

# The Incompatibility of Fishburn-Strategyproofness and Pareto-Efficiency

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## Abstract

This formalisation contains the proof that there is no anonymous Social Choice Function for at least three agents and alternatives that satisfies both Pareto-Efficiency and Fishburn-Strategyproofness. It was derived from a proof of Brandt *et al.* [1], which relies on an unverified translation of a fixed finite instance of the original problem to SAT. This Isabelle proof contains a machine-checked version of both the statement for exactly three agents and alternatives and the lifting to the general case.

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# 1 Social Choice Functions

```
theory Social-Choice-Functions
imports
  Randomised-Social-Choice.Preference-Profile-Cmd
begin

  1.1 Weighted majority graphs

  definition supporters :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile  $\Rightarrow$  'alt  $\Rightarrow$  'alt  $\Rightarrow$  'agent set where
    supporters-auxdef: supporters R x y = {i. x  $\succeq_{[R]} i$  y}

  definition weighted-majority :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile  $\Rightarrow$  'alt  $\Rightarrow$  'alt  $\Rightarrow$  int
  where
    weighted-majority R x y = int(card(supporters R x y)) - int(card(supporters R y x))

  lemma weighted-majority-refl [simp]: weighted-majority R x x = 0
  ⟨proof⟩

  lemma weighted-majority-swap: weighted-majority R x y = -weighted-majority R y x
  ⟨proof⟩

  lemma eval-set-filter:
    Set.filter P {} = {}
    P x  $\implies$  Set.filter P (insert x A) = insert x (Set.filter P A)
     $\neg P x \implies$  Set.filter P (insert x A) = Set.filter P A
  ⟨proof⟩

  context election
begin

  lemma supporters-def:
    assumes is-pref-profile R
    shows supporters R x y = {i ∈ agents. x  $\succeq_{[R]} i$  y}
  ⟨proof⟩

  lemma supporters-nonagent1:
    assumes is-pref-profile R x ∉ alts
    shows supporters R x y = {}
  ⟨proof⟩

  lemma supporters-nonagent2:
    assumes is-pref-profile R y ∉ alts
    shows supporters R x y = {}
  ⟨proof⟩

  lemma weighted-majority-nonagent1:
    assumes is-pref-profile R x ∉ alts
```

```

shows weighted-majority R x y = 0
⟨proof⟩

lemma weighted-majority-nonagent2:
assumes is-pref-profile R y ∉ alts
shows weighted-majority R x y = 0
⟨proof⟩

lemma weighted-majority-eq-iff:
assumes is-pref-profile R1 is-pref-profile R2
shows weighted-majority R1 = weighted-majority R2  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
(∀x ∈ alts. ∀y ∈ alts. weighted-majority R1 x y = weighted-majority R2 x
y)
⟨proof⟩

end

```

## 1.2 Definition of Social Choice Functions

```

locale social-choice-function = election agents alts
for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set +
fixes scf :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile  $\Rightarrow$  'alt set
assumes scf-nonempty: is-pref-profile R  $\Rightarrow$  scf R ≠ {}
assumes scf-alts: is-pref-profile R  $\Rightarrow$  scf R ⊆ alts

```

## 1.3 Anonymity

An SCF is anonymous if permuting the agents in the input does not change the result.

```

locale anonymous-scf = social-choice-function agents alts scf
for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and scf +
assumes anonymous:  $\pi$  permutes agents  $\Rightarrow$  is-pref-profile R  $\Rightarrow$  scf (R  $\circ$   $\pi$ ) =
scf R
begin

```

```

lemma anonymous':
assumes anonymous-profile R1 = anonymous-profile R2
assumes is-pref-profile R1 is-pref-profile R2
shows scf R1 = scf R2
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma anonymity-prefs-from-table:
assumes prefs-from-table-wf agents alts xs prefs-from-table-wf agents alts ys
assumes mset (map snd xs) = mset (map snd ys)
shows scf (prefs-from-table xs) = scf (prefs-from-table ys)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

context
begin

```

```

qualified lemma anonymity-prefs-from-table-aux:
  assumes  $R1 = \text{prefs-from-table } xs \text{ prefs-from-table-wf agents alts } xs$ 
  assumes  $R2 = \text{prefs-from-table } ys \text{ prefs-from-table-wf agents alts } ys$ 
  assumes  $\text{mset}(\text{map snd } xs) = \text{mset}(\text{map snd } ys)$ 
  shows  $\text{scf } R1 = \text{scf } R2 \langle\text{proof}\rangle$ 
end

end

