

# The Balog–Szemerédi–Gowers Theorem

Angeliki Koutsoukou-Argyraiki, Mantas Bakšys, and Chelsea Edmonds  
University of Cambridge  
`{ak2110, mb2412, cle47}@cam.ac.uk`

March 17, 2025

## Abstract

We formalise the Balog–Szemerédi–Gowers Theorem, a profound result in additive combinatorics which played a central role in Gowers’s proof deriving the first effective bounds for Szemerédi’s Theorem [2]. The proof is of great mathematical interest given that it involves an interplay between different mathematical areas, namely applications of graph theory and probability theory to additive combinatorics involving algebraic objects. This interplay is what made the process of the formalisation, for which we had to develop formalisations of new background material in the aforementioned areas, more rich and technically challenging. We demonstrate how locales, Isabelle’s module system, can be employed to handle such interplays. To treat the graph-theoretic aspects of the proof, we make use of a new, more general undirected graph theory library developed recently by Chelsea Edmonds, which is both flexible and extensible [1]. For the formalisation we followed a proof presented in the 2022 lecture notes by Timothy Gowers “Introduction to Additive Combinatorics” for Part III of the Mathematical Tripos taught at the University of Cambridge [3]. In addition to the main theorem, which, following our source, is formulated for difference sets, we also give an alternative version for sumsets which required a formalisation of an auxiliary triangle inequality following a proof by Yufei Zhao from his book “Graph Theory and Additive Combinatorics” [4]. We moreover formalise a few additional results in additive combinatorics that are not used in the proof of the main theorem. This is the first formalisation of the Balog–Szemerédi–Gowers Theorem in any proof assistant to our knowledge.

## Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Miscellaneous technical lemmas</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Background material for the graph-theoretic aspects of the main proof</b>	<b>5</b>
2.1	On graphs with loops . . . . .	5
2.2	On bipartite graphs . . . . .	6
<b>3</b>	<b>Auxiliary probability space results</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>A triangle inequality for sumsets</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Background material in additive combinatorics</b>	<b>19</b>
5.1	Additive quadruples and additive energy . . . . .	20
5.2	On sums . . . . .	21
5.3	On differences . . . . .	25
<b>6</b>	<b>Results on lower bounds on additive energy</b>	<b>30</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>Towards the proof of the Balog–Szemerédi–Gowers Theorem</b>	<b>33</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>Supplementary results related to intermediate lemmas used in the proof of the Balog–Szemerédi–Gowers Theorem</b>	<b>65</b>

## Acknowledgements

Angeliki Koutsoukou-Argyraiki is funded by the ERC Advanced Grant ALEXANDRIA (Project GA 742178) funded by the European Research Council and led by Lawrence C. Paulson (University of Cambridge, Department of Computer Science and Technology). Mantas Bakšys received funding for his internship supervised by Koutsoukou-Argyraiki by the Cambridge Mathematics Placements (CMP) Programme and by the ALEXANDRIA Project. Chelsea Edmonds is jointly funded by the Cambridge Trust (Cambridge Australia Scholarship) and a Cambridge Department of Computer Science and Technology Premium Research Studentship.

# 1 Miscellaneous technical lemmas

```

theory Miscellaneous-Lemmas
imports
  HOL-Library.Indicator-Function
  HOL-Analysis.Convex
begin

lemma set-pairs-filter-subset:  $A \subseteq B \implies \{p . p \in A \times A \wedge P p\} \subseteq \{p. p \in B \times B \wedge P p\}$ 
  by (intro subsetI) blast

lemma card-set-ss-indicator:
  assumes  $A \subseteq B$ 
  assumes finite  $B$ 
  shows  $\text{card } A = (\sum p \in B. \text{indicator } A p)$ 
proof -
  obtain  $C$  where  $\text{ceq}: C = B - A$  by blast
  then have  $\text{beq}: B = A \cup C$  using assms by blast
  have  $\text{bint}: A \cap C = \{\}$  using ceq by blast
  have finite: finite  $A$  using assms finite-subset by auto
  have zero:  $\bigwedge p. p \in C \implies \text{indicator } (A) p = 0$ 
    by (simp add: ceq)
  then have  $\text{card } A = (\sum p \in A. \text{indicator } (A) p)$ 
    by simp
  also have ... =  $(\sum p \in A. \text{indicator } A p) + (\sum p \in C. \text{indicator } A p)$ 
    using zero by (metis add-cancel-left-right sum.neutral)
  finally show  $\text{card } A = (\sum p \in B. \text{indicator } A p)$  using beq bint assms
    by (metis add.commute ceq sum.subset-diff)
qed

lemma card-cartesian-prod-square: finite  $X \implies \text{card } (X \times X) = (\text{card } X)^{\wedge 2}$ 
  using card-cartesian-product by (simp add: power2_eq_square)

lemma (in ordered-ab-group-add) diff-strict1-mono:
  assumes  $a > a' b \leq b'$ 
  shows  $a - b > a' - b'$ 
  using diff-strict-mono assms
  by (metis local.diff-strict-right-mono local.dual-order.not-eq-order-implies-strict)

lemma card-cartesian-product-6:  $\text{card } (A \times A \times A \times A \times A \times A) = (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 6}$ 
proof-
  have  $\text{card } (A \times A \times A \times A \times A \times A) =$ 
     $\text{card } A * \text{card } A$ 
    using card-cartesian-product mult.commute by metis
  then show ?thesis by algebra
qed

```

```

lemma card-cartesian-product3:  $\text{card } (X \times Y \times Z) = \text{card } X * \text{card } Y * \text{card } Z$ 
  using card-cartesian-product by (metis mult.commute mult.left-commute)

```

```

lemma card-le-image-div:
  fixes A:: 'a set and B:: 'b set and f:: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  'b set and r:: real
  assumes finite B and pairwise ( $\lambda s t. \text{disjnt } (f s) (f t)$ ) A and  $\forall d \in A. (\text{card } (f d)) \geq r$ 
  and  $\forall d \in A. f d \subseteq B$  and  $r > 0$ 
  shows  $\text{card } A \leq \text{card } B / r$ 

proof (cases finite A)
  assume hA: finite A
  have hpair-disj: pairwise disjoint ( $f ` A$ ) using assms by (metis pairwiseD pairwise-imageI)
  have  $r * \text{card } A = (\sum d \in A. r)$  by simp
  also have ...  $\leq (\sum d \in A. \text{card } (f d))$  using assms sum-mono by fastforce
  also have ... = sum card ( $f ` A$ ) using assms hA by (simp add: sum-card-image)
  also have ... = card ( $\bigcup d \in A. f d$ ) using assms hA hpair-disj
    by (metis Sup-upper card-Union-disjoint finite-UN-I rev-finite-subset)
  also have ...  $\leq \text{card } B$  using assms card-mono
    by (metis UN-subset-iff of-nat-le-iff)
  finally have  $r * \text{card } A \leq \text{card } B$  by linarith
  thus ?thesis using divide-le-eq assms by (simp add: mult-imp-le-div-pos mult-of-nat-commute)
  next
    assume  $\neg \text{finite } A$ 
    thus ?thesis using assms by auto
  qed

```

```

lemma list-middle-eq:
  length xs = length ys  $\Longrightarrow$  hd xs = hd ys  $\Longrightarrow$  last xs = last ys
   $\Longrightarrow$  butlast (tl xs) = butlast (tl ys)  $\Longrightarrow$  xs = ys
  apply (induct xs ys rule: list-induct2, simp)
  by (metis append-butlast-last-id butlast.simps(1) butlast.simps(2) butlast-tl hd-Cons-tl
    impossible-Cons le-refl list.sel(3) neq-Nil-conv)

```

```

lemma list2-middle-singleton:
  assumes length xs = 3
  shows butlast (tl xs) = [xs ! 1]
  proof (simp add: list-eq-iff-nth-eq assms)
    have l: length (butlast (tl xs)) = 1 using length-butlast length-tl assms by simp
    then have butlast (tl xs) ! 0 = (tl xs) ! 0 using nth-butlast[of 0 tl xs] by simp
    then show butlast (tl xs) ! 0 = xs ! Suc 0 using nth-tl[of 0 xs] l by simp
  qed

```

```

lemma le-powr-half-mult:

```

```

fixes x y z:: real
assumes x ^ 2 ≤ y * z and 0 ≤ y and 0 ≤ z
shows x ≤ y powr(1/2) * z powr (1/2)
using assms power2-eq-square
by (metis dual-order.trans linorder-linear powr-ge-zero powr-half-sqrt powr-mult
real-le-rsqrt
real-sqrt-le-0-iff)

lemma Cauchy-Schwarz-ineq-sum2:
fixes f g:: 'a ⇒ real and A:: 'a set
shows (∑ d ∈ A. f d * g d) ≤
    (∑ d ∈ A. (f d) ^ 2) powr (1/2) * (∑ d ∈ A. (g d) ^ 2) powr (1/2)
using Convex.Cauchy-Schwarz-ineq-sum[of f g A] le-powr-half-mult sum-nonneg
zero-le-power2
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting))

end

```

## 2 Background material for the graph-theoretic aspects of the main proof

This section includes a number of lemmas on project specific definitions for graph theory, building on the general undirected graph theory library [1]

```

theory Graph-Theory-Preliminaries
imports
  Miscellaneous-Lemmas
  Undirected-Graph-Theory.Bipartite-Graphs
  Undirected-Graph-Theory.Connectivity
  Random-Graph-Subgraph-Threshold.Ugraph-Misc
begin

```

### 2.1 On graphs with loops

```
context ulgraph
```

```
begin
```

```
definition degree-normalized:: 'a ⇒ 'a set ⇒ real where
  degree-normalized v S ≡ card (neighbors-ss v S) / (card S)
```

```
lemma degree-normalized-le-1: degree-normalized x S ≤ 1
```

```

proof(cases finite S)
assume hA: finite S
then have card (neighbors-ss x S) ≤ card S using neighbors-ss-def card-mono
hA
by fastforce
then show ?thesis using degree-normalized-def divide-le-eq-1

```

```

  by (metis antisym-conv3 of-nat-le-iff of-nat-less-0-iff)
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis using degree-normalized-def by auto
qed

end

```

## 2.2 On bipartite graphs

```

context bipartite-graph
begin

```

```

definition codegree:: 'a ⇒ 'a ⇒ nat where
  codegree v u ≡ card {x ∈ V . vert-adj v x ∧ vert-adj u x}

```

```

lemma codegree-neighbors: codegree v u = card (neighborhood v ∩ neighborhood u)
  unfolding codegree-def neighborhood-def

```

```

proof -
  have {x ∈ V. vert-adj v x ∧ vert-adj u x} = {va ∈ V. vert-adj v va} ∩ {v ∈ V.
  vert-adj u v}
    by blast
  thus card {x ∈ V. vert-adj v x ∧ vert-adj u x} = card ({va ∈ V. vert-adj v va}
  ∩ {v ∈ V. vert-adj u v})
    by auto
qed

```

```

lemma codegree-sym: codegree v u = codegree u v
  by (simp add: Int-commute codegree-neighbors)

```

```

definition codegree-normalized:: 'a ⇒ 'a set ⇒ real where
  codegree-normalized v u S ≡ codegree v u / card S

```

```

lemma codegree-normalized-altX:
  assumes x ∈ X and x' ∈ X
  shows codegree-normalized x x' Y = card (neighbors-ss x Y ∩ neighbors-ss x' Y)
  / card Y

```

```

proof -
  have ((neighbors-ss x Y) ∩ (neighbors-ss x' Y)) = neighborhood x ∩ neighborhood
  x'
    using neighbors-ss-eq-neighborhoodX assms by auto
  then show ?thesis unfolding codegree-normalized-def
    using codegree-def codegree-neighbors by presburger
qed

```

```

lemma codegree-normalized-altY:

```

```

assumes  $y \in Y$  and  $y' \in Y$ 
shows codegree-normalized  $y y' X = \text{card}(\text{neighbors-ss } y X \cap \text{neighbors-ss } y' X)$ 
/  $\text{card } X$ 

proof -
have  $\text{neighbors-ss } y X \cap \text{neighbors-ss } y' X = \text{neighborhood } y \cap \text{neighborhood } y'$ 
using neighbors-ss-eq-neighborhoodY assms by auto
then show ?thesis unfolding codegree-normalized-def
using codegree-def codegree-neighbors by presburger
qed

lemma codegree-normalized-sym: codegree-normalized  $u v S = \text{codegree-normalized}$ 
 $v u S$ 
unfolding codegree-normalized-def using codegree-sym by simp

definition bad-pair:: ' $a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ ' where
bad-pair  $v u S c \equiv \text{codegree-normalized } v u S < c$ 

lemma bad-pair-sym:
assumes bad-pair  $v u S c$  shows bad-pair  $u v S c$ 
using assms bad-pair-def codegree-normalized-def
by (simp add: codegree-normalized-sym)

definition bad-pair-set:: ' $\text{set} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{real} \Rightarrow ('a \times 'a) \text{ set}$ ' where
bad-pair-set  $S T c \equiv \{(u, v) \in S \times S. \text{bad-pair } u v T c\}$ 

lemma bad-pair-set-ss: bad-pair-set  $S T c \subseteq S \times S$ 
by (auto simp add: bad-pair-set-def)

lemma bad-pair-set-filter-alt:
bad-pair-set  $S T c = \text{Set.filter}(\lambda p. \text{bad-pair } (\text{fst } p) (\text{snd } p) T c) (S \times S)$ 
using bad-pair-set-def by auto

lemma bad-pair-set-finite:
assumes finite  $S$ 
shows finite (bad-pair-set  $S T c$ )
proof -
have finite ( $S \times S$ ) using finite-cartesian-product assms by blast
thus ?thesis using bad-pair-set-filter-alt finite-filter by auto
qed

lemma codegree-is-path-length-two:
codegree  $x x' = \text{card}\{p . \text{connecting-path } x x' p \wedge \text{walk-length } p = 2\}$ 
unfolding codegree-def
proof -
define f:: ' $a \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a$ ' where  $f = (\lambda p. p!1)$ 
have f-inj: inj-on f  $\{p . \text{connecting-path } x x' p \wedge \text{walk-length } p = 2\}$ 
unfolding f-def
proof (intro inj-onI, simp del: One-nat-def)

```

```

fix a b assume ha: connecting-path x x' a ∧ walk-length a = 2 and
hb: connecting-path x x' b ∧ walk-length b = 2 and 1: a!1 = b!1
then have len: length a = 3 length b = 3 using walk-length-conv by auto
show a = b using list2-middle-singleton 1 len list-middle-eq ha hb connecting-path-def len by metis
qed
have f-image: f ` {p . connecting-path x x' p ∧ walk-length p = 2} =
{xa ∈ V. vert-adj x xa ∧ vert-adj x' xa}
proof(intro subset-antisym)
show f ` {p. connecting-path x x' p ∧ walk-length p = 2}
⊆ {xa ∈ V. vert-adj x xa ∧ vert-adj x' xa}
proof (intro subsetI)
fix a assume a ∈ f ` {p. connecting-path x x' p ∧ walk-length p = 2}
then obtain p where ha: p!1 = a and hp: connecting-path x x' p and hpl:
length p = 3
using f-def walk-length-conv by auto
have p ! 0 = x using hd-conv-nth[of p] hpl hp connecting-path-def by fastforce

then have va1: vert-adj x a using is-walk-index[of 0 p] hp connecting-path-def
is-gen-path-def
vert-adj-def ha hpl by auto
have p ! 2 = x' using last-conv-nth[of p] hpl hp connecting-path-def by
fastforce
then have vert-adj a x' using is-walk-index[of 1 p] hp connecting-path-def
is-gen-path-def
vert-adj-def ha hpl by (metis One-nat-def le0 lessI numeral-3-eq-3
one-add-one)
then show a ∈ {a ∈ V. vert-adj x a ∧ vert-adj x' a}
using va1 vert-adj-sym by (simp add: vert-adj-imp-inV)
qed
show {xa ∈ V. vert-adj x xa ∧ vert-adj x' xa}
⊆ f ` {p. connecting-path x x' p ∧ walk-length p = 2}
proof (intro subsetI)
fix a assume ha: a ∈ {xa ∈ V. vert-adj x xa ∧ vert-adj x' xa}
then have a ∈ V and x ∈ V and x' ∈ V and vert-adj x a and vert-adj x' a
using vert-adj-imp-inV by auto
then have is-gen-path [x, a, x']
using is-walk-def vert-adj-def vert-adj-sym ha singleton-not-edge is-gen-path-def
by auto
then have connecting-path x x' [x, a, x']
unfolding connecting-path-def vert-adj-def hd-conv-nth last-conv-nth by
simp
moreover have walk-length [x, a, x'] = 2 using walk-length-conv by simp
ultimately show a ∈ f ` {p. connecting-path x x' p ∧ walk-length p = 2}
using f-def by force
qed
qed
then show card {xa ∈ V. vert-adj x xa ∧ vert-adj x' xa} =
card {p. connecting-path x x' p ∧ walk-length p = 2}

```

```

    using f-inj card-image by fastforce
qed

lemma codegree-bipartite-eq:
 $\forall x \in X. \forall x' \in X. \text{codegree } x x' = \text{card } \{y \in Y. \text{vert-adj } x y \wedge \text{vert-adj } x' y\}$ 
unfolding codegree-def using vert-adj-imp-inV X-vert-adj-Y
by (metis (no-types, lifting) Collect-cong)

lemma (in fin-bipartite-graph) bipartite-deg-square-eq:
 $\forall y \in Y. (\sum x' \in X. \sum x \in X. \text{indicator } \{z. \text{vert-adj } x z \wedge \text{vert-adj } x' z\} y) = (\text{degree } y)^2$ 
proof
  have hX: finite X by (simp add: partitions-finite(1))
  fix y assume hy: y ∈ Y
  have 1:  $\forall x' \in X. \forall x \in X. \text{indicator } \{z. \text{vert-adj } x z \wedge \text{vert-adj } x' z\} y = \text{indicator } (\{z. \text{vert-adj } x' z\} \cap \{z. \text{vert-adj } x z\}) y$ 
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Int-Collect indicator-simps(1) indicator-simps(2)
mem-Collect-eq)
  have 2:  $\forall x' \in X. \forall x \in X. (\text{indicator } (\{z. \text{vert-adj } x' z\} \cap \{z. \text{vert-adj } x z\}) y :: nat) = \text{indicator } \{z. \text{vert-adj } x' z\} y * \text{indicator } \{z. \text{vert-adj } x z\} y$  using indicator-inter-arith
    by auto
  have ( $\sum x' \in X. \sum x \in X. (\text{indicator } \{z. \text{vert-adj } x z \wedge \text{vert-adj } x' z\} y :: nat)$ ) =
    ( $\sum x' \in X. \sum x \in X. \text{indicator } (\{z. \text{vert-adj } x' z\} \cap \{z. \text{vert-adj } x z\}) y$ )
    using 1 sum.cong by (metis (no-types, lifting))
  also have ... = ( $\sum x' \in X. \sum x \in X. \text{indicator } \{z. \text{vert-adj } x' z\} y * \text{indicator } \{z. \text{vert-adj } x z\} y$ ) using 2 sum.cong by auto
  also have ... = sum (λ x. indicator {z. vert-adj x z} y) X * sum (λ x. indicator {z. vert-adj x z} y) X
    using sum-product[of (λ x. (indicator {z. vert-adj x z} y :: nat)) X
      (λ x. indicator {z. vert-adj x z} y) X] by auto
  finally have 3: ( $\sum x' \in X. \sum x \in X. (\text{indicator } \{z. \text{vert-adj } x z \wedge \text{vert-adj } x' z\} y :: nat)$ ) =
    (sum (λ x. indicator {z. vert-adj x z} y) X) ^ 2 using power2-eq-square
    by (metis (no-types, lifting))
  have  $\forall x \in X. \text{indicator } \{z. \text{vert-adj } x z\} y = \text{indicator } \{x. \text{vert-adj } x y\} x$ 
    by (simp add: indicator-def)
  from this have (sum (λ x. indicator {z. vert-adj x z} y) X) = sum (λ x. indicator {x. vert-adj x y} x) X
    using sum.cong by fastforce
  also have ... = card ({x ∈ X. vert-adj x y}) using sum-indicator-eq-card hX
    by (metis Collect-conj-eq Collect-mem-eq)
  finally show ( $\sum x' \in X. \sum x \in X. \text{indicator } \{z. \text{vert-adj } x z \wedge \text{vert-adj } x' z\} y$ ) = ( $\text{degree } y$ ) ^ 2
    using 3 hy degree-neighbors-ssY neighbors-ss-def vert-adj-sym by presburger
qed

```

**lemma (in fin-bipartite-graph) codegree-degree:**  
 $(\sum x' \in X. \sum x \in X. (\text{codegree } x x')) = (\sum y \in Y. (\text{degree } y)^{\wedge 2})$

**proof–**

```

have hX: finite X and hY: finite Y
    by (simp-all add: partitions-finite)
have  $\forall x' \in X. \forall x \in X. \{z \in V. \text{vert-adj } x z \wedge \text{vert-adj } x' z\} = Y \cap \{z. \text{vert-adj } x z \wedge \text{vert-adj } x' z\}$ 
    using XY-union X-vert-adj-Y by fastforce
from this have  $(\sum x' \in X. \sum x \in X. (\text{codegree } x x')) = (\sum x' \in X. \sum x \in X. \text{card}(Y \cap \{z. \text{vert-adj } x z \wedge \text{vert-adj } x' z\}))$ 
    using codegree-def sum.cong by auto
also have ...  $= (\sum x' \in X. \sum x \in X. \sum y \in Y. \text{indicator}\{z. \text{vert-adj } x z \wedge \text{vert-adj } x' z\} y)$ 
    using sum-indicator-eq-card hY by fastforce
also have ...  $= (\sum x' \in X. \sum y \in Y. (\sum x \in X. \text{indicator}\{z. \text{vert-adj } x z \wedge \text{vert-adj } x' z\} y))$ 
    using sum.swap by (metis (no-types))
also have ...  $= (\sum y \in Y. \sum x' \in X. (\sum x \in X. \text{indicator}\{z. \text{vert-adj } x z \wedge \text{vert-adj } x' z\} y))$ 
    using sum.swap by fastforce
also have ...  $= (\sum y \in Y. (\text{degree } y)^{\wedge 2})$  using bipartite-deg-square-eq sum.cong
by force
finally show ?thesis by simp
qed

```

**lemma (in fin-bipartite-graph) sum-degree-normalized-X-density:**  
 $(\sum x \in X. \text{degree-normalized } x Y) / \text{card } X = \text{edge-density } X Y$ 
**by** (smt (z3) card-all-edges-betw-neighbor card-edges-between-set degree-normalized-def
divide-divide-eq-left' density-simp of-nat-mult of-nat-sum partitions-finite(1)
partitions-finite(2) sum.cong sum-left-div-distrib)

**lemma (in fin-bipartite-graph) sum-degree-normalized-Y-density:**  
 $(\sum y \in Y. \text{degree-normalized } y X) / \text{card } Y = \text{edge-density } X Y$ 
**using** bipartite-sym fin-bipartite-graph.sum-degree-normalized-X-density fin-bipartite-graph-def
fin-graph-system-axioms edge-density-commute **by** fastforce

```

end
end

```

### 3 Auxiliary probability space results

```

theory Prob-Space-Lemmas
imports
    Random-Graph-Subgraph-Threshold.Prob-Lemmas
begin

```

**context** prob-space

**begin**

**lemma** *expectation-uniform-count*:

**assumes**  $M = \text{uniform-count-measure } X \text{ and finite } X$   
**shows**  $\text{expectation } f = (\sum x \in X. f x) / \text{card } X$

**proof –**

**have**  $\text{expectation } f = (\sum x \in X. (1 / (\text{card } X)) * f x)$   
**using** *assms uniform-count-measure-def bot-nat-0.extremum of-nat-0 of-nat-le-iff real-scaleR-def*  
*lebesgue-integral-point-measure-finite[of - (\lambda x. 1 / card X) f]*  
*scaleR-sum-right sum-distrib-left zero-le-divide-1-iff by metis*  
**then show** ?thesis **using** *sum-left-div-distrib by fastforce*  
**qed**

A lemma to obtain a value for  $x$  where the inequality is satisfied

**lemma** *expectation-obtains-ge*:

**fixes**  $f :: 'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$   
**assumes**  $M = \text{uniform-count-measure } X \text{ and finite } X$   
**assumes**  $\text{expectation } f \geq c$   
**obtains**  $x \text{ where } x \in X \text{ and } f x \geq c$

**proof –**

**have**  $\text{ne}: X \neq \{\}$   
**using** *assms(1) subprob-not-empty by auto*  
**then have**  $\text{ne0}: \text{card } X > 0$   
**by** (*simp add: assms(2) card-gt-0-iff*)  
**have**  $\exists x \in X . f x \geq c$   
**proof** (*rule ccontr*)  
**assume**  $\neg (\exists x \in X. c \leq f x)$   
**then have**  $\forall x \in X. c > f x$  **by** *auto*  
**then have**  $(\sum x \in X. f x) < (\sum x \in X. c)$   
**by** (*meson assms(2) ne sum-strict-mono*)  
**then have**  $\text{lt}: (\sum x \in X. f x) < (\text{card } X) * c$  **by** *simp*  
**have**  $\text{expectation } f = (\sum x \in X. f x) / \text{card } X$  **using** *expectation-uniform-count assms by auto*  
**then have**  $(\sum x \in X. f x) \geq (\text{card } X) * c$  **using** *ne0 assms*  
**by** (*simp add: le-divide-eq mult-of-nat-commute*)  
**then show** *False* **using** *lt by auto*  
**qed**  
**then show** ?thesis **using** *that by auto*  
**qed**

The following is the variation on the Cauchy-Schwarz inequality presented in Gowers's notes before Lemma 2.13 [3].

**lemma** *cauchy-schwarz-ineq-var*:

**fixes**  $X :: 'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$   
**assumes** *integrable M (\lambda x. (X x) ^ 2) and X ∈ borel-measurable M*

**shows**  $\text{expectation}(\lambda x. (X x) \wedge 2) \geq (\text{expectation}(\lambda x. (X x))) \wedge 2$

**proof** –

**have**  $\text{expectation}(\lambda x. (X x) \wedge 2) - (\text{expectation}(\lambda x. (X x))) \wedge 2 = \text{expectation}(\lambda x. (X x - \text{expectation } X) \wedge 2)$

**using** variance-expectation assms(1) assms(2) by presburger

**then have**  $\text{expectation}(\lambda x. (X x) \wedge 2) - (\text{expectation}(\lambda x. (X x))) \wedge 2 \geq 0$  by simp

**thus** ?thesis by simp

**qed**

**lemma** integrable-uniform-count-measure-finite:

**fixes**  $g :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{\text{banach}, \text{second-countable-topology}\}$

**shows** finite  $A \implies \text{integrable}(\text{uniform-count-measure } A) g$

**unfolding** uniform-count-measure-def by (simp add: integrable-point-measure-finite)

**lemma** cauchy-schwarz-ineq-var-uniform:

**fixes**  $X :: 'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$

**assumes**  $M = \text{uniform-count-measure } S$

**assumes** finite  $S$

**shows**  $\text{expectation}(\lambda x. (X x) \wedge 2) \geq (\text{expectation}(\lambda x. (X x))) \wedge 2$

**proof** –

**have** borel:  $X \in \text{borel-measurable } M$  using assms by (simp)

**have** integrable  $M X$  using assms by (simp add: integrable-uniform-count-measure-finite)

**then have** integrable  $M (\lambda x. (X x) \wedge 2)$  using assms by (simp add: integrable-uniform-count-measure-finite)

**thus** ?thesis using cauchy-schwarz-ineq-var borel by simp

**qed**

An equation for expectation over a discrete random variables distribution:

**lemma** expectation-finite-uniform-space:

**assumes**  $M = \text{uniform-count-measure } S$  and finite  $S$

**fixes**  $X :: 'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$

**shows**  $\text{expectation } X = (\sum y \in X 'S . \text{prob} \{x \in S . X x = y\} * y)$

**proof** –

**have** Bochner-Integration.simple-bochner-integrable  $M X$

**proof** (safe intro!: Bochner-Integration.simple-bochner-integrable.intros)

**show** simple-function  $M X$  unfolding simple-function-def using assms

by (auto simp add: space-uniform-count-measure)

**show** emeasure  $M \{y \in \text{space } M . X y \neq 0\} = \infty \implies \text{False}$

using emeasure-subprob-space-less-top by (auto)

**qed**

**then have**  $\text{expectation } X = \text{Bochner-Integration.simple-bochner-integral } M X$

using simple-bochner-integrable-eq-integral by fastforce

**thus** ?thesis using Bochner-Integration.simple-bochner-integral-def space-uniform-count-measure by (metis (no-types, lifting) Collect-cong assms(1) real-scaleR-def sum.cong)

**qed**

**lemma** *expectation-finite-uniform-indicator*:  
  **assumes**  $M = \text{uniform-count-measure } S$  **and**  $\text{finite } S$   
  **shows**  $\text{expectation}(\lambda x. \text{indicator}(T x) y) = \text{prob}\{x \in S . \text{indicator}(T x) y = 1\}$  (**is**  $\text{expectation } ?X = \neg$ )

**proof** –

**have**  $ss: ?X ' S \subseteq \{0, 1\}$   
    **by** (*intro subsetI*, *auto simp add: indicator-eq-1-iff*)  
  **have**  $diff: \bigwedge y'. y' \in (\{0, 1\} - ?X ' S) \implies \text{prob}\{x \in S . ?X x = y'\} = 0$   
    **by** (*metis (mono-tags, lifting) DiffD2 empty-Collect-eq image-eqI measure-empty*)  
  **have**  $\text{expectation } ?X = (\sum y \in ?X ' S . \text{prob}\{x \in S . ?X x = y\} * y)$   
    **using** *expectation-finite-uniform-space assms by auto*  
  **also have**  $\dots = (\sum y \in ?X ' S . \text{prob}\{x \in S . ?X x = y\} * y) + (\sum y \in (\{0, 1\} - ?X ' S) . \text{prob}\{x \in S . ?X x = y\} * y)$   
    **using** *diff by auto*  
  **also have**  $\dots = (\sum y \in \{0, 1\} . \text{prob}\{x \in S . ?X x = y\} * y)$   
    **using** *sum.subset-diff[of ?X ' S {0, 1} λ y. prob{x ∈ S . ?X x = y} \* y] ss by fastforce*  
  **also have**  $\dots = \text{prob}\{x \in S . ?X x = 0\} * 0 + \text{prob}\{x \in S . ?X x = 1\} * 1$  **by auto**  
    **finally have**  $\text{expectation } ?X = \text{prob}\{x \in S . ?X x = 1\} * 1$  **by auto**  
    **thus** *?thesis by (smt (verit) Collect-cong indicator-eq-1-iff)*  
  **qed**

**end**  
**end**

## 4 A triangle inequality for sumsets

**theory** *Sumset-Triangle-Inequality*  
  **imports**  
    *Plunnecke-Ruzsa-Inequality*.*Plunnecke-Ruzsa-Inequality*

**begin**

**context** *additive-abelian-group*

**begin**

We show a useful triangle inequality for sumsets that does \*not\* follow from the Ruzsa triangle inequality. The proof follows the exposition in Zhao's book [4].

