

A Verified Functional Implementation of Bachmair and Ganzinger’s Ordered Resolution Prover

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Abstract

This Isabelle/HOL formalization refines the abstract ordered resolution prover presented in Section 4.3 of Bachmair and Ganzinger’s “Resolution Theorem Proving” chapter in the *Handbook of Automated Reasoning*. The result is a functional implementation of a first-order prover.

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1 Introduction

Bachmair and Ganzinger’s “Resolution Theorem Proving” chapter in the *Handbook of Automated Reasoning* is the standard reference on the topic. It defines a general framework for propositional and first-order resolution-based theorem proving. Resolution forms the basis for superposition, the calculus implemented in many popular automatic theorem provers.

This Isabelle/HOL formalization starts from an existing formalization of Bachmair and Ganzinger’s chapter, up to and including Section 4.3. It refines the abstract ordered resolution prover presented in Section 4.3 to obtain an executable, functional implementation of a first-order prover. Figure 1 shows the corresponding Isabelle theory structure.

We refer to the following conference paper for details:

Anders Schlichtkrull, Jasmin Christian Blanchette, Dmitriy Traytel:
A verified prover based on ordered resolution.
CPP 2019: 152-165
http://matryoshka.gforge.inria.fr/pubs/fun_rp_paper.pdf

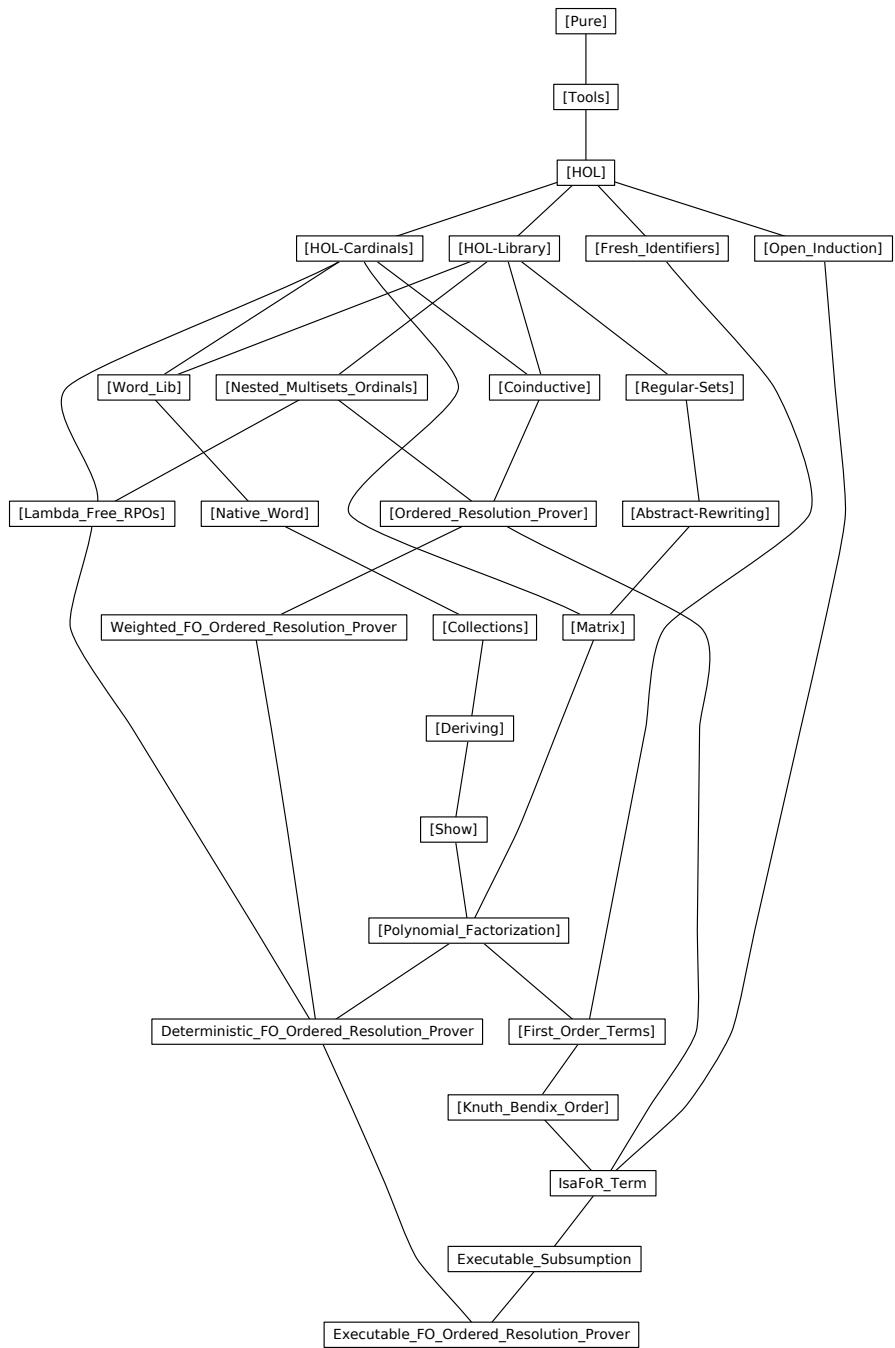


Figure 1: Theory dependency graph

2 A Fair Ordered Resolution Prover for First-Order Clauses with Weights

The *weighted_RP* prover introduced below operates on finite multisets of clauses and organizes the multiset of processed clauses as a priority queue to ensure that inferences are performed in a fair manner, to guarantee completeness.

```

theory Weighted_FO_Ordered_Resolution_Prover
imports Ordered_Resolution_Prover.FO_Ordered_Resolution_Prover
begin

type-synonym 'a wclause = 'a clause × nat
type-synonym 'a wstate = 'a wclause multiset × 'a wclause multiset × 'a wclause multiset × nat

fun state_of_wstate :: 'a wstate ⇒ 'a state where
state_of_wstate (N, P, Q, n) =
  (set_mset (image_mset fst N), set_mset (image_mset fst P), set_mset (image_mset fst Q))

locale weighted_FO_resolution_prover =
FO_resolution_prover S subst_atm id_subst comp_subst renamings_apart atm_of_atms mgu less_atm
for
S :: ('a :: wellorder) clause ⇒ 'a clause and
subst_atm :: 'a ⇒ 's ⇒ 'a and
id_subst :: 's and
comp_subst :: 's ⇒ 's ⇒ 's and
renamings_apart :: 'a clause list ⇒ 's list and
atm_of_atms :: 'a list ⇒ 'a and
mgu :: 'a set set ⇒ 's option and
less_atm :: 'a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool +
fixes
weight :: 'a clause × nat ⇒ nat
assumes
weight_mono:  $i < j \Rightarrow \text{weight}(C, i) < \text{weight}(C, j)$ 
begin

abbreviation clss_of_wstate :: 'a wstate ⇒ 'a clause set where
clss_of_wstate St ≡ clss_of_state (state_of_wstate St)

abbreviation N_of_wstate :: 'a wstate ⇒ 'a clause set where
N_of_wstate St ≡ N_of_state (state_of_wstate St)

abbreviation P_of_wstate :: 'a wstate ⇒ 'a clause set where
P_of_wstate St ≡ P_of_state (state_of_wstate St)

abbreviation Q_of_wstate :: 'a wstate ⇒ 'a clause set where
Q_of_wstate St ≡ Q_of_state (state_of_wstate St)

fun wN_of_wstate :: 'a wstate ⇒ 'a wclause multiset where
wN_of_wstate (N, P, Q, n) = N

fun wP_of_wstate :: 'a wstate ⇒ 'a wclause multiset where
wP_of_wstate (N, P, Q, n) = P

fun wQ_of_wstate :: 'a wstate ⇒ 'a wclause multiset where
wQ_of_wstate (N, P, Q, n) = Q

fun n_of_wstate :: 'a wstate ⇒ nat where
n_of_wstate (N, P, Q, n) = n

lemma of_wstate_split[simp]:
(wN_of_wstate St, wP_of_wstate St, wQ_of_wstate St, n_of_wstate St) = St
⟨proof⟩

```

```

abbreviation grounding_of_wstate :: 'a wstate  $\Rightarrow$  'a clause set where
  grounding_of_wstate St  $\equiv$  grounding_of_state (state_of_wstate St)

abbreviation Liminf_wstate :: 'a wstate llist  $\Rightarrow$  'a state where
  Liminf_wstate Sts  $\equiv$  Liminf_state (lmap state_of_wstate Sts)

lemma timestamp_le_weight: n  $\leq$  weight (C, n)
  ⟨proof⟩

inductive weighted_RP :: 'a wstate  $\Rightarrow$  'a wstate  $\Rightarrow$  bool (infix  $\rightsquigarrow_w$  50) where
  tautology_deletion: Neg A  $\in\#$  C  $\Rightarrow$  Pos A  $\in\#$  C  $\Rightarrow$  (N + {#(C, i)#}, P, Q, n)  $\rightsquigarrow_w$  (N, P, Q, n)
  | forward_subsumption: D  $\in\#$  image_mset fst (P + Q)  $\Rightarrow$  subsumes D C  $\Rightarrow$ 
    (N + {#(C, i)#}, P, Q, n)  $\rightsquigarrow_w$  (N, P, Q, n)
  | backward_subsumption_P: D  $\in\#$  image_mset fst N  $\Rightarrow$  C  $\in\#$  image_mset fst P  $\Rightarrow$ 
    strictly_subsumes D C  $\Rightarrow$  (N, P, Q, n)  $\rightsquigarrow_w$  (N, {#(E, k)  $\in\#$  P. E  $\neq$  C#}, Q, n)
  | backward_subsumption_Q: D  $\in\#$  image_mset fst N  $\Rightarrow$  strictly_subsumes D C  $\Rightarrow$ 
    (N, P, Q + {#(C, i)#}, n)  $\rightsquigarrow_w$  (N, P, Q, n)
  | forward_reduction: D + {#L'#}  $\in\#$  image_mset fst (P + Q)  $\Rightarrow$  - L = L' · l σ  $\Rightarrow$  D · σ  $\subseteq\#$  C  $\Rightarrow$ 
    (N + {#(C + {#L'#}, i)#}, P, Q, n)  $\rightsquigarrow_w$  (N + {#(C, i)#}, P, Q, n)
  | backward_reduction_P: D + {#L'#}  $\in\#$  image_mset fst N  $\Rightarrow$  - L = L' · l σ  $\Rightarrow$  D · σ  $\subseteq\#$  C  $\Rightarrow$ 
    ( $\forall j.$  (C + {#L'#}, j)  $\in\#$  P  $\rightarrow$  j  $\leq$  i)  $\Rightarrow$ 
    (N, P + {#(C + {#L'#}, i)#}, Q, n)  $\rightsquigarrow_w$  (N, P + {#(C, i)#}, Q, n)
  | backward_reduction_Q: D + {#L'#}  $\in\#$  image_mset fst N  $\Rightarrow$  - L = L' · l σ  $\Rightarrow$  D · σ  $\subseteq\#$  C  $\Rightarrow$ 
    (N, P, Q + {#(C + {#L'#}, i)#}, n)  $\rightsquigarrow_w$  (N, P + {#(C, i)#}, Q, n)
  | clause_processing: (N + {#(C, i)#}, P, Q, n)  $\rightsquigarrow_w$  (N, P + {#(C, i)#}, Q, n)
  | inference_computation: ( $\forall (D, j) \in\# P.$  weight (C, i)  $\leq$  weight (D, j))  $\Rightarrow$ 
    N = mset_set (( $\lambda D.$  (D, n)) `concls_of` (inference_system.inferences_between (ord_FO_Γ S) (set_mset (image_mset fst Q)) C))  $\Rightarrow$ 
    ({#}, P + {#(C, i)#}, Q, n)  $\rightsquigarrow_w$  (N, {#(D, j)  $\in\#$  P. D  $\neq$  C#}, Q + {#(C, i)#}, Suc n)

lemma weighted_RP_imp_RP: St  $\rightsquigarrow_w$  St'  $\Rightarrow$  state_of_wstate St  $\rightsquigarrow$  state_of_wstate St'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma final_weighted_RP:  $\neg$  ({#}, {#}, Q, n)  $\rightsquigarrow_w$  St
  ⟨proof⟩

context
  fixes
    Sts :: 'a wstate llist
  assumes
    full_deriv: full_chain ( $\rightsquigarrow_w$ ) Sts and
    empty_P0: P_of_wstate (lhd Sts) = {} and
    empty_Q0: Q_of_wstate (lhd Sts) = {}
  begin

lemma finite_Sts0: finite (cls_of_wstate (lhd Sts))
  ⟨proof⟩

lemmas deriv = full_chain_imp_chain[OF full_deriv]
lemmas lhd_lmap_Sts = llist.map_sel(1)[OF chain_not_lnull[OF deriv]]

lemma deriv_RP: chain ( $\rightsquigarrow$ ) (lmap state_of_wstate Sts)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma finite_Sts0_RP: finite (cls_of_state (lhd (lmap state_of_wstate Sts)))
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma empty_P0_RP: P_of_state (lhd (lmap state_of_wstate Sts)) = {}
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma empty_Q0_RP: Q_of_state (lhd (lmap state_of_wstate Sts)) = {}
  ⟨proof⟩