```

## 1.4 Neutrality

An SCF is neutral if permuting the alternatives in the input does not change the result, modulo the equivalent permutation in the output lottery.

```

locale neutral-scf = social-choice-function agents alts scf
  for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and scf +
  assumes neutral:  $\sigma \text{ permutes } \text{alts} \implies \text{is-pref-profile } R \implies$ 
     $\text{scf}(\text{permute-profile } \sigma R) = \sigma' \text{ scf } R$ 
begin

```

Alternative formulation of neutrality that shows that our definition is equivalent to that in the paper.

```

lemma neutral':
  assumes  $\sigma \text{ permutes } \text{alts}$ 
  assumes is-pref-profile  $R$ 
  assumes  $a \in \text{alts}$ 
  shows  $\sigma a \in \text{scf}(\text{permute-profile } \sigma R) \longleftrightarrow a \in \text{scf } R$ 
(proof)
end

```

```

locale an-scf =
  anonymous-scf agents alts scf + neutral-scf agents alts scf
  for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and scf
begin

lemma scf-anonymous-neutral:
  assumes perm:  $\sigma \text{ permutes } \text{alts}$  and wf: is-pref-profile  $R1$  is-pref-profile  $R2$ 
  assumes eq: anonymous-profile  $R1 =$ 
     $\text{image-mset}(\text{map } (\lambda A. \sigma' A)) (\text{anonymous-profile } R2)$ 
  shows  $\text{scf } R1 = \sigma' \text{ scf } R2$ 
(proof)

```

```

lemma scf-anonymous-neutral':
  assumes perm:  $\sigma \text{ permutes } \text{alts}$  and wf: is-pref-profile  $R1$  is-pref-profile  $R2$ 
  assumes eq: anonymous-profile  $R1 =$ 
     $\text{image-mset}(\text{map } (\lambda A. \sigma' A)) (\text{anonymous-profile } R2)$ 

```

```

shows  $\sigma x \in scf R1 \longleftrightarrow x \in scf R2$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma scf-automorphism:
  assumes perm:  $\sigma$  permutes alts and wf: is-pref-profile R
  assumes eq: image-mset (map ( $\lambda A. \sigma^A$ ) (anonymous-profile R) = anonymous-profile R
  shows  $\sigma^A scf R = scf R$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

end

lemma an-scf-automorphism-aux:
  assumes wf: prefs-from-table-wf agents alts yss R  $\equiv$  prefs-from-table yss
  assumes an: an-scf agents alts scf
  assumes eq: mset (map ((map ( $\lambda A. permutation-of-list$  xs $^A$ ))  $\circ$  snd) yss) = mset (map snd yss)
  assumes perm: set (map fst xs)  $\subseteq$  alts set (map snd xs) = set (map fst xs)
    distinct (map fst xs)
    and x:  $x \in alts$  y = permutation-of-list xs x
  shows  $x \in scf R \longleftrightarrow y \in scf R$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

## 1.5 Weighted-majoritarian SCFs

```

locale pairwise-scf = social-choice-function agents alts scf
  for agents :: 'agent set' and alts :: 'alt set' and scf +
  assumes pairwise:
    is-pref-profile R1  $\implies$  is-pref-profile R2  $\implies$  weighted-majority R1 = weighted-majority R2
    scf R1 = scf R2

```

## 1.6 Pareto efficiency

```

locale pareto-efficient-scf = social-choice-function agents alts scf
  for agents :: 'agent set' and alts :: 'alt set' and scf +
  assumes pareto-efficient:
    is-pref-profile R  $\implies$  scf R  $\cap$  pareto-losers R = {}

```

```

begin

```

```

lemma pareto-efficient':
  assumes is-pref-profile R y  $\succ [Pareto(R)]$  x
  shows  $x \notin scf R$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma pareto-efficient'':
  assumes is-pref-profile R  $i \in agents \quad \forall i \in agents. y \succeq [R i] x \neg y \preceq [R i] x$ 
  shows  $x \notin scf R$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

**end**

## 1.7 Set extensions

**type-synonym**  $'alt\ set-extension = 'alt\ relation \Rightarrow 'alt\ set\ relation$

**definition**  $Kelly :: 'alt\ set-extension$  **where**

$$A \succeq[Kelly(R)] B \longleftrightarrow (\forall a \in A. \forall b \in B. a \succeq[R] b)$$