The following auxiliary lemma corresponds to Lemma 7.3.4 in Zhao's book [4].

**lemma** *triangle-ineq-sumsets-aux*:  
  **fixes**  $X B Y :: 'a set$

```

assumes hX: finite X and hB: finite B and hXG: X ⊆ G and hBG: B ⊆ G
and
  hXne: X ≠ {} and hYX: ∀ Y. Y ⊆ X ⇒ Y ≠ {} ⇒ card (sumset Y B) /
  card Y ≥
  card (sumset X B) / card X and hC: finite C and hCne: C ≠ {} and hCG:
  C ⊆ G
  shows card (sumset X (sumset C B)) / card (sumset X C) ≤ card (sumset X
  B) / card X
  using hC hCne hCG proof (induct)
  case empty
  then show ?case by blast
next
case hcase: (insert c C)
have hc : c ∈ G using hcase by auto
show card (sumset X B) / card X ≥
  card (sumset X (sumset (insert c C) B)) / card (sumset X (insert c C))
proof(cases C = {})
  case True
  then have card (sumset X (insert c C)) = card X using hc hXG hX
  by (simp add: card-sumset-singleton-eq le-iff-inf)
  moreover have card (sumset X (sumset (insert c C) B)) ≤ card (sumset X
  B) using hX hB hBG hXG
  hc by (metis True card-sumset-le finite-sumset sumset-assoc sumset-commute)
  ultimately show ?thesis by (simp add: divide-right-mono)
next
case hCne: False
have hCG : C ⊆ G using hcase by auto
have hstep: card (sumset X (sumset {c} B) − sumset X (sumset C B)) ≤
  card (sumset X B) * card (sumset X {c} − sumset X C) / card X
proof-
  let ?Y = {x ∈ X. sumset {x} (sumset {c} B) ⊆ sumset X (sumset C B)}
  have hYX : ?Y ⊆ X and hY: finite ?Y using finite-subset hX by auto
  have hsub1: sumset X (sumset {c} B) − sumset X (sumset C B) ⊆
    sumset (sumset X {c} − sumset X C) B
  by (metis Diff-subset-conv Un-Diff-cancel sumset-assoc sumset-subset-Un1
  sup.cobounded2)
  have hcard1 : card (sumset X B) = card (sumset X (sumset {c} B))
  by (metis card-sumset-singleton-eq finite-sumset hB hX hc sumset-Int-carrier
  sumset-assoc
  sumset-commute)
  have hcard2 : card (sumset ?Y B) = card (sumset (sumset ?Y {c}) B)
  using card-sumset-singleton-eq finite-sumset hB hY hc sumset-Int-carrier
  sumset-assoc
  sumset-commute by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold))
  have sumset (sumset ?Y {c}) B ⊆ sumset X (sumset C B)
proof
  fix d assume d ∈ sumset (sumset ?Y {c}) B
  then obtain a b where ha: a ∈ ?Y and b ∈ B and hd: d = a ⊕ c ⊕ b
  by (smt (verit) empty-iff insert-iff sumset.cases)

```

```

then have  $a \oplus c \oplus b \in \text{sumset } \{a\} (\text{sumset } \{c\} B)$ 
    by (smt (verit) associative composition-closed hBG hXG hc insertCI
mem-Collect-eq subsetD
sumset.sumsetI)
then show  $d \in \text{sumset } X (\text{sumset } C B)$  using ha hd by blast
qed
then have hdisj : disjoint ((sumset X (sumset {c} B)) - (sumset X (sumset C B)))
    (sumset (sumset ?Y {c}) B)
    by (auto simp add : disjoint-iff)
have hsub2 : sumset (sumset X {c} - sumset X C) B  $\cup$  sumset (sumset ?Y {c}) B  $\subseteq$ 
    sumset (sumset X {c}) B by (simp add: sumset-mono)
then have ineq1: card (sumset X (sumset {c} B) - sumset X (sumset C B))
+ card (sumset ?Y B)  $\leq$ 
    card (sumset X B)
proof-
    have card (sumset X (sumset {c} B) - sumset X (sumset C B)) + card
(sumset ?Y B) =
        card ((sumset X (sumset {c} B) - sumset X (sumset C B))  $\cup$  sumset
(sumset ?Y {c}) B)
        using hdisj hcard2 card-Un-disjoint finite-sumset hX hYX finite-subset hB
        by (metis (no-types, lifting) finite.emptyI finite.insertI finite-Diff)
    also have ...  $\leq$  card (sumset X (sumset {c} B)) using card-mono finite-sumset
hX hB
        by (metis (no-types, lifting) Diff-subset Un-subset-iff finite.emptyI fi-
nite.insertI
        hsub2 sumset-assoc)
    finally show card (sumset X (sumset {c} B) - sumset X (sumset C B)) +
card (sumset ?Y B)  $\leq$ 
    card (sumset X B) using hcard1 by auto
qed
have ineq2: card (sumset X {c} - sumset X C)  $\geq$  card X - card ?Y
proof-
    let ?Z = { $x \in X$ . sumset {x} {c}  $\subseteq$  sumset X C}
    have hZY: ?Z  $\subseteq$  ?Y
        by (smt (verit, del-insts) Collect-mono-iff subset-refl sumset-assoc sum-
set-mono)
    have hinj: inj-on ( $\lambda x. x \oplus c$ ) (X - ?Z)
    proof (intro inj-onI)
        fix x y assume  $x \in X - ?Z$  and  $y \in X - ?Z$  and h:  $x \oplus c = y \oplus c$ 
        then have  $x \in G$  and  $y \in G$  using hXG by auto
        then show  $x = y$  using h hc by simp
    qed
    have himage:  $(\lambda x. x \oplus c) ` (X - ?Z) = \text{sumset } X \{c\} - \text{sumset } X C$ 
    proof (intro image-subsetI)
        fix x assume hx:  $x \in X - ?Z$ 

```

```

then have  $hxG : x \in G$  using  $hXG$  by auto
then have  $hxc1: x \oplus c \in \text{sumset } X \{c\}$  using  $hXG hc hx$  by auto
have  $x \oplus c \in \text{sumset } \{x\} \{c\}$  using  $hxG hc$  by auto
then have  $hxc2: x \oplus c \notin \text{sumset } X C$  using  $hx hXG hc hCG$ 
    using  $\text{DiffD2 sumset.simps sumset.sumsetI}$  by auto
then show  $x \oplus c \in \text{sumset } X \{c\} - \text{sumset } X C$  using  $hxc1 hxc2$  by
simp
qed
show  $\text{sumset } X \{c\} - \text{sumset } X C \subseteq (\lambda x. x \oplus c) ` (X - ?Z)$ 
proof
fix  $d$  assume  $d \in \text{sumset } X \{c\} - \text{sumset } X C$ 
then obtain  $x$  where  $hd: d = x \oplus c$  and  $hxc: x \oplus c \notin \text{sumset } X C$  and
 $hx: x \in X$ 
using  $\text{sumset.cases by force}$ 
then show  $d \in (\lambda x. x \oplus c) ` (X - ?Z)$  using  $hd hxc hx hXG hc$  by auto

qed
qed
have  $hcard3: \text{card } (X - ?Z) = \text{card } (\text{sumset } X \{c\} - \text{sumset } X C)$ 
    using  $\text{card-image hinj himage}$  by fastforce
have  $\text{card } X = \text{card } ?Z + \text{card } (X - ?Z)$ 
    by (simp add: card-Diff-subset card-mono hX)
also have ...  $\leq \text{card } ?Y + \text{card } (\text{sumset } X \{c\} - \text{sumset } X C)$ 
    using  $hcard3$  card-mono hZY hY by auto
finally show ?thesis by simp
qed
have  $ineq3: \text{card } (\text{sumset } X B) - \text{card } (\text{sumset } ?Y B) \leq$ 
 $\text{card } (\text{sumset } X B) * (\text{card } X - \text{card } ?Y) / \text{card } X$ 
proof(cases ?Y = {})
case True
then show ?thesis using card-eq-0-iff
by (smt (verit) hX hXne minus-nat.diff-0 nonzero-mult-div-cancel-right
of-nat-eq-0-iff
of-nat-mult sumset-empty(2))
next
case hYne: False
have  $\text{card } (\text{sumset } ?Y B) \geq \text{card } (\text{sumset } X B) / \text{card } X * \text{card } ?Y$  using
assms(6)[OF hYX hYne]
hX hYne hX hYX finite-subset divide-le-eq
by (smt (z3) card-gt-0-iff hY mult-imp-div-pos-less of-nat-0-less-iff)
moreover have  $\text{card } (\text{sumset } X B) / \text{card } X * \text{card } ?Y = (\text{card } (\text{sumset } X
B) * \text{card } ?Y) / \text{card } X$ 
by auto
moreover have  $\text{card } (\text{sumset } X B) * \text{card } ?Y / \text{card } X * \text{card } X = \text{card }
(\text{sumset } X B) * \text{card } ?Y$ 
using hX by (simp add: field-simps)
ultimately have  $\text{card } (\text{sumset } ?Y B) * \text{card } X \geq \text{card } (\text{sumset } X B) * \text{card }
?Y$ 
using hX hXne of-nat-0-less-iff le-divide-eq

```

```

by (smt (z3) card-sumset-0-iff hBG hXG mult-cancel1 mult-cancel2 of-nat-le-0-iff
of-nat-le-iff of-nat-mult)
then have real ((card (sumset X B) - card (sumset ?Y B)) * card X) ≤
card (sumset X B) * (card X - card ?Y)
by (simp add: diff-mult-distrib diff-mult-distrib2)
thus ?thesis using le-divide-eq card-eq-0-iff hX hXne
by (smt (z3) of-nat-le-0-iff of-nat-mult)
qed
show ?thesis
proof -
have real (card ((sumset X (sumset {c} B)) - (sumset X (sumset C B)))) ≤
card (sumset X B) - card (sumset ?Y B) using ineq1 by auto
also have ... ≤ card (sumset X B) * (card X - card ?Y) / card X using
ineq3 by auto
also have ... ≤ card (sumset X B) * card (sumset X {c} - sumset X C) / card X using
ineq2
divide-le-cancel of-nat-less-0-iff of-nat-mono by (smt (verit, del-insts)
mult-le-mono2)
finally show ?thesis by simp
qed
have hinsert: real (card (sumset X (sumset (insert c C) B))) / real (card (sumset X (insert c C))) =
(card (sumset X (sumset {c} B) - sumset X (sumset C B)) + card (sumset X (sumset C B))) /
(card (sumset X {c} - sumset X C) + card (sumset X C))
using sumset-insert2 card-Un-disjoint finite-sumset hX hB hC Diff-disjoint
Int-commute
Un-commute finite.emptyI finite.insertI finite-Diff hcase.hyps(1)
by (smt (verit) Un-Diff-cancel2 insert-is-Un sumset-commute sumset-subset-Un2)
have hsplit: real (card (sumset X B)) * (card (sumset X {c} - sumset X C) +
card (sumset X C)) / card X =
real (card (sumset X B)) * card (sumset X {c} - sumset X C) / card X +
card (sumset X B) * card (sumset X C) / card X
by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) add-divide-distrib add-mult-distrib2 of-nat-add
of-nat-mult)
have hind: card (sumset X B) * card (sumset X C) / card X ≥ card (sumset X (sumset C B))
using hcase(3)[OF hCne hCG] hXne hCne hcase(1) hX finite-sumset card-gt-0-iff
add-mult-distrib2 of-nat-mult card-eq-0-iff card-sumset-0-iff hCG
hXG of-nat-0-less-iff by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) divide-le-eq times-divide-eq-left)
have real (card (sumset X B)) * (card (sumset X {c} - sumset X C) + card (sumset X C)) / card X ≥
(card (sumset X (sumset {c} B) - sumset X (sumset C B)) + card (sumset X (sumset C B)))
using hsplit hind hstep by simp
then have card (sumset X B) / card X ≥

```

```

(card (sumset X (sumset {c} B) - sumset X (sumset C B)) + card (sumset X
(sumset C B))) /
(card (sumset X {c} - sumset X C) + card (sumset X C)) using card-sumset-0-iff
hCG hXG
card-eq-0-iff hC hX hXne hCne divide-self le-divide-eq
by (smt (z3) add-is-0 hcase.hyps(1) of-nat-le-0-iff times-divide-eq-left)
thus real (card (sumset X (sumset (insert c C) B))) / real (card (sumset X
(insert c C))) ≤
real (card (sumset X B)) / real (card X) using hinsert by auto
qed
qed

```

The following inequality is the result corresponding to Corollary 7.3.6 in Zhao's book [4].

```

lemma triangle-ineq-sumsets:
assumes hA: finite A and hB: finite B and hC: finite C and
hAG : A ⊆ G and hBG: B ⊆ G and hCG: C ⊆ G
shows card A * card (sumset B C) ≤ card (sumset A B) * card (sumset A C)

proof(cases A = {})
case True
then show ?thesis by simp
next
case hAnE: False
show card A * card (sumset B C) ≤ card (sumset A B) * card (sumset A C)
proof(cases B = {})
case True
then show ?thesis by simp
next
case hBnE: False
define KS where KS ≡ (λX. card (sumset X C) / real (card X)) ` (Pow A -
{})
define K where K ≡ Min KS
define X where X ≡ @X. X ∈ Pow A - {} ∧ K = card (sumset X C) /
real (card X)
obtain KS: finite KS KS ≠ {}
using KS-def hA hAnE by blast
then have K ∈ KS
using K-def Min-in by blast
then have ∃X. X ∈ Pow A - {} ∧ K = card (sumset X C) / real (card X)
using KS-def by blast
then obtain X ∈ Pow A - {} and Keq: K = card (sumset X C) / real
(card X)
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) X-def someI-ex)
then have hX: X ⊆ A X ≠ {}
by auto
have hXmin : ∀ Y. Y ⊆ A ⇒ Y ≠ {} ⇒
card (sumset X C) / card X ≤ card (sumset Y C) / card Y
using K-def KS-def Keq Min-le KS(1) by auto

```

```

then have hXAineq:  $\text{card}(\text{sumset } X \ C) / \text{card } X \leq \text{card}(\text{sumset } A \ C) / \text{card } A$ 
  by (metis hAne subset-refl)
have haux:  $\text{real}(\text{card}(\text{sumset } X (\text{sumset } B \ C))) / \text{real}(\text{card}(\text{sumset } X \ B)) \leq \text{real}(\text{card}(\text{sumset } X \ C)) / \text{real}(\text{card } X)$  using triangle-ineq-sumsets-aux[of X C B]
  hXmin hX hA hAG finite-subset hB hC hBne hBG hC hCG subset-trans by metis
have hXAsumset :  $\text{real}(\text{card}(\text{sumset } X \ B)) \leq \text{card}(\text{sumset } A \ B)$ 
  using hX(1) card-mono hA finite-sumset hB order-refl sumset-mono
  by (metis of-nat-le-iff)
have card (sumset B C)  $\leq \text{card}(\text{sumset } X (\text{sumset } B \ C))$  using assms hX
  finite-sumset hAG card-le-sumset
by (metis bot.extremum-uniqueI dual-order.trans infinite-super subsetD subsetI
  sumset-subset-carrier)
also have ...  $\leq (\text{card}(\text{sumset } X \ C) / \text{card } X) * \text{card}(\text{sumset } X \ B)$  using haux
divide-le-eq
  card-sumset-0-iff hBne hX hB hA finite-subset card-0-eq by (smt (verit) hCG
mult-eq-0-iff
  of-nat-0-eq-iff of-nat-0-le-iff sumset-assoc sumset-subset-carrier)
also have ...  $\leq (\text{card}(\text{sumset } A \ C) / \text{card } A) * \text{card}(\text{sumset } A \ B)$ 
  using hXAineq hXAsumset by (meson divide-nonneg-nonneg mult-mono'
of-nat-0-le-iff)
finally have card (sumset B C)  $\leq (\text{card}(\text{sumset } A \ C) * \text{card}(\text{sumset } A \ B)) / \text{card } A$  by simp
  then have card (sumset B C) * card A  $\leq \text{card}(\text{sumset } A \ C) * \text{card}(\text{sumset } A \ B)$ 
  using le-divide-eq hAne hA card-gt-0-iff by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold)
  card-0-eq of-nat-le-0-iff of-nat-le-iff of-nat-mult)
thus card A * card (sumset B C)  $\leq \text{card}(\text{sumset } A \ B) * \text{card}(\text{sumset } A \ C)$ 
  by (simp add: mult.commute)
qed
qed

end
end

```

## 5 Background material in additive combinatorics

This section outlines some background definitions and basic lemmas in additive combinatorics based on the notes by Gowers [3].

```

theory Additive-Combinatorics-Preliminaries
imports
  Plunnecke-Ruzsa-Inequality. Plunnecke-Ruzsa-Inequality
begin

```

## 5.1 Additive quadruples and additive energy

**context** additive-abelian-group

**begin**

**definition** additive-quadruple:: ' $a \Rightarrow a \Rightarrow a \Rightarrow a \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  **where**  
 $\text{additive-quadruple } a\ b\ c\ d \equiv a \in G \wedge b \in G \wedge c \in G \wedge d \in G \wedge a \oplus b = c \oplus d$

**lemma** additive-quadruple-aux:

**assumes** additive-quadruple  $a\ b\ c\ d$   
**shows**  $d = a \oplus b \ominus c$   
**by** (metis additive-quadruple-def assms associative commutative inverse-closed invertible  
invertible-right-inverse2)

**lemma** additive-quadruple-diff:

**assumes** additive-quadruple  $a\ b\ c\ d$   
**shows**  $a \ominus c = d \ominus b$   
**by** (smt (verit, del-insts) additive-quadruple-def assms associative commutative  
composition-closed inverse-closed invertible invertible-inverse-inverse invertible-right-inverse2)

**definition** additive-quadruple-set:: ' $a \text{ set} \Rightarrow ('a \times 'a \times 'a \times 'a) \text{ set}$  **where**  
 $\text{additive-quadruple-set } A \equiv \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a\ b\ c\ d. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge$   
 $\text{additive-quadruple } a\ b\ c\ d\}$

**lemma** additive-quadruple-set-sub:

$\text{additive-quadruple-set } A \subseteq \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a\ b\ c\ d. d = a \oplus b \ominus c \wedge a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge$   
 $c \in A \wedge d \in A\}$  **using** additive-quadruple-set-def additive-quadruple-def additive-quadruple-aux  
**by** auto

**definition** additive-energy:: ' $a \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{real}$  **where**

$\text{additive-energy } A \equiv \text{card } (\text{additive-quadruple-set } A) / (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 3}$

**lemma** card-ineq-aux-quadruples:

**assumes** finite  $A$   
**shows**  $\text{card } (\text{additive-quadruple-set } A) \leq (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 3}$

**proof** –

**define**  $f$ :: ' $a \times 'a \times 'a \times 'a \Rightarrow 'a \times 'a \times 'a$  **where**  $f = (\lambda (a, b, c, d). (a, b, c))$   
**have**  $h_{inj}: \text{inj-on } f \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a\ b\ c\ d. d = a \oplus b \ominus c \wedge a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A\}$   
**unfolding** inj-on-def  $f$ -def **by** auto  
**moreover have**  $h_{image}: f ' \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a\ b\ c\ d. d = a \oplus b \ominus c \wedge a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A\} \subseteq A \times A \times A$

```

unfolding f-def by auto
ultimately have card (additive-quadruple-set A) ≤ card ({{(a, b, c, d) | a b c d.
d = a ⊕ b ⊖ c ∧ a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ c ∈ A ∧ d ∈ A}})
using card-mono inj-on-finite[off] assms additive-quadruple-set-sub finite-SigmaI
by (metis (no-types, lifting))
also have ... ≤ card (A × A × A) using himage hinj assms card-inj-on-le
finite-SigmaI
by (metis (no-types, lifting))
finally show ?thesis by (simp add: card-cartesian-product power3-eq-cube)
qed

lemma additive-energy-upper-bound: additive-energy A ≤ 1

proof (cases finite A)
assume hA: finite A
show ?thesis unfolding additive-energy-def using card-ineq-aux-quadruples hA
card-cartesian-product power3-eq-cube by (simp add: divide-le-eq)
next
assume infinite A
thus ?thesis unfolding additive-energy-def by simp
qed

```

## 5.2 On sums

```

definition f-sum:: 'a ⇒ 'a set ⇒ nat where
f-sum d A ≡ card {{(a, b) | a b. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ a ⊕ b = d}}

```

```

lemma pairwise-disjnt-sum-1:
pairwise (λs t. disjnt ((λ d .{(a, b) | a b. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ (a ⊕ b = d)})) s)
((λ d .{(a, b) | a b. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ (a ⊕ b = d)}) t)) (sumset A A)
unfolding disjnt-def by (intro pairwiseI) (auto)

```

```

lemma pairwise-disjnt-sum-2:
pairwise disjnt ((λ d. {(a, b) | a b. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ a ⊕ b = d}) ` (sumset A A))
unfolding disjnt-def by (intro pairwiseI) (auto)

```

```

lemma sum-Union-span:
assumes A ⊆ G
shows ∪ ((λ d .{(a, b) | a b. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ (a ⊕ b = d)})) ` (sumset A A))
= A × A

```

```

proof
show ∪ ((λ d .{(a, b) | a b. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ (a ⊕ b = d)})) ` (sumset A A))
⊆ A × A by blast
next
show A × A ⊆ ∪ ((λ d .{(a, b) | a b. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ (a ⊕ b = d)})) ` (sumset

```

```

A A))
proof (intro subsetI)
  fix x assume hxA:  $x \in A \times A$ 
  then obtain y z where hxyz:  $x = (y, z)$  and hy:  $y \in A$  and hz:  $z \in A$  by blast
  show  $x \in (\bigcup d \in (\text{sumset } A \ A). \{(a, b) \mid a \ b. \ a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \oplus b = d\})$ 
    using hy hz assms hxA hxyz by auto
  qed
qed

```

**lemma** *f-sum-le-card*:  
**assumes** finite A **and**  $A \subseteq G$   
**shows** *f-sum d A*  $\leq \text{card } A$

**proof**–

```

define f::  $('a \times 'a) \Rightarrow 'a$  where  $f \equiv (\lambda (a, b). a)$ 
have inj-on f  $\{(a, b) \mid a \ b. \ a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \oplus b = d\}$ 
unfolding f-def proof (intro inj-onI)
  fix x y assume  $x \in \{(a, b) \mid a \ b. \ a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \oplus b = d\}$  and
     $y \in \{(a, b) \mid a \ b. \ a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \oplus b = d\}$  and
    hcase:  $(\text{case } x \text{ of } (a, b) \Rightarrow a) = (\text{case } y \text{ of } (a, b) \Rightarrow a)$ 
  then obtain x1 x2 y1 y2 where hx:  $x = (x1, x2)$  and hy:  $y = (y1, y2)$  and h1:
     $x1 \oplus x2 = d$  and
    h2:  $y1 \oplus y2 = d$  and hx1:  $x1 \in A$  and hx2:  $x2 \in A$  and hy1:  $y1 \in A$  and
    hy2:  $y2 \in A$  by blast
  have hbsub:  $x2 = d \ominus x1$ 
    using h1 hx1 hx2 assms by (metis additive-abelian-group.inverse-closed composition-closed
      additive-abelian-group-axioms commutative invertible invertible-left-inverse2
      subsetD)
  have hysub:  $y2 = d \ominus y1$ 
    using h2 hy1 hy2 assms by (metis inverse-closed commutative composition-closed
      hy1 hy2
        invertible invertible-left-inverse2 subset-iff)
  show  $x = y$  using hx hy hbsub hysub hcase by auto
  qed
  moreover have f `  $\{(a, b) \mid a \ b. \ a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \oplus b = d\} \subseteq A$  using f-def
  by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis using card-mono assms f-sum-def card-image[of f]
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting))
  qed

```

**lemma** *f-sum-card*:  
**assumes**  $A \subseteq G$  **and** hA: finite A  
**shows**  $(\sum d \in (\text{sumset } A \ A). (\text{f-sum } d \ A)) = (\text{card } A)^{\sim 2}$

**proof**–

```

have fin:  $\forall X \in ((\lambda d. \{(a, b) \mid a \ b. \ a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge (a \oplus b = d)\})`(\text{sumset } A \ A)). \text{finite } X$ 
proof

```

```

fix X assume hX:  $X \in (\lambda d. \{(a, b) \mid a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \oplus b = d\})`$ 
(sumset A A)
then obtain d where hXd:  $X = \{(a, b) \mid a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \oplus b = d\}$ 
by blast
show finite X using hA hXd finite-subset finite-cartesian-product
by (smt (verit, best) mem-Collect-eq mem-Sigma-iff rev-finite-subset subrelI)
qed
have ( $\sum_{d \in \text{sumset } A} f\text{-sum } d \text{ } A$ ) = card (A × A)
unfolding f-sum-def
using sum-card-image[of sumset A A ( $\lambda d. \{(a, b) \mid a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge (a \oplus b = d)\})`$ 
pairwise-disjnt-sum-1 hA finite-sumset card-Union-disjoint[of (( $\lambda d. \{(a, b) \mid a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \oplus b = d\})`$  sumset A A)]
fin pairwise-disjnt-sum-2 hA finite-sumset sum-Union-span assms by auto
thus ?thesis using card-cartesian-product power2-eq-square by metis
qed

lemma f-sum-card-eq:
assumes A ⊆ G
shows ∀ x ∈ sumset A A. (f-sum x A)`^2 =
card {(a, b, c, d) | a b c d. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ c ∈ A ∧ d ∈ A ∧
additive-quadruple a b c d ∧ a ⊕ b = x ∧ c ⊕ d = x}

proof
fix x assume x ∈ sumset A A
define C where hC:  $C = \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge$ 
 $a \oplus b = x \wedge c \oplus d = x\}$ 
define f:: 'a × 'a × 'a × 'a ⇒ ('a × 'a) × ('a × 'a) where f = ( $\lambda (a, b, c, d). ((a, b), (c, d))$ )
have hfinj: inj-on f C unfolding f-def by (intro inj-onI) (auto)
have f ` C = {((a,b), (c,d)) | a b c d. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ c ∈ A ∧ d ∈ A ∧ a ⊕ b = x ∧ c ⊕ d = x}
proof
show f ` C ⊆ {((a, b), (c, d)) | a b c d. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ c ∈ A ∧ d ∈ A ∧ a ⊕ b = x ∧ c ⊕ d = x}
unfolding f-def hC by auto
next
show {((a, b), (c, d)) | a b c d. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ c ∈ A ∧ d ∈ A ∧ a ⊕ b = x ∧ c ⊕ d = x} ⊆ f ` C
proof
fix z assume z ∈ {((a, b), (c, d)) | a b c d. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ c ∈ A ∧ d ∈ A ∧ a ⊕ b = x ∧ c ⊕ d = x}
then obtain a b c d where hz: z = ((a, b), (c, d)) and ha: a ∈ A and hb: b ∈ A and hc: c ∈ A and hd: d ∈ A
and hab: a ⊕ b = x and hcd: c ⊕ d = x by blast
then have habcd: (a, b, c, d) ∈ C using additive-quadruple-def assms hC by auto
show z ∈ f ` C using hz f-def habcd by force

```

```

qed
qed
moreover have {((a, b), c, d) | a b c d. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ c ∈ A ∧ d ∈ A ∧ a
⊕ b = x ∧ c ⊕ d = x} =
  {(a, b) | a b. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ a ⊕ b = x} × {(c, d) | c d. c ∈ A ∧ d ∈ A ∧ c
⊕ d = x} by blast
ultimately have card C = card (({a, b) | a b. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ a ⊕ b = x}) ^ 2
using hfinj card-image[of f] card-cartesian-product by (metis (no-types, lifting)
Sigma-cong power2-eq-square)
thus (f-sum x A)^2 = card (({a, b, c, d) | a b c d. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ c ∈ A ∧ d
∈ A ∧
additive-quadruple a b c d ∧ a ⊕ b = x ∧ c ⊕ d = x}) using hC f-sum-def by
auto
qed

lemma pairwise-disjoint-sum:
pairwise (λs t. disjoint ((λ x. {(a, b, c, d) | a b c d. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ c ∈ A ∧ d
∈ A ∧
additive-quadruple a b c d ∧ a ⊕ b = x ∧ c ⊕ d = x}) s)
((λ x. {(a, b, c, d) | a b c d. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ c ∈ A ∧ d ∈ A ∧
additive-quadruple a b c d ∧ a ⊕ b = x ∧ c ⊕ d = x}) t)) (sumset A A)
unfolding disjoint-def by (intro pairwiseI) (auto)

lemma pairwise-disjnt-quadruple-sum:
pairwise disjoint ((λ x. {(a, b, c, d) | a b c d. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ c ∈ A ∧ d ∈ A ∧
additive-quadruple a b c d ∧ a ⊕ b = x ∧ c ⊕ d = x}) ` (sumset A A))
unfolding disjoint-def by (intro pairwiseI) (auto)

lemma quadruple-sum-Union-eq:
∪ ((λ x. {(a, b, c, d) | a b c d. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ c ∈ A ∧ d ∈ A ∧
additive-quadruple a b c d ∧ a ⊕ b = x ∧ c ⊕ d = x}) ` (sumset A A)) =
additive-quadruple-set A

proof
show (∪ x∈sumset A A.
{(a, b, c, d) | a b c d. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ c ∈ A ∧ d ∈ A ∧ additive-quadruple a
b c d ∧
a ⊕ b = x ∧ c ⊕ d = x}) ⊆ additive-quadruple-set A
unfolding additive-quadruple-set-def by (intro Union-least) (auto)
next
show additive-quadruple-set A ⊆ (∪ x∈sumset A A.
{(a, b, c, d) | a b c d. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ c ∈ A ∧ d ∈ A ∧
additive-quadruple a b c d ∧ a ⊕ b = x ∧ c ⊕ d = x})
unfolding additive-quadruple-set-def additive-quadruple-def by (intro subsetI)
(auto)
qed

```

**lemma** *f-sum-card-quadruple-set*:  
**assumes**  $hAG: A \subseteq G$  **and**  $hA: \text{finite } A$   
**shows**  $(\sum d \in (\text{sumset } A A). (f\text{-sum } d A)^{\wedge 2}) = \text{card } (\text{additive-quadruple-set } A)$

**proof**–

**have**  $\text{fin}: \forall X \in ((\lambda x. \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a b c d. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge \text{additive-quadruple } a b c d \wedge a \oplus b = x \wedge c \oplus d = x\})`(\text{sumset } A A)). \text{finite } X$

**proof**

**fix**  $X$  **assume**  $X \in (\lambda x. \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a b c d. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge a \in A \wedge \text{additive-quadruple } a b c d \wedge a \oplus b = x \wedge c \oplus d = x\})`(\text{sumset } A A)$

**then obtain**  $x$  **where**  $hX: X = \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a b c d. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge a \in A \wedge \text{additive-quadruple } a b c d \wedge a \oplus b = x \wedge c \oplus d = x\}$

**by** *blast*

**show**  $\text{finite } X$  **using**  $hA$   $hX$  *finite-subset finite-cartesian-product*  
**by** (*smt (verit, best)* *mem-Collect-eq mem-Sigma-iff rev-finite-subset subrelI*)

**qed**

**have**  $(\sum d \in \text{sumset } A A. (f\text{-sum } d A)^2) =$   
 $\text{card } (\bigcup ((\lambda x. \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a b c d. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge \text{additive-quadruple } a b c d \wedge a \oplus b = x \wedge c \oplus d = x\})`(\text{sumset } A A)))$

**using** *f-sum-card-eq hAG sum-card-image*[of  $\text{sumset } A A$   $(\lambda x. \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a b c d. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge a \in A \wedge \text{additive-quadruple } a b c d \wedge a \oplus b = x \wedge c \oplus d = x\})`(\text{sumset } A A)]$

*pairwise-disjoint-sum card-Union-disjoint*[of  $(\lambda x. \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a b c d. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge a \in A \wedge \text{additive-quadruple } a b c d \wedge a \oplus b = x \wedge c \oplus d = x\})`(\text{sumset } A A)]$

*fin pairwise-disjnt-quadruple-sum hA finite-sumset* **by** *auto*

**then show** ?thesis **using** *quadruple-sum-Union-eq* **by** *auto*

**qed**

**lemma** *f-sum-card-quadruple-set-additive-energy*: **assumes**  $A \subseteq G$  **and**  $\text{finite } A$   
**shows**  $(\sum d \in \text{sumset } A A. (f\text{-sum } d A)^{\wedge 2}) = \text{additive-energy } A * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 3}$   
**using** *assms f-sum-card-quadruple-set additive-energy-def* **by** *force*

**definition** *popular-sum*:: ' $a \Rightarrow \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  **where**  
 $\text{popular-sum } d \vartheta A \equiv f\text{-sum } d A \geq \vartheta * \text{of-real } (\text{card } A)$

**definition** *popular-sum-set*:: ' $\text{real} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set}$  **where**  
 $\text{popular-sum-set } \vartheta A \equiv \{d \in \text{sumset } A A. \text{popular-sum } d \vartheta A\}$

### 5.3 On differences

The following material is directly analogous to the material given previously on sums. All definitions and lemmas are the corresponding ones for

differences. E.g.  $f\text{-}diff$  corresponds to  $f\text{-}sum$ .

