

# An Isabelle/HOL formalisation of Green's Theorem

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## Abstract

We formalise a statement of Greens theorem—the first formalisation to our knowledge—in Isabelle/HOL. The theorem statement that we formalise is enough for most applications, especially in physics and engineering. Our formalisation is made possible by a novel proof that avoids the ubiquitous line integral cancellation argument. This eliminates the need to formalise orientations and region boundaries explicitly with respect to the outwards-pointing normal vector. Instead we appeal to a homological argument about equivalences between paths.

## 1 Acknowledgements

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**theory** *General-Utils*

**imports** *HOL-Analysis.Analysis*

**begin**

**lemma** *lambda-skolem-gen*:  $(\forall i. \exists f': ('a \hat{\ } 'n) \Rightarrow 'a. P\ i\ f') \longleftrightarrow$   
 $(\exists f': ('a \hat{\ } 'n) \Rightarrow ('a \hat{\ } 'n). \forall i. P\ i\ ((\lambda x. (f'\ x)\ \$\ i)))$  (**is** *?lhs*  $\longleftrightarrow$  *?rhs*)

*<proof>*

**lemma** *lambda-skolem-euclidean*:  $(\forall i \in Basis. \exists f': ('a::\{euclidean-space\} \Rightarrow real). P$   
 $i\ f') \longleftrightarrow$   
 $(\exists f': ('a::euclidean-space \Rightarrow 'b::euclidean-space). \forall i \in Basis. P\ i\ ((\lambda x. (f'\ x) \cdot i)))$   
(**is** *?lhs*  $\longleftrightarrow$  *?rhs*)

*<proof>*

**lemma** *lambda-skolem-euclidean-explicit*:  $(\forall i \in Basis. \exists f': ('a::\{euclidean-space\} \Rightarrow real).$   
 $P\ i\ f') \longleftrightarrow$   
 $(\exists f': ('a::\{euclidean-space\} \Rightarrow 'a). \forall i \in Basis. P\ i\ ((\lambda x. (f'\ x) \cdot i)))$  (**is** *?lhs*  $\longleftrightarrow$   
*?rhs*)

*<proof>*

**lemma** *indic-ident*:

$\bigwedge (f::'a \Rightarrow \text{real}) s. (\lambda x. (f x) * \text{indicator } s x) = (\lambda x. \text{if } x \in s \text{ then } f x \text{ else } 0)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *real-pair-basis*:  $\text{Basis} = \{(1::\text{real}, 0::\text{real}), (0::\text{real}, 1::\text{real})\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *real-singleton-in-borel*:

**shows**  $\{a::\text{real}\} \in \text{sets borel}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *real-singleton-in-lborel*:

**shows**  $\{a::\text{real}\} \in \text{sets lborel}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *cbox-diff*:

**shows**  $\{0::\text{real}..1\} - \{0,1\} = \text{box } 0 \ 1$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *sum-bij*:

**assumes** *bij*  $F$

$\forall x \in s. f x = g (F x)$

**shows**  $\bigwedge t. F^{-1} s = t \implies \text{sum } f s = \text{sum } g t$

*<proof>*

**abbreviation** *surj-on where*

$\text{surj-on } s \ f \equiv s \subseteq \text{range } f$

**lemma** *surj-on-image-vimage-eq*:  $\text{surj-on } s \ f \implies f^{-1} (f^{-1} s) = s$

*<proof>*

**end**

**theory** *Derivs*

**imports** *General-Utills*

**begin**

**lemma** *field-simp-has-vector-derivative* [*derivative-intros*]:

$(f \text{ has-field-derivative } y) F \implies (f \text{ has-vector-derivative } y) F$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *continuous-on-cases-empty* [*continuous-intros*]:

$\llbracket \text{closed } S; \text{ continuous-on } S \ f; \bigwedge x. \llbracket x \in S; \neg P \ x \rrbracket \implies f \ x = g \ x \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\text{continuous-on } S \ (\lambda x. \text{if } P \ x \text{ then } f \ x \text{ else } g \ x)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inj-on-cases*:

**assumes** *inj-on*  $f$  ( $\text{Collect } P \cap S$ ) *inj-on*  $g$  ( $\text{Collect } (\text{Not } \circ P) \cap S$ )  
 $f' \text{ ' } (\text{Collect } P \cap S) \cap g' \text{ ' } (\text{Collect } (\text{Not } \circ P) \cap S) = \{\}$   
**shows** *inj-on*  $(\lambda x. \text{if } P \text{ } x \text{ then } f \text{ } x \text{ else } g \text{ } x)$   $S$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *inj-on-arccos*:  $S \subseteq \{-1..1\} \implies \text{inj-on arccos } S$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *has-vector-derivative-componentwise-within*:

$(f \text{ has-vector-derivative } f') \text{ (at } a \text{ within } S) \iff$   
 $(\forall i \in \text{Basis}. ((\lambda x. f \text{ } x \cdot i) \text{ has-vector-derivative } (f' \cdot i)) \text{ (at } a \text{ within } S))$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *has-vector-derivative-pair-within*:

**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{euclidean-space}$  **and**  $g :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'b::\text{euclidean-space}$   
**assumes**  $\bigwedge u. u \in \text{Basis} \implies ((\lambda x. f \text{ } x \cdot u) \text{ has-vector-derivative } f' \cdot u)$  (at  $x$  within  $S$ )  
 $\bigwedge u. u \in \text{Basis} \implies ((\lambda x. g \text{ } x \cdot u) \text{ has-vector-derivative } g' \cdot u)$  (at  $x$  within  $S$ )  
**shows**  $((\lambda x. (f \text{ } x, g \text{ } x)) \text{ has-vector-derivative } (f', g'))$  (at  $x$  within  $S$ )  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-const*:

**shows**  $(\lambda x. c) \text{ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } s$   
*<proof>*

**declare** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-const* [*simp*, *derivative-intros*]

**declare** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-neg* [*simp*, *derivative-intros*]

**declare** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-add* [*simp*, *derivative-intros*]

**declare** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-diff* [*simp*, *derivative-intros*]

**lemma** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on-ident* [*simp*, *derivative-intros*]:

**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{real-normed-vector}$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. x) \text{ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } S$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on-mult* [*simp*, *derivative-intros*]:

**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{real-normed-algebra}$   
**assumes**  $f \text{ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } S$   $g \text{ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } S$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. f \text{ } x * g \text{ } x) \text{ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } S$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *C1-differentiable-on-cdiv* [*simp*, *derivative-intros*]:

**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a :: \text{real-normed-field}$   
**shows**  $f \text{ C1-differentiable-on } S \implies (\lambda x. f \text{ } x / c) \text{ C1-differentiable-on } S$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on-cdiv* [*simp, derivative-intros*]:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{real-normed-field}$   
**assumes**  $f$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. f\ x / c)$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *sqrt-C1-differentiable* [*simp, derivative-intros*]:  
**assumes**  $f: f$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$  **and**  $\text{fm}: f\ 'S \subseteq \{0<..\}$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. \text{sqrt}\ (f\ x))$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *sqrt-piecewise-C1-differentiable* [*simp, derivative-intros*]:  
**assumes**  $f: f$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $S$  **and**  $\text{fm}: f\ 'S \subseteq \{0<..\}$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. \text{sqrt}\ (f\ x))$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\{\text{banach,real-normed-field}\}$   
**assumes**  $f: f$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
**shows** *sin-C1-differentiable* [*simp, derivative-intros*]:  $(\lambda x. \text{sin}\ (f\ x))$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
**and** *cos-C1-differentiable* [*simp, derivative-intros*]:  $(\lambda x. \text{cos}\ (f\ x))$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *has-derivative-abs*:  
**fixes**  $a::\text{real}$   
**assumes**  $a \neq 0$   
**shows**  $(\text{abs}\ \text{has-derivative}\ ((*)\ (\text{sgn}\ a)))$   $(\text{at}\ a)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *abs-C1-differentiable* [*simp, derivative-intros*]:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real}$   
**assumes**  $f: f$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$  **and**  $0 \notin f\ 'S$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. \text{abs}\ (f\ x))$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *C1-differentiable-on-pair* [*simp, derivative-intros*]:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{euclidean-space}$  **and**  $g :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'b::\text{euclidean-space}$   
**assumes**  $f$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   $g$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. (f\ x, g\ x))$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on-pair* [*simp, derivative-intros*]:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{euclidean-space}$  **and**  $g :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'b::\text{euclidean-space}$   
**assumes**  $f$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   $g$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. (f\ x, g\ x))$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *test2*:

**assumes**  $s: \bigwedge x. x \in \{0..1\} - s \implies g$  *differentiable at x*  
**and**  $fs$ : *finite s* **and**  $uv$ :  $u \in \{0..1\} v \in \{0..1\} u \leq v$   
**and**  $x \in \{0..1\} x \notin (\lambda t. (v-u) *_R t + u) - 's$   
**shows** *vector-derivative*  $(\lambda x. g ((v-u) * x + u))$  *(at x within {0..1}) = (v-u)*  
*\*\_R vector-derivative g (at ((v-u) \* x + u) within{0..1})*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *C1-differentiable-on-components*:

**assumes**  $\bigwedge i. i \in \text{Basis} \implies (\lambda x. f x \cdot i)$  *C1-differentiable-on s*  
**shows**  $f$  *C1-differentiable-on s*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on-components*:

**assumes** *finite t*  
 $\bigwedge i. i \in \text{Basis} \implies (\lambda x. f x \cdot i)$  *C1-differentiable-on s - t*  
 $\bigwedge i. i \in \text{Basis} \implies$  *continuous-on s*  $(\lambda x. f x \cdot i)$   
**shows**  $f$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on s*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *all-components-smooth-one-pw-smooth-is-pw-smooth*:

**assumes**  $\bigwedge i. i \in \text{Basis} - \{j\} \implies (\lambda x. f x \cdot i)$  *C1-differentiable-on s*  
**assumes**  $(\lambda x. f x \cdot j)$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on s*  
**shows**  $f$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on s*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *derivative-component-fun-component*:

**fixes**  $i::'a::\text{euclidean-space}$   
**assumes**  $f$  *differentiable (at x)*  
**shows**  $((\text{vector-derivative } f \text{ (at } x)) \cdot i) = ((\text{vector-derivative } (\lambda x. (f x) \cdot i) \text{ (at } x)))$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *gamma-deriv-at-within*:

**assumes**  $a \leq b$ :  $a < b$  **and**  
 $x$ -*within-bounds*:  $x \in \{a..b\}$  **and**  
 $\gamma$ -*differentiable*:  $\forall x \in \{a..b\}. \gamma$  *differentiable at x*  
**shows** *vector-derivative*  $\gamma$  *(at x within {a..b}) = vector-derivative*  $\gamma$  *(at x)*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *islimpt-diff-finite*:

**assumes** *finite*  $(t::'a::t1\text{-space set})$   
**shows**  $x$  *islimpt*  $s - t = x$  *islimpt*  $s$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *ivl-limpt-diff*:

**assumes** *finite*  $s a < b$   $(x::\text{real}) \in \{a..b\} - s$   
**shows**  $x$  *islimpt*  $\{a..b\} - s$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *ivl-closure-diff-del:*

**assumes** *finite s a < b (x::real) ∈ {a..b} - s*

**shows** *x ∈ closure (({a..b} - s) - {x})*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *ivl-not-trivial-limit-within:*

**assumes** *finite s*

*a < b*

*(x::real) ∈ {a..b} - s*

**shows** *at x within {a..b} - s ≠ bot*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *vector-derivative-at-within-non-trivial-limit:*

*at x within s ≠ bot ∧ (f has-vector-derivative f') (at x) ⇒*

*vector-derivative f (at x within s) = f'*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *vector-derivative-at-within-ivl-diff:*

*finite s ∧ a < b ∧ (x::real) ∈ {a..b} - s ∧ (f has-vector-derivative f') (at x) ⇒*

*vector-derivative f (at x within {a..b} - s) = f'*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *gamma-deriv-at-within-diff:*

**assumes** *a-leq-b: a < b and*

*x-within-bounds: x ∈ {a..b} - s and*

*gamma-differentiable: ∀ x ∈ {a .. b} - s. γ differentiable at x and*

*s-subset: s ⊆ {a..b} and*

*finite-s: finite s*

**shows** *vector-derivative γ (at x within {a..b} - s)*

*= vector-derivative γ (at x)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *gamma-deriv-at-within-gen:*

**assumes** *a-leq-b: a < b and*

*x-within-bounds: x ∈ s and*

*s-subset: s ⊆ {a..b} and*

*gamma-differentiable: ∀ x ∈ s. γ differentiable at x*

**shows** *vector-derivative γ (at x within ({a..b})) = vector-derivative γ (at x)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *derivative-component-fun-component-at-within-gen:*

**assumes** *gamma-differentiable: ∀ x ∈ s. γ differentiable at x and s-subset: s ⊆ {0..1}*

**shows** *∀ x ∈ s. vector-derivative (λx. γ x) (at x within {0..1}) · (i::'a:: euclidean-space)*

*= vector-derivative (λx. γ x · i) (at x within {0..1})*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *derivative-component-fun-component-at-within*:  
**assumes** *gamma-differentiable*:  $\forall x \in \{0 .. 1\}. \gamma$  differentiable at  $x$   
**shows**  $\forall x \in \{0..1\}. \text{vector-derivative } (\lambda x. \gamma x) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{0..1\}) \cdot (i::'a:: \text{euclidean-space})$   
 $= \text{vector-derivative } (\lambda x. \gamma x \cdot i) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{0..1\})$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *straight-path-differentiable-x*:  
**fixes**  $b :: \text{real}$  **and**  $y1 :: \text{real}$   
**assumes** *gamma-def*:  $\gamma = (\lambda x. (b, y2 + y1 * x))$   
**shows**  $\forall x. \gamma$  differentiable at  $x$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *straight-path-differentiable-y*:  
**fixes**  $b :: \text{real}$  **and**  
 $y1 y2 :: \text{real}$   
**assumes** *gamma-def*:  $\gamma = (\lambda x. (y2 + y1 * x, b))$   
**shows**  $\forall x. \gamma$  differentiable at  $x$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on-imp-continuous-on*:  
**assumes**  $f$  piecewise-C1-differentiable-on  $s$   
**shows** continuous-on  $s$   $f$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *boring-lemma1*:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real}$   
**assumes** ( $f$  has-vector-derivative  $D$ ) (at  $x$ )  
**shows**  $((\lambda x. (f x, 0))$  has-vector-derivative  $((D, 0::\text{real}))$ ) (at  $x$ )  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *boring-lemma2*:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real}$   
**assumes** ( $f$  has-vector-derivative  $D$ ) (at  $x$ )  
**shows**  $((\lambda x. (0, f x))$  has-vector-derivative  $(0, D)$ ) (at  $x$ )  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *pair-prod-smooth-pw-smooth*:  
**assumes**  $(f::\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real})$  C1-differentiable-on  $s$   $(g::\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real})$  piecewise-C1-differentiable-on  $s$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. (f x, g x))$  piecewise-C1-differentiable-on  $s$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *scale-shift-smooth*:  
**shows**  $(\lambda x. a + b * x)$  C1-differentiable-on  $s$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *open-diff*:

**assumes** *finite* ( $t::'a::t1$ -space set)  
 open ( $s::'a$  set)  
**shows** open ( $s - t$ )  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *has-derivative-transform-within*:

**assumes**  $0 < d$   
**and**  $x \in s$   
**and**  $\forall x' \in s. \text{dist } x' x < d \longrightarrow f x' = g x'$   
**and** ( $f$  has-derivative  $f'$ ) (at  $x$  within  $s$ )  
**shows** ( $g$  has-derivative  $f'$ ) (at  $x$  within  $s$ )  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *has-derivative-transform-within-ivl*:

**assumes**  $(0::\text{real}) < b$   
**and**  $\forall x \in \{a..b\} - s. f x = g x$   
**and**  $x \in \{a..b\} - s$   
**and** ( $f$  has-derivative  $f'$ ) (at  $x$  within  $\{a..b\} - s$ )  
**shows** ( $g$  has-derivative  $f'$ ) (at  $x$  within  $\{a..b\} - s$ )  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *has-vector-derivative-transform-within-ivl*:

**assumes**  $(0::\text{real}) < b$   
**and**  $\forall x \in \{a..b\} - s. f x = g x$   
**and**  $x \in \{a..b\} - s$   
**and** ( $f$  has-vector-derivative  $f'$ ) (at  $x$  within  $\{a..b\} - s$ )  
**shows** ( $g$  has-vector-derivative  $f'$ ) (at  $x$  within  $\{a..b\} - s$ )  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *has-derivative-transform-at*:

**assumes**  $0 < d$   
**and**  $\forall x'. \text{dist } x' x < d \longrightarrow f x' = g x'$   
**and** ( $f$  has-derivative  $f'$ ) (at  $x$ )  
**shows** ( $g$  has-derivative  $f'$ ) (at  $x$ )  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *has-vector-derivative-transform-at*:

**assumes**  $0 < d$   
**and**  $\forall x'. \text{dist } x' x < d \longrightarrow f x' = g x'$   
**and** ( $f$  has-vector-derivative  $f'$ ) (at  $x$ )  
**shows** ( $g$  has-vector-derivative  $f'$ ) (at  $x$ )  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *C1-diff-components-2*:

**assumes**  $b \in \text{Basis}$   
**assumes**  $f$  C1-differentiable-on  $s$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. f x \cdot b)$  C1-differentiable-on  $s$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩



**lemma** *eq-smooth*:

**assumes**  $0 < d$

$\forall x \in s. \forall y. \text{dist } x \ y < d \longrightarrow f \ y = g \ y$

$f$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $s$

**shows**  $g$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $s$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *eq-pw-smooth*:

**assumes**  $0 < d$

$\forall x \in s. \forall y. \text{dist } x \ y < d \longrightarrow f \ y = g \ y$

$\forall x \in s. f \ x = g \ x$

$f$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $s$

**shows**  $g$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $s$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *scale-piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*:

**assumes**  $f$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $s$

**shows**  $(\lambda x. (c::\text{real}) * (f \ x))$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $s$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *eq-smooth-gen*:

**assumes**  $f$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $s$

$\forall x. f \ x = g \ x$

**shows**  $g$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $s$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *subpath-compose*:

**shows**  $(\text{subpath } a \ b \ \gamma) = \gamma \ o \ (\lambda x. (b - a) * x + a)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *subpath-smooth*:

**assumes**  $\gamma$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   $0 \leq a < b \leq 1$

**shows**  $(\text{subpath } a \ b \ \gamma)$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *has-vector-derivative-divide*[*derivative-intros*]:

**fixes**  $a :: 'a::\text{real-normed-field}$

**shows**  $(f$  *has-vector-derivative*  $x) \ F \Longrightarrow ((\lambda x. f \ x / a)$  *has-vector-derivative*  $(x / a)) \ F$

*<proof>*

**end**

**theory** *Integrals*

**imports** *HOL-Analysis.Analysis General-Utills*

**begin**

**lemma** *gauge-integral-Fubini-universe-x*:

**fixes**  $f :: ('a::\text{euclidean-space} * 'b::\text{euclidean-space}) \Rightarrow 'c::\text{euclidean-space}$

**assumes** *fun-lesbeque-integrable: integrable lborel*  $f$  **and**

*x-axis-integral-measurable*:  $(\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. f(x, y))) \in \text{borel-measurable lborel}$

**shows**  $\text{integral UNIV } f = \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. f(x, y)))$   
 $(\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. f(x, y))) \text{ integrable-on UNIV}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *gauge-integral-Fubini-universe-y*:

**fixes**  $f :: ('a::\text{euclidean-space} * 'b::\text{euclidean-space}) \Rightarrow 'c::\text{euclidean-space}$

**assumes** *fun-lesbegue-integrable*: *integrable lborel f* **and**

*y-axis-integral-measurable*:  $(\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. f(y, x))) \in \text{borel-measurable lborel}$

**shows**  $\text{integral UNIV } f = \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. f(y, x)))$   
 $(\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. f(y, x))) \text{ integrable-on UNIV}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *gauge-integral-Fubini-curve-bounded-region-x*:

**fixes**  $f g :: ('a::\text{euclidean-space} * 'b::\text{euclidean-space}) \Rightarrow 'c::\text{euclidean-space}$  **and**

$g1 g2 :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b$  **and**

$s :: ('a * 'b) \text{ set}$

**assumes** *fun-lesbegue-integrable*: *integrable lborel f* **and**

*x-axis-gauge-integrable*:  $\bigwedge x. (\lambda y. f(x, y)) \text{ integrable-on UNIV}$  **and**

*x-axis-integral-measurable*:  $(\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. f(x, y))) \in \text{borel-measurable lborel}$  **and**

*f-is-g-indicator*:  $f = (\lambda x. \text{if } x \in s \text{ then } g x \text{ else } 0)$  **and**

*s-is-bounded-by-g1-and-g2*:  $s = \{(x, y). (\forall i \in \text{Basis}. a \cdot i \leq x \cdot i \wedge x \cdot i \leq b \cdot i)$

$\wedge$

$(\forall i \in \text{Basis}. (g1 x) \cdot i \leq y \cdot i \wedge y \cdot i \leq (g2 x) \cdot i)\}$

**shows**  $\text{integral } s g = \text{integral } (\text{cbox } a b) (\lambda x. \text{integral } (\text{cbox } (g1 x) (g2 x)) (\lambda y. g(x, y)))$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *gauge-integral-Fubini-curve-bounded-region-y*:

**fixes**  $f g :: ('a::\text{euclidean-space} * 'b::\text{euclidean-space}) \Rightarrow 'c::\text{euclidean-space}$  **and**

$g1 g2 :: 'b \Rightarrow 'a$  **and**

$s :: ('a * 'b) \text{ set}$

**assumes** *fun-lesbegue-integrable*: *integrable lborel f* **and**

*y-axis-gauge-integrable*:  $\bigwedge x. (\lambda y. f(y, x)) \text{ integrable-on UNIV}$  **and**

*y-axis-integral-measurable*:  $(\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. f(y, x))) \in \text{borel-measurable lborel}$  **and**

*f-is-g-indicator*:  $f = (\lambda x. \text{if } x \in s \text{ then } g x \text{ else } 0)$  **and**

*s-is-bounded-by-g1-and-g2*:  $s = \{(y, x). (\forall i \in \text{Basis}. a \cdot i \leq x \cdot i \wedge x \cdot i \leq b \cdot i)$

$\wedge$

$(\forall i \in \text{Basis}. (g1 x) \cdot i \leq y \cdot i \wedge y \cdot i \leq$

$(g2 x) \cdot i)\}$

**shows**  $\text{integral } s g = \text{integral } (\text{cbox } a b) (\lambda x. \text{integral } (\text{cbox } (g1 x) (g2 x)) (\lambda y. g(y, x)))$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *gauge-integral-by-substitution*:

**fixes**  $f::(\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real})$  **and**

$g::(\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real})$  **and**

$g'::\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real}$  **and**

$a::\text{real}$  **and**

$b::\text{real}$

**assumes**  $a \leq b$  **and**

$g \text{ a-le-gb: } g \text{ a} \leq g \text{ b}$  **and**

$g' \text{-derivative: } \forall x \in \{a..b\}. (g \text{ has-vector-derivative } (g' x)) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{a..b\})$

**and**

$g' \text{-continuous: continuous-on } \{a..b\} \text{ } g'$  **and**

$f \text{-continuous: continuous-on } (g' \text{ ` } \{a..b\}) \text{ } f$

**shows**  $\text{integral } \{g \text{ a..} g \text{ b}\} (f) = \text{integral } \{a..b\} (\lambda x. f(g x) * (g' x))$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *frontier-ic*:

**assumes**  $a < (b::\text{real})$

**shows**  $\text{frontier } \{a <.. b\} = \{a, b\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *frontier-ci*:

**assumes**  $a < (b::\text{real})$

**shows**  $\text{frontier } \{a <.. < b\} = \{a, b\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *ic-not-closed*:

**assumes**  $a < (b::\text{real})$

**shows**  $\neg \text{closed } \{a <.. b\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *closure-ic-union-ci*:

**assumes**  $a < (b::\text{real}) \text{ } b < c$

**shows**  $\text{closure } (\{a.. < b\} \cup \{b <.. c\}) = \{a .. c\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *interior-ic-ci-union*:

**assumes**  $a < (b::\text{real}) \text{ } b < c$

**shows**  $b \notin (\text{interior } (\{a.. < b\} \cup \{b <.. c\}))$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *frontier-ic-union-ci*:

**assumes**  $a < (b::\text{real}) \text{ } b < c$

**shows**  $b \in \text{frontier } (\{a.. < b\} \cup \{b <.. c\})$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *ic-union-ci-not-closed*:

**assumes**  $a < (b::\text{real}) \text{ } b < c$

**shows**  $\neg \text{closed } (\{a.. < b\} \cup \{b <.. c\})$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *integrable-continuous-*:

**fixes**  $f :: 'b::euclidean-space \Rightarrow 'a::banach$

**assumes** *continuous-on* (cbox a b) f

**shows** *f integrable-on* cbox a b

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *removing-singletons-from-div*:

**assumes**  $\forall t \in S. \exists c d :: real. c < d \wedge \{c..d\} = t$

$\{x\} \cup \bigcup_{finite\ S} S = \{a..b\}$   $a < x < b$

**shows**  $\exists t \in S. x \in t$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *remove-singleton-from-division-of*:

**assumes** *A division-of*  $\{a::real..b\}$   $a < b$

**assumes**  $x \in \{a..b\}$

**shows**  $\exists c d. c < d \wedge \{c..d\} \in A \wedge x \in \{c..d\}$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *remove-singleton-from-tagged-division-of*:

**assumes** *A tagged-division-of*  $\{a::real..b\}$   $a < b$

**assumes**  $x \in \{a..b\}$

**shows**  $\exists k c d. c < d \wedge (k, \{c..d\}) \in A \wedge x \in \{c..d\}$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *tagged-div-wo-singletons*:

**assumes** *p tagged-division-of*  $\{a::real..b\}$   $a < b$

**shows**  $(p - \{xk. \exists x y. xk = (x, \{y\})\})$  *tagged-division-of* cbox a b

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *tagged-div-wo-empty*:

**assumes** *p tagged-division-of*  $\{a::real..b\}$   $a < b$

**shows**  $(p - \{xk. \exists x. xk = (x, \{\})\})$  *tagged-division-of* cbox a b

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *fine-diff*:

**assumes**  $\gamma$  *fine* p

**shows**  $\gamma$  *fine* (p - s)

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *tagged-div-tage-notin-set*:

**assumes** *finite* (s::real set)

*p tagged-division-of*  $\{a..b\}$

$\gamma$  *fine* p  $(\forall (x, K) \in p. \exists c d :: real. c < d \wedge K = \{c..d\})$  *gauge*  $\gamma$

**shows**  $\exists p' \gamma'. p'$  *tagged-division-of*  $\{a..b\} \wedge$

$\gamma'$  *fine* p'  $\wedge (\forall (x, K) \in p'. x \notin s) \wedge$  *gauge*  $\gamma'$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *has-integral-bound-spike-finite*:  
**fixes**  $f :: 'a::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow 'b::\text{real-normed-vector}$   
**assumes**  $0 \leq B$  **and** *finite*  $S$   
**and**  $f: (f \text{ has-integral } i) (\text{cbox } a \ b)$   
**and**  $\text{le}B: \bigwedge x. x \in \text{cbox } a \ b - S \implies \text{norm } (f \ x) \leq B$   
**shows**  $\text{norm } i \leq B * \text{content } (\text{cbox } a \ b)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *has-integral-bound*:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{real-normed-vector}$   
**assumes**  $a < b$   
**and**  $0 \leq B$   
**and**  $f: (f \text{ has-integral } i) (\text{cbox } a \ b)$   
**and** *finite*  $s$   
**and**  $\forall x \in (\text{cbox } a \ b) - s. \text{norm } (f \ x) \leq B$   
**shows**  $\text{norm } i \leq B * \text{content } (\text{cbox } a \ b)$   
*<proof>*

**corollary** *has-integral-bound-real'*:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'b::\text{real-normed-vector}$   
**assumes**  $0 \leq B$   
**and**  $f: (f \text{ has-integral } i) (\text{cbox } a \ b)$   
**and** *finite*  $s$   
**and**  $\forall x \in (\text{cbox } a \ b) - s. \text{norm } (f \ x) \leq B$   
**shows**  $\text{norm } i \leq B * \text{content } \{a..b\}$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *integral-has-vector-derivative-continuous-at'*:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{banach}$   
**assumes** *finite*  $s$   
**and**  $f: f \text{ integrable-on } \{a..b\}$   
**and**  $x: x \in \{a..b\} - s$   
**and**  $f_x: \text{continuous } (\text{at } x \text{ within } (\{a..b\} - s)) \ f$   
**shows**  $((\lambda u. \text{integral } \{a..u\} \ f) \text{ has-vector-derivative } f \ x) (\text{at } x \text{ within } (\{a..b\} - s))$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *at-within-closed-interval-finite*:  
**fixes**  $x::\text{real}$   
**assumes**  $a < x \ x < b \ x \notin S$  *finite*  $S$   
**shows**  $(\text{at } x \text{ within } \{a..b\} - S) = \text{at } x$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *fundamental-theorem-of-calculus-interior-stronger'*:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{banach}$   
**assumes** *finite*  $S$   
**and**  $a \leq b \ \bigwedge x. x \in \{a <..< b\} - S \implies (f \text{ has-vector-derivative } f'(x)) (\text{at } x \text{ within } \{a..b\} - S)$

**and** *continuous-on*  $\{a .. b\}$   $f$   
**shows** ( $f'$  *has-integral* ( $f b - f a$ ))  $\{a .. b\}$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *has-integral-substitution-general-*:

**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{euclidean-space}$  **and**  $g :: \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real}$   
**assumes**  $s$ : *finite*  $s$  **and**  $le$ :  $a \leq b$   
**and** *subset*:  $g \text{ ' } \{a..b\} \subseteq \{c..d\}$   
**and**  $f$ :  $f$  *integrable-on*  $\{c..d\}$  *continuous-on* ( $\{c..d\} - (g \text{ ' } s)$ )  $f$   
**and**  $g$  : *continuous-on*  $\{a..b\}$   $g$  *inj-on*  $g$  ( $\{a..b\} \cup s$ )  
**and** *deriv* [*derivative-intros*]:  
 $\bigwedge x. x \in \{a..b\} - s \implies (g \text{ has-field-derivative } g' x) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{a..b\})$   
**shows** ( $(\lambda x. g' x *_R f (g x))$  *has-integral* (*integral*  $\{g a..g b\} f - \text{integral } \{g b..g a\} f$ ))  $\{a..b\}$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *has-integral-substitution-general--*:

**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{euclidean-space}$  **and**  $g :: \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real}$   
**assumes**  $s$ : *finite*  $s$  **and**  $le$ :  $a \leq b$  **and**  $s$ -*subset*:  $s \subseteq \{a..b\}$   
**and** *subset*:  $g \text{ ' } \{a..b\} \subseteq \{c..d\}$   
**and**  $f$ :  $f$  *integrable-on*  $\{c..d\}$  *continuous-on* ( $\{c..d\} - (g \text{ ' } s)$ )  $f$   
**and**  $g$  : *continuous-on*  $\{a..b\}$   $g$  *inj-on*  $g$   $\{a..b\}$   
**and** *deriv* [*derivative-intros*]:  
 $\bigwedge x. x \in \{a..b\} - s \implies (g \text{ has-field-derivative } g' x) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{a..b\})$   
**shows** ( $(\lambda x. g' x *_R f (g x))$  *has-integral* (*integral*  $\{g a..g b\} f - \text{integral } \{g b..g a\} f$ ))  $\{a..b\}$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *has-integral-substitution-general-'*:

**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{euclidean-space}$  **and**  $g :: \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real}$   
**assumes**  $s$ : *finite*  $s$  **and**  $le$ :  $a \leq b$  **and**  $s'$ : *finite*  $s'$   
**and** *subset*:  $g \text{ ' } \{a..b\} \subseteq \{c..d\}$   
**and**  $f$ :  $f$  *integrable-on*  $\{c..d\}$  *continuous-on* ( $\{c..d\} - s'$ )  $f$   
**and**  $g$  : *continuous-on*  $\{a..b\}$   $g \forall x \in s'. \text{finite } (g \text{ ' } \{x\}) \text{ surj-on } s' g \text{ inj-on } g$   
 $(\{a..b\} \cup ((s \cup g \text{ ' } s')))$   
**and** *deriv* [*derivative-intros*]:  
 $\bigwedge x. x \in \{a..b\} - s \implies (g \text{ has-field-derivative } g' x) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{a..b\})$   
**shows** ( $(\lambda x. g' x *_R f (g x))$  *has-integral* (*integral*  $\{g a..g b\} f - \text{integral } \{g b..g a\} f$ ))  $\{a..b\}$   
 <proof>

**end**

**theory** *Paths*

**imports** *Derivs General-Utills Integrals*

**begin**

**lemma** *reverse-subpaths-join*:

**shows** *subpath* 1 (1 / 2)  $p$  +++ *subpath* (1 / 2) 0  $p = \text{reversepath } p$

*<proof>*

**definition** *line-integral*:: ('a::euclidean-space  $\Rightarrow$  'a::euclidean-space)  $\Rightarrow$  (('a) set)  
 $\Rightarrow$  (real  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\Rightarrow$  real **where**  
*line-integral* F basis g  $\equiv$  integral {0 .. 1} ( $\lambda x. \sum b \in \text{basis}. (F(g x) \cdot b) * (\text{vector-derivative } g \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{0..1\}) \cdot b)$ )

**definition** *line-integral-exists where*  
*line-integral-exists* F basis  $\gamma \equiv (\lambda x. \sum b \in \text{basis}. F(\gamma x) \cdot b * (\text{vector-derivative } \gamma \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{0..1\}) \cdot b))$  integrable-on {0..1}

**lemma** *line-integral-on-pair-straight-path*:  
**fixes** F::('a::euclidean-space)  $\Rightarrow$  'a **and** g :: real  $\Rightarrow$  real **and**  $\gamma$   
**assumes** *gamma-const*:  $\forall x. \gamma(x) \cdot i = a$   
**and** *gamma-smooth*:  $\forall x \in \{0 .. 1\}. \gamma$  differentiable at x  
**shows** (*line-integral* F {i}  $\gamma$ ) = 0 (*line-integral-exists* F {i}  $\gamma$ )  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-on-pair-path-strong*:  
**fixes** F::('a::euclidean-space)  $\Rightarrow$  ('a) **and**  
g::real  $\Rightarrow$  'a **and**  
 $\gamma$ ::(real  $\Rightarrow$  'a) **and**  
i::'a  
**assumes** *i-norm-1*: norm i = 1 **and**  
*g-orthogonal-to-i*:  $\forall x. g(x) \cdot i = 0$  **and**  
*gamma-is-in-terms-of-i*:  $\gamma = (\lambda x. f(x) *_R i + g(f(x)))$  **and**  
*gamma-smooth*:  $\gamma$  piecewise-C1-differentiable-on {0 .. 1} **and**  
*g-continuous-on-f*: continuous-on (f ' {0..1}) g **and**  
*path-start-le-path-end*: (pathstart  $\gamma$ )  $\cdot i \leq$  (pathfinish  $\gamma$ )  $\cdot i$  **and**  
*field-i-comp-cont*: continuous-on (path-image  $\gamma$ ) ( $\lambda x. F x \cdot i$ )  
**shows** *line-integral* F {i}  $\gamma$   
= integral (cbox ((pathstart  $\gamma$ )  $\cdot i$ ) ((pathfinish  $\gamma$ )  $\cdot i$ )) ( $\lambda f\text{-var}. (F (f\text{-var} *_R i + g(f\text{-var})) \cdot i)$ )  
*line-integral-exists* F {i}  $\gamma$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-on-pair-path*:  
**fixes** F::('a::euclidean-space)  $\Rightarrow$  ('a) **and**  
g::real  $\Rightarrow$  'a **and**  
 $\gamma$ ::(real  $\Rightarrow$  'a) **and**  
i::'a  
**assumes** *i-norm-1*: norm i = 1 **and**  
*g-orthogonal-to-i*:  $\forall x. g(x) \cdot i = 0$  **and**  
*gamma-is-in-terms-of-i*:  $\gamma = (\lambda x. f(x) *_R i + g(f(x)))$  **and**  
*gamma-smooth*:  $\gamma$  C1-differentiable-on {0 .. 1} **and**  
*g-continuous-on-f*: continuous-on (f ' {0..1}) g **and**  
*path-start-le-path-end*: (pathstart  $\gamma$ )  $\cdot i \leq$  (pathfinish  $\gamma$ )  $\cdot i$  **and**

