

Expressiveness of Deep Learning

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August 16, 2018

Abstract

Deep learning has had a profound impact on computer science in recent years, with applications to search engines, image recognition and language processing, bioinformatics, and more. Recently, Cohen et al. [2] provided theoretical evidence for the superiority of deep learning over shallow learning. For my master's thesis [1], I formalized their mathematical proof using Isabelle/HOL. This formalization simplifies and generalizes the original proof, while working around the limitations of the Isabelle type system. To support the formalization, I developed reusable libraries of formalized mathematics, including results about the matrix rank, the Lebesgue measure, and multivariate polynomials, as well as a library for tensor analysis.

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1 Tensor

```
theory Tensor
imports Main
begin
```

```
typedef 'a tensor = {t::nat list × 'a list. length (snd t) = prod-list (fst t)}
by (simp add: Ex-list-of-length)
```

```
definition dims::'a tensor ⇒ nat list where
  dims A = fst (Rep-tensor A)
```

```
definition vec::'a tensor ⇒ 'a list where
  vec A = snd (Rep-tensor A)
```

```
definition tensor-from-vec::nat list ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'a tensor where
  tensor-from-vec d v = Abs-tensor (d,v)
```

```
lemma
assumes length v = prod-list d
shows dims-tensor[simp]: dims (tensor-from-vec d v) = d
and vec-tensor[simp]: vec (tensor-from-vec d v) = v
by (simp add: Abs-tensor-inverse assms dims-def tensor-from-vec-def vec-def)+
```

```
lemma tensor-from-vec-simp[simp]: tensor-from-vec (dims A) (vec A) = A
by (simp add: Rep-tensor-inverse Tensor.vec-def dims-def tensor-from-vec-def)
```

```
lemma length-vec: length (vec A) = prod-list (dims A)
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Rep-tensor Tensor.vec-def dims-def mem-Collect-eq)
```

```
lemma tensor-eqI[intro]:
```

assumes $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$ **and** $\text{vec } A = \text{vec } B$
shows $A=B$
by (*metis assms tensor-from-vec-simp*)

abbreviation $\text{order}::'a \text{ tensor} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$ **where**
 $\text{order } t == \text{length } (\text{dims } t)$

inductive $\text{valid-index}::\text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ (**infix** $\triangleleft 50$) **where**
 $\text{Nil}: [] \triangleleft [] \mid$
 $\text{Cons}: is \triangleleft ds \Longrightarrow i < d \Longrightarrow i \# is \triangleleft d \# ds$

inductive-cases $\text{valid-indexE}[\text{elim}]: is \triangleleft ds$
inductive-cases $\text{valid-index-dimsE}[\text{elim}]: is \triangleleft \text{dims } A$

lemma $\text{valid-index-length}: is \triangleleft ds \Longrightarrow \text{length } is = \text{length } ds$
by (*induction rule:valid-index.induct; auto*)

lemma $\text{valid-index-lt}: is \triangleleft ds \Longrightarrow m < \text{length } ds \Longrightarrow is!m < ds!m$
proof (*induction arbitrary:m rule:valid-index.induct*)
case *Nil*
then show *?case by auto*
next
case *Cons*
then show *?case by (metis gr0-conv-Suc length-Cons linorder-neqE-nat not-less-eq nth-Cons' nth-Cons-Suc)*
qed

lemma valid-indexI :
assumes $\text{length } is = \text{length } ds$ **and** $\bigwedge m. m < \text{length } ds \Longrightarrow is!m < ds!m$
shows $is \triangleleft ds$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction is arbitrary:ds*)
case *Nil*
then show *?case by (metis length-0-conv valid-index.simps)*
next
case (*Cons a is ds*)
then obtain $d \ ds'$ **where** $ds = d \# ds'$ **by** (*metis length-Suc-conv*)
then have $is \triangleleft ds'$ **using** *Cons* **by** (*metis length-Cons less-irrefl linorder-neqE-nat not-less-eq nth-Cons-Suc*)
then show *?case using Cons.prem2 (2) (ds = d # ds') valid-index.Cons by fastforce*
qed

lemma $\text{valid-index-append}$:
assumes $is1\text{-valid}:is1 \triangleleft ds1$ **and** $is2\text{-valid}:is2 \triangleleft ds2$
shows $is1 @ is2 \triangleleft ds1 @ ds2$
apply (*rule valid-indexI[of is1 @ is2 ds1 @ ds2]*)
unfolding *nth-append*
using $\text{valid-index-lt}[OF \ is2\text{-valid}] \ \text{valid-index-lt}[OF \ is1\text{-valid}] \ \text{valid-index-length}[OF$

is1-valid] *valid-index-length*[*OF is2-valid*] *length-append*
by (*auto simp add: length is1 = length ds1*)

lemma *valid-index-list-all2-iff*: *is* \triangleleft *ds* \longleftrightarrow *list-all2* ($<$) *is ds*
by (*metis list-all2-conv-all-nth list-all2-nthD valid-indexI valid-index-length valid-index-lt*)

definition *fixed-length-sublist*::*'a list* \Rightarrow *nat* \Rightarrow *nat* \Rightarrow *'a list* **where**
fixed-length-sublist xs l i = (*take l (drop (l*i) xs)*)

fun *lookup-base*::*nat list* \Rightarrow *'a list* \Rightarrow *nat list* \Rightarrow *'a* **where**
lookup-base-Nil: *lookup-base* [] *v* [] = *hd v* |
lookup-base-Cons: *lookup-base* (*d # ds*) *v* (*i # is*) =
lookup-base ds (fixed-length-sublist v (prod-list ds) i) *is*

definition *lookup*::*'a tensor* \Rightarrow *nat list* \Rightarrow *'a* **where**
lookup A = *lookup-base (dims A) (vec A)*

fun *tensor-vec-from-lookup*::*nat list* \Rightarrow (*nat list* \Rightarrow *'a*) \Rightarrow *'a list* **where**
tensor-vec-from-lookup-Nil: *tensor-vec-from-lookup* [] *e* = [*e*] |
tensor-vec-from-lookup-Cons: *tensor-vec-from-lookup* (*d # ds*) *e* = *concat (map*
($\lambda i.$ *tensor-vec-from-lookup ds (lambda is. e (i # is))*) [0..*d*])

definition *tensor-from-lookup*::*nat list* \Rightarrow (*nat list* \Rightarrow *'a*) \Rightarrow *'a tensor* **where**
tensor-from-lookup ds e = *tensor-from-vec ds (tensor-vec-from-lookup ds e)*

lemma *concat-parts-leq*:
assumes *a * d* \leq *length v*
shows *concat (map (fixed-length-sublist v d) [0..*a*])* = *take (a*d) v*
using *assms proof (induction a)*
 case 0
 then show ?*case* **by** *simp*
next
 case (*Suc a*)
 then have *concat (map (fixed-length-sublist v d) [0..*a*])* = *take (a * d) v* **by**
auto
 then have *concat (map (fixed-length-sublist v d) [0..*Suc a*])* =
*take (a * d) v @ fixed-length-sublist v d a* **using** *fixed-length-sublist-def* **by**
auto
 then show ?*case* **using** *Suc* **by** (*metis add.commute mult.commute mult-Suc*
take-add fixed-length-sublist-def)
qed

lemma *concat-parts-eq*:
assumes *a * d* = *length v*
shows *concat (map (fixed-length-sublist v d) [0..*a*])* = *v*
by (*simp add: concat-parts-leq assms*)

lemma *tensor-lookup-base*:
assumes *length v* = *prod-list ds*

and $\bigwedge is. is \triangleleft ds \implies \text{lookup-base } ds \ v \ is = e \ is$
shows *tensor-vec-from-lookup* $ds \ e = v$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction* ds *arbitrary*: $v \ e$)
 case *Nil*
 then show ?*case unfolding* *tensor-vec-from-lookup.simps*
 by (*metis* *One-nat-def* *Tensor.lookup-base-Nil* *length-0-conv* *length-Suc-conv*
list.sel(1) *prod-list.Nil* *valid-index.Nil*)
next
 case (*Cons* $a \ ds$)
 then have $a * \text{prod-list } ds = \text{length } v$ **by** *auto*
 {
 fix i **assume** $i < a$
 then have $\text{prod-list } ds * (i + 1) \leq \text{length } v$ **using** $\langle a * \text{prod-list } ds = \text{length } v \rangle$
using *discrete* *mult.commute* *mult-le-mono1* **by** *metis*
 have $\bigwedge is'. is' \triangleleft ds \implies e \ (i \# is') = \text{lookup-base } ds \ (\text{fixed-length-sublist } v$
(prod-list ds) i) is'
 using $\langle i < a \rangle$ **by** (*metis* *Cons.premis(2)* *Tensor.lookup-base-Cons* *valid-index.simps*)
 then have $\text{tensor-vec-from-lookup } ds \ (\lambda is'. e \ (i \# is')) = \text{fixed-length-sublist } v$
(prod-list ds) i
 using *Cons* **using** $\langle \text{prod-list } ds * (i + 1) \leq \text{length } v \rangle$ **by** (*simp* *add*: *Cons.IH*
fixed-length-sublist-def)
 }
 then show ?*case unfolding* *tensor-vec-from-lookup-Cons* *lookup-base-Cons*
 using *concat-parts-eq[OF* $\langle a * \text{prod-list } ds = \text{length } v \rangle$
 atLeastLessThan-iff *map-eq-conv* *set-upt* *Cons* **by** (*metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*))
qed

lemma *tensor-lookup*:

assumes $\bigwedge is. is \triangleleft \text{dims } A \implies \text{lookup } A \ is = e \ is$
shows *tensor-from-lookup* $(\text{dims } A) \ e = A$
using *tensor-lookup-base* *lookup-def* *length-vec* *tensor-from-lookup-def* **by** (*metis*
assms *tensor-from-vec-simp*)

lemma *concat-equal-length*:

assumes $\bigwedge xs. xs \in \text{set } xss \implies \text{length } xs = l$
shows $\text{length } (\text{concat } xss) = \text{length } xss * l$
using *assms* **by** (*induction* xss ; *auto*)

lemma *concat-equal-length-map*:

assumes $\bigwedge i. i < a \implies \text{length } (f \ i) = d$
shows $\text{length } (\text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda i. f \ i) \ [0..<a])) = a * d$
using *assms* **by** (*induction* a ; *auto*)

lemma *concat-parts*:

assumes $\bigwedge xs. xs \in \text{set } xss \implies \text{length } xs = d$ **and** $i < \text{length } xss$
shows *fixed-length-sublist* $(\text{concat } xss) \ d \ i = xss \ ! \ i$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction* xss *arbitrary*: i)
 case *Nil*
 then show ?*case* **by** *simp*

```

next
  case (Cons xs xss)
  then have length (concat xss) = length xss * d by (simp add: Cons.prem(1)
concat-equal-length)
  show ?case
  proof (cases i)
    case 0
    then have fixed-length-sublist (concat (xs # xss)) d i = xs
      unfolding fixed-length-sublist-def by (simp add: Cons.prem(1))
    then show ?thesis using 0 by auto
  next
  case (Suc i')
  then have fixed-length-sublist (concat xss) d i' = xss ! i' using Cons by auto
  then show ?thesis unfolding fixed-length-sublist-def using Suc Cons.prem(1)
by auto
qed
qed

```

```

lemma concat-parts':
assumes  $\bigwedge i. i < a \implies \text{length } (f i) = d$ 
and  $i < a$ 
shows fixed-length-sublist (concat (map ( $\lambda i. f i$ ) [0..\bigwedge i. i < a \implies \text{length } (f i) = d) by auto
  then have length (concat (map f [0..\langle \text{length } (\text{concat } (\text{map } f [0..
fixed-length-sublist-def)
    then show ?case using (i=a) by auto
  next
  assume i≠a
  then have fixed-length-sublist (concat (map f [0..\langle \text{concat } (\text{map } f [0..
@ f a  $\rangle$ 
    unfolding fixed-length-sublist-def drop-append
    using  $\langle \text{length } (\text{concat } (\text{map } f [0..  $\langle \text{fixed-length-sublist } (\text{concat}$ 
 $(\text{map } f [0..
    using append-assoc append-eq-conv-conj append-take-drop-id assms(1) assms(2)
fixed-length-sublist-def$$ 
```

by metis
qed
qed

lemma *length-tensor-vec-from-lookup*:
 $length (tensor-vec-from-lookup ds e) = prod-list ds$
by (*induction ds arbitrary:e; auto simp add: concat-equal-length-map*)

lemma *lookup-tensor-vec*:
assumes $is \triangleleft ds$
shows $lookup-base ds (tensor-vec-from-lookup ds e) is = e is$
using *assms proof (induction arbitrary:e rule:valid-index.induct)*
 case Nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Cons is ds i d e)
 then show ?case unfolding tensor-vec-from-lookup-Cons lookup-base-Cons
 by (simp add: length-tensor-vec-from-lookup concat-parts'[of d $\lambda i. tensor-vec-from-lookup ds (\lambda is. e (i \# is)) prod-list ds i] (i < d)$)
qed

lemma *lookup-tensor-from-lookup*:
assumes $is \triangleleft ds$
shows $lookup (tensor-from-lookup ds e) is = e is$
 unfolding lookup-def tensor-from-lookup-def
 by (simp add: lookup-tensor-vec assms length-tensor-vec-from-lookup)

lemma *dims-tensor-from-lookup*: $dims (tensor-from-lookup ds e) = ds$
unfolding tensor-from-lookup-def
by (simp add: length-tensor-vec-from-lookup)

lemma *tensor-lookup-cong*:
assumes $tensor-from-lookup ds e_1 = tensor-from-lookup ds e_2$
and $is \triangleleft ds$
shows $e_1 is = e_2 is$ **using** *assms lookup-tensor-from-lookup by metis*

lemma *tensor-from-lookup-eqI*:
assumes $\bigwedge is. is \triangleleft ds \implies e_1 is = e_2 is$
shows $tensor-from-lookup ds e_1 = tensor-from-lookup ds e_2$
by (metis assms lookup-tensor-vec length-tensor-vec-from-lookup tensor-lookup-base tensor-from-lookup-def)

lemma *tensor-lookup-eqI*:
assumes $dims A = dims B$ **and** $\bigwedge is. is \triangleleft (dims A) \implies lookup A is = lookup B is$
shows $A = B$ **by (metis assms(1) assms(2) tensor-lookup)**

end

2 Subtensors

theory *Tensor-Subtensor*
imports *Tensor*
begin

definition *subtensor*::'a tensor \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a tensor **where**
subtensor A i = *tensor-from-vec* (tl (dims A)) (fixed-length-sublist (vec A) (prod-list (tl (dims A)))) i

definition *subtensor-combine*::nat list \Rightarrow 'a tensor list \Rightarrow 'a tensor **where**
subtensor-combine ds As = *tensor-from-vec* (length As # ds) (concat (map vec As))

lemma *length-fixed-length-sublist*[simp]:
assumes (Suc i)*l \leq length xs
shows length (fixed-length-sublist xs l i) = l
unfolding *fixed-length-sublist-def*
by (metis *assms diff-add-inverse2 length-drop length-take min.absorb2 mult commute mult-Suc take-drop*)

lemma *vec-subtensor*[simp]:
assumes dims A \neq [] **and** i < hd (dims A)
shows vec (subtensor A i) = fixed-length-sublist (vec A) (prod-list (tl (dims A))) i
by (metis (no-types, lifting) *Suc-leI assms(1) assms(2) hd-Cons-tl length-fixed-length-sublist length-vec prod-list.Cons mult-le-mono1 subtensor-def vec-tensor*)

lemma *dims-subtensor*[simp]:
assumes dims A \neq [] **and** i < hd (dims A)
shows dims (subtensor A i) = tl (dims A)
using *Suc-leI assms(1) assms(2) dims-tensor length-fixed-length-sublist length-vec list.collapse prod-list.Cons mult-le-mono1 subtensor-def*
by *metis*

lemma *subtensor-combine-subtensor*[simp]:
assumes dims A \neq []
shows *subtensor-combine* (tl (dims A)) (map (subtensor A) [0.. hd (dims A)]) = A

proof –

have *length-vec-A*: hd (dims A) * prod-list (tl (dims A)) = length (Tensor.vec A)
by (metis *assms length-vec list.collapse prod-list.Cons*)
let ?subtensor-vec = fixed-length-sublist (vec A) (prod-list (tl (dims A)))
{
fix i **assume** i < hd (dims A)
then have (Suc i)*(prod-list (tl (dims A))) \leq length (vec A)
by (metis *Suc-leI length-vec-A mult-le-mono1*)
then have (vec \circ (λ i. *tensor-from-vec* (tl (dims A)) (?subtensor-vec i))) i = ?subtensor-vec i


```

    by simp
  }
  then have 1:map (Tensor.vec ◦ (λi. tensor-from-vec (tl (dims A)) (?subtensor-vec
i))) [0..

```

lemma

```

assumes ∧A. A∈set As ⇒ dims A = ds
shows subtensor-combine-dims[simp]: dims (subtensor-combine ds As) = length
As # ds (is ?D)
and subtensor-combine-vec[simp]: vec (subtensor-combine ds As) = concat (map
vec As) (is ?V)
proof -
  have ∧v. v∈set (map Tensor.vec As) ⇒ length v = prod-list ds using assms
length-vec by fastforce
  then have length As * prod-list ds = length (concat (map Tensor.vec As)) using
concat-equal-length
  by (metis length-map)
  then show ?D ?V unfolding subtensor-combine-def by simp+
qed

```

lemma *subtensor-subtensor-combine*:

```

assumes ∧A. A∈set As ⇒ dims A = ds and i < length As
shows subtensor (subtensor-combine ds As) i = As ! i
proof -
  have fixed-length-sublist (concat (map vec As)) (prod-list ds) i = vec (As ! i)
  using concat-parts[of map vec As prod-list ds i] assms imageE length-map
length-vec
  nth-map set-map in-set-conv-nth by fastforce
  then show ?thesis
  unfolding subtensor-def using subtensor-combine-dims subtensor-combine-vec
  by (metis assms list.sel(3) nth-mem tensor-from-vec-simp)
qed

```

lemma *subtensor-induct*[*case-names order-0 order-step*]:

```

assumes order-0: ∧A. dims A = [] ⇒ P A
and order-step: ∧A. dims A ≠ [] ⇒ (∧i. i < hd (dims A) ⇒ P (subtensor A
i)) ⇒ P A
shows P B
using assms proof (induction dims B arbitrary:B)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by auto
next

```

```

  case Cons
  then show ?case by (metis dims-subtensor list.sel(3))
qed

```

```

lemma subtensor-combine-induct[case-names order-0 order-step]:
assumes order-0: $\bigwedge A. \text{dims } A = [] \implies P A$ 
and order-step: $\bigwedge As ds. (\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies P A) \implies (\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{dims } A = ds) \implies P (\text{subtensor-combine } ds As)$ 
shows P A
proof (induction A rule:subtensor-induct)
  case (order-0 A)
  then show ?case by (simp add: assms(1))
next
  case (order-step A)
  have P (subtensor-combine (tl (dims A)) (map (subtensor A) [0.. $\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)$ ]))
  apply (rule assms(2))
  using atLeastLessThan-iff dims-subtensor imageE set-map set-upt order-step
  by auto
  then show ?case using subtensor-combine-subtensor[OF order-step.hyps] by
  metis
qed

```

```

lemma lookup-subtensor1[simp]:
assumes  $i \# is \triangleleft \text{dims } A$ 
shows lookup (subtensor A i) is = lookup A (i # is)
using assms
proof (induction A rule: subtensor-combine-induct)
  case order-0
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (order-step As ds)
  have 0:subtensor (subtensor-combine ds As) i = As ! i
  by (metis list.discI list.sel(1) order-step.hyps order-step.prem1 subtensor-combine-dims
  subtensor-subtensor-combine valid-index-dimsE)
  have 1:dims (subtensor-combine ds As) = length As # ds
  using order-step subtensor-combine-def subtensor-combine-dims by force
  show ?case unfolding 0 lookup-def 1 unfolding lookup-base-Cons using order-step.prem1
  using Tensor.lookup-base-Cons dims-subtensor lookup-def list.discI list.sel(1)
  list.sel(3) valid-index-dimsE vec-subtensor by (metis 0 1)
qed

```

```

lemma lookup-subtensor:
assumes  $is \triangleleft \text{dims } A$ 
shows lookup A is = hd (vec (fold ( $\lambda i A. \text{subtensor } A i$ ) is A))
using assms proof (induction is arbitrary: A)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by (metis Tensor.lookup-base-Nil lookup-def fold-simps(1)
  length-0-conv valid-index-length)

```

```

next
  case (Cons a is A)
  then show ?case
  using dims-subtensor lookup-subtensor1 fold-simps(2) list.discI list.sel(1) list.sel(3)
  valid-indexE by (metis (no-types, lifting))
qed

lemma subtensor-eqI:
  assumes dims A ≠ []
  and dims-eq: dims A = dims B
  and  $\bigwedge i. i < \text{hd} (\text{dims } A) \implies \text{subtensor } A \ i = \text{subtensor } B \ i$ 
  shows A=B
  proof -
    {
      fix is assume is  $\triangleleft$  dims A
      then obtain i is' where is-Cons: is = i # is' using assms(1) by blast
      then have lookup A is = lookup B is
        using lookup-subtensor1 assms by (metis  $\langle is \triangleleft \text{dims } A \rangle$  is-Cons list.sel(1)
        valid-index-dimsE)
    }
    then show ?thesis using tensor-lookup-eqI[OF dims-eq] by auto
  qed

end

```

3 Tensor Addition

```

theory Tensor-Plus
imports Tensor-Subtensor
begin

```

```

definition vec-plus a b = map ( $\lambda(x,y). \text{plus } x \ y$ ) (zip a b)

```

```

definition plus-base::'a::semigroup-add tensor  $\Rightarrow$  'a tensor  $\Rightarrow$  'a tensor
where plus-base A B = (tensor-from-vec (dims A) (vec-plus (vec A) (vec B)))

```

```

instantiation tensor:: (semigroup-add) plus

```

```

begin

```

```

  definition plus-def: A + B = (if (dims A = dims B)
    then plus-base A B
    else undefined)

```

```

  instance ..

```

```

end

```

```

lemma plus-dim1[simp]: dims A = dims B  $\implies$  dims (A + B) = dims A unfolding
plus-def plus-base-def
using dims-tensor length-vec length-map map-fst-vec vec-plus-def by (metis (full-types))

```

lemma *plus-dim2*[simp]: $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B \implies \text{dims } (A + B) = \text{dims } B$ **using** *plus-dim1* **by** *metis*

lemma *plus-base*: $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B \implies A + B = \text{plus-base } A B$ **unfolding** *plus-def* **by** *metis*

lemma *fixed-length-sublist-plus*:

assumes $\text{length } xs1 = c * l$ $\text{length } xs2 = c * l$ $i < c$

shows $\text{fixed-length-sublist } (\text{vec-plus } xs1 xs2) l i$
 $= \text{vec-plus } (\text{fixed-length-sublist } xs1 l i) (\text{fixed-length-sublist } xs2 l i)$

unfolding *vec-plus-def* *fixed-length-sublist-def* **using** *drop-map* *drop-zip* *take-map* *take-zip* **by** *metis*

lemma *vec-plus*[simp]:

assumes $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$

shows $\text{vec } (A+B) = \text{vec-plus } (\text{vec } A) (\text{vec } B)$

unfolding *plus-def* *plus-base-def* *vec-plus-def* **using** *assms*

by (*auto*; *metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*) *length-map* *length-tensor-vec-from-lookup* *map-fst-zip* *tensor-lookup* *tensor-from-lookup-def* *vec-tensor*)

lemma *subtensor-plus*:

fixes $A::'a::\text{semigroup-add tensor}$ **and** $B::'a::\text{semigroup-add tensor}$

assumes $i < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A)$

and $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$

and $\text{dims } A \neq []$

shows $\text{subtensor } (A + B) i = \text{subtensor } A i + \text{subtensor } B i$

proof –

have $\text{length } (\text{vec } A) = \text{hd } (\text{dims } A) * \text{prod-list } (\text{tl } (\text{dims } A))$

$\text{length } (\text{Tensor.vec } B) = \text{hd } (\text{dims } A) * \text{prod-list } (\text{tl } (\text{dims } A))$

using *length-vec* *prod-list.Cons* *assms* **by** (*metis* (*no-types*) *list.exhaust-sel*)**+**

then show *?thesis*

using *Tensor-Plus.vec-plus* *assms* *fixed-length-sublist-plus* *vec-subtensor* *tensor-eqI* *dims-subtensor* *plus-dim1* **by** *fastforce*

qed

lemma *lookup-plus*[simp]:

assumes $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$

and $is \triangleleft \text{dims } A$

shows $\text{lookup } (A + B) is = \text{lookup } A is + \text{lookup } B is$

using *assms* **proof** (*induction* $A+B$ *arbitrary:A B is* *rule: subtensor-induct*)

case (*order-0* $A B is$)

then have $is = []$ **by** *auto*

have $1: [] \triangleleft \text{dims } A$ **using** *order-0* $\langle is = [] \rangle$ **by** *auto*

have $2: [] \triangleleft \text{dims } B$ **using** *order-0* $\langle is = [] \rangle$ **by** *auto*

have $3: [] \triangleleft \text{dims } (A + B)$ **using** *order-0* $\langle is = [] \rangle$ **by** *auto*

have $\text{length } (\text{vec } A) = 1$ $\text{length } (\text{vec } B) = 1$

by (*metis* *length-vec* *prod-list.Nil* *order-0.hyps* *order-0.prem1*) *plus-dim1***+**

then show *?case* **unfolding** *lookup-subtensor[OF 1]* *lookup-subtensor[OF 2]* *lookup-subtensor[OF 3]* $\langle is = [] \rangle$

fold-simps(1) *vec-plus[OF order-0.prem1(1)]* **unfolding** *vec-plus-def* **using**

```

order-0.premis length-map
  list.map-sel(1) list.size(3) map-fst-zip map-snd-zip order-0.hyps
  zero-neq-one case-prod-unfold length-vec by metis
next
case (order-step A B is)
then obtain i is' where is = i # is' by auto
have 1:is < dims A using order-step by auto
have 2:is < dims B using order-step by auto
have 3:is < dims (A + B) using order-step by auto
have lookup (subtensor A i + subtensor B i) is' = lookup (subtensor A i) is' +
lookup (subtensor B i) is'
  apply (rule order-step.hyps(2)[of i])
  using <is = i # is'> 3 hd-conv-nth length-greater-0-conv nth-Cons-0
order-step.hyps(1) valid-index-lt
  apply auto[1]
  apply (metis 2 <is = i # is'> list.inject list.sel(1) list.simps(3) order-step.premis(1)
subtensor-plus valid-index.cases)
  using 1 <is = i # is'> order-step.premis(1) plus-dim1 apply auto[1]
  using 1 <is = i # is'> plus-dim1 by auto
then show ?case using lookup-subtensor[OF 1] lookup-subtensor[OF 2] lookup-subtensor[OF
3]
  using order-step <is = i # is'> plus-dim1 lookup-subtensor1 list.sel(1) subtensor-plus
valid-index-dimsE by metis
qed

```

lemma *plus-assoc*:

```

assumes dimsA:dims A = ds and dimsB:dims B = ds and dimsC:dims C = ds
shows (A + B) + C = A + (B + C)
by (rule tensor-lookup-eqI; simp add: dimsA dimsB dimsC add.assoc)+

```

lemma *tensor-comm[simp]*:

```

fixes A::'a::ab-semigroup-add tensor
shows A + B = B + A
proof (cases dims A = dims B)
  case True
  then show ?thesis unfolding plus-def plus-base-def
  using add.commute lookup-plus[OF True] plus-dim1[OF True] tensor-lookup-eqI[OF
True] vec-plus[OF True]
  by (metis lookup-plus plus-dim1 tensor-lookup-eqI vec-plus)
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis unfolding plus-def plus-base-def by simp
qed

```

definition *vec0* n = replicate n 0

definition *tensor0*::nat list \Rightarrow 'a::zero tensor **where**
tensor0 d = tensor-from-vec d (vec0 (prod-list d))

lemma *dims-tensor0[simp]*: $\text{dims } (\text{tensor0 } d) = d$
and *vec-tensor0[simp]*: $\text{vec } (\text{tensor0 } d) = \text{vec0 } (\text{prod-list } d)$
unfolding *tensor0-def* *vec0-def* **by** *simp-all*

lemma *lookup-is-in-vec*: $is \triangleleft (\text{dims } A) \implies \text{lookup } A \text{ is} \in \text{set } (\text{vec } A)$
proof (*induction arbitrary:is rule:subtensor-induct*)
case *order-0*
then show *?case* **unfolding** *lookup-def* **using** *lookup-base-Nil*
by (*metis length-0-conv length-vec list.set-sel(1) prod-list.Nil valid-index-length zero-neq-one*)
next
case (*order-step A is*)
then obtain $i \text{ is}'$ **where** $is = i \# \text{is}'$ **using** *valid-index-dimsE* **by** *blast*
then have $1: i < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A)$ **using** *dims-def order-step.prem* **by** *auto*
have $2: \text{is}' \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{subtensor } A \ i)$ **using** $\langle is = i \# \text{is}' \rangle$ *dims-subtensor order-step.prem*
by *auto*
have $\text{lookup } A \text{ is} \in \text{set } (\text{Tensor.vec } (\text{subtensor } A \ i))$
using *order-step.IH [OF 1 2] lookup-subtensor1* $\langle is = i \# \text{is}' \rangle$ *order-step.prem*
by *auto*
then show *?case* **using** *vec-subtensor fixed-length-sublist-def* **by** (*metis 1 in-set-dropD in-set-takeD order-step.hyps*)
qed

lemma *lookup-tensor0*:
assumes $is \triangleleft ds$
shows $\text{lookup } (\text{tensor0 } ds) \text{ is} = 0$
proof –
have $\text{lookup } (\text{tensor0 } ds) \text{ is} \in \text{set } (\text{vec } (\text{tensor0 } ds))$ **using** *lookup-is-in-vec assms*
by (*metis dims-tensor0*)
moreover have $\text{set } (\text{vec } (\text{tensor0 } ds)) \subseteq \{0\}$ **unfolding** *vec-tensor0 vec0-def*
by (*metis in-set-replicate singleton-iff subsetI*)
ultimately show *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma
fixes $A::'a::\text{monoid-add tensor}$
shows *tensor-add-0-right[simp]*: $A + \text{tensor0 } (\text{dims } A) = A$
unfolding *plus-def plus-base-def dims-tensor0*
apply (*simp-all*)
apply (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI*)
apply (*metis (no-types, lifting) dims-tensor dims-tensor0 length-vec plus-dim2 vec-plus vec-tensor0*)
by (*metis add.right-neutral dims-tensor0 lookup-plus lookup-tensor0 plus-dim2 tensor-from-vec-simp vec-plus vec-tensor0*)

lemma
fixes $A::'a::\text{monoid-add tensor}$
shows *tensor-add-0-left[simp]*: $\text{tensor0 } (\text{dims } A) + A = A$
unfolding *plus-def plus-base-def dims-tensor0*

apply (*simp-all*)
apply (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI*)
apply (*metis (no-types, lifting) dims-tensor dims-tensor0 length-vec plus-dim2*
vec-plus vec-tensor0)
by (*metis add.left-neutral dims-tensor0 lookup-plus lookup-tensor0 plus-dim2 tensor-from-vec-simp*
vec-plus vec-tensor0)

definition *listsum::nat list \Rightarrow 'a::monoid-add tensor list \Rightarrow 'a tensor* **where**
listsum ds As = foldr (+) As (tensor0 ds)

definition *listsum'::'a::monoid-add tensor list \Rightarrow 'a tensor* **where**
listsum' As = listsum (dims (hd As)) As

lemma *listsum-Nil*: *listsum ds [] = tensor0 ds* **by** (*simp add: Tensor-Plus.listsum-def*)

lemma *listsum-one*: *listsum (dims A) [A] = A* **unfolding** *listsum-def* **by** *simp*

lemma *listsum-Cons*: *listsum ds (A # As) = A + listsum ds As*
unfolding *listsum-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *listsum-dims*:
assumes $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{dims } A = ds$
shows *dims (listsum ds As) = ds*
using *assms* **proof** (*induction As*)
case *Nil*
then show *?case* **by** (*metis dims-tensor0 listsum-Nil*)
next
case (*Cons A As*)
then show *?case* **using** *listsum-Cons*
by (*metis list.set-intros(1) list.set-intros(2) plus-dim2*)
qed

lemma *subtensor0*:
assumes *ds \neq []* **and** *i < hd ds*
shows *subtensor (tensor0 ds) i = tensor0 (tl ds)*
proof (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI*)
show *1: dims (subtensor (tensor0 ds) i) = dims (tensor0 (tl ds))* **by** (*simp add:*
assms(1) assms(2))
fix *is* **assume** *is \triangleleft dims (subtensor (tensor0 ds) i)*
then have *i # is \triangleleft dims (tensor0 ds)* **using** *assms(1) assms(2) valid-index.Cons*
by *fastforce*
then show *lookup (subtensor (tensor0 ds) i) is = lookup (tensor0 (tl ds)) is*
using *lookup-subtensor1 1 \triangleleft is \triangleleft dims (subtensor (tensor0 ds) i) dims-tensor0*
lookup-tensor0
by *metis*
qed

lemma *subtensor-listsum*:

```

assumes  $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{dims } A = ds$ 
and  $ds \neq []$  and  $i < \text{hd } ds$ 
shows  $\text{subtensor } (\text{listsum } ds \ As) \ i = \text{listsum } (\text{tl } ds) \ (\text{map } (\lambda A. \text{subtensor } A \ i) \ As)$ 
using assms proof (induction As)
  case Nil
    then show ?case using lookup-tensor0 assms(2) assms(3) subtensor0 by (auto simp add: listsum-Nil)
  next
    case (Cons A As)
    then show ?case by (simp add: listsum-Cons; metis subtensor-plus listsum-dims)
qed

```

```

lemma listsum0:
assumes  $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies A = \text{tensor0 } ds$ 
shows  $\text{listsum } ds \ As = \text{tensor0 } ds$ 
using assms proof (induction As)
  case Nil
    show ?case by (simp add: listsum-Nil)
  next
    case Cons
    then show ?case using listsum-Cons
    by (metis dims-tensor0 list.set-intros(1) set-subset-Cons subsetCE tensor-add-0-right)
qed

```

```

lemma listsum-all-0-but-one:
assumes  $\bigwedge i. i \neq j \implies i < \text{length } As \implies As!i = \text{tensor0 } ds$ 
and  $\text{dims } (As!j) = ds$ 
and  $j < \text{length } As$ 
shows  $\text{listsum } ds \ As = As!j$ 
using assms proof (induction As arbitrary:j)
  case Nil
    then show ?case by auto
  next
    case (Cons A As j)
    then show ?case
    proof (cases j)
      case 0
        then have  $\bigwedge i. i < \text{length } As \implies As!i = \text{tensor0 } ds$  using Cons using
Suc-less-eq length-Cons list.sel(3) nat.simps(3) nth-tl by fastforce
        then have  $\text{listsum } ds \ As = \text{tensor0 } ds$  using listsum0 by (metis in-set-conv-nth)
        then show ?thesis by (metis 0 Cons.prem(2) listsum-Cons nth-Cons-0 tensor-add-0-right)
      next
        case (Suc j')
        then have  $\text{listsum } ds \ As = As!j'$  by (metis (no-types, lifting) Cons.IH Cons.prem(1) Cons.prem(2) Cons.prem(3) Suc-less-eq length-Cons less-Suc-eq list.sel(3) not-less-eq nth-tl)
        then show ?thesis by (metis Cons.prem(1) Cons.prem(2) Suc length-greater-0-conv list.simps(3) listsum-Cons nat.simps(3) nth-Cons-0 nth-Cons-Suc tensor-add-0-left)

