

# Arithmetic progressions and relative primes

José Manuel Rodríguez Caballero

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## Abstract

This article provides a formalization of the solution obtained by the author of the Problem “ARITHMETIC PROGRESSIONS” from the Putnam exam problems [1] of 2002. The statement of the problem is as follows: For which integers  $n > 1$  does the set of positive integers less than and relatively prime to  $n$  constitute an arithmetic progression?

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## 1 Problem ARITHMETIC PROGRESSIONS (Putnam exam problems 2002)

```
theory Arith-Prog-Rel-Primes
imports
  Complex-Main
  HOL-Number-Theory.Number-Theory
begin
```

Statement of the problem (from [1]): For which integers  $n > 1$  does the set of positive integers less than and relatively prime to  $n$  constitute an arithmetic progression?

The solution of the above problem is theorem *arith-prog-rel-primes-solution*.

First, we will require some auxiliary material before we get started with the actual solution.

### 1.1 Auxiliary results

```
lemma even-and-odd-parts:
  fixes n::nat
```

```

assumes < $n \neq 0$ >
shows < $\exists k q:\text{nat}. n = (2:\text{nat})^{\wedge}k * q \wedge \text{odd } q$ >
proof-
  have < $\text{prime } (2:\text{nat})$ >
    by simp
  thus ?thesis
    using prime-power-canonical[where  $p = 2$  and  $m = n$ ]
      assms semiring-normalization-rules(7) by auto
qed

lemma only-one-odd-div-power2:
  fixes  $n:\text{nat}$ 
  assumes < $n \neq 0$  and  $\bigwedge x. x \text{ dvd } n \implies \text{odd } x \implies x = 1$ >
  shows < $\exists k. n = (2:\text{nat})^{\wedge}k$ >
  by (metis even-and-odd-parts assms(1) assms(2) dvd-triv-left semiring-normalization-rules(11)
    semiring-normalization-rules(7))

lemma coprime-power2:
  fixes  $n:\text{nat}$ 
  assumes < $n \neq 0$  and  $\bigwedge x. x < n \implies (\text{coprime } x n \longleftrightarrow \text{odd } x)$ >
  shows < $\exists k. n = (2:\text{nat})^{\wedge}k$ >
proof-
  have < $x \text{ dvd } n \implies \text{odd } x \implies x = 1$ >
    for  $x$ 
    by (metis neq0-cov One-nat-def Suc-1 Suc-lessI assms(1) assms(2) coprime-left-2-iff-odd
      dvd-refl linorder-neqE-nat nat-dvd-1-iff-1 nat-dvd-not-less not-coprimeI)
  thus ?thesis
    using assms(1) only-one-odd-div-power2
    by auto
qed

```

## 1.2 Main result

The solution to the problem ARITHMETIC PROGRESSIONS (Putnam exam problems 2002)

```

theorem arith-prog-rel-primes-solution:
  fixes  $n :: \text{nat}$ 
  assumes < $n > 1$ >
  shows < $(\text{prime } n \vee (\exists k. n = 2^{\wedge}k) \vee n = 6) \longleftrightarrow$ 
     $(\exists a b m. m \neq 0 \wedge \{x | x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x n\} = \{a + j * b | j :: \text{nat}. j < m\})$ >
proof-
  have < $(\text{prime } n \vee (\exists k. n = 2^{\wedge}k) \vee n = 6) \longleftrightarrow$ 
     $(\exists b m. m \neq 0 \wedge \{x | x :: \text{nat}. x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x n\} = \{1 + j * b | j :: \text{nat}. j < m\})$ >
  proof
    show  $\exists b m. m \neq 0 \wedge \{x | x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x n\} = \{1 + j * b | j. j < m\}$ 
      if prime  $n \vee (\exists k. n = 2^{\wedge}k) \vee n = 6$ 
    proof-
      have  $\exists b m. m \neq 0 \wedge \{x | x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x n\} = \{1 + j * b | j. j < m\}$ 
        if prime  $n$ 
    qed
  qed

```

```

proof-
  have  $\langle \exists m. m \neq 0 \wedge \{x \mid x :: nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1+j \mid j :: nat. j < m\} \rangle$ 
proof-
  have  $\langle \{x \mid x :: nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{x \mid x :: nat. x \neq 0 \wedge x < n\} \rangle$ 
proof
  show  $\{x \mid x < n \wedge coprime x n\} \subseteq \{x \mid x \neq 0 \wedge x < n\}$ 
  using prime-nat-iff'' that by fastforce
  show  $\{x \mid x \neq 0 \wedge x < n\} \subseteq \{x \mid x < n \wedge coprime x n\}$ 
  using coprime-commute prime-nat-iff'' that
  by fastforce
qed
obtain m where  $\langle m+1 = n \rangle$ 
  using add.commute assms less-imp-add-positive by blast
have  $\langle \{1+j \mid j :: nat. j < (m :: nat)\} = \{x \mid x :: nat. x \neq 0 \wedge x < m+1\} \rangle$ 
  by (metis Suc-eq-plus1 ⟨m + 1 = n⟩ gr0-implies-Suc le-simps(3)
less-nat-zero-code linorder-not-less nat.simps(3) nat-neq-iff plus-1-eq-Suc )
hence  $\langle \{x \mid x :: nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1+j \mid j :: nat. j < (m :: nat)\} \rangle$ 
  using ⟨{x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {x | x :: nat. x ≠ 0 ∧ x < n}⟩ ⟨m+1 = n⟩
  by auto
from ⟨n > 1⟩ have ⟨m ≠ 0⟩
  using ⟨m + 1 = n⟩ by linarith
have  $\langle \{x \mid x :: nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1+j \mid j :: nat. j < m\} \rangle$ 
  using Suc-eq-plus1 ⟨1 < n⟩ ⟨{x | x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1 + j | j. j < m}⟩
  by auto
hence  $\langle (\exists m. m \neq 0 \wedge \{x \mid x :: nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1+j \mid j :: nat. j < m\}) \rangle$ 
  using ⟨m ≠ 0⟩
  by blast
thus ?thesis by blast
qed
hence  $\langle \exists m. m \neq 0 \wedge \{x \mid x :: nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1+j*1 \mid j :: nat. j < m\} \rangle$ 
by auto
thus ?thesis
by blast
qed
moreover have  $\exists b m. m \neq 0 \wedge \{x \mid x :: nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\}$ 
  if  $\exists k. n = 2^k$ 
proof-
  obtain k where  $\langle n = 2^k \rangle$ 
  using ⟨ $\exists k. n = 2^k$ ⟩ by auto
have ⟨k ≠ 0⟩
  by (metis ⟨1 < n⟩ ⟨n = 2^k⟩ nat-less-le power.simps(1))
obtain t where ⟨Suc t = k⟩

