**assumes**  $h1:\langle \text{noetherian-ring } R \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle \text{noetherian-ring } (\text{Pring } R \{0..N::nat\}) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma (in domain) IP-noetherian-implies-R-noetherian:**  
**assumes**  $h1:\langle \text{noetherian-ring } (\text{Pring } R I) \rangle$  **and**  $h2:\langle \text{finite } I \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle \text{noetherian-ring } R \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

## 6 The Hilbert Basis theorem for Formal Power Series

**theory** *Formal-Power-Series-Ring*

**imports**  
*HOL-Library.Extended-Nat*  
*HOL-Computational-Algebra.Formal-Power-Series*  
*HOL-Algebra.Module*  
*HOL-Algebra.Ring-Divisibility*

**begin**

We define the ring of formal power series over a domain (idom) as a record to match HOL-Algebra definitions. We then show that it is a domain for addition and multiplication. This is immediate with the existing theory from HOL-Analysis.

We then proceed to show the theorem similar to Hilbert's basis theorem but for the ring of Formal power series.

## 6.1 Preliminaries definition and lemmas

**context**

fixes  $R::\langle a:\{idom\} \text{ ring} \rangle$  (**structure**)

defines  $R::R \equiv (\text{carrier} = UNIV, \text{monoid.mult} = (*), \text{one} = 1, \text{zero} = 0, \text{add} = (+))$

**begin**

**lemma**  $\text{ring-}R::\langle \text{ring } R \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{domain-}R::\langle \text{domain } R \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition**

$FPS\text{-ring} :: \langle a:\{idom\} \text{ fps ring} \rangle$

where  $FPS\text{-ring} = (\text{carrier} = UNIV, \text{monoid.mult} = (*), \text{one} = 1, \text{zero} = 0, \text{add} = (+))$

**lemma**  $\text{ring-}FPS::\langle \text{ring } FPS\text{-ring} \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{cring-}FPS::\langle \text{cring } FPS\text{-ring} \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{domain-}FPS::\langle \text{domain } FPS\text{-ring} \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

valuation over  $FPS\text{-ring}$

**definition**  $v\text{-subdegree} :: (\langle a:\{idom\} \text{ fps} \Rightarrow \text{enat} \rangle \text{ where } v\text{-subdegree } f = (\text{if } f = 0 \text{ then } \infty \text{ else } \text{subdegree } f))$

**definition**  $\text{valuation}::\langle a:\{idom\} \text{ fps} \Rightarrow \text{enat} \rangle$  ( $\nu$ )**where**

$\nu x \equiv \text{Sup } \{\text{enat } k \mid k. x \in \text{cgenideal } FPS\text{-ring } (fps\text{-}X^k)\}$

**lemma**  $\text{fps-}X\text{-pow-}k\text{-ideal-iff}::\langle \text{cgenideal } FPS\text{-ring } (fps\text{-}X^k) = \{x. v\text{-subdegree } x \geq k\} \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

```

lemma valuation-miscs-1:assumes h1:< $f \in \text{carrier FPS-ring}$ >
shows <math>(\text{valuation } f) = (\infty :: \text{enat}) \longleftrightarrow f = 0</math>
<proof>
```

```

lemma valuation-miscs-0:
shows <math>\text{valuation } f = \text{Inf} \{ \text{enat } n \mid n. \text{fps-nth } f n \neq 0 \}</math>
<proof>
```

```

lemma valuation-miscs-3:<math>\text{valuation } f = v\text{-subdegree } f</math>
<proof>
```

```

lemma triangular-ineq-v:<math>\text{valuation } (f + g) \geq \min(\text{valuation } f) (\text{valuation } g)</math>
<proof>
```

```

lemma triang-eq-v:assumes h1:<math>\text{valuation } f \neq \text{valuation } g</math>
shows <math>\text{valuation } (f+g) = \min(\text{valuation } f) (\text{valuation } g)</math>
<proof>
```

```

lemma prod-triang-v:<math>\text{valuation } (f*g) = \text{valuation } f + \text{valuation } g</math>
<proof>
```