*field-i-comp-cont: continuous-on (path-image  $\gamma$ ) ( $\lambda x. F x \cdot i$ )*  
**shows** (*line-integral*  $F \{i\} \gamma$ )  
 $= \text{integral } (\text{cbox } ((\text{pathstart } \gamma) \cdot i) ((\text{pathfinish } \gamma) \cdot i)) (\lambda f\text{-var. } (F$   
 $(f\text{-var} *_R i + g(f\text{-var})) \cdot i))$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *content-box-cases:*  
 $\text{content } (\text{box } a \ b) = (\text{if } \forall i \in \text{Basis. } a \cdot i \leq b \cdot i \text{ then prod } (\lambda i. b \cdot i - a \cdot i) \ \text{Basis} \ \text{else}$   
 $0)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *content-box-cbox:*  
**shows**  $\text{content } (\text{box } a \ b) = \text{content } (\text{cbox } a \ b)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *content-eq-0:*  $\text{content } (\text{box } a \ b) = 0 \iff (\exists i \in \text{Basis. } b \cdot i \leq a \cdot i)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *content-pos-lt-eq:*  $0 < \text{content } (\text{cbox } a \ (b::'a::\text{euclidean-space})) \iff (\forall i \in \text{Basis.}$   
 $a \cdot i < b \cdot i)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *content-lt-nz:*  $0 < \text{content } (\text{box } a \ b) \iff \text{content } (\text{box } a \ b) \neq 0$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *content-subset:*  $\text{cbox } a \ b \subseteq \text{box } c \ d \implies \text{content } (\text{cbox } a \ b) \leq \text{content } (\text{box}$   
 $c \ d)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *sum-content-null:*  
**assumes**  $\text{content } (\text{box } a \ b) = 0$   
**and**  $p$  *tagged-division-of*  $(\text{box } a \ b)$   
**shows**  $\text{sum } (\lambda(x,k). \text{content } k *_R f \ x) \ p = (0::'a::\text{real-normed-vector})$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *has-integral-null [intro]:*  $\text{content}(\text{box } a \ b) = 0 \implies (f \ \text{has-integral } 0) (\text{box}$   
 $a \ b)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-distrib:*  
**assumes** *line-integral-exists*  $f$  *basis*  $g1$   
*line-integral-exists*  $f$  *basis*  $g2$   
*valid-path*  $g1$  *valid-path*  $g2$   
**shows**  $\text{line-integral } f \ \text{basis } (g1 \ +++ \ g2) = \text{line-integral } f \ \text{basis } g1 + \text{line-integral}$   
 $f \ \text{basis } g2$   
*line-integral-exists*  $f$  *basis*  $(g1 \ +++ \ g2)$   
*<proof>*



**lemma** *line-integral-exists-joinD1*:  
**assumes** *line-integral-exists f basis (g1 +++ g2) valid-path g1*  
**shows** *line-integral-exists f basis g1*  
⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-joinD2*:  
**assumes** *line-integral-exists f basis (g1 +++ g2) valid-path g2*  
**shows** *line-integral-exists f basis g2*  
⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *has-line-integral-on-reverse-path*:  
**assumes** *g: valid-path g and int:*  
 $((\lambda x. \sum_{b \in \text{basis}.} F (g x) \cdot b * (\text{vector-derivative } g \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{0..1\}) \cdot b))$   
*has-integral c){0..1}*  
**shows**  $((\lambda x. \sum_{b \in \text{basis}.} F ((\text{reversepath } g) x) \cdot b * (\text{vector-derivative } (\text{reversepath } g) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{0..1\}) \cdot b))$  *has-integral -c){0..1}*  
⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *line-integral-on-reverse-path*:  
**assumes** *valid-path  $\gamma$  line-integral-exists F basis  $\gamma$*   
**shows** *line-integral F basis  $\gamma = -$  (line-integral F basis (reversepath  $\gamma$ ))*  
*line-integral-exists F basis (reversepath  $\gamma$ )*  
⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-on-degenerate-path*:  
**assumes** *finite basis*  
**shows** *line-integral-exists F basis ( $\lambda x. c$ )*  
⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *degenerate-path-is-valid-path: valid-path ( $\lambda x. c$ )*  
⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *line-integral-degenerate-path*:  
**assumes** *finite basis*  
**shows** *line-integral F basis ( $\lambda x. c$ ) = 0*  
⟨*proof*⟩

**definition** *point-path where*  
*point-path  $\gamma \equiv \exists c. \gamma = (\lambda x. c)$*

**lemma** *line-integral-point-path*:  
**assumes** *point-path  $\gamma$*   
**assumes** *finite basis*  
**shows** *line-integral F basis  $\gamma = 0$*   
⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-point-path*:  
**assumes** *finite basis point-path  $\gamma$*   
**shows** *line-integral-exists F basis  $\gamma$*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-subpath*:

**assumes** *f*: *line-integral-exists f basis g* **and** *g*: *valid-path g*

**and** *uv*:  $u \in \{0..1\}$   $v \in \{0..1\}$   $u \leq v$

**shows** (*line-integral-exists f basis (subpath u v g)*)

*<proof>*

**type-synonym** *path* = *real*  $\Rightarrow$  (*real* \* *real*)

**type-synonym** *one-cube* = (*real*  $\Rightarrow$  (*real* \* *real*))

**type-synonym** *one-chain* = (*int* \* *path*) *set*

**type-synonym** *two-cube* = (*real* \* *real*)  $\Rightarrow$  (*real* \* *real*)

**type-synonym** *two-chain* = *two-cube set*

**definition** *one-chain-line-integral* :: ((*real* \* *real*)  $\Rightarrow$  (*real* \* *real*))  $\Rightarrow$  ((*real*\**real*) *set*)  $\Rightarrow$  *one-chain*  $\Rightarrow$  *real* **where**

*one-chain-line-integral F b C*  $\equiv$  ( $\sum (k,g) \in C. k * (\text{line-integral } F \text{ b } g)$ )

**definition** *boundary-chain* **where**

*boundary-chain s*  $\equiv$  ( $\forall (k, \gamma) \in s. k = 1 \vee k = -1$ )

**fun** *coeff-cube-to-path*::(*int* \* *one-cube*)  $\Rightarrow$  *path*

**where** *coeff-cube-to-path* (*k*,  $\gamma$ ) = (*if*  $k = 1$  *then*  $\gamma$  *else* (*reversepath*  $\gamma$ ))

**fun** *rec-join* :: (*int*\**path*) *list*  $\Rightarrow$  *path* **where**

*rec-join* [] = ( $\lambda x. 0$ ) |

*rec-join* [*oneC*] = *coeff-cube-to-path oneC* |

*rec-join* (*oneC* # *xs*) = *coeff-cube-to-path oneC* +++ (*rec-join xs*)

**fun** *valid-chain-list* **where**

*valid-chain-list* [] = *True* |

*valid-chain-list* [*oneC*] = *True* |

*valid-chain-list* (*oneC*#*l*) = (*pathfinish* (*coeff-cube-to-path* (*oneC*))) = *pathstart* (*rec-join l*)  $\wedge$  *valid-chain-list l*

**lemma** *joined-is-valid*:

**assumes** *boundary-chain*: *boundary-chain (set l)* **and**

*valid-path*:  $\bigwedge k \gamma. (k, \gamma) \in \text{set } l \implies \text{valid-path } \gamma$  **and**

*valid-chain-list-ass*: *valid-chain-list l*

**shows** *valid-path (rec-join l)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *pathstart-rec-join-1*:

*pathstart* (*rec-join* ((1,  $\gamma$ ) # *l*)) = *pathstart*  $\gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *pathstart-rec-join-2*:

*pathstart (rec-join ((-1,  $\gamma$ ) # l)) = pathstart (reversepath  $\gamma$ )*  
(proof)

**lemma** *pathstart-rec-join*:

*pathstart (rec-join ((1,  $\gamma$ ) # l)) = pathstart  $\gamma$*   
*pathstart (rec-join ((-1,  $\gamma$ ) # l)) = pathstart (reversepath  $\gamma$ )*  
(proof)

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-on-rec-join*:

**assumes** *boundary-chain: boundary-chain (set l)* **and**  
*valid-chain-list: valid-chain-list l* **and**  
*valid-path:  $\bigwedge k \gamma. (k, \gamma) \in \text{set } l \implies \text{valid-path } \gamma$*  **and**  
*line-integral-exists:  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{set } l. \text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$*   
**shows** *line-integral-exists F basis (rec-join l)*  
(proof)

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-rec-join-cons*:

**assumes** *line-integral-exists F basis (rec-join ((1,  $\gamma$ ) # l))*  
*( $\bigwedge k' \gamma'. (k', \gamma') \in \text{set } ((1, \gamma) \# l) \implies \text{valid-path } \gamma'$ )*  
*finite basis*  
**shows** *line-integral-exists F basis ( $\gamma$  +++ (rec-join l))*  
(proof)

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-rec-join-cons-2*:

**assumes** *line-integral-exists F basis (rec-join ((-1,  $\gamma$ ) # l))*  
*( $\bigwedge k' \gamma'. (k', \gamma') \in \text{set } ((1, \gamma) \# l) \implies \text{valid-path } \gamma'$ )*  
*finite basis*  
**shows** *line-integral-exists F basis ((reversepath  $\gamma$ ) +++ (rec-join l))*  
(proof)

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-on-rec-join'*:

**assumes** *boundary-chain: boundary-chain (set l)* **and**  
*valid-chain-list: valid-chain-list l* **and**  
*valid-path:  $\bigwedge k \gamma. (k, \gamma) \in \text{set } l \implies \text{valid-path } \gamma$*  **and**  
*line-integral-exists: line-integral-exists F basis (rec-join l)* **and**  
*finite-basis: finite basis*  
**shows**  *$\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{set } l. \text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$*   
(proof)

**inductive** *chain-subdiv-path*

**where** *I: chain-subdiv-path  $\gamma$  (set l) if distinct l rec-join l =  $\gamma$  valid-chain-list l*

**lemma** *valid-path-equiv-valid-chain-list*:

**assumes** *path-eq-chain: chain-subdiv-path  $\gamma$  one-chain*  
**and** *boundary-chain one-chain  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$*   
**shows** *valid-path  $\gamma$*   
(proof)

**lemma** *line-integral-rec-join-cons:*

**assumes** *line-integral-exists F basis  $\gamma$*

*line-integral-exists F basis (rec-join ((l)))*

$(\bigwedge k' \gamma'. (k', \gamma') \in \text{set } ((1, \gamma) \# l) \implies \text{valid-path } \gamma')$

*finite basis*

**shows** *line-integral F basis (rec-join ((1,  $\gamma$ ) # l)) = line-integral F basis ( $\gamma$  +++ (rec-join l))*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-rec-join-cons-2:*

**assumes** *line-integral-exists F basis  $\gamma$*

*line-integral-exists F basis (rec-join ((l)))*

$(\bigwedge k' \gamma'. (k', \gamma') \in \text{set } ((-1, \gamma) \# l) \implies \text{valid-path } \gamma')$

*finite basis*

**shows** *line-integral F basis (rec-join ((-1,  $\gamma$ ) # l)) = line-integral F basis ((reversepath  $\gamma$ ) +++ (rec-join l))*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *one-chain-line-integral-rec-join:*

**assumes** *l-props: set l = one-chain distinct l valid-chain-list l and*

*boundary-chain: boundary-chain one-chain and*

*line-integral-exists:  $\forall (k::\text{int}, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain. line-integral-exists F basis } \gamma$  and*

*valid-path:  $\forall (k::\text{int}, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain. valid-path } \gamma$  and*

*finite-basis: finite basis*

**shows** *line-integral F basis (rec-join l) = one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-on-path-eq-line-integral-on-equiv-chain:*

**assumes** *path-eq-chain: chain-subdiv-path  $\gamma$  one-chain and*

*boundary-chain: boundary-chain one-chain and*

*line-integral-exists:  $\forall (k::\text{int}, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain. line-integral-exists F basis } \gamma$  and*

*valid-path:  $\forall (k::\text{int}, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain. valid-path } \gamma$  and*

*finite-basis: finite basis*

**shows** *one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain = line-integral F basis  $\gamma$*

*line-integral-exists F basis  $\gamma$*

*valid-path  $\gamma$*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-on-path-eq-line-integral-on-equiv-chain':*

**assumes** *path-eq-chain: chain-subdiv-path  $\gamma$  one-chain and*

*boundary-chain: boundary-chain one-chain and*

*line-integral-exists: line-integral-exists F basis  $\gamma$  and*

*valid-path:  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain. valid-path } \gamma$  and*

*finite-basis: finite basis*

**shows** *one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain = line-integral F basis  $\gamma$*

*$\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain. line-integral-exists F basis } \gamma$*

*<proof>*

**definition** *chain-subdiv-chain where*

$chain\text{-}subdiv\text{-}chain\ one\text{-}chain1\ subdiv$   
 $\equiv \exists f. (\bigcup (f \text{ ' } one\text{-}chain1)) = subdiv \wedge$   
 $(\forall c \in one\text{-}chain1. chain\text{-}subdiv\text{-}path\ (coeff\text{-}cube\text{-}to\text{-}path\ c)\ (f\ c)) \wedge$   
 $pairwise\ (\lambda p\ p'. f\ p \cap f\ p' = \{\})\ one\text{-}chain1 \wedge$   
 $(\forall x \in one\text{-}chain1. finite\ (f\ x))$

**lemma** *chain-subdiv-chain-character:*

**shows**  $chain\text{-}subdiv\text{-}chain\ one\text{-}chain1\ subdiv \longleftrightarrow$   
 $(\exists f. \bigcup (f \text{ ' } one\text{-}chain1) = subdiv \wedge$   
 $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in one\text{-}chain1.$   
 $\quad if\ k = 1$   
 $\quad then\ chain\text{-}subdiv\text{-}path\ \gamma\ (f\ (k, \gamma))$   
 $\quad else\ chain\text{-}subdiv\text{-}path\ (reversepath\ \gamma)\ (f\ (k, \gamma))) \wedge$   
 $(\forall p \in one\text{-}chain1.$   
 $\quad \forall p' \in one\text{-}chain1. p \neq p' \longrightarrow f\ p \cap f\ p' = \{\}) \wedge$   
 $(\forall x \in one\text{-}chain1. finite\ (f\ x)))$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *chain-subdiv-chain-imp-finite-subdiv:*

**assumes**  $finite\ one\text{-}chain1$   
 $chain\text{-}subdiv\text{-}chain\ one\text{-}chain1\ subdiv$   
**shows**  $finite\ subdiv$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *valid-subdiv-imp-valid-one-chain:*

**assumes**  $chain1\text{-}eq\text{-}chain2: chain\text{-}subdiv\text{-}chain\ one\text{-}chain1\ subdiv$  **and**  
 $boundary\text{-}chain1: boundary\text{-}chain\ one\text{-}chain1$  **and**  
 $boundary\text{-}chain2: boundary\text{-}chain\ subdiv$  **and**  
 $valid\text{-}path: \forall (k, \gamma) \in subdiv. valid\text{-}path\ \gamma$   
**shows**  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in one\text{-}chain1. valid\text{-}path\ \gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *one-chain-line-integral-eq-line-integral-on-sudivision:*

**assumes**  $chain1\text{-}eq\text{-}chain2: chain\text{-}subdiv\text{-}chain\ one\text{-}chain1\ subdiv$  **and**  
 $boundary\text{-}chain1: boundary\text{-}chain\ one\text{-}chain1$  **and**  
 $boundary\text{-}chain2: boundary\text{-}chain\ subdiv$  **and**  
 $line\text{-}integral\text{-}exists\text{-}on\text{-}chain2: \forall (k, \gamma) \in subdiv. line\text{-}integral\text{-}exists\ F\ basis\ \gamma$

**and**

$valid\text{-}path: \forall (k, \gamma) \in subdiv. valid\text{-}path\ \gamma$  **and**  
 $finite\text{-}chain1: finite\ one\text{-}chain1$  **and**  
 $finite\text{-}basis: finite\ basis$

**shows**  $one\text{-}chain\text{-}line\text{-}integral\ F\ basis\ one\text{-}chain1 = one\text{-}chain\text{-}line\text{-}integral\ F$   
 $basis\ subdiv$

$\forall (k, \gamma) \in one\text{-}chain1. line\text{-}integral\text{-}exists\ F\ basis\ \gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *one-chain-line-integral-eq-line-integral-on-sudivision':*

**assumes**  $chain1\text{-}eq\text{-}chain2: chain\text{-}subdiv\text{-}chain\ one\text{-}chain1\ subdiv$  **and**  
 $boundary\text{-}chain1: boundary\text{-}chain\ one\text{-}chain1$  **and**

*boundary-chain2*: *boundary-chain subdiv* **and**  
*line-integral-exists-on-chain1*:  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis}$   
 $\gamma$  **and**  
*valid-path*:  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$  **and**  
*finite-chain1*: *finite one-chain1* **and**  
*finite-basis*: *finite basis*  
**shows** *one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain1* = *one-chain-line-integral F*  
*basis subdiv*  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *line-integral-sum-gen*:  
**assumes** *finite-basis*:  
*finite basis* **and**  
*line-integral-exists*:  
*line-integral-exists F basis1*  $\gamma$   
*line-integral-exists F basis2*  $\gamma$  **and**  
*basis-partition*:  
*basis1*  $\cup$  *basis2* = *basis* *basis1*  $\cap$  *basis2* = {}  
**shows** *line-integral F basis*  $\gamma$  = (*line-integral F basis1*  $\gamma$ ) + (*line-integral F*  
*basis2*  $\gamma$ )  
*line-integral-exists F basis*  $\gamma$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**definition** *common-boundary-sudivision-exists* **where**  
*common-boundary-sudivision-exists one-chain1 one-chain2*  $\equiv$   
 $\exists \text{subdiv}. \text{chain-sudiv-chain one-chain1 subdiv} \wedge$   
 $\text{chain-sudiv-chain one-chain2 subdiv} \wedge$   
 $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv}. \text{valid-path } \gamma) \wedge$   
*boundary-chain subdiv*