```


qed
qed

lemma *lookup-listsum*:
assumes $is \triangleleft ds$
and $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{dims } A = ds$
shows $\text{lookup } (\text{listsum } ds \ As) \ is = (\sum A \leftarrow As. \text{lookup } A \ is)$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction* *As*)
 case *Nil*
 then show *?case* **by** (*simp add: assms(1) listsum-Nil lookup-tensor0*)
next
 case (*Cons* *A* *As*)
 then show *?case* **by** (*simp add: listsum-Cons list.set-intros listsum-dims*)
qed

end

4 Tensor Scalar Multiplication

theory *Tensor-Scalar-Mult*
imports *Tensor-Plus* *Tensor-Subtensor*
begin

definition *vec-smult*:: $'a::\text{ring} \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{list} \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{list}$ **where**
vec-smult $\alpha \ \beta = \text{map } ((*) \ \alpha) \ \beta$

lemma *vec-smult0*: $\text{vec-smult } 0 \ as = \text{vec0 } (\text{length } as)$
by (*induction* *as*; *auto simp add: vec0-def vec-smult-def*)

lemma *vec-smult-distr-right*:
shows $\text{vec-smult } (\alpha + \beta) \ as = \text{vec-plus } (\text{vec-smult } \alpha \ as) \ (\text{vec-smult } \beta \ as)$
 unfolding *vec-smult-def* *vec-plus-def*
 by (*induction* *as*; *simp add: distrib-right*)

lemma *vec-smult-Cons*:
shows $\text{vec-smult } \alpha \ (a \ \# \ as) = (\alpha * a) \ \# \ \text{vec-smult } \alpha \ as$ **by** (*simp add: vec-smult-def*)

lemma *vec-plus-Cons*:
shows $\text{vec-plus } (a \ \# \ as) \ (b \ \# \ bs) = (a+b) \ \# \ \text{vec-plus } as \ bs$ **by** (*simp add: vec-plus-def*)

lemma *vec-smult-distr-left*:
assumes $\text{length } as = \text{length } bs$
shows $\text{vec-smult } \alpha \ (\text{vec-plus } as \ bs) = \text{vec-plus } (\text{vec-smult } \alpha \ as) \ (\text{vec-smult } \alpha \ bs)$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction* *as* *arbitrary:bs*)
 case *Nil*
 then show *?case* **unfolding** *vec-smult-def* *vec-plus-def* **by** *simp*
next

case (*Cons a as'*)
then obtain $b \# bs'$ **where** $bs = b \# bs'$ **by** (*metis Suc-length-conv*)
then have $0 : \text{vec-smult } \alpha \ (\text{vec-plus } (a \# as') \ bs) = (\alpha * (a+b)) \# \text{vec-smult } \alpha \ (\text{vec-plus } as' \ bs')$
unfolding *vec-smult-def vec-plus-def* **using** *Cons.IH*[*of bs'*] **by** *simp*
have $\text{length } bs' = \text{length } as'$ **using** *Cons.prem*s $\langle bs = b \# bs' \rangle$ **by** *auto*
then show *?case unfolding 0 unfolding* $\langle bs = b \# bs' \rangle \text{vec-smult-Cons vec-plus-Cons}$
by (*simp add: Cons.IH distrib-left*)
qed

lemma *length-vec-smult*: $\text{length } (\text{vec-smult } \alpha \ v) = \text{length } v$ **unfolding** *vec-smult-def*
by *simp*

definition *smult::'a::ring \Rightarrow 'a tensor \Rightarrow 'a tensor* (*infixl* \cdot 70) **where**
 $\text{smult } \alpha \ A = (\text{tensor-from-vec } (\text{dims } A) \ (\text{vec-smult } \alpha \ (\text{vec } A)))$

lemma *tensor-smult0*: **fixes** $A::'a::ring \text{ tensor}$
shows $0 \cdot A = \text{tensor0 } (\text{dims } A)$
unfolding *smult-def tensor0-def vec-smult-def* **using** *vec-smult0 length-vec*
by (*metis (no-types) vec-smult-def*)

lemma *dims-smult*[*simp*]: $\text{dims } (\alpha \cdot A) = \text{dims } A$
and *vec-smult*[*simp*]: $\text{vec } (\alpha \cdot A) = \text{map } ((*) \ \alpha) \ (\text{vec } A)$
unfolding *smult-def vec-smult-def* **by** (*simp add: length-vec*) $+$

lemma *tensor-smult-distr-right*: $(\alpha + \beta) \cdot A = \alpha \cdot A + \beta \cdot A$
unfolding *plus-def plus-base-def*
by (*auto; metis smult-def vec-smult-def vec-smult-distr-right*)

lemma *tensor-smult-distr-left*: $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B \implies \alpha \cdot (A + B) = \alpha \cdot A + \alpha \cdot B$

proof –

assume $a1 : \text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$
then have $f2 : \text{length } (\text{vec-plus } (\text{vec } A) \ (\text{vec } B)) = \text{length } (\text{vec } A)$
by (*simp add: length-vec vec-plus-def*)
have $f3 : \text{dims } (\text{tensor-from-vec } (\text{dims } B) \ (\text{vec-smult } \alpha \ (\text{vec } A))) = \text{dims } B$
using $a1$ **by** (*simp add: length-vec vec-smult-def*)
have $f4 : \text{vec } (\alpha \cdot A) = \text{vec-smult } \alpha \ (\text{vec } A)$
by (*simp add: vec-smult-def*)
have $\text{length } (\text{vec-smult } \alpha \ (\text{vec } B)) = \text{length } (\text{vec } B)$
by (*simp add: vec-smult-def*)
then show *?thesis*
unfolding *plus-def plus-base-def* **using** $f4 \ f3 \ f2 \ a1$
by (*simp add: length-vec smult-def vec-smult-distr-left*)

qed

lemma *smult-fixed-length-sublist*:

assumes $\text{length } xs = l * c \ i < c$
shows $\text{fixed-length-sublist } (\text{vec-smult } \alpha \ xs) \ l \ i = \text{vec-smult } \alpha \ (\text{fixed-length-sublist } xs \ l \ i)$
unfolding $\text{fixed-length-sublist-def } \text{vec-smult-def}$ **by** ($\text{simp add: drop-map take-map}$)

lemma *smult-subtensor*:

assumes $\text{dims } A \neq [] \ i < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A)$
shows $\alpha \cdot \text{subtensor } A \ i = \text{subtensor } (\alpha \cdot A) \ i$
proof (rule tensor-eqI)
 show $\text{dims } (\alpha \cdot \text{subtensor } A \ i) = \text{dims } (\text{subtensor } (\alpha \cdot A) \ i)$
 using $\text{dims-smult } \text{dims-subtensor } \text{assms}(1) \ \text{assms}(2)$ **by** simp
 show $\text{vec } (\alpha \cdot \text{subtensor } A \ i) = \text{vec } (\text{subtensor } (\alpha \cdot A) \ i)$
 unfolding vec-smult
 unfolding $\text{vec-subtensor}[OF \langle \text{dims } A \neq [] \rangle \langle i < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A) \rangle]$
 using $\text{vec-subtensor}[of \ \alpha \cdot A \ i]$
 by ($\text{simp add: assms}(1) \ \text{assms}(2) \ \text{drop-map fixed-length-sublist-def take-map}$)
qed

lemma *lookup-smult*:

assumes $is \triangleleft \text{dims } A$
shows $\text{lookup } (\alpha \cdot A) \ is = \alpha * \text{lookup } A \ is$
using assms **proof** ($\text{induction } A \ \text{arbitrary:is} \ \text{rule:subtensor-induct}$)
 case ($\text{order-0 } A \ is$)
 then have $\text{length } (\text{vec } A) = 1$ **by** ($\text{simp add: length-vec}$)
 then have $\text{hd } (\text{vec-smult } \alpha \ (\text{vec } A)) = \alpha * \text{hd } (\text{vec } A)$ **unfolding** vec-smult-def
by ($\text{metis list.map-sel}(1) \ \text{list.size}(3) \ \text{zero-neq-one}$)
 moreover have $is = []$ **using** order-0 **by** auto
 ultimately show $?case$ **unfolding** smult-def **by** ($\text{auto simp add: } \langle \text{length } (\text{Tensor.vec } A) = 1 \rangle \ \text{lookup-def length-vec-smult order-0.hyps}$)
next
 case ($\text{order-step } A \ is$)
 then obtain $i \ is'$ **where** $is = i \# \ is'$ **by** blast
 then have $\text{lookup } (\alpha \cdot \text{subtensor } A \ i) \ is' = \alpha * \text{lookup } (\text{subtensor } A \ i) \ is'$
 by ($\text{metis (no-types, lifting) dims-subtensor list.sel}(1) \ \text{list.sel}(3) \ \text{order-step.IH}$
 $\text{order-step.hyps } \text{order-step.prem } \text{valid-index-dimsE}$)
 then show $?case$ **using** $\text{smult-subtensor} \ \langle is = i \# \ is' \rangle \ \text{dims-smult lookup-subtensor1}$
 $\text{list.sel}(1) \ \text{order-step.hyps } \text{order-step.prem } \text{valid-index-dimsE}$
 by metis
qed

lemma *tensor-smult-assoc*:

fixes $A::'a::\text{ring tensor}$
shows $\alpha \cdot (\beta \cdot A) = (\alpha * \beta) \cdot A$
by ($\text{rule tensor-lookup-eqI, simp, metis lookup-smult dims-smult mult.assoc}$)

end

5 Tensor Product

theory *Tensor-Product*

imports *Tensor-Scalar-Mult Tensor-Subtensor*

begin

instantiation *tensor:: (ring) semigroup-mult*

begin

definition *tensor-prod-def*: $A * B = \text{tensor-from-vec } (\text{dims } A @ \text{dims } B) (\text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda a. \text{vec-smult } a (\text{vec } B)) (\text{vec } A)))$

abbreviation *tensor-prod-otimes* :: $'a \text{ tensor} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ tensor} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ tensor}$ (**infixl** \otimes 70)

where $A \otimes B \equiv A * B$

lemma *vec-tensor-prod[simp]*: $\text{vec } (A \otimes B) = \text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda a. \text{vec-smult } a (\text{vec } B)) (\text{vec } A))$ (**is** ?V)

and *dims-tensor-prod[simp]*: $\text{dims } (A \otimes B) = \text{dims } A @ \text{dims } B$ (**is** ?D)

proof –

have $\text{length } (\text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda a. \text{vec-smult } a (\text{vec } B)) (\text{vec } A))) = \text{prod-list } (\text{dims } A @ \text{dims } B)$

proof –

have $\bigwedge xs. xs \in \text{set } (\text{map } (\lambda a. \text{vec-smult } a (\text{vec } B)) (\text{vec } A)) \implies \text{length } xs = \text{length } (\text{vec } B)$

using *length-vec-smult* **by** *force*

then show ?thesis **using** *concat-equal-length* **by** (*metis length-map length-vec prod-list.append*)

qed

then show ?V ?D **by** (*simp add: tensor-prod-def*)+

qed

lemma *tensorprod-subtensor-base*:

shows $\text{concat } (\text{map } f (\text{concat } xss)) = \text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda xs. \text{concat } (\text{map } f xs)) xss)$

by (*induction xss; auto*)

lemma *subtensor-combine-tensor-prod*:

assumes $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{dims } A = ds$

shows $\text{subtensor-combine } ds \ As \otimes B = \text{subtensor-combine } (ds @ \text{dims } B) (\text{map } (\lambda A. A \otimes B) \ As)$

proof –

let ?f = $\lambda a. \text{vec-smult } a (\text{Tensor.vec } B)$

let ?xss = $\text{map } \text{Tensor.vec } As$

have 1: $\text{prod-list } (\text{length } As \ \# \ ds) = \text{length } (\text{concat } ?xss)$ **by** (*metis assms length-vec subtensor-combine-dims subtensor-combine-vec*)

have 2: $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{prod-list } (\text{dims } A @ \text{dims } B) = \text{length } (\text{concat } (\text{map } ?f (\text{Tensor.vec } A)))$

by (*metis dims-tensor-prod length-vec vec-tensor-prod*)

have 3: $\text{length } As \ \# \ ds @ \text{dims } B = (\text{length } (\text{map } (\lambda A. \text{tensor-from-vec } (\text{dims } A @ \text{dims } B) (\text{concat } (\text{map } ?f (\text{Tensor.vec } A))))))$

$A @ \text{dims } B$
 $(\text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda a. \text{vec-smult } a (\text{vec } B)) (\text{vec } A)))) \text{ As} \# \text{ ds } @ \text{ dims } B$ **by**
simp
have 4: $(\text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda xs. \text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda a. \text{vec-smult } a (\text{vec } B)) xs)) (\text{map } \text{vec } \text{As}))))$
 $= (\text{concat } (\text{map } \text{vec } (\text{map } (\lambda A. \text{tensor-from-vec } (\text{dims } A @ \text{dims } B) (\text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda a. \text{vec-smult } a (\text{vec } B)) (\text{vec } A)))) \text{ As})))$
unfolding *map-map[unfolded comp-def]* **using** *vec-tensor* **by** (*metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*) 2 *map-eq-conv*)
have *subtensor-combine* $\text{ds } \text{As} \otimes B = \text{tensor-from-vec } (\text{length } \text{As} \# \text{ ds } @ \text{ dims } B) (\text{concat } (\text{map } ?f (\text{concat } (?xss))))$
unfolding *subtensor-combine-def* *tensor-prod-def* **using** 1 **by** *auto*
also have ... = *tensor-from-vec* $(\text{length } \text{As} \# \text{ ds } @ \text{ dims } B) (\text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda xs. \text{concat } (\text{map } ?f xs)) ?xss))$
using *tensorprod-subtensor-base[of ?f ?xss]* **by** *auto*
also have ... = *subtensor-combine* $(\text{ds } @ \text{ dims } B) (\text{map } (\lambda A. A \otimes B) \text{As})$
unfolding *subtensor-combine-def* *tensor-prod-def* **using** 3 4 **by** *metis*
finally show *?thesis* **by** *metis*
qed

lemma *subtensor-tensor-prod*:
assumes $\text{dims } A \neq []$ **and** $i < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A)$
shows *subtensor* $(A \otimes B) i = \text{subtensor } A i \otimes B$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction* A *rule:subtensor-combine-induct*)
case *order-0*
then show *?case* **by** *auto*
next
case (*order-step* As ds)
have 1: $i < \text{length } (\text{map } (\lambda A. A \otimes B) \text{As})$ **using** *order-step* **by** (*simp* *add:order-step.hyps* *order-step.prem1*)
have 2: $(\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } (\text{map } (\lambda A. A \otimes B) \text{As})) \implies \text{dims } A = \text{ds } @ \text{ dims } B$
using *order-step* **by** *auto*
have *subtensor* $(\text{subtensor-combine } \text{ds } \text{As} \otimes B) i = \text{subtensor } (\text{subtensor-combine } (\text{ds } @ \text{ dims } B) (\text{map } (\lambda A. A \otimes B) \text{As})) i$
using *subtensor-combine-tensor-prod* *order-step* **by** *metis*
also have ... = $\text{As } ! i \otimes B$
using *order-step* *subtensor-subtensor-combine[of (map (lambda A. A otimes B) As) ds @ dims B i]* 1 2 **by** *auto*
also have ... = *subtensor* $(\text{subtensor-combine } \text{ds } \text{As}) i \otimes B$
by (*metis* 1 *length-map* *order-step.hyps* *subtensor-subtensor-combine*)
finally show *?case* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *lookup-tensor-prod[simp]*:
assumes *is1-valid:is1* $\triangleleft \text{dims } A$ **and** *is2-valid:is2* $\triangleleft \text{dims } B$
shows *lookup* $(A \otimes B) (\text{is1 } @ \text{ is2}) = \text{lookup } A \text{ is1 } * \text{lookup } B \text{ is2}$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction* A *arbitrary:is1* *rule:subtensor-induct*)
case (*order-0* A *is1*)

```

then obtain  $a$  where  $\text{vec } A = [a]$ 
using Suc-length-conv Tensor.tensor-vec-from-lookup-Nil length-0-conv length-tensor-vec-from-lookup
length-vec by metis
then have  $A \otimes B = a \cdot B$  unfolding tensor-prod-def smult-def using order-0
by simp
moreover have  $\text{lookup } A [] = a$  by (simp add: ⟨Tensor.vec A = [a]⟩ lookup-def
order-0.hyps)
ultimately have  $\text{lookup } (A \otimes B) (is2) = a * \text{lookup } B is2$  by (simp add:
lookup-smult is2-valid)
then show  $?case$  using  $\langle \text{lookup } A [] = a \rangle$  null-rec(1) order-0.hyps order-0.prem(1)
by auto
next
case (order-step A is1)
then obtain  $i is1'$  where  $i \# is1' = is1$  by blast
have  $\text{lookup } (\text{subtensor } A i \otimes B) (is1' @ is2) = \text{lookup } (\text{subtensor } A i) is1' * \text{lookup } B is2$ 
using order-step
by (metis ⟨i # is1' = is1⟩ dims-subtensor list.sel(1) list.sel(3) valid-index-dimsE)
then show  $\text{lookup } (A \otimes B) (is1 @ is2) = \text{lookup } A is1 * \text{lookup } B is2$ 
using lookup-subtensor1[of i is1' A] lookup-subtensor1[of i is1' @ is2 A ⊗ B]
subtensor-tensor-prod[of A i B]
Cons-eq-appendI ⟨i # is1' = is1⟩ dims-tensor-prod is2-valid list.sel(1) order-step.hyps
order-step.prem(1) valid-index-append valid-index-dimsE
by metis
qed

```

```

lemma valid-index-split:
assumes  $is \triangleleft ds1 @ ds2$ 
obtains  $is1 is2$  where  $is1 @ is2 = is$   $is1 \triangleleft ds1$   $is2 \triangleleft ds2$ 
proof
assume  $a: \bigwedge is1 is2. is1 @ is2 = is \implies is1 \triangleleft ds1 \implies is2 \triangleleft ds2 \implies thesis$ 
have  $\text{length-is:length } is = \text{length } ds1 + \text{length } ds2$  using valid-index-length
using assms by auto
show  $\text{take } (\text{length } ds1) is \triangleleft ds1$ 
apply (rule valid-indexI)
using valid-index-length using assms apply auto[1]
by (metis add-leD1 assms length-append not-less nth-append nth-take valid-index-lt)
show  $\text{drop } (\text{length } ds1) is \triangleleft ds2$ 
apply (rule valid-indexI)
using valid-index-length using assms apply auto[1]
using nth-drop[of length ds1 is] valid-index-lt[OF assms(1)] nth-append[of ds1
ds2] length-is
by (metis length-append nat-add-left-cancel-less nat-le-iff-add nth-append-length-plus)
show  $\text{take } (\text{length } ds1) is @ \text{drop } (\text{length } ds1) is = is$  using length-is by auto
qed

```

instance proof

```

fix  $A B C :: 'a :: \text{ring}$  tensor
show  $(A \otimes B) \otimes C = A \otimes (B \otimes C)$ 
proof (rule tensor-lookup-eqI, simp)

```

```

fix is assume  $is \triangleleft \text{dims } ((A \otimes B) \otimes C)$ 
obtain  $is1\ is23$  where  $is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A\ is23 \triangleleft \text{dims } (B \otimes C)\ is1 \ @\ is23 = is$ 
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting)  $\langle is \triangleleft \text{dims } ((A \otimes B) \otimes C) \rangle$  Tensor-Product.dims-tensor-prod
append-assoc valid-index-split)
obtain  $is2\ is3$  where  $is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } B\ is3 \triangleleft \text{dims } C\ is2 \ @\ is3 = is23$ 
by (metis  $\langle is23 \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{local.tensor-prod-otimes } B\ C) \rangle$  dims-tensor-prod
valid-index-split)
define  $is12$  where  $is12 = is1 \ @\ is2$ 
have  $is12 \triangleleft \text{dims } (A \otimes B)$  by (simp add:  $\langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A \rangle \langle is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } B \rangle$ 
is12-def valid-index-append)
have  $is12 \ @\ is3 = is$  by (simp add:  $\langle is1 \ @\ is23 = is \rangle \langle is2 \ @\ is3 = is23 \rangle$ 
is12-def)
show  $\text{lookup } ((A \otimes B) \otimes C)\ is = \text{lookup } (A \otimes (B \otimes C))\ is$ 
unfolding  $\text{lookup-tensor-prod}[OF\ \langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A \rangle \langle is23 \triangleleft \text{dims } (B \otimes C) \rangle,$ 
unfolded  $\langle is1 \ @\ is23 = is \rangle]$ 
 $\text{lookup-tensor-prod}[OF\ \langle is12 \triangleleft \text{dims } (A \otimes B) \rangle \langle is3 \triangleleft \text{dims } C \rangle,$ 
unfolded
 $\langle is12 \ @\ is3 = is \rangle]$ 
using  $\langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A \rangle \langle is2 \ @\ is3 = is23 \rangle \langle is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } B \rangle \langle is3 \triangleleft \text{dims } C \rangle$ 
is12-def mult.assoc by fastforce
qed
qed

```

end

lemma *tensor-prod-distr-left:*

assumes $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$

shows $(A + B) \otimes C = (A \otimes C) + (B \otimes C)$

proof –

have $\bigwedge is. is \triangleleft \text{dims } A \ @\ \text{dims } C \implies \text{lookup } ((A + B) \otimes C)\ is = \text{lookup } (A \otimes C + B \otimes C)\ is$

proof –

fix *is* **assume** $is \triangleleft \text{dims } A \ @\ \text{dims } C$

obtain $is1\ is2$ **where** $is = is1 \ @\ is2\ is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A\ is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } C$ **using**
valid-index-split **using** $\langle is \triangleleft \text{dims } A \ @\ \text{dims } C \rangle$ **by** *blast*

then show $\text{lookup } ((A + B) \otimes C)\ is = \text{lookup } ((A \otimes C) + (B \otimes C))\ is$

using *lookup-plus*

$\langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A \rangle \langle is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } C \rangle$ *assms plus-dim1 dims-tensor-prod lookup-tensor-prod*
ring-class.ring-distrib(2) valid-index-append

by *fastforce*

qed

moreover have $\text{tensor-from-lookup } (\text{dims } A \ @\ \text{dims } C)\ (\text{lookup } ((A + B) \otimes C)) = (A + B) \otimes C$

$\text{tensor-from-lookup } (\text{dims } A \ @\ \text{dims } C)\ (\text{lookup } ((A \otimes C) + (B \otimes C))) = (A \otimes C) + (B \otimes C)$

by (*metis* (*no-types, lifting*) *assms plus-dim1 dims-tensor-prod tensor-lookup*)**+**

ultimately show *?thesis* **using** *tensor-from-lookup-eq1*

by (*metis* $\langle \bigwedge is. is \triangleleft \text{dims } A \ @\ \text{dims } C \implies \text{lookup } ((A + B) \otimes C)\ is = \text{lookup } (A \otimes C + B \otimes C)\ is \rangle$)

qed

```

lemma tensor-prod-distr-right:
assumes dims A = dims B
shows  $C \otimes (A + B) = (C \otimes A) + (C \otimes B)$ 
proof -
  have  $\bigwedge is. is \triangleleft \text{dims } C @ \text{dims } A \implies \text{lookup } (C \otimes (A + B)) \text{ is} = \text{lookup } (C \otimes A + C \otimes B) \text{ is}$ 
  proof -
    fix is assume  $is \triangleleft \text{dims } C @ \text{dims } A$ 
    obtain is1 is2 where  $is = is1 @ is2$   $is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } C$   $is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } A$  using valid-index-split using  $(is \triangleleft \text{dims } C @ \text{dims } A)$  by blast
    then show  $\text{lookup } (C \otimes (A + B)) \text{ is} = \text{lookup } ((C \otimes A) + (C \otimes B)) \text{ is}$ 
    using lookup-plus
    using  $(is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } A)$   $(is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } C)$  assms plus-dim1 dims-tensor-prod lookup-tensor-prod ring-class.ring-distrib(1) valid-index-append
    by fastforce
  qed
  moreover have  $\text{tensor-from-lookup } (\text{dims } C @ \text{dims } A) (\text{lookup } (C \otimes (A + B))) = C \otimes (A + B)$ 
   $\text{tensor-from-lookup } (\text{dims } C @ \text{dims } A) (\text{lookup } ((C \otimes A) + (C \otimes B))) = (C \otimes A) + (C \otimes B)$ 
  by  $(\text{metis } (no-types, lifting) \text{ assms plus-dim1 dims-tensor-prod tensor-lookup})+$ 
  ultimately show ?thesis using tensor-from-lookup-eqI
  by  $(\text{metis } (\bigwedge is. is \triangleleft \text{dims } C @ \text{dims } A \implies \text{lookup } (C \otimes (A + B)) \text{ is} = \text{lookup } (C \otimes A + C \otimes B) \text{ is}))$ 
qed

```

instantiation *tensor* :: *(ring-1) monoid-mult*

begin

definition *tensor-one-def:1* = *tensor-from-vec* [] [1]

lemma *tensor-one-from-lookup: 1* = *tensor-from-lookup* [] $(\lambda-. 1)$

unfolding *tensor-one-def* **by** $(\text{rule } \text{tensor-eqI}; \text{simp-all add: } \text{tensor-from-lookup-def})$

instance proof

fix *A::'a::ring-1 tensor*

show $A * 1 = A$ **unfolding** *tensor-one-from-lookup*

by $(\text{rule } \text{tensor-lookup-eqI}; \text{metis } \text{lookup-tensor-prod}[of - A [] \text{tensor-from-lookup}] [] (\lambda-. 1))$

lookup-tensor-from-lookup valid-index.Nil append-Nil2 dims-tensor dims-tensor-prod length-tensor-vec-from-lookup mult.right-neutral tensor-from-lookup-def)

next

fix *A::'a::ring-1 tensor*

show $1 * A = A$ **unfolding** *tensor-one-from-lookup*

by $(\text{rule } \text{tensor-lookup-eqI}; \text{metis } \text{lookup-tensor-prod}[of [] \text{tensor-from-lookup}] [] (\lambda-. 1) - A)$

lookup-tensor-from-lookup valid-index.Nil List.append.append-Nil dims-tensor dims-tensor-prod

length-tensor-vec-from-lookup mult.left-neutral tensor-from-lookup-def)

qed
end

lemma *order-tensor-one*: *order 1 = 0 unfolding tensor-one-def by simp*

lemma *smult-prod-extract1*:
fixes *a::'a::comm-ring-1*
shows $a \cdot (A \otimes B) = (a \cdot A) \otimes B$
proof (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI*)
 show $\text{dims } (a \cdot (A \otimes B)) = \text{dims } ((a \cdot A) \otimes B)$ **by** *simp*
 fix *is* **assume** $is \triangleleft \text{dims } (a \cdot (A \otimes B))$
 then have $is \triangleleft \text{dims } (A \otimes B)$ **by** *auto*
 then obtain *is1 is2* **where** $is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A$ $is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } B$ $is = is1 @ is2$ **by**
 (*metis dims-tensor-prod valid-index-split*)
 then have $is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } (a \cdot A)$ **by** *auto*
 show $\text{lookup } (a \cdot (A \otimes B)) \text{ } is = \text{lookup } (a \cdot A \otimes B) \text{ } is$
 using $\text{lookup-tensor-prod}[OF \langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A \rangle \langle is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } B \rangle]$ $\text{lookup-tensor-prod}[OF$
 $\langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } (a \cdot A) \rangle \langle is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } B \rangle]$
 $\text{lookup-smult}[OF \langle is \triangleleft \text{dims } (A \otimes B) \rangle]$ $\text{lookup-smult}[OF \langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A \rangle \langle is$
 $= is1 @ is2 \rangle]$ **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *smult-prod-extract2*:
fixes *a::'a::comm-ring-1*
shows $a \cdot (A \otimes B) = A \otimes (a \cdot B)$
proof (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI*)
 show $\text{dims } (a \cdot (A \otimes B)) = \text{dims } (A \otimes (a \cdot B))$ **by** *simp*
 fix *is* **assume** $is \triangleleft \text{dims } (a \cdot (A \otimes B))$
 then have $is \triangleleft \text{dims } (A \otimes B)$ **by** *auto*
 then obtain *is1 is2* **where** $is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A$ $is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } B$ $is = is1 @ is2$ **by**
 (*metis dims-tensor-prod valid-index-split*)
 then have $is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } (a \cdot B)$ **by** *auto*
 show $\text{lookup } (a \cdot (A \otimes B)) \text{ } is = \text{lookup } (A \otimes (a \cdot B)) \text{ } is$
 using $\text{lookup-tensor-prod}[OF \langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A \rangle \langle is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } B \rangle]$ $\text{lookup-tensor-prod}[OF$
 $\langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A \rangle \langle is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } (a \cdot B) \rangle]$
 $\text{lookup-smult}[OF \langle is \triangleleft \text{dims } (A \otimes B) \rangle]$ $\text{lookup-smult}[OF \langle is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } B \rangle \langle is$
 $= is1 @ is2 \rangle]$ **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *order-0-multiple-of-one*:
assumes $\text{order } A = 0$
obtains *a* **where** $A = a \cdot 1$
proof
 assume $(\bigwedge a. A = a \cdot 1 \implies \text{thesis})$
 have $\text{length } (\text{vec } A) = 1$ **using** *assms* **by** (*simp add:length-vec*)
 then obtain *a* **where** $\text{vec } A = [a]$ **by** (*metis One-nat-def Suc-length-conv*
length-0-conv)

moreover have $\text{vec } (a \cdot 1) = [a]$ **unfolding** *smult-def tensor-one-def* **by** (*simp add: vec-smult-def*)
ultimately have $A = a \cdot 1$ **using** *tensor-eqI* **by** (*metis assms dims-smult length-0-conv order-tensor-one*)
then show $A = \text{hd } (\text{vec } A) \cdot 1$ **using** (*vec A = [a]*) **by auto**
qed

lemma *smult-1*:
fixes $A::'a::\text{ring-1 tensor}$
shows $A = 1 \cdot A$ **unfolding** *smult-def tensor-one-def*
apply (*rule tensor-eqI*)
apply (*simp add: length-vec length-vec-smult*)
by (*metis dims-tensor length-vec length-vec-smult lookup-smult mult.left-neutral smult-def tensor-lookup-eqI*)

lemma *tensor0-prod-right[simp]*: $A \otimes \text{tensor0 } ds = \text{tensor0 } (\text{dims } A @ ds)$
proof (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI, simp*)
fix is **assume** $is \triangleleft \text{dims } (A \otimes \text{tensor0 } ds)$
then obtain $is1 is2$ **where** $is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A$ $is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{tensor0 } ds)$ $is = is1 @ is2$
by (*metis dims-tensor0 dims-tensor-prod valid-index-split*)
then show $\text{lookup } (A \otimes \text{tensor0 } ds) is = \text{lookup } (\text{tensor0 } (\text{dims } A @ ds)) is$
by (*metis (no-types, lifting) is < dims (A @ tensor0 ds) dims-tensor0 dims-tensor-prod lookup-tensor0 lookup-tensor-prod mult-zero-right*)
qed

lemma *tensor0-prod-left[simp]*: $\text{tensor0 } ds \otimes A = \text{tensor0 } (ds @ \text{dims } A)$
proof (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI, simp*)
fix is **assume** $is \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{tensor0 } ds \otimes A)$
then obtain $is1 is2$ **where** $is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{tensor0 } ds)$ $is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } A$ $is = is1 @ is2$
by (*metis dims-tensor0 dims-tensor-prod valid-index-split*)
then show $\text{lookup } (\text{tensor0 } ds \otimes A) is = \text{lookup } (\text{tensor0 } (ds @ \text{dims } A)) is$
by (*metis (no-types, lifting) is < dims (tensor0 ds @ A) dims-tensor0 dims-tensor-prod lookup-tensor0 lookup-tensor-prod mult-zero-left*)
qed

lemma *subtensor-prod-with-vec*:
assumes $\text{order } A = 1$ $i < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A)$
shows $\text{subtensor } (A \otimes B) i = \text{lookup } A [i] \cdot B$
proof (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI*)
have $\text{dims } (A \otimes B) \neq []$ **using** *assms(1)* **by auto**
have $\text{hd } (\text{dims } A) = \text{hd } (\text{dims } (A \otimes B))$
by (*metis One-nat-def Suc-length-conv append-Cons assms(1) dims-tensor-prod list.sel(1)*)
show $\text{dims } (\text{subtensor } (A \otimes B) i) = \text{dims } (\text{lookup } A [i] \cdot B)$
unfolding *dims-smult dims-subtensor[OF dims (A @ B) ≠ [] is < hd (dims A)]* *[unfolded hd (dims A) = hd (dims (A @ B))]*

```

    by (metis One-nat-def Suc-length-conv append.simps(2) append-self-conv2 assms(1)
        dims-tensor-prod length-0-conv list.sel(3))
next
  fix is assume is < dims (subtensor (A ⊗ B) i)
  have dims (A ⊗ B) ≠ [] using assms(1) by auto
  have hd (dims A) = hd (dims (A ⊗ B))
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-length-conv append-Cons assms(1) dims-tensor-prod
      list.sel(1))
  then have is < dims B
    using ⟨is < dims (subtensor (A ⊗ B) i)⟩[unfolded dims-subtensor[OF ⟨dims
        (A ⊗ B) ≠ []⟩ ⟨i < hd (dims A)⟩[unfolded ⟨hd (dims A) = hd (dims (A ⊗ B))⟩]]]
    by (metis One-nat-def Suc-length-conv append-self-conv2 assms(1) dims-tensor-prod
        length-0-conv list.sel(3) list.simps(3) tl-append2)
  have [i] < dims A using assms by (metis One-nat-def Suc-length-conv length-0-conv
      list.sel(1) valid-index.Nil valid-index.simps)
  then have i # is < dims (A ⊗ B) using ⟨is < dims (subtensor (A ⊗ B) i)⟩
      dims-subtensor valid-index.Cons by auto
  then show lookup (subtensor (A ⊗ B) i) is = lookup (lookup A [i] · B) is
    unfolding lookup-subtensor1[OF ⟨i # is < dims (A ⊗ B)⟩]
    using lookup-tensor-prod[OF ⟨[i] < dims A⟩ ⟨is < dims B⟩] lookup-smult
    ⟨is < dims B⟩ using append-Cons by fastforce
qed
end

```

6 Unit Vectors as Tensors

```

theory Tensor-Unit-Vec
imports Tensor-Product
begin

```

```

definition unit-vec::nat ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a::ring-1 tensor
where unit-vec n i = tensor-from-lookup [n] (λx. if x=[i] then 1 else 0)

```

```

lemma dims-unit-vec: dims (unit-vec n i) = [n] unfolding unit-vec-def by (simp
add: tensor-from-lookup-def)

```

```

lemma lookup-unit-vec:
assumes j < n
shows lookup (unit-vec n i) [j] = (if i=j then 1 else 0)
proof -
  have [j] < [n] by (simp add: assms valid-index.Cons valid-index.Nil)
  then have lookup (unit-vec n i) [j] = (λx. if x=[i] then 1 else 0) [j]
    by (simp add: lookup-tensor-from-lookup unit-vec-def)
  then show ?thesis by auto
qed

```

```

lemma subtensor-prod-with-unit-vec:
fixes A::'a::ring-1 tensor

```

assumes $j < n$
shows $\text{subtensor } (\text{unit-vec } n \ i \ \otimes \ A) \ j = (\text{if } i=j \ \text{then } A \ \text{else } (\text{tensor0 } (\text{dims } A)))$
proof –
have $0:\text{lookup } (\text{unit-vec } n \ i) \ [j] = (\text{if } i=j \ \text{then } 1 \ \text{else } 0)$ **unfolding** unit-vec-def
by ($\text{simp add: assms lookup-tensor-from-lookup valid-index.Cons valid-index.Nil}$)
have $1:\text{order } (\text{unit-vec } n \ i) = 1$ **unfolding** unit-vec-def **by** ($\text{simp add: tensor-from-lookup-def}$)
from assms **have** $2:j < \text{hd } (\text{dims } (\text{tensor-from-lookup } [n] \ (\lambda x. \ \text{if } x = [i] \ \text{then } 1 \ \text{else } 0)))$
by ($\text{simp add: dims-tensor-from-lookup}$)
show $?thesis$ **using** $\text{unit-vec-def subtensor-prod-with-vec 1 2 0 smult-1 tensor-smult0}$
by ($\text{metis (no-types, lifting) tensor-from-lookup-eqI}$)
qed

lemma *subtensor-decomposition*:

assumes $\text{dims } A \neq []$
shows $\text{listsum } (\text{dims } A) \ (\text{map } (\lambda i. \ \text{unit-vec } (\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)) \ i \ \otimes \ \text{subtensor } A \ i) \ [0..\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)]) = A$ (**is** $?LS = A$)
proof –
let $?f = \lambda i. \ \text{unit-vec } (\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)) \ i \ \otimes \ \text{subtensor } A \ i$
have $\text{correct-dims}:\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } (\text{map } ?f \ [0..\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)]) \implies \text{dims } B = \text{dims } A$
proof–
fix B
assume $B \in \text{set } (\text{map } ?f \ [0..\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)])$
then obtain i **where** $B:B = ?f \ i$ **and** $i < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A)$ **by** *auto*
then have $\text{dims } (\text{subtensor } A \ i) = \text{tl } (\text{dims } A)$ **using** dims-subtensor **using** assms **by** *blast*
then show $\text{dims } B = \text{dims } A$ **unfolding** B
by ($\text{metis append-Cons assms dims-tensor-prod dims-unit-vec list.exhaust-sel self-append-conv2}$)
qed
have $\bigwedge j. j < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A) \implies \text{subtensor } ?LS \ j = \text{subtensor } A \ j$
proof –
fix j
assume $j < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A)$
have $1:\text{subtensor } ?LS \ j = \text{listsum } (\text{tl } (\text{dims } A)) \ (\text{map } (\lambda A. \ \text{subtensor } A \ j) \ (\text{map } ?f \ [0..\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)]))$
using subtensor-listsum [$\text{of } (\text{map } (\lambda i. \ ?f \ i) \ [0..\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)]) \ \text{dims } A \ j$, *OF correct-dims assms* $\langle j < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A) \rangle$]
by *linarith*
also have $\dots = \text{listsum } (\text{tl } (\text{dims } A)) \ (\text{map } (\lambda i. \ \text{subtensor } (?f \ i) \ j) \ [0..\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)])$
proof –
have $\text{map } (\lambda A. \ \text{subtensor } A \ j) \ (\text{map } ?f \ [0..\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)]) = \text{map } (\lambda i. \ \text{subtensor } (?f \ i) \ j) \ [0..\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)]$
unfolding map-map [$\text{of } (\lambda A. \ \text{subtensor } A \ j) \ ?f \ [0..\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)]$] **by** *simp*
with 1 **show** $?thesis$ **by** *metis*
qed
also have $\dots = \text{map } (\lambda i. \ \text{if } i = j \ \text{then } \text{subtensor } A \ i \ \text{else } \text{tensor0 } (\text{dims } A))$

```

(subtensor A i)) [0..<hd (dims A)] ! j
  unfolding subtensor-prod-with-unit-vec[OF ⟨j < hd (dims A)⟩]
  using listsum-all-0-but-one[of j (map (λi. if i = j then subtensor A i else
tensor0 (dims (subtensor A i))) [0..<hd (dims A)]) tl (dims A)]
  by (simp add: ⟨j < hd (dims A)⟩ assms)
  also have ... = subtensor A j by (simp add: ⟨j < hd (dims A)⟩)
  finally show subtensor ?LS j = subtensor A j by auto
qed
moreover have dims ?LS = dims A using correct-dims listsum-dims by blast
ultimately show ?thesis using subtensor-eqI by (metis (no-types, lifting)
assms)
qed

end

```

7 Tensor CP-Rank

```

theory Tensor-Rank
imports Tensor-Unit-Vec
begin

```

```

inductive cprank-max1::'a::ring-1 tensor ⇒ bool where
order1: order A ≤ 1 ⇒ cprank-max1 A |
higher-order: order A = 1 ⇒ cprank-max1 B ⇒ cprank-max1 (A ⊗ B)

```

```

lemma cprank-max1-order0: cprank-max1 B ⇒ order A = 0 ⇒ cprank-max1
(A ⊗ B)

```

```

proof (induction B rule:cprank-max1.induct)
  case order1
  then show ?case by (simp add: cprank-max1.order1)
next
  case (higher-order A' B)
  then have order (A ⊗ A') = 1 by simp
  then show ?case using higher-order cprank-max1.higher-order by (metis mult.assoc)
qed

```

```

lemma cprank-max1-order-le1: order A ≤ 0 ⇒ cprank-max1 B ⇒ cprank-max1
(A ⊗ B)
by (simp add: cprank-max1-order0)

```

```

lemma cprank-max1-prod: cprank-max1 A ⇒ cprank-max1 B ⇒ cprank-max1
(A ⊗ B)
  apply (induction A rule: cprank-max1.induct)
  apply (meson higher-order le-neq-trans less-one cprank-max1-order0)
  by (simp add: higher-order mult.assoc)

```

```

lemma cprank-max1-prod-list:
assumes ⋀B. B ∈ set Bs ⇒ cprank-max1 B
shows cprank-max1 (prod-list Bs)

