

Combinatorics on Words formalized
Binary codes that do not preserve primitivity

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`theory Binary-Square-Interpretation`

imports
Combinatorics-Words.Submonoids
Combinatorics-Words.Equations-Basic
begin

0.1 Lemmas for covered x square

This section explores various variants of the situation when $x \cdot x$ is covered with $x \cdot y \textcircled{^k} u \cdot v \cdot y \textcircled{^l} x$, with $y = u \cdot v$, and the displayed dots being synchronized.

0.1.1 Two particular cases

lemma *pref-suf-pers-short*: **assumes** $x \leq_p v \cdot x$ **and** $|v \cdot u| < |x|$ **and** $x \leq_s r \cdot u \cdot v \cdot u$ **and** $r \in \langle \{u, v\} \rangle$

- $x \cdot x$ is covered by $(p \cdot u \cdot v \cdot u) \cdot v \cdot x$, the displayed dots being synchronized
- That is, the condition on the first x in $x \cdot y \textcircled{^k} u \cdot v \cdot y \textcircled{^l} x$ is relaxed

shows $u \cdot v = v \cdot u$

proof (*rule nemp-comm*)

have $v \cdot u <_s x$

using *suf-prod-long-less*[*OF* - $\langle |v \cdot u| < |x| \rangle$, *of* $r \cdot u$, *unfolded rassoc*, *OF* $\langle x \leq_s r \cdot u \cdot v \cdot u \rangle$].

assume $u \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $v \neq \varepsilon$

obtain q **where** $x = q \cdot v \cdot u$ **and** $q \neq \varepsilon$

using $\langle v \cdot u <_s x \rangle$ **by** (*auto simp add: suffix-def*)

hence $q \leq_s r \cdot u$

using $\langle x \leq_s r \cdot u \cdot v \cdot u \rangle$ **by** (*auto simp add: suffix-def*)

from *suf-trans*[*OF* *primroot-suf this*]

have $\varrho q \leq_s r \cdot u$.

have $q \cdot v = v \cdot q$

using *pref-marker*[*OF* $\langle x \leq_p v \cdot x \rangle$, *of* q] $\langle x = q \cdot v \cdot u \rangle$ **by** *simp*

from *suf-marker-per-root*[*OF* $\langle x \leq_p v \cdot x \rangle$, *of* $q u$, *unfolded rassoc* $\langle x = q \cdot v \cdot u \rangle$]

have $u <_p v \cdot u$

using $\langle v \neq \varepsilon \rangle$ **by** *blast*

from *per-root-primroot*[*OF* *this*]

comm-primroots'[*OF* $\langle q \neq \varepsilon \rangle \langle v \neq \varepsilon \rangle \langle q \cdot v = v \cdot q \rangle$]

have $u \leq_p \varrho q \cdot u$

by *force*

from *gen-prim*[*OF* $\langle r \in \langle \{u, v\} \rangle \rangle$, *unfolded*]

have $r \in \langle \{u, \varrho q\} \rangle$

unfolding $\langle \varrho q = \varrho v \rangle$.

from *two-elem-root-suf-comm*[*OF* $\langle u \leq_p \varrho q \cdot u \rangle \langle \varrho q \leq_s r \cdot u \rangle$ *this*]

show $u \cdot v = v \cdot u$

using *comm-primroot-conv*[*of* - v , *folded* $\langle \varrho q = \varrho v \rangle$] **by** *blast*

qed

lemma *pref-suf-pers-large-overlap*:

assumes

$p \leq p \cdot x$ and $s \leq s \cdot x$ and $p \leq p \cdot r \cdot p$ and $s \leq s \cdot r \cdot s$ and $|x| + |r| \leq |p| + |s|$

shows $x \cdot r = r \cdot x$

using *assms*

proof (*cases* $r = \varepsilon$)

assume $r \neq \varepsilon$ **hence** $r \neq \varepsilon$ **by** *blast*

have $|s| \leq |x|$

using $\langle s \leq s \cdot x \rangle$ **unfolding** *suffix-def* **by** *force*

have $|p| \leq |x|$

using $\langle p \leq p \cdot x \rangle$ **by** (*force simp add: prefix-def*)

have $|r| \leq |p|$

using $\langle |x| + |r| \leq |p| + |s| \rangle \langle |s| \leq |x| \rangle$ **unfolding** *lenmorph* **by** *linarith*

have $|r| \leq |s|$

using $\langle |x| + |r| \leq |p| + |s| \rangle \langle |p| \leq |x| \rangle$ **unfolding** *lenmorph* **by** *linarith*

obtain $p1 \text{ } ov \text{ } s1$ **where** $p1 \cdot ov \cdot s1 = x$ and $p1 \cdot ov = p$ and $ov \cdot s1 = s$

using *pref-suf-overlapE*[*OF* $\langle p \leq p \cdot x \rangle \langle s \leq s \cdot x \rangle$] **using** $\langle |x| + |r| \leq |p| + |s| \rangle$

by *auto*

have $|r| \leq |ov|$

using $\langle |x| + |r| \leq |p| + |s| \rangle$ [*folded* $\langle p1 \cdot ov \cdot s1 = x \rangle \langle p1 \cdot ov = p \rangle \langle ov \cdot s1 = s \rangle$]

unfolding *lenmorph* **by** *force*

have $r \leq p \cdot p$

using $\langle |r| \leq |p| \rangle$ [*unfolded swap-len*] *pref-prod-long*[*OF* $\langle p \leq p \cdot r \cdot p \rangle$] **by** *blast*

hence $r \leq p \cdot x$

using $\langle p \leq p \cdot x \rangle$ **by** *auto*

have $r \leq s \cdot s$

using $\langle |r| \leq |s| \rangle$ [*unfolded swap-len*] *pref-prod-long*[*reversed, OF* $\langle s \leq s \cdot r \rangle$]

by *blast*

hence $r \leq s \cdot x$

using $\langle s \leq s \cdot x \rangle$ **by** *auto*

obtain k **where** $p \leq p \cdot r^{\textcircled{a}} k$ $0 < k$

using *per-root-powE*[*OF per-rootI*[*OF* $\langle p \leq p \cdot r \cdot p \rangle \langle r \neq \varepsilon \rangle$]] *sprefD1* **by** *metis*

hence $p1 \cdot ov \leq f \cdot r^{\textcircled{a}} k$

unfolding $\langle p1 \cdot ov = p \rangle$ **by** *blast*

obtain l **where** $s \leq s \cdot r^{\textcircled{a}} l$ $0 < l$

using *per-root-powE*[*reversed, OF per-rootI*[*reversed, OF* $\langle s \leq s \cdot r \rangle \langle r \neq \varepsilon \rangle$]]

ssufD1 **by** *metis*

hence $ov \cdot s1 \leq f \cdot r^{\textcircled{a}} l$

unfolding $\langle ov \cdot s1 = s \rangle$ **by** *blast*

from *per-glue-facs*[*OF* $\langle p1 \cdot ov \leq f \cdot r^{\textcircled{a}} k \rangle \langle ov \cdot s1 \leq f \cdot r^{\textcircled{a}} l \rangle \langle |r| \leq |ov| \rangle$, *unfolded* $\langle p1 \cdot ov \cdot s1 = x \rangle$]

obtain m **where** $x \leq f \cdot r^{\textcircled{a}} m$.

show $x \cdot r = r \cdot x$

using *root-suf-comm*[*OF*

pref-prod-root[*OF marker-fac-pref*[*OF* $\langle x \leq f \cdot r^{\textcircled{a}} m \rangle \langle r \leq p \cdot x \rangle$]]

suffix-appendI[*OF* $\langle r \leq s \cdot x \rangle$]]..

qed *simp*

0.1.2 Main cases

locale *pref-suf-pers* =

fixes $x\ u\ v\ k\ m$

assumes

$x\text{-pref}$: $x \leq_p (v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k}}) \cdot x \text{---} \leq_p x (p \cdot x)$ and $\leq_p p (q \cdot p)$ where $q = v \cdot u$
and

$x\text{-suf}$: $x \leq_s x \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot u \text{---} \leq_s x (s \cdot x)$ and $\leq_s s (q' \cdot s)$ where $q' = u \cdot v$
and $k\text{-pos}$: $0 < k$ and $m\text{-pos}$: $0 < m$

begin

lemma *pref-suf-commute-all-commutes*:

assumes $|u \cdot v| \leq |x|$ and $u \cdot v = v \cdot u$

shows *commutes* $\{u, v, x\}$

using *assms*

proof (cases $u \cdot v = \varepsilon$)

let $?p = (v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k}})$

let $?s = (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot u$

note $x\text{-pref}\ x\text{-suf}$

assume $u \cdot v \neq \varepsilon$

have $?p \neq \varepsilon$ and $?s \neq \varepsilon$ and $v \cdot u \neq \varepsilon$

using $\langle u \cdot v \neq \varepsilon \rangle\ m\text{-pos}\ k\text{-pos}$ by *auto*

obtain r where $u \in r^*$ and $v \in r^*$ and *primitive* r

using $\langle u \cdot v = v \cdot u \rangle\ \text{comm-primrootE}$ by *metis*

hence $r \neq \varepsilon$

by *force*

have $?p \in r^*$ and $?s \in r^*$ and $v \cdot u \in r^*$ and $u \cdot v \in r^*$

using $\langle u \in r^* \rangle\ \langle v \in r^* \rangle$

by (*simp-all add: add-roots root-pow-root*)

have $x \leq_p r \cdot x$

using $\langle ?p \in r^* \rangle\ \langle x \leq_p ?p \cdot x \rangle\ \langle ?p \neq \varepsilon \rangle$ by *blast*

have $v \cdot u \leq_s x$

using *ruler-le*[*reversed*, *OF* - - $\langle |u \cdot v| \leq |x| \rangle$][*unfolded swap-len*[*of* u]],

of $(x \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot (m-1) \cdot u) \cdot v \cdot u$, *OF* *triv-suf*, *unfolded rassoc*, *OF* $\langle x \leq_s$
 $x \cdot ?s \rangle$][*unfolded pow-pos*][*OF* $m\text{-pos}$][*rassoc*]].

have $r \leq_s v \cdot u$

using $\langle v \cdot u \neq \varepsilon \rangle\ \langle v \cdot u \in r^* \rangle\ \text{per-root-suf}$ by *blast*

have $r \leq_s r \cdot x$

using *suf-trans*[*OF* $\langle r \leq_s v \cdot u \rangle\ \langle v \cdot u \leq_s x \rangle$, *THEN* *suffix-appendI*] by *blast*

have $x \cdot r = r \cdot x$

using *root-suf-comm*[*OF* $\langle x \leq_p r \cdot x \rangle\ \langle r \leq_s r \cdot x \rangle$, *symmetric*].

hence $x \in r^*$

by (*simp add: <primitive r> prim-comm-root*)

thus *commutes* $\{u, v, x\}$

using $\langle u \in r^* \rangle\ \langle v \in r^* \rangle\ \text{commutesI-root}$ [*of* $\{u, v, x\}$] by *blast*

qed *simp*

lemma *no-overlap*:

assumes

len: $|v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k}}| + |(u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot u| \leq |x|$ (**is** $|?p| + |?s| \leq |x|$) **and**
 $0 < k \ 0 < m$

shows *commutes* $\{u, v, x\}$

using *assms*

proof (*cases* $u \cdot v = \varepsilon$)

note *x-pref x-suf*

assume $u \cdot v \neq \varepsilon$

have $?p \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $?s \neq \varepsilon$

using $\langle u \cdot v \neq \varepsilon \rangle$ *m-pos k-pos* **by** *force+*

from *per-lemma-pref-suf*[*OF per-rootI*[*OF* $\langle x \leq p \ ?p \cdot x \ \langle ?p \neq \varepsilon \rangle$] *per-rootI*[*reversed*,
 $OF \ \langle x \leq s \ x \cdot ?s \ \langle ?s \neq \varepsilon \rangle \ \langle |?p| + |?s| \leq |x| \rangle$]

obtain $r \ s \ kp \ ks \ mw$ **where** $?p = (r \cdot s)^{\textcircled{k}} kp$ **and** $?s = (s \cdot r)^{\textcircled{m}} ks$ **and** $x = (r \cdot s)^{\textcircled{m}} mw \cdot r$ **and** *primitive* $(r \cdot s)$.

hence $\varrho \ ?p = r \cdot s$

using $\langle v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k}} \neq \varepsilon \rangle$ *comm-primroots nemp-pow-nemp pow-comm prim-self-root* **by** *metis*

moreover **have** $\varrho \ ?s = s \cdot r$

using *primroot-unique*[*OF* $\langle ?s \neq \varepsilon \rangle - \langle ?s = (s \cdot r)^{\textcircled{m}} ks \rangle$] *prim-conjug*[*OF* $\langle \text{primitive } (r \cdot s) \rangle$] **by** *blast*

ultimately **have** $\varrho \ ?p \sim \varrho \ ?s$

by *force*

from *conj-pers-conj-comm*[*OF this k-pos m-pos*]

have $u \cdot v = v \cdot u$.

from *pref-suf-commute-all-commutes*[*OF - this*]

show *commutes* $\{u, v, x\}$

using *len* **by** *auto*

qed *simp*

lemma *no-overlap'*:

assumes

len: $|v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k}}| + |(u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot u| \leq |x|$ (**is** $|?p| + |?s| \leq |x|$)
and $0 < k \ 0 < m$

shows $u \cdot v = v \cdot u$

by (*rule commutesE*[*of* $\{u, v, x\}$], *simp-all add: no-overlap*[*OF assms*])

lemma *short-overlap*:

assumes

len1: $|x| < |v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k}}| + |(u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot u|$ (**is** $|x| < |?p| + |?s|$) **and**

len2: $|v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k}}| + |(u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot u| \leq |x| + |u|$ (**is** $|?p| + |?s| \leq |x| + |u|$)

shows *commutes* $\{u, v, x\}$

proof (*rule pref-suf-commute-all-commutes*)

show $|u \cdot v| \leq |x|$

using *len2* **unfolding** *pow-pos*[*OF k-pos*] *lenmorph* **by** *simp*

next

note *x-pref x-suf*

— obtain the overlap

have $|?p| \leq |x|$
using *len2 unfolding lenmorph by linarith*
hence $?p \leq_p x$
using $\langle x \leq_p ?p \cdot x \rangle$ *pref-prod-long by blast*

have $|?s| \leq |x|$
using *len2 unfolding pow-pos[OF k-pos] pow-len lenmorph by auto*
hence $?s \leq_s x$
using *suf-prod-long[OF $\langle x \leq_s x \cdot ?s \rangle$] by blast*

from *pref-suf-overlapE[OF $\langle ?p \leq_p x \rangle \langle ?s \leq_s x \rangle$ less-imp-le[OF len1]]*
obtain $p1 \text{ } ov \text{ } s1$ **where** $p1 \cdot ov \cdot s1 = x$ **and** $p1 \cdot ov = ?p$ **and** $ov \cdot s1 = ?s$.

from *len1[folded this]*
have $ov \neq \varepsilon$
by *fastforce*

have $|ov| \leq |u|$
using *len2[folded $\langle p1 \cdot ov \cdot s1 = x \rangle \langle p1 \cdot ov = ?p \rangle \langle ov \cdot s1 = ?s \rangle$] unfolding lenmorph by auto*

then obtain s' **where** $ov \cdot s' = u$ **and** $s' \cdot v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{m-1}} \cdot u = s1$
using *eqdE[OF $\langle ov \cdot s1 = ?s \rangle$] unfolded pow-pos[OF m-pos] rassoc] by auto*

— obtain the left complement

from *eqdE[reversed, of $p1 \text{ } ov \text{ } v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}} \text{ } u \cdot v$, unfolded rassoc, OF $\langle p1 \cdot ov = ?p \rangle$] unfolded pow-pos'[OF k-pos]] $\langle |ov| \leq |u| \rangle$*
have $v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}} \leq_p p1$
unfolding *lenmorph by (auto simp add: prefix-def)*

then obtain q **where** $v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}} \cdot q = p1$
by *(force simp add: prefix-def)*

— main proof using the lemma $\llbracket ?u \cdot ?v \cdot ?v \cdot ?u \cdot ?p = ?q \cdot ?u \cdot ?v \cdot ?u; \leq_s ?p ?u; \leq_s ?q ?w; ?w \in \langle \{ ?u, ?v \} \rangle \rrbracket \implies ?v \cdot ?u = ?u \cdot ?v$

show $u \cdot v = v \cdot u$
proof *(rule sym, rule uvu-suf-uvvu)*
show $s' \leq_s u$
using $\langle ov \cdot s' = u \rangle \langle ov \neq \varepsilon \rangle$ **by** *blast*
show $u \cdot v \cdot v \cdot u \cdot s' = q \cdot u \cdot v \cdot u$ — the main fact: the overlap situation
proof—
have $u \cdot v \cdot u \leq_p ?s$
unfolding *pow-pos[OF m-pos] rassoc pref-cancel-conv shift-pow by blast*
hence $p1 \cdot u \cdot v \cdot u \leq_p x$
unfolding $\langle p1 \cdot ov \cdot s1 = x \rangle$ *[symmetric] $\langle ov \cdot s1 = ?s \rangle$ pref-cancel-conv.*
hence $v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}} \cdot q \cdot u \cdot v \cdot ov \leq_p x$

using $\langle v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}} \cdot q = p1 \rangle \langle ov \cdot s' = u \rangle$ **by** (*force simp add: prefix-def*)

have $v \cdot u \leq_p x$

using $\langle ?p \leq_p x \rangle$ [*unfolded pow-pos[OF k-pos]*] **by** (*auto simp add: prefix-def*)

have $|?p \cdot v \cdot u| \leq |x|$

using *len2 unfolding pow-pos[OF m-pos] lenmorph* **by** *force*

hence $?p \cdot v \cdot u \leq_p x$

using $\langle x \leq_p ?p \cdot x \rangle \langle v \cdot u \leq_p x \rangle$ *pref-prod-longer* **by** *blast*

hence $v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}} \cdot u \cdot v \cdot v \cdot u \leq_p x$

unfolding *pow-pos'[OF k-pos]* *rassoc*.

have $|v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}} \cdot u \cdot v \cdot v \cdot u| = |v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}} \cdot q \cdot u \cdot v \cdot ov|$

using *lenarg[OF $\langle p1 \cdot ov = ?p \rangle$ [folded $\langle v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}} \cdot q = p1 \rangle$, unfolded pow-pos[OF k-pos] rassoc cancel]]*

by *force*

from *ruler-eq-len[OF $\langle v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}} \cdot u \cdot v \cdot v \cdot u \leq_p x \rangle \langle v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}} \cdot q \cdot u \cdot v \cdot ov \leq_p x \rangle$ this, unfolded cancel]*

have $u \cdot v \cdot v \cdot u = q \cdot u \cdot v \cdot ov$.

thus $u \cdot v \cdot v \cdot u \cdot s' = q \cdot u \cdot v \cdot u$

using $\langle ov \cdot s' = u \rangle$ **by** *auto*

qed

show $q \leq_s v \cdot u$

proof (*rule ruler-le[reversed]*)

show $q \leq_s x$

proof (*rule suf-trans*)

show $p1 \leq_s x$

using $\langle p1 \cdot ov \cdot s1 = x \rangle$ [*unfolded $\langle ov \cdot s1 = ?s \rangle \langle x \leq_s x \cdot ?s \rangle$ same-suffix-suffix*]

by *blast*

show $q \leq_s p1$

using $\langle v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}} \cdot q = p1 \rangle$ **by** *auto*

qed

show $v \cdot u \leq_s x$

using $\langle ?s \leq_s x \rangle$ [*unfolded pow-pos'[OF m-pos] rassoc*] *suf-extD* **by** *metis*

show $|q| \leq |v \cdot u|$

using *lenarg[OF $\langle u \cdot v \cdot v \cdot u \cdot s' = q \cdot u \cdot v \cdot u \rangle$ lenarg[OF $\langle ov \cdot s' = u \rangle$]*

by *force*

qed

qed *auto*

qed

lemma *medium-overlap:*

assumes

len1: $|x| + |u| < |v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k}}| + |(u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot u|$ (is $|x| + |u| < |?p| + |?s|$)

and

len2: $|v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k}}| + |(u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot u| < |x| + |u \cdot v|$ (is $|?p| + |?s| < |x| + |u \cdot v|$)

shows $\text{commutes } \{u, v, x\}$
proof (*rule pref-suf-commute-all-commutes*)
show $|u \cdot v| \leq |x|$
using *len2 unfolding pow-pos[OF k-pos]* **by force**
next
note $x\text{-pref } x\text{-suf}$
have $|?p| \leq |x|$
using *len2 unfolding pow-pos[OF m-pos]* **by auto**
hence $?p \leq_p x$
using $\langle x \leq_p ?p \cdot x \rangle$ *pref-prod-long* **by blast**
hence $v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}} \cdot u \cdot v \cdot v \leq_p ?p \cdot x$
using $\langle x \leq_p ?p \cdot x \rangle$ *unfolding pow-pos'[OF k-pos]* *rassoc* **by** (*auto simp add: prefix-def*)

have $|?s| \leq |x|$
using *len2 unfolding pow-pos[OF k-pos] pow-len lenmorph* **by auto**
hence $?s \leq_s x$
using *suf-prod-long[OF \langle x \leq_s x \cdot ?s \rangle]* **by blast**
then obtain p' **where** $p' \cdot u \cdot v \leq_p x$ **and** $p' \cdot ?s = x$
unfolding *pow-pos[OF m-pos]* **by** (*auto simp add: suffix-def*)

have $|p' \cdot u \cdot v| \leq |?p \cdot v|$
using *len1[folded \langle p' \cdot ?s = x \rangle]* **by force**

have $|v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}}| < |p'|$
using *len2[folded \langle p' \cdot ?s = x \rangle]* *unfolding pow-pos'[OF k-pos]* **by force**

from *less-imp-le[OF this]*
obtain p **where** $v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}} \cdot p = p'$
using *ruler-le[OF \langle ?p \leq_p x \rangle \langle p' \cdot u \cdot v \leq_p x \rangle,*
unfolded pow-pos'[OF k-pos] lassoc, THEN pref-cancel-right, THEN pref-cancel-right]
unfolding *lenmorph* **by** (*auto simp add: prefix-def*)

have $|p| \leq |v|$
using $\langle v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}} \cdot p = p' \rangle \langle |p' \cdot u \cdot v| \leq |?p \cdot v| \rangle$ *unfolding pow-pos'[OF k-pos]* **by force**

show $u \cdot v = v \cdot u$
proof (*rule uv-fac-uvv*)
show $p \cdot u \cdot v \leq_p u \cdot v \cdot v$
proof (*rule pref-cancel[of v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}}], rule ruler-le*)
show $(v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}}) \cdot p \cdot u \cdot v \leq_p ?p \cdot x$
unfolding *lassoc \langle v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}} \cdot p = p' \rangle* [*unfolded lassoc*]
using $\langle p' \cdot u \cdot v \leq_p x \rangle \langle x \leq_p ?p \cdot x \rangle$ *unfolding pow-pos'[OF k-pos]* **by force**
show $(v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}}) \cdot u \cdot v \cdot v \leq_p (v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k}}) \cdot x$
unfolding *pow-pos'[OF k-pos] rassoc*
using $\langle v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k}} \leq_p x \rangle$ **by** (*auto simp add: prefix-def*)
show $|v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}} \cdot p \cdot u \cdot v| \leq |(v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}}) \cdot u \cdot v \cdot v|$
using $\langle v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{k-1}} \cdot p = p' \rangle \langle |p' \cdot u \cdot v| \leq |?p \cdot v| \rangle$ *unfolding*

pow-pos'[*OF k-pos*] **by force**
qed

have $p \leq_s x$
using $\langle p' \cdot ?s = x \rangle$ [*folded* $\langle v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\otimes(k-1)} \cdot p = p' \rangle$] $\langle x \leq_s x \cdot ?s \rangle$ *suf-cancel*
suf-extD **by metis**

from *ruler-le*[*reversed, OF this* $\langle ?s \leq_s x \rangle$, *unfolded* *pow-pos'*[*OF m-pos*] *rassoc*]
show $p \leq_s (u \cdot v)^{\otimes(m-1)} \cdot u \cdot v \cdot u$
using $\langle |p| \leq |v| \rangle$ **unfolding** *lenmorph* **by auto**

show $(u \cdot v)^{\otimes(m-1)} \cdot u \cdot v \cdot u \in \langle \{u, v\} \rangle$
by (*simp add: gen-in hull-closed power-in*)

show $p \neq \varepsilon$
using $\langle |v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\otimes(k-1)}| < |p'| \rangle$ $\langle v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\otimes(k-1)} \cdot p = p' \rangle$ **by force**
qed
qed

thm
no-overlap
short-overlap
medium-overlap

end

thm
pref-suf-pers.no-overlap
pref-suf-pers.short-overlap
pref-suf-pers.medium-overlap
pref-suf-pers.large-overlap