```

lemmas $Sts_thms = deriv_RP\ finite_Sts0_RP\ empty_P0_RP\ empty_Q0_RP$

theorem $weighted_RP_model:$

$St \rightsquigarrow_w St' \implies I \models_s grounding_of_wstate St' \longleftrightarrow I \models_s grounding_of_wstate St$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

abbreviation $S_gQ :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause$ **where**

$S_gQ \equiv S_Q (lmap state_of_wstate Sts)$

interpretation $sq: selection S_gQ$

$\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation $gd: ground_resolution_with_selection S_gQ$

$\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation $src: standard_redundancy_criterion_reductive gd.ord_\Gamma$

$\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation $src: standard_redundancy_criterion_counterex_reducing gd.ord_\Gamma$

$ground_resolution_with_selection.INTERP S_gQ$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemmas $ord_\Gamma.saturated_upto_def = src.saturated_upto_def$

lemmas $ord_\Gamma.saturated_upto_complete = src.saturated_upto_complete$

lemmas $ord_\Gamma.contradiction_Rf = src.contradiction_Rf$

theorem $weighted_RP_sound:$

assumes $\{\#\} \in clss_of_state (Liminf_wstate Sts)$

shows $\neg satisfiable (grounding_of_wstate (lhd Sts))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

abbreviation $RP_filtered_measure :: ('a wclause \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a wstate \Rightarrow nat \times nat \times nat$ **where**

$RP_filtered_measure \equiv \lambda p (N, P, Q, n).$

$(sum_mset (image_mset (\lambda(C, i). Suc (size C)) \{ \#Di \in \# N + P + Q. p Di\# \}),$
 $size \{ \#Di \in \# N. p Di\# \}, size \{ \#Di \in \# P. p Di\# \})$

abbreviation $RP_combined_measure :: nat \Rightarrow 'a wstate \Rightarrow nat \times (nat \times nat \times nat) \times (nat \times nat \times nat)$ **where**

$RP_combined_measure \equiv \lambda w St.$

$(w + 1 - n_of_wstate St, RP_filtered_measure (\lambda(C, i). i \leq w) St,$

$RP_filtered_measure (\lambda Ci. True) St)$

abbreviation $(input) RP_filtered_relation :: ((nat \times nat \times nat) \times (nat \times nat \times nat)) set$ **where**

$RP_filtered_relation \equiv natLess <*lex*> natLess <*lex*> natLess$

abbreviation $(input) RP_combined_relation :: ((nat \times ((nat \times nat \times nat) \times (nat \times nat \times nat))) \times$

$(nat \times ((nat \times nat \times nat) \times (nat \times nat \times nat)))) set$ **where**

$RP_combined_relation \equiv natLess <*lex*> RP_filtered_relation <*lex*> RP_filtered_relation$

abbreviation $(fst3 :: 'b * 'c * 'd \Rightarrow 'b) \equiv fst$

abbreviation $(snd3 :: 'b * 'c * 'd \Rightarrow 'c) \equiv \lambda x. fst (snd x)$

abbreviation $(trd3 :: 'b * 'c * 'd \Rightarrow 'd) \equiv \lambda x. snd (snd x)$

lemma

$wf_RP_filtered_relation: wf RP_filtered_relation$ **and**

$wf_RP_combined_relation: wf RP_combined_relation$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $multiset_sum_of_Suc_f_monotone: N \subset\# M \implies (\sum x \in\# N. Suc (f x)) < (\sum x \in\# M. Suc (f x))$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $multiset_sum_monotone_f':$

assumes $CC \subset\# DD$

shows $(\sum (C, i) \in\# CC. Suc (f C)) < (\sum (C, i) \in\# DD. Suc (f C))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma filter_mset_strict_subset:
  assumes  $x \in\# M$  and  $\neg p x$ 
  shows  $\{\#y \in\# M. p y\# \} \subset\# M$ 
(proof)

lemma weighted_RP_measure_decreasing_N:
  assumes  $St \rightsquigarrow_w St'$  and  $(C, l) \in\# wN\_of\_wstate St$ 
  shows  $(RP\_filtered\_measure (\lambda Ci. True) St', RP\_filtered\_measure (\lambda Ci. True) St)$ 
     $\in RP\_filtered\_relation$ 
(proof)

lemma weighted_RP_measure_decreasing_P:
  assumes  $St \rightsquigarrow_w St'$  and  $(C, i) \in\# wP\_of\_wstate St$ 
  shows  $(RP\_combined\_measure (weight (C, i)) St', RP\_combined\_measure (weight (C, i)) St)$ 
     $\in RP\_combined\_relation$ 
(proof)

lemma preserve_min_or_delete_completely:
  assumes  $St \rightsquigarrow_w St' (C, i) \in\# wP\_of\_wstate St$ 
   $\forall k. (C, k) \in\# wP\_of\_wstate St \longrightarrow i \leq k$ 
  shows  $(C, i) \in\# wP\_of\_wstate St' \vee (\forall j. (C, j) \notin\# wP\_of\_wstate St')$ 
(proof)

lemma preserve_min_P:
  assumes
     $St \rightsquigarrow_w St' (C, j) \in\# wP\_of\_wstate St'$  and
     $(C, i) \in\# wP\_of\_wstate St$  and
     $\forall k. (C, k) \in\# wP\_of\_wstate St \longrightarrow i \leq k$ 
  shows  $(C, i) \in\# wP\_of\_wstate St'$ 
(proof)

lemma preserve_min_P_Sts:
  assumes
     $enat (Suc k) < llenth Sts$  and
     $(C, i) \in\# wP\_of\_wstate (lnth Sts k)$  and
     $(C, j) \in\# wP\_of\_wstate (lnth Sts (Suc k))$  and
     $\forall j. (C, j) \in\# wP\_of\_wstate (lnth Sts k) \longrightarrow i \leq j$ 
  shows  $(C, i) \in\# wP\_of\_wstate (lnth Sts (Suc k))$ 
(proof)

lemma in_lnth_in_Supremum_ldrop:
  assumes  $i < llenth xs$  and  $x \in\# (lnth xs i)$ 
  shows  $x \in Sup\_llist (lmap set_mset (ldrop (enat i) xs))$ 
(proof)

lemma persistent_wclause_in_P_if_persistent_clause_in_P:
  assumes  $C \in Liminf\_llist (lmap P\_of\_state (lmap state\_of\_wstate Sts))$ 
  shows  $\exists i. (C, i) \in Liminf\_llist (lmap (set_mset \circ wP\_of\_wstate) Sts)$ 
(proof)

lemma lfinite_not_LNil_nth_llast:
  assumes  $lfinite Sts$  and  $Sts \neq LNil$ 
  shows  $\exists i < llenth Sts. lnth Sts i = llast Sts \wedge (\forall j < llenth Sts. j \leq i)$ 
(proof)

lemma fair_if_finite:
  assumes  $fin: lfinite Sts$ 
  shows  $fair\_state\_seq (lmap state\_of\_wstate Sts)$ 
(proof)

lemma N_of_state_state_of_wstate_wN_of_wstate:
```

```

assumes  $C \in N\_of\_state (state\_of\_wstate St)$ 
shows  $\exists i. (C, i) \in\# wN\_of\_wstate St$ 
(proof)

lemma  $in\_wN\_of\_wstate\_in\_N\_of\_wstate: (C, i) \in\# wN\_of\_wstate St \implies C \in N\_of\_wstate St$ 
(proof)

lemma  $in\_wP\_of\_wstate\_in\_P\_of\_wstate: (C, i) \in\# wP\_of\_wstate St \implies C \in P\_of\_wstate St$ 
(proof)

lemma  $in\_wQ\_of\_wstate\_in\_Q\_of\_wstate: (C, i) \in\# wQ\_of\_wstate St \implies C \in Q\_of\_wstate St$ 
(proof)

lemma  $n\_of\_wstate\_weighted\_RP\_increasing: St \rightsquigarrow_w St' \implies n\_of\_wstate St \leq n\_of\_wstate St'$ 
(proof)

lemma  $nth\_of\_wstate\_monotonic:$ 
assumes  $j < llength Sts \text{ and } i \leq j$ 
shows  $n\_of\_wstate (lnth Sts i) \leq n\_of\_wstate (lnth Sts j)$ 
(proof)

lemma  $infinite\_chain\_relation\_measure:$ 
assumes
   $measure\_decreasing: \bigwedge St St'. P St \implies R St St' \implies (m St', m St) \in mR \text{ and}$ 
   $non\_infer\_chain: chain R (ldrop (enat k) Sts) \text{ and}$ 
   $inf: llength Sts = \infty \text{ and}$ 
   $P: \bigwedge i. P (lnth (ldrop (enat k) Sts) i)$ 
shows  $chain (\lambda x y. (x, y) \in mR)^{-1-1} (lmap m (ldrop (enat k) Sts))$ 
(proof)