**definition**  $f\text{-}diff:: 'a \Rightarrow 'a set \Rightarrow nat$  **where**

$$f\text{-}diff d A \equiv card \{(a, b) \mid a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \ominus b = d\}$$

**lemma**  $pairwise\text{-}disjnt\text{-}diff\text{-}1$ :

$$\begin{aligned} pairwise (\lambda s t. disjoint ((\lambda d . \{(a, b) \mid a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge (a \ominus b = d)\}) s) \\ ((\lambda d . \{(a, b) \mid a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge (a \ominus b = d)\}) t)) & (differenceset A A) \\ \text{using } disjoint\text{-def by } (intro pairwiseI) & (auto) \end{aligned}$$

**lemma**  $pairwise\text{-}disjnt\text{-}diff\text{-}2$ :

$$\begin{aligned} pairwise disjoint ((\lambda d . \{(a, b) \mid a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \ominus b = d\}) ' (differenceset A A)) \\ \text{unfoldings } disjoint\text{-def by } (intro pairwiseI) (auto) \end{aligned}$$

**lemma**  $diff\text{-}Union\text{-}span$ :

$$\begin{aligned} \text{assumes } A \subseteq G \\ \text{shows } \bigcup ((\lambda d . \{(a, b) \mid a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge (a \ominus b = d)\}) ' (differenceset A A)) = A \times A \end{aligned}$$

**proof**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{show } \bigcup ((\lambda d . \{(a, b) \mid a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge (a \ominus b = d)\}) ' (differenceset A A)) \subseteq A \times A \\ \text{by blast} \end{aligned}$$

**next**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{show } A \times A \subseteq \bigcup ((\lambda d . \{(a, b) \mid a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge (a \ominus b = d)\}) ' (differenceset A A)) \\ (\text{differenceset } A A) \end{aligned}$$

**proof** (*intro subsetI*)

fix  $x$  assume  $hxA: x \in A \times A$

then obtain  $y z$  **where**  $hxyz: x = (y, z)$  **and**  $hy: y \in A$  **and**  $hz: z \in A$  **by** *blast*  
 $show x \in (\bigcup d \in (\text{differenceset } A A). \{(a, b) \mid a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \ominus b = d\})$

using  $hy$   $hz$  *assms hxA hxyz* **by** *auto*

**qed**

**qed**

**lemma**  $f\text{-}diff\text{-}le\text{-}card$ :

$$\begin{aligned} \text{assumes finite } A \text{ and } A \subseteq G \\ \text{shows } f\text{-}diff d A \leq card A \end{aligned}$$

**proof** –

define  $f:: ('a \times 'a) \Rightarrow 'a$  **where**  $f \equiv (\lambda (a, b). a)$

have  $inj\text{-}on } f \{(a, b) \mid a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \ominus b = d\}$

unfoldings  $f\text{-def}$  **proof** (*intro inj-onI*)

fix  $x y$  assume  $x \in \{(a, b) \mid a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \ominus b = d\}$  **and**

$y \in \{(a, b) \mid a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \ominus b = d\}$  **and**

$hcase: (case x of (a, b) \Rightarrow a) = (case y of (a, b) \Rightarrow a)$

then obtain  $x1 x2 y1 y2$  **where**  $hx: x = (x1, x2)$  **and**  $hy: y = (y1, y2)$  **and**  $h1: x1 \ominus x2 = d$  **and**

$h2: y1 \ominus y2 = d$  **and**  $hx1: x1 \in A$  **and**  $hx2: x2 \in A$  **and**  $hy1: y1 \in A$  **and**  
 $hy2: y2 \in A$  **by** *blast*

```

have hbsub:  $x2 = x1 \ominus d$ 
  using h1 assms associative commutative composition-closed hx1 hx2
  by (smt (verit, best) inverse-closed invertible invertible-left-inverse2 subset-iff)
have hysub:  $y2 = y1 \ominus d$ 
  using h2 assms associative commutative composition-closed hy1 hy2
  by (smt (verit, best) inverse-closed invertible invertible-left-inverse2 subset-iff)
show  $x = y$  using hx hy hbsub hysub hcase by auto
qed
moreover have  $f` \{(a, b) \mid a \cdot b. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \ominus b = d\} \subseteq A$  using f-def
by auto
ultimately show ?thesis using card-mono assms f-diff-def card-image[of f]
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting))
qed

lemma f-diff-card:
assumes  $A \subseteq G$  and  $hA$ : finite  $A$ 
shows  $(\sum d \in (\text{differenceset } A A). f\text{-diff } d A) = (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}$ 

proof-
  have fin:  $\forall X \in ((\lambda d. \{(a, b) \mid a \cdot b. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge (a \ominus b = d)\})`$ 
  ( $\text{differenceset } A A$ ).
    finite  $X$ 
  proof
    fix  $X$  assume  $hX$ :  $X \in (\lambda d. \{(a, b) \mid a \cdot b. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \ominus b = d\})`$ 
    ( $\text{differenceset } A A$ )
      then obtain  $d$  where  $hXd$ :  $X = \{(a, b) \mid a \cdot b. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \ominus b = d\}$ 
    and
       $d \in (\text{differenceset } A A)$  by blast
      have  $hXA$ :  $X \subseteq A \times A$  using  $hXd$  by blast
      show finite  $X$  using  $hXA$  hA finite-subset by blast
    qed
  have  $(\sum d \in (\text{differenceset } A A). f\text{-diff } d A) = \text{card } (A \times A)$ 
  unfolding f-diff-def using sum-card-image[of differenceset A A]
   $(\lambda d . \{(a, b) \mid a \cdot b. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge (a \ominus b = d)\})$  pairwise-disjnt-diff-1
  card-Union-disjoint[of  $((\lambda d. \{(a, b) \mid a \cdot b. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \ominus b = d\})`$ 
  differenceset A A]
  fin pairwise-disjnt-diff-2 diff-Union-span assms hA finite-minusset finite-sumset
  by auto
  thus ?thesis using card-cartesian-product power2-eq-square by metis
qed

lemma f-diff-card-eq:
assumes  $A \subseteq G$ 
shows  $\forall x \in \text{differenceset } A A. (f\text{-diff } x A)^{\wedge 2} =$ 
 $\text{card } \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge$ 
additive-quadruple a b c d  $\wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b = x\}$ 

proof
fix  $x$  assume  $x \in \text{differenceset } A A$ 

```

```

define C where hC:  $C = \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a \ b \ c \ d. \ a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge \text{additive-quadruple } a \ b \ c \ d \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b = x\}$ 
define f:: ' $a \times 'a \times 'a \times 'a \Rightarrow ('a \times 'a) \times ('a \times 'a)$ ' where  $f = (\lambda (a, b, c, d). ((a, c), (d, b)))$ 
have hfinj: inj-on f C using f-def by (intro inj-onI) (auto)
have  $f' C = \{((a, c), (d, b)) \mid a \ b \ c \ d. \ a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b = x\}$ 
proof
  show  $f' C \subseteq \{((a, c), (d, b)) \mid a \ b \ c \ d. \ a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b = x\}$ 
    unfolding f-def hC by auto
next
  show  $\{((a, c), d, b) \mid a \ b \ c \ d. \ a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b = x\} \subseteq f' C$ 
  proof
    fix z assume  $z \in \{((a, c), (d, b)) \mid a \ b \ c \ d. \ a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b = x\}$ 
    then obtain a b c d where  $hz: z = ((a, c), (d, b))$  and  $ha: a \in A$  and  $hb: b \in A$  and  $hc: c \in A$  and  $hd: d \in A$ 
      and  $hab: a \ominus c = x$  and  $hcd: d \ominus b = x$  by blast
    have additive-quadruple a b c d
    using assms by (metis (no-types, lifting) ha hb hc hd additive-quadruple-def associative
      commutative composition-closed hab hcd inverse-closed invertible invertible-right-inverse2 subset-eq)
    then have habcd:  $(a, b, c, d) \in C$  using hab hcd hC ha hb hc hd by blast
    show  $z \in f' C$  using hz f-def habcd image-iff by fastforce
  qed
  qed
  moreover have  $\{((a, c), (d, b)) \mid a \ b \ c \ d. \ a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b = x\} =$ 
     $\{(a, c) \mid a \ c. \ a \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge a \ominus c = x\} \times \{(d, b) \mid d \ b. \ d \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge d \ominus b = x\}$  by blast
  moreover have card C = card (f' C) using hfinj card-image[of f] by auto
  ultimately have card C = card ( $\{(a, c) \mid a \ c. \ a \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge a \ominus c = x\}$ )
   $\hat{\wedge}^2$ 
  using hfinj card-image[of f] card-cartesian-product Sigma-cong power2-eq-square
  by (smt (verit, best))
  thus  $(f\text{-diff } x A)^2 = \text{card } \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a \ b \ c \ d. \ a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge \text{additive-quadruple } a \ b \ c \ d \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b = x\}$ 
  using f-diff-def hC by simp
qed

lemma pairwise-disjoint-diff:
  pairwise ( $\lambda s t. \text{disjnt } ((\lambda x. \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a \ b \ c \ d. \ a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge \text{additive-quadruple } a \ b \ c \ d \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b = x\}) s)$ 
   $((\lambda x. \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a \ b \ c \ d. \ a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge \text{additive-quadruple } a \ b \ c \ d \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b = x\}) t))$  (differenceset A A)
  unfolding disjnt-def by (intro pairwiseI) (auto)

```

```

lemma pairwise-disjnt-quadruple-diff:
  pairwise disjnt (( $\lambda x. \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a b c d. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge$ 
  additive-quadruple  $a b c d \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b = x\})` (differenceset A A))
  unfolding disjnt-def by (intro pairwiseI) (auto)

lemma quadruple-diff-Union-eq:
   $\bigcup ((\lambda x. \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a b c d. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge$ 
  additive-quadruple  $a b c d \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b = x\})` (differenceset A A)) =$ 
  additive-quadruple-set A

proof
  show ( $\bigcup_{x \in \text{differenceset } A} \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a b c d. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge$ 
   $d \in A \wedge$ 
  additive-quadruple  $a b c d \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b = x\}) \subseteq \text{additive-quadruple-set } A$ 
  unfolding additive-quadruple-set-def by (intro Union-least)(auto)
next
  show additive-quadruple-set A  $\subseteq (\bigcup_{x \in \text{differenceset } A} \{(a, b, c, d) \mid$ 
   $a b c d. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge \text{additive-quadruple } a$ 
   $b c d \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b = x\})$ 
  proof (intro subsetI)
    fix x assumex  $\in$  additive-quadruple-set A
    then obtain x1 x2 x3 x4 where hx:  $x = (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4)$  and hx1:  $x_1 \in A$ 
    and hx2:  $x_2 \in A$  and hx3:  $x_3 \in A$ 
    and hx4:  $x_4 \in A$  and hxadd: additive-quadruple x1 x2 x3 x4
    using additive-quadruple-set-def by auto
    have hxmem:  $(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) \in \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a b c d. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in$ 
     $A \wedge d \in A \wedge$ 
    additive-quadruple  $a b c d \wedge a \ominus c = x_1 \ominus x_3 \wedge d \ominus b = x_1 \ominus x_3\}$ 
    using additive-quadruple-diff hx1 hx2 hx3 hx4 hxadd by auto
    show  $x \in (\bigcup_{x \in \text{differenceset } A} \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a b c d. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in$ 
     $A \wedge d \in A \wedge$ 
    additive-quadruple  $a b c d \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b = x\})$ 
    using hx hxmem hx1 hx3 additive-quadruple-def hxadd by auto
  qed
qed

lemma f-diff-card-quadruple-set:
  assumes hAG:  $A \subseteq G$  and hA: finite A
  shows  $(\sum d \in (\text{differenceset } A) A. (f\text{-diff } d A)^{\sim 2}) = \text{card } (\text{additive-quadruple-set } A)$ 

proof-
  have fin:  $\forall X \in ((\lambda x. \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a b c d. a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A$ 
   $\wedge$ 
  additive-quadruple  $a b c d \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b = x\})` (differenceset A A)).$ 
  finite X$ 
```

```

proof
  fix  $X$  assume  $X \in (\lambda x. \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a \neq b \wedge c \neq d\} \mid a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge$ 
     $\text{additive-quadruple } a \neq b \wedge c \neq d \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b = x\})$  ‘differenceset  $A A$ 
  then obtain  $x$  where  $hX: X = \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a \neq b \wedge c \neq d \wedge a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge$ 
     $\text{additive-quadruple } a \neq b \wedge c \neq d \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b = x\}$  and  $x \in \text{differenceset } A A$  by blast
  show finite  $X$  using  $hX hA$  finite-subset finite-cartesian-product
  by (smt (verit, best) mem-Collect-eq mem-Sigma-iff rev-finite-subset subrelI)
qed
have  $(\sum_{d \in \text{differenceset } A A} (f\text{-diff } d A)^2) = \text{card} (\bigcup ((\lambda x. \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a \neq b \wedge$ 
 $c \neq d \wedge a \in A \wedge$ 
 $b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge \text{additive-quadruple } a \neq b \wedge c \neq d \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b =$ 
 $x\})$  ‘(differenceset  $A A$ ))
using f-diff-card-eq hAG sum-card-image[of differenceset  $A A$  ( $\lambda x. \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a \neq b \wedge$ 
 $c \neq d\}$ )
 $a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge \text{additive-quadruple } a \neq b \wedge c \neq d \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge$ 
 $d \ominus b = x\}]
pairwise-disjoint-diff card-Union-disjoint[of  $(\lambda x. \{(a, b, c, d) \mid a \neq b \wedge c \neq d \wedge a \in$ 
 $A \wedge$ 
 $b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A \wedge \text{additive-quadruple } a \neq b \wedge c \neq d \wedge a \ominus c = x \wedge d \ominus b =$ 
 $x\})$  ‘(differenceset  $A A$ )]
fin pairwise-disjnt-quadruple-diff hA finite-minusset finite-sumset by auto
thus ?thesis using quadruple-diff-Union-eq by auto
qed$ 
```

```

lemma f-diff-card-quadruple-set-additive-energy: assumes  $A \subseteq G$  and finite  $A$ 
shows  $(\sum_{d \in \text{differenceset } A A} (f\text{-diff } d A)^2) = \text{additive-energy } A * (\text{card } A)^2$ 
using assms f-diff-card-quadruple-set additive-energy-def by force

```

```

definition popular-diff:: 'a ⇒ real ⇒ 'a set ⇒ bool where
  popular-diff  $d \vartheta A \equiv f\text{-diff } d A \geq \vartheta * \text{of-real } (\text{card } A)$ 

```

```

definition popular-diff-set:: real ⇒ 'a set ⇒ 'a set where
  popular-diff-set  $\vartheta A \equiv \{d \in \text{differenceset } A A \mid \text{popular-diff } d \vartheta A\}$ 

```

```

end
end

```

## 6 Results on lower bounds on additive energy

```

theory Additive-Energy-Lower-Bounds
imports
  Additive-Combinatorics-Preliminaries
  Miscellaneous-Lemmas

```

```

begin

context additive-abelian-group

begin

The following corresponds to Proposition 2.11 in Gowers's notes [3].  

proposition additive-energy-lower-bound-sumset: fixes C::real  

assumes finite A and A ⊆ G and (card (sumset A A)) ≤ C * card A and card  

A ≠ 0  

shows additive-energy A ≥ 1 / C

proof—
  have (card A) ^ 2 = (∑ x ∈ sumset A A. real (f-sum x A))
    using assms f-sum-card by (metis of-nat-sum)
  also have ... ≤ (card((sumset A A)) powr(1/2)) * (∑ x ∈ sumset A A . (f-sum
x A) ^ 2) powr(1/2)
    using Cauchy-Schwarz-ineq-sum2[of λ d. 1 λ d. f-sum d A] by auto
  also have ...≤ ((C * (card A)) powr(1/2)) * ((∑ x ∈ sumset A A . (f-sum x
A) ^ 2)) powr(1/2)
    by (metis mult.commute mult-left-mono assms(3) of-nat-0-le-iff powr-ge-zero
powr-mono2
      zero-le-divide-1-iff zero-le-numeral)
  finally have ((card A) ^ 2) ^ 2 ≤ (((C * (card A)) powr(1/2)) * ((∑ x ∈ sumset
A A . (f-sum x A) ^ 2)) powr(1/2)) ^ 2
    by (metis of-nat-0-le-iff of-nat-power-eq-of-nat-cancel-iff power-mono)
  then have (card A) ^ 4 ≤ (((C * (card A)) * ((∑ x ∈ sumset A A. (f-sum x
A) ^ 2))) powr (1/2)) ^ 2
    by (smt (verit) assms of-nat-0-le-iff powr-mult
      mult.left-commute power2-eq-square power3-eq-cube power4-eq-xxxx power-commutes)
  then have (card A) ^ 4 ≤ (( C * (card A)) * ((∑ x ∈ sumset A A. (f-sum x
A) ^ 2)))
    using assms powr-half-sqrt of-nat-0 of-nat-le-0-iff power-mult-distrib
      real-sqrt-pow2 by (smt (verit, best) powr-mult)
  moreover have additive-energy A = (∑ x ∈ sumset A A. (f-sum x A) ^ 2)/
(card A) ^ 3
    using additive-energy-def f-sum-card-quadruple-set assms by simp
  moreover then have additive-energy A * (card A) ^ 3 = (∑ x ∈ sumset A A.
(f-sum x A) ^ 2)
    using assms by simp
  ultimately have (additive-energy A) ≥ ((card A) ^ 4) / ( C * (card A) ^ 4 )
    using additive-energy-upper-bound
      additive-abelian-group-axioms assms divide-le-eq divide-le-eq-1-pos mult.left-commute
        mult-left-mono of-nat-0-eq-iff of-nat-0-le-iff power-eq-0-iff power3-eq-cube
power4-eq-xxxx
        linorder-not-less mult.assoc mult-zero-left of-nat-0-less-iff of-nat-mult
        order-trans-rules(23) times-divide-eq-right by (smt (verit) card-sumset-0-iff
div-by-1 mult-cancel-left1 nonzero-mult-div-cancel-left nonzero-mult-divide-mult-cancel-right

```

```

nonzero-mult-divide-mult-cancel-right2 of-nat-1 of-nat-le-0-iff times-divide-eq-left)
then show ?thesis by (simp add: assms)
qed

```

An analogous version of Proposition 2.11 where the assumption is on a difference set is given below. The proof is identical to the proof of *additive-energy-lower-bound-sumset* above (with the obvious modifications).

```

proposition additive-energy-lower-bound-differenceset: fixes C::real
assumes finite A and A ⊆ G and (card (differenceset A A)) ≤ C * card A and
card A ≠ 0
shows additive-energy A ≥ 1 / C

```

**proof** –

```

have (card A) ^ 2 = (∑ x ∈ differenceset A A. real (f-diff x A))
using assms f-diff-card by (metis of-nat-sum)
also have ... ≤ (card ((differenceset A A)) powr (1 / 2)) * (∑ x ∈ differenceset
A A . (f-diff x A) ^ 2) powr(1 / 2)
using Cauchy-Schwarz-ineq-sum2[of λ d. 1 λ d. f-diff d A] by auto
also have ... ≤ ((C * (card A))powr (1 / 2)) * ((∑ x ∈ differenceset A A . (f-diff
x A) ^ 2)) powr(1 / 2)
by (metis mult.commute mult-left-mono assms(3) of-nat-0-le-iff powr-ge-zero
powr-mono2
zero-le-divide-1-iff zero-le-numeral)
finally have ((card A) ^ 2) ^ 2 ≤ (((C * (card A))powr (1 / 2)) * ((∑ x ∈ differ-
enceset A A . (f-diff x A) ^ 2)) powr(1 / 2)) ^ 2
by (metis of-nat-0-le-iff of-nat-power-eq-of-nat-cancel-iff power-mono)
then have (card A) ^ 4 ≤ (((C * (card A)) * ((∑ x ∈ differenceset A A . (f-diff
x A) ^ 2))) powr (1 / 2)) ^ 2
by (smt (verit) assms of-nat-0-le-iff powr-mult
mult.left-commute power2-eq-square power3-eq-cube power4-eq-xxxx power-commutes)
then have (card A) ^ 4 ≤ ((C * (card A)) * ((∑ x ∈ differenceset A A . (f-diff
x A) ^ 2)))
using assms powr-half-sqrt of-nat-0 of-nat-le-0-iff power-mult-distrib
real-sqrt-pow2 by (smt (verit, best) powr-mult)
moreover have additive-energy A = (∑ x ∈ differenceset A A. (f-diff x A) ^ 2)/
(card A) ^ 3
using additive-energy-def f-diff-card-quadruple-set assms by simp
moreover then have additive-energy A * (card A) ^ 3 = (∑ x ∈ differenceset
A A. (f-diff x A) ^ 2)
using assms by simp
ultimately have (additive-energy A) ≥ ((card A) ^ 4) / (C * (card A) ^ 4 )
using additive-energy-upper-bound
additive-abelian-group-axioms assms divide-le-eq divide-le-eq-1-pos mult.left-commute
mult-left-mono of-nat-0-eq-iff of-nat-0-le-iff power-eq-0-iff power3-eq-cube
power4-eq-xxxx
linorder-not-less mult.assoc mult-zero-left of-nat-0-less-iff of-nat-mult
order-trans-rules(23) times-divide-eq-right by (smt (verit) card-sumset-0-iff

```

```



```

## 7 Towards the proof of the Balog–Szemerédi–Gowers Theorem

```
theory Balog-Szemerédi-Gowers-Main-Proof
imports
```

```

  Prob-Space-Lemmas
  Graph-Theory-Preliminaries
  Sunset-Triangle-Inequality
  Additive-Combinatorics-Preliminaries
begin
```

```
context additive-abelian-group
```

```
begin
```

After having introduced all the necessary preliminaries in the imported files, we are now ready to follow the chain of the arguments for the main proof as in Gowers's notes [3].

The following lemma corresponds to Lemma 2.13 in Gowers's notes [3].

```
lemma (in fin-bipartite-graph) proportion-bad-pairs-subset-bipartite:
  fixes c::real
  assumes c > 0
  obtains X' where X' ⊆ X and card X' ≥ density * card X / sqrt 2 and
  card (bad-pair-set X' Y c) / (card X')^2 ≤ 2 * c / density^2
proof (cases density = 0)
  case True
  then show ?thesis using that[of {}] bad-pair-set-def by auto
next
  case False
  then have dgt0: density > 0 using density-simp by auto
  let ?M = uniform-count-measure Y
  interpret P: prob-space ?M
    by (simp add: Y-not-empty partitions-finite prob-space-uniform-count-measure)
  have sp: space ?M = Y
    by (simp add: space-uniform-count-measure)

  have avg-degree: P.expectation (λ y . card (neighborhood y)) = density * (card X)
  proof -

```

```

have density = ( $\sum y \in Y . \text{degree } y$ )/( $\text{card } X * \text{card } Y$ )
  using edge-size-degree-sumY density-simp by simp
then have d: density * ( $\text{card } X$ ) = ( $\sum y \in Y . \text{degree } y$ )/( $\text{card } Y$ )
  using card-edges-between-set edge-size-degree-sumY partitions-finite(1) partitions-finite(2) by auto
  have P.expectation ( $\lambda y . \text{card} (\text{neighborhood } y)$ ) = P.expectation ( $\lambda y . \text{degree } y$ )
    using alt-deg-neighborhood by simp
  also have ... = ( $\sum y \in Y . \text{degree } y$ )/( $\text{card } Y$ ) using P.expectation-uniform-count
    by (simp add: partitions-finite(2))
  finally show ?thesis using d by simp
qed

then have card-exp-gt: P.expectation ( $\lambda y . (\text{card} (\text{neighborhood } y))^2$ )  $\geq$  density2 * ( $\text{card } X$ )2
proof -
  have P.expectation ( $\lambda y . (\text{card} (\text{neighborhood } y))^2$ )  $\geq$  (P.expectation ( $\lambda y . \text{card} (\text{neighborhood } y)$ ))2
    using P.cauchy-schwarz-ineq-var-uniform partitions-finite(2) by auto
  thus ?thesis using avg-degree
    by (metis of-nat-power power-mult-distrib)
qed

define B where B ≡ bad-pair-set X Y c
define B' where B' ≡  $\lambda y . \text{bad-pair-set} (\text{neighborhood } y)$  Y c
have finB: finite B using bad-pair-set-finite partitions-finite B-def by auto
have  $\bigwedge x . x \in X \implies x \in V$  using partitions-ss(1) by auto
have card B  $\leq$  ( $\text{card} (X \times X)$ ) using B-def bad-pair-set-ss partitions-finite
  card-mono finite-cartesian-product-iff by metis
then have card-B: card B  $\leq$  ( $\text{card } X$ )2
  by (metis card-cartesian-prod-square partitions-finite(1))

have  $\bigwedge x x' . (x, x') \in B \implies P.\text{prob} \{y \in Y . \{x, x'\} \subseteq \text{neighborhood } y\} < c$ 
proof -
  fix x x' assume assm:  $(x, x') \in B$ 
  then have x ∈ X x' ∈ X unfolding B-def bad-pair-set-def bad-pair-def by auto
  then have card-eq: card {v ∈ V . vert-adj v x ∧ vert-adj v x'} = card {y ∈ Y . vert-adj y x ∧ vert-adj y x'}
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) X-vert-adj-Y vert-adj-edge-iff2 vert-adj-imp-inV)

  have ltc: card {v ∈ V . vert-adj v x ∧ vert-adj v x'}/( $\text{card } Y$ )  $< c$ 
    using assm by (auto simp add: B-def bad-pair-set-def bad-pair-def codegree-normalized-def codegree-def vert-adj-sym)
  have {y ∈ Y . {x, x'} ⊆ neighborhood y} = {y ∈ Y . vert-adj y x ∧ vert-adj y x'}
    by (metis bad-pair-set-def bad-pair-def neighborhood-def vert-adj-imp-inV vert-adj-imp-inV)
  then have P.prob {y ∈ Y . {x, x'} ⊆ neighborhood y} = card {y ∈ Y . vert-adj y x ∧ vert-adj y x'}
    by (metis P.prob card)