**lemma**  $Kelly\text{-strict}\text{-iff}$ :  $A \succ[Kelly(R)] B \longleftrightarrow ((\forall a \in A. \forall b \in B. R b a) \wedge \neg (\forall a \in B. \forall b \in A. R b a))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemmas**  $Kelly\text{-eval} = Kelly\text{-def}$   $Kelly\text{-strict}\text{-iff}$

**definition**  $Fishb :: 'alt\ set-extension$  **where**

$$A \succeq[Fishb(R)] B \longleftrightarrow (\forall a \in A. \forall b \in B - A. a \succeq[R] b) \wedge (\forall a \in A - B. \forall b \in B. a \succeq[R] b)$$

**lemma**  $Fishb\text{-strict}\text{-iff}$ :

$$\begin{aligned} A \succ[Fishb(R)] B \longleftrightarrow & ((\forall a \in A. \forall b \in B - A. R b a) \wedge (\forall a \in A - B. \forall b \in B. R b a)) \wedge \\ & \neg ((\forall a \in B. \forall b \in A - B. R b a) \wedge (\forall a \in B - A. \forall b \in A. R b a)) \end{aligned}$$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemmas**  $Fishb\text{-eval} = Fishb\text{-def}$   $Fishb\text{-strict}\text{-iff}$

## 1.8 Strategyproofness

**locale**  $strategyproof\text{-scf} =$

*social-choice-function agents alts scf*

**for**  $agents :: 'agent\ set$  **and**  $alts :: 'alt\ set$  **and**  $scf +$

**fixes**  $set-ext :: 'alt\ set-extension$

**assumes**  $strategyproof$ :

$$\begin{aligned} is\text{-pref}\text{-profile } R \implies total\text{-preorder}\text{-on } alts\ R i' \implies i \in agents \implies \\ \neg scf(R(i := R i')) \succ[set-ext(R i)] scf R \end{aligned}$$

**locale**  $strategyproof\text{-anonymous}\text{-scf} =$

*anonymous-scf agents alts scf + strategyproof-scf agents alts scf set-ext*

**for**  $agents :: 'agent\ set$  **and**  $alts :: 'alt\ set$  **and**  $scf$  **and**  $set-ext$

**begin**

**lemma**  $strategyproof'$ :

**assumes**  $is\text{-pref}\text{-profile } R1$   $is\text{-pref}\text{-profile } R2$   $i \in agents$   $j \in agents$

**assumes**  $anonymous\text{-profile } R2 = anonymous\text{-profile } R1 -$

$$\{\#weak-ranking(R1 i)\} + \{\#weak-ranking(R2 j)\}$$

**shows**  $\neg scf R2 \succ[set-ext(R1 i)] scf R1$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**end**

```

context preorder-on
begin

lemma strict-not-outside:
  assumes  $x \prec [le] y$ 
  shows  $x \in \text{carrier} y \in \text{carrier}$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

end

```

## 1.9 Lifting preferences

Preference profiles can be lifted to a setting with more agents and alternatives by padding them with dummy agents and alternatives in such a way that every original agent prefers any original alternative over any dummy alternative and is indifferent between the dummy alternatives. Moreover, every dummy agent is completely indifferent.

```

definition lift-prefs :: 
  ' $\text{alt set} \Rightarrow \text{alt set} \Rightarrow \text{alt relation} \Rightarrow \text{alt relation}$ ' where
  lift-prefs  $\text{alts alts}' R = (\lambda x y .$ 
   $x \in \text{alts}' \wedge y \in \text{alts}' \wedge (x = y \vee x \notin \text{alts} \vee (y \in \text{alts} \wedge R x y)))$ 

lemma lift-prefs-wf:
  assumes total-preorder-on  $\text{alts} R \text{alts} \subseteq \text{alts}'$ 
  shows total-preorder-on  $\text{alts}' (\text{lift-prefs} \text{ alts alts}' R)$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

definition lift-pref-profile :: 
  ' $\text{agent set} \Rightarrow \text{alt set} \Rightarrow \text{agent set} \Rightarrow \text{alt set} \Rightarrow$ 
  ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile  $\Rightarrow$  ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile' where
  lift-pref-profile  $\text{agents alts agents}' \text{ alts}' R = (\lambda i x y .$ 
   $x \in \text{alts}' \wedge y \in \text{alts}' \wedge i \in \text{agents}' \wedge$ 
   $(x = y \vee x \notin \text{alts} \vee i \notin \text{agents} \vee (y \in \text{alts} \wedge R i x y)))$ 

lemma lift-pref-profile-conv-vector:
  assumes  $i \in \text{agents} i \in \text{agents}'$ 
  shows lift-pref-profile  $\text{agents alts agents}' \text{ alts}' R i = \text{lift-prefs} \text{ alts alts}' (R i)$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma lift-pref-profile-wf:
  assumes pref-profile-wf  $\text{agents alts} R$ 
  assumes  $\text{agents} \subseteq \text{agents}' \text{ alts} \subseteq \text{alts}' \text{ finite alts}'$ 
  defines  $R' \equiv \text{lift-pref-profile} \text{ agents alts agents}' \text{ alts}' R$ 
  shows pref-profile-wf  $\text{agents}' \text{ alts}' R'$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma lift-pref-profile-permute-agents:

```

```

assumes  $\pi$  permutes agents  $\text{agents} \subseteq \text{agents}'$ 
shows lift-pref-profile agents  $\text{alts}$   $\text{agents}' \text{ alts}' (R \circ \pi) =$ 
        lift-pref-profile agents  $\text{alts}$   $\text{agents}' \text{ alts}' R \circ \pi$ 
(proof)

lemma lift-pref-profile-permute-alts:
assumes  $\sigma$  permutes  $\text{alts}$   $\text{alts} \subseteq \text{alts}'$ 
shows lift-pref-profile agents  $\text{alts}$   $\text{agents}' \text{ alts}' (\text{permute-profile } \sigma R) =$ 
        permute-profile  $\sigma$  (lift-pref-profile agents  $\text{alts}$   $\text{agents}' \text{ alts}' R)$ 
(proof)

context
fixes  $\text{agents}$   $\text{alts}$   $R$   $\text{agents}' \text{ alts}' R'$ 
assumes  $R\text{-wf}$ : pref-profile-wf agents  $\text{alts}$   $R$ 
assumes election:  $\text{agents} \subseteq \text{agents}' \text{ alts} \subseteq \text{alts}' \text{ alts} \neq \{\}$   $\text{agents} \neq \{\}$  finite  $\text{alts}'$ 
defines  $R' \equiv$  lift-pref-profile agents  $\text{alts}$   $\text{agents}' \text{ alts}' R$ 
begin

interpretation  $R$ : pref-profile-wf agents  $\text{alts}$   $R$  (proof)
interpretation  $R'$ : pref-profile-wf agents'  $\text{alts}' R'$ 
(proof)

lemma lift-pref-profile-strict-iff:
 $x \prec[\text{lift-pref-profile agents alts agents}' \text{ alts}' R i] y \longleftrightarrow$ 
 $i \in \text{agents} \wedge ((y \in \text{alts} \wedge x \in \text{alts}' - \text{alts}) \vee x \prec[R i] y)$ 
(proof)

lemma preferred-alts-lift-pref-profile:
assumes  $i: i \in \text{agents}' \text{ and } x: x \in \text{alts}'$ 
shows preferred-alts ( $R' i$ )  $x =$ 
        (if  $i \in \text{agents} \wedge x \in \text{alts}$  then preferred-alts ( $R i$ )  $x$  else  $\text{alts}'$ )
(proof)

lemma lift-pref-profile-Pareto-iff:
 $x \preceq[\text{Pareto}(R')] y \longleftrightarrow x \in \text{alts}' \wedge y \in \text{alts}' \wedge (x \notin \text{alts} \vee x \preceq[\text{Pareto}(R)] y)$ 
(proof)

lemma lift-pref-profile-Pareto-strict-iff:
 $x \prec[\text{Pareto}(R')] y \longleftrightarrow x \in \text{alts}' \wedge y \in \text{alts}' \wedge (x \notin \text{alts} \wedge y \in \text{alts} \vee x \prec[\text{Pareto}(R)] y)$ 
(proof)

lemma pareto-losers-lift-pref-profile:
shows pareto-losers  $R' =$  pareto-losers  $R \cup (\text{alts}' - \text{alts})$ 
(proof)

end

