

Decreasing-Diagrams-II

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Abstract

This theory formalizes a commutation version of decreasing diagrams for Church-Rosser modulo. The proof follows Felgenhauer and van Oostrom (RTA 2013). The theory also provides important specializations, in particular van Oostrom's conversion version (TCS 2008) of decreasing diagrams.

We follow the development described in [1]: Conversions are mapped to Greek strings, and we prove that whenever a local peak (or cliff) is replaced by a joining sequence from a locally decreasing diagram, then the corresponding Greek strings become smaller in a specially crafted well-founded order on Greek strings. Once there are no more local peaks or cliffs are left, the result is a valley that establishes the Church-Rosser modulo property.

As special cases we provide non-commutation versions and the conversion version of decreasing diagrams by van Oostrom [3]. We also formalize extended decreasingness [2].

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1 Preliminaries

theory *Decreasing-Diagrams-II-Aux*

imports

Well-Quasi-Orders.Multiset-Extension

Well-Quasi-Orders.Well-Quasi-Orders

begin

1.1 Trivialities

lemma *asymI2*: $(\bigwedge a b. (a,b) \in R \implies (b,a) \notin R) \implies \text{asym } R$
<proof>

abbreviation *strict-order* $R \equiv \text{irrefl } R \wedge \text{trans } R$

lemma *order-asym*: $\text{trans } R \implies \text{asym } R = \text{irrefl } R$
<proof>

lemma *strict-order-strict*: $\text{strict-order } q \implies \text{strict } (\lambda a b. (a, b) \in q^\equiv) = (\lambda a b. (a, b) \in q)$
<proof>

lemma *mono-lex1*: $\text{mono } (\lambda r. \text{lex-prod } r \ s)$
<proof>

lemma *mono-lex2*: $\text{mono } (\text{lex-prod } r)$
<proof>

lemma *irrefl-lex-prod*: $\text{irrefl } R \implies \text{irrefl } S \implies \text{irrefl } (R \langle * \text{lex} * \rangle S)$
<proof>

lemmas *converse-inward* = *rtrancl-converse*[*symmetric*] *converse-Un* *converse-UNION*
converse-relcomp
converse-converse *converse-Id*

1.2 Complete lattices and least fixed points

context *complete-lattice*
begin

1.2.1 A chain-based induction principle

abbreviation *set-chain* :: 'a set \Rightarrow bool **where**
set-chain C $\equiv \forall x \in C. \forall y \in C. x \leq y \vee y \leq x$

lemma *lfp-chain-induct*:
assumes *mono*: *mono* f
and *step*: $\bigwedge x. P\ x \Longrightarrow P\ (f\ x)$
and *chain*: $\bigwedge C. \text{set-chain } C \Longrightarrow \forall x \in C. P\ x \Longrightarrow P\ (\text{Sup } C)$
shows $P\ (\text{lfp } f)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

1.2.2 Preservation of transitivity, asymmetry, irreflexivity by suprema

lemma *trans-Sup-of-chain*:
assumes *set-chain* C **and** *trans*: $\bigwedge R. R \in C \Longrightarrow \text{trans } R$
shows $\text{trans } (\text{Sup } C)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *asym-Sup-of-chain*:
assumes *set-chain* C **and** *asym*: $\bigwedge R. R \in C \Longrightarrow \text{asym } R$
shows $\text{asym } (\text{Sup } C)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *strict-order-lfp*:
assumes *mono* f **and** $\bigwedge R. \text{strict-order } R \Longrightarrow \text{strict-order } (f\ R)$
shows $\text{strict-order } (\text{lfp } f)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *trans-lfp*:
assumes *mono* f **and** $\bigwedge R. \text{trans } R \Longrightarrow \text{trans } (f\ R)$
shows $\text{trans } (\text{lfp } f)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