0.2 Square interpretation

In this section fundamental description is given of (the only) possible $\{x, y\}$ -interpretation of the square $x \cdot x$, where $|y| \leq |x|$. The proof is divided into several locales.

lemma *cover-not-disjoint*:

shows *primitive* $(\mathbf{a \cdot b \cdot a \cdot b \cdot a \cdot b \cdot a})$ (**is primitive** $?x$) **and**

primitive $(\mathbf{a \cdot b})$ (**is primitive** $?y$) **and**

$(\mathbf{a \cdot b \cdot a \cdot b \cdot a \cdot b \cdot a}) \cdot (\mathbf{a \cdot b}) \neq (\mathbf{a \cdot b}) \cdot (\mathbf{a \cdot b \cdot a \cdot b \cdot a \cdot b \cdot a})$

(is $?x \cdot ?y \neq ?y \cdot ?x$) **and**

$\varepsilon (\mathbf{a \cdot b \cdot a \cdot b \cdot a \cdot b \cdot a}) \cdot (\mathbf{a \cdot b \cdot a \cdot b \cdot a \cdot b \cdot a}) (\mathbf{b \cdot a \cdot b \cdot a}) \sim_{\mathcal{I}} [(\mathbf{a \cdot b \cdot a \cdot b \cdot a \cdot b \cdot a}), (\mathbf{a \cdot b}), (\mathbf{a \cdot b}), (\mathbf{a \cdot b \cdot a \cdot b \cdot a \cdot b \cdot a})]$

(is $\varepsilon ?x \cdot ?x ?s \sim_{\mathcal{I}} [?x, ?y, ?y, ?x]$)

unfolding *factor-interpretation-def*

by *primitivity-inspection+ force*

0.2.1 Locale: interpretation

locale *square-interp* =

— The basic set of assumptions
 — The goal is to arrive at $ws = [x] \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}} k \cdot [x]$ including the description of the interpretation in terms of the first and the second occurrence of x in the interpreted square.

fixes $x y p s ws$

assumes

non-comm: $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$ **and**

prim-x: *primitive* x **and**

y-le-x: $|y| \leq |x|$ **and**

ws-lists: $ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\}$ **and**

nconjug: $\neg x \sim y$ **and**

disj-interp: $p [x, x] s \sim_{\mathcal{D}} ws$

begin

lemma *interp*: $p (x \cdot x) s \sim_{\mathcal{I}} ws$

using *disj-interpD*[*OF disj-interp*] **by** *force*

lemma *disjoint*: $p1 \leq p [x, x] \implies p2 \leq p ws \implies p \cdot \text{concat } p1 \neq \text{concat } p2$

using *disj-interpD1*[*OF disj-interp*].

interpretation *binary-code* $x y$

using *non-comm* **by** *unfold-locales*

lemmas *interpret-concat* = *fac-interpD*(3)[*OF interp*]

lemma *p-nemp*: $p \neq \varepsilon$

using *disjoint*[*of* $\varepsilon \varepsilon$] **by** *auto*

lemma *s-nemp*: $s \neq \varepsilon$

using *disjoint*[*of* $[x, x] ws$] *interpret-concat* **by** *force*

lemma *x-root*: $\rho x = x$

using *prim-x* **by** *blast*

lemma *ws-nemp*: $ws \neq \varepsilon$

using *bin-fst-nemp* *fac-interp-nemp* *interp* **by** *blast*

lemma *hd-ws-lists*: $\text{hd } ws \in \{x, y\}$

using *lists-hd-in-set* *ws-lists* *ws-nemp* **by** *auto*

lemma *last-ws-lists*: $\text{last } ws \in \{x, y\}$

using *lists-hd-in-set*[*reversed*, *OF ws-nemp ws-lists*].

lemma *kE*: **obtains** k **where** $[\text{hd } ws] \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}} k \cdot [\text{last } ws] = ws$

proof—

from *list.collapse*[*OF ws-nemp*] *hd-word*
obtain *ws'* **where** $ws = [hd\ ws] \cdot ws'$
by *metis*
hence $|hd\ ws| \leq |x|$
using *two-elem-cases*[*OF lists-hd-in-set*[*OF ws-nemp ws-lists*]] *y-le-x* **by** *blast*
hence $|x| \leq |concat\ ws'|$
using *lenarg*[*OF interpret-concat, unfolded lenmorph*]
unfolding *concat.simps emp-simps arg-cong*[*OF* $\langle ws = [hd\ ws] \cdot ws' \rangle$, *of* $\lambda x.$
 $|concat\ x|$, *unfolded concat-morph lenmorph*]
by *linarith*
hence $ws' \neq \varepsilon$
using *nemp-len*[*OF bin-fst-nemp*] **by** *fastforce*
then obtain *mid-ws* **where** $ws' = mid-ws \cdot [last\ ws]$
using $\langle ws = [hd\ ws] \cdot ws' \rangle$ *append-butlast-last-id last-appendR* **by** *metis*
note $\langle ws = [hd\ ws] \cdot ws' \rangle$ [*unfolded this*]
fac-interpD[*OF interp*]
obtain *p'* **where** [*symmetric*]: $p \cdot p' = hd\ ws$ **and** $p' \neq \varepsilon$
using *spref-exE*[*OF* $\langle p <_p\ hd\ ws \rangle$].
obtain *s'* **where** [*symmetric*]: $s' \cdot s = last\ ws$ **and** $s' \neq \varepsilon$
using *spref-exE*[*reversed, OF* $\langle s <_s\ last\ ws \rangle$].
have $p' \cdot concat\ mid-ws \cdot s' = x \cdot x$
using $\langle ws = [hd\ ws] \cdot mid-ws \cdot [last\ ws] \rangle$ [*unfolded* $\langle hd\ ws = p \cdot p' \rangle$ $\langle last\ ws =$
 $s' \cdot s \rangle$]
 $\langle p \cdot (x \cdot x) \cdot s = concat\ ws \rangle$ **by** *simp*
note *over = prim-overlap-sqE*[*OF prim-x, folded this*]
have $mid-ws \in lists\ \{x, y\}$
using $\langle ws = [hd\ ws] \cdot ws' \rangle$ $\langle ws' = mid-ws \cdot [last\ ws] \rangle$ *append-in-lists-conv ws-lists*
by *metis*
have $x \notin set\ mid-ws$
proof
assume $x \in set\ mid-ws$
then obtain *r q* **where** $concat\ mid-ws = r \cdot x \cdot q$
using *concat.simps(2) concat-morph in-set-conv-decomp-first* **by** *metis*
have $(p' \cdot r) \cdot x \cdot (q \cdot s') = x \cdot x$
using $\langle p' \cdot concat\ mid-ws \cdot s' = x \cdot x \rangle$ [*unfolded* $\langle concat\ mid-ws = r \cdot x \cdot q \rangle$]
unfolding *rassoc*.
from *prim-overlap-sqE*[*OF prim-x this*]
show *False*
using $\langle p' \neq \varepsilon \rangle$ $\langle s' \neq \varepsilon \rangle$ **by** *blast*
qed
hence $mid-ws \in lists\ \{y\}$
using $\langle mid-ws \in lists\ \{x, y\} \rangle$ **by** *force*
from *that sing-lists-exp*[*OF this*]
show *thesis*
using $\langle ws = [hd\ ws] \cdot mid-ws \cdot [last\ ws] \rangle$ **by** *metis*
qed

lemma *l-mE*: **obtains** $m\ u\ v\ l$ **where** $(hd\ ws) \cdot y^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot m \cdot u = p \cdot x$ **and** $v \cdot y^{\textcircled{l}} \cdot (last\ ws) = x \cdot s$ **and**

$u \cdot v = y \ u \neq \varepsilon \ v \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $x \cdot (v \cdot u) \neq (v \cdot u) \cdot x$
proof–
note *fac-interpD*[*OF interp*]
obtain k **where** $[hd \ ws] \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}}k \cdot [last \ ws] = ws$
using kE .
from *arg-cong*[*OF this, of concat, folded interpret-concat, unfolded concat-morph*
rassoc concat-sing' concat-sing-pow]
have $hd \ ws \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}}k \cdot last \ ws = p \cdot x \cdot x \cdot s$.
have $|hd \ ws| \leq |p \cdot x|$
unfolding *lenmorph* **by** (*rule two-elem-cases*[*OF hd-ws-lists*])
(use dual-order.trans[*OF le-add2 y-le-x*] *le-add2*[*of |x|*] **in fast**)**+**
from *eqd*[*OF - this*]
obtain ya **where** $hd \ ws \cdot ya = p \cdot x$
using $\langle hd \ ws \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}}k \cdot last \ ws = p \cdot x \cdot x \cdot s \rangle$ **by** *auto*
have $|last \ ws| \leq |x|$
unfolding *lenmorph* **using** *dual-order.trans last-ws-lists y-le-x* **by** *auto*
hence $|last \ ws| < |x \cdot s|$
unfolding *lenmorph* **using** *nemp-len*[*OF s-nemp*] **by** *linarith*
from *eqd*[*reversed, OF - less-imp-le*[*OF this*]]
obtain yb **where** $yb \cdot (last \ ws) = x \cdot s$
using $\langle (hd \ ws) \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}}k \cdot (last \ ws) = p \cdot x \cdot x \cdot s \rangle$ *rassoc* **by** *metis*
hence $yb \neq \varepsilon$
using *s-nemp* $\langle |last \ ws| < |x \cdot s| \rangle$ **by** *force*
have $ya \cdot yb = y^{\textcircled{a}}k$
using $\langle (hd \ ws) \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}}k \cdot (last \ ws) = p \cdot x \cdot x \cdot s \rangle$ [*folded* $\langle yb \cdot (last \ ws) = x \cdot s \rangle$,
unfolded lassoc cancel-right, folded $\langle (hd \ ws) \cdot ya = p \cdot x \rangle$, *unfolded rassoc cancel,*
symmetric].
from *pref-mod-pow'*[*OF sprefI*[*OF prefI*[*OF this*]], *folded this*]
obtain $m \ u$ **where** $m < k$ **and** $u <_p y$ **and** $y^{\textcircled{a}}m \cdot u = ya$
using $\langle yb \neq \varepsilon \rangle$ **by** *blast*
have $y^{\textcircled{a}}m \cdot u \cdot (u^{-1} > y) \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}}(k - m - 1) = y^{\textcircled{a}}m \cdot y \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}}(k - m - 1)$
using $\langle u <_p y \rangle$ **by** (*auto simp add: prefix-def*)
also have $\dots = y^{\textcircled{a}}(m + 1 + (k - m - 1))$
using *rassoc add-exps pow-1* **by** *metis*
also have $\dots = y^{\textcircled{a}}k$
using $\langle m < k \rangle$ **by** *auto*
finally obtain $l \ v$ **where** $u \cdot v = y$ **and** $y^{\textcircled{a}}m \cdot u \cdot v \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}}l = y^{\textcircled{a}}k$
using $\langle u <_p y \rangle$ *lq-pref* **by** *blast*
have $concat \ ([hd \ ws] \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}}m) = hd \ ws \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}}m$
by *simp*
have $v \neq \varepsilon$
using $\langle u <_p y \rangle \ \langle u \cdot v = y \rangle$ **by** *force*
have $[hd \ ws] \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}}m \leq_p ws$
using $\langle [hd \ ws] \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}}k \cdot [last \ ws] = ws \rangle$ [*folded pop-pow*[*OF less-imp-le*[*OF* $\langle m < k \rangle$]]] **by** *fastforce*
from *disjoint*[*OF - this, of [x], unfolded* $\langle concat \ ([hd \ ws] \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}}m) = hd \ ws \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}}m \rangle$]
have $u \neq \varepsilon$
using $\langle (hd \ ws) \cdot ya = p \cdot x \rangle$ [*folded* $\langle y^{\textcircled{a}}m \cdot u = ya \rangle$] *s-nemp* **by** *force*

have $x \cdot (v \cdot u) \neq (v \cdot u) \cdot x$
proof
assume $x \cdot v \cdot u = (v \cdot u) \cdot x$
from *comm-primroots'*[*OF bin-fst-nemp suf-nemp*[*OF* $\langle u \neq \varepsilon \rangle$] *this, unfolded*
x-root]
have $x = \rho (v \cdot u)$.
thus *False*
using $\langle u \cdot v = y \rangle$ *nconjg y-le-x*
using *conjgI' nle-le pref-same-len primroot-emp primroot-len-le primroot-pref*
swap-len **by** *metis*
qed
with *that*[*of* $m \ u \ u^{-1} \rangle y \ l$, *OF* $\langle hd \ ws \cdot ya = p \cdot x \rangle$][*folded* $\langle y^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot u = ya \rangle$],
folded $\langle yb \cdot last \ ws = x \cdot s \rangle \langle u \cdot v = y \rangle$,
unfolded *lq-triv lassoc cancel-right*, *OF* $\langle u \neq \varepsilon \rangle \langle v \neq \varepsilon \rangle$ *this*[*unfolded lassoc*]
show *thesis*
using $\langle y^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot u \cdot v \cdot y^{\textcircled{l}} = y^{\textcircled{k}} \rangle$][*folded* $\langle ya \cdot yb = y^{\textcircled{k}} \rangle \langle y^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot u =$
 $ya \rangle$, *unfolded rassoc cancel, folded* $\langle u \cdot v = y \rangle$] **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *last-ws: last ws = x*
proof(*rule ccontr*)
assume $last \ ws \neq x$
hence $last \ ws = y$
using *last-ws-lists* **by** *blast*
obtain $l \ m \ u \ v$ **where** $(hd \ ws) \cdot y^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot u = p \cdot x$ **and** $v \cdot y^{\textcircled{l}} \cdot (last \ ws) = x \cdot s$ **and**
 $u \cdot v = y$ **and** $u \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $v \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $x \cdot v \cdot u \neq (v \cdot u) \cdot x$
using *l-mE* **by** *metis*
note $y \cdot le \cdot x$][*folded* $\langle u \cdot v = y \rangle$,*unfolded* *swap-len*][*of* u]

from $\langle v \cdot y^{\textcircled{l}} \cdot (last \ ws) = x \cdot s \rangle$][*unfolded* $\langle last \ ws = y \rangle$, *folded* $\langle u \cdot v = y \rangle$]
have $x \leq_p (v \cdot u)^{\textcircled{Suc \ l}} \cdot v$
unfolding *pow-Suc'* *rassoc* **using** *append-eq-appendI prefix-def shift-pow* **by**
metis
moreover **have** $(v \cdot u)^{\textcircled{Suc \ l}} \cdot v \leq_p (v \cdot u) \cdot (v \cdot u)^{\textcircled{Suc \ l}} \cdot v$
unfolding *lassoc pow-comm*[*symmetric*] **using** *rassoc* **by** *blast*
ultimately **have** $x \leq_p (v \cdot u) \cdot x$
using *pref-keeps-per-root* **by** *blast*

thus *False*
proof (*cases* $m = 0$)
assume $m \neq 0$
have $v \cdot u \leq_s x$
using $\langle (hd \ ws) \cdot y^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot u = p \cdot x \rangle$][*folded* $\langle u \cdot v = y \rangle$, *unfolded* *pow-pos'*][*OF* $\langle m \neq$
 $0 \rangle$][*unfolded neq0-conv*]] *rassoc*
suf-extD[*THEN* *suf-prod-long*][*OF* $\langle |v \cdot u| \leq |x| \rangle$], *of* $p \ hd \ ws \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{m-1}}$
 $\cdot u$, *unfolded rassoc*] **by** *simp*
have [*symmetric*]: $(v \cdot u) \cdot x = x \cdot (v \cdot u)$
using *root-suf-comm'*][*OF* $\langle x \leq_p (v \cdot u) \cdot x \rangle \langle (v \cdot u) \leq_s x \rangle$].
thus *False*

```

    using  $\langle x \cdot v \cdot u \neq (v \cdot u) \cdot x \rangle$  by blast
next
assume  $m = 0$ 
thus False
proof (cases  $hd\ ws = y$ )
  assume  $hd\ ws = y$ 
  have  $p \cdot (x \cdot x) \cdot s = y^{\textcircled{m}} \text{Suc} (\text{Suc} (\text{Suc} (m+l)))$ 
    unfolding  $rassoc\ \langle v \cdot y^{\textcircled{l}} \cdot (last\ ws) = x \cdot s \rangle$  [unfolded  $\langle last\ ws = y \rangle$ ,
symmetric] power-Suc2
    unfolding  $lassoc\ \langle (hd\ ws) \cdot y^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot u = p \cdot x \rangle$  [unfolded  $\langle hd\ ws = y \rangle$ , symmetric]
     $\langle u \cdot v = y \rangle$  [symmetric]
  by comparison
  have  $\varrho\ x \sim \varrho\ y$ 
  proof (rule fac-two-conjug-primroot')
    show  $x \neq \varepsilon$  and  $y \neq \varepsilon$  using bin-fst-nemp bin-snd-nemp.
    show  $x \cdot x \leq_f y^{\textcircled{m}} \text{Suc} (\text{Suc} (\text{Suc} (m+l)))$ 
      using facI[of  $x \cdot x\ p\ s$ , unfolded  $\langle p \cdot (x \cdot x) \cdot s = y^{\textcircled{m}} \text{Suc} (\text{Suc} (\text{Suc} (m+l))) \rangle$ ].
    show  $x \cdot x \leq_f x^{\textcircled{2}}$ 
      unfolding pow-two by blast
    show  $|x| + |y| \leq |x \cdot x|$ 
      using y-le-x unfolding lenmorph by auto
  qed
  thus False
    unfolding x-root using nconjug y-le-x
    by (metis conjug-len long-pref primroot-pref)
next
assume  $hd\ ws \neq y$ 
hence  $hd\ ws = x$ 
  using hd-ws-lists by auto

  have  $x \leq_s x \cdot u$ 
    using  $\langle (hd\ ws) \cdot y^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot u = p \cdot x \rangle$  [unfolded  $\langle m = 0 \rangle\ \langle hd\ ws = x \rangle$  pow-zero
emp-simps]
    by (simp add: suffix-def)
  have  $v \cdot u \leq_p x$ 
    using  $\langle x \leq_p (v \cdot u) \cdot x \rangle$  y-le-x [folded  $\langle u \cdot v = y \rangle$ , unfolded swap-len[of  $u$ ]]
    pref-prod-long by blast
  hence  $|v \cdot u| < |x|$ 
    using nconjug conjugI[OF -  $\langle u \cdot v = y \rangle$ , of  $x$ ]  $\langle |v \cdot u| \leq |x| \rangle$ 
    le-neq-implies-less pref-same-len by blast
  have  $u \cdot v = v \cdot u$ 
  proof (rule pref-suf-pers-short[reversed])
    from  $\langle x \leq_p (v \cdot u)^{\textcircled{m}} \text{Suc}\ l \cdot v \rangle$ 
    show  $x \leq_p ((v \cdot u) \cdot v) \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{l}}$ 
      by comparison
    show  $(u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{l}} \in \langle \{v, u\} \rangle$ 
      by blast
  qed fact+
  from pref-extD[OF  $\langle v \cdot u \leq_p x \rangle$  [folded  $\langle u \cdot v = v \cdot u \rangle$ ]]

