

# Basic First-Order Model Theory – A Translation from HOL Light

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March 17, 2025

## Abstract

This AFP entry presents a proof of compactness of first-order logic, the Löwenheim-Skolem theorem and the Uniformity lemma. It is a translation of a HOL Light formalization work by John Harrison [1]. Whenever possible, existing Isabelle/HOL theories have been used instead of direct translation.

## Contents

```
theory FOL-Syntax
imports
  Main
  Propositional-Proof-Systems.Compactness
  First-Order-Terms.Term
  First-Order-Terms.Subterm-and-Context
begin

no-notation Not ( $\neg$ )
no-notation And (infix  $\wedge$  68)
no-notation Or (infix  $\vee$  68)

lemma count-terms:
  OFCLASS(( $f::countable$ ,  $v::countable$ ) term, countable-class)
  {proof}

instance term :: (countable, countable) countable
  {proof}
```

```

type-synonym nterm = <(nat, nat) term>

lemma count-nterms: OFCLASS(nterm, countable-class)
  ⟨proof⟩

instance formula :: (countable) countable
  ⟨proof⟩

term test (0, [Var 0])

abbreviation functions-term :: <nterm ⇒ (nat × nat) set> where
  <functions-term t ≡ funas-term t>

datatype form =
  Bot (<⊥>)
  | Atom (pred:nat) (args:<nterm list>)
  | Implies form form (infixl ⟶ 85)
  | Forall nat form (forall x. [0, 70] 70)

fun functions-form :: <form ⇒ (nat × nat) set> where
  <functions-form ⊥ = {}>
  | <functions-form (Atom p ts) = (U t ∈ set ts. functions-term t)>
  | <functions-form (φ → ψ) = functions-form φ ∪ functions-form ψ>
  | <functions-form (forall x. φ) = functions-form φ>

fun predicates-form :: <form ⇒ (nat × nat) set> where
  <predicates-form ⊥ = {}>
  | <predicates-form (Atom p ts) = {(p, length ts)}>
  | <predicates-form (φ → ψ) = predicates-form φ ∪ predicates-form ψ>
  | <predicates-form (forall x. φ) = predicates-form φ>

definition functions-forms :: <form set ⇒ (nat × nat) set> where
  <functions-forms fms ≡ U f ∈ fms. functions-form f>

definition predicates :: <form set ⇒ (nat × nat) set> where
  <predicates fms ≡ U f ∈ fms. predicates-form f>

definition language :: <form set ⇒ ((nat × nat) set × (nat × nat) set)> where
  <language fms = (functions-forms fms, predicates fms)>

lemma lang-singleton: <language {p} = (functions-form p, predicates-form p)>
  ⟨proof⟩

abbreviation Not :: <form ⇒ form> (¬ → [90] 90) where
  <¬ φ ≡ φ → ⊥⟩

abbreviation Top :: <form> (⊤) where
  <⊤ ≡ ¬ ⊥⟩

```

**abbreviation** *Or* ::  $\langle \text{form} \Rightarrow \text{form} \Rightarrow \text{form} \rangle$   
**(infixl**  $\langle \vee \rangle$  84) **where**  
 $\langle \varphi \vee \psi \equiv (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow \psi \rangle$

**abbreviation** *And* ::  $\langle \text{form} \Rightarrow \text{form} \Rightarrow \text{form} \rangle$   
**(infixl**  $\langle \wedge \rangle$  84) **where**  
 $\langle \varphi \wedge \psi \equiv \neg (\neg \varphi \vee \neg \psi) \rangle$

**abbreviation** *Equiv* ::  $\langle \text{form} \Rightarrow \text{form} \Rightarrow \text{form} \rangle$   
**(infix**  $\langle \longleftrightarrow \rangle$  70) **where**  
 $\langle \varphi \longleftrightarrow \psi \equiv (\varphi \rightarrow \psi \wedge \psi \rightarrow \varphi) \rangle$

**abbreviation** *Exists* ::  $\langle \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{form} \Rightarrow \text{form} \rangle$   
 $\langle \exists \_. \rightarrow [0, 70] \ 70 \rangle$  **where**  
 $\langle \exists x. \varphi \equiv \neg (\forall x. \neg \varphi) \rangle$

**lemma** *ex-all-distinct*:  $\langle \forall x. \varphi \neq \exists y. \psi \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**abbreviation** *FVT* ::  $\langle \text{nterm} \Rightarrow \text{nat set} \rangle$  **where**  
 $\langle FVT \equiv \text{vars-term} \rangle$

**fun** *FV* ::  $\langle \text{form} \Rightarrow \text{nat set} \rangle$  **where**  
 $\langle FV \perp = \{\} \rangle$   
 $| \langle FV (\text{Atom} - ts) = (\bigcup a \in \text{set } ts. FVT a) \rangle$   
 $| \langle FV (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) = FV \varphi \cup FV \psi \rangle$   
 $| \langle FV (\forall x. \varphi) = FV \varphi - \{x\} \rangle$

**lemma** *FV-all-subs*:  $\langle FV \varphi \subseteq FV (\forall x. \varphi) \cup \{x\} \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *FV-exists*:  $\langle FV (\exists x. \varphi) = FV \varphi - \{x\} \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *finite-FV*:  $\langle \text{finite } (FV \varphi) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**fun** *BV* ::  $\langle \text{form} \Rightarrow \text{nat set} \rangle$  **where**  
 $\langle BV \perp = \{\} \rangle$   
 $| \langle BV (\text{Atom} - args') = \{\} \rangle$   
 $| \langle BV (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) = BV \varphi \cup BV \psi \rangle$   
 $| \langle BV (\forall x. \varphi) = BV \varphi \cup \{x\} \rangle$

**lemma** *finite-BV*:  $\langle \text{finite } (BV \varphi) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

```

definition variant :: <nat set ⇒ nat> where
  ⟨variant s = Max s + 1⟩

lemma variant-finite: <finite s ⇒ ¬(variant s ∈ s)>
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma variant-form: <¬ variant (FV φ) ∈ FV φ>
  ⟨proof⟩

fun formsubst :: <form ⇒ (nat, nat) subst ⇒ form> (infixl ⟨·fm⟩ 75) where
  ⟨⊥ ·fm - = ⊥⟩
  | ⟨(Atom p ts) ·fm σ = Atom p [t · σ. t ← ts]⟩
  | ⟨(φ → ψ) ·fm σ = (φ ·fm σ) → (ψ ·fm σ)⟩
  | ⟨(∀ x. φ) ·fm σ =
    (let σ' = σ(x := Var x);
     z = if ∃ y. y ∈ FV (forall x. φ) ∧ x ∈ FVT (σ' y)
          then variant (FV (φ ·fm σ')) else x in
     ∀ z. (φ ·fm σ(x := Var z)))⟩

fun formsubst2 :: <form ⇒ (nat, nat) subst ⇒ form> (infixl ⟨·fm2⟩ 75) where
  ⟨⊥ ·fm2 - = ⊥⟩
  | ⟨(Atom p ts) ·fm2 σ = Atom p [t · σ. t ← ts]⟩
  | ⟨(φ → ψ) ·fm2 σ = (φ ·fm2 σ) → (ψ ·fm2 σ)⟩
  | ⟨(∀ x. φ) ·fm2 σ = (let σ' = σ(x := Var x) in
    (if ∃ y. y ∈ FV (forall x. φ) ∧ x ∈ FVT (σ' y)
     then (let z = variant (FV (φ ·fm2 σ'))) in
       ∀ z. (φ ·fm2 σ(x := Var z)))
     else ∀ x. (φ ·fm2 σ')))⟩

lemma formsubst-def-switch: <φ ·fm σ = φ ·fm2 σ>
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma termsubst-valuation: <∀ x ∈ FVT t. σ x = σ' x ⇒ t · σ = t · σ'>
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma termsetsubst-valuation: <∀ y ∈ T. ∀ x ∈ FVT y. σ x = σ' x ⇒ t ∈ T ⇒
  t · σ = t · σ'⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma formsubst-valuation: <∀ x ∈ (FV φ). (Var x) · σ = (Var x) · σ' ⇒ φ ·fm
  σ = φ ·fm σ'⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma <{x. ∃ y. y ∈ (s ∪ t) ∧ P x y} = {x. ∃ y. y ∈ s ∧ P x y} ∪ {x. ∃ y. y ∈ t
  ∧ P x y}>
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma formsubst-structure-bot: <φ ·fm σ = ⊥ ↔ φ = ⊥⟩

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *formsubst-structure-pred*:  $\langle (\exists p \ ts. \varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma = Atom \ p \ ts) \longleftrightarrow (\exists p \ ts. \varphi = Atom \ p \ ts) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *formsubst-structure-imp*:  $\langle (\exists \varphi_1 \varphi_2. \varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma = \varphi_1 \rightarrow \varphi_2) \longleftrightarrow (\exists \psi_1 \psi_2. \varphi = \psi_1 \rightarrow \psi_2) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *formsubst-structure-all*:  $\langle (\exists x \psi. \varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma = (\forall x. \psi)) \longleftrightarrow (\exists x \psi. \varphi = (\forall x. \psi)) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *formsubst-structure-not*:  $\langle (\exists \psi. \varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma = Not \ \psi) \longleftrightarrow (\exists \psi. \varphi = Not \ \psi) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *formsubst-structure-not-all-imp*:  
 $\langle (\exists x \psi. \varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma = (\forall x. \psi) \rightarrow \perp) \longleftrightarrow (\exists x \psi. \varphi = (\forall x. \psi) \rightarrow \perp) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *formsubst-structure-all-not*:  
 $\langle (\exists x \psi. \varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma = (\forall x. \psi \rightarrow \perp)) \longleftrightarrow (\exists x \psi. \varphi = (\forall x. \psi \rightarrow \perp)) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *formsubst-structure-ex*:  $\langle (\exists x \psi. \varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma = (\exists x. \psi)) \longleftrightarrow (\exists x \psi. \varphi = (\exists x. \psi)) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *formsubst-structure*:  $\langle (\varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma = \perp \longleftrightarrow \varphi = \perp) \wedge$   
 $((\exists p \ ts. \varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma = Atom \ p \ ts) \longleftrightarrow (\exists p \ ts. \varphi = Atom \ p \ ts)) \wedge$   
 $((\exists \varphi_1 \varphi_2. \varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma = \varphi_1 \rightarrow \varphi_2) \longleftrightarrow (\exists \psi_1 \psi_2. \varphi = \psi_1 \rightarrow \psi_2)) \wedge$   
 $((\exists x \psi. \varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma = (\forall x. \psi)) \longleftrightarrow (\exists x \psi. \varphi = (\forall x. \psi))) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *formsubst-fv*:  $\langle FV(\varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma) = \{x. \exists y. y \in (FV \varphi) \wedge x \in FVT((Var \ y) \cdot \sigma)\} \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *subst-var [simp]*:  $\langle \varphi \cdot_{fm} Var = \varphi \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *formsubst-rename*:  $\langle FV(\varphi \cdot_{fm} (subst \ x \ (Var \ y))) - \{y\} = FV \varphi - \{x\} - \{y\} \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *termsubst-functions-term*:  
 $\langle functions\text{-term } (t \cdot \sigma) = functions\text{-term } t \cup \{x. \exists y. y \in FVT \ t \wedge x \in functions\text{-term } ((Var \ y) \cdot \sigma)\} \rangle$