1.3 Multiset extension

lemma *mulex-iff-mult*: $\text{mulex } r\ M\ N \longleftrightarrow (M, N) \in \text{mult } \{(M, N) . r\ M\ N\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *multI*:

assumes *trans r* $M = I + K$ $N = I + J$ $J \neq \{\#\}$ $\forall k \in \text{set-mset } K. \exists j \in \text{set-mset } J. (k,j) \in r$
shows $(M,N) \in \text{mult } r$
<proof>

lemma *multE*:

assumes *trans r* **and** $(M,N) \in \text{mult } r$
obtains $I J K$ **where** $M = I + K$ $N = I + J$ $J \neq \{\#\}$ $\forall k \in \text{set-mset } K. \exists j \in \text{set-mset } J. (k,j) \in r$
<proof>

lemma *mult-on-union*: $(M,N) \in \text{mult } r \implies (K + M, K + N) \in \text{mult } r$
<proof>

lemma *mult-on-union'*: $(M,N) \in \text{mult } r \implies (M + K, N + K) \in \text{mult } r$
<proof>

lemma *mult-on-add-mset*: $(M,N) \in \text{mult } r \implies (\text{add-mset } k M, \text{add-mset } k N) \in \text{mult } r$
<proof>

lemma *mult-empty[simp]*: $(M,\{\#\}) \notin \text{mult } R$
<proof>

lemma *mult-singleton[simp]*: $(x, y) \in r \implies (\text{add-mset } x M, \text{add-mset } y M) \in \text{mult } r$
<proof>

lemma *empty-mult[simp]*: $(\{\#\}, N) \in \text{mult } R \iff N \neq \{\#\}$
<proof>

lemma *trans-mult*: *trans* (*mult* R)
<proof>

lemma *strict-order-mult*:

assumes *irrefl* R **and** *trans* R
shows *irrefl* (*mult* R) **and** *trans* (*mult* R)
<proof>

lemma *mult-of-image-mset*:

assumes *trans* R **and** *trans* R'
and $\bigwedge x y. x \in \text{set-mset } N \implies y \in \text{set-mset } M \implies (x,y) \in R \implies (f x, f y) \in R'$
and $(N, M) \in \text{mult } R$
shows $(\text{image-mset } f N, \text{image-mset } f M) \in \text{mult } R'$
<proof>

1.4 Incrementality of *mult1* and *mult*

lemma *mono-mult1: mono mult1*

<proof>

lemma *mono-mult: mono mult*

<proof>

1.5 Well-orders and well-quasi-orders

lemma *wf-iff-wfp-on:*

wf p \longleftrightarrow wfp-on ($\lambda a b. (a, b) \in p$) UNIV

<proof>

lemma *well-order-implies-wqo:*

assumes *well-order r*

shows *wqo-on ($\lambda a b. (a, b) \in r$) UNIV*

<proof>

1.6 Splitting lists into prefix, element, and suffix

fun *list-splits :: 'a list \Rightarrow ('a list \times 'a \times 'a list) list* **where**

list-splits [] = []

| list-splits (x # xs) = ([], x, xs) # map ($\lambda(xs, x', xs'). (x \# xs, x', xs')$) (list-splits xs)

lemma *list-splits-empty[simp]:*

list-splits xs = [] \longleftrightarrow xs = []

<proof>

lemma *elem-list-splits-append:*

assumes *(ys, y, zs) \in set (list-splits xs)*

shows *ys @ [y] @ zs = xs*

<proof>

lemma *elem-list-splits-length:*

assumes *(ys, y, zs) \in set (list-splits xs)*

shows *length ys < length xs and length zs < length xs*

<proof>

lemma *elem-list-splits-elem:*

assumes *(xs, y, ys) \in set (list-splits zs)*

shows *y \in set zs*

<proof>

lemma *list-splits-append:*

*list-splits (xs @ ys) = map ($\lambda(xs', x', ys'). (xs', x', ys' @ ys)$) (list-splits xs) @
map ($\lambda(xs', x', ys'). (xs @ xs', x', ys')$) (list-splits ys)*

<proof>

lemma *list-splits-rev*:

list-splits (rev xs) = map ($\lambda(xs, x, ys). (rev\ ys, x, rev\ xs)$) (rev (list-splits xs))
<proof>

lemma *list-splits-map*:

list-splits (map f xs) = map ($\lambda(xs, x, ys). (map\ f\ xs, f\ x, map\ f\ ys)$) (list-splits xs)
<proof>

end

2 Decreasing Diagrams

theory *Decreasing-Diagrams-II*

imports

Decreasing-Diagrams-II-Aux
HOL-Cardinals.Wellorder-Extension
Abstract-Rewriting.Abstract-Rewriting