**lemma** *common-boundary-sudivision-commutative*:  
*(common-boundary-sudivision-exists one-chain1 one-chain2)* = *(common-boundary-sudivision-exists*  
*one-chain2 one-chain1)*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *common-sudivision-imp-eq-line-integral*:  
**assumes** *(common-boundary-sudivision-exists one-chain1 one-chain2)*  
*boundary-chain one-chain1*  
*boundary-chain one-chain2*  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$   
*finite one-chain1*  
*finite one-chain2*  
*finite basis*  
**shows** *one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain1* = *one-chain-line-integral F*  
*basis one-chain2*  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain2}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**definition** *common-sudiv-exists where*

*common-sudiv-exists one-chain1 one-chain2*  $\equiv$   
 $\exists$  *subdiv ps1 ps2. chain-sudiv-chain (one-chain1 - ps1) subdiv  $\wedge$*   
*chain-sudiv-chain (one-chain2 - ps2) subdiv  $\wedge$*   
 $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in$  *subdiv. valid-path*  $\gamma) \wedge$   
 $($ *boundary-chain subdiv* $) \wedge$   
 $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in$  *ps1. point-path*  $\gamma) \wedge$   
 $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in$  *ps2. point-path*  $\gamma)$

**lemma** *common-sudiv-exists-comm:*

**shows** *common-sudiv-exists C1 C2 = common-sudiv-exists C2 C1*  
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

**lemma** *line-integral-degenerate-chain:*

**assumes**  $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in$  *chain. point-path*  $\gamma)$   
**assumes** *finite basis*  
**shows** *one-chain-line-integral F basis chain = 0*  
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

**lemma** *gen-common-sudiv-imp-common-sudiv:*

**shows**  $($ *common-sudiv-exists one-chain1 one-chain2* $) = (\exists$  *ps1 ps2. (common-boundary-sudivision-exists*  
 $($ *one-chain1 - ps1* $) ($ *one-chain2 - ps2* $) \wedge (\forall (k, \gamma) \in$  *ps1. point-path*  $\gamma) \wedge (\forall (k,$   
 $\gamma) \in$  *ps2. point-path*  $\gamma))$   
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

**lemma** *common-sudiv-imp-gen-common-sudiv:*

**assumes**  $($ *common-boundary-sudivision-exists one-chain1 one-chain2* $)$   
**shows**  $($ *common-sudiv-exists one-chain1 one-chain2* $)$   
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

**lemma** *one-chain-line-integral-point-paths:*

**assumes** *finite one-chain*  
**assumes** *finite basis*  
**assumes**  $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in$  *ps. point-path*  $\gamma)$   
**shows**  $($ *one-chain-line-integral F basis (one-chain - ps) = one-chain-line-integral*  
 $F$  *basis (one-chain)* $)$   
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

**lemma** *boundary-chain-diff:*

**assumes** *boundary-chain one-chain*  
**shows**  $($ *boundary-chain (one-chain - s)* $)$   
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

**lemma** *gen-common-sudivision-imp-eq-line-integral:*

**assumes**  $($ *common-sudiv-exists one-chain1 one-chain2* $)$   
*boundary-chain one-chain1*  
*boundary-chain one-chain2*  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in$  *one-chain1. line-integral-exists F basis*  $\gamma$   
*finite one-chain1*

*finite one-chain2*  
*finite basis*  
**shows** *one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain1 = one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain2*  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain2}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *common-sudiv-exists-refl:*  
**assumes** *common-sudiv-exists C1 C2*  
**shows** *common-sudiv-exists C2 C1*  
 <proof>

**lemma** *chain-sudiv-path-singleton:*  
**shows** *chain-sudiv-path  $\gamma \{(1, \gamma)\}$*   
 <proof>

**lemma** *chain-sudiv-path-singleton-reverse:*  
**shows** *chain-sudiv-path (reversepath  $\gamma \{(-1, \gamma)\}$*   
 <proof>

**lemma** *chain-sudiv-chain-refl:*  
**assumes** *boundary-chain C*  
**shows** *chain-sudiv-chain C C*  
 <proof>

**definition** *reparam-weak where*

*reparam-weak  $\gamma1 \gamma2 \equiv \exists \varphi. (\forall x \in \{0..1\}. \gamma1 x = (\gamma2 \circ \varphi) x) \wedge \varphi \text{ piecewise-}C1\text{-differentiable-on } \{0..1\} \wedge \varphi(0) = 0 \wedge \varphi(1) = 1 \wedge \varphi^{-1} \{0..1\} = \{0..1\}$*

**definition** *reparam where*

*reparam  $\gamma1 \gamma2 \equiv \exists \varphi. (\forall x \in \{0..1\}. \gamma1 x = (\gamma2 \circ \varphi) x) \wedge \varphi \text{ piecewise-}C1\text{-differentiable-on } \{0..1\} \wedge \varphi(0) = 0 \wedge \varphi(1) = 1 \wedge \text{bij-betw } \varphi \{0..1\} \{0..1\} \wedge \varphi^{-1} \{0..1\} \subseteq \{0..1\} \wedge (\forall x \in \{0..1\}. \text{finite } (\varphi^{-1} \{x\}))$*

**lemma** *reparam-weak-eq-refl:*  
**shows** *reparam-weak  $\gamma1 \gamma1$*   
 <proof>

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-smooth-one-base:*  
**assumes**  *$\gamma$  C1-differentiable-on  $\{0..1\}$*   
*continuous-on (path-image  $\gamma$ )  $(\lambda x. F x \cdot b)$*   
**shows** *line-integral-exists F  $\{b\}$   $\gamma$*   
 <proof>

**lemma** *contour-integral-primitive-lemma:*  
**fixes**  *$f :: \text{complex} \Rightarrow \text{complex}$  and  $g :: \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{complex}$*   
**assumes**  *$a \leq b$*



**and**  $\bigwedge x. x \in s \implies (f \text{ has-field-derivative } f' x) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } s)$   
**and**  $g \text{ piecewise-differentiable-on } \{a..b\} \bigwedge x. x \in \{a..b\} \implies g x \in s$   
**shows**  $((\lambda x. f'(g x) * \text{vector-derivative } g \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{a..b\}))$   
 $\text{has-integral } (f(g b) - f(g a))) \{a..b\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-primitive-lemma:*

**fixes**  $f :: 'a :: \{\text{euclidean-space, real-normed-field}\} \Rightarrow 'a :: \{\text{euclidean-space, real-normed-field}\}$

**and**

$g :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a$

**assumes**  $\bigwedge (a :: 'a). a \in s \implies (f \text{ has-field-derivative } (f' a) \text{ (at } a \text{ within } s)$

**and**  $g \text{ piecewise-differentiable-on } \{0..1\} \bigwedge x. x \in \{0..1\} \implies g x \in s$

**and**  $\text{base-vec} \in \text{Basis}$

**shows**  $((\lambda x. ((f'(g x)) * (\text{vector-derivative } g \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{0..1\})))) \cdot \text{base-vec})$

$\text{has-integral } (((f(g 1)) \cdot \text{base-vec} - (f(g 0)) \cdot \text{base-vec})) \{0..1\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *reparam-eq-line-integrals:*

**assumes** *reparam:*  $\text{reparam } \gamma 1 \ \gamma 2$  **and**

*pw-smooth:*  $\gamma 2 \text{ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } \{0..1\}$  **and**

*cont:*  $\text{continuous-on (path-image } \gamma 2) (\lambda x. F x \cdot b)$  **and**

*line-integral-ex:*  $\text{line-integral-exists } F \{b\} \ \gamma 2$

**shows**  $\text{line-integral } F \{b\} \ \gamma 1 = \text{line-integral } F \{b\} \ \gamma 2$

$\text{line-integral-exists } F \{b\} \ \gamma 1$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *reparam-weak-eq-line-integrals:*

**assumes** *reparam-weak*  $\gamma 1 \ \gamma 2$

$\gamma 2 \text{ C1-differentiable-on } \{0..1\}$

$\text{continuous-on (path-image } \gamma 2) (\lambda x. F x \cdot b)$

**shows**  $\text{line-integral } F \{b\} \ \gamma 1 = \text{line-integral } F \{b\} \ \gamma 2$

$\text{line-integral-exists } F \{b\} \ \gamma 1$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-sum-basis:*

**assumes** *finite*  $(\text{basis} :: ('a :: \text{euclidean-space}) \text{ set}) \ \forall b \in \text{basis}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \{b\} \ \gamma$

**shows**  $\text{line-integral } F \text{ basis } \ \gamma = (\sum b \in \text{basis}. \text{line-integral } F \{b\} \ \gamma)$

$\text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \ \gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *reparam-weak-eq-line-integrals-basis:*

**assumes** *reparam-weak*  $\gamma 1 \ \gamma 2$

$\gamma 2 \text{ C1-differentiable-on } \{0..1\}$

$\forall b \in \text{basis}. \text{continuous-on (path-image } \gamma 2) (\lambda x. F x \cdot b)$

*finite basis*

**shows**  $\text{line-integral } F \text{ basis } \ \gamma 1 = \text{line-integral } F \text{ basis } \ \gamma 2$

$\text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \ \gamma 1$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *reparam-eq-line-integrals-basis*:

**assumes** *reparam*  $\gamma 1$   $\gamma 2$   
 $\gamma 2$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   
 $\forall b \in \text{basis. continuous-on (path-image } \gamma 2) (\lambda x. F x \cdot b)$   
*finite basis*  
 $\forall b \in \text{basis. line-integral-exists } F \{b\} \gamma 2$   
**shows** *line-integral*  $F$  *basis*  $\gamma 1 = \text{line-integral } F$  *basis*  $\gamma 2$   
*line-integral-exists*  $F$  *basis*  $\gamma 1$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-smooth*:

**assumes**  $\gamma$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   
 $\forall (b::'a::\text{euclidean-space}) \in \text{basis. continuous-on (path-image } \gamma) (\lambda x. F x \cdot b)$   
*finite basis*  
**shows** *line-integral-exists*  $F$  *basis*  $\gamma$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *smooth-path-imp-reverse*:

**assumes**  $g$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   
**shows** (*reversepath*  $g$ ) *C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *piecewise-smooth-path-imp-reverse*:

**assumes**  $g$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   
**shows** (*reversepath*  $g$ ) *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition** *chain-reparam-weak-chain where*

*chain-reparam-weak-chain one-chain1 one-chain2*  $\equiv$   
 $\exists f. \text{bij } f \wedge f^{-1} \text{ one-chain1} = \text{one-chain2} \wedge (\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1. if } k = \text{fst}$   
 $(f(k, \gamma)) \text{ then reparam-weak } \gamma (\text{snd } (f(k, \gamma))) \text{ else reparam-weak } \gamma (\text{reversepath } (\text{snd}$   
 $(f(k, \gamma))))))$

**lemma** *chain-reparam-weak-chain-line-integral*:

**assumes** *chain-reparam-weak-chain one-chain1 one-chain2*  
 $\forall (k2, \gamma 2) \in \text{one-chain2. } \gamma 2$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   
 $\forall (k2, \gamma 2) \in \text{one-chain2. } \forall b \in \text{basis. continuous-on (path-image } \gamma 2) (\lambda x. F x \cdot b)$   
*finite basis*  
**and** *bound1: boundary-chain one-chain1*  
**and** *bound2: boundary-chain one-chain2*  
**shows** *one-chain-line-integral*  $F$  *basis one-chain1* = *one-chain-line-integral*  $F$   
*basis one-chain2*  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1. line-integral-exists } F$  *basis*  $\gamma$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition** *chain-reparam-chain where*

*chain-reparam-chain one-chain1 one-chain2*  $\equiv$   
 $\exists f. \text{bij } f \wedge f^{-1} \text{ one-chain1} = \text{one-chain2} \wedge (\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1. if } k = \text{fst}$

$(f(k,\gamma))$  then reparam  $\gamma$  ( $\text{snd } (f(k,\gamma))$ ) else reparam  $\gamma$  ( $\text{reversepath } (\text{snd } (f(k,\gamma)))$ )

**definition** *chain-reparam-weak-path*:: $((\text{real}) \Rightarrow (\text{real} * \text{real})) \Rightarrow ((\text{int} * ((\text{real}) \Rightarrow (\text{real} * \text{real}))) \text{ set}) \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  **where**  
*chain-reparam-weak-path*  $\gamma$  *one-chain*  
 $\equiv \exists l. \text{set } l = \text{one-chain} \wedge \text{distinct } l \wedge \text{reparam } \gamma (\text{rec-join } l) \wedge \text{valid-chain-list } l \wedge l \neq []$

**lemma** *chain-reparam-chain-line-integral*:

**assumes** *chain-reparam-chain one-chain1 one-chain2*  
 $\forall (k2,\gamma2) \in \text{one-chain2}. \gamma2 \text{ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } \{0..1\}$   
 $\forall (k2,\gamma2) \in \text{one-chain2}. \forall b \in \text{basis}. \text{continuous-on } (\text{path-image } \gamma2) (\lambda x. F x \cdot b)$   
*finite basis*  
**and** *bound1: boundary-chain one-chain1*  
**and** *bound2: boundary-chain one-chain2*  
**and** *line:  $\forall (k2,\gamma2) \in \text{one-chain2}. (\forall b \in \text{basis}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \{b\} \gamma2)$*   
**shows** *one-chain-line-integral*  $F$  *basis one-chain1 = one-chain-line-integral*  $F$  *basis one-chain2*  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *path-image-rec-join*:

**fixes**  $\gamma::\text{real} \Rightarrow (\text{real} \times \text{real})$   
**fixes**  $k::\text{int}$   
**fixes**  $l$   
**shows**  $\bigwedge k \gamma. (k, \gamma) \in \text{set } l \implies \text{valid-chain-list } l \implies \text{path-image } \gamma \subseteq \text{path-image } (\text{rec-join } l)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *path-image-rec-join-2*:

**fixes**  $l$   
**shows**  $l \neq [] \implies \text{valid-chain-list } l \implies \text{path-image } (\text{rec-join } l) \subseteq (\bigcup (k, \gamma) \in \text{set } l. \text{path-image } \gamma)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *continuous-on-closed-UN*:

**assumes** *finite S*  
**shows**  $((\bigwedge s. s \in S \implies \text{closed } s) \implies (\bigwedge s. s \in S \implies \text{continuous-on } s f) \implies \text{continuous-on } (\bigcup S) f)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *chain-reparam-weak-path-line-integral*:

**assumes** *path-eq-chain: chain-reparam-weak-path*  $\gamma$  *one-chain* **and**  
*boundary-chain: boundary-chain one-chain* **and**  
*line-integral-exists:  $\forall b \in \text{basis}. \forall (k::\text{int}, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \{b\}$*   
 $\gamma$  **and**  
*valid-path:  $\forall (k::\text{int}, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$*  **and**  
*finite-basis: finite basis* **and**  
*cont:  $\forall b \in \text{basis}. \forall (k,\gamma2) \in \text{one-chain}. \text{continuous-on } (\text{path-image } \gamma2) (\lambda x. F x \cdot$*

b) **and**

*finite-one-chain*: *finite one-chain*

**shows** *line-integral F basis*  $\gamma =$  *one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain*

*line-integral-exists F basis*  $\gamma$

*<proof>*

**definition** *chain-reparam-chain'* **where**

*chain-reparam-chain'* *one-chain1 subdiv*

$\equiv \exists f. ((\bigcup (f \text{ ' one-chain1})) = \text{subdiv}) \wedge$

$(\forall \text{cube} \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{chain-reparam-weak-path } (\text{rec-join } [\text{cube}]) (f \text{ cube}))$

$\wedge$

$(\forall p \in \text{one-chain1}. \forall p' \in \text{one-chain1}. p \neq p' \longrightarrow f p \cap f p' = \{\}) \wedge$

$(\forall x \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{finite } (f x))$

**lemma** *chain-reparam-chain'-imp-finite-subdiv*:

**assumes** *finite one-chain1*

*chain-reparam-chain'* *one-chain1 subdiv*

**shows** *finite subdiv*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *chain-reparam-chain'-line-integral*:

**assumes** *chain1-eq-chain2*: *chain-reparam-chain'* *one-chain1 subdiv* **and**

*boundary-chain1*: *boundary-chain one-chain1* **and**

*boundary-chain2*: *boundary-chain subdiv* **and**

*line-integral-exists-on-chain2*:  $\forall b \in \text{basis}. \forall (k::\text{int}, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv}. \text{line-integral-exists}$

$F \{b\} \gamma$  **and**

*valid-path*:  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$  **and**

*valid-path-2*:  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$  **and**

*finite-chain1*: *finite one-chain1* **and**

*finite-basis*: *finite basis* **and**

*cont-field*:  $\forall b \in \text{basis}. \forall (k, \gamma 2) \in \text{subdiv}. \text{continuous-on } (\text{path-image } \gamma 2) (\lambda x. F x \cdot b)$

**shows** *one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain1* = *one-chain-line-integral F basis subdiv*

$\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *chain-reparam-chain'-line-integral-smooth-cubes*:

**assumes** *chain-reparam-chain'* *one-chain1 one-chain2*

$\forall (k 2, \gamma 2) \in \text{one-chain2}. \gamma 2 \text{ C1-differentiable-on } \{0..1\}$

$\forall b \in \text{basis}. \forall (k 2, \gamma 2) \in \text{one-chain2}. \text{continuous-on } (\text{path-image } \gamma 2) (\lambda x. F x \cdot b)$

*finite basis*

*finite one-chain1*

*boundary-chain one-chain1*

*boundary-chain one-chain2*

$\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$

**shows** *one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain1* = *one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain2*