```

```

by (metis `k ≠ 0` fib.cases)
have `n = 2^(Suc t)`
  by (simp add: `Suc t = k` `n = 2 ^ k`)
have `{x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1+j*2 | j::nat. j < 2^t}`
proof
  show `{x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} ⊆ {1 + j * 2 | j. j < 2^t}`
  proof
    fix x
    assume `x ∈ {x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n}`
    hence `x < n`
      by blast
    have `coprime x n`
      using `x ∈ {x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n}`
      by blast
    hence `coprime x (2^(Suc k))`
      by (simp add: `k ≠ 0` `n = 2 ^ k`)
    have `odd x`
      using `coprime x n` `k ≠ 0` `n = 2 ^ k`
      by auto
    then obtain j where `x = 1+j*2`
      by (metis add.commute add.left-commute left-add-twice mult-2-right
          oddE)
    have `x < 2^k`
      using `n = 2 ^ k` `x < n` `x = 1+j*2`
      by linarith
    hence `1+j*2 < 2^k`
      using `x = 1+j*2`
      by blast
    hence `j < 2^t`
      using `Suc t = k` by auto
    thus `x ∈ {1 + j * 2 | j. j < 2^t}`
      using `x = 1+j*2`
      by blast
  qed
  show `1 + j * 2 | j. j < 2 ^ t` ⊆ `x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n`
  proof
    fix x::nat
    assume `x ∈ {1 + j * 2 | j. j < 2 ^ t}`
    then obtain j where `x = 1 + j * 2` and `j < 2 ^ t`
      by blast
    have `x < 2*(2^t)`
      using `x = 1 + j * 2` `j < 2 ^ t`
      by linarith
    hence `x < n`
      by (simp add: `n = 2 ^ Suc t`)
    moreover have `coprime x n`
      by (metis (no-types) `thesis. (Λj. [| x = 1 + j * 2; j < 2 ^ t |] ==> thesis)` `n = 2 ^ k` coprime-Suc-left-nat coprime-mult-right-iff coprime-power-right-iff plus-1-eq-Suc)

```

```

ultimately show {x ∈ {x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n}}
  by blast
qed
qed
have ⟨(2::nat) ^ (t::nat) ≠ 0⟩
  by simp
obtain m where ⟨m = (2::nat) ^ t⟩ by blast
have ⟨m ≠ 0⟩
  using ⟨m = 2 ^ t⟩ ⟨{x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1+j*2 | j::nat. j < m}⟩
  using ⟨m = 2 ^ t⟩ ⟨{x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1 + j * 2 | j. j < 2 ^ t}⟩
    by auto
  from ⟨m ≠ 0⟩ ⟨{x | x. x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1+j*2 | j::nat. j < m}⟩
    show ?thesis by blast
qed
moreover have ∃ b m. m ≠ 0 ∧ {x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1 + j * b | j. j < m}
  if n = 6
proof-
  have ⟨{x | x. x < 6 ∧ coprime x 6} = {1+j*4 | j::nat. j < 2}⟩
proof-
  have ⟨{x | x::nat. x < 6 ∧ coprime x 6} = {1, 5}⟩
  proof
    show {u. ∃ x. u = (x::nat) ∧ x < 6 ∧ coprime x 6} ⊆ {1, 5}
    proof
      fix u::nat
      assume ⟨u ∈ {u. ∃ x. u = x ∧ x < 6 ∧ coprime x 6}⟩
      hence ⟨coprime u 6⟩
        by blast
      have ⟨u < 6⟩
        using ⟨u ∈ {u. ∃ x. u = x ∧ x < 6 ∧ coprime x 6}⟩
        by blast
      moreover have ⟨u ≠ 0⟩
        using ⟨coprime u 6⟩ ord-eq-0
        by fastforce
      moreover have ⟨u ≠ 2⟩
        using ⟨coprime u 6⟩
        by auto
      moreover have ⟨u ≠ 3⟩
      proof-
        have ⟨gcd (3::nat) 6 = 3⟩
          by auto
        thus ?thesis
        by (metis (no-types) ⟨coprime u 6⟩ ⟨gcd 3 6 = 3⟩ coprime-iff-gcd-eq-1