begin

2.1 Greek accents

datatype *accent* = *Acute* | *Grave* | *Macron*

lemma *UNIV-accent*: *UNIV* = { *Acute*, *Grave*, *Macron* }

<proof>

lemma *finite-accent*: *finite (UNIV :: accent set)*

<proof>

type-synonym *'a letter* = *accent* \times *'a*

definition *letter-less* :: (*'a* \times *'a*) *set* \Rightarrow (*'a letter* \times *'a letter*) *set* **where**
[simp]: *letter-less R* = {(*a,b*). (*snd a, snd b*) \in *R*}

lemma *mono-letter-less*: *mono letter-less*

<proof>

2.2 Comparing Greek strings

type-synonym *'a greek* = *'a letter list*

definition *adj-msog* :: *'a greek* \Rightarrow *'a greek* \Rightarrow (*'a letter* \times *'a greek*) \Rightarrow (*'a letter* \times *'a greek*)

where

adj-msog xs zs l \equiv
case l of (y,ys) \Rightarrow (y, case fst y of Acute \Rightarrow ys @ zs | Grave \Rightarrow xs @ ys | Macron \Rightarrow ys)

definition *ms-of-greek* :: 'a greek \Rightarrow ('a letter \times 'a greek) multiset **where**
ms-of-greek *as* = *mset*
 (map ($\lambda(xs, y, zs) \Rightarrow$ *adj-msog* *xs* *zs* (*y*, [])) (*list-splits* *as*))

lemma *adj-msog-adj-msog[simp]*:
adj-msog *xs* *zs* (*adj-msog* *xs'* *zs'* *y*) = *adj-msog* (*xs* @ *xs'*) (*zs'* @ *zs*) *y*
 <proof>

lemma *compose-adj-msog[simp]*: *adj-msog* *xs* *zs* \circ *adj-msog* *xs'* *zs'* = *adj-msog* (*xs*
 @ *xs'*) (*zs'* @ *zs*)
 <proof>

lemma *adj-msog-single*:
adj-msog *xs* *zs* (*x*, []) = (*x*, (*case fst x of* *Grave* \Rightarrow *xs* | *Acute* \Rightarrow *zs* | *Macron* \Rightarrow
 []))
 <proof>

lemma *ms-of-greek-elem*:
assumes (*x*, *xs*) \in *set-mset* (*ms-of-greek* *ys*)
shows *x* \in *set* *ys*
 <proof>

lemma *ms-of-greek-shorter*:
assumes (*x*, *t*) \in # *ms-of-greek* *s*
shows *length* *s* > *length* *t*
 <proof>

lemma *msog-append*: *ms-of-greek* (*xs* @ *ys*) = *image-mset* (*adj-msog* [] *ys*) (*ms-of-greek*
xs) +
image-mset (*adj-msog* *xs* []) (*ms-of-greek* *ys*)
 <proof>

definition *nest* :: ('a \times 'a) set \Rightarrow ('a greek \times 'a greek) set \Rightarrow ('a greek \times 'a greek)
 set **where**
 [*simp*]: *nest* *r* *s* = {(*a*, *b*). (*ms-of-greek* *a*, *ms-of-greek* *b*) \in *mult* (*letter-less* *r*
 <*lex*> *s*)}

lemma *mono-nest*: *mono* (*nest* *r*)
 <proof>

lemma *nest-mono[mono-set]*: *x* \subseteq *y* \Longrightarrow (*a*, *b*) \in *nest* *r* *x* \longrightarrow (*a*, *b*) \in *nest* *r* *y*
 <proof>

definition *greek-less* :: ('a \times 'a) set \Rightarrow ('a greek \times 'a greek) set **where**
greek-less *r* = *lfp* (*nest* *r*)

lemma *greek-less-unfold*:
greek-less *r* = *nest* *r* (*greek-less* *r*)
 <proof>

2.3 Preservation of strict partial orders

lemma *strict-order-letter-less*:
 assumes *strict-order r*
 shows *strict-order (letter-less r)*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *strict-order-nest*:
 assumes *r: strict-order r and R: strict-order R*
 shows *strict-order (nest r R)*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *strict-order-greek-less*:
 assumes *strict-order r*
 shows *strict-order (greek-less r)*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *trans-letter-less*:
 assumes *trans r*
 shows *trans (letter-less r)*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *trans-order-nest: trans (nest r R)*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *trans-greek-less[simp]: trans (greek-less r)*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *mono-greek-less: mono greek-less*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

