# Graph Saturation

Sebastiaan J. C. Joosten

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#### Abstract

This is an Isabelle/HOL formalisation of graph saturation, closely following a paper by the author on graph saturation [2]. Nine out of ten lemmas of the original paper are proven in this formalisation. The formalisation additionally includes two theorems that show the main premise of the paper: that consistency and entailment are decided through graph saturation. This formalisation does not give executable code, and it did not implement any of the optimisations suggested in the paper.

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## 1 Introduction

Although the formalisation follows a paper by the author on graph saturation [2], it is foremost a formalisation. This document highlights the differences, where applicable. Nevertheless, the reader is advised to start by reading [2]. A copy might be available on http://sjcjoosten.nl/4-publications/ joosten18/.

The first publication of this graph saturation algorithm is in [1]. While that paper contains a somewhat more category-theoretical view, it also has fewer proofs and less rigor. Graph Saturation was originally developed to potentially benefit the Ampersand compiler [4].

### 2 Labeled Graphs

We define graphs as in the paper. Graph homomorphisms and subgraphs are defined slightly differently. Their correspondence to the definitions in the paper is given by separate lemmas. After defining graphs, we only talk about the semantics until after defining homomorphisms. The reason is that graph rewriting can be done without knowing about semantics.

```
theory LabeledGraphs

imports MissingRelation

begin

datatype ('1, 'v) \ labeled\_graph

= LG \ (edges: "('1 × 'v × 'v) \ set") \ (vertices: "'v \ set")

definition \ restrict \ where

"restrict \ G = LG \ \{(1, v1, v2) \in edges \ G. \ v1 \in vertices \ G \land v2 \in vertices \ G \ \} \ (vertices \ G)"
```

Definition 1. We define graphs and show that any graph with no edges (in particular the empty graph) is indeed a graph.

abbreviation graph where "graph  $X \equiv X$  = restrict X"

```
lemma graph_empty_e[intro]: "graph (LG {} v)" unfolding restrict_def
by auto
```

lemma graph\_single[intro]: "graph (LG {(a,b,c)} {b,c})" unfolding restrict\_def by auto

abbreviation finite\_graph where "finite\_graph X  $\equiv$  graph X  $\wedge$  finite (vertices X)  $\wedge$  finite (edges X)"

```
lemma restrict_idemp[simp]:
    "restrict (restrict x) = restrict x"
by(cases x,auto simp:restrict_def)
```

```
lemma vertices_restrict[simp]:
    "vertices (restrict G) = vertices G"
    by(cases G,auto simp:restrict_def)
```

```
lemma restrictI[intro]:
  assumes "edges G \subseteq {(1,v1,v2). v1 \in vertices G \land v2 \in vertices G
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  shows "G = restrict G"
  using assms by(cases G,auto simp:restrict_def)
lemma restrict_subsD[dest]:
  assumes "edges G \subseteq edges (restrict G)"
  shows "G = restrict G"
  using assms by (cases G, auto simp:restrict_def)
lemma restrictD[dest]:
  assumes "G = restrict G"
  shows "edges G \subseteq \{(1, v1, v2) : v1 \in vertices G \land v2 \in vertices G \}"
proof -
  have "edges (restrict G) \subseteq {(1,v1,v2). v1 \in vertices G \land v2 \in vertices
G }"
    by (cases G,auto simp:restrict_def)
  thus ?thesis using assms by auto
qed
definition on_triple where "on_triple R \equiv \{((1,s,t),(1',s',t')) : 1=1'\}
\land (s,s') \in R \land (t,t') \in R}"
lemma on_triple[simp]:
  "((11,v1,v2),(12,v3,v4)) \in on_triple R \leftrightarrow (v1,v3)\in R \land (v2,v4) \in
R \wedge 11 = 12''
unfolding on_triple_def by auto
lemma on_triple_univ[intro!]:
  "univalent f \implies univalent (on_triple f)"
  unfolding on_triple_def univalent_def by auto
lemma on_tripleD[dest]:
  assumes "((11,v1,v2),(12,v3,v4)) \in on_triple R"
  shows "12 = 11" "(v1,v3)\in R" "(v2,v4) \in R"
 using assms unfolding on_triple_def by auto
lemma on_triple_ID_restrict[simp]:
  shows "on_triple (Id_on (vertices G)) '' edges G = edges (restrict G)"
  unfolding on_triple_def by(cases G,auto simp:restrict_def)
lemma relcomp_on_triple[simp]:
  shows "on_triple (R 0 S) = on_triple R 0 on_triple S"
  unfolding on_triple_def by fast
lemma on_triple_preserves_finite[intro]:
"finite E \implies finite (on_triple (BNF_Def.Gr A f) '' E)"
```

by (auto simp:on\_triple\_def BNF\_Def.Gr\_def) lemma on\_triple\_fst[simp]: assumes "vertices G = Domain g" "graph G" shows "x  $\in$  fst ' on\_triple g '' (edges G)  $\longleftrightarrow$  x  $\in$  fst ' edges G" proof assume "x  $\in$  fst ' on\_triple g '' edges G" then obtain a b where "(x,a,b)  $\in$  on\_triple g '' edges G" by force then obtain c d where " $(x,c,d) \in edges G$ " unfolding on\_triple\_def by auto thus " $x \in fst$  ' edges G" by force next assume "x  $\in$  fst ' edges G" then obtain a b where  $ab: "(x,a,b) \in edges G"$  by force then obtain c d where "(a,c)  $\in$  g" "(b,d)  $\in$  g" using assms by force hence " $(x,c,d) \in on_{triple} g$  '' edges G" using ab unfolding on\_triple\_def by auto thus "x  $\in$  fst 'on\_triple g '' edges G" by (metis fst\_conv image\_iff) qed definition edge\_preserving where "edge\_preserving h e1 e2  $\equiv$  $(\forall (k,v1,v2) \in e1. \forall v1' v2'. ((v1, v1') \in h \land (v2,v2') \in h)$  $\rightarrow$  (k,v1',v2')  $\in$  e2)" lemma edge\_preserving\_atomic: assumes "edge\_preserving h1 e1 e2" "(v1, v1')  $\in$  h1" "(v2, v2')  $\in$  h1" "(k, v1, v2)  $\in$  e1" shows "(k, v1', v2')  $\in e2$ " using assms unfolding edge\_preserving\_def by auto lemma edge\_preservingI[intro]: assumes "on\_triple R ''  $E \subseteq$  G" shows "edge\_preserving R E G" unfolding edge\_preserving\_def proof(clarify,goal\_cases) case (1 a s t v1' v2') thus ?case by (intro assms[THEN subsetD]) (auto simp:on\_triple\_def) qed lemma on\_triple\_dest[dest]: assumes "on\_triple R ''  $E \subseteq G$ " "(1,x,y)  $\in$  E" "(x,xx)  $\in$  R" "(y,yy)  $\in$  R" shows "(l,xx,yy)  $\in$  G" using assms unfolding Image\_def on\_triple\_def by blast lemma edge\_preserving: shows "edge\_preserving R E G  $\longleftrightarrow$  on\_triple R '' E  $\subseteq$  G" proof assume "edge\_preserving R E G" hence " $\land$  k v1 v2 v1' v2'. (k, v1, v2) $\in E \implies$ 

```
(v1, v1') \in \mathbb{R} \implies (v2, v2') \in \mathbb{R} \implies (k, v1', v2') \in G''
    unfolding edge_preserving_def by auto
  then show "on_triple R '' E \subseteq G" unfolding Image_def by auto
qed auto
lemma edge_preserving_subset:
  assumes "R_1 \subseteq R_2" "E_1 \subseteq E_2" "edge_preserving R_2 E_2 G"
  shows "edge_preserving R_1 E_1 G"
  using assms unfolding edge_preserving_def by blast
lemma edge_preserving_unionI[intro]:
  assumes "edge_preserving f A G" "edge_preserving f B G"
 shows "edge_preserving f (A \cup B) G"
  using assms unfolding edge_preserving_def by blast
lemma compose preserves edge preserving:
  assumes "edge_preserving h1 e1 e2" "edge_preserving h2 e2 e3"
 shows "edge_preserving (h1 0 h2) e1 e3" unfolding edge_preserving_def
proof(standard,standard,standard,standard,standard,goal_cases)
  case (1 _ k _ v1 v2 v1'' v2'')
  hence 1:"(k, v1, v2) \in e1" "(v1, v1'') \in h1 0 h2" "(v2, v2'') \in h1
0 h2" by auto
  then obtain v1', v2', where
    v:"(v1,v1') \in h1" "(v1',v1'') \in h2" "(v2,v2') \in h1" "(v2',v2'') \in
h2" by auto
 from edge_preserving_atomic[OF assms(1) v(1,3) 1(1)]
       edge_preserving_atomic[OF assms(2) v(2,4)]
 show ?case by metis
qed
```

lemma edge\_preserving\_Id[intro]: "edge\_preserving (Id\_on y) x x"
unfolding edge\_preserving\_def by auto

This is an alternate version of definition 10. We require @termvertices s = Domain h to ensure that graph homomorphisms are sufficiently unique: The partiality follows the definition in the paper, per the remark before Def. 7. but it means that we cannot use Isabelle's total functions for the homomorphisms. We show that graph homomorphisms and embeddings coincide in a separate lemma.

```
definition graph_homomorphism where

"graph_homomorphism G_1 \ G_2 \ f

= ( vertices G_1 = Domain f

\land graph G_1 \land graph G_2

\land f '' vertices G_1 \subseteq vertices G_2

\land univalent f

\land edge_preserving f (edges G_1) (edges G_2)

)"
```

lemma graph\_homomorphismI:

```
assumes "vertices s = Domain h"
          "h '' vertices s \subseteq vertices t"
          "univalent h"
          "edge_preserving h (edges s) (edges t)"
          "s = restrict s" "t = restrict t"
  shows "graph_homomorphism s t h" using assms unfolding graph_homomorphism_def
by auto
lemma graph_homomorphism_composes[intro]:
  assumes "graph_homomorphism a b x"
          "graph_homomorphism b c y"
 shows "graph_homomorphism a c (x 0 y)" proof(rule graph_homomorphismI,goal_cases)
  case 1
    have "vertices a \subseteq Domain x" "x '' vertices a \subseteq Domain y"
      using assms(1,2)[unfolded graph_homomorphism_def] by blast+
    from this Domain O[OF this]
    show ?case using assms[unfolded graph_homomorphism_def] by auto
 next
  case 2 from assms show ?case unfolding graph_homomorphism_def by blast
 qed (insert assms, auto simp:graph_homomorphism_def intro:compose_preserves_edge_preserving)
lemma graph_homomorphism_empty[simp]:
  "graph_homomorphism (LG {} {}) G f \longleftrightarrow f = {} \land graph G"
unfolding graph_homomorphism_def by auto
lemma graph_homomorphism_Id[intro]:
 shows "graph_homomorphism (restrict a) (restrict a) (Id_on (vertices
a))"
 by (rule graph_homomorphismI; auto simp:edge_preserving_def)
lemma Id_on_vertices_identity:
 assumes "graph_homomorphism a b f"
          "(aa, ba) \in f"
  shows "(aa, ba) \in Id_on (vertices a) O f"
        "(aa, ba) \in f O Id on (vertices b)"
  using assms unfolding graph_homomorphism_def by auto
   Alternate version of definition 7.
abbreviation subgraph
  where "subgraph G_1 G_2
  \equiv graph_homomorphism G<sub>1</sub> G<sub>2</sub> (Id_on (vertices G<sub>1</sub>))"
lemma subgraph_trans:
  assumes "subgraph G_1 G_2" "subgraph G_2 G_3"
  shows "subgraph G_1 G_3"
proof-
  from assms[unfolded graph_homomorphism_def]
  have "Id_on (vertices G_1) 0 Id_on (vertices G_2) = Id_on (vertices G_1)"
```

by auto

with <code>graph\_homomorphism\_composes[OF assms]</code> show ?thesis by auto  $\operatorname{qed}$ 

Just before Definition 7 in the paper, a notation is introduced for applying a function to a graph. We use map\_graph for this, and the version map\_graph\_fn in case that its first argument is a total function rather than a partial one.

```
definition map_graph :: "('c \times 'b) set \Rightarrow ('a, 'c) labeled_graph \Rightarrow ('a,
'b) labeled_graph" where
  "map_graph f G = LG (on_triple f '' (edges G)) (f '' (vertices G))"
lemma map_graph_selectors[simp]:
  "vertices (map_graph f G) = f '' (vertices G)"
  "edges (map_graph f G) = on_triple f '' (edges G)"
  unfolding map_graph_def by auto
lemma map_graph_comp[simp]:
  assumes "Range g \subseteq Domain f"
 shows "map_graph (g 0 f) = map_graph f o map_graph g"
proof(standard,goal_cases)
  case (1 x)
 from assms have "map_graph (g 0 f) x = (map_graph f o map_graph g)
x"
    unfolding map_graph_def by auto
 thus ?case by auto
qed
lemma map_graph_returns_restricted:
  assumes "vertices G = Domain f"
 shows "map_graph f G = restrict (map_graph f G)"
  using assms by (cases G, auto simp:map_graph_def restrict_def)
lemma map_graph_preserves_restricted[intro]:
  assumes "graph G"
 shows "graph (map_graph f G)"
proof(rule restrictI,standard) fix x
  assume "x \in edges (map_graph f G)"
  with assms show "x \in {(1, v1, v2). v1\invertices (map_graph f G) \land v2\invertices
(map_graph f G)}"
    by(cases x,auto simp:map_graph_def)
qed
lemma map_graph_edge_preserving[intro]:
 shows "edge_preserving f (edges G) (edges (map_graph f G))"
  unfolding map_graph_def by auto
lemma map_graph_homo[intro]:
```

```
shows "graph_homomorphism G (map_graph f G) f"
proof(rule graph_homomorphismI)
  show "f '' vertices G \subseteq vertices (map_graph f G)"
    unfolding map_graph_def by auto
 show "edge_preserving f (edges G) (edges (map_graph f G))" by auto
 show "map_graph f G = restrict (map_graph f G)" using assms by auto
qed fact+
lemma map_graph_homo_simp:
  "graph_homomorphism G (map_graph f G) f
   \longleftrightarrow univalent f \land vertices G = Domain f \land graph G"
proof
 show "graph_homomorphism G (map_graph f G) f \Longrightarrow
    univalent f \land vertices G = Domain f \land G = restrict G"
    unfolding graph_homomorphism_def by blast
ged auto
abbreviation on_graph where
"on_graph G f \equiv BNF_Def.Gr (vertices G) f"
abbreviation map_graph_fn where
"map_graph_fn G f \equiv map_graph (on_graph G f) G"
lemma map_graph_fn_graphI[intro]:
"graph (map_graph_fn G f)" unfolding map_graph_def restrict_def by auto
lemma on_graph_id[simp]:
  shows "on_graph B id = Id_on (vertices B)"
  unfolding BNF_Def.Gr_def by auto
lemma in_on_graph[intro]:
  assumes "x \in vertices G" "(a x,y) \in b"
 shows "(x, y) \in on_graph G a O b"
  using assms unfolding BNF_Def.Gr_def by auto
lemma on graph comp:
  "on_graph G (f o g) = on_graph G g O on_graph (map_graph_fn G g) f"
  unfolding BNF_Def.Gr_def by auto
lemma map_graph_fn_eqI:
  assumes "\land x. x \in vertices G \implies f x = g x"
 shows "map_graph_fn G f = map_graph_fn G g" (is "?1 = ?r")
proof -
  { fix a ac ba
    assume "(a, ac, ba) \in edges G" "ac \in vertices G" "ba \in vertices
G"
    hence "\exists x \in edges \ G. (x, a, g ac, g ba) \in on_triple (on_graph G f)"
          "\exists x \in edges \ G. (x, a, g ac, g ba) \in on_triple (on_graph G g)"
      using assms by (metis in_Gr on_triple)+
```

```
hence e: "edges ?1 = edges ?r" using assms by (auto simp: Image_def)
 have v: "vertices ?1 = vertices ?r" using assms by (auto simp:image_def)
  from e v show ?thesis by(cases ?l,cases ?r,auto)
qed
lemma map_graph_fn_comp[simp]:
"map_graph_fn G (f o g) = map_graph_fn (map_graph_fn G g) f"
  unfolding on_graph_comp by auto
lemma map_graph_fn_id[simp]:
"map_graph_fn X id = restrict X"
"map_graph (Id_on (vertices X)) X = restrict X"
 unfolding BNF_Def.Gr_def map_graph_def on_triple_def restrict_def by
(cases X,force)+
lemma graph_homo[intro!]:
 assumes "graph G"
  shows "graph_homomorphism G (map_graph_fn G f) (on_graph G f)"
  using assms unfolding map_graph_homo_simp BNF_Def.Gr_def univalent_def
by auto
lemma graph_homo_inv[intro!]:
  assumes "graph G" "inj_on f (vertices G)"
 shows "graph_homomorphism (map_graph_fn G f) G (converse (on_graph G
f))"
proof(rule graph_homomorphismI)
  show "univalent ((on_graph G f)<sup>-1</sup>)" using assms(2)
    unfolding univalent_def BNF_Def.Gr_def inj_on_def by auto
  show "edge_preserving ((on_graph G f)<sup>-1</sup>) (edges (map_graph_fn G f))
(edges G)"
    using assms unfolding edge_preserving inj_on_def by auto auto
qed (insert assms(1),auto)
lemma edge_preserving_on_graphI[intro]:
 assumes "\land 1 x y. (1,x,y) \in edges X \implies x \in vertices X \implies y \in vertices
X \implies (l,f x,f y) \in Y"
  shows "edge_preserving (on_graph X f) (edges X) Y"
  using assms unfolding edge_preserving_def BNF_Def.Gr_def by auto
lemma subgraph_subset:
  assumes "subgraph G_1 G_2"
 shows "vertices {\tt G}_1 \,\subseteq\, vertices {\tt G}_2 " "edges (restrict {\tt G}_1) \,\subseteq\, edges {\tt G}_2 "
proof -
 have vrt:"Id_on (vertices G_1) '' vertices G_1 \subseteq vertices G_2"
    and ep:"edge_preserving (Id_on (vertices G_1)) (edges G_1) (edges G_2)"
    using assms unfolding graph_homomorphism_def by auto
 hence "edges (restrict G_1) \subseteq edges G_2"
```

```
using assms unfolding edge_preserving by auto
  thus "vertices {\tt G}_1\subseteq vertices {\tt G}_2" "edges (restrict {\tt G}_1)\subseteq edges {\tt G}_2"
     using vrt by auto
qed
    Our definition of subgraph is equivalent to definition 7.
lemma subgraph def2:
  assumes "graph G_1" "graph G_2"
  shows "subgraph {\sf G}_1 {\sf G}_2 \longleftrightarrow vertices {\sf G}_1 \subseteq vertices {\sf G}_2 \land edges {\sf G}_1 \subseteq
edges G_2"
proof
  \mathbf{assume} \ \texttt{"vertices} \ \texttt{G}_1 \ \subseteq \ \texttt{vertices} \ \texttt{G}_2 \ \land \ \texttt{edges} \ \texttt{G}_1 \ \subseteq \ \texttt{edges} \ \texttt{G}_2 \texttt{"}
  hence v:"vertices G_1 \subseteq vertices G_2" and "edges G_1 \subseteq edges G_2" by
auto
  hence ep:"edge_preserving (Id_on (vertices G_1)) (edges G_1) (edges G_2)"
     unfolding edge_preserving_def by auto
  show "subgraph G_1 G_2"
     using assms(2) v ep graph_homomorphism_Id[of "G<sub>1</sub>",folded assms]
     unfolding graph_homomorphism_def by auto
next
```

assume sg:"subgraph  $G_1$   $G_2$ " hence vrt:"Id\_on (vertices G\_1) '' vertices G\_1  $\subseteq$  vertices G\_2" and ep:"edge\_preserving (Id\_on (vertices  $G_1$ )) (edges  $G_1$ ) (edges  $G_2$ )" unfolding graph\_homomorphism\_def by auto hence "edges  $G_1 \subseteq$  edges  $G_2$ " using assms unfolding edge\_preserving by auto thus "vertices  $G_1 \subseteq$  vertices  $G_2 \land$  edges  $G_1 \subseteq$  edges  $G_2$ " using vrt by auto

qed

We also define graph\_union. In contrast to the paper, our definition ignores the labels. The corresponding definition in the paper is written just above Definition 7. Adding labels to graphs would require a lot of unnecessary additional bookkeeping. Nowhere in the paper is the union actually used on different sets of labels, in which case these definitions coincide.

```
definition graph_union where
"graph_union G_1 G_2 = LG (edges G_1 \cup edges G_2) (vertices G_1 \cup vertices
G_2)"
```

```
lemma graph_unionI[intro]:
  assumes "edges G_1 \subseteq edges G_2"
            "vertices {	extsf{G}}_1 \,\subseteq\, vertices {	extsf{G}}_2 "
  shows "graph_union G_1 G_2 = G_2"
  using assms unfolding graph_union_def by (cases "G_2",auto)
lemma graph_union_iff:
  shows "graph_union G_1 G_2 = G_2 \longleftrightarrow (edges G_1 \subseteq edges G_2 \land vertices
```

```
G_1 \subseteq \text{vertices } G_2)"
```

unfolding graph\_union\_def by (cases "G<sub>2</sub>", auto)

```
lemma graph_union_idemp[simp]:
"graph_union A = A"
"graph_union A (graph_union A B) = (graph_union A B)"
"graph_union A (graph_union B A) = (graph_union B A)"
unfolding graph_union_def by auto
lemma graph_union_vertices[simp]:
"vertices (graph_union G_1 G_2) = vertices G_1 \cup vertices G_2"
  unfolding graph_union_def by auto
lemma graph_union_edges[simp]:
"edges (graph_union G_1 G_2) = edges G_1 \cup edges G_2"
  unfolding graph_union_def by auto
lemma graph_union_preserves_restrict[intro]:
  assumes "G_1 = restrict G_1" "G_2 = restrict G_2"
 shows "graph_union G_1 G_2 = restrict (graph_union G_1 G_2)"
proof -
 let ?e = "edges G_1 \cup edges G_2"
 let ?v = "vertices G_1 \cup vertices G_2"
 let ?r = "{(1, v1, v2). (1, v1, v2) \in ?e \land v1 \in ?v \land v2 \in ?v}"
  { fix 1 v1 v2
    assume a:"(1,v1,v2) \in ?e"
    have "(1,v1,v2) \in ?r" proof(cases "(1,v1,v2) \in edges (restrict G_1)")
      case True
      hence "(1,v1,v2) \in edges G_1" "v1 \in vertices G_1" "v2 \in vertices
G_1 "
         by (auto simp:restrict_def)+
      thus ?thesis by auto
    next
      case False hence "(1,v1,v2) \in edges (restrict G_2)" using a assms
by auto
      hence "(1,v1,v2) \in edges G_2" "v1 \in vertices G_2" "v2 \in vertices
G_2"
         by (auto simp:restrict_def)+
      then show ?thesis by auto
    qed
  hence "?e = ?r" by auto
 thus ?thesis unfolding graph_union_def by auto
qed
lemma graph_map_union[intro]:
 assumes "\land i::nat. graph_union (map_graph (g i) X) Y = Y" "\land i j.
i \leq j \implies g i \subseteq g j"
 shows "graph_union (map_graph (\bigcup i. g i) X) Y = Y"
proof
  from assms have e:"edges (map_graph (g i) X) \subseteq edges Y"
              and v:"vertices (map_graph (g i) X) \subseteq vertices Y" for i
```

```
by (auto simp:graph_union_iff)
  { fix a ac ba aa b x xa
    assume a:"(a, ac, ba) \in edges X" "(ac, aa) \in g x" "(ba, b) \in g xa"
    have "(a, aa, b) \in edges Y"
    proof(cases "x < xa")</pre>
      case True
      hence "(a, ac, ba) \in edges X" "(ac, aa) \in g xa" "(ba, b) \in g xa"
        using a assms(2) [of x xa] by auto
      then show ?thesis using e[of xa] by auto
    next
      case False
      hence "(a, ac, ba) \in edges X" "(ac, aa) \in g x" "(ba, b) \in g x"
        using a assms(2) [of xa x] by auto
      then show ?thesis using e[of x] by auto
    qed
  }
  thus "edges (map_graph (\bigcup i. g i) X) \subseteq edges Y" by auto
  show "vertices (map_graph (\bigcup i. g i) X) \subseteq vertices Y" using v by auto
qed
```