$\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *chain-subdiv-path-pathimg-subset*:  
**assumes** *chain-subdiv-path*  $\gamma$  *subdiv*  
**shows**  $\forall (k', \gamma') \in \text{subdiv}. (\text{path-image } \gamma') \subseteq \text{path-image } \gamma$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *reparam-path-image*:  
**assumes** *reparam*  $\gamma1$   $\gamma2$   
**shows**  $\text{path-image } \gamma1 = \text{path-image } \gamma2$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *chain-reparam-weak-path-pathimg-subset*:  
**assumes** *chain-reparam-weak-path*  $\gamma$  *subdiv*  
**shows**  $\forall (k', \gamma') \in \text{subdiv}. (\text{path-image } \gamma') \subseteq \text{path-image } \gamma$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *chain-subdiv-chain-pathimg-subset'*:  
**assumes** *chain-subdiv-chain* *one-chain* *subdiv*  
**assumes**  $(k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv}$   
**shows**  $\exists k' \gamma'. (k', \gamma') \in \text{one-chain} \wedge \text{path-image } \gamma \subseteq \text{path-image } \gamma'$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *chain-subdiv-chain-pathimg-subset*:  
**assumes** *chain-subdiv-chain* *one-chain* *subdiv*  
**shows**  $\bigcup (\text{path-image } \{ \gamma. \exists k. (k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv} \}) \subseteq \bigcup (\text{path-image } \{ \gamma. \exists k. (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain} \})$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *chain-reparam-chain'-pathimg-subset'*:  
**assumes** *chain-reparam-chain'* *one-chain* *subdiv*  
**assumes**  $(k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv}$   
**shows**  $\exists k' \gamma'. (k', \gamma') \in \text{one-chain} \wedge \text{path-image } \gamma \subseteq \text{path-image } \gamma'$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**definition** *common-reparam-exists*::  $(\text{int} \times (\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real} \times \text{real})) \text{ set} \Rightarrow (\text{int} \times (\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real} \times \text{real})) \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  **where**  
*common-reparam-exists* *one-chain1* *one-chain2*  $\equiv$   
 $(\exists \text{subdiv } \text{ps1 } \text{ps2}.$   
 $\text{chain-reparam-chain}' (\text{one-chain1} - \text{ps1}) \text{ subdiv} \wedge$   
 $\text{chain-reparam-chain}' (\text{one-chain2} - \text{ps2}) \text{ subdiv} \wedge$   
 $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv}. \gamma \text{ C1-differentiable-on } \{0..1\}) \wedge$   
 $\text{boundary-chain } \text{subdiv} \wedge$   
 $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{ps1}. \text{point-path } \gamma) \wedge$   
 $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{ps2}. \text{point-path } \gamma))$

**lemma** *common-reparam-exists-imp-eq-line-integral*:  
**assumes** *finite-basis*: *finite basis* **and**

*finite one-chain1*  
*finite one-chain2*  
*boundary-chain (one-chain1::(int × (real ⇒ real × real)) set)*  
*boundary-chain (one-chain2::(int × (real ⇒ real × real)) set)*  
 $\forall (k2, \gamma2) \in \text{one-chain2}. \forall b \in \text{basis}. \text{continuous-on } (\text{path-image } \gamma2) (\lambda x. F x \cdot b)$   
*(common-reparam-exists one-chain1 one-chain2)*  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$   
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain2}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$   
**shows** *one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain1 = one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain2*  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$   
*<proof>*

**definition** *subcube :: real ⇒ real ⇒ (int × (real ⇒ real × real)) ⇒ (int × (real ⇒ real × real)) where*  
*subcube a b cube = (fst cube, subpath a b (snd cube))*

**lemma** *subcube-valid-path:*  
**assumes** *valid-path (snd cube) a ∈ {0..1} b ∈ {0..1}*  
**shows** *valid-path (snd (subcube a b cube))*  
*<proof>*

**end**

**theory** *Green*

**imports** *Paths Derivs Integrals General-Utills*

**begin**

**lemma** *frontier-Un-subset-Un-frontier:*  
 $\text{frontier } (s \cup t) \subseteq (\text{frontier } s) \cup (\text{frontier } t)$   
*<proof>*

**definition** *has-partial-derivative:: ('a::euclidean-space) ⇒ 'b::euclidean-space) ⇒ 'a ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'b) ⇒ ('a) ⇒ bool where*  
*has-partial-derivative F base-vec F' a*  
 $\equiv ((\lambda x::'a::euclidean-space. F( a - ((a \cdot \text{base-vec}) *_R \text{base-vec})) + (x \cdot \text{base-vec}) *_R \text{base-vec} ))$   
 $\text{has-derivative } F' (at a)$

**definition** *has-partial-vector-derivative:: (('a::euclidean-space) ⇒ 'b::euclidean-space) ⇒ 'a ⇒ ('b) ⇒ ('a) ⇒ bool where*  
*has-partial-vector-derivative F base-vec F' a*  
 $\equiv ((\lambda x. F( a - ((a \cdot \text{base-vec}) *_R \text{base-vec})) + x *_R \text{base-vec} ))$   
 $\text{has-vector-derivative } F' (at (a \cdot \text{base-vec}))$

**definition** *partially-vector-differentiable where*

*partially-vector-differentiable F base-vec p ≡ (∃ F'. has-partial-vector-derivative F base-vec F' p)*

**definition** *partial-vector-derivative*:: ( $'a::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow 'b::\text{euclidean-space}$ )  
 $\Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'b$  **where**  
*partial-vector-derivative*  $F$  *base-vec*  $a$   
 $\equiv (\text{vector-derivative } (\lambda x. F( (a - ((a \cdot \text{base-vec}) *_R \text{base-vec})) + x *_R$   
*base-vec*)) (at (a \cdot base-vec)))

**lemma** *partial-vector-derivative-works*:  
**assumes** *partially-vector-differentiable*  $F$  *base-vec*  $a$   
**shows** *has-partial-vector-derivative*  $F$  *base-vec* (*partial-vector-derivative*  $F$  *base-vec*  
 $a$ )  $a$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *fundamental-theorem-of-calculus-partial-vector*:  
**fixes**  $a$   $b::\text{real}$  **and**  
 $F::('a::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow 'b::\text{euclidean-space})$  **and**  
 $i::'a$  **and**  
 $j::'b$  **and**  
 $F\text{-}j\text{-}i::('a::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow \text{real})$   
**assumes** *a-leq-b*:  $a \leq b$  **and**  
*Base-vecs*:  $i \in \text{Basis}$   $j \in \text{Basis}$  **and**  
*no-i-component*:  $c \cdot i = 0$  **and**  
*has-partial-deriv*:  $\forall p \in D. \text{has-partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. (F\ x) \cdot j)$   $i$  ( $F\text{-}j\text{-}i$   
 $p$ )  $p$  **and**  
*domain-subset-of-D*:  $\{x *_R i + c \mid x. a \leq x \wedge x \leq b\} \subseteq D$   
**shows**  $((\lambda x. F\text{-}j\text{-}i(x *_R i + c)) \text{has-integral}$   
 $F(b *_R i + c) \cdot j - F(a *_R i + c) \cdot j)$  (*cbox*  $a$   $b$ )  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *fundamental-theorem-of-calculus-partial-vector-gen*:  
**fixes**  $k1$   $k2::\text{real}$  **and**  
 $F::('a::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow 'b::\text{euclidean-space})$  **and**  
 $i::'a$  **and**  
 $F\text{-}i::('a::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow 'b)$   
**assumes** *a-leq-b*:  $k1 \leq k2$  **and**  
*unit-len*:  $i \cdot i = 1$  **and**  
*no-i-component*:  $c \cdot i = 0$  **and**  
*has-partial-deriv*:  $\forall p \in D. \text{has-partial-vector-derivative } F$   $i$  ( $F\text{-}i$   $p$ )  $p$  **and**  
*domain-subset-of-D*:  $\{v. \exists x. k1 \leq x \wedge x \leq k2 \wedge v = x *_R i + c\} \subseteq D$   
**shows**  $( (\lambda x. F\text{-}i(x *_R i + c)) \text{has-integral}$   
 $F(k2 *_R i + c) - F(k1 *_R i + c)$ ) (*cbox*  $k1$   $k2$ )  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *add-scale-img*:  
**assumes**  $a < b$  **shows**  $(\lambda x::\text{real}. a + (b - a) * x) \text{' } \{0 .. 1\} = \{a .. b\}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *add-scale-img'*:  
**assumes**  $a \leq b$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x::\text{real}. a + (b - a) * x) \text{' } \{0 .. 1\} = \{a .. b\}$

*<proof>*

**definition** *analytically-valid*:: 'a::euclidean-space set  $\Rightarrow$  ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'b::{euclidean-space,times,zero-neq-one})  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  bool **where**

*analytically-valid* s F i  $\equiv$   
( $\forall a \in s$ . *partially-vector-differentiable* F i a)  $\wedge$   
*continuous-on* s F  $\wedge$  — TODO: should we replace this with saying that F is  
partially differentiable on Dy,  
— i.e. there is a partial derivative on every dimension  
*integrable lborel* ( $\lambda p$ . (*partial-vector-derivative* F i) p \* *indicator* s p)  $\wedge$   
( $\lambda x$ . *integral UNIV* ( $\lambda y$ . (*partial-vector-derivative* F i (y \*<sub>R</sub> i + x \*<sub>R</sub> ( $\sum b$   
 $\in$ (Basis - {i}). b)))) \* (*indicator* s (y \*<sub>R</sub> i + x \*<sub>R</sub> ( $\sum b \in$  Basis - {i}. b))))))  $\in$  *borel-measurable*  
lborel

**lemma** *analytically-valid-imp-part-deriv-integrable-on*:

**assumes** *analytically-valid* (s::(real\*real) set) (f::(real\*real) $\Rightarrow$  real) i  
**shows** (*partial-vector-derivative* f i) *integrable-on* s  
*<proof>*

**definition** *typeII-twoCube* :: ((real \* real)  $\Rightarrow$  (real \* real))  $\Rightarrow$  bool **where**

*typeII-twoCube* twoC  
 $\equiv \exists a b g1 g2. a < b \wedge (\forall x \in \{a..b\}. g2 x \leq g1 x) \wedge$   
 $twoC = (\lambda(y, x). ((1 - y) * (g2 ((1-x)*a + x*b)) + y * (g1$   
 $((1-x)*a + x*b))),$   
 $(1-x)*a + x*b)) \wedge$   
*g1* *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on* {a .. b}  $\wedge$   
*g2* *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on* {a .. b}

**abbreviation** *unit-cube* **where** *unit-cube*  $\equiv$  *cbox* (0,0) (1::real,1::real)

**definition** *cubeImage*:: *two-cube*  $\Rightarrow$  ((real\*real) set) **where**

*cubeImage* twoC  $\equiv$  (*twoC* ' *unit-cube*)

**lemma** *typeII-twoCubeImg*:

**assumes** *typeII-twoCube* twoC  
**shows**  $\exists a b g1 g2. a < b \wedge (\forall x \in \{a .. b\}. g2 x \leq g1 x) \wedge$   
 $cubeImage\ twoC = \{(y,x). x \in \{a..b\} \wedge y \in \{g2\ x .. g1\ x\}$   
 $\wedge twoC = (\lambda(y, x). ((1 - y) * g2 ((1 - x) * a + x * b) + y * g1$   
 $((1 - x) * a + x * b), (1 - x) * a + x * b))$   
 $\wedge g1\ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on\ \{a .. b\} \wedge g2\ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on\ \{a .. b\}$   
*<proof>*

**definition** *horizontal-boundary* :: *two-cube*  $\Rightarrow$  *one-chain* **where**



*horizontal-boundary twoC*  $\equiv \{(1, (\lambda x. \text{twoC}(x,0))), (-1, (\lambda x. \text{twoC}(x,1)))\}$

**definition** *vertical-boundary* :: *two-cube*  $\Rightarrow$  *one-chain* **where**

*vertical-boundary twoC*  $\equiv \{(-1, (\lambda y. \text{twoC}(0,y))), (1, (\lambda y. \text{twoC}(1,y)))\}$

**definition** *boundary* :: *two-cube*  $\Rightarrow$  *one-chain* **where**

*boundary twoC*  $\equiv$  *horizontal-boundary twoC*  $\cup$  *vertical-boundary twoC*

**definition** *valid-two-cube* **where**

*valid-two-cube twoC*  $\equiv$  *card (boundary twoC) = 4*

**definition** *two-chain-integral*:: *two-chain*  $\Rightarrow$   $((\text{real} * \text{real}) \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow \text{real}$  **where**

*two-chain-integral twoChain F*  $\equiv \sum C \in \text{twoChain}. (\text{integral} (\text{cubeImage } C) F)$

**definition** *valid-two-chain* **where**

*valid-two-chain twoChain*  $\equiv (\forall \text{twoCube} \in \text{twoChain}. \text{valid-two-cube } \text{twoCube})$   
 $\wedge$  *pairwise*  $(\lambda c1 \ c2. ((\text{boundary } c1) \cap (\text{boundary } c2)) = \{\})$  *twoChain*  $\wedge$  *inj-on cubeImage twoChain*

**definition** *two-chain-boundary*:: *two-chain*  $\Rightarrow$  *one-chain* **where**

*two-chain-boundary twoChain*  $\equiv \bigcup (\text{boundary } ` \text{twoChain})$

**definition** *gen-division* **where**

*gen-division s S*  $\equiv (\text{finite } S \wedge (\bigcup S = s) \wedge \text{pairwise } (\lambda X \ Y. \text{negligible } (X \cap Y)) S)$

**definition** *two-chain-horizontal-boundary*:: *two-chain*  $\Rightarrow$  *one-chain* **where**

*two-chain-horizontal-boundary twoChain*  $\equiv \bigcup (\text{horizontal-boundary } ` \text{twoChain})$

**definition** *two-chain-vertical-boundary*:: *two-chain*  $\Rightarrow$  *one-chain* **where**

*two-chain-vertical-boundary twoChain*  $\equiv \bigcup (\text{vertical-boundary } ` \text{twoChain})$

**definition** *only-horizontal-division* **where**

*only-horizontal-division one-chain two-chain*

$\equiv \exists \mathcal{H} \ \mathcal{V}. \text{finite } \mathcal{H} \wedge \text{finite } \mathcal{V} \wedge$

$(\forall (k, \gamma) \in \mathcal{H}.$

$(\exists (k', \gamma') \in \text{two-chain-horizontal-boundary } \text{two-chain}.$

$(\exists a \in \{0..1\}. \exists b \in \{0..1\}. a \leq b \wedge \text{subpath } a \ b \ \gamma' = \gamma))) \wedge$

$(\text{common-sudiv-exists } (\text{two-chain-vertical-boundary } \text{two-chain}) \ \mathcal{V}$

$\vee \text{common-reparam-exists } \mathcal{V} \ (\text{two-chain-vertical-boundary } \text{two-chain}))$

$\wedge$

*boundary-chain*  $\mathcal{V} \wedge$

*one-chain*  $= \mathcal{H} \cup \mathcal{V} \wedge (\forall (k, \gamma) \in \mathcal{V}. \text{valid-path } \gamma)$

**lemma** *sum-zero-set*:

**assumes**  $\forall x \in s. f \ x = 0$  *finite s finite t*

**shows** *sum f (s  $\cup$  t) = sum f t*

*<proof>*

**abbreviation** *valid-typeII-division s twoChain*  $\equiv ((\forall \text{twoCube} \in \text{twoChain}. \text{typeII-twoCube } \text{twoCube}) \wedge$

$(\text{gen-division } s (\text{cubeImage } \text{twoChain})) \wedge$   
 $(\text{valid-two-chain } \text{twoChain}))$

**lemma** *two-chain-vertical-boundary-is-boundary-chain*:

**shows** *boundary-chain (two-chain-vertical-boundary twoChain)*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *two-chain-horizontal-boundary-is-boundary-chain*:

**shows** *boundary-chain (two-chain-horizontal-boundary twoChain)*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition** *typeI-twoCube* :: *two-cube*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool* **where**

*typeI-twoCube (twoC::two-cube)*  
 $\equiv \exists a b g1 g2. a < b \wedge (\forall x \in \{a..b\}. g2 x \leq g1 x) \wedge$   
 $\text{twoC} = (\lambda(x,y). ((1-x)*a + x*b,$   
 $(1 - y) * (g2 ((1-x)*a + x*b)) + y * (g1$   
 $((1-x)*a + x*b)))) \wedge$   
 $g1 \text{ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } \{a..b\} \wedge$   
 $g2 \text{ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } \{a..b\}$

**lemma** *typeI-twoCubeImg*:

**assumes** *typeI-twoCube twoC*  
**shows**  $\exists a b g1 g2. a < b \wedge (\forall x \in \{a .. b\}. g2 x \leq g1 x) \wedge$   
 $\text{cubeImage } \text{twoC} = \{(x,y). x \in \{a..b\} \wedge y \in \{g2 x .. g1 x\}\} \wedge$   
 $\text{twoC} = (\lambda(x, y). ((1 - x) * a + x * b, (1 - y) * g2 ((1 - x) * a + x * b) + y * g1 ((1 - x) * a + x * b))) \wedge$   
 $g1 \text{ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } \{a .. b\} \wedge g2 \text{ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } \{a .. b\}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *typeI-cube-explicit-spec*:

**assumes** *typeI-twoCube twoC*  
**shows**  $\exists a b g1 g2. a < b \wedge (\forall x \in \{a .. b\}. g2 x \leq g1 x) \wedge$   
 $\text{cubeImage } \text{twoC} = \{(x,y). x \in \{a..b\} \wedge y \in \{g2 x .. g1 x\}\}$   
 $\wedge \text{twoC} = (\lambda(x, y). ((1 - x) * a + x * b, (1 - y) * g2 ((1 - x) * a + x * b) + y * g1 ((1 - x) * a + x * b)))$   
 $\wedge g1 \text{ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } \{a .. b\} \wedge g2 \text{ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } \{a .. b\}$   
 $\wedge (\lambda x. \text{twoC}(x, 0)) = (\lambda x. (a + (b - a) * x, g2 (a + (b - a) * x)))$   
 $\wedge (\lambda y. \text{twoC}(1, y)) = (\lambda x. (b, g2 b + x *_R (g1 b - g2 b)))$   
 $\wedge (\lambda x. \text{twoC}(x, 1)) = (\lambda x. (a + (b - a) * x, g1 (a + (b - a) * x)))$   
 $\wedge (\lambda y. \text{twoC}(0, y)) = (\lambda x. (a, g2 a + x *_R (g1 a - g2 a)))$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *typeI-twoCube-smooth-edges*:  
**assumes** *typeI-twoCube twoC*  
 $(k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary twoC}$   
**shows**  $\gamma$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *two-chain-integral-eq-integral-divisible*:  
**assumes** *f-integrable*:  $\forall \text{twoCube} \in \text{twoChain}. F$  *integrable-on* *cubeImage twoCube*  
**and**  
*gen-division*: *gen-division*  $s$  (*cubeImage* ‘ *twoChain*) **and**  
*valid-two-chain*: *valid-two-chain* *twoChain*  
**shows** *integral*  $s$   $F = \text{two-chain-integral}$  *twoChain*  $F$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition** *only-vertical-division where*  
*only-vertical-division one-chain two-chain*  $\equiv$   
 $\exists \mathcal{V} \mathcal{H}. \text{finite } \mathcal{H} \wedge \text{finite } \mathcal{V} \wedge$   
 $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in \mathcal{V}. (\exists (k', \gamma') \in \text{two-chain-vertical-boundary two-chain}.$   
 $(\exists a \in \{0..1\}. \exists b \in \{0..1\}. a \leq b \wedge \text{subpath } a \text{ } b \text{ } \gamma' = \gamma))) \wedge$   
 $(\text{common-sudiv-exists } (\text{two-chain-horizontal-boundary two-chain}) \mathcal{H}$   
 $\vee \text{common-reparam-exists } \mathcal{H} (\text{two-chain-horizontal-boundary two-chain}))$   
 $\wedge$   
 $\text{boundary-chain } \mathcal{H} \wedge \text{one-chain} = \mathcal{V} \cup \mathcal{H} \wedge$   
 $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in \mathcal{H}. \text{valid-path } \gamma)$