theorem  $weighted\_RP\_fair: fair\_state\_seq (lmap state\_of\_wstate Sts)$ 
(proof)

corollary  $weighted\_RP\_saturated: src.saturated\_upto (Liminf_llist (lmap grounding\_of\_wstate Sts))$ 
(proof)

corollary  $weighted\_RP\_complete:$ 
¬ satisfiable (grounding_of_wstate (lhd Sts))  $\implies \{\#\} \in Q\_of\_state (Liminf\_wstate Sts)$ 
(proof)

end

end

locale  $weighted\_FO\_resolution\_prover\_with\_size\_timestamp\_factors =$ 
   $FO\_resolution\_prover S subst\_atm id\_subst comp\_subst renamings\_apart atm\_of\_atms mgu less\_atm$ 
for
   $S :: ('a :: wellorder) clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \text{ and}$ 
   $subst\_atm :: 'a \Rightarrow 's \Rightarrow 'a \text{ and}$ 
   $id\_subst :: 's \text{ and}$ 
   $comp\_subst :: 's \Rightarrow 's \Rightarrow 's \text{ and}$ 
   $renamings\_apart :: 'a literal multiset list \Rightarrow 's list \text{ and}$ 
   $atm\_of\_atms :: 'a list \Rightarrow 'a \text{ and}$ 
   $mgu :: 'a set set \Rightarrow 's option \text{ and}$ 
   $less\_atm :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool +$ 
fixes
   $size\_atm :: 'a \Rightarrow nat \text{ and}$ 
   $size\_factor :: nat \text{ and}$ 
   $timestamp\_factor :: nat$ 
assumes
   $timestamp\_factor\_pos: timestamp\_factor > 0$ 
begin

```

```

fun weight :: 'a wclause  $\Rightarrow$  nat where
  weight (C, i) = size_factor * size_multiset (size_literal size_atm) C + timestamp_factor * i

lemma weight_mono:  $i < j \implies \text{weight}(C, i) < \text{weight}(C, j)$ 
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

declare weight.simps [simp del]

sublocale wrp: weighted_FO_resolution_prover_ _ _ _ _ weight
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

notation wrp.weighted_RP (infix  $\rightsquigarrow_w$  50)

end

end

```

3 A Deterministic Ordered Resolution Prover for First-Order Clauses

The *deterministic_RP* prover introduced below is a deterministic program that works on finite lists, committing to a strategy for assigning priorities to clauses. However, it is not fully executable: It abstracts over operations on atoms and employs logical specifications instead of executable functions for auxiliary notions.

```

theory Deterministic_FO_Ordered_Resolution_Prover
imports
  Polynomial_Factorization.Missing_List
  Weighted_FO_Ordered_Resolution_Prover
  Lambda_Free_RPOs.Lambda_Free_Util
begin

```

3.1 Library

```

lemma apfst_fst_snd: apfst f x = (f (fst x), snd x)
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

```

```

lemma apfst_comp_rpair_const: apfst f  $\circ$  ( $\lambda x. (x, y)$ ) = ( $\lambda x. (x, y)$ )  $\circ$  f
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

```

```

lemma length_remove1_less[termination_simp]:  $x \in \text{set } xs \implies \text{length}(\text{remove1 } x xs) < \text{length } xs$ 
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

```

```

lemma map_filter_neq_eq_map:
  map f (filter ( $\lambda y. f x \neq f y$ ) xs) = filter ( $\lambda z. f x \neq z$ ) (map f xs)
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

```

```

lemma mset_map_remdups_gen:
  mset (map f (remdups_gen f xs)) = mset (remdups_gen ( $\lambda x. x$ ) (map f xs))
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

```

```

lemma mset_remdups_gen_ident: mset (remdups_gen ( $\lambda x. x$ ) xs) = mset_set (set xs)
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

```

```

lemma funpow_fixpoint: f x = x  $\implies$  (f  $\wedge\wedge n$ ) x = x
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

```

```

lemma rtranclp_imp_eq_image: ( $\forall x y. R x y \longrightarrow f x = f y$ )  $\implies R^{**} x y \implies f x = f y$ 
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

```

```

lemma tranclp_imp_eq_image: ( $\forall x y. R x y \longrightarrow f x = f y$ )  $\implies R^{++} x y \implies f x = f y$ 
   $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 

```

3.2 Prover

```

type-synonym 'a lclause = 'a literal list
type-synonym 'a dclause = 'a lclause × nat
type-synonym 'a dstate = 'a dclause list × 'a dclause list × nat

locale deterministic_FO_resolution_prover =
  weighted_FO_resolution_prover_with_size_timestamp_factors S subst_atm id_subst comp_subst
  renamings_apart atm_of_atms mgu less_atm size_atm timestamp_factor size_factor
for
  S :: ('a :: wellorder) clause ⇒ 'a clause and
  subst_atm :: 'a ⇒ 's ⇒ 'a and
  id_subst :: 's and
  comp_subst :: 's ⇒ 's ⇒ 's and
  renamings_apart :: 'a literal multiset list ⇒ 's list and
  atm_of_atms :: 'a list ⇒ 'a and
  mgu :: 'a set set ⇒ 's option and
  less_atm :: 'a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool and
  size_atm :: 'a ⇒ nat and
  timestamp_factor :: nat and
  size_factor :: nat +
assumes
  S_empty: S C = {#}
begin

lemma less_atm_irrefl: ¬ less_atm A A
  {proof}

fun wstate_of_dstate :: 'a dstate ⇒ 'a wstate where
  wstate_of_dstate (N, P, Q, n) =
    (mset (map (apfst mset) N), mset (map (apfst mset) P), mset (map (apfst mset) Q), n)

fun state_of_dstate :: 'a dstate ⇒ 'a state where
  state_of_dstate (N, P, Q, _) =
    (set (map (mset ∘ fst) N), set (map (mset ∘ fst) P), set (map (mset ∘ fst) Q))

abbreviation clss_of_dstate :: 'a dstate ⇒ 'a clause set where
  clss_of_dstate St ≡ clss_of_state (state_of_dstate St)

fun is_final_dstate :: 'a dstate ⇒ bool where
  is_final_dstate (N, P, Q, n) ↔ N = [] ∧ P = []

declare is_final_dstate.simps [simp del]

abbreviation rtranci_weighted_RP (infix  $\rightsquigarrow_w^*$  50) where
   $(\rightsquigarrow_w^*) \equiv (\rightsquigarrow_w)^{**}$ 

abbreviation tranci_weighted_RP (infix  $\rightsquigarrow_w^+$  50) where
   $(\rightsquigarrow_w^+) \equiv (\rightsquigarrow_w)^{++}$ 

definition is_tautology :: 'a lclause ⇒ bool where
  is_tautology C ↔ (∃ A ∈ set (map atm_of C). Pos A ∈ set C ∧ Neg A ∈ set C)

definition subsume :: 'a lclause list ⇒ 'a lclause ⇒ bool where
  subsume Ds C ↔ (∃ D ∈ set Ds. subsumes (mset D) (mset C))

definition strictly_subsume :: 'a lclause list ⇒ 'a lclause ⇒ bool where
  strictly_subsume Ds C ↔ (∃ D ∈ set Ds. strictly_subsumes (mset D) (mset C))

definition is_reducible_on :: 'a literal ⇒ 'a lclause ⇒ 'a literal ⇒ bool where
  is_reducible_on M D L C ↔ subsumes (mset D + {#- M #}) (mset C + {#L #})

definition is_reducible_lit :: 'a lclause list ⇒ 'a lclause ⇒ 'a literal ⇒ bool where
  is_reducible_lit Ds C L ↔

```

$(\exists D \in \text{set } Ds. \exists L' \in \text{set } D. \exists \sigma. - L = L' \cdot l \sigma \wedge \text{mset}(\text{remove1 } L' D) \cdot \sigma \subseteq \# \text{mset } C)$

primrec `reduce` :: 'a lclause list \Rightarrow 'a lclause \Rightarrow 'a lclause **where**

- `reduce _ _ [] = []`
- `| reduce Ds C (L # C') =`
 $(\text{if } \text{is_reducible_lit } Ds (C @ C') L \text{ then } \text{reduce } Ds C C' \text{ else } L \# \text{reduce } Ds (L \# C) C')$

abbreviation `is_irreducible` :: 'a lclause list \Rightarrow 'a lclause \Rightarrow bool **where**

 $\text{is_irreducible } Ds C \equiv \text{reduce } Ds [] C = C$

abbreviation `is_reducible` :: 'a lclause list \Rightarrow 'a lclause \Rightarrow bool **where**

 $\text{is_reducible } Ds C \equiv \text{reduce } Ds [] C \neq C$

definition `reduce_all` :: 'a lclause \Rightarrow 'a dclause list \Rightarrow 'a dclause list **where**

 $\text{reduce_all } D = \text{map}(\text{apfst}(\text{reduce}[D] []))$

fun `reduce_all2` :: 'a lclause \Rightarrow 'a dclause list \Rightarrow 'a dclause list \times 'a dclause list **where**

- `reduce_all2 _ [] = ([][], [])`
- `| reduce_all2 D (Ci # Cs) =`
 $(\text{let } (C, i) = Ci; C' = \text{reduce}[D] [] C$
 $\text{in } (\text{if } C' = C \text{ then } \text{apsnd} \text{ else } \text{apfst}) (\text{Cons}(C', i)) (\text{reduce_all2 } D Cs))$

fun `remove_all` :: 'b list \Rightarrow 'b list \Rightarrow 'b list **where**

- `remove_all xs [] = xs`
- `| remove_all xs (y # ys) = (\text{if } y \in \text{set } xs \text{ then } \text{remove_all } (\text{remove1 } y xs) ys \text{ else } \text{remove_all } xs ys)`

lemma `remove_all_mset_minus`: $\text{mset } ys \subseteq \# \text{mset } xs \implies \text{mset}(\text{remove_all } xs ys) = \text{mset } xs - \text{mset } ys$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

definition `resolvent` :: 'a lclause \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a lclause \Rightarrow 'a lclause **where**

- `resolvent D A CA Ls =`
 $\text{map}(\lambda M. M \cdot l(\text{the}(\text{mgu}\{\text{insert } A (\text{atms_of}(\text{mset } Ls))\}))) (\text{remove_all } CA Ls @ D)$

definition `resolvable` :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a lclause \Rightarrow 'a lclause \Rightarrow 'a lclause \Rightarrow bool **where**

- `resolvable A D CA Ls \leftrightarrow`
 $(\text{let } \sigma = (\text{mgu}\{\text{insert } A (\text{atms_of}(\text{mset } Ls))\}) \text{ in}$
 $\sigma \neq \text{None}$
 $\wedge Ls \neq []$
 $\wedge \text{maximal_wrt } (A \cdot a \text{ the } \sigma) ((\text{add_mset } (\text{Neg } A) (\text{mset } D)) \cdot \text{the } \sigma)$
 $\wedge \text{strictly_maximal_wrt } (A \cdot a \text{ the } \sigma) ((\text{mset } CA - \text{mset } Ls) \cdot \text{the } \sigma)$
 $\wedge (\forall L \in \text{set } Ls. \text{is_pos } L))$

definition `resolve_on` :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a lclause \Rightarrow 'a lclause \Rightarrow 'a lclause list **where**

 $\text{resolve_on } A D CA = \text{map}(\text{resolvent } D A CA) (\text{filter}(\text{resolvable } A D CA) (\text{subseqs } CA))$

definition `resolve` :: 'a lclause \Rightarrow 'a lclause \Rightarrow 'a lclause list **where**

- `resolve C D =`
`concat(\text{map}(\lambda L.`
`(\text{case } L \text{ of}`
`Pos A \Rightarrow []`
`| Neg A \Rightarrow`
`if maximal_wrt A (mset D) then`
`resolve_on A (\text{remove1 } L D) C`
`else`
`[])) D)`

definition `resolve_rename` :: 'a lclause \Rightarrow 'a lclause \Rightarrow 'a lclause list **where**

- `resolve_rename C D =`
`(\text{let } \sigma s = \text{renamings_apart}[\text{mset } D, \text{mset } C] \text{ in}`
`\text{resolve}(\text{map}(\lambda L. L \cdot l \text{ last } \sigma s) C) (\text{map}(\lambda L. L \cdot l \text{ hd } \sigma s) D))`