```

```

have  $x \cdot u = u \cdot x$ 
  using  $\langle x \leq_s x \cdot u \rangle$  suf-root-pref-comm by blast
with comm-trans[OF this  $\langle u \cdot v = v \cdot u \rangle$ [symmetric]  $\langle u \neq \varepsilon \rangle$ ]
have  $x \cdot (v \cdot u) = (v \cdot u) \cdot x$ 
  using comm-prod by blast
thus False
  using  $\langle x \cdot v \cdot u \neq (v \cdot u) \cdot x \rangle$  by blast
qed
qed
qed

lemma rev-square-interp:
  square-interp (rev  $x$ ) (rev  $y$ ) (rev  $s$ ) (rev  $p$ ) (rev (map rev  $ws$ ))
proof (unfold-locales)
  show rev (map rev  $ws$ )  $\in$  lists {rev  $x$ , rev  $y$ }
    using ws-lists by force
  show  $|$ rev  $y$  $| \leq |$ rev  $x$  $|$ 
    using y-le-x by simp
  show  $\neg$  (rev  $x$ )  $\sim$  (rev  $y$ )
    by (simp add: conjug-rev-conv nconjug)
  show primitive (rev  $x$ )
    using prim-x
    by (simp-all add: prim-rev-iff)
  show (rev  $s$ ) [rev  $x$ , rev  $x$ ] (rev  $p$ )  $\sim_{\mathcal{D}}$  (rev (map rev  $ws$ ))
proof
  show (rev  $s$ ) (concat [rev  $x$ , rev  $x$ ] (rev  $p$ ))  $\sim_{\mathcal{I}}$  rev (map rev  $ws$ )
    using interp rev-fac-interp by fastforce
  show  $\bigwedge p1\ p2. p1 \leq_p$  [rev  $x$ , rev  $x$ ]  $\implies p2 \leq_p$  rev (map rev  $ws$ )  $\implies$  rev  $s \cdot$ 
concat  $p1 \neq$  concat  $p2$ 
proof
  fix  $p1'\ p2'$  assume  $p1' \leq_p$  [rev  $x$ , rev  $x$ ] and  $p2' \leq_p$  rev (map rev  $ws$ ) and
rev  $s \cdot$  concat  $p1' =$  concat  $p2'$ 
  obtain  $p1\ p2$  where  $p1' \cdot p1 =$  [rev  $x$ , rev  $x$ ] and  $p2' \cdot p2 =$  rev (map rev  $ws$ )
    using  $\langle p1' \leq_p$  [rev  $x$ , rev  $x$ ]  $\rangle$   $\langle p2' \leq_p$  rev (map rev  $ws$ )  $\rangle$  by (auto simp add:
prefix-def)
  hence rev  $s \cdot$  (concat  $p1' \cdot$  concat  $p1$ )  $\cdot$  rev  $p =$  concat  $p2' \cdot$  concat  $p2$ 
    unfolding concat-morph[symmetric] using  $\langle$ (rev  $s$ ) (concat[rev  $x$ ,rev  $x$ ]) (rev
 $p$ )  $\sim_{\mathcal{I}}$  rev (map rev  $ws$ ) $\rangle$ 
    fac-interpD(3) by force
  from this[unfolded lassoc, folded  $\langle$ rev  $s \cdot$  concat  $p1' =$  concat  $p2'$  $\rangle$ , unfolded
rassoc cancel]
  have concat  $p1 \cdot$  rev  $p =$  concat  $p2$ .
  hence  $p \cdot$  (concat (rev (map rev  $p1$ ))) = concat (rev (map rev  $p2$ ))
    using rev-append rev-concat rev-map rev-rev-ident by metis
  have rev (map rev  $p1$ )  $\leq_p$  [ $x$ , $x$ ]
    using arg-cong[OF  $\langle p1' \cdot p1 =$  [rev  $x$ , rev  $x$ ] $\rangle$ , of  $\lambda x.$ rev (map rev  $x$ ) $\rangle$ ,
unfolded map-append rev-append]
    by fastforce
  have rev (map rev  $p2$ )  $\leq_p$   $ws$ 

```


using *arg-cong*[*OF* $\langle p2'.p2 = \text{rev} (\text{map rev ws}) \rangle$, of $\lambda x. \text{rev} (\text{map rev } x)$,
unfolded map-append rev-append rev-map
rev-rev-ident map-rev-involution, folded rev-map] **by** *blast*
from *disjoint*[*OF* $\langle \text{rev} (\text{map rev } p1) \leq p [x,x] \rangle \langle \text{rev} (\text{map rev } p2) \leq p ws \rangle$]
show *False*
using $\langle p \cdot (\text{concat} (\text{rev} (\text{map rev } p1))) = \text{concat} (\text{rev} (\text{map rev } p2)) \rangle$ **by**
blast
qed
qed
show $\text{rev } x \cdot \text{rev } y \neq \text{rev } y \cdot \text{rev } x$
using *non-comm unfolding comm-rev-iff*.
qed

lemma *hd-ws*: $\text{hd } ws = x$
using *square-interp.last-ws*[*reversed, OF rev-square-interp*]
unfolding *hd-map*[*OF ws-nemp*]
by *simp*

lemma *p-pref*: $p < p x$
using *fac-interpD(1) hd-ws interp* **by** *auto*

lemma *s-suf*: $s < s x$
using *fac-interpD(2) last-ws interp* **by** *auto*

end

0.2.2 Locale with additional parameters

locale *square-interp-plus* = *square-interp* +
fixes $l m u v$
assumes *fst-x*: $x \cdot y^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot u = p \cdot x$ **and**
snd-x: $v \cdot y^{\textcircled{l}} \cdot x = x \cdot s$ **and**
uv-y: $u \cdot v = y$ **and**
u-nemp: $u \neq \varepsilon$ **and** *v-nemp*: $v \neq \varepsilon$ **and**
vu-x-non-comm: $x \cdot (v \cdot u) \neq (v \cdot u) \cdot x$
begin

interpretation *binary-code* $x y$
using *non-comm* **by** *unfold-locales*

lemma *rev-square-interp-plus*: $\text{square-interp-plus} (\text{rev } x) (\text{rev } y) (\text{rev } s) (\text{rev } p)$
 $(\text{rev} (\text{map rev } ws)) m l (\text{rev } v) (\text{rev } u)$

proof–

note *fac-interpD*[*OF interp, unfolded hd-ws last-ws*]
note $\langle s < s x \rangle$ [*unfolded strict-suffix-to-prefix*]
note $\langle p < p x \rangle$ [*unfolded spref-rev-suf-iff*]

interpret *i*: $\text{square-interp} (\text{rev } x) (\text{rev } y) (\text{rev } s) (\text{rev } p) (\text{rev} (\text{map rev } ws))$

using *rev-square-interp.*
show *?thesis*
by *standard*
(simp-all del: rev-append add: rev-pow[symmetric] rev-append[symmetric],
simp-all add: fst-x snd-x uv-y v-nemp u-nemp vu-x-non-comm[symmetric],
unfolded rassoc])
qed

Exactly one of the exponents is zero: impossible.

Uses lemma $\llbracket \leq_p ?x (?v \cdot ?x); |?v \cdot ?u| < |?x|; \leq_s ?x (?r \cdot ?u \cdot ?v \cdot ?u); ?r \in \langle \{?u, ?v\} \rangle \rrbracket \implies ?u \cdot ?v = ?v \cdot ?u$ and exploits the symmetric interpretation.

lemma *fst-exp-zero: assumes $m = 0$ and $0 < l$ shows False*

proof *(rule notE[OF vu-x-non-comm])*

note *y-le-x[folded uv-y, unfolded swap-len[of u]]*

have $x \leq_p (v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{}} l) \cdot x$

unfolding *rassoc using snd-x[folded uv-y] by blast*

have $v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{}} l \neq \varepsilon$

using *v-nemp by force*

obtain *exp where $x \leq_p (v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{}} l)^{\textcircled{}} \text{exp}$ $0 < \text{exp}$*

using *per-root-powE[OF per-rootI[OF $\langle x \leq_p (v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{}} l) \cdot x \rangle \langle v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{}} l \neq \varepsilon \rangle$, of thesis] by blast*

have $x \leq_s x \cdot u$

using *fst-x[unfolded $\langle m = 0 \rangle$ pow-zero emp-simps] by (simp add: suffix-def)*

have $((v \cdot u) \cdot v) \cdot ((u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{}}(l-1)) \cdot (v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{}} l)^{\textcircled{}}(\text{exp}-1) = (v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{}} l)^{\textcircled{}} \text{exp}$

(is $((v \cdot u) \cdot v) \cdot ?\text{suf} = (v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{}} l)^{\textcircled{}} \text{exp}$)

using $\langle 0 < l \rangle \langle 0 < \text{exp} \rangle$ **by** *comparison*

have $v \cdot u \leq_p x$

using *pref-prod-longer[OF $\langle x \leq_p (v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{}} l) \cdot x \rangle$ [unfolded rassoc] - $\langle |v \cdot u| \leq |x| \rangle$]*

unfolding *pow-pos[OF $\langle 0 < l \rangle$] rassoc by blast*

hence $|v \cdot u| < |x|$

using *nconjug conjugI[OF - uv-y, of x] $\langle |v \cdot u| \leq |x| \rangle$*

le-neq-implies-less pref-same-len by blast

have $u \cdot v = v \cdot u$

proof *(rule pref-suf-pers-short[reversed])*

show $x \leq_p ((v \cdot u) \cdot v) \cdot ?\text{suf}$

unfolding $\langle ((v \cdot u) \cdot v) \cdot ?\text{suf} = (v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{}} l)^{\textcircled{}} \text{exp} \rangle$ **by** *fact*

show $((u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{}}(l-1)) \cdot (v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{}} l)^{\textcircled{}}(\text{exp}-1) \in \langle \{v, u\} \rangle$

by *(simp add: gen-in hull-closed power-in)*

qed *fact+*

show $x \cdot v \cdot u = (v \cdot u) \cdot x$

using *root-suf-comm[OF - $\langle x \leq_s x \cdot u \rangle$] pref-keeps-per-root comm-trans[OF $\langle u \cdot v = v \cdot u \rangle$ [symmetric] - u-nemp, symmetric] $\langle v \cdot u \leq_p x \rangle$ comm-prod prefI*

by *metis*

qed

lemma *snd-exp-zero*: **assumes** $0 < m$ **and** $l = 0$ **shows** *False*
using *square-interp-plus.fst-exp-zero*[*OF rev-square-interp-plus, reversed,*
rotated, OF assms].

Both exponents positive: impossible

lemma *both-exps-pos*: **assumes** $0 < m$ **and** $0 < l$ **shows** *False*

proof–

note *fac-interpD*[*OF interp, unfolded hd-ws last-ws*]
have $|p| \leq |x|$ **and** $|s| \leq |x|$
using *pref-len*[*OF sprefD1*[*OF <p <p x>*]] *suf-len*[*OF ssufD1*[*OF <s <s x>*]].

have $x \leq_p (v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{m}}) \cdot x$
(is $x \leq_p$ *?pref* $\cdot x$)
using *snd-x*[*folded uv-y*] **by** *force*
moreover **have** $x \leq_s x \cdot ((u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot u)$
(is $x \leq_s$ $x \cdot$ *?suf*)
using *fst-x*[*folded uv-y*] **by** *force*

ultimately interpret *pref-suf-pers* $x u v l m$
using $\langle 0 < l \rangle \langle 0 < m \rangle$ **by** *unfold-locale*

have *?pref* $\leq_p x$
using *snd-x*[*folded uv-y rassoc, symmetric*] *eqd*[*reversed, OF - <|s| ≤ |x|>*] **by**
blast

have *?suf* $\leq_s x$
using *fst-x*[*folded uv-y, symmetric*] *eqd*[*OF - <|p| ≤ |x|>*] **by** *blast*

have *in-particular*: *commutes* $\{u, v, x\} \implies x \cdot (v \cdot u) = (v \cdot u) \cdot x$
unfolding *commutes-def* **by** *(rule comm-prod) blast+*

— Case analysis based on (slightly modified) lemmas for covered x square.

note *no-overlap-comm* = *no-overlap*[*THEN in-particular*] **and**
short-overlap-comm = *short-overlap*[*THEN in-particular*] **and**
medium-overlap-comm = *medium-overlap*[*THEN in-particular*] **and**
large-overlap-conjug = *pref-suf-pers-large-overlap*[*OF <?pref ≤ p x> <?suf ≤ s x>*,
of v · u]

consider

(*no-overlap*) $|?pref| + |?suf| \leq |x|$ |
(*short-overlap*) $|x| < |?pref| + |?suf| \wedge |?pref| + |?suf| \leq |x| + |u|$ |
(*medium-overlap*) $|x| + |u| < |?pref| + |?suf| \wedge |?pref| + |?suf| < |x| + |u| \cdot$
 $v|$ |

(*large-overlap*) $|x| + |v \cdot u| \leq |?pref| + |?suf|$
unfolding *swap-len*[*of v*] **by** *linarith*

thus *False*

proof (*cases*)

case *no-overlap*

```

then show False
  using no-overlap-comm vu-x-non-comm  $\langle 0 < l \rangle \langle 0 < m \rangle$  by blast
next
  case short-overlap
  then show False
    using short-overlap-comm vu-x-non-comm by blast
  next
  case medium-overlap
  then show False
    using medium-overlap-comm vu-x-non-comm by blast
  next
  case large-overlap
  show False
    thm large-overlap-conjug nconjug
  proof (rule notE[OF vu-x-non-comm], rule large-overlap-conjug[OF -- large-overlap])
    have  $(u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{a}} (l-1) \leq_p (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{a}} \text{Suc } (l-1)$ 
      using pref-pow-ext by blast
    thus  $v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{a}} l \leq_p (v \cdot u) \cdot v \cdot (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{a}} l$ 
      unfolding pow-pos[OF  $\langle 0 < l \rangle$ ] pow-Suc assoc pref-cancel-conv.
    show  $(u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{a}} m \cdot u \leq_s ((u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{a}} m \cdot u) \cdot v \cdot u$ 
      by comparison
    qed
  qed
qed

thm suf-cancel-conv

end

```

0.2.3 Back to the main locale

context *square-interp*

begin

definition *u where* $u = x^{-1} \triangleright (p \cdot x)$

definition *v where* $v = (x \cdot s)^{\triangleleft -1} x$

lemma *cover-xyx*: $ws = [x, y, x]$ **and** *vu-x-non-comm*: $x \cdot (v \cdot u) \neq (v \cdot u) \cdot x$ **and**
uv-y: $u \cdot v = y$ **and**

px-xu: $p \cdot x = x \cdot u$ **and** *vx-xs*: $v \cdot x = x \cdot s$ **and** *u-nemp*: $u \neq \varepsilon$ **and** *v-nemp*:
 $v \neq \varepsilon$

proof–

obtain *k where* $ws: [x] \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}} k \cdot [x] = ws$

using *kE*[*unfolded hd-ws last-ws*].

obtain *m u' v' l where* $x \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}} m \cdot u' = p \cdot x$ **and** $v' \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}} l \cdot x = x \cdot s$ **and**
 $u' \cdot v' = y$

and $u' \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $v' \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $x \cdot v' \cdot u' \neq (v' \cdot u') \cdot x$

using *l-mE*[*unfolded hd-ws last-ws*].

then interpret *square-interp-plus* $x\ y\ p\ s\ ws\ l\ m\ u'\ v'$
by (*unfold-locales*)
have $m = 0$ **and** $l = 0$ **and** $y \neq \varepsilon$
using *both-exps-pos snd-exp-zero fst-exp-zero* $\langle u' \cdot v' = y \rangle \langle u' \neq \varepsilon \rangle$ **by** *blast+*
have $u' = u$
unfolding *u-def*
using *conjug-lq*[*OF fst-x*[*unfolded* $\langle m = 0 \rangle$ *pow-zero emp-simps, symmetric*]].
have $v' = v$
unfolding *v-def*
using *conjug-lq*[*reversed, OF snd-x*[*unfolded* $\langle l = 0 \rangle$ *pow-zero emp-simps, symmetric*]].
have $x \cdot y^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot (u' \cdot v') \cdot y^{\textcircled{l}} \cdot x = \text{concat } ws$
unfolding *interpret-concat*[*symmetric*] **using** *fst-x snd-x* **by** *force*
from *this*[*folded ws, unfolded* $\langle u' \cdot v' = y \rangle \langle m = 0 \rangle \langle l = 0 \rangle$ *pow-zero emp-simps*]
have $k = 1$
unfolding *eq-pow-exp*[*OF* $\langle y \neq \varepsilon \rangle$, *of k 1, symmetric*] *pow-1 concat-morph*
concat-pow
by *simp*
from *ws*[*unfolded this pow-1*]
show $ws = [x, y, x]$ **by** *simp*
show $u \cdot v = y$
unfolding $\langle u' = u \rangle$ [*symmetric*] $\langle v' = v \rangle$ [*symmetric*] **by** *fact+*
show $p \cdot x = x \cdot u$
using $\langle x \cdot y^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot m \cdot u' = p \cdot x \rangle$ [*unfolded* $\langle m = 0 \rangle \langle u' = u \rangle$ *pow-zero emp-simps, symmetric*].
show $v \cdot x = x \cdot s$
using $\langle v' \cdot y^{\textcircled{l}} \cdot l \cdot x = x \cdot s \rangle$ [*unfolded* $\langle l = 0 \rangle \langle v' = v \rangle$ *pow-zero emp-simps*].
show $x \cdot (v \cdot u) \neq (v \cdot u) \cdot x$
using $\langle x \cdot v' \cdot u' \neq (v' \cdot u') \cdot x \rangle$ [*unfolded* $\langle u' = u \rangle \langle v' = v \rangle$].
show $u \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $v \neq \varepsilon$
using $\langle u' \neq \varepsilon \rangle \langle v' \neq \varepsilon \rangle$ **unfolding** $\langle u' = u \rangle \langle v' = v \rangle$.
qed

lemma *cover*: $x \cdot y \cdot x = p \cdot x \cdot x \cdot s$
using *interpret-concat cover-xyx* **by** *auto*

lemma *conjug-facs*: $\varrho\ u \sim \varrho\ v$

proof–

note *sufI*[*OF px-xu*]
have $u \neq \varepsilon$
using *p-nemp px-xu* **by** *force*
obtain *expu* **where** $x < s\ u^{\textcircled{m}}\ expu\ 0 < expu$
using *per-root-powE*[*reversed, OF per-rootI*[*reversed, OF* $\langle x \leq s\ x \cdot u \rangle \langle u \neq \varepsilon \rangle$]].
hence $x \leq f\ u^{\textcircled{m}}\ expu$
using *ssufD1* **by** *blast*

note *prefI*[*OF vx-xs*[*symmetric*]]
have $v \neq \varepsilon$

using *s-nemp vx-xs* **by force**
obtain *expv* **where** $x < p \ v^{\textcircled{a}} \text{expv} \ 0 < \text{expv}$
using *per-root-powE*[*OF per-rootI*[*OF* $\langle x \leq p \ v \cdot x \rangle \langle v \neq \varepsilon \rangle$]].
hence $x \leq f \ v^{\textcircled{a}} \text{expv}$ **by blast**

show $\varrho \ u \sim \varrho \ v$
proof(*rule fac-two-conjug-primroot'*[*OF* $\langle x \leq f \ u^{\textcircled{a}} \text{expu} \rangle \langle x \leq f \ v^{\textcircled{a}} \text{expv} \rangle \langle u \neq \varepsilon \rangle \langle v \neq \varepsilon \rangle$])
show $|u| + |v| \leq |x|$
using *y-le-x*[*folded uv-y, unfolded lenmorph*] **by fastforce**
qed
qed

term *square-interp.v*

— We have a detailed information about all words

lemma *bin-sq-interpE*: **obtains** $r \ t \ m \ k \ l$
where $(t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{a}} k = u$ **and** $(r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} l = v$ **and**
 $(r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} m \cdot r = x$ **and** $(t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{a}} k \cdot (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} l = y$
and $(r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} k = p$ **and** $(t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{a}} l = s$ **and** $r \cdot t \neq t \cdot r$ **and**
 $0 < k$ **and** $0 < m$ **and** $0 < l$

proof–

obtain $r \ t \ k \ m$ **where** $(r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} k = p$ **and** $(t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{a}} k = u$ **and** $(r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} m \cdot r = x$
and
 $t \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $0 < k$ **and** *primitive* $(r \cdot t)$
using *conjug-eq-primrootE*[*OF px-xu p-nemp*].
have $t \cdot r = \varrho \ u$
using *prim-conjug*[*OF* $\langle \text{primitive} \ (r \cdot t) \rangle$, *THEN primroot-unique*[*OF u-nemp*],
OF conjugI' $\langle (t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{a}} k = u \rangle$ [*symmetric*]].

have $0 < m$

proof (*rule ccontr*)

assume $\neg 0 < m$

hence $x = r$ **using** $\langle (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} m \cdot r = x \rangle$ **by simp**

show *False*

using $\langle 0 < k \rangle \langle (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} k = p \rangle \langle x = r \rangle$ *comp-pows-pref-zero p-pref* **by blast**

qed

from $\langle (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} m \cdot r = x \rangle$ [*unfolded pow-pos*[*OF* $\langle 0 < m \rangle$]]

have $r \cdot t \leq p \ x$

by auto

have $r \cdot t = \varrho \ v$

proof (*rule ruler-eq-len*[*of* $\varrho \ v \ x \ r \cdot t$, *symmetric*])

have $|\varrho \ v| \leq |x|$

unfolding *conjug-len*[*OF conjug-facs, symmetric*] $\langle t \cdot r = \varrho \ u \rangle$ [*symmetric*]

unfolding $\langle (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} m \cdot r = x \rangle$ [*symmetric*] *pow-pos*[*OF* $\langle 0 < m \rangle$]

```

    lenmorph pow-len by auto
  from ruler-le[OF - - this, of v · x]
  show  $\varrho v \leq p x$ 
    using vx-xs prefI prefix-prefix primroot-pref v-nemp by metis
  show  $r \cdot t \leq p x$  by fact
  show  $|\varrho v| = |r \cdot t|$ 
    unfolding conjug-len[OF conjug-facs, symmetric, folded  $\langle t \cdot r = \varrho v \rangle$ ] lenmorph
  by simp
  qed

  then obtain l where  $(r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} l = v$  and  $0 < l$ 
    using primroot-expE v-nemp by metis

  have  $(t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{a}} l = s$ 
    using vx-xs[folded  $\langle (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} m \cdot r = x \rangle$   $\langle (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} l = v \rangle$ , unfolded lassoc
  pows-comm[of - - m],
    unfolded rassoc cancel, unfolded shift-pow cancel].

  have  $r \cdot t \neq t \cdot r$ 
  proof
    assume  $r \cdot t = t \cdot r$ 
    hence aux:  $r \cdot (t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{a}} e = (t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{a}} e \cdot r$  for e
      by comparison
    have  $x \cdot (v \cdot u) = (v \cdot u) \cdot x$ 
      unfolding  $\langle (t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{a}} k = u \rangle$ [symmetric]  $\langle (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} l = v \rangle$ [symmetric]
      unfolding  $\langle (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} m \cdot r = x \rangle$ [symmetric] add-exps[symmetric]  $\langle r \cdot t = t \cdot$ 
  r> aux rassoc
      unfolding lassoc cancel-right add-exps[symmetric]
      by (simp add: add commute)
    thus False
      using vu-x-non-comm by blast
  qed

  show thesis
    using that[OF  $\langle (t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{a}} k = u \rangle$   $\langle (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} l = v \rangle$   $\langle (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} m \cdot r = x \rangle$ 
      uv-y[folded  $\langle (t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{a}} k = u \rangle$   $\langle (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} l = v \rangle$ ]  $\langle (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} k = p \rangle$   $\langle (t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{a}} l =$ 
  s>  $\langle r \cdot t \neq t \cdot r \rangle$ 
       $\langle 0 < k \rangle \langle 0 < m \rangle \langle 0 < l \rangle$ .
  qed

end