```

using *assms* **by** (*induction* *Bs*, *metis* *dims-smult* *dims-tensor0* *list.size(3)* *prod-list.Nil* *order1* *order-0-multiple-of-one* *zero-le-one*, *simp* *add: cprank-max1-prod*)

lemma *cprank-max1-prod-listE*:

fixes *A::'a::comm-ring-1 tensor*

assumes *cprank-max1 A*

obtains *Bs a* **where** $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{order } B = 1 \ a \cdot \text{prod-list } Bs = A$

using *assms* **proof** (*induction* *A* *arbitrary:thesis* *rule:cprank-max1.induct*)

case (*order1 A*)

then show *?case*

proof (*cases* *order A = 0*)

case *True*

then obtain *a* **where** $A = a \cdot \text{prod-list } []$ **using** *order-0-multiple-of-one* **using** *prod-list.Nil* **by** *auto*

then show *?thesis* **using** *length-pos-if-in-set* *order1.prem*s **by** *fastforce*

next

case *False*

then have $\text{order } A = 1$ **using** *order1* **by** *linarith*

then have $A = 1 \cdot \text{prod-list } [A]$ **by** (*simp* *add: smult-1*)

then show *?thesis* **by** (*metis* $\langle \text{order } A = 1 \rangle$ *length-greater-0-conv* *length-pos-if-in-set* *order1.prem*s *set-ConsD*)

qed

next

case (*higher-order A B*)

then obtain *Bs b* **where** $(\bigwedge B'. B' \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{order } B' = 1) \ b \cdot \text{prod-list } Bs = B$ **by** *metis*

then have $(\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } (A \# Bs) \implies \text{order } B = 1)$ **using** *higher-order* **by** *auto*

have $A \otimes B = b \cdot (A \otimes \text{prod-list } Bs)$ **using** *smult-prod-extract2* $\langle b \cdot \text{prod-list } Bs = B \rangle$ **by** *metis*

then show *?case* **by** (*metis* $\langle \bigwedge Ba. Ba \in \text{set } (A \# Bs) \implies \text{order } Ba = 1 \rangle$ *higher-order.prem*s *prod-list.Cons*)

qed

inductive *cprank-max* $:: \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{ring-1 tensor} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ **where**

cprank-max0: cprank-max 0 (tensor0 ds) |

cprank-max-Suc: dims A = dims B \implies cprank-max1 A \implies cprank-max j B \implies

cprank-max (Suc j) (A+B)

lemma *cprank-max1: cprank-max1 A \implies cprank-max 1 A*

by (*metis* *One-nat-def* *dims-tensor0* *cprank-max.simp*s *cprank-max0* *tensor-add-0-right*)

lemma *cprank-max-plus: cprank-max i A \implies cprank-max j B \implies dims A = dims B \implies cprank-max (i+j) (A+B)*

apply (*induction* *A* *rule:cprank-max.induct*)

apply *auto[1]*

by (*metis* *add-Suc* *plus-assoc* *plus-dim1* *cprank-max.intros(2)*)

lemma *cprank-max-listsum:*

assumes $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{dims } A = ds$
and $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{cprank-max } n \ A$
shows $\text{cprank-max } (n * \text{length } As) \ (\text{listsum } ds \ As)$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction* *As*)
 case *Nil*
 then show *?case* **using** *listsum-Nil* *cprank-max.simps* **by** *fastforce*
next
 case (*Cons* *A* *As*)
 then show *?case* **using** *cprank-max-plus*[*of* *n* *A* *n * length* *As* *listsum* *ds* *As*]
 by (*simp* *add: length-Cons* *list.set-intros(1)* *listsum-Cons* *listsum-dims* *set-subset-Cons* *subsetCE*)
qed

lemma *cprank-maxE*:
assumes *cprank-max* *n* *A*
obtains *BS* **where** ($\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } BS \implies \text{cprank-max1 } B$) **and** ($\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } BS \implies \text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$) **and** $\text{listsum } (\text{dims } A) \ BS = A$ **and** $\text{length } BS = n$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction* *arbitrary:thesis* *rule:cprank-max.induct*)
 case (*cprank-max0* *ds*)
 have *Tensor-Plus.listsum* ($\text{dims } (\text{tensor0 } ds)$) [] = *tensor0* *ds* **by** (*simp* *add: listsum-Nil*)
 then show *?case* **using** *cprank-max0.prem*s **by** *fastforce*
next
 case (*cprank-max-Suc* *A* *B* *j*)
 then obtain *BS* **where** *BS-def*: ($\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } BS \implies \text{cprank-max1 } B$) ($\bigwedge B'. B' \in \text{set } BS \implies \text{dims } B' = \text{dims } B$)
 $\text{listsum } (\text{dims } B) \ BS = B$ $\text{length } BS = j$ **by** *metis*
 then have $\text{listsum } (\text{dims } (A + B)) \ (A \# BS) = A + B$
 by (*simp* *add: listsum-Cons* *cprank-max-Suc.hyps(1)*)
 then show *?case* **using** *BS-def* *length-Cons* *cprank-max-Suc.hyps(2)* *cprank-max-Suc.prem*s *set-ConsD*
 by (*metis* *plus-dim1* *cprank-max-Suc.hyps(1)*)
qed

lemma *cprank-maxI*:
assumes $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } BS \implies \text{cprank-max1 } B$
and $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } BS \implies \text{dims } B = ds$
shows $\text{cprank-max } (\text{length } BS) \ (\text{listsum } ds \ BS)$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction* *BS*)
 case *Nil*
 then show *?case* **by** (*simp* *add: listsum-Nil* *cprank-max0*)
next
 case (*Cons* *B* *BS*)
 then show *?case*
 by (*simp* *add: length-Cons* *list.set-intros(1)* *list.set-intros(2)* *listsum-Cons* *listsum-dims* *cprank-max-Suc*)
qed

lemma *cprank-max-0E*: $\text{cprank-max } 0 \ A \implies A = \text{tensor0 } (\text{dims } A)$ **by** (*metis*

dims-tensor0 length-0-conv cprank-max0 cprank-maxE)

lemma *listsum-prod-distr-right*:

assumes $(\bigwedge C. C \in \text{set } CS \implies \text{dims } C = ds)$

shows $A \otimes \text{listsum } ds \text{ } CS = \text{listsum } (\text{dims } A @ ds) (\text{map } (\lambda C. A \otimes C) \text{ } CS)$

using *assms* **proof** (*induction* *CS*)

case *Nil*

then show *?case* **by** (*simp add:listsum-Nil*)

next

case (*Cons* *C* *CS*)

then have $\text{dims } C = \text{dims } (\text{listsum } ds \text{ } CS)$ **by** (*simp add: list.set-intros(1) list.set-intros(2) listsum-dims*)

then show *?case* **unfolding** *listsum-Cons list.map(2)*

using *tensor-prod-distr-right Cons.IH Cons.premis list.set-intros(2)* **by** *fastforce* **qed**

lemma *cprank-max-prod-order1*:

assumes $\text{order } A = 1$

and *cprank-max* *n* *B*

shows *cprank-max* *n* $(A \otimes B)$

proof –

obtain *CS* **where** $(\bigwedge C. C \in \text{set } CS \implies \text{cprank-max1 } C)$

and $(\bigwedge C. C \in \text{set } CS \implies \text{dims } C = \text{dims } B)$

and $\text{listsum } (\text{dims } B) \text{ } CS = B$

and $\text{length } CS = n$

using *assms(2) cprank-maxE* **by** *metis*

define *CS'* **where** $CS' = \text{map } (\lambda C. A \otimes C) \text{ } CS$

then have $\bigwedge C'. C' \in \text{set } CS' \implies \text{cprank-max1 } C'$

using *assms(1) higher-order* $\langle \bigwedge C. C \in \text{set } CS \implies \text{cprank-max1 } C \rangle$ *imageE set-map* **by** *auto*

have $\text{listsum } (\text{dims } A @ \text{dims } B) \text{ } CS' = A \otimes B$ **using** *CS'-def* $\langle \text{Tensor-Plus.listsum } (\text{dims } B) \text{ } CS = B \rangle$

using $\langle \bigwedge Ca. Ca \in \text{set } CS \implies \text{dims } Ca = \text{dims } B \rangle$ *listsum-prod-distr-right* **by** *fastforce*

then show *?thesis* **by** (*metis (mono-tags, lifting) CS'-def* $\langle \bigwedge C'. C' \in \text{set } CS' \implies \text{cprank-max1 } C' \rangle$ $\langle \bigwedge Ca. Ca \in \text{set } CS \implies \text{dims } Ca = \text{dims } B \rangle$ $\langle \text{length } CS = n \rangle$ *dims-tensor-prod imageE length-map cprank-maxI set-map*)

qed

lemma *cprank-max-upper-bound*:

shows *cprank-max* $(\text{prod-list } (\text{dims } A)) \text{ } A$

proof (*induction* *A* *rule:subtensor-induct*)

case (*order-0* *A*)

then have *cprank-max* *1* *A* **using** *order1 cprank-max1* **by** *force*

then show *?case* **using** *order-0* **by** *auto*

next

case (*order-step* *A*)

define *Bs* **where** $Bs = \text{map } (\lambda i. \text{unit-vec } (\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)) \text{ } i \otimes \text{subtensor } A \text{ } i) [0..<\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)]$


```

have  $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$ 
proof -
  fix B assume B  $\in$  set Bs
  obtain i where i < hd (dims A) Bs!i=B using Bs-def  $\langle B \in \text{set } Bs \rangle$  by auto
  then have dims (unit-vec (hd (dims A)) i  $\otimes$  subtensor A i) = dims A
    using dims-unit-vec order-step.hyps
  by (metis append-Cons dims-subtensor dims-tensor-prod list.exhaust-sel self-append-conv2)
  then show dims A = dims B using Bs-def  $\langle Bs ! i = B \rangle \langle i < \text{hd } (dims A) \rangle$ 
by auto
qed
have  $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{cprank-max } (\text{prod-list } (\text{tl } (dims A))) B$ 
proof -
  fix B assume B  $\in$  set Bs
  obtain i where i < hd (dims A) Bs!i=B using Bs-def  $\langle B \in \text{set } Bs \rangle$  by auto
  then have cprank-max (prod-list (tl (dims A))) (unit-vec (hd (dims A)) i  $\otimes$ 
subtensor A i)
    by (metis One-nat-def dims-subtensor dims-unit-vec length-Cons list.size(3)
order-step.IH order-step.hyps cprank-max-prod-order1)
  then show cprank-max (prod-list (tl (dims A))) B using Bs-def  $\langle Bs ! i = B \rangle$ 
 $\langle i < \text{hd } (dims A) \rangle$  by auto
qed
then show ?case using subtensor-decomposition[OF order-step.hyps] cprank-max-listsum
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) Bs-def  $\langle \bigwedge Ba. Ba \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{dims } A = \text{dims } Ba \rangle$ 
diff-zero length-map length-upt list.exhaust-sel prod-list.Cons mult.commute
order-step.hyps)
qed

definition cprank :: 'a::ring-1 tensor  $\Rightarrow$  nat where
cprank A = (LEAST n. cprank-max n A)

lemma cprank-upper-bound: cprank A  $\leq$  prod-list (dims A)
unfolding cprank-def using cprank-max-upper-bound Least-le by fastforce

lemma cprank-max-cprank: cprank-max (cprank A) A
unfolding cprank-def using cprank-max-upper-bound by (metis LeastI)

end

```

8 Tensor Matricization

```

theory Tensor-Matricization
imports Tensor-Plus
Jordan-Normal-Form.Matrix Jordan-Normal-Form.DL-Missing-Sublist
begin

fun digit-decode :: nat list  $\Rightarrow$  nat list  $\Rightarrow$  nat where
digit-decode [] [] = 0 |
digit-decode (d # ds) (i # is) = i + d * digit-decode ds is

```

```

fun digit-encode :: nat list  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat list where
  digit-encode [] a = [] |
  digit-encode (d # ds) a = a mod d # digit-encode ds (a div d)

lemma digit-encode-decode[simp]:
assumes is  $\triangleleft$  ds
shows digit-encode ds (digit-decode ds is) = is
  using assms apply (induction rule:valid-index.induct)
  unfolding digit-decode.simps digit-encode.simps
  by simp-all

lemma digit-decode-encode[simp]:
shows digit-decode ds (digit-encode ds a) = a mod (prod-list ds)
by (induction ds arbitrary:a; simp add: Divides.mod-mult2-eq add.commute)

lemma digit-decode-encode-lt[simp]:
assumes a < prod-list ds
shows digit-decode ds (digit-encode ds a) = a
by (simp add: assms)

lemma digit-decode-lt:
assumes is  $\triangleleft$  ds
shows digit-decode ds is < prod-list ds
using assms proof (induction rule:valid-index.induct)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons is ds i d)
  have (i + d * digit-decode ds is) div (d * prod-list ds) = 0
    using Cons.IH Cons.hyps(2) div-mult2-eq by force
  then show ?case unfolding digit-decode.simps prod-list.Cons
    by (metis (no-types) Cons.IH Cons.hyps(2) div-eq-0-iff mult-eq-0-iff not-less0)
qed

lemma digit-encode-valid-index:
assumes a < prod-list ds
shows digit-encode ds a  $\triangleleft$  ds
using assms proof (induction ds arbitrary:a)
  case Nil
  show ?case by (simp add: valid-index.Nil)
next
  case (Cons d ds a)
  then have a < d * prod-list ds
    by simp
  then have a div d < prod-list ds
    by (metis div-eq-0-iff div-mult2-eq mult-0-right not-less0)
  then have digit-encode ds (a div d)  $\triangleleft$  ds
    by (rule Cons)
  moreover have d > 0

```

using $\langle a < d * \text{prod-list } ds \rangle$ **by** $(\text{cases } d = 0)$ *simp-all*
then have $a \bmod d < d$
by *simp*
ultimately show *?case*
by $(\text{simp add: valid-index.Cons})$
qed

lemma *length-digit-encode*:
shows $\text{length } (\text{digit-encode } ds \ a) = \text{length } ds$
by $(\text{induction } ds \ \text{arbitrary:}a; \ \text{simp-all})$

lemma *digit-encode-0*:
 $\text{prod-list } ds \ dvd \ a \implies \text{digit-encode } ds \ a = \text{replicate } (\text{length } ds) \ 0$
proof $(\text{induction } ds \ \text{arbitrary:}a)$
case *Nil*
then show *?case* **by** *simp*
next
case $(\text{Cons } d \ ds \ a)$
then have $\text{prod-list } ds \ dvd \ (a \ \text{div } d)$ **unfolding** *prod-list.Cons*
by $(\text{metis } dvd-0-right \ dvd-div-iff-mult \ dvd-mult-left \ \text{mult.commute } \ \text{split-div})$
then show *?case* **unfolding** *digit-encode.simps length-Cons replicate-Suc prod-list.Cons*
using *Cons*
using $dvd-imp-mod-0 \ dvd-mult-left \ \text{prod-list.Cons}$ **by** *force*
qed

lemma *valid-index-weave*:
assumes $is1 \triangleleft (\text{nths } ds \ A)$
and $is2 \triangleleft (\text{nths } ds \ (-A))$
shows $\text{weave } A \ is1 \ is2 \triangleleft ds$
and $\text{nths } (\text{weave } A \ is1 \ is2) \ A = is1$
and $\text{nths } (\text{weave } A \ is1 \ is2) \ (-A) = is2$
proof –
have $\text{length-ds: } \text{length } is1 + \text{length } is2 = \text{length } ds$
using $\text{valid-index-length}[OF \ \text{assms}(1)] \ \text{valid-index-length}[OF \ \text{assms}(2)]$
 $\text{length-weave } \ \text{weave-complementary-nthss}$ **by** *metis*
have $1:\text{length } is1 = \text{card } \{i \in A. \ i < \text{length } is1 + \text{length } is2\}$ **unfolding**
 length-ds
using $\text{length-nths}' \ \text{assms}(1) \ \text{valid-index-length}$ **by** *auto*
have $2:\text{length } is2 = \text{card } \{i \in -A. \ i < \text{length } is1 + \text{length } is2\}$ **unfolding**
 length-ds
using $\text{length-nths}'[of \ ds \ -A] \ \text{assms}(2) \ \text{valid-index-length}$ **by** *auto*
show $\text{nths } (\text{weave } A \ is1 \ is2) \ A = is1$ $\text{nths } (\text{weave } A \ is1 \ is2) \ (-A) = is2$ **using**
 $\text{nths-weave}[OF \ 1 \ 2]$ **by** *blast+*
then have $\text{nths } (\text{weave } A \ is1 \ is2) \ A \triangleleft (\text{nths } ds \ A)$
 $\text{nths } (\text{weave } A \ is1 \ is2) \ (-A) \triangleleft (\text{nths } ds \ (-A))$ **using** *assms* **by** *auto*
then show $\text{weave } A \ is1 \ is2 \triangleleft ds$ **using** $\text{list-all2-nths } \ \text{valid-index-list-all2-iff}$ **by**
blast
qed

definition *matricize* :: nat set \Rightarrow 'a tensor \Rightarrow 'a mat **where**

```

matricize rmodes T = mat
  (prod-list (nth (Tensor.dims T) rmodes))
  (prod-list (nth (Tensor.dims T) (-rmodes)))
  ( $\lambda$ (r, c). Tensor.lookup T (weave rmodes
    (digit-encode (nth (Tensor.dims T) rmodes) r)
    (digit-encode (nth (Tensor.dims T) (-rmodes)) c)
  ))

```

definition *dematricize*::nat set \Rightarrow 'a mat \Rightarrow nat list \Rightarrow 'a tensor **where**

```

dematricize rmodes A ds = tensor-from-lookup ds
  ( $\lambda$ is. A $$ (digit-decode (nth ds rmodes) (nth is rmodes),
    digit-decode (nth ds (-rmodes)) (nth is (-rmodes)))
  )

```

lemma *dims-matricize*:

```

dim-row (matricize rmodes T) = prod-list (nth (Tensor.dims T) rmodes)
dim-col (matricize rmodes T) = prod-list (nth (Tensor.dims T) (-rmodes))
  unfolding matricize-def using dim-row-mat by simp-all

```

lemma *dims-dematricize*: Tensor.dims (dematricize rmodes A ds) = ds
 by (simp add: dematricize-def dims-tensor-from-lookup)

lemma *valid-index-nths*:

```

assumes is  $\triangleleft$  ds
shows nth is A  $\triangleleft$  nth ds A
using assms proof (induction arbitrary:A rule:valid-index.induct)
  case Nil
  then show ?case using nth-nil valid-index.simps by blast
next
  case (Cons is ds i d)
  then have nth is {j. Suc j  $\in$  A}  $\triangleleft$  nth ds {j. Suc j  $\in$  A}
  by simp
  then show ?case unfolding nth-Cons
  by (cases 0 $\in$ A; simp-all add: Cons.hyps(2) valid-index.Cons)
qed

```

lemma *dematricize-matricize*:

```

shows dematricize rmodes (matricize rmodes T) (Tensor.dims T) = T
proof (rule tensor-lookup-eqI)
  show 1:Tensor.dims (dematricize rmodes (matricize rmodes T) (Tensor.dims
  T)) = Tensor.dims T
  by (simp add: dematricize-def dims-tensor-from-lookup)
  fix is assume is  $\triangleleft$  Tensor.dims (dematricize rmodes (matricize rmodes T)
  (Tensor.dims T))
  then have is  $\triangleleft$  Tensor.dims T using 1 by auto
  let ?rds = (nth (Tensor.dims T) rmodes)

```

```

let ?cds = (nths (Tensor.dims T) (-rmodes))
have decode-r: digit-decode ?rds (nths is rmodes) < prod-list ?rds
  by (simp add: ⟨is < Tensor.dims T⟩ valid-index-nths digit-decode-lt)
have decode-c: digit-decode ?cds (nths is (-rmodes)) < prod-list ?cds
  by (simp add: ⟨is < Tensor.dims T⟩ valid-index-nths digit-decode-lt)
have (matricize rmodes T) $$
  (digit-decode ?rds (nths is rmodes),
   digit-decode ?cds (nths is (- rmodes))) =
  Tensor.lookup T is
unfolding matricize-def
by (simp add: decode-r decode-c ⟨is < Tensor.dims T⟩ valid-index-nths)
then show Tensor.lookup (dematricize rmodes (matricize rmodes T)) (Tensor.dims
T) is = Tensor.lookup T is
  by (simp add: dematricize-def dims-tensor-from-lookup lookup-tensor-from-lookup[OF
⟨is < Tensor.dims T⟩])
qed

```

lemma matricize-dematricize:

```

assumes dim-row A = prod-list (nths ds rmodes)
and dim-col A = prod-list (nths ds (-rmodes))
shows matricize rmodes (dematricize rmodes A ds) = A
proof (rule eq-matI)
  show dim-row (matricize rmodes (dematricize rmodes A ds)) = dim-row A
    unfolding assms(1) dematricize-def dims-tensor-from-lookup matricize-def
dim-row-mat by metis
  show dim-col (matricize rmodes (dematricize rmodes A ds)) = dim-col A
    unfolding assms(2) dematricize-def dims-tensor-from-lookup matricize-def
dim-col-mat by metis
  fix r c assume r < dim-row A c < dim-col A
  have valid1:digit-encode (nths ds rmodes) r < nths ds rmodes and
    valid2:digit-encode (nths ds (- rmodes)) c < nths ds (- rmodes)
  using ⟨r < dim-row A⟩ assms(1) ⟨c < dim-col A⟩ assms(2) digit-encode-valid-index
by auto
  have 0:Tensor.lookup (dematricize rmodes A ds)
    (weave rmodes
     (digit-encode (nths (Tensor.dims (dematricize rmodes A ds)) rmodes) r)
     (digit-encode (nths (Tensor.dims (dematricize rmodes A ds)) (- rmodes)) c)
    ) = A $$ (r, c)
  unfolding dematricize-def unfolding dims-tensor-from-lookup
unfolding lookup-tensor-from-lookup[OF valid-index-weave(1)[OF valid1 valid2]]
  using digit-decode-encode-lt[OF ⟨c < dim-col A⟩[unfolded assms(2)]]
    digit-decode-encode-lt[OF ⟨r < dim-row A⟩[unfolded assms(1)]]
    valid-index-weave(2)[OF valid1 valid2] valid-index-weave(3)[OF valid1 valid2]
  by presburger
  from ⟨r < dim-row A⟩ have r-le: r < prod-list (nths (Tensor.dims (dematricize
rmodes A ds)) rmodes)
  by (metis ⟨dim-row (matricize rmodes (dematricize rmodes A ds)) = dim-row
A⟩ matricize-def dim-row-mat(1))
  from ⟨c < dim-col A⟩ have c-le: c < prod-list (nths (Tensor.dims (dematricize

```

$r\text{modes } A \text{ ds}) (- r\text{modes}))$
by (*metis* ($\text{dim-col } (\text{matricize } r\text{modes } (\text{dematricize } r\text{modes } A \text{ ds})) = \text{dim-col } A)$
 $\text{matricize-def dim-col-mat}(1)$)
then show ($\text{matricize } r\text{modes } (\text{dematricize } r\text{modes } A \text{ ds})) \text{ $$ } (r, c) = A \text{ $$ } (r,$
 $c)$
unfolding *matricize-def* **using** *r-le c-le 0* **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *matricize-add:*

assumes $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$

shows $\text{matricize } I A + \text{matricize } I B = \text{matricize } I (A+B)$

proof (*rule eq-matI*)

show $\text{dim-row } (\text{matricize } I A + \text{matricize } I B) = \text{dim-row } (\text{matricize } I (A + B))$ **by** (*simp add: assms dims-matricize(1)*)

show $\text{dim-col } (\text{matricize } I A + \text{matricize } I B) = \text{dim-col } (\text{matricize } I (A + B))$
by (*simp add: assms dims-matricize(2)*)

fix $i j$ **assume** $ij\text{-le1}: i < \text{dim-row } (\text{matricize } I (A + B))$ $j < \text{dim-col } (\text{matricize } I (A + B))$

then have

$ij\text{-le2}: i < \text{prod-list } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } A) I)$ $j < \text{prod-list } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } A) (-I))$ **and**

$ij\text{-le3}: i < \text{prod-list } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } B) I)$ $j < \text{prod-list } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } B) (-I))$ **and**

$ij\text{-le4}: i < \text{prod-list } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } (A + B)) I)$ $j < \text{prod-list } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } (A + B)) (-I))$

by (*simp-all add: assms dims-matricize*)

then have $ij\text{-le5}: i < \text{dim-row } (\text{matricize } I B)$ $j < \text{dim-col } (\text{matricize } I B)$

by (*simp-all add: assms dims-matricize*)

show ($\text{matricize } I A + \text{matricize } I B$) $\text{ $$ } (i, j) = \text{matricize } I (A + B) \text{ $$ } (i, j)$

unfolding *index-add-mat(1)* [*OF* $ij\text{-le5}$] **unfolding** *matricize-def* **unfolding** *index-mat* [*OF* $ij\text{-le2}$] *index-mat* [*OF* $ij\text{-le3}$] *index-mat* [*OF* $ij\text{-le4}$]

using *assms digit-encode-valid-index* $ij\text{-le2}(1)$ $ij\text{-le2}(2)$ *valid-index-weave(1)*

by *auto*

qed

lemma *matricize-0:*

shows $\text{matricize } I (\text{tensor0 } ds) = 0_m (\text{dim-row } (\text{matricize } I (\text{tensor0 } ds))) (\text{dim-col } (\text{matricize } I (\text{tensor0 } ds)))$

proof (*rule eq-matI*)

show $\text{dim-row } (\text{matricize } I (\text{tensor0 } ds)) = \text{dim-row } (0_m (\text{dim-row } (\text{matricize } I (\text{tensor0 } ds)))) (\text{dim-col } (\text{matricize } I (\text{tensor0 } ds)))$

unfolding *zero-mat-def dim-row-mat* **by** (*simp add: dims-matricize(1)*)

show $\text{dim-col } (\text{matricize } I (\text{tensor0 } ds)) = \text{dim-col } (0_m (\text{dim-row } (\text{matricize } I (\text{tensor0 } ds)))) (\text{dim-col } (\text{matricize } I (\text{tensor0 } ds)))$

unfolding *zero-mat-def dim-row-mat* **by** (*simp add: dims-matricize(2)*)

fix $i j$ **assume** $ij\text{-le1}: i < \text{dim-row } (0_m (\text{dim-row } (\text{matricize } I (\text{tensor0 } ds)))) (\text{dim-col } (\text{matricize } I (\text{tensor0 } ds)))$

$j < \text{dim-col } (0_m (\text{dim-row } (\text{matricize } I (\text{tensor0 } ds)))) (\text{dim-col } (\text{matricize } I (\text{tensor0 } ds)))$

```

then have  $ij\text{-le2}:i < \text{dim-row } (\text{matricize } I \text{ (tensor0 ds)}) \ j < \text{dim-col } (\text{matricize } I \text{ (tensor0 ds)})$ 
unfolding  $\text{zero-mat-def dim-row-mat}$  by ( $\text{simp-all add: dims-matricize}$ )
show  $\text{matricize } I \text{ (tensor0 ds)} \ \S\S \ (i, j) = 0_m \ (\text{dim-row } (\text{matricize } I \text{ (tensor0 ds)})) \ (\text{dim-col } (\text{matricize } I \text{ (tensor0 ds)})) \ \S\S \ (i, j)$ 
unfolding  $\text{zero-mat-def index-mat}[OF \ ij\text{-le2}]$  unfolding  $\text{matricize-def index-mat}[OF \ ij\text{-le2}[\text{unfolded dims-matricize}]]$ 
by ( $\text{simp, metis lookup-tensor0 digit-encode-valid-index dims-matricize(1) dims-matricize(2) dims-tensor0}$ 
 $ij\text{-le2}(1) \ ij\text{-le2}(2) \ \text{valid-index-weave}(1)$ )
qed

end

```

9 CP-Rank and Matrix Rank

```

theory  $DL\text{-Rank-CP-Rank}$ 
imports  $Tensor\text{-Rank Jordan-Normal-Form.DL-Rank Tensor-Matricization}$ 
 $Jordan\text{-Normal-Form.DL-Submatrix Jordan-Normal-Form.Missing-VectorSpace}$ 
begin

```

```

abbreviation  $mrank \ A == \text{vec-space.rank } (\text{dim-row } A) \ A$ 

```

```

no-notation  $\text{normal-rel}$  (infixl  $\triangleleft 60$ )

```

```

lemma  $\text{lookup-order1-prod}$ :
assumes  $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{Tensor.order } B = 1$ 
assumes  $is \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{prod-list } Bs)$ 
shows  $\text{lookup } (\text{prod-list } Bs) \ is = \text{prod-list } (\text{map } (\lambda(i,B). \text{lookup } B \ [i]) \ (\text{zip } is \ Bs))$ 
using  $\text{assms}$  proof ( $\text{induction } Bs \ \text{arbitrary}:is$ )
  case  $Nil$ 
    then show  $?case$  unfolding  $\text{prod-list.Nil}$  unfolding  $\text{zip.simps tensor-one-def}$ 
    by ( $\text{metis } (\text{no-types, lifting}) \ \text{dims-tensor-from-lookup length-greater-0-conv length-map prod-list.Nil}$ 
 $\text{lookup-tensor-from-lookup tensor-one-def tensor-one-from-lookup}$ )
  next
    case ( $\text{Cons } B \ Bs \ is'$ )
    then obtain  $i \ is$  where  $is' = i \ \# \ is$ 
    by ( $\text{metis } \text{append-is-Nil-conv dims-tensor-prod length-0-conv list.set-intros}(1)$ 
 $\text{prod-list.Cons valid-index.simps zero-neq-one}$ )
    have  $\text{Tensor.order } B = 1$  using  $\text{Cons}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
    then have  $\text{valid1}:[i] \triangleleft \text{dims } B$ 
    using  $\langle is' \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{prod-list } (B \ \# \ Bs)) \rangle[\text{unfolded prod-list.Cons dims-tensor-prod}$ 
 $\langle is' = i \ \# \ is \rangle]$ 
    by ( $\text{metis } \text{One-nat-def Suc-length-conv hd-append2 length-0-conv list.sel}(1)$ 
 $\text{list.simps}(3) \ \text{valid-index.Nil valid-index.simps}$ )
    have  $\text{valid2}:is \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{prod-list } Bs)$ 
    using  $\langle is' \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{prod-list } (B \ \# \ Bs)) \rangle[\text{unfolded prod-list.Cons dims-tensor-prod}$ 
 $\langle is' = i \ \# \ is \rangle] \ \langle \text{Tensor.order } B = 1 \rangle$ 

```

by (*metis One-nat-def Suc-length-conv append-eq-Cons-conv length-0-conv list.sel(3)*
list.simps(3) self-append-conv2 valid-indexE)
show *?case unfolding (is' = i # is) List.zip-Cons-Cons List.list.map(2) prod-list.Cons*
lookup-tensor-prod[OF valid1 valid2, simplified] by (simp add: Cons.IH Cons.prem1)
valid2)
qed

lemma *matricize-cprank-max1:*

fixes *A::'a::field tensor*

assumes *cprank-max1 A*

shows *mrank (matricize I A) ≤ 1*

proof –

obtain *Bs a where* $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{Tensor.order } B = 1$ *a · prod-list Bs*
 $= A$

using *cprank-max1-prod-listE assms by metis*

define *row-factor*

where *row-factor ris = a * prod-list (map (λ(i,B). lookup B [i]) (zip ris (nth*
Bs I)))

for *ris*

define *col-factor*

where *col-factor cis = prod-list (map (λ(i,B). lookup B [i]) (zip cis (nth*
Bs (-I))))

for *cis*

have $\bigwedge is. is \triangleleft \text{dims } A \implies \text{lookup } A \text{ is} = \text{row-factor (nth is I)} * \text{col-factor}$
 $(\text{nth is } (-I))$

proof –

fix *is assume is* $\triangleleft \text{dims } A$

then have *lookup A is = a * (prod-list (map (λ(i,B). lookup B [i]) (zip is*
Bs)))

using *lookup-order1-prod[OF (λB. B ∈ set Bs ⇒ Tensor.order B = 1)]*
lookup-smult

using $\langle a \cdot \text{prod-list } Bs = A \rangle \text{ dims-smult by fastforce}$

also have $\dots = a * (\text{prod-list (map (λ(i,B). lookup B [i]) (nth (zip is Bs) I)))$

*

$(\text{prod-list (map (λ(i,B). lookup B [i]) (nth (zip is Bs) (-I))))$

using *prod-list-complementary-nthss by auto*

also have $\dots = \text{row-factor (nth is I)} * \text{col-factor (nth is } (-I))$

using *nths-zip row-factor-def col-factor-def by metis*

finally show *lookup A is = row-factor (nth is I) * col-factor (nth is } (-I)) .*

qed

define *row-factor'*

where *row-factor' r = row-factor (digit-encode (nth (Tensor.dims A) I) r)*

for *r*

define *col-factor'*

where *col-factor' c = col-factor (digit-encode (nth (Tensor.dims A) (-I)) c)*

for *c*

have $\bigwedge r c. r < \text{dim-row (matricize I A)} \implies c < \text{dim-col (matricize I A)} \implies$
 $\text{matricize I A } \$\$ (r,c) = \text{row-factor' } r * \text{col-factor' } c$

proof –


```

fix  $r\ c$  assume  $r < \text{dim-row } (\text{matricize } I\ A)$   $c < \text{dim-col } (\text{matricize } I\ A)$ 
then have  $\text{matricize } I\ A \ \$\$ (r,c) = \text{Tensor.lookup } A (\text{weave } I$ 
   $(\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } A)\ I)\ r)$ 
   $(\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } A)\ (-I))\ c)$ 
   $)$  unfolding  $\text{dims-matricize}$  unfolding  $\text{matricize-def}$  by  $\text{simp}$ 
also have  $\dots = \text{row-factor}'\ r * \text{col-factor}'\ c$ 
using  $\langle \wedge is. is \triangleleft \text{dims } A \implies \text{lookup } A\ is = \text{row-factor } (\text{nths } is\ I) * \text{col-factor}$ 
 $(\text{nths } is\ (-I)) \rangle$ 
   $\text{valid-index-weave}[OF$ 
   $\text{digit-encode-valid-index}[OF \langle r < \text{dim-row } (\text{matricize } I\ A) \rangle [\text{unfolded } \text{dims-matricize}]]$ 
   $\text{digit-encode-valid-index}[OF \langle c < \text{dim-col } (\text{matricize } I\ A) \rangle [\text{unfolded } \text{dims-matricize}]]]$ 
   $\text{valid-index-weave}(2)\ \text{valid-index-weave}(3)\ \text{row-factor}'\text{-def}\ \text{col-factor}'\text{-def}$  by
 $\text{metis}$ 
finally show  $\text{matricize } I\ A \ \$\$ (r,c) = \text{row-factor}'\ r * \text{col-factor}'\ c .$ 
qed
then show  $?thesis$  using  $\text{vec-space.rank-le-1-product-entries}[\text{of } \text{matricize } I\ A]$ 
by  $\text{blast}$ 
qed

```

lemma $\text{matrix-rank-le-cprank-max}$:

```

fixes  $A :: ('a::\text{field})\ \text{tensor}$ 
assumes  $\text{cprank-max } r\ A$ 
shows  $\text{mrnk } (\text{matricize } I\ A) \leq r$ 
using  $\text{assms}$ 
proof  $(\text{induction rule: cprank-max.induct})$ 
  fix  $ds :: \text{nat list}$ 
  have  $\text{matricize } I\ (\text{tensor0 } ds) = 0_m (\text{dim-row } (\text{matricize } I\ (\text{tensor0 } ds))) (\text{dim-col}$ 
   $(\text{matricize } I\ (\text{tensor0 } ds)))$ 
  using  $\text{matricize-0}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  then show  $\text{mrnk } (\text{matricize } I\ (\text{tensor0 } ds)) \leq 0$ 
  using  $\text{eq-imp-le vec-space.rank-0I}$  by  $\text{metis}$ 
next
  fix  $A\ B :: 'a\ \text{tensor}$  and  $j :: \text{nat}$ 
  assume  $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$ 
  assume  $\text{cprank-max1 } A$ 
  assume  $\text{mrnk } (\text{matricize } I\ B) \leq j$ 
  have  $\text{mrnk } (\text{matricize } I\ A) \leq 1$  using  $\langle \text{cprank-max1 } A \rangle \text{matricize-cprank-max1}$ 
by  $\text{auto}$ 
  have  $\text{mrnk } (\text{matricize } I\ (A + B)) \leq \text{mrnk } (\text{matricize } I\ A) + \text{mrnk } (\text{matricize}$ 
   $I\ B)$ 
  using  $\text{matricize-add vec-space.rank-subadditive dims-matricize}$ 
   $\text{carrier-matI index-add-mat}(2)\ \langle \text{dims } A = \text{dims } B \rangle$  by  $\text{metis}$ 
  then show  $\text{mrnk } (\text{matricize } I\ (A + B)) \leq \text{Suc } j$ 
  using  $\langle \text{mrnk } (\text{matricize } I\ A) \leq 1 \rangle \langle \text{mrnk } (\text{matricize } I\ B) \leq j \rangle$  by  $\text{linarith}$ 
qed

```

lemma $\text{matrix-rank-le-cp-rank}$:

```

fixes  $A :: ('a::\text{field})\ \text{tensor}$ 
shows  $\text{mrnk } (\text{matricize } I\ A) \leq \text{cprank } A$ 

```

using *matrix-rank-le-cprank-max* using *cprank-max-cprank* by *auto*
end

10 Matrix to Vector Conversion

theory *DL-Flatten-Matrix*
imports *Jordan-Normal-Form.Matrix*
begin

definition *extract-matrix* :: (nat \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a mat **where**
extract-matrix a m n = mat m n ($\lambda(i,j). a (i*n + j)$)

definition *flatten-matrix* :: 'a mat \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow 'a) **where**
flatten-matrix A k = A \$\$ (k div dim-col A, k mod dim-col A)

lemma *two-digit-le*:

$i * n + j < m * n$ **if** $i < m$ $j < n$ **for** $i j :: nat$
using *that* **by** (*auto dest!*: *less-imp-Suc-add simp add: algebra-simps*)

lemma *extract-matrix-cong*:

assumes $\bigwedge i. i < m * n \implies a i = b i$
shows *extract-matrix* a m n = *extract-matrix* b m n

proof –

have $\bigwedge i j. i < m \implies j < n \implies a (i*n + j) = b (i*n + j)$ **using** *two-digit-le*
assms **by** *blast*

then show *?thesis* **unfolding** *extract-matrix-def* **by** *auto*

qed

lemma *extract-matrix-flatten-matrix*:

extract-matrix (*flatten-matrix* A) (dim-row A) (dim-col A) = A
unfolding *extract-matrix-def* *flatten-matrix-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *extract-matrix-flatten-matrix-cong*:

assumes $\bigwedge x. x < \text{dim-row } A * \text{dim-col } A \implies f x = \text{flatten-matrix } A x$

shows *extract-matrix* f (dim-row A) (dim-col A) = A

unfolding *extract-matrix-def*

by (*metis assms extract-matrix-cong extract-matrix-def extract-matrix-flatten-matrix*)

lemma *flatten-matrix-extract-matrix*:

flatten-matrix (*extract-matrix* a m n) k = a k **if** $k < m * n$

proof –

from *that* **have** $m * n > 0$

by (*cases* $m * n = 0$) *simp-all*

then have $m > 0$ **and** $n > 0$

by *simp-all*

with *that* **have** $k \text{ div } n < m$

by (*metis div-eq-0-iff div-mult2-eq mult.commute neq0-conv*)

moreover have $k \text{ mod } n < n$

```

    using ⟨n > 0⟩ by simp
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by (auto simp add: extract-matrix-def flatten-matrix-def)
qed

```

```

lemma index-extract-matrix:
  assumes i < m j < n
  shows extract-matrix a m n $$ (i,j) = a (i*n + j)
    unfolding extract-matrix-def using assms by simp

```

```

lemma dim-extract-matrix:
  shows dim-row (extract-matrix as m n) = m
  and dim-col (extract-matrix as m n) = n
    unfolding extract-matrix-def by simp-all

```

```
end
```

11 Deep Learning Networks

```

theory DL-Network
  imports Tensor-Product
    Jordan-Normal-Form.Matrix Tensor-Unit-Vec DL-Flatten-Matrix
    Jordan-Normal-Form.DL-Missing-List
begin

```

This symbol is used for the Tensor product:

```
no-notation Group.monoid.mult (infixl  $\otimes_1$  70)
```

```
notation Matrix.unit-vec (unitv)
hide-const (open) Matrix.unit-vec
```

```
datatype 'a convnet = Input nat | Conv 'a 'a convnet | Pool 'a convnet 'a convnet
```

```

fun input-sizes :: 'a convnet ⇒ nat list where
  input-sizes (Input M) = [M] |
  input-sizes (Conv A m) = input-sizes m |
  input-sizes (Pool m1 m2) = input-sizes m1 @ input-sizes m2

```

```

fun count-weights :: bool ⇒ (nat × nat) convnet ⇒ nat where
  count-weights shared (Input M) = 0 |
  count-weights shared (Conv (r0, r1) m) = r0 * r1 + count-weights shared m |
  count-weights shared (Pool m1 m2) =
    (if shared
     then max (count-weights shared m1) (count-weights shared m2)
     else count-weights shared m1 + count-weights shared m2)

```

```

fun output-size :: (nat × nat) convnet ⇒ nat where
  output-size (Input M) = M |