```

*numeral-eq-one-iff semiring-norm(86)*

```

qed
moreover have ‹u ≠ 4›
proof-
  have ‹gcd (4::nat) 6 = 2›
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) add-numeral-left gcd-add1 gcd-add2
gcd-nat.idem
      numeral-Bit0 numeral-One one-plus-numeral semiring-norm(4)
semiring-norm(5))
  thus ?thesis
    using ‹coprime u 6› coprime-iff-gcd-eq-1
    by auto
qed
ultimately have ‹u = 1 ∨ u = 5›
  by auto
thus ‹u ∈ {1, 5}›
  by blast
qed
show {1::nat, 5} ⊆ {x | x. x < 6 ∧ coprime x 6}
proof-
  have ‹(1::nat) ∈ {x | x. x < 6 ∧ coprime x 6}›
    by simp
  moreover have ‹(5::nat) ∈ {x | x. x < 6 ∧ coprime x 6}›
    by (metis Suc-numeral coprime-Suc-right-nat less-add-one mem-Collect-eq
      numeral-plus-one semiring-norm(5) semiring-norm(8))
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by blast
qed
qed
moreover have ‹{1+j*4| j::nat. j < 2} = {1, 5}›
  by auto
ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
moreover have ‹(2::nat) ≠ 0›
  by simp
ultimately have ‹∃ m. m ≠ 0 ∧ {x | x :: nat. x < 6 ∧ coprime x 6} =
{1+j*4| j::nat. j < m}›
  by blast
thus ?thesis
  using that
  by auto
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  using that
  by blast
qed
show prime n ∨ (¬ k. n = 2 ∨ k) ∨ n = 6
  if ∃ b m. m ≠ 0 ∧ {x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1 + j * b | j. j < m}
proof-
  obtain b m where ‹m ≠ 0› and ‹{x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1 + j * b | j. j < m}›
  by blast
  have ‹{x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1 + j * b | j. j < m}›
    by blast
  thus ?thesis
    by blast
qed

```

```

 $b \mid j. j < m \rangle$ 
  using  $\exists b. m \neq 0 \wedge \{x \mid x. x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \text{ } n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\}$ 
    by auto
  show ?thesis
  proof(cases  $n = 2$ )
    case True
    thus ?thesis
      by auto
  next
    case False
    have  $\langle b \leq 4 \rangle$ 
    proof(cases  $\text{odd } b$ )
      case True
      show ?thesis
      proof(rule classical)
        assume  $\neg(b \leq 4)$ 
        hence  $\langle b > 4 \rangle$ 
          using le-less-linear
          by blast
        obtain m where  $\langle m \neq 0 \rangle$ 
          and  $\langle \{x \mid x :: \text{nat}. x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \text{ } n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j :: \text{nat}. j < m\} \rangle$ 
          using  $\langle m \neq 0 \rangle$   $\langle \{x \mid x. x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \text{ } n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\} \rangle$ 
          by blast
        have  $\langle b \neq 0 \rangle$ 
          using  $\langle 4 < b \rangle$ 
          by linarith
        have  $\langle n = 2 + (m-1)*b \rangle$ 
        proof-
          have  $\langle n-1 \in \{x \mid x :: \text{nat}. x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \text{ } n\} \rangle$ 
            using  $\langle 1 < n \rangle$  coprime-diff-one-left-nat
            by auto
          have  $\langle n-1 \in \{1 + j * b \mid j :: \text{nat}. j < m\} \rangle$ 
            using  $\langle n - 1 \in \{x \mid x. x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \text{ } n\} \rangle$ 
               $\langle \{x \mid x. x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \text{ } n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\} \rangle$ 
            by blast
          then obtain i::nat where  $\langle n-1 = 1 + i * b \rangle$  and  $\langle i < m \rangle$ 
            by blast
          have  $\langle i \leq m-1 \rangle$ 
            using  $\langle i < m \rangle$ 
            by linarith
          have  $\langle 1 + (m-1)*b \in \{1 + j * b \mid j :: \text{nat}. j < m\} \rangle$ 
            using  $\langle m \neq 0 \rangle$ 
            by auto
          hence  $\langle 1 + (m-1)*b \in \{x \mid x :: \text{nat}. x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \text{ } n\} \rangle$ 
            using  $\langle \{x \mid x. x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \text{ } n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\} \rangle$ 
            by blast
          hence  $\langle 1 + (m-1)*b < n \rangle$ 
            by blast

```

```

hence ‹ $1 + (m - 1)*b \leq n - 1$ ›
  by linarith
hence ‹ $1 + (m - 1)*b \leq 1 + i * b$ ›
  using ‹ $n - 1 = 1 + i * b$ ›
  by linarith
hence ‹ $(m - 1)*b \leq i * b$ ›
  by linarith
hence ‹ $m - 1 \leq i$ ›
  using ‹ $b \neq 0$ ›
  by auto
hence ‹ $m - 1 = i$ ›
  using ‹ $i \leq m - 1$ › le-antisym
  by blast
thus ?thesis
  using ‹ $m \neq 0$ › ‹ $n - 1 = 1 + i * b$ ›
  by auto
qed
have ‹ $m \geq 2$ ›
  using ‹ $n = 2 + (m - 1)*b$ › ‹ $n \neq 2$ ›
  by auto
hence ‹ $1 + b \in \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\}$ ›
  by fastforce
hence ‹ $1 + b \in \{x \mid x :: nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\}$ ›
  using ‹ $\{x \mid x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\}$ ›
  by blast
hence ‹ $coprime (1 + b) n$ ›
  by blast
have ‹ $(2 :: nat) dvd (1 + b)$ ›
  using ‹ $odd b$ ›
  by simp
hence ‹ $coprime (2 :: nat) n$ ›
using ‹ $coprime (1 + b) n$ › coprime-common-divisor coprime-left-2-iff-odd
odd-one
  by blast
have ‹ $(2 :: nat) < n$ ›
  using ‹ $1 < n$ › ‹ $n \neq 2$ ›
  by linarith
have ‹ $2 \in \{x \mid x :: nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\}$ ›
  using ‹ $2 < n$ › ‹ $coprime 2 n$ ›
  by blast
hence ‹ $2 \in \{1 + j * b \mid j :: nat. j < m\}$ ›
  using ‹ $\{x \mid x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\}$ ›
  by blast
then obtain  $j :: nat$  where ‹ $2 = 1 + j * b$ ›
  by blast
have ‹ $1 = j * b$ ›
  using ‹ $2 = 1 + j * b$ ›
  by linarith
thus ?thesis