## 6.2 Premisses for noetherian ring proof

```

definition subdeg-poly-set:<math>\text{subdeg-poly-set } S k = \{ a. a \in S \wedge \text{subdegree } a = k \} \cup \{0\}</math>
```

```

definition sublead-coeff-set:<math>'b :: \{\text{zero}\} \text{fps set} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'b \text{ set}</math>
where <math>\text{sublead-coeff-set } S k \equiv \{ \text{fps-nth } a (\text{subdegree } a) \mid a. a \in \text{subdeg-poly-set } S k \}</math>
```

```

lemma ideal-nonempty:<math>\text{ideal } I \text{FPS-ring} \implies I \neq \{\}</math>
<proof>
```

```

lemma mult-X-in-ideal:<math>\text{ideal } I \text{FPS-ring} \implies \forall x \in I. \text{fps-X} * x \in I</math>
<proof>
```

```

lemma non-empty-sublead:<math>\text{ideal } I \text{FPS-ring} \implies \text{sublead-coeff-set } I k \neq \{\}</math>
<proof>
```

```

lemma inv-unique:<math>\forall x \in \text{carrier FPS-ring}. \exists ! y. x + y = 0</math>
<proof>
```

```

lemma inv-same-degree:assumes h:<math>x \in \text{carrier FPS-ring}</math>
shows <math>\text{subdegree } (\text{invadd-monoid FPS-ring } x) = \text{subdegree } x</math>
<proof>
```

```

lemma inv-subdegree-is-inv:assumes h:<math>x \in \text{carrier FPS-ring}</math>
shows <math>\text{fps-nth } (\text{invadd-monoid FPS-ring } x) (\text{subdegree } x) = (\text{invadd-monoid } R (\text{fps-nth } x (\text{subdegree } x)))</math>
```

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *subdeg-inv-in-sublead*:  
  **assumes** *h1*:*ideal I FPS-ring* **and** *h2*:*a ∈ sublead-coeff-set I k*  
  **shows** *invAdd-monoid R a ∈ sublead-coeff-set I k*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *mult-stable-sublead*:  
  **assumes** *h1*:*ideal I FPS-ring*  
  **and** *h2*:*a ∈ sublead-coeff-set I k*  
  **and** *h3*:*b ∈ sublead-coeff-set I k*  
  **shows** *a ⊗\_R b ∈ sublead-coeff-set I k*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *add-stable-sublead*:  
  **assumes** *h1*:*ideal I FPS-ring*  
  **and** *h2*:*a ∈ sublead-coeff-set I k*  
  **and** *h3*:*b ∈ sublead-coeff-set I k*  
  **shows** *a ⊕\_{add-monoid R} b ∈ sublead-coeff-set I k*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *outer-stable-sublead*:  
  **assumes** *h1*:*ideal I FPS-ring* **and** *h2*:*a ∈ sublead-coeff-set I k* **and** *h3*:*b ∈ carrier R*  
  **shows** *b ⊕ a ∈ sublead-coeff-set I k*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *sublead-ideal*:*ideal I FPS-ring*  $\implies$  *ideal (sublead-coeff-set I k) R*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *order-sublead*:  
  **assumes** *h1*:*J1 ⊆ J2* **and** *h2*:*ideal J1 FPS-ring* **and** *h3*:*ideal J2 FPS-ring*  
  **shows** *sublead-coeff-set J1 k ⊆ sublead-coeff-set J2 k*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *sup-sublead-stable-add*:*ideal I FPS-ring*  $\implies$   
  *a ∈ ∪ (range (sublead-coeff-set I))*  $\implies$   
  *b ∈ ∪ (range (sublead-coeff-set I))*  
   $\implies a ⊕_{add-monoid R} b ∈ ∪ (range (sublead-coeff-set I))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *sup-sublead-ideal*:*ideal I FPS-ring*  $\implies$  *ideal (∪ k. sublead-coeff-set I k)*  
*R*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Sub-subdeg-eq-ideal*:*ideal J FPS-ring*  $\implies$  *(∪ k. subdeg-poly-set J k) = J*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma eq-subdeg:
  assumes h1: $J_1 \subseteq J_2$ 
  and h3: $\text{ideal } J_1 \text{ FPS-ring}$  and h4: $\text{ideal } J_2 \text{ FPS-ring}$ 
  shows  $J_1 = J_2 \longleftrightarrow (\forall k. \text{subdeg-poly-set } J_1 k = \text{subdeg-poly-set } J_2 k)$ 
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

lemma inculded-sublead: $\text{ideal } I \text{ FPS-ring} \implies \text{sublead-coeff-set } I k \subseteq \text{sublead-coeff-set } I (k+1)$ 
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