```

$output\text{-}size (Conv (r0,r1) m) = r0 \mid$
 $output\text{-}size (Pool m1 m2) = output\text{-}size m1$

inductive $valid\text{-}net :: (nat \times nat) \text{ convnet} \Rightarrow bool$ **where**
 $valid\text{-}net (Input M) \mid$
 $output\text{-}size m = r1 \Longrightarrow valid\text{-}net m \Longrightarrow valid\text{-}net (Conv (r0,r1) m) \mid$
 $output\text{-}size m1 = output\text{-}size m2 \Longrightarrow valid\text{-}net m1 \Longrightarrow valid\text{-}net m2 \Longrightarrow valid\text{-}net$
 $(Pool m1 m2)$

fun $insert\text{-}weights :: bool \Rightarrow (nat \times nat) \text{ convnet} \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real \text{ mat}$
 $convnet$ **where**
 $insert\text{-}weights \text{ shared } (Input M) w = Input M \mid$
 $insert\text{-}weights \text{ shared } (Conv (r0,r1) m) w = Conv$
 $(extract\text{-}matrix w r0 r1$
 $(insert\text{-}weights \text{ shared } m (\lambda i. w (i+r0*r1)))) \mid$
 $insert\text{-}weights \text{ shared } (Pool m1 m2) w = Pool$
 $(insert\text{-}weights \text{ shared } m1 w$
 $(insert\text{-}weights \text{ shared } m2 (if \text{ shared then } w \text{ else } (\lambda i. w (i+(count\text{-}weights \text{ shared}$
 $m1))))))$

fun $remove\text{-}weights :: real \text{ mat } convnet \Rightarrow (nat \times nat) \text{ convnet}$ **where**
 $remove\text{-}weights (Input M) = Input M \mid$
 $remove\text{-}weights (Conv A m) = Conv (dim\text{-}row A, dim\text{-}col A) (remove\text{-}weights m)$
 \mid
 $remove\text{-}weights (Pool m1 m2) = Pool (remove\text{-}weights m1) (remove\text{-}weights m2)$

abbreviation $output\text{-}size' == (\lambda m. output\text{-}size (remove\text{-}weights m))$
abbreviation $valid\text{-}net' == (\lambda m. valid\text{-}net (remove\text{-}weights m))$

fun $evaluate\text{-}net :: real \text{ mat } convnet \Rightarrow real \text{ vec list} \Rightarrow real \text{ vec}$ **where**
 $evaluate\text{-}net (Input M) inputs = hd inputs \mid$
 $evaluate\text{-}net (Conv A m) inputs = A *_v evaluate\text{-}net m inputs \mid$
 $evaluate\text{-}net (Pool m1 m2) inputs = component\text{-}mult$
 $(evaluate\text{-}net m1 (take (length (input\text{-}sizes m1)) inputs))$
 $(evaluate\text{-}net m2 (drop (length (input\text{-}sizes m1)) inputs))$

definition $mat\text{-}tensorlist\text{-}mult :: real \text{ mat} \Rightarrow real \text{ tensor vec} \Rightarrow nat \text{ list} \Rightarrow real$
 $tensor \text{ vec}$

where $mat\text{-}tensorlist\text{-}mult A Ts ds$
 $= Matrix.vec (dim\text{-}row A) (\lambda j. tensor\text{-}from\text{-}lookup ds (\lambda is. (A *_v (map\text{-}vec (\lambda T.$
 $Tensor.lookup T is) Ts)) \$j))$

lemma $insert\text{-}weights\text{-}cong:$

assumes $(\bigwedge i. i < count\text{-}weights s m \Longrightarrow w1 i = w2 i)$

shows $insert\text{-}weights s m w1 = insert\text{-}weights s m w2$

using $assms$ **proof** $(induction m arbitrary: w1 w2)$

case $Input$

then show $?case$ **by** $simp$

```

next
  case (Conv r01 m)
  then obtain r0 r1 where r01 = (r0,r1) by (meson surj-pair)
  have 2:insert-weights s m (λi. w1 (i + r0 * r1)) = insert-weights s m (λi. w2
(i + r0 * r1)) using Conv
  using ⟨r01 = (r0, r1)⟩ add.commute add-less-cancel-right count-weights.simps(2)
by fastforce
  then show ?case unfolding ⟨r01 = (r0,r1)⟩ insert-weights.simps
  by (metis Conv.premis ⟨r01 = (r0, r1)⟩ count-weights.simps(2) extract-matrix-cong
trans-less-add1)
next
  case (Pool m1 m2)
  have 1:insert-weights s m1 w1 = insert-weights s m1 w2
  using Pool(1)[of w1 w2] Pool(3)[unfolded count-weights.simps]
  by (cases s; auto)
  have shared:s=True ⇒ insert-weights s m2 w1 = insert-weights s m2 w2
  using Pool(2)[of w1 w2] Pool(3)[unfolded count-weights.simps] by auto
  have unshared:s=False ⇒ insert-weights s m2 (λi. w1 (i + count-weights s
m1)) = insert-weights s m2 (λi. w2 (i + count-weights s m1))
  using Pool(2) Pool(3) count-weights.simps by fastforce
  show ?case unfolding insert-weights.simps 1 using unshared shared by simp
qed

```

```

lemma dims-mat-tensorlist-mult:
assumes  $T \in \text{set}_v (\text{mat-tensorlist-mult } A \text{ } Ts \text{ } ds)$ 
shows  $\text{Tensor.dims } T = ds$ 
proof -
  obtain j where  $T = \text{tensor-from-lookup } ds (\lambda i s. (A *_v (\text{map-vec } (\lambda T. \text{Tensor.lookup } T \text{ is}) Ts)) \$j)$ 
  using vec-setE[OF assms, unfolded mat-tensorlist-mult-def] by (metis dim-vec
index-vec)
  then show ?thesis by (simp add: length-tensor-vec-from-lookup tensor-from-lookup-def)
qed

```

```

fun tensors-from-net :: real mat convnet ⇒ real tensor vec where
tensors-from-net (Input M) = Matrix.vec M (λi. unit-vec M i) |
tensors-from-net (Conv A m) = mat-tensorlist-mult A (tensors-from-net m) (input-sizes
m) |
tensors-from-net (Pool m1 m2) = component-mult (tensors-from-net m1) (tensors-from-net
m2)

```

```

lemma output-size-correct-tensors:
assumes valid-net' m
shows output-size' m = dim-vec (tensors-from-net m)
using assms proof (induction m)
  case Input
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Conv A m)

```

```

then show ?case
  unfolding remove-weights.simps output-size.simps tensors-from-net.simps
  using mat-tensorlist-mult-def by auto
next
  case (Pool m1 m2)
  then show ?case by (metis convnet.distinct(3) convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(3)
dim-component-mult
  min.idem output-size.simps(3) remove-weights.simps(3) tensors-from-net.simps(3)
valid-net.simps)
qed

lemma output-size-correct:
assumes valid-net' m
and map dim-vec inputs = input-sizes m
shows output-size' m = dim-vec (evaluate-net m inputs)
using assms proof (induction m arbitrary:inputs)
  case Input
  then show ?case using length-Cons list.map-sel(1) list.sel(1) list.simps(8)
list.size(3) nat.simps(3) by auto
next
  case (Conv A m)
  then show ?case unfolding evaluate-net.simps remove-weights.simps output-size.simps
dim-mult-mat-vec
  by auto
next
  case (Pool m1 m2)
  then have valid-net' m1 valid-net' m2
  using convnet.distinct(3) convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(3) remove-weights.simps(3)
valid-net.cases by fastforce+
  moreover have map dim-vec (take (length (input-sizes m1)) inputs) = input-sizes
m1
  map dim-vec (drop (length (input-sizes m1)) inputs) = input-sizes m2
  using Pool.prem(2) by (metis append-eq-conv-conj drop-map input-sizes.simps(3)
take-map)+
  ultimately have
  output-size' m1 = dim-vec (evaluate-net m1 (take (length (input-sizes m1))
inputs))
  output-size' m2 = dim-vec (evaluate-net m2 (drop (length (input-sizes m1))
inputs))
  using Pool.IH by blast+
  then show ?case unfolding evaluate-net.simps remove-weights.simps output-size.simps
by (metis Pool.prem(1) ⟨valid-net' m1⟩ ⟨valid-net' m2⟩ dim-component-mult
output-size.simps(3) output-size-correct-tensors remove-weights.simps(3) tensors-from-net.simps(3))
qed

lemma input-sizes-remove-weights: input-sizes m = input-sizes (remove-weights
m)
by (induction m; simp)

```

```

lemma dims-tensors-from-net:
assumes  $T \in \text{set}_v$  (tensors-from-net  $m$ )
shows  $\text{Tensor.dims } T = \text{input-sizes } m$ 
using assms proof (induction  $m$  arbitrary: $T$ )
  case (Input  $M$ )
    then obtain  $j$  where  $T = \text{unit-vec } M j$ 
      using vec-setE tensors-from-net.simps(1) by (metis dim-vec index-vec)
    then show ?case by (simp add: dims-unit-vec)
  next
    case (Conv  $A$   $m$ )
      then show ?case unfolding remove-weights.simps input-sizes.simps
        using dims-mat-tensorlist-mult by (simp add: input-sizes-remove-weights)
  next
    case (Pool  $m1$   $m2$   $T$ )
      then obtain  $i$  where
         $\text{component-mult } (\text{tensors-from-net } m1) (\text{tensors-from-net } m2) \$ i = T$ 
         $i < \text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m1)$   $i < \text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m2)$ 
      using tensors-from-net.simps vec-setE dim-component-mult by (metis min.strict-boundedE)
      then obtain  $T1$   $T2$  where  $T = T1 \otimes T2$   $T1 \in \text{set}_v$  (tensors-from-net  $m1$ )  $T2$ 
 $\in \text{set}_v$  (tensors-from-net  $m2$ )
        using vec-setI by (metis index-component-mult)
      then show ?case unfolding remove-weights.simps input-sizes.simps by (simp
add: Pool.IH(1) Pool.IH(2))
qed

```

definition *base-input* :: *real mat convnet* \Rightarrow *nat list* \Rightarrow *real vec list* **where**
base-input m *is* = (*map* ($\lambda(n, i). \text{unit}_v n i$) (*zip* (*input-sizes* m) *is*))

```

lemma base-input-length:
assumes  $is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m$ 
shows  $\text{input-sizes } m = \text{map dim-vec } (\text{base-input } m \text{ is})$ 
proof (rule nth-equalityI)
  have  $\text{length } (\text{input-sizes } m) = \text{length } is$  using assms valid-index-length by auto
  then show  $\text{length } (\text{input-sizes } m) = \text{length } (\text{map dim-vec } (\text{base-input } m \text{ is}))$ 
unfolding base-input-def by auto
  {
    fix  $i$ 
    assume  $i < \text{length } (\text{input-sizes } m)$ 
    then have  $\text{map } (\lambda(n, i). \text{unit}_v n i) (\text{zip } (\text{input-sizes } m) \text{ is}) ! i = \text{unit}_v$ 
 $(\text{input-sizes } m ! i) (is ! i)$ 
      using  $\langle \text{length } (\text{input-sizes } m) = \text{length } is \rangle$  by auto
    then have  $\text{input-sizes } m ! i = \text{map dim-vec } (\text{base-input } m \text{ is}) ! i$  unfolding
base-input-def using index-unit-vec(3)
      using  $\langle i < \text{length } (\text{input-sizes } m) \rangle \langle \text{length } (\text{input-sizes } m) = \text{length } (\text{map}$ 
 $\text{dim-vec } (\text{base-input } m \text{ is})) \rangle$ 
        base-input-def assms length-map nth-map valid-index-lt by (simp add:
input-sizes-remove-weights)
    }

```

then show $\forall i < \text{length } (\text{input-sizes } m). \text{input-sizes } m ! i = \text{map dim-vec } (\text{base-input } m \text{ is}) ! i$ **by auto**
qed

lemma *nth-mat-tensorlist-mult*:

assumes $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set}_v \text{ Ts} \implies \text{dims } A = ds$

assumes $i < \text{dim-row } A$

assumes $\text{dim-vec } \text{Ts} = \text{dim-col } A$

shows $\text{mat-tensorlist-mult } A \text{ Ts } ds \ \$ i = \text{listsum } ds \ (\text{map } (\lambda j. (A \ \$\$ (i,j)) \cdot \text{Ts } \$ j) \ [0..<\text{dim-vec } \text{Ts}])$

(is $= \text{listsum } ds \ ?\text{Ts}'$)

proof (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI*)

have $\text{dims-Ts}' : \bigwedge T. T \in \text{set } ?\text{Ts}' \implies \text{dims } T = ds$

proof –

fix T **assume** $T \in \text{set } ?\text{Ts}'$

then obtain k **where** $T = ?\text{Ts}' ! k$ **and** $k < \text{length } ?\text{Ts}'$ $k < \text{dim-vec } \text{Ts}$

using *in-set-conv-nth* **by force**

show $\text{dims } T = ds$ **unfolding** $\langle T = ?\text{Ts}' ! k \rangle$ $\text{nth-map}[OF \ \langle k < \text{length } ?\text{Ts}' \rangle [\text{unfolded length-map}]]$

using *assms(1)* $\langle k < \text{dim-vec } \text{Ts} \rangle$

by (*simp add: $\langle k < \text{length } (\text{map } (\lambda j. A \ \$\$ (i, j)) \cdot \text{Ts } \$ j) \ [0..<\text{dim-vec } \text{Ts}])$*) *vec-setI*)

qed

then show $\text{dims-eq: dims } (\text{mat-tensorlist-mult } A \ \text{Ts } ds \ \$ i) = \text{dims } (\text{Tensor-Plus.listsum } ds \ (\text{map } (\lambda j. A \ \$\$ (i, j)) \cdot \text{Ts } \$ j) \ [0..<\text{dim-vec } \text{Ts}])$

using *dims-mat-tensorlist-mult assms mat-tensorlist-mult-def listsum-dims*

by (*metis (no-types, lifting) dim-vec vec-setI*)

fix is **assume** $is\text{-valid: } is \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{mat-tensorlist-mult } A \ \text{Ts } ds \ \$ i)$

then have $is \triangleleft ds$ **using** *dims-eq dims-Ts' listsum-dims* **by** (*metis (no-types, lifting)*)

have *summand-eq: $\bigwedge j. j \in \{0 ..<\text{dim-vec } \text{Ts}\} \implies \text{row } A \ i \ \$ j * (\text{map-vec } (\lambda T. \text{Tensor.lookup } T \ is) \ \text{Ts}) \ \$ j = \text{lookup } (A \ \$\$ (i, j)) \cdot \text{Ts } \$ j$* *is*

using *index-vec $\langle i < \text{dim-row } A \rangle$ row-def $\langle \text{dim-vec } \text{Ts} = \text{dim-col } A \rangle$*

$\langle is \triangleleft ds \rangle$ *assms(1) lookup-smult atLeastLessThan-iff index-map-vec(1) vec-setI*

by *metis*

have $\text{lookup } (\text{mat-tensorlist-mult } A \ \text{Ts } ds \ \$ i) \ is = (A *_{\text{v}} (\text{map-vec } (\lambda T. \text{Tensor.lookup } T \ is) \ \text{Ts})) \ \$ i$

unfolding *mat-tensorlist-mult-def* **using** *lookup-tensor-from-lookup* [*OF $\langle is \triangleleft ds \rangle$*] **using** $\langle i < \text{dim-row } A \rangle$ **by auto**

also have $\dots = \text{row } A \ i \cdot \text{map-vec } (\lambda T. \text{Tensor.lookup } T \ is) \ \text{Ts}$

using $\langle i < \text{dim-row } A \rangle$ **by simp**

also have $\dots = (\sum j \in \{0 ..<\text{dim-vec } \text{Ts}\}. \text{row } A \ i \ \$ j * (\text{map-vec } (\lambda T. \text{Tensor.lookup } T \ is) \ \text{Ts}) \ \$ j)$

unfolding *scalar-prod-def nth-rows* [*OF $\langle i < \text{dim-row } A \rangle$*] **by simp**

also have $\dots = (\sum j \in \{0 ..<\text{dim-vec } \text{Ts}\}. \text{lookup } (A \ \$\$ (i, j)) \cdot \text{Ts } \$ j) \ is$ **using** *summand-eq* **by force**

also have ... = $(\sum A \leftarrow ?Ts'. \text{lookup } A \text{ is})$ **unfolding** *map-map*
Groups-List.sum-set-upt-conv-sum-list-nat[symmetric] *atLeastLessThan-upt[symmetric]*
by *auto*
also have ... = *lookup (listsum ds ?Ts')* **is using** *lookup-listsum[OF ‹is ‹ ds›]*
dims-Ts' **by** *fastforce*
finally show *lookup (mat-tensorlist-mult A Ts ds \$ i) is* = *lookup (listsum ds*
?Ts') **is by** *metis*
qed

lemma *lookup-tensors-from-net:*

assumes *valid-net' m*

and *is ‹ input-sizes m*

and *j < output-size' m*

shows *Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net m \$ j) is* = *evaluate-net m (base-input m*
is) \$ j

using *assms proof (induction m arbitrary:j is)*

case *(Input M)*

then have *j < M* **using** *output-size.simps(1)* **using** *Input* **by** *auto*

then have *1:tensors-from-net (Input M) \$ j = unit-vec M j* **by** *simp*

obtain *i* **where** *is = [i] i < M* **using** *Input Suc-length-conv input-sizes.simps(1)*
length-0-conv list.size(3) valid-index-length **by** *auto*

then have *2:Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net (Input M) \$ j) is* = *(if i=j then*
1 else 0) **using** *lookup-unit-vec 1* **by** *metis*

have *evaluate-net (Input M) (map (λ(n, i). unit_v n i) (zip (input-sizes (Input*
M)) is)) = unit_v M i **using** *is = [i]* **by** *auto*

then show *?case* **using** *2 ‹ j < M › base-input-def* **by** *(simp add: ‹ i < M ›)*

next

case *(Conv A m j is)*

have *is-valid:is ‹ input-sizes m* **using** *Conv.premis* **by** *simp*

have *valid-net:valid-net' m* **using** *Conv.premis(1)* **unfolding** *remove-weights.simps*

using *valid-net.simps convnet.distinct(1) convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(2)*

by *blast*

then have *length-em: dim-vec (evaluate-net m (base-input m is)) = output-size'*
m

using *output-size-correct base-input-length is-valid* **by** *metis*

have *IH':map-vec (λT. Tensor.lookup T is) (tensors-from-net m) =*
evaluate-net m (base-input m is)

proof *(rule eq-vecI)*

show *equal-lengths: dim-vec (map-vec (λT. lookup T is) (tensors-from-net m))*
= dim-vec (evaluate-net m (base-input m is)) **using** *length-em*

by *(simp add: output-size-correct-tensors valid-net)*

show $\bigwedge i. i < \text{dim-vec (evaluate-net m (base-input m is))} \implies$

$\text{map-vec } (\lambda T. \text{lookup } T \text{ is}) (\text{tensors-from-net } m) \$ i = \text{evaluate-net } m$
 $(\text{base-input } m \text{ is}) \$ i$

proof $-$

fix *i*

assume *i < dim-vec (evaluate-net m (base-input m is))*

then have *i < output-size' m* **using** *equal-lengths length-em* **by** *auto*

```

then show map-vec (λT. lookup T is) (tensors-from-net m) $ i
  = evaluate-net m (base-input m is) $ i
  using Conv.IH is-valid equal-lengths valid-net base-input-def length-em
nth-map-upt
  length-map nth-map by auto
qed
qed

have Tensor.lookup ((tensors-from-net (Conv A m)) $ j) is =
  (A *_v (map-vec (λT. Tensor.lookup T is) (tensors-from-net m))) $ j
proof -
  have dim-vec (tensors-from-net (Conv A m)) = output-size' (Conv A m)
  using Conv by (simp add: mat-tensorlist-mult-def)
  then have j < dim-vec (tensors-from-net (Conv A m)) using Conv.premis by
auto
  then have (tensors-from-net (Conv A m)) $ j = tensor-from-lookup (input-sizes
m)
    (λis. (A *_v (map-vec (λT. Tensor.lookup T is) (tensors-from-net m))))
$ j)
  unfolding tensors-from-net.simps mat-tensorlist-mult-def by fastforce
  then show ?thesis
  using lookup-tensor-from-lookup[OF is-valid] by auto
qed
also have (A *_v (map-vec (λT. Tensor.lookup T is) (tensors-from-net m))) $ j
  = (A *_v (evaluate-net m (base-input m is))) $ j using IH' by auto
also have ... = evaluate-net (Conv A m) (base-input (Conv A m) is) $ j
  unfolding base-input-def using evaluate-net.simps by auto
finally show ?case by auto
next
case (Pool m1 m2 j is)

```

We split "is" into two parts for each subnet:

```

obtain is1 is2 where is12-def:is = is1 @ is2 is1 < input-sizes m1 is2 <
input-sizes m2
by (metis Pool.premis(2) input-sizes.simps(3) valid-index-split)

```

Apply the induction hypothesis to the subnets:

```

have IH:Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net m1 $ j) is1
  = evaluate-net m1 (map (λ(x, y). unit_v x y) (zip (input-sizes m1) is1)) $ j
  Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net m2 $ j) is2
  = evaluate-net m2 (map (λ(x, y). unit_v x y) (zip (input-sizes m2) is2)) $ j
using Pool convnet.distinct(3) convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(3) remove-weights.simps(3)
valid-net.simps ⟨is1 < input-sizes m1⟩ ⟨is2 < input-sizes m2⟩ output-size.simps(3)
by (metis base-input-def)+

```

In the Pool layer tensor entries get multiplied:

```

have lookup-prod: Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net (Pool m1 m2) $ j) is
  = Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net m1 $ j) is1 * Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net
m2 $ j) is2

```

```

proof –
  have j-small:  $j < \text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m1) \ j < \text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m2)$ 
  by (metis Pool.premis(1) Pool.premis(3) convnet.distinct(3) convnet.inject(3) convnet.simps(9) output-size.simps(3) output-size-correct-tensors remove-weights.simps(3) valid-net.cases)+
  then have  $0:\text{tensors-from-net } (Pool\ m1\ m2) \ \$\ j = \text{tensors-from-net } m1 \ \$\ j \otimes \text{tensors-from-net } m2 \ \$\ j$ 
  unfolding tensors-from-net.simps using j-small index-component-mult by
  blast
  have  $\text{Tensor.dims } (\text{tensors-from-net } m1 \ \$\ j) = \text{input-sizes } m1$ 
   $\text{Tensor.dims } (\text{tensors-from-net } m2 \ \$\ j) = \text{input-sizes } m2$ 
  using dims-tensors-from-net j-small nth-mem by (simp-all add: vec-setI)
  then have is12-valid:
     $is1 \triangleleft \text{Tensor.dims } (\text{tensors-from-net } m1 \ \$\ j)$ 
     $is2 \triangleleft \text{Tensor.dims } (\text{tensors-from-net } m2 \ \$\ j)$ 
  using is12-def by presburger+
  then show ?thesis
  unfolding  $0$  using lookup-tensor-prod[OF is12-valid] is12-def by auto
qed

```

Output values get multiplied in the Pool layer as well:

```

have  $\text{evaluate-net } (Pool\ m1\ m2) \ (\text{base-input } (Pool\ m1\ m2) \ is) \ \$\ j$ 
   $= \text{evaluate-net } m1 \ (\text{base-input } m1 \ is1) \ \$\ j * \text{evaluate-net } m2 \ (\text{base-input } m2 \ is2) \ \$\ j$ 
proof –
  have valid-net' m1 valid-net' m2
  using remove-weights.simps valid-net.simps Pool.premis
  by (metis convnet.distinct(3) convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(3))+
  have  $\text{input-sizes } m1 = \text{map } \text{dim-vec } (\text{base-input } m1 \ is1)$ 
   $\text{input-sizes } m2 = \text{map } \text{dim-vec } (\text{base-input } m2 \ is2)$ 
  using base-input-def base-input-length base-input-def is12-def by auto
  have  $j < \text{dim-vec } (\text{evaluate-net } m1 \ (\text{base-input } m1 \ is1)) \ j < \text{dim-vec } (\text{evaluate-net } m2 \ (\text{base-input } m2 \ is2))$ 
  using Pool.premis  $\langle \text{input-sizes } m1 = \text{map } \text{dim-vec } (\text{base-input } m1 \ is1) \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{valid-net}'\ m1 \rangle$ 
   $\text{output-size-correct}$  by (auto,metis Pool.premis(1) Pool.premis(3) input-sizes
   $m2 = \text{map } \text{dim-vec } (\text{base-input } m2 \ is2) \rangle$ 
  convnet.distinct(3) convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(3) output-size.simps(3)
  output-size-correct
  remove-weights.simps(3) valid-net.cases)
  then show ?thesis unfolding evaluate-net.simps unfolding base-input-def
  using is12-def(1) is12-def(2) valid-index-length by (simp add: append-eq-conv-conj
  drop-map
  drop-zip index-component-mult input-sizes-remove-weights take-map take-zip)
qed

then show ?case using lookup-prod IH base-input-def by auto
qed

```

primrec *extract-weights*::*bool* \Rightarrow *real mat convnet* \Rightarrow *nat* \Rightarrow *real* **where**
extract-weights-Input: *extract-weights shared (Input M)* = ($\lambda x. 0$)
| *extract-weights-Conv*: *extract-weights shared (Conv A m)* =
($\lambda x. \text{if } x < \text{dim-row } A * \text{dim-col } A \text{ then } \text{flatten-matrix } A \ x$
else *extract-weights shared m (x - dim-row A * dim-col A)*)
| *extract-weights-Pool*: *extract-weights shared (Pool m1 m2)* =
($\lambda x. \text{if } x < \text{count-weights shared (remove-weights m1)}$
then *extract-weights shared m1 x*
else *extract-weights shared m2 (x - count-weights shared (remove-weights*
m1))))

inductive *balanced-net*::(*nat* \times *nat*) *convnet* \Rightarrow *bool* **where**
balanced-net-Input: *balanced-net (Input M)*
| *balanced-net-Conv*: *balanced-net m* \Longrightarrow *balanced-net (Conv A m)*
| *balanced-net-Pool*: *balanced-net m1* \Longrightarrow *balanced-net m2* \Longrightarrow
count-weights True m1 = count-weights True m2 \Longrightarrow *balanced-net (Pool m1*
m2)

inductive *shared-weight-net*::*real mat convnet* \Rightarrow *bool* **where**
shared-weight-net-Input: *shared-weight-net (Input M)*
| *shared-weight-net-Conv*: *shared-weight-net m* \Longrightarrow *shared-weight-net (Conv A m)*
| *shared-weight-net-Pool*: *shared-weight-net m1* \Longrightarrow *shared-weight-net m2* \Longrightarrow
count-weights True (remove-weights m1) = count-weights True (remove-weights
m2) \Longrightarrow
($\bigwedge x. x < \text{count-weights True (remove-weights m1)}$ \Longrightarrow *extract-weights True m1*
x = extract-weights True m2 x)
 \Longrightarrow *shared-weight-net (Pool m1 m2)*

lemma *insert-extract-weights-cong-shared*:

assumes *shared-weight-net m*

assumes $\bigwedge x. x < \text{count-weights True (remove-weights m)}$ \Longrightarrow *f x = extract-weights*
True m x

shows *m = insert-weights True (remove-weights m) f*

using *assms* **proof** (*induction m arbitrary:f*)

case (*shared-weight-net-Input M*)

then show *?case*

by *simp*

next

case (*shared-weight-net-Conv m A*)

have *extract-matrix f (dim-row A) (dim-col A) = A*

by (*simp add: extract-matrix-cong extract-matrix-flatten-matrix shared-weight-net-Conv.prem*s)

then show *?case*

using *shared-weight-net-Conv.IH[of ($\lambda i. f (i + \text{dim-row } A * \text{dim-col } A)$)]*

using *shared-weight-net-Conv.prem*s **by** *auto*

next

case (*shared-weight-net-Pool m1 m2*)

have *m1 = insert-weights True (remove-weights m1) f*

using *shared-weight-net-Pool.IH(1) shared-weight-net-Pool.prem*s **by** *auto*

```

have  $m2 = \text{insert-weights True (remove-weights } m2) f$ 
  using  $\text{local.shared-weight-net-Pool}(3) \text{ shared-weight-net-Pool.IH}(2)$ 
   $\text{shared-weight-net-Pool.hyps}(4) \text{ shared-weight-net-Pool.premis}$  by fastforce
then show ?case
  using  $\langle m1 = \text{insert-weights True (remove-weights } m1) f \rangle$  by auto
qed

lemma insert-extract-weights-cong-unshared:
assumes  $\bigwedge x. x < \text{count-weights False (remove-weights } m) \implies f x = \text{extract-weights}$ 
 $\text{False } m x$ 
shows  $m = \text{insert-weights False (remove-weights } m) f$ 
using assms proof (induction m arbitrary:f)
case (Input M)
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
  case (Conv A m)
  then have  $\text{extract-matrix } f \text{ (dim-row } A) \text{ (dim-col } A) = A$ 
    by (metis count-weights.simps(2) extract-matrix-flatten-matrix-cong extract-weights-Conv
remove-weights.simps(2) trans-less-add1)
  then show ?case
    using Conv.IH Conv.premis by auto
next
  case (Pool m1 m2)
  then show ?case
    using Pool.IH(1) Pool.IH(2) Pool.premis by auto
qed

lemma remove-insert-weights:
shows  $\text{remove-weights (insert-weights } s \text{ } m \text{ } w) = m$ 
proof (induction m arbitrary:w)
  case Input
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Conv r12 m)
  then obtain  $r1 \ r2$  where  $r12 = (r1, r2)$  by fastforce
  then have  $\text{remove-weights (insert-weights } s \text{ } m \text{ } w) = m$  using Conv.IH by blast
  then have  $\text{remove-weights (insert-weights } s \text{ (Conv (} r1, r2) \text{ } m) \text{ } w) = \text{Conv}$ 
 $(r1, r2) \text{ } m$ 
    unfolding insert-weights.simps remove-weights.simps
    using extract-matrix-def Conv.IH dim-extract-matrix(1) by (metis dim-col-mat(1))
  )
  then show ?case using  $\langle r12 = (r1, r2) \rangle$  by blast
next
  case (Pool m1 m2 w)
  then show ?case unfolding insert-weights.simps remove-weights.simps using
Pool.IH by blast
qed

```

```

lemma extract-insert-weights-shared:
assumes  $x < \text{count-weights True } m$ 
and balanced-net  $m$ 
shows extract-weights True (insert-weights True  $m$   $w$ )  $x = w$   $x$ 
using assms
proof (induction m arbitrary:w x)
  case (Input  $x$ )
    then show ?case
      by simp
  next
    case (Conv  $r01$   $m$ )
      obtain  $r0$   $r1$  where  $r01 = (r0, r1)$  by force
      then show ?case unfolding  $\langle r01 = (r0, r1) \rangle$  insert-weights.simps extract-weights.simps

        apply (cases  $x < \text{dim-row (extract-matrix } w \ r0 \ r1) * \text{dim-col (extract-matrix } w \ r0 \ r1)$ )
        apply (auto simp add: dim-extract-matrix(1) dim-extract-matrix(2) flatten-matrix-extract-matrix)
        using Conv.IH[of -  $\lambda i. w (i + r0 * r1)$ ] Conv.prem(1) Conv.prem(2)  $\langle r01 = (r0, r1) \rangle$  balanced-net.cases by force
  next
    case (Pool  $m1$   $m2$ )
      then show ?case unfolding insert-weights.simps extract-weights.simps remove-insert-weights
        apply (cases  $x < \text{count-weights True } m1$ )
        apply (metis balanced-net.simps convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(3) count-weights.simps(1) not-less-zero)
        by (metis (no-types, lifting) balanced-net.simps convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(3) count-weights.simps(1) count-weights.simps(3) less-max-iff-disj not-less-zero)
      qed

lemma shared-weight-net-insert-weights: balanced-net  $m \implies$  shared-weight-net (insert-weights True  $m$   $w$ )
proof (induction m arbitrary:w)
  case (Input  $x$ )
    then show ?case using insert-weights.simps balanced-net.simps shared-weight-net.simps
by metis
  next
    case (Conv  $r01$   $m$ )
      then obtain  $r0$   $r1$  where  $r01 = (r0, r1)$  by force
      then show ?case unfolding  $\langle r01 = (r0, r1) \rangle$  insert-weights.simps
        by (metis Conv.IH Conv.prem balanced-net.simps convnet.distinct(1) convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(2) shared-weight-net-Conv)
  next
    case (Pool  $m1$   $m2$ )
      have balanced-net  $m1$  balanced-net  $m2$ 
        using Pool.prem balanced-net.simps by blast+
      have  $\bigwedge x. x < \text{count-weights True } m1 \implies$ 
        extract-weights True (insert-weights True  $m1$   $w$ )  $x = \text{extract-weights True (insert-weights True } m2 \ w) x$ 
        using extract-insert-weights-shared

```

by (*metis Pool.premis balanced-net.simps convnet.distinct(3) convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(3)*)
then show *?case unfolding insert-weights.simps using Pool(1)[of w] Pool(2)[of w]*
by (*metis Pool.premis balanced-net.simps convnet.distinct(3) convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(3) remove-insert-weights shared-weight-net-Pool*)
qed

lemma *finite-valid-index: finite {is. is < d}*
proof (*induction ds*)
case *Nil*
then show *?case by (metis List.finite-set finite-subset length-0-conv list.set-intros(1) mem-Collect-eq subsetI valid-index-length)*
next
case (*Cons d ds*)
have $\{is. is < d \# ds\} \subseteq (\bigcup i < d. \{i \# is \mid is. is < ds\})$
proof (*rule subsetI*)
fix *is* **assume** $is \in \{is. is < d \# ds\}$
then have $is < d \# ds$ **by** *auto*
then obtain $i \ is'$ **where** $is = i \# is'$ **by** *blast*
then have $i < d$ **using** $\langle is < d \# ds \rangle$ **by** *blast*
have $is' < ds$ **using** $\langle is = i \# is' \rangle \langle is < d \# ds \rangle$ **by** *blast*
have $is \in \{i \# is \mid is. is < ds\}$ **by** (*simp add: $\langle is = i \# is' \rangle \langle is' < ds \rangle$*)
then show $is \in (\bigcup i < d. \{i \# is \mid is. is < ds\})$ **using** $\langle i < d \rangle$ **by** *blast*
qed
moreover have $\bigwedge i. finite \{i \# is \mid is. is < ds\}$ **by** (*simp add: Cons.IH*)
ultimately show $finite \{is. is < d \# ds\}$ **by** (*simp add: finite-subset*)
qed

lemma *setsum-valid-index-split:*
 $(\sum is \mid is < ds1 \ @ \ ds2. f \ is) = (\sum is1 \mid is1 < ds1. (\sum is2 \mid is2 < ds2. f \ (is1 \ @ \ is2)))$
proof –
have $1: ((\lambda(is1, is2). is1 \ @ \ is2) ' (\{is1. is1 < ds1\} \times \{is2. is2 < ds2\})) = \{is. is < ds1 \ @ \ ds2\}$ (**is** *?A = ?B*)
proof (*rule subset-antisym; rule subsetI*)
fix x **assume** $x \in ?A$
then show $x \in ?B$ **using** *valid-index-append by auto*
next
fix x **assume** $x \in ?B$
then have $x < ds1 \ @ \ ds2$ **by** *auto*
then obtain $x1 \ x2$ **where** $x = x1 \ @ \ x2$ $x1 < ds1$ $x2 < ds2$ **by** (*metis valid-index-split*)
then have $(x1, x2) \in (\{is1. is1 < ds1\} \times \{is2. is2 < ds2\})$ **by** *auto*
then show $x \in ?A$ **using** *imageI $\langle x = x1 \ @ \ x2 \rangle$ by blast*
qed
have $2: inj-on \ (\lambda(is1, is2). is1 \ @ \ is2) \ (\{is1. is1 < ds1\} \times \{is2. is2 < ds2\})$
by (*simp add: inj-on-def valid-index-length*)
show *?thesis*

unfolding *Groups-Big.comm-monoid-add-class.sum.cartesian-product*[of $\lambda is1$
 $is2. f (is1 @ is2)$]
using *Groups-Big.comm-monoid-add-class.sum.reindex*[OF 2, of f] 1
 2 *SigmaE prod.simps*(2) *sum.reindex-cong* **by** (*simp add: split-def*)
qed

lemma *prod-lessThan-split*:

fixes $g :: nat \Rightarrow real$ **shows** $prod\ g\ \{..<n+m\} = prod\ g\ \{..<n\} * prod\ (\lambda x. g\ (x+n))\ \{..<m\}$
using *Groups-Big.comm-monoid-mult-class.prod.union-inter-neutral*[of $\{..<n\}\ \{n..<n+m\}$
 g , *unfolded ivl-disj-un-one*(2)[OF *le-add1*], *OF finite-lessThan finite-atLeastLessThan*]
by (*metis (no-types) add commute add.left-neutral atLeast0LessThan empty-iff ivl-disj-int-one*(2)
prod-shift-bounds-nat-ivl)

lemma *evaluate-net-from-tensors*:

assumes *valid-net'* m

and *map dim-vec inputs = input-sizes* m

and $j < output-size'$ m

shows *evaluate-net* m *inputs* $\$ j$

$= (\sum is \in \{is. is \triangleleft input-sizes\ m\}. (\prod k < length\ inputs. inputs\ !\ k\ \$\ (is!k)) * Tensor.lookup\ (tensors-from-net\ m\ \$\ j)\ is)$

using *assms proof (induction m arbitrary:j is inputs)*

case (*Input M*)

then have *length inputs = 1 input-sizes (Input M) = [M]* **by** *auto*

{

fix is **assume** $is \triangleleft input-sizes\ (Input\ M)$

then have *length is = 1* **by** (*simp add: valid-index-length*)

then have $is = [hd\ is]$ **by** (*metis One-nat-def length-0-conv length-Suc-conv list.sel*(1))

then have $Tensor.lookup\ (tensors-from-net\ (Input\ M)\ \$\ j)\ is = (if\ hd\ is=j\ then\ 1\ else\ 0)$

by (*metis Input.prem*(3) $\langle input-sizes\ (Input\ M) = [M] \rangle \langle is \triangleleft input-sizes\ (Input\ M) \rangle list.distinct(1))$

lookup-unit-vec nth-Cons-0 output-size.simps(1) *remove-weights.simps*(1)
tensors-from-net.simps(1) *valid-indexE index-vec*)

then have $(\prod k < length\ inputs. inputs\ !\ k\ \$\ (is\ !\ k)) * lookup\ (tensors-from-net\ (Input\ M)\ \$\ j)\ is =$

$(if\ is=j\ then\ (\prod k < length\ inputs. inputs\ !\ k\ \$\ (is\ !\ k))\ else\ 0)$ **using**
 $\langle is = [hd\ is] \rangle$ **by** *auto*

}

then have $(\sum is \mid is \triangleleft input-sizes\ (Input\ M). (\prod k < length\ inputs. inputs\ !\ k\ \$\ (is\ !\ k)) * lookup\ (tensors-from-net\ (Input\ M)\ \$\ j)\ is)$

$= (\sum is \mid is \triangleleft input-sizes\ (Input\ M). (if\ is=j\ then\ (\prod k < length\ inputs. inputs\ !\ k\ \$\ (is\ !\ k))\ else\ 0))$ **by** *auto*

also have $(\sum is \mid is \triangleleft input-sizes\ (Input\ M). (if\ is=j\ then\ (\prod k < length\ inputs. inputs\ !\ k\ \$\ (is\ !\ k))\ else\ 0))$