```

```

    by simp
qed
next
case False
hence <even b>
  by simp
show ?thesis
proof(rule classical)
  assume < $\neg(b \leq 4)$ >
  hence < $b > 4$ >
    using le-less-linear
    by blast
  obtain m where < $m \neq 0$ >
    and < $\{x \mid x::nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1+j*b \mid j::nat. j < m\}$ >
    using < $m \neq 0$ > < $\{x \mid x. x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\}$ >
    by blast
  have < $b \neq 0$ >
    using < $4 < b$ >
    by linarith
  have < $n = 2 + (m-1)*b$ >
  proof-
    have < $n-1 \in \{x \mid x::nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\}$ >
      using < $1 < n$ > coprime-diff-one-left-nat
      by auto
    have < $n-1 \in \{1+j*b \mid j::nat. j < m\}$ >
      using < $n - 1 \in \{x \mid x. x < n \wedge coprime x n\}$ >
      < $\{x \mid x. x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\}$ >
      by blast
    then obtain i::nat where < $n-1 = 1+i*b$ > and < $i < m$ >
      by blast
    have < $i \leq m-1$ >
      using < $i < m$ >
      by linarith
    have < $1 + (m-1)*b \in \{1+j*b \mid j::nat. j < m\}$ >
      using < $m \neq 0$ >
      by auto
    hence < $1 + (m-1)*b \in \{x \mid x :: nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\}$ >
      using < $\{x \mid x. x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\}$ >
      by blast
    hence < $1 + (m-1)*b < n$ >
      by blast
    hence < $1 + (m-1)*b \leq n-1$ >
      by linarith
    hence < $1 + (m-1)*b \leq 1+i*b$ >
      using < $n - 1 = 1 + i * b$ >
      by linarith
    hence < $(m-1)*b \leq i*b$ >
      by linarith
    hence < $m-1 \leq i$ >
      by linarith
  qed
qed

```

```

using  $b \neq 0$ 
by auto
hence  $m-1 = i$ 
using  $i \leq m - 1$  le-antisym
by blast
thus ?thesis
using  $m \neq 0 \wedge n - 1 = 1 + i * b$ 
by auto
qed
obtain k :: nat where  $b = 2*k$ 
using even b
by blast
have  $n = 2*(1 + (m-1)*k)$ 
using  $n = 2 + (m-1)*b \wedge b = 2*k$ 
by simp
show ?thesis
proof (cases odd m)
case True
hence odd m by blast
then obtain t::nat where  $m-1 = 2*t$ 
by (metis odd-two-times-div-two-nat)
have  $n = 2*(1 + b*t)$ 
using  $m - 1 = 2 * t \wedge n = 2 + (m - 1) * b$ 
by auto
have  $t < m$ 
using  $m - 1 = 2 * t \wedge m \neq 0$ 
by linarith
have  $1 + b*t \in \{1+j*b \mid j::nat. j < m\}$ 
using  $t < m$ 
by auto
hence  $1 + b*t \in \{x \mid x::nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\}$ 
using  $\{x \mid x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\}$ 
by blast
hence coprime (1 + b*t) n
by auto
thus ?thesis
by (metis (no-types, lifting) b = 2 * k n = 2 * (1 + (m - 1) * k) n = 2 * (1 + b * t) n = 2 + (m - 1) * b n ≠ 2 add-cancel-right-right coprime-mult-right-iff coprime-self mult-cancel-left mult-is-0 nat-dvd-1-iff-1)
next
case False
thus ?thesis
proof(cases odd k)
case True
hence odd k
by blast
have even (1 + (m - 1) * k)
by (simp add: False True m ≠ 0)
have coprime (2 + (m - 1) * k) (1 + (m - 1) * k)

```

```

    by simp
  have <coprime (2 + (m - 1) * k) n>
    using <coprime (2 + (m - 1) * k) (1 + (m - 1) * k)> <even (1 +
(m - 1) * k)>
      <n = 2 * (1 + (m - 1) * k)> coprime-common-divisor
coprime-mult-right-iff
  coprime-right-2-iff-odd odd-one
  by blast
  have <2 + (m - 1) * k < n>
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) <even (1 + (m - 1) * k)> <n = 2 * (1
+ (m - 1) * k)>
      add-gr-0 add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) dvd-add-left-iff
dvd-add-triv-left-iff dvd-imp-le le-add2 le-neq-implies-less less-numeral-extra(1) mult-2
odd-one)
  have <2 + (m - 1) * k ∈ {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n}>
    using <2 + (m - 1) * k < n> <coprime (2 + (m - 1) * k) n>
    by blast
  hence <2 + (m - 1) * k ∈ {1 + j * b | j. j < m}>
    using <{x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1 + j * b | j. j < m}>
    by blast
  then obtain j::nat where <2 + (m - 1) * k = 1 + j * b> and <j
< m>
    by blast
  have <1 + (m - 1) * k = j * b>
    using <2 + (m - 1) * k = 1 + j * b>
    by simp
  hence <1 + (m - 1) * k = j * (2*k)>
    using <b = 2 * k> by blast
  thus ?thesis
    by (metis <b = 2 * k> <even b> <n = 2 * (1 + (m - 1) * k)> <n = 2
+ (m - 1) * b> dvd-add-times-triv-right-iff dvd-antisym dvd-imp-le dvd-triv-right
even-numeral mult-2 zero-less-numeral)
  next
    case False
    hence <even k> by auto
    have <odd (1 + (m - 1) * k)>
      by (simp add: <even k>)
    hence <coprime (3 + (m - 1) * k) (1 + (m - 1) * k)>
      by (smt (verit) add-numeral-left coprime-common-divisor co-
prime-right-2-iff-odd dvd-add-left-iff not-coprimeE numeral-Bit1 numeral-One nu-
meral-plus-one one-add-one)
    hence <coprime (3 + (m - 1) * k) n>
      by (metis <even k> <n = 2 * (1 + (m - 1) * k)> coprime-mult-right-iff
coprime-right-2-iff-odd even-add even-mult-iff odd-numeral)
    have <3 + (m - 1) * k < n>
      by (smt (verit) Groups.add-ac(2) <even k> <n = 2 * (1 + (m -
1) * k)> <n = 2 + (m - 1) * b> <n ≠ 2> add-Suc-right add-cancel-right-right
add-mono-thms-linordered-semiring(1) dvd-imp-le even-add even-mult-iff le-add2
le-neq-implies-less left-add-twice mult-2 neq0-conv numeral-Bit1 numeral-One odd-numeral