```

⟨proof⟩

lemma formsubst-functions-form:
  ⟨functions-form ( $\varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma$ ) = functions-form  $\varphi \cup \{x. \exists y. y \in FV \varphi \wedge x \in$ 
  functions-term  $((Var y) \cdot \sigma)\}$ ⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma formsubst-predicates: ⟨predicates-form ( $\varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma$ ) = predicates-form  $\varphi$ ⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma formsubst-language-rename: ⟨language  $\{\varphi \cdot_{fm} subst x (Var y)\} = language$ 
   $\{\varphi\}$ ⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

end

theory FOL-Semantics
  imports FOL-Syntax
begin

locale struct =
  fixes
     $M :: ('m set)$  and
     $FN :: (nat \Rightarrow 'm list \Rightarrow 'm)$  and
     $REL :: (nat \Rightarrow 'm list set)$ 
  assumes
     $M\text{-nonempty}: M \neq \{\}$ 

typedef  $'m intrp =$ 
  ⟨{  $(M :: 'm set, FN :: nat \Rightarrow 'm list \Rightarrow 'm, REL :: nat \Rightarrow 'm list set)$ . struct  $M$ }⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

declare Abs-intrp-inverse [simp] Rep-intrp-inverse [simp]

setup-lifting type-definition-intrp

lift-definition dom :: ⟨ $'m intrp \Rightarrow 'm set$ ⟩ is fst ⟨proof⟩
lift-definition intrp-fn :: ⟨ $'m intrp \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow 'm list \Rightarrow 'm)$ ⟩ is ⟨fst  $\circ$  snd⟩ ⟨proof⟩
lift-definition intrp-rel :: ⟨ $'m intrp \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow 'm list set)$ ⟩ is ⟨snd  $\circ$  snd⟩ ⟨proof⟩

lemma intrp-is-struct [iff]: ⟨struct (dom  $\mathcal{M}$ )⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma dom-Abs-is-fst [simp]: ⟨struct  $M \implies dom (Abs\text{-}intrp (M, FN, REL)) =$ 
   $M$ ⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma intrp-fn-Abs-is-fst-snd [simp]: ⟨struct  $M \implies intrp\text{-}fn (Abs\text{-}intrp (M, FN,$ 

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```

 $REL)) = FN \rangle$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma intrp-rel-Abs-is-snd-snd [simp]:
 $\langle struct M \implies intrp-rel (Abs-intrp (M, FN, REL)) = REL \rangle$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

definition is-valuation ::  $\langle 'm \text{ intrp} \Rightarrow (\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'm) \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$  where
 $\langle is-valuation \mathcal{M} \beta \longleftrightarrow (\forall v. \beta v \in \text{dom } \mathcal{M}) \rangle$ 

lemma valuation-valmod:  $\langle [is-valuation \mathcal{M} \beta; a \in \text{dom } \mathcal{M}] \implies is-valuation \mathcal{M} (\beta(x := a)) \rangle$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

fun eval
 $:: \langle nterm \Rightarrow 'm \text{ intrp} \Rightarrow (\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'm) \Rightarrow 'm \rangle$ 
 $(\langle \llbracket - \rrbracket \rangle, [50, 0, 0] 70) \text{ where}$ 
 $\langle \llbracket \text{Var } v \rrbracket \rangle^\beta = \beta v \rangle$ 
 $| \langle \llbracket \text{Fun } f \text{ ts} \rrbracket \rangle^{\mathcal{M}, \beta} = intrp-fn \mathcal{M} f [\llbracket t \rrbracket]^{\mathcal{M}, \beta}. t \leftarrow ts \rangle$ 

definition list-all ::  $\langle ('a \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$  where
 $[simp]: \langle list-all P ls \longleftrightarrow (\text{fold } (\lambda l b. b \wedge P l) ls \text{ True}) \rangle$ 

lemma term-subst-eval:  $\langle intrp-fn M = Fun \implies t \cdot v = eval t M v \rangle$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma term-eval-triv [simp]:  $\langle intrp-fn M = Fun \implies eval t M \text{ Var} = t \rangle$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma fold-bool-prop:  $\langle (\text{fold } (\lambda l b. b \wedge P l) ls b) = (b \wedge (\forall l \in \text{set } ls. P l)) \rangle$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma list-all-set:  $\langle list-all P ls = (\forall l \in \text{set } ls. P l) \rangle$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

hide-const lang

definition is-interpretation where
 $\langle is-interpretation lang \mathcal{M} \longleftrightarrow ((\forall f l. (f, \text{length}(l)) \in \text{fst lang} \wedge \text{set } l \subseteq \text{dom } \mathcal{M}) \longrightarrow intrp-fn \mathcal{M} f l \in \text{dom } \mathcal{M}) \rangle$ 

lemma interpretation-sublanguage:  $\langle \text{fun}s2 \subseteq \text{fun}s1 \implies is-interpretation (\text{fun}s1, \text{pred}1) \mathcal{M} \implies is-interpretation (\text{fun}s2, \text{pred}2) \mathcal{M} \rangle$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

**lemma** *interpretation-eval*:

**assumes**  $\mathcal{M}$ : *is-interpretation* (*functions-term*  $t, \text{any}$ )  $\mathcal{M}$  **and**  $\text{val}$ : *is-valuation*  $\mathcal{M}, \beta$   
**shows**  $\llbracket t \rrbracket^{\mathcal{M}, \beta} \in \text{dom } \mathcal{M}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**fun** *holds*  
 $:: \langle 'm \text{ intrp} \Rightarrow (\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'm) \Rightarrow \text{form} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle \langle \cdot, \cdot \models \rightarrow [30, 30, 80] 80 \rangle \text{ where}$   
 $\langle \mathcal{M}, \beta \models \perp \longleftrightarrow \text{False} \rangle$   
 $| \langle \mathcal{M}, \beta \models \text{Atom } p \text{ ts} \longleftrightarrow \llbracket t \rrbracket^{\mathcal{M}, \beta}. t \leftarrow \text{ts} \in \text{intrp-rel } \mathcal{M} p \rangle$   
 $| \langle \mathcal{M}, \beta \models \varphi \longrightarrow \psi \longleftrightarrow ((\mathcal{M}, \beta \models \varphi) \longrightarrow (\mathcal{M}, \beta \models \psi)) \rangle$   
 $| \langle \mathcal{M}, \beta \models (\forall x. \varphi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall a \in \text{dom } \mathcal{M}. \mathcal{M}, \beta(x := a) \models \varphi) \rangle$

**lemma** *holds-exists*:  $\langle \mathcal{M}, \beta \models (\exists x. \varphi) \longleftrightarrow (\exists a \in \text{dom } \mathcal{M}. \mathcal{M}, \beta(x := a) \models \varphi) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *holds-indep-β-if*:

$\langle \forall v \in FV \varphi. \beta_1 v = \beta_2 v \implies \mathcal{M}, \beta_1 \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{M}, \beta_2 \models \varphi \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *holds-indep-intrp-if*:

**fixes**  
 $\varphi :: \text{form}$  **and**  
 $\mathcal{M}, \mathcal{M}' :: \langle 'm \text{ intrp} \rangle$   
**assumes**  
 $\text{dom-eq}: \langle \text{dom } \mathcal{M} = \text{dom } \mathcal{M}' \rangle \text{ and}$   
 $\text{rel-eq}: \langle \forall p. \text{intrp-rel } \mathcal{M} p = \text{intrp-rel } \mathcal{M}' p \rangle \text{ and}$   
 $\text{fn-eq}: \langle \forall f \text{ ts}. (f, \text{length ts}) \in \text{functions-form } \varphi \longrightarrow \text{intrp-fn } \mathcal{M} f \text{ ts} = \text{intrp-fn } \mathcal{M}' f \text{ ts} \rangle$   
**shows**  
 $\langle \forall \beta. \mathcal{M}, \beta \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{M}', \beta \models \varphi \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

the above in a more idiomatic form (it is a congruence rule)