```

definition resolve_rename_either_way :: 'a lclause  $\Rightarrow$  'a lclause  $\Rightarrow$  'a lclause list where
  resolve_rename_either_way C D = resolve_rename C D @ resolve_rename D C

fun select_min_weight_clause :: 'a dclause  $\Rightarrow$  'a dclause list  $\Rightarrow$  'a dclause where
  select_min_weight_clause Ci [] = Ci
  | select_min_weight_clause Ci (Dj # Djs) =
    select_min_weight_clause
      (if weight (apfst mset Dj) < weight (apfst mset Ci) then Dj else Ci) Djs

lemma select_min_weight_clause_in: select_min_weight_clause P0 P  $\in$  set (P0 # P)
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

function remdups_clss :: 'a dclause list  $\Rightarrow$  'a dclause list where
  remdups_clss [] = []
  | remdups_clss (Ci # Cis) =
    (let
      Ci' = select_min_weight_clause Ci Cis
      in
      Ci' # remdups_clss (filter ( $\lambda(D, _)$ . mset D  $\neq$  mset (fst Ci')) (Ci # Cis)))
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 
termination
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

declare remdups_clss.simps(2) [simp del]

fun deterministic_RP_step :: 'a dstate  $\Rightarrow$  'a dstate where
  deterministic_RP_step (N, P, Q, n) =
    (if  $\exists Ci \in$  set (P @ Q). fst Ci = [] then
      ([][], [], remdups_clss P @ Q, n + length (remdups_clss P))
    else
      (case N of
        []  $\Rightarrow$ 
        (case P of
          []  $\Rightarrow$  (N, P, Q, n)
          | P0 # P'  $\Rightarrow$ 
            let
              (C, i) = select_min_weight_clause P0 P';
              N = map ( $\lambda D.$  (D, n)) (remdups_gen mset (resolve_rename C C
                @ concat (map (resolve_rename_either_way C o fst) Q)));
              P = filter ( $\lambda(D, j)$ . mset D  $\neq$  mset C) P;
              Q = (C, i) # Q;
              n = Suc n
              in
              (N, P, Q, n))
            | (C, i) # N  $\Rightarrow$ 
              let
                C = reduce (map fst (P @ Q)) [] C
                in
                if C = [] then
                  ([][], [], [([], i)], Suc n)
                else if is_tautology C  $\vee$  subsume (map fst (P @ Q)) C then
                  (N, P, Q, n)
                else
                  let
                    P = reduce_all C P;
                    (back_to_P, Q) = reduce_all2 C Q;
                    P = back_to_P @ P;
                    Q = filter (Not o strictly_subsume [C] o fst) Q;
                    P = filter (Not o strictly_subsume [C] o fst) P;
                    P = (C, i) # P
                  in
                  (N, P, Q, n)))
    )
  )

```

```

declare deterministic_RP_step.simps [simp del]

partial-function (option) deterministic_RP :: 'a dstate  $\Rightarrow$  'a lclause list option where
  deterministic_RP St =
    (if is_final_dstate St then
      let (_, _, Q, _) = St in Some (map fst Q)
    else
      deterministic_RP (deterministic_RP_step St))

lemma is_final_dstate_imp_not_weighted_RP: is_final_dstate St  $\Rightarrow$   $\neg$  wstate_of_dstate St  $\rightsquigarrow_w$  St'
  {proof}

lemma is_final_dstate_funpow_imp_deterministic_RP_neq_None:
  is_final_dstate ((deterministic_RP_step  $\wedge^k$ ) St)  $\Rightarrow$  deterministic_RP St  $\neq$  None
  {proof}

lemma is_reducible_lit_mono_cls:
  mset C  $\subseteq\#$  mset C'  $\Rightarrow$  is_reducible_lit Ds C L  $\Rightarrow$  is_reducible_lit Ds C' L
  {proof}

lemma is_reducible_lit_mset_iff:
  mset C = mset C'  $\Rightarrow$  is_reducible_lit Ds C' L  $\longleftrightarrow$  is_reducible_lit Ds C L
  {proof}

lemma is_reducible_lit_remove1_Cons_iff:
  assumes L  $\in$  set C'
  shows is_reducible_lit Ds (C @ remove1 L (M # C')) L  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
    is_reducible_lit Ds (M # C @ remove1 L C') L
  {proof}

lemma reduce_mset_eq: mset C = mset C'  $\Rightarrow$  reduce Ds C E = reduce Ds C' E
  {proof}

lemma reduce_rotate[simp]: reduce Ds (C @ [L]) E = reduce Ds (L # C) E
  {proof}

lemma mset_reduce_subset: mset (reduce Ds C E)  $\subseteq\#$  mset E
  {proof}

lemma reduce_idem: reduce Ds C (reduce Ds C E) = reduce Ds C E
  {proof}

lemma is_reducible_lit_imp_is_reducible:
  L  $\in$  set C'  $\Rightarrow$  is_reducible_lit Ds (C @ remove1 L C') L  $\Rightarrow$  reduce Ds C C'  $\neq$  C'
  {proof}

lemma is_reducible_imp_is_reducible:
  reduce Ds C C'  $\neq$  C'  $\Rightarrow$   $\exists$  L  $\in$  set C'. is_reducible_lit Ds (C @ remove1 L C') L
  {proof}

lemma is_irreducible_iff_nexists_is_reducible_lit:
  reduce Ds C C' = C'  $\longleftrightarrow$   $\neg$  ( $\exists$  L  $\in$  set C'. is_reducible_lit Ds (C @ remove1 L C') L)
  {proof}

lemma is_irreducible_mset_iff: mset E = mset E'  $\Rightarrow$  reduce Ds C E = E  $\longleftrightarrow$  reduce Ds C E' = E'
  {proof}

lemma select_min_weight_clause_min_weight:
  assumes Ci = select_min_weight_clause P0 P
  shows weight (apfst mset Ci) = Min ((weight  $\circ$  apfst mset) ` set (P0 # P))
  {proof}

```

```

lemma remdups_clss_Nil_iff: remdups_clss Cs = []  $\longleftrightarrow$  Cs = []
  (proof)

lemma empty_N_if Nil_in_P_or_Q:
  assumes nil_in: []  $\in$  fst ` set (P @ Q)
  shows wstate_of_dstate (N, P, Q, n)  $\rightsquigarrow_w^*$  wstate_of_dstate ([] , P, Q, n)
  (proof)

lemma remove_strictly_subsumed_clauses_in_P:
  assumes
    c_in: C  $\in$  fst ` set N and
    p_nssubs:  $\forall D \in \text{fst}`\text{set } P.$   $\neg$  strictly_subsume [C] D
  shows wstate_of_dstate (N, P @ P', Q, n)
     $\rightsquigarrow_w^*$  wstate_of_dstate (N, P @ filter (Not o strictly_subsume [C] o fst) P', Q, n)
  (proof)

lemma remove_strictly_subsumed_clauses_in_Q:
  assumes c_in: C  $\in$  fst ` set N
  shows wstate_of_dstate (N, P, Q @ Q', n)
     $\rightsquigarrow_w^*$  wstate_of_dstate (N, P, Q @ filter (Not o strictly_subsume [C] o fst) Q', n)
  (proof)

lemma reduce_clause_in_P:
  assumes
    c_in: C  $\in$  fst ` set N and
    p_irred:  $\forall (E, k) \in \text{set } (P @ P').$  k > j  $\longrightarrow$  is_irreducible [C] E
  shows wstate_of_dstate (N, P @ (D @ D', j) # P', Q, n)
     $\rightsquigarrow_w^*$  wstate_of_dstate (N, P @ (D @ reduce [C] D D', j) # P', Q, n)
  (proof)

lemma reduce_clause_in_Q:
  assumes
    c_in: C  $\in$  fst ` set N and
    p_irred:  $\forall (E, k) \in \text{set } P.$  k > j  $\longrightarrow$  is_irreducible [C] E and
    d'_red: reduce [C] D D'  $\neq$  D'
  shows wstate_of_dstate (N, P, Q @ (D @ D', j) # Q', n)
     $\rightsquigarrow_w^*$  wstate_of_dstate (N, (D @ reduce [C] D D', j) # P, Q @ Q', n)
  (proof)

lemma reduce_clauses_in_P:
  assumes
    c_in: C  $\in$  fst ` set N and
    p_irred:  $\forall (E, k) \in \text{set } P.$  is_irreducible [C] E
  shows wstate_of_dstate (N, P @ P', Q, n)  $\rightsquigarrow_w^*$  wstate_of_dstate (N, P @ reduce_all C P', Q, n)
  (proof)

lemma reduce_clauses_in_Q:
  assumes
    c_in: C  $\in$  fst ` set N and
    p_irred:  $\forall (E, k) \in \text{set } P.$  is_irreducible [C] E
  shows wstate_of_dstate (N, P, Q @ Q', n)
     $\rightsquigarrow_w^*$  wstate_of_dstate (N, fst (reduce_all2 C Q') @ P, Q @ snd (reduce_all2 C Q'), n)
  (proof)

lemma eligible_iff:
  eligible S σ As DA  $\longleftrightarrow$  As = []  $\vee$  length As = 1  $\wedge$  maximal_wrt (hd As · a σ) (DA · σ)
  (proof)