We show that *subgraph* indeed matches the definition in the paper (Definition 7).

```
lemma subgraph def:
"subgraph G_1 G_2 = (G_1 = restrict G_1 \land G_2 = restrict G_2 \land graph_union
G_1 \ G_2 = G_2)''
proof
  assume assms: "subgraph G_1 G_2"
  hence r: "G_2 = restrict G_2" "G_1 = restrict G_1"
    unfolding graph_homomorphism_def by auto
  from subgraph_subset[OF assms]
  have ss:"vertices (restrict G_1) \subseteq vertices G_2" "edges (restrict G_1)
\subseteq edges G_2" by auto
  show "G_1 = restrict G_1 \land G_2 = restrict G_2 \land graph_union G_1 G_2 = G_2"
  proof(cases G_2)
    case (LG x1 x2) show ?thesis using ss r
    unfolding graph_union_def LG by auto
  qed next
  assume gu: "G_1 = restrict G_1 \land G_2 = restrict G_2 \land graph_union G_1 G_2
= G_2''
  hence sub:"(edges G_1 \cup edges G_2) \subseteq edges G_2"
    "vertices G_1 \subseteq vertices G_2"
    unfolding graph_union_def by (cases G_2; auto)+
  have r: "G_1 = restrict G_1 " "G_2 = restrict G_2 " using gu by auto
  show "subgraph G_1 G_2" unfolding subgraph_def2[OF r] using sub by auto
qed
lemma subgraph_refl[simp]:
"subgraph G G = (G = restrict G)"
```

unfolding subgraph\_def graph\_union\_def by(cases G,auto)

```
lemma subgraph_restrict[simp]:
  "subgraph G (restrict G) = graph G"
  using subgraph_refl subgraph_def by auto
   Definition 10. We write graph_homomorphism instead of embedding.
lemma graph_homomorphism_def2:
  shows "graph_homomorphism G_1 G_2 f =
   (vertices G_1 = Domain f \land univalent f \land G_1 = restrict G_1 \land G_2 = restrict
G_2 \wedge graph\_union (map\_graph f G_1) G_2 = G_2)"
   (is "?lhs = ?rhs")
proof
  let ?m = "map_graph f G_1"
  assume ?rhs
  hence assms : "vertices G_1 = Domain f" "univalent f" "G_1 = restrict
G_1 "
    and sg: "subgraph ?m G_2"
    and f_{id}: "f O Id_on (f '' vertices G_1) = f" unfolding subgraph_def
by auto
  hence "edge_preserving (Id_on (vertices ?m)) (edges ?m) (edges G_2)"
    unfolding graph_homomorphism_def by auto
  hence "on_triple (f O Id_on (f '' vertices G_1)) '' edges G_1 \subseteq edges
G_2"
    unfolding relcomp_Image edge_preserving map_graph_selectors relcomp_on_triple.
  hence "edge_preserving f (edges G_1) (edges G_2)"
    unfolding edge_preserving f_id.
  thus ?lhs
    using sg assms unfolding graph_homomorphism_def
    by auto next
  assume ih:?lhs
  hence "vertices {\it G}_1 = Domain f \wedge univalent f \wedge {\it G}_1 = restrict {\it G}_1 \wedge subgraph
(map_graph f G_1) G_2"
    unfolding graph_homomorphism_def edge_preserving
    by auto
  thus ?rhs unfolding subgraph_def by auto
qed
lemma map_graph_preserves_subgraph[intro]:
  assumes "subgraph A B"
  shows "subgraph (map_graph f A) (map_graph f B)"
  using assms unfolding subgraph_def by (auto simp:graph_union_iff)
lemma graph_homomorphism_concr_graph:
  assumes "graph G" "graph (LG e v)"
  shows "graph_homomorphism (LG e v) G x \longleftrightarrow
         x '' v \subseteq vertices G \wedge on_triple x '' e \subseteq edges G \wedge univalent
x \land Domain x = v''
  using assms unfolding graph_homomorphism_def2 graph_union_iff by auto
```

```
lemma subgraph_preserves_hom:
  assumes "subgraph A B"
          "graph_homomorphism X A h"
  shows "graph_homomorphism X B h"
  using assms by (meson graph_homomorphism_def2 map_graph_preserves_restricted
subgraph_def subgraph_trans)
lemma graph_homo_union_id:
assumes "graph_homomorphism (graph_union A B) G f"
shows "graph A \implies graph_homomorphism A G (Id_on (vertices A) O f)"
      "graph B \implies graph_homomorphism B G (Id_on (vertices B) O f)"
  using assms unfolding graph_homomorphism_def edge_preserving
  by (auto dest:edge_preserving_atomic)
lemma graph homo union[intro]:
  assumes
   "graph_homomorphism A G f_a"
   "graph_homomorphism B G f_b"
   "Domain f_a \cap Domain f_b = Domain (f_a \cap f_b)"
  shows "graph_homomorphism (graph_union A B) G (f_a \cup f_b)"
proof(rule graph_homomorphismI)
  have v0:"f_a '' vertices A \subseteq vertices G" "f_b '' vertices B \subseteq vertices
G"
          "vertices A = Domain f_a" "vertices B = Domain f_b"
          "graph A" "graph B"
          "univalent f_a" "univalent f_b"
          "edge_preserving f_a (edges A) (edges G)"
          "edge_preserving f_b (edges B) (edges G)"
    using assms(1,2) unfolding graph_homomorphism_def by blast+
  hence v: "f_a '' vertices (graph_union A B) \subseteq vertices G"
           "f_b '' vertices (graph_union A B) \subseteq vertices G" by auto
 show uni: "univalent (f_a \cup f_b)" using assms(3) v0 by auto
 show "(f_a \cup f_b) '' vertices (graph_union A B) \subseteq vertices G" us-
ing v by auto
  have f_a:"Id_on (vertices A) O (f_a \cup f_b) = f_a"
        using uni v0(3)
        by (cases A, auto simp:univalent_def on_triple_def Image_def)
  have onA:"on_triple (f_a \cup f_b) '' edges A = on_triple (Id_on (vertices
A) O (f_a \cup f_b)) '' edges A"
    unfolding relcomp_on_triple relcomp_Image on_triple_ID_restrict v0(5)[symmetric]
 have f_b: "Id_on (vertices B) 0 (f_a \cup f_b) = f_b"
        using uni v0(4) unfolding Un_commute[of f_a _]
        by (cases B,auto simp:univalent_def on_triple_def Image_def)
 have on B:"on_triple (f_a \cup f_b) '' edges B = on_triple (Id_on (vertices
B) O (f_a \cup f_b)) '' edges B"
    unfolding relcomp_on_triple relcomp_Image on_triple_ID_restrict v0(6)[symmetric]
```

```
have "edge_preserving (f_a \cup f_b) (edges A) (edges G)"
       "edge_preserving (f_a \cup f_b) (edges B) (edges G)"
    using v0(9,10) unfolding edge_preserving onA[unfolded f_a] onB[unfolded
f_b] by auto
  thus "edge_preserving (f_a \cup f_b) (edges (graph_union A B)) (edges
G)"
    by auto
qed (insert assms[unfolded graph_homomorphism_def],auto)
lemma graph_homomorphism_on_graph:
  assumes "graph_homomorphism A B R"
 shows "graph_homomorphism A (map_graph_fn B f) (R O on_graph B f)"
proof -
 from assms have "Range R \subseteq vertices B"
    and ep: "edge_preserving R (edges A) (edges B)" unfolding graph_homomorphism_def
by auto
 hence d: "Domain R \subseteq Domain (R O on_graph B f)" unfolding Domain_id_on
by auto
 have v:"vertices (map_graph (R O on_graph B f) A) \subseteq vertices (map_graph_fn
B f)"
    unfolding BNF_Def.Gr_def map_graph_selectors by auto
  have e:"edges (map_graph (R O on_graph B f) A) \subseteq edges (map_graph_fn
B f " using ep
    unfolding BNF_Def.Gr_def map_graph_selectors edge_preserving by auto
  have u: "graph_union (map_graph (R O on_graph B f) A) (map_graph_fn B
f) = map_graph_fn B f"
    using e v graph_unionI by metis
  from d assms u show "graph_homomorphism A (map_graph_fn B f) (R O on_graph
B f)"
    unfolding graph_homomorphism_def2 by auto
qed
```

end

## 3 Rules, and the chains we can make with them

This describes graph rules, and the reasoning is fully on graphs here (no semantics). The formalisation builds up to Lemma 4 in the paper.

```
theory RulesAndChains
imports LabeledGraphs
begin
```

type\_synonym ('1,'v) graph\_seq = "(nat  $\Rightarrow$  ('1, 'v) labeled\_graph)"

Definition 8.

```
definition chain :: "('1, 'v) graph_seq \Rightarrow bool" where
"chain S \equiv \forall i. subgraph (S i) (S (i + 1))"
```

```
lemma chain_then_restrict:
  assumes "chain S" shows "S i = restrict (S i)"
  using assms[unfolded chain_def graph_homomorphism_def] by auto
lemma chain:
  assumes "chain S"
  shows "j \geq i \implies subgraph (S i) (S j)"
proof(induct "j-i" arbitrary:i j)
  case 0
  then show ?case using chain_then_restrict[OF assms] assms[unfolded
chain_def] by auto
\mathbf{next}
  case (Suc x)
  hence j: "i + x + 1 = j" by auto
  thus ?case
    using subgraph_trans[OF Suc(1) assms[unfolded chain_def,rule_format,of
"i+x"],of i,unfolded j]
    using Suc by auto
qed
lemma chain_def2:
  "chain S = (\forall i j. j \ge i \longrightarrow subgraph (S i) (S j))"
proof
  show "chain S \implies \forall i j. i \leq j \longrightarrow subgraph (S i) (S j)" using chain
by auto
  show "\forall i j. i \leq j \rightarrow subgraph (S i) (S j) \Longrightarrow chain S" unfolding
chain_def by simp
qed
   Second part of definition 8.
definition chain_sup :: "('1, 'v) graph_seq \Rightarrow ('1, 'v) labeled_graph"
where
  "chain_sup S \equiv LG ([] i. edges (S i)) ([] i. vertices (S i))"
lemma chain_sup_const[simp]:
  "chain sup (\lambda x. S) = S"
  unfolding chain_sup_def by auto
lemma chain_sup_subgraph[intro]:
  assumes "chain S"
  shows "subgraph (S j) (chain_sup S)"
proof -
  have c1: "S j = restrict (S j)" for j
    using assms[unfolded chain_def,rule_format,of j] graph_homomorphism_def
by auto
  hence c2: "chain_sup S = restrict (chain_sup S)"
    unfolding\ chain\_sup\_def\ by\ fastforce
  have c3: "graph_union (S j) (chain_sup S) = chain_sup S"
    unfolding chain_sup_def graph_union_def by auto
```

```
show ?thesis unfolding subgraph_def using c1 c2 c3 by auto
qed
lemma chain_sup_graph[intro]:
  assumes "chain S"
 shows "graph (chain_sup S)"
  using chain_sup_subgraph[OF assms]
  unfolding subgraph_def by auto
lemma map_graph_chain_sup:
"map_graph g (chain_sup S) = chain_sup (map_graph g o S)"
  unfolding map_graph_def chain_sup_def by auto
lemma graph_union_chain_sup[intro]:
  assumes "\land i. graph_union (S i) C = C"
 shows "graph union (chain sup S) C = C"
proof
 from assms have e:"edges (S i) \subseteq edges C" and v:"vertices (S i) \subseteq
vertices C" for i
   by (auto simp:graph_union_iff)
 show "edges (chain_sup S) \subseteq edges C" using e unfolding chain_sup_def
by auto
 show "vertices (chain_sup S) \subseteq vertices C" using v unfolding chain_sup_def
by auto
qed
type_synonym ('1,'v) Graph_PreRule = "('1, 'v) labeled_graph \times ('1, 'v)
'v) labeled_graph"
   Definition 9.
abbreviation graph_rule :: "('1,'v) Graph_PreRule \Rightarrow bool" where
"graph_rule R \equiv subgraph (fst R) (snd R) \land finite_graph (snd R)"
definition set_of_graph_rules :: "('1,'v) Graph_PreRule set \Rightarrow bool" where
"set_of_graph_rules Rs \equiv \forall R \in Rs. graph_rule R"
lemma set_of_graph_rulesD[dest]:
 assumes "set_of_graph_rules Rs" "R \in Rs"
 shows "finite_graph (fst R)" "finite_graph (snd R)" "subgraph (fst R)
(snd R)"
  using assms(1)[unfolded set_of_graph_rules_def] assms(2)
        rev_finite_subset[of "vertices (snd R)"]
        rev_finite_subset[of "edges (snd R)"]
  unfolding subgraph_def graph_union_iff by auto
   We define agree_on as an equivalence.
definition agree_on where
"agree_on G f_1 f_2 \equiv (\forall v \in vertices G. f_1 '' {v} = f_2 '' {v})"
```

```
lemma agree_on_empty[intro,simp]: "agree_on (LG {} {}) f g" unfolding
agree_on_def by auto
lemma agree_on_comm[intro]: "agree_on X f g = agree_on X g f" unfold-
ing agree_on_def by auto
lemma agree_on_refl[intro]:
  "agree_on R f f" unfolding agree_on_def by auto
lemma agree_on_trans:
  assumes "agree_on X f g" "agree_on X g h"
  shows "agree_on X f h" using assms unfolding agree_on_def by auto
lemma agree_on_equivp:
  shows "equivp (agree_on G)"
  by (auto intro:agree_on_trans intro!:equivpI simp:reflp_def symp_def
transp_def agree_on_comm)
lemma agree_on_subset:
  assumes "f \subseteq g" "vertices G \subseteq Domain f" "univalent g"
  shows "agree_on G f g"
  using assms unfolding agree_on_def by auto
lemma agree_iff_subset[simp]:
  assumes "graph_homomorphism G X f" "univalent g"
  shows "agree_on G f g \leftrightarrow f \subseteq g"
  using assms unfolding agree_on_def graph_homomorphism_def by auto
lemma agree_on_ext:
  assumes "agree_on G f_1 f_2"
  shows "agree_on G (f_1 O g) (f_2 O g)"
  using assms unfolding agree_on_def by auto
lemma agree_on_then_eq:
  assumes "agree_on G f<sub>1</sub> f<sub>2</sub>" "Domain f<sub>1</sub> = vertices G" "Domain f<sub>2</sub> = vertices
G″
  shows "f_1 = f_2"
proof -
  from assms have agr: " \land v. v\inDomain f_1 \implies f_1 '' {v} = f_2 '' {v}"
unfolding agree_on_def by auto
  have agr2:" ( v. v\notin Domain f_1 \implies f_1 '' {v} = {}"
             "\land v. v\notinDomain f<sub>2</sub> \Longrightarrow f<sub>2</sub> '' {v} = {}" by auto
  with agr agr2 assms have "\land v. f_1 '' {v} = f_2 '' {v}" by blast
  thus ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma agree_on_subg_compose:
  assumes "agree_on R g h" "agree_on F f g" "subgraph F R"
  shows "agree_on F f h"
  using assms unfolding agree_on_def subgraph_def graph_union_iff by
```

#### auto

```
definition extensible :: "('1,'x) Graph_PreRule \Rightarrow ('1,'v) labeled_graph
\Rightarrow ('x \times 'v) set \Rightarrow bool"
 where
"extensible R G f \equiv (\exists g. graph_homomorphism (snd R) G g \land agree_on (fst
R) f g)"
lemma extensibleI[intro]:
  assumes "graph_homomorphism R2 G g" "agree_on R1 f g"
 shows "extensible (R1,R2) G f"
 using assms unfolding extensible_def by auto
lemma extensibleD[elim]:
  assumes "extensible R G f"
          "\land g. graph_homomorphism (snd R) G g \implies agree_on (fst R) f
g \implies thesis"
 shows thesis using assms extensible_def by blast
lemma extensible_refl_concr[simp]:
  assumes "graph_homomorphism (LG e<sub>1</sub> v) G f"
 shows "extensible (LG e_1 v, LG e_2 v) G f \longleftrightarrow graph_homomorphism (LG
e_2 v) G f"
proof
  assume "extensible (LG e_1 v, LG e_2 v) G f"
  then obtain g where g: "graph_homomorphism (LG e<sub>2</sub> v) G g" "agree_on
(LG e_1 v) f g''
    unfolding extensible_def by auto
 hence d: "Domain f = Domain g" "univalent f" "univalent g" using assms
    unfolding graph_homomorphism_def by auto
  from g have subs: "f \subseteq g"
    by (subst agree_iff_subset[symmetric,OF assms],auto simp:graph_homomorphism_def)
  with d have "f = g" by auto
 thus "graph_homomorphism (LG e_2 v) G f" using g by auto
qed (auto simp: assms extensible_def)
lemma
         extensible_chain_sup[intro]:
assumes "chain S" "extensible R (S j) f"
shows "extensible R (chain_sup S) f"
proof -
  from assms obtain g where g:"graph_homomorphism (snd R) (S j) g \land
agree_on (fst R) f g"
    unfolding extensible_def by auto
  have [simp]:"g 0 Id_on (vertices (S j)) = g" using g[unfolded graph_homomorphism_def]
by auto
  from g assms(1)
 have "graph_homomorphism (snd R) (S j) g" "subgraph (S j) (chain_sup
S)" by auto
 from graph_homomorphism_composes[OF this]
```

```
have "graph_homomorphism (snd R) (chain_sup S) g" by auto
  thus ?thesis using g unfolding extensible_def by blast
qed
   Definition 11.
definition maintained :: "('1,'x) Graph_PreRule \Rightarrow ('1,'v) labeled_graph
\Rightarrow bool"
  where "maintained R G \equiv \forall f. graph_homomorphism (fst R) G f \longrightarrow extensible
R \ G \ f''
abbreviation maintainedA
  :: "('1,'x) <code>Graph_PreRule</code> set \Rightarrow ('1, 'v) <code>labeled_graph</code> \Rightarrow <code>bool"</code>
  where "maintainedA Rs G \equiv \forall R\inRs. maintained R G"
lemma maintained[[intro]:
  assumes " \land f. graph_homomorphism A G f \Longrightarrow extensible (A,B) G f"
  shows "maintained (A,B) G"
  using assms unfolding maintained def by auto
lemma maintainedD[dest]:
  assumes "maintained (A,B) G" "graph_homomorphism A G f"
  shows "extensible (A,B) G f"
  using assms unfolding maintained_def by auto
lemma maintainedD2[dest]:
  assumes "maintained (A,B) G" "graph_homomorphism A G f"
           "\land g. graph_homomorphism B G g \Longrightarrow f \subseteq g \Longrightarrow thesis"
         shows thesis
  using maintainedD[OF assms(1,2),unfolded extensible_def]
proof
  fix g
  assume "graph_homomorphism (snd (A, B)) G g \land agree_on (fst (A, B))
f g"
  hence "graph_homomorphism B G g" "f \subseteq g"
    using assms(2) unfolding graph_homomorphism_def2 agree_on_def by auto
  from assms(3)[OF this] show thesis.
qed
lemma extensible_refl[intro]:
  "graph_homomorphism R G f \implies extensible (R,R) G f"
  unfolding extensible_def by auto
lemma maintained_refl[intro]:
  "maintained (R,R) G" by auto
   Alternate version of definition 8.
definition fin_maintained :: "('1,'x) Graph_PreRule \Rightarrow ('1,'v) labeled_graph
\Rightarrow bool"
  where
"fin_maintained R G \equiv \forall F f. finite_graph F
```

```
\longrightarrow subgraph F (fst R)
                           \longrightarrow extensible (F,fst R) G f
                           \longrightarrow graph_homomorphism F G f
                           \longrightarrow extensible (F,snd R) G f"
lemma fin_maintainedI [intro]:
  assumes " \bigwedge F f. finite_graph F
           \implies subgraph F (fst R)
           \implies extensible (F,fst R) G f
           \implies graph_homomorphism F G f
           \implies extensible (F,snd R) G f"
  shows "fin_maintained R G" using assms unfolding fin_maintained_def
by auto
lemma maintained_then_fin_maintained[simp]:
  assumes maintained: "maintained R G"
  shows "fin maintained R G"
proof
  fix F f
  assume subg: "subgraph F (fst R)"
     and ext: "extensible (F, fst R) G f" and igh: "graph_homomorphism
F G f''
  from ext[unfolded extensible_def prod.sel] obtain g where
     g:"graph_homomorphism (fst R) G g" "agree_on F f g" by blast
  from maintained[unfolded maintained_def,rule_format,OF g(1)] g(2) subg
       agree_on_subg_compose
  show "extensible (F, snd R) G f" unfolding extensible_def prod.sel
by blast
qed
lemma fin_maintained_maintained:
  assumes "finite_graph (fst R)"
  shows "fin_maintained R G \longleftrightarrow maintained R G" (is "?lhs = ?rhs")
proof
  from assms rev_finite_subset
  have fin: "finite (vertices (fst R))"
            "finite (edges (fst R))"
            "subgraph (fst R) (fst R)"
    unfolding subgraph_def graph_union_iff by auto
  assume ?lhs
  with fin have "extensible (fst R, fst R) G f \implies graph_homomorphism
(fst R) G f
         \implies extensible R G f" for f unfolding fin_maintained_def by
auto
  thus ?rhs by (simp add: extensible_refl maintained_def)
qed simp
lemma extend_for_chain:
assumes "g 0 = f"
```

and " $\land$  i. graph\_homomorphism (S i) C (g i)" and " $\land$  i. agree\_on (S i) (g i) (g (i + 1))" and "chain S" shows "extensible (S 0, chain\_sup S) C f" proof let  $?g = "\bigcup i. g i"$ from assms(4)[unfolded chain\_def subgraph\_def graph\_union\_iff] have v:"vertices (S i)  $\subseteq$  vertices (S (i + 1))" and e:"edges (S i)  $\subseteq$  edges (S (i + 1))" for i by auto { fix a b i assume a:"(a, b)  $\in$  g i" hence "a  $\in$  vertices (S i)" using assms(2)[of i] unfolding graph\_homomorphism\_def2 by auto from assms(3)[unfolded agree\_on\_def,rule\_format,OF this] a have "(a, b)  $\in$  g (Suc i)" by auto } hence gi:"g i  $\subseteq$  g (Suc i)" for i by auto have gij:"i  $\leq j \implies$  g i  $\subseteq$  g j" for i j proof(induct j) case (Suc j) with gi[of j] show ?case by (cases "i = Suc j", auto) qed auto from assms(1) have  $f\_subset:"f \subseteq ?g"$  by auto from assms(2)[of 0,unfolded assms(1)] have domf:"Domain f = vertices (S 0)" and grC: "graph C" and v\_dom: "vertices (S i) = Domain (g i)" for i using assms(2)unfolding graph\_homomorphism\_def by auto { fix x y z i j assume "(x, y)  $\in$  g i" "(x, z)  $\in$  g j" with gij[of i "max i j"] gij[of j "max i j"] have " $(x,y) \in g \pmod{i j}$ " " $(x,z) \in g \pmod{i j}$ " by auto with assms(2) [unfolded graph\_homomorphism\_def] have "y = z" by auto } note univ\_strong = this hence univ: "univalent ?g" unfolding univalent\_def by auto { fix xa x i assume "(xa, x)  $\in$  g i" hence " $x \in$  vertices (map\_graph (g i) (S i))" using assms(2) unfolding graph\_homomorphism\_def by auto hence " $x \in vertices C$ " using assms(2) unfolding graph\_homomorphism\_def2 graph\_union\_iff by blast } note eq\_v = this { fix l x y x' y' j i assume "(l,x,y)  $\in$  edges (S j)" "(x, x')  $\in$  g i" "(y, y')  $\in$  g i" with gij[of i "max i j"] gij[of j "max i j"] chain[OF assms(4),unfolded subgraph\_def graph\_union\_iff, of i "max i j"] chain[OF assms(4), unfolded subgraph\_def graph\_union\_iff, of j "max i j"] have "(x,x')  $\in$  g (max i j)" "(y,y')  $\in$  g (max i j)"

```
"(l,x,y) \in edges (S (max i j))" by auto
    hence "(1, x', y') \in edges C"
      using assms(2)[unfolded graph_homomorphism_def2 graph_union_iff]
by auto
  } note eq_e = this
  have "graph_union (map_graph (g i) (chain_sup S)) C = C" for i
    unfolding graph_union_iff using eq_e eq_v
    unfolding graph_homomorphism_def2 chain_sup_def by auto
  hence subg:"graph_union (map_graph ?g (chain_sup S)) C = C"
    apply (rule graph_map_union) using gij by auto
  have "(\bigcup i. vertices (S i)) = (\bigcup i. Domain (g i))" using v_dom by auto
  hence vd:"vertices (chain_sup S) = Domain ?g"
    unfolding chain_sup_def by auto
  show "graph_homomorphism (chain_sup S) C ?g"
    unfolding graph_homomorphism_def2
    using univ chain_sup_graph[OF assms(4)] grC vd subg by auto
  show "agree_on (S 0) f ?g" using agree_on_subset[OF f_subset _ univ]
domf by auto
qed
   Definition 8, second part.
definition consequence_graph
  where "consequence_graph Rs G \equiv graph G \land (\forall R \in Rs. subgraph (fst
R) (snd R) \wedge maintained R G)"
lemma consequence_graphI[intro]:
  assumes "\bigwedge R. R\in Rs \Longrightarrow maintained R G"
          "\land R. R\in Rs \implies subgraph (fst R) (snd R)"
          "graph G"
  shows "consequence_graph Rs G" \,
  unfolding consequence_graph_def fin_maintained_def using assms by auto
lemma consequence_graphD[dest]:
  assumes "consequence_graph Rs G"
  shows "\bigwedge R. R\in Rs \Longrightarrow maintained R G"
        "\land R. R\in Rs \implies subgraph (fst R) (snd R)"
        "graph G"
  using assms unfolding consequence_graph_def fin_maintained_def by auto
```

Definition 8 states: If furthermore S is a subgraph of G, and (S, G) is maintained in each consequence graph maintaining Rs, then G is a least consequence graph of S maintaining Rs. Note that the type of 'each consequence graph' isn't given here. Taken literally, this should mean 'for every possible type'. We avoid quantifying on types by making the type an argument. Consequently, when proving 'least', the first argument should be free.