**corollary** *holds-cong*:

**assumes**  
 $\langle \text{dom } \mathcal{M} = \text{dom } \mathcal{M}' \rangle$   
 $\langle \bigwedge p. \text{intrp-rel } \mathcal{M} p = \text{intrp-rel } \mathcal{M}' p \rangle$   
 $\langle \bigwedge f \text{ ts}. (f, \text{length ts}) \in \text{functions-form } \varphi \implies \text{intrp-fn } \mathcal{M} f \text{ ts} = \text{intrp-fn } \mathcal{M}' f \text{ ts} \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle \mathcal{M}, \beta \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{M}', \beta \models \varphi \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**abbreviation** (*input*)  $\langle \text{termsubst } \mathcal{M} \beta \sigma v \equiv \llbracket \sigma v \rrbracket^{\mathcal{M}, \beta} \rangle$

```

lemma subst-lemma-terms: ⟨ $\llbracket t \cdot \sigma \rrbracket^{\mathcal{M}, \beta} = \llbracket t \rrbracket^{\mathcal{M}, \text{termsubst } \mathcal{M} \beta \sigma}$ ,  

  ⟨proof⟩⟩

lemma eval-indep-β-if:  

assumes ⟨ $\forall v \in FVT. t. \beta v = \beta' v$ ⟩  

shows ⟨ $\llbracket t \rrbracket^{\mathcal{M}, \beta} = \llbracket t \rrbracket^{\mathcal{M}, \beta'}$ ,  

  ⟨proof⟩⟩

lemma concat-map: ⟨ $[f t. t \leftarrow [g t. t \leftarrow ts]] = [f (g t). t \leftarrow ts]$ ⟩ ⟨proof⟩

lemma swap-subst-eval: ⟨ $\mathcal{M}, \beta \models (\varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma) \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{M}, (\lambda v. \text{termsubst } \mathcal{M} \beta \sigma v) \models \varphi$ ⟩  

  ⟨proof⟩

definition satisfies :: ⟨ $'m \text{ intrp} \Rightarrow \text{form set} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ ⟩ where  

  ⟨ $\text{satisfies } \mathcal{M} S \equiv (\forall \beta \varphi. \text{is-evaluation } \mathcal{M} \beta \longrightarrow \varphi \in S \longrightarrow \mathcal{M}, \beta \models \varphi)$ ⟩

lemma satisfies-iff-satisfies-sing: ⟨ $\text{satisfies } M S \longleftrightarrow (\forall \varphi \in S. \text{satisfies } M \{\varphi\})$ ⟩  

  ⟨proof⟩

end

theory Ground-FOL-Compactness
imports
  FOL-Semantics
begin

fun qfree :: ⟨ $\text{form} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ ⟩ where
  ⟨ $\text{qfree } \perp = \text{True}$ ⟩
  | ⟨ $\text{qfree } (\text{Atom } p \ ts) = \text{True}$ ⟩
  | ⟨ $\text{qfree } (\varphi \longrightarrow \psi) = (\text{qfree } \varphi \wedge \text{qfree } \psi)$ ⟩
  | ⟨ $\text{qfree } (\forall x. \varphi) = \text{False}$ ⟩

lemma qfree-iff-BV-empty:  $\text{qfree } \varphi \longleftrightarrow \text{BV } \varphi = \{\}$   

  ⟨proof⟩

lemma qfree-no-quantif: ⟨ $\text{qfree } r \implies \neg(\exists x. p. r = \forall x. p) \wedge \neg(\exists x. p. r = \exists x. p)$ ⟩  

  ⟨proof⟩

lemma qfree-formsubst: ⟨ $\text{qfree } \varphi \equiv \text{qfree } (\varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma)$ ⟩  

  ⟨proof⟩

fun form-to-formula ::  $\text{form} \Rightarrow (\text{nat} \times \text{nterm list}) \text{ formula}$  where

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⟨form-to-formula  $\perp = \perp$ ⟩
| ⟨form-to-formula  $(Atom\ p\ ts) = formula.Atom\ (p,ts)$ ⟩
| ⟨form-to-formula  $(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) = Imp\ (form-to-formula\ \varphi)\ (form-to-formula\ \psi)$ ⟩
| ⟨form-to-formula  $(\forall x. \varphi) = \perp$ ⟩

fun pholds :: ⟨ $(form \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow form \Rightarrow bool$ ⟩ ( $\langle \cdot \models_p \cdot \rangle [30, 80] 80$ ) where
  ⟨ $I \models_p \perp \longleftrightarrow False$ ⟩
  | ⟨ $I \models_p Atom\ p\ ts \longleftrightarrow I\ (Atom\ p\ ts)$ ⟩
  | ⟨ $I \models_p \varphi \rightarrow \psi \longleftrightarrow ((I \models_p \varphi) \rightarrow (I \models_p \psi))$ ⟩
  | ⟨ $I \models_p (\forall x. \varphi) \longleftrightarrow I\ (\forall x. \varphi)$ ⟩

definition psatisfiable ::  $form\ set \Rightarrow bool$  where
  ⟨ $psatisfiable\ S \equiv \exists I. \forall \varphi \in S. I \models_p \varphi$ ⟩

abbreviation psatisfies where ⟨ $psatisfies\ I\ \Phi \equiv \forall \varphi \in \Phi. pholds\ I\ \varphi$ ⟩

definition val-to-prop-val ::  $(form \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ((nat \times nterm\ list) \Rightarrow bool)$  where
  ⟨ $val-to-prop-val\ I = (\lambda x. I\ (Atom\ (fst\ x)\ (snd\ x)))$ ⟩

lemma pholds-Not: ⟨ $I \models_p Not\ \varphi \longleftrightarrow \neg(I \models_p \varphi)$ ⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma pentails-equiv: ⟨ $qfree\ \varphi \implies (I \models_p \varphi \equiv (val-to-prop-val\ I) \models (form-to-formula\ \varphi))$ ⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma pentails-equiv-set:
  assumes all-qfree: ⟨ $\forall \varphi \in S. qfree\ \varphi$ ⟩
  shows ⟨ $psatisfiable\ S \equiv sat\ (form-to-formula\ ` S)$ ⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

definition finsat ::  $form\ set \Rightarrow bool$  where
  ⟨ $finsat\ S \equiv \forall T \subseteq S. finite\ T \longrightarrow psatisfiable\ T$ ⟩

lemma finsat-fin-sat-eq:
  assumes all-qfree: ⟨ $\forall \varphi \in S. qfree\ \varphi$ ⟩
  shows ⟨ $finsat\ S \longleftrightarrow fin-sat\ (form-to-formula\ ` S)$ ⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma psatisfiable-mono: ⟨ $psatisfiable\ S \implies T \subseteq S \implies psatisfiable\ T$ ⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma finsat-mono: ⟨ $finsat\ S \implies T \subseteq S \implies finsat\ T$ ⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma finsat-satisfiable: ⟨ $psatisfiable\ S \implies finsat\ S$ ⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma prop-compactness: ⟨ $(\forall \varphi \in S. qfree\ \varphi) \implies finsat\ S = psatisfiable\ S$ ⟩

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

as above, more in the style of HOL Light

**lemma** *compact-prop*:

**assumes**  $\langle \bigwedge B. \llbracket \text{finite } B; B \subseteq A \rrbracket \implies \exists I. \text{psatisfies } I B \rangle$  **and**  $\langle \bigwedge \varphi. \varphi \in A \implies \text{qfree } \varphi \rangle$

**shows**  $\langle \exists I. \text{psatisfies } I A \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

Three results required for the FOL uniformity theorem

**lemma** *compact-prop-alt*:

**assumes**  $\langle \bigwedge I. \exists \varphi \in A. I \models_p \varphi \rangle$   $\langle \bigwedge \varphi. \varphi \in A \implies \text{qfree } \varphi \rangle$

**obtains**  $B$  **where**  $\langle \text{finite } B \rangle$   $\langle B \subseteq A \rangle$   $\langle \bigwedge I. \exists \varphi \in B. I \models_p \varphi \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *finite-disj-lemma*:

**assumes**  $\langle \text{finite } A \rangle$

**shows**  $\langle \exists \Phi. \text{set } \Phi \subseteq A \wedge (\forall I. I \models_p \text{foldr } (\vee) \Phi \perp \iff (\exists \varphi \in A. I \models_p \varphi)) \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *compact-disj*:

**assumes**  $\langle \bigwedge I. \exists \varphi \in A. I \models_p \varphi \rangle$   $\langle \bigwedge \varphi. \varphi \in A \implies \text{qfree } \varphi \rangle$

**obtains**  $\Phi$  **where**  $\langle \text{set } \Phi \subseteq A \rangle$   $\langle \bigwedge I. I \models_p \text{foldr } (\vee) \Phi \perp \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**end**

**theory** *Prenex-Normal-Form*  
**imports**

*Ground-FOL-Compactness*

**begin**

**inductive** *is-prenex* :: *form*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool* **where**

$\langle \text{qfree } \varphi \implies \text{is-prenex } \varphi \rangle$

$| \langle \text{is-prenex } \varphi \implies \text{is-prenex } (\forall x. \varphi) \rangle$

$| \langle \text{is-prenex } \varphi \implies \text{is-prenex } (\exists x. \varphi) \rangle$

**inductive-simps** *is-prenex-simps* [*simp*]:

*is-prenex Bot*

*is-prenex (Atom p ts)*

*is-prenex ( $\varphi \implies \psi$ )*

*is-prenex ( $\forall x. \varphi$ )*

**lemma** *prenex-formsubst1*:  $\langle \text{is-prenex } \varphi \implies \text{is-prenex } (\varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-formsubst2*:  $\langle \text{is-prenex } (\varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma) \implies \text{is-prenex } \varphi \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-formsubst*:  $\langle is\text{-}prenex } (\varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma) \equiv is\text{-prenex } \varphi \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-imp*:  $\langle is\text{-prenex } (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \Rightarrow qfree } (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \vee (\psi = \perp \wedge (\exists x. \varphi'. is\text{-prenex } \varphi' \wedge \varphi = (\forall x. \varphi' \rightarrow \perp))) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**inductive** *universal* :: *form*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool* **where**  
 $\langle qfree } \varphi \Rightarrow universal } \varphi \rangle$   
 $| \langle universal } \varphi \Rightarrow universal } (\forall x. \varphi) \rangle$

**inductive-simps** *universal-simps* [*simp*]:  
*universal Bot*  
*universal (Atom p ts)*  
*universal ( $\varphi \rightarrow \psi$ )*  
*universal ( $\forall x. \varphi$ )*

**fun** *size* :: *form*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat* **where**  
 $\langle size } \perp = 1 \rangle$   
 $| \langle size } (\text{Atom } p \text{ ts}) = 1 \rangle$   
 $| \langle size } (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) = size } \varphi + size } \psi \rangle$   
 $| \langle size } (\forall x. \varphi) = 1 + size } \varphi \rangle$

**lemma** *wf-size*:  $\langle wfP } (\lambda \varphi \psi. size } \varphi < size } \psi) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *size-indep-subst*:  $\langle size } (\varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma) = size } \varphi \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-distinct*:  $\langle (\forall x. \varphi) \neq (\exists y. \psi) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *uniq-all-x*: *Uniq*  $(\lambda x. \exists p. r = \forall x. p)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *uniq-all-p*:  $\langle Uniq } ((\lambda p. r = \forall (THE x. \exists p. r = \forall x. p). p)) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *uniq-ex-x*: *Uniq*  $(\lambda x. \exists p. r = \exists x. p)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *uniq-ex-p*:  $\langle Uniq } ((\lambda p. r = \exists (THE x. \exists p. r = \exists x. p). p)) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition** *ppat* ::  $(nat \Rightarrow form \Rightarrow form) \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow form \Rightarrow form) \Rightarrow (form \Rightarrow form) \Rightarrow form \Rightarrow form$  **where**

$\langle ppat A B C r = (\text{if } (\exists x. p. r = \forall x. p) \text{ then}$   
 $A (\text{THE } x. \exists p. r = \forall x. p) (\text{THE } p. r = \forall (\text{THE } x. \exists p. r = \forall x. p). p)$   
 $\text{else } (\text{if } \exists x. p. r = \exists x. p \text{ then}$   
 $B (\text{THE } x. \exists p. r = \exists x. p) (\text{THE } p. r = \exists (\text{THE } x. \exists p. r = \exists x. p). p)$   
 $\text{else } C r)) \rangle$

**lemma** *ppat-simpA*:  $\langle \forall x. p. ppat A B C (\forall x. p) = A x p \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *ppat-simpB*:  $\langle \forall x. p. ppat A B C (\exists x. p) = B x p \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *ppat-last*:  $\langle (\forall r. \neg(\exists x. p. r = \forall x. p) \wedge \neg(\exists x. p. r = \exists x. p)) \implies ppat A B C r = C r \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *ppat-last-qfree*:  $\langle qfree r \implies ppat A B C r = C r \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *ppat-to-ex-qfree*:  
 $\langle (\exists f. (\forall x. p. q. f p (\forall x. q) = ((A :: form \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow form \Rightarrow form) p) x q) \wedge$   
 $(\forall x. p. q. f p (\exists x. q) = (B p) x q) \wedge$   
 $(\forall p. q. qfree q \longrightarrow f p q = (C p) q)) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *size-rec*:  
 $\langle \forall f g x. (\forall (z::form). size z < size x \longrightarrow (f z = g z)) \longrightarrow (H f x = H g x) \implies$   
 $(\exists f. \forall x. f x = H f x) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**abbreviation** *prenex-right-forall* ::  $(form \Rightarrow form \Rightarrow form) \Rightarrow form \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow form \Rightarrow form$  **where**  
 $\langle \text{prenex-right-forall} \equiv$   
 $(\lambda p \varphi x \psi. (\text{let } y = \text{variant}(FV \varphi \cup FV (\forall x. \psi)) \text{ in } (\forall y. p \varphi (\psi \cdot_{fm} (\text{subst } x (Var y)))))) \rangle$

**abbreviation** *prenex-right-exists* ::  $(form \Rightarrow form \Rightarrow form) \Rightarrow form \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow form \Rightarrow form$  **where**  
 $\langle \text{prenex-right-exists} \equiv$   
 $(\lambda p \varphi x \psi. (\text{let } y = \text{variant}(FV \varphi \cup FV (\exists x. \psi)) \text{ in } (\exists y. p \varphi (\psi \cdot_{fm} (\text{subst } x (Var y)))))) \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-right-ex*:  
 $\langle \exists \text{prenex-right}. (\forall \varphi x \psi. \text{prenex-right } \varphi (\forall x. \psi) = \text{prenex-right-forall } \text{prenex-right } \varphi x \psi)$   
 $\wedge (\forall \varphi x \psi. \text{prenex-right } \varphi (\exists x. \psi) = \text{prenex-right-exists } \text{prenex-right } \varphi x \psi) \rangle$

$\wedge (\forall \varphi \psi. qfree \psi \rightarrow prenex-right \varphi \psi = (\varphi \rightarrow \psi)) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**consts** *prenex-right* :: *form*  $\Rightarrow$  *form*  $\Rightarrow$  *form*

**specification** (*prenex-right*)  $\langle$

$(\forall \varphi x \psi. prenex-right \varphi (\forall x. \psi) = prenex-right-forall prenex-right \varphi x \psi) \wedge$   
 $(\forall \varphi x \psi. prenex-right \varphi (\exists x. \psi) = prenex-right-exists prenex-right \varphi x \psi) \wedge$   
 $(\forall \varphi \psi. qfree \psi \rightarrow prenex-right \varphi \psi = (\varphi \rightarrow \psi)) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-right-qfree-case*:  $\langle qfree \psi \Rightarrow prenex-right \varphi \psi = (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-right-all-case*:  $\langle prenex-right \varphi (\forall x. \psi) = prenex-right-forall prenex-right \varphi x \psi \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-right-exist-case*:  $\langle prenex-right \varphi (\exists x. \psi) = prenex-right-exists prenex-right \varphi x \psi \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-right-exists-shape-case*:

$\langle \exists x \sigma. prenex-right \varphi (\exists x. \psi) = \exists x \sigma. prenex-right \varphi (\psi \cdot_{fm} \sigma) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**abbreviation** *prenex-left-forall* ::  $(form \Rightarrow form \Rightarrow form) \Rightarrow form \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow form$   
 $\Rightarrow form$  **where**

$\langle prenex-left-forall \equiv$

$(\lambda p \varphi x \psi. (let y = variant(FV (\forall x. \varphi) \cup FV \psi) in (\exists y. p (\varphi \cdot_{fm} (subst x (Var y)))) \psi))) \rangle$

**abbreviation** *prenex-left-exists* ::  $(form \Rightarrow form \Rightarrow form) \Rightarrow form \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow form$   
 $\Rightarrow form$  **where**

$\langle prenex-left-exists \equiv$

$(\lambda p \varphi x \psi. (let y = variant(FV (\exists x. \varphi) \cup FV \psi) in (\forall y. p (\varphi \cdot_{fm} (subst x (Var y)))) \psi))) \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-left-ex*:

$\langle \exists prenex-left. (\forall \varphi x \psi. prenex-left (\forall x. \varphi) \psi = prenex-left-forall prenex-left \varphi x \psi)$   
 $\wedge (\forall \varphi x \psi. prenex-left (\exists x. \varphi) \psi = prenex-left-exists prenex-left \varphi x \psi)$   
 $\wedge (\forall \varphi \psi. qfree \varphi \rightarrow prenex-left \varphi \psi = prenex-right \varphi \psi) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition** *prenex-left* **where**  $\langle prenex-left = (SOME prenex-left.$

$(\forall \varphi x \psi. prenex-left (\forall x. \varphi) \psi = prenex-left-forall prenex-left \varphi x \psi) \wedge$   
 $(\forall \varphi x \psi. prenex-left (\exists x. \varphi) \psi = prenex-left-exists prenex-left \varphi x \psi) \wedge$

$(\forall \varphi \psi. \text{qfree } \varphi \longrightarrow \text{prenex-left } \varphi \psi = \text{prenex-right } \varphi \psi))$

**lemma** *prenex-left-forall-case*:  $\langle \text{prenex-left } (\forall x. \varphi) \psi = \text{prenex-left-forall } \text{prenex-left } \varphi x \psi \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-left-qfree-case*:  $\langle \text{qfree } \varphi \implies \text{prenex-left } \varphi \psi = \text{prenex-right } \varphi \psi \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-left-exists-case*:  $\langle \text{prenex-left } (\exists x. \varphi) \psi = \text{prenex-left-exists } \text{prenex-left } \varphi x \psi \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-left-exists-shape-case*:  
 $\langle \exists x2 \sigma. \text{prenex-left } (\exists x. \varphi) \psi = \forall x2. \text{prenex-left } (\varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma) \psi \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**fun** *prenex* **where**  
 $\langle \text{prenex } \perp = \perp \rangle$   
 $| \langle \text{prenex } (\text{Atom } p ts) = \text{Atom } p ts \rangle$   
 $| \langle \text{prenex } (\varphi \longrightarrow \psi) = \text{prenex-left } (\text{prenex } \varphi) (\text{prenex } \psi) \rangle$   
 $| \langle \text{prenex } (\forall x. \varphi) = \forall x. (\text{prenex } \varphi) \rangle$

**lemma** *holds-indep-forall*:  
**assumes** *y-notin*:  $\langle y \notin FV (\forall x. \varphi) \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle (I, \beta \models (\forall x. \varphi) \longleftrightarrow I, \beta \models (\forall y. \varphi \cdot_{fm} (\text{subst } x (\text{Var } y)))) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *forall-imp-commute*:  
**assumes** *y-notin*:  $\langle y \notin FV \varphi \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle ((I :: 'a \text{ intrp}), \beta \models (\varphi \longrightarrow (\forall y. \psi)) \longleftrightarrow I, \beta \models (\forall y. \varphi \longrightarrow \psi)) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *forall-imp-exists*:  
**assumes** *y-notin*:  $\langle y \notin FV \psi \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle ((I :: 'a \text{ intrp}), \beta \models ((\forall y. \varphi) \longrightarrow \psi) \longleftrightarrow I, \beta \models (\exists y. (\varphi \longrightarrow \psi))) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *exists-imp-forall*:  
**assumes** *y-notin*:  $\langle y \notin FV \psi \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle (I, \beta \models ((\exists y. \varphi) \longrightarrow \psi) \longleftrightarrow I, \beta \models (\forall y. (\varphi \longrightarrow \psi))) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *exists-imp-commute*:  
**assumes** *y-notin*:  $\langle y \notin FV \varphi \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle ((I :: 'a \text{ intrp}), \beta \models (\varphi \longrightarrow (\exists y. \psi)) \longleftrightarrow I, \beta \models (\exists y. \varphi \longrightarrow \psi)) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** holds-indep-exists:

$\langle y \notin FV(\exists x. \varphi) \implies (I, \beta \models (\exists x. \varphi)) \longleftrightarrow I, \beta \models (\exists y. \varphi \cdot_{fm} (subst x (Var y))) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** prenex-right-forall-is:

**assumes**  $\langle \text{dom } I \neq \{\} \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle ((I, \beta \models \varphi \longrightarrow (\forall x. \psi)) \longleftrightarrow (I, \beta \models (\exists (\text{variant } (FV \varphi \cup FV (\forall x. \psi)))))) \rangle$   
 $(\varphi \longrightarrow (\psi \cdot_{fm} (subst x (Var (\text{variant } (FV \varphi \cup FV (\forall x. \psi))))))) \rangle$   
**is**  $?lhs = ?rhs$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** prenex-right-exists-is:

**assumes**  $\langle \text{dom } I \neq \{\} \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle ((I, \beta \models \varphi \longrightarrow (\exists x. \psi)) \longleftrightarrow (I, \beta \models (\exists (\text{variant } (FV \varphi \cup FV (\exists x. \psi)))))) \rangle$   
 $(\varphi \longrightarrow (\psi \cdot_{fm} (subst x (Var (\text{variant } (FV \varphi \cup FV (\exists x. \psi))))))) \rangle$   
**is**  $?lhs = ?rhs$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** prenex-left-forall-is:

**assumes**  $\langle \text{dom } I \neq \{\} \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle (I, \beta \models ((\forall x. \varphi) \longrightarrow \psi)) \equiv (I, \beta \models (\exists (\text{variant } (FV (\forall x. \varphi) \cup FV \psi)))) \rangle$   
 $((\varphi \cdot_{fm} (subst x (Var (\text{variant } (FV (\forall x. \varphi) \cup FV \psi)))) \longrightarrow \psi)) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** prenex-left-exists-is:

**assumes**  $\langle \text{dom } I \neq \{\} \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle (I, \beta \models ((\exists x. \varphi) \longrightarrow \psi)) \equiv (I, \beta \models (\forall (\text{variant } (FV (\exists x. \varphi) \cup FV \psi)))) \rangle$   
 $((\varphi \cdot_{fm} (subst x (Var (\text{variant } (FV (\exists x. \varphi) \cup FV \psi)))) \longrightarrow \psi)) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** prenex-right-forall-FV:  $\langle FV(\varphi \longrightarrow (\forall x. \psi)) =$

$FV(\forall (\text{variant } (FV \varphi \cup FV (\forall x. \psi))). (\varphi \longrightarrow (\psi \cdot_{fm} (subst x (Var (\text{variant } (FV \varphi \cup FV (\forall x. \psi))))))) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** prenex-right-exists-FV:  $\langle FV(\varphi \longrightarrow (\exists x. \psi)) =$

$FV(\forall (\text{variant } (FV \varphi \cup FV (\exists x. \psi))). (\varphi \longrightarrow (\psi \cdot_{fm} (subst x (Var (\text{variant } (FV \varphi \cup FV (\exists x. \psi))))))) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** prenex-left-forall-FV:  $\langle FV((\forall x. \varphi) \longrightarrow \psi) =$

$FV (\exists (variant (FV (\forall x. \varphi) \cup FV \psi)). ((\varphi \cdot_{fm} (subst x (Var (variant (FV (\forall x. \varphi) \cup FV \psi)))))) \rightarrow \psi)) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-left-exists-FV*:  $\langle FV ((\exists x. \varphi) \rightarrow \psi) =$   
 $FV (\forall (variant (FV (\exists x. \varphi) \cup FV \psi)). ((\varphi \cdot_{fm} (subst x (Var (variant (FV (\exists x. \varphi) \cup FV \psi)))))) \rightarrow \psi)) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-right-forall-language*:  $\langle language \{\varphi \rightarrow (\forall x. \psi)\} =$   
 $language \{\forall (variant (FV \varphi \cup FV (\forall x. \psi))). (\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \cdot_{fm} (subst x (Var (variant (FV \varphi \cup FV (\forall x. \psi)))))))\} \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-right-exists-language*:  $\langle language \{\varphi \rightarrow (\exists x. \psi)\} =$   
 $language \{\exists (variant (FV \varphi \cup FV (\exists x. \psi))). (\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \cdot_{fm} (subst x (Var (variant (FV \varphi \cup FV (\exists x. \psi)))))))\} \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-left-forall-language*:  $\langle language \{(\forall x. \varphi) \rightarrow \psi\} =$   
 $language \{\exists (variant (FV (\forall x. \varphi) \cup FV \psi)). ((\varphi \cdot_{fm} (subst x (Var (variant (FV (\forall x. \varphi) \cup FV \psi)))))) \rightarrow \psi\}\} \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-left-exists-language*:  $\langle language \{(\exists x. \varphi) \rightarrow \psi\} =$   
 $language \{\forall (variant (FV (\exists x. \varphi) \cup FV \psi)). ((\varphi \cdot_{fm} (subst x (Var (variant (FV (\exists x. \varphi) \cup FV \psi)))))) \rightarrow \psi\}\} \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-props-forall*:  $\langle P \wedge FV \varphi = FV \psi \wedge language \{\varphi\} = language \{\psi\}$   
 $\wedge$   
 $(\forall (I :: 'a intrp) \beta. dom I \neq \{\} \rightarrow (I, \beta \models \varphi \leftrightarrow I, \beta \models \psi)) \Rightarrow$   
 $P \wedge FV (\forall x. \varphi) = FV (\forall x. \psi) \wedge language \{(\forall x. \varphi)\} = language \{(\forall x. \psi)\} \wedge$   
 $(\forall (I :: 'a intrp) \beta. dom I \neq \{\} \rightarrow (I, \beta \models (\forall x. \varphi) \leftrightarrow I, \beta \models (\forall x. \psi))) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-props-exists*:  $\langle P \wedge FV \varphi = FV \psi \wedge language \{\varphi\} = language \{\psi\}$   
 $\wedge$   
 $(\forall (I :: 'a intrp) \beta. dom I \neq \{\} \rightarrow (I, \beta \models \varphi \leftrightarrow I, \beta \models \psi)) \Rightarrow$   
 $P \wedge FV (\exists x. \varphi) = FV (\exists x. \psi) \wedge language \{(\exists x. \varphi)\} = language \{(\exists x. \psi)\} \wedge$   
 $(\forall (I :: 'a intrp) \beta. dom I \neq \{\} \rightarrow (I, \beta \models (\exists x. \varphi) \leftrightarrow I, \beta \models (\exists x. \psi))) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-right-props-imp0*:  
**assumes**  $\langle qfree \varphi \rangle$

**shows**  $\langle \text{is-prenex } \psi \implies \text{is-prenex} (\text{prenex-right } \varphi \psi) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-right-props-imp*:

**assumes**  $\langle \text{qfree } \varphi \rangle$

**shows**  $\langle \text{is-prenex } \psi \implies$

$\text{is-prenex} (\text{prenex-right } \varphi \psi) \wedge$   
 $FV (\text{prenex-right } \varphi \psi) = FV (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \wedge$

$\text{language} \{ \text{prenex-right } \varphi \psi \} = \text{language} \{ (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \} \wedge$

$(\forall (I :: 'a \text{ intrp}) \beta. \text{ dom } I \neq \{\} \longrightarrow ((I, \beta \models (\text{prenex-right } \varphi \psi)) \longleftrightarrow (I, \beta$

$\models (\varphi \rightarrow \psi)))) \rangle$

**(is**  $\langle \text{is-prenex } \psi \implies ?P \psi \rangle$ )

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-right-props*:

$\langle \text{qfree } \varphi \wedge \text{is-prenex } \psi \implies$

$\text{is-prenex} (\text{prenex-right } \varphi \psi) \wedge$

$FV (\text{prenex-right } \varphi \psi) = FV (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \wedge$

$\text{language} \{ \text{prenex-right } \varphi \psi \} = \text{language} \{ (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \} \wedge$

$(\forall (I :: 'a \text{ intrp}) \beta. \text{ dom } I \neq \{\} \longrightarrow ((I, \beta \models (\text{prenex-right } \varphi \psi)) \longleftrightarrow (I, \beta \models (\varphi$

$\rightarrow \psi)))) \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-left-props-imp0*:

**assumes**  $\langle \text{is-prenex } \psi \rangle$

**shows**  $\langle \text{is-prenex } \varphi \implies \text{is-prenex} (\text{prenex-left } \varphi \psi) \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-left-props-imp*:

**assumes**  $\langle \text{is-prenex } \psi \rangle$

**shows**  $\langle \text{is-prenex } \varphi \implies$

$\text{is-prenex} (\text{prenex-left } \varphi \psi) \wedge$

$FV (\text{prenex-left } \varphi \psi) = FV (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \wedge$

$(\text{language} \{ (\text{prenex-left } \varphi \psi) \} = \text{language} \{ (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \}) \wedge$

$(\forall (I :: 'a \text{ intrp}) \beta. \text{ dom } I \neq \{\} \longrightarrow (I, \beta \models \text{prenex-left } \varphi \psi \longleftrightarrow I, \beta \models \varphi$

$\rightarrow \psi))) \rangle$

**(is**  $\langle \text{is-prenex } \varphi \implies ?P \varphi \rangle$ )

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-left-props*:

$\langle \text{is-prenex } \varphi \wedge \text{is-prenex } \psi \implies$

$\text{is-prenex} (\text{prenex-left } \varphi \psi) \wedge$

$FV (\text{prenex-left } \varphi \psi) = FV (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \wedge$

$(\text{language} \{ (\text{prenex-left } \varphi \psi) \} = \text{language} \{ (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \}) \wedge$

$(\forall (I :: 'a \text{ intrp}) \beta. \text{ dom } I \neq \{\} \longrightarrow (I, \beta \models \text{prenex-left } \varphi \psi \longleftrightarrow I, \beta \models \varphi$

$\rightarrow \psi))) \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**theorem** *prenex-props*:  $\langle \text{is-prenex} (\text{prenex } \varphi) \wedge (\text{FV} (\text{prenex } \varphi) = \text{FV } \varphi) \wedge (\text{language} \{\text{prenex } \varphi\} = \text{language} \{\varphi\}) \wedge (\forall (I :: 'a \text{ intrp}) \beta. \text{dom } I \neq \{\} \rightarrow (I, \beta \models (\text{prenex } \varphi)) \longleftrightarrow (I, \beta \models \varphi)) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**corollary** *is-prenex-prenex [simp]*:  $\langle \text{is-prenex} (\text{prenex } \varphi) \rangle$   
**and** *FV-prenex [simp]*:  $\langle \text{FV} (\text{prenex } \varphi) = \text{FV } \varphi \rangle$   
**and** *language-prenex [simp]*:  $\langle \text{language} \{\text{prenex } \varphi\} = \text{language} \{\varphi\} \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**corollary** *prenex-holds [simp]*:  $\langle \text{dom } I \neq \{\} \Rightarrow (I, \beta \models (\text{prenex } \varphi)) \longleftrightarrow (I, \beta \models \varphi) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *prenex-satisfies [simp]*:  
**assumes**  $\text{dom } M \neq \{\}$   
**shows**  $\text{satisfies } M \{\text{prenex } \varphi\} \longleftrightarrow \text{satisfies } M \{\varphi\}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**end**

**theory** *Bumping*  
**imports**  
*FOL-Semantics*  
*HOL-Library.Nat-Bijection*  
**begin**

**abbreviation** *numpair where*  
 $\langle \text{numpair } m \ n \equiv \text{prod-encode } (m, n) \rangle$

**abbreviation** *numfst where*  
 $\langle \text{numfst } k \equiv \text{fst } (\text{prod-decode } k) \rangle$

**abbreviation** *numsnd where*  
 $\langle \text{numsnd } k \equiv \text{snd } (\text{prod-decode } k) \rangle$

**definition** *bump-intrp :: 'm intrp  $\Rightarrow$  'm intrp where*  
 $\langle \text{bump-intrp } \mathcal{M} = \text{Abs-intrp } ((\text{dom } \mathcal{M}), (\lambda k \text{ zs}. (\text{intrp-fn } \mathcal{M}) (\text{numsnd } k) \text{ zs}), (\text{intrp-rel } \mathcal{M})) \rangle$

**lemma** *bump-dom [simp]*:  $\langle \text{dom } (\text{bump-intrp } \mathcal{M}) = \text{dom } \mathcal{M} \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *bump-intrp-fn [simp]*:  $\langle \text{intrp-fn } (\text{bump-intrp } \mathcal{M}) (\text{numpair } 0 f) \text{ ts} = \text{intrp-fn } \mathcal{M} f \text{ ts} \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *bump-intrp-rel* [simp]:  $\langle \text{intrp-rel} (\text{bump-intrp } \mathcal{M}) n = \text{intrp-rel } \mathcal{M} n \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