lemma ord_resolve_one_side_prem:
  ord_resolve S CAs DA AAs As σ E  $\Longrightarrow$  length CAs = 1  $\wedge$  length AAs = 1  $\wedge$  length As = 1
  (proof)

lemma ord_resolve_rename_one_side_prem:

```

ord_resolve_rename S CAs DA AAs As σ E \implies *length CAs = 1* \wedge *length AAs = 1* \wedge *length As = 1*
(proof)

abbreviation *Bin_ord_resolve* :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause set **where**
 $\text{Bin_ord_resolve } C D \equiv \{E. \exists AA A \sigma. \text{ord_resolve } S [C] D [AA] [A] \sigma E\}$

abbreviation *Bin_ord_resolve_rename* :: 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause \Rightarrow 'a clause set **where**
 $\text{Bin_ord_rename } C D \equiv \{E. \exists AA A \sigma. \text{ord_resolve_rename } S [C] D [AA] [A] \sigma E\}$

lemma *resolve_on_eq_UNION_Bin_ord_resolve*:
 $mset ` set (\text{resolve_on } A D CA) =$
 $\{E. \exists AA \sigma. \text{ord_resolve } S [mset CA] (\{\#Neg A\#} + mset D) [AA] [A] \sigma E\}$
(proof)

lemma *set_resolve_eq_UNION_set_resolve_on*:
 $set (\text{resolve } C D) =$
 $(\bigcup L \in set D.$
 $(\text{case } L \text{ of}$
 $\quad Pos _ \Rightarrow \{\}$
 $\quad | Neg A \Rightarrow \text{if maximal_wrt } A (mset D) \text{ then set } (\text{resolve_on } A (\text{remove1 } L D) C) \text{ else } \{\})$
(proof)

lemma *resolve_eq_Bin_ord_resolve*: $mset ` set (\text{resolve } C D) = \text{Bin_ord_resolve } (mset C) (mset D)$
(proof)

lemma *poss_in_map_clauseD*:
 $\text{poss } AA \subseteq \# \text{map_clause } f C \implies \exists AA0. \text{poss } AA0 \subseteq \# C \wedge AA = \{\#f A. A \in \# AA0\#}$
(proof)

lemma *poss_subset_filterD*:
 $\text{poss } AA \subseteq \# \{\#L \cdot l \varrho. L \in \# mset C\#} \implies \exists AA0. \text{poss } AA0 \subseteq \# mset C \wedge AA = AA0 \cdot am \varrho$
(proof)

lemma *neg_in_map_literalD*: $\text{Neg } A \in \text{map_literal } f ` D \implies \exists A0. \text{Neg } A0 \in D \wedge A = f A0$
(proof)

lemma *neg_in_filterD*: $\text{Neg } A \in \# \{\#L \cdot l \varrho'. L \in \# mset D\#} \implies \exists A0. \text{Neg } A0 \in mset D \wedge A = A0 \cdot a \varrho'$
(proof)

lemma *resolve_rename_eq_Bin_ord_resolve_rename*:
 $mset ` set (\text{resolve_rename } C D) = \text{Bin_ord_resolve_rename } (mset C) (mset D)$
(proof)

lemma *bin_ord_FO_G_def*:
 $\text{ord_FO_}\Gamma S = \{\text{Infer } \{\#CA\#} DA E \mid CA DA AA A \sigma E. \text{ord_resolve_rename } S [CA] DA [AA] [A] \sigma E\}$
(proof)

lemma *ord_FO_G_side_prem*: $\gamma \in \text{ord_FO_}\Gamma S \implies \text{side_prems_of } \gamma = \{\#THE D. D \in \# \text{side_prems_of } \gamma\#}$
(proof)

lemma *ord_FO_G_infer_from_Collect_eq*:
 $\{\gamma \in \text{ord_FO_}\Gamma S. \text{infer_from } (DD \cup \{C\}) \gamma \wedge C \in \# \text{prems_of } \gamma\} =$
 $\{\gamma \in \text{ord_FO_}\Gamma S. \exists D \in DD \cup \{C\}. \text{prems_of } \gamma = \{\#C, D\#\}\}$
(proof)

lemma *inferences_between_eq_UNION*: $\text{inference_system.inferences_between } (\text{ord_FO_}\Gamma S) Q C =$
 $\text{inference_system.inferences_between } (\text{ord_FO_}\Gamma S) \{C\} C$
 $\cup (\bigcup D \in Q. \text{inference_system.inferences_between } (\text{ord_FO_}\Gamma S) \{D\} C)$
(proof)

lemma *concls_of_inferences_between_singleton_eq_Bin_ord_resolve_rename*:
 $\text{concls_of } (\text{inference_system.inferences_between } (\text{ord_FO_}\Gamma S) \{D\} C) =$
 $\text{Bin_ord_resolve_rename } C C \cup \text{Bin_ord_resolve_rename } C D \cup \text{Bin_ord_resolve_rename } D C$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *concls_of_inferences_between_eq_Bin_ord_resolve_rename*:
concls_of (*inference_system.inferences_between* (*ord_FO_Γ S*) *Q C*) =
Bin_ord_resolve_rename C C \cup ($\bigcup D \in Q$. *Bin_ord_resolve_rename C D* \cup *Bin_ord_resolve_rename D C*)
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *resolve_rename_either_way_eq_concls_of_inferences_between*:
mset ‘ set (*resolve_rename C C*) \cup ($\bigcup D \in Q$. *mset ‘ set* (*resolve_rename_either_way C D*)) =
concls_of (*inference_system.inferences_between* (*ord_FO_Γ S*) (*mset ‘ Q*) (*mset C*))
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *compute_inferences*:
assumes
ci_in: $(C, i) \in \text{set } P$ **and**
ci_min: $\forall (D, j) \in \# \text{mset} (\text{map} (\text{apfst mset}) P)$. *weight* (*mset C, i*) \leq *weight* (*D, j*)
shows
wstate_of_dstate (\emptyset, P, Q, n) \rightsquigarrow_w
wstate_of_dstate (*map* (λD . (D, n)) (*remdups_gen mset* (*resolve_rename C C* @
concat (*map* (*resolve_rename_either_way C* \circ *fst*) *Q*))),
filter ($\lambda (D, j)$. *mset D* \neq *mset C*) *P*, $(C, i) \# Q$, *Suc n*)
(*is _* \rightsquigarrow_w *wstate_of_dstate* (?*N*, _))
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *nonfinal_deterministic_RP_step*:
assumes
nonfinal: $\neg \text{is_final_dstate } St$ **and**
step: *St' = deterministic_RP_step St*
shows *wstate_of_dstate St* \rightsquigarrow_w^+ *wstate_of_dstate St'*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *final_deterministic_RP_step*: *is_final_dstate St* \implies *deterministic_RP_step St = St*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *deterministic_RP_SomeD*:
assumes *deterministic_RP (N, P, Q, n) = Some R*
shows $\exists N' P' Q' n'. (\exists k. (\text{deterministic_RP_step} \wedge\wedge k) (N, P, Q, n) = (N', P', Q', n'))$
 $\wedge \text{is_final_dstate} (N', P', Q', n') \wedge R = \text{map fst } Q'$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

context
fixes
N0 :: '*a* *clause list* **and**
n0 :: '*nat* **and**
R :: '*a* *lclause list*

begin

abbreviation *St0* :: '*a* *dstate* **where**
St0 \equiv (*N0, [], [], n0*)

abbreviation *grounded_N0* **where**
grounded_N0 \equiv *grounding_of_clss* (*set* (*map* (*mset o fst*) *N0*))

abbreviation *grounded_R* :: '*a* *clause set* **where**
grounded_R \equiv *grounding_of_clss* (*set* (*map mset* *R*))

primcorec *derivation_from* :: '*a* *dstate* \Rightarrow '*a* *dstate llist* **where**
derivation_from St =
LCons St (*if is_final_dstate St then LNil else derivation_from (deterministic_RP_step St)*)

abbreviation *Sts* :: '*a* *dstate llist* **where**
Sts \equiv *derivation_from St0*

```

abbreviation wSts :: 'a wstate llist where
  wSts ≡ lmap wstate_of_dstate Sts

lemma full_deriv_wSts_tranc1_weighted_RP: full_chain ( $\rightsquigarrow_w^+$ ) wSts
  ⟨proof⟩

lemmas deriv_wSts_tranc1_weighted_RP = full_chain_imp_chain[OF full_deriv_wSts_tranc1_weighted_RP]

definition sswSts :: 'a wstate llist where
  sswSts = (SOME wSts'.
    full_chain ( $\rightsquigarrow_w$ ) wSts'  $\wedge$  emb wSts wSts'  $\wedge$  lhd wSts' = lhd wSts  $\wedge$  llast wSts' = llast wSts)

lemma sswSts:
  full_chain ( $\rightsquigarrow_w$ ) sswSts  $\wedge$  emb wSts sswSts  $\wedge$  lhd sswSts = lhd wSts  $\wedge$  llast sswSts = llast wSts
  ⟨proof⟩

lemmas full_deriv_sswSts_weighted_RP = sswSts[THEN conjunct1]
lemmas emb_sswSts = sswSts[THEN conjunct2, THEN conjunct1]
lemmas lfinite_sswSts_iff = emb_lfinite[OF emb_sswSts]
lemmas lhd_sswSts = sswSts[THEN conjunct2, THEN conjunct2, THEN conjunct1]
lemmas llast_sswSts = sswSts[THEN conjunct2, THEN conjunct2, THEN conjunct2]

lemmas deriv_sswSts_weighted_RP = full_chain_imp_chain[OF full_deriv_sswSts_weighted_RP]

lemma not_lnull_sswSts:  $\neg$  lnull sswSts
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma empty_ssgP0: wrp.P_of_wstate (lhd sswSts) = {}
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma empty_ssgQ0: wrp.Q_of_wstate (lhd sswSts) = {}
  ⟨proof⟩

lemmas sswSts_thms = full_deriv_sswSts_weighted_RP empty_ssgP0 empty_ssgQ0

abbreviation S_ssgQ :: 'a clause  $\Rightarrow$  'a clause where
  S_ssgQ ≡ wrp.S_gQ sswSts

abbreviation ord_Γ :: 'a inference set where
  ord_Γ ≡ ground_resolution_with_selection.ord_Γ S_ssgQ

abbreviation Rf :: 'a clause set  $\Rightarrow$  'a clause set where
  Rf ≡ standard_redundancy_criterion.Rf

abbreviation Ri :: 'a clause set  $\Rightarrow$  'a inference set where
  Ri ≡ standard_redundancy_criterion.Ri ord_Γ

abbreviation saturated upto :: 'a clause set  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  saturated upto ≡ redundancy_criterion.saturated upto ord_Γ Rf Ri

context
  assumes drp_some: deterministic_RP St0 = Some R
  begin

lemma lfinite_Sts: lfinite Sts
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma lfinite_wSts: lfinite wSts
  ⟨proof⟩

lemmas lfinite_sswSts = lfinite_sswSts_iff[THEN iffD2, OF lfinite_wSts]

theorem

```

```

deterministic_RP_saturated: saturated_upto grounded_R (is ?saturated) and
deterministic_RP_model: I ⊨s grounded_N0 ↔ I ⊨s grounded_R (is ?model)
⟨proof⟩

```

corollary deterministic_RP_refutation:

```

¬ satisfiable grounded_N0 ↔ {#} ∈ grounded_R (is ?lhs ↔ ?rhs)
⟨proof⟩

```

end

context

```

assumes drp_none: deterministic_RP St0 = None
begin

```

theorem deterministic_RP_complete: satisfiable grounded_N0
⟨proof⟩

end

end

end

end

4 Integration of IsaFoR Terms and the Knuth–Bendix Order

This theory implements the abstract interface for atoms and substitutions using the IsaFoR library.

theory IsaFoR_Term

imports

```

Deriving.Derive
Ordered_Resolution_Prover.Abstract_Substitution
First_Order_Terms.Unification
First_Order_Terms.Subsumption
HOL_Cardinals.Wellorder_Extension
Open_Induction.Restricted_Predicates
Knuth_Bendix_Order.KBO

```

begin

hide-const (open) mgu

abbreviation subst_apply_literal ::

```

('f, 'v) term literal ⇒ ('f, 'v, 'w) gsubst ⇒ ('f, 'w) term literal (infixl `·lit` 60) where
L ·lit σ ≡ map_literal (λA. A · σ) L

```

definition subst_apply_clause ::

```

('f, 'v) term clause ⇒ ('f, 'v, 'w) gsubst ⇒ ('f, 'w) term clause (infixl `·cls` 60) where
C ·cls σ = image_mset (λL. L ·lit σ) C

```

abbreviation vars_lit :: ('f, 'v) term literal ⇒ 'v set **where**

```

vars_lit L ≡ vars_term (atm_of L)

```

definition vars_clause :: ('f, 'v) term clause ⇒ 'v set **where**

```

vars_clause C = Union (set_mset (image_mset vars_lit C))

```

definition vars_clause_list :: ('f, 'v) term clause list ⇒ 'v set **where**

```

vars_clause_list Cs = Union (vars_clause ` set Cs)

```

definition vars_partitioned :: ('f, 'v) term clause list ⇒ bool **where**

```

vars_partitioned Cs ↔

```

```

(∀i < length Cs. ∀j < length Cs. i ≠ j → (vars_clause (Cs ! i) ∩ vars_clause (Cs ! j)) = {})

```

```

lemma vars_clause_mono:  $S \subseteq \# C \implies \text{vars\_clause } S \subseteq \text{vars\_clause } C$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

interpretation substitution_ops ( $\cdot$ ) Var ( $\circ_s$ )  $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma is_ground_atm_is_ground_on_var:
  assumes is_ground_atm ( $A \cdot \sigma$ ) and  $v \in \text{vars\_term } A$ 
  shows is_ground_atm ( $\sigma v$ )
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma is_ground_lit_is_ground_on_var:
  assumes ground_lit: is_ground_lit (subst_lit L  $\sigma$ ) and  $v \in \text{vars\_lit } L$ 
  shows is_ground_atm ( $\sigma v$ )
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma is_ground_cls_is_ground_on_var:
  assumes
    ground_clause: is_ground_cls (subst_cls C  $\sigma$ ) and
     $v \in \text{vars\_clause } C$ 
  shows is_ground_atm ( $\sigma v$ )
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma is_ground_cls_list_is_ground_on_var:
  assumes ground_list: is_ground_cls_list (subst_cls_list Cs  $\sigma$ )
  and  $v \in \text{vars\_clause\_list } Cs$ 
  shows is_ground_atm ( $\sigma v$ )
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma same_on_vars_lit:
  assumes  $\forall v \in \text{vars\_lit } L. \sigma v = \tau v$ 
  shows subst_lit L  $\sigma$  = subst_lit L  $\tau$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma in_list_of_mset_in_S:
  assumes  $i < \text{length } (\text{list\_of\_mset } S)$ 
  shows list_of_mset S !  $i \in \# S$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma same_on_vars_clause:
  assumes  $\forall v \in \text{vars\_clause } S. \sigma v = \tau v$ 
  shows subst_cls S  $\sigma$  = subst_cls S  $\tau$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

interpretation substitution ( $\cdot$ ) Var ::  $\_ \Rightarrow ('f, \text{nat}) \text{ term } (\circ_s)$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma vars_partitioned_var_disjoint:
  assumes vars_partitioned Cs
  shows var_disjoint Cs
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma vars_in_instance_in_range_term:
  vars_term (subst_atm_abbrev A  $\sigma$ )  $\subseteq \text{Union } (\text{image } \text{vars\_term } (\text{range } \sigma))$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma vars_in_instance_in_range_lit: vars_lit (subst_lit L  $\sigma$ )  $\subseteq \text{Union } (\text{image } \text{vars\_term } (\text{range } \sigma))$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma vars_in_instance_in_range_cls:
  vars_clause (subst_cls C  $\sigma$ )  $\subseteq \text{Union } (\text{image } \text{vars\_term } (\text{range } \sigma))$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

primrec renamings_apart ::  $('f, \text{nat}) \text{ term clause list} \Rightarrow (('f, \text{nat}) \text{ subst}) \text{ list}$  where

```

```

renamings_apart [] = []
| renamings_apart (C # Cs) =
  (let σs = renamings_apart Cs in
    (λv. Var (v + Max (vars_clause_list (subst_cls_lists Cs σs) ∪ {0}) + 1)) # σs)

definition var_map_of_subst :: ('f, nat) subst ⇒ nat ⇒ nat where
  var_map_of_subst σ v = the_Var (σ v)

lemma len_renamings_apart: length (renamings_apart Cs) = length Cs
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma renamings_apart_is_Var: ∀ σ ∈ set (renamings_apart Cs). ∀ x. is_Var (σ x)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma renamings_apart_inj: ∀ σ ∈ set (renamings_apart Cs). inj σ
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma finite_vars_clause[simp]: finite (vars_clause x)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma finite_vars_clause_list[simp]: finite (vars_clause_list Cs)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Suc_Max_notin_set: finite X ⇒ Suc (v + Max (insert 0 X)) ∉ X
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma vars_partitioned_Nil[simp]: vars_partitioned []
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma subst_cls_lists_Nil[simp]: subst_cls_lists Cs [] = []
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma vars_clause_hd_partitioned_from_tl:
  assumes Cs ≠ []
  shows vars_clause (hd (subst_cls_lists Cs (renamings_apart Cs)))
    ∩ vars_clause_list (tl (subst_cls_lists Cs (renamings_apart Cs))) = {}
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma vars_partitioned_renamings_apart: vars_partitioned (subst_cls_lists Cs (renamings_apart Cs))
  ⟨proof⟩

interpretation substitution_renamings (·) Var :: _ ⇒ ('f, nat) term (os) renamings_apart Fun undefined
  ⟨proof⟩

fun pairs :: 'a list ⇒ ('a × 'a) list where
  pairs (x # y # xs) = (x, y) # pairs (y # xs) |
  pairs _ = []

derive compare term
derive compare literal

lemma class_linorder_compare: class.linorder (le_of_comp compare) (lt_of_comp compare)
  ⟨proof⟩

context begin
interpretation compare_linorder: linorder
  le_of_comp compare
  lt_of_comp compare
  ⟨proof⟩

definition Pairs where
  Pairs AAA = concat (compare_linorder.sorted_list_of_set
    ((pairs o compare_linorder.sorted_list_of_set) ` AAA))

```

```

lemma unifies_all_pairs_iff:
  ( $\forall p \in \text{set } (\text{pairs } xs). \text{fst } p \cdot \sigma = \text{snd } p \cdot \sigma$ )  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\forall a \in \text{set } xs. \forall b \in \text{set } xs. a \cdot \sigma = b \cdot \sigma$ )
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma in_pair_in_set:
  assumes  $(A, B) \in \text{set } ((\text{pairs } As))$ 
  shows  $A \in \text{set } As \wedge B \in \text{set } As$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma in_pairs_sorted_list_of_set_in_set:
  assumes
    finite AAA
     $\forall AA \in AAA. \text{finite } AA$ 
     $AB\_pairs \in (\text{pairs } \circ \text{compare\_linorder.sorted\_list\_of\_set})^* AAA$  and
     $(A :: \_ :: \text{compare}, B) \in \text{set } AB\_pairs$ 
  shows  $\exists AA. AA \in AAA \wedge A \in AA \wedge B \in AA$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma unifiers_Pairs:
  assumes
    finite AAA and
     $\forall AA \in AAA. \text{finite } AA$ 
  shows  $\text{unifiers } (\text{set } (\text{Pairs } AAA)) = \{\sigma. \text{is\_unifiers } \sigma AAA\}$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

end

definition mgu_sets AAA = map_option subst_of (unify (Pairs AAA) [])

lemma mgu_sets_is_imgu:
  fixes AAA :: ('a :: compare, nat) term set set and  $\sigma :: ('a, \text{nat}) \text{subst}$ 
  assumes fin: finite AAA  $\forall AA \in AAA. \text{finite } AA$  and mgu_sets AAA = Some  $\sigma$ 
  shows is_imgu  $\sigma AAA$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

interpretation mgu (·) Var :: _  $\Rightarrow$  ('f :: compare, nat) term  $(\circ_s)$  renamings_apart
  Fun undefined mgu_sets
  ⟨proof⟩

interpretation imgu (·) Var :: _  $\Rightarrow$  ('f :: compare, nat) term  $(\circ_s)$  renamings_apart
  Fun undefined mgu_sets
  ⟨proof⟩

derive linorder prod
derive linorder list

This part extends and integrates and the Knuth–Bendix order defined in IsaFoR.

record 'f weights =
  w :: 'f × nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat
  w0 :: nat
  pr_strict :: 'f × nat  $\Rightarrow$  'f × nat  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  least :: 'f  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  scf :: 'f × nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat

class weighted =
  fixes weights :: 'a weights
  assumes weights_adm:
    admissible_kbo
    (w weights) (w0 weights) (pr_strict weights) ((pr_strict weights) $=$ ) (least weights) (scf weights)
  and pr_strict_total: fi = gj  $\vee$  pr_strict weights fi gj  $\vee$  pr_strict weights gj fi
  and pr_strict_asymp: asymp (pr_strict weights)
  and scf_ok: i < n  $\implies$  scf weights (f, n) i  $\leq$  1

```