```

## 1.10 Lowering SCFs

Using the preference lifting, we can now *lower* an SCF to a setting with fewer agents and alternatives under mild conditions to the original SCF. This preserves many nice properties, such as anonymity, neutrality, and strategyproofness.

```

locale scf-lowering =
  pareto-efficient-scf agents alts scf
  for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and scf +
  fixes agents' alts'
  assumes agents'-subset: agents' ⊆ agents and alts'-subset: alts' ⊆ alts
  and agents'-nonempty [simp]: agents' ≠ {} and alts'-nonempty [simp]: alts'
  ≠ {}
begin

lemma finite-agents' [simp]: finite agents'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma finite-alts' [simp]: finite alts'
  ⟨proof⟩

abbreviation lift :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile ⇒ ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile where
  lift ≡ lift-pref-profile agents' alts' agents alts

definition lowered :: ('agent, 'alt) pref-profile ⇒ 'alt set where
  lowered = scf ∘ lift

lemma lift-wf [simp, intro]:
  pref-profile-wf agents' alts' R ⇒ is-pref-profile (lift R)
  ⟨proof⟩

sublocale lowered: election agents' alts'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma preferred-alts-lift:
  lowered.is-pref-profile R ⇒ i ∈ agents ⇒ x ∈ alts ⇒
  preferred-alts (lift R i) x =
  (if i ∈ agents' ∧ x ∈ alts' then preferred-alts (R i) x else alts)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma pareto-losers-lift:
  lowered.is-pref-profile R ⇒ pareto-losers (lift R) = pareto-losers R ∪ (alts -
  alts')
  ⟨proof⟩

sublocale lowered: social-choice-function agents' alts' lowered
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

sublocale lowered: pareto-efficient-scf agents' alts' lowered
⟨proof⟩

end

locale scf-lowering-anonymous =
anonymous-scf agents alts scf +
scf-lowering agents alts scf agents' alts'
for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and scf agents' alts'
begin

sublocale lowered: anonymous-scf agents' alts' lowered
⟨proof⟩

end

locale scf-lowering-neutral =
neutral-scf agents alts scf +
scf-lowering agents alts scf agents' alts'
for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and scf agents' alts'
begin

sublocale lowered: neutral-scf agents' alts' lowered
⟨proof⟩

end

The following is a technical condition that we need from a set extensions
in order for strategyproofness to survive the lowering. The condition could
probably be weakened a bit, but it is good enough for our purposes the way
it is.

locale liftable-set-extension =
fixes alts' alts :: 'alt set and set-ext :: 'alt relation  $\Rightarrow$  'alt set relation
assumes set-ext-strong-lift:
total-preorder-on alts' R  $\Rightarrow$  A  $\neq \{\}$   $\Rightarrow$  B  $\neq \{\}$   $\Rightarrow$  A  $\subseteq$  alts'  $\Rightarrow$  B  $\subseteq$  alts'
 $\Rightarrow$ 
A  $\prec$ [set-ext R] B  $\Rightarrow$  A  $\prec$ [set-ext (lift-prefs alts' alts R)] B

lemma liftable-set-extensionI-weak:
assumes  $\bigwedge R A B$ . total-preorder-on alts' R  $\Rightarrow$  A  $\neq \{\}$   $\Rightarrow$  B  $\neq \{\}$   $\Rightarrow$ 
A  $\subseteq$  alts'  $\Rightarrow$  B  $\subseteq$  alts'  $\Rightarrow$ 
A  $\preceq$ [set-ext R] B  $\longleftrightarrow$  A  $\preceq$ [set-ext (lift-prefs alts' alts R)] B
shows liftable-set-extension alts' alts set-ext
⟨proof⟩

lemma Kelly-liftable:
assumes alts'  $\subseteq$  alts

```

```

shows  liftable-set-extension alts' alts Kelly
⟨proof⟩

lemma Fishburn-liftable:
assumes alts' ⊆ alts
shows  liftable-set-extension alts' alts Fishb
⟨proof⟩

locale scf-lowering-strategyproof =
  strategyproof-scf agents alts scf set-ext +
  liftable-set-extension alts' alts set-ext +
  scf-lowering agents alts scf agents' alts'
  for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and scf agents' alts' set-ext
begin

sublocale lowered: strategyproof-scf agents' alts' lowered
⟨proof⟩

end

end