**abbreviation** *valid-typeI-division s twoChain*  
 $\equiv (\forall \text{twoCube} \in \text{twoChain}. \text{typeI-twoCube twoCube}) \wedge$   
 $\text{gen-division } s (\text{cubeImage } ' \text{twoChain}) \wedge \text{valid-two-chain twoChain}$

**lemma** *field-cont-on-typeI-region-cont-on-edges*:  
**assumes** *typeI-twoC*: *typeI-twoCube twoC*  
**and** *field-cont*: *continuous-on* (*cubeImage twoC*)  $F$   
**and** *member-of-boundary*:  $(k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary twoC}$   
**shows** *continuous-on* ( $\gamma$  ‘  $\{0 .. 1\}$ )  $F$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *typeII-cube-explicit-spec*:  
**assumes** *typeII-twoCube twoC*  
**shows**  $\exists a \ b \ g1 \ g2. a < b \wedge (\forall x \in \{a .. b\}. g2 \ x \leq g1 \ x) \wedge$   
 $\text{cubeImage twoC} = \{(y, x). x \in \{a..b\} \wedge y \in \{g2 \ x .. g1 \ x\}\}$   
 $\wedge \text{twoC} = (\lambda(y, x). ((1 - y) * g2 ((1 - x) * a + x * b) + y * g1$   
 $((1 - x) * a + x * b), (1 - x) * a + x * b))$   
 $\wedge g1$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{a .. b\} \wedge g2$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  
 $\{a .. b\}$   
 $\wedge (\lambda x. \text{twoC}(0, x)) = (\lambda x. (g2 (a + (b - a) * x), a + (b - a) * x))$   
 $\wedge (\lambda y. \text{twoC}(y, 1)) = (\lambda x. (g2 \ b + x *_{\mathbb{R}} (g1 \ b - g2 \ b), b))$   
 $\wedge (\lambda x. \text{twoC}(1, x)) = (\lambda x. (g1 (a + (b - a) * x), a + (b - a) * x))$

$\wedge (\lambda y. \text{twoC}(y, 0)) = (\lambda x. (g2\ a + x *_R (g1\ a - g2\ a), a))$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *typeII-twoCube-smooth-edges*:  
 assumes *typeII-twoCube twoC*  $(k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary twoC}$   
 shows  $\gamma$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *field-cont-on-typeII-region-cont-on-edges*:  
 assumes *typeII-twoC*:  
   *typeII-twoCube twoC* **and**  
   *field-cont*:  
   *continuous-on* (*cubeImage twoC*) *F* **and**  
   *member-of-boundary*:  
    $(k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary twoC}$   
 shows *continuous-on*  $(\gamma \text{ ' } \{0 .. 1\})$  *F*  
 <proof>

**lemma** *two-cube-boundary-is-boundary*: *boundary-chain* (*boundary C*)  
 <proof>

**lemma** *common-boundary-subdiv-exists-refl*:  
 assumes  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary twoC}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$   
 shows *common-boundary-sudivision-exists* (*boundary twoC*) (*boundary twoC*)  
 <proof>

**lemma** *common-boundary-subdiv-exists-refl'*:  
 assumes  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in C. \text{valid-path } \gamma$   
   *boundary-chain* ( $C :: (\text{int} \times (\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real} \times \text{real})) \text{ set}$ )  
 shows *common-boundary-sudivision-exists* (*C*) (*C*)  
 <proof>

**lemma** *gen-common-boundary-subdiv-exists-refl-twochain-boundary*:  
 assumes  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in C. \text{valid-path } \gamma$   
   *boundary-chain* ( $C :: (\text{int} \times (\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real} \times \text{real})) \text{ set}$ )  
 shows *common-sudiv-exists* (*C*) (*C*)  
 <proof>

**lemma** *two-chain-boundary-is-boundary-chain*:  
 shows *boundary-chain* (*two-chain-boundary twoChain*)  
 <proof>

**lemma** *typeI-edges-are-valid-paths*:  
 assumes *typeI-twoCube twoC*  $(k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary twoC}$   
 shows *valid-path*  $\gamma$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *typeII-edges-are-valid-paths*:  
 assumes *typeII-twoCube twoC*  $(k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary twoC}$

**shows** *valid-path*  $\gamma$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *finite-two-chain-vertical-boundary*:

**assumes** *finite two-chain*  
**shows** *finite (two-chain-vertical-boundary two-chain)*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *finite-two-chain-horizontal-boundary*:

**assumes** *finite two-chain*  
**shows** *finite (two-chain-horizontal-boundary two-chain)*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**locale** *R2* =

**fixes** *i j*  
**assumes** *i-is-x-axis: i = (1::real, 0::real)* **and**  
*j-is-y-axis: j = (0::real, 1::real)*

**begin**

**lemma** *analytically-valid-y*:

**assumes** *analytically-valid s F i*  
**shows**  $(\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. (\text{partial-vector-derivative } F \ i) \ (y, x) * (\text{indicator } s \ (y, x)))) \in \text{borel-measurable lborel}$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *analytically-valid-x*:

**assumes** *analytically-valid s F j*  
**shows**  $(\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. ((\text{partial-vector-derivative } F \ j) \ (x, y)) * (\text{indicator } s \ (x, y)))) \in \text{borel-measurable lborel}$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *Greens-thm-type-I*:

**fixes** *F:: (real\*real)  $\Rightarrow$  (real \* real)* **and**  
*gamma1 gamma2 gamma3 gamma4 :: (real  $\Rightarrow$  (real \* real))* **and**  
*a:: real* **and** *b:: real* **and**  
*g1:: (real  $\Rightarrow$  real)* **and** *g2:: (real  $\Rightarrow$  real)*  
**assumes** *Dy-def: Dy-pair = {(x::real,y) . x  $\in$  cbox a b  $\wedge$  y  $\in$  cbox (g2 x) (g1 x)}*

**and**

*gamma1-def: gamma1 = ( $\lambda x. (a + (b - a) * x, g2(a + (b - a) * x))$ )* **and**

*gamma1-smooth: gamma1 piecewise-C1-differentiable-on {0..1}* **and**

*gamma2-def: gamma2 = ( $\lambda x. (b, g2(b) + x *_R (g1(b) - g2(b)))$ )* **and**

*gamma3-def: gamma3 = ( $\lambda x. (a + (b - a) * x, g1(a + (b - a) * x))$ )* **and**

*gamma3-smooth: gamma3 piecewise-C1-differentiable-on {0..1}* **and**

*gamma4-def: gamma4 = ( $\lambda x. (a, g2(a) + x *_R (g1(a) - g2(a)))$ )* **and**

*F-i-analytically-valid: analytically-valid Dy-pair ( $\lambda p. F(p) \cdot i$ ) j* **and**

*g2-leq-g1:  $\forall x \in \text{cbox } a \ b. (g2 \ x) \leq (g1 \ x)$*  **and**

*a-lt-b: a < b*

**shows**  $(\text{line-integral } F \ \{i\} \ \text{gamma1}) +$   
 $(\text{line-integral } F \ \{i\} \ \text{gamma2}) -$

$(\text{line-integral } F \{i\} \text{ gamma3}) -$   
 $(\text{line-integral } F \{i\} \text{ gamma4})$   
 $= (\text{integral } Dy\text{-pair } (\lambda a. - (\text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda p. F(p) \cdot i) j$   
 $a)))$   
 $\text{line-integral-exists } F \{i\} \text{ gamma4}$   
 $\text{line-integral-exists } F \{i\} \text{ gamma3}$   
 $\text{line-integral-exists } F \{i\} \text{ gamma2}$   
 $\text{line-integral-exists } F \{i\} \text{ gamma1}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**theorem** *Greens-thm-type-II:*

**fixes**  $F :: (\text{real} * \text{real}) \Rightarrow (\text{real} * \text{real})$  **and**  
 $\text{gamma4 } \text{gamma3 } \text{gamma2 } \text{gamma1} :: (\text{real} \Rightarrow (\text{real} * \text{real}))$  **and**  
 $a :: \text{real}$  **and**  $b :: \text{real}$  **and**  
 $g1 :: (\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real})$  **and**  $g2 :: (\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real})$   
**assumes**  $Dx\text{-def}: Dx\text{-pair} = \{(x :: \text{real}, y) . y \in \text{cbox } a \ b \wedge x \in \text{cbox } (g2 \ y) \ (g1 \ y)\}$   
**and**  
 $\text{gamma4-def}: \text{gamma4} = (\lambda x. (g2(a + (b - a) * x), a + (b - a) * x))$  **and**  
 $\text{gamma4-smooth}: \text{gamma4}$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$  **and**  
 $\text{gamma3-def}: \text{gamma3} = (\lambda x. (g2(b) + x *_R (g1(b) - g2(b)), b))$  **and**  
 $\text{gamma2-def}: \text{gamma2} = (\lambda x. (g1(a + (b - a) * x), a + (b - a) * x))$  **and**  
 $\text{gamma2-smooth}: \text{gamma2}$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$  **and**  
 $\text{gamma1-def}: \text{gamma1} = (\lambda x. (g2(a) + x *_R (g1(a) - g2(a)), a))$  **and**  
 $F\text{-j-analytically-valid}: \text{analytically-valid } Dx\text{-pair } (\lambda p. F(p) \cdot j)$   $i$  **and**  
 $g2\text{-leq-g1}: \forall x \in \text{cbox } a \ b. (g2 \ x) \leq (g1 \ x)$  **and**  
 $a\text{-lt-b}: a < b$   
**shows**  $-(\text{line-integral } F \{j\} \text{ gamma4}) -$   
 $(\text{line-integral } F \{j\} \text{ gamma3}) +$   
 $(\text{line-integral } F \{j\} \text{ gamma2}) +$   
 $(\text{line-integral } F \{j\} \text{ gamma1})$   
 $= (\text{integral } Dx\text{-pair } (\lambda a. (\text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda a. (F \ a) \cdot j) \ i$   
 $a)))$   
 $\text{line-integral-exists } F \{j\} \text{ gamma4}$   
 $\text{line-integral-exists } F \{j\} \text{ gamma3}$   
 $\text{line-integral-exists } F \{j\} \text{ gamma2}$   
 $\text{line-integral-exists } F \{j\} \text{ gamma1}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**end**

**locale** *green-typeII-cube* =  $R2 +$

**fixes**  $\text{twoC } F$

**assumes**

$\text{two-cube}: \text{typeII-twoCube } \text{twoC}$  **and**

$\text{valid-two-cube}: \text{valid-two-cube } \text{twoC}$  **and**

$f\text{-analytically-valid}: \text{analytically-valid } (\text{cubeImage } \text{twoC}) (\lambda x. (F \ x) \cdot j)$   $i$

**begin**

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeII-twoCube:*

**shows** *integral (cubeImage twoC) (λa. partial-vector-derivative (λx. (F x) · j) i a) = one-chain-line-integral F {j} (boundary twoC)*  
 $\forall (k,\gamma) \in \text{boundary twoC}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \{j\} \gamma$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-on-typeII-Cube-boundaries'*:  
**assumes**  $(k,\gamma) \in \text{boundary twoC}$   
**shows** *line-integral-exists F {j} γ*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**end**

**locale** *green-typeII-chain = R2 +*  
**fixes** *F two-chain s*  
**assumes** *valid-typeII-div: valid-typeII-division s two-chain and*  
*F-anal-valid:  $\forall \text{twoC} \in \text{two-chain}. \text{analytically-valid (cubeImage twoC) (λx. (F x) · j) i}$*   
**begin**

**lemma** *two-chain-valid-valid-cubes:  $\forall \text{two-cube} \in \text{two-chain}. \text{valid-two-cube two-cube}$*   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *typeII-chain-line-integral-exists-boundary'*:  
**shows**  $\forall (k,\gamma) \in \text{two-chain-vertical-boundary two-chain}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \{j\} \gamma$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *typeII-chain-line-integral-exists-boundary''*:  
 $\forall (k,\gamma) \in \text{two-chain-horizontal-boundary two-chain}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \{j\} \gamma$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *typeII-cube-line-integral-exists-boundary*:  
 $\forall (k,\gamma) \in \text{two-chain-boundary two-chain}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \{j\} \gamma$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *type-II-chain-horiz-bound-valid*:  
 $\forall (k,\gamma) \in \text{two-chain-horizontal-boundary two-chain}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *type-II-chain-vert-bound-valid*:  
 $\forall (k,\gamma) \in \text{two-chain-vertical-boundary two-chain}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *members-of-only-horiz-div-line-integrable'*:  
**assumes** *only-horizontal-division one-chain two-chain*  
 $(k::\text{int}, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain}$   
 $(k::\text{int}, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain}$   
*finite two-chain*  
 $\forall \text{two-cube} \in \text{two-chain}. \text{valid-two-cube two-cube}$

**shows** *line-integral-exists*  $F \{j\} \gamma$   
(proof)

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeII-twoChain*:

**shows** *two-chain-integral two-chain* (partial-vector-derivative  $(\lambda a. (F a) \cdot j) i$ )  
= *one-chain-line-integral*  $F \{j\}$  (two-chain-boundary two-chain)  
(proof)

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeII-divisible*:

**assumes**

*gen-division*: *gen-division*  $s$  (cubeImage ' two-chain)

**shows** *integral s* (partial-vector-derivative  $(\lambda x. (F x) \cdot j) i$ ) = *one-chain-line-integral*  
 $F \{j\}$  (two-chain-boundary two-chain)  
(proof)

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeII-divisible-region-boundary-gen*:

**assumes** *only-horizontal-division*: *only-horizontal-division*  $\gamma$  two-chain

**shows** *integral s* (partial-vector-derivative  $(\lambda x. (F x) \cdot j) i$ ) = *one-chain-line-integral*  
 $F \{j\} \gamma$   
(proof)

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeII-divisible-region-boundary*:

**assumes**

*two-cubes-trace-vertical-boundaries*:

*two-chain-vertical-boundary two-chain*  $\subseteq \gamma$  **and**

*boundary-of-region-is-subset-of-partition-boundary*:

$\gamma \subseteq$  *two-chain-boundary two-chain*

**shows** *integral s* (partial-vector-derivative  $(\lambda x. (F x) \cdot j) i$ ) = *one-chain-line-integral*  
 $F \{j\} \gamma$   
(proof)

**end**

**locale** *green-typeI-cube* =  $R^2 +$

**fixes** *twoC F*

**assumes**

*two-cube*: *typeI-twoCube twoC* **and**

*valid-two-cube*: *valid-two-cube twoC* **and**

*f-analytically-valid*: *analytically-valid* (cubeImage twoC)  $(\lambda x. (F x) \cdot i) j$

**begin**

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-twoCube*:

**shows** *integral* (cubeImage twoC)  $(\lambda a. - \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda p. F p \cdot i) j$   
 $a) = \text{one-chain-line-integral } F \{i\}$  (boundary twoC)

$\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary twoC. line-integral-exists } F \{i\} \gamma$

(proof)

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-on-typeI-Cube-boundaries'*:

**assumes**  $(k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary twoC}$



**shows** *line-integral-exists*  $F \{i\} \gamma$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**end**

**locale** *green-typeI-chain* =  $R2 +$   
**fixes**  $F$  *two-chain*  $s$   
**assumes** *valid-typeI-div*: *valid-typeI-division*  $s$  *two-chain* **and**  
 $F$ -*anal-valid*:  $\forall$  *twoC*  $\in$  *two-chain*. *analytically-valid* (*cubeImage* *twoC*)  $(\lambda x. (F x) \cdot$   
 $(F x) \cdot i) j$   
**begin**

**lemma** *two-chain-valid-valid-cubes*:  $\forall$  *two-cube*  $\in$  *two-chain*. *valid-two-cube* *two-cube*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *typeI-cube-line-integral-exists-boundary'*:  
**assumes**  $\forall$  *two-cube*  $\in$  *two-chain*. *typeI-twoCube* *two-cube*  
**assumes**  $\forall$  *twoC*  $\in$  *two-chain*. *analytically-valid* (*cubeImage* *twoC*)  $(\lambda x. (F x) \cdot$   
 $i) j$   
**assumes**  $\forall$  *two-cube*  $\in$  *two-chain*. *valid-two-cube* *two-cube*  
**shows**  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in$  *two-chain-vertical-boundary* *two-chain*. *line-integral-exists*  $F \{i\}$   
 $\gamma$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *typeI-cube-line-integral-exists-boundary''*:  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in$  *two-chain-horizontal-boundary* *two-chain*. *line-integral-exists*  $F \{i\} \gamma$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *typeI-cube-line-integral-exists-boundary*:  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in$  *two-chain-boundary* *two-chain*. *line-integral-exists*  $F \{i\} \gamma$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *type-I-chain-horiz-bound-valid*:  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in$  *two-chain-horizontal-boundary* *two-chain*. *valid-path*  $\gamma$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *type-I-chain-vert-bound-valid*:  
**assumes**  $\forall$  *two-cube*  $\in$  *two-chain*. *typeI-twoCube* *two-cube*  
**shows**  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in$  *two-chain-vertical-boundary* *two-chain*. *valid-path*  $\gamma$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *members-of-only-vertical-div-line-integrable'*:  
**assumes** *only-vertical-division* *one-chain* *two-chain*  
 $(k::int, \gamma) \in$  *one-chain*  
 $(k::int, \gamma) \in$  *one-chain*  
*finite* *two-chain*  
**shows** *line-integral-exists*  $F \{i\} \gamma$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-two-chain:*