#### definition least

```
:: "'x itself \Rightarrow (('1, 'v) Graph_PreRule) set \Rightarrow ('1, 'c) labeled_graph \Rightarrow ('1, 'c) labeled_graph \Rightarrow bool"
```

```
where "least _ Rs S G \equiv subgraph S G \wedge
              (\forall C :: ('1, 'x) labeled_graph. consequence_graph Rs C \longrightarrow
maintained (S,G) C)"
lemma leastI[intro]:
assumes "subgraph S (G:: ('1, 'c) labeled_graph)"
          ^{\prime}\wedge C :: ('1, 'x) labeled_graph. consequence_graph Rs C \Longrightarrow maintained
(S,G) C"
      shows "least (t:: 'x itself) Rs S G"
  using assms unfolding least_def by auto
definition least_consequence_graph
  :: "'x itself \Rightarrow (('1, 'v) Graph_PreRule) set
     \Rightarrow ('1, 'c) labeled_graph \Rightarrow ('1, 'c) labeled_graph \Rightarrow bool"
  where "least_consequence_graph t Rs S G \equiv consequence_graph Rs G \wedge
least t Rs S G"
lemma least_consequence_graphI[intro]:
assumes "consequence_graph Rs (G:: ('1, 'c) labeled_graph)"
         "subgraph S G"
         " \bigwedge C :: ('1, 'x) labeled_graph. consequence_graph Rs C \implies maintained
(S,G) C"
      shows "least_consequence_graph (t:: 'x itself) Rs S G"
  using assms unfolding least_consequence_graph_def least_def by auto
   Definition 12.
definition fair_chain where
  "fair_chain Rs S \equiv chain S \wedge
    (\forall R f i. (R \in Rs \land graph_homomorphism (fst R) (S i) f) \longrightarrow (\exists j.
extensible R (S j) f))"
lemma fair_chainI[intro]:
  assumes "chain S"
    "\land R f i. R \in Rs \implies graph_homomorphism (fst R) (S i) f \implies \exists j.
extensible R (S j) f"
  shows "fair_chain Rs S" % \mathcal{S}^{\prime\prime}
  using assms unfolding fair_chain_def by blast
lemma fair_chainD:
  assumes "fair_chain Rs S"
  shows "chain S"
         "R \in Rs \Longrightarrow graph_homomorphism (fst R) (S i) f \Longrightarrow \exists j. extensible
R (S j) f"
  using assms unfolding fair_chain_def by blast+
lemma find_graph_occurence_vertices:
  assumes "chain S" "finite V" "univalent f" "f '' V \subseteq vertices (chain_sup
S)"
  shows "\exists i. f '' V \subseteq vertices (S i)"
```

```
using assms(2,4)
proof(induct V)
  case empty thus ?case by auto
\mathbf{next}
  case (insert v V)
  from insert.prems have V:"f '' V \subseteq vertices (chain_sup S)"
    and v:"f '' {v} \subseteq vertices (chain_sup S)" by auto
  from insert.hyps(3)[OF V] obtain i where i:"f '' V \subseteq vertices (S i)"
by auto
  have "\exists j. f '' {v} \subseteq vertices (S j)"
  proof(cases "(f `` {v}) = {}")
    case False
    then obtain v' where f:"(v,v') \in f" by auto
    hence "v' \in vertices (chain_sup S)" using v by auto
    then show ?thesis using assms(3) f unfolding chain_sup_def by auto
  ged auto
  then obtain j where j:"f '' \{v\} \subseteq vertices (S j)" by blast
  have sg:"subgraph (S i) (S (max i j))" "subgraph (S j) (S (max i j))"
    by(rule chain[OF assms(1)],force)+
  have V:"(f \cap V \times UNIV) '' V \subseteq vertices (S (max i j))"
    using i subgraph_subset[OF sg(1)] by auto
  have v:"f '' {v} \subseteq vertices (S (max i j))" using j subgraph_subset[OF
sg(2)] by auto
  have "f '' insert v V \subseteq vertices (S (max i j))" using v V by auto
  thus ?case by blast
qed
lemma find_graph_occurence_edges:
  assumes "chain S" "finite E" "univalent f"
        "on_triple f '' E \subseteq edges (chain_sup S)"
      shows "\exists i. on_triple f '' E \subseteq edges (S i)"
  using assms(2,4)
proof(induct E)
  case empty thus ?case unfolding graph_homomorphism_def by auto
\mathbf{next}
  case (insert e E)
  have univ: "univalent (on_triple f)" using assms(3) by auto
  have [simp]: "restrict (S i) = S i" for i
    using chain[OF assms(1), unfolded subgraph_def, of i i] by auto
  from insert.prems have E:"on_triple f '' E \subseteq edges (chain_sup S)"
    and e:"on_triple f '' {e} \subseteq edges (chain_sup S)" by auto
  with insert.hyps obtain i where i:"on_triple f '' E \subseteq edges (S i)"
by auto
  have "\exists j. on_triple f '' {e} \subseteq edges (S j)"
  proof(cases "on_triple f `` {e} = {}")
    case False
    then obtain e' where f:"(e,e') \in on_triple f'' by auto
    hence "e' \in edges (chain_sup S)" using e by auto
    then show ?thesis using univ f unfolding chain_sup_def by auto
```

```
qed auto
  then obtain j where j:"on_triple f '' {e} \subseteq edges (S j)" by blast
  have sg:"subgraph (S i) (S (max i j))" "subgraph (S j) (S (max i j))"
    by(rule chain[OF assms(1)],force)+
  have E:"on_triple f '' E \subseteq edges (S (max i j))"
    using i subgraph_subset[OF sg(1)] by auto
  have e:"on_triple f '' {e} \subseteq edges (S (max i j))" using j subgraph_subset[OF
sg(2)] by auto
  have "on_triple f '' insert e E \subseteq edges (S (max i j))" using e E by
auto
 thus ?case by blast
qed
lemma find_graph_occurence:
  assumes "chain S" "finite E" "finite V" "graph_homomorphism (LG E V)
(chain sup S) f"
 shows "\exists i. graph_homomorphism (LG E V) (S i) f"
proof -
 have [simp]:"restrict (S i) = S i" for i
    using chain[OF assms(1), unfolded subgraph_def, of i i] by auto
  from assms[unfolded graph_homomorphism_def edge_preserving labeled_graph.sel]
  have u: "univalent f"
   and e:"on_triple f '' E \subseteq edges (chain_sup S)"
   and v:"f '' V \subseteq vertices (chain_sup S)"
    by blast+
  from find_graph_occurence_edges[OF assms(1,2) u e]
  obtain i where i: "on_triple f '' E \subseteq edges (S i)" by blast
  from find_graph_occurence_vertices[OF assms(1,3) u v]
  obtain j where j:"f '' V \subseteq vertices (S j)" by blast
  have sg:"subgraph (S i) (S (max i j))" "subgraph (S j) (S (max i j))"
    by(rule chain[OF assms(1)],force)+
  have e:"on_triple f '' E \subseteq edges (S (max i j))"
   and v:"f '' V \subseteq vertices (S (max i j))"
    using i j subgraph_subset(2)[OF sg(1)] subgraph_subset(1)[OF sg(2)]
by auto
 have "graph homomorphism (LG E V) (S (max i j)) f"
 proof(rule graph_homomorphismI)
    from assms[unfolded graph_homomorphism_def edge_preserving labeled_graph.sel]
e v
    show "vertices (LG E V) = Domain f"
     and "univalent f"
     and "LG E V = restrict (LG E V)"
     and "f '' vertices (LG E V) \subseteq vertices (S (max i j))"
     and "edge_preserving f (edges (LG E V)) (edges (S (max i j)))"
     and "S (max i j) = restrict (S (max i j))" by auto
  qed
  thus ?thesis by auto
qed
```

Lemma 3. Recall that in the paper, graph rules use finite graphs, i.e.

both sides should be finite. We strengthen lemma 3 by requiring only the left hand side to be a finite graph.

```
lemma fair_chain_impl_consequence_graph:
  assumes "fair_chain Rs S" "\land R. R \in Rs \Longrightarrow subgraph (fst R) (snd R)
\land finite_graph (fst R)"
 shows "consequence_graph Rs (chain_sup S)"
proof -
  { fix R assume a: "R \in Rs"
    have fin_v:"finite (vertices (fst R))" and fin_e: "finite (edges
(fst R))"
      using assms(2)[OF a] by auto
    { fix f assume "graph_homomorphism (LG (edges (fst R)) (vertices (fst
R))) (chain_sup S) f"
      with find_graph_occurence[OF fair_chainD(1)[OF assms(1)] fin_e fin_v]
      obtain i where "graph_homomorphism (fst R) (S i) f" by auto
      from fair_chainD(2)[OF assms(1) a this] obtain j
         where "extensible R (S j) f" by blast
      hence "extensible R (chain_sup S) f" using fair_chainD(1)[OF assms(1)]
by auto
    hence "maintained R (chain_sup S)" unfolding maintained_def by auto
  } note mnt = this
  from assms have "chain S" unfolding fair_chain_def by auto
  thus ?thesis unfolding consequence_graph_def using mnt assms(2) by
blast
```

 $\mathbf{qed}$ 

We extract the weak universal property from the definition of weak pushout step. Again, the paper allows for arbitrary types in the quantifier, but we fix the type here in the definition that will be used in *pushout\_step*. The type used here should suffice (and we cannot quantify over types anyways)

```
\begin{array}{l} \text{definition weak\_universal ::} \\ \text{"'x itself } \Rightarrow ('a, 'c) \ \texttt{Graph\_PreRule} \Rightarrow ('a, 'b) \ \texttt{labeled\_graph} \Rightarrow \\ ('a, 'b) \ \texttt{labeled\_graph} \Rightarrow \\ ('c \times 'b) \ \texttt{set} \Rightarrow ('c \times 'b) \ \texttt{set} \Rightarrow \texttt{bool" where} \\ \text{"weak\_universal \_ } R \ \texttt{G}_1 \ \texttt{G}_2 \ \texttt{f}_1 \ \texttt{f}_2 \equiv (\forall \ \texttt{h}_1 \ \texttt{h}_2 \ \texttt{G}::('a, 'x) \ \texttt{labeled\_graph}. \\ (graph\_homomorphism \ (\texttt{snd } R) \ \texttt{G} \ \texttt{h}_1 \ \land \ \texttt{graph\_homomorphism } \ \texttt{G}_1 \\ \text{G} \ \texttt{h}_2 \land \texttt{f}_1 \ \texttt{O} \ \texttt{h}_2 \subseteq \texttt{h}_1 ) \end{array}
```

 $\longrightarrow$  ( $\exists$  h. graph\_homomorphism  $G_2$  G h  $\land$  h $_2$   $\subseteq$  h))"

lemma weak\_universalD[dest]:

assumes "weak\_universal (t:: 'x itself) R (G1::('a, 'b) labeled\_graph) G2 f1 f2"

shows " $\land$  h<sub>1</sub> h<sub>2</sub> G::('a, 'x) labeled\_graph.

graph\_homomorphism (snd R) G h\_1  $\Longrightarrow$  graph\_homomorphism G\_1 G h\_2  $\Longrightarrow$  f\_1 O h\_2  $\subseteq$  h\_1

```
\implies (\exists h. graph_homomorphism G_2 G h \land h<sub>2</sub> \subseteq h)"
  using assms unfolding weak_universal_def by metis
lemma weak_universal1[intro]:
  assumes "\wedge h<sub>1</sub> h<sub>2</sub> G::('a, 'x) labeled_graph.
           graph_homomorphism (snd R) G h_1 \Longrightarrow graph_homomorphism G_1 G h_2
\implies f_1 O h_2 \subseteq h_1
           \implies (\exists h. graph_homomorphism G_2 G h \land h_2 \subseteq h)"
  shows "weak_universal (t:: 'x itself) R (G1::('a, 'b) labeled_graph)
G_2 f_1 f_2"
  using assms unfolding weak_universal_def by force
   Definition 13
definition pushout step ::
     "'x itself \Rightarrow ('a, 'c) Graph_PreRule \Rightarrow ('a, 'b) labeled_graph \Rightarrow
('a, 'b) labeled_graph \Rightarrow bool" where
"pushout_step t R G_1 G_2 \equiv subgraph G_1 G_2 \wedge
  (\exists f<sub>1</sub> f<sub>2</sub>. graph_homomorphism (fst R) G<sub>1</sub> f<sub>1</sub> \land
             graph_homomorphism (snd R) G_2 f_2 \wedge
             f_1 \subseteq f_2 \land
             weak_universal t R G_1 G_2 f_1 f_2
  )"
   Definition 14
definition Simple_WPC ::
     "'x itself \Rightarrow (('a, 'b) Graph_PreRule) set \Rightarrow (('a, 'd) graph_seq)
\Rightarrow bool" where
"Simple_WPC t Rs S \equiv set_of_graph_rules Rs
   \land (\forall i. (graph (S i) \land S i = S (Suc i)) \lor (\exists R \in Rs. pushout_step
t R (S i) (S (Suc i))))"
lemma Simple_WPCI [intro]:
  assumes "set_of_graph_rules Rs" "graph (S 0)"
           "\land i. (S i = S (Suc i)) \lor (\exists R \in Rs. pushout_step t R (S i)
(S (Suc i)))"
         shows "Simple_WPC t Rs S"
proof -
  have "graph (S i)" for i proof(induct i)
    case (Suc i)
    then show ?case using assms(3) unfolding pushout_step_def subgraph_def
by metis
  qed (fact assms)
  thus ?thesis using assms unfolding Simple_WPC_def by auto
qed
lemma Simple_WPC_Chain[simp]:
  assumes "Simple_WPC t Rs S"
  shows "chain S"
proof -
```

```
have "subgraph (S i) (S (Suc i))" for i using assms
    unfolding Simple_WPC_def pushout_step_def by (cases "graph (S i) \wedge
S i = S (Suc i)",auto)
  thus ?thesis unfolding chain_def by auto
ged
   Definition 14, second part.
inductive WPC ::
    "'x itself \Rightarrow (('a, 'b) Graph_PreRule) set \Rightarrow (('a, 'd) graph_seq)
\Rightarrow bool"
  where
    wpc_simpl [simp, intro]: "Simple_WPC t Rs S \implies WPC t Rs S"
  | wpc_combo [simp, intro]: "chain S \implies (\bigwedge i. \exists S'. S' = S i \land chain_sup
S' = S (Suc i) \land WPC t Rs S') \implies WPC t Rs S''
lemma extensible_from_chainI:
  assumes ch:"chain S"
  and igh: "graph_homomorphism (S 0) C f"
  and ind:"\land f i. graph_homomorphism (S i) C f \Longrightarrow
                  \exists h. (graph_homomorphism (S (Suc i)) C h) \land agree_on (S
i) f h"
  shows "extensible (S 0, chain_sup S) C f"
proof -
  have ch: "chain S" using assms by auto
  hence r0:"\existsx. graph_homomorphism (S 0) C x \land (0 = 0 \longrightarrow x = f)"
    using igh by auto
  { fix i x
    assume "graph_homomorphism (S i) C x \land (i = 0 \longrightarrow x = f)"
    hence "graph_homomorphism (S i) C x" by auto
    from ind[OF this]
    have "\exists y. (graph_homomorphism (S (Suc i)) C y \land (Suc i = 0 \longrightarrow y
= f)) \wedge agree_on (S i) x y"
      by auto
  }
  with r0
  have "\exists g. (\forall i. (graph_homomorphism (S i) C (g i) \land (i = 0 \longrightarrow g
i = f))
                  \wedge agree_on (S i) (g i) (g (Suc i)) )" by (rule dependent_nat_choice)
  then obtain g where
       mtn: "g \ 0 = f"
            "graph_homomorphism (S i) C (g i)"
            "agree_on (S i) (g i) (g (i + 1))" for i by auto
  from extend_for_chain[OF mtn ch] show ?thesis.
qed
   Towards Lemma 4, this is the key inductive property.
lemma wpc_least:
  assumes "WPC (t:: 'x itself) Rs S"
```

```
shows "least t Rs (S 0) (chain_sup S)"
```

```
using assms
proof(induction S)
  case (wpc_simpl t Rs S)
  hence gr: "set_of_graph_rules Rs"
    and ps:"\land i. S i = S (Suc i) \lor (\exists R \in Rs. pushout_step t R (S i) (S
(i + 1)))"
    unfolding Simple_WPC_def by auto
  have ch[intro]:"chain S" using wpc_simpl by auto
  show ?case
  proof fix C::"('a,'x) labeled_graph"
    assume cgC:"consequence_graph Rs C"
    show "maintained (S 0, chain_sup S) C"
    proof(standard,rule extensible_from_chainI,goal_cases)
      case (3 f x i)
      show ?case proof(cases "S i = S (Suc i)")
        case True
        with 3 show ?thesis by auto
      next
        case False
        with ps[of i, unfolded pushout_step_def] obtain R f_1 f_2 where
        R:"(fst R, snd R) \in Rs" and f<sub>1</sub>:"graph_homomorphism (fst R) (S
i) f<sub>1</sub>"
        and wu:"weak_universal t R (S i) (S (i + 1)) f_1 f_2" by auto
        from graph_homomorphism_composes[OF f<sub>1</sub> 3(2)]
        have ih_comp:"graph_homomorphism (fst R) C (f<sub>1</sub> O x)".
        with maintainedD[OF consequence_graphD(1)[OF cgC R]]
        have "extensible (fst R, snd R) C (f_1 O x)" by auto
        from this[unfolded extensible_def prod.sel]
        obtain g where g:"graph_homomorphism (snd R) C g" "f1 O x \subseteq
g"
          using agree_iff_subset[OF ih_comp] unfolding graph_homomorphism_def
by auto
        from weak_universalD[OF wu g(1) \ 3(2) \ g(2)] obtain h where
          h:"graph_homomorphism (S (i + 1)) C h" "x \subseteq h" by auto
        hence "agree_on (S i) x h"
          by (subst agree_iff_subset[OF 3(2)], auto simp:graph_homomorphism_def)
        then show ?thesis using h(1) by auto
      qed
    qed auto
  qed auto
next
  case (wpc_combo S t Rs)
  hence ps: " \land i. \exists S'. S' = S i \land
         chain_sup S' = S (Suc i) \wedge
         WPC t Rs S' \wedge
         least t Rs (S' 0) (chain_sup S')"
    and ch[intro]:"chain S" unfolding Simple_WPC_def by auto
  show ?case proof fix C :: "('a, 'x) labeled_graph"
    assume cgC:"consequence_graph Rs C"
```

```
show "maintained (S 0, chain sup S) C"
    proof(standard,rule extensible_from_chainI,goal_cases)
      case (3 f g i)
      from ps[of i] have "least t Rs (S i) (S (Suc i))" by auto
      with cgC have ss: "subgraph (S i) (S (Suc i))" "maintained (S i,
S (Suc i)) C"
        unfolding least_def by auto
      from ss(2) 3(2) have "extensible (S i, S (Suc i)) C g" by auto
      thus ?case unfolding extensible_def prod.sel.
    qed auto
 qed auto
qed
   Lemma 4.
lemma wpc_least_consequence_graph:
  assumes "WPC t Rs S" "consequence_graph Rs (chain_sup S)"
 shows "least_consequence_graph t Rs (S 0) (chain_sup S)"
  using wpc_least assms unfolding least_consequence_graph_def by auto
```

end

#### Graph rewriting and saturation 4

Here we describe graph rewriting, again without connecting it to semantics.

```
theory GraphRewriting
  imports RulesAndChains
    "HOL-Library.Infinite_Set"
begin
```

To describe Algorithm 1, we give a single step instead of the recursive call. This allows us to reason about its effect without dealing with nontermination. We define a worklist, saying what work can be done. A valid selection needs to be made in order to ensure fairness. To do a step, we define the function extend, and use it in make\_step. A function that always makes a valid selection is used in this step.

```
abbreviation graph_of where
  "graph_of \equiv \lambda X. LG (snd X) {0..<fst X}"
definition nextMax :: "nat set \Rightarrow nat"
  where
  "nextMax x \equiv if x = {} then 0 else Suc (Max x)"
lemma nextMax_max[intro]:
  assumes "finite x" "v \in x"
  shows "v < nextMax x" "v \leq nextMax x"
  using Max.coboundedI[OF assms] assms(2) unfolding nextMax_def by auto
definition worklist :: "nat \times ('a \times nat \times nat) set
```

```
\Rightarrow (('a, 'b) labeled_graph \times ('a, 'b) labeled_graph) set
               \Rightarrow (nat \times ('a, 'b) <code>Graph_PreRule</code> \times ('b \times nat) set) set"
where
"worklist G Rs \equiv let G = graph_of G
  in \{(N,R,f). R \in Rs \land graph_homomorphism (fst R) G f \land N = nextMax (Range
f)
                   \land \neg extensible R G f }"
definition valid_selection where
"valid_selection Rs G R f \equiv
  let wl = worklist G Rs in
    (nextMax (Range f), R,f) \in wl \wedge
    (\forall (N,_) \in wl. N \geq nextMax (Range f)) \land
    graph_rule R"
lemma valid selection exists:
  assumes "worklist G Rs \neq {}"
           "set_of_graph_rules Rs"
  shows "\exists L \ R \ f. valid_selection Rs G R f"
proof -
  define w1 where "w1 = worklist G Rs" hence w1_ne: "w1 \neq {}" using assms(1)
by auto
  let ?N = "LEAST N. N \in Domain wl"
  from wl_ne have "\exists N. N \in Domain wl" by auto
  with LeastI2 have "?N \in Domain wl" by metis
  then obtain L \ R \ f where NLRf: "(?N, (L,R), f) \in wl" by auto
  hence N_def:"?N = nextMax (Range f)"
    and in_Rs: "(L,R) \in Rs" unfolding wl_def worklist_def Let_def by
auto
  from Least_le wl_ne Domain.intros case_prodI2
  have min: "(\forall (N',_) \in wl. N' \geq ?N)" by (metis (no_types, lifting))
  from in_Rs have "finite_graph R" "subgraph L R"
    using assms(2)[unfolded set_of_graph_rules_def] by auto
  with min NLRf N_def show ?thesis unfolding wl_def[symmetric] valid_selection_def
by auto
qed
definition valid_selector where
"valid_selector Rs selector \equiv \forall G.
   (worklist G Rs \neq {} \longrightarrow (\exists (R,f) \in UNIV. selector G = Some (R,f)
                                   \wedge valid_selection Rs G R f)) \wedge
   (worklist G Rs = {} \longrightarrow selector G = None)"
lemma valid_selectorD[dest]:
  assumes "valid_selector Rs selector"
  shows "worklist G Rs = {} \longleftrightarrow selector G = None"
         "selector G = Some (R, f) \implies valid selection Rs G \ R \ f"
  using assms[unfolded valid_selector_def,rule_format,of G]
  by (cases "worklist G Rs = {}",auto)
```

The following gives a valid selector. This selector is not useful as concrete implementation, because it used the choice operation.

```
definition non_constructive_selector where
```

```
"non_constructive_selector Rs G \equiv let wl = worklist G Rs in
if wl = {} then None else Some (SOME (R,f). valid_selection Rs G R
f) "
```

lemma non\_constructive\_selector:

```
assumes "set_of_graph_rules Rs"
shows "valid_selector Rs (non_constructive_selector Rs)"
unfolding valid_selector_def proof((clarify,standard;clarify),goal_cases)
case (1 n E)
let ?x = "(SOME (R, f). valid_selection Rs (n, E) R f)"
from valid_selection_exists[OF 1 assms]
have "∃ R f. valid_selection Rs (n, E) R f" by auto
hence "∃ x. valid_selection Rs (n, E) (fst x) (snd x)"
by auto
from this prod.case_eq_if tfl_some
have "¬ valid_selection Rs (n, E) (fst ?x) (snd ?x) ⇒ False"
by (metis (mono_tags, lifting))
thus ?case unfolding non_constructive_selector_def Let_def using 1 by
(auto simp:prod_eq_iff)
```

```
qed (auto simp:non_constructive_selector_def)
```

The following is used to make a weak pushout step. In the paper, we aren't too specific on how this should be done. Here we are. We work on natural numbers in order to be able to pick fresh elements easily.

```
definition extend ::
    "nat \Rightarrow ('b, 'a::linorder) Graph_PreRule \Rightarrow ('a \times nat) set \Rightarrow ('a
\times nat) set" where
"extend n R f \equiv f \cup
   (let V_new = sorted_list_of_set (vertices (snd R) - vertices (fst R))
    in set (zip V_new [n..<(n+length V_new)]))"</pre>
lemma nextMax_set[simp]:
  assumes "sorted xs"
  shows "nextMax (set xs) = (if xs = Nil then 0 else Suc (last xs))"
  using assms
proof(induct xs)
  case Nil show ?case unfolding nextMax_def by auto
\mathbf{next}
  case (Cons a list)
  hence "list \neq [] \implies fold max list a = last list"
    using list_sorted_max by (metis last.simps)
  thus ?case unfolding nextMax_def Max.set_eq_fold by auto
qed
```

```
lemma nextMax_Un_eq[simp]:
```

"finite x  $\Longrightarrow$  finite y  $\Longrightarrow$  nextMax (x  $\cup$  y) = max (nextMax x) (nextMax y)" unfolding nextMax\_def using Max\_Un by auto lemma extend: assumes "graph\_homomorphism (fst R) (LG E {0..<n}) f" "graph\_rule R" defines "g  $\equiv$  extend n R f" defines "G'  $\equiv$  LG ((on\_triple g '' (edges (snd R)))  $\cup$  E) {0..<max n (nextMax (Range g))}" shows "graph\_homomorphism (snd R) G' g" "agree\_on (fst R) f g" "f  $\subseteq$ g" "subgraph (LG E {0..<n}) G'" "weak\_universal (t:: 'x itself) R (LG E {0..<n}) G' f g" proof have ln: "length x = length [n.. < n + length x]" for x: "'b list" by auto let ?R L = "vertices (snd R) - vertices (fst R)" from assms have "graph\_rule (fst R, snd R)" and fin\_R:"finite (vertices (snd R))" and subsLR:"vertices (fst R)  $\subseteq$  vertices (snd R)" and gr\_R:"graph (snd R)" unfolding subgraph\_def graph\_union\_iff by auto hence fin\_R\_L[simp]:"finite ?R\_L" and fin\_L:"finite (vertices (fst R))" using finite\_subset by auto from assms have f\_dom:"Domain f = vertices (fst R)" and f\_uni: "univalent f" unfolding graph\_homomorphism\_def by auto from assms[unfolded graph\_homomorphism\_def] have "f '' vertices (fst R)  $\subseteq$  vertices (LG E {0..<n})" by blast hence  $f_{ran}$ : "Range  $f \subseteq \{0... < n\}$ " using  $f_{dom}$  by auto let ?g = "(let V\_new = sorted\_list\_of\_set ?R\_L in set (zip V\_new [n..<n + length V\_new]))"</pre> have fin\_g':"finite ?g" "finite (Range  $?g)" unfolding Let_def by auto$ have "finite (Domain f)" "univalent f" using assms(1) fin\_L unfolding graph\_homomorphism\_def by auto hence fin\_f:"finite (Range f)" unfolding Range\_snd by auto hence fin\_g:"finite (Range g)" unfolding extend\_def g\_def Let\_def Range\_Un\_eq by auto have nextMax\_f:"nextMax (Range f)  $\leq$  n" using f\_ran Max\_in[OF fin\_f] by (simp add:nextMax\_def Suc\_leI subset\_eq) have "x  $\in$  Domain ?g  $\implies$  x  $\notin$  Domain f" for x unfolding f\_dom Let\_def by auto hence  $g_not_f:"(x,y) \in ?g \implies (x,z) \notin f"$  for x y z by blast have uni\_g':"univalent ?g" "univalent (converse ?g)" unfolding Let\_def by auto with f\_uni have uni\_g: "univalent g" by (auto simp:g\_def extend\_def g\_not\_f)