$= (\prod k < length\ inputs. inputs\ !\ k\ \$\ ([j]\ !\ k))$ **unfolding** *sum.delta*[OF *finite-valid-index*]

using *Input.prem*(3) *valid-index.Cons valid-index.Nil* **by** *auto*

also have ... = $\text{inputs ! } 0 \text{ \$ } j$ **using** $\langle \text{length inputs} = 1 \rangle$ **by** (simp add: prod-lessThan-Suc)
also have ... = $\text{evaluate-net (Input } M) \text{ inputs \$ } j$ **unfolding** $\text{evaluate-net.simps}$
by (metis $\langle \text{length inputs} = 1 \rangle$ hd-conv-nth list.size(3) zero-neg-one)
finally show ?case **by auto**
next
case (Conv A m j)
have $j < \text{dim-row } A$ **using** Conv.prem(3) **by auto**
have $0 : \bigwedge is. is < \text{input-sizes (Conv } A \text{ m)} \implies$
 $(\prod k < \text{length inputs. inputs ! } k \text{ \$ } (is ! k)) * \text{lookup (tensors-from-net (Conv } A \text{ m)}$
 $\text{\$ } j) is =$
 $(\sum i = 0..< \text{dim-vec (tensors-from-net } m). \text{row } A \text{ } j \text{ \$ } i * ((\prod k < \text{length inputs.}$
 $\text{inputs ! } k \text{ \$ } (is ! k)) * \text{lookup (tensors-from-net } m \text{ \$ } i) is))$
proof –
fix is **assume** $is < \text{input-sizes (Conv } A \text{ m)}$
then have $is < \text{input-sizes } m$ **by simp**
have $0 : \text{lookup (tensors-from-net (Conv } A \text{ m)} \text{ \$ } j) is =$
 $(\sum i = 0..< \text{dim-vec (tensors-from-net } m). \text{row } A \text{ } j \text{ \$ } i * \text{lookup (tensors-from-net}$
 $m \text{ \$ } i) is)$
unfolding $\text{tensors-from-net.simps mat-tensorlist-mult-def index-vec[OF } \langle j <$
 $\text{dim-row } A \rangle]$
 $\text{lookup-tensor-from-lookup[OF } \langle is < \text{input-sizes } m \rangle] \text{index-mult-mat-vec[OF } \langle j$
 $< \text{dim-row } A \rangle] \text{scalar-prod-def}$
using index-map-vec **by auto**
show $(\prod k < \text{length inputs. inputs ! } k \text{ \$ } (is ! k)) * \text{lookup (tensors-from-net}$
 $(\text{Conv } A \text{ m)} \text{ \$ } j) is$
 $= (\sum i = 0..< \text{dim-vec (tensors-from-net } m). \text{row } A \text{ } j \text{ \$ } i * ((\prod k < \text{length}$
 $\text{inputs. inputs ! } k \text{ \$ } (is ! k)) * \text{lookup (tensors-from-net } m \text{ \$ } i) is))$
unfolding 0 sum-distrib-left **by** (simp add: semiring-normalization-rules(19))
qed
have $\text{valid-net' } m$ **by** (metis Conv.prem(1) convnet.distinct(1) convnet.distinct(5)
convnet.inject(2) remove-weights.simps(2) valid-net.simps)
have $\text{map dim-vec inputs} = \text{input-sizes } m$ **by** (simp add: Conv.prem(2))
have $\text{output-size' } m = \text{dim-vec (tensors-from-net } m)$ **by** (simp add: $\langle \text{valid-net'}$
 $m \rangle \text{output-size-correct-tensors}$)
have $1 : \bigwedge i. i < \text{dim-vec (tensors-from-net } m) \implies (\sum is \mid is < \text{input-sizes (Conv}$
 $A \text{ m}). ((\prod k < \text{length inputs. inputs ! } k \text{ \$ } (is ! k)) * \text{lookup (tensors-from-net } m \text{ \$ }$
 $i) is)) = \text{evaluate-net } m \text{ inputs \$ } i$ **unfolding** input-sizes.simps
using Conv.IH $\langle \text{valid-net' } m \rangle \langle \text{map dim-vec inputs} = \text{input-sizes } m \rangle \langle \text{output-size'}$
 $m = \text{dim-vec (tensors-from-net } m) \rangle$ **by simp**

have $(\sum is \mid is < \text{input-sizes (Conv } A \text{ m}). (\prod k < \text{length inputs. inputs ! } k \text{ \$ } (is$
 $! k)) * \text{lookup (tensors-from-net (Conv } A \text{ m)} \text{ \$ } j) is)$
 $= (\sum i = 0..< \text{dim-vec (tensors-from-net } m). (\sum is \mid is < \text{input-sizes (Conv}$
 $A \text{ m). row } A \text{ } j \text{ \$ } i * ((\prod k < \text{length inputs. inputs ! } k \text{ \$ } (is ! k)) * \text{lookup}$
 $(\text{tensors-from-net } m \text{ \$ } i) is)))$
using Groups-Big.comm-monoid-add-class.sum.swap 0 **by auto**
also have ... = $(\sum i = 0..< \text{dim-vec (tensors-from-net } m). \text{row } A \text{ } j \text{ \$ } i * (\sum is \mid$
 $is < \text{input-sizes (Conv } A \text{ m}). ((\prod k < \text{length inputs. inputs ! } k \text{ \$ } (is ! k)) * \text{lookup}$
 $(\text{tensors-from-net } m \text{ \$ } i) is)))$

```

  by (simp add: sum-distrib-left)
  also have ... = ( $\sum i = 0..<dim-vec (tensors-from-net m). row A j \$ i * evaluate-net m inputs \$ i$ ) using 1 by auto
  also have ... = row A j · evaluate-net m inputs
  by (metis (full-types) ⟨map dim-vec inputs = input-sizes m⟩ ⟨output-size' m = dim-vec (tensors-from-net m)⟩
    ⟨valid-net' m⟩ output-size-correct scalar-prod-def)
  also have ... = (A *_v evaluate-net m inputs) $ j by (simp add: ⟨j < dim-row A⟩)
  also have ... = evaluate-net (Conv A m) inputs $ j by simp
  finally show ?case by auto
next
case (Pool m1 m2 j)
have valid-net' m1 valid-net' m2
  by (metis Pool.premis(1) convnet.distinct(3) convnet.inject(3) convnet.simps(9)
    remove-weights.simps(3) valid-net.simps)+
  have j < output-size' m2 j < output-size' m1
  apply (metis Pool.premis(1) Pool.premis(3) convnet.distinct(3) convnet.inject(3)
    convnet.simps(9)
    output-size.simps(3) remove-weights.simps(3) valid-net.simps) using Pool.premis
  by auto
  then have j < dim-vec (tensors-from-net m1) j < dim-vec (tensors-from-net m2)
  by (simp-all add: ⟨valid-net' m1⟩ ⟨valid-net' m2⟩ output-size-correct-tensors)

define inputs1 where inputs1 = take (length (input-sizes m1)) inputs
define inputs2 where inputs2 = drop (length (input-sizes m1)) inputs
have map dim-vec inputs1 = input-sizes m1 map dim-vec inputs2 = input-sizes m2
  apply (metis Pool.premis(2) append-eq-conv-conj input-sizes.simps(3) inputs1-def
    take-map)
  by (metis Pool.premis(2) append-eq-conv-conj drop-map input-sizes.simps(3)
    inputs2-def)
  have inputs = inputs1 @ inputs2 by (simp add: inputs1-def inputs2-def)
  {
    fix is1 is2 assume is1 < input-sizes m1 is2 < input-sizes m2
    have length is1 = length inputs1
      using ⟨is1 < input-sizes m1⟩ ⟨map dim-vec inputs1 = input-sizes m1⟩
    valid-index-length by fastforce
    have length is2 = length inputs2
      using ⟨is2 < input-sizes m2⟩ ⟨map dim-vec inputs2 = input-sizes m2⟩
    valid-index-length by fastforce
    have 1:( $\prod k < length inputs1. (inputs1 @ inputs2) ! k \$ ((is1 @ is2) ! k)$ ) =
      ( $\prod k < length inputs1. inputs1 ! k \$ (is1 ! k)$ )
      using ⟨length is1 = length inputs1⟩ ⟨length is2 = length inputs2⟩
      nth-append by (metis (no-types, lifting) lessThan-iff prod.cong)
    have 2:( $\prod x < length inputs2. (inputs1 @ inputs2) ! (x + length inputs1) \$ ((is1 @ is2) ! (x + length inputs1))$ ) =
      ( $\prod k < length inputs2. inputs2 ! k \$ (is2 ! k)$ )
  }

```

```

    using ⟨length is1 = length inputs1⟩ ⟨length is2 = length inputs2⟩
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) add.commute nth-append-length-plus)
    have (∏ k < length inputs. inputs ! k $ ((is1 @ is2) ! k)) = (∏ k < length inputs1.
inputs1 ! k $ (is1 ! k)) * (∏ k < length inputs2. inputs2 ! k $ (is2 ! k))
    unfolding ⟨inputs = inputs1 @ inputs2⟩ length-append prod-lessThan-split
using 1 2 by metis
  }
  note 1 = this
  {
    fix is1 is2 assume is1 < input-sizes m1 is2 < input-sizes m2
    then have is1 < dims (tensors-from-net m1 $ j) is2 < dims (tensors-from-net
m2 $ j)
      using ⟨j < dim-vec (tensors-from-net m1)⟩ ⟨j < dim-vec (tensors-from-net
m2)⟩ dims-tensors-from-net vec-setI by force+
      have lookup (tensors-from-net (Pool m1 m2) $ j) (is1 @ is2) = lookup
(tensors-from-net m1 $ j) is1 * lookup (tensors-from-net m2 $ j) is2
      unfolding tensors-from-net.simps index-component-mult[OF ⟨j < dim-vec
(tensors-from-net m1)⟩ ⟨j < dim-vec (tensors-from-net m2)⟩]
      lookup-tensor-prod[OF (is1 < dims (tensors-from-net m1 $ j)) (is2 < dims
(tensors-from-net m2 $ j))] by metis
    }
    note 2 = this

    have j-le-eval: j < dim-vec (evaluate-net m1 (take (length (input-sizes m1)) in-
puts))
      j < dim-vec (evaluate-net m2 (drop (length (input-sizes m1)) inputs))
      using ⟨j < output-size' m1⟩ ⟨map dim-vec inputs1 = input-sizes m1⟩ ⟨valid-net'
m1⟩ inputs1-def output-size-correct
      using ⟨j < output-size' m2⟩ ⟨map dim-vec inputs2 = input-sizes m2⟩ ⟨valid-net'
m2⟩ inputs2-def by auto
      have (∑ is | is < input-sizes (Pool m1 m2). (∏ k < length inputs. inputs ! k $
(is ! k)) * lookup (tensors-from-net (Pool m1 m2) $ j) is)
        = (∑ is1 | is1 < input-sizes m1. ∑ is2 | is2 < input-sizes m2.
(∏ k < length inputs1. inputs1 ! k $ (is1 ! k)) * (∏ k < length inputs2.
inputs2 ! k $ (is2 ! k)) *
lookup (tensors-from-net m1 $ j) is1 * lookup (tensors-from-net m2 $ j)
is2)
      unfolding input-sizes.simps setsum-valid-index-split using 1 2
      using mem-Collect-eq sum.cong by (simp add: mult.assoc)
      also have ... = (∑ is1 | is1 < input-sizes m1. (∏ k < length inputs1. inputs1 ! k
$ (is1 ! k)) * lookup (tensors-from-net m1 $ j) is1) *
(∑ is2 | is2 < input-sizes m2. (∏ k < length inputs2. inputs2 ! k $
(is2 ! k)) * lookup (tensors-from-net m2 $ j) is2)
      unfolding sum-product by (rule sum.cong, metis, rule sum.cong, metis, simp)
      also have ... = evaluate-net (Pool m1 m2) inputs $ j unfolding evaluate-net.simps
index-component-mult[OF j-le-eval]
      using Pool.IH(1)[OF ⟨valid-net' m1⟩ - ⟨j < output-size' m1⟩] Pool.IH(2)[OF
⟨valid-net' m2⟩ - ⟨j < output-size' m2⟩]
      using ⟨map dim-vec inputs1 = input-sizes m1⟩ ⟨map dim-vec inputs2 = input-sizes

```

m2 › *inputs1-def inputs2-def* **by** *auto*
finally show *?case* **by** *metis*
qed

lemma *tensors-from-net-eqI*:

assumes *valid-net' m1 valid-net' m2 input-sizes m1 = input-sizes m2*

assumes \bigwedge *inputs. input-sizes m1 = map dim-vec inputs \implies evaluate-net m1 inputs = evaluate-net m2 inputs*

shows *tensors-from-net m1 = tensors-from-net m2*

proof –

have *map dim-vec (map 0_v (input-sizes m2)) = input-sizes m2*

map dim-vec (map 0_v (input-sizes m1)) = input-sizes m1 **by** (*simp-all add: nth-equalityI*)

then have *output-size' m1 = output-size' m2* **using**

output-size-correct[OF (valid-net' m1) (map dim-vec (map 0_v (input-sizes m1)) = input-sizes m1)

output-size-correct[OF (valid-net' m2) (map dim-vec (map 0_v (input-sizes m2)) = input-sizes m2)

assms(3) assms(4)

by (*metis (no-types)*)

have \bigwedge *is. base-input m1 is = base-input m2 is*

unfolding *base-input-def (input-sizes m1 = input-sizes m2)* **by** *metis*

show *?thesis* **by** (*rule eq-vecI, rule tensor-lookup-eqI; metis*

lookup-tensors-from-net[OF (valid-net' m1), unfolded (mathis. base-input m1 is = base-input m2 is) (output-size' m1 = output-size' m2)

lookup-tensors-from-net[OF (valid-net' m2)] assms(3) base-input-length

assms(1) assms(2) dims-tensors-from-net output-size-correct-tensors vec-setI

(output-size' m1 = output-size' m2) assms(4))

qed

end

12 Concrete Matrices

theory *DL-Concrete-Matrices*

imports *Jordan-Normal-Form.Matrix*

begin

The following definition allows non-square-matrices, *mat_one* (*mat_one n*) only allows square matrices.

definition *id-matrix::nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow real mat*

where *id-matrix nr nc = mat nr nc ($\lambda(r, c). \text{if } r=c \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0$)*

lemma *id-matrix-dim: dim-row (id-matrix nr nc) = nr dim-col (id-matrix nr nc) = nc* **by** (*simp-all add: id-matrix-def*)

lemma *row-id-matrix:*

assumes *i < nr*

shows *row (id-matrix nr nc) i = unit-vec nc i*

by (rule eq-vecI, simp add: assms id-matrix-def unit-vec-def, simp add: id-matrix-dim(2))

lemma unit-eq-0[simp]:

assumes $i: i \geq n$

shows $\text{unit-vec } n \ i = 0_v \ n$

by (rule eq-vecI, insert i, auto simp: unit-vec-def)

lemma mult-id-matrix:

assumes $i < nr$

shows $(\text{id-matrix } nr \ (\text{dim-vec } v) \ *_v \ v) \ \$ \ i = (\text{if } i < \text{dim-vec } v \ \text{then } v \ \$ \ i \ \text{else } 0) \ (\text{is } ?a \ \$ \ i = ?b)$

proof –

have $?a \ \$ \ i = \text{row } (\text{id-matrix } nr \ (\text{dim-vec } v)) \ i \cdot v$ using index-mult-mat-vec
assms id-matrix-dim by auto

also have $\dots = \text{unit-vec } (\text{dim-vec } v) \ i \cdot v$ using row-id-matrix assms by auto

also have $\dots = ?b$ using scalar-prod-left-unit carrier-vecI unit-eq-0 scalar-prod-left-zero
by fastforce

finally show ?thesis by auto

qed

definition all1-vec::nat \Rightarrow real vec

where $\text{all1-vec } n = \text{vec } n \ (\lambda i. 1)$

definition all1-matrix::nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow real mat

where $\text{all1-matrix } nr \ nc = \text{mat } nr \ nc \ (\lambda(r, c). 1)$

lemma all1-matrix-dim: $\text{dim-row } (\text{all1-matrix } nr \ nc) = nr$ $\text{dim-col } (\text{all1-matrix } nr \ nc) = nc$

by (simp-all add: all1-matrix-def)

lemma row-all1-matrix:

assumes $i < nr$

shows $\text{row } (\text{all1-matrix } nr \ nc) \ i = \text{all1-vec } nc$

apply (rule eq-vecI)

apply (simp add: all1-matrix-def all1-vec-def assms)

by (simp add: all1-matrix-def all1-vec-def)

lemma all1-vec-scalar-prod:

shows $\text{all1-vec } (\text{length } xs) \cdot (\text{vec-of-list } xs) = \text{sum-list } xs$

proof –

have $\text{all1-vec } (\text{length } xs) \cdot (\text{vec-of-list } xs) = (\sum i = 0..<\text{dim-vec } (\text{vec-of-list } xs). \text{vec-of-list } xs \ \$ \ i)$

unfolding scalar-prod-def by (metis (no-types, lifting) all1-vec-def mult-cancel-right1 sum-ivl-cong

vec.abs-eq dim-vec index-vec vec-of-list.abs-eq)

also have $\dots = (\sum i = 0..<\text{length } xs. xs \ ! \ i)$ using vec.abs-eq dim-vec vec-of-list.abs-eq

by (metis sum-ivl-cong index-vec)

also have $\dots = \text{sum-list } xs$ by (simp add: sum-list-sum-nth)

finally show *?thesis* **by auto**
qed

lemma *mult-all1-matrix*:

assumes $i < nr$

shows $((all1-matrix\ nr\ (dim-vec\ v)) *_{v}\ v)\ \$\ i = sum-list\ (list-of-vec\ v)$ (**is** $?a\ \$\ i = sum-list\ (list-of-vec\ v)$)

proof –

have $?a\ \$\ i = row\ (all1-matrix\ nr\ (dim-vec\ v))\ i \cdot v$ **using** *index-mult-mat-vec* *assms* *all1-matrix-dim* **by auto**

also have $... = sum-list\ (list-of-vec\ v)$ **unfolding** *row-all1-matrix*[*OF* *assms*]
using *all1-vec-scalar-prod*[*of* *list-of-vec* *v*]

by (*metis* *vec.abs-eq* *dim-vec* *vec-list* *vec-of-list.abs-eq*)

finally show *?thesis* **by auto**

qed

definition *copy-first-matrix*:: $nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow real\ mat$

where *copy-first-matrix* $nr\ nc = mat\ nr\ nc\ (\lambda(r, c). if\ c = 0\ then\ 1\ else\ 0)$

lemma *copy-first-matrix-dim*: $dim-row\ (copy-first-matrix\ nr\ nc) = nr\ dim-col\ (copy-first-matrix\ nr\ nc) = nc$

by (*simp-all* *add*: *copy-first-matrix-def*)

lemma *row-copy-first-matrix*:

assumes $i < nr$

shows $row\ (copy-first-matrix\ nr\ nc)\ i = unit-vec\ nc\ 0$

apply (*rule* *eq-vecI*)

apply (*auto* *simp* *add*: *copy-first-matrix-def* *assms*)[1]

by (*simp* *add*: *copy-first-matrix-def*)

lemma *mult-copy-first-matrix*:

assumes $i < nr$ **and** $dim-vec\ v > 0$

shows $(copy-first-matrix\ nr\ (dim-vec\ v)) *_{v}\ v)\ \$\ i = v\ \$\ 0$ (**is** $?a\ \$\ i = v\ \$\ 0$)

proof –

have $?a\ \$\ i = row\ (copy-first-matrix\ nr\ (dim-vec\ v))\ i \cdot v$ **using** *index-mult-mat-vec* *assms* *copy-first-matrix-dim* **by auto**

also have $... = unit-vec\ (dim-vec\ v)\ 0 \cdot v$ **using** *row-copy-first-matrix* *assms* **by auto**

also have $... = v\ \$\ 0$ **using** *assms*(2) *scalar-prod-left-unit* *carrier-dim-vec* **by blast**

finally show *?thesis* **by auto**

qed

end

13 Missing Lemmas of Finite_Set

```
theory DL-Missing-Finite-Set
imports Main
begin

lemma card-even[simp]: card {a ∈ Collect even. a < 2 * n} = n
proof (induction n)
  case 0
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Suc n)
  have {a ∈ Collect even. a < 2 * Suc n} = insert (2*n) {a ∈ Collect even. a <
2 * n}
  using le-eq-less-or-eq less-Suc-eq-le subset-antisym by force
  show ?case
  unfolding ⟨{a ∈ Collect even. a < 2 * Suc n} = insert (2*n) {a ∈ Collect
even. a < 2 * n}⟩
  using Suc card-insert-disjoint[of {a ∈ Collect even. a < 2 * n} 2*n]
  by (simp add: finite-M-bounded-by-nat less-not-refl2)
qed

lemma card-odd[simp]: card {a ∈ Collect odd. a < 2 * n} = n
proof (induction n)
  case 0
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Suc n)
  have {a ∈ Collect odd. a < 2 * Suc n} = insert (2*n+1) {a ∈ Collect odd. a
< 2 * n}
  using le-eq-less-or-eq less-Suc-eq-le subset-antisym by force
  show ?case
  unfolding ⟨{a ∈ Collect odd. a < 2 * Suc n} = insert (2*n+1) {a ∈ Collect
odd. a < 2 * n}⟩
  using Suc card-insert-disjoint[of {a ∈ Collect even. a < 2 * n} 2*n]
  by (simp add: finite-M-bounded-by-nat less-not-refl2)
qed

end
```

14 Deep Network Model

```
theory DL-Deep-Model
imports DL-Network Tensor-Matricization Jordan-Normal-Form.DL-Submatrix DL-Concrete-Matrices
DL-Missing-Finite-Set Jordan-Normal-Form.DL-Missing-Sublist Jordan-Normal-Form.Determinant
begin

hide-const(open) Polynomial.order
hide-const (open) Matrix.unit-vec
```

fun *deep-model* **and** *deep-model'* **where**
deep-model' Y [] = Input Y |
deep-model' Y (r # rs) = Pool (deep-model Y r rs) (deep-model Y r rs) |
deep-model Y r rs = Conv (Y,r) (deep-model' r rs)

abbreviation *deep-model'-l rs == deep-model' (rs!0) (tl rs)*
abbreviation *deep-model-l rs == deep-model (rs!0) (rs!1) (tl (tl rs))*

lemma *valid-deep-model: valid-net (deep-model Y r rs)*
apply (*induction rs arbitrary: Y r*)
apply (*simp add: valid-net.intros(1) valid-net.intros(2)*)
using *valid-net.intros(2) valid-net.intros(3) by auto*

lemma *valid-deep-model': valid-net (deep-model' r rs)*
apply (*induction rs arbitrary: r*)
apply (*simp add: valid-net.intros(1)*)
by (*metis deep-model'.elims deep-model'.simps(2) deep-model.elims output-size.simps valid-net.simps*)

lemma *input-sizes-deep-model':*
assumes *length rs ≥ 1*
shows *input-sizes (deep-model'-l rs) = replicate (2^(length rs - 1)) (last rs)*
using *assms proof (induction butlast rs arbitrary:rs)*
case *Nil*
then have *rs = [rs!0]*
by (*metis One-nat-def diff-diff-cancel diff-zero length-0-conv length-Suc-conv length-butlast nth-Cons-0*)
then have *input-sizes (deep-model'-l rs) = [last rs]*
by (*metis deep-model'.simps(1) input-sizes.simps(1) last.simps list.sel(3)*)
then show *input-sizes (deep-model'-l rs) = replicate (2 ^ (length rs - 1)) (last rs)*
by (*metis One-nat-def ⟨[] = butlast rs⟩ empty-replicate length-butlast list.size(3) power-0 replicate.simps(2)*)
next
case (*Cons r rs' rs*)
then have *IH: input-sizes (deep-model'-l (tl rs)) = replicate (2 ^ (length (tl rs) - 1)) (last rs)*
by (*metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def butlast-tl diff-is-0-eq' last-tl length-Cons length-butlast length-tl list.sel(3) list.size(3) nat-le-linear not-one-le-zero*)
have *rs = r # (tl rs)* **by** (*metis Cons.hyps(2) Cons.premis One-nat-def append-Cons append-butlast-last-id length-greater-0-conv less-le-trans list.sel(3) zero-less-Suc*)
then have *deep-model'-l rs = Pool (deep-model-l rs) (deep-model-l rs)*
by (*metis Cons.hyps(2) One-nat-def butlast.simps(2) deep-model'.elims list.sel(3) list.simps(3) nth-Cons-0 nth-Cons-Suc*)
then have *input-sizes (deep-model'-l rs) = input-sizes (deep-model-l rs) @ input-sizes (deep-model-l rs)*
using *input-sizes.simps(3) by metis*

also have ... = *input-sizes* (*deep-model'-l* (*tl rs*)) @ *input-sizes* (*deep-model'-l* (*tl rs*))
by (*metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*) *Cons.hyps*(2) *One-nat-def* *deep-model.elims* *input-sizes.simps*(2) *length-Cons* *length-butlast* *length-greater-0-conv* *length-tl* *list.sel*(2) *list.sel*(3) *list.size*(3) *nth-tl* *one-neq-zero*)
also have ... = *replicate* ($2 \wedge (\text{length } (tl \ rs) - 1)$) (*last rs*) @ *replicate* ($2 \wedge (\text{length } (tl \ rs) - 1)$) (*last rs*)
using *IH* **by** *auto*
also have ... = *replicate* ($2 \wedge (\text{length } rs - 1)$) (*last rs*)
using *replicate-add*[of $2 \wedge (\text{length } (tl \ rs) - 1)$ $2 \wedge (\text{length } (tl \ rs) - 1)$ *last rs*]
by (*metis* *Cons.hyps*(2) *One-nat-def* *butlast-tl* *length-butlast* *list.sel*(3) *list.size*(4) *mult-2-right* *power-add* *power-one-right*)
finally show ?*case* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *input-sizes-deep-model*:

assumes *length rs* ≥ 2

shows *input-sizes* (*deep-model-l* *rs*) = *replicate* ($2 \wedge (\text{length } rs - 2)$) (*last rs*)

proof –

have *input-sizes* (*deep-model-l* *rs*) = *input-sizes* (*deep-model'-l* (*tl rs*))

by (*metis* *One-nat-def* *Suc-1* *assms* *hd-Cons-tl* *deep-model.elims* *input-sizes.simps*(2) *length-Cons*

length-greater-0-conv *lessI* *linorder-not-le* *list.size*(3) *not-numeral-le-zero* *nth-tl*)

also have ... = *replicate* ($2 \wedge (\text{length } rs - 2)$) (*last rs*) **using** *input-sizes-deep-model'*

by (*metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*) *One-nat-def* *Suc-1* *Suc-eq-plus1* *assms* *diff-diff-left* *hd-Cons-tl*

last-tl *length-Cons* *length-tl* *linorder-not-le* *list.size*(3) *not-less-eq* *not-numeral-le-zero* *numeral-le-one-iff* *semiring-norm*(69))

finally show ?*thesis* **by** *auto*

qed

lemma *evaluate-net-Conv-id*:

assumes *valid-net' m*

and *input-sizes m* = *map* *dim-vec* *input*

and *j* < *nr*

shows *evaluate-net* (*Conv* (*id-matrix* *nr* (*output-size' m*)) *m*) *input* \$ *j*

= (*if* *j* < *output-size' m* *then* *evaluate-net* *m* *input* \$ *j* *else* 0)

unfolding *evaluate-net.simps* *output-size-correct*[*OF* *assms*(1) *assms*(2)[*symmetric*]]

using *mult-id-matrix*[*OF* <*j* < *nr*>, of *evaluate-net* *m* *input*, *unfolded* *dim-vec-of-list*]

by *metis*

lemma *tensors-from-net-Conv-id*:

assumes *valid-net' m*

and *i* < *nr*

shows *tensors-from-net* (*Conv* (*id-matrix* *nr* (*output-size' m*)) *m*) \$ *i*

= (*if* *i* < *output-size' m* *then* *tensors-from-net* *m* \$ *i* *else* *tensor0* (*input-sizes m*))

(*is* ?*a* \$ *i* = ?*b*)

proof (rule *tensor-lookup-eqI*)
have $\text{Tensor.dims } (?a \ \$ \ i) = \text{input-sizes } m$ **by** (metis *assms(1) assms(2) dims-tensors-from-net*
id-matrix-dim(1) id-matrix-dim(2) input-sizes.simps(2) output-size.simps(2)
output-size-correct-tensors remove-weights.simps(2) valid-net.intros(2) vec-setI)
moreover have $\text{Tensor.dims } (?b) = \text{input-sizes } m$ **using** *dims-tensors-from-net*
output-size-correct-tensors[OF assms(1)] dims-tensor0 **by** (simp add: *vec-setI*)
ultimately show $\text{Tensor.dims } (?a \ \$ \ i) = \text{Tensor.dims } (?b)$ **by** *auto*

define *Conv* **where** $\text{Conv } m = \text{Conv } (\text{id-matrix } nr \ (\text{output-size}' \ m)) \ m$
fix *is*
assume $is \triangleleft \text{Tensor.dims } (?a \ \$ \ i)$
then have $is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m$ **using** $\langle \text{Tensor.dims } (?a \ \$ \ i) = \text{input-sizes } m \rangle$ **by**
auto
have *valid-net' Conv* **by** (simp add: *assms id-matrix-dim valid-net.intros(2)*
Conv-def)
have *base-input m is = base-input Conv m is* **by** (simp add: *Conv-def base-input-def*)
have $i < \text{output-size}' \ m$ **unfolding** *Conv-def remove-weights.simps output-size.simps*
id-matrix-dim **using** *assms* **by** *metis*
have $is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } (\text{Conv } (\text{id-matrix } nr \ (\text{output-size}' \ m)) \ m)$
by (metis $\langle is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m \rangle$ *input-sizes.simps(2)*)
then have $f1: \text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } (\text{Conv } (\text{id-matrix } nr \ (\text{output-size}' \ m)) \ m) \ \$ \ i) \ is = \text{evaluate-net } (\text{Conv } (\text{id-matrix } nr \ (\text{output-size}' \ m)) \ m) \ (\text{base-input } (\text{Conv } (\text{id-matrix } nr \ (\text{output-size}' \ m)) \ m) \ is) \ \$ \ i$
using *Conv-def* $\langle i < \text{output-size}' \ m \rangle$ *valid-net' Conv* *lookup-tensors-from-net*
by *blast*
have $\text{lookup } (\text{tensor0 } (\text{input-sizes } m)) \ is = (0::\text{real})$
by (meson $\langle is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m \rangle$ *lookup-tensor0*)
then show $\text{Tensor.lookup } (?a \ \$ \ i) \ is = \text{Tensor.lookup } ?b \ is$
using *Conv-def* $\langle \text{base-input } m \ is = \text{base-input } \text{Conv } m \ is \rangle$ $\langle is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m \rangle$
assms(1) assms(2)
base-input-length evaluate-net-Conv-id f1 lookup-tensors-from-net **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *evaluate-net-Conv-copy-first*:
assumes *valid-net' m*
and $\text{input-sizes } m = \text{map } \text{dim-vec } \text{input}$
and $j < nr$
and $\text{output-size}' \ m > 0$
shows $\text{evaluate-net } (\text{Conv } (\text{copy-first-matrix } nr \ (\text{output-size}' \ m)) \ m) \ \text{input } \$ \ j$
 $= \text{evaluate-net } m \ \text{input } \$ \ 0$
unfolding *evaluate-net.simps output-size-correct[OF assms(1) assms(2)[symmetric]]*
using *mult-copy-first-matrix[OF* $\langle j < nr \rangle$, *of evaluate-net m input, unfolded dim-vec-of-list*
assms(3) copy-first-matrix-dim(1) **by** (metis $\langle \text{output-size}' \ m = \text{dim-vec } (\text{evaluate-net } m \ \text{input}) \rangle$ *assms(4)*)

lemma *tensors-from-net-Conv-copy-first*:
assumes *valid-net' m*
and $i < nr$

and $output-size' m > 0$
shows $tensors-from-net (Conv (copy-first-matrix nr (output-size' m)) m) \$ i = tensors-from-net m \$ 0$
(is $?a \$ i = ?b$)
proof (rule *tensor-lookup-eqI*)
have $Tensor.dims (?a \$ i) = input-sizes m$
by (metis *assms(1) assms(2) copy-first-matrix-dim(1) copy-first-matrix-dim(2) dims-tensors-from-net input-sizes.simps(2) output-size.simps(2) output-size-correct-tensors remove-weights.simps(2) valid-net.intros(2) vec-setI*)
moreover have $Tensor.dims (?b) = input-sizes m$ **using** *dims-tensors-from-net output-size-correct-tensors[OF assms(1)]* **using** *assms(3)* **by** (simp *add: vec-setI*)
ultimately show $Tensor.dims (?a \$ i) = Tensor.dims (?b)$ **by** *auto*

define *Conv_m* **where** $Conv_m = Conv (copy-first-matrix nr (output-size' m)) m$
fix *is*
assume $is \triangleleft Tensor.dims (?a \$ i)$
then have $is \triangleleft input-sizes m$ **using** $\langle Tensor.dims (?a \$ i) = input-sizes m \rangle$ **by** *auto*
have $valid-net' Conv_m$ **by** (simp *add: assms copy-first-matrix-dim valid-net.intros(2) Conv_m-def*)
have $base-input m is = base-input Conv_m is$ **by** (simp *add: Conv_m-def base-input-def*)
have $i < output-size' Conv_m$ **unfolding** *Conv_m-def remove-weights.simps output-size.simps copy-first-matrix-dim* **using** *assms* **by** *metis*
show $Tensor.lookup (?a \$ i) is = Tensor.lookup ?b is$
by (metis *Conv_m-def base-input m is = base-input Conv_m is*) $\langle i < output-size' Conv_m \rangle$
 $\langle is \triangleleft input-sizes m \rangle \langle valid-net' Conv_m \rangle$ *assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) base-input-length evaluate-net-Conv-copy-first input-sizes.simps(2) lookup-tensors-from-net*
qed

lemma *evaluate-net-Conv-all1*:
assumes $valid-net' m$
and $input-sizes m = map dim-vec input$
and $i < nr$
shows $evaluate-net (Conv (all1-matrix nr (output-size' m)) m) input \$ i = Groups-List.sum-list (list-of-vec (evaluate-net m input))$
unfolding *evaluate-net.simps output-size-correct[OF assms(1) assms(2)[symmetric]]*
using *mult-all1-matrix[OF i < nr, of evaluate-net m input, unfolded dim-vec-of-list] assms(3) all1-matrix-dim(1)* **by** *metis*

lemma *tensors-from-net-Conv-all1*:
assumes $valid-net' m$
and $i < nr$
shows $tensors-from-net (Conv (all1-matrix nr (output-size' m)) m) \$ i = listsum (input-sizes m) (list-of-vec (tensors-from-net m))$
(is $?a \$ i = ?b$)
proof (rule *tensor-lookup-eqI*)
have $i < dim-vec ?a$ **by** (metis *assms all1-matrix-dim output-size.simps(2)*)

```

    output-size-correct-tensors remove-weights.simps(2) valid-net.intros(2))
then show Tensor.dims (?a $ i) = Tensor.dims (?b)
    using dims-tensors-from-net input-sizes.simps(2) listsum-dims
    by (metis index-vec-of-list in-set-conv-nth length-list-of-vec vec-list vec-setI)

define Convm where Convm = Conv (all1-matrix nr (output-size' m)) m
fix is assume is < Tensor.dims (?a $ i)
then have is < input-sizes m
    using ⟨i < dim-vec ?a⟩ dims-tensors-from-net input-sizes.simps(2) by (metis
vec-setI)
    then have is < input-sizes Convm by (simp add: Convm-def)
    have valid-net' Convm by (simp add: Convm-def assms all1-matrix-dim valid-net.intros(2))
    have i < output-size' Convm using Convm-def ⟨i < dim-vec ?a⟩ ⟨valid-net'
Convm⟩
    output-size-correct-tensors by presburger
    have base-input Convm is = base-input m is unfolding base-input-def Convm-def
input-sizes.simps by metis
    have Tensor.lookup (?a $ i) is = evaluate-net Convm (base-input Convm is) $ i
    using lookup-tensors-from-net[OF ⟨valid-net' Convm⟩ ⟨is < input-sizes Convm⟩
⟨i < output-size' Convm⟩]
    by (metis Convm-def )
    also have ... = monoid-add-class.sum-list (list-of-vec (evaluate-net m (base-input
Convm is)))
    using evaluate-net-Conv-all1 Convm-def ⟨is < input-sizes Convm⟩ assms base-input-length
⟨i < nr⟩
    by simp
    also have ... = monoid-add-class.sum-list (list-of-vec (map-vec (λA. lookup A
is)(tensors-from-net m)))
    unfolding ⟨base-input Convm is = base-input m is⟩
    using lookup-tensors-from-net[OF ⟨valid-net' m⟩ ⟨is < input-sizes m⟩]
    base-input-length[OF ⟨is < input-sizes m⟩] output-size-correct[OF assms(1)]
output-size-correct-tensors[OF assms(1)]
    eq-vecI[of evaluate-net m (base-input m is) map-vec (λA. lookup A is) (tensors-from-net
m)] index-map-vec(1) index-map-vec(2)
    by force
    also have ... = monoid-add-class.sum-list (map (λA. lookup A is) (list-of-vec
(tensors-from-net m)))
    using eq-vecI[of vec-of-list (list-of-vec (map-vec (λA. lookup A is)(tensors-from-net
m)))
    vec-of-list (map (λA. lookup A is) (list-of-vec (tensors-from-net m)))] dim-vec-of-list
nth-list-of-vec length-map list-vec nth-map index-map-vec(1) index-map-vec(2)
vec-list
    by (metis (no-types, lifting))
    also have ... = Tensor.lookup ?b is using dims-tensors-from-net set-list-of-vec
using lookup-listsum[OF ⟨is < input-sizes m⟩, of list-of-vec (tensors-from-net
m)]
    by metis
    finally show Tensor.lookup (?a $ i) is = Tensor.lookup ?b is by blast
qed

```

fun *witness* **and** *witness'* **where**

witness' $Y \ [] = \text{Input } Y \mid$

witness' $Y (r \# rs) = \text{Pool } (\text{witness } Y r rs) (\text{witness } Y r rs) \mid$

witness $Y r rs = \text{Conv } ((\text{if length } rs = 0 \text{ then id-matrix else } (\text{if length } rs = 1 \text{ then all1-matrix else copy-first-matrix})) Y r) (\text{witness}' r rs)$

abbreviation *witness-l* $rs == \text{witness } (rs!0) (rs!1) (\text{tl } (\text{tl } rs))$

abbreviation *witness'-l* $rs == \text{witness}' (rs!0) (\text{tl } rs)$

lemma *witness-is-deep-model: remove-weights* $(\text{witness } Y r rs) = \text{deep-model } Y r rs$

proof (*induction* rs *arbitrary*: $Y r$)

case *Nil*

then show *?case unfolding* *witness.simps witness'.simps deep-model.simps deep-model'.simps*
by (*simp add: id-matrix-dim*)

next

case $(\text{Cons } r' rs Y r)$

have *dim-row* $((\text{if length } (r' \# rs) = 0 \text{ then id-matrix else } (\text{if length } (r' \# rs) = 1 \text{ then all1-matrix else copy-first-matrix})) Y r) = Y$

dim-col $((\text{if length } (r' \# rs) = 0 \text{ then id-matrix else } (\text{if length } (r' \# rs) = 1 \text{ then all1-matrix else copy-first-matrix})) Y r) = r$

by (*simp-all add: all1-matrix-dim copy-first-matrix-dim*)

then show *?case unfolding witness.simps unfolding witness'.simps unfolding remove-weights.simps*

using *Cons* **by** *simp*

qed

lemma *witness'-is-deep-model: remove-weights* $(\text{witness}' Y rs) = \text{deep-model}' Y rs$

proof (*induction* rs *arbitrary*: Y)

case *Nil*

then show *?case unfolding witness.simps witness'.simps deep-model.simps deep-model'.simps*
by (*simp add: id-matrix-dim*)

next

case $(\text{Cons } r rs Y)$

have *dim-row* $((\text{if length } rs = 0 \text{ then id-matrix else } (\text{if length } rs = 1 \text{ then all1-matrix else copy-first-matrix})) Y r) = Y$

dim-col $((\text{if length } rs = 0 \text{ then id-matrix else } (\text{if length } rs = 1 \text{ then all1-matrix else copy-first-matrix})) Y r) = r$

by (*simp-all add: all1-matrix-dim copy-first-matrix-dim id-matrix-dim*)

then show *?case unfolding witness'.simps unfolding witness.simps unfolding remove-weights.simps*

using *Cons* **by** *simp*

qed

lemma *witness-valid: valid-net'* $(\text{witness } Y r rs)$

using *valid-deep-model witness-is-deep-model* **by** *auto*

```

lemma witness'-valid: valid-net' (witness' Y rs)
  using valid-deep-model' witness'-is-deep-model by auto

lemma shared-weight-net-witness: shared-weight-net (witness Y r rs)
proof (induction rs arbitrary: Y r)
case Nil
  then show ?case unfolding witness.simps witness'.simps by (simp add: shared-weight-net-Conv shared-weight-net-Input)
next
  case (Cons a rs)
  then show ?case unfolding witness.simps witness'.simps
    by (simp add: shared-weight-net-Conv shared-weight-net-Input shared-weight-net-Pool)
qed

lemma witness-l0': witness' Y [M] =
  (Pool
    (Conv (id-matrix Y M) (Input M))
    (Conv (id-matrix Y M) (Input M))
  )
unfolding witness'.simps witness.simps by simp

lemma witness-l1: witness Y r0 [M] =
  Conv (all1-matrix Y r0) (witness' r0 [M])
unfolding witness'.simps by simp

lemma tensors-ht-l0:
assumes j < r0
shows tensors-from-net (Conv (id-matrix r0 M) (Input M)) $ j
  = (if j < M then unit-vec M j else tensor0 [M])
  by (metis assms input-sizes.simps(1) output-size.simps(1) remove-weights.simps(1) tensors-from-net.simps(1))
  tensors-from-net-Conv-id valid-net.intros(1) index-vec

lemma tensor-prod-unit-vec:
unit-vec M j ⊗ unit-vec M j = tensor-from-lookup [M,M] (λis. if is=[j,j] then 1 else 0) (is ?A=?B)
proof (rule tensor-lookup-eqI)
  show Tensor.dims ?A = Tensor.dims ?B
  by (metis append-Cons self-append-conv2 dims-unit-vec dims-tensor-prod dims-tensor-from-lookup)
  fix is assume is-valid: is ≺ Tensor.dims (unit-vec M j ⊗ unit-vec M j)
  then have is ≺ [M,M] by (metis append-Cons self-append-conv2 dims-unit-vec dims-tensor-prod)
  then obtain i1 i2 where is-split: is = [i1, i2] i1 < M i2 < M using list.distinct(1)
by blast
  then have [i1] ≺ Tensor.dims (unit-vec M j) [i2] ≺ Tensor.dims (unit-vec M j)
  by (simp-all add: valid-index.Cons valid-index.Nil dims-unit-vec)
  have is = [i1] @ [i2] by (simp add: is-split(1))
  show Tensor.lookup ?A is = Tensor.lookup ?B is