```

instantiation unit :: weighted begin

definition weights_unit :: unit weights where weights_unit =
  (w = Suc o snd, w0 = 1, pr_strict = λ(_, n) (_ , m). n > m, least = λ_. True, scf = λ_ _ . 1)

instance
  ⟨proof⟩
end

global-interpretation KBO:
admissible_kbo
  w (weights :: 'f :: weighted weights) w0 (weights :: 'f :: weighted weights)
  pr_strict weights ((pr_strict weights) ==) least weights scf weights
  defines weight = KBO.weight
  and kbo = KBO.kbo
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma kbo_code[code]: kbo s t =
  (let wt = weight t; ws = weight s in
  if vars_term_ms (KBO.SCF t) ⊆# vars_term_ms (KBO.SCF s) ∧ wt ≤ ws
  then
    (if wt < ws then (True, True)
    else
      (case s of
        Var y ⇒ (False, case t of Var x ⇒ True | Fun g ts ⇒ ts = [] ∧ least weights g)
        | Fun f ss ⇒
          (case t of
            Var x ⇒ (True, True)
            | Fun g ts ⇒
              if pr_strict weights (f, length ss) (g, length ts) then (True, True)
              else if (f, length ss) = (g, length ts) then lex_ext_unbounded kbo ss ts
              else (False, False)))
      else (False, False))
  ⟨proof⟩

definition less_kbo s t = fst (kbo t s)

lemma less_kbo_gtotal: ground s ⇒ ground t ⇒ s = t ∨ less_kbo s t ∨ less_kbo t s
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma less_kbo_subst:
  fixes σ :: ('f :: weighted, 'v) subst
  shows less_kbo s t ⇒ less_kbo (s · σ) (t · σ)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma wfP_less_kbo: wfP less_kbo
  ⟨proof⟩

instantiation term :: (weighted, type) linorder begin

definition leq_term = (SOME leq. {(s,t). less_kbo s t} ⊆ leq ∧ Well_order leq ∧ Field leq = UNIV)

lemma less_trm_extension: {(s,t). less_kbo s t} ⊆ leq_term
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma less_trm_well_order: well_order leq_term
  ⟨proof⟩

definition less_eq_term :: ('a :: weighted, 'b) term ⇒ _ ⇒ bool where
  less_eq_term = in_rel leq_term
definition less_term :: ('a :: weighted, 'b) term ⇒ _ ⇒ bool where
  less_term s t = strict (≤) s t

```

```

lemma leq_term_minus_Id: leq_term - Id = {(x,y). x < y}
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma less_term_alt: (<) = in_rel (leq_term - Id)
  ⟨proof⟩

instance
⟨proof⟩

end

instantiation term :: (weighted, type) wellorder begin
instance
⟨proof⟩
end

lemma ground_less_less_kbo: ground s ==> ground t ==> s < t ==> less_kbo s t
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma less_kbo_less: less_kbo s t ==> s < t
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma is_ground_atm_ground: is_ground_atm t <=> ground t
  ⟨proof⟩

end

```

5 An Executable Algorithm for Clause Subsumption

This theory provides an executable functional implementation of clause subsumption, building on the IsaFoR library.

```

theory Executable_Subsumption
imports
  IsaFoR_Term
  First_Order_Terms.Matching
begin

fun subsumes_list where
  subsumes_list [] Ks σ = True
| subsumes_list (L # Ls) Ks σ =
  (exists K ∈ set Ks. is_pos K = is_pos L ∧
   (case match_term_list [(atm_of L, atm_of K)] σ of
    None ⇒ False
    | Some ρ ⇒ subsumes_list Ls (remove1 K Ks) ρ))

```

```

lemma atm_of_map_literal[simp]: atm_of (map_literal f l) = f (atm_of l)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition extends_subst σ τ = (forall x ∈ dom σ. σ x = τ x)

```

```

lemma extends_subst_refl[simp]: extends_subst σ σ
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma extends_subst_trans: extends_subst σ τ ==> extends_subst τ ρ ==> extends_subst σ ρ
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma extends_subst_dom: extends_subst σ τ ==> dom σ ⊆ dom τ
  ⟨proof⟩

```

lemma *extends_subst_extends*: $\text{extends_subst } \sigma \tau \implies x \in \text{dom } \sigma \implies \tau x = \sigma x$
(proof)

lemma *extends_subst_fun_upd_new*:
 $\sigma x = \text{None} \implies \text{extends_subst } (\sigma(x \mapsto t)) \tau \longleftrightarrow \text{extends_subst } \sigma \tau \wedge \tau x = \text{Some } t$
(proof)

lemma *extends_subst_fun_upd_matching*:
 $\sigma x = \text{Some } t \implies \text{extends_subst } (\sigma(x \mapsto t)) \tau \longleftrightarrow \text{extends_subst } \sigma \tau$
(proof)

lemma *extends_subst_empty[simp]*: $\text{extends_subst } \text{Map.empty } \tau$
(proof)

lemma *extends_subst_cong_term*:
 $\text{extends_subst } \sigma \tau \implies \text{vars_term } t \subseteq \text{dom } \sigma \implies t \cdot \text{subst_of_map } \text{Var } \sigma = t \cdot \text{subst_of_map } \text{Var } \tau$
(proof)

lemma *extends_subst_cong_lit*:
 $\text{extends_subst } \sigma \tau \implies \text{vars_lit } L \subseteq \text{dom } \sigma \implies L \cdot \text{lit subst_of_map } \text{Var } \sigma = L \cdot \text{lit subst_of_map } \text{Var } \tau$
(proof)

definition *subsumes_modulo* $C D \sigma =$
 $(\exists \tau. \text{dom } \tau = \text{vars_clause } C \cup \text{dom } \sigma \wedge \text{extends_subst } \sigma \tau \wedge \text{subst_cls } C (\text{subst_of_map } \text{Var } \tau) \subseteq \# D)$

abbreviation *subsumes_list_modulo* **where**
 $\text{subsumes_list_modulo } Ls Ks \sigma \equiv \text{subsumes_modulo } (\text{mset } Ls) (\text{mset } Ks) \sigma$

lemma *vars_clause_add_mset[simp]*: $\text{vars_clause } (\text{add_mset } L C) = \text{vars_lit } L \cup \text{vars_clause } C$
(proof)

lemma *subsumes_list_modulo_Cons*: $\text{subsumes_list_modulo } (L \# Ls) Ks \sigma \longleftrightarrow$
 $(\exists K \in \text{set } Ks. \exists \tau. \text{extends_subst } \sigma \tau \wedge \text{dom } \tau = \text{vars_lit } L \cup \text{dom } \sigma \wedge L \cdot \text{lit } (\text{subst_of_map } \text{Var } \tau) = K$
 $\wedge \text{subsumes_list_modulo } Ls (\text{remove1 } K Ks) \tau)$
(proof)

lemma *decompose_Some_var_terms*: $\text{decompose } (\text{Fun } f ss) (\text{Fun } g ts) = \text{Some } eqs \implies$
 $f = g \wedge \text{length } ss = \text{length } ts \wedge eqs = \text{zip } ss ts \wedge$
 $(\bigcup_{(t, u) \in \text{set } ((\text{Fun } f ss, \text{Fun } g ts) \# P)}. \text{vars_term } t) =$
 $(\bigcup_{(t, u) \in \text{set } (eqs @ P)}. \text{vars_term } t)$
(proof)

lemma *match_term_list_sound*: $\text{match_term_list } tus \sigma = \text{Some } \tau \implies$
 $\text{extends_subst } \sigma \tau \wedge \text{dom } \tau = (\bigcup_{(t, u) \in \text{set } tus}. \text{vars_term } t) \cup \text{dom } \sigma \wedge$
 $(\forall (t, u) \in \text{set } tus. t \cdot \text{subst_of_map } \text{Var } \tau = u)$
(proof)

lemma *match_term_list_complete*: $\text{match_term_list } tus \sigma = \text{None} \implies$
 $\text{extends_subst } \sigma \tau \implies \text{dom } \tau = (\bigcup_{(t, u) \in \text{set } tus}. \text{vars_term } t) \cup \text{dom } \sigma \implies$
 $(\exists (t, u) \in \text{set } tus. t \cdot \text{subst_of_map } \text{Var } \tau \neq u)$
(proof)

lemma *unique_extends_subst*:
assumes $\text{extends_subst } \sigma \tau \text{ extends_subst } \sigma \varrho \text{ and}$
 $\text{dom: dom } \tau = \text{vars_term } t \cup \text{dom } \sigma \text{ dom } \varrho = \text{vars_term } t \cup \text{dom } \sigma \text{ and}$
 $\text{eq: } t \cdot \text{subst_of_map } \text{Var } \varrho = t \cdot \text{subst_of_map } \text{Var } \tau$
shows $\varrho = \tau$
(proof)

lemma *subsumes_list_alt*:
 $\text{subsumes_list } Ls Ks \sigma \longleftrightarrow \text{subsumes_list_modulo } Ls Ks \sigma$
(proof)

```

lemma subsumes_subsumes_list[code_unfold]:
  subsumes (mset Ls) (mset Ks) = subsumes_list Ls Ks Map.empty
  <proof>

lemma strictly_subsumes_subsumes_list[code_unfold]:
  strictly_subsumes (mset Ls) (mset Ks) =
    (subsumes_list Ls Ks Map.empty ∧ ¬ subsumes_list Ks Ls Map.empty)
  <proof>

lemma subsumes_list_filterD: subsumes_list Ls (filter P Ks) σ ==> subsumes_list Ls Ks σ
<proof>

lemma subsumes_list_filterI:
  assumes match: (∀L K σ τ. L ∈ set Ls ==>
    match_term_list [(atm_of L, atm_of K)] σ = Some τ ==> is_pos L = is_pos K ==> P K)
  shows subsumes_list Ls Ks σ ==> subsumes_list Ls (filter P Ks) σ
<proof>

lemma subsumes_list_Cons_filter_iff:
  assumes sorted_wrt: sorted_wrt leq (L # Ls) and trans: transp leq
  and match: (∀L K σ τ.
    match_term_list [(atm_of L, atm_of K)] σ = Some τ ==> is_pos L = is_pos K ==> leq L K)
  shows subsumes_list (L # Ls) (filter (leq L) Ks) σ ↔ subsumes_list (L # Ls) Ks σ
<proof>

definition leq_head :: ('f::linorder, 'v) term ⇒ ('f, 'v) term ⇒ bool where
  leq_head t u = (case (root t, root u) of
    (None, _) ⇒ True
    | (_, None) ⇒ False
    | (Some f, Some g) ⇒ f ≤ g)
definition leq_lit L K = (case (K, L) of
  (Neg _, Pos _) ⇒ True
  | (Pos _, Neg _) ⇒ False
  | _ ⇒ leq_head (atm_of L) (atm_of K))

lemma transp_leq_lit[simp]: transp leq_lit
<proof>

lemma reflp_leq_lit[simp]: reflp_on A leq_lit
<proof>

lemma total_leq_lit[simp]: totalp_on A leq_lit
<proof>

lemma leq_head_subst[simp]: leq_head t (t · σ)
<proof>

lemma leq_lit_match:
  fixes L K :: ('f :: linorder, 'v) term literal
  shows match_term_list [(atm_of L, atm_of K)] σ = Some τ ==> is_pos L = is_pos K ==> leq_lit L K
<proof>

```

5.2 Optimized Implementation of Clause Subsumption

```

fun subsumes_list_filter where
  subsumes_list_filter [] Ks σ = True
  | subsumes_list_filter (L # Ls) Ks σ =
    (let Ks = filter (leq_lit L) Ks in
      (∃K ∈ set Ks. is_pos K = is_pos L ∧
        (case match_term_list [(atm_of L, atm_of K)] σ of
          None ⇒ False
          | Some ρ ⇒ subsumes_list_filter Ls (remove1 K Ks) ρ)))

```

```

lemma sorted_wrt_subsumes_list_subsumes_list_filter:

```

```
sorted_wrt leq_lit Ls ==> subsumes_list Ls Ks σ = subsumes_list_filter Ls Ks σ
⟨proof⟩
```

5.3 Definition of Deterministic QuickSort

This is the functional description of the standard variant of deterministic QuickSort that always chooses the first list element as the pivot as given by Hoare in 1962. For a list that is already sorted, this leads to $n(n - 1)$ comparisons, but as is well known, the average case is much better.

The code below is adapted from Manuel Eberl's *Quick_Sort_Cost* AFP entry, but without invoking probability theory and using a predicate instead of a set.