```

0.2.4 Locale: Extendable interpretation

Further specification follows from the assumption that the interpretation is extendable, that is, the covered $x \cdot x$ is a factor of a word composed of $\{x, y\}$. Namely, u and v are then conjugate by x .

locale *square-interp-ext* = *square-interp* +
assumes *p-extend*: $\exists pe. pe \in \{x, y\} \wedge p \leq_s pe$ **and**

s-extend: $\exists se. se \in \langle \{x, y\} \rangle \wedge s \leq_p se$

begin

lemma *s-pref-y*: $s \leq_p y$

proof–

obtain *sy ry eu ev ex*

where $(ry \cdot sy)^{\textcircled{a}} eu = u$ **and** $(sy \cdot ry)^{\textcircled{a}} ev = v$ **and**

$(sy \cdot ry)^{\textcircled{a}} eu = p$ **and** $(ry \cdot sy)^{\textcircled{a}} ev = s$ **and**

$(sy \cdot ry)^{\textcircled{a}} ex \cdot sy = x$ **and** $sy \cdot ry \neq ry \cdot sy$ **and**

$0 < eu$ **and** $0 < ev$ **and** $0 < ex$

using *bin-sq-interpE*.

obtain *se* **where** $se \in \langle \{x, y\} \rangle$ **and** $s \leq_p se$

using *s-extend* **by** *blast*

hence $se \neq \varepsilon$ **using** *s-nemp* **by** *force*

from $\langle (sy \cdot ry)^{\textcircled{a}} ex \cdot sy = x \rangle$

have $sy \cdot ry \leq_p x$

unfolding *pow-pos*[*OF* $\langle 0 < ex \rangle$] *rassoc* **by** *force*

have $x \leq_p se \vee y \leq_p se$

using $\langle se \neq \varepsilon \rangle$ *hull.cases*[*OF* $\langle se \in \langle \{x, y\} \rangle \rangle$, *of* $x \leq_p se \vee y \leq_p se$]

prefix-append *triv-pref* *two-elem-cases* **by** *blast*

moreover **have** $\neg x \leq_p se$

proof

assume $x \leq_p se$

from *ruler-eq-len*[*of* $sy \cdot ry se ry \cdot sy$, *OF* *pref-trans*[*OF* $\langle sy \cdot ry \leq_p x \rangle$ *this*]]

show *False*

using $\langle s \leq_p se \rangle$ [*folded* $\langle (ry \cdot sy)^{\textcircled{a}} ev = s \rangle$ [*unfolded* *pow-pos*[*OF* $\langle 0 < ev \rangle$]]]

$\langle sy \cdot ry \neq ry \cdot sy \rangle$ **by** (*force simp add: prefix-def*)

qed

ultimately **have** *y-pref-se*: $y \leq_p se$ **by** *blast*

from *ruler-le*[*OF* $\langle s \leq_p se \rangle$ *this*]

show $s \leq_p y$

using *lenarg*[*OF* $vx \cdot xs$] **unfolding** *uv-y*[*symmetric*] *lenmorph* **by** *linarith*

qed

lemma *rev-square-interp-ext*: *square-interp-ext* (*rev* *x*) (*rev* *y*) (*rev* *s*) (*rev* *p*) (*rev* (*map* *rev* *ws*))

proof–

interpret *i*: *square-interp* (*rev* *x*) (*rev* *y*) (*rev* *s*) (*rev* *p*) (*rev* (*map* *rev* *ws*))

using *rev-square-interp*.

show *?thesis*

proof

show $\exists pe. pe \in \langle \{rev\ x, rev\ y\} \rangle \wedge rev\ s \leq_s pe$

using *s-pref-y* **unfolding** *pref-rev-suf-iff* **by** *blast*

obtain *pe* **where** $pe \in \langle \{x, y\} \rangle$ **and** $p \leq_s pe$

using *p-extend* **by** *blast*
hence $\text{rev } pe \in \langle \{ \text{rev } x, \text{rev } y \} \rangle$
by (*simp add: rev-hull rev-in-conv*)
thus $\exists se. se \in \langle \{ \text{rev } x, \text{rev } y \} \rangle \wedge \text{rev } p \leq_p se$
using $\langle p \leq_s pe \rangle$ [*unfolded suf-rev-pref-iff prefix-def*] *rev-rev-ident* **by** *blast*
qed
qed

lemma *p-suf-y*: $p \leq_s y$

proof–

interpret *i*: *square-interp-ext* (*rev x*) (*rev y*) (*rev s*) (*rev p*) (*rev (map rev ws)*)
using *rev-square-interp-ext*.

from *i.s-pref-y* [*reversed*]

show $p \leq_s y$.

qed

theorem *bin-sq-interp-extE*: **obtains** $r \ t \ k \ m$ **where** $(r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{m}} \cdot r = x$ **and** $(t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{k}} \cdot (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{k}} \cdot k = y$
 $(r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{k}} \cdot k = p$ **and** $(t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{k}} \cdot k = s$ **and** $r \cdot t \neq t \cdot r$ **and** $u = s$ **and** $v = p$ **and**
 $|p| = |s|$ **and**
 $0 < k$ **and** $0 < m$

proof–

obtain $r \ t \ k \ k' \ m$

where $u: (t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{k}} \cdot k = u$ **and** $v: (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{k}} \cdot k' = v$ **and**

$p: (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{k}} \cdot k = p$ **and** $s: (t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{k}} \cdot k' = s$ **and**

$x: (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{k}} \cdot m \cdot r = x$ **and** *code*: $r \cdot t \neq t \cdot r$ **and**

$0 < k' \ 0 < m \ 0 < k$

using *bin-sq-interpE*.

have $|u \cdot v| = |s \cdot p|$

using *lenarg* [*OF px-xu, unfolded lenmorph*] *lenarg* [*OF vx-xs, unfolded lenmorph*]

by *simp*

hence $u \cdot v = s \cdot p$

unfolding *uv-y* **using** *s-pref-y p-suf-y* **by** (*auto simp add: prefix-def suffix-def*)

note $eq = \langle u \cdot v = s \cdot p \rangle$ [*unfolded* $\langle (t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{k}} \cdot k = u \rangle$ [*symmetric*] $\langle (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{k}} \cdot k' = v \rangle$ [*symmetric*],

unfolded $\langle (t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{k}} \cdot k' = s \rangle$ [*symmetric*] $\langle (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{k}} \cdot k = p \rangle$ [*symmetric*]]

from *pows-comm-comm* [*OF this*]

have $k = k'$

using $\langle r \cdot t \neq t \cdot r \rangle$ *eqd-eq(1)* [*OF - swap-len, of t r*] **by** *fastforce*

have $|p| = |s|$

using *lenarg* [*OF p*] *lenarg* [*OF s*] **unfolding** $\langle k = k' \rangle$ *pow-len lenmorph add. commute* [*of |r|*] **by** *fastforce*

thus *thesis*

using *that* [*OF x uv-y*] [*folded* $u \ v \ \langle k = k' \rangle$] $p \ s$ [*folded* $\langle k = k' \rangle$] *code* - - - $\langle 0 < k \ \langle 0 < m \rangle$] $u \ v \ p \ s$ **unfolding** $\langle k = k' \rangle$ **by** *argo*

qed

lemma *ps-len*: $|p| = |s|$ **and** *p-eq-v*: $p = v$ **and** *s-eq-u*: $s = u$

using *bin-sq-interp-extE* by *blast+*

lemma *v-x-x-u*: $v \cdot x = x \cdot u$
using *vx-xs* **unfolding** *s-eq-u*.

lemma *sp-y*: $s \cdot p = y$
using *p-eq-v* *s-eq-u* *uv-y* by *auto*

lemma *p-x-x-s*: $p \cdot x = x \cdot s$
by (*simp add: px-xu s-eq-u*)

lemma *xy-root*: $x \cdot x \cdot y = (x \cdot p) \cdot (x \cdot p)$
using *p-x-x-s* *sp-y* by *force*

theorem *sq-ext-interp*: $ws = [x, y, x] \ s \cdot p = y \ p \cdot x = x \cdot s$
using *cover-xyx* *sp-y* *p-x-x-s*.

end

theorem *bin-sq-interpE*:
assumes $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$ **and** *primitive* x **and** $|y| \leq |x|$ **and** $ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\}$ **and**
 $\neg x \sim y$ **and**
 $p [x, x] \ s \sim_{\mathcal{D}} \ ws$
obtains $r \ t \ m \ k \ l$ **where** $(r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} \ m \cdot r = x$ **and** $(t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{a}} \ k \cdot (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} \ l = y$
 $(r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} \ k = p$ **and** $(t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{a}} \ l = s$ **and** $r \cdot t \neq t \cdot r$ **and** $0 < k \ 0 < m \ 0 < l$
using *square-interp.bin-sq-interpE[OF square-interp.intro, OF assms, of thesis]*.

theorem *bin-sq-interp*:
assumes $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$ **and** *primitive* x **and** $|y| \leq |x|$ **and** $ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\}$ **and**
 $\neg x \sim y$ **and**
 $p [x, x] \ s \sim_{\mathcal{D}} \ ws$
shows $ws = [x, y, x]$
using *square-interp.cover-xyx[OF square-interp.intro, OF assms]*.

theorem *bin-sq-interp-extE*:
assumes $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$ **and** *primitive* x **and** $|y| \leq |x|$ **and** $ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\}$ **and**
 $\neg x \sim y$ **and**
 $p [x, x] \ s \sim_{\mathcal{D}} \ ws$ **and**
p-extend: $\exists \ pe. \ pe \in \langle \{x, y\} \rangle \wedge p \leq_s \ pe$ **and**
s-extend: $\exists \ se. \ se \in \langle \{x, y\} \rangle \wedge s \leq_p \ se$
obtains $r \ t \ m \ k$ **where** $(r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} \ m \cdot r = x$ **and** $(t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{a}} \ k \cdot (r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} \ k = y$
 $(r \cdot t)^{\textcircled{a}} \ k = p$ **and** $(t \cdot r)^{\textcircled{a}} \ k = s$ **and** $r \cdot t \neq t \cdot r$ **and** $0 < k$ **and** $0 < m$
using *square-interp-ext.bin-sq-interp-extE[OF square-interp-ext.intro, OF square-interp.intro square-interp-ext-axioms.intro, OF assms, of thesis]*.

end

theory *Binary-Code-Imprimitive*

imports

Combinatorics- Words-Graph-Lemma.Glued-Codes

Binary-Square-Interpretation

begin

This theory focuses on the characterization of imprimitive words which are concatenations of copies of two words (forming a binary code). We follow the article [1] (mainly Théorème 2.1 and Lemme 3.1), while substantially optimizing the proof. See also [3] for an earlier result on this question, and [2] for another proof.

0.3 General primitivity not preserving codes

context *code*

begin

Two nontrivially conjugate elements generated by a code induce a disjoint interpretation.

lemma *shift-disjoint*:

assumes $ws \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C}$ **and** $ws' \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C}$ **and** $z \notin \langle \mathcal{C} \rangle$ **and** $z \cdot \text{concat } ws = \text{concat } ws' \cdot z$

$us \leq_p ws^{\textcircled{n}}$ **and** $vs \leq_p ws'^{\textcircled{n}}$

shows $z \cdot \text{concat } us \neq \text{concat } vs$

using $\langle z \notin \langle \mathcal{C} \rangle \rangle$

proof (*elim contrapos-nn*)

assume $z \cdot \text{concat } us = \text{concat } vs$

have $z \neq \varepsilon$

using $\langle z \notin \langle \mathcal{C} \rangle \rangle$ **by** *blast*

obtain us' **where** $ws^{\textcircled{n}} = us \cdot us'$

using *prefixE[OF $\langle us \leq_p ws^{\textcircled{n}} \rangle$]*.

obtain vs' **where** $ws'^{\textcircled{n}} = vs \cdot vs'$

using *prefixE[OF $\langle vs \leq_p ws'^{\textcircled{n}} \rangle$]*.

from *conjug-pow[OF $\langle z \cdot \text{concat } ws = \text{concat } ws' \cdot z \rangle$]* [*symmetric*], *symmetric*]

have $z \cdot \text{concat } (ws^{\textcircled{n}}) = \text{concat } (ws'^{\textcircled{n}}) \cdot z$

unfolding *concat-pow*.

from *this* [*unfolded $\langle ws^{\textcircled{n}} = us \cdot us' \rangle$ $\langle ws'^{\textcircled{n}} = vs \cdot vs' \rangle$ concat-morph rassoc*

$\langle z \cdot \text{concat } us = \text{concat } vs \rangle$ [*symmetric*] *cancel*]

have $\text{concat } vs' \cdot z = \text{concat } us'..$

show $z \in \langle \mathcal{C} \rangle$

proof (*rule stability*)

have $us \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C}$ **and** $us' \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C}$ **and** $vs \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C}$ **and** $vs' \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C}$

using $\langle ws \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C} \rangle$ $\langle ws' \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C} \rangle$ $\langle ws'^{\textcircled{n}} = vs \cdot vs' \rangle$ $\langle ws^{\textcircled{n}} = us \cdot us' \rangle$

by *inlists*

thus $z \cdot \text{concat } us \in \langle \mathcal{C} \rangle$ **and** $\text{concat } vs' \in \langle \mathcal{C} \rangle$ **and** $\text{concat } us \in \langle \mathcal{C} \rangle$ **and** $\text{concat } vs' \cdot z \in \langle \mathcal{C} \rangle$

unfolding $\langle \text{concat } vs' \cdot z = \text{concat } us' \rangle$ $\langle z \cdot \text{concat } us = \text{concat } vs \rangle$

by (*simp-all add: concat-in-hull'*)

qed
qed

This in particular yields a disjoint extendable interpretation of any prefix

lemma *shift-interp*:

assumes $ws \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C}$ **and** $ws' \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C}$ **and** $z \notin \langle \mathcal{C} \rangle$ **and**
 $\text{conjug: } z \cdot \text{concat } ws = \text{concat } ws' \cdot z$ **and** $|z| \leq |\text{concat } ws'|$
and $us \leq_p ws$ **and** $us \neq \varepsilon$

obtains $p \ s \ vs \ ps$ **where**

$p \ us \ s \sim_{\mathcal{D}} \ vs$ **and** $vs \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C}$
and $s \leq_p \text{concat } (us^{-1} \triangleright (ws \cdot ws))$ **and** $p \leq_s \text{concat } ws$ — extendable
and $ps \cdot vs \leq_p ws' \cdot ws'$ **and** $\text{concat } ps \cdot p = z$

proof—

have $ws' \cdot ws' \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C}$

using $\langle ws' \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C} \rangle$ **by** *inlists*

have $\text{concat } us \neq \varepsilon$

using $\langle us \neq \varepsilon \rangle$ **unfolding** *code-concat-eq-emp-iff*[*OF pref-in-lists*[*OF* $\langle us \leq_p ws \rangle$ $\langle ws \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C} \rangle$]].

have $|\text{concat } ws'| = |\text{concat } ws|$

using *lenarg*[*OF conjug, unfolded lenmorph*] **by** *linarith*

have $z \cdot \text{concat}(ws \cdot ws) = \text{concat}(ws' \cdot ws') \cdot z$

unfolding *rassoc concat-morph conjug*[*symmetric*] **unfolding** *lassoc cancel-right*

using *conjug*.

hence $\text{concat}(ws' \cdot ws') \leq_p z \cdot \text{concat}(ws \cdot ws)$

by *blast*

have $z \cdot \text{concat } ws \leq_p \text{concat}(ws' \cdot ws')$

unfolding *concat-morph conjug pref-cancel-conv* **using** *eq-le-pref*[*OF conjug* $\langle |z| \leq |\text{concat } ws'| \rangle$].

from *prefixE*[*OF pref-shorten*[*OF pref-concat-pref*[*OF* $\langle us \leq_p ws \rangle$] *this*], *unfolded rassoc*]

obtain su **where** *fac-u*[*symmetric*]: $\text{concat}(ws' \cdot ws') = z \cdot \text{concat } us \cdot su$.

from *obtain-fac-interp*[*OF fac-u* $\langle \text{concat } us \neq \varepsilon \rangle$]

obtain $ps \ ss' \ p \ s \ vs$ **where** $p \ (\text{concat } us) \ s \sim_{\mathcal{I}} \ vs$ **and**

$ps \cdot vs \cdot ss' = ws' \cdot ws'$ **and** $\text{concat } ps \cdot p = z$ **and** $s \cdot \text{concat } ss' = su$.

note *fac-interpD*[*OF* $\langle p \ (\text{concat } us) \ s \sim_{\mathcal{I}} \ vs \rangle$]

let $?ss = us^{-1} \triangleright (ws \cdot ws)$

have $us \cdot ?ss = ws \cdot ws$

using $\langle us \leq_p ws \rangle$ **by** *auto*

have $ps \cdot vs \leq_p ws' \cdot ws'$

unfolding $\langle ps \cdot vs \cdot ss' = ws' \cdot ws' \rangle$ [*symmetric*] *lassoc* **using** *triv-pref*.

hence $vs \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C}$

using $\langle ws' \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C} \rangle$

by *inlists*

have $s \leq_p \text{concat } ?ss$

using $\langle \text{concat } (ws' \cdot ws') \leq_p z \cdot \text{concat } (ws \cdot ws) \rangle$
unfolding $\text{arg-cong}[OF \langle ps \cdot vs \cdot ss' = ws' \cdot ws' \rangle, \text{of concat, symmetric}] \langle \text{concat } ps \cdot p = z \rangle [\text{symmetric}]$
 $\text{arg-cong}[OF \langle us \cdot ?ss = ws \cdot ws \rangle, \text{of concat, symmetric}]$
unfolding $\text{concat-morph rassoc pref-cancel-conv}$
 $\langle p \cdot \text{concat } us \cdot s = \text{concat } vs \rangle [\text{symmetric}]$
using append-prefixD **by** auto

have $|p| \leq |\text{concat } ws|$
using $\langle |z| \leq |\text{concat } ws'| \rangle [\text{folded lenarg}[OF \langle \text{concat } ps \cdot p = z \rangle], \text{unfolded } \langle |\text{concat } ws'| = |\text{concat } ws| \rangle]$
by simp

with $\text{eqd}[\text{reversed, } OF \text{ conjug}[\text{folded } \langle \text{concat } ps \cdot p = z \rangle, \text{unfolded lassoc, symmetric}] \text{ this}]$
have $p \leq_s \text{concat } ws$
by blast

have $\text{disjoint: } p \cdot \text{concat } us' \neq \text{concat } vs' \text{ if } us' \leq_p us \text{ vs}' \leq_p vs \text{ for } us' \text{ vs}'$
proof
have $us' \leq_p ws \cdot ws$
using $\langle us \leq_p ws \rangle \langle us' \leq_p us \rangle$ **by** auto
have $ps \cdot vs' \leq_p ws' \cdot ws'$
using $\langle vs' \leq_p vs \rangle \langle ps \cdot vs \leq_p ws' \cdot ws' \rangle$ $\text{pref-trans same-prefix-prefix}$ **by** metis
assume $p \cdot \text{concat } us' = \text{concat } vs'$
hence $z \cdot \text{concat } us' = \text{concat } (ps \cdot vs')$
unfolding $\text{concat-morph } \langle \text{concat } ps \cdot p = z \rangle [\text{symmetric}]$ rassoc cancel.
thus False
using $\text{shift-disjoint}[OF \langle ws \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C} \rangle \langle ws' \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C} \rangle \langle z \notin \langle \mathcal{C} \rangle \rangle$
 $\langle z \cdot \text{concat } ws = \text{concat } ws' \cdot z \rangle \langle us' \leq_p ws \cdot ws \rangle [\text{folded pow-two}] \langle ps \cdot vs' \leq_p ws' \cdot ws' \rangle [\text{folded pow-two}]$ **by** fast

qed
from $\text{disjoint}[of \varepsilon \varepsilon]$
have $p \neq \varepsilon$ **by** blast
have $s \neq \varepsilon$
using $\langle p \cdot \text{concat } us \cdot s = \text{concat } vs \rangle$ disjoint **by** auto

from $\text{disjoint-interpI}[OF \langle p (\text{concat } us) s \sim_{\mathcal{I}} vs \rangle]$ disjoint
have $p \text{ us } s \sim_{\mathcal{D}} vs$
by blast

from $\text{that}[OF \text{ this } \langle vs \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C} \rangle$
 $\langle s \leq_p \text{concat } ?ss \rangle \langle p \leq_s \text{concat } ws \rangle \langle ps \cdot vs \leq_p ws' \cdot ws' \rangle \langle \text{concat } ps \cdot p = z \rangle]$
show thesis.