```

*one-add-one plus-1-eq-Suc*)

```

have ‹ $\beta + (m - 1) * k \in \{x \mid x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \text{ } n\}$ ›
  using ‹ $\beta + (m - 1) * k < n \wedge \text{coprime } (\beta + (m - 1) * k) \text{ } n$ ›
  by blast
hence ‹ $\beta + (m - 1) * k \in \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\}$ ›
  using ‹ $\{x \mid x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \text{ } n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\}$ ›
  by blast
then obtain  $j::nat$  where ‹ $\beta + (m - 1) * k = 1 + j * b$ ›
  by blast
have ‹ $2 + (m - 1) * k = j * b$ ›
  using ‹ $\beta + (m - 1) * k = 1 + j * b$ ›
  by simp
hence ‹ $2 + (m - 1) * k = j * 2 * k$ ›
  by (simp add: ‹ $b = 2 * k$ ›)
thus ?thesis
  by (metis ‹ $4 < b$ › ‹ $b = 2 * k$ › ‹even k› dvd-add-times-triv-right-iff
dvd-antisym
  dvd-triv-right mult-2 nat-neq-iff numeral-Bit0)
qed
qed
qed
qed
moreover have ‹ $b \neq \beta$ ›
proof (rule classical)
assume ‹ $\neg (b \neq \beta)$ ›
hence ‹ $b = \beta$ ›
  by blast
obtain  $m$  where ‹ $m \neq 0$ › and
  ‹ $\{x \mid x::nat. x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \text{ } n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j::nat. j < m\}$ ›
  using ‹ $m \neq 0$ › ‹ $\{x \mid x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \text{ } n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\}$ ›
  by blast
have ‹ $b \neq 0$ ›
  by (simp add: ‹ $b = \beta$ ›)
have ‹ $n = 2 + (m - 1) * b$ ›
proof-
  have ‹ $n - 1 \in \{x \mid x::nat. x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \text{ } n\}$ ›
  using ‹ $1 < n \wedge \text{coprime-diff-one-left-nat}$ ›
  by auto
  have ‹ $n - 1 \in \{1 + j * b \mid j::nat. j < m\}$ ›
  using ‹ $n - 1 \in \{x \mid x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \text{ } n\}$ ›
  ‹ $\{x \mid x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \text{ } n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\}$ ›
  by blast
then obtain  $i::nat$  where ‹ $n - 1 = 1 + i * b$ › and ‹ $i < m$ ›
  by blast
have ‹ $i \leq m - 1$ ›
  using ‹ $i < m$ ›
  by linarith
have ‹ $1 + (m - 1) * b \in \{1 + j * b \mid j::nat. j < m\}$ ›
  using ‹ $m \neq 0$ ›

```

```

by auto
hence  $\langle 1 + (m-1)*b \in \{x \mid x :: nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\} \rangle$ 
  using  $\langle \{x \mid x. x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\} \rangle$ 
  by blast
hence  $\langle 1 + (m-1)*b < n \rangle$ 
  by blast
hence  $\langle 1 + (m-1)*b \leq n-1 \rangle$ 
  by linarith
hence  $\langle 1 + (m-1)*b \leq 1+i*b \rangle$ 
  using  $\langle n - 1 = 1 + i * b \rangle$ 
  by linarith
hence  $\langle (m-1)*b \leq i*b \rangle$ 
  by linarith
hence  $\langle m-1 \leq i \rangle$ 
  using  $\langle b \neq 0 \rangle$ 
  by auto
hence  $\langle m-1 = i \rangle$ 
  using  $\langle i \leq m - 1 \rangle$  le-antisym
  by blast
thus ?thesis
  using  $\langle m \neq 0 \rangle \langle n - 1 = 1 + i * b \rangle$ 
  by auto
qed
have  $\langle n > 2 \rangle$ 
  using  $\langle 1 < n \rangle \langle n \neq 2 \rangle$ 
  by linarith
hence  $\langle m \geq 2 \rangle$  using  $\langle n = 2 + (m-1)*b \rangle \langle b = 3 \rangle$ 
  by simp
have  $\langle 4 \in \{1+j*(b::nat) \mid j::nat. j < m\} \rangle$ 
  using  $\langle 2 \leq m \rangle \langle b = 3 \rangle$ 
  by force
hence  $\langle (4::nat) \in \{x \mid x :: nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\} \rangle$ 
  using  $\langle \{x \mid x. x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\} \rangle$ 
  by auto
hence  $\langle coprime (4::nat) n \rangle$ 
  by blast
have  $\langle (2::nat) dvd 4 \rangle$ 
  by auto
hence  $\langle coprime (2::nat) n \rangle$ 
  using  $\langle coprime (4::nat) n \rangle$  coprime-divisors dvd-refl
  by blast
have  $\langle 4 < n \rangle$ 
  using  $\langle 4 \in \{x \mid x. x < n \wedge coprime x n\} \rangle$ 
  by blast
have  $\langle 2 < (4::nat) \rangle$ 
  by auto
have  $\langle 2 < n \rangle$ 
  by (simp add:  $\langle 2 < n \rangle$ )
hence  $\langle 2 \in \{x \mid x :: nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\} \rangle$ 