```
fun quicksort :: ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool) ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'a list where
  quicksort [] = []
| quicksort R (x # xs) =
  quicksort R (filter (λy. R y x) xs) @ [x] @ quicksort R (filter (λy. ¬ R y x) xs)
```

We can easily show that this QuickSort is correct:

```
theorem mset_quicksort [simp]: mset (quicksort R xs) = mset xs
⟨proof⟩
```

```
corollary set_quicksort [simp]: set (quicksort R xs) = set xs
⟨proof⟩
```

```
theorem sorted_wrt_quicksort:
  assumes transp R and totalp_on (set xs) R and reflp_on (set xs) R
  shows sorted_wrt R (quicksort R xs)
⟨proof⟩
```

End of the material adapted from Eberl's *Quick_Sort_Cost*.

```
lemma subsumes_list_subsumes_list_filter[abs_def, code_unfold]:
  subsumes_list Ls Ks σ = subsumes_list_filter (quicksort leq_lit Ls) Ks σ
⟨proof⟩
```

end

6 An Executable Simple Ordered Resolution Prover for First-Order Clauses

This theory provides an executable functional implementation of the *deterministic_RP* prover, building on the *IsaFoR* library for the notion of terms and on the Knuth–Bendix order.

```
theory Executable_FO_Ordered_Resolution_Prover
imports
  Deterministic_FO_Ordered_Resolution_Prover
  Executable_Subsumption
  HOL-Library.Code_Target_Nat
  Show.Show_Instances
  IsaFoR_Term
begin

global-interpretation RP: deterministic_FO_resolution_prover where
  S = λ_. {#} and
  subst_atm = (·) and
  id_subst = Var :: _ ⇒ ('f :: {weighted, compare_order}, nat) term and
  comp_subst = (○s) and
  renamings_apart = renamings_apart and
  atm_of_atms = Fun undefined and
  mgu = mgu_sets and
  less_atm = less_kbo and
  size_atm = size and
  timestamp_factor = 1 and
  size_factor = 1
```

```

defines deterministic_RP = RP.deterministic_RP
and deterministic_RP_step = RP.deterministic_RP_step
and is_final_dstate = RP.is_final_dstate
and is_reducible_lit = RP.is_reducible_lit
and is_tautology = RP.is_tautology
and maximal_wrt = RP.maximal_wrt
and reduce = RP.reduce
and reduce_all = RP.reduce_all
and reduce_all2 = RP.reduce_all2
and remdups_clss = RP.remdups_clss
and resolve = RP.resolve
and resolve_on = RP.resolve_on
and resolvable = RP.resolvable
and resolvent = RP.resolvent
and resolve_rename = RP.resolve_rename
and resolve_rename_either_way = RP.resolve_rename_either_way
and select_min_weight_clause = RP.select_min_weight_clause
and strictly_maximal_wrt = RP.strictly_maximal_wrt
and strictly_subsume = RP.strictly_subsume
and subsume = RP.subsume
and weight = RP.weight
and St0 = RP.St0
and sorted_list_of_set = linorder.sorted_list_of_set (le_of_comp compare)
and sort_key = linorder.sort_key (le_of_comp compare)
and insort_key = linorder.insort_key (le_of_comp compare)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

declare
RP.deterministic_RP.simps[code]
RP.deterministic_RP_step.simps[code]
RP.is_final_dstate.simps[code]
RP.is_tautology_def[code]
RP.reduce.simps[code]
RP.reduce_all_def[code]
RP.reduce_all2.simps[code]
RP.resolve_rename_def[code]
RP.resolve_rename_either_way_def[code]
RP.select_min_weight_clause.simps[code]
RP.weight.simps[code]
St0_def[code]
substitution_ops.strictly_subsumes_def[code]
substitution_ops.subst_cls_lists_def[code]
substitution_ops.subst_lit_def[code]
substitution_ops.subst_cls_def[code]

```

```

lemma remove1_mset_subset_eq: remove1_mset a A ⊆# B ↔ A ⊆# add_mset a B
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma Bex_cong: (⋀ b. b ∈ B ⇒ P b = Q b) ⇒ Bex B P = Bex B Q
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma is_reducible_lit_code[code]: RP.is_reducible_lit Ds C L =
(∃ D ∈ set Ds. (∃ L' ∈ set D.
  if is_pos L' = is_neg L then
    (case match_term_list [(atm_of L', atm_of L)] Map.empty of
      None ⇒ False
      | Some σ ⇒ subsumes_list (remove1 L' D) C σ
      else False))
⟨proof⟩

```

```

declare
Pairs_def[folded sorted_list_of_set_def, code]
linorder.sorted_list_of_set_sort_remdups[OF class_linorder_compare,

```

```

folded sorted_list_of_set_def sort_key_def, code]
linorder.sort_key_def[OF class_linorder_compare, folded sort_key_def insort_key_def, code]
linorder.insort_key.simps[OF class_linorder_compare, folded insort_key_def, code]

```

```

export-code St0 in SML
export-code deterministic_RP in SML module-name RP

```

```

instantiation nat :: weighted begin
definition weights_nat :: nat weights where weights_nat =
  (w = Suc o prod_encode, w0 = 1, pr_strict = λ(f, n) (g, m). f > g ∨ f = g ∧ n > m, least = λn. n = 0, scf =
  λ_. 1)

```

```

instance
  ⟨proof⟩
end

```

```

definition prover :: ((nat, nat) Term.term literal list × nat) list ⇒ bool where
  prover N = (case deterministic_RP (St0 N 0) of
    None ⇒ True
    | Some R ⇒ [] ∉ set R)

```

```

theorem prover_complete_refutation: prover N ↔ satisfiable (RP.grounded_N0 N)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition string_literal_of_nat :: nat ⇒ String.literal where
  string_literal_of_nat n = String.implode (show n)

```

```

export-code prover Fun Var Pos Neg string_literal_of_nat 0::nat Suc in SML module-name RPx

```

```

abbreviation p ≡ Fun 42
abbreviation a ≡ Fun 0 []
abbreviation b ≡ Fun 1 []
abbreviation c ≡ Fun 2 []
abbreviation X ≡ Var 0
abbreviation Y ≡ Var 1
abbreviation Z ≡ Var 2

```

```

value prover
  (((Neg (p[X, Y, Z]), Pos (p[Y, Z, X])), 1),
   ([Pos (p[c, a, b])], 1),
   ([Neg (p[b, c, a])], 1))
  :: ((nat, nat) Term.term literal list × nat) list)

```

```

value prover
  (((Pos (p[X, Y])), 1), ([Neg (p[X, X])), 1])
  :: ((nat, nat) Term.term literal list × nat) list)

```

```

value prover (((Neg (p[X, Y, Z]), Pos (p[Y, Z, X])), 1))
  :: ((nat, nat) Term.term literal list × nat) list)

```

```

definition mk_MSC015_1 :: nat ⇒ ((nat, nat) Term.term literal list × nat) list where
  mk_MSC015_1 n =
    (let
      init = ([Pos (p (replicate n a))], 1);
      rules = map (λi. ([Neg (p (map Var [0 ..< n - i - 1] @ a # replicate i b)),
                        Pos (p (map Var [0 ..< n - i - 1] @ b # replicate i a))], 1)) [0 ..< n];
      goal = ([Neg (p (replicate n b))], 1)
      in init # rules @ [goal])

```

```

value prover (mk_MSC015_1 1)
value prover (mk_MSC015_1 2)
value prover (mk_MSC015_1 3)

```

```

value prover (mk_MSC015_1 4)
value prover (mk_MSC015_1 5)
value prover (mk_MSC015_1 10)

lemma
assumes
  p a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a
  ( $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6 x_7 x_8 x_9 x_{10} x_{11} x_{12} x_{13}$ .
    $\neg p x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6 x_7 x_8 x_9 x_{10} x_{11} x_{12} x_{13} a \vee$ 
    $p x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6 x_7 x_8 x_9 x_{10} x_{11} x_{12} x_{13} b$ )
  ( $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6 x_7 x_8 x_9 x_{10} x_{11} x_{12}$ .
    $\neg p x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6 x_7 x_8 x_9 x_{10} x_{11} x_{12} a b \vee$ 
    $p x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6 x_7 x_8 x_9 x_{10} x_{11} x_{12} b a$ )
  ( $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6 x_7 x_8 x_9 x_{10} x_{11}$ .
    $\neg p x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6 x_7 x_8 x_9 x_{10} x_{11} a b b \vee$ 
    $p x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6 x_7 x_8 x_9 x_{10} x_{11} b a a$ )
  ( $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6 x_7 x_8 x_9 x_{10}$ .
    $\neg p x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6 x_7 x_8 x_9 x_{10} a b b b \vee$ 
    $p x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6 x_7 x_8 x_9 b a a a a$ )
  ( $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6 x_7 x_8$ .
    $\neg p x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6 x_7 x_8 a b b b b b \vee$ 
    $p x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6 x_7 x_8 b a a a a a$ )
  ( $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6$ .
    $\neg p x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6 x_7 a b b b b b b \vee$ 
    $p x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6 b a a a a a a$ )
  ( $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4$ .
    $\neg p x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 a b b b b b b b b b \vee$ 
    $p x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 b a a a a a a a a a a$ )
  ( $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3$ .
    $\neg p x_1 x_2 x_3 a b b b b b b b b b b \vee$ 
    $p x_1 x_2 x_3 b a a a a a a a a a a a$ )
  ( $\forall x_1$ .
    $\neg p x_1 a b b b b b b b b b b b \vee$ 
    $p x_1 b a a a a a a a a a a a a$ )
  ( $\neg p a b b b b b b b b b b b b \vee$ 
    $p b a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a$ )
  ( $\neg p b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b$ 

shows False
  ⟨proof⟩

```

end