from fin\_g have "(a,b)  $\in$  g  $\implies$  b < Suc (Max (Range g))" for a b unfolding less\_Suc\_eq\_le by (rule Max.coboundedI) force hence "(a,b)  $\in$  g  $\implies$  b < nextMax (Range g)" for a b unfolding nextMax\_def by (cases "Range g = {}",auto) hence  $in_g:"(a,b) \in g \implies b < max n (nextMax (Range g))"$  for a b by fastforce let  $?G = "LG E \{0... < n\}"$ have gr\_G: "graph ?G" using assms(1) unfolding graph\_homomorphism\_def by blast hence "(a, aa, b)  $\in$  E  $\Longrightarrow$  b < max n c" "(a, aa, b)  $\in$  E  $\Longrightarrow$  aa < max n c" for a aa b c by fastforce+ hence  $gr_G'$ : "graph G'" unfolding G'\_def restrict\_def using in\_g by auto show "subgraph (LG E  $\{0... < n\}$ ) G'" unfolding subgraph\_def2[OF gr\_G gr\_G'] unfolding G'\_def by auto have g\_dom: "vertices (snd R) = Domain g" using subsLR unfolding g\_def extend\_def Domain\_Un\_eq f\_dom by (auto simp:Let\_def) show "graph\_homomorphism (snd R) G' g" by (intro graph\_homomorphismI[OF g\_dom \_ uni\_g \_ gr\_R gr\_G']) (auto simp:G'\_def intro:in\_g) show "f  $\subseteq$  g" by (auto simp:g\_def extend\_def) thus "agree\_on (fst R) f g" using f\_dom uni\_g agree\_on\_subset equalityE by metis show "weak\_universal t R ?G G' f g" proof fix a:: "('b  $\times$  'x) set" fix b G assume a: "graph\_homomorphism (snd R) G a" "graph\_homomorphism ?G G b" "f O b  $\subseteq$  a" hence univ\_b:"univalent b" and univ\_a:"univalent a" and rng\_b: "Range b  $\subseteq$  vertices G" and rng\_a: "Range a  $\subseteq$  vertices G" and ep\_b:"edge\_preserving b (edges (LG E  $\{0..<n\}$ )) (edges G)" and ep\_a:"edge\_preserving a (edges (snd R)) (edges G)" unfolding graph\_homomorphism\_def prod.sel labeled\_graph.sel by blast+ from a have  $dom_b$ : "Domain  $b = \{0... < n\}$ " and dom a: "Domain a = vertices (snd R)" and v6: "graph G" unfolding graph\_homomorphism\_def prod.sel labeled\_graph.sel by auto have help\_dom\_b:"(y, z)  $\in$  b  $\implies$  n  $\leq$  y  $\implies$  False" for y z using dom\_b by (metis Domain.DomainI atLeastLessThan\_iff not\_less) have disj\_doms:"Domain b  $\cap$  Domain (?g<sup>-1</sup> 0 a) = {}" using help\_dom\_b unfolding Let\_def by (auto dest!:set\_zip\_leftD) have "max n (nextMax (Range ?g)) = n + length (sorted\_list\_of\_set ?R\_L)" (is "\_ = ?len") unfolding Let\_def Range\_snd set\_map[symmetric] map\_snd\_zip[OF ln] nextMax\_set[OF sorted\_upt] by (fastforce simp del: length\_sorted\_list\_of\_set) hence n\_eq:"?len = max n (nextMax (Range g))"

```
unfolding Range_snd[symmetric] g_def extend_def Range_Un_eq
                 nextMax_Un_eq[OF fin_f fin_g'(2)] max.assoc[symmetric]
max_absorb1[OF nextMax_f]
      by auto
    let ?h = "b \cup ?g<sup>-1</sup> 0 a"
    have dg:"Domain (?g<sup>-1</sup>) = {n..<max n (nextMax (Range g))}"
      unfolding Let_def Domain_converse Range_set_zip[OF ln] atLeastLessThan_upt
    unfolding Range_snd n_eq .. have "?g '' Domain a = ?g '' (?R_L \cup vertices (fst R))"
      using dom_a subsLR by auto
    also have "... = ?g '' ?R_L \cup ?g '' vertices (fst R)" by blast
    also have "?g '' vertices (fst R) = {}" apply(rule Image_outside_Domain)
      unfolding Let_def Domain_set_zip[OF ln] by auto
    also have "?g '' ?R_L = Range ?g" apply(rule Image_Domain)
      unfolding Let_def Domain_set_zip[OF ln] by auto
    finally have dg2:"?g '' Domain a = {n..<max n (nextMax (Range g))}"
      unfolding Let_def Range_set_zip[OF ln] set_sorted_list_of_set[OF
fin_R_L]
      unfolding n_eq set_upt by auto
    have "Domain (?g<sup>-1</sup> 0 a) = {n..<max n (nextMax (Range g))}"
      unfolding Domain_id_on converse_converse dg dg2 by auto
    hence v1: "vertices G' = Domain ?h" unfolding G'_def Domain_Un_eq
dom_b by auto
    have "b '' vertices G' \subseteq vertices G" "(?g<sup>-1</sup> O a) '' vertices G' \subseteq
vertices G"
      using rng_a rng_b by auto
    hence v2: "?h '' vertices G' \subseteq vertices G" by blast
    have v3: "univalent ?h"
      using disj_doms univalent_union[OF univ_b univalent_composes[OF
uni_g'(2) univ_a]] by blast
    { fix 1 x y x' y' assume a2: "(1,x,y) \in edges G'" "(x,x') \in ?h" "(y,y')
∈ ?h″
      have "(1,x',y') \in edges G" proof(cases "(1,x,y) \in edges ?G")
        case True
        with gr G[THEN restrictD]
        have "x \in Domain b" "y \in Domain b" unfolding dom_b by auto
        hence "x \notin Domain (converse ?g O a)" "y \notin Domain (converse ?g
0 a)"
          using disj_doms by blast+
        hence "(x,x') \in b" "(y,y') \in b" using a 2 by auto
        with ep_b True show ?thesis unfolding edge_preserving by auto
      next
        have "g 0 ?h = f 0 b \cup ?g 0 b \cup ((f 0 ?g<sup>-1</sup>) 0 a \cup (?g 0 ?g<sup>-1</sup>)
0 a)"
           unfolding g_def extend_def by blast
        also have "(?g 0 ?g<sup>-1</sup>) = Id_on ?R_L"
```
```
unfolding univalent_0_converse[OF uni_g'(2)] unfolding Let_def
by auto
        also have "(f 0 ?g^{-1}) = {}" using f_ran unfolding Let_def by
(auto dest!:set_zip_leftD)
        also have "?g 0 b = \{\}" using help_dom_b unfolding Let_def by
(auto dest!:set_zip_rightD)
        finally have gOh: "g O ?h \subseteq a" using a(3) by blast
        case False
        hence "(1,x,y) \in on_triple g '' edges (snd R)" using a2(1) un-
folding G'_def by auto
        then obtain r_x r_y
          where r:"(1,r_x,r_y) \in edges (snd R)""(r_x,x) \in g""(r_y,y)
\in g" by auto
        hence "(r_x,x') \in a" "(r_y,y') \in a" using gOh a2(2,3) by auto
        hence "(1,x',y') \in on_triple a '' edges (snd R)" using r(1) un-
folding on triple def by auto
        thus ?thesis using ep_a unfolding edge_preserving by auto
      qed
    }
    hence v4: "edge_preserving ?h (edges G') (edges G)" by auto
    have "graph_homomorphism G' G ?h" by (fact graph_homomorphismI[OF
v1 v2 v3 v4 gr_G' v6])
    thus "\existsh. graph_homomorphism G' G h \land b \subseteq h" by auto
  qed
qed
   Showing that the extend function indeed creates a valid pushout.
lemma selector_pushout:
  assumes "valid_selector Rs selector" "selector G'' = Some (R,f)"
  defines "G \equiv graph_of G''"
  assumes "graph G"
```

```
defines "g \equiv extend (fst G'') R f"
  defines "G' \equiv LG (on_triple g '' edges (snd R) \cup (snd G'')) {0..<max}
(fst G'') (nextMax (Range g))}"
  shows "pushout_step (t:: 'x itself) R G G'"
proof -
  have "valid_selection Rs G'' R f" using assms by (cases "selector G''", auto)
  hence igh:"graph_homomorphism (fst R) G f" "graph_rule R"
    unfolding valid_selection_def worklist_def G_def Let_def by auto
 have "subgraph G G'"
       "graph_homomorphism (fst R) G f"
       "graph_homomorphism (snd R) G' g"
       "f \subseteq g"
       "weak_universal t R G G' f g"
    using extend[OF igh[unfolded G_def],folded g_def,folded G'_def,folded
G_def] igh(1)
    by auto
  thus ?thesis unfolding pushout_step_def by auto
qed
```

Making a single step in Algorithm 1. A prerequisite is that its first argument is a valid\_selector.

```
definition make_step where
"make_step selector S \equiv
   case selector \boldsymbol{S} of
     None \Rightarrow S |
     Some (R,f) \Rightarrow (let g = extend (fst S) R f in
         (max (fst S) (nextMax (Range g)), (on_triple g `` (edges (snd
R))) \cup (snd S)))"
lemma WPC_through_make_step:
  assumes "set_of_graph_rules Rs" "graph (graph_of (X 0))"
     and makestep: "\forall i. X (Suc i) = make_step selector (X i)"
     and selector: "valid_selector Rs selector"
 shows "Simple_WPC t Rs (\lambda i. graph_of (X i))" "chain (\lambda i. graph_of
(X i))"
proof
  note ms = makestep[unfolded make_step_def,rule_format]
 have gr:"graph (graph_of (X i))" for i proof(induct i)
    case (Suc i)
    then show ?case proof(cases "selector (X i)")
      case None
      then show ?thesis using ms Suc by auto
    next
      case (Some a)
      then obtain R f where Some: "selector (X i) = Some (R,f)" by fastforce
      then show ?thesis using ms[of i,unfolded Some Let_def]
        selector_pushout[OF selector Some Suc,of t
                         ,unfolded pushout_step_def subgraph_def]
        by auto
    qed
  qed (fact assms)
  show "chain (\lambda i. graph_of (X i))" unfolding chain_def
 proof(clarify) fix i
    show "subgraph (graph_of (X i)) (graph_of (X (i + 1)))"
    proof(cases "selector (X i)")
      case None
      then show ?thesis using ms gr by (auto intro!:graph_homomorphismI)
    next
      case Some
      then obtain R f where Some: "selector (X i) = Some (R,f)" by fastforce
      then show ?thesis using ms selector_pushout[OF selector Some gr,of
t]
      unfolding pushout_step_def Let_def by simp
    \mathbf{qed}
 \mathbf{qed}
  show "graph_of (X i) = graph_of (X (Suc i)) \lor
         (\exists R \in Rs. pushout\_step t R (graph_of (X i)) (graph_of (X (Suc
i))))" for i
```

```
proof(cases "selector (X i)")
    case None thus ?thesis using ms by auto
  next
    case Some
    then obtain R f where Some: "selector (X \ i) = Some \ (R, f)" by fastforce
    hence "R \in Rs"
      using valid_selectorD(2)[OF selector,unfolded valid_selection_def
worklist_def Let_def]
      by(cases R,blast)
    then show ?thesis using ms[of i,unfolded Some Let_def] selector_pushout[OF
selector Some gr]
      unfolding make_step_def by auto
  qed
qed (fact assms)+
lemma N occurs finitely often:
  assumes "finite Rs" "set_of_graph_rules Rs" "graph (graph_of (X 0))"
      and makestep: "\land i. X (Suc i) = make_step selector (X i)"
      and selector: "valid_selector Rs selector"
    shows "finite {(R,f). \exists i. R \in Rs \land graph_homomorphism (fst R) (graph_of
(X i)) f
                          \land nextMax (Range f) \leq N}" (is "finite {(R,f).?P
R f}")
proof -
  have prod_eq : "(\forall x \in \{(x, y). A x y\}. B x) \longleftrightarrow (\forall x. A (fst x) (snd
x) \longrightarrow B x)"
     "(x \in {(x, y). A x y}) \longleftrightarrow (A (fst x) (snd x))"
    for A B x by auto
  let ?S = "{(R,f).?P R f}"
  let "?Q R f" = "Domain f = vertices (fst (R::('a, 'b) Graph_PreRule))
\wedge univalent f \wedge nextMax (Range f) \leq N"
  have seteq:"(\bigcup R \in \mathbb{R}s. \{(R', f). R' = R \land ?Q R f\}) = \{(R, f). R \in \mathbb{R}s\}
\land ?Q R f}" by auto
  have "\forall R \in Rs. finite {(R',f). R' = R \land ?Q R f}"
  proof fix R assume "R \in Rs"
    hence fin: "finite (vertices (fst R))" using assms by auto
    hence fin2:"finite (Pow (vertices (fst R) \times {0..N}))" by auto
    have fin: "Domain x = vertices (fst R) \implies univalent x \implies finite
(snd ' x)"
      for x:: "('b \times nat) set" using fin univalent_finite[of x] by simp
    hence "Domain f = vertices (fst R) \Longrightarrow
      univalent f \implies (a,b) \in f \implies nextMax (Range f) \leq N \implies b \leq N"
for f a b
      unfolding Range_snd using image_eqI nextMax_max(2) snd_conv order.trans
by metis
    hence sub:"{f. ?Q R f} \subseteq Pow (vertices (fst R) \times {0..N})"
      using nextMax_max[OF fin] by (auto simp:Range_snd image_def)
    from finite_subset[OF sub fin2] show "finite {(R',f). R' = R \land ?Q
R f by auto
```

```
qed
  from this[folded finite_UN[OF assms(1)],unfolded seteq]
 have fin:"finite {(R,f). R \in Rs \land ?Q R f}".
 have "?P R f \implies R \in Rs \land ?Q R f" for R f
    unfolding graph_homomorphism_def by auto
 hence "?S \subseteq {(R,f). R \in Rs \land ?Q R f}" unfolding subset_eq prod_eq
by blast
  from finite_subset[OF this fin] show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma inj_on_infinite:
  assumes "infinite A" "inj_on f A" "range f \subseteq B"
 shows "infinite B"
proof -
 from assms[unfolded infinite_iff_countable_subset] obtain g::"nat \Rightarrow
'a" where
    g:"inj g \land range g \subseteq A" by blast
 hence i: "inj (f o g)" using assms(2) using comp_inj_on inj_on_subset
by blast
 have "range (f o g) \subseteq B" using assms(3) by auto
  with i show ?thesis
    unfolding infinite_iff_countable_subset by blast
qed
lemma makestep_makes_selector_inj:
  assumes "selector (X y) = Some (R,f)"
          "selector (X x) = Some (R, f)"
          "valid selector Rs selector"
    and step: "\forall i. X (Suc i) = make_step selector (X i)"
    and chain: "chain (\lambda i. graph_of (X i))"
 shows "x = y"
proof(rule ccontr)
 assume a: "x \neq y"
 define x' y' where "x' \equiv min x y" "y' \equiv max x y"
 hence xy: "selector (X \times i) = Some (R, f)" "selector (X \times i) = Some (R, f)"
f)" "x' < y'"
    using assms(1,2) a unfolding min_def max_def by auto
  with valid selectorD assms
  have "valid_selection Rs (X x') R f" "valid_selection Rs (X y') R f"
by auto
 hence not_ex:"¬ extensible R (graph_of (X y')) f"
    and hom: "graph_homomorphism (fst R) (graph_of (X x')) f" "graph_rule
R"
    unfolding valid_selection_def Let_def worklist_def by auto
 have X:"X (Suc x') = (max (fst (X x')) (nextMax (Range (extend (fst
(X x')) R f))),
          on_triple (extend (fst (X x')) R f) '' edges (snd R) \cup snd (X
x'))"
    unfolding step[unfolded make_step_def Let_def,rule_format] xy by auto
```

```
let ?ex = "extend (fst (X x')) R f"
  have hom:"graph_homomorphism (snd R) (graph_of (X (Suc x'))) ?ex"
       and agr: "agree_on (fst R) f ?ex" using extend(1,2)[OF hom] un-
folding X by auto
  from xy have "Suc x' \leq y'" by auto
  with chain[unfolded chain_def2] have "subgraph (graph_of (X (Suc x')))
(graph_of (X y'))" by auto
  from subgraph_preserves_hom[OF this hom]
  have hom: "graph_homomorphism (snd R) (graph_of (X y')) ?ex".
  with agr have "extensible R (graph_of (X y')) f" unfolding extensible_def
by auto
 thus False using not_ex by auto
qed
lemma fair_through_make_step:
  assumes "finite Rs" "set_of_graph_rules Rs" "graph (graph_of (X 0))"
     and makestep: "\forall i. X (Suc i) = make_step selector (X i)"
     and selector: "valid_selector Rs selector"
  shows "fair_chain Rs (\lambda i. graph_of (X i))"
proof
 show chn:"chain (\lambdai. graph_of (X i))" using WPC_through_make_step assms
by blast
 fix R f i
 assume Rs: "R \in Rs" and h: "graph_homomorphism (fst R) (graph_of (X
i)) f"
 hence R:"finite (vertices (snd R))" "subgraph (fst R) (snd R)" "finite
(vertices (fst R))"
    using assms by auto
 hence f:"finite f" "finite (Range f)" "finite (Domain f)" "univalent
f"
    using h unfolding graph_homomorphism_def Range_snd by auto
  define N where "N \equiv nextMax (Range f)"
 fix S
 let "?Q X' j" = " fst X' \in Rs
                  \land graph homomorphism (fst (fst X')) (graph of (X (j+i)))
(snd X')
                  \wedge nextMax (Range (snd X')) \leq N"
 let ?S = "{(R,f). \exists j. ?Q (R,f) j}"
  from assms(4) have "\landia. X (Suc ia + i) = make_step selector (X (ia
+ i))" by auto
  note r = assms(1,2) chain_then_restrict[OF chn] this assms(5)
  from N_occurs_finitely_often[of Rs "\lambda j. X (j + i)", OF r]
  have fin_S:"finite ?S" by auto
  { assume a: "\forall j. \neg extensible R (graph_of (X j)) f"
    let "?P X' j" = "?Q X' j \land Some X' = selector (X (j+i))"
    { fix j let ?j = "j+i" have "?j \ge i" by auto
      from subgraph_preserves_hom[OF chain[OF chn this] h]
      have h: "graph_homomorphism (fst R) (graph_of (X ?j)) f".
```

```
have "\neg extensible R (graph_of (X ?j)) f" using a by blast
      with h Rs have wl:"(nextMax (Range f),R,f) \in worklist (X ?j) Rs"
        unfolding worklist_def Let_def set_eq_iff by auto
      hence "worklist (X ?j) Rs \neq {}" by auto
      with valid_selectorD[OF selector]
      obtain R' f'
        where sel: "Some (R', f') = selector (X ? j)"
                  "valid_selection Rs (X ?j) R' f'" by auto
      hence max:"(nextMax (Range f'), R', f') ∈ worklist (X ?j) Rs"
                "(\forall (N, _)\inworklist (X ?j) Rs. nextMax (Range f') \leq N)"
        unfolding valid_selection_def Let_def by auto
      with wl have "nextMax (Range f') \leq N" unfolding N_def by auto
      with max(1)[unfolded worklist_def Let_def mem_Collect_eq prod.case]
sel(1)
      have "\exists X'. ?P X' j" by (metis fst_conv snd_conv)
    }
    then obtain ch where ch:"\land j. ?P (ch j) j" by metis
    have inj:"inj ch" proof fix x y assume "ch x = ch y"
      with ch[of x] ch[of y]
      have "selector (X (x + i)) = Some (ch x)" "selector (X (y + i))
= Some (ch x)" by auto
      with makestep_makes_selector_inj[OF _ _ selector makestep chn] have
"x + i = y + i"
        by (cases "ch x", metis (full_types))
      thus "x = y" by auto
    qed
    have "ch x \in ?S" for x using ch[of x] unfolding mem_Collect_eq by(intro
case_prodI2) metis
    hence "range ch \subseteq ?S" unfolding UNIV_def by (rule image_Collect_subsetI)
    with infinite_iff_countable_subset inj have "infinite ?S" by blast
    with fin_S have "False" by auto
  }
 thus "\exists j. extensible R (graph_of (X j)) f" by auto
qed
fun mk_chain where
  "mk chain sel Rs init 0 = init" |
  "mk_chain sel Rs init (Suc n) = mk_chain sel Rs (make_step sel init)
n"
lemma mk_chain:
  "\forall i. mk_chain sel Rs init (Suc i) = make_step sel (mk_chain sel Rs
init i)"
proof
 fix i
 show "mk_chain sel Rs init (Suc i) = make_step sel (mk_chain sel Rs
init i)"
   by (induct i arbitrary:init,auto)
```

qed

Algorithm 1, abstractly.

```
abbreviation the_lcg where
"the_lcg sel Rs init \equiv chain_sup (\lambdai. graph_of (mk_chain sel Rs init
i))"
lemma mk_chain_edges:
  assumes "valid_selector Rules sel"
           "[] ((edges o snd) ' Rules) \subseteq L \times UNIV"
           "edges (graph_of G) \subseteq L \,\times\, UNIV"
  shows "edges (graph_of (mk_chain sel Rules G i)) \subseteq L \times UNIV"
using assms(3) proof(induct i arbitrary:G)
  case 0
  then show ?case using assms(2) by auto
next
  case (Suc i G)
  hence "edges (graph_of (make_step sel G)) \subseteq L \times UNIV"
  proof(cases "sel G")
    case None show ?thesis unfolding None make_step_def using Suc by
auto
  \mathbf{next}
    case (Some a)
    then obtain R f where Some: "sel G = Some (R, f)" by fastforce
    hence "(a, x, y) \in edges (snd R) \implies a \in L" for a x y
      using assms(2) valid_selectorD(2)[OF assms(1) Some]
      unfolding valid_selection_def Let_def worklist_def by auto
    then show ?thesis unfolding Some make_step_def Let_def using Suc
by auto
  qed
  thus ?case unfolding mk_chain.simps by (rule Suc)
qed
lemma the_lcg_edges:
  assumes "valid_selector Rules sel"
           "fst ' ([] ((edges o snd) ' Rules)) \subseteq L" (is "fst '?fR \subseteq _")
           "fst ' snd G \subset L"
  shows "fst ' edges (the_lcg sel Rules G) \subseteq L"
proof -
  from assms have "fst '?fR \times UNIV \subseteq L \times UNIV" "fst '(edges (graph_of
G)) \times UNIV \subseteq L \times UNIV"
    by auto
  hence "(\bigcup ((edges o snd) ' Rules)) \subseteq L \times UNIV" "edges (graph_of G)
\subseteq L \times UNIV"
    using fst_UNIV[of ?fR] fst_UNIV[of "(edges (graph_of G))"] by blast+
  note assms = assms(1) this
  have "edges (graph_of (mk_chain sel Rules G i)) \subseteq L \,\times\, UNIV" for i
    using mk_chain_edges[OF assms, unfolded Times_subset_cancel2[OF UNIV_I]].
  hence "edges (the_lcg sel Rules G) \subseteq L \times UNIV" unfolding chain_sup_def
```

```
by auto
 thus ?thesis by auto
qed
   Lemma 9.
lemma lcg_through_make_step:
assumes "finite Rs" "set_of_graph_rules Rs" "graph (graph_of init)"
        "valid_selector Rs sel"
 shows "least_consequence_graph t Rs (graph_of init) (the_lcg sel Rs
init)"
proof -
  from assms have gr: "graph (graph_of (mk_chain sel Rs init 0))" by auto
 note assms = assms(1,2) this mk_chain assms(4)
 from set_of_graph_rulesD[OF assms(2)]
 have "(AR. R \in Rs \implies subgraph (fst R) (snd R) \land finite_graph (fst
R))" by auto
 from fair_chain_impl_consequence_graph[OF fair_through_make_step[OF
assms] this]
       wpc_simpl[OF WPC_through_make_step(1)[OF assms(2-)],THEN wpc_least]
```

show ?thesis unfolding least\_consequence\_graph\_def by auto  $\operatorname{qed}$ 

 $\mathbf{end}$ 

# 5 Semantics in labeled graphs

theory LabeledGraphSemantics imports LabeledGraphs begin

GetRel describes the main way we interpret graphs: as describing a set of binary relations.

```
definition getRel where

"getRel 1 G = \{(x,y). (1,x,y) \in edges G\}"

lemma getRel_dom:

assumes "graph G"

shows "(a,b) \in getRel 1 G \implies a \in vertices G"

"(a,b) \in getRel 1 G \implies b \in vertices G"

using assms unfolding getRel_def by auto

lemma getRel_subgraph[simp]:

assumes "(y, z) \in getRel 1 G" "subgraph G G'"

shows "(y,z) \in getRel 1 G'" using assms by (auto simp:getRel_def subgraph_def

graph_union_iff)

lemma getRel_homR:
```

```
assumes "(y, z) \in getRel 1 G" "(y,u) \in f" "(z,v) \in f"
```

```
shows "(u, v) \in getRel 1 (map_graph f G)"
  using assms by (auto simp:getRel_def on_triple_def)
lemma getRel_hom[intro]:
  assumes "(y, z) \in getRel 1 G" "y \in vertices G" "z \in vertices G"
 shows "(f y, f z) \in getRel l (map_graph_fn G f)"
 using assms by (auto intro!:getRel_homR)
lemma getRel_hom_map[simp]:
  assumes "graph G"
 shows "getRel 1 (map_graph_fn G f) = map_prod f f ' (getRel 1 G)"
proof
  { fix x y
    assume a:"(x, y) ∈ getRel 1 G"
   hence "x \in vertices G" "y \in vertices G" using assms unfolding getRel_def
by auto
   hence "(f x, f y) \in getRel l (map_graph_fn G f)" using a by auto
  ł
 then show "map_prod f f ' getRel 1 G \subseteq getRel 1 (map_graph_fn G f)"
by auto
qed (cases G,auto simp:getRel_def)
```

The thing called term in the paper is called *alligorical\_term* here. This naming is chosen because an allegory has precisely these operations, plus identity.

```
datatype 'v allegorical_term
= A_Int "'v allegorical_term" "'v allegorical_term"
| A_Cmp "'v allegorical_term" "'v allegorical_term"
| A_Cnv "'v allegorical_term"
| A_Lbl (a_lbl : 'v)
```

The interpretation of terms, Definition 2.

```
fun semantics where

"semantics G (A_Int a b) = semantics G a \cap semantics G b" |

"semantics G (A_Cmp a b) = semantics G a O semantics G b" |

"semantics G (A_Cnv a) = converse (semantics G a)" |

"semantics G (A_Lbl 1) = getRel 1 G"
```

```
notation semantics (<:_:[] > 55)
```

type\_synonym 'v sentence = "'v allegorical\_term × 'v allegorical\_term"

```
datatype 'v Standard_Constant = S_Top | S_Bot | S_Idt | S_Const 'v
```

Definition 3. We don't define sentences but instead simply work with pairs of terms.

```
abbreviation holds where
"holds G S \equiv :G:[[fst S]] = :G:[[snd S]]"
notation holds (infix \langle \models \rangle 55)
```

abbreviation subset\_sentence where "subset\_sentence A B  $\equiv$  (A,A\_Int A B)" notation subset\_sentence (infix  $\langle \Box \rangle$  60) Lemma 1. lemma sentence\_iff[simp]: " $G \models e_1 \sqsubseteq e_2 = (:G: \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket \subseteq :G: \llbracket e_2 \rrbracket)$ " and eq\_as\_subsets: "G  $\models$  (e<sub>1</sub>, e<sub>2</sub>) = (G  $\models$  e<sub>1</sub>  $\sqsubseteq$  e<sub>2</sub>  $\land$  G  $\models$  e<sub>2</sub>  $\sqsubseteq$  e<sub>1</sub>)" by auto lemma map\_graph\_in[intro]: assumes "graph G" "(a,b)  $\in$  :G: $\llbracket e \rrbracket$ " shows "(f a,f b) ∈ :map\_graph\_fn G f:[[e]]" using assms by (induct e arbitrary: a b, auto intro!:relcompI) lemma semantics\_subset\_vertices: assumes "graph A" shows ":A: $[e] \subseteq$  vertices A  $\times$  vertices A" using assms by (induct e, auto simp:getRel\_def) lemma semantics\_in\_vertices: assumes "graph A" "(a,b)  $\in :A: \llbracket e \rrbracket$ " shows "a  $\in$  vertices A" "b  $\in$  vertices A" using assms by (induct e arbitrary: a b, auto simp:getRel\_def) lemma map\_graph\_semantics[simp]: assumes "graph A" and i: "inj\_on f (vertices A)" shows ":map\_graph\_fn A f: [[e]] = map\_prod f f ' (:A: [[e]])" proof(induct e) have io:"inj\_on (map\_prod f f) (vertices A  $\times$  vertices A)" using i unfolding inj\_on\_def by simp note s = semantics\_subset\_vertices[OF assms(1)] case (A\_Int e1 e2) thus ?case by (auto simp:inj\_on\_image\_Int[OF io s s]) next case (A\_Cmp e1 e2) { fix xa ya xb yb assume "(xa, ya)  $\in$  :A: $\llbracket e1 \rrbracket$ " "(xb, yb)  $\in$  :A: $\llbracket e2 \rrbracket$ " "f ya = f xb" moreover hence "ya = xb" using i[unfolded inj\_on\_def] semantics\_in\_vertices[OF assms(1)] bv auto ultimately have "(f xa, f yb)  $\in$  map\_prod f f ' ((:A: [e1]) O (:A: [e2]))" by auto } with A\_Cmp show ?case by auto qed (insert assms,auto) lemma graph\_union\_semantics: shows "(:A:[e])  $\cup$  (:B:[e])  $\subseteq$  :graph\_union A B:[e]"

by(induct e,auto simp:getRel\_def) lemma subgraph\_semantics: assumes "subgraph A B" "(a,b)  $\in :A: [e]$ " shows "(a,b)  $\in :B:[e]"$ using assms by (induct e arbitrary: a b, auto intro!:relcompI) lemma graph\_homomorphism\_semantics: assumes "graph\_homomorphism A B f" "(a,b)  $\in :A:[e]$ " "(a,a')  $\in$  f" "(b,b')  $\in$  f" shows "(a',b')  $\in :B:[e]]$ " using assms proof(induct e arbitrary: a b a' b') have g: "graph A" using assms unfolding graph\_homomorphism\_def2 by auto case (A\_Cmp e1 e2) then obtain y where  $y: "(a, y) \in :A: [e1]" "(y, b) \in :A: [e2]"$  by auto hence "y ∈ vertices A" using semantics\_in\_vertices [OF g] by auto with A\_Cmp obtain y' where "(y,y')  $\in$  f" unfolding graph\_homomorphism\_def by auto from A\_Cmp(1)[OF assms(1) y(1) A\_Cmp(5) this] A\_Cmp(2)[OF assms(1) y(2) this  $A_{Cmp}(6)$ ] show ?case by auto next case (A\_Lbl x) thus ?case by (auto simp:getRel\_def graph\_homomorphism\_def2 graph\_union\_iff) qed auto lemma graph\_homomorphism\_nonempty: assumes "graph\_homomorphism A B f" ":A: $[e] \neq \{\}$ " shows ":B: $[e] \neq \{\}$ " prooffrom assms have g: "graph A" unfolding graph\_homomorphism\_def by auto from assms obtain a b where  $ab: "(a,b) \in :A: [e]"$  by auto from semantics\_in\_vertices[OF g ab] obtain a' b' where "(a,a')  $\in$  f" "(b,b')  $\in$  f" using assms(1) unfolding graph\_homomorphism\_def bv auto from graph\_homomorphism\_semantics[OF assms(1) ab this] show ?thesis by auto qed lemma getRel\_map\_fn[intro]: assumes "a2  $\in$  vertices G" "b2  $\in$  vertices G" "(a2,b2)  $\in$  getRel 1 G" "f a2 = a" "f b2 = b" shows "(a,b) ∈ getRel 1 (map\_graph\_fn G f)" proof from assms(1,2) have "((1, a2, b2), (1, f a2, f b2))  $\in$  on\_triple {(a, f a) |a. a  $\in$ vertices G}" by auto thus ?thesis using assms(3-) by (simp add:getRel\_def BNF\_Def.Gr\_def Image\_def,blast)