2.4 Involution

definition *inv-letter* :: 'a letter \Rightarrow 'a letter **where**
 inv-letter l \equiv
 case l of (a, x) \Rightarrow (case a of Grave \Rightarrow Acute | Acute \Rightarrow Grave | Macron \Rightarrow Macron, x)

lemma *inv-letter-pair[simp]*:
 inv-letter (a, x) = (case a of Grave \Rightarrow Acute | Acute \Rightarrow Grave | Macron \Rightarrow Macron, x)
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *snd-inv-letter[simp]*:
 snd (inv-letter x) = snd x
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *inv-letter-invol[simp]*:
 inv-letter (inv-letter x) = x
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *inv-letter-mono*[simp]:
assumes $(x, y) \in \text{letter-less } r$
shows $(\text{inv-letter } x, \text{inv-letter } y) \in \text{letter-less } r$
⟨proof⟩

definition *inv-greek* :: 'a greek \Rightarrow 'a greek **where**
inv-greek $s = \text{rev } (\text{map } \text{inv-letter } s)$

lemma *inv-greek-invol*[simp]:
inv-greek (*inv-greek* s) = s
⟨proof⟩

lemma *inv-greek-append*:
inv-greek ($s @ t$) = *inv-greek* $t @ \text{inv-greek } s$
⟨proof⟩

definition *inv-msog* :: ('a letter \times 'a greek) multiset \Rightarrow ('a letter \times 'a greek) multiset **where**
inv-msog $M = \text{image-mset } (\lambda(x, t). (\text{inv-letter } x, \text{inv-greek } t)) M$

lemma *inv-msog-invol*[simp]:
inv-msog (*inv-msog* M) = M
⟨proof⟩

lemma *ms-of-greek-inv-greek*:
ms-of-greek (*inv-greek* M) = *inv-msog* (*ms-of-greek* M)
⟨proof⟩

lemma *inv-greek-mono*:
assumes *trans* r **and** $(s, t) \in \text{greek-less } r$
shows $(\text{inv-greek } s, \text{inv-greek } t) \in \text{greek-less } r$
⟨proof⟩

2.5 Monotonicity of *greek-less* r

lemma *greek-less-empty*[simp]:
 $(a, []) \in \text{greek-less } r \longleftrightarrow \text{False}$
⟨proof⟩

lemma *greek-less-nonempty*:
assumes $b \neq []$
shows $(a, b) \in \text{greek-less } r \longleftrightarrow (a, b) \in \text{nest } r (\text{greek-less } r)$
⟨proof⟩

lemma *greek-less-lempty*[simp]:
 $([], b) \in \text{greek-less } r \longleftrightarrow b \neq []$
⟨proof⟩

lemma *greek-less-singleton*:

$(a, b) \in \text{letter-less } r \implies ([a], [b]) \in \text{greek-less } r$
<proof>

lemma *ms-of-greek-cons*:

$\text{ms-of-greek } (x \# s) = \{\# \text{ adj-msog } [] s (x, []) \# \} + \text{image-mset } (\text{adj-msog } [x] [])$
(ms-of-greek s)
<proof>

lemma *greek-less-cons-mono*:

assumes *trans r*
shows $(s, t) \in \text{greek-less } r \implies (x \# s, x \# t) \in \text{greek-less } r$
<proof>

lemma *greek-less-app-mono2*:

assumes *trans r* **and** $(s, t) \in \text{greek-less } r$
shows $(p @ s, p @ t) \in \text{greek-less } r$
<proof>

lemma *greek-less-app-mono1*:

assumes *trans r* **and** $(s, t) \in \text{greek-less } r$
shows $(s @ p, t @ p) \in \text{greek-less } r$
<proof>

