Arithmetic progressions and relative primes

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Abstract

This article provides a formalization of the solution obtained by the author of the Problem "ARITHMETIC PROGRESSIONS" from the Putnam exam problems [1] of 2002. The statement of the problem is as follows: For which integers n > 1 does the set of positive integers less than and relatively prime to n constitute an arithmetic progression?

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Problem ARITHMETIC PROGRESSIONS (Put-1 nam exam problems 2002)

theory Arith-Prog-Rel-Primes

imports Complex-Main HOL-Number-Theory.Number-Theory

begin

Statement of the problem (from [1]): For which integers n > 1 does the set of positive integers less than and relatively prime to n constitute an arithmetic progression?

The solution of the above problem is theorem arith-prog-rel-primes-solution.

First, we will require some auxiliary material before we get started with the actual solution.

Auxiliary results 1.1

lemma even-and-odd-parts: fixes n::nat

assumes $\langle n \neq 0 \rangle$ shows $\langle \exists \ k \ q::nat. \ n = (2::nat) \ k \ast q \land odd \ q \rangle$ $\langle proof \rangle$ lemma only-one-odd-div-power2: fixes n::natassumes $\langle n \neq 0 \rangle$ and $\langle \bigwedge x. \ x \ dvd \ n \Longrightarrow odd \ x \Longrightarrow x = 1 \rangle$ shows $\langle \exists \ k. \ n = (2::nat) \ k \rangle$ $\langle proof \rangle$ lemma coprime-power2: fixes n::natassumes $\langle n \neq 0 \rangle$ and $\langle \bigwedge x. \ x < n \Longrightarrow (coprime \ x \ n \longleftrightarrow odd \ x) \rangle$ shows $\langle \exists \ k. \ n = (2::nat) \ k \rangle$ $\langle proof \rangle$

1.2 Main result

The solution to the problem ARITHMETIC PROGRESSIONS (Putnam exam problems 2002)

theorem arith-prog-rel-primes-solution:

fixes n :: natassumes $\langle n > 1 \rangle$ shows $\langle (prime \ n \lor (\exists k. \ n = 2\ k) \lor n = 6) \longleftrightarrow$ $(\exists a b m. m \neq 0 \land \{x \mid x. \ x < n \land coprime \ x \ n\} = \{a+j*b \mid j::nat. \ j < m\}) \land \langle proof \rangle$

 \mathbf{end}

References

[1] Problem "ARITHMETIC PROGRESSIONS", from Putnam exam problems 2002, https://www.ocf.berkeley.edu/ wwu/riddles/putnam.shtml.