qed

The conditions are in particular met by imprimitivity witnesses

lemma $\text{imprim-witness-shift:}$

assumes $ws \in \text{lists } \mathcal{C}$ **and** $\text{primitive } ws$ **and** $\neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws)$

obtains $z\ n$ **where** $\text{concat } ws = z^{\textcircled{n}}\ z \notin \langle C \rangle$ **and**
 $z \cdot \text{concat } ws = \text{concat } ws \cdot z$ **and** $|z| < |\text{concat } ws|$ **and** $2 \leq n$
proof–
have $\text{concat } ws \neq \varepsilon$
using $\langle \text{primitive } ws \rangle$ $\text{emp-concat-emp}'[OF \langle ws \in \text{lists } C \rangle]$ emp-not-prim **by**
 blast
obtain $z\ n$ **where** $[\text{symmetric}]: z^{\textcircled{n}} = \text{concat } ws$ **and** $2 \leq n$
using $\text{not-prim-primroot-expE}[OF \langle \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws) \rangle]$ **by** metis

hence $z \neq \varepsilon$
using $\langle \text{concat } ws \neq \varepsilon \rangle$ **by** force

have $z \notin \langle C \rangle$
proof
assume $z \in \langle C \rangle$
then obtain zs **where** $zs \in \text{lists } C$ **and** $\text{concat } zs = z$
using $\text{hull-concat-lists0}$ **by** blast
from $\text{is-code}[OF \langle ws \in \text{lists } C \rangle]$ $\text{pow-in-lists}[OF \langle zs \in \text{lists } C \rangle]$,
 $\text{unfolded concat-pow } \langle \text{concat } ws = z^{\textcircled{n}} \rangle \langle \text{concat } zs = z \rangle$, $\text{of } n]$
show False
using $\langle \text{primitive } ws \rangle$ $\langle 2 \leq n \rangle$ pow-nemp-imprim **by** blast
qed

have $|z| < |\text{concat } ws|$
unfolding $\text{lenarg}[OF \langle \text{concat } ws = z^{\textcircled{n}} \rangle]$, $\text{unfolded lenmorph pow-len}$
using $\text{nemp-len}[OF \langle z \neq \varepsilon \rangle]$ $\langle 2 \leq n \rangle$ **by** simp

from $\text{that}[OF \langle \text{concat } ws = z^{\textcircled{n}} \rangle \langle z \notin \langle C \rangle \rangle - \text{this } \langle 2 \leq n \rangle]$
show thesis
unfolding $\langle \text{concat } ws = z^{\textcircled{n}} \rangle$ pow-comm **by** blast

qed

end

0.4 Covered uniform square

lemma cover-xy-xxx : **assumes** $|x| = |y|$ **and** $p \cdot x \cdot y \cdot s = x \cdot x \cdot x$
shows $x = y$
using append-assoc $\text{assms}(1)$ $\text{assms}(2)$ eq-le-pref le-refl long-pref lq-triv prefI
 $\text{pref-comm-eq}'$ **by** metis

lemma cover-xy-yyy : **assumes** $|x| = |y|$ **and** $\text{eq}: p \cdot x \cdot y \cdot s = y \cdot y \cdot y$
shows $x = y$
using $\text{cover-xy-xxx}[\text{reversed}, \text{unfolded rassoc}, OF \langle |x| = |y| \rangle]$ $[\text{symmetric}]$ eq , sym-metric .

lemma cover-xy-xyy : **assumes** $|x| = |y|$ **and** $s \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $\text{eq}: p \cdot x \cdot y \cdot s = x \cdot x \cdot y$
shows $x = y$

proof-
have $|p| < |x|$
using $lenarg[OF eq] nemp-pos-len[OF \langle s \neq \varepsilon \rangle]$ **unfolding** $lenmorph$ **by** $linarith$
then obtain t **where** $x = p \cdot t$ **and** $t \neq \varepsilon$
using $eqd[OF eq]$ **by** $force$
from $eq[unfolding\ this\ rassoc\ cancel]$
have $p \cdot t = t \cdot p$
by $mismatch$
hence $x \leq_p t \cdot x$
unfolding x **by** $auto$
from $eq[unfolding\ x]$
have $y \leq_p t \cdot y$
using $\langle p \cdot t = t \cdot p \rangle \langle p \cdot t \cdot y \cdot s = t \cdot p \cdot t \cdot y \rangle$ $pref-cancel'$ $suf-marker-per-root$
 $triv-pref$ **by** $metis$
show $x = y$
using $same-len-nemp-root-eq[OF per-rootI[OF \langle x \leq_p t \cdot x \rangle \langle t \neq \varepsilon \rangle]$
 $per-rootI[OF \langle y \leq_p t \cdot y \rangle \langle t \neq \varepsilon \rangle] \langle |x| = |y| \rangle$.
qed

lemma $cover-xy-xyy$: **assumes** $|x| = |y|$ **and** $p \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $eq: p \cdot x \cdot y \cdot s = x \cdot y \cdot y$
shows $x = y$
using $cover-xy-xyy[reversed, unfolded\ rassoc, OF\ assms(1)[symmetric] assms(2)]$
 eq ..
qed

lemma $cover-xy-yyx$: **assumes** $|x| = |y|$ **and** $eq: p \cdot x \cdot y \cdot s = y \cdot y \cdot x$
shows $x = y$
proof-
have $|p| \leq |y|$
using $lenarg[OF eq]$ **unfolding** $lenmorph$ **by** $linarith$
then obtain t **where** $y = p \cdot t$
using $eqd[OF eq]$ **by** $force$
from $eqd-eq[OF - \langle |x| = |y| \rangle [unfolding\ y\ swap-len[of\ p], unfolded\ rassoc] eq[unfolding\ this\ rassoc\ cancel]$
have $x: x = t \cdot p$ **by** $blast$
from $eq[unfolding\ x\ y\ rassoc\ cancel]$
have $p \cdot t = t \cdot p$
by $mismatch$
thus $x = y$
unfolding $x\ y$..
qed

lemma $cover-xy-yxx$: **assumes** $|x| = |y|$ **and** $eq: p \cdot x \cdot y \cdot s = y \cdot x \cdot x$
shows $x = y$
using $cover-xy-yxx[reversed, unfolded\ rassoc, OF\ assms(1)[symmetric] eq]$..
qed

lemma $cover-xy-xyx$: **assumes** $|x| = |y|$ **and** $p \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $s \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $eq: p \cdot x \cdot y \cdot s = x \cdot y \cdot x$
shows $\neg primitive\ (x \cdot y)$

proof

assume *primitive* $(x \cdot y)$
have $p \cdot (x \cdot y) \cdot (s \cdot y) = (x \cdot y) \cdot (x \cdot y)$
unfolding *lassoc eq*[*unfolded lassoc*].
from *prim-overlap-sqE*[*OF* \langle *primitive* $(x \cdot y)$ \rangle *this*]
show *False*
using $\langle p \neq \varepsilon \rangle \langle s \neq \varepsilon \rangle$ **by** *blast*

qed

lemma *cover-xy-yxy*: **assumes** $|x| = |y|$ **and** $p \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $\langle s \neq \varepsilon \rangle$ **and** *eq*: $p \cdot x \cdot y \cdot s = y \cdot x \cdot y$
shows \neg *primitive* $(x \cdot y)$
using *cover-xy-yxy*[*reversed, unfolded rassoc, OF assms(1)[symmetric] assms(3) assms(2) eq*].

theorem *uniform-square-interp*: **assumes** $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$ **and** $|x| = |y|$ **and** $vs \in \text{lists } \{x, y\}$

and $p \cdot (x \cdot y) \cdot s \sim_{\mathcal{I}} vs$ **and** $p \neq \varepsilon$

shows \neg *primitive* $(x \cdot y)$ **and** $vs = [x, y, x] \vee vs = [y, x, y]$

proof–

note *fac-interpD*[*OF* $\langle p \cdot (x \cdot y) \cdot s \sim_{\mathcal{I}} vs \rangle$]

have $vs \neq \varepsilon$

using $\langle p \cdot (x \cdot y) \cdot s = \text{concat } vs \rangle$ *assms(5)* **by** *force*

have $|p| < |x|$

using *prefix-length-less*[*OF* $\langle p < p \text{ hd } vs \rangle$] *lists-hd-in-set*[*OF* $\langle vs \neq \varepsilon \rangle \langle vs \in \text{lists } \{x, y\} \rangle$]

$\langle |x| = |y| \rangle$

by *fastforce*

have $|s| < |x|$

using *suffix-length-less*[*OF* $\langle s < s \text{ last } vs \rangle$] $\langle |x| = |y| \rangle$ *lists-hd-in-set*[*reversed, OF* $\langle vs \neq \varepsilon \rangle \langle vs \in \text{lists } \{x, y\} \rangle$]

by *fastforce*

have $|\text{concat } vs| = |x| * |vs|$

using *assms(2–3)*

proof (*induction vs*)

case (*Cons a vs*)

have $|a| = |x|$ **and** $|a \# vs| = \text{Suc } |vs|$ **and**

$|\text{concat } (a \# vs)| = |a| + |\text{concat } vs|$ **and** $|\text{concat } vs| = |x| * |vs|$

using $\langle a \# vs \in \text{lists } \{x, y\} \rangle \langle |x| = |y| \rangle$ *Cons.IH Cons.prem* **by** *auto*

then show *?case* **by** *force*

qed *simp*

note *leneq* = *lenarg*[*OF* $\langle p \cdot (x \cdot y) \cdot s = \text{concat } vs \rangle$, *unfolded this lenmorph* $\langle |x| = |y| \rangle$ [*symmetric*]]

hence $|x| * |vs| < |x| * 4$ **and** $2 * |x| < |x| * |vs|$

using $\langle |p| < |x| \rangle \langle |s| < |x| \rangle$ *nemp-pos-len*[*OF* $\langle p \neq \varepsilon \rangle$] **by** *linarith+*

hence $|vs| = 3$

by *force*

hence $s \neq \varepsilon$


```

using leneq ⟨|p| < |x|⟩ by force

have x ≠ y
  using assms(1) by blast
with ⟨|vs| = 3⟩ ⟨vs ∈ lists {x,y}⟩ ⟨p · (x · y) · s = concat vs⟩
have (¬ primitive (x·y)) ∧ (vs = [x,y,x] ∨ vs = [y,x,y])
proof(list-inspection, simp-all)
  assume p · x · y · s = x · x · x
  from cover-xy-xxx[OF ⟨|x| = |y|⟩ this]
  show False
    using ⟨x ≠ y⟩ by blast
next
  assume p · x · y · s = x · x · y
  from cover-xy-xyy[OF ⟨|x| = |y|⟩ ⟨s ≠ ε⟩ this]
  show False
    using ⟨x ≠ y⟩ by blast
next
  assume p · x · y · s = x · y · x
  from cover-xy-xyx[OF ⟨|x| = |y|⟩ ⟨p ≠ ε⟩ ⟨s ≠ ε⟩ this]
  show ¬ primitive (x · y)
    by blast
next
  assume p · x · y · s = x · y · y
  from cover-xy-xyy[OF ⟨|x| = |y|⟩ ⟨p ≠ ε⟩ this]
  show False
    using ⟨x ≠ y⟩ by blast
next
  assume p · x · y · s = y · x · x
  from cover-xy-yxx[OF ⟨|x| = |y|⟩ this]
  show False
    using ⟨x ≠ y⟩ by blast
next
  assume p · x · y · s = y · x · y
  from cover-xy-yxy[OF ⟨|x| = |y|⟩ ⟨p ≠ ε⟩ ⟨s ≠ ε⟩ this]
  show ¬ primitive (x · y)
    by blast
next
  assume p · x · y · s = y · y · x
  from cover-xy-yyx[OF ⟨|x| = |y|⟩ this]
  show False
    using ⟨x ≠ y⟩ by blast
next
  assume p · x · y · s = y · y · y
  from cover-xy-yyy[OF ⟨|x| = |y|⟩ this]
  show False
    using ⟨x ≠ y⟩ by blast
qed
thus ¬ primitive (x·y) vs = [x,y,x] ∨ vs = [y,x,y]
  by blast+

```

qed

0.4.1 Primitivity (non)preserving uniform binary codes

theorem *bin-uniform-prim-morph*:

assumes $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$ **and** $|x| = |y|$ **and** *primitive* $(x \cdot y)$
and $ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\}$ **and** $2 \leq |ws|$
shows *primitive* $ws \longleftrightarrow$ *primitive* $(\text{concat } ws)$

proof (*standard*, *rule ccontr*)

assume $\langle \text{primitive } ws \rangle$ **and** $\langle \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws) \rangle$
from *bin-prim-long-pref*[*OF* $\langle ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\} \rangle \langle \text{primitive } ws \rangle \langle 2 \leq |ws| \rangle$]
obtain ws' **where** $ws \sim ws'$ $[x, y] \leq_p ws'$.
have $ws' \in \text{lists } \{x, y\}$
using *conjug-in-lists'*[*OF* $\langle ws \sim ws' \rangle \langle ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\} \rangle$].
have *primitive* ws'
using *prim-conjug*[*OF* $\langle \text{primitive } ws \rangle \langle ws \sim ws' \rangle$].
have $\neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws')$
using *conjug-concat-prim-iff* $\langle \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws) \rangle \langle ws \sim ws' \rangle$ **by** *auto*
interpret *code* $\{x, y\}$
using *bin-code-code*[*OF* $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle$].

have $[x, y] \neq \varepsilon$ **by** *blast*

from *imprim-witness-shift*[*OF* $\langle ws' \in \text{lists } \{x, y\} \rangle \langle \text{primitive } ws' \rangle \langle \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws') \rangle$]

obtain z n **where** $\text{concat } ws' = z^{\textcircled{n}}$ $n \notin \{x, y\}$ $z \cdot \text{concat } ws' = \text{concat } ws' \cdot z$ $|z| < |\text{concat } ws'|$.

from *shift-interp*[*OF* $\langle ws' \in \text{lists } \{x, y\} \rangle \langle ws' \in \text{lists } \{x, y\} \rangle$ *this*(2–3) *less-imp-le*[*OF* *this*(4)] $\langle [x, y] \leq_p ws' \rangle \langle [x, y] \neq \varepsilon \rangle$]

obtain p s vs **where** $p [x, y] s \sim_{\mathcal{D}} vs$ $vs \in \text{lists } \{x, y\}$ $s \leq_p \text{concat } ([x, y]^{-1} \triangleright (ws' \cdot ws'))$
 $p \leq_s \text{concat } ws' \cdot vs \leq_p ws' \cdot ws' \text{concat } ps \cdot p = z$.

from *uniform-square-interp*(1)[*OF* $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle \langle |x| = |y| \rangle \langle vs \in \text{lists } \{x, y\} \rangle$ -
-]

$\langle \text{primitive } (x \cdot y) \rangle$ *disj-interpD*[*OF* *this*(1), *simplified*] *disj-interp-nemp*(1)[*OF* *this*(1)]

show *False* **by** *force*

qed (*simp add: prim-concat-prim*)

— A stronger version is implied by the following lemma.

lemma *bin-uniform-imprim*: **assumes** $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$ **and** $|x| = |y|$ **and** $\neg \text{primitive } (x \cdot y)$

shows *primitive* x

proof—

have $x \cdot y \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $x \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $y \neq \varepsilon$

using $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle$ **by** *blast+*

from *not-prim-expE*[*OF* $\langle \neg \text{primitive } (x \cdot y) \rangle \langle x \cdot y \neq \varepsilon \rangle$]

obtain z k **where** *primitive* z **and** $2 \leq k$ **and** $z^{\textcircled{k}} = x \cdot y$.

hence $0 < k$

by simp
from *split-pow*[*OF* $\langle z^{\textcircled{a}}k = x \cdot y \rangle$ [*symmetric*] $\langle 0 < k \rangle \langle y \neq \varepsilon \rangle$]
obtain $u \ v \ l \ m$ **where** [*symmetric*]: $z = u \cdot v$ **and** $v \neq \varepsilon$ $x = (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{a}} l \cdot u$ $y = (v \cdot u)^{\textcircled{a}} m \cdot v$ $k = l + m + 1$.
have $u \cdot v \neq v \cdot u$
using $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle$ **unfolding** $\langle x = (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{a}} l \cdot u \rangle \langle y = (v \cdot u)^{\textcircled{a}} m \cdot v \rangle$
shifts **unfolding** *add-exps*[*symmetric*] *add.commute*[*of m*] **by force**
have $u \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $v \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $u \neq v$
using $\langle u \cdot v \neq v \cdot u \rangle$ **by blast+**
have $m = l$ **and** $|u| = |v|$
using *almost-equal-equal*[*OF nemp-len*[*OF* $\langle u \neq \varepsilon \rangle$] *nemp-len*[*OF* $\langle v \neq \varepsilon \rangle$], *of l m*] *lenarg*[*OF* $\langle x = (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{a}} l \cdot u \rangle$, *unfolded* $\langle |x| = |y| \rangle$, *unfolded* *lenarg*[*OF* $\langle y = (v \cdot u)^{\textcircled{a}} m \cdot v \rangle$]]
unfolding *lenmorph pow-len lenarg*[*OF* $\langle u \cdot v = z \rangle$, *symmetric*] **by algebra+**
from $\langle k = l + m + 1 \rangle$ [*folded Suc-eq-plus1*, *symmetric*]
have $l \neq 0$
using $\langle 2 \leq k \rangle$ [*folded* $\langle \text{Suc}(l+m) = k \rangle$, *unfolded* $\langle m = l \rangle$] **by force**
let $?w = [u, v]^{\textcircled{a}} l \cdot [u]$
have $?w \in \text{lists } \{u, v\}$
by (*induct l*, *simp-all*)
have $2 \leq |?w|$
using $\langle l \neq 0 \rangle$ **unfolding** *lenmorph pow-len* **by fastforce**
have *concat* $?w = x$
using $\langle x = (u \cdot v)^{\textcircled{a}} l \cdot u \rangle$ **by simp**
from *bin-uniform-prim-morph*[*OF* $\langle u \cdot v \neq v \cdot u \rangle \langle |u| = |v| \rangle \langle \text{primitive } z \rangle$] [*folded* $\langle u \cdot v = z \rangle \langle ?w \in \text{lists } \{u, v\} \rangle \langle 2 \leq |?w| \rangle$]
show *primitive x*
unfolding $\langle \text{concat } ?w = x \rangle$ **using** *alternate-prim*[*OF* $\langle u \neq v \rangle$] **by blast**
qed

theorem *bin-uniform-prim-morph'*:

assumes $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$ **and** $|x| = |y|$ **and** *primitive* $(x \cdot y) \vee \neg \text{primitive } x \vee \neg \text{primitive } y$
and $ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\}$ **and** $2 \leq |ws|$
shows *primitive ws* \longleftrightarrow *primitive (concat ws)*
using *bin-uniform-prim-morph*[*OF* *assms*(1–2) - *assms*(4–5)] *bin-uniform-imprim*[*OF* *assms*(1–2)]
bin-uniform-imprim[*OF* *assms*(1–2)] [*symmetric*], *unfolded* *conjug-prim-iff'*[*of y*]]
assms(3) **by blast**

0.5 The main theorem

0.5.1 Imprimitive words with single y

If the shorter word occurs only once, the result is straightforward from the parametric solution of the Lyndon-Schutzenberger equation.

lemma *bin-imprim-single-y*:
assumes *non-comm*: $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$ **and**
 $ws \in \text{lists } \{x,y\}$ **and**
 $|y| \leq |x|$ **and**
 $2 \leq \text{count-list } ws \ x$ **and**
 $\text{count-list } ws \ y < 2$ **and**
primitive ws **and**
 $\neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws)$
shows $ws \sim [x,x,y]$ **and** *primitive* x **and** *primitive* y
proof-
have $x \neq y$
using *non-comm* **by** *blast*
have $\text{count-list } ws \ y \neq 0$
proof
assume $\text{count-list } ws \ y = 0$
from *bin-lists-count-zero'*[*OF* $\langle ws \in \text{lists } \{x,y\} \rangle$ *this*]
have $ws \in \text{lists } \{x\}$.
from *prim-exp-one*[*OF* $\langle \text{primitive } ws \rangle$ *sing-lists-exp-count*[*OF* *this*]]
show *False*
using $\langle 2 \leq \text{count-list } ws \ x \rangle$ **by** *simp*
qed
hence $\text{count-list } ws \ y = 1$
using $\langle \text{count-list } ws \ y < 2 \rangle$ **by** *linarith*

from *this bin-count-one-conjug*[*OF* $\langle ws \in \text{lists } \{x,y\} \rangle$ - *this*]
have $ws \sim [x]^{\textcircled{1}} \text{count-list } ws \ x \cdot [y]$
using *non-comm (1)* **by** *metis*
from *conjug-concat-prim-iff*[*OF* *this*]
have $\neg \text{primitive } (x^{\textcircled{1}} (\text{count-list } ws \ x) \cdot y)$
using $\langle \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws) \rangle$ **by** *simp*

from *not-prim-primroot-expE*[*OF* *this*]
obtain $z \ l$ **where** [*symmetric*]: $z^{\textcircled{1}} l = x^{\textcircled{1}} (\text{count-list } ws \ x) \cdot y^{\textcircled{1}} 1$ **and** $2 \leq l$
unfolding *pow-1*.

interpret *LS-len-le* $x \ y \ \text{count-list } ws \ x \ 1 \ l \ z$
by (*unfold-locales*)
 $(\text{use } \langle 2 \leq \text{count-list } ws \ x \rangle \langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle \langle |y| \leq |x| \rangle$
 $\langle x^{\textcircled{1}} \text{count-list } ws \ x \cdot y^{\textcircled{1}} 1 = z^{\textcircled{1}} l \rangle \langle 2 \leq l \rangle$ **in** *force*) $+$

from *case-j2k1*[*OF* $\langle 2 \leq \text{count-list } ws \ x \rangle$ *refl*]
have *primitive* x **and** *primitive* y **and** $\text{count-list } ws \ x = 2$ **by** *blast+*

with $\langle ws \sim [x]^{\textcircled{1}} \text{count-list } ws \ x \cdot [y] \rangle$ [*unfolded this(3) pow-two append-Cons append-Nil*]
show *primitive* x **and** *primitive* y **and** $ws \sim [x,x,y]$
by *simp-all*

qed

0.5.2 Conjugate words

lemma *bin-imprim-not-conjug*:

assumes $ws \in lists\ \{x,y\}$ **and**

$x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$ **and**

$2 \leq |ws|$ **and**

primitive ws **and**

$\neg primitive\ (concat\ ws)$

shows $\neg x \sim y$

proof

assume $x \sim y$

hence $|x| = |y|$ **by force**

from *bin-uniform-prim-morph*[*OF* $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle$ *this -* $\langle ws \in lists\ \{x,y\} \rangle$ $\langle 2 \leq |ws| \rangle$]

have $\neg primitive\ (x \cdot y)$

using $\langle primitive\ ws \rangle$ $\langle \neg primitive\ (concat\ ws) \rangle$ **by blast**

from *Lyndon-Schutzenberger-conjug*[*OF* $\langle x \sim y \rangle$ *this*]

show *False*

using $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle$ **by blast**

qed

0.5.3 Square factor of the longer word and both words primitive (was all_assms)

The main idea of the proof is as follows: Imprimitivity of the concatenation yields (at least) two overlapping factorizations into $\{x, y\}$. Due to the presence of the square $x \cdot x$, these two can be synchronized, which yields that the situation coincides with the canonical form.