2.6 Well-founded-ness of *greek-less r*

lemma *greek-embed*:

assumes *trans r*
shows $\text{list-emb } (\lambda a b. (a, b): \text{reflcl } (\text{letter-less } r)) a b \implies (a, b) \in \text{reflcl } (\text{greek-less } r)$
<proof>

lemma *wqo-letter-less*:

assumes *t: trans r* **and** *w: wqo-on* $(\lambda a b. (a, b) \in r^=)$ *UNIV*
shows *wqo-on* $(\lambda a b. (a, b) \in (\text{letter-less } r)^=)$ *UNIV*
<proof>

lemma *wf-greek-less*:

assumes *wf r* **and** *trans r*
shows *wf* $(\text{greek-less } r)$
<proof>

2.7 Basic Comparisons

lemma *pairwise-imp-mult*:

assumes $N \neq \{\#\}$ **and** $\forall x \in \text{set-mset } M. \exists y \in \text{set-mset } N. (x, y) \in r$
shows $(M, N) \in \text{mult } r$
<proof>

lemma *singleton-greek-less*:

assumes as : snd ' set $as \subseteq$ $under$ r b
shows $(as, [(a,b)]) \in greek-less$ r
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *peak-greek-less*:

assumes as : snd ' set $as \subseteq$ $under$ r a **and** b' : $b' \in \{[(Grave,b)], []\}$
and cs : snd ' set $cs \subseteq$ $under$ r $a \cup$ $under$ r b **and** a' : $a' \in \{[(Acute,a)], []\}$
and bs : snd ' set $bs \subseteq$ $under$ r b
shows $(as @ b' @ cs @ a' @ bs, [(Acute,a),(Grave,b)]) \in greek-less$ r
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *rcliff-greek-less1*:

assumes $trans$ r
and as : snd ' set $as \subseteq$ $under$ r $a \cap$ $under$ r b **and** b' : $b' \in \{[(Grave,b)], []\}$
and cs : snd ' set $cs \subseteq$ $under$ r b **and** a' : $a' = [(Macron,a)]$
and bs : snd ' set $bs \subseteq$ $under$ r b
shows $(as @ b' @ cs @ a' @ bs, [(Macron,a),(Grave,b)]) \in greek-less$ r
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *rcliff-greek-less2*:

assumes $trans$ r
and as : snd ' set $as \subseteq$ $under$ r a **and** b' : $b' \in \{[(Grave,b)], []\}$
and cs : snd ' set $cs \subseteq$ $under$ r $a \cup$ $under$ r b
shows $(as @ b' @ cs, [(Macron,a),(Grave,b)]) \in greek-less$ r
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *snd-inv-greek [simp]*: snd ' set ($inv-greek$ as) = snd ' set as
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *lcliff-greek-less1*:

assumes $trans$ r
and as : snd ' set $as \subseteq$ $under$ r a **and** b' : $b' = [(Macron,b)]$
and cs : snd ' set $cs \subseteq$ $under$ r a **and** a' : $a' \in \{[(Acute,a)], []\}$
and bs : snd ' set $bs \subseteq$ $under$ r $a \cap$ $under$ r b
shows $(as @ b' @ cs @ a' @ bs, [(Acute,a),(Macron,b)]) \in greek-less$ r
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *lcliff-greek-less2*:

assumes $trans$ r
and cs : snd ' set $cs \subseteq$ $under$ r $a \cup$ $under$ r b **and** a' : $a' \in \{[(Acute,a)], []\}$
and bs : snd ' set $bs \subseteq$ $under$ r b
shows $(cs @ a' @ bs, [(Acute,a),(Macron,b)]) \in greek-less$ r
 $\langle proof \rangle$

2.8 Labeled abstract rewriting

context

fixes L R E :: 'b \Rightarrow 'a rel

begin

definition $lstep :: 'b \text{ letter} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ rel}$ **where**

$[simp]: lstep \ x = (case \ x \ of \ (a, \ i) \Rightarrow (case \ a \ of \ Acute \Rightarrow (L \ i)^{-1} \mid Grave \Rightarrow R \ i \mid Macron \Rightarrow E \ i))$

fun $lconv :: 'b \text{ greek} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ rel}$ **where**

$lconv \ [] = Id$
 $\mid lconv \ (x \ \# \ xs) = lstep \ x \ O \ lconv \ xs$

lemma $lconv\text{-append}$ $[simp]:$

$lconv \ (xs \ @ \ ys) = lconv \ xs \ O \ lconv \ ys$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $conversion\text{-join-or-peak-or-cliff}:$

obtains $(join) \ as \ bs \ cs$ **where** $set \ as \subseteq \{Grave\}$ **and** $set \ bs \subseteq \{Macron\}$ **and** $set \ cs \subseteq \{Acute\}$

and $ds = as \ @ \ bs \ @ \ cs$

$\mid (peak) \ as \ bs$ **where** $ds = as \ @ \ ([Acute] \ @ \ [Grave]) \ @ \ bs$