```

```

using `coprime (2::nat) n>
by blast
hence `2 ∈ {1+j*(b::nat)| j::nat. j < m}>
  using `{x |x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1 + j * b |j. j < m}>
    by blast
then obtain j::nat where `2 = 1+j*3
  using `b = 3>
  by blast
from `2 = 1+j*3>
have `1 = j*3>
  by auto
hence `3 dvd 1>
  by auto
thus ?thesis
  using nat-dvd-1-iff-1 numeral-eq-one-iff
  by blast
qed
ultimately have `b = 0 ∨ b = 1 ∨ b = 2 ∨ b = 4>
  by auto
moreover have `b = 0 ==> ∃ k. n = 2^k>
proof-
  assume `b = 0>
  have `{1 + j * b |j. j < m} = {1}>
    using `b = 0> `m ≠ 0>
    by auto
  hence `{x |x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1}>
    using `{x |x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1 + j * b |j. j < m}>
    by blast
  hence `n = 2>
  proof-
    have `n-1 ∈ {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n}>
      using `1 < n> coprime-diff-one-left-nat
      by auto
    have `n-1 ∈ {1}>
      using `n - 1 ∈ {x |x. x < n ∧ coprime x n}> `{x |x. x < n ∧ coprime
x n} = {1}>
      by blast
    hence `n-1 = 1>
      by blast
    hence `n = 2>
      by simp
    thus ?thesis
      by blast
  qed
  hence `n = 2^1>
    by auto
  thus ?thesis
    by blast
qed

```

moreover have  $\langle b = 1 \implies \text{prime } n \rangle$   
**proof** –

**assume**  $\langle b = 1 \rangle$

**have**  $\langle x < n \implies x \neq 0 \implies \text{coprime } x \ n \rangle$

**for**  $x$

**proof** –

**assume**  $\langle x < n \rangle$  **and**  $\langle x \neq 0 \rangle$

**have**  $\langle \{1+j \mid j :: \text{nat}. \ j < m\} = \{x \mid x :: \text{nat}. \ x < m+1 \wedge x \neq 0\} \rangle$

**by** (metis (full-types) Suc-eq-plus1 add-mono1 less-Suc-eq-0-disj

      nat.simps(3) plus-1-eq-Suc )

**hence**  $\langle \{x \mid x :: \text{nat}. \ x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \ n\} = \{x \mid x :: \text{nat}. \ x < m+1 \wedge x \neq 0\} \rangle$

**using**  $\langle b = 1 \rangle$   $\langle \{x \mid x. \ x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \ n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. \ j < m\} \rangle$

**by** auto

**have**  $\langle \text{coprime } (n-1) \ n \rangle$

**using**  $\langle 1 < n \rangle$  coprime-diff-one-left-nat

**by** auto

**have**  $\langle n-1 < n \rangle$

**using**  $\langle 1 < n \rangle$

**by** auto

**have**  $\langle n-1 \in \{x \mid x. \ x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \ n\} \rangle$

**using**  $\langle \text{coprime } (n - 1) \ n \rangle$   $\langle n - 1 < n \rangle$

**by** blast

**have**  $\langle n-1 \leq m \rangle$

**by** (metis (no-types, lifting) CollectD Suc-eq-plus1 Suc-less-eq2  $\langle n - 1 \in \{x \mid x. \ x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \ n\} \rangle$   $\langle \{x \mid x. \ x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \ n\} = \{x \mid x. \ x < m + 1 \wedge x \neq 0\} \rangle$  leD le-less-linear not-less-eq-eq )

**have**  $\langle m \in \{x \mid x :: \text{nat}. \ x < m+1 \wedge x \neq 0\} \rangle$

**using**  $\langle m \neq 0 \rangle$

**by** auto

**have**  $\langle m \in \{x \mid x. \ x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \ n\} \rangle$

**using**  $\langle m \in \{x \mid x. \ x < m + 1 \wedge x \neq 0\} \rangle$

$\langle \{x \mid x. \ x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \ n\} = \{x \mid x. \ x < m + 1 \wedge x \neq 0\} \rangle$

**by** blast

**have**  $\langle m < n \rangle$

**using**  $\langle m \in \{x \mid x. \ x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \ n\} \rangle$

**by** blast

**have**  $\langle m+1 = n \rangle$

**using**  $\langle m < n \rangle$   $\langle n - 1 \leq m \rangle$

**by** linarith

**have**  $\langle x \in \{x \mid x :: \text{nat}. \ x < m+1 \wedge x \neq 0\} \rangle$

**using**  $\langle m + 1 = n \rangle$   $\langle x < n \rangle$   $\langle x \neq 0 \rangle$

**by** blast

**hence**  $\langle x \in \{x \mid x. \ x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \ n\} \rangle$

**using**  $\langle \{x \mid x. \ x < n \wedge \text{coprime } x \ n\} = \{x \mid x. \ x < m + 1 \wedge x \neq 0\} \rangle$