```
fun bump-nterm :: nterm ⇒ nterm where
  ⟨bump-nterm (Var x) = Var x⟩
  | ⟨bump-nterm (Fun f ts) = Fun (numpair 0 f) (map bump-nterm ts)⟩
```

```
fun bump-form :: form ⇒ form where
  ⟨bump-form ⊥ = ⊥⟩
  | ⟨bump-form (Atom p ts) = Atom p (map bump-nterm ts)⟩
  | ⟨bump-form (φ → ψ) = (bump-form φ) → (bump-form ψ)⟩
  | ⟨bump-form (forall x. φ) = ∀ x. (bump-form φ)⟩
```

**lemma** *bump-term*:  $\langle \llbracket t \rrbracket^{\mathcal{M}, \beta} = \llbracket \text{bump-nterm } t \rrbracket^{\text{bump-intrp } \mathcal{M}, \beta} \rangle$ ,  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *bump-intrp-rel-holds*:  $\langle (\text{map } (\lambda t. \llbracket t \rrbracket^{\mathcal{M}, \beta}) ts \in \text{intrp-rel } \mathcal{M} n) =$   
 $(\text{map } ((\lambda t. \llbracket t \rrbracket^{\text{bump-intrp } \mathcal{M}, \beta}) \circ \text{bump-nterm}) ts \in \text{intrp-rel } (\text{bump-intrp } \mathcal{M}) n) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *bumpform*:  $\langle \mathcal{M}, \beta \models \varphi = (\text{bump-intrp } \mathcal{M}), \beta \models (\text{bump-form } \varphi) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *functions-form-bumpform*:  $\langle (f, m) \in \text{functions-form } (\text{bump-form } \varphi) \implies$   
 $\exists k. (f = \text{numpair } 0 k) \wedge (k, m) \in \text{functions-form } \varphi \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *bumpform-interpretation*:  $\langle \text{is-interpretation } (\text{language } \{\varphi\}) \mathcal{M} \implies$   
 $\text{is-interpretation } (\text{language } \{(\text{bump-form } \varphi)\}) (\text{bump-intrp } \mathcal{M}) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

```
fun unbump-nterm :: nterm ⇒ nterm where
  ⟨unbump-nterm (Var x) = Var x⟩
  | ⟨unbump-nterm (Fun f ts) = Fun (numsnd f) (map unbump-nterm ts)⟩
```

```
fun unbump-form :: form ⇒ form where
  ⟨unbump-form ⊥ = ⊥⟩
  | ⟨unbump-form (Atom p ts) = Atom p (map unbump-nterm ts)⟩
  | ⟨unbump-form (φ → ψ) = (unbump-form φ) → (unbump-form ψ)⟩
  | ⟨unbump-form (forall x. φ) = ∀ x. (unbump-form φ)⟩
```

**lemma** *unbump-term* [simp]:  $\text{unbump-nterm } (\text{bump-nterm } t) = t$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *unbumpform* [simp]:  $\langle \text{unbump-form} (\text{bump-form } \varphi) = \varphi \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition** *unbump-intrp* ::  $'m \text{ intrp} \Rightarrow 'm \text{ intrp}$  **where**  
 $\langle \text{unbump-intrp } \mathcal{M} = \text{Abs-intrp} (\text{dom } \mathcal{M}, (\lambda k \text{ zs. } (\text{intrp-fn } \mathcal{M}) (\text{numpair } 0 \ k) \text{ zs}), (\text{intrp-rel } \mathcal{M})) \rangle$

**lemma** *unbump-term-intrp*:  $\langle [\![\text{bump-nterm } t]\!]^{\mathcal{M}, \beta} = \llbracket t \rrbracket^{\text{unbump-intrp } \mathcal{M}, \beta} \rangle$ ,  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *unbump-holds*:  $\langle (\mathcal{M}, \beta \models \text{bump-form } \varphi) = (\text{unbump-intrp } \mathcal{M}, \beta \models \varphi) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**abbreviation** *numlist* **where**  
 $\langle \text{numlist } ns \equiv \text{list-encode } ns \rangle$

**fun** *num-of-term* :: *nterm*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat* **where**  
 $\langle \text{num-of-term } (\text{Var } x) = \text{numpair } 0 \ x \rangle$   
 $| \langle \text{num-of-term } (\text{Fun } f \text{ ts}) = \text{numpair } 1 \ (\text{numpair } f \ (\text{numlist} (\text{map num-of-term ts}))) \rangle$

**lemma** *term-induct2*:  
 $(\bigwedge x y. P (\text{Var } x) (\text{Var } y))$   
 $\implies (\bigwedge x g \text{ us. } P (\text{Var } x) (\text{Fun } g \text{ us}))$   
 $\implies (\bigwedge f \text{ ts } y. P (\text{Fun } f \text{ ts}) (\text{Var } y))$   
 $\implies (\bigwedge f \text{ ts } g \text{ us. } (\bigwedge p q. p \in \text{set ts} \implies q \in \text{set us} \implies P p q) \implies P (\text{Fun } f \text{ ts}) (\text{Fun } g \text{ us}))$   
 $\implies P t1 t2$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *num-of-term-inj*:  $\langle \text{num-of-term } s = \text{num-of-term } t \longleftrightarrow s = t \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**fun** *num-of-form* :: *form*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat* **where**  
 $\langle \text{num-of-form } \perp = \text{numpair } 0 \ 0 \rangle$   
 $| \langle \text{num-of-form } (\text{Atom } p \text{ ts}) = \text{numpair } 1 \ (\text{numpair } p \ (\text{numlist} (\text{map num-of-term ts}))) \rangle$   
 $| \langle \text{num-of-form } (\varphi \longrightarrow \psi) = \text{numpair } 2 \ (\text{numpair} (\text{num-of-form } \varphi) (\text{num-of-form } \psi)) \rangle$   
 $| \langle \text{num-of-form } (\forall x. \varphi) = \text{numpair } 3 \ (\text{numpair } x (\text{num-of-form } \varphi)) \rangle$

**lemma** *numlist-num-of-term*:  $\langle \text{numlist} (\text{map num-of-term ts}) = (\text{numlist} (\text{map num-of-term us})) \equiv ts = us \rangle$

```

⟨proof⟩

lemma num-of-form-inj: ⟨num-of-form  $\varphi = \text{num-of-form } \psi \longleftrightarrow \varphi = \psi$ ⟩
⟨proof⟩

consts term-of-num :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  nterm
specification (term-of-num) ⟨ $\forall n. \text{term-of-num } n = (\text{THE } t. \text{num-of-term } t = n)$ ⟩
⟨proof⟩

lemma term-of-num-of-term [simp]: ⟨term-of-num(num-of-term  $t) = t$ ⟩
⟨proof⟩

consts form-of-num :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  form
specification (form-of-num) ⟨ $\forall n. \text{form-of-num } n = (\text{THE } \varphi. \text{num-of-form } \varphi = n)$ ⟩
⟨proof⟩

lemma form-of-num-of-form [simp]: ⟨form-of-num (num-of-form  $\varphi) = \varphi$ ⟩
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Skolem-Normal-Form
imports
  Prenex-Normal-Form
  Bumping
begin

lemma witness-imp-holds-exists:
  assumes ⟨is-interpretation (functions-term  $t$ , preds) ( $I :: (\text{nat}, \text{nat})$  term intrp)⟩
  and
    ⟨is-valuation  $I \beta$ ⟩ and
    ⟨ $I, \beta \models (\varphi \cdot_{fm} (\text{subst } x \ t))$ ⟩
  shows ⟨ $I, \beta \models (\exists x. \varphi)$ ⟩
⟨proof⟩

definition skolem1 :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  form  $\Rightarrow$  form where
  ⟨ $\text{skolem1 } f \ x \ \varphi = \varphi \cdot_{fm} (\text{subst } x \ (\text{Fun } f \ (\text{map Var} \ (\text{sorted-list-of-set} \ (\text{FV } (\exists x. \varphi))))))$ ⟩