lemma included-sublead-gen:assumes  $\text{ideal } I \text{ FPS-ring}$   $\langle k \leq k' \rangle$ 
  shows  $\text{sublead-coeff-set } I k \subseteq \text{sublead-coeff-set } I (k')$ 
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

lemma sup-sublead:
  assumes h1: $\text{ideal } I \text{ FPS-ring}$ 
  and h2: $\text{noetherian-ring } R$ 
  shows  $(\bigcup \{\text{sublead-coeff-set } I k \mid k \in \text{UNIV}\}) \in \{\text{sublead-coeff-set } I k \mid k \in \text{UNIV}\}$ 
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

lemma subdeg-inf-imp-s-tendsto-zero:
  fixes s: $\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a :: \{\text{idom}\} \text{fps}$ 
  assumes g2: $\text{strict-mono } (\lambda n. \text{subdegree } (s n))$ 
  shows  $s \xrightarrow{} 0$ 
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

lemma idl-sum: $\text{finite } A \implies \text{ideal } \{x. \exists s. x = (\sum i \in \{0..<\text{card } A\}. s i * \text{from-nat-into } A i)\} R$  for A
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

lemma genideal-sum-rep:
   $\langle \text{finite } A \implies \text{genideal } R A = \{x. \exists s. x = (\sum i \in \{0..<\text{card } A\}. s i * \text{from-nat-into } A i)\} \rangle$  for A
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

lemma fps-sum-rep-nth':
   $\text{fps-nth } (\text{sum } (\lambda i. \text{fps-const}(a i) * \text{fps-X}^i) \{0..m\}) n = (\text{if } n \leq m \text{ then } a n \text{ else } 0)$ 
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

lemma abs-tndsto: shows  $(\lambda n. (\sum i \leq n. \text{fps-const } (s i) * \text{fps-X}^i) :: 'a \text{fps}) \xrightarrow{} \text{Abs-fps } s$ 
  (is  $\langle ?s \xrightarrow{} ?a \rangle$ )
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

```

**lemma** *add-stable-FPS-ring*:  
*ideal I FPS-ring*  $\implies a \in I \implies b \in I \implies a + b \in I$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *abs-tndsto-le*: **shows**  $\langle (\lambda n. (\sum i < n. \text{fps-const } (s i) * \text{fps-X}^{\wedge i}) :: 'a \text{ fps}) \longrightarrow \text{Abs-fps } s \rangle$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *bij-betw-strict-mono*:  
**assumes**  $\langle \text{strict-mono } (f :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle \text{bij-betw } f \text{ UNIV } (f' \text{UNIV}) \rangle$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *no-i-inf-0*:  
 $\langle \text{strict-mono } (f :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \implies i < f 0 \implies \neg(\exists j. f j = i) \rangle$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *inter-mt*:  
 $\langle \text{strict-mono } (f :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \implies \{.. < f 0\} \cap \text{range } f = \{\} \rangle$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *range-inter-f*:  
 $\langle \text{strict-mono } (f :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \implies \{.. < f n\} \cap \text{range } f = f' \{0 .. < n\} \rangle$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *simp-rule-sum*:  
**assumes**  $\langle \text{strict-mono } (f :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle (\sum i \in \{.. < f (\text{Suc } n)\}. (\text{if } i \in \text{range } f \text{ then } (s ((\text{inv-into } \text{UNIV } f) i)) * \text{fps-X}^{\wedge i} \text{ else } 0)) = (\sum i \in \{.. < f n\}. (\text{if } i \in \text{range } f \text{ then } (s ((\text{inv-into } \text{UNIV } f) i)) * \text{fps-X}^{\wedge i} \text{ else } 0) + (s ((\text{inv-into } \text{UNIV } f) (f n))) * \text{fps-X}^{\wedge (f n)}) \rangle$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *rewriting-sum*:  
**assumes**  $\langle \text{strict-mono } (f :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle (\sum i < n. \text{fps-const } (s i) * \text{fps-X}^{\wedge (f i)}) = (\sum i \in \{.. < f n\}. (\text{if } i \in \text{range } f \text{ then } \text{fps-const } (s (\text{inv-into } \text{UNIV } f i)) * \text{fps-X}^{\wedge i} \text{ else } 0)) \rangle$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *exists-seq*:  
 $\langle \text{strict-mono } (f :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \implies \exists s. (\sum i \in \{.. < f n\}. (\text{if } i \in \text{range } f \text{ then } \text{fps-const } (s' (\text{inv-into } \text{UNIV } f i)) * \text{fps-X}^{\wedge i} \text{ else } 0)) = (\sum i \in \{.. < f n\}. \text{fps-const } (s i) * \text{fps-X}^{\wedge i}) \rangle$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *exists-seq'*:  
 $\langle \text{strict-mono } (f :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \implies \exists s. (\sum i < n. \text{fps-const } (s' i) * (\text{fps-X} :: 'a \text{ fps})^{\wedge (f i)}) = (\sum i \in \{.. < f n\}. \text{fps-const } (s i) * \text{fps-X}^{\wedge i}) \rangle$   
*(proof)*