```

## 2 Main impossibility result

```

theory Fishburn-Impossibility
imports
  Social-Choice-Functions
begin

```

### 2.1 Setting of the base case

Suppose we have an anonymous, Fishburn-strategyproof, and Pareto-efficient SCF for three agents  $A_1$  to  $A_3$  and three alternatives  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$ . We will derive a contradiction from this.

```

locale fb-impossibility-3-3 =
  strategyproof-anonymous-scf agents alts scf Fishb +
  pareto-efficient-scf agents alts scf
  for agents :: 'agent set and alts :: 'alt set and scf A1 A2 A3 a b c +
  assumes agents-eq: agents = {A1, A2, A3}
  assumes alts-eq:   alts = {a, b, c}
  assumes distinct-agents: distinct [A1, A2, A3]
  assumes distinct-alts: distinct [a, b, c]
begin

```

We first give some simple rules that will allow us to break down the strategyproofness and support conditions more easily later.

```

lemma agents-neq [simp]: A1 ≠ A2 A2 ≠ A1 A1 ≠ A3 A3 ≠ A1 A2 ≠ A3 A3
≠ A2

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *alts-neq* [*simp*]:  $a \neq b \ a \neq c \ b \neq c \ b \neq a \ c \neq a \ c \neq b$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *agent-in-agents* [*simp*]:  $A1 \in agents \ A2 \in agents \ A3 \in agents$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *alt-in-alts* [*simp*]:  $a \in alts \ b \in alts \ c \in alts$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Bex-alts*:  $(\exists x \in alts. P x) \longleftrightarrow P a \vee P b \vee P c$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *eval-pareto-loser-aux*:  
  **assumes** *is-pref-profile R*  
  **shows**  $x \in pareto-losers R \longleftrightarrow (\exists y \in \{a,b,c\}. x \prec [Pareto(R)] y)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *eval-Pareto*:  
  **assumes** *is-pref-profile R*  
  **shows**  $x \prec [Pareto(R)] y \longleftrightarrow (\forall i \in \{A1, A2, A3\}. x \preceq [R i] y) \wedge (\exists i \in \{A1, A2, A3\}. \neg x \succeq [R i] y)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemmas** *eval-pareto = eval-pareto-loser-aux eval-Pareto*  
**lemma** *pareto-efficiency*: *is-pref-profile R*  $\implies x \in pareto-losers R \implies x \notin scf R$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Ball-scf*:  
  **assumes** *is-pref-profile R*  
  **shows**  $(\forall x \in scf R. P x) \longleftrightarrow (a \notin scf R \vee P a) \wedge (b \notin scf R \vee P b) \wedge (c \notin scf R \vee P c)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Ball-scf-diff*:  
  **assumes** *is-pref-profile R1 is-pref-profile R2*  
  **shows**  $(\forall x \in scf R1 - scf R2. P x) \longleftrightarrow (a \in scf R2 \vee a \notin scf R1 \vee P a) \wedge (b \in scf R2 \vee b \notin scf R1 \vee P b) \wedge (c \in scf R2 \vee c \notin scf R1 \vee P c)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *scf-nonempty'*:  
  **assumes** *is-pref-profile R*  
  **shows**  $\exists x \in alts. x \in scf R$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

## 2.2 Definition of Preference Profiles and Fact Gathering

We now define the 21 preference profile that will lead to the impossibility result.

### preference-profile

*agents*: *agents*

*alts*: *alts*

<b>where</b> $R1 = A1: [a, c], b$	$A2: [a, c], b$	$A3: b, c, a$
<b>and</b> $R2 = A1: c, [a, b]$	$A2: b, c, a$	$A3: c, b, a$
<b>and</b> $R3 = A1: [a, c], b$	$A2: b, c, a$	$A3: c, b, a$
<b>and</b> $R4 = A1: [a, c], b$	$A2: a, b, c$	$A3: b, c, a$
<b>and</b> $R5 = A1: c, [a, b]$	$A2: a, b, c$	$A3: b, c, a$
<b>and</b> $R6 = A1: b, [a, c]$	$A2: c, [a, b]$	$A3: b, c, a$
<b>and</b> $R7 = A1: [a, c], b$	$A2: b, [a, c]$	$A3: b, c, a$
<b>and</b> $R8 = A1: [b, c], a$	$A2: a, [b, c]$	$A3: a, c, b$
<b>and</b> $R9 = A1: [b, c], a$	$A2: b, [a, c]$	$A3: a, b, c$
<b>and</b> $R10 = A1: c, [a, b]$	$A2: a, b, c$	$A3: c, b, a$
<b>and</b> $R11 = A1: [a, c], b$	$A2: a, b, c$	$A3: c, b, a$
<b>and</b> $R12 = A1: c, [a, b]$	$A2: b, a, c$	$A3: c, b, a$
<b>and</b> $R13 = A1: [a, c], b$	$A2: b, a, c$	$A3: c, b, a$
<b>and</b> $R14 = A1: a, [b, c]$	$A2: c, [a, b]$	$A3: a, c, b$
<b>and</b> $R15 = A1: [b, c], a$	$A2: a, [b, c]$	$A3: a, b, c$
<b>and</b> $R16 = A1: [a, b], c$	$A2: c, [a, b]$	$A3: a, b, c$
<b>and</b> $R17 = A1: a, [b, c]$	$A2: a, b, c$	$A3: b, c, a$
<b>and</b> $R18 = A1: [a, c], b$	$A2: b, [a, c]$	$A3: b, a, c$
<b>and</b> $R19 = A1: a, [b, c]$	$A2: c, [a, b]$	$A3: a, b, c$
<b>and</b> $R20 = A1: b, [a, c]$	$A2: a, b, c$	$A3: b, a, c$
<b>and</b> $R21 = A1: [b, c], a$	$A2: a, b, c$	$A3: b, c, a$

$\langle proof \rangle$

### lemmas $R\text{-wfs} =$

$R1.wf R2.wf R3.wf R4.wf R5.wf R6.wf R7.wf R8.wf R9.wf R10.wf R11.wf$   
 $R12.wf R13.wf R14.wf R15.wf$   
 $R16.wf R17.wf R18.wf R19.wf R20.wf R21.wf$

### lemmas $R\text{-evals} =$

$R1.eval R2.eval R3.eval R4.eval R5.eval R6.eval R7.eval R8.eval R9.eval R10.eval$   
 $R11.eval R12.eval R13.eval$   
 $R14.eval R15.eval R16.eval R17.eval R18.eval R19.eval R20.eval R21.eval$

### lemmas nonemptiness = $R\text{-wfs}$ [THEN scf-nonempty', unfolded Bex-alts]

We show the support conditions from Pareto efficiency

- lemma** [*simp*]:  $a \notin \text{scf } R1 \langle proof \rangle$
- lemma** [*simp*]:  $a \notin \text{scf } R2 \langle proof \rangle$
- lemma** [*simp*]:  $a \notin \text{scf } R3 \langle proof \rangle$