lemma fvt-var-x-simp:
  ⟨ $\text{FVT} (\text{Var } x \cdot \text{subst } x \ (\text{Fun } f \ (\text{map Var} \ (\text{sorted-list-of-set} \ (\text{FV } \varphi - \{x\})))))) = \text{FV } \varphi - \{x\}$ ⟩
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma holds-indep-intrp-if2:
  fixes I I' :: 'a intrp
  shows
     $\langle \llbracket I, \beta \models \varphi; \text{dom } I = \text{dom } I'; \bigwedge p. \text{intrp-rel } I p = \text{intrp-rel } I' p; \bigwedge f z s. (f, \text{length } z s) \in \text{functions-form } \varphi \implies \text{intrp-fn } I f z s = \text{intrp-fn } I' f z s \rangle \implies$ 
     $I', \beta \models \varphi$ 
     $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma fun-upds-prop:  $\langle \text{length } x s = \text{length } z s \implies \forall z \in \text{set } z s. P z \implies \forall v. P (g v) \implies \forall v. P ((\text{foldr } (\lambda k v f. \text{fun-upd } f (\text{fst } k v) (\text{snd } k v)) (\text{zip } x s z s) g) v) \rangle$ 
     $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma  $\langle \{z. \exists y. y \in FV \varphi \wedge z \in \text{functions-term } (\text{Var } y \cdot \text{subst } x t)\} = \text{functions-term } t \vee \{z. \exists y. y \in FV \varphi \wedge z \in \text{functions-term } (\text{Var } y \cdot \text{subst } x t)\} = \{\} \rangle$ 
     $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma func-form-subst:  $\langle x \in FV \varphi \implies (f, \text{length } t s) \in \text{functions-form } (\varphi \cdot_{fm} \text{subst } x (\text{Fun } f t s)) \rangle$ 
     $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma holds-formsubst:
   $M, \beta \models (p \cdot_{fm} i) \longleftrightarrow M, (\lambda t. \llbracket t \rrbracket^{M, \beta}) \circ i \models p$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma holds-formsubst1:
   $M, \beta \models (p \cdot_{fm} \text{Var}(x := t)) \longleftrightarrow M, \beta(x := \llbracket t \rrbracket^{M, \beta}) \models p$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma holds-formsubst2:
   $M, \beta \models (p \cdot_{fm} \text{subst } x t) \longleftrightarrow M, \beta(x := \llbracket t \rrbracket^{M, \beta}) \models p$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma size-nonzero [simp]:  $\text{size fm} > 0$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma
  assumes prenex-ex-phi:  $\langle \text{is-prenex } (\exists x. \varphi) \rangle$ 
  and notin-ff:  $\langle \neg (f, \text{card } (FV (\exists x. \varphi))) \in \text{functions-form } (\exists x. \varphi) \rangle$ 
  shows holds-skolem1a:  $\text{is-prenex } (\text{skolem1 } f x \varphi)$  (is ?A)
  and holds-skolem1b:  $FV (\text{skolem1 } f x \varphi) = FV (\exists x. \varphi)$  (is ?B)
  and holds-skolem1c:
     $\text{Prenex-Normal-Form.size } (\text{skolem1 } f x \varphi) < \text{Prenex-Normal-Form.size } (\exists x.$ 

```

$\varphi)$  (**is**  $?C$ )  
**and** *holds-skolem1d*: *predicates-form* (*skolem1 f x*  $\varphi$ ) = *predicates-form* ( $\exists x.$   
 $\varphi)$  (**is**  $?D$ )  
**and** *holds-skolem1e*: *functions-form* ( $\exists x.$   $\varphi$ )  $\subseteq$  *functions-form* (*skolem1 f x*  
 $\varphi)$  (**is**  $?E$ )  
**and** *holds-skolem1f*: *functions-form* (*skolem1 f x*  $\varphi$ )  
 $\subseteq$  (*f*, *card* (*FV* ( $\exists x.$   $\varphi$ )))  $\triangleright$  *functions-form* ( $\exists x.$   $\varphi$ ) (**is**  $?F$ )  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition** *define-fn*  $\equiv \lambda FN f n h. \lambda g zs. if g=f \wedge length\ zs = n then h\ zs else FN\ g\ zs$

**lemma** *holds-skolem1g*:  
**assumes** *prenex-ex-phi*:  $\langle is\text{-}prenex\ (\exists x.\ \varphi)\rangle$   
**and** *notin-ff*:  $\langle \neg(f, card(FV(\exists x.\ \varphi))) \in functions\text{-}form\ (\exists x.\ \varphi) \rangle$   
**fixes** *I* :: 'a *intrp*  
**assumes** *interp-I*: *is-interpretation* (*language* { $\varphi$ }) *I*  
**and** *nempty-I*: *dom I*  $\neq \{\}$   
**and** *valid*:  $\bigwedge \beta. is\text{-}valuation\ I\ \beta \implies I, \beta \models (\exists x.\ \varphi)$   
**obtains** *M* **where** *dom M* = *dom I*  
*intrp-rel M* = *intrp-rel I*  
 $\bigwedge g\ zs. g \neq f \vee length\ zs \neq card(FV(\exists x.\ \varphi)) \implies intrp\text{-}fn\ M\ g\ zs$   
= *intrp-fn I g zs*  
*is-interpretation* (*language* {*skolem1 f x*  $\varphi$ }) *M*  
 $\bigwedge \beta. is\text{-}valuation\ M\ \beta \implies M, \beta \models skolem1\ f\ x\ \varphi$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *holds-skolem1h*:  
**assumes** *prenex-ex-phi*:  $\langle is\text{-}prenex\ (\exists x.\ \varphi)\rangle$  **and**  $\langle \neg(f, card(FV(\exists x.\ \varphi))) \in functions\text{-}form\ (\exists x.\ \varphi) \rangle$   
**assumes** *is-intrp*: *is-interpretation* (*language* {*skolem1 f x*  $\varphi$ }) *N*  
**and** *nempty-N*: *dom N*  $\neq \{\}$   
**and** *is-val*: *is-valuation N*  $\beta$   
**and** *skol-holds*:  $N, \beta \models skolem1\ f\ x\ \varphi$   
**shows**  $N, \beta \models (\exists x.\ \varphi)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *holds-skolem1*:  
**assumes**  $\langle is\text{-}prenex\ (\exists x.\ \varphi)\rangle$  **and**  $\langle \neg(f, card(FV(\exists x.\ \varphi))) \in functions\text{-}form\ (\exists x.\ \varphi) \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle is\text{-}prenex\ (skolem1\ f\ x\ \varphi) \wedge$   
 $FV\ (skolem1\ f\ x\ \varphi) = FV\ (\exists x.\ \varphi) \wedge$   
 $size\ (skolem1\ f\ x\ \varphi) < size\ (\exists x.\ \varphi) \wedge$   
 $predicates\text{-}form\ (skolem1\ f\ x\ \varphi) = predicates\text{-}form\ (\exists x.\ \varphi) \wedge$   
 $functions\text{-}form\ (\exists x.\ \varphi) \subseteq functions\text{-}form\ (skolem1\ f\ x\ \varphi) \wedge$   
 $functions\text{-}form\ (skolem1\ f\ x\ \varphi) \subseteq insert\ (f, card(FV(\exists x.\ \varphi)))\ (functions\text{-}form\ (\exists x.\ \varphi)) \wedge$   
 $(\forall(I::'a\ intrp). is\text{-}interpretation\ (language\ \{\varphi\})\ I \wedge$   
 $\neg(dom\ I = \{\})) \wedge$

```


$$\begin{aligned}
& (\forall \beta. \text{is-valuation } I \beta \longrightarrow (I, \beta \models (\exists x. \varphi))) \longrightarrow \\
& (\exists (M :: 'a intrp). \text{dom } M = \text{dom } I \wedge \\
& \quad \text{intrp-rel } M = \text{intrp-rel } I \wedge \\
& \quad (\forall g \text{ zs}. \neg g=f \vee \neg(\text{length } \text{zs} = \text{card } (\text{FV } (\exists x. \varphi))) \longrightarrow \text{intrp-fn } M g \text{ zs} = \\
& \quad \text{intrp-fn } I g \text{ zs}) \wedge \\
& \quad \text{is-interpretation } (\text{language } \{\text{skolem1 } f x \varphi\}) M \wedge \\
& \quad (\forall \beta. \text{is-valuation } M \beta \longrightarrow (M, \beta \models (\text{skolem1 } f x \varphi)))) \wedge \\
& (\forall (N :: 'a intrp). \text{is-interpretation } (\text{language } \{\text{skolem1 } f x \varphi\}) N \wedge \\
& \quad \neg(\text{dom } N = \{\}) \longrightarrow \\
& \quad (\forall \beta. \text{is-valuation } N \beta \wedge (N, \beta \models (\text{skolem1 } f x \varphi)) \longrightarrow (N, \beta \models (\exists x. \varphi)))) \\
& \rangle \\
& \langle \text{proof} \rangle
\end{aligned}$$


```

**lemma** *skolems-ex*:  $\langle \exists \text{ skolems}. \forall \varphi. \text{skolems } \varphi = (\lambda k. \text{ppat } (\lambda x. \psi. \forall x. (\text{skolems } \psi k))$   
 $(\lambda x. \psi. \text{skolems } (\text{skolem1 } (\text{numpair } J k) x \psi) (\text{Suc } k)) (\lambda \psi. \psi) \varphi) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**consts** *skolems* :: *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *form*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *form*  
**specification** (*skolems*)  
*skolems-eq*:  $\langle \bigwedge J \psi k. \text{skolems } J \psi k$   
 $= \text{ppat } (\lambda x. \varphi'. \forall x. (\text{skolems } J \varphi' k)) (\lambda x. \varphi'. \text{skolems } J (\text{skolem1 } (\text{numpair } J k) x \varphi') (\text{Suc } k)) (\lambda \varphi. \varphi) \psi \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

bounding the possible Skolem functions in a given formula

**definition** *skolems-bounded*  $\equiv \lambda p J k. \forall l m. (\text{numpair } J l, m) \in \text{functions-form } p$   
 $\longrightarrow l < k$

**lemma** *skolems-bounded-mono*:  $\llbracket \text{skolems-bounded } p J k'; k' \leq k \rrbracket \implies \text{skolems-bounded } p J k$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *skolems-bounded-prenex*: *skolems-bounded*  $\varphi K k \implies \text{skolems-bounded } (\text{prenex } \varphi) K k$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

Basic properties proved by induction on the number of Skolemisation steps. Harrison's gigantic conjunction broken up for more manageable proofs, at the cost of some repetition

first, the simplest properties

**lemma** *holds-skolems-induction-A*:  
**assumes** *size p = n* **and** *is-prenex p* **and** *skolems-bounded p J k*  
**shows** *universal(skolems J p k)*  $\wedge$   
 $FV(\text{skolems } J p k) = FV p \wedge$   
 $\text{predicates-form } (\text{skolems } J p k) = \text{predicates-form } p \wedge$   
 $\text{functions-form } p \subseteq \text{functions-form } (\text{skolems } J p k) \wedge$

```

functions-form (skolems J p k) ⊆ {(numpair J l,m) | l m. k ≤ l} ∪
functions-form p
⟨proof⟩

```

the final conjunct of the HOL Light version

```

lemma holds-skolems-induction-B:
fixes N :: 'a intrp
assumes size p = n and is-prenex p and skolems-bounded p J k
and is-interpretation (language {skolems J p k}) N dom N ≠ {}
and is-valuation N β N,β ⊨ skolems J p k
shows N,β ⊨ p
⟨proof⟩

```

the penultimate conjunct of the HOL Light version

```

lemma holds-skolems-induction-C:
fixes M :: 'a intrp
assumes size p = n and is-prenex p and skolems-bounded p J k
and is-interpretation (language {p}) M dom M ≠ {} satisfies M {p}
shows ∃ M'. dom M' = dom M ∧ intrp-rel M' = intrp-rel M ∧
(∀ g zs. intrp-fn M' g zs ≠ intrp-fn M g zs
→ (∃ l. k ≤ l ∧ g = numpair J l)) ∧
is-interpretation (language {skolems J p k}) M' ∧
satisfies M' {skolems J p k}
⟨proof⟩

```

**corollary** holds-skolems-prenex-A:

```

assumes is-prenex φ skolems-bounded φ K 0
shows universal(skolems K φ 0) ∧ (FV (skolems K φ 0) = FV φ) ∧
predicates-form (skolems K φ 0) = predicates-form φ ∧
functions-form φ ⊆ functions-form (skolems K φ 0) ∧
functions-form (skolems K φ 0) ⊆ {(numpair K l,m) | l m. True} ∪
(functions-form φ)
⟨proof⟩

```

**corollary** holds-skolems-prenex-B:

```

assumes is-prenex φ skolems-bounded φ K 0
and is-interpretation (language {skolems K φ 0}) M dom M ≠ {}
and is-valuation M β M,β ⊨ skolems K φ 0
shows M,β ⊨ φ
⟨proof⟩

```

**corollary** holds-skolems-prenex-C:

```

assumes is-prenex φ skolems-bounded φ K 0
and is-interpretation (language {φ}) M dom M ≠ {} satisfies M {φ}
shows ∃ M'. dom M' = dom M ∧ intrp-rel M' = intrp-rel M ∧
(∀ g zs. intrp-fn M' g zs ≠ intrp-fn M g zs → (∃ l. g = numpair K l))
∧
is-interpretation (language {skolems K φ 0}) M' ∧

```

*satisfies*  $M' \{skolems K \varphi 0\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition** *skopre where*

$\langle skopre k \varphi = skolems k (prenex \varphi) 0 \rangle$

**corollary** *skopre-model-A:*

**assumes** *skolems-bounded*  $\varphi K 0$

**shows** *universal*(*skopre K*  $\varphi$ )  $\wedge$  (*FV* (*skopre K*  $\varphi$ ) = *FV*  $\varphi$ )  $\wedge$   
*predicates-form* (*skopre K*  $\varphi$ ) = *predicates-form*  $\varphi$   $\wedge$   
*functions-form*  $\varphi \subseteq$  *functions-form* (*skopre K*  $\varphi$ )  $\wedge$   
*functions-form* (*skopre K*  $\varphi$ )  $\subseteq \{(numpair K l, m) \mid l m. True\} \cup (functions-form$   
 $\varphi)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**corollary** *skopre-model-B:*

**assumes** *skolems-bounded*  $\varphi K 0$

**and** *is-interpretation* (*language* {*skopre K*  $\varphi$ })  $M dom M \neq \{\}$

**and** *is-valuation*  $M \beta M, \beta \models skopre K \varphi$

**shows**  $M, \beta \models \varphi$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**corollary** *skopre-model-C:*

**assumes** *skolems-bounded*  $\varphi K 0$

**and** *is-interpretation* (*language* { $\varphi$ })  $M dom M \neq \{\}$  *satisfies*  $M \{\varphi\}$

**shows**  $\exists M'. dom M' = dom M \wedge intrp-rel M' = intrp-rel M \wedge$

$(\forall g zs. intrp-fn M' g zs \neq intrp-fn M g zs \longrightarrow (\exists l. g = numpair K l)) \wedge$

*is-interpretation* (*language* {*skopre K*  $\varphi$ })  $M' \wedge$

*satisfies*  $M' \{skopre K \varphi\}$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**definition** *skolemize where*

$\langle skolemize \varphi = skopre (num-of-form (bump-form \varphi) + 1) (bump-form \varphi) \rangle$

**lemma** *no-skolems-bump-nterm:*

**shows**  $i > 0 \implies (numpair i l, m) \notin functions-term (bump-nterm t)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *no-skolems-bump-form: i > 0*  $\implies$  *skolems-bounded* (*bump-form*  $\varphi$ )  $i 0$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *universal-skolemize [iff]: universal* (*skolemize*  $\varphi$ )

**and** *FV-skolemize [simp]: FV* (*skolemize*  $\varphi$ ) = *FV* (*bump-form*  $\varphi$ )

**and** *predicates-form-skolemize [simp]: predicates-form* (*skolemize*  $\varphi$ ) = *predi-*

```

 $\text{icates-form } (\text{bump-form } \varphi)$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma  $\text{functions-bump-form}: \text{functions-form } (\text{bump-form } \varphi) \subseteq \text{functions-form } (\text{skolemize } \varphi)$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma  $\text{functions-skolemize}:$ 
 $\text{functions-form } (\text{skolemize } \varphi) \subseteq \{(\text{numpair } (\text{num-of-form } (\text{bump-form } \varphi) + 1) l,$ 
 $m) \mid k l m. \text{True}\} \cup \text{functions-form } (\text{bump-form } \varphi)$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma  $\text{skolemize-imp-holds-bump-form}:$ 
assumes  $\text{is-interpretation } (\text{language } \{\text{skolemize } \varphi\}) N \text{ dom } N \neq \{\}$ 
and  $N, \beta \models \text{skolemize } \varphi$ 
shows  $N, \beta \models \text{bump-form } \varphi$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma  $\text{is-interpretation-skolemize}:$ 
assumes  $\text{is-interpretation } (\text{language } \{\text{bump-form } \varphi\}) M \text{ dom } M \neq \{\} \text{ satisfies } M$ 
 $M \{\text{bump-form } \varphi\}$ 
obtains  $M' \text{ where } \text{dom } M' = \text{dom } M \text{ intrp-rel } M' = \text{intrp-rel } M$ 
 $\wedge g \text{ zs. } \text{intrp-fn } M' g \text{ zs} \neq \text{intrp-fn } M g \text{ zs} \implies \exists l. g = \text{numpair } (\text{num-of-form } (\text{bump-form } \varphi) + 1) l$ 
 $\text{is-interpretation } (\text{language } \{\text{skolemize } \varphi\}) M' \text{ satisfies } M' \{\text{skolemize } \varphi\}$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma  $\text{functions-form-skolemize}:$ 
assumes  $\langle f, m \rangle \in \text{functions-form } (\text{skolemize } \varphi)$ 
obtains  $k \text{ where } \langle f = \text{numpair } 0 k \rangle \langle (k, m) \in \text{functions-form } \varphi \rangle \mid l \text{ where } \langle f = \text{numpair } (\text{num-of-form } (\text{bump-form } \varphi) + 1) l \rangle$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

definition  $\text{skomod1 where}$ 
 $\langle \text{skomod1 } \varphi M \equiv$ 
 $\text{if satisfies } M \{\varphi\}$ 
 $\text{then } (\text{SOME } M'. \text{dom } M' = \text{dom } (\text{bump-intrp } M) \wedge$ 
 $\text{intrp-rel } M' = \text{intrp-rel } (\text{bump-intrp } M) \wedge$ 
 $(\forall g \text{ zs. } \text{intrp-fn } M' g \text{ zs} \neq \text{intrp-fn } (\text{bump-intrp } M) g \text{ zs} \implies$ 
 $(\exists l. g = \text{numpair } (\text{num-of-form } (\text{bump-form } \varphi) + 1) l)) \wedge$ 
 $\text{is-interpretation } (\text{language } \{\text{skolemize } \varphi\}) M' \wedge \text{satisfies } M'$ 
 $\{\text{skolemize } \varphi\})$ 
 $\text{else } (\text{Abs-intrp } (\text{dom } M, (\lambda g \text{ zs. } (\text{SOME } a. a \in \text{dom } M)), \text{intrp-rel } M)) \rangle$ 

```

**lemma**  $\text{skomod1-works}:$

**assumes**  $M : \langle \text{is-interpretation}(\text{language } \{\varphi\}) M \rangle \langle \text{dom } M \neq \{\} \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle \text{dom}(\text{skomod1 } \varphi M) = \text{dom}(\text{bump-intrp } M) \wedge$   
 $\text{intrp-rel}(\text{skomod1 } \varphi M) = \text{intrp-rel}(\text{bump-intrp } M) \wedge$   
 $\text{is-interpretation}(\text{language } \{\text{skolemize } \varphi\})(\text{skomod1 } \varphi M) \wedge$   
 $(\text{satisfies } M \{\varphi\}) \longrightarrow$   
 $(\forall g \text{ zs}. \text{intrp-fn}(\text{skomod1 } \varphi M) g \text{ zs} \neq \text{intrp-fn}(\text{bump-intrp } M) g \text{ zs} \longrightarrow$   
 $(\exists l. g = \text{numpair}(\text{num-of-form}(\text{bump-form } \varphi) + 1) l)) \wedge$   
 $\text{satisfies}(\text{skomod1 } \varphi M) \{\text{skolemize } \varphi\}) \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition**  $\text{skomod-FN} \equiv \lambda M g \text{ zs}. \text{if } \text{numfst } g = 0 \text{ then } \text{intrp-fn } M (\text{numsnd } g) \text{ zs}$   
 $\text{else } \text{intrp-fn}(\text{skomod1 } (\text{unbump-form}(\text{form-of-num}(\text{numfst } g - 1))) M) g \text{ zs}$

**definition**  $\text{skomod}$  **where**

$\langle \text{skomod } M \equiv \text{Abs-intrp}(\text{dom } M, \text{skomod-FN } M, \text{intrp-rel } M) \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{skomod-interpretation}:$

**assumes**  $\langle \text{is-interpretation}(\text{language } \{\varphi\}) M \rangle \langle \text{dom } M \neq \{\} \rangle$

**shows**  $\langle \text{is-interpretation}(\text{language } \{\text{skolemize } \varphi\})(\text{skomod } M) \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**proposition**  $\text{skomod-works}:$

**assumes**  $\langle \text{is-interpretation}(\text{language } \{\varphi\}) M \rangle \langle \text{dom } M \neq \{\} \rangle$

**shows**  $\langle \text{satisfies } M \{\varphi\} \longleftrightarrow \text{satisfies}(\text{skomod } M) \{\text{skolemize } \varphi\} \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**proposition**  $\text{skolemize-satisfiable}:$

$\langle (\exists M :: 'a \text{ intrp}. \text{dom } M \neq \{\} \wedge \text{is-interpretation}(\text{language } S) M \wedge$   
 $\text{satisfies } M S) \longleftrightarrow$

$(\exists M :: 'a \text{ intrp}. \text{dom } M \neq \{\} \wedge \text{is-interpretation}(\text{language } (\text{skolemize } ' S)) M \wedge$   
 $\text{satisfies } M (\text{skolemize } ' S)) \rangle \quad (\text{is } ?lhs = ?rhs)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**fun**  $\text{specialize} :: \text{form} \Rightarrow \text{form}$  **where**

$\langle \text{specialize } \perp = \perp \rangle$

$| \langle \text{specialize } (\text{Atom } p ts) = \text{Atom } p ts \rangle$

$| \langle \text{specialize } (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) = \varphi \rightarrow \psi \rangle$

$| \langle \text{specialize } (\forall x. \varphi) = \text{specialize } \varphi \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{specialize-satisfies}:$

**fixes**  $M :: 'a \text{ intrp}$

```

assumes ‹ $\text{dom } M \neq \{\}$ ›
shows ‹ $\text{satisfies } M (\text{specialize } ` S) \longleftrightarrow \text{satisfies } M S$ ›
⟨proof⟩

lemma specialize-qfree: ‹ $\text{universal } \varphi \implies \text{qfree}(\text{specialize } \varphi)$ ›
⟨proof⟩

lemma functions-form-specialize [simp]: ‹ $\text{functions-form}(\text{specialize } \varphi) = \text{functions-form } \varphi$ ›
⟨proof⟩

lemma predicates-form-form-specialize [simp]: ‹ $\text{predicates-form}(\text{specialize } \varphi) = \text{predicates-form } \varphi$ ›
⟨proof⟩

lemma specialize-language: ‹ $\text{language}(\text{specialize } ` S) = \text{language } S$ ›
⟨proof⟩

definition skolem :: form  $\Rightarrow$  form where
⟨skolem  $\varphi = \text{specialize}(\text{skolemize } \varphi)$ ⟩

lemma skolem-qfree: ‹ $\text{qfree}(\text{skolem } \varphi)$ ›
⟨proof⟩

theorem skolem-satisfiable:
⟨ $(\exists M::'\text{a intrp. } \text{dom } M \neq \{\} \wedge \text{is-interpretation}(\text{language } S) M \wedge \text{satisfies } M S)$ 
 $\longleftrightarrow (\exists M::'\text{a intrp. } \text{dom } M \neq \{\} \wedge \text{is-interpretation}(\text{language}(\text{skolem } ` S)) M$ 
 $\wedge$ 
 $\text{satisfies } M (\text{skolem } ` S))$ ⟩
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Canonical-Models
imports Skolem-Normal-Form
begin

inductive-set terms-set :: ‹ $(\text{nat} \times \text{nat}) \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{nterm set}$ › for fns :: ‹ $(\text{nat} \times \text{nat}) \text{ set}$ › where
vars: ‹ $(\text{Var } v) \in \text{terms-set } fns$ ›
| fn: ‹ $(\text{Fun } f ts) \in \text{terms-set } fns$ ›
| if ‹ $(f, \text{length } ts) \in fns \wedge t. t \in \text{set } ts \implies t \in \text{terms-set } fns$ ›

lemma struct-terms-set [iff]: ‹ $\text{struct}(\text{terms-set } A)$ ›

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** stupid-canondom:  $\langle t \in \text{terms-set}(\text{fst } \mathcal{L}) \Rightarrow \text{functions-term } t \subseteq (\text{fst } \mathcal{L}) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** finite-subset-instance:  $\langle \text{finite } t' \Rightarrow t' \subseteq \{\varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma \mid \sigma \varphi. P \sigma \wedge \varphi \in s\} \Rightarrow$   
 $(\exists t. \text{finite } t \wedge t \subseteq s \wedge t' \subseteq \{\varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma \mid \sigma \varphi. P \sigma \wedge \varphi \in t\}) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** finite-subset-skolem:  $\langle \text{finite } u \Rightarrow u \subseteq \{\text{skolem } \varphi \mid \varphi. \varphi \in s\} \Rightarrow$   
 $(\exists t. \text{finite } t \wedge t \subseteq s \wedge u = \{\text{skolem } \varphi \mid \varphi. \varphi \in t\}) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** valuation-exists:  $\langle \neg (\text{dom } M = \{\}) \Rightarrow \exists \beta. \text{is-valuation } M \beta \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** holds-itlist-exists:  
 $\langle (M, \beta \models (\text{foldr } (\lambda x. p. \exists x. p) xs \varphi)) \longleftrightarrow$   
 $(\exists as. \text{length } as = \text{length } xs \wedge set as \subseteq \text{dom } M \wedge$   
 $(M, (\text{foldr } (\lambda u. \beta. \beta(fst u := snd u)) (\text{rev } (\text{zip } xs as)) \beta) \models \varphi)) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition** canonical ::  $\langle (\text{nat} \times \text{nat}) \text{ set} \times (\text{nat} \times \text{nat}) \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{nterm intrp} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$   
**where**  
 $\langle \text{canonical } \mathcal{L} \mathcal{M} \equiv (\text{dom } \mathcal{M} = \text{terms-set}(\text{fst } \mathcal{L}) \wedge (\forall f. \text{intrp-fn } \mathcal{M} f = \text{Fun } f)) \rangle$