```

```

 $y \in X \wedge \text{vert-adj } y \in x' \} / \text{card } Y$ 
  using measure-uniform-count-measure partitions-finite(2) by fastforce
  thus P.prob {y ∈ Y . {x, x'} ⊆ neighborhood y} < c using card-eq ltc by simp
qed
then have  $\bigwedge x, x'. (x, x') \in B \implies P.\text{prob} \{y \in Y . (x, x') \in B' | y\} < c$ 
  by (simp add: B-def B'-def bad-pair-set-def)
then have prob:  $\bigwedge p. p \in B \implies P.\text{prob} \{y \in Y . \text{indicator}(B' | y) = 1\} \leq c$ 
  unfolding indicator-def by fastforce

have dsimp:  $(\text{density}^{\wedge 2} - (\text{density}^{\wedge 2}/(2 * c)) * \text{card } X)^{\wedge 2} = (\text{density}^{\wedge 2}/2)$ 
*  $(\text{card } X)^{\wedge 2}$ 
  using assms by (simp add: algebra-simps)
then have gt0:  $(\text{density}^{\wedge 2}/2) * (\text{card } X)^{\wedge 2} > 0$ 
  using dgt0 by (metis density-simp division-ring-divide-zero half-gt-zero linorder-neqE-linordered-idom
    of-nat-less-0-iff of-nat-mult power2-eq-square zero-less-mult-iff)
have Cgt0:  $(\text{density}^{\wedge 2}/(2 * c)) > 0$  using dgt0 assms by auto
have  $\bigwedge y. y \in Y \implies \text{card}(B' | y) = (\sum p \in B. \text{indicator}(B' | y) p)$ 
proof –
  fix y assume y ∈ Y
  then have neighborhood y ⊆ X by (simp add: neighborhood-subset-opp Y)
  then have ss: B' | y ⊆ B unfolding B-def B'-def bad-pair-set-def
    using set-pairs-filter-subset by blast
  then show card(B' | y) = ( $\sum p \in B. \text{indicator}(B' | y) p$ )
    using card-set-ss-indicator[of B' | y B] finB by auto
  qed
  then have P.expectation(λ y. card(B' | y)) = P.expectation(λ y. ( $\sum p \in B.$ 
     $\text{indicator}(B' | y) p$ ))
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) P.prob-space-axioms of-nat-sum partitions-finite(2)

  prob-space.expectation-uniform-count real-of-nat-indicator sum.cong
  also have ... = ( $\sum p \in B. P.\text{expectation}(\lambda y. \text{indicator}(B' | y) p)$ )
  by (rule Bochner-Integration.integral-sum[of B ?M λ p y . indicator(B' | y) p])
    (auto simp add: P.integrable-uniform-count-measure-finite partitions-finite(2))
  finally have P.expectation(λ y. card(B' | y)) = ( $\sum p \in B. P.\text{prob} \{y \in Y.$ 
     $\text{indicator}(B' | y) p = 1\}$ )
  using P.expectation-finite-uniform-indicator[of Y B'] using partitions-finite(2)
  by (smt (verit, best) sum.cong)
  then have P.expectation(λ y. card(B' | y)) ≤ ( $\sum p \in B. c$ )
  using prob sum-mono[of B λ p. P.prob {y ∈ Y. indicator(B' | y) p = 1} λ p.
c]
  by (simp add: indicator-eq-1-iff)
  then have lt1: P.expectation(λ y. card(B' | y)) ≤ c * (card B) using finB
  by (simp add: mult-of-nat-commute)

have c * (card B) ≤ c * (card X)^{\wedge 2} using assms card-B by auto
then have P.expectation(λ y. card(B' | y)) ≤ c * (card X)^{\wedge 2}
  using lt1 by linarith
then have  $\bigwedge C. C > 0 \implies C * P.\text{expectation}(\lambda y. \text{card}(B' | y)) \leq C * c * (\text{card } X)^{\wedge 2}$ 

```

```

    by auto
then have  $\bigwedge C . C > 0 \implies (P.\text{expectation} (\lambda y. (\text{card} (\text{neighborhood } y))^2) - C * (P.\text{expectation} (\lambda y. \text{card} (B' y))))$ 
 $\geq (\text{density}^2 * (\text{card } X)^2) - (C * c * (\text{card } X)^2)$ 
using card-exp-gt diff-strict1-mono by (smt (verit))
then have  $\bigwedge C . C > 0 \implies (P.\text{expectation} (\lambda y. (\text{card} (\text{neighborhood } y))^2) - C * (P.\text{expectation} (\lambda y. \text{card} (B' y))))$ 
 $\geq (\text{density}^2 - C * c) * (\text{card } X)^2$ 
by (simp add: field-simps)

then have  $(P.\text{expectation} (\lambda y. (\text{card} (\text{neighborhood } y))^2) - (\text{density}^2 / (2 * c)) * (P.\text{expectation} (\lambda y. \text{card} (B' y))))$ 
 $\geq (\text{density}^2 - (\text{density}^2 / (2 * c)) * c) * (\text{card } X)^2$ 
using Cgt0 assms by blast
then have  $P.\text{expectation} (\lambda y. (\text{card} (\text{neighborhood } y))^2) - (\text{density}^2 / (2 * c)) * (P.\text{expectation} (\lambda y. \text{card} (B' y)))$ 
 $\geq (\text{density}^2 / 2) * (\text{card } X)^2$  using dsimp by linarith
then have  $P.\text{expectation} (\lambda y. (\text{card} (\text{neighborhood } y))^2) - (P.\text{expectation} (\lambda y. (\text{density}^2 / (2 * c)) * \text{card} (B' y)))$ 
 $\geq (\text{density}^2 / 2) * (\text{card } X)^2$  by auto
then have  $P.\text{expectation} (\lambda y. (\text{card} (\text{neighborhood } y))^2) - ((\text{density}^2 / (2 * c)) * \text{card} (B' y))$ 
 $\geq (\text{density}^2 / 2) * (\text{card } X)^2$ 
using Bochner-Integration.integral-diff[of ?M ( $\lambda y. (\text{card} (\text{neighborhood } y))^2$ )  $\lambda y. (\text{density}^2 / (2 * c)) * \text{card} (B' y)]]$ 
P.integrable-uniform-count-measure-finite(2) by fastforce

then obtain y where yin:  $y \in Y$  and ineq:  $(\text{card} (\text{neighborhood } y))^2 - ((\text{density}^2 / (2 * c)) * \text{card} (B' y)) \geq (\text{density}^2 / 2) * (\text{card } X)^2$ 
using P.expectation-obtains-ge partitions-finite(2) by blast

let ?X' = neighborhood y
have ss:  $?X' \subseteq X$ 
using yin by (simp add: neighborhood-subset-opp Y)
have local.density2 / (2 * c) * real (card (B' y))  $\geq 0$ 
using assms density-simp by simp
then have d1:  $(\text{card } ?X')^2 \geq (\text{density}^2 / 2) * (\text{card } X)^2$ 
using ineq by linarith
then have  $(\text{card } ?X') \geq \sqrt{((\text{density}) * (\text{card } X))^2 / 2}$ 
by (simp add: field-simps real-le-lsqrt)
then have den:  $((\text{card } ?X') \geq (\text{density} * (\text{card } X)) / (\sqrt{2}))$ 
by (smt (verit, del-insts) divide-nonneg-nonneg divide-nonpos-nonneg real-sqrt-divide

real-sqrt-ge-0-iff real-sqrt-unique zero-le-power2)
have xgt0:  $(\text{card } ?X') > 0$  using dgt0 gt0
using d1 gr0I by force
then have  $(\text{card } ?X')^2 \geq (\text{density}^2 / (2 * c)) * \text{card} (B' y)$ 
using gt0 ineq by simp
then have  $(\text{card } ?X')^2 / (\text{density}^2 / (2 * c)) \geq \text{card} (B' y)$ 

```

```

using Cgt0 by (metis mult.commute pos-le-divide-eq)
then have ((2 * c)/(density^2)) ≥ card (B' y)/(card ?X')^2
  using pos-le-divide-eq xgt0 by (simp add: field-simps)
  thus ?thesis using that[of ?X'] den ss B'-def by auto
qed

```

The following technical probability lemma corresponds to Lemma 2.14 in Gowers's notes [3].

```

lemma (in prob-space) expectation-condition-card-1:
  fixes X::'a set and f::'a ⇒ real and δ::real
  assumes finite X and ∀ x ∈ X. f x ≤ 1 and M = uniform-count-measure X
  and expectation f ≥ δ
  shows card {x ∈ X. (f x ≥ δ / 2)} ≥ δ * card X / 2
proof (cases δ ≥ 0)
  assume hδ: δ ≥ 0
  have ineq1: real (card (X - {x ∈ X. δ ≤ f x * 2})) * δ ≤ real (card X) * δ
    using card-mono assms Diff-subset hδ mult-le-cancel-right nat-le-linear of-nat-le-iff
      by (smt (verit, best))
  have ineq2: ∀ x ∈ X - {x. x ∈ X ∧ (f x ≥ δ/2)}. f x ≤ δ / 2 by auto
  have expectation f * card X = (∑ x ∈ X. f x)
    using assms(1) expectation-uniform-count assms(3) by force
  also have ... = (∑ x ∈ {x. x ∈ X ∧ (f x ≥ δ/2)}. f x)
    + (∑ x ∈ X - {x. x ∈ X ∧ (f x ≥ δ/2)}. f x)
    using assms
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) add.commute mem-Collect-eq subsetI sum.subset-diff)
  also have ... ≤ (∑ x ∈ {x. x ∈ X ∧ (f x ≥ δ/2)}. 1) +
    (∑ x ∈ X - {x. x ∈ X ∧ (f x ≥ δ/2)}. δ / 2)
    using assms sum-mono ineq2 by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) mem-Collect-eq)
  also have ... ≤ card ({x. x ∈ X ∧ (f x ≥ δ/2)}) + (card X) * δ / 2
    using ineq1 by auto
  finally have δ * card X ≤ card {x. x ∈ X ∧ (f x ≥ δ/2)} + (δ/2)*(card X)
    using ineq1 mult-of-nat-commute assms(4) mult-right-mono le-trans
    by (smt (verit, del-insts) of-nat-0-le-iff times-divide-eq-left)
  then show ?thesis by auto
next
  assume ¬ δ ≥ 0
  thus ?thesis by (smt (verit, del-insts) divide-nonpos-nonneg mult-nonpos-nonneg
    of-nat-0-le-iff)
qed

```

The following technical probability lemma corresponds to Lemma 2.15 in Gowers's notes.

```

lemma (in prob-space) expectation-condition-card-2:
  fixes X::'a set and β::real and α::real and f::'a ⇒ real
  assumes finite X and ∏ x ∈ X. f x ≤ 1 and β > 0 and α > 0
  and expectation f ≥ 1 - α and M = uniform-count-measure X
  shows card {x ∈ X. f x ≥ 1 - β} ≥ (1 - α / β) * card X

```

**proof–**

```

have hcard:  $\text{card} \{x \in X. 1 - \beta \leq f x\} \leq \text{card } X$  using card-mono assms(1)
by fastforce
have hβ:  $\forall x \in X - \{x. x \in X \wedge (f x \geq 1 - \beta)\}. f x \leq 1 - \beta$  by auto
have expectation f * card X = (Σ x ∈ X. f x)
using assms(1) expectation-uniform-count assms(6) by force
then have  $(1 - \alpha) * \text{card } X \leq (\sum x \in X. f x)$  using assms
by (metis mult.commute sum-bounded-below sum-constant)
also have  $\dots = (\sum x \in \{x. x \in X \wedge (f x \geq 1 - \beta)\}. f x) +$ 
 $(\sum x \in X - \{x. x \in X \wedge (f x \geq 1 - \beta)\}. f x)$  using assms
by (metis (no-types, lifting) add.commute mem-Collect-eq subsetI sum.subset-diff)
also have  $\dots \leq (\sum x \in \{x. x \in X \wedge (f x \geq 1 - \beta)\}. 1) +$ 
 $(\sum x \in X - \{x. x \in X \wedge (f x \geq 1 - \beta)\}. (1 - \beta))$ 
using assms hβ sum-mono by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) mem-Collect-eq)
also have  $\dots = \text{card} \{x. x \in X \wedge (f x \geq 1 - \beta)\} + (1 - \beta) * \text{card} (X - \{x. x \in X \wedge (f x \geq 1 - \beta)\})$ 
by auto
also have  $\dots = (\text{card} \{x. x \in X \wedge (f x \geq 1 - \beta)\} +$ 
 $\text{card} (X - \{x. x \in X \wedge (f x \geq 1 - \beta)\})) - \beta * \text{card} (X - \{x. x \in X \wedge (f x \geq 1 - \beta)\})$ 
using left-diff-distrib
by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) mult.commute mult.right-neutral of-nat-1 of-nat-add of-nat-mult)
also have heq:  $\dots = \text{card } X - \beta * \text{card} (X - \{x. x \in X \wedge (f x \geq 1 - \beta)\})$ 
using assms(1) card-Diff-subset[of {x. x ∈ X ∧ (f x ≥ 1 − β)} X] hcard by auto
finally have  $(1 - \alpha) * \text{card } X \leq \text{card } X - \beta * \text{card} (X - \{x. x \in X \wedge (f x \geq 1 - \beta)\})$  by blast
then have  $-(1 - \alpha) * \text{card } X + \text{card } X \geq \beta * \text{card} (X - \{x. x \in X \wedge (f x \geq 1 - \beta)\})$  by linarith
then have  $-\text{card } X + \alpha * \text{card } X + \text{card } X \geq \beta * \text{card} (X - \{x. x \in X \wedge (f x \geq 1 - \beta)\})$ 
using add.assoc add.commute
add.right-neutral add-0 add-diff-cancel-right' add-diff-eq add-uminus-conv-diff diff-add-cancel
distrib-right minus-diff-eq mult.commute mult-1 of-int-minus of-int-of-nat-eq uminus-add-conv-diff
cancel-comm-monoid-add-class.diff-cancel by (smt (verit, del-insts) mult-cancel-right2)
then have  $\alpha * \text{card } X \geq \beta * \text{card} (X - \{x. x \in X \wedge (f x \geq 1 - \beta)\})$  by auto
then have  $\alpha * \text{card } X / \beta \geq \text{card} (X - \{x. x \in X \wedge (f x \geq 1 - \beta)\})$  using assms
by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) mult.commute pos-divide-less-eq)
then show ?thesis by (smt (verit) heq combine-common-factor left-diff-distrib' mult-of-nat-commute
nat-mult-1-right of-nat-1 of-nat-add of-nat-mult times-divide-eq-left scale-minus-left)
qed

```

The following lemma corresponds to Lemma 2.16 in Gowers's notes [3]. For the proof, we will apply Lemma 2.13 (*proportion-bad-pairs-subset-bipartite*, the technical probability Lemmas 2.14 (*expectation-condition-card-1*) and

2.15 (*expectation-condition-card-2*) as well as background material on graphs with loops and bipartite graphs that was previously presented.

```

lemma (in fin-bipartite-graph) walks-of-length-3-subsets-bipartite:
  obtains  $X'$  and  $Y'$  where  $X' \subseteq X$  and  $Y' \subseteq Y$  and
     $\text{card } X' \geq (\text{edge-density } X Y)^2 * \text{card } X / 16$  and
     $\text{card } Y' \geq \text{edge-density } X Y * \text{card } Y / 4$  and
     $\forall x \in X'. \forall y \in Y'. \text{card} \{p. \text{connecting-walk } x y p \wedge \text{walk-length } p = 3\} \geq$ 
       $(\text{edge-density } X Y)^6 * \text{card } X * \text{card } Y / 2^{13}$ 

proof (cases edge-density X Y > 0)
  let  $\delta = \text{edge-density } X Y$ 
  assume  $\delta > 0$ 
  interpret  $P1: \text{prob-space uniform-count-measure } X$ 
  by (simp add:  $X$ -not-empty partitions-finite(1) prob-space-uniform-count-measure)
  have  $hP1exp: P1.\text{expectation} (\lambda x. \text{degree-normalized } x Y) \geq \delta$ 
  using  $P1.\text{expectation-uniform-count partitions-finite sum-degree-normalized-X-density}$ 
  by auto
  let  $?X1 = \{x \in X. (\text{degree-normalized } x Y \geq \delta/2)\}$ 
  have  $hX1X: ?X1 \subseteq X$  and  $hX1card: \text{card } ?X1 \geq \delta * (\text{card } X)/2$ 
  and  $hX1degree: \forall x \in ?X1. \text{degree-normalized } x Y \geq \delta/2$  using
     $P1.\text{expectation-condition-card-1 partitions-finite degree-normalized-le-1 } hP1exp$ 
  by auto
  have  $hX1cardpos: \text{card } ?X1 > 0$  using  $hX1card \delta X$ -not-empty
  by (smt (verit, del-insts) divide-divide-eq-right divide-le-0-iff density-simp gr0I
    less-eq-real-def mult-is-0 not-numeral-le-zero of-nat-le-0-iff of-nat-less-0-iff)
  interpret  $H: \text{fin-bipartite-graph } (?X1 \cup Y) \{e \in E. e \subseteq (?X1 \cup Y)\} ?X1 Y$ 
  proof (unfold-locales, simp add: partitions-finite)
    have  $\text{disjoint } \{?X1, Y\}$  using  $hX1X$  partition-on-def partition
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) disjoint-subset2 disjoint-sym ne pairwise-insert singletonD)
    moreover have  $\{\} \notin \{?X1, Y\}$  using  $hX1cardpos Y$ -not-empty
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) card.empty insert-iff neq0-conv singleton-iff)
    ultimately show  $\text{partition-on } (?X1 \cup Y) \{?X1, Y\}$  using partition-on-def
  by auto
  next
    show  $?X1 \neq Y$  using ne partition by (metis Int-absorb1 Y-not-empty hX1X
    part-intersect-empty)
  next
    show  $\bigwedge e. e \in \{e \in E. e \subseteq ?X1 \cup Y\} \implies e \in \text{all-bi-edges } \{x \in X. \text{edge-density }$ 
     $X Y / 2 \leq \text{degree-normalized } x Y\}$  Y
    using Un-iff Y-verts-not-adj edge-betw-indiv in-mono insert-subset mem-Collect-eq
      subset-refl that vert-adj-def all-bi-edges-def[of ?X1 Y] in-mk-uedge-img-iff
      by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) all-edges-betw-I all-edges-between-bi-subset)
  next
    show finite ( $?X1 \cup Y$ ) using hX1X by (simp add: partitions-finite(1) partitions-finite(2))
  qed

```

```

have neighborhood-unchanged:  $\forall x \in ?X1. \text{neighbors-ss } x Y = H.\text{neighbors-ss } x Y$ 
  using neighbors-ss-def  $H.\text{neighbors-ss-def vert-adj-def } H.\text{vert-adj-def}$  by auto
  then have degree-unchanged:  $\forall x \in ?X1. \text{degree } x = H.\text{degree } x$ 
    using  $H.\text{degree-neighbors-ss } X \text{ degree-neighbors-ss } X$  by auto
  have hHdensity:  $(H.\text{edge-density } ?X1 Y) \geq ?\delta / 2$ 
  proof-
    have  $??\delta / 2 = (\sum x \in ?X1. (?\delta / 2)) / \text{card } ?X1$  using  $hX1\text{cardpos}$  by auto
    also have ...  $\leq (\sum x \in ?X1. \text{degree-normalized } x Y) / \text{card } ?X1$ 
      using sum-mono  $hX1\text{degree } hX1\text{cardpos divide-le-cancel}$ 
      by (smt (z3)  $H.X\text{-not-empty } H.\text{partitions-finite}(1)$ 
           calculation divide-pos-pos  $h\delta \text{ sum-pos zero-less-divide-iff}$ )
    also have ...  $= (H.\text{edge-density } ?X1 Y)$ 
    using  $H.\text{degree-normalized-def } \text{degree-normalized-def } \text{degree-unchanged } \text{sum.cong}$ 
            $H.\text{degree-neighbors-ss } X \text{ degree-neighbors-ss } X \text{ } H.\text{sum-degree-normalized-X-density}$ 
    by auto
    finally show ?thesis by simp
  qed
  have  $h\delta^3\text{pos}: ?\delta^3 / 128 > 0$  using  $h\delta$  by auto
  then obtain  $X2$  where  $hX2\text{sub } X1: X2 \subseteq ?X1$  and  $hX2\text{card}: \text{card } X2 \geq (H.\text{edge-density } ?X1 Y) *$ 
     $(\text{card } ?X1) / (\sqrt{2})$  and  $hX2\text{badtemp}: (\text{card } (H.\text{bad-pair-set } X2 Y (?\delta^3 / 128))) / \text{real } ((\text{card } X2)^2)$ 
     $\leq 2 * (?\delta^3 / 128) / (H.\text{edge-density } ?X1 Y)^2$  using  $H.\text{proportion-bad-pairs-subset-bipartite}$ 
    by blast
  have  $(H.\text{edge-density } ?X1 Y) * (\text{card } ?X1) / (\sqrt{2}) > 0$  using  $hHdensity$ 
   $hX1\text{cardpos } h\delta \text{ } hX2\text{card}$ 
  by auto
  then have  $hX2\text{cardpos}: \text{card } X2 > 0$  using  $hX2\text{card}$  by auto
  then have  $hX2\text{finite}: \text{finite } X2$  using  $\text{card-ge-0-finite}$  by auto
  have  $hX2\text{bad}: (\text{card } (H.\text{bad-pair-set } X2 Y (?\delta^3 / 128))) \leq (?\delta / 16) * (\text{card } X2)^2$ 
  proof-
    have  $hpos: \text{real } ((\text{card } X2)^2) > 0$  using  $hX2\text{cardpos}$  by auto
    have  $trivial: (3 :: nat) - 2 = 1$  by simp
    then have  $h\delta\text{pow}: ?\delta^3 / ?\delta^2 = ?\delta^1$  using power-diff  $h\delta$ 
    by (metis div-greater-zero-iff less-numeral-extra(3) numeral-Bit1-div-2 zero-less-numeral)

    have  $\text{card } (H.\text{bad-pair-set } X2 Y (?\delta^3 / 128)) \leq (2 * (?\delta^3 / 128) / (H.\text{edge-density } ?X1 Y)^2) *$ 
       $(\text{card } X2)^2$  using  $hX2\text{badtemp } hX2\text{cardpos}$  by (simp add: field-simps)
    also have ...  $\leq (2 * (?\delta^3 / 128) / (?\delta / 2)^2) * (\text{card } X2)^2$ 
      using  $h\delta \text{ } hHdensity \text{ divide-left-mono } \text{frac-le } hpos$  by (smt (verit) divide-pos-pos
           edge-density-ge0 le-divide-eq power-mono zero-le-divide-iff zero-less-power)
    also have ...  $= (?\delta^3 / ?\delta^2) * (1/16) * (\text{card } X2)^2$  by (simp add: field-simps)
    also have ...  $= (?\delta / 16) * (\text{card } X2)^2$  using  $h\delta\text{pow}$  by auto
    finally show ?thesis by simp
  
```

```

qed
let ?E-loops = mk-edge `{(x, x') | x x'. x ∈ X2 ∧ x' ∈ X2 ∧
(H.codegree-normalized x x' Y) ≥ ?δ ^ 3 / 128}
interpret Γ: ulgraph X2 ?E-loops
proof(unfold-locales)
show ∀e. e ∈ ?E-loops ⇒ e ⊆ X2 by auto
next
have ∀a b. a ∈ X2 ⇒ b ∈ X2 ⇒ 0 < card {a, b}
by (meson card-0-eq finite.emptyI finite-insert insert-not-empty neq0-conv)
moreover have ∀a b. a ∈ X2 ⇒ b ∈ X2 ⇒ card {a, b} ≤ 2
by (metis card-2-iff dual-order.refl insert-absorb2 is-singletonI
is-singleton-altdef one-le-numeral)
ultimately show ∀e. e ∈ ?E-loops ⇒ 0 < card e ∧ card e ≤ 2 by auto
qed
have hΓ-edges: ∀a b. a ∈ X2 ⇒ b ∈ X2 ⇒
{a, b} ∈ ?E-loops ↔ H.codegree-normalized a b Y ≥ ?δ ^ 3 / 128
proof
fix a b assume {a, b} ∈ ?E-loops
then show H.codegree-normalized a b Y ≥ ?δ ^ 3 / 128
using in-mk-uedge-img-iff[of a b {(x, x') | x x'. x ∈ X2 ∧ x' ∈ X2 ∧
(H.codegree-normalized x x' Y) ≥ ?δ ^ 3 / 128}] doubleton-eq-iff H.codegree-normalized-sym
by auto
next
fix a b assume a ∈ X2 and b ∈ X2 and H.codegree-normalized a b Y ≥
?δ ^ 3 / 128
then show {a, b} ∈ ?E-loops using in-mk-uedge-img-iff[of a b {(x, x') | x
x'. x ∈ X2 ∧
x' ∈ X2 ∧ (H.codegree-normalized x x' Y) ≥ ?δ ^ 3 / 128}] H.codegree-normalized-sym
by auto
qed
interpret P2: prob-space uniform-count-measure X2
using hX2finite hX2cardpos prob-space-uniform-count-measure by fastforce
have hP2exp: P2.expectation (λ x. Γ.degree-normalized x X2) ≥ 1 - ?δ / 16
proof-
have hGammaAll: Γ.all-edges-between X2 X2 = (X2 × X2) - H.bad-pair-set X2 Y
(?δ ^ 3 / 128)
proof
show Γ.all-edges-between X2 X2 ⊆ X2 × X2 - H.bad-pair-set X2 Y (?δ ^
3 / 128)
proof
fix x assume x ∈ Γ.all-edges-between X2 X2
then obtain a b where a ∈ X2 and b ∈ X2 and x = (a, b) and
H.codegree-normalized a b Y ≥ ?δ ^ 3 / 128
using Γ.all-edges-between-def in-mk-uedge-img-iff hΓ-edges
by (smt (verit, del-insts) Γ.all-edges-betw-D3 Γ.wellformed-alt-snd edge-density-commute
mk-edge.cases mk-edge.simps that)
then show x ∈ X2 × X2 - H.bad-pair-set X2 Y (?δ ^ 3 / 128)

```

```

    using H.bad-pair-set-def H.bad-pair-def by auto
qed
next
show X2 × X2 = H.bad-pair-set X2 Y (?δ ^ 3 / 128) ⊆ Γ.all-edges-between
X2 X2
using H.bad-pair-set-def H.bad-pair-def Γ.all-edges-between-def hΓ-edges by
auto
qed
then have hΓall-le: card (Γ.all-edges-between X2 X2) ≥ (1 - ?δ / 16) * (card
X2 * card X2)
proof -
have hbadsub: H.bad-pair-set X2 Y (?δ ^ 3 / 128) ⊆ X2 × X2 using
H.bad-pair-set-def by auto
have (1 - ?δ / 16) * (card X2 * card X2) = card (X2 × X2) - ?δ / 16 *
(card X2) ^ 2
using card-cartesian-product power2-eq-square
by (metis Rings.ring-distrib(4) more-arith-simps(6) mult-of-nat-commute)
also have ... ≤ card (X2 × X2) - card (H.bad-pair-set X2 Y (?δ ^ 3 /
128))
using hX2bad by auto
also have ... = card (X2 × X2 - H.bad-pair-set X2 Y (?δ ^ 3 / 128)) using
card-Diff-subset
finite-cartesian-product[of X2 X2] hX2finite hbadsub
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) finite-subset)
finally show card(Γ.all-edges-between X2 X2) ≥ (1 - ?δ / 16) * (card X2 *
card X2)
using hΓall by simp
qed
have 1 - ?δ / 16 = ((1 - ?δ / 16) * (card X2 * card X2)) / (card X2 * card
X2)
using hX2cardpos by auto
also have ... ≤ card (Γ.all-edges-between X2 X2) / (card X2 * card X2)
using hΓall-le hX2cardpos divide-le-cancel of-nat-less-0-iff by fast
also have ... = (∑ x ∈ X2. real (card (Γ.neighbors-ss x X2))) / card X2 /
card X2
using Γ.card-all-edges-betw-neighbor[of X2 X2] hX2finite by (auto simp add:
field-simps)
also have ... = (∑ x ∈ X2. Γ.degree-normalized x X2) / card X2
unfolding Γ.degree-normalized-def
using sum-divide-distrib[of λ x. real (card (Γ.neighbors-ss x X2))] X2 card
X2] by auto
also have ... = P2.expectation (λ x. Γ.degree-normalized x X2)
using P2.expectation-uniform-count hX2finite by auto
finally show ?thesis by simp
qed
let ?X' = {x ∈ X2. Γ.degree-normalized x X2 ≥ 1 - ?δ / 8}
have hX'subX2: ?X' ⊆ X2 by blast
have hX'cardX2: card ?X' ≥ card X2 / 2 using hX2finite divide-self hδ
P2.expectation-condition-card-2 [of X2 (λ x. Γ.degree-normalized x X2) ?δ / 8]

```

```

? $\delta$  / 16]
hP2exp  $\Gamma$ .degree-normalized-le-1 by auto
interpret P3: prob-space uniform-count-measure Y
by (simp add: Y-not-empty partitions-finite(2) prob-space-uniform-count-measure)
have hP3exp: P3.expectation ( $\lambda y. H$ .degree-normalized  $y X2$ )  $\geq$  ? $\delta$  / 2
proof-
have hHdegree-normalized:  $\bigwedge x. x \in X2 \implies (\frac{?}{\delta} / 2) \leq H$ .degree-normalized  $x Y$ 
using hX1degree degree-normalized-def H.degree-normalized-def neighborhood-unchanged
hX2subX1 subsetD by (metis (no-types, lifting))
have ? $\delta$  / 2 = ( $\sum x \in X2. (\frac{?}{\delta} / 2)$ ) / card  $X2$  using hX2cardpos by auto
also have ...  $\leq (\sum x \in X2. \text{real}(\text{card}(H.\text{neighbors-ss } x Y))) / \text{card } Y / \text{card } X2$ 
using hHdegree-normalized sum-mono divide-le-cancel hX2cardpos of-nat-0-le-iff
H.degree-normalized-def sum.cong sum-divide-distrib by (smt (verit, best))
also have ... = (card(H.all-edges-between Y X2)) / card  $X2 / \text{card } Y$ 
using H.card-all-edges-between-commute H.card-all-edges-betw-neighbor hX2finite
H.partitions-finite(2) by auto
also have ... = ( $\sum y \in Y. \text{real}(\text{card}(H.\text{neighbors-ss } y X2))) / \text{card } X2 / \text{card } Y$  using
H.card-all-edges-betw-neighbor hX2finite H.partitions-finite(2) by auto
also have ... = ( $\sum y \in Y. H$ .degree-normalized  $y X2) / \text{card } Y$  using
H.degree-normalized-def sum.cong sum-divide-distrib by (smt (verit, best))
also have ... = P3.expectation ( $\lambda y. H$ .degree-normalized  $y X2$ )
using P3.expectation-uniform-count H.partitions-finite(2) by auto
finally show ?thesis by linarith
qed
let ?Y' = { $x \in Y. H$ .degree-normalized  $x X2 \geq \frac{?}{\delta} / 4$ }
have hY'subY: ?Y'  $\subseteq Y$  by blast
then have hY'card: card ?Y'  $\geq \frac{?}{\delta} * \text{card } Y / 4$ 
using P3.expectation-condition-card-1[of Y ( $\lambda y. H$ .degree-normalized  $y X2)$ 
? $\delta$  / 2] H.partitions-finite(2)
hP3exp H.degree-normalized-le-1 by auto

have hX2adjcard:  $\bigwedge x y. x \in ?X' \implies y \in ?Y' \implies$ 
card { $x' \in X2. \Gamma$ .vert-adj  $x x'$   $\wedge$  vert-adj  $y x'$ }  $\geq \frac{?}{\delta} / 8 * \text{card } X2$ 
proof-
fix x y assume hx:  $x \in ?X'$  and hy:  $y \in ?Y'$ 
have hinter: { $x' \in X2. \Gamma$ .vert-adj  $x x'$   $\wedge$  vert-adj  $y x'$ } =
{ $x' \in X2. \Gamma$ .vert-adj  $x x'$ }  $\cap$  { $x' \in X2. \Gamma$ .vert-adj  $y x'$ } by auto
have huncardX2: card ({ $x' \in X2. \Gamma$ .vert-adj  $x x'$ })  $\cup$  { $x' \in X2. \Gamma$ .vert-adj  $y x'$ })  $\leq \text{card } X2$ 
using card-mono hX2finite by fastforce
have fin1: finite { $x' \in X2. \Gamma$ .vert-adj  $x x'$ } and fin2: finite { $x' \in X2. \Gamma$ .vert-adj  $y x'$ }
using hX2finite by auto