*two-chain-integral two-chain*  $(\lambda a. - \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. (F x) \cdot i) j a)$   
 $= \text{one-chain-line-integral } F \{i\}$  *(two-chain-boundary two-chain)*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-divisible:*

**assumes** *gen-division: gen-division s (cubeImage ' two-chain)*  
**shows** *integral s*  $(\lambda x. - \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda a. F(a) \cdot i) j x) = \text{one-chain-line-integral}$   
 $F \{i\}$  *(two-chain-boundary two-chain)*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-divisible-region-boundary:*

**assumes**  
*gen-division: gen-division s (cubeImage ' two-chain)* **and**  
*two-cubes-trace-horizontal-boundaries:*  
*two-chain-horizontal-boundary two-chain*  $\subseteq \gamma$  **and**  
*boundary-of-region-is-subset-of-partition-boundary:*  
 $\gamma \subseteq \text{two-chain-boundary two-chain}$   
**shows** *integral s*  $(\lambda x. - \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda a. F(a) \cdot i) j x) = \text{one-chain-line-integral}$   
 $F \{i\}$   $\gamma$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-divisible-region-boundary-gen:*

**assumes** *valid-typeI-div: valid-typeI-division s two-chain* **and**  
*f-analytically-valid:  $\forall \text{twoC} \in \text{two-chain. analytically-valid (cubeImage twoC)}$*   
 $(\lambda a. F(a) \cdot i) j$  **and**  
*only-vertical-division:*  
*only-vertical-division  $\gamma$  two-chain*  
**shows** *integral s*  $(\lambda x. - \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda a. F(a) \cdot i) j x) = \text{one-chain-line-integral}$   
 $F \{i\}$   $\gamma$   
*<proof>*

**end**

**locale** *green-typeI-typeII-chain = R2: R2 i j + T1: green-typeI-chain i j F two-chain-typeI*  
*+ T2: green-typeII-chain i j F two-chain-typeII* **for** *i j F two-chain-typeI two-chain-typeII*  
**begin**

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-typeII-divisible-region-boundary:*

**assumes**  
*gen-divisions: gen-division s (cubeImage ' two-chain-typeI)*  
*gen-division s (cubeImage ' two-chain-typeII)* **and**  
*typeI-two-cubes-trace-horizontal-boundaries:*  
*two-chain-horizontal-boundary two-chain-typeI*  $\subseteq \gamma$  **and**  
*typeII-two-cubes-trace-vertical-boundaries:*  
*two-chain-vertical-boundary two-chain-typeII*  $\subseteq \gamma$  **and**  
*boundary-of-region-is-subset-of-partition-boundaries:*  
 $\gamma \subseteq \text{two-chain-boundary two-chain-typeI}$   
 $\gamma \subseteq \text{two-chain-boundary two-chain-typeII}$

**shows**  $\text{integral } s (\lambda x. \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda a. F a \cdot j) i x - \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda a. F a \cdot i) j x)$   
 $= \text{one-chain-line-integral } F \{i, j\} \gamma$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-typeII-divisible-region'*:

**assumes**

*only-vertical-division:*

*only-vertical-division one-chain-typeI two-chain-typeI*

*boundary-chain one-chain-typeI and*

*only-horizontal-division:*

*only-horizontal-division one-chain-typeII two-chain-typeII*

*boundary-chain one-chain-typeII and*

*typeI-and-typeII-one-chains-have-gen-common-subdiv:*

*common-sudiv-exists one-chain-typeI one-chain-typeII*

**shows**  $\text{integral } s (\lambda x. \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. (F x) \cdot j) i x - \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. (F x) \cdot i) j x) = \text{one-chain-line-integral } F \{i, j\} \text{ one-chain-typeI}$   
 $\text{integral } s (\lambda x. \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. (F x) \cdot j) i x - \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. (F x) \cdot i) j x) = \text{one-chain-line-integral } F \{i, j\} \text{ one-chain-typeII}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-typeII-divisible-region:*

**assumes** *only-vertical-division:*

*only-vertical-division one-chain-typeI two-chain-typeI*

*boundary-chain one-chain-typeI and*

*only-horizontal-division:*

*only-horizontal-division one-chain-typeII two-chain-typeII*

*boundary-chain one-chain-typeII and*

*typeI-and-typeII-one-chains-have-common-subdiv:*

*common-boundary-sudivision-exists one-chain-typeI one-chain-typeII*

**shows**  $\text{integral } s (\lambda x. \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. (F x) \cdot j) i x - \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. (F x) \cdot i) j x) = \text{one-chain-line-integral } F \{i, j\} \text{ one-chain-typeI}$   
 $\text{integral } s (\lambda x. \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. (F x) \cdot j) i x - \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. (F x) \cdot i) j x) = \text{one-chain-line-integral } F \{i, j\} \text{ one-chain-typeII}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-typeII-divisible-region-finite-holes:*

**assumes** *valid-cube-boundary:  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary } C. \text{valid-path } \gamma$  and*

*only-vertical-division:*

*only-vertical-division (boundary C) two-chain-typeI and*

*only-horizontal-division:*

*only-horizontal-division (boundary C) two-chain-typeII and*

*s-is-oneCube:  $s = \text{cubeImage } C$*

**shows**  $\text{integral } (\text{cubeImage } C) (\lambda x. \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. F x \cdot j) i x - \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. F x \cdot i) j x) =$   
 $\text{one-chain-line-integral } F \{i, j\} (\text{boundary } C)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-typeII-divisible-region-equivallent-boundary:*

**assumes**  
*gen-divisions: gen-division s (cubeImage ' two-chain-typeI)*  
*gen-division s (cubeImage ' two-chain-typeII) and*  
*typeI-two-cubes-trace-horizontal-boundaries:*  
*two-chain-horizontal-boundary two-chain-typeI  $\subseteq$  one-chain-typeI and*  
*typeII-two-cubes-trace-vertical-boundaries:*  
*two-chain-vertical-boundary two-chain-typeII  $\subseteq$  one-chain-typeII and*  
*boundary-of-region-is-subset-of-partition-boundaries:*  
*one-chain-typeI  $\subseteq$  two-chain-boundary two-chain-typeI*  
*one-chain-typeII  $\subseteq$  two-chain-boundary two-chain-typeII and*  
*typeI-and-typeII-one-chains-have-common-subdiv:*  
*common-boundary-sudivision-exists one-chain-typeI one-chain-typeII*  
**shows** *integral s ( $\lambda x$ . partial-vector-derivative ( $\lambda x$ . (F x)  $\cdot$  j) i x - partial-vector-derivative*  
*( $\lambda x$ . (F x)  $\cdot$  i) j x) = one-chain-line-integral F {i, j} one-chain-typeI*  
*integral s ( $\lambda x$ . partial-vector-derivative ( $\lambda x$ . (F x)  $\cdot$  j) i x - partial-vector-derivative*  
*( $\lambda x$ . (F x)  $\cdot$  i) j x) = one-chain-line-integral F {i, j} one-chain-typeII*  
*<proof>*

**end**  
**end**  
**theory** *SymmetricR2Shapes*  
**imports** *Green*  
**begin**

**context** *R2*  
**begin**

**lemma** *valid-path-valid-swap:*  
**assumes** *valid-path ( $\lambda x::real$ . ((f x)::real, (g x)::real))*  
**shows** *valid-path (prod.swap o ( $\lambda x$ . (f x, g x)))*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *pair-fun-components: C = ( $\lambda x$ . (C x  $\cdot$  i, C x  $\cdot$  j))*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *swap-pair-fun: ( $\lambda y$ . prod.swap (C (y, 0))) = ( $\lambda x$ . (C (x, 0)  $\cdot$  j, C (x, 0)*  
 *$\cdot$  i))*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *swap-pair-fun': ( $\lambda y$ . prod.swap (C (y, 1))) = ( $\lambda x$ . (C (x, 1)  $\cdot$  j, C (x, 1)*  
 *$\cdot$  i))*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *swap-pair-fun'': ( $\lambda y$ . prod.swap (C (0, y))) = ( $\lambda x$ . (C (0, x)  $\cdot$  j, C (0, x)*  
 *$\cdot$  i))*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *swap-pair-fun''': ( $\lambda y$ . prod.swap (C (1, y))) = ( $\lambda x$ . (C (1, x)  $\cdot$  j, C (1, x)*  
 *$\cdot$  i))*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *swap-valid-boundaries*:

**assumes**  $\forall (k,\gamma) \in \text{boundary } C. \text{ valid-path } \gamma$

**assumes**  $(k,\gamma) \in \text{boundary } (\text{prod.swap } o \ C \ o \ \text{prod.swap})$

**shows** *valid-path*  $\gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *prod-comp-eq*:

**assumes**  $f = \text{prod.swap } o \ g$

**shows**  $\text{prod.swap } o \ f = g$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *swap-typeI-is-typeII*:

**assumes** *typeI-twoCube*  $C$

**shows** *typeII-twoCube*  $(\text{prod.swap } o \ C \ o \ \text{prod.swap})$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *valid-cube-valid-swap*:

**assumes** *valid-two-cube*  $C$

**shows** *valid-two-cube*  $(\text{prod.swap } o \ C \ o \ \text{prod.swap})$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *twoChainVertDiv-of-itself*:

**assumes** *finite*  $C$

$\forall (k, \gamma) \in (\text{two-chain-boundary } C). \text{ valid-path } \gamma$

**shows** *only-vertical-division*  $(\text{two-chain-boundary } C) \ C$

*<proof>*

**end**

**definition** *x-coord* **where**  $x\text{-coord} \equiv (\lambda t::\text{real}. t - 1/2)$

**lemma** *x-coord-smooth*: *x-coord* *C1-differentiable-on*  $\{a..b\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *x-coord-bounds*:

**assumes**  $(0::\text{real}) \leq x \leq 1$

**shows**  $-1/2 \leq x\text{-coord } x \wedge x\text{-coord } x \leq 1/2$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *x-coord-img*: *x-coord*  $\text{' } \{(0::\text{real})..1\} = \{-1/2 .. 1/2\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *x-coord-back-img*: *finite*  $(\{0..1\} \cap x\text{-coord} \text{' } \{x::\text{real}\})$

*<proof>*

**abbreviation**  $rot\text{-}x\ t1\ t2 \equiv (if\ (t1 - 1/2) \leq 0\ then\ (2 * t2 - 1) * t1 + 1/2 ::real\ else\ 2 * t2 - 2 * t1 * t2 + t1 - 1/2 ::real)$

**lemma**  $rot\text{-}x\text{-}invl$ :

**assumes**  $0 \leq x$

$x \leq 1$

$0 \leq y$

$y \leq 1$

**shows**  $0 \leq rot\text{-}x\ x\ y \wedge rot\text{-}x\ x\ y \leq 1$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**end**

## 2 The Circle Example

**theory**  $CircExample$

**imports**  $Green\ SymmetricR2Shapes$

**begin**

**locale**  $circle = R2 +$

**fixes**  $d :: real$

**assumes**  $d\text{-}gt\text{-}0$ :  $0 < d$

**begin**

**definition**  $circle\text{-}y$  **where**

$circle\text{-}y\ t = sqrt\ (1/4 - t * t)$

**definition**  $circle\text{-}cube$  **where**

$circle\text{-}cube = (\lambda(x,y). ((x - 1/2) * d, (2 * y - 1) * d * sqrt\ (1/4 - (x - 1/2)*(x - 1/2))))$

**lemma**  $circle\text{-}cube\text{-}nice$ :

**shows**  $circle\text{-}cube = (\lambda(x,y). (d * x\text{-}coord\ x, (2 * y - 1) * d * circle\text{-}y\ (x\text{-}coord\ x)))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**definition**  $rot\text{-}circle\text{-}cube$  **where**

$rot\text{-}circle\text{-}cube = prod.swap \circ (circle\text{-}cube) \circ prod.swap$

**abbreviation**  $rot\text{-}y\ t1\ t2 \equiv ((t1 - 1/2)/(2 * circle\text{-}y\ (x\text{-}coord\ (rot\text{-}x\ t1\ t2))) + 1/2 ::real)$

**definition**  $x\text{-}coord\text{-}inv\ (x :: real) = (1/2) + x$

**lemma**  $x\text{-}coord\text{-}inv\text{-}1$ :  $x\text{-}coord\text{-}inv\ (x\text{-}coord\ (x :: real)) = x$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $x\text{-}coord\text{-}inv\text{-}2$ :  $x\text{-}coord\ (x\text{-}coord\text{-}inv\ (x :: real)) = x$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**definition**  $circle-y-inv = circle-y$

**abbreviation**  $rot-x'' (x::real) (y::real) \equiv (x-coord-inv ((2 * y - 1) * circle-y (x-coord x)))$

**lemma**  $circle-y-bounds$ :

**assumes**  $-1/2 \leq (x::real) \wedge x \leq 1/2$   
**shows**  $0 \leq circle-y x \wedge circle-y x \leq 1/2$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $circle-y-x-coord-bounds$ :

**assumes**  $0 \leq (x::real) \wedge x \leq 1$   
**shows**  $0 \leq circle-y (x-coord x) \wedge circle-y (x-coord x) \leq 1/2$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $rot-x-ivl$ :

**assumes**  $(0::real) \leq x \wedge x \leq 1 \wedge 0 \leq y \wedge y \leq 1$   
**shows**  $0 \leq rot-x'' x y \wedge rot-x'' x y \leq 1$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**abbreviation**  $rot-y'' (x::real) (y::real) \equiv (x-coord x)/(2 * (circle-y (x-coord (rot-x'' x y)))) + 1/2$

**lemma**  $rot-y-ivl$ :

**assumes**  $(0::real) \leq x \wedge x \leq 1 \wedge 0 \leq y \wedge y \leq 1$   
**shows**  $0 \leq rot-y'' x y \wedge rot-y'' x y \leq 1$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $circle-eq-rot-circle$ :

**assumes**  $0 \leq x \wedge x \leq 1 \wedge 0 \leq y \wedge y \leq 1$   
**shows**  $(circle-cube (x, y)) = (rot-circle-cube (rot-y'' x y, rot-x'' x y))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $rot-circle-eq-circle$ :

**assumes**  $0 \leq x \wedge x \leq 1 \wedge 0 \leq y \wedge y \leq 1$   
**shows**  $(rot-circle-cube (x, y)) = (circle-cube (rot-x'' y x, rot-y'' y x))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $rot-img-eq$ :

**assumes**  $0 < d$   
**shows**  $(cubeImage (circle-cube)) = (cubeImage (rot-circle-cube))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $rot-circle-div-circle$ :

**assumes**  $0 < (d::real)$   
**shows**  $gen-division (cubeImage circle-cube) (cubeImage \{rot-circle-cube\})$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *circle-cube-boundary-valid*:  
**assumes**  $(k,\gamma)\in\text{boundary circle-cube}$   
**shows** *valid-path*  $\gamma$   
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-cube-boundary-valid*:  
**assumes**  $(k,\gamma)\in\text{boundary rot-circle-cube}$   
**shows** *valid-path*  $\gamma$   
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

**lemma** *diff-divide-cancel*:  
**fixes**  $z::\text{real}$  **shows**  $z \neq 0 \implies (a * z - a * (b * z)) / z = (a - a * b)$   
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

**lemma** *circle-cube-is-type-I*:  
**assumes**  $0 < d$   
**shows** *typeI-twoCube circle-cube*  
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-cube-is-type-II*:  
**shows** *typeII-twoCube rot-circle-cube*  
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

**definition** *circle-bot-edge where*  
 $\text{circle-bot-edge} = (1::\text{int}, \lambda t. (x\text{-coord } t * d, - d * \text{circle-y } (x\text{-coord } t)))$

**definition** *circle-top-edge where*  
 $\text{circle-top-edge} = (- 1::\text{int}, \lambda t. (x\text{-coord } t * d, d * \text{circle-y } (x\text{-coord } t)))$

**definition** *circle-right-edge where*  
 $\text{circle-right-edge} = (1::\text{int}, \lambda y. (d/2, 0))$

**definition** *circle-left-edge where*  
 $\text{circle-left-edge} = (- 1::\text{int}, \lambda y. (- (d/2), 0))$

**lemma** *circle-cube-boundary-explicit*:  
 $\text{boundary circle-cube} = \{\text{circle-left-edge}, \text{circle-right-edge}, \text{circle-bot-edge}, \text{circle-top-edge}\}$   
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

**definition** *rot-circle-right-edge where*  
 $\text{rot-circle-right-edge} = (1::\text{int}, \lambda t. (d * \text{circle-y } (x\text{-coord } t), x\text{-coord } t * d))$

**definition** *rot-circle-left-edge where*  
 $\text{rot-circle-left-edge} = (- 1::\text{int}, \lambda t. (- d * \text{circle-y } (x\text{-coord } t), x\text{-coord } t * d))$

**definition** *rot-circle-top-edge where*  
 $\text{rot-circle-top-edge} = (- 1::\text{int}, \lambda y. (0, d/2))$

**definition** *rot-circle-bot-edge where*



$rot-circle-bot-edge = (1::int, \lambda y. (0, - (d/2)))$

**lemma** *rot-circle-cube-boundary-explicit*:

$boundary (rot-circle-cube) =$   
 $\{rot-circle-top-edge, rot-circle-bot-edge, rot-circle-right-edge, rot-circle-left-edge\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-cube-vertical-boundary-explicit*:

$vertical-boundary rot-circle-cube = \{rot-circle-right-edge, rot-circle-left-edge\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *circ-left-edge-neq-top*:

$(- 1::int, \lambda y::real. (- (d/2), 0)) \neq (- 1, \lambda x. ((x - 1/2) * d, d * sqrt (1/4 -$   
 $(x - 1/2) * (x - 1/2))))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *circle-cube-valid-two-cube*:  $valid-two-cube (circle-cube)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-cube-valid-two-cube*:

**shows**  $valid-two-cube rot-circle-cube$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition** *circle-arc-0* **where**  $circle-arc-0 = (1, \lambda t::real. (0,0))$