lemma *bin-imprim-primitive*:

assumes $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$

and *primitive x* **and** *primitive y*

and $|y| \leq |x|$

and $ws \in lists\ \{x, y\}$

and *primitive ws* **and** $\neg primitive\ (concat\ ws)$

and $[x, x] \leq_f ws \cdot ws$

shows $ws \sim [x, x, y]$

proof–

— Preliminaries

have $x \neq y$

using *assms(1)* **by blast**

have $|ws| \neq 1$

using *len-one-concat-in*[*OF* $\langle ws \in lists \{x, y\} \rangle \langle \neg primitive (concat \ ws) \rangle$
 $\langle primitive \ x \rangle \langle primitive \ y \rangle$
by *blast*
with *prim-nemp*[*OF* $\langle primitive \ ws \rangle$, *THEN* *nemp-le-len*]
have $2 \leq |ws|$
by *auto*
hence $|[x, x]| \leq |ws|$
by *force*
have $\neg x \sim y$
by (*rule bin-imprim-not-conjug*) *fact+*
have *primitive* $[x, x, y]$
using $\langle x \neq y \rangle$ **by** *primitivity-inspection*
have *concat* $[x, x] = x \cdot x$
by *simp*
interpret *xy*: *binary-code* $x \ y$
using $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle$ **by** (*unfold-locales*)

— Rotate ws in order to obtain a list with a prefix $[x \cdot x]$

obtain ws' **where** $ws \sim ws'$ $[x, x] \leq_p ws'$
using *rotate-into-pos-sq*[*of* $\varepsilon [x, x]$ - *thesis*, *unfolded emp-simps*, *OF* $\langle [x, x] \leq_f$
 $ws \cdot ws \rangle$
 $le0 \langle |[x, x]| \leq |ws| \rangle$] **by** *blast*

have $ws' \in lists \{x, y\}$ **and** *primitive* ws' **and** $\neg primitive (concat \ ws')$
using *conjug-in-lists'*[*OF* $\langle ws \sim ws' \rangle \langle ws \in lists \{x, y\} \rangle$]
 $prim-conjug$ [*OF* $\langle primitive \ ws \rangle \langle ws \sim ws' \rangle$]
 $\langle \neg primitive (concat \ ws) \rangle$ [*unfolded conjug-concat-prim-iff*[*OF* $\langle ws \sim ws' \rangle$]].
have $2 \leq |ws'|$ **and** $[x, x] \neq \varepsilon$ **and** $ws' \neq \varepsilon$
using $\langle [x, x] \leq_p ws' \rangle$ **unfolding** *prefix-def* **by** *auto*
have *concat* $ws' \neq \varepsilon$
using $\langle primitive \ x \rangle \langle [x, x] \leq_p ws' \rangle$ **by** (*fastforce simp add: prefix-def*)
have $ws' \cdot ws' \cdot ws' \in lists \{x, y\}$ **and** $ws' \cdot ws' \in lists \{x, y\}$
using $\langle ws' \in lists \{x, y\} \rangle$ **by** *inlists*

— The core of the proof

have $ws' = [x, x, y]$
proof(*rule ccontr*)
assume $ws' \neq [x, x, y]$

from *xy.imprim-witness-shift*[*OF* $\langle ws' \in lists \{x, y\} \rangle \langle primitive \ ws' \rangle \langle \neg primitive (concat \ ws') \rangle$]

obtain $z \ n$ **where** *con-ws*: *concat* $ws' = z^{\textcircled{a}} \ n$ **and** $z \notin \langle \{x, y\} \rangle$ **and** $z \cdot concat \ ws' = concat \ ws' \cdot z$

and $|z| < |concat \ ws'|$ **and** $2 \leq n$.

have $0 < n$

using $\langle 2 \leq n \rangle$ **by** *simp*

from *xy.shift-interp*[*OF* $\langle ws' \in lists \{x, y\} \rangle \langle ws' \in lists \{x, y\} \rangle \langle z \notin \langle \{x, y\} \rangle \rangle \langle z \cdot concat \ ws' = concat \ ws' \cdot z \rangle$

less-imp-le[*OF* $\langle |z| < |concat \ ws'| \rangle \langle [x, x] \leq_p ws' \rangle \langle [x, x] \neq \varepsilon \rangle$]

obtain $p \ s \ vs \ ps$ **where** $dis: p \ [x,x] \ s \ \sim_{\mathcal{D}} \ vs$ **and** $\langle vs \in lists \ \{x, y\} \rangle$ **and**
 $s \leq_p \ concat \ ([x,x]^{-1}) \langle ws' \cdot ws' \rangle$ **and** $p \leq_s \ concat \ ws'$ **and** $ps \cdot vs \leq_p \ ws' \cdot ws'$
and $concat \ ps \cdot p = z$.

from $disj\text{-}interp\text{-}nemp(1)[OF \ this(1)]$
have $p \neq \varepsilon$ **by** $simp$

have $p \cdot concat \ p1 \neq \ concat \ p2$ **if** $p1 \leq_p \ [x, x]$ **and** $p2 \leq_p \ vs$ **for** $p1 \ p2$
using $\langle p \ [x,x] \ s \ \sim_{\mathcal{D}} \ vs \rangle \ disj\text{-}interpD1$ **that** **by** $blast$

have $ps \in lists \ \{x,y\}$
using $\langle ps \cdot vs \leq_p \ ws' \cdot ws' \rangle \ \langle ws' \in lists \ \{x,y\} \rangle \ \langle ws' \cdot ws' \in lists \ \{x, y\} \rangle$
 $append\text{-}prefixD \ pref\text{-}in\text{-}lists$ **by** $metis$
have $vs \in lists \ \{x,y\}$
using $\langle ws' \in lists \ \{x,y\} \rangle \ pref\text{-}in\text{-}lists[OF \ \langle ps \cdot vs \leq_p \ ws' \cdot ws' \rangle]$ **by** $inlists$
have $[x,x]^{-1} \langle ws' \cdot ws' \rangle \in lists \ \{x,y\}$
using $\langle ws' \in lists \ \{x,y\} \rangle$ **by** $inlists$
have $p \ x \cdot x \ s \ \sim_{\mathcal{I}} \ vs$
using $disj\text{-}interpD[OF \ \langle p \ [x,x] \ s \ \sim_{\mathcal{D}} \ vs \rangle]$ **by** $simp$

interpret $square\text{-}interp\text{-}ext \ x \ y \ p \ s \ vs$

proof ($rule \ square\text{-}interp\text{-}ext.intro[OF \ square\text{-}interp.intro, \ unfolded \ square\text{-}interp\text{-}ext\text{-}axioms\text{-}def]$)

show $(\exists \ pe. \ pe \in \langle \{x, y\} \rangle \wedge p \leq_s \ pe) \wedge (\exists \ se. \ se \in \langle \{x, y\} \rangle \wedge s \leq_p \ se)$

using $\langle s \leq_p \ concat \ ([x,x]^{-1}) \langle ws' \cdot ws' \rangle \rangle \ \langle p \leq_s \ concat \ ws' \rangle$

$\langle [x, x]^{-1} \langle ws' \cdot ws' \rangle \in lists \ \{x, y\} \rangle \ \langle ws' \in lists \ \{x, y\} \rangle \ concat\text{-}in\text{-}hull'$ **by**

$meson$

qed $fact+$

— Establishing the connection between $ws' = [x,x,y]$ and $z = xp$.

define xp **where** $xp = x \cdot p$

have $concat \ [x,x,y] = xp \cdot xp$
by ($simp \ add: \ xxy\text{-}root \ xp\text{-}def$)

hence $ws' \cdot [x,x,y] \neq [x,x,y] \cdot ws'$

using $comm\text{-}prim[OF \ \langle primitive \ ws' \rangle \ \langle primitive \ [x,x,y] \rangle \ \langle ws' \neq [x,x,y] \rangle]$ **by**
 $force$

have $z \cdot xp \neq xp \cdot z$

proof

assume $z \cdot xp = xp \cdot z$

from $comm\text{-}add\text{-}exp[symmetric, \ OF \ this[symmetric], \ of \ 2,$

$THEN \ comm\text{-}add\text{-}exp, \ of \ n, \ unfolded \ pow\text{-}two]$

have $z^{\otimes n} \cdot xp \cdot xp = xp \cdot xp \cdot z^{\otimes n}$

unfolding $rassoc$.

hence $concat \ ws' \cdot concat \ [x,x,y] = concat \ [x,x,y] \cdot concat \ ws'$

unfolding $con\text{-}ws \ \langle concat \ [x,x,y] = xp \cdot xp \rangle \ rassoc$ **by** $simp$

from $xy.is\text{-}code[OF \ - \ - \ this[folded \ concat\text{-}morph]]$

```

have  $ws' \cdot [x, x, y] = [x,x,y] \cdot ws'$ 
  using append-in-lists  $\langle ws' \in lists \{x,y\} \rangle$  by simp
thus False
  using  $\langle ws' \cdot [x, x, y] \neq [x,x,y] \cdot ws' \rangle$  by fastforce
qed

```

```

then interpret binary-code  $z \ xp$ 
  by (unfold-locales)

```

```

have  $\neg concat (ws' \cdot [x, x, y]) \bowtie concat ([x, x, y] \cdot ws')$ 
proof (rule notI)
  assume  $concat (ws' \cdot [x, x, y]) \bowtie concat ([x, x, y] \cdot ws')$ 
  from comm-comp-eq[OF this[unfolded concat-morph], unfolded  $\langle concat [x,x,y]$ 
=  $xp \cdot xp \rangle$  con-ws]
  have  $z^{\textcircled{0}} n \cdot xp^{\textcircled{0}} Suc(Suc\ 0) = xp^{\textcircled{0}} Suc(Suc\ 0) \cdot z^{\textcircled{0}} n$ 
  unfolding pow-Suc pow-zero emp-simps rassoc.
  from comm-drop-exps[OF this]
  show False
  using  $\langle z \cdot xp \neq xp \cdot z \rangle \langle 2 \leq n \rangle$  by force
qed

```

- How the xp/z mismatch is reflected by mismatch in lists x,y ?
- Looking at the first occurrence of z :

```

define lcp-ws where  $lcp-ws = ws' \cdot [x,x,y] \wedge_p [x,x,y] \cdot ws'$ 

```

```

have  $lcp-ws \in lists \{x,y\}$ 
  unfolding lcp-ws-def by inlists

```

```

have  $lcp-xp-z: concat (ws' \cdot [x,x,y]) \wedge_p concat ([x,x,y] \cdot ws') = bin-lcp\ z\ (x \cdot p)$ 
unfolding concat-morph con-ws  $\langle concat [x,x,y] = xp \cdot xp \rangle$  add-exps[symmetric]
  using bin-lcp-pows[OF  $\langle 0 < n \rangle$ , of 2]
  unfolding pow-two pow-pos[OF  $\langle 0 < n \rangle$ ] rassoc xp-def by force

```

```

have  $(concat\ lcp-ws) \cdot bin-lcp\ x\ y = bin-lcp\ z\ (x \cdot p)$ 
proof (rule xy.bin-code-lcp-concat[OF - -  $\langle \neg concat (ws' \cdot [x, x, y]) \bowtie concat$ 
 $([x, x, y] \cdot ws') \rangle$ , folded lcp-ws-def, unfolded lcp-xp-z, symmetric])
  show  $ws' \cdot [x, x, y] \in lists \{x, y\}$  and  $[x, x, y] \cdot ws' \in lists \{x, y\}$ 
  by inlists
qed

```

- Looking at the second occurrence of z :

```

define  $ws''$  where  $ws'' = ps \cdot [x,y]$ 
define  $lcp-ws'$  where  $lcp-ws' = ws' \cdot ws'' \wedge_p ws'' \cdot ws'$ 

```

```

have  $lcp-ws' \in lists \{x,y\}$ 
  unfolding lcp-ws'-def
  using  $\langle ps \in lists \{x, y\} \rangle \langle ws' \in lists \{x, y\} \rangle$  ws''-def by inlists

```


have $\text{concat } ws'' = z \cdot xp$
unfolding $ws''\text{-def } xp\text{-def}$ **using** $\langle \text{concat } ps \cdot p = z \rangle$ *xy-root* **by** *fastforce*

have $ws' \cdot ws'' \neq ws'' \cdot ws'$
proof
assume $ws' \cdot ws'' = ws'' \cdot ws'$
from *arg-cong*[*OF this, of concat, unfolded concat-morph con-ws*
 $\langle \text{concat } ws'' = z \cdot xp \rangle$,
unfolded lassoc pow-comm, unfolded rassoc cancel]
show *False*
using $\langle z \cdot xp \neq xp \cdot z \rangle$ *comm-drop-exp'*[*OF - $\langle 0 < n \rangle$*] **by** *blast*
qed

have
 $\text{lcp-}xp\text{-}z'$: $\text{concat } (ws' \cdot ws'') \wedge_p \text{concat } (ws'' \cdot ws') = z \cdot \text{bin-lcp } z (x \cdot p)$
unfolding *concat-morph con-ws* $\langle \text{concat } ws'' = z \cdot xp \rangle$ *pow-Suc*
unfolding *lcp-ext-left[symmetric]* *bin-lcp-def shifts*
unfolding *rassoc lcp-ext-left cancel*
using *bin-lcp-pows*[*OF $\langle 0 < n \rangle$, of $1 \in z^{\otimes(n-1)}$, unfolded pow-1, folded*
pow-pos[*OF $\langle 0 < n \rangle$*]]
unfolding *bin-lcp-def xp-def rassoc emp-simps* **by** *linarith*

have $z \cdot \text{bin-lcp } z (x \cdot p) = \text{concat } (\text{lcp-}ws')$ $\cdot \text{bin-lcp } x y$
unfolding *lcp-}xp\text{-}z'*[*symmetric*] *lcp-}ws'\text{-def}*
proof (*rule xy.bin-code-lcp-concat'*)
show $ws' \cdot ws'' \in \text{lists } \{x, y\}$
unfolding *ws''-def* **using** $\langle ws' \cdot ws' \cdot ws' \in \text{lists } \{x, y\} \rangle$ $\langle ps \in \text{lists } \{x, y\} \rangle$
by *inlists*
thus $ws'' \cdot ws' \in \text{lists } \{x, y\}$
by *inlists*
show $\neg \text{concat } (ws' \cdot ws'') \bowtie \text{concat } (ws'' \cdot ws')$
unfolding *concat-morph con-ws* $\langle \text{concat } ws'' = z \cdot xp \rangle$ *pow-pos*[*OF $\langle 0 < n \rangle$*]
unfolding *rassoc comp-cancel*
unfolding *lassoc pow-pos*[*OF $\langle 0 < n \rangle$, symmetric*] *pow-pos'*[*OF $\langle 0 < n \rangle$,*
symmetric]
comm-comp-eq-conv
using *comm-drop-exp'*[*OF - $\langle 0 < n \rangle$, of $z \ n \ xp$*] *non-comm* **by** *argo*
qed

have $\text{concat } \text{lcp-}ws' = z \cdot \text{concat } \text{lcp-}ws$
unfolding *cancel-right*[*of concat lcp-}ws' bin-lcp }x y z \cdot \text{concat } \text{lcp-}ws, *symmetric*]
unfolding *rassoc*[*of z*] $\langle \text{concat } (\text{lcp-}ws) \cdot \text{bin-lcp } x y = \text{bin-lcp } z (x \cdot p) \rangle$ $\langle z \cdot$
 $\text{bin-lcp } z (x \cdot p) = \text{concat } (\text{lcp-}ws') \cdot \text{bin-lcp } x y \rangle$.*

have $\text{lcp-}ws \leq_p ws' \cdot [x, x, y]$
unfolding *lcp-}ws\text{-def}* **using** *longest-common-prefix-prefix1*.
have $\text{lcp-}ws \neq ws' \cdot [x, x, y]$
unfolding *lcp-}ws\text{-def lcp-}pref\text{-conv}*

using $\langle ws' \cdot [x, x, y] \neq [x, x, y] \cdot ws' \rangle$ *pref-comm-eq* **by** *blast*
have $lcp-ws \leq_p ws' \cdot [x, x]$
using *spref-butlast-pref*[*OF* $\langle lcp-ws \leq_p ws' \cdot [x, x, y] \rangle$ $\langle lcp-ws \neq ws' \cdot [x, x, y] \rangle$]
unfolding *butlast-append* **by** *simp*
from *prefixE*[*OF* *pref-prolong*[*OF* *this* $\langle [x, x] \leq_p ws' \rangle$]]
obtain ws''_1 **where** $ws' \cdot ws' \cdot ws' = lcp-ws \cdot ws''_1$ **using** *rassoc* **by** *metis*

have $ws' \cdot ps \cdot [x, y] \leq_p ws' \cdot ps \cdot [x, y, x]$
by *simp*
from *pref-trans*[*OF* *pref-trans*[*OF* *longest-common-prefix-prefix1* *this*]]
have $lcp-ws' \leq_p ws' \cdot ws' \cdot ws'$
unfolding *lcp-ws'-def* *ws''-def* **using** $\langle ps \cdot vs \leq_p ws' \cdot ws' \rangle$ [*unfolded cover-xyx*,
unfolded pref-cancel-conv]
unfolding *pref-cancel-conv* [*symmetric*, *of* $ps \cdot [x, y, x]$ $ws' \cdot ws' \cdot ws'$] **by** *blast*
from *prefixE*[*OF* *this*]
obtain ws''_2 **where** $ws' \cdot ws' \cdot ws' = lcp-ws' \cdot ws''_2$.

have $concat\ lcp-ws' \cdot concat\ ws''_1 = z \cdot concat(lcp-ws) \cdot concat\ ws''_1$
unfolding *lassoc* $\langle concat\ lcp-ws' = z \cdot concat\ lcp-ws \rangle$..
also have $\dots = z \cdot concat\ (ws' \cdot ws' \cdot ws')$
unfolding *rassoc* $\langle ws' \cdot ws' \cdot ws' = lcp-ws \cdot ws''_1 \rangle$ *concat-morph*..
also have $\dots = concat\ (ws' \cdot ws' \cdot ws') \cdot z$
unfolding *concat-morph* *con-ws* *add-exps* [*symmetric*]
pow-Suc [*symmetric*] *pow-Suc* [*symmetric*]..
also have $\dots = concat\ lcp-ws' \cdot concat\ ws''_2 \cdot z$
unfolding $\langle ws' \cdot ws' \cdot ws' = lcp-ws' \cdot ws''_2 \rangle$ *concat-morph* *rassoc*..
finally have $concat\ ws''_1 = concat\ ws''_2 \cdot z$
unfolding *cancel*.

from *xy.stability* [*of* $concat\ ws''_2$ $concat\ lcp-ws$ z ,
folded $\langle concat\ ws''_1 = concat\ ws''_2 \cdot z \rangle$ $\langle concat\ lcp-ws' = z \cdot concat\ lcp-ws \rangle$]
have $z \in \langle \{x, y\} \rangle$
using $\langle ws' \cdot ws' \cdot ws' = lcp-ws \cdot ws''_1 \rangle$ $\langle ws' \cdot ws' \cdot ws' = lcp-ws' \cdot ws''_2 \rangle$ $\langle ws' \cdot ws' \cdot ws' \in lists\ \{x, y\} \rangle$
append-in-lists-dest *append-in-lists-dest'* *concat-in-hull'* **by** *metis*
thus *False*
using $\langle z \notin \langle \{x, y\} \rangle \rangle$ **by** *blast*

qed
thus $ws \sim [x, x, y]$
using $\langle ws \sim ws' \rangle$ **by** *blast*

qed

0.5.4 Obtaining primitivity with two squares (refining)

lemma *bin-imprim-both-squares-prim*:

assumes $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$
and $ws \in lists\ \{x, y\}$
and *primitive* ws **and** $\neg primitive\ (concat\ ws)$
and $[x, x] \leq_f ws \cdot ws$

```

    and [y, y] ≤f ws · ws
    and primitive x and primitive y
  shows False
proof-
  have x ≠ y using ⟨x · y ≠ y · x⟩
  by blast
  from bin-imprim-primitive[OF ⟨x · y ≠ y · x⟩ ⟨primitive x⟩ ⟨primitive y⟩
    - ⟨ws ∈ lists {x,y}⟩ ⟨primitive ws⟩ ⟨¬ primitive (concat ws)⟩ ⟨[x, x] ≤f ws ·
ws⟩]
    bin-imprim-primitive[OF ⟨x · y ≠ y · x⟩ [symmetric] ⟨primitive y⟩ ⟨primitive x⟩
    - ⟨ws ∈ lists {x,y}⟩ [unfolded insert-commute[of x]] ⟨primitive ws⟩ ⟨¬ primitive
(concat ws)⟩
    ⟨[y, y] ≤f ws · ws⟩]
  have ws ~ [x, x, y] ∨ ws ~ [y, y, x]
  using ⟨x · y ≠ y · x⟩
  by force
  hence |ws| = 3
  using conjug-len by force
  note[simp] = sublist-code(3)
  from ⟨|ws| = 3⟩ ⟨ws ∈ lists {x,y}⟩ ⟨x ≠ y⟩
    ⟨[x, x] ≤f ws · ws⟩ ⟨[y, y] ≤f ws · ws⟩
  show False
  by list-inspection simp-all
qed

```

lemma bin-imprim-both-squares:

```

  assumes x · y ≠ y · x
  and ws ∈ lists {x, y}
  and primitive ws and ¬ primitive (concat ws)
  and [x, x] ≤f ws · ws
  and [y, y] ≤f ws · ws
  shows False
proof (rule bin-imprim-both-squares-prim)
  have x ≠ ε and y ≠ ε and x ≠ y
  using ⟨x · y ≠ y · x⟩ by blast+
  let ?R = λ x. [⊘ x]⊘(e⊘ x)
  define ws' where ws' = concat (map ?R ws)
  show ⊘ x · ⊘ y ≠ ⊘ y · ⊘ x
  using ⟨x · y ≠ y · x⟩ [unfolded comp-primroot-conv'[of x y]].
  have [simp]: a = x ∨ a = y ⇒ [⊘ a]⊘ e⊘ a ∈ lists {⊘ x, ⊘ y} for a
  using insert-iff sing-pow-lists[of - {⊘ x, ⊘ y}] by metis
  show ws' ∈ lists {⊘ x, ⊘ y}
  unfolding ws'-def using ⟨ws ∈ lists {x,y}⟩
  by (induction ws, simp-all)

```

— The primitivity of ws' is obtained from the fact that the decompositions into roots is a primitive morphism

```

interpret binary-code x y
using ⟨x · y ≠ y · x⟩ by unfold-locales