$\mid (lcliff) \ as \ bs$ **where** $ds = as \ @ \ ([Acute] \ @ \ [Macron]) \ @ \ bs$

$\mid (rcliff) \ as \ bs$ **where** $ds = as \ @ \ ([Macron] \ @ \ [Grave]) \ @ \ bs$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $map\text{-eq-append-split}:$

assumes $map \ f \ xs = ys1 \ @ \ ys2$

obtains $xs1 \ xs2$ **where** $ys1 = map \ f \ xs1$ $ys2 = map \ f \ xs2$ $xs = xs1 \ @ \ xs2$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemmas $map\text{-eq-append-splits} = map\text{-eq-append-split} \ map\text{-eq-append-split}[OF \ sym]$

abbreviation $conversion' \ M \equiv ((\bigcup i \in M. R \ i) \cup (\bigcup i \in M. E \ i) \cup (\bigcup i \in M. L \ i)^{-1})^*$

abbreviation $valley' \ M \equiv (\bigcup i \in M. R \ i)^* \ O \ (\bigcup i \in M. E \ i)^* \ O \ ((\bigcup i \in M. L \ i)^{-1})^*$

lemma $conversion\text{-to-lconv}:$

assumes $(u, v) \in conversion' \ M$

obtains xs **where** $snd \ ' \ set \ xs \subseteq M$ **and** $(u, v) \in lconv \ xs$

$\langle proof \rangle$

definition $lpeak :: 'b \text{ rel} \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'b \text{ greek} \Rightarrow bool$ **where**

$lpeak \ r \ a \ b \ xs \longleftrightarrow (\exists \ as \ b' \ cs \ a' \ bs. \ snd \ ' \ set \ as \subseteq \text{under } r \ a \ \wedge \ b' \in \{[(Grave, b)], []\})$
 \wedge

$snd \ ' \ set \ cs \subseteq \text{under } r \ a \ \cup \ \text{under } r \ b \ \wedge \ a' \in \{[(Acute, a)], []\} \ \wedge$

$snd \ ' \ set \ bs \subseteq \text{under } r \ b \ \wedge \ xs = as \ @ \ b' \ @ \ cs \ @ \ a' \ @ \ bs)$

definition $lcliff :: 'b \text{ rel} \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'b \text{ greek} \Rightarrow bool$ **where**

$lcliff \ r \ a \ b \ xs \longleftrightarrow (\exists \ as \ b' \ cs \ a' \ bs. \ snd \ ' \ set \ as \subseteq \text{under } r \ a \ \wedge \ b' = [(Macron, b)])$
 \wedge

$snd \ ' \ set \ cs \subseteq \text{under } r \ a \ \wedge \ a' \in \{[(Acute, a)], []\} \ \wedge$

$snd \text{ ' set } bs \subseteq \text{ under } r \ a \cap \text{ under } r \ b \wedge xs = as \ @ \ b' \ @ \ cs \ @ \ a' \ @ \ bs) \vee$
 $(\exists cs \ a' \ bs. \text{ snd ' set } cs \subseteq \text{ under } r \ a \cup \text{ under } r \ b \wedge a' \in \{[(Acute,a)], []\}) \wedge$
 $snd \text{ ' set } bs \subseteq \text{ under } r \ b \wedge xs = cs \ @ \ a' \ @ \ bs)$

definition $rcliff :: 'b \ rel \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'b \ greek \Rightarrow bool$ **where**