**lemma** *circle-top-bot-edges-neq'* [simp]:

**shows**  $circle-top-edge \neq circle-bot-edge$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-top-left-edges-neq* [simp]:  $rot-circle-top-edge \neq rot-circle-left-edge$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-bot-left-edges-neq* [simp]:  $rot-circle-bot-edge \neq rot-circle-left-edge$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-top-right-edges-neq* [simp]:  $rot-circle-top-edge \neq rot-circle-right-edge$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-bot-right-edges-neq* [simp]:  $rot-circle-bot-edge \neq rot-circle-right-edge$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-right-top-edges-neq'* [simp]:  $rot-circle-right-edge \neq rot-circle-left-edge$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-left-bot-edges-neq* [simp]:  $rot-circle-left-edge \neq rot-circle-top-edge$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *circle-right-top-edges-neq* [simp]:  $circle-right-edge \neq circle-top-edge$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *circle-left-bot-edges-neq* [*simp*]: *circle-left-edge*  $\neq$  *circle-bot-edge*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *circle-left-top-edges-neq* [*simp*]: *circle-left-edge*  $\neq$  *circle-top-edge*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *circle-right-bot-edges-neq* [*simp*]: *circle-right-edge*  $\neq$  *circle-bot-edge*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**definition** *circle-polar* **where**

*circle-polar*  $t = ((d/2) * \cos (2 * \pi * t), (d/2) * \sin (2 * \pi * t))$

**lemma** *circle-polar-smooth*: (*circle-polar*) *C1-differentiable-on* {0..1}  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**abbreviation** *custom-arccos*  $\equiv (\lambda x. (if -1 \leq x \wedge x \leq 1 then \arccos x else (if x < -1 then -x + \pi else 1 - x)))$

**lemma** *cont-custom-arccos*:

**assumes**  $S \subseteq \{-1..1\}$

**shows** *continuous-on*  $S$  *custom-arccos*

⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *custom-arccos-has-deriv*:

**assumes**  $-1 < x < 1$

**shows** *DERIV* *custom-arccos*  $x := inverse (- \sqrt{1 - x^2})$

⟨*proof*⟩

**declare**

*custom-arccos-has-deriv*[*THEN* *DERIV-chain2*, *derivative-intros*]

*custom-arccos-has-deriv*[*THEN* *DERIV-chain2*, *unfolded has-field-derivative-def*, *derivative-intros*]

**lemma** *circle-boundary-reparams*:

**shows** *rot-circ-left-edge-reparam-polar-circ-split*:

*reparam* (*rec-join* [(*rot-circle-left-edge*)] (*rec-join* [(*subcube* (1/4) (1/2) (1, *circle-polar*)), (*subcube* (1/2) (3/4) (1, *circle-polar*))]))

(**is** ?*P1*)

**and** *circ-top-edge-reparam-polar-circ-split*:

*reparam* (*rec-join* [(*circle-top-edge*)] (*rec-join* [(*subcube* 0 (1/4) (1, *circle-polar*)), (*subcube* (1/4) (1/2) (1, *circle-polar*))]))

(**is** ?*P2*)

**and** *circ-bot-edge-reparam-polar-circ-split*:

*reparam* (*rec-join* [(*circle-bot-edge*)] (*rec-join* [(*subcube* (1/2) (3/4) (1, *circle-polar*)), (*subcube* (3/4) 1 (1, *circle-polar*))]))

(**is** ?*P3*)

**and** *rot-circ-right-edge-reparam-polar-circ-split*:

*reparam* (*rec-join* [(*rot-circle-right-edge*)] (*rec-join* [(*subcube* (3/4) 1 (1, *circle-polar*))]))

$cle-polar)), (subcube\ 0\ (1/4)\ (1,\ circle-polar)))]$   
**(is ?P<sub>4</sub>)**  
 <proof>

**definition** *circle-cube-boundary-to-polarcircle* **where**

*circle-cube-boundary-to-polarcircle*  $\gamma \equiv$   
 if  $(\gamma = (circle-top-edge))$  then  
    $\{subcube\ 0\ (1/4)\ (1,\ circle-polar),\ subcube\ (1/4)\ (1/2)\ (1,\ circle-polar)\}$   
 else if  $(\gamma = (circle-bot-edge))$  then  
    $\{subcube\ (1/2)\ (3/4)\ (1,\ circle-polar),\ subcube\ (3/4)\ 1\ (1,\ circle-polar)\}$   
 else {}

**definition** *rot-circle-cube-boundary-to-polarcircle* **where**

*rot-circle-cube-boundary-to-polarcircle*  $\gamma \equiv$   
 if  $(\gamma = (rot-circle-left-edge))$  then  
    $\{subcube\ (1/4)\ (1/2)\ (1,\ circle-polar),\ subcube\ (1/2)\ (3/4)\ (1,\ circle-polar)\}$   
 else if  $(\gamma = (rot-circle-right-edge))$  then  
    $\{subcube\ (3/4)\ 1\ (1,\ circle-polar),\ subcube\ 0\ (1/4)\ (1,\ circle-polar)\}$   
 else {}

**lemma** *circle-arcs-neq*:

**assumes**  $0 \leq k \leq 1\ 0 \leq n \leq 1\ n < k\ k + n < 1$   
**shows**  $subcube\ k\ m\ (1,\ circle-polar) \neq subcube\ n\ q\ (1,\ circle-polar)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *circle-arcs-neq-2*:

**assumes**  $0 \leq k \leq 1\ 0 \leq n \leq 1\ n < k\ 0 < n$  **and**  $kn12: 1/2 < k + n$  **and**  
 $k + n < 3/2$   
**shows**  $subcube\ k\ m\ (1,\ circle-polar) \neq subcube\ n\ q\ (1,\ circle-polar)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *circle-cube-is-only-horizontal-div-of-rot*:

**shows** *only-horizontal-division* (boundary (circle-cube)) {rot-circle-cube}  
 <proof>

**lemma** *GreenThm-circlce*:

**assumes**  $\forall\ twoC \in \{circle-cube\}$ . *analytically-valid* (cubeImage twoC)  $(\lambda x. F\ x \cdot$   
 $i)\ j$   
 $\forall\ twoC \in \{rot-circle-cube\}$ . *analytically-valid* (cubeImage twoC)  $(\lambda x. F\ x \cdot j)\ i$   
**shows** *integral* (cubeImage (circle-cube))  $(\lambda x. partial-vector-derivative\ (\lambda x. F\ x \cdot$   
 $j)\ i\ x - partial-vector-derivative\ (\lambda x. F\ x \cdot i)\ j\ x) =$   
   *one-chain-line-integral*  $F\ \{i,\ j\}$  (boundary (circle-cube))

<proof>

**end**

**end**

### 3 The Diamond Example

**theory** *DiamExample*

**imports** *Green SymmetricR2Shapes*

**begin**

**lemma** *abs-if'*:

**fixes**  $a :: 'a :: \{abs-if, ordered-ab-group-add\}$

**shows**  $|a| = (if\ a \leq 0\ then\ -\ a\ else\ a)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**locale** *diamond* = *R2* +

**fixes**  $d :: real$

**assumes**  $d-gt-0: 0 < d$

**begin**

**definition** *diamond-y-gen* ::  $real \Rightarrow real$  **where**

$diamond-y-gen \equiv \lambda t. 1/2 - |t|$

**definition** *diamond-cube-gen*::  $((real * real) \Rightarrow (real * real))$  **where**

$diamond-cube-gen \equiv (\lambda(x,y). (d * x-coord\ x, (2 * y - 1) * (d * diamond-y-gen\ (x-coord\ x))))$

**lemma** *diamond-y-gen-valid*:

**assumes**  $a \leq 0 \ 0 \leq b$

**shows** *diamond-y-gen piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{a..b\}$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *diamond-cube-gen-boundary-valid*:

**assumes**  $(k,\gamma) \in boundary\ (diamond-cube-gen)$

**shows** *valid-path*  $\gamma$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**definition** *diamond-x* **where**

$diamond-x \equiv \lambda t. (t - 1/2) * d$

**definition** *diamond-y* **where**

$diamond-y \equiv \lambda t. d/2 - |t|$

**definition** *diamond-cube* **where**

$diamond-cube = (\lambda(x,y). (diamond-x\ x, (2 * y - 1) * (diamond-y\ (diamond-x\ x))))$

**definition** *rot-diamond-cube* **where**

$rot-diamond-cube = prod.swap\ o\ (diamond-cube)\ o\ prod.swap$

**lemma** *diamond-eq-characterisations*:

**shows**  $diamond-cube\ (x,y) = diamond-cube-gen\ (x,y)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *diamond-eq-characterisations-fun*:  $\text{diamond-cube} = \text{diamond-cube-gen}$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *diamond-y-valid*:  
**shows** *diamond-y* *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{-d/2..d/2\}$  (is ?P)  
 $(\lambda x. \text{diamond-y } x)$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{-d/2..d/2\}$  (is ?Q)  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *diamond-cube-boundary-valid*:  
**assumes**  $(k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary } (\text{diamond-cube})$   
**shows** *valid-path*  $\gamma$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *diamond-cube-is-type-I*:  
**shows** *typeI-twoCube* (*diamond-cube*)  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *diamond-cube-valid-two-cube*:  
**shows** *valid-two-cube* (*diamond-cube*)  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *rot-diamond-cube-boundary-valid*:  
**assumes**  $(k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary } (\text{rot-diamond-cube})$   
**shows** *valid-path*  $\gamma$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *rot-diamond-cube-is-type-II*:  
**shows** *typeII-twoCube* (*rot-diamond-cube*)  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *rot-diamond-cube-valid-two-cube*: *valid-two-cube* (*rot-diamond-cube*)  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**definition** *diamond-top-edges where*  
 $\text{diamond-top-edges} = (-1::\text{int}, \lambda x. (\text{diamond-x } x, \text{diamond-y } (\text{diamond-x } x)))$

**definition** *diamond-bot-edges where*  
 $\text{diamond-bot-edges} = (1::\text{int}, \lambda x. (\text{diamond-x } x, - \text{diamond-y } (\text{diamond-x } x)))$

**lemma** *diamond-cube-boundary-explicit*:  
 $\text{boundary } (\text{diamond-cube}) =$   
 $\{\text{diamond-top-edges},$   
 $\text{diamond-bot-edges},$   
 $(-1::\text{int}, \lambda y. (\text{diamond-x } 0, (2 * y - 1) * \text{diamond-y } (\text{diamond-x } 0))),$   
 $(1::\text{int}, \lambda y. (\text{diamond-x } 1, (2 * y - 1) * \text{diamond-y } (\text{diamond-x } 1)))\}$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**definition** *diamond-top-left-edge where*

$diamond-top-left-edge = (-1::int, (\lambda x. (diamond-x (1/2 * x), (diamond-x (1/2 * x)) + d/2)))$

**definition** *diamond-top-right-edge* **where**

$diamond-top-right-edge = (-1::int, (\lambda x. (diamond-x (1/2 * x + 1/2), -(diamond-x (1/2 * x + 1/2)) + d/2)))$

**definition** *diamond-bot-left-edge* **where**

$diamond-bot-left-edge = (1::int, (\lambda x. (diamond-x (1/2 * x), -(diamond-x (1/2 * x)) + d/2)))$

**definition** *diamond-bot-right-edge* **where**

$diamond-bot-right-edge = (1::int, (\lambda x. (diamond-x (1/2 * x + 1/2), -(-(diamond-x (1/2 * x + 1/2)) + d/2)))$

**lemma** *diamond-edges-are-valid*:

$valid-path (snd (diamond-top-left-edge))$   
 $valid-path (snd (diamond-top-right-edge))$   
 $valid-path (snd (diamond-bot-left-edge))$   
 $valid-path (snd (diamond-bot-right-edge))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition** *diamond-cube-boundary-to-subdiv* **where**

$diamond-cube-boundary-to-subdiv (gamma::(int \times (real \Rightarrow real \times real))) \equiv$   
 if  $(gamma = diamond-top-edges)$  then  
 $\{diamond-top-left-edge, diamond-top-right-edge\}$   
 else if  $(gamma = diamond-bot-edges)$  then  
 $\{diamond-bot-left-edge, diamond-bot-right-edge\}$   
 else  $\{\}$

**lemma** *rot-diam-edge-1*:

$(1::int, \lambda x::real. ((x::real) * (2 * diamond-y (diamond-x 0)) - 1 * diamond-y (diamond-x 0), diamond-x 0)) =$   
 $(1, \lambda x. (x * (2 * diamond-y (diamond-x 0)) - (diamond-y (diamond-x 0)), diamond-x 0))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition** *diamond-left-edges* **where**

$diamond-left-edges = (-1, \lambda y. (-diamond-y (diamond-x y), diamond-x y))$

**definition** *diamond-right-edges* **where**

$diamond-right-edges = (1, \lambda y. (diamond-y (diamond-x y), diamond-x y))$

**lemma** *rot-diamond-cube-boundary-explicit*:

$boundary (rot-diamond-cube) = \{(1::int, \lambda x::real. ((2 * x - 1) * diamond-y (diamond-x 0), diamond-x 0)),$   
 $(-1, \lambda x. ((2 * x - 1) * diamond-y (diamond-x 1), diamond-x 1)),$   
 $diamond-left-edges, diamond-right-edges\}$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *rot-diamond-cube-vertical-boundary-explicit:*

*vertical-boundary (rot-diamond-cube) = {diamond-left-edges, diamond-right-edges}*

⟨proof⟩

**definition** *rot-diamond-cube-boundary-to-subdiv* **where**

*rot-diamond-cube-boundary-to-subdiv (gamma::(int × (real ⇒ real × real))) ≡*

*if (gamma = diamond-left-edges) then {diamond-bot-left-edge, diamond-top-left-edge}*

*else if (gamma = diamond-right-edges) then {diamond-bot-right-edge, diamond-top-right-edge}*

*else {}*

**definition** *diamond-boundaries-reparam-map* **where**

*diamond-boundaries-reparam-map ≡ id*

**lemma** *diamond-boundaries-reparam-map-bij:*

*bij (diamond-boundaries-reparam-map)*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *diamond-bot-edges-neq-diamond-top-edges:*

*diamond-bot-edges ≠ diamond-top-edges*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *diamond-top-left-edge-neq-diamond-top-right-edge:*

*diamond-top-left-edge ≠ diamond-top-right-edge*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *neqs1:*

**shows**  $(\lambda x. (diamond-x\ x, diamond-y\ (diamond-x\ x))) \neq (\lambda x. (diamond-x\ x, -diamond-y\ (diamond-x\ x)))$

**and**  $(\lambda y. (-diamond-y\ (diamond-x\ y), diamond-x\ y)) \neq (\lambda y. (diamond-y\ (diamond-x\ y), diamond-x\ y))$

**and**  $(\lambda x. (diamond-x(x/2 + 1/2), diamond-x(x/2 + 1/2) - d/2)) \neq (\lambda x. (diamond-x(x/2), -diamond-x(x/2) - d/2))$

**and**  $(\lambda x. (diamond-x(x/2 + 1/2), d/2 - diamond-x(x/2 + 1/2))) \neq (\lambda x. (diamond-x(x/2), diamond-x(x/2) + d/2))$

**and**  $(\lambda x. (diamond-x(x/2), -diamond-x(x/2) - d/2)) \neq (\lambda x. (diamond-x(x/2 + 1/2), diamond-x(x/2 + 1/2) - d/2))$

**and**  $(\lambda x. (diamond-x(x/2), diamond-x(x/2) + d/2)) \neq (\lambda x. (diamond-x(x/2 + 1/2), d/2 - diamond-x(x/2 + 1/2)))$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *neqs2:*

**shows**  $(\lambda x. (diamond-x\ x, diamond-y\ (diamond-x\ x))) \neq (\lambda x. ((2 * x - 1) * diamond-y\ (diamond-x\ 1), diamond-x\ 1))$

**and**  $(\lambda x. (diamond-x\ x, -diamond-y\ (diamond-x\ x))) \neq (\lambda x. ((2 * x - 1) * diamond-y\ (diamond-x\ 0), diamond-x\ 0))$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *diamond-cube-is-only-horizontal-div-of-rot*:  
**shows** *only-horizontal-division* (*boundary* (*diamond-cube*)) {*rot-diamond-cube*}  
⟨*proof*⟩

**abbreviation** *rot-y t1 t2*  $\equiv (t1 - 1/2) / (2 * \text{diamond-y-gen } (x\text{-coord } (rot\text{-x } t1 t2))) + 1/2$

**lemma** *rot-y-ivl*:  
**assumes**  $0 :: \text{real} \leq x \leq 1 \ 0 \leq y \leq 1$   
**shows**  $0 \leq \text{rot-y } x \ y \wedge \text{rot-y } x \ y \leq 1$   
⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *diamond-gen-eq-rot-diamond*:  
**assumes**  $0 \leq x \leq 1 \ 0 \leq y \leq 1$   
**shows** (*diamond-cube-gen* (*x*, *y*)) = (*rot-diamond-cube* (*rot-y* *x* *y*, *rot-x* *x* *y*))  
⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *rot-diamond-eq-diamond-gen*:  
**assumes**  $0 \leq x \leq 1 \ 0 \leq y \leq 1$   
**shows** *rot-diamond-cube* (*x*, *y*) = *diamond-cube-gen* (*rot-x* *y* *x*, *rot-y* *y* *x*)  
⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *rot-img-eq*: *cubeImage* (*diamond-cube-gen*) = *cubeImage* (*rot-diamond-cube*)  
⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *rot-diamond-gen-div-diamond-gen*:  
**shows** *gen-division* (*cubeImage* (*diamond-cube-gen*)) (*cubeImage* ‘{*rot-diamond-cube*})  
⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *rot-diamond-gen-div-diamond*:  
**shows** *gen-division* (*cubeImage* (*diamond-cube*)) (*cubeImage* ‘{*rot-diamond-cube*})  
⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *GreenThm-diamond*:  
**assumes** *analytically-valid* (*cubeImage* (*diamond-cube*)) ( $\lambda x. F \ x \cdot i$ ) *j*  
*analytically-valid* (*cubeImage* (*diamond-cube*)) ( $\lambda x. F \ x \cdot j$ ) *i*  
**shows** *integral* (*cubeImage* (*diamond-cube*)) ( $\lambda x. \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. F \ x \cdot j) \ i \ x - \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. F \ x \cdot i) \ j \ x$ ) =  
*one-chain-line-integral* *F* {*i*, *j*} (*boundary* (*diamond-cube*))  
⟨*proof*⟩  
**end**  
**end**