- lemma** [*simp*]:  $a \notin \text{scf } R6 \langle proof \rangle$
- lemma** [*simp*]:  $a \notin \text{scf } R7 \langle proof \rangle$
- lemma** [*simp*]:  $b \notin \text{scf } R8 \langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** [simp]:  $c \notin \text{scf } R9$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$   
**lemma** [simp]:  $a \notin \text{scf } R12$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$   
**lemma** [simp]:  $b \notin \text{scf } R14$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$   
**lemma** [simp]:  $c \notin \text{scf } R15$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$   
**lemma** [simp]:  $b \notin \text{scf } R16$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$   
**lemma** [simp]:  $c \notin \text{scf } R17$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$   
**lemma** [simp]:  $c \notin \text{scf } R18$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$   
**lemma** [simp]:  $b \notin \text{scf } R19$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$   
**lemma** [simp]:  $c \notin \text{scf } R20$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$   
**lemma** [simp]:  $c \notin \text{scf } R21$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

We derive the strategyproofness conditions:

**lemma** s41:  $\neg \text{scf } R4 \succ [\text{Fishb}(R1 A2)] \text{ scf } R1$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** s32:  $\neg \text{scf } R3 \succ [\text{Fishb}(R2 A1)] \text{ scf } R2$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** s122:  $\neg \text{scf } R12 \succ [\text{Fishb}(R2 A2)] \text{ scf } R2$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** s133:  $\neg \text{scf } R13 \succ [\text{Fishb}(R3 A2)] \text{ scf } R3$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** s102:  $\neg \text{scf } R10 \succ [\text{Fishb}(R2 A2)] \text{ scf } R2$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** s13:  $\neg \text{scf } R1 \succ [\text{Fishb}(R3 A3)] \text{ scf } R3$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** s54:  $\neg \text{scf } R5 \succ [\text{Fishb}(R4 A1)] \text{ scf } R4$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** s174:  $\neg \text{scf } R17 \succ [\text{Fishb}(R4 A1)] \text{ scf } R4$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** s74:  $\neg \text{scf } R7 \succ [\text{Fishb}(R4 A2)] \text{ scf } R4$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** s114:  $\neg \text{scf } R11 \succ [\text{Fishb}(R4 A3)] \text{ scf } R4$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** s45:  $\neg \text{scf } R4 \succ [\text{Fishb}(R5 A1)] \text{ scf } R5$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** s65:  $\neg \text{scf } R6 \succ [\text{Fishb}(R5 A2)] \text{ scf } R5$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** s105:  $\neg \text{scf } R10 \succ [\text{Fishb}(R5 A3)] \text{ scf } R5$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *s67*:  $\neg scf R6 \succ [Fishb(R7 A1)] scf R7$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *s187*:  $\neg scf R18 \succ [Fishb(R7 A3)] scf R7$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *s219*:  $\neg scf R21 \succ [Fishb(R9 A2)] scf R9$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *s1011*:  $\neg scf R10 \succ [Fishb(R11 A1)] scf R11$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *s1012*:  $\neg scf R10 \succ [Fishb(R12 A2)] scf R12$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *s1213*:  $\neg scf R12 \succ [Fishb(R13 A1)] scf R13$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *s1113*:  $\neg scf R11 \succ [Fishb(R13 A2)] scf R13$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *s1813*:  $\neg scf R18 \succ [Fishb(R13 A3)] scf R13$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *s814*:  $\neg scf R8 \succ [Fishb(R14 A2)] scf R14$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *s1914*:  $\neg scf R19 \succ [Fishb(R14 A3)] scf R14$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *s1715*:  $\neg scf R17 \succ [Fishb(R15 A1)] scf R15$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *s815*:  $\neg scf R8 \succ [Fishb(R15 A3)] scf R15$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *s516*:  $\neg scf R5 \succ [Fishb(R16 A1)] scf R16$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *s517*:  $\neg scf R5 \succ [Fishb(R17 A1)] scf R17$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *s1619*:  $\neg scf R16 \succ [Fishb(R19 A1)] scf R19$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *s1820*:  $\neg scf R18 \succ [Fishb(R20 A2)] scf R20$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma s920:  $\neg \text{scf } R9 \succ [\text{Fishb}(R20 A3)] \text{ scf } R20$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma s521:  $\neg \text{scf } R5 \succ [\text{Fishb}(R21 A1)] \text{ scf } R21$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma s421:  $\neg \text{scf } R4 \succ [\text{Fishb}(R21 A1)] \text{ scf } R21$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 
```

```
lemmas sp = s41 s32 s122 s102 s133 s13 s54 s174 s54 s74 s114 s45 s65 s105 s67
  s187 s219 s1011 s1012 s1213 s1113 s1813 s814 s1914 s1715 s815 s516
  s517 s1619 s1820 s920 s521 s421
```