 $\mathbf{end}$ 

qed

# 6 Standard Models

We define the kind of models we are interested in here. In particular, we care about standard graphs. To allow some reuse, we distinguish a generic version called *standard*, from an instantiated abbreviation *standard*'. There is little we can prove about these definition here, except for Lemma 2.

```
theory StandardModels
imports LabeledGraphSemantics Main
begin
abbreviation "a_bot \equiv A_Lbl S_Bot"
abbreviation "a_top \equiv A_Lbl S_Top"
abbreviation "a_idt \equiv A_Lbl S_Idt"
notation a_bot (<\perp>)
notation a\_top (\langle \top \rangle)
notation a_idt (<1>)
type_synonym 'v std_term = "'v Standard_Constant allegorical_term"
type_synonym 'v std_sentence = "'v std_term × 'v std_term"
type_synonym ('v, 'a) std_graph = "('v Standard_Constant, ('v+'a)) labeled_graph"
abbreviation ident_rel where
"ident_rel idt G \equiv getRel idt G = (\lambda x.(x,x)) ' vertices G"
lemma ident_rell[intro]:
  assumes min: "\land x. x \in vertices G \implies (x,x) \in getRel idt G"
  and max1: "\land x y. (x,y) \in getRel idt G \implies x = y"
  and max2:"/ x y. (x,y) \in getRel idt G \implies x \in vertices G"
shows "ident_rel idt G"
proof
  from max1 max2 have "\land x y. (x,y) \in getRel idt G \implies (x = y \land x \in
vertices G)" by simp
  thus "getRel idt G \subseteq (\lambda x. (x, x)) ' vertices G" by auto
  show "(\lambda x. (x, x)) ' vertices G \subseteq getRel idt G" using min by auto
qed
   Definition 4, generically.
definition standard :: "('1 \times 'v) set \Rightarrow '1 \Rightarrow '1 \Rightarrow '1 \Rightarrow ('1, 'v) labeled_graph
\Rightarrow bool" where
"standard C b t idt G
   \equiv G = restrict G
   \land vertices G \neq {}
   \land ident_rel idt G
```

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```
\land getRel b G = {}
   \land getRel t G = {(x,y). x \in vertices G \land y \in vertices G}
   \land (\forall (1,v) \in C. getRel 1 G = {(v,v)})"
   Definition 4.
abbreviation standard' :: "'v set \Rightarrow ('v,'a) std_graph \Rightarrow bool" where
"standard' C \equiv standard ((\lambda c. (S_Const c,Inl c)) ' C) S_Bot S_Top S_Idt"
    Definition 5.
definition model :: "'v set \Rightarrow ('v,'a) std_graph \Rightarrow ('v std_sentence) set
\Rightarrow bool" where
"model C G T \equiv standard' C G \land (\forall S \in T. G \models S)"
   Definition 5.
abbreviation consistent :: "'b itself \Rightarrow 'v set \Rightarrow ('v std_sentence) set
\Rightarrow bool" where
"consistent _ C T \equiv \exists (G::('v,'b) std_graph). model C G T"
    Definition 6.
definition entails :: "'b itself \Rightarrow 'v set \Rightarrow ('v std_sentence) set \Rightarrow
'v std_sentence \Rightarrow bool" where
"entails _ C T S \equiv \forall (G::('v,'b) std_graph). model C G T \longrightarrow G \models S"
lemma standard_top_not_bot[intro]:
"standard' C G \implies :G:\llbracket \bot \rrbracket \neq :G:\llbracket \top \rrbracket"
  unfolding standard_def by auto
   Lemma 2.
lemma consistent_iff_entails_nonsense:
"consistent t C T = (\neg entails t C T (\bot,\top))"
proof
  show "consistent t C T \implies \neg entails t C T (\bot, \top)"
     using standard_top_not_bot unfolding entails_def model_def
     by fastforce
qed (auto simp:entails_def model_def)
```

#### $\mathbf{end}$

### 7 Translating terms into Graphs

We define the translation function and its properties.

```
theory RuleSemanticsConnection
imports LabeledGraphSemantics RulesAndChains
begin
```

Definition 15.

```
fun translation :: "'c allegorical_term \Rightarrow ('c, nat) labeled_graph" where "translation (A_Lbl 1) = LG {(1,0,1)} {0,1}" |
```

```
"translation (A_Cnv e) = map_graph_fn (translation e) (\lambda x. if x<2 then
(1-x) else x)" |
"translation (A_Cmp e_1 e_2)
  = (let G_1 = translation e_1; G_2 = translation e_2
     in graph_union (map_graph_fn G_1 (\lambda x. if x=0 then 0 else x+card(vertices
G_2)-1))
                      (map_graph_fn G_2 (\lambda x. if x=0 then card (vertices
G<sub>2</sub>) else x)))" |
"translation (A_Int e_1 e_2)
  = (let G_1 = translation e_1 ; G_2 = translation e_2
     in graph_union G_1 (map_graph_fn G_2 (\lambda x. if x<2 then x else x+card(vertices
G<sub>1</sub>)-2)))"
definition inv_translation where
"inv_translation r \equiv \{0.. < \text{card } r\} = r \land \{0,1\} \subseteq r"
lemma inv_translationI4[intro]:
  assumes "finite r" " \land x. x < card r \Longrightarrow x \in r"
  shows "r=\{0..< card r\}"
proof(insert assms, induct "card r" arbitrary:r)
  case (Suc x r)
  let ?r = "r - {x}"
  from Suc have p: "x = card ?r" "finite ?r" by auto
  have p2:"xa < card ?r \implies xa \in ?r" for xa
    using Suc.prems(2)[of xa] Suc.hyps(2) unfolding p(1)[symmetric] by
auto
  from Suc.hyps(1) [OF p p2] have "?r=\{0..< card ?r\}".
  with Suc.hyps(2) Suc.prems(1) show ?case
    by (metis atLeast0_lessThan_Suc card_Diff_singleton_if insert_Diff
n_not_Suc_n p(1))
qed auto
lemma inv_translationI[intro!]:
assumes "finite r" "/ x. x < card r \implies x \in r" "0 \in r" "Suc 0 \in r"
shows "inv_translation r"
proof -
  from inv_translationI4[OF assms(1,2),symmetric]
  have c: " \{0.. < card r\} = r " by auto
  from assms(3,4) have "{0,1} \subseteq r" by auto
  with c inv_translation_def show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma verts_in_translation_finite[intro]:
"finite (vertices (translation X))"
"finite (edges (translation X))"
"O \in vertices (translation X)"
"Suc 0 \in vertices (translation X)"
proof(atomize(full), induction X)
  case (A_Int X1 X2)
```

```
then show ?case by (auto simp:Let_def)
\mathbf{next}
  case (A_Cmp X1 X2)
  then show ?case by (auto simp:Let_def)
\mathbf{next}
  have [simp]: "\{x::nat. x < 2\} = \{0,1\}" by auto
  case (A_Cnv X)
  then show ?case by auto
ged auto
lemma inv_tr_card_min:
  assumes "inv_translation r"
  shows "card r \ge 2"
proof -
  note [simp] = inv_translation_def
  have "{0..<x} = r \implies 2 \le x \iff 0 \in r \land 1 \in r" for x by auto
  thus ge2:"card r \ge 2" using assms by auto
qed
lemma verts_in_translation[intro]:
"inv_translation (vertices (translation X))"
proof(induct X)
  { fix r
    assume assms: "inv_translation r"
    note [simp] = inv_translation_def
    from assms have a1:"finite r"
      by (intro card_ge_0_finite) auto
    have [simp]: "{0..<Suc x} = {0..<x} \cup {x}" for x by auto
    note ge2 = inv_tr_card_min[OF assms]
    from ge2 assms have r0: "r \cap \{0\} = \{0\}" "r \cap \{x. x < 2\} = \{0, 1\}"
by auto
    have [intro!]:"\landx. x \in r \implies x < card r"
     and g6:"\land x. x < card r \leftrightarrow x \in r"
      using assms[unfolded inv_translation_def] atLeastLessThan_iff by
blast+
    have g4: "r \cap \{x. \neg x < 2\} = \{2.. < card r\}"
             "r \cap (Collect ((<) 0)) = \{1..< card r\}" using assms by fastforce+
    have ins:"1 \in r" "0 \in r" using assms by auto
    have d:"Suc (Suc (card r - 2)) = card r"
      using ge2 One_nat_def Suc_diff_Suc Suc_pred
            numeral_2_eq_2 by presburger
    note ge2 ins g4 g6 r0 d
  } note inv_translationD[simp] = this
  {
    fix a b c
    assume assm:"b \leq (a::nat)"
    have "(\lambda x. x + a - b) ' {b..<c} = {a..<c+a-b}" (is "?lhs = ?rhs")
    proof -
      from assm have "?lhs = (\lambda x. x + (a - b)) ' {b..<c}" by auto
```

```
also have "... = ?rhs"
          unfolding linordered_semidom_class.image_add_atLeastLessThan'
using assm by auto
       finally show ?thesis by auto
     ged
  } note e[simp] = this
   \{ fix r z \}
     assume a1: "inv_translation z" and a2: "inv_translation r"
     let ?z2 = "card z + card r - 2"
     let ?z1 = "card z + card r - Suc 0"
     from a1 a2
     have le1:"Suc 0 \leq card r"
       by (metis Suc_leD inv_translationD(1) numerals(2))
     hence le2: "card r \leq ?z1"
       by (metis Suc_leD a1 inv_translationD(1) numerals(2) ordered_cancel_comm_monoid_diff_
     with le1 have b: "{card r ... < ?z1} \cup {Suc 0 ... < card r} = {Suc 0 ... <
?z1}"
       by auto
     have a:"(insert (card r) \{0..< card z + card r - Suc 0\}) = \{0..< card z + card r - Suc 0\}) = \{0..< card z + card r - Suc 0\}) = \{0..< card z + card r - Suc 0\}) = \{0..< card z + card r - Suc 0\}) = \{0..< card z + card r - Suc 0\}) = \{0..< card z + card r - Suc 0\}) = \{0..< card z + card r - Suc 0\}) = \{0..< card z + card r - Suc 0\}) = \{0..< card z + card r - Suc 0\}) = \{0..< card z + card r - Suc 0\}) = \{0..< card z + card r - Suc 0\}) = \{0..< card x + card r - Suc 0\}) = \{0..< card x + card r - Suc 0\}) = \{0..< card x + card r - Suc 0\}
z + card r - Suc 0
       using le1 le2 a1 a2
       by (metis Suc_leD add_Suc_right atLeastLessThan_iff diff_Suc_Suc
insert_absorb inv_translationD(1) linorder_not_less not_less_eq_eq numerals(2)
ordered_cancel_comm_monoid_diff_class.le_add_diff)
     from a1 a2
     have "card z + card r - 2 \geq card (r::nat set)"
       by (simp add: ordered_cancel_comm_monoid_diff_class.le_add_diff)
     with a2
     have c:"card (r \cup {card r..<?z2}) = ?z2"
       by (metis atLeastOLessThan card_atLeastLessThan diff_zero inv_translation_def
ivl_disj_un_one(2))+
     note a b c
  } note [simp] = this
  have [simp]: "a < x \implies insert a {Suc a..<x} = {a..<x}" for a x by auto
  { case (A_Int X1 X2)
     let ?v1 = "vertices (translation X1)"
     from A_Int have [simp]:"(insert 0 (insert (Suc 0) (?v1 \cup x))) = ?v1
\cup x''
       for x unfolding inv_translation_def by auto
     from A_Int show ?case by (auto simp:Let_def linorder_not_le)
  \mathbf{next}
     case (A_Cmp X1 X2)
     hence "2\leqcard (vertices (translation X1))" "2\leqcard (vertices (translation
X2))" by auto
     hence "1 \leqcard (vertices (translation X1))" "1\leqcard (vertices (translation
X2))"
             "1 < card (vertices (translation X1)) + card (vertices (translation
X2)) - 1"
       by auto
```

```
from this A_Cmp
    show ?case by (auto simp:Let_def)
  \mathbf{next}
    case (A_Cnv X)
    thus ?case by (auto simp:Let_def)
  }
qed auto
lemma translation_graph[intro]:
"graph (translation X)"
  by (induct X, auto simp:Let_def)
lemma graph_rule_translation[intro]:
"graph_rule (translation X, translation (A_Int X Y))"
  using verts_in_translation_finite[of X] verts_in_translation_finite[of
"A Int X Y"]
         translation_graph[of X] translation_graph[of "A_Int X Y"]
  by (auto simp:Let_def subgraph_def2)
lemma graph_hom_translation[intro]:
  "graph_homomorphism (LG {} {0,1}) (translation X) (Id_on {0,1})"
  using verts_in_translation[of X]
  unfolding inv_translation_def graph_homomorphism_def2 by auto
lemma translation_right_to_left:
  assumes f:"graph_homomorphism (translation e) G f" "(0, x) \in f" "(1,
y) \in f''
  shows "(x, y) \in :G:[e]"
  using f
proof(induct e arbitrary:f x y)
case (A_Int e_1 e_2 f x y)
  let ?f_1 = "id"
  let ?f_2 = "(\lambda x. if x < 2 then x else x + card (vertices (translation
e1)) - 2)"
  let ?G_1 = "translation e_1"
  let ?G_2 = "translation e_2"
  have f1:"(0, x) \in on_graph ?G<sub>1</sub> ?f<sub>1</sub> 0 f" "(1, y) \in on_graph ?G<sub>1</sub> ?f<sub>1</sub>
0 f"
   and f2:"(0, x) \in on_graph ?G<sub>2</sub> ?f<sub>2</sub> 0 f" "(1, y) \in on_graph ?G<sub>2</sub> ?f<sub>2</sub>
0 f"
    using A_Int.prems(2,3) by (auto simp:BNF_Def.Gr_def relcomp_def)
  from A_Int.prems(1)
  have uni: "graph_homomorphism (graph_union ?G_1 (map_graph_fn ?G_2 ?f_2))
Gf"
    by (auto simp:Let_def)
  from graph_homo_union_id(1)[OF uni translation_graph]
  have h1:"graph_homomorphism ?G_1 (translation (A_Int e<sub>1</sub> e<sub>2</sub>)) (on_graph
?G1 id)"
    by (auto simp:Let_def graph_homomorphism_def)
```

```
have "graph (map_graph_fn ?G_2 ?f_2)" by auto
  from graph_homo_union_id(2)[OF uni this]
  have h2: "graph_homomorphism ?G<sub>2</sub> (translation (A_Int e<sub>1</sub> e<sub>2</sub>)) (on_graph
?G<sub>2</sub> ?f<sub>2</sub>)"
    by (auto simp:Let_def graph_homomorphism_def)
  from A_Int.hyps(1)[OF graph_homomorphism_composes[OF h1 A_Int.prems(1)]
f17
        A_Int.hyps(2)[OF graph_homomorphism_composes[OF h2 A_Int.prems(1)]
f2]
  show ?case by auto
\mathbf{next}
  case (A\_Cmp e_1 e_2 f x y)
  let ?f_1 = "(\lambda x. if x=0 \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } x+card(vertices (translation <math>e_2))-1)"
  let ?f_2 = "(\lambda x. if x=0 \text{ then card (vertices (translation } e_2)) \text{ else}
x)"
  let ?G_1 = "translation e_1"
  let ?G_2 = "translation e_2"
  let ?v = "card (vertices (translation e_2))"
  from A_Cmp.prems(1) have "?v \in Domain f" by (auto simp:Let_def graph_homomorphism_def)
  then obtain v where v:"(?v,v) \in f'' by auto
  have f1:"(0, x) \in on_graph ?G<sub>1</sub> ?f<sub>1</sub> 0 f" "(1, v) \in on_graph ?G<sub>1</sub> ?f<sub>1</sub>
0 f"
   and f2:"(0, v) \in on_graph ?G<sub>2</sub> ?f<sub>2</sub> 0 f" "(1, y) \in on_graph ?G<sub>2</sub> ?f<sub>2</sub>
0 f"
    using A_Cmp.prems(2,3) v by auto
  from A_Cmp.prems(1)
  have uni: "graph_homomorphism (graph_union (map_graph_fn ?G1 ?f1) (map_graph_fn
?G<sub>2</sub> ?f<sub>2</sub>)) G f"
    by (auto simp:Let_def)
  have "graph (map_graph_fn ?G_1 ~?f_1)" by auto
  from graph_homo_union_id(1)[OF uni this]
  have h1: "graph_homomorphism G_1 (translation (A_Cmp e<sub>1</sub> e<sub>2</sub>)) (on_graph
?G<sub>1</sub> ?f<sub>1</sub>)"
    by (auto simp:Let_def graph_homomorphism_def2)
  have "graph (map_graph_fn ?G_2 ?f_2)" by auto
  from graph_homo_union_id(2)[OF uni this]
  have h2:"graph_homomorphism ?G_2 (translation (A_Cmp e<sub>1</sub> e<sub>2</sub>)) (on_graph
(G_2, f_2)''
    by (auto simp:Let_def graph_homomorphism_def2)
  from A_Cmp.hyps(1)[OF graph_homomorphism_composes[OF h1 A_Cmp.prems(1)]
f1]
        A_Cmp.hyps(2)[OF graph_homomorphism_composes[OF h2 A_Cmp.prems(1)]
f2]
  show ?case by auto
\mathbf{next}
  case (A_Cnv e f x y)
  let ?f = "(\lambda x. if x < 2 then 1 - x else x)"
  let ?G = "translation e"
  have i: "graph_homomorphism ?G (map_graph_fn ?G ?f) (on_graph ?G ?f)"
```

```
using A_Cnv by auto
  have "(0, y) \in on_graph ?G ?f O f" "(1, x) \in on_graph ?G ?f O f"
    using A_Cnv.prems(3,2) by (auto simp:BNF_Def.Gr_def relcomp_def)
  from A_Cnv.hyps(1)[OF graph_homomorphism_composes[OF i] this] A_Cnv.prems(1)
 show ?case by auto
\mathbf{next}
case (A\_Lbl \ l \ f \ x \ y)
 hence "edge_preserving f {(1,0,1)} (edges G)" unfolding graph_homomorphism_def
by auto
  with A_Lbl(2,3) show ?case by (auto simp:getRel_def edge_preserving_def)
qed
lemma translation_homomorphism:
 assumes "graph_homomorphism (translation e) G f"
 shows "f ( \{0\} \times f ( \{1\} \subseteq :G: [e]] " ":G: [e]] \neq \{\}"
  using translation right to left[OF assms] assms[unfolded graph homomorphism def2]
        verts_in_translation_finite[of e] by auto
   Lemma 5.
lemma translation:
  assumes "graph G"
 shows "(x, y) \in :G:[[e]] \longleftrightarrow (∃ f. graph_homomorphism (translation e)
G f \land (0,x) \in f \land (1,y) \in f"
(is "?lhs = ?rhs")
proof
 have [dest]:"y + card (vertices (translation (e::'a allegorical_term)))
- 2 < 2 \implies (y::nat) < 2"
    for y e using inv_tr_card_min[OF verts_in_translation, of e] by linarith
  { fix y fix e::"'a allegorical_term"
     assume "y + card (vertices (translation e)) - 2 \in vertices (translation
e)"
     hence "y + card (vertices (translation e)) - 2 < card (vertices (translation
e))"
       using verts_in_translation[of e,unfolded inv_translation_def] by
auto
     hence "y < 2" using inv_tr_card_min[OF verts_in_translation, of e]</pre>
by auto
  } note [dest!] = this
  { fix y fix e::"'a allegorical_term"
     assume "y + card (vertices (translation e)) - Suc 0 \in vertices (translation
e)"
     hence "y + card (vertices (translation e)) - Suc 0 \in \{0... < card (vertices
(translation e))}"
       using verts_in_translation[of e,unfolded inv_translation_def] by
simp
     hence "y = 0" using inv_tr_card_min[OF verts_in_translation, of e]
by auto
   } note [dest!] = this
   { fix y fix e::"'a allegorical_term"
```

assume "card (vertices (translation e))  $\in$  vertices (translation e)" hence "card (vertices (translation e))  $\in$  {0..<card (vertices (translation e))}" using verts\_in\_translation[of e,unfolded inv\_translation\_def] by auto hence "False" by auto } note [dest!] = this { fix y fix e::"'a allegorical\_term" assume "y + card (vertices (translation e))  $\leq$  Suc O" hence " card (vertices (translation e))  $\leq$  Suc 0" by auto hence "False" using inv\_tr\_card\_min[OF verts\_in\_translation[of e]] by auto } note [dest!] = this assume ?lhs then show ?rhs proof(induct e arbitrary:x y) case (A\_Int  $e_1 e_2$ ) from A\_Int have assm:"(x, y)  $\in :G:[e_1]]$ " "(x, y)  $\in :G:[e_2]$ " by auto from  $A_{Int(1)}[OF assm(1)]$  obtain  $f_1$  where <code>f\_1:"graph\_homomorphism</code> (translation e\_1) <code>G f\_1"</code> "(0, <code>x</code>)  $\in$  <code>f\_1"</code> "(1, y)  $\in$  f<sub>1</sub>" by auto from A\_Int(2) [OF assm(2)] obtain  $f_2$  where <code>f\_2:"graph\_homomorphism</code> (translation <code>e\_2</code>) <code>G</code> <code>f\_2"</code> "(0, <code>x</code>)  $\in$  <code>f\_2"</code> "(1, y)  $\in$  f<sub>2</sub>" by auto from  $f_1 \ f_2$  have v: "Domain  $f_1$  = vertices (translation  $e_1$ )" "Domain  $f_2$  = vertices (translation  $e_2$ )" unfolding graph\_homomorphism\_def by auto let  $?f_2 = "(\lambda x. if x < 2 then x else x + card (vertices (translation$ e<sub>1</sub>)) - 2)" let  $?tr_2 = "on_graph (translation e_2) ?f_2"$ have inj2:"inj\_on ?f2 (vertices (translation e2))" unfolding inj\_on\_def by auto have "(0,0)  $\in$  ?tr<sub>2</sub><sup>-1</sup>" "(1,1)  $\in$  ?tr<sub>2</sub><sup>-1</sup>" by auto from this [THEN relcompI]  $f_2(2,3)$ have zero\_one:"(0,x)  $\in$  ?tr<sub>2</sub><sup>-1</sup> 0 f<sub>2</sub>" "(1,y)  $\in$  ?tr<sub>2</sub><sup>-1</sup> O f<sub>2</sub>" by auto { fix yb zb assume "(yb + card (vertices (translation  $e_1$ )) - 2, zb)  $\in f_1$ " hence "yb + card (vertices (translation  $e_1$ )) - 2  $\in$  vertices (translation  $e_1$ )" using v by auto } note in\_f[dest!] = this have d\_a:"Domain  $f_1 \cap$  Domain (?tr $_2^{-1}$  O  $f_2$ ) = {0,1}" using zero\_one by (auto simp:v) have d\_b:"Domain (f $_1 \cap ?tr_2^{-1} \ 0 \ f_2$ ) = {0,1}" using zero\_one  $f_1(2,3)$  by auto **note** cmp2 = graph\_homomorphism\_composes[OF graph\_homo\_inv[OF translation\_graph inj2] f<sub>2</sub>(1)] have "graph\_homomorphism (translation (A\_Int  $e_1 e_2$ )) G (f $_1 \cup ?tr_2^{-1}$ 

0 f<sub>2</sub>)" using graph\_homo\_union[OF  $f_1(1)$  cmp2 d\_a[folded d\_b]] by (auto simp:Let\_def) thus ?case using zero\_one[THEN UnI2[of \_ \_ "f1"]] by blast next case (A\_Cmp  $e_1 e_2$ ) from A\_Cmp obtain z where  $assm: "(x, z) \in :G: \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket " "(z, y) \in :G: \llbracket e_2 \rrbracket "$ by auto from  $A_Cmp(1)$  [OF assm(1)] obtain  $f_1$  where <code>f\_1:"graph\_homomorphism</code> (translation <code>e\_1</code>) <code>G f\_1"</code> "(0, <code>x</code>)  $\in$  <code>f\_1"</code> "(1, z)  $\in$  f<sub>1</sub>" by auto from  $A_Cmp(2)$  [OF assm(2)] obtain  $f_2$  where f\_2:"graph\_homomorphism (translation e\_2) G f\_2" "(0, z)  $\in$  f\_2" "(1, y)  $\in$  f $_2$ " by auto from  $f_1 f_2$  have v: "Domain  $f_1$  = vertices (translation  $e_1$ )" "Domain  $f_2$  = vertices (translation  $e_2$ )" unfolding graph\_homomorphism\_def by auto let  $?f_1 = "(\lambda x. if x=0 \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } x+card(vertices (translation <math>e_2))-1)"$ let  $f_2 = "(\lambda x. \text{ if } x=0 \text{ then card (vertices (translation } e_2)) \text{ else}$ x)" let  $?tr_1 = "on_graph (translation e_1) ?f_1"$ let  $?tr_2 = "on_graph (translation e_2) ?f_2"$ have inj1:"inj\_on ?f1 (vertices (translation e1))" unfolding inj\_on\_def by auto have  $inj2:"inj_on ?f_2$  (vertices (translation  $e_2$ ))" unfolding  $inj_on_def$ by auto have "(card (vertices (translation e\_2)),0)  $\in$  ?tr $_2^{-1}$ " "(1,1)  $\in$  ?tr $_2^{-1}$ " "(0,0)  $\in$  ?tr<sub>1</sub><sup>-1</sup>" "(card (vertices (translation e<sub>2</sub>)),1)  $\in$  ?tr<sub>1</sub><sup>-1</sup>" by auto from this [THEN relcompI]  $f_2(2,3) f_1(2,3)$ have zero\_one:"(card (vertices (translation e\_2)),z)  $\in$  ?tr\_1^{-1} <code>O</code> f\_1" "(0,x)  $\in$  ?tr\_1^{-1} O f\_1" "(card (vertices (translation e\_2)),z)  $\in$  ?tr $_2^{-1}$  O f $_2$ " "(1,y)  $\in ?tr_2^{-1} \ 0 \ f_2$ " by auto have [simp]: "ye  $\in$  vertices (translation  $e_2$ )  $\Longrightarrow$ (if ye = 0 then card (vertices (translation  $e_2$ )) else ye) = (if yd = 0 then 0 else yd + card (vertices (translation  $e_2$ )) -1)  $\leftrightarrow$  ye = 0  $\wedge$  yd = 1" for ye yd using v inv\_tr\_card\_min[OF verts\_in\_translation,of "e $_2$ "] by(cases "ye=0";cases "yd=0";auto) have d\_a:"Domain (?tr $_1^{-1}$  O f $_1$ )  $\cap$  Domain (?tr $_2^{-1}$  O f $_2$ ) = {card (vertices  $(translation e_2))$ using zero\_one using [[simproc del: defined\_all]] by (auto simp: v) have d\_b:"Domain (?tr $_1^{-1}$  O f $_1$   $\cap$  ?tr $_2^{-1}$  O f $_2$ ) = {card (vertices (translation e<sub>2</sub>))}" using zero\_one  $f_1(2,3)$  using [[simproc del: defined\_all]] by auto note cmp1 = graph\_homomorphism\_composes[OF graph\_homo\_inv[OF translation\_graph