```

lemma exists-seq-all:<strict-mono (f::nat⇒nat) ==>
  ∃ s. ∀ n. (∑ i∈{... (if i ∈ range f then fps-const (s' (inv-into UNIV f i))
  *fps-X^i else 0)) =  

  = (∑ i∈{... fps-const (s i) *fps-X^i)>
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma exists-seq-all':<strict-mono (f::nat⇒nat) ==>
  ∃ s. ∀ n. (∑ i< n. fps-const (s' i) *fps-X^(f i)) =
  (∑ i∈{... fps-const (s i) *fps-X^i)>
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma tends-to-f-seq:assumes <strict-mono (f::nat⇒nat)>
  shows ⟨(λn. (∑ i∈{... fps-const (s i) *fps-X^i)::'a fps) ————— Abs-fps (λi.
  s i))>
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma LIMSEQ-add-fps:
  fixes x y :: 'a::idom fps
  assumes f:f ————— x and g:(g ————— y)
  shows ((λx. f x + g x) ————— x + y)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma LIMSEQ-cmult-fps:
  fixes x y :: 'a::idom fps
  assumes f:f ————— x
  shows ((λx. c * f x) ————— c*x)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

### 6.3 The Hilbert Basis theorem

```

theorem Hilbert-basis-FPS:
  assumes h2:<noetherian-ring R>
  shows <noetherian-ring FPS-ring>
  ⟨proof⟩

```

**end**

**end**

## 7 The Real Ring definition

**theory** Real-Ring-Definition

```

imports
  HOL-Algebra.Module
  HOL-Algebra.RingHom
  HOL.Real
  HOL-Computational-Algebra.Formal-Power-Series
begin

Defining real ring for examples on Noetherian Rings.

definition
  REAL :: real ring
  where REAL = (carrier = UNIV, monoid.mult = (*), one = 1, zero = 0, add
= (+))

lemma REAL-ring:⟨ring REAL⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma REAL-cring:⟨cring REAL⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma REAL-field: ⟨field REAL⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

end

```

## 8 Examples

**theory** Examples-Noetherian-Rings

```

imports
  Hilbert-Basis
  Real-Ring-Definition
begin

```

### 8.1 Examples of noetherian rings with $\mathbb{Z}$ and $\mathbb{Z}[X]$

```

lemma INTEG-euclidean-domain:⟨euclidean-domain INTEG (λx. nat (abs x))⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma principal-ideal-INTEG:⟨ideal I INTEG ⟹ principalideal I INTEG⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma INTEG-noetherian-ring:⟨noetherian-ring INTEG⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma INTEG-noetherian-domain:⟨noetherian-domain INTEG⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```
lemma Polynomials-INTEG-noetherian-ring:⟨noetherian-ring (univ-poly INTEG  
(carrier INTEG))⟩  
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma Polynomials-INTEG-noetherian-domain:⟨noetherian-domain (univ-poly IN-  
TEG (carrier INTEG))⟩  
⟨proof⟩
```

## 8.2 Another example with $\mathbb{R}$ and $\mathbb{R}[X]$

```
lemma REAL-noetherian-domain:⟨noetherian-domain REAL⟩  
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma PolyREAL-noetherian-domain:⟨noetherian-domain (univ-poly REAL (carrier  
REAL))⟩  
⟨proof⟩
```

end

## References

- [1] Aaron Crighton *p-adic Fields and p-adic Semialgebraic Sets* , Archive of Formal Proofs, September 2022 [https://www.isa-afp.org/entries/Padic\\_Field.html](https://www.isa-afp.org/entries/Padic_Field.html)
- [2] Stack project <https://stacks.math.columbia.edu/tag/00FM>.
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