```

```

have { $x' \in X2. \Gamma.\text{vert-adj } x x'\} = \Gamma.\text{neighbors-ss } x X2$ 
using  $\Gamma.\text{vert-adj-def vert-adj-def } \Gamma.\text{neighbors-ss-def } hX2\text{sub}X1 \Gamma.\text{neighbors-ss-def}$ 
by auto
then have  $hcard1: \text{card } \{x' \in X2. \Gamma.\text{vert-adj } x x'\} \geq (1 - ?\delta/8) * \text{card } X2$ 
using  $hx$ 
 $\Gamma.\text{degree-normalized-def divide-le-eq } hX2\text{cardpos by (simp add: } hX2\text{card}$ 
 $\text{le-divide-eq)}$ 
have { $x' \in X2. \text{vert-adj } y x'\} = H.\text{neighbors-ss } y X2$  using  $H.\text{vert-adj-def}$ 
 $\text{vert-adj-def}$ 
 $H.\text{neighbors-ss-def } hy hY'\text{sub}Y hX2\text{sub}X1 H.\text{neighbors-ss-def by auto}$ 
then have  $hcard2: \text{card } \{x' \in X2. \text{vert-adj } y x'\} \geq (?\delta / 4) * \text{card } X2$ 
using  $hy H.\text{degree-normalized-def divide-le-eq } hX2\text{cardpos by (simp add: }$ 
 $hX2\text{card le-divide-eq)}$ 
have  $??\delta / 8 * \text{card } X2 = (1 - ?\delta / 8) * \text{card } X2 + ?\delta/4 * \text{card } X2 - \text{card }$ 
 $X2$ 
by (simp add: algebra-simps)
also have ...  $\leq \text{card } \{x' \in X2. \Gamma.\text{vert-adj } x x'\} + \text{card } \{x' \in X2. \text{vert-adj } y x'\}$ 
-
card ( $\{x' \in X2. \Gamma.\text{vert-adj } x x'\} \cup \{x' \in X2. \text{vert-adj } y x'\}$ )
using  $huncardX2 hcard1 hcard2$  by linarith
also have ...  $= \text{card } \{x' \in X2. \Gamma.\text{vert-adj } x x' \wedge \text{vert-adj } y x'\}$ 
using card-Un-Int fin1 fin2 hinter by fastforce
finally show  $\text{card } \{x' \in X2. \Gamma.\text{vert-adj } x x' \wedge \text{vert-adj } y x'\} \geq ?\delta / 8 * \text{card }$ 
 $X2$ 
by linarith
qed
have  $hYpos: \text{real } (\text{card } Y) > 0$  using Y-not-empty partitions-finite(2) by auto
have  $\bigwedge x y. x \in ?X' \implies y \in ?Y' \implies \text{card } \{p. \text{connecting-walk } x y p \wedge \text{walk-length }$ 
 $p = 3\} \geq$ 
 $(?\delta^3 / 128 * (\text{card } Y)) * ((?\delta / 8) * (\text{card } X2))$ 
proof-
fix  $x y$  assume  $hx: x \in ?X'$  and  $hy: y \in ?Y'$ 
then have  $hxV: x \in V$  and  $hyV: y \in V$  using  $hY'\text{sub}Y hX'\text{sub}X2 hX2\text{sub}X1$ 
 $hX1X$  partitions-ss(1)
partitions-ss(2) subsetD by auto
define  $f: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list set where } f \equiv (\lambda a. ((\lambda z. z @ [y]) ` \{p. \text{connecting-path }$ 
 $x a p \wedge \text{walk-length } p = 2\}))$ 
have  $h\text{-norm}: \bigwedge a. a \in \{x' \in X2. \Gamma.\text{vert-adj } x x' \wedge \text{vert-adj } y x'\} \implies \text{code-}$ 
 $\text{gree-normalized } x a Y \geq ?\delta^3 / 128$ 
using  $\Gamma.\text{vert-adj-def codegree-normalized-sym } hx hX'\text{sub}X2 \text{subsetD}$ 
codegree-normalized-altX  $H.\text{codegree-normalized-altX neighborhood-unchanged}$ 

 $h\Gamma\text{-edges } hX2\text{sub}X1 hX1X$  by (smt (verit, del-insts) mem-Collect-eq)
have inj-concat:  $\text{inj } (\lambda z. z @ [y])$  using inj-def by blast
then have card-f-eq:  $\bigwedge a. \text{card } (f a) = \text{card } \{p. \text{connecting-path } x a p \wedge$ 
 $\text{walk-length } p = 2\}$ 
using f-def card-image inj-eq by (smt (verit) inj-onI)
then have card-f-ge:  $\bigwedge a. a \in \{x' \in X2. \Gamma.\text{vert-adj } x x' \wedge \text{vert-adj } y x'\} \implies$ 
 $\text{card } (f a) \geq ?\delta^3 / 128 * \text{card } Y$ 

```

```

using codegree-is-path-length-two codegree-normalized-def hYpos f-def h-norm
by (simp add: field-simps)
have f-disjoint: pairwise (λ s t. disjoint (f s) (f t)) {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧
vert-adj y x'}
proof (intro pairwiseI)
fix s t assume s ∈ {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj y x'} and
t ∈ {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj y x'} and s ≠ t
moreover have ∨ a l. l ∈ f a ==> l ! 2 = a
proof-
fix a l assume l ∈ f a
then obtain z where hz: z ∈ {p. connecting-path x a p ∧ walk-length p =
2} and hz: l = z @ [y]
using f-def by blast
then have z ! 2 = a using walk-length-conv connecting-path-def last-conv-nth
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) diff-add-inverse length-tl list.sel(2) mem-Collect-eq

nat-1-add-1 one-eq-numeral-iff rel-simps(18))
then show l ! 2 = a using hz nth-append hz walk-length-conv less-diff-conv
mem-Collect-eq
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) nat-1-add-1 one-less-numeral-iff rel-simps(9))
qed
ultimately show disjoint (f s) (f t) by (metis disjoint-iff)
qed
have hwalk-subset: {p. connecting-walk x k p ∧ walk-length p = n} ⊆ {p. set p
⊆ V ∧ length p = n + 1} for n k
using connecting-walk-def is-walk-def walk-length-conv by auto
have finite-walk: finite {p. connecting-walk x k p ∧ walk-length p = n} for n k
using finV finite-lists-length-eq finite-subset hwalk-subset[of k n] rev-finite-subset
by blast
have f-finite: ∏ A. A ∈ (f ` {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj y x'}) ==>
finite A
proof-
fix A assume A ∈ (f ` {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj y x'})
then obtain a where a ∈ {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj y x'} and
hA: A = f a by blast
have {p. connecting-path x a p ∧ walk-length p = 2} ⊆ {p. connecting-walk x
a p ∧ walk-length p = 2}
using connecting-path-walk by blast
then have finite {p. connecting-path x a p ∧ walk-length p = 2}
using finite-walk finite-subset connecting-path-walk by blast
then show finite A using f-def hA by auto
qed
moreover have f-image-sub:
(∪ x ∈ {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj y x'}. f x) ⊆ {p. connecting-walk
x y p ∧ walk-length p = 3}
proof(intro Union-least)
fix X assume X ∈ f ` {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj y x'}
then obtain a where ha: a ∈ {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj y x'} and
hX: f a = X by blast

```

```

have  $\bigwedge z. \text{connecting-path } x a z \implies \text{walk-length } z = 2 \implies \text{connecting-walk } x$ 
y (z @ [y])
proof-
  fix z assume hpath: connecting-path x a z and hlen: walk-length z = 2
  then obtain y' where z ! 1 = y' by blast
  then have hz: z = [x, y', a] using list2-middle-singleton walk-length-conv
    connecting-path-def hpath hlen add-diff-cancel-left' append-butlast-last-id
    butlast.simps connecting-path-walk connecting-walk-def diff-diff-add diff-le-self

  is-walk-not-empty is-walk-tl last-ConsL last-tl list.expand list.sel list.simps(3)

  nat-1-add-1 le-imp-diff-is-add
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) arith-simps(45) arithmetic-simps(2) numerals(1))
  moreover have hwalk: connecting-walk x a z using connecting-path-walk
  hpath by blast
  then show connecting-walk x y (z @ [y]) using connecting-walk-def is-walk-def

  connecting-path-def is-gen-path-def is-walk-def ha hz hwalk hyV vert-adj-sym
  vert-adj-def by auto
qed
  then show X ⊆ {p. connecting-walk x y p ∧ walk-length p = 3}
    using haX f-def walk-length-conv by auto
qed
  ultimately have hUn-le: card (⋃ x ∈ {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj y x'}). f x) ≤ card {p. connecting-walk x y p ∧ walk-length p = 3}
    using card-mono finite-walk[of y 3] by blast
  have disjoint (f ‘ {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj y x'}) using f-disjoint
  pairwise-def
    pairwise-image[of disjoint f {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj y x'}] by
    (metis (mono-tags, lifting))
  then have card (⋃ (f ‘ {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj y x'})) = sum card
  (f ‘ {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj y x'})
    using card-Union-disjoint[of f ‘ {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj y x'}]
  f-finite by blast
  also have ... = (∑ a ∈ {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj y x'}. card (f a))
    using sum-card-image[OF - f-disjoint] hX2finite finite-subset by fastforce
  also have ... ≥ card {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj y x'} * ?δ^3 / 128 *
  card Y
    using sum-mono[of {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj y x'} (λ a. ?δ^3 /
  128 * card Y) (λ a. card (f a))]
      card-f-ge by auto
  finally have card {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj y x'} * ?δ^3 / 128 *
  card Y ≤ card {p. connecting-walk x y p ∧ walk-length p = 3}
    using hUn-le by linarith
  then have (?δ^3 / 128 * (card Y)) * card {x' ∈ X2. Γ.vert-adj x x' ∧ vert-adj
  y x'} ≤ card {p. connecting-walk x y p ∧ walk-length p = 3}
    by argo
  then show (?δ^3 / 128 * (card Y)) * ((?δ / 8) * (card X2)) ≤ card {p.

```

```

connecting-walk x y p ∧ walk-length p = 3}
  using hX2adjcard[OF hx hy] hYpos mult-left-mono hδ3pos mult-pos-pos
  by (smt (verit, del-insts))
qed
moreover have hX2cardX: card X2 ≥ (?δ ^ 2 / 8) * (card X)
proof-
  have card X2 ≥ (H.edge-density ?X1 Y / sqrt 2) * (card ?X1)
  using hX2card by (simp add: algebra-simps)
  moreover have (H.edge-density ?X1 Y / sqrt 2) * (card ?X1) ≥ (?δ / (2 *
sqrt 2)) * card ?X1
  using hHdensity hX1cardpos by (simp add: field-simps)
  moreover have (?δ / (2 * sqrt 2)) * card ?X1 ≥ (?δ / 4) * card ?X1
  using sqrt2-less-2 hX1cardpos hδ by (simp add: field-simps)
  moreover have (?δ / 4) * card ?X1 ≥ (?δ / 4) * (?δ / 2 * card X)
  using hX1card hδ by (simp add: field-simps)
  moreover have (?δ / 4) * (?δ / 2 * card X) = (?δ ^ 2 / 8) * (card X) using
power2-eq-square
  by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) Groups.mult-ac(2) Groups.mult-ac(3)
divide-divide-eq-left
    num-double numeral-times-numeral times-divide-eq-left times-divide-eq-right)
ultimately show ?thesis by linarith
qed
moreover have (?δ ^ 3 / 128 * (card Y)) * ((?δ / 8) * (card X2)) ≥
?δ ^ 6 * card X * card Y / 2 ^ 13
proof-
  have hinter: (?δ / 8) * (?δ ^ 2 / 8 * card X) ≤ (?δ / 8) * (card X2)
  using hX2cardX hδ by (simp add: algebra-simps)
  have ?δ ^ 6 * real (card X * card Y) / 2 ^ 13 =
    ?δ ^ 3 * ?δ * ?δ ^ 2 * real (card X * card Y) / (128 * 8 * 8) by algebra
  also have ... = (?δ ^ 3 / 128 * (card Y)) * ((?δ / 8) * (?δ ^ 2 / 8 * card X))
by auto
  also have ... ≤ (?δ ^ 3 / 128 * (card Y)) * ((?δ / 8) * (card X2))
  using hinter hYpos hδ power3-eq-cube
  by (smt (verit) <0 < edge-density X Y ^ 3 / 128> mult-left-mono zero-compare-simps(6))
finally show ?thesis by simp
qed
moreover have hX'card: card ?X' ≥ ?δ ^ 2 * card X / 16 using hX'cardX2
hX2cardX by auto
moreover have hX'subX: ?X' ⊆ X using hX'subX2 hX2subX1 hX1X by auto
ultimately show ?thesis using hY'card hX'card hY'subY hX'subX that
  by (smt (verit, best))
next
assume ¬ 0 < edge-density X Y
then have edge-density X Y = 0 by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) edge-density-ge0)
then show ?thesis using that by auto
qed

```

The following lemma corresponds to Lemma 2.17 in Gowers's notes [3].

Note that here we have set(*additive-energy A* = 2 \* c (instead of (*ad-*

*ditive-energy*  $A = c$  as in the notes) and we are accordingly considering  $c$ -popular differences (instead of  $c/2$ -popular differences as in the notes) so that we will still have ( $\vartheta = \text{additive-energy } A / 2$ ).

```
lemma popular-differences-card: fixes A::'a set and c::real
  assumes finite A and A ⊆ G and additive-energy A = 2 * c
  shows card (popular-diff-set c A) ≥ c * card A
```

```
proof(cases card A ≠ 0)
  assume hA: card A ≠ 0
  have hc: c ≥ 0 using assms additive-energy-def of-nat-0-le-iff
    by (smt (verit, best) assms(3) divide-nonneg-nonneg of-nat-0-le-iff)
  have (2 * c) * (card A) ^ 3 = (∑ d ∈ (differenceset A A). (f-diff d A) ^ 2)
    using assms f-diff-card-quadruple-set-additive-energy by auto
  also have ... = ((∑ d ∈ (popular-diff-set c A). (f-diff d A) ^ 2))
    + ((∑ d ∈ ((differenceset A A) - (popular-diff-set c A)). (f-diff d A) ^ 2))
    using popular-diff-set-def assms finite-minusset finite-sumset by (metis (no-types, lifting)
      add.commute mem-Collect-eq subsetI sum.sumset-diff)
  also have ... ≤ ((card (popular-diff-set c A)) * (card A) ^ 2)
    + c * card A * ((∑ d ∈ (differenceset A A - (popular-diff-set c A)). (f-diff d A)))
  proof-
    have ∀ d ∈ ((differenceset A A) - (popular-diff-set c A)). (f-diff d A) ^ 2 ≤
      (c * (card A)) * (f-diff d A)
    proof
      fix d assume hd1: d ∈ differenceset A A - popular-diff-set c A
      have hnnonneg: f-diff d A ≥ 0 by auto
      have ¬ popular-diff d c A using hd1 popular-diff-set-def by blast
      from this have f-diff d A ≤ c * card A using popular-diff-def by auto
      thus real ((f-diff d A) ^ 2) ≤ c * real (card A) * real (f-diff d A)
        using power2-eq-square hnnonneg mult-right-mono of-nat-0 of-nat-le-iff of-nat-mult
    by metis
    qed
    moreover have ∀ d ∈ (differenceset A A) . f-diff d A ≤ (card A) ^ 2
      using f-diff-def finite-minusset finite-sumset assms
      by (metis f-diff-le-card le-antisym nat-le-linear power2-nat-le-imp-le)
    ultimately have ((∑ d ∈ ((differenceset A A) - popular-diff-set c A)). (f-diff d A) ^ 2) ≤
      ((∑ d ∈ ((differenceset A A) - popular-diff-set c A)). (c * card A) * (f-diff d A))
      using assms finite-minusset finite-sumset sum-distrib-left sum-mono by fast-force
    then have ((∑ d ∈ ((differenceset A A) - popular-diff-set c A)). (f-diff d A) ^ 2) ≤
      (c * card A) * ((∑ d ∈ ((differenceset A A) - popular-diff-set c A)). (f-diff d A))
      by (metis (no-types) of-nat-sum sum-distrib-left)
    moreover have (∑ d ∈ popular-diff-set c A. (f-diff d A) ^ 2) ≤
```

```

 $(\sum d \in \text{popular-diff-set } c A. (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2})$  using f-diff-le-card assms sum-mono
assms popular-diff-set-def
by (metis (no-types, lifting) power2-nat-le-eq-le)
moreover then have ddd:  $(\sum d \in \text{popular-diff-set } c A . (\text{f-diff } d A)^{\wedge 2}) \leq$ 
 $(\text{card } (\text{popular-diff-set } c A)) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}$ 
using sum-distrib-right by simp
ultimately show ?thesis by linarith
qed
also have ...  $\leq ((\text{card } (\text{popular-diff-set } c A)) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}) + (c * \text{card } A) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}$ 
proof-
have  $(\sum d \in (\text{differenceset } A A - \text{popular-diff-set } c A) . (\text{f-diff } d A)) \leq$ 
 $(\sum d \in \text{differenceset } A A . (\text{f-diff } d A))$  using DiffD1 subsetI assms sum-mono2

finite-minusset finite-sumset zero-le by metis
then have  $(c * \text{card } A) * ((\sum d \in (\text{differenceset } A A - \text{popular-diff-set } c A) . (\text{f-diff } d A))) \leq$ 
 $(c * \text{card } A) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}$ 
using f-diff-card hc le0 mult-left-mono of-nat-0 of-nat-mono zero-le-mult-iff
assms by metis
then show ?thesis by linarith
qed
finally have  $(2 * c) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 3} \leq ((\text{card } (\text{popular-diff-set } c A)) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}) +$ 
 $(c * \text{card } A) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}$  by linarith
then have  $(\text{card } (\text{popular-diff-set } c A)) \geq$ 
 $((2 * c) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 3} - (c * \text{card } A) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}) / ((\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2})$ 
using hA by (simp add: field-simps)
moreover have  $((2 * c) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 3} - (c * \text{card } A) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}) / ((\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}) =$ 
 $2 * c * \text{card } A - c * \text{card } A$ 
using hA by (simp add: power2-eq-square power3-eq-cube)
ultimately show ?thesis by linarith
next
assume  $\neg \text{card } A \neq 0$ 
thus ?thesis by auto
qed

```

The following lemma corresponds to Lemma 2.18 in Gowers's notes [3]. It includes the key argument of the main proof and its proof applies Lemmas 2.16 (*walks-of-length-3-subsets-bipartite*) and 2.17 (*popular-differences-card*). In the proof we will use an appropriately defined bipartite graph as an intermediate/auxiliary construct so as to apply lemma *walks-of-length-3-subsets-bipartite*. As each vertex set of the bipartite graph is constructed to be a copy of a finite subset of an Abelian group, we need flexibility regarding types, which is what prompted the introduction and use of the new graph theory library [1] (that does not impose any type restrictions e.g. by representing vertices as natural numbers).

**lemma** *obtains-subsets-differenceset-card-bound*:

```

fixes A::'a set and c::real
assumes finite A and c>0 and A ≠ {} and A ⊆ G and additive-energy A =
2 * c
obtains B and A' where B ⊆ A and B ≠ {} and card B ≥ c^4 * card A / 16
and A' ⊆ A and A' ≠ {} and card A' ≥ c^2 * card A / 4
and card (differenceset A' B) ≤ 2^13 * card A / c^15

proof-
let ?X = A × {0:: nat}
let ?Y = A × {1:: nat}
let ?E = mk-edge ` {(x, y)| x y. x ∈ ?X ∧ y ∈ ?Y ∧ (popular-diff (fst y ⊕ fst
x) c A)}
interpret H: fin-bipartite-graph ?X ∪ ?Y ?E ?X ?Y
proof (unfold-locales, auto simp add: partition-on-def assms(3) assms(1) disjoint-def)
show {} = A × {0} ==> False using assms(3) by auto
next
show {} = A × {Suc 0} ==> False using assms(3) by auto
next
show A × {0} = A × {Suc 0} ==> False using assms(3) by fastforce
next
fix x y assume x ∈ A and y ∈ A and popular-diff (y ⊕ x) c A
thus {(x, 0), (y, Suc 0)} ∈ all-bi-edges (A × {0}) (A × {Suc 0})
using all-bi-edges-def[of A × {0} A × {Suc 0}]
by (simp add: in-mk-edge-img)
qed
have edges1: ∀ a ∈ A. ∀ b ∈ A. {(a, 0), (b, 1)} ∈ ?E ↔ popular-diff (b ⊕
a) c A
by (auto simp add: in-mk-uedge-img-iff)
have hXA: card A = card ?X by (simp add: card-cartesian-product)
have hYA: card A = card ?Y by (simp add: card-cartesian-product)
have hA: card A ≠ 0 using assms card-0-eq by blast
have edge-density: H.edge-density ?X ?Y ≥ c^2
proof-
define f:: 'a ⇒ ('a × nat) edge set where f ≡ (λ x. {{(a, 0), (b, 1)} | a b.
a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ b ⊕ a = x})
have f-disj: pairwise (λ s t. disjnt (f s) (f t)) (popular-diff-set c A)
proof (intro pairwiseI)
fix x y assume hx: x ∈ popular-diff-set c A and hy: y ∈ popular-diff-set c A
and hxy: x ≠ y
show disjnt (f x) (f y)
proof-
have ∀ a. ¬ (a ∈ f x ∧ a ∈ f y)
proof (intro allI notI)
fix a assume a ∈ f x ∧ a ∈ f y
then obtain z w where hazw: a = {(z, 0), (w, 1)} and hx: {(z, 0), (w,
1)} ∈ f x
and hy: {(z, 0), (w, 1)} ∈ f y using f-def by blast
have w ⊕ z = x using f-def hx by (simp add: doubleton-eq-iff)

```

```

moreover have  $w \ominus z = y$  using  $f\text{-def } hy$  by (simp add: doubleton-eq-iff)
ultimately show  $\text{False}$  using  $hxy$  by auto
qed
thus ?thesis using disjoint-iff by auto
qed
have f-sub-edges:  $\forall d \in \text{popular-diff-set } c A. (f d) \subseteq ?E$ 
using popular-diff-set-def  $f\text{-def edges1}$  by auto
have f-union-sub:  $(\bigcup d \in \text{popular-diff-set } c A. (f d)) \subseteq ?E$  using popular-diff-set-def
 $f\text{-def edges1}$  by auto
have f-disj2: disjoint  $(f`(\text{popular-diff-set } c A))$  using  $f\text{-disj}$ 
pairwise-image[of disjoint  $f\text{-def edges1}$ ] by (simp add: pairwise-def)
have f-finite:  $\bigwedge B. B \in f`(\text{popular-diff-set } c A) \implies \text{finite } B$ 
using finite-subset f-sub-edges  $H.\text{fin-edges}$  by auto
have card-eq-f-diff:  $\forall d \in \text{popular-diff-set } c A. \text{card } (f d) = f\text{-diff } d A$ 
proof
fix  $d$  assume  $d \in \text{popular-diff-set } c A$ 
define  $g::('a \times 'a) \Rightarrow ('a \times \text{nat})$  edge where  $g = (\lambda(a, b). \{(b, 0), (a, 1)\})$ 
have g-inj: inj-on  $g \{(a, b) | a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \ominus b = d\}$ 
proof (intro inj-onI)
fix  $x y$  assume  $x \in \{(a, b) | a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \ominus b = d\}$  and
 $y \in \{(a, b) | a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \ominus b = d\}$  and  $hg: g x = g y$ 
then obtain  $a1 a2 b1 b2$  where  $hx: x = (a1, a2)$  and  $hy: y = (b1, b2)$ 
by blast
thus  $x = y$  using g-def  $hg hx hy$  by (simp add: doubleton-eq-iff)
qed
have g-image:  $g` \{(a, b) | a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge a \ominus b = d\} = f d$  using
f-def g-def by auto
show card  $(f d) = f\text{-diff } d A$  using card-image g-inj g-image f-diff-def by
fastforce
qed
have  $c^{\wedge 2} * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2} = c * (\text{card } A) * (c * (\text{card } A))$  using power2-eq-square
by (metis of-nat-power power-mult-distrib)
also have ...  $\leq (\text{card } (\text{popular-diff-set } c A)) * (c * (\text{card } A))$ 
using assms popular-differences-card hA by force
also have ...  $\leq (\sum d \in \text{popular-diff-set } c A. f\text{-diff } d A)$  using sum-mono
popular-diff-set-def
popular-diff-def by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) mem-Collect-eq of-nat-sum of-real-of-nat-eq
sum-constant)
also have ...  $= (\sum d \in \text{popular-diff-set } c A. \text{card } (f d))$ 
using card-eq-f-diff sum.cong by auto
also have ...  $= \text{sum } \text{card } (f`(\text{popular-diff-set } c A))$ 
using f-disj sum-card-image[of popular-diff-set c A f] popular-diff-set-def
finite-minusset finite-sumset assms(1) finite-subset by auto
also have ...  $= \text{card } (\bigcup d \in \text{popular-diff-set } c A. (f d))$ 
using card-Union-disjoint[of f`(\text{popular-diff-set } c A)] f-disj2 f-finite by auto
also have ...  $\leq \text{card } ?E$  using card-mono f-union-sub  $H.\text{fin-edges}$  by auto

```

**finally have**  $c^{\wedge}2 * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge}2 \leq \text{card } ?E$  **by linarith**  
**then have**  $c^{\wedge}2 * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge}2 \leq \text{card } (H.\text{all-edges-between } ?X ?Y)$   
**using**  $H.\text{card-edges-between-set}$  **by auto**  
**moreover have**  $H.\text{edge-density } ?X ?Y = \text{card } (H.\text{all-edges-between } ?X ?Y) / (\text{card } A)^{\wedge}2$   
**using**  $H.\text{edge-density-def power2-eq-square }$   $hXA$   $hYA$   
**by**  $(\text{smt (verit, best)})$   
**ultimately have**  $(c^{\wedge}2 * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge}2) / (\text{card } A)^{\wedge}2 \leq H.\text{edge-density } ?X$   
 $?Y$  **using**  $hA$   
**divide-le-cancel** **by**  $(\text{smt (verit, del-insts) } H.\text{edge-density-ge0 } \langle c^2 * \text{real } ((\text{card } A)^2) =$   
 $c * \text{real } (\text{card } A) * (c * \text{real } (\text{card } A)) \rangle \text{divide-divide-eq-right zero-le-divide-iff})$   
**thus**  $?thesis$  **using**  $hA$   $\text{assms}(2)$  **by auto**  
**qed**  
**obtain**  $X'$  **and**  $Y'$  **where**  $X' \text{sub: } X' \subseteq ?X$  **and**  $Y' \text{sub: } Y' \subseteq ?Y$  **and**  
 $hX': \text{card } X' \geq (H.\text{edge-density } ?X ?Y)^{\wedge}2 * (\text{card } ?X)/16$  **and**  
 $hY': \text{card } Y' \geq (H.\text{edge-density } ?X ?Y) * (\text{card } ?Y)/4$  **and**  
 $hwalks: \forall x \in X'. \forall y \in Y'. \text{card } (\{p. H.\text{connecting-walk } x y p \wedge H.\text{walk-length } p = 3\})$   
 $\geq (H.\text{edge-density } ?X ?Y)^{\wedge}6 * \text{card } ?X * \text{card } ?Y / 2^{\wedge}13$   
**using**  $H.\text{walks-of-length-3-subsets-bipartite } \langle c > 0 \rangle$  **by auto**  
**have**  $((c^{\wedge}2)^{\wedge}2) * (\text{card } A) \leq (H.\text{edge-density } ?X ?Y)^{\wedge}2 * (\text{card } A)$   
**using**  $\text{edge-density assms}(2)$   $hA$   $\text{power-mono zero-le-power2 mult-le-cancel-right}$   
**by**  $(\text{smt (verit) of-nat-less-of-nat-power-cancel-iff of-nat-zero-less-power-iff}$   
 $\text{power2-less-eq-zero-iff power-0-left})$   
**then have**  $\text{card } hXA: \text{card } X' \geq (c^{\wedge}4) * (\text{card } A)/16$  **using**  $hX'$  **divide-le-cancel**  
 $hXA$  **by fastforce**  
**have**  $c^{\wedge}2 * (\text{card } A) / 4 \leq (H.\text{edge-density } ?X ?Y) * \text{card } ?Y / 4$  **using**  $hYA$   
 $hA$  **edge-density**  
**mult-le-cancel-right** **by simp**  
**then have**  $\text{card } hYA: \text{card } Y' \geq c^{\wedge}2 * (\text{card } A)/4$  **using**  $hY'$  **by linarith**  
**have**  $(H.\text{edge-density } ?X ?Y)^{\wedge}6 * (\text{card } ?X * \text{card } ?Y) / 2^{\wedge}13 \geq (c^{\wedge}2)^{\wedge}6 * ((\text{card } A)^{\wedge}2) / 2^{\wedge}13$  **using**  
 $hXA$   $hYA$   $\text{power2-eq-square edge-density divide-le-cancel mult-le-cancel-right } hA$   
**by**  $(\text{smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) of-nat-power power2-less-0 power-less-imp-less-base}$   
 $\text{zero-le-power})$   
**then have**  $\text{card-walks: } \forall x \in X'. \forall y \in Y'.$   
 $\text{card } (\{p. H.\text{connecting-walk } x y p \wedge H.\text{walk-length } p = 3\}) \geq (c^{\wedge}12) * ((\text{card } A)^{\wedge}2) / 2^{\wedge}13$   
**using**  $hwalks$  **by fastforce**  
  