```
inj1] f_1(1)]
    note cmp2 = graph_homomorphism_composes[OF graph_homo_inv[OF translation_graph
inj2] f<sub>2</sub>(1)]
    have "graph_homomorphism (translation (A_Cmp e_1 e_2)) G (?tr<sub>1</sub><sup>-1</sup> O
f_1 \cup ?tr_2^{-1} \ 0 \ f_2)"
      unfolding Let_def translation.simps
      by (rule graph_homo_union[OF cmp1 cmp2 d_a[folded d_b]])
    thus ?case using zero_one by blast
  next
    case (A_Cnv e)
    let ?G = "translation (A_Cnv e)"
    from A_Cnv obtain f where
      f:"graph_homomorphism (translation e) G f" "(0, y) \in f" "(1, x)
\in f" by auto
    hence v: "Domain f = vertices (translation e)"
      unfolding graph homomorphism def by auto
    define n where "n \equiv card (vertices (translation e))"
    from verts_in_translation f inv_tr_card_min[OF verts_in_translation]
v(1)
    have n:"vertices (translation e) = \{0.. < n\}" "\{0.. < n\} \cap \{x. x < 2\}
= {1,0}"
      "Domain f = {0..<n}" "{0..<n} \cap {x. \neg x < 2} = {2..<n}"
      and n2: "n \geq 2"
      by (auto simp:n_def inv_translation_def)
    then have [simp]:"insert (Suc 0) \{2... < n\} = \{1... < n\}"
      "insert 0 {Suc 0..<n} = {0..<n}" using [[simproc del: defined_all]]
by auto
    let ?f = "on_graph ?G (\lambda x. if x < 2 then 1 - x else x)"
    have h:"graph_homomorphism ?G G (?f O f)"
    proof(rule graph_homomorphism_composes[OF _ f(1)],rule graph_homomorphismI)
      show "vertices ?G = Domain ?f"
        by (auto simp:Domain_int_univ)
      show "?f '' vertices ?G \subseteq vertices (translation e)" using n2 by
auto
      show "univalent ?f" by auto
      show "edge preserving ?f (edges (translation (A Cnv e))) (edges
(translation e))"
        by (rule edge_preserving_on_graphI,auto simp: BNF_Def.Gr_def)
    qed (auto intro:assms)
    have xy:"(0, x) \in ?f 0 f" "(1, y) \in ?f 0 f" using n2 f(2,3) n(1,2)
by auto
    with h show ?case by auto
  \mathbf{next}
    case (A_Lbl 1)
    let ?f = "{(0,x), (1,y)}"
    have xy: "x \in vertices G" "y \in vertices G" using assms A_Lbl by (auto
simp:getRel def)
    have "graph_homomorphism (translation (A_Lbl l)) G ?f \land (0, x) \in
?f \land (1, y) \in ?f"
```

```
using assms A_Lbl xy unfolding graph_homomorphism_def2
      by (auto simp:univalent_def getRel_def on_triple_def Image_def graph_union_def
insert_absorb)
    then show ?case by auto
  ged
qed (insert translation_right_to_left,auto)
abbreviation transl_rule ::
    "'a sentence \Rightarrow ('a, nat) labeled_graph 	imes ('a, nat) labeled_graph"
where
"transl_rule R \equiv (translation (fst R),translation (snd R))"
   Lemma 6.
lemma maintained holds iff:
 assumes "graph G"
 shows "maintained (translation e_L, translation (A_Int e_L e_R)) G \leftrightarrow
G \models e_L \sqsubseteq e_R" (is "?rhs = ?lhs")
proof
  assume lhs:?lhs
 show ?rhs unfolding maintained_def proof(clarify) fix f
    assume f:"graph_homomorphism (fst (translation e<sub>L</sub>, translation (A_Int
e_L e_R))) G f''
    then obtain x y where f2:"(0,x) \in f" "(1,y) \in f" unfolding graph_homomorphism_def
      by (metis DomainE One_nat_def prod.sel(1) verts_in_translation_finite(3,4))
    with f have "(x,y) \in :G: [fst (e_L \sqsubseteq e_R)]" unfolding translation[OF
assms] by auto
    with lhs have "(x,y) \in :G:[snd (e_L \sqsubseteq e_R)]" by auto
    then obtain g where g: "graph_homomorphism (translation (A_Int e_{\it L}
e_R)) G g''
                    and g2: "(0, x) \in g" "(1, y) \in g" unfolding translation[OF
assms] by auto
    have v:"vertices (translation (A_Int e_L e_R)) = Domain g"
           "vertices (translation e_L) = Domain f" using f g
      unfolding graph_homomorphism_def by auto
    from subgraph_subset[of "translation e_L" "translation (A_Int e_L e_R)"]
         graph_rule_translation[of e_L e_R]
    have dom_sub: "Domain f \subseteq Domain g"
      using v unfolding prod.sel by argo
    hence dom_le:"card (Domain f) \leq card (Domain g)"
      by (metis card.infinite card_mono inv_tr_card_min not_less rel_simps(51)
v(1) verts_in_translation)
    have c_f:"card (Domain f) \geq 2" using inv_tr_card_min[OF verts_in_translation]
v by metis
    from f[unfolded graph_homomorphism_def]
    have ep_f: "edge_preserving f (edges (translation e_L)) (edges G)"
     and uni_f: "univalent f" by auto
    let ?f = "(\lambda x. if x < 2 then x else x + card (vertices (translation
e<sub>L</sub>)) - 2)"
    define GR where "GR = map_graph_fn (translation e_R) ?f"
```

```
from g[unfolded graph_homomorphism_def]
    have "edge_preserving g (edges (translation (A_Int e_L e_R))) (edges
G)"
     and uni_g: "univalent g" by auto
    from edge_preserving_subset[OF subset_refl _ this(1)]
    have ep_g:"edge_preserving g (edges GR) (edges G)" by (auto simp:Let_def
GR_def)
    { fix a assume a: "a \in vertices (translation e_R)"
      hence "?f a \in vertices (translation (A_Int e<sub>L</sub> e<sub>R</sub>))" by (auto simp:Let_def)
      from this[unfolded v] verts_in_translation[of "A_Int e_L e_R",unfolded
inv_translation_def v]
      have "\neg a < 2 \implies a + card (Domain f) - 2 < card (Domain g)" by
auto
    } note[intro!] = this
    have [intro!]: " \neg aa < 2 \Longrightarrow card (Domain f) \leq aa + card (Domain
f) - 2'' for aa by simp
    from v(2) restrictD[OF translation_graph[of eL]]
    have df[dest]:"xa \notin Domain f \implies (l,xa,xb) \in edges (translation e_L)
\implies False"
                   "xa \notin Domain f \implies (1,xb,xa) \in edges (translation e_L)
\implies False"
                   for xa 1 xb unfolding edge_preserving by auto
    { fix 1 xa xb ya
      assume assm: "(1,xa,xb) ∈ edges GR"
      with c_f dom_le
      have "xa \in {0,1} \cup {card (Domain f)..<card (Domain g)}"
            "xb \in {0,1} \cup {card (Domain f)..<card (Domain g)}"
        unfolding GR_def v by auto
      hence minb:"xa \in {0,1} \vee xa \geq card (Domain f)" "xb \in {0,1} \vee
xb \geq card (Domain f)"
        by auto
      { fix z xa assume minb: "xa \in {0,1} \vee xa \geq card (Domain f)" and
z:"(xa,z) \in f"
        from z verts_in_translation[of e_L,unfolded inv_translation_def
v]
        have "xa < card(Domain f)" by auto
        with minb verts_in_translation[of "A_Int e_L e_R", unfolded inv_translation_def
v]
        have x: "xa \in {0,1} \wedge xa \in Domain g" by auto
        then obtain v where g:"(xa,v) \in g" by auto
        consider "xa = 0 \land z = x" | "xa = 1 \land z = y"
          using x f2[THEN univalentD[OF uni_f]] z by auto
        hence "v = z" using g g2[THEN univalentD[OF uni_g]] by metis
        hence "(xa,z) \in g" using g by auto
      }
      note minb[THEN this]
    }
    with f2 g2[THEN univalentD[OF uni_g]]
    have dg:"(1,xa,xb) \in edges GR \implies (xa,ya) \in f \implies (xa,ya) \in g"
```

"(1,xb,xa)  $\in$  edges GR  $\implies$  (xa,ya)  $\in$  f  $\implies$  (xa,ya)  $\in$  g" for xa 1 xb ya unfolding edge\_preserving by (auto) have "vertices (translation  $e_L$ )  $\subseteq$  vertices (translation (A\_Int  $e_L$ ) e<sub>R</sub>))" by(rule subgraph\_subset,insert graph\_rule\_translation,auto) hence subdom: "Domain  $f \subseteq$  Domain g" unfolding v. let ?g = "f  $\cup$  (Id\_on (UNIV - Domain f) O g)" have [simp]:"Domain ?g = Domain g" using subdom unfolding Domain\_Un\_eq by auto have ih: "graph\_homomorphism (translation (A\_Int  $e_L e_R$ )) G ?g" proof(rule graph\_homomorphismI) show "?g '' vertices (translation (A\_Int  $e_L e_R$ ))  $\subseteq$  vertices G" using g[unfolded graph\_homomorphism\_def] f[unfolded graph\_homomorphism\_def] by (auto simp: v simp del:translation.simps) show "edge\_preserving ?g (edges (translation  $(A_{Int} e_L e_R))$ ) (edges G)" unfolding Let\_def translation.simps graph\_union\_edges proof show "edge\_preserving ?g (edges (translation  $e_L$ )) (edges G)" using edge\_preserving\_atomic[OF ep\_f] unfolding edge\_preserving by auto have "edge\_preserving ?g (edges GR) (edges G)" using edge\_preserving\_atomic[OF ep\_g] dg unfolding edge\_preserving by (auto; blast) thus "edge\_preserving ?g (edges  $(map_graph_fn (translation e_R)$ ) ?f)) (edges G)" by (auto simp:GR\_def) qed qed (insert f[unfolded graph\_homomorphism\_def] g[unfolded graph\_homomorphism\_def],auto simp:Let\_def) have ie: "agree\_on (translation  $e_L$ ) f ?g" unfolding agree\_on\_def by (auto simp:v) from ie ih show "extensible (translation  $e_{\it L}$  , translation (A\_Int  $e_L e_R$ )) G f''unfolding extensible\_def prod.sel by auto qed next assume rhs:?rhs { fix x y assume "(x,y)  $\in :G: [e_L]$ " with translation[OF assms] obtain f where f:"graph\_homomorphism (fst (translation  $e_L$ , translation (A\_Int  $e_L e_R$ ))) G f''"(0, x)  $\in$  f" "(1, y)  $\in$  f" by auto with rhs[unfolded maintained\_def,rule\_format,OF f(1),unfolded extensible\_def] obtain g where g:"graph\_homomorphism (translation (A\_Int  $e_L e_R$ )) Gg" "agree\_on (translation  $e_L$ ) f g" by auto hence " $(x,y) \in :G: [A_{Int} e_L e_R]$ " using f unfolding agree\_on\_def translation[OF assms] by auto }

```
thus ?1hs by auto
qed
lemma translation_self[intro]:
"(0, 1) \in :translation e: [e]"
proof(induct e)
    case (A_Int e1 e2)
    let ?f = "(\lambda x. if x < 2 then x else x + card (vertices (translation
e1)) - 2)"
   have f: "(?f 0,?f 1) \in:map_graph_fn (translation e2) ?f:[e2]"
        using map_graph_in[OF translation_graph A_Int(2), of ?f] by auto
   let ?G = "graph_union (translation e1) (map_graph_fn (translation e2)
?f)"
   have "{(0,1)} \subseteq :(translation e1): [e1]" using A_Int by auto
   moreover have "{(0,1)} \subseteq :map_graph_fn (translation e2) ?f: [e2]" us-
ing f by auto
   moreover have ":map_graph_fn (translation e2) ?f: [e2] \subseteq :?G: [e2]" ":translation
e1:[[e1]] ⊆ :?G:[[e1]]"
        using graph_union_semantics by blast+
    ultimately show ?case by (auto simp:Let_def)
next
    case (A_Cmp e1 e2)
    let ?f1 = "\lambda x. if x = 0 then 0 else x + card (vertices (translation
e2)) - 1"
    have f1: "(?f1 0,?f1 1) \in:map_graph_fn (translation e1) ?f1:[e1]"
        using map_graph_in[OF translation_graph A_Cmp(1), of ?f1] by auto
   let ?f2 = "\lambda x. if x = 0 then card (vertices (translation e2)) else x"
    have f2: "(?f2 0,?f2 1) \in:map_graph_fn (translation e2) ?f2:[[e2]]"
        using map_graph_in[OF translation_graph A_Cmp(2), of ?f2] by auto
    let ?G = "graph_union (map_graph_fn (translation e1) ?f1) (map_graph_fn
(translation e2) ?f2)"
    have "{(0,1)} = {(0,card (vertices (translation e2)))} 0 {(card (vertices (vertices e2)))} 0 {(card (vertices (vertices e2)))} 0 {(vertices (vertices e2))} 0 {(vertices (vertices e2))} 0 {(vertices (vertices (vertices e2)))} 0 {(vertices (vertices e2))} 0 {(vertices (vertices e2))} 0 {(vertices (vertices (vertices e2)))} 0 {(vertices (vertices (vertices (vertices e2)))} 0 {(vertices (vertices (vertice
(translation e2)),1)}"
        by auto
    also have "{(0, card (vertices (translation e2)))} \subseteq :map_graph_fn (translation)
e1) ?f1:[e1]"
        using f1 by auto
    also have ":map_graph_fn (translation e1) ?f1:[e1] \subseteq :?G:[e1]"
        using graph_union_semantics by auto
    also have "{(card (vertices (translation e2)),1)} \subseteq :map_graph_fn (translation
e2) ?f2:[e2]"
        using f2 by auto
    also have ":map_graph_fn (translation e2) ?f2:[e2] \subseteq :?G:[e2]"
        using graph_union_semantics by blast
    also have "(:?G:[[e1]]) O (:?G:[[e2]]) = :translation (A_Cmp e1 e2):[[A_Cmp
e1 e2]"
        by (auto simp:Let_def)
    finally show ?case by auto
next
```

```
case (A_Cnv e)
from map_graph_in[OF translation_graph this,of "(\lambda x. if x < (2::nat)
then 1 - x else x)"]
show ?case using map_graph_in[OF translation_graph] by auto
qed (simp add:getRel_def)</pre>
```

Lemma 6 is only used on rules of the form  $e_L \sqsubseteq e_R$ . The requirement of G being a graph can be dropped for one direction.

```
lemma maintained_holds[intro]:
    assumes ":G:[[e<sub>L</sub>]] \subseteq :G:[[e<sub>R</sub>]]"
    shows "maintained (transl_rule (e<sub>L</sub> \sqsubseteq e<sub>R</sub>)) G"
proof (cases "graph G")
    case True
    thus ?thesis using assms sentence_iff maintained_holds_iff prod.sel
by metis
next
    case False
    thus ?thesis by (auto simp:maintained_def graph_homomorphism_def)
qed
lemma maintained_holds_subset_iff[simp]:
    assumes "graph G"
    shows "maintained (transl_rule (e<sub>L</sub> \sqsubseteq e<sub>R</sub>)) G \longleftrightarrow (:G:[[e<sub>L</sub>]] \subseteq :G:[[e<sub>R</sub>]])"
    using assms maintained_holds_iff sentence_iff prod.sel by metis
```

 $\mathbf{end}$ 

## 8 Standard Rules

We define the standard rules here, and prove the relation to standard rules. This means proving that the graph rules do what they say they do.

```
theory StandardRules
imports StandardModels RuleSemanticsConnection
begin
```

Definition 16 makes this remark. We don't have a specific version of Definition 16.

```
lemma conflict_free:
":G:[A_Lbl 1]] = {} ↔ (∀ (1',x,y)∈edges G. 1' ≠ 1)"
by (auto simp:getRel_def)
```

Definition 17, abstractly. It's unlikely that we wish to use the top rule for any symbol except top, but stating it abstractly makes it consistent with the other rules.

definition top\_rule :: "'1  $\Rightarrow$  ('1,nat) Graph\_PreRule" where "top\_rule t = (LG {} {0,1},LG {(t,0,1)} {0,1})"

Proof that definition 17 does what it says it does.

```
lemma top_rule[simp]:
   assumes "graph G"
   shows "maintained (top_rule r) G \leftrightarrow vertices G \times vertices G = getRel
r G″
proof
    assume a: "maintained (top_rule r) G"
    { fix a b assume "a \in vertices G" "b \in vertices G"
        hence "graph_homomorphism (LG {} {0, 1}) G {(0::nat,a),(1,b)}"
            using assms unfolding graph_homomorphism_def univalent_def by auto
        with a[unfolded maintained_def top_rule_def] extensible_refl_concr
        have "graph_homomorphism (LG {(r, 0, 1)} {0::nat, 1}) G {(0::nat, 1)} G {(0::
a), (1, b)}" by simp
        hence "(a, b) \in getRel r G"
            unfolding graph_homomorphism_def2 graph_union_iff getRel_def by
auto
   thus "vertices G \times vertices G = getRel r G" using getRel_dom[OF assms]
by auto next
   assume a: "vertices G × vertices G = getRel r G"
    { fix f assume a2:"graph_homomorphism (fst (top_rule r)) G f"
        hence f:"f '' {0, 1} \subseteq vertices G" "on_triple f '' {} \subseteq edges G"
                     "univalent f" "Domain f = \{0, 1\}"
            unfolding top_rule_def prod.sel graph_homomorphism_concr_graph[OF
assms graph_empty_e]
            by argo+
        from a2 have ih:"graph_homomorphism (LG {} {0, 1}) G f" unfolding
top_rule_def by auto
        have "extensible (top_rule r) G f" unfolding top_rule_def extensible_refl_concr[OF
ih]
            graph_homomorphism_concr_graph[OF assms graph_single]
            using f a[unfolded getRel_def] by fastforce
    }
   thus "maintained (top_rule r) G" unfolding maintained_def by auto
qed
      Definition 18.
definition nonempty_rule :: "('1,nat) Graph_PreRule" where
"nonempty_rule = (LG {} {},LG {} {0})"
       Proof that definition 18 does what it says it does.
lemma nonempty_rule[simp]:
    assumes "graph G"
   shows "maintained nonempty_rule G \leftrightarrow vertices G \neq \{\}"
proof -
   have "vertices G = \{\} \implies graph_homomorphism (LG \{\} \{0\}) \ G \ x \implies False"
               "v \in vertices G \implies graph_homomorphism (LG {} {0}) G {(0,v)}"
               for v::"'b" and x::"(nat \times 'b) set"
        unfolding graph_homomorphism_concr_graph[OF assms graph_empty_e] univalent_def
by blast+
```

```
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```

```
thus ?thesis unfolding nonempty_rule_def maintained_def extensible_def
by (auto intro:assms)
qed
```

Definition 19.

definition reflexivity\_rule :: "'1  $\Rightarrow$  ('1,nat) Graph\_PreRule" where "reflexivity\_rule t = (LG {} {0},LG {(t,0,0)} {0})" definition symmetry\_rule :: "'l  $\Rightarrow$  ('l,nat) Graph\_PreRule" where "symmetry\_rule t = (transl\_rule (A\_Cnv (A\_Lbl t) [ A\_Lbl t))" definition transitive\_rule :: "'1  $\Rightarrow$  ('1,nat) Graph\_PreRule" where "transitive\_rule t = (transl\_rule (A\_Cmp (A\_Lbl t) (A\_Lbl t)  $\sqsubseteq$  A\_Lbl t))" definition congruence\_rule :: "'l  $\Rightarrow$  'l  $\Rightarrow$  ('l,nat) Graph\_PreRule" where "congruence\_rule t l = (transl\_rule (A\_Cmp (A\_Cmp (A\_Lbl t) (A\_Lbl l))  $(A \ Lbl \ t) \ \Box \ A \ Lbl \ l))"$ abbreviation congruence\_rules :: "'l  $\Rightarrow$  'l set  $\Rightarrow$  ('l,nat) Graph\_PreRule set" where "congruence rules t L  $\equiv$  congruence rule t ' L" lemma are\_rules[intro]: "graph\_rule nonempty\_rule" "graph\_rule (top\_rule t)" "graph\_rule (reflexivity\_rule i)" unfolding reflexivity\_rule\_def top\_rule\_def nonempty\_rule\_def graph\_homomorphism\_def

by auto

Just before Lemma 7, we remark that if I is an identity, it maintains the identity rules.

```
lemma ident_rel_refl:
  assumes "graph G" "ident_rel idt G"
  shows "maintained (reflexivity_rule idt) G"
  unfolding reflexivity_rule_def
proof(rule maintainedI) fix f
  assume "graph_homomorphism (LG {} {0::nat}) G f"
 hence f:"Domain f = \{0\}" "graph G" "f '' \{0\} \subseteq vertices G" "univalent
f"
    unfolding graph_homomorphism_def by force+
  from assms(2) univalentD[OF f(4)] f(3)
 have "edge_preserving f {(idt, 0, 0)} (edges G)" unfolding edge_preserving
    by (auto simp:getRel_def set_eq_iff image_def)
  with f have "graph_homomorphism (LG {(idt, 0, 0)} {0}) G f"
              "agree_on (LG {} {0}) f f" using assms
    unfolding graph_homomorphism_def labeled_graph.sel agree_on_def univalent_def
    bv auto
  then show "extensible (LG {} {0}, LG {(idt, 0, 0)} {0}) G f"
    unfolding extensible_def prod.sel by auto
qed
```

```
lemma
 assumes "ident_rel idt G"
 shows ident_rel_trans: "maintained (transitive_rule idt) G"
    and ident_rel_symm : "maintained (symmetry_rule idt) G"
    and ident_rel_cong : "maintained (congruence_rule idt 1) G"
  unfolding transitive_rule_def symmetry_rule_def congruence_rule_def
 by (intro maintained_holds, insert assms, force)+
   Definition 19.
definition identity_rules ::
  "'a Standard_Constant set \Rightarrow (('a Standard_Constant, nat) Graph_PreRule)
set" where
  "identity_rules L \equiv \{ reflexivity_rule S_Idt, transitive_rule S_Idt, symmetry_rule \} \}
S Idt
                        \cup congruence rules S Idt L"
lemma identity_rules_graph_rule:
 assumes "x \in identity rules L"
 shows "graph_rule x"
proof -
  from graph_rule_translation
  have gr: " \land u v. graph_rule (transl_rule (u \sqsubseteq v))" by auto
  consider "x = reflexivity_rule S_Idt" | "x = transitive_rule S_Idt"
/ "x = symmetry_rule S_Idt"
    / "∃ v w. x = congruence_rule v w" using assms unfolding identity_rules_def
Un_iff by blast
 thus ?thesis using gr are_rules(3)
    unfolding congruence_rule_def transitive_rule_def symmetry_rule_def
    by cases fast+
qed
   Definition 19, showing that the properties indeed do what they claim to
do.
lemma
  assumes g[intro]:"graph (G :: ('a, 'b) labeled_graph)"
 shows reflexivity_rule: "maintained (reflexivity_rule 1) G \implies refl_on
(vertices G) (getRel 1 G)"
    and transitive_rule: "maintained (transitive_rule 1) G \implies trans
(getRel 1 G)"
```

and symmetry\_rule: "maintained (symmetry\_rule 1)  $G \implies$  sym (getRel 1 G)"

```
proof -
```