```

unfolding $\langle is = [i1] @ [i2] \rangle$
 $lookup\text{-}tensor\text{-}prod[OF \langle [i1] \triangleleft Tensor.dims (unit\text{-}vec M j) \rangle \langle [i2] \triangleleft Tensor.dims$
 $(unit\text{-}vec M j) \rangle]$
 $lookup\text{-}tensor\text{-}from\text{-}lookup[OF \langle is \triangleleft [M, M] \rangle, unfolded \langle is = [i1] @ [i2] \rangle]$
 $lookup\text{-}unit\text{-}vec[OF \langle i1 < M \rangle] lookup\text{-}unit\text{-}vec[OF \langle i2 < M \rangle]$ **by** *fastforce*
qed

lemma *tensors-ht-l0'*:

assumes $j < r0$

shows $tensors\text{-}from\text{-}net (witness' r0 [M]) \$ j$

$= (if j < M then unit\text{-}vec M j \otimes unit\text{-}vec M j else tensor0 [M, M])$ (**is** - = ?b)

proof -

have $valid\text{-}net' (Conv (id\text{-}matrix r0 M) (Input M))$

by (*metis convnet.inject(3) list.discI witness'.elims witness-l0' witness-valid*)

have $j\text{-}le:j < dim\text{-}vec (tensors\text{-}from\text{-}net (Conv (id\text{-}matrix r0 M) (Input M)))$

using $output\text{-}size\text{-}correct\text{-}tensors[OF \langle valid\text{-}net' (Conv (id\text{-}matrix r0 M) (Input$
 $M)) \rangle,$

$unfolded remove\text{-}weights.simps output\text{-}size.simps id\text{-}matrix\text{-}dim]$

$assms$ **by** *simp*

show ?thesis

unfolding $tensors\text{-}from\text{-}net.simps(3) witness\text{-}l0' index\text{-}component\text{-}mult[OF j\text{-}le$
 $j\text{-}le] tensors\text{-}ht\text{-}l0[OF assms]$

by *auto*

qed

lemma *lookup-tensors-ht-l0'*:

assumes $j < r0$

and $is \triangleleft [M, M]$

shows $(Tensor.lookup (tensors\text{-}from\text{-}net (witness' r0 [M]) \$ j)) is = (if is=[j, j]$
 $then 1 else 0)$

proof (*cases j < M*)

assume $j < M$

show ?thesis **unfolding** $tensors\text{-}ht\text{-}l0'[OF assms(1)] tensor\text{-}prod\text{-}unit\text{-}vec$

apply (*cases is = [j, j]*) **using** $\langle j < M \rangle assms(2)$

by (*simp-all add:lookup-tensor-from-lookup*)

next

assume $\neg j < M$

then have $is \neq [j, j]$ **using** $assms(2)$ **using** $list.distinct(1) nth\text{-}Cons\text{-}0 valid\text{-}index.simps$
by *blast*

show ?thesis **unfolding** $tensors\text{-}ht\text{-}l0'[OF assms(1)] tensor\text{-}prod\text{-}unit\text{-}vec$

using $\langle \neg j < M \rangle$ **by** (*simp add:lookup-tensor0[OF assms(2)] $\langle is \neq [j, j] \rangle$*)

qed

lemma *lookup-tensors-ht-l1*:

assumes $j < r1$

and $is \triangleleft [M, M]$

shows $Tensor.lookup (tensors\text{-}from\text{-}net (witness r1 r0 [M]) \$ j) is$

$= (if is!0 = is!1 \wedge is!0 < r0 then 1 else 0)$

proof –

have *witness-l0'-valid*: *valid-net'* (*witness' r0 [M]*) **unfolding** *witness-l0'*
by (*simp add: id-matrix-dim valid-net.intros*)

have *input-sizes* (*witness' r0 [M]*) = *[M, M]* **unfolding** *witness-l0'* **by** *simp*

have *output-size'* (*witness' r0 [M]*) = *r0* **unfolding** *witness-l0'* **using** *witness-l0'-valid*
by (*simp add: id-matrix-dim*)

have *dim-vec* (*tensors-from-net* (*witness' r0 [M]*)) = *r0*

using $\langle \text{output-size}' (\text{witness}' r0 [M]) = r0 \rangle$ *witness-l0'-valid output-size-correct-tensors*

by *fastforce*

have *all0-but1*: $\bigwedge i. i \neq is!0 \implies i < r0 \implies \text{Tensor.lookup} (\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness}' r0 [M]) \$ i) is = 0$

using *lookup-tensors-ht-l0'* $\langle is < [M, M] \rangle$ **by** *auto*

have *tensors-from-net* (*witness r1 r0 [M]*) \$ *j* =
Tensor-Plus.listsum *[M, M]* (*list-of-vec* (*tensors-from-net* (*witness' r0 [M]*)))
unfolding *witness-l1* **using** *tensors-from-net-Conv-all1* [*OF witness-l0'-valid*
assms(1)]
witness-l0' $\langle \text{output-size}' (\text{witness}' r0 [M]) = r0 \rangle$ **by** *simp*

then have *Tensor.lookup* (*tensors-from-net* (*witness r1 r0 [M]*) \$ *j*) *is*
= *monoid-add-class.sum-list* (*map* ($\lambda A. \text{Tensor.lookup } A \text{ is}$) (*list-of-vec* (*tensors-from-net*
(*witness' r0 [M]*))))

using *lookup-listsum* [*OF* $\langle is < [M, M] \rangle$] $\langle \text{input-sizes} (\text{witness}' r0 [M]) = [M,$
M] \rangle

dims-tensors-from-net **by** (*metis set-list-of-vec*)

also have ... = *monoid-add-class.sum-list* (*map* ($\lambda i. \text{lookup} (\text{tensors-from-net}$
(*witness' r0 [M]*) \$ *i*) *is*) [*0..<r0*])

using *map-map* [*of* ($\lambda A. \text{Tensor.lookup } A \text{ is}$) $\lambda i. (\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness}' r0$
[M]) \$ *i*) [*0..<r0*])

using *list-of-vec-map* $\langle \text{dim-vec} (\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness}' r0 [M])) = r0 \rangle$ **by**
(*metis* (*mono-tags*, *lifting*) *comp-apply map-eq-conv*)

also have ... = $(\sum i < r0. \text{Tensor.lookup} ((\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness}' r0 [M])) \$$
i) *is*)

using *sum-set-upt-conv-sum-list-nat atLeast0LessThan* **by** (*metis atLeast-upt*)

also have ... = (*if* *is!0 = is!1* \wedge *is!0 < r0* *then* 1 *else* 0)

proof (*cases is!0 < r0*)

case *True*

have *finite* $\{0..<r0\}$ **by** *auto*

have *is!0* $\in \{0..<r0\}$ **using** *True* **by** *auto*

have $(\sum i < r0. \text{Tensor.lookup} ((\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness}' r0 [M])) \$ i) \text{ is})$
= *Tensor.lookup* (*tensors-from-net* (*witness' r0 [M]*) \$ (*is!0*)) *is*
using $\langle \text{dim-vec} (\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness}' r0 [M])) = r0 \rangle$

using *sum.remove* [*OF* $\langle \text{finite} \{0..<r0\} \rangle$] $\langle is!0 \in \{0..<r0\} \rangle$,
of $\lambda i. (\text{Tensor.lookup} (\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness}' r0 [M]) \$ i) \text{ is})$

using *all0-but1 atLeast0LessThan* **by** *force*

then show *?thesis* **using** *lookup-tensors-ht-l0'* $\langle is ! 0 < r0 \rangle$ $\langle is < [M, M] \rangle$ **by**
fastforce

next


```

    case False
    then show ?thesis using all0-but1 atLeast0LessThan sum.neutral by force
  qed
  finally show ?thesis by auto
qed

```

```

lemma length-output-deep-model:
  assumes remove-weights m = deep-model-l rs
  shows dim-vec (tensors-from-net m) = rs ! 0
    using output-size-correct-tensors valid-deep-model
    deep-model.elims output-size.simps(2) by (metis assms)

```

```

lemma length-output-deep-model':
  assumes remove-weights m = deep-model'-l rs
  shows dim-vec (tensors-from-net m) = rs ! 0
    using output-size-correct-tensors valid-deep-model'
    deep-model'.elims output-size.simps by (metis assms deep-model.elims)

```

```

lemma length-output-witness:
  dim-vec (tensors-from-net (witness-l rs)) = rs ! 0
    using length-output-deep-model witness-is-deep-model by blast

```

```

lemma length-output-witness':
  dim-vec (tensors-from-net (witness'-l rs)) = rs ! 0
    using length-output-deep-model' witness'-is-deep-model by blast

```

```

lemma dims-output-deep-model:
  assumes length rs ≥ 2
  and  $\bigwedge r. r \in \text{set } rs \implies r > 0$ 
  and  $j < \text{rs!}0$ 
  and remove-weights m = deep-model-l rs
  shows Tensor.dims (tensors-from-net m $ j) = replicate (2^(length rs - 2)) (last rs)
    using dims-tensors-from-net input-sizes-deep-model[OF assms(1)] output-size-correct-tensors
    valid-deep-model
    assms(3) assms(4) input-sizes-remove-weights length-output-witness witness-is-deep-model
    by (metis vec-setI)

```

```

lemma dims-output-witness:
  assumes length rs ≥ 2
  and  $\bigwedge r. r \in \text{set } rs \implies r > 0$ 
  and  $j < \text{rs!}0$ 
  shows Tensor.dims (tensors-from-net (witness-l rs) $ j) = replicate (2^(length rs - 2)) (last rs)
    using dims-output-deep-model witness-is-deep-model assms by blast

```

```

lemma dims-output-deep-model':
  assumes length rs ≥ 1
  and  $\bigwedge r. r \in \text{set } rs \implies r > 0$ 

```

and $j < rs!0$
and $remove\text{-}weights\ m = deep\text{-}model'\text{-}l\ rs$
shows $Tensor.dims\ (tensors\text{-}from\text{-}net\ m\ \$\ j) = replicate\ (2^{(length\ rs - 1)})\ (last\ rs)$
proof –
have $dim\text{-}vec\ (tensors\text{-}from\text{-}net\ m) > j$
using $length\text{-}output\text{-}deep\text{-}model'\ (remove\text{-}weights\ m = deep\text{-}model'\text{-}l\ rs)\ (j < rs!0)$ **by** *auto*
then have $Tensor.dims\ (tensors\text{-}from\text{-}net\ m\ \$\ j) = input\text{-}sizes\ m$
using $dims\text{-}tensors\text{-}from\text{-}net[of\ -\ m]\ output\text{-}size\text{-}correct\text{-}tensors\ vec\text{-}setI$ **by** *metis*
then show *?thesis*
using $assms(1)\ input\text{-}sizes\text{-}deep\text{-}model'\ input\text{-}sizes\text{-}remove\text{-}weights[of\ m,\ unfolded\ (remove\text{-}weights\ m = deep\text{-}model'\text{-}l\ rs)]$ **by** *auto*
qed

lemma $dims\text{-}output\text{-}witness'$:
assumes $length\ rs \geq 1$
and $\bigwedge r. r \in set\ rs \implies r > 0$
and $j < rs!0$
shows $Tensor.dims\ (tensors\text{-}from\text{-}net\ (witness'\text{-}l\ rs)\ \$\ j) = replicate\ (2^{(length\ rs - 1)})\ (last\ rs)$
using $dims\text{-}output\text{-}deep\text{-}model'\ assms\ witness'\text{-}is\text{-}deep\text{-}model$ **by** *blast*

abbreviation $ten2mat == matricize\ \{n.\ even\ n\}$
abbreviation $mat2ten == dematricize\ \{n.\ even\ n\}$

locale $deep\text{-}model\text{-}correct\text{-}params =$
fixes $shared\text{-}weights::bool$
fixes $rs::nat\ list$
assumes $deep: length\ rs \geq 3$
and $no\text{-}zeros:\bigwedge r. r \in set\ rs \implies 0 < r$
begin

definition $r = min\ (last\ rs)\ (last\ (butlast\ rs))$
definition $N\text{-}half = 2^{(length\ rs - 3)}$
definition $weight\text{-}space\text{-}dim = count\text{-}weights\ shared\text{-}weights\ (deep\text{-}model\text{-}l\ rs)$

end

locale $deep\text{-}model\text{-}correct\text{-}params\text{-}y = deep\text{-}model\text{-}correct\text{-}params +$
fixes $y::nat$
assumes $y\text{-}valid:y < rs\ !\ 0$
begin

definition $A :: (nat \implies real) \implies real\ tensor$
where $A\ ws = tensors\text{-}from\text{-}net\ (insert\text{-}weights\ shared\text{-}weights\ (deep\text{-}model\text{-}l\ rs))$

ws) $\$ y$

definition $A' :: (\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow \text{real mat}$

where $A' ws = \text{ten2mat } (A ws)$

lemma *dims-tensor-deep-model*:

assumes *remove-weights* $m = \text{deep-model-l } rs$

shows $\text{dims } (\text{tensors-from-net } m \$ y) = \text{replicate } (2 * N\text{-half}) (\text{last } rs)$

proof –

have $\text{dims } (\text{tensors-from-net } m \$ y) = \text{replicate } (2 ^ (\text{length } rs - 2)) (\text{last } rs)$

using *dims-output-deep-model*[*OF - no-zeros y-valid assms*] **using** *less-imp-le-nat*
Suc-le-lessD *deep numeral-3-eq-3*

by *auto*

then show *?thesis* **using** *N-half-def* **by** (*metis One-nat-def Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1*
Suc-le-lessD *deep*

diff-diff-left less-numeral-extra(3) numeral-3-eq-3 power-eq-if zero-less-diff)

qed

lemma *order-tensor-deep-model*:

assumes *remove-weights* $m = \text{deep-model-l } rs$

shows $\text{order } (\text{tensors-from-net } m \$ y) = 2 * N\text{-half}$

using *dims-tensor-deep-model* **by** (*simp add: assms*)

lemma *dims-A*:

shows $\text{Tensor.dims } (A ws) = \text{replicate } (2 * N\text{-half}) (\text{last } rs)$

unfolding *A-def*

using *dims-tensor-deep-model* *remove-insert-weights* **by** *blast*

lemma *order-A*:

shows $\text{order } (A ws) = 2 * N\text{-half}$ **using** *dims-A* *length-replicate* **by** *auto*

lemma *dims-A'*:

shows $\text{dim-row } (A' ws) = \text{prod-list } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } (A ws)) \{n. \text{even } n\})$

and $\text{dim-col } (A' ws) = \text{prod-list } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } (A ws)) \{n. \text{odd } n\})$

unfolding *A'-def* *matricize-def* **by** (*simp-all add: A-def Collect-neg-eq*)

lemma *dims-A'-pow*:

shows $\text{dim-row } (A' ws) = (\text{last } rs) ^ N\text{-half}$ $\text{dim-col } (A' ws) = (\text{last } rs) ^ N\text{-half}$

unfolding *dims-A'* *dims-A* *nths-replicate* *set-le-in* *card-even* *card-odd* *prod-list-replicate*

by *simp-all*

definition $Aw = \text{tensors-from-net } (\text{witness-l } rs) \$ y$

definition $Aw' = \text{ten2mat } Aw$

definition *witness-weights* = *extract-weights* *shared-weights* (*witness-l* rs)

lemma *witness-weights:witness-l* $rs = \text{insert-weights}$ *shared-weights* (*deep-model-l*

rs) *witness-weights*

by (*metis* (*full-types*) *insert-extract-weights-cong-shared insert-extract-weights-cong-unshared shared-weight-net-witness witness-is-deep-model witness-weights-def*)

lemma *Aw-def'*: $Aw = A$ *witness-weights* **unfolding** *Aw-def A-def* **using** *witness-weights* **by** *auto*

lemma *Aw'-def'*: $Aw' = A'$ *witness-weights* **unfolding** *Aw'-def A'-def Aw-def'* **by** *auto*

lemma *dims-Aw*: $Tensor.dims Aw = replicate (2 * N-half) (last rs)$ **unfolding** *Aw-def'* **using** *dims-A* **by** *auto*

lemma *order-Aw*: $order Aw = 2 * N-half$ **unfolding** *Aw-def'* **using** *order-A* **by** *auto*

lemma *dims-Aw'*:
 $dim-row Aw' = prod-list (nth (Tensor.dims Aw) \{n. even n\})$
 $dim-col Aw' = prod-list (nth (Tensor.dims Aw) \{n. odd n\})$ **unfolding** *Aw'-def' Aw-def'* **using** *dims-A'* **by** *auto*

lemma *dims-Aw'-pow*: $dim-row Aw' = (last rs) ^ N-half$ $dim-col Aw' = (last rs) ^ N-half$ **unfolding** *Aw'-def' Aw-def'* **using** *dims-A'-pow* **by** *auto*

lemma *witness-tensor*:

assumes $is \triangleleft Tensor.dims Aw$

shows $Tensor.lookup Aw is$

$= (if\ nth\ is\ \{n. even\ n\} = nth\ is\ \{n. odd\ n\} \wedge (\forall i \in set\ is. i < last\ (butlast\ rs))\ then\ 1\ else\ 0)$

using *assms deep no-zeros y-valid* **unfolding** *Aw-def* **proof** (*induction butlast (butlast (butlast rs)) arbitrary:rs is y*)

case *Nil*

have $length\ rs = 3$

by (*rule antisym, metis Nil.hyps One-nat-def Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 add-2-eq-Suc' diff-diff-left*

$length-butlast\ less-numeral-extra(3)\ list.size(3)\ not-le\ numeral-3-eq-3\ zero-less-diff,$ *metis* $\langle 3 \leq length\ rs \rangle$)

then have $rs = [rs!0, rs!1, rs!2]$ **by** (*metis* (*no-types, lifting*) *Cons-nth-drop-Suc One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1*

$append-Nil\ id-take-nth-drop\ length-0-conv\ length-tl\ lessI\ list.sel(3)\ list.size(4)$ $not-le\ numeral-3-eq-3$

$numeral-le-one-iff\ one-add-one\ semiring-norm(70)\ take-0\ zero-less-Suc$)

have $input-sizes\ (witness-l\ [rs\ !\ 0, rs\ !\ 1, rs\ !\ 2]) = [rs!2, rs!2]$

using *witness.simps witness'.simps input-sizes.simps* **by** *auto*

then have $Tensor.dims\ (tensors-from-net\ (witness-l\ rs)\ \$\ y) = [rs!2, rs!2]$

using *dims-tensors-from-net[of tensors-from-net (witness-l rs) \$ y witness-l rs]*

$Nil.prem(4)\ length-output-witness\ \langle rs = [rs\ !\ 0, rs\ !\ 1, rs\ !\ 2] \rangle\ vec-setI$ **by** *metis*

```

then have  $is \triangleleft [rs!2, rs!2]$  using Nil.premis by metis
then have Tensor.lookup ((tensors-from-net (witness-l rs))$y) is
  = (if is ! 0 = is ! 1  $\wedge$  is ! 0 < rs ! 1 then 1 else 0)
  using Nil.premis(4)  $\langle rs = [rs ! 0, rs ! 1, rs ! 2] \rangle$  by (metis list.sel(3)
lookup-tensors-ht-l1)
have  $is ! 0 = is ! 1 \wedge is ! 0 < rs ! 1$ 
   $\longleftrightarrow$  nths is {n. even n} = nths is {n. odd n}  $\wedge (\forall i \in set\ is. i < last\ (butlast\ rs))$ 
proof –
  have  $length\ is = 2$  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1  $\langle is \triangleleft [rs ! 2, rs ! 2] \rangle$ 
list.size(3) list.size(4) numeral-2-eq-2 valid-index-length)
  have nths is {n. even n} = [is!0]
  apply (rule nths-only-one)
  using subset-antisym less-2-cases  $\langle length\ is = 2 \rangle$  by fastforce
  have nths is {n. odd n} = [is!1]
  apply (rule nths-only-one)
  using subset-antisym less-2-cases  $\langle length\ is = 2 \rangle$  by fastforce
  have  $last\ (butlast\ rs) = rs!1$  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1  $\langle rs = [rs ! 0,$ 
 $rs ! 1, rs ! 2] \rangle$ 
  append-butlast-last-id last-conv-nth length-butlast length-tl lessI list.sel(3)
list.simps(3)
  list.size(3) list.size(4) nat.simps(3) nth-append)
  show ?thesis unfolding  $\langle last\ (butlast\ rs) = rs!1 \rangle$ 
  apply (rule iffI; rule conjI)
  apply (simp add:  $\langle nths\ is\ (Collect\ even) = [is ! 0] \rangle$   $\langle nths\ is\ \{n.\ odd\ n\} =$ 
 $[is ! 1] \rangle$ )
  apply (metis  $\langle length\ is = 2 \rangle$  One-nat-def in-set-conv-nth less-2-cases)
  apply (simp add:  $\langle nths\ is\ (Collect\ even) = [is ! 0] \rangle$   $\langle nths\ is\ \{n.\ odd\ n\} = [is$ 
 $! 1] \rangle$ )
  apply (simp add:  $\langle length\ is = 2 \rangle$ )
done
qed
then show ?case unfolding  $\langle Tensor.lookup\ (tensors-from-net\ (witness-l\ rs)\ \$$ 
 $y) is = (if\ is ! 0 = is ! 1 \wedge is ! 0 < rs ! 1 then\ 1\ else\ 0) \rangle$ 
  using witness-is-deep-model witness-valid  $\langle rs = [rs ! 0, rs ! 1, rs ! 2] \rangle$  by auto
next
case (Cons r rs' rs is j)

```

We prove the Induction Hypothesis for "tl rs" and j=0:

```

have  $rs = r \# tl\ rs$  by (metis Cons.hyps(2) append-butlast-last-id butlast.simps(1)
hd-append2 list.collapse list.discI list.sel(1))
have  $1:rs' = butlast\ (butlast\ (butlast\ (tl\ rs)))$  by (metis Cons.hyps(2) butlast-tl
list.sel(3))
have  $2:3 \leq length\ (tl\ rs)$  by (metis (no-types, lifting) Cons.hyps(2) Cons.premis(2)
Nitpick.size-list-simp(2) One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1  $\langle rs = r \# tl\ rs \rangle$   $\langle rs' = butlast$ 
 $(butlast\ (butlast\ (tl\ rs))) \rangle$ 
  diff-diff-left diff-self-eq-0 gr0-conv-Suc le-Suc-eq length-butlast length-tl less-numeral-extra(3)
list.simps(3) numeral-3-eq-3)
have  $3:\bigwedge r. r \in set\ (tl\ rs) \implies 0 < r$  by (metis Cons.premis(3) list.sel(2))

```

```

list.set-sel(2)
  have 4:0 < (tl rs) ! 0 using 2 3 by auto
  have IH:  $\bigwedge is'. is' \triangleleft Tensor.dims (tensors-from-net (witness-l (tl rs)) \$ 0)$ 
     $\implies Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net (witness-l (tl rs)) \$ 0) is' =$ 
    (if nths is' (Collect even) = nths is' {n. odd n}  $\wedge (\forall i \in set is'. i < last (butlast (tl rs)))$  then 1 else 0)
  using 1 2 3 4 Cons.hyps(1) by blast

```

The list "is" can be split in two parts:

```

  have is  $\triangleleft replicate (2^{(length rs - 2)}) (last rs)$ 
  using Cons.prems(3) dims-output-witness 2 by (metis (no-types, lifting) Cons.prems(1) Cons.prems(3)
    Cons.prems(4) Nitpick.size-list-simp(2) One-nat-def diff-diff-left diff-is-0-eq length-tl
    nat-le-linear not-numeral-le-zero numeral-le-one-iff one-add-one semiring-norm(70))
  then have is  $\triangleleft replicate (2^{(length (tl rs) - 2)}) (last rs) @ replicate (2^{(length (tl rs) - 2)}) (last rs)$ 
  using Cons.prems dims-output-witness by (metis 2 Nitpick.size-list-simp(2) One-nat-def
    diff-diff-left length-tl mult-2 not-numeral-le-zero numeral-le-one-iff one-add-one power.simps(2) replicate-add semiring-norm(70))
  then obtain is1 is2 where is = is1 @ is2 and
    is1-replicate: is1  $\triangleleft replicate (2^{(length (tl rs) - 2)}) (last rs)$  and
    is2-replicate: is2  $\triangleleft replicate (2^{(length (tl rs) - 2)}) (last rs)$  by (metis valid-index-split)
  then have
    is1-valid: is1  $\triangleleft Tensor.dims (tensors-from-net (witness-l (tl rs)) \$ 0)$  (is ?is1)
  and
    is2-valid: is2  $\triangleleft Tensor.dims (tensors-from-net (witness-l (tl rs)) \$ 0)$  (is ?is2)
  proof -
    have last (tl rs) = last rs by (metis 2 <rs = r # tl rs> last-ConsR list.size(3) not-numeral-le-zero)
    then show ?is1 ?is2 using dims-output-witness[of tl rs]
      using dims-output-witness[of tl rs] 2 3 is1-replicate is2-replicate <last (tl rs) = last rs> by auto
  qed

```

A shorthand for the condition to find a "1" in the tensor:

```

let ?cond =  $\lambda is rs. nths is \{n. even n\} = nths is \{n. odd n\} \wedge (\forall i \in set is. i < last (butlast rs))$ 

```

We can use the IH on our newly created is1 and is2:

```

have IH-is12:
  Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net (witness-l (tl rs)) \$ 0) is1 =
    (if (?cond is1 (tl rs)) then 1 else 0)
  Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net (witness-l (tl rs)) \$ 0) is2 =
    (if (?cond is2 (tl rs)) then 1 else 0)
  using IH is1-valid is2-valid by fast+

```

In the induction step we have to add two layers: first the Pool layer, then the Conv layer.

The Pool layer connects the two subtrees. Therefore the two conditions on $is1$ and $is2$ become one, and we have to prove that they are equivalent:

```

have ?cond is1 (tl rs) ∧ ?cond is2 (tl rs)  $\longleftrightarrow$  ?cond is rs
proof –
  have length is1 = 2 ^ (length (tl rs) – 2)
    length is2 = 2 ^ (length (tl rs) – 2)
  using is1-replicate is2-replicate by (simp-all add: valid-index-length)
  then have even (length is1) even (length is2)
    by (metis Cons.hyps(2) One-nat-def add-gr-0 diff-diff-left even-numeral
even-power
length-butlast length-tl list.size(4) one-add-one zero-less-Suc)+
  then have {j. j + length is1 ∈ {n. even n}} = {n. even n}
    {j. j + length is1 ∈ {n. odd n}} = {n. odd n} by simp-all
  have length (nth is2 (Collect even)) = length (nth is2 (Collect odd))
    using length-nths-even ⟨even (length is2)⟩ by blast
  have cond1-iff: (nth is1 (Collect even) = nth is1 {n. odd n} ∧ nth is2
(Collect even) = nth is2 {n. odd n})
    = (nth is (Collect even) = nth is {n. odd n})
  unfolding ⟨is = is1 @ is2⟩ nths-append
    ⟨{j. j + length is1 ∈ {n. odd n}} = {n. odd n}⟩ ⟨{j. j + length is1 ∈ {n.
even n}} = {n. even n}⟩
  by (simp add: ⟨length (nth is2 (Collect even)) = length (nth is2 (Collect
odd))⟩)
  have last (butlast (tl rs)) = last (butlast rs) using Nitpick.size-list-simp(2)
⟨even (length is1)⟩
    ⟨length is1 = 2 ^ (length (tl rs) – 2)⟩ butlast-tl last-tl length-butlast length-tl
not-less-eq zero-less-diff
  by (metis (full-types) Cons.hyps(2) length-Cons less-nat-zero-code)
  have cond2-iff: (∀ i ∈ set is1. i < last (butlast (tl rs))) ∧ (∀ i ∈ set is2. i < last
(butlast (tl rs)))  $\longleftrightarrow$  (∀ i ∈ set is. i < last (butlast rs))
  unfolding ⟨last (butlast (tl rs)) = last (butlast rs)⟩ ⟨is = is1 @ is2⟩ set-append
by blast
  then show ?thesis using cond1-iff cond2-iff by blast
qed

```

Now we can make the Pool layer step:

```

have lookup-witness': Tensor.lookup ((tensors-from-net (witness' (rs ! 1) (tl (tl
rs)))) $ 0) is =
  (if ?cond is rs then 1 else 0)
proof –
  have lookup-prod: Tensor.lookup ((tensors-from-net (witness-l (tl rs)) $ 0) ⊗
(tensors-from-net (witness-l (tl rs))) $ 0) is =
  (if ?cond is rs then 1 else 0)
  using ⟨?cond is1 (tl rs) ∧ ?cond is2 (tl rs)  $\longleftrightarrow$  ?cond is rs⟩
  unfolding ⟨is = is1 @ is2⟩ lookup-tensor-prod[OF is1-valid is2-valid] IH-is12
  by auto
  have witness-l-tl: witness-l (tl rs) = witness (rs ! 1) (rs ! 2) (tl (tl (tl rs)))

```

```

    by (metis One-nat-def Suc-1 ⟨rs = r # tl rs⟩ nth-Cons-Suc)
  have tl-tl:(tl (tl rs)) = ((rs ! 2) # tl (tl (tl rs)))
  proof -
    have length (tl (tl rs)) ≠ 0
    by (metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1 diff-diff-left diff-is-0-eq length-tl not-less-eq-eq
        Cons.prem1(2) numeral-3-eq-3)
    then have tl (tl rs) ≠ []
      by fastforce
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis list.exhaust-sel nth-Cons-0 nth-Cons-Suc numeral-2-eq-2 tl-Nil)
  qed
  have length-gt0:dim-vec (tensors-from-net (witness (rs ! 1) (rs ! 2) (tl (tl (tl
  rs)))))) > 0
    using output-size-correct-tensors[of witness (rs ! 1) (rs ! 2) (tl (tl (tl rs)))]
    witness-is-deep-model[of rs ! 1 rs ! 2 tl (tl (tl rs))]
    valid-deep-model[of rs ! 1 rs ! 2 tl (tl (tl rs))] output-size.simps witness.simps
  by (metis 2 3 One-nat-def ⟨rs = r # tl rs⟩ deep-model.elims length-greater-0-conv
  list.size(3)
    not-numeral-le-zero nth-Cons-Suc nth-mem)
  then have tensors-from-net (witness' (rs ! 1) ((rs ! 2) # tl (tl (tl rs)))) $ 0
    = (tensors-from-net (witness-l (tl rs)) $ 0) ⊗ (tensors-from-net (witness-l
  (tl rs)) $ 0)
  unfolding witness'.simps tensors-from-net.simps witness-l-tl using index-component-mult
  by blast
  then show ?thesis using lookup-prod tl-tl by simp
  qed

```

Then we can make the Conv layer step:

```

show ?case
proof -
  have valid-net' (witness' (rs ! 1) (tl (tl rs))) by (simp add: witness'-valid)
  have output-size' (witness' (rs ! 1) (tl (tl rs))) = rs ! 1
  by (metis 2 Nitpick.size-list-simp(2) diff-diff-left diff-is-0-eq hd-Cons-tl deep-model'.simps(2)
  deep-model.elims length-tl not-less-eq-eq numeral-2-eq-2 numeral-3-eq-3 one-add-one
  output-size.simps(2) output-size.simps(3) tl-Nil witness'-is-deep-model)
  have if-resolve:(if length (tl (tl rs)) = 0 then id-matrix else if length (tl (tl rs))
  = 1 then all1-matrix else copy-first-matrix) = copy-first-matrix
  by (metis 2 Cons.prem1(2) Nitpick.size-list-simp(2) One-nat-def Suc-n-not-le-n
  not-numeral-le-zero numeral-3-eq-3)
  have tensors-from-net (Conv (copy-first-matrix (rs ! 0) (rs ! 1)) (witness' (rs
  ! 1) (tl (tl rs)))) $ j =
    tensors-from-net (witness' (rs ! 1) (tl (tl rs))) $ 0
  using tensors-from-net-Conv-copy-first[OF ⟨valid-net' (witness' (rs ! 1) (tl
  (tl rs)))⟩ ⟨j < rs ! 0⟩, unfolded ⟨output-size' (witness' (rs ! 1) (tl (tl rs))) = rs !
  1⟩]
  using 4 One-nat-def ⟨rs = r # tl rs⟩ nth-Cons-Suc by metis
  then show ?thesis unfolding witness.simps if-resolve ⟨output-size' (witness'
  (rs ! 1) (tl (tl rs))) = rs ! 1⟩
    using lookup-witness' ⟨valid-net' (witness' (rs ! 1) (tl (tl rs)))⟩ hd-conv-nth

```


output-size-correct-tensors

by *fastforce*

qed

qed

lemma *witness-matricization:*

assumes $i < \text{dim-row } Aw'$ **and** $j < \text{dim-col } Aw'$

shows $Aw' \text{ } \$\$ (i, j)$

$= (\text{if } i=j \wedge (\forall i0 \in \text{set } (\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) \{n. \text{even } n\}) i). i0 < \text{last } (\text{butlast } rs)) \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)$

proof –

define *is* **where** $is = \text{weave } \{n. \text{even } n\}$

$(\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) \{n. \text{even } n\}) i)$

$(\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) \{n. \text{odd } n\}) j)$

have *lookup-eq*: $Aw' \text{ } \$\$ (i, j) = \text{Tensor.lookup } Aw \text{ } is$

using *Aw'-def matricize-def dims-Aw'(1)[symmetric, unfolded A-def] dims-Aw'(2)[symmetric, unfolded A-def Collect-neg-eq]*

index-mat(1)[OF (i < dim-row Aw') (j < dim-col Aw')] is-def Collect-neg-eq case-prod-conv

by (*metis (no-types) Aw'-def Collect-neg-eq case-prod-conv is-def matricize-def*)

have $is \triangleleft \text{Tensor.dims } Aw$

using *is-def valid-index-weave A-def Collect-neg-eq assms digit-encode-valid-index*

dims-Aw' **by** *metis*

have *even (order Aw)*

unfolding *Aw-def using assms dims-output-witness even-numeral le-eq-less-or-eq numeral-2-eq-2 numeral-3-eq-3 deep no-zeros y-valid by fastforce*

have *nths-dimsAw*: $\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) (\text{Collect even}) = \text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) \{n. \text{odd } n\}$

proof –

have $0 : \text{Tensor.dims } (\text{tensors-from-net } (\text{witness-l } rs) \$ y) = \text{replicate } (2 \wedge (\text{length } rs - 2)) (\text{last } rs)$

using *dims-output-witness[OF - no-zeros y-valid] using deep by linarith*

show *?thesis unfolding A-def*

using *nths-replicate*

by (*metis (no-types, lifting) 0 Aw-def (even (order Aw)) length-replicate length-nths-even*)

qed

have $i = j \iff \text{nths } is (\text{Collect even}) = \text{nths } is \{n. \text{odd } n\}$

proof

have *eq-lengths*: $\text{length } (\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) (\text{Collect even})))$
i)

$= \text{length } (\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) \{n. \text{odd } n\}) j)$

unfolding *length-digit-encode by (metis (even (order Aw)) length-nths-even)*

then show $i = j \implies \text{nths } is (\text{Collect even}) = \text{nths } is \{n. \text{odd } n\}$ **unfolding**
is-def

```

using nths-weave[of digit-encode (nths (Tensor.dims Aw) (Collect even)) i
  Collect even digit-encode (nths (Tensor.dims Aw) {n. odd n}) j, unfolded
  eq-lengths, unfolded Collect-neg-eq[symmetric] card-even mult-2[symmetric] card-odd
  nths-dimsAw by simp
show nths is (Collect even) = nths is {n. odd n}  $\implies$  i = j unfolding is-def
using nths-weave[of digit-encode (nths (Tensor.dims Aw) (Collect even)) i
  Collect even digit-encode (nths (Tensor.dims Aw) {n. odd n}) j, unfolded
  eq-lengths, unfolded Collect-neg-eq[symmetric] card-even mult-2[symmetric] card-odd
using ⟨nths (Tensor.dims Aw) (Collect even) = nths (Tensor.dims Aw) {n.
  odd n}⟩
  deep no-zeros y-valid assms digit-decode-encode dims-Aw'
by auto (metis digit-decode-encode-lt)
qed

```

```

have i=j  $\implies$  set (digit-encode (nths (Tensor.dims Aw) {n. even n}) i) = set is
  unfolding is-def nths-dimsAw
using set-weave[of (digit-encode (nths (Tensor.dims Aw) {n. odd n}) j) Collect
  even
  (digit-encode (nths (Tensor.dims Aw) {n. odd n}) j),
  unfolded mult-2[symmetric] card-even Collect-neg-eq[symmetric]
  card-odd]
  Un-absorb card-even card-odd mult-2 by blast
then show ?thesis unfolding lookup-eq
using witness-tensor[OF ⟨is < Tensor.dims Aw⟩]
by (simp add: A-def ⟨i = j⟩ = (nths is (Collect even) = nths is {n. odd n}))
qed