**by** blast

**thus** ?thesis

**by** blast

qed

```

thus ?thesis
  using assms coprime-commute nat-neq-iff prime-nat-iff'' by auto
qed
moreover have ‹b = 2 ⟹ ∃ k. n = 2^k›
proof-
  assume ‹b = 2›
  have ‹{x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1+j*2| j::nat. j < m}›
    using ‹b = 2› ‹{x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1 + j * b |j. j < m}›
    by auto
  have ‹x < n ⟹ coprime x n ⟷ odd x›
    for x::nat
  proof-
    assume ‹x < n›
    have ‹coprime x n ⟹ odd x›
    proof-
      assume ‹coprime x n›
      have ‹x ∈ {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n}›
        by (simp add: ‹coprime x n› ‹x < n›)
      hence ‹x ∈ {1+j*2| j::nat. j < m}›
        using ‹{x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1 + j * 2 |j. j < m}›
        by blast
      then obtain j where ‹x = 1+j*2›
        by blast
      thus ?thesis
        by simp
    qed
    moreover have ‹odd x ⟹ coprime x n›
    proof-
      assume ‹odd x›
      obtain j::nat where ‹x = 1+j*2›
        by (metis ‹odd x› add.commute mult-2-right odd-two-times-div-two-succ
one-add-one semiring-normalization-rules(16))
      have ‹j < (n-1)/2›
        using ‹x < n› ‹x = 1 + j * 2›
        by linarith
      have ‹n = 2*m›
      proof-
        have ‹(2::nat) ≠ 0›
        by auto
        have ‹n = 2+(m-1)*2›
        proof-
          have ‹n-1 ∈ {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n}›
            using ‹1 < n› coprime-diff-one-left-nat
            by auto
          have ‹n-1 ∈ {1+j*b| j::nat. j < m}›
            using ‹n - 1 ∈ {x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1 + j * b |j. j < m}›
            by blast
          then obtain i::nat where ‹n-1 = 1+i*b› and ‹i < m›
        qed
      qed
    qed
  qed

```

```

by blast
have  $i \leq m-1$ 
  using  $i < m$ 
  by linarith
have  $1 + (m-1)*b \in \{1+j*b \mid j::nat. j < m\}$ 
  using  $m \neq 0$  by auto
hence  $1 + (m-1)*b \in \{x \mid x :: nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\}$ 
  using  $\{x \mid x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\}$ 
  by blast
hence  $1 + (m-1)*b < n$ 
  by blast
hence  $1 + (m-1)*b \leq n-1$ 
  by linarith
hence  $1 + (m-1)*b \leq 1+i*b$ 
  using  $n - 1 = 1 + i * b$ 
  by linarith
hence  $(m-1)*b \leq i*b$ 
  by linarith
hence  $m-1 \leq i$ 
proof-
  have  $b \neq 0$ 
    using  $b = 2$ 
    by simp
  thus ?thesis
    using  $(m - 1) * b \leq i * b$  mult-le-cancel2
    by blast
qed
hence  $m-1 = i$ 
  using  $i \leq m - 1$  le-antisym
  by blast
thus ?thesis
  using  $m \neq 0$   $n - 1 = 1 + i * b$ 
  by (simp add:  $b = 2$ )
qed
thus ?thesis
  by (simp add:  $m \neq 0$   $n = 2 + (m - 1) * 2$  mult.commute
mult-eq-if)
qed
hence  $j < m$ 
  using  $x < n$   $x = 1 + j * 2$ 
  by linarith
hence  $x \in \{1+j*2 \mid j::nat. j < m\}$ 
  using  $x = 1 + j * 2$ 
  by blast
hence  $x \in \{x \mid x :: nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\}$ 
  using  $\{x \mid x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1 + j * 2 \mid j. j < m\}$ 
  by blast
thus ?thesis
  by blast

```

```

qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  by blast
qed
thus ?thesis
  using coprime-power2 assms
  by auto
qed
moreover have ‹b = 4 ⟹ n = 6›
proof-
  assume ‹b = 4›
  have ‹n = 2 ∨ n = 6›
  proof(rule classical)
    assume ‹¬(n = 2 ∨ n = 6)›
    have ‹(4::nat) ≠ 0›
      by auto
    have ‹n = 2 + (m - 1)*4›
  proof-
    have ‹n - 1 ∈ {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n}›
      using ‹1 < n› coprime-diff-one-left-nat
      by auto
    have ‹n - 1 ∈ {1 + j * b | j :: nat. j < m}›
      using ‹n - 1 ∈ {x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n}›
      ‹{x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1 + j * b | j. j < m}›
      by blast
    then obtain i :: nat where ‹n - 1 = 1 + i * b› and ‹i < m›
      by blast
    have ‹i ≤ m - 1›
      using ‹i < m›
      by linarith
    have ‹1 + (m - 1)*b ∈ {1 + j * b | j :: nat. j < m}›
      using ‹m ≠ 0›
      by auto
    hence ‹1 + (m - 1)*b ∈ {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n}›
      using ‹{x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1 + j * b | j. j < m}›
      by blast
    hence ‹1 + (m - 1)*b < n›
      by blast
    hence ‹1 + (m - 1)*b ≤ n - 1›
      by linarith
    hence ‹1 + (m - 1)*b ≤ 1 + i * b›
      using ‹n - 1 = 1 + i * b›
      by linarith
    hence ‹(m - 1)*b ≤ i * b›
      by linarith
    hence ‹m - 1 ≤ i›
  proof-
    have ‹b ≠ 0›
      using ‹b = 4› by auto