$rcliff \ r \ a \ b \ xs \longleftrightarrow (\exists as \ b' \ cs \ a' \ bs. \text{ snd ' set } as \subseteq \text{ under } r \ a \cap \text{ under } r \ b \wedge b' \in$
 $\{[(Grave,b)], []\}) \wedge$
 $snd \text{ ' set } cs \subseteq \text{ under } r \ b \wedge a' = [(Macron,a)] \wedge$
 $snd \text{ ' set } bs \subseteq \text{ under } r \ b \wedge xs = as \ @ \ b' \ @ \ cs \ @ \ a' \ @ \ bs) \vee$
 $(\exists as \ b' \ cs. \text{ snd ' set } as \subseteq \text{ under } r \ a \wedge b' \in \{[(Grave,b)], []\}) \wedge$
 $snd \text{ ' set } cs \subseteq \text{ under } r \ a \cup \text{ under } r \ b \wedge xs = as \ @ \ b' \ @ \ cs)$

lemma $dd\text{-commute-modulo-conv}[case\text{-names } wf \ trans \ peak \ lcliff \ rcliff]$:

assumes $wf \ r$ **and** $trans \ r$

and $pk: \bigwedge a \ b \ s \ t \ u. (s, t) \in L \ a \Longrightarrow (s, u) \in R \ b \Longrightarrow \exists xs. \text{ lpeak } r \ a \ b \ xs \wedge (t, u) \in \text{ lconv } xs$

and $lc: \bigwedge a \ b \ s \ t \ u. (s, t) \in L \ a \Longrightarrow (s, u) \in E \ b \Longrightarrow \exists xs. \text{ lcliff } r \ a \ b \ xs \wedge (t, u) \in \text{ lconv } xs$

and $rc: \bigwedge a \ b \ s \ t \ u. (s, t) \in (E \ a)^{-1} \Longrightarrow (s, u) \in R \ b \Longrightarrow \exists xs. \text{ rcliff } r \ a \ b \ xs \wedge (t, u) \in \text{ lconv } xs$

shows $\text{conversion}' \ UNIV \subseteq \text{valley}' \ UNIV$

$\langle proof \rangle$

3 Results

3.1 Church-Rosser modulo

Decreasing diagrams for Church-Rosser modulo, commutation version.

lemma $dd\text{-commute-modulo}[case\text{-names } wf \ trans \ peak \ lcliff \ rcliff]$:

assumes $wf \ r$ **and** $trans \ r$

and $pk: \bigwedge a \ b \ s \ t \ u. (s, t) \in L \ a \Longrightarrow (s, u) \in R \ b \Longrightarrow$

$(t, u) \in \text{conversion}'(\text{under } r \ a) \ O \ (R \ b)^= \ O \ \text{conversion}'(\text{under } r \ a \cup \text{under } r \ b) \ O$

$((L \ a)^{-1})^= \ O \ \text{conversion}'(\text{under } r \ b)$

and $lc: \bigwedge a \ b \ s \ t \ u. (s, t) \in L \ a \Longrightarrow (s, u) \in E \ b \Longrightarrow$

$(t, u) \in \text{conversion}'(\text{under } r \ a) \ O \ E \ b \ O \ \text{conversion}'(\text{under } r \ a) \ O$

$((L \ a)^{-1})^= \ O \ \text{conversion}'(\text{under } r \ a \cap \text{under } r \ b) \vee$

$(t, u) \in \text{conversion}'(\text{under } r \ a \cup \text{under } r \ b) \ O \ ((L \ a)^{-1})^= \ O \ \text{conversion}'(\text{under } r \ b)$

and $rc: \bigwedge a \ b \ s \ t \ u. (s, t) \in (E \ a)^{-1} \Longrightarrow (s, u) \in R \ b \Longrightarrow$

$(t, u) \in \text{conversion}'(\text{under } r \ a \cap \text{under } r \ b) \ O \ (R \ b)^= \ O \ \text{conversion}'(\text{under } r \ b) \ O$

$E \ a \ O \ \text{conversion}'(\text{under } r \ b) \vee$

$(t, u) \in \text{conversion}'(\text{under } r \ a) \ O \ (R \ b)^= \ O \ \text{conversion}'(\text{under } r \ a \cup \text{under } r \ b)$

shows $\text{conversion}' \ UNIV \subseteq \text{valley}' \ UNIV$

$\langle proof \rangle$

end

Decreasing diagrams for Church-Rosser modulo.