```

definition rows-with-1 = {i. (∀ i0 ∈ set (digit-encode (nth_s (Tensor.dims Aw) {n. even n}) i). i0 < last (butlast rs))}

lemma card-low-digits:

assumes m > 0 ∧ d. d ∈ set ds \implies m ≤ d

shows card {i. i < prod-list ds ∧ (∀ i0 ∈ set (digit-encode ds i). i0 < m)} = m ^ (length ds)

using assms **proof** (induction ds)

case Nil

then show ?case **using** prod-list.Nil **by** simp

next

case (Cons d ds)

define low-digits

where low-digits ds i \longleftrightarrow i < prod-list ds ∧ (∀ i0 ∈ set (digit-encode ds i). i0 < m) **for** ds i

have card {i. low-digits ds i} = m ^ (length ds) **unfolding** low-digits-def

by (simp add: Cons.IH Cons.prem_s(1) Cons.prem_s(2))

have card {i. low-digits (d # ds) i} = card ({.._m} × {i. low-digits ds i})

proof –

define f **where** f p = fst p + d * snd p **for** p

have inj-on f ({.._m} × {i. low-digits ds i})

```

proof (rule inj-onI)
  fix x y assume x ∈ {.. $m$ } × {i. low-digits ds i} y ∈ {.. $m$ } × {i. low-digits
  ds i} f x = f y
  then have fst x < m fst y < m by auto
  then have fst x < d fst y < d using Cons(3) by (meson list.set-intros(1) not-le
  order-trans)+
  then have f x mod d = fst x f y mod d = fst y unfolding f-def by simp-all
  have f x div d = snd x f y div d = snd y using ⟨f x = f y⟩ ⟨f x mod d = fst
  x⟩ ⟨fst y < d⟩ f-def by auto
  show x = y using ⟨f x = f y⟩ ⟨f x div d = snd x⟩ ⟨f x mod d = fst x⟩ ⟨f y div
  d = snd y⟩ ⟨f y mod d = fst y⟩ prod-eqI by fastforce
  qed
  have f ‘ {.. $m$ } × {i. low-digits ds i} = {i. low-digits (d # ds) i}
  proof (rule subset-antisym; rule subsetI)
    fix x assume x ∈ f ‘ {.. $m$ } × {i. low-digits ds i}
    then obtain i0 i1 where x = i0 + d * i1 i0 < m low-digits ds i1 using
  f-def by force
    then have i0 < d using Cons(3) by (meson list.set-intros(1) not-le order-trans)
    show x ∈ {i. low-digits (d # ds) i} unfolding low-digits-def
    proof (rule; rule conjI)
      have i1 < prod-list ds ∀ i0 ∈ set (digit-encode ds i1). i0 < m
        using ⟨low-digits ds i1⟩ low-digits-def by auto
      show x < prod-list (d # ds) unfolding prod-list.Cons ⟨x = i0 + d * i1⟩
using ⟨i0 < d⟩ ⟨i1 < prod-list ds⟩
      proof –
        have d ≠ 0
          by (metis ⟨i0 < d⟩ gr-implies-not0)
        then have (i0 + d * i1) div (d * prod-list ds) = 0
          by (simp add: Divides.div-mult2-eq ⟨i0 < d⟩ ⟨i1 < prod-list ds⟩)
        then show i0 + d * i1 < d * prod-list ds
          by (metis (no-types) ⟨i0 < d⟩ ⟨i1 < prod-list ds⟩ div-eq-0-iff gr-implies-not0
  no-zero-divisors)
        qed
      show ∀ i0 ∈ set (digit-encode (d # ds) x). i0 < m
        using ⟨∀ i0 ∈ set (digit-encode ds i1). i0 < m⟩ ⟨i0 < d⟩ ⟨i0 < m⟩ ⟨x = i0
  + d * i1⟩ by auto
      qed
    next
      fix x assume x ∈ {i. low-digits (d # ds) i}
      then have x < prod-list (d # ds) ∀ i0 ∈ set (digit-encode (d # ds) x). i0 <
  m using low-digits-def by auto
      have x mod d < m using ⟨∀ i0 ∈ set (digit-encode (d # ds) x). i0 < m⟩[unfolded
  digit-encode.simps] by simp
      have x div d < prod-list ds using ⟨x < prod-list (d # ds)⟩[unfolded prod-list.Cons]
        by (metis div-eq-0-iff div-mult2-eq mult-0-right not-less0)
      have ∀ i0 ∈ set (digit-encode ds (x div d)). i0 < m by (simp add: ⟨∀ i0 ∈ set
  (digit-encode (d # ds) x). i0 < m⟩)
      have f ((x mod d), (x div d)) = x by (simp add: f-def)
      show x ∈ f ‘ {.. $m$ } × {i. low-digits ds i} by (metis SigmaI ⟨∀ i0 ∈ set

```

$(\text{digit-encode } ds \ (x \ \text{div } d)). \ i0 < m \ \langle f \ (x \ \text{mod } d, \ x \ \text{div } d) = x \rangle \ \langle x \ \text{div } d < \text{prod-list } ds \rangle \ \langle x \ \text{mod } d < m \rangle \ \text{image-eqI lessThan-iff low-digits-def mem-Collect-eq}$

qed
then have $\text{bij-betw } f \ (\{..<m\} \times \{i. \ \text{low-digits } ds \ i\}) \ \{i. \ \text{low-digits } (d \ \# \ ds) \ i\}$
by $(\text{simp add: } \langle \text{inj-on } f \ (\{..<m\} \times \{i. \ \text{low-digits } ds \ i\}) \rangle \ \text{bij-betw-def})$
then show $?thesis$ **by** $(\text{simp add: } \text{bij-betw-same-card})$

qed
then show $?case$ **unfolding** $\langle \text{card } \{i. \ \text{low-digits } ds \ i\} = m \ ^ \ (\text{length } ds) \rangle$
 $\text{card-cartesian-product}$ **using** low-digits-def **by** simp

qed

lemma $\text{card-rows-with-1: card } \{i \in \text{rows-with-1. } i < \text{dim-row } Aw'\} = r \ ^ \ N\text{-half}$

proof –

have $1: \{i \in \text{rows-with-1. } i < \text{dim-row } Aw'\} = \{i. \ i < \text{prod-list } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw)) \ (\text{Collect even})) \wedge$
 $(\forall i0 \in \text{set } (\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw)) \ (\text{Collect even})) \ i). \ i0 < r\}$ **(is** $?A = ?B)$

proof $(\text{rule subset-antisym; rule subsetI})$

fix i **assume** $i \in ?A$

then have $i < \text{dim-row } Aw' \ \forall i0 \in \text{set } (\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw)) \ \{n. \ \text{even } n\}) \ i). \ i0 < \text{last } (\text{butlast } rs)$

using rows-with-1-def **by** auto

then have $i < \text{prod-list } (\text{nths } (\text{dims } Aw)) \ (\text{Collect even})$ **using** dims-Aw' **by** linarith

then have $\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{dims } Aw)) \ (\text{Collect even}) \ i \triangleleft \text{nths } (\text{dims } Aw) \ (\text{Collect even})$

using $\text{digit-encode-valid-index}$ **by** auto

have $\forall i0 \in \text{set } (\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw)) \ \{n. \ \text{even } n\}) \ i). \ i0 < r$

proof

fix $i0$ **assume** $1: i0 \in \text{set } (\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{dims } Aw)) \ (\text{Collect even})) \ i)$

then obtain k **where** $k < \text{length } (\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{dims } Aw)) \ (\text{Collect even})) \ i)$

$\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{dims } Aw)) \ (\text{Collect even}) \ i \ ! \ k = i0$ **by** $(\text{meson in-set-conv-nth})$

have $i0 < \text{last } (\text{butlast } rs)$

using $\langle \forall i0 \in \text{set } (\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{dims } Aw)) \ (\text{Collect even})) \ i). \ i0 < \text{last } (\text{butlast } rs) \rangle \ 1$ **by** blast

have $\text{set } (\text{nths } (\text{dims } Aw)) \ (\text{Collect even}) \subseteq \{\text{last } rs\}$ **unfolding** dims-Aw

using subset-eq **by** fastforce

then have $\text{nths } (\text{dims } Aw) \ (\text{Collect even}) \ ! \ k = \text{last } rs$

using $\langle \text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{dims } Aw)) \ (\text{Collect even}) \ i \triangleleft \text{nths } (\text{dims } Aw) \ (\text{Collect even}) \rangle$

$\langle k < \text{length } (\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{dims } Aw)) \ (\text{Collect even})) \ i \rangle$

$\text{nth-mem valid-index-length}$ **by** auto

then have $i0 < \text{last } rs$

using $\text{valid-index-lt } \langle \text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{dims } Aw)) \ (\text{Collect even}) \ i \ ! \ k = i0 \rangle$

$\langle \text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{dims } Aw)) \ (\text{Collect even}) \ i \triangleleft \text{nths } (\text{dims } Aw) \ (\text{Collect even}) \rangle$

```

    ⟨ $k < \text{length } (\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{dims } Aw) (\text{Collect even})) i) \rangle \text{ valid-index-length}$ 
  by fastforce
    then show  $i0 < r$  unfolding r-def by (simp add: ⟨ $i0 < \text{last } (\text{butlast } rs) \rangle$ )
    qed
    then show  $i \in ?B$  using ⟨ $i < \text{prod-list } (\text{nths } (\text{dims } Aw) (\text{Collect even})) \rangle$  by
blast
next
  fix i assume  $i \in ?B$ 
  then show  $i \in ?A$  by (simp add: dims-Aw' r-def rows-with-1-def)
  qed
  have  $2: \bigwedge d. d \in \text{set } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) (\text{Collect even})) \implies r \leq d$ 
  proof -
    fix d assume  $d \in \text{set } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) (\text{Collect even}))$ 
    then have  $d \in \text{set } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw)$  using in-set-nthsD by fast
    then have  $d = \text{last } rs$  using dims-Aw by simp
    then show  $r \leq d$  by (simp add: r-def)
  qed
  have  $3: 0 < r$  unfolding r-def by (metis deep diff-diff-cancel diff-zero dual-order.trans
in-set-butlastD last-in-set length-butlast list.size(3) min-def nat-le-linear no-zeros
not-numeral-le-zero numeral-le-one-iff rel-simps(3))
  have  $4: \text{length } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) (\text{Collect even})) = N\text{-half}$ 
  unfolding length-nths order-Aw using card-even[of N-half]
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Collect-cong)
  then show ?thesis using card-low-digits[of r nths (Tensor.dims Aw) (Collect
even)] 1 2 3 4 by metis
qed

```

lemma *infinite-rows-with-1: infinite rows-with-1*

```

proof -
  define listpr where listpr = prod-list (nths (Tensor.dims Aw) {n. even n})
  have  $\bigwedge i. \text{listpr } dvd \ i \implies i \in \text{rows-with-1}$ 
  proof -
    fix i assume dvd-i: listpr dvd i
    {
      fix i0::nat
      assume  $i0 \in \text{set } (\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) \{n. \text{even } n\}) i)$ 
      then have  $i0=0$  using digit-encode-0 dvd-i listpr-def by auto
      then have  $i0 < \text{last } (\text{butlast } rs)$  using deep no-zeros
      by (metis Nitpick.size-list-simp(2) One-nat-def Suc-le-lessD in-set-butlastD
last-in-set length-butlast length-tl not-numeral-less-zero numeral-2-eq-2 numeral-3-eq-3
numeral-le-one-iff semiring-norm(70))
    }
    then show  $i \in \text{rows-with-1}$  by (simp add: rows-with-1-def)
  qed
  have  $0: \text{Tensor.dims } Aw = \text{replicate } (2 \wedge (\text{length } rs - 2)) (\text{last } rs)$  unfolding
Aw-def
  using dims-output-witness[OF - no-zeros y-valid] using deep by linarith
  then have listpr > 0 unfolding listpr-def 0

```

by (*metis 0 deep last-in-set length-greater-0-conv less-le-trans no-zeros dims-Aw'-pow(1)*
dims-Aw'(1)
zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
then have *inj ((*) listpr)* **by** (*metis injI mult-left-cancel neq0-conv*)
then show *?thesis using* $\langle \wedge i. \text{listpr } \text{dvd } i \implies i \in \text{rows-with-1} \rangle$
by (*meson dvd-triv-left image-subset-iff infinite-iff-countable-subset*)
qed

lemma *witness-submatrix: submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1 = 1_m (r ^ N-half)*

proof

show *dim-row (submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1) = dim-row (1_m (r ^ N-half))*

unfolding *index-one-mat(2) dim-submatrix(1)*

by (*metis (full-types) set-le-in card-rows-with-1*)

show *dim-col (submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1) = dim-col (1_m (r ^ N-half))*

by (*metis* $\langle \text{dim-row (submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1) = dim-row (1}_m \text{ (r ^ N-half))} \rangle$ *dim-submatrix(1) dim-submatrix(2) index-one-mat(2) index-one-mat(3)*
dims-Aw'-pow)

show $\wedge i j. i < \text{dim-row } (1_m \text{ (r ^ N-half)))} \implies$

$j < \text{dim-col } (1_m \text{ (r ^ N-half)))} \implies \text{submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1}$

$\text{\$ \$ } (i, j) = 1_m \text{ (r ^ N-half)} \text{\$ \$ } (i, j)$

proof –

fix *i j assume* $i < \text{dim-row } (1_m \text{ (r ^ N-half))) } j < \text{dim-col } (1_m \text{ (r ^ N-half)))$

then have $i < r \text{ ^ N-half } j < r \text{ ^ N-half}$ **by** *auto*

then have $i < \text{card } \{i \in \text{rows-with-1}. i < \text{dim-row Aw'}\} j < \text{card } \{i \in \text{rows-with-1}. i < \text{dim-col Aw'}\}$

using *card-rows-with-1 dims-Aw'-pow by auto*

then have *pick rows-with-1 i < dim-row Aw' pick rows-with-1 j < dim-col Aw'*

using *card-le-pick-inf[OF infinite-rows-with-1, of dim-row Aw' i]*

using *card-le-pick-inf[OF infinite-rows-with-1, of dim-col Aw' j]* **by** *force+*

have $\forall i0 \in \text{set } (\text{digit-encode } (n\text{ths } (\text{dims Aw})) \text{ (Collect even)}) (\text{pick rows-with-1 } i0). i0 < \text{last } (\text{butlast } rs)$

using *infinite-rows-with-1 pick-in-set-inf rows-with-1-def by auto*

then have $\text{Aw' } \text{\$ \$ } (\text{pick rows-with-1 } i, \text{pick rows-with-1 } j) = (\text{if pick rows-with-1 } i = \text{pick rows-with-1 } j \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)$

using *witness-matricization[OF* $\langle \text{pick rows-with-1 } i < \text{dim-row Aw'} \rangle \langle \text{pick rows-with-1 } j < \text{dim-col Aw'} \rangle$ **by** *simp*

then have *submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1* $\text{\$ \$ } (i, j) = (\text{if pick rows-with-1 } i = \text{pick rows-with-1 } j \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)$

using *submatrix-index by (metis (no-types, lifting)*

$\langle \text{dim-col (submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1) = dim-col } (1_m \text{ (r ^ N-half))) \rangle$

$\langle \text{dim-row (submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1) = dim-row } (1_m \text{ (r ^ N-half))) \rangle$

$\langle i < \text{dim-row } (1_m \text{ (r ^ N-half))) \rangle \langle j < r \text{ ^ N-half} \rangle \text{dim-submatrix(1) dim-submatrix(2) index-one-mat(3)}$

then have *submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1* $\text{\$ \$ } (i, j) = (\text{if } i = j \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)$

using *pick-eq-iff-inf[OF infinite-rows-with-1] by auto*

```

then show submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1 $$ (i, j) = 1_m (r ^ N-half)
$$ (i, j)
  by (simp add: ⟨i < r ^ N-half⟩ ⟨j < r ^ N-half⟩)
qed
qed

```

```

lemma witness-det: det (submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1) ≠ 0 unfolding
witness-submatrix by simp

```

```

end

```

```

interpretation example : deep-model-correct-params False [10,10,10]
unfolding deep-model-correct-params-def by simp

```

```

interpretation example : deep-model-correct-params-y False [10,10,10] 1
unfolding deep-model-correct-params-y-def deep-model-correct-params-y-axioms-def
  deep-model-correct-params-def by simp

```

```

end

```

15 Polynomials representing the Deep Network Model

```

theory DL-Deep-Model-Poly
imports DL-Deep-Model Polynomials.More-MPoly-Type Jordan-Normal-Form.Determinant
begin

```

```

lemma polyfun-det:
assumes  $\bigwedge x. (A x) \in \text{carrier-mat } n \ n$ 
assumes  $\bigwedge x \ i \ j. i < n \implies j < n \implies \text{polyfun } N \ (\lambda x. (A x) \ \$\$ (i, j))$ 
shows polyfun N (λx. det (A x))
proof -
  {
    fix p assume p ∈ {p. p permutes {0..<n}}
    then have p permutes {0..<n} by auto
    then have  $\bigwedge x. x < n \implies p \ x < n$  using permutes-in-image by auto
    then have polyfun N (λx.  $\prod i = 0..<n. A \ x \ \$\$ (i, p \ i)$ )
      using polyfun-Prod[of {0..<n} N λi x. A x $$ (i, p i)] assms by simp
    then have polyfun N (λx. signof p * ( $\prod i = 0..<n. A \ x \ \$\$ (i, p \ i)$ )) using
polyfun-const polyfun-mult by blast
  }
  moreover have finite {i. i permutes {0..<n}} by (simp add: finite-permutations)
  ultimately show ?thesis unfolding det-def'[OF assms(1)]
    using polyfun-Sum[OF (finite {i. i permutes {0..<n}}), of N λp x. signof p *
( $\prod i = 0..<n. A \ x \ \$\$ (i, p \ i)$ )]
    by blast
qed

```

lemma *polyfun-extract-matrix*:
assumes $i < m$ $j < n$
shows $\text{polyfun } \{.. < a + (m * n + c)\} (\lambda f. \text{extract-matrix } (\lambda i. f (i + a)) m n \text{ \$\$ } (i, j))$
unfolding *index-extract-matrix*[*OF* *assms*] **apply** (*rule* *polyfun-single*) **using** *two-digit-le*[*OF* *assms*] **by** *simp*

lemma *polyfun-mult-mat-vec*:
assumes $\bigwedge x. v x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$
assumes $\bigwedge j. j < n \implies \text{polyfun } N (\lambda x. v x \$ j)$
assumes $\bigwedge x. A x \in \text{carrier-mat } m n$
assumes $\bigwedge i j. i < m \implies j < n \implies \text{polyfun } N (\lambda x. A x \text{ \$\$ } (i, j))$
assumes $j < m$
shows $\text{polyfun } N (\lambda x. ((A x) *_v (v x)) \$ j)$
proof –
have $\bigwedge x. j < \text{dim-row } (A x)$ **using** $\langle j < m \rangle$ *assms*(3) *carrier-matD*(1) **by** *force*
have $\bigwedge x. n = \text{dim-vec } (v x)$ **using** *assms*(1) *carrier-vecD* **by** *fastforce*
{
 fix i **assume** $i \in \{0..<n\}$
 then have $i < n$ **by** *auto*
 {
 fix x
 have $i < \text{dim-vec } (v x)$ **using** *assms*(1) *carrier-vecD* $\langle i < n \rangle$ **by** *fastforce*
 have $j < \text{dim-row } (A x)$ **using** $\langle j < m \rangle$ *assms*(3) *carrier-matD*(1) **by** *force*
 have $\text{dim-col } (A x) = \text{dim-vec } (v x)$ **by** (*metis* *assms*(1) *assms*(3) *carrier-matD*(2) *carrier-vecD*)
 then have $\text{row } (A x) j \$ i = A x \text{ \$\$ } (j, i) \ i < n$ **using** $\langle j < \text{dim-row } (A x) \rangle$
 $\langle i < n \rangle$ **by** (*simp-all* *add*: $\langle i < \text{dim-vec } (v x) \rangle$)
 }
 then have $\text{polyfun } N (\lambda x. \text{row } (A x) j \$ i * v x \$ i)$
 using *polyfun-mult* *assms*(4)[*OF* $\langle j < m \rangle$] *assms*(2) **by** *fastforce*
}
then show *?thesis* **unfolding** *index-mult-mat-vec*[*OF* $\langle \bigwedge x. j < \text{dim-row } (A x) \rangle$]
scalar-prod-def
using *polyfun-Sum*[*of* $\{0..<n\}$ $N \lambda i x. \text{row } (A x) j \$ i * v x \$ i$] *finite-atLeastLessThan*[*of*
 $0 n$] $\langle \bigwedge x. n = \text{dim-vec } (v x) \rangle$
by *simp*
qed

lemma *polyfun-evaluate-net-plus-a*:
assumes $\text{map } \text{dim-vec } \text{inputs} = \text{input-sizes } m$
assumes *valid-net* m
assumes $j < \text{output-size } m$
shows $\text{polyfun } \{.. < a + \text{count-weights } s m\} (\lambda f. \text{evaluate-net } (\text{insert-weights } s m (\lambda i. f (i + a)))) \text{inputs } \$ j$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction* m *arbitrary:inputs* $j a$)
 case (*Input*)


```

then show ?case unfolding insert-weights.simps evaluate-net.simps using polyfun-const
by metis
next
  case (Conv x m)
  then obtain x1 x2 where  $x=(x1,x2)$  by fastforce
  show ?case unfolding  $\langle x=(x1,x2) \rangle$  insert-weights.simps evaluate-net.simps drop-map
unfolding list-of-vec-index
  proof (rule polyfun-mult-mat-vec)
    {
      fix f
      have 1:valid-net' (insert-weights s m ( $\lambda i. f (i + x1 * x2)$ ))
        using  $\langle$ valid-net (Conv x m) $\rangle$  valid-net.simps by (metis
          convnet.distinct(1) convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(2) remove-insert-weights)
        have 2:map dim-vec inputs = input-sizes (insert-weights s m ( $\lambda i. f (i + x1$ 
          *  $x2)$ ))
          using input-sizes-remove-weights remove-insert-weights
          by (simp add: Conv.prem(1))
        have dim-vec (evaluate-net (insert-weights s m ( $\lambda i. f (i + x1 * x2)$ )) inputs)
          = output-size m
          using output-size-correct[OF 1 2] using remove-insert-weights by auto
          then show evaluate-net (insert-weights s m ( $\lambda i. f (i + x1 * x2)$ )) inputs  $\in$ 
          carrier-vec (output-size m)
          using carrier-vec-def by (metis (full-types) mem-Collect-eq)
        }

      have map dim-vec inputs = input-sizes m by (simp add: Conv.prem(1))
      have valid-net m using Conv.prem(2) valid-net.cases by fastforce
      show  $\bigwedge j. j < \text{output-size } m \implies \text{polyfun } \{..<a + \text{count-weights } s \text{ (Conv } (x1,$ 
       $x2) m)\}$ 
      ( $\lambda f. \text{evaluate-net} (\text{insert-weights } s m (\lambda i. f (i + x1 * x2 + a))) \text{inputs } \$$ 
       $j)$ 
      unfolding vec-of-list-index count-weights.simps
      using Conv(1)[OF  $\langle$ map dim-vec inputs = input-sizes m $\rangle$   $\langle$ valid-net m $\rangle$ , of -
       $x1 * x2 + a]$ 
      unfolding semigroup-add-class.add.assoc ab-semigroup-add-class.add.commute[of
       $x1 * x2 a]$ 
      by blast

      have output-size m = x2 using Conv.prem(2)  $\langle x = (x1, x2) \rangle$  valid-net.cases
by fastforce
      show  $\bigwedge f. \text{extract-matrix} (\lambda i. f (i + a)) x1 x2 \in \text{carrier-mat } x1 \text{ (output-size}$ 
       $m)$  unfolding  $\langle$ output-size m = x2 $\rangle$  using dim-extract-matrix
      using carrier-matI by (metis (no-types, lifting))

      show  $\bigwedge i j. i < x1 \implies j < \text{output-size } m \implies \text{polyfun } \{..<a + \text{count-weights}$ 
       $s \text{ (Conv } (x1, x2) m)\}$  ( $\lambda f. \text{extract-matrix} (\lambda i. f (i + a)) x1 x2 \text{\$ \$ } (i, j)$ )
      unfolding  $\langle$ output-size m = x2 $\rangle$  count-weights.simps using polyfun-extract-matrix[of
       $- x1 - x2 a \text{ count-weights } s m]$  by blast

```

```

    show  $j < x1$  using Conv.prems(3)  $\langle x = (x1, x2) \rangle$  by auto
qed
next
  case (Pool m1 m2 inputs j a)
  have A2: $\bigwedge f$ . map dim-vec (take (length (input-sizes (insert-weights s m1 ( $\lambda i$ . f (i + a)))))) inputs) = input-sizes m1
  by (metis Pool.prems(1) append-eq-conv-conj input-sizes.simps(3) input-sizes-remove-weights remove-insert-weights take-map)
  have B2: $\bigwedge f$ . map dim-vec (drop (length (input-sizes (insert-weights s m1 ( $\lambda i$ . f (i + a)))))) inputs) = input-sizes m2
  using Pool.prems(1) append-eq-conv-conj input-sizes.simps(3) input-sizes-remove-weights remove-insert-weights by (metis drop-map)
  have A3:valid-net m1 and B3:valid-net m2 using  $\langle$ valid-net (Pool m1 m2) $\rangle$  valid-net.simps by blast+
  have output-size (Pool m1 m2) = output-size m2 unfolding output-size.simps
    using  $\langle$ valid-net (Pool m1 m2) $\rangle$  valid-net.cases by fastforce
  then have A4: $j < \text{output-size } m1$  and B4: $j < \text{output-size } m2$  using  $\langle j < \text{output-size } (Pool m1 m2) \rangle$  by simp-all

  let ?net1 =  $\lambda f$ . evaluate-net (insert-weights s m1 ( $\lambda i$ . f (i + a)))
    (take (length (input-sizes (insert-weights s m1 ( $\lambda i$ . f (i + a)))))) inputs)
  let ?net2 =  $\lambda f$ . evaluate-net (insert-weights s m2 (if s then  $\lambda i$ . f (i + a) else
    ( $\lambda i$ . f (i + count-weights s m1 + a))))
    (drop (length (input-sizes (insert-weights s m1 ( $\lambda i$ . f (i + a)))))) inputs)
  have length1: $\bigwedge f$ . output-size m1 = dim-vec (?net1 f)
  by (metis A2 A3 input-sizes-remove-weights output-size-correct remove-insert-weights)
  then have jlength1: $\bigwedge f$ .  $j < \text{dim-vec } (?net1 f)$  using A4 by metis
  have length2: $\bigwedge f$ . output-size m2 = dim-vec (?net2 f)
  by (metis B2 B3 input-sizes-remove-weights output-size-correct remove-insert-weights)
  then have jlength2: $\bigwedge f$ .  $j < \text{dim-vec } (?net2 f)$  using B4 by metis
  have cong1: $\bigwedge x f$ . ( $\lambda f$ . evaluate-net (insert-weights s m1 ( $\lambda i$ . f (i + a)))
    (take (length (input-sizes (insert-weights s m1 ( $\lambda i$ . x f (i + a)))))) inputs) $
  j)
    = ( $\lambda f$ . ?net1 f $ j)
  using input-sizes-remove-weights remove-insert-weights by auto
  have cong2: $\bigwedge x f$ . ( $\lambda f$ . evaluate-net (insert-weights s m2 ( $\lambda i$ . f (i + (a + (if s
    then 0 else count-weights s m1))))))
    (drop (length (input-sizes (insert-weights s m1 ( $\lambda i$ . x f (i + a)))))) inputs) $
  j)
    = ( $\lambda f$ . ?net2 f $ j)
  unfolding semigroup-add-class.add.assoc[symmetric] ab-semigroup-add-class.add commute[of
  a if s then 0 else count-weights s m1]
  using input-sizes-remove-weights remove-insert-weights by auto

show ?case unfolding insert-weights.simps evaluate-net.simps count-weights.simps
  unfolding index-component-mult[OF jlength1 jlength2]
  apply (rule polyfun-mult)
  using Pool.IH(1)[OF A2 A3 A4, of a, unfolded cong1]
  apply (simp add:polyfun-subset[of  $\{..<a + \text{count-weights } s m1\}$   $\{..<a + (if$ 

```

s then \max (count-weights s $m1$) (count-weights s $m2$) else count-weights s $m1$ + count-weights s $m2$ }}))

using Pool.IH(2)[OF B2 B3 B4, of a + (if s then 0 else count-weights s $m1$), unfolded cong2 semigroup-add-class.add.assoc[of a]]

by (simp add:polyfun-subset[of {.. a + ((if s then 0 else count-weights s $m1$) + count-weights s $m2$)} {.. a + (if s then \max (count-weights s $m1$) (count-weights s $m2$) else count-weights s $m1$ + count-weights s $m2$)}]))

qed

lemma polyfun-evaluate-net:

assumes map dim-vec inputs = input-sizes m

assumes valid-net m

assumes $j < \text{output-size } m$

shows polyfun {.. $\text{count-weights } s$ m } (λf . evaluate-net (insert-weights s m f) inputs $\$ j$)

using polyfun-evaluate-net-plus-a[where $a=0$, OF assms] **by** simp

lemma polyfun-tensors-from-net:

assumes valid-net m

assumes $is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m$

assumes $j < \text{output-size } m$

shows polyfun {.. $\text{count-weights } s$ m } (λf . Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net (insert-weights s m f) is) $\$ j$) is)

proof –

have 1: $\bigwedge f$. valid-net' (insert-weights s m f) **by** (simp add: assms(1) remove-insert-weights)

have input-sizes: $\bigwedge f$. input-sizes (insert-weights s m f) = input-sizes m

unfolding input-sizes-remove-weights **by** (simp add: remove-insert-weights)

have 2: $\bigwedge f$. $is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes}$ (insert-weights s m f)

unfolding input-sizes **using** assms(2) **by** blast

have 3: $\bigwedge f$. $j < \text{output-size}'$ (insert-weights s m f)

by (simp add: assms(3) remove-insert-weights)

have $\bigwedge f1 f2$. base-input (insert-weights s m $f1$) is = base-input (insert-weights s m $f2$) is

unfolding base-input-def **by** (simp add: input-sizes)

then have $\bigwedge x f$. (λf . evaluate-net (insert-weights s m f) (base-input (insert-weights s m $x f$) is) $\$ j$)

= (λf . evaluate-net (insert-weights s m f) (base-input (insert-weights s m f) is) $\$ j$)

is) $\$ j$)

by metis

then show ?thesis **unfolding** lookup-tensors-from-net[OF 1 2 3]

using polyfun-evaluate-net[OF base-input-length[OF 2, unfolded input-sizes, symmetric] assms(1) assms(3), of s]

by simp

qed

lemma polyfun-matricize:

assumes $\bigwedge x$. dims (T x) = ds

assumes $\bigwedge is$. $is \triangleleft ds \implies \text{polyfun } N$ (λx . Tensor.lookup (T x) is)

assumes $\bigwedge x$. dim-row (matricize I (T x)) = nr

```

assumes  $\bigwedge x. \text{dim-col } (\text{matricize } I (T x)) = nc$ 
assumes  $i < nr$ 
assumes  $j < nc$ 
shows  $\text{polyfun } N (\lambda x. \text{matricize } I (T x) \text{ \}\} (i,j))$ 
proof –
  let  $?weave = \lambda x. (\text{weave } I$ 
     $(\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } ds I) i)$ 
     $(\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } ds (-I)) j))$ 
  have  $1: \bigwedge x. \text{matricize } I (T x) \text{ \}\} (i,j) = \text{Tensor.lookup } (T x) (?weave x)$  un-
folding  $\text{matricize-def}$ 
  by  $(\text{metis } (\text{no-types, lifting}) \text{assms}(1) \text{assms}(3) \text{assms}(4) \text{assms}(5) \text{assms}(6))$ 
 $\text{case-prod-conv}$ 
   $\text{dim-col-mat}(1) \text{dim-row-mat}(1) \text{index-mat}(1) \text{matricize-def}$ 
  have  $\bigwedge x. ?weave x \triangleleft ds$ 
  using  $\text{valid-index-weave}(1) \text{assms}(2) \text{digit-encode-valid-index } \text{dim-row-mat}(1)$ 
 $\text{matricize-def}$ 
  using  $\text{assms } \text{digit-encode-valid-index } \text{matricize-def}$  by  $(\text{metis } \text{dim-col-mat}(1))$ 
  then have  $\text{polyfun } N (\lambda x. \text{Tensor.lookup } (T x) (?weave x))$  using  $\text{assms}(2)$  by
 $\text{simp}$ 
  then show  $?thesis \text{ unfolding } 1 \text{ using } \text{assms}(1) \text{ by blast}$ 
qed

```

```

lemma  $(\neg (a::nat) < b) = (a \geq b)$ 
by  $(\text{metis } \text{not-le})$ 

```

```

lemma  $\text{polyfun-submatrix}$ :
assumes  $\bigwedge x. (A x) \in \text{carrier-mat } m n$ 
assumes  $\bigwedge x i j. i < m \implies j < n \implies \text{polyfun } N (\lambda x. (A x) \text{ \}\} (i,j))$ 
assumes  $i < \text{card } \{i. i < m \wedge i \in I\}$ 
assumes  $j < \text{card } \{j. j < n \wedge j \in J\}$ 
assumes  $\text{infinite } I \text{ infinite } J$ 
shows  $\text{polyfun } N (\lambda x. (\text{submatrix } (A x) I J) \text{ \}\} (i,j))$ 
proof –
  have  $1: \bigwedge x. (\text{submatrix } (A x) I J) \text{ \}\} (i,j) = (A x) \text{ \}\} (\text{pick } I i, \text{pick } J j)$ 
  using  $\text{submatrix-index}$  by  $(\text{metis } (\text{no-types, lifting}) \text{Collect-cong } \text{assms}(1)$ 
 $\text{assms}(3) \text{assms}(4) \text{carrier-matD}(1) \text{carrier-matD}(2))$ 
  have  $\text{pick } I i < m \text{ pick } J j < n$  using  $\text{card-le-pick-inf}[OF \langle \text{infinite } I \rangle] \text{card-le-pick-inf}[OF$ 
 $\langle \text{infinite } J \rangle]$ 
   $\langle i < \text{card } \{i. i < m \wedge i \in I\} \rangle[\text{unfolded set-le-in}] \langle j < \text{card } \{j. j < n \wedge j \in$ 
 $J \} \rangle[\text{unfolded set-le-in}] \text{not-less}$  by  $\text{metis+}$ 
  then show  $?thesis \text{ unfolding } 1 \text{ by } (\text{simp add: } \text{assms}(2))$ 
qed

```

```

context  $\text{deep-model-correct-params-}y$ 
begin

```

```

definition  $\text{witness-submatrix}$  where
 $\text{witness-submatrix } f = \text{submatrix } (A' f) \text{ rows-with-1 rows-with-1}$ 

```

lemma *polyfun-tensor-deep-model*:
assumes $is \triangleleft input\text{-}sizes\ (deep\text{-}model\text{-}l\ rs)$
shows $polyfun\ \{..\triangleleft weight\text{-}space\text{-}dim\}$
 $(\lambda f. Tensor.lookup\ (tensors\text{-}from\text{-}net\ (insert\text{-}weights\ shared\text{-}weights\ (deep\text{-}model\text{-}l\ rs)\ f)\ \$\ y)\ is)$
proof –
have $1:\wedge f. remove\text{-}weights\ (insert\text{-}weights\ shared\text{-}weights\ (deep\text{-}model\text{-}l\ rs)\ f)$
 $=\ deep\text{-}model\text{-}l\ rs$
using *remove-insert-weights* **by** *metis*
then **have** $y < output\text{-}size\ (deep\text{-}model\text{-}l\ rs)$ **using** *valid-deep-model y-valid*
length-output-deep-model **by** *force*
have $0:\{..\triangleleft weight\text{-}space\text{-}dim\} = set\ [0..\triangleleft weight\text{-}space\text{-}dim]$ **by** *auto*
then **show** *?thesis unfolding weight-space-dim-def using polyfun-tensors-from-net*
assms(1) valid-deep-model
 $\langle y < output\text{-}size\ (deep\text{-}model\text{-}l\ rs) \rangle$ **by** *metis*
qed

lemma *input-sizes-deep-model*: $input\text{-}sizes\ (deep\text{-}model\text{-}l\ rs) = replicate\ (2 * N\text{-}half)$
 $(last\ rs)$
unfolding *N-half-def* **using** *input-sizes-deep-model deep*
by (*metis (no-types, lifting) Nitpick.size-list-simp(2) One-nat-def Suc-1 Suc-le-lessD*
diff-Suc-Suc length-tl less-imp-le-nat list.size(3) not-less-eq numeral-3-eq-3 power-eq-if)

lemma *polyfun-matrix-deep-model*:
assumes $i < (last\ rs) \wedge N\text{-}half$
assumes $j < (last\ rs) \wedge N\text{-}half$
shows $polyfun\ \{..\triangleleft weight\text{-}space\text{-}dim\}\ (\lambda f. A' f\ \$\$ (i,j))$
proof –
have $0:y < output\text{-}size\ (deep\text{-}model\text{-}l\ rs)$ **using** *valid-deep-model y-valid length-output-deep-model*
by *force*
have $1:\wedge f. remove\text{-}weights\ (insert\text{-}weights\ shared\text{-}weights\ (deep\text{-}model\text{-}l\ rs)\ f)$
 $=\ deep\text{-}model\text{-}l\ rs$
using *remove-insert-weights* **by** *metis*
have $2:(\wedge is. is \triangleleft replicate\ (2 * N\text{-}half)\ (last\ rs) \implies$
 $polyfun\ \{..\triangleleft weight\text{-}space\text{-}dim\}\ (\lambda x. Tensor.lookup\ (A\ x)\ is))$
unfolding *A-def* **using** *polyfun-tensor-deep-model[unfolded input-sizes-deep-model]*
 0 **by** *blast*
show *?thesis*
unfolding *A'-def A-def* **apply** (*rule polyfun-matricize*)
using *dims-tensor-deep-model[OF 1] 2[unfolded A-def]*
using *dims-A'-pow[unfolded A'-def A-def] <i < (last rs) ^ N-half> <j < (last rs) ^*
 $N\text{-}half$
by *auto*
qed

lemma *polyfun-submatrix-deep-model*:
assumes $i < r \wedge N\text{-}half$
assumes $j < r \wedge N\text{-}half$

```

shows polyfun {..weight-space-dim} ( $\lambda f. \text{witness-submatrix } f \ \$\$ (i,j)$ )
unfolding witness-submatrix-def
proof (rule polyfun-submatrix)
  have  $1: \lambda f. \text{remove-weights } (\text{insert-weights } \text{shared-weights } (\text{deep-model-l } rs) f) = \text{deep-model-l } rs$ 
  using remove-insert-weights by metis
  show  $\lambda f. A' f \in \text{carrier-mat } ((\text{last } rs) \wedge N\text{-half}) ((\text{last } rs) \wedge N\text{-half})$ 
  using  $1 \text{ dims-}A'\text{-pow using } \text{weight-space-dim-def by auto}$ 
  show  $\lambda f i j. i < \text{last } rs \wedge N\text{-half} \implies j < \text{last } rs \wedge N\text{-half} \implies$ 
     $\text{polyfun } \{..weight-space-dim\} (\lambda f. A' f \ \$\$ (i, j))$ 
  using polyfun-matrix-deep-model weight-space-dim-def by force
  show  $i < \text{card } \{i. i < \text{last } rs \wedge N\text{-half} \wedge i \in \text{rows-with-1}\}$ 
  using assms(1) card-rows-with-1 dims-Aw'-pow set-le-in by metis
  show  $j < \text{card } \{i. i < \text{last } rs \wedge N\text{-half} \wedge i \in \text{rows-with-1}\}$ 
  using assms(2) card-rows-with-1 dims-Aw'-pow set-le-in by metis
  show infinite rows-with-1 infinite rows-with-1 by (simp-all add: infinite-rows-with-1)
qed

lemma polyfun-det-deep-model:
shows polyfun {..weight-space-dim} ( $\lambda f. \text{det } (\text{witness-submatrix } f)$ )
proof (rule polyfun-det)
  fix f
  have  $\text{remove-weights } (\text{insert-weights } \text{shared-weights } (\text{deep-model-l } rs) f) = \text{deep-model-l } rs$ 
  using remove-insert-weights by metis

  show  $\text{witness-submatrix } f \in \text{carrier-mat } (r \wedge N\text{-half}) (r \wedge N\text{-half})$ 
  unfolding witness-submatrix-def apply (rule carrier-matI) unfolding dim-submatrix[unfolded set-le-in]
  unfolding dims-A'-pow[unfolded weight-space-dim-def] using card-rows-with-1 dims-Aw'-pow by simp-all
  show  $\lambda i j. i < r \wedge N\text{-half} \implies j < r \wedge N\text{-half} \implies \text{polyfun } \{..weight-space-dim\} (\lambda f. \text{witness-submatrix } f \ \$\$ (i, j))$ 
  using polyfun-submatrix-deep-model by blast
qed

end

end