```

```

note[simp] = sublist-code(3)
have |ws| ≤ 3 ⇒ ws ∈ lists {x,y} ⇒ x ≠ y ⇒ [x, x] ≤f ws · ws ⇒ [y, y]
≤f ws · ws ⇒ False
  by list-inspection simp-all
from this[OF - ⟨ws ∈ lists {x,y}⟩ ⟨x ≠ y⟩ ⟨[x, x] ≤f ws · ws⟩ ⟨[y, y] ≤f ws · ws⟩]
  roots-prim-morph[OF ⟨ws ∈ lists {x,y}⟩ - ⟨primitive ws⟩]
show primitive ws'
  unfolding ws'-def by fastforce

show ¬ primitive (concat ws^)
  unfolding ws'-def concat-root-dec-eq-concat[OF ⟨ws ∈ lists{x,y}⟩] by fact

have concat(map ?R [x,x]) ≤f ws' · ws' and concat(map ?R [y,y]) ≤f ws' · ws'
  unfolding ws'-def
  using concat-mono-fac[OF map-mono-sublist[OF ⟨[x,x] ≤f ws · ws⟩]]
  concat-mono-fac[OF map-mono-sublist[OF ⟨[y,y] ≤f ws · ws⟩]]
  unfolding concat-morph map-append.

have Suc (Suc (e_ρ x + e_ρ x - 2)) = e_ρ x + e_ρ x
  using Suc-minus2 primroot-exp-nemp[OF ⟨x ≠ ε⟩] by simp
have concat (map ?R [x,x]) = [ρ x] ⓐ (Suc (e_ρ x - 1) + Suc (e_ρ x - 1))
  unfolding Suc-minus-pos[OF primroot-exp-nemp[OF ⟨x ≠ ε⟩]] by (simp add:
add-exps)
hence [ρ x, ρ x] ≤f concat (map ?R [x,x])
  by auto
thus [ρ x, ρ x] ≤f ws' · ws'
  using fac-trans[OF - ⟨concat(map ?R [x,x]) ≤f ws' · ws'⟩] by blast

have Suc (Suc (e_ρ y + e_ρ y - 2)) = e_ρ y + e_ρ y
  using Suc-minus2 primroot-exp-nemp[OF ⟨y ≠ ε⟩] by simp
have concat (map ?R [y,y]) = [ρ y] ⓐ (Suc (e_ρ y - 1) + Suc (e_ρ y - 1))
  unfolding Suc-minus-pos[OF primroot-exp-nemp[OF ⟨y ≠ ε⟩]] by (simp add:
add-exps)
hence [ρ y, ρ y] ≤f concat (map ?R [y,y])
  by auto
thus [ρ y, ρ y] ≤f ws' · ws'
  using fac-trans[OF - ⟨concat(map ?R [y,y]) ≤f ws' · ws'⟩] by blast

show primitive (ρ x) and primitive (ρ y)
  using primroot-prim ⟨x ≠ ε⟩ ⟨y ≠ ε⟩ by blast+
qed

```

0.5.5 Obtaining the square of the longer word (gluing)

lemma bin-imprim-longer-twice:

— 1. If there are both squares, then contradiction; 2. If a square is missing: a) if y appears once: the positive conclusion b) if y appears twice, then gluing preserves presence of the longer word at least twice (because both appear twice) and induction yields $[x', x', y']$ where y' is a suffix of x' , a contradiction with primitivity of words

of the form $xyxy$;

```

assumes  $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$ 
  and  $ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\}$ 
  and  $|y| \leq |x|$ 
  and  $\text{count-list } ws \ x \geq 2$ 
  and  $\text{primitive } ws$  and  $\neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws)$ 
shows  $ws \sim [x,x,y] \wedge \text{primitive } x \wedge \text{primitive } y$ 
using  $\text{assms}$  proof (induction  $|ws|$  arbitrary: x y ws rule: less-induct)
case less
then show ?case
proof (cases)
  assume  $[x, x] \leq_f ws \cdot ws \wedge [y, y] \leq_f ws \cdot ws$ 
  with  $\text{bin-imprim-both-squares}[OF \langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle \langle ws \in \text{lists } \{x,y\} \rangle \langle \text{primitive } ws \rangle \langle \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws) \rangle]$ 
  have False by blast
  thus ?case by blast
next
assume  $\text{missing-sq}: \neg ([x, x] \leq_f ws \cdot ws \wedge [y, y] \leq_f ws \cdot ws)$ 
then show ?case
proof (cases)
  assume  $\text{count-list } ws \ y < 2$ 
  with  $\text{bin-imprim-single-y}[OF \text{less.prem}(1-4) \text{ this less.prem}(5-6)]$ 
  show  $ws \sim [x,x,y] \wedge \text{primitive } x \wedge \text{primitive } y$ 
  by blast
next
assume  $\neg \text{count-list } ws \ y < 2$  hence  $2 \leq \text{count-list } ws \ y$  by simp

```

— Missing square and two y's allow gluing

```

define  $x'$  where  $x' = (\text{if } \neg [x, x] \leq_f ws \cdot ws \text{ then } x \text{ else } y)$ 
define  $y'$  where  $y' = (\text{if } \neg [x, x] \leq_f ws \cdot ws \text{ then } y \text{ else } x)$ 

have  $\{x', y'\} = \{x, y\}$ 
  by (simp add: doubleton-eq-iff x'-def y'-def)
note  $\text{cases} = \text{disjE}[OF \text{this}[\text{unfolded doubleton-eq-iff}]]$ 
have  $\neg [x', x'] \leq_f ws \cdot ws$ 
  using  $\text{missing-sq } x'\text{-def}$  by presburger
have  $\text{count-list } ws \ x' \geq 2$  and  $\text{count-list } ws \ y' \geq 2$ 
  unfolding  $x'\text{-def } y'\text{-def}$  using  $\langle 2 \leq \text{count-list } ws \ x \rangle \langle 2 \leq \text{count-list } ws \ y \rangle$ 
by presburger+
have  $x' \cdot y' \neq y' \cdot x'$ 
  by (rule cases, simp-all add: \langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle \langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle[\text{symmetric}])
have  $x' \neq \varepsilon$  and  $x' \neq y'$  and  $x' \cdot y' \neq y'$ 
  using  $\langle x' \cdot y' \neq y' \cdot x' \rangle$  by auto

```

— rotating last if necessary for successful gluing

```

note  $\text{prim-nemp}[OF \langle \text{primitive } ws \rangle]$ 
hence  $\text{rot}: \text{last } ws = x' \implies \text{hd } ws = x' \implies \text{butlast } ws \cdot [x', x'] \cdot \text{tl } ws = ws \cdot ws$ 
using  $\text{append-butlast-last-id hd-tl hd-word rassoc}$  by metis

```

from *this*[*THEN facI*]
have $last\ ws = x' \implies hd\ ws \neq x'$
using $\langle \neg [x', x'] \leq_f ws \cdot ws \rangle$ **by** *blast*
define ws' **where** $ws' = (if\ last\ ws \neq x'\ then\ ws\ else\ tl\ ws \cdot [hd\ ws])$
have $cond: ws' = \varepsilon \vee last\ ws' \neq x'$ — *gluing condition*
unfolding ws' -*def* **using** $\langle last\ ws = x' \implies hd\ ws \neq x' \rangle$ **by** *simp*
have $ws' \sim ws$
unfolding ws' -*def* **using** $\langle ws \neq \varepsilon \rangle$ **by** *fastforce*
hence $counts': count-list\ ws'\ x' \geq 2\ count-list\ ws'\ y' \geq 2$
by (*simp-all add: $\langle 2 \leq count-list\ ws\ x' \rangle \langle 2 \leq count-list\ ws\ y' \rangle count-list-conjug$*)

— *verify induction assumptions of the glued word*

let $?ws = glue\ x'\ ws'$
have $c1: |?ws| < |ws|$
using $len-glue[OF\ cond]$ $conjug-len[OF\ \langle ws' \sim ws \rangle]$ $\langle count-list\ ws'\ x' \geq 2 \rangle$
by *linarith*
hence $c2: (x' \cdot y') \cdot y' \neq y' \cdot x' \cdot y'$
using $\langle x' \cdot y' \neq y' \cdot x' \rangle$ **by** *force*

have $ws' \leq_f ws \cdot ws$
using $conjugE[OF\ \langle ws' \sim ws \rangle]$ *rassoc sublist-appendI* **by** *metis*
hence $\neg [x', x'] \leq_f ws'$
using $\langle \neg [x', x'] \leq_f ws \cdot ws \rangle$ **by** *blast*
have $ws' \in lists\ \{x', y'\}$
using $conjug-in-lists[OF\ \langle ws' \sim ws \rangle \langle ws \in lists\ \{x, y\} \rangle]$ $\langle folded\ \langle \{x', y'\} = \{x, y\} \rangle \rangle$.
have $c3: ?ws \in lists\ \{x' \cdot y', y'\}$
using $single-bin-glue-in-lists[OF\ cond\ \langle \neg [x', x'] \leq_f ws' \rangle \langle ws' \in lists\ \{x', y'\} \rangle]$.

have $c4: 2 \leq count-list\ (glue\ x'\ ws')\ (x' \cdot y')$
using $\langle 2 \leq count-list\ ws'\ x' \rangle$
unfolding $count-list-single-bin-glue(1)[OF\ \langle x' \neq \varepsilon \rangle \langle x' \neq y' \rangle\ cond\ \langle ws' \in lists\ \{x', y'\} \rangle \langle \neg [x', x'] \leq_f ws' \rangle]$.

from $\langle primitive\ ws \rangle$ $[folded\ conjug-prim-iff[OF\ \langle ws' \sim ws \rangle]]$
have $c5: primitive\ (glue\ x'\ ws')$
using $prim-bin-glue\ [OF\ \langle ws' \in lists\ \{x', y'\} \rangle \langle x' \neq \varepsilon \rangle\ cond]$ **by** *blast*

have $count-list\ ws'\ x' \geq 2$
using $\langle count-list\ ws\ x \geq 2 \rangle \langle count-list\ ws\ y \geq 2 \rangle \langle \{x', y'\} = \{x, y\} \rangle$
 $count-list-conjug[OF\ \langle ws' \sim ws \rangle]$ x' -*def* **by** *metis*

have $concat\ (glue\ x'\ ws') = concat\ ws'$
by (*simp add: cond*)

have $c6: \neg primitive\ (concat\ (glue\ x'\ ws'))$
unfolding $\langle concat\ (glue\ x'\ ws') = concat\ ws' \rangle$ **using** $\langle \neg primitive\ (concat\ ws) \rangle \langle ws' \sim ws \rangle$
 $conjug-concat-conjug\ prim-conjug$ **by** *metis*
— *The claim holds by induction*

```

from less.hyps[OF c1 c2 c3 - c4 c5 c6]
have glue x' ws' ~ [x' · y', x' · y', y'] by simp
  — Which is impossible after gluing
from prim-xyxyy[OF ‹x' · y' ≠ y' · x'› conjug-prim-iff[OF conjug-concat-conjug[OF
this]]]
have False
  using ‹¬ primitive (concat (glue x' ws'))› by simp
thus ?case by blast
qed
qed
qed

```

lemma bin-imprim-both-twice:

```

assumes x · y ≠ y · x
and ws ∈ lists {x, y}
and count-list ws x ≥ 2
and count-list ws y ≥ 2
and primitive ws and ¬ primitive (concat ws)
shows False
proof–
have x ≠ y
  using ‹x · y ≠ y · x› by blast
from bin-imprim-longer-twice[OF assms(1–2) - assms(3) assms(5–6)]
bin-imprim-longer-twice[OF assms(1)[symmetric] assms(2)[unfolded insert-commute[of
x]] - assms(4) assms(5–6)]
have or: ws ~ [x, x, y] ∨ ws ~ [y, y, x] by linarith
thus False
proof (rule disjE)
  assume ws ~ [x, x, y]
  from ‹count-list ws y ≥ 2›[unfolded count-list-conjug[OF this]]
show False
  using ‹x ≠ y› by force
next
  assume ws ~ [y, y, x]
  from ‹count-list ws x ≥ 2›[unfolded count-list-conjug[OF this]]
show False
  using ‹x ≠ y› by force
qed
qed

```

0.6 Examples

```

lemma x ≠ ε ⇒ ε (x·x) ε ~ℐ [x,x]
  unfolding factor-interpretation-def
  by simp

```

```

lemma assumes x = [(0::nat),1,0,1,0] and y = [1,0,0,1]
shows [0,1] (x·x) [1,0] ~ℐ [x,y,x]
  unfolding factor-interpretation-def assms by (simp add: suffix-def)

```

0.7 Primitivity non-preserving binary code

In this section, we give the final form of imprimitive words over a given binary code $\{x, y\}$. We start with a lemma, then we show that the only possibility is that such word is conjugate with $x^{\textcircled{a}} j \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}} k$.

lemma *bin-imprim-expsE-y*: **assumes** $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$ **and**
 $ws \in \text{lists } \{x,y\}$ **and**
 $2 \leq |ws|$ **and**
primitive ws **and**
 $\neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws)$ **and**
 $\text{count-list } ws \ y = 1$
obtains $j \ k$ **where** $1 \leq j \ 1 \leq k \ j = 1 \vee k = 1$
 $ws \sim [x]^{\textcircled{a}} j \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}} k$
proof–
have $x \neq y$ **using** $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle$ **by** *blast*
obtain $j1 \ j2$ **where** $[x]^{\textcircled{a}} j1 \cdot [y] \cdot [x]^{\textcircled{a}} j2 = ws$
using *bin-count-one-decompose*[*OF* $\langle ws \in \text{lists } \{x,y\} \ \langle x \neq y \ \langle \text{count-list } ws \ y = 1 \rangle \rangle$].
have $1 \leq j2 + j1$
using $\langle [x]^{\textcircled{a}} j1 \cdot [y] \cdot [x]^{\textcircled{a}} j2 = ws \ \langle 2 \leq |ws| \rangle$ *not-less-eq-eq* **by** *fastforce*
have $ws \sim [x]^{\textcircled{a}} (j2+j1) \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}} 1$
using *conjugI'*[*of* $[x]^{\textcircled{a}} j1 \cdot [y] \ [x]^{\textcircled{a}} j2$]
unfolding $\langle [x]^{\textcircled{a}} j1 \cdot [y] \cdot [x]^{\textcircled{a}} j2 = ws \rangle$ [*symmetric*] *add-exps rassoc pow-1*.
from *that*[*OF* $\langle 1 \leq j2 + j1 \rangle$ - - *this*]
show *?thesis*
by *blast*
qed

lemma *bin-imprim-expsE*: **assumes** $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$ **and**
 $ws \in \text{lists } \{x,y\}$ **and**
 $2 \leq |ws|$ **and**
primitive ws **and**
 $\neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws)$
obtains $j \ k$ **where** $1 \leq j \ 1 \leq k \ j = 1 \vee k = 1$
 $ws \sim [x]^{\textcircled{a}} j \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}} k$
proof–
note $\langle ws \in \text{lists } \{x,y\} \rangle$ [*unfolded insert-commute*[*of* x]]

from *bin-lists-count-zero*[*OF* $\langle ws \in \text{lists } \{x,y\} \rangle$]
sing-lists-exp-len[*of* $ws \ y$]
prim-exp-one[*OF* $\langle \text{primitive } ws \rangle$, *of* $[y] \ |ws|$]
have $\text{count-list } ws \ x \neq 0$
using $\langle 2 \leq |ws| \rangle$ **by** *fastforce*

from *bin-lists-count-zero*[*OF* $\langle ws \in \text{lists } \{y,x\} \rangle$]
sing-lists-exp-len[*of* $ws \ x$]
prim-exp-one[*OF* $\langle \text{primitive } ws \rangle$, *of* $[x] \ |ws|$]
have $\text{count-list } ws \ y \neq 0$


```

using  $\langle 2 \leq |ws| \rangle$  by fastforce

consider count-list ws x = 1 | count-list ws y = 1
using bin-imprim-both-twice[OF  $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle \langle ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\} \rangle$  - -
   $\langle \text{primitive } ws \rangle \langle \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws) \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{count-list } ws \ x \neq 0 \rangle \langle \text{count-list } ws \ y \neq 0 \rangle$ 
unfolding One-less-Two-le-iff[symmetric] less-one[symmetric] by fastforce
thus thesis
proof(cases)
  assume count-list ws x = 1
  from bin-imprim-expsE-y[reversed, OF  $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle \langle ws \in \text{lists } \{y, x\} \rangle \langle 2 \leq$ 
 $|ws| \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{primitive } ws \rangle \langle \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws) \rangle \langle \text{count-list } ws \ x = 1 \rangle$ ]
  show thesis
  using that by metis
next
  assume count-list ws y = 1
  from bin-imprim-expsE-y[OF  $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle \langle ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\} \rangle \langle 2 \leq |ws| \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{primitive } ws \rangle \langle \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws) \rangle \langle \text{count-list } ws \ y = 1 \rangle$ ]
  show ?thesis
  using that.
qed
qed

```

0.7.1 The target theorem

Given a binary code $\{x, y\}$ such that there is a primitive factorisation ws over it whose concatenation is imprimitive, we finally show that there are integers j and k (depending only on $\{x, y\}$) such that any other such factorisation ws' is conjugate to $[x]^{\textcircled{j}} \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{k}}$.

theorem *bin-imprim-code*: **assumes** $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$ **and** $ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\}$ **and** $2 \leq |ws|$ **and** *primitive ws* **and** $\neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws)$

obtains $j \ k$ **where** $1 \leq j$ **and** $1 \leq k$ **and** $j = 1 \vee k = 1$

$\wedge ws. ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\} \implies 2 \leq |ws| \implies$

$(\text{primitive } ws \wedge \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws) \iff ws \sim [x]^{\textcircled{j}} \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{k}})$ **and**

$|y| \leq |x| \implies 2 \leq j \implies j = 2 \wedge \text{primitive } x \wedge \text{primitive } y$ **and**

$|y| \leq |x| \implies 2 \leq k \implies j = 1 \wedge \text{primitive } x$

proof–

obtain $j \ k$ **where** $1 \leq j \ 1 \leq k \ j = 1 \vee k = 1$

$ws \sim [x]^{\textcircled{j}} \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{k}}$

using *bin-imprim-expsE*[*OF* $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle$]

using *assms by metis*

have $\neg \text{primitive } (x^{\textcircled{j}} \cdot y^{\textcircled{k}})$

using $\langle \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws) \rangle$

unfolding *concat-morph concat-sing-pow*

conjug-prim-iff[*OF* *conjug-concat-conjug*[*OF* $\langle ws \sim [x]^{\textcircled{j}} \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{k}} \rangle$]].

from *not-prim-primroot-expE*[*OF this*]
obtain $z\ l$ **where** [*symmetric*]: $z^{\textcircled{a}l} = x^{\textcircled{a}j} \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}k}$ **and** $2 \leq l$.

show *thesis*

proof (*rule that*[*of j k*])

show $1 \leq j\ 1 \leq k\ j = 1 \vee k = 1$ **by** *fact+*

fix ws'

assume *hyps*: $ws' \in \text{lists } \{x, y\}^{\textcircled{a}2} \leq |ws'|$

show $\text{primitive } ws' \wedge \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws') \iff ws' \sim [x]^{\textcircled{a}j} \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}k}$

proof

assume $\text{primitive } ws' \wedge \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws')$

hence *prems*: $\text{primitive } ws' \wedge \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws')$ **by** *blast+*

obtain $j'\ k'$ **where** $1 \leq j'\ 1 \leq k'\ j' = 1 \vee k' = 1$

$ws' \sim [x]^{\textcircled{a}j'} \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}k'}$

using *bin-imprim-expsE*[*OF* $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle$ *hyps prems*].

have $\neg \text{primitive } (x^{\textcircled{a}j'} \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}k'})$

using $\langle \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws') \rangle$

unfolding *concat-morph concat-sing-pow*

conjug-prim-iff[*OF* *conjug-concat-conjug*[*OF* $\langle ws' \sim [x]^{\textcircled{a}j'} \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}k'} \rangle$]].

have $j = j'\ k = k'$

using *LS-unique*[*OF* $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle$

$\langle 1 \leq j \rangle \langle 1 \leq k \rangle \langle \neg \text{primitive } (x^{\textcircled{a}j} \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}k}) \rangle$

$\langle 1 \leq j' \rangle \langle 1 \leq k' \rangle \langle \neg \text{primitive } (x^{\textcircled{a}j'} \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}k'}) \rangle$].

show $ws' \sim [x]^{\textcircled{a}j} \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}k}$

unfolding $\langle j = j' \rangle \langle k = k' \rangle$ **by** *fact*

next

assume $ws' \sim [x]^{\textcircled{a}j} \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}k}$

note *conjug-trans*[*OF* $\langle ws \sim [x]^{\textcircled{a}j} \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}k} \rangle$ *conjug-sym*[*OF this*]]

from *prim-conjug*[*OF* $\langle \text{primitive } ws \rangle$ *this*]

$\langle \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws) \rangle$ [*unfolded conjug-concat-prim-iff*[*OF* $\langle ws \sim ws' \rangle$]]

show $\text{primitive } ws' \wedge \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws')$ **by** *blast*

qed

next

assume $|y| \leq |x|$

interpret *LS-len-le* $x\ y\ j\ k\ l\ z$

by *unfold-locales fact+*

assume $2 \leq j$

with *jk-small*

have $k = 1$ **by** *fastforce*

from *case-j2k1*[*OF* $\langle 2 \leq j \rangle$ *this*]

show $j = 2 \wedge \text{primitive } x \wedge \text{primitive } y$

by *blast*

next

assume $|y| \leq |x|$

interpret *LS-len-le* $x\ y\ j\ k\ l\ z$
by *unfold-locales fact+*

assume $2 \leq k$
show $j = 1 \wedge \text{primitive } x$
using $\langle 2 \leq k \rangle \langle j = 1 \vee k = 1 \rangle$ *case-j1k2-primitive* **by** *auto*
qed
qed