```

```

thus ?thesis
  using \ $(m - 1) * b \leq i * b$  mult-le-cancel2
  by blast
qed
hence  $m - 1 = i$ 
  using  $i \leq m - 1$  le-antisym
  by blast
thus ?thesis
  using  $m \neq 0$   $n - 1 = 1 + i * b$ 
  by (simp add:  $b = 4$ )
qed
hence  $n = 4 * m - 2$ 
  by (simp add:  $m \neq 0$  mult.commute mult-eq-if)
have  $m \geq 3$ 
  using  $\neg (n = 2 \vee n = 6)$   $n = 2 + (m - 1) * 4$ 
  by auto
hence  $\{1 + j * 4 \mid j :: nat. j < 3\} \subseteq \{1 + j * 4 \mid j :: nat. j < m\}$ 
  by force
hence  $9 \in \{1 + j * 4 \mid j :: nat. j < 3\}$ 
  by force
hence  $9 \in \{1 + j * 4 \mid j :: nat. j < m\}$ 
  using  $\{1 + j * 4 \mid j :: nat. j < 3\} \subseteq \{1 + j * 4 \mid j :: nat. j < m\}$ 
  by blast
hence  $9 \in \{x \mid x :: nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\}$ 
  using  $b = 4$   $\{x \mid x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\}$ 
  by auto
hence  $coprime(9 :: nat) n$ 
  by blast
have  $(3 :: nat) dvd 9$ 
  by auto
have  $coprime(3 :: nat) n$  using  $coprime(9 :: nat) n$   $(3 :: nat) dvd 9$ 
  by (metis coprime-commute coprime-mult-right-iff dvd-def)
have  $(3 :: nat) < n$ 
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-lessI  $\neg (n = 2 \vee n = 6)$  coprime
3 n>
  coprime-self numeral-2-eq-2 numeral-3-eq-3 less-numeral-extra(1)
  nat-dvd-not-less)
have  $3 \in \{x \mid x :: nat. x < n \wedge coprime x n\}$ 
  using  $3 < n$  coprime 3 n>
  by blast
hence  $(3 :: nat) \in \{1 + j * 4 \mid j :: nat. j < m\}$ 
  using  $b = 4$   $\{x \mid x < n \wedge coprime x n\} = \{1 + j * b \mid j. j < m\}$ 
  by blast
then obtain  $j :: nat$  where  $(3 :: nat) = 1 + j * 4$ 
  by blast
have  $2 = j * 4$ 
  using numeral-3-eq-3  $(3 :: nat) = 1 + j * 4$ 
  by linarith
hence  $1 = j * 2$ 

```

```

    by linarith
  hence ⟨even 1⟩
    by simp
  thus ?thesis
    using odd-one
    by blast
  qed
  thus ?thesis
    by (simp add: False)
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by blast
  qed
  qed
  qed
  moreover have ⟨(∃ b m. m ≠ 0 ∧ {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1+j*b| j::nat. j < m}) ⟩
    ⟷ ⟨(∃ a b m. m ≠ 0 ∧ {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {a+j*b| j::nat. j < m})⟩
  proof
    show ∃ a b m. m ≠ 0 ∧ {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {a + j * b | j. j < m}
      if ∃ b m. m ≠ 0 ∧ {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1 + j * b | j. j < m}
        using that
        by blast
    show ∃ b m. m ≠ 0 ∧ {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {1 + j * b | j. j < m}
      if ∃ a b m. m ≠ 0 ∧ {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {a + j * b | j. j < m}
    proof-
      obtain a b m::nat where ⟨m ≠ 0⟩
        and ⟨{x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {a+j*b| j::nat. j < m}⟩
        using ⟨∃ a b m. m ≠ 0 ∧ {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {a + j * b | j. j < m}⟩
      by auto
      have ⟨a = 1⟩
      proof-
        have ⟨{x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {(a::nat)+j*(b::nat)| j::nat. j < m} ⟩
          ⟹ a = 1
        proof-
          have ⟨Min {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = Min {a+j*b| j::nat. j < m}⟩
            using ⟨{x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {a + j * b | j. j < m}⟩
            by auto
          have ⟨Min {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = 1⟩
          proof-
            have ⟨finite {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n}⟩
              by auto
            have ⟨{x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} ≠ {}⟩
              using ⟨1 < n⟩ by auto
            have ⟨1 ∈ {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n}⟩
              using ⟨1 < n⟩

```

```

by auto
have ‹∀ x. coprime x n ⟶ x ≥ 1›
  using ‹1 < n› le-less-linear
  by fastforce
hence ‹∀ x. x < n ∧ coprime x n ⟶ x ≥ 1›
  by blast
hence ‹∀ x ∈ {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n}. x ≥ 1›
  by blast
hence ‹Min {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} ≥ 1›
  using ‹finite {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n}› ‹{x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} ≠ {}›
  by auto
thus ?thesis
  using Min-le ‹1 ∈ {x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n}› ‹finite {x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n}›
  antisym by blast
qed
have ‹Min {a+j*b| j::nat. j < m} = a›
proof -
  have f1: ‹∃ n. a = a + n * b ∧ n < m›
    using ‹m ≠ 0›
    by auto
  have f2: ‹∃ n. 1 = a + n * b ∧ n < m›
    using ‹{x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {a + j * b | j. j < m}› assms
      coprime-1-left
    by blast
  have f3: ‹∃ na. a = na ∧ na < n ∧ coprime na n›
    using f1 ‹{x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {a + j * b | j. j < m}› by
      blast
  have n ≠ 1
    by (metis (lifting) assms less-irrefl-nat)
  then have ¬ coprime 0 n
    by simp
  then show ?thesis
    using f3 f2 by (metis ‹Min {x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = 1› ‹{x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {a + j * b | j. j < m}› less-one linorder-neqE-nat
      not-add-less1)
  qed
  hence ‹Min {a+j*b| j::nat. j < m} = a› by blast
  thus ?thesis
    using ‹Min {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = 1› ‹Min {x | x :: nat. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = Min {a+j*b| j::nat. j < m}›
    by linarith
  qed
  thus ?thesis
    using ‹{x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {a + j * b | j. j < m}›
    by blast
qed
thus ?thesis using ‹m ≠ 0› ‹{x | x. x < n ∧ coprime x n} = {a+j*b| j::nat. j < m}›

```

```
j < m}›  
  by auto  
qed  
qed  
ultimately show ?thesis  
  by simp  
qed  
end
```

## References

- [1] Problem “ARITHMETIC PROGRESSIONS”, from Putnam exam problems 2002, <https://www.ocf.berkeley.edu/~wwu/riddles/putnam.shtml>.