**let**  $?B = (\lambda (a, b). a) ` X'$   
**let**  $?C = (\lambda (a, b). a) ` Y'$   
**have**  $hBA: ?B \subseteq A$  **and**  $hCA: ?C \subseteq A$  **using**  $Y' \text{sub } X' \text{sub}$  **by auto**  
**have**  $\text{inj-on-}X': \text{inj-on } (\lambda (a, b). a) X'$  **using**  $X' \text{sub}$  **by**  $(\text{intro inj-onI})$  **(auto)**  
**have**  $\text{inj-on-}Y': \text{inj-on } (\lambda (a, b). a) Y'$  **using**  $Y' \text{sub}$  **by**  $(\text{intro inj-onI})$  **(auto)**  
**have**  $hBX': \text{card } ?B = \text{card } X'$  **and**  $hCY': \text{card } ?C = \text{card } Y'$   
**using**  $\text{card-image inj-on-}X' \text{ inj-on-}Y'$  **by auto**  
**then have**  $\text{card } hB: \text{card } ?B \geq (c^{\wedge}4) * (\text{card } A)/16$  **and**  $\text{card } hC: \text{card } ?C \geq c^{\wedge}2 *$

```

(card A)/4
  using cardX' cardY' by auto
  have card-ineq1:  $\bigwedge x y. x \in ?B \implies y \in ?C \implies \text{card } (\{(z, w) \mid z w. z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge$ 
 $\text{popular-diff } (z \ominus x) c A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus w) c A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (y \ominus w) c A\}) \geq$ 
 $(c^{12}) * ((\text{card } A)^{12}) / 2^{13}$ 
  proof-
    fix x y assume hx:  $x \in ?B$  and hy:  $y \in ?C$ 
    have hxA:  $x \in A$  and hyA:  $y \in A$  using hx hy hBA hCA by auto
    define f: ' $a \times 'a \Rightarrow ('a \times nat)$  list
      where f ≡  $(\lambda (z, w). [(x, 0), (z, 1), (w, 0), (y, 1)])$ 
    have f-inj-on: inj-on f  $\{(z, w) \mid z w. z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus x) c A \wedge$ 
 $\text{popular-diff } (z \ominus w) c A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (y \ominus w) c A\}$  using f-def by (intro
    inj-onI) (auto)
    have f-image:  $f` \{(z, w) \mid z w. z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus x) c A \wedge$ 
 $\text{popular-diff } (z \ominus w) c A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (y \ominus w) c A\} =$ 
 $\{p. H.\text{connecting-walk } (x, 0) (y, 1) p \wedge H.\text{walk-length } p = 3\}$ 
    proof
      show f `  $\{(z, w) \mid z w. z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus x) c A \wedge$ 
 $\text{popular-diff } (z \ominus w) c A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (y \ominus w) c A\} \subseteq$ 
 $\{p. H.\text{connecting-walk } (x, 0) (y, 1) p \wedge H.\text{walk-length } p = 3\}$ 
    proof
      fix p assume hp:  $p \in f` \{(z, w) \mid z w. z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus$ 
 $x) c A \wedge$ 
 $\text{popular-diff } (z \ominus w) c A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (y \ominus w) c A\}$ 
      then obtain z w where hz:  $z \in A$  and hw:  $w \in A$  and hzx:  $\text{popular-diff } (z \ominus x) c A$  and
      hzw:  $\text{popular-diff } (z \ominus w) c A$  and hyw:  $\text{popular-diff } (y \ominus w) c A$  and
      hp:  $p = [(x, 0), (z, 1), (w, 0), (y, 1)]$  using f-def hp by fast
      then have hcon:  $H.\text{connecting-walk } (x, 0) (y, 1) p$ 
      unfolding H.connecting-walk-def H.is-walk-def
      using hxA hyA H.vert-adj-def H.vert-adj-sym edges1 by simp
      thus p ∈ {p. H.connecting-walk (x, 0) (y, 1) p ∧ H.walk-length p = 3}
        using hp H.walk-length-conv by auto
    qed
  next
  show {p. H.connecting-walk (x, 0) (y, 1) p ∧ H.walk-length p = 3} ⊆ f `  $\{(z, w) \mid z w.$ 
 $z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus x) c A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus w) c A \wedge$ 
 $\text{popular-diff } (y \ominus w) c A\}$ 
  proof(intro subsetI)
    fix p assume hp:  $p \in \{p. H.\text{connecting-walk } (x, 0) (y, 1) p \wedge H.\text{walk-length } p = 3\}$ 
    then have len:  $\text{length } p = 4$  using H.walk-length-conv by auto
    have hpsub: set p ⊆ A × {0} ∪ A × {1} using hp H.connecting-walk-def
    H.is-walk-def
      by auto

```

```

then have fst-sub:  $\text{fst} \cdot \text{set } p \subseteq A$  by auto
have h1A:  $\text{fst}(p!1) \in A$  and h2A:  $\text{fst}(p!2) \in A$  using fst-sub len by auto
have hpnum:  $p = [p!0, p!1, p!2, p!3]$ 
proof (auto simp add: list-eq-iff-nth-eq len)
  fix k assume  $k < (4::\text{nat})$ 
  then have  $k = 0 \vee k = 1 \vee k = 2 \vee k = 3$  by auto
  thus  $p ! k = [p ! 0, p ! Suc 0, p ! 2, p ! 3] ! k$  by fastforce
qed
then have set ( $H.\text{walk-edges } p$ ) =  $\{\{p!0, p!1\}, \{p!1, p!2\}, \{p!2, p!3\}\}$ 
using
  comp-sgraph.walk-edges.simps(2) comp-sgraph.walk-edges.simps(3)
  by (metis empty-set list.simps(15))
then have h1:  $\{p!0, p!1\} \in ?E$  and h2:  $\{p!2, p!1\} \in ?E$  and h3:  $\{p!2, p!3\} \in ?E$ 
  using hp  $H.\text{connecting-walk-def } H.\text{is-walk-def}$  len by auto
  have hxp:  $p!0 = (x, 0)$  using hp len hd-conv-nth  $H.\text{connecting-walk-def }$ 
   $H.\text{is-walk-def}$ 
  by fastforce
  have hyp:  $p!3 = (y, 1)$  using hp len last-conv-nth  $H.\text{connecting-walk-def }$ 
   $H.\text{is-walk-def}$ 
  by fastforce
  have h1p:  $p!1 = (\text{fst}(p!1), 1)$ 
proof-
  have p!1 ∈  $A \times \{0\} \cup A \times \{1\}$  using hpnum hpsub
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) insertCI list.simps(15) subsetD)
  then have hsplit:  $\text{snd}(p!1) = 0 \vee \text{snd}(p!1) = 1$  by auto
  then have  $\text{snd}(p!1) = 1$ 
  proof(cases  $\text{snd}(p!1) = 0$ )
    case True
    then have 1:  $\{(x, 0), (\text{fst}(p!1), 0)\} \in ?E$  using h1 hxp doubleton-eq-iff
      by (smt (verit, del-insts) surjective-pairing)
    have hY:  $(\text{fst}(p!1), 0) \notin ?Y$  and hX:  $(x, 0) \in ?X$  using hxA by
    auto
    then have 2:  $\{(x, 0), (\text{fst}(p!1), 0)\} \notin ?E$  using  $H.X\text{-vert-adj-}Y$ 
     $H.\text{vert-adj-def}$  by meson
    then show ?thesis using 1 2 by blast
  next
    case False
    then show ?thesis using hsplit by auto
  qed
  thus  $(p ! 1) = (\text{fst}(p ! 1), 1)$ 
    by (metis (full-types) split-pairs)
  qed
  have h2p:  $p!2 = (\text{fst}(p!2), 0)$ 
proof-
  have p!2 ∈  $A \times \{0\} \cup A \times \{1\}$  using hpnum hpsub
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) insertCI list.simps(15) subsetD)
  then have hsplit:  $\text{snd}(p!2) = 0 \vee \text{snd}(p!2) = 1$  by auto
  then have  $\text{snd}(p!2) = 0$ 

```

```

proof(cases snd (p!2) = 1)
  case True
    then have 1: {(fst (p!2), 1), (y, 1)} ∈ ?E using h3 hyp doubleton-eq-iff
      by (smt (verit, del-insts) surjective-pairing)
    have hY: (y, 1) ∉ ?X and hX: (fst (p!2), 1) ∈ ?Y using hyA h2A
  by auto
    then have 2: {(fst (p!2), 1), (y, 1)} ∉ ?E using H.Y-vert-adj-X
  H.vert-adj-def
    by meson
    then show ?thesis using 1 2 by blast
  next
    case False
    then show ?thesis using hsplit by auto
  qed
  thus (p ! 2) = (fst (p ! 2), 0)
    by (metis (full-types) split-pairs)
  qed
  have hpop1: popular-diff ((fst (p!1)) ⊕ x) c A using edges1 h1 hxp h1p
  hxA h1A
    by (smt (z3))
  have hpop2: popular-diff((fst (p!1)) ⊕ (fst (p!2))) c A using edges1 h2
  h1p h2p h1A h2A
    by (smt (z3))
  have hpop3: popular-diff (y ⊕ (fst (p!2))) c A using edges1 h3 h2p hyp
  hyA h2A
    by (smt (z3))
  thus p ∈ f ‘{(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-diff (z ⊕ x) c A ∧
    popular-diff (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-diff (y ⊕ w) c A} using f-def hpnum
  hxp h1p h2p hyp
    h1A h2A hpop1 hpop2 hpop3 by force
  qed
  qed
  have hx1: (x, 0) ∈ X' and hy2: (y, 1) ∈ Y' using hx X'sub hy Y'sub by
  auto
  have card {(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-diff (z ⊕ x) c A ∧
    popular-diff (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-diff (y ⊕ w) c A} =
    card {p. H.connecting-walk (x, 0) (y, 1) p ∧ H.walk-length p = 3}
    using card-image f-inj-on f-image by fastforce
  thus card {(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-diff (z ⊕ x) c A ∧
    popular-diff (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-diff (y ⊕ w) c A} ≥ c ^ 12 * ((card
  A) ^ 2) / 2 ^ 13
    using hx1 hy2 card-walks by auto
  qed
  have card-ineq2: ∀ x y z w. x ∈ ?B ⇒ y ∈ ?C ⇒ (z, w) ∈ {(z, w) | z w. z ∈
  A ∧ w ∈ A ∧
    popular-diff (z ⊕ x) c A ∧ popular-diff (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-diff (y ⊕ w) c
  A} ⇒
    card {(p, q, r, s, t, u) | p q r s t u. p ∈ A ∧ q ∈ A ∧ r ∈ A ∧ s ∈ A ∧ t ∈ A ∧
  u ∈ A ∧

```

$p \ominus q = z \ominus x \wedge r \ominus s = z \ominus w \wedge t \ominus u = y \ominus w \} \geq c^{\wedge 3} * \text{card } A^{\wedge 3}$   
**proof** (auto)  
fix  $x x2 y y2 z w$  assume  $(x, x2) \in X'$  and  $(y, y2) \in Y'$  and  $z \in A$  and  $w \in A$  and  
1: *popular-diff* ( $z \ominus x$ )  $c A$  and 2: *popular-diff* ( $z \ominus w$ )  $c A$  and  
3: *popular-diff* ( $y \ominus w$ )  $c A$   
**define**  $f:: 'a \times 'a \times 'a \times 'a \times 'a \times 'a \Rightarrow ('a \times 'a) \times ('a \times 'a) \times ('a \times 'a)$   
**where**  
 $f \equiv (\lambda (p, q, r, s, t, u). ((p, q), (r, s), (t, u)))$   
**have**  $f\text{-inj}: \text{inj-on } f \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) | p q r s t u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x \wedge r \ominus s = z \ominus w \wedge t \ominus u = y \ominus w\}$  **using**  $f\text{-def}$   
**by** (intro inj-onI) (auto)  
**have**  $f\text{-image}: f` \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) | p q r s t u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x \wedge r \ominus s = z \ominus w \wedge t \ominus u = y \ominus w\} =$   
 $\{(p, q) | p q. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x\} \times$   
 $\{(p, q) | p q. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus w\} \times$   
 $\{(p, q) | p q. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \ominus q = y \ominus w\}$  **using**  $f\text{-def}$  **by** force  
**have**  $\text{card} \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) | p q r s t u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x \wedge r \ominus s = z \ominus w \wedge t \ominus u = y \ominus w\} = \text{card} \{(p, q). p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x\} \times$   
 $\{(p, q). p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus w\} \times \{(p, q). p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \ominus q = y \ominus w\}$   
**using** card-image  $f\text{-inj}$   $f\text{-image}$  **by** fastforce  
**moreover have**  $\text{card} (\{(p, q). p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x\} \times$   
 $\{(p, q). p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus w\} \times \{(p, q). p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \ominus q = y \ominus w\}) =$   
 $\text{card} \{(p, q) | p q. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x\} *$   
 $\text{card} \{(p, q) | p q. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus w\} *$   
 $\text{card} \{(p, q) | p q. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \ominus q = y \ominus w\}$   
**using** card-cartesian-product3 **by** auto  
**moreover have**  $c * \text{card } A \leq \text{card} \{(p, q) | p q. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x\}$   
**using** 1 *popular-diff-def*  $f\text{-diff-def}$  **by** auto  
**moreover then have**  $(c * \text{card } A) * (c * \text{card } A) \leq \text{card} \{(p, q) | p q. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x\}$   
 $* \text{card} \{(p, q) | p q. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus w\}$   
**using** 2 *popular-diff-def*  $f\text{-diff-def}$  mult-mono assms(2) mult-nonneg-nonneg  
of-nat-0-le-iff of-nat-mult **by** fastforce  
**moreover then have**  $(c * \text{card } A) * (c * \text{card } A) * (c * \text{card } A) \leq \text{card} \{(p,$   
 $q) | p q. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x\}$   
 $* \text{card} \{(p, q) | p q. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus w\} *$   
 $\text{card} \{(p, q) | p q. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \ominus q = y \ominus w\}$   
**using** 3 *popular-diff-def*  $f\text{-diff-def}$  mult-mono assms(2) mult-nonneg-nonneg  
of-nat-0-le-iff of-nat-mult **by** fastforce

**moreover have**  $c \wedge 3 * \text{card } A \wedge 3 = (c * \text{card } A) * ((c * \text{card } A) * (c * \text{card } A))$   
**by** (*simp add: power3-eq-cube algebra-simps*)  
**ultimately show**  $c \wedge 3 * \text{real}(\text{card } A) \wedge 3 \leq$   
 $(\text{card } \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) | p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge$   
 $p \ominus q = z \ominus x \wedge r \ominus s = z \ominus w \wedge t \ominus u = y \ominus w\})$  **by auto**  
**qed**  
**have**  $\text{card-ineq3}: \bigwedge x y. x \in ?B \implies y \in ?C \implies \text{card}(\bigcup(z, w) \in \{(z, w) | z$   
 $w. z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge$   
 $\text{popular-diff}(z \ominus x) c A \wedge \text{popular-diff}(z \ominus w) c A \wedge \text{popular-diff}(y \ominus w) c A\}$ .  
 $\{(p, q, r, s, t, u) | p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge$   
 $t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x \wedge r \ominus s = z \ominus w \wedge t \ominus u = y \ominus w\}) \geq$   
 $c \wedge 15 * ((\text{card } A) \wedge 5) / 2 \wedge 13$   
**proof-**  
**fix**  $x y$  **assume**  $hx: x \in ?B$  **and**  $hy: y \in ?C$   
**have**  $hxG: x \in G$  **and**  $hyG: y \in G$  **using**  $hx hy hBA hCA assms(4)$  **by auto**  
**let**  $?f = (\lambda(z, w). \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) | p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge$   
 $r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x \wedge r \ominus s = z \ominus w \wedge t \ominus u = y \ominus w\})$   
**have**  $\text{h-pairwise-disjnt}: \text{pairwise}(\lambda a b. \text{disjnt}(\?f a)(\?f b))$   
 $\{(z, w) | z w. z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff}(z \ominus x) c A \wedge \text{popular-diff}(z \ominus$   
 $w) c A \wedge$   
 $\text{popular-diff}(y \ominus w) c A\}$   
**proof** (*intro pairwiseI*)  
**fix**  $a b$  **assume**  $a \in \{(z, w) | z w. z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff}(z \ominus x) c A$   
 $\wedge$   
 $\text{popular-diff}(z \ominus w) c A \wedge \text{popular-diff}(y \ominus w) c A\}$   $b \in \{(z, w) | z w. z \in$   
 $A \wedge w \in A \wedge$   
 $\text{popular-diff}(z \ominus x) c A \wedge \text{popular-diff}(z \ominus w) c A \wedge \text{popular-diff}(y \ominus w)$   
 $c A\}$  **and**  
 $a \neq b$   
**then obtain**  $a1 a2 b1 b2$  **where**  $ha: a = (a1, a2)$  **and**  $hb: b = (b1, b2)$  **and**  
 $ha1: a1 \in G$  **and**  
 $ha2: a2 \in G$  **and**  $hb1: b1 \in G$  **and**  $hb2: b2 \in G$  **and**  $hne: (a1, a2) \neq (b1,$   
 $b2)$   
**using**  $assms(4)$  **by** *blast*  
**have**  $(\forall x. \neg(x \in (\?f a) \wedge x \in (\?f b)))$   
**proof** (*intro allI notI*)  
**fix**  $d$  **assume**  $d \in (\?f a) \wedge d \in (\?f b)$   
**then obtain**  $p q r s t u$  **where**  $d = (p, q, r, s, t, u)$  **and**  $hpq1: p \ominus q =$   
 $a1 \ominus x$  **and**  
 $htu1: t \ominus u = y \ominus a2$  **and**  $hpq2: p \ominus q = b1 \ominus x$  **and**  $htu2: t \ominus u = y$   
 $\ominus b2$   
**using**  $ha hb$  **by** *auto*  
**then have**  $y \ominus a2 = y \ominus b2$  **using**  $htu1 htu2$  **by** *auto*  
**then have**  $2: a2 = b2$  **using**  $ha2 hb2 hyG$   
**by** (*metis additive-abelian-group.inverse-closed additive-abelian-group-axioms*)

```

invertible invertible-inverse-inverse invertible-left-cancel)
have 1: a1 = b1 using hpq1 hpq2 ha1 hb1 hxG by simp
show False using 1 2 hne by auto
qed
thus disjoint (?f a) (?f b) using disjoint-iff[of (?f a) (?f b)] by auto
qed
have hfinite-walks: ⋀ B. B ∈ ((λ (z, w). {(p, q, r, s, t, u) | p q r s t u. p ∈ A
∧ q ∈ A ∧
r ∈ A ∧ s ∈ A ∧ t ∈ A ∧ u ∈ A ∧ p ⊕ q = z ⊕ x ∧ r ⊕ s = z ⊕ w ∧ t ⊕ u
= y ⊕ w}) ‘
{(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-diff (z ⊕ x) c A ∧ popular-diff (z ⊕
w) c A ∧
popular-diff (y ⊕ w) c A}) ==> finite B
proof-
fix B assume B ∈ ((λ (z, w). {(p, q, r, s, t, u) | p q r s t u. p ∈ A ∧ q ∈ A
∧
r ∈ A ∧ s ∈ A ∧ t ∈ A ∧ u ∈ A ∧ p ⊕ q = z ⊕ x ∧ r ⊕ s = z ⊕ w ∧ t ⊕ u
= y ⊕ w}) ‘
{(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-diff (z ⊕ x) c A ∧ popular-diff (z ⊕
w) c A ∧
popular-diff (y ⊕ w) c A})
then have B ⊆ A × A × A × A × A × A by auto
thus finite B using assms(1)
by (auto simp add: finite-subset)
qed
have hdisj: disjoint ((λ (z, w). {(p, q, r, s, t, u) | p q r s t u. p ∈ A ∧ q ∈ A ∧
r ∈ A ∧ s ∈ A ∧ t ∈ A ∧ u ∈ A ∧ p ⊕ q = z ⊕ x ∧ r ⊕ s = z ⊕ w ∧ t ⊕ u
= y ⊕ w}) ‘
{(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-diff (z ⊕ x) c A ∧ popular-diff (z ⊕
w) c A ∧
popular-diff (y ⊕ w) c A}) using h-pairwise-disjnt pairwise-image[of disjoint
(λ (z, w). {(p, q, r, s, t, u) | p q r s t u. p ∈ A ∧ q ∈ A ∧
r ∈ A ∧ s ∈ A ∧ t ∈ A ∧ u ∈ A ∧ p ⊕ q = z ⊕ x ∧ r ⊕ s = z ⊕ w ∧ t ⊕ u
= y ⊕ w}) ‘
{(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-diff (z ⊕ x) c A ∧ popular-diff (z ⊕
w) c A ∧
popular-diff (y ⊕ w) c A}] by (simp add: pairwise-def)
have {(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-diff (z ⊕ x) c A ∧
popular-diff (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-diff (y ⊕ w) c A} ⊆ A × A by auto
then have hwalks-finite: finite {(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-diff (z ⊕
x) c A ∧
popular-diff (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-diff (y ⊕ w) c A} using finite-subset
assms(1)
by fastforce
have fineq: ∀ a ∈ {(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-diff (z ⊕ x) c A ∧
popular-diff (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-diff (y ⊕ w) c A}. c ^ 3 * (card A) ^ 3 ≤
card (?f a) using card-ineq2 hx hy by auto
have c ^ 15 * ((card A) ^ 5) / 2 ^ 13 = (c ^ 12 * (card A) ^ 2 / 2 ^ 13) * (c

```

```

 $\wedge 3 * \text{card } A \wedge 3)$ 
  by (simp add: algebra-simps)
  also have ...  $\leq \text{card } \{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus x) \in A$ 
 $\wedge$ 
 $\text{popular-diff } (z \ominus w) \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (y \ominus w) \in A\} * (c \wedge 3 * (\text{card } A) \wedge$ 
 $3)$ 
    using card-ineq1[of x y] hx hy mult-le-cancel-right hA by (smt (verit, best)
assms(2)
      mult-pos-pos of-nat-0-less-iff of-nat-le-0-iff zero-less-power)
    also have ...  $= (\sum a \in \{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus x)$ 
 $\in A \wedge$ 
 $\text{popular-diff } (z \ominus w) \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (y \ominus w) \in A\}. (c \wedge 3 * (\text{card } A) \wedge$ 
 $3))$  by auto
    also have ...  $\leq (\sum a \in \{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus x) \in A$ 
 $\wedge$ 
 $\text{popular-diff } (z \ominus w) \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (y \ominus w) \in A\}. \text{card } (?f a))$ 
    using sum-mono f-ineq by (smt (verit, del-insts) of-nat-sum)
    also have ...  $= \text{sum card } (?f' \{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus x) \in A \wedge$ 
 $\text{popular-diff } (z \ominus w) \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (y \ominus w) \in A\})$ 
    using sum-card-image[of \{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus x) \in A \wedge
 $\text{popular-diff } (z \ominus w) \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (y \ominus w) \in A\} ?f] h-pairwise-disjnt
hwalks-finite by auto
    also have ...  $= \text{card } (\bigcup (z, w) \in \{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus x) \in A \wedge$ 
 $\text{popular-diff } (z \ominus w) \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (y \ominus w) \in A\}. \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x \wedge r \ominus s = z \ominus w \wedge$ 
 $t \ominus u = y \ominus w\})$  using card-Union-disjoint hfinite-walks hdisj by (metis
(no-types, lifting))
    finally show c  $\wedge 15 * \text{real } (\text{card } A \wedge 5) / 2 \wedge 13 \leq \text{real } (\text{card } (\bigcup (z, w) \in \{(z,$ 
 $w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus x) \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus w) \in A \wedge$ 
 $\text{popular-diff } (y \ominus w) \in A\}. \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x \wedge r \ominus s = z \ominus w \wedge t \ominus u = y \ominus w\})$  by simp
qed
have hdsu:  $\forall d \in \text{differenceset } ?C ?B. \exists y \in ?C. \exists x \in ?B.$ 
 $(\bigcup (z, w) \in \{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus x) \in A \wedge$ 
 $\text{popular-diff } (z \ominus w) \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (y \ominus w) \in A\}.$ 
 $\{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x \wedge r \ominus s = z \ominus w \wedge t \ominus u = y \ominus w\})$ 
 $\subseteq \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \ominus q \ominus r \oplus s \oplus t \ominus u\}$ 
proof
fix d assume d  $\in \text{differenceset } ?C ?B$$ 
```

**then obtain**  $y\ x$  **where**  $hy: y \in ?C$  **and**  $hx: x \in ?B$  **and**  $hxy: d = y \ominus x$   
**using** sumset-def minusset-def hBA hCA assms(4) subset-trans  
**by** (smt (verit, best) minusset.simps sumset.cases)  
**have**  $hxG: x \in G$  **and**  $hyG: y \in G$  **using** hx hy hBA hCA assms(4) **by** auto  
**have**  $(\bigcup(z, w) \in \{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus x) c A \wedge$   
 $\text{popular-diff } (z \ominus w) c A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (y \ominus w) c A\} \cdot \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge$   
 $p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x \wedge r \ominus s = z \ominus w \wedge t \ominus u = y \ominus w\})$   
 $\subseteq \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge$   
 $d = p \ominus q \ominus r \oplus s \oplus t \ominus u\}$   
**proof** (rule Union-least)  
**fix**  $X$  **assume**  $X \in (\lambda(z, w). \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x \wedge r \ominus s = z \ominus w \wedge t \ominus u = y \ominus w\})$   
 $\subseteq \{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus x) c A \wedge$   
 $\text{popular-diff } (z \ominus w) c A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (y \ominus w) c A\}$   
**then obtain**  $z\ w$  **where**  $hX: X = \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x \wedge r \ominus s = z \ominus w \wedge t \ominus u = y \ominus w\}$   
**and**  $hz: z \in A$  **and**  $hw: w \in A$  **by** auto  
**have**  $hzG: z \in G$  **and**  $hwG: w \in G$  **using** hz hw assms(4) **by** auto  
**have**  $\{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x \wedge r \ominus s = z \ominus w \wedge t \ominus u = y \ominus w\} \subseteq$   
 $\{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge$   
 $d = p \ominus q \ominus r \oplus s \oplus t \ominus u\}$   
**proof**  
**fix**  $e$  **assume**  $e \in \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge$   
 $t \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x \wedge r \ominus s = z \ominus w \wedge t \ominus u = y \ominus w\}$   
**then obtain**  $p\ q\ r\ s\ t\ u$  **where**  $p \ominus q = z \ominus x$  **and**  $r \ominus s = z \ominus w$  **and**  $t \ominus u = y \ominus w$   
**and**  $hp: p \in A$  **and**  $hq: q \in A$  **and**  $hr: r \in A$  **and**  $hs: s \in A$  **and**  $ht: t \in A$   
**and**  $hu: u \in A$  **and**  $he: e = (p, q, r, s, t, u)$  **by** blast  
**then have**  $p \ominus q \ominus r \oplus s \oplus t \ominus u = (z \ominus x) \ominus (z \ominus w) \oplus (y \ominus w)$   
**by** (smt (z3) additive-abelian-group.inverse-closed additive-abelian-group-axioms assms(4)  
*associative commutative-monoid.commutative commutative-monoid-axioms composition-closed*  
*invertible invertible-inverse-inverse monoid.inverse-composition-commute monoid-axioms subsetD*)  
**also have** ...  $= (w \ominus x) \oplus (y \ominus w)$  **using** hxG hyG hzG hwG associative commutative  
*inverse-composition-commute invertible-right-inverse2* **by** auto

**also have** ... =  $y \ominus x$  **using**  $hxG\ hwG\ hyG$  associative commutative  
**by** (simp add: monoid.invertible-right-inverse2 monoid-axioms)  
**finally have**  $p \ominus q \ominus r \oplus s \oplus t \ominus u = d$  **using**  $hxy$  **by simp**  
**thus**  $e \in \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \neq r \neq s \neq t \neq u\}$  **using**  $he\ hp\ hq\ hr\ hs\ ht\ hu$  **by auto**  
 $t \in A \wedge$   
 $u \in A \wedge d = p \ominus q \ominus r \oplus s \oplus t \ominus u\}$  **using**  $he\ hp\ hq\ hr\ hs\ ht\ hu$  **by auto**  
**qed**  
**thus**  $X \subseteq \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \neq r \neq s \neq t \neq u\}$   
 $p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \ominus q \ominus r$   
 $\oplus s \oplus t \ominus u\}$  **using**  $hX$  **by auto**  
**qed**  
**thus**  $\exists y \in (\lambda(a, b). a) \setminus Y' \cdot \exists x \in (\lambda(a, b). a) \setminus X' \cdot (\bigcup_{(z, w) \in \{(z, w) \mid z \neq w\}} z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge$   
 $\text{popular-diff}(z \ominus x) \neq A \wedge \text{popular-diff}(z \ominus w) \neq A \wedge \text{popular-diff}(y \ominus w) \neq A\}$ .  
 $\{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \neq r \neq s \neq t \neq u\} \subseteq \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \neq r \neq s \neq t \neq u\}$   
 $p \ominus q = z \ominus x \wedge r \ominus s = z \ominus w \wedge t \ominus u = y \ominus w\}$   $\subseteq \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \neq r \neq s \neq t \neq u\}$   
 $p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \ominus q \ominus r \oplus s \oplus t$   
 $\ominus u\}$  **using**  $hx\ hy$  **by meson**  
**qed**  
**have** pos:  $0 < c^{\wedge} 15 * \text{real}(\text{card } A^{\wedge} 5) / 2^{\wedge} 13$  **using**  $hA \langle c>0$  **by auto**  
**have** (5::nat)  $\leq 6$  **by auto**  
**then have**  $(\text{card } A^{\wedge} 6 / \text{card } A^{\wedge} 5) = (\text{card } A)^{\wedge} (6 - 5)$   
**using**  $hA$  power-diff **by** (metis of-nat-eq-0-iff of-nat-power)  
**then have** cardApow:  $(\text{card } A^{\wedge} 6 / \text{card } A^{\wedge} 5) = \text{card } A$  **using** power-one-right  
**by** simp  
**moreover have**  $\forall d \in \text{differenceset } ?C ?B. \text{card} \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \neq r \neq s \neq t \neq u\}$   
 $p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge$   
 $r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge (d = p \ominus q \ominus r \oplus s \oplus t \ominus u)\} \geq c^{\wedge} 15$   
 $* (\text{card } A)^{\wedge} 5 / 2^{\wedge} 13$   
**proof**  
**fix**  $d$  **assume**  $d \in \text{differenceset } ?C ?B$   
**then obtain**  $x y$  **where**  $hy: y \in ?C$  **and**  $hx: x \in ?B$  **and**  $hsub:$   
 $(\bigcup_{(z, w) \in \{(z, w) \mid z \neq w\}} z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff}(z \ominus x) \neq A \wedge$   
 $\text{popular-diff}(z \ominus w) \neq A \wedge \text{popular-diff}(y \ominus w) \neq A\}$ .  
 $\{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \neq r \neq s \neq t \neq u\} \subseteq \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \neq r \neq s \neq t \neq u\}$   
 $t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x \wedge r \ominus s = z \ominus w \wedge t \ominus u = y \ominus w\}$   
 $\subseteq \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \neq r \neq s \neq t \neq u\} \subseteq A \times A \times A \times A \times$   
 $A \times A$  **by** auto  
**then have** fin:  $\text{finite} \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \neq r \neq s \neq t \neq u\}$   
 $p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge$   
 $s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \ominus q \ominus r \oplus s \oplus t \ominus u\}$  **using** finite-subset assms(1) **finite-cartesian-product** **by** fastforce

```

have  $c \wedge 15 * (\text{card } A) \wedge 5 / 2 \wedge 13 \leq \text{card } (\bigcup (z, w) \in \{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus x) \subset A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (z \ominus w) \subset A \wedge \text{popular-diff } (y \ominus w) \subset A\}.$ 
 $\{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq t \wedge u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \ominus q = z \ominus x \wedge r \ominus s = z \ominus w \wedge t \ominus u = y \ominus w\}$ 
using card-ineq3 hx hy by auto
also have ...  $\leq \text{card } \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq t \wedge u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \ominus q \ominus r \oplus s \oplus t \ominus u\}$ 
using hsub card-mono fin by auto
finally show  $c \wedge 15 * (\text{card } A) \wedge 5 / 2 \wedge 13 \leq \text{card } \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq t \wedge u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \ominus q \ominus r \oplus s \oplus t \ominus u\}$  by linarith
qed
moreover have pairwise ( $\lambda s t. \text{disjnt } ((\lambda d. \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq t \wedge u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge (d = p \ominus q \ominus r \oplus s \oplus t \ominus u)\}) s)$ 
 $((\lambda d. \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq t \wedge u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge (d = p \ominus q \ominus r \oplus s \oplus t \ominus u)\}) t))$ 
(differenceset ?C ?B)
unfolding disjnt-def by (intro pairwiseI) (auto)
moreover have  $\forall d \in \text{differenceset } ?C ?B. ((\lambda d. \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq t \wedge u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge (d = p \ominus q \ominus r \oplus s \oplus t \ominus u)\}) d) \subseteq A \times A \times A \times A \times A \times A$ 
by blast
ultimately have  $\text{card } (\text{differenceset } ?C ?B) \leq ((\text{card } A) \wedge 6) / (c \wedge 15 * (\text{card } A) \wedge 5 / 2 \wedge 13)$ 
using assms(1) hA finite-cartesian-product card-cartesian-product-6[of A]
pos card-le-image-div[of A × A × A × A × A × A ( $\lambda d. \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq t \wedge u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge (d = p \ominus q \ominus r \oplus s \oplus t \ominus u)\})$ ] differenceset ?C ?B
 $(c \wedge 15 * (\text{card } A) \wedge 5 / 2 \wedge 13)]$  by auto
also have ... =  $(\text{card } A \wedge 6 / \text{card } A \wedge 5) / (c \wedge 15 / 2 \wedge 13)$ 
using hA assms(3) field-simps by simp
also have ... =  $(\text{card } A) / (c \wedge 15 / 2 \wedge 13)$ 
using cardApow by metis
finally have final:  $\text{card } (\text{differenceset } ?C ?B) \leq 2 \wedge 13 * (1 / c \wedge 15) * \text{real } (\text{card } A)$ 
by argo
have  $0 < c \wedge 4 * \text{real } (\text{card } A) / 16$  and  $0 < c \wedge 2 * \text{real } (\text{card } A) / 4$  using assms(2) hA by auto
then have ?B ≠ {} and ?C ≠ {} using cardB cardC by auto
then show ?thesis using hCA hBA cardC cardB final that by auto
qed

```

We now show the main theorem, which is a direct application of lemma *obtains-subsets-differenceset-card-bound* and the Ruzsa triangle inequality. (The main theorem corresponds to Corollary 2.19 in Gowers's notes [3].)