— Formulation in terms of (binary) primitive morphism

definition *bin-imprim-code* **where** *bin-imprim-code* $x\ y \equiv x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \wedge (\neg \text{bin-prim } x\ y)$

theorem *bin-imprim-code'*: **assumes** *bin-imprim-code* $x\ y$
obtains $j\ k$ **where** $1 \leq j$ **and** $1 \leq k$ **and** $j = 1 \vee k = 1$
 $\bigwedge ws. ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\} \implies 2 \leq |ws| \implies$
 $(\text{primitive } ws \wedge \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws) \longleftrightarrow ws \sim [x]^{\textcircled{j}} \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{k}})$ **and**
 $|y| \leq |x| \implies 2 \leq j \implies j = 2 \wedge \text{primitive } x \wedge \text{primitive } y$ **and**
 $|y| \leq |x| \implies 2 \leq k \implies j = 1 \wedge \text{primitive } x$

proof—

thm *bin-imprim-code*
obtain ws **where** $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$
and $ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\}$ **and** $2 \leq |ws|$ **and** *primitive* ws **and** $\neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws)$
using *assms unfolding bin-imprim-code-def bin-prim-altdef2* **by** *blast*
from *bin-imprim-code[OF this]* **that**
show *thesis*
by *blast*
qed

end

theory *Binary-Imprimitive-Decision*
imports
Binary-Code-Imprimitive.Binary-Code-Imprimitive

begin

0.8 Upper bound of the power exponent in the canonical imprimitivity witness

lemma *LS-power-len-ge*:
assumes $y^{\textcircled{k}} \cdot x = z^{\textcircled{l}}$
and $k * |y| \geq |z| + |y| - 1$
shows $x \cdot y = y \cdot x$

proof (*rule nemp-comm*)
assume $y \neq \varepsilon$
have $y^{\textcircled{a}} k \leq_p z \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}} k$
using $\langle y^{\textcircled{a}} k \cdot x = z^{\textcircled{a}} l \rangle$
by (*blast intro!: pref-prod-root*)
moreover have $y^{\textcircled{a}} k \leq_p y \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}} k$
by (*blast intro!: pref-pow-ext'*)
moreover have $1 \leq \text{gcd } |z| |y|$
using $\langle y \neq \varepsilon \rangle$
by (*simp flip: less-eq-Suc-le*)
from *this* $\langle k * |y| \geq |z| + |y| - 1 \rangle$
have $|z| + |y| - (\text{gcd } |z| |y|) \leq k * |y|$
by (*rule le-trans[OF diff-le-mono2]*)
ultimately have $z \cdot y = y \cdot z$
unfolding *pow-len[symmetric]* **by** (*fact per-lemma-comm*)
with $\langle y^{\textcircled{a}} k \cdot x = z^{\textcircled{a}} l \rangle$
show $x \cdot y = y \cdot x$
by (*fact LS-comm*)
qed

lemma *LS-root-len-ge:*

assumes $y^{\textcircled{a}} k \cdot x = z^{\textcircled{a}} l$
and $1 \leq k$ **and** $2 \leq l$
and $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$
shows $(k - 1) * |y| + 2 \leq |z|$
proof (*intro leI notI*)
assume $|z| < (k - 1) * |y| + 2$
then have $|z| + |y| \leq \text{Suc } (k - 1) * |y| + 1$
by *simp*
also have $\dots = k * |y| + 1$
using $\langle 1 \leq k \rangle$ **by** *simp*
finally have $k * |y| \geq |z| + |y| - 1$
unfolding *le-diff-conv.*
from $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle$ *LS-power-len-ge*[*OF* $\langle y^{\textcircled{a}} k \cdot x = z^{\textcircled{a}} l \rangle$ *this*]
show *False..*
qed

lemma *LS-root-len-le:*

assumes $y^{\textcircled{a}} k \cdot x = z^{\textcircled{a}} l$
and $1 \leq k$ **and** $2 \leq l$
and $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$
shows $|z| \leq |x| + |y| - 2$
proof –
have $|x| + k * |y| = l * |z|$
using *lenarg*[*OF* $\langle y^{\textcircled{a}} k \cdot x = z^{\textcircled{a}} l \rangle$]
by (*simp only: pow-len lenmorph add.commute[of |x|]*)
have $|z| \leq (l - 1) * |z|$
using *diff-le-mono*[*OF* $\langle 2 \leq l, \text{ of } 1 \rangle$] **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = |x| + k * |y| - |z|$

unfolding *diff-mult-distrib* $\langle |x| + k * |y| = l * |z| \rangle$ [*symmetric*] **by** *simp*
also have $\dots \leq |x| + k * |y| - ((k - 1) * |y| + 2)$
using *LS-root-len-ge* [*OF assms*]
by (*rule diff-le-mono2*)
also have $\dots \leq |x| + |y| - 2$
using $\langle 1 \leq k \rangle$ **unfolding** *diff-diff-eq* [*symmetric*]
by (*intro diff-le-mono*) (*simp add: le-diff-conv add.assoc diff-mult-distrib*)
finally show $|z| \leq |x| + |y| - 2$.
qed

lemma *LS-exp-le'*:

assumes $y @ k \cdot x = z @ l$
and $2 \leq l$
and $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$
shows $k \leq (|x| - 4) \text{ div } |y| + 2$
proof (*cases 1 ≤ k*)
assume $1 \leq k$
have $|y| > 0$
using $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle$ **by** *blast*
have $(k - 1) * |y| + 2 \leq |z|$
using *LS-root-len-ge* $\langle y @ k \cdot x = z @ l \rangle$ $\langle 1 \leq k \rangle$ $\langle 2 \leq l \rangle$ $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle$.
also have $|z| \leq |x| + |y| - 2$
using *LS-root-len-le* $\langle y @ k \cdot x = z @ l \rangle$ $\langle 1 \leq k \rangle$ $\langle 2 \leq l \rangle$ $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle$.
finally have $(k - 1) * |y| + 2 \leq |x| + |y| - 2$.
then have $(k - 1) * |y| + 2 - |y| - 2 \leq |x| + |y| - 2 - |y| - 2$
by (*intro diff-le-mono*)
then have $(k - 1) * |y| + 2 - 2 - |y| \leq |x| - (2 + 2)$
unfolding *diff-commute* [*of - 2 |y|*] **unfolding** *diff-add-inverse2* *diff-diff-eq*.
then have $(k - (1 + 1)) * |y| \leq |x| - 4$
unfolding *diff-add-inverse2* *nat-distrib* *diff-diff-eq* *mult-1*
by *presburger*
then show $k \leq (|x| - 4) \text{ div } |y| + 2$
using $\langle |y| > 0 \rangle$
by (*simp only: less-eq-div-iff-mult-less-eq one-add-one flip: le-diff-conv*)
qed (*simp add: trans-le-add2*)

lemma *LS-exp-le*:

assumes $x \cdot y @ k = z @ l$
and $2 \leq l$
and $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$
shows $k \leq (|x| - 4) \text{ div } |y| + 2$
using *LS-exp-le'* [*reversed, OF* $\langle x \cdot y @ k = z @ l \rangle$ $\langle 2 \leq l \rangle$ $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle$] [*symmetric*].

thm *bin-imprim-expsE*

lemma *bin-imprim-code-witnessE*:

assumes $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$ **and** $|y| \leq |x|$
and $ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\}$ **and** $2 \leq |ws|$
and *primitive ws* **and** $\neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws)$

obtains $ws \sim [x, x, y]$
| k **where** $1 \leq k$ **and** $k \leq (|x| - 4) \text{ div } |y| + 2$
and $ws \sim [x] \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a} k}$
proof –
obtain $j k$
where $1 \leq j$ **and** $1 \leq k$ **and** $j = 1 \vee k = 1$
and *witness-iff*: $\bigwedge ws. ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\} \implies 2 \leq |ws| \implies$
 $(\text{primitive } ws \wedge \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws)) \iff ws \sim [x]^{\textcircled{a} j} \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a} k}$
and
 $j\text{-ge}$: $|y| \leq |x| \implies 2 \leq j \implies j = 2 \wedge \text{primitive } x \wedge \text{primitive } y$ **and**
 $k\text{-ge}$: $|y| \leq |x| \implies 2 \leq k \implies j = 1 \wedge \text{primitive } x$
by (*fact bin-imprim-code*[*OF assms*(1, 3 – 6)])
have $ws \sim [x]^{\textcircled{a} j} \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a} k}$
using *witness-iff*[*OF* $\langle ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\} \rangle \langle 2 \leq |ws| \rangle \langle \text{primitive } ws \rangle \langle \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws) \rangle$]
by *simp*
show *thesis*
proof (*cases*)
assume $2 \leq j$
from $j\text{-ge}$ [*OF* $\langle |y| \leq |x| \rangle \text{this} \rangle \langle j = 1 \vee k = 1 \rangle$]
have $j = 2$ **and** $k = 1$
by *simp-all*
then **have** $ws \sim [x, x, y]$
using $\langle ws \sim [x]^{\textcircled{a} j} \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a} k} \rangle$ **by** *simp*
then **show** *thesis..*
next
assume $\neg 2 \leq j$
with $\langle 1 \leq j \rangle$ **have** $j = 1$
by *simp*
then **have** $ws \sim [x] \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a} k}$
using $\langle ws \sim [x]^{\textcircled{a} j} \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a} k} \rangle$ **by** *simp*
then **have** $\neg \text{primitive } (x \cdot y^{\textcircled{a} k})$
using $\langle \neg \text{primitive } (\text{concat } ws) \rangle$ **unfolding** *conjug-concat-prim-iff*[*OF* $\langle ws \sim [x] \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a} k} \rangle$]
by *simp*
moreover **have** $x \cdot y^{\textcircled{a} k} \neq \varepsilon$
using $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle$ **by** (*intro notI*) *simp*
ultimately **obtain** $z l$
where $2 \leq l$ **and** $z^{\textcircled{a} l} = x \cdot y^{\textcircled{a} k}$
by (*elim not-prim-expE*)
have $k \leq (|x| - 4) \text{ div } |y| + 2$
using *LS-exp-le*[*OF* $\langle z^{\textcircled{a} l} = x \cdot y^{\textcircled{a} k} \rangle$ [*symmetric*] $\langle 2 \leq l \rangle \langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle$].
from $\langle 1 \leq k \rangle$ **this** $\langle ws \sim [x] \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a} k} \rangle$
show *thesis..*
qed
qed

0.8.1 Optimality of the exponent upper bound

lemma *examples-bound-optimality*:

fixes m k and x y z :: *binA list*

assumes $1 \leq m$ and $k' = 0 \implies m = 1$

defines $x \equiv a \cdot b \cdot (b \cdot (a \cdot b)^{\textcircled{m}})^{\textcircled{k' \cdot b \cdot a}}$

and $y \equiv b \cdot (a \cdot b)^{\textcircled{m}}$

and $z \equiv a \cdot b \cdot (b \cdot (a \cdot b)^{\textcircled{m}})^{\textcircled{k' + 1}}$

and $k \equiv k' + 2$

shows $|y| \leq |x|$ and $x \cdot y^{\textcircled{k}} = z \cdot z$ and $k = (|x| - 4) \text{ div } |y| + 2$

proof –

obtain m' where $m: m = m' + 1$

using $\langle 1 \leq m \rangle$ using *add.commute le-Suc-ex* by *blast*

have $x\text{-len}: |x| = k' * (2 * m + 1) + 4$

unfolding $x\text{-def}$ by (*simp add: pow-len*)

have $y\text{-len}: |y| = 2 * m + 1$

unfolding $y\text{-def}$ by (*simp add: pow-len*)

have $z\text{-len}: |z| = (k' + 1) * (2 * m + 1) + 2$

unfolding $z\text{-def}$ by (*simp add: pow-len*)

show $|y| \leq |x|$

using $\langle k' = 0 \implies m = 1 \rangle$ unfolding $x\text{-len}$ $y\text{-len}$

by (*cases k'*) (*simp-all add: pow-len*)

show $x \cdot y^{\textcircled{k}} = z \cdot z$

unfolding $x\text{-def}$ $y\text{-def}$ $z\text{-def}$ $k\text{-def}$

by *comparison*

show $k = (|x| - 4) \text{ div } |y| + 2$

proof –

have $|x| - 4 = k' * |y|$

unfolding $x\text{-len}$ $y\text{-len}$ by *simp*

have $|y| \neq 0$

unfolding $y\text{-def}$ by *blast*

have $k' = (|x| - 4) \text{ div } |y|$

unfolding $\langle |x| - 4 = k' * |y| \rangle$ *nonzero-mult-div-cancel-right[OF $\langle |y| \neq 0 \rangle$]*..

then show $k = (|x| - 4) \text{ div } |y| + 2$

unfolding $k\text{-def}$ by *blast*

qed

qed

0.9 Characterization of binary primitivity preserving morphisms given by a pair of words

lemma *len-le-not-bin-primE*:

assumes $|y| \leq |x|$

and $\neg \text{bin-prim } x$ y

obtains $\neg \text{primitive } (x \cdot x \cdot y)$

| k where $1 \leq k$ and $k \leq (|x| - 4) \text{ div } |y| + 2$

and $\neg \text{primitive } (x \cdot y^{\textcircled{k}})$

proof (*cases*)

assume $x \cdot y = y \cdot x$

have \neg primitive $(x \cdot x \cdot y)$
using $\langle x \cdot y = y \cdot x \rangle \langle |y| \leq |x| \rangle$
by (cases $x \neq \varepsilon$) (intro comm-not-prim, simp-all)
then show thesis..

next
assume $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$
then have $x \neq y$
by blast
obtain *ws* **where**
 $ws \in \text{lists } \{x, y\}$ **and** $2 \leq |ws|$ **and** primitive *ws* **and** \neg primitive (concat *ws*)
using $\langle \neg$ bin-prim $x \ y \rangle$ **unfolding** bin-prim-concat-prim-pres-conv[OF $\langle x \neq y \rangle$]
by blast
then consider $ws \sim [x, x, y]$
 $|k$ **where** $1 \leq k$ **and** $k \leq (|x| - 4) \text{ div } |y| + 2$
and $ws \sim [x] \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}} k$
by (rule bin-imprim-code-witnessE[OF $\langle x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \rangle \langle |y| \leq |x| \rangle$])
then show thesis
proof (cases)
assume $ws \sim [x, x, y]$
then have \neg primitive $(x \cdot x \cdot y)$
using $\langle \neg$ primitive (concat *ws*) \rangle
by (simp add: conjug-concat-prim-iff)
then show thesis..

next
fix k
assume $1 \leq k$ **and** $k \leq (|x| - 4) \text{ div } |y| + 2$ **and** $ws \sim [x] \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}} k$
have \neg primitive $(x \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}} k)$
using $\langle ws \sim [x] \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}} k \rangle \langle \neg$ primitive (concat *ws*) \rangle
by (simp add: conjug-concat-prim-iff)
from $\langle 1 \leq k \rangle \langle k \leq (|x| - 4) \text{ div } |y| + 2 \rangle$ **this**
show thesis..

qed
qed

lemma bin-prim-xyk:
assumes bin-prim $x \ y$ **and** $0 < k$
shows primitive $(x \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}} k)$
proof –
have primitive $([x] \cdot [y]^{\textcircled{a}} k)$
using bin-prim-code[OF bin-prim $x \ y$]
by (intro prim-abk) blast
from bin-prim-concat-prim-pres[OF bin-prim $x \ y$] - - **this** $\langle 0 < k \rangle$
show primitive $(x \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}} k)$
by (simp add: pow-in-lists)

qed

lemma len-le-bin-prim-iff:
assumes $|y| \leq |x|$
shows

$bin\text{-}prim\ x\ y \longleftrightarrow primitive\ (x \cdot x \cdot y) \wedge (\forall k. 1 \leq k \wedge k \leq (|x| - 4)\ div\ |y| + 2 \longrightarrow primitive\ (x \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}}\ k))$
 (is $bin\text{-}prim\ x\ y \longleftrightarrow (?xxy \wedge ?xyk)$)
proof (intro iffI[OF - contrapos-pp])
 assume $bin\text{-}prim\ x\ y$
 show $?xxy \wedge ?xyk$
proof (intro conjI allI impI)
 show $primitive\ (x \cdot x \cdot y)$
 using $bin\text{-}prim\text{-}xyk[OF\ \langle bin\text{-}prim\ x\ y \rangle[symmetric],\ of\ 2]\ conjug\text{-}prim\text{-}iff'$
 by (simp add: $conjug\text{-}prim\text{-}iff'[of\ y]$)
 show $primitive\ (x \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}}\ k)$ if $1 \leq k \wedge k \leq (|x| - 4)\ div\ |y| + 2$ for k
 using $bin\text{-}prim\text{-}xyk[OF\ \langle bin\text{-}prim\ x\ y \rangle,\ of\ k]\ conjunct1[OF\ that]$
 by fastforce
qed
next
 assume $\neg bin\text{-}prim\ x\ y$
then consider $\neg primitive\ (x \cdot x \cdot y)$
 | k where $1 \leq k$ and $k \leq (|x| - 4)\ div\ |y| + 2$
 and $\neg primitive\ (x \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}}\ k)$
by ($elim\ len\text{-}le\text{-}not\text{-}bin\text{-}primE[OF\ \langle |y| \leq |x| \rangle]$)
then show $\neg (?xxy \wedge ?xyk)$
 by (cases) blast+
qed

lemma $len\text{-}eq\text{-}bin\text{-}prim\text{-}iff$:
 assumes $|x| = |y|$
 shows $bin\text{-}prim\ x\ y \longleftrightarrow primitive\ (x \cdot y)$
proof
 show $bin\text{-}prim\ x\ y \implies primitive\ (x \cdot y)$
 using $bin\text{-}prim\text{-}xyk[of\ -\ -\ 1]$
 by simp
 assume $primitive\ (x \cdot y)$
then have $x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x$
 using $assms\ eq\text{-}append\text{-}not\text{-}prim$ by auto
from $this\ bin\text{-}uniform\text{-}prim\text{-}morph[OF\ this\ \langle |x| = |y| \rangle \langle primitive\ (x \cdot y) \rangle]$
show $bin\text{-}prim\ x\ y$
 unfolding $bin\text{-}prim\text{-}altdef2$
 by simp
qed

theorem $bin\text{-}prim\text{-}iff$:
 $bin\text{-}prim\ x\ y \longleftrightarrow$
 (if $|y| < |x|$
 then $primitive\ (x \cdot x \cdot y) \wedge (\forall k. 1 \leq k \wedge k \leq (|x| - 4)\ div\ |y| + 2 \longrightarrow primitive\ (x \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}}\ k))$
 else if $|x| < |y|$
 then $primitive\ (y \cdot y \cdot x) \wedge (\forall k. 1 \leq k \wedge k \leq (|y| - 4)\ div\ |x| + 2 \longrightarrow primitive\ (y \cdot x^{\textcircled{a}}\ k))$
 else $primitive\ (x \cdot y)$)

```

)
proof (cases rule: linorder-cases)
  assume  $|x| < |y|$ 
  then show ?thesis
    unfolding bin-prim-commutes[of x y]
    unfolding len-le-bin-prim-iff[OF less-imp-le[OF <|x| < |y|>]]
    by (simp only: if-not-P[OF less-not-sym] if-P)
next
  assume  $|y| < |x|$ 
  then show ?thesis
    unfolding len-le-bin-prim-iff[OF less-imp-le[OF <|y| < |x|>]]
    by (simp only: if-P)
next
  assume  $|x| = |y|$ 
  then show ?thesis
    unfolding len-eq-bin-prim-iff[OF <|x| = |y|>]
    by simp
qed

```

0.9.1 Code equation for *bin-prim* predicate

```

context
begin

```

```

private lemma all-less-Suc-conv:  $(\forall k < n. P (Suc k)) \longleftrightarrow (\forall k \leq n. k \geq 1 \longrightarrow P k)$ 

```

```

proof (intro iffI allI impI)
  fix k
  assume  $\forall k < n. P (Suc k)$  and  $k \leq n$  and  $1 \leq k$ 
  then show  $P k$ 
    by (elim allE[of - k - 1]) (simp only: Suc-diff-1)
qed simp

```

```

lemma bin-prim-iff' [code]:

```

```

  bin-prim x y  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
    (if  $|y| < |x|$ 
     then primitive (x · x · y)  $\wedge$   $(\forall k < (|x| - 4) \text{ div } |y| + 2. \text{primitive } (x \cdot y^{\textcircled{a}} (Suc k)))$ 
     else if  $|x| < |y|$ 
     then bin-prim y x
     else primitive (x · y)
    )

```

```

proof (cases rule: linorder-cases)
  show  $|x| < |y| \implies ?thesis$ 
    unfolding bin-prim-commutes[of x y]
    by simp
next
  assume  $|y| < |x|$ 
  then show ?thesis

```

```

using len-le-bin-prim-iff[OF less-imp-le[OF <|y| < |x|>]]
unfolding all-less-Suc-conv[where  $P = \lambda k. \text{primitive } (- \cdot - \textcircled{\small a} k)$ ]
unfolding conj-comms[of  $1 \leq -$ ] imp-conjL
by (simp only: if-P)
next
  assume  $|x| = |y|$ 
  then show ?thesis
    unfolding len-eq-bin-prim-iff[OF <|x| = |y|>]
    by simp
qed

end
value bin-prim (a·b·b·a·a) b — True
value bin-prim (a·b·b·a) b — False
value bin-prim (a·b·b·a) (b·a·b·a·b) — False
value bin-prim (a·b) (a·b) — False
value bin-prim (a·b) (a·b·a·b) — False
value bin-prim (a·b·b·a·a) (b·b·b·b·b) — True

```

0.10 Characterization of binary imprimitivity codes

```

theorem bin-imprim-code-iff:
  bin-imprim-code  $x y \iff x \cdot y \neq y \cdot x \wedge$ 
    (if  $|y| < |x|$ 
      then  $\neg \text{primitive } (x \cdot x \cdot y) \vee (\exists k. 1 \leq k \wedge k \leq (|x| - 4) \text{ div } |y| + 2 \wedge \neg$ 
        primitive  $(x \cdot y \textcircled{\small a} k))$ 
      else if  $|x| < |y|$ 
        then  $\neg \text{primitive } (y \cdot y \cdot x) \vee (\exists k. 1 \leq k \wedge k \leq (|y| - 4) \text{ div } |x| + 2 \wedge \neg$ 
          primitive  $(y \cdot x \textcircled{\small a} k))$ 
        else  $\neg \text{primitive } (x \cdot y)$ 
    )
  unfolding bin-imprim-code-def bin-prim-iff
  by (simp only: de-Morgan-conj not-all not-imp conj-assoc flip: if-image[of - Not])

value bin-imprim-code (a·b·b·a·a) b — False
value bin-imprim-code (a·b·b·a) b — True
value bin-imprim-code (a·b·b·a) (b·a·b·a·b) — True
value bin-imprim-code (a·b) (a·b) — False
value bin-imprim-code (a·b) (a·b·a·b) — False
value bin-imprim-code (a·b·b·a·a) (b·b·b·b·b) — False

end

```

References

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