```

16 Alternative Lebesgue Measure Definition

```

theory Lebesgue-Functional
imports HOL-Analysis.Lebesgue-Measure
begin

```

`Lebesgue_Measure.lborel` is defined on the typeclass `euclidean_space`, which does not allow the space dimension to be dependent on a variable. As the Lebesgue measure of higher dimensions is the product measure of the one

dimensional Lebesgue measure, we can easily define a more flexible version of the Lebesgue measure as follows. This version of the Lebesgue measure measures sets of functions from nat to real whose values are undefined for arguments higher than n. These "Extensional Function Spaces" are defined in HOL/FuncSet.

definition *lborel-f* :: *nat* \Rightarrow (*nat* \Rightarrow *real*) *measure* **where**
lborel-f *n* = (Π_M *b* \in $\{..<n\}$. *lborel*)

lemma *product-sigma-finite-interval*: *product-sigma-finite* (λb . *interval-measure* (λx . *x*))
unfolding *product-sigma-finite-def* **using** *sigma-finite-interval-measure* **by** *auto*

lemma *l-borel-f-1*: *distr* (*lborel-f* 1) *lborel* (λx . *x* 0) = *lborel*
unfolding *lborel-f-def*
using *product-sigma-finite.distr-singleton*[*OF product-sigma-finite-interval*, *of 0*]
lborel-eq-real lessThan-Suc **by** *auto*

lemma *space-lborel-f*: *space* (*lborel-f* *n*) = *PiE* $\{..<n\}$ (λ -. *UNIV*) **unfolding**
lborel-f-def
unfolding *space-PiM space-lborel space-borel* **by** *metis*

lemma *space-lborel-f-subset*: *space* (*lborel-f* *n*) \subseteq *space* (*lborel-f* (*Suc* *n*))
unfolding *space-lborel-f* **by** (*rule subsetI*, *rule PiE-I*, *blast*,
metis PiE-E Suc-n-not-le-n le-cases lessThan-subset-iff subsetCE)

lemma *space-lborel-add-dim*:
assumes *f* \in *space* (*lborel-f* *n*)
shows *f*(*n*:=*x*) \in *space* (*lborel-f* (*Suc* *n*))
unfolding *space-lborel-f*
using *assms lessThan-Suc space-lborel-f* **by** *auto*

lemma *integral-lborel-f*:
assumes *f* \in *borel-measurable* (*lborel-f* (*Suc* *n*))
shows *integral*^{*N*} (*lborel-f* (*Suc* *n*)) *f* = \int^+ *y*. \int^+ *x*. *f* (*x*(*n* := *y*)) ∂ *lborel-f* *n*
 ∂ *lborel*
unfolding *lborel-f-def*
using *product-sigma-finite.product-nn-integral-insert-rev*[*OF product-sigma-finite-interval*,
of $\{..<n\}$, *OF finite-lessThan -*]
assms[*unfolded lborel-f-def*] *lborel-eq-real* **by** (*simp add: lessThan-Suc*)

lemma *emeasure-lborel-f-Suc*:
assumes *A* \in *sets* (*lborel-f* (*Suc* *n*))
assumes $\bigwedge y$. $\{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := y) \in A\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n)$
shows *emeasure* (*lborel-f* (*Suc* *n*)) *A* = \int^+ *y*. *emeasure* (*lborel-f* *n*) $\{x \in \text{space}$
(*lborel-f* *n*). *x*(*n* := *y*) \in *A* $\}$ ∂ *lborel*
proof –
{
fix *x y* **assume** *x* \in *space* (*lborel-f* *n*)

then have (*indicator A*) ($x(n := y)$) = (*indicator* $\{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := y) \in A\}$) **x using** *indicator-def*
by (*metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*) *mem-Collect-eq*)
}
then show *?thesis*
unfolding *nn-integral-indicator*[*OF assms(1)*, *symmetric*] *nn-integral-indicator*[*OF assms(2)*, *symmetric*]
integral-lborel-f[*OF borel-measurable-indicator*, *OF assms(1)*]
using *nn-integral-cong* **by** (*metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*))
qed

lemma *lborel-f-measurable-add-dim*: ($\lambda f. f(n := x)$) \in *measurable* (*lborel-f n*)
(*lborel-f (Suc n)*)

proof –

have $x \in \text{space } \text{lborel}$ **by** *simp*
have $0: (\lambda f. y). f(n := y) \circ (\lambda xa. (xa, x)) = (\lambda f. f(n := x))$ **unfolding**
comp-def **using** *case-prod-conv* **by** *fast*
show *?thesis* **unfolding** *lborel-f-def*
using *measurable-comp*[*OF measurable-Pair2'*[*of x lborel Pi_M* $\{..<n\}$] ($\lambda b.$
lborel), *OF* $\langle x \in \text{space } \text{lborel} \rangle$]
measurable-add-dim[*of n* $\{..<n\}$ $\lambda b. \text{lborel}$], *unfolded 0*] *lessThan-Suc* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *sets-lborel-f-sub-dim*:

assumes $A \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } (\text{Suc } n))$

shows $\{x. x(n := y) \in A\} \cap \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n) \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n)$

proof –

have ($\lambda f. f(n := y)$) – ‘ $A \cap \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n) \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n)$
using *measurable-sets*[*OF lborel-f-measurable-add-dim assms*] **by** *auto*
moreover have ($\lambda f. f(n := y)$) – ‘ $A = \{x. x(n := y) \in A\}$ **by** *auto*
finally show *?thesis* **by** *metis*

qed

lemma *lborel-f-measurable-restrict*:

assumes $m \leq n$

shows ($\lambda f. \text{restrict } f \{..<m\}$) \in *measurable* (*lborel-f n*) (*lborel-f m*)

using *measurable-restrict-subset lborel-f-def assms* **by** *auto*

lemma *lborel-measurable-sub-dim*: ($\lambda f. \text{restrict } f \{..<n\}$) \in *measurable* (*lborel-f*
(*Suc n*)) (*lborel-f n*)

using *lborel-f-measurable-restrict*[*of n Suc n*] **by** *linarith*

lemma *measurable-lborel-component* [*measurable*]:

assumes $k < n$

shows ($\lambda x. x k$) \in *borel-measurable* (*lborel-f n*)

unfolding *lborel-f-def* **using** *assms measurable-PiM-component-rev* **by** *simp-all*

end

17 Lebesgue Measure of Polynomial Zero Sets

```

theory Lebesgue-Zero-Set
  imports
    Polynomials.More-MPoly-Type
    Lebesgue-Functional
    Polynomials.MPoly-Type-Univariate
begin

lemma measurable-insertion [measurable]:
assumes vars p  $\subseteq \{..<n\}$ 
shows  $(\lambda f. \text{insertion } f \ p) \in \text{borel-measurable } (\text{lborel-f } n)$ 
using assms proof (induction p rule:mpoly-induct)
  case (monom m a)
    then show ?case
    proof (cases a = 0)
      case True
        show ?thesis unfolding insertion-single  $\langle a = 0 \rangle$  MPoly-Type.monom.abs-eq
single-zero
          zero-mpoly.abs-eq[symmetric] insertion-zero by measurable
      next
        case False
          have Poly-Mapping.keys m  $\subseteq \{..<n\}$  using monom by (simp add: False
vars-monom-keys)
          then show ?thesis using  $\langle a \neq 0 \rangle$ 
          proof (induction m arbitrary:a rule:poly-mapping-induct)
            case (single x i a)
              then show ?case
              proof (cases i = 0)
                case True
                  show ?thesis unfolding insertion-single  $\langle i = 0 \rangle$  by simp
                next
                  case False
                    then show ?thesis unfolding insertion-single apply measurable
                    using vars-monom-single-cases single False insert-subset lessThan-iff  $\langle a \neq 0 \rangle$ 
          by fastforce
          qed
            next
              case (sum m1 m2 x i)
                then have Poly-Mapping.keys m1  $\cap$  Poly-Mapping.keys m2 =  $\{\}$  by simp
                then have Poly-Mapping.keys m1  $\cup$  Poly-Mapping.keys m2 = Poly-Mapping.keys
(m1 + m2) using keys-add by metis
                then have 1:Poly-Mapping.keys m1  $\subseteq \{..<n\}$  and 2:Poly-Mapping.keys m2
 $\subseteq \{..<n\}$  using sum.prems by auto
                show ?case unfolding MPoly-Type.mult-monom[of m1 a m2 1,simplified,symmetric]
insertion-mult using sum.IH(1)[OF 1  $\langle a \neq 0 \rangle$ ] sum.IH(2)[OF 2, of 1,
simplified] by measurable
                qed
              qed
            qed
  qed

```

```

next
  case (sum p1 p2 m a)
  then have ( $\lambda f. \text{insertion } f \text{ } p1$ )  $\in$  borel-measurable (lborel-f n)
        ( $\lambda f. \text{insertion } f \text{ } p2$ )  $\in$  borel-measurable (lborel-f n)
    using vars-add-monom[OF sum.hyps] le-sup-iff by blast+
  then show ?case unfolding insertion-add by measurable
qed

```

This proof follows Richard Caron and Tim Traynor, "The zero set of a polynomial" <http://www1.uwindsor.ca/math/sites/uwindsor.ca.math/files/05-03.pdf>

```

lemma lebesgue-mpoly-zero-set:
fixes p::real mpoly
assumes p  $\neq$  0 vars p  $\subseteq$  {.. $n$ }
shows { $f \in \text{space } (lborel-f \text{ } n). \text{insertion } f \text{ } p = 0$ }  $\in$  null-sets (lborel-f n)
using assms proof (induction n arbitrary:p)
  case 0
  then have vars p = {} by simp then have  $\bigwedge f. \text{insertion } f \text{ } p = \text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p \text{ } 0$ 
  unfolding insertion-trivial[symmetric] using insertion-irrelevant-vars by blast
  have  $\bigwedge m. m \neq 0 \implies \text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p \text{ } m = 0$ 
  proof (rule ccontr)
    fix m::nat  $\Rightarrow_0$  nat assume  $m \neq 0 \text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p \text{ } m \neq 0$ 
    then obtain v where Poly-Mapping.lookup m v  $\neq$  0 using aux by auto
    then have  $v \in \text{vars } p$  unfolding More-MPoly-Type.vars-def using  $\langle \text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p \text{ } m \neq 0 \rangle$ 
    by (meson UN-I coeff-keys lookup-not-eq-zero-eq-in-keys)
    then show False using  $\langle \text{vars } p = \{\} \rangle$  by auto
  qed
  then have  $\text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p \text{ } 0 \neq 0$  using  $\langle p \neq 0 \rangle$ 
    by (metis coeff-all-0)
  then have  $\{f. \text{insertion } f \text{ } p = 0\} = \{\}$  using  $\langle \bigwedge f. \text{insertion } f \text{ } p = \text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p \text{ } 0 \rangle$  by auto
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Suc n p)

```

Show that N is finite:

```

then have extract-var p n  $\neq$  0 using reduce-nested-mpoly-0
  by (metis reduce-nested-mpoly-extract-var)
let ?q =  $\lambda j. \text{MPoly-Type.coeff } (extract-var p \text{ } n) \text{ } j$ 
obtain j where ?q j  $\neq$  0 using  $\langle extract-var p \text{ } n \neq 0 \rangle$ 
  by (metis coeff-all-0)
then have finite { $x. \text{insertion } (\lambda-. x) \text{ } (?q \text{ } j) = 0$ }
  using univariate-mpoly-roots-finite[OF vars-coeff-extract-var] by metis
then have finite  $(\bigcap j. \{x. \text{insertion } (\lambda-. x) \text{ } (?q \text{ } j) = 0\})$  by auto
moreover have  $\{x. \forall j. \text{insertion } (\lambda-. x) \text{ } (?q \text{ } j) = 0\} = (\bigcap j. \{x. \text{insertion } (\lambda v. x) \text{ } (?q \text{ } j) = 0\})$  by blast

```

ultimately have $\text{finite } \{x. \forall j. \text{insertion } (\lambda-. x) (?q j) = 0\}$ by *metis*

define $p\text{-fix1}$ **where** $p\text{-fix1 } x1 = \text{replace-coeff } (\text{insertion } (\lambda-. x1)) (\text{extract-var } p \ n)$ **for** $x1$

define N **where** $N = \{x1. p\text{-fix1 } x1 = 0\}$

have $N \subseteq \{x. \forall j. \text{insertion } (\lambda-. x) (?q j) = 0\}$

proof

fix x **assume** $x \in N$

then have $p\text{-fix1 } x = 0$ **using** $N\text{-def}$ **by** *auto*

then have $\bigwedge m. \text{MPoly-Type.coeff } (p\text{-fix1 } x) \ m = 0$ **by** (*metis More-MPoly-Type.coeff-monom monom-zero when-def*)

have $\bigwedge j. \text{insertion } (\lambda-. x) (?q j) = 0$

using $\langle \bigwedge m. \text{MPoly-Type.coeff } (p\text{-fix1 } x) \ m = 0 \rangle [\text{unfolded } p\text{-fix1-def coeff-replace-coeff} [\text{of insertion } (\lambda-. x), \text{OF insertion-zero}]]$

by *metis*

then show $x \in \{x. \forall j. \text{insertion } (\lambda-. x) (\text{MPoly-Type.coeff } (\text{extract-var } p \ n) \ j) = 0\}$ **by** *blast*

qed

then have $\text{finite } N$ **by** (*simp add: finite } \{x. \forall j. \text{insertion } (\lambda-. x) (\text{MPoly-Type.coeff } (\text{extract-var } p \ n) \ j) = 0\} \text{ finite-subset}*)

Use the IH:

define A **where** $A = \{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } (\text{Suc } n)). \text{insertion } f \ p = 0\}$

have $\bigwedge x1. \text{vars } (p\text{-fix1 } x1) \subseteq \{..<n\}$

proof –

fix $x1$

have $\text{vars } (\text{extract-var } p \ n) \subseteq \{..<n\}$

using $\langle \text{vars } p \subseteq \{..<\text{Suc } n\} \rangle \text{ lessThan-Suc } v\text{-not-in-vars-extract-var vars-extract-var-subset}$

by *fastforce*

then show $\text{vars } (p\text{-fix1 } x1) \subseteq \{..<n\}$ **unfolding** $p\text{-fix1-def}$

using $\text{vars-replace-coeff} [\text{of insertion } (\lambda-. x1), \text{OF insertion-zero}]$ **by** *blast*

qed

have $\text{set-eq: } \bigwedge x1. \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} = \{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). \text{insertion } f \ (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0\}$

proof –

fix $x1$

show $\{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} = \{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). \text{insertion } f \ (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0\}$

proof (*rule subset-antisym; rule subsetI*)

fix x **assume** $x \in \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\}$

then have $\text{insertion } (x(n := x1)) \ p = 0$ $x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n)$

using $A\text{-def}$ **by** *auto*

then have $\text{insertion } x \ (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0$ **unfolding** $p\text{-fix1-def}$

unfolding $\text{replace-coeff-extract-var-cong} [\text{of } \lambda-. x1 \ n \ x(n := x1) \ p, \text{OF fun-upd-same[symmetric]}]$

using $\text{insertion-replace-coeff} [\text{of } x(n := x1)]$

using $\text{insertion-irrelevant-vars} [\text{of replace-coeff } (\text{insertion } (x(n := x1))) (\text{extract-var } p \ n) \ x \ x(n := x1)]$

vars-replace-coeff fun-upd-other insertion-zero reduce-nested-mpoly-extract-var subset-eq
v-not-in-vars-extract-var **by** *metis*
then show $x \in \{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). \text{insertion } f \text{ (p-fix1 } x1) = 0\}$ **using** $\langle x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n) \rangle$ **by** *blast*
next
fix f **assume** $f \in \{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). \text{insertion } f \text{ (p-fix1 } x1) = 0\}$
then have $f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n)$ $\text{insertion } f \text{ (p-fix1 } x1) = 0$ **by** *auto*
have $\text{insertion } (f(n := x1)) p = 0$ **using** $\langle \text{insertion } f \text{ (p-fix1 } x1) = 0 \rangle$ [*unfolded p-fix1-def*]
insertion-replace-coeff insertion-irrelevant-vars replace-coeff-extract-var-cong
by (*metis (no-types, lifting)* $\langle \text{insertion } f \text{ (p-fix1 } x1) = 0 \rangle$ $\langle \text{vars } (\text{p-fix1 } x1) \rangle$)
 $\subseteq \{..<n\}$
fun-upd-other fun-upd-same lessThan-iff order-less-irrefl p-fix1-def reduce-nested-mpoly-extract-var subsetCE
then have $f(n := x1) \in A$ **unfolding** *A-def* **using** *space-lborel-add-dim*
using $\langle f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n) \rangle$ *lborel-f-def mem-Collect-eq* **by** *blast*
then show $f \in \{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). f(n := x1) \in A\}$ **using** $\langle f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n) \rangle$ **by** *auto*
qed
qed

have $\bigwedge x1. x1 \in N \implies \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n)$
and *emeasure-in-N*: $\bigwedge x1. x1 \in N \implies \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} = \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) (\text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n))$
proof –
fix $x1$ **assume** $x1 \in N$
then have $p\text{-fix1 } x1 = 0$ **using** *N-def* **by** *auto*
then have $\bigwedge f. \text{insertion } f \text{ (p-fix1 } x1) = 0$ **using** *insertion-zero* **by** *auto*
then have $\{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). \text{insertion } f \text{ (p-fix1 } x1) = 0\} = \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n)$ **by** *simp*
show $\{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n)$ **unfolding** *set-eq*
by (*simp add*: $\langle \{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). \text{insertion } f \text{ (p-fix1 } x1) = 0\} = \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n) \rangle$)
show $\text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} = \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) (\text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n))$
unfolding *set-eq*
by (*simp add*: $\langle \{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). \text{insertion } f \text{ (p-fix1 } x1) = 0\} = \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n) \rangle$)
qed

have *emeasure-not-in-N*: $\bigwedge x1. x1 \notin N \implies \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} = 0$
and $\bigwedge x1. x1 \notin N \implies \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n)$
proof –
fix $x1$ **assume** $x1 \notin N$
then have $p\text{-fix1 } x1 \neq 0$ **using** *p-fix1-def N-def* **by** *auto*

then have $\text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) \{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). \text{insertion } f (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0\} = 0$
 $\{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). \text{insertion } f (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n)$
using $\text{Suc.IH}[OF \langle p\text{-fix1 } x1 \neq 0 \rangle] \langle \bigwedge x1. \text{vars } (p\text{-fix1 } x1) \subseteq \{..<n\} \rangle$ **by auto**
then show $\text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} = 0$
 $\{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n)$
using $\langle \{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). \text{insertion } f (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) \{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). \text{insertion } f (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0\} = 0 \rangle$
using set-eq
by auto
qed

have $N \in \text{null-sets lborel}$ **using** $\langle \text{finite } N \rangle$ $\text{finite-imp-null-set-lborel}$ **by blast**
have $\text{ae-zero: } AE \ x1 \ \text{in } \text{lborel}. \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} = 0$
apply $(\text{rule } AE\text{-I}[OF \langle N \in \text{null-sets lborel} \rangle])$
using $\langle \bigwedge x1. x1 \notin N \implies \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} = 0 \rangle$
by force

have $\text{measurable: } (\lambda x1. \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\}) \in \text{borel-measurable lborel}$
proof $(\text{rule borel-measurableI})$
let $?f = (\lambda x1. \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\})$
fix $S :: \text{ennreal set}$ **assume** $\text{open } S$
have $0: 0 \in S \implies -N \subseteq ?f -' S$
using emeasure-not-in-N **by auto**
have $1: \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) (\text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n)) \in S \implies N \subseteq ?f -' S$
using emeasure-in-N **by auto**
have $2: 0 \notin S \implies ?f -' S \subseteq N$ **using** emeasure-not-in-N **by fastforce**
have $3: \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) (\text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n)) \notin S \implies ?f -' S \subseteq -N$ **using**
 emeasure-in-N **by auto**
have $?f -' S = \{\} \vee ?f -' S = N \vee ?f -' S = \text{UNIV} \vee ?f -' S = -N$
apply $(\text{cases } 0 \in S; \text{cases } \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) (\text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n)) \notin S)$
using $0\ 1\ 2\ 3$ **by auto**
then show $?f -' S \cap \text{space lborel} \in \text{sets lborel}$
using $\langle \text{finite } N \rangle$ $\text{finite-imp-null-set-lborel}$ $\text{borel-comp null-setsD2 sets-lborel}$ **by fastforce**
qed

have $A \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } (\text{Suc } n))$ **unfolding** $A\text{-def}$
using $\text{pred-eq-const1}[OF \text{measurable-insertion}[OF \langle \text{vars } p \subseteq \{..<\text{Suc } n\} \rangle]]$
 pred-def **by force**
then have $\text{in-sets: } \{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } (\text{Suc } n)). \text{insertion } f p = 0\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } (\text{Suc } n))$ **using** $A\text{-def}$ **by metis**
have $\bigwedge x1. \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n)$
using $\langle \bigwedge x1. x1 \in N \implies \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n) \rangle$

```

  ⟨ $\wedge x1. x1 \notin N \implies \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n)$ ⟩ by
  auto
  have  $\text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } (\text{Suc } n)) A = \int^+ y. \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := y) \in A\} \partial \text{lborel}$ 
  using  $\text{emeasure-lborel-f-Suc}[OF \langle A \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } (\text{Suc } n)) \rangle]$ 
  ⟨ $\wedge x1. \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n)$ ⟩ by blast
  also have ... = 0
  using  $\text{nn-integral-0-iff-AE}[OF \text{measurable}] \text{ae-zero}$  by blast
  finally have  $\text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } (\text{Suc } n)) A = 0$  by auto
  then show ?case unfolding  $\text{null-sets-def}$  using  $\text{in-sets } A\text{-def}$  by blast
qed

end

```

18 Shallow Network Model

```

theory DL-Shallow-Model
imports DL-Network Tensor-Rank
begin

```

```

fun shallow-model' where
  shallow-model' Z M 0 = Conv (Z,M) (Input M) |
  shallow-model' Z M (Suc N) = Pool (shallow-model' Z M 0) (shallow-model' Z M N)

```

```

definition shallow-model where
  shallow-model Y Z M N = Conv (Y,Z) (shallow-model' Z M N)

```

```

lemma valid-shallow-model': valid-net (shallow-model' Z M N)
  apply (induction N) unfolding shallow-model'.simps
  by (simp add: valid-net.intros, metis shallow-model'.elims shallow-model'.simps(1)
  valid-net.intros output-size.simps)

```

```

lemma output-size-shallow-model': output-size (shallow-model' Z M N) = Z
  apply (induction N) unfolding shallow-model'.simps using output-size.simps
by simp-all

```

```

lemma valid-shallow-model: valid-net (shallow-model Y Z M N)
  unfolding shallow-model-def using valid-shallow-model' valid-net.intros output-size.simps
  output-size-shallow-model' by metis

```

```

lemma output-size-shallow-model: output-size (shallow-model Y Z M N) = Y
  unfolding shallow-model-def using output-size-shallow-model' output-size.simps
by simp

```

```

lemma input-sizes-shallow-model: input-sizes (shallow-model Y Z M N) = replicate (Suc N) M
  apply (induction N) unfolding shallow-model-def input-sizes.simps by simp-all

```

```

lemma balanced-net-shallow-model': balanced-net (shallow-model' Z M N)
proof(induction N)
case 0
  then show ?case
    by (metis balanced-net.simps shallow-model'.simps(1))
next
  case (Suc N)
  have count-weights True (Conv (Z, M) (Input M)) = count-weights True (shallow-model' Z M N)
  by (induction N; simp)
  then show ?case unfolding shallow-model'.simps
  by (simp add: Suc.IH balanced-net-Conv balanced-net-Input balanced-net-Pool)
qed

```

```

lemma balanced-net-shallow-model: balanced-net (shallow-model Y Z M N)
  unfolding shallow-model-def
  by (simp add: balanced-net-Conv balanced-net-shallow-model')

```

```

lemma cprank-max1-shallow-model':
assumes y < output-size (shallow-model' Z M N)
shows cprank-max1 (tensors-from-net (insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z M N) w) $ y)
  using assms proof (induction N arbitrary:w)
  case 0
  then have input-sizes (insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z M 0) w) = [M]
    unfolding shallow-model-def shallow-model'.simps insert-weights.simps input-sizes.simps by metis
  then have dims (tensors-from-net (insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z M 0) w) $ y) = [M]
    using dims-tensors-from-net[OF vec-setI] 0.prem1(1) output-size-correct-tensors remove-insert-weights valid-shallow-model' by metis
  then show ?case
    using order1 by (metis One-nat-def eq-imp-le length-Cons list.size(3))
next
  case (Suc N)
  have y-le-IH:y < dim-vec (tensors-from-net (insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z M N) (λi. w (i + (count-weights s (shallow-model' Z M 0))))))
    using output-size-correct-tensors[of insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z M N) (λi. w (i + (count-weights s (shallow-model' Z M 0))))],
    unfolded remove-insert-weights, OF valid-shallow-model'
    using Suc.prem1(1) output-size-shallow-model' by auto
  have cprank-max1-IH:cprank-max1 (tensors-from-net (insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z M N) (λi. w (i + (count-weights s (shallow-model' Z M 0)))))) $ y
    using Suc.IH Suc.prem1(1) output-size-shallow-model' by auto
  have y-le-0:y < dim-vec (tensors-from-net (insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z M 0) w))
  by (metis assms output-size-correct-tensors output-size-shallow-model' remove-insert-weights valid-shallow-model')
  have cprank-max1-0:cprank-max1 (tensors-from-net (insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z

```

```

Z M 0) w) $ y)
proof –
  have input-sizes (insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z M 0) w) = [M]
    unfolding shallow-model-def shallow-model'.simps insert-weights.simps
      input-sizes.simps by metis
  then show ?thesis using order1 dims-tensors-from-net[OF vec-setI] One-nat-def
eq-imp-le length-Cons list.size(3) y-le-0 by metis
  qed
  then show ?case unfolding shallow-model'.simps(2) insert-weights.simps tensors-from-net.simps
    using cprank-max1-IH cprank-max1-0 cprank-max1-prod index-component-mult
y-le-0 y-le-IH
    by (metis Suc.IH output-size-correct-tensors remove-insert-weights valid-shallow-model')
  qed

```

lemma *cprank-shallow-model*:

assumes $m = \text{insert-weights } s \text{ (shallow-model } Y \ Z \ M \ N) \ w$

assumes $y < Y$

shows $\text{cprank (tensors-from-net } m \ \$ \ y) \leq Z$

proof –

have $s \implies \text{shared-weight-net } m$

by (*simp* *add: assms*(1) *balanced-net-shallow-model* *shared-weight-net-insert-weights*)

have $\text{cprank-max } Z \text{ (tensors-from-net } m \ \$ \ y)$

proof –

have *dim-extract*: $\text{dim-row (extract-matrix } w \ Y \ Z) = Y$

using *dim-extract-matrix*(1) **by** *force*

have *dimc-extract-matrix*: $\text{dim-col (extract-matrix } w \ Y \ Z) = Z$

using *dim-extract-matrix*(2) **by** *force*

have *input-sizes*: $(\text{input-sizes (insert-weights } s \text{ (shallow-model' } Z \ M \ N) \ (\lambda i. w \ (i + Y * Z)))) = (\text{input-sizes (shallow-model' } Z \ M \ N))$

using *input-sizes-remove-weights* *remove-insert-weights* **by** *auto*

have $0:\text{tensors-from-net } m \ \$ \ y = \text{Tensor-Plus.listsum (input-sizes (shallow-model' } Z \ M \ N))$

$(\text{map } (\lambda j. (\text{extract-matrix } w \ Y \ Z) \ \$ \ \$ (y, j) \cdot (\text{tensors-from-net (insert-weights } s \text{ (shallow-model' } Z \ M \ N) \ (\lambda i. w \ (i + Y * Z)))) \ \$ \ j) \ [0..<Z])$

unfolding ($m = \text{insert-weights } s \text{ (shallow-model } Y \ Z \ M \ N) \ w$) *shallow-model-def* *insert-weights.simps* *tensors-from-net.simps*

using *nth-mat-tensorlist-mult* *dims-tensors-from-net* *assms*(2) *dim-extract* *output-size-correct-tensors*[of *insert-weights* s (*shallow-model'* Z M N) ($\lambda i. w \ (i + Y * Z)$), *unfolded* *remove-insert-weights*, OF *valid-shallow-model'*]

dimc-extract-matrix *output-size-shallow-model'* *input-sizes* **by** *auto*

define *Bs* **where** $Bs = \text{map } (\lambda j. \text{extract-matrix } w \ Y \ Z \ \$ \ \$ (y, j) \cdot \text{tensors-from-net (insert-weights } s \text{ (shallow-model' } Z \ M \ N) \ (\lambda i. w \ (i + Y * Z))) \ \$ \ j) \ [0..<Z]$

have $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{cprank-max1 } B \ \bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{dims } B = \text{input-sizes (shallow-model' } Z \ M \ N)$

proof –

fix *B* **assume** $B \in \text{set } Bs$


```

then obtain  $j$  where  $B = Bs ! j$   $j < \text{length } Bs$  by (metis in-set-conv-nth)
then have  $j < Z$  using length-map Bs-def by simp
have  $1 : \text{cprank-max1 } (\text{tensors-from-net } (\text{insert-weights } s \text{ (shallow-model' } Z \ M \ N) \ (\lambda i. w \ (i + Y * Z))) \ \$ j)$ 
using  $\langle j < Z \rangle$  output-size-shallow-model' cprank-max1-shallow-model' by
auto
then have cprank-max1 (extract-matrix w Y Z $$ (y, j) · tensors-from-net (insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z M N) (\lambda i. w (i + Y * Z))) $ j)
using smult-prod-extract1 cprank-max1-order0[OF 1, of extract-matrix w Y Z $$ (y, j) · 1]
by (metis dims-smult mult.left-neutral order-tensor-one)
then show cprank-max1 B by (simp add: Bs-def ⟨B = Bs ! j⟩ ⟨j < Z⟩)
show  $\text{dims } B = \text{input-sizes } (\text{shallow-model' } Z \ M \ N)$  unfolding  $\langle B = Bs ! j \rangle$ 
Bs-def
nth-map[of j [0..<Z], unfolded length-upt Nat.diff-0, OF ⟨j < Z⟩] dims-smult
input-sizes[symmetric]
by (rule dims-tensors-from-net; rule vec-setI[where i=j], simp add:⟨j <
 $Z \rangle$ , metis (no-types) ⟨j < Z⟩ output-size-correct-tensors output-size-shallow-model'
remove-insert-weights valid-shallow-model')
qed
then show ?thesis unfolding 0 using cprank-max1 length-map Bs-def by
(metis (no-types, lifting) diff-zero length-upt)
qed
then show ?thesis unfolding cprank-def by (simp add: Least-le)
qed

```

end

19 Fundamental Theorem of Network Capacity

theory *DL-Fundamental-Theorem-Network-Capacity*

imports *DL-Rank-CP-Rank DL-Deep-Model-Poly Lebesgue-Zero-Set*

Jordan-Normal-Form.DL-Rank-Submatrix HOL-Analysis.Complete-Measure DL-Shallow-Model

begin

context *deep-model-correct-params-y*

begin

definition *polynomial-f* $w = \text{det } (\text{submatrix } (\text{matricize } \{n. \text{even } n\} (A \ w)) \ \text{rows-with-1} \ \text{rows-with-1})$

lemma *polyfun-polynomial:*

shows *polyfun* $\{..<\text{weight-space-dim}\}$ *polynomial-f*

unfolding *polynomial-f-def* **using** *polyfun-det-deep-model* **unfolding** *witness-submatrix-def A'-def* .

definition *polynomial-p* $= (\text{SOME } p. \text{vars } p \subseteq \{..<\text{weight-space-dim}\} \wedge (\forall x. \text{in-}$

sertion $x p = \text{polynomial-f } x$)

lemma

polynomial-p-not-0: $\text{polynomial-p} \neq 0$ **and**

vars-polynomial-p: $\text{vars polynomial-p} \subseteq \{.. < \text{weight-space-dim}\}$ **and**

polynomial-pf: $\bigwedge w. \text{insertion } w \text{ polynomial-p} = \text{polynomial-f } w$

proof –

have $\text{vars polynomial-p} \subseteq \{.. < \text{weight-space-dim}\} \wedge (\forall x. \text{insertion } x \text{ polynomial-p} = \text{polynomial-f } x)$ **unfolding** *polynomial-p-def*

using *someI-ex[OF polyfun-polynomial[unfolded polyfun-def]]* .

then show $\text{vars polynomial-p} \subseteq \{.. < \text{weight-space-dim}\} \wedge w. \text{insertion } w \text{ polynomial-p} = \text{polynomial-f } w$ **by auto**

show $\text{polynomial-p} \neq 0$ **using** *A'-def Aw'-def'* $\langle \bigwedge w. \text{insertion } w \text{ polynomial-p} = \text{polynomial-f } w \rangle$ *polynomial-f-def witness-det* **by auto**

qed

lemma *if-polynomial-0-rank*:

assumes $\text{polynomial-f } w \neq 0$

shows $r \wedge N\text{-half} \leq \text{cprank } (A \ w)$

proof –

have $r \wedge N\text{-half} = \text{dim-row } (\text{submatrix } (\text{matricize } \{n. \text{even } n\} (A \ w)) \ \text{rows-with-1} \ \text{rows-with-1})$

by (*metis (full-types) Aw'-def card-rows-with-1 dim-submatrix(1) dims-A dims-Aw dims-matricize(1) set-le-in*)

also have $\dots \leq \text{mrank } (\text{matricize } \{n. \text{even } n\} (A \ w))$

using *assms vec-space.rank-gt-minor[OF carrier-matI[OF dims-A'-pow, unfolded weight-space-dim-def]]*

by (*metis (full-types) A'-def dim-submatrix(1) dims-A'-pow(1) polynomial-f-def*)

also have $\dots \leq \text{cprank } (A \ w)$ **using** *matrix-rank-le-cp-rank* **by blast**

finally show *?thesis* .

qed

lemma *if-polynomial-0-evaluate*:

assumes $\text{polynomial-f } wd \neq 0$

assumes $\forall \text{inputs}. \text{input-sizes } (\text{deep-model-l } rs) = \text{map dim-vec inputs} \longrightarrow \text{evaluate-net} (\text{insert-weights shared-weights } (\text{deep-model-l } rs) \ wd) \ \text{inputs}$

$= \text{evaluate-net } (\text{insert-weights shared-weights } (\text{shallow-model } (rs \ ! \ 0) \ Z \ (\text{last } rs) \ (2 * N\text{-half} - 1)) \ ws) \ \text{inputs}$

shows $Z \geq r \wedge N\text{-half}$

proof –

have *valid1: valid-net'* (*insert-weights shared-weights (deep-model-l rs) wd*)

using *remove-insert-weights valid-deep-model* **by presburger**

have *valid2: valid-net'* (*insert-weights shared-weights (shallow-model (rs ! 0) Z (last rs) (2 * N-half - 1)) ws*)

by (*simp add: remove-insert-weights valid-shallow-model*)

have *input-sizes: input-sizes (insert-weights shared-weights (deep-model-l rs) wd)*

$= \text{input-sizes } (\text{insert-weights shared-weights } (\text{shallow-model } (rs \ ! \ 0) \ Z \ (\text{last } rs) \ (2 * N\text{-half} - 1)) \ ws)$

using *input-sizes-remove-weights input-sizes-deep-model remove-insert-weights*

by (*simp add: N-half-def input-sizes-shallow-model*)
have 0 :*tensors-from-net* (*insert-weights shared-weights (deep-model-l rs) wd*)
 $=$ *tensors-from-net* (*insert-weights shared-weights (shallow-model (rs ! 0) Z*
(*last rs*) ($2 * N$ -half - 1)) *ws*)
using *tensors-from-net-eqI*[*OF valid1 valid2 input-sizes, unfolded input-sizes-remove-weights*
remove-insert-weights]
using *assms* **by** *blast*
have *cprank* (*tensors-from-net* (*insert-weights shared-weights (deep-model-l rs)*
wd) \$ *y*) $\leq Z$
unfolding 0 **using** *y-valid cprank-shallow-model* **by** *blast*
then show *?thesis*
using *if-polynomial-0-rank assms*
using *A-def assms(1) less-le-trans not-le remove-insert-weights*
by *fastforce*
qed

lemma *if-polynomial-0-evaluate-notex*:
assumes *polynomial-f wd $\neq 0$*
shows $\neg(\exists$ *weights-shallow Z. Z* $< r$ \wedge *N-half* $\wedge (\forall$ *inputs. input-sizes (deep-model-l*
rs) = map dim-vec inputs \longrightarrow
evaluate-net (insert-weights shared-weights (deep-model-l rs) wd) inputs
 $=$ *evaluate-net (insert-weights shared-weights (shallow-model (rs ! 0) Z (last rs)*
($2 * N$ -half - 1)) *ws) inputs)*)
using *assms if-polynomial-0-evaluate not-le* **by** *blast*

theorem *fundamental-theorem-network-capacity*:
 AE *x* in *lborel-f weight-space-dim. r* \wedge *N-half* \leq *cprank (A x)*
using *AE-I'*[*OF lebesgue-mpoly-zero-set[OF polynomial-p-not-0 vars-polynomial-p]*]
by (*metis (mono-tags, lifting) Collect-mono if-polynomial-0-rank polynomial-pf*)

theorem *fundamental-theorem-network-capacity-v2*:
shows AE *wd* in *lborel-f weight-space-dim.*
 $\neg(\exists$ *ws Z. Z* $< r$ \wedge *N-half* $\wedge (\forall$ *inputs. input-sizes (deep-model-l rs) = map*
dim-vec inputs \longrightarrow
evaluate-net (insert-weights shared-weights (deep-model-l rs) wd) inputs
 $=$ *evaluate-net (insert-weights shared-weights (shallow-model (rs ! 0) Z (last rs)*
($2 * N$ -half - 1)) *ws) inputs)*)
apply (*rule AE-I'*[*OF lebesgue-mpoly-zero-set[OF polynomial-p-not-0 vars-polynomial-p]*,
unfolded polynomial-pf])
apply (*rule subsetI*) **unfolding** *mem-Collect-eq*
using *if-polynomial-0-evaluate-notex* **by** *metis*

abbreviation *lebesgue-f* **where** *lebesgue-f n* \equiv *completion (lborel-f n)*

lemma *space-lebesgue-f*: *space (lebesgue-f n) = Pi_E {..*n*}* (λ . *UNIV*)
by (*simp add: space-lborel-f*)

theorem *fundamental-theorem-network-capacity-v3*:
assumes

```

    S = {wd ∈ space (lebesgue-f weight-space-dim).
      ∃ ws Z. Z < r ^ N-half ∧ (∀ inputs. input-sizes (deep-model-l rs) = map
dim-vec inputs →
      evaluate-net (insert-weights shared-weights (deep-model-l rs) wd) inputs
      = evaluate-net (insert-weights shared-weights (shallow-model (rs ! 0) Z (last
rs) (2*N-half-1)) ws) inputs)}
    shows S ∈ null-sets (completion (lborel-f weight-space-dim))
    unfolding assms
    using fundamental-theorem-network-capacity-v2[unfolded completion.AE-iff-null-sets[unfolded
AE-completion-iff], unfolded not-not]
    by blast

end
end

```

References

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