**definition** pintrp-of-intrp ::  $\langle 'm \text{ intrp} \Rightarrow (\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'm) \Rightarrow (\text{form} \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \rangle$  **where**  
 $\langle \text{pintrp-of-intrp } \mathcal{M} \beta = (\lambda \varphi. \mathcal{M}, \beta \models \varphi) \rangle$

**definition**  
 $\text{canon-of-prop} :: \langle ((\text{nat} \times \text{nat}) \text{ set} \times (\text{nat} \times \text{nat}) \text{ set}) \Rightarrow (\text{form} \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow \text{nterm intrp} \rangle$  **where**  
 $\langle \text{canon-of-prop } \mathcal{L} I \equiv \text{Abs-intrp} (\text{terms-set}(\text{fst } \mathcal{L}), \text{Fun}, (\lambda p. \{ts. I (\text{Atom } p ts)\})) \rangle$

**lemma** dom-canon-of-prop [simp]:  $\langle \text{dom } (\text{canon-of-prop } \mathcal{L} I) = \text{terms-set}(\text{fst } \mathcal{L}) \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** intrp-fn-canon-of-prop [simp]:  $\langle \text{intrp-fn } (\text{canon-of-prop } \mathcal{L} I) = \text{Fun} \rangle$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *intrp-rel-canonical-of-prop* [simp]:  $\langle \text{intrp-rel} (\text{canon-of-prop } \mathcal{L} I) = (\lambda p. \{ts. I (\text{Atom } p ts)\}) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *pholds-pintrp-of-intrp*:  
 $\langle \text{qfree } \varphi \implies (\text{pintrp-of-intrp } \mathcal{M} \beta) \models_p \varphi \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{M}, \beta \models \varphi \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *intrp-of-canonical-of-prop* [simp]:  
 $\langle \text{pintrp-of-intrp} (\text{canon-of-prop } \mathcal{L} I) \text{ Var } (\text{Atom } p ts) = I (\text{Atom } p ts) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *holds-canonical-of-prop*:  
**assumes**  $\langle \text{qfree } \varphi \rangle$  **shows**  $\langle (\text{canon-of-prop } \mathcal{L} I), \text{Var } \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow I \models_p \varphi \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *holds-canonical-of-prop-general*:  
**assumes**  $\langle \text{qfree } \varphi \rangle$  **shows**  $\langle (\text{canon-of-prop } \mathcal{L} I), \beta \models \varphi \longleftrightarrow I \models_p (\varphi \cdot_{fm} \beta) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *canonical-canonical-of-prop*:  $\langle \text{canonical } \mathcal{L} (\text{canon-of-prop } \mathcal{L} I) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *interpretation-canonical-of-prop*:  $\langle \text{is-interpretation } \mathcal{L} (\text{canon-of-prop } \mathcal{L} I) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *prop-valid-imp-fol-valid*:  $\langle \text{qfree } \varphi \wedge (\forall I. I \models_p \varphi) \implies (\forall \mathcal{M} \beta. \mathcal{M}, \beta \models \varphi) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *fol-valid-imp-prop-valid*:  $\langle \text{qfree } \varphi \wedge (\forall \mathcal{M} \beta. \text{canonical} (\text{language } \{\varphi\}) \mathcal{M} \longrightarrow \mathcal{M}, \beta \models \varphi) \implies \forall I. I \models_p \varphi \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *satisfies-psatisfies*:  $\langle [\varphi \in \Phi; \Phi \subseteq \{\varphi. \text{qfree } \varphi\}; \text{satisfies } \mathcal{M} \Phi; \text{is-valuation } \mathcal{M} \beta] \implies$   
 $\text{psatisfies } (\text{pintrp-of-intrp } \mathcal{M} \beta) \Phi \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *psatisfies-instances*:

**assumes** *qf*:  $\langle \Phi \subseteq \{\varphi. \text{qfree } \varphi\} \rangle$   
**and** *ps*:  $\langle \text{psatisfies } I \{\varphi \cdot_{fm} \beta \mid \varphi \beta. (\forall x. \beta x \in \text{terms-set } (\text{fst } \mathcal{L})) \wedge \varphi \in \Phi\} \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle \text{satisfies } (\text{canon-of-prop } \mathcal{L} I) \Phi \rangle$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *satisfies-instances*:

**assumes**  $\langle \text{is-interpretation } (\text{language } \Xi) \mathcal{M} \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle \text{satisfies } \mathcal{M} \{\varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma \mid \varphi \sigma. \varphi \in \Phi \wedge (\forall x. \sigma x \in \text{terms-set } (\text{fst } (\text{language } \Xi)))\} \longleftrightarrow \text{satisfies } \mathcal{M} \Phi \rangle$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *compact-canon-qfree*:

**assumes** *qf*:  $\langle \Phi \subseteq \{\varphi. \text{qfree } \varphi\} \rangle$   
**and** *int*:  $\langle \bigwedge \Psi. [\text{finite } \Psi; \Psi \subseteq \Phi] \implies \exists \mathcal{M} : 'a \text{ intrp. is-interpretation } (\text{language } \Xi) \mathcal{M} \wedge \text{dom } \mathcal{M} \neq \{\} \wedge \text{satisfies } \mathcal{M} \Psi \rangle$   
**obtains** *C* **where**  $\langle \text{is-interpretation } (\text{language } \Xi) \mathcal{C} \rangle \langle \text{canonical } (\text{language } \Xi) \mathcal{C} \rangle \langle \text{satisfies } \mathcal{C} \Phi \rangle$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *interpretation-restrictlanguage*:

$\langle \Psi \subseteq \Phi \implies \text{is-interpretation } (\text{language } \Phi) \mathcal{M} \implies \text{is-interpretation } (\text{language } \Psi) \mathcal{M} \rangle$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *interpretation-extendlanguage*:

**fixes** *M*:  $\langle 'a \text{ intrp} \rangle$   
**assumes** *int*:  $\langle \text{is-interpretation } (\text{language } \Psi) \mathcal{M} \rangle$  **and**  $\langle \text{dom } \mathcal{M} \neq \{\} \rangle$   
**and**  $\langle \text{satisfies } \mathcal{M} \Psi \rangle$   
**obtains** *N* **where**  $\langle \text{dom } \mathcal{N} = \text{dom } \mathcal{M} \rangle \langle \text{intrp-rel } \mathcal{N} = \text{intrp-rel } \mathcal{M} \rangle \langle \text{is-interpretation } (\text{language } \Phi) \mathcal{N} \rangle \langle \text{satisfies } \mathcal{N} \Psi \rangle$   
*(proof)*

**theorem** *compact-ls*:

**assumes**  $\langle \bigwedge \Psi. [\text{finite } \Psi; \Psi \subseteq \Phi] \implies \exists \mathcal{M} : 'a \text{ intrp. is-interpretation } (\text{language } \Phi) \mathcal{M} \wedge \text{dom } \mathcal{M} \neq \{\} \wedge \text{satisfies } \mathcal{M} \Psi \rangle$   
**obtains** *C*:  $\langle \text{nterm intrp} \rangle$  **where**  $\langle \text{is-interpretation } (\text{language } \Phi) \mathcal{C} \rangle \langle \text{dom } \mathcal{C} \neq \{\} \rangle \langle \text{satisfies } \mathcal{C} \Phi \rangle$   
*(proof)*

```

lemma canon:
  assumes ⟨is-interpretation (language Φ) M⟩ ⟨dom M ≠ {}⟩ ⟨satisfies M Φ⟩
  obtains C::⟨nterm intrp⟩ where ⟨is-interpretation (language Φ) C⟩ ⟨dom C ≠ {}⟩ ⟨satisfies C Φ⟩
    ⟨proof⟩

definition lowmod :: ⟨nterm intrp ⇒ nat intrp⟩ where
  ⟨lowmod M ≡ Abs-intrp (num-of-term ` (dom M),
    (λg ns. num-of-term (intrp-fn M g (map term-of-num ns))),
    (λp. {ns. (map term-of-num ns) ∈ intrp-rel M p}))⟩

lemma dom-lowmod [simp]: ⟨dom (lowmod M) = num-of-term ` (dom M)⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma intrp-fn-lowmod [simp]: ⟨intrp-fn (lowmod M) f ns = num-of-term (intrp-fn
  M f (map term-of-num ns))⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma intrp-rel-lowmod [simp]: ⟨intrp-rel (lowmod M) p = {ns. (map term-of-num
  ns) ∈ intrp-rel M p}⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma is-valuation-lowmod: ⟨is-valuation (lowmod C) (num-of-term ∘ β) ⟷
  is-valuation C β⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma lowmod-dom-empty: ⟨dom (lowmod M) = {} ⟷ dom M = {}⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma lowmod-termval:
  assumes ⟨is-valuation (lowmod M) β⟩
  shows ⟨eval t (lowmod M) β = num-of-term (eval t M (term-of-num ∘ β))⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma lowmod-holds:
  assumes ⟨is-valuation (lowmod M) β⟩
  shows ⟨(lowmod M),β ⊨ φ ⟷ M,(term-of-num ∘ β) ⊨ φ⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma lowmod-intrp: ⟨is-interpretation L (lowmod M) = is-interpretation L M⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma loewenheim-skolem:
  assumes <is-interpretation (language  $\Phi$ )  $\mathcal{M}$ > < $\text{dom } \mathcal{M} \neq \{\}$ >
  assumes < $\bigwedge \varphi. \varphi \in \Phi \implies \text{qfree } \varphi$ > <satisfies  $\mathcal{M} \Phi$ >
  obtains  $\mathcal{N} :: \langle \text{nat intrp} \rangle$  where <is-interpretation (language  $\Phi$ )  $\mathcal{N}$ > < $\text{dom } \mathcal{N} \neq \{\}$ > <satisfies  $\mathcal{N} \Phi$ >
  <proof>

```

```

theorem uniformity:
  assumes <qfree  $\varphi$ >
    < $\bigwedge \mathcal{C}::\text{nterm intrp}. \bigwedge \beta. [\text{dom } \mathcal{C} \neq \{\}; \text{is-valuation } \mathcal{C} \beta] \implies \mathcal{C}, \beta \models \text{foldr}$ 
  Exists  $xs \varphi$ 
  obtains  $\sigma s$  where < $\bigwedge \sigma. \sigma \in \text{set } \sigma s \implies \sigma x \in \text{terms-set} (\text{fst} (\text{language } \{\varphi\}))$ >
    < $\bigwedge I. I \models_p (\text{foldr} (\lambda \varphi \psi. \varphi \vee \psi) (\text{map} (\lambda \sigma. \varphi \cdot_{fm} \sigma) \sigma s) \perp)$ >
  <proof>

```

**end**

## References

- [1] J. Harrison. Formalizing basic first order model theory. In *TPHOLs*, volume 1479 of *Lecture Notes in Computer Science*, pages 153–170. Springer, 1998.