**theorem** Balog-Szemerédi-Gowers: **fixes**  $A::'a set$  **and**  $c::real$   
**assumes**  $afin: finite A$  **and**  $A \neq \{\}$  **and**  $c > 0$  **and**  $additive-energy A = 2 * c$   
**and**  $ass: A \subseteq G$   
**obtains**  $A'$  **where**  $A' \subseteq A$  **and**  $card A' \geq c^2 * card A / 4$  **and**  
 $card (differenceset A' A') \leq 2^{30} * card A / c^{34}$

**proof**–

**obtain**  $B$  **and**  $A'$  **where**  $bss: B \subseteq A$  **and**  $bne: B \neq \{\}$  **and**  $bge: card B \geq (c^4)$   
 $* (card A) / 16$   
**and**  $a2ss: A' \subseteq A$  **and**  $a2ge: card A' \geq (c^2) * (card (A)) / 4$   
**and**  $hcardle: card (differenceset A' B) \leq 2^{13} * card A / c^{15}$   
**using**  $assms$  **obtains-subsets-differenceset-card-bound** **by** metis  
**have**  $Bg0: (card B :: real) > 0$  **using**  $bne$   $afin$   $bss$  **infinite-super** **by** fastforce  
**have**  $(card B) * card (differenceset A' A') \leq$   
 $card (differenceset A' B) * card (differenceset A' B)$   
**using**  $afin$   $a2ss$   $bss$  **infinite-super**  $ass$  Ruzsa-triangle-ineq1 **card-minusset'** **differenceset-commute**  
**sumset-subset-carrier subset-trans sumset-commute** **by** (smt (verit, best))  
**then have**  $card B * card (differenceset A' A') \leq (card (differenceset A' B))^2$   
**using**  $bss$   $bss$  **power2-eq-square** **by** metis  
**then have**  $(card (differenceset A' A')) \leq (card (differenceset A' B))^2 / card B$   
**using**  $Bg0$  **nonzero-mult-div-cancel-left**[ $of$   $card B$   $card (differenceset A' A')$ ]  
**divide-right-mono** **by** (smt (verit) of-nat-0 of-nat-mono of-nat-div-le-of-nat)  
**moreover have**  $(card (differenceset A' B))^2 \leq ((2^{13}) * (1/c^{15}) * (card A))^2$   
**using**  $hcardle$  **by** simp  
**ultimately have**  $(card (differenceset A' A')) \leq ((2^{13}) * (1/c^{15}) * (card A))^2 / (card B)$   
**using** pos-le-divide-eq[ $OF Bg0$ ] **by** simp  
**moreover have**  $(c^4) * (card A) / 16 > 0$   
**using**  $assms$  **card-0-eq** **by** fastforce  
**moreover have**  $((2^{13}) * (1/c^{15}) * (card A))^2 / (card B) =$   
 $((2^{13}) * (1/c^{15}) * (card A))^2 * (1/(card B))$  **by** simp  
**moreover have**  $((2^{13}) * (1/c^{15}) * (card A))^2 * (1/(card B)) \leq$   
 $((2^{13}) * (1/c^{15}) * (card A))^2 / ((c^4) * (card A) / 16)$   
**using**  $bge$  **calculation(2, 3)** **frac-le less-eq-real-def zero-le-power2** **by** metis  
**ultimately have**  $(card (differenceset A' A')) \leq ((2^{13}) * (1/c^{15}) * (card A))^2 / ((c^4) * (card A) / 16)$   
**by** linarith  
**then have**  $(card (differenceset A' A')) \leq (2^{30}) * (card A) / (c^{34})$   
**using** **card-0-eq assms** **by** (simp add: power2-eq-square)  
**then show** ?thesis **using** a2ss a2ge **that** **by** blast

**qed**

The following is an analogous version of the Balog–Szemerédi–Gowers Theorem for a sumset instead of a difference set. The proof is similar to that of the original version, again using *obtains-subsets-differenceset-card-bound*, however, instead of the Ruzsa triangle inequality we will use the alternative triangle inequality for sumsets *triangle-ineq-sumsets*.

**theorem** Balog-Szemerédi-Gowers-sumset: **fixes**  $A::'a set$  **and**  $c::real$

```

assumes afin: finite  $A$  and  $A \neq \{\}$  and  $c > 0$  and additive-energy  $A = 2 * c$ 
and ass:  $A \subseteq G$ 
obtains  $A'$  where  $A' \subseteq A$  and  $\text{card } A' \geq c^2 * \text{card } A / 4$  and
 $\text{card } (\text{sumset } A' A') \leq 2^{30} * \text{card } A / c^{34}$ 

proof-
  obtain  $B$  and  $A'$  where bss:  $B \subseteq A$  and bne:  $B \neq \{\}$  and bge:  $\text{card } B \geq (c^4) * (\text{card } A)/16$ 
    and a2ss:  $A' \subseteq A$  and a2ne:  $A' \neq \{\}$  and a2ge:  $\text{card } A' \geq (c^2) * (\text{card } A)/4$ 
    and hcardle:  $\text{card } (\text{differenceset } A' B) \leq 2^{13} * \text{card } A / c^{15}$ 
    using assms obtains-subsets-differenceset-card-bound by metis
  have finA': finite  $A'$  and finB: finite  $B$  using afin a2ss bss using infinite-super
  by auto
  have bg0:  $(\text{card } B :: \text{real}) > 0$  using bne afin bss infinite-super by fastforce
  have  $\text{card } (\text{minusset } B) * \text{card } (\text{sumset } A' A') \leq$ 
     $\text{card } (\text{sumset } (\text{minusset } B) A') * \text{card } (\text{sumset } (\text{minusset } B) A')$ 
    using finA' finB ass a2ss bss triangle-ineq-sumsets
    finite-minusset-minusset-subset-carrier subset-trans by metis
  then have  $\text{card } B * \text{card } (\text{sumset } A' A') \leq (\text{card } (\text{differenceset } A' B))^2$ 
    using card-minusset bss ass power2-eq-square
    by (metis card-minusset' subset-trans sumset-commute)
  then have  $(\text{card } (\text{sumset } A' A')) \leq (\text{card } (\text{differenceset } A' B))^2 / \text{card } B$ 
    using bg0 nonzero-mult-div-cancel-left[of  $\text{card } B$   $\text{card } (\text{sumset } A' A')$ ]
    divide-right-mono by (smt (verit) of-nat-0 of-nat-mono of-nat-div-le-of-nat)
  moreover have  $(\text{card } (\text{differenceset } A' B))^2 \leq ((2^{13}) * (1/c^{15}) * (\text{card } A))^2$ 
    using hcardle by simp
  ultimately have  $(\text{card } (\text{sumset } A' A')) \leq ((2^{13}) * (1/c^{15}) * (\text{card } A))^2 / (\text{card } B)$ 
    using pos-le-divide-eq[OF bg0] by simp
  moreover have  $(c^4) * (\text{card } A)/16 > 0$ 
    using assms card-0-eq by fastforce
  moreover have  $((2^{13}) * (1/c^{15}) * (\text{card } A))^2 / (\text{card } B) =$ 
     $((2^{13}) * (1/c^{15}) * (\text{card } A))^2 * (1/(\text{card } B))$  by simp
  moreover have  $((2^{13}) * (1/c^{15}) * (\text{card } A))^2 * (1/(\text{card } B)) \leq$ 
     $((2^{13}) * (1/c^{15}) * (\text{card } A))^2 / ((c^4) * (\text{card } A)/16)$  using bge frac-less-eq-real-def
    zero-le-power2 calculation(2, 3) by metis
  ultimately have  $(\text{card } (\text{sumset } A' A')) \leq ((2^{13}) * (1/c^{15}) * (\text{card } A))^2 / ((c^4) * (\text{card } A)/16)$ 
    by linarith
  then have  $(\text{card } (\text{sumset } A' A')) \leq (2^{30}) * (\text{card } A) / (c^{34})$ 
    using card-0-eq assms by (simp add: power2-eq-square)
  then show ?thesis using a2ss a2ne a2ge that by blast
qed

end
end

```

## 8 Supplementary results related to intermediate lemmas used in the proof of the Balog–Szemerédi–Gowers Theorem

```

theory Balog-Szemerédi-Gowers-Supplementary
imports
  Balog-Szemerédi-Gowers-Main-Proof
begin

context additive-abelian-group

begin

  Even though it is not applied anywhere in this development, for the sake of completeness we give the following analogous version of Lemma 2.17 (popular-differences-card) but for popular sums instead of popular differences. The proof is identical to that of Lemma 2.17, with the obvious modifications.

  lemma popular-sums-card:
    fixes A::'a set and c::real
    assumes finite A and additive-energy A = 2 * c and A ⊆ G
    shows card (popular-sum-set c A) ≥ c * card A

  proof(cases card A ≠ 0)
    assume hA: card A ≠ 0
    have hc: c ≥ 0 using assms additive-energy-def of-nat-0-le-iff
      by (smt (verit, best) assms(3) divide-nonneg-nonneg of-nat-0-le-iff)
    have (2 * c) * (card A) ^ 3 = (∑ d ∈ (sumset A A). (f-sum d A) ^ 2)
      using assms f-sum-card-quadruple-set-additive-energy by auto
    also have ... = ((∑ d ∈ (popular-sum-set c A). (f-sum d A) ^ 2))
      + ((∑ d ∈ ((sumset A A) − (popular-sum-set c A)). (f-sum d A) ^ 2))
      using popular-sum-set-def assms finite-sumset by (metis (no-types, lifting)
        add.commute mem-Collect-eq subsetI sum.subset-diff)
    also have ... ≤ ((card (popular-sum-set c A)) * (card A) ^ 2)
      + c * card A * ((∑ d ∈ (sumset A A − (popular-sum-set c A)). (f-sum d A)))
    proof-
      have ∀ d ∈ ((sumset A A) − (popular-sum-set c A)). (f-sum d A) ^ 2 ≤
        (c * (card A)) * (f-sum d A)
      proof
        fix d assume hd1: d ∈ sumset A A − popular-sum-set c A
        have hnonneg: f-sum d A ≥ 0 by auto
        have ¬ popular-sum d c A using hd1 popular-sum-set-def by blast
        from this have f-sum d A ≤ c * card A using popular-sum-def by auto
        thus real ((f-sum d A)^2) ≤ c * real (card A) * real (f-sum d A)
          using power2-eq-square hnonneg mult-right-mono of-nat-0 of-nat-le-iff of-nat-mult
      by metis
      qed
      moreover have ∀ d ∈ (sumset A A) . f-sum d A ≤ (card A) ^ 2
        using f-sum-def finite-sumset assms
    qed
  qed
end

```

```

by (metis f-sum-le-card le-antisym nat-le-linear power2-nat-le-imp-le)
ultimately have (( $\sum d \in ((\text{sumset } A A) - \text{popular-sum-set } c A) . (f\text{-sum } d A)^{\wedge 2}$ )  $\leq$ 
( $\sum d \in ((\text{sumset } A A) - \text{popular-sum-set } c A) . (c * \text{card } A) * (f\text{-sum } d A)$ ))
using assms finite-sumset sum-distrib-left sum-mono by fastforce
then have (( $\sum d \in ((\text{sumset } A A) - \text{popular-sum-set } c A) . (f\text{-sum } d A)^{\wedge 2}$ )  $\leq$ 
( $c * \text{card } A) * (\sum d \in ((\text{sumset } A A) - \text{popular-sum-set } c A) . (f\text{-sum } d A))$ )
by (metis (no-types) of-nat-sum sum-distrib-left)
moreover have ( $\sum d \in \text{popular-sum-set } c A . (f\text{-sum } d A)^{\wedge 2} \leq$ 
( $\sum d \in \text{popular-sum-set } c A . (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}$ ) using f-sum-le-card assms sum-mono
assms popular-sum-set-def
by (metis (no-types, lifting) power2-nat-le-eq-le)
moreover then have ( $\sum d \in \text{popular-sum-set } c A . (f\text{-sum } d A)^{\wedge 2} \leq$ 
( $\text{card } (\text{popular-sum-set } c A) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}$ )
using sum-distrib-right by simp
ultimately show ?thesis by linarith
qed
also have ...  $\leq ((\text{card } (\text{popular-sum-set } c A)) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}) + (c * \text{card } A) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}$ 
proof-
have ( $\sum d \in (\text{sumset } A A - \text{popular-sum-set } c A) . (f\text{-sum } d A) \leq$ 
( $\sum d \in \text{sumset } A A . (f\text{-sum } d A)$ ) using DiffD1 subsetI assms sum-mono2
finite-sumset zero-le by metis
then have ( $c * \text{card } A) * (\sum d \in (\text{sumset } A A - \text{popular-sum-set } c A) . (f\text{-sum } d A)) \leq$ 
( $c * \text{card } A) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}$ 
using f-sum-card hc le0 mult-left-mono of-nat-0 of-nat-mono zero-le-mult-iff
assms by metis
then show ?thesis by linarith
qed
finally have ( $2 * c) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 3} \leq ((\text{card } (\text{popular-sum-set } c A)) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}) +$ 
( $c * \text{card } A) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}$  by linarith
then have ( $\text{card } (\text{popular-sum-set } c A)) \geq$ 
(( $2 * c) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 3} - (c * \text{card } A) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}) / ((\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2})$ 
using hA by (simp add: field-simps)
moreover have (( $2 * c) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 3} - (c * \text{card } A) * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}) / ((\text{card } A)^{\wedge 2}) =
 $= 2 * c * \text{card } A - c * \text{card } A$ 
using hA by (simp add: power2-eq-square power3-eq-cube)
ultimately show ?thesis by linarith
next
assume  $\neg \text{card } A \neq 0$ 
thus ?thesis by auto
qed$ 
```

The following is an analogous version of lemma *obtains-subsets-differenceset-card-bound* (2.18 in Gowers's notes [3]) but for a sumset instead of a difference set. It is not used anywhere in this development but we provide it for the sake of com-

pletteness. The proof is identical to that of lemma *obtains-subsets-differenceset-card-bound* with *f-diff* changed to *f-sum*, *popular-diff* changed to *popular-sum*,  $\oplus$  interchanged with  $\ominus$ , and instead of lemma *popular-differences-card* we apply its analogous version for popular sums, that is lemma *popular-sums-card*.

```

lemma obtains-subsets-sumset-card-bound: fixes A::'a set and c::real
  assumes finite A and c>0 and A ≠ {} and A ⊆ G and additive-energy A =
  2 * c
  obtains B and A' where B ⊆ A and B ≠ {} and card B ≥ c^4 * card A / 16
  and A' ⊆ A and A' ≠ {} and card A' ≥ c^2 * card A / 4
  and card (sumset A' B) ≤ 2^13 * card A / c^15

proof-
  let ?X = A × {0:: nat}
  let ?Y = A × {1:: nat}
  let ?E = mk-edge ` {(x, y)| x y. x ∈ ?X ∧ y ∈ ?Y ∧ (popular-sum (fst y ⊕ fst
  x) c A)}
  interpret H: fin-bipartite-graph ?X ∪ ?Y ?E ?X ?Y
  proof (unfold-locales, auto simp add: partition-on-def assms(3) assms(1) disjoint-def)
    show {} = A × {0} ==> False using assms(3) by auto
  next
    show {} = A × {Suc 0} ==> False using assms(3) by auto
  next
    show A × {0} = A × {Suc 0} ==> False using assms(3) by fastforce
  next
    fix x y assume x ∈ A and y ∈ A and popular-sum (y ⊕ x) c A
    thus {(x, 0), (y, Suc 0)} ∈ all-bi-edges (A × {0}) (A × {Suc 0})
      using all-bi-edges-def[of A × {0} A × {Suc 0}]
      by (simp add: in-mk-edge-img)
  qed
  have edges1: ∀ a ∈ A. ∀ b ∈ A. {(a, 0), (b, 1)} ∈ ?E  $\longleftrightarrow$  popular-sum (b ⊕
  a) c A
    by (auto simp add: in-mk-uedge-img-iff)
  have hXA: card A = card ?X by (simp add: card-cartesian-product)
  have hYA: card A = card ?Y by (simp add: card-cartesian-product)
  have hA: card A ≠ 0 using assms card-0-eq by blast
  have edge-density: H.edge-density ?X ?Y ≥ c^2
  proof-
    define f:: 'a ⇒ ('a × nat) edge set where f ≡ (λ x. {{(a, 0), (b, 1)} | a b.
    a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ b ⊕ a = x})
    have f-disj: pairwise (λ s t. disjoint (f s) (f t)) (popular-sum-set c A)
    proof (intro pairwiseI)
      fix x y assume hx: x ∈ popular-sum-set c A and hy: y ∈ popular-sum-set c
      A
      and hxy: x ≠ y
      show disjoint (f x) (f y)
    proof-
      have ∀ a. ¬ (a ∈ f x ∧ a ∈ f y)
      proof (intro allI notI)

```

```

fix a assume a ∈ f x ∧ a ∈ f y
then obtain z w where hazw: a = {(z, 0), (w, 1)} and hx: {(z,0), (w,
1)} ∈ f x
and hy: {(z, 0), (w, 1)} ∈ f y using f-def by blast
have w ⊕ z = x using f-def hx by (simp add: doubleton-eq-iff)
moreover have w ⊕ z = y using f-def hy by (simp add: doubleton-eq-iff)
ultimately show False using hxy by auto
qed
thus ?thesis using disjoint-iff by auto
qed
qed
have f-sub-edges: ∀ d ∈ popular-sum-set c A. (f d) ⊆ ?E
using popular-sum-set-def f-def edges1 by auto
have f-union-sub: (∪ d ∈ popular-sum-set c A. (f d)) ⊆ ?E using popular-sum-set-def
f-def edges1 by auto
have f-disj2: disjoint (f ` (popular-sum-set c A)) using f-disj
pairwise-image[of disjoint f popular-sum-set c A] by (simp add: pairwise-def)
have f-finite: ∀ B. B ∈ f ` popular-sum-set c A ⇒ finite B
using finite-subset f-sub-edges H.fin-edges by auto
have card-eq-f-diff: ∀ d ∈ popular-sum-set c A. card (f d) = f-sum d A
proof
fix d assume d ∈ popular-sum-set c A
define g: ('a × 'a) ⇒ ('a × nat) edge where g = (λ (a, b). {(b, 0), (a, 1)})
have g-inj: inj-on g {(a, b) | a b. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ a ⊕ b = d}
proof (intro inj-onI)
fix x y assume x ∈ {(a, b) | a b. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ a ⊕ b = d} and
y ∈ {(a, b) | a b. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ a ⊕ b = d} and hg: g x = g y
then obtain a1 a2 b1 b2 where hx: x = (a1, a2) and hy: y = (b1, b2)
by blast
thus x = y using g-def hg hx hy by (simp add: doubleton-eq-iff)
qed
have g-image: g ` {(a, b) | a b. a ∈ A ∧ b ∈ A ∧ a ⊕ b = d} = f d using
f-def g-def by auto
show card (f d) = f-sum d A using card-image g-inj g-image f-sum-def by
fastforce
qed
have c ^ 2 * (card A) ^ 2 = c * (card A) * (c * (card A)) using power2-eq-square
by (metis of-nat-power power-mult-distrib)
also have ... ≤ (card (popular-sum-set c A)) * (c * (card A))
using assms popular-sums-card hA by force
also have ... ≤ (∑ d ∈ popular-sum-set c A. f-sum d A) using sum-mono
popular-sum-set-def
popular-sum-def by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) mem-Collect-eq of-nat-sum of-real-of-nat-eq
sum-constant)
also have ... = (∑ d ∈ popular-sum-set c A. card (f d))
using card-eq-f-diff sum.cong by auto
also have ... = sum card (f ` (popular-sum-set c A))

```

```

using f-disj sum-card-image[of popular-sum-set c A f] popular-sum-set-def
finite-sumset assms(1) finite-subset by auto
also have ... = card ( $\bigcup d \in \text{popular-sum-set } c A. (f d)$ )
  using card-Union-disjoint[of  $f`(\text{popular-sum-set } c A)$ ] f-disj2 f-finite by auto
also have ...  $\leq$  card ?E using card-mono f-union-sub H.fin-edges by auto
finally have  $c^2 * (\text{card } A)^2 \leq \text{card } ?E$  by linarith
then have  $c^2 * (\text{card } A)^2 \leq \text{card } (H.\text{all-edges-between } ?X ?Y)$ 
  using H.card-edges-between-set by auto
moreover have H.edge-density ?X ?Y = card (H.all-edges-between ?X ?Y) /
(card A)^2
  using H.edge-density-def power2-eq-square hXA hYA
  by (smt (verit, best))
ultimately have  $(c^2 * (\text{card } A)^2) / (\text{card } A)^2 \leq H.\text{edge-density } ?X$ 
?Y using hA
divide-le-cancel by (smt (verit, del-insts) H.edge-density-ge0 <math>c^2 * \text{real } ((\text{card } A)^2) =</math>
<math>c * \text{real } (\text{card } A) * (c * \text{real } (\text{card } A))</math> divide-divide-eq-right zero-le-divide-iff)
thus ?thesis using hA assms(2) by auto
qed
obtain X' and Y' where X'sub:  $X' \subseteq ?X$  and Y'sub:  $Y' \subseteq ?Y$  and
hX': card X'  $\geq (H.\text{edge-density } ?X ?Y)^2 * (\text{card } ?X)/16$  and
hY': card Y'  $\geq (H.\text{edge-density } ?X ?Y) * (\text{card } ?Y)/4$  and
hwalks:  $\forall x \in X'. \forall y \in Y'. \text{card } (\{p. H.\text{connecting-walk } x y p \wedge H.\text{walk-length}$ 
 $p = 3\}) \geq$ 
 $(H.\text{edge-density } ?X ?Y)^6 * \text{card } ?X * \text{card } ?Y / 2^{13}$ 
using H.walks-of-length-3-subsets-bipartite <math>c > 0</math> by auto
have  $((c^2)^2) * (\text{card } A) \leq (H.\text{edge-density } ?X ?Y)^2 * (\text{card } A)$ 
using edge-density assms(2) hA power-mono zero-le-power2 mult-le-cancel-right
by (smt (verit) of-nat-less-of-nat-power-cancel-iff of-nat-zero-less-power-iff
power2-less-eq-zero-iff power-0-left)
then have cardX': card X'  $\geq (c^4) * (\text{card } A)/16$  using hX' divide-le-cancel
hXA by fastforce
have  $c^2 * (\text{card } A) / 4 \leq (H.\text{edge-density } ?X ?Y) * \text{card } ?Y / 4$  using hYA
hA edge-density
mult-le-cancel-right by simp
then have cardY': card Y'  $\geq c^2 * (\text{card } A)/4$  using hY' by linarith
have  $(H.\text{edge-density } ?X ?Y)^6 * (\text{card } ?X * \text{card } ?Y) / 2^{13} \geq (c^2)^6 * ((\text{card } A)^2) / 2^{13}$  using
hXA hYA power2-eq-square edge-density divide-le-cancel mult-le-cancel-right hA
by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) of-nat-power power2-less-0 power-less-imp-less-base
zero-le-power)
then have card-walks:  $\forall x \in X'. \forall y \in Y'.$ 
 $\text{card } (\{p. H.\text{connecting-walk } x y p \wedge H.\text{walk-length } p = 3\}) \geq (c^12) * ((\text{card } A)^2) / 2^{13}$ 
using hwalks by fastforce

let ?B =  $(\lambda (a, b). a)`X'$ 
let ?C =  $(\lambda (a, b). a)`Y'$ 
have hBA: ?B  $\subseteq A$  and hCA: ?C  $\subseteq A$  using Y'sub X'sub by auto

```

```

have inj-on-X': inj-on ( $\lambda (a, b). a$ )  $X'$  using  $X'_{\text{sub}}$  by (intro inj-onI) (auto)
have inj-on-Y': inj-on ( $\lambda (a, b). a$ )  $Y'$  using  $Y'_{\text{sub}}$  by (intro inj-onI) (auto)
have hBX': card ?B = card  $X'$  and hCY': card ?C = card  $Y'$ 
  using card-image inj-on-X' inj-on-Y' by auto
then have cardB: card ?B  $\geq (c^4) * (\text{card } A)/16$  and cardC: card ?C  $\geq c^2 * (\text{card } A)/4$ 
  using cardX' cardY' by auto
have card-ineq1:  $\bigwedge x y. x \in ?B \implies y \in ?C \implies \text{card}(\{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(z \oplus x) c A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(z \oplus w) c A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(y \oplus w) c A\}) \geq (c^{12}) * ((\text{card } A)^2) / 2^{13}$ 
proof-
fix x y assume hx:  $x \in ?B$  and hy:  $y \in ?C$ 
have hxA:  $x \in A$  and hyA:  $y \in A$  using hx hy hBA hCA by auto
define f: 'a × 'a ⇒ ('a × nat) list
  where f ≡ ( $\lambda (z, w). [(x, 0), (z, 1), (w, 0), (y, 1)]$ )
have f-inj-on: inj-on f  $\{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(z \oplus x) c A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(z \oplus w) c A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(y \oplus w) c A\}$  using f-def by (intro inj-onI) (auto)
have f-image:  $f` \{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(z \oplus x) c A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(z \oplus w) c A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(y \oplus w) c A\} = \{p. H.\text{connecting-walk}(x, 0)(y, 1) p \wedge H.\text{walk-length} p = 3\}$ 
proof
show f`  $\{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(z \oplus x) c A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(z \oplus w) c A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(y \oplus w) c A\} \subseteq \{p. H.\text{connecting-walk}(x, 0)(y, 1) p \wedge H.\text{walk-length} p = 3\}$ 
proof
fix p assume hp:  $p \in f` \{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(z \oplus x) c A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(z \oplus w) c A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(y \oplus w) c A\}$ 
then obtain z w where hz:  $z \in A$  and hw:  $w \in A$  and hzx:  $\text{popular-sum}(z \oplus x) c A$  and
  hzw:  $\text{popular-sum}(z \oplus w) c A$  and hyw:  $\text{popular-sum}(y \oplus w) c A$  and
  hp:  $p = [(x, 0), (z, 1), (w, 0), (y, 1)]$  using f-def hp by fast
then have hcon:  $H.\text{connecting-walk}(x, 0)(y, 1) p$ 
  unfolding H.connecting-walk-def H.is-walk-def
  using hxA hyA H.vert-adj-def H.vert-adj-sym edges1 by simp
thus p ∈ {p. H.connecting-walk(x, 0)(y, 1) p ∧ H.walk-length p = 3}
  using hp H.walk-length-conv by auto
qed
next
show {p. H.connecting-walk(x, 0)(y, 1) p ∧ H.walk-length p = 3} ⊆ f`  $\{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(z \oplus x) c A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(z \oplus w) c A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(y \oplus w) c A\}$ 
proof(intro subsetI)
fix p assume hp:  $p \in \{p. H.\text{connecting-walk}(x, 0)(y, 1) p \wedge H.\text{walk-length} p = 3\}$ 