lemma *dd-cr-modulo*[*case-names wf trans symE peak cliff*]:

assumes *wf r* **and** *trans r* **and** $E: \bigwedge i. \text{sym } (E\ i)$
and *pk*: $\bigwedge a\ b\ s\ t\ u. (s, t) \in L\ a \implies (s, u) \in L\ b \implies$
 $(t, u) \in \text{conversion}'\ L\ L\ E\ (\text{under } r\ a)\ O\ (L\ b)^{\text{=}}\ O\ \text{conversion}'\ L\ L\ E\ (\text{under}$
 $r\ a \cup \text{under } r\ b)\ O$
 $((L\ a)^{-1})^{\text{=}}\ O\ \text{conversion}'\ L\ L\ E\ (\text{under } r\ b)$
and *cl*: $\bigwedge a\ b\ s\ t\ u. (s, t) \in L\ a \implies (s, u) \in E\ b \implies$
 $(t, u) \in \text{conversion}'\ L\ L\ E\ (\text{under } r\ a)\ O\ E\ b\ O\ \text{conversion}'\ L\ L\ E\ (\text{under } r\ a)$
 O
 $((L\ a)^{-1})^{\text{=}}\ O\ \text{conversion}'\ L\ L\ E\ (\text{under } r\ a \cap \text{under } r\ b) \vee$
 $(t, u) \in \text{conversion}'\ L\ L\ E\ (\text{under } r\ a \cup \text{under } r\ b)\ O\ ((L\ a)^{-1})^{\text{=}}\ O\ \text{conversion}'$
 $L\ L\ E\ (\text{under } r\ b)$
shows $\text{conversion}'\ L\ L\ E\ \text{UNIV} \subseteq \text{valley}'\ L\ L\ E\ \text{UNIV}$
<proof>

3.2 Commutation and confluence

abbreviation $\text{conversion}''\ L\ R\ M \equiv ((\bigcup i \in M. R\ i) \cup (\bigcup i \in M. L\ i)^{-1})^*$

abbreviation $\text{valley}''\ L\ R\ M \equiv (\bigcup i \in M. R\ i)^* O ((\bigcup i \in M. L\ i)^{-1})^*$

Decreasing diagrams for commutation.

lemma *dd-commute*[*case-names wf trans peak*]:

assumes *wf r* **and** *trans r*
and *pk*: $\bigwedge a\ b\ s\ t\ u. (s, t) \in L\ a \implies (s, u) \in R\ b \implies$
 $(t, u) \in \text{conversion}''\ L\ R\ (\text{under } r\ a)\ O\ (R\ b)^{\text{=}}\ O\ \text{conversion}''\ L\ R\ (\text{under } r\ a$
 $\cup \text{under } r\ b)\ O$
 $((L\ a)^{-1})^{\text{=}}\ O\ \text{conversion}''\ L\ R\ (\text{under } r\ b)$
shows $\text{commute } (\bigcup i. L\ i)\ (\bigcup i. R\ i)$
<proof>

Decreasing diagrams for confluence.

lemmas *dd-cr*[*case-names wf trans peak*] =

dd-commute[*of - L L for L, unfolded CR-iff-self-commute*[*symmetric*]]

3.3 Extended decreasing diagrams

context

fixes $r\ q :: 'b\ \text{rel}$

assumes *wf r* **and** *trans r* **and** *trans q* **and** *refl q* **and** *compat*: $r\ O\ q \subseteq r$

begin

private abbreviation (*input*) $\text{down} :: ('b \Rightarrow 'a\ \text{rel}) \Rightarrow ('b \Rightarrow 'a\ \text{rel})$ **where**

$\text{down } L \equiv \lambda i. \bigcup j \in \text{under } q\ i. L\ j$

private lemma *Union-down*: $(\bigcup i. \text{down } L\ i) = (\bigcup i. L\ i)$

<proof>

Extended decreasing diagrams for commutation.

lemma *edd-commute*[*case-names wf transr transq reflq compat peak*]:

assumes *pk*: $\bigwedge a b s t u. (s, t) \in L a \implies (s, u) \in R b \implies$
 $(t, u) \in \text{conversion}'' L R (\text{under } r a) O (\text{down } R b)^= O \text{conversion}'' L R (\text{under}$
 $r a \cup \text{under } r b) O$
 $((\text{down } L a)^{-1})^= O \text{conversion}'' L R (\text{under } r b)$
shows *commute* $(\bigcup i. L i) (\bigcup i. R i)$
{*proof*}

Extended decreasing diagrams for confluence.

lemmas *edd-cr*[*case-names wf transr transq reflq compat peak*] =

edd-commute[*of L L for L, unfolded CR-iff-self-commute*[*symmetric*]]

end

end

References

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