{ from assms have gr:"getRel 1 G ⊆ vertices G × vertices G" by (auto simp:getRel\_def) assume m:"maintained (reflexivity rule 1) G" (is "maintained ?r G")

```
note [simp] = reflexivity_rule_def
```

```
show r:"refl_on (vertices G) (getRel 1 G)"
proof(rule refl_onI[OF gr]) fix x
```

```
assume assm: "x \in vertices G" define f where "f = {(0::nat,x)}"
```

```
have "graph_homomorphism (fst ?r) G f" using assm
        by (auto simp:graph_homomorphism_def univalent_def f_def)
      from m[unfolded maintained_def] this
      obtain g::"(nat × 'b) set"
        where g: "graph_homomorphism (snd ?r) G g"
                "agree_on (fst ?r) f g"
        unfolding extensible_def by blast
      have "\land n v. (n,v) \in g \implies (n = 0) \land (v = x)" using g unfold-
ing
        agree_on_def graph_homomorphism_def f_def by auto
      with g(2) have "g = {(0,x)}" unfolding agree_on_def f_def by auto
      with g(1) show "(x,x) \in getRel 1 G"
        unfolding graph_homomorphism_def edge_preserving getRel_def by
auto
    qed
  }
  { assume m: "maintained (transitive_rule 1) G"
    from m[unfolded maintained_holds_subset_iff[0F g] transitive_rule_def]
    show "trans (getRel 1 G)" unfolding trans_def by auto
  }
  { assume m:"maintained (symmetry_rule 1) G"
    from m[unfolded maintained_holds_subset_iff[OF g] symmetry_rule_def]
    show "sym (getRel 1 G)" unfolding sym_def by auto
qed
lemma finite_identity_rules[intro]:
 assumes "finite L"
 shows "finite (identity_rules L)"
  using assms unfolding identity_rules_def by auto
lemma equivalence:
 assumes gr:"graph G" and m:"maintainedA {reflexivity_rule I,transitive_rule
I,symmetry_rule I} G"
  shows "equiv (vertices G) (getRel I G)"
proof(rule equivI)
 show "refl_on (vertices G) (getRel I G)" using m by (intro reflexivity_rule[OF
gr],auto)
 show "sym (getRel I G)" using m by (intro symmetry_rule[OF gr], auto)
 show "trans (getRel I G)" using m by (intro transitive_rule[OF gr], auto)
\mathbf{qed}
lemma congruence_rule:
  assumes g:"graph G"
      and mA: "maintainedA {reflexivity_rule I,transitive_rule I,symmetry_rule
I} G"
      and m:"maintained (congruence_rule I 1) G"
    shows "(\lambda v. getRel 1 G '' {v}) respects (getRel I G)" (is "?g1")
```

```
and "(\lambda v. (getRel 1 G)<sup>-1</sup> ( {v}) respects (getRel I G)" (is "?g2")
proof -
  note eq = equivalence[OF g mA]
  \{ fix y z \}
    assume aI:"(y, z)∈getRel I G"
    hence a2:"(z, y) < getRel I G" using eq[unfolded equiv_def sym_def]
by auto
    hence a3:"(z, z) ∈ getRel I G" "(y, y) ∈ getRel I G"
      using eq[unfolded equiv_def refl_on_def] by auto
    { fix x
      { assume al: "(y,x) \in getRel 1 G"
        hence "x \in vertices G" using g unfolding getRel_def by auto
        hence r:"(x,x) \in getRel \ I \ G" using eq[unfolded equiv_def refl_on_def]
by auto
        note relcompI[OF relcompI[OF a2 a1] r]
      } note yx = this
      { assume al: "(z,x) \in getRel 1 G"
        hence "x \in vertices G" using g unfolding getRel_def by auto
        hence r:"(x,x) \in getRel \ I \ G" using eq[unfolded \ equiv_def \ refl_on_def]
by auto
        note relcompI[OF relcompI[OF aI al] r]
      } note zx = this
      from zx yx m[unfolded maintained_holds_subset_iff[OF g] congruence_rule_def]
      have "(y,x) \in getRel 1 G \longleftrightarrow (z,x) \in getRel 1 G" by auto
    } note v1 = this
    { fix x
      { assume al:"(x,y) \in getRel 1 G"
        hence "x \in vertices G" using g unfolding getRel_def by auto
        hence r:"(x,x) \in getRel \ I \ G" using eq[unfolded \ equiv_def \ refl_on_def]
by auto
        note relcompI[OF relcompI[OF r al] aI]
      } note yx = this
      { assume al: "(x,z) \in getRel 1 G"
        hence "x \in vertices G" using g unfolding getRel_def by auto
        hence r:"(x,x) \in getRel \ I \ G" using eq[unfolded equiv def refl on def]
by auto
        note relcompI[OF relcompI[OF r al] a2]
      } note zx = this
      from zx yx m[unfolded maintained_holds_subset_iff[OF g] congruence_rule_def]
      have "(x,y) \in getRel 1 G \longleftrightarrow (x,z) \in getRel 1 G" by auto
    } note v2 = this
    from v1 v2
    have "getRel 1 G '' \{y\} = getRel 1 G '' \{z\}"
         "(getRel 1 G)<sup>-1</sup> '' {y} = (getRel 1 G)<sup>-1</sup> '' {z}" by auto
  thus ?g1 ?g2 unfolding congruent_def by force+
qed
```

Lemma 7, strengthened with an extra property to make subsequent

proofs easier to carry out.

```
lemma identity_rules:
  assumes "graph G"
          "maintainedA (identity_rules L) G"
          "fst ' edges G \subseteq L"
  shows "\exists f. f o f = f
         \land ident_rel S_Idt (map_graph_fn G f)
         \land subgraph (map_graph_fn G f) G
         \land (\forall 1 x y. (1,x,y) \in edges G \longleftrightarrow (1,f x,f y) \in edges G)"
proof -
  have ma: "maintainedA {reflexivity_rule S_Idt, transitive_rule S_Idt,
symmetry_rule S_Idt} G"
    using assms(2) by (auto simp:identity_rules_def)
  note equiv = equivalence[OF assms(1) this]
  { fix l x y
    assume "(x, y) \in getRel 1 G" hence 1:"1 \in L" using assms(3) un-
folding getRel_def by auto
    have r1:"(\lambda v. getRel 1 G '' {v}) respects getRel S_Idt G"
      apply(intro congruence_rule[OF assms(1) ma])
      using assms(2) 1 unfolding identity_rules_def by auto
    have r2:"(\lambda v. (getRel 1 G)<sup>-1</sup> '' {v}) respects getRel S_Idt G"
      apply(intro congruence_rule[OF assms(1) ma])
      using assms(2) 1 unfolding identity_rules_def by auto
    note congr = r1 r2
  } note congr = this
  define P where P:"P = (\lambda \times y, y \in getRel S_Idt G `` {x})"
  { fix x
    assume a:"getRel S_Idt G '' \{x\} \neq \{\}"
    hence "\exists y. P x y" unfolding P by auto
    hence p:"P x (Eps (P x))" unfolding some_eq_ex by auto
    { fix y
      assume b: "P \times y"
      hence "(x,y) \in getRel S_Idt G" unfolding P by auto
      from equiv_class_eq[OF equiv this]
      have "getRel S_Idt G '' \{x\} = getRel S_Idt G '' \{y\}".
    } note u = this[OF p]
    have "getRel S_Idt G '' {Eps (P x)} = getRel S_Idt G '' \{x\}"
      unfolding u by (fact refl)
    hence "Eps (P (Eps (P x))) = Eps (P x)" unfolding P by auto
  } note P_{eq} = this
  define f where f:"f = (\lambda x. (if getRel S_Idt G '' {x} = {} then x else
(SOME y. P x y)))"
  have "(f \circ f) x = f x" for x proof(cases "getRel S_Idt G '' {x} = {}")
    case False
    then show ?thesis using P_eq by (simp add:o_def f)
  qed (auto simp:o_def f)
  hence idemp: "f o f = f" by auto
```

from equivE equiv have refl: "refl\_on (vertices G) (getRel S\_Idt G)" by auto hence [intro]:"x  $\in$  vertices G  $\implies$  (x, x)  $\in$  getRel S\_Idt G" for x unfolding refl\_on\_def by auto hence vert\_P:"x  $\in$  vertices  $G \implies$  (x, Eps (P x))  $\in$  getRel S\_Idt G" for х unfolding P getRel\_def by (metis tfl\_some Image\_singleton\_iff getRel\_def) have  $r1: "x \in vertices \ G \longleftrightarrow P \ x \ x"$  for x using refl unfolding refl\_on\_def P by auto have r2[simp]: "getRel S\_Idt G '' {x} = {} \leftrightarrow x \notin vertices G" for x using refl assms(1) unfolding refl\_on\_def by auto { fix x y assume  $"(S_Idt, x, y) \in edges G"$ hence " $(x,y) \in getRel S_Idt G$ " unfolding getRel\_def by auto hence "getRel S\_Idt G ''  $\{x\}$  = getRel S\_Idt G ''  $\{y\}$ " using equiv\_class\_eq[OF equiv] by metis hence "Eps (P x) = Eps (P y)" unfolding P by auto } note idt\_eq = this have ident:"ident\_rel S\_Idt (map\_graph\_fn G f)" proof(rule ident\_relI,goal\_cases) case (1 x) thus ?case unfolding f by auto next case (2 x y) thus ?case unfolding getRel\_def by (auto simp:f intro!:idt\_eq) next case (3 x y) thus ?case unfolding getRel\_def by auto qed { fix 1 x y assume a: "(1,x,y)  $\in$  edges G" "x  $\in$  vertices G" "y  $\in$  vertices G" hence  $f:"(f x, x) \in getRel S_Idt G" "(f y, y) \in getRel S_Idt G"$ using vert\_P equivE[OF equiv] sym\_def unfolding f by auto from a have  $gr: "(x, y) \in getRel \ l \ G"$  unfolding  $getRel_def$  by auto from congruentD[OF congr(1)[OF gr] f(1)] congruentD[OF congr(2)[OF gr] f(2)] a(1) have "(l,f x, f y)  $\in$  edges G" unfolding set\_eq\_iff getRel\_def by auto } note gu1 = this { fix x assume a: "x  $\in$  vertices G" with vert P have "(x,Eps (P x))  $\in$  getRel S Idt G" by auto hence "Eps  $(P x) \in vertices G$ " using assms(1) unfolding getRel def by auto hence "f  $x \in$  vertices G" using a unfolding f by auto } note gu2 = this have "graph\_union (map\_graph\_fn G f) G = G" using gu1 gu2 assms(1) unfolding graph\_union\_def by(cases G,auto) hence subg: "subgraph (map\_graph\_fn G f) G" unfolding subgraph\_def using assms(1) by auto have congr:"((1, x, y)  $\in$  edges G) = ((1, f x, f y)  $\in$  edges G)" for 1 x y proof assume a:"((1, f x, f y)  $\in$  edges G)" hence  $gr: "(f x, f y) \in getRel 1 G"$  unfolding  $getRel_def$  by auto

from a have fv: "f x  $\in$  vertices G" "f y  $\in$  vertices G" using assms(1) by auto { fix x assume a: "f x  $\in$  vertices G" "x  $\notin$  vertices G" with assms(1) have "getRel S\_Idt G '' {x} = {}" by auto with a f have False by auto } with fv have v:"x  $\in$  vertices G" "y  $\in$  vertices G" by auto have  $gx: "(x, f x) \in getRel S_Idt G"$  and  $gy: "(y, f y) \in getRel S_Idt$ G" by (auto simp: f v vert\_P) from congruentD[OF congr(1)[OF gr] gx] gr have "(x, f y)  $\in$  getRel 1 G" by auto with congruentD[OF congr(2)[OF gr] gy] have "(x, y)  $\in$  getRel 1 G" by auto thus "((1, x, y)  $\in$  edges G)" unfolding getRel\_def by auto next assume e:"((1, x, y)  $\in$  edges G)" hence " $x \in$  vertices G" " $y \in$  vertices G" using assms(1) by auto from gu1[OF e this] show "((1, f x, f y)  $\in$  edges G)". qed from idemp ident subg congr show ?thesis by auto qed The idempotency property of Lemma 7 suffices to show that 'maintained' is preserved. lemma idemp\_embedding\_maintained\_preserved: assumes subg:"subgraph (map\_graph\_fn G f) G" and f:" $\land$  x. x $\in$ vertices  $G \implies (f \circ f) x = f x''$ and maint: "maintained r G" shows "maintained r (map\_graph\_fn G f)" proof -{ fix h assume hom\_h:"graph\_homomorphism (fst r) (map\_graph\_fn G f) h" from subgraph\_preserves\_hom[OF subg this] maint[unfolded maintained\_def extensible def] obtain g where g: "graph\_homomorphism (snd r) G g" "agree\_on (fst r) h g" by blast { fix v x have subs:"h '' {v}  $\subseteq$  vertices (map\_graph\_fn G f)" using hom\_h[unfolded graph\_homomorphism\_def] by auto assume "v  $\in$  vertices (fst r)" and x: "(v, x)  $\in$  g" hence "g ''  $\{v\} = h$  ''  $\{v\}$ " using g(2) [unfolded agree\_on\_def,rule\_format,of v] by auto hence "g ''  $\{v\} \subseteq$  vertices (map\_graph\_fn G f)" using subs by auto hence x2:"x  $\in$  vertices (map\_graph\_fn G f)" using x by auto then obtain y where "x = f y" "y  $\in$  vertices G" by auto hence f: "f x = x" using f x2 unfolding o\_def by metis from x2 subgraph\_subset[OF subg] have "(x, f x)  $\in$  on\_graph G f" by auto

```
with x have "(v, x) \in g \ 0 on_graph G f" "f x = x" unfolding f by
auto
    hence agr: "agree_on (fst r) h (g O on_graph G f)"
      using g(2) unfolding agree_on_def by auto
    have "extensible r (map_graph_fn G f) h"
      unfolding extensible_def using graph_homomorphism_on_graph[OF g(1)]
agr by blast
  }
  thus ?thesis unfolding maintained_def by blast
\mathbf{qed}
   Definition 20.
definition const exists where
"const_exists c = transl_rule (\top \sqsubseteq A_Cmp (A_Cmp \top (A_Lbl (S_Const c)))
⊤)"
definition const_exists_rev where
"const_exists_rev c \equiv transl_rule (A_Cmp (A_Cmp (A_Lbl (S_Const c)) \top)
(A\_Lbl (S\_Const c)) \sqsubseteq A\_Lbl (S\_Const c))"
definition const_prop where
"const_prop c \equiv transl_rule (A_Lbl (S_Const c) \sqsubseteq 1)"
definition const_disj where
"const_disj c_1 \ c_2 \equiv transl_rule (A_Cmp (A_Lbl (S_Const c_1)) (A_Lbl (S_Const
c_2)) \sqsubseteq \perp)"
lemma constant_rules:
  assumes "standard' C G" "c \in C"
  shows "maintained (const_exists c) G"
        "maintained (const_exists_rev c) G"
        "maintained (const_prop c) G"
         "c' \in C \Longrightarrow c \neq c' \Longrightarrow maintained (const_disj c c') G"
proof -
  note a = assms[unfolded standard_def]
  from a have g: "graph G" by auto
  from a
  have gr_c: "getRel (S_Const c) G = \{(Inl c, Inl c)\}"
        "getRel S_Idt G = Id_on (vertices G)" "getRel S_Bot G = {}"
       "getRel S_Top G = vertices G \times vertices G" by auto
  with g have inlc:"Inl c \in vertices G" by (metis getRel_dom(1) singletonI)
  thus "maintained (const_exists c) G" "maintained (const_exists_rev c)
G"
       "maintained (const_prop c) G"
    unfolding const_prop_def const_exists_rev_def const_exists_def maintained_holds_subset_
g]
    by (auto simp:gr_c relcomp_unfold)
  assume "c' \in C"
  with a have gr_c': "getRel (S_Const c') G = \{(Inl c', Inl c')\}" by auto
  thus "c \neq c' \implies maintained (const_disj c c') G"
    unfolding const_disj_def maintained_holds_subset_iff[OF g] using gr_c
```
```
by auto
qed
definition constant_rules where
"constant_rules C \equiv \text{const}_{exists} ' C \cup \text{const}_{exists}_{rev} ' C \cup \text{const}_{prop}
' C
                    \cup {const_disj c_1 c_2 / c_1 c_2. c_1 \in C \land c_2 \in C \land c_1
\neq c_2
lemma constant_rules_graph_rule:
  assumes "x \in constant_rules C"
  shows "graph_rule x"
proof -
  from graph_rule_translation
  have gr: " \land u v. graph_rule (transl_rule (u \sqsubseteq v))" by auto
  consider "\exists v. x = const_exists v" | "\exists v. x = const_exists_rev v"
| "\exists v. x = const_prop v"
    / "∃ v w. x = const_disj v w" using assms unfolding constant_rules_def
Un_iff by blast
  thus ?thesis using gr
    unfolding const_exists_def const_exists_rev_def const_prop_def const_disj_def
    by cases fast+
qed
lemma finite_constant[intro]:
  assumes "finite C"
  shows "finite (constant_rules C)"
proof -
  have "{const_disj c_1 c_2 \mid c_1 c_2 . c_1 \in C \land c_2 \in C \land c_1 \neq c_2} \subseteq case_prod
const_disj ' (C \times C)"
    by auto
  moreover have "finite ..." using assms by auto
  ultimately have "finite {const_disj c_1 c_2 | c_1 c_2. c_1 \in C \land c_2 \in C
\land c_1 \neq c_2 "
    by(rule finite_subset)
  thus ?thesis unfolding constant_rules_def using assms by blast
qed
lemma standard_maintains_constant_rules:
  assumes "standard' C G" "R\inconstant_rules C"
  shows "maintained R G"
proof -
  from assms(2)[unfolded constant_rules_def]
  consider "\exists c \in C. R = const_exists c"
          / "\exists c \in C. R = const_exists_rev c"
          | "\exists c \in C. R = const_prop c"
          / "\exists c_1 c_2. c_1 \in C \land c_2 \in C \land c_1 \neq c_2 \land R = const_disj c_1
c_2" by blast
  from this assms(1) show ?thesis by(cases,auto simp:constant_rules)
```

```
qed
```

```
lemma constant_rules_empty[simp]:
  "constant_rules {} = {}"
  by (auto simp:constant_rules_def)
   Definition 20, continued.
definition standard_rules :: "'a set \Rightarrow 'a Standard_Constant set \Rightarrow (('a
Standard_Constant, nat) labeled_graph × ('a Standard_Constant, nat) labeled_graph)
set"
  where
"standard_rules C L \equiv constant_rules C \cup identity_rules L \cup {top_rule
S_Top, nonempty_rule}"
lemma constant_rules_mono:
  assumes "C_1 \subseteq C_2"
  shows "constant_rules C_1 \subseteq \text{constant}_rules C_2"
  using assms unfolding constant rules def
  by(intro Un_mono,auto)
lemma identity_rules_mono:
  assumes "C_1 \subseteq C_2"
  shows "identity_rules C_1 \subseteq identity_rules C_2"
   using assms unfolding identity_rules_def by auto
lemma standard_rules_mono:
  assumes "C_1 \subseteq C_2" "L_1 \subseteq L_2"
  shows "standard_rules C_1 L_1 \subseteq standard_rules C_2 L_2"
  using constant_rules_mono[OF assms(1)] identity_rules_mono[OF assms(2)]
  unfolding standard_rules_def by auto
lemma maintainedA_invmono:
  assumes "C_1 \subseteq C_2" "L_1 \subseteq L_2"
  shows "maintainedA (standard_rules C_2 L_2) G \implies maintainedA (standard_rules
C_1 \ L_1) G"
  using standard_rules_mono[OF assms] by auto
lemma maintained_preserved_by_isomorphism:
  assumes " ( x. x \in vertices G \implies (f \circ g) x = x" "graph G"
      and "maintained r (map_graph_fn G g)"
  shows "maintained r G"
proof(cases r)
  case (Pair L R)
  show ?thesis unfolding Pair proof(standard,goal_cases)
    case (1 h)
    from assms(3)[unfolded maintained_def Pair] graph_homomorphism_on_graph[OF
this, of g]
    have "extensible (L, R) (map_graph_fn G g) (h O on_graph G g)" by
auto
```

```
then obtain h2
      where h2:"graph_homomorphism R (map_graph_fn G g) h2" "agree_on
L (h O on_graph G g) h2"
      unfolding extensible_def by auto
    from 1 have h_id: "h 0 Id_on (vertices G) = h" unfolding graph_homomorphism_def
by auto
    let ?h = "h2 0 on_graph (map_graph_fn G g) f"
    from assms(1) have "on_graph G (f \circ g) = Id_on (vertices G)" by auto
    hence "map_graph_fn G (f \circ g) = G" using assms(2) map_graph_fn_id
by auto
    with graph_homomorphism_on_graph[OF h2(1), of f]
    have igh: "graph_homomorphism R G ?h" by auto
    have "g x = g xa \implies x \in (vertices G) \implies xa \in (vertices G) \implies
x = xa''
      for x xa using assms(1) o_def by metis
    hence "g x = g xa \implies x \in (vertices G) \implies xa \in (vertices G) \implies
(x, xa) \in Id_on (vertices G)"
      for x xa by auto
    hence id:"(on_graph G g) O on_graph (map_graph_fn G g) f = Id_on (vertices
G)"
      using assms(1) by auto
    from agree_on_ext[OF h2(2),of "on_graph (map_graph_fn G g) f",unfolded
O_assoc]
    have agh: "agree_on L h ?h" unfolding agree_on_def id h_id.
    from igh agh show ?case unfolding extensible_def by auto
  \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma standard_identity_rules:
 assumes "standard' C G"
  shows "maintained (reflexivity_rule S_Idt) G"
        "maintained (transitive_rule S_Idt) G"
        "maintained (symmetry_rule S_Idt) G"
        "maintained (congruence_rule S_Idt 1) G"
proof -
 note a = assms[unfolded standard def]
 from a have g: "graph G" by auto
 from a
  have gr: "getRel S_Idt G = Id_on (vertices G)" "getRel S_Bot G = {}"
        "getRel S_Top G = vertices G \times vertices G"
    and v_gr:"\foralla b. ((S_Idt, a, b) \in edges G) = (a \in vertices G \land b
= a)"
    unfolding getRel_def by auto
  thus "maintained (transitive_rule S_Idt) G" "maintained (symmetry_rule
S_Idt) G"
       "maintained (congruence_rule S_Idt 1) G"
    unfolding transitive_rule_def symmetry_rule_def congruence_rule_def
              maintained_holds_subset_iff[OF g]
    by (auto simp:gr relcomp_unfold)
```

```
{ fix f :: "(nat × ('a + 'b)) set"
    assume "graph_homomorphism (LG {} {0}) G f"
    hence u: "univalent f" and d: "Domain f = \{0\}"
       and r:"f '' {0} \subseteq vertices G" unfolding graph_homomorphism_def
by simp+
    from d obtain v where v: "(0, v) \in f" by auto
    hence f: "f = \{(0, v)\}"
      using d insert_iff mk_disjoint_insert all_not_in_conv old.prod.exhaust
            u[unfolded univalent_def] Domain.intros[of _ _ f,unfolded
d, THEN singletonD]
      by (metis (no_types))
    from v r have v: "v \in vertices G" by auto
    with v_gr have "(S_Idt, v, v) \in edges G" by auto
    hence "edge_preserving \{(0, v)\} \{(S_{Idt}, 0, 0)\} (edges G)" unfold-
ing edge_preserving by auto
    hence "graph homomorphism (LG {(S Idt, 0, 0)} {0}) G f" unfolding
f
      graph_homomorphism_def using g v by (auto simp:univalent_def)
  ł
  thus "maintained (reflexivity_rule S_Idt) G"
    unfolding reflexivity_rule_def maintained_def by auto
qed
lemma standard_maintains_identity_rules:
  assumes "standard' C G" "x∈identity_rules L"
 shows "maintained x G"
proof -
  consider "x = reflexivity_rule S_Idt" | "x = transitive_rule S_Idt"
/ "x = symmetry_rule S_Idt"
   / "∃ 1. x = congruence_rule S_Idt 1" using assms unfolding identity_rules_def
\textit{Un_iff by blast}
 thus ?thesis using standard_identity_rules[OF assms(1)] by(cases,auto)
qed
lemma standard_maintains_rules:
 assumes "standard' C G"
 shows "maintainedA (standard_rules C L) G"
proof fix R
  assume "R \in standard_rules C L"
  then consider "R \in constant_rules C" | "R \in identity_rules L"
    / "R = top_rule S_Top" / "R = nonempty_rule" by (auto simp:standard_rules_def)
  thus "maintained R G"
    using assms standard_maintains_constant_rules[OF assms]
          standard_maintains_identity_rules[OF assms] by (cases,auto simp:standard_def)
qed
   A case-split rule.
```

```
lemma standard_rules_edges:
```

```
assumes "(lhs, rhs) \in standard_rules C L" "(l, x, y) \in edges rhs"
```

Lemma 8.

This is a slightly stronger version of Lemma 8: we reason about maintained rather than holds, and the quantification for maintained happens within the existential quantifier, rather than outside.