```

```

 $p = 3\}$ 
then have  $\text{len}: \text{length } p = 4$  using  $H.\text{walk-length-conv}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
have  $\text{hpsub}: \text{set } p \subseteq A \times \{0\} \cup A \times \{1\}$  using  $hp H.\text{connecting-walk-def}$ 
 $H.\text{is-walk-def}$ 
by  $\text{auto}$ 
then have  $\text{fst-sub}: \text{fst} ` \text{set } p \subseteq A$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
have  $\text{h1A}: \text{fst } (p!1) \in A$  and  $\text{h2A}: \text{fst } (p!2) \in A$  using  $\text{fst-sub}$   $\text{len}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
have  $\text{hpnum}: p = [p!0, p!1, p!2, p!3]$ 
proof ( $\text{auto }$   $\text{simp add: }$   $\text{list-eq-iff-nth-eq len}$ )
  fix  $k$  assume  $k < (4 :: \text{nat})$ 
  then have  $k = 0 \vee k = 1 \vee k = 2 \vee k = 3$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  thus  $p ! k = [p ! 0, p ! 1, p ! 2, p ! 3] ! k$  by  $\text{fastforce}$ 
qed
then have  $\text{set } (H.\text{walk-edges } p) = \{\{p!0, p!1\}, \{p!1, p!2\}, \{p!2, p!3\}\}$ 
using
   $\text{comp-sgraph}.\text{walk-edges.simps}(2)$   $\text{comp-sgraph}.\text{walk-edges.simps}(3)$ 
  by ( $\text{metis empty-set list.simps}(15)$ )
then have  $\text{h1}: \{p!0, p!1\} \in ?E$  and  $\text{h2}: \{p!2, p!1\} \in ?E$  and  $\text{h3}: \{p!2, p!3\} \in ?E$ 
  using  $hp H.\text{connecting-walk-def}$   $H.\text{is-walk-def}$   $\text{len}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  have  $\text{hxp}: p!0 = (x, 0)$  using  $hp \text{ len } \text{hd-conv-nth } H.\text{connecting-walk-def}$ 
 $H.\text{is-walk-def}$ 
by  $\text{fastforce}$ 
have  $\text{hyp}: p!3 = (y, 1)$  using  $hp \text{ len } \text{last-conv-nth } H.\text{connecting-walk-def}$ 
 $H.\text{is-walk-def}$ 
by  $\text{fastforce}$ 
have  $\text{h1p}: p!1 = (\text{fst } (p!1), 1)$ 
proof –
  have  $p!1 \in A \times \{0\} \cup A \times \{1\}$  using  $\text{hpnum}$   $\text{hpsub}$ 
  by ( $\text{metis } (\text{no-types}, \text{lifting}) \text{ insertCI list.simps}(15) \text{ subsetD}$ )
  then have  $\text{hsplit}: \text{snd } (p!1) = 0 \vee \text{snd } (p!1) = 1$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  then have  $\text{snd } (p!1) = 1$ 
  proof ( $\text{cases } \text{snd } (p!1) = 0$ )
    case  $\text{True}$ 
    then have  $1: \{(x, 0), (\text{fst } (p!1), 0)\} \in ?E$  using  $\text{h1}$   $\text{hxp}$   $\text{doubleton-eq-iff}$ 
    by ( $\text{smt } (\text{verit}, \text{del-insts}) \text{ surjective-pairing}$ )
    have  $\text{hY}: (\text{fst } (p!1), 0) \notin ?Y$  and  $\text{hX}: (x, 0) \in ?X$  using  $\text{hxA}$  by
     $\text{auto}$ 
    then have  $2: \{(x, 0), (\text{fst } (p!1), 0)\} \notin ?E$  using  $H.X.\text{-vert-adj-}Y$ 
 $H.\text{vert-adj-def}$  by  $\text{meson}$ 
    then show  $?thesis$  using  $1$   $2$  by  $\text{blast}$ 
next
case  $\text{False}$ 
then show  $?thesis$  using  $\text{hsplit}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
qed
thus  $(p ! 1) = (\text{fst } (p ! 1), 1)$ 
by ( $\text{metis } (\text{full-types}) \text{ split-pairs}$ )
qed
have  $\text{h2p}: p!2 = (\text{fst } (p!2), 0)$ 

```

**proof**–

```

have  $p!2 \in A \times \{0\} \cup A \times \{1\}$  using  $hpnum\ hpsub$ 
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) insertCI list.simps(15) subsetD)
then have  $hsplit: snd(p!2) = 0 \vee snd(p!2) = 1$  by auto
then have  $snd(p!2) = 0$ 
proof(cases  $snd(p!2) = 1$ )
  case True
  then have  $1: \{(fst(p!2), 1), (y, 1)\} \in ?E$  using  $h3\ hyp\ doubleton-eq-iff$ 
    by (smt (verit, del-insts) surjective-pairing)
  have  $hY: (y, 1) \notin ?X$  and  $hX: (fst(p!2), 1) \in ?Y$  using  $hyA\ h2A$ 
by auto
  then have  $2: \{(fst(p!2), 1), (y, 1)\} \notin ?E$  using  $H.Y\text{-vert-adj-}X$ 
 $H.\text{vert-adj-def}$ 
  by meson
  then show ?thesis using 1 2 by blast
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis using  $hsplit$  by auto
qed
thus  $(p ! 2) = (fst(p ! 2), 0)$ 
  by (metis (full-types) split-pairs)
qed
have  $hpop1: popular\text{-sum}((fst(p!1)) \oplus x) c A$  using edges1 h1 hxp h1p
 $hxA\ h1A$ 
  by (smt (z3))
have  $hpop2: popular\text{-sum}((fst(p!1)) \oplus (fst(p!2))) c A$  using edges1 h2
 $h1p\ h2p\ h1A\ h2A$ 
  by (smt (z3))
have  $hpop3: popular\text{-sum}(y \oplus (fst(p!2))) c A$  using edges1 h3 h2p hyp
 $hyA\ h2A$ 
  by (smt (z3))
thus  $p \in f` \{(z, w) | z w. z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge popular\text{-sum}(z \oplus x) c A \wedge$ 
 $popular\text{-sum}(z \oplus w) c A \wedge popular\text{-sum}(y \oplus w) c A\}$  using f-def  $hpnum$ 
 $hxp\ h1p\ h2p\ hyp$ 
   $h1A\ h2A\ hpop1\ hpop2\ hpop3$  by force
qed
qed
have  $hx1: (x, 0) \in X'$  and  $hy2: (y, 1) \in Y'$  using  $hx\ X'\text{sub}\ hy\ Y'\text{sub}$  by
auto
have  $card\ \{(z, w) | z w. z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge popular\text{-sum}(z \oplus x) c A \wedge$ 
 $popular\text{-sum}(z \oplus w) c A \wedge popular\text{-sum}(y \oplus w) c A\} =$ 
 $card\ \{p. H.\text{connecting-walk}(x, 0)(y, 1) p \wedge H.\text{walk-length } p = 3\}$ 
using card-image f-inj-on f-image by fastforce
thus  $card\ \{(z, w) | z w. z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge popular\text{-sum}(z \oplus x) c A \wedge$ 
 $popular\text{-sum}(z \oplus w) c A \wedge popular\text{-sum}(y \oplus w) c A\} \geq c^{\wedge 12 * ((card$ 
 $A)^{\wedge 2}) / 2^{\wedge 13}}$ 
using hx1 hy2 card-walks by auto
qed
have  $\bigwedge x2\ y\ y2\ z\ w. (x, x2) \in X' \Rightarrow (y, y2) \in Y' \Rightarrow z \in A \Rightarrow w \in A$ 
```

$\implies \text{popular-sum } (z \oplus x) \text{ c } A \implies \text{popular-sum } (z \oplus w) \text{ c } A \implies \text{popular-sum } (y \oplus w) \text{ c } A \implies$   
 $c \wedge 3 * \text{real } (\text{card } A) \wedge 3 \leq$   
 $(\text{card } \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge$   
 $p \oplus q = z \oplus x \wedge r \oplus s = z \oplus w \wedge t \oplus u = y \oplus w\})$   
**proof –**  
**fix**  $x \text{ x2 } y \text{ y2 } z \text{ w assume}$   $(x, x2) \in X'$  **and**  $(y, y2) \in Y'$  **and**  $z \in A$  **and**  $w \in A$  **and**  
 1:  $\text{popular-sum } (z \oplus x) \text{ c } A$  **and** 2:  $\text{popular-sum } (z \oplus w) \text{ c } A$  **and**  
 3:  $\text{popular-sum } (y \oplus w) \text{ c } A$   
**define**  $f :: 'a \times 'a \times 'a \times 'a \times 'a \Rightarrow ('a \times 'a) \times ('a \times 'a) \times ('a \times 'a)$   
**where**  
 $f \equiv (\lambda (p, q, r, s, t, u). ((p, q), (r, s), (t, u)))$   
**have**  $f\text{-inj}: \text{inj-on } f \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x \wedge r \oplus s = z \oplus w \wedge t \oplus u = y \oplus w\}$  **using**  $f\text{-def}$   
**by** (*intro inj-onI*) (*auto*)  
**have**  $f\text{-image}: f \{ (p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x \wedge r \oplus s = z \oplus w \wedge t \oplus u = y \oplus w \} =$   
 $\{ (p, q) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x \} \times$   
 $\{ (p, q) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus w \} \times$   
 $\{ (p, q) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \oplus q = y \oplus w \}$  **using**  $f\text{-def}$  **by** *force*  
**have** 4:  $\text{card } \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x \wedge r \oplus s = z \oplus w \wedge t \oplus u = y \oplus w\} =$   
 $\text{card } \{(p, q) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x\} \times$   
 $\{(p, q) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus w\} \times \{(p, q) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \oplus q = y \oplus w\}$   
**using** *card-image f-inj f-image by fastforce*  
**moreover have** 5:  $\text{card } \{(p, q) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x\} \times$   
 $\{(p, q) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus w\} \times \{(p, q) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \oplus q = y \oplus w\} =$   
 $\text{card } \{(p, q) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x\} *$   
 $\text{card } \{(p, q) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus w\} *$   
 $\text{card } \{(p, q) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \oplus q = y \oplus w\}$   
**using** *card-cartesian-product3 by auto*  
**have**  $c * \text{card } A \leq \text{card } \{(p, q) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x\}$   
**using** *1 popular-sum-def f-sum-def by auto*  
**then have**  $(c * \text{card } A) * (c * \text{card } A) \leq \text{card } \{(p, q) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x\} *$   
 $\text{card } \{(p, q) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus w\}$   
**using** *2 popular-sum-def f-sum-def mult-mono assms(2) mult-nonneg-nonneg of-nat-0-le-iff of-nat-mult by fastforce*  
**then have** 6:  $(c * \text{card } A) * (c * \text{card } A) * (c * \text{card } A) \leq \text{card } \{(p, q) \mid p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x\} *$

```

card {(p, q) | p q. p ∈ A ∧ q ∈ A ∧ p ⊕ q = z ⊕ w} *
card {(p, q) | p q. p ∈ A ∧ q ∈ A ∧ p ⊕ q = y ⊕ w}
using 3 popular-sum-def f-sum-def mult-mono assms(2) mult-nonneg-nonneg
of-nat-0-le-iff
  of-nat-mult by fastforce
have 7: c ^ 3 * card A ^ 3 = (c * card A) * ((c * card A) * (c * card A))
  by (simp add: power3-eq-cube algebra-simps)
show c ^ 3 * real (card A) ^ 3 ≤
  (card {(p, q, r, s, t, u) | p q r s t u. p ∈ A ∧ q ∈ A ∧ r ∈ A ∧ s ∈ A ∧ t ∈ A
  ∧ u ∈ A ∧
  p ⊕ q = z ⊕ x ∧ r ⊕ s = z ⊕ w ∧ t ⊕ u = y ⊕ w}) using 4 5 6 7 by auto
qed
then have card-ineq2: ∀ x y z w. x ∈ ?B ⇒ y ∈ ?C ⇒ (z, w) ∈ {(z, w) | z
w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧
  popular-sum (z ⊕ x) c A ∧ popular-sum (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-sum (y ⊕ w)
c A} ⇒
  card {(p, q, r, s, t, u) | p q r s t u. p ∈ A ∧ q ∈ A ∧ r ∈ A ∧ s ∈ A ∧ t ∈ A ∧
  u ∈ A ∧
  p ⊕ q = z ⊕ x ∧ r ⊕ s = z ⊕ w ∧ t ⊕ u = y ⊕ w} ≥ c ^ 3 * card A ^ 3
  by auto
have card-ineq3: ∀ x y. x ∈ ?B ⇒ y ∈ ?C ⇒ card (∪ (z, w) ∈ {(z, w) | z
w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧
  popular-sum (z ⊕ x) c A ∧ popular-sum (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-sum (y ⊕ w)
c A}.
  {(p, q, r, s, t, u) | p q r s t u. p ∈ A ∧ q ∈ A ∧ r ∈ A ∧ s ∈ A ∧
  t ∈ A ∧ u ∈ A ∧ p ⊕ q = z ⊕ x ∧ r ⊕ s = z ⊕ w ∧ t ⊕ u = y ⊕ w} ≥
  c ^ 15 * ((card A) ^ 5) / 2 ^ 13
proof-
fix x y assume hx: x ∈ ?B and hy: y ∈ ?C
have hxG: x ∈ G and hyG: y ∈ G using hx hy hBA hCA assms(4) by auto
let ?f = (λ (z, w). {(p, q, r, s, t, u) | p q r s t u. p ∈ A ∧ q ∈ A ∧
r ∈ A ∧ s ∈ A ∧ t ∈ A ∧ u ∈ A ∧ p ⊕ q = z ⊕ x ∧ r ⊕ s = z ⊕ w ∧ t ⊕ u =
y ⊕ w})
have hpair-disj: pairwise (λ a b. disjoint (?f a) (?f b))
  {(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-sum (z ⊕ x) c A ∧ popular-sum (z ⊕
w) c A ∧
  popular-sum (y ⊕ w) c A}
proof (intro pairwiseI)
fix a b assume a ∈ {(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-sum (z ⊕ x) c A
∧
  popular-sum (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-sum (y ⊕ w) c A} b ∈ {(z, w) | z w. z ∈
A ∧ w ∈ A ∧
  popular-sum (z ⊕ x) c A ∧ popular-sum (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-sum (y ⊕
w) c A} and
  a ≠ b
then obtain a1 a2 b1 b2 where ha: a = (a1, a2) and hb: b = (b1, b2) and
ha1: a1 ∈ G and
  ha2: a2 ∈ G and hb1: b1 ∈ G and hb2: b2 ∈ G and hne: (a1, a2) ≠ (b1,
b2)

```

```

using assms(4) by blast
have "(\

```

```

popular-sum (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-sum (y ⊕ w) c A} ⊆ A × A by auto
then have hwalks-finite: finite {(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-sum (z
⊕ x) c A ∧
    popular-sum (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-sum (y ⊕ w) c A} using finite-subset
assms(1)
by fastforce
have f-ineq: ∀ a ∈ {(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-sum (z ⊕ x) c A ∧
    popular-sum (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-sum (y ⊕ w) c A}. c ^ 3 * (card A) ^ 3
≤
    card (?f a) using card-ineq2 hx hy by auto
have c ^ 15 * ((card A) ^ 5) / 2 ^ 13 = (c ^ 12 * (card A) ^ 2 / 2 ^ 13) * (c
^ 3 * card A ^ 3)
by (simp add: algebra-simps)
also have ... ≤ card {(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-sum (z ⊕ x) c
A ∧
    popular-sum (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-sum (y ⊕ w) c A} * (c ^ 3 * (card A) ^
3)
using card-ineq1[of x y] hx hy mult-le-cancel-right hA by (smt (verit, best)
assms(2)
    mult-pos-pos of-nat-0-less-iff of-nat-le-0-iff zero-less-power)
also have ... = (∑ a ∈ {(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-sum (z ⊕ x)
c A ∧
    popular-sum (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-sum (y ⊕ w) c A}. (c ^ 3 * (card A) ^
3)) by auto
also have ... ≤ (∑ a ∈ {(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-sum (z ⊕ x) c
A ∧
    popular-sum (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-sum (y ⊕ w) c A}. card (?f a))
using sum-mono f-ineq by (smt (verit, del-insts) of-nat-sum)
also have ... = sum card (?f ` {(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-sum (z
⊕ x) c A ∧
    popular-sum (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-sum (y ⊕ w) c A})
using sum-card-image[of {(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-sum (z ⊕
x) c A ∧
    popular-sum (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-sum (y ⊕ w) c A} ?f] hpair-disj
hwalks-finite by auto
also have ... = card (∪ (z, w) ∈ {(z, w) | z w. z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-sum (z
⊕ x) c A ∧
    popular-sum (z ⊕ w) c A ∧ popular-sum (y ⊕ w) c A}. {(p, q, r, s, t, u) | p q
r s t u.
    p ∈ A ∧ q ∈ A ∧ r ∈ A ∧ s ∈ A ∧ t ∈ A ∧ u ∈ A ∧ p ⊕ q = z ⊕ x ∧ r ⊕ s
= z ⊕ w ∧
    t ⊕ u = y ⊕ w}) using card-Union-disjoint hdisj hfinite-walks by (metis
(no-types, lifting))
finally show c ^ 15 * real (card A ^ 5) / 2 ^ 13 ≤ real (card (∪ (z, w) ∈ {(z,
w) | z w.
    z ∈ A ∧ w ∈ A ∧ popular-sum (z ⊕ x) c A ∧ popular-sum (z ⊕ w) c A ∧
    popular-sum (y ⊕ w) c A}. {(p, q, r, s, t, u) | p q r s t u. p ∈ A ∧ q ∈ A ∧ r
∈ A ∧
    s ∈ A ∧ t ∈ A ∧ u ∈ A ∧ p ⊕ q = z ⊕ x ∧ r ⊕ s = z ⊕ w ∧ t ⊕ u = y ⊕
    z ⊕ w}))
```

```

w})) by simp
qed
have pos:  $0 < c \wedge 15 * \text{real}(\text{card } A \wedge 5) / 2 \wedge 13$  using  $\text{hA} \langle c>0$  by auto
have  $(5::\text{nat}) \leq 6$  by auto
then have  $(\text{card } A \wedge 6 / \text{card } A \wedge 5) = (\text{card } A) \wedge (6 - 5)$ 
using  $\text{hA power-diff}$  by (metis of-nat-eq-0-iff of-nat-power)
then have cardApow:  $(\text{card } A \wedge 6 / \text{card } A \wedge 5) = \text{card } A$  using power-one-right
by simp
have hdsu:  $\forall d \in \text{sumset } ?C ?B. \exists y \in ?C. \exists x \in ?B.$ 
 $(\bigcup (z, w) \in \{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(z \oplus x) \leq A \wedge$ 
 $\text{popular-sum}(z \oplus w) \leq A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(y \oplus w) \leq A\}.$ 
 $\{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge$ 
 $t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x \wedge r \oplus s = z \oplus w \wedge t \oplus u = y \oplus w\})$ 
 $\subseteq \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge$ 
 $s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \oplus q \ominus (r \oplus s) \oplus t \oplus u\}$ 
proof
fix d assume d ∈ sumset ?C ?B
then obtain y x where hy: y ∈ ?C and hx: x ∈ ?B and hxy: d = y ⊕ x
using sumset-def minusset-def hBA hCA assms(4) subset-trans
by (smt (verit, best) minusset.simps sumset.cases)
have hxG: x ∈ G and hyG: y ∈ G using hx hy hBA hCA assms(4) by auto
have  $(\bigcup (z, w) \in \{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(z \oplus x) \leq A \wedge$ 
 $\text{popular-sum}(z \oplus w) \leq A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(y \oplus w) \leq A\}. \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u.$ 
 $p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x \wedge r \oplus s$ 
 $= z \oplus w \wedge t \oplus u = y \oplus w\})$ 
 $\subseteq \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge$ 
 $u \in A \wedge$ 
 $d = p \oplus q \ominus (r \oplus s) \oplus t \oplus u\}$ 
proof (rule Union-least)
fix X assume X ∈  $(\lambda(z, w). \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u.$ 
 $p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x \wedge r \oplus s$ 
 $= z \oplus w \wedge$ 
 $t \oplus u = y \oplus w\})` \{(z, w) \mid z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(z \oplus x) \leq A \wedge$ 
 $\text{popular-sum}(z \oplus w) \leq A \wedge \text{popular-sum}(y \oplus w) \leq A\}$ 
then obtain z w where hX: X =  $\{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q$ 
 $\in A \wedge r \in A \wedge$ 
 $s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x \wedge r \oplus s = z \oplus w \wedge t \oplus u = y \oplus$ 
 $w\}$ 
and hz: z ∈ A and hw: w ∈ A by auto
have hzG: z ∈ G and hwG: w ∈ G using hz hw assms(4) by auto
have  $\{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge$ 
 $s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x \wedge r \oplus s = z \oplus w \wedge t \oplus u = y \oplus$ 
 $w\} \subseteq$ 
 $\{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u$ 
 $\in A \wedge$ 
 $d = p \oplus q \ominus (r \oplus s) \oplus t \oplus u\}$ 
proof

```

**fix**  $e$  **assume**  $e \in \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u \wedge p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x \wedge r \oplus s = z \oplus w \wedge t \oplus u = y \oplus w\}$   
**then obtain**  $p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u$  **where**  $p \oplus q = z \oplus x$  **and**  $r \oplus s = z \oplus w$  **and**  $t \oplus u = y \oplus w$   
**and**  $hp: p \in A$  **and**  $hq: q \in A$  **and**  $hr: r \in A$  **and**  $hs: s \in A$  **and**  $ht: t \in A$   
**and**  $hu: u \in A$  **and**  $he: e = (p, q, r, s, t, u)$  **by** *blast*  
**then have**  $p \oplus q \ominus (r \oplus s) \oplus t \oplus u = z \oplus x \ominus (z \oplus w) \oplus y \oplus w$   
**by** *(smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) assms(4) associative composition-closed hwG hxG hyG hzG inverse-closed subset-eq)*  
**also have**  $\dots = y \oplus x$  **using** *hxG hyG hzG hwG*  
**by** *(smt (verit) associative commutative composition-closed inverse-closed invertible invertible-right-inverse2)*  
**finally have**  $d = p \oplus q \ominus (r \oplus s) \oplus t \oplus u$  **using** *hxy by simp*  
**thus**  $e \in \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u \wedge p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \oplus q \ominus (r \oplus s) \oplus t \oplus u\}$  **using** *he hp hq hr hs ht hu by auto*  
**qed**  
**thus**  $X \subseteq \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u \wedge p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \oplus q \ominus (r \oplus s) \oplus t \oplus u\}$   
**using** *hX by auto*  
**qed**  
**thus**  $\exists y \in (\lambda(a, b). a) \setminus Y' \cdot \exists x \in (\lambda(a, b). a) \setminus X' \cdot (\bigcup_{(z, w) \in \{(z, w) \mid z \neq w\}} z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge$   
*popular-sum*  $(z \oplus x) \in A \wedge$  *popular-sum*  $(z \oplus w) \in A \wedge$  *popular-sum*  $(y \oplus w) \in A\}$ .  
 $\{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u \wedge p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x \wedge r \oplus s = z \oplus w \wedge t \oplus u = y \oplus w\} \subseteq \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u \wedge p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \oplus q \ominus (r \oplus s) \oplus t \oplus u\}$   
**using** *hx hy by meson*  
**qed**  
**moreover have**  $\forall d \in \text{sumset } ?C ?B. \text{card } \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u \wedge p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \oplus q \ominus (r \oplus s) \oplus t \oplus u\} \geq c^{\wedge 15} * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge 5} / 2^{\wedge 13}$   
**proof**  
**fix**  $d$  **assume**  $d \in \text{sumset } ((\lambda(a, b). a) \setminus Y') \cup ((\lambda(a, b). a) \setminus X')$   
**then obtain**  $x y$  **where**  $hy: y \in ?C$  **and**  $hx: x \in ?B$  **and**  $hsub: (\bigcup_{(z, w) \in \{(z, w) \mid z \neq w\}} z \in A \wedge w \in A \wedge$   
*popular-sum*  $(z \oplus x) \in A \wedge$  *popular-sum*  $(z \oplus w) \in A \wedge$  *popular-sum*  $(y \oplus w) \in A\}$ .  
 $\{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u \wedge p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \oplus q \ominus (r \oplus s) \oplus t \oplus u\}$

```

 $t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x \wedge r \oplus s = z \oplus w \wedge t \oplus u = y \oplus w\})$ 
 $\subseteq \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge$ 
 $s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \oplus q \ominus (r \oplus s) \oplus t \oplus u\} \text{ using } hdsup \text{ by}$ 
 $\text{meson}$ 
 $\text{have } \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge$ 
 $s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \oplus q \ominus (r \oplus s) \oplus t \oplus u\} \subseteq A \times A \times A \times A$ 
 $\times A \times A \text{ by } auto$ 
 $\text{then have fin: finite } \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge$ 
 $s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \oplus q \ominus (r \oplus s) \oplus t \oplus u\}$ 
 $\text{using finite-subset assms(1) finite-cartesian-product by fastforce}$ 
 $\text{have } c^{\wedge} 15 * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge} 5 / 2^{\wedge} 13 \leq \text{card } (\bigcup (z, w) \in \{(z, w) \mid z \neq w. z \in A$ 
 $\wedge w \in A \wedge \text{popular-sum } (z \oplus w) c A \wedge$ 
 $\text{popular-sum } (z \oplus w) c A \wedge \text{popular-sum } (y \oplus w) c A\}.$ 
 $\{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge$ 
 $t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge p \oplus q = z \oplus x \wedge r \oplus s = z \oplus w \wedge t \oplus u = y \oplus w\})$ 
 $\text{using card-ineq3 hx hy by auto}$ 
 $\text{also have } \dots \leq \text{card } \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge$ 
 $s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \oplus q \ominus (r \oplus s) \oplus t \oplus u\}$ 
 $\text{using hsub card-mono fin by auto}$ 
 $\text{finally show } c^{\wedge} 15 * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge} 5 / 2^{\wedge} 13 \leq \text{card } \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge$ 
 $s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \oplus q \ominus (r \oplus s) \oplus t \oplus u\} \text{ by linarith}$ 
 $\text{qed}$ 
 $\text{moreover have pairwise } (\lambda s t. \text{disjnt } ((\lambda d. \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \oplus q \ominus (r \oplus s) \oplus t \oplus u\}) s)$ 
 $((\lambda d. \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \oplus q \ominus (r \oplus s) \oplus t \oplus u\}) t))$ 
 $(\text{sumset } ?C ?B)$ 
 $\text{unfolding disjnt-def by (intro pairwiseI) (auto)}$ 
 $\text{moreover have } \forall d \in \text{sumset } ?C ?B. ((\lambda d. \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge (d = p \oplus q \oplus r \oplus s \oplus t \oplus u)\}) d) \subseteq$ 
 $A \times A \times A \times A \times A \times A$ 
 $\text{by blast}$ 
 $\text{ultimately have } \text{card } (\text{sumset } ?C ?B) \leq ((\text{card } A)^{\wedge} 6) / (c^{\wedge} 15 * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge} 5 / 2^{\wedge} 13)$ 
 $\text{using assms(1) hA finite-cartesian-product card-cartesian-product-6[of A]}$ 
 $\text{pos card-le-image-div}[of A \times A \times A \times A \times A \times A (\lambda d. \{(p, q, r, s, t, u) \mid p \neq q \wedge r \neq s \wedge t \neq u. p \in A \wedge q \in A \wedge r \in A \wedge s \in A \wedge t \in A \wedge u \in A \wedge d = p \oplus q \ominus (r \oplus s) \oplus t \oplus u\}) \text{ sumset } ?C ?B$ 
 $(c^{\wedge} 15 * (\text{card } A)^{\wedge} 5 / 2^{\wedge} 13)] \text{ by auto}$ 
 $\text{also have } \dots = (\text{card } A)^{\wedge} 6 / (\text{card } A)^{\wedge} 5 / (c^{\wedge} 15 / 2^{\wedge} 13)$ 
 $\text{using hA assms(3) field-simps by simp}$ 
 $\text{also have } \dots = (\text{card } A) / (c^{\wedge} 15 / 2^{\wedge} 13)$ 
 $\text{using cardApow by metis}$ 
 $\text{finally have final: } \text{card } (\text{sumset } ?C ?B) \leq 2^{\wedge} 13 * (1 / c^{\wedge} 15) * \text{real } (\text{card } A)$ 
 $\text{by argo}$ 

```

```

have 0 < c ^ 4 * real (card A) / 16 and 0 < c ^ 2 * real (card A) / 4 using
assms(2) hA by auto
then have ?B ≠ {} and ?C ≠ {} using cardB cardC by auto
then show ?thesis using hCA hBA cardC cardB final that by auto
qed

end
end

```

## References

- [1] C. Edmonds. Undirected graph theory. *Archive of Formal Proofs*, September 2022. [https://isa-afp.org/entries/Undirected\\_Graph\\_Theory.html](https://isa-afp.org/entries/Undirected_Graph_Theory.html), Formal proof development.
- [2] W. T. Gowers. A new proof of Szemerédi's theorem. *Geometric & Functional Analysis GAFA*, 11(3):465–588, 2001.
- [3] W. T. Gowers. Introduction to additive combinatorics, 2022. Lecture notes for Part III of the Mathematical Tripos taught at the University of Cambridge, available at <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1ut0mUqSyPMweoxoDTfhXverEONyFgcuO/view>.
- [4] Y. Zhao. Graph theory and additive combinatorics. Online at <https://yufeizhao.com/gtacbook/>, 2022. book draft.