We now use the simplifier to break down the strategyproofness conditions into SAT formulae. This takes a few seconds, so we use some low-level ML code to at least do the simplification in parallel.

$\langle \text{ML} \rangle$

We show that the strategyproofness conditions, the non-emptiness conditions (i.e. every SCF must return at least one winner), and the efficiency conditions are not satisfiable together, which means that the SCF whose existence we assumed simply cannot exist.

```
theorem absurd: False
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 
```

end

### 2.3 Lifting to more than 3 agents and alternatives

We now employ the standard lifting argument outlined before to lift this impossibility from 3 agents and alternatives to any setting with at least 3 agents and alternatives.

```
locale fb-impossibility =
  strategyproof-anonymous-scf agents alts scf Fishb +
  pareto-efficient-scf agents alts scf
  for agents :: 'agent set' and alts :: 'alt set' and scf +
  assumes card-agents-ge: card agents  $\geq 3$ 
    and card-alts-ge: card alts  $\geq 3$ 
begin
```

```
lemma finite-list':
  assumes finite A
  obtains xs where A = set xs distinct xs length xs = card A
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 
```

```

lemma finite-list-subset:
  assumes finite A card A ≥ n
  obtains xs where set xs ⊆ A distinct xs length xs = n
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma card-ge-3E:
  assumes finite A card A ≥ 3
  obtains a b c where distinct [a,b,c] {a,b,c} ⊆ A
  ⟨proof⟩

theorem absurd: False
  ⟨proof⟩

end

end

```

## References

- [1] F. Brandt, C. Saile, and C. Stricker. Voting with ties: Strong impossibilities via SAT solving. In *Proceedings of the 17th International Conference on Autonomous Agents and Multiagent Systems (AAMAS)*. IFAAMAS, 2018. Forthcoming.