Due to the type system of Isabelle, we construct the concrete type *std\_graph* for G. This in contrast to arguing that 'there exists a type large enough', as in the paper.

lemma maintained\_standard\_noconstants: assumes mnt: "maintainedA (standard\_rules C L) G'" and gr: "graph (G'::('V Standard\_Constant, 'V') labeled\_graph)" "fst ' edges G'  $\subseteq$  L" and cf: "getRel S\_Bot G' = {}" shows " $\exists$  f g (G::('V, 'V') std\_graph). G = map\_graph\_fn G (f o g)  $\land$  G = map\_graph\_fn G' f  $\wedge$  subgraph (map\_graph\_fn G g) G'  $\wedge$  standard' C G  $\land$  ( $\forall$  r. maintained r G'  $\longrightarrow$  maintained r G)  $\land$  ( $\forall$  x y e. x  $\in$  vertices G'  $\longrightarrow$  y  $\in$  vertices G'  $\longrightarrow$  $(g (f x), g (f y)) \in :map_graph_fn \ G \ g: \llbracket e \rrbracket \longrightarrow$  $(x,y) \in :G':[e])''$ proof note mnt = mnt[unfolded standard\_rules\_def] from mnt have "maintainedA (identity\_rules L) G'" by auto from identity\_rules [OF gr(1) this gr(2)] obtain h where h:"h  $\circ$  h = h" "ident\_rel S\_Idt (map\_graph\_fn G' h)" "subgraph (map\_graph\_fn G' h) G'" "((1, x, y)  $\in$  edges G') = ((1, h x, h y)  $\in$  edges G')" for 1 x y by blast have mg:" $\land$  r. maintained r G'  $\implies$  maintained r (map\_graph\_fn G' h)" using idemp\_embedding\_maintained\_preserved [OF h(3)] h(1) by auto from mnt have tr:"maintained (top\_rule S\_Top) G'" and ne:"maintained nonempty rule G'" by auto from nonempty\_rule[OF gr(1)] ne obtain x where x: "x  $\in$  vertices G'" by blast from tr[unfolded top\_rule[OF gr(1)]] x have top\_nonempty:"(x, x)  $\in$ getRel  $S_Top G'''$  by auto have " $\land$  c. c  $\in$  C  $\implies \exists v. (v, v) \in$  getRel (S\_Const c) (map\_graph\_fn G' h) " proof(goal\_cases)

```
case (1 c)
    with mnt have cr5: "maintained (const_exists c) G'"
               and cr7: "maintained (const_prop c) G'" unfolding constant_rules_def
by blast+
    from top_nonempty cr5[unfolded maintained_holds_subset_iff[OF gr(1)]
const_exists_def]
    obtain y z where yz: "(y,z) \in getRel (S_Const c) G'" by auto
    from this gr(1) have yzv: "y \in vertices G'" "z \in vertices G'" by
(auto simp:getRel_def)
    from getRel_hom[OF yz yzv]
    have hi:"(h y,h z) \in getRel (S_Const c) (map_graph_fn G' h)".
    with h(2) cr7[THEN mg, unfolded maintained_holds_subset_iff[OF map_graph_fn_graph]]
const_prop_def]
    have "h y = h z" by force
    thus "\exists v. (v,v) \in getRel (S_Const c) (map_graph_fn G' h)" using
hi by auto
  qed
  hence "\forall c. \exists v. c \in C \longrightarrow (v, v) \in getRel (S_Const c) (map_graph_fn
G' h)" by blast
  from choice[OF this] obtain m
    where m:"\land x. x \in C \implies (m x, m x) \in getRel (S_Const x) (map_graph_fn
G' h)" by blast
  let ?m' = "\lambda x. if x \in m ' C then Inl (the_inv_into C m x) else Inr
x"
  define f where "f \equiv ?m' o h"
  have "\land x y. x \in C \Longrightarrow y \in C \Longrightarrow m x = m y \Longrightarrow x = y" proof(goal_cases)
    case (1 \times y)
    with m have "(m x,m x) \in getRel (S_Const y) (map_graph_fn G' h)"
                 "(m x,m x) \in getRel (S_Const x) (map_graph_fn G' h)" by
metis+
    hence mx: "(m x,m x) ∈ getRel (S_Const y) G'"
               "(m x,m x) \in getRel (S_Const x) G'" using h(3) by force+
    from 1(1,2) mnt have cr8:"x \neq y \implies maintained (const_disj x y)
G'"
      unfolding constant_rules_def by blast
    from cr8[unfolded maintained holds subset iff[OF gr(1)] const disj def]
mх
    have "x \neq y \Longrightarrow (m x, m x) \in :G': [\![ \bot ]\!]" by auto
    thus "x = y" using cf by auto
  aed
  hence "univalent (converse (BNF_Def.Gr C m))" unfolding univalent_def
by auto
  hence inj_m:"inj_on m C" unfolding inj_on_def by auto
  from inj_on_the_inv_into[OF inj_m] have inj_m':"inj ?m'" unfolding
inj_on_def by auto
  define G where "G = map_graph_fn G' f"
  hence G: "graph G" "f x \in vertices G" "getRel S_Bot G = {}" using x
cf unfolding getRel_def
```

```
by force+
  from comp_inj_on[OF inj_on_the_inv_into[OF inj_m] inj_Inl, unfolded
o_def] inj_Inr
  have inj_m': "inj_on ?m' (vertices G')" unfolding inj_on_def by auto
  define g where "g = the_inv_into (vertices G') ?m'"
  have gf_h: " \land x. x \in vertices G' \implies (g \circ f) x = h x" unfolding g_def
f_def o_def
    apply(rule the_inv_into_f_f[OF inj_m']) using h unfolding subgraph_def
graph_union_iff by auto
 have mg_eq:"map_graph_fn G' (g \circ f) = map_graph_fn G' h"
    by (rule map_graph_fn_eqI[OF gf_h])
 have "\land x. x \in vertices G' \implies h x \in vertices G'" using h(3)
    unfolding subgraph def graph union iff by(cases G',auto)
  hence gf_id:"/ x. x \in vertices G' \implies (g o f) (h x) = (h x)"
    using h(1) gf_h unfolding o_def by metis
  { fix x assume "x \in vertices G"
    then obtain y where y:"f y = x" "y \in vertices G'" unfolding G_def
by auto
    from gf_h[OF y(2)] have "(f o g) (f y) = f (h y)" unfolding o_def
by auto
    also have "... = f y" using h(1) unfolding f_def o_def by metis
    finally have "(f \circ g) x = x" unfolding y.
  } note fg_id = this
  have fg_inv:"map_graph_fn G (f o g) = G"
    using h(1) G_def f_def mg_eq map_graph_fn_comp by (metis (no_types,
lifting))
  have ir: "ident_rel S_Idt G" unfolding set_eq_iff proof(standard,standard,goal_cases)
    case (1 x)
    from this[unfolded G_def]
    obtain v1 v2 where v:"(v1,v2) \in getRel S_Idt G'" "x = (f v1,f v2)"
      unfolding getRel_def map_graph_def on_triple_def by auto
    hence vv: "v1 \in vertices G'" "v2 \in vertices G'" using gr unfolding
getRel def by auto
    with h(2) v(1) have "h v1 = h v2" unfolding image_def by blast
    hence x: "x = (f v1, f v1)" unfolding f_{def} v by auto
    from vv(1) show ?case unfolding x G_def by auto
  \mathbf{next}
    case (2 x)
    hence x:"fst x = snd x" "fst x \in vertices G" by auto
    hence "(fst x) \in f ' vertices G'" unfolding G_def o_def by auto
    then obtain v where v: "v \in vertices G' " "f v = fst x" by auto
    hence hv: "h v \in vertices (map_graph_fn G' h)" by simp
    hence "(h v, h v) \in getRel S_Idt (map_graph_fn G' h)" unfolding h(2)
by auto
```

```
from getRel_hom[OF this hv hv]
         have "(?m' (h v),?m' (h v)) \in getRel S_Idt (map_graph_fn G' (?m'
o h))"
             unfolding map_graph_fn_comp by fast
         hence "(f v, f v) \in getRel S_Idt (map_graph_fn G' f)" unfolding f_def
by auto
         hence "(fst x, snd x) \in getRel S_Idt G" unfolding x v G_def by auto
         thus ?case unfolding G_{def} by auto
    qed
    from tr[unfolded top_rule[OF gr(1)]]
    have tr0: "getRel S_Top (map_graph_fn G' h)
                       = {(x,y). x \in vertices (map_graph_fn G' h) \land y \in 
G' h)}"
        and tr:"getRel S_Top G = {(x, y). x \in vertices G \land y \in vertices
G}"
         unfolding G_def getRel_def on_triple_def map_graph_def by auto
    have m: " \land x. x \in C \implies \{(m x, m x)\} = getRel (S_Const x) (map_graph_fn)
G' h)" proof fix x
         assume x: "x \in C"
         { fix y z assume a: "(y,z) \in getRel (S_Const x) (map_graph_fn G' h)"
             let ?t = "getRel S_Top (map_graph_fn G' h)"
             let ?r = "getRel (S_Const x) (map_graph_fn G' h)"
             have mx:"(m x, m x) \in getRel (S_Const x) (map_graph_fn G' h)" us-
ing m x by auto
             with a have v: "y \in vertices (map_graph_fn G' h)"
                                             "z \in vertices (map_graph_fn G' h)"
                                             "m x \in vertices (map_graph_fn G' h)" unfolding getRel_def
by force+
             with tr0 have "(m x, y) \in ?t" "(z, m x) \in ?t" by auto
             with a mx have lhs: "(m x,z) \in ?r 0 ?t 0 ?r" "(y,m x) \in ?r 0 ?t
0 ?r'' by auto
             from x mnt have "maintained (const_exists_rev x) G'"
                                        and "maintained (const_prop x) G'" unfolding constant_rules_def
by blast+
             hence cr6: "maintained (const_exists_rev x) (map_graph_fn G' h)"
                  and cr7: "maintained (const_prop x) (map_graph_fn G' h)"
                  by (intro mg, force)+
             hence "(m x,z) \in getRel S_Idt (map_graph_fn G' h)"
                           "(y,m x) \in getRel S_Idt (map_graph_fn G' h)" using lhs
                  unfolding maintained_holds_subset_iff[OF map_graph_fn_graph]]
                                        const_exists_rev_def const_prop_def by auto
             hence "y = m x" "z = m x" using h(2) by auto
         }
         thus "getRel (S_Const x) (map_graph_fn G' h) \subseteq {(m x, m x)}" by auto
    qed (insert m.auto)
```

```
from mg_eq have mg_eq:"map_graph_fn G g = map_graph_fn G' h" unfold-
```

ing G\_def map\_graph\_fn\_comp.

{ fix 1 fix v::"'V + 'V'" assume a:"(1, v) $\in$ ( $\lambda c$ . (S\_Const c, Inl c)) ' C" hence "getRel 1  $G = \{(v, v)\}$ " using m proof(cases 1) case (S\_Const x) hence x:"l = S\_Const x" "v = Inl x" "x  $\in$  C" using a by auto hence  $mx: "m x \in m$  ' C" by auto from m[OF x(3)] have "(m x,m x)  $\in$  getRel (S\_Const x) (map\_graph\_fn G' h)" by auto hence " $(S_{const x,m x,m x}) \in edges (map_graph_fn G' h)$ " unfolding getRel\_def by auto hence "m x  $\in$  vertices (map\_graph\_fn G' h)" unfolding map\_graph\_def Image\_def by auto then obtain x' where x': "m x = h x'" "x'  $\in$  vertices G'" by auto from h(1) have hmx[simp]: "h (m x) = m x" unfolding x' o\_def by metis hence fmx: "f(m x) = v" unfolding  $x f_{def}$ using the\_inv\_into\_f\_f[OF inj\_m] inj\_m[unfolded inj\_on\_def,rule\_format,OF x(3)] mx by auto have "{(f (m x), f (m x))} = getRel l (map\_graph\_fn G (f  $\circ$  g))" unfolding map\_graph\_fn\_comp getRel\_hom\_map[OF map\_graph\_fn\_graph]] m[OF x(3),folded mg\_eq x(1),symmetric] by auto hence  $gr: "getRel \ l \ G = \{(f \ (m \ x), f \ (m \ x))\}"$  unfolding  $fg_iv$  by blast show ?thesis unfolding gr fmx by (fact refl) qed auto } note cr = this have sg:"subgraph (map\_graph\_fn G g) G'" unfolding mg\_eq using h(3). have std:"standard' C G" unfolding standard\_def using G ir tr cr by blast have mtd: " $\land$ r. maintained r G'  $\implies$  maintained r G" proof(goal\_cases) case (1 r) from mg[OF 1,folded mg\_eq] maintained\_preserved\_by\_isomorphism[OF fg id G(1)] show ?case by metis qed { fix x y e assume "x  $\in$  vertices G'" "y  $\in$  vertices G'" "(g (f x), g (f y))  $\in$  :map\_graph\_fn (map\_graph\_fn G' f) g:[e]" hence " $(x,y) \in :G': [e]$ " proof(induct e arbitrary: x y) case (A\_Cmp e1 e2) then obtain z where  $z: "(g (f x), z) \in :map_graph_fn (map_graph_fn$ G' f) g:[[e1]]" "(z, g (f y)) ∈ :map\_graph\_fn (map\_graph\_fn G' f) g: [e2] " by auto

```
hence "z \in vertices (map_graph_fn (map_graph_fn G' f) g)"
          using semantics_in_vertices(1)[OF map_graph_fn_graphI] by metis
        then obtain z' where z': "z = g (f z') " "z' \in vertices G'" by
auto
        with A_Cmp(1) [OF A_Cmp(3) z'(2) z(1) [unfolded z']]
              A_Cmp(2)[OF z'(2) A_Cmp(4) z(2)[unfolded z']]
        have "(x, y) \in (:G': [e1]) O (:G': [e2])" by auto
        then show ?case by auto
      \mathbf{next}
        case (A_Lbl 1)
        hence "(1, g (f x), g (f y)) \in edges (map_graph_fn G g)"
          by (auto simp:getRel_def G_def)
        then obtain x' y'
          where "(1, x', y') \in edges G" "g (f x) = g x'" "g (f y) = g
y'" by auto
        then obtain x' y'
          where xy:"(1, x', y') \in edges G'" "g (f x) = g (f x')" "g (f
y) = g (f y')''
          unfolding G_{def} by auto
        hence "x' \in vertices G'" "y' \in vertices G'" using gr(1) by auto
        from this[THEN gf_h,unfolded o_def] A_Lbl(1,2)[THEN gf_h,unfolded
o_def]
        have "h x = h x'" "h y = h y'" using xy(2,3) by auto
        hence "(1, x, y) \in edges G'" using h(4)[of 1 x y] h(4)[of 1 x'
y'] xy(1) by auto
        then show ?case by (simp add:getRel_def)
    qed auto
  }
  hence cons:"(\forall x y e. x \in vertices G' \longrightarrow y \in vertices G' \longrightarrow (g (f
x), g (f y)) \in :map_graph_fn G g:[e] \longrightarrow (x,y) \in :G': [e])''
    unfolding G_def by auto
```

show ?thesis using cons G\_def fg\_inv[symmetric] sg std mtd by blast qed

 $\mathbf{end}$ 

## 9 Combined correctness

This section does not correspond to any theorems in the paper. However, the main correctness proof is not a theorem in the paper either. As the paper sets out to prove that we can decide entailment and consistency, this file shows how to combine the results so far and indeed establish those properties.

```
theory CombinedCorrectness
imports GraphRewriting StandardRules
begin
```

```
definition the_model where
"the_model C Rs
 \equiv let L = fst ' [] ((edges o snd) ' Rs) \cup {S_Bot,S_Top,S_Idt} \cup S_Const
' C;
        Rules = Rs \cup (standard_rules C L);
        sel = non_constructive_selector Rules
     in the_lcg sel Rules (0,{})"
definition entailment_model where
"entailment_model C Rs init
  \equiv let L = fst '() ((edges o snd) 'Rs) \cup {S_Bot,S_Top,S_Idt} \cup S_Const
' C \cup fst ' edges init;
        Rules = Rs \cup (standard_rules C L);
        sel = non_constructive_selector Rules
     in the_lcg sel Rules (card (vertices init), edges init)"
abbreviation check_consistency where
  "check_consistency C Rs \equiv getRel S_Bot (the_model C Rs) = {}"
abbreviation check_entailment where
  "check_entailment C Rs R \equiv
     let mdl = entailment_model C Rs (translation (fst R))
     in (0,1) \in :mdl: [snd R] \lor getRel S_Bot mdl \neq \{\}"
definition transl_rules where
  "transl_rules T = (()(x, y)\inT. {(translation x, translation (A_Int x
y)), (translation y, translation (A_Int y x))})"
lemma gr_transl_rules:
  "x \in transl_rules T \implies graph_rule x"
  using graph_rule_translation unfolding transl_rules_def by blast
term entails
lemma check_consistency:
 assumes "finite T" "finite C"
 shows "check_consistency C (transl_rules T) \longleftrightarrow consistent (t::nat
itself) C T"
   (is "?lhs = ?rhs")
proof -
  from assms(1) have fin_t:"finite (transl_rules T)" unfolding transl_rules_def
by fast
  define L where
    "L = fst ' \bigcup ((edges \circ snd) ' transl_rules T) \cup {S_Bot,S_Top,S_Idt}
\cup S_Const ' C"
 have "finite () ((edges o snd) ' transl_rules T))" using fin_t gr_transl_rules
by auto
 hence fin_1:"finite L" unfolding L_def using assms(2) by auto
  define Rules where "Rules = transl_rules T \cup standard_rules C L"
```

```
hence fin_r:"finite Rules" using assms(2) fin_t fin_l unfolding standard_rules_def
by auto
 have incl_L:"fst ' (U ((edges o snd) ' Rules)) \subseteq L"
    unfolding L_def Rules_def by (auto elim:standard_rules_edges)
  have "\forall R \in transl_rules T. graph_rule R" using gr_transl_rules by blast
  moreover have "\forall R \in constant\_rules C. graph\_rule R" using constant\_rules_graph_rule
by auto
  moreover have "\forall R \in identity\_rules L. graph_rule R" using identity_rules_graph_rule
by auto
 moreover have "\forall R \in \{top\_rule S\_Top, nonempty\_rule\}. graph_rule R" us-
ing are_rules(1,2) by fastforce
  ultimately have gr: "set_of_graph_rules Rules"
    unfolding set_of_graph_rules_def Rules_def ball_Un standard_rules_def
    by blast
  define sel where "sel = non_constructive_selector Rules"
 hence sel: "valid_selector Rules sel" using gr non_constructive_selector
bv auto
  define cfg where "cfg = the_lcg sel Rules (0, {})"
  have cfg:"cfg = the_model C (transl_rules T)"
    unfolding cfg_def sel_def Rules_def L_def the_model_def Let_def..
  have cfg_c:"least_consequence_graph TYPE('a + nat) Rules (graph_of (0,{}))
cfg"
    unfolding cfg_def
    by (rule lcg_through_make_step[OF fin_r gr _ sel],auto)
 hence cfg_sdt:"maintainedA (standard_rules C L) cfg"
    and cfg_g: "graph cfg"
    and cfg_1:"least TYPE('a + nat) Rules (graph_of (0, {})) cfg"
    and cfg_m:"r \in transl_rules T \implies maintained r cfg" for r
    unfolding Rules_def least_consequence_graph_def by auto
  have cfg_lbl:"fst ' edges cfg \subseteq L"
    unfolding cfg_def by (auto intro!: the_lcg_edges[OF sel incl_L])
  have d1: "?lhs \implies ?rhs" proof -
    assume ?1hs
    from maintained_standard_noconstants[OF cfg_sdt cfg_g cfg_lbl this[folded
cfg]]
    obtain G :: "('a Standard Constant, 'a + nat) labeled graph"
      where G_std:"standard' C G"
      and m:"maintained r cfg \implies maintained r G"
      for r :: "('a Standard_Constant, nat) Graph_PreRule"
      by blast
    hence g: "graph G" unfolding standard_def by auto
    have "(a,b)\in T \implies G \models (a,b)" for a b proof(subst eq_as_subsets,standard)
      assume a:"(a,b) \in T"
      from a cfg_m[unfolded transl_rules_def,THEN m]
      show "G \models a \sqsubseteq b" by (subst maintained_holds_iff[OF g,symmetric])
blast
      from a cfg_m[unfolded transl_rules_def,THEN m]
      show "G \models b \sqsubseteq a" by (subst maintained_holds_iff[OF g,symmetric])
blast
```

```
qed
    hence h:"(\forall S \in T. G \models S)" by auto
    with G_std show ?rhs unfolding model_def by blast
  ged
  have d2: "\neg ?lhs \implies ?rhs \implies False" proof -
    assume "\neg ?1hs"
    then obtain a b where ab: "(S_Bot, a, b) \in edges cfg"
      "a \in vertices cfg" "b \in vertices cfg"
      using cfg_g unfolding cfg getRel_def by auto
    assume ?rhs then obtain G :: "('a Standard_Constant, 'a + nat) labeled_graph"
      where G: "model C G T" by auto
    with model_def have std:"standard' C G" and holds:"\forall S \in T. G \models S"
by fast+
    hence g: "graph G" unfolding standard_def by auto
    from maintained_holds_iff[OF g] holds
    have "maintainedA (transl_rules T) G" unfolding transl_rules_def by
auto
    hence mnt: "maintainedA Rules G" unfolding Rules_def
      using standard_maintains_rules[OF std] by auto
    from consequence_graphI[OF _ _ g] gr[unfolded set_of_graph_rules_def]
mnt
    have cg: "consequence_graph Rules G" by fast
    with cfg_l[unfolded least_def]
    have mtd: "maintained (graph_of (0, {}), cfg) G" by blast
    have "graph_homomorphism (fst (graph_of (0::nat, {}), cfg)) G {}"
      unfolding graph_homomorphism_def using g by auto
    with mtd maintained_def have "extensible (graph_of (0, {}), cfg)
G \{\}" by auto
    then obtain g where "edges (map_graph g cfg) \subseteq edges G" "vertices
cfg = Domain g"
      unfolding extensible_def graph_homomorphism_def2 graph_union_iff
by auto
    hence "\exists a b. (S_Bot,a,b) \in edges G" using ab unfolding edge_preserving
by auto
    thus False using std unfolding standard_def getRel_def by auto
 aed
 from d1 d2 show ?thesis by metis
qed
lemma check_entailment:
  assumes "finite T" "finite C"
  shows "check_entailment C (transl_rules T) S \leftrightarrow \rightarrow entails (t::nat itself)
C T (fst S, (A_Int (fst S) (snd S)))"
   (is "?lhs = ?rhs")
proof -
  from assms(1) have fin_t:"finite (transl_rules T)" unfolding transl_rules_def
by fast
```

define R where "R = transl\_rule S"

```
define init where "init = (card (vertices (fst R)), edges (fst R))"
  have gi[intro]:"graph (graph_of init)" and init:"graph_of init = translation
(fst S)"
    using verts_in_translation[of "fst S"] unfolding inv_translation_def
init_def R_def by auto
  define Rs where "Rs = transl_rules T"
  define L where
    "L = fst '() ((edges o snd) 'Rs)) \cup {S_Bot,S_Top,S_Idt} \cup S_Const
' C \cup fst ' edges (fst R)"
 have "finite (U ((edges o snd) ' transl_rules T))" using fin_t gr_transl_rules
by auto
 hence fin_1:"finite L" unfolding L_def Rs_def R_def using assms(2)
by auto
 have fin_t:"finite Rs" using fin_t Rs_def by auto
  define Rules where "Rules = Rs \cup standard rules C L"
 hence fin_r:"finite Rules" using assms(2) fin_t fin_l unfolding standard_rules_def
bv auto
 have incl_L:"fst ' (() ((edges o snd) ' Rules)) \subseteq L" "fst ' snd init
\subset L"
    unfolding L_def Rules_def init_def by (auto elim:standard_rules_edges)
  have "\forall R \in transl_rules T. graph_rule R" using gr_transl_rules by blast
  moreover have "\forall R \in constant\_rules C. graph\_rule R" using constant\_rules_graph_rule
by auto
 moreover have "\forall R \in identity\_rules L. graph\_rule R" using identity\_rules\_graph\_rule
by auto
 moreover have "\forall R \in \{top\_rule S\_Top, nonempty\_rule\}. graph_rule R" us-
ing are_rules(1,2) by fastforce
  ultimately have gr: "set_of_graph_rules Rules"
    unfolding set_of_graph_rules_def Rules_def ball_Un standard_rules_def
Rs_def
    by blast
  define sel where "sel = non_constructive_selector Rules"
 hence sel: "valid_selector Rules sel" using gr non_constructive_selector
by auto
  define cfg where "cfg = the_lcg sel Rules init"
  have cfg:"cfg = entailment model C Rs (fst R)"
    unfolding cfg_def sel_def Rules_def L_def entailment_model_def Let_def
init def..
 have cfg_c:"least_consequence_graph TYPE('a + nat) Rules (graph_of init)
cfg"
    unfolding cfg_def by (rule lcg_through_make_step[OF fin_r gr gi sel])
 hence cfg_sdt: "maintainedA (standard_rules C L) cfg"
    and cfg_g: "graph cfg"
    and cfg_1:"least TYPE('a + nat) Rules (graph_of init) cfg"
    and cfg_m:"r \in Rs \implies maintained r cfg" for r
    unfolding Rules_def least_consequence_graph_def by auto
  have cfg_lbl:"fst ' edges cfg \subseteq L" unfolding cfg_def
    by (auto intro!: the_lcg_edges[OF sel incl_L])
  have "(0,1) \in :translation (fst S):[[fst S]]" by (fact translation_self)
```

```
hence "(0,1) \in :graph_of init:[fst S]" unfolding init by auto
  from subgraph_semantics[OF _ this] cfg_l[unfolded least_def]
  have cfg_fst:"(0,1) \in :cfg:[fst S]]" unfolding cfg_def by auto
  from semantics_in_vertices[OF cfg_g this]
  have cfg_01:"0 \in vertices cfg""1 \in vertices cfg""(0,1) \in vertices cfg \times vertices
cfg" by auto
  have d1: "\neg ?lhs \implies ?rhs \implies False" proof -
    assume "\neg ?1hs"
    hence gr:"(0,1) \notin :cfg:[snd S]" "getRel S_Bot cfg = \{\}"
      unfolding entailment_model_def cfg R_def Rs_def Let_def by auto
    from maintained_standard_noconstants[OF cfg_sdt cfg_g cfg_lbl gr(2)]
    obtain G :: "('a Standard_Constant, 'a + nat) labeled_graph" and
f g
      where fg: "G = map_graph_fn G (f \circ g)"
      and f:"G = map_graph_fn cfg f" "subgraph (map_graph_fn G g) cfg"
      and G std:"standard' C G"
      and m:"\land r:: ('a Standard_Constant, nat) Graph_PreRule. maintained
r \ cfg \implies maintained r \ G''
      and e:"\land x y e. x \in vertices cfg \Longrightarrow y \in vertices cfg \Longrightarrow
                            (g (f x), g (f y)) \in :map_graph_fn G g:[e] \implies
(x,y) \in :cfg: [e]"
      by clarify blast
    hence g: "graph G" unfolding standard_def by auto
    have "(a,b)\in T \implies G \models (a,b)" for a b apply(subst eq_as_subsets)
      using cfg_m[unfolded transl_rules_def Rs_def,THEN m]
      unfolding maintained_holds_iff[OF g,symmetric] by blast
    hence h: "(\forall S \in T. G \models S)" by auto
    assume "?rhs"
    from this[unfolded entails_def model_def] G_{std} h have "G \models fst
S \sqsubseteq snd S'' by blast
    with cfg_fst cfg_g f(1) have "(f 0, f 1) \in :G:[snd S]]" by auto
    then have "(g (f 0), g (f 1)) \in :map_graph_fn G g: [snd S]" using
map_graph_in[OF g] by auto
    with e cfg_01(1,2) gr(1) show "False" by auto
  qed
  have "?lhs \implies model C G T \implies (a,b) \in :G:[fst S] \implies (a,b) \in :G:[snd
S]∥ "
    for G :: "('a Standard_Constant, 'a + nat) labeled_graph" and a b
proof -
    assume mod:"model C G T"
    from mod model_def have std:"standard' C G" and holds:"\forall S \in T. G
\models S" by fast+
    hence g: "graph G" unfolding standard_def by auto
    with maintained_holds_iff[OF g] holds
    have "maintainedA Rs G" unfolding transl_rules_def Rs_def by auto
    hence mnt: "maintainedA Rules G" unfolding Rules_def
      using standard_maintains_rules[OF std] by auto
    from consequence_graphI[OF _ _ g] gr[unfolded set_of_graph_rules_def]
mnt.
```

```
have cg: "consequence_graph Rules G" by fast
    with cfg_l[unfolded least_def] have mtd: "maintained (graph_of init,
cfg) G" by auto
    assume ab: "(a,b) \in :G:[fst S]]"
    hence abv: "a \in vertices G" "b \in vertices G" using semantics_in_vertices[OF
g] by auto
    from ab translation[OF g] init
    obtain f where f: "graph_homomorphism (graph_of init) G f" "(0, a)
\in f \wedge (1, b) \in f"
      by auto
    from maintainedD2[OF mtd f(1)] obtain g
      where g:"graph_homomorphism cfg G g" and "f \subseteq g" by blast
    with f have g01:"(0, a) \in g" "(1, b) \in g" by auto
    assume ?lhs
    then consider (maintained) "(0,1) \in :cfg: [snd S]" / (no_models) ":cfg: [\bot]
≠ {}"
      using cfg_g unfolding cfg entailment_model_def Let_def Rs_def R_def
by auto
    thus "(a,b) \in :G:[snd S]]" proof(cases)
      {\operatorname{case}} maintained
      from graph_homomorphism_semantics[OF g maintained g01] show ?thesis.
    \mathbf{next}
      case no_models
      from graph_homomorphism_nonempty[OF g no_models]
      have "getRel S_Bot G \neq \{\}" by auto
      hence False using std unfolding standard_def by auto
      thus ?thesis by auto
    qed
  qed
 hence d2:"?lhs \implies ?rhs" unfolding entails_def by auto
  from d1 d2 show ?thesis by metis
qed
```

```
\